



## League of Women Voters of Minnesota Records

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October 19, 1949

Mrs. Gertrude Wallinder  
Room 10  
Spalding Hotel  
Duluth, Minnesota

Dear Mrs. Wallinder:

Thank you very much for the material which you sent. I went to a meeting of the planning committee last week and we evolved a tentative program which goes something like this:

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15

9:00 - 10:30

Setting of Minnesota's Tax  
Problems  
Oscar Litterer, Federal Reserve  
Board

10:30 - 12:00

How Minnesota Raises Its Money  
Harold Henderson, Minnesota  
Institute of Governmental Re-  
search

12:00 - 1:30

Lunch

1:30 - 2:30

(above cont'd) - Henderson

2:30 - 4:30

How Minnesota Spends Its Money  
Highways )  
Education ) speakers  
Mental Institutions ) not yet  
Welfare ) determined

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16

9:00 - 12:00

Suggested Methods of Tax Reform  
Labor - Robert Gannon, C. I. O.  
Business - C. Herbert or  
Houston or  
Connally  
Farmers -

Mrs. Gertrude Wallinder

2

October 19, 1949

State Tax Department - Roland  
Hatfield  
Interim Tax Committee - Fred  
Memmer  
State Local Relations - C. C.  
Ludwig

All of these speakers are tentative, but this is the program as we worked it out. The program announcements should go out some time this week or in the early part of next week.

Sincerely,

Barbara Stuhler  
Organization Secretary

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UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA  
Center for Continuation Study

Institute in Tax Problems

November 15 and 16, 1949

Registrants

Anderson, Mrs. Carl W.	Kasson, Minnesota
Befort, Mrs. Vernon A.	Red Wing, Minnesota
Boline, Mrs. C. A.	Battle Lake, Minnesota
Bowe, Yvonne M.	Red Wing, Minnesota
Britts, Ruby E.	Duluth, Minnesota
Chapin, Glade V.	Kasson, Minnesota
Chesley, Jean M.	Red Wing, Minnesota
Crim, Catherine	South St. Paul, Minnesota
Erickson, Mrs. Kenneth L.	Minneapolis, Minnesota ( <i>Knollwood Park</i> )
Essex, Mrs. H. E.	Rochester, Minnesota
Ghostley, Pearl Catherine	Anoka, Minnesota
Gillen, Lois	St. Paul, Minnesota
Hale, Mrs. Lloyd	Minneapolis, Minnesota
Hanson, Mrs. C. P.	St. Paul, Minnesota
Hargraves, Mrs. Malcolm	Rochester, Minnesota
Hotchkiss, Mrs. F. W.	Minneapolis, Minnesota
Howland, Mrs. J. A.	Battle Lake, Minnesota
Jahnke, Clara	Rochester, Minnesota
Jahnke, Esther H.	Hutchinson, Minnesota
Jensen, Lillian H.	Hopkins, Minnesota
Jones, Mrs. David G.	Minneapolis, Minnesota
Jordan, Mrs. Herb	Austin, Minnesota
Kehl, Mrs. R. A.	St. Paul, Minnesota
Kelly, Mary	South St. Paul, Minnesota
Kulbitski, Gary	South St. Paul, Minnesota
Lenertz, Ellen	South St. Paul, Minnesota
Limond, Sheila B.	Anoka, Minnesota
Lindgren, Irene	South St. Paul, Minnesota
Lyman, Helen	Excelsior, Minnesota
McClendon, Mary T.	Minneapolis, Minnesota
McKee, Frances	Bemidji, Minnesota
McMillan, Kenneth K.	Austin, Minnesota
McMillan, Mary B.	St. Paul, Minnesota
Meinecke, Mrs. Allan H.	St. Paul, Minnesota
Mock, Mrs. William P.	St. Paul, Minnesota
Morris, Mrs. F. A.	St. Paul, Minnesota
Morrison, Mrs. Roger W.	Rochester, Minnesota
Nelson, Mrs. Roy	Fergus Falls, Minnesota
Newstrom, Mrs. Eugene	Minneapolis, Minnesota
Partridge, Mrs. A. W.	St. Paul, Minnesota
Peterson, Mrs. Richard J.	Hutchinson, Minnesota
Regan, Mrs. Thomas P.	Minneapolis, Minnesota
Richards, Mrs. Myron	Wayzata, Minnesota ( <i>Minnetonka</i> )
Rye, Ruth Price	Excelsior, Minnesota
Schwabe, Kay	South St. Paul, Minnesota
Sheppard, Dorothy L.	St. Paul, Minnesota
Sherman, Mrs. Royal V.	Red Wing, Minnesota
Stevens, Mrs. Arthur	Austin, Minnesota
Stuhler, Barbara	Minneapolis, Minnesota
Thomas, Mrs. Lincoln A.	Minneapolis, Minnesota
Washburn, Hope	St. Paul, Minnesota
Wilder, Mrs. Russell M.	Rochester, Minnesota
Wolf, Mrs. William	Austin, Minnesota
Young, Mrs. Basil M.	Hibbing, Minnesota

