

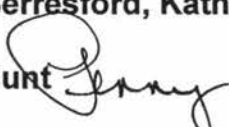


[Robina Foundation](#)

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ROBINA FOUNDATION

TO: Susan Berresford, Kathleen Blatz, Peter Karoff
FROM: Penny Hunt 
RE: Visit to Yale University / November 10 – 11, 2011
DATE: October 25, 2011

Enclosed is material for our visit to Yale on November 10 and 11. You have already read most of the material, but I thought it would be helpful to have it all in one place.

Several things are new:

- My email to James Bundy, Deborah Berman and Inge Reichenbach concerning Yale School of Drama's endowment proposal.
- Yale's proposal for the transformation of undergraduate science teaching. You will recall that in February the Board declined support of Yale's very large request for funding in this area, but expressed a willingness to look at a "smaller" grant. This is the request for a smaller grant. I hope to provide Yale with questions/comments about the request in advance of the meeting. If you have the opportunity to read it and have questions/comments you would like Yale to consider, please send them to me.

We will all be staying at The Study on Thursday night and will be met there to go on a tour of Yale Law School at 5:15 pm. (We understand that Peter will not arrive in time for the tour, but he has been on several tours of YLS.)

The tour of YLS and dinner with Dean Post and James Silk will provide an opportunity for Kathleen and Susan to get to know the leader of YLS and the leader of human rights programming there. In your review of the material, you may want to focus on the chart of human rights programs included in YLS's proposal since, as outlined in my email to Dean Post, we are urging YLS to simplify the current confusing structure.

My flight arrives in Hartford at 2:00 so I will be at The Study earlier that day and available on my cell (612-381-7790). Nancy will be in touch with you to learn your travel plans so that she can arrange ground transportation, as needed.

Please feel free to contact me with questions or concerns before our visit. Thanks very much to all of you for making this brief, but important, trip to Yale!

**ROBINA FOUNDATION
SCHEDULE OF VISIT TO YALE UNIVERSITY**

**KATHLEEN BLATZ, DIRECTOR
H. PETER KAROFF, DIRECTOR
SUSAN V. BERRESFORD, DIRECTOR (VIA PHONE ON 11/11)
PENNY A. HUNT, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

THURSDAY - FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10 - 11, 2011

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10

ARRIVAL

TBD

The Study at Yale
1157 Chapel St, New Haven

TRAVEL TO THE LAW SCHOOL

5:15 PM

*Accompanied by Kate Norton
Hy's Livery*

TOUR OF YALE LAW SCHOOL AND MEETING WITH STUDENTS

5:30 – 7:15 PM

127 Wall Street, New Haven

Robert Post, Dean, Law School; Sol & Lillian Goldman Professor of Law

DINNER – ROBINA HUMAN RIGHTS INITIATIVE

7:15 PM

Faculty Dining Room

Yale Law School

Robert Post

James Silk, Clinical Professor of Law, Allard K. Lowenstein International Human Rights Clinic;

Executive Director, Orville H. Schell, Jr. Center for International Human Rights

Mark LaFontaine, Associate Dean

Katherine Norton, Associate Director of Development

TRAVEL TO THE STUDY

FOLLOWING DINNER

Hy's Livery

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11

Inge T. Reichenbach, Vice President for Development will host

TRAVEL TO THE SCHOOL OF DRAMA

8:15 AM

Development Van

BREAKFAST – THE CENTER FOR NEW THEATRE

8:30 - 10:30 AM

222 York St., New Haven
3rd fl. Conference room
Tel. 203-436-2388

James Bundy, Dean, School of Drama; Professor, School of Drama; Artistic Director, Yale Repertory Theatre

Victoria Nolan, Deputy Dean, School of Drama; Managing Director, Yale Repertory Theatre

Jennifer Kiger, Associate Artistic Director, School of Drama

Deborah Berman, Director of Development and Alumni Affairs, School of Drama

TRAVEL TO WARNER HALL

10:30 - 10:45 AM

Development Van

SCIENCE TEACHING AT YALE

10:45 - 11:30 AM

1 Hillhouse Ave., New Haven
Provost's Conference Room
Tel. 203-432-3276

Scott Strobel, Vice President, West Campus Planning & Program Development;
Henry Ford II Professor of Molecular Biophysics & Biochemistry

Inge Reichenbach

Jo Handelsman, Frederick Phineas Rose Professor & Howard Hughes Medical Institute Professor,
Molecular, Cellular & Developmental Biology

