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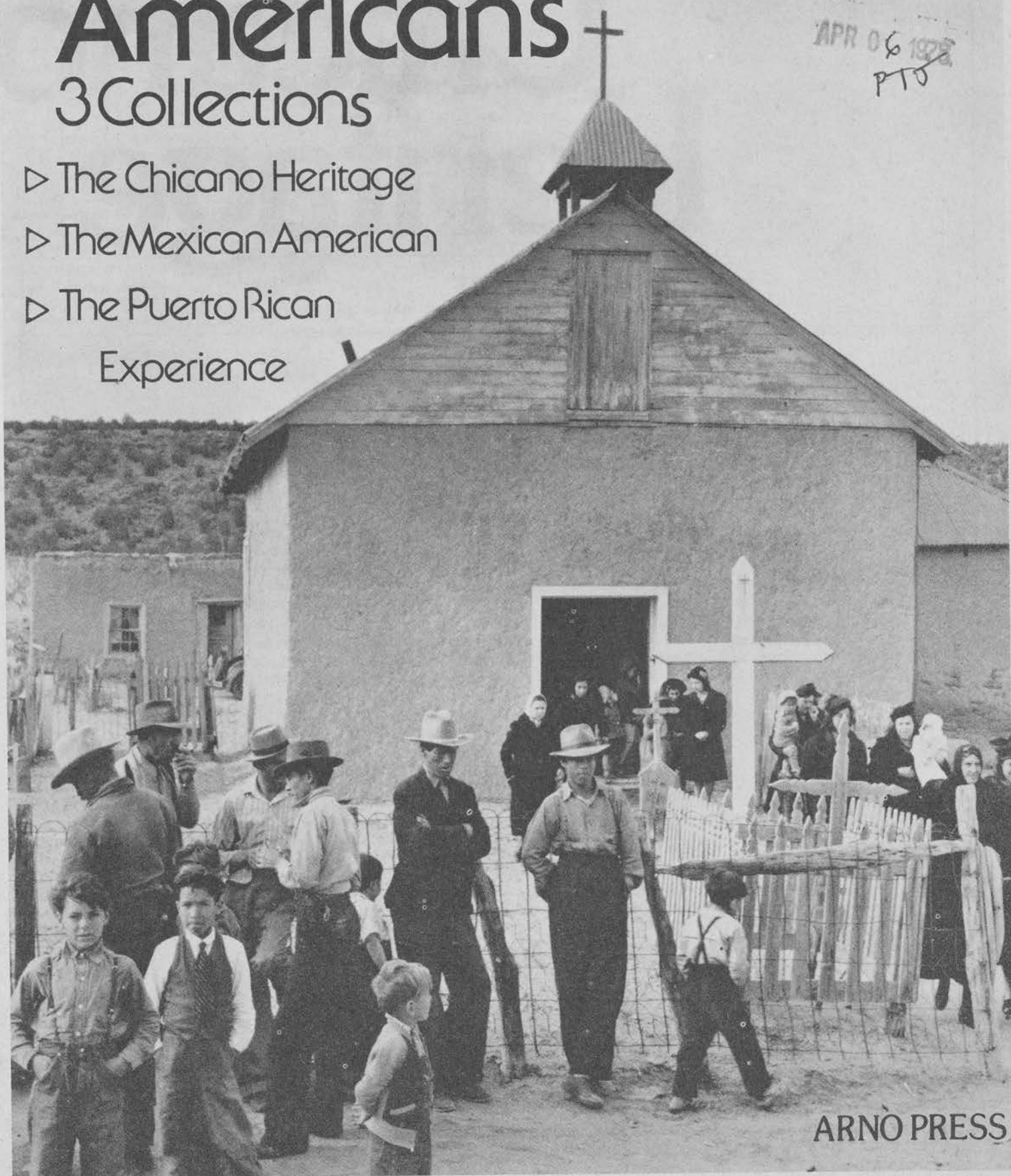
Hispanic Americans

3 Collections

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The Chicano Heritage

55 Books — \$1384*

*All books in this collection may be purchased individually.

Special Features of this Collection

- THE CHICANO HERITAGE contains 11 books never published before.
- There are 10 original anthologies. Among these is NORTHERN MEXICO ON THE EVE OF THE UNITED STATES INVASION. This anthology offers extremely rare and old pamphlets concerning California, Arizona, New Mexico, and Texas. The book was edited, with an Introduction, by David J. Weber. A listing of Original Arno Press Anthologies in THE CHICANO HERITAGE begins on page 5.
- One of the most important books in this collection—constituting a publishing event—is OUR CATHOLIC HERITAGE IN TEXAS, 1519-1936, a seven-volume work by Carlos E. Castañeda. It is a panoramic study of the Indo-Hispanic-Mexican colonization and development in Texas.
- THE CHICANO HERITAGE includes in-depth studies of a wide range of topics: Spanish and Mexican Land Grants; Political Socialization; Labor Unions; Cultural Change; Migratory Labor; Literature, Folklore, Poetry, Theater, Music, Dance; Education; Language; and Politics.

Advisory Editor

Carlos E. Cortés is Professor of History and Chairman of the Chicano Studies Program at the University of California, Riverside. He is Contributing Editor of AZTLAN, International Journal of Chicano Studies Research, a member of the Ethnic Studies Curriculum Guidelines Task Force of the National Council for the Social Studies, and Director of the Inland Empire Chicano Cooperative History Project (CHICOP) at the University of California, Riverside. Professor Cortés has written a number of books including *Gaúcho Politics in Brazil: The Politics of Rio Grande do Sul, 1930-1964* (winner of the 1974 Hubert Herring Award), *Three Perspectives on Ethnicity: Blacks, Chicanos, and Native Americans*, and *Understanding You and Them: Tips for Teaching About Ethnicity*, and has written and produced a documentary film: "Northwest from Tumacacori". Professor Cortés was Advisory Editor for the Arno Press collection, THE MEXICAN AMERICAN.

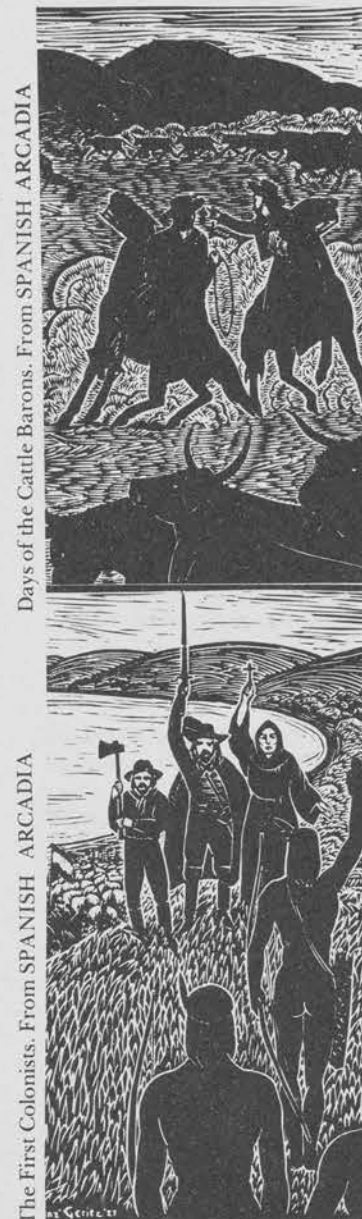
All titles in this collection include Cataloging in Publication (CIP) data as provided by the Library of Congress. This information is available from Arno Press upon request.

Editorial Board

Rodolfo Acuña is Professor of Chicano Studies at California State University, Northridge. Former chairman of the Chicano Studies Department, Professor Acuña designed the B.A. Curriculum in Chicano Studies at Northridge which has served as a model for other schools. *Occupied America: The Chicano's Struggle Toward Liberation* and *Sonoran Strongman: Ignacio Pesqueira and His Times* are among his numerous books and articles.

Juan Gómez-Quinones is Associate Professor of History at the University of California, Los Angeles. Founding Editor of AZTLAN, International Journal of Chicano Studies Research, he has served on the Mesa Directiva and is the Director of the UCLA Chicano Studies Center. In 1966-68 he was a Foreign Area Fellow of the Social Science Research Council and the American Council of Learned Societies, and in 1972-73 he conducted research at the University of Texas with a National Endowment for the Humanities Fellowship. The author of several articles on Chicano intellectual and labor history, Professor Gómez-Quinones wrote *Sembradores*, *Ricardo Flores Magon y el Partido Liberal Mexicano: A Eulogy and Critique*.

George F. Rivera Jr. is Assistant Professor of Sociology at the University of Colorado. He also taught at the University of Houston, University of St. Thomas, and State University of New York at Buffalo, where he received his Ph.D. His articles have appeared in AZTLAN, International Journal of Chicano Studies Research, Journal of Applied Behavioral Science, and New South.



Days of the Cattle Barons. From SPANISH ARCADIA

The First Colonists. From SPANISH ARCADIA

The collection, THE CHICANO HERITAGE, is intended to meet two needs. First, it increases the availability of materials which are essential for the study of the 125-year history of Mexican Americans, the nation's second largest ethnic minority. In doing so, this collection continues the program initiated in the 1974 Arno Press collection, THE MEXICAN AMERICAN.

The latter, a 21-volume set, focused on the experience of the Mexican-American people since the 1845 United States annexation of the Lone Star Republic into the union as the state of Texas, the 1846 U.S. military conquest of northern Mexico, and the 1848 Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo. Through that treaty the United States obtained official recognition of its military detachment of one-third of Mexico's territory and the 75,000 Mexicans living in that territory.

Second, THE CHICANO HERITAGE extends the time frame beyond that of the 1974 collection to include the pre-1846, pre-U.S. heritage of Chicanos, with an emphasis on northern Mexico during the twenty-five-year period following the winning of independence from Spain in 1846. THE CHICANO HERITAGE ranges broadly in subject matter and type of material. It traces the historical heritage of Mexican Americans from the early nineteenth century to the present, with a variety of perspectives on the Texas Revolution and the U.S.-Mexican War. It includes such diverse topics as politics, economics, society, labor, migration, education, language, medicine, and many aspects of cultural expression, such as poetry, theater, music, and dance. It investigates both the general framework and essence of the Chicano experience and the many regional variations—not only within the Southwestern states, but also in such geographically disparate locations as Toledo, Ohio and Bethlehem, Pennsylvania—thereby clearly demonstrating that Chicanos are truly a national, not a regional, minority. It provides a myriad of sources, including scholarly studies, diaries, reminiscences, travel accounts, statistical surveys, biographies, novels, plays, and government documents, both U.S. and Mexican. It reflects a variety of viewpoints, attitudes, and perspectives—Mexican, Chicano, and Anglo-American.

Of particular interest are ten original anthologies, each with a brief introductory essay. These anthologies, which gather a selection of often extremely rare documents within a single volume, cover a number of topics. Some of the anthologies are regional in their orientation, focusing on the Mexican experience in selected states. Others are topical in structure, touching on such subjects as Northern Mexico on the Eve of the U.S. Invasion and Mexican Migration to the United States.

What emerges from this collection is a vivid portrait of a vibrant people—their lives and experiences, their trials and tribulations, their cultural achievements, and their unceasing struggle for survival and fulfillment in a society whose responses have varied from support to opposition, from friendship to exploitation, from consideration and sensitivity to blatant prejudice and discrimination. The collection provides sources for the understanding of the historical heritage of the Mexican American, of the current societal problems facing Chicanos, and of the ongoing struggle for social justice which lies in the Mexican-American future.

Carlos E. Cortés

An Original Arno Press Anthology

NORTHERN MEXICO ON THE EVE OF THE UNITED STATES INVASION: Rare Imprints Concerning California, Arizona, New Mexico, and Texas, 1821-1846. Edited and with an Introduction by David J. Weber

Contents:

- *Jean Louis Berlandier*, CAZA DEL OSO Y CIBOLO, EN EL NOR-OESTE DE TEJAS (A BEAR AND BUFFALO HUNT IN NORTHWEST TEXAS), November 19 to December 18, 1828 (Reprinted from *El Museo Mexicano*), 1844.
- *Juan N. Almonte*, NOTICIA ESTADISTICA SOBRE TEJAS (STATISTICAL REPORT ON TEXAS), Mexico, 1835.
- *Juan Nepomuceno Seguin*, PERSONAL MEMOIRS OF JOHN N. SEGUIN, From the Year 1834 to the Retreat of General Woll from the City of San Antonio, 1842. San Antonio, 1858.
- *Manuel de Jesús Rada*, PROPOSICIÓN HECHA AL SOBERANO CONGRESO GENERAL DE LA NACIÓN POR EL DIPUTADO DEL TERRITORIO DE NUEVO MÉXICO (PROPOSAL MADE TO THE SOVEREIGN GENERAL CONGRESS OF THE NATION BY THE REPRESENTATIVE FROM NEW MEXICO). México, 1829.
- *Antonio José Martínez*, ESPOSICIÓN QUE EL PRESBITERO ANTONIO JOSÉ MARTÍNEZ, Cura de Taos de Nuevo México, dirije al Gobierno del Exmo. Sor. General D. Antonio López de Santa Ana. Proponiendo la civilización de la naciones bárbaras que son al contorno del Departamento de Nuevo México (EXPOSITION WHICH THE PRESBYTER ANTONIO JOSÉ MARTÍNEZ, Curate of Taos, New Mexico, Directs to the Government of His Excellency Señor General Don Antonio López de Santa Ana, Proposing the Civilization of the Barbarous Indian Nations in the Vicinity of the Department of New Mexico). Taos, N.M., 1843.
- *El Historiador [Antonio José Martínez]*, HISTORIA CONSISA DEL CURA DE TAOS ANTONIO JOSÉ MARTÍNEZ (A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE CURATE OF TAOS, ANTONIO JOSÉ MARTÍNEZ). Taos, N.M., 1861.
- *Pedro Sánchez*, MEMORIAS SOBRE LA VIDA DEL PRESBITERO DON ANTONIO JOSÉ MARTÍNEZ (RECOLLECTIONS OF THE LIFE OF THE PRESBYTER DON ANTONIO JOSÉ MARTÍNEZ). Santa Fe, N.M., 1903.
- *Ignacio Zúñiga*, RÁPIDA OJEADA ALESTADO DE SONORA (QUICK GLIMPSES AT THE STATE OF SONORA.) México, 1835.
- *Mariano Guadalupe Vallejo*, ECPOSICIÓN QUE HACE EL COMDANANTE (sic) GENERAL DE LA ALTA CALIFORNIA AL GOBERNADOR DE LA MISMA (EXPOSITION FROM THE COMMANDING GENERAL OF UPPER CALIFORNIA TO THE GOVERNOR OF UPPER CALIFORNIA). Sonoma, 1837.
- *Manuel Castañares*, COLECCIÓN DE DOCUMENTOS RELATIVOS AL DEPARTAMENTO DE CALIFORNIA (A COLLECTION OF DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF THE CALIFORNIA). Mexico, 1845.
- *Manuel Payno*, PUERTO DE MONTEREY, ALTA CALIFORNIA (PORT OF MONTEREY, UPPER CALIFORNIA). (Reprinted from *Revista científica y literaria de Méjico*), 1845.

