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[Jan. 6, 1862]

Big Stone Lake
Jan'y 6th 1862

Rud St Riffs

My Dear Sir

I herewith enclose five Dollars, two dollars for the Independent and one dollar to pay postage on my letters and the remaining two dollars you will please send for the Weekly Journal of Commerce, remit the money to Messrs Hallock & Hale & Hallock Editors of the Weekly Journal of Commerce New York City, I think it's two dollars a year but am not positive,

My assistant Pichette came home yesterday from Lac Travaire rather in an excited state of mind, he tells me that there is a white man by the name of Hill in company with Rasmussen a Red River Half Breed selling whisky to the Indians at Lac Travaire, he found all the Indians intoxicated, so much so that he could not stay over night but came home the same day he left here, — This man Hill lives three miles this side of Fort Abercrombie & is the same from whom all the Indians buy their whisky, If Major Galbraith choose to take no notice of this abominable traffic which is now more than ever carried on extensively and if he thinks that it will not result in serious

consequences, why then, I have nothing
more to say and shall never again trouble
him in regard to the matter, at anyrate,
it is none of my business & should not
meddle with it, I think you had better keep
drumming at Major Galbraith until he
does some thing or nothing

I feel very anxious in regard to eastern news
hope you will find an opportunity of
sending me papers, its been nearly
three weeks since I had the last papers
I think of going down when our team
gets back from the Yellow Medicine which
will be in about two weeks from now
If you have this years Almanac please
send me one - wish you & all your
family a happy new year

yours truly
J A French

R St Anthony Jan 12, 1862
Rev S R Riggs

Allow me to ask you a few questions — as I now intend to prepare a series of lectures embracing many facts & much information concerning the Indians — their Condition — their Treatment & management and almost every thing of interest connected with them so far as I can obtain it — the desire information.

Please furnish me answers to the following questions

How long have you been among the Dakotas

How many have professed Christianity among them

How many have had Christian
buried

How many have adopted the
habits of civilization

Is it the best mode of civil-
izing Indians to teach religion
with agriculture & education
(literature I mean) or one first
What change in the Government
policy would be most protec-
tive of the interests of the inde-
-ans?

Have any of the mission or
Christian Indians yours or
Dr. Williams been guilty of
stealing or getting drunk
or going to war against the
Chippewas? (I ask these last
questions because one of these
noches in Sheep's clothing — the
traders said to me at Fall
— on medium that the converted
or missionary Indians were

the greatest thieves liars
& meanest men & women
of all the Indians

(This delectable man was
no less than Mr Govey)

He took great pleasure to talk
to me one & tell me these im-
portant truths — as he called
them.

In how many instances have
you known white men have
squaws — or children by
squaws & then desert them

Try to recollect by the aid of
your family & I would like
to have Dr Williamson as
soon as you are writing down
the names — so far as men
or wives of all who have
abandoned either wife or child

Have any traders or their
Clerks or any whiteman
ever married as Christians
to any squaws — if so how
many & whom?

I have sought
am seeking only the good
of the Indians & I shall
not be deterred by the abuse
of traders nor villainous
husk agents & I intend to
pursue my arduous bur-
dens in the fear of God
not of man — not even of
Ex officers or agents

Yours truly

Geo E Day
In all cases when Agents of
Gov or Employers has come
as above say so & traders or
the Clerks say so

Res Mr Reggs

I have addressed the
same questions to all mission-
aries & old settlers among
Sioux & Chippewa - every
where - & I wish to know if
any or how many ever have
been married according to the
usages of Christianity
I want ~~a~~ the facts

Yours truly H. D. Day

I expect to go to Washington
next month and desire an
early answer

My kind regards to your
family & Mr Cunningham
& the teacher my friends you
neighbors

J. W. Hatties
1862

Marie des Lions Jan
January 15th 1862

Kev Sk Kizys

My dear friend

Mr Hunter

Started up with a load for you yesterday
and in my hurry I forgot to send you
a description of the load. The following
is a description.

4 lbs flour @ 8cts

10 lbs Corn @ 75

14th " Barley @ 75

48 lbs Ham @ 8cts

100 lbs Fruitz @ (Lard & Candles.)

Mr Beckham furnished the lard at 6cts
(as we had none to spare) he charged
the lard to your account.

Mr Huzzins and Perry have no brooms
on hand. I do not know what you
will think of the barley coming so
high. I paid 20cts for it here fivects
less than what it is selling for here.

Hardly any oats can be had here even at
25cts per bus, I am lying back for feed
Our oats did not hold out as we expected
We have to buy for seed. I sent four
bushels to Thomas in the little package.
I have been down twice to pay taxe
but have not accomplished any thing yet
and going again to day.

I shall be obliged if you can send me 25\$
the remainder. I wish to go on the mill
account. Has Mr Hunter payed you any thing
on the mill yet? I do not
know what the hog weighed that
Mr T Pettyjohn took up. I suppose
you have our account all. I have all
but the hog. I will attend to your
taxe as soon as I can.

We are all tolerably well. Some of
us would like to attend Presbytery
if it is not to cold

Love to all.

J. W. Holloman,

J. L. McCallough
1862



Milo Ill

Jan 18 1862

Pro S. R. Riggs

Dear Sir

When I arrived home today
I found a letter from you
which I was glad to get,
I wrote a letter to you a few
days ago thinking perhaps
you had not rec'd the letter
which I wrote before, you I may
think I have a good deal of
time to write, well I have.
I don't teach Saturdays so I
I have plenty of time.
You mention Mr Day collec-
ting money, I have waited
a long time on Uncle Sam
and will wait longer before I
trust a stranger, and before I
pay Agent Galbraith and/or the

Superintendent percentage for collecting I will let the tail go with the hide. It is news to me if the Supt has to be payed by the employees, Mr Biggs I want you to do the best you can up there, and I'll work here. I have written to Owen Lovejoy in regard to the matter. If intend to know something about it soon. If I don't get it pretty soon I don't expect ever to get it. I certainly think that we are sold to Jeff Davis, and every day makes me stronger in the belief. Cameron resigning and the appointment of one of Old Buchanan's cabinet to fill vacancy looks wrong to me. I wish that Washington was sacked and old Abe too

Our large army never can save the union in the cause of Slavery too, but that is what our leading men are trying to do. They are too afraid of touching slavery. When Fremont undertook the right kind of a plan, they expelled him, and if any man makes a move in the right way, he loses his head. If masters don't change soon I think the north will secede. We are all in very good health excepting mother.

I heard a few days ago that Stodd was married to Martha W. That is strange, I wonder if it is so. I get my news from the east. My best respect to all your folks, A happy new year to all,

Very truly yours John Mc

Lukpa River Jan'y 1870 1862

Rev S.R.Higgs

Dear Sir

I do not know when we will have a chance to send letters down but I will write a line & have it ready.

Our school does not diminish any but rather increase. I have not made any calculation yet but I should guess that we have had an average of 18 since the first of January. We still teach principally in Dakota.

The attendance on the Sabbath has not decreased but has changed somewhat. There are more women and fewer men. Tojaijous has not been to meeting since I came back from Yellow Medicine. I think it is owing to ill feeling between the two divisions of the band. Those living up the river seem to dislike Wakumani & his band & Wakumani & his friends lose no opportunity to speak evil of Takarpi wakan & his friends. Nape ya was here the other day and he told me that he trusted in God or in other words he had faith in the Christian religion but he never came to meeting because there were two men up the river

who were very bad & killed a man but "hin-naka-ha" they come to meeting, so he did not come I told him that was not any reason for staying away, that God knew who was sincere and who was false, & that he would judge rightly.

Monday Morn. Jan 20th Oranna is here & says he is starting to Pajutayee & I send letters by him. Our congregation was much larger than usual yesterday, including men of both parties. I tried to make them understand that "Love is the fulfilling of the law."

I was much surprised on Saturday to learn that Uncle Louis is still at home and got no money. I am really sorry for him and for myself too.

My health is very poor. I have had a hard cough ever since I returned from Hazelwood I often find myself completely discouraged. I hope I am improving now. I certainly need both strength & energy, and have little of either while I am so unwell.

In haste

Yours Respectfully

Amos W. Huggins

O. H. College. College Hill

Jan: 20. 1862

Dear Mr. Riggs

It has been as much as two months since I received your letter I do not know what the reason is for my not answering it. It keeps raining and raining all the time it does not seem much like winter when there is not much snow or not any. it snowed little just before school commenced so that the folks called it good sleighing. It was so slippery that Martha and I were afraid to come in the Omnibus so Mr. Lewis Drake brought us back in a sleigh so we had a sleigh ride. Miss Allison says that this school is fuller than it ever was since she has been here. Last term there was only ninety that boarded in the college but now there is about

a hundred two or three. I had a very pleasant time in vacation, saw a good many wonderful things while I was in the city, we went to the slaughter house and saw the performance there. I expect if Old sleeping beauty and Kitawina had been there they could have got plenty of the entrails. My music teacher is changed for the third time and when I am changed I have to practice just what I have been. She does not seem to be as good music teacher as Miss Hitchett her voice is not as strong for when I am singing with her I can hear my voice but when I sing with Miss Hitchett she would think I was not singing when I was doing my best. now I have to do more my self so I expect I will learn more in the singing line.

I expect you will feel honored to know that one of your daughters is a president there were a good many up to hear her

Inaugural address. Miss Wallace Miss Allison Miss Steather Miss Hendrick were up and Mrs Rose Pres. Day would have come but he was invited out some where else.

Miss Irene Smith had been the president before she told Martha she hoped she would fill the chair better than she had done then Martha went up and took the chair. I feel quite honored to room with the president.

We do not hear any thing about the war it just seems like their was not fighting down once in a while Mrs Gayle tells us some thing about it when they have had a battle. We room right over father's bed I expect he thinks we are quite noisy sometimes. One morning the tank leaked and came through the ceiling and Mr Faile came up to see what was the matter so as he saw what the matter was he ran down stairs and had the servants come up with

buckets, and he went around and got
all the dirt pans and then he came in
our room and took all our tools. I do not
know what he did with them. After he
got through he came in our room and
thought it was his he looked all around
~~and~~ saw that we were in the room he found
out that he had made a mistake he had
taken off his spectacles and was going to sit
down he found out that he had made a
mistake he looked suffering we could not keep
from laughing. I think he is such a queer man
he was preaching on sunday and he stopped
in the middle of his sermon and said he
was glad the young ladies were paying so
much attention. A kiss for baby and a love
for all the rest

I am your Affectionately

Angeline Renville

2981
myself

Saint Peter Jan 27 1862

Rev S. R. Riggs

Dear Sir, 3

Your favor with
the Petition and bill for legalizing and
authorizing a poll tax in Yellow Medicine
Township we rec'd duly, and I introduced
the bill in the Senate where it passed
unanimously -

In the House it went into
the hands of the Judiciary Committee and
was there discovered to be unconstitutional,
on account of having two different subjects
in one bill!

The section legalizing the tax
already assessed was one subject, and
the section authorizing such an amendment
in future was another subject -

It came back to the Senate
with the section legalizing the past action
stricken out -

The Senate unanimously dis-
agreed with the House amendment, not
being able to appreciate the fine-spun Con-
stitutional objection of the House -
It may be, however, that

the House will insist on its amendment,
in that case shall we concurred?

I presume you will answer in the affirmative, and perhaps suggest that then another bill be introduced containing the provisions of the section stricken out in the House.

I am not positive that a bill containing nothing but a return legalizing a part not now legal at the time it was done, will pass through now as the whole bill did when introduced. I am also certain that it is good policy for a legislative body to establish too many precedents for legalizing past illegal actions. Some other propositions have since been made in the Senate looking that way that do not meet with favor, and they might now affect the sweep of your measure if introduced again by itself.

I shall be glad to hear from you and will do just what you advise.

I am

Very truly yours,
Henry S. Smith

P.S. In regard to the Constitutional question
it seemed to me that a bill amending
the Criminal laws and practice containing
several sections relating to several crimes,
or a bill relating to the practice in Courts
of Justice of the Peace having a number
of sections relating to jury trials, others
relating to garnishees, others in regard
to attachments, others about Criminal trials
&c &c &c, were just as liable to the
objection of unconstitutionality, as your bill.

The subject of the bill is the laying of a
poll-tax in Willow Medicine, and that is
the only subject referred to. The best
lawyers in our branch laughed at the
constitutional point raised by the House,
but yet that body may insist, and we
may have to yield for the purpose of saving
the better half of the bill.

