



## Lawrence Taliaferro papers.

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This is one of two manuscript pages, apparently written in the Dakota language, which were filed by early catalogers with the 1832 Taliaferro Papers. Since the Dakota alphabet was developed by Samuel and Gideon Pond after their arrival among the Sioux in 1834, it is possible that these manuscripts should be dated, not 1832, but some time after the summer of 1834.

Waj California

[1832?]

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Ate urodorado nupu  
mayagu Ktedo  
cari nita wamagu piumi  
Ate taku wasi mani edo  
uxi maya daxni Johi taku hemaya

- Kigexni  
etkhana waji mayagu Ktedo  
Johini taku cicidaxni  
Suwe woapi ope Kihun tan yam Kte  
- hebagri Suwe tan uxi madaxni

huska midu hexni

mayavandurmani)

Ate xina rota mayagu Ktedo  
tu wetan taku magexni  
naker Koska nakhutaku qupiqni

List of Trading Posts  
Within the Agency at St Peters Upper Mississippi

1. At the Mountain in the Water
2. At Mouth of Chippeway River
- + 3. At Olive Grove - near St Croix { abolished 1834 }
4. At the Entry of the River St Peters
5. On the River des Cannons
6. At the Upper Forks of Des Moines River
7. At the ciliated Lakes -
8. At the Little Rapids
9. At the River Derosche
10. At Traverse des Sioux
11. At Lac qui paull -
12. At Lac havend -
13. At Grand Forks on Red River of Hudson Bay.
15. At the River Desembois -
16. 25 miles North of Forks of Red Cedar
17. At the Little Rock on the St Peters -
18. At the Cheyenne Fork of Red River of Hudson Bay

1832

The Olive Grove Location to be abolished  
after the Present Season - Say Sept 1834 -  
for reasons of policy - and is now abolished and  
regular notice thereof given officially

The U States Govt Dept	To	Dr	Amt	Remarks showing the object of the Expenditure
			Doll	
1832				
June 3 <sup>rd</sup>	For his pay or salary			

Received Peters Agency this 31<sup>st</sup> day of June 1833 of  
Lawrence Salasperro Mem Amt - the sum of dollars and cents in  
full of the aforesd account -

*Signature*

This form was used for

all the Officers & Clerks also for Contingent a/c to 2020  
men of the Agency -

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Fort Snelling 13 Jan 1832

Major,

I find an impractical opportunity to write a short letter to you.

Since my return no Indians have come to see me - they are all inland, and have behaved remarkably well so far.

You are aware I believe of the blow struck upon the Lower Sioux by the Sioux, and of the demand made for the aggressors - As yet it has been found impractical to comply with the instructions of the Superintendent on that subject.

It is pretty well established now

I believe that the Sac or Fox  
Killa last fall by the Sioux  
were trappers upon their hunting  
grounds

The traders continue to  
talk about each others violations  
of the laws, but no positive  
information has as yet been  
laid, and I give myself no  
trouble about their fair side  
accusations of one another

Be pleased to mention us in  
the kindest terms to Mr. J.

Sawmills run all about and  
is a most mischievous young  
rascal

I am D. C.  
Yours etc etc  
E. J. Sampson  
May 1st 1846

All will except Mat-Jonell, and  
he, poor little fellow, looks like he  
never would recover

I will write again in a  
few days

and I am well aware now of  
the wild and well fitted way  
you have now of  
writing. It is the first time I have  
seen you make any mistakes  
of this kind, but no doubt  
information has as yet  
laid, and I give you no  
trouble about them. I have  
a number of one and  
one-half pound boxes  
of gunpowder  
and I will  
send you  
one  
as soon as  
you  
will  
have  
a  
box  
for  
them  
in  
Philadelphia.

Fort Snelling <sup>7</sup> ~~Jan~~ 17 E. J. Langham  
17 Jan 1832 1<sup>st</sup> Fort Snelling

Major Lawrence <sup>2</sup> Taliaferro  
Now at Washington City  
District of Columbia  
Bedford Pa



Department of War,  
March 9<sup>th</sup> 1832

Sir,

Your letter of the 7<sup>th</sup> instant in relation to the 4<sup>th</sup> article of the treaty of Paris are below of the 15<sup>th</sup> of July 1830, has been received.

The Department in its construction of the provisions of that article, consider the use of iron indispensable in making the ploughs ~~and~~ cuts. You are therefore authorized to turn over to the Sioux the three yoke purchased by you for their benefit, and charge the amount in the settlement of your accounts with the Government. \*

Very Respectfully  
Yours Ob<sup>r</sup> Sir

Leekab

Lawrence Califaens Esq

Indian Agent

Washington

\* out of the compensation under the 4<sup>th</sup> article of the treaty

Department of War  
Office Indian Affairs  
April 4<sup>th</sup> 1832

To Maj.

Lawrence Taliaferro  
Sir

In reply to your letter of 4<sup>th</sup> ulto to the Secretary of War, I have the honor to state, that the establishment of a sub-agency at or near Crow Island might have a tendency to prevent hostile occurrences between the Sioux and the Chippewa Indians. But it being contemplated by the Department to send some person during the ensuing summer on an exploring tour in that region, no appointment will be made until the reception of the consequent report that will furnish a more particular and enlarged views of our relations and interest in that quarter and of the expediency of the proposed establishment.

With great respect  
Your hubl friend  
Elbert Herring

1832  
Relatives to Sub Agent  
for Cheyenne &  
Arapahos -  
Wyo Miss -  
To Majr

Department of War  
Genl Secy.

April 4  
1832

Office Indian Affairs  
Robert Herring  
FREE  
Lawrence Taliaferro  
Indian Agent.  
care of Genl Wm Clark. Sub Agt  
St Louis.  
Missouri

[May 5, 1832]

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## AN ACT

*To provide the means of extending the benefits of Vaccination, as a preventive of the Small Pox, to the Indian Tribes, and thereby, as far as possible, to save them from the destructive ravages of that disease.*

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the several Indian Agents and Sub-Agents, under the direction of the Secretary of War, to take such measures as he shall deem most efficient, to convene the Indian tribes in their respective towns, or in such other places, and numbers, and at such seasons as shall be most convenient to the Indian population, for the purpose of arresting the progress of small pox among the several tribes, by vaccination.*

**SEC. 2.** *And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War be and he hereby is, empowered to employ as many Physicians or Surgeons, from the army or resident on the frontier near the point where their services shall be required, as he may find necessary for the execution of this act; and, if necessary, two competent persons to conduct the Physicians to the remote Indians who are infected, or may be in immediate danger of being infected, with the small pox, whose compensation shall be six dollars per day, and six men, whose compensation shall be twenty-five dollars per month.*

**SEC. 3.** *And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War, to cause all Indian Agents to be supplied with genuine vaccine matter; and all Agents and Sub-Agents shall use all proper means to persuade the Indian population to submit to vaccination.*

**SEC. 4.** *And be it further enacted, That all Agents, Sub-Agents, Physicians and Surgeons, employed in the execution of this act, shall make monthly returns or reports of their proceedings to the War Department. And the Secretary thereof shall submit to Congress, on or before the first of February next, a general report of all proceedings in the premises.*

**SEC. 5.** *And be it further enacted, That, to carry this act into effect, the sum of twelve thousand dollars be appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.*

**A. STEVENSON,**

*Speaker of the House of Representatives.*

**J. C. CALHOUN,**

*Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.*

APPROVED, May 5, 1832.

ANDREW JACKSON.

Major Law. Sallieford  
Ind. Agent at St. Peters

U.S. Indian Agency at Prairie du Chien May 24. 1832. — — —

Sir,  
I am this moment informed that an express takes the mail for St. Peters in half an hour, and I avail myself of a few moments previous to making it up to advise you of the state of things in this & the country immediately below.

No mail has been rec'd from below Galena for three weeks, and we are consequently ignorant of what Congress is doing. Our advices from the seat of war are only rumors, tho' mainly correct, as it was brought by men from the Army to Galena. (Militia) Genl. A. and his regulars were progressing up Rock River in S. D. and were near Dixon's Ferry, where Genl. Reynolds with 1600 mounted men from Ill. were encamped.

On the 13 or 14, a detachment of about 200 mounted men from Ill. under Genl. Titman moved up Rock River on the South Bank, and Major Eads with 100 men preceded the detachment, discovered a small party of scattering Indians in the timber, and pursued them until they entered a point of timber, he then halted and the Indians also halted & wheeled. Some whites pushed on & attacked and killed three Indians. Immediately a large body of Indians poured out of the timber upon them, and a running fight ensued back to the place where the rest of the detachment under Genl. Titman were encamped. The men were encamped and their horses loose in the timber. The Indians rushed on them and a general rout and confusion ensued, in which we lost 20 men killed & wounding. Eads' command fought bravely, and many Indians were known to be killed. This was 36 miles in advance of the main army under W.R. and Dixon's Ferry. Next day Genl. Whiteside went out with a large detachment, to the battle ground, and found 12 bodies of white men

which were buried, but not buried dead or alive. Since we have no certain intelligence from the Army or the Indians, and are making ready to receive ~~these~~ Indians here with as hearty a reception as our small means and diminished works will permit.

From the above you will perceive the Sacs & Foxes are on the East side of the Mississippi, on Rock River more than 100 miles from the Mississippi in the County of the Winnebagoes of Rock River within the Agency of Amt. Gratiot. Reports say the principal part of the Winnebagoes south of the Wisconsin have joined the Sacs & Foxes, and we apprehend an attack at this place. I do not believe one Indian within the bands of my Agency have or will join the ~~hostiles~~ <sup>hostiles</sup> against the whites.

The S. B. Dove was here 3 days since from Galena, prepared by the citizens of that place to come here for any, which they got and immediately returned. The people of Galena were fortifying. The garrisons at Fort Crawford have been closed by pickets, and the works put in as complete a state of defense as could be in so short a time & under existing circumstances.

The Sacs & Foxes and Winnebagoes of Rock River are said to be concentrating at the Blue Mounds about 80 miles East of this place. Genl. Dodge is with 100 volunteers at Dodgeville, and more are flocking to his aid. His son is now recruiting in the mines.

I have no doubt Genl. A. has formed a junction with Gov. R. and that they are moving on upon the Indians. I trust no further blood will be spilt. Blood is now drawn, and I would devoutly hope these common disturbers of the peace of

this section of Country, will be completely beaten. If not there is no hope for quiet after this in this country.

Is it not strange that 1000 days should have elapsed since the little affair with the Inds. and yet there is no express, or letter from Genl. A?

I have paid \$7 of your Dues, the remainder \$1 will be here to be paid in a few days. I found it impossible to get paid at the time. The first who came (with whom was Wabashaw, the French Crow & most of the principal men) wanted me to give them the money without division and they would divide it. Wabashaw convinced that I would not do that they received their portions, with much complaining as to the quantity and they say, inequality of the division. Many Indians too are of different families from the list, if they can be believed. Some who have a family marked to them are single persons, and many single persons on the list, have families. I assured them it could not now be altered, and that they in all probability had been the cause of the error by giving <sup>the</sup> ~~the~~ terms erroneously. That I would endeavor to take a new account previously to another payment, if they were placed within my Agency. This satisfied them, and they in a set speech by Wabashaw and an other by the French Crow, denied I would say to you, and to other Great Fathers that they wanted, to be placed under my Agency or in other words, we want you for our Father, and we want you to pay us our money, to take the management of our Step, and of our agricultural establishment: - They also complained of the want of Open Sd. I briefly answered that Dr. <sup>if</sup> you know their wishes if this G. F. desired I would be their Agent Dr. - I apprehend they are a discontented people, and hard to please. It may

not until I sent up the money and told them I w<sup>t</sup> return it to you, that they agreed to receive it in any other way than in a lump to divide at home. When the bound ones resolved, they soon agreed to receive whatever I would pay them. We are all well. If there are any cranberries to be had send me a keg.