Oscar Litterer - Setting of Minnesota's Tax Problems

1948 - \$262,000,000,000 - gross product.  
22.5% 1948 - 51,000,000,000 - taxes pd.  
1948 226,000,000,000 - net h'd income  
\$19.50 out of every \$100.00 in taxes

close to  $\frac{1}{4}$  of income in taxes

Taxes higher in future - local gov'ts floating  
High taxes because of high level of services -  
not graph & inefficiency.

Gov'ts have increased in efficiency.

1948 - \$4,600,000,000 salaries pd. to civil  
2,700,000,000 " " military  
7,300,000,000

Salaries little over 12% in salaries. Even if  
Hoover Comm. recommendations adopted,  
there could be little savings - only 6% if employees  
attitude toward gov't service reduced by  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
socialists  
individualists.

Pvt. enterprise - individuals attempt to maximize  
income by satisfying consumer. Pvt.  
enterprise most adaptable system ever  
devised & most dynamic. Pvt. enterprise  
will do this provided the consumer is willing  
to pay the cost of production.

Gov't - regulates commerce - the way of doing  
business. When gov't provides the services, specific benefits  
are not balanced & specific costs the needs of the people are the  
Increase in gov't expenditures on all levels.

war

fear of war

urbanization.

police

welfare

fire

health & sanitation.

determining  
the cost of  
the gov't  
the cost of  
the gov't  
the cost of  
the gov't

concentration of business  
 decentralization - labor relations  
 development of democracy  
 since property qualification for  
 voting → liberal expenditures →  
 some states trying to remove  
~~property~~ voting qualifications  
 demand for work  
 gov't has not assumed responsibility  
 for full employment.  
 Depression & pub. works

Burden of taxes  
 high taxes dampen business enterprise  
 " " tend to reduce efficiency of bus.

Deficit financing  
 5 1/2 billion in the red at present.  
 tends to increase prices - because it  
 increases the supply of money.  
 dollar value now .59¢ as compared with  
 100¢ in 1939.

Percentage of taxes paid by indiv from income payments.  
 Mich. Minn. Mont. N.D. S.D. Wis.  
 4.6% 4.1% 3.0% 3.8% 3.0% 4.1%

Per capita indebtedness, 1947  
 Mich. Minn. Mont. N.D. S.D. Wis.  
 \$ 37.00 20.50 16.50 31.60 42.00 \$ .97

Harold Henderson - Govt. Minn. Recies Pto Money.  
 Econ. picture 51 Legislature will be faced with a 14-15  
 million increase in taxes 10.4%  
 Govt 1940-1948 - increase in " " Minn. 5.5%

Income payments  
 1939 - income - Minn 1,378,000<sup>232</sup> \$ 470.00  
 U.S. 70,601,000,000 590.00  
 1948 income - Minn 3,970,000,000 1355.00  
 U.S. 206,011,000,000 1410.00



Income taxes	60.7%
Property taxes	11.5%
Alcohol	5.
Gasoline	3.4
Sales	3.1
Tobacco	3.
Motor vehicle	2.38
Inheritance	2.
Customs	.79
all other	9.

