



Charles W. and Mary Lesley Ames Family Papers

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Aug 4th 15. 501 Grand Ave

St Paul Branch
French Wounded Emergency Fund

Dear —

I am sending you a list
of the seven boxes of Surgical
Dressings & ^{other} materials sent to the
New York office (39-41 West 38th St.)
since the middle of July.

I am also sending you
some parts of letters received from
N.Y. and London - knowing that
they will interest all the circles
as they have interested ~~the~~ ^{circles}.

You will see from the lists
how well the circles have done,
and that much good work has
also come from the Work Rooms.
At the work rooms almost all
of the Shirts and Pyjamas have
over

been made, and much shooting
has been cut & hemmed^{ed}.

If any of the Circles wish for
"Kits" of Samples, we ~~can~~^{will gladly} make
them up here, & send them to
them.

Very sincerely
Mary L Ames
Chairman.

501 GRAND AVENUE.
ST. PAUL.

Night message
Nov. 18 '15
Western Union Tel. (Sent 11 PM)
To Mrs Ethelbert Nevin
38 West 39th St

Mr Goad wishes our boxes
sent to Mr Edwards care
American Relief Clearing
House Paris. Shall we
send nine boxes now
ready to you for you
to forward to Paris?

Mary L Ames
501 Grand Ave
St Paul Minn

Tuesday Nov. 9 '15

To Mr Harold Goad
Auditorium Hotel
Chicago Ill



Please stay with us here
Have arranged for meeting
here Saturday night.
Have talked with Miss
McMillan. ~~Please~~ Wire
us your train to St Paul.
Are you going to Duluth
also.

Mrs C. W. Ames

501 Grand Av. St Paul

NIGHT LETTER

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

INCORPORATED

25,000 OFFICES IN AMERICA

CABLE SERVICE TO ALL THE WORLD

THEO. N. VAIL, PRESIDENT

BELVIDERE BROOKS, GENERAL MANAGER

RECEIVER'S No.

TIME FILED

CHECK

SEND the following NIGHT LETTER subject to } September 30, 1915.
the terms on back hereof which are hereby agreed to }

Mrs. Ethelbert Nevin, Chairman,

F. W. E. F.

38 West 39th Street,

New York, N. Y.

Telegram of instructions received but no reply to Mr. Ames' Sunday Night Letter. Must hear about delivery of nine boxes referred to. I am writing you today at length but please telegraph in full immediately that we may avoid expensive journey to New York to straighten matters out.

MARY L. AMES.

Prepaid.

NIGHT LETTER

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

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SEND the following NIGHT LETTER subject to }
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St. Paul, Minn.
September 30, 1915.

Mrs. Mary Hatch Willard, Chairman,
Surgical Dressing Committee,
7 West 29th Street,
New York, N. Y.

Will you please telegraph full answer to our letter of
September twenty-seventh to Miss Carifa Spencer regarding
our last nine boxes sent to Two Twenty-Five West Forty-Fifth
Street. Until we know positively that these have been safely
received by your committee our workers can have no confidence
in any further shipments.

MARY L. AMES.

DREDATH.

(1)
Copy
501 Grand Ave. St Paul
Minnesota
Monday Sep. 27th '15

My dear Miss Spencer -

We are in considerable uncertainty and trouble, because your Surgical Dressings Committee did not send us any word of your fresh change of address from 25 West 45th St, to 7 West 29th St.

We have naturally been sending our boxes to the former address, and also our bills of lading.

(2)

On August 30th we sent
(or rather one of our circles,
Chairman Miss Helen Bunn,
White Bear Lake sent) three
boxes of dressings &c. Boxes
numbered 15, 16, 17.

Yesterday we received
word that these three
boxes were at the N. Y.
Freight office unclaimed

My daughter wrote
me on the 15th Sep. sending
the Bill of Lading for six
other boxes (Nos 18, 19, 20, 21,
22, 23) sent off that day -
& also addressed to 25 W. 45th St.

(3)

Are these also lying in the freight office? And have you ever received the bill of lading?

But I know you had not received it ~~where~~ last week because ^{my daughter} ~~she~~ received it back, with word on the outside "~~not at this~~ ^{unknown} address". She then resunt it to ^{Mrs Willard} ~~you~~ to 105 West 40th Street.

Surely the Post Office should have been notified that you had moved from 25 West 45th to your present

addresses.

