## MID-PENINSULA WATER DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

PREPARED BY THE ADMINISTRATION AND INFORMATION SERVICES

## MID-PENINSULA WATER DISTRICT

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

#### **Table of Contents**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Net Assets	10
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets	12
Statements of Cash Flows	13
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	15

ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION 3478 Buskirk Ave. - Suite 215 Pleasant Hill, California 94523 (925) 930-0902 • FAX (925) 930-0135 maze@mazeassociates.com www.mazeassociates.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Mid-Peninsula Water District Belmont, California

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Mid-Peninsula Water District as of and for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of the Mid-Peninsula Water District as of June 30, 2011 and 2010 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures to this information, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of this information. However, we did not audit the information and we express no opinion on it.

Mare & Associates

August 29, 2011

#### MID-PENINSULA WATER DISTRICT

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

The Mid-Peninsula Water District's (the District's) management's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the District's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the District's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), and (d) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

This Management's Discussion and Analysis is new, and will now be presented at the front of each year's financial statements.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current years activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- > The District's net assets increased by \$303,397 (or 1.7%) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Since the District engages only in the business of providing for the potable water needs of the area within its boundaries, the increase is all in the category of business-type net assets.
- The District's operating revenues increased by \$758,360 (or 11.36%) from \$6,674,003 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 to \$7,432,363 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The increase in operating revenues was primarily due to an increase in the District's customer usage. Non operating revenues decreased by \$37,429 during the year.
- The District's total operating expenses increased by \$504,164 (or 7.22%) from \$6,983,503 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 to \$7,486,667 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Increases in total operating expenses comprised of normal water purchase increases, insurance premiums increases, wages and benefits increases.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The following graphic format outline of the District's annual report is provided for your review:

#### MD&A

~ Management's Discussion and Analysis ~

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

- ~ Statement of Net Assets ~
- ~ Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets ~
- ~ Notes to Financial Statements ~
- ~Statement of Cash Flows~

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The District consists of exclusively one Enterprise fund. Enterprise funds utilize the full accrual basis of accounting. The Enterprise method of accounting is similar to accounting utilized by the private sector accounting.

<u>Statements of Net Assets:</u> The focus of the Statements of Net Assets (the "<u>Unrestricted</u> Net Assets") is designed to represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, for the entire District. Net Assets (formerly equity) are reported in three broad categories:

- Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt: This component of Net Assets consists of all Capital Assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net Assets: This component of Net Assets consists of restricted assets; when constraints are placed on the asset by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.
- ➤ <u>Unrestricted Net Assets</u>: Consists of Net Assets that do not meet the definition of "Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt", or "Restricted Net Assets".

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets: (similar to an Income Statement.) The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets includes

Operating Revenues (water sales and other user charges), Operating Expenses (source of supply, pumping, transmission and distribution, customer accounts, administrative and general, and depreciation), and Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses (rental income, state augmentation, investment income, construction income, and interest expense).

The focus of the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets is the "Change in Net Assets", which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Statements of Cash Flows: This statement discloses net cash provided by, or used for, operating activities, non-capital financing and investing activities, and from capital and related financing activities.

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets compared to prior year. The District is engaged only in Business-Type Activities.

TABLE 1
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

	2011	2010	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Assets:				12.000/
Current Assets	\$3,830,461	\$3,390,373	\$440,088	12.98%
Capital Assets	14,707,063	14,746,206	(39,143)	(0.27%)
Total Assets	18,537,524	18,136,579	400,945	2.21%
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities	457,923	515,286	(57,363)	(11.13%)
Long-Term Liabilities	398,243	243,332	154,911_	63.66%
Total Liabilities	856,166	758,618	97,548	12.86%
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt	14,707,063	14,627,894	79,169	0.54%
Unrestricted	2,974,295	2,750,067	224,228	8.15%
Total Net Assets	\$17,681,358	\$17,377,961	\$303,397	1.75%

## Major Factors Affecting the Statement of Net Assets

- > Current assets increased by 12.98% due to water sales.
- > Capital assets decreased by 0.27% primarily due to net of additions.