The condition of Northern Mexico in the years prior to the U.S. Mexican War remains little understood, and many studies of this period rely upon ethnocentric accounts by Anglo-Americans. This volume contains facsimiles of rare pamphlets written by Mexicans, vividly portraying the social, economic, and political situation as they saw it. The significance of these documents, some of which are unavailable even in distinguished research libraries, is explained in an introductory essay by David J. Weber.

LC76-7344 illus. foldout New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09543-0 Spanish and English text \$30.00

An Original Arno Press Anthology

ASPECTS OF THE MEXICAN-AMERICAN EXPERIENCE. With an Introduction by Carlos E. Cortés

Contents:

- *Hill, Merton E.*, THE DEVELOPMENT OF AN AMERICANIZATION PROGRAM. Ontario, California, 1928.
- *THE SURVEY*. Volume LXVI, No. 3. May 1, 1931.
- *Sanchez, George I.*, editor, FIRST REGIONAL CONFERENCE ON THE EDUCATION OF SPANISH-SPEAKING PEOPLE IN THE SOUTHWEST (Held at the University of Texas on December 13-14-15, 1945). Austin, 1946.
- *Scofield, John Ryland*, WITHIN THESE BORDERS. New York, 1953.
- *Belden Associates*, THE MEXICAN-AMERICAN MARKET IN THE UNITED STATES: Market Characteristics From a Personal-Interview Survey in Spanish, City and County Populations From the U.S. Census. Dallas, 1962.
- *Rojas, Arnold R.*, THE VAQUERO. Illustrated by Nicholas S. Firfires. Charlotte and Santa Barbara, 1964.

The publications in this collection illustrate both the diversity of the Mexican-American experience and the variety of ways in which this experience has been perceived and interpreted. Selections include an educational analysis, a church study, a marketing survey, an excursion into vaquero life, an educational conference report, and a revealing 1931 edition of the magazine, *The Survey*, devoted to Mexican Americans.

LC76-1473 illus. New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09534-1 \$37.00

An Original Arno Press Anthology

MEXICANS IN CALIFORNIA AFTER THE U.S. CONQUEST.

With an Introduction by Carlos E. Cortés

Contents:

- *Griffin, John S[truther]*, LOS ANGELES IN 1849: A Letter from John S. Griffin, M.D. To Col. J. D. Stevenson, March 11, 1849. Los Angeles, 1949.
- *Foster, Stephen Clark*, EL QUACHENO: How I Want to Help Make the Constitution of California — Stirring Historical Incidents. Los Angeles, 1949.
- *Brent, Joseph Lancaster*, THE LUGO CASE: A Personal Experience. New Orleans, 1926.
- *Robinson, W. W.*, PEOPLE VERSUS LUGO: Story of a Famous Los Angeles Murder Case and Its Amazing Aftermath. Los Angeles, 1962.
- *Garcia, Mario T.*, MERCHANTS AND DONS: San Diego's Attempt at Modernization, 1850-1860. (Reprinted from *The Journal of San Diego History*, Volume XXI, No. 1.) Winter, 1975.
- *Hughes, Charles*, THE DECLINE OF THE CALIFORNIOS: The Case of San Diego, 1846-1856. (Reprinted from *The Journal of San Diego History*, Volume XXI, No. 3), Summer, 1975.
- *San Bernardino County Flood Control District*, AGUA MANSA AND THE FLOOD OF JANUARY 22, 1862: Santa Ana River: San Bernardino, March, 1968.
- *Stephenson, Terry E.*, DON BERNARDO YORBA. Los Angeles, 1963.

What consequences did the 1846 U.S. conquest have for Mexicans in California? The eight selections in this collection provide a partial answer. These documents contain both twentieth-century historical interpretations, including two views of post-conquest San Diego, and nineteenth-century personal observations of an Anglo doctor, a delegate to the 1849 California Constitutional Convention, and a lawyer who defended the Lugo brothers in one of early U.S. California's most famous trials.

LC76-5225 illus. New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09535-X foldout \$23.00

An Original Arno Press Anthology

HISPANIC FOLKLORE STUDIES OF ARTHUR L. CAMPA.

With an Introduction by Carlos E. Cortés

Contents:

- A BIBLIOGRAPHY OF SPANISH FOLK-LORE IN NEW MEXICO (Reprinted from *The University of New Mexico Bulletin*, Language Series, Volume 2, No. 3) Albuquerque, Sept., 1930.
- SPANISH FOLK-POETRY IN NEW MEXICO. Albuquerque, 1946.
- THE SPANISH FOLKSONG IN THE SOUTHWEST (Reprinted from *The University of New Mexico Bulletin*, Modern Language Series, Volume 4, No. 1), Albuquerque, Nov. 15, 1933.
- SPANISH RELIGIOUS FOLKTHEATRE IN THE SPANISH SOUTHWEST (First Cycle) (Reprinted from *The University of New Mexico Bulletin*, Language Series, Volume 5, No. 1), Albuquerque, Feb. 15, 1934.
- SPANISH RELIGIOUS FOLKTHEATRE IN THE SOUTHWEST (Reprinted from *The University of New Mexico Bulletin*, Language Series, Volume 5, No. 2), Albuquerque, June 15, 1934.
- SAYINGS AND RIDDLES IN NEW MEXICO (Reprinted from *The University of New Mexico Bulletin*, Language Series, Volume 6, No. 2), Albuquerque, Sept. 15, 1937.

Arthur Campa is a major figure in the preservation and analysis of the beautiful Hispano literary heritage. This compilation of six of Campa's studies explores various aspects of this heritage, including poetry, music, religious theatre, proverbs, and riddles.

LC76-1475 New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09536-8 \$35.00

An Original Arno Press Anthology

HISPANO CULTURE OF NEW MEXICO. With an Introduction by Carlos E. Cortés

Contents:

- *Lucero-White, Aurora*, LOS HISPANOS: Five Essays on the Folkways of the Hispanos as Seen through the Eyes of One of Them. Denver, 1947.
- *Lucero-White, Aurora*, THE FOLKLORE OF NEW MEXICO. Vol. I — Romances, Corridos, Cuentos, Proverbios, Dichos, Adivinanzas. Santa Fe, 1941.
- *Lucero-White, Aurora*, Eunice Hauskins and Helene Mareau, FOLK-DANCES OF THE SPANISH COLONIALS OF NEW MEXICO. Santa Fe, 1940.
- *Sedillo, Mela*, MEXICAN AND NEW MEXICAN FOLKDANCES. Albuquerque, 1950.
- *Kercheville, F. M. and George E. McSpadden*, A PRELIMINARY GLOSSARY OF NEW MEXICAN SPANISH: Together with Some Semantic and Philological Facts of the Spanish Spoken in Chiliti, New Mexico. (Reprinted from *The University of New Mexico Bulletin*, Language Series, Volume 5, No. 3), Albuquerque, 1934.

The cultural richness of the Hispano heritage of New Mexico is revealed in this diverse collection. These selections deal with a wide variety of topics, including poetry, music, dance, customs, traditions, folklore, and proverbs — vivid evidence of the achievements and contributions of the proud Hispano culture.

LC76-5929 New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09537-6 \$15.00

An Original Arno Press Anthology

MEXICAN CALIFORNIA. With an Introduction by Carlos E. Cortés

Contents:

- *Smith, Frances Rand*, THE ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY OF MISSION SAN CARLOS BORROMEO, CALIFORNIA. Berkeley, 1921.
- *Bandini, Jose*, A DESCRIPTION OF CALIFORNIA IN 1828. Berkeley, 1951.

- *Coulter, Thomas*, NOTES ON UPPER CALIFORNIA: A Journey from Monterey to the Colorado River in 1832. Los Angeles, 1951.
- *Figueroa, Don Jose*, THE MANIFESTO TO THE MEXICAN REPUBLIC. Foreword by Joseph A. Sullivan. Oakland, 1952.
- *Tays, George*, GOVERNOR MARIANO CHICO'S REPORT TO THE MEXICAN GOVERNMENT. Berkeley, August, 1933.
- *Bidwell, John*, IN CALIFORNIA BEFORE THE GOLD RUSH. With a Foreword by Lindley Bynum. Los Angeles, 1948.
- *Jones, William Carey*, REPORT ON THE SUBJECT OF LAND TITLES IN CALIFORNIA, Made in Pursuance of Instructions from the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Interior, together with a Translation of the Principal Laws on that Subject and Some Other Papers Relating Thereto. Washington, D.C., 1850.
- *Caballeria, Juan*, HISTORY OF SAN BERNARDINO VALLEY: From the Padres to the Pioneers. Illustrated by Constance Farris. San Bernardino, 1902.

The historical development of Mexican California is the subject of this valuable collection. First-hand perspectives by Mexican Californians combine with those of foreign visitors and early post-conquest Anglo-American occupants to provide a revealing contemporary portrait. In addition, later historical interpretations add to the understanding of this important period of California and Chicano heritage.

LC76-5567 illus. New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09538-4 foldouts \$39.00

An Original Arno Press Anthology

THE MEXICAN EXPERIENCE IN ARIZONA. With an Introduction by Carlos E. Cortés

Contents:

- *Griggs, George*, HISTORY OF THE MESILLA VALLEY Or the Gadsden Purchase. Mesilla, New Mexico, 1930.
- *Colquhoun, James*, THE EARLY HISTORY OF THE CLIFTON-MORENCI DISTRICT. London, 1924.
- *Barker, George Carpenter*, PACHUCO: An American-Spanish Argot and Its Social Functions in Tucson, Arizona. Tucson, 1950.

The three selections in this compilation provide perspectives on one of the least studied aspects of Chicano history — the experience of Mexicans in Arizona. Beginning with a book which focuses on the Mesilla Valley and the Gadsden Purchase, the compilation proceeds with studies of the significant Clifton-Morenci mining region and the development of Mexican-American language in Arizona.

LC76-5566 illus. New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09539-2 \$16.00

An Original Arno Press Anthology

THE MEXICAN EXPERIENCE IN TEXAS. With an Introduction by Carlos E. Cortés

Contents:

- *Jarratt, Rie*, GUTIERREZ DE LARA: Mexican Texan; The Story of a Creole Hero. Illustrations by Jose Cisneros and Van Dorn Hooker Jr. Austin, 1949.
- REPORT OF THE MEXICAN COMMISSION ON THE NORTHERN FRONTIER QUESTION. New York, 1875.
- *Saunders, Lyle*, THE SPANISH-SPEAKING POPULATION OF TEXAS. Austin, Dec., 1949.

The Mexican experience in Texas has been diverse, complex, and turbulent. The three selections in this collection provide insights into this historical process. The selections include a biography of the first governor of Mexican Texas, the 1873 report of a Mexican government investigating commission, and a contemporary statistical profile of Texas Chicanos.

LC76-7305 illus. New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09540-6 \$20.00

*An Original Arno Press Anthology***MEXICAN MIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES.** With an Introduction by Carlos E. Cortés**Contents:**

- Taylor, Paul S., A SPANISH-MEXICAN PEASANT COMMUNITY, Arandas in Jalisco, Mexico. Berkeley, 1933.
- Saunders, Lyle and Olen E. Leonard, THE WETBACK IN THE LOWER RIO GRANDE VALLEY OF TEXAS (Reprinted from *Inter-American Education Occasional Papers*, VII), July, 1951.
- American G. I. Forum of Texas and Texas State Federation of Labor, WHAT PRICE WETBACKS? Austin, [1953].

The history of Mexican migration to and from the United States has been long, complex, and controversial. The three studies in this collection provide a variety of perspectives on this process, including analyses of the critical issues of the effect of this migration on Mexican communities and the experience and impact of the Mexican illegal immigrant.

LC76-7304 illus. New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09541-4 foldout \$15.00

*An Original Arno Press Anthology***THE UNITED STATES CONQUEST OF CALIFORNIA.** With an Introduction by Carlos E. Cortés.**Contents:**

- Lewis, Oscar, editor, CALIFORNIA IN 1846: Described in Letters from Thomas O. Larkin, "The Farthest West," E. M. Kern, and "Justice." San Francisco, 1934.
- Emory, W. H., NOTES OF A MILITARY RECONNOISSANCE, From Fort Leavenworth in Missouri, to San Diego, in California, Including Part of the Arkansas, Del Norte, and Gila Rivers. (U.S. House of Representatives Executive Document No. 41, Thirtieth Congress, First Session), Washington, D.C., 1848.
- Griffin, John S. [trother], A DOCTOR COMES TO CALIFORNIA: The Diary of John S. Griffin, Assistant Surgeon with Kearny's Dragoons, 1846-1847. With an Introduction and Notes by George Walcott Ames, Jr. and a Foreword by George D. Lyman. San Francisco, 1943.

The United States conquest of California in 1846 still generates historical controversy. The first-hand documents in this collection offer partial evidence for interpreting this event. Among the perspectives are those of Thomas Larkin (U.S. Consul at Monterey), an officer of John Fremont's Bear Flag Republic, and two members of Colonel Stephen Kearny's invasion force.

LC76-7303 illus. New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09542-2 foldout \$39.00

Adams, Emma H.

TO AND FRO IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: With Sketches in Arizona and New Mexico

Nineteenth century Mexican life in California, Arizona, and New Mexico is a central topic of this rich collection of sketches. Originally a series of letters to Eastern newspapers (primarily the *Cleveland Leader and Herald*), these essays are particularly valuable as a reflection of "Eastern" perspectives on Mexicans in the nineteenth century Southwest.

LC76-1220 Cincinnati, 1887
ISBN 0-405-09481-7 \$16.00



Emigrant Train. From ON THE OLD WEST COAST

Published for the first time

Anderson, Henry P.

THE BRACERO PROGRAM IN CALIFORNIA: With Particular Reference to Health Status, Attitudes, and Practices

The health care aspects of the bracero program receive careful scrutiny in this illuminating study. While investigating such topics as medical screening of prospective braceros, environmental impact on health, and role of education and religion, the author employed a variety of methods, including some 1,500 interviews. The result is neither an endorsement nor a condemnation of the bracero program, but rather a serious analysis combined with detailed recommendations for improving and removing obstacles to health care for Mexican nationals working in the U.S. agriculture.

LC76-1225 tables New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09482-5 \$19.00

Published for the first time

Aviña, Rose Hollenbaugh

SPANISH AND MEXICAN LAND GRANTS IN CALIFORNIA (Masters Thesis, University of California at Berkeley, 1934)

This study provides a useful introduction to the California land grant issue. Of particular importance are the author's discussions of Spanish and Mexican laws relating to land grants and the process by which lands were distributed, as well as a valuable listing and description of all Mexican land grants in California from 1822 to 1846, an alphabetical list of all California rancheros, and reproductions of important laws, maps, and diagrams.