We are especially anxious to know what has become of the three boxes sent on Aug 30th.

And also to know if you receive the six later boxes.

We shall soon have six or seven other boxes to send - but we do not dare start them off until this uncertainty is cleared up.

We have also written

(5)

and telegraphed to Mrs
Nevin of the French Wounded
Emergency Fund. And from ^{a telegram from}
Miss Chaunely.
~~we~~ received word of your
new address.

Will you kindly send
the Numbers ^{on} ~~the~~ our boxes,
in acknowledging them,
as it would help us, in
our records — & we should
then feel sure which boxes
you are referring to.

If you will telegraph
us (at our expense) on receipt
of this, I shall be grateful
Sincerely
Mary L Ames

over

P.S. I suppose these boxes
above mentioned were sent
by Freight on the same R. Rs
as previous "sendings" - which
were "Care Lackawanna Line

N. Y. C. St L - D. L & W.

Fast Freight

(Copy of report sent to Miss
Dillon of the ^{St Paul} Daily News)
The American Fund for
French Wounded

was started in France soon
after the opening of the
~~France-Prussian~~ ^{Great} War in 1914.

Mrs ^{Bryan} ~~Leah~~ ~~Sturms~~ Lathrop was
the organizer and has been
ever since that time the
President of the Paris Office
- now situated at the
Alcazar d'Ete on the Champs
Elysees, ~~the Ave. Gabriel~~.

^{During} ~~for~~ ~~the~~ ~~four~~ years ~~that~~ this
Office has supplied several
thousand ^{of the} small hospitals
in France, with surgical

(2)

Dressings, bedding, Hospital
Garments, rubber articles
surgical Instruments, anaesthetics
& antiseptics.

Before America entered the
War, & before the Red Cross
began to work for ~~Army~~ ^{Hospital}
supplies in a large way
the American Fund for
French Wounded was effec-
tively at work, forming its
~~societies~~ Committees in
America from whom came
the money & supplies to
support the Work of the
Paris Office.

The work grew rapidly until in ~~Jan.~~ 1918 there were ^{some} 500 Committees in ~~America~~ ^{the U.S.} with an efficient Headquarters in N.Y. City.

The Report of the Work for 1917 states that:—

Shipments
per Month were — 651,000 ^{articles}
~~And~~ that for the year of 1917
there were shipments for the
year of:—

Hospital Supplies —	1,550,378
Surgical Dressings —	5,436,018
Civilian Garments —	358,639
(for Refugees)	
Miscellaneous —	471,434

Grand Total 7,816,469

All these articles were
~~distributed~~ transported
free of cost to France
by the French Government
and were distributed
directly to the Hospitals
by the Paris Office.

4
Our St Paul Branch (or Committee)
of the American Fund for French
Wounded was ^{formed} started in
May 1915 and has now com-
pleted its 3rd year - and
is still working vigorously.
And ⁱⁿ our three years we
have sent to the Paris Depot
~~over~~ ^{over} ~~some~~ ^{over} 350,000
~~some~~ 365,642 articles (Surgical
Dressings & Hospital supplies).
and during the last year Refugee garments
And we have received and
spent in so doing about \$20,000.
To which should be added
some \$3000 spent in Expressage ^{to N.Y.} and
and special ^{private gifts} sums of money
sent ~~for~~ to the Paris Office, and
for the care of a Motor. This

motor^{car} was also the gift
of a St Paul citizen. (5)

Also we are now organizing & supporting a St Paul Dispensary in France, ^{for the care of children} ~~the~~ ^{older people} the initial expenses of which (\$3000.)— were defrayed by a few persons devoted to the cause of the American Fund for French Wounded.

Since the ^{American} Red Cross took up the larger work of the care of our Armies & those of our Allies— they have accepted the co-operation of the A.F.F.W. as

(6)

a friendly aid. And lately
they have given over the
care of all ^{wounded} American Soldiers
~~wounded~~ ^{who have been} placed in French
Hospitals to ~~the care of the~~
A. F. F. W. - ^{The Paris Office has} ~~We had~~ therefore,
in addition to all ^{its} former
work, to send out a corps
of visitors to find and care
for these wounded Americans
- and this they gladly un-
dertake.

