



Jaroslav and Edeltraud Vnoucek
and family papers, 1932-2018

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MINNEAPOLIS
VOCATIONAL
Evening School
and TECHNICAL INSTITUTE
Classes for Adults

•
OFFICE EDUCATION

•
DISTRIBUTIVE EDUCATION

•
GENERAL INTEREST

•
HOMEMAKING EDUCATION

•
TRADE EXTENSION

•
TECHNICAL

•
Registration -- Sept. 5, 6, 7, 5-8 p.m.

Classes Start Week of Sept. 11

FALL TERM
1950

MINNEAPOLIS VOCATIONAL EVENING SCHOOL & TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

Fourth Avenue and Grant Street

Minneapolis 4, Minnesota

SEC. 34.66, P. L. & R.

GENERAL INFORMATION

When and How to Register

Register evenings September 5, 6 and 7 at Minneapolis Vocational Evening School between 5 and 8 p.m.

Classes Start Week of September 11, 1950

No registration is complete until fee is paid.

No refunds will be made one week after start of class. A minimum of 50c will be retained from all registrations. The school reserves the right to withdraw any course in which registration is insufficient to justify continuance of the course.

Additional courses will be offered at the request of ten or more people if instructors and facilities are available.

Who Are the Instructors

The evening school staff consists of day school instructors, business and professional people, and skilled tradesmen from industry.

OFFICE HOURS

9:30 a.m. to 9:00 p.m.

Monday thru Thursday

9:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. Friday

MINNEAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS

H. B. Bruner, Superintendent

Wilmer J. Menge, Assistant Superintendent

Minneapolis Vocational Evening School Personnel

Raymond Nord—Principal, Minneapolis Vocational School

Ann Krost—Consultant in Homemaking

Milo Latterell—Coordinator of Distributive Education

Armas Pelto—Assistant Coordinator Distributive Education

Glen Jadwin—Coordinator of Trade Extension

Ralph Andersen—Assistant Coordinator of Trade Extension

Dale Davidson—Assistant Coordinator of Trade Extension

Marie Kallio—In charge of Education for the Foreign-Born

Received of Vnousek, Elenant No. **6323**
Subjects Eng. (Hearing)
Fee: Registration \$ _____
Laboratory \$ 1.50 School MPLS. VOC'L EVENING
Extracurr. \$ _____ Per L. M.
Total \$ 1.50 Date 10/30/50
No refund made one week after this date

RECEIPT FOR FEE
57E (100 bks. 7-49 V)

ADULT EDUCATION
MINNEAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Received of Jaroslav Vnousek No. **8324**
Subjects Eng - Hearing
Fee: Registration \$ _____
Laboratory \$ 1.50 School MPLS. VOC'L EVENING
Extracurr. \$ _____ Per L. M.
Total \$ 1.50 Date 10/30/50
No refund made one week after this date

RECEIPT FOR FEE
57E (100 bks. 7-49 V)

ADULT EDUCATION
MINNEAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Received of Jaroslav Vnousek No. **13052**
Subjects Eng.
Fee: Registration \$ _____
Laboratory \$ 1.50 School MPLS. VOC'L EVENING
Extracurr. \$ _____ Per 69.
Total \$ 1.50 Date 9-10-51
No refund made one week after this date

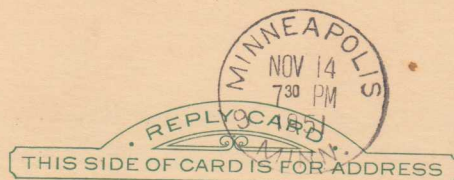
RECEIPT FOR FEE
57E (100 bks. 7-49 V)

ADULT EDUCATION
MINNEAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Received of Elettrud Vnousek No. **13200**
Subjects English
Fee: Registration \$ _____
Laboratory \$ 1.50 School MPLS. VOC'L EVENING
Extracurr. \$ _____ Per L. M.
Total \$ 1.50 Date 9-17-51
No refund made one week after this date

RECEIPT FOR FEE
57E (100 bks. 7-49 V)

ADULT EDUCATION
MINNEAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS



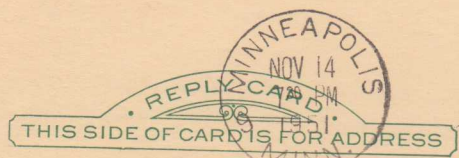
Jaroslav Vnoucek

239-34th Av. No.

c/o Mrs. Emma Halverson (St. Ag.)

Long Lake, Minnesota

Minneapolis
12.



Edeltraud Vnoucek

c/o Mrs. Emma Halverson (St. Ag.)

Long Lake, Minnesota

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA
CORRESPONDENCE STUDY DEPARTMENT

Dear Sir or Madam:

The United States Department of Justice indicates you may want to become an American Citizen. Before you become naturalized, however, you will be questioned concerning your knowledge of our Constitution and Government. A Home Study Course in Citizenship has been prepared to help you.

If you are interested in such a course, write to the Correspondence Study Department, 251 Nicholson Hall, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn. The fee for the course is four dollars (\$4.00).

F. Lloyd Hansen
Director

CSD/PC-Form 68:951-TM

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English for the
Foreign Born

(Experimental-10/50-P.Fearing)

C O N V E R S A T I O N
for
B E G I N N E R S

In a Barber Shop

Barber: You are next, Sir

Mr. A.: I want a haircut. Do not use the clippers on the sides, please, just in the back.

Barber: All right. Do you part your hair on the side or do you comb it straight back?

Mr. A.: I comb it straight back.

Barber: Fine This has been a beautiful day, hasn't it?

Mr. A.: Yes, I worked outside in the garden all day. The weather report on the radio was that we will have rain tomorrow. We need rain for the lawns and gardens.

Barber: Yes, we do need rain. Have you been fishing this year?

Mr. A.: No, I haven't. But I am going next Saturday.

Barber: I was fishing at Lake Sunset last Sunday, and I caught six big sunfish Do you want a shave, too?

Mr. A.: No, I shave at home. I got a new electric razor from my wife for Christmas.

Barber: Do you want oil on your hair?

Mr. A.: No, thanks. I never use oil on my hair.

Barber: Here, look in this hand mirror. Does it look all right?

Mr. A.: Yes, it looks very fine.

Barber: Please pay the cashier. . . . Next, please.

English for the
Foreign Born

(Experimental-10/50-P. Fearing)

C O N V E R S A T I O N
for
BEGINNERS

At the Beauty Shop

Telephone Conversation

Operator: Vanity Beauty Shop.

Voice: I wish to make an appointment for a
hair cut and permanent wave.

Operator: Can you come next Wednesday afternoon?

Voice: I am sorry, I can't come in the afternoon.
Can you give me a morning appointment?

Operator: Yes, we can take you on Thursday morning
at nine o'clock.

Voice: Thursday at nine is very good.

Operator: Thursday at nine. What is your name,
please?

Voice: Mrs. R.D. Smith.

Operator: Thank you, Mrs. Smith. . . .

In the Beauty Shop

Operator: Good morning!

Lady: Good morning! I am Mrs. Smith. I have
an appointment at nine o'clock.

Operator: Yes, I am ready for you. Please sit in
this chair. First you would like a hair
cut, is that right?

Lady: Yes, that's right.

Operator: Do you want it short?

Lady: Yes, cut it short in the back, but not
too short on the sides. . . .

At the Beauty Shop - page 2

Operator: Do you want a cold wave or a machine wave?

Lady: I will have a cold wave this time.

Operator: Please sit in this chair so I can shampoo your hair. . . .

Operator: Please sit in this chair under the dryer. Here is a magazine to read.

Lady: Thank you, I brought a book with me.

Operator: If the dryer gets too hot, turn this switch to the left. Or, you may call me, and I will turn it.

Lady: Thank you. . . . *dry-moet*

Operator: Your hair is dry. Now I am ready to give you the permanent.

Lady: I do not wish to have my hair too curly.

Operator: I will be careful.

English for the
Foreign Born

(Experimental - 5/51 - P. Fearing)

C O N V E R S A T I O N
for
BEGINNERS

In a Shoe Store

Clerk: May I help you?

Mr. A.: I want a pair of shoes.

Clerk: What kind of shoes do you want, sir?

Mr. A.: I want a pair of sport shoes. I like that pair over there. Let me try them on, please.

Clerk: ^{only} Certainly. What size do you wear?

Mr. A.: Size 8½ D. This pair I am wearing are a C but they were always a little narrow.....

Clerk: How do they feel?

Mr. A. The size is all right, but I think the color is too light. Do you have them in a darker brown?

Clerk: I do not have that same shoe in a darker brown, but how do you like this style? I have it in dark brown.

Mr. A.: Let me try it on. Yes, I like this shoe very much, and this is a better color than the other. What is the price of this pair?

Clerk: \$8.95. They are on sale this week.

Mr. A.: I'll take this pair. Where do I pay?

Clerk: Here is the slip. Pay the cashier at the desk.

English for the
Foreign Born

(Experimental-10/50-P. Fearing)

C O N V E R S A T I O N
for
BEGINNERS

On the Street

Mr. A: Excuse me, please, can you tell me where the King Hotel is?

Lady: I am sorry, I can not help you. I do not live in this city. I am a visitor here.

Mr. A: Pardon me, please, can you tell me where the King Hotel is?

Boy: Yes, I can. You go straight ahead for ten blocks. Then turn right and go eight blocks. You can take a streetcar. The "car stop" is across the street.

Mr. A: Thank you very much. First I must buy a newspaper. Where is a news-stand?

Boy: Turn left, and there is a news-stand around the corner.

Mr. A: Do they sell Swedish newspapers there?

Boy: No, you can not buy a Swedish newspaper there. The big news-stand on Sixth Street sells them. That stand is near the King Hotel.