LC76-1231 maps and tables New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09483-3 8½x11 \$11.00

Barker, Ruth Laughlin

CABALLEROS. Illustrated by Norma van Sweringen.

This highly personal, considerably romanticized, but often revealing study provides an interesting and generally sensitive discussion of the New Mexico Hispanos and their heritage. Among the topics treated are Hispano architecture, arts, crafts, customs, theatre, and churches, as well as Hispano-Anglo relations and the participation of the Hispano in the New Mexico political system.

LC76-1237 illus. New York and London, 1932
ISBN 0-405-09484-1 \$22.00

Bell, Horace

ON THE OLD WEST COAST: Being Further Reminiscences of a Ranger. Edited by Lanier Bartlett

The posthumous publication of this second volume of Major Horace Bell's memoirs — a sequel to his 1881 *Reminiscences of a Ranger* — completes the fascinating recollections of this perceptive and articulate Californian. Of particular interest are his cogent observations of the destruction of Mexican society in California by Anglo-Americans following the U.S. conquest of 1846.

"...a volume of the most delightful anecdotes of many an historical occurrence or spectacular personality from the days of the Mexican occupation up to 1900." — BOOKMAN (December, 1930)

LC76-1242 illus. New York, 1930
ISBN 0-405-09485-X \$23.00

Biberman, Herbert

SALT OF THE EARTH: The Story of a Film

This book provides a revealing account of the filming of *Salt of the Earth*, the movie classic of a Mexican-American miners' strike in New Mexico, and the ensuing legal struggle concerning the distribution of the movie. Significant for its insights into both the Chicano experience and McCarthy-era United States, the book also contains the screenplay and photographs of the film.

LC76-1248 illus. Boston, 1965
ISBN 0-405-09486-8 \$10.00

Castañeda, Carlos E., translator

THE MEXICAN SIDE OF THE TEXAS REVOLUTION (1836), By the Chief Mexican Participants

This fascinating book is a must for those interested in the Texas Revolution for independence from Mexico, resulting in the Lone Star Republic in 1836. The volume consists of eyewitness accounts by five significant Mexican figures who were involved in Mexico's unsuccessful attempt to suppress the rebellion. Accounts contained in the book are those of President Antonio López de Santa Anna, Secretary of War General José María Tornel y Mendivil, General Vicente Filisola (General-in-Chief of the Army of Texas), General José Urrea (divisional commander), and Ramón Martínez Caro (Santa Anna's personal secretary).

LC76-1215 Dallas, 1928
ISBN 0-405-09487-6 \$22.00



Dr. Carlos Edwardo Castañeda. From OUR CATHOLIC HERITAGE IN TEXAS 1519-1936

Castañeda, Carlos E.

OUR CATHOLIC HERITAGE IN TEXAS, 1519-1936

Volume I: THE FINDING OF TEXAS, 1519-1693

Volume II: THE WINNING OF TEXAS, 1693-1731

Volume III: THE MISSIONS AT WORK, 1731-1761

Volume IV: THE PASSING OF THE MISSIONS, 1762-1782

Volume V: THE END OF THE SPANISH REGIME, 1780-1810

Volume VI: THE FIGHT FOR FREEDOM, 1810-1836

Volume VII: THE CHURCH IN TEXAS SINCE INDEPENDENCE, 1836-1936 With Supplement to 1950

This panoramic study which goes well beyond the narrow confines of Church history provides a detailed narrative of the Indo-Hispanic-Mexican colonization and development in Texas. Only in the sixth and seventh volumes does the author focus specifically on the Church covering the years 1836-1950, discussing its growth, contributions and changing status since the independence and annexation of Texas into the United States. Each volume contains a lengthy bibliography, index and foldout map covering each stage of history.

LC76-1471 illus. Austin, 1936-1958
ISBN 0-405-09488-4 foldout maps Seven Volumes \$190.00

Cooke, Philip St. George

THE CONQUEST OF NEW MEXICO AND CALIFORNIA: An Historical and Personal Narrative

Philip St. George Cooke served as an officer in the U.S. military force which occupied New Mexico in 1846 and later invaded California. Because of Cooke's military position and role in these dramatic events, this book stands as one of the most important Anglo accounts of the U.S. conquest of northern Mexico.

LC76-1244 foldout New York, 1878
ISBN 0-405-09497-3 \$18.00

Colton, Walter

THREE YEARS IN CALIFORNIA

A detailed, very personal narrative of the 1846 U.S. conquest of California and the early ensuing years is contained in this book of U.S. Navy Reverend Walter Colton. As the first U.S. alcalde of Monterey, immediately following the U.S. occupation of the capital, Colton had a unique position from which to view events. Although the day-by-day account reflects Colton's ethnocentrism, it is nevertheless an important source for the understanding of this critical era in Chicano history.

LC76-1221 illus. New York, 1854
ISBN 0-405-09496-5 foldout \$26.00

Cue Cánovas, Agustín

LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS Y EL MEXICO OLVIDADO (THE UNITED STATES AND FORGOTTEN MEXICO)

Mainly as a result of the Chicano movement, a growing number of Mexican scholars have developed an interest in the experiences of Mexican Americans. Representative of such scholarship is this study of the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo and the post-war loss of land by Mexican Americans in the conquered territory. In addition to the narrative and analysis, the book contains a number of important documents on the subject.

LC76-5224 Mexico City, 1970
ISBN 0-405-09498-1 Spanish Text \$10.00

Curtin, L. S. M.

HEALING HERBS OF THE UPPER RÍO GRANDE

One of the significant aspects of northern New Mexican culture is the development of the effective use of medicinal herbs. Not only does this book catalogue and discuss the medical importance of these herbs, but it also provides a fascinating introduction to the history, folklore, proverbs, and etymology of New Mexican curative sources and practices.

LC76-1226 illus. Santa Fe, 1947
ISBN 0-405-09499-X \$19.00

Fergusson, Harvey

THE BLOOD OF THE CONQUERORS

The struggle of New Mexico Hispanos to prevent the loss of their ancestral lands to unscrupulous Anglo-American businessmen forms the core of this historical novel. Focusing on

the efforts of one young Mexican American to rally Hispanos to resistance against economic dispossession, the novel provides a panoramic view of the many crises facing Hispanos in New Mexico as a result of the U.S. military conquest.

LC76-1232 New York, 1921
ISBN 0-405-09500-7 \$11.00

Note: This book is not available in the British Commonwealth

Fernández, José

CUARENTA AÑOS DE LEGISLADOR: Biografía del Senador Casimiro Barela (FORTY YEARS OF A LEGISLATOR: The Biography of Senator Casimiro Barela)

This biography traces the career of Casimiro Barela, one of the most important Colorado Hispanos of the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. Beginning as justice of the peace in 1869, Barela was later elected to several offices in Las Animas County, to the Colorado territorial legislature, to the 1875 state constitutional convention, and to the state senate, where he became senate president. He was instrumental in winning approval of the Colorado constitutional provision guaranteeing publication of all state laws in Spanish for twenty-five years.

LC76-1254 Trinidad, Colo., 1911
ISBN 0-405-09501-5 Spanish Text \$29.00

Francis, Jessie Davies

AN ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL HISTORY OF MEXICAN CALIFORNIA (1822-1846). Volume I: Chiefly Economic

This solid, lengthy, perceptive study of Mexican California effectively dispels romantic visions of a Mexican Arcadian society and at the same time destroys the noxious stereotype of California Mexicans as apathetic, indolent, and inept. Rather, the Californios emerge from this thorough analysis as imaginative, industrious, resourceful people, who struggled to build a politically and economically viable society in the face of enormous obstacles during this turbulent period of transition.

LC76-1238 Two vols. in one
ISBN 0-405-09502-3 \$45.00

Published for the first time

Getty, Harry T.

INTERETHNIC RELATIONSHIPS IN THE COMMUNITY OF TUCSON (Doctoral Dissertation, University of Chicago, 1950)

This study examines the nature of interethnic relationships in Tucson, Arizona, in the mid-1940's, touching on such topics as areas of residence, schools, club memberships, intermarriage, class structure, and day-to-day life. Based on his research, the author concludes that ethnic groups coexisted as distinct sub-societies with distinguishing characteristics and hierarchical positions in the community.

LC76-1259 charts & maps New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09503-1 \$17.00

Published for the first time

Guzman, Ralph C.

THE POLITICAL SOCIALIZATION OF THE MEXICAN AMERICAN PEOPLE (Doctoral Dissertation, University of California at Los Angeles, 1970)

The interrelationship between Mexican Americans and U.S. society in general, including their perspectives on and interpretations of each other, are explored in this important work by a well-known Chicano scholar-activist. Among the topics discussed are Mexican-American group ideologies, organizational efforts, patterns of leadership, voting behavior, and generational differences, as well as the conditions of social contact between Mexican Americans and the rest of American society.

LC76-1264 charts New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09504-X \$17.00

Self-portrait of Agustin V. Zamorano.
From DON AGUSTIN V. ZAMORANO



Agustin V. Zamorano

Harding, George L.

DON AGUSTIN V. ZAMORANO: Statesman, Soldier, Craftsman, and California's First Printer

Don Agustin Zamorano served as executive secretary of the Territory of Alta California from 1825 to 1836, filling the position of acting governor for most of 1832. Yet despite this political record and his six years as commandant of the Presidio of Monterey, Zamorano made an even more singular contribution to the history of Mexican California when he imported the first printing press to be set up west of the Rocky Mountains and thereby helped assure the recording of some of the major documents of Mexican California history. This eulogistic life-and-times biography provides a unique view of Mexican California from 1825 to 1842, as the story revolved around this unusual civic leader.

LC76-1269 illus. Los Angeles, 1934
ISBN 0-405-09505-8 foldout \$19.00

Hayes, Benjamin

PIONEERS NOTES FROM THE DIARIES OF JUDGE BENJAMIN HAYES, 1849-1875

Benjamin Hayes was the first judge of the Southern District of California after the U.S. conquest of 1848. Serving in that post from 1852 to 1864, while the area was passing through the critical and complex transition from Mexican to U.S. authority, Judge Hayes was in a privileged position for viewing and interpreting events and social processes. Because of the importance of Hayes' position and his penchant for keeping copious notes, these selections are a basic source for the study of early U.S. southern California.

LC76-1274 illus. Los Angeles, 1929
ISBN 0-405-09506-6 \$19.00

Herrick, Robert

WASTE

The basic virtues of life in a small Mexican-and-Indian village of northern New Mexico are contrasted with the acquisitiveness and false values of life in industrial-commercial United States in this interesting novel. As a biting critique of U.S. society, the author pictures simple New Mexico village life as a type of ideal with which the rest of the nation suffers through comparison.

"Mr. Herrick's latest novel is, with different degrees of merit, a document, a commentary, and a work of art. He does not compromise. His documents cover their ground with a precious courage; his commentaries never mince and palter but strike directly at the heart of every theme, as he understands it." — NEW REPUBLIC (April, 1924)

LC76-1280 New York, 1924
ISBN 0-405-09507-4 \$25.00

Jamieson, Stuart

LABOR UNIONISM IN AMERICAN AGRICULTURE (U.S. Department of Labor, Bulletin No. 836)

This is one of the most thorough and detailed studies ever written on labor unionism in the United States. Focusing mainly on the 1920's and 1930's, the book provides a detailed discussion of the many strikes which shook the nation during this turbulent period. With more than half of the book devoted to the West and Southwest, Mexican labor plays a prominent and dramatic part in this revealing story.

LC76-1285 Washington, D.C., 1945
ISBN 0-405-09508-2 \$26.00

Sanchez, Nellie Van de Grift

SPANISH AND INDIAN PLACE NAMES OF CALIFORNIA: Their Meaning and Their Romance

The California landscape is rich with cities, counties, missions, churches, rivers, mountains, valleys, and other locales with Indian or Spanish names. This interesting book provides a trip through the history and legend surrounding the names of these landmarks. A blend of fact and mythology, the book offers a romantic glimpse into California's Indo-Hispanic heritage.

LC76-1573 illus. San Francisco, 1930
ISBN 0-405-09523-6 \$23.00



Colonel Doniphan treating with the Navajo Indians. From *THE MILITARY OCCUPATION OF NEW MEXICO 1846-1851*

Sanchez, Nellie Van de Grift

SPANISH ARCADIA

Although very romantic in mood and somewhat paternalistic in tone, this lively study provides a colorful introduction to life in Spanish and Mexican California. Based heavily on memoirs and spiced with generous excerpts from these documents, the book explores a wide variety of topics, including economics, family life, education, health, medicine, amusements, and social customs.

LC76-1579 illus. Los Angeles, 1929
ISBN 0-405-09524-4 \$24.00

Shulman, Irving

THE SQUARE TRAP

Prejudice and discrimination against Mexican Americans receive vivid treatment in this novel about a young Los Angeles Chicano in the 1930's. In his desperate efforts to escape from societal oppression, he takes up a boxing career which is destined to result in crippling injury. While marred by a degree of stereotyping in its characterizations, the novel nevertheless illustrates poignantly the tribulations of and obstacles faced by Mexican Americans.

"This book is a knockout. Irving Shulman writes with such tremendous force the reader has need for smelling salts between each explosive chapter. His words are biting; his

characters come alive." — CHICAGO TRIBUNE (April, 1953) "The author's abandonment of the deliberately hard-boiled novel also affords this one a humor, a pathos, and an honesty which makes it a worthwhile work for students of the American community as well as those whose only interest is in a well-told fight-story." — SATURDAY REVIEW (May, 1953)

LC76-1585 Boston, 1953
ISBN 0-405-09525-2 \$21.00

Note: This book is not available in the British Commonwealth

Tireman, L. S.

TEACHING SPANISH-SPEAKING CHILDREN

In light of the great interest shown in the last decade for the major issue of bilingual education, it is valuable to recall some of the pioneer efforts in this field. This study by L. S. Tireman was one of the major early works which challenged the then widely-held assumption that teachers of Spanish-speaking children needed no special training. Placing his findings in the context of world bilingualism, Tireman presented many practical pedagogical suggestions, many of which are still relevant and useful.

LC76-1591 Albuquerque, 1948
ISBN 0-405-09526-0 \$12.00

Tireman, L. S. and Mary Watson
A COMMUNITY SCHOOL IN A SPANISH-SPEAKING VILLAGE

Originally published in 1943 under the title of *La Comunidad*, this important study describes and evaluates the creation and operation of an experimental school in a small northern New Mexico Hispano town during the late 1930's and early 1940's. Of particular significance were the efforts to build the curriculum around the needs of the community — both children and adults — and to develop effective cooperation between community people and school staff to improve the educational process.