I return to St Paul tomorrow - H.A.S.

[Henry A. Swift]

St Peter Minnesota
Jan 27th 1862

Rev. S. R. Riggs

Dear Sir

I have a friend here that desires a few pieces of Adult & Young Half-Breed-Scrip, of 80^{ties} & 40^{ties} & will remit the Gold on their ~~location~~^{location}. Can they be had and at what price? 160 acres can be had here at \$100 per acre but no smaller pieces.

I think I had the pleasure of your acquaintance going down the River last Spring. Will try & make it for your interest & assist my friend.

Your Ovt Servt
Abner Gisberts
Register

Sand Office Henderson etc.
Jan 29th 1862.

Rev. S. R. Riggs

Dear Sir

Enclosed please
find Patent N° 413. B. for Julia Laramboise
hereafter the parties that want to draw Patents
must come here and take the Oath Allegiance
any Person that refuses he can not have his Patent
In regard to the Renville Scrip I have been
requested to return the Patent issued on the Scrip
which I returned, the Scrip has not been
Received as yet.

Very Respectfully
your obt servant

F. A. Renz Register

Nicoll - Traverse Minnesota
Jan 29 [1868]

Mr S R Riggs

Dear Brother

I received your letter dated Jan 6th the
24 of January after you and i had the talk
about the note i have tried to collect
the amount but have failed in so doing.
To get it i have tried to sell my team
To raise the amount have failed in that
those that are owing me i offered them
the same that you offered to me

I hope you will bare with me
If the times changes i think that i shall
get all or a part of it soon
if you cant wait

visible to me

Yours truly

Before you

Proceed enny

Do enny thing

this note is all i do owe to

enney Roddy give me a few months and i
think i can all or a part of it

Jas B Gault

Missionary House, Pemberton Square,

BOSTON, January 31, 1862.

Rev. S. R. Riggs,
Pajutazee, Minn.
Dear Sir,

You favor of the 3^d m^r with
with account for two quarters, to Decr 31st, is
at hand. I note the draft of Mr. — favor James
Thomson, on A. Merrin, as yet unpaid. The periodicals
charged you August 31st, amounted to \$13.63; the books
bought by Mr. Merrin in Decr, to \$4.44, instead of \$5.80.
May your hungry Dakotas find the Bread of Life, as
well as that bread which perisheth.

Very truly yours,

James M. Jordan, Treas.
By J. S. W.

Lutsa River, Feb. 1st 1862.

Hon S.R. Riggs,

Dear Friend,

We were very much disappointed this evening in not getting a mail but as Mr Cramier did not stop to get it, or at least did not stop at your house, there is no blame any where. The last mail we got came down from Big Stone Lake by Mr Feniur. My health is better than when I last wrote & I am kept as busy as a bee. Julia has sore eyes and I have to teach nearly all the time between 9 A.M. & dark. Indeed I might teach all the time, if I were disposed to do so. But teaching Indians in classes of one and two is slow work and the progress made although pretty good is by no means wonderful. We still use principally the first Gavoushe and the children are not very careful of them. I have saved them all I could but we have not more than four or five on hands now which not as many as we need every day. I would like for you to send a dozen by

the first person that can bring them
February 5th. Our mail has not yet arrived.
Hake was here on Monday and said that
his Father brought it as far as Uncle
Jonas' and forgot it there. We may get it
this week and possibly we may not get it
this month. Our school has been rather
falling off since Julia has had her eyes, but
her eyes are much better now, and she thinks
she will soon be able to go into the school
again. I have found several persons who
can read but have no books. If there is any
provision for such cases, I would be glad
if they could be supplied with a Bible &
Catechism. If there is not, I will try to
supply them myself to some extent if you
can send me the books and charge them
to me, say half a dozen of each kind.

Marpuyakahiotow was here to day - can read
and write quite well; says he has no book
you know Kangi orjiuca, A. Frenier's
Fatherinlaw. He has the most assurance of
any body I ever knew. He has called on me
very often and almost always begging. He
does not beg as an humble suppliant but
pretendes to have a right to special favor

on account of his being a leading man.

He spoke to me several times about feeding the head men some because I was here in their country and burning their wood &c. I told him I would not do it, that if I fed any body it would be the old women.

Presently he came with the new chief and again edified me with a long harangue and ended by asking that I would give the head men some provisions for the wood I burnt. I answered them very short that time and they said no more. To day they came with Wayteye who also made a speech. They changed their tactics entirely; flattered my Father & told what a friend he was to the deceased chief; how his royal son now present was brought up with me, and how sorely he was now afflicted by the loss of his Father and to add to his misery he had nothing good to eat. He had just been made chief by the white men and now they wished me to do him honor. "Niye tokaheya unyeciduonihaupi kta" Well, suffice it to say, the fire was so hot, I had to yield, and made him a present. Wakaumani has been quite cold

for some time. I suppose he will feel no better now.

I do not know whether you have sent on to New York yet or not, for the goods you want to get from there. If you have not I would like to get you to send for Barnes notes on the Gospels Vol 1.

I should also like very much to get some tin or brass plates for printing, such as Dr W. has but do not know what they would cost. If they would not cost more than two or three dollars and you can send for them I should like to have you do so. The small letters should not be more than three quarters of an inch in length or height. They might be a little less. Feb 16th Mr Le Claire is just starting. I rec'd the money safe. wanted to send it to Mr Ketelmann by Uncle Loras but was too late. The man has started.

Yours sincerely

Amos W Higgin

2781

and by W H H

Angeline

O. A. College, College Hill

Feb. 1. 1862

Dear Mrs. Briggs

This is Saturday morning
and I have just got my composition
done for which I am very glad.

I don't know what I am going to do with
myself I am getting so fleshy that most
one of my dresses are large enough and I
think I must be growing to my new
calico dress is very short and there is not
a bit that I can let down unless I
facet. Martha has got my dress done
all the girls say it is very pretty it is
black and white plads and trimed
with red buttons they think Martha
is very smart they ask her if I do
not know how to sew. The ladies
on the hill are making up a box to

send to a hospital in Louisville
Mrs. Pyle got the girls to contribute some
money to buy the things and she got
six or seven dollars. Mrs. Brooks brought
down Livermore for us to pick out she
had seen him at that Mrs. Northingtons.
Mother spun in the Revolutionary war
I was going to knit a pair of socks but I
was afraid it would take me so long
that they would not want them
Feb 3. Lewis came to see us so I did
not get this letter done he staid
nearly all the afternoon.

In vacation we saw Mrs. Boddy and
she asked us to come there some
Saturday and stay till Monday but
we have not done it yet

I saw the silk bedquilt that a lady
maid for Mrs. Lincoln and a watch
case for Mr. Lincoln the bed quilt is not
very large it is little larger than

babys. in the center was a Embroidered
it was made very nice.

Marthas' cousin Charly sent her his
picture and she showed it to some
of the girls and they all fell in love
with it one of the girls did ear it off.
Tell the boys that the girls think
their picture is a very pretty one of
them said Oh what sweet boys if
they were here I would kiss them and
another said she would like to
kiss them. So I expect the boys
will feel very ^{much} flattered

Friday nights I go up to society to hear
them speak and read composition
I think it is very fine Harlak Hill
is such a good speaker I like to hear
her better than any of the others
I sit at Miss Copelands table it is one
of the nopest table all the little girls
sit there. They order me around so

much I do not like it they think
I must do it sometimes I think
I want do what they tell me to and
then they commence and scold me.
I used to think I was the only one
that got vexed at any little thing but
since I came here I see others that do
and I think how silly it is.

Kate Wood gets mad very quick at some
~~things~~ that I just say in fun and
do in play so I have come to the
conclusion that I will not be so
any more. How much larger is baby
then she was when we came away?

Is Mother well and all the other folks
I forgot to tell you that I received
a pair of gloves and under sleeves for
from Mrs Drake. Give my love to all
and a kiss for baby.

I am your affately
Julia - Knoxville

Joh P Williams
1862

Lower Siny Agency
Feb 3, 1862

Rev J K Riggs.

Dear Sir,

Enclosed you will find a Mission letter which I have just received from Bro. Great.

I have your letter which I should have answered long ago. It was however just ten days on the road & I received it as I was about starting on a trip to Traverse, which I made a kind of Missionary tour along the valley - preaching several times on my return. I found the foreign element so strong that the field for English Missionary labors is as yet comparatively small.

As to your inquiries - I know very little about the precise cost of setting up music, which

I would wish to know better than I do before I could say whether I would prefer a hymn book with tunes or without. Some additional cost I would willingly incur for the use of tunes. But the number who make any use of them is so small, that I think it hardly right to make ~~them~~ all pay a tax for the benefit of us few.

In case of the Tract Soc. Tunes I suppose this is so small that no one can object - but the benefit from the tunes is also correspondingly reduced. If we use only the Tract Soc. tunes it is very immaterial to me which way the book is published. If we add tunes & it increases the cost of the book (say ten cents a volume or more) I cannot say I am in favor of it. I think it very desirable that the Indians should now acquire the habit of pur-

chasing their own books & if they do the cost should be as small as possible.

Now our Dakota schools sufficiently advanced I would like another plan - Have our Dakota Hymn book published without Tunes. And then publish a small Dakota Singing book. But I only suggest this as something we may hope to attain to in the future. As to the composition of Hymns it is something new for me & I have not much confidence in my abilities for it, but will make trial.

I will think more on the subject & talk with you at Presbytery, which I am looking forward to with interest,

Your humble Brother
J. P. Williamson

Saint Paul: July 8th 1862

Rev' S. R. Riggs

My W^r Sir: I am in
receipt of your favor of the 28th ult
and note Mr Remond's request as
conveyed through you.

I have deemed it necessary
to advise Mr Brown of the fact.
The money has not yet come
to hand. I shall leave
for Washington on Monday next and
shall expect to make the collection
soon after getting there of which
you shall be immediately advised.

Yours very truly

Geo. L. Becker

Allegany City, February 14. 1862

Dear Brother [Stephen Riggs]

I believe I have not written to you since I have been in this place, nor do I remember the time when I last wrote you - I will therefore prefare this with a statement of the reasons of our being here &c - Rebecca having been an invalid for 14 months past, suffering very severely for 4 months last winter & spring with an inflammation swelling on her left ankle joint, had seemed to improve some in the summer, but when we supposed her recurring of the disease in her ankle, a more alarming character of the disease, appeared, of palpitation of the heart, - as she had, during the long time, in which was prostrated with the disease in 1851, exhausted the "Materia Medica" of the Allopathic practice, she became very much depressed at the thought of such a course again, and indeed found, on resorting to the remedies she had formerly used successfully, that now they were almost without effect - So at the solicitation of Harriet who is a firm believer in Homeopathy, we came up the middle of November to spend the winter here under the care of Doct. Cooper, Harriets family physician. - I returned to Portsmouth in Dec. intending to spend the most of the winter there, but in Jan'y, by a fall my wife got, I was urged to return immediately & have been here since - before the injury from the fall, Rebecca seemed to be improving, although the Doct. has expressed to me his apprehension that her disease of the heart is organic, and if so is beyond medical skill - for several ^{days} after the hurt she suffered much & did not regain what she lost for 3 or 4 weeks - but seems now about

as well as when I left her in Dec. — She came home intending to remain until Spring or longer if then should seem to be a prospect of permanent advantage by so doing — She now thinks she must return in early Spring so I think we will go down in March, probably the early part of the month — Harriet has concluded to remove her family down to Portsmouth, that she may take care of her mother, which she can do better than either of the other, of our children — although it may not be long, that she will have this charge, yet I feel grateful to a kind Providence, for children, willing to care for us in our age, and infirmities — My general health is better this winter than for several years, yet I find I am unable to endure much labor either of body or of mind, especially is my nervous system becoming so much infirmer that sometimes I can scarcely write at all, — I find it true in my experience, that after beginning to descend the down hill of life the farther we advance the faster we go — the years seem to be much shorter now than twenty years ago, and oh how much shorter than in childhood — But if they are only spent in wisdom's way, then they may spend them flight — they will only waft us sooner over the tempestuous sea of life, —

In your last letter, which I have not at hand however — you expressed your belief, that the Lord would not permit this war to close without the destruction of slavery — I have entertained the same opinion, but have feared that in order to accomplish this end — this must be a protracted war, and indeed have often thought that I should not see its close — The recent movements however seem to manifest that it is to be conducted with more energy and possibly the rebellion may be crushed sooner than I have expected

