Club, met some small businessmen there, said, don't worry about taxes, I won't do anything for at least a year. That is after he said the taxes was a disgrace.

We have peace in this country today. That is important to me, important to mothers who might be listening.

They talk about their full employment when we took over, that is because they had a full grown war going in Southeast Asia. That is not the way we try to end unemployment in the Republican Party.

MR. HOGE: Mr. Bruno, your question, your question of Senator Mondale.

MR. BRUNO: Senator Mondale, everyone seems to agree that solving the economic problems of inflation and unemployment have to be given top priority. You and Governor Carter have a whole shopping list of things you want to do.

After the economic problem, what do you see as the next most urgent and crucial domestic problem, in what order of importance would you go to work on such problems as the decay and bankruptcy of the cities, tax reforms, health insurance, help to the poor and the elderly.

In short, after the economy, what would be the worley & ASSOCIATES

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very specific priorities of a Carter Administration?

SENATOR MONDALE: You have to work on several problems at once, because they all demand the attention of the American people. One of the key problems would be to try to finally get a health insurance program to deal with the health crisis in America. In just the past two years, health costs in America have risen in the cities by over twenty-five percent. We have to do something about that. There is no hope under the Republican administration. Mr. Ford said he would veto any legislation if we sent it.

We have to do something about housing. We are in a housing depression. Today, nearly twenty percent of the building tradesman in America are unemployed. We need to put them back to work to build housing that Americans need. We need to continue to build support, as the budget permits, for education. We need to get back to work on the problems of senior citizens.

So, all of this has to be done prudently, within a budget and within the constraints that our resources permit. But, once we put people back to work, once we end this recession, which we will do, even the President's own estimate indicate that we will have somewhere between sixty and seventy billion dollars

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of increased revenue on existing tax rates just from economic growth, which we can use to work on these programs. Then, we will have tax return.

And, I want to deal with this problem just a moment. Mr. Dole has probably the worst record in favor of loop holes of any Senator in the United States Senate. Mr. Ford has one of the worst records in favor of tax loop holes in the history of the House of Representatives.

I have one of the best records of tax reform in the United States Senate. And, I find it very peculiar to find two people who spent their Congressional careers trying to block tax reform that permits very wealthy Americans to avoid most of their taxes, to suddenly complains when the Congress hasn't passed the kind of legislation that we are talking about.

What we are basically talking about is

Presidential leadership. We need leadership in the

Presidency, to help support those of us in the

Congress that have been pushing for tax refurm. And
then we will have it. It is now possible for people of
great wealth, by using complete tax fictions to avoid
all or most of their taxes. But, most Americans
listening to me tonight could hire the best tax lawyer
in America, and they couldn't save a dime. There are

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no loop holes for you.

MR. HOGE: Senator Dole, your response.

SENATOR DOLE: Well, I think Senator Mondale is a little nervous. But, talking about making a loop hole, I think Governor Carter -- I don't know why it comes to me, but I remember on his '75 tax return, you have probably seen it since it is public, his tax liability was \$58,000.

Not many Americans, I don't imagine many of you in the viewing audience had to worry about a \$58,000 tax bill. I didn't. But Governor Carter did, until he took off \$41,000. That is called investment tax credit. He bought some peanut machinery so he could use it next year. They took \$41,000 off his tax, and sent the government a check for \$17,000. How much did he pay on his income? Well, he paid about 12.8 percent.

This is that same man, the same Governor Carter who runs around the country talking about tax reform, loop holes, and the rich.

I don't know who rates Senator Mondale on
the Finance Committee. I don't know how they rated
him on the Honeywell Amendment he offered, and the
I.D.S. Amendment he offered. They never passed. They
never got out of the Senate. They are both special
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interest amendments. That is all right. Those are

his amendments.

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I don't know where Governor Carter's corporate returns are and his partnership returns. I haven't seem those published anywhere. But I know about his tax reform.

I want to get back to the question, if that is all right. We are talking about the economy, what are we going to do after the economy is taken care of. Well, I don't know, bif it has occurred to me, and I am certain it hasn't occurred to my counterpart, we might -- it is not illegal to take some of that surplus and apply it to the national debt. We have never done it. But we wouldn't be put in jail if Congress voted to try to retire some of that debt, take some of the pressure off of the American working men, the American working woman.