I am with great respect your aff. ch. st.

There are 48 being here who will leave today. — Emb. 3

For Mr. George A. S. Ind. A. F.

Prairie du Chien Wis. 26th May 26. 1863

Major Genl. Willingford  
Ind. agent at

J. Peters.

Express mail.

169  
Yellow River Jun 23<sup>rd</sup>  
1832

Major G. Tallahassee

My dear

I wrote you sometime

in March last informing you of the  
intention of the Government to immediately  
enter on the execution of the Surveys  
growing out of the Treaty of Traine  
du Chien of July 1831 as also the  
desire of the Department of War  
that these Surveys should be done  
in preference of the Nations of India  
interested. Since which time the line  
established by an earlier treaty between  
the Sioux & Sioux has been run as  
also the line parallel to it between  
U.S. purchase of 1830 & the Sioux land  
laying off 20 miles, the lower line  
between the Sioux & the U. S. is  
not yet run and indeed I am doubtful  
whether it can be done at this time, having  
applied to the Commanding Officer  
Genl P. du Chien for protection and an  
refused (although his orders are to furnish it)

Some fifty Sioux are now here and  
I have explained to them the points  
which these two lines touch and they  
appear much pleased, but say  
they cannot venture to accompany  
me to look at the lines <sup>for fear</sup> ~~as~~ <sup>as</sup> great loss  
of the Sacks & Boxes you send and

obliged to do  
P.S. Last not least I S. Pond  
you must make my kindest  
respects to Mrs. Taliaferro as also  
to my Langham Family  
Yours

Ate maza bakte  
John from cutter  
Wan na Wa hoe kte do  
I am here and ask you

Jack. Nu Ta fu

This is one of two manuscript  
pages, apparently written in the  
Dakota language, which were filed by  
early catalogers with the 1832 Talia-  
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Gideon Pond after their arrival  
among the Sioux in 1834, it is possible  
that these manuscripts should be dated,  
not 1832, but some time after the sum-  
mer of 1834.

stin  
berg.

na ni  
alking.

for me many

Some fifty Sioux are now here and  
I have explained to them the points  
which their tos lines touch, and they  
appear much pleased, but say  
they cannot venture to accompany  
me to look at the lines <sup>for fear</sup> ~~as~~ <sup>as</sup> grand last  
of the Sioux & Foxes you found and

P.S. Last not least I S. Bean  
you must make my kindest  
respects to Mrs. Yale after so als  
to my Langham Family  
Yours

Ate maza bakkie  
your iron cutter  
Wan na Wa ha'e kte do  
I am here and ask you  
Take Yu ta fu  
give me something  
Take Yu ha pi ci istin  
give me some little thing.

Ate magee Wo  
Father, pity me

Ma za ku te ma ni  
iron that shoots walking.  
Zele ka mune  
little

Indian attempts to fire on army

Prarie du Chien  
23 June

1873

Mag S Salazar  
U. S. Indian Agent  
from  
Saint Peters

U. S. Inf. Army at Prairie du  
Chien 23<sup>rd</sup> June 1832. 3

Major L. Talliferre

Do Sir.

Genl. Dodge came upon a party of 11 Sioux on the 16<sup>th</sup> who had just killed a white man near Col<sup>o</sup>. Hamilton's Fort in the Mining district, and with 25 or 30 men killed the whole of them. The action lasted about 2 or 3 minutes. One white man was shot before the Indians were discovered who were concealed in the brush, and four were wounded in the action, two of the wounded died probably die. But not an Ind. was left to bear the tidings to their friends.

All the Sioux, but six have returned to their place without being in an action or attempting to strike a blow. They got to Genl. Dodge the day after he had killed the 11 Ind. and went to the ground & scalped & mangled the dead Indians and are now darning with their scalps. They are on their way home, and their courage has wholly evaporated.

Of all the Ind. forces sent down only the Menomines & 6 Sioux remain. The Menomines say they are determined to be avenged on the Sioux & Sioux personally before they quit. I have no doubt they will make a brave stand, but the Sioux are cowardly, and ought to go home and hush down.

We have nothing further from the Regulars.

Army. The last news left them safe at  
Dinton Ferry Forted. But no hostile movement  
on this part indicated that they were in the  
country as far as I can learn. There has  
been several hundred of white families  
who were disengaged in Illinois, on the  
Ile River and in that direction. One mail  
is stopped by the Ind. who infest the route  
and we hear nothing from below.

I have not time to give you a more  
detailed account & must answer your  
letter by some other conveyance. Robtts  
and Bailey are waiting a Steam Boat to  
go up, which is expected in a few days.

all well

Dr haste as the man  
wants yours so

Geo. W. Strout  
U. S. Ind. off.

Geo. W. Strout  
Drury  
South. Ind.  
U. S. Ind.

Braine du Chene M.<sup>t</sup> <sup>h</sup> J. M. Stur  
23 June <sup>3</sup> Post Master  
free

Major Law. Talliferros  
U.S. Md. ag<sup>ts</sup> ab  
T. Peters

Jan 24. 1832.

Dixie, My engagements are such  
I am unable to write. I am trying  
to start in a few minutes 20 or 30 horses  
raided for Gen. Dodge, for fear they  
may not reach in time.

I informed you Dodge had an  
engagement with 11 Jars - and killed  
them my own (the 16 inst.) and had gone  
wounded, two mortally. Capt. J. M.  
Stephenson of Galena mounted over  
followed a party who had stolen 10 horses  
from Apple Creek. Stephenson had 12 men  
and there were perhaps 15 or 20 Ind. on  
the stolen horses. They got in sight of the Ind.  
who took to a thicket, and after many fruitless  
attempts to get them out, Capt. J. ordered his men  
to dismount & charge on foot right into the  
thicket. In a few seconds they were in the

midst of the Inds. fighting hand to hand with  
Knives, guns, tom-hawks and spears & bayonets.  
They killed 5 or 6 of the Inds. and lost  
3 men killed. They got 9 of the horses,  
one Ind. exposed on hornback during  
the action. The Inds. fight with great  
desperation. In Dodge's action the Chief made  
right at D. with his spear, and Dodge's rifle  
flew aside, and he drew a pistol from his belt  
and shot a bal through his head when the Ind.  
was within 8 feet of him. The bal entered  
just below the eye on the side of his nose & he  
dropped dead. — Yours in haste

Geo. W. Thurt.

War Department  
July 26. 1832

Sir,

In consequence of representations, recently made to the Department, you are directed to grant no licenses to persons to trade with any of the Indian tribes, except those residents within the limits of your own Agency.

I am Sir

Very respectfully  
Your affec Son

Als → ~~John Robb~~  
~~Stephens~~ Was

May.

A. Galiaferro  
St. Peters

no license to be given to  
by the Agent at Spec  
within any other Agency

Col Major Lawrence Taliaferro

Department of War.  
John Broth  
acts Secy of War

Indian agent at ~~Potowmack~~

~~son of Genl. George Clark~~

Bedford ~~Settles~~  
Pennsylvania.

Fort Hollings  
September 1<sup>st</sup> 1832

Dear Major,

Your letter of July 13<sup>th</sup> came

safe to hand - I wrote you in July, and sent you  
some vaccination rolls - I was sorry to hear of your  
illness, and trust your health is reestablished -

I take pen in hand to give you some account of  
your strong kitchen - you no doubt have heard of  
the termination of the late war - Col Taylor writes me  
that on the 2<sup>d</sup> August, 40 miles above the Prairie, the  
Indians were attacked just in the act of crossing the  
Mississippi river - 100 were killed, about fifty prisoners,  
about ten killed of the whites, and twelve wounded -  
the troops were on the shore, and in steam boats -

The Indians had been notified before to be in ready -  
ness on the N. West shore - they therefore commenced  
the work of destruction, and destroyed, it is supposed,

nearly 200. This is the Indian story - but probably true as the express states, that he saw an immense number of scalps among the living, the river full of bodies all scalped and mangled - they have about 40 prisoners, women - about 100 at the Prairie who are to be sent to Rock Island. Genl Scott & Atkinson went to Rock Island on the 10<sup>th</sup> Ultmo - Genl J. arrived at the Prairie on the 12<sup>th</sup> - left his troops behind - Bennett held a council here with the Indians, who came to dance preparatory to going against the Sac - he advised them not to go pick them, but they declared their determination to do, and left the next morning the 19<sup>th</sup> about 200 men to do and overtake the balance of the Sac - Cropp has gone to Rock Island. He left here on the 5<sup>th</sup> August - the next day, in the lake near the lower camp, he was robbed of his provision by a war party of Chippewas supposed, from best account, about 30, or 40 - he had with him 7 soldiers in a Muskineac boat - all armed, with their muskets - there was no fighting, they came up in succession, and took what they wanted - nothing as yet has been heard

about from Cropp - they then proceeded to Red Wings village opposite or rather opposite to it, killed a long woman - the old men of the village went in pursuit, the others being absent - said to be only 7 men, and pursued the Chippewas who made for Chippewa river, and left their canoes 7 in number in possession of the Indians - these account we give by the men who were with Cropp, and have returned, and are corroborated by Brown who has arrived from the St. Croix river on the 24<sup>th</sup> July. Mashineah, accompanied by Lt. W. M. with some soldiers, and Mr. Johnson, his brother in law, together with a Doctor, who was vaccinating the Indians, and a minister arrived here, remained one day, and held a council with the Indians, advised them to peace with the Chippewas - he came down the Mississippi - I trust these details may prove of some interest to you - I have heard nothing yet of any change of party - how did you hear the report of my going away - If you go to Washington, I wish you would find out what they are going to do with me. I should like to go on furlough in the spring - Am joins me in war regards to Mrs. J. and yourself, and very much with Mrs. J. was here - Your friend R. H. Dall.

P.S. all the hawks in this vicinity absent after the  
Saes & Lopez - Thermometer yesterday morning 34 -

Prairie Falcon Juv. <sup>Perd. 9</sup>  
Sept. 6 1880  
Major Lawrence Johnson  
Brooklyn N.Y.  
One of Humphrey Dillon Egypt  
Berkford  
Connecticut

War Department

Sept. 22. 1832

Sir,

Your letters of the 19th &amp; 18th are before me.

It is due to Mr. Schoolcraft to say, that the order of the 26th of July, was not issued in consequence of any representations made by him, but was directed to other Agents, besides yourself.

Your draft in favor of Mr. Dillor has not been presented here, <sup>the amount of</sup> it cannot be paid to you or any other person, until the Department receive some assurance that it will not be. It was not the intention that the services of Surgeons in vaccinating should be paid, until the whole duty was completed, & in most of the instructions this was expressed. The inconvenience of a contrary practice will be so great, that the Department is unwilling to depart from the rule, unless in cases of peculiar emergency. For the present therefore, I must decline issuing a requisition for Twenty four dollars, the amount of Dr. Woods account enclosed by you.

Very respectfully  
I am Sir,

Your obt Servt

John Robt  
Actg Secy War

Major

L. Taliaferro

Bedford Springs

Va.

Draft not paid  
a curious letter  
Mo Robt  
acts of war

MASS  
SEP  
22  
1803

War Department  
John Jacob  
acts Secy  
May, Lawrence Valiaferro,  
Indian Agent.  
Bedford Springs  
Penn.

