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VOTING RECORD OF SENATOR HUBERT H. HUMPHREY

87th Congress - 1st Session (Citations are to the Daily Congressional Record)

January 11, 1961

S. Res. 4. Amends rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate by permitting cloture on vote of three-fifths (rather than two-thirds) of Senators present and voting.

On Mansfield motion to refer to Committee on Rules and Administration modified S. Res. 4 together with pending modified Humphrey amendment in nature of a substitute, p. 600; (50-46); Vote

March 7, 1961

Nomination of Charles M. Meriwether, of Alabama, to be a member of the Board of Directors of the Export-Import Bank of Washington. On Javits motion to recommit the nomination to the Committee on Banking and Currency, p. 3138; (18-66); Vote Nay

March 8, 1961

Nomination of Charles M. Meriwether, of Alabama, to be a member of the Board of Directors of the Export-Import Bank of Washington. On confirming the nomination, p. 3208; (67-18); Vote

March 10, 1961

H. R. 4510. Provides a special program for feed grains for 1961. On passage, p. 3508; (52-26); Vote

March 14, 1961

S. 1. Area Redevelopment Act of 1961.

On Robertson amendment, to committee amendment, requiring direct appropriations for financing redevelopment, and authorizing \$300 million for advances to certain revolving funds provided by the legislation, p. 3644; (45-49); Vote Nay

March 15, 1961

S. 1. Area Redevelopment Act of 1961.

On Javits amendment, to committee amendment, to exclude from bill language that would permit machinery and equipment to be offered by a redevelopment authority in order to attract industrial entities into a particular area, p. 3750; (32-61); Vote Nau

March 15, 1961 (Continued) S. 1. (Continued)

> On Dirksen amendment as a substitute for the bill, comprising text of S. 750, Area Assistance Act of 1961, p. 3764;

for designation as a redevelopment area of any labor market area certified by Secretary of Labor to be dependent on a single industry and which suffers from chronic unemployment, p. 3767; (19-71); Vote nay

On Lausche amendment, to the committee amendment, to eliminate section 8 of the bill providing for public facility grants for industrial or commercial purposes, p. 3770; (36-55); Vote Nay

On Scott amendment in the nature of a substitute for the

March 16, 1961

Resolution of ratification of the Columbia River Basin Treaty, of ratification,

Resolution of ratification concerning Treaty on Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (Executive E, 87th Congress, 1st Session).

On agreeing to resolution/ p. 3950; (72-18); Vote year of ratification,

Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Act H. R. 4806. of 1961.

On Byrd amendments (committee amendments) which include provisions that the additional tax on wages apply to those paid in calendar years 1961 and 1962 instead of 1962 and 1963, and that if the additional tax exceeds amount of temporary benefits in a State, the excess, after repaying Federal Government, will be credited to the State's account in the unemployment trust fund, p. 3972; (42-44); Vote Nay

On committee amendment providing that if a person is entitled to unemployment compensation and is also qualified to receive a pension under an employer contributory retirement plan he may not draw both but may elect the larger (not applicable to disability or veterans' pension), p. 3978; (51-38); Vote May

On Williams (Del.) amendment to put the program on a pay-as-yougo basis, p. 3985; (45-42); Vote 7000 passage, p. 3987; (84-4); Vote

March 21, 1961

S. 205. Expedites the utilization of television transmission facilities in our public schools and colleges, and in adult training programs.

On passage, p. 4104; (67-13); Vote________

March 22, 1961

H. R. 4510. Provides a special program for feed grains for 1961. On agreeing to conference report, p. 4238; (58-31);

Vote yea

March 27, 1961

H. R. 5188. Third Supplemental Appropriations, 1961.

On Bridges amendment, to the committee amendment, to eliminate language that would restore \$1,017,610,000

On Bridges amendment, to the committee amendment, to eliminate language that would provide \$1.353 billion for sale of surplus agricultural commodities for foreign currencies, p. 4594; (29-53); Vote

March 28, 1961

S. 107. Authorizes construction of the Navajo Indian and San Juan-Chama projects as participating projects of the Colorado River storage project.

On Williams (Del.) motion to recommit, p. 4698; (17-68); Vote

March 29, 1961

H. R. 5463. Amends and extends until June 30, 1962, the Sugar Act of 1958.

On Ellender motion to strike from bill a previously adopted committee amendment that would have provided for payment into the Treasury of the difference between the United States price and the world price on all foreign sugar purchased under reallocation of the Cuban quota, p. 4865; (55-34); Vote

April 18, 1961

H. R. 3935. Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961.
On modified Dirksen amendment (in nature of a substitute for committee substitute) similar to House-passed bill, p. 5725; (34-63); Vote

April 18, 1961 (Continued) H. R. 3935 (Continued)

On Holland amendment to retain provisions of present law exempting retail and service establishments, p. 5740; (35-62); Vote 7000

On Prouty-Bush amendment to give the Secretary of Labor authority to suspend the effective date of minimum wage increases under the law because of possible inflationary effects or unemployment, p. 5745; (39-58); Vote May

April 19, 1961

H. R. 3935. Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961.

On Goldwater amendment respecting investigation of effects of foreign competition on unemployment and authorizing limitation on entry and imposition of duties on imports based on such investigation, p. 5857; (39-55); Vote

On Monroney amendment to limit coverage under bill by defining "an enterprise engaged in commerce" as one operating establishments in two or more States, p. 5871; (39-56); Vote

On Smathers amendment to retain the exemption in present law for laundries and drycleaners, p. 5877; (45-52);

April 20, 1961

H. R. 3935. Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961. On passage, p. 5987; (65-28); Vote______

May 3, 1961

H. R. 3935. Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961.
On agreeing to conference report, p. 6645; (64-28);
Vote_______

May 4, 1961

Resolution of ratification of the Second Agreement between the United States of America and the Federal Republic of Germany (Executive D, 87th Congress, 1st Session).

On agreeing to resolution of ratification, p. 6824;

(86-5); Vote

May 8, 1961

Nomination of Julius C. Holmes to be Ambassador to Iran.
On confirming the nomination, p. 6995; (63-17);
Vote

May 11, 1961

May 16, 1961

Resolution of ratification of Modification of International Load Line Convention. (Executive I, 87th Congress, 1st Session). On agreeing to resolution of ratification, p. 7497; (92-0); Vote______

May 17, 1961

S. 1021. Provides Federal assistance for public school facilities.
On Thurmond amendment to bar the withholding of authorized funds from any State or school because of segregation, p. 7651; (25-70); Vote

On modified Blakley amendment providing that 2 percent of all individual Federal income taxes collected within a State shall be deemed to be revenue of such State for use of schools therein, p. 7669; (30-64); Vote

May 18, 1961

H. R. 6518. Inter-American Program Appropriations, 1961.
On Hayden motion to recede from Williams (Del.) amendment providing an interest ceiling of 8 percent on loans, p. 7784; (0-95); Vote Nay

May 19, 1961

S. 1021. Provides Federal assistance for public school facilities.

On modified Cotton amendment as a substitute for title I of the bill and authorizing appropriation to each State, to be used by such State for educational purposes only, of amount equal to 3 cents of the Federal tax collected on each pack of cigarettes sold within such State, p. 7868; (29-63); Vote

On Javits-Cooper amendment to change allocation formula in bill to provide a minimum foundation program for school aid, p. 7914; (33-50); Vote _______

May 22, 1961

May 23, 1961

S. 1021. Provides Federal assistance for public school facilities.
On modified Prouty substitute amendment to add school
operating and maintenance costs to items eligible for
aid, p. 8037; (51-39); Vote

On modified Keating amendment providing for judicial review of any constitutional issue arising under the legislation, p. 8061; (32-62); Vote Now

On modified Goldwater amendment (in the nature of a substitute for bill), with the short title of "Educational Opportunities Act of 1961", p. 8105; (10-79); Vote Ma

May 24, 1961

S. 1021. Provides Federal assistance for public school facilities.
On Lausche amendments to reduce the overall 3-year authorizations in the bill, and to change the allocation formula by counting only students in public schools, p. 8148;
(32-61); Vote

On Morse motion to table modified Goldwater amendments respecting loans for private and parochial school construction only, p. 8162; (66-25); Vote________ May 24, 1961 (Continued)

S. 1021 (Continued)

On modified Case (S. D.) amendment as a substitute for title I of bill and authorizing appropriation of amount equal to 1 percent of annual income tax receipts for payment to States for aid to education, p. 8172; (30-61); Vote

On Cooper-Javits amendment to reduce the overall 3-year authorization by \$252 million by restoring original language of bill before adoption of committee amendment on this item, p. 8175; (30-59); Vote_________

On Morse motion to table modified Talmadge amendment to bar withholding of any authorized funds from any State education agency which has complied with the provisions of this legislation, p. 8186; (61-30); Vote

On Miller amendment authorizing appropriations for administering this legislation in amount not to exceed \$1 million for any of the next 3 fiscal years, p. 8190; (24-63); Vote

May 25, 1961

S. 1021. Provides Federal assistance for public school facilities. On passage, p. 8446; (49-34); Vote_______

H. R. 6518. Appropriations for the Inter-American Social and Economic Program and the Chilean Reconstruction program for the balance of fiscal year 1961.

June 7, 1961

H. R. 6345. Appropriations for the Department of Interior, 1962.

On modified Dirksen amendment to reduce by \$10 million
funds for forest protection and utilization, Forest
Service, Department of Agriculture, p. 9042; (77-13);
Vote

On Gruening amendment to increase by \$375,000 funds for construction, Bureau of Indian Affairs, p. 9048; (48-43); Vote

June 7, 1961 (Continued)

S. 1922. Housing Act of 1961.

On Capehart amendment to reduce from \$10,000 to \$7,000 the maximum amount on individual loans for home improvements, p. 9053; (35-56); Vote________

On Capehart amendment to eliminate provisions in the bill for loan maturity time of 40 years without down payment for moderate income housing, p. 9068; (41-50); Vote

On Javits-Bush amendment to add new title on Federal Limited Profit Mortgage Corporation, p. 9077; (25-64);

Vote

June 8, 1961

S. 1922. Housing Act of 1961.

On Capehart amendment to reduce from 40 years to 30 years period of mortgage insurance on houses selling for less than \$15,000, p. 9184; (39-57); Vote May

On Gore amendment to eliminate from bill the 40-year nodownpayment program for loans on moderate income housing, p. 9191; (49-44); Vote May

On Capehart amendment to reduce to 37,000 the number of public housing units authorized under the bill, p. 9195; (34-58); Vote Nay

On Capehart amendment to reduce by \$700 million authorized grants for urban renewal, p. 9198; (38-55);
Vote

On Humphrey-Scott amendment providing three-fourths Federal contribution rather than two-thirds on urban renewal housing in small communities in distressed areas, p. 9202; (43-51); Vote

On Lausche amendment to eliminate provision for \$50 million in grants for mass transportation experiments, p. 9207; (44-46); Vote

On Humphrey motion to lay on table Dirksen motion to reconsider the vote by which the Lausche amendment was rejected, p. 9207; (47-41); Vote

On Javits amendment respecting loans to veterans in "housing credit shortage areas", p. 9211; (28-59); Vote

On Case (S. D.) amendment to eliminate title VI which would have authorized \$100 million for grants for open space and urban development, p. 9219; (46-42); Vote Nay

June 8, 1961 (Continued)

S. 1922 (Continued)

On Capehart motion to table Sparkman amendment as a substitute for the 40-year no-downpayment program for moderate income housing previously eliminated from bill by Gore amendment, p. 9226; (42-46); Vote May

On Bush amendment (to Sparkman amendment) to confine benefit of subsidized interest rate to families displaced by governmental action, p. 9230; (45-46); Vote

On Morse motion to table modified Gore amendment (to Sparkman amendment) providing that life of loan on moderate and low income housing shall be 30 rather than 40 years, p. 9235; (47-45); Vote

On Mansfield motion to table Capehart motion to recommit the bill to the Committee on Banking and Currency with instructions to report it back within 10 days, p. 9236; (60-33); Vote

On Sparkman-Javits amendment as a substitute for the 40year no-downpayment program for moderate income housing
previously eliminated from bill by above Gore amendment
(as amended by adoption of Capehart amendment to bar a
public authority from participating in rental housing
provisions and Capehart amendment to assure that the same
interest rate will be charged to all classes of borrowers),
p. 9238; (47-42); Vote

June 12, 1961

S. 1922. Housing Act of 1961. On passage, p. 9319; (64-25); Vote______

June 13, 1961

Nomination of Howard Morgan, of Oregon, to be a member of the Federal Power Commission.
On confirming the nomination, p. 9545; (57-27); Vote

June 15, 1961

H. R. 6713. Federal-Aid Highway Act.

On Case (S. D.) amendment (to Neuberger amendment) to extend until 1962 instead of 1963, as proposed in Neuberger amendment, time for making agreements with States for regulating advertising adjacent to Interstate Highway System, p. 9803; (38-55); Vote

June 20, 1961

H. R. 7444. Appropriations for the Department of Agriculture, 1962.

On Douglas-Williams amendment to reduce by \$100 million funds for soil-building and soil- and waterconserving practices, p. 10038; (26-64); Vote Nay

June 21, 1961

S. Res. 148. Disapproving Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1961, dealing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

On agreeing to resolution, p. 10220; (52-38); Vote May

June 26, 1961

H. R. 6027. Social Security Amendments of 1961.

On Hartke substitute amendment (for the Cotton amendment) increasing the application of the 50-50 formula above the \$1,200 exemption \$500 instead of the \$300 provided in the law, p. 10515; (59-30); Vote

June 27, 1961

H. R. 7577. General Government--Department of Commerce Appropriations, 1962.

On Magnuson amendment respecting payment of operating-differential subsidies to carriers touching at Caribbean ports served by another subsidized carrier, p. 10611; (60-21); Vote_______

June 28, 1961

S. 1922. Housing Amendments of 1961.

On Bush motion to recommit the bill to conference committee with instructions not to exceed authorizations requested by President as listed in table accompanying the motion, and to carefully examine provisions of title I with reference to mortgage terms on sales housing, p. 10779; (42-47); Vote

On agreeing to conference report, p. 10781; (53-38);

June 29, 1961

S. Res. 147. Disapproving Reorganization Plan No. 4, relating to the Federal Trade Commission.

On agreeing to resolution, p. 10911; (31-47);

S. Res. 143. Disapproving Reorganization Plan No. 3, relating to the Civil Aeronautics Board.

On agreeing to resolution, p. 10918; (33-38);

July 10, 1961

S. 1154. Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961.

On Dirksen motion to recommit to Committee on Foreign

Relations, p. 11271; (17-71); Vote Pained against

July 11, 1961

S. 1154. Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961.

On Fulbright substitute amendment (for Mundt amendment) requiring, with respect to the bill's provisions establishing a commission on educational and cultural exchange, that appointments be "on a non-partisan basis", p. 11426; (56-34); Vote Partis

July 12, 1961

S. 1154. Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961.

On Mundt amendment to eliminate language that would allow grants of funds for certain expenses of dependents of participants in the program, p. 11486; (47-42); Vote

On Mundt amendment to eliminate language that would permit financing of attendance of foreign students at American schools abroad, p. 11488; (40-51); Vote Paired against

On Mundt amendment to eliminate language that would extend authority to enter into agreements for use of foreign currencies for educational exchange to the making of such agreements with the U. N., p. 11491; (35-57); Vote

On Mundt amendment requiring F. B. I., investigation of personnel of questionable loyalty or who may be considered to be a security risk, p. 11494; (53-35); Vote Paired against

On Mansfield motion to table the Keating amendment to continue Alien Orphan Adoption Act until June 30, 1963, p. 11501; (42-43); Vote Not Vating

July 12, 1961 (Continued)

S. 1154 (Continued)

On Keating (and others) amendment to continue until June 30, 1963, the provisions of the Alien Orphan Adoption Act, p. 11502; (69-12); Vote

July 14, 1961

July 18, 1961

S. 2043. Authorizes funds for the Atomic Energy Commission for fiscal year 1962.

On Hickenlooper amendment to eliminate provision in bill authorizing \$95 million for electric generating facilities for the new production reactor, Hanford, Washington, and to eliminate provision for disposition of electric energy produced by certain special nuclear materials projects, p. 11955; (36-54); Vote May

July 25, 1961

S. 1643. Agricultural Act of 1961.

On Kefauver amendment (to committee amendment) to eliminate language in the bill that would allow two or more cooperative associations to join together and perform all acts which a single cooperative may lawfully perform, p. 12389; (39-57); Vote May

July 26, 1961

S. 1643. Agricultural Act of 1961.

On Williams (Del.) (and others) amendment (to committee amendment) to eliminate from bill the language providing for 1962 feed grain program, p. 12551; (36-59); Vote

On Kefauver amendment (to committee amendment) providing that the antitrust laws shall be applicable to the language in the bill that would allow two or more cooperative associations to join together and perform all acts which a single cooperative may lawfully perform, p. 12571; (40-53); Vote May

On Kefauver amendment (to committee amendment) to eliminate language in the bill authorizing acquisitions and mergers by farmer cooperatives, p. 12578; (50-39); Vote

July 26, 1961 (Continued) S. 1643 (Continued)

On Miller amendment (to Long (La.) amendment on acquisitions and mergers by farmers cooperatives) to substitute Attorney General for Secretary of Agriculture as the official to determine whether merger would lessen competition or tend to create monopoly, p. 12591; (32-42); Vote

On Kefauver motion to table Long (La.) amendment to restore language authorizing acquisitions and mergers by farmer cooperatives that had been eliminated by adoption of Kefauver amendment on the subject, but with proviso that such acquisitions or mergers may be prohibited by Secretary of Agriculture if competition would be lessened or monopoly encouraged hereby, p. 12597; (41-37);

July 27, 1961

July 28, 1961

- S. 901. Establishes a comprehensive 10-year program of oceanographic research and surveys.
 On passage, p. 12893; (50-32); Vote______
- S. 2311. Authorizes additional appropriations for aircraft, missiles, and naval vessels.

 On passage, p. 12919; (81-0); Vote
- S. J. Res. 120. Authorizes the President to order units and members of the Ready Reserve to active duty for not more than 12 months.

 On passage, p. 12939; (75-0); Vote________
- S. Con. Res. 34. Expresses the sense of Congress against the seating of Communist China in the United Nations.

On agreeing to resolution, p. 12958; (76-0); Vote year

July 29, 1961

H. R. 7445. Appropriations for Independent Offices, 1962. On Symington amendment to eliminate item of \$12 million for development of civil supersonic aircraft, p. 13028; (rejected); (35-35); Vote

On Anderson motion to table Proxmire amendments to reduce money amounts in the bill to the figures requested in the Kennedy administration budget, and to limit the public buildings projects in the bill to those approved by the Public Works Committees of Congress, p. 13031; (46-25); Vote

July 31, 1961

H. R. 7445. Appropriations for Independent Offices, 1962.
On Williams (Del.) amendment to eliminate item of
\$6.9 million for payments to air carriers as
subsidy for helicopter operations. p. 13141:

subsidy for helicopter operations, p. 13141; (26-63); Vote

On Proxmire amendment to increase by \$300,000 funds for operating expenses, transportation, and public utility service, GSA, so as to permit its continued intervention in rate matters before Federal and State regulatory agencies, p. 13148; (32-55); Vote

On Proxmire amendment to reduce funds for emergency supplies and equipment, Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization, p. 13149; (40-47);

On Mansfield motion to table Javits amendment to bar funds for liquidation of contract obligations for construction of airport buildings containing racially segregated facilities, p. 13154; (54-33); Vote

On McNamara amendment to add \$125,000 for research in housing for the aged, p. 13160; (67-19);

On Proxmire amendment to eliminate appropriations for three post offices and one Federal office building, p. 13162; (17-68); Vote

August 1, 1961

H. R. 7035. Labor-Health, Education, and Welfare Departments Appropriations, 1962.

On Proxmire amendments en bloc to reduce by varying amounts 34 items in the bill so as to conform them to budget requests, p. 13234; (22-67); Vote May

On modified Bush amendment to reduce funds for general research and services, National Institutes of Health, p. 13243; (37-50); Vote

On Bush amendment to reduce funds for neurology and blindness activities, National Institutes of Health, p. 13245; (25-58); Vote Paires against

August 2, 1961

H. R. 7035. Labor-Health, Education, and Welfare Departments Appropriations, 1962.

On Mansfield motion to table question of germaneness raised by Dirksen on his amendment (of House language in the bill) to extend Federal aid to schools in federally impacted areas for an additional 3 years, p. 13421; (57-37); Vote

August 3, 1961

August 4, 1961

On passage, p. 13639; (85-0); Vote Year

August 9, 1961

Nomination of Lawrence J. O'Connor, Jr., to be a member of the Federal Power Commission.
On confirming the nomination, p. 14183; (83-12);

August 10, 1961

- S. 2268. Relates to crimes aboard aircraft in air commerce.
 On passage, p. 14379; (92-0); Vote_______

August 11, 1961

August 15, 1961

S. 1983. Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

- On Dirksen substitute amendment (for the Hickenlooper amendment) to authorize congressional review on an individual basis of any loan exceeding \$5 million and termination thereof by concurrent resolution, p. 14834; (52-44); Vote
- On Hickenlooper amendment (as amended by Dirksen substitute) to authorize congressional review of any loan exceeding \$5 million, and termination of the authorization for such loan by concurrent resolution, p. 14835; (63-34); Vote
- On Lausche amendment to reduce the Development Loan Fund by \$1,487 million, p. 14853; (rejected); (46-46); Vote

August 16, 1961

S. 1983. Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

On Fulbright substitute amendment (for Williams (Del.) amendment) providing that funds shall not be loaned or reloaned at an interest rate considered excessive by the Development Loan Committee, and in any event no higher than the legal rate of interest of the country in which the loan is made, p. 14911; (48-45); Vote

On Capehart amendment requiring that funds made available under this act for procurement be spent in the country receiving the money or in the United States, but not in a third country, p. 14925; (27-67); Vote

On Church amendment providing that no further military assistance shall be furnished on a grant basis to a Western European country, except to fulfill commitments made prior to July 1, 1961, unless the President shall declare an emergency or determine that it would be an undue economic burden upon the country, p. 14933; (22-70); Vote

August 17, 1961

S. 1983. Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

On Capehart amendment reducing the borrowing authority for the Development Loan Fund from 5 to 3 years, p. 15062; (45-50); Vote _______

On Capehart amendment requiring that not less than 50 percent of the total amount of all loans authorized under the Development Loan Fund be made to borrowers engaged in private enterprise, p. 15064; (33-63); Vote

August 17, 1961 (Continued) S. 1983 (Continued)

On Dodd amendment (as amended by Bush substitute) providing that no assistance could be furnished any country unless the President had determined that such country was not dominated or controlled by the international Communist movement, p. 15079; (93-0); Vote

August 18, 1961

S. 1983. Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

On Prouty amendment to authorize congressional review of all grants exceeding \$5 million and termination thereof by concurrent resolution, p. 15283; (30-59); Vote

On Bridges-Cotton amendment prohibiting aid to any country which exported to Communist-bloc nations arms, munitions, and items used in the production of implements of war or any commodities found by the National Security Council to be contrary to the security interests of the United States, p. 15286; (43-45); Vote

On Miller amendment prohibiting aid (other than military assistance, supporting assistance, and assistance under the Contingency Fund) to any nation more than 2 years in arrears in payments of assessments and/or contributions to the United Nations, unless the President determined that said government had given reasonable assurance of paying, p. 15298; (24-66); Vote

On Sparkman substitute amendment (for Gruening amendment) providing that funds could not be loaned or reloaned at an interest rate considered excessive by the Development Loan Committee, and in any event no higher than the legal rate of interest of the country in which the loan was made, p. 15301; (38-53): Vote

On Gruening amendment providing, with respect to funds borrowed from the Development Loan Fund that were reloaned within the recipient country, for an interest rate charged by the borrower of not to exceed the rate charged by the United States by more than 5 percent per annum, p. 15301; (74-16); Vote

On Mansfield motion to table Mundt amendment to extend until June 30, 1964, aid to federally impacted school areas, p. 15310; (51-40): Vote

On passage, p. 15331; (66-24); Vote 7

August 23, 1961 Manpower Development and Training Act of 1961. S. 1991. On Prouty amendment to limit retraining program to 2 years, with an authorization of \$255 million, as compared with 4 years, with a \$655 million authorization recommended by committee, p. 15702; (43-44); Vote nay On Morse motion to table Clark motion to reconsider vote by which Prouty amendment (to reduce life and size of program) was rejected, p. 15702; (47-40); Vote wear On Clark amendment (as substitute for Prouty amendment on same subject) to limit training allowances for youths over 16 and under 22 to 5 percent of total authorized weekly training allowances, p. 15708; (53-39); Vote year On passage, p. 15709; (60-31); Vote_______ August 24, 1961 S. 2000. Provides for a Peace Corps. On Hickenlooper amendment to reduce authorization from \$40 million to \$25 million for fiscal year 1962, p. 15885; (32-59); Vote May Nomination of Major Gene Hal Williams to be a brigadier general in the Army National Guard. On Smith (Maine) motion to recommit to Committee on Armed Services, p. 15914; (37-46); Vote May On confirming the nomination, p. 15915; (45-37); Vote year August 28, 1961 H. R. 7391. Conservation of migratory birds through purchase of wetlands.
On passage, p. 16082; (65-8); Vote not Voting August 30, 1961

H. R. 7371. Department of State, Justice, Judiciary and related agencies appropriations, 1962.

August 30, 1961 (Continued) H. R. 7371 (Continued)

On Mansfield motion to table Clark substitute (to Mansfield-Dirksen amendment) broadening the functions of the Civil Rights Commission and making it permanent, p. 16386; (56-36); Vote May

On Mansfield motion to table Clark substitute (to Mansfield-Dirksen amendment) extending the life of the Civil Rights Commission for 4 years instead of 2 years, p. 16387; (48-42); Vote

On Mansfield motion to table Javits amendment (to Mansfield-Dirksen amendment) authorizing civil actions to be instituted by the Attorney General for civil rights relief including injunctions, p. 16396; (47-42); Vote

On Mansfield motion to table Keating amendment (to Mansfield-Dirksen amendment) to implement the United States Supreme Court's school desegregation decision by providing grants and technical assistance in school desegregation cases, p. 16399; (50-40); Vote

On Mansfield-Dirksen amendment to extend the Civil Rights Commission for 2 years (until September 9, 1963), p. 16400; (70-19); Vote_______

On Javits amendment to add \$2,050,000 to the Informational Media Guarantee Fund, p. 16407; (31-50); Vote

August 31, 1961

S. 1703. Federal aid to airports.
On Proxmire amendment to require that funds be authorized and appropriated in advance of obligations, p. 16651; (9-73); Vote Taired against

September 1, 1961

S. 1703. Federal aid to airports.
On Proxmire amendment reducing by \$114 million funds
authorized to be appropriated through fiscal year 1966,
p. 16818; (10-72); Vote

September 1, 1961 (Continued)

H. R. 6974. Merchant Marine Vessel Research.

On Butler-Williams (Del.) amendment to eliminate the 6-percent profit differential in existing law to west coast shipyards when bidding for construction under certain provisions of the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, p. 16847; (40-41); Vote

H. R. 856. National Service Life Insurance Conversion.
On Committee amendment to restore for 2 years after
January 1, 1962, the eligibility of veterans to apply
for national service life insurance, p. 16877;
(50-18); Vote

September 5, 1961

September 6, 1961

S. 174. Establishes a National Wilderness Preservation System.
On Allott (and others) amendment to require affirmative
congressional approval of any Presidential recommendation regarding a wilderness area, p. 17226;
(32-53); Vote

On Allott amendment to give to the Secretary of Agriculture or the Secretary of the Interior rather than the President the determination as to authorization of certain activities within the wilderness system, p. 17229; (35-51); Vote

On passage, p. 17250; (78-8); Vote J year

September 7, 1961

S. 836. Small Business Act Amendments of 1961.

On Tower amendment to limit power of SBA with respect to approval of regulations to implement the subcontracting program in Government procurement, p. 17333; (35-55); Vote

September 8, 1961

S. 2180. Establishes U. S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency for World Peace and Security.

On modified Dirksen motion to refer the bill to Committee on Armed Services with instructions to report it back by February 1, 1962, p. 17560; (33-54); Vote May

On passage, p. 17590; (73-14); Vote year

September 11, 1961

Resolutions of ratification of Executive J, 87th Cong., 1st
Session, a treaty of Friendship, Establishment, and
Navigation between the United States of America and the
United Kingdom of Belgium, together with a related
protocol and Executive L, 87th Cong., 1st Session, a
Treaty of Amity and Economic Relations between the
United States of America and the Republic of Vietnam.
On agreeing to resolutions of ratification, p. 17738;
(83-0); Vote

H. R. 2010. Mexican Farm Labor Program.

On McCarthy amendment (to committee amendment) requiring the paying of Mexican farm-workers at least 90 percent of the average State wage or average national wage, whichever is the lesser, p. 17742; (42-40); Vote

On Mansfield motion to lay on the table McCarthy motion to reconsider the vote by which the amendment was agreed to, p. 17742; (42-41); Vote

On Keating amendment requiring that in order to be eligible to hire Mexican farm laborers, the employer must offer domestic workers similar terms and conditions of employment, p. 17745; (35-49);

Vote yea On passage, p. 17746; (76-9); Vote yea

September 12, 1961

S. 2393. Extends for 2 years the law relating to assistance for schools in federally impacted areas, and for 2 years provisions of National Defense Education Act.

On Morse amendments (to Monroney substitute) to extend for 1 year provisions of law relating to assistance for schools in federally impacted areas, p. 17901; (40-45); Vote

On monroney amendment in nature of a substitute for the bill, p. 17910; (80-7); Vote_______

September 14, 1961 H. R. 6775. Provides for the operation of steamship conferences. On Kefauver so-called anticartel amendment, p. 18235; (28-54); Vote year On three Kefauver amendments en bloc to prevent exclusion of any carriers from the trade, p. 18247; (33-45); September 15, 1961 H. R. 9033. Foreign-Aid Appropriations, 1962. On Ellender amendment to reduce funds for military assistance. p. 18435; (29-52); Vote nay On passage, p. 18460; (62-17); Vote / yea S. 2426. Proposed Federal Elections Act of 1961. On Long (Mo.)-Keating amendment as a substitute for the definition in the bill of the term "political committee", p. 18473; (30-43); Vote Paired for On Keating amendment to include in the definition of elections "primaries," "conventions," and "caucuses", p. 18476; (30-44); Vote Paired for September 19, 1961 Amends Senate rule XXII by providing that cloture S. Res. 4. may be invoked by affirmative vote of three-fifths of Senators present and voting. On Mansfield motion to bring to a close debate on question of agreeing to motion to consider S. Res. 4, p. 18936; (37-43); Vote year On Mansfield motion to lay on the table Mansfield motion to consider S. Res. 4, p. 18937; (47-35); Vote Nay H. R. 8444. Establishes procedures in the District of Columbia for election of electors of President and Vice President. On Keating amendment placing 90-day limitation on residence requirement for election of Presidential electors, p. 19000; (28-49); Vote year On Randolph amendment to establish 6 months as residence requirement for election of Presidential electors, p. 19004; (33-43); Vote_

On Long (La.) amendment to retain voting age of 21 rather than to lower it to 18, p. 19005; (38-36); Vote

On passage, p. 19006; (66-6); Vote______

September 21, 1961

H. R. 2010. Mexican Farm Labor Program.

On McCarthy motion to lay the conference report on the table, p. 19412; (34-40); Vote

September 22, 1961

H. R. 2010. Mexican Farm Labor Program.

On Jordan motion to lay on table Keating motion to reconsider the vote by which Senate rejected motion to lay on the table the conference report, p. 19489; (38-33); Vote

On motion to table Keating motion to postpone consideration of the conference report until January 19, 1962, p. 19507; (43-30); Vote

September 23, 1961

H. R. 2010. Mexican Farm Labor Program.
On agreeing to conference report, p. 19704; (41-31);
Vote May

September 25, 1961

Resolution of ratification of Executive J, 86th Cong., 2nd Sess., the International Telecommunications Convention, with annexes, and the final protocol to the convention.

On agreeing to resolution of ratification, p. 19868; (66-0); Vote

Resolution of ratification of Executive I, 86th Cong., 2nd Sess., the Geneva radio regulations, with appendixes and an additional protocol.

On agreeing to resolution of ratification, p. 19869;

(66-0); Vote 71ea

September 26, 1961

S. 1745. Relates to the regulation of fares for the transportation of schoolchildren in the District of Columbia.

On Morse motion to table Dirksen motion to recommit the bill to Committee on the District of Columbia with instructions to conduct survey and study of the bill and to report it back on or before February 15, 1962, p. 20010; (35-25); Vote



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LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE SERVICE

VOTING RECORD OF SENATOR HUBERT H. HUMPHREY

87th Congress - 2d Session (Citations are to the Baily Congressional Record)

January 23, 1962

H. R. 3847. Relates to the distribution of stock pursuant to orders enforcing the antitrust laws.

On Gore motion to recommit the bill to the Committee on Finance, p. 607; (25-67); Vote U

On Douglas amendment providing that the amount and basis of a distribution of divested stock received by a corporation shall be the fair merket value of such stock, p. 626; (18-72); Vote Nay

January 30, 1962

Protects the right to vote in Federal elections 8. 2750. from certain literacy tests.

On Mansfield motion to table the Javits appeal from ruling of Vice President referring to Committee

January 31, 1962

on the Judiciary S. 2750, p. 1082; (61-25); Vote Paired against against on Central Intelligence.
On confirming the nomination, p. 1171; (71-12); Vote Paired for

Resolution of ratification of Convention between the United States and Canada (Ex. G. 87th Congress, 1st session). signed at Washington on February 17, 1961. On agreeing to resolution of ratification, p. 1175; (84-0); Vote usa

Resolution of ratification to the acceptance of the declaration of understanding regarding the International Convention for the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries, done at Washington on April 24, 1961 (Ex. M. 87th Congress, 1st session). On agreeing to resolution of ratification, p. 1176; (84-0); Vote Tea

January 31, 1962 (cont'd)

Resolution of ratification of a protocol dated at Montreal, June 21, 1961, relating to an amendment to the Convention on International Civil Aviation (Ex. N, 87th Congress, 1st session).

February 6, 1962

S. 1241. College Academic Facilities and Scholarship Act.
On Morse motion to table Miller amendment (to McNamara amendment) to earmark 25 percent of cigarette tax for use by States for grade schools and high schools, p. 1620; (61-28); Vote

On motion to lay on table Prouty-Keating amendment (to Lausche amendment) rephrasing the scholarship and student loan provisions of the bill, p. 1650; (59-28); Vote

On Lausche amendment to eliminate provisions for scholarships and to increase by \$85 million authorized funds for loans under the National Defense Education Act, p. 1650; (37-50); Vote Nay

On modified Ervin amendment to limit assistance to public higher education, p. 1653; (15-72); Vote nay

H. R. 8900. College Academic Facilities and Scholarship Act. On passage, p. 1660; (69-17); Vote yea

February 7, 1962

S. Res. 234. Authorizes funds for Committee on Aeronautical and Space Sciences to investigate matters pertaining to aeronautical and space activities.

On Curtis amendment respecting ratio of majority and minority employees on committee, p. 1697; (30-55);

S. 2520. Amends Welfare and Pension Plans Disclosure Act.
On Tower amendment providing that exemption of plans of
fraternal benefit societies shall exclude plans
covering not more than 100 participants and eliminating
provision that would allow Secretary of Labor to require publication of annual reports of plans covering
less than 100 participants, p. 1750; (25-57); Vote May
On Tower amendments placing the administration of the provisions of the bill under Securities and Exchange

visions of the bill under Securities and Exchange Commission rather than Secretary of Labor, p. 1759; (25-57); Vote May

February 20, 1962

March 13, 1962

Resolution of ratification of the amendment to the statute of the International Atomic Energy Agency (Ex. A. 87th Congress, 2nd session).

On agreeing to resolution of ratification, p. 3586; (80-0); Vote Not Voting

Resolution of ratification of amendments to articles of the Convention of the World Meteorological Organization (Ex. F. 87th Congress, 1st session).

On agreeing to resolution of ratification, p. 3587;

(80-0); Vote Not Valing

H. R. 5143. Abelishes mandatory death sentences in certain cases in the District of Columbia.

On Morse motion to refer the bill to the Committee on the District of Columbia with instructions to held hearings and report the bill back to the Senate at the end of 2 weeks, p. 3656; (22-60); Vote Pained for

March 14, 1962

H. R. 5143. Abolishes mandatory death sentences in certain cases in the District of Columbia.

On Morse amendment to abolish capital punishment in the District of Columbia, p. 3786; (19-63); Vote Paired for

March 26, 1962

S. J. Res. 29. Establishes Alexander Hamilton's home as a national memorial.

On Mansfield motion to proceed to consideration of resolution, p. 4644; (62-15); Vote Not Voting

March 27, 1962

S. J. Res. 29. Establishes Alexander Hamilton's home as a national memorial.

S. J. Res. 29. (cont.)

On Mansfield motion to table Javits substitute amendment (to Holland substitute for the resolution) providing statutory authority for elimination of poll tax in election of Federal officials, p. 4690; (59-34); Vote New

Vote _ May On passage, p. 4694; (77-16); Vote _ Yea

April 5, 1962

S. 2768. Authorizes an appropriation of \$100 million for a lean to the United Nations.

On Lausche amendment (to Mansfield-Dirksen substitute amendment) authorizing the United States to make matching loans to the United Nations only with respect to actual loans made by other countries.

p. 5598; (29-64); Vote Nansfield-Dirksen substitute amendment (to the Mansfield-Dirksen substitute amendment) to limit loans to the United Nations to \$25 million plus 50 percent of the total of loans made or agreed to be made by other nations, p. 5608; (24-67); Vote Nau

April 10, 1962

S. 4. Provides for the establishment of the Padre Island National Seashore, Texas.

On Tower motion to recommit, p. 5771; (39-45); Vote nay
On Allott amendment to authorize and direct construction
of access roads in the park area, p. 5775; (24-58);
Vote Nay

April 11,1962

H. R. 9751. Authorizing funds for procurement of aircraft.
missiles, and naval vessels for fiscal year 1963.
On passage, p. 5833; (\$5-0); Vote year

April 12, 1962

International Convention for Safety of Life at Sea. (Executive K, 87th Cong., 1st sess.)
On agreeing to resolution of ratification, p. 6009;
(73-0); Vote ________

April 16, 1962

May 9, 1962

May 14, 1962

H. R. 1361. For the relief of James M. Norman.

On second motion to invoke cloture on Hausfield-Dirksen amendment as a substitute for the language of H. R. 1361. private bill (the substitute being identical with language of S. 2750, to bar literacy tests in Federal elections), p. 7659; (42-52); Vote

May 15, 1962

H. R. 10788. Amendment to Agricultural Act of 1956.
On Mansfield motion to proceed to the consideration of
H. R. 10788, p. 7768; (49-34); Vote Nay

Hay 17, 1962

H. R. 10788. Amendment to Agricultural Act of 1956.

On Mundt motion to table the Humphrey-Morse substitute for the Mundt amendment, as modified, p. 7990; (23-63); Vote Nay

On Humphrey amendment (which provides that in addition to agreements on cotton and cotton textiles, the President shall negotiate agreements limiting in like manner experts to U. S. to beef, perk, lamb, poultry, timber, and dairy products when he believes such imports seriously affect demestic producers) as a substitute for Mundt amendment, p. 7999; (62-23); Vota Yea

On Mundt amendment, as amended, by Humphrey substitute, p. 7999; (62-24); Vote yea

On passage, p. 8004; (80-3); Vote yea

May 24, 1962

S. 3225. Food and Agriculture Act of 1962.

On Ellender amendment abolishing provision for farmers' option to continue existing emergency wheat program as alternative to wheat certificate program, p. 8523; (53-36); Vote 120

On Young (N. Dak.) amendment (to Ellender feed grain amendment) to authorize any producer to plant and harvest whatever acreage he needed for silage, p. 8540; (36-53); Veta Now.

