Certificate No.
Subscription No. PROXY. No.
No. of Shares.
Rnow all Men by these Presents, That the undersigned hereby constitutes and appoints H. N. HIGINBOTHAM and LYMAN 1. GAGE, of the City of Chicago, or either of them, with full power of substitution, my true and lawfur attorney, for me. and in my name and stead to vote my proxy as a stockholder of
The World's Columbian Exposition, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, at the annua
the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, according to the number of votes the undersigned world be allowed to cast if there personally present
hereby ratifying and confirming all that my said attorney shall lawfully do in the premises, and revoking all proxies heretofore issued to day of July. A. D. 1893
far of HUD (SEAL)
Witness my hand and seal this day of St. A. D. 1893  Address, S-Faul Minnesota

Mail
affix 2-cent
Stamp.

SECRETARY,

# World's Columbian Exposition,

RAND-MCNALLY BUILDING,

CHICAGO.

NOT THINGS, BUT MEN.

NOT MATTER, BUT MIND.

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# The World's Congress Auxiliary

OF THE

WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION OF 1893.

#### GENERAL OFFICERS.

President, CHARLES C. BONNEY. Vice-President, THOMAS B. BRYAN.

Treasurer, LYMAN J. GAGE. Secretary, BENJ. BUTTERWORTH.

Asst. Sec. CLARENCE E. YOUNG.

GENERAL PROGRAMME OF THE SERIES OF WORLD'S CONGRESSES

TO BE HELD AT CHICAGO IN CONNECTION WITH THE

WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION OF 1893.

To Establish Fraternal Relations among the Leaders of Mankind; Review the Progress
Already Achieved; State the Living Problems Now Awaiting Solution, and
Suggest the Means of Further Progress, will be the Specific
Work of the World's Congresses of 1893.

## THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY IS CONSTITUTED AS FOLLOWS:

1. A CENTRAL ORGANIZATION, authorized by the Directory of the World's Columbian Exposition, and recognized by the Government of the United States as the proper agency to conduct a series of World's Congresses in connection with the Exposition.

2. A LOCAL COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS for each Congress. This Committee constitutes the means of communication and action between the Auxiliary and persons and organizations that will participate in a given Congress. This Committee of Arrangements consists of a comparatively small number of persons who, with few exceptions, reside in or near the place where the Congress is to be held.

3. Advisory Councils. Each Countities has adjoined to it, and constituting its non-resident, but active branch, an Advisory Council, composed of persons eminent to the work involved, and selected from many parts of the world. The members of such Councils cooperate with the proper Committees by individual correspondence.

4. GENERAL HONOMARY AND CORRESPONDING MEMBERS are also appointed. They are juvited to give their advice and coöperation in relation to the whole series of the proposed Congresses.

5. COMMITTEES OF CO-OPERATION, appointed by particular organizations, are recognized by the Auxiliary as representatives of Societies or Institutions, and are cordially invited to an active participation in the World's Congress work.

#### 6. THE WOMAN'S BRANCH OF THE AUXILIARY.

President, MRS. POTTER PALMER. Vice-Pres., MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN.

This consists of the Committees of Women appointed to cooperate with the corresponding Committees of Men, in making the arrangements for Congresses appropriate for the participation of Women. Mixed Committees are not appointed, but the two Committees may act as a Joint Committee, when occasion requires. In case a separate Congress of Women is desirable, it will be in special charge of this Branch of the Auxiliary. The motto of the Woman's Branch of the Auxiliary is, "Not Matter, but Mind."

## THE GENERAL OBJECTS OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

 To provide for the proper presentation of the Intellectual and Moral Progress of the World, in connection with the Columbian Exposition of 1893, in a series of World's Congresses under the auspices of the Auxiliary, with the assistance of the leaders in all

the chief departments of human achievement.