Mr. A: Thank you, I will stop there.

7.

English for the
Foreign Born

(Experimental-10/50-P. Fearing)

C O N V E R S A T I O N
for
BEGINNERS

At a Tobacco Counter

Clerk: How do you do? Can I help you?

Customer: I want a package of cigarettes.

Clerk: What kind of cigarettes do you want?

Customer: I am sorry, but I do not know the names of American cigarettes.

Clerk: Here, take this package of Blanks. I smoke them, and I like them very much.

Customer: How much does a package cost?

Clerk: 23 cents.

Customer: Do you have a light?

Clerk: There is a lighter on the counter there.

Customer: May I have a book of matches?

Clerk: Yes, Sir!

Customer: How late do you stay open on Sunday?

Clerk: We are open until 10:00 P. M.

Customer: Thank you. Next Sunday I want to buy a pipe, a can of tobacco, and a box of cigars to send to my brother in Europe. He does not smoke cigarettes. Goodbye.

Clerk: Goodbye.

(Experimental-10/50-P.Fearing)

C O N V E R S A T I O N
for
BEGINNERS

In a Drugstore

Mrs. A.:

Here is a big drugstore.
I have to buy a tooth-^{brush}
brush and some tooth-
paste. Do we have time
to stop?

Mr. A.:

Yes, I have enough time.
We can have a cup of
coffee here, too. . . .

Salesgirl:

May I help you?

Mr. A.:

I want a toothbrush
and some toothpaste.

Salesgirl:

We have toothbrushes
for 25 cents and 50
cents. The 50 cent
brushes are stiff and
the 25 cent brushes are
very soft. Do you want
toothpaste or tooth-
powder?

Mrs. A.:

I like toothpaste better than the tooth-
powder. Give me one tube of
toothpaste, please. And I will take one
of the 25 cent toothbrushes.

Salesgirl:

That will be 50 cents.

Mr. A.:

I need a roll of films for my camera.

Salesgirl:

You can get films at counter 4. . . .

Mr. A.:

I want a roll of films, size 620.

Salesman:

One roll is 50 cents, but we are selling
two rolls for 90 cents. We have a big
sale in this store today.

Mr. A.:

Fine. Give me two rolls. . . .



In a Drugstore - page 2

Mrs. A.:

Dean
neighbor
John, the little neighbor boy has a birthday tomorrow. I must get him a present. Do you think one of these little books would be all right? The pictures in them are very nice. *the*

Mr. A.:

books
I think this dog story is very good.

Mrs. A.:

I will get it.

Mr. A.:

as we'll get it
It is getting late. Let's have some coffee and then take the streetcar home. *streetcar home*

(Experimental-11/50-P.Fearing)

CONVERSATION
for
BEGINNERS

Looking for a Room

Mr. A.: I saw your ad in the Sunday newspaper that you have an apartment to rent.

Landlady: Yes, I do. I have an apartment and a sleeping room. Come in, and I will show them to you. They are both furnished.

Mr. A.: I am not interested in the sleeping room. My wife and I live in a sleeping room now, but we need an apartment.

Landlady: Do you both work?

Mr. A.: Yes, we do. We have no children. . . .

Landlady: Here is the apartment. It has only two rooms - a big living room and a small kitchen. You can make the studio couch into a bed at night.

Mr. A.: Is there a private bath?

Landlady: No, the bathroom is down the hall. You have to share the bathroom with the renters in the apartment next to this one.

Mr. A.: How many people live in the other apartment?

Landlady: Just a man and his wife, and they both work.

Mr. A.: How much is the rent for this apartment?

Landlady: This apartment rents for 45 dollars a month. That includes gas, light, and heat. You must pay extra for the refrigerator.

Mr. A.: Is the telephone extra?

English for the
Foreign Born

(Experimental-10/50-P. Fearing)

C O N V E R S A T I O N
FOR
BEGINNERS

A Visit at a Friend's

- Friend: Good afternoon. . . . Come in!
- Visitor: Good afternoon. . . . Thank you.
- Friend: How are you?
- Visitor: Oh, I am fine.
- Friend: Please give me your hat and coat. . . .
I have not seen you for a long time. Do
you like my new apartment?
- Visitor: Oh, yes. It is very beautiful. How
many rooms do you have?
- Friend: Come, and I will show you the rooms. . . .
This is the kitchen.
- Visitor: It is a very large apartment kitchen.
My kitchen is much smaller. Do you have
a dining room?
- Friend: No, I do not. This is the living room.
- Visitor: The wallpaper is very beautiful. Is
that a new television set?
- Friend: Yes, I bought it last Saturday, and I
like it very much. . . . This is the
bedroom and this is the bathroom. I have
a private bath.
- Visitor: Your apartment is very nice.
- Friend: Come, please sit down, and we will have
some coffee.
- Visitor: Thank you.
- Friend: Do you use cream and sugar?
- Visitor: No, thank you, I drink my coffee black.

(Experimental-10/50-P.Fearing)

C O N V E R S A T I O N
FOR
BEGINNERS

At the Public Library

Librarian: Good morning! May I help you?

Library Patron: Good morning! Yes, I am looking for some books about Alaska.

Librarian: We have several good books about Alaska. Here is one with good maps and many pictures.

Library Patron: I like to study maps.

Librarian: Do you have a library card?

Library Patron: No, I have no card. I just came to this city. How can I get a library card?

Librarian: Please fill in this application. Write your name and address, the name and address of your employer, and the name and address of one person who knows you well.

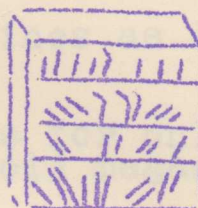
Library Patron: How long must I wait for my card?

Librarian: Your card will be ready in a week.

Library Patron: How much will my card cost?

Librarian: Nothing at all. You may borrow books without cost. You may also borrow magazines.

Library Patron: May I take out more than one book at a time?



7.
OLD BLACK JOE

Gone are the days when my heart was young and gay,

Gone are my friends from the cotton fields away,

Gone from this earth to a better land I know.

I hear their gentle voices calling:

Old, black Joe.

CHO:

I'm coming, I'm coming;

For my head is bending low.

I hear their gentle voices calling:

Old, black Joe.

-American Folk Song

Stephen Foster

SPELLING

First 500 Words from Ayre's List

ADULT EDUCATION

Minneapolis Public Schools

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
the	it	at	dear	has
and	was	we	from	very
of	is	on	are	were
to	will	he	all	been
I	as	by	me	would
a	have	but	so	she
in	not	my	one	or
that	with	this	if	there
you	be	his	they	her
for	your	which	had	an
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
when	him	our	think	than
time	more	good	should	sir
go	about	say	truly	last
some	no	could	now	house
any	please	who	its	just
can	week	may	two	over
what	night	letter	take	then
send	their	make	thank	work
out	other	write	do	day
them	up	thing	after	here
(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
said	before	next	today	home
only	long	want	must	feel
well	sincerely	hope	way	glad
am	shall	love	first	never
these	sent	men	new	three
tell	us	old	seem	much
even	give	every	morning	how
made	Mr.	find	school	until
know	like	most	great	many
year	enclose	such	wish	put
(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
get	did	receive	help	Sunday
into	little	soon	away	use
let	look	once	course	church
yesterday	respectfully	street	through	nice
come	afternoon	ask	call	sure
over	Miss	down	meet	anything
girl	those	yet	people	hour
also	too	see	another	children
where	man	since	number	don't
while	own	cannot	place	four

ALPHABET AND NUMBER CHART

A		a		N		n	
B		b		O		o	
C		c		P		p	
D		d		Q		q	
E		e		R		r	
F		f		S		s	
G		g		T		t	
H		h		U		u	
I		i		V		v	
J		j		W		w	
K		k		X		x	
L		l		Y		y	
M		m		Z		z	

I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	

Lesson V

NEW WORDS

head	ear <i>ur</i>	hands	foot	those
hair	ears	finger	feet	feel
eye	arm	fingers	thumb <i>pale</i>	hear
eyes	arms	leg <i>nose</i>	thumbs	smell
nose	hand	legs <i>nky</i>	toes	with
mouth <i>man</i>				

CONVERSATION

- Teacher: What is this?
Class: That is your head.
- Teacher: What is this?
Class: That is your hair?
- Teacher: What is this?
Class: That is your ear.
- Teacher: What are these?
Class: Those are your ears.
Teacher: I hear with my ears.
Class: We hear with our ears.
- Teacher: What is this?
Class: That is your eye.
- Teacher: What are these?
Class: Those are your eyes.
Teacher: I see with my eyes.
Class: We see with our eyes.
- Teacher: What is this?
Class: That is your nose.
Teacher: I smell with my nose.
- Teacher: What is this?
Class: That is your mouth.
- Teacher: What is this?
Class: That is your arm.

LESSON VIII

Am, Are, Is

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. I am reading. | 7. Is the book on the table? |
| 2. You are reading. | 8. No, it is on the desk. |
| 3. The man is reading. | 9. Are you reading your lesson? |
| 4. He is reading. | 10. Yes, I am reading my lesson. |
| 5. The woman is reading. | 11. That is his book. |
| 6. She is reading. | 12. This is your book. |

USE "AM", "ARE", OR "IS" IN THE BLANKS

13. He is sitting.
14. Am I standing near the desk?
15. No, you are standing near the window.
16. Is she reading her lesson?
17. She is not reading her lesson.
18. You are raising your right hand.
19. He is raising his left hand.
20. Are you closing the window?
21. Yes, I am closing the window.
22. She is opening the window.
23. She is walking to her seat.
24. The woman is reading her lesson.
25. The man is writing his lesson.
26. The table is in the room.
27. It is in the room.
28. That is his pencil.
29. This is her pencil.
30. That is my pencil.
31. This is my chair.
32. That is his chair.
33. That is not her chair.
34. This is your seat.
35. This is our room.

