



Max M. Kampelman Papers

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WFM ✓
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WALTER F. MONDALE
220 SOUTH SIXTH STREET
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-1498
(612) 340-6307

April 14, 1997

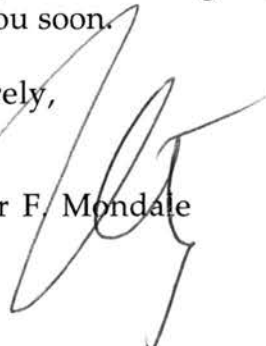
The Honorable Max M. Kampelman
Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver &
Jacobson
1001 Pennsylvania AVE NW
STE 800
Washington DC 20004

Dear Max:

Thanks for your very kind introduction the other evening at Georgetown. I was, and am, truly grateful. The plaque goes right up on my wall. By the way, you are looking in great shape. Love to Maggie. I hope to see you soon.

Sincerely,

Walter F. Mondale



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OK

The Sixteenth Annual Trainor Award
for Distinction in the Conduct of Diplomacy

is presented to

The Honorable Walter Mondale
Most recently U.S. Ambassador to Japan

Mr. Mondale will present the
evening's lecture:

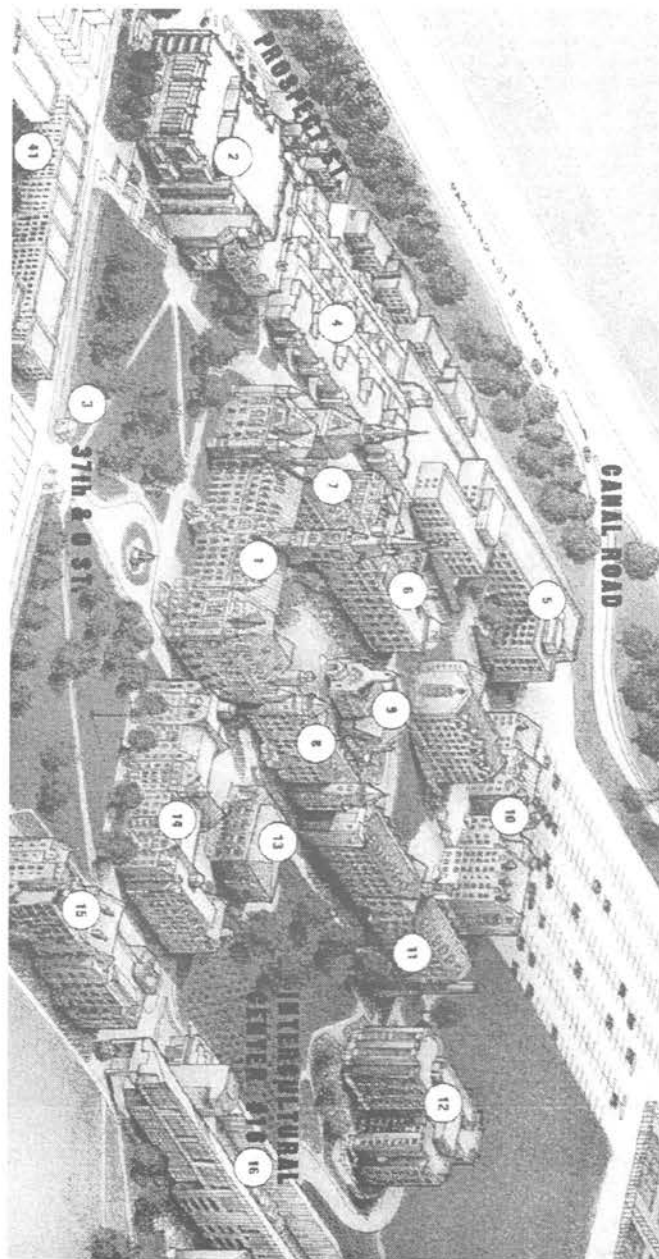
*America and the World:
The Challenge of Diplomacy*

6:00 to 7:00 p.m.
Wednesday, April 9, 1997
Auditorium, Intercultural Center

The Raymond "Jit" Trainor Award and Lecture Series is made possible through an endowment created to recognize a career of dedicated diplomatic service. Mr. Trainor served for many years as registrar of the School of Foreign Service and as friend and counselor to many of the school's students. He is remembered by the school's alumni, who established the Trainor trust fund.

R.S.V.P. Acceptances only by enclosed card
Parking (enter from Prospect Street or
Canal Road). \$2.00 on presentation
of this invitation.

Auditorium
Intercultural Center
Georgetown University
37th & O Streets, N.W.



Edmund A. Walsh School of Foreign Service
Georgetown University

The Trustees of the
Trainer Lecture Fund
and the
Institute for the Study of Diplomacy
cordially invite you to attend
The Sixteenth Annual
Raymond "Jit" Trainer Award
for Distinction in the Conduct of Diplomacy

Institute for the Study of Diplomacy

The Institute for the Study of Diplomacy (ISD), founded in 1978, is part of Georgetown University's Edmund A. Walsh School of Foreign Service and is the School's primary window on the world of the foreign affairs practitioner.