LC76-1596 Albuquerque, 1948
ISBN 0-405-09527-9 \$11.00

Twitchell, Ralph Emerson

THE HISTORY OF THE MILITARY OCCUPATION OF THE TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO From 1846 to 1851 by the Government of the United States Together with Biographical Sketches of Men Prominent in the Conduct of the Government During that Period

The United States occupation of New Mexico in 1846 and the 1847 resistance struggle of Mexicans in that territory are the subjects of the first half of this work. Although limited by its admittedly pro-U.S. point of view, the book nonetheless provides a useful, detailed recounting of the military events of the U.S. conquest. The second half of the book is composed of eighteen valuable biographical sketches of leading Mexicans and Anglos in New Mexico.

LC76-1601 illus. Denver, 1909
ISBN 0-405-09528-7 \$24.00

Twitchell, Ralph Emerson

THE SPANISH ARCHIVES OF NEW MEXICO. Compiled and Chronologically Arranged with Historical, Genealogical, Geographical, and Other Annotations, By Authority of the State of New Mexico

This massive work — part archival guide and part document collection — is an invaluable source for the study of the Spanish period in New Mexico. Containing complete documents, documentary excerpts, and lists of documents covering the period from 1685 to 1821 in Spanish New Mexico, this collection provides unique insights into the social, economic, political, cultural, religious, and military life of that fascinating area.

LC76-1607 illus. Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 1914
ISBN 0-405-09529-5 Two volumes, \$74.00



Don Pedro de Castro Figueroa. Duke of the Conquista, Viceroy of Mexico 1740-41. From *THE SPANISH ARCHIVES OF NEW MEXICO*

U.S. House of Representatives

CALIFORNIA AND NEW MEXICO: Message from the President of the United States. January 21, 1850 (U.S. House of Representatives Executive Document No. 17, 31st Congress, 1st Session)

This massive report is one of the essential primary sources for

the study of New Mexico and California immediately following the 1846 U.S. conquest. Submitted by President Zachary Taylor to the U.S. House of Representatives, it contains reports from the various Cabinet secretaries and hundreds of documents of the 1846-1849 period, including significant correspondence to and from U.S. government officials.

LC76-1618 illus. Washington, D.C., 1850
ISBN 0-405-09530-9 foldouts \$55.00

Published for the first time

Valdes y Tapia, Daniel

HISPANOS AND AMERICAN POLITICS: A Sociological Analysis and Description of the Political Role, Status, and Voting Behavior of Americans with Spanish Names (Doctoral Dissertation, University of Colorado, 1964)

The significance of ethnicity as a factor in the voting behavior of Hispanos is investigated in this study. Combining historical data, statistics, and opinion surveys, the author develops hypotheses on the relative effects of ethnic appeals on Hispanos of different characteristics, with ethnicity often having a more powerful electoral impact than political party affiliation.

LC76-1613 New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09531-7 \$13.00

Published for the first time

West, Stanley A.

THE MEXICAN AZTEC SOCIETY: A Mexican American Voluntary Association in Diachronic Perspective (Doctoral Dissertation, Syracuse University, 1973)

The fact that Mexican Americans are a national minority rather than a regional ethnic group is truly supported by this study of Chicanos in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. Focusing on the local Mexican Aztec Society, which was organized by Bethlehem Chicanos in 1937, the author rejects the distorting clichés that the Mexican-American culture is maladaptive and that Mexican Americans lack the ability to organize.

LC76-5230 New York, 1976
ISBN 0-405-09532-5 \$20.00

Woods, Frances Jerome

MEXICAN ETHNIC LEADERSHIP IN SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

Patterns of leadership among Mexican Americans in San Antonio in the 1940's are investigated in this sociological study. While suffering from the author's unfortunate and inappropriate use of the term "radical" to label those Mexicans who protest against discrimination, the book still provides useful insights into such topics as class structure, factors aiding and impeding group solidarity, the variety of types of leaders, and the diverse aims of Mexican-American organizations.

LC76-1623 Washington, D.C., 1949
ISBN 0-405-09533-3 \$10.00

The Mexican American

21 Books — \$495*

*All books in this collection may be purchased individually.

The books in this collection include Cataloging in Publication (CIP) data as provided by the Library of Congress. This information is available from the publisher upon request.

Published: 1974

ADVISORY EDITOR: Carlos E. Cortés

EDITORIAL BOARD: Rodolfo Acuña, Juan Gómez-Quinones, and George F. Rivera, Jr.



The ALA BOOKLIST reviews THE MEXICAN AMERICAN (February 1, 1976):

"The Chicano movement is one of several ethnic or minority awareness movements of the last two decades which has recently generated a spate of studies. In this case, the studies relate to all areas of the Mexican-American experience. This collection published by Arno Press is certainly a product of this awareness even though the 57 works in *The Mexican American* date from 1875 to 1971. In selecting documentation which antedates the current Chicano movement, the editors of the collection, four Chicano university professors, hope to prove that Chicano history is not merely a subdivision of Mexican history, but is the authentic, unique, and recorded experience of people of Mexican descent who reside in the U.S.

The Mexican American consists of 57 separate works published in 21 unnumbered volumes. Many are reprints; some are previously unpublished studies, all are out of print. The compiled works represent many areas of study: religious and social polemics, biographies, scholarly studies, government-sponsored reports, memoirs, and bibliographic guides. Educators, religionists, sociologists, demographers, political scientists, historians, anthropologists, archivists, folklorists, government officials, journalists, and lawyers have all contributed to the collection. Some contributors are Mexican-Americans; many are not. In selecting materials for inclusion in the collection, the editors present differing points of view which demonstrate the prevail-

ing thought on and of Mexican-Americans at various times and places. A brief Introduction by advisory editor Carlos E. Cortés appears in each of the nine anthology volumes.

The volume which serves as a natural introduction to the collection is the anthology, *Mexican American Bibliographies*. Five of the earliest bibliographies of Mexican-American materials dating from 1929 to 1960 are included. The approach of each bibliographer to the materials varies slightly. E. S. Bogardus prepared an annotated bibliography to *The Mexican Immigrant* (1929; 21p.) with emphasis on materials in English. *Mexicans in the United States* (1942; 14p.), a list compiled by Robert C. Jones of the Pan American Union, was prompted too by the need for information dealing with Mexican immigration to the U.S. A short, unannotated list by Lyle Saunders, *Spanish-Speaking Americans and Mexican-Americans in the United States* (1944; 12p.), is a more inclusive compilation although again limited to English-language materials. The other two works are considerably more substantial authoritative bibliographies although limited in scope. George I. Sánchez and Howard Putnam evolved their *Materials Relating to the Education of Spanish-Speaking People in the United States* (1959; 76p.), from graduate student work. Their 882-item bibliography of books, articles, pamphlets, monographs, and courses of study has historic interest for minorities whose second language is English.

There are citations of materials on education and curriculum, and segregation fictional accounts of migrant life in the Southwestern states.

Although originally published as a supplement to the journal *Rural Sociology*, *The United States Mexican Border: A Selective Guide to the Literature of the Region* (1960; 236p.) is quite comprehensive. Charles C. Cumberland divides his bibliographic essay into 12 chapters treating all aspects of the region and its peoples, particularly the Mexican-American group.

The 20 remaining volumes consist of 9 anthologies and 11 single works, and can be roughly categorized in five subject areas: sociology, religion, education, politics/law, and history/folklore. Many of the works fit several of these categories; however, for the purpose of this review, these divisions suffice to discuss the collection in manageable segments.

The six single works and two anthologies dealing with sociological topics encompass a variety of subjects. Several works deal with intercultural relations and with the more specific problem of social and economic discrimination. Ruth D. Tuck in *Not with the Fist* (1946; 234p.) analyzes the costs of discrimination to the Mexican-American community in San Bernardino, California. *Are We Good Neighbors?* (1948; 298p.) by Alonso S. Perales collects documentation from churchmen, government officials, and individuals on instances and practices of discrimination against Mexican-Americans. Three previously unpublished doctoral dissertations further explore this topic. Both Everett R. Clinchy in *Equality of Opportunity for Latin-Americans in Texas* (1954; 221p.) and Carolyn Zeleny in *Relations between the Spanish-Americans and Anglo-Americans in New Mexico* (1944; 405p.) trace the history of Anglo-Latin relations in distinct geographic areas and focus on conflicts between the two groups. Zeleny's work is more sociologically oriented whereas Clinchy delves into the role of the state government in correcting the inequalities. The third dissertation in this group, *Anglo Americans and Mexican Americans in South Texas* (1952; 583p.) by Ozzie G. Simmons, concentrates on the subordination status system practiced in McAllen and San Antonio, Texas. Pauline R. Kibbe's pioneering *Latin Americans in Texas* (1946; 302p.), a study by the first executive secretary of the Texas Good Neighbor Commission, candidly surveys problems of Mexican-Americans in Texas and the socioeconomic conditions under which they live.

The two anthologies in the sociology group concentrate on the economic plight of the Mexican-American. *Mexican Labor in the United States* consists of five government-sponsored reports. The portion of the Bureau of Labor Bulletin dealing with "Mexican Labor in the United States" (1908; 66p.) by Victor S. Clark is one of the earliest studies of the sources, methods, distribution, occupations, and conditions of Mexican immigrants. Some years later, Selden C. Menefee conducted localized studies of Mexican laborers for the Works Project Administration Division of Research. He objectively surveys the situation and prospects of displaced labor forces during the immediate prewar years in *The Pecan Shellers of San Antonio* (1940; 82p.) and *Mexican Migratory Workers of South Texas* (1941; 67p.). The two other reports focus on the effect of poor economic conditions on Mexican-American children. Amber A. Warburton studied the employment and living conditions of 342 families of farm laborers in Texas; *The Work and Welfare of Children of Agricultural Laborers in Hidalgo County, Texas* (1943; 74p.) particularly noted the schooling opportunities and health of the children of these families. The National Child Labor Committee published the results of a field survey of migratory families in *Migrant Farm Labor in Colorado* (1951; 115p.).

Perspectives of Mexican-American Life is the other anthology in the sociology group; two of the publications, *The Mexican Housing Problem* (1920; 11p.) by Elizabeth Fuller and *How Mexicans Earn and Live* (1933; 114p.) by the Heller Committee

for Research in Social Economics of the University of California at Berkeley, deal with economic considerations, and one, *The Near Side of the Mexican Question* (1921; 123p.) by Jay S. Stowell, with religious questions, although all three discuss rather general cultural patterns. All three are noteworthy because they document conditions and/or ideas on Mexican-American life during the early part of the twentieth century.

One anthology, *Church Views of the Mexican American*, includes seven works which document the "constant interfaith struggle" of which the editors state the Mexican-American was a target. Elmer T. Clark in *The Latin Immigrant in the South* (1924; 57p.) and Vernon M. McCombs in *From Over the Border* (1925; 192p.) represent two points of view of the Methodist Church; Robert N. McLean objectively surveyed *Spanish and Mexican in Colorado* (1924; 61p.) and B. A. Hodges recorded

A History of the Mexican Mission Work Conducted by the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America (1931; 35p.) for the Presbyterian Church; Linna E. Bresette briefly but realistically reported on *Mexicans in the United States* (1929; 45p.) for the National Catholic Welfare Conference; Bertha Blair wrote *Spanish-Speaking Americans* (1959; 242p.) for the National Council of Churches of Christ; and Robert C. Jones informed the Chicago Church Federation on *The Mexican in Chicago* (1931; 31p.).

Education is represented in *The Mexican American* by two volumes which trace the history of Mexican-American education from 1930 to 1971. *Education and the Mexican American*, an anthology including five selections, reprints works by several well-known educators. All five point out the very obvious inequalities suffered by Chicano children in attempting to learn. Two of the studies, though almost 20 years apart, confront the topic generally: *The Education of Spanish-Speaking Children in Five Southwestern States* (1933; 64p.) by Annie Reynolds, written for the U.S. Office of Education, and *Concerning Segregation of Spanish-Speaking Children in the Public Schools* by George I. Sanchez (1951; 75p.).

The remaining three researchers concern themselves with the subject in specific areas: *The Education of Mexican and Spanish-Speaking Children in Texas* (1930; 173p.) by Herschel T. Manuel; *Spanish-Speaking Children in Texas* (1944; 73p.) by Wilson Little; and *The Education of Bilinguals in a State School System [New Mexico]* (1934; 165p.) by George I. Sánchez. The three are heavily documented with statistical information; the Sánchez work is a previously unpublished doctoral dissertation.

Knowledge of the educational situation is updated by the volume *Mexican Americans and Educational Change*, a symposium held at the University of California, Riverside, in 1971. Seventeen previously unpublished papers cover broad topics such as the history and politics of educational change and the impact of bilingual and bicultural education.

Closely allied with the social, economic, and educational problems of Mexican-Americans has been their legal and political status. Two volumes, a single work and an anthology, document this area of concern. Two of the seven selections in the anthology (*The Mexican American and the Law*) represent documents issued by organizations and/or individuals seeking justice for a specific individual or group, such as the Citizens' Committee for the Defense of Mexican-American Youth's *The Sleepy Lagoon Case* (1942; 24p.) and Guy Endore's *Justice for Salcido* (1948; 30p.). Three are more general pleas for equality: *Step-Children of a Nation* (1947; 14p.) by Isabel Gonzalez; *Shame of a Nation* (1954; 48p.) by Patricia Morgan; and *Our Badge of Infamy* (1959; 48p.) by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born. The other two selections are government-generated documents; letters by Governor Coke R. Stevenson of Texas and Secretary for Foreign Affairs Ezequiel Padilla of Mexico comprise *The Good Neighbor Policy and Mexicans in Texas* (1943; 22p.) whereas Paul S. Taylor lucidly examines "The Mexican Immigrant and the Problem of Crime

and Criminal Justice" for the National Commission on Law Observance and Enforcement report in *Crime and the Foreign Born* (1931; 131p.).

The single work in the politics/law category is a previously unpublished doctoral dissertation by E. B. Fincher, *Spanish-Americans as a Political Factor in New Mexico, 1912-1950* (1950; 312p.). Fincher uses results from gubernatorial campaigns and elections as gathered from newspaper files and interviews to document the power of the Mexican-American bloc on a local level.

Historical studies of the Mexican-Americans in the U.S. have developed in piecemeal fashion. Three anthologies in *The Mexican American*, for example, relate to segments of New Mexico history. *The New Mexican Hispano* examines the culture of a distinctive segment of the Spanish-speaking population of the state; four selections are included. Two, *Shadows of the Past* (1941; 115p.) by Cleofas M. Jaramillo and *We Fed Them Cactus* (1954; 186p.) by Fabiola Cabeza de Baca, reflect the personal reminiscences and experiences of their authors. *Culture of a Contemporary Rural Community: El Cerrito, New Mexico* (1941; 72p.) by Olen Leonard and *A Camera Report on El Cerrito* (1942; 136p.) by Irving Rusinow were prepared for the Bureau of Agricultural Economics of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

An anthology of three works is devoted to *The Penitentes of New Mexico*. A fraternal Catholic society, the Penitentes are discussed from three points of view. Alexander M. Darley, a Protestant minister, considers the society fanatical and excessive in its penitential practices in *The Passionists of the Southwest, or, The Holy Brotherhood* (1893; 85p.). Alice C. Henderson views the group sympathetically but superficially in *Brothers of Light* (1937; 126p.). Dorothy Woodward, in her previously unpublished dissertation, *The Penitentes of New Mexico* (1935; 359p.), provides the most dispassionate and objective analysis of the society and its role in Hispano life.

