

LAW OFFICE OF
WILLRICH & LAMBERT,
ROOM 77 GLOBE BUILDING.

VS.

ST. PAUL, MINN., April 14th 1893.

Dem Achtbaren J. J. Hill,
St. Paul,
Minn.

Werther Herr:-

Im Auftrage des Comites erlaube ich mir Sie zu benachrichtigen dasz eine Anzahl Ihrer Deutsch Amerikanischen Mitbuerger ein kleines informelles Bankett arrangirt haben zu Ihren Ehren Morgen Abend um ⁶⁻³⁰ 7 Uhr im Ryan Hotel, und dasz hoffentlich Nichts Sie abhalten wird, uns die Ehre und das Vergnuegen Ihrer Gesellschaft zu geben.

Achtungsvoll,

GEBHARD WILLRICH,
Secretair.

(Dictated.)

(Translation)

By consent of the Committee I beg to inform you that a number of your German-American citizens have formed a small banquet in your honor tomorrow evening at 6:30 at the Hotel Ryan and trust nothing will prevent your rendering us the pleasure of your company.

HUMBOLDT MILL COMPANY

MERCHANT MILLERS

MINNEAPOLIS MINN. Apr. 14, 1893.

Jas. J. Hill, Esq.,

St. Paul, Minn.

Dear Sir:-

I have for sale a water-color by Mr. F.H. Farny, of Cincinnati, which is a lovely example of his work; size 9 x 14 in.; a scene in New Mexico, the characteristic Indian figures and the village on the hills in the back-ground.

You are doubtless familiar with Mr. F's. work. I regard him as our most representative Indian painter, who has portrayed both the Northern and Southern scenes more truthfully and naturally, and yet more poetically, than any other painter. He took the prize at one of the American Exhibitions in New York.

He has studied for years abroad and is a growing painter, and I believe his works will be increasingly valuable.

This is a recent picture and is sent to me from Cincinnati by a lady friend who is obliged to dispose of it. The price is \$500.00. It has all the force and strength of an Oil. It occurred to me that you might care for it, and would at least give me permission to send it to you for a week's study. I believe you will be enough in love with it to buy it.

Pardon the liberty I have taken.

Yours very truly,

*See Payne
Hav. no. room
for it*

W. H. Hinkle
36 Chamber of Commerce

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS:

WALTER P. WARREN, PRESIDENT.
FREDERICK DRISCOLL, FIRST VICE PRES.
CLINTON MORRISON, SECOND VICE PRES.
WILLIAM R. MERRIAM, TREASURER.
GREENLEAF CLARK,
JAMES J. HILL,
CHARLES W. HACKETT,
GEBHARD BOHN,
C. E. DUDLEY TIBBITS,
J. RUSSELL PARSONS,
P. S. MACGOWAN, GENL. MGR. AND ASST. TREAS.
FRANK V. BARTLETT, SECRETARY.

Walter A. Wood Harvester Company

[FORMERLY CALLED MINNEAPOLIS HARVESTER WORKS.]

23 Merchants National Bank Building.

St Paul, Minn. April 14th, 1893.

W. A. Stephens, Private Secretary,

To Hon. James J. Hill,

St. Paul, Minnesota.

Dear Sir:-

Your favor of this date is received, with checks enclosed, and we now hand you certificate for five hundred (500) shares, in the name of Mr. Hill.

Will you kindly return to us the interim receipts which you hold.

Yours respectfully,

Walter A. Wood Harvester Company,

P. S. Macgowan
General Manager.

Q

p.s.m.
apr. 14/93.

The Roach Inquiry—The "Class of Vipers" who do not Get Hearings from Senator Gorman.

REMARKS

OF

MR. HANSBROUGH AND MR. GORMAN.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES,

Friday, April 14, 1893.

The Senate, in extraordinary session, was considering the resolution offered by the Senator from Massachusetts [Mr. HOAR] authorizing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to investigate the charges made in the public press concerning the embezzlement of the funds of the Citizens' Bank of Washington, D. C., in 1878-79, by the then cashier, William N. Roach, now a Senator from the State of North Dakota.