2. More particularly, to provide places of meeting and other facilities, for appropriate organizations of a kindred nature to unite in World's Congresses in Chicago, at convenient times during the Exposition season of 1893, for the consideration of the Living Questions pending in their respective departments; and to arrange and conduct a series of Popular Congresses in which will be presented Summaries of the Progress made, and the most important results attained in the several departments of civilized life, voiced by the ablest living representatives whose attendance can be procured.

To provide for the proper publication of the proceedings of such Congresses, as the most valuable and enduring memorial of

the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893.

4. To bring all the departments of human progress into harmonious relations with each other in the Exposition of 1893; to crown the whole glorious work by the formation and adoption of better and more comprehensive glains than have hitherto been made, to promote the progress, prosperity, unity, peace, and happiness of the world; and to secure the Mectual prosecution of such plans by the organization of a series of world-wide fraternities through whose efforts and influence the moral and intellectual forces of mankind may be made dominant throughout the world.

#### EXPLANATORY.

The World's Columbian Exposition is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, for the management of the Exposition of 1893. This corporation has also been approved by

the Government of the United States for that purpose.

The World's Columbian Commission consists of two Commissioners from each State and Territory of the United States and the District of Columbia, with eight Commissioners-at-Large, appointed by the President of the United States, to cooperate with the Directory of the Exposition in the work involved.

The Board of Lady Managers of the World's Columbian Commission is composed of ladies appointed under the act of Congress, to represent the Special Interests of Women in the Exposition.

## WHEN THE CONGRESSES WILL BE HELD.

### GENERAL ASSIGNMENT TO THE MONTHS OF THE EXPOSITION SEASON OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESSES OF 1893. BY DEPARTMENTS.

MAY.

I. Woman's Progress.

II. The Public Press.

III. Medicine and Surgery.

JUNE.

IV. Temperance.

V. Moral and Social Reform.

VI. Commerce and Finance.

VII. Music.

VIII. Literature.

IX. Education.

Avigue Cal Society

X. Engineering.

XI. Art, Architecture, etc.

XII. Government, Law Reform, Political Science, etc.

XIII. General Department.

XIV. Science and Philosophy.

SEPTEMBER.

XV. Labor.

XVI. Religion, Missions, and Church Societies.

XVII. Sunday Rest.

OCTOBER.

XVIII. Public Health.

XIX. Agriculture.

## DEPARTMENTS OF THE WORLD'S CONGRESS WORK,

With the General Divisions in which Congresses will be held, and the Dates when they will Open.

The following list indicates the progress made by the Auxiliary in its work. In each Department a Preliminary Organization has been effected, and a Preliminary Publication Issued. That publication sets forth the scope of the Department; the nature of

the subjects to be considered; the Divisions of the Department and its Committees; and the Advisory Councils so far as appointed. Most of the Committees have issued a *Preliminary Address*, inviting suggestions of themes to be considered, persons to present them, and the best methods of proceeding.

#### 1. DEPARTMENT OF WOMAN'S PROGRESS.

The Department of Woman's Progress includes all the fields in which women have achieved success; and will embrace a General Congress of Representative Women of all countries, commencing May 15, 1893.

#### II. DEPARTMENT OF THE PUBLIC PRESS.

THE DEPARTMENT OF THE PUBLIC PRESS, included the General Divisions of the Daily and Weekly Press; Trade Tournals; Scientific and Professional Journals, etc. The Congresses of this department will be held during the week commencing May 22, 1893.

## III. DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE.

The Department of Manicing includes the General Divisions of General Medicine and Surgery; Homeopathic Medicine and Surgery; Eclectic Medicine and Surgery; Medico-Climatology. The Congresses of these Physions will be held during the week commencing May 20th. The Congresses of Dentistry, Pharmacy and Medical Jurisprudgive have been transferred for special cause to the week commencing August 14, 1893. Public Health will precede the Agricultural Congresses in October, and has been given a separate department, on account of its inter-state and international relations, and deferred to that late date because the Public Health Officers cannot well leave their posts of duty during the summer.