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Table 2 compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year. The District is engaged only in Business-Type Activities.

TABLE 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

•	2011	2010	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Revenues:		•		
Operating revenues:				
Water sales and other use charge Non-operating revenues: Rent, taxes, interest and	\$7,432,363	\$6,674,003	\$758,360	11.36%
other income	361,389	408,252	(46,060)	44.4
Total Revenues	7,793,752	7,082,255	(46,863)	(11.48%)
	1,175,152	1,082,233	711,497	10.05%
Expenses:				
Operating expenses:				
Source of supply	2,803,638	2,412,785	390,853	16,20%
Pumping	334,123	331,980	2,143	0.65%
Transmission and distribution	660,202	647,990	12,212	1.88%
Customer accounts	381,515	387,211	(5,696)	
Administrative and general	2,295,923	2,138,559	157,364	(1.47%) 7.36%
Depreciation	1,012,266	1,064,978	(52,712)	
Non-operating expenses:	, , , , ,	2,001,570	(32,712)	(4.95%)
Interest expense	2,688	12,122	(9,434)	(77.83%)
Total Expense	7,490,335	6,995,625	494,710	
		-,222,023	T/4,/10	7.07%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Asset	\$303,417	\$86,630	\$216,787	250.24%

## Major Factors Affecting the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes In Net Assets

- > Operating revenues increased by 11.36% primarily due to an increase in water consumption by customers.
- Source of supply expenses increased by 16.20%, pumping increased by 0.65%, transmission and distribution increased by 1.88%, and customer accounts decreased by 1.47% primarily due to increased water purchase costs, pumping cost, and an increase in the cost of benefits.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The District's Board of Directors adopts the budget for every fiscal year, prior to the beginning of that fiscal year. The District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 budget reflected total revenues of \$7,432,040, and total expenditures of \$7,420,339. Actual revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 were within the budgeted amounts.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2011, the District had \$13,627,713 invested in capital assets as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net increase (addition, deductions and depreciation) of \$1,878,502 or 15.99% from June 30, 2010.

## TABLE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF DEPRECIATION) DATE 2011

The following reconciliation summarizes the changes in Capital Assets.

•	2011	2010	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Water plant Accumulated	\$35,431,613	\$32,540,845	\$2,890,768	8.88%
depreciation	21,803,900	20,791,634	1,012,266	4.87%
Net capital assets	\$13,627,713	\$11,749,211	\$1,878,502	15.99%

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

As of June 30, 2011, the District had no debt outstanding:

# TABLE 4 OUTSTANDING DEBT DATE, 2011

	2011	2010
Note payable, current portion	-	\$118,312
Note payable, net of current portion	MAR ,	-
Total Outstanding Debt	*	\$118,312

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The District was adversely impacted by the rising costs of maintaining the water distribution plants and facilities, and rising premiums for insurance and benefits. The District's goal is to minimize the impact of these rising costs through prudent management, budgeting and forecasting efforts.

#### FINANCIAL CONTACT

The individual to be contacted regarding this report is Paul Regan, General Manager, at (650) 591-8941. Written requests may be submitted to Paul Regan, General Manager at Mid-Peninsula Water District, P.O. Box 129, Belmont, California 94002-0129.