5. What is this?

This is a sack of salt.



6. What is that?

That is a can of pepper.



7. What is this?

This is a pound of coffee.

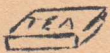
We drink coffee.



8. What is that?

That is a package of tea.

We drink tea.



9. What are these?

These are eggs.

We eat eggs.



10. How many eggs are there in a dozen?

There are twelve eggs in a dozen.



11. What is this?

This is a bottle of milk.

We drink milk.



12. What is that?

That is a bottle of cream.



13. What is this?

This is a glass of water.

We drink water.

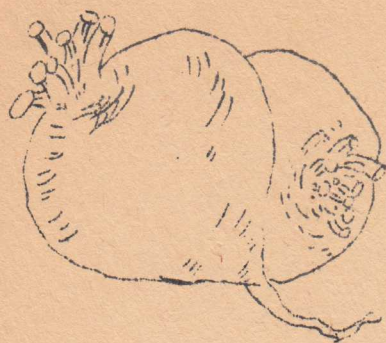


14. What is that?

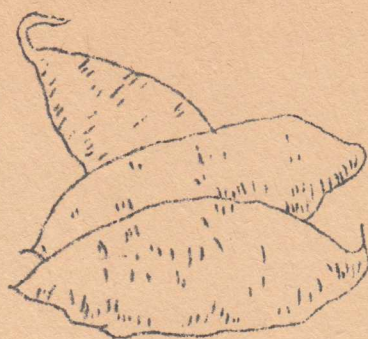
That is a pound of butter.

We eat butter on bread.

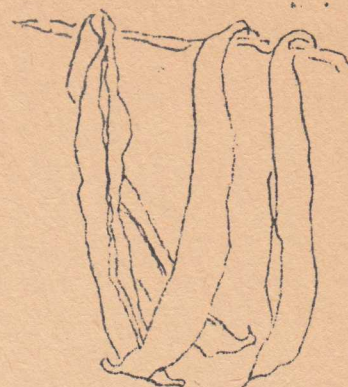




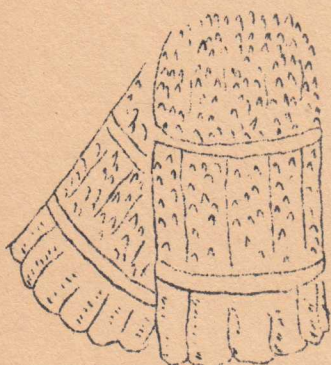
BEETS



SWEET POTATOES



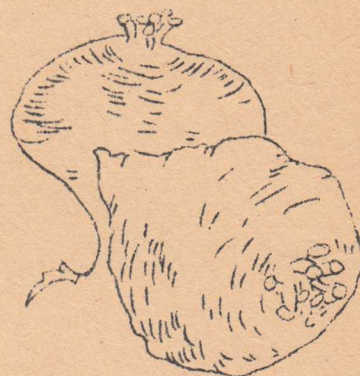
STRING BEANS



ASPARAGUS



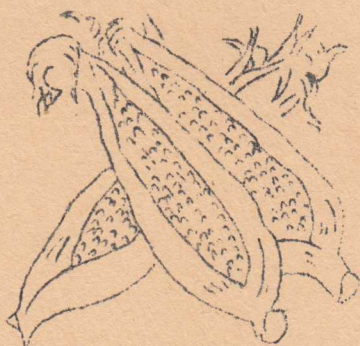
PEAS



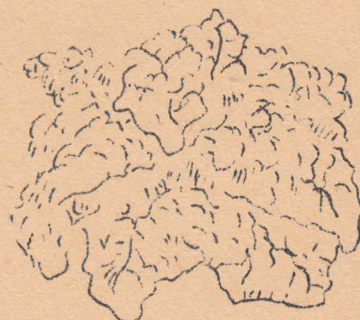
RUTABAGAS



DANDELION
KALE AND
BEET TOP
GREENS



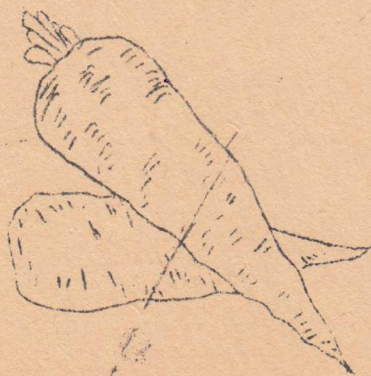
CORN ON COB



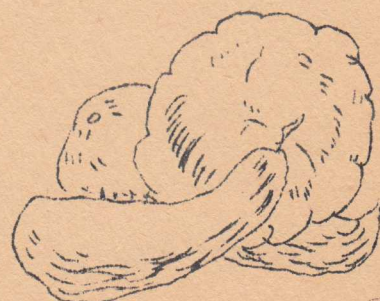
SPINACH



CALLIFLOWER



PARSNIPS



SQUASH



THANKSGIVING DAY

Thanksgiving Day in America was observed for the first time by the Pilgrims.

The Pilgrims were early settlers in Massachusetts. The native home was England.

The pilgrims were very unhappy in England.

They wished to live a humble and pious life.

They wanted their church services to be simple.

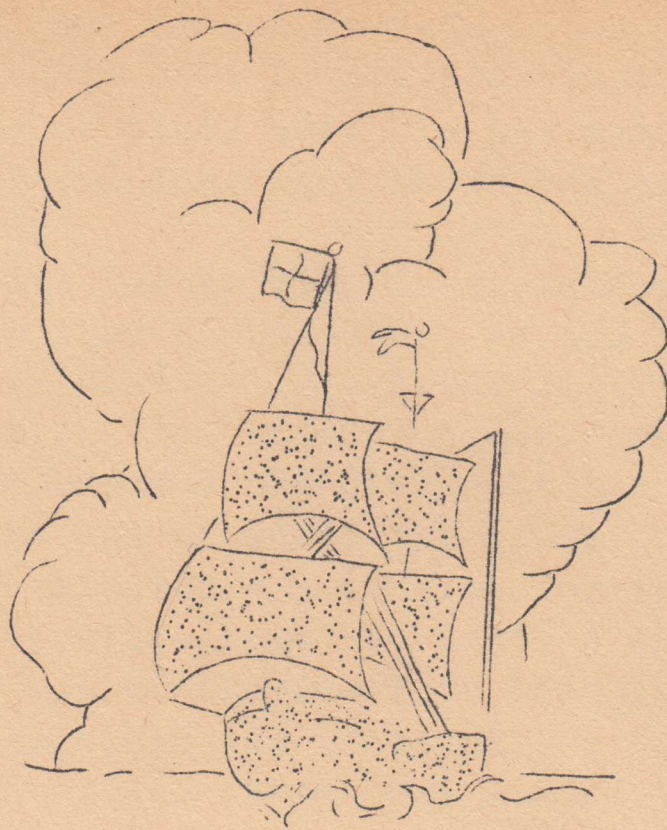
In England they could not worship in their own way.

They were imprisoned if they did not attend the state church.

So the Pilgrims fled to Holland.

Holland was a country of religious freedom.

But still the Pilgrims were not happy.



THANKSGIVING DAY

It is more than three hundred years since the first Thanksgiving Day was observed. It was celebrated by the Pilgrims, a colony of English families who had come to secure religious freedom in America.

Their native home was England. But they had been very unhappy in England because the king would not let them worship in their own way. They were imprisoned if they did not attend the state church. They left England to find freedom of worship.

At first they went to Holland. There they were treated kindly but they were not satisfied. They were afraid their children would forget the English Language and the English customs. They wanted to live where their own language was spoken and where they could follow their own customs.



CHRISTMAS

December twenty-fifth is Christmas Day.

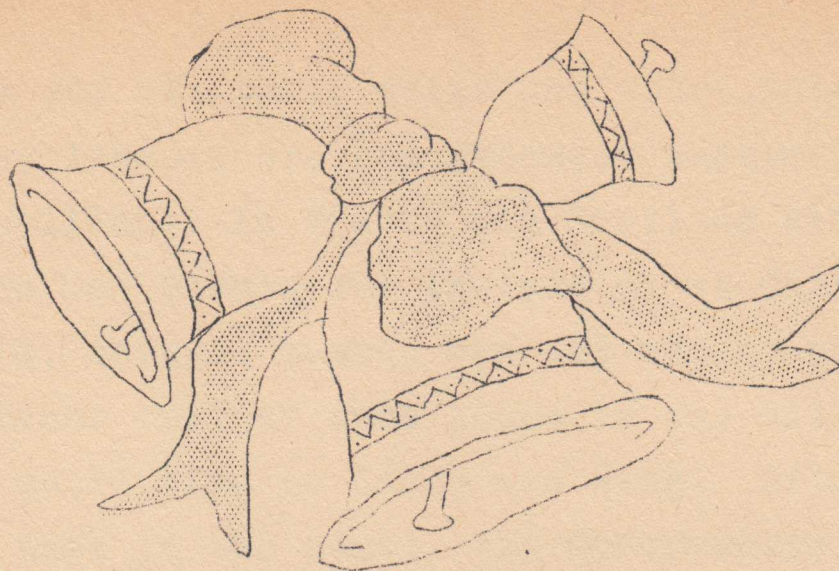
It is the greatest Christian holiday.

Every Christian country has its own way of celebrating Christmas.

America has adopted the Christmas customs of many lands because the people of America come from all corners of the world.

The custom of having a Christmas tree began in Germany.

The custom of having a Santa Claus began in Holland.



