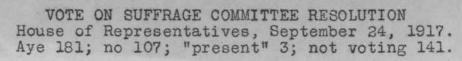


Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association Records.

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ANALYSIS BY PARTIES.

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Arizona	:	1	:	-	:	-	:	-	:	-	4	-	:	-:	1		-
Arkansas		7	:	-	:	-	:	-	:	_	:	-		-:	-	:	-
California	:	2	:	2		-	:	-		-	:		:	2:	4	:	1
Colorado	:	3	:	1	:	-	:	土	:	-		-	2	-:	-	:	-
Connecticut	:	-	:	-	:	-	:	1	:	2	:	-	:	-:	2	:	-
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Florida	:	1	:	-	:	-	:	1	:	-	:	-	-:	3:	-	:	-
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Idaho	:	-	:	2:	:	-	:	-	:	-	:	-	:	-:	-	1	-
Illinois	:	5	:	13	:	-	:	-	:	-	:	-	:	1:	8	:	-
Indiana	:	3	:	7	:	-	:	1	:	1	*		:	-:	1	:	-
Iowa	:	-	:	7	:			-	:	2	:	-	:	-:	2	:	-
Kansas	:	4	:	3	*	-	:	-	:	-	:	-		1:	1	:	-
Kentucky	:	5	:	1	0	-	:	3	:	-	:	-	5	2:	1	;	_
Louisiana	:	-	:	-	:	-	:	6	:	-	:	1	1:	1:	-	:	-
Maine	:	-	:	3	:	-	:	-	:	1	;	-	:	-:	-	;	-
Maryland	•	-	*	1	:	+	:	3	:	-	:	-	:	1:	1	*	-
Massachusetts	:	1	:	2	:	-	:	1	:	2	:	-	:	2:	6	:	1
Michigan	:	-	:	7	:	-		-	:	2	:	-	.:	1:	3	:	-
Minnesota	•	-	:	4	;	-	:	-	:	1	:	-	. :	1:	3	:	1
Mississippi	:	1		-	:	-	:	6	:	-	:	-	:	1:	-	:	-
Missouri	:	10	:	-	•	-	:	1	:	1	:	-	:	3:	1	:	-
Montana		1		1	1	-	:	-	:	-		-	:	-:	-	:	-
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North Carolina		5		4		1		-		-				13:	14		-
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South Carolina		-	:	-	:	-		5		-		-		3:	_	:	-
South Dakota	:	-		2		-		_	:	_	:	-		1:	_		
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VOTE ON RESOLUTION TO CREATE SUFFRACE COMMITTEE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES September 24, 1917.

ALABAMA

Almon, Dem. Bankhead, Dem. Blackmon, Dem. Burnett, Dem. Dent, Dem. Gray, Dem.

ARIZONA

Aye: Hayden, Dem.

ARKANSAS

Aye: Caraway, Dem.
Goodwin, Dem. Jacoway, Dem. Tillman, Dem.
Oldfield, Dem. Taylor, Dem. Wingo, Dem.

CALIFORNIA

Aye: Elston, Rep. Kettner, Dem. Osborne, Rep. Raker, Dem.

Paired For:

Not Voting: Lea, Dem.

COLORADO

Aye Hilliard, Dem.
Keating, Dem.
Taylor, Dem. Timberlake, Rep.

CONNECTICUT

No: Freeman, Rep. Glynn, Rep. Lonergan, Dem.

Paired For: Hill, Rep.

Not Voting: Tilson, Rep.

DELAWARE No: Polk, Dem. FLORIDA

Aye: Huddleston, Dem. Ave: Sears, Dem.

No: Drane, Dem.

Not Voting: Clark, Dem. Kehoe, Dem.

GEORGIA

Oliver, Dem. No: Crisp, Dem. Wood, Rep.
Steagall, Dem. Howard, Dem.
Not voting: Heflin, Dem. Larsen, Dem. Moores, Rep.

Dem. Moores, Rep. Lee, Dem. Overstreet, Dem. Park, Dem. Walker, Dem.

Wise, Dem.

Vinson, Dem.

Adamson, Dem.

Fairfield, Ref.

I O W A

Aye: Dowell, Rep.

Haugen, Rep.

IDAHO:

Aye: Smith, Rep. French, Rep.

ILLINOIS

Aye: Cannon, Rep. Denison, Rep. Church, Dem.

Curry, Rep.

Hayes, Rep.

Kahn, Rep.

Nolan, Rep.

Randall, Prohi.

Voting: Lea, Dem.

Foster, Dem.

Foster, Dem.

Fuller, Rep.

Gallagher, Dem.

Graham, Rep.

Graham, Rep.

Ireland, Rep.

McAndrews, Dem.

McKenzie, Rep.

Madden, Rep.

Madden, Rep.

Paired For:

Dem.

Paired For:

Dem. Foss, Rep. Sabath, Dem. Sterling, Rep. Wheeler, Rep. Williams, Rep.

Not Voting:

Britten, Rep. Copley, Rep. Juul, Rep. McCormick, Rep. McKinley, Rep. Mann, Rep. Martin, Dem. Mason, Rep. Wilson, Rep.

INDIANA

Aye:Barnhart, Dem. Bland, Rep. Cox, Dem. Dixon, Dem. Elliott, Rep. Kraus, Rep. Purnell, Rep. Sanders, Rep. Vestal. Rep.

Moores, Rep.

Not Voting: Fairfield, Rep.

Paired Against:

Bell, Dem.

Brand, Dem.

Haugen, Rep.

Kennedy, Rep.

Ramsayer, Rep Ramsayer, Rep. Sweet, Rep. Towner, Rep. Woods, Rep.

> No: Hull, Rep. Scott, Rep.

Not Voting: Good, Rep.

Connelly, Dem.

Not Voting: Anthony, Rep.

KENTUCKY

Aye:Cantrill, Dem.
Barkley, Dem.
Fields, Dem. Johnson, Dem. Langley, Rep. Thomas, Dem.

-3-

KENTUCKY (Continued) No: Helm, Dem. Kincheloe, Dem.

Not Voting: Sherley, Dem. Rouse, Dem. Powers, Rep.

LOUISIANA No: Aswell, Dem. Dupre', Dem. Estopinal, Dem. Lazaro, Dem. Martin, Prot. Sanders, Dem. Wilson, Dem.

Paired against: Watkins, Dem.

MAINE Aye: Goodall, Rep. Hersey, Rep. White, Rep.

No: Peters, Rep.

MARYLAND Aye: Zihlman, Rep.

No: Coady, Dem. Linthicum, Dem. Talbott, Dem.

Not Voting: Mudd, Rep. Price, Dem.

MASSACHUSETTS Aye: Carter, Rep. Dallinger, Rep. Phelan, Dem.

No: Olney, Dem. Rogers, Rep. Walsh, Rep.

Paired for: Fuller, Ind.

Paired against: Tague, Dem.

Not Voting: Gallivan, Dem. Gillett, Rep. Greene, Rep. Paige, Rep. Treadway, Rep. Winslow, Rep. Tinkham, Rep.

MICHIGAN Aye:Bacon, Rep. Cramton, Rep. Hamilton, Rep.
Kelley, Rep.
McLaughlin, Rep.
Mapes, Rep.
Smith, Rep.

No: Nichols, Rep. Scott, Rep.

Not Voting: Currie, Rep. Doremus, Dem. Fordney, Rep. James, Rep.

MINNESOTA Aye: Davis, Rep. Ellsworth, Rep. Knutson, Rep. Lundeen, Rep.

No: Volstead, Rep.

Paired for: Steenerson, Rep.

Not Voting: Anderson, Rep. Miller, Rep. Schall, Prog. Van Dyke, Dem.

MISSISSIPPI Aye: Humphreys, Dem.

No: Collier, Dem. Candler, Dem. Quin, Dem. Sisson, Dem. Stephens, Dem.

MISSOURI

Aye: Alexander, Dem. Booher, Dem. Decker, Dem. Dickinson, Dem. Hamlin, Dem.
Hensley, Dem.
Romjue, Dem. Rubey, Dem. Russell, Dem. Shackleford, Dem.

No: Igoe, Dem. Meeker, Rep.

MISSOURI (Continued) Not Voting: Borland, Dem. Borland, Den Clark, Dem. Dyer, Rep. Rucker, Dem.

MONTANA Aye: Evans, Dem. Rankin, Rep.

NEBRASKA Aye: Kinkaid, Rep. Lobeck, Dem. Reavis, Rep. Shallenberger, Dem. Sloan, Rep.

Not Voting: Stephens, Dem.

NEVADA Aye: Roberts, Rep.

NEW HAMPSHIRE Aye: Burroughs, Rep. Wason, Rep.

NEW JERSEY Aye: Bacharach, Rep. Gray, Rep.
Hutchinson, Rep. Scully, Dem.

No: Browning, Rep. Parker, Rep. Ramsey, Rep.

Paired for: Eagan, Dem.

Not Voting: Venable, Dem. Capstick, Rep. Not Voting: Harrison, Dem. Drukker, Rep. Hamill, Dem. Lehlbach, Rep.

> NEW YORK Aye: Chandler, Rep. Francis, Rep.
> Hicks, Rep.
> Hulbert, Dem.
> London, Soc.
> Lunn, Dem.
> Oliver, Dem.
> Pratt. Rep. Francis, Rep. Pratt, Rep.

NEW YORK (Continued) NORTH DAKOTA No: Fairchild, B. L. Rep. Aye: Young, Rep. Gould, Rep. Magee, Rep. Parker, Rep. Platt, Rep. Siegel, Rep. Snyder, Rep.

ed for: Mott, Rep. Paired for: Rowe, Rep. Smith, C.B. Dem.

Paired Against: Fairchild, G.W. Rep. Haskell, Rep. Husted, Rep. Sanford, Rep. Swift, Rep. Ward, Rep.

Dale, Dem. Hamilton, Rep. Maher, Dem.

Riordan, Dem.

Smith, T. F., Dem.

Sanders, Rep.

Sullivan, Dem.

OKLAHOMA

Aye:Carter, Dem.

Ferris, Dem.

McClintic, Dem.

Thompson, Dem. Snell, Rep.

NORTH CAROLINA Aye: Doughton, Dem. Not Voting: Hood, Dem. Pou, Dem. Stedman, Dem. Weaver, Dem.

No: Small, Dem. Webb, Dem.

Paired against: Robinson, Dem. NEW MEXICO

Not Voting: Kitchin, Dem. Godwin, Dem.

No: Norton, Rep.

Paired for: Baer, Non P.

OHIO

Aye:Bathrick, Dem. Brumbaugh, Dem. Claypool, Dem. Cooper, Rep. Crosser, Dem.
Emerson, Rep.
Fess, Rep. Kearna, Rep. White, Dem.

No: Ashbrook, Dem. Ward, Rep.

Ward, Rep.

Gordon, Dem.

Key, Dem.

Longworth, Rep.

Snook, Dem.

Bruckner, Dem.

Welty, Dem.

Dempsey, Rep.
Dooling, Dem.
Dunn, Rep.
Caldwell, Dem.
Flynn, Dem.
Griffin, Dem.
Griffin, Dem.
Dem.
Dunn, Rep.
McCulloch, Rep.
Overmyer, Dem.
Sherwood, Dem.
Switzer, Rep.
Hamilton Rep.
Switzer, Rep.

OKLAHOMA

Waldow, Rep. No: McKeown, Dem. Morgan, Rep.

> Chandler, Rep. Hastinge, Dom.

OREGON Aye: Hawley, Rep. McArthur, Rep. Sinnott, Rep.

Aye: Walton, Dem.

PENNSYLVANIA Aye: Campbell, Dem. Farr, Rep. Focht, Rep. Kelly, Dem. McFadden, Rep. Porter, Rep. Robbins, Rep. Strong, Rep.
Temple, Rep. Rose, Rep.

No: Dewalt, Dem. Lesher, Dem. Rowland, Rep. Steele, Dem.

> Paired for: Clark, Rep. Kiess, Rep.

Paired against: Costello, Rep. Edmonds, Rep. Garland, Rep. Graham, Rep. Heaton, Rep. McLaughlin, Rep. Templeton, Rep.

Not Voting: Brodbeck, Dem. Butler, Rep. Crago, Rep. Darrow, Rep. Griest, Rep. Kreider, Rep. Moore, Rep. Morin, Rep. Scott, Rep. Sterling, Dem. Vare, Rep.

RHODE ISLAND Paired for: Kennedy, Rep. O'Shaunessy, Dem. Stiness, Rep.

SOUTH CAROLINA No: Byrnes, Dem. Dominick, Dem. Nicholls, Dem. Stevenson, Dem. Whaley, Dem.

> Paired against: Ragsdale, Dem.

Voted "Present" Lever, Dem.

SOUTH DAKOTA

Aye: Dillon, Rep.
Johnson, Rep.

Not voting:
Gandy, Dem.