#### MID-PENINSULA WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

ASSETS	2011	2010
Current Assets:	•	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Accounts receivable Materials and supplies (Note 1E) Due from contractors	\$3,007,864 644,623 177,974	\$2,641,137 557,410 162,717 29,109
Total Current Assets	3,830,461	3,390,373
Property, Plant, and Equipment (Note 3):		
Land Water plant Construction in progress	1,045,264 35,431,653 34,046	1,045,264 32,540,845 1,951,731
	36,510,963	35,537,840
Less accumulated depreciation	21,803,900	20,791,634
Total Property, Plant, and Equipment	14,707,063	14,746,206
Total Assets	18,537,524	18,136,579 (Continued)

### MID-PENINSULA WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

LIABILITIES	2011	2010
Current Liabilities	•	
Accounts payable Accrued benefits Note payable, current portion (Note 4)	\$428,644 29,279	\$368,894 28,080 118,312
Total Current Liabilities	457,923	515,286
Long-Term Liabilities		
Customer deposits Deferred construction charges (Note 1I) Accrued benefits Net OPEB obligation (Note 7)	9,824 69,457 199,142	9,824 173,808
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>119,820</u> <u>398,243</u>	59,700 243,332
Total Liabilities	856,166	758,618
NET ASSETS (Note 5)		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	14,707,063 2,974,295	14,627,894 2,750,067
Total Net Assets	\$17,681,358	\$17,377,961
· ·		

#### MID-PENINSULA WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

OPERATING REVENUES:	2011	2010
	'•	
Water service charges	\$7,417,787	\$6,239,936
Capital expense charges (Note 10)	324	420,303
Other revenue	14,252	13,764
Total Operating Revenues	7,432,363	6,674,003
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Source of supply	2,803,638	2 412 795
Pumping	334,123	2,412,785 331,980
Transmission and distribution	660,202	647,990
Customer accounts	381,515	387,211
Administrative and general	2,295,923	2,138,559
Depreciation (Note 3)	1,012,266	1,064,978
Total Operating Expenses	7,487,667	6,983,503
NET OPERATING INCOME	(55,304)	(309,500)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)		
Rent	157,126	199,325
State augmented fund	194,101	188,321
Interest income	10,162	20,606
Interest expense	(2,688)	(12,122)
Nonoperating revenue, net	358,701	396,130
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	303,397	86,630
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	17,377,961	17,291,331
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$17,681,358	\$17,377,961

## MID-PENINSULA WATER DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

CASH FLOWS EDOM OPED A TOPA	2011	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users	2011	2010
Other operating revenue	, \$7,330,898	\$6,695,003
Payments to suppliers	14,252	13 764
Payments to employees	(4,036,419)	(3.564.261)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(2,209,270)	(2,078,278)
	1,099,461	1,066,228
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Rent		1,000,228
State augmented fund	157,126	199,325
Net Cash Flows From November 191	194,101	
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	351,227	100.225
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		199,325
THIRD ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		
* The pai valu on notes navable	(973,123)	(2,079,808)
Interest paid on notes payable	(118,312)	(138,298)
Cash Flows (used for) Capital and Related	(2,688)	(1,138)
Financing Activities		
CACILEI ONG ED ON	(1,094,123)	(2,219,244)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest income		
morest mcome	10 160	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	10,162	20,606
NET CASH FLOWS	10,162	20,606
	366,727	(933,085)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2,641,137	3,574,222
	\$3,007,864	\$2,641,137
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH		
- Particular Miconic	(0.55.00.4)	
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to	(\$55,304)	(\$309,500)
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation		
Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable	1,012,266	1,064,978
(Decrease) in materials and supplies	(87,213)	34,764
nicrease in due from contractors	(15,257)	26,027
Increase in net OPER obligation	29,109	20,027
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and defend	60,120	59,700
Increase in accrued benefits	,	181,571
(Decrease) in customer deposits	26,533	581
Net cash provided by operating activities		8,107
	\$1,099,461	\$1,066,228
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Contributions of capital assets		
	\$194,101	¢100.224
See accommonsta	722.9101	\$188,321

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. General

Mid-Peninsula Water District is a political subdivision of the State of California, established on July 2, 1929 to provide for the potable water needs of the area within its boundaries. Effective July 1, 2000, the District changed its name from Belmont County Water District. The District maintains and operates a system of storage tanks and water mains. It purchases water from the San Francisco Water District for distribution to its customers through this system.