Mr. HANSBROUGH said:

Mr. PRESIDENT: No Senator upon this floor is more regretful than I am that it should have appeared necessary that these proceedings must be brought into this body. I myself have taken no part in bringing them here or in the discussion, and I would not now consume the time of the Senate if I did not feel a personal obligation so to do.

I have known my colleague [Mr. ROACH] for the past ten or eleven years. I knew him when he first came into the old Territory of Dakota. I knew him when he traversed the prairies of that Territory over the plains and the snows, through winter and summer, carrying the mails a distance of 100 miles from the city of Grand Forks to the old military post of Fort Totten, under a subcontract which he held at that time. Our relations have been personally agreeable and pleasant. I have had a very high regard for Mr. ROACH, and he is held in esteem by the people of our State.

I regard this as a very unfortunate occurrence—unfortunate on account of my colleague, and on account of the State that he and I have been sent here to represent, and on account of the people therein. North Dakota is one of the new States. It had a very difficult task to get into the Union and become a member of the sisterhood of States; and when we once got into the Union we supposed that all our woes and troubles were at an end. But it seems that we come here simply to witness the beginning of those trials and tribulations which are calculated to keep the people of that young State back and prevent their progress, because these

proceedings here and the comments of the press upon them can be of no other avail than to injure the State of North Dakota and its people.

Mr. President, I am not disposed to criticise or find fault with the newspapers of the country. I myself have had the honor to be a member of the journalistic profession for the past twenty-five years. In that time I have no doubt said some very caustic things of men whom I supposed to be the enemies of the Commonwealth and of the public good, and there have been some very caustic things said concerning myself. But I am charitable enough to believe that no editor ever puts his pen to paper to say a derogatory thing of another unless he feels that he has good ground for doing so and that it is for the good of the country that he does so. I know that that at least has been the controlling influence throughout my journalistic career.

I find in a recent issue of the Daily Globe of the city of St. Paul, Minn., a very remarkable article under date of Washington, April 10. The editor and proprietor of the Globe is a Mr. Baker, now minister to Nicaragua and Salvador, I believe, recently confirmed by this body; and we have a right to expect Mr. Baker to be the kind of man who, when he asserts a thing or employs an agent to assert a thing, we must concede that he or his agent believes there is some ground for the truth of such assertion; and we have also a right to believe that they are fair enough to expect that their readers shall believe what they say. For this reason, the editor of the Globe occupying a distinguished position and being foremost among the editors of the country, the assertions of his paper are full of importance. I will read some extracts from the article I have referred to. It is under date, as I have said, of Washington, April 10:

A bomb will drop in the camp of the combination who are behind the persecution of Senator ROACH, of North Dakota. When old Senator HOAR, of Massachusetts, offered a new resolution in the ROACH matter to-day he did not know that within a few hours a man would arrive in Washington with enough evidence to completely overwhelm one of the Republican members with whom that saintly pair, HOAR and CHANDLER, do not hesitate to associate.

It is needless to state, Mr. President, that the Globe of St. Paul, Minn., is a Democratic paper.

Mr. HOAR. That is quite evident.

Mr. HANSBROUGH. The article continues:

This man arrived straight from North Dakota this afternoon. His name is Jud La Moure, of Pembina, and he brought with him a gripsack full of affidavits, letters, and other documents which he proposes to lay before the United States Senate.

I understand that Mr. La Moure was in this city recently, and for aught I know he may be here now.

Minister Baker's representative then proceeds to interview Mr. La Moure and to comment upon the interview as the interview progresses.

Senator Jud La Moure was one of the ten Republicans at Bismarck who voted for Senator ROACH, and he knows all about the contest as well as the fight two years earlier which resulted in the election of Senator HANSBROUGH.

Going back to the Senatorial contest of two years ago, Senator La Moure produced the inside history of that struggle in documentary form, and declared that in it are reasons for the immediate expulsion of Senator HANSBROUGH.

Mr. President, this is a very serious accusation to be found in the columns of a newspaper edited and controlled by a gentleman who seems to have occupied a position high enough to be selected by the present incumbent of the White House as a minister to an important foreign country. The article then proceeds:

The fact that La Moure would be here to-day was known in advance to Senator GORMAN, with whom the Pembina statesman spent several hours this evening, showing a mass of evidence concerning Senator H. C. HANSBROUGH.