N E W Y E A R

All nations of the world celebrate the coming of the new year. In most countries January first is New Year's Day. In some countries, however, it is observed at some other time of the year.

Hundreds of years ago the Romans called the first of March New Year's Day because all nature showed signs of new life at that time of the year.

According to the Jewish calendar, the new year begins in the autumn when the harvest of the old year has been gathered in. The years are counted from the beginning of Hebrew history. In 1951 the civil year 5712 began on October first.

Another system of reckoning is the Old Style, or Julian, calendar, which is just thirteen days later than ours. It was used in the United States until 1752 when the New Style calendar was adopted. Some religious groups, however, still use the Old Style calendar.

The Chinese regard their New Year as the greatest festival of the year. On New Year's Day everyone celebrates his birthday. A child born but a few days before is considered a year old on New Year's Day. On that day

Elementary English
Word List #1

MINNEAPOLIS PUBLIC SCHOOLS
Adult Education

ache	done	often	they
across	don't	once	those
again	early	one's	though
against	easy	paid	threw
all right	enough	peace	through
almost	every	perform	thrown
already	exciting	perhaps	throws
altogether	February	perspiration	ties
always	finally	perspire	till
among	forty	piece	tired
answer	friend	presence	to-night
any	grammar	probably	too
around	guess	raise	toward
asks	half	read	tries
bear	having	ready	trouble
been	hear	receive	truly
before	heard	relief	Tuesday
beginning	here	road	two
believe	hoarse	rode	until
bled	hour	rough	used
blew	instead	said	very
blue	interest	says	weak
break	its	seems	wear
built	just	seize	Wednesday
busy	know	sentence	where
buy	known	separate	whether
canned	laid	shoes	which
canning	later	shone	whole
can't	lead	should have	whose
choosing	led	shown	women
coarse	lies	siege	won't
color	lose	since	would have
coming	lose	some	write <i>written</i>
cough	loving	speak	writing
could have	making	stopped	wrote
country	many	stopping	yeast
cries	meant	straight	year
crowd	minute	stretch	yesterday
dear	modifies	such	young
describe	much	sugar	
divide	nineteenth	sure	
doctor	ninety	surprise	
does	none	their	
doesn't	occurred	there	

<u>Present</u>		<u>Past</u>	
<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>	<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>
I	we	I	we
you	you	you	you
he, she, it	they	he, she, it	they

<u>P. Perfect</u>		<u>Future</u>	
<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>	<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>
I have	we have	I will	we will
you have	you have	you will	you will
he, she, it has	they have	he, she, it will	they will

<u>Present</u>	<u>Past</u>	<u>P. Perfect</u>	<u>Future</u>
be	was	have been	will be
open	opened	have opened	will open
walk	walked	have walked	will walk
close	closed	have closed	will close
sit	sat	have sat	will sit
write	wrote	have written	will write
eat	ate	have eaten	will eat
drink	drank	have drunken	will drink
buy	bought	have bought	will buy
come	came	have come	will come
go	went	have gone	will go
learn	learned	have learned	will learn
study	studied	have studied	will study
speak	spoke	have spoken	will speak
pay	paid	have paid	will pay
ride	rode	have ridden	will ride
get	got	have got	will get
live	lived	have lived	will live
work	worked	have worked	will work
play	played	have played	will play
read	read	have read	will read

Be

I am home today	} Singular	} Present
you are home today		
he, she, it is home today		
we are home today	} Plural	
you are home today		
they are home today		

I was home yesterday	} Singular	} Past
you were home yesterday		
he, she, it was home yesterday		
we were home yesterday	} Plural	
you were home yesterday		
they were home yesterday		

I have been home	} Singular	} P. Perfect
you have been home		
he, she, it has been home		
we have been home	} Plural	
you have been home		
they have been home		

I will be home tomorrow	} Singular	} Future
you will be home tomorrow		
he, she, it will be home tomorrow		
we will be home tomorrow	} Plural	
you will be home tomorrow		
they will be home tomorrow		

Open

I open the door
you open the door
he, she, it opens the door

Singular

Present

we open the door
you open the door
they open the door

Plural

I opened the door
you opened the door
he, she, it opened the door

Singular

Past

we opened the door
you opened the door
they opened the door

Plural

I have opened the door
you have opened the door
he, she, it has opened the door

Singular

P. Perfect

we have opened the door
you have opened the door
they have opened the door

Plural

I will open the door
you will open the door
he, she, it will open the door

Singular

Future

we will open the door
you will open the door
they will open the door

Plural

Walk

I walk in the street
you walk in the street
he, she, it walks in the street

Singular

Present

we walk in the street
you walk in the street
they walk in the street

Plural

I walked in the street
you walked in the street
he, she, it walked in the street

Singular

Past

we walked in the street
you walked in the street
they walked in the street

Plural

I have walked in the street
you have walked in the street
he, she, it has walked in the street

Singular

P. Perfect

we have walked in the street
you have walked in the street
they have walked in the street

Plural

I will walk in the street
you will walk in the street
he, she, it will walk in the street

Singular

Future

we will walk in the street
you will walk in the street
they will walk in the street

Plural

Close

I close the window	} Singular	} Present
you close the window		
he, she, it closes the window		
we close the window	} Plural	
you close the window		
they close the window		

I closed the window	} Singular	} Past
you closed the window		
he, she, it closed the window		
we closed the window	} Plural	
you closed the window		
they closed the window		

I have closed the window	} Singular	} P. Perfect
you have closed the window		
he, she, it has closed the window		
we have closed the window	} Plural	
you have closed the window		
they have closed the window		

I will close the window	} Singular	} Future
you will close the window		
he, she, it will close the window		
we will close the window	} Plural	
you will close the window		
they will close the window		

Sit

I sit in the chair
you sit in the chair
he, she, it sits in the chair

Singular

Present

we sit in the chair
you sit in the chair
they sit in the chair

Plural

I sat in the chair
you sat in the chair
he, she, it sat in the chair

Singular

Past

we sat in the chair
you sat in the chair
they sat in the chair

Plural

I have sat in the chair
you have sat in the chair
he, she, it has sat in the chair

Singular

P. Perfect

we have sat in the chair
you have sat in the chair
they have sat in the chair

Plural

I will sit in the chair
you will sit in the chair
he, she, it will sit in the chair

Singular

Future

we will sit in the chair
you will sit in the chair
they will sit in the chair

Plural

Write

I write a letter
you write a letter
he, she, it writes a letter

Singular

Present

we write a letter
you write a letter
they write a letter

Plural

I wrote a letter
you wrote a letter
he, she, it wrote a letter

Singular

Past

we wrote a letter
you wrote a letter
they wrote a letter

Plural

I have written a letter
you have written a letter
he, she, it has written a letter

Singular

P. Perfect

we have written a letter
you have written a letter
they have written a letter

Plural

I will write a letter
you will write a letter
he, she, it will write a letter

Singular

Future

we will write a letter
you will write a letter
they will write a letter

Plural

Eat

I eat the dinner	}	Singular	}	Present
you eat the dinner				
he, she, it eats the dinner				
we eat the dinner	}	Plural		
you eat the dinner				
they eat the dinner				

I ate the dinner	}	Singular	}	Past
you ate the dinner				
he, she, it ate the dinner				
we ate the dinner	}	Plural		
you ate the dinner				
they ate the dinner				

I have eaten the dinner	}	Singular	}	P. Perfect
you have eaten the dinner				
he, she, it has eaten the dinner				
we have eaten the dinner	}	Plural		
you have eaten the dinner				
they have eaten the dinner				

I will eat the dinner	}	Singular	}	Future
you will eat the dinner				
he, she, it will eat the dinner				
we will eat the dinner	}	Plural		
you will eat the dinner				
they will eat the dinner				

Drink

I drink the water	} Singular	} Present
you drink the water		
he, she, it drinks the water		
we drink the water	} Plural	
you drink the water		
they drink the water		

I drank the water	} Singular	} Past
you drank the water		
he, she, it drank the water		
we drank the water	} Plural	
you drank the water		
they drank the water		

I have drunken the water	} Singular	} P. Perfect
you have drunken the water		
he, she, it has drunken the water		
we have drunken the water	} Plural	
you have drunken the water		
they have drunken the water		

I will drink the water	} Singular	} Future
you will drink the water		
he, she, it will drink the water		
we will drink the water	} Plural	
you will drink the water		
they will drink the water		

Buy

I buy the car
you buy the car
he, she, it buys the car

Singular

Present

we buy the car
you buy the car
they buy the car

Plural

I bought the car
you bought the car
he, she, it, bought the car

Singular

Past

we bought the car
you bought the car
they bought the car

Plural

I have bought the car
you have bought the car
he, she, it has bought the car

Singular

P. Perfect

we have bought the car
you have bought the car
they have bought the car

Plural

I will buy the car
you will buy the car
he, she, it will buy the car

Singular

Future

we will buy the car
you will buy the car
they will buy the car

Plural

Sell

I sell the hat	} Singular	} Present
you sell the hat		
he, she, it sells the hat		
we sell the hat	} Plural	
you sell the hat		
they sell the hat		

I sold the hat	} Singular	} Past
you sold the hat		
he, she, it sold the hat		
we sold the hat	} Plural	
you sold the hat		
they sold the hat		

I have sold the hat	} Singular	} P. Perfect
you have sold the hat		
he, she, it has sold the hat		
we have sold the hat	} Plural	
you have sold the hat		
they have sold the hat		

I will sell the hat	} Singular	} Future
you will sell the hat		
he, she, it will sell the hat		
we will sell the hat	} Plural	
you will sell the hat		
they will sell the hat		

Stand

I stand by the window	} Singular	} Present
you stand by the window		
he, she, it stands by the window		
we stand by the window	} Plural	
you stand by the window		
they stand by the window		