#### B. Reporting Entity

The District operates in an enterprise capacity. An enterprise fund is used to account for the financing of services to the general public on a continuing basis with operating and other costs recovered primarily through user charges.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States.

These Standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the Mid-Peninsula Water District. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as interest income and connection fees, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Enterprise funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus utilizing full accrual accounting. Under this method, assets and revenues are recorded when earned, and liabilities and expenses are recorded when the related obligations are incurred. The District follows Statements and interpretations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board and its predecessors that were issued on or before November 30, 1989, in accounting for its business-type activities, unless they conflict with Government Accounting Standards Board pronouncements.

#### D. Cash Equivalents

For cash flow purposes, cash and cash equivalents are defined as the book balance in demand deposits, as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within one year of the date acquired by the District.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are stated at the lower of cost (first in – first out) or market value. Inventories consist primarily of parts and supplies used to maintain the distribution system including mains, metering equipment and hydrants used for fire suppression within the District.

#### F. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation, sick leave and compensated time off are recorded as an expense and a liability as the benefits accrue to employees. The liability is reduced as employees take the time off and are paid for the accrued liability.

#### G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### H. Revenues

Customer water meters are read on a monthly basis. Bills are rendered and income is recognized in the period in which meters are read. The District does not accrue income for water distributed but not yet billed at the end of the year.

Effective January 1, 1999, California State law required water districts to report capacity charges collected and spent separately from operating revenue and expense and any fees unspent at year-end be show in a separate equity fund.

#### I. Deferred Construction Charges and Construction Advances

Contractors developing projects, which include construction of facilities to bring water from District mains into the project, deposit a construction advance with the District for an amount estimated to cover the District's costs related to the project. The District accounts for expenditures as construction in progress until the completion of the project, the final inspection and approval of the District, then it is capitalized as part of capital assets. At the completion of the project, any excess funds are returned to the contractor.

#### J. Reclassification

The District changed the classification of certain amounts in the current year financial statements to improve their presentation. Amounts for the prior fiscal year have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

#### NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### A. Composition

The District's cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following at June 30:

	2011	2010
Petty Cash	\$400	\$400
Cash in Bank	428,150	192,986
Certificate of Deposit	80,191	240,000
Local Agency Investment Fund	2,499,123	2,207,751
Total Cash and Investments	\$3,007,864	\$2,641,137

#### B. Collateralization of Cash and Cash Equivalents

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the District's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the District's cash on deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in an investment pool by an independent financial institution in the District's name and places the District ahead of general creditors of the institution pledging the collateral. The District has waived collateral requirements for the portion of deposits covered by federal deposit insurance.

#### C. Interest Rate and Credit Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

The District is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The District reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are maintained on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2011, these investments matured in an average of 237 days.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's only investments are in the California Local Agency Investment Fund which is not rated at June 30, 2011.

## NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## D. Investments Authorized by the District

The District's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the District to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the District, and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded.

## NOTE 3 – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, if contributed, at estimated value at time of acquisition. Depreciation is recognized on buildings, furniture, fixtures, equipment and subsurface lines by the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Estimated service lives are:

Transmission and distribution	7-33 years
Pumping plant	8-33 years
Source of supply	33 years
Intangible asset	33 years

District policy is to capitalize all assets, which cost \$3,000 or more, and to charge to current operations all additions under that cost limit. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are also expensed in the current period.

