## **ADDRESS**

BY

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CHINESE PEOPLE'S INSTITUTE OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

AND

UNITED NATIONS ASSOCIATION OF CHINA

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I WANT TO THANK THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S INSTITUTE OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND THE UNITED NATIONS ASSOCIATION OF CHINA FOR INVITING ME TO SPEAK HERE AND I WISH TO THANK EACH OF YOU FOR HONORING ME BY YOUR PRESENCE HERE TODAY. I AM ESPECIALLY PLEASED TO BE HERE AGAIN WITH AMBASSADOR CAI ZE MEN, AMBASSADOR ZHANG WEN JUN AND AMBASSADOR HUANG ZHEN AND ALL MY OLD FRIENDS WITH WHOM I HAVE WORKED TO BROADEN AND ENRICH THE RELATIONS BETWEEN OUR TWO NATIONS. I SHALL ALWAYS CHERISH THOSE YEARS DURING WHICH WE WORKED TO OPEN AND EXPAND OUR RELATIONSHIP FROM ONE THAT BEGAN WITH THE FORMAL DIPLOMATIC OPENING AND WHICH WE THEN EXPANDED AND DEEPENED IN ALL RESPECTS. TODAY WE CAN SEE THE

ASTONISHING PROGRESS THAT HAS MADE IN OUR RELATIONSHIPS IN SUCH A BRIEF PERIOD. NOT ONLY HAS THIS PROGRESS JUSTIFIED OUR EFFORTS, BUT THE FRIENDSHIP AND KINDNESS THAT YOU HAVE ALWAYS SHOWN ME IS SOMETHING I WILL ALWAYS CHERISH.

THIS YEAR MARKS THE TENTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE NORMALIZATION OF RELATIONS BETWEEN CHINA AND THE UNITED STATES. ON DECEMBER 15, 1978, YOUR GOVERNMENT AND MINE REVEALED TO THE WORLD THAT, AT LONG LAST, FULL DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WOULD BE ESTABLISHED BETWEEN US. EACH SIDE RECOGNIZED THE OTHER TO BE THE SOLE LEGITIMATE GOVERNMENT OF ITS PEOPLE.

IT WAS AN HISTORIC MOMENT. THERE CAN BE LITTLE DOUBT THAT THE SUCCESSFUL

CONCLUSION OF THE NORMALIZATION NEGOTIATIONS WAS ONE OF THE CROWNING ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF THE CARTER ADMINISTRATION. I HOPE THOSE WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE PROCESS OF SINO-AMERICAN RECONCILIATION ON THE CHINESE SIDE -- AND MANY ARE HERE TODAY -- DERIVE A SIMILAR SENSE OF SATISFACTION FROM THEIR ACHIEVEMENT.

IN THE TEN YEARS SINCE 1978, OUR RELATIONS HAVE FLOURISHED. OUR TRADE HAS GROWN RAPIDLY. AMERICAN BUSINESSES HAVE EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE IN YOUR ECONOMIC FUTURE BY LEADING THE LIST OF FOREIGN INVESTORS IN CHINA.

OUR SCIENTIFIC, CULTURAL, AND SCHOLARLY EXCHANGES HAVE BECOME IMPORTANT PARTS OF THE INTELLECTUAL FABRIC OF OUR SOCIETIES. WELL OVER 20,000 CHINESE VISITING SCHOLARS AND

STUDENTS NOW GRACE AMERICAN CAMPUSES, AND A STEADY STREAM OF NATURAL SCIENTISTS, AND SOCIAL SCIENTISTS, COME TO STUDY AND LECTURE AT UNIVERSITIES AND RESEARCH INSTITUTES FROM HARBIN (HAH-R-BIN) TO GUANGZHOU (GWANG-JOE), FROM SHANGHAI TO LHASA AND URUMCHI (URR-UMM-CHEE).

NOT A DAY PASSES IN THE UNITED STATES WITHOUT AN EXHIBIT OF EITHER ANCIENT CULTURAL RELICS OR CONTEMPORARY CHINESE ART BEING HELD IN A MAJOR AMERICAN CITY. QINGDAO (CHING-DAOW) BEER AND MAOTAI ARE REGULAR ITEMS ON MENUS OF THE RAPIDLY INCREASING NUMBERS OF OUR CHINESE RESTAURANTS. AND COLONEL SANDER'S KENTUCKY FRIED CHICKEN NOW IS HERE IN BEIJING. THUS, WE HAVE BECOME AN IMPORTANT PART OF EACH OTHER'S LIVES.