And then what is to follow. Is the Constitution to be re-instated with
the Slave power restored, and the very Cause of this wicked rebellion
be suffered to remain — perhaps this may be — & should the war end
this year, by a submission of the South, I presume it will be, and
yet possibly Slavery may have received its death blow, which after a
season of lingering may be finally ended — If, on the other hand, the
war is carried on as it has been, fearing that it will hurt somebody
in the South, and especially that it ~~shall~~ not hurt or damage Slavery,
the summer will not pass, without the interference of some of the
European powers — and then will follow such a war as the world
has probably never witnessed — and in that, I have no doubt that
Slavery must be finally destroyed — But the Lord reigns and
will bring Good out of this seeming evil, — Therefore we need not
fear, — And as my speculations may be of little importance I will
desist —

Our Sons are none of them in the army now —
but both our Sons-in-law are — Andrew Robinson is Capt. of an
artillery Company, now under Genl Lander at Romney in Va.
Joshua is Major (or I believe now Lieut. Col.) of the 33rd Ohio Regt.
in Genl Bush's Army in Kentucky now said to moving from Green
River towards Bowling Green — Samuel was married in Pitts-
burgh the 31st Dec. and has returned with his wife to Kansas — he
married a Miss Kate Earle, — and we think has got a very fair wife
She is poor, her father having failed in the Dry Goods business some years
ago in Pittsburgh — but she is more the worse for that; She had
spent a year or two in Lawrence, Kansas, teaching school —

Edmund is in Conn Charles is in a Bank in Pittsburgh, Brown
is at Canonsburgh, now in the junior year of his College Course —
Stephen lives in Portsmouth, as also Eliza Jane & Martha —

Should we get home to Ports. in time we hope your daughter Martha
will visit us during her Spring vacation — and should you come
in or any of your family for her at the close of the School year
you will certainly make your calculations to visit us in Portsmouth

Rebecca & Harriet join in love to you & Mary Ann and
all the rest of your family although part of them are to us
unknown, with your affections

Brother

Joseph

2781
A. D. 1795

Siorv Agency Feby 17th 1862

My dear Sir

Your favor of 15th inst. in regard to the case of "King making" duly rec'd. Whilst I agree with you to the policy of making chiefs, yet I am admonished that it must not be done hastily or inconsiderately. I therefore make Washorchomaza a chief on probation till the time of the next enumeration of the Bands prior to payment. When if then is a good report of his character & behavior, such as to show his fitness for the position I will confirm him by giving him his commission. In the mean time he can organize his band &c &c -

Please communicate this to him in your own way with such admonitions & suggestions as to you seems proper

Very truly Your
friend &c
Pho. J. Galbraith
Siorv Agent

Rev^d S. R. Riggs, Esq
Missionary &c
Hazlewood Minn.

Big Stone Lake
Feby 21 1858

Dear Mr. R. J. Riis.

Dear Sir

On my way up or as I was about starting up Miss Ellen Brown wished me to ask you for a Flynn Book (Purple Melody) but forgot to do so. If you have one to spare will you please send her one for me,

Mr Kennedy's Teams brought up my Mail yesterday, About five or six weeks since I sent you five Dollars by Mr Pickett for the Independent & the Weekly Journal of Commerce if the money has not reached you please write,

our Team is going down to New Ulm I told our man to call at your place on his way up for my mail,

I had such a good time when I was at the Yellow Medicine that I have had the blues since I came home, give my respects to Mrs Riis & Miss Isabella & believe me truly yours

D A Greene



[1862]

Sacquerville. Feb. 21.

Mr. Riggs-

Again I am obliged to ask another favor. That is to send my draft to Mr. Belknap or any one else you think best. I don't need any of the money now or I don't know as I shall till I go to school.

Isabella has stamps of mine if she will please hand you what I owe you it will be a very great accommodation to me.

In haste your friend
Julia.

MASON BROTHERS, PUBLISHERS,

Nos. 5 and 7 Mercer, opposite Howard Street,

NEW-YORK. Feb. 24th 1862.

Mr Alfred L. Riggio.

Theo. Seminary, Chicago Ill.

dear Sir.

As you suppose the data you give us is inadequate to give you a definite answer as to the cost of stereotyping a book of music. This varies according to the amount of matter, size of type etc. Small type being more expensive for the same matter in music, although not so in letter press. But we will answer you as well as we can -

1. The Cost of Stereotyping a L. de or C. de. Tune will cost from \$1.00 to \$5.00 according to space occupied. Size of type number of braces etc. The cost of such a tune is little of S. W. & T. Book 8th edition would be about two dollars, if it occupied only two braces - i.e. two braces of two staves each. It will cost more if the tune is printed on braces of three staves if there is no economy to use plates already made.
2. It would be no economy to use plates already made, if the words are to be in a different language.
3. You will see that we have no means of giving you the cost of 500 or 1000 copies of a book. But the stereotype plates once made, a 12 m volume of 132 to 148 pages can be manufactured in extra cloth binding, by editions of not less than 500 copies, at from 20 to 30 cent apiece, according to the quality of the paper. It may aide your calculations when we inform you that a page of S. W. & T. Book of either editor cost from \$3.50 to \$4.00 per page -

Probably the Stevotype plates of a 12 mo. book such as
you intend a 12 mo. gone clear type, of about 150 pages
would be made for from £ 500. to £ 600. You will
see that the great expense is in the Stevotype, after which
the books can be produced as cheaply as any other

books -

We would cheerfully grant the use of our copyright
titles and designs, for such a book as you propose,
provided the proper credit be given -

Truly Yours
Massachusetts.

Snow Agency Feby 27th 1862

Drfr

Your favor of 25th inst. duly rec'd. I have to reply that Mr. Huggins & Miss Safrombois suit me exactly so much so that I hardly know how I could be induced to change them. Their retention is a fixed fact. Mr. Pettyjohn & his Lady are doubtless excellent people & their example is good. I like them both. Objection has been made to Mr. Pettyjohn that he is ineligible, inert. There is no objection to Mrs. Pettyjohn on the contrary much good. When objections are made to any of the employes it is my duty to investigate the matter & act pro or con, the objection to Mr. P. is an unfortunate one & one I fear which might be extended to many others to some who make it to him. This objection can easily be removed & I think a suggestion from you would settle the matter. Mr & Mrs P will be retained. I never intended to remove them until further advice.

The Schools are all suspended - for what I deem the best of reasons, They shall be resumed soon say about the opening of navigation.

While I would be happy to please you & every body else yet the little experience I have thus far had, warns me to rather look to what is right & proper than to what will seem to please. Since I have been here to some extent I have been guilty of trying to please & as a gen-

ever thing I regret it. With this motive I made some
appointments, that never did suit me & did some
thing which I did not think best. I have determined
upon a corrective and it shall be applied

My duty here is clearly to do what is best for the
Indians, regardless of all others. I intend to try
to do my duty.

Whilst I desire & need your as well as
the support of every good man, in my administration
yet I regret that you leave it to be inferred that your
continued support of my administration depended
upon my compliance with your request. I do not
believe you so intended, I need not say it would surprise
me if you did so intend.

I enclose you copy of Paragraph alluded to above.

Very truly

Your friend &
Thos J. Galbraith
Sioux City.

Rev. S. R. Riggs.

2281
M. M. S. f. off

 St John Mech 162
Rev. S. R. Briggs Paputauw

Dear Sir.

Yours of 26th ult containing
T. J. Mulcahy on promptness etc
is at hand. We place the amount
to you or subject to your order
as we are not in the habit of
& do not like to give our obligations
except in New York where we are
compelled to. I shall start east
about the 10th inst. be in N.Y.
say 1st April if I can do any
thing for you there by addressing
you at Merchants Hotel. will
attend to it with pleasure

Friendly Yours

H M Ketchum

Regards to your family

March 3^d 1862
No. 221

Sioux Agency March 3^d 1862

Gentlemen

Your communication in which you ask that some provision be made "for sending on a few young men" (of the Dakota people) "to spend a year or two at some good academy or boarding school in the white settlements" has been received & filed.

The subject matter is of a grave and important nature & is worthy of the highest consideration.

I shall give the subject my early earnest & candid attention & at the earliest possible day forward the communication to the Supt. of Ind. Affs. with my opinion thereon, a copy of which will be furnished you for perusal if you desire it.

I am Gentlemen

Very Respectfully

Your obt. Servt.

Phos J. Galbraith

Sioux Agent

Messrs

Rev. Phos S. Williamson

" Stephen R. Riggs

" John P. Williamson

H. D. Cunningham

Dakota, Minn

(Triplicates)

Red Irons Village.

March, 6th - 1862

Brother Biggs.

As I expect an opportunity tomorrow of sending letters I thought I would write you a few lines, although I have but little to write. Several of us have been almost sick, but none of us confined to bed. Head ache, sore throat, fever & cough are what we have been complaining of. At this time however we appear to be convalescing. I have written a short and respectful epistle to Mr. Pierson wishing to be informed as to the full import of his letter. I thought it best not to write to the Agent until I knew certainly what Mr. Pierson's intentions are. If he has really determined to put a stop to all book education amongst the Dakotas, I for one am determined to have his plans and his dignified personage set aside if it can be done. For my own part I am willing at any time to vacate this place when I have reason to believe that a person of more usefulness is ready and willing to take it. But I consider it to be a perfect outrage on all sides, to close the school and remove us, and put some one here that is a stranger to the Indians, to the language & to the work that is to be done, and this I believe is just what Mr. Pierson intends to do if not over ruled by someone. Mr. Red Day is here and wishes me to say to you, that you stood by at the treaty and interpreted and heard the Commissioners promise, that when they got settled and wanted teachers they should have whoever they wanted. He says he has canvassed the village, and that every man & woman is in favor of our remaining, and he wants you to say so to

the Agent. Mr. LaBelle came here last Friday
on his way to Inequiparle with a load of provisions & iron
for the blacksmiths, but has been unable to proceed on ac-
count of the snow. He has unloaded and stored his load here
and is here himself. Yesterday he started for home and got
beyond the little creek, and in the evening made out to
get back with his horses leaving his sled on the road.
He hoped some one from below will be up today to break the
road for him. If no one comes I believe he intends
to try it again tomorrow himself. I have not been to
Ames', nor do I expect to go soon. We sent his
mail up last week. I feel anxious to hear to hear from
your place. We want to know how Eliza is, and whether any one
came up to presbytery, and if so when & how did they get home,
Fri. Morn. Mr. L. is starting without his horses
thinking some one will break the road.

Yours in haste

Jonas Pettyjohn

2981
Feb 26 1836

Confidential

S. J. Anthony March 10, 1862

Rev S. R. Riggs
My Dear Sir

I am going to Washington to remain till navigation opens on the river — I have a plan to prevent fraud one plank in my platform is to have an honest man authorized by the Government to attend with Agt & Superintendent at each payment & assist in making up the payroll & seeing that it is right keep a copy of it have a Clerk & keep an account of payment know how much is paid to each & how many are paid — the aggregate paid with some other duties I intend if the plan succeeds to have You for Yellow Medicine & perhaps Mr. Williamson on his son for Rockwood Mill You accept & will Mr. Williamson & no one know but him

Rice Lake Minn

Feb 18, 62

Keweenaw Kiggs

Dear friends

not long since I was at Mr. Palmer's and paid your tax
that is all I could find assured to you.
The year Mr. Palmer could not pay his
books. I could save only about \$1,000.
this year by my count-holders, from
having to pay part of our county tax
in cash, this part is called a special tax.
What shall I do with the remainder of
what you sent to pay your tax with,
I can turn it over to Mr. Fletcher if you
like, the amount is \$0,89,- Your letter with
the check can i due till.

We are all in tolerable good health. Uncle
Jones Pettyjohn came down last Friday we were
glad to see him and to hear from the follow
up country. We have not heard from
Eli Myrick but once since the battle at
Bunker Hill. Kiggs

Love to you all,

Yours &c,

J.W. McColley

Please write me at Washington
and if I can do any thing
for you Command me
My kind regards to
your family

Yours truly

W. H. Day

Please write me any suggestions
there - See & answer me for the
Dr - Williamson - or a Mr. Linn to
write me

2981
Feb 21 3.00

Approved Mar 10 1880

S. W. Riggs
1862

Lac qui Parle Mar 10th 1862

Rev S. K Riggs

Dear Friend

I received your favor by Akanna, for which I thank you and also for your efforts in my behalf.