Andrew Phillips, Professor of Chemistry

Lauragene Lyons, Director, Corporate and Foundation Relations, Sciences and Humanities

WRAP-UP

11:30 - 12:00 PM

Provost's Conference Room

Inge Reichenbach

Scott Strobel

DEPARTURE—LUNCH-TO-GO WILL BE PROVIDED

12:00 PM

For Peter Karoff, Development Van to Union Station

For Kathleen Blatz and Penny Hunt, Hy's Livery to Bradley Airport

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- Hunt email to Dean Robert Post dated August 29, 2011 re Robina Board's approval of proposal and concerns about structure of YLS's Human Rights programs
- Post response to Hunt email dated September 15, 2011

YALE SCHOOL OF DRAMA PROPOSAL

- Hunt email to James Bundy re Karoff and Hunt review of preliminary proposal
- Bundy response to Hunt email dated (accompanied submission of revised proposal)
- Hunt email to Bundy, Reichenbach and Berman re questions for discussion at 11/11/11 meeting

TRANSFORMING UNDERGRADUATE SCIENCE TEACHING AT YALE PROPOSAL

IMPROVING HUMAN RIGHTS AT HOME AND WORLDWIDE:
THE ROBINA FOUNDATION HUMAN RIGHTS FELLOWSHIP INITIATIVE
&
THE DEVELOPMENT OF A CENTER FOR IMMIGRATION AND MIGRANTS'
RIGHTS
AT YALE LAW SCHOOL



**Proposal to the Robina Foundation from
Yale Law School**

**Presented by Robert C. Post
Dean and Sol & Lillian Goldman Professor of Law
Summer 2011**

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

On becoming the COO of Honeywell, the Robina Foundation's founder James Binger, remarked in an interview with TIME magazine, "I wanted to develop my own set of problems to solve."¹ Mr. Binger's establishment of the Robina Foundation to develop cutting-edge solutions to humanity's worst problems has vindicated Mr. Binger's goal. It has defined and helped to solve significant problems. We at the Yale Law School are fortunate that the Robina Foundation has sought to address the profound problem of human rights abuses. Any hope of reducing these abuses requires a well-trained contingent of leaders who are skilled in both the theoretical and the practical questions of human rights and social justice.

Over the past three years, the Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative invested in the support and training of promising human rights leaders. It has inspired students interested in studying human rights: It has instructed them through intense coursework; seasoned them by providing opportunities to pursue practical fieldwork at international NGO's; tested their initiative by inviting them to develop compelling research projects; broadened their vision by convening young and advanced human rights scholars and activists to teach, share ideas, and electrify Yale's academic culture; and empowered them to create networks around the world of human rights activists and scholars who can support and challenge each other.

We believe that the time has come to fortify and entrench the Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative at Yale Law School. As shown by the recent assessment, as well as by the reports annually submitted to the Robina Foundation, the initial years of the Robina Initiative have been successful in moving toward the goal of encouraging and supporting students in their endeavor to advance human rights. Yet there is more work to do. The good work of the Robina Initiative needs to be preserved and extended to reap the full benefit of its many useful innovations. For these reasons, we request support in the amount of \$3 million to continue the Robina Initiative for an additional three years (from June 2012 to June 2015).

We also propose that an additional component be added to the Initiative that will materially enhance its scope and effect. The Initiative's focus on international human rights should be complemented by a programmatic focus on domestic human rights. We believe that the ideal way to do this is to add programming that concentrates on immigration law and policy. Through the generosity of the Robina Foundation, Lucas Guttentag has served as a Robina Foundation Distinguished Senior Fellow during the past two years. He has had a remarkable impact on the Law School community and on the University at large. Last year alone, Professor Guttentag taught in the Law School new courses on immigration law, migration issues, and constitutional litigation. He has in addition participated in many events and student activities at Yale College and gave numerous lectures and presentations as a Robina Fellow at institutions other than Yale.

Professor Guttentag's work has been so inspiring that we believe that he should become the director of a new Center on Immigration and Migrants' Rights at Yale Law School. The Center would

¹ Time magazine on becoming COO

promote the intersection of policy and scholarship; further the protection of immigrants' rights and immigration reform; and engage the broader scholarly work on immigration and migration that is produced throughout Yale University. The Center would convene and collaborate with University scholars, NGO leaders, activists, and advocates to encourage and develop new policy approaches in the area of immigration and migration. Just like the Robina Human Rights Fellowship Initiative, the Center will motivate and inspire future leaders in this area. It will empower them to make significant contributions and to devote their careers to this essential field. We ask the Robina Foundation to provide foundational three-year support (from September 2011 until September 2014) in the amount of \$535,000 to help launch this exciting new initiative and to help develop the Center over that period. The Robina Foundation's critical support for this initial phase will allow us to demonstrate the value of the Center, to generate additional support from other funders, and to make the case for sustaining it as an important new institution.