I stood by the window	} Singular	} Past
you stood by the window		
he, she, it stood by the window		
we stood by the window	} Plural	
you stood by the window		
they stood by the window		

I have stood by the window	} Singular	} P. Perfect
you have stood by the window		
he, she, it has stood by the window		
we have stood by the window	} Plural	
you have stood by the window		
they have stood by the window		

I will stand by the window	} Singular	} Future
you will stand by the window		
he, she, it will stand by the window		
we will stand by the window	} Plural	
you will stand by the window		
they will stand by the window		

Know

I know english words	} Singular	} Present
you know english words		
he, she, it knows english words		
we know english words	} Plural	
you know english words		
they know english words		

I knew english words	} Singular	} Past
you knew english words		
he, she, it knew english words		
we knew english words	} Plural	
you knew english words		
they knew english words		

I have known english words	} Singular	} P. Perfect
you have known english words		
he, she, it has known english words		
we have known english words	} Plural	
you have known english words		
they have known english words		

I will know english words	} Singular	} Future
you will know english words		
he, she, it will know english words		
we will know english words	} Plural	
you will know english words		
they will know english words		

Carry

I carry the book	} Singular	} Present
you carry the book		
he, she, it carries the book		
we carry the book	} Plural	
you carry the book		
they carry the book		

I carried the book	} Singular	} Past
you carried the book		
he, she, it carried the book		
we carried the book	} Plural	
you carried the book		
they carried the book		

I have carried the book	} Singular	} P. Perfect
you have carried the book		
he, she, it has carried the book		
we have carried the book	} Plural	
you have carried the book		
they have carried the book		

I will carry the book	} Singular	} Future
you will carry the book		
he, she, it will carry the book		
we will carry the book	} Plural	
you will carry the book		
they will carry the book		

Leave

I leave the house	Singular	Present	
you leave the house			
he, she, it leaves the house			
we leave the house	Plural		
you leave the house			
they leave the house			

I left the house	Singular	Past	
you left the house			
he, she, it left the house			
we left the house	Plural		
you left the house			
they left the house			

I have left the house	Singular	P. Perfect	
you have left the house			
he, she, it has left the house			
we have left the house	Plural		
you have left the house			
they have left the house			

I will leave the house	Singular	Future	
you will leave the house			
he, she, it will leave the house			
we will leave the house	Plural		
you will leave the house			
they will leave the house			

Come

I come to the house	} Singular	} Present
you come to the house		
he, she, it comes to the house		
we come to the house	} Plural	
you come to the house		
they come to the house		

I come to the house	} Singular	} Past
you come to the house		
he, she, it come to the house		
we come to the house	} Plural	
you come to the house		
they come to the house		

I have come to the house	} Singular	} P. Perfect
you have come to the house		
he, she, it has come to the house		
we have come to the house	} Plural	
you have come to the house		
they have come to the house		

I will come to the house	} Singular	} Future
you will come to the house		
he, she, it will come to the house		
we will come to the house	} Plural	
you will come to the house		
they will come to the house		

Go

I go to the store	} Singular	} Present
you go to the store		
he, she, it goes to the store		
we go to the store	} Plural	
you go to the store		
they go to the store		

I went to the store	} Singular	} Past
you went to the store		
he, she, it went to the store		
we went to the store	} Plural	
you went to the store		
they went to the store		

I have gone to the store	} Singular	} P. Perfect
you have gone to the store		
he, she, it has gone to the store		
we have gone to the store	} Plural	
you have gone to the store		
they have gone to the store		

I will go to the store	} Singular	} Future
you will go to the store		
he, she, it will go to the store		
we will go to the store	} Plural	
you will go to the store		
they will go to the store		

Learn

I learn to drive the car
you learn to drive the car
he, she, it learns to drive the car

Singular

Present

we learn to drive the car
you learn to drive the car
they learn to drive the car

Plural

I learned to drive the car
you learned to drive the car
he, she, it learned to drive the car

Singular

Past

we learned to drive the car
you learned to drive the car
they learned to drive the car

Plural

I have learned to drive the car
you have learned to drive the car
he, she, it has learned to drive the car

Singular

P. Perfect

we have learned to drive the car
you have learned to drive the car
they have learned to drive the car

Plural

I will learn to drive the car
you will learn to drive the car
he, she, it will learn to drive the car

Singular

Future

we will learn to drive the car
you will learn to drive the car
they will learn to drive the car

Plural

Study

I study the book
you study the book
he, she, it studies the book

Singular

Present

we study the book
you study the book
they study the book

Plural

I studied the book
you studied the book
he, she, it studied the book

Singular

Past

we studied the book
you studied the book
they studied the book

Plural

I have studied the book
you have studied the book
he, she, it has studied the book

Singular

P. Perfect

we have studied the book
you have studied the book
they have studied the book

Plural

I will study the book
you will study the book
he, she, it will study the book

Singular

Future

we will study the book
you will study the book
they will study the book

Plural

Speak

I speak English	} Singular	} Present
you speak English		
he, she, it speaks English		
we speak English	} Plural	
you speak English		
they speak English		

I spoke English	} Singular	} Past
you spoke English		
he, she, it spoke English		
we spoke English	} Plural	
you spoke English		
they spoke English		

I have spoken English	} Singular	} P. Perfect
you have spoken English		
he, she, it has spoken English		
we have spoken English	} Plural	
you have spoken English		
they have spoken English		

I will speak English	} Singular	} Future
you will speak English		
he, she, it will speak English		
we will speak English	} Plural	
you will speak English		
they will speak English		

Pay

I pay money
you pay money
he, she, it pays money

} Singular

} Present

we pay money
you pay money
they pay money

} Plural

I paid money
you paid money
he, she, it paid money

} Singular

} Past

we paid money
you paid money
they paid money

} Plural

I have paid money
you have paid money
he, she, it has paid money

} Singular

} P. Perfect

we have paid money
you have paid money
they have paid money

} Plural

I will pay money
you will pay money
he, she, it will pay money

} Singular

} Futura

we will pay money
you will pay money
they will pay money

} Plural

Ride

I ride the streetcar
you ride the streetcar
he, she, it rides the streetcar

Singular

Present

we ride the streetcar
you ride the streetcar
they ride the streetcar

Plural

I rode the streetcar
you rode the streetcar
he, she, it rode the streetcar

Singular

Past

we rode the streetcar
you rode the streetcar
they rode the streetcar

Plural

I have ridden the streetcar
you have ridden the streetcar
he, she, it has ridden the streetcar

Singular

P. Perfect

we have ridden the streetcar
you have ridden the streetcar
they have ridden the streetcar

Plural

I will ride the streetcar
you will ride the streetcar
he, she, it will ride the streetcar

Singular

Future

we will ride the streetcar
you will ride the streetcar
they will ride the streetcar

Plural

Get

I get tired
you get tired
he, she, it get tired

Singular

Present

we get tired
you get tired
they get tired

Plural

I got tired
you got tired
he, she, it got tired

Singular

Past

we got tired
you got tired
they got tired

Plural

I have got tired
you have got tired
he, she, it has got tired

Singular

P. Perfect

we have got tired
you have got tired
they have got tired

Plural

I will get tired
you will get tired
he, she, it will get tired

Singular

Future

we will get tired
you will get tired
they will get tired

Plural

Work

I work at Dayton's
you work at Dayton's
he, she, it works at Dayton's

Singular

Present

we work at Dayton's
you work at Dayton's
they work at Dayton's

Plural

I worked at Dayton's
you worked at Dayton's
he, she, it worked at Dayton's

Singular

Past

we worked at Dayton's
you worked at Dayton's
they worked at Dayton's

Plural

I have worked at Dayton's
you have worked at Dayton's
he, she, it has worked at Dayton's

Singular

P. Perfect

we have worked at Dayton's
you have worked at Dayton's
they have worked at Dayton's

Plural

I will work at Dayton's
you will work at Dayton's
he, she, it will work at Dayton's

Singular

Future

we will work at Dayton's
you will work at Dayton's
they will work at Dayton's

Plural

Live

I live in Minneapolis you live in Minneapolis he, she, it lives in Minneapolis	} Singular	} Present
we live in Minneapolis you live in Minneapolis they live in Minneapolis	} Plural	

I lived in Minneapolis you lived in Minneapolis he, she, it lived in Minneapolis	} Singular	} Past
we lived in Minneapolis you lived in Minneapolis they lived in Minneapolis	} Plural	

I have lived in Minneapolis you have lived in Minneapolis he, she, it has lived in Minneapolis	} Singular	} P. Perfect
we have lived in Minneapolis you have lived in Minneapolis they have lived in Minneapolis	} Plural	

I will live in Minneapolis you will live in Minneapolis he, she, it will live in Minneapolis	} Singular	} Future
we will live in Minneapolis you will live in Minneapolis they will live in Minneapolis	} Plural	

Play

I play the piano
you play the piano
he, she, it plays the piano

Singular

Present

we play the piano
you play the piano
they play the piano

Plural

I played the piano
you played the piano
he, she, it played the piano

Singular

Past

we played the piano
you played the piano
they played the piano

Plural

I have played the piano
you have played the piano
he, she, it has played the piano