It is true that we received notice of the suspension of our school or indeed all the schools but Julia received also a private note informing her that in our case, the suspension would ^{probably} be only temporary, but at the same time warning us, on the pains of dismissal, not to tell anyone that there was any probability of our disappointment. He said "some would not be re-employed," meaning as I understand it, Uncle Jonas. I do not know what the man's motive is, unless it is to scare or drive me away without positively discharging me. He knows I cannot live here and support any family and be without wages half the time. If I had any place to go to, I should feel strongly tempted to take the hint and go. Sometimes I think it would not be right for me to go till I was obliged to; at other times I have such a sense of my unfitness for this responsible post, that it seems almost wicked for me to stay.

Wed. 12th Marshall Cleveland & his party arrived here about noon on last Monday. They have three prisoners with them. They had a very hard trip, and got here starved & exhausted & the Marshall has his feet very badly frozen. He manages with difficulty to hobble around with a cane. They left their sled five miles from here & yesterday Mr Kumb and John Ceramie took the oxen back to bring it. They succeeded with difficulty in getting to the sled and bringing it about a mile and a half. They then left the oxen there exhausted & came back. They expect to get them in to day, and start down to morrow. They sent an Indian on yesterday.

13th The company are here yet. The sled was brought in to day. They start tomorrow.

I had not heard that Eliza was sick till you stated in your letter that she seemed to be a little better but was very weak. This is all we have yet heard. I forgot whether I wrote to you that my wife's oldest brother died in the hospital at Mound City, Missouri. He died in January & his Father got there two days after he was buried.

Give my respects to all the members of your family
Yours truly,

Amos W. Huggins

Red Irons Village Min

March 12th 1862

Rev. S. R. Riggs.

Dear Friend,

Your's by Owatin was gladly received.

I thank you for the information, suggestions, advice & kind offers &c &c. I had thought that Mr. Pierson was driving at something more than school teachers, but had no idea of the extent of his villainy. I think the Agent will be too smart for him, although Pierson is greatly his superior in Freemasonry. After considering matters somewhat maturely, I have come to the conclusion to leave here just as soon as possible. I don't feel willing to wait here a month or ^{more} hoping to get a reappointment, especially when I think it so uncertain whether I get it. I may be compelled by deep snow to stay here until the Agent returns, in that case I might possibly apply for a commission. But my intention now is to move by Mr. Pratt's teams if they come up again, but if they should not come I don't know what I shall do. If Pierson should come back as Super't of Schools I have no idea that I would get a reappointment, for I think he has persons now waiting to take our places. We expect Deputy U. S. Marshall Cleveland, Sheriff Hadden & some prisoners here tonight. I expect to send two or three letters to the P. O. by some ^{of them}, but as I have no stamps

nor prepaid envelope here I will be obliged to ask you
or some one else to put stamps on them. We are all
in tolerable good health.

Yours as ever

Jonas Pettyjohn

P.S. If we should get a chance to leave soon would you or
Mr. Cunningham be willing to keep and milk our cows until
we find out where we are to be located.

J.P.

March 15

Our mail and your last letter were gladly
received. I have no time this morning to write much but would
just say that I have about concluded to stay here, although I
hardly feel it duty to do so. I was aware a long time ago that
some of the department folks had discovered my want
of energy. I know all about how the discovery was first
made & by whom. Yours &c

Jonas Pettyjohn

2281
very rough

Copy

Dakota Minn

March 13 1862.

Hon. Thos. J. Galbraith,

My Dear Sir,

Your letter of Feb. 27th

has at last reached me. I am very glad to learn your intentions in regard to Mr. Pettigrew and Mr. Huggins.

In looking at the closing sentence of my note to you, I can readily see that it is objectionable in its form. But I am glad that you are not disposed to put the worst construction upon it. I certainly did not, and could not, mean it as a threat of withdrawal from your support. No - that precise form of expression was produced by the fore-shadowing of a feeling of despair. I will explain a little, that you may see my stand-point then, and be assured that no slight matter can lead me to withdraw my support from you.

You will remember that I once asked

of you the office of Superintendent of Schools. I felt confident that I was pretty well fitted for the place - that I should have been able to fill it with advantage to the Dakotas, and with credit to your administration. But the appointment was given to one, all whose manifestations have showed him to be eminently unfitted for the place. I am not aware that this has ever influenced me in the slightest degree, in my purpose to help you. At the same time it would not be strange, if, with your knowledge of me and things, (for I think a lawyer's knowledge of me must be well nigh perfect in some respects,) you might, at the time of the payment, have supposed that I was working against you, in keeping the Indians from receiving this money. When you made that charge against white men, in your office, in my hearing, I had no idea that you could mean myself; for never had I worked harder than I did that week to get the Indians to take this money at the earliest possible time.

And when I was told by others that I was the

blamed one, I could not but feel that it was unjust, but I do not think it has influenced my conduct.

These things are among the past. I am somewhat aware of the kind of influences passing upon us in those times - and I have only referred to these circumstances to show that no refusal of a favor will induce me to withdraw my support from your administration.

In the work of the education of the Dakotas, using the word in the broad sense - I am sure I feel a deep interest. Hence when the government Boarding School was disbanded, I felt disappointed, because it looked like a step backwards. During the twenty-five years past we had tried, and seen tried, almost every conceivable plan, and had come to the conclusion that the Boarding School, in some form, was the only plan when we could teach English successfully, and when we could best train them in the habits of civilized life.

The 24th of February last Mr. Pittijoh was spend-

ing the night at our house - and while here he opened & read his letter of dismissal from Mr. Pierson. As it appeared to us all, there was not the slightest intimation that he or Mrs. Pettyjohn would be retained in case of a reorganization. It looked very much as if the intention was to dispense with their services. I remembered too that Pierson was reported to have said last fall that Mr. Haggins would not probably go to LaSalle. I had myself heard him say that he was prejudiced against Mr. Haggins. And now it looked as if Mr. Pierson had got the control of education among the Dakotas. And if this was so, I was very well assured that I could be of no more service to you in that department. It was under the influence of that feeling, thus produced, that I wrote that sentence.

The developments which have taken place, as come to my knowledge since that time, go very far to satisfy me of the wisdom of your proceedings. I accept of your declaration that the last step was taken for good reasons, believing that I shall see it to be so, at no

distant day. At the same time, I must say, it seems very hard that Mr. Higgins should, by this course, be compelled with his family to live on the pounds of four months employment during the year.

I am not the man to find fault with you for doing a thing because it is right, and not for the sake of pleasing other men. Indeed I have for more than a quarter of a century endeavoured to make that the rule of my life. But with this as the life-principle unabated and unabridged, I think there is large room for doing personal favors to others. A good deal of my time for years past has been spent in doing things as personal favors for Indians and white men. But what I do as a personal favor must appear to me to be right. You may rest assured therefore that I shall never ask a personal favor of you that I do not think is right. And then if it does not seem so to you, I shall not blame you for not doing it.

But I do not often ask personal favors, and I think now it would have been better if I had not used the expression in my note to you, but had based the request simply on its righteoussness.

After speaking so plainly on these points, I ought not to close this letter without saying distinctly, that in my intercourse with you, you have uniformly treated me with all the kindness and consideration I could desire. My views of various things have much more frequently coincided with your own than I had previously any reason to expect. And I may be permitted to express the hope that this good understanding and kindly feeling will not be soon interrupted.

Yours very truly,

S. R. Riggs

Scrip sent herewith
1 for 80 & 1 for 40 acres = 120

Mendota, Mar 14th, 1862

Rev. S. R. Riggs

Paptage, Dear Sir,

I should have sooner responded to your fav. of 30th Jan. in which you prefer the request of Michel Renville that the 120 acres of his scrip should be sent him, but for the fact that I desired a safe oppy. to forward the scrip by private hands, rather than risk the chances of the mail. Having waited a long time, without having had any such oppy. I have concluded to transmit the scrip by mail which I now do. You will find the 120 acres of scrip in the same envelope with this note.

I had previously advised Mr. Renville, as you are aware, that I should retain the scrip in my hands until the deeds for the land upon which the scrip sold for him had been placed, were safe in my hands after having been duly executed and acknowledged by him and his wife. There are still some one or more of these deeds un-executed, and I part with the scrip only with the understanding that when they are presented to him there will be no objection made by him or his wife to executing them &c in due form. I have been waiting for some months, for the parties interested to bring forward these deeds, but they have not yet done so.

Please present the kind regards of Mrs. S. & myself to Mr. R.
and believe me

Yours very truly
A. H. Sibley

A. W. Hopper
1862

Sacqueville,

Mar. 15th 1862.

Rev S. R. Riggs,

Dear Friend,

Your letter of the 13th inst. is received and at the same time one from Dr W. We were somewhat amused to find how all our friends had suffered in sympathy for us, while at the same time we have laughing at "Old Pierson" and his confidential and private communication. At the same time we are sorry that you suffered so long without cause; but you will believe me when I say that the prevailing feeling inspired by your letter, was that of gratitude to you all, and gratification to find that those whom we knew and trusted in before as true friends, were all so ready "in the hour of trial" to lend us their aid and sympathy. For myself I can only say "Would that I were worthy of confidence and esteem which I enjoy"

You advise me to make out an application to Mr Galbraith as early as possible. I do not see the necessity of it and do not think you will when you learn by my letter by Mr Cleveland that Mr Pierson privately informed Julia that he was satisfied with us and that in our case the suspension would be probably only temporary. As we have not kept the conditions strictly perhaps we need not claim the promise

I think it possible that Mr Galbraith told him to give us some assurance that it was not the intention to discharge us; still I feel that it is very unjust to deprive me of two or three, or even one months wages, especially as I receive lower wages than any other man in his employ, excepting only the common day laborers who have no responsibility whatever, and generally no families. I have thought of writing to the Ag't setting forth the facts in the case, & asking that my wages should be continued without intermission. I think the Ag't will do me justice in that respect if he can conveniently.

If I had ^{not} received any explanation from Mr Pierson, I should still dislike very much again to apply for this place. After waiting over six months last summer, in an imploring attitude most of the time, enduring every thing from coldness to insult, to fall at his feet after only four months, and implore that he, of his boundless fulness ~~should~~ would ^{grant} me another poor crumb — this would be worse than poverty; and it is still worse when it is doubtful whether even this would drive away the horrid specter. I shall be glad to hear from you, and thankful for any advice you may see fit to give after all the facts are before you. We have of course kept on in our school just as before, never telling the Indians or Mr Cramie that we were discharged. In regard to Pierson's injunction of secrecy, it is possible that he wished to worry you, and see how hard you

would work to secure my reappointment. If he had so little a reason as that, I suppose he has his reward.

Mr Cleveland and his party arrived here on Monday at noon and stayed till Friday morning. I think he is a man - a gentleman. His feet were frozen badly, and he lay on his back most of the time he was here. He is by no means talkative but I pumped out some facts in Mr Day's history from him. He thinks Mr Day is really sincere in his religious professions, but says that he is a very singular man. He thinks there are two compartments in his head, and that the partition between them is so thick that one part has no influence whatever on the other part. He told of some things Mr Day had done which were fully as mean and dishonest, as it would be for him to steal all my money. Of the three prisoners the principal scamp among them is Mr Hill, who has an establishment near Fort Abercrombie. He is a sly fox, smooth as oil, very polite, and denies his guilt - feels very sure of an acquittal. The old Frenchman does not deny his guilt at all, but says, according to Mr Tadeea, that he is going to let God do as he pleases with him. He is an old miser; had gold laid up in various places about the house; some buried in the cellar. He feels very badly - tried to kill himself before they got here & came near doing it. The Marshall says he would kill himself any moment if he could get a weapon.

The half breed Laravie has been in Kennedy's employ for some time, but was at some former time in the liquor business. The famous "Wowapi Dotyuu" was not to be found. I believe he was gone to the Chippewa country.

In regard to the Chorus of Hymn twelve I believe your criticism was something like this "That the music ~~was~~ is rather sad and plaintive while the words are rather joyful". I have been thinking it over and I came to the conclusion that the music is not of itself sad or plaintive, but that it is the natural association in our minds of the idea of death and the judgment with the music in our English hymn that makes it seem so to us. The measure or time of the music, viz. two short notes with one twice as long, is very suitable to such hymns as
"Come let us ascend Our journey pursued" and
"Come away to the skies My Beloved arise"

The Chorus you suggest is very good if it had a hymn to suit it, but I do not think my hymn does suit it. I do not like the Phrasology of the present Chorus at all, and would be very glad to have it improved if the same idea can be retained. This is I think essential to the If the hymn was a literal translation of the English hymn your chorus might be the most suitable, as it certainly sounds less awkward. But it is not. Take for instance the first verse The heart is called upon to hear the glad news given us in Gods word. The Chorus tells the news, viz. That we are invited by

God to his home in the heavens. This it seems to me is a more natural sequence to the verse than the announcement that they are summoned, or are to appear to be judged.