Through the continuation of the Robina Human Rights Fellowship Initiative and the establishment of a new center on immigration policy and migrants' rights, the Law School aims to cultivate a growing network of scholars committed to addressing the greatest human rights challenges of our time, both domestic and international.

YALE LAW SCHOOL AND THE PUBLIC INTEREST

Yale has long stood as one of the nation's leading law schools. Presently ranked as the number one law school in the United States, Yale offers an unmatched environment for scholarship and learning, featuring educational intimacy, a world renowned faculty, small classes, limitless opportunities for clinical training, and strong encouragement of public service. The Law School's impact on the world is measured by its accomplished graduates, its outstanding scholarship, and the policy impact of its projects and centers.

The culture of Yale Law School has traditionally included a vibrant commitment to public service. Many of Yale's Legal Realists of the 1930's—William O. Douglas, Thurman Arnold, Walton Hale Hamilton—moved to Washington DC to promote the New Deal. In the 1950s, Dean Eugene Rostow was among the first to have the courage to brand the Japanese Internment “a disaster,” even while noted civil libertarians defended the government's policy. During the McCarthy era, Professors Tom Emerson and Fowler Harper litigated against loyalty oaths; Dean Lou Pollak and Professor Charles Black helped to litigate *Brown v. Board of Education* and its progeny. In the 60s and 70s, Dean Abe Goldstein defended those Yale faculty charged with supporting the antiwar movement, while Professor Alexander Bickel argued the *Pentagon Papers* case. In the 1980s, Yale law graduates founded the National Resources Defense Council and led the environmental law movement. In the 1990s, Yale's Lowenstein Human Rights Clinic led national litigation on behalf of Haitian and Cuban refugees held at Guantanamo. Since September 11, 2001, the Law School's National Litigation Project has filed briefs in all five War on Terror cases to reach the United States Supreme Court; the Workers' Rights Clinic has pioneered innovating anti-trafficking litigation; and the Education Adequacy Clinic has litigated before the Connecticut Supreme Court to secure greater support for public education.

Yale is also the leading producer of law school professors and deans. At this writing, the deans of Columbia, NYU, Harvard, Georgetown, Chicago, Penn, Michigan, Virginia, UCLA and the University of Minnesota are all graduates of the Yale Law School. Of all professors hired at the 43 top law schools since 1995, 130 were trained at Yale. By contrast, only 115 received their degree from Harvard, the second most prolific producer of law professors. The third and fourth ranked schools were Chicago and Stanford, which produced, respectively, 35 and 34 of these professors. Of course, Harvard is three times Yale's size, so that Yale's per capita rate of producing law professors is roughly three times as high as that of Harvard, Stanford or Chicago. The Law School's graduates are also prominent in politics. For example, they include recent presidential candidates like Paul Tsongas, Gary Hart, Gerry Brown, Joe Lieberman, Bill Clinton, and Hillary Clinton.

Yale Law School is perfectly situated to produce the next generation of human rights leaders, both outside and inside the legal academy. We believe that Yale Law School is uniquely qualified to fulfill the goals of the Robina Initiative.

INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS

The focal point for human rights activities at the Yale Law School is the Orville H. Schell, Jr. Center for International Human Rights. Founded in 1989, the Schell Center coordinates a diverse program that serves students and scholars at Yale while contributing to efforts to promote respect for human rights in the United States and globally. By taking advantage of the network and reputation of the Schell Center, the Robina Initiative has been able to expand its impact on human rights across the nation and the world.

Apart from the Robina Initiative, which is facilitated primarily by the Schell Center, the Center oversees its work through five main areas of activity: (1) Human Rights Events, including a speaker series, and other lectures, panels and symposia; (2) the Allard K. Lowenstein International Human Rights Project; (3) the Allard K. Lowenstein International Human Rights Clinic; (4) The Yale Human Rights and Development Law Journal; (5) the Robert L. Bernstein Post-Graduate Fellowships (supporting recent graduates for a year of full-time human rights advocacy work in settings throughout the world); and (6) Other Human Rights Fellowships, (scholars and practitioners in residence at the Law School).