TENNESSEE

Aye: Austin, Rep.
Byrns, Dem.
Fisher, Dem.

No: Garrett, Dem.
Houston, Dem.
Moon, Dem.
Padgett, Dem.
Sells, Rep.

Paired against:
Hull, Dem

Not Voting: Sims, Dem.

TEXAS

Aye:Blanton, Dem.
Connally, Dem.
Garrett, Dem.
Gregg, Dem.
Jones, Dem.
Sumners, Dem.

No: Black, Dem.
Eagle, Dem.
Garner, Dem.
Hardy, Dem.
Mansfield, Dem.
Rayburn, Dem.
Wilson, Dem.

Not Voting:
Dies, Dem.
Stiyden, Dem.
Young, Dem.
McLemore, Dem.
Buchanan, Dem.

UTAH

Aye: Mays, Dem.

Welling, Dem.

VERMONT Aye:Dale, Rep.

No: Green, Rep.

VIRGINIA

Aye: Glass, Dem.

Harrison, Dem.

No: Carlin, Dem.
Flood, Dem.
Holland, Dem.
Montague, Dem.
Saunders, Dem.
Watson, Dem.

Not Voting:

Jones, Dem.
Slemp, Rep.

WASHINGTON

AyeDill, Dem.

Hadley, Rep.

Johnson, Rep.

La Follette, Rep.

Miller, Rep.

WEST VIRGINIA

Aye:Bowers, Rep.

Littlepage,Dem.

Reed, Rep.

No: Woodyard, Rep.

Not Voting: Cooper, Rep. Neely, Dem.

WISCONSIN

Aye:Browne, Rep.
Cooper, Rep.
Davidson, Rep.
Esch, Rep.

No: Classon, Rep. Stafford, Rep. Voigt, Rep.

Paired For: Lenroot, Rep.

Not Voting:
Nelson, Rep.
Cary, Rep.
Frear, Rep.

WYOMING Aye: Mondell, Rep. A bill for an act to empower women to vote at presidential preference primaries and for the nomination and election of presidential electors:

Section 1. Every woman, of the age of 21 years and upwards, possessing the qualifications requisite to a male voter, shall be entitled to vote the same as men, at presidential primary elections and at any election of presidential electors, for the party nomination of president and vice-president, for the nomination of presidential electors, for the election of delegates to the national convention and for presidential electors.

Every woman entitled to vote as aforesaid, as a qualification for voting at such elections, shall comply with such statutory regulations as are required of male electors.

MEMORANDUM.

Section 1 of Article II of the Constitution of the United States provides as follows:

"EACH STATE SHALL APPOINT, IN SUCH MANNER AS THE LEGISLATURE THEREOF MAY DIRECT, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the Congress." It is thus apparent that the Legislature has the power to give women the right to vote, as provided in this bill.

Illinois has given women presidential suffrage.

TO DISCUSS, at this time, the work for Suffrage in the last legislature seems much like going over a page of ancient history or perhaps more like holding a post mortem; Important only as a guide to future activity.

For many years previous to 1917, we have been going to our legislature with the request for the passage of an amendment bill which, when ratified at the poles, would give women the right to full suffrage.

Last year, however, the National Association decided that hereafter only in the well organized States would Suffragists undertake to conduct a campaign for the amendment of their constitution. In all other States, they would ask for the more limited suffrage which each legislature, by its own authority, might grant.

Thus, at our convention a year ago, realizing that Minnesota was but poorly organized to conduct the strenuous campaign which would be necessary, not only as an educational measure, but to combat the influence of the liquor and other kindred interests, we were very glad to adopt the plan of the National and try only for Presidential suffrage.

Accordingly, when the 1917 Legislature convened, a bill giving women the right to vote for President was ready for introduction in both House and Senate We felt we had every reason to be hopeful of success. The suffragists of the State, including the W. C. T. U. were united in support of the measure; The prohibition forces in the Legislature were quite generally favorable to its passage.

They say the unexpected always happens; It certainly did in this case. The session had only begun when we heard that an amendment bill for full suffrage was to be introduced in the House at the request of the socalled Equal Franchise League. Realizing that the two bills would naturally militate against each other and tend to create confusion in the minds of busy law makers we tried to have the amendment bill withdrawn, but without avail.

Now, to tell briefly what took place; The Amendment Bill was introduced in the House by A. M. Peterson and was made a special order for February 21st. The question was: Shall the Legislature submit to the men of the State the question as to whether or not women shall be given the full right to vote on the same terms as men.

sat next to me and a group of Suffragists in the House gallery. There was more or less joking back and forth as we called one anothers attention to points made in the talks going on below. As Rep. Henry Holmes arose to speak, Mrs. Anti called my attention and remarked that he was such a fine man and wrote such delightful letters. Soon Mr. Holmes message came floating up to our ears and he was saying, in ho uncertain tones, that "for those wealthy women of leasure, who kept servants in their homes to come down here on the floor of this house and ask that the working women be not given the ballot was a very cheap thing to do," and again he repeated what a cheap thing he considered such an act. I looked at Mrs. Anti. Her head was bowed over her little note book and she did not seem to hear. I did not ask her if she heard. know only too well that she heard but had no defence to make.

After a debate of about three hours, the vote was taken and the bill passed by 85 to 41. The large majority vote for this bill was due, in a measure at least, to the fact the the anti forces were more kindly disposed toward an amendment bill because they felt sure of its failure at the poles. Then too, many Legislators told us frankly, they felt obliged to vote for the bill. That, while they realized that the Presidential bill was the only feasible plan at this time, nevertheless they could not go on record as having voted against any suffrage measure as their constituents considered always how they voted and did not listen to explanations.

Our Presidential Bill came before the Senate on March 29th. Our old friends, Senators Putman, Andrews, E. H. Peterson, Sageng, and others, pleaded that women in Minnesota be given the right to vote for President. As usual, Sen. Sullivan argued that a vote in the hands of women would destroy the home. Sen. Duxbury was sure it would lead to a Government by women and ruin would overtake the nation. Moreover, according to this Senator, it was only the unattached women who were so unattractive that they could not get men to marry them who were howling for the vote. At the close of A hour hours debate, the vote was taken. Our bill was defeated by 35 to 31.

The way was now clear in the Senate for the disposal of the Amendment Bill which had passed the House on February 21st, and on April 9th, the Elections Committee reported the Bill out with a recommendation that it be indefinitely postponed. The prohibition Senators by this time had definitely

(3) made up their minds that a suffrage amendment on the ballot in 1918 would jeopardize the passage of their prohibition amendment; Consequently, when it did not have the backing of the State Suffrage Association, it was easily willed. The friends of the bill were able to force a roll call but were only able to muster fourteen votes in its favor; forty-nine against it. Thus the curtain went down on the last act of the Suffrage Drama in the 1917 Legislature. Two bills had been presented and both had failed of passage. I have said nothing as yet about the amount of hard work done by our women all through the session. Lobbying, as you may call it, is interesting and instructive, but it is hard work nevertheless and not always pleasant work. It means going to the Capitol day after day and week after week and spending tiresome hours talking to our lawmakers or perhaps waiting hours for a chance to talk to them. If a man was fav orable, or decidedly opposed, we took no further trouble about him. If he seemed rather uncertain, we arranged to have as many letters and petitions as possible sent to him from his home district in the hope of favorable influence. Then, there was the literature to be given out at such times and in such a way that the men would be likely to read it. I wish every woman in the State could have been here to do her bit in this piece of work for Suffrage. No salary could every compensate your State President for the time and strength she devoted to this work all through the session. We cannot pay her but we can today extend to her our thanks and we do so gladly. A most interesting feature of the season was the hearings conducted before the Committees. Here Suffragist and Anti Suffragist stood side by side to argue for and against the proposed measures. It was like a War of Red Roses and yellow Jonquils with each woman wearing a flower as her party badge. Then, too, that huge boquet of Anti Roses always seemed to overshadow our boquet of Suffrage jonquils, - but not so with the Anti speeches. Fancy, if you can, women of today viewing present day problems from the viewpoint of the middle ages, when every woman was every other womans matrimonial rival and her own success lay in pulling down the other woman. believe I do them no injustice when I say that the Anti suffrage attitude toward the question was admirably expressed by their new National President, Mrs. James Wadsworth, Jr., when after tearing to pieces the feminine character

and enumerating all the failings of which women have ever been accused, she exclaims, -" But do we want the tactics of the female of the species to moved our policies of government, the spirit of our institutions, or the enforcement of our laws." "I for one, am very sure we do not."

Contrast with this, the plea of the urman who asks for the ballot that she may better serve humanity,

whose every expression bespeaks her abriding faith in her sex, and a willing ness to take her place and do her bit in the worlds work. Here was displayed all the difference between

obstruction and construction and well you

were glad you were a suffragist at such a

a very interesting event of the winter was the coming of Jeanette Rankin to St Paul, She was taken to the Capital by Mrs weland where she was given an oration and invited to address botto branches of the Legislature. Our law onahers were given their first look at a "woman congressman" as the papers put it. We were immensely proud of her and hoped her appearance at this time might cause the legislature to look with more favor on our bill for Presidential suffrage.

Rate in January the State Suffrage association gave a buncheon for the wives of the legislators, It proved to be a mutually enjoyable affair at which there were about a hundred and twenty fire quests. A few short talks were given including one by our state president on the Presidential Bill.

So you may see from this very meager report

that a great deal of with was dine by our wimen and apparently little gained. On the other hand I do not consider that we last very much. We did not ask for the amendment bill and it was not passed. It is true we did regret very much the failure of the Presidenteal Bill but we still have a chance to get that through the 1919 Legislature and we couldn't have rated for President before 1910 any way. t-arthumere if I were a political prophet ? think I would stake my reputation on the prophecy that The legislature which meets in 1919 will be of a new order. The people are young to see to it that the men who serve them two years hence have a conception of democracy that is broader and finer than ever before. Our old familiar opponents are not coming back. The 1919 Legislature will gise us suffrage and any variety of suffrage we ask for. It will be a Legislature to which we may take the Federal amendment and know that they well ratify it willingly and gladly. Respectfully submitted, Era L. Sylvester.

Report of Leg. me Sylvista

STATE OFFICERS

AND

SENATORS

AND

REPRESENTATIVES IN THE LEGISLATURE

FOR THE

1919 SESSION

Compiled by

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL

SECRETARY OF STATE OF MINNESOTA

STATE OFFICERS ELECTED IN 1918

(All Republican)

Senator in Congress—KNUTE NELSON Governor—J. A. A. BURNQUIST Lieutenant Governor—THOS. FRANKSON St. Paul Secretary of State—JULIUS A. SCHMAHL State Auditor—J. A. O. PREUS State Treasurer—HENRY RINES Attorney General—CLIFFORD L. HILTON Clerk of Supreme Court—HERMAN MUELLER Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner—FRED W. PUTNAM Red Wing
Representatives in Congress.
First District—SYDNEY ANDERSON (R). Second District—FRANKLIN F. ELLSWORTH (R). Mankato Third District—CHARLES R. DAVIS (R). Fourth District—CARL C. VAN DYKE (D). St. Paul Fifth District—WALTER H. NEWTON (R). Sixth District—HAROLD KNUTSON (R). Seventh District—ANDREW J. VOLSTEAD (R). Granite Falls Eighth District—W. L. CARSS (Ind). Ninth District—HALVOR STEENERSON (R). Crookston Tenth District—THOMAS D. SCHALL (R). Minneapolis
NON-PARTISAN
(Elected in 1918)

NON-PARTISAN
(Elected in 1918)
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court—CALVIN L. BROWNMorris Associate Justices of the Supreme Court: OSCAR HALLAMSt. Paul ANDREW HOLTMinneapolis
Judges of the District Court
Second District: H. R. BRILL. St. Paul W. L. KELLY. St. Paul F. N. DICKSON. St. Paul C. C. HAUPT. St. Paul Third District—CHARLES E. CALLAGHAN Rochester Fourth District: Minneapolis E. F. WAITE. Minneapolis C. S. JELLEY Minneapolis W. W. BARDWELL Minneapolis Ninth District—FRANK CLAGUE Redwood Falls
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23	Herman Schmechel	Renville	Fairfax.
24	Oluf Gjerset	Chippewa	Montevideo.
25	P. A. Gandrud	Kandiyohi	Sunberg, via Kerkhoven.
26	Magnus Johnson	Meeker	Kimball—R. 2.
27	J. E. Madigan	Wright	Maple Lake. 636 Van Buren St. N. E.
28	J. G. Callahan	Hennepin	2502 N. E. Lincoln.
29 30	Frank L. Palmer	Hennepin	1312 Douglas Av.
31	W. F. Brooks	Hennepin	1928 Stevens Av. S.
32	A. O. Devold	Hennepin	2301 S. 7th.
33	Paul W. Guilford	Hennepin	4751 Fremont Av. S.
34	Carl L. Wallace	Hennepin	2003 Queen Av.
35	James Dwyer	Hennepin	2828 N. 4th.
36	Geo. A. Turnham	Hennepin	Long Lake.
37	Joseph A. Jackson	Ramsey	1159 Jesse.
38	James Handlan	Ramsey	69 Winnipeg.
39	Peter Van Hoven	Ramsey	649 Jefferson.
40	James D. Denegre	Ramsey	549 Grand.
41	Martin J. Conroy	Ramsey	515 Forest.
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44	John D. Sullivan	Stearns	Cambridge. St. Cloud.
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54	F. D. Vibert	Carlton	Cloquet.
55	Richard Hamer	Mille Lacs	Milaca.
56	Adolph S. Larson	Pine	Sandstone.
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58	Edward R. Ribenack	St. Louis	Duluth, 601 W. Superior S
59	Emil M. Erickson	St. Louis	Duluth, 611 22d Ave. W. Orr.
60	Fred Bessette	St. Louis	Virginia.
61	Michael Boylan	Koochiching	International Falls.
62 63	Leonard H. Nord	Becker	Frazee.
64	John L. Wold	Norman	Twin Valley.
65	Osear A. Naplin	Pennington	Thief River Falls.
66	James Cumming	Polk	East Grand Forks.
67	Nels S. Hegnes	Marshall	Argyle.
		331	