St Peters 9<sup>th</sup> November 1832

Sir

Finding it necessary for our own Convenience  
to add several buildings to our Establishment at Post  
Factory & being in want of Pine Timber for that purpose  
as also for the repairs of the old Buildings, I would  
wish to know, Sir, if you have any objection to a  
party of men being sent up the Rumm River some time  
this winter for the following timber

25 to 30 Thousand Shingles

2 to 3 Hundred Logs for Boards & Planks

2 to 3 Hundred Do of Lumber of various dimensions

St J. G. Fair

actg. agent Ind: affe

St Peters

Respectfully Yours  
Ob: & C  
Alexis Barth

[1833]

There is a pe post <sup>this is an account of 7</sup> ~~now~~ among the Indians  
that is coming 3 or 4 hundred half breeds  
to whom Delan ~~lives~~ to defend their  
trade and the think may be a fate be  
between the 2 nations, according to these  
judgement it will occur a hard and  
summer if not then it will be all a  
lay

Mr J. B. Fernbough tells me that he has not  
heard any thing of it and neither does he believe  
it, A brother of Black Kayl died a sudden  
death and the Black Kayl wish to go against  
the savans & Geoses but it is stopped.

the 2  
the ball that comes  
from the north  
of north country  
the arrow

Wakon Heer is the man who slab  
set of B. S.

So far Heer er Rose is the Chief <sup>Reindeer</sup>  
in a ~~heer~~ since the Thunder that hangs

Records  
of  
Sub Agent H. Grooms  
The Stalking of B. S. &  
by Wap How Chans  
&  
Half Breeds of B. S.  
Stalking Daleans  
Hacking Hounds

the gasane  
the moon that  
whisels  
the it herd the con-  
versation 2 from

Department of War  
Off. Indian Offs.  
Feb. 27th. 1833.  
[1833]

Sir

During your absence from  
your Agency, you will be pleased,  
in future, to direct your official Com-  
munications to Lieut. Bair, the offici-  
ating Agent, instead of addressing them  
to the Interpreter as is alleged has  
been heretofore done

With high respect,  
Your humb. Servt.  
Robert Herring

Major L. Taliaferro  
Bedford  
Pa.

Bedford March 3<sup>o</sup> 1833- 177

Mr. I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of date the 27<sup>o</sup> of February past- with the contents of which I have felt some surprise- reflecting as it does upon my knowledge of the rules, and discretions of the Service, after an experience of near twenty years. - I hope you could not <sup>your</sup> <sup>to have been</sup> believe me so negligent. - During my absence from the Agency at St Peters- I have uniformly, (when expedient) made official communications to the Commanding Officer of Fort Snelling previous to, and since Leut Vails- A specimen of it- after the departure of Capt W. R. Socette on furlough, and can safely state to the best of my knowledge that I have addressed but one letter to my Interpreter, and that upon subjects which the interests of the Service required at my hands, and to impress upon his mind the necessity of a faithful discharge of his public duties, and an entire submission to the orders of the Officer Commanding in all matters, and things appertaining to the Agency.

I have the honor to be  
With very high respect  
Your. Mo<sup>r</sup> obt serv

Law. Palaferry  
Man. Agent  
at St Peters

To Elbert Herron Esq<sup>r</sup>  
Commt<sup>r</sup> of Indian Affairs  
Washington

178

Department of War  
Office Indian Affairs  
March 8<sup>th</sup> 1833

Sir,

Yours of the 3<sup>rd</sup> inst: has been received, and I regret that you should have indulged such misconstruction of my letter of the 27<sup>th</sup> ult. My communication to you was induced by a letter from Gen<sup>l</sup> Clark on a representation by Lieut Vail, and was not intended in the least as a rebuke for want of ~~official~~ knowledge or etiquette. Lieut Vail had probably heard of the letter to your interpreter, and feeling wounded that you had overlooked him, and corresponded with his subaltern, represented the fancied slight as if it had been an intentional incivility.

Surely the subject does not require another word, and I conclude with expressing a hope, that the improvement of your health will soon enable you to resume the duties of your agency.

I am Sir

With great respect  
Your humble  
Obdt Herring

Maj L T Leaffers  
Bedford  
Penn.

179

Department of War,  
Office Indian Affairs,  
April 6. 1833.

Sir,

An exculpatory statement has been received by the Department from Genl. Street, on behalf of the Chippewa Indians who attacked Lieut. Crofts in August last, and murdered a Sioux woman near Lake Pepin, in which it is alleged "that they meant to do no harm to Lieut. Crofts, or any white man, that they were hungry and took something to eat, and Lieut. Crofts did not seem to care any thing about it."

It would appear from their own statement that their conduct was altogether unjustifiable - They took provision from Lieut. Crofts and did not ask for it. If they had been in want and had asked Lieut. Crofts for provision, he would have given to them, if he could have spared it.

It is left to your discretion to adjust this matter with them - you will represent to them the extreme impropriety of their conduct, their exposure to punishment, and the clemency of the Government, but a certainty of punishment on a repetition of similar misconduct by any of their People.

You will however demand from them the

swo-

surrender of the person or persons, who shot and  
scalped the Sioux Woman; and you will  
report to the Department the result of your  
proceedings.

With great respect,  
Your hu<sup>bl</sup> Servt  
Elbert Herring

To Major  
L. Taliaferro,  
Indian Agent,  
St. Peters.

Letter from  
Corn. Indian off.  
L Sulinfuo  
Ap 6<sup>th</sup> 33  
Lewi Corp - & Pub. Steers  
Letter

Indian Agency St Peters 160  
June 3<sup>rd</sup> 1833-

Sir

On the 26<sup>th</sup> of January last past the  
Wat Peter Sioux of Lacque park crossed the  
Mississippi, and attacked the Chippewa on the  
head waters of Sun River and killed Eight  
and wounded two - the Sioux lost one man -  
There were five different conflicts on either side  
of the line between the tribes referred to during the  
year 1832 - and the result stands at present  
thus - on the part of the Sioux 30 men women & killed  
On the part of Chippewa 10 men killed -  
The Sioux within our vicinity are professedly friendly  
and are disposed to be at peace with us - as well as  
with their neighbours -

The several tribes at Lac qui parle & <sup>Yazoo</sup> Grand  
consisting of the Wat Peter, Lapte & Yanceton  
bands of Sioux as well as the Chippewa are likely  
to continue their predatory warfare in the course of  
the present summer - very respectfully yr mo<sup>r</sup>  
Major John Bissell  
Comdg. Front Guard  
Out Service  
Law Table affro. -  
Indian Agent at St Peters

Indian Agency Wilm 1833.  
June 10<sup>th</sup> 1833.

General -

It becomes my special duty to recommend the removal of Alexis Bailey Esqr. a citizen trader near this Agency on the following charges. —

That the said Alexis Bailey did on, or about the 8<sup>th</sup> Inst ~~not~~ ask to see, or was handed my letter of the same date which had been officially addressed to one other trader, by name (Joseph R Brown), which letter was conveyed by Nasiampoh a respectable head man of the Sioux — and the said Alexis Bailey did say to some Indian, that his Father (the agent) was a fool for writing such a letter, & that he (Nasiampoh) was a greater fool for being the bearer of it — & at the same time applying said letter in a bully manner to his person — thereby treating the government with contempt in the persons of Indians in the person of their Agent — and for being guilty of a felonious offence in the winter of 1825-6 which he has had the hardihood to admit — and does not deny or affirm the fact <sup>of</sup> offence — which <sup>however</sup> was susceptible of proof. — My letter to Jos R Brown as which exception was taken is herewith enclosed. —

Yours very truly  
John W. Clark  
Capt. in affis

I have the honor to be  
Yours very truly  
John W. Clark  
Capt. in affis  
John W. Clark  
Capt. in affis

Copy Letter to Supt  
Recreations of certain persons  
Reynolds  
A. B. Allen

Lif

182 Agency House St Peters  
May 26<sup>th</sup> 1830

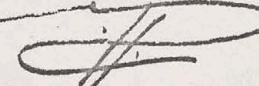
The Indians by receiving whiskey in broken  
doses are by it kept in a constant excitement  
a state which every man must deplore. It is  
now time that they should be planting and  
working out for the means of subsistence or  
starve during the greater part of the year.  
Humanity calls for the present prohibitions  
on the subject of whiskey to Indians, and I  
hope you will attend to it. —

Very Respectfully  
Yrs. Obz Serv

Law Faliafem

Indian Agent

at St Peters



To Alvin Barby Esq<sup>o</sup>  
St Peters  
New York July 2<sup>nd</sup>

[The original document, of which this is a photocopy,  
is filed under date of May 26, 1830.]

Letter of 10<sup>th</sup> June 1833.

183

So far as the conduct of Mr. Alvin Bailey is imputable in the within letter in reference particularly to his remarks to the Indian Nasampah on delivering a certain ~~letter~~ note from the Agent to Joseph R. Brown on the date specified is literally true, and I can in due course of law substantiate the facts as I was present at the time as well as Mr. Brown

Given this 6<sup>th</sup> day of June 1836

In presence of

Leon P. Prescot

Benjamin F. Baker  
Alex. S. Mire

As regards the within charge I certify that so far as regards "applying said letter in a veulgar manner to his person I recollect distinctly, but cannot say positively the language used or purpose lent to the Agent, Major Taliaferro - but believe it was in substance as stated in the charge.

Given at Peter's Agency House of Legrand  
This 8<sup>th</sup> day of June 1836 Job R. Brown  
JH

[The original document, of which this is a photocopy, is filed under date of June 8, 1836]

Letter of the 18<sup>th</sup> of June

I hereby certify that in a conversation with Alexis Bailely between the 25<sup>th</sup> and 31 July 1834 that the said Bailely stated to me that he had taken the Chippeway Indian called the "Strong Grounds" down with him to Prairie du Chien for the purpose of complying with a promise he had made him to give him a keg or kegs of whiskey - given him under my hand at Saint Peters this 7<sup>th</sup> day of June 1836 -

Signed. Alex. S. Moore

[The original document, of which this is a photocopy is filed under date of June 8, 1836.]

May 26 1830

Copy Letter  
to A Bailey -

The U States Indian Deptt			Accts	Remarks showing the object of the Expenditure
To	Dr		Dollrs	
1832				
June 30		For his pay or salary		

[The original page, of which this is a photocopy, is  
filed under date of 1832.]

Recurring Peters Agency This 30<sup>th</sup> day of June 1833. on  
Lawrence Salasperro made up - the sum of dollars and cents in  
full of his account.

[June 30, 1833]

This form was used for  
all the Officers & Clerks } also for Contingents after 20<sup>th</sup>  
Men of the Agency.

[Aug. 5, 1833]

BLACK HAWK AND HIS PARTY AT HOME.—We have been favored with the following letter from an intelligent correspondent, dated

Fort Armstrong, Upper Mississippi, }  
August 5, 1833. }

The whole suite arrived here a few days since, loaded with assumed dignity and costly presents.

Keokuck's band speedily followed to welcome their brothers; a grand council assembled, among whom was myself, to witness the deliverance of the Hawk to his nation. The council opened with the address of the president to Black Hawk, in which he is informed that in future he was to yield supremacy to his inferior, Keokuck, the white man's friend.

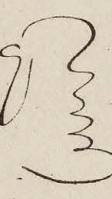
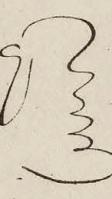
The old chief rose in violent agitation, denied that the president had told him so, and said that he would not be advised by any body; that he wanted what he said to be told to the president, and that he in person would have said so in Washington, but that his interpreter could not sufficiently make known his views. The colonel made to him a speech, stating that by his own treaty neither he nor his people could for the future head a band; and that by that treaty Keokuck was placed head of the Sac nation, &c. Keokuck spoke awhile to the Hawk, then addressed the council, begged nothing might be remembered of what the Hawk said; that he was too old to say any thing good, and that he was answerable for his good behaviour. The poor old chief recalled his words, and I do not know that my sympathies were ever more excited than in witnessing his expiring struggle for freedom. Nothing but his advanced age, and want of military power will prevent him from making another effort. In the sequel, Keokuck's band gave us a splendid dance; but the Hawk's party were either too dejected or too sullen to participate in the festivities.

You may tell the good citizens of New York, these Indians would willingly get up another war in order to make another visit to the east and return loaded with presents, and almost satiated with attention.—*D. Adv.*

DEPARTURE OF THE DELAWARE.—Our minister to France, the Hon. Edward Livingston, has taken his departure for France. He went out in the noble ship of the line, Delaware, of 74 guns. It is supposed his

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Superintendent of Ind. affs.  
St Louis, Sept. 2, 1833

Dear Taliaferro, D<sup>r</sup>   
Ind. agent. 