(1) Human Rights Events: The Center offers a wide array of speakers and panels on human rights issues, including the bi-weekly Human Rights Workshop: Current Issues and Events. Many of these programs are organized in partnership with other centers and programs at the Law School and with other departments and centers at the University. Robina Visiting Scholars have contributed greatly to these programs. The list of some of the Schell Center's human rights speakers and symposia last spring included:

- **Daniel Bonilla**, *Associate Professor, Universidad de los Andes School of Law, and Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellow and Lecturer in Law, Yale Law School*: "Urban Indigenous Groups and the Limits of Multicultural Liberalism"

- **Daniel Wilkinson**, *Deputy Director for the Americas, Human Rights Watch*: “Human Rights in Cuba: Is Progress Possible?”
- **Karen Engle**, *Cecil D. Redford Professor in Law and Director, Bernard and Audre Rapoport Center for Human Rights and Justice, University of Texas School of Law*: “Queering Human Security”
- **Alice M. Miller**, *Senior Research Scholar in Law and Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellow, Yale Law School, and Lecturer in Law, UC-Berkeley School of Law*: “‘Norm’-alizing Sex: The Contingencies and Constraints in Establishing Sexual Rights in International Law”
- **Andrew F. March**, *Associate Professor of Political Science, Yale University*: “Blasphemy and other Speech-Crimes in Islamic Law and IHRL”
- **Laura Dickinson**, *Foundation Professor of Law, Sandra Day O’Connor College of Law, Arizona State University*: “Outsourcing War and Peace”
- **Joy Gordon**, *Professor of Philosophy, Fairfield University and Senior Fellow, Global Justice Program, MacMillan Center for Area and International Studies, Yale University*: “Invisible War: the United States and the Iraq Sanctions”
- **Renee Redman**, *Executive Director, Iran Human Rights Documentation Center*, and **Shadi Sadr**, *Iranian lawyer and Woman’s Rights Activist*: “Working on Womens’ Rights in Iran – the Case of Stoning”
- The annual **Robert L. Bernstein Symposium** on “Human Rights in 2025”

(2) **The Allard K. Lowenstein International Human Rights Project**: The project is a student organization that convenes small teams of students to work on specific human rights issues, usually on behalf of or with guidance from NGO’s. Yale Law School faculty member and Schell Center Executive Director James Silk provides overall supervision and guidance. Teams conduct research, write memoranda and other documents, engage in advocacy activities, and organize events at the Law School. In the last year, more than 35 students participating in the Lowenstein Project worked on a diverse range of human rights projects, including:

- A research memo assessing the legal basis for, and potential human rights challenges to, an EU border-control agency’s operation, particularly in the context of its prevention of illegal immigration;
- Research on whether victims’ participation in cases heard before the International Criminal Court has been in keeping with the legal framework envisioned by the framers of the Court and on how to ensure that both defendants’ and victims’ rights are fully protected at the Court; and
- An assessment of the relationship between US trade policy and conflict minerals that are mined and taxed by armed groups in eastern Congo and then used in the production of electronic products consumed in the United States, with recommendations for developing an international certification system for such conflict minerals.

(3) **The Allard K. Lowenstein International Human Rights Clinic**: Taught by Professor James Silk, the Clinic undertakes a wide variety of projects each term on behalf of human rights organizations and individual victims of human rights abuse. Class sessions provide an overview of basic human rights principles and their application; help students integrate the theory and practice of human rights; and

provide training in human rights research, writing, and other advocacy skills. The clinic has one or more student directors each year.

(4) Yale Human Rights and Development Law Journal: This student-run law review seeks to provide a broad range of perspectives on human rights and development. The journal is published in online and print editions. It includes articles by top legal scholars, notes from practitioners, student notes, and book reviews. The journal welcomes pieces that draw from different areas within the law, including constitutional law, economic regulation, international law, and institutional reform. Authors may address issues that arise in national and international contexts, in both developed and developing countries. In light of the interdisciplinary nature of human rights and development, scholarship in the journal often draws upon other fields, such as political science, economics, health, and sociology.

(5) Robert L. Bernstein Post-Graduate Human Rights Fellowships: The Robert L. Bernstein Fellowships enable two or more Law School graduating students or recent graduates to devote a year to human rights advocacy work in settings throughout the world. The Bernstein Fellowships are distinct from the Robina Post-Graduate Human Rights Fellowships in that they do not provide support for fellows interested in working in judicial and other governmental and intergovernmental entities or for conducting independent human rights research.