In the second verse, all who hear are called upon to make up their minds as to whether they will accept this joyful invitation which follows again in the Chorus.

In the third verse, all men women and children are called upon interrogated as to whether they really desire the joys of heaven. They are again offered in the Chorus.

In the fourth verse the hearers are told that in heaven there is abundance of the water of life and that those who partake will live forever. The invitation is again repeated in the Chorus.

Finally in the last verse the listener is told of the misery that awaits those who slight the invitation. The singer presses the hearer to come quickly and follows in the Chorus by assuring them that it is God himself who invites. I will look over it, and the rest of them and see what can be done, or rather what I can do. When do you propose to have the book ready to send to press? Do you intend to get any songs printed at the same time? I would like if we had some more songs. I think it would be a good place to have the Odowanna Creeka printed and sewed up with such of the religious hymns as were best adapted to children. We ought to have more songs I think. Can't Alfie & John make some?

Our Sabbath congregation is about the same. The day school is much less regular than in the beginning of winter. Some days we have as many scholars as ever, and at other times very few. The progress of our pupils is not as good as I hoped from the way they commenced last fall.

In the matter of log houses I am likely to be disappointed. I encouraged men to cut house logs promising them that they should be heated. but Mr Cleveland's party took ^{the open} them for their sled, and they were out two days without hay, and being shed, they cut their fore feet very badly in the snow drifts. It was a very hard trip on them and they came near getting so weak they could not come home. They will not be able to do much more this spring. The snow has been so deep for some time that it was next to impossible to get logs out of the woods.

You may well imagine that I am glad that there is a possibility of Pierson's being removed but I fear there is no such "good luck" in store for us. I knew before that no one about the Agency suspected Pierson a bit. When Cransie was down he said the common talk at the Agency was Pierson Secessionism. Mr Hadden says "There is the least of that man of any man he ever saw". Marshall says "He comes the nearest to being a natural fool of any man he ever saw." V.C. F.C. It is a comfort to know that God rules and that he can make the wrath of man, and his follies too, to praise him. Yours respectfully Amos W. Huggins

Marazxa, Min

March, 17. 1862

Rev. S. K. Riggs

My Dear Friend.

I remarked to you in

my last that I was aware that some of the Agency folks had made the discovery that I lacked energy, and I knew when it was made, & by whom. I will now tell you how, when & by whom it was first made, that is, as I suppose. Mr. Goodell & Mr. Carson made it when I was haying, and on this wise. They came one evening and I was stacking, and had Owotin pitting for. They observed that he pitched very awkwardly, and Carson remarked that he would teach him how to pitch, and thereupon got on to the load and pitched a considerable portion of it off, calling Owotin's attention to the way in which he held his fork, threw up hay &c. He did nothing more than I had done a great many times, and have done the same many times since, but have never been able to get one single individual to use the fork aright.

Very soon after that I heard of Mr. Goodell's remarking that he did not think that I had been very energetic in teaching them to work, and spoke about the awkward way in which Owotin used his fork, I suppose that was the start of it. Again, just before I started to St. Peters

in Feb. I received a note from Mr. Goodell requesting me to see all of the farmer Indians here, and take account of the rails they had made, but charged ^{me} particularly to take no account of rails that were not hauled out. I made inquiry of the Indians at once about their rails, and told what Goodell wanted. They seemed pleased with the idea of having their rails counted, but there ^{were} not one of them done hauling but Owootin. I went to see his rails, and found the greater part of them buried deep in snow. Some of them having at least two feet of snow ^{on them}. I made no attempt at accounting them, but took his word for the number. On my way down I met Mr. Goodell & told him just how the matter stood, and told him that they were still hauling. He appeared satisfied, and said if he could get within two or three hundred of what each one had, it was the most he cared for. But I suppose he took my conduct in the case as another evidence of my want of energy. Now the truth is I have done more than ten times as much to teach, help & encourage the Indians here in working than ever Mr. Goodell has. Last summer I ground and hung all of their scythes, which by the way was no small job, for they do not know how to whet, and have to grind so much the oftener. Last spring too, I helped them a great deal, and went and measured all their fields for Mr. Goodells special accommodation and at his urgent request, and he is not the man that ever said thank you, much less to name pay.

I suppose it is true that the smallness of my field, and the want of a fence around our house has helped to confirm the impression that I was lacking in energy; And still I think if the whole truth was known, there would be some abatement of judgment if nothing more. Last winter, besides teaching more or less almost every day, I got my own fire wood, and also ~~enough~~ enough to do me until the beginning of this winter, and also ~~got~~ out fencing until I supposed I had about ^{enough} to enclose a small field and our house, but when I came to put up my fence I found the rails minus for the house. And even if had known certainly they would have fallen short I don't see how I could have helped it very well, for the snow got so deep that I could not get about in the timber, and more than that, I had purchased my oven after putting up my hay, and it fell short so that I was obliged to send them below to have them wintered, or kept the latter part of winter. As to making a larger field I made it just as large as I could last spring. There was but one plow here last spring that would break prairie at all, and it I could get the use of but one day.

Now I don't pretend to say that I have done all I possibly could about our premises here to make things comfortable and neat, but I do say that if I had spent one half of the time in fixing up, that I have spent helping the Indians in various ways, and for which the department gives me no credit, but argue rather my want of energy, things would look very differently from what they do. I have written somewhat at length to you, not because I think the case need arguing before you, for I feel conscious

that you have all the confidence in me that I am worthy of ~~you~~
and more too. I thank you for writing so freely & fully to me,
for your suggestions &c. I would like to stand high in the
estimation of the Department, if I could, and feel that I
was doing right, and maybe I can. You say it is possi-
ble to live down prejudices, and I believe it, and if I
remain here shall try to do it.

April 21. My Dear Friend,

You will see that this sheet
has been on hands a long time. The reason is, because I
had concluded not to send it, but this morning the ship
has come along unexpectedly, and I thought I ought
to send you a few lines, and as I have not time
to write & send what I have already written.
I am about laid up now on account of a
sore finger I dont know what kind of sore it
is, but dont consider it anything very dangerous
but feel as tho I would much rather be at work
this fine weather. We are all in ~~your~~ real health.

Have but a small school. Expect to sow
some peas this week. We hardly expect a mail
this week. Yours &c

Jones Pettigree

25281
J. W. P.

My Dear Brother

Mankato March 18th 1862

Yours of the 28th ult has just been received. It reminds me of a duty which I ought to have discharged in due time. I received your letter with the draft you mention in due course of the Mail. As there was no instruction accompanying it, and as I was absent from the Synod when that subject was before that body, and the pledge you speak of made I did not know but that it was intended to go towards sustaining directly the Synodical Missionary. As I was about going to Red Wing with my wife on a visit, and would, probably, see the brethren of the Synodical Committee I concluded to take it with me. I saw Mr. Lee Due - the chairman of that Comm - who told me they had no Missionary now, and that in corresponding with Mr. Wallace he ascertained that their Comm was a supernumerary appendage, as the Domestic Missions were expected to be conducted thro' the Presbyteries. He advised me to use the draft myself if I was drawing from the Committee. As I had just received a draft from 2d id

Committee and Dr. Peck that Commissioner had as yet received nothing I signed it to him. This was done about the first of February. In writing to you a few days since in conjunction ^{with} Dr. Peck I entirely forgot this matter as it had been some time since it transpired. After failing to get to Presbytery, and supposing that there would be a pretty general failure and that it would not perhaps be very inconvenient at least for Dr. J. P. Williamson to attend either at Traverse or Mankato, at an extra meeting this Spring called to suit your convenience on your way to the Gen. Assembly. Dr. Peck & myself concluded to have such meeting called, in case you had not adjourned your meeting to such time and place as would render such call ineffectual, and sent you a request to that effect, which you will doubtless have received before you get this letter. I wished such a meeting partly for my own sake - the state of the little churches generally, as well as Mankato and of other brethren as well as my self rendered it desirable I think that we should have an opportunity to confer with each other on sev-

onal subjects before the meeting of our Genl. Assem^b
I am very much disengaged with the prospect of
our charch Matters at Mankato and am on the
point of determining to leave the State. If it had
not been that I knew you have been wishing to-
attend the Assem^b for some years and are
now expecting to go agreeably to nomination
and appointment I should ~~have~~ liked to go
this year; because I am on the point of going
back to my native state to see if there is room
for me there to spend the little remant of my
days in peace, in some spree of usefulness.
I am yet posseped of a good share of bodily
and Mental vigor, for a man of three score
and it is exceedingly unpleasant & mortify-
ing, to me, to think of rusting out, in my
declining years. But I have been foiled in
every attempt, made in this country, to do
anything, effectively, either for Education or
the Church. The obstacles to success are, & have
been beyond my control. Some of them I
have tried, on former occasions to explain
to you. I feel as though it was desirable to see
the better before determining, finally, what
I shall do. I have not preached regularly here
since the first of January, and cannot con-
sistently continue my labours here, without a.

radical change in the administration of church matters here. It never entered into my plans, at any former time of life, to spend my time in teaching. All my efforts on the subject of Education have always been made, designedly, in the out-of-door department of that important branch of labour I have never doubted, but that I could, with a due amount of application, teach. But I have always preferred other spheres of labour. It would now require an amount of close study to qualify myself to superintend an Educational enterprise; especially where it has to be, in a great measure, originated that is more arduous, than I should think at my age, is required of me, by the Master.

You will, doubtless, have acted your pleasure before this reaches you in relation to the expediency of a called meeting of the Presbytery. - I felt very much disappointed in being providentially prevented from being with you and accompanying myself more at large in proper person.

Your brother in the gospel

Jas. Thomson

2281

2282 2283

March 11
1861

Miccolett Minn

Traverse

March 20. 1862

Rev S R. Riggs

Dear Brother

Letter, Feb. 28.¹⁵ came to hand it stated
That you would extend the time to
The first of April. I was glad to
Hear that for i have been trying
To get that amount but i fail
To get the amount i have got a few
Dollars which i have made a payment
On the note, i live in hopes that i
Shall have all or part of it ^{soon} shall
Pay it in as fast as i can get it if
It is not more than five dollars to
A time, i hope you will bear with
Me and i will do my best to get it for
You be as favorable as possible

So remain Yours

Jas B Gault

James W Holtsclaw
1862

Traverse Louise Minn.

March 22 1862

Rev J R Rygg

Dear friend

yours of the

10 just came to hand day before yesterday
I was much surprised to learn you had
not received your flour com &c
long before this. Mr Hunter told me
he had left some of his looking at
Mr Horner. I did not know he had
left so much, too I had supposed
he had taken the remainder up
the time before this last, he (Mr H)
started up from here tuesday or
wednesday last, I was told (Mr H) was
going to get two other teams besides
his own to go up for him, I did not
see him my self, I suppos you flour
&c is on the road now, I will enqui-
re in to the matter, I am sorry about it

the matter, and would have tried to help it if I had known about it. — You will see from the tax receipt that the girls land is taxed for 1869.

I was not aware of the fact till I went to get the patent and deed recorded as you directed, they could not be recorded till the tax was paid, consequently I assumed the responsibility. The following are the charges —

Certificate from Co. Register, 25-

For recording the two 1,50

Tax or from lots 9, 11, 15 & 16 5-28

As I had but the one patent with me at the ^{time} I was at the Riga office I could not find out what the tax was on the whole, I have not been to the office since, — We will rejoice too if Mr. Purso gets well "blown up". It is bad on Mr. Pettigee or others. We are all steerable well. We have not heard from Eli for some time, the last we heard the other

2 or 300 on the way down the Ohio. We are glad to hear that Eliza was getting better, We have had considerable anxiety about her, —

I suppose that ~~they~~ you have heard before this that Mr. Peck and Mr. Ellison went up to Hazelwood and did not get there, I have not seen Mr. Peck or Mr. Ellison since they came back. The roads are so completely blocked up with snow that we stand out but little, The snow on level is one think at one time was about 30 in deep, now enough I suppose you have heard that our farm has gone by the board. We hardly know which way to turn. We have talked some of leaving the country, If we do our little hill home is for sale. We have 40 acres of land on top of the hill. We have not determined yet what we will do. We are going to try to tend the old farm this season

Our love to you all,

J.W. Bottstan

Augustine Rivière

O. T. College. College Hill

March 24. 1882

Dear Mr. Riggs

We were very glad to hear from home for we had not had a letter for four or five weeks.