Sir,

You will receive herewith copies of two letters of the 13<sup>th</sup> ult. from the acting Comm<sup>r</sup> of Ind. affs. in relation to the suggestions contained in your communications of the 4<sup>th</sup> & 5<sup>th</sup> July last to me, as well as in that forwarded thro' this office from you to the Comm<sup>r</sup> on the subjects of the Sioux boundary line, the withdrawal of traders from among the Chippewas, & the appointment of an agent for those Indians. I have the honor to be  
Yrs. ob. Svt.

Wm Clark

(Copy)

184  
Department of War  
Office Ind. Affairs  
August 13. 1833

Sir,

In answer to Major Salazarro's recommendation, that all the Traders should be withdrawn from the Chippeways of the Mississippi & St Peters, I am instructed to inform you, that no general direction to that effect can be given. If any of these persons can be proved to have been guilty of misconduct, their licenses should be revoked, and they obliged to leave the Indian Country. But without specific & well established charges it is not proper for the Department to act.

Very Respectfully  
Yr Obt Servt  
D. Kurtz  
Acting Commr

(Signed)

Genl. Wm Clark  
Supt Ind: affs  
St Louis Mo

The second enclosure of August 13, 1833 has not been found.

To

St. Peters 1<sup>st</sup> January 1834

186

Major John Blip  
Comdg<sup>d</sup>. Fort Snelling &  
Act<sup>d</sup>. Agt. Ind. affs. 3 Sir

The purport of this, is to inform you officially of several outrages committed by several Sioux Indians, on their Traders within the Section of Country where I have Trading Posts thereby exciting a spirit of hostility that augurs no good to the future peace of this Country.

I will commence by stating that Mr. Joseph R. Brown (one of my Traders) some time in October last, whilst collecting debts due him by the Indians of Red Wings Band and securing Traps, guns, Spears axes &c he had loaned those Indians, was nearly stabbed by one of them, the arm holding the knife being arrested by a person standing by at the time, I would remark, Major Grooms Sub. Ind. Agent of this Post was in Company with Mr. Brown at the time this outrage was attempted, which had not any thing to provoke it, also the Indians of Pine Bend Bands wantonly destroyed for Mr. Brown several of his stock of Hogs during the last summer.

Just about the same time in October last Mr. Louis Provencale Trading at the Traverse des Sioux Location on the St. Peters. Had one of his Cows shot near his house, and the Indian who did so now boasts of having a knife sharpened to dispatch him.

About the end of November last Mr. Claus B. Farnbault Trading at the Little Rapids of the St. Peters (one of the Locations) was

that

was nearly killed by an Indian who stabbed him in the back whilst he was in the act of shutting his store door, and in a most unprovoked manner. Mr. Faribault being that day busy trusting trusting the individuals of that Indians Band, and had previous to this nearly lost his life by several attempts being made whilst collecting debts due him as well as Traps. Guns. axes, Spears &c also an Indian by the name of the Rather seems to have declared war against his stock of Hogs. by killing nine of them, some being very Large.

About the last of November I sent two Wagon Loads of Goods & Stores to Mr. Alext. Faribault. Trading on the Semoine Locations, in charge of Mr. L. Rolette, those two Wagons were stopped in a Wood Called the Bois Franc about a hundred Miles from this place, by a party who compelled my People to give them Powder & Lead, stating at the time their original intention of compelling goods to be given them, and menacing of making Crows meat of the Men Yoked to the Wagons.

Such sir are the outrages I have to complain in behalf of my Traders, as for my part though living under the Protection of your Guns, I have not escaped without some damages and threats, repeated Complaints were made to Major Taliapero the Indian agent, with requests to interfere his authority to put an end to an evil that was daily increasing, but neither from Supernef. or indolence (I cannot say) the evil has increased to that magnitude, that

2 Years ago

the Indians now menace our lives with as little remorse as they formerly did the lives of our Stock. Here is an extract of the Letter informing me of the Stoppages of my Wagons in the Bois Franc. the writer says "they said that if you had been here present they should have had goods at any rate or else you should not have passed, I merely mention this, as you have to pay that may on your way to this place you had better be a little on your guard" Now sir I understand by that my life would be in danger did I attempt to visit that Trading Post as I am on duty bound to do, and for what I cannot say or even guess, unless it be that as the agent. Taliapero. promised that Band a Trader last summer and failing to do so they the Indians Looked on my people or myself as bound to make his words good, or what is more probable, and from the Idea they all have (owing to the ignorance they are kept in relative to that matter) of the unlimited power of the agent over the Traders as well as the Indians, and as he had made them a promise we had no right to exercise a will of our own on the matter.

It has been my opinion from the first sight of the Indian agents Public Notice of the 12<sup>th</sup> July last (of which I presume you have a copy in the office) that end would come of it, the Traders in that notice are forbidden taking their Property &c, a Council was held were similar Language was used, was it not forbidding them to be honest? how could we compel an Indian to pay a debt, when he knew he could refuse with impunity besides nothing had occurred, to justify such Language as that

that held in the agent's office of the 12<sup>th</sup> July last.  
In reference to that notice, it was like all other Public Notices  
posted for the benefit of all parties, the Indians it could not  
hurt except in their morals, but the Traders, were left at the  
mercy of every evil disposed persons (and god knows there are a few in  
this place) who could speak Sioux & read English, to give it what  
interpretation (from its equivocal nature) they choose to give to

Traders are declared "Out of Protection" by that Notice  
if they attempt to secure their property, this told by a man  
who is looked upon by the Indians as their father & told  
to whom? to men that know of <sup>no</sup> Laws but their own, is it  
not an incitement to act dishonestly. I know it to be a  
fact that Indians have stated they fully comprehended  
that the Traders were out of Protection should they attempt  
to secure even an axe had they loaned it, I leave you  
Sir to infer the consequences of such dangerous declarations  
to men who will naturally take the wrong side, as an  
instance, a few days before the Notice a Clerk of mine had  
loaned several guns to the Indians, on its promulgation he wanted  
to get them back but they would not return them, & spoke of  
the Notice, he applied to Major Takafewo, stating his personal  
responsibility should they remain in their hands, to this reasonable  
request he gave a positive denial, saying that as he had done  
so he must run the risks. It is therefore as you will  
perceive on no more alibi grounds than I say, the  
source of the hostile feelings of the Indians are partially

to be attributed to the evil Counsel and Mistaken  
zeal of <sup>the</sup> Indian agent and to Interpreters on whom the  
agent knows he cannot and ought not to place any reliance

You will oblige me much Major if you  
will forward this Letter to the proper Department.  
& I hope measures will be taken as to put a stop  
to proceedings that must if they Continue longer  
eventuate in Murder & the Butchery of our Traders.

I have the honor  
to be. Your

Ofr &c

Alexis Bailly

St Peters 10th February 1834 189

Major John Blif  
Comdg Fort Snelling &  
actg Ind. agt. 3 Sir

I have just witnessed the  
departure of a Canadian and Foreigner  
on an hunting excursion in the Indian  
Country, I submit the information to your  
consideration & beg of you to let me know, if  
he has (with that avowed object) obtained the  
sanction of the Agency, or if any bonded Trader  
has been bonded for him and has his name  
included in any of their descriptive Lists of  
Foreign Boatmen or Engagés. The Law requires  
of us such to be done before we can send our  
Foreign Boatmen to reside any length of time in  
the Indian Country, but how far he is permitted  
to go alone & for the avowed object of hunting  
rests for your consideration, It is a plain fact  
however, that if a Foreigner is allowed such  
privileges, he has great advantages over the  
American Trader & Citizen.

\* the man's name is  
Joseph Monceau 3

I have the honor  
to be Your obt &  
Affec. Truly

190

Traverse des Sioux  
9 April 1834

Maj John Blis 3  
Comdg Fort Snelling 3  
Act Ind Adj Affs 3 Fin

It becomes a part of my duty  
towards my employees, to inform you that there  
is in this location a Canadian by the name  
of Joseph Monjeau, (and is for aught I know a  
British Subject) trading with the Indians of  
not only of this location but with those of  
the above locations. I will add that he does  
at this present juncture, materially injure my trade.

The Indians also complains that he is  
destroying their game by trapping. how far he has  
a right to do so. you must be the best Judge - but  
I mention this at the particular request of an Indian  
of some consequence here

I have the honor to be  
Yours obt & Humble Servt

Louis Cromcalle

Maj John Blis

St. Peters 14<sup>th</sup> April 1834

192

Major Blip  
Commandg. Fort Snelling  
& Lt. Col. Adj't Ind. affe. 3 Sir

On my arrival here the day before yesterday I found a Letter addressed to me from Mr. Faribault Trading at the Little Rapids, informing me that Peter Durn Interpreter for Mr. Baker had passed his place with goods on a trading expedition on and beyond his Location, the pretext of collecting the Furs due Mr. Baker for debts made here at this Location does not I think justify their infringing the Laws making Locations, nor does this kind of protection (which the Laws afford me if put in force) come up to that protection which every Citizen has a right to expect, I am sorry to find that my complaint so far is of no avail, but I should be wanting to myself and the Am. Fur. C°. with whom I am concerned if I allowed this last act to pass unnoticed & without giving information to the only power that can put a stop to it, by doing so I feel I have done my duty to the Co. and myself, Durn has returned last evening and has been so unceasfull that three or four hundred dollars would not pay me for the damages I have sustained by this last act & gross Violation of all Laws & Rule, may I be allowed Major to ask you if you do not feel yourself sufficiently empowered to prevent such practices?

Respectfully Yours &  
Alexis Bailey

R. S.  
Page 184-

No truth in  
this record.

Major John B. S.  
Comdg. Fort Snelling &  
Actg. Ind. agent  
St. Peters

1881  
4481



Indian Agency Peter 30<sup>th</sup> day 1834

Face of Thunder, & party of 5 doop band of Supters  
In council  
Face of Thunder  
Said My Father-

I have received your Meecal it is  
a mark of friendship- the hand of an Indian is in that  
of the white man - & the Pepe is on the other side. -  
we have kept your Councils, and as I was a friend of  
my Brother and I gave him my Meecal to be as friend  
with all people - he calls as better often & gives us Council  
since I have made my road to your house I have  
not been so foolish as formerly and I shall continue to  
keep the same road -

I have suffered much the past winter & so has my  
people - we look to you for assistance & hope as your  
hands are not empty that you will assist us with  
some Powder Lead & Tobacco & something to cover our  
nakedness - we are in time of tearing up the ground with  
the claws. — Se 20 —

Reply of the Agent

My friends I am satisfied with your conduct - but  
some of your

May 25, 1834

193

Articles of convention made and entered into  
this twenty fifth day of May One thousand eight hundred  
and Thirty four at Galashad's prairie on the Mississippi  
river between the Chiefs and head men of the two  
lower bands of the Sioux nation of Indians, for  
themselves and their nation and Lawrence Califarro  
agent of the United States for the Sioux nation  
of Indians on the Mississippi office acting under  
authority of a letter from the <sup>Department</sup> ~~Secretary~~ of War, to John  
Bidwell etc., under date of the fifth day of January  
One thousand eight hundred and Thirty.