#### IV. DEPARTMENT OF TEMPERANCE.

The Department of Temperance includes the General Divisions of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union; the Catholic Temperance Societies; the National Temperance Society; the Independent Order of Good Templars; the Sons of Temperance; the Templars of Honor and Temperance; the Royal Templars of Temperance; the Non-partisan W. C. T. U.; the Law and Order Leagues; Vegetarian Societies, and like Organizations. The Congresses of this department will be held during the week commencing June 5, 1893.

## V. DEPARTMENT OF MORAL AND SOCIAL REFORM.

THE DEPARTMENT OF MORAL AND SOCIAL REPORM includes the following subjects embraced in the work of the International Congress of Charities, Correction and Philanthropy and the National Conference of Charities and Correction, viz.: the public treatment of pauperism; the care of neglected, abandoned, and dependent children; the care and treatment of juvenile delinquents; the hospital care of the sick, the training of nurses, dispensary work, and first ald to the injured; the commitment, detention, care and treatment of the insane; the custodial care, and the training and development of idiots and feeble-minded children; the prevention and repression of crime, and the punishment and reformation of criminals; preventive work among the poor, and the organization and affiliation of charities in cities towns, and villages. This department also includes the work of orders and associations of all kinds whose object is the amelioration of social conditions, as, for instance, Humane Societies, The King's Daughters, the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, and the Salvation Army. Special Sessions of this Department will begin June 8, 1893, and continue during the following week. The general meetings will commence June 12.

## VI. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND FINANCE includes the General Divisions of Banking and Finance; Boards of Trade; Stocks and Bonds; Water Commerce; Railway Commerce; Commercial Clubs and Kindred Organizations; Insurance; Building Associations; Mercantile Business, etc. The Insurance Congress will include Fire Insurance; Marine Insurance; Life and Accident Insurance; Mutual Benefit and Assessment Associations; Fidelity and Employers Liability Insurance; and Insurance Specialties. The Congresses of this Department will commence on June 19, 1863. The Water Commerce Congress has been transferred to the first week of August, in order that it may be held in parallel with the Engineering Congress.

### VII. DEPARTMENT OF MUSIC.

THE DEPARTMENT OF MUSIC includes the General Divisions of Orchestral Art; Choral Music and Training; Songs of the People; Organ and Church Music; Musical Art and Literature; Musical Criticism and History; Opera Houses and Music Halls. The Congresses of this Department will be held during the week commencing July 3, 1893. The Congress of the General Division of Public Instruction in Music has been transferred from the Department of Education to the Department of Music, for the advantage of both. The two congresses will be separate but in parallel.

## VIII. DEPARTMENT OF LITERATURE.

THE DEPARTMENT OF LITERATURE includes the General Divisions of Libraries; History; Philology; Authors and Copyright; and Folk-Lore. The Congresses of this Department will commence on July 10, 1893.

## IX. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

The Department of Education includes the General Divisions of Higher Institutions of Learning; University Extension; Public Instruction; the Kindergarten; Manual and Art Training; Business and Commercial Education; Education in Civil Law and Government; Instruction of the Dead; Education of the Blind; Representative Youth of Public Schools; College and University Students; College Fraternities, Psychology—Experimental and Rational; Physical Culture; Comestic and Economic Education; Agricultural Education; Chautagna Education; Authors and Publishers. The General Division of Public Instruction in Music is transferred to the Department of Musical Art. The Congresses of these General Divisions will commence on July 17, 1893, and will be followed by the World General Educational Congress, in which all the Departments of Education will be properly represented.

## X. DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING.

The Department of Engineering includes the General Divisions of Civil Engineering; Mechanical Engineering; Mining Engineering; Metallurgical Engineering; Electrical Engineering; Military Engineering; Marine and Naval Engineering; Aerial Navigation; Engineering Education. The Congresses of this Department, and the Water Commerce Congress will be held during the week commencing on Monday, July 31, 1893.