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1	Houston	John J. Sliter	Spring Grove.
			Stewartville.
	Fillmore	C. W. Hale	
2	Winona, 1st Dist	W. Galewski	Winona, 657 E. 6th St.
	Winona, 2d Dist	John Frisch	St. Charles.
3	Wabasha	Hugh Leonard	Millville.
4	Olmsted	0. E. Hammer	Stewartville,
5	Dodge	Geo. Wicker	Kasson,
	Mower	Harry C. Trowbridge	Austin.
6	Freeborn	H. H. Emmons	Emmons.
			Wells.
7	Faribault	E. O. Oren	Lake Crystal.
8	Blue Earth, 1st Dist.	H. M. Green	H12371117.2
	Blue Earth, 2d Dist.	Henry Hodapp	Mankato.
9	Martin	B. H. Curtis	Fairmont.
1	Watonwan	Wm. Schaleben	Madelia.
10	Cottonwood	George W. Grant	Bingham Lake.
13550	Jackson	L. O. Teigen	Jackson.
11	Nobles	W. N. Shanks	Worthington.
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	Murray	J. E. Baxter	Pipestone.
75157	Pipestone	W. C. Briggs	
13	Lyon	John B. Gislason	Minneota.
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16	Steele	Andrew Christensen	Owatonna.
10	CWAR		Waseca.
	Waseca	George H. Goodspeed	Kasota.
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18	Rice	Walter H. McLaughlin	Faribault.
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23	Renville		Montevideo.
24	Chippewa	J. O. Haugland	
10000000	Lac qui Parle	Theo. Christianson	Dawson.
25	Kandiyohi	John Wicklund	Atwater, R. 3.
	Swift	Christen Arneson	Murdock, R. 3.
26	Meeker	John M. Nelson	Litchfield.
27	Wright	John Kelly	Waverly.
12.00		S. J. Swanson	Cokato.
28	Hennepin	Leo J. Gleason	(Mpls. unless otherwise state
20		A. L. Lennon	221 N. E. 2d.
29	Wannanin	Burt L. Kingsley	628 11th Av. S. E.
43	Hennepin		717 S. E. 5th.
100	*********	W. I. Norton	70 S. 12th St.
30	Hennepin	Frank E. Nimocks	
55574	tent a	Frank C. Smith	2204 Western Av.
31	Hennepin	John G. Lennon	1509 Portland Av.
		Thomas E. West	817 E. 22d.
32	Hennepin	Frank E. Miner	2408 25th Av. S.
		John Swanson	2400 E. 25th St.
33	Hennepin	W. I. Nolan	2914 W. 40th St.
		Ludwig O. Solem	3729 Clinton Av.
34	Wannanin	L. E. Brophey	3206 Lyndale Av. S.
54	Hennepin		3145 Calhoun Blvd.
100		Asher Howard	609 Plymouth Av.
35	Hennepin	Fred Lang	
		Erling Swenson	3244 6th St. N.
36	Hennepin, So. Half.	Chas. E. Hulbert	Eden Prairie.
-374	Hennepin, No. Half.	Thomas H. Girling	Robbinsdale.
			(St. Paul, unless otherwis
			stated):
9.77	Pamear North	Charles A. Oberg	1110 Payne Av.
37	Ramsey, North	T. J. Greene	617 Warren St.
	Ramsey, South		454 Edmund St.
38	Ramsey, North	George Nordlin	
	Ramsey, South	P. J. Ryan	779 Edmund St.
39	Ramsey, 5th Ward	P. H. Waters	475 Superior St. 661 Delaware.

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40	Pameau 4th Ward	Guy E. Dilley	310 N. Exchange.
40	Ramsey, 4th Ward Ramsey, 7th Ward	Leavitt Corning	Angus Hotel.
47		George W. Rodenberg	721 E. 6th St.
41	Ramsey	Geo. L. Sigel	1036 Reaney.
40	Daniel Courth	John I. Levin	1829 Ashland Av.
42	Ramsey, South	Geo. C. Sudhelmer	1270 Seminary Av.
220	Ramsey, North	H. H. Harrison	Stillwater.
43	Washington	R. A. Wilkinson	Lake Elmo.
		Ole Lagersen	Anoka, R. 2.
44	Anoka and Isanti	Oliver Chirhart	Sauk Rapids.
45	Benton, 1st Dist	John B. Pattison	St. Cloud.
	2d Dist., St. Cloud	Thomas J. Flahaven	
46	Stearns, 1st Dist	John N. Nett	Sauk Center, R. 5. Richmond.
222	Stearns, 2d Dist	John A. Urness	Market State (Market State Sta
47	Douglas	Carl N. Nelson	Brandon, R. 2.
000	Pope	J. D. Ross	Starbuck.
48	Big Stone	Carl M. Iverson	Clinton.
	Grant	L. C. Dorweiler	Ashby.
	Stevens	O. C. Neuman	Chokio.
	Traverse	S. P. Anderson	Wheaton.
49	Clay	H. L. Shirley	Rollag.
TOWNS !	Wilkin		Breckenridge.
50	Otter Tail	Elmer E. Adams	Fergus Falls.
		John B. Hompe	Deer Creek.
		Nels T. Moen	Fergus Falls.
		H. A. Putnam	Battle Lake.
51	Todd	Frank C. McGivern	Staples.
	Wadena	W. H. Johnson	Seleka.
52	Cass	Daniel DeLury	Walker.
	Itasca	George H. Herried	Deer River.
53	At Large	Chas. W. Bouck	Royalton.
	Crow Wing	P. J. Long	Ironton.
	Morrison	Tim Perry	Little Falls.
54	Aitkin	C. H. Warner	Aitkin.
1111111	Carlton	W. J. Darby	Wrenshall.
55	Mille Lacs, Kanabec,	Wm. S. Enger	Big Lake, R. F. D. 1.
	Sherburne	Charles F. Serline	Mora.
56	Pine, Chisago	Elias Nordgren	Sunrise.
		L. C. Pedersen	Askov.
57	St. Louis	Marcus B. Cullum	Duluth, 916 E. 1st St.
	Lake and Cook	Ernest G. Strand	Two Harbors.
58	St. Louis	Hugh Fawcett	Duluth, 126 W. Palm St.
		William A. Pittenger	Duluth, 2001 W. Superior.
59	St. Louis	William L. Bernard	Duluth, 2962 Exeter.
A TANK		David J. Erickson	Duluth, 2312 W. 3d St.
60	St. Louis	B. J. Burrows	Hibbing, 419 Lincoln St.
		R. W. Hitchcock	Hibbing.
61	St. Louis	John H. Gill	Virginia.
		Charles T. Murphy	Aurora.
62	Beltrami	A. E. Rako	Bemidji.
Ande	Koochiching	F. J. McPartlin	International Falls.
63	Becker	E. P. Skaiem	Audubon.
00	Hubbard	E. R. Hinds	Hubbard.
64	Norman, Mahnomen		Mahnomen,
65	Pennington, Red	***************************************	
00	Lake, Clearwater.	Walter E. Day	Bagley.
	Dake, Glear water.	Martin O. Sortedahl	Red Lake Falls.
66	Polk	John H. Boyd	Crookston.
00	LOIK	C. O. Carlson	Erskine.
	Witten		Hallock.
0.00	Kittson	Victor Holmquist	Germantown.
67	Marshall	H. O. Berve	Malung.
	Roseau		

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OCTOBER NINTH

Mrs. Halsey W. Wilson, 171 Madison Avenue, New York City.

My dear Mrs. Wilson: -

In response to your requests for a list of our living ex-presidents, I give it to you, as follows:

Mrs. C.F. Lutz, St. Paul, Minn.
(Street address not known)

Mrs. Martha J. Thompson, Winona, Minn.

Mrs. Maud C. Stockwell, 3204 E. 51st St., Minneapolis, Minn.

Sincerely,

Office Sectetar

NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION 171 Madison Avenue, New York City, N. Y. BULLETIN NUMBER 84 Issued by MRS. CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT December 22, 1919. SUBJECT: CONVENTION - NUMBER TWO From now until convention time it will probably be necessary to send you many communications some of which will be mere announcements and others requests for aid. I beg of you to read everyone carefully, for we shall send out no communication which is not from our point of view important. PLEASE READ THIS -----THEN and NOW - We are working hard on interesting features for the convention which may be our last. We wish "Then and Now" told in pictures. We find we have a good many photographs of "stunts" which suffragists have done here and there to attain the vote. Our supply, however, is largely confined to New York and a few other states. Have you any photographs of anything pertaining to your suffrage work which would help to tell how we have won the vote? Perhaps you or some cld friends of the cause have something laid away. We want pictures to revive the memory of our struggles, but we want only pictures of people in action. In states where women vote, we are particularly anxious to get pictures of women registering, voting, gathering about polling places or depicting them either as officials or voters. Not only is this combined picture to be shown in Chicago at our convention but it is to go to Spain to be shown at the International Convention. We are particularly anxious to make a good story of what we have done in this country. PIONEERS - Will you kindly send to us names and addresses of any suffragists still left in your state who can be classified as pioneers? As a matter of fact there are few real ones left. I should say that no person who did not work before 1870 is really a pioneer, but since those of that age are mainly gone, we might liberalize our notion of pioneers and describe them as persons who worked for suffrage before 1895 - twenty-five years ago. Please send us the names of all such. We shall send them a special invitation to come to the convention in Chicago and to be present at the Pioneer Suffrage Luncheon which will take place on Wednesday, February 18th. This luncheon will be open to all suffragists who desire to attend.

Bullettin Number 84 (Convention Number 2)

DISTINGUISHED SUFFRAGISTS - The National American Woman Suffrage Association will present at the Chicago Convention a certificate of appreciation for distinguished services rendered by all presidents and ex-presidents of auxiliaries. We feel that we ought to extend these badges of honor a little farther and that there are people who have never been state presidents who have rendered exceptionally distinguished service to the cause. For instance, there is Antoinette Brown Blackwell, Charlotte Gilman, etc. Have you any suggestions as to the definition of services sufficiently distingushed to warrant the presentation of a certificate? If we do not make the rule very strict, we shall be swamped with criticisms for not having given a certificate here and there. Will you ask your Board to very carefully consider this matter and to send us a list of suffragists who in your judgment have rendered sufficiently important service to the cause in their states to be classified as worthy of this special recognition. The number of years of continuous service would be one measure. The character of service would be another. We are anxious both for your suggestions and your lists.

SCHOOLS OF CITIZENSHIP - Many of the states have busied themselves with schools of citizenship. We are not satisfied that these have been conducted upon a sufficiently broad basis. There will without doubt be a more increased demand for these schools as soon as the amendment is finally ratified. The League of Women Voters will probably find itself swamped with requests for persons who can teach such schools. We, in this office, would not be prepared to recommend any directors of this kind of work to our successors unless we knew something of the training they have received.

It has therefore been suggested that we might hold a National school of American Citizenship in Chicago for a week or ten days previous to the convention that would be open of course to any person who might care to attend, but we do not think it worth while unless we could secure the enrollment of a few able women who would be willing to give themselves to the task of teaching citizenship in the future. Of course their work would be paid work as is the case with all persons now giving such instruction. I doubt if the remuneration would be very heavy but it ought to be good enough.

Will you kindly report at once whether you think there might be anyone from your state who would like to enroll in such a school of citizenship. A very small fee would be charged to pay for necessary printing and rent of the room. The students would have to pay their own board. We hope some of them would be coming to the convention anyway and the only additional expense therefore would be that of board for a few extra days. It would be our intention to give the very best school of instruction possible to secure.