Article first. - The said chief and principal men  
do by these presents give grant and release and  
free consent and permission to Joseph Collette and  
James A. Cockwood also such persons as they may  
send, to continue the operations of two mills now  
built on the Menomini river a tributary of the  
Chippeway river, and to erect such other mills  
or mills on said Chippeway river or on any  
other tributary of said Chippeway river and  
to take and use convey away such timber as  
they desire off the lands of the Sioux nation  
of Indians in that neighbourhood for during  
the term of ten years from this date, provided  
that the said Collette and Cockwood and such  
men as they may send into the Indian country,  
shall at all times be subject to such rules  
and regulations as the president of the  
United

United States shall by the Secretary of War, order and  
appoint through the several Indian Agents -  
Article Second, - The said Joseph Collette and  
James H. Stockwood for the Government of one and  
agree and pay Chief and principal Men at this  
time four hundred pounds of Tobacco side  
hundred pounds of Powder ~~thirty~~ <sup>thirty</sup> ~~two~~ <sup>two</sup> pounds  
Lead and four barrels of Flour ~~500 lbs~~ <sup>one bushel</sup> and one Bushel Pork  
of May in each and every year hereafter the like  
Quantity of Tobacco, Powder, Lead, and Flour, during  
the continuance of this ~~privilege~~ <sup>privilege</sup> two should  
the said Collette and Stockwood erect a saw Mill  
or Mills on other streams in Said Country than  
those on which they have now erected Mills  
they shall pay to the said Chief and principal  
Men, for each Mill they shall have in operation  
more than the two Mills now stipulated each  
year, One hundred pounds of Tobacco, three hundred  
and a pounds of Powder, twelve hundred pounds  
of Lead and two barrels of Flour, and the  
said Indians further agree to permit no other  
person or persons to erect Mills in Said river  
or to cut and remove away timber from Said river.

Signed Sealed and Acknowledged this day  
and date aforesaid -

Wah Rro ta +  
Ee tah mah zah <sup>his</sup>  
mark

Wabasha. x  
Sask  
filli de Barbois +  
filli de Gossman +  
Laa Golafers  
mark

Convention  
by & between the Sioux  
& Indians as aforesaid  
to the United States -  
in favor of  
Stockwood & Collette  
Mill <sup>new</sup> <sup>old</sup> <sup>new</sup>  
on  
Mississippi River &  
City of Winona -  
May 1834

Anthony Winn is  
executed authority from  
the Department of War



To Major John Bliss  
U. S. Army  
Comdg Fort McCoy

Indian Agency Peter  
Augt 15<sup>th</sup> 1834 194

Sir/

In compliance  
In accordance with your

Note of this morning - respecting information as to what  
has been the conduct of the Indians of this Agency within  
the last month, and their present feelings. So far as  
the U. S. Government is concerned - I beg leave to  
state that the various bands of Indians have remained  
at peace with the neighbouring tribes - and if the govern-  
ment will carry into effect as an early day the  
Treaty of July 15<sup>th</sup> 1830 - in reference to the boundary line  
between the Sioux & Chippewas, and redress the late  
wrongs done the former by the Fox Indians - their feelings  
as to us ~~will~~ may be relied upon as the most peaceful  
& friendly - There are some fifty or sixty Chippewas  
near this Agency from the various bands on the waters  
of the upper Mississippi, & an interchange of friendly  
visitors with the several bands of Indians of this vicinity  
& from a distance.

I have the honor to be  
Yrs. Mo Oth Ldy  
Sam'l B. a form  
Indian Agency -  
At St Peters

195

H. D. Fort Snelling 1 June 1834.

D. Sir,

I will thank you to inform me as soon as possible what has been the conduct of the Indians during the last month & what are their feelings so far as the U. S. government is concerned.

This information I wish to transmit tomorrow morning to H. D. of R. to bring with his Report.

Respectfully Yours etc

John May'sby

J. May'sby Taliferro  
Agent for the Sioux  
S. Peter

Note from  
Maj. Geo. Bliss, Comdg  
June 1<sup>st</sup> 1834 -  
- - -

Answered

For Maj. S. Taliaferro

Wah Dokow [June 4, 1834] 196 [11]

we can all come together soon  
but still you are not able to keep peace

It takes you a long time to put one  
the pens of the nations thus break the pens  
May 2

Yr. Chm. of the 7 pens here are  
waiting patiently

You were in a hurry & fort  
you could not speak to us -  
but wished us to come -

Now we wish to know -

When day Father was alive you left him  
by the hands as an American

I know his place you have named

Mr. & I am an American

My Father:

Yr. C am listening to you & am  
waiting to know what you have to  
say - for if you let this occur  
Stop May will be cutting each other  
up worse than ever -

you can have behind  
but the rascals will not - nor will they  
until they are furnished. —

If the men are poor & have not the  
means of going to work as the whites  
but at the attack made on us last  
fall the few men showed what the  
colored do & prove against ~~the~~ —

we have long waited for  
when we travel with our loads we take  
you it was the only place for game to stop  
our labors & hunt for our ~~travels~~ & —

We suffered this winter in consequence  
of the country lost fall - do something  
for me if you can - accept my pipe  
With a good heart — my Father was  
men when in our tops to call on you to

[27]

[3]

Notes of Remarks  
Muncie Council  
June 4<sup>th</sup> 1834  
by A. Atwood, Compt  
W. H. Woolcock  
& Isaac Freeh Shatzah

Sac & Ton Indians  
Copy sent

## The Iron Cloud

If the Savages

They laugh as you

& yet people seem to respect them more  
than us or any other nation --

Look around you and you will see  
that our nation is the only one that  
has kept the Treaty I listened to your  
Councils. I have lost a woman &  
all our property if I had had no  
slaves for it would have happened a long time  
~~ago~~

as well as we could understand the  
Treaty of Peacans - the war cloud &  
since this people have long arms and  
strong arms that could reach to the  
Missouri & the Miss - I would punish  
the first nation that crossed the war  
again - now I wish to know what  
is to be done in the case of the loss  
of my woman -

We can never get the blacks off  
of our faces - every year our relatives  
are murdered & yet there is no

Eaton River Jan 5 1834

Dear Sir.

The bearer of this, Lousson Steiner a Sioux Interpreter is going to your place for the purpose of living thenceabouts. He is a good & faithful man as far as I know & I have known him for several years - indeed, I have had him in my employ. If you should have occasion for his services in any way, you may safely depend upon him.

I am thus far on my way to the Upper Mississippi. I expect to return immediately. this is my last trip. I hope I will have the pleasure of seeing you Mrs Daliaporo in St Louis this fall  
My respects to her.

Respectfully. Your  
friend J. D. Sanford

J. D. Sanford

198  
Sioux Sub Agency, Upper Missouri

May 2 Vallaffers  
to S. Govt.

June 9<sup>th</sup> 1834

Dr. Sir

Permit me to embrace the  
present opportunity of congratulating  
you on the recovery of your health and return  
to the Indian Country, having been informed by  
an Indian of the Good & fair view of these facts

It is now far from the strong arm  
of the Government and enjoying all the pri-  
vileges and bad feeling which will always  
exist between the traders and officers of Govt.  
but with a single up of heart and an eye  
always to my duty am able to battle the  
match with all parties the numerous Indians  
of this Sub Agency harmonized well, and indeed  
are fond of the white people who live with them  
but your Comdgades occasionally give us  
some trouble a few days ago a band of few  
Lodges of Creations of the Sioux Coopers in  
an attempt to shoot a white man within a few  
hundred yards of the houses was prevented by  
some of the Ogallallas soldiers who were near  
at hand and it resulted in a fight in which  
probably fifty or sixty guns were fired many  
of the balls passing into the logs of the houses

one of the Captains was killed on the spot and  
one of the Missouri Indians so badly wounded  
that he must die - Some others received slight  
Injuries & I have however Compromised the matter  
so far as to permit the five Lodges to leave  
for their own Country without further molesta-  
tion having furnished them with Powder Lead  
and Tobacco for their journey - Some Lodges  
of the band called "Those who Shoot at the Scarf"  
have now for some years past written on the  
Missouri and its waters and are anxious to become  
permanently located here, but dislike the idea  
of not receiving their Share of the annuities  
due them band for I and sold to the Government  
on the Iowa and Rock Rivers, would you have  
the goodness to write me (addres to St. Louis) giving  
me your opinion upon this subject, and advise  
me how to act in this matter after presenting my  
most respectful Considerations to Mr. Calhoun  
believe me to be as ever your warm & devoted  
friend and obt: Mal: Servt:

Gov: L. Beauf

P.S. you will observe that I have neither time nor paper  
at hand for a lengthy communication and will therefore  
be excused of this scratch

If Major Saliaffero is not at St Peters when this reaches there, I would be glad to have it forwarded to Genl Clark's office at St Louis.

Upper Mississipi June 9<sup>th</sup> 1834

I. L. Beane

From Major I. L. Beane  
U. S. Indian Agent  
On Upper Mississipi  
Road  
July 9<sup>th</sup> 1834  
Answer  
June 9<sup>th</sup> 1834

Major Lawrence Saliaffero  
U. S. Indian Agent  
Saint Peters  
Upper Mississipi



1800  
1800  
1500

4500  
1800  
2000  
44

199

Prairie du Chien

14<sup>th</sup> June 1834

Drfrs;

Yours of the 6<sup>th</sup> inst. by Tah-  
ma-hah with inclosures, was received  
last night. I will avail myself  
of the first opportunity to forward  
your despatches, which I think will,  
probably, not be sooner than the 19<sup>th</sup>  
when the mail will leave this  
for Galena.

Col. Taylor has lately some  
instructions from the Comdg Gen<sup>t</sup> of  
the Army through Gen<sup>t</sup> Atkinson on  
the subject of the existing difficulties  
between the Sioux and the Foxes,  
a copy of which, I understand he  
sent to Maj. Ellis by the return of your  
express. From this you will see  
that no military interference in  
this matter, is at present contemplated  
by the department.

The probable result will be a  
war. During the last fall, winter,  
and Spring until Major Grooms  
arrived, I kept the Dept. regularly  
advised of the state of affairs  
between those tribes, and urged  
from time to time, the necessity  
of adopting early measures to  
adjust the difficulties between  
them. I should suppose, from  
present appearances, that it is  
intended to let the Indians  
fight, and when it may  
be convenient, settle the matter  
by Treaty.

I shall at all times be  
glad to receive your communication  
on matters connected with our Indian  
relations, and to hear of your  
personal welfare and prosperity.  
Please present my respects to  
Major Grooms & family & believe me  
to be  
your friend & obt. Servt  
J. P. Bennett

Miss Sam. Taliagans  
U.S. Indian Agent  
Mr. Peters

8.9  
21  
56  
-  
169  
169  
169

Indian Agency Peters

Jan 25<sup>th</sup> 1834

General

It may be of importance for the Government to be apprised of the fact of some four hundred Indians & Subjects of the Beaver under Wah-nah-toh having left some weeks since for the Hudsons Bay Settlement, and is said upon the special invitation of Gov Simpson, who had the Chieftain informed that if he would visit the colony he should him self receive a present of 75 £ Sterling - That the minds of most of the Indians of late have been for a time more than usually excited from some cause not directly known remains not to be doubted - but how far true that the Governor of a foreign colony has been instrumental in endeavouring to entice our Indians from their allegiance to this Government is respectfully submitted to the consideration of the Depty

I have the honor to be  
Your mo obt Servt  
Law-Balfour  
Indian Agent  
As S Peters

General William Clark  
Superintendent of Indian Affairs  
at St Louis

Jan 25<sup>th</sup> 1834  
Copy Letter  
to  
Genl Mr Clark saying  
Indians invited to the  
Hudson Bay Settlement  
of  
Gov Simpson

Extract from the 10<sup>th</sup> Sec: of the Act 201

"To provide for the Organisation of the  
Ind: Dept." approved 30 June 1834.

"And provided that no per-  
son shall hold more than one of-  
fice at the same time under this  
act, nor shall any agent, subagent,  
Interpreter or person employed un-  
der this act, receive his salary while  
absent from his agency or employ-  
ment without the permission of the  
Superintendent or Secretary of War,  
provided such absence shall at  
no one time exceed sixty days."