## NOTE 3 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Changes in property, plant and equipment accounts are summarized below:

Capital assets not being depreciated:	Balance at June 30, 2010	Additions	Transfers & Adjustments	Balance at June 30, 2011
Land Construction in progress	\$1,045,264 1,951,731	\$973,123	(\$2,890,808)	\$1,045,264 34,046
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,996,995	973,123	(2,890,808)	1,079,310
Capital assets being depreciated: Transmission and distribution Pumping plant	25,914,999 5,829,618		2,967,760	28,882,759
Source of supply Intangible asset	649,601 146,627		28,967 (105,919)	5,858,585 649,601 40,708
Total capital assets being depreciated:	32,540,845	,	2,890,808	35,431,653
Less accumulated depreciation for: Transmission and distribution Pumping plant Source of supply Intangible asset	16,983,643 3,112,888 626,030 69,073	782,805 169,447 8,876 51,138	105,919 (105,919)	17,872,367 3,282,335 634,906 14,292
Total accumulated depreciation	20,791,634	\$1,012,266		21,803,900
Net capital assets being depreciated	11,749,211			13,627,753
Total capital assets, net	\$14,746,206		=	\$14,707,063

#### NOTE 4 - NOTE PAYABLE

## A. Current Year Transactions and Balances

	Balance		Balance
	June 30, 2010	Retirements	June 30, 2011
Note payable	\$118,312	(\$118,312)	

The District had a promissory note payable to the First National Bank of Northern California, collateralized by the real property at 3 Dairy Lane, Belmont, CA. The note was due October 1, 2011, and interest is accrued on the principal at 6.25% annually. Principal and interest payments are due monthly. The District paid off this note in March 2011.

#### NOTE 5 - NET ASSETS

Net Assets is the excess of all the District's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net Assets are divided into two captions and are described below:

Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt describes the portion of Net Assets which is represented by the current net book value of the District's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Assets which is not restricted as to use.

#### NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Substantially all District employees are eligible to participate in pension plans offered by California Public Employees Retirement System (CALPERS), an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. CALPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. The District's employees participate in the Miscellaneous Plan. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and District resolution. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CALPERS; the District must contribute these amounts. The District's labor contracts require it to pay employee contributions as well as its own. The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2011, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life
Retirement age	50
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	1.426%-2.418%
Required employee contribution rates	7%
Required employer contribution rates	12.311%

In order to retire with full medical, dental and vision, an employee must have 20 years of service with the District and be 55 or older. CALPERS determines contribution requirements using a modification of the Entry Age Normal Method. Under this method, the District's total normal benefit cost for each employee from date of hire to date of retirement is expressed as a level percentage of the related total payroll cost. Normal benefit cost under this method is the level amount the District must pay annually to fund an employee's projected retirement benefit. This level percentage of payroll method is used to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities. The District does not have a net pension obligation since it pays these actuarially required contributions monthly.

CALPERS uses the market related value method of valuing the Plan's assets. An investment rate of return of 7.75% is assumed, including inflation at 3.0%. Annual salary increases are assumed to vary by duration of service. Changes in liability due to plan amendments, changes in actuarial assumptions, or changes in actuarial methods are amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis over twenty years. Investment gains and losses are accumulated as they are realized and amortized over a rolling thirty year period.

As required by State law, effective July 1, 2005, the District's Plan was terminated, and the employees in the plan were required by CALPERS to join a new State-wide pool. One of the conditions of entry to these pools was that the District true-up any unfunded liability in the former Plan, either by paying cash or by increasing its future contribution rates through a Side Fund offered by CALPERS. The District satisfied its Plan's unfunded liability of \$383,981 by agreeing to contribute that amount to the Side Fund through an addition to its normal contribution rates over the next 9 years. The required actuarial contributions and related rates for the year ended June 30 were as follows:

#### NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

	Contribution	Contribution
	Amount	Rate
2009	\$137,178	11.198%
2010	145,410	11.473%
2011	162,274	12.311%

As a result of the pool, CALPERs has calculated actuarial values funding progress for all participants in total which is presented at June 30:

		Actuarial				
Valuation Date 2007	Entry Age Accrued Liability \$2,611,746,790	Value of Assets \$2,391,434,447	Unfunded (Overfunded) Liability \$220,312,343	Funded Ratio 91.6%	Annual Covered Payroll \$665,522,859	Unfunded (Overfunded) Liability as % of Payroll 33.1%
2008 2009	2,780,280,768 3,104,798,222	2,547,323,278 2,758,511,101	232,957,490 346,287,121	91.6% 88.8%	688,606,681 742,981,488	33.8% 46.6%

Audited annual financial statements and ten-year trend information are available from CALPERS at P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento, CA 94229-2709.