You can easily understand
that these Soldiers - stranded
in French Hospitals, usually
quite unable to speak French
- lonely & suffering, are

rejoiced beyond measure
to hear their native tongue
& met these friendly visitors.
These soldiers all declare
that the French Hospitals
give them every care and
~~are devoted~~ ^{devoted} to them - but
that they long to hear &
speak to an American.

We feel that it is ^{most} important
that the work of the A.F.F.W.
should be kept up.

While the Red Cross must
do the heavy work of
meeting the big demand
for supplies of all kinds

and of the big organization
of ways & means, transporta-
tion, depots &c &c, this little
Sister - the O F F W - older in
the Field & knowing the ways
& methods of the French People
& their Hospitals - can be
of great use to the Big Insti-
tution ^(The Red Cross) in many personal
ways - where the personal
touch is needed.

of your Committee
If ^{we} of St Paul could
be sure of receiving from
our Citizens \$12,000 ^{for the next 2 years} a year
we should be able to con-
tinue to do our share of
this work - We could and

9
our quota of goods of all
kinds - we could care for
our own special Dispensary
(soon to be placed near the
Front under the care of two
St Paul Women, Miss Elizabeth
McGregor, & Miss Mary Clark
already in Paris) - and we
could continue our aid to
the general Expenses of the
Paris Office.

Many Citizens have been
very generous to this cause.

Will not they & others
continue ~~the~~ to aid the
good work?

Mary L Ames
(Mrs C.W.) Chairman.

Mrs Ethelbel Nevin, Chairman French Sewing Fund
38. West 39th St New York City

Now advised that our three boxes numbered 15,
16 ~~17~~ 17, sent by Miss Bana August 30
addressed ^{as instructed} 25 West 45th St are unclaimed
though bill of lading was mailed to same ad-
dress. Letter of advice ^{to Mrs. Greene} for six boxes
numbered 18 to 23 sent to same address
September ~~16~~ 16 returned to us marked
address unknown. We are naturally much
surprised and disturbed by this and cannot
send anything more until we know
that these nine boxes have been received
and have full assurance that future ship-
ments will be properly handled. Hop-
you can & retain our confidence
immediately. See letter.
CWA

Right letter - Sept 26, 1915

FRENCH WOUNDED EMERGENCY FUND.
34, LOWNDES SQUARE, S.W.

HON. SECRETARY:
MISS EVELYN WYLD.

TELEPHONE:
VICTORIA 1724.

July 20th.

1915 London

[34 Lowndes Square]

THE ST. PAUL COMMITTEE,
French Wounded Emergency Fund.

Mesdames,

We have received word from the
Vacation War Relief Committee that you are shipping to
us a Consignment of supplies.

Upon their arrival I will send you
word at once, but in the meantime, I wish you would
send word to your Committee how very pleased we are
to add another Donor to our List.

I have just returned from France, and
it will be as gratifying to you as it was to me to
know that the Gifts which we have sent over are in
actual use in the Hospitals. I went from bed to
bed where the men were wearing our Shirts: I saw our
Towels hanging on the Chairs, and saw dozens of
Pyjama Suits being worn by the men. They all
begged me for Slippers, which seem to be a crying
need. In our Work-rooms here we make these out of

FRENCH WOUNDED EMERGENCY FUND.

34, LOWNDES SQUARE, S.W.

HON. SECRETARY:
Miss EVELYN WYLD.

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TELEPHONE:
VICTORIA 1724.

July 20th. 1915

pieces of carpet and felt or of some heavy material used for hangings. Should you wish me to send you a sample of any of the things we do, let me know at once.

I have been to France three times and I shall go over at stated periods. This will keep me in touch with the work, and I shall be able to let all of you know in America just how the conditions are.

I motored from Normandy down into Brittany, but I did not cover all our territory: this is not surprising, as we are now looking after more than 350 Hospitals in 16 Departements.

As you know, we do not send any Supplies to the Croix Rouge Hospitals, as they receive not the usual Fr.1.70. but Fr.2. per day from the Government. In addition to this the men have the Gifts from the Croix Rouge to supplement the Government allotment. Our Hospitals are the poorer

FRENCH WOUNDED EMERGENCY FUND.

34, LOWNDES SQUARE, S.W.

HON. SECRETARY:
MISS EVELYN WYLD.

-3-

TELEPHONE:
VICTORIA 1724.