Agency House St Peters  
June 30<sup>th</sup> 1834

Sir

To avoid any, and all future misunderstandings and from our conversation of this day in presence of Doctor Jarvis of the U.S. Army upon the subject of the rights & prerogatives of the Sub Agent for Indian Affairs at this Agency it becomes my duty to declare explicitly the views of public duty then expressed in a form not to be misconstrued.

1<sup>st</sup> I stated that it was not necessary for you to be supplied with provision for issue to Indians during the presence of the Agent at his Post- as he alone was then held responsible.—  
2<sup>nd</sup> That you had no right to use the property of the Indians by applying the same to your own benefit- or of using Indians as servants for Indians- either in the presence or absence of the Agent as he (the Agent) alone was, and is held directly responsible upon his Bonds for their faithful application and I inclose a copy of the Suspension of \$4000- in my Accounts of June 30<sup>th</sup> 1838 being the amount of Payments turned over to E T Langham Esq your predecessor in office- and this being the first time that the foregoing Subjects have ever been supposed to admit of discussion  
You are at liberty to use this communication for any official purpose- by way of appeal from my decision

if thought advisable - to a higher authority -

Again I will for the sake of further information state that  
the hired men of this Agency are public & not private Servants  
They cannot with propriety be taken out of the line of their  
duty - except when not on duty, & then only can you have  
by voluntary consent their services. -

You state that you had been informed that the former  
Sub Agent had been in the habit of using the property of  
the Department when he thought proper even when the  
Agent was present - this I denied, and an appeal to Mr.  
Langham will convince you that your information is  
decidedly incorrect, and has led you into error. -

Whenever he entered upon the duties of Agent in fact, then  
he had all the responsibilities of the Station & acted accordingly  
with great ability, prudence and discretion - which  
will unquestionably lead to be your case whenever the the  
Government at this Post may be absent on duty or upon  
leave of absence. It will be my duty in future  
to act up to the full spirit & meaning of the foregoing  
communication. -

Very respectfully

Heratly yours etc  
Sub Agt At this  
Date

Law Saboglio

Sub Agent  
At this

1. T. Gauß B
2. T. Dub
3. T. Wirs
4. 3 per

Letter to  
Hor floors  
Jan 20. 1834  
"

Indian Agency 203

Prairie du Chien

July 11<sup>th</sup> 1834

Mr,

your letter of the 2<sup>d</sup> inst.  
directed to Genl. Street Ind. Agt.  
inclosing a copy of the articles of  
Convention entered into with the lower  
Band of Sioux in favor of Messrs.  
Ratette & Lockwood, has been received.—

You will probably receive  
by this mail, an order from the  
Commiss: of Ind. Affs. to have what he  
terms the Sioux aggressors in the late  
hostilities between the Sioux and the  
Sac & Foxes, delivered up and put  
in confinement in Fort Snelling.  
A copy of that order was forwarded to this  
office several weeks since. I think  
it is to be regretted, that the Dept:  
has been, as I conceive, misinformed upon  
the subject. The Commissioner seems to  
consider the Sioux and the Sac & Foxes  
as equally the aggressors, and accordingly  
has ordered that the offenders of both  
tribes be taken and put in confinement.

It seems to me <sup>to be</sup> strange, that any person acquainted with the facts, could have ~~said~~ made such representations to the Department as to induce the Commissioner to entertain the opinion that he does upon the subject. I reported the facts to the Deptt. immediately after they transpired, and from time to time through the winter, gave my <sup>and opinions</sup> views upon the subject. The information first given me of the transaction, and all that I have since received upon the subject, confirm my belief, that in all my communications to the Department I was correct in every material point, both of fact and opinion.

It is difficult to foresee the effect which the immediate execution of the order will have upon the Sioux, as respects our relations with the tribe generally, as your connexion with them as their Agent. I should expect it to be any thing but favorable. Had the order been sent to me to execute before you or Majt. Grooms returned to St. Peters, I should have felt myself bound by my duty to the

Government and to the Indians, to remonstrate against. —

I have thus briefly given you my views of the subject, (although not properly connected with it) because from my knowledge of the facts, I fear that injustice is likely to be done to the Sioux and as consequent injury to the Country. — I hope that you will receive them in the same spirit in which they are communicated. —

Respectfully  
Your obt. Servt.

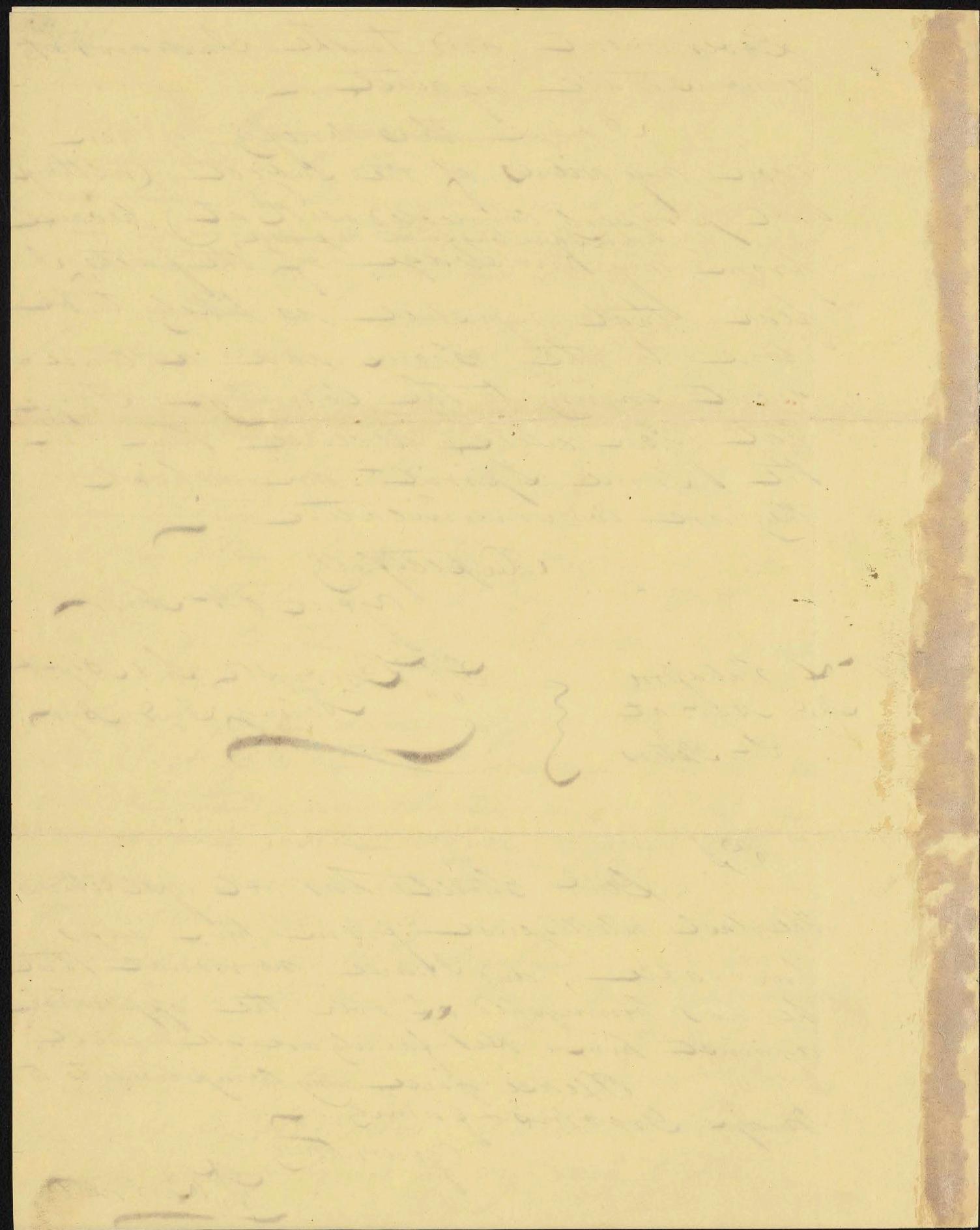
Majt. J. Tatiaporo  
Ind. Agt. at  
St. Peters

Mr. Bennett Sub Agt.  
" " Acting Ind. Agt.

P.S. Genl. Street has not yet returned. The last intelligence from him was favorable, and I have no doubt that he has triumphed over the opposition against him. His family are all well.

Please give my compliments to Majt. Grooms & family. —

Yours truly  
Mr. Bennett



Mr. Campbell

Agency House <sup>20th</sup>  
July 14<sup>th</sup> 1834

I have just received your note  
and thank you for the information. I am sorry  
if Godfrey met Mr. Grooms & did not inform  
him of the Whiskey, and when it was. For perhaps  
before we can send down some one may take  
it. But if you or any one will go down  
or Godfrey himself & bring up the two Barrels  
to me or turn it over to Mr. Grooms who  
is at Lake Pepin. I will pay him or yourself  
the sum of twelve dollars - That is, if the  
Whiskey is thrown to him - or delivered to me -  
I will pay the above sum - This can be done  
in 3 days at \$4 per day for the trouble -

Mr. D Campbell  
Hector

Yrs ob't servt  
Sam'l Campbell

Mr. Duncan Campbell

Peters

Hakku o was a lla

Sir/

Agency House Peters  
July 19<sup>th</sup> 1834

On the night before the last three soldiers passed my house and from their conversation, I conjecture proceeded to Lands End where there is an encampment of Sioux, and there maltreated two women - by beating one with a paddle & the other with a fire brand. These women state that they received the abuse of these men because they would not submit to be slept with - one of the individuals is young & a daughter of a respectable Indian called Toh toe, with her dachree.

Taylor of G. City was ~~one~~ of the party - and an all of them on extra duty.

Very respectfully  
John W. Otis

Jan. 1st a few  
Indians  
arrived  
at the

May his Blg  
not come  
Conoy  
First Indians

copy of a Note  
to Major Bliss -  
July 19<sup>th</sup> 1834

Indian woman abused by  
the Soldiers at their  
encampment at Land's End

General

206  
Indian Agency St. Louis  
July 20. 1834

A letter from your office of date the 11<sup>th</sup> June enclosing the instructions of the Commissioners of Indian Affairs ~~of the 23<sup>rd</sup> of September~~ last past have been received.

I have the pleasure of stating now as on a former occasion that there has not been the slightest aggression on the part of the Indians of this Agency against the Sac or Fox tribes since the Black Hawk war, if indeed their conduct on that occasion might have been viewed in such a light after the invitation given by the Authorities of the United States to join in the Campaign.

Eighteen Fox Indians on the 27<sup>th</sup> of November 1833. attacked three lodges of Sioux on Root River and within their own ~~country~~ Country in which several ~~men~~ women, & children were ~~killed~~ of the latter tribe ~~killed~~ murdered. in this conflict ~~two~~ Fox Indians were killed before the remaining Sioux (some three or four) could effect their escape. hence it is that I am enabled to say for the information of the Government that there are no Indians within this Agency who are guilty of murdering the Fox Indians. unless indeed it may be those who were so fortunate as to make their escape from the hands of said party of Sioux.