I DO NOT MEAN TO SUGGEST THAT ALL IS WELL IN SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONS. SEVERAL SOMEWHAT CONTENTIOUS ISSUES AND PROBLEMS NOW ALSO CONFRONT US.

--MY GOVERNMENT HAS EXPRESSED CONCERN ABOUT CHINESE ARMS SALES ABROAD AND ESPECIALLY ABOUT THE ARRIVAL OF CHINESE MANUFACTURED SILKWORM MISSILES IN IRAN. YOUR GOVERNMENT HAS EXPRESSED CONCERN OVER LIMITATIONS PLACED ON THE FURTHER EXPANSION OF AMERICAN TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER STEMMING FROM CHINESE ARMS DELIVERIES.

-- YOUR GOVERNMENT IS CONCERNED ABOUT AMERICAN TRADE POLICIES THAT INHIBIT CHINESE ACCESS TO AMERICAN MARKETS. MY GOVERNMENT AND AMERICAN BUSINESSMEN ARE CONCERNED ABOUT A LONG LIST OF DIFFICULTIES IN DOING BUSINESS IN CHINA.

--IN SEVERAL RESOLUTIONS
AND AMENDMENTS, THE SENATE AND
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVE HAVE
CRITICIZED ASPECTS OF CHINESE
INTERNAL POLICIES: YOUR FAMILY
PLANNING PROGRAM, OR THE
SITUATION IN TIBET, FOR
EXAMPLE. THE GOVERNMENT OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC HAS
VIGOROUSLY PROTESTED THESE
ENACTMENTS AS CONSTITUTING
INTERENCE IN THE INTERNAL
AFFAIRS OF CHINA.

OFFERED BITING CRITICISMS OF SOME REAGAN ADMINISTRATION DEFENSE PROGRAMS AND ITS FOREIGN POLICIES IN LATIN AMERICA, AFRICA, AND THE MIDDLE EAST. YOUR OFFICIAL STATEMENTS, WHILE MORE POLITE, OFFER ESSENTIALLY THE SAME LINE OF ANALYSIS. AND THE AMERICAN PROPONENTS OF THESE POLICIES DISAGREE WITH THE CHINESE COMMENTARY.

--FINALLY, THE CHINESE SIDE CONTINUES TO BE CONCERNED ABOUT THE ISSUE OF TAIWAN. HOWEVER, MANY AMERICANS BELIEVE THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS PURSUED A PROPER COURSE TOWARD THE TAIWAN ISSUE --ADHERING TO THE THREE AGREEMENTS WITH THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC AND ALLOWING AND EVEN QUIETLY ENCOURAGING THE CHINESE ON BOTH SIDES OF THE TAIWAN STRAIT TO SETTLE THE ISSUE PEACEFULLY, ON THEIR OWN. PARTLY AS A RESULT OF THIS POLICY, TENSION IS AT AN ALL-TIME LOW, AND TIME SEEMS TO FAVOR A PEACEFUL RECONCILIATION BETWEEN BEIJING AND TAIPEI.

THUS, WE HAVE OUR DIFFERENCES. THIS IS NATURAL. WE PURSUE SEPARATE FOREIGN POLICIES. BUT OUR DIFFERENCES DO NOT OVERRIDE OUR MORE IMPORTANT, SHARED INTERESTS. THAT I CAN FRANKLY DISCUSS OUR

DIFFERENCES REVEALS THE MATURITY OF SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONS. WE DO NOT MAKE EACH ISSUE A LITMUS TEST OF OUR ENTIRE RELATIONSHIP. WE CAN PLACE OUR DIFFERENCES IN PROPER PERSPECTIVE. HENCE, OUR RELATIONSHIP REMAINS VIBRANT, CONSTRUCTIVE, AND SOUND. WE RETAIN A SENSE OF THE LONG TERM VISION WHICH LED VICE PREMIERE DENG XIAOPING AND PRESIDENT CARTER TO NORMALIZE RELATIONS TEN YEARS AGO: TO FORCE BONDS THAT ARE A SOURCE FOR WORLD PEACE AND FOR THE PROSPERITY AND WELFARE OF OUR TWO NATIONS.