AN IMMEDIATE REPLY is requested to the first and the last of these requests and as early a reply as possible to the second and third.

forkatilus,

1920 Comention Buffrage assu

SUFFRAGISTS DISTRINGUISHED FOR YEARS OF ACTIVITIES AND SUPPORT: (ALSO OUR LIST OF PIONEER SUFFRAGISTS)

Dr. Margaret Koch - Treas. 10 years

Masonic Temple

Mrs. H.C. Harrison - Financial supporter, 20 years
Active " 5 "

1112 Wicollet Ave.

Mrs. Elizabeth McClary - Active Board Member, 10 years 840 Kensington Road, Los Angeles, Calif.

Dr. Cora Smith King - Active worker, 10 years Washington, D.C.

Dr. Mary McCoy - Active worker, 15 years Duluth, Minn.

Mrs. P.L. DeVoist. Daluth, Minn.

Mrs. Margaret K. Rogers - Active in local and state work, 15 years 284 So. Exchange St., St. Paul, Minn.

Mr. & Mrs. A.H. Bright - Active in local and state work, 15 years 1004 Mt. Curve Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Mrs. D.F. Simpson - Active in local and state work, 6 years The Plaza, Minneapolis, Minn.

Mrs. Charles P. Noyes, -

09 Virginia Ave., St. Paul, Minn.

Mr. S.A. Stockwell - Active in local and state work, 20 years
Introduced bills while member of Legislature
for Municipal Suffrage, Co. Guardianship, Age
of Consent, 18 years

1900

3204 East 51st St., Minneapolis, Minn.

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Mrs. Sarah Bruger Stearns, Rochester 1870
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MINNESOTA WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION ESSEX BUILDING - MINNEAPOLIS

MRS. ANDREAS UELAND, PRESIDENT

CLARA M. HECKRICH, BUSINESS SECY.

1/3 1/20 My draw mes Weland I am enclosing a list of mance of real pioneers, that includes all of those now lining, I think.

I trick to get the office by phone but found that the line was out of older, so are mail. ing the list -I me Parko lectures proud so interesting and instructione, that the Boston would immediately planned a second course -I enjoyed the one that I was able to. attend, exceedingly, and hope that she is to come to the Irmin cities for a course. leordially to Strehull P. S. I have just learned from Dr Hoch that she only began to work for suffrage in 1897 no have ward his mann off-my activities date from 1898 2240

NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION BRANCH OF INTERNATIONAL WOMAN SUFFRAGE ALLIANCE AND OF NATIONAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN MRS. CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT, President NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS, 171 MADISON AVENUE TELEPHONE, 4818 MURRAY HILL 1ST VICE-PRESIDENT NEW YORK TREASURER MRS. STANLEY MCCORMICK, MASS. MRS. HENRY WADE ROGERS, CONN. 2ND VICE-PRESIDENT CORRESPONDING SECRETARY LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS MISS MARY GARRETT HAY, NEW YORK MRS. FRANK J. SHULER, NEW YORK CHAIRMAN 3RD VICE-PRESIDENT RECORDING SECRETARY Mrs. Charles H. Brooks Wichita, Kansas MRS. GUILFORD DUDLEY, TENN. MRS. HALSEY W. WILSON, NEW YORK 4TH VICE-PRESIDENT SECRETARY MRS. RAYMOND BROWN, NEW YORK DIRECTORS Miss Katherine Pierce 112 N. Broadway 5TH VICE-PRESIDENT
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MISS ESTHER G. OGDEN, New York
MRS. GEORGE A. PIERSOL, Pennsylvania PRESS DEPARTMENT MISS ESTHER G. OGDEN, President 171 Madison Ave., New York Miss Rose Young, Director 171 Madison Ave., New York January 7, 1920. URGENT Dear State President: As you have been earlier informed it is the intention of the National Association to confer a certificate upon distinguished suffrage workers at the forthcoming convention in Chicago. One group to be honored is that of past presidents. Proneers durities grown . Lest some who should be distinguished by recognition be cmitted and others who do not deserve it included we are asking the State Auxiliaries to go over the lists once more to check up, and to send (1) present address of past president and (2) dates of period of office. I am returning your list for additional information. Will you please complete and return it at the earliest moment? Very sincerely yours, Justina L. Wilson (Mrs./Halsey W. Wilson) 12 to

JANUARY SIXTERNTH 1920 Mrs. Halsey W. Wilson. 171 Madison Ave., New York City. My dear Mrs. Wilson: -In regard to your letter of January 5th I am not sure whether you want the names of all the past presidents of the Minnesota Woman Suffrage Association, or only those who held office for five mears. In Mrs. Catt's bulletin bo. 87 under the mragraph entitled "Pioneers and Distinguished Suffragists" she asks for the names of presidents who have held that office for five years. The only one who has held that office, besides myself, for five years is Mrs. S.A. Stockwell. If what you want is the names of all the past presidents, the list you returned to us (Mrs. C.F. Lutz, Mrs. Martha J. Thompson, and Maude C. Stockwell) is not complete. The truth is, there were several presidents with whom the Association had some serious difficulties, and I don't know whether you better give their names. One president, Mrs. A.H. Bright, has since become very strongly identified with the Woman's Party. So really all in all, it is a much safer course to confine the list to those who have served for five years. But I will, of course, gladly give you information as to the others. As to the list of distinguished suffrage workers, we find that a very difficult thing to decide upon. Shall we confine ourselves to the old tried and true workers, or shall we use the names of the best workers of recent years? This latter plan brings us into diff culty. It is hard, indeed to draw the line. Sincerely, (Mrs. Andreas Ueland) State President

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MRS. ANDREAS UELAND, PRESIDENT

CLARA M. HECKRICH, BUSINESS SECY

List of Pioneers Mis a. T. anderson 5017 3rd due S. Mrs Hannah Egleston 2610 West 40 th St. mise a. a. leonnor 1415 University and S. E. Mr le. M. Dorett 1116 S. E. 7 th St. Ethel Edgerton Hund M.D. 710 Pillebury Bldg proposed tock this. 872 marin Dompte me adelaide Lawrence 2407 Buchanan St. h. E. mu m. a Luley 61 So. Cambridge St. St. Paul mrs C.F. Luty aithin mind. Me martha of Thompson Ninona muni miss marian &. Sloan Jumbra St. Rochester .. miss Blanche Seger Winnebago miss Ella Whitney 519 S. E. 10 Mane. Mis alice a. Paylor 2116 Emmon ane S. Mrs. Engenia B Farmer, Old Capital At Paul. (a Kentucky promer, but brung in Mumeratu 174 in

JAHUARY TWENTY-HINTH 1920 Mrs. S.A. Stockwell, 3204 E. 51st., Minneapolis, Minn. My dear Mrs. Stockwell:-The question as to whom the certificates for distinguished suffragists should be given is a most difficult one. I think the final decision would probably be left to you and me. My opinion is that this distinction should be conferred upon a very small list, not because there are not a good many who have deserved it, but because we get into almost impossible difficulties as soon as we extend the list. I suggest this list for your consider-Dr. Hurd and Mrs. Farmer, of course, as pioneers; youration: self and myself as having been president of the state Association for five years (this is a rule laid down by the letter from the National); Mrs. Harrison; Mrs. Troendle (treasurer for five consecutive years); Mrs. D.F. Simpson; of St. Paul, Mrs. Chas. P. Noyes; Duluth, Mrs. Pl L. Devoist; Dr. Mary McCoy. I shall not mind if you think we should addan few names to this list. But you will see for yourself that it is very hard to stop once we begin extending it. Please think this over and let me know by telephone what is your opinion. Sincerely, (Mrs. Andreas Ueland) State President

NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION 171 Madison Avenue, New York City, N. Y.

BULLETIN NUMBER 85

Issued by

MRS. CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT

SUBJECT: DISTINGUISHED SERVICE January 28, 1920.

In response to Bulletin Number 84, several suggestions as to what rules would be fair for the distinguished Service Certificates have been returned. Upon these suggestions the following votes have been taken by the Board.

- 1. All who labored for our cause before 1880 are pioneers, between 1880 and 1900 are veterans.
- 2. We authorize each state to make a list of its honored dead suffragists. We expect that no one will be put on this list who has not rendered SIGNAL service. The number will not be limited. The names of these dead will be read, state by state, and some appropriate comment made, perhaps a prayer of gratitude for their lives and service.
- 3. We authorize each state to make a list of its living pioneers who have rendered SIGNAL service. This number will also not be limited.
- 4. Any living State Presidents who have served for five years will be eligible for a certificate.
- 5. Any member of a State Board or president of a town, city or county Board for ten years will be entitled to a Service Certificate.
- 6. Certificates will also be given to those who have rendered SIGNAL and EXTRAORDINARY service of a legislative, financial, propagandistic, organization or educational nature.
- 7. Names of living Governors or legislators or men who have rendered very SIGNAL service may be sent in.
- 8. The list of veterans and distinguished workers from any one state must not exceed the number of representatives it has in both Houses of Congress.
- 9. As in many instances the presidents who will receive these bulletins are comparatively new workers, it is suggested that a committee be appointed, this committee to include women who have worked during different periods and who will be able to report the kind of work done and sacrifices made by women who, owing to age or other conditions, may have fallen out of the general work.
- 10. If possible, we wish to extend invitations to people whose names appear on these lists before the convention, and time is brief.

DICCIONER SHARITH 1920 Mrs. Carrie Charman Catt, 171 Madison Avenue, Now York City. My dear Mrs. Catt:-Mrs. Stockwell has given us the list of Minnesota Pioneers as asked for in your bulletin; Mrs. A.T. Anderson, 5017 3rd Ave. So, Minneapolis Mrs. Hannah Egleston, 2010 West 40th St. Miss A.A. Conner, 1415 University Ave. S.H. " Mrs. C.W. Dorsett, 1116 S.H. 7th St. " Hthel "dierton Hurd, M.D., 710 Pillsbury Pldg.,"
Hrs. Adelaide Lawrence, 2407 Buchanan St. N.E. "
Hrs. M.A. Luley, 51 S. Cambridge St. St. Paul Mrs. M.A. Luley, Mrs. C.F. Lutz Mrs. C.F. Lutz Aitkin, Minn. Mrs. Martha J. Thompson, Wingna, " Miss Marian L. Sloan, Zumbra Street, Mochester, Minn. Mrs. Alice A. Taylor, 8216 Merson Ave. Timicapolis
Mrs. Alice A. Taylor, 8216 Merson Ave. So. "
Mrs. Mugenia B. Farmer, Old Capitol, St. Paul

(A Kentucky pioneer, but living in Minnesota 17 years) I hope to send you names of some who will enlist in the School of Citizenship. For this I shall have to wait until after our State Board Meeting next Honday. Sincerely, (Mrs. Andreas Veland) State President

Revolutions p 26 E Smith.

Programs different departments 19-20-21-22-23

CONDENSED MINUTES

OF THE

VICTORY CONVENTION

(1869 - 1920)

NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION

AND

FIRST CONGRESS
LEAGUE OF WOMAN VOTERS

JUSTINA LEAVITT WILSON
Recording Secretary

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FEBRUARY 12-18, 1920



CONDENSED MINUTES OF THE VICTORY CONVENTION

NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION OPENING SESSION

Friday Afternoon, February 13th

Mrs. Catt, presiding.

The Chair called the convention to order at 2:30.

She announced that for twenty-eight years Dr. Shaw had opened the convention of the National Association with prayer. She asked that in memory of her the delegates rise and join in silent prayer to be followed by an invocation by the Rev. Herbert L. Willet.

The Chair introduced Mrs. Grace Wilbur Trout, president of the Illinois Equal Suffrage Association, who welcomed the delegates to Chicago.

The Chair responded to the greeting, following which Mrs. Stanley McCormick took the chair while Mrs. Catt made a brief annual address in which she reviewed the progress of ratification and gave its present status. Thirty-one ratifications were recorded, with the announcement of two more special sessions—one in New Mexico, the other in Oklahoma, bringing the total of ratifications to thirty-three by the first of March.

Mrs. Catt took the chair.

After Mrs. Catt's speech, sounding the keynote of victory, joy unconfined burst forth. For three quarters of an hour, horns tooted; state delegations stood on chairs, sang, gave their yells, formed in groups and marched around the room waving pennants and American flags. The Republican elephant and the Democratic donkey marched amicably arm in arm to the platform to receive the congratulations of Mrs. Catt and members of the Board.

The Chair called the Convention to order and read the following telegram of greeting from President Wilson:

"Permit me to congratulate your Association upon the fact that its great work is so near its triumphant end that you can now merge it into a League of Women Voters to carry on the development of good citizenship and real democracy, and to wish for the new organization the same success and wise leadership."

WOODROW WILSON.

Upon motion of Mrs. McCormick, duly seconded, it was voted that the gratitude of the 51st Convention of the N. A. W. S. A. go to President

Wilson for his constant co-operation and help, with deep regret for his recent illness.

The Chair called upon the Credentials Committee to make a pre-

liminary report.

