



[Lawrence Taliaferro papers.](#)

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[1832]

This is one of two manuscript pages, apparently written in the Dakota language, which were filed by early catalogers with the 1832 Taliaferro Papers. Since the Dakota alphabet was developed by Samuel and Gideon Pond after their arrival among the Sioux in 1834, it is possible that these manuscripts should be dated, not 1832, but some time after the summer of 1834.

Waji Galafere

[1832?]

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Ate urodanada nupa
mayagu Ktedo

cari nita wamagu firni

Ate taku wadi mani cedo

uxi mayu daxni Gohi taku hemaya

- Kiyexni

cehana waji mayagu Ktedo

Gohini taku cicidaxni

Tuwe woapi ope Kihan tan yau Kte

- behapi Tuwetan uxi madaxni

huska midu hexni

mayavandamani

Ate xina rota mayagu Ktedo

tu wetan taku maguxni

naku koska naku taku qepixni

List of Trading Posts
Within the Agency at St. Peters - Upper Mississippi

- N^o 1. At the Mountain in the Water
- " 2 At Mouth of Chippeway River
- + 3 At Olive Grove - near St. Louis { abolished 1834
- 4 At the Entry of the River St. Peter
- 5 On the River des Canons
- 6 At the upper Forks of Des Moines River
- 7 At the mixed Lakes -
- 8 At the Little Rapids
- 9 At the River Desoche
- 10 At Travered des Sioux
- 11 At Lac qui paille -
- 12 At Lac Travered -
- 13 At same forks on Red River of Hudson Bay
- 15 At the River Desembarras -
- 16 25 miles North of Forks of Red Cedar
- 17 At the Little Rock on the St. Peter -
- 18 At the Cheyenne Fork of Red River of Hudson Bay

1832

The Olive Grove Location to be abolished
after the Present Season - say Sept 1834 -
For reasons of policy - and is now abolished and
regular notice thereof given officially

The U States Indian Dept		Amount	Remarks showing the object of the Expenditure
To	Dr	Dollars	
1832			
June 30	For his pay or salary		

Received Peter Agency this 3rd day of June 1833. of
 Laurence Salas perro Indian Agent - The sum of dollars and cents in
 full of the above account.

This form was used for
 all the Officers & Indian
 men of the Agency.

Duplicate

also for contingent after 2020

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Fort Snelling 13 Jan 1832

Major,

I embrace an unexpected opportunity to write a short letter to you.

Since my return no Indians have come to see me - they are all inland, and have behaved remarkably well so far.

You are aware I believe of the blow struck upon the Sows, by the Sioux, and of the demand made for the aggressors - As yet it has been found impracticable to comply with the instructions of the Superintendent on that subject.

It is pretty well established now

I believe, that the Saes or Foxes
killed last fall by the Seonys
were trespassers upon their hunting
grounds.

The traders continue to
talk about each others violation
of the laws, but no positive
information has as yet been
laid, and I give myself no
trouble about their fine side
accusations of one another.

Be pleased to mention us in
the kindest terms to Mrs J.

Lawrence runs all about - and
is a most mischievous young
rascal. I am D. J.

May Tahiapere
Your old st
E. J. Sandham

All well except Mat-Jonette, and
he, poor little fellow, looks like he
never would recover.

I will write again in a
few days.

all over except that I have not
yet been able to get the
man named ~~Wells~~ ^{Wells} who
I will write again in a

few days and get me
tells about such others
of the laws, but no positive
information has as yet been
laid, and I give myself no
trouble about them and do not
accuse of one another.

Be pleased to mention to
the student-tutor to Mr. J.
Lawrence sum all about
a most successful young
man. I am, Sir,
Yours etc etc
E. J. Langdon

Fort Snelling }
17 Jan 1832 }
E. T. Lapham
P.M. Fort Snelling

Maj: Lawrence Taliaferro
Now at Washington City
District of Columbia
Bedford Pa



Department of War,
March 9th 1832

Sir,

Your letter of the 7th instant in relation to the 4th article of the treaty of Prairie du Chien of the 15th of July 1830, has been received.

The Department in its construction of the provisions of that article, considered the use of oxen indispensable in working the ploughs and carts. You are therefore authorized to turn over to the Sioux the three yokes purchased by you for their benefit, and charge the amount in the settlement of your accounts with the Government.*

Very Respectfully
Yours O^bd^t Serv

Leach

Samuel T. Lieberman Esq

Indian Agent

Washington

* out of the appropriation under the 4th article of the treaty

Department of War
Office Indian Affairs
April 4th 1832

To Majr.
Lawrence Taliaferro
Sir

In reply to your letter of 4th ulto to the Secretary of War, I have the honor to state, that the establishment of a sub-agency at or near Crow Island might have a tendency to prevent hostile occurrences between the Sioux and the Chippewa Indians. But it being contemplated by the Department to send some person during the ensuing summer on an exploring tour in that region, no appointment will be made until the reception of the consequent report. That will furnish a more particular and enlarged view of our relations and interest in that quarter and of the expediency of the proposed establishment.

With great respect
Your humblest
Albert Herring

1832
Return to Sub Agent
for Chippewagon -
Upper Miss -
Department of War
Secy.

To Maj

Lawrence Taliaferro

Indian Agent.

Care of Genl Wm Clark. Sup Ind Affs
St Louis
Missouri

Office Indian Affairs
Debt Herring

FREE

April 4
1832



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[May 5, 1832]

AN ACT

To provide the means of extending the benefits of Vaccination, as a preventive of the Small Pox, to the Indian Tribes, and thereby, as far as possible, to save them from the destructive ravages of that disease.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the several Indian Agents and Sub-Agents, under the direction of the Secretary of War, to take such measures as he shall deem most efficient, to convene the Indian tribes in their respective towns, or in such other places, and numbers, and at such seasons as shall be most convenient to the Indian population, for the purpose of arresting the progress of small pox among the several tribes, by vaccination.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War be and he hereby is, empowered to employ as many Physicians or Surgeons, from the army or resident on the frontier near the point where their services shall be required, as he may find necessary for the execution of this act; and, if necessary, two competent persons to conduct the Physicians to the remote Indians who are infected, or may be in immediate danger of being infected, with the small pox, whose compensation shall be six dollars per day, and six men, whose compensation shall be twenty-five dollars per month.*

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War, to cause all Indian Agents to be supplied with genuine vaccine matter; and all Agents and Sub-Agents shall use all proper means to persuade the Indian population to submit to vaccination.*

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted, That all Agents, Sub-Agents, Physicians and Surgeons, employed in the execution of this act, shall make monthly returns or reports of their proceedings to the War Department. And the Secretary thereof shall submit to Congress, on or before the first of February next, a general report of all proceedings in the premises.*

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted, That, to carry this act into effect, the sum of twelve thousand dollars be appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.*

A. STEVENSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

J. C. CALHOUN,

Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.

APPROVED, May 5, 1832.

ANDREW JACKSON.

Major Law Talliaferro,
Ind. Agent at S. Peters

U.S. Indian Agency at Prairie du
Chien May 24. 1832. — 8

Sir, I am this moment informed that an Express takes the mail for S. Peters in half an hour, and I avail myself of a few moments previous to making it up to advise you of the state of things in this & the country immediately below.

No mail has been rec^d from below Galena for three weeks, and we are consequently ignorant of what Congress is doing. Our advices from the Seat of war are only rumors, the mainly correct, as it was brought by men from the Army to Galena. (Militia) Genl. A. and his regulars were progressing up Rock River in S. B. and were near Dixon's Ferry, where Genl. Reynolds with 1600 Mounted men from Ill. were encamped.

On the 13 or 14, a detachment of about 200 Mounted men from Ill. under Genl. Titman moved up Rock River on the South Bank, and Major Sades with 100 men preceded the detachment, discovered a small party of scalping Indians in the Prairie, and pursued them until they entered a point of timber. He then halted and the Indians also halted & wheeled. Some whetly pushed on & attacked and killed three Indians. Immediately a large body of Indians poured out of the timber upon them, and a running fight ensued back to the place where the rest of the detachment under Genl. Titman were encamped. The men were encamped and then soon soon in the Prairie. The Indians rushed on them and a general rout and confusion succeeded, in which we lost 20 men killed & missing. Sades' command fought bravely, and many Indians were known to be killed. This was 36 miles in advance of the main Army under Genl. R. and Dixon's ferry. Next day Genl. Whitesides went out with a large detachment, to the battle ground, and found 12 bodies of white-men

which were buried; but not ~~an~~ dead or alive. Since we have no certain intelligence from the Army or the Indians, and are making ready to receive ~~them~~ Indians here with as hearty a reception as our small means and diminished works will permit.

From the above you will perceive the Sacs & Foxes are on the East side of the Mississippi, or Rock River more than 100 miles from the Mississippi, in the County of the Winnebagoes of Rock River within the Agency of St. Louis. Reports say the principal part of the Winnebagoes South of the Wisconsin have joined the Sacs & Foxes, and we apprehend an attack at this place. I do not believe one Indian within the bands of my Agency have or will join the ~~Indians~~ against the Whites.

The S. B. Dove was here 3 days since from Galena, passed by the Citizens of that place to come here for arms, which they got and immediately returned. The people of Galena were fortifying. The openings at Fort Crawford have been closed by pickets, and the workshop in a complete state of defence, as could be in so short a time & under existing circumstances.

The Sacs, Foxes and Winnebagoes of Rock River are said to be concentrating at the Blue Mound about 80 miles East of this place. Genl. Dodge is with 100 volunteers at Dodgeville, and more are flocking to his aid. His son is now recruiting in the West.

I have no doubt Genl. G. has formed a plan with Gov. R. and that they are moving on upon the Indians. I trust no further loss will be sustained. Blood is now drawn, and I most devoutly hope these common disturbers of the peace of

this section of Country, will be completely beaten. If not there is no hope for quiet after this in this Country.

Is it not strange that 10 or 14 days should have elapsed since the battle affair with the Inds. and yet there is no express, or letter from Genl. A?

I have paid 167 of your Sioux, the remainder 31 will be here it is said in a few days. I found it impossible to get ~~paid~~ at one time. The first who came (with whom was Wabashaw, the French Crow & most of the principal men) wanted me to give them the money without division and they would divide it. When convinced that I would not do that they received their portions, with much complaining as to the quantity and they say inequality of the division. Many Indians too are of different families from the list, if they can be believed. Some who have a family marked to them are single persons, and many single persons in the list, have families. I assured them it could not now be altered, and that they in all probability had been the cause of the error by giving in the census erroneously. That I would endeavour to take a new list of them previously to another payment, if they were placed within my Agency. This satisfied them, and they in a set speech by Wabashaw and an other by the French Crow, desired I would say to you, and to them Great Father that they wanted, to be placed under my Agency, or in other words, we want you for our Father, and we want you to pay us our money, to take the management of our Shop, and of our agricultural establishment. - They also complained of the want of Open Sd. I briefly answered that I would let you know their wishes, if their S. F. desired I would be their Agent &c. - I apprehend they are a discontented people, and hard to please. It was

not until I put up the money and told them I w^d. return it to you, that they
agreed to receive it in any other way than in a lump to divide at home.
When the found one resolved, they soon agreed to receive whatever I would
pay them. We are all well. If there are any Cranberries to be had
send me a Keg.