All evening La Moure was in close conference with Senator GORMAN, the Democratic leader, and while neither cared to state the agreement reached, there is little doubt that to-morrow morning the case of Senator HANSBROUGH will be taken up by resolution and referred for investigation to a committee.

I also have here an article under date of April 10, from the Daily Tribune, of the city of Minneapolis, a newspaper published by a former member of this body and now minister to Portugal. At last accounts the editor of the Tribune was on his way to his post at Lisbon. This article purports to be an interview with Mr. La Moure. I will read a portion of it if the Senate will bear with me. The representative of the Tribune asked this question:

What are you here for?

To which Mr. La Moure replied:

Well, there seems to be a disposition on the part of the Republicans to push my friend, Senator ROACH. He is being abused. What kind of a fellow is Senator GORMAN—biggest toad in the Democratic puddle?

The reporter answered "yes."

Well—

Said Mr. La Moure—

I am going to see Senator GORMAN to-night, and I am going to put him on. If they do not let my friend ROACH alone I will make it hot for some of the high and mighty Republicans holding office from North Dakota. For instance, Senator HANSBROUGH, and I will have very little difficulty in the process. I propose to lay these facts before GORMAN and tell him the evidence is all ready.

The representative of the Tribune, after he had succeeded in interviewing Mr. La Moure, was honest enough and fair enough to make this statement; which reveals the real object of La Moure's visit to this city.

Jud is looking after the interests of his father-in-law, Mr. Nelson, collector of the port of Neche.

I will state that there is no such port. It is the customs district of North and South Dakota, the port of Pembina.

It was part of Jud's deal that Nelson should be retained if Jud voted for a Democrat.

Mr. President, in view of these allegations and assertions and charges, if they may be called charges, in two reputable papers owned and edited by two ministers to foreign lands, and in which assertions and charges there is not an iota or one scintilla of truth, I think I am justified in calling upon the Senator from Maryland to state whether he is in possession of any documentary evidence, affidavits, letters, or otherwise bearing upon my election to this body. If he is, I believe I am also justified in asking of the Senator, in justice to himself as a Senator, in justice to myself, in justice to the Senate as a body, to proceed forthwith to

lay those documents, affidavits, or whatever they may be, before the Committee on Privileges and Elections of this body, and that the matter be inquired into thoroughly and fully as soon as possible.

Mr. GORMAN. Mr. President, the remarks just made by the Senator from North Dakota furnish a pointed illustration of the folly, the unwisdom of this body opening its doors for the reception of statements or proceeding to consider for a moment statements affecting the character and reputation of Senators. The Senator from North Dakota has not known me very long, but I had hoped that he and every other intelligent citizen of this country would have known enough of my public course to believe it impossible that I should be the receptacle or the dumping ground of the miserable slanders that are constantly uttered against public men.

Mr. HANSBROUGH. I did not suppose that, Mr. President.

Mr. GORMAN. If there is any one thing that I have avoided, that I despise, it is to indulge in such matters, and I have but little respect for the judgment of any man who does it.

Of the matter to which the Senator refers, I knew nothing except through him, who casually asked me if such a man had approached me. That class of vipers do not come to me and get hearings.

Mr. HANSBROUGH. I am very glad to hear it.

Mr. GORMAN. I have never to my knowledge heard of the man who is named in that article. He has certainly never presented charges against the Senator from North Dakota to me. Like other Senators I read the newspapers, and I am bound to take note of what I see there; but such articles make no such impression on me as to warrant me in making use of them here or elsewhere.

O. F. COLLIER,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,
Window and Door Frames,
MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, ETC.

Fergus Falls, Minn. April 14, 1893

Ms. S. S. Breed

St Paul Minn

Dear Sir

9
Your favor of 12th at
hand would say in reply that we
can furnish you good x shingle for
\$2.70 per m or can furnish you a
cedar shingle 5 in clear at butt for some
money will lay them for \$1.56 per m the
price for shingling may seem high but it is a
difficult Building & stage I would recommend
the cedar shingles as they are much longer lived
than the pine do not split and lay flatter
it takes 6 shingles to make 2 in in thickness
which shows they are a trifle thinner than pine as
it only takes 5 of pine hoping to rec your order
I remain your truly O. F. Collier

14-

33-

Shingle
74

200

74

274



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