3.  
Tax bill, 1948  
all levels  
of gov't.

Tax exempt bond may save fed. interference  
system - average <sup>in payments</sup> less than 2%  
on the other hand, it is a tornado cellar  
type of investment

Tax bill, Minn., 1949 or 27.2% of total income  
\$1,544,000,000 - total

fed. gov't took	63	668,000,000
state	17	183,000,000
counties	5.3	56,000,000
cities	7	74,000,000
towns	1	10,000,000
schools	6	62,000,000

124% increase in revenue in 10 years

Tax revenues?  
48 states

Minn.

4.

W. V.	10.6%	5.9%
income	10.8	19.7
property	2.8	4.1
inheritance	1.8	1.6
sales	14.7	
gas	12.6	11.3
alcohol	4.2	7.1
tobacco	3.4	3.7
utilities	1.5	6.3
motor vehicle	5.	4.9
(ore)	1.6	5.1
fed. aids	14.7	17.

28 states - personal inc.

32 " - corporate inc.

Property tax classification - 8 classes

ore	5.0	2 homestead exemptions
urban	40	
rural	33 1/3	

property tax - some spot for big industry, also  
on dairy herds, etc.

State Aids, 1948

42.6 - counties  
37. schools

Aids - people spending money not raising  
it - people lose control of pub. funds



# Dedicated Funds:

~~Income tax school fd.~~

## Sales Tax

in Minn.

Iowa - 20% food & admissions - 57,000,000  
 3% food, fuel, medicine & out 52,000,000  
 70,000,000

3% a regressive tax - 25 other states have it  
 unwise to adopt sales tax in Minn. unless it  
 replaces other taxes to avoid a higher tax  
 burden.

## Berg et al - How Minn. spends its money.

1. Planning & preparation - exec
2. Presentation - exec & legis
3. Adoption - legis.
4. Execution - exec.
5. Proper reporting - legis & exec.

5 steps in  
 budgeting

boy - law - Minn. Legislature

Appropriations  
1940

1950

Increase  
62,000,000

6.

Educ.  
313%

13,884,000

57,311,000

Inst.  
203%

6,160,000

18,649,000

Nat'l  
Hort  
116%

Cons.  
199%

Tendency of expenditures since 1940 - more for  
welfare educ., institutions  
grants - in - aid.

1945

50,346,000

# Gannon

Effect of tax policy on employments vis  
versa depression.

- |                      |                     |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. consumer          | } underlying trends |
| 2. producer & seller |                     |
| 3. gov't             |                     |

## 1. Consumer

- unemployment trend - increasing
- savings of low & middle income groups are decreasing.
- prices - going up
- wages - up - far less than prices - since Sept 1/2 of 1946 only 3%.

## 2. Producer & seller

- profits - still an. all time high
- non-durable goods production - slump.
- durable goods - not as rapid a slump. still 2 " points

## 3. Government

- back log of improvements
- increase in welfare activities
- past wars & present cold-war.

Possible main points in a state tax reform program.

- increased state ~~tax~~ income tax exemption

no tax on incomes under 4,000.

- protect subsistence std. of living
- preserve a market

- exempt from state property tax

- household goods
- grain in the hands of producers
- live stock



3. Decrease special sales taxes 8.  
motor fuel ✓ (perhaps)  
alcohol ✓  
tobacco ✓  
ins.  
misc.

4. Increase n. i. taxes

5. Investigate pro & cons of gross  
earnings tax on railroads &  
telephones to put them back on  
property roles.

6. Chain store tax

7. Undistributed profits tax

8. Excess profits tax

9. Industry migration

1939-1947

Minn. ranks 1st in

Minn. among top states in no. of firms.

10. No sales tax

11. increase now are taxes from 11 to  
23%

### Houston Ludwig

Our system of gov't in Minn. is a coop.  
one involving a mixture of state & local  
activities

Complete reliance on the property tax will never  
do the job. Local gov'ts will not go along  
with a reduction of the tax base except  
in re the household goods - 1/2 of 1% of the  
total property tax. Increase gross  
earnings tax on rrs. & telephone cos. &  
share with cities.

block grant to each city & village  
of one dollar per capita per year.

- [illegible]

Houston

\$497,000,000 income in excess of \$5,000

Most detrimental tax on Minn. today is  
the personal property tax.

Chen

10.