I was very much disappointed about my reports for I had studied very hard and tried to get them. I hope I will have better ones the next time.

Good many of the girls are going home and those that are not make a fuss because they can not go. I do not see what they would do if they lived so far as we do. The little girls here are so crazy when they see a boy good many of them have got themselves into trouble.

28. I have been so busy that I have not had any time to write but today is

the last day and I am so glad. The wonderful exhibition that is going to come off to night and which Martha is the president. She is fixing her white dress. April 2. This letter has not got finished yet. Mrs. Drake Hester and Lewis Drake came out to the exhibition and stayed all night. I went home with them and stayed until Monday. Mrs Hasbrook and Phoebe Bayliff came to the city with me. Mrs. Drake wanted me to have my picture taken so Mrs. Hasbrook went with me to have it taken. I had the funniest time I did not know the way and got lost a few times until I came to Comingsville then I walked the rest of the way.

I am studying Latin I like it very much so far. I never thought that I was using up so much money until I received your letter. I expect that if

Martha was not here I would use more especially when the apple woman comes some times I want some so badly that I do not know what to do then Martha does with out them so I can. I should hate to be the one to pay up the bills of some of the girls I always thought little children were the ones to eat candy nearly every Saturday the girls go in to the city and when they come home their baskets are filled then on Monday morning good many of them are sick.

one thing I have improved in is that I have learned to control my temper there was for a while that I thought I would never get along well with Hute Wood because she wanted things one way and I another but I just thought there was no sense in doing that way so I have stopped though it is very

hard to sometimes. There are some girls here that fairly swear I always thought only boys and men did. When I write any compositions about the Indians the girls all want to copy it so they can read it fore & their composition sometimes. Every thing looks so green now. some of the folks have commenced ploughing. I saw one man plough and a little boy following behind made me think of Robby how he used to do. When I commenced to write the first part always looks different I do not see what the reason is.

I guess this is the last letter I will write to you it will be soon until you come. Am I going to stay or come home if I was to choose I do not think I could for I want to come home and would like to stay Give my love to all the folks. Angie Remond

St. Paul. Minn.

March 29th, 1862.

Rev. S. R. Riggs,
Payntzee

Dear Sir,

I have long since been in receipt of your letter of Jan 27, but have deferred replying to it until a statement of the results of legislative action on the proposed counties could be sent you. I was glad to know that the project met your approval. The bill however was already before the Legislature (introduced by Mr. Swift) at the time your letter was received. By dint of a little personal attention the bill went safely through, without being mutilated as it was the preceding winter. Altogether I got some ^{up} half dozen county line bills, a description of which you may read in the enclosed slip cut from a recent number of the St. Paul Press. By the aid of Mr. Swift and others in the Senate, and of Col. Stevens in the House, the entire batch went safely through. Such of the changes as come within the limits of my Dakota map I have marked on a copy of the same which I today mail to you for your acceptance and use.

The copy of Sewall's map of Minne-sota I sent you was compiled now some three years since, and before I knew the best method of procedure in order to obtain correct information or to whom to apply: besides Mr. Sewall did not wish any particular pains taken with the portion beyond the surveys, in which I always thought he was wrong. In compiling my own map (Dakota S.) I paid particular attention to the unsurveyed regions and to the Dakota orthography; for which latter I submitted lists^{of words} for correction to Mr. Lynde of Henderson, and subsequently to Mr. Pond of Shakopee.

When the larger map of Mr. Sewall's, for which I am now collecting information, is sufficiently advanced, I shall be glad to send you a list of all the Sioux names comprised within its limits, as it may be advisable, as you suggest, ~~not~~ to follow the system of the Lexicon but to write phonetically for English eyes - e.g. Owooboptay rice Owoobopte. At any rate I shall be willing and glad to abide by your decisions, and shall do all in my power to make Mr. S. see things in the same light. Apropos of this subject can you tell me the meaning (if indeed they are Sioux) of the words "Manstitsa Flara", "Otan Flara", ~~and~~ "~~Flanta Hita~~", written on Nicollet's map in the neighborhood of the north end of

Lake Travers - I have myself searched the Dakota Lexicon in vain respecting them.

Will you do me the favor to examine and correct the enclosed tracing (vellum cloth) from the drawings of the forthcoming map. In particular I wish to have identified the following lakes given on Nicollet's map - viz: Ta ^{Kara} Tlwa, Kandiotta, Tutuhu Sapa or Black Oak Lake, Chedi, Witadan, ^{and} Wita Bhanta; also Dog Lake which is said in Schoolcraft's book to be "in the centre of a boundless prairie" and to be the source of Tawtonga or Buffalo creek the principal fork of Crow river. Thinking you may not have a copy of Nicollet's map at hand, I enclose a tracing of so much of it as covers the ground comprised in the other tracing: by the aid of these sketches, and of Swale's smaller map which you already have, your local knowledge will doubtless enable you to locate ^{or identify} the above lakes with tolerable accuracy.

A year or two ago, a young deputy surveyor (now dead) who had been in your regions told me of a tributary of the upper Minnesota which was named "Sacred Flat" river: I have since been able to learn nothing concerning it, can you tell me any thing about it?

In the Dakota Lexicon a hill termed Heykati is spoken of as about 10 miles ^N east of Laqni Parle. Is it on the Chippewa river, if so which bank, please mark it on tracing.

Before returning the enclosed red ink tracing I would like ~~you~~ to make whatever corrections and remarks on it, you may think proper, and more especially to draw your attention to the following points concerning which I am desirous of obtaining information, viz.: actual size and shape of Lac qui Parle; Red Wood settlement; Joseph Brown's farm; Grand Portage; Little Falls; Wabashaw & Red Iron's villages; "Capt. Peabody's farm"; Remmille, county seat of R. Co.; Brown's Ferry; Patterson's rapids; trails in general; distance of mouth of Itasca P. from foot of Lac qui Parle; groups of mounds; and locations of former mining villages and trading posts. The neighborhood of the Yellow Medicine is drawn from a sketch furnished me by Mr. Leavenworth the surveyor a year or two ago.

Whenever you can find time to devote to the consideration of these matters I trust you will write me fully on them.

Respectfully, Sir,

Your obt. servt.

Alfred J. Hill.

2981

MW:f.v

Minnawaukin Minn
Rev. S. R. Riggs MeN 29th 1862

I wish to buy some adult
Half-Breed Scrip -

Govr Sibley informed me
today that a young man by
the name of Michael Renville
had some that I could probably
get - And referred me to you.
Will you be kind enough to
inform me if I can get some
in your vicinity -

I will pay Seven-Cents
per acre for one or two thousand
acres -

If there is any there that
can be bought I will come up,
or would pay as Mr & Thompson
Brothers St Paul -

I would forward to you the requi-
site papers to enable me to locate - and
convey the which could be executed
there and forwarded to Mrs
Thompson & Bro. together with the

Scrip and I would pay the
cash there on recpts of some
or if any other way is preferable
you will please suggest it -

By your early reply you
will much oblige

Very Respectfully
Yours &c

Wm S Chapman

230) 168 or 173
16
7
69

Rev. WM. A. HALLOCK,
Rev. O. EASTMAN,
Rev. J. M. STEVENSON,) SECRETARIES.
O. R. KINGSBURY, ASS'T SEC'Y AND TREAS.
S. W. STEBBINS. DEPOSITORY.
No. 150 Nassau-st.

American Tract Society,

New York, April 1. 1862.

My Dear Bro. Niggi,

We have yours

of Mar. 5. Let me first ask if you will ever wish for any more of the Dakota beginning & terms, printed 6 years ago. If not, we will cancel the Chr. plate.

Our printer is giving the following as the probable cost of the new books proposed: say 280 ft. 18mo.

Cost of composition & stereotyping -	X 160.00
Paper & such work ^(500 copies)	22.00
Binding do. do.	5.00
	X 196.00

The 24mo which you mention is rather an inconvenient size (nearly square) very little in use, & from its width would lose space at the beginning & end of the lines unnecessarily. We should ^(18mo) ~~desire~~ recommend the common 16mo instead.

The Society's means being much
certained in the war of the hor-
rid Rebellion, our Committee do
not feel so safe to make large
appropriations as formerly. I can
assure you to propose (if
you are to print this work) that
the Soc. grant you \$50, & you
agree for your people to pay the
remaining expence. I think our
Gov. would sanction the \$50.
The book may be larger or
smaller, & the expence more
or less than as estimated.

If you can have it printed
to your liking by all means,
do so. Foreign languages are
troublesome &c. but we do
not shrink from whatever duty
manifestly calls to.

With respect & love to yo
& Mrs Rigg, & prayer for your
best friend, & affec Bro

Wm H. Hallck,
Lcc

Land Office Henderson Min
April 7th 1862.

Mr S. R. Riggs

Dear Sir

I am instructed by the Hon Commissioner of the General Land Office to call upon you to furnish Power of Attorney for locating Scrip of Mary Martin to this office for transmission to the General Land Office, where there is more than one Scrip located for the same party by the same person only one Power of attorney is necessary, your Duplicates will give you the numbers dates &c.

Very Respectfl.
Your obt-servt

F. A. Renz Register

Locations October 2^d, 8th and 28th 1861.

Missionary House, Pemberton Square,

BOSTON, Apr. 17 1862

Rev. S. R. Riggs

Pajintags, Min.

My Dear Sir,

I have received yours of 23^d Mar. & that of 29^r donation Higbyard Church \$35 + \$50 from other sources, as mentioned.

When your order for the Pilgrim Almanac for 1862 was received the edition was exhausted, & since that ^{true} the order has been overlooked, but it will now be attended to.

Very truly yours,

James M. Gordon,
Pres.

Bible House N.Y.
Apr 18th 1862

Rud R. Ripp, my dear brother.

My only living daughter, A. E. V
Merriam, is very aged in a mission
School in this city, located at the
Demitt Dispensary corner of 23rd St. and
2^d avenue. The Superintendent of
the School is Mr J. A. Joy, and the
School is attached to the Church and
Congregation of Dr. Asa D. Smith. The
class of my daughter, ^{now 17}, consists of 7 of the
larger & more intelligent girls. They have
contributed \$2 and they want to give Bibles to
this amount, to some missionary man, for
distribution, from whom they can get
a letter 3 or 4 times during the year, for
their encouragement. I tell them you
are just the man for that, & that you
will tell them all about your schools, &
the Indian children, & the mission, inter-
spersed probably with a deer hunt, or
some thing of that kind. Children love stories,

1862

you know. More than that, I told them that you could give the Bibles to some who would read them & at some time they might hear through you that some one or more had been converted through their gift of Bibles.

The money has been paid to me & I have with it bought 8. good Bibles in Sheep and had them marked to your name. They will be sent to you when you send your Spring order for goods.

Now they want your letter soon. - Please therefore consider the words as in your hand, and write the School accordingly. You can add a postscript to my daughter, but let it be so written as to be read to the whole School. Mr. Joy is one of the directors of the New Missionary Society Presbyterian, & in all his teaching in S. School makes the Bible his great text book. Love to your dear wife & children

Truly yours A. Brewster



Lac qui Parle, April 20th/62.

Rev S. H. Riggs,

Dear Sir,

Your letters of the 4th, 10th, & 21st, came safely, arriving on yesterday evening. First, in regard to the tag: I should be pleased to have you pay mine, most certainly, as indeed that is all the way I can pay it.

In regard to the rest of the money you say is due me, I hope I shall be able to let that stand against the Books I asked you to send for, for me. I really now forget what they were, except the first vol. of Barnes notes on the Gospels. I want that very much, and a good Bible Dictionary. I do not study much but very frequently need these books for reference. I suppose you have sent long ago. I do not know why I did not myself make the new hymns rhyme where it could be done by changing "a" into "e" or vice versa. I have this morning looked over them and found something more than half a dozen places where this change could and should be made. Besides these there are one or two more that perhaps be improved by a similar alteration. I will cheerfully leave it to your judgment after merely mentioning them.