July 20th. 1915

Military, and we now have them all practically on our shoulders. This we have asked for, and I made arrangements when I was last in France, that all Relief Funds receiving appeals from Hospitals should turn over those in Normandy and Brittany to us. On the other hand, we turn over all Lists which come to us from other parts of France. We know in this way exactly what is given to the Hospitals and there is no longer any over-lapping.

I found France very difficult to work in. The Railways are so congested: you cannot travel any longer in comfort: I stood up 4 hours on a trip from Paris to Caen. I tried to get envelopes in a small village in Brittany and could not do so. Gauzes and Sheets are well nigh impossible to buy and Blankets are no longer procurable in quantities.

FRENCH WOUNDED EMERGENCY FUND.

34, LOWNDES SQUARE, S.W.

HON. SECRETARY:
Miss EVELYN WYLD.

-4-

TELEPHONE:
VICTORIA 1724.

July 20th. ¹⁹¹⁵

One of the big Distributing Agencies in Paris is now sending to me for their supplies,, and hereafter I shall probably have to buy most of their Woollens and Linens for them.

It gives us a great advantage in having our Head Quarters in London. I should like to make this point very clear, because it may explain to you in America that it is better to send to London. I know that it costs more to send things here, but if you could go to France and see the congestion there - see the disadvantage under which one has to work - see the difficulty in buying things at short notice, you would all agree, I am sure, that it is better to pay a little more in getting the things to us, where you know they will be unpacked within a few hours and sent to France either that day or the next. The moment our Supplies come in they are sent into the Warehouse and at once packed into Bales.

We do not send supplies that are unasked

FRENCH WOUNDED EMERGENCY FUND.

34, LOWNDES SQUARE, S.W.

HON. SECRETARY:
MISS EVELYN WYLD.

-5-

TELEPHONE:
VICTORIA 1724.

July 20th. 191⁵

for: we have appeals come from the Hospitals and send them exactly what they have asked for.

Usually it is not a week from the time the appeal is written before the goods are in the Wards.

Will you ask your Committee if they can either write little personal notes and put them into the pockets of the Day-shirts or pin on the Garment a little flag. You do not know what this means to the men. they are perfectly delighted when they find some little personal touch.

They were all very interested in having me tell them how we are sending these things from America.

We now have five American Motor Cars in our service, and I received a cable to-day saying Boston was probably sending one from her Committee. I have had the Cars marked "French Wounded Emergency Fund" on the side, and in one corner the City which sends them, and maintains them.

FRENCH WOUNDED EMERGENCY FUND.

34, LOWNDES SQUARE, S.W.

HON. SECRETARY:
Miss EVELYN WYLD.

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TELEPHONE:
VICTORIA 1724.

.....July 20th.....1915

I found the Hospitals better than I expected, although some of them are still desperately poor. They told me in many cases that they had received all their Instruments from us. The Mattresses are in a filthy condition: I think that struck me more than anything else: they are all in lumps and most of them smell so that you can scarcely stay in the Ward. This can be understood when you realize there has been very little Rubber-Sheeting in most of the Hospitals, no Bed-pans whatever and not enough cotton-wool to keep things clean. One can imagine the result without going into details. The Directice of one of the Hospitals told me that every Mattresse in her Hospital should be burnt, and there was no chance of having any of them even cleaned.

I went to the old Chateau where William the Conqueror was born. This was filled with Algerians: they told me these men are remarkably patient.

FRENCH WOUNDED EMERGENCY FUND.

34, LOWNDES SQUARE, S.W.

HON. SECRETARY:
MISS EVELYN WYLD.

-7-

TELEPHONE:
VICTORIA 1724.

July 20th. 1915

Another Hospital I found in Normandy was most pathetic, for the Medecin Chef had made himself all of the Instruments for loosening Joints, and so forth. They had had no money for Apparatuses, and he had made out of a little Sewing Machine a contrivance with which he moved the Wrists: next to this stood an old Wheel to which he had put a wooden base, and the patient was told to revolve this wheel, thus loosening his elbow. One room was entirely fitted with home-made mechanical effects like these.

Where the men are taken to the Convents and have the nursing of the Sisters they have the best care.

I am enclosing you a letter from Mrs. Wethey, one of the best representatives we have in France. Should you care to get into communication with her she will always be glad to write to your Committee

FRENCH WOUNDED EMERGENCY FUND.

34, LOWNDES SQUARE, S.W.