0 - 449	2.2
500 - 999	4.5
1000 - 1499	6.5
1500 - 1999	10.3
2000 - 2499	12.7
<del>2500</del> 2999	13.8
<hr/>	
	50.70

Rural under \$3,000 - about 8 1/2 more



Enosba	11	2
Austen	111	4
Battle Lake	11	2
Benidji	1	1
Deerpark Falls	1	1
Duluth	1	1
Hutchinson	11	2
Kasson	11	2
Knollwood Park	1	1
Shilling	1	1

Page 2.

Minnneapolis	1111 1111	10
Minnietonka	1	1

Red Wing	1111	4
Rockester	1111	5

St. Paul	1111 1111	10
So. St. Paul	1111 1	6
/		<hr/> 53

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA  
Center for Continuation Study

Institute in Tax Problems

November 15 and 16, 1949

Announcement

The University of Minnesota announces an Institute in Tax Problems to be held November 15 and 16 at the Center for Continuation Study on the Minneapolis campus. The institute is being presented with the cooperation of the Minnesota League of Women Voters. The purpose of the institute is to make an analysis of state revenues and expenditures and to consider tax reforms. The program will be substantially as listed below.

Program

Tuesday, November 15

8:00 - 9:00 Complete registration. Dormitory Desk, Center for Continuation Study  
9:00 - 9:15 Introduction ..... Fred E. Berger, Norman Johnson  
9:15 - 10:30 The setting of Minnesota's tax problem ..... Oscar Litterer  
10:30 - 12:00 How Minnesota raises its money ..... Harold Henderson  
12:00 - 1:30 Luncheon. Center dining room  
1:30 - 2:30 How Minnesota raises its money (continued) ..... Harold Henderson  
2:30 - 4:30 How Minnesota spends its money ..... Earl Berg  
Resource persons ..... Grace Dougherty, Carl Jackson,  
O. L. Kipp, Wilbur Nichols, K. B. Rykken

Wednesday, November 16

9:00 - 12:00 Suggested methods of tax reform  
Robert Gannon  
Clarence C. Ludwig  
G. Sidney Houston

Faculty

FRED E. BERGER, Program Director, Center for Continuation Study, University of Minnesota  
EARL BERG, Commissioner of Administration, State of Minnesota, St. Paul  
GRACE DOUGHERTY, Statistician, Minnesota Department of Education, St. Paul  
ROBERT GANNON, Director, Research and Legislation, Minnesota State Council, Congress of Industrial Organization, Minneapolis  
HAROLD HENDERSON, Executive Director, Minnesota Institute of Governmental Research Incorporated, St. Paul  
G. SIDNEY HOUSTON, Manager, Industrial Research, First Bank Stock Corporation of St. Paul and Minneapolis  
CARL JACKSON, Director, Division of Public Institutions, Minnesota Department of Social Security, St. Paul  
NORMAN JOHNSON, Director, Center for Continuation Study, University of Minnesota

O. L. KIPP, Chief Engineer, Minnesota Department of Highways, St. Paul

OSCAR LITTERER, Industrial Economist, Federal Reserve Bank, Minneapolis

CLARENCE C. LUDWIG, Professor of Political Science, University of Minnesota

WILBUR NICHOLS, Head, Fiscal Service, Minnesota Division of Social Welfare, St. Paul

J. M. NOLTE, Dean of University Extension, University of Minnesota

K. B. RYKKEN, Manager, State-wide Planning Survey, Minnesota Department of Highways,  
St. Paul

#### Registration and Cost

The fees for the institute are as follows: registration, \$2.00; tuition, \$2.00; total, \$4.00. Application for registration should be made at once on the accompanying blank.

The dormitory and other facilities of the Center for Continuation Study will be available to those who register for the institute. The application blank gives information as to the charges for rooms and meals. Dormitory space at the Center, however, is limited; and those who wish to live there during the institute are urged to submit their reservations immediately. Room assignments will be made in the order in which applications are received, and each applicant will be notified as to what reservations have been made. Further information may be obtained by writing to the Director, Center for Continuation Study, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis 14.



UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA  
Center for Continuation Study  
Minneapolis 14

Town Planning Institute

November 18 and 19, 1949

Announcement

The University of Minnesota through the facilities of its School of Architecture and the Department of Sociology will conduct a Town Planning Institute on Friday and Saturday, November 18 and 19, 1949, at the Center for Continuation Study on the Minneapolis campus. The institute is being presented with the cooperation of the Minneapolis City Planning Commission and the League of Minnesota Municipalities. Its intention is to stimulate citizen participation in community planning, with emphasis on the small town and city in Minnesota. The program will be substantially as follows.

Program

Friday, November 18

8:00 - 9:00	Complete registration. Dormitory Desk, Center for Continuation Study	
9:00 - 9:10	Introduction .....	J. M. Nolte
9:10 - 10:25	The community .....	Theodore Caplow
10:35 - 12:00	Functions of the planner .....	Robert T. Jones
12:00 - 1:00	Luncheon. Center dining room	
1:00 - 1:50	<u>The City</u> (motion picture)	
2:00 - 3:25	<u>The neighborhood plan</u> .....	John Hunner
3:35 - 5:00	<u>The continuous program</u> .....	Herman E. Olson

Saturday, November 19

9:00 - 10:25	The architectural design .....	Harlan E. McClure
10:35 - 12:00	Panel of the faculty	

Faculty

FRED E. BERGER, Program Director, Center for Continuation Study, University of Minnesota  
THEODORE CAPLOW, Assistant Professor of Sociology, University of Minnesota  
JOHN HUNNER, Director of City Planning Board, Duluth  
NORMAN JOHNSON, Director, Center for Continuation Study, University of Minnesota  
ROBERT T. JONES, Professor of Architecture, University of Minnesota  
HARLAN E. MCCLURE, Associate Professor of Architecture, University of Minnesota  
J. M. NOLTE, Dean of University Extension, University of Minnesota  
HERMAN E. OLSON, City Planning Engineer, City of Minneapolis

Eligibility and Fees

The institute is being given for the mayors of Minnesota municipalities, the members of municipal planning commissions and local housing and redevelopment authorities, and the members of local civic groups, but it is open to all who have a community interest in such planning and wish to attend. Fees are: registration, \$2; tuition, \$2; total, \$4, payable upon application.

Applications and Lodging

Those who plan to attend the institute should apply immediately to the Director, Center for Continuation Study, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis 14. The application blank which accompanies this announcement lists rates for rooms, meals, and garage facilities at the Center.

The Center for Continuation Study is on the Minneapolis Campus of the University of Minnesota, near the corner of Seventeenth Avenue Southeast and University Avenue. Lodging accommodations in limited number are available there for the period of the institute. Use of the Center dormitory is reserved to the registrants in continuation courses, but the dormitory is almost always full to capacity; and those who wish to reserve rooms during the institute are urged to apply without delay. Those who do not wish to stay at the Center may secure their own accommodations in the Twin Cities. Applications to attend the institute will be processed and the available lodging accommodations will be assigned in the order in which the applications are received; and each registrant will receive confirmation of his enrollment and will be notified as to his lodging accommodations, if he has requested lodging. After the available rooms have been assigned, applications to attend the institute will be accepted with the understanding that the applicant will obtain for himself whatever lodging accommodations he may need for the two days. If such accommodations are not available, and the applicant is thus unable to attend, his fees for the institute will be returned to him.

Because of crowded conditions, the enrollment for this institute is limited; and the University reserves the right to end registration for it when the limit has been reached. The University also reserves the right to deny admission to any applicant whose application it has not accepted in advance of the institute and whose enrollment is not confirmed.

Further information may be obtained by writing to the Director, Center for Continuation Study, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis 14, Minnesota.

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA  
Center for Continuation Study

Town Planning Institute

November 18 and 19, 1949

Application Blank

Name \_\_\_\_\_

(Please print)

Address \_\_\_\_\_

(Street)

(City)

(State)

Occupation \_\_\_\_\_ Civic Interest Group \_\_\_\_\_

Education record (for the registration files of the University):

High School \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

College \_\_\_\_\_ Degree \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Graduate School \_\_\_\_\_ Degree \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Date of last attendance at University of Minnesota \_\_\_\_\_

Services desired. Please check type of room you wish reserved for you. In so far as possible, room reservations will be made as indicated. Accommodations in the Center dormitory are limited. If we cannot reserve the class of accommodations checked, as long as space is available we shall reserve rooms as nearly as possible like those you select, subject to your approval.