## XI. DEPARTMENT OF ART.

The Department of Art includes the General Divisions of Architecture; Painting; Sculpture; Decorative Art; Photographic Art; Art Museums, and Art Education. The Congresses of this Department will be held in parallel with those of the Department of Engineering, commencing July 31, 1893; the places of meeting adequate as mentioned below.

## XII. DEPARTMENT OF GOVERNMENT.

THE DEPARTMENT OF GOVERNMENT includes the General Divisions of Jurisprudence and Law Reform; Political and Economic Reform; City Government; Executive Administration; Intellectual Property: Arbitration and Peace. The General Division of Jurisprudence and Law Reform will include the Laws of Nations; Expatriation, Naturalization and Extradition; International Privileges of Citizenship; the Administration of Justice, etc, The General Division of Political and Economic Reform will include Political Economy and Economic Science; Profit-Sharing; Social Science; the Single Tax and other Theories; Public Revenues; Statistics; Weights and Measures and Coinage; Postal Service; Suffrage in Republics, Kingdoms and Empires; Civil Service Reform, etc. The General Division of City Government will include Municipal Order, the Public Service: Public Works; Police Protection; Public Revenues and Expenditures; and other important subjects The General Division of Executive Administration will include the nature, office, and application of Executive Power, in Municipal, State and National Government. The General Division of Intellectual Property will include Trade-Marks and Patents, both National and International. The subject of Copyright was been transferred from the Department of Government to the Department of Literature. The General Division of Arbitration and Peace will include the establishment of permanent International Courts of Justice; the substitution of Arbitration for War; the establishment of Courts of Conciliation and Arbitration for the voluntary settlement of private controversies, etc. The Congresses of this Department will commence on August 7, 1893, and may extend into the following week. The Economic Congress will be deferred till the week commencing August 28, in order to secure the obvious advantages that will result from holding this Congress in parallel with the Labor Congress.

## XIII. GENERAL DEPARTMENT OF SUBJECTS SPECIALLY ASSIGNED.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT. In this Department are included Congresses not properly belonging to any other Department; and also Congresses which for any special cause could not be held in their appropriate places in the other Departments, among which are the Dental Congress; the Pharmaceutical Congress; the Congress of Medical Jurists; the Congress on the African Continent and People; the Horticultural Congress, and the Chess Congress. The

Congresses of this Department will commence on August 14, 1893. The Congress of Pharmacists will be deferred to the following week, in order that it may be held in connection with the Congress of Chemists. Any time during this week, not otherwise occupied, will be used for Congresses of the following Department.

## XIV. DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND PHILOSOPHY.

THE DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND PHILOSOPHY includes the General Divisions of General Physics; Astronomy and Mathematics; Meteorology; Geology; Geography; Chemistry; Electricity; Botany; Zoölogy; Microscopy; Anthropology, Ethnology and Archæology; Indian Ethnology; African Ethnology; Psychical Science; Philosophy. The Congresses of this Department are assigned to the week commencing on Monday, Angust 21, 1893. The Congress of African Ethnology, and perhaps others, will be commenced in the preceding week.

XV. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR includes the General Divisions of the Historic Development of Labor : Labor Organizations; Conflicts of Labor and Capital; Dabor Economics and Legislation; Woman's Work and Wages, Domestic Economy; Child Labor; Education, Public Opinion and Progress. The Congresses of this Department will be held in the last days of August and the first days of September, closing on Labor Day," Monday, Sept. 4, 1893.

## XVI. DEPARTMENT OF RELIGION.

THE DEPARTMENT OF RELIGION includes, to this date, the following General Divisions, subject to several additions now in course of formation, and to others that may be hereafter proposed:

Baptist; Catholic; Congregational; Christian; Evangelical Association; Evangelical Church; Friends; Jews; Lutheran General Council; Lutheran General Synod; Lutheran Synodical Conference; Methodist Episcopal; New Jerusalem; Presbyterian; Protestant Episcopal; Reformed Church of North America; Reformed Dutch Church; Reformed Episcopal; Swedish Evangelical; United Brethren; Unitarian; Universalist; Missions; Evangelical Alliance; Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Associations; Society of Christian Endeavor; Epworth League; Brotherhood of Christian Unity; Brotherhood of St. Andrew. The Catholic Congress will commence on Tuesday, September 5. The World's Parliament of Religions will commence on Monday, September 11,