(6) Other Human Rights Fellowships: The Schell Center also offers a few human rights fellowships that are located at the Law School. The Cover-Loewenstein Fellowship is a two-year, post-graduate position at the Law School for lawyers with international human rights experience who are interested in preparing for a career in human rights practice or clinical teaching. This Fellow helps both to supervise the Allard K. Loewenstein International Human Rights Clinic and to coordinate activities of the Orville H. Schell, Jr. Center for International Human Rights. The Schell Fellows are practitioners and scholars who are invited to spend a period of time at the Law School engaged in human rights work and research as part of the Law School community. In addition, the Tom and Andi Bernstein Human Rights Fellowship provides support to bring human rights activists to the Law School. The Bernstein fellowship typically supports one or two fellows to come to the Law School annually.

Without counting the support of the Robina Initiative, the Schell Center's annual budget is approximately \$659,000 to \$702,000 per year. This includes the cost of the Schell Center's staff as well as its various activities, as discussed above. The Schell Center is primarily funded by an endowment fund that was established in 1988 in memoriam to Orville H. Schell, Jr. Since the Schell Center's inauguration, it has attracted other endowed funds, which are used to support the Schell Center's human rights lectures and speaker series, the Bernstein Post-Graduate Human Rights Fellowships, the Tom and Andi Bernstein Fellowship(s), and the annual Bernstein International Human Rights Symposium. Because these endowments do not always cover the Schell Center's full costs, the Center's budget is supplemented by general funds from Yale Law School when needed. Although the Robina Initiative does not provide direct financial support to any of the above-mentioned components in this section, Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellows do often participate in and speak at various Schell Center events, including the bi-weekly Human Rights Workshop. Our aim is to create a seamlessly integrated program.

The Schell Center is the umbrella for the Law School's formal human rights programs, yet many other human rights activities are facilitated by faculty members not directly under the auspices of the

Schell Center. These activities include lectures, conferences, workshops and courses led by faculty members interested in human rights-related subjects like workers' and immigrants' rights; the rights of prisoners; children's rights; the law of war; transnational development; and other subjects. The attached chart shows the relationship between the Robina Initiative, the Orville H. Schell, Jr. Center for International Human Rights, and "other" human rights activities at Yale Law School that are facilitated separately from the Schell Center.

The Law School's human rights programs aim to offer Yale law students interested in human rights a comprehensive law school experience. The Law School's programs work to strengthen the interest of students from the moment they enter law school to years after they graduate; together with the Robina Initiative, they can offer students theoretical and practical training for a lifetime of human rights work.

THE CONTINUATION OF THE ROBINA INITIATIVE

Programming at the Schell Center is extremely costly. It cannot be funded out of student tuition (which covers only about one-third of the Law School's operating budget). The support of the Robina Initiative during the last three years has enabled the Schell Center to meet the growing student demand for human rights education that we have witnessed, as well as meet the ever-growing need for financial support to sustain those students who wish to pursue human rights careers.

As the Robina Foundation is aware, ensuring the successful future of the human rights movement requires the necessary but frequently overlooked step of investing in the development of human capital. We are very grateful to the Robina Foundation for providing us with the support necessary to dramatically enhance the opportunities available to Yale Law School students interested in pursuing human rights academically and practically. By continuing to provide JD scholarships, summer human rights fellowships, post-graduate fellowships, and visiting human rights fellowships, the Robina Initiative allows Yale to expand the network and cohort of superbly trained human rights practitioners capable of contributing to all varieties of human rights endeavors. In the following sections, we outline the various components of the Robina Human Rights Fellowship Initiative and discuss their profound contribution to the human rights community of the Law School.

Robina JD Scholarships

Last year, the Law School spent \$8 million to provide financial aid to JD students. The vast majority of our current students—nearly 80 percent—would not be enrolled today if not for our generous financial aid. This aid comes in the form of loans and grants. In the past year, 60 percent of our students received grant-based aid, the average grant being \$22,000. Each year, many students receiving aid express interest in human rights, and some already have experience in the field. If encouraged to pursue their goals early on, some portion of these students will almost certainly become the human rights leaders of the next generation.

As the School continues to struggle to create diverse incoming classes—diverse in gender, ethnicity, age, extracurricular experience, and economic means—financial aid becomes increasingly

indispensable. Yet, the Law School's financial aid program is highly expensive and not adequately endowed. Every dollar spent in financial aid is a dollar that cannot be spent on educational programming or faculty recruitment and retention. It is therefore of great importance to the Law School to be able to continue to identify students who plan to pursue courses and clinics in human rights who can become Robina Human Rights JD Scholars. Without the support of the Robina Foundation, it is uncertain whether Yale will be able to continue to admit developing human rights leaders regardless of their economic situation.