I am with great respect yours Ans. H. S.

Gen. M. Stoss U.S. Gen. Adj.

There are 48 living here who will
leave today. — End. }

Dr. J. C. McPherson

May 24.

Free

Major Law. Gallien

Ind. agent at

Deposited.

Sept.

Yellow River June 23rd 1832

May Tallahassee

My Sir

I wrote you sometime

in March last informing you of the intention of the Government to immediately enter on the Execution of the Surveys growing out of the Treaty of Prairie du Chien of July 1830 as also the desire of the Department of War that these Surveys should be done in presence of the Nations of Indians interested. Since which time the line established by an earlier Treaty between the Sacks & Sioux has been run as also the line parallel to it between U.S purchase of 1830 & the Sioux land laying off of 20 miles, the lower line between the Sacks & the U States is not yet run and indeed I am doubtful whether it can be done at this time, having applied to the Commanding Officer Genl P. du Chien for protection and am refused (although his orders are to furnish it)

Some fifty Sioux are now here and
I have explained to them the points
which these two lines touch, and they
appear much pleased, but say
they cannot venture to accompany
me to look at the living ^{for fear}
of the Sacks & Foxes ^{as great} ^{hate} You found and

P.S. Last not least I & Dean
you must make my kindest
respects to Mrs. Taliaferro as also
to Maj. Langham family
Yours

Ate maza bakse
^{father} ^{son} ^{cutting}
Man na Wa hae kte do
^{I am here and ask you}
Jak. Nu ta fu
Ja

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pages, apparently written in the
Dakota language, which were filed by
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among the Sioux in 1834, it is possible
that these manuscripts should be dated,
not 1832, but some time after the sum-
mer of 1834.

stin
ing.

na ni
alking.

fine many

Some fifty Sioux are now here and
I have explained to them the points
which these two lines touch and they
appear much pleased, but say
they cannot venture to accompany
me to look at the living for fear
of the Sacks & Foxes. You find and
let them do.

P.S. Last not least I should
you must make my kindest
respects to Mr. Valafiro as also
to Maj. Langham & family
Yours

Ate maza bakse
^{father from cutter,}
Man na Wa hae kte do
^{I am here and ask you}
Jaku Yu ta fri
^{give me something}
Jaku Yu ha fri ci tin
^{give me some little thing}
Ate mazu wo
^{father, pity me}
Ma za ku te ma ni
^{Iron that shoots walking,}
^{Yak Ka mune}
^{Letter}
Indian attempts to join army

Drainie du Chien }
23 June }

18th June

May S. Salafro
U. S. Indian Agent
for mail Saint Petrus

Mayr L. Talliaferro
Do Sir,

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U. S. Ind. Agency at Prairie du
Chien 23rd June 1832. }

Genl. Dodge came upon a party
of 11 Sacs on the 16th who had just killed a white man
near Col. Hamilton's Fort in the Minnesota District,
and with 25 or 30 men killed the whole of them.
The action lasted about 2 or 3 minutes. One white
man was shot before the Indians were discovered
who were concealed in the brush, and four were
wounded in the action, two of the wounded ~~will~~
probably die. But not an Ind. was left to bear
the tidings to the friends.

All the Sioux, but six have returned to this
place without being in an action or attempting
to strike a blow. They got to Genl. Dodge the day
after he had killed the 11 Inds. and went to the
ground & scalped & mangled the dead Indians
and are now dancing with their scalps. They
are on their way home, and their courage has
wholly evaporated.

Of all the Ind. forces sent down only the
Menominee & Ojibwa remain. The Menominee
say they are determined to be revenged on the
Sacs & Foxes personally before they quit. I
have no doubt they will make a brave stand;
but the Sioux are cowardly, and ought to go home
and live easy.

We have nothing further from the Regulars.

Army. The last news left them safe at
Dillon Ferry Forted. But no hostile movement
on this part indicated that they were in the
country as far as I can learn. There has
been several murders of white families
who were defenseless in Illinois, on the
Ill River and in that direction. Our mail
is stopped by the Ind. who infest the route
and we hear nothing from below.

I have not time to give you a more
detailed account & must answer your
letter by some other conveyance. Rickett
and Bailey are waiting a Steam Boat to
go up, which is expected in a few days.

All well

In haste as the man

Waits yours &c

Lo. de Street

U.S. Ind. of

Lo. de Street
U.S. Ind. of

Miss

Craine du Chem. N. E. }
23 June }
Post Master }
Free

Major Law. Talliaferro
U. S. Ind. agt at
J. Peters



June 24. 1832.

Dear Sir, My engagements are such
I am unable to write. I am trying
to start in a few minutes 20 or 30 Horses
raised for Gen. Dodge, for fear they
may not reach in time.

I informed Gen. Dodge had an
engagement with 11 Sars - and killed
them very soon (the 16 inst.) and had four
wounded, two mortally. Capt. J. M.
Stephenson of Galena mounted over
followed a party who had stolen 10 Horses
from Apple Creek. Stephenson had 12 men
and there were perhaps 15 or 20 Ind. on
the stolen Horses. They got in sight of the Ind.
who took to a thicket, and after many fruitless
attempts to get them out, Capt. S. ordered his men
to dismount & charge on foot right into the
thicket. In a few seconds they were in the

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Midst of the Inds. fighting hand to hand with
Knives, Guns, Tom-hawks, and Spears & bayonets.
They killed 5 or 6 of the Inds. and lost
3 men killed. They got 9 of the Horses,
One Ind. escaped on horseback during
the action. The Inds. fight with great
appetition. In Dodge's action the Chief made
cubits at D. with his spears, and Dodge's Rifle
flashied, and he drew a pistol from his belt
and shot a bal through his head when the Ind.
was within 8 feet of him. The bal entered
just below the eye on the side of his nose & he
dropped dead. — Yours in haste
Jos. M. Smith.

War Department
July 26. 1832

Sir,

In consequence of representations,
recently made to the Department, you are
directed to grant no licenses to persons to trade
with any of the Indian tribes, except those
residents within the limits of your own Agency.
I am Sir

Very respectfully
Your obt. Serv

A/s — John Robt
Acty. Secy. War

Maj.

L. Taliaferro

St. Peters

No license to be paid
by the Agent at St. Louis
within any other Agency

To Maj Lawrence Taliaferro

Indian agent at ~~St. Louis~~

~~care of Genl Wm Clark~~

Bradford

~~St. Louis~~
~~Missouri~~
Pennsylvania.

Department of War.
John R. R. R.
acting Secy of War

Fort Melling
September 1st 1832

Dear Major,

Your letter of July 18th came safe to hand - I wrote you in July, and sent you some vaccinating stuff - I was sorry to hear of your sickness, and trust your health is reestablished -

I take pen in hand to give you some account of your Swamp Soldiers - you no doubt have heard of the termination of the Sue war - Col Taylor writes me that on the 2^d August, 40 miles above the Prairie, the Indians were attacked just in the act of robbing the Mississippi men - 100 were killed, about sixty prisoners, about ten killed of the whites, and twelve wounded - the troops were on the shore, and in steam boats -

The Indians had been notified before to be in readiness in the West shore - they therefore commenced the work of destruction, and destroyed, it is supposed,

nearly 200. This is the broken story - but probably true as the express states, that he saw an immense number of scalps among the Sioux, the river full of bodies all scalped and mangled - they have about 40 prisoners, women - about 100 at the Prairie who are to be sent to Rock Island. Genl Scott & Witherman went to ~~the~~ Rock Island on the 10th ultimo - Genl S. arrived at the Prairie on the 5th - left his troops behind - Bennett held a council here with the Sioux, who came to dance preparatory to going against the Saes - he advised them not to go with them, but they declared their determination to go, and left the next morning the 19th about 200 warriors to try and overtake the balance of the Saes - Croft has gone to Rock Island. He left here on the 5th August - the next day, in the lake near the lower camp, he was robbed of his provisions by a war party of Chippewas, supposed, from best account, about 30, or 40 - he had with him 7 soldiers in a Mackinac boat - all armed, with their muskets - there was no fighting, they came up in succession, and took what they wanted - nothing as yet has been heard

since from Croft - they then proceeded to Red Wings village ~~opposite~~ or rather opposite to it, killed a Sioux woman - the old men of the village went in pursuit, the others being absent - said to be only 7 men, and pursued the Chippewas who made for Chippewa river, and left their canoes 7 in number in possession of the Sioux - these accounts are given by the men who were with Croft, and have returned, and are corroborated by Brown who has arrived from the St Croix river on the 24th July. Schallmuth, accompanied by Mr. Men, with some soldiers, and Mr. Johnson, his brother in law, together with a Doctor, who was vaccinating the Indians, and a minister arrived here, remained one day, and held a council with the Sioux, advised them to peace with the Chippewas &c - he came down the Mississippi - I trust these details may prove of some interest to you - I have heard nothing yet of any change of posts - how did you hear the report of my going away - If you go to Washington, I wish you would find out what they are going to do with me - I should like to go - perhaps in the spring - Please join me in warm regards to Mrs J. and yourself, and very much with Mrs J. was here - Your friend R. B. Wood.

P.S. All the hays in this vicinity absent after the
dew & dews - Thermometer yesterday morning 34 -

Pravine de Chiers M.S. J
Ego. O
Major Lawrence Jackson
One of Humphrey Dillon Esq.
Bedford Pennsylvania

War Department
Sept. 22. 1832

Sir,

Your letters of the 17th & 18th are before me.

It is due to Mr. Schoolcraft to say, that the order of the 26th of July, was not issued in consequence of any representations made by him, it was directed to other Agents beside yourself.

Your draft in favor of Mr. Dellow has not been presented here. ^{the amount of} it cannot be paid to you or any other person, until the Department receive some assurance that it will not be. It was not the intention that the services of Surgeons in vaccinating should be paid, until the whole duty was completed, & in most of the instructions this was expressed. The inconvenience of a contrary practice will be so great, that the Department is unwilling to depart from the rule, unless in cases of peculiar emergency. For the present therefore, I must decline issuing a requisition for Twenty four dollars, the amount of Doct. Woods account enclosed by you.