I get a little tired of Governor Carter's anti-business attitude. I know they get great support, monetary support from George Meany. In fact, I have been suggesting that George Meany was probably Senator Mondale's make up man. He may or may not have been. They did a good job.

But, I think it is time the American people understand this is a very serious election. We have got

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a tough choice to make.

Governor Carter talks about raising everyone's taxes above the median income. He didn't know what the median income was, of course. It is fourteen thousand dollars per American family. That is what it is.. So I say, take a look and you will vote for Ford.

MR. HOGE: Senator Mondale.

SENATOR MONDALE: The question was what would we do to deal with the human problems in America. The first thing we would do is to put people back to work. The most atrocious result of the Republican policy is massive unemployment. It cost us fifty billion dollars this year.

Secondly, we will fight inflation. Today inflation is three times worse than it was under the Democrats. And, the latest index indicates that it is back on its way up. No effort to fight this at all.

We will have tax reform. There is no question about our commitment to tax reform. My record proves it, Governor Carter's positions prove that. We are fully committed to tax reform. And, when the Republicans are raising money around the country, they say, give us some money to defeat Governor Carter, because if he gets elected, there will be tax reforms. And, they are right when they say that. Because we will have tax workey a Associates

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reform and bring relief to the average income earner in this country. They know what Governor Carter is talking about. He is talking about the loop holes that favor Americans usually earning above fifty thousand dollars a year.

MR. HOGE: Thank you, Senator Mondale.

We now turn to questions on foreign and defense issues.

Ms. Berger, you have the first question in the subject area, and it is for Senator Dole.

MS. BERGER: Senator Dole, President Ford said in an interview this week that if he is elected that he would like to see Henry Kissinger stay on as Secretary of State.

This hardly seems to square with the Republican Platform, which appears to repudiate much of Kissinger's foreign policy.

Which way do you go, Senator Dole, with President Ford or the Republican Platform.

SENATOR DOLE: I go with both, and stay with Henry. If you look back over history, President Washington had Thomas Jefferson for his Secretary of State, Harry Truman had Dean Acheson for his Secretary of State, both very strong men, both very active men, both very powerful men. Henry Kissinger is a powerful WORLEY & ASSOCIATES

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man. And, I haven't always agreed with Henry Kissinger, but I -- when I start disagreeing with Henry, I start looking to what he has done for America, and what he has done for the free world.

I think about the break through in China,
I think about our increased responsive relations with
the Soviet Union, I think about winding down the war
that we inherited from another Democrat administration
in Southeast Asia. I think most recently about his
efforts in South Africa, where he is trying to protect
the rights of majority and the rights of the minority.

Now, we sort of thought that Henry had a role to play in grain embargoes, so we weren't totally happy at that time. We are not happy with embargoes, there will not be any more embargoes except in extreme circumstances under a Ford - Dole Administration.

So, I agree with the President. Secretary
Kissinger has performed yeoman service. Anywhere you
look, you find Henry's tracks, and they are tracks that
are right for America. They are tracks that are right
for the free world.

I wonder how many mothers and how many
fathers and how many young men and young women who may
be viewing tonight, have really stopped to think about
what this Republican Administration has done. No one
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MR. HOGE: Senator Mondale, your response.

SENATOR MONDALE: The real question of the foreign policy of the next administration is the responsibility of the President of the United States.

He is the person elected to discharge the responsibility of foreign policy. He is the person that must conduct it and lead this nation's efforts.

is being drafted, no one is going off to war, no one

is being buried in America, not a single shot being

this is a Republican policy, and this policy by and

I was on the Platform Committee, I don't see any

contradiction in that platform. I have read the

morality section. I think it sustains President

Ford and sustains Secretary Kissinger.

is being shot at, no one is being hospitalized, no one

fired in anger. And, this is a Republican Administration,

large has been spearheaded by one Henry Kissinger. And we

can have our differences, and I looked at the platform,

And, that is where I think the key difference between the two parties are. We want a change, we want new leadership. And, above all, we want to change the philosophy and direction.