The Chair announced that instead of asking each officer of the Board to present a separate report, Mrs. Shuler would render a report including the activities of all of the officers. She called upon Mrs. Shuler for her report which covered field work and Headquarters activities. Mrs. Shuler's report was adopted.

Upon motion of Miss Hay, duly seconded, it was voted that this convention authorize a letter of appreciation sent to the governors of states that have ratified the Federal Suffrage Amendment; and telegrams to governors that had not yet called a special session, making a strong plea for those sessions to be called.

Convention adjourned at 5:15.

CONVENTION SESSION Friday Evening, February 13th

Mrs. Catt, presiding.

The Chair called the convention to order at 8:30, and proceeded at once to the recommendations made to the 51st Annual Convention of the Association by the Executive Council,

Following are the resolutions after amendment and adoption:

DISSOLUTION

WHEREAS, The sole object of many years' endeavor to the Natonal American Woman Suffrage Association has been "to secure the vote to the women citizens of the United States by appropriate national and state legislation" and that object is about to be attained, and

Whereas, The National American Woman Suffrage Association must naturally dissolve or take up new lines of work when the last suffrage task has been completed, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Association shall assume no new lines of work and shall move toward dissolution by the following process:

(1) A Board of Officers shall be elected at this convention as usual to serve two years (if necessary) in accordance with the provisions of the constitution;

(2) That the eight directors elected at the 50th Annual Convention and whose term of office does not expire until March 1921, shall be asked to serve until the term of office of elected officers shall expire;

(3) That any vacancy or vacancies occurring in the list of directors shall be filled by election at this convention;

(4) That all vacancies in the Board of Directors occurring after this convention shall be filled by majority vote of the Board;

(5) That the Board of Officers so constituted shall have full charge of the remainder of the ratification campaign, all necessary legal proceedings and shall dispose of files, books, data, property and funds (if any remain) of the Association subject to the further instruction of this convention. The Executive Council shall be subject to call by the Board of Officers if necessary;

(6) That the Board of Officers shall render a quarterly account of the procedure, and an annual report of all funds in its possession duly audited by certified accountant, to the women who in February, 1920, compose its Executive Council. When its work is completed and its final report has been accepted by these presidents, it may by formal resolution dissolve.

2. POSSIBLE REFERENDUM CAMPAIGNS

Whereas, The question of the legality of referendum by petition or Federal Amendments is pending in the Federal Supreme Court and will not be heard before March 1, therefore be it

Resolved, That if the Court holds such referenda to be legal and referenda campaigns are in consequence instituted (a) each of the 48 states be urged to pledge itself to furnish a competent experienced man or woman campaigner and defray all expenses of their representatives; (b) that each state be assessed for its due proportion of the necessary campaign fund; (c) that the Board of Directors be authorized to appoint a national campaign committee, if one be found necessary.

3. CITIZENSHIP

WHEREAS, Millions of women will become voters in 1920, and

WHEREAS. The low standards of citizenship found in the present electorate clearly indicate the need of education in the principles and ideals of our government and the methods of political procedure, therefore be it

Resolved, That the National League of Women Voters be urged to make Political Education for the new women voters (but not excluding men) its first duty for 1920;

That the nation wide plan shall include normal schools for citizenship in each state followed by schools in each county;

That we urge the League of Woman Voters to make every effort to have the study of citizenship required in the public schools of every state beginning in the primary grades and continuing through the upper grades, high schools, normal schools, colleges and universities.

4. WE RECOMMEND

(1) That the League of Women Voters now a section of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, be organized as a new and independent society;

(2) That the present auxiliaries of the N. A. W. S. A. while retaining their relationship to the Board of Officers to be elected in this 51st convention in form shall change their names, objects and constitutions to conform to those of the National League of Women Voters and take up the plan of work to be adopted in its first Congress.

The Chair called upon Mrs. Rogers for her annual report. Mrs. Rogers' statement showed a balance, with all resources included, of

\$33,646.42. The report was adopted.

Miss Young reported on the Year's Publicity and Press. Report adopted.

Miss Ogden gave the final report of the National Publishing Company. Report adopted.

Proposals for a permanent memorial to Anna Howard Shaw were considered.

Dr. Potter of the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania spoke in behalf of the chair of preventive medicine in that institution as a fitting memorial to Dr. Shaw,

Mrs. Louis F. Slade urged the founding of a chair of politics in Bryn Mawr College.

Mrs. Laidlaw made a plea for a chair of citizenship in Barnard College, New York City.

A motion made by Mrs. Slade was carried in favor of the chair of politics at Bryn Mawr College,

Adjourned 10:45.

NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION

Saturday Morning, February 14th

Mrs. Catt, presiding.

The Chair called the convention to order at 9:30.

The minutes were read and approved after slight correction.

Invocation by Father Mulaly.

The Chair proceeded to the business of the morning.

Mrs. Trout, Illinois, moved to suspend the rules and elect the present Board of Officers to remain in office until suffrage is gained in this country. Carried unanimously.

Upon motion of Mrs. Slade, New York, it was voted to reconsider her motion of the previous evening in regard to the Anna Howard Shaw Memorial at Bryn Mawr.

Action was taken to table the motion concerning the Anna Howard Shaw Memorial at Bryn Mawr.

Action was taken that the N. A. W. S. A. establish an official memorial to Anna Howard Shaw. "Official Memorial" was interpreted to carry with it financial responsibility.

Mrs. Morrison, Illinois, suggested that the N. A. W. S. A. should appoint a chairman who would take up the work, organize it and give it official sanction and backing.

Mrs. Miller, Pennsylvania, moved that the N. A. W. S. A. establish at Bryn Mawr a foundation in politics, and at the Woman's College of Pennsylvania a foundation in preventive medicine in memory of Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, as a fitting continuation of her life work. A question raised resulted in Mrs. Miller's agreeing to reword her motion to include "joint memorial."

It was suggested that if the N. A. W. S. A. should endorse the raising of a fund the states would respond heartily.

Mrs. Rogers rose to say that the N. A. W. S. A. having been in business for about forty-five years was on the point of going out of it. She suggested appointing a committee to report to an organization that was not winding up its affairs.

The Chair suggested that the convention establish a committee entirely outside of the present Board of Officers to come to National Head-quarters, send out an appeal to people whose names are on file there, make use of help to be had there and release the National Association from further responsibility.

Discussion and amendments followed.

Finally Mrs. Miller's motion was carried to read: That the N. A. W. S. A. establish an official joint memorial to Dr. Anna Howard Shaw—at Bryn Mawr College a foundation in politics, and at the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania a foundation in preventive medicine, as a fitting continuation of her life work; and that a committee be appointed to carry out the work by appealing to the women throughout the country and that this committee be incorporated and assume the financial responsibility. The motion was carried.

The Chair presented as the first donation towards the fund a check of \$1,000 sent to the N. A. W. S. A. by Mrs. Howard Lewis, Buffalo, in memory of Dr. Shaw on her birthday.

Upon motion of Mrs. Gellhorn, duly seconded, it was voted that in the future all monies collected under the jurisdiction of this incorporated committee be divided equally between the two foundations, unless it be otherwise specifically stated by the donor.

Action was taken that the Board appoint in consultation with Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Slade and Dr. Potter, four other members for this committee and that these seven shall have power to complete the committee.

The final report of the Oversea Hospitals Committee and recommendations concerning residue fund was given by Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. Brown touched briefly upon the work of the Oversea Hospitals and stated that there remained in the treasury about \$35,000. She gave the recommendation of the committee as follows:

The W. O. H. Committee recommends to the parent board in

disposal of remaining funds, their immediate investment by the treasurer of the National in gilt edged securities to be held as a scholarship endowment fund for the training of one or two French women a year, here or in France, in medicine or nursing as students or post-graduates. It further recommends that the administration of the income from the fund, the selection of candidates and type of education be entrusted to a committee of five to be appointed by the president of the National. The report was accepted.

The Chair stated that five organizations wished to be heard in behalf of securing the residue funds. The convention granted each two minutes time for presentation of its proposal.

Motions were lost to accept (1) the recommendation of the Oversea Hospitals; (2) to give the fund to the American Fund for French Wounded for the hospital at Rheims; (3) to turn the sum over to the Anna Howard Shaw Memorial; (4) to devote it to the East relief work.

The motion was carried 106 to 65 to turn over the fund to the oversea work in France of the American Women's Hospitals. A motion was made to reconsider the vote, and lost,

Mrs. Edwards, Indiana, rose to a point of privilege and presented the following resolution:

Whereas the leader of the little group of women known as the Anti-Suffragists, who for a decade have helped to defeat woman suffrage by discrediting all who advocated it are now directing their familiar slanders against Mr. Will H. Hays, chairman of the National Republican Committee, because they say he has influenced ratification in several states by appealing to the younger element in the Republican party for the support of suffrage, be it

Resolved, That the National American Woman Suffrage Association with two and a half million organized women, congratulates the Republican party upon having a chairman who is astute enough to recognize the certain trend of public affairs and to attempt to lead his party in step with the inevitable march of human progress.

We extend to Mr. Hays our sincere gratitude for any and all help he may have rendered on behalf of ratification and assure him that our members, being progressive women, hope to align themselves with the "younger element" of the parties of their choice, whichever party that may be.

The resolution was carried 199 to 22. Upon motion of Mrs. Edwards, seconded by Miss Hay, it was unanimously voted that thanks go to Homer Cummings for his very signal service for ratification.

Upon motion of Mrs. Gellhorn, duly seconded it was voted that both motions be made unanimous.

Adjourned 12:50.

LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

OPENING SESSION

Saturday Afternoon, February 14th

Mrs. Charles H. Brooks, presiding.

The Chair, in a brief address, explained that the League of Women Voters means the banding of the women of the country together in an unselfish effort to improve the electorate.

Miss Marie B. Ames was introduced who told of the work of the citizenship schools in Missouri and Kansas. Following, the Chair introduced in turn the chairmen of the standing committees of the League of Women Voters.

The first matter of business was the election of a permanent convention chairman.

Upon motion of Mrs. Brown, New York, duly seconded, it was unanimously voted that Mrs. Catt be made the chairman.

The Chair expressed the wish that the convention consent to the appointment of Mrs. Wilson as recording secretary for the sessions. The convention so consented.

The Chair called upon Mrs. Fletcher Dobyns, Illinois, for the final report of the Credentials Committee. She reported 507 delegates present, 102 alternates and 89 fraternal delegates.

The report was adopted.

The Chair read a telegram of greetings from the League of Women Voters, Bennington, Vt.

The Chair proceeded to the first of two questions on the program: Shall the National League of Women Voters be made permanent for the purpose of fostering education in citizenship and of supporting improved legislation?

Mrs. Munson, Kansas, moved that an organization be continued for education in citizenship. The Chair explained the need of the double program of education and legislation. Mrs. Munson reworded her motion to embody the question which amended was adopted as follows: The National League of Women Voters shall be continued for the purpose of fostering education in citizenship and of supporting improved legislation.

The Chair said that the second question, "Will the convention confirm the appointment of an organization committee by the N. A. W. S. A.?" might better follow the presentation of the plan of organization.

Upon motion of Mrs. Miller, Pennsylvania, it was voted to hear Mrs.

Mrs. Brown read the proposed plan.

Referring to the matter of representation Mrs. Munson, Kansas, asked if a group in a state not having an organization of the League of Women Voters might pay the required sum and get representation at a National convention. Mrs. Bass, Illinois, raised the same question on the basis of legality.

The Chair replied that the League of Women Voters was an honest organization with the object of seeking not power in organization but power to secure legislation. The proposed plan of organization was read.

The plan adopted with the exception of the paragraphs on Representation and Elections, advanced to Monday for consideration, was by action of the convention put into the hands of a committee appointed by the Chair, one of whom should be a legal authority, this committee to embody the plan in a constitution and present it Monday. (See constitution, p. 11-14).

The Chair appointed Mrs. Brown, New York, Mrs. Sherman, Illinois. Mrs. Miller, Pennsylvania, Committee on Constitution.

By action of the convention the Chair was authorized to appoint a committee to work out the division of the states into regions. The Chair appointed as a Regions Committee, Mrs. Costigan, Colorado, chairman, Dr. Atwater, Montana, Mrs. Sherman, Illinois, Mrs. Dietrich, Nebraska, Mrs. Ueland, Minnesota, Miss Potter, New York, Mrs. Holmes, Louisiana, Mrs. Jacobs, Alabama, Miss Ludington, Connecticut.

The Chair was authorized to appoint a nominating committee.

Announcements were made following which Mrs. Catt set straight before the seven hundred women present the plan and purpose of the League of Women Voters and struck the big inspirational note of the convention.

Adjourned 4:45.

CONGRESS

LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

Monday Morning, February 16th

Mrs. Catt, presiding.

The Chair called the convention to order at 9:30.

The minutes were read and approved. The Chair proceeded to the business of the constitution.