HON. SECRETARY
MISS EVELYN WYLD.

TELEPHONE:
VICTORIA 1724.

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July 20th. 1915

direct. Her address is,

Mrs. Wethey,
Hotel d'Angleterre,
Caen. Calvados. France.

May I suggest to your Committee that in making Garments they made a good number of one certain kind, for instance, if we receive 50 Shirts it is more practical than if this number is divided into Shirts, Socks, Pyjamas, Vests and so forth. When I receive things in bulk they usually go to a Hospital in one Bale.

Mr. Goad was enthusiastic about the work in Columbus, and I am delighted that the Consignment is coming.

Should the war continue beyond the summer, I am going to send to all the Committees as much material as I can that will do for the Newspapers, and if we can keep our things before the Public, we can double our working capacity in the fall.

FRENCH WOUNDED EMERGENCY FUND.

34, LOWNDES SQUARE, S.W.

HON. SECRETARY
MISS EVELYN WYLD.

-9-

TELEPHONE :
VICTORIA 1724.

July 20th. 1915

Let me know by letter or cable at any time if you want me to do anything here, and please be assured that I will always look after personally everything that comes from the other side.

In our own Work-rooms upstairs, we have now over 250 Volunteers, and this is all besides our business force. In these Work-rooms they have a Slipper Room, a Bandage Room, an Old Linen Room, and a Sewing Room. They all dress in white, with white head-gear, ^{W₂} and have a long list of people waiting to obtain a place. It might not be a bad idea to have some such Work-room in America, as it seems to stimulate the interest where they are made a feature of our organizations.

With many thanks for your splendid help,

Believe me,

Yours sincerely,

Isabel Sturges Lathrop

Hon. Sec. for the American Branch.

[F.W.E.F.]

July 20, 1915. London.
34, Lowndes Square, S.W.

THE ST. PAUL COMMITTEE,
FRENCH WOUNDED EMERGENCY FUND.

Mesdames,

We have received word from the Vacation War Relief Committee that you are shipping to us a Consignment of supplies.

Upon their arrival I will send you word at once, but in the meantime, I wish you would send word to your committee how pleased we are to add another Donor to our List.

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I went to the old Chateau where William the Conqueror was born. This was filled with Algerians: they told me these men are remarkably patient. Another Hospital I found in Normandy was most pathetic for the Medicin Chef had made himself all of the Instruments for loosening Joints, and so forth. They had had no money for Apparatuses, and he had made out of a little Sewing Machine a contrivance with which he moved the Wrists: next to this stood an old Wheel to which he had put a wooden

base, and the patient was told to revolve this wheel, thus loosening his elbow. One room was entirely fitted with home-made mechanical effects like these.

Where the men are taken to the Convents and have the nursing of the Sisters they have the best care.

I am enclosing you a letter from Mrs. Wethey, one of the best representatives we have in France. Should you care to get into communication with her she will always be glad to write to your Committee direct. Her address is, Mrs. Wethey,

Hotel d'Angleterre,
Caen. Calvados. France.

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-5-

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With many thanks for your splendid help,

Believe me,

Yours sincerely,

Isabel Stevens Lathrop

Hon.Sec. for the American Branch.

(F. W. E. F.)

(Letter sent
by Mr. Goad.)

Hotel D'Angleterre,
Caen.

July 6th, 1915.

Dear Mrs. Lathrop,

I am sending you a sketch drawn by a wounded man in Cabourg Hospital and I hope to have some photos for you soon, which are being developed. The following little accounts of hospitals I have taken from my reports. If they are what you want I will send more.

"To-day we took bales to Les Pieux, one of the very poor hospitals, where the men have hardly the necessities of life. The little village has exhausted its resources, but they struggle bravely to clothe their soldiers who are drest in the oddest assortment of garments. The "Ambulance" is a great barn like building with a floor of earth on which stand the beds, at least some of them stand, the others have to be propped against the wall. They look MOST uncomfortable. The windows are all hermetically sealed, and the only ventilation is by the door which stands open when fine, when wet there is none. I noticed some deep cracks crossing the floor, through which water was running, and I was told that when it rained the water overflowed along the floor between the beds. On one side the men had dug a little gutter to try and drain it. In summer it is bad enough, but what will it be in autumn and winter? And here were three men with inflammatory rheumatism. One had been in bed for three months, and another nine weeks, and their drawn faces showed the suffering they had been through. Sheets they are very short of, clean ones are only to be had once in five weeks. The only cheerful thing in the place is a magpie, tamed by one of the men. He hops about everywhere, and is a great pet with the bed ridden men. The two large bales you sent here will give such comfort and pleasure. Sister Laurent is writing to tell you how badly they needed all you sent, and how grateful they are.