America's greatest strength is to be found in its values and its beliefs. And, every time in our pursuit of foreign policy that we disregard those basic WORLEY & ASSOCIATES

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values, the freedom, democracy of national independence,
To pursue a policy that is not credible, that is not
sustainable, either overseas or at home.

Africa, for seven and a half years, it was the policy of this administration to support the colonial controll of Black African, and support white minority rule in majority black states. That was our explicit policy. And, after that failed, and on the eve of this election, suddenly we have turned around and wanted to be believed as we pursued the policy that we should have pursued in the first place. Failure to follow our beliefs in the first instance is causing us great trouble in Africa.

Look at Greece. During the whole period that the military junta controlled Greek government, this administration cozied up to that military dictatorship, befriended them, did everything they could to support them. But once Greece restored their own democracy we turned their back on them, and have not assisted them in seeking a just and final settlement on the Island of Cyprus.

Take the issue of the Middle East. This
government of ours is pursuing a policy of permitting
the vicious Arab boycott to continue in this country.
They have not sought any reform. They are pursuing an
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arms peddling policy in this world, in which we sell more arms by double of all of the rest of the world put together. And last year alone, or this year, we are selling and contracting for seven and a half billion dollars of arms for Saudi Arabia and only a billion four for Israel.

We have lost our way. We need a new sense of values, and we intend to restore them.

MR. HOGE: Senator Dole.

SENATOR DOLE: I noticed in all of that discussion he never once criticized Secretary Kissinger.

I don't recall Senator Mondale ever criticizing Secretary Kissinger.

As I think back, the Democrat policy and their secret agreements at Yalta and Potsdam and how this had the effect of enslaving Eastern Europe, and as I think of the leadership of President Roosevelt, I think about that every day because of a personal experience in World War II, I am kind of thankful that we have got somebody who is concerned about peace. And, whether Senator Mondale likes it or not, or whether Governor Carter likes it or not -- and Governor Carter won't tell us who he is going to put in the Cabinet -- he probably doesn't know -- I think it is kind of nice to be at peace in the world, to be respected in the world.

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We have had more respect than we have ever had.

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Prime Minister Rabin said our relations
with Israel are at a peak, the highest they have been.
The same is true of France and West Germany.

We have a balanced peace in the Mid-East because of our leadership.

MR. HOGE: Mr. Mears, a question to Senator Mondale.

MR. MEARS: Senator Mondale, you and Governor Carter have made an issue of President Ford's statement that there is no Soviet domination of Eastern Europe, a statement the President now says was in error.

I would like to know whether there is any real difference between the two tickets on Eastern Europe or whether this is simply an effort by the Democrats to attract voters of Eastern European backgrounds.

What would a Democratic Administration do
that the Republicans are not doing to foster freedom
in Eastern Europe, and what would a new administration
do on the question that the President declined to answer
yesterday, if an Eastern European nation attempted to
overthrow Soviet domination, should the United States
help.

SENATOR MONDALE: Well, there are several workey & ASSOCIATES
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things that we would do.

The first thing we would do was to make clear consistently what the facts are in Eastern Europe. The comments that the President made that Eastern Europe was independent and autonomous from Soviet control is probably one of the most outrageous statements made by a President in recent political history. It has caused great confusion in Europe. Communist newspapers in Poland are praising the President because the statement helped to give credibility to Soviet control. I am glad the President finally apologized for that remark. But, it is surprising that it took six days, and several attempts before we finally received that apology.

What we think is needed in our policy for
Eastern Europe is not to deal with Eastern Europe as
a block, as does this administration, but to deal with
each country individually on its own status directly,
and not through the Soviet Union, to continue to
identify with their aspirations for national independence, not because we are under any illusion about how
easy it would be for them to become independent, but
because it is important for us to identify as the nation
which above all stands for freedom and independence,
with the aspirations of all people around the world for

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those same objectives.

Secondly, we would push the -- that part of theHelsinki Accord known as Basket III, which requires much opening up, much more opening up in people to people contacts and informational contacts. This administration signed the Helsinki Accord, but has done practically nothing to push those agreements which would open up communications between our nation and our people and the peoples of Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union. As a matter, it was just the other day, after several weeks delay, before they even finally appointed representatives of the administration to the Commission looking into the enforcement of that provision.