Genl William Clark  
Super. in Affairs  
at St Louis

From the hand of  
W. W. Mo. Ott Secy  
Law Department  
Indian Agency

Copy  
Reply to instructions of the  
Court of Indian Affairs - to  
take Sioux prisoners or hostages  
on account of the affair of  
Nov 27. 1833 - on Root River  
between Foxes & Sioux

Date  
July 20<sup>th</sup> 1834

Menominee Mill July 22<sup>nd</sup> 1834

Dear Sir I would be very much obliged to you to  
release me my property for the necessarys of life  
in this foreign land as I did not suppose that  
government officey would interfere with domestic  
consupition or say the necessarys of life without  
holding them self bound for damagey by a civil  
proceſſ

Yours with respects

Nicholas Perrin

Dear Perrin have claim to buy  
the staff of life

Rec'd / June 1832 -

July 31. 1834

To the Indian Agent  
or Subagent  
Rocky Landing  
Mississippi

Copy

210

General

Indian Agency St. Louis  
August 12<sup>th</sup> 1834

I have to report the Seizure of  
Ten Barrels of Whisky, on or about the 22<sup>nd</sup>  
day of July past a few miles below Fort Snelling  
on the Mississippi River, claimed and owned  
by Alexis Baile an Indian trader at the Entry  
of the River St. Peters - Said Whisky as Seized  
on board of his Boat has been stored in the  
public ware house at Fort Snelling, and is subject  
to the further action of the Dept in the case. —

I have the honor  
Your Mo Ott Servt

Genl. William Clark  
Sup't of Indian Affairs  
at St. Louis

Law Balfour  
Indian Agent  
At St. Peters

[Aug 12, 1834] 209

It is affirmed by Mr Alexis Baile a trader at the Entry of  
the River St Peters, near Fort Snelling - That the Ardent Spirits -  
Seized in his Boat on or about the 23<sup>rd</sup> day of July 1834. a few miles  
below Fort Snelling under the orders of the Indian Agent at St Peters  
was brought up openly in his Boat from Prairie du Chien. without  
any intention whatever of violating the laws, and under a determina-  
tion on his arrival at this Post - to report forthwith the facts  
and the quantity brought for the use alone of his band men -  
and if found to be inadmissible - then to request the same to be  
placed in the public Store, and reshipped to Prairie du Chien.

In consideration of the foregoing plea - and a perfect under-  
standing of the parties also that no process, or actions at law is to  
have, or commenced, or caused to be instituted against any Officer  
of the Army, or Agent, or Agents of the United States at this Post for  
or on account of Said Seizure on the date aforesaid, of Six Bar-  
rels of Whisky - and that the Bond to the United States of Said  
Bailey will not be put in Suit, on account of the introduction  
of Said Whisky into the Indian Country - under the plea aforesaid -  
Said - but <sup>the</sup> same shall be returned to Prairie du Chien as  
speedily as may be practicable, and delivered to the Agent  
of Mr Bailey at that place.

Given at the Agency at Peters this 9<sup>th</sup> day of August  
1834

Sealed and  
delivered in presence of

LS

LS

I do hereby certify this 12<sup>th</sup> day of August 1834. as the -  
Agency at Peters - that the affirmation, and plea as stated in  
in the first paragraph of this instrument was stated and formally  
agreed to & confirmed by Alexis Bailey in my presence on the  
date herein specified as having been made to the Agency - and  
that the Said Bailey without notice or just cause - did forfeit his  
word after the Agent had extenuated his claim -  
and delivered several the instruments of his Household to  
own keeping.

[1] 206

Superintendency of Ind. Affs  
St Louis August 5<sup>th</sup> 1834

Sir

You are it is to be presumed, furnished with the acts of Congress of 30<sup>th</sup> June 1834, to provide for the organisation of the Indian Department; and to "Regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes" &c. and of the "Regulations adopted to carry them into effect."

You shall hereafter be furnished, with further instructions under these acts should it be considered necessary. For the present, however, your immediate attention is required to the following points:

You will take the preparatory measures for the payment of Annuities to the tribes of your Agency, for which purpose, you will fix upon the time and place of payment and advise the Quarter Master at St. Peters —, who is the officer designated to make the payment, of the same, in order that he may make his arrangements to have the funds ready at the time and place fixed upon.

You will announce distinctly to the tribes of your Agency at the approaching payment of Annuities, that the visits of individuals or of delegations to the seat of Government will not be permitted. Let them distinctly understand

that this prohibition is positive, and must not be violated. Inform them that the Government will not only not pay a dollar towards their expenses, but will refuse to transact any business with them.

You will without delay, report to this office for the confirmation of the Department, a proper site for your Agency. You will also designate, for like confirmation, a proper person as interpreter - he will be allowed a salary of \$300.

The accounts of all persons employed within your Agency up to the 30<sup>th</sup> June, will be prepared and transmitted as early as practicable. When they are settled, whatever balances may be due to any of them, will, I am informed, be remitted. The pay of all, whose terms expire on the 30<sup>th</sup> June, under the new regulations, will be computed to the 31<sup>st</sup> ulto.

Under the Authority given in the 4<sup>th</sup> & 15<sup>th</sup> Sections of the act for the Organisation of the Indian Department, the Quarter Masters at Military posts will be directed to make the payments to the Indians for 1834.

The funds, appropriated for the Payment of annuities, the fulfilment of treaty stipulations, and for current expenses of the last half of this year, will be remitted to Major Brant, who is instructed to forward them to the

proper disbursing officers for distribution.

When payments are to be made in execution of treaty stipulations, or for current expenses, the account is to be presented by the Agent, or Sub Agent, to the proper Quarter Master, drawn in the usual form, received by the party, and certified by himself, with his requisition for the payment, in the form prescribed attached to it. The Quarter Master will in all cases make the payments, so far as the funds in his hands, applicable to the object of the expenditure will permit. If improper or erroneous payments are made, the amount will be credited to the Quarter Master, and charged to the person issuing the Requisition. Quarterly returns of the requisitions will be made to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs by the person making them, which will exhibit dates and amounts, the character of the expenditures, & the names of the payees. These returns will be transmitted to the Commissioner, through this office to enable me to know the operations and condition of the fiscal Department. As you will be charged with any amount erroneously drawn by you, you will be careful to keep a fair Record, explanatory of every requisition, not for ordinary expenditures.

The allowances for the first half of this

year will not be affected by the new laws & Regulations; those for the last half will be brought strictly within them; and in no event will the sums allotted under the several heads in the annexed table, for that period, be exceeded. No expenditure for repairs will be made without previous permission; and all applications for such permission must be accompanied by a statement of the circumstances which render them necessary, and an estimate of the amount required.

Persons holding claims against the Department, must be informed that, their claims will hereafter be received and paid only through the proper agent; and you will bear in mind that the enactments of the 10<sup>th</sup> Section of the organisation law, relative to compensation, allowances and absences, and those of the 14<sup>th</sup>, relative to trading with the Indians, will be strictly adhered to. And you will forward no claims for services, not clearly within the former and will report without delay, all persons offending against the latter. The services and compensation of persons not employed by virtue of treaty stipulations, or authorized under the "acts" and "Regulations" specified, will be discontinued, if there be any such in within your Agency.

(See no. 215, for balance of letter)

You will report to this office, for the approval of the Department, the names of suitable persons for the appointment of teachers, Mechanics, farmers &c. if such persons are authorized to be employed at your Agency. The new laws prescribe, that a preference shall be given to natives, when those competent to those duties and employments can be found. They also direct, that the direction of these persons shall be given up to the proper authorities of a tribe, whenever in the judgment of the President, they are qualified for the trust. You are requested to furnish such information from time to time, as will enable the executive to form an opinion upon this point.

The Intercourse act of 30<sup>th</sup> June repeals all acts relating to the same subject, so far as this Superintendency is concerned. The provisions which regulate the granting and revoking of licenses, prohibit the introduction of Spirits and liquors and wine to the Indian country, and bar all claims not presented within two years, will require your attentive consideration. A system for enforcing the exclusion of Spirits and wine will I am informed be prepared and shall be forwarded to you when received.

Issues of provisions will hereafter be made to those Indians only who come to the

[6] Agencies on business. The provisions will be obtained from the Commissary's Stores, at the Military Stations, and at other points, by purchase upon contracts, or in open market, if the contracts cannot be made without great inconvenience. The rations in these cases, will be the same, as are allowed at the distribution of Annuities and you will be careful to conform strictly to the instructions on this subject, laid down in the "Regulations."

In addition to the allotment for your Agency for the 3<sup>rd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> quarters of the year 1834, as stated to this office, I also annex extract from a Statement of funds transmitted to Major Brant for the payment of Annuities, provisions, transportation, and incidental expenses, and for other purposes for your Agency

Viz:

Divut of Mississippi . . . . . \$2000

3000 rations allowed for provisions

Allotment for your Agency for the 3<sup>rd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> quarters of the year 1834, as stated to this office.

Viz: Agent . . . . . \$750  
Interpreter . . . . . 150  
Presents . . . . . 200  
Contingencies . . . . . 50

[7] With high respect  
Mr. O. B. Dut.

*Wm Clark*

May: Lan: Taliaferro  
Pub: Agent 3

[87]

Partial Instructions  
from the Super. in Affairs  
under the Act of June 30<sup>th</sup> 1834  
Rev'd Sept: 7<sup>th</sup> 1834 -

Published August 5<sup>th</sup> 1834  
at St Louis

212

Scott Campbell thinks he can  
catch the desert if he went with  
2 Indians I have employed.  
Can you spare him

28 Aug 1834

H. S. Jr.  
my best  
b.

To My Paleafino  
Present

[Aug 28, 1834] 211

To all whom it may concern

Joseph Cleosure having applied for permission to accompany his family in Lancy within the Sioux territory for the purpose of aiding in the support of a respectable Sioux family to which he is connected by Marriage, & has obtained and having the full consent of the Sioux, and even their application for the object above specified - Permission is hereby granted the said Mozeus on the grounds of his being a man of good character, and upon the application of the Indians aforesaid to join said Indians for and during the present fall, & winter and no longer.

Given at the Office of U S M  
Mus - This 28<sup>th</sup> day of August 1834

Law Paliaferro  
Peter Apul  
Cat Peters

Pass Port  
Los Monjes

Recalled &

Cancelled

Sept 7<sup>th</sup> 1834

Act 30 June

1834

Form of all provision returns

Provision return for one man Interpreter for the Agency  
at St. Peters for thirty days commencing on the 1<sup>st</sup> and ending on the  
30<sup>th</sup> day of September 1834 - enclosed. —

Days	Days & hours	Days & hours per day	Total	Rations of Pork	Rations of Flour	Rations of Beans	Rations of Sugar	Rations of Coffee	Rations of Soap	Rations of Candle	Rations of Soap	Rations of Salt
1	30	1	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30

G.T. & J.W. Apres

The same form answers for Black Earth  
and St. Peters - except you must double every figure  
to include Both. — Say 60 Rations -

Form of Return

Return for Provisions for Indians of the Sioux  
tribes visiting this post on business under the Agent  
during the month of September 1834

Days of Oct	Barrel of Flour	Barrel of Flour	One Barrel of Pork Two Barrels of Flour
Fort Snelling Sept 1 <sup>st</sup> 1834			

Law Paliofeno  
Agent  
At St. Peters

[The original document of which this is a photocopy of one side,  
is filed under date of July 28, 1835].

General

213  
Indian Agency St Peters  
September 1<sup>st</sup> 1834

In this monthly report it affords me great pleasure to be enabled to continue a favorable report of the conduct of the several tribes of Sioux within this Agency. I have concluded another treaty between the Sioux & Chippeways for another season. All that can be wished now is, that the boundary lines between these tribes be strictly defined by a Survey, and my exertions hitherto will be crowned with success by a permanent peace - adding to this a Special Sub Agency for the Chippeways of the upper Mississippi and its tributary waters about Lake Pepin. So as to prevent these people from being brought here either in reference to their affairs with the Sioux or at the instance of the fur traders.

I have the honor to be  
Yours Mo Ott Serv

General William Clark  
Superintendent  
of Indian Affairs  
At St Louis

Law Table of the  
Missouri  
At St Peters

P.S. Please submit the foregoing suggestions to the Comt. of Indian Affairs - as I feel confident of the vicinity of having the foregoing objects accomplished

Geo. - R. - R. -

1. Sept 1834

Dept of affairs

Sub of for Chippewa

Peace - etc

P. Arthur L. Chapman Esqz  
District Attorney of the U. States  
Sir

214  
Indian Agency St Peters  
September 6<sup>th</sup> 1834

I have to report the Seizure of Six  
Barrels of Whisky on or about the 22<sup>d</sup> of July on board the trading  
Boat of Alexis Bailey a few Miles below Fort Snelling on the River  
Mississippi- and a Second <sup>Set</sup> of two Barrels on or about the  
7<sup>th</sup> of the same Month- the latter containing by Mark - 34  $\frac{3}{4}$  Pds.  
34 Gallons - but by Measurement 54 Pds. Net. — Claimed by Nicholas  
Perrin, & taken at the Foot of Lake Pepin.