On Eastland amendment (to Ellender amendment) authorizing use of feed grains grown on a particular form for feeding stock on that farm, p. 8549; (40-45);

On Ellender amendment/amended, establishing permanent marketing quotes for corn, grain sorghums, and barley, beginning with the 1963 crop, p. 8560; (46-37);

May 25, 1962

S. 3225. Food and Agriculture Act of 1962,

On Promire amendment to authorize a 2-year program for dairy production, p. 8607; (13-70); Vete Year

On McCarthy amendment providing a veluntary emergency dairy program, p. 8613; (21-60); Vote_______

On Thurmond amendment to strike title I of the bill, relating to land-use adjustment, p. 8622; (17-65); Vote Nay

On Mansfield metion to table Keating amendment requiring federally assisted public facilities under title I be available without racial discrimination, p. 8636; (43-40): Vote TLA

May 25, 1962

S. 3225. (cont.)

On passage, p. 8652; (42-38); Vote yea

May 28, 1962

S. 2965. Standby Public Works Program.

On Robertson amendment to limit Kerr amendment to the striking of financing provision, p. 3769; (70-4); Vote year

On Kerr amendment to authorize \$750 million for immediate aid to areas of substantial unemployment, except that 10 percent of the amount appropriated would be used in redevelopment areas designated in section 5 (b) of the Area Redevelopment Act of 1961, p. 8716; (43-32); Vete

On Kerr amendment to authorize \$750 million to be expended after June 30, 1963, for standby public works, p. 8718: (37-36): Vote Usa

On Clark metion to table Dirkseu metion to recensider Vote by which Kerr amendment was passed, p. 8718; (38-35); Vote Was

On Miller amendment (to Kerr amendment) to increase minimum unemployment necessary to trigger standby authority from 5 to 6 percent, p. 8719; (21-56); Vote Nay

On Case (S. Daw.) substitute amendment for committee bill. p. 8724; (33-43); Vote Nay

On Cooper substitute amendment for the committee bill as amended, p. 8728; (34-44); Vote Nay

On Miller amendment to exclude from the "triggering" formula any unemployment caused by strikes, p. 8729; (12-66); Vote Nay

On passage, p. 8737; (44-32); Vote year

June 6, 1962

S. 2996. Foreign Assistance Act of 1962.

On Lausche substitute amendment (to Proxmire amendment)
providing that no assistance be furnished under this
act and no commodities sold or given under Public
Law 480, 83rd Congress, to any country known to be
dominated by communism or Marxism, p. 9142; (57-24);
Vote Matvating

June 6, 1962

S. 2996. (Cent.).

On Gruening amendment prohibiting grants or leans to any country for highway reconstruction or maintenance when U. S. funds were used for the road construction, p. 9149; (39-42); Vote Fairl against

June 7, 1962

S. 2996. Foreign Assistance Act of 1962.

On Mansfield-Dirksen amendment modifying the effect of the Lausche amendment, p. 9195; (56-34); Vote year

On Cotton amendment barring aid to any country which exported to any Communist country or any country dominated or centrolled by the Soviet Union, arms or strategic materials or any other articles or commodities found by the National Security Council to be contrary to the security interests of the United States, p. 9203; (40-45); Vote Natural Security Council Coun

On passage, p. 9221; (61-23); Vote yea

June 11, 1962

H. R. 10801. Appropriations for the Department of Interior, 1963.

On Moss amendment to increase funds by \$129,800 for 16

public information officers to staff Bureau of Land
Management, p. 9347; (28-41); Vote Paired for

On Dwershak motion to table Morse et al. amendment to add \$2 million in funds for the Bureau of Land Management for rehabilitating randown ranges for grazing. p. 9369: (30-44): Vote Nay

On Morse et al. amendment to add \$2 million in funds for the Bureau of Land Management, for rehabilitating rundown ranges for grazing, p. 9386; (42-28); Vote yea

June 12, 1962

H. R. 10802. Appropriations for the Department of the Interior, 1963. On Magnuson et al. amendment to increase funds from \$2 to \$6 million for acquiring additional access reads to national ferest lands, p. 9507; (47-41); Vote Ven

On Magnuson amendment to insert language not in terms of legislation on an appropriation bill providing 36 million for access roads, p. 9509; (49-40); Vote Ula

On Williams (Del.)-Lausche amendment to strike from the bill an appropriation of \$2.45 million to carry out a lead and zinc mining stabilization program, including payments to producers, as authorized by the act of October 3, 1961, p. 9523; (36-52); Vote May

On Dirksen motion to recommit bill to the committee with instructions to report it back in a total amount not to exceed \$368,595,000 (Heuse-passed figure), p. 9529; (26-60); Vote Nau

June 13, 1962

H. R. 11289. Appropriations for the Department of Defense, 1963. On Proxmire substitute amendment (for Dirksen amendment) providing, but not limited to, \$171 million for RS-70 bomber program. p. 9616; (13-74); Vote Not Vating On Dirksen amendment to place a ceiling of \$171 million on funds for the RS-70 program, p. 9619; (15-72); Vote not Voting On passage, p. 9622; (88-0); Vote Not Vating

June 23, 1962

5. 3161. Extension of Export Control Act of 1949, as amended. On Keating amendments on bloc (1) to increase penalties for repeated violations or for willful violations knowingly designed to benefit Communist-dominated nations; and (2) (a) making the finding that the Communist bloc is engaged in economic warfare against the free world, and (b) declaring it the policy of the United States to use its economic resources in trade with Communist-dominated nations to further its national security and foreign policy objectives, p. 10666; (57-2); Vote yea On passage, p. 10667; (59-1); Vote yea

June 27, 1962

H. R. 12154. Amendment and Extension of Sugar Act of 1948. On McCarthy amendment providing that minimum wages in Fair Labor Standards Act be paid to sugar workers, p. 11040; (29-57); Vote yea On passage, p. 11064; (76-2); Vote yea

June 28, 1962

H. R. 11990. Temporary increase in the Public Debt Limit. On Williams (Del.)-Dirksen amendment to provide that the public debt limit shall be temperarily increased to \$306 billion instead of \$308 billion, p. 11340: (37-52); Vote nay On passage, p. 11345; (55-34); Vote year

S. 3161. Provides for continuation of authority for regulation of exports. Conference Report - On Keating motion to recommit. p. 11352; (44-33); Vote nay

June 29, 1962

H. R. 12061. Extends for 2 years the Renegotiation Act of 1951. On first branch of committee amendment ("non-statutory" profit limitations), p. 11410; (26-46); Vote Nay On second branch of committee amendment (application of standard commercial article exemptions to leases), p. 11424; (28-38); Vote nau

July 2, 1962

H. R. 12154. Sugar Act Amendments of 1962. On agreeing to conference report, p. 11620; (54-12); Vote________

July 5, 1962

H. R. 6050. Permits the Department of Agriculture to import adult honey bees for experimental purposes.

On Prexmire substitute amendment (to Mansfield amendment authorizing President to make certain allocations of sugar to Western Hemisphere countries) to eliminate certain quotas, p. 11847; (26-40);

Vote Notice

July 9, 1962

Resolution of ratification of International Wheat Agreements. 1962 (Ex. D. 87th Cong., 2d Sess.) On agreeing to resolution of ratification, p. 12009; (79-0); Vote Yea

July 11, 1962

H. R. 11737. NASA Authorizations, fiscal year 1963.

On Proxmire amendment requiring competitive bidding for NASA procurement, p. 12355; (23-72); Vote Transport on Proxmire amendment providing for a study of NASAUs scientific manpower requirements, p. 12360; (12-83)

Vote Yea

July 12, 1962

Nomination of Matthew H. McCloskey to be Ambassador to Ireland.
On Williams (Del.) motion to recommit to Committee on
Foreign Relations with instructions to report back
in 2 weeks, p. 12446; (30-62); Vote Nay

H. R. 10606. Social Security--Medicare.

On Saltenstall substitute amendment (to Anderson amendment to establish a program of medical care for the aged under social security) providing a voluntary, threeoption choice of benefits for persons over 65, p. 12475; (34-50); Vote Nau

July 13, 1962

H. R. 10606. Social Security--Medicare.

On Bush substitute amendment (to Anderson amendment to establish a program of medical care for the aged under social security) providing that persons 65 or over who are eligible to either social security or railroad retirement benefits may receive a monthly insurance supplement of up to \$9 for the purchase of private health insurance, p. 12648; (5-75); Vote Nay

July 17, 1962

H. R. 10606. Social Security-Medicare.

On Kerr motion to table Anderson-Javits amendment to establish a program of health care for the aged under social security, p. 12923; (52-48); Vote_

July 19, 1962

S. 2996. Foreign Assistance Act of 1962.

On Morse motion to postpone the further consideration of the conference report until August 1, p. 13156: (41-48); Vote Nau

July 20, 1962

H. R. 10904. Labor-HEW Appropriations, 1963.

On Proxwire amendments to reduce the funds in the bill by \$247 million, p. 13323; (24-59); Vete nay

On Prexmire amendments to reduce funds for National Institute of Health by \$120.4 million, p. 13341; (32-48); Vote Nay

On Saltonstall amendments to reduce National Institute of Health funds to the amount approved by the House, p. 13342; (36-41); Vote Nay

On Dirksen amendment to freeze the number of employees in HEN to those employed as of June 30, 1962, p. 13348; (33-39); Vote Paired against

On Mansfield motion to table Javits et al. amendment barring funds for hospitals or related facilities which were segregated on account of race, creed, or color, p. 13352; (37-33); Vete Paired against

On Mansfield motion to table Bush et al. amendments
prohibiting Federal funds for construction, operation,
or maintenance of segregated impacted school areas,
p. 13355; (37-34); Vote Painel against

On Cooper et al. amendment to reduce by 5 percent all appropriations items in the bill, with three exceptions, p. 13357; (30-43); Vote Paired against

July 27, 1962

H. R. 11040. Communications Satellite Act of 1962.

On Dirksen motion to table his appeal from decision of Chair's sustaining point of order by Senator Morse against Mansfield motion to take up bill, p. 13911; (62-2); Vote <u>yea</u>

August 8, 1962

S. 3153. Pacific Northwest Power.

On Scott motion to recommit the bill to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs, p. 14919; (33-53); Voce Pairel against

On passage, p. 14922; (51-36); Vote Pairel for

August 9, 1962

S. 1108. Public lands conveyance to University of California. On Morse amendment to require payment of one-half of the fair market value, p. 15028; (13-73); Vete May

H. R. 7913. Authorization to appoint additional cadets to U. S. Military Academy and U. S. Air Force Academy to bring numbers to full strength.

On Long (La.) amendment to committee amendment providing for appointments by Members of Congress who had appointed cadets ranking bighest in the senior class, p. 15058; (32-46); Vote nau

August 10, 1962

H. R. 11040. Communications Satellite Act of 1962.

On Mansfield motion to table Morse motion to discharge the Committee on Rules and Administration from further consideration of and that the Senate proceed to consider S. Res. 24 amending Senate rule XXII so as to provide cloture by majority vote of those voting. p. 15091; (70-14); Vote yea

On Mansfield motion to table Morse motion to proceed to consideration of H. R. 12391, the Food and Agriculture Act of 1962, p. 15092; (69-15); Vote Yea

On Mansfield motion to table Kefauver motion to proceed to the consideration of S. 1552, the Drug Industry Act of 1962, p. 15092; (70-13); Vote year

August 13, 1962

H. R. 11040. Communications Satellite Act of 1962.

On Gore-Lausche et al. amendment providing that no negotiations with any foreign government could be entered into by the corporation authorized by the bill without prior notification to the Department of State, which would conduct such negotiations and which could approve or disapprove all agreements or arrangements with such foreign government, p. 15328; (19-56); Voce not voting

On Kefauver amendment authorizing the President to determine whether the communications satellite corporation authorized by the bill was to utilize a low- or high-orbit system, p. 15343; (14-54); Vote not Voting

August 13, 1962 (cont.) H. R. 11040. (cent.)

On Kerr metien to adjourn until 12 o'clock 8/14/62. p. 15381; (15-6); Vere not Vating

August 14, 1962

H. R. 11040. Communications Satellite Act of 1962. On Mansfield-Dirksen et al. motion, under rule XXII, presented August 11, to bring debate on the bill to a close, p. 15398; (63-27); Vote was

On Mansfield motion to table Morse substitute amendment conferring on the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) jurisdiction over the development of a satellite communications system, with power to lease and contract out through American corporations the right to help develop the system. p. 15409; (74-15); Vote Wa

On Pastore motion to table Long (La.) amendment providing that no communications common carrier under the bill could at any time own more than 10 percent of the voting stock of the proposed corporation, p. 15409;

(63-27): Voce yea

On Pastore motion to table Kefauver amendment to assure that stock available for public purchase would be so available whether "initially or subsequently offered". p. 15411; (73-17); Vote yea

On Pastore motion to table Morse amendment providing that the President insure that timely arrangements be made for the determination of the most construction role for the United Nations, p. 15413; (71-18); Vote Yea

On Pastore motion to table Gruening amendment requiring the corporation to pay a reasonable royalty for all inventions and other technology furnished to it by the United States, and that inventions developed by the corporation from such inventions and technology be available to the United States royalty free, p. 15413; (66-20); Vote -year

On Mansfield motion to Morse amendment requiring that 8 percent of the net profits of the corporation be set aside for an "educational reserve fund" to be used in a program of Federal aid to education, p. 15416;

(73-17); Vote year

August 15, 1962

H. R. 11040. Communications Satellite Act of 1962.

On Mansfield motion to table Burdick amendment providing that the "articles of incorporation shall thereafter be amended only upon the initiation by or the approval of the President," p. 15567; (66-20); Vote Yea August 15, 1962 (cont.) H. R. 11040 (cont.)

On Pastore motion to table Long (La.) amendment providing that the corporation, prior to entering into a contract with any other communications carrier, provide the Attorney General with information necessary for him to determine whether a contract was in conformity with the antitrust laws, p. 15569; (72-16); Vote 7124

On Pastore tabling motion to Norse substitute amendment of providing for ownership of the satellite system by the U. S. Government and its operation by existing future communications carriers, p. 15599: (73-13): Vote — U.A.

On Mansfield point of order that repeated suggestions of the absence of a quorum were dilatory and in violation of rule XXII, p. 15601; (52-34); Vote

On Pastere motion to table Kefauver amendment providing that nonvoting securities which might be held by communications carriers could not be included in the carriers rate base, p. 15601; (72-14); Vote Wa

On Pastore motion to table Kefauver amendment providing that nonvoting securities which might be held by communications carriers could not be included in the carrier's rate base if dividends or interest were paid thereon, p. 15603; (69-13); Vote Year

On Pastere motion to table Numphrey amendment providing that the corporation could mot negotiate with any foreign government without prior notification to the President, who would conduct, supervise, and approve negotiations and agreements, p. 15615; (53-17): Vote Nay

On Pastore motion to table Morse amendment barring manufacturers of satellite equipment from owning any of the voting or other securities of the corporation, p. 15619; (61-7); Vote

On Pastere motion to table Morse amendment reserving a minimum of 2 hours of transmittal time daily for the U. S. Government, to be furnished at rates not to exceed the cost of providing such service, as computed by FCC, p. 15620; (61-10); Vote Yea

August 16, 1962

H. R. 11040. Communications Satellite Act of 1962.

On Mansfield motion to table Clark-Morse amendment providing that the proposed corporation could not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed, color, or national origin, p. 15639; (54-37); Vote Nay

August 16, 1962 (cont.) H. R. 11040 (cont.)

On Pastore motion to table Kefauver amendment providing that Western Union not be required to divest itself of its international telegraph operations as required by a 1943 statute, p. 15661; (67-20); Vote

On Pastore motion to table Yarborough amendment to limit the required use of communications satellite system by any department or agency of the United States Government to use "whenever necessary or desirable," p. 15664; (68-15); Vote________

On Pastere motion to table Morse amendment providing that no communications common carrier authorized by the bill could "at any time own more than 12 percent of such shares issued and outstanding." p. 15671; (73-13); Vote Wa

On Mansfield motion to table Kefauver substitute amendment under which the President would appoint a Commission of five members, subject to Senate confirmation, which Commission, or the U. S. Government, would actually own the satellite, p. 15678; (64-11);

August 17, 1962

H. R. 11040. Communications Satellite Act of 1942.

On Pastere motion to table Morse-Kefauver et al. amendment directing an investigation by the Federal Communications Commission of the American Telephone & Telegraph Co., and other communications common carriers, and reserving the right to Congress to direct FCC to require any communications common carrier to divest itself of part or all of its voting stock in the proposed corporation, p. 15769; (64-15); Vote

On Pastore motion to table Morse-Kefauver et al. amendment requiring the corporation to pay a reasonable royalty for all inventions and technology furnished to it by the United States Government and that inventions developed by the corporation from such inventions and technology be available to the United States revalty free, p. 15775; (64-15); Vote Wex

On Pastore motion to table Yarborough amendment providing that the aggregate of nonvoting securities issued by the proposed corporation and held by the communications common carriers could not exceed 50 percent of the total of such securities outstanding at any time, p. 15762; (68-11): Vote Teach

August 17, 1962 (cont.) H. R. 11640 (cont.)

On Pastore motion to table Long (La.) amendment redefining "communications common carrier" so as to include those which operated solely intrastate, p. 15804: (50-29); Vote Nay

On Pastere motion to table Morse et al. amendment requiring the Federal Communications Commission to furnish the same service and assistance on the same basis to any other commercial satellite communications system which might be established, p. 15805; (65-13); Vote Telesco

On committee amendment, as amended, in the nature of a substitute for the House-passed bill, p. 15827; (69-11); Vote

On passage, p. 15874; (66-11); Vote_yea

August 21, 1962

H. R. 12391. Food and Agriculture Act of 1962.

On Ellender motion to table Cooper motion to reconsider vote by which Ellender amendment re feed grains was agreed to. p. 16154; (58-23); Vote

On Mundt amendment (to committee amendment re so-called two-price system for wheat) providing farmers an opportunity to vote on acceptance of the new program or continuation for two more years of the program new in operation, p. 16162; (29-50); Vote May

On Mansfield metion to table Keating et al. amendment requiring federally assisted public facilities under title I to be available without racial discrimination, p. 16166; (40-37); Vote Paired against

On Tower amendment (to committee amendment) directing
Secretary of Agriculture to submit within 120 days
proposals for legislation which would be directed
to removal of controls over acreage allotments,
marketing quotas, and price supports entirely
within a period of from 4 to 6 years, p. 16174;
(17-55); Vote May

August 22, 1962

H. R. 12391. Food and Agriculture Act of 1962.
On passage, p. 16225; (47-37); Vote yea

August 23, 1962

S. 1552. Drug Industry Act of 1962.

On Mansfield motion to table Kefauver amendment to require licensing of prescription drug patents, p. 16353; (53-28); Vote Nay

August 28, 1962

H. R. 10650. Revenue Act of 1962.

On Byrd (Va.)-Williams (Del.) amendment to eliminate language that would grant, generally, a 7-percent tax credit to segments of business for investment in new machinery and equipment, p. 16825; (30-52); Vete Nay

August 29, 1962

H. R. 10650. Revenue Act of 1962.

On Committee amendment to permit deduction of certain entertainment expenses "associated with" the active conduct of the taxpayer's business, p. 17013; (54-39); Vote Nay

On Committee amendment to eliminate House language providing 20-percent withholding on interest and dividends at the source, and to substitute provision that would require reporting of interest and dividends on \$10 or more, p. 17044; (66-20); Vote Pairel against

On Mansfield motion to table Douglas amendment to repeal provisions of existing law providing for collection of income tax at the source on wages and salaries, p. 17046; (62-17); Vote Ula

August 30, 1962

B. R. 10650. Revenue Act of 1962.

On Committee amendment providing that in the case of new operating losses incurred during 1953 and 1954 in converting from streetcar to bus operation, an additional 5 years would be allowed to offset losses against income, commencing with the calendar year 1960, p. 17087; (74-17); Vote

August 31, 1962

H. R. 10650. Revenue Act of 1962.

On McCarthy-Javits amendment (as partial substitute for committee provisions relating to controlled foreign corporations) taxing U. S. shareholders on their share of the profits of such corporation which accumulated beyond the reasonable needs of the business, p. 17243; (21-65); Vote Pairel for

H. R. 12711. Independent Offices Appropriations, 1963.
On Young (Chio) substitute amendment limiting funds for civil defense to \$10 million for study and research, p. 17263; (14-68); Vote Nay

August 31, 1962 (cont.) H. R. 12711 (cont.)

> On Proxmire amendment to cut back funds for Veterans' Administration medical and prosthetic research and construction of hospital and demiciliary facilities to the level requested in the budget and provided by the House, p. 17272; (21-57); Vote nay

On Proxwire amendment to cut back by \$188 million below the budget estimate funds for the National Space and Aeronautics Administration, p. 17284; (4-66);

On Miller motion to recommit the bill to the Committee on Appropriations with instructions to reduce the amount appropriated by \$275 million and to report the bill back forthwith, p. 17288; (12-57): Vote not Voting

On passage, p. 17289; (65-5); Vere not Voting

September 4, 1962

H. R. 10650. Revenue Act of 1962.

On Proxmire amendment to eliminate the 3-percent investment credit provisions which the bill made available to public utilities, p. 17396; (16-49); Vote not voting

On Proxmire amendment to include gas pipelines within the definition of a utility, thereby reducing their investment tax credit from 7 to 3 percent. p. 17400: (27-38): Vote not Vating

On Cooper amendment striking committee amendment (relating to trade or business expenses) authorizing tax deductions for "ordinary and necessary expense of [incurred] *** in direct connection with communication of information between the taxpayer and an employee or stockholder with respect to legislation or proposed legislation of direct interest to the taxpayer." p. 17412; (40-29); Vose not voting

On Douglas amendment to strike language (remaining in sec. 3 of the bill after Cooper amendment had been agreed to) permitting tax deductions for appearances. etc., with respect to legislation, p. 17414; (13-51): Vote not voting

September 5, 1962

H. R. 10650. Revenue Act of 1962.

On Mausfield motion to table Dirksen amendment to add to the bill the provisions of H. R. 10, providing for the establishment of voluntary pension plans by self-employed individuals, p. 17459; (45-41); Vote Paired for

September 5, 1962 (cont.) H. R. 10650 (cont.)

On Gore amendment to require the annual payment of taxes by U. S. taxpayers on profits earned in foreign countries through foreign corporations controlled by U. S. taxpayers or foreign subsidiaries of U. S. corporations, p. 17469; (30-58); Vote May

On Nartke emendment striking the committee amendment concerning reporting of interest and dividends and providing for 20-percent withholding of dividends and interest, except with respect to deposits in banks and in savings and loan institutions, p. 17476; (20-69); Vote wear

On Mansfield motion to table Williams (Del.) et al., amendment providing (1) a three-step reduction in oil and gas depletion allowance over a 3-year period from 27% to 20 percent and (2) a simultaneous three-step reduction in individual income taxes from 87 to 60 percent, p. 17491; (57-30); Vete May

On Gore amendment reducing from \$35,000 a year to \$6,000 the tax exemption for U.S. citizens who were bona fide residents of a foreign country, p. 17499; (36-53); Vote yea

On Douglas amendment to reduce oil and gas depletion allowance from 27% to 15 percent on a sliding scale based on gross income, p. 17547; (23-50); Voce Paired for

September 6, 1962

H. R. 10650. Revenue Act of 1962. On passage, p. 17658; (59-24); Vote_year

September 7, 1962

H. R. 10. Encourages the establishment of voluntary pension plans by self-empleyed individuals. On passage, p. 17755; (75-4); Vote year

September 10, 1962

S. 2965. Provides standby authority to accelerate public works programs.

On Cooper amendment to correct errors in House amendment on page 6, lines 12 and 19, by striking out "Section 9"

and inserting "Section 3". p. 17852; (30-38); Vete Nau
On motion that the Senate agree to the House amendments,
p. 17861; (45-22); Vote Yea

September 11, 1962

Nomination of Thurgood Marshall, of New York, to be U. S. circuit judge for second circuit.
On confirming the nomination, p. 17964; (54-16);

Vote U.C.

September 12, 1962

H. R. 7283. Provides for payment of certain World War II losses to American nations.

On Keating amendment to provide for sale of General Airline & Film Corp. (alies property). p. 18100; (47-24); Vote Pained for

September 13, 1962

S. J. Res. 224. Authorizes the President to order units and members of the Ready Reserve to active duty for not more than 12 months.

On passage, p. 18259; (76-0); Vote year

September 18, 1962

H. E. 11970. Trade Expansion Act of 1962.

On Bush amendments to restrict the President's tariffcutting powers by restoring to the bill the peril point provisions of existing law. p. 18672; (38-40); Vote Paired against

On Mansfield motion to table motion to reconsider the vote by which Bush amendments were rejected, p. 18673; (40-39); Vote Paired for

On Curtis amendment to authorize the establishment of a legislative branch committee which, upon disapproval of any raising, lowering, or imposition of new tariff, may recommend congressional action for final decision thereon, p. 18676; (13-65); Vote Pairle against

On Curtis amendments to eliminate provision for financial assistance to firms and workers adversely affected by the legislation, p. 18692; (23-58): Vote Nau

On Byrd (Va.)-Williams (Del.) amendment to limit payments to displaced workers to amounts they would receive under regular State unemployment compensation programs. p. 18698: (31-51): Vote

On Bush amendment providing that trade agreement shall not be entered into for articles carrying duty en July 1, 1962, of not more than 5 percent ad valorem, p. 18703; (25-55); Vote Nay

On Bush amendment providing that the Tariff Commission in making industry determinations shall take into account certain economic factors in addition to those listed in the bill, p. 18712; (34-45); Vote May

On Curtis amendment providing that every trade agreement shall be designed to maintain or expand 1957 volume of exports of agricultural commodities and to limit imports of competitive agricultural commodities to not more than 1957 volume, p. 18722; (20-63); Vote Nau

September 18, 1962 (cont.) H. R. 11970. (cont.)

On Dirksen amendment to limit operation of the legislation to 3 years rather than 5 years, p. 18727; (28-54); Vete Nay

On Prouty amendment respecting provisions requiring President to transmit to Congress a copy of each trade agreement entered into, with statement of his reasons therefor, p. 18732; (21-54); Vote Nay

September 19, 1962

H. R. 11970. Trade Expansion Act of 1962. On passage, p. 18771; (78-8); Vote_year

Resolution of ratification respecting Treaty of Friendship.
Establishment, and Navigation between the U. S. and
Luxembourg (Ex. B. 87th Cong., 2nd sess.).

Gn agreeing to resolution of ratification, p. 18775;

(86-0); Vote

September 20, 1962

 Makes permanent a temporary increase in the maximum construction differential subsidy that may be paid under the Merchant Marine Act.

On Williams (Del.) amendment to repeal the 6-percent differential allowed in awarding contracts to west coast shipping companies. p. 18913; (50-29); Vote Parcel for

H. R. 11164. Approves an amendatory repayment contract negotiated with the Quincy Columbia Basin Irrigation District.

On Miller amendment to bar for 10 years delivery of water for production of any basic agricultural product in newly irrigated lands in the project if total supply thereof for marketing or is which bulk of crop would be marketed is in excess of the normal supply.

p. 18959; (13-61); Vote Nay

September 21, 1962

H. R. 8181. Authorizing construction of a National Fisheries
Center and Aquarium in the District of Columbia.
On Morse motion to recommit the bill to the Committee on
Public Works, p. 19196; (28-43); Vote May
On passage, p. 19204; (42-20); Vote Pairel for

September 24, 1962

H. R. 12648. Department of Agriculture Appropriations, 1963.
On Russell motion that Senate further insist on Senate amendments No. 2 (funds for research, Agricultural Research Service), and No. 6 (funds for construction of facilities, Agricultural Research Service), p. 19317; (77-0); Vote Time

September 25, 1962

September 27, 1962

H. R. 7927. Postal Service and Federal Employees Salary Act of 1962.

On Clark substitute for provision re Communist propaganda,
authorizing detention of Communist propaganda and
indecent matter originating abroad only on request
of the addressee, p. 19817; (23-51); Vote Parel for

On Clark amendment providing that "when the President of the United States determines that it is in the national security interest because of the failure of any Communist country or countries to handle mail from the United States in accordance with international postal agreements or for any other reason, the President is authorized to direct that" the provisions of the Senate amendment barring Communist propaganda matter would become effective, p. 19825; (33-48); Vote

On Morse amendment to eliminate part I relating to postal rates, p. 19831; (6-72); Vote Nat Voting

On Morse amendment to eliminate proposed rate increase for first class mail and airmail, p. 19833; (12-65);

Vote Nou

On Lausche substitute amendment providing that Federal salary rates shall be comparable to those for the same level of work paid on average by private enterprise and by State, county, and municipal governments, p. 19840; (21-59); Vote

On Smith (Maine) amendment placing legislative employees on the same basis as those of the executive branch as to comparability of employment and as to pay ceiling, p. 19841; (38-40); Vote new

On passage, p. 19853; (72-3); Vote 700

September 28, 1962

H. R. 10. Authorization to establish voluntary pension plans by self-employed individuals.
On agreeing to conference report, p. 20010; (70-8); Vote year

September 29, 1962

October 1, 1962

H. R. 12900. Public Works Appropriations, 1963.
On Proxmire amendment reducing by \$750,000 funds for construction and rehabilitation of authorized reclamation projects, Department of the Interior, p. 20243; (17-52); Vote New On passage, p. 20244; (64-8); Vote

H. R. 12080. Relates to interest rates on foreign official time deposits.

On passage, p. 20269; (50-21); Vote year

H. R. 13175. Foreign Aid Appropriations, 1963.
On Committee amendments restoring \$785 million in funds for economic and military assistance, p. 20283; (47-28);

Vote Wes

On Committee amendment making discretionary with the President the withholding of aid to countries trading with Cuba, p. 20292; (39-36); Vote Wes

On Keating modified amendment (to committee amendment) providing for publication in the Federal Register of the President's reasons in detail for giving aid to Communist countries, within 7 days of their submission to appropriate committees of Congress, p. 20306; (60-14); Vote

On Ellender amendment to reduce by \$150 million the appropriation for military assistance, p. 20314; (35-41); Vote Nay

On Ellender amendment to reduce by \$200 million the appropriation for development loan funds, p. 20319; (34-40); Vote Nay

On Hayden amendment to continue available the obligated and deobligated unexpended balances of funds beyond June 30, 1962, and during fiscal 1963, p. 20322; (40-34); Vote Web

October 2, 1962

H. R. 13175. Foreign Aid Appropriations, 1963.

On Dodd amendment to increase by \$2 million funds for migration and refugee assistance, p. 20447; (26-52);

On Mundt amendment to reduce by \$125 million the appropriation for development loan funds, p. 20454; (38-40); Vote may On passage, p. 20513; (57-24); Vote yes

H. R. 10650. Revenue Act of 1962.
On agreeing to conference report, p. 20565; (56-22);
Vote________

October 3, 1962

H. R. 12580. State, Justice, Commerce, Judiciary Appropriations, 1963.

On Proxmire amendment to cut by \$14.2 million funds for ship construction, Maritime Administration, p. 20847; (30-52); Vote May

On Mansfield motion to table Morse amendment providing pensions for all veterans of World War I, p. 20853; (53-22); Vote Thea

October 4, 1962

 S. 3313. Increases borrowing authority for the District of Columbia.

On Morse substitute amendment to increase the borrowing authority of the District of Columbia by \$155 million, p. 20957; (22-50); Vote Ties

October 5, 1962

H. R. 10117. Provides that plans which provide medical and other benefits for retired employees may be qualified pension plans.

On McCarthy amendment extending the Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1961 for 4 months, p. 21379; (40-15); Vote_______

Nan H. Taylor American Law Division October 30, 1962

MIKE MANSFIELD, MONT. CHAIRMAN

United States Senate

DEMOCRATIC POLICY COMMITTEE

CORRECTED COPY

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Senator Humphrey

FROM:

Senate Democratic Policy Committee

SUBJECT: Absentee Record - 87th-2d

Below is your personal record which is made available to each individual Senator only:

ROLL CALLS (Total - 227)

QUORUMS (Total - 82)

Absent	Announced	Total Votes	Number			
	Intent	Missed	Missed			
5	32	37 or 16.29%	12 or 14.63%			

Live pairs "given" considered as voting. Live pairs "received" considered in your absentee record.

LEGISLATIVE ACCOMPLISHMENTS -- 87th Congress, 1st and 2nd Sessions

I. Strengthening National Defense

A 20% increase (\$8.5 billion) in authorizations and appropriations made possible the following moves:

- -- Polaris program: doubled
- -- Minuteman program: increased 75%
- -- Survivable delivery vehicles (bombers on alert and survivable missiles): doubled
- -- Armed Forces manpower: 5 ready combat divisions added
- -- Counter-insurgency, anti-guerilla forces: Quadrupled
- -- Forces committed to defense of Berlin: increased 20%
- -- Forces in Southeast Asia: increased 1400%
- -- Reservists: recall authority for 150,000 men in case of emergency
- -- Airlift capabilities: substantially increased

II. Achieving Predominance in Space

- -- A 200% increase in space budget (1963 total: \$5.4 billion) makes that budget greater than the combined total of all space budgets 1954-1961, and makes possible a high priority program including a lunar landing in this decade
- -- Communications Satellite Act establishes private enterprise corporation with public participation and Federal regulation, to continue U.S. leadership in international communications
- -- Note: We have sent 69 space vehicles into orbit in the last 20 months, double the number in all the preceding years

III. Seizing the Initiative in Foreign Affairs

- 1. Trade Expansion Act -- Called the most important new tool of foreign policy since Lend Lease and the Marshall Plan, the end of U.S. protectionism. Makes available unprecedented authority for U.S. negotiators to bargain our goods into Common Market and other areas, including authority to bargain many tariff barriers down to zero and others by 50%. Provides for first time aid to industries and workers as alternative to higher tariffs in case of import injury.
 - -- 70% of Republicans in House voted to recommit
 - -- 85% of Republicans in Senate voted to cripple on escape clause
 - -- 100% of Republicans in Senate voted to cripple on peril point
 - -- 77% of Republicans in Senate voted to limit payments to displaced workers
 - -- 69% of Republicans in Senate voted to delete all adjustment assistance

- Long-term Foreign Aid Program -- New 5 year commitment approach, new agency, new requirements for planning and reform by recipient country, new emphasis on private investment with broader risk guarantees.
- 3. Peace Corps -- Authorized in 1961, expanded in 1962, volunteers (10,000 by end of this fiscal year) already serving by invitation in 37 countries, each of which has asked for more. Applauded by leaders of Columbia, Tanganyika, Philippines, Ghana, Nigeria, Thailand, Malaya. Has brought the image of American idealism to underdeveloped nations.
 - -- 45% of Republicans in the House voted against it
 - -- 75% of Republicans in the Senate voted for amendment to cut program
- 4. Disarmament Administration -- First of its kind in the world, a full-scale, full-time research and planning agency to devise our first concrete bargaining positions on arms control, nuclear test bans and disarmament.
- 5. Alliance for Progress -- New concept of social reform and self-help to foster economic and social development in Latin America. Improved prestige of U.S. leadership shown in receptions for President and in unanimity against Castro-communist offensive at Punta del Este conference. (Assistance program also provided for escaping Cuban refugees.)
- 6. Food for Peace (Expanded in Farm Bill to support independent operation established by President) -- More food shipped abroad in the last 20 months than was shipped in 10 years of World War I relief efforts.
- 7. U. N. Bond Issue -- Authorized U. S. loan to the United Nations to facilitate U. N. peace-keeping operations and see the U. N. through its financial crisis. All member nations including the Communist Bloc must bear their fair share in repayment of the loan.
- 8. <u>USIA Appropriation</u>, increased by over 20%, is providing an information-education offensive, including:
 - -- Increasing power of short wave broadcasts from England to behind the Iron Curtain from 300 kw to 1500 kw, and doubling of circulation of the magazine "America" in the Soviet Union.

- -- Beginning construction of two large radio facilities to penetrate Asia, including Red China and parts of the Soviet Union and initiating broadcasts in Laos, Thai, and Cambodia.
- -- Opening 16 USIA centers in African countries and increasing broadcasts to Africa in French from 1/2 to 3 hours a day.
- -- Expanding book programs in Latin America by distribution of 4 million additional books and expanding Portuguese language programs from 0 to 3 hours a day and Spanish language programs from 1 to 9 hours a day.
- 9. Balance of Payments and Gold -- Increased confidence in the dollar, reduction in annual rate of balance of payments deficit from nearly \$4 billion in 1960 to roughly \$1.5 billion in the first half of 1962, and substantial reduction in outflow of U.S. gold, accompanied by new legislation authorizing:
 - -- U.S. participation in new I.M.F. st.nd-by lending arrangements
 - -- U.S. participation in OECD
 - -- New Office of International Travel -- First effort to encourage travel to the United States and correct "tourist deficit"
 - -- Reduced exemption from customs duty for returning residents (from \$500 to \$100) -- Estimated savings: \$150 million
 - -- 2 new acts waiving income taxes and interest rate ceilings on certain foreign income and deposits
- 10. Other foreign affairs legislation: Tariff simplification (first since 1930), Sugar Act (first step toward global quota), Implementation of International Textile Agreement (prevents evasion of 19 nation agreement to prevent excessive imports), Philippine War Damage Bill, International Wheat Agreement, Refugee Resettlement and Ryuku Islands Development

IV. Stimulating economic recovery and growth

In the last 20 months, personal income has increased 10%, wages and salaries have increased 10%, corporate profits 28%, and the gross national product 10%, as Congress enacted the following:

1. Area Redevelopment -- After 6 years of efforts to provide special assistance to areas of chronic and persistent unemployment. Now providing assistance to over 1,000 urban and rural counties with a population of 35.4 million people. Already 12,000 people have

been trained or are in training. Placements of retrained workers in various areas run between 60% and 100%.

- -- 81% of Republicans opposed conference report in House
- -- 52% of Republicans opposed conference report in Senate
- 2. Investment Tax Credit -- First major revision of the Internal Revenue Code since 1954 provides the first significant tax incentive to modernization and growth in a 7% tax credit in new equipment and machinery. (This was supplemented by long-awaited Administrative revisions of depreciation guidelines.)
 - -- 100% of Republicans in House voted against the bill.
- 3. Public Works Acceleration -- First time since before World War II that the Congress adopted a deliberate policy of using needed public works to stimulate the economy. 1/3 of the entire population of the United States lives in areas eligible for benefits under the act.
 - -- 88% of Republicans in House voted for motion to recommit
 - -- 83% of Republicans in Senate voted against bill
- 4. Minimum Wages -- The first expansion of coverage (3.6 million) since 1938 original passage. Increased minimum wage to \$1.25 for 23.9 million workers. (An additional bill provided overtime for those working more than a 40 hour week on government construction.)
 - -- 80% of Republicans in House voted against conference report.
 - -- 55% of Republicans in Senate voted against conference report.
- 5. Manpower Development and Training -- The first major federal program to upgrade the skills of the unemployed and under-employed to meet the problems of automation and long-term unemployment. Under the bill 400,000 people will be retrained. Already, over 7,500 are being trained in 24 states, in 204 separate courses of instruction.
- 6. Expansion of National Defense Education Act program -- Makes possible 30,000 additional loans to college students, for a total of 220,000 loans this year.
- 7. Repeal of 10% transportation tax on railroad and buslines, and reduction on airlines. (Another tax bill relating to loss carryovers also aided distressed railroads and other carriers.)

E. Measures to help small business include an increase in Small Business Administration Loan Authority, greater assistance to Small Business Investment Companies, assistance to small lead and zinc producers, and a strengthening of anti-trust laws.

V. Helping the Unemployed, Underprivileged and Handicapped

- 1. Temporary Unemployment Compensation Extension -- Extended compensation period up to 13 weeks and \$769 million in benefits to 2,800,000 unemployed workers who had exhausted benefits.

 -- 84% of Republicans in Senate voted against nationwide financing of benefits
- 2. Aid to Dependent Children of Unemployed -- \$90,000,000 in aid had been given in past fiscal year to a monthly peak of approximately 300,000 persons
- 3. Social Security Amendments -- First reduction in male retirement age (62); monthly minimum increased from \$33 to \$40; widows' benefits increased 10%, and eligibility requirements and retirement test liberalized. Result: nearly 5 million persons are receiving new or increased benefits. (Railroad Retirement Act similarly amended. Also Workman's Compensation benefits increased for longshoremen and harbor workers.)
- 4. Public Welfare Improvements -- The first major revision since 1950, stressing rehabilitation and training instead of continued dependency. (First Federally authorized Day Care Program for children of working mothers also provided.)
 -- 85% of the Republicans in the House voted to recommit
- 5. Health Clinics for Migratory Workers -- First breakthrough in legislation to help 1,000,000 domestic migrant workers and dependents. (Also built safeguards to protect rights and standards of American workers into the Mexican farm labor program.)
- 6. Compensation for Disabled Veterans -- First increase in compensation for 2 million disabled veterans since 1957. Benefits will total about \$98 million the first year and slightly less in succeeding years. (Also enacted Vocational Rehabilitation program for peacetime ex-servicemen who suffered service-connected disability -- the first time peacetime veterans have received this assistance; and strengthened veterans reemployment rights.)

7. Mass immunization -- For the first time the Federal Government will assist States and communities in organizing, financing, and conducting intensive immunization campaigns against polio, diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus, with the objective of eliminating these public health problems.

VI. Improving our Cities and Towns

- 1. The Housing Act of 1961 -- represents the most comprehensive and far-reaching housing program in Congressional history
 - -- Major expansion of urban renewal, public housing, housing for the elderly
 - -- First major middle-income housing (low-interest, 50-year loans)
 - -- First aid to local mass transit
 - -- First protection of open spaces in urban areas
 - -- Stimulus to home improvement with larger loans, at lower interest, over longer period of time
 - -- 95% of Republicans in House voted to recommit
 - -- 87% of Republicans in Senate voted to recommit
- 2. Water Pollution Control -- 5 year doubling of program, to benefit ultimately 5,000 communities. 754 grants have already been made to municipalities serving over 7 million people. New approach increases Federal responsibility, research, grants to local communities, and demonstration grants
 - -- 85% of Republicans in House voted to recommit with instructions to reduce grant funds by 25%
- 3. Community Health Facilities -- Increased funds for building nursing homes for the aged, and encouraging other community health services (such as out-patient clinics) for 17 million senior citizens and for the chronically ill. Construction of 50 more nursing homes with 2,500 beds have been started in the past year.

- 4. Federal Airport Act -- 3-year program of expanded assistance to airports to increase air safety and improve air facilities (this program had been scheduled for abolition).
- 5. Air Pollution -- Continuation of federal attack on this menace to health and urban living.

VII. Improving our Farms and Rural Life

Legislative and administrative action helped increase farm income 10% to an 8-year high, reduced feed grain and wheat surpluses 700 million bushels, without any significant increase in food prices. By 1964 we will have 400,000,000 fewer bushels of wheat and over a billion fewer bushels of feed grains.

- 1. 1961 Omnibus Farm Bill, following and continuing the Emergency Feed Grain Bill, was the most comprehensive farm legislation since 1938, with expanded use of marketing orders, first wheat and feed grain programs since World War 11, extended the great plains conservation program, extended the school milk program, and increased food for peace. Savings to taxpayers estimated at over \$1 billion on wheat and feed grain program (both emergency and omnibus bill).
 - -- 98% of Republicans in House against emergency feed grain bill -- 62% of Republicans in Senate against emergency feed grain bill
- 2. 1962 Farm Bill -- equally far-reaching -- establishes permanent wheat program sought by farmers for 10 years, to take effect in 1964; continues for 1963 the wheat and feed grain programs successful in 1961 and 1962; establishes concept that land retired from crop production shall not be left idle but shall be put to new recreational or other use.
 - -- 99% of Republicans in House voted to recommit the 1962 farm bill
 - -- 97% of Republicans in Senate voted against the 1962 farm bill
- 3. Rural Housing -- Housing Act of 1961 extended to non-farm rural residents guaranteed home loans which have long been available to city people.

Senior Citizens Housing Act -- long-term loan and loan insurance program to enable rural residents over 62, on farms and in small towns, to obtain low-interest, long-term loans to construct or buy new homes or modernize old ones.

Administered through the Farmers Home Administration, these programs give an enormous boost to the rural economy.

4. Agriculture Appropriations -- to make possible increased REA loans, Federal Crop Insurance covering 100 more counties and three more crops, better quality food distribution reaching over two million more needy at home than was the case in 1960 and a pilot food stamp program, expanded school lunch program to feed nearly 1.5 million more children, expanded special milk programs to 4000 more schools and institutions, a record number of home ownership and other farm loans, nearly a 50% increase in forest research, increased appropriation for forest roads and trails, and a 75% acceleration of small watershed projects.

VIII. Making the Most of Our Natural Resources and Energy

- 1. Three National Seashores created -- Cape Cod on the Atlantic, Point Reyes on the Pacific, and Padre Island on the Gulf. These represent the first major additions to our coast-to=coast National Park system in 16 years -- more seashore parks, in fact, than all those previously authorized in history. Cape Cod alone represents more acreage than was added to the system in the entire preceding 8 years. -- 45% of Republicans in the House voted against Cape Cod bill
- Nine new Reclamation projects, including two major authorizations -- Fryingpan-Arkansas (\$171 million) and San Juan Chama project and Navajo Indian project (\$220 million). This is the first Congress in history to authorize two major (over \$100 million) new reclamation projects in one session. Total national investment during this Congress in the conservation of our water resources has reached an all time high -- more than 2 1/2 billion dollars.
- 3. Hanford Reactor in AEC Authorization -- Using instead of wasting steam from this reactor makes possible the world's largest atomic electric power plant. Equal in power capacity to 2 Bonneville dams. -- 62% of Republicans in House voted to recommit
- 4. Wetlands Acquisition Act -- 7 year self-financing program for acquisition of wetlands. Eleven new waterfowl refuges to be established under this and other acts -- more than any period in recent history -- a major national effort to preserve our rapidly vanishing migratory waterfowl.
- 5. Saline Water -- Converted minor year-to-year program into 75 million, 6 year program to achieve major breakthrough.

IX. Promoting Justice and Civil Rights

- 1. Anti-Crime Legislation -- 6 bills to combat organized crime passed in the first significant legislative attack on organized crime since 1934. The ban on transmitting gambling information, for example, was sought 35 times in the past 53 years without success. Over 4,000 investigations have now been instituted by the F.B.I. under these new laws. (F.B.I. Director J. Edgar Hoover said: "Several wire services which were actually the 'lifeline' of gambling operations suddenly discontinued their activities with the signing into law of this new legislation." A national publication commented -- "bookmakers all over the country are up against it as they never have been before.")
- 2. Combatting Juvenile Delinquency -- First federal support program after 8 years of legislative attempts. 16 cities have already received grants. 26 other grants have been made to universities and other organizations to train workers to combat juvenile delinquency.
- 3. 73 Federal Judgeships Created -- Pursuant to recommendations of Judicial Conference.
- 4. Poll Tax Constitutional Amendment -- After 20 years of Congressional effort.
- 5. Civil Rights Commission -- 2 year extension
- 6. Repeal of Non-Communist Affidavit in student loan and fellowship programs -- useless oath was preventing many colleges from participating.