Very respectfully
I am Sir,

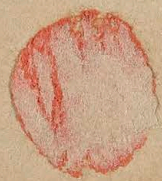
Your obt. Servt

John Robt
Acty Secy. War

Major
L. Taliaferro
Bedford Springs
Va.

Draft not paid
a curious letter
from Robt
Acty of War
Major

War Department
John Robt
Acty Secy
Lawrence Taliaferro,
Indian Agent.
Bedford Springs
Penn^a



St Peters 9th November 1832

Sir

Finding it necessary for our own Convenience to add Several buildings to our Establishment at Post Factory & being in want of Pine Timber for that purpose as also for the repairs of the old Buildings, I would wish to know, Sir, if you have any objection to a party of men being sent up the Kiam River some time this winter for the following timber—

25 to 30 Thousand Shingles

2 to 3 Hundred Logs for Boards & Planks

2 to 3 Hundred ^{Vol} of sundry dimensions

Lt. J. Vail

actg. Agent Ind: affs

St Peters

Respectfully Yours—

Obt. &c

Alexis Gaulty

[1833]

Thaine is a pe port Mac this is an account of F.
 that is coming 3 or 4 hundred half breeds
 to whose Delan leaves to defend their
 Trade and the think may be a fight be
 between the 2 nations, according to their
 judgement it will occur a part next
 summer if not then it will be all a
 Lay.

Mr J. B. Fernbough tells me that he has not
 heard any thing of it and neither does he believe
 it; Brother of Black Eagle died a sudden
 death and the Black Eagle wish to go against
 the Saunc & Geones but it is stoped.

The 2
the ball that comes
many more
of work and labor
has been

Wagon cheer is the man who shab
der J B L.

the gascon
the more that
whirls
the d herd the con-
versation 2 from

So far Keen or Nose is the Chief is cunning with
wake an sinon the thunder that things

Remme

Records
of
Sub Agent. H. Groves
The Staking of J. B. F. -
by Capt. Hon. Chas. -
Half Bands of R. River
Attacking Gallies
Tracing Board -

Department of War
Off. Indian Affs.

Feb. 27th. 1832.
[1833]

Sir

During your absence from
your Agency, you will be pleased,
in future, to direct your official com-
munications to Lieut. Bail, the offici-
ating Agent, instead of addressing them
to the Interpreter as is alleged has
been heretofore done

With high respect,
Your humb. Ser.
Robert Herring

Major L. Taliaferro
Bedford
Pa.

Bedford March 3^d 1833-177

Sir

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of date the 27th of February past - with the contents of which I have felt some surprise - Reflecting as it does upon my "knowledge" of the Rules, and ~~eligibility~~ of the Service, after an experience of near twenty years. - I hope you could not ^{have} ~~believed~~ ^{to have been} me "so negligent" - During my absence from the Agency at St Peter - I have uniformly (when expedient) made official communications to the Commanding Officer of Fort Snelling previous to, and since Lieut Wail's assumption of it after the departure of Capt W.R. Swette on furlough, and can safely state to the best of my knowledge that I have addressed but one letter to my Interpreter, and that upon subjects which the interests of the Service required at my hands, and to impress upon his mind the necessity of a faithful discharge of his public duties, and an entire submission to the orders of the Officer Commanding in all matters, and things appertaining to the Agency.

I have the honor to be
With very high respect
Your. Obedt Servt

To Elbert Herrens Esq
Comdant of Indian Affairs
Washington

Sam. T. L. Ferro
Indian Agent
at St Peter

Department of War
Office Indian Affairs
March 8th 1833

Sir,

Yours of the 3rd inst: has been received, and I regret that you should have indulged such misconception of my letter of the 27th ult. My communication to you was induced by a letter from Genl Clark on a representation by Lieut Vail, and was not intended in the least as a rebuke for want of ~~official~~ knowledge or etiquette. Lieut Vail had probably heard of the letter to your Interpreter, and feeling wounded that you had overlooked him, and corresponded with his subaltern, represented the fancied slight as if it had been an intentional incivility.

Surely the subject does not require another word, and I conclude with expressing a hope, that the improvement of your health will soon enable you to resume the duties of your agency.

I am Sir

With great respect
Your humble

Edw^d Herring

Maj L Taliaferro
Bedford
Penn^a

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Department of War,
Office Indian Affairs,
April 6. 1833.

Sir,

An exculpatory statement having been received by the Department from Gen^l. Street, on behalf of the Chippewa Indians who attacked Lieut. Crofs in August last, and murdered a Sioux woman near Lake Pepin, in which it is alledged "that they meant to do no harm to Lieut. Crofs, or any white man, that they were hungry and took something to eat, and Lieut. Crofs did not seem to care any thing about it."

It would appear from their own statement that their conduct was altogether unjustifiable - They took provision from Lieut. Crofs and did not ask for it. If they had been in want and had asked Lieut. Crofs for provision, he would have given to them, if he could have spared it.

It is left to your discretion to adjust this matter with them - you will represent to them the extreme impropriety of their conduct, their exposure to punishment, and the clemency of the Government, but a certainty of punishment on a repetition of similar misconduct by any of their People.

You will however demand from them the

SWD=

surrender of the person or persons, who shot and
scalped the Sioux woman; and you will
report to the Department the result of your
proceedings.

With great respect,
Your hu^{ble} Servt.
Ebert Herring

To Major
L. Taliaferro,
Indian Agent,
St. Peters.

Letter from

Com. Indian Affs.

To
S. T. L. L. L.

Apr 6th 33

Genl. Corp. - & Genl. Stevens

Letter

Indian Agency St. Peters

160

Sir

June 3^d 1833-

On the 26th of January last past the
Wabpeton Sioux of Lacque Fork crossed the
Mississippi, and attacked the Chipeways on the
head waters of Rum River and killed Eight
and wounded two - the Sioux lost one man -
There were five different conflicts on either side
of the line between the tribes referred to during the
year 1832 - and the result stands at present
thus - on the part of the Sioux 30 - men women & killed

On the part of Chipeways 10 men killed -

The Sioux within our vicinity are perfectly friendly
and are disposed to be at peace with us - as well as
with their neighbours -

The remote tribes at Lac qui parle & ^{Traverse} Lac du Bois
consisting of the Wabpeton, Sisseton & Yankton
Bands of Sioux as well as the Chipeways are likely
to continue their predatory warfare in the course of
the present summer - very respectfully yr mos
Majors John B. B. -
Comdg, Fort Snelling

Obt servant
Lard Taliaferro -
Indian Agent at St. Peters

General -

Indian Agency S.P. 181
June 10th 1833.

It becomes my special duty to require the removal of Alexis Bailly Esq. a Citizen trader near this Agency on the following Charges. -

That the said Alexis Bailly did on, or about the 8th Inst. ~~did~~ ask to see, or was handed my letter of the same date which had been Officially addressed to one other trader, by name (Joseph R Brown), which letter was conveyed by Nascampok a respectable trade man of the Sioux - and the said Alexis Bailly did say to said Indian, that his Father (the Agent) was a fool for writing such a letter, & that he (Nascampok) was a greater fool for being the bearer of it - & at the same time applying said letter in a beefor manner to his person - thereby treating the government with contempt in the presence of Indians in the person of their Agent - and ^{and} for being guilty of a similar offence in the winter of 1825-6 which he has had the hardihood to admit - and does not deny or affirm the ^{2^d} ~~first~~ offence - which ^{however} is unsubstantiated of proof. - My letter to Jos R Brown at which enquiry was taken is herewith enclosed. -

Yours well Clark
Supt in affairs }

I have the honor to be
Yours very truly
San Pablo Pardo
Indian Aff

June 8
Copy Letter to Capt
Removal of Certain persons
Residence
A B Bailey

Sir/

182 Agency House St. Peter
May 26th 1830

The Indians by receiving whiskey in broken
down are by it kept in a constant excitement
a state which every man must deplore. It is
now time that they should be planting, and
working out for the means of subsistence or
starve during the greater part of the year.
Humanity calls for the present prohibition
on the subject of whiskey to Indians, and I
^{hope} you will attend to it. —

Very Respectfully
Yrs. O. L. Serz

Law Taliaferro
Indian Agent
at St. Peter
J. H.

To Alexis Bailly Esq
St. Peter
New Fort Snelling

[The original document, of which this is a photocopy,
is filed under date of May 26, 1830]

Letter of 10th June 1833.

183

So far as the conduct of Mr. Alexis Bailely is implicated in the within letter in reference particularly to his remarks to the Indian Nascampah on delivering a certain ~~letter~~ note from the Agent to Joseph R. Brown on the date specified is literally true, and I can in due course of law substantiate the facts as I was present at the time as well as Mr. Brown.

Given this 6th day of June 1836
In presence of Joseph R. Brown
Benjamin F. Baker
Alex^r S. Miles P. Prescott

As regards the within charge I certify that so far as regards "applying said letter in a vulgar manner to his person" I recollect distinctly, but cannot say positively the language used or conveyed sent to the Agent, Major Taliaferro - but believe it was in substance as stated in the charge.

Given at Peter Agency House of Legation
This 8th day of June 1836 Joseph R. Brown

[The original document, of which this is a photocopy, is filed under date of June 8, 1836]

Letter of the 18th of June

183

I hereby certify that in a conversation with Alexis Bailly between the 25th and 31 July 1834 that the said Bailly stated to me that he had taken the Chippeway Indian called the "Strong Ground" down with him to Prairie du Chien for the purpose of complying with a promise he had made him to give him a Keg or Kegs of whiskey - given from under my hand at Saint Peter this 7th day of June 1836 -
Signed. Alex^r S. Mice

[The original document, of which this is a
photocopy is filed under date of June 8, 1836]

May 26 1830—
Copy Letter
to A Bailly—
— " —

[The original page, of which this is a photograph, is filed under date of 1832]

The U States Indian Dept		Amount	Remarks showing the object of the Expenditure
To ———— Dr		Dollars	
1832			
June 30	For his pay or salary		

Received of Peter Agency this 3rd day of June 1833. of
 Lawrence Sales person Indian Agent - The sum of Dollars and Cents in
 full of the above account.

Duplicate

This form was used for

all the Officers & Indian
 men of the Agency.

also for Antiquities after 2020

[June 30, 1833]

[Aug. 5, 1833]

BLACK HAWK AND HIS PARTY AT HOME.—We have been favored with the following letter from an intelligent correspondent, dated

Fort Armstrong, Upper Mississippi, }
August 5, 1833.

The whole suite arrived here a few days since, loaded with assumed dignity and costly presents.

Keokuck's band speedily followed to welcome their brothers; a grand council assembled, among whom was myself, to witness the deliverance of the Hawk to his nation. The council opened with the address of the president to Black Hawk, in which he is informed that in future he was to yield supremacy to his inferior, Keokuck, the white man's friend.