The recent assessment of the Robina Initiative has provided important information about the impact of Robina JD Scholarships. More than one-third – 37.5%, to be exact – of the Robina JD Scholars in the Class of 2010 (or 3 of 8 students) chose human rights or public interest positions during their first year after graduation. Although the sample is too small to be statistically significant, the trend is noticeable. Each year, our Career Development Office conducts a survey of alumni who graduated five years earlier, and these surveys constitute the only statistical baseline we have by which we can measure the significance of this figure. The most recent survey is for the Yale Law School Class of 2005. In the Class of 2005, only 8% of graduates took public interest and/or human rights positions their first year after graduation. The significance of the 37.5% figure must also be evaluated in light of the fact that most Yale Law School graduates tend to move into human rights and public interest work *after* their first position, within 5 to 10 years after graduation. The first job of more than a third of our graduates, for example, is a judicial clerkship. Thus, the 37.5% figure is very likely to increase over time. Additional Robina JD Scholars will most probably move into the human rights field over the next several years.

It is equally compelling to note the significant roles that Robina JD Scholars have played as leaders for their peers within the Law School community. Robina JD Scholars have been very active participants in human rights activities; they have set the standard for other students interested in pursuing human rights academically or professionally. The vast majority of Robina JD Scholars have been involved in the Allard K. Lowenstein International Human Rights Clinic, the Transnational Development Clinic, and the Human Rights and Detention in the US Clinic, as well as in other human rights-related courses, such as Comparative Constitutional Law and Foreign Affairs, and National Security Law. Robina JD Scholars are leaders in coordinating human rights activities at the Law School: One was a student Co-Director of the Lowenstein Human Rights Project; another was the student Co-Director of the Schell Center; a third was the articles editor for the Yale Human Rights and Development Law Journal; and a fourth organized events for the Middle Eastern and North African Law Students Association, to cite just a few examples.

Other Robina JD Scholars have published scholarly articles (for example, with Professor Thomas Pogge on "Severe Poverty as a Human Rights Violation"); they have engaged in independent research projects (for example, with Professor Christine Jolls on the rights of adolescent workers in the US and Latin America); they have served as teaching assistants (for example, for the International Human Rights course at Yale College). Yet another Robina JD Scholar has been a Yale World Fellows Program Associate, participating in seminars that are taught twice weekly by top Yale faculty and that are designed especially for the World Fellows and Associates in order to educate them on topics such as global governance, international public health, rule of law, development economics, globalization, human rights, and technology. The World Fellows Program is a coveted opportunity, with only two or three Associates selected each year from all the graduate and professional schools of the University.

We hope to continue to encourage the leadership of these outstanding students by distinguishing them with the title and support provided through the Robina Human Rights JD Scholarships. With continued investment at the level of \$250,000 per year, the Law School will be able to sustain our commitment to cultivate brilliant student human rights leaders who represent a diverse array of perspectives and economic backgrounds. These students will not only continue to lead their peers, they will also energize the human rights community at the Law School through their involvement with clinics and student organizations. As our initial results have shown, they are likely to pursue human rights careers in significant numbers.

Robina Summer Human Rights Fellowships (also known as the Kirby Simon Summer Human Rights Fellowships, Supported by the Robina Foundation)

The summer human rights fellowships supported by the Robina Foundation provide pivotal, if not transformational, experiences for students. Prior to the inception of the Robina Human Rights Fellowship Initiative, the Schell Center offered some fellowships to students interested in doing international human rights work during the summer. However, these fellowships were based on insecure financial footing and would likely not have been insulated from the financial setbacks experienced by Yale in 2007, caused jointly by a decrease in the funding formerly provided by a private foundation and by the need to balance the Law School budget in the face of declines in endowment income that have still not been reversed.

These former fellowships were named in honor of Kirby Simon, Professor John Simon's son, who, as a Foreign Service officer, died in 1995 while serving in Taiwan. In order to continue to honor Kirby Simon's memory as well as acknowledge the generous support provided by the Robina Foundation, these fellowships are now called the "Kirby Simon Summer Human Rights Fellows, Supported by the Robina Foundation." The Robina Foundation's investment in these fellowships has provided the stable support needed to enrich and sustain students' interest in pursuing summer international human rights work and has greatly enhanced and strengthened the program.