X. Providing Consumer Protection and Opportunities

- 1. New Drug Safeguards -- First major drug amendments to the food and drug Act since 1938 -- More thorough factory inspection, and a requirement that drugs be effective as well as safe, finally adopted after being proposed 24 years ago. Will improve quality and safety of drugs and help reduce their price.
- 2. Educational TV -- First Federal grant program to encourage use of television channels for educational purposes.
- 3. All-channel receiver legislation -- Provides wider choice for viewers in all localities and spurs development of television by encouraging investment in UHF stations.

- 4. Pension and Welfare Disclosure -- Millions of Americans covered by these plans now can be assured of accurate and full disclosures -- Safeguards and tighter enforcement enacted, after being rejected in previous Congresses.
- 5. New National Institute of Child Health and Human Development -Research is focused upon the growth process rather than upon specific diseases.

XI. Streamlining Government

- 1. Federal Pay Reform and Increases -- Accomplishes structural reform of Federal statutory white collar salary systems, following the principle of comparability with private enterprise salaries and the principle of equal pay for equal work.
- 2. Postal Rate Modifications -- Substantially reduce the postal deficit and place the Department on a sounder financial basis.
- 3. Reorganization Act and Plans -- Act renewed 5 of 9 plans adopted without change, 2 adopted with minor changes through legislation. Reorganizations coordinated Federal scientific and technical programs through new Office of Science and Technology; and provided for more expeditious and effective functioning of regulatory agencies, maritime programs and Home Loan Bank Board.
- 4. Highway Trust Fund -- Placed on a sound financial basis the greatest public work program of all time, calling for 37 billion dollars in expenditures to complete 41,000 miles of interstate highways by 1972. More of cost shifted to users. Anti-billboard provisions retained. (Regular ABC Highway Act strengthened by provisions for displaced families and community transportation planning.)
- 5. Conflict of Interest legislation -- Modernizes and makes more effective ban on government employees serving two masters.

MAJOR LEGISLATION

KENNEDY

87th	Congress	ω	ist	Session

87th Congress - 1st Session			
Recommended	Approved	No Action	Percentage
53	33	20	62%
87th Congress - 2nd Session	Action N Yet Comp		
54	40 12	2	74%
	EISENHOWER		
84th Congress - 1st Session			
Recommended	Approved	No Action	Percentage
59	23	36	39%
84th Congress - 2nd Session	<u>1</u>		
57	22	35	38%
	EISENHOWER	(4)	
83rd Congress - 1st Session			
Recommended	Approved	No Action	Percentage
23	12	11	52%
83rd Congress - 2nd Session	n		
42	17	25	40%

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 87th CONGRESS - 1st SESSION

DEGREE OF REPUBLICAN OPPOSITION ON KEY ISSUES

Area Redevelopment	Percentage of Opposition
S. 1, Passage. Passed by vote of 251 Yeas (208D-43R) to 167 Nays (42D-125R). March 29, 1961	74.6%
S. 1, Conference Report. Adopted by vote of 223 Yeas (192D-31R) to 193 Nays (56D-137R). April 26, 1961	81.5%
Minimum Wage	
H. R. 3935, Passage. Passed by vote of 340 Yeas (207D-133R) to 78 Nays (43D-35R). March 24, 1961	20.8%
H.R. 3935, Minimum Wage, Adoption of Conferent Report by vote of 230 Yeas (197D-33R) to 196 Nays (58D-138R). May 3, 1961	ace 80.7%
Housing	
S. 1922, Passage. Passed by vote of 235 Yeas (210D-25R) to 178 Nays (38D-140R). June 22, 1961	84.8%
Water Pollution	
H.R. 6641, Motion to recommit rejected by vote of 165 Yeas (21D-144R) to 256 Nays (232D-24R) May 3, 1961	of 85.7%

Percentage of Opposition

Juvenile Delinquency

H.R. 8028, Griffin Amendment to restrict grants to the Districts of Columbia rejected by vote of 187 Yeas (55D-132R) to 217 Nays (188D-29R). August 30, 1961

81.9%

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 87th CONGRESS - 2nd SESSION

DEGREE OF REPUBLICAN OPPOSITION ON KEY ISSUES

	Percentage of Opposition
Long-term Foreign Aid	
S. 2996, Conference Report adopted by vote of 221 Yeas (163D-58R) to 162 Nays (65D-97R). July 24, 1962	62.5%
H.R. 13175, Recommittal motion rejected by vote of 190 Yeas (65D-125R) to 203 Nays (169D-34 September 20, 1962	
Increased Social Security H.R. 10606, Recommittal motion rejected by of 155 Yeas (11D-144R) to 232 Nays (214D-18R)	vote 88.8%
March 15, 1962 Public Works Acceleration	
H.R. 10113, Motion to recommit rejected by of 192 Yeas (44D-148R) to 221 Nays (202-D-19R) August 29, 1962	vote 88.6%
Trade Expansion H.R. 11970, Motion to recommit rejected by of 171 Yeas (44D-127R) to 253 Nays (210D-43R) June 28, 1962	vote 74.7%

Reduction of Feed Grain and Wheat Surpluses

H.R. 11222, voted to recommit by vote of 215 Yeas 99.4% (48D-167R) to 205 Nays (204D-1R). June 21, 1962

H.R. 12391, Passage. By vote of 229 Yeas (199D- 80.7% 30R) to 163 Nays (37D-126R). July 19, 1962

H.R. 12391, Conference Report adopted by vote 98.7% of 202 Yeas (200D-2R) to 197 Nays (37D-160R).
September 20, 1962

Tax Reform

H.R. 10650, Recommittal motion rejected by vote of 190 Yeas (27D-163R) to 225 Nays (225D-0R).

March 29, 1962

H.R. 10650, Passage. Passed on vote of 219 Yeas 99.3% (218D-1R) to 196 Nays (34D-162R). March 29, 1962

UNITED STATES SENATE 87th CONGRESS - 1st SESSION

DEGREE OF REPUBLICAN OPPOSITION ON KEY ISSUES

	Percentage of
Area Redevelopment	Opposition
S. 1. Scott amendment rejected by vote of 31 Yeas (4D-27R) to 57 Nays (53D-4R). March 15, 1961	87%
S. 1, Passage. Passed by vote of 63 Yeas (48D-15R) to 27 Nays (11D-16R). March 15, 1961	51.6%
Minimum Wage	
H.R. 3935, Dirksen amendment rejected by vote of 34 Yeas (10D-24R) to 63 Nays (53D-10P). April 18, 1961.	70.5%
H. R. 3935, Passed by vote of 65Yeas (51D-14R) to 28 Nays (11D-17R). April 20, 1961	58,8%
Housing	
S. 1922, Bush motion to recommit rejected by vote of 42 Yeas (15D-27R) to 47 Nays (43D-4R). June 28, 1961	87%
Agriculture	
H.R. 4510, Feed Grains. Conference Report adopted by vote of 58 Yeas (47D-11R) to 31 Nays (9D-22R). March 22, 1961	66-2/3%

International Affairs and Finance

H. R. 6518, Latin-American Aid. Adopted Conference report by vote of 41 Yeas (33D-8R) to 26
Nays (6D-20R). May 25, 1961

S. 2000, Peace Corps. Hickenlooper amendment rejected by vote of 32 Yeas (8D-24R) to 59 Nays (51D-8R). August 24, 1961

S. 2180, Arms Control Agency. Goldwater 74.1% amendment rejected by vote of 43 Yeas (20D-23R) to 46 Nays (38D-8R). September 9, 1961

UNITED STATES SENATE 87th CONGRESS - 2nd SESSION

DEGREE OF REPUBLICAN OPPOSITION ON KEY ISSUES

	Percentage of Opposition
Agriculture	
S. 3225, Farm Program. Ellender amendment adopted by vote of 46 Yeas (46D-0R) to 37 Nays (8D-29R). May 24, 1962	100%
S. 3225, Farm Program. Passed by vote of 42 Yeas (41D-1R) to 38 Nays (8D-30R). May 25, 1962	96.7%
H.R. 12391, Food and Agriculture Act of 1962. Conference report adopted by vote of 52 Yeas (52D-0R) to 41 Nays (7D-34R). September 25, 1962	100%
Public Works Acceleration	
S. 2965, Standby Public Works, Kerr amendment adopted by vote of 43 Yeas (42D-1R) to 32 Nays (4D-28R). May 28, 1962	96.5%
S. 2965, Standby Public Works passed by vote of 44 Yeas (39D-5R) to 32 Nays (8D-24R). May 28, 1962	82.7%
Increased Social Security	
H.R. 10606, Social Security-Medicare. Saltonstall amendment rejected by vote of 34 Yeas (7D-27R) to 50 Nays (46D-4R). July 12, 1962	87.2%

Trade Expansion

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H.R. 11970, Trade Expansion Act of 1962. Bush amendment rejected by vote of 38 Yeas (13D-25R) to 40 Nays (40D-0R). September 18, 1962

100%

General Government

H.R. 11990, Debt Limit Increase. Passed by vote of 55 Yeas (43D-12R) to 34 Nays (14D-20R).
June 28, 1962

62.5%

87th Congress - 1st Session 1961

Total major recommendations	•		9	0		0	0	0	53
Enacted into law		0			0	0			33
Rejected by one or the other									
House or no action taken			0	٠		0		0	20
Total percentage									

	Recommended	Approved	No Action	Percentage
National Security	2	2	0	100%
International Affairs and Finance	8	7	1	87.5%
Commerce, Housing, and Space Technology	6	4	2	67%
Agriculture	4	4	0	100%
Natural Resources	4	2	2	50%
Labor and Welfare	20	10	10	50%
General Government	9	4.	5	44%

87th Congress-1st Session 1961

MAJOR LEGISLATION APPROVED

NATIONAL SECURITY

- Authorize additional appropriations for aircraft, missiles and naval vessels for Armed Forces
- 2. Authorize the President to order units and members in the Ready Reserve to active duty for not more than 12 months

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS AND FINANCE

- 3. Establish a permanent Peace Corps
- 4. Establish a strengthened and enlarged Disarmament Administration
- 5. Authorize a new AID (Act for International Development) agency and program
- 6. Authorize a 10-year social and economic plans for the Americas (Alliance for Progress)
- 7. Encourage travel to the United States (establish Office of International Travel)
- 8. Reduce temporarily the exemption from duty enjoyed by returning residents
- 9. Ratify U.S. Canada Columbia River Development Treaty

COMMERCE, HOUSING, AND SPACE TECHNOLOGY

- 10. Establish an effective program to alleviate conditions of substantial and persistent unemployment and under-employment in certain economically distressed areas
- 11. Make certain adjustments in the Federal-Aid highway program
- 12. Assist in the provision of housing for moderate and low income families, promote orderly urban development, extend and amend laws relating to housing, urban renewal, and community facilities
- Provide a 5-year extension of the Federal Airport Act (expired 6/30/61)

Kennedy 87th Congress - 1st Session Major Legislation Approved

AGRICULTURE

- 14. Provide a special program for feed grains for 1961
- 15. Extend the Sugar Act of 1958 as amended
- 16. Authorize an additional \$2 billion for this calendar year under Title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 as amended (P. L. 83-480)
- 17. Enact the Agricultural Enabling Amendments Act of 1961

NATURAL RESOURCES

- 18. Extend and expand the current saline water conversion program
- 19. Cape Cod

LABOR AND WELFARE

- 20. Establish temporary program for payment of additional unemployment compensation to workers who have exhausted their benefits
- 21. Provide aid to dependent children of the unemployed on a temporary basis
- 22. Raise minimum wage to \$1.15 immediately and to \$1.25 within 2 years; extend coverage of Fair Labor Standards Act to several million workers not now covered
- 23. Improve Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Program
- 24. Enact community health facilities legislation
- 25. Provide a more effective water pollution control program
- 26. Amend and expand the student loan and other provisions of the National Defense Education Act (expires 6/30/62)
- 27. Anti-Crime legislation
- 28. Juvenile Delinquency
- 29. Authorize additional Assistant Secretary in the Department of Labor

Kennedy 87th Congress - 1st Session Major Legislation Approved

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

- 30. Provide for reorganization in the Civil Aeronautics Board (Reorganization Plan #3 of 1961)
- 31. Provide for reorganization in the Federal Trade Commission (Reorganization Plan #4 of 1961)
- 32. Provide for reorganization in the Federal Home Loan Bank Board (Reorganization Plan #6 of 1961)
- 33. Provide for reorganization of maritime functions (Reorganization Plan #7 of 1961)

KENNEDY 87th Congress - 1st Session 1961

MAJOR LEGISLATION DISAPPROVED OR NOT ACTED UPON

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS AND FINANCE

1. Authorize payment of certain Philippine war damage claims

COMMERCE, HOUSING, AND SPACE TECHNOLOGY

- 2. Increase postal rates, effective July 1
- 3. Authorize an additional Assistant Secretary of Commerce

NATURAL RESOURCES

- 4. Establish shoreline areas
- 5. Enact a wilderness protection bill

LABOR AND WELFARE

- 6. Amend the Welfare and Pension Plan Disclosure Act with respect to method of enforcement and provide certain additional sanctions
- 7. Enact Manpower Development and Training Act of 1961
- 8. Enact Youth Employment Opportunities Act of 1961
- 9. Enact health insurance program (free choice of doctor and hospital) for all persons aged 65 and over who are eligible for social security or railroad retirement benefits
- 10. Establish National Institutes of Child Health and Human Development in National Institutes of Health
- 11. Authorize additional assistance to medical and dental schools
- 12. Authorize additional assistance to institutions of higher learning
- 13. Authorize educational TV
- 14. Enact 3-year program of general Federal assistance for public elementary and secondary classroom construction and teachers' salaries

Kennedy 87th Congress - 1st Session Major Legislation - Disapproved

LABOR AND WELFARE (Continued)

15. Provide effective air pollution control program

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

- Provide for reorganization in Federal Communications Commission (Plan #2)
- 17. Enact essential income tax changes
- 18. Provide for reorganization in the Securities and Exchange Commission (Plan #1)
- 19. Provide for reorganization in National Labor Relations Board (Plan #5)
- 20. Abolish poll tax amend the Constitution

87th Congress - 2nd Session 1962

Total major recommendations	54
Enacted into law or	
anticipate approval	40
Rejected by one or the other House	
or no action taken	2
Action not yet completed	12
Total percentage to date	74%
•	

	Recommended	Approved	Rejected	Action Not Completed
National Security	4	3	0	1
International Affairs	10	9	0	1
Commerce, Housing and Technology	6	5	0	, 1
Agriculture	1	1	0	0
Natural Resources	7	5	0	2
Labor and Welfare	17	9	1	7
General Government	9	8	1	0

87th Congress - 2nd Session

MAJOR LEGISLATION APPROVED AND *ANTICIPATED WILL BE APPROVED

NATIONAL SECURITY

- 1. U. N. Bond Issue
- 2. Mutual Security
- 3. Authorizing the President to order Reserve units of the Ready Reserve

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS AND FINANCE

- 4. Enlarging Peace Corps
- 5. Customs Simplification
- 6. IMF Loan Fund
- 7. Refugee Resettlement
- 8. International Wheat Agreement (Treaty)
- 9. Philippine War Damage
- 10. International Wheat Agreement Act
- 11. Reciprocal Trade and Trade Adjustment
- 12. Tax Reform

COMMERCE, HOUSING AND SPACE TECHNOLOGY

- 13. Additional Assistant Secretary of Commerce
- 14. FCC-UHF Conversion
- 15. Communications Satellite
- *16. ABC Highways
 - 17. AEC Authorization (Hanford Reactor)

AGRICULTURE

18. Farm Bill

Kennedy 87th Congress - 2nd Session Major Legislation Approved and Anticipated will be approved

2

NATURAL RESOURCES

- 19. San Juan-Chama and Navajo Projects
- 20. Fryingpan-Arkansas Project
- 21. Arbuckle Project Oklahoma
- 22. Point Reyes
- 23. Padre Island

LABOR AND WELFARE

- 24. Manpower Development and Training
- 25. Pension and Welfare Disclosure
- 26. Educational TV
- 27. Public Welfare
- 28. Drug Labeling Bill
- 29. Increased compensation for 2 million disabled veterans
- 30. Public Works Acceleration
- 31. Mass Immunization
- 32. Conflict Of Interest

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

- 33. Reorganization Plan #2 (Science and Technology)
- 34. Poll Tax Constitutional Amendment
- 35. SEC Reorganization Plan
- 36. Postal Rate Modification
- 37. Federal Pay Reform
- 38. Slot Machine Act
- 39. New National Institute for Child Health, etc.
- 40. Civil Investigative Demand

KENNEDY

87th Congress - 2nd Session 1962

MAJOR LEGISLATION ACTION NOT YET COMPLETED

NATIONAL SECURITY

1. Civil Defense

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

2. Standby Tax Authority

COMMERCE, HOUSING AND SPACE TECHNOLOGY

3. Mass Transportation

NATURAL RESOURCES

- 4. Wilderness Bill
- 5. Outdoor Recreation Land Conservation Program

LABOR AND WELFARE

- 6. College Aid and Scholarships
- 7. Federal Aid To Education
- 8. Youth Employment Opportunities Act
- 9. Aid to Medical Education and Research
- 10. Adult Basic Education Act
- 11. Educational Improvement Act (Teacher Quality)
- 12. Temporary Unemployment Compensation

87th Congress - 2nd Session 1962

MAJOR LEGISLATION DISAPPROVED OR NOT ACTED UPON

LABOR AND WELFARE

1. Health Care For Older Citizens

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

2. Department of Urban Affairs

SELECTED ROLLCALL VOTES -- 87TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION

Legislative Analysis Memorandum #61-100

The following pages report the recorded votes by which Senators and Congressman of the 87th Congress, 1st Session, supported or opposed various parts of the Farmers Union Legislative program as the issues came up for decision during the year 1961.

Similar reports for selected rollcalls are available for previous sessions of Congress. (LAM #60-100 for entire 86th Congress; LAM #58-100 for 85th Congress; LAM #60-200 long-term voting records; and a complete tabulation for 84th, 83rd, and 82nd Congresses.)

Legislation is passed in Congress in several ways -- by unamimous consent, by voice vote, by teller vote, by division, and by rollcall vote. Only the rollcall vote is recorded; how a member voted when the decision on an issue was made by any of the other types of procedure cannot be documented. Only the rollcalls provide a means to establish the documented public record of where a Senator or a Representative stands on the several issues.

The rollcalls selected for this tabulation were determined concurrently with actions of Congress during this Session. Thus this compilation is a accumulation of records selected for significance to Farmers Union for day-to-day and week-to-week as the legislative panorama unfolded. The listing thus represents recorded issues which were deemed significant by Farmers Union at the time the issues were under active consideration by Congress and not the result of special selection after Congress adjourned.

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

87th Congress, 1st Session

KEY

- + Supported Farmers Union position.
- Opposed Farmers Union position.
- P+ Paired in support of Farmers Union position.
- P- Paired against Farmers Union position.
- A+ Announced in support of Farmers Union position.
- A- Announced opposed to Farmers Union position.
- AU Absent and Unannounced.
- 1. ADDITION OF THREE MEMBERS TO HOUSE RULES COMMITTEE (H. R. 127), Congressional Record, 1/31/61, p. 1518. Addition of three members to House Rules Committee designed to break-through roadblocks to House consideration of bills such as Federal aid-to-education bill blocked by Rules Committee during 86th Congress. Passed: 217-212. A "YEA" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #5).
- 2. MOTION TO RECOMMIT EMERGENCY FEED GRAINS PROGRAM (H. R. 4510), Congressional Record, 3/9/61, p. 3436. Thus killing the emergency feed grains program recommended by Secretary of Agriculture Freeman. Defeated: 214-196. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #13).
- 3. MINIMUM WAGE INCREASE (H. R. 3935), Congressional Record, 3/24/61, p. 4528. To adopt the Kitchin-Ayres amendment which would extend protection to only 1.4 million workers instead of 3.8 million, and raise the minimum wage to only \$1.15 instead of \$1.25, as called for in Kennedy-backed bill. Passed: 216-203. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #27).
- 4. AREA REDEVELOPMENT ACT (S. 1), Congressional Record, 3/29/61, p. 4954. To establish an effective program to alleviate conditions of substantial and persistent unemployment and underemployment in certain economically distressed areas. Passed: 251-167. A "YEA" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #33).
- 5. MOTION TO RECOMMIT H. R. 6094 Congressional Record, 5/11/61, p. 7357. The purpose of which is to increase the authorization of the Council of Economic Advisors to the President from \$345,000 to \$2,000,000. Defeated: 196-151. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #54).
- 6. SOCIAL SECURITY AMENDMENTS (H. R. 6027), Congressional Record, 4/20/61, p. 6117. To improve benefits under the old-age and surivors, and disability insurance program by increasing minimum benefits and aged widow benefits and by making additional persons eligible for benefits under the program. Passed: 400-14. A "YEA" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #40).
- 7. AREA REDEVELOPMENT BILL (S. 1), Congressional Record, 4/26/61, p. 6306. House agreed to Area Redevelopment Bill. Passed: 223-193. A "YEA" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #44).

- 8. FINAL CONFERENCE REPORT ON FAIR LABOR STANDARDS AMENDMENTS OF 1961 (H.R. 3935), Congressional Record, 5/3/61, p. 6725. Increased minimum wage for 24 million workers now covered to \$1.15 four months after enactment and to \$1.25 two years later; also extended coverage to 3.6 million more workers. Passed: 230-196. A "YEA" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #46).
- 9. FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1961 (H. R. 6441), Congressional Record, 5/3/61, p. 6729. House rejected a recommital motion on Federal Water Pollution Control Act which would have reduced the authorization from \$100 million to \$75 million and required States after June, 1954, to match all funds in excess of \$50 million. Defeated: 256-165. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #47).
- 10. REUSS AMENDMENT ON AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM (H. R. 7444), Congressional Record, 6/6/61, p. 8959. To reduce the \$250 million from the Agricultural Conservation Program to \$150 million. Defeated: 196-184. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #70).
- 11. HOUSING ACT OF 1961 (H. R. 6028), Congressional Record, 6/22/61, p. 10350. McDonough (R-Calif.) motion to recomit the bill with instructions that the Banking and Currency Committee report out a substitute bill extending existing programs for one year, with a \$1.1 billion authorization. (Farm Housing Program extended for four years with \$407 million in Treasury borrowing authorized). Defeated: 215-197. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Roll-call Vote #95).
- 12. CONFERENCE REPORT OF THE AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1961 (S. 1643), Congressional Record, 8/3/61, p. 13548. On the adoption of the Senate-House Conference Report of the Agricultura Act of 1961. Passed: 224-170. A "YEA" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #130).
- 13. HANFORD, WASHINGTON REACTOR MOTION (H. R. 7576), Congressional Record, 8/8/61, p. 13907. Motion offered by Cannon (D-Mo.) which would have killed motion by Van Zandt (R-Pa.) to instruct conferees not to agree to electric generation facilities for the new production reactor, Hanford, Washington, \$95 million as contained in the Senate amendment to H. R. 7576. Defeated: 235-164. A "YEA" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #135).

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

ROLLCALL VOTES					87t	h Cong	gress							
STATE									************					
ATADAMA		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
ALABAMA 1. Boykin, F.	(D)													
2. Grant, G.	(D)		+		+		<u>+</u>			_+_	+	+		-
3. Andrews, G.			+		+	<u>+</u>	+			<u>+</u>	AU	AU	<u>+</u>	
4. Roberts, K	. (D)		+		+ _	+ AU	<u>+</u>	D.	-	+	<u>+</u>	+	+	
5. Rains, A.	(D)		+	+	+	AU	+	P+	+	+	<u>P+</u>	P+	AU	P+
6. Selden, A.			+		+	+	+	+	+	+	<u>P+</u>	t	<u>+</u>	P+
7. Elliott, C			+	+	+	+		-	-	+	+	<u>+</u>	+	-
8. Jones, R.	(D)		+	+		+	+	+	+	+ _	+	+	+	_+_
9. Huddleston			+	+			+	+	+	+	<u>+</u> _	+		<u>+</u>
7. Haddlescon	,Gab)	-		+	<u>+</u> _	+	+			_ _	+	±_	t_	P-
ALASKA	(=)													
AL. Rivers, R.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+_	+
ARIZONA 1. Rhodes, J.	(R)													
2. Udall, M. 2	/(n)									-		+	P-	+
 Gathings, F Mills, W. 	(D)	+	+	-	-+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+ +	-
3. Trimble, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
4. Harris, O.	(D)	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-
5. Alford, D.	(D)	+	-	-	-	P-	+	-	-	+	+	-	AU	=
6. Norrell, C. 1	L/(D)					+	AU	-	-	+	+	P-	AU	-
CALIFORNIA														
1. Miller, C.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	_+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+
2. Johnson, H.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
3. Moss, J. E.		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
4. Mailliard, W		-	-	+	-	-	+	_	+	-	-		-	-
5. Shelley, J.		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
6. Baldwin, J.	(R)	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	
7. Cohelan, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
8. Miller, G.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	P-	P+		+
9. Younger, A.	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-		-
10. Gubser, C.	(R)	-	-	-	- "	-	+	-	-		+	P-	-	-
11. McFall, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+_	+
12. Sisk, B. F.	(D)		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
13. Teague, C.	(R)		-	-	-	-	+			-	+	-	-	
14. Hagen, H.	(D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
15. McDonough, G	.(R)	-	-	AU	P-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

^{1/} Assumed office April 18, 1961

^{2/} Assumed office May 2, 1961

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1
STATE	-	-		7	,	Ü		Ü	,	10	**	3.64	
CALIFORNIA (con't)													
16. Bell, A. (R)	-	-	400	-		+	*	-	-		400	- 10	- 01
17. King, C. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-		±_	4
18. Hosmer, C. (R)	-	P+	-	PR	-	+	-	-		P-	P-	-	
19. Holifield, C.(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P-	+	AU	4
20. Smith, H.A.(R)	-	-		-	-	+	-		-	-	-	-	
21. Hiestand, E. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22. Corman, J. (D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	4
23. Doyle, C. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
24. Lipscomb, G.(R)	-	P-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	
25. Rousselot, J. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		~	-	-	-	
26. Roosevelt, J.(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	P+	+	-
27. Sheppard, H.(D)	+	+	P+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	P-	P+		-
28, Utt, J. B. (R)			-		-	P-				AU		-	
29. Saund, D.S.(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	4
30. Wilson, B. (R)	-	***		-	-	+	-			-		-	
COLORADO													
Rogers, B. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	- 4
2. Dominick, P.(R)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	AU		+	
3. Chenoweth, E. (R)	P-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-
4. Aspinall,W.(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	_ ±
CONNECTICUT													
1. Daddario,E.(D)	+	_	+	+	P+	+	+	ac	+	_		4	
2. Seely-Brown (R)	+	+	+	+	- T	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3. Giaimo, R. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	- T	+	+	
4. Sibal, A. (R)	+	-			<u></u> _	+		+					-
Monagan, J.(D)	+	+	+					7.71					-
		+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+		+		-
	+			+	+	+_	+		+	-	+	_+_	4
DELAWARE AL. McDowell, H. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+_	+_		+	_	- 3
								-					
LORIDA W (P)	<u>~</u>	627	997	20						ATT		D	
Cramer, W. (R)				-		+		-		AU		P-	
Bennett, C. (D)		+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	D.	+	-	-
3. Sikes, R. (D)	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	P+			-
Fascell,D. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-			-
Herlong, A.(D)	-	-	-	-	+		•	-	+	P+	•	•	_:
Rogers, P. (D)	-	+	-	+	+	+_	+		+		_+_	-	-
7. Haley, J. (D)				-	-	+	-	-	•		_=_	-	
8. Matthews, B. (D)	-	+	-	+	+	+		-	+	+	+	+	

STATE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
GEORGIA				8									
1. Hagan, E.	(D) -						12	ATT	A ***	- 2		2	
2. Pilcher, J.	(D) +	_+	-	_+	A **			AU	AU	<u>+</u> _		+	AVV
3. Forrester, E.L.		+	-	+	AU	+	+		_+_	P+	+	AU	AU
4. Flynt, J. J.		+		40	AU	+	-		+		AU	+	
5. Davis, J. C.	15	+	-		~	+	_±_		+		AU	AU	
6. Vinson, C.		**		-	ATT	AU		-	*	+			A
7. Davis, J. W.	(D) +	+	+	_±	AU	<u>+</u>		_+	+	AU			AU
8. Blitch, I.F.	151	AU	-		+	+	- n	+	+	+		P.	-
9. Landrum, P.M.	101		- n	-	AU	+	P	**	+	AU		AU	-
10. Stephens, R.G.		+	P-	+	AU	AU	+	_+					-
io. stephens, k.G.	(D) -	+	-		+	_±	-	10	+		+_		
HAWAII													
AL. Inouye, D. K.	(D) +		+	_+	AU		_±	+	+				
IDAHO													
l. Pfost, G.	(D) +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
2. Harding, R. R.	(D) +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+
II I TWOTE													
ILLINOIS	(n)	1.31											
1. Dawson, W. L.	(D) +	_+					+						
2. O'Hara, B.	(D) +		_±_	<u>+</u> .	+			_+_	±				
Murphy, W. T.	(D) +		+	+			+	_±_				+_	+
Derwinski, E.	(R) -	-	-		-	+	-	-		- or	10		**
Kluczynski, J.	(D) +	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+					
6. O'Brien, T.	(D) +	_+	+	+		+	+	+					
7. Libonati, R.	(D) +	+	+	+	P+	+	_+_	_+_	+				
Rostenkowski,D.	(D) +	+	+	+		+		±		10			P+
Yates, S. R.	(D) +	+		+	P+	+			<u>+</u>				
10. Collier, H.	(R) -	**	**	-	-	+	-	100	-		86		-
11. Pucinski, R.	(D) +	_+_	+	+	+	<u>+</u>	_+_	+	+	-	±		+
12. Finnegan, E.	(D) +	+	+	_+_	AU	+		+		-		+	
13. Church, M. S.	(R) -		-	-			-						
4. Hoffman, E.	(R) -	-	-	-	-	**	-	-	-	-			
15. Mason, N.M.	(R) -	-	-	-	-	P-	-	***	-	P-	P-	P-	
l6. Anderson, J.	(R) -	-	40	-	**	+	-			-			
7. Arends, L. C.	(R) -	•	40	•	**	+	-	-	-	AU		+	
18. Michel, R.	(R) -	-	66	-	-				-		P-		
19. Chiperfield,R.	(R) -	-		-		+		**	-	AU			
20. Findley, P.	(R) -	*	- 60	-			-	**	AU				
21. Mack, P. F.	(D) +	+	+	+	+	_ +_	+	+	+	+			+
22. Springer, W.	(R) -	-	**	-	-	+	***	-		+		+	
23. Shipley, G.	(D) +	+	+	+	+	+	_±_	+	+	<u>+</u>	+		±
24. Price, M.	(D) +	+	<u>+</u>	_±_		+	+		_+_		+	-	+
25. Gray, K. J.	(D) +	+	_+_	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	AU	

														H-6	
U.	S. House of Repr	resen		.,					To ITT Inches				11	12	13
STA	ATE		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
TNI	DIANA														
1.	Madden, R.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+
2.	Halleck, C.	(R)	-	-	-	-	P-	+	-	-	-	AU	-		-
3.	Brademas, J.	(D)	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	
	Adair, E. R.	(R)	-	-	_	-		+		-	-	AU		-	
	Roush, J.E. 1/	(D)	-						-	-			+	+	+ - +
6.		(R)	-		-		P-	+		-	-	+		+	
7.		(R)	-	-		+	AU	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	
8.		(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
9.	Wilson, E.	-	-	-		-	AU	+		-		+		+	
mismissiper w	Harvey, Ralph	(R)	-	-				+	-			+	-	+	-
	Bruce, D. C.	(R)			-			+	10	-		-	-	-	_
00 sta (Didde, Dr. Or	(4)				-									
LOW		(n)													
1.	Schwengel, F.	(R)		-	+			+	*						
2.	Bromwell, J.	(R)	-	-	-		-	+	-	-		-	-	+	
3.	Gross, H. R.	(R)	-	-	*	-	-	+	-	~	-	-	-	+	-
+ .	Kyl, John	(R)	-		-	-	-	+	-		+				
	Smith, N.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+_	+_	+	+
6.	Coad, M.	(D)	+	+	+	+	AU		+	+	+	+	P+	+	+
7.	Jensen, B. F.	(R)	-	AU	-		-	+	*	*	-	+_	**	+	-
8	Hoeven, C. B.	(R)	-		-	-		+	-	-		P+		+	P-
KAN	ISAS														
1.	Avery, W.	(R)	-	-	49	•	**	+		-	-	+	-	+	-
2.	Ellsworth, R.	(R)		-	-	-	-	+	-		-	•	-	•	-
3.	McVey, W. L.	(R)	**		-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-
4.	Shriver, G. E.	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+		+	-
5.	Breeding, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
6.	Dole, Robt.	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	•		19	+	•	-	-
KEN	TUCKY														
1.	Stubblefield, F	(D)	1	+		+	+	4	+	4	+	1	+	4	_
	Natcher, W.	(D)		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
2	MIGLETTEL 9 We			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	
	Burke F U	(13)	and the		T	T	T				+				+
3.	Burke, F. W.	(D)		-				4.							
1.	Chelf, F.	(D)	+	+	-	+ P+	+ ATT	+	+	+		+	+	+	
3. 4.	Chelf, F. Spence, B.	(D)	+	++	 _±	P+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
3. 4. 5.	Chelf, F. Spence, B. Watts, J. C.	(D) (D)	+ + +	+ + + +	- - - -	P+ +	AU +	++	+	+ +	++	+ +	+ +	+ +	<u>:</u>
3. 4. 5. 6.	Chelf, F. Spence, B. Watts, J. C. Perkins, C. D.	(D) (D) (D)	+ + + +	+ + + + +	+ +	P+ + +	AU + +	+ + + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + + +	+ + +	=
3. 4. 5. 6.	Chelf, F. Spence, B. Watts, J. C.	(D) (D)	+ + + +	+ + + +	- - - -	P+ +	AU +	++	+	+ +	++	+ +	+ +	+ +	=
3. 4. 5. 7. 8.	Chelf, F. Spence, B. Watts, J. C. Perkins, C. D. Siler, E.	(D) (D) (D) (D) (R)	+ + + -	+ + + + +	+ +	P+ + +	AU + +	+ + + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + + + - +	+ + + + +	=
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Chelf, F. Spence, B. Watts, J. C. Perkins, C. D. Siler, E.	(D) (D) (D)	+ + + -	+ + + + +	+ +	P+ + +	# + +	+ + + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + + +	+ + +	

^{1/} Congressman Roush assumed office June, 1961,

				data					4 07	. 1 . 0			H-/	
U. S. House of Repr	esen	tat		3		call 5	Vote 6	7	* 87 8	th Co	ngress 10	11	12	13
STATE		7	2	3	4	5	b	,	0	9	10	7.7	12	1.3
BIRIL														
LOUISIANA (Con't)														
3. Willis, E.	(D)	+	-	-	P+	AU	+	+	+	+	P+	-	+	P+
4. Brooks, O.	(D)	+	-	-	•	-	+		+	•	+	-	+	-
5. Passman, O.E.	(D)	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	AU	AU	-	+	-
6. Morrison, J.H.	(D)	+	P-	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
7. Thompson, T. A.	(D)	+	-	AU	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	-	P+	P+
8. McSween, H. B.	(D)	-	-		AU	+	+	-	AU	AU	+	-	AU	-
MAINE			- 2											
1. Garland, P.	(R)			-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-			-
2. Tupper, S. R.	(R)	-	-	-	+			+	-	+		-		
3. McIntire, C.	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-		-	+	-		•
MA DVT AND														
MARYLAND	(0)	20	12	120			22/4					1	als.	4
1. Johnson, T.	(D)	+	+					+		+	+	+	+	+
2. Brewster, D.	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	+	-	±_	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+
3. Garmatz, E.	(D)	+	+	<u>+</u>	+	P+ P+	+	+	+	+	P-	+	<u> </u>	+
4. Fallon, Geo. 5. Lankford, R.	(D)	+	P+	+	Name and Advanced	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
6. Mathias, C.	(R)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			+			+
7. Friedel, S.	(D)	+	+	+	— <u>T</u>		T +	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
7. 1110001, 0.	70/	T	T		T_	- T	T	-						
MASSACHUSETTS														
1. Conte, S.	(R)	+	-	+	-		+	-	+	+	AU	-	-	
2. Boland, E.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
3. Philbin, P.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
4. Donohue, H.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
5. Morse, F. B.	(R)	+	-	+	+		+	-	+	-	-		P-	+
6. Bates, W. H.	(R)	+		+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-		-
7. Lane, T. J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	
8. Macdonald, T.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	
9. Keith, H.	(R)	-	-		+	-	AU	-	+	-	-		-	•
10. Curtis, L.	(R)	-			-		+	-	-	-		-		*
11. O'Neill, T.P.	(D)	+	土					+			P-	+	+	
12. McCormack, J.	(D)	+	_ ±		+		+	+			P+	+	+	+
13. Burke, J. A.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+		+
14. Martin, J. W.	(R)	A+	-			**	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-
MICHICAN														
MICHIGAN T	(D)									ATT			- 4	
 Machrowicz, T. Meader, Geo. 	(R)	+							t.					
3. Johansen, A.	(R)				-		<u>+</u>					- :-		
4. Hoffman, C.	(R)	-					-	-	-	-		-		
5. Ford, G. R.	(R)	-		-		P-	+			-		-		-
6. Chamberlain, C.	(R)				+	P-				-	-		-	-
7. 0'Hara, J. G.	(D)	+	+	±		+	AU	+	+	-	+	+	+_	+
8. Harvey, J.	(R)					•	+			-			P-	
	1-1/							-	71010					

U. S. House of Repr		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
STATE														
MICHIGAN (Con't)														
9. Griffin, R.	(R)	-	•		-		+	-				-		
10. Cederberg, E.	(R)	-	-		-	P-	+	-	-	-		P-	P-	-
11. Knox, V. A.	(R)	-	10	-	-	P-	+	P-	-	-	AU	-	+	
12. Bennett, J. B.	(R)	AU		+	+		+	+	+	+	AU	AU	+	- - +
13. Diggs, Chas.	(D)	+	AU	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
14. Rabaut, L. C.	(D)	P+	P+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	P+
15. Dingell, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	-	+		+
16. Lesinski, J.	(D)	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	AU
17. Griffiths, M.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
18. Broomfield, W.	(R)		-	-	-		+	-	-	AU	-		-	
MINNESOTA														
1. Quie, A. H.	(R)	-	-	-		-	+	-	-		+	-	P+	_
2. Nelsen, A.	(R)	-	-		-	-	+	-	40		+	_	+	-
3. MacGregor, C.	(R)	-	-	-	+	-	P+	**		-	~	-	+	P-
4. Karth, J. E.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	Ŧ
5. Judd, W. H.	(R)		-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-		-	+	-
6. Marshall, F.	(D)	+	+	-	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
7. Andersen, H. C.	(R)	~	-	-	-	AU	+	-			+	-	+	+
8. Blatnik, J. A.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+ + +
9. Langen, Odin	(R)		-	-	-	-	+	-			+	-	+	-
			-	Spine Stepanie Age		-							-	
MISSISSIPPI														
1. Abernethy, T.	(D)	-	_+_		+	+	+			+	+		+	+
2. Whitten, J.	(D)		+	-	-	-	+	-		+	+	-	+	-
3. Smith, F. E.	(D)	-	+	-	+	+	+	AU	-	+	+	+	+	+
4. Williams, J.	(D)	-		-	-	-	+		10	-	+	-	+	-
5. Winstead, A.	(D)	-	+	-	-	AU	+	_	-	+	+		+	AU
6. Colmer, W. M.	(D)		-	_	-	+	+				+	-	+	-
									-					
MISSOURI														
1. Karsten, F.	(D)		+			+ P-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
2. Curtis, T.	(R)	+	P-	-	-	And in case of the	***	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3. Sullivan, L.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
4. Randall, W.	(D)	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
5. Bolling, R.	(D)	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+		+	+	+
6. Hull, W. R.	(D)	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	•	+	-
7. Hall, D. G.	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	P-
8. Ichord, R.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	Ŧ
9. Cannon, C.	(D)	+	+	+	AU	+	+	-	+	+	+	P-	AU	+
10. Jones, P. C.	(D)	-	+			+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	P+
11. Moulder, M.	(D)	+	+	+	P+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	P+
MONTANA														
MINITALIA														
1. Olsen, A.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			1980

U. S. House of Rep	resen				011		Vot	es **			ngress			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
STATE														
12221														
NEBRASKA	(2)													
1. Weaver, P.	(R)		-		P-	-	+		-		+		P+	P-
2. Cunningham, G.	(R)			+	**	***	_+	-	+	***				
3. Beermann, R.	(R)			**	-		-	**	-		P-		-	
4. Martin, D.	(R)		-		-			-		-	-	-	-	
NEW A DA														
NEVADA	(D)	-	1189		- 10									
AL. Baring, W. S.	(D)	+	+		+	+	+	P+		+		+	*	+
NEW HAMPSHIRE														
The second secon	(D)													
1. Merrow, C. E.	(R)	+		+	_+		+	+_		+	+	AU	-	
2. Bass, Perkins	(R)	+		-	141					15			~	
NEU TEDOET														
NEW JERSEY	(=)													
1. Cahill, W. T.	(R)	+	-	+	+	-	+		<u>+</u>	-				-
2. Glenn, M. W.	(R)	-	-	+	+	AU	+	+	+	No.	-	-	+	-
3. Auchincloss, J.		-			***		+	-		-	-	-	-	-
4. Thompson, F.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	<u>+</u>	-	+	AU	<u>+</u>
5. Frelinghuysen, E	-	-		•	-	AU	+	**	-	**	-	10	-	-
6. Dwyer, F. P.	(R)	+	-	+	+	AU	+	-	+	-	-	-		-
7. Widnall, W.	(R)	-		+	-	-	+	10	+	-	-	Na.		-
8. Joelson, C.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	_ +	+	-	+	-	+
9. Osmers, F. C.	(R)	+	-	+	•	-	+	-	+	-	-	en .	-	-
10. Rodino, P. W.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+_
11. Addonizio, H.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
12. Wallhauser, G.	(R)	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-			-
13. Gallagher, C.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	•	+	P-	
14. Daniels, D. V.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P-	+		+
				office and										
NEW MEXICO														
AL. Montoya, J.	(D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
AL. Morris, T.	(D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NEW YORK														
1. Pike, Otis	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-
2. Derounian, S.	(R)		**	-	-	-	+	-	-			-	_	
3. Becker, F. J.	(R)	-	-	-	60	P-	+	-	N	-	•	-	-	
4. Halpern, S.	(R)	+	to.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	_		40	-
5. Addabbo, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	
6. Holtzman, L.	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+		+	+	
7. Delaney, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	•	+	+	+
8. Anfuso, V. L.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
9. Keogh, E. J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+
10. Kelly, E. F.	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+		+	P+	+
11. Celler, E.	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	P+	+	AU		P+		+
12. Carey, Hugh	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+				+
13. Multer, A. J.	(D)	+	+	+	 -	+	+	+	+	+		+	-	+
14. Rooney, J. J.	(D)	+	+	+	-	_			-			_	_+	+
15. Ray, John H.	(R)	T -		-	+	<u>_t_</u> _	+	_+_	_t_	_		_+_		+-
	(11)						-		-	~			-	-