The old chief rose in violent agitation, denied that the president had told him so, and said that he would not be advised by any body; that he wanted what he said to be told to the president, and that he in person would have said so in Washington, but that his interpreter could not sufficiently make known his views. The colonel made to him a speech, stating that by his own treaty neither he nor his people could for the future head a band; and that by that treaty Keokuck was placed head of the Sac nation, &c. Keokuck spoke awhile to the Hawk, then addressed the council, begged nothing might be remembered of what the Hawk said; that he was too old to say any thing good, and that he was answerable for his good behaviour. The poor old chief recalled his words, and I do not know that my sympathies were ever more excited than in witnessing his expiring struggle for freedom. Nothing but his advanced age, and want of military power will prevent him from making another effort. In the sequel, Keokuck's band gave us a splendid dance; but the Hawk's party were either too dejected or too sullen to participate in the festivities.

You may tell the good citizens of New York, these Indians would willingly get up another war in order to make another visit to the east and return loaded with presents, and almost satiated with attention.—*D. Adv.*

DEPARTURE OF THE DELAWARE.—Our minister to France, the Hon. Edward Livingston, has taken his departure for France. He went out in the noble ship of the line, Delaware, of 74 guns. It is supposed his

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Superintendent of Ind. Affs.
St Louis, Sept. 2, 1833.

Law. Taliaferro, Esq.
Ind. Agent.

Sir, You will receive
herewith copies of two letters of the
13th ult. from the Acting Commr.
of Ind. Affs. in relation to the sug-
gestions contained in your commu-
nications of the 4th & 5th July last to
me, as well as in that forwarded
thro' this office from you to the Commr.
on the subjects of the Sioux boundary
line, the withdrawal of traders
from among the Chippeways, & the
appointment of an agent for those
Indians.

I have the honor to be
Yr. ob. Serv.

Wm. Clark

(Copy)

184
Department of War
Office Ind. Affairs
August 13. 1833

Sir,

In answer to Major Taliaferro's recommendation, that all the Traders should be withdrawn from the Chippeways of the Mississippi & St Peter's, I am instructed to inform you, that no general direction to that effect can be given. If any of these persons can be proved to have been guilty of misconduct, their licenses should be revoked, and they obliged to leave the Indian Country. But without specific & well established charges it is not proper for the Department to act.

Very Respectfully
Yr Obedt Servt
D. Kirtz
Acting Commr

(Signed)

Genl. Wm Clark }
Supt Ind. affs }
St Louis Mo }

The second enclosure of August 13, 1833 has not been found.

Dr.

St. Peters 1st January 1834

186

Major John Blif
Comd^r. Fort Snelling
Act. Agt. Ind. aff. } Sir

The purport of this, is to inform you
officially of several outrages committed by several Sioux
Indians, on their Traders within the Section of Country where
I have Trading Posts thereby evincing a Spirit of Hostility that
augurs no good to the future peace of this Country.

I will commence by stating that (Mr. Joseph R. Brown (one of
my Traders.) some time in October last. Whilst collecting debts due
him by the Indians of Red Wings Band and securing Traps, guns, Spears
axes &c he had loaned those Indians, was nearly stabbed by one of
them, the arm holding the Knife being arrested by a person standing
by at the time, I would remark, Major Grooms Sub. Ind. Agent of
this Post was in Company with Mr. Brown at the time this outrage
was attempted. which had not any thing to provoke it, also the
Indians of Pine Bend Band wantonly destroyed for Mr. Brown
several of his Stock of Hogs during the last summer.

Just about the same time in October last. Mr Louis Provencal
Trading at the Traverse des Sioux Location on the St. Peters. had
one of his Cows shot near his house, and the Indian who did so
now boasts of having a Knife sharpened to dispatch him.

About the ends of November last. Mr. Jean Bt. Farnebault
Trading at the Little Rapids of the St. Peters (one of the Locations)
was

that

was nearly killed by an Indian who stabbed him in the back whilst he was in the act of shutting his store door, and in a most unprovoked manner. Mr. Farrebault being that day busy trusting ~~trusting~~ the individuals of that Indian Band, and had previous to this nearly lost his life by several attempts being made whilst collecting debts due him as well as Traps, Guns, Axes, Spears & also an Indian by the name of the Ratler seems to have declared war against his stock of Hogs by killing nine of them, some being very large.

About the last of November I sent two Waggon Loads of Goods & Stores to Mr. Alex. Farrebault. Trading on the Vermorel Locations, in charge of Mr. L. Rolette, those two waggons were stopped in a wood called the Bois Franc about a hundred miles from this place, by a party who compelled my People to give them Powder & Lead, stating at the time their original intention of compelling goods to be given them, and menacing of making Crow meat of the Men Yoked to the waggons.

Such sir are the outrages I have to complain in behalf of my Traders, as for my part though living under the Protection of your Guns, I have not escaped without some damages and threats, repeated complaints were made to Major Taliaferro the Indian Agent ^{last summer} with requests to interfere his authority & put an end to an evil that was daily increasing, but whether from supineness or indolence (I cannot say) the evil has increased to that magnitude, that

2 years ago

the Indians now menace our lives with as little remorse as they formerly did the lives of our stock. Here is an extract of the Letter informing me of the stoppages of my Waggon in the Bois Franc. the writer says "they said that if you had been here present they should have had goods at any rate or else you should not have passed, I merely mention this, as you have to pass that way on your way to this place you had better be a little on your guard"

Now sir I understand by that my life would be in danger did I attempt to visit that Trading Post. as I am in duty bound to do, and for what. I cannot say or even guess, unless it be that as the Agent Taliaferro promised that Band a trader last summer and failing to do so. they the Indians looked on my people or myself as bound to make his words good, or what is more probable, and from the idea they all have (owing to the ignorance they are kept in relative to that matter) of the unlimited power of the Agent over the Traders as well as the Indians, and as he had made them a promise we had no right to exercise a will of our own in the matter.

It has been my opinion from the first sight of the Indian Agents Public Notice of the 12th July last. (of which I presume you have a copy in the office) that evil would come of it, the Traders in that Notice are forbidden taking their Property & &c, a Council was held were similar Language was used, was it not for bidding them to be honest? how could we compel an Indian to pay a debt, when he knew he could refuse with impunity besides nothing had occurred, to justify such Language as that

that held in the agent's notice of the 12th July Last.
In reference to that notice, it was like all other Public notices
Posted for the benefit of all parties, the Indians it could not
hurt except in their Morals, but the Traders, were left at the
mercy of every evil disposed persons (and god knows there are few in
this place) who could speak Sioux & read english, to give it what
Interpretation (from its equivocal nature) they Choose to give it

Traders are declared "Out of Protection" by that notice
if they attempt to secure their property, this told by a man
who is looked upon by the Indians as their father & told
to whom? to men that know of ^{no} Laws but their will, is it
not an incitement to act dishonestly. I know it to be a
fact that Indians have stated they fully comprehended
that the Traders were out of Protection should they attempt
to secure even an axe had they loaned it, I leave you
Sir to infer the consequences of such dangerous declarations
to men who will naturally take the wrong side, as an
Instance, a few days before the notice a Clerk of mine had
loaned several Guns to the Indians, on its promulgation he wanted
to get them back but they would not return them, & spoke of
the notice, he applied to Major Talbot, stating his personal
responsibility should they remain in their hands, to this reasonable
request he gave a positive denial, saying that as he had done
so he must run the risks. It is therefore as you will
perceive on no unreasonable grounds that I say, the
source of the hostile feelings of the Indians are partially

to be attributed to the evil Counsel and Mistaken
zeal of ^{the} Indian agent: and to Interpreters on whom the
agent knows he cannot and ought not to place any reliance

You will oblige me much Major if you
will forward this Letter to the proper Department.
& I hope measures will be taken to put a stop
to proceedings that must if they continue longer
eventuate in Murder & the Butchery of our Indians.

I have the honor
to be. Your

Obt. &c
Alexis Bailly

St. Peter 10th February 1834 189

Major John Blif
Comd^g. Fort Snelling
actg. Ind. agt.

Sir

I have just witnessed the departure of a Canadian and Foreigner^x on an hunting excursion in the Indian Country, I submit the information to your consideration & beg of you to let me know, if he has (with that avowed object) obtained the sanction of the Agency, or if any bonded Trader has been bonded for him and has his name included in any of their descriptive Lists of Foreign Boatmen or Engagers. The Law requires of us such to be done before we can send our Foreign Boatman to reside any length of time in the Indian Country, but how far he is permitted to go alone & for the avowed object of hunting seeks for your consideration, It is a plain fact however, that if a Foreigner is allowed such privileges, he has great advantages over the American Trader & Citizen.

I have the Honor
to be Your ob^t.
Alex. Kelly

x the man's name is
Joseph Maynard

190
Morse & Co. Sons

9 April 1834

Maj John Blifs
Comd'g Fort Snelling
Act Ind Affs } Sir

It becomes a part of my duty towards my employers, to inform you that there is in this Location a Canadian by the name of Joseph Morjeau (and is for aught I know a British Subject) Trading with the Indians of that only of this Location but with those of the above Locations. I will add that he does at this present juncture, materially injure my Trade.

The Indians also complains that he is destroying their game by trapping. Now for he has a right to do so. you must be the best Judge - but I mention this at the particular request of an Indian of some consequence here

I have the honor to be
Yours Obedt & Humble Servt

Louis Frommelle

Maj John Blifs

St. Peters 14th April 1834

192

Major Blip
Commandg. Fort Snelling }
& Act. Mgt. Ind. affs } Sir

On my arrival here the day before yesterday I found a Letter addressed to me from Mr Farrebault Trading at the Little Rapids, informing me that Peter Duin Interpreter for Mr Baker had passed his place with goods on a trading expedition on and beyond his Location, the pretext of Collecting the Furs due Mr. Baker for debts made here at this Location does not I think justify their infringing the Laws making Locations, nor does this kind of protection (which the Laws afford me if put in force) come up to that protection which every Citizen has a right to expect, I am sorry to find that my complaints so far is of no avail, but I should be wanting to myself and the Am. Fur. Co. with whom I am concerned if I allowed this last act to pass unnoticed & without giving information to the only power that can put a stop to it, by doing so I feel I have done my duty to the Co. and myself, Duin has returned last evening and has been so successful that three or four hundred Dollars would not pay me for the Damages I have sustained by this last act & gross Violation of all Laws & Rule, May I be allowed Major to ask you if you do not feel yourself sufficiently empowered to prevent such practices?

Respectfully Yours
Alexis Bailly

Ch. O

Page 184-

No truth in
this return.