Since the Mexican War, the land grant question has severely affected the Mexican-Americans in the southwestern U.S. The editors include documentation of this controversy in the anthology, *Spanish and Mexican Land Grants*. A U.S. circuit court judge, William W. Morrow, presents his interpretation and thoughts in *Spanish and Mexican Private Land Grants* (1923; 27p.). An archivist, Herbert O. Brayes, sheds light on grants in New Mexico and Colorado by examining the commercial and mining dealings of *William Blackmore* (1949; 381p.), a British entrepreneur, during the period 1863 to 1878. The last selection, a relatively recent publication, consists of a protest by the Alianza Federal de las Mercedes, *Spanish Land Grant Question Examined* (1966; 20p.).



Valuable for their cultural and historic qualities are four biographical volumes: *Juan N. Cortina: Two Interpretations* includes a master's thesis written by Charles W. Goldfinch, *Juan N. Cortina, 1824-1892: A Reappraisal* (1949; 71p.), and the text of an address by José T. Canales, *Juan N. Cortina Presents His Motion for a New Trial* (1951; 19p.), both generally positive views of the south Texas insurrectionist.

Even more controversial was *The California Outlaw: Tiburcio Vásquez; or the Hunted Bandits of the San Joaquin* (1875; 296p.), noteworthy for the fact that Beers, a correspondent of the *San Francisco Chronicle*, served as a member of the posse which captured Vásquez.

Equally fascinating are two somewhat romanticized accounts of Mexican-Americans on the "right" side of the law. *Otero: An Autobiographical Trilogy* (1935, 293p.; 1939, 306p.; 1940, 404p.) consists of the recollections of a member of a wealthy Hispano family who became governor of New Mexico, Miguel Antonio Otero. Elfege Baca is the protagonist of *Law and Order Ltd.* (1928; 219p.), by Kyle S. Crichton, the account of the experiences of a Chicano sheriff in New Mexico during the late nineteenth century.

The volumes in the series vary somewhat in size and in the quality of type and illustrations, depending on the condition of the original work. However, the reproductions are generally good. The series is bound in salmon-colored cloth boards and will probably withstand normal circulation, if not heavy reference usage. The volumes lie flat when open, and most margins will allow for rebinding. The publisher deserves commendation for providing complete reprint and cataloging information within each volume. Purchasers may buy the complete set or individual volumes, which range in price from \$12 to \$52.

The Mexican American is a documentary set rather than a reference collection. The works bear witness to progression in the study of the Mexican-American: from studies and polemics on the immigrant to an increasing recognition of the significance of his role in U.S. history. Published during a period when many libraries are attempting to bolster their collections of ethnic materials, *The Mexican American* is timely and likely to be well received. Although the collection lacks a comprehensive table of contents, this may not be a serious deficiency. Some libraries will want to acquire only certain volumes, and yet others will catalog the unnumbered volumes independently, both possibilities obviating the need for an access key. *The Mexican American* is recommended for any library or other organization seeking to develop holdings of source materials on Chicano history and culture."

The following five original works are published in this collection for the first time.

Castañeda, Alfredo, Manuel Ramírez III, Carlos E. Cortés and Mario Barrera, editors

MEXICAN AMERICANS AND EDUCATIONAL CHANGE: Symposium at the University of California, Riverside, May 21-22, 1971

This is one of the most complete single-volume forums available of opinions and interpretations of the Chicano educational experience and the question of educational reform. The papers focus on four major areas—educational change in historical perspective, the politics of educational change, bicultural education, and bilingual education.

LC 73-14196

New York, 1974

ISBN 0-405-05671-0

\$24.00

Clinchy, Everett Ross, Jr.

EQUALITY OF OPPORTUNITY FOR LATIN-AMERICANS IN TEXAS: A Study of the Economic, Social and Educational Discrimination Against Latin-Americans in Texas, and of the Efforts of the State Government on Their Behalf

In this low-key but incisive study, Everett Clinchy traces the history of discrimination against Mexican Americans in Texas. While focusing on what he labels the "vicious circle" of social, economic, and educational discrimination, Dr. Clinchy also points out both the successes and failures of the Texas state government in combatting these abuses. Of particular interest is his discussion of the checkered history of the state's controversial Good Neighbor Commission.

LC 73-14199

New York, 1974

ISBN 0-405-05673-7

\$14.00



Housing conditions in the Mexican quarter.

Fincher, E. B.

SPANISH-AMERICANS AS A POLITICAL FACTOR IN NEW MEXICO, 1912-1950

Mexican Americans have historically had greater state-level political impact in New Mexico than in any other state. In this comprehensive study, E. B. Fincher analyzes the roots of, and obstacles to, Chicano political power in New Mexico. In addition, he lucidly describes the twentieth-century struggle of Chicanos to maintain political effectiveness in the face of increasing Anglo demographic and economic dominance.

LC 73-14202

New York, 1974

ISBN 0-405-05676-1

\$19.00

Simmons, Ozzie G.

ANGLO-AMERICANS AND MEXICAN AMERICANS IN SOUTH TEXAS: A Study in Dominant-Subordinate Group Relations

This study of Chicano-Anglo relations in McAllen and San Antonio, Texas, intensively examines the process of Anglo subordination of the Mexican American and Chicano reactions to this subordination. In describing Texas' modified caste system, the author provides a perceptive analysis of the social function of stereotyping and discrimination in maintaining Anglo hegemony.

LC 73-14215

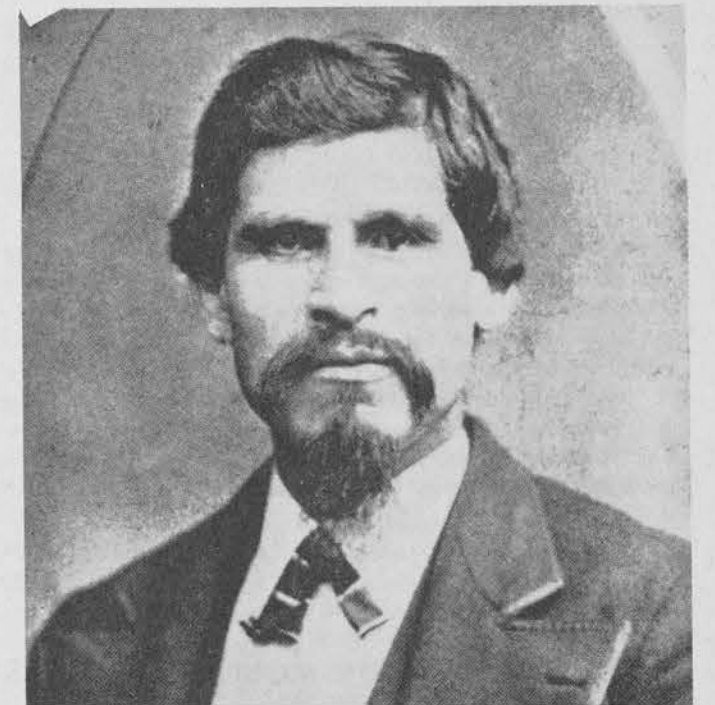
foldouts

New York, 1974

ISBN 0-405-05689-3

8½ x 11

\$37.00



Tiburcio Vasquez

Zeleny, Carolyn

RELATIONS BETWEEN THE SPANISH-AMERICANS AND ANGLO-AMERICANS IN NEW MEXICO: A Study of Conflict and Accommodation in a Dual-Ethnic Situation

In this thorough, perceptive and influential work, Carolyn Zeleny provides a uniquely comprehensive study of the Mexican experience in New Mexico from the sixteenth century through World War II. Analyzing the various facets of Hispano-Anglo relations, Dr. Zeleny illuminates and clarifies such complex topics as the land conflict, religious separatism, the problem of education, and economic, social, and political relations.

LC 73-14219

illus.

New York, 1974

ISBN 0-405-05692-3

\$21.00

*An Original Anthology***CHURCH VIEWS OF THE MEXICAN AMERICAN**

- a. Elmer T. Clark
THE LATIN IMMIGRANT IN THE SOUTH. Nashville, 1924
- b. Robert N. McLean and Charles A. Thomson
SPANISH AND MEXICAN IN COLORADO: A Survey of the Spanish Americans and Mexicans in the State of Colorado. New York, 1924
- c. Vernon M. McCombs
FROM OVER THE BORDER: A Study of the Mexicans in the United States. New York, 1925
- d. Linna E. Bresette
MEXICANS IN THE UNITED STATES: A Report of a Brief Survey. Washington, D.C., [1929]
- e. Robert C. Jones and Louis R. Wilson
THE MEXICAN IN CHICAGO. Chicago, 1931
- f. B. A. Hodges
A HISTORY OF THE MEXICAN MISSION WORK CONDUCTED BY THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. Waxahacie, Texas, 1931
- g. Bertha Blair, Anne O. Lively, and Glen W. Trimble
SPANISH-SPEAKING AMERICANS: Mexicans and Puerto Ricans in the United States. New York, 1959

The Mexican American has been the target of a constant interfaith struggle. Although overwhelmingly Catholic — by both historical tradition and contemporary commitment — Chicanos have been the object of vigorous and often successful conversion efforts by other Christian churches. One of the by-products of this process has been a revealing multi-church literature on the Mexican American. Sometimes subtle and perceptive, sometimes gross and insensitive, the following selections indicate the variety of these church studies.

LC 73-14198 illus. New York, 1974
ISBN 0-405-05672-9 \$38.00

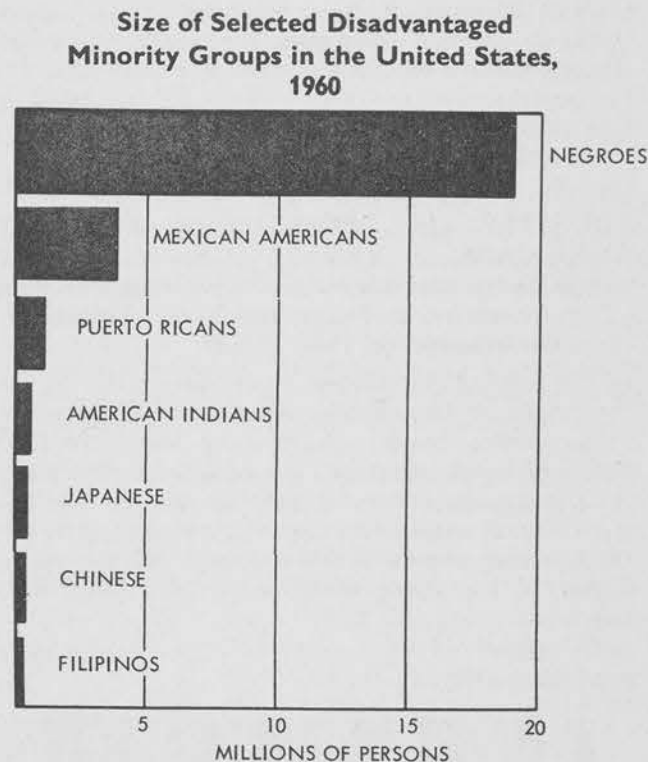
*An Original Anthology***EDUCATION AND THE MEXICAN AMERICAN**

- a. Annie Reynolds
THE EDUCATION OF SPANISH-SPEAKING CHILDREN IN FIVE SOUTHWESTERN STATES (U. S. Department of the Interior Bulletin 1933, No. 11). Washington, D.C., 1933
- b. George I. Sánchez
CONCERNING SEGREGATION OF SPANISH-SPEAKING CHILDREN IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS. Austin, 1951
- c. Herschel T. Manuel
THE EDUCATION OF MEXICAN AND SPANISH-SPEAKING CHILDREN IN TEXAS. Austin, 1930
- d. Wilson Little
SPANISH SPEAKING CHILDREN IN TEXAS. Austin, 1944
- *e. George I. Sánchez
THE EDUCATION OF BILINGUALS IN A STATE SCHOOL SYSTEM. Berkeley, 1934

The educational system has always loomed large in the experience of the Mexican American. These five selections—including works by two prominent Chicano educators—provide perspectives on the educational system's relationship to the Mexican American. Although more than twenty years have passed since the last study, many of the inequities described have yet to be resolved and many of the suggested reforms have yet to be implemented effectively.

LC 73-14201 illus. New York, 1974
ISBN 0-405-05675-3 \$30.00

*Not previously published.



Source: 1960 U.S. Census of Population, vol. 1, part 1, table 44

*An Original Anthology***JUAN N. CORTINA: Two Interpretations**

- *a. Charles W. Goldfinch
JUAN N. CORTINA 1824-1892: A Re-Appraisal. Chicago, 1949
 - b. Jose T. Canales
JUAN N. CORTINA PRESENTS HIS MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL. San Antonio, 1951
- Bandit or revolutionary hero? That question is dealt with in this collection of studies on the life, times and deeds of Juan N. Cortina. The leader of the 1859 Chicano insurrection in the Lower Rio Grande Valley of Texas, Cortina has received epithets ranging from rogue to robber to Robin Hood. These selections explore the Cortina phenomenon and its implications for the Mexican-American experience.
- LC 73-14204 illus. New York, 1974
ISBN 0-405-05678-8 \$12.00

*Not previously published.

*An Original Anthology***THE MEXICAN AMERICAN AND THE LAW**

- a. Paul S. Taylor, Max S. Handman, and Paul Livingstone Warnshuis
THE MEXICAN IMMIGRANT AND THE PROBLEM OF CRIME AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE (from National Commission on Law Observance and Enforcement, *Report on Crime and the Foreign Born*). Washington, D.C., 1931
- b. Citizens' Committee for the Defense of Mexican-American Youth
THE SLEEPY LAGOON CASE. Los Angeles, 1942
- c. Coke R. Stevenson and Ezequiel Padilla
THE GOOD NEIGHBOR POLICY AND MEXICANS IN TEXAS. Mexico City, 1943
- d. Isabel Gonzalez
STEP-CHILDREN OF A NATION: The Status of Mexican-Americans. New York, 1947
- e. Guy Endore
JUSTICE FOR SALCIDO. Los Angeles, 1948
- f. Patricia Morgan
SHAME OF A NATION: A Documented Story of Police-State Terror Against Mexican-Americans in the U.S.A. Los Angeles, 1954
- g. [Mark A. Chamberlin et al, editors]
OUR BADGE OF INFAMY: A Petition to the United Nations on the Treatment of the Mexican Immigrant. Los Angeles, 1959

The pursuit of justice and the struggle against injustice have always been paramount concerns of the Mexican-American people. The eight selections in this anthology examine various aspects of the relationship of the Mexican American with the U.S. legal system. Running the gamut from scholarly analyses of behavior to emotional pleas for justice, these selections reveal, in often dramatic fashion, the Mexican Americans' ceaseless quest for equality before the law.