ISD studies the practitioner's craft: how diplomats and other foreign affairs professionals succeed and the lessons to be learned from their successes and failures. Institute programs focus on the foreign policy process: how decisions are made and implemented.

ISD conducts its programs through a small staff and resident and nonresident "associates." Associates, primarily U.S. and foreign government officials, are detailed to or affiliated with the Institute for a year or more. The Institute seeks to build academic-practitioner collaborations around issues using associates and Georgetown university faculty. ISD staff and associates teach courses, organize lectures and discussions, mentor students, and participate on university committees.

In addition, ISD's Pew Case Studies in International Affairs are used in over 1,000 courses across the country and around the world.

A current ISD project, *Who Needs Embassies?: How U.S. Missions Abroad Help Shape Our World*, focuses on the role of the modern embassy. Written by five diplomatic practitioners, this forthcoming ISD monograph will be the basis for a conference in the summer of 1997.

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INSTITUTE FOR THE STUDY OF DIPLOMACY
Edmund A. Walsh School of Foreign Service
Georgetown University

Presents

The Sixteenth Jit Trainor Award

for Distinction in the Conduct of Diplomacy

to

The Honorable Walter F. Mondale

April 9, 1997
Auditorium
Intercultural Center

J. Raymond Trainor



J. Raymond "Jit" Trainor was one of the first students to enroll, in the early 1920s, in Georgetown's newly established School of Foreign Service. After graduation in 1927 and the completion of his Master's degree in 1928, Jit joined the staff of the School, which he served in various capacities until his retirement in 1956.

During his long association with SFS, Jit was both friend and counselor to the scores of students who entered the School. At the end of World War II, he served as acting dean, but declined an offer to become dean because he preferred his duties as Secretary, a position that put him in daily contact with the students he was so interested in helping. This very warm and human relationship is remembered by School of Foreign Service alumni who have generously supported a trust fund to make the Trainor Award and Lecture Series possible.

Jit Trainor died on January 13, 1976.

Trustees of the Trainor Lecture Fund Endowment

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Past Recipients

- | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
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| 1980 The Honorable Phillip C. Habib The Honorable U. Alexis Johnson | 1989 His Excellence Anatoly Fedorovich Dobrynin |
| 1981 The Honorable William Bowdler | 1990 The Honorable David D. Newsom |
| 1982 The Honorable Antonio Carrillo Flores | 1991 His Excellency Rinaldo Petrignani |
| 1983 The Honorable Deane Hinton | 1992 The Honorable Thomas R. Pickering |
| 1984 The Right Honourable The Lord Carrington | 1995 Thomas Graham, Jr. His Excellency Jayantha Cudah Bandara Dhanapala |
| 1986 The Honorable Arthur A. Hartman | |

Program

Presiding

Casimir A. Yost
Director, Institute for the Study of Diplomacy

The Jit Trainor Award

Leonard R. Raish
Chairman, Trainor Lecture Fund Endowment

Introduction

The Honorable Max M. Kampelman
Chairman, Institute for the Study of Diplomacy

Address by Recipient

The Honorable Walter F. Mondale
America and the World: The Challenge of Diplomacy

Presentation of Citation

The Honorable David D. Newsom
Member of the Board, Institute for the Study of Diplomacy

Benediction

Reverend David Asplin
Chaplain, Georgetown University Medical Center

Walter F. Mondale

Walter F. Mondale's record of public service includes Vice President of the United States, U.S. Ambassador to Japan, U.S. Senator, and Attorney General for the State of Minnesota. He was also the Democratic Party's nominee for President in 1984. He is currently a partner with the law firm of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, headquartered in Minneapolis with sixteen offices worldwide.

On March 17, 1997, President Clinton announced that Mondale would co-chair (with former Republican Senator Nancy Kassebaum Baker) a new bipartisan Campaign Reform Education and Awareness Project.

Walter Frederick ("Fritz") Mondale was born in Ceylon, Minnesota on January 5, 1928, the son of Theodore Sigvaard Mondale and Claribel Cowan Mondale. He spent his boyhood in the small towns of southern Minnesota, where he attended public schools. After he helped manage Hubert H. Humphrey's first successful U.S. Senate campaign in 1948, he earned his B.A. in political science from the University of Minnesota in 1951. After completing service as a corporal in the U.S. Army, Mondale received his LL.B. (cum laude) from the University of Minnesota Law School in 1956, having served on the law review and as a law clerk in the Minnesota Supreme Court.

Mondale practiced law for the next four years in Minneapolis. In 1960, Minnesota Governor Orville Freeman appointed him State Attorney General. Mondale was then elected to the office in 1962, and served until 1964, when Governor Karl Rolvaag asked him to fill the U.S. Senate vacancy created by Hubert Humphrey's election to the Vice Presidency. The voters of Minnesota returned Mondale to the Senate in 1966 and 1972.

During his twelve years as a Senator, Mondale served on the Finance Committee, the Labor and Public Welfare Committee, the Budget Committee, and the Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee. He also served as the chairman of the Select Committee on Equal Education Opportunity and as the chairman of the Intelligence Committee's Domestic Task Force.