Majr John B. Phipps
Comdg. Fort Snelling &
Actg. Ins. agent
St. Peters

Recd 14 April 1834
J. Phipps

Indian Agency Station 30th May 1834

Face of Thunder, & party - of 5 Loup Band of Suptons
In council

Face of Thunder
Says

My Father -

I have respected your Medal it is

a mark of friendship - the hand of an Indian is in that
of the white man - & the Pipe is on the other side. -

We have kept your Councils, and as I was a friend of
my Brother and I gave him my Medal to be as friend
with all people - he calls as before often & gives us Council
Since I have made my road to your House I have
not been so foolish as formerly and I shall continue to
keep the same Road -

I have suffered much the last winter & to this my
people - we look to you for assistance & hope as your
houses are not empty that you will assist us with
gun Powder Lead & Tobacco & something to cover our
nakedness - we are tired of tramping up the ground with
our claws. - LC & D -

Reply of the Agent

My friends I am satisfied with your conduct - but
some of your

[May 25, 1837] 193

Articles of convention made and entered into
this twenty fifth day of May One thousand Eight hundred
and Thirty four at Galusha's Prairie on the Mississippi
river between the Chiefs and head men of the two
lower bands of the Sioux nation of Indians, for
themselves and their nation and Lawrence Salifarro
Agent of the United States for the Sioux nation
of Indians on the Mississippi &c &c acting under
authority of a letter from the ^{Department} ~~Secretary~~ of War, to John
Bidder Esq, under date of the fifth day of January
One thousand Eight hundred and Thirty.

Article first. The said chief and Principal Men
do by these presents give grant and sell full and
free consent and permission to Joseph Hollett and
James H. Cockwood and such persons as they may
send, to continue the operations of two Mills now
built on the Menominee river a tributary of the
Chippeway river, and to erect such other Mills
on said or said Chippeway river or on any
other tributary of said Chippeway river and
to take get rid convey away such timber as
they desire off the land of the Sioux nation
of Indians in that neighborhood for during
the term of Ten years from this date, provided
that the said Hollett and Cockwood and such
men as they may send into the Indian coun-
try, shall at all times be subject to such rules
and regulations as the President of the
United

United States shall by the Secretary of War, order and
 Appoint through the several Indian Agents -
 Article Second, - The said Joseph Koolter and
 James A Cockwood for the permission of our said
 agree and pay Chief and principal Men at this
 time four hundred pounds of Tobacco Six
 hundred pounds of Powder ^{thirty Baps} ~~thirty~~ ^{500 lbs} ~~thirty~~ ^{and one Bushel} ~~thirty~~
 Lead and four barrels of Flax ^{and in the month}
 of May in each and every year hereafter the like
 quantity of Tobacco, Powder, Lead, and Flax, dur-
 ing the continuance of this permission, and should
 the said Koolter and Cockwood erect a saw mill
 or Mills on other streams in said Country than
 those on which they have now erected Mills,
 they shall pay to the said Chief and principal
 Men, for each Mill they shall have in operation
 more than the two Mills now stipulated, each
 year, Two hundred pounds of Tobacco, Three hun-
 dred pounds of powder, twelve hundred pounds
 of Lead and two barrels of Flax, and the
 said Indians further agree to permit no other
 person or persons to erect Mills in said river
 or to cut and convey away timber from said river,
 Signed Sealed and Acknowledged this day
 and date aforesaid,

Wah Koota +
 Eotah Mahzah ^{his} ^{mark}

Wabasha. x
 Sack +
 full de Barbois +
 full de Goodenow +
 Laa Polasferre
 An act

Recommendations
 by & between the friends
 of Tobacco as Agents
 of the U States -
 in favour of
 Cockwood & Koolter
 their successors
 in
 the Missouri River &
 Chief Agency -
 May 1834
 Authority given to
 enclose within from
 the Department of War

To Major John Bliss
U.S. Army
Command Fort Snelling

Indian Agency Station 194
August 15th 1834

Sir/

In compliance with your

note of this morning requesting information as to what has been the conduct of the Indians of this Agency within the last month, and their present feelings. So far as the U.S. Government is concerned - I beg leave to state that the various bands of Sioux have remained at peace with the neighboring tribes - and if the former movement will carry into effect at an early day the treaty of July 15th 1830 - in reference to the boundary line between the Sioux & Chippewas, and redress the late wrong done the former by the Fox Indians - their feelings as to us ~~will~~ may be relied upon as the most pacific & friendly - There are some fifty or sixty Chippewas near this Agency from the various bands on the waters of the Upper Mississippi, & an interchange of friendly civilities with the several bands of Sioux of this vicinity & from a distance.

I have the honor to be
Yr. Most Obedt Servt

Edward A. Fenn
Major Agency
at St. Louis

195
H. Q. Fort Snelling June 1834.

Sir,

I will thank you to inform me as soon as possible what has been the conduct of the Indians during the last month & what are their feelings so far as the U. S. government is concerned.

This information I wish to transmit tomorrow morning to H. Q. of R. T. Wing West. Report.

Respectfully Yours
J. B. May's Copy

J. B. May's Copy
We have for the Sioux
to Peter

Note from
Maj. Geo. Bliss Comdg
June 1st 1834 -
~~~~~

Answered  
~~~~~

For Maj. L. Taliapuu

Wah-shoo-ton [June 4, 1834] 196 [17]

We can all calmed together turn
but still you are not able to keep peace
It takes you a long time to put out
the fire of the Nations thus break the peace
My I

Yr. Clm. of the 7 years here are
waiting patiently

You were in a hurry & fast

You could not speak to us -

but wished us to come -

Now we wish to know -

When my Father was alive you took him

by the hand as an American

I know his place you have noted

Me - & I am an American

My Father:

Yr. C. are listening to you & are

wanting to know what you have to

say - for if you let this occur

Stop this with an entire cessation

up with them ever -

you have heard
how the seas will not - nor will they
until they are furnished. —

My dear son & have not the
means of going to work as the whaler
has at the attack made on us last
fall the few men showed what the
council do & prove against bullets —

We have long waited for
when we joined with our lands we told
you it was the only place for games to save
our skins & hunt for our treasures & —

We suffered this winter in consequence
of the hunters lost fall - do something
for me if you can - accept my pipe
with a good heart — my Father will
men when in our trip to call on you &

Notes of Remarks
Made in Council
June 4th 1834
by D. A. C. - was chief
Wahkootah -
& Maucpuck Neagah
" "
Sac & Son Outrigger
Copy Sent

Always - we cannot think it must
be any thing from - please you - say
over him to be as we this is a
good thing - for him the safe can
think in them our - lands & there
we can be at peace.

The Iron Cloud

If the Sams,

thus laugh at you

& yet people seem to believe them more
than us - or any other Nation -

Look around you and you will see
that our Nation is the only one that
has kept the Treaty & listened to your
Councils - I have lost a woman &
child this winter if I had had no
blankets for it I should have died a long time
ago -

as well as we could unless see the
Treaty of Peace - the war chief &
I will let people have my arms and
strong arms they could reach to the
Muspound, & the Miss - I would punish
the first Nation that caused the war
again - Now I wish to know what
is to be done in the case of the loss
of my woman -

We can never get the black off
of our faces - every year our relations
[H] are murdered & yet there is no

197 Ston River June 5 1834

Dear Sir,

The bearer of this Souisson Steamer
a Sioux Interpreter is going to your place
for the purpose of living thereabouts. He is
a good & faithful man as far as I know
& I have known him for several years -
indeed, I have had him in my employ.
If you should have occasion for his
services in any way, you may safely
depend upon him.

I am thus far on my way to the
Upper Missouri. I expect to return imme-
diately. This is my last trip. I hope
I will have the pleasure of seeing you
Mr. Olinaporo in St. Louis this fall
My Respects to her.

Respectfully Your
friend & old Servant
J. J. Sanford

Saint Louis Agency, Upper Missouri
June 9th 1834

My Dear Vallaffers
to S. J. A. G.

Dr. Sir

Permit me to embrace the present opportunity of Mr. Francis of congratulating you on the recovery of your health and return to the Indian Country. having been informed by an Indian of the Grand Le-fai-Ten of these facts

~~And~~ and am far from the strong arm of the Government and enjoying all the prejudices and bad feeling which will always exist between the traders and officers of Govt. but with a single mp of heart and an eye always to my duty and able to battle the matter with all parties. The numerous Indians of this Sub Agency harmonize well, and indeed are fond of the white people who live with them but your Renegades occasionally give us some trouble. a few days ago a band of five lodges of Creations of the Sioux Cropongs. in an attempt to Rob a white man within a few hundred yards of the houses was prevented by some of the Ogallallas soldiers who were near at hand and it resulted in a fight in which probably fifty or sixty guns were fired many of the balls passing into the logs of the houses

one of the Arapahos was killed on the spot and
one of the Missouri Sioux so badly wounded
that he must die - Some others received slight
injury - I have however compromised the matter
so far as to permit the five lodges to land
for their own country without further molesta-
tions having furnished them with Powder Lead
and Tobacco for their journey - Some lodges
of the band called "Those who shoot at the calf"
have now for some years past~~ed~~ wintered on the
Missouri and its waters and are anxious to become
permanently located here, but dislike the idea
of not receiving their share of the annuities
due their band for land sold to the Government
on the Iowa and Root rivers, would you have
the goodness to write me (address to St. Louis) giving
me your ideas upon this subject, and advise
me how to act in this matter - After presenting my
most respectful considerations to Mrs. Taliaferro
believe me to be as ever your warm & devoted
friend and Ob^t. Wal. Linst.

Yours L. Beaulieu

P.S. you will observe that I have neither time nor paper
at hand for a lengthy communication and will therefore
beg excuse of this scrawl

If May Taliaffero not at St Peters when this
reaches there, I would be glad to have it
forwarded to Genl Clark, office at St Louis.

Upper Missouri June 9th 34

J. L. Beane

From May J. L. Beane
U. S. in Lab. Agent

In Upper Missouri

Recd

July 9th 1834

Answer

June 9th 1834

May Lawrence Taliaffero
U. S. Indian Agent
Saint Peters
Upper Mississippi

44 7 17



2517
1800
4

450
2000
1800
200

Prairie du Chien 199
14th June 1834

De Sirs,
Yours of the 6th inst. by Tah-
ma-hah with inclosures, was received
last night. I will avail myself
of the first opportunity to forward
your despatches, which I think will
probably, not be sooner than the 19th
when the mail will leave this
for Galena.

Col. Taylor has lately some
instructions from the Comdg. Genl. of
the Army through Genl. Atkinson on
the subject of the existing difficulties
between the Chons and the Foxes,
a copy of which, I understand he
send to Maj. Bliss by the return of your
express. From this you will see
that no military interference in
this matter, is at present contem-
plated by the Department.