At this point, Dr. Felix A. Levy pronounced the invocation.

The Chair called upon Mrs. Brown for a report of the committee on constitution.

Following is the constitution after amendment and adoption and change in phraseology to conform to amendments:

PROPOSED CONSTITUTION NATIONAL LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

ARTICLE I

NAME

The name of this organization shall be the National League of Women Voters.

ARTICLE II

OBJECT

The object of the National League of Women Voters shall be to foster education in citizenship and to support improved legislation. The National League of Women Voters urges every woman to become an enrolled voter, but as an organization it shall be allied with and support no party.

ARTICLE III

MEMBERSHIP

Section 1. The National League of Women Voters shall consist of an affiliated League of Women Voters from each state and the District of Columbia.

Sec. 2. National organizations working along similar lines may become associate members by vote of the National Board.

ARTICLE IV

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. A Board of ten National Directors shall be elected at the annual convention to conduct the business of the National League of Women Voters. Seven of these Directors shall represent regions of states, three shall be elected at large. The term of office shall be one year. The Board of Directors shall have power to fill vacancies in its own body.

Sec. 2. The National Board of Directors shall immediately after this election hold a meeting and elect from their own body a chairman, a vice-chairman, a secretary of the board, and a treasurer of the National League of Women Voters.

ARTICLE V

DUTIES OF OFFICERS

Section 1. The National Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the organization, of the Executive Council, of the Board of Directors of the National Executive Committee. She shall be ex-officio a member of all committees, except the Nominating Committee.

Sec. 2. The National Vice-Chairman shall perform the duties of the National Chairman in her absence or temporary inability to serve.

Sec. 3. The Secretary shall keep a record of all meetings of the National Board.

Sec. 4. The National Treasurer shall collect and receive all money due the National Treasury. She shall be the custodian of this fund, and shall disburse the same only upon the order of the organization or the National Executive Committee. All orders upon the National Treasurer for the disbursement of dues shall be signed by the National Chairman. The National Treasurer shall give a bond of such amount as shall be determined by the National Board of Directors, and her accounts shall be audited previous to each annual meeting by auditors appointed by the National Chairman. The National Treasurer shall present a quarterly report to the National Board of Directors and an annual report to the organization.

ARTICLE VI.

NATIONAL MANAGER

A National Manager shall be chosen by the National Board and shall have responsibility for the national work under the direction of the National Board with a vote in its decisions.

ARTICLE VII

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The Board of Directors shall appoint from its own body two elected members who together with the chairman shall constitute an executive committee to act in emergencies between meetings of the Board. The Board of Directors shall have authority to define what would constitute an emergency.

ARTICLE VIII

CHAIRMEN OF STANDING COMMITTEES

The educational and legislative work of the organization shall be divided among standing committees, the national chairman of each committee to be appointed by the National Board.

ARTICLE IX

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL .

The Board of Directors and chairmen of standing committees shall constitute an executive council to consider programs and methods of work-

ARTICLE X

MEETINGS

Section 1. The annual meeting of the National League of Women Voters shall be held at such time and place as the Board of Directors shall determine.

Sec. 2. The National Board shall meet once annually in each of the seven regions of states.

Sec. 3. The executive council shall hold at least three meetings annually.

ARTICLE XI

REPRESENTATION

Representation in the conventions of the National League of Women Voters shall be in accordance with population, and shall be on the same basis as a state's representation in Congress, provided that a state shall have paid into the National treasury \$50.00 for each delegate. Affiliated members shall eight weeks prior to the National Convention certify to the treasurer in writing, signed by two officers, the total membership at that date. A state shall be allowed its maximum representation only when the organization in the state shall warrant, and this shall be determined by the National Board by a two-thirds vote.

ARTICLE XII

BUDGET

The Board of Directors shall present a budget for the ensuing year to the annual convention for its adoption. Traveling and other necessary expenses of the Board of Directors shall be authorized.

ARTICLE XIII

NOMINATIONS AND ELECTIONS

A nominating committee consisting of five members shall be appointed by the National Board at least three months before the annual meeting at which the directors are to be elected. No member of the National Board shall be eligible to be a member of this committee and no two members shall be residents of the same state. The name and address of the chairman of the nominating committee shall be sent at once to each state chairman that recommendations for candidates may be made by state leagues. All such recommendations shall be sent to the nominating committee at least a month before the annual meeting. The report of the nominating committee shall include the recommendations of the committee together with the names of all other candidates recom-

Federal Board of Vocational Education and of similar state and Local Boards.

VI. Recognizing that the Federal, State and Local Governments are the largest employers of labor in the United States, we urge

(a) An actual merit system of appointment and promotion based on qualifications for the work to be performed; these qualifications to be determined in open competition, free from special privilege or preference of any kind and especially from discrimination on the grounds of sex;

(b) A reclassification of the present Federal civil service upon this basis with a wage or salary scale determined by the skill and training required for the work to be performed and not on the basis of sex;

(c) A minimum wage in Federal, State and Local service which shall not be less than the cost of living as determined by official investigations;

(d) Provisions for an equitable retirement system for superannuated public employees.

(e) Enlarging of Federal and State civil service Commissions so as to include 3 groups in which men and women shall be equally represented; namely, representatives of the administrative officials, of the employees, and of the general public, and

(f) the delegating to such commissions of full power and responsibility for the maintenance of an impartial, non-political and efficient adminis-

VII. Finally the Department recommends that the League of Women Voters shall keep in touch with the Women's Bureau of the U. S. Department of Labor securing information as to the success or failure of protective legislation in this and other countries, as to standards that are being discussed and adopted, and as to the results of investigations that are made.

Respectfully submitted,

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS,

Miss Grace Abbott, Chairman, Miss Ethel M. Smith, Mrs. Emma J. Wolfe, Mrs. W. E. Barkeley, Miss Helene A. Goldsmith.

Unanimously adopted Feb. 14, 1920 by Committee on Protection of Women in Industry of the League of Women Voters, Mrs. Raymond Robins, Chairman.

The Chair introduced Mrs. Costigan, chairman of the Committee on Food Supply and Demand. Following her brief report, the committee's

recommendations in the form of a resolution were read which, amended and adopted, are as follows:

Whereas, In addition to the results of inflated currency due to the war, the high cost of living in the United States is increased and the production of necessary food supplies diminished by unduly restrictive private control of the channels of commerce, or markets and other distributing facilities, by large food organizations and combinations, and

Whereas, If our civilization is to fulfil its promise, it is vital that nourishing food be brought and kept within the reach of every home, and especially of all the growing children of the Nation, be it

Resolved, First, That the principles and purposes of the Kenyon-Kendrick-Anderson Bills now pending in Congress for the regulation of the meat packing industry be indorsed for prompt and effective enactment into law; and that this declaration be brought to the attention of the leading political parties, both in advance of an urgent request for corresponding and unqualified platform pledges;

Second, That the Food Supply and Demand Committee be authorized to keep in touch with the progress of the proposed legislation and to co-operate with the National Consumers' League, the American Live Stock Association, the Farmers' National Council and other organizations of like policy, in an effort to promote through legislation the realization of such principles and purposes. Furthermore, that the Committee on Food Supply and Demand be authorized to confer with the Department of Agriculture in regard to the extension of its service, with a view to establishing long distance information to enable shippers and producers to know daily the supplies and demands of the food market;

Third, That the early enactment of improved state and federal laws to prevent food profiteering, waste and improper hoarding is urged, and the strict enforcement of all such present laws is demanded;

Fourth, That the various State Leagues of Women Voters are requested to consider the advisability of establishing public markets, abattoirs, milk depots, and other terminal facilities;

Fifth, That aid be extended to all branches of the League of Women Voters in spreading knowledge of the methods and benefits of legitimate co-operative associations, and that indorsement be given to suitable National and State legislation favoring their organization and use.

The question arose of giving representatives of the packers an opportunity to present their side of the case.

Action was taken to allow ten minutes for their side of the question. Adjourned 12:45.

mended by the state leagues and this report shall be posted at the opening of the annual meeting. In addition nominations may be made from the floor. An election committee appointed by the chairman of the Board of Directors shall take charge of the election. The election shall be by ballot. A majority vote of those present and qualified to vote and voting shall constitute an election.

ARTICLE XIV

All questions of national policy and all legisislative programs shall be presented to the annual convention but shall not be voted on until at least one day later, in order to give the states a chance to consider and decide their vote.

ARTICLE XV

The Constitution may be amended at any annual convention provided that the proposed amendment is presented one day previous to action thereon.

ARTICLE XVI

All meetings shall be conducted under Roberts' Rules of Order.

The Chair heard the report of Mrs. Willson, chairman of the Committee on Elections who stated that from nine names of women proposed at the regional caucuses for directors at large the three having the highest vote at the convention polls would be elected, no woman being slated unless consenting to act.

The Chair called for a report from the Regions committee. Mrs. Ueland, acting chairman, reported. Action was taken authorizing the committee to call together state presidents who were not satisfied with the divisions, complete the districting and report later.

The Chair appointed the following committee on Nominations:

Mrs. Gellhorn, Missouri, chairman, Miss Ludington, Connecticut, Mrs. Smith, Pennsylvania, Mrs. Dudley, Tennessee, Mrs. Edwards, Indiana, Mrs. Ueland, Minnesota, Mrs. Edson, California.

The Chair called upon Mrs. Robins, Illinois, to make the report for the committee on the Protection of Women in Industry. Following a brief statement of the aims of this committee Mrs. Robins introduced Miss Grace Abbott, Illinois, who presented the recommendations, which, amended and adopted by the convention, were as follows:

I. We reaffirm our belief in the right of the workers to bargain collectively through trade unions and regard the organization of working women as especially important because of the peculiar handicaps from which they suffer in the labor market. II. We call attention to the fact that it is still necessary for us to urge that wages should be paid on the basis of occupation and not on sex.

III. We recommend to Congress and the Federal Government:

(1) The establishment, in the U. S. Department of Labor, of a permanent Women's Bureau, with a woman as Chief and an appropriation adequate for the investigation of all matters pertaining to wage earning women and the determination of standards and policies which will promote their welfare, improve their working conditions, and increase their efficiency.

(2) The appointment of women in the Mediation and Conciliation Service of the U. S. Department of Labor and on any industrial commission or tribunal which may hereafter be created.

(3) The establishment of a joint Federal and State Employment Service with women's departments under the direction of technically qualified women.

(4) The adoption of a constitutional amendment giving to Congress the power to establish minimum labor standards, and the enactment by Congress of a child labor law extending the application of the present federal child labor tax laws, raising the age minimum for general employment from 14 to 16 years and the age for employment at night to 18 years.

(5) Recognizing the importance of a world-wide standardization of industry we favor the participation of the U. S. in the International Labor Conference and the appointment of a woman delegate to the next Conference.

IV. We recommend to the States legislative provision for

(1) The limitation of the hours of work for wage earning women in industrial undertakings to not more than 8 hours in any one day, or 44 hours in any one week, and the granting of one day rest in seven.

(2) The prohibition of night work for women in industrial undertakings.

(3) The compulsory payment of a minimum wage to be fixed by a Minimum Wage Commission at an amount which will insure to the working woman a proper standard of health, comfort and efficiency.

(4) Adequate appropriations for the enforcement of labor laws, the appointment of technically qualified women as factory inspectors and as heads of Women in Industry Divisions in the State Factory Inspection Departments.

V. We urge upon the Federal Board of Vocational Education and upon State and local Boards of Commissioners of Education, the necessity of giving to girls and women full opportunity for education along industrial lines and further recommend the appointment of women familiar with the problems of women in industry as members and agents of the

CONGRESS

LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

Monday Afternoon, February 16th

Mrs. Catt, presiding.

The Chair called the convention to order at 2:30.

Mrs. Ellicott rose to a point of privilege She moved that the following resolution be sent to the Legislature of Maryland, urging ratification:

WHEREAS, The women of the United States will undoubtedly be enfranchised within the next few months, and take part in the approaching national campaign, therefore be it

Resolved, That the National League of Women Voters, representing some twenty million women, urge that the legislature of Maryland join with the other forward looking men of the nation in giving the ballot to the women of our Country by ratifying the Federal Suffrage Amendment.

Carried.

Mrs. Pyle rose to a point of privilege. Upon motion of Mrs. Pyle, duly seconded by Mrs. Upton, Ohio, it was voted that the following resolution be adopted.

WHEREAS, All women citizens of the United States of America would today be fully enfranchised had not James W. Wadsworth, Jr., misrepresented his state and his party when continuously and repeatedly voting, working and manoeuvering against the proposed 19th amendment to the U. S. Constitution, be it

Resolved, That we, representing the enfranchised women of the country, extend to the women of New York our appreciation and our help in their patriotic work of determining to send to the United States Senate to succeed the said James W. Wadsworth, Jr., a modern-minded senator who will be capable of comprehending the great American principles of Freedom and Democracy.