BUT WE MUST NOT STOP THERE. WE MUST LOOK TO THE FUTURE. WHAT COMMON INTERESTS CAN THE SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONSHIP SERVE DURING THE COMING DECADE? WHILE OUR RELATIONSHIP IS HEALTHY TODAY, WHAT MUST BE DONE TO KEEP IT THAT WAY? WHAT ARE THE MAJOR

CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES
THAT OUR RELATIONSHIP IS
LIKELY TO FACE IN THE COMING
DECADE? THOSE ARE THE
QUESTIONS I WISH TO PONDER
WITH YOU TODAY.

AS THE VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, I HAD THE HONOR TO VISIT CHINA IN AUGUST, 1979. AT THAT TIME, THE FOREIGN POLICY OF THE SOVIET UNION WAS IN AN EXTRAORDINARY, EXPANSIONIST STAGE. ALTHOUGH THE INVASION OF AFGHANISTAN WAS STILL FOUR MONTHS AWAY, THE SOVIET UNION WAS ACTIVE IN THE HORN OF AFRICA, STIRRING UP TROUBLE IN AFGHANISTAN, DEVELOPING ITS POSITION IN VIETNAM, AND EXPANDING ITS MILITARY PRESENCE IN THE SOVIET FAR EAST AND THE PACIFIC. MY VISIT TO CHINA OCCURRED UNDER THE SHADOW OF THE GROWING SOVIET THREAT, AND THE CONCERNS POSED BY SOVIET EXPANSIONISM

PROPERLY AFFECTED SOME OF THE PHRASING OF THE SPEECH THAT I DELIVERED AT BEIJING UNIVERSITY.

TO RECALL MY REMARKS, I SAID: "WE ARE COMMITTED TO JOINING WITH YOU TO ADVANCE OUR MANY PARALLEL STRATEGIC AND BILATERAL INTERESTS. ANY NATION WHICH SEEKS TO WEAKEN OR ISOLATE YOU IN WORLD AFFAIRS ASSUMES A STANCE COUNTER TO AMERICAN INTERESTS. CHALLENGES WE FACE ARE TO BUILD CONCRETE POLITICAL TIES IN THE CONTEXT OF MUTUAL SECURITY, TO ESTABLISH BROAD CULTURAL RELATIONS IN A FRAMEWORK OF GENUINE EQUALITY, AND TO FORGE PRACTICAL ECONOMIC BONDS WITH THE GOAL OF COMMON BENEFIT. . . A STRONG AND SECURE AND MODERNIZING CHINA IS ALSO IN THE AMERICAN INTEREST IN THE DECADE AHEAD. . . TODAY, THE UNPRECEDENTED AND FRIENDLY

RELATIONS AMONG CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE UNITED STATES BRING INTERNATIONAL STABILITY TO NORTHEAST ASIA. THAT IS WHY DEEPENING OUR RELATIONS IS SO STRATEGICALLY IMPORTANT—NOT ONLY FOR YOUR AND OUR SECURITY BUT FOR THE PEACE OF THE WORLD COMMUNITY."

THOSE WERE FRANK AND REALISTIC REMARKS. AND I WISH TODAY TO SPEAK WITH EQUAL CANDOR AND REALISM. THE KNITTING OF SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONS IN THE 1970'S WAS FACILITATED BY THE COMMON THREAT THAT SOVIET EXPANSIONISM POSED TO OUR TWO COUNTRIES.

IT IS NOW POSSIBLE, HOWEVER, THAT THE NEW LEADERS OF THE SOVIET UNION -- GENERAL SECRETARY MIKHAIL GORBACHEV IN PARTICULAR -- GENUINELY WISH TO TRANSFORM THE FOREIGN POLICY OF THEIR COUNTRY. WE

CANNOT KNOW FOR SURE, BUT SECRETARY GORBACHEV HAS ACKNOWLEDGED, FOR EXAMPLE, THAT THE SOVIET UNION CANNOT SUCCESSFULLY ATTAIN ITS SECURITY AT THE COST OF THE SECURITY OF ITS NEIGHBORS. GIVEN THE HISTORY OF CZARIST AND SOVIET FOREIGN POLICY AND IF THEY MEAN IT, THIS IS INDEED A MAJOR CONCEPTUAL BREAKTHROUGH!