Singular

P. Perfect

we have played the piano
you have played the piano
they have played the piano

Plural

I will play the piano
you will play the piano
he, she, it will play the piano

Singular

Future

we will play the piano
you will play the piano
they will play the piano

Plural

Read

I read the book
you read the book
he, she, it reads the book

Singular

Present

we read the book
you read the book
they read the book

Plural

I read the book
you read the book
he, she, it read the book

Singular

Past

we read the book
you read the book
they read the book

Plural

I have read the book
you have read the book
he, she, it has read the book

Singular

P. Perfect

we have read the book
you have read the book
they have read the book

Plural

I will read the book
you will read the book
he, she, it will read the book

Singular

Future

we will read the book
you will read the book
they will read the book

Plural

PresentPastP. PerfectFuture

think

thought

have thought

will think

carry

carried

have carried

will carry

leave

left

have left

will leave

cost

cost

have cost

will cost

sell

sold

have sold

will sell

stand

stood

have stood

will stand

know

knew

have known

will know

Think

I think about the car
you think about the car
he, she, it thinks about the car

Singular

Present

we think about the car
you think about the car
they think about the car

Plural

I thought about the car
you thought about the car
he, she, it thought about the car

Singular

Past

we thought about the car
you thought about the car
they thought about the car

Plural

I have thought about the car
you have thought about the car
he, she, it has thought about the car

Singular

P. Perfect

we have thought about the car
you have thought about the car
they have thought about the car

Plural

I will think about the car
you will think about the car
he, she, it will think about the car

Singular

Future

we will think about the car
you will think about the car
they will think about the car

Plural

1. I saw Mr. Smith in the cafeteria yesterday.
2. John has usually been a very careful workman.
3. He goes often to Boston on business trips.
4. He seldom stayed with me.
5. He cheerfully bore his losses.
6. She plays the piano well.
7. He is planning to visit us at our home tonight.
8. He has never spoken to me.
9. He prepares carefully his lessons.
10. He often prepares his lessons.
11. He has always prepared his lessons.
12. He went for a walk in the park Sunday.
13. We usually go for a walk in the park Sunday.
14. Do you ever go for a walk on Sunday?
15. I never go for a walk on Sunday.
16. I spoke to Mr. Smith about that matter on Tuesday.
17. He promised to give me an answer in the morning.
18. Have you ever visited Chicago?
19. Do you usually eat in the cafeteria?
20. Have you and Mrs. Smith recently been in Radio City?
21. Have you ever eaten in the cafeteria?
22. I have repeatedly spoken to him about his carelessness.
23. He promised to meet me here at noon.
24. She plays the piano well.
25. Have you yet finished writing your exercises?
26. I will meet you at Masy's after work.
27. She plays the piano and the violin beautifully.
28. I have often spoken to him about that.
29. Have you ever spoken to him about that?
30. Has he always been late for his classes?
31. I have never been to Mr. Vernon Washington's home.
32. I have read twice that book.
33. I have never read it. Have you ever read it?
34. Mr. and Mrs. Smith visited Mr. Vernon Washington's home last week.

35. I saw Mr. Jones on the twentieth floors shortly after breakfast.
36. He is leaving for Chicago tomorrow.
37. Does he sometimes fail to prepare his homework?
38. Does he generally prepare his lessons very carefully?
39. Has he always been negligent about his appearance?
40. Nobody ever has a bad word to say about Smith.
41. He always does cheerfully his work.
42. He never does carefully his exercises.
43. He is going to leave for California tomorrow.
44. I met him there yesterday.
45. We rarely go to the theatre in the summer.
46. He came here early.

1. He has been in this country two years.
2. He is studying English in Columbia University now.
3. He was so excited he could hardly thing.
4. The light was bright that we had to cover our eyes from time to time.
5. It would not be right for him to mention it at this time.
6. I have to ride the subways in New York daily, and I dislike them so much.
7. John said that he had already had ~~three~~ drinks.
8. I didn't even know that it was John who was calling me.
9. Is it correct that in English you must always keep the tongue high in the mouth.
10. In European languages we keep the tongue more in the bottom of the mouth.
11. He sometimes comes to our house for the lesson, and I sometimes go to his.
12. I used to like the theatre very well, but now I go to the movies every night.

13. Of course, I always speak German with my family and friends.
14. Now he is studying French as well as English.
15. He has been here two years, or perhaps it is more even than that.
16. It was so cold that summer that we had to wear our overcoats now and then.
17. You have only to telephone me, and I shall come immediately.
18. I have to write many letters in English every day.
19. He said that he had seen that movie already.

1. If the telephone rings while I am out, please answer it.
2. If the weather is nice next Sunday, we shall go to the seashore.
3. If the men go on strike, production will be greatly reduced.
4. Keep an eye on my bag while I get my ticket.
5. Please call me as soon as you get back from your trip.
6. I won't go unless he invites me.
7. If the river rises much higher, there will be a flood.
8. Don't leave until I call you.
9. If it rains next Saturday, I shall cancel my trip.
10. If I am finished in time, I shall go to a movie.
11. When the weather gets warmer, we can go swimming.
12. I plan to wait here until the mail arrives.
13. If you not arrives on time, you will not get a seat.
14. When you see the light turn red, be sure to stop your car.
15. If you sit in the sun too long, you may be sick.
16. I shall finish this report tomorrow if all goes well.
17. Give him this report as soon as you see him.

- 1.) There is one telephone in our office.
- 2.) There are seven days in a week.
- 3.) There are twelve months in a year.
- 4.) There is a book on the table.
- 5.) There are some books on the table.
- 6.) There are several pictures on the wall.
- 7.) There is a newspaper on the desk.
- 8.) There are twenty-four hours in a day.
- 9.) There are many men in that office.
- 10.) There are two chairs in that room.
- 11.) There is one desk in the room.
- 12.) There are many automobiles on the street.
- 13.) There is a radio in the room.
- 14.) There are some magazines on the table.
- 15.) There is a lamp on the table.
- 16.) There are three children in that family.
- 17.) There are two windows in the room.
- 18.) There are two doors in the room.
- 19.) There are two men at the door.
- 20.) There are sixty minutes in an hour.

1. I am very busy today.
2. We were very busy yesterday.
3. John were in Philadelphia yesterday.
4. We were at the movie last night.
5. They are in the cafeteria now.
6. The window was open all last night.
7. He will be here at two o'clock tomorrow.
8. John and Henry were in Boston last week.
9. We were very tired last night.
10. The books were on this desk yesterday.
11. The men will be here at noon tomorrow.
12. I think the weather will be warm tomorrow.
13. I was very cold yesterday.
14. John is always late for his lesson.
15. He was late yesterday.
16. Mary is in the cafeteria now.
17. I was five minutes late for my lesson.
18. I think I will be very busy tomorrow.
19. We were all very busy in our office yesterday.
20. John will be in Washington all next week.
21. My daughter was very sick last night.
22. John and Mary was at our home last night.
23. Henry is not here today.
24. He is at home.
25. But I am sure that he will be here tomorrow.
26. The window is open now.
27. I think it was also open all last night.
28. Frank will be here tomorrow afternoon at three.

- 1.) knife *nůž*
- 2.) pan
- 3.) oven
- 4.) tea pot
- 5.) cat
- 6.) bottle
- 7.) glass
- 8.) coffee pot
- 9.) table
- 10.) fork
- 11.) frying pan
- 12.) apron *zástěra*
- 13.) gas stove
- 14.) floor
- 15.) kitchen
- 16.) dress

fried eggs = *mačkané vejce*
 boiled eggs = *vařené vejce*
 scrambled eggs = *smíchané vejce*
 poached eggs =
 deviled eggs =

- 1.) How are you? *Jak se máte*
- 2.) What's the matter? *Co se děje*
- 3.) That's too bad. *To je škoda*
- 4.) I am glad. *To mě těší*
- 5.) in the morning *ráno*
- 6.) this morning *toho rána*
- tis morning

7. yesterday morning včera ráno
 jesterdej morning
8. tomorrow morning zítra ráno
 tumoron morning
9. in 1946
10. on Tuesday v úterý
 an Tusedy
11. in September v září
12. a week ago před týdnem
 a mik e gon.
13. day before yesterday předvčera
 dej bifor jesterdej
14. day after tomorrow poztří
 dej after tumoron
15. last week end koncem týdne
 last weekend.
16. next week end
 nekt weekend.
17. a lot of or lots of hodně
 e lat af. lots of
18. What kind of z čeho - co to je?
 uat kind af
19. have a good time přijímat čas
 her e gud dajm přijímat zábavu

I - my
you - your
he - his
she - her
it - its

we - our
you - your
they - their

toothache
earache
headache
stomachache

bolemí zubu
- " - uši
" hlavy
" břicha

influenza = flu

influxace

smart = chytrý
dumb = hloupý

rest = odpočívati

Spelling words:

1.) I
2.) you
3.) he
4.) she
5.) it

6.) we
7.) they
8.) our
9.) your
10.) his

11.) her
12.) its
13.) their
14.) my

1.) I
2.) you
3.) he
4.) she
5.) it
6.) we
7.) they

my
your
his
her
its
our
their

I
you
he
she
it
we
they

my I my I my
your you your you your
his he his
her she her
its it its
our we our
their they their

early (erly) berry
late left porde

better than = life než
bear den

grass = tráva
divided by = děleno

1 movie (mivry) = biograf
show (show)

2. ticket (tyket) = vstupenka

3. pop corn (zaborn) = kukurice
candy (kandy) = cukroví

4. News (nux) = novy týdeník
5. comedy (komedy) = komedie (veselohra)
(cartoon) (kartin)

6. Film . film = film

Erasmus Rindl.