Mrs. Ueland reported that the Regions committee had agreed upon the following districting of states:

- 1. Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island.
 - 2. New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware.
- 3. Virginia, District of Columbia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee.
- 4. Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Illinois, West Virginia, Wisconsin
 - 5. Minnesota, Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Montana.

- 6. Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, Arkansas, Missouri.
 - 7. Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Nevada, Utah, Arizona, California.

The report was adopted.

Upon motion of Miss Abbott, duly seconded, it was voted that the following resolutions be adopted.

"That the report of the Women in Industry Department of the National League of Women Voters in its entirety be officially transmitted by the Secretary to the congressional legislative bodies or committees thereof before which legislation on the subject is now pending and to the administrative officials who may have authority to act upon any of its recommendations.

That Article III, Section 1, concerning the establishment on a permanent basis of the Woman's Bureau of the U. S. Department of Labor be telegraphed tonight by night letter to Representative James W. Good, and Senator Francis E. Warren, chairman of the House and Senate Appropriations Committees in Congress, and to Senator William S. Kenyon and Representative J. M. C. Smith, chairman of the Senate and House Committees on Labor, before which this legislation is now pending:

That the whole of Article VI, concerning the Federal civil service, be telegraphed tonight to Senator A. A. Jones, chairman of the Joint Congressional Commission on Reclassification of the Federal Service; to Senator William S. Kenyon, of the State Labor Committee. Senator Thomas Sterling, and Representative Frederick R. Lehbach, chairmen of the Senate and House Committees on the Civil Service.

The Chair introduced Dr. Valeria H. Parker who made the report for the committee on Social Hygiene. Following are the recommendations of the committee after amendment and adoption:

THE ABOLITION OF COMMERCIALIZED PROSTITUTION.

- (a) The abolition of all segregated or protected vice districts and the elimination of houses used for vicious purposes.
- (b) Punishment of frequenters of disorderly houses, (ordinance or law should be passed if necessary defining "frequenters") and penalization of the payment of money for prostitution as well as its receipt, thus equalizing the law against men and women engaged in prostitution.
 - (c) Heavy penalties for pimps, panderers, procurers and go-betweens.
- (d) Prevention of solicitation in streets and public places by men and women.
- (e) Elimination of system of petty fines and establishment of indeterminate sentences.
 - (f) Strict enforcement of laws against alcohol and drug trades.

II. VENEREAL DISEASE CONTROL.

- (a) Classification of venereal disease as communicable.
- (b) A law providing for administrative machinery in local and state boards of health to hold hearings and make determinations concerning exposure to venereal disease infection, as a basis for orders for examination, treatment or quarantine of diseased persons. The authorities, however, should not be given power to institute periodical examinations of prostitutes.
- (c) Distribution of free therapeutic agents for venereal disease, through state boards of health.
 - (d) Public laboratories for diagnosis.
- (e) Public clinics and hospitals for treatment of venereal disease, with free treatment whenever necessary.
- (f) Physical and mental examination and treatment of all persons committed as dependent or delinquent. No person to be released from jail or other penal institution in an actively infectious condition.
- (g) Detention hospitals for men and women who refuse to conform with regulations concerning treatment, or whose manner of life in the opinion of the health officer, makes them a public danger.
- (h) Suppression of circulation of licentious literature, pictures, motion pictures, theatrical performances and songs.
- (i) Penalization of advertising of a vicious character or advertising offering "sure cures" for venereal disease. Protection against quacks and sale of venereal disease remedies by druggists without prescription of regular physician.

III. DELINQUENTS, MINORS AND DEFECTIVES.

- (a) Legal age of consent to be not less than 18 and laws to include protection of boys under 18 as well as of girls.
- (b) A method of trying cases involving sex offenses in chancery courts instead of in criminal courts is advocated.
- (c) Mental examination and diagnosis of all children, registration of abnormal cases, education suited to their possibilities; supervision during and after school age; custodial care for those unable to adjust to a normal environment.
 - (d) Reformatory farms for delinquent men and women.
- (e) Industrial farm schools for delinquent boys and girls. (These institutions to provide for the investigation of case histories; mental and physical examination; classification of cases; moral agencies for character development; vocational training; indeterminate sentences, with provision for parole.) The institutions should have trained officers.
- (f) Women on governing boards of all charitable and penal institutions; women as probation and parole officers; as state and local police;

as protective officers; as court officials, as jurors; as physicians in institutions for women and on all state and local Boards of Health.

The Committee recommends the establishment of local protective homes for girls in all larger cities, proper detention quarters for women awaiting trial, and separate detention quarters for juvenile offenders, as well as Travelers Aid agents at all large railroad stations and steamship embarkation points.

Next followed the program on Child Welfare, Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker, chairman. The following recommendations were adopted:

- 1. The endorsement of the Sheppard-Towner Bill for the Public Protection of Maternity and Infancy.
- 2. The endorsement of the principle of a bill for physical education about to be introduced into Congress, to be administered by the Bureau of Education of the Department of the Interior.
- 3. An appropriation of \$472,220 for the Children's Bureau of the U. S. Department of Labor.
- 4. The endorsement of the Gard-Curtis Bill for the regulation of Child Labor in the District of Columbia.

Mrs. Brown rose to a point of privilege. Owing to the closeness of the vote on the disposition of the Oversea Hospitals funds she stated that Dr. Lovejoy had conceded the plan of dividing the money equally between the oversea work in France of the American Women's Hospitals and the Hospital at Rheims. It was moved, seconded and carried to approve this plan.

Adjourned at 5:10.

CONGRESS

LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS Tuesday Morning, February 17th

Mrs. Catt, presiding.

The Chair called the convention to order at 9:30.

The Chairman introduced Mrs. Bagley, Chairman of the Committee on American Citizenship.

Mrs. Bagley's program included reports on the Smith-Towner bill, the Kenyon Americanization bill and the Johnson Naturalization bill presented by Mrs. Tillinghast, Massachusetts, Mrs. Sykes, Illinois, and Miss Hickey, Oklahoma. respectively.

Following are the committee's recommendations as amended and adopted during the convention:

1. Compulsory education which shall include adequate training in citizenship in every state for all children between six and sixteen, nine months of each year.

2. Education of adults by extension classes of the public schools.

3. English made the basic language of instruction in the common school branches in all schools public and private.

4. Specific qualifications for citizenship and impressive ceremonials for naturalization.

5. Direct citizenship for women, not citizenship through marriage, as a qualification for the vote.

6. Naturalization for married women made possible, American women to retain American citizenship after marriage to alien.

7. Printed citizenship instruction in the foreign languages, for the use of the foreign born, as a function of the Federal Government.

8. Schools of citizenship in conjunction with the public schools, a certificate from such schools to be a qualification for the educational test for naturalization.

9. An educational qualification for the vote in all states, after a sufficient period of time and ample opportunity for education have been allowed.

Endorsement of H. R. 10404, relating to naturalization, and providing for the patrol of the coast and border of the United States.

Endorsement of Smith-Towner bill.

The Chair called upon Mrs. McCulloch to give the report for the committee on Unification of Laws concerning the Legal Status of Women.

Mrs. McCulloch stated that the Committee's work is two fold: (a) to give legal advice to the other standing committees; (b) to work for uniformity of laws for women.

Mrs. McCulloch's proposed program was presented in twelve recommendations, which amended and adopted are:

Independent citizenship for married women.

Equal interest of spouses in each others real estate.

The married woman's wages and business under her sole control.

Just civil service laws to be established in all cities and states now under the spoils system. Amendments to existing civil service laws to enable men and women to have equal rights in examinations and appointments.

Mothers pensions with a minimum amount adequate and definite; the maximum amount left to the discretion of the administering court, and the benefits of all such laws extended to necessitous cases above the age specified in the law, at the discretion of the administering body, and that residence qualifications be required.

The minimum age of consent shall be eighteen years.

Equal guardianship by both parents of the persons and the property of children, the Utah law being a model.

Legal workers should read a book published by the United States Department of Labor entitled, "Illegitimacy Laws of the United States,"

Understand that the naturalization tests are to remain as they are now. 22

A Court should be established having original exclusive jurisdiction over all affairs pertaining to the child and his interests.

The marriage age for women should be eighteen years; for men twenty-one years. The State should require health certificates before issuing marriage licenses. There should be Federal legislation on marriage and divorce, and statutes prohibiting the evasion of marriage laws.

Laws should provide that women be subject to jury service and the unit vote of jurors in civil cases should be abolished.

Our committee women should not use their connection with the League of Women Voters to assist any political party.

Mrs. Willson, Illinois, made a report for the committee on Elections as follows:

Election for regional directors—number states voting, 39; total number delegates possible, 641; total number delegates voting 256. Elected from Region 1, Miss Katharine Ludington, Connecticut; 2, Mrs. F. Louis Slade, New York; 3, Miss Della Dortsch, Tennessee; 4, Miss Elizabeth Hauser, Ohio; 5, Mrs. James Paige, Minnesota; 6, Mrs. George Gellhorn, Missouri; 7, Mrs. C. B. Simmons, Oregon.

Mrs. Gardener took the chair.

Upon motion of Mrs. Catt, duly seconded, it was voted:

That the Board of Directors of the League of Women Voters at its first meeting subsequent to the first Congress meeting, shall with the aid and advice of the chairmen of departments, select from the six adopted programs for legislative action, certain national needs and provisions which might be incorporated in the party platforms;

That a copy of this program as selected by the Board of Directors shall be submitted to all state presidents and presidents of national women's organizations for approval;

That a deputation from the League of Women Voters be sent to the conventions of the two dominant parties, at least, to present this program to the delegates, chairmen of the resolutions committees if announced in advance and prominent leaders of these parties having been previously interviewed or circularized.

Carried.

Following a presentation by Miss Hay and Mrs. Bass of the question, "Should women enroll in the political parties?", Miss Young, New York, moved to adopt a resolution to take for a slogan "Get into the parties." Seconded and carried 264 to 100.

Mrs. Brown reported for the nominating committee on names selected at the regional caucauses for directors at large. Seven names were brought instead of nine-Mrs. Brooks and Mrs. Cunningham could not serve: Mrs. T. T. Cotnam, Arkansas, Mrs. R. Edwards, Indiana, Mrs. Solon Jacobs, Alabama, Mrs. Charles E. Merriam, Illinois, Mrs. Maud Wood

CONGRESS LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS Wednesday Morning, February 18th

Mrs. Catt, presiding.

The Chair called the convention to order at 9:30.

The minutes of the previous session were read and approved.

Invocation by Rev. Philip Yarrow.

The report of the elections committee on Directors at Large was as follows:

The total number of possible votes, 664; total number of votes cast, 364; total number of votes in error, 5; total number of legal votes, 359. Mrs. Maud Wood Park, 316; Mrs. Richard Edwards, 239; Mrs. Solon Jacobs, 162; Mrs. T. T. Cotnam, 136; Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker, 118; Mrs. Gifford Pinchot, 70; Mrs. Charles E. Merriam, 36.

The Chair requested regional directors and directors at large to get together to elect officers and report.

Miss Hay rose to a point of order to correct the statement made that she is opposed to the League of Women Voters.

It was voted to call upon Miss Blackwell to report for the committee on Resolutions.

The resolutions as amended and adopted were as follows:

I. That we urge the adhesion of the United States to the League of Nations with the least possible delay.

II. That in view of the famine, pestilence and unemployment extending throughout the great tracts of Central and Eastern Europe, and into Asia, we urge Congress to make an immediate and generous loan, to alleviate the dire necessities of these vast regions; and we further petition our government to use its influence to retain and reconstitute the Inter-Allied organizations formed during the war, so that the world's resources of food, raw materials, finance and transport shall be made available for the relief of the peoples of all countries from famine and pestilence.

III. That we declare ourselves emphatically in favor of the principles of free speech, free press and free representation, not only as the best means to promote the orderly progress of enlightenment, but as the best safeguard of our American institutions. We recognize that efforts to bring about the overthrow of our government by violence must not be permitted, but in ill-considered attempts to meet this difficulty, there is danger of overthrowing that real liberty which has always been one of the cornerstones of our republic.

IV. WHEREAS, The revenues for education throughout the United States are very little above the pre-war level, and

Whereas, For many years teachers' salaries have notably been far below any rational standard, and

Whereas, Under the present economic pressure teachers of training

and experience are being forced out of teaching and others who could fitly replace them cannot be secured for the pay offered, and

Whereas, The shortage of teachers and their inadequate preparation constitute a grave menace to future citizenship and to national security, be it

Resolved, That we urge upon State and local bodies, whose function it is to determine the amount of educational revenues, that they double the fund for the payment of teachers' salaries, and at the earliest possible time increase these salaries to a point which shall attract and hold well trained and capable men and women teachers. We are convinced that this point should not be fixed at a living wage, but that it should enable school boards to compete with commerce, industry and the professions in securing the services of the able, the ambitious, and the prepared, for this most vital public service.