Jimmy Carter and Walter Mondale were elected President and Vice President of the United States on November 2, 1976. On the President's behalf, Mondale traveled extensively throughout the country and the world advocating U.S. policy. He was the first Vice President to have an office in the White House, and he served as a

full-time participant, advisor, and troubleshooter for the administration.

In 1984, Mondale was the Democratic Party's nominee for President of the United States. Following that election, Mondale practiced law, taught, studied, traveled, and served as a director of both nonprofit and corporate boards. He returned to his native Minnesota in 1987, where he practiced law with the firm of Dorsey & Whitney.

Mondale was a Distinguished University Fellow in Law and Public Affairs at the Hubert H. Humphrey Institute of Public Affairs, University of Minnesota. In 1990, he established the Mondale Policy Forum at the Institute to bring together scholars and policymakers for conferences on domestic and international issues.

Nominated by President Clinton as Ambassador to Japan, Mondale served from August 13, 1993, to December 15, 1996. He helped to negotiate several U.S.-Japan security agreements, including a resolution to the controversy about the U.S. military presence in Okinawa. He also helped to negotiate trade agreements between the United States and Japan and promoted the expansion of educational exchanges between the two nations. In addition, Mondale attended the annual APEC (Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation) summit meetings in Seattle, Jakarta, Osaka, and Manila.

Since returning from Japan, Mondale has become a director of several nonprofit and corporate boards. The nonprofit boards include the Mayo Foundation and University of Minnesota Foundation. His corporate board memberships include the BlackRock Funds, CNA Financial Corp., and Northwest Airlines.

Mondale serves on the executive committee of the Peace Prize Forum, an annual conference cosponsored by the Norwegian Nobel Institute and five midwestern colleges of Norwegian heritage. Former President Jimmy Carter, former Costa Rican President Oscar Arias Sanchez, Nobel laureate and author Elie Wiesel, Dr. Yelena Bonner, and Nobel laureate Norman Borlaug have been among the featured speakers.

He authored the book *The Accountability of Power: Toward a Responsible Presidency* and has written numerous articles on domestic and international issues.

Mondale is married to the former Joan Adams. They have three children, Theodore, Eleanor Jane, and William and three grandchildren.

**REMARKS BY
MAX M. KAMPELMAN
INTRODUCING THE HONORABLE WALTER F. MONDALE
INSTITUTE FOR THE STUDY OF DIPLOMACY**

**Georgetown University
Washington, DC**

April 9, 1997

An experienced chairman once said that introducing speakers reminded him of another custom, that of having the dead body at a funeral. You cannot hold the ceremony without one, but nobody expects him to say very much.

That, however, would not satisfy me this afternoon. Walter Mondale and I first met more than 40 years ago. Our mutual friend, Hubert H. Humphrey, was then the United States Senator from Minnesota, and I was on leave from a teaching career in political science to serve as the Senator's legislative counsel. It became clear to me that he looked upon young "Fritz" Mondale, born to a rural Minnesota Norwegian minister and his wife, as a personal friend, as a political protégé, and as a rising idealistic politician who shared his own progressive values.

I specifically remind this particular university audience that our honoree was a politician, because I believe that the politician's service to our country is as indispensable as that of the teacher, the diplomat and the clergy. In a democracy, the politician is the chief mediator of society's tensions and conflicts. Ideas are great arrows, but there has to be a bow. For Walter Mondale and those of us touched by Hubert Humphrey's life and values, politics is the bow of idealism.

It has been my privilege, as a friend, to watch this ambitious and idealistic son of Minnesota move from a cum laude degree in law, to service as a law clerk in the Minnesota Supreme Court, to Minnesota's Attorney General, to the United States Senate, to become the Vice President of the United States, candidate of the Democratic Party for President of the United States, and most recently the American Ambassador to Japan. Wherever he has served, he and his wife, Joan, have served with distinction, with honor, with integrity, with principles, with patriotism.

It is now appropriate that I publicly disclose that were it not for Walter Mondale, I would not have become a diplomat; I would, of course, not be serving as chairman of Georgetown University's Institute for the Study of Diplomacy; and would have been deprived of more than 15 years of a most enriching and fulfilling life in the service of my country. It was on a Friday morning in December 1979 that Vice President Mondale asked me to come to his office in the White House where he informed me that he and President Carter would like me to take a leave from my law office and become Ambassador and head of the United States Delegation to the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe about to meet in Madrid. That was the beginning. Thank you, Fritz.

Now for the introduction -- I am certain that when Walter Mondale is now introduced to an audience, the question is raised: Should he be addressed as "Mr. Vice President"? or as "Senator"? or as "Mr. Ambassador"? It is said that Henry Kissinger was once asked a similar question, given his various titles. He is reported to have replied that he was a modest man and that it would be adequate to refer to him as "Your Highness."

Ladies and gentlemen, it is my pleasure to introduce you to Walter F. Mondale, resident of Minnesota and citizen of the world.

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