U. S. House of Repr	resent									THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE				
STATE		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Westerness and the second														
NEW YORK (con't)														
16. Powell, A.	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	P+
17. Lindsay, J.	(R)	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	9	+		-
18. Santangelo, A.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+
19. Farbstein, L.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
20. Ryan, W. F.	(D)	_+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+_
21. Zelenko, H.	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	-	+	P+	+
22. Healey, J. C.	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+
23. Gilbert, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	No.	+	+	+
24. Buckley, C.	(D)	+	P+	P+	P+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	P+	P+
25. Fino, Paul	(R)	+	P-	+	P+	P-	+	+	+	+	P	+		
26. Dooley, E.	(R)	-	P-	-	-	P-	+	100		+		+	P-	P-
27. Barry, R.	(R)	-	-	-		-	+	P-		-				-
28. St. George, K.	(R)	na	-	-	-	-	+	-	**		to.	~	-	-
29. Wharton, J. E.	(R)		-		**	P-	+		-	+	+		-	P-
30. O'Brien, L.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P-	+	+	P+
31. King, C. J.	(R)	49	**	~	**	P-	+	-		-	-	-	-	-
32. Stratton, S.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+_
33. Kilburn, C. E.	(R)	-	-	-	-	P-	+	P-	-	-	P-	-		P-
34. Pirnie, A.	(R)	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	P+	-	-	-
35. Riehlman, R. W.		<a hre<="" td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td>m</td><td>-</td><td>+</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td>	-		m	-	+		-		-			-
36. Taber, John	(R)	-		-	-		P-	130	•	-		-	10	-
37. Robison, H.	(R)		**	**	-		+_	-						-
38. Weis, Jessica	(R)		100	-	-	P-	+	10.	- 01	-	-		P-	_
39. Ostertag, H.	(R)	***	-	-	-	-	+	-		-		-	-	-
40. Miller, W. 41. Dulski, T. J.	(R)	-	-	P-	**	-	+	P-	-	-	AU	•		-
42. Pillion, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+		
43. Goodell, C.	(R)	-	-		-	P-	+	-		-	-		-	-
45. Goodell, C.	(R)				-		+	-						
NORTH CAROLINA														
1. Bonner, H.	(D)	1		0.23		ATT			n		- 10.1			
	(D)	+	+_	_+_		AU	_+	STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	P-	+				
 Fountain, L.H. Henderson, D. 	(D)	-	 -		+	+ A17	+	_+	+	+	+	-	<u>+</u>	
4. Cooley, H. D.	(D)	_	+	-	+	AU	+	-	-	+		+	_+_	
5. Scott, R. J.	(D)	- -	+	+	+ P-	_+	 +_	+	_+_	+	+	+	_+_	
6. Kornegay, H.	(D)		+	+		-		-		+	+		+	
7. Lennon, A.	(D)	-	+			_ <u>+</u> _	<u>+</u>		+	_+_		+		~
8. Kitchin, A. P.	(D)	-	+				+	-		_+_	+			-
9. Alexander, H.	(D)	-	+	-	+	 +	+	-	+	-				-
10. Jonas, C. R.	(R)	-	-	-			+			-			+	
11. Whitener, B.	(D)	-	_+_	+	+	AU				-				
12. Taylor, R.	(D)	-	T		+	-		- N	+	-			<u>+</u>	
				T						_+_	_	<u>+</u>	_+_	
NORTH DAKOTA														
AL. Short, Don	(R)		-	-	-				-	-			500	
AL. Nygaard, H.	(R)			-		-	+			MA .			_+_	
The second secon							T				+	-		

U. S. House of Repr	esent	ati 1	ves ?	** R	011c	a11_5	Vote 6	s **	87t	h Con	gress 10	-11	12	13
STATE														
OHIO														
1. Scherer, G.	(R)		-				_	_	-	_	_	-	P-	
2. Clancy, D.	(R)	-				P-	+	-	-	•		-	-	
3. Schenck, P.	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-		-			**
4. McCulloch, W.	(R)	-			-	•	+		-	-	-	-	-	70
5. Latta, D. L.	(R)	-					+	-	-	-		-	+	
6. Harsha, W.	(R)	**			+	-	AU	+	-	-	-	-	+	-
7. Brown, C.	(R)	-		-		+	+	-	-	-	-		+	
8. Betts, J. E.	(R)	-		-	-	***	+	-	-	-	-		-	-
9. Ashley, T. L.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	-	+	-	±_
10. Moeller, W.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	
11. Cook, Robt.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU
12. Devine, S.	(R)	**		-	-	P-	+	-	-	-	-			
13. Mosher, C.	(R)			***	+	AU	+	_	-	-	- 40	-	-	-
14. Ayres, Wm.	(R)	+	-		-	-	+		-	-	-		P-	
15. Moorehead, T.	(R)	-	-	-	+		+	+	10	-	-		-	**
16. Bow, Frank	(R)			107		Me	+	-	69	-	+	-	P+	•
17. Ashbrook, J.	(R)	_	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-		-
18. Hays, Wayne	(D)	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
19. Kirwan, M. J.	(D)	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+_
20. Feighan, M. A.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+		+
21. Vanik, C.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	±	-	+
22. Bolton, F.	(R)	m	-	10	-		+	(**)	•	***		m	-	-
23. Minshall, Wm.	(R)	40	w	-			+	-	•	-	-	•	-	-
					THE WORLS									
OKLAHOMA														
1. Belcher, P.	(R)	-	P-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	200
2. Edmondson, E.	(D)	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+_
3. Albert, C.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+
4. Steed, Tom	(D)	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
5. Jarman, J.	(D)	ber	+	•	+	+	+	-	•	+	+	-	+	+ +
6. Wickersham, V.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+_
Magazi wake mang mang tang manananan mananan mananan yang mananan yang mananan mananan mananan mananan mananan														
OREGON														
1. Norblad, W.	(R)	-	-	-	+_	AU	+	•	60.	as.				t_
2. Ullman, Al	(D)	_±_			+	+	+	_+_	+	t_		+_		
Green, Edith	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	_+	+	+			P+	-	
4. Durno, E.	(R)	-	-	100	P-	P-	+	-	-					
PENNSYLVANIA	0.3													
1. Barrett, Wm.	(D)	+	P+		±_	+			<u>+</u>				-	
2. Granahan, K.	(D)	+	+_	+	+	+	_ +	+_	+				-	
3. Byrne, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	_±_	+		-			
4. Nix, Robt.	(D)	+	+	+	+		+	_±_	+	+			+	_+_
5. Green, Wm.	(D)	+	<u>+</u>	+	+	±.		+		AU	P-			+_
6. Toll, Herman	(D)	+	+_	+	+				+		-			_ _

STATE	1100 = 10-5110	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
DIALE														
PENNSYLVANIA (con't)													
7. Milliken, Wm.	(R)	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	P-
8. Curtin, W.	(R)	-	-	-	+	-	AU	+	-	+	-	-	-	-
9. Dague, P.	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10. Scranton, Wm.	(R)	+		-	+	-	+	+	+			-	-	-
11. Flood, D. J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
12. Fenton, I. D.	(R)	-	-	_	+	-	P+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-
13. Schweiker, R.	(R)	-		+	+	**	+	+	+	-		-	-	-
14. Rhodes, Geo.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-
15. Walter, F.	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	P-	+	P-	
16. Kunkel, J. 1/	(R)								2000				-	-
17. Schneebeli, H.	(R)		-	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
18. Whalley, J. I.	(R)		-	AU	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	
19. Goodling, Geo.	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-
20. Van Zandt, J.	(R)	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	+		-	-	-
21. Dent, J. H.	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-
2. Saylor, J. P.	(R)	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+			-
23. Gavin, L.	(R)	-	-	-	+	P-	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-
24. Kearns, C.	(R)	-	-		+	-	+	+	-	AU	-	+	-	-
25. Clark, F. M.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-
26. Morgan, T.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	-
7. Fulton, J. G.	(R)	+	-	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+		+	-	-
28. Moorhead, Wm.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	-	+
29. Corbett, Robt.	(R)	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	_
30. Holland, E.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
								-			*************			
RHODE ISLAND L. St. Germain, F.	(D)	-16			78	P+		-			P-	4	7551	
Fogarty, J.	(D)			_			-	T	_	+	P-	+		
· · rogarty, o.	(0)						+	<u>T</u>		<u>+</u>	-1-			
SOUTH CAROLINA														
l. Rivers, L.	(D)		-	take:		Pezant		-						AU
Riley, J. J.	(D)	-				ATT	+	D P	ATT	A 77				
B. Dorn, W. J. B.	(D)	-	_+_	-		AU		P-		AU	+	-		-
Ashmore, R.	(D)	-	P.	-		-		-		-		_=_		-
		-	P+	-			State of the state	1100000	-	-	+	-		
	(D)	-	+	+	+	+	ALC: A PARTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	COLUMN TO STATE OF THE STATE OF			+	+		<u>_</u> +
. McMillen, J.	(D)	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	<u>+</u>	P-
SOUTH DAKOTA														
l. Reifel, Ben	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	AU	-	-	+	+	_	+	-
Berry, E. Y.	(R)	-	-	_	-	200		-		-	+	-		-

^{1/} Congressman Kunkel assumed office May 22, 1961.

		1	0	2	1.	-	6	7	0	0	10	7.1	10	1.0
STATE		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
TENNESSEE														
1. Reece, L. 1/	(R)										+	-	+	-
2. Baker, H. H.	(R)	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-
3. Frazier, J.	(D)	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
4. Evins, Joe	(D)	+	+		+	AU	4	+	+	+	P+	+	+	P+
5. Loser, J. C.	(D)	+	+	-		+	+		+	+	P+	+	+	+
6. Bass, Ross	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
7. Murray, Tom	(D)	-			-		+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+
8. Everett, R.	(D)	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
9. Davis, Clifford	(D)	+	+	-	-	+	+	P-	+	+	P+	+	+	+
										=14				
TEXAS														
1. Patman, W.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
2. Brooks, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
3. Beckworth, L.	(D)	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
4. Rayburn, S.	(D)	(S	peak	er)										
5. Alger, B.	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	***	-	-	-	AU	-	-	-
6. Teague, O.	(D)	+		-	-	+	+		•		+	AU	AU	+
7. Dowdy, J.	(D)	-	+	-	**	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	AU
8. Thomas, A.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+
9. Thompson, C.	(D)	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
10. Thornberry, H.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
11. Poage, W. R.	(D)	+	+		-	+	+		-	+	+	+	+	+++
12. Wright, J.	(D)	+	AU	AU	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
13. Ikard, F.	(D)	+		-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	AU
14. Young, J.	(D)	+	+	-	+	+	AU	+	-	+	+	+	+	AU
15. Kilgore, J.	(D)	-	P-	P-		+	+	-	-	+	+	**	+	+
16. Rutherford, J.	(D)	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
17. Burleson, O.	(D)	-	-		-	+	+	-		-	+	-	+	+
18. Rogers, W.	(D)	-	-	+	-	AU	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	
19. Mahon, Geo.	(D)	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+		+	+
20. Kilday, P.	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
21. Fisher, O. C.	(D)			AU								T		
22. Casey, B.	(D)	+	+			AU	+	-		+		+	+	
zz. casey, D.	(5)					AU				_ T_				
UTAH														
1. Peterson, M.B.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	AU
2. King, D. S.	(D)	+	+			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	voletovo za			5										
VERMONT	1-1													
AL. Stafford, R. T.	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+_	+	+	-	+	P-

^{1/} Assumed office May 18, 1961.

U. S. House of Repre	esen	tati	ves	** R	0110	a11 \	Votes	**	87t1	n Con	gress		H-14	1
STATE		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
VIRGINIA														
1. Downing, T.	(D)	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	AU	+	+	
2. Hardy, P.	(D)	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	AU	+	+	-
3. Gary, J. V.	(D)	-	+	-		+	+	-	_	+	_	-	+	-
4. Abbitt, W. M.	(D)	-	+	-	-	+	+	_	-	-	+	_	+	-
5. Tuck, Wm.	(D)	-	-	-	_		+	-	-	-	+	-	+	
6. Poff, R. H.	(R)		-	-		-	+	-		-	+	-	-	-
7. Harrison, B.	(D)		+	-	P-	AU	+		-	-	P+	-	P+	P-
8. Smith, H.	(D)	-	-		-	AU	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	~
9. Jennings, W.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
10. Broyhill, J.T.	(R)		-	-	-	-	+	_	_			-	-	
			-											
WASHINGTON 1. Pelly, T. M.	(R)	-	-		_		+	_	-	-	-	-	-	+
2. Westland, J.	(R)	-	-	_	-	-	+	-	-	-	AU	-	+	+
3. Hansen, J. B.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
4. May, Catherine	(R)	-		-	-	-	+	-	-		+	-	+	+
5. Horan, W.	(R)		_	-	+	-	+	-			+		+	+
6. Tollefson, T.	(R)	P-	-	AU	+	-	+	+	+	-			-	+
7. Magnuson, D.	(D)	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+ + + + +
	1-7			-						-				
WEST VIRGINIA														
1. Moore, A. A.	(R)	-	-	-	+	_	+	+	+		+	-	-	-
2. Staggers, H.	(D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-
3. Bailey, C. M.	(D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	-
4. Hechler, K.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
5. Kee, Elizabeth	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
6. Slack, J. M.	(D)	+	+	+	+	ÁÜ	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+ -
				all and a second						THENCE		A PARTICULAR PROPERTY.		
WISCONSIN	(2)													
1. Schadeberg, H.	(R)	-	-	-	-		+	-						
2. Kastenmeier, R.		+	+	+			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
3. Thomson, V. W.	(R)		-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+		+	
4. Zablocki, C.	(D)	+	+	-		+	+	+	_+_	+	+	+	+	+
5. Reuss, H. S.	(D)	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
6. Van Pelt, W.	(R)	-	-	-	-	P-	+	-	-	-	+	P-	+	+ +
7. Laird, M. R.	(R)	-	-	-	-	P-	+	-	-	-	+	P-	-	-
8. Byrnes, J. W.	(R)	-	-	-	-	AU	+	-		-	AU	-	-	-
9. Johnson, L.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
10. 0'Konski, A.	(R)	+		+	+	-	+	+	+	+	AU	-	+	AU
WYOMING AL. Harrison, W.	(R)						12							
and Hallison, We	(11)		-		-	-	+	-	+		+			

U.S. SENATE

87th Congress, 1st Session

KEY

- + Supported Farmers Union position.
- Opposed Farmers Union position.
- P+ Paired in support of Farmers Union position.
- P- Paired against Farmers Union position.
- A+ Announced in support of Farmers Union position.
- A- Announced opposed to Farmers Union position.
- AU Absent and Unannounced.
- FINAL PASSAGE ON FEED GRAINS BILL (S. 993), Congressional Record, 3/10/61, p. 3508. Vote on the final passage of Feed Grains Bill. Passed: 52-26. A "YEA" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #8).
- 2. AMENDMENT OF THE AREA REDEVELOPMENT BILL (S. 1), Congressional Record, 3/15/61, p. 3764. An amendment in the nature of a substitute to the Area Redevelopment Bill, which did not provide assistance for rural areas. Defeated: 66-27. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #11).
- 3. AMENDMENT TO THE AREA REDEVELOPMENT BILL (S. 1), Congressional Record, 3/15/61, p. 3767. An amendment to the Area Redevelopment Bill, which restricted assistance in industry labor market areas. Defeated: 71-19. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #12).
- 4. AMENDMENT OF THE AREA REDEVELOPMENT BILL (S. 1), Congressional Record, 3/15/61, p. 3770. An amendment deleting grants-in-aid from the Area Redevelopment Bill. Defeated: 55-36. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #13).
- 5. BYRD AMENDMENT OF UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION ACT OF 1961 (H. R. 4806), Congressional Record, 3/16/61, p. 3972. An amendment to temporary extension of Unemployment Compensation Act of 1961. Defeated: 44-42. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #16).
- MONRONEY AMENDMENTS ON FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT (H. R. 3935), Congressional Record, 4/19/61, p. 5871. To limit coverage under the bill by defining enterprise engaged in commerce as one operating establishments in two or more states; would have narrowed extension of coverage to only two million workers. Defeated: 56-39. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #33).
- 7. FAIR LABOR STANDARDS AMENDMENTS OF 1961 (H. R. 3935), Congressional Record, 4/20/61, p. 5987. Providing \$1.25 minimum wage to be reached in 28 months by presently covered workers, and in 40 months by newly covered workers, the minimum wage in the interim to be \$1.15. Passed: 65-28. A "YEA" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #35).

- 8. FEDERAL ASSISTANCE FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS (S. 1021), Congressional Record, 5/27/61, p. 8446. Final vote on Federal Assistance for Public Schools to authorize \$2.5 billion over a three-year period for use of any public school purpose except for retirement of existing indebtedness. Passed: 49-34. A "YEA" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall #56).
- 9. HOUSING ACT OF 1961 (S. 1922), Congressional Record, 6/12/61, p. 9319. Vote on passage of S. 1922, the Administration's stepped-up Housing Program, authorizing \$6,190,000,000 for existing or new housing programs. Passed: 64-25. A "YEA" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #77).
- 10. DOUGLAS AMENDMENT ON THE AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM (H. R. 7444), Congressional Record, 6/20/61, p. 10038. To reduce the \$250 million for the Agricultural Conservation Program to \$150 million. Defeated: 64-26. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #82).
- 11. WILLIAMS AMENDMENT ON THE FEED GRAINS (S. 1643), Congressional Record, 7/26/61, p. 12551. Williams (R-Del.) amendment to strike from S. 1643 all of Subtitle C, authorizing a 1962 Feed Grain Program. Defeated: 59-26. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #103).
- 12. KEFAUVER AMENDMENT ON THE AGRICULTURE ACT OF 1961 (S. 1643), Congressional Record, 7/26/61, p. 12578. To strike Sec. 401 (c) of S. 1643, authorizing mergers of farmer cooperatives and acquisition by farmer cooperatives of existing business facilities, thus clarifying the Capper-Volstead Act. Passed: 50-39. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #105).
- 13. (KEFAUVER) AMENDMENT ON THE AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1961 (S. 1643), Congressional Record, 7/26/61, p. 12597. Kefauver amendment to table Long amendment to restore Sec. 401 (c) amended to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to prohibit mergers or acquisitions by cooperatives if they lessened competition or created a monopoly. Passed: 41-37. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #107).
- 14. BYRD AMENDMENT TO FOREIGN AID BILL (S. 1983), Congressional Record, 8/11/61, p. 14555. Providing that the Development Loan Fund shall be financed by authorized annual appropriations rather than by long-term borrowing authority as provided in the bill. Defeated: 56-39. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #134).
- 15. CAPEHART AMENDMENT TO FOREIGN AID BILL (S. 1983), Congressional Record, 8/17-61, pp. 15062-15063. An amendment by Senator Capehart to reduce to three years rather than 5 years borrowing authority to finance the Development Loan Fund. Defeated: 50-45. A "NAY" vote is a Farmers Union vote. (Rollcall Vote #148).

U. S. SENATE

ROLLCALL VOTES

87th Congress

STATE		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
ALABAMA																
Hill, Lister	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Sparkman, J.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
ALASKA																
Bartlett, E.L.	(D)	+	A+	P+	A+	P+	+	+	+	+	P-	+	+	+	+	+
Gruening, E.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	P-	+	+	A+	+	A+
ARIZONA																
Goldwater, B.	(R)	A-	-	-	-	-	-	·	des	-	**	(44)	***	-	-	-
Hayden, Carl	(D)	+	+	+	+	A+_	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	A+	P-	+
ARKANSAS																
Fulbright, J.W.	(D)	A+	+	A+	AU	AU	-	-	P+	+	+	+	AU	AU	+	+
McClellan, J.L.	(D)	+	+	+	-		-		P-	-	+		AU	AU	-	-
CALIFORNIA																
Engle, Clair	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	-	-	+	+
Kuchel, T. H.	(R)	-		_ =	-	+	+	P+	+	+	+		-		-	-
COLORADO																
Allott, G.	-	And the same of	AU	AU	AU	AU	-	-	_	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
Carroll, J. A.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-		+	+
CONNECTICUT																96
Bush, Prescott	(R)	-	-	+	-		_+_	+	P-	P+	-	-	~	-	+	-
Dodd, Thomas	(D)	-			+	+	+_	+		+	+		-		+	+
DELAWARE																
Boggs, J. C.	(R)	-		+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-
Williams, J. J.	(R)		-		-								-			-
FLORIDA																
Holland, S. L.			-	+	-	-				-	+	+	+	+	-	-
Smathers, G.A.	(D)	P+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+		+_
GEORGIA	A STATE OF THE STA															
Russell, R. B.	(D)		+	+	-	-	-		-		+	+	-	P+	-	-
Talmadge, H.E.	(D)	+	+	+					P-	+	+	+	+	+		-
HAWAII																
Fong, Hiram L.	(R)		-		-		+	+	+	+	-	AU	AU	AU	P-	-
Long, Oren E.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	-	AU	+	+

U. S. Senate **	Rollo	call	Vote	s **	87th	1 Cor	ngre	SS						S-	-4
STATE		1 2	3	- 4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
IDAHO															
Church, F.	(D) +	+	+	+	+	A-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+
Dworshak, H.	(R) -	-		-		-		_	_	+	-	-			_
ILLINOIS															
Dirksen, E. M.			-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Douglas, P. H.	(D) +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
INDIANA	(D) D										427		× 000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	
Capehart, H. E.	(R) F=			***			P+		-	+	+	-	-	-	-
Hartke, V.	(D) +	+		+	+_	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
IOWA	/= \														
Hickenlooper, B				-			-	P-		-	-	-	A-		-
Miller, Jack	(R) -	-		-		+	-		-	_	-	+	-	-	
KANSAS	/n) .			A T T			J.	-							
Carlson, F. Schoeppel, A.F.	$\frac{(R)}{(R)}$ +		P-	AU A-			P-	P+		+	+			-	P-
Schoeppel, A.r.	(K) r+		P=	A-	-		P-		A-	+	+	-		-	
KENTUCKY Cooper, J. S.	(R) +	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	P-	P-	A-	+	+
Morton, T. B.	(R) +	-	+	+	P-	-		-	AU	+				+	+
LOUISIANA Ellender, A. J.	(D) +	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+		
Long, R. B.	(D)P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
MAINE Muskie, E. S.	(D) +	+	+	+	A+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Smith, M. C.	(R) -	+	+	+_	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-		**	-
MARYLAND Beall, J. G.	(R) -		+_	+	_	-	+_		+_	_		-		_	-
Butler, J. M.	(R) -	+	-			-	-	-	-		-	-	pm	Ā-	P-
MASSACHUSETTS Saltonstall, L.	(R) -	_	+	_	P+	-	+	-		+	-	-	_	1	
Smith, B. A.	(D) +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				P-		+
MICHIGAN Hart, Philip	(D) +	+_	_ +	_ +	+	_+_	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	₽±
McNamara, P.	(D) +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+ +
MINNESOTA Humphrey, H. H.	(D) +	+	+	+	+	+	+	887	ı.						
McCarthy, E. J.	(D) +	A+	A+	A+	A+	+	+	+ A+	+	+	-+ -	 -	P+		+
									T				4 +		+

U. S. Senate *	* Rolle	a11 '	Votes	**	87th	Cor	gres	3.5						S-5	
STATE	1			4		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
SIALE															
MISSISSIPPI	1345000400000														
Eastland, J.O.			-	-	-	~	-	-	-	+	+	+	A+	Ant	-
Stennis, J.	(D) +	+		-					-		+_		+	-	
MISSOURI															
Long, Edward	(D) +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4	4	4
Symington, S.	(D) +	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	— -	+	+	+	+
MONTANA	(D)						-		_						
Mansfield, M.	(D) + (D) +				P- P+	+	P+	+	P+	+	+		+	+	+
Metcalf, L.	(D) +	+	+		P+	+	+	+	+	+		+			+
NEBRASKA															
Curtis, C. T.	(R) +	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-
Hruska, R. T.	(R) +		-	-	-	-	-		P-	-					
NEVADA															
Bible, A.	(D) +	4	1	1	1	1	1	37	- 2	0.4-0			conc		
Cannon, H. W.	(D) +	+	+	+ -	+				+	+-	— - -				
damon, n. w.	_(D) +		T_		T									+	+
NEW HAMPSHIRE															
Bridges, S.	(R) -	-	AU	-		AU	-	-	P-	P-	-	-	AU	-	-
Cotton, N.	(R) -	-	-	-	-	-		P-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
NEW JERSEY															
Case, C. P.	(R) -	+	+	+	+	+	1	3	+	AU	_		2:	4	161
Williams, H.A.	(D) -	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		P-		P-	+	-
			***************************************					-							-
NEW MEXICO								921							
Anderson, C.P.	(D) -	+	+	+			+	P+	+	+	+	-		+	+
Chavez, D.	(D) +	A+	<u>A+</u>	<u>A+</u>	+_	+	+	A+	P+	P+	P+	AU	A+	+	P+
NEW YORK															
Javits, J. K.	(R) -	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	m	+	+
Keating, K.B.	(R)P-	+	+	-	+_	+			+	-	-	-	-	+	-
NORTH CAROLINA															
Ervin, Sam J.	(D) +								32	1.40	1-2-5				
Jordan, B. E.	(D) P+	+			<u> </u>	 -	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		
	1-7-1								T_	T					
NORTH DAKOTA	621.9														
Burdick, Q. N.	(D) +	+	+	+		+	+	+_	+	+	_+_	+	+	+	+
Young, Milton	(R) +		+		-	P+	-	-		+	+	+	+	-	
OHIO															
Lausche, F. J.	(D) -	-	+	_	-	-	+	-	P-	-	*** ().		+	_	
Young, S.	(D) +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+		+	+	+
									T		т				-

U. S. Senate **	Rol	lca	11 V	otes	**	87th	Con	gres	S						_S-6	
STATE		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
011111																
OKLAHOMA																
Kerr, Robt. S.	(D)	A+						+	A+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Monroney, M.	(D)	AU	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+
OPECON																
OREGON Morse, W.	(D)	+	+	+	+	A+	+	+	4	P+	+	P+	P+	A+	_	4
Neuberger, M.B.	(D)		+	+ A+	+		+	+	+ P+	+	+	+	P+		+	+

PENNSYLVANIA																
Clark, J. S.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+		<u>A+</u>	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+
Scott, Hugh	(R)	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-		-	+	
RHODE ISLAND																
Pastore, J.O.	(D)	P-	4	4	+	+	+	+	4	+	-	_	-	2 0	4	4
Pell, Claiborne		-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			-		+	+
***************************************					-				-							
SOUTH CAROLINA																
Johnston, O.D.			+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	-	
Thurmond, Strom	(D)	P-	-	+	-		-	-		-	+			+		
COUTU DA VOTA																
SOUTH DAKOTA Case, Francis	(R)	4	_	-		-	_	_		_	120	4	_	_		_
Mundt, Karl	(R)	+	-	+	_	-				•	+	+		-		
the or the same of				-											-	
TENNESSEE	W															
Gore, Albert	(D)		+	+	+	+	-	+	_ +	+	+	+		-	+	
Kefauver, E.	(D)	P+	_+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-		+
TEXAS																
Tower, J. G. 1/	(R)										_	_	P-	P-	_	-
Yarborough, R.		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+
UTAH																
Bennett, W.F.	(R)	-	+	-		~	-		***	-	***		-		-	
Moss, Frank	(D)	4+	+	+		A+	+	+	+	+	+	+_	P-	-	+	+
VERMONT																
Aiken, Geo.	(R)	-			20		ă.							i.	-	_
Prouty, W.L.	(R)		AU	AU	AU	AU	+	+	P+	P-	+		P+	P+		
		10	110	110	110	110			1				<u> 4 T</u>	<u> </u>	T	
VIRGINIA																
Byrd, H. F.	(D)		+	+	-	-	-	-	-	944	+			AU	-	-
Robertson, A.W.	(D) I	?=	+	-	-		P-	P-	P-	**	+	-	-	+	84	
IIA CII TNOTON													ts.			
WASHINGTON Jackson, H. M.	(D)								165			-	Jali	S.		
Magnuson, W.G.	(D)	+	+	+	+	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	(2)	•								T	Т					

 $[\]underline{1}/$ Senator John Tower assumed office June 22, 1961.

U. S. Senate **	Roll	cal	11 V	otes	**	87th	Con	gres	S					S-	7	
STATE	C VIII N	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
WEST VIRGINIA Byrd, Robt.	(D)	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Randolph, J.	(D) .	Ł_	+	_+_	_+		+	+	+	_+	A+	+_	_+	A±	<u>+</u> .	+
WISCONSIN Proxmire, W.	(D) .	+	A+	+	+	_	+	4-	4	+	+	+	+	4	4	+
Wiley, A.	(R)		-	-	-		AU	+	+	+	AU		<u>+</u>	AU	P+	
WYOMING Hickey, J. J.	(D)P		+	_±_	+	_+_	_+_	+	***	+	+	+_	+	_		+
McGee, Gale W.	(D).	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-+	+

SELECTED ROLLCALL VOTES -- 87TH CONGRESS, 2ND SESSION

Legislative Analysis Memorandum #62-100 (Rev. 1)

The following pages report the recorded votes by which Senators and Congressmen of the 87th Congress, 2nd Session, supported or opposed various parts of the Farmers Union legislative program as the issues came up for decision during the year 1962.

Similar reports for selected rollcalls are available for previous sessions of Congress. (LAM #61-100 for the 1st Session of the 87th Congress; LAM #60-100 for entire 86th Congress; LAM #58-100 for 85th Congress; LAM #60-200 for long-term voting records; and complete tabulation for 84th, 83rd, and 82nd Congresses).

Legislation is passed in Congress in several ways -- by unanimous consent, by voice vote, by teller vote, by division, and by rollcall vote. Only the rollcall vote is recorded; how a member voted when the decision on an issue was made by any of the other types of procedure cannot be documented. Only the rollcalls provide a means to establish the documented public record of where a Senator or a Representative stands on the several issues.

The rollcalls selected for this tabulation were determined concurrently with actions of Congress during this Session. Thus this compilation is an accumulation of records selected for significance to Farmers Union for day-to-day and week-to-week as the legislative panorama unfolded. The listing thus represents recorded issues which were deemed significant by Farmers Union at the time the issues were under active consideration by Congress and not the result of special selection after Congress adjourned.

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

87th Congress, 2nd Session

K E Y

- + Supported Farmers Union position. P- Paired against Farmers Union position.
- Opposed Farmers Union position. A+ Announced in support of FU position.
- P+ Paired in support of Farmers Union position. A- Announced opposed to FU position.

 AU Absent and unannounced.

- 16. <u>VOTE ON PASSAGE OF H.R. 8900</u>, a bill to authorize the assistance to public and other non-profit institutions of higher education in financing the construction, rehabilitation or improvement of building, and other facilities. Congressional Record, Jan. 30, 1962, page 1040. Passed: 319 to 79. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 17. PEACE CORP APPROPRIATION BILL, H.R. 10700, authorizing \$63,750,000 for the 1963 fiscal year. Congressional Record, April 3, 1962, page 5388. Passed: 316 to 70. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 18. ADDITIONAL FREQUENCIES ON TV SETS, H.R. 8031, provides authority for Federal Communications Commission to require that television sets shipped in interstate commerce or imported be capable of receiving all frequencies allocated by the Commission to TV broadcasting. Congressional Record, May 2, 1962, page 6917. Passed: 279 to 90. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 19. MOTION BY DOLE (R-Kans.) TO REOMMIT SUGAR BILL, H.R. 12154, with instructions (thus killing the bill). Congressional Record, June 19, 1962, page 10145. Rejected: 222 to 174. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 20. VOTE ON MOTION TO RECOMMIT H.R. 11222, FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ACT OF 1962. Congressional Record, June 21, 1962, page 10570. Adopted: 215 to 205. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.

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- 21. TRADE EXPANSION ACT OF 1962, H.R. 11970, providing tariff negotiating powers to the President; also compensation and aid for industries, farmers and aid for industries, farmers and workers injured by lowering of tariffs. Congressional Record, June 28, 1962, page 11237. Vote to RECOMMIT the bill defeated: 253 to 171. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 22. AUTHORIZE \$250 MILLION in fiscal 1963 appropriations for Atomic Energy Commission construction project, H.R. 11974. Vote on Van Zandt's amendment to prohibit the AEC from contracting with a Washington state public utility group for the construction of an electric generating plant and the sale of byproduct steam at the AEC's Hanford, Washington, plutonium producing reactor. Congressional Record, July 17, 1962, page 12860. Amendment agreed to: 232-163. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 23. FARM BILL, H.R. 12391. Vote on extending the 1962 special wheat and feed grains programs for one year, setting new price supports for corn and other feed grains beginning in 1964, containing land-retirement, Food for Peace and dairy provisions and expanding the scope of the Farmers Home Administration loan program. Congressional Record, July 19, 1962, page 13236. Passed: 229-163. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 24. THE PUBLIC WORKS BILL, H.R. 10113. Rollcall vote on a motion to recommit Public Works bill. (Authorizing \$900 million to relieve unemployment and economically depressed areas, one-half of which is set aside for rural areas). Congressional Record, Aug. 29, 1962, page 16950. Defeated: 221 to 192. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 25. CONFERENCE REPORT OF FARM BILL. House vote on Senate-House Conference report on H.R. 12391, the Food and Agriculture Act of 1962 (modified version of Kennedy Administration's farm bill) that provides for extension of wheat and feed grains programs for 1963, and wheat certificate program for 1964, conservation and landuse progress, Food For Peace and expanded FHA lending authority. Congressional Record, Sept. 20, 1962, page 19013. Passed: 202 to 197. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.

- 26. HANFORD REACTOR. The House rejected motion by Cong. James E. Van Zandt (R-Pa.) to instruct House Conferees on the Atomic Energy Commission, authorizing bill to oppose electric power generation at AEC's Hanford, Washington, reactor. Congressional Record, Aug. 29, 1962, page 16959. Rejected: 246 to 148. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 27. <u>HANFORD PLANT</u>. Amendment to H.R. 11974 authorizing appropriations for the Atomic Energy Commission prohibiting the construction or operation of electric generating facilities at the Hanford Plant. Congressional Record, July 17, 1962, page 12860. Passed: 232 to 163. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 28. ANTITRUST ENFORCEMENT. Motion to recommit S. 167 which would authorize the Attorney General to require the production of documentary evidence in civil investigations for the enforcement of antitrust laws. Congressional Record, July 18, 1962, page 13043.

 Passed: 202 to 200. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 29. MANN CREEK PROJECT. Vote on passage of H.R. 529 which authorized construction of the Mann Creek Federal Reclamation Project in Idaho. Congressional Record, July 26, 1962, page 13849. Passed: 199 to 162. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 30. UNITED NATIONS BOND ISSUE. S. 7768, a bill to authorize a loan to the United Nation's and the appropriation of funds therefore. Congressional Record, Sept. 14, 1962, page 18371. Vote to recommit the bill defeated: 219-171. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.

ROL	LCALL VOTES				Sec	ond	Sess	ion,	87t	h Co	ngre	SS									_
Sta	te																				
			16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	
	BAMA	1																			
1.	Boykin	(D)	+	AU	AU	P-	+	-	AU	AU	P+	+	-	AU	AU	AU	-				
2.	Grant	(D)	+	AU	AU	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-				
3.	Andrews	(D)	+	AU	AU	+	+	***	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-				
4.	Roberts	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	P+	P+	+	+	+	P+	+	AU	+				
5.	Rains	(D)	AU	AU	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	AU				
6.	Selden	(D)	AU	AU	AU	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	_	+					
7.	Elliott	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
8.	Jones	(D)	+	AU	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
9.	Huddleston	(D)	+	AU	AU	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-				
ALA	SKA																				
A.L	. Rivers	(D)	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+				
ARI	ZONA																				
1.	Rhodes	(R)	+	+	-	_	_	-	+	_	-	-	+	+	-	AU	-				
2.	Udall	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		-	+	+	+	+	+	+				
ARK	ANSAS																				
1.	Gathings	(D)	_	-	+	+	+	+	_	+	-	+	_	_	+	No.	-				
2.	Mills	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
3.	Trimble	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
4.	Harris	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	-	+	AU	+	+	+				
5.	Alford	(D)	AU	P-	+	P-	AU	P-	P-	P-	+	+	+	P-	AU	AU	-				
6.	Norrell	(D)	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	AU	+	-	+	+	AU				
CAL	IFORNIA																				
1.	Miller, Clem	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
2.	Johnson	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+				
3.	Moss	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
4.	Mailliard	(R)	+	AU	+			+	P+	P-			+	AU	P-		+				

	. S. House of Re	presen	tativ	es,	87th	Con	gres	s, 21	nd S	essi	on -	- Ro	llca	11 V	otes					H-5
Sta	ite		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
CAL	IFORNIA (cont'd)															-		-	02	00
5.	Shelley	(D)	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
6.	Baldwin	(R)	+	+	-	_	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	inte	+	****			
7.	Cohelan	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
8.	Miller, Geo. P.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+			
9.	Younger	(R)	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_			
10.	Gubser	(R)	+	+	AU	-	-	-	P-	P-	-	_	+	P-	P-	+	-			
11.	McFall	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
12.	Sisk	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+			
13.	Teague	(R)	+	+	AU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	AU	-			
14.	Hagen	(D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+			
15.	McDonough	(R)	+	****	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	P-	+	-	_	-	P-			
16.	Bell	(R)	+	+	-	-		+	-	***	***	-	+	-	-	-	-			
17.	King	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
	Hosmer	(R)	AU	+	+	-	-	+	+	-		-	+	+	-	-	-			
	Holifield	(D)	AU	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+-1	+	+	+	+			
	Smith	(R)	_	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-			
21.	Hiestand	(R)	-	_	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	+	-	-	AU	_			
22.	Corman	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
23.	Doyle	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
	Lipscomb	(R)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	_			
25.	Rousselot	(R)	-	-	-	_	-	P-	P-	_	-	-	AU	P-	P-	-	-			
26.	Roosevelt	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
	Sheppard	(D)	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+			
28	Utt	(R)	-	***	***	-	-	-	-	P-		-	-	-	-	-	-			
	Saund	(D)	+	+	AU	P+	P+	AU	P+	P+	AU	AU	AU	AU	P+	AU	AU			
30.	Wilson	(R)	+	-	-	-	-	-	+		-	P-	-	+	-	AU	-			
COL	ORADO																			
1.	Rogers	(D)	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	P+	ulps			
2.	Dominick	(R)	+	+	-	-	***	-	+	-	-		+	+	-	+	AU			
3.	Chenoweth	(R)	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	_	-	+	+	-	+	-			
4.	Aspinall	(D)	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			

Bearing supervision for the last	S. House of Repres	sentat	cives	, 87	th C	ongr	ess,	2nd	Ses	sion		Roll	call	Vot	es					H-6
Stat	<u>e</u>		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
CONN	NECTICUT																			
STATE	-Kowalski	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
1.	Daddario	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+			
2.	Seely-Brown	(R)	+	+	+	_	_	_	_	_	P-		AU	-	_	P-	+			
3.	Giaimo	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
4.	Sibal	(R)	+	+	+	-	_	+		****	-	***	_	_	-	_				
5.	Monagan	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+			
DELA	AWARE																			
A.L.	McDowell	(D)	AU	+	+	+	+	+	_	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+			
FLOE	RIDA																			
1.	Cramer	(R)	-	+		***	464	-	***	-		***	_	-	****	AU	-			
2.	Bennett	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
3.	Sikes	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	_	P+	+	-	+	+				
4.	Fascell	(D)	_	AU	AU	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	_	-	+	+	+			
5.	Herlong	(D)	+	+	+	+	-	+		•••		***	+	-	***		***			
6.	Rogers	(D)	+	+	+	+	-	+		-			_	-	+	+	_			
7.	Haley	(D)	_		+	+	-	-	-	***	-	-	+	-	_	-	-			
8.	Matthews	(D)	-	+	AU	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+			
GEOF	RGIA																			
1.	Hagan	(D)	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-				
2.	Pilcher	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	AU	AU	+	+	AU	+			
3.	Forrester	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	.+	+	***	-	AU	***			
4.	Flynt	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+			
5.	Davis, James C.	(D)	+	_	+	P-	+	-	AU	P+	_	AU	-	AU	-	_	AU			
6.	Vinson	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+			
7.	Davis, John W.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+			
8.	Blitch	(D)	. +	+	AU	P-	P+	AU	AU	P+	AU	AU	AU	AU	P+	AU	AU			
9.	Landrum	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	-	_	+	AU			
10.	Stephens	(D)	+	+	-	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+			
HAWA																				
A.L.	-Inouye	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+			

Sta	. House of Repre te		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25				20	2.0	2.1	2.0	H-7
IDA	OF		10	J. /	10	1)	20	21	22	43	24	23	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
1.	Pfost	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		1	7. 7.7			
2.	Harding	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU P+			
ILL	INOIS																			
1.	Dawson	(D)	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+			
2.	O'Hara	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
3.	Murphy	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
4.	Derwinski	(R)	+	***	+	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	Т			
5.	Kluczynski	(D)	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
6.	O'Brien	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	P+	AU	+	+	+	P+			
7.	Libonati	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	+	AU -	~	т	+	+			
8.	Rostenkowski	(D)	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
9.	Yates	(D)	+	+	+	P-	+	+	P+	P+	+	+	AU	P+	P+	AU	+			
10.	Collier	(R)	+	+		_	_	_	_		_	_	AU	PT	PT	AU				
11.	Pucinski	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
12.	Finnegan	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+			
13.	Church	(R)	-	+	-	-		_	_	_	-	A0	_	Т	т	т	7			
14.	Hoffman	(R)	P-	-			***	-		-	-		AU	_	A0000	-	*****			
15.	Mason	(R)	_	_	-	-	100	-	P-	P-		***	AU	P-		***	P-			
16.	Anderson	(R)	_	+	+	-	***	_		_			AU	P	-	-	P-			
17.	Arends	(R)	+	+	+	_	***	_	_				_		-	7. 7. 7				
18.	Michel	(R)	_	+	_	_	_	+		_	_		+	_	-	AU	P-			
19.	Chiperfield	(R)	AU	+	+	AU	_	-	_	_			+	_	-	-	_			
20.	Findley	(R)	-	+	+		_	-		_		_	+	-	***	_	+			
21.	Mack	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	****	+	_	+	+	+	_	_			
22.	Springer	(R)	AU	+	+	_	_	+		+	т	_	_	_	+	_	+			
23.	Shipley	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	_	_		+	_	_		-	-	-			
24.	Price	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+			
25.	Gray	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	_	+	+	+ AU	++			
INDI	-	, , ,		-			,				1	1	_	_	т	AU	+			
$\frac{1}{1}$.	Madden	(D)		.1.	7\ T T	. 1	D :													
2.	Halleck	(R)	+	+	AU	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+			
3.	Brademas	(D)	+	+	+	P+	_		-	-	_	_	****	_		AU	-			
-	- a ddciid	(1)	-1-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			