Mark	Alexis Bailey packages as marked <sup>3</sup>	Contents
1. 40 pds		40
2. 39 do		30
3. 34 $\frac{3}{4}$ do		31
4. —		30
5. 35 do		30
6. 36 do		35
207 $\frac{1}{2}$ Gall as marked <sup>3</sup> as Seized <sup>3</sup>		<u>196</u> Gauged

As May Bluff & vicinity may be found in the Territory of  
Michigan I desire that you will be pleased to have the above  
contraband articles libeled as soon as possible in the usual  
manner - and notify May Bluff of your decision - The  
Bond of Alexis Bailey will be placed in your hands in

October early - I expect a writ to be served upon  
me as soon as I reach Prairie du Chien - in fact there  
is no doubt of it - and then will be one ready for  
Major Bliss now in command of this Post, and will  
doubtless be served when an opportunity may present -

We are mutually interested in the matter and desire  
for our safety that all legal and proper steps be taken  
as speedily as the law may require in such cases

The late Sub Agent Horatio Groves acted under  
my orders in both cases - and as he is known to  
all the facts - and will be in St Louis as soon as this  
letter - I have written to Genl Clark to request that  
you will be pleased to have his deposition taken as  
the most material witness - I trouble you in  
this matter as I do not know when to direct a  
letter to the Marshall for the delivery of Missouri

I have the honor to be  
Your very Obedt Servt

Lawrence  
Sub Agent  
At St Louis

Mr L Mayes  
Dear Mr Attorney  
Sept 6<sup>th</sup> 1834

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Princeton Chm Sept 11 1834

Sir

your decision in the case of Mr  
Bailey having been communicated, I can  
assure you it meets the approbation of the  
Compt<sup>t</sup> - we disclaim any intention whatever  
of permitting the laws to be violated by any  
one in our employ, and beg that you may  
be assured of the disposition of the Compt<sup>t</sup>  
to have the trade conducted, upon every  
principle of equity and justice, A Supervisor  
to Mr Bailey will be speedily appointed  
and ordered to S<sup>t</sup> Peters, and take charge  
of his Post -

Very Respectfully

your obedt Servt  
J. S. Rotelle

acting for M. J. C<sup>o</sup>

Major L. Tolinsarro

Ind Agents

S<sup>t</sup> Peters

Upper Brifg<sup>th</sup>.

Indian Agency Letters  
September 10<sup>th</sup> 1834

To Elbert Herring Esq<sup>r</sup>  
Comm<sup>r</sup> of Int Affairs

Sir

I have declined to permit this  
Bailey late an Indian trader within my Agency to hold fur-  
ther intercourse with the tribes of Sioux. not only in con-  
sequence of his bad temper. but on account of his frequent  
Violations of the inculcated laws. and particularly as devel-  
oped on the 22<sup>o</sup> of July last past.

I have the honor herewith to enclose to you  
a copy of a letter received by direction of the Agency of the  
Com<sup>r</sup> Fur Company- acting as its Chief- and by the hands  
of Joseph Rotelle Esq- which seems conclusive on their part.

I have the honor to be  
Your most Obed<sup>r</sup> Serv<sup>r</sup>  
Law Palioferra  
Indian Agent  
At St. Paul

Copy of a letter to the  
Commr Indian Affairs

September 15<sup>th</sup> 1835

Declining to re license

Alexis Bailely

and my reasons there for

I shall be within  
of Baileys removal  
by the Company —

Received in Sept 11<sup>th</sup> 1834 —

a copy furnished the  
Office of Indian Affairs

Henry H. Sibley Esqr  
succeed A Bailely  
and proved to be  
an excellent encl<sup>age</sup>  
ange for the Company

I shall be within  
my course of action  
and duty for  
the same —

Department of War  
Office Indian Affairs  
October 27 1834.

Sir.

I have received from Genl Clark several communications from you respecting the difficulties between the Sioux & Sac & Fox, between the Sioux and Chippewas, arising probably from the delay in establishing their boundaries, and also respecting the seizure of whisky in the Indian country.

With respect to the order of the Department of the 29<sup>th</sup> of May last, it was of course inoperative and void as respects the Indians of your agency, if they had not committed the murders charged against them. A mere denial on their part, unless they are guilty, must not avail them.

An appropriation having been made by Congress for running the boundary lines between the Chippewas and Sioux, measure, will be taken early in the ensuing season for the accomplishment of that work, and there is reason to believe that the removal of the principal cause of their difficulties, will bring about friendly relations between them.

Copies of the late acts touching the Indian Department, and of the regulations established to carry them into effect have been transmitted to Genl Clark for the

purpose of supplying the agents & sub-agents of his super-  
intendency, and after he shall have furnished you with  
a copy, you will be at no loss in discovering the proper  
course to be pursued respecting the whisky you caused  
to be seized in the Indian country.

Very respectfully  
Your hub't'r  
Elbert Herring

Maj L. Taliaferro  
St Peters.

1 Cons<sup>r</sup>. Mch Affair

Relation to difficulty with  
the Soc Token & Token and the  
Chapman & Son —

Relation to Larceny of Whisky  
& course of procedure under  
the act of 20<sup>th</sup> June 1834 —

Recd ~~1<sup>st</sup>~~ <sup>2<sup>nd</sup></sup> Sd. 21 Nov 1834.  
from W. W. Miree.

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Superintendent of Ind. Affairs,  
St. Louis, Nov. 7, 1834.

Sir,

Enclose herewith, for your information, extracts of a letter of the 5<sup>th</sup> ult<sup>r</sup>. from the Comm<sup>g</sup> Ind. Affairs, in reply to a communication from Maj. Taliaferro of the 12<sup>th</sup> August last, stating the seizure, and storing in the Public warehouse at Fort Snelling, of six barrels of whisky, the property of Alexis Bailly, an Indian trader.

A copy of the act & regulations mentioned by the Comm<sup>g</sup>, was forwarded to Fort Snelling, on the 25<sup>th</sup> September.

I am, Sir,

With high respects  
Your ob. Servt

Wm Clark

Major P. Bliss, U.S.A.  
Comm<sup>g</sup>  
Fort Snelling

Sept<sup>+</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> A.D. A.D. 7 Nov. 1834.  
with Com. letter 2 Oct. 1834.

Rev. F. Snell Jr 25 dec 1834.

(Extracts.)

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Department of War,  
Office Indian Affairs,  
October 2<sup>o</sup> 1834.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 15<sup>th</sup> ult. enclosing two letters from Major Taliaferro, one of them reporting the seizure of six barrels of whiskey in the Indian country.

"Copies of the late acts of Congress organising the Indian Department, and of the regulations for carrying them into effect have been transmitted to you for the purpose of supplying the Agents & Sub Agents of your Superintendency, and after having supplied Major Taliaferro he will see fit to adopt respecting the whiskey."

Signed

Albert Herring

Gen. W. Clark,

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Office of Supt. Ind: Affairs  
St. Louis Nov. 25<sup>th</sup> 1834.

Sir,

By direction of Genl. Clark,  
who will be absent from this office for a  
few days, I furnish you below with ex-  
tracts of a letter rec'd. from the Acting  
Commissioner of Ind: Affs. - intended  
for the information of government of the  
Indian Agent at St. Peters.

" The site selected by Major Talia-  
ferro for his Agency is approved. I have also  
to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of  
the 25<sup>th</sup> ult: with the papers forwarded to  
you by Major Taliaferro.

" His nomination of W.  
Scott Campbell as Interpreter for Sioux of  
his Agency is approved. His salary, as  
such

such, cannot exceed Three hundred dollars.  
The sum of One hundred & thirty Dollars  
will be allowed for the occasional employ-  
ment of an Interpreter for the Chippewas,  
Should it be necessary. A greater amount  
cannot be allowed. The other papers are  
reserved until Major Talaferro's arrival."

"Major Talaferro's proceedings  
in revoking the license of A. Baile, are  
approved."

"The Agents have omitted to  
state the compensation at which the per-  
sons employed by them have been engaged.  
This omission should be supplied."

I have the honor to be  
Very respectfully Sir,  
Your ob<sup>r</sup>. Serv<sup>r</sup>.

Major I. Bliss, us. Army-  
Comdg Fort Snelling  
& Actg Agt. Ind: affs.

W. Ruland  
S. Agt. Ind: affs.

Augt 22d 1837, —  
Extract from Com. letter.  
Site of Agency. Rest of Agent's letter.  
Scott Campbell Interpreter.  
Allow<sup>u</sup> of Chippewa Interpreter.  
A. Blailey licensed worker. —  
Rate of compensation. —

Rev. Dr. Snell 25 Oct. 1837.

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Superintendence of Ind. affairs,  
St. Louis, Dec. 12, 1834.

Sir.

I have rec'd. a letter from the Commr.  
of Indian Affairs, under date of 24<sup>th</sup> ult. on sub-  
jects connected with the operations of this Depart-  
ment in the ensuing year, and at his request  
proceed to lay before you such parts of it as relate  
to your duties and concerns.

The allotment of Presents to your agency,  
will be \$600. The allowance for Provisions is  
not stated. Adverting to the allowances for  
these objects, the Commissioner observes—

"These sums [for Provisions] and those  
"allowed for Presents are intended to cover the  
"expenses of transportation, as well as the first cost  
"of the articles purchased. These provisions are  
"intended for the Indians visiting the agencies  
"on public business; and for those and for those  
"that may be required at the payment of an-  
"nuities, for which a separate remittance  
"will be made, the Agents will make requisitions  
"upon the Companies at the military Posts,  
"where this course can be pursued conveniently;  
"as at St. Peters, Rock Island, Prairie du Chien,  
"and I presume, at the Upper Missouri agency.  
"As the duty of paying the Annuities is confided

"to the Quarter Masters, the allowances for transporting and distributing them will be made to these officers."

The sum of \$50. will be allowed you for stationery and postage, and \$150. for contingencies - such as occasional labor, Indian funerals, the recovery of Indian horses, and such other indispensable objects in the intercourse with the Indians, as are not otherwise provided for.

The act of 30<sup>th</sup> June for the organisation of the Indian Department, authorises the employment of but one Interpreter for each agency unless the tribes within its limits speak different languages, and fixes his pay at \$300. You will be allowed \$150. additional for the occasional services of an Interpreter for the Chippewas.

The Commissioner observes - "No repairs are considered to be necessary at St. Peters, upon the information possessed by the Department. Nor is it thought proper to erect new buildings at Rock Island, as it is probable the Indians of that agency will recede from the Mississippi, when the station of the agent will of course be changed."

It should be constantly kept in recollection, that none of the allowances must be exceeded, without the previous sanction of the

Department. I am informed that the representations of the Agents upon the subject, transmitted through, and approved by the Superintendent, will be carefully considered. I receive as favorable an action as circumstances shall warrant. And it is confidently expected, that the Agents of this Superintendency will cheerfully aid the Department to conduct the Ind. Service successfully, with the limited means placed at its disposal by Congress, by the exercise of strict vigilance & economy.

I have the honor to be,  
Yrs. Ob. Dots.

Wm Clark

Major D. Bliss,  
Comm<sup>g</sup> of Fort Snelling  
P. Act<sup>g</sup> Ind. Agt. St. Peters

Major D. Bliss  
Ind. Agt.

Sup<sup>r</sup> St Louis 12 decr 1834.  
Allowances — \$1250: or  
Instructions —

600 Pursuit  
50. Stationary Postage  
150. Contingencies  
300. Steam Ent  
150. Clerks pay &c  
\$1250

Rev. J. Smith. 11 Feb 1835.