LC 73-14207 illus. New York, 1974
ISBN 0-405-05681-8 \$20.00

*An Original Anthology***MEXICAN AMERICAN BIBLIOGRAPHIES**

- a. Emory S. Bogardus
THE MEXICAN IMMIGRANT: An Annotated Bibliography. Los Angeles, 1929
- b. Robert C. Jones
MEXICANS IN THE UNITED STATES: A Bibliography. Washington, D.C., 1942
- c. Lyle Saunders
SPANISH-SPEAKING AMERICANS AND MEXICAN-AMERICANS IN THE UNITED STATES: A Selected Bibliography. New York, 1944
- d. George I. Sánchez and Howard Putnam
MATERIALS RELATING TO THE EDUCATION OF SPANISH-SPEAKING PEOPLE IN THE UNITED STATES: An Annotated Bibliography. Austin, 1959

- e. Charles C. Cumberland
THE UNITED STATES-MEXICAN BORDER: A Selective Guide to the Literature of the Region. Richmond, Va., 1960

This valuable collection brings together five of the earliest bibliographies of materials concerning the Mexican-American people. Dating from 1929 to 1960, they are invaluable guides to the many widely-dispersed, little known books, articles, reports, and other documents which shed light on the experiences of Mexican Americans up to the 1960's.

LC 73-14421 New York, 1974
ISBN 0-405-05682-6 \$22.00

*An Original Anthology***MEXICAN LABOR IN THE UNITED STATES**

- a. Victor S. Clark
MEXICAN LABOR IN THE UNITED STATES (from Department of Commerce and Labor, Bureau of Labor, *Bulletin*, No. 78). Washington, D.C., 1908
- b. Selden C. Menefee and Orin C. Cassmore
THE PECAN SHELLERS OF SAN ANTONIO: The Problem of Underpaid and Unemployed Mexican Labor. Washington, D.C., 1940
- c. Selden C. Menefee
MEXICAN MIGRATORY WORKERS OF SOUTH TEXAS. Washington, D.C., 1941
- d. Amber Arthur Warburton, Helen Wood and Marian M. Crane
THE WORK AND WELFARE OF CHILDREN OF AGRICULTURAL LABORERS IN HIDALGO COUNTY, TEXAS. (U.S. Department of Labor Children's Bureau, Publication 298). Washington, D.C., 1943
- e. Howard E. Thomas and Florence Taylor
MIGRANT FARM LABOR IN COLORADO: A Study of Migratory Families. New York, 1951

Physical toil—in fields, in mines, in industries, and on railroads—has permeated the lives of Mexican Americans. This volume examines various aspects of the Mexican labor experience, both in general terms and more specifically in the states of Texas and Colorado. These studies indicate not only the extensive contributions of Mexican-American workers to the building of the U.S., but also the severe conditions under which they have been forced to work and live.

LC 73-14208 illus. New York, 1974
ISBN 0-405-05683-4 \$26.00



Citizenship and English class, San Antonio

*An Original Anthology***THE NEW MEXICAN HISPANO**

- a. Cleofas M. Jaramillo
SHADOWS OF THE PAST. Santa Fe, 1941
- b. Olen Leonard and G. P. Loomis
CULTURE OF A CONTEMPORARY RURAL COMMUNITY: EL CERRITO, NEW MEXICO. (U.S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, Rural Life Studies: 1). Washington, D.C. 1941
- c. Irving Rusinow
A CAMERA REPORT ON EL CERRITO: A Typical Spanish-American Community in New Mexico. (U.S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, Miscellaneous Publications No. 479). Washington, D.C., 1942
- d. Fabiola Cabeza de Baca
WE FED THEM CACTUS. Albuquerque, N.M., 1954
- Northern New Mexico has been the scene of a tenacious battle by Mexican Americans for cultural survival. With an intensity which reflects nearly four centuries of attachment to their land, these Hispanos (Spanish Americans, as they call themselves) have struggled with fierce pride to preserve their heritage and way of life. In nostalgic, analytical, and photographic terms, these selections shed light on this unique region of Chicano society.
- LC 73-14210 illus. New York, 1974
ISBN 0-405-05684-2 \$30.00

*An Original Anthology***THE PENITENTES OF NEW MEXICO**

- a. Alex[ander] M. Darley
THE PASSIONISTS OF THE SOUTHWEST, OR, THE HOLY BROTHERHOOD. Pueblo, Colo., 1893
- b. Alice Corbin Henderson
BROTHERS OF LIGHT: The Penitentes of the Southwest. New York, 1937
- *c. Dorothy Woodward
THE PENITENTES OF NEW MEXICO. New Haven, 1935

Few aspects of Mexican-American society are more controversial or more poorly understood than the Penitentes of Northern New Mexico. Clouded by secrecy, often the victims of journalistic sensationalism, the Penitentes have, in fact, been effective leaders of Chicano cultural resistance. The three selections included here—the first relentlessly anti-Catholic, the second gently pro-Penitente, the last scholarly and analytical—provide a spectrum of opinion on this controversial but time-resistant organization.

LC 73-14212 illus. New York, 1974
ISBN 0-405-05686-9 \$30.00

*Not previously published.

*An Original Anthology***PERSPECTIVES ON MEXICAN-AMERICAN LIFE**

- a. Elizabeth Fuller
THE MEXICAN HOUSING PROBLEM. Los Angeles, 1920
- b. Jay S. Stowell
THE NEAR SIDE OF THE MEXICAN QUESTION. New York, 1921
- c. The Heller Committee for Research in Social Economics of the University of California and Constantine Panunzio
HOW MEXICANS EARN AND LIVE: A Study of the Incomes and Expenditures of One Hundred Mexican Families in San Diego, California, Berkeley, Ca., 1933

This anthology provides varying perspectives on Mexican-American life in the 1920's and 1930's. Although all three suffer in varying degrees from ethnocentrism and cultural insensitivity, they are still useful both as sources of information and as examples of older scholarly and journalistic treatments and mistreatments of the Mexican American.

LC 73-14214 New York, 1974
ISBN 0-405-05688-5 \$15.00

*An Original Anthology***SPANISH AND MEXICAN LAND GRANTS**

- a. William W. Morrow
SPANISH AND MEXICAN PRIVATE LAND GRANTS. San Francisco, 1923
- b. Herbert O. Brayer
WILLIAM BLACKMORE: The Spanish-Mexican Land Grants of New Mexico and Colorado, 1863-1878. Denver, 1949
- c. Alianza Federal [de las Mercedes]
SPANISH LAND GRANT QUESTION EXAMINED. Albuquerque, N.M., 1966

The 1848 Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo legitimized Spanish and Mexican land grants in the conquered Mexican territory. However, ensuing decades brought the general destruction of Mexican-American landed power, mostly through force, fraud, and dubious legal processes. The three selections in this volume—which range from the ethnocentrically legalistic interpretation of a U.S. Circuit Court Judge to the contemporary protest of New Mexico's Alianza Federal de las Mercedes—indicate the complexities of the continuing land grant controversy.

LC 73-14216 illus. New York, 1974
ISBN 0-405-05690-7 \$25.00

Crichton, Kyle S.

LAW AND ORDER LTD. The Rousing Life of Elfego Baca of New Mexico

In a vigorous, anecdotal style, Kyle Crichton recreates the turbulent career of Elfego Baca, the most famous Chicano sheriff. While focusing on Baca's exploits, Crichton also provides a unique view of the Chicano experience in southern New Mexico during the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. In particular he dramatizes the bitter conflict between Mexican Americans and transplanted Texas cowboys.

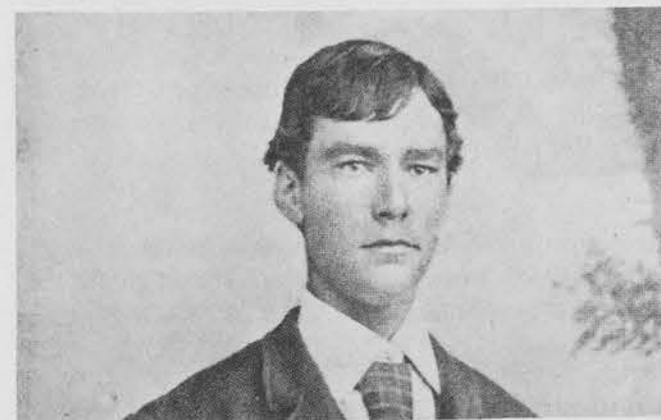
LC 73-14200 illus. Santa Fe, 1928
ISBN 0-405-05674-5 \$14.00

Greenwood, Robert

THE CALIFORNIA OUTLAW: TIBURCIO VÁSQUEZ; Including the Rare Contemporary Account by George Beers

Although not particularly sensitive to all of the social issues surrounding the life of Tiburcio Vásquez, this detailed account of the most famous of California outlaws reveals the deep tensions between Mexican Americans and Anglos in nineteenth-century California. Of special interest is the reproduction of George Beers' rare *Vásquez; or the Hunted Bandits of the San Joaquin* (1875). A *San Francisco Chronicle* reporter who rode with the posse which captured Vásquez in 1874, Beers later conducted several interviews with him before his hanging.

LC 73-14203 Los Gatos, Ca., 1960
ISBN 0-405-05677-X \$16.00



Elfego Baca

Kibbe, Pauline R.

LATIN AMERICANS IN TEXAS

Using a combination of hard data and case studies, Pauline Kibbe presents a revealing picture of legal, economic, residential, and governmental discrimination against Mexicans in Texas. Mrs. Kibbe prepared this controversial report while serving as first Executive Secretary of Texas' Good Neighbor Commission. Although The Commission was established in 1943, ostensibly to investigate anti-Mexican discrimination, many Texans objected to Mrs. Kibbe's candid approach. The wave of antagonism that was directed against her for doing her job forced Mrs. Kibbe to resign her position.

LC 73-14205 Albuquerque, N.M., 1946
ISBN 0-405-05679-6 \$18.00

Otero, Miguel Antonio

OTERO: An Autobiographical Trilogy

- Volume I: MY LIFE ON THE FRONTIER, 1864-1882: Incidents and Characters of the Period When Kansas, Colorado, and New Mexico Were Passing Through the Last of Their Wild and Romantic Years
- Volume II: MY LIFE ON THE FRONTIER, 1882-1897: Death Knell of a Territory and Birth of a State
- Volume III: MY NINE YEARS AS GOVERNOR OF THE TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO, 1897-1906

In the first volume of his autobiographical trilogy, former governor Miguel Antonio Otero of New Mexico tells the story of his life from 1864 through 1882. The scion of a wealthy New Mexican, Hispano merchant-politician family, Otero relates his experiences across Kansas, Colorado, and New Mexico. This book provides a revealing Hispano elite perspective on the nineteenth century, with insights into contemporary political, economic, and social life.

In the second volume Otero continues his recollections. Of particular interest is his discussion of New Mexico's Hispano politics, including such organizations and activities as the Santa Fe Ring, the *Penitentes*, the *Gorras Blancas*, the battle over statehood, and struggles within the territory's Republican Party.

The recollections are completed in the third volume which is liberally spiced with revealing excerpts from letters, official documents, and newspaper articles. This is the most "political" of Otero's books. Although somewhat strident in defending his gubernatorial record, the author nonetheless paints a vivid personal portrait of the territory in its closing years before statehood.

LC 73-14420 New York, 1935/39/40
ISBN 0-405-05685-0 3 vols. in 1 \$52.00

Perales, Alonso S.

ARE WE GOOD NEIGHBORS?

Discrimination against Mexican Americans in Texas receives a thorough and graphic airing in this important collection of documents. A lawyer and long-time Chicano civil rights spokesman, Alonso Perales makes a unique contribution to the understanding of the Chicano experience by gathering into this single volume a great number of testimonies and reports of official and unofficial anti-Mexican discrimination in the Lone Star State.

LC 73-14213 illus. San Antonio, 1948
ISBN 0-405-05687-7 \$16.00

Tuck, Ruth D.

NOT WITH THE FIST: Mexican-Americans in a Southwest City

This in-depth portrait of Mexican Americans in the city of San Bernadino (alias Descanso), California, is one of the most important, detailed Chicano community studies yet published. Although hampered by an unfortunate tendency toward traditional stereotyping of the Mexican American, Dr. Tuck provides a perceptive, readable analysis of twentieth-century Anglo-Chicano relations.

LC 73-14218 New York, 1946
ISBN 0-405-05691-5 \$16.00

The Puerto Rican Experience

33 Books — \$595 *

Published: 1975

*All books in this collection may be purchased individually and include Cataloging in Publication (CIP) data as provided by the Library of Congress.

Advisory Editor

Francesco Cordasco

Francesco Cordasco is Professor of Education at Montclair State College, New Jersey. He has served as a consultant to the Migration Division, Department of Labor, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. Professor Cordasco has taught at New York University, the University of Puerto Rico, University of London, Long Island University and City University of New York. Among his many published works are *Minorities and the American City* (1970), *Jacob Riis Revisited: Poverty and the Slum in Another Era* (1968/1971), *Puerto Ricans on the United States Mainland* (1972), and *The Puerto Rican Experience: A Sociological Sourcebook* (1973). He is a member of the Racism and Social Justice Committee of the National Council for the Social Studies.

Editorial Board

Eugene Bucchioni

Professor Bucchioni is Associate Professor of

Education at Herbert H. Lehman College, City University of New York. An urban sociologist, actively engaged in a wide range of programs in Puerto Rican communities, he is co-author, with Professor Cordasco, of *The Puerto Rican Community and Its Children*, and of *The Puerto Rican Experience*.

Maximiliano Soriano

Professor Soriano is a member of the Puerto Rican Studies Department of Herbert H. Lehman College, City University of New York. A specialist in bilingual education, Professor Soriano has served as consultant to the Bilingual Education Program of the Newark (N.J.) public schools.

Diego Castellanos

Mr. Castellanos is Coordinator For Hispanic Affairs in the New Jersey State Department of Education, and has served as a consultant to agencies for program development in Puerto Rican mainland communities.

The Puerto Rican Experience

The Puerto Rican community in the continental United States numbers some 1.5 million persons, which is approximately half the number of the island's burgeoning 2.8 million population. Puerto Ricans have been on the mainland for many years. In the 19th century, a small colony gathered largely in New York City, worked for the independence of the island. After the annexation of the island in 1898 by the United States, a continuing migration to the mainland began. In 1910, some 1,500 Puerto Ricans were living in the United States. By 1930, they numbered close to 53,000. The migration was reversed during the depression of the 1930's; and again was substantially impeded by World War II in the early 1940's. After the end of World War II it increased steadily until it reached its peak in the early 1950's — in 1953, 304,910 persons left the island and 203,307 returned, leaving a net balance of 74,603. The state of the economy on the U.S. mainland has always been an indicator of this migration, and declines in Puerto Rican migration to the mainland are precisely due to economic hardship in the States.