#### NOTE 7 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. Plan Description and Funding Policy

The District provides post employment health care benefits for all employees who terminate or retire from the District after achieving age 55 with at least 20 years of service. For employees hired before June 28, 2008, District-paid benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries.

The cost of the benefits provided by the Plan is currently being paid by the District on a pay-asyou-go basis. The long-term strategy for funding the benefits provided under the Plan is currently being evaluated.

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the District joined the Public Agencies Post-Retirement Health Care Plan, a multiple employer trust administered by the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS).

#### NOTE 7 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### B. Actuarial Assumptions

The annual required contribution (ARC) was determined as part of a July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. All projections use the mortality rates and probabilities of retirement, turnover, and disability that are used in the pension valuations done by PERS for the District. The new 2010 tables have been used. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.00% investment rate of return, (b) 3.00% projected annual salary increase, and (c) 5% to 9% health inflation increases. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to revision at least triennially as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The District's OPEB unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis using a 30 year amortization period.

#### C. Funding Progress and Funded Status

In accordance with the District's budget, the annual required contribution (ARC) to the Plan are based on pay-as-you-go financing. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the District has calculated and recorded the Net OPEB Obligation, representing the difference between the ARC, and contributions, as presented below:

\$0
108,700
(49,000)
59,700
111,646
4,179
(959)
114,866
(54,746)
60,120
\$119,820

## NOTE 7 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

As of June 30, 2011, four retirees were receiving benefits.

The District's Net OPEB Obligation (NOO) is recorded in the Statement of Net Assets and is calculated as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2010	\$108,700	\$49,000	45%	\$59,700
June 30, 2011	114,866	54,746	48%	119,820

The Schedule of Funding Progress presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. Trend data from the October 27, 2010 actuarial study is presented below:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability (B)	Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (A – B)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll [(A – B)/C]
7/1/2009	\$0	\$1,046,600	\$1,046,600	0.00%	\$1,190,000	87.95%

## NOTE 8 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

In 1998, the District complied with the new Trust/Custodial account requirements applicable to existing governmental 457(f) plans. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan and all assets of the plan are being held in a Trust/Custodial Fund with the District appointed as, and serving as, Trust/Custodian for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries, and the assets shall not be diverted for any other purpose. All the plan assets are no longer the rights of the District, nor subject to claims brought by general creditors of the District. Plan assets are not included in the District's financial statements.

#### NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District has purchased commercial insurance for property, liability and workers' compensation in the insurance marketplace through Johndrow, Leveroni and Vreeburg Insurance Services, the Districts' selected insurance broker/consultant. During the fiscal year which ended June 30, 2011 the District paid \$149,511 for current year coverage.

Liabilities under these programs are accrued and charged to expense when the claims are reasonably determinable and when the existence of the District's liability is probable.

The following is a summary of the insurance policies in force carried by the District as of June 30, 2011:

Type of Coverage	<u>Limits</u>	Deductibles
General Liability	\$3,000,000 1,000,000	\$10,000
Worker's Compensation	per occurrence	None
Commercial Umbrella	10,000,000	None
Equipment	362,016	1,000
Business Automotive	1,000,000	500
	250,000	250
Crime Real Property	18,335,600	1,000

The District paid no material uninsured losses during the last three fiscal years. There were no material uninsured claims liabilities at June 30, 2011.

## NOTE 10 – CAPITAL EXPENSE CHARGE

The Board established a "Capital Expense Charge" effective July 1, 1995. The charge is \$4.43 per month for all customers. The revenue from this source for the years ended June 30, 2011 and was \$324 and \$420,303 respectively.

## NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. These legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the affected funds of the District.