Formation Sanataire. Dielette.

This place is interesting, as the Hospital is on the site of a big iron mine owned by the Germans, and worked with much success by them. It is supposed now to have been a strategic point by which they intended to take Cherbourg in the rear. The little village is almost deserted as there is no fishing, and it is some distance from the main road. The bales for this place we took with us, and two of the strongest convalescents carried them from the motor up the steep hill. I cannot describe the pleasure of these men when they saw the clothes, the days are so monotonous, and they have so little pleasure. They each had a shirt, a vest, handkerchief, tricot, and a pair of socks. Two dear little "Sisters of the Poor" from Paris have charge of the Lingerie, and do all the dressings most skilfully. There were many cripples here. Men with stiff legs, twisted arms, and distorted faces from shell wounds, but they all crowded round eagerly to see what had been sent. The Trousers you put in these bales were splendend, and just what they need. All the men wanted them, but the little Sisters were very impartial, and dealt them out only with GREAT consideration to the most needy. One of the men here a "Chasseur" from the "Midi" found a card in his shirt with the words "worked by a Philadelphia girl" written

on it, which pleased him very much when I translated it. It was a pretty shirt with lilac and green stripes, and he was much envied by the others.

At the DEPOT, QUERQUEVILLE there are a number of men now. During the last week all the Hospitals have been filling rapidly, and they are running short of supplies of dressings, and also of clothes. At Querqueville each ward is a little house to itself. The Lingerie is the principal house, one story up. It is looked after by a Mlle. Joret who has slaved for the soldiers with the greatest devotion. I have seen some of her darns so large, and in so many different colored wools, it was hard to tell the original color of the sock. Your nine bales were carried up into the Lingerie, and the distribution began. News of this event soon went round, and across the big open space, from every building men poured out, and made for the spot. Men on crutches made wonderful time. Legless and armless they crowded up the narrow staircase, and stood waiting their turn with longing eyes. Mlle. Joret knew all of them intimately and checked the greedy, and encouraged the bashful with a firm hand. From their poor sore feet, where the skin was broken and blistered, she softly drew the dirty socks, and then with equal care put on the new ones, (even old ones are precious), so one by one the men disappeared into an inner room, and the change was affected. The slippers went like wildfire, many of the men had tied up their feet in rags, and it was a joy to fit a slipper to a wounded foot, and see the comfort it gave. Mlle Joret is sixty-five, but I am quite sure last Monday was one of the happiest days of her life. She was past thanks, but as the last soldier went down well clad and happy, she wiped her eyes with a cache nez and murmured C'est le bon Dieu."

I know you will be glad to hear one of your gifts brought comfort to a dying man. It was in one of the crowded wards at Granville. The man had had a terrible case of fractured jaw, and was unable to speak. Other complications had set in and they said it was only a case of a few hours. In the bales you had sent some packets of writing paper and pencils, and I was taking these to the different men. When I got to his bed, and he saw the packets his eyes lit up, and with great difficulty, but so eagerly, he wrote a few words to his wife. He had evidently wanted to write and had not been able to explain. He was quite exhausted with the effort, but watched me as I closed and stamped it, and half an hour later he died.

Yours sincerely,

(signed) L.H.Wethy.

ST. PAUL BRANCH
FRENCH WOUNDED EMERGENCY FUND.

Aug. 4th, 1915. 501 Grand Ave.

Dear

I am sending you a list of the seven boxes of Surgical Dressings and other materials sent to the New York office (39-41 West 38th street) since the middle of July.

I am also sending you some parts of letters received from New York and London - knowing that they will interest all the Circles as they have interested us.

You will see from the lists how well the Circles have done, and that much good work has also come from the Work Rooms. At the work rooms almost all of the shirts and pajamas have been made, and much sheeting has been cut and hemmed.

If any of the Circles wish for "Kits" of samples, we will gladly make them up here and send them to them.

Very sincerely,

Mary L. Ames,

Chairman.