In the fourth line-first verse of the Hymn commencing
Wakan-tanka lein hin-thu, "te" would not rhyme exactly
with sini, but perhaps it would be better than "ta".

In the Hymn begun commencing "Wakan-tanka maste"
fifth verse, perhaps "as-nimay-e" is better than "as-nimay-ai"

I had not thought of "terinda sini po" being in-
correct, although of course I admit it now.

It strikes me that "terindapi sini" is not in the Imperative
mood, and that it would be understood only by
those who are familiar with the original command
"forbid them not". If I am mistaken in this, then
the change suits me exactly, and it may be pref-
erable anyhow. It may perhaps be understood
as a proclamation, so to speak, that all children
are permitted to come to him. At any rate I can
think of nothing better. You may therefore please change it.

The water has been very high, but they
have retired to a respectful distance now.

We were repeatedly importuned by the Indians,
half in earnest - half jest - to retreat, but we
maintained our ground, and after enduring
the blockade for a little over a week, the
blockading forces retired, leaving us unharmed.
The water was over three feet deep between us
and the hill. I speared 15 good sized fish at
the place where I expect to dig potatoes in

[Decorative floral stamp]

the fall. I might probably have killed
a hundred if the water had not been too
cold to stand in comfortably. I had them,
and have now, a hard cough. Otherwise pretty well.
When do you think of going to Traverse?

No more at present

Yours Respectfully

Amos W. Higgins

P.S. I am compelled to trouble you to
attend to the postage on my letters till I
can get some stamps. That is, if you can
do it. If not, the letters can wait.

Amos W. Higgins

Office Sioux Indian Agency.

F

Pajutaree, April 30 - 1862

Dear Sir

When you were here yesterday, your favors of 13th & 15th ult. had not been placed in my hands, I have just read them with a great deal of pleasure & can only say that to the greatest extent possible, shall I endeavor to act in my administration of the affairs of this agency so as to merit the good will of the friends of the Indians. In regard to Schools, from the very outset I have been hampered and embarrassed continually, by rascals & sharks who were & are seeking to secure control of the funds, this I sternly resisted, and my every action in the premises has been with a view to this end. I think I have succeeded in seeing daylight, I may be mistaken. If so it is no fault of mine. I feel now certain that for the present, at least, I have the ear of the Department & of our Congressional delegation. I have the distinct assurance of the commissioners that I shall be sustained in keeping up the Rats. If this proves true the schools

are safe, if "reversed". There is little hope for Schools or anything else. I send in to day the names of four persons as Teachers, with Sunday recommendations. In regard to Mr Hogg's I shall as far as possible conform to your views. My visit below was with reference to the Indian Schools & I found "Tricks" and Subterfuges - thick - plans, in short, to absorb the entire School fund, and this very nearly consummated, and even yet I fear the - this is not dead. I have done & shall keep doing all in my power so soon the fund I mention no names yet it is not time, and allow me to ask you to keep prudently still for "a little longer". I want to circumvent the nefarious influences at work effectively, at the proper time all will be "out" & you can see & judge.

Your "Report" is rec'd and approved. I shall when I see you endeavor to fix a rate of compensation, I have no funds just now to meet this expense soon will have some Interpreter funds, of which you can have whatever amounts the agree upon. So as to be fair & just.

I have no time to write more now - shall
see you & talk the rest -

In haste

T. J. Gallbraith

Rev S. R. Rigg

Yesterday the page of 15th
I. all had nothing to do in my office I have just
had time to get a deal of sleep and believe
that to the greatest extent possible shall endeavor to act
in my administration of the affairs of this agency
so as to merit the good view of the friends of the
Indians there who looked for me throughout
as I have been impeded and embarrassed con-
tinually by Tammany's who were constantly
seeking to secure control of the post. tho I
strongly disliked over my way action in the public
has been mostly owing to their influence and
have succeeded in seeing daylight. I may for-
get to mention if it is no fault of mine I may
now certain that for the present at least I have
the ear of the Department & of the fair remain-
der of the delegation. I went to the country
of the Comanches last night & was very
well received & I am to be suspended
to keep up with the post office more from the whole



State of Minnesota,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

Saint Paul, May 12 1862.

Rev. S. R. Riggs
Dear Sir

Some gentlemen
from Remond Co. handed
me a dollar a few
days since desiring me to
place it in the hands
of some ~~proper~~ proper person
as a contribution to
the Hospital fund
of some one of the
Min. Reg'ts. as you will
see by the inclosed I
have given it to Dr. Gray
Chaplain of the 3d.

Very truly

Stan'l

Thos. Ramsey



Smithsonian Institution,

Washington, May 15 1852

DEAR SIR:

We write to thank you for the records of meteorological observations you have transmitted to this Institution, but regret that the series for the year 1861 is not complete. If you can supply us immediately with a copy of your records for the months of

December

we shall esteem it a favor, as we wish to incorporate them in the reductions now being made for publication by this Institution.

As far as practicable you will oblige us by forwarding your records monthly.

Very respectfully,

your obedient servant,

JOSEPH HENRY,
Secretary S. I.

Rev. S. R. Riggs
Warlewood
Minn

Lot L McCulloch
1862

Wilo June 2 / 62

Reo Mr Riggs

Dear Sir

I recd your letter and was
glad to hear from you. If I
had known when you were
coming to Chicago. I would
have met you there. I am
sorry you did not call on
us. It is but a half day ride
to Chicago. The information you
gave me in regard to my
account with the Indian
Department was thankfully
recd. Mr Galbraith did send
me the amt of money due me
but I knew that. I have recd
letters from the Commissioner
at Washington giving the true
amt, and they are willing to
cash the account when the agent

gives the vouchers. If he has not
the money to pay I don't see why
he should refuse to do so. I need
it very much; I have bought
60 acres of land and made the
first-payment. The next payment
comes due in October \$150,
and I want to go to school
one term after harvest, and
unless I get the money I shall
not be able to do so. I hope you
will urge them up if you can
do so without too much
trouble to yourself. If I thought
I could help the matter any
by going up to the payment
I would go, but I know you
sick better than I could when
I was there. Therefore I will
wait with patience for the
result.

My folks are well, although it
is quite sickly now. The sore
throat is raging. One of my
scholars died this morning, (or on
that I taught last winter.)
Give my kind regards
to all your family, and Dr also.
Robt sends his respects
to you

Very truly yours
John S McCullough

Miss., House Boston
June 13. 1862

Rev. S. R. Riggs
Saskatoos.

Dear Brother

Your note of April 12

I duly rec'd. It is Mr Asa L. Smith & Mr Griffith were to represent the Board at the meeting of the Genl Assembly, & as Mr Lord, of the Cayton mission, was residing at Cincinnati, I did not feel that there was any need that I ought to require of you.

I wrote to Mr Lord, informing him that you were to be present a number of the Assembly, & suggesting that you be one of the speakers at the evening meeting to be held in behalf of missions. I also said that you made a very good 15 minutes speech at Detroit. I was glad to find that you were embraced in the program; & I hear from Mr Griffith that you left a good impression upon the audience. This was one reason, indeed, why he did not follow you.

I supposed that there would be a discussion on missions during the session of the Assembly

Mr G. informs me that the excursion to Oxford
prevented such a discussion. I regret that
it could not have been held; for I think
that the western ministers & clks need
a little light on this subject. They are not
quite up to the demands of the enterprise.

The matter of repairing the school house,
I have brought before the Com^{ee} they think
that the building should be put in order,
but you are authorized to use the Warre-
der Fund money for this purpose. But if you
cannot fit it, the repairs had better be
made, nevertheless there is no true economy
in endangering health.

In regard to a new station on the
Missouri, I give nothing definite today.
Our finances are too precarious to warrant
our acting upon such an undertaking.
We are getting along without serious trouble
now; but we do not feel confident as to
the future. We cannot predict the effect which
the top bill in to have upon the community. Men
of moderate incomes may be tempted to cut
down their charities; if so we shall suffer
surely.

I do not expect heavy taxes. nor do I
mourn over a protracted war. We may close
the conflict too soon. What we need, most of
all, is to put an end to the danger which
has been suspending over us by reason of slavery.
Any settlement that leaves this danger unsuspended
will cost too much. On the contrary, if it
takes the people ^{away} "actually or virtually," we can
afford to pay well for it.

Kinder regards to Mrs. Riggs,
your children, & all with you
Very paternally
W^m

S. P. B. Tread

Miss Lee
1862

Rockford June 25th 1862.

Rev. Mr. Riggs

Deacon

I received a

letter of inquiry some days
since, inquiring whether land
could be received for the
burial and interment of two
Sokota girls under your
care. I am chagrined at
the tardiness of the reply, but
will say, I was obliged to
wait for the decision of our
Trustees before giving you
a definite answer, had I
thought the answer would

be delayed so long, I
should have written to
you to that effect, & am
directed by the trustees to
inquire the price of the
land and whether taxes
are to be paid, and
such other particulars as
you may choose to give,
and when a definite
answer can be given at
once. I shall be happy to
answer further inquiries,
I enclose two Buculars,

Yours truly
Anna P. Hill

St Peter June 28th/62

Rev S. R. Riggs:

Dear Sir:

Some friends of mine are going to visit the agency during the coming payment. They fear that there will be a difficulty in finding a place to stop. Would you have the kindness to let them stop at your place during their stay at Yellow Medicine? There will be two ladies, relatives of Judge Flandraus, and one gentleman, Mr Buell of the firm of Chatfield & Buell, of the party. I will consider it a great personal favor if you can receive them during their stay.

I am dear Sir.

Very Respectfully
W. C. Buell.

T. S. Williams

Saint Peter July 1st 1862,

Dear Brother Rieps

I feel truly thankful
to you for your particular account
of what was done at your meeting
with Mr. Frost at Larchport. It is
quite satisfactory. I thank you
also for what you write about
Farnham from whom I received
a letter at the same time with
yours. I had been informed of the
sale before and spoken to him
regarding it. The subject who inform
me in his letter & I think
show them to me for all the
facts for the years 1861, & 1862
the understandings and matters much
better than I do and I feel disposed
to trust him to attend to the busi-
ness.

Send him with me that you are
going East next week. Do you
think of starting to see about the
printing so soon?

I inclose him with his letters which
came to this office direct to you
saying that they were from Devon
port and thinking they might con-
tain letters for persons more to
me than to you I opened them
and desirous of knowing how the
prisoners are getting on I send
them; I see that Robert and others
think him gone because they are
not released. Perhaps he has just
come though I tried to do what I
thought was right in the several
cases but we are all liable to
error I can truly say I did what I
could do best as many as possible
it seems now are willing to do
any thing which it is proper
for me to do for the release
of the remainder

We all put our on account
of the death of Mr Hobscow he
was the most efficient member
of the church here and we had ho-
pe to have him for our next
neighbours but we have many
things to hold us not to sit on
affections on the things of this
world since we hear of his death
I have called twice at Mr Sharp's
but did not see Mr Hobscow there
but did see Mr Hobscow there
he company Mr Hobscow has had
two letters from him in one of which
he says Thomas Pettijohn has made
Memphis but Mr P. is not otherwise
informed of it. But as Sharp's chptal
was it seems that it would have
been far worse but for some comba-
tions of vigorous retarding this gun
an ammunition and sword for
now given to the white soldiers
who had chosen among them

I would like to know when Gilfillan gets
home what per cent he is likely to have
on our claims and when it will proba-
bly be paid as we are chiefly dependent
on what we expect to receive in that
way for the means of finishing ours here.
It brings unfinished and so many
little matters about home to do to
I have progrssed slowly in transla-
ting and revising. On the latter I have
gone over 13 chapters of Genesis and
have translated Proverbs except the
last six poems which I hope to finish
in a week from this time if you will
be about home and at leisure will
put it down and be pleased to have you
look it over and suggest corrections.
The Sons of nupts who has been with Mr.
Shuster is far gone with consumption.
John Moore's daughter was with us re-
cently for more than 2 weeks. Since
they have been at Reynolds they have
known to do nothing and one of them
is in bad health chorea or St Vitus dance.
We are in usual health.

Yours sincerely,

Tho. S. Williamson

*PERFECT
PAPER
LEAF*

Rev. S. R. Riggs
Payntage, Minn.

Menata, July 8th 1862

Dear Sir,

Herewith enclosed, I send a deed to be executed and acknowledged, by Michel Renville & wife to Russell Blakely & L. C. Burbank for land entered with Scipio of former sold the latter named parties by me, and for which R has received the money. I trust the deed will be duly executed at once & returned to me, and I will feel extremely obliged to you if you will see to its being done without delay. I send enclosed \$1. wherewith to pay Notary Public or Justice of the Peace for the acknowledgment, and expense of mailing.