Double room, without bath (each person \$1.65 a day) \_\_\_\_\_

Single room, without bath (\$2.00 a day) \_\_\_\_\_

Double room, with bath (each person \$2.25 a day) \_\_\_\_\_

Single room, with bath (\$2.75 a day) (Number very limited) \_\_\_\_\_

If you wish to share a room with another member of the course, please write the name here \_\_\_\_\_

Meals at the Center are available as follows: breakfast, a la carte; luncheon, 75¢; dinner, \$1.25. (Reservations for meals at the Center may be made daily.)

Please check below if you wish a reservation in one of the University garages. The reservations must be made in advance on this blank; otherwise, garage space may not be available.

Day parking (7:00 a.m. to 6:30 p.m.), 50 cents a day \_\_\_\_\_

24-hour parking, 80 cents a day \_\_\_\_\_

Rates listed above are subject to change without notice.

I expect to arrive \_\_\_\_\_ and to leave \_\_\_\_\_  
(date and approximate time) (date and approximate time)

THE UNIVERSITY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO CANCEL A COURSE SHOULD OCCASION ARISE TO DO SO.

I enclose \$4.00 (check or money order payable to the University of Minnesota) in payment of registration and tuition for the Town Planning Institute, November 18 and 19, 1949. I understand that \$2.00 of this fee will be retained by the University in the event that I cancel my registration at any time, but that, if my application is not accepted or if for any reason the institute is not held, the entire sum will be refunded.

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Mail to Director, Center for Continuation Study, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis 14, Minnesota.



UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA  
WORKSHOP IN ECONOMIC EDUCATION  
June 26 - July 15, 1950

SPONSORS:

School of Business Administration  
College of Education  
Joint Council on Economic  
Education

LOCATION:

First floor, Dining Hall  
Building, St. Paul Campus,  
University of Minnesota

SCHEDULE:

Mornings, lectures, 9:00 a.m.  
with discussion following  
Afternoons, projects planned by  
workshop participants and staff  
Evenings, lectures, 7:15 p.m.  
with discussion following

FULL TIME STAFF:

Lawrence E. Giles  
College of Education, University  
of Minnesota  
Irma Linse  
School of Business Administration  
University of Minnesota  
Ray G. Price  
College of Education, University  
of Minnesota  
Spencer M. Smith  
School of Business Administration  
University of Minnesota  
Barbara Wright  
Senior Consultant, Minneapolis  
Public Schools

*Walter Andrews, State Dept. of  
Education*

PROGRAM

June

26	Monday	9:00 a.m.	<u>Purpose of the Workshop</u> -- Ray G. Price
			HOW DOES OUR ECONOMY LOOK?
		9:30 a.m.	<u>What is the National Income Picture?</u> -- Arthur Upgren, School of Business Administra- tion, University of Minnesota
		7:15 p.m.	<u>What are the Trends in Regard to Wages and Profits?</u> -- Francis Jones, Economist for Green Giant Corporation, Minneapolis
			WHAT ARE THE TOOLS TO USE IN STUDYING OUR ECONOMIC SYSTEM?
27	Tuesday	9:00 a.m.	<u>What and Where are the Sources of Reliable Information?</u> -- Richard Gaumnitz, Assistant Dean, School of Business Administration, University of Minnesota
		7:15 p.m.	<u>What are Some of the Economic Fallacies and Misconceptions?</u> -- Spencer Smith, School of Business Administration, University of Minnesota

## June

### WHAT IS THE STATUS OF LABOR IN OUR ECONOMY?

28 Wednesday 9:00 a.m.

What is the Role of Labor in a Democratic Society? -- John Dunlop, Department of Economics, Harvard University

7:15 p.m.

What are the Pertinent Labor-Management Problems? -- Dr. E. W. Burgess, Director of Industrial Relations, General Mills, Minneapolis; David Winton, President, Winton Lumber Company; George W. Lawson, Secretary, Minnesota State Federation of Labor; Herbert Heneman, School of Business Administration, University of Minnesota; Stanley Ruttenberg, Director, Department of Research and Education, CIO; Mr. Dunlop.

29 Thursday 9:00 a.m.

What are the Recent Developments and Problems Relating to Social Security and Social Legislation? -- Mr. Ruttenberg

7:15 p.m.