1893, and will continue for seventeen days or more thereafter. The programme will be four-fold. The first part will consist of the presentation, in one of the large audience rooms of the Art Palace, of the grounds of sympathy and union or fraternal relations among the religious bodies of the world. The second part will consist of a concurrent presentation to the world, as represented by the attendance in the other large audience room of the Art Palace, of the faith and work of the different participating religious denominations. Separate sessions will be assigned to each denomination for this purpose. The third part of the programme will consist of informal conferences in the smaller halls of the Art Palace, in which further information in regard to any of the religious denominations may be sought by persons interested therein. The fourth part of the programme will consist of denominational congresses proper, in which each denomination will, in such way as it may deem best, set forth more fully and at large its peculiar history, achievements and purposes. The denominational congresses are expected to continue for at least one week each, and to accommodate them it is expected that perhaps one hundred Chicago churches will be called into requisition. These four programmes are expected to continue conquirently in a regular order during the entire period to be occapied by the World's Religious Congresses of 1893, each denomination to hold its denominational congress during the week in which its presentation to the World's Parliament of Religious is to be made. For example, the Protestant Episcopal presentation in the Art Palace will be made on Wednesday, September 20, 1893, and its denominational congress will be held daying that week. The Missionary Congresses will commence on Thursday, September 28; Y. M. C. A., October 6; Evangelical Alliance, October 8 to 15; Christian Endeavor, October 9 to 12.

#### XVII. DEPARTMENT OF SUNDAY REST.

THE DEPARTMENT OF SUNDAY REST includes the General Divisions of the Physiological Relations, the Economic and Business Relations, the Governmental and Political Relations, the Social and Moral Relations, and the Religious Relations of the Weekly Rest Day. These Congresses will be held September 28, 29, 30, 1893.

#### XVIII. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

The Department of Public Health includes the General Divisions of Sanitary Legislation; Public Health Authorities; Governmental Administration in relation to Epidemics and Contagions; Food Inspection and other Food Problems. The Congresses of this Department will be held October 13, 14, 1893, and may extend into the following week.

#### XIX. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE includes the General Divisions of Farm Culture and Cereal Industry; Animal Industry; Agricultural Organizations and Governmental Departments of Agriculture; Agricultural Education and Experiment; Good Roads; Household Economics; Horticulture, the latter of which has been transferred to the General Department as above noted. The Congresses of this Department are assigned to commence on Monday, October 16, 1893.

THEMES, SPEAKERS AND LIMITATIONS.

To make the proceedings of the various Congresses as worthy of a world-wide publication as possible; to reduce as far as practicable the expense of such publication; to prevent repetitions of matter and duplicate assignments of speakers; to secure such a strength and force of treatmend as will ensure the widest reading: to guard against encroachments by one speaker on the time which justly belongs to another; and to secure a just representation of all the participating countries, the themes to be presented in the various Congresses will be selected with a view to make a complete and orderly treatment of the general subject embraced in the Department; the programmes of the different Departments and Divisions will be carefully compared; and all papers and remarks will be strictly limited to an allotted time. It will obviously be better, in a given hour, to have two or three compact papers from as many different leaders, than to give the time at command to one of them for a long discourse, embracing several subjects. The object will be to state results and present existing problems and suggested remedies, and for this purpose lengthy papers are neither necessary nor desirable.