And, finally, I think that it is important that we honor people from Eastern Europe who stand as symbols of the human spirit's ability to stand up to police oppression. And, I will never understand why this President of the United States refused to even receive and honor Mr. Solzhenitsyn, who perhaps above all the people in the human race, stands as a symbol for the ability and the strength, the spirit against police oppression.

MR. HOGE: Senator Dole, your response.

SENATOR DOLE: Well, I am glad you mentioned

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Solzhenitsyn. I checked today with his interpreter.

And, I understand you have never met Mr. Solzhenitsyn,
and neither has Mr. Carter. And, I have had the
privilege of meeting Mr. Solzhenitsyn. Maybe you
shook his hand somewhere.

But, I want to move into the Eastern Europe sector. I am reminded of how the Berlin Wall went up, and who was in power when it went up.

I think if we take a hard look at President Ford's record, rather than all of the rhotoric that followed a mistake in the last debate about Poland, we would know very clearly where President Ford, not only stands, but has stood for twenty-seven years.

Europe know of our concern is by trade. As President

Ford said, they have never really given up hope. Their
government may be dominated. Their leaders of that
government may be dominated by Soviet Russia. But the
hearts and the minds of the Polish people, of the
Yugoslavs, and the Rumanians, or the Czechs, or whoever, have never been dominated. And, they are good
customers.

You know, we have a favorable balance of trade with Eastern Europe. I think last year they exported almost a half billion dollars worth of goods WORLEY & ASSOCIATES
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and materials, and we sent in about a billion dollars worth.

I just wish Governor Carter had a foreign policy. He doesn't have any. He doesn't have any experience.

He made some statement about Italy that bothers me, because I -- in some World War II in Italy -- my whole life changed because of my experience in Italy.

I know the Italian people. I know they are God-fearing, freedom loving people. I couldn't quite understand what Governor Carter meant in Playboy Magazine, I couldn't understand frankly why he was in Playboy Magazine, but he was. And, we will give him the Bunny vote.

But, I couldn't understand what he meant when he said, I will not extend the hand of friendship to the Communists in Portugal, and the government of France and Italy. Because by doing that, he simply invites difficulties and Communist leaders in those countries.

So, I'll say, oh, we're strong; we're firm, President Ford understands. We are still at peace. We still have those same hopes and aspirations of the Eastern Europeans. And, that is what it is all about, freedom, peace, no blood shed.

MR. HOGE: Senator Mondale.

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SENATOR MONDALE: Well, I regret that Mr.

Dole made that statement about Mr. Solzhenitsyn, because it is false. I have repeatedly spoken out in admiration of him. I served in the Host Committee receiving Mr. Solzhenitsyn in the United States Senate. He is a man that deserves to be honored, and it was a shame to me that the President of the United States, because we were fearful of offending the Soviet Union, failed to accord that high honor to Mr. Solzhenitsyn.

I am also sorry that he has tried to misrepresent Governor Carter's position on the governments
that control Portugal and Italy. The Governor made it
very clear that he hoped the non-Communists would continue
to control those countries.

The biggest thing that we are doing today that is undermining those forces of democracy is the disarray of our economy here at home, with our tremendous unemployment, with our tremendous inflation, and the dominance of our economy and the economies of Western Europe, Japan and Canada, we have contributed to such conditions that it has strengthened the radical forces in those countries, and that is what we need to do to best help the democratic forces of those nations.

MR. HOGE: Thank you, Senators.

We have reserved time this evening for

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questions on general subjects.

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The first question in this area is from Mr. Bruno, and it is for Senator Dole.

MR. BRUNO: Senator Dole, out there on the campaign trail, you have been saying that a Carter - Mondale Administration would take its orders from George Meany of the AFL-CIO, yet Mr. Meany was among those who influenced President Ford on the grain embargo that you personally opposed.

Now, how do you know that Mr. Meany will influence Governor Carter any more than he already has influenced President Ford, and what if anything is wrong with labor or business or farmers making their views known in the White House, as long as it is done openly and honestly.