A large portion of students have been affected by the program: sixteen to eighteen percent of students in the classes of 2010 and 2011 have chosen to participate in the summer human rights fellowship program supported by the Robina Foundation. These students return from their fellowships energized by what they have learned over the summer. The chance to participate in the important practical work of international courts or NGO's is invaluable. Students forge personal connections with mentors and co-workers, develop networks within the complex world of agencies, courts and advocacy groups, and witness first-hand the aspirations and challenges of human rights organizations. Nearly all of the students who participated in the summer human rights fellowship program supported by the Robina Foundation and who were interviewed for the recent assessment – approximately 87% – attested that their experience increased or sustained their desire to pursue international human rights as a career path.

The significance of this information is supported by the professional positions past summer human rights fellows have chosen. For example, 60% of the Robina summer human rights fellows from the Class of 2009 (or 3 of 5 students) and 31% of summer human rights fellows from the Class of 2010 (or 8 of 26 students) obtained public interest or human rights positions during their first year after graduation. Their positions varied widely and included, to name just a few, a clerkship at the Constitutional Court of

South Africa; a Soros Justice Advocacy Fellowship in the Louisiana Capital Assistance Center in New Orleans; a Skadden Fellowship at the Urban Justice Center in New York; and a fellowship at the Vera Institute in New York, focusing on legal reform in China. The numbers should once again be compared with the baseline established by the comprehensive survey of the Class of 2005, which indicate that only 8% of our graduates secured human rights or public interest positions during the first year after their graduation.

The summer human rights fellowships supported by the Robina Foundation also play an important role in encouraging students to develop their work into full-time human rights advocacy or advanced research projects. For example, Sam Ferguson '09, who as a summer fellow had initiated an independent study on the dirty war in Argentina, later developed this project into a much larger initiative, for which he received a Robina Post-Graduate Fellowship in 2009. His research project, which promises to soon be published as a book, focused on Argentina's decision in 2003 to repeal a series of amnesty laws passed in the 1980s that had shielded officials of the dictatorship from criminal prosecution for nearly two decades. Sam's work may be the only comprehensive book on this subject that is addressed to an English-speaking audience; it will provide an invaluable account of what happens when a democratically enacted amnesty law is repealed to re-open an examination of past human rights abuses.

Similarly, Rebecca Heller '10's summer human rights fellowship in 2008 led her to travel to Jordan where she became involved with Iraqi refugees who had been fleeing Iraq in great numbers since the US-led invasion in 2003. Soon after her fellowship, Becca co-founded the Iraqi Refugee Assistance Project (IRAP), which has evolved to become a full-scale legal advocacy organization with chapters at nine US law schools and at the University of Jordan. IRAP has provided pro bono legal assistance to more than 200 Iraqi refugee families and has successfully helped 90 families resettle safely in third countries. The success of IRAP has in no small part depended upon the opportunity that Becca was afforded through her summer human rights fellowship. The experiences she gained as a fellow are undoubtedly continuing to influence her current work as the Executive Director of the Iraqi Refugee Assistance Project. (Please see the attached recent front-page *New York Times* article, which features a quote by Becca Heller, Executive Director of the Iraqi Refugee Assistance Project.)

The Schell Center offers a series of events that highlight the experiences of the summer human rights fellows supported by the Robina Foundation and acknowledges their important contributions to the Yale human rights community. The Center hosts orientation and "debriefing" receptions for summer human rights fellows, which allow fellows to share their experiences with each other and reflect upon their experiences. In addition to these events, the Center also annually facilitates three student-led panels on human rights: the first panel provides a public forum for summer human rights fellows to discuss their work with first-year law students who may be interested in participating in summer human rights fellowships in the future, while the second and third panels provide a forum for fellows to lead discussions of specific human rights issues on which their summer work focused. These are just a few examples of the many events hosted by the Schell Center that help catalyze and solidify not only the relationships between summer human rights fellows supported by the Robina Foundation, but also between other students interested in human rights issues.

Through continued support at the current level of \$200,000, the Robina Initiative will deepen its effect on the field of human rights by allowing students to gain a broad range of human rights experience

outside the classroom in the kinds of intense real-world work that only an immersion for a significant period of time can provide. The Robina Foundation's investment will enable the summer human rights fellowship program to have the resources to produce enormous impact on the lives of our students and, through their careers, on the future of international human rights.

Robina Post-Graduate Fellowships

Although significant numbers of students enter Yale Law School eager to work in human rights, many are pushed by financial considerations and the lack of available entry-level positions to embark on careers in private or corporate practice. While many of our students can ultimately succeed in finding remunerative employment in nonprofit and governmental organizations, many find it impossible to find paying positions in human rights immediately or even soon after their graduation.