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U. S	. House of Repre	esenta	tives	, 87	th C	ongr	ess,	2nd	Ses	sion	-	Roll	call	Vot	es					H-8
Stat			16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	20	20	2.1	20	
TAIDT	ANA (Cont'd)		10	1/	10	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	20	21	28	29	30	31	32	33
4.	Adair	(R)	+	+	+	P+	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
5.	Roush	(D)	+	+	+		-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
6.	Roudebush	(R)	+	+	+	AU	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_		_	_			
7.	Bray	(R)	+	+	+	P-	-	_	_	+	+	_	_	_	_	_	***			
8.	Denton	(D)	+	AU	-	_	+	+	_	+	+	+	_	-	+	+	+			
9.	Wilson	(R)	+	AU	-	P+		-		-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-			
10.	Harvey	(R)	+	+	+	~	-	-	_	+	_	_	_	_		-	-			
11.	Bruce	(R)	-	-	+	P+	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-			
IOWA																				
1.	Schwengel	(R)	+	+	+		***	+		+	-	-		_	-	_	+			
2.	Bromwell	(R)	+	+	-	P+	_	-	-	+	_	_	-	_		_	_			
3.	Gross	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	+	-	-	-	_	_	_	_			
4.	Kyl	(R)	+	+	_	-	_	-	-	+	-		_	-		-	-			
5.	Smith	(D)	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	***	-	+			
6.	Coad	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	P+	+	AU	+	+	P+	+	AU	AU			
7.	Jensen	(R)	-			-		-	_	+	-	-	-	-	_	-	_			
8.	Hoeven	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	_	-	-	-			
KANS	SAS																			
1.	Avery	(R)	AU	AU	+		-	_	-	+	_		_	-	_	***	-			
2.	Ellsworth	(R)	+	+	-	-	_	_	_	+	-	-	_	-	-	+	_			
3.	McVey	(R)	AU	-	AU	_	_	P-	_	+	-	_	AU	_	-	AU	-			
4.	Shriver	(R)	+	+	+	-	_	_	_	+	_	-	-	-	_	+	-			
5.	Breeding	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
6.	Dole	(R)	_	-	+	-	-	-		+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
KENT	UCKY																			
1.	Stubblefield	(D)	+	+	+	P-	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
2.	Natcher	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+			
3.	Burke	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
4.	Chelf	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+			
5.	Spence	(D)	+	AU	AU	+	P+	+	P-	P+	+	AU	+	P+	P+	AU	+			
6.	Watts	(D)	+	AU	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+		+	+	+			

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-	B. House of Repre	sentat	tives	, 87	th C	ongr	ess,	2nd	Ses	sion		Roll	call	Vot						H-	9
Stat	<u>ce</u>		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	
ENT	CUCKY (Cont'd)																				
	Perkins	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+				
	Siler	(R)	-	-	-	-	P-	-	-	-	-	- 7	-	-	_	-	-				
OU	ISIANA																				
L.	Hébert	(D)	P+	P+	+	+	-	+	*****	P-	P+	P-	AU	-	P+	P+	844				
2 .	Boggs	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	P-	P+	+	+	+	AU	P-	P+	+				
3.	Willis	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	P+	+	+	+	AU	P+	AU	+				
1.	Waggoner	(D)	-	AU	-	****		2005	-	-	-	***	-		***	-	***				
5.	Passman	(D)	****	AU	+	-	***	-	-	-	-	+	AU	-	+	+	-				
5.	Morrison	(D)	+	P+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
7 .	Thompson	(D)	+	+	+	P-	+	AU	AU	P+	+	+	AU	AU	AU	AU	+				
3.	McSween	(D)	AU	-	+	+	+	P-	P-	P+	+	P+	AU	AU	AU	AU	+				
MAI	NE																				
	Garland	(R)	+		***	AU	-	-	P+	P-	-	-	+	AU	P-	-	-				
2 .	Tupper	(R)	+	+	+	P+	-	+	-	-	+	***	+	-	-	-	+				
3.	McIntire	(R)	+	AU	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	P-				
MAR	YLAND																				
1.	Johnson	(D)	+	+	AU	+	-	+	-	-	+	P-	AU	-	+	+	+				
2.	Brewster	(D)	+	+	+	P+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+				
3.	Garmatz	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+				
4.	Fallon	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	***	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+				
5.	Lankford	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+				
6.	Mathias	(R)	+	+	+	-	-	+	_	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+				
7.	Friedel	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	. +	+	+	P+	+	+	+				
MAS	SACHUSETTS																				
1.	Conte	(R)	+	+	+	-		-		-	_	-		-	***		+				
2.	Boland	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
3.	Philbin	(D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+				
1.	Donohue	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	P+	+	AU	***	+	-	+				
5.	Morse	(R)	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
6.	Bates	(R)	+	+	+	-		+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-				
7.	Lane	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				

TT C	. House of Repr	esenta	tives	87	th C	onar	ess.	2nd	Ses	sion	Ro	llca	11 V	otes						H-10
Stat		esenca							22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
		. 1.21	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	20	21	20	29	30	31	32	33
8.	SACHUSETTS (Cont Macdonald	(D)	+	+	AU	_	+	+	P-	+	+	+	+	AU	+	P-	P+			
9.	Keith	(R)	+	+	+	_	_	+	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	P-				
10.	Curtis	(R)	+	+	AU		_	P+	P-	P-	_	_	AU	P-	P-	P-	AU			
11.	O'Neill	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+			
12.	McCormack	(D)	-	1			,													
13.	Burke	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	_	+		+			
14.	Martin	(R)	+	+	AU		P-	_	-	_	_	P-	_	_	-	P+	AU			
14.	Marcin	(11)			AU		_					-					110			
MICH	HIGAN																			
1.	Nedzi	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
2.	Meader	(R)	+	-	+	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	****	sine	_			
3.	Johansen	(R)	_	-	_	-	-	-	***	-		-	-	-			-			
4.	Hoffman	(R)	AU	AU	AU	P+	P-	P+	P-	P-	P-	P-	AU	P-	AU	P-	P-			
5.	Ford	(R)	AU	+	+	-		_	-	***	-	-		-		-	-			
6.	Chamberlain	(R)	+	+	+	-	-	_	***	-	-	_	-		****	-	-			
7.	O'Hara	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	. +	+			
8.	Harvey	(R)	+	+	_	-	-	-	-	P-	-	-	-	anto	***	_	_			
9.	Griffin	(R)	+	+	+	-	_	+	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_			
10.	Cederberg	(R)	+	_	+	-	-	-		_	_		AU	-		-	-			
11.	Knox	(R)	+	+	_	_	_	-	_	-	+		-	-	_	-	-			
12.	Bennett	(R)	+	***	+	P+	_	-	+	_	+	-	+	+	-	-	+			
13.	Diggs	(D)	+	+	AU	-	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+			
14.	Ryan	(D)		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
15.	Dingell	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
16.	Lesinski	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	+	-	***	+	+	+			
17.	Griffiths	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	_	-	+	+	+			
18.	Broomfield	(R)	+	+	+	Sherr	***	+	Miles	-	_		+	aries	***	P-	_			
MINI	NESOTA																			
1.	Quie	(R)	+	+	-	-	1000	+	-	+		_	+			-	-			
2.	Nelsen	(R)	+	+	+	_	_	_	_	+			+	_		P-	-			
3.	MacGregor	(R)	+	+	-	_	_	_	-	+	_	_	+	_	-	-	***			
4.	Karth	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+			
5.	Judd	(R)	+	+	Nea	-	_	+	P+	+	_	****	+	P+	_	P-	+			
6.	Marshall	(D)	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
																*				

J. S. HOUSE OF REPR STATE		16	17	. 18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	000		management and property				H-	-1
ATMITECOTA (CONTERD)						20	Co alu	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	
MINNESOTA (CONT'D)																			
. Andersen, C.	(R)	798	-	-	-	_		+	+	P-	+	AU							
Blatnik	(D)	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	-	-	AU			
. Langen	(R)	+	+	_	_				+	7	+	+	+	+	+	+			
ISSISSIPPI							_	•	т	-	Pero	+		~	-				
. Abernethy	(D)	***	_	+	+														
. Whitten	(D)	_	P-	AU	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	_	-	_	_			
. Smith, F.	(D)	AU	AU	AU	+	-		-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	_			
. Williams, J.	(D)	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+			
. Winstead	(D)	_			****	-	-	G/m	-	-	-	+	-	P-	-	-			
. Colmer	(D)		_	+	-	-	-	AU	P+	***	-	+	P-	P-	P-				
ISSOURI	(D)	AU	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	_		_			
• Karsten	/														_	-			
	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					
,	(R)	+	-	-	-	4	+	-	_			+		+	+	+			
. Sullivan, L.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	-			
. Randall, W.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+			
. Bolling	(D)	+	+	+	_	+	+	+	+			+	+	+		P+			
. Hull	(D)	+	AU	+	+	+	+	-		+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
. Hall, D.	(R)	_	AU	-	_		Τ.		+	-	P+	+	-	+	+	+			
Ichord , R.	(D)	+	+	+	P-	+	-	A77	-	-		-	-	***	_	-			
Cannon, C.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	4	AU	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+			
Jones, P.	(D)	+	+				+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+			
. Moulder	(D)	+	+	+	+ P-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+			
ONTANA	(1)		T	+	P-	+	+	AU	AU	+	+	+	AU	P+	AU	AU			
Olsen, A.	(D)															110			
Battin	-(D)	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
battin	(R)	AU	-	sine.		-	***	-	+	_				т.		+			
BRASKA												_	-	1000	AU	-			
Weaver	(5)																		
	(R)	-	-	AU		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+						
	(R)	****	-			-	-	-	_	_	_	+	T	-	+	+			
Beermann	(R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_		_	т	_	+		-			
Martin, D.	(R)	-	ndre .	-	***	-	-	_		_	-	_	-	Ma	-	-			
										_	_	_		_	-	-			
VADA																			
. Baring, W.	(D)	+	AU	AU	_	_	_	_		P+		A * -							
								r	_	P+	-	AU	+	+	AU	-			

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	S. HOUSE OF REPRES	SENTAT1						-							-	-			H-12		
STA			16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	
status properties.	I HAMPSHIRE																				
1.	Merrow	(R)	AU	AU	+	P+	-	+	P-	P-	AU	-	AU	P-	P-	P-	AU				
2.	Bass, P.	(R)	+	+	-	P-	**	+	P-	P-	P-	AU	AU	P-	-	P-	AU				
NEW	/ JERSEY																				
1.	Cahill	(R)	+	+	+	+	-	+	***	****	_	-	+	-	***	-	+				
2.	Glenn, M.	(R)	+	+	+	P+	P-		_	_	-	-		-	-	-					
3.	Auchincloss	(R)	+	-	+	-	-	_	-	***	-	-	+	_	1000	-	mage				
4.	Thompson, F.	(D)	P+	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
5.	Frelinghuysen	(R)	+	+		P-	P-	+	_	<u>.</u>	-	-	+	-	_	****	+				
6.	Dwyer	(R)	+	+	+	-	_	+		-	-	-	+	***	-	-	+				
7.	Widnall	(R)	+	+	+	_	-	+	***	-	-	_	+	-	-		-				
8.	Joelson	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	mm.	+				
9.	Osmers	(R)	+	+	+	_	-	+	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	+				
	Rodino, P.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
11.		(D)	4	P+	AU	P-	AU	+	(Res	igned	June	30,	1962)	* =	* **		2				
	Wallhauser	(R)	+	+	+	-	-	+		-	No.	***	+		-	-	+				
	Gallagher	(D)	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+				
14.	Daniels, D.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
	/ MEXICO																				
AL.	Morris, T.	(D)	+	+	+	+		+	P+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	AU				
AL.	Montoya, JL	(D)	+	+	AU -	+	des	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU				
	LAZODIA																				
	YORK	(5)																			
1.	Pike	(D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+		+	+	+	-	+				
2.	Derounian	(R)	+	+	-	-	-						-	***	-	-	-				
3.	Becker, F.	(R)	-	-	-	***	-	-	-	-	-	New York	Quite	-	-	-	-				
4.	Halpern	(R)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	***	+	Seems 1	+	+	num.	***	+				
5.	Addabbo	(D)	+	+	Allen	***	***	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+				
6.	Rosenthal	(D)		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		1		
7.	Delaney	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
8.	Anfuso	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	P+				
9.	Keogh	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
	Kelly	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
11.	Celler	(D)	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	P+	+				
12.		(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+				
	Multer	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
	Rooney	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
15.	Ray, J.	(R)	spen	1010	-	_		-	-	_	-										

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIV	ÆS ** RO	OLLCALL '		** SE	COND	SESS	ION,	87TH (CONGR	ES3						H-13	3
STATE	16	17 18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
NEW YORK (CONT'D)																	
16. Powell (D)	+	+ +	+	+	+	+	+	P+	P+	AU	+	+	P+	P+			
17. Lindsay (R)	+	+ +	-		+	+	_	_	-	+	+			+			
18. Santagelo (D)	+	+ +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
19. Farbstein (D)	+	+ +	P+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+			
20. Ryan (D)	+	+ +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
21. Zelenko (D)	+	+ +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+			
22. Healey (D)	+ .	+ AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+			
23. Gilbert (D)	+ .	+ +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
24. Buckley (D)	+	+ +	+	+	+	AU	+	+	P+	AU	P+	+	P+	+			
25. Fino (R)	+ .	+ +	-	-	+	+	-	+	P-	+	+		_	AU			
26. Dooley (R)	+ .	+ +	-	-	+	+	-	-	P-	AU	+	-	P.	AU			
27. Barry (R)	+	AU +	-	~	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+			
28. St. George (R)	-	+ +	-	Name .	600		-	***	****	+	-	-	1	-			
29. Wharton (R)	+ -	+ -	***	-	-	***	***	-	-	+	-		_				
30. O'Brien (D)	+ -	+ +	+	-	+	****	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+			
31. King, C.J. (R)	+ .		-	***	-	man.	-	***	***		-	-	-	_			
32. Stratton (D)	+ -	+ +	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+			
33. Kilburn (R)		- AU	P-	***	_	-	-	P-	-	AU	-	_	P-	P-			
34. Pirnie (R)	+ -	+ +	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	+	_	-	_	***			
35. Riehlman (R)	+ -	+ +	-	_	-	040	-	-	-	+	-	_	-				
36. Taber, J. (R)			-	_	***	P-	P-		-	-	P-	AU	P-	-			
37. Robison (R)		+ +	P+	~	+	-	_	***	_	+	wite	Marrie .	-	***			
38. Weis, J. (R)		+ +	***	-	+	-	-	_	P-	+	_	_		AU			
39. Ostertag (R)		+ +	Mass	-	-	-	-	***	-	-	===	_	Mass	_			
40. Miller, W. (R)		AU +	***	-	-	-	-	-	neg .	-	_	~		_			
41. Dulski (D)		+ +	+	+	+	***	+	+	+	-		+	+	+			
42. Pillion (R)		- +	-	Maker		-	-	-	***		-	_	_	-			
43. Goodell (R)	+ +	-	***	-	***	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	****			
NORTH CAR.OLINA																	
1. bonner (D)	+ A	4U +	+	+	+		+	+	+	+	***	+	+	+			
2. Fountain (D)	+ +		+	+	+		+	+	+	+	***	-	+	+			
3. Henderson, D. (D)	- 1		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	_	+	+			
4. Cooley (D)	+ +		+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	200	+	+	+			
5. Scott (D)	- A	AU AU	+	+	+	***	+	M00	+	-	-		+	+			

U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATI	VES 8**	ROLLCA		ES **	SECON 21	VID SES	SSION,	87TF	CONC 25	SRESS 26	27	28	29	30	31	H-14 32	32	
011111				20	the ade	£. £.	20	21	20	20	21	20	23	30	SI	32	32	
NORTH CAPOLINA (CONT'D)																		
6. Kornegay (D)	+	+ +	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	_	-	-	+				
7. Lennon, A. (D)		+ +	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	_	_	***				
8. Kitchin (D)	***	+ +	+	+	***	-	+	-	+		-	-	-	+				
9. Alexander (D)	-	+ -	+	+	****	***	+	-	+		_	-	+	-				
10, Jonas (R)	-	+ -	_		***	***	-	-	_	***	-	-	-	_				
11. Whitener (D)	-	AU +	+	+		-	+		+	-	_	-	_	AU				
12. Taylor (D)	agen	+ -	+	+	_		+	+	+	-	-	4000	+	+				
NORTH DAKCTA																		
AL. Nygaard (R)	+	+ -	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	****	+	-				
AL. Short, D. (R)	-	+ -	+	-	-	+	+	-		+	+	***	+	***				
OHIO																		
1. Scherer (R)	-	- +	-	***	-	-	-	P-	-	AU	-	-	P-	-				
2. Clancy (R)	-	+ +	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	****	-	-	-				
3. Schenck (R)		+ -	-	***		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-				
4. McCulloch (R)		+ -	-	-	wite	-	***	***	***	-		~	***	P-				
5. Latta (R)	+	+ -		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	****	-				
6. Harsha (R)	+		-	***	-	****		-	-	-	-	-	-	***				
7. Brown, C. (R)			-	-	-	-		***	-	-	-	-	Made.	~				
8. Betts (R)	-		****	-	-	-	-	-	***	-	-	-	-	man.				
9. Ashley (D)		+ AI	J +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+				
10. Moeller (D)		+ -	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	-	+	+	1000	***				
11. Cook, R. (D)	+	+ +	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	Migat	+	+	+				
12. Devine (R)	-		-	-		****		-	-	-	-	-	***	-				
13. Mosher, C. (R)		+ +	***	-	-	-	***	-	-	+	1900	-	****	+				
14. Ayres (R)		+ +		***	_	+	+		-	+	+	-	+	P-				
15. Moorehead, T. (R)		+ +	***	***	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1000	-	-				
16. Bow, F. (R)	+	+ -	460	***	-		-	_	-	_	***	-	-	MARKS .				
17. Ashbrook (R)			-	-	***	****	-		-	-	-	-	-					
18. Hays (D)		+ +	***	+	note:	****	P+	+	+	-	***	+	+	+				
19. Kirwan (D)		+ +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+				
20. Feighan (D)	+	+ +	-		+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	***	-				

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U. S. HOUSE OF REE STATE	TRESENIAL.	10ES **	17	LCALL 18	19	20	SECOI 21	ND SES	SSION,	87TF			0.5					H-15	
They the A. A the should		10	1	10	13	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	3
OHIO (CONT'D)																			
21. Vanik	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	~	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	+			
22. Bolton	(R)	+	+	+	***	-	***	***	P-	-	~	-	-	P-	P-	+			
23. Minshall	(R)	+	-	+	-	60	-	-	-	-	*****	-	-	_	-	_			
OKLAHOMA																			
1. Belcher	(R)	-	+	+	+	_		-											
2. Edmondson	(D)	+	+	+	+	_	_	_	_		P+	-	-	-	-	-			
3. Albert, C.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
+. Steed, T.	(D)	+	+	+	•		-	т	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
5. Jarman	(D)	AU	+	+	+	100		-			+	+	-	+	AU	+			
6. Wickersham	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	_	-	+	+	-			+	+				
VICKEI GIIdili	(D)		т	AU	т	т	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
OREGON																			
l. Norblad	(R)	+	+	***	***		+	+	-	_		+	+	-	AU	4466			
2. Ullman	(D)	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
3. Green, E.	(D)	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
+. Durno	(R)	+	+	AU	-	-	***	+	****	-	-	+	+	_	+	_			
PENNSYLVANIA								•											
1. Barrett	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	+	+	_	P+	+	_	+			
2. Granahan	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	1 '	+	+	+			
3. Byrne, T.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	+		_	+	+	+			
Nix, R.	(D)	AU	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	1	_	-	+	+	+			
5. Green, w.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	<u>+</u>		***	+	+				
6. Toll, H.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	1		_	+		+			
7. Milliken	(R)	+	+	AU	-	_	_	_			т	-	-	+	+	+			
3. Curtin	(R)	+	+	+	+	_	_		-	-	P-	-	-	_	Miller	***			
Dague	(R)	-	+	+	+	~		-	- D	•	P-		-	map	-	+			
10. Scranton	(R)	+	+	+	_		+	-	P-	_	***	****	-		-	1000			
ll. Flood, D.	(D)	+	+	AU	P-	- P+	P-	 D	P-	+	-	_	-	P-	P-	P+			
L2. Fenton	(R)	+	+	+	_	PT		P-	P+	+	+	-	P-	P+	AU	+			
13. Schweiker	(R)	+	+	+	-	-	-		-	+	-	-	-	-	-	***			
L4. Rhodes	(D)	+	+	+	-		-	_	***	-	-	-	-	_	-	+			
15. Walter, F.	(D)	+	+		+	+	+		+	+	+	-	-00	+	+	+			
.v. arter, r.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+		_		_				

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U.S. HOUSE OF REPRISE	ENTATIV	ES **	ROLLO	CALL V	OTES	** SI	ECOND	SESS	101, 8	37TH (CONGRI	ESS					H-16		
STATE		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
PENNSYLVANIA (CONT'D)																			
16. Kunkel 1/	(R)	+	+	+	***	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			
17. Schneebelī	(R)	+	+	AU	***	***	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-			
18. Whalley	(R)	+	AU	+	_	-	-	_	-	+	P-	-	-	-	-	AU			
19. Goodling	(R)	+	+	-	-		-	-	4.00	***	water	-	_	-	-	P-			
20. Van Zandt	(R)	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	P-	+	-	-	_	***	-	+			
21. Dent	(D)	+	+	AU	+	_	+	_	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+			
22. Saylor	(R)	parts.	-	+	-	-	-		-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-			
23. Gavin	(R)	-	AU	AU	-	-	-	***	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-			
24. Kearns	(R)	+	***	+	-	_	-	-	-	+	***	-	-	****	+	-			
25. Clark	(D)	+	+	+	+	***	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+			
26. Morgan	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	***	+	+	+	whate	-	+	+	+			
27. Fulton	(R)	+	+	+	+	-	+		-	+	-	-	-	****	+	+			
28. Moorhead	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+			
29. Corbett	(R)	+	AU	+	-	-	+	-	-	+		***	-	-	-	+			
30. Holland	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
RHODE ISLAND 1. St. Germain 2. Fogarty	(D)	++	++	+ AU	++	+	+	+ +	+	++	AU -	++	++	P+ +	AU P+	++			
SOUTH CAROLINA 1. Rivers, L.M. 2. Rilev, C. 2/ 3. Dorn 4. Ashmore 5. Hemphill 6. McMillan	(D) (D) (D) (D) (D)	AU - - -	AU	AU + - AU + AU	+ P+ - +	+ P+ - + +	- + + -	- - - + -	+ P+ - + +	+ - - + AU	+ P- - + +	+ AU + - + AU	- - - +	+ + + + + + -	- - - + -	AU - - -			
SOUTH DAKOTA 1. Reifel 2. Berry	(R) (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	++	-	-	++	-	-	+	-			
TENNESSLE 1. Reece, L. 3/ 2. Baker	(R) (R)	++	P- -	+	-	-	+	++	-	-	-	+	+	-	+ P+	P-			

 $[\]underline{1}$ / Assumed office 5/22/61. $\underline{2}$ / Assumed office 4/12/62. $\underline{3}$ / Assumed office 5/18/61.

U. S. HOUSE OF REPRES	SENTATI								NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER, WHEN	and columns becomes a second								H-17	
STATE		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
TENNESSEE (CONT'D)																			
3. Frazier	(D)	+	+	+	P-	+	+	P+	P+	AU	_	AU	P+	P+	P+	AU			
4. Evins	(D)	-	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+	AU	+	+	+	+			
5. Loser	(D)	AU	+	AU	P+	P-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+	+			
Bass, R.	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
7. Murray	(D)	_	+	AU	+	-	+	+	+	_	-	+	+	-	+				
8. Everett	(D)	+	-	+	+	668a	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
9. Davis	(D)	AU	AU	+	P+	-	AU	P+	P+	AU	+	AU	P+	P+	P+	+			
TEXAS																			
1. Patman	(D)	+	AU	AU	+	+	+	-	+	+	P+	_	_	+	+	<u>+</u>			
2. Brooks	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
3. Beckworth	(D)	+	+	+	+	-		+	-	-	-	+	+	_	***	+			
+. Roberts 1/	(D)		+		+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	_		+	+			
5. Alger	(R)	_		-			-	-	-	-	100	100	-	-	_	***			
6. Teague, O.	(D)	_	+	AU	+	+			_	+	-	+	-	_	+	440			
7. Dowdy	(D)		AU	AU	P-	-		-	-	-	-	+	-	+	_	_			
3. Thomas	(D)	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
7. Thompson	(D)	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	AU	+	+	+	+			
10. Thornberry	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
Ll. Poage	(D)	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	_	+	+			
l2. Wright	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	_	+	AU	+			
13. Purcell 2/	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	-		+	+	+	+	-	_	AU	+			
14. Young, Jim	(D)	+	+	+	_	***	+	•••	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	+			
L5. Kilgore	(D)	400	+	+	_	****	+	***	+	-	+	+	_	-	+	_			
16. Rutherford	(D)	***	+	+	+	***	-	+	+	***	+	+	+	+	+	_			
7. Burleson	(D)	-	-	-	+	***	_	-	+	-	-	+	_	+	+	_			
18. Rogers, W.	(D)	P-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	~	-	+	_	-	P+	AU			
.9. Mahon	(D)	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	***	+	+	-	+	+	+			
20. Gonzalez 3/	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
21. Fisher	(D)	_	-	***	_	****	-	-	-	mar	-	+	_	_	+	_			
22. Casey	(D)	P-		AU	+		_	_	_	-	_	F	_	+	AU	-			

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$. Assumed office 2/5/62. Assumed office 1/27/62.

Assumed office 1/10/62.

			DOLLO	ATT 17	OTTC	** CE	CUMD	SESST	ON 8	7TH C	ONGRE	SS						H-]	
U.S. MOUSE OF REPRESI	NTATIVI	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
UTAH 1. Peterson 2. King	(D)	+	++	++	+ P-	++	++	-	+	++	++	+	- +	+	P+ AU	++			
VERMONT AL. Stafford	(R)	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+			
VIRGINIA 1. Downing 2. Hardy 3. Gary 4. Abbitt 5. Tuck 6. Poff 7. Harrison 8. Smith, H. 9. Jennings 10. Broyhill	(D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (R) (D) (D) (D) (R)	+ + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + AU +	+ + - + + + -	+ + + -	+ + + - + -	- - - - - AU - +	+ P+ + + - P+ +	- - - - - - - +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + - + - AU + +	- - - - - AU - +	+ + - - - - + +	+ + - - - - - + +	+ + + +			
WASHINGTON 1. Pelly 2. Westland 3. Hansen 4. May 5. Horan 6. Tollefson 7. Magnuson	(R) (R) (D) (R) (R) (R) (D)	+ + + P+ + +	+ + + + + +	+ AU AU - +	- + + P+ - +	- + - P- - +	- + - P+ +	+ + + + + + +	- + P- + P- +	+ +	- + - - AU +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	- + P- - +	- + AU + +	- + - - +			
WEST VIRGINIA 1. Moore 2. Staggers 3. Bailey 4. Hechler 5. Kee 6. Slack	(R) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D)	+ + + + + +	- + + + +	+ + + AU +	- + + - +	- + + +	- + + +	- - + -	P- + + +	+ + + + + +	- + + +		+	- + + + +	- + + + +	- + + + +			

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U.S. HOUSE OF	REPRESENTATI	VES **	ROLL	CALL	VOTES	** S	ECOND	SESS:	ION,	87T H (CONGRI	ESS							
STATE		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	2+	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
WISCONSIN																			
1. Schadelber	g (R)	-	-	+	-			-	***	-	-	-	-	_	-	-			
2. Kastenmeie		+	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
3. Thomson, V	7. (R)	+	_	+		-	***	P-	+	pine.	-	***	P-	-	-	-			
4. Zablocki	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
5. Reuss	(D)	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
6. Van Pelt	(R)	AU	-	+	_	***	-			-	-	•••	-	-	-	-			
7. Laird	(R)	+		+	P-			P+	-	_	_	+	AU	P-	***	***			
8. Byrnes	(R)	+	+	+		-	_	-	P-	-	-	-	-		***	-			
9. Johnson, L	(D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+			
10. O'Konski	(R)	+	+	+	•••	-	-	+	+	+	AU	+	+	-	-	-			
WYOMING																			
AL. Harrison,	W. (R)	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-			

U.S. SENATE

87th Congress, 2nd Session

KEY

- + Supported Farmers Union position. P- Paired against Farmers Union position.
- Opposed Farmers Union position. A+ Announced in support of FU position.
- P+ Paired in support of FU position. A- Announced opposed to FU position.

 AU Absent and unannounced.

- 18. UNITED NATIONS BOND PURCHASE (S. 2768). Amendment by Mundt to limit the amount of money to be loaned the United Nations to \$25 million, plus an amount equal to half of the sum of loans made by other nations. Congressional Record, April 5, 1962, page 5608. Defeated: 64-29. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 19. ELLENDER AMENDMENT TO S. 3225 TO ELIMINATE UNREALISTIC CHOICE IN WHEAT REFERENDUM.

 Senator Mundt's efforts to weaken chances of delaying establishment of a wheat certificate plan were defeated in approval by the Senate of this amendment. Congressional Record, May 24, 1962, page 8523. Amendment passed: 53 36. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 20. EASTLAND AMENDMENT TO S. 3225 TO MAKE INEFFECTIVE THE FEED GRAIN PROGRAM PROVIDING THAT ONLY COMMERCIAL FARMS SELLING GRAIN WOULD BE SUBJECT TO ACREAGE ALLOTMENT. (The amendment would have opened the door to vertically integrated feed lot and other farm operations to grow huge quantities of feed as long as it was fed). Congressional Record, May 24, 1962, page 8549. Defeated: 45 to 40. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 21. ELLENDER AMENDMENT TO S. 3225 SUBSTITUTING THE ADMINISTRATION'S FEED GRAIN PROGRAM
 FOR ONE YEAR--CONTINUATION OF THE EMERGENCY FEED GRAIN PROGRAM. Congressional Record,
 May 24, 1962, page 8560. Approved: 46 to 37. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.

- 22. McCARTHY DAIRY AMENDMENT TO S. 3225, authorizing \$2.50 per hundredweight payments for milk to dairy producers who cut production 10 to 25 percent to work in combination with production payments to increase the income of cooperating producers up to 90 percent of parity. Program to end on March 31, 1963. Congressional Record, May 25, 1962, page 8613. Defeated: 60 to 21. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 23. FINAL VOTE ON S. 3225, Agricultural Act of 1962, authorizing permanent programs for feed grain and wheat in line with recommendation of Secretary Freeman's expansion of programs administered by the Farmers' Home Administration, expanded authority for the Food for Peace program, a program of land-use adjustment with emphasis on recreational facilities, and research in the industrial use of agricultural commodities. Congressional Record, May 25, 1962, page 8652. Passed: 42 to 38. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 24. KERR AMENDMENT TO THE STAND-BY PUBLIC WORKS BILL, S. 2965, authorizing appropriations of \$750 million until expended. Adopted: 43 to 32. Congressional Record, May 28, 1962, page 8716. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 25. KERR AMENDMENT TO STAND-BY PUBLIC WORKS BILL, S. 2965, authorizing the appropriations of \$750 million to be expended after June 30, 1963. Passed: 37-36. Congressional Record, May 28, 1962, page 8718. A"yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 26. CASE AMENDMENT TO S. 2965. In the nature of a substitute which would have substantially decreased funds to be made available by Public Works Bill (S. 2965). Rejected: 43 to 33. Congressional Record, May 28, 1962, page 8724. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 27. SENATE REJECTED MOTION TO KILL MORSE AMENDMENT TO H.R. 10802, Department of Interior Appropriations bill, which would increase by \$2,000,000 funds for the rehabilitation of Western cattle range lands. Congressional Record, July 11, 1962, page 9369.

 Rejected: 44 to 30. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 28. SENATE REJECTED MOTION BY DIRKSEN TO RECOMMIT H.R. 10802 with instructions to reduce Dept. of Interior Appropriations as authorized in the bill. Congressional Record, June 12, 1962, page 9529. Rejected: 60 to 26. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.

- 29. PUBLIC WELFARE AMENDMENTS OF 1962, H.R. 10606. Vote on Kerr's motion to table (or kill) Anderson's amendment providing health insurance for most persons 65 and over to be financed by an increase in the Social Security tax, a raise in the SS wage base by funds from the general revenues. Tabling motion adopted: 52-48. Congressional Record, July 17, 1962, page 12923. A "nay" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 30. <u>ELLENDER AMENDMENT</u>. Vote on Ellender amendment to repeal Benson-Farm Bureau 1958 corn price support of 65 percent of parity. <u>Passed</u>: 58-23. Congressional Record, Aug. 21, 1962, page 16154. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 31. TOWER AMENDMENT. Vote on Tower Amendment which would direct the Secretary of Agriculture to submit to Congress within 120 days proposed legislation to end over a four- to six-year period all acreage allotments, marketing quotas and price supports. Rejected: 17-55. Congressional Record, Aug. 21, 1962, page 16174. A "nay" vote is a FU vote.
- 32. FINAL VOTE ON SENATE VERSION OF FARM BILL, H.R. 12391. Continues voluntary feed grains program for another year; establishes certificates wheat plan; expands Food for Peace; makes permanent ACP; expands FHA lending authority; establishes rotating loan fund for REA; and provides for industrial uses of agricultural products. Passed: 47-37. Congressional Record, Aug. 22, 1962, p. 16225. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 33. <u>PUBLIC WORKS</u>. The Senate agreed to the <u>House amendments</u> and cleared for the White House S. 2965, which would provide standby authority to <u>accelerate public works programs</u>.

 <u>Passed:</u> 45 to 22. Congressional Record, Sept. 10, 1962, p. 17861. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.
- 34. CONFERENCE REPORT OF FARM BILL. Senate vote on Senate-House Conference Report on H.R. 12391, the Food and Agriculture Act of 1962 (modified version of Kennedy Administration's farm bill) that provides for extension of wheat and feed grains programs for 1963, and wheat certificate program for 1964, conservation and land-use programs, improvement in Food For Peace program and expanded FHA lending authority. Congressional Record, Sept. 25, 1962, page 19480. Passed: 52 to 41. A "yea" vote is a Farmers Union vote.

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U. S. SENATE -- Rollcall Votes -- 87th Congress, 2nd Session
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                          19
                               20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
                                                                28 29
                                                                         30
                                                                             31
STATE
                       18
ALABAMA
                  (D)
                                                    AU
Hill, L.
                                                AU
                                                        AU
                                                            A+
                                                                                     A+
                                                AU
                                                        AU
                  (D)
                                                   AU
                                                            +
Sparkman, J.
                           +
                                            +
ALASKA
                  (D)
Bartlett, E. L.
                                                A+
                                                        A+
                                            +
                                                    A+
                  (D)
                           A+
                               P+
                                   P+
                                       P+
                                               A+
Gruening, E.
                      +
                                           A+
                                                    A+
                                                        P+
                                                                         A+
                                                                             A+
                                                                                 P-
ARIZONA
Goldwater, B.
                  (R)
                                                A-
                                                    A-
Hayden, C.
                  (D)
                           +
                                                            AU
                                                                             A+
                                                                                     A+
ARKANSAS
Fulbright, J.W.
                  (D)
                               AU
                           +
                                   P+
                                       AU
                                                AU
                                                    AU
                                           A+
                                                            A+
                                                        AU
                                                                 A+
                                                                                     A+
McClellan, J.L.
                  (D)
                                                    P-
                                                                 P+
                                                                                         P-
CALIFORNIA
Kuchel, T. H.
                  (R)
                      +
                           P-
                               P-
                                            P-
                                        A-
                                                A-
                                                    A-
Engle, Clair
                  (D)
                                                                             A+
                                                                                     A+ +
COLORADO
Allott, G.
                  (R)
                                                A-
                                                    A-
                                                        P+
Carroll, J.
                  (D)
                               P+
                                                A+
                                                    A+
                                                        P+
                                       A-
                                           A+
                                                                 +
                                                                         A+
CONNECTICUT
Bush, P.
                  (R)
                      +
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Dodd, T.J.

(D) +

AU

AU

											2011								5-5
STATE		18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	
DELAWARE Williams, John J. Boggs, J. Caleb	(R)	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A+ A+	P- P-	-	- +	-	
FLORIDA Holland, S. L. Smathers, G. A.	(D)	+	- +	- +	- +	-	- +	++	-	+	+ A+	A+ +	-	+ A+	+ A+	- +	+ A+	+ P+	
GEORGIA Russell, R. B. Talmadge, H. E.	(D)	-	+	A+ +	++	_	++	+ AU	+ AU	+ AU	AU ÷	++	-	+ +	A+ +	++	++	++	
HAWAII Fong, H. L. Long, Oren E.	(R) (D)	+ +	- +	- ÷	P- +	- +	-	- +	- +	- +	- +	- +	+	+	-+	+ +	P+ +	-+	
IDAHO Church, Frank Jordan, Len B.	(D)	+	+	+	-	-	+	A+	A+	A+	+	+	+	AU -	A+ -	A+ -	A+ -	÷ -	
Douglas, Paul Dirksen, E. M.	(D) (R)	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	P+ -	÷ AU	+	
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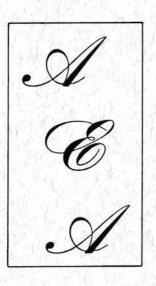
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Pell, C.

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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY AND INDEX OF AEA PUBLICATIONS

87TH CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION

PUBLISHED AND DISTRIBUTED BY THE
AMERICAN ENTERPRISE ASSOCIATION
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LEGISLATIVE BACKGROUND

Introduction

For the first time in six years both the executive and legislative branches of the Government were controlled by the same political party. The first session of the 87th Congress convened at noon on January 3, 1961. In the Senate there were 65 Democrats and 35 Republicans. 1/1 In the House there were 262 Democrats and 174 Republicans with one seat in doubt. 1/1

The inauguration of a new President and the promise of early introduction of much new legislation indicated a busy legislative schedule. It was anticipated that various measures which had been opposed by the previous Administration, or shelved in earlier legislative sessions, would be reconsidered.

Summary of Congressional Action3/

Senator Mansfield was elected Majority Leader of the Senate, the position held by Senator Johnson prior to his election to the Vice Presidency. Senator Humphrey was elected Majority Whip. Other posts of congressional leadership remained unchanged.

The legislative session ran from January 3 until 6:16 a.m. on September 27. The proceedings in the House and Senate were recorded on 20,244 pages of the <u>Congressional Record</u>. Three thousand, seventy-one measures were introduced in the Senate; there were 207 yea-and-nay votes. A total of 10,955 bills were introduced in the House where 116 yea-and-nay votes were taken. Four hundred-one public laws were enacted.

An effort was made early in the session to increase the size of the House Committee on Rules from 12 to 15 members. Most major bills must be cleared by this Committee before they are called up on the floor. The stated purpose of this move was to obtain clearance of various Administration proposals for floor action. The membership was increased by a vote of 217 to 212.

¹/ This was later changed to 64 Democrats and 36 Republicans by the election of John G. Towers to replace Sen. Johnson.

^{2/} The final count: Democrats 263; Republicans 174.

^{3/} For more detailed legislative histories, see LEGISLATIVE RECORD, p. 10.

The closeness of the 1960 presidential election brought demands for revision of presidential election procedures. Hearings were held on various proposals for revision on April 23, but no further action was taken. (See AEA Report No. 9, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.)

Presidential concern over the problem of inflation and economic growth was indicated in the special message on the economy and economic growth transmitted by President Kennedy on February 2. (See Haberler, INFLATION: Its Causes and Cures, AEA rev. ed., 1961.)

The 23d Amendment to the Constitution providing for election of presidential electors to represent the District of Columbia became law on March 29 upon ratification by the Kansas legislature. Election procedures to implement this amendment were provided by P.L. 87-389.

The Berlin crisis was perhaps the most dramatic single political event of the year. In the light of this and other Communist challenges Congress appropriated a total of \$46.6 billion for defense, a sum which was more than half the national budget (P.L. 87-144). Congress also authorized a call-up of 250,000 reservists to active duty (P.L. 87-144). (For an analysis of the Berlin Crisis, see AEA Reports No. 14, 15, and 16, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.) Congress also extended unemployment rights to servicemen recalled to duty during the present emergency (P.L. 87-391) and enacted P.L. 87-378 which authorizes induction into active duty of reservists not satisfactorily performing their reserve obligations.

One of the major items in the Administration's domestic program was the Agricultural Act of 1961 which was enacted as P.L. 87-128. The Act deals with price support and acreage reduction programs, extends the surplus commodity program, and consolidates and revises the farm credit laws. An Administration proposal to permit farmer advisory committees to draw up their own commodity support programs for submission to Congress was rejected as was the request for national marketing orders.

A feed grain reclamation program with price supports at a level above 65 percent of parity was established by P.L. 87-5. Congress also extended the Sugar Act continuing the President's authority to fix Cuba's quota at zero (P.L. 87-15). The farm loan and credit laws were amended (P.L. 87-343) and the Mexican farm labor program was extended (P.L. 87-345). A national hog cholera eradication program was established by the enactment of P.L. 87-209.

A number of measures were introduced dealing with problems of migratory farm workers (S. 1122-32). Some of these were passed by the Senate but were not acted upon by the House.

Increased postal rates were requested by President Kennedy as they had been by President Eisenhower. H.R. 7927 dealing with an adjustment of the postal rates was reported out of committee with amendments on September 7 (H. Rept. No. 1155), but did not come to a vote.

Another major Administration proposal was the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961. This was passed by Congress as P.L. 87-195. President Kennedy had requested authority to borrow up to \$8.8 billion directly from the Treasury for the development loan program. This was denied him, however, Congress indicated its intent to continue the program for at least five years subject to making annual appropriations. Ceilings on such appropriations were fixed at \$1.2 billion for fiscal 1962 and \$1.5 billion per year for the following four years. (See Morley and Morley, THE PATCHWORK HISTORY OF FOREIGN AID, AEA, April 1961.)

Hearings were held on S. 1729, the Foreign Commerce Act. This bill was reported with amendments (S. Rept. No. 744) and passed the Senate on August 25. The bill was sent to the House Committee on Banking and Currency on August 28.

Congress passed the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 (P.L. 87-256) and provided a statutory basis for the Peace Corps (P.L. 87-293). Also, Congress established the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency (P.L. 87-297). The immigration laws were amended by P.L. 87-301. Congress also established the United States Travel Service (P.L. 87-63).

Of the major Administration proposals seven were in the nature of social welfare legislation. Of these seven, five were enacted into law. These are the temporary unemployment compensation program (P.L. 87-6 and 7), the Fair Labor Standards amendments (P.L. 87-30), the Area Redevelopment Act (P.L. 87-27), the Social Security amendments (P.L. 87-64), and an Act to broaden the housing and urban renewal program (P.L. 87-70).

Congress did not enact the Administration's federal aid to education proposal. This proposal became embroiled in a controversy over federal aid to private schools. The President's program was threefold: grants-in-aid for elementary and secondary school construction and teachers salaries, loans for college housing and facilities, and a five-year college scholarship program. S. 1021, dealing with grants-in-aid for school construction and teachers' salaries, was passed by the Senate on May 25 but was not adopted by the House. Aid to schools in federally impacted areas was extended as was the National Defense Education Act (P.L. 87-344). (See AEA Report No. 5, 87th Cong., 1st Sess. See also Benson-Payne, NATIONAL AID TO HIGHER EDUCATION, AEA, 1958; Freeman, FEDERAL AID TO EDUCATION-BOON OR BANE?, AEA, 1955; AEA Report No. 8, 86th Cong., 1st Sess.)