ONLY THREE YEARS INTO THE GORBACHEV ERA, IT IS STILL PREMATURE TO ACCEPT THE NEW RHETORIC AT FACE VALUE. WE DO NOT KNOW IF THE GENERAL SECRETARY, WHO APPEARS TO BE STRIVING TO REVERSE SIXTY YEARS OF INTERNAL POLICIES, WILL BE SUCCESSFUL IN HIS EFFORT TO RESTRUCTURE THE SOVIET SYSTEM.

A PRESSING QUESTION IS BEING DEBATED IN THE CAPITALS OF COUNTRIES AROUND THE WORLD -- INCLUDING, I PRESUME, BEIJING AS WELL AS WASHINGTON: HOW DO WE RESPOND TO THE FOREIGN POLICY OF MR. GORBACHEV? I BELIEVE WE SHOULD WELCOME A POSSIBLE HISTORIC OPPORTUNITY TO DRAW THE SOVIET UNION OUT OF ITS ISOLATIONSM AND SUSPICION OF THE OUTSIDE WORLD. WE SHOULD BE WILLING TO REACH VERIFIABLE AGREEMENTS THAT PROMOTE THE INTERESTS OF WORLD STABILITY. AN EXAMPLE IS THE INF TREATY SIGNED BY PRESIDENT REAGAN AND THE GENERAL SECRETARY. AMERICANS HOPE WE CAN REACH AN AGREEMENT TO REDUCE STRATEGIC WEAPONS AS WELL.

BUT SUCH AGREEMENTS SHOULD NOT LULL US INTO COMPLACENCY. IN NO SMALL MEASURE, THE ARMS RACE IS NOT THE CAUSE OF WORLD TENSIONS BUT THE RESULT OF LONG HELD SOVIET DESIGNS AND BEHAVIOR TOWARD WESTERN EUROPE,

SOUTHWEST ASIA, SOUTHEAST ASIA, AND NORTHEAST ASIA. I FOR ONE AM NOT YET PREPARED TO CONCLUDE THAT SOVIET FOREIGN POLICY INDEED HAS FUNDAMENTALLY CHANGED.

IN THIS REGION, "FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE" MUST BE MEASURED BY ACTIONS SUCH AS:

- SOVIET DEPARTURE FROM AFGHANISTAN
- CESSATION OF SOVIET SUPPORT FOR THE VIETNAMESE OCCUPATION OF KAMPUCHEA
- DEPARTURE OF SOVIET FORCES FROM VIETNAM
- REDUCTION OF SOVIET FORCE DEPLOYMENT IN THE FAR EAST
- SOVIET AGREEMENT TO ASSYMETRICAL REDUCTIONS IN CONVENTIONAL FORCES AS A NECESSARY ACCOMPLIMENTS TO

DEEP CUTS IN NUCLEAR WEAPONS.
NOT UNTIL THE SOVIETS HAVE
TAKEN CONCRETE ACTIONS THAT
MATCH THEIR RHETORIC CAN WE
CONCLUDE THAT A GENUINE
OPPORTUNITY EXISTS FOR
FUNDAMENTAL TRANFORMATION OF
THE NATURE OF WORLD POLITICS.

I DIGRESS TO DISCUSS SOVIET FOREIGN POLICY BECAUSE THE SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONSHIP DOES NOT EXIST IN ISOLATION. BOTH AMERICANS AND CHINESE MUST REALISTICALLY ASK THEMSELVES: HOW SHOULD THE PROSPECTS OF AN ALTERED SOVIET FOREIGN POLICY AFFECT OUR RESPECTIVE APPROACHES TOWARD THE SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONSHIP? SOME PEOPLE MIGHT CONCLUDE THAT SINCE SOVIET EXPANSIONISM HELPED BRING US TOGETHER, A MORE PEACEFUL SOVIET UNION MIGHT DEPRIVE THE SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONSHIP OF ONE OF ITS MOTIVE FORCES.

I CATEGORICALLY REJECT THIS NOTION. FIRST WE MUST RECOGNIZE THAT SINO-AMERICAN COOPERATION PROBABLY HELPED MR. GORBACHEV TO CONCLUDE THAT THE POLICIES OF HIS PREDECESSORS HAD WORSENED THE SOVIET POSITION IN WORLD AFFAIRS. YOUR GOVERNMENT AND MINE MUST CONTINEU TO EXPAND OUR RELATIONS TO ENCOURAGE THE SOVIET UNION TO BEHAVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITS NEW FOUND RHETORIC.