Yet, despite its ebb and flow, the Puerto Rican migration has brought into being a U.S. mainland Puerto Rican presence which is an important part of the varied American experience. There can be little doubt that Puerto Ricans will work out their roles and adjustments in ways different from those of other immigrant groups. Technically, as American citizens, Puerto Ricans are migrants to the American mainland. The assemblage of a basic collection of works on the Puerto Rican experience is significantly appropriate at this time.



A varied and proliferating literature exists about Puerto Rico and its people. The mainland experience, following and continuing through the years of migration, has stimulated a growing literature dealing with the dynamics of conflict and acculturation; the culture of the poor and the massive programmatic onslaughts on poverty; Puerto Rican power and community solidarity; and with that experience from the contexts of social needs encompassing education, health, housing, employment, and other necessities. This mainland literature includes materials as disparate as the early study by the Welfare Council of New York; the grim diagnostic profile constructed by the Puerto Rican Forum; the journalistic account by Wakefield; the political *obiter dicta* of Colon; the demographic and health studies by Jaffe and Berle; and the multiplicity of documents on the inequality of educational opportunity.

The Puerto Rican Experience collection brings together texts, documents, and materials which provide a basic reference source for the study of the island, the migrations to the mainland, and the varied, and still evolving, responses to the continental *milieu* in which the Puerto Ricans find themselves. Since the history of Puerto Rico following the annexation has been inextricably linked to that of the continental mainland, the emphasis in this collection has been on the migration and the mainland experience, but the island experience — whose literature is indescribably vast — has not been neglected. The inclusion of works by Cebollero, Osuna, Roberts/Stefani, Perloff, Tugwell and White and the invaluable *Background Studies* of the Status Commission, provide the historical and sociological island backgrounds against which the Puerto Rican experience in the continental United States may be better understood.

The Puerto Rican Experience is limitedly retrospective. For the most part, the materials are contemporary. Yet, it would be hazardous if Puerto Rican history and the Puerto Rican experience on the mainland are defined in terms which consider Puerto Rican identity to be essentially the same as that of other ethnic groups. The peril lies in failing to note at the outset that the Puerto Rican/United States experience is unlike that of any other group, and even the appellation "Puerto Rican Americans" is incongruous with that experience. This collection places in clear perspective the experience of Puerto Ricans on the United States mainland, and the historical and sociological island backgrounds which make this experience intelligible. Above all, the collection affirms the uniqueness and importance of that experience.

Francesco Cordasco

Berle, Beatrice Bishop

Eighty Puerto Rican Families* in New York City: Health and Disease Studied in Context. New Foreword

Berle conducted an intensive study of health and related problems of Puerto Rican families in a densely populated slum area in New York City. Many of the problems were related to anxiety and frustration because the "discrepancy between an individual's aspirations and the limited employment opportunities open to him due to lack of schooling or special skills cannot be reconciled." Dr. Berle's study represents a departure from a diagnostic approach to the treatment of illness and disease. It attempts to utilize an etiological approach in its broadest cultural and social aspects. The report includes recommendations for realistic, long-range resolutions of the health-related problems of the Puerto Rican community in New York City, particularly calling for the establishment of family service centers. In such centers the peripheral yet important social and cultural factors, as well as their implications, could be studied in relation to the cause and treatment of disease.

LC 74-14221 New York, 1958
ISBN 0-405-06211-7 charts and tables \$20.00

Blanco, Tomas

El Prejuicio Racial en Puerto Rico [Racial Prejudice in Puerto Rico]

In his long monographic essay, Blanco provides a careful examination of racial prejudice in Puerto Rico as contrasted with racial prejudice in the United States. The early date of the monograph makes it an important source in the study of racial discrimination encountered by migrating Puerto Ricans on the mainland.

LC 74-14222 Second Edition
ISBN 0-405-06212-5 tables San Juan, 1948
Spanish text \$7.00

Carroll, Henry K.

Report on The Island of Porto Rico; Its Population, Civil Government, Commerce, Industries, Productions, Roads, Tariff, and Currency, With Recommendations.

This is the report of the special commissioner sent by President McKinley to investigate conditions on the island following its annexation. The report investigates social, financial and civil conditions, and contains exhaustive appendices which collect testimony given at hearings conducted by Commissioner Carroll. The statistical tables derive from official sources. The report is extremely valuable for comparing conditions at the time of the American occupation with those of today.

LC 74-14223 Washington, D.C., 1899
ISBN 0-405-06213-3 tables \$45.00

Cebollero, Pedro A.

A School Language Policy for Puerto Rico

In this monograph, Cebollero (who was the Dean of the College of Education, University of Puerto Rico) provides a comprehensive overview of a problem which is still debated today. He traces the "history and present status of the language problem (1900-1937)," carefully examines previous studies, analyzes the social needs for English in Puerto Rico, and concludes with a set of recommendations for the formulation of a language policy.

LC 74-14224 tables San Juan, 1945
ISBN 0-405-06214-1 English Edition \$8.00

Chiles, Paul Nelson

The Puerto Rican Press Reaction to The United States, 1888-1898

In this analysis of the island's newspapers between 1888-1898, Chiles includes a brief review of the history of journalism in Puerto Rico. His study of Puerto Rican press reactions to the American presence includes notices of (1) the American press, (2) American politics, (3) the "Yankee Peril", and economic perils. Chiles concludes that the most important American influence was economic, and only limitedly cultural.

LC 74-14225 Philadelphia, 1944
ISBN 0-405-06215-X \$7.00

Clark, Victor S., et al.

Porto Rico and Its Problems

An exhaustive analysis of rural and urban conditions, government organization, public finances, external trade and public works, this study remains one of the most important ever conducted. Although it includes recommendations for solving the chief economic and political problems on the island, these recommendations were largely unheeded. This Brookings Institution survey was made in 1928-29, and is a landmark study of the major economic and political problems which persisted in later decades.

LC 74-14226 Washington, D.C., 1930
ISBN 0-405-06216-8 illus. \$42.00

Coll Cuchí, José

Un Problema En América [The American Problem]

The author of this monograph was a leader of the Nationalist Party. Pointing to the injustice of American governance of Puerto Rico, the book is an important part of that literature which inspired the granting of Commonwealth status to the island. In what is essentially a critique of the failure of continuing efforts to "Americanize" Puerto Rico, the author goes into considerable detail to describe the American management of the island through military rule.

LC 74-14227 Second Edition
ISBN 0-405-06217-6 Spanish text Mexico City, 1944
\$13.00

Colon, Jesus

A Puerto Rican in New York and Other Sketches

Colon's autobiographical chronicle is in many ways unique. It is an early account of recollections of his life in New York City in the early 1920's, and of his experiences as a writer for a socialist newspaper. *A Puerto Rican in New York and Other Sketches* is vividly personal in assessing much of the conflict between Puerto Rican culture and the mainland experience.

LC 74-14229 frontispiece New York, 1961
ISBN 0-405-06218-4 \$11.00

Enamorado Cuesta, J[ose]

Porto Rico, Past and Present: The Island After Thirty Years of American Rule. A Book of Information, Written for the American Reading Public, in the Interest and for the Benefit of the People of Porto Rico.

Because it constitutes a severely critical account of American rule, and is written in English by a Puerto Rican, Enamorado Cuesta's book is unusual. The author's emphasis is socio-economic. When he reviews the island's economy, Cuesta condemns the control of Puerto Rico's wealth by a governing elite. The book is one of the harshest appraisals extant of the condition of the Puerto Rican agricultural worker. Enamorado Cuesta predicts many of the steadily worsening social and economic factors in Puerto Rico which were to continue unabated.

LC 74-14231 [New York, 1929]
ISBN 0-405-06220-6 tables \$10.00

Fernández Vanga, Epifanio

El Idioma de Puerto Rico y El Idioma Escolar de Puerto Rico (Language and Language Policy in Puerto Rico)

This is part of the literature reflecting the bitterly fought issue of which language was to be dominant in Puerto Rico — Spanish or English. The author defends the use of Spanish in the island's schools as the best way to safeguard the preservation of Puerto Rican identity and culture.

LC 74-14232 San Juan, 1931
ISBN 0-405-06221-4 Spanish text \$17.00



Fleagle, Fred K.

Social Problems in Porto Rico

Fred K. Fleagle was a professor at the University of Puerto Rico. His work is an early sociological study of conditions on the island. Most of the problems which Fleagle describes persisted through the succeeding decades and remained unresolved. In many ways, Fleagle's monograph is the most important of the early efforts in social diagnosis. It formed the basis for recurring American mainland concern about deteriorating conditions in Puerto Rico.

LC 74-14233 Boston, 1917
ISBN 0-405-06222-2 tables \$8.00

Friedrich, Carl J.

Puerto Rico: Middle Road to Freedom

This is the most incisive examination of the Commonwealth status of Puerto Rico yet made. It carefully identifies the principal difficulties in the relations between the island and the United States Federal Government. Friedrich's monograph is essential for understanding the problems of the Commonwealth alliance which led to the formation of the United States-Puerto Rico Commission on the status of Puerto Rico in the mid-1960's.

LC 74-14234 New York, 1959
ISBN 0-405-06223-0 \$7.00

Gallardo, José M., editor

Proceedings of [The] Conference on Education of Puerto Rican Children on The Mainland (October 18 to 21, 1970)

Here are the published proceedings of an invitational conference held from October 18 through October 21, 1970 by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico Department of Education. The participants, who included educators from both the island and the mainland, considered the following topics: cultural background of the Puerto Rican child; testing and placement of Spanish-speaking children; overcoming the language barrier of the Spanish-speaking child; recruiting and training teachers of English for Spanish-speaking children; preparing instructional materials; and the effective cooperation of Puerto Rican agencies.

LC 74-14235 Santurce, Puerto Rico, 1972
ISBN 0-405-06224-9 frontispiece \$11.00

Geigel Polanco, Vicente

Valores de Puerto Rico [Puerto Rican Leaders]

This biographical compendium contains concise descriptions of outstanding Puerto Ricans in all types of professions during the 19th and early 20th centuries. Polanco addressed himself to a wide spectrum of early Puerto Rican problems, some of which are still unresolved, e.g. independence. In this way, *Valores de Puerto Rico* offers not only a collection of interesting biographical studies, but a register of Puerto Rican social concerns as well.

LC 74-14242 San Juan, 1943
ISBN 0-405-06229-X Spanish text \$10.00

Institute of Field Studies, Teachers College, Columbia University

Public Education and The Future of Puerto Rico: A Curriculum Survey, 1948-1949

This exhaustive study of the educational system of Puerto Rico — the fullest ever undertaken — was conducted by the Institute of Field Studies, Teachers College, Columbia University. Basically historical and sociological, the study reviews the development of the island's educational system in light of problems which had reached critical proportions. The Institute had conducted an earlier survey in 1926 — *A Survey of the Public Educational System of Puerto Rico*. The most vexing problem was that of language instruction — English or Spanish, or both. Related to the language problem was that of Americanization. Most of the specific recommendations in the Columbia survey were never implemented.

LC 74-14237 New York, 1950
ISBN 0-405-06225-7 charts and tables \$35.00

Jaffe, A[bram] J., editor

Puerto Rican Population of New York City

This collection of papers delivered before the New York area chapter of the American Statistical Association represents the most complete study ever made of the demography of the New York City Puerto Rican community. As such it is a model on which current data should be structured. Among the papers are included: A. J. Jaffe, "Demographic and Labor Force Characteristics"; Louis Weiner, "Vital Statistics"; and Sophia Robinson, "Social and Welfare Statistics."

LC 74-14238 New York, 1954
ISBN 0-405-06226-5 tables \$7.00

New York (City). Welfare Council.

Puerto Ricans in New York City: The Report of the Committee on Puerto Ricans in New York City of the Welfare Council of New York City

The Welfare Council of New York City was created in 1925 "to provide a coordinating and central planning unit for welfare and health services in the five boroughs of New York City." In January 1947 this organization established a Committee on Puerto Ricans "because many people, particularly those engaged in social, educational, and health work, were aware of the existence of hardship and unmet needs in neighborhoods where concentrations of Puerto Ricans, already great, were daily increasing." *Puerto Ricans in New York City*, the Committee's report, deals with the size and location of the Puerto Rican population; problems of neighborhood groups of Puerto Ricans; education, employment and health; Spanish-speaking personnel in social agencies; migration and resettlement; and includes a set of recom-

mendations. The report is one of the first in-depth portraits of the New York City Puerto Rican community.

LC 74-14230 New York, 1948
ISBN 0-405-06219-2 tables \$7.00

Osuna, Juan José

A History of Education in Puerto Rico

This is the second and final edition of a massive history of education in Puerto Rico which, in its original form, was presented as a doctoral dissertation at Teachers College, Columbia University, in 1923. For many years, Professor Osuna was Dean of the College of Education at the University of Puerto Rico. Puerto Rico's history is divided into three main periods: Spanish rule until 1898; U.S. rule from 1898 to 1920; and U.S. rule from 1920 to 1945. Professor Osuna provides one of the most complete accounts available of the language problem — Spanish or English — as it evolved following the American acquisition of the island. The work also includes elaborate data appendices and bibliographies.

LC 74-14239 Second Edition
ISBN 0-405-06227-3 Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, 1949
maps and tables \$38.00

Perloff, Harvey S.

Puerto Rico's Economic Future: A Study in Planned Development

Perloff's study is one of the best in-depth appraisals of the Puerto Rican economy on the eve of the great migrations of the 1950's. It remains an invaluable guide to understanding the economic programs and policies of the island's government during a period of accelerating change. Perloff's assessment of the economy, its historical backgrounds, characteristics, and trends — with particular emphasis on the population growth — prophetically forecast many of the events which were to follow in the vast and continuing migration to the mainland.

LC 74-14240 Chicago, 1950
ISBN 0-405-06228-1 illus. \$27.00

Puerto Rican Forum

The Puerto Rican Community Development Project: Un Proyecto Puertorriqueño de Ayuda Mutua Para El Desarrollo de la Comunidad. A Proposal For a Self-Help Project to Develop the Community by Strengthening the Family, Opening Opportunities for Youth and Making Full Use of Education

The Puerto Rican Community Development Project proposal was intended as a self-help project to develop the community by strengthening the family, opening opportunities for youth, and making full use of education. The proposal is a classic study of the Puerto Rican in New York, and a major source of

data on the contemporary *milieu* in which the Puerto Rican is found. The proposal documents a number of postulates: that once they learn English, Puerto Ricans are not 'making it'; that children born in New York City of Puerto Rican parents are not automatically becoming successful New Yorkers once they go through the city's school system; that the fate of the Puerto Ricans will not be the same as that of other immigrant groups who came before — unless some lessons learned by past immigrations are applied and the significant differences are recognized and worked with. The proposal includes: a rationale for a culturally based project; a research proposal; programs; organization of programs with a project framework; and a succinct history of the Puerto Rican migration and its trends.