How Effective is Collective Bargaining? -- Mr. Dunlop

### WHAT ARE THE SIGNIFICANT ECONOMIC PROBLEMS OF AGRICULTURE?

30 Friday 9:00 a.m.

Agriculture--What are its Characteristics and Place in the Economy? -- O. B. Jesness, Chief, Division of Agricultural Economics, University of Minnesota

7:15 p.m.

A Review of Agricultural Price and Income Programs. -- Mr. Jesness

## July

1 Saturday 9:00 a.m.

What Sort of a Farm Program Do We Want? -- Mr. Jesness

### WHAT IS THE STATUS OF THE CONSUMER IN OUR ECONOMIC SYSTEM?

3 Monday 9:00 a.m.

What are Some of the Needs and Problems of the Consumer? -- Warren Waite, Division of Agricultural Economics, University of Minnesota

7:15 p.m.

How Can the Market Best Serve the Consumer? Mr. Waite

4 Tuesday

Holiday

July

WHAT ARE THE PROBLEMS RELATING TO MONEY  
AND CREDIT?

5 Wednesday 9:00 a.m. The Banking System and Capital Formation: --  
J. Marvin Peterson, Director of Research,  
Federal Reserve Bank, Minneapolis

7:15 p.m. What Services are Performed by the Banking  
System? -- Julian B. Baird, President,  
First National Bank, St. Paul, Minnesota

SHOULD WE HAVE MORE OR LESS GOVERNMENT  
REGULATION?

6 Thursday 9:00 a.m. What Should be the Role of Government in  
Regulating our Economy? -- Corwin Edwards,  
Chief Economist, Federal Trade Commission,  
Washington, D. C.

7:15 p.m. What is the Status of Monopolistic Practices?  
Mr. Edwards

7 Friday 9:00 a.m. Summary Discussions by Staff and Participants

7:15 p.m. Open -- to be planned by staff and partici-  
pants

8 Saturday 9:00 a.m. Open -- to be planned by staff and partici-  
pants

WHAT ARE THE FINANCIAL PROBLEMS IN RESPECT  
TO THE WORLD SITUATION?

10 Monday 9:00 a.m. How Can Inflation and Deflation be Controlled  
Walter A. Morton, Professor of Economics,  
University of Wisconsin

7:15 p.m. What are Some of the Significant Problems  
in Foreign Exchange - Oliver B. Bongard,  
Business Specialist, Foreign Trade, U.S.  
Department of Commerce, Minneapolis

WHAT ABOUT TAXES

11 Tuesday 9:00 a.m. What are the Trends in Government Expend-  
itures and Sources of Revenue? -- C. J.  
Coil, Director, National Planning Associ-  
ation, Washington, D. C.

7:15 p.m. What is Our Taxation Policy? -- Harold  
Groves, Professor of Public Finance,  
University of Wisconsin



July

- 12 Wednesday 9:00 a.m. How Should Our Tax Money Be Spent? --  
J. Cameron Tomson, President, Northwest  
Bancorporation, Minneapolis; Mr. Coil;  
Mr. Upgren; Marion H. Hedges, Labor Advisor,  
ECA, Washington, D. C.
- WHAT ARE THE RECENT PROBLEMS IN INTERNATIONAL  
TRADE?
- 7:15 p.m. What are Some of the Significant Values  
and Limitations of International Trade? --  
Francis Boddy, School of Business Admin-  
istration, University of Minnesota
- 13 Thursday 9:00 a.m. What are Some of the Factors Controlling  
World Trade? -- Horst Mendershausen,  
Economist, New York Federal Reserve Bank
- 7:15 p.m. What are the Values and Limitations of the  
Economic Cooperation Administration? --  
Mr. Hedges
- HOW DOES OUR ECONOMIC SYSTEM COMPARE WITH  
OTHERS
- 14 Friday 9:00 a.m. What are the Problems of Economic Planning  
and Control? -- Ben Lewis, Professor of  
Economics, Oberlin University
- 7:15 p.m. What is the Score? An Evaluation of our  
Economic System. --
- 15 Saturday 9:00 a.m. Final Reporting and Evaluation -- Staff and  
Participants.