Mrs. S. joins with me in kind regards to Mrs. R & yourself & family.

Very sincerely yours
W H Sibley

Amos M. H.

Lacqui Parle July 14, 1862

Rev S. R. Riggs

Dear Sir

My family are all
about to start & spend a few days at
Uncle Tom's while I stay here.

I wish I could go down at the time
of the payment but don't see how
I can, unless it is absolutely necessary
in order to get my money. Uncle T.
thinks Thompson has money to pay
the old debt. I would like to get you
to speak to him about my claim,
and if the money can be had, if
you can send up vouchers for me
to sign perhaps you can draw the
money as well in my absence.
I will of course pay any one who will
come to bring the vouchers.

I find I am out of envelopes again
I am really ashamed to ask you again

The Debts due me Aug 1st 1860 till my time stopped whether
I was paid or not I have which
also \$18.00 forever

To sell me some as I do not suppose
you bought any for sale. If however
you can spare any, I will be much
obliged and will try to keep a supply
in future. I send 25cts as have nothing
smaller. The Books were received in
good order & I am thankful for your
kindness in bringing them. You are
of course not under the slightest
obligation to take the Dictionary. If
you want it you can have it. I think
I shall send for the Tract Society's
Bible Dictionary Price 80cts

I am sorry that I have kept your dues
so long. Will you want it soon?
I was very much hurried with other
work and did not like to take a man away
from making parts for the field fence while
the oxen were daily on the field. The man
went away before the fence was done and
my plowing turned is not saved yet.

Lu hast Yours A. W. Higgins

Yellow Medicine

Rec'd of John B. Renville Dollars
Cents in full of all demands
whatever up to this date

Sac Brown

Henderson July 16, 1862

Re. E. R. Riggs

Heazelwood

Dear Sir

You will very much oblige
me by calling on Mr & Mrs John B. Ruville, and settling
a small acct. for me. of course this is not out of any
feelings of disrespect to them, nor a want of a proper
appreciation of their merit, but simply to have a mixed
up Acct. bot. to a close, by one in whom I can depend
& in one fully competent.—

When I left Yellow Medicine, it was rather in a hurry
as the Steamer made but a short stay, I had previously
taken an acpt. of some articles (6th of May) one of
those accts, was signed by Mrs B. Ruville. There were
some other articles that I did not note, how many
I cannot say, I left the sale, price & all with ^{them}, having
full confidence in their integrity, I wrote at dif-
fident times for a full list of items, but received
none until Monday last. In her letter of Feb 6th
present year she writes me as follows, "The Cutter Mr. Ruville
has traded around will pay you for with the mosquito bars
as soon as convenient." In her letter of March 15— she left
here by him, when on his way East. I think May 9/62
she writes as follows, "The sled, or sledge you left here Mr.
Ruville could not sell. so he traded, that is, swapped it off
for a one horse sledge," "We would like you to set your price,
Mr. Ruville thinks it not worth to him over \$8.00. In
her letter of July 9/62, she writes as follows, "The sled I

"wrote you my husband would ^{pay} \$8.00 for,
but he has examined it & does not think it worth over
\$6.00 & says if this price don't suit you to let your own
price". In this same letter she gives the following article
sold -

"% Kawawka"

3 Chairs & 1 lounge	\$4.00
1 Bed Cord	.50
Potatoes	.50

"Ceturhdey a"

1 little old table	\$0.50
Beans	.50

"Aruwaymane"

5 old Chairs,	\$1.00
1 lounge	2.50

"The Other day"

Beans	.50
-------	-----

"Masokowxta"

60 " Corn meal	1.50
----------------	------

"Autwin Ruville"

3 Chairs	\$3.00
Potatoes	0.50
do	0.50

"Talewankanhdi"

Potatoes	\$1.50
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Beans	1.70
-------	------

"Nichill Ruville"

8 " salt	0.30
2 " candles	0.50
Pralves	0.50

"John B. Ruville"

Soap	\$3.00
------	--------

\$16.20 Total \$23.00

I sent her back last payment, about a year ago, for
\$23.00 sent me by Mr Clark. I got 7 mince of him
before I left Yellow Medicine at ^{\$1.50} \$10.50 (I sold them for \$7.00)
so I have received of them in all -

\$33.50

I will now make bill statement such as rec'ts &c
Sent You will show clearly

Articles by her as stated in her letter of July 9/62
out for $\$23.00$

Articles by Mrs. Renville on bill No 2	$\$14.92\frac{1}{4}$
1 lb Powder	- 50
2 Mosquito bars (Spanish Gold)	2 50 25
1 Stagh. swapped for Cutter	(8.00)
	<u>$\\$48 92\frac{1}{4}$</u>

By Cash per Mr. Clark $\$23.00$

" q/must skins @ 1.50 10.50 $\$3.00$

Bal due me $\$15.92\frac{1}{4}$

Take 25 for mosquito bars

The figures above does not include Glue John & Jugs
nor any thing of which no ac't was taken, so let it
go at that,

She writes me in several letters ~~that~~
about articles not sold. In hers of July 9/62 - She says
"There is two tables & one stand & the arm chair
" we find no sale for, our house is small, but they are
" welcome to remain, but of course they may be injured"

I do not know what those unsoldable article look like,
nor does it matter. If Mrs. Renville, does not want them
give them to the Indians. If they do not want them
give them to the wood or prairie. I want the matter
closed up & have it off my mind & relieve myself
of further trouble, what so ever is just, what so ever
is right I want you to send me enclosed in letter
& not any more. I send a rec't for you to fill & give them.
I suppose they will not think me in debt for their trouble

in disposing of those things. If they do. make all
right & give them my thanks for the favors done
me. You will please not think me intruding
upon you, in sending you this account, I am
willing to satisfy you for your trouble and oblige
you when opportunity permits. The acct. seems
so mixed up that it wants a man just like friend
Riggs to close it satisfactory to all & have it done
with, I will oblige by your settlement how ever
it may be, for I know you will do right.—

My kind regards to Mr. Riggs & family. Make
my wife's compliments & Eliza's respects to you all

Faithfully Yours
Sol. Brown.

Balances due

Robert Brewster or others
actually due for the sum of \$50

1. 4 12^{1/2}

Brewster or Margaret Brown

1. 3. 8 7^{1/2}

Let George Gray act until

8. 2. 2 1/2

Riggs

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M. N. Adams

Glencoe, Minnesota.

Feby. 18. 1862.

Rev. S. R. Riggs

Dear Brother.

Up to this

day, my mind has been set upon
Meeting the Brethren of the Dakota
Presbytery at your Mission Station
on Thursday 27th inst.

But owing to recent snow-storms
and, especially the terrible blow
of the last three days, all my hopes
of being able to reach Haywood at
that time are scattered & gone.

There is no road broken across
from here to Fort Ridgely, and
none from Henderson and not
much to Shakopee - I might possi-
bly get to Carver, & then go up the
Minnesota Valley - Stage route via
Henderson, St. Peter & New Ulm but

in that case it would require some
few days to get D Hazlewood & as many
more to return at no inconsiderable
expense & after all some risk of life.
So long as these storms continue-

I trust however, that the
brother, who resides nearer to your
station, than I do; and, who
are on, or near the thoroughfares
will be able to meet with you
at the appointed time. And
I humbly hope & pray that the
gracious presence & rich blessing
of our Lord Jesus Christ, the Great
Head of the Church, may be
with you all, at that meeting.
And evermore to the praise of
his name.

If it were not now so
near the time of the meeting I would
mail the Presbyt. Records, and
a copy of the Minutes of our
last Genl. Assembly. They would

not likely reach you in time.
The next G. Assembly meets in 2^d Pres. Church
Cincinnati, O. on the 3^d Thursday in May,
1862. at 11 A.M.

The General Assembly's plan of Home Missions
comprehends this duty of the Standing Committee
on Home Missions as appointed by each
Presbytery - viz. To furnish annually, to the
Assembly's Committee at N.Y. on or before
the 15th of April a detailed statement of
the Home Missionary work within their bounds,
noting distinctions therein - Missionaries
Appointed & salary allowed - Collections to the
cause taken up in the churches -

The following Resolution was adopted also -
Resolved "That for the coming year each
Church connected with the Assembly be monthly
requested to make a contribution to the very im-
portant cause of Education for the Ministry,
Home Missions, Foreign Missions & Publication
as they are conducted by the Assembly -
& that they report such collections (small or large)
to their Presbytery at the stated Meeting next pre-
ceeding that of the General Assembly."

Thursday 27. of Feb 1862. was recommended
by the ~~last~~ Assembly as a day of Concert
and prayer for Colleges and other
institutions of learning.

The 5cts per capita of our Church
membership as Commissioners
Ground, is a good rule for us
in this remote part of the field -
and should not be neglected by any
means - Try & collect the whole
& be ready to report accordingly at
the next Gen. Assembly. Should you
go as our Commissioners; for upon
this, your mission depends, and our
credit as a Presbytery.

I believe there is no unfinished
business on the docket of last meeting -

Mrs A. invites me sending kind
regards to you & your family & your
associates in the Mission.

As wild as usual at pres-
ent - I do not much expect
to remain here at Glencoe after
the first of May next - we may
possibly return to our old home at
Gt. Lyons where we shall be happy to
see you or your family at any time -

Yours fraternally,

M. W. Adams.

P.S. Before I & George get back to the U.S.
you will nominate a Commissioner at our next meeting of Pres. &
yourself the Principal & only Minister nominated.

Lac qui Parle July 19th 1862

Rev S. N. Ripp

Dear Friend

I wrote to you requesting you to have Emma & Sophy enrolled but did not send the letter, and in my haste when I last wrote I forgot it. In regard to Sophy, I do not know whether her Father can get her enrolled while she is here or not. If he does, of course I do not want to draw for her too. Perhaps you will know what rule the A.G.T adopts in regard to absences. I think however that I am the one that ought to draw for her, as she is here. I would then credit Mr Blair with the amount.

Do you want to sell your St Peter Tribune for half price? If so send it up.

We are having a fine vacation, and we enjoy it.

Yours truly,

A. W. Huggins.

P.S. I found my mail at the door on Wednesday when I came home from work. Could not tell who brought it. The last St Paul Press was missing. Think it was taken out as the bundle was open. Consequently we do not get the latest news.

Smithsonian Institution,

Washington, D. C., May 20, 1862.

Dear Sir:

The reductions of the meteorological observations made for this Institution from 1854 to 1859, in all parts of the United States, have been printed, and form a volume of 1270 quarto pages. The general temperature tables, periodical phenomena, storms, &c., which will form the second volume of about equal size, is now in the press.

The first volume is nearly ready for distribution; and as its size and weight prevent its safe transmission by mail, we request you to inform us how you wish it sent to you, whether by Express direct to your address, or to the care of one of our agents, viz.:

Iwan, Brewer & Tileston,	Boston.
D. Appleton & Co.,	New York.
J. B. Lippincott & Co.,	Philadelphia.
R. Clarke & Co.,	Cincinnati.
Academy of Natural Sciences,	Chicago.

We can deliver it to any of our agencies free of expense to you. Beyond those points, or if sent to you direct from this city, it will be necessary for you to pay the charges for freight.

Please state whether you wish your copy in paper covers or bound in muslin.

Yours, respectfully,

JOSEPH HENRY,

Secretary.

Peru, Indiana

July 23^d 1862.

My dear Mary

Your letter to Miss

Peabody is in her absence from
Oxford forwarded to me.

With reference to the admission
of the young lady I would de-
sire that "Gates on the Mind"
is no longer a preparatory
study and though it is a decided
advantage to a young lady that
she study A. Geog. before entering
the Sem. we intend that hereafter
it shall be attend to in connection
with A. History. My advice to any
candidate would be that she study
the Geog. industryly and faithfully
so that it will take less time out of
the regular studies of the Senior yr.
So far as there were objections

How often have I said to the world here
that our adoption of the country -
though it may not be so much so - does
not mean that the other is not
theirs. If you are in your place
do this and nothing else can be done
but now that we are out of the
way of all the difficulties
of course the only difficulty
is to get out of the country
and nothing else can be done
for now to do anything.
The only way is to go to the
country - which is the
only way she can do when
she comes back after the
country - which is the
only way she can do when
she comes back after the
country - which is the
only way she can do when