LC 74-14243 Second Edition
ISBN 0-405-06230-3 New York, 1964
tables \$9.00

An Original Anthology

Puerto Ricans and Educational Opportunity

- a. Morris High School, New York City and The Migration Division — Department of Labor, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico
Study of Puerto Rican Graduates [of] Morris High School, June 1961. New York, June 1963
- b. Wolfe, Deborah Partridge
Interim Report on Education and Citizenship in The Public School System of Puerto Rico. Report of the Committee on Education and Labor, House of Representatives, 87th Congress, 2nd Session, Washington, D.C., 1962
- c. Margolis, Richard J.
The Losers: A Report on Puerto Ricans and the Public Schools, New York, 1968
- d. "Hemos Trabajado Bien," A Report on the First National Conference of Puerto Ricans, Mexican Americans, and Educators on the Special Educational Needs of Urban Puerto Rican Youth. Sponsored by Aspira, Inc., May 14 and 15, 1968. New York, [1968]
- e. Puerto Rican Association For National Affairs
How Equitably are Bilingual-Bicultural Education Programs Servicing The Puerto Rican Students? [Washington, D.C., 1972]

One of the major problems facing the Puerto Rican community in the United States is the meaningful education of its children. Collected in this original anthology are (1) a report on the Puerto Rican graduates (June 1961) of Morris High School in New York City, one of the few studies of this kind; (2) a report to the Congressional Committee on Education and Labor on education in Puerto Rico in the early 1960s (and its concomitant problems for the mainland experience); (3) a graphic chronicle of visits to American schools revealing the educational plight of

Puerto Rican children; (4) the text of the report of the first national conference on the special needs of Puerto Rican youth, and (5) a provocative discussion of the Bilingual Education Act enacted by the Congress in 1967 and its failure to serve the needs of Puerto Rican children.

LC 74-14246 New York, 1975
ISBN 0-405-06231-1 charts and tables \$12.00

An Original Anthology

The Puerto Ricans: Migration and General Bibliography

- a. Senior, Clarence and Josefina De Roman, compilers
A Selected Bibliography On Puerto Rico And The Puerto Ricans. New York, [1951]
- b. Senior, Clarence, compiler
Bibliography On Puerto Ricans In The United States. New York, 1959
- c. [Cordasco, Francesco]
The People Of Puerto Rico: A Bibliography. New York, [1968]
- d. **Puerto Rican Migrants On The Mainland Of The United States.** (Reprinted from the *IRCD Bulletin*, Vol. IV, No. 1, Yeshiva University), New York, January 1968
- e. Cordasco, [Francesco] M. and Leonard Covello
Studies of Puerto Rican Children In American Schools: A Preliminary Bibliography. (Reprinted from the *Journal of Human Relations*, Vol. XVI, No. 2, Second Quarter, Central State University), Wilberforce, Ohio, 1968
- f. Dossick, Jesse J.
Doctoral Research on Puerto Rico and Puerto Ricans. New York, 1967
- g. Puerto Rican Research and Resources Center, Inc.
Puerto Rican Migration: A Preliminary Report, Prepared for [the] U.S. Civil Rights Commission. [Washington, D.C., 1971]
- h. Dworkis, Martin B., editor
The Impact of Puerto Rican Migration on Governmental Services in New York City. New York, 1957
- i. Griffin, A. P. C., compiler
A List of Books, With References to Periodicals on Porto Rico. U.S. Senate. Library of Congress, Division of Bibliography. 56th Congress, 2nd Session, Doc. No. 222, Washington, D.C. 1901

Puerto Rican migration to the United States mainland has generated much literature. This original anthology is a collection of generally scarce materials which bibliographically profile this literature and the literature of related problems. Included are early bibliographies by Clarence Senior, Josefina De Roman, and Francesco Cordasco which were issued by the Migration Division of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and a bibliography by A. P. C. Griffin who was the Chief of the Bibliography Division of the Library of

Congress. The anthology also contains a review of the literature and background studies — with a mention of Oscar Lewis's *La Vida* — by Gertrude S. Goldberg and Edmund W. Gordon; a bibliography of some 400 items about the Puerto Rican child in the American school; Jesse J. Dossick's invaluable classified list of doctoral dissertation research of Puerto Rico and the Puerto Ricans; Martin B. Dworkis's monograph on the impact of Puerto Rican migration on government services in New York City, i.e., education, employment, health, housing and welfare — essentially analogous to the impact of Puerto Ricans in other cities; and an informational review of the present state of Puerto Rican migration.

LC 74-14245 New York, 1975
ISBN 0-405-06232-X charts and tables \$22.00

Roberts, Lydia J. and Rosa Luisa Stefani

Patterns of Living in Puerto Rican Families

In an extensive study conducted by the University of Puerto Rico, Roberts and Stefani consider the living conditions of Puerto Ricans on the island. Based on a representative sample of families at various income levels and from urban and rural areas, the study draws attention to the make-up of Puerto Rican families (sex, age, income, occupation, educational status), their housing conditions, health and dietary practices. What is revealed is essentially a picture of widespread poverty and its multifaceted ramifications. The authors discuss the special programs in progress which were designed to improve living conditions and to provide greater economic opportunities. Furthermore, they consider what appropriate social policies could mitigate the harsh living conditions of many island Puerto Rican families. This study provides the historical perspectives needed to understand the migration to the mainland, and it furnishes a comparative context against which a changing Puerto Rico can be measured.

LC 74-14247 Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, 1949
ISBN 0-405-06233-8 illus. \$24.00

Rosario, José C[olombán]

The Development of the Puerto Rican Jíbaro and his Present Attitude Towards Society

This is a classic study of the Puerto Rican *jibaro*, the idealized folk hero. Rosario provides a full portrait of the *jibaro's* ethnic, social, and cultural inheritance, his religion, family patterns and attitudes. In essence, Rosario examines a vanishing social class. The extensive sugarcane monoculture, established in the early twentieth century, drew many of the *jibaros* from the hill towns and turned them into a landless, wage-earning proletariat.

LC 74-14248 Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, 1935
ISBN 0-405-06234-6 tables \$7.00

Rowe, L[eo] S.

The United States and Porto Rico: With Special Reference to the Problems Arising Out of Our Contact with the Spanish-American Civilization

Rowe was a member of the commission to compile and revise the laws of Puerto Rico from 1900 to 1901 and chairman of the Porto Rican Code Commission from 1901 to 1902. His book is an early analysis of the social, political and legal problems arising from American contact with Puerto Rican culture. In his book, Rowe observed: "... extension of American sovereignty cannot, in and of itself, develop the qualities requisite for the successful working of free institutions, and any attempt to build on such a principle is certain to bring disaster."

LC 74-14249 New York, 1904
ISBN 0-405-06235-4 \$16.00

Siegel, Arthur, Harold Orlans and Loyal Greer

Puerto Ricans in Philadelphia: A Study of Their Demographic Characteristics, Problems and Attitudes

This is an in-depth study of the Philadelphia Puerto Rican community largely concentrated in the Spring Garden area — one of the few studies of Puerto Ricans in a city other than New York. The *Report* includes an examination of the migration of Puerto Ricans to Philadelphia; the history of its Puerto Rican community; an evaluation of the established methods used by private and public agencies to provide services; educational programs in the schools for Puerto Rican children; and relations between the police and the Puerto Rican community.

LC 74-14250 Philadelphia, 1954
ISBN 0-405-06236-2 maps and tables \$8.00

[Tugwell, Rexford G.]

Puerto Rican Public Papers of R. G. Tugwell, Governor

Here is an invaluable collection of the public papers of Rexford Guy Tugwell who served as the last American governor of Puerto Rico from 1941-1946. It includes his inaugural address of September 19, 1941, and his regular and special messages to the Puerto Rican legislature (e.g., "Report on the Five-Hundred-Acre Law," and "Statement to the Chavez Sub-Committee of the Senate Committee of Territories and Insular Affairs"). Tugwell's papers provide a basic reference source which allows a fuller understanding of Tugwell's *The Stricken Land: The Story of Puerto Rico*.

LC 74-14251 San Juan, 1945
ISBN 0-405-06237-0 \$21.00

United States-Puerto Rico Commission on the Status of Puerto Rico

Status of Puerto Rico: Report of the United States-Puerto Rico Commission on the Status of Puerto Rico, August 1966

The Commission was convened in 1964 to "study all factors . . . which may have a bearing on the present and future relationships between the United States and Puerto Rico." Its *Report*, published in 1966, includes a summary of the legal-constitutional, economic, and sociocultural factors which relate to the status of Puerto Rico; the history and organization of the Commission; and the Commission's conclusions and recommendations. The *Report* also includes an excellent bibliography.

LC 74-14253 [Washington, D.C.,] 1966
ISBN 0-405-06238-9 tables \$16.00

United States-Puerto Rico Commission on the Status of Puerto Rico

Status of Puerto Rico. Selected Background Studies Prepared for the United States-Puerto Rico Commission on the Status of Puerto Rico, 1966

The *Selected Background Studies* were prepared for the Commission's use during its deliberations and include: (1) The Puerto Rican Political Movement in the 19th Century; (2) Historical Survey of the Puerto Rico Status Question, 1898-1965; (3) Significant Factors in the Development of Education in Puerto Rico; (4) Unionism and Politics in Puerto Rico; (5)



Puerto Rico: An Essay in the Definition of a National Culture; (6) The U.S. and the Dilemmas of Political Control; (7) Selected Trends and Issues in Contemporary Federal and Regional Relations; (8) The Netherlands, French and British Areas of the Caribbean; (9) Toward a Balance Sheet of Puerto Rican Migration; (10) Inventory of Government Documents: Part I (Departments, Agencies, and Instrumentalities of the Executive Branch of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Part II (Federal Agencies with Offices in Puerto Rico). Together, the *Selected Background Studies* constitute one of the major informational sources on modern Puerto Rico.

LC 74-14254 [Washington, D.C.,] 1966
ISBN 0-405-06239-7 tables \$54.00

United States Senate. Select Committee on Equal Educational Opportunity.

Equal Educational Opportunity for Puerto Rican Children (Part 8): Hearings Before the Select Committee on Equal Educational Opportunity of the United States Senate. 91st Congress, 2nd Session, Washington, D.C., November 23, 24 and 25, 1970

The text of the hearings before the Select Committee on Equal Educational Opportunity of the U.S. Senate were addressed to the educational needs of Puerto Rican children. The hearings on Puerto Rican children (November 23, 24 and 25, 1970) formed part of the deliberations of the Senate Select Committee, chaired by Senator Walter F. Mondale of Minnesota, which comprehensively considered the matter of equal educational opportunity. The Senate Select Committee, authorized pursuant to Senate Resolution 359 (February 19, 1970, 91st Congress, 2nd Session), "heard teachers, students, parents, academic experts, school administrators and government officials." The report on Puerto Rican children includes "Basic Program Plans, 1970-1974," by the Center for Urban Education; and excerpts from "The Way We Go to School," a report by the Task Force on Children Out of School, Boston, Mass.

LC 74-14255 Washington, D.C., 1970
ISBN 0-405-06240-0 illus. \$16.00

Van Middeldyk, R. A.

The History of Puerto Rico: From the Spanish Discovery to the American Occupation

Van Middeldyk's book is the first history of Puerto Rico written in English. It was designed to give the American reader an overview of the island, its people and culture. The first part covers the history of the island from its discovery to the Spanish-American War of 1898, and the second part is a valuable profile of Puerto Rico, its people and institutions, immediately following the American occupation.

LC 74-14256 New York, 1903
ISBN 0-405-06241-9 illus. \$20.00

Wakefield, Dan

Island in the City: The World of Spanish Harlem

Wakefield provides a poignant account of Puerto Rican daily life in the vast *barrio* of East Harlem, New York City. The harsh realities of life for the Puerto Rican poor are graphically described in Wakefield's first-hand journalistic report dealing with migration, education, housing, employment and religious practices. Although written over a decade ago, the author's sensitive discussion of the impact of poverty upon the Puerto Rican community is freshly relevant to the contemporary living conditions of most of New York's Puerto Ricans.

LC 74-14257

ISBN 0-405-06242-7

Boston, 1959

\$16.00

White, Trumbull

Puerto Rico and Its People

Much of the philosophy behind American policy toward Puerto Rico in the 1930's and 1940's is amply revealed in White's history of the island. It is a journalist's probing look at the social, economic, and political state of the island after forty years of American rule. White was a war correspondent in Puerto Rico in 1898. His account represents the general framework of knowledge and the ideological posture toward Puerto Rico which shaped American attitudes and policy. It is a valuable sourcebook on the conventional American conception of the island and its problems before the great migrations of the late 1940's and 1950's.

LC 74-14258

ISBN 0-405-06243-5

illus.

New York, 1938

\$24.00

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The Reports of the Immigration Commission—familiarily known as the Dillingham Reports—are directly correlated to the legislation enacted between 1917 and 1924 which effectively closed the gates of America to a vast number of immigrants. As such, they are invaluable to the study of immigration, especially in its economic and sociological aspects. When first issued, the very detailed study of the Commission gave what appeared to be official and presumably scientific proof of the innate inferiority of southern and eastern Europeans. The Commission bent whatever evidence it could find to prove this preconceived idea. Despite this shortcoming, the *Reports* remain essential source material for anyone concerned with the entire history and background of immigration in the United States. Dr. Handlin has written an introduction to the Arno Press edition in which he discusses certain misinterpretations contained in the *Reports*; he notes also the significant achievements of the Commission. His introduction provides essential background information for intelligent reading and interpretation of the data presented by the Immigration Commission. The Arno Press edition retains all charts and tables, exactly as they appeared originally.

LC 76-85474

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LC 69-18778

Chicago, 1931

ISBN 0-405-00526-1

\$8.50

Gamio, Manuel

MEXICAN IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES: A STUDY OF HUMAN MIGRATION AND ADJUSTMENT

Mexican immigration assumed such tremendous proportions during the '30's that it attracted the anxious attention of both governments, and roused the opposition of labor in the United States. This book, published under the auspices of the Social Science Research Council, presents a " . . . strikingly broad and inclusive investigation that throws light on many phases of immigration. . . . It pays attention not only to the numbers affected and the economic factors involved, but considers also the cultural backgrounds of the immigrants. . . ." (*The New York Times*)

LC 69-18777

Chicago, 1930

ISBN 0-405-00525-3

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Taylor, Paul S.

MEXICAN LABOR IN THE UNITED STATES (2 volumes)

This extremely detailed study of Mexican migration is unquestionably the most authoritative examination of any group movement to the United States. Sponsored by the Committee on Scientific Aspects of Human Migration of the Social Science Research Council, the study is the result of three years field work by a University of California economist. He selected certain regions in which Mexican laborers were concentrated and by means of documents and especially interviews, he thoroughly describes nearly every feature of the workingman's existence.

LC 77-129416

Berkeley, Calif., 1930/32

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The Quivira Society Publications

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