Erasmus Rindl.

u & L V E & y & L y & z
m m m m m m m m m m m
o p y

depot (diport)	zokladne	
passengers	patencers	cestujici
ticket window		zoklad
bags	begs	
red-cap (red cep)		
train		
locomotive		lokomotive
Engineer		inženýr
smoke	=	kouř
coal	uhl	= uhlí

pig	(fik)	= pras
sheep	(šip)	= ovce
cow	(kou)	= kráva
rabbit	(rebet)	= králík
chicken	(čikn)	= drůbež
goose	(gus)	= husa
duck	(dak)	= kačka
mouse	(maus)	= myš
rat	(ret)	= krys
bear		= medvěd
wolf		= vlk
elephant		= slon
dog		= pes
cat		= kočka
horse		= kůň
turkey		= krocen
deer (dir)		= jelen

8 2

i' el i' p e'c' ei en ti'
bi' i' ei ar
di' i' i' ar
si' ei ti'
ar ei ti'
ci' au au es i'
si' au dabljin

engaged
married
wedding
honeymoon
separated
divorced

- 1.) elephant
- 2.) bear
- 3.) deer
- 4.) cat
- 5.) rat
- 6.) goose
- 7.) cow
- 8.) rabbit
- 9.) mouse
- 10.) turkey
- 11.) sheep
- 12.) horse
- 13.) dog
- 14.) duck
- 15.) wolf
- 16.) chicken
- 17.) pig
- 18.) passengers
- 19.) Engineer
- 20.) train
- 21.) locomotive
- 22.) bags
- 23.) ticket window
- 24.) red - cap
- 25.) depart

the	the	the	the	the
and	and	and	and	and
of	of	of	of	of
to	to	to	to	to
I	I	I	I	I
a	a	a	a	a
in	in	in	in	in
that	that	that	that	that
you	you	you	you	you
for	for	for	for	for

the	the	the	the	the
and	and	and	and	and
of	of	of	of	of
to	to	to	to	to
I	I	I	I	I
a	a	a	a	a
in	in	in	in	in
that	that	that	that	that
you	you	you	you	you
for	for	for	for	for

the	the	the	the	the
and	and	and	and	and
of	of	of	of	of
to	to	to	to	to
I	I	I	I	I
a	a	a	a	a
in	in	in	in	in
that	that	that	that	that
you	you	you	you	you
for	for	for	for	for

Present Past P.P. Future.

✓ think	thought	have thought	will think
✓ carry	carried	have carried	will carry
leave	left	have left	will leave
cost	cost	have cost	will cost
✓ sell	sold	have sold	will sell
✓ stand	stood	have stood	will stand
✓ know	knew	have known	will know
✓ play	played	have played	will play

think	thought	have thought	will think
carry	carried	have carried	will carry
sell	sold	have sold	will sell
stand	stood	have stood	will stand
know	knew	have known	will know
play	played	have played	will play

you are welcome = ~~1.25~~
2.25

donkey (donky) = osel

scarf (šerf) = šál

suit (sut) = oblek 1776

coat (kot) = kabát (sako) 80

pants (pens) = kalhoty 1856

dress (tres) = šaty (démoké')

shirt (širt) = sukne

lady's suit (leidy sut) = kostým

coat (jacket) (kabát) = démoké seko

jacket (kabát) = bunda

cupboard (gabrt) = skříň kredenc

refrigerator (řepičnět) = lednice

sink (sink) = umyvadlo

dishes (tíše) = nádobí

cup (ka) = šálek

plate (plejt) = talíř

cles (kles) = sklenice

stoup = komne

office = kancelář
eraser (= guma
typewriter (typopisec) = psací stroj
adding machine = sčítací stroj
file (fail) = skříň
short hand (orthend) = těsnopis

fire { truck
truck
tisk
engine
pojez
engine

stage (stej) = jeviště
actor (ektr) = herec
actress (ektres) = herečka
page (pej) = náčelník
chandelier (sonderlie) = lustr

I listened to the radio
wear, wore, have worn,

thoaster (tost) = pečící chleba

dining room (deiningrum) = jídelna
(carpet) = koberec

living room (livingrum) = obývací pokoj

drapes (drejps) } = závěsy
curtains (kuten) }

bed room (betenrum) = ložnice

mirror (mirr) = zrcadlo

looking glass (loginkkles) = zrcadlo

closet (kleset) = šatník

bath room (basrum) = koupelna

record (rekort) = deska gramofonu

fen (fén) = nítich (menticótor)

I have my book
 you have your book
 He has this
 she has her book
 it has its food

Singular

We have our book
 you have your book
 They have their book

Plural

spring = jaro
 summer = leto
 fall = podzim
 winter = zima

- 9 bottle
- 11 fork
- 12 knife
- 8 pot

- 1. coffee pot (koffizát)
- 2. gas stove (glesstouf)
- 3. oven (aren)
- 4. dress (dres)
- 5. apron (ejpr)
- 6. pan (pejn)
- 7. tablespoon (tejblesum)
- 8. bottle (bódl)
- table (tejbl)
- kitchen (kitchen)
- fork (fork)
- knife (najt)
- glass (glas)
- cat (ket)
- frying pan (frazipen)
- tea pot (tik at)
- floor (flor)
- refrigerator (refricurjtr)

= hrnes na kafe
 = plynove hrnes

carry (bery)
 nositi r ruks
 wear (uer)
 nositi no tolic

stuck (stak) = um'snouti
 chains (čens) = tětěr
 breeze (brje) = věnek
 s-quirel (skrl) = reverka
 Rhode Island

hat
 shirt
 suit
 coat
 pants
 gloves
 handkerchief
 tie

collar
 socks
 shoes
 stone
 lake
 boat

umbrella

clouds

sky

blouse

skirt

stockings

swimming suit (swimming suit)

beads

bed = klobouk

šrt = košile

suit = oblek

coat = kabát

pants = kalhoty

gloves = rukavice

handkerchief = kapesník

kalr = límec

socks = ponožky

šus = boty

lejk = jezero

ambrela = deštník

(glands) mraky

skaj = nebe

(blouse) = blůza

(skirt) = sukně

(stockings) = punčochy

(swimming suit) = plavky

(beads) = korále

a e i o u
 ej an ju

1.25
'35

today
I am we are
you are
he } is they are
she }
it }

yesterday
I was we were
you were
he } was they were
she }
it }

Yesterday	Today	Tomorrow
Hjesterdeij	(tudej)	(tumarow)
ai 19 nejtyn	14 fortyn	16 sikstyn)
bi 90 nejtyn	40 forty	60 (sikstyn)
si		
di		

What time is it?

(Wat taim is it)

1. — 1 o'clock (klak)

2. — 1:30 (xoty)

(half past —)

3. — minutes after)

(minutes after)

4. — minutes before) to)

(minutes before)

zork
leaf (lif)
mittan (matn)
veal

stockings	(stahink)	= punsochy
socks	(saks)	= ponošky
tie	(taj')	= kravata
beads	(bids)	= korale
shirt	(shit)	= sukne
belt	(belt)	= pasek
suspenders	(sponders)	= ste
umbrella	(ambrala)	= deštník
swimming suit	(miminkent)	= plavky
eye brow	(aj'ban)	= obočí
lip stick	(lipstik)	= rtyčinka na rty
mustache	(mastes')	= fous (vousy)
glove	(glov)	= rukavice

a	ei,	curley (kely) = knedlnatý
b	br,	
c	ri,	A.B.C. Song
d	di	a b c d e f g
e	i	h i j k l m n o p
f	ff,	q r s t u and v
g	gi	q r s t u and v
h	ijc	w - x and y and z
i	aj	These are the English a, b, c, s.
j	diej	
k	kej	
l	el	tall (tola) = vysoký
m	em	short (sit) = krátký
n	en	big (big) = velký
o	ou	small (smal) = malý
p	7	fat (fed) = tlustý
q	hjn	thin (tain) = tenký (ústný)
r	ar	pilot (pajlet) = pilot
s	es	lucky (laky) = šťastný
t	ti	
u	ju	y a x o s l a v
v	ve	diej ei ar ou es el ei ve
w	daljn	
x	ekh	v n o u c e k
y	way	vi'en ou ju n' i' kej
z	z	

- 1.) I said my fare on the bus.
- 2.) John folded the piece of paper.
- 3.) Mr. Smith addressed a letter to his brother.
- 4.) You signed your name.
- 5.) We rode on the bus every day.
- 6.) The woman told her son she was well and happy.
- 7.) The little girl sang her friend.
- 8.) Mary heard the concert.
- 9.) The girls smelled the perfume.
- 10.) The boys went to school.
- 11.) She felt the package with her hands.
- 12.) The woman saw the picture.

be

Present

Past

I am	we are
you are	you are
he is	they are
she is	
it is	

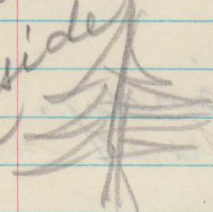
I was	we were
you were	you were
he was	they were
she was	
it was	

future
will be

perfect
have been

1. This is a picture of a house.
2. This house has many windows.
3. No, this house has one door.
4. It has a large roof.
5. It has a chimney.
6. The chimney is on the house.
7. There is a large tree, beside the house.
8. Near the tree, there are some bushes.
9. I can see some other bushes behind the house.
10. Inside the house, there are many rooms.
11. On the first floor there are a kitchen, a dining room, and a living room.
12. On the second floor there are several bedrooms and a bathroom.

pabliše
 beside
 near



nahore (nad)
 over
 above

before
 in front of
 pred



under
 "pod"

behind (za
 vradu.

m n

1.)	before	before	before
2.)	long	long	long
3.)	sincerely	sincerely	sincerely
4.)	shall	shall	shall
5.)	sent	sent	sent
6.)	us	us	us
7.)	give	give	give
8.)	Mr. (mister)	Mr.	Mr.
9.)	like	like	like
10.)	enclose	enclose	enclose

- 1.) Give us our books.
- 2.) I sent him a box of candy.
- 3.) Do you like cheese?

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- 2.) I sent him a box of candy.
- 3.) Do you like cheese?

Jerry Throuck

- 100
1. said
 2. only
 3. well
 4. am
 5. these
 6. tell
 7. even
 8. made
 9. know
 10. year

Not below in above English.