The probable result will be a
war. During the last fall, winter,
and Spring until Majr Grooms
arrived, I kept the Dept. regularly
advised of the state of affairs
between those Tribes, and urged,
from time to time, the necessity
of adopting early measures to
adjust the difficulties between
them. I should suppose, from
present appearances, that it is
intended to let the Indians
fight, and when it may
be convenient, settle the matter
by Treaty.

I shall at all times be
glad to receive your communications
on matters connected with our Indian
relations, and to hear of your
personal welfare and prosperity.
Please present my respects to
Majr Grooms & family & believe me
to be
your friend Robt. Scott
J. P. Smith

1824
1769
65
12
53

Maj. Sam. Salinger
U.S. Indian Agent
St. Peters

General,

Indian Agency St. Peter
June 25th 1834

It may be of importance for the Government to
to be apprised of the fact of some four hundred Yankton
& Sisseton of Lac Haverd under Wahmatak having left
some weeks since for the Hudsons Bay Settlement, and is said
upon the Special invitation of Gov Simpson, who had the Chief
informed that if he would visit the colony he should him
self receive a present of 25 £ Sterling - That the minds of
most of the tribes of late have been for a time more than
usually excited from some cause not directly known
remains not to be doubted - but how far true that the
Governor of a foreign colony has been instrumental in
endeavouring to entice our Indians from their allegi-
ance to this Government - is respectfully submitted to
the consideration of the Depty.

I have the honor to be
Your most Obedt Servt
Law Palapem
Indian Agent
at St Peter

General William Clark
Supt of Inds Affairs
at St Louis

June 25th 1834

Copy Letter

to
Genl W. Clark Esq
Indians invited to the
Hudson Bay Settlements

&
Gov Simpson

201

Extract from the 10th Sec: of the Act
"To provide for the Organization of the
Ind: Dept." approved 30 June 1834.

"And provided that ~~no~~ per-
son shall hold more than one of-
fice at the same time under this
act, nor shall any agent, subagent,
Interpreter or person employed un-
der this act, receive his salary while
Absent from his Agency or employ-
ment - Without the permission of the
Superintendent or Secretary of War,
provided such absence shall at
no one time exceed sixty days."

Agency Board St. Peter
June 30th 1836

Sir

To avoid any, and all future misunderstand-
ing and from our conversation of this day in presence of Doctor
Jarvis of the U.S. Army upon the subject of the rights & privileges
of the Sub-Agent for Indian Affairs at this Agency it becomes my
duty to declare explicitly the views of public duty then expressed
in a form not to be misconstrued.

1st I stated that it was not necessary for you to be supplied
with provision for issue to Indians during the presence of the
Agent at his Post - as he alone was then held responsible -

2^d That you had no right to use the property of the Indians
by applying the same to your own benefit - or of using
Goods as presents for Indians - either in the presence or
absence of the Agent as he (the Agent) alone was, and is
held directly responsible upon his Bonds for their faithful
application - and I cite a card in proof of the Suspension of
\$400 - in my accounts of June 30th 1838 being the amount
of Presents turned over to E. D. Langham Esq. your predecessor
in office - and this being the first time that the foregoing
Subjects have ever been supposed to admit of discussion
you are at liberty to use this communication for any
official purpose - by way of appeal from my decision

if thought advisable - to a higher authority -

Again I will for the sake of further information state that the hired men of this Agency are public & not private servants. They cannot with propriety be taken out of the line of their duty - except when not on duty, & then only can you have by voluntary consent their services.

You state that you had been informed that the former Sub Agent had been in the habit of using the property of the Department when he thought proper even when the Agent was present. This I denied, and an appeal to Mr. Langhams will convince you that your informant is decidedly incorrect, and has led you into error.

Whenever he entered upon the duties of Agent in fact, then he had all the responsibilities of the Station & acted accordingly with great ability, prudence and discretion - which will necessarily have to be your case whenever the the principal at this Post may be absent on duty or upon leave of absence. It will be my duty in future to set up to the full spirit & meaning of the foregoing communication.

Respectfully
Sub Agent at this

Very respectfully
Wm. M. O. L. S.
Langhams
Sub Agent
at this

1. 7. Gales B
2. 7. Tent
3. 7. Wine
4. 3 pep

Letter to
Hor. J. J. J.
Nov 30. 1834

Indian Agency 203

Prairie du Chien

July 11th 1834

Sir,

Your letter of the 2^d inst. directed to Genl. Street Ind. Agt. inclosing a copy of the articles of Convention entered into with the Sioux Band of Sioux in favor of Messrs. Rollet & Lockwood, has been received.

You will probably receive by this Mail, an Order from the Commr. of Ind. Affs. to have what he terms the Sioux aggressors in the late hostilities between the Sioux and the Sacs & Foxes, delivered up and put in confinement in Fort Snelling. A copy of that order was forwarded to this office several weeks since. I think it is to be regretted, that the Dept. has been, as I conceive, misinformed upon the subject. The Commissioner seems to consider the Sioux and the Sacs & Foxes, as equally the aggressors, and accordingly has ordered that the offenders of both Tribes be taken and put in confinement.

It seems to me ^{to be} strange, that any person acquainted with the facts, could have ~~given~~ made such representations to the Department as to induce the Commissioner to entertain the opinion that he does upon the subject. I reported the facts to the Dept. immediately after they transpired, and from time to time through the reporter, gave my views ^{and opinions} upon the subject. The information first given me of the transaction, and all that I have since received upon the subject, confirm my belief, that in all my communications to the Department I was correct in every material point, both of fact and opinion.

It is difficult to foresee the effect which the immediate execution of the order will have upon the Sioux, as respects ^{as well} our relations with the tribe generally, as your connexion with them as their Agent. I should expect it to be any thing but favorable. Had the order been sent to me to execute before you or Maj. Grooms returned to St. Peters, I should have felt myself bound by my duty to the

Government and to the Indians, to remonstrate against.

I have thus briefly given you my views of the subject, (although not properly connected with it) because ^{which I have long since reported,} from my knowledge of the facts, I fear that injustice is likely to be done to the Sioux and as consequent injury to the Country. I hope that you will receive them in the same spirit in which they are communicated.

Respectfully
Your obt. Servt.

Maj. L. Taliapero
Ind. Agt. at
St. Peters

St. Pierre, Ind. Agt.
" " Acting Ind. Agt.

P.S. Gen. Street has not yet returned. The last intelligence from him was favorable, and I have no doubt that he has triumphed ~~of~~ over the opposition against him. His family are all well.

Please give my compliments to Maj. Grooms & family.

Yours truly

St. Pierre
" "

[Faint, illegible handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page. The text is written in cursive and spans the entire page.]

204
Agency House Peirs
July 14th 1834

Mr Campbell

I have just received your note
and thank you for the information. I am sorry
if Godfrey met Mr. Groves & did not inform
him of the Whiskey, and when it was for perhaps
before we can send down some one may take
it. But if you or any one will go down
or Godfrey himself & bring up the two Barrels
to me or turn it over to Mr. Groves who
is at Lake Pepin. I will pay him or yourself
the sum of twelve dollars - that is, if the
Whiskey is shown to him - or delivered to me -
I will pay the above sum - This can be done
in 3 days at \$4 per day for the trouble -

Mr D Campbell }
Peirs }

Yr ob servt
Saml Phelps

Mr. Duncan Campbell

Peter

Hah Ku o was h laa



Sir/

Agency House St. Peter
July 19th 1834

On the night before the last- three soldiers
 rapped my house and from their conversation, & direction
 proceeded to Lands End where there is an encampment of
 Sioux, and there maltreated two women- by beating one
 with a paddle & the other with a fire brand- These
 women state that they received the abuse of their men
 because they would not submit to be slept with- one
 of the individuals is young & a daughter of a respectable
 Indian called Toh toe, with Kendaak fee.

Taylor of, I, Cpy was ~~one~~ of the party- and all of
 them on Extra duty.

Very respectfully
 Yrs M^r W^h L^y

Lieut. P. A. Jones
 Indian Agency
 St. Peter

May his Bless
 be on us
 Comd^r

For Incl^y

copy of a Note
To Major Bliss -
July 19th 1834

Indian woman Abundia by
the Soldiers at their
encampment at Land's End

General

Indian Agency St. Louis
July 20th 1834

A letter from your office of date the 14th June enclosing the instructions of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs ~~of the 27th of May last past~~ have been received.

I have the pleasure of stating now as on a former occasion that there has not been the slightest objection on the part of the Indians of this Agency against the Sac or Fox tribes since the Black Hawk war, if indeed their conduct on that occasion might have been viewed in such a light after the invitation given by the Authorities of the United States to join in the Campaign.


Eighteen Fox Indians on the 27th of November 1833. attacked three bands of Sioux on Root River and within their own ~~lands~~ country in which several men women & children were ~~killed~~ of the latter tribe ~~killed~~ murdered in this conflict two Fox Indians were killed before the remaining Sioux (some three or four) could effect their escape - hence it is that I am enabled to say for the information of the Government that there are no Indians within this Agency who are guilty of murdering the Fox Indians - unless indeed it may be those who were so fortunate as to make their escape from the tomahawks of said war party of Sioux.

Genl William Clark
Super. In Affairs
at St Louis

I have the honor to be
Yrs. most obed^t
Saml Parker
Indian Agent

Copy

Reply to instructions of the
Comr. of Indian Affairs - to
take Sioux prisoners or hostages
on account of the affair of
Nov 27. 1833 - on Root River
between Foxes & Lions

Date
July 20th 1834


Menominee Mill July 22nd 1884

Dear Sir I would be very much obliged to you to
release me my property for the necessaries of life
~~in~~ this foreign land as I did not suppose that
government officers would interfere with domestic
consumption or say the necessaries of life without
holding themselves bound for damages by a civil
process yours with respects &c
Nicholas Perrin

Poor Perrin here claims whiskey
the staff of life

Rec. 0 papers 183-

July 31. 1834

To the Indian Agent
A Subagent
Rocky Landing
Mississippi

Copy

210

Indian Agency Station
August 12.th 1834

General

I have to report the Seizure of
Six Barrels of Whiskey, on or about the 22.^d
day of July past a few miles below Fort Snelling
on the Mississippi River, claimed and owned
by Alexis Bailly an Indian Trader at the Entry
of the River Station. Said Whiskey as Seized
on board of his Boat has been stored in the
public warehouse at Fort Snelling, and is subject
to the further action of the Dept in the case. —

I have the honor
Your most obedt Servt

Samuel P. Henshaw
Indian Agent
at Station
H

Genl. William Clark
Supt of Indian Affairs
at St Louis

[Aug 12, 1834] 209

It is affirmed by Mr Alexis Bailey a trader at the Entry of the River St Peter, near Fort Snelling - that the Ardent Spirits - Seized in his Boat on or about the 22 day of July 1834 - a few miles below Fort Snelling under the orders of the Indian Agent at St Peter was brought up openly in his Boat from Prairie du Chien. without any intention whatever of violating the laws, and under a determination on his arrival at this Post - to report forthwith the facts and the quantity brought for the use alone of his hired men, and if found to be inadmissible - then to request the same to be placed in the public Store, and reshipped to Prairie du Chien.