V. Whereas, The draft showed nearly one-third of our young men to be in poor physical condition, be it

Resolved, That we favor universal compulsory physical training for both sexes, from the age of six to eighteen.

VI. Whereas, (a) in the last five years twelve times as many Americans have perished annually from preventable disease and preventable accident as died in war, and

(b) the military impotence of our former enemies and the mutual protection to result from the League of Nations reduces our military danger to a minimum, and

(c) gross illiteracy, dangerous shortage of teachers, an approaching timber famine, currency inflation and industrial unrest call for supremely wise expenditure of taxes, be it

Resolved, That we are opposed to universal compulsory military training.

VII. That we favor a policy of constructive and friendly co-operation between our government and people and the Mexican government and people; and we deplore the constant circulation in the press of sensational and inflammatory rumors which often prove unfounded. The rights and dignity of the United States must be maintained, but we are opposed to armed invasion of Mexico except in the last and most extreme necessity.

VIII. WHEREAS, 100,000 Christian Armenian women are still held in Turkish harems and 250,000 orphans must perish unless fed, be it

Resolved, That we urge a generous co-operation of American women with the relief work, and we protest against the proposal to leave Armenia under the rule of the Sultan, as one of the greatest crimes of history

IX. That we favor the creation of a federal bureau of housing and living conditions, with sufficient funds to enable it to investigate housing and living conditions throughout the country, and to conduct research and experimentation with a view to the inauguration of a constructive housing program.

Park, Boston, Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker, Texas, Mrs. Gifford Pinchot, Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Edwards, Indiana, raised the question as to whether the states are bound by these programs submitted before the association was organized, the constitution having not been adopted until now. (See constitution, p. 11-14.)

The Chair ruled that the body being a delegate body officially called to convention had taken no action which was not official. The convention might, however, decide.

Upon motion of Mrs. Gellhorn, duly seconded it was voted that the recommendations of the standing committees as accepted by the convention be referred to the Board of Directors of the League of Women Voters; after consultation with the chairmen of the standing committees, the aforementioned Board in turn to pass on its recommendations to the state chairmen with the request that they use as much of them as possible.

Upon motion of Mrs. McCulloch, duly seconded, it was voted that the recommendations made to this congress previous to the adoption of the constitution be adopted by the League of Women Voters.

Upon motion of Mrs. Dietrich, Nebraska, duly seconded and amended, it was voted that resolutions relating to Federal legislation be considered binding; that resolutions effecting State legislation be considered recommendations to be submitted to states; Federal legislation to be submitted to the National Board.

LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

Tuesday Afternoon, February 17th

Mrs. Catt, presiding.

The Chair stated that it was with great regret that those in charge of the convention program had discovered that a choice must be made between the announced program of the Anthony Centenary program and a business session of the League of Women Voters, and that the imperative importance of completing the business had decided the matter. The Anthony program would therefore be postponed until the business had been completed. Were Miss Anthony herself to decide, her practical mind would point to the same determination.

The promised presentation of certificates would preclude the business however. Even that pleasurable incident would have to be greatly abridged. The States had been asked to list their most honored dead, no name to be reported except those who had rendered signal service to the cause. It had been intended to read the list to the convention but owing to scarcity of time, that part of the ceremony would be omitted and the list printed in the minutes.

(1) The States had been requested to send in lists of suffragists who had rendered signal service before 1880 and these would be classified as Pioneers; (2) lists of presidents who had served in that capacity five years; (3) lists of persons rendering signal service between 1880 and 1900 to be known as Veterans; and (4) lists of those rendering signal service after 1900 who would be known as members of the Honor Roll.

Again owing not only to the necessity of economizing the time of the convention but the inability to have all lists and certificates in order, the names read to the convention would be limited to those present. The complete lists would be printed and the certificates sent by mail. The Chair counselled patience with this evidence of failure to live up to the plan as originally scheduled and pledged that every effort would be invoked to complete the idea to the satisfaction of all.

The Pioneers present then marched in from an adjoining room with flags flying and received distinguished service certificates. They were followed by Veterans, Presidents and the Honor Roll of later workers.

A gift in the name of the suffragists of the country was presented to Mrs. Catt by Mrs. Upton of Ohio.

Miss Hay took the chair and with the help of Mrs. Brown secured pledges for \$44,550.

\$15,000 of this sum was guaranteed by the Leslie Commission which was offered by Mrs. Catt as follows:

The Leslie Commission offers:

- (1) The Woman Citizen as an organ of the League of Women Voters until January 1, 1921 at which time we believe that the League should issue a Bulletin of its own.
- (2) The full use of the publicity department of the N. A. W. S. A. for the League for Women Voters until May 1, 1920.
- (3) The personnel of a Data Department. This will mean the use of the present Data Department at the National Suffrage Headquarters until May 1, 1920, after which the Commission agrees to pay the salary of Mrs. Boyd until January 1, 1921, at the Headquarters of the League of Women Voters and will pay the salaries of one file clerk and one stenographer.
- (4) The salary of the proposed manager; the salary of an assistant, and the salary of a chairman of Congressional work.
- (5) In the event the sum total of these offers should be less than \$15,000, the Commission agrees to pay the difference into the treasury of the League in cash.

Upon motion of Mrs. Gates, Utah, duly seconded it was voted that all further suggestions of planks to be made to the League of Women Voters be sent to the Board who shall determine upon them and forward them to the political parties.

Adjourned 5:10.

X. That we endorse the bill introduced by Congressman Fess to amend the Vocational Education Act so as to make more adequate provision for Home Economics. This bill appropriates half a million yearly for ten years for co-operation with the States in the preparation of teachers of Home Economics, and thereafter three millions annually; parts of the allotments being also available for purposes directly related to the promotion of better home-making, of Americanization through Home Economics teaching, and for administrative purposes incidental thereto.

XI. That we recommend American women to set apart Susan B. Anthony's birthday, February fifteenth, as a day of thanksgiving, and loving remembrance of her and of all the pioneers.

XII. WHEREAS, This is the year for adding new names to the Hall of Fame, be it

Resolved, That we recommend the following names: Susan B. Anthony, Lucy Stone, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Julia Ward Howe.

XIII. That, in view of the imperative need of thrift, we urge upon both men and women the practice of thrift, and a careful study of the Thrift Program sent out by the Treasury Department.

XIV. Whereas, The usefulness of a central clearing house for government printed matter has been demonstrated by the National Library Service, which operated, under an emergency fund, for six months in the Bureau of Education, and

Whereas, The librarians of the United States are ready to serve the government and the people by giving proper publicity to government printed matter, and

Whereas, The Library Information Service Bill has been favorably reported by the Education Committee of both Senate and House, be it Resolved, That we endorse the bill (S2457 and H. R. 6860) "To pro-

vide for a Library Information Service in the Bureau of Education."

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to each Senator and Representative.

XV. That we extend cordial thanks to all the citizens of Chicago who have contributed so generously to make this convention a brilliant success, and especially to Mrs. Grace Wilbur Trout, president of the Illinois Equal Suffrage Association and chairman of local arrangements for the State, with her large and efficient committee, and to Mrs. Gellhorn, chairman of local arrangements for the National; to Mrs. Richard E. Edwards, who arranged the Living Ratification Valentine; to Mrs. A. H. Schweizer, chairman of local arrangements for the Victory Dinner; to Miss Rose Young, director of "Then and Now" told in pictures; to Mrs. James W. Morrison, who arranged the Procession of Victories; to Mrs. Jacob Baur, who arranged for the Pioneers' Luncheon; to all the State hostesses, to all the chairmen of committees, to the women's clubs, to the minister, choir and officials of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, who arranged the Memor-

ial Service for Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, to the Congress Hotel, to the Government for establishing a special postoffice for the convention, to the Chicago newspapers and other members of the press, and to the many other persons, official and unofficial, who have contributed to our comfort and happiness.

Resolutions were adopted to send (1) a telegram of congratulations to Mrs. Ida Husted Harper; letters of affection and congratulation to Dr. Antoinette Brown Blackwell, Emily Howland and Charlotte Pierce.

The Chair asked the officers of the League of Women Voters, just elected, to come to the platform. Chairman, Mrs. Maud Wood Park; vice chairman, Mrs. George Gellhorn; treasurer, Mrs. Richard Edwards; secretary, Mrs. Solon Jacobs; regional directors: Miss Katherine Ludington, Mrs. F. Louis Slade, Miss Della Dortsch, Miss Elizabeth Hauser, Mrs. James Paige, Mrs. George Gellhorn, Mrs. Simmons.

Each upon being introduced to the delegates made a speech or a bow.

Mrs. Trout called the members of the local convention committees to the platform and presented them. They were received with enthusiastic applause.

Mrs. Shuler made the following motion:

In order to create a better understanding of the purposes of the League of Women Voters and its relation to other national organizations of women,

I move that the directors of the League of Women Voters make the purposes of the league exceedingly clear to local groups: namely, that the function of the league is for the purpose of fostering education in citizenship and of supporting improved legislation;

I move that as far as possible organizations that are already existing and doing similar work be used and asked to co-operate in the work of educating women to an understanding of these purposes, and in order to give effectiveness to a common legislative program;

I move that a committee on congressional legislation be created with headquarters in Washington; that in addition to a chairman, the committee be made up of a representative from each of the great national organizations of women.

The motions were seconded and carried.

Meeting adjourned 12:45.

NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION and LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS Wednesday Afternoon, February 18th

Mrs. Catt, presiding. The convention was called to order at 2:30. Mrs. Gardener, D. C., offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the National American Woman Suffrage Association in convention assembled express to the directors of the Smithsonian Institution profound appreciation of the establishment of the section devoted to the great women leaders of liberty and civilization on the same broad basis accorded to men.

We express the belief that this shrine that is established will be an object of reverence and education to all American womanhood. Be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to W. C. Randell, administrative assistant to the secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C.

Seconded and carried.

Mrs. Barsalou, Rhode Island, moved to reconsider the resolution passed at the morning session against compulsory military training. Vote 98 for, 141 against reconsideration.

The Chair read the following proposed telegram to the women of Washington:

One State and one only is needed to complete the required 36 to ratify. That State is Washington, the only State which has given its own women the right to vote and does not wish to extend that same right to the women of the nation.

In spite of this, the National American Women Suffrage Association, at the closing session of its fifty-first and final annual convention in Chicago, February 18, expresses its confidence that the women of Washington will not permit this repudiation of the principles of Woman Suffrage and calls upon them to continue their efforts for ratification.

Motion seconded and carried.

Mrs. Park stated that the Board of Directors of the League of Women Voters had unanimously agreed to urge Mrs. Catt to serve as Honorary Chairman. Miss Hay took the Chair and put the motion to confirm the action of the Board of Directors. It was unanimously voted to do so.

Mrs. Shuler, chairman of the committee appointed by the Board of the N. A. W. S. A. to draft plans for citizenship schools recommended:

- 1. That a normal school be held in the most available large city in each State to which every county shall be asked to send one or more representatives. The school shall be open to all local people.
- 2. That no State shall feel that it has approached the task of training for citizenship that has not had at least one school in every county followed by schools in as many townships and wards as possible with the ultimate aim of reaching the women of every election district.
 - 3. That minimum requirement of a citizenship school should include (a) The study of local, state and national government.

- (b) The technique of voting and election laws.
- (c) Organization and platform of political parties.
- (d) The League of Women Voters: Its aims; its platform; its plans of work.
- 4. That each State employ a director for citizenship schools to be under the direction of the national director of citizenship schools.
- 5. That the States urge the assistance of State universities through summer schools, extension departments and active participation by professors from these departments to make the teaching of citizenship of real benefit to the State.
- 6. That the States invite the co-operation of local men who are experienced in public affairs, and that every agency, including that of publicity, be employed to what will tend to increased interest in the teaching of citizenship.
- 7. That the States try to make the study of citizenship compulsory in the public schools from the primary grades up.

The report was referred to the League of Women Voters.

Action was taken that the National American Woman Suffrage Association should print the minutes of the Convention and send to all delegates to the Convention.

It was moved and seconded to refer the minutes of Saturday's morning session to the Board of the N. A. W. S. A., no time having been allowed before the convention for the reading of these minutes.

How to extend membership in the League of Woven Voters, raise funds and disseminate public information concerning proposed legislation effectively and extensively was discussed. Suggestions were made to organize in States from Congressional districts down to election districts; to make a drive for paid memberships to take the place of teas and sales; to conduct publicity campaigns within organizations, not depending upon newspapers.

The Chair turned the gavel over to Mrs. Park. Then followed a part of the postponed Anthony Centenary program.

The Board of Officers of the National American Woman Suffrage Association having been called for 4:30, the Congress of the League of Women Voters was formerly adjourned at 5 o'clock.

When the delegates assembled Wednesday evening for the first session of the School for Political Education, Mrs. Catt called into session the N. A. W. S. A. and with appropriate ceremony formally adjourned the Victory Convention.