MOREOVER, IF MIKHAIL GORBACHEV SHOULD SUCCESSFULLY TURN HIS NATION AWAY FROM ITS PREVIOUS, ADUENTURIST APPROACH TO WORLD AFFAIRS, AN HISTORIC OPPORTUNITY WOULD BE PRESENT FOR CHINA, JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES, THE SOVIET UNION AND POSSIBLY BOTH KOREAS TO WORK CONSTRUCTIVELY TO BRING ABOUT A MORE STABLE NORTHEAST ASIA. THE POSSIBILITY MIGHT EXIST TO BRING ABOUT A VIETNAMESE

WITHDRAWAL FROM KAMPUCHEA AND THE CREATION OF A NEUTRAL, INDEPENDENT KAMPUCHEA. SINO-AMERICAN COOPERATION WILL BE MORE NECESSARY THAN EVER, IF WE BOTH ARE TO ATTAIN THE OPPORTUNITIES WHICH AN ALTERED SOVIET FOREIGN POLICY WOULD OFFER: THE CHANCE FOR MULTI-LATERAL ARMS CONTROL AGREEMENTS IN THE ASIA-PACIFIC REGION, AND THE INVOLVEMENT OF MULTI-NATIONAL CONSORTIA IN THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF THE ENTIRE REGION. IN SHORT, SINO-AMERICAN COOPERATION WILL BE EVEN MORE NECESSARY TO ATTAIN THE NEW OPPORTUNITIES PRESENTED BY A MORE PEACEFULLY INCLINED SOVIET UNION.

LET ME NOW TURN TO THE SECOND CHALLENGE WE WILL INCREADINGLY CONFRONT IN THE COMING DECADE: TO RECOGNIZE OUR GROWING INTERDEPENDENCE AND TO MANAGE IT WELL. WHEN WE NORMALIZED OUR RELATIONS TEN

YEARS AGO AND WHEN I DELIVERED MY SPEECH TO BEIDA TEN YEARS AGO, WE DID NOT FORESEE HOW RAPIDLY AND EXTENSIVELY CHINA WOULD OPEN ITS DOORS TO THE OUTSIDE WORLD. IT IS NOT JUST THE SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONSHIP THAT HAS PROSPERED IN THE 1980'S. WESTERN EUROPE AND JAPAN HAVE ALSO DEVELOPED EXTENSIVE TIES WITH YOUR COUNTRY. INDEED, IN SOME RESPECTS, THOSE LINKS ARE MORE EXTENSIVE THAN THOSE WITH MY COUNTRY.

CHINESE PARTICIPATION IN VARIOUS INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS HAS CONTRIBUTED GREATLY TO THE ACTIVITIES OF THESE ORGANIZATIONS. CHINESE MEMBERSHIP IN THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND AND THE WORLD BANK HAS STRENGTHENED THESE ORGANIZATIONS, AS WELL AS ASSISTED CHINA'S DEVELOPEMENT. YOUR GOVERNMENT NOW SEEKS TO

BECOME A MORE FULLY ENGAGED CONTRACTUAL MEMBER OF THE GATT, AND NEGOTIATIONS ARE NOW UNDERWAY ON THAT VITAL SUBJECT.

CHINA IS BECOMING AN IMPORTANT MEMBER OF THE INTERNATIONAL ECONOMY, AND CONVERSELY, THE INTERNATIONAL ECONOMY IS BECOMING A MORE IMPORTANT FACTOR IN YOUR OWN DOMESTIC ECONOMY. THE PERCENTAGE OF YOUR NATIONAL INCOME WHICH FALLS INTO THE FOREIGN TRADE SECTOR MORE THAN DOUBLED FROM 1978 TO 1985, FROM ROUGHLY FIVE TO OVER TWELVE PERCENT.

AS WE ALL KNOW, WE ARE WITNESSING THE EMERGENCE OF A TRULY GLOBAL ECONOMY, IN WHICH THE LEADERS OF ANY COUNTRY WILL HAVE A MORE LIMITED CAPACITY TO INSULATE THEIR PEOPLE FROM THE ADVERSE CONSEQUENCES OF TRADE AND

ECONOMIC POLICIES, CURRENCY FLUCTUATIONS, WORLD INTEREST RATES, AND SO ON. IN SUCH A WORLD, THE LEADERS OF EVERY NATION WILL HAVE A COMPLEX SET OF RESPONSIBILITIES TO BOTH PROTECT THE WELFARE OF THEIR OWN PEOPLE AND TO MAINTAIN WORLD WIDE ECONOMIC GROWTH. WE MUST COORDINATE AND COOPERATE TO THAT END.