Congress failed also to enact the proposed program of medical care for the aged. Major bills were S. 65, S. 909, S. 937, H.R. 676, H.R. 4168, and H.R. 4222. The House bills were referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means, but were not reported out. S. 65 and S. 909 were referred to the Senate Committee on Finance and S. 937 was sent to the Senate Committee on Labor and Public Welfare. The Administration

proposals were H.R. 4222 and S. 909. S. 909 was sent to the Senate Committee on Finance which did not report it out. A similar fate was suffered by H.R. 4222 after being sent to the House Committee on Ways and Means. (See AEA Report No. 8, 87th Cong., 1st Sess. See also AEA Report No. 1, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.; Campbell and Campbell, VOLUNTARY HEALTH INSURANCE IN THE UNITED STATES, AEA, May 1960.)

Congress expanded the aid to dependent children program (P.L. 87-31). Early retirement at reduced benefits was provided for railroad employees (P.L. 87-285). Congress also enacted the Community Health Services and Facilities Act of 1961 which provides funds for public health programs for the aged and chronically ill.

In the transportation field, Congress enacted the Highway Act of 1961 (P.L. 87-61) which authorizes additional appropriations for the 41,000 mile program and increases certain taxes so as to keep the program on a self-financing basis. (See Frederick, IMPROVING NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION POLICY, AEA, 1959.) A bill dealing with dual rate contracts in the shipping industry was enacted (P.L. 87-346). The airport development program was extended by P.L. 87-255, and Congress authorized certain withdrawals by shipowners from the capital reserve fund (P.L. 87-271).

The Housing Act of 1961, P.L. 87-70, provides a housing program for modest-income families, additional authorizations for urban renewal, funds for acquisition of open-space land in urban areas, and increased funds for improvements of local public facilities. (See AEA Report No. 7, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.)

Extensive hearings before the Senate Subcommittee on Antitrust and Monopoly led to the introduction by Sen. Kefauver of the Drug Bill, S. 1552. The bill was referred to the Senate Committee on the Judiciary where hearings were held on June 5 and July 5. (See AEA Report No. 13, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.)

Hearings were also held on the "Truth in Lending" bill, S. 1740, by the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, but no further action was taken. (See AEA Report No. 12, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.)

P.L. 87-305 is the Small Business Act Amendments of 1961. Congress combined the loan programs of the SBA and increased the loan authorization therefor. Congress also amended the Small Business Investment Act through the enactment of P.L. 87-341. Subsidies for small domestic producers of lead and zinc were authorized (P.L. 87-347) and Congress exempted the package television contracts of professional sports leagues from the provisions of the antitrust laws (P.L. 87-331).

Proposals to prohibit automobile manufacturers from engaging in the finance or insurance business were introduced again in the form of S. 1982 and H.R. 71. S. 1982 is pending before the Senate Committee on the Judiciary. H.R. 71 was not reported, however hearings were held before the House Judiciary Committee. (See AEA Report No. 11, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.) See also AEA Report No. 16, 86th Cong., 1st Sess.)

Congress extended for another year the corporate income tax rate and the present schedule of excise taxes (P.L. 87-72). Congress also provided tax exemption for income derived by foreign central banks from obligations of the United States. In addition, Congress enacted P.L. 87-321 which permits the crediting by an employer of employment taxes paid by his predecessor.

Proposals for the taxation of foreign source income were made by President Kennedy on April 20. No congressional action was taken on these, however. (See AEA Report No. 10, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.)

Congress passed a number of bills designed to combat modern crime and also provided a program of federal assistance for the prevention and control of juvenile delinquency through the enactment of the Juvenile Delinquency and Youth Offenses Control Act of 1961, P.L. 87-279.

The appointment of 73 judges for the federal court system was authorized by P.L. 87-36. Congress also reinstated the Reorganization Act of 1949 until June 1, 1963, and reorganization plans affecting the Civil Aeronautics Board, the Federal Trade Commission, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, and the Federal Maritime Board became law (P.L. 87-18). A revision of procedures before the Federal Communications Commission was made by the enactment of P.L. 87-192. Reorganization plans for the National Labor Relations Board and the Securities and Exchange Commission were rejected.

Congress passed P.L. 87-210 which increased and strengthened the reserves of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation. A temporary increase of the public debt to \$298 billion was authorized by P.L. 87-69, and Congress provided for the retirement of old series gold and silver certificates (P.L. 87-66).

Congress implemented an international convention on oil pollution by passing P.L. 87-167. Congress also amended the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and increased authorizations for administration of the Act (P.L. 87-88). A saline water concession program was provided by P.L. 87-295.

The President's Program

State of the Union Message

On January 30, 1961, President Kennedy delivered his first State of the Union Message to Congress. The President pointed out at the outset that it would be presumptuous of him to offer at this time a detailed program for the future. Instead, he proceeded to treat the "State of the Union" in a general manner and promised to implement this broad treatment with specific legislative proposals and messages in the near future. The State of the Union Message dealt with four general areas as follows:

- (1) The Economy. President Kennedy stated that the economy was "in trouble" and that his proposals in this area would include improved unemployment compensation through temporary increases in duration; more food to families of the unemployed and aid to their needy children; redevelopment of chronically depressed areas; expansion of services provided by U.S. Employment Offices; stimulation of housing and construction; increase and expansion of the minimum wage; tax incentives for plant investment; and increased development of natural resources. The President's stated goals in this area were twofold: prompt economic recovery and increased long-range growth.
- (2) <u>Balance of Payments</u>. President Kennedy referred to the balance of payments situation as a cause for concern "but not for panic." He stated that our monetary and financial position remains exceedingly strong. In dealing with this problem President Kennedy proposed that the following ends be sought through executive orders, legislative remedies, and cooperative efforts with our allies:
 - (a) Attract foreign investment and travel to the United States:
 - (b) Promote United States exports, at stable prices and with greater liberality in governmental guarantees and financing;
 - (c) Close tax and customs loopholes now resulting in undue spending of dollars abroad;
- (d) Greater participation by our allies in the costs of common defense and economic development.
- (3) <u>Budget and National Needs</u>. The President predicted an almost certain deficit for fiscal 1961 and a deficit for 1962 unless the economy took an earlier and sharper upturn than predicted.

President Kennedy then proposed a domestic program with expenditures which would not "of and by themselves unbalance the earlier budget." This program called for, inter alia, a new housing program under a new Housing and Urban Affairs Department; federal grants for public schools and higher education and health care for the aged. Also, action was said to be needed to deal with the problems of organized crime, juvenile delinquency, civil rights, and morality in business.

(4) <u>Foreign Affairs</u>. President Kennedy treated this as the area of paramount concern. In this field the President stated that we must "strengthen our military tools...improve our economic tools...and sharpen our political and diplomatic tools."

The President stated that he had ordered a reappraisal of our entire defense strategy and, as an interim measure, an increase in airlift capacity, a step-up in the Polaris program, and an acceleration of the missile program.

The President's foreign economic assistance program called for a "new and more effective program" of foreign economic, educational and social assistance, and early Senate approval of the Convention establishing the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. The President also proposed the "Alliance for Progress" program. More specifically, in regard to Latin America, he called for appropriations by Congress of the \$500 million fund pledged by the Act of Bogota; the formation of a high-level interdepartmental task force to coordinate inter-American policies and programs; a strengthening of OAS as an instrument of peace and a foe of foreign domination; a hemispheric attack on illiteracy and inadequate educational opportunities; and the immediate dispatch of a food-for-peace mission to Latin America.

President Kennedy called, additionally, for an expanded food-for-peace program; the formation of a National Peace Corps, and amendment of the Mutual Defense Assistance Control Act to provide increased flexibility in economic dealings with the "satellite" countries of Eastern Europe.

Finally, the President also proposed an expanded disarmament program and called for increased support of the United Nations.

Legislative Program

In his special messages of March 24, March 28, and May 25, President Kennedy outlined in large part his legislative program. His requests included the following:

Internal Affairs:

Construction of a linear electron accelerator;
Aid to education;
Funds for scientific research;
Medical care for the aged under social security;
Assistance to medical schools and students;
Grants for expanded community health services and facilities;
Expanded urban renewal;
Increased assistance for local airport construction;
Area redevelopment;
Natural resource development;
Increase in disability compensation rates for veterans;
Increased highway user taxes;

Postal rate increase; Additional funds for the Internal Revenue Service; Temporary increase of the debt limit; Expansion and acceleration of the Polaris, Minuteman, and Skyball programs: Improvement of continental defense and warning systems; \$225 million for defense space and research programs; Expanded research on non-nuclear weapons; \$172 million for the purchase of modern airlift aircraft; Increased personnel training and readiness for conventional forces; Manpower development and training program; Investment tax credit incentive plan; Increase in the lending capacity of the SBA; Closing of tax loopholes; \$100 million for re-equipment of the Army; Accelerated civil defense program: Additional funds for man-to-moon project: Additional \$50 million for development of worldwide space satellite communications systems; Satellite system for weather observation.

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Foreign Affairs:

\$250 million for President's contingency fund; Continued Mutual Security program: Additional funds for the U.S. Information Agency; Establishment of a Disarmament Administration agency.

Economic Report of the President

Pursuant to section 3(a) of the Employment Act of 1946, President Eisenhower transmitted his final Economic Report to the Congress on January 18. He attributed the decline of production and employment during the latter part of 1960 in large part to an inventory adjustment. He predicted a period of sound economic growth from a firm base.

President Eisenhower reported that the nation was producing goods and services at an annual rate of \$503.5 billion at the close of 1960. This was the same as in the third quarter of 1960 but slightly less than in the second quarter. In dollars of constant purchasing power this was 2.6 percent greater than 1959. President Eisenhower further reported that while inventories were being reduced at an annual rate of \$4 billion during the last quarter, as compared to a build-up of \$11.4 billion during the first quarter, final demands for goods and services rose without interruption and reached a level of \$507.5 billion in the final quarter.

On February 2, President Kennedy delivered a special message entitled "Economic Recovery and Growth." Stressing his view that the

country's potential growth rate should be increased, the President made legislative recommendations covering the following general areas:

> Monetary policy and debt management: Housing and community development; Temporary unemployment insurance extension; Expansion of U.S. Employment Service; Aid to dependent children of the unemployed; Distressed area redevelopment program; Distribution of surplus food; Improvements in the Social Security system; Minimum wage increase and expanded coverage; Accelerating procurement and construction; Government procurement in labor surplus areas; Special tax incentive to encourage investment in plant modernization: Investment in human and natural resources: Productivity and price stability.

> Special messages submitted to this session of Congress were:

Economic Recovery and Growth	February 2
Balance of Payments	February 6
Health and Hospital Care	February 9
Education	February 20
Natural Resources	Fahmusmu 9
Highways	February 28
Peace Corps	March 1
National Housing Program	March 7
Latin American Development	March 14
Agriculture	March 16
Foreign Aid	March 22
Budget and Fiscal Policy	March 24
Defense Budget	March 28
Regulatory Agencies	April 13
Federal Tax System	April 20
Ethical Conduct in Government	April 27
Urgent National Needs	May 25
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LEGISLATIVE RECORD

Major Legislation

(1) Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation. P.L. 87-6, approved March 24, 1961, extends unemployment compensation coverage an additional maximum period of 13 weeks to those individuals whose compensation rights expired after June 30, 1960. Such additional compensation payments shall be made by the states which, in turn, shall be reimbursed by the Federal Government. To finance these outlays the federal unemployment tax is increased from 3.1 percent to 3.5 percent for the calendar years 1962 and 1963. P.L. 87-7, approved March 24, 1961, provides a similar program for employees covered by the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act. Workers who have exhausted their unemployment benefits after June 30, 1960 and before April 1, 1962 are entitled to additional coverage up to a maximum of 13 weeks. The Railroad Unemployment Insurance Tax is increased to 4 percent for the calendar years 1962 and 1963. (See AEA Report No. 3, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.)

History: P.L. 87-6 was introduced as H.R. 4806 by Rep. Mills on February 23. The bill was reported out of Committee (H. Rept. No. 27) on February 25 with amendments. It was passed by the House as reported on March 1 and went to the Senate Committee on Finance where it was reported out with amendments (S. Rept. No. 69) on March 15. Further amendments were made on the floor and the bill was amended and passed by the Senate on March 16. Conferees were appointed and the Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 183) was agreed to by both Houses on March 22. The railroad unemployment insurance bill was introduced as H.R. 5075 by Rep. Harris on March 1. It was reported out of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce without amendment (H. Rept. No. 54) and was passed by the House on March 6. The Senate passed the bill without amendment and it was submitted to the President on March 20 (P.L. 87-7).

(2) Area Redevelopment Act. One of President Kennedy's requests in his message of February 2 was for speedy enactment of area redevelopment legislation. This legislation (P.L. 87-27) was approved May 1, 1961. The Act establishes a \$394 million program for federal assistance to depressed areas. Standards for redevelopment areas are set forth. Authority is given for the establishment of two \$100 million revolving loan funds for industrial and rural redevelopment respectively. Maximum federal participation in private facilities projects is set at 65 percent of cost and loans must bear an interest rate of one-half of one percent higher than the rate payable by the Administrator to the Secretary of the Treasury. The Act includes a loan fund of \$100 million for the construction and improvement of public facilities. Federal participation in these loans may be as high as 100 percent and the interest rate is one-quarter of one percent lower than that described above. Appropriations of \$94 million are authorized for grants, technical assistance, vocational retraining, and retraining subsistence payments. (See AEA Report No. 2, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.; see also AEA Report No. 7, 86th Cong., 1st Sess.)

History: The bill, S. 1, was introduced by Sen. Douglas on January 5 and was co-sponsored by 43 other Senators. It was reported by the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency on March 8 (S. Rept. No. 61) and was passed by the Senate with amendments on March 15. The House Committee on Banking and Currency reported S. 1 with amendments (H. Rept. No. 186) and the bill was amended and passed by the House on March 29. The Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 256) was submitted and agreed to by both Houses and the bill was sent to President Kennedy on April 27.

(3) Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961. P.L. 87-30, approved May 5, 1961, increases the minimum hourly wage for presently covered workers to \$1.15 for the first two years after enactment and to \$1.25 thereafter. Employees newly covered by P.L. 87-30 will receive a minimum hourly wage of \$1.00 for the first three years, \$1.15 during the fourth year and \$1.25 thereafter. Overtime pay for newly-covered workers is required for workweeks in excess of 44 hours during the third year after enactment, for a workweek over 42 hours during the fourth year and for a workweek over 40 hours thereafter. Overtime pay is set at a minimum of one and a half times the regular pay rate. Coverage under the basic Act is extended to an estimated 3.6 million new workers, largely workers from construction, transporation, service, and retail businesses. Also included for the first time are workers employed by a business covered by the Act even though these workers are not engaged in interstate commerce. (See AEA Report No. 4, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.; see also AEA Report No. 3, 86th Cong., 2d Sess.)

History: The Administration's bill, H.R. 3935, was introduced by Rep. Roosevelt on February 7. It was reported with amendments (H. Rept. No. 75) and was passed with amendments by the House on March 24. The Senate Committee on Labor and Public Welfare reported the bill with amendments (S. Rept. No. 145) and the bill was passed on April 20. Conferees were appointed on April 24. The Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 327) was agreed to by both Houses on May 3 and the bill was submitted to the President on May 4.

(4) Highway Act of 1961. P.L. 87-61, approved June 29, 1961, increases federal participation in the 41,000 mile interstate highway program established by the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956. The Act approves the revised cost estimate of \$41 billion as the basis for making apportionments for the fiscal years 1963-1966. A revised schedule of maximum appropriations which may be made for the program through June 30, 1971 is set forth. Provision is made for the use of funds appropriated for defense access roads to repair highways damaged by military traffic in the construction of military installations. The incentive bonus for regulating billboard advertising is continued to July 1, 1963. To finance the program, gasoline and diesel fuel taxes are each increased one cent per gallon. Similarly, taxes on tires, inner tubes, and tread rubber are increased. (See Frederick, IMPROVING NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION POLICY, AEA 1959.)

- History: The bill (H.R. 6713) was introduced by Rep. Fallon on May 1. It was reported (H. Rept. No. 326) on May 1 and was passed on May 4. H.R. 6713 was referred to the Senate Committee on Public Works which reported it out on June 1 (S. Rept. No. 293) and to the Senate Committee on Finance which reported it out with amendments on June 12 (S. Rept. No. 367). It was further amended on the Senate floor and was passed by the Senate with amendments on June 15. The Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 564) was agreed to by both Houses on June 26 and the bill was submitted to the President on June 28.
- June 30, 1961, increases the minimum monthly benefit to \$40; provides for retirement by men at age 62 on a reduced benefit basis; increases the insurance benefits for surviving spouses and parents to 82½ percent of the deceased worker's primary insurance account; liberalizes the requirements for fully insured status so that one-quarter of coverage for each calendar year after 1950 is sufficient and increases from \$300 to \$500 the area in which only one-half of earnings over the statutory limitation of \$1,200 a year are treated as excess earnings. The Social Security Tax on employees, and employers, is increased by 1/8th of one percent while the increase for self-employed persons is increased 3/16ths of one percent. Additional federal participation in old-age assistance payments to state programs is also provided. (See AEA Rept. No. 6, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.; Campbell and Campbell, VOLUNTARY HEALTH INSURANCE IN THE UNITED STATES, AEA, 1960.)
- History: H.R. 6027 was introduced by Rep. Mills on March 29. It was reported out by the House Committee on Ways and Means with amendments (H. Rept. No. 216) and was passed by the House as reported on April 20. Hearings were held in the Senate and the bill was reported out with amendments by the Committee (S. Rept. No. 425) on June 20. It was further amended on the floor before passage by the Senate on June 26. Conferees were appointed June 26 by the Senate and June 27 by the House. The Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 611) was agreed to by both Houses June 29.
- (6) Housing Act of 1961. This Act, P.L. 87-70, was approved June 30, 1961. Title I provides for new housing programs including long-term, low-interest loans for housing for moderate income families, and 20-year, low-interest home improvement and rehabilitation loans. Mortgage loans for experimental housing are also provided as well as mortgage insurance for individually-owned units in multi-family structures. Title II increases by \$75 million the revolving loan fund for the construction of housing for the elderly and authorizes a grant program of \$5 million for demonstration programs designed to provide new or improved low-income housing. Additional authorizations of \$2 billion for urban renewal project grants are provided in Title III including a grant authorization of \$25 million for mass transportation demonstration projects. Title IV increases by \$1.2 billion the authorization for the college housing program. Title V provides a \$500 million increase in the loan fund for local utilities improvements including the construction

of mass transporation systems. An expanded home-improvement loan guarantee program is authorized in Title VI which also provides for easier FHA home mortgage insurance terms. Title VII presents a new grant program for the acquisition of open-space land in urban areas. Title VIII extends the farm housing program to 1965 and increases the authorization by \$200 million. (See AEA Rept. No. 7, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.; see also AEA Report No. 11, 86th Cong., 2d Sess.)

History: The Administration-backed bill, S. 1922, was introduced by Sen. Sparkman on May 19 and was amended on the Senate floor before passage on June 12. Amendments were added by the House which passed the bill on June 22. Conferees were appointed and the Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 602) was agreed to by both Houses on June 28.

(7) Military Build-up. In response to President Kennedy's nationwide speech of July 25 and his formal requests to Congress of July 26, Congress enacted P.L. 87-117, approved August 1, 1961. This Act authorizes the President to order up to 250,000 Ready Reservists to active duty for not more than 12 months. Authority is also given to extend the tours of duty of personnel on active military duty for a similar period. This authority is to expire on July 1, 1962. Congress also enacted P.L. 87-118, approved August 3, 1961, which authroized additional appropriations of \$958 million for the procurement of aircraft, missiles, and naval vessels. This sum was in addition to a previous authorization of \$12.5 billion (P.L. 87-53, approved June 21, 1961). (See AEA Report No. 15, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.)

History: P.L. 87-117 was introduced as S.J. Res 120 by Sens. Russell and Saltonstall on July 26. It was reported out of the Senate Committee on Armed Services on July 27 (S. Rept. No. 642) and was passed by the Senate on July 28. The House passed the resolution without amendment on July 31 and it became law on August 1. P.L. 87-118 was introduced as S. 2311 on July 26 by Sens. Russell and Saltonstall. The Senate Committee on Armed Services reported the bill out without amendment on July 27 (S. Rept. No. 643). The Senate passed the bill as reported on July 28 as did the House on August 2.

(8) Agricultural Act of 1961. P.L. 87-128, approved August 8, 1961, presents the Administration's agricultural program in four separate titles. Title I deals with supply adjustment and price stabilization. It provides for the formulation of agricultural programs through consultation with farmers, farm organizations, and commodity organizations with subsequent legislative proposals to be acted on by Congress. Also, a 1962 wheat program is established calling for a mandatory 10 percent cut in wheat acreage allotments with reimbursement set at 45 percent of the value of average acreage yield for 1959-60. Provision is also made for further voluntary reductions of up to 30 percent of acreage with reimbursement set at 60 percent of the average yield. A feed grain program is also provided which requires a 20 percent reduction in feed grain acreage with reimbursement to be made on the basis of 50 percent of the normal value of crops. An additional 20 percent

voluntary acreage reduction with reimbursement set at 60 percent of value is also provided. Title I adds certain agricultural products such as peanuts, turkeys, cherries, and cranberries to the crops that are subject to marketing orders, and extends the National Wool Act to March 31, 1966. Title II extends the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act to December 31, 1964, with a total authorization of \$4.5 billion. Provision is made for the dollar sale of foreign currencies obtained in this program to American tourists. The annual \$300 million authorization for the donation of surplus agricultural commodities is continued. Title III consolidates and revises the farm credit laws while Title IV extends the school milk program until July 1, 1967.

History: S. 1643 was introduced by Sen. Ellender on April 18. It was reported out of committee with amendments (S. Rept. No. 566) on July 17. Further amendments were made on the Senate floor and the bill was passed with amendments on July 26. S. 1643 was amended again by the House and was passed, as amended, in lieu of H.R. 8230 (Rep. Cooley, July 19, 1961) on July 27. House-Senate conferees were appointed to reconcile the differences between the two versions of S. 1643 and the Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 839) was agreed to by both the House and the Senate on August 3.

(9) Foreign Assistance Act of 1961. P.L. 87-195, approved September 4, 1961, authorized appropriations not to exceed \$4,253,500,000 for the foreign aid program. The Act also authorizes a sum of \$6 billion for development loans for fiscal years 1963-67. The original presidential request had been for authority to borrow directly from the Treasury, however, the authorizations (ceilings) contained in the Act are subject to annual congressional appropriations. An authorization of \$1.7 billion for military assistance for fiscal 1963 is also provided but before military assistance may be furnished to any government it must be determined by the President that such government is not Communist-dominated or controlled. (See Morley and Morley, THE PATCHWORK HISTORY OF FOREIGN AID, AEA, April 1961. See also AEA Report No. 7, 86th Cong., 2d Sess.) A breakdown of the funds requested and the amount appropriated for the fiscal year 1962 follows:

	Requested	Appropriated (P.L. 87-329)
Military assistance	\$1,885,000,000	\$1,600,000,000
Development loans Development grants Investment surveys International organs Supporting assistance President's contingency Administration expenses Special authorization	1,760,000,000 380,000,000 5,000,000 153,500,000 581,000,000 fund 500,000,000 51,000,000	1,112,500,000 296,500,000 1,500,000 153,500,000 425,000,000 275,000,000 47,500,000 100,000
State Department	$\$\frac{0}{5,315,500,000}$	$\frac{3,000,000}{\$3,914,600,000}$

History: P.L. 87-195 was introduced as S. 1983 by Sen. Fulbright on May 26. It was reported with amendments by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations (S. Rept. No. 612) on July 24. It was amended on the Senate floor and was passed with amendments by the Senate on August 18. It was further amended by the House when the text of H.R. 8400 (Rep. Morgan, July 31, 1961) was substituted on August 21. The House passed its substitute on August 21. House-Senate conferees were appointed and the Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 1088) was agreed to by both Houses on August 31. The bill was submitted to the President on September 1 and became law on September 4.

Other Important Legislation

Agriculture

Feed Grain Program. P.L. 87-5, approved March 22, 1961, establishes a feed grain reclamation program for the year 1961. Under the program, participating farmers will receive price support payments at a level above 65 percent of parity in return for a reduction of planted acreage. Price support payments may be made in kind from government surpluses. In addition, limited authority is given the Secretary of Agriculture and the Commodity Credit Corporation to release surplus feed grains on the market in order to promote greater participation and cooperation in the program. (H.R. 4510, Rep. Poage, February 17, 1961.)

Sugar Act Extension. P.L. 87-15, approved March 31, 1961, extends the Sugar Act of 1948 to June 30, 1962 and continues the authority of the President to fix Cuba's quota at such amounts as he deems "in the national interest." In addition, the President is relieved of the obligation to purchase any part of the sugar formerly supplied by Cuba from any country with which the United States does not maintain diplomatic relations. Finally, "special consideration" is to be given countries of the Western Hemisphere and countries purchasing U.S. agricultural commodities in determining above-quota foreign purchases of sugar resulting from a cut in Cuba's quota. (H.R. 5463, Rep. Cooley, March 10, 1961.)

Farm Loan and Farm Credit Laws. P.L. 87-343, approved October 3, 1961, amends the Federal Farm Loan Act by providing for more frequent installment payments on federal land bank loans; by authorizing loans made to a farming corporation if the stockholders thereof assume personal liability therefor to the extent prescribed by the Farm Credit Administration and by increasing the maximum maturity for loans or discounts by federal credit banks to seven years. The Act also amends the Farm Credit Act of 1933 by combining into one single revolving fund, the revolving funds for subscription to stock of production credit associations and federal credit banks; by requiring production credit associations to set aside each year earnings equal to ½ percent of outstanding loans for a bad debt reserve until such reserve equals 3½ percent of outstanding loans after which time increases in the reserve are permissible but not mandatory, and by providing for the retirement of

interest in any bank for cooperatives held by a cooperative which is liquidated or dissolved. (S. 1927, Sen. Ellender, May 22, 1961.)

Mexican Farm Labor Program. P.L. 87-345, approved October 3, 1961, continues the Mexican Farm Labor Program for two years from December 31, 1961. It prohibits the use of Mexican farm labor for other than temporary or seasonal employment and the use of such labor for the operation and maintenance of power-driven self-propelled farm machinery unless a finding of undue hardship has been made by the Secretary of Labor. The Act also exempts such farm labor from federal or state taxes levied to provide illness or disability benefits. (H.R. 2010, Rep. Gathings, January 6, 1961.)

Other Farm Legislation. In addition, Congress increased the amount of funds available for farm operating loans to borrowers whose operating loan indebtedness would exceed \$10,000 (P.L. 87-8, approved March 29, 1961); enacted P.L. 87-33 which amended section 378(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1378(a)) thereby authorizing the temporary release and reapportionment of pooled acreage allotments where the land carrying such allotments has been taken by eminent domain; authorized the harvesting of hay on conservation reserve acreage upon certification by the state governor and determination by the Secretary of Agriculture that the area where such acreage is located is a disaster area (P.L. 87-62, approved June 29, 1961); empowered the Secretary of Agriculture to sell surplus feeds for assistance in the preservation and maintenance of foundation herds of livestock in disaster areas (P.L. 87-127, approved August 7, 1961).

Also, Congress authorized the transfer by lease, for the crop years 1962 and 1963, of tobacco acreage allotments from one farm to another within the same county with the exception of burley tobacco and certain Maryland tobacco farms (P.L. 87-200, approved September 6, 1961) and provided through P.L. 87-209 for a national hog cholera eradication program.

Business and Industry

Small Business Act Amendments of 1961. P.L. 87-305, approved September 26, 1961, combines the loan authorizations of the Small Business Administration for the regular business loan program with the prime contract program and increases the combined authorization by \$105 million. (An earlier Act, P.L. 87-198, had increased the regular business loan authorization by \$20 million.) P.L. 87-305 also calls for the development of a small business subcontracting program by certain federal agencies and for the publication of information relating to defense procurement actions of \$10,000 and above and civilian procurement actions of \$5,000 and above except in certain defined instances. (H.R. 8762, Rep. Spence, August 17, 1961.)

Small Business Investment Act Amendments. P.L. 87-341, approved October 3, 1961, made several changes in the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 including an increase of \$250,000 to \$400,000 as the maximum amount which the Small Business Administration may invest in debentures of a small investment company but only to the extent private funds are not available on reasonable terms. P.L. 87-341 sets a ceiling of \$4 million on operating loans to any one company by the SBA and a limitation of \$500,000 on the assistance which can be furnished any single business by a small business investment company. More effective enforcement procedures and administrative remedies are also provided and an increase to \$325 million as the maximum amount of loans which the SBA may have outstanding is authorized. The bill was first introduced as S. 902 (Sen. Sparkman and others, February 9, 1961) and was passed in lieu of H.R. 8870 (Rep. Patman, August 23, 1961) after the text of H.R. 8870 was substituted for the language of S. 902.

<u>Securities and Exchange Commission Study</u>. Congress authorized a study of national security associations by the Securities and Exchange Commission (P.L. 87-196, approved September 5, 1961).

Other Acts. Congress also exempted the package television contracts of professional sports leagues from the provisions of the antitrust laws (P.L. 87-331, approved September 30, 1961) and enacted P.L. 87-333 which carried into effect a provision of the Convention of Paris of 1958 which extends the priority rights pertinent to patents and trademarks to a patent application filed in a foreign country subsequent to the filing of another foreign application where the first has been withdrawn or abandoned and no outstanding rights therein exist.

Finally, Congress provided for subsidization of small domestic producers of lead and zinc (P.L. 87-347, approved October 3, 1961) and for the application of the manufacturer's trademark to any gold or silver article to which the manufacturer has affixed a quality mark (P.L. 87-354, approved October 4, 1961).

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Criminal Offenses. Congress enacted a series of criminal laws:

P.L. 87-197, approved September 5, 1961, provides penalties for aircraft piracy and acts relating thereto including the imparting of false information.

P.L. 87-216, approved September 13, 1961, prohibits wire transmission of bets, wagers, or relative information.

P.L. 87-218, approved September 13, 1961, proscribes the interstate transportation of wagering paraphernalia.

- P.L. 87-221, approved September 13, 1961, prohibits the destruction of or injury to property moving in interstate or foreign commerce.
- P.L. 87-228, approved September 13, 1961, prohibits interstate or foreign travel or transportation in aid of racketeering enterprises.
- P.L. 87-306, approved September 26, 1961, provides penalties for malicious damage to communication facilities owned or operated, or used or intended to be used, by the United States.
- P.L. 87-371, approved October 4, 1961, prohibits the transportation of fraudulent state tax stamps in interstate and foreign commerce.

Congress also expanded the application of the Federal Firearms Act, the Fugitive Felon Act, and the espionage laws.

Juvenile Delinquency and Youth Offenses Control Act of 1961. A program of federal assistance for the prevention and control of juvenile delinquency and youth offenses was inaugurated through the enactment of P.L. 87-274, approved September 22, 1961. This program will provide grants for demonstration and evaluation projects for the training of personnel. A yearly authorization of \$10 million for three years is provided. The bill was introduced as S. 279 (Sens. Clark, Carroll, and Hill, January 9, 1961) and was passed after substitution of the text of a House bill (H.R. 8028, Rep. Brademas, July 10, 1961).

Federal Government

Reorganization Act. P.L. 87-18, approved April 7, 1961, reinstates the Reorganization Act of 1949 until June 1, 1963. Under this Act reorganization plans are to be submitted to Congress by the President. Such plans become law unless disapproved by a majority of the House or Senate by the passage of a resolution of disapproval within 60 days of submission. President Kennedy submitted seven such plans to Congress. Reorganization Plans 3, 4, 6, and 7 dealing with the CAB, FTC, Federal Home Loan Bank Board, and Federal Maritime Board were not disapproved and became law. (S. 153, Sens. McClellan, Jackson, Humphrey, and Ervin, January 5, 1961.)

Federal Communications Commission. P.L. 87-192, approved August 31, 1961, was enacted as a substitute for Reorganization Plan No. 2 submitted by President Kennedy on May 27 and later rejected by the House. The Act revises the procedures of the FCC by providing for delegation of the Commission's functions to a panel of commissioners, an individual commissioner or employee or employees of the Commission upon publication of a rule or order by the Commission authorizing such delegation. Decisions on such delegated functions shall be subject to review by the Commission or designated authority within the Commission. An application for such review is a condition precedent to judicial review. (S. 2034, Sen. Pastore, June 7, 1961.)

National Aeronautics and Space Council. P.L. 87-26, approved April 25, 1961, substitutes the Vice President as Chairman of the Council to replace the President and removes from membership one government member and three civilian scientific members. The functions and duties of the Council are also broadened. (H.R. 6169, Rep. Brooks (La.), April 11, 1961.)

Omnibus Judgeship Bill. P.L. 87-36, approved May 19, 1961, authorizes the appointment of ten additional circuit judges and 63 additional district judges for the federal court system. Of these appointments, two district judgeships are temporary. Four previously temporary district judgeships were made permanent. (S. 912, Sens. Mansfield, Eastland, and Johnston, February 13, 1961.)

Other Legislation. P.L. 87-97, approved July 20, 1961 imposes a requirement on the Board of Veterans' Appeals to render its decisions in writing and to include them in findings of fact and conclusions of law. The per diem allowances for government employees was raised from \$12 to \$16 (P.L. 87-139, approved August 14, 1961). "Reasonable notice" was substituted for the former five-days' notice to be given an administrative agency or official where an individual seeks interlocutory relief from an administrative order (P.L. 87-225, approved September 13, 1961). P.L. 87-247, approved September 4, 1961, authorized delegation by the Interstate Commerce Commission of certain duties to employee boards.

Finance Finance

Public Debt. P.L. 87-69, approved June 30, 1961, provides for a temporary increase of the national debt limit to \$298 billion until June 30, 1962. (H.R. 7677, Rep. Mills, June 15, 1961.) Congress also authorized the acceptance of gifts to reduce the public debt (P.L. 87-58, approved June 27, 1961).

FHA Mortgage Insurance. Congress also increased the mortgage insurance authorization of the Federal Housing Administration by \$1 billion (P.L. 87-38, approved May 25, 1961).

Foreign Relations

Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961. P.L. 87-256, approved September 21, 1961, coordinates existing cultural and exchange programs (e.g., Fulbright program) and includes for the first time a program for the promotion of foreign language training. The President is authorized to use any foreign currency received from the sale of surplus agricultural commodities and surplus property abroad in support of the program. The U.S. Advisory Commission on Educational Exchange is established to assist the President in the administration of this Act. Immigration laws are amended in order to promote greater participation in the program. The bill

was introduced as H.R. 8666 (Rep. Hays, August 14, 1961) and was passed in lieu of S. 1154 (Sen. Fulbright, March 2, 1961).

Peace Corps Act. P.L. 87-293, approved September 22, 1961, represents Congress' response to President Kennedy's special request for a permanent Peace Corps. The Act proposes to provide underdeveloped countries with trained and skilled personnel to be drawn from a pool of volunteers and authorizes the President to carry out such a program on such terms and conditions as he may determine. Peace Corps volunteers are to receive termination allowances at the rate of \$75 for each month of satisfactory service and Peace Corps volunteer leaders are entitled to termination allowances at the rate of \$125 for each month of satisfactory service. No exemption from military service is afforded by Peace Corps service. An authorization of \$40 million is provided for fiscal 1962. The bill was introduced as H.R. 7500 (Rep. Morgan, June 6, 1961) and was passed in lieu of S. 2000 (Sen. Humphrey and others, June 1, 1961).

Arms Control and Disarmament Act. P.L. 87-297, approved September 26, 1961, establishes the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency. This agency is to provide supervision and direction in four general areas dealing with arms control and disarmament: research, international negotiations, public information, and participation in a disarmament control system. The Director of the Agency serves as principal adviser to the President and Secretary of State on arms control and disarmament matters. The bill was introduced as H.R. 9118 (Rep. Morgan, September 11, 1961) and was passed after substitution of the text of S. 2180 (Sen. Humphrey and others, June 29, 1961).

Immigration and Nationality Act--Amendments. P.L. 87-301, approved September 26, 1961, amends the Immigration and Nationality Act in several respects. This Act sets forth the conditions and procedures for the admission of alien orphans; creates a single statutory procedure for judicial review of deportation and exclusion orders; extends to veterans of the Korean conflict the same naturalization privileges accorded to World War II veterans and provides for quota revisions in the event of political or territorial changes. Also, the Act requires naturalization petitions to be heard and determined in accordance with the Immigration and Nationality Act. Illegality in the procurement of naturalization is restored as a ground for revocation, and non-quota visas are authorized to aliens accorded preferential status under the Act. (S. 2337, Sens. Pastore, Keating, and Dirksen, July 12, 1961.) (See Salera, U.S IMMIGRATION AND WORLD POPULATION PROBLEMS, AEA, 1960.)

Export Insurance and Guarantees. P.L. 87-311, approved September 26, 1961, clarifies the authority of the Export-Import Bank to guarantee and insure against political and credit risks of loss arising in connection with American exports. The liability of the Bank under the insurance and guarantee program is limited to \$1 billion. The reserves maintained by the Bank for such insurance and guarantee program must be not less than 25 percent of its

related contractual liability. The law formerly required a 100 percent reserve. (S. 2325, Sen. Robertson and others, July 27, 1961.)

Other Foreign Affairs Measures. In addition, Congress increased by \$2 billion the authorization for the program providing for sale of our agricultural surpluses abroad for non-convertible foreign currencies (P.L. 87-28, approved May 4, 1961). Congress also established a United States Travel Service in the Department of Commerce to evolve and put into effect a comprehensive program to promote and encourage foreign travel in the United States (P.L. 87-63, approved June 29, 1961).

An agreement with France calling for the exchange of classified information in order to provide for the training of French forces in the use of and defense against atomic weapons was approved through the enactment of P.L. 87-363. P.L. 87-366, approved October 4, 1961, extends the registration requirements of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 to a domestic organization which is substantially controlled or financed by a foreign government, or political party, and clarifies the commercial exemption of that Act.

Health, Education, and Welfare

Child Welfare. P.L. 87-31, approved May 8, 1961, expands the aid to dependent children program to include children deprived of support due to unemployment of the parent. This is a temporary program extending from May 1, 1961 to June 30, 1962. The aid program proper is expanded to include children living in foster homes. Section 5 of the Act increases federal participation in medical care expenditures in behalf of recipients of old-age assistance over and above the general formula for participation in old-age assistance payments from \$12 to \$15 a month. (H.R. 4884, Rep. Mills, February 27, 1961.) (See AEA Report No. 1, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.)

Retirement Act of 1937 so as to extend early retirement benefits at reduced amounts to individuals with less than 30-years service. The waiting period after marriage before any wife or husband can qualify for a spouse's annuity is reduced to one year. Also, a widow who qualifies for an annuity and who subsequently remarries another railroad employee will not be disqualified for an annuity as the widow of the new husband if he dies within one year of the marriage (S. 2395, Sen. Burdick, August 9, 1961).

Hiss Act Amendments. P.L. 87-299, approved September 26, 1961, continues the prohibition against payment of government annuities or military retired pay to any person convicted of an offense against the security of the United States and amplifies the number of such loyalty offenses. Individuals whose retirement benefits were forfeited under the original Hiss Act for reasons other than conviction for a loyalty offense are entitled to reinstatement of such benefits upon repayment to the Government of all con-

tributions or deposits refunded to them under the old Act (H.R. 6141, Rep. Murray, April 10, 1961).

Community Health Services and Facilities Act of 1961. P.L. 87-395, approved October 5, 1961, increases to \$50 million the yearly authorization for matching grants and services to assist the states in establishing and maintaining public health services for the aged and chronically ill. An increased authorization for assistance in the construction of nonprofit nursing homes is also provided. Grants for the construction of experimental or demonstration medical facilities are authorized. (H.R. 4998, Rep. Harris, February 28, 1961.)

Other Enactments. The practical nurse training program was extended four years to June 30, 1965 by virtue of P.L. 87-22, approved April 24, 1961. Increased authorizations for the veterans' direct home loan program were provided through the enactment of P.L. 87-84, approved July 6, 1961 and P.L. 87-87, approved July 14, 1961, increased the maximum weekly benefits for injury and death, and the maximum amount payable for injuries not resulting in death or total permanent disability, under the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act. A dividend amounting to approximately \$60 million to holders of national service life insurance of the "RS" and "W" varieties was authorized by P.L. 87-223, approved September 13, 1961. A grant-in-aid program to provide more trained teachers of deaf children with a two-year authorization of \$3 million was established by P.L. 87-276.

Congress also extended federal assistance to school districts in federally impacted areas to June 30, 1963 and extended the National Defense Education Act two years from June 30, 1962 (P.L. 87-344, approved October 3, 1961).

District of Columbia

Presidential Elections. P.L. 87-389, approved October 4, 1961, implements the 23rd Amendment (D.C. suffrage) by providing election machinery for the election of presidential electors by citizens of the District of Columbia. (H.R. 8444, Rep. Broyhill, August 1, 1961.)

National Defense

Armed Forces--Reserves. P.L. 87-378, approved October 4, 1961, authorizes priority induction into active duty of individual Reservists and Guardsmen who fail to satisfactorily perform their reserve obligations. Also, authority is provided for active-duty training of not more than 45 days for Guardsmen not satisfactorily performing their reserve obligations. Enlistment policies for the National Guard are modified so as to induce the enlistment of prior-service personnel. (H.R. 5490, Rep. Rivers, March 10, 1961.)

Armed Forces--Reemployment. P.L. 87-391, approved October 4, 1961, amends Section 9 of the Universal Military Training and Service Act (50 U.S.C. App. 459) to insure individuals called upon to perform additional military service in the present emergency of their reemployment rights under the Act. (H.R. 8765, Rep. Vinson, August 17, 1961.)

Natural Resources

Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1961. P.L. 87-88, approved July 20, 1961, provides for administration of the Act by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare rather than the Surgeon General. Increased authorizations for the development of methods to control water pollution and for annual grants to states are provided. Appropriations may be made up to \$80 million for 1962, \$90 million for 1963, and \$100 million for 1964-67. At least 50 percent of the annual authorizations must be utilized for the construction of treatment works. The pollution of navigable waters is made subject to abatement under the Act. Abatement proceedings and procedures are revised. (H.R. 6441, Rep. Blatnik, April 18, 1961.)

Cape Cod National Seashore. P.L. 87-126, approved August 7, 1961, authorizes the expenditure of \$16 million for the purchase of land in the Cape Cod area to establish a national park. Provision is made for the issuance of zoning regulations by the Secretary of Interior. Conformity therewith will permit local residents to continue to enjoy full use and occupancy. (S. 857, Sens. Saltonstall and Smith (Mass.), February 9, 1961.)

Oil Pollution, 1961. P.L. 87-167, approved August 30, 1961, prohibits the discharge of oily wastes into the sea within described zones. Oil record books shall be maintained for inspection and both civil and criminal penalties are provided. This Act implements an International Convention. (S. 2187, Sen. Magnuson, June 29, 1961.)

Saline Water Conversion. An expanded program with a six-year authorization permitting appropriations not to exceed \$75 million was provided through the enactment of P.L. 87-295, approved September 22, 1961. (H.R. 7916, Rep. Aspinall, June 28, 1961.)

Delaware River Basin Compact. P.L. 87-328, approved September 27, 1961, creates a regional agency for the conservation and development of the Delaware River Basin. This includes navigation improvement, flood control, pollution control, and the development of hydroelectric energy. (H.J. Res. 225, Rep. Walter, February 15, 1961.)

Congress also authorized a seven-year program to promote the conservation of waterfowl through the acquisition of wetlands and other waterfowl habitat. Appropriations to be determined by Congress may not exceed \$105 million.

LOCAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

Tax measures enacted by the 87th Congress, First Session included the following:

- P.L. 87-29, approved May 4, 1961, provides tax exemption for income derived by foreign central banks from obligations of the United States.
- P.L. 87-72, approved June 30, 1961, is the Tax Rate Extension Act of 1961 which extends until July 1, 1962 the 52 percent corporate income tax rate and the present schedule of excise taxes.
- P.L. 87-109, approved July 26, 1961, permits prepaid dues income of certain organizations to be spread over the period to which the dues relate.
- P.L. 87-321, approved September 26, 1961, permits a successor employer to credit against his federal unemployment tax amounts paid by his predecessor for state unemployment taxes when the business is transferred within the first 20 weeks of a taxable year. P.L. 87-321 corrects a technical deficiency in the former law.

Transportation

Federal Airport Act--Grants. P.L. 87-255, approved September 20, 1961, extends the airport development program and authorizes appropriations up to \$225 million for a period of three fiscal years beginning with fiscal 1962. Funds apportioned for a state which remain unused at the end of two years after the apportionment must be returned to a discretionary fund where such funds would be available for expenditure without regard to the apportionment formula. The Act provides that approval shall be withheld from any project which does not provide for landing aids as specified in section 10(d) of the Act (49 U.S.C. 1109(d)). (H.R. 8102, Rep. Harris, July 12, 1961.)

Ships-Capital Reserve Fund. P.L. 87-271, approved September 21, 1961, authorizes withdrawals by shipowners from the capital reserve fund established under the provisions of the Merchant Marine Act. Such withdrawals must be used to finance research, new design and development programs, and for the purchase of cargo containers. The bill was introduced as H.R. 6974 (Rep. Bonner, May 10, 1961) and was passed after substitution of the text of S. 1185 (Sen. Magnuson, March 2, 1961).

Dual Rate Contracts. Dual rate contracts for the shipping industry, declared illegal in the <u>Isbrandtsen</u> litigation, are now permissible unless the Federal Maritime Commission finds such a contract to be detrimental to the public commerce of the United States or the public interest (P.L. 87-346, approved October 3, 1961). Dual rate contracts have been the subject of earlier interim moratorium legislation, P.L. 85-626, P.L. 86-542, and P.L. 87-75. (H.R. 6775, Rep. Bonner, May 3, 1961.)

Congress extended until June 30, 1963 the loan guaranty authority of the ICC by which the Commission guarantees loans to railroads (P.L. 87-16, approved April 1, 1961). Congress also authorized off-season cruises by subsidized American passenger vessels off their assigned routes (P.L. 87-45, approved May 27, 1961). P.L. 87-89, approved July 20, 1961, extended the aviation war risk insurance authority of the Secretary of Commerce until June 1966.

Treaties and International Agreements

Pollution of the Sea by Oil--Executive C, 86th Cong., 2d Sess. International Convention for the prevention of oil pollution of the sea, ratified May 16, 1961.

Administrative Radio Conference--Executive I, 86th Cong., 2d Sess. Convention, with annexes and final protocol thereto signed by the United States and other countries represented at the Plenipotentiary Conference of International Telecommunications Union, ratified September 25, 1961.

United States-Canada--Columbia River--Executive C., 87th Cong., 1st Sess. Treaty with Canada for joint development of the Columbia River Basin, ratified March 16, 1961.

United States-Germany-German Dollar Bonds-Executive D., 87th Cong., 1st Sess. Second Agreement between the United States and the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the validation of certain German dollar bonds, ratified May 4, 1961.

Economic Cooperation and Development--Executive E, 87th Cong.,

1st Sess. Convention on the Organization for Economic Cooperation and
Development, ratified March 16, 1961.

<u>United States-Brazil--Extradition--Executive H, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.</u> Treaty of extradition between the United States and Brazil, ratified May 16, 1961.

<u>Sess.</u> Modification of International Load Line Convention-Executive I, 87th Cong., 1st Modification of International Load Line Convention, ratified May 16, 1961.

United States-Belgium--Navigation--Executive J, 87th Cong., 1st Sess. Treaty of friendship, establishment and navigation, ratified September 11, 1961.

United States-Vietnam--Economic Relations--Executive L, 87th Cong., 1st Sess. Treaty of amity and economic relation between the United States and the Republic of Vietnam, ratified September 11, 1961.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES

Budget Message

The law requires the President to submit an annual budget to Congress during the first 15 days of each session of Congress. The last session convened on January 3, 1961, but President Kennedy was not inaugurated until January 20. Accordingly, President Eisenhower was required to submit a proposed budget shortly before President Kennedy took office. President Eisenhower's Budget Message, submitted on January 16, indicated a surplus for fiscal 1961 and 1962 with budget totals estimated as follows:

BUDGET TOTALS (Fiscal years, in billions)

1.8 0	1960 <u>Actual</u>	1961 <u>Estimate</u>	1962 <u>Estimate</u>
Budget Receipts	\$77.8	\$79.0	\$82.3
Budget Expenditures Budget Surplus (+)	76.5	78.9	80.9
or Deficit (-)	+\$ 1.2	+\$.1	+\$ 1.5

Source

The Budget of The United States Government For The Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1962, Washington, D.C., 1961, p. M6.

President Kennedy sent a series of messages to Congress recommending various revisions in the budget. Legislative proposals by the new Administration which would affect budget receipts were:

- (1) To provide a tax incentive for capital investment;
- (2) To extend corporate and excise tax rates:
- (3) To increase the postal rates;
- (4) To withhold taxes on interest and dividend payments;
- (5) To repeal the \$50 dividend exemption and the 4% dividend tax credit:
 - (6) To tighten the rules governing expense account deductions;
 - (7) To eliminate foreign tax haven provisions:
 - (8) To change the tax deductible reserve provisions applicable to mutual thrift institutions:
 - (9) To rescind for fiscal 1962 the transfer of certain excise tax revenues from the federal fund to the highway trust fund:
 - (10) To extend the aviation gasoline tax to jet fuels.

Budget expenditures for the fiscal year 1960 and estimates for 1961 and 1962 by function, were set forth in the Budget Message as follows:

BUDGET EXPENDITURES (Fiscal Years, in billions)

<u>Function</u>	1960 <u>Actual</u>	1961 <u>Estimate</u>	1962 Estimate
Major national security International affairs and	\$45.6	\$45.9	\$47.4
finance	1.8	2.3	2.7
Commerce, housing and			
space technology	2.8	3.8	3.4
Agriculture and agricul-			
tural resources	4.8	4.9	5.1
Natural resources	1.7	2.0	2.1
Labor and welfare	4.4	4.5	4.8
Veterans services and			
benefits	5.1	5.2	5.3
Interest	9.3	9.0	8.6
General government	1.7	2.0	2.1
Allowance for contingencies			.1
Total	\$77.2	\$79.6	\$81.5
Deduct interfund trans-	PATERIAL SECTION	Link Solt 18 Rock	14 AM
actions	7	.7	7
Budget expenditures	\$76.5	\$78.9	\$80.9

Source: The Budget of the United States Government For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1962, Washington, D.C., 1961, p. M19.

Midyear Budget Review

President Kennedy's midyear Budget Review envisions a deficit of \$6.9 billion for fiscal 1962. Budget expenditures of \$89 billion and budget receipts of \$82.1 billion were estimated. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, receipts were \$77.6 billion and expenditures amounted to \$81.5 billion, leaving a deficit of \$3.9 billion.

New Obligational Authority

The midyear estimate of new obligational authority, including anticipated later transmissions to the Congress, was \$93.3 billion. This represents an increase of \$12.4 billion over the January estimate of \$80.9 billion and an increase of \$6.7 billion above the amount enacted for 1961. (See Table II at p. 32.)

Public Debt

The public debt was \$288.9 billion at the close of fiscal 1961 and it was estimated that it would rise to \$295.2 billion by June 30, 1962.

P.L. 87-69, approved June 30, 1961, authorizes a temporary increase of the national debt limit to \$298 billion during fiscal 1962.

Appropriations

Table III on p. 34 lists the various appropriations made during the first session of the 87th Congress.

TABLE I

BUDGET RECEIPTS, BY SOURCE (Fiscal years. In millions of dollars)

		CONTRACT LLONG 11 TO	1962	12 bits
Source	1961 Actual	January estimate	Current estimate	Change from January
Individual income taxes	\$41,328	\$45,500	\$44,800	\$-700
Corporation income taxes	20, 955	20,900	21,700	+800
Excise taxes	9,067	9,700	9,700	
All other receipts	6,877	6,900_	6,548_	352_
Total	\$78,227	\$83,000	\$82,748	\$-252

BUDGET EXPENDITURES, BY FUNCTION2/ (Fiscal years. In millions of dollars)

			1962	
Function	1961 Actual	January estimate	Current estimate	Change from January
Major national				
security	\$47,448	\$47,400	\$51,136	\$+3,736
International affai	irs			
and finance	2,480	2,700	2,966	+266
Commerce, housing a	and			
space technology	3,880	3,400	5,013	+1,613
A:				
Agriculture and aga cultural resource		5,100	6,271	+1,171
Notice 1 was a was a	2,008	2 100	2,119	+19
Natural resources	2,000	2,100	2,117	T17
Health, labor, welf				000
and education	4,950	4,800	5,603	+803
Veterans services a	and			
benefits	5,262	5,300	5,296	-4
Interest	9,055	8,600	8,993	+393

(Table I continued)

		<u></u>		1962	
Function	1961 Actual		January stimate	Current estimate	Change from January
General government	1,930		2,100	2,136	+36
Allowance for					
contingencies			100	100	nou la recur
Total	\$82,152	\$8	31,500	\$89,633	\$-8,133

See THE BUDGET OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1962, p. M11 (Washington: 1961); The 1962 BUDGET REVIEW, Bureau of the Budget, Washington, p. 17.

Pow Market

See THE BUDGET OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1962, p. M19; The 1962 BUDGET REVIEW, Bureau of the Budget, Washington, p. 36.

TABLE II

NEW OBLIGATIONAL AUTHORITY, BY AGENCY
(Fiscal years. In millions of dollars)

		A			1962		
Description	1961 actual	January estimate (2)	Recom- mended to date (3)	Enacted (4)	Anti- cipated for later trans- mission (5)	Current estimate (col. 4 plus col. 5)	Change from Jan. (col. minus col. 2
	300		01			telatori l	403
Legislative branch					70 TOL 700		13
and the judiciary	180	180	190	186	7	193	+13
Sweentine Office .	c						
Executive Office of		***		00		00	0=
the President	72	116	47	29		29	-87
Funds appropriated	o mornis						
to the President:							
Mutual security							
economic and	2,646	2,200	2,930	2,342		2,342	+142
contingencies	2,040	2,200	2,750	2,042	eln cody were	2,042	7142
Other	7	13	29	28	CAN LEGIS A. DIRICH	28	+15
			177.50				
Independent office	s:						
AEC	2,781	2,598	2,628	2,547		2,547	-51
NASA	964	1,110	1,784	1,672		1,672	+562
Veteran's Adm.	5,575	5,101	5,076	5,390	53	5,443	+342
Other	1,468	1,441	1,915	1,784	35	1,818	+377
General Services							
Administration	515	556	570	584	3	587	+31
Housing and Home							
Finance Agency	4,436	948	801	798		798	-150
Department of							
Agriculture	5,560	5,509	7,408	7,375	637	8,012	+2,503
Department of			5 VE				
Commerce	857	612	665	787		787	+175
Department of				8			
Defense:	10 10/	40 / 40	10 100		000		
Military	43,106	43,640	49, 439	49,547	300	49,847	+6,207
Civil	978	972	1,000	1,012		1,012	+40
Department of							
Health, Education		4 004	4 550	4 (20	157	4 700	.7/2
and Welfare Department of the	3,955	4,026	4,552	4,632	157	4,789	+763
Interior	826	888	963	920	4	924	+36
Department of	020	000	703	720	4	724	+30
Justice Justice	297	297	300	295		295	-2
epartment of	271	271	300	2/3	5,000	275	-2
Labor	1,075	264	798	644		644	+380
	1,010	204	1.70	044	11.000	044	1000
Post Office							

(Table II continued)

					1962		
Description	1961 actual (1)	January estimate (2)	Recom- mended	Enacted	Anti- cipated for later trans- mission (5)	Current estimate (col. 4 plus col. 5)	Change from Jan. (col. 6 minus col. 2)
Department of Sta	ate 300	351	326	286	-10101 9019 (286	-65
Treasury Depart- ment	10,053	9,719	10,179	10,161	(2 /4/1) 	10,161	+442
District of Columbia	81	63	64	62	. 34. 639, 14 .1	62	-1
Allowance for contingencies	9/30/419	200_	mottetage	vaga 509 t	200	200	
TOTAL	86,626	80,867	91,726	91,893	1,396	93,290	+12,423

Source: The 1962 Budget Review, Bureau of the Budget, Washington, D.C., p. 25; and The Budget Of The United States Government For The Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1962, Washington, D.C., 1961, p. 6.

TABLE III

ACTION ON APPROPRIATIONS for Fiscal 1962

		for Fiscal 19	62	
Bill No.	Public Law	Title	Budget Estimates	Amounts appropriated
		1961 appropriat	ions	
H.R. 5188	87-14 (3/31/61)	3d Supplemental	\$5,275,213,127	\$1,694,055,637
H.R. 6518	87-41 (5/27/61)	Inter-American Program	600,000,000	600,000,000
H.R. 7712	87-74 (6/30/61)	4th Supplemental	88,024,000	47,214,000
		10/0	•	
	-000 000	1962 appropriat	ions	
H.R. 5954	87-159 (8/21/61)	Treasury-Post Office	5,371,801,000	5,298,765,000
H.R. 6345	87-122 (8/3/61)	Interior	782,387,000	779,158,650
H.R. 7035	87-290 (9/22/61)	Labor-Health, Education and Welfare	5,004,281,081	4,915,965,000
H.R. 7208	87-130 (8/10/61)	Legislative	136,082,802	135,432,065
H.R. 7371	87-264 (9/21/61)	State-Justice- Judiciary	795,891,202	756,422,550
H.R. 7444	87-112 (7/26/61)	Agriculture	6,089,244,000	5,967,494,500
		Loan authorizations	(612,000,000)	(725, 500, 000)
H.R. 7445	87-141 (8/17/61)	Independent offices	9,174,561,000	8,966,285,000
H.R. 7577	87-125 (8/3/61)	General Government- Commerce	666,278,000	641,135,800
H.R. 7851	87-144 (8/17/61)	Defense	46,396,945,000	46,662,556,000
H.R. 8072	87-265 (9/21/61)	District of Columbia	(292,827,398)	(270,067,897)
	1, 170	Loan authorizations	(24,600,000)	(29,000,000)
		Federal payment	39,753,000	32,753,000

(Table III continued)

Bill No.	Public Law	<u>Title</u>	Budget Estimates	Amounts appropriated
H.R. 8302	87-302 (9/26/61)	Military Construction	\$1,047,568,000	\$951,690,750
H.R. 9033	87-329 (9/30/61)	Foreign Assistance	4,993,991,000	4,123,345,000
H.R. 9076	87-330 (9/30/61)	Public Works	4,000,788,000	3,908,880,980
H.R. 9169	87-332 (9/30/61)	Supplemental	1,134,639,841	1,125,333,341

Source: Congressional Record, October 17, 1961, pp. A8269-70.

 $[\]underline{1}/$ Includes \$208,745,000 not shown at page 14 for the Peace Corps, International Development Association, and other activities related to foreign aid.

AMERICAN ENTERPRISE ASSOCIATION

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Report No.	Subject	Status
1	The Economic Status of the Aged	Special Analysis; see Report No. 8, below.
2	Proposals for Federal Aid to Depressed Areas	S. 1 - Sen. Douglas, et al. P.L. 87-27 (5/1/61)
3	Proposals to Provide Temporary Extended Unemployment Compen- sation Benefits	H.R. 4806 - Rep. Mills P.L. 87-6 (3/24/61)
4	Proposals to Amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938	
5	Federal Assistance in Financing Elementary and Secondary Schools	S. 1021 - Sen. Morse, et al. Senate hearing (3/8/61) Reported with Amendments (S. Rept. 255, 5/12/61) Passed Senate with Amendments (5/25/61)
		Referred to House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs (7/31/61) H.R. 4970 - Rep. Thompson (N.J.) House hearing (3/13 and 3/21/61
		Amended and reported as H.R. 7300 (H. Rept. 445, 6/1/61) Revised bill, H.R. 8890, rejected 8/30/61.
6	Proposed Social Security Amendments of 1961	H.R. 6027 - Rep. Mills P.L. 87-64 (6/30/61)
7	Proposed Housing Act of 1961	S. 1922 - Sen. Sparkman P.L. 87-70 (6/30/61)

Report No.	Subject	Status
8	Health Care for the Aged Under Social Security	S. 65 - Sen. McNamara S. 909 - Sen. Anderson Referred to Committee on
8:		Finance S. 937 - Sen. Javits Referred to Committee on
		Labor and Public Welfare H.R. 676 - Rep. Gilbert H.R. 4168 - Rep. St. Germain
		H.R. 4222 - Rep. King Referred to House Committee on Ways and Means, hearings completed
9	Proposals to Revise Pro- cedure for the Election	Hearings held on Senate measures (5/23/61) House bills were referred to
	of President and Vice President	Committee
10	Taxation of Foreign Source Income	Hearings held by House Com- mittee
	Proposals to Prohibit Manu- facturers of Motor Vehicles From Engaging in Finance or Insurance Business	S. 1982 - Sen. Kefauver Referred to Senate Committee on Judiciary H.R. 71 - Rep. Celler House hearing (6/7/61)
12	"Truth in Lending" Bill	S. 1740 - Sen. Douglas Senate hearing (7/17/61)
		H.R. 6725 - Rep. Multer, and others House bills were referred to Committee
	The Drug Bill	S. 1552 - Sen. Kefauver Senate hearing (6/5/61)
		H.R. 6245 - Rep. Celler Referred to House Committee on the Judiciary
		on the Judicialy

AMERICAN ENTERPRISE ASSOCIATION

PUBLICATIONS 87th Congress, 1st Session

Legislative and Special Analyses

- 1. The Economic Status of the Aged
- 2. Proposals for Federal Aid to Depressed Areas
- 3. Proposals to Provide Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Benefits
- 4. Proposals to Amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938
- Proposals for Federal Assistance in Financing Elementary and Secondary Schools
- 6. Proposed Social Security Amendments of 1961 (not including proposed health care benefits for the aged)
- 7. Proposed Housing Act of 1961
- 8. Proposals to Provide Health Care for the Aged Under Social Security
- 9. Proposals to Revise the Procedure for the Election of President and Vice President
- 10. Proposals for Taxation of Foreign Source Income
- 11. Proposals to Prohibit Manufacturers of Motor Vehicles From Engaging in the Finance or Insurance Business
- 12. The "Truth in Lending" Bill
- 13. The Drug Bill--S. 1552
- 14. The Berlin Crisis: Part I: Background
- 15. The Berlin Crisis: Part II: Elements of U.S. National Strategy
- 16. The Berlin Crisis: Part III: Legal and Economic Factors, Proposals, and Strategic Lines of Action

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- Morley, Lorna, and Morley, Felix. THE PATCHWORK HISTORY OF FOREIGN AID. April 1961.
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 A MEANS OF MAINTAINING FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY. December 1961.

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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY AND INDEX OF AEI PUBLICATIONS

87TH CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION

PUBLISHED AND DISTRIBUTED BY THE
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INTRODUCTION

The second session of the 87th Congress was the longest since 1951. It began January 10 and ended October 13, 1962. Nearly 6,300 bills and resolutions were introduced bringing the total for both sessions to 20,316. Committees reported 1,312 measures to the Senate and 1,142 to the House. Four hundred eighty-four public laws were enacted. The proceedings in the House and Senate chambers were recorded on 22,252 pages of the Congressional Record.

On the opening day of the session, Rep. McCormack was elected Speaker of the House. Speaker Rayburn died November 16, 1961. Rep. Albert was selected to take Rep. McCormack's place as Majority leader and Rep. Boggs succeeded Rep. Albert as Majority Whip.

The party division in the Senate was 64 Democrats, 35 Republicans, and one vacancy. In the House there were 258 Democrats, 174 Republicans, and five vacancies.

Legislation enacted during the session included the Trade Expansion Act of 1962; the Act authorizing purchase of United Nations bonds; the foreign aid bill; the resolution on Cuba; the Revenue Act of 1962; the communications satellite bill; the bill to increase the debt limit; the drug control legislation; the manpower retraining bill; and the Public Welfare Amendments of 1962.

Major proposals which failed to pass included federal aid to education; health care for the aged under Social Security; the proposal for a Department of Urban Affairs; standby tax reduction authority; youth conservation corps; and extension of the Temporary Unemployment Compensation Act of 1961.

The name of the Association are reproduct to American Sprace

 $[\]underline{1}/$ 1,494 in the Senate; 4,796 in the House.

THE PRESIDENT'S RECOMMENDATIONS

A general outline of the Administration's legislative recommendations was set forth in the State of the Union Message delivered by the President before a joint session of the House and Senate on January 11, 1962. The President's Budget Message (January 18), his Economic Report to Congress (January 22), and various subsequent messages on specific legislation, explained the Administration's proposals in greater detail.

State of the Union Message

The Economy. President Kennedy stated that during the year the economy had moved from the "valley of recession" to the "high road of recovery and growth." However, he said "we are not satisfied. Too many unemployed are still looking for the blessings of our prosperity" and he urged passage of three measures "to expand our growth and job opportunities." These were (1) the Manpower Training and Development Act, (2) the Youth Employment Opportunities Act, and (3) an eight percent investment tax credit. Three additional measures were recommended as "anti-recession protection." These were: stand-by authority, subject to congressional veto, to revise income taxes downward in the event of economic decline; standby authority to accelerate public works programs upon a rise in unemployment; and permanent extension of supplemental unemployment insurance.

Inflation. The President stated that "the first line of defense against inflation is the good sense and public spirit of business and labor--keeping their total increases in wages and profits in step with productivity." The President promised to submit a balanced budget which he said would require "cooperation on appropriations," increased postal rates, tax reforms, and extension of excise and corporation tax rates. (See Gottfried Haberler, INFLATION: Its Causes and Cures, American Enterprise Association, 1/rev. ed., 1961. See also Henry W. Briefs, PRICING POWER AND "ADMINISTRATIVE" INFLATION, AEI, November 1962.)

Urban Affairs. The Message urged that a Department of Urban Affairs of Cabinet status be created. Following a summary of urban problems, the President stated that urban areas, containing three-fourths of our population, should "sit as equals at the Cabinet table." (See AEA Report No. 2, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.)

Aid to Education. In the field of education, President Kennedy requested Federal loans for the construction of academic facilities and Federal scholarships on the college level. He also called for enactment of the Administration's proposal for Federal aid for public school

construction and teachers' salaries. (See AEA Report No. 5, 87th Cong., 1st Sess., and Benson and Payne, NATIONAL AID TO HIGHER EDUCATION, AEA, 1958.)

Agriculture. The President stated that he would submit "a new comprehensive farm program" to the Congress.

<u>Civil Rights</u>. In the field of civil rights the President reviewed administrative and enforcement actions taken during the year. "But there is much more to be done," he said. As an example, he stated that the right to vote should no longer be denied through "such arbitrary devices" as "literacy tests and poll taxes."

Health and Welfare. A public welfare program "stressing services instead of support, rehabilitation instead of relief, and training... instead of prolonged dependency" was recommended. (See AEI Report No. 11, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.) Action to aid medical and dental colleges and to establish scholarships and new Institutes of Health was urged. Also proposed was a mass immunization program aimed at polio and other diseases. As a part of the health program, the Message referred to forthcoming proposals to strengthen the Food and Drug laws.

Health Care for the Aged under Social Security. The Message urged passage of legislation to place health care for the aged under the Social Security system and stated that "no piece of unfinished business is more important or more urgent." (See AEA Report No. 9, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.)

<u>United Nations</u>. President Kennedy reiterated his support of the United Nations and requested authority for United States participation in the UN bond issue. (See AEA Report No. 7, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.) The President also announced that he would submit a proposal to create and govern an International Communications Satellite System.

<u>Latin America</u>. The President proposed a long-term Alliance for Progress fund of \$3 billion. He stated that this, with other programs, would provide Latin America with \$1 billion a year of new support. (See AEI Report No. 13, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.)

Tariffs and Trade. The challenge posed by the European Common Market requires replacement of the Reciprocal Trade Act with "a new instrument of American trade policy," the President said. He promised to submit to Congress a five-year Trade Expansion Act which would permit gradual elimination of tariffs between the United States and the Common Market on important items and provide general authority for tariff reductions up to 50 percent. He also proposed assistance to firms and employees while adjusting to import competition. (See AEA Reports Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.)

^{1/} The name of the Association was changed to American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI), effective June 1, 1962.

Budget Message

President Kennedy, in his Budget Message of January 18, set forth in greater detail his legislative program for the session. Among his many specific legislative requests were the following:

\$700 million for civil defense activities; Increase of regular Army divisions to 16; Increase in Air Force tactical fighter units and in procurement of new fighter and reconnaissance aircraft; Revision of Armed Forces reserve program; Increase in procurement for conventional forces; Long-range farm program; Increased postal rates: Federal aid for urban mass transportation: Increase in aid for medical education: Health insurance for the aged under Social Security; Federal aid for training unemployed workers; Youth employment opportunities program; Revision of public welfare programs; Loans for construction of college academic facilities: College scholarships; Aid for construction of public school classrooms and for teachers' salaries: Increased compensation rates for service-disabled veterans: Investment tax credit; Legislation with respect to tax treatment of gains on depreciable property: Tax withholding of dividend and interest income: Repeal of \$50 dividend exclusion and 4 percent dividend credit: Revision of provisions governing business expense tax deductions: Elimination of certain "tax preferences"; Extension of corporate and excise tax rates for one year; Repeal of 10 percent transportation tax, except for air; New systems of user charges for commercial and general aviation and for inland waterways transportation; Temporary increase of debt limit to \$308 billion: Standby authority to reduce personal income taxes; Standby authority to expand public works programs; Extension of expanded unemployment insurance program; Federal employee pay revision; Postal employee pay revision; Department of Urban Affairs and Housing; \$3 billion authorization for Alliance for Progress; Revision of tax treatment of foreign income; Trade expansion program.

Economic Report of the President

On January 22, pursuant to section 3(a) of the Employment Act of 1946, the President transmitted his Economic Report to the Congress. He stated that while there had been no major depressions since 1946 no less than four recessions had occurred during that time. He repeated his State of the Union and Budget Message requests for standby power for temporary income tax reductions, a standby program of public capital improvements, and extension of the unemployment insurance system. In the President's view, these measures would constitute "the greatest step forward in public policy for economic stability" since enactment of the Employment Act.

President Kennedy reported that the gross national product grew from an annual rate of \$501 billion in the first quarter of 1961 to a record rate of \$542 billion in the last quarter. Industrial production regained its previous peak in July and by the end of the year showed a total rise of 13 percent, he stated. Unemployment dropped 0.7 percent to 6.1 percent of the labor force and the number of areas of substantial labor surplus declined from 101 in March to 60 in December. The President further reported that price stability had been maintained with wholesale prices falling slightly and consumer prices rising only one-half of one percent. Gold losses were cut to less than \$0.9 billion in 1961 and the deficit in our basic international transactions, the Report stated, was about one-third as large as in 1960.

The President estimated that, at the end of 1961, actual output was \$25 billion to \$30 billion short of potential and that unemployment was too high. He predicted, however, that the momentum of the 1961 recovery should carry the economy further toward full employment and full production in 1962.

President Kennedy stated that the goals of our economic policy were fourfold; (1) full employment and sustained prosperity without inflation; (2) acceleration of economic growth; (3) equality of opportunity for all; (4) restoration of balance of payments equilibrium.

For 1962 the President envisioned a \$50 billion rise in the Gross National Product over the 1961 level of \$521 billion.

The Economic Report recommended various legislative proposals relating to budgetary, monetary, and credit policy; balance of payments; prices and wages; the tax system; and other matters.

Special Messages

Special messages submitted to the 87th Congress by the President during the Second Session related to the following subjects:

MAJOR LEGISLATION

(1) Trade Expansion Act of 1962. This Act authorized the President, from June 30, 1962 to July 1, 1967, to enter into trade agreements with foreign countries and to reduce tariffs by as much as 50 percent of existing rates. Tariffs on products for which the United States and the Common Market together account for 80 percent or more of world export value may be completely eliminated. Before negotiating tariff reductions, the Tariff Commission must prepare studies for the President on the probable economic effects of such reductions on United States industry, agriculture, and labor. The President is directed to prevent the application of any trade concession to goods produced in any country or area "dominated or controlled by Communism."

Assistance programs are provided for those American industries and workers adversely affected by trade concession adjustments. For firms, such aid will consist of technical, financial, and tax assistance. Individuals are authorized to receive trade adjustment allowances. Such payments may be made to eligible workers for a period not to exceed 52 weeks except that an extension of 26 additional weeks may be made in order to enable a worker to complete job training. Also, provision is made for the payment of relocation allowances to a worker who is the head of a family and who has been totally separated from his previous employment. (See AEI Report No. 8, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.)

History: The Trade Expansion Act of 1962 was introduced as H.R. 11970 by Rep. Mills on June 4. The bill was referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means; it was reported with amendments (H. Rept. No. 1818) on June 12. The bill passed the House, as reported, on June 28. It was then sent to the Senate Committee on Finance where hearings were held on July 23. H.R. 11970 was reported with amendments by the Senate Committee (S. Rept. No. 2059) on September 14, and was further amended on the Senate floor on September 18 and 19. The bill passed the Senate on September 19 and conferees were appointed on September 19 and 20. The Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 2518) was agreed to by the House and the Senate on October 4 and the bill was approved by the President on October 11 (P.L. 87-794).

(2) Revenue Act of 1962. P.L. 87-834, approved October 16, 1962, is the first major revision of the tax laws since the 1954 code. The 1962 Act provides for a 7 percent tax credit for investment in business machinery and equipment. The rules on business deductions are tightened. Corporations and financial institutions are now required to report the payment of any dividend, patronage dividend, or interest of more than \$10 per person per year. The Act does not impose a tax withholding requirement on dividend and interest income as the President had requested. Gain from the sale or involuntary conversion of depreciable personal property to the extent of depreciation deductions will hereinafter be taxed as ordinary income.

The tax liabilities of mutual thrift institutions and mutual insurance companies are increased. P.L. 87-834 also revises the rules governing

Reciprocal Trade Agreements Program	January 25
Agriculture	January 31
Public Welfare Program	February 1
Educational Opportunities	February 6
Salary Increases for Federal Employees	February 20
Health Program	February 27
Conservation Program	March 1
Foreign Aid	March 13
Protection of Consumer Interests	March 15
Transportation Policy	April 5

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the taxation of cooperatives.

Several important changes are made in the taxation of foreign source income. The gain from the sale or exchange of a patent or invention to a controlled foreign corporation will be treated as ordinary income as will the gain from the sale, redemption, or liquidation of a foreign corporation or its stock. "Controlled foreign corporation" is defined as one in which more than 50 percent of the stock is owned by U. S. shareholders, each of whom owns 10 percent or more of the voting power. The Act seeks to discourage investment in "tax haven" corporations by taxing U. S. stockholders (as defined by the Act) up to "10 percent or more" of the income of a controlled foreign corporation. Income derived from the insurance and re-insurance of U. S. risks, and income from foreign sales and service subsidiaries and foreign personal holding companies are taxable. A limitation of \$35,000 (\$20,000 for the first three years) is imposed on the amount of tax-free foreign income which may be earned by an American citizen living abroad. Foreign real estate owned by a U. S. citizen or resident will be included in the computation of the tax base for estate tax purposes. Taxation of income from foreign investment companies at ordinary income rates is provided. Disbursements from foreign trusts to U. S. beneficiaries will be taxed. (See AEI Report No. 10, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.; see also Hogan, DEPRECIATION REFORM AND CAPITAL REPLACEMENT, AEI, September 1962.)

History: The Revenue Act of 1962 originated as H.R. 10650 and was introduced by Rep. Mills on March 12. The House Committee on Ways and Means reported it without amendment (H. Rept. No. 1447) on March 16. On March 29, the House passed the bill, as amended on the House floor, after having rejected a recommittal motion. The bill was then sent to the Senate Finance Committee where, after hearings on April 2, it was reported with amendments (S. Rept. No. 1881) on August 16. Amendments were made on the Senate floor on August 29 and 30 and September 4 and 5. The bill was passed by the Senate, as amended, and House-Senate conferees were appointed. The Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 2508) was agreed to by both Houses on October 2 and the bill was sent to the President on October 10.

(3) Self-Employed Individuals Tax Retirement Act. P.L. 87-792. approved October 10, 1962, permits self-employed individuals to contribute to a qualified retirement plan for themselves and receive a tax deduction for part of their contributions. Under the Act a self-employed individual can receive a tax deduction for such a contribution up to a maximum yearly deduction of \$1,250. The maximum yearly contribution eligible for tax deduction is \$2,500 or 10 percent of earned income, whichever is smaller. The tax deduction which a self-employed individual is permitted to take cannot exceed one-half of the maximum contribution. In order to obtain the deduction a self-employed individual must make contributions to a retirement plan for all of his full-time employees with over three years' service. Under the Act distributions made to self-employed individuals upon retirement will be taxable as ordinary income. Distributions must not be payable before the contributor reaches age 59% and must begin no later than age 70%. Contributions under the Act are limited to payments made to a bank as trustee, an insurance company, a regulated investment company, or through the purchase of

special U. S. bonds which the Federal Government will issue. (See AEA Report No. 8, 86th Cong., 2d Sess.; AEA Report No. 5, 86th Cong., 1st Sess.)

History: H.R. 10, which had been proposed for a number of years, was introduced by Rep. Keogh on January 3, 1961. The House Committee on Ways and Means reported the bill with amendments (H. Rept. No. 378) on May 9, 1961. H.R. 10 passed the House as reported on June 5, 1961. Hearings were held on the bill by the Senate Committee on Finance on July 25, 1961 and it was reported with amendments (S. Rept. No. 992) on September 13, 1961. After amendments were adopted on the Senate floor, the bill was passed on September 7, 1962. House-Senate conferees were appointed and the Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 2411) was agreed to by the House on September 25 and by the Senate on September 28.

(4) <u>Drug Amendments of 1962</u>. The thalidomide tragedy in Europe and the fact that this drug had been distributed for investigational use in this country focused national attention on drug controls in the United States. The new Act (P.L. 87-781, approved October 10, 1962) grants broader powers to the Food and Drug Administration to control the marketing of drugs. Among other things, the Act provides that official names may be given drugs by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare. These names must be included on drug labels. The advertising of prescription drugs is also regulated and the official drug name, the formula, and a summary of its effectiveness and side effects must appear in all advertising. The Act also provides for factory inspection. Provision is also made in Title III for the registration of drug establishments. (See AEI Report No. 12, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.; see also AEA Report No. 13, 87th Cong., 1st Sess.)

History: S. 1552 was introduced by Sens. Kefauver and Hart on April 12, 1961. As originally introduced the bill was known as the "Drug Industry Antitrust Act" one of the principal purposes of which was to "reduce the present high prices of drugs." The Senate Committee on the Judiciary held hearings on June 5 and July 5, 1961 and January 30, 1962. The bill was reported with amendments on July 19 (S. Rept. No. 1744, Parts 1 and 2). Subsequently, the thalidomide case was widely publicized and the Senate amended and passed the bill on August 23. The bill was referred to the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce on August 27. The bill was amended on the House floor and, as amended, was passed in lieu of an Administration proposal (H.R. 11581) on September 27. The Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 2526) on House-Senate differences was agreed to by the Senate on October 3 and by the House on October 4.

(5) Public Welfare Amendments of 1962. The Administration's public welfare bill, as amended, was approved July 25, 1962 (P.L. 87-543). The Act increases the percentage of the federal share in services designed to reduce dependency and stimulate self-support and self-care among recipients of public assistance. It also increases the federal share in the cost of training welfare personnel. The current annual authorization for child welfare services was increased to \$30 million for fiscal 1963. Increases in the annual amount are authorized so as to bring annual authorizations up to \$50 million by fiscal 1969. \$5 million of the child welfare authorization for fiscal 1963

and \$10 million each succeeding year are allotted for child day care programs. The Act also authorizes establishment of community work and training programs by the states. These programs shall consist of work projects for the employment of persons 18 and over whose families receive public assistance payments. A \$1 million authorization for fiscal 1963 in the form of grants for the training of welfare personnel and \$2 million for each year thereafter is provided. The temporary program authorizing payment of ADC grants to children of unemployed fathers is extended to June 30, 1967. An increase in the federal share of public assistance payments for the old age assistance program and the aid to the blind and disabled programs is provided. A proposed amendment that would have added a medical care for the aged plan failed in the Senate (52-48) on July 17. (See AEI Report No. 11, 87th Cong., 2d Sess. and Benson and McClelland, CONSOLIDATED GRANTS: A Means of Maintaining Fiscal Responsibility, AEA, December 1961.)

History: H.R. 10606 was introduced by Rep. Mills on March 8, 1962, and was reported by the House Committee on Ways and Means with amendments (H. Rept. No. 1414) on March 10. A recommittal motion was rejected and the bill was passed by the House on March 15. The bill was referred to the Senate Committee on Finance where hearings were held on May 14. It was reported with amendment (S. Rept. No. 1589) on June 14. Further amendments were made on the Senate floor on July 3, 5, 6, 12, 13, and 17 and the bill as amended was passed on July 17. The Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 2006) on the final version of the bill was agreed to by both Houses on July 19.

(6) Manpower Development and Training Act of 1962. A three-year, \$435 million program for the training and retraining of workers was initiated by the passage of P.L. 87-415. Title I requires the Secretary of Labor to make evaluations, appraisals, and reports of the Nation's manpower needs. Training and skill development programs are authorized in Title II. During such training workers may be paid weekly training allowances for a maximum of 52 weeks. A national advisory committee of ten members is established to assist and advise the Secretary in effectuating the purposes of the Act. This program for "unemployed" and "underemployed" persons is in addition to the training projects in "depressed areas" under the Area Redevelopment Act of 1961.

History: P.L. 87-415 was introduced as S. 1991 by Sens. Clark, Randolph, Humphrey, McNamara, Hart, and Pell on May 29, 1961. Hearings were held before the Senate Committee on Labor and Public Welfare on March 20, 1961. The bill was reported with amendments (S. Rept. No. 651) on July 31, 1961, and after further amendment on the Senate floor, was passed on August 23, 1961. The bill was then sent to the House Committee on Education and Labor on August 24, 1961. The bill passed the House with amendments on February 28, 1962. House-Senate conferees were appointed and the Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 1416) was agreed to by the Senate on March 8, 1962 and by the House on March 13, 1962.

(7) Foreign Assistance Act of 1962. This Act (P.L. 87-565) approved August 1, 1962, authorizes appropriations not to exceed \$1.818 billion for fiscal 1963. Also, an authorization of \$1.8 billion for the Alliance for Progress program for fiscal years 1964-66 was provided. Under the Foreign

Assistance Act of 1961 (P.L. 87-195), a total of \$1.7 billion for military assistance and \$1.5 billion for development loans was authorized for fiscal 1963. Provision was made in the 1962 authorization for the suspension of aid to any country which expropriates American property after January 1, 1962, and fails to take steps to discharge its obligations under international law within a reasonable time (no longer than six months). Assistance to any Communist country is prohibited unless the President finds that such assistance is vital to the security of the United States and that it will promote the independence of the recipient country from world communism. (See Morley and Morley, THE PATCHWORK HISTORY OF FOREIGN AID, AEA, April 1961.) An "authorization" Act authorizes an activity as a matter of policy and, in effect, places a ceiling upon amounts which may be appropriated for such activity. However, a separate appropriation bill is required to provide the necessary funds. Such a bill may, or may not, provide the full amount permitted by the "Authorization" Act. The Foreign Aid Appropriation Act, approved October 23, 1962, appropriated the following amounts for the foreign aid program:

	Requested	Appropriated
Military assistance	\$1,500,000,000	\$1,325,000,000
Development loans	1,250,000,000	975,000,000
Development grants	335,000,000	225,000,000
Investment guaranties	100,000,000	30,000,000
Alliance for Progress	600,000,000	525,000,000
International organizations	148,900,000	148,900,000
Supporting assistance	481,500,000	395,000,000
Contingency fund	400,000,000	250,000,000
Administrative expenses	55,000,000	49,500,000
State Department	3,100,000	2,700,000

History: P.L. 87-565 was introduced as S. 2996 by Sen. Fulbright on March 14, 1962. The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations held hearings on April 5. The bill was reported with amendments (S. Rept. No. 1535) on May 28. It was further amended on the Senate floor and passed on June 7. The bill was amended on the House floor on July 12 and was passed, as amended, in lieu of H.R. 11921 (Rep. Morgan, May 28, 1962) on the same date. The Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 2008) was agreed to by the Senate on July 20 and by the House on July 24.

(8) <u>Communications Satellite Act of 1962</u>. The orbiting of the Telstar satellite created wide public interest in world-wide communications by satellite. P.L. 87-624, approved August 31, 1962, establishes a privately-

owned communications satellite corporation to own and operate a commercial communications satellite system. The Act provides that stock ownership in the corporation shall at all times be equally divided between communications common carriers and private investors and that the initial issue price of the stock shall not exceed \$100 per share. Nonvoting securities, bonds, debentures or other certificates of indebtedness may also be issued by the corporation. The corporation is to be governed by a 15-member board of directors, three of whom are to be appointed by the "communications common carriers" stockholders and six by the "private investors" stockholders. The corporation is authorized, upon prior notice to the State Department to negoiate with foreign governments with respect to its statutory corporate purposes. The corporation will be regulated, to some extent, by the Federal Communications Commission. The National Aeronautics and Space Administration will provide satellite launching and associated services to the corporation on a reimbursable basis.

<u>History</u>: H.R. 11040 was introduced by Rep. Harris on April 2. It was reported with amendments (H. Rept. No. 1636) on April 24 and was further amended on the House floor before passage on May 3. The bill was referred to the Senate Committee on Commerce where it was reported out with amendments (S. Rept. No. 1584) on June 11. The bill was then sent to the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations where hearings were held on August 3. It was reported without amendments (S. Rept. No. 1873), amended on the Senate floor on August 13 and 17 and passed by the Senate on August 17. The House agreed to the Senate changes on August 27 and the bill was sent to the President on August 28.

(9) Food and Agriculture Act of 1962. P.L. 87-703, approved September 27, 1962 is a substitute for the President's agricultural program defeated by the House in June. Title I of the Act deals with land-use adjustment and empowers the Secretary to contract with farmers for the withdrawal of cropland not receiving annual tillage and its diversion to conservation and recreational purposes. Appropriations up to \$25 million for fiscal 1963 may be made for this program. Long-term supply agreements for the sale of surplus agricultural products abroad are authorized by Title II as is the extension of credit for the purchase of such products. Agreements may be made with friendly governments or private companies.

The feed grain program was extended to 1963 by Title III which provides for price support payments of at least 65 percent of parity, voluntary acreage reduction from 20 to 50 percent of acreage allotted to such feed grain, and payments in cash or in kind. A voluntary acreage program for wheat in 1963 and a permanent program for succeeding years are also provided. For 1963, increased price supports are authorized to stimulate the acreage reduction program. A minimum reduction of 20 percent is required for eligibility. The permanent program called for by the Act authorizes the Secretary to set a national marketing quota when he deems this necessary. A quota will not become effective until it has received a two-thirds affirmative vote of eligible wheat producers. Title IV expands the loan authority of the Farmers Home Administration.