- no, 11
1. He said, "I am well."
 2. I was in Germany only one year.
 3. Mary made a new dress.

Dupont 0014

Mr. Perc Fearing

11.45
3.5
16.5
25.5
50.8
75.5
11.45

Jerry Mouncek

- 1.) did
- 2.) little
- 3.) look
- 4.) respectfully
- 5.) afternoon
- 6.) Miss
- 7.) those
- 8.) too
- 9.) man
- 10.) own

100

- 1.) He had too much work to do.
- 2.) Did the man own his house?
- 3.) Miss Smith left this afternoon.

OK

Jerry Knoucek,

- 1.) get
- 2.) into
- 3.) let
- 4.) yesterday
- 5.) come
- 6.) over
- 7.) girl
- 8.) also
- 9.) where
- 10.) while

100

- 1.) The airplane flew over the city.
- 2.) Did you get a new hat?
- 3.) Where were you yesterday?

OK

Jerry Mouncek.

- 1.) today
- 2.) must
- 3.) way
- 4.) first
- 5.) new
- 6.) seem
- 7.) morning
- 8.) school
- 9.) great
- 10.) wish

100

- 1.) I wish I had a new car.
- 2.) I must go to school today.
- 3.) Our first president was a great man.

OK

Jerry Kroucek.

- 1.) next
- 2.) want
- 3.) hope
- 4.) love
- 5.) men
- 6.) old
- 7.) every
- 8.) find
- 9.) most
- 10.) such

100

- 1.) The old men sat on the bench.
- 2.) The next day was Wednesday
- 3.) Every boy had a new ball.

OK

Jerry Kroucek

- 1.) him
- 2.) more
- 3.) about
- 4.) no
- 5.) please
- 6.) week
- 7.) night
- 8.) their
- 9.) other
- 10.) up

10

- 1.) One night last week
I went to a movie.
- 2.) Their work was very good.
- 3.) The mother gave him more
money.

8

Jerry Knaucek

- 1.) dear
- 2.) from
- 3.) are
- 4.) all
- 5.) me
- 6.) so
- 7.) one
- 8.) if
- 9.) they
- 10.) had

180

- 1.) Give me one more book.
- 2.) They ate all of the meat.
- 3.) I got a letter from my mother.

O.K.

Con a work

Jerry Kroucek

- 1.) at
- 2.) we
- 3.) on
- 4.) he
- 5.) by
- 6.) but
- 7.) my
- 8.) this
- 9.) his
- 10.) which

100

- 1.) We were at the movie a long time.
- 2.) Which man is standing by the tree?

OK

Think
should
truly
now
its
two
Aske

100

OK

Jerry Vnousek.

- 1.) has
- 2.) very
- 3.) were
- 4.) been
- 5.) would
- 6.) she
- 7.) or
- 8.) there
- 9.) her
- 10.) an

100

- 1.) The girl has a very big hat.
- 2.) She has been in St. Paul many times.
- 3.) An old man gave her the money.

100

One night last week I went to
a movie
Their work was very good.

- 3.) The mother gave him more money.

Jerry Kroucek.

- 1.) before
- 2.) long
- 3.) sincerely
- 4.) shall
- 5.) sent
- 6.) us
- 7.) give
- 8.) Mr.
- 9.) like
- 10.) enclose

100

- 1.) Give us our books.
- 2.) I sent him a box of candy.
- 3.) Do you like cheese?

OK

Jaroslav Vnoucek

- X
- 1.) The
 - 2.) and
 - 3.) of
 - 4.) to
 - 5.) I
 - 6.) a
 - 7.) in
 - 8.) That
 - 9.) I you
 - 10.) for

100

- 1.) The boy and the girl go to school.
- 2.) I have a book for you.
- 3.) That picture is not on the wall.

OK

Good

Jerry
Jaroslav Mnoucek

- 1.) it
- 2.) was
- 3.) is
- 4.) will
- 5.) as
- 6.) have
- 7.) not
- 8.) with
- 9.) be
- 10.) your

100

- 1.) It was late in the evening.
- 2.) Your mother will go with you. OK
- 3.) Mrs. Smith was not at home.

Your writing is easy to read.

Jerry Vnouceh

- 1.) think
- 2.) should
- 3.) truly
- 4.) now
- 5.) its
- 6.) two
- 7.) take
- 8.) thank
- 9.) do
- 10.) after

100

- 1.) Please take the book with you.
- 2.) I think we have two papers.
- 3.) He went home after the movie.

OK

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA
GENERAL EXTENSION DIVISION
Minneapolis 14

March 22, 1954

Dear Sir or Madam:

You have indicated your desire to become an American citizen. Before you may become naturalized, however, you will be questioned concerning your knowledge of our Constitution and Government. Assistance in helping you prepare for your examination has been provided in the form of a Home Study Course in Citizenship by which you may learn more about the American Constitution and Government. It is available from this department. The enrollment fee is four dollars. (\$4.00).

If you wish to take the course, it will be necessary for you to get someone in your community to act as your advisor or helper. This person should either be a school teacher or some other person in the community possessing a good education. If you can secure such a person to assist you with the course, have him or her fill out the enclosed form and mail to:

Correspondence Study Department
General Extension Division
University of Minnesota
Minneapolis, Minnesota

Your money order or check for four dollars (\$4.00) should accompany this form and it should be made out the the University of Minnesota, Minneapolis 14, Minnesota.

Very truly yours,

F. Lloyd Hansen
F. Lloyd Hansen,
Director

CSD Form 66
N551 - IM - 551

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA
GENERAL EXTENSION DIVISION
MINNEAPOLIS 14
CORRESPONDENCE STUDY DEPARTMENT



Mr. Jaroslav Vnoucek
239 N. 34th Avenue
Minneapolis, Minn.

LYLE H EKLEBERRY
3847 - N.E Z VINCY

D.R.S

GOD BLESS AMERICA

God bless America,
Land that I love.
Stand beside her
and guide her
Through the night
With a light from above.
From the mountains,
Through the prairies,
To the ocean
White with foam,
God Bless America,
My home, sweet home.

1. 2 leaders B. Franklin 2. J. Madison

6 reasons

2. closer union Safety
Justice Welfare of all
Peace at home Liberty

3. three Branches of Government:

1. legislative - makes the laws
 2. executive - enforces the laws
 3. judicial - explains and applies t.l.
4. the Constitution was signed on:
5. (first elections 1788) Sept 17. 1787

6. Upper House - Senate
7. Lower House - Representatives
8. there are 435 Representatives now
9. a Representative is elected for 2 years
10. Minnesota 9 Repres. New York 43
Nevada - 1

11. the Senators from Minnesota are:
~~Edward~~ ^{HUBERT H} Humphrey - Edward Thye

12. live in the 5th District of Minn.
13. My Representative is: Walter H Judd
(25 J. old Citis. 7)

14. a Senator must be (30 years old)
9 " Citizen

15. Congress meets every year the 3. of Jan.
16. the President may call special sessions of Cong.
17. the Speaker presides in the House
18. the Vice President presides in the Senate.

State Department
Cabinet
Executive Branch

07.7

94 80

9/17 - 841 - 59896

Liebe Paty!

Vorallen viele Grüße von uns
allen. Du wirst ja schon gehört
haben, daß sich unsere Familie
vergrößert hat. Ich lege Dir ein
Bildchen bei, damit Du ihn
auch kennen lernst.

1. the Judicial branch explains and applies the laws.
2. the courts decide Cases or quarrels that are brought before them.
3. the Supreme Court meets in the City of Washington D. C.
4. the Chief Justice now is E. Warren
(8 associate Justices)
5. Other Federal courts are:
Eleven U. S. Circuit Courts of Appeals.
about a hundred U. S. District Courts.
other special Courts
6. all the federal Judges are
appointed by the President with the
consent of the Senate.
- 7.

1. Minnesota was admitted to the
Union in 1858

1. the chief executive of this nation, is the President of the U.S.A.
2. he sees that the laws are executed
3. the President is inaugurated at noon on the 20th of January
4. Some of the Presidents Powers are:
Commander in chief, of the defense forces
he also appoints our delegates to the United Nations
5. the Secretary of State now is:
John Foster Dulles.
and George Humphrey is Secretary of Treasury.
6. the head of the Department of Justice is called the Attorney General,
the present Att. Gener. is Herbert Brownell
7. the Secretary of Post offices affairs is called the Postmaster General.
the present " " is Arthur E. Summerfield.

Br. 7960 - Lily Palodis

The Congress makes the laws.
the executive branch sees that they
are enforced.

the judiciary decides questions
as to the meaning of the
Constitution, laws, and treaties
of the United States when they
arise in law cases.

executive (enforce the law)
legislative br. makes the law.
Judiciary br. interprets laws.

Kind of Election	Date
1. City Primary	May. each odd year
2. City General	June, each odd year
3. State + County Primary	Sept. each even year
4. State + County General	Nov. each even year
5. Presidential Primary	March 1956
6. Presidential General	every fourth year thereafter
	(Nov 1956, every fourth year thereafter

Introduction to

Mpls. Government

Research Division

Governmental Affairs Dept.

Mpls. Chamber of Commerce

September, 1951

Addition + Changes in Official

U. S. Government

President pro-tempore of the Senate=

Senator Walter George

Associate Justice of Supreme Court=

John Marshall Harlan

U. S. District Courts - Minnesota=

Edward J. Devitt.

Minnesota

Gov. Caville L. Freeman

Lt. Gov. Karl F. Rolvaag - ROLVAAG Pres. of Minn

Secty. of State Joseph L. Donovan

Auditor - Stafford King

Treasurer - Arthur Hansen

Atty. gen. - Miles Lord