In consideration of the foregoing plea - and a perfect understanding of the parties also that no process, or action at law is to have, or commenced, or caused to be instituted against any Officer of the Army, or Agent, or Agents of the United States at this Post for or on account of Said Seizure on the date aforesaid, of Six Barrels of Whiskey - and that the Bond to the United States of Said Bailey will not be put in Suit, on account of the introduction of Said Whiskey into the Indian Country - under the plea aforesaid - but ^{the} same shall be returned to Prairie du Chien as speedily as may be practicable, and delivered to the Agent of Mr Bailey at that place.

Given at the Agency at St Peter this 9th day of August 1834.

Signed Sealed and
delivered in presence of

LS

LS

I do hereby certify this 12th day of August 1834. at the Agency at St Peter - that the affirmation, and plea as stated in the first paragraph of this instrument was stated and formally agreed to & confirmed by Alexis Bailey in my presence on the date herein specified as having been made to the Agent - and that the said Bailey without notice or just cause - did forfeit his bond after the Agent had extended his Surety - and did claim beyond the instrument of his Horatio Groves own Seizing.

[1] 206
Superintendency of Ind. Affs
St Louis August 5th 1834

Sir

You are it is to be presumed, furnished with the acts of Congress of 30th June 1834, to provide for the organization of the Indian Department; and to "Regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes" &c. and of the "Regulations adopted to carry them into effect."

You shall hereafter be furnished, with further instructions under these acts should it be considered necessary. For the present, however, your immediate attention is required to the following points:

You will take the preparatory measures for the payment of Annuities to the tribes of your Agency, for which purpose, you will fix upon the time and place of payment and advise the Quarter Master at St. Peters —, who is the officer designated to make the payment, of the same, in order that he may make his arrangements to have the funds ready at the time and place fixed upon.

You will announce distinctly to the tribes of your Agency at the approaching payment of Annuities, that the visits of individuals or of delegations to the Seat of Government will not be permitted — Sit them distinctly understand

that this prohibition is positive, and must not be violated. Inform them that the Government will not only not pay a dollar towards their expenses, but will refuse to transact any business with them.

You will without delay, report to this office for the confirmation of the Department, a proper site for your Agency. You will also designate, for like confirmation, a proper person as interpreter - he will be allowed a salary of \$300.

The accounts of all persons employed within your Agency up to the 30th June, will be prepared and transmitted as early as practicable. When they are settled, whatever balances may be due to any of them, will, I am informed, be remitted. The pay of all, whose terms expire on the 30th June, under the new regulations, will be computed to the 31st ult.

Under the Authority given in the 4th & 13th Sections of the act for the Organisation of the Indian Department, the Quarter Masters at Military posts will be directed to make the payments to the Indians for 1834.

The funds, appropriated for the Payment of Annuities, the fulfilment of treaty stipulations, and for current expenses of the last half of this year, will be remitted to Major Brant, who is instructed to forward them to the

proper disbursing officers for distribution.

When payments are to be made in execution of treaty stipulations, or for current expenses, the account is to be presented by the Agent, or Sub Agent, to the proper Quarter Master, drawn in the usual form, receipted by the party, and certified by himself, with his requisition for the payment, in the form prescribed attached to it. The Quarter Master will in all cases make the payments, so far as the funds in his hands, applicable to the object of the expenditure will permit. If improper or erroneous payments are made, the amount will be credited to the Quarter Master, and charged to the person issuing the Requisition. Quarterly returns of the requisitions will be made to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs by the person making them, which will exhibit dates and amounts, the character of the expenditures, & the names of the payees. These returns will be transmitted to the Commissioner, through this office to enable me to know the operations and condition of the fiscal Department. As you will be charged with any amount erroneously drawn by you, you will be careful to keep a fair Record, explanatory of every requisition, not for ordinary expenditures.

The allowances for the first half of this

year will not be affected by the new laws & Regulations; those for the last half will be brought strictly within them; and in no event will the sums allotted under the several heads in the annexed table, for that period, be exceeded. No expenditure for repairs will be made without previous permission; and all applications for such permission must be accompanied by a statement of the circumstances which render them necessary, and an estimate of the amount required.

Persons holding claims against the Department, must be informed that, their claims will hereafter be received and paid only through the proper Agent; and you will bear in mind that the enactments of the 10th Section of the organisation law, relative to compensation, allowances and absences, and those of the 11th, relative to trading with the Indians, will be strictly adhered to. And you will forward no claims for services, not clearly within the former and will report without delay, all persons offending against the latter. The services and compensation of persons not employed by virtue of treaty stipulations, or authorized under the "acts" and "Regulations" specified, will be discontinued, if there be any such in within your Agency.

[See no. 215. for balance of letter]

You will report to this office, for the approval of the Department, the names of suitable persons for the appointment of teachers, Mechanics, farmers &c. if such persons are authorized to be employed at your Agency. The new laws prescribe, that a preference shall be given to natives, when those competent to those duties and employments can be found. They also direct, that the direction of these persons shall be given up to the proper authorities of a tribe, whenever in the judgment of the President, they are qualified for the trust. You are requested to furnish such information from time to time; as will enable the executive to form an opinion upon this point.

The Intercourse act of 30th June repeals all acts relating to the same Subject, so far as this Superintendency is concerned. The provisions which regulate the granting and revoking of licenses, prohibit the introduction of Spirituous liquors and Wine to the Indian Country, and bar all claims not presented within two years, will require your attentive consideration. A System for enforcing the exclusion of Spirits and Wine will I am informed be prepared and shall be forwarded to you when received.

Issues of provisions will hereafter be made to those Indians only who come to the

[6]

Agencies on business. The provisions will be obtained from the Commissary's Stores, at the Military Stations, and at other points, by purchase upon contracts, or in open markets, if the contracts cannot be made without great inconvenience. The rations in these cases, will be the same, as are allowed at the distribution of Annuities and you will be careful to conform strictly to the instructions on this Subject, laid down in the "Regulations."

In addition to the allotment for your Agency for the 3^d & 4th quarters of the year 1834, as stated to this office, I also annex extract from a Statement of funds transmitted to Major Brant for the payment of Annuities, provisions, transportation, and incidental expenses, and for other purposes for your Agency
viz:

Siou of Mississippi	\$2000.
3000 rations allowed for provisions	

Allotment for your Agency for the 3^d & 4th quarters of the year 1834, as stated to this office.

Agent	\$750
Interpreter	150
Presents	200
Contingencies	50.

[7]

With high respect
Yr. ob. Svt.

Wm Clark

May: Tan: Taliaferro
Ins: Agents

Partial Instructions
 From The Supr In Affairs
 under the act of June 30th 1834
 New? Sept: 7th 1834 -

Received August 5th 1834
at Louis

Scott Campbell thinks he can
 catch the deserter if he went with
 2 Indians I have employed. —
 Can you spare him

28 Aug 1837

H. S. P.
 May 1837
Chas

To My Taliaferro
Present

[Aug 28, 1834] 211

To all whom it may Concern

Joseph Mozes having applied for permission to accompany his family in Lances within the Sioux Territory for the purpose of aiding in the support of a respectable Sioux family to which he is connected by marriage, & has children - and having the full consent of the Sioux, and even their application for the object above specified - Permission is hereby granted the said Mozes on the grounds of his being a man of good Character, and upon the application of the Indians aforesaid to join said Indians for and during the present fall, & winter and no longer.

Given at the Office of U S in
St. Peter - this 28.th day of August 1834

Law Paliaterra
John A. J. J.
At St. Peter

Pap Port
Los Monzuno

Pacalua &
Cancelado

Sept 7th 1834

Oct 30 June
1834

Form of all provisions returns

Provisions Return for one man Interpreter for the Agency at St. Peter for thirty days commencing on the 1st & ending on the 30th day of September 1834 - inclusive.

Fort	No of men	No of days	Rations per day	Total	Rations of Pork	Rations of Flour	Rations of Beans	Rations of Sugar	Rations of Coffee	Rations of Soap	Rations of Candles	Rations of Vinegar	Rations of Salt
Snelling Sept 1 st 1834	1	30	1	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30

L.T. de Leon Agt

The Same form answers for Black Smith and Shuter - Except you must double every figure to include Both. - Say 60 Rations -

Form of Return

Return for Provisions for Indians of the Sioux tribes visiting this Post on business within the year during the month of September 1834

	Bands of Pork	Bands of Flour	
Fort Snelling Sept 1 st 1834			One Band of Pork Two Bands of Flour

Lau Palioferro
Agent
at St. Peter

[The original document of which this is a photocopy of one side, is filed under date of July 28, 1835].

General

213
Indian Agency St. Peters
September 1st 1834

In this monthly report it affords me great pleasure to be enabled to continue a favorable report of the conduct of the several tribes of Sioux within this Agency - I have concluded another treaty between the Sioux & Chippeways for another season - All that can be wished now is, that the boundary line between these tribes be speedily defined by a Survey, and my exertions hitherto will be crowned with success by a permanent peace - adding to this a Special Sub Agency for the Chippeways of the Upper Mississippi and its tributary waters above Lake Pepin, so as to prevent these people from being brought here either in reference to their affairs with the Sioux or at the instance of the Cupidity of the fur traders.