#### DISCUSSION OF THE SUBJECTS PRESENTED.

Unprepared discussion or miscellaneous debate would obviously be inconsistent with a plan of which the chief object is to procure the maturest thought of the world on all the great questions of the age, in a form best adapted to universal publication. The time at disposal after the delivery of a discourse will therefore be given to the most eminent persons present, who will speak on the call of the Presiding Officer, and to whom such previous notice as may be practicable will be given. The Summaries of Progress to be presented, and the Problems of the Age to be stated in the World's Congresses of 1893, will not be submitted to the vote of those who may happen to be present, but will be offered for subsequent deliberate examination by the enlightened minds of all countries; for unrestricted discussion in the forum, the pulpit, and the public press; and finally for the impartial judgment of that exalted Public Opinion which expresses the consensus of such minds. With this end in view, remarks of leaders, in elucidation of a subject, will take the place of ordinary debate. Appropriate volunteer papers of special merit will be received by the Committees, and given such place in the proceedings as the circumstances may allow.

## THE EXECUTIVE ADMINISTRATION OF THE CONGRESSES.

The Executive Administration of each Congress will necessarily be in charge of the Committee of Arrangements and the officers of the Auxiliary, who alone can be familiar with all the details in volved. But the plans of the Auxiliary have always provided that the largest practicable number of persons eminent in the work involved in a given Congress, shall be asked to act as Presiding Officers during different sessions of the Congress, or even during different parts of the same session, thus justly honoring distinguished participants, and gratifying the members of the Congress with an opportunity to see and bear, not only those who will read discourses on the occasion, but also others with whose names and works they may be more or less familiar.

#### KINDRED ORGANIZATIONS GROUPED IN DEPARTMENTS.

As far as practicable the several Departments of the World's Congress Auxiliary have been planned to bring to Chicago, during the time assigned to the Department, the largest number of kindred organizations for simultaneous or alternate sessions, thus enabling persons interested in several subjects of a kindred character reasonable opportunities to attend several Congresses, without a too prolonged stay at the Exposition.

It would be obviously impossible to provide for separate and independent meetings of all the Societies which are expected to participate in the work in charge of the Auxiliary. Existing organizations of the different countries of the world are therefore asked to merge their general proceedings for 1893 in those of the appropriate World's Congresses, thus substituting a World's Congress in which all will participate, for the usual annual meetings of different organizations. The meetings to be held under the auspices of the World's Congress Auxiliary are called either Congresses or Conferences. If the public interest in the subject involved is great, and the expected attendance large, the meeting is called a Congress; but if otherwise, it is termed a Conference.

To avoid the need of meetings elsewhere for the transaction of the strictly necessary business of a participating Society, the Auxiliary will, even at considerable inconvenience, arrange for brief sessions for that purpose.

# THE GOVERNMENTS, SOCIETIES AND INSTITUTIONS OF ALL

The Government of the United States, recognizing the World's Congress Auxiliary as the proper agency to Conduct a series of International Congresses in connection with the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893, has directed the Diplomatic and the Consular Officers of the United States in all countries to request "that a convenient number of the most eminent representatives of the various departments of human progress, the selected as delegates to attend the respective Congressed by or under the direction of the Government to which they are respectively accredited, in addition to those, who will come as the representatives of the leading institutions and societies of different countries; and to extend the assurance that the largest practicable participation of foreign peoples and Governments in the whole series of the Congresses is especially desired; and that such a cooperation on the part of other Governments will. it is confidently believed, tend in the highest degree to promote, strengthen and extend those fraternal relations and mutual benefits which may now justly be regarded as the supreme objects of international intercourse, and as involving a higher civilization and a broader human progress."

In addition to such Governmental delegates, the World's Congress Auxiliary also most cordially invites the appropriate institutions and societies of other countries to create Committees of Cooperation, to appoint delegates and otherwise contribute, as far as may be in their power, to the success of the Congresses to be held at Chicago in 1893. Individuals eminent in any department of human progress are also particularly and cordially invited to attend the Congresses in which they are respectively interested.

However great may be the honor and advantage which any nation will derive from a participation in the magnificent material exhibit already assured, it is not too much to say that a higher glory and more lasting benefits may be secured by sending its eminent men and women to take part in the World's Congresses of 1893.