DURING THE PAST EIGHT YEARS, THE UNITED STATES HAS NOT BEHAVED IN AS RESPONSIBLE A FASHION AS IT SHOULD HAVE. THROUGH GROSS MISMANAGEMENT OF ITS FISCAL AFFAIRS, BY PILING UP HUGE GOVERNMENT DEFICITS, AND BY MAINTAINING HIGH INTEREST RATE, THE UNITED STATES HAS FINANCED ITS BUDGET THROUGH GLOBAL BORROWING. THIS HAS NOT BEEN GOOD FOR THE UNITED STATES--OR FOR OTHER COUNTRIES. AT THE SAME TIME, MANY OTHER COUNTRIES HAVE ALSO NOT BEHAVED RESPONSIBLY. THEY

HAVE MAINTAINED NON-TARIFF
BARRIERS THAT MEAN THE UNITED
STATES HAS NOT HAD A LEVEL
PLAYING FIELD IN ITS SEARCH
FOR FOREIGN MARKETS. NOR HAVE
MAJOR SURPLUS COUNTRIES, UNTIL
RECENTLY, MAINTAINED
SUFFICIENT DOMESTIC GROWTH
RATES TO SERVE AS LOCOMOTIVES
FOR WORLD WIDE ECONOMIC
EXPANSION. THAT BURDEN HAS
FALLEN EXCESSIVELY ON THE
UNITED STATES.

AS WITH MY DIGRESSION ABOUT SOVIET FOREIGN POLICY, I BRIEFLY TURN TO THE WORLD ECONOMIC PICTURE BECAUSE OF ITS IMPLICATIONS FOR SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONS. IN MY VIEW, THE UNITED STATES HAS BEHAVED WITH UNDERSTANDING AND VISION IN THE COMMERCIAL REALM TOWARD CHINA DURING THE PAST DECADE. AMERICAN FIRMS HAVE BEEN AT THE FOREFRONT IN INVESTING IN CHINA AND IN TRANSFERRING TECHNOLOGY. WE

ARE WAY AHEAD OF JAPAN IN THESE AREAS. NO COUNTRY HAS OPENED ITS DOORS WIDER TO CHINESE GOODS THAN THE UNITED STATES. AND NO COUNTRY HAS INVESTED MORE IN THE TRAINING OF YOUR NEXT GENERATION OF SCIENTISTS AND TECHNICIANS THAN THE UNITED STATES.

YOUR PURCHASERS FREQUENTLY PREFER JAPANESE OR WESTERN EUROPEAN DEALS BECAUSE OF THE FAVORABLE CONCESSIONAL INTEREST RATES THEIR GOVERNMENTS PROVIDE. THIS IS FREQUENTLY SHORTSIGHTED, NOT ONLY BECAUSE YOUR ECONOMIC CALCULATIONS FREQUENTLY DO NOT TAKE INTO ACCOUNT SIDE ASPECTS OF THE DEAL THAT MORE THAN OUTWEIGH THE FAVORABLE INTEREST RATES. I HOPE YOU WILL CONSIDER THE OVER-ALL PICTURE: THE GREATER ACCESS YOU HAVE ENJOYED TO AMERICAN MARKETS.

THIS IS WHAT I MEAN BY A LEVEL PLAYING FIELD. NO NATION CAN EXPECT THE AMERICAN PEOPLE TO CONTINUE TO TOLERATE FAVORABLE ACCESS TO MARKETS WITHOUT SOME MEASURE OF RECIPROCITY, WITHOUT SOME LOWERING OF TARIFF AND NON-TARIFF BARRIERS AND WITHOUT APPROPRIATE CURRENCY VALUES. THIS IS WHAT THE AWARENESS OF INTERDEPENDENCE ENTAILS: A RECOGNITION THAT WE BEAR MUTUAL RESPONSIBILITIES IN OUR EFFORTS TO EXPAND OUR COMMERCE.