I have the honor to be

Yours most Obedt Servt

General William Clark }
Super of Indian Affairs }
at St Louis }

Saml P. Henshaw

Major Agent

(At St. Peters)

P. S. Please submit the foregoing suggestions to the Comdr. of Indian Affairs - as I feel confident of the necessity of having the foregoing objects accomplished

Leop. - Dupon

1. Sept 1834

^{yo}
Supr in affairs

Sub Off for Cheppeways

Peac - & L

214
D. Arthur L. Magennis Esq
District Attorney of the U. States
St. Louis

Indian Agency St. Peters
September 6th 1834

I have to report the Seizure of Six
Barrels of Whiskey on or about the 22^d of July on board the trading
Boat of Alexis Bailly a few miles below Fort Snelling on the River
Mississippi - and a Second Seizure ^{very} two Barrels on or about the
of the same month - the latter containing by Mark - $34\frac{3}{4}$ &
34 Gallons - but by measurement 54 gals. net. - claimed by Nicholas
Perrin, & taken at the Foot of Lake Pepin -

Mark	Alexis Bailly packages as marked	Contents
1. 40 gals		40
2. 32 do		30
3. $34\frac{1}{2}$ do		31
4. —		30
5. 35 do		30
6. <u>36 do</u>		<u>35</u>
20 $7\frac{1}{2}$ Gals as marked		
as Seized		19 6 Gals

As May Bliss & myself may be sued in the Territory of
Michigan. I desire that you will be pleased to have the above
contraband articles labeled as soon as possible in the usual
manner - and notify May Bliss of your decision - The
Bond of Alexis Bailly will be placed in your hands in

October early - I expect a writ to be served upon
me as soon as I reach Grand An Chong - in fact there
is no doubt of it - and then will be one ready for
May Bliss now in command of this Party, and will
doubtless be served when an opportunity may present -

We are mutually interested in the matter and caused
for our safety that all legal and proper steps be taken
as speedily as the law may require in such cases.

The late Sub Agent Horatio Givens acted under
my orders in both cases - and as he is known to
all the facts - and will be in St Louis as soon as this
letter - I have written to Genl Clark to request that
you will be pleased to have his deposition taken as
the most material witness - I would you in
this matter as I do not know where to direct a
letter to the Marshall for the District of Missouri.

I have the honor to be
Your most obedt Servt

Lawrence

Sub Agent

(At St Louis)

Ar L Mayhew
Deer land Attorney
Sept 6th 1834

216
Parrus des Chens Sept 11 1834

Sir

Your decision in the case of Mr
Bailey having been communicated, I can
assure you it meets the approbation of the
Compt^e — we disclaim any intention whatever
of permitting the laws to be violated by any
one in our employ, and beg that you may
be assured of the disposition of the Compt^e
to have the trade conducted, upon every
principle of equity and justice, A Successor
to Mr Bailey will be Speedily appointed
and ordered to St Peters, and take Charge
of his Post —

Very Respectfully

your Obedt Serv

Jos Rotelle

acting for A M Z Co

Maj. L. Tschinawro

Ind Agent

St Peters

Upper Mississippi.

Indian Agency Station
September 18th 1834

To Elbert Herring Esq
Comm^r of P^r Affairs
Sir

I have declined to permit Alexis
Baillly late an Indian Trader within my Agency to hold fur-
ther intercourse with the tribes of Sioux - not only in consi-
deration of his bad tongue - but on account of his frequent
violations of the intercourse laws, and particularly as develo-
ped on the 22^d of July last par^y -

I have the honor herewith to enclose to you
a copy of a letter received by direction of the Agent of the
Columbia Fur Company - acting as its Chief - and by the hands
of Joseph Rotter Esq - which seems conclusive on their par^y -

I have the honor to be
Your most Obedt Serv^t
Lam. Paliaperra
Indian Agent
At St. Louis

Copy of a letter to The
Commodore Indian Affairs

September 15th 1835

Declining to be license

Alexis Bailly

and my reasons therefor

"

I received letter within
approval of Bailly's removal
by the Company —
Pamuneham Sept 11th 1834 —

a copy furnished the
Office of Indian Affairs

Henry H. Sibley Esq
succeeded A Bailly
and proved to be
an excellent en-
gage for the Company

I have been shown
my connection
and nothing for
the same —

Department of War
Office Indian Affairs
October 27 1834.

Sir,

I have received from Genl Clark several communications from you respecting the difficulties between the Sioux & Sacs & Foxes, between the Sioux and Chippewas arising probably from the delay in establishing their boundaries, and also respecting the seizure of whiskey in the Indian country.

With respect to the order of the Department of the 29th of May last, it was of course inoperative and void as respects the Indians of your Agency, if they had not committed the murders charged against them. A mere denial on their part, unless they are guiltless, must not avail them.

An appropriation having been made by Congress for running the boundary lines between the Chippewas and Sioux, measures will be taken early in the ensuing season for the accomplishment of that work; and there is reason to believe that the removal of the principal cause of their difficulties will bring about friendly relations between them.

Copies of the late acts touching the Indian Department, and of the regulations established to carry them into effect have been transmitted to Genl Clark for the

purpose of supplying the Agents & Sub-agents of his Super-
intendency, and after he shall have furnished you with
a copy, you will be at no loss in discovering the proper
course to be pursued respecting the Whisky you caused
to be seized in the Indian Country.

Very respectfully,

Yours truly,

Albert Herring

Maj L. Taliaferro
St. Peters.

/ Cons.ⁿ India Affairs

Relation to difficulty with
the Sea Foxes & Looe and the
Chapman's & Looe —

petition to Lords of Admiralty
& course of procedure under
the act of June 30th 1834 —

Recd *Wm* Sully. 21 Nov 1834.
from Mr. Mires.

219

Superintendent of Ind. Affairs,
St. Louis, Nov. 7, 1834.

Sir,

I enclose herewith, for your information, extracts of a letter of the 5th ult^o from the Comm^r Ind. Affairs, in reply to a communication from Maj. Taliaferro of the 12th August last, stating the seizure and storing in the Public warehouse at Fort Snelling, of six barrels of whiskey, the property of Alexis Bailly, an Indian trader.

A copy of the act & regulations mentioned by the Comm^r was forwarded to Fort Snelling on the 25th September.

I am, Sir,

With high respects
Your ab. Servt

Wm Clark

Major P. Bliss, U.S.A.
Comm^g
Fort Snelling

Sup^t Ind Affs 7 Nov. 1834.
with Com^r. Letter 2 Oct. 1834.

Rev. F. Sully 25 Dec 1834.

(Extracts.)

220

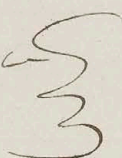
Department of War,
Office Indian Affairs,
October 2^d 1834.

Sir, " I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 15th ult. enclosing two letters from Major Taliaferro, one of them reporting the seizure of six barrels of whiskey in the Indian country.

" Copies of the late act of Congress organising the Indian Department, and of the regulations for carrying them into effect have been transmitted to you for the purpose of supplying the Agents & Sub agents of your Superintendency, and after having supplied Major Taliaferro he will see from them what course to adopt respecting the whiskey."

(Signed)

Albert Herring

Gen. W. Clark, 

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Office of Supt. Ind. Affairs
St. Louis Nov. 25th 1834.

Sir,

By direction of Genl. Clark, who will be absent from this office for a few days, I furnish you below with extracts of a letter rec^d from the Acting Commissioner of Ind. Affs. - intended for the information of government of the Indian Agent at St. Peters.

" The Site selected by Major Taliaferro for his Agency is approved. I have also
" to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of
" the 25th ult: with the papers forwarded to
" you by Major Taliaferro."

" His nomination of Mr.
" Scott Campbell as Interpreter for Sioux of
" his Agency is approved. His salary, as
such

" such, cannot exceed Three hundred dollars.
" The sum of one hundred & twenty Dollars
" will be allowed for the occasional employ-
" ment of an Interpreter for the Chippewas,
" should it be necessary. A greater amount
" cannot be allowed. The other papers are
" reserved until Major Taliaferro's arrival."

" Major Taliaferro's proceedings
" in revoking the license of A. Bailly, are
" approved."

" The Agents have omitted to
" state the compensation at which the per-
" sons employed by them have been engaged.
" This omission should be supplied."

I have the honor to be
Very respectfully Sir
Your ob^d. Serv^t

M^r. Rutland
S. Agt. Ind: Affs.

Major J. Bliss, us. Army -
Comd'g Fort Snelling }
& Actg Agt. Ind: Affs. }

Sup^d Ind. Aff^s Nov. 1837.
Extract from Com^d. letter.
Site of Agency. Rec^d of Agent's letter.
Scott Campbell Interpreter.
Allow^{ce} of Chipewyan Interpreter.
A. Bailey License revoked. —
Rate of compensation. —

Rec^d. Thell 25 Dec. 1837.

222
Superintendency of Ind: affairs,
St. Louis, Dec^r. 12, 1834.

Sir,

I have rec^d a letter from the Comm^r of Indian Affairs, under date of 24th ult. on subjects connected with the operations of this Department in the ensuing year, and at his request proceed to lay before you such parts of it as relate to your duties and concerns.

The allotment of Presents to your agency, will be \$600. The allowance for Provisions is not stated. Adverting to the allowances for these objects, the Commissioner observes—

"These sums [for Provisions] and those
"allowed for Presents are intended to cover the
"expense of transportation, as well as the first cost
"of the articles purchased. These provisions are
"intended for the Indians visiting the agencies
"on public business; and for these and for those
"that may be required at the payment of An-
"nuities, for which a separate remittance
"will be made, the Agents will make requisitions
"upon the Commissaries at the military posts,
"where this course can be pursued conveniently;
"as at St. Peters, Rock Island, Prairie du Chien,
"and I presume, at the Upper Missouri agency.
"As the duty of paying the Annuities is confided

"to the Quarter Masters, the allowances for transporting and distributing them will be made to these officers."

The sum of \$50. will be allowed you for stationery and postage, and \$150. for Contingencies - such as occasional labor, Indian funerals, the recovery of Indian horses, and such other indispensable objects in the intercourse with the Indians, as are not otherwise provided for.

The act of 30th June for the organization of the Indian Department, authorizes the employment of but one Interpreter for each agency unless the tribes within its limits speak different languages, and fixes his pay at \$300. You will be allowed \$150. additional for the occasional services of an Interpreter for the Chippewas.

The Commissioner observes - "No repairs are considered to be necessary at St. Peters, upon the information possessed by the Department. Nor is it thought proper to erect new buildings at Rock Island, as it is probable the Indians of that agency will recede from the Mississippi, when the station of the agent will of course be changed."

It should be constantly kept in recollection, that none of the allowances must be exceeded, without the previous sanction of the

Department. I am informed that the representations of the Agents upon the subject, transmitted through, and approved by the Superintendent, will be carefully considered, & receive as favorable an action as circumstances shall warrant. And it is confidently expected, that the Agents of this Superintendency will cheerfully aid the Department to conduct the Ind. Service successfully, with the limited means placed at its disposal by Congress, by the exercise of strict vigilance & economy.

I have the honor to be,
Yr. ob. Svt.

Wm Clark

Major Bliss,
Comm^d of Fort Snelling
& Actg. Pub. Agt. St. Peters

~~Major Taliaferro~~
~~Actg. Agent~~

Sup^t St Louis 12 dec 1834.
Allowances — \$1250.00
Instructions —

600 Pursuit
50. Stationary Postage
150. Contingents
300. Sundry Int
150. Chief pay of do
\$1250.00

Recd. S. Smith. 11 Feby 1835.