History: The Food and Agriculture Act of 1962 was introduced as H.R. 12391 by Rep. Cooley on July 2. The bill was reported with amendments by the House Committee on Agriculture on July 12 (H. Rept. No. 1976). A recommittal motion was rejected and the bill, as reported, was passed by the House on July 19. The bill was sent to the Senate Committee on Agriculture and Forestry on July 23 and reported with amendments (S. Rept. No. 1787) on July 25. It was amended on the Senate floor on August 21 and passed, as amended, on August 22. The Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 2385) was agreed to by the House on September 20 and by the Senate on September 25.

(10) Postal Service and Federal Employees Salary Act of 1962. Part I of this Act deals with postal rates and increases, effective January 7, 1963. The new rates are as follows: Airmail from 7 to 8 cents an ounce; first class mail from 4 to 5 cents an ounce, and postcards from 3 to 4 cents. Increases are also provided for second, third, and fourth class mail. The Postmaster General is authorized to detain matter determined by the Secretary of the Treasury to be "Communist political propaganda" and to notify the adressee of such detention. Unless notified to forward same within 60 days, the Postmaster General may dispose of such matter as he sees fit. Limited authority to detain and return obscene matter is also granted the Postmaster General.

Part II of P.L. 87-793 deals with the federal employee salary increase. Equal pay for equal work and federal salary rates comparable to private enterprise salary rates are declared by Congress to be the guiding principles. The Act authorizes pay increases for federal employees under the Classification Act of 1949, the Foreign Service Act of 1946, postal field service employees, and Veterans' Administration medical personnel. An increase in top-grade positions is also authorized.

History: P.L. 87-793 was introduced as H.R. 7927 by Rep. Henderson on June 29, 1961. The House Committee on Post Office and Civil Service reported the bill with amendments (H. Rept. No. 1155) on September 7, 1961. Further amendments were made on the House floor on January 23, 1962 and the bill, as amended, was passed by the House on January 24. The Senate Committee on Post Office and Civil Service held hearings on the bill on March 6 and reported the bill with amendments (S. Rept. No. 2120) on September 24. Amendments were made on the Senate floor on September 26 and 27 and the bill passed the Senate, as amended, on the latter date. House-Senate conferees were appointed and the Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 2525) was agreed to by the Senate on October 3. Conferees were reappointed by both Houses on October 4. Another Conference Report (H. Rept. No. 2532) was agreed to by the Senate on October 4 and by the House on October 5. The Act (P.L. 87-793) was approved October 11, 1962.

OTHER IMPORTANT LEGISLATION

Agriculture - Agriculture

Sugar Act Amendments of 1962. P.L. 87-535, approved July 13, 1962, extends the Sugar Act of 1948. A quota of 9.7 million tons of sugar is determined and the quota for domestic sugar-producing areas is increased 10 percent to 5,810,000 tons. The Philippines are authorized a quota of 1,050,000 tons and the remaining 2,840,000 tons is to be allocated among the remaining countries. Cuba's share of the foreign quota is set at 57.77 percent, however, this will be purchased from other foreign countries. A new section is added to the basic statute providing for the imposition of an import fee on foreign producers. Provision is also made for the suspension of a nation's quota where the nation has expropriated American property or has discriminated against American interests and has not offered a timely remedy therefor. (H.R. 12154, Rep. Cooley, June 15, 1962.) The Sugar Act was further amended by P.L. 87-539, approved July 19, 1962, which provides that an allocation among the other countries shall be made of that amount of a nation's quota which the nation is unable to fill.

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Other Farm Legislation. Congress provided statutory authority for the transfer of rice acreage history in the event of the death or withdrawal of a producer (P.L. 87-412, approved March 6, 1962) and amended the requirements for participation in the 1962 feed grain program to permit the planting of barley on land diverted from wheat production and devoted to summer fallow where a 20 percent reduction in planted acreage of corn, grain sorghums, and barley is effected (P.L. 87-425, approved March 30, 1962); authorized the transfer of cotton acreage allotments which cannot be planted because of natural disaster to a farm in the same or adjoining county in which the producer will share in the proceeds (P.L. 87-446, approved April 27, 1962); extended the crops that can be grown on acres diverted from wheat production, and provided for incentive payments of up to 50 percent of conservation use rate (P.L. 87-451, approved May 15, 1962); and reduced by \$36 million to \$150 million the revolving fund available for subscription to the capital stock of the banks for cooperatives (P.L. 87-494, approved June 25, 1962).

Other farm legislation transferred all government stocks of extra long staple cotton to the Commodity Credit Corporation for sale or disposal (P.L. 87-548, approved July 25, 1962); extended to July 31, 1965 the International Wheat Agreement (P.L. 87-632, approved September 5, 1962); increased the maximum annual license fee for marketers of perishable agricultural commodities (P.L. 87-725, approved October 1, 1962); amended the formula for disbursement of funds for the Federal Extension Service (P.L. 87-749, approved October 5, 1962); amended the Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961 by increasing to \$200 million the limitation on the amount of loans that can be insured under the Act (P.L. 87-798, approved October 11, 1962); authorized an appropriation of \$300,000 for the purpose of organizing and holding

the World Food Congress in the United States (P.L. 87-841, approved October 18, 1962).

Armed Forces

Procurement. The Armed Services Procurement Act of 1947 was amended by P.L. 87-653, approved September 10, 1962. The new Act establishes a statutory preference for procurement by formal advertising in purchase of, and contracts for, property and services, and provides limitations on the authority to negotiate contracts. For all negotiated procurements in excess of \$2,500 proposals from a maximum number of qualified sources will have to be sought. Also, contractors will be required to submit cost or pricing data prior to the award of a contract or the pricing of a contract change or modification. (H.R. 5532, Rep. Hebert, March 13, 1961.)

Military Build-up. The Congress responded to a presidential request for authority to activate members of the ready reserve. P.L. 87-736, approved October 3, 1962, authorized the President, until February 28, 1962, to call to active duty not more than 150,000 members of the ready reserve. Such active duty may not extend for more than 12 consecutive months. Provision is made in the Act for the exemption of any reservist involuntarily ordered to active duty during the Berlin crisis from involuntary recall. (S.J. Res. 224, Sens. Russell and Saltonstall, September 7, 1962.)

Other Acts. Congress increased the rates of disability compensation for veterans (P.L. 87-645, approved September 7, 1962); and extended the time within which individuals recalled to active duty or involuntarily extended during the Berlin crisis may avail themselves of educational benefits under the G. I. Bill or the War Orphans Educational Assistance Act (P.L. 87-815, approved October 15, 1962).

Business and Industry

Welfare and Pension Plans Disclosure Act Amendments of 1962. P.L. 87-420, approved March 20, 1962, amends the basic 1958 Act (29 U.S.C. §§301-309) by strengthening the enforcement provisions of the Act. The Secretary of Labor is authorized to prescribe regulations governing the form and detail of the reports to be made pursuant to the statute. The information required to be filed in such reports is broadened. The Secretary is further authorized to make investigations for possible violations and to bring suit to enjoin such violations. The contents of the reports filed pursuant to the basic statute are made matters of public information and those making such reports are required to retain the records pertaining thereto for a period of at least five years. Good-faith reliance on administrative interpretations will be a defense for failure to comply with the Act. Bonding requirements are imposed on administrators, officers and employees of a welfare plan who handle funds. Theft or embezzlement from a plan, misrepresentation or concealment in relation to required reports, or bribery in connection with the administration

of a plan are declared to be crimes. (H.R. 8723, Rep. Smith (Iowa), August 15, 1961.)

Educational Television. An authorization of \$32 million for fiscal years 1963-1967 for the construction, through matching grants, of educational television broadcasting facilities is provided through the enactment of P.L. 87-447, approved May 1, 1962. Federal interference with the actual operation of a station is specifically prohibited. Only qualified applicants, such as an educational institution or a state educational agency are eligible to receive such grants. Federal participation in the construction of facilities in any one state may not exceed \$1 million. Provision is also made for recovery of a grant by the federal government if, within ten years after completion of the project, the facilities shall cease to be used for educational television purposes. (S. 205, Sens. Magnuson, Metcalf, and Cooper, January 6, 1961.)

Small Business Act Amendments. P.L. 87-550, approved July 25, 1962, increases the Small Business Administration's revolving fund by authorizing appropriations up to \$1,666 million. A maximum of \$1,325 million may be appropriated for use in the business loan program, disaster loan program, and defense contract program. An appropriation of \$391 million is authorized for programs under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958. Authority is granted to the SBA to make adjustment assistance loans, as defined in the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, to firms which have been designated eligible therefor by the Secretary of Commerce. (S. 2970, Sens. Robertson and Sparkman, March 12, 1962.)

Antitrust Civil Process Act. Legislation to broaden the Attorney General's authority to require the production of documents relevant to a civil antitrust investigation is provided by P.L. 87-664, approved September 19, 1962. The Attorney General or the Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Antitrust Division is empowered to serve on any person under antitrust investigation and believed to be in possession of relevant documents a civil investigation demand requiring the production of such documents. The new law provides for an antitrust document custodian to whom such documents shall be delivered. Provision is also made for judicial proceedings to enforce the Act and protect the rights of private parties. A criminal penalty for intentional evasion or obstruction is set forth. (S. 167. Sen. Kefauver. January 5, 1961.) Congress also, through the enactment of P.L. 87-403, approved February 2, 1962, provided for capital gain tax treatment of gains realized through a stock distribution required by a federal court for violation of the antitrust laws. (See Van Cise, THE FEDERAL ANTITRUST LAWS, AEI, January 1962.)

Other Acts. The FCC was authorized to impose small fines not to exceed \$100 for certain enumerated violations (P.L. 87-448, approved May 11, 1962). The Defense Production Act of 1950 was extended until June 30, 1964 (P.L. 87-505, approved June 28, 1962). P.L. 87-520, approved July 3, 1962, extended the Renegotiation Act of 1951 to June 30, 1964, and broadened the scope of appellate review of Tax Court decisions in renegotiation cases. P.L. 87-529, approved July 10, 1962, authorized the FCC to require that all

television receivers shipped in interstate commerce be equipped to receive all frequencies. A number of noncontroversial technical amendments were made to the Bankruptcy Act by P.L. 87-681, approved September 25, 1962. Miscellaneous changes were made in the Trademark Act of 1946 in order to clarify the meaning of several of its provisions by the enactment of P.L. 87-772, approved October 9, 1962. Congress also increased the loan authority of federal savings and loan associations 15 percent so as to provide additional funds for the financing of moderately priced multi-family dwellings (P.L. 87-779, approved October 9, 1962).

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Smith Act Amendment. Congress, by enactment of P.L. 87-486, amended the Smith subversive activities Act by defining the term "organize" for purposes of that Act to include recruiting of new members, forming new units, etc., of an organization. This represents congressional reaction to the Supreme Court decision in Yates v. United States, 354 U.S. 298 (1957) holding that "organize" refers only to acts entering into the creation of an organization. (H.R. 3247, Rep. Cramer, January 25, 1961.)

Gambling Devices Act of 1962. Congress amended the Johnson Act of 1951 prohibiting the transportation of gambling devices in interstate commerce by extending its provisions to machines not previously covered. Also broadened are the provisions governing the registration of manufacturers and dealers with the Attorney General; the marking, by a manufacturer, of gambling devices; and the amount of information to be supplied the Attorney General by registrants under the Act. (S. 1658, Sen. Eastland, April 18, 1961; P.L. 87-840.)

Bribery-Graft-Conflicts of Interest. P.L. 87-849, approved October 23, 1962, consolidates existing federal law relating to bribery and revises the conflict of interest statutes. The Act is partly in response to a presidential message delivered to Congress on April 27, 1961. One of the purposes of the Act is to simplify and strengthen the laws relating to conflicts of interests. (H.R. 8140, Rep. Celler, July 13, 1961.)

Federal Government

Securities and Exchange Commission-Delegation. P.L. 87-592, approved August 20, 1962, authorizes the SEC to delegate its functions to a division of the Commission, a commissioner, hearing examiner, or employee or employee board. The general rulemaking function of the Commission may not be delegated. The Commission, under the Act, retains a discretionary right to review the action of any body exercising delegated authority under the Act. The vote of one commissioner is sufficient to cause such a review. (S. 2135, Sens. Williams (N.J.) and Javits, June 22, 1961.)

Atomic Energy Act-Amendment. A series of amendments was made to this Act by P.L. 87-615, approved August 29, 1962. The new Act authorizes the creation of atomic safety and licensing boards which shall exercise a broad range of regulatory functions in connection with granting, suspending,

revoking, or amending licenses and authorizations. The indemnity provisions of the basic statute are extended to contractors of the U. S. Government for incidents occurring outside the United States. There is a \$100 million limitation on indemnity coverage for incidents occurring outside the United States. (S. 3491, Sen. Pastore, June 29, 1962.)

Other Legislation. P.L. 87-501, approved June 27, 1962, extends the Civil Defense Act to June 30, 1966. Secret Service protection was extended to the Vice President, to the Vice President-elect, and to a former President, if the latter so requests, by P.L. 87-829, approved October 15, 1962. Concurrent original jurisdiction in cases involving pollution of interstate river systems in violation of an interstate compact is conferred on U. S. District Courts by P.L. 87-830, approved October 15, 1962.

Finance

Public Debt. A \$2 billion temporary increase in the public debt limit until June 30, 1962 was authorized by P.L. 87-414, approved March 13, 1962 (H.R. 10050, Rep. Mills, February 5, 1962). P.L. 87-512, approved July 1, 1962, increases the public debt limit from July 1, 1962 through March 31, 1963 to \$308 billion, from April 1, 1963 through June 24, 1963 to \$305 billion, and from June 25, 1963 to June 30, 1963 to \$300 billion. (H.R. 11990, Rep. Mills, June 5, 1962.) (See AEI Report No. 1, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.)

Other Legislation. Congress also extended until June 30, 1964 the authority of the Federal Reserve banks to purchase United States obligations directly from the Treasury (P.L. 87-506, approved June 28, 1962); broadened the authority of foreign branches of national banks so that they may now exercise such ordinary banking powers as may be usual in the places where they transact business (P.L. 87-588, approved August 15, 1962); increased the maximum amount of real estate loans by a national bank to 70 percent of time and savings deposit, and increased the maximum limitation on maturities for construction loans on residential and farm buildings to 18 months (P.L. 87-717. approved September 28, 1962); extended to a state bank converting into a national bank the same branch retention privileges that a national bank converting into a state bank would be accorded under the applicable state laws. and extended the same branch retention privileges upon consolidation or merger of a national bank as would be accorded by applicable state law to a state bank under similar circumstances (P.L. 87-721, approved September 28, 1962); and transferred to the Comptroller of the Currency authority over the trust powers of national banks (P.L. 87-722, approved September 28, 1962). P.L. 87-827, approved October 15, 1962, exempts from the interest ceilings of the Federal Reserve Act and Federal Deposit Insurance Act the time deposits of foreign governments.

Foreign Relations

Tariff Classification Act of 1962. Title I of P.L. 87-456, approved May 24, 1962, provides for the adoption of revised tariff schedules developed by the Tariff Commission pursuant to the Customs Simplification Act of 1954. Provision is also made in the Act to classify Cuba as a Communist-dominated

government for purposes of section 5 of the Trade Agreements Extension Act of 1951. Such classification suspends the application of preferential tariff treatment to Cuban products. If the embargo on trade with Cuba is lifted, Cuban goods will be subject to the same type of restrictive treatment accorded goods of Communist countries. Restoration of most-favored-treatment to Cuban goods can be made if the President, by proclamation, determines that Cuba is no longer Communist-controlled. (H.R. 10607, Rep. Mills, March 8, 1962.)

Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962. P.L. 87-510, approved June 28, 1962, establishes separate statutory authority for United States participation in assistance programs for migrants, escapees and refugees. Specific authority is provided for the assistance of Cuban refugees who have emigrated to the United States. Authority is vested in the President to transfer sums, not to exceed \$10 million in any one fiscal year, from the funds authorized for use under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, for use in meeting unexpected needs under this Act. (H.R. 8291, Rep. Walter, July 20, 1961.)

War Claims. Congress enacted P.L. 87-616, approved August 30, 1962, which authorizes the payment of awards for war damage compensation made pursuant to the Philippine Rehabilitation Act. A sum of \$73 million is authorized to be appropriated for this purpose. (H.R. 11721, Rep. Zablocki, May 14, 1962.)

United Nations Loan. P.L. 87-731, approved October 2, 1962, authorizes an appropriation to the President of \$100 million for a loan to the United Nations. The proceeds from such loan may not be used to relieve other members of their obligation to pay arrearages or to reduce assessments against other members. The total amount to be loaned under this Act may not exceed the aggregate amount of loans made by other nations. Section 3 of the Act provides for deduction from the United States' annual assessment an amount equal to the annual installment of principal and interest due on account of any loan made pursuant thereto. This bill (S. 2768), was introduced by Sen. Sparkman on January 30, 1962. (See AEI Report No. 7, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.)

Other Foreign Affairs Measures. A Peace Corps authorization of \$63,750,000 for fiscal 1963 is provided by P.L. 87-442, approved April 27, 1962. Congress increased by \$2 billion the amount of U. S. participation in loans to the International Monetary Fund (P.L. 87-490, approved June 19, 1962); extended for three years, to June 30, 1965, the Export Control Act of 1949 and increased the penalties for violation thereof (P.L. 87-515, approved July 1, 1962). Senate Joint Resolution 230, approved October 11, 1962, declares that the United States is determined to prevent, by force if necessary, the extension of the Communist regime in Cuba to any part of the Western Hemisphere, and to prevent the creation of an externally supported military capability in Cuba which would endanger U. S. security.

Congress also enacted P.L. 87-885, approved October 4, 1962, amending the immigration laws so as to facilitate the entry of skilled aliens whose services are urgently needed in the United States. (See Salera, U. S. IMMIGRATION POLICY AND WORLD POPULATION PROBLEMS, AEA, December 1960.)

Health, Education, and Welfare

Work Hours Act of 1962. A consolidation of the existing federal laws governing the hours of work and overtime pay of laborers and mechanics employed on public works projects by the Federal Government was effected through the enactment of P.L. 87-581, approved August 13, 1962. A standard work-week of 40 hours is provided and overtime rates must be paid for time over the statutory limit. Liquidated damages for violation of the Act may be recovered by the United States. (H.R. 10786, Rep. Kowalski, March 15, 1962.)

Public Works Acceleration Act. P.L. 87-658, approved September 14, 1962, authorizes the President to initiate and accelerate in eligible areas federal public works projects authorized by Congress. Similar authority is given the President with respect to state and local public works projects for which federal assistance is authorized. The bill was introduced as S. 2965 (Sens. Clark, McCarthy, Pell, and Randolph, March 8, 1962) and was passed after substitution of the text of a House bill (H.R. 10113, Rep. Blatnik, February 7, 1962.)

Senior Citizens Housing Act of 1962. A \$100 million additional authorization for the direct loan program under section 202(a)(4) of the Housing Act of 1959 (12 U.S.C. §1701d(a)(4)) is provided by P.L. 87-723, approved September 28, 1962. This bill (H.R. 12628) was introduced by Rep. Rains, July 19, 1962. Also authorized is a new direct loan program for private nonprofit corporations and consumer cooperatives for rental housing and related facilities for elderly persons and elderly families of low or moderate income in rural areas. An authorization of \$50 million is provided for this program.

School Lunch Program. P.L. 87-823, approved October 15, 1962, revises the formula for apportioning cash assistance funds among the states under the National School Lunch Act. The new formula is based on the number of lunches served in the preceding year and the assistance need factor. Previously the basis had been the number of children aged 5 to 17 and the assistance need factor. A three-year transition period is authorized. The formula for division of state allotments between public and private schools is changed and the base now is the number of lunches served. A new section is added to the National School Lunch Act which authorizes an appropriation of \$10 million for fiscal 1963 to assist schools in serving free or reduced price lunches. (H.R. 11665, Rep. Bailey, May 9, 1962.)

Institute of Child Health and Human Development. P.L. 87-838, approved October 17, 1962 authorizes the establishment of two new institutes in the Public Health Service: the Institute of Child Health and Human Development, and the Institute of General Medical Sciences. Section 4 of the Act extends for an additional three years the matching grant program for the construction of facilities at public or nonprofit institutions. These facilities are to be used for research in the sciences related to health. (H.R. 11099, Rep. Roberts (Ala.), April 4, 1962.)

Vaccination Assistance Act of 1962. A three-year program of special project grants to pay part of the costs of intensive vaccination programs against polio, diphtheria, whooping cough, and tetanus is provided by P. L. 87-868, approved October 23, 1962. The sum of \$14 billion for fiscal 1963 and \$11 million for each of fiscal 1964 and 1965 is authorized to be appropriated for this program. (H.R. 10541, Rep. Harris, March 5, 1962.)

Other Enactments. P.L. 87-579, approved August 9, 1962, revised the laws relating to depository libraries. The non-Communist disclaimer affidavit requirement under section 16 of the National Science Foundation Act was eliminated by P.L. 87-835, approved October 16, 1962. A new provision substitutes a criminal penalty applicable to any member of a Communist organization who applies for or uses a federal scholarship or fellowship.

Natural Resources

National Seashores. Congress established the second and third national seashore parks by the enactment of P.L. 87-657 and P.L. 87-712. Public Law 87-657 establishes the Point Reyes National Seashore consisting of 53,000 acres on the northern coast of California (Sens. Engel and Kuchel, January 17, 1961). The Padre Island National Seashore which consists of 80 miles of a 117-mile barrier reef off the Texas coast was established by P.L. 87-712. (S. 4, Sen. Yarborough, January 5, 1961.)

Forestry Research. P.L. 87-788, approved October 10, 1962, authorizes the Secretary of Agriculture to cooperate with the states for the purpose of encouraging and assisting them in carrying out forestry research programs. Such assistance shall be given to land-grant colleges or experiment stations and to other state-supported schools offering graduate training in sciences basic to forestry and having a forestry school. (H.R. 12688, Rep. McIntire, July 25, 1962.)

River and Harbor Act of 1962--Flood Control Act of 1962. A total of 207 projects were adopted and authorized to be constructed by the enactment of P.L. 87-874, approved October 23, 1962. The total cost of the authorized projects was estimated at \$2,260,220,000. (H.R. 13273, Rep. Davis (Tenn.), September 28, 1962.)

Other Acts. Also, during this session Congress authorized the construction of the following projects:

Navajo Indian Irrigation Project (P.L. 87-483, approved June 13,1962) Mann Creek Reclamation Project (P.L. 87-589, approved August 16,1962) Fryingpan-Arkansas Project (P.L. 87-590, approved August 16,1962) Arbuckle Reclamation Project (P.L. 87-594, approved August 24,1962) Baker Reclamation Project (P.L. 87-706, approved September 27,1962)

Congress consented to the Delaware-New Jersey Compact the purpose of which is the establishment of a Delaware River and Bay authority for the development of the area in both states bordering these waters. (P.L. 87-678,

approved September 20, 1962).

Taxation

In addition to the Self-Employed Individuals Tax Retirement Act and the Revenue Act of 1962 (see Major Legislation, above) Congress also enacted the following tax measures:

- P.L. 87-508, approved June 28, 1962, is the Tax Rate Extension Act of 1962 which extends until July 1, 1963 the 52 percent corporate income tax rate and most of the present schedule of excise taxes. The transportation tax on air travel is reduced to 5 percent effective November 15, 1962 and the transportation tax on other travel is repealed. Effective January 1, the 10 percent communications tax is repealed.
- P.L. 87-710, approved September 27, 1962, provides a seven-year net operating loss carryover for certain regulated transportation corporations.
- P.L. 87-768, approved October 9, 1962, modified the requirements for exemption of consumer finance companies from the personal holding company tax.
- P.L. 87-858, approved October 23, 1962, amends the Internal Revenue Code with respect to (i) the special constructive sale price applied for excise tax purposes; (ii) limitation on charitable deductions, and (iii) taxation of life insurance companies.
 - P.L. 87-863, approved October 23, 1962, increases the maximum limitations on the amount allowable as deduction for medical expenses.
 - P.L. 87-870, approved October 23, 1962, provides new rules for the computation of the taxable income of terminal rail-road corporations and their shareholders.
 - P.L. 87-876, approved October 24, 1962, amends the Code as it relates to the retirement income credit to give retired persons not eligible for social security the same tax treatment as social security recipients.

Transportation

Supplemental Air Carriers. P.L. 87-528, approved July 10, 1962, authorizes the Civil Aeronautics Board to issue certificates of public convenience and necessity to an air carrier who desires to engage in supplemental air transportation. The Board is authorized to issue special operating authorizations where it finds that a supplemental carrier can provide additional

service in an area where the capacity for air transportation is temporarily insufficient. Procedures governing the issuance of special operating authorizations are set forth. (S. 1969, Sen. Magnuson, May 25, 1961.)

Aircraft Loan Guarantees. P.L. 87-820, approved October 15, 1962, increases from \$5 million to \$10 million the maximum amount of loans which can be guaranteed and outstanding with respect to the same carrier; extends until 1967 the aircraft loan guarantee program; and transfers to the Secretary of Commerce the responsibility for administering the program. (H.R. 10129, Rep. Harris, February 7, 1962.)

Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1962. Continuation of the federal highway program on a uniform and slightly increased schedule is authorized by P.L. 87-866, approved October 23, 1962. An expenditure of \$950 million for each of fiscal 1964 and 1965 is authorized. Funds for the completion of roads in Nicaragua and Central America are also provided. Relocation assistance may not exceed \$200 in the case of an individual or family and \$3,000 in the event of a business concern or nonprofit organization. (H.R. 12135, Rep. Fallon, June 14, 1962.) (See Frederick, IMPROVING NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION POLICY, AEA, 1959.)

Ship Construction-Subsidy. P.L. 87-877, approved October 24, 1962, continues until June 30, 1964 the 55 percent limit on construction-differential subsidy payments. The Act also repeals the 6 percent preferential differential enjoyed by Pacific coast shipbuilders; prohibits U. S. officials or employees from accepting free or reduced travel rates on any foreign flagship; and authorizes the use of foreign flagships to transport lumber to Puerto Rico from American ports. (H.R. 11586, Rep. Bonner, May 3, 1962.)

Other Legislation. P.L. 87-620, approved August 31, 1962, extended the prohibition against the overloading of ocean vessels and increased the penalties for such overloading. Congress also exempted express companies from the application of the long- and short-haul charge provisions of the Interstate Commerce Act (P.L. 87-707, approved September 27, 1962); authorized investment of the war risk insurance fund in securities of, or guaranteed by, the United States (P.L. 87-743, approved October 3, 1962); extended until June 30, 1964 the 12-year minimum age for trade-in of vessels on new construction (P.L. 87-755, approved October 5, 1962); extended until December 31, 1963 the time for commitment of construction reserve funds (P.L. 87-782, approved October 10, 1962); and extended until June 30, 1963 the time during which loans for mass transportation facilities may be made under the Housing Amendments of 1955 (P.L. 87-809, approved October 15, 1962).

GOVERNMENT FINANCES

Budget Message

President Kennedy's Budget Message of January 18 predicted a prosperous fiscal 1963 with a budget surplus of \$500 million as contrasted with an estimated \$7 billion deficit for fiscal 1962. Budget totals were estimated as follows:

BUDGET TOTALS (Fiscal years. In billions.)

Act of Joyl Continuation of the federal high

	1961 <u>(actual)</u>	1962 (estimate)	1963 (estimate)
Budget Receipts	\$77.7	\$82.1	\$93.0
Budget Expenditures	81.5	89.1	92.5
Budget Surplus (+) or Deficit (-)	- 3.9	- 7.0	+ 0.5

Source: The Budget of the United States Government for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1963, Washington, D. C., 1962, p. 8.

Budget expenditures for fiscal 1961 and estimates for fiscal 1962 and 1963, by function, were set forth in the Budget Message as follows:

BUDGET EXPENDITURES (Fiscal years. In billions.)

	1961 (actual)	1962 (estimate)	1963 (estimate)
National defense	\$47.5	\$51.2	\$52.7
International affairs and finance Space research and	2.5	2.9	3.0
technology	.7	1.3	2.4
Interest	9.0	9.0	9.4
Agriculture and agricul-			7.7
tural resources	5.2	6.3	5.8
Natural resources	2.0	2.1	2.3

BUDGET EXPENDITURES (continued)

	1961 (actual)	1962 (estimate)	1963 (estimate)
Commerce and trans-			
portation	\$ 2.6	\$ 2.9	\$ 2.5
Housing and community	2		Ψ 2.0
development	.3	ME SHOLLH INCOME AND	.8
Health, labor, and		I D SIGNT IN ASSET	ATH PROTOCOLS
welfare	4.2	4.7	5.1
Education	.9	1.1	1.5
Veterans' benefits and			1.0
services	5.4	5.6	5.3
General government	1.7	1.9	2.0
Civilian pay reform	-	202	.2
Allowance for contingencies		.1	.2
Deduct interfund trans-			15E)
actions	.7	.7	.7
	_	_	
Total budget expenditures	\$81.5	\$89.1	\$92.5

Source: The Budget of the United States Government for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1963, Washington, D. C., 1962, p. 10.

Midyear Budget Review

Estimates in the President's Budget Message of January 18 indicated a balanced budget for fiscal 1963 with a surplus of \$500 million. By midyear these estimates had been revised to indicate a budget deficit of \$7.8 billion. Budget receipts were estimated to be \$85.9 billion, \$7.1 billion less than the January figure of \$93.0 billion. Expenditures, on the other hand, were now estimated at \$93.7 billion, an increase of \$1.2 billion over the January prediction. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, receipts were \$81.4 billion while expenditures amounted to \$87.7 billion, thus creating a budget deficit of \$6.3 billion.

New Obligational Authority

The midyear estimate of new obligational authority for fiscal 1963, including later transmissions to the Congress, was \$102.1 billion. This represents an increase of \$2.8 billion over the January budget estimate of \$99,303 billion and an increase of \$9.7 billion over the amount enacted for 1962. (See Table 2 at p. 29.)

Public Debt

P.L. 87-414, approved March 13, 1962, increased the debt limit to

\$300 billion until June 30, 1962. P.L. 87-512, approved July 1, 1962, increased the limit to \$308 billion for the period beginning July 1, 1962 to March 31, 1963; to \$305 billion for the period beginning April 1, 1963 and ending June 24, 1963; and to \$300 billion June 25, 1963 to June 30, 1963. (See AEI Report No. 1, 87th Cong., 2d Sess.)

Appropriations

The various appropriations made during the second session of the 87th Congress are listed in Table 3, p.30.

Table 1

BUDGET RECEIPTS, BY SOURCE (Fiscal years. In millions.)

Description	1962 actual	January estimate	Current estimate	Change from January estimate
Receipts by source:				
Individual income taxes	\$45,541	\$49,300	\$47,500	- \$1,800
Corporation income taxes	20,523	26,600	21,300	-5,300
Excise taxes	9,582	9,956	9,800	-156
All other receipts	6,347	7,837	7,985	+148
Subtotal	81,993	93,693	86,585	-7,108
Deduct interfund transactions	633	693	685	-8
Budget receipts	81,360	93,000	85,900	-7,100

BUDGET EXPENDITURES, BY AGENCY (Fiscal years. In millions.)

		1963				
1962 actual	January estimate	Current estimate	Change from January estimate			
	33,754, 37,43,545	CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR				
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		a management of the second	- 1-4-V			
1,357						
1,773			-185			
101	-225	-225	-			
172	122	122				
11	52	47	-5			
299	342	443	+101			
146	159	157	-2			
2,806	2,880	2,900	+20			
1,257	2,400	2,400				
	THE SOLET	Del III				
54.748	57,665	57.594	-71			
	46,826 1,357 1,773 101 172 11 299 146 2,806	46,826 48,300 1,357 1,400 1,773 2,235 101 -225 172 122 11 52 299 342 146 159 2,806 2,880 1,257 2,400	1962 January Current estimate 46,826 48,300 48,300 1,357 1,400 1,400 1,773 2,235 2,050 101 -225 -225 172 122 122 11 52 47 299 342 443 146 159 157 2,806 2,880 2,900 1,257 2,400 2,400			

Table 1 (continued)

		THE REAL PROPERTY.	1963	
Description	1962 actual	January estimate	Current estimate	Change from January estimate
Civilian agenti				
Civilian agencies:				
Legislative and the Judiciary	210	210	213	+3
Executive Office of the President	29	23	24	+1
Funds Appropriated to the Presiden	t:			
Accelerated public works	-	-	200	+200
Other Land Company of the Company of	33	12	39	+27
Department of Agriculture	6,667	6,709	7,136	+427
Department of Commerce	594	815	773	-42
Department of DefenseCivil	999	1,071	1,077	
Department of Health, Education,		2,011	1,011	+6
and Welfare	4,215	5,183	5,197	. 14
Department of the Interior	908	1,030		+14
Department of Justice	294	304	1,042 304	+12
Department of Labor	613	386		-
Post Office Department	787	261	249	-137
Treasury Department:	101	201	802	+541
Interest on public debt	9,140	0.200	0.700	
Other	1,054	9,300	9,700	+400
Federal Aviation Agency	699	1,131	1,095	-36
General Services Administration	444	781	755	-26
Housing and Home Finance Agency	735	578	530	-48
Veterans Administration		1,383	1,237	-146
Other independent agencies	5,392	5,285	5,364	+79
District of Columbia	665	668	657	-11
one of the second secon	72	85	82	-3
Subtotal	33,550	35,215	36,476	+1,261
Allowances for:				
Pay adjustment (except for Post Offi	(00)	150	. Inget herry	
Contingencies	ice) -	150	200	+50
W		200	100	-100
Total	00 001	00 000	Sunst Lanu?	wheel hit falls
Deduct interfund transactions	88,301	93,230	94,372	+1,142
The crant transactions	633	693	685	8
Total budget expenditures	87,668	92,537	93,687	+1,150

Source: Review of the 1963 Budget, Bureau of the Budget Release, November 13, 1962, Table 1.

Table 2

NEW OBLIGATIONAL AUTHORITY, BY AGENCY

(Fiscal years. In millions)

			+		1963		***
Description	1962 actual	January estimate	Recom- mended to date	Enacted	Antici- pated for later trans- mittal	Current estimate (col. 4 plus col. 5)	Change from Jan. est (col. 6 minus col. 2
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Defense, international, and space agencies: Department of Defense:	, ara, e	0327	10 Legit-	Serial Control		Velough - S Africa = -	
Military functions	\$47,844	\$50,140	\$50,354	\$49,568	\$410	\$49,978	-\$162
Military assistance	1,577	1,500	1,500	1,325		1,325	-175
Foreign assistanceeconomic International financial	2,338	3,397	3,461	2,604		2,604	-793
institutions	172	122	2,122	2,122	-	2,122	+2,000
Peace Corps	30	64	64	59	-	59	-5
Department of State	309	349	467	415	7	423	+74
U.S. Information Agency	141	158	190	148	23	171	+13
Atomic Energy Commission National Aeronautics and	2,547	2,987	3,221	3,135		3,135	+148
Space Administration	1,825	3,787	3,787	3,674		3,674	-113
Subtotal	56,783	62,504	65,166	63,050	440	63,491	+987
Civilian agencies:							
Legislative and the Judiciary Executive Office of the	189	199	203	202	*	202	+3
President Funds Appropriated to the president:	27	24	25	23		23	-1
Accelerated public works			200	hoo	500	200	
Other	53	4	900	400	500	900	+900
Department of Agriculture	7,411	6,426	7,080	6,715	762	7,476	.1 050
Department of Commerce	822	688	734	799	1	800	+1,050
Department of DefenseCivil Department of Health, Education,	1,016	1,066	1,078	1,088	2	1,090	+24
and Welfare	4,629	6,278	= 1,06	6 117	260	5 1.00	700
Department of the Interior	929	1,074	5,496	5,117	362	5,480	-798
Department of Justice	297	309	1,157 309	1,090 307	24	1,114	+40
Department of Labor	644	448	378	335	14	307	-2
Post Office Department	837	265	265	653	153	349 806	-99 +541
Treasury Department:	-31		20)	0,5	-/3	000	+741
Interest on public debt	9,140	9,300	9,700	9,700		9,700	+400
Other	1,084	1,158	1,155	1,104	2	1,106	-52
Federal Aviation Agency	730	791	791	747	110 72	747	-44
General Services Administration.	606	587	612	569	39	608	+21
Housing and Home Finance Agency.	861	984	870	817	55	872	-112
Veterans Administration	5,447	5,514	5,450	5,454	52	5,505	-9
Other independent agencies	947	1,160	1,152	1,094	4	1,098	-62
District of Columbia	65	63	61	59	-	59	-4
Subtotal	35,734	36,338	37,420	36,277	1,970	38,246	+1,908
llowances for:							
Pay adjustments (except							
for Post Office)	12	162	-		212	212	+50
Contingencies		300	New Year	E11 .	200	200	-100
Total	92,516	99,303	102,587	99,327	2,823	102,151	+2,848

Source: Review of the 1963 Budget, Bureau of the Budget Release, November 13, 1962, Table 2.

Table 3
ACTION ON APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL 1963

Bill No.	Public Law	Title	Budget Estimates (to House)	Amounts appropriated
H.J.Res. 612	87-404 (2/13/62)	Veterans' Administration	\$ 151,200,000	\$ 55,000,000
H.R. 11038	87-525 (7/25/62)	2d Supplemental	503,265,000	373,550,689
H.R. 10526	87-575 (8/6/62)	Treasury-Post Office	5,575,386,000	5,489,781,000
H.R. 10802	87-578 (8/9/62)	Interior	930,674,000	885,362,000
H.R. 10904	87-582 (8/14/62)	Labor-H.E.W.	5,284,831,000	5,334,609,500
H.R. 11151	87-730 (10/2/62)	Legislative	114,078,425	146,477,270
H.R. 11289	87-577 (8/9/62)	Defense	47,907,000,000	48,136,247,000
H.R. 12276	87-867 (10/23/62)	District of Columbia	(299, 134, 478)	(288, 986, 350)
		Federal payment	35,199,000	33,199,000
		Loan authorizations	(26,042,000)	(26,042,000)
H.R. 12580	87 - 843 (10/18/62)	State, Justice, Commerce, Judiciary	2,004,178,000	2,025,895,700
H.R. 12648	87-879 (10/24/62)	Agriculture	6,354,783,000	5,487,029,500
		Loan authorizations	(805,000,000)	(820,000,000)
H.R. 12711	87-741 (10/3/62)	Independent offices	12,560,063,500	11,631,792,100
H.R. 12870	87-684 (9/25/62)	Military construction	1,594,729,500	1,319,114,500
H.R. 12900	87-880 (10/24/62)	Public Works	4,745,332,000	5,069,134,400
H.R. 13175	87-872 (10/23/62)	Foreign Assistance	7,335,029,000	6,278,962,000

Source: Congressional Record, October 13, 1962, pp. 22210-11.

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Report No.	Subject	Status	
1	Proposal to Increase the National Ceiling	H.R. 11990Rep. Mills, P.L. 87-512 (7/1/62)	
2	Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1962 to Create a Department of Urban Affairs and Housing	Plan No. 1 was defeated (2/21/62)	
3	Foreign Trade: Part I: The Operation Administration, and Development of the Trade Agreements Program	, Special Analysis, See item No. 8, below.	
4	Foreign Trade: Part II: Economic Consequences of Trade Liberalization	Special Analysis. See item No. 8, below.	
5	Foreign Trade: Part III: Import Adjustment Assistance and Alternatives	Special Analysis. See item No. 8, below.	
6	Foreign Trade: Part IV: The European Community (Common Market)	Special Analysis. See item No. 8, below.	
7	Purchase of United Nations Bonds	S. 2768Sen. Sparkmen, P.L. 87-731 (10/2/62)	
8	Foreign Trade: Part V: Proposals to Amend and Extend the Reciprocal Trade Agreements Legislation H.R. 11970Rep. Mi		
9	Proposals to Provide Health Care for the Aged Under Social Security	H.R. 4222Rep. King (Calif.) House hearing (7/24/61) Senate rejected amendment to add compromise plan to public welfare bill (7/17/62)	
10	Tax Proposals Relating to Foreign Income	H.R. 10650Rep. Mills, P.L. 87-834 (10/16/62)	
11	Public Welfare Amendments of 1962	H.R. 10606Rep. Mills, P.L. 87-543 (7/25/62)	
	The Drug Control Bills and Other Proposals to Amend the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act	S. 1552Sens. Kefauver and Hart, P.L. 87-781 (10/10/62)	

- 13 The Proposed International Coffee Agreement
- 14 The Pacific Northwest Power Preference Bills

- Pending before Senate Foreign Relations Committee
- S. 3153--Sen. Anderson
 Passed Senate as reported
 (8/8/62)
 Referred to House Committee
 on Interior and Insular
 Affairs
 H.R. 11264--Rep. Hansen
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 H.R. 11265--Rep. Pfost

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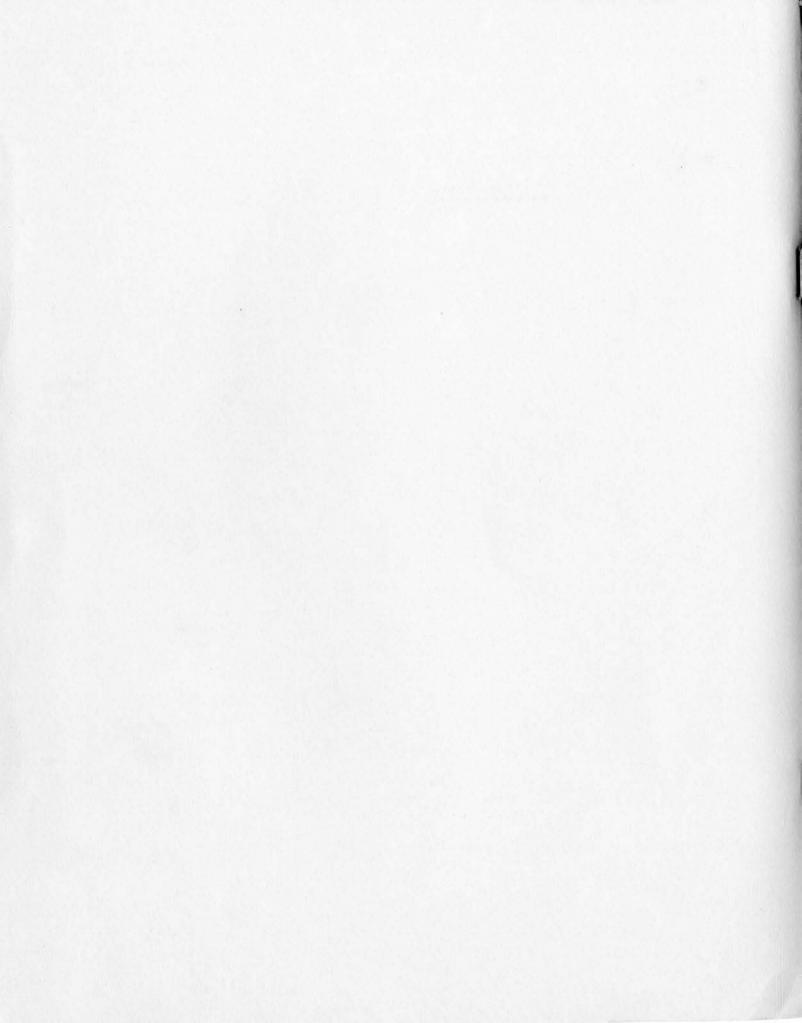
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