THE THIRD CHALLENGE THAT WILL INCREASINGLY CONFRONT SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONS PERTAINS TO THE REALM OF VALUES AND BELIEFS. THE SPREAD OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS-TELEVISION, VIDEOTAPES, TAPE RECORDERS, AND SO ON-IS HAVING A PROFOUND EFFECT ON OUR WORLD. SO TOO IS IMPORVED

TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES AND THE INCREASED MOVEMENT OF PEOPLES. IDEAS NOW CAN SWEEP ACROSS OUR PLANET RELATIVELY UNIMPEDED BY POLITICAL BOUNDARIES.

AND I BELIEVE CERTAIN YEARNINGS ARE COMMON TO ALL HUMAN BEINGS. THESE INCLUDE THE SEARCH FOR JUSTICE, DIGNITY AND SECURITY, THE QUEST TO PARTICIPATE MEANINGFULLY IN ONE'S GOVERNANCE, AN AVERSION TO ARBITRARY AND TYRANNICAL RULE, AND THE DESIRE TO DISCOVER AND USE ONE'S TALENTS TO THE MAXIMUM. DO DOUBT MY CHINESE FRIENDS WOULD ADD OT HIS LIST: THE RIGHT TO ENJOY FAMILY RELATIONS, THE RIGHT OF THE ELDERLY TO ENJOY RESPECT AND STABILITY, THE RIGHT OF CHILDREN TO RECEIVE PROPER MORAL GUIDANCE.

AS OUR TWO NATIONS DRAW
CLOSER TOGETHER, WE ARE LIKELY
TO BECOME MORE AWARE OF EACH
OTHERS STRENGTHS--AND OUR
INADEQUACIES. MORE AND MORE
IDEAS WILL PASS BETWEEN OUR
COUNTRIES, AND PEOPLE IN OUR
SOCIETIES WILL BE AFFECTED BY
THESE IDEAS. THIS IS
INEVITABLE.

RATHER THAN REJECTING
THIS PROCESS AS AN INTRUSION
INTO OUR INTERNAL AFFAIRS, WE
MUST LEARN TO WELCOME THIS
PROCESS. WHEN AMERICANS
CRITICIZE THE CHINESE
GOVERNMENT FOR ITS HUMAN
RIGHTS RECORD, I WOULD HOPE
THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT WOULD
REBUT THE COMMENTS WHEN THE
FACTS ARE WRONG, AND REFLECT
UPON THE SITUATION WHEN THE
FACTS ARE RIGHT.

AND I ENCOURAGE MY CHINESE FRIENDS TO BE EQUALLY VIGILANT IN SCRUTINIZING THE

AMERICAN RECORD. ACCURATELY ANALYZE OUR RACE RELATIONS, OUR DRUG PROBLEMS, AND OUR TREATMENT OF OUR VULNERABLE, WE CAN LEARN FROM YOU IN THESE AND IN MANY OTHER AREAS.

LET US THEREFORE USE THE SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONSHIP FOR THE FULL BENEFIT IT CAN OFFER OUR PEOPLES AND ALL HUMAN BEINGS. THAT IS MY MESSAGE TODAY. LET US USE THIS RELATIONSHIP NOT IN OPPOSITION TO THE SOVIET UNION BUT TO ENCOURAGE THE SOVIET UNION TO JOIN THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY AS A CONSTRUCTIVE PARTICIPANT. LET US DRAW UPON THIS RELATIONSHIP TO HELP CREATE AN EQUITABLE INTERNATIONAL ECONOMY IN WHICH EACH NATION PLAYS ITS RESPONSIBLE ROLE. LET US WELCOME THE FLOW OF IDEAS ACROSS OUR BOUNDARIES TO STIMULATE OUR SEARCHES FOR SOLUTIONS TO PROBLEMS COMMON TO THE HUMAN CONDITION.

THE SINO-AMERICAN RELATIONSHIP CONTINUES TO BE SPECIAL IN WORLD AFFAIRS. IT HOLDS UNIQUE PROMISE. AS A RESULT OF OUR EFFORTS IN THE PAST TEN YEARS, WE CAN NOW EMPLOY OUR TIES TO ADDRESS SOME OF THE CRUCIAL PROBLEMS OF OUR ERA. LET US SEIZE THE OPPORTUNITIES BEFORE US, NOT JUST FOR OUR WELFARE BUT FOR FUTURE GENERATIONS AND FOR ALL HUMAN BEINGS.



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