SENATOR DOLE: Well, I don't have any quarrel say first of all with anybody making their views known. I wish more businessmen would participate in active politics. In fact, I have held up labor as an example for others to follow, because they are very active.

I just don't believe that labor leaders,
that Leonard Woodcock, or George Meany or Jerry Worth
or whoever, ought to make a decision for thousands or
millions of working men and women who are concerned
about spending, they are concerned about taxes, they
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are concerned about Gun Control that Mondale and Carter favors, they are concerned about abortions, they are concerned about a lot of things. When their labor leader makes the decision, we are going to support the Carter - Mondale ticket.

George Meany did exercise some influence on the first embargo. I don't know how much because I wasn't privy to those meetings. He said he did it in the name of the consumer. But, he really did it in the name of organized labor, to increase the shipping subsidies at the taxpayer's expense, working with Mr. Gleason and the Lorgshoremen's Union, they refused to load the ships, and it really put the President in a very difficult spot.

As I think back of all the Democrat Senators now talking about embargoes, I can only recall one who spoke out at the time. That was Senator George McGovern. He had no allegiance and owes nothing to Mr. Meany, because, as you know, Meany didn't support him in 1972. But, all of a sudden the embargoes have cropped up as a great big issue.

I know how much strength labor leaders have. I
know how much they are out there pushing voter registration.

I know how much they -- control they have in the

Democratic Party, and that is their right to have

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influence, but not to take over the party. They have great influence on Senator Mondale, always have had. He has got a ninety-five percent labor rating or higher, the most liberal Senator in the United States Senate, and that is his right, if he wants to be liberal and spend your money, and tax and tax, and spend and spend, that is his right. He gets -- Well; first, he was appointed as Attorney General, then appointed to the Senate. Some of us had to run for what we have. When you have things given to you, you like to give something else to someone else, you give away your tax money, back to the taxpayers. And, I just think George Meany has every right to have influence, but not domination of a great party like the Democratic Party.

MR. HOGE: Senator Mondale.

SENATOR MONDALE: Well, there are many things that could be said about that. But, I might begin first with voting records.

There are many organizations that prepare voting records. I am pleased to have a very high rating in small business groups, among farmer groups, a much higher rating than my opponent from -- the Senator from Kansas. Good ratings, high ratings in housing and health and education. Good ratings from

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I am pleased by that. But perhaps one that is most appropriate tonight is an independent, dispassionate organization that represents the views of all Americans, conservative, liberal, moderate and so on called the League of Women Voters.

For five years the League has prepared the list of the most crucial issues that they believe affects governmental effectiveness, that affects governmental honests, that affects dealing with America's real problem. And, I am proud of the fact that in each of those five years the League of Women Voters has rated me one hundred percent in favor of every one of those issues that they on an independent and a bipartisanbasis have believed to be the most important to this country.

And, I note in that same record that my opponent was wrong half of the time. He only was there fifty percent of the time. And, I noted that the President of the United States, Mr. Ford, when he was in the Congress, was right only thirty-five percent of the time. And, I think that says something about balance. We are in the mainstream of public life. We want to get along with business, we want to get along with farmers, we want to get along with labor. We think

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a President has to lead everyone. And, that is the only way that a President can lead.

This President and his running mate think
they can get elected by whipping labor on the back.
Well, labor has got a right to participate in the public
life of this country as well as anyone else. Just take
the embargo for example. I was opposed and said so at
the time of all the embargoes. The four imposed by
the Republicans and the short one imposed by members
of the labor movement. I thought it was wrong in both
instances. This particular ticket here is -- selects
out Mr. Meany as the scapegoat. Well, you can't run
this country trying to scapegoat Americans. You have
to bring everybody together and have a united country,
working together to solve our real problems. And,
that is another reason why we need Governor Carter.

MR. HOGE: Senator Dole, do you care to respond?

SENATOR DOLE: All I would say as far as the League of Women Voters is concerned, you can look at that two ways, either I was wrong half of the time or they were wrong half of the time.

And, I think, knowing the League of Women Voters, I think I will take my interpretation. But with reference to -- they are very fine but they tend

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