#### WHERE THE CONGRESSES WILL BE HELD.

The World's Congresses of 1893 will be held in the Permanent Memorial Art Palace, erected on the Lake Front Park, through the cooperation of the Art Institute of Chicago, the City of Chicago, and the Directory of the World's Columbian Exposition. This "World's Congress Art Palace" will have two large audience rooms arranged to seat about three thousand persons each; and more than twenty smaller rooms, which will accommodate from three hundred to seven hundred persons each. Meetings of such a character as to draw a large popular audience will be held in the main audience rooms, while meetings of Chapters of Sections of different Congresses for the discussion of subjects of a more limited interest will be held in the smaller rooms. It will thus be possible to have two General Congresses and twenty Special Congresses or Conferences in session at the same time, and to have three times as many meetings within a single day by arranging different programmes for morning, afternoon and evening sessions; but it is not anticipated that so many daily meetings will be required in any Department of the World's Congress work; nor that, as a general rule, any Congressor Section will desire to meet more than once or twice in a given day.

## THE DISTINCTION BETWEEN THE GENERAL AND THE SPECIAL CONGRESSES.

The World's Congresses of 1893 will be of a two-fold order. There will be a series of General Congresses, for the presentation in appropriate popular discourses suitable for a world-wide publication, of the progress made in all the various departments of civilized life. The object of this presentation will be to promote the intelligence, culture and elevation of the people of all countries. The arrangement and conduct of such General Congresses is the especial work of the World's Congress Auxiliary, whose officers are glad to be able to state that they are well assured of the ready and zealous coöperation in this work of many leaders of progress throughout the world. The spirit of what is called "University Extension," is the spirit of this World's Congress scheme.

But a different class of Congresses is also required. In addition to such General Congresses, there will also be Special Congresses for the consideration of scientific, technical or special subjects, not suitable for such popular presentation. Such Special Congresses will be more directly in the charge of the organizations interested and represented by their respective Committees of Cooperation, which, acting in harmony with the Auxiliary Committees of Arrangements, will arrange the programmes and conduct the proceedings, subject only to those general regulations of the Auxiliary which are necessary to insure the harmony and completeness of the whole World's Congress Scheme. The Special Congresses of the religious denominations and the strictly scientific associations will be of peculiar interest.

Both the General Congresses, planned for the people, and the Special Congresses, planned for the advancement of great special interests, may thus be made highly successful. As the Material Exposition at Jackson Park is designed childry for the pleasure and benefit of the people of all countries, and subordinately for the entertainment and advantage of the specialists in the different departments, so also is the Intellectual and Moral Exposition to be made in the World's Congresses of 183, primarily intended for the benefit of the people who will hear or read the proceedings. The high character of the Special Congresses will not, however, be in any respect impaired by the concurrent series of General Congresses, but each series will, it is believed, greatly enhance the value of the other.

## SPECIAL PROGRAMMES FOR THE SEVERAL CONGRESSES.

The Committees of the Auxiliary are engaged, with the active assistance of their Committees of Coöperation and Advisory Councils, in arranging the Special Programmes for the different Congresses, and much progress in this direction has been made. In these programmes the sessions of the various Congresses of the several Departments will be more definitely announced, and the particular subjects selected and speakers engaged, will be given. The programmes for the General Congresses will, of course, be separate from, and relatively independent of those for the Special Congresses.

The themes mentioned in the Preliminary Publications do not constitute programmes for the Congresses, but are given to indicate the nature of the World's Congress scheme.

Suggestions of Speakers, Writers, Subjects and Modes of Proceeding are earnestly solicited from all concerned. It is manifestly impossible to communicate personally with all whose co-operation is desired, and it is therefore hoped that responses will be made without formality or delay.

Applications for documents and information may be made to the Assistant Secretary, at the address given below, to whom communications should be sent.

#### CHARLES C. BONNEY.

President of the World's Congress Auxiliary.

CLARENCE E. YOUNG.

Assistant Secretary.

Janes J. Histor WORLD'S CONGRESS HEADQUARTERS,

CHICAGO, U. S. A.