The Robina Initiative has significantly increased the number of opportunities available to recent graduates interested in entering the field of the human rights. The Robina Post-Graduate Fellowships have doubled the number of Yale human rights fellowships open to our recent graduates. The opportunities created by the Robina Post-Graduate Fellowships do not only increase the likelihood that our graduates will be able to fulfill their ambitions to land jobs in human rights; they also add valuable talent to the difficult work of generally under-resourced organizations struggling to advance respect for human rights. Most human rights organizations cannot offer paid internships. They very much value the work that Robina Post-Graduate Fellows are able to contribute to their efforts.

Various international criminal tribunals, foreign constitutional courts and intergovernmental agencies addressing human rights issues also value the opportunity to have a year of work from talented Yale Law School graduates. Robina Post-Graduate Fellowships have enabled our graduates to serve important courts like the Constitutional Court of South Africa, the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia, and the International Criminal Court. This helps these courts fulfill their important mandates and also allows our graduates to gain invaluable first-hand experience of the day-to-day workings of these institutions. It provides the Fellows with precious knowledge that will dramatically increase their ability both to secure responsible positions in human rights and to be effective human rights practitioners. Equally important are the Robina Post-Graduate Fellowships that support graduates who wish to gain experience at institutions like the US State Department's Office of Democracy, Human Rights and Labor, or the Office of the United Nations' Special Rapporteur on the Right to Food, or the International Labor Organization, to name just a few. These institutions are vital for the international development of human rights. We are confident that the knowledge the Fellows gain from these extraordinary experiences will be put to long and worthwhile use as Robina Post-Graduate Fellows become practicing human rights advocates.

We have recently begun to invite and publicly announce current and past Robina Post-Graduate Fellows during the Schell Center's annual Robert L. Bernstein Symposium, an event which annually draws over a hundred attendees, including a variety of prominent human rights scholars and activists to participate in discussions and deliver lectures on specific human rights themes. This provides an opportune way to convene current and past Robina Post-Graduate Fellows as well as other students interested in human rights to allow them to exchange ideas and foster networks between each other and leaders in the human rights community. We intend to continue this practice in the future.

This year brought a significant increase in the number of applications for post-graduate human rights fellowships. This reflects not only students' increased awareness of the Robina Post-Graduate Fellowships, but also the proven success of these fellowships in opening up the field of human rights to those just seeking to enter it. In a world of otherwise contracting resources, the Robina Post-Graduate Fellowships constitute a rare expansion of opportunity. We would therefore propose increasing the support for these fellowships to \$180,000 in order to enable us to provide three graduates with fellowships that cover the cost of the living stipends plus benefits.

Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellows

The opportunity to participate in and benefit from a robust and distinguished intellectual community of human rights scholars and practitioners is rare. It allows scholars and advocates to develop further expertise, gain knowledge, and share ideas with others who are intimately familiar with human rights in both theory and practice. For these reasons, the Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellows in residence program is important not only to individual Visiting Fellows, but also to the larger human rights community at Yale and internationally.

In our proposal three years ago, we had originally conceived of supporting two separate categories of Robina Fellows – International Fellows and Senior Fellows – to spend a year in residence at the Law School to enable them to study comparative theories of human rights and to participate in and benefit from the community at Yale. Recently, we modified this vision to allow greater fluidity between these two categories by combining them into one group entitled the “Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellows.” The consolidation has enabled us to invite scholars and advocates at various career levels – from novitiates to seniors – to spend from a few weeks to a full year in residence at the Law School. These shorter residencies allow visits by fellows who may not otherwise be able to get away from their regular responsibilities, but who can, even in a short visit, take advantage of what the Law School offers and provide great benefits to our community.

Students, fellows, and Yale faculty have received a great benefit from the influx of new ideas and vitality that the Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellows have brought to campus. The expertise and experience of past fellows has included topics ranging from comparative constitutional law to international criminal law, from international dispute settlement to sexual rights, from language rights to comparative citizenship law. Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellows have taught seventeen human rights courses with a total of 130 enrolled students over the last three years. The Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellows have strengthened the curriculum of the Law School and, in particular, its international law and human rights curriculum. And the Fellows have made possible a valuable symbiosis: They have enriched the intellectual life of the Law School even as they themselves have been enriched by their contact with the Law School.

For the individual Robina Visiting Fellows, the opportunity to complete research and writing projects is invaluable. During their time here, they benefit not only from the dedicated time to think and write, but also from the chance to engage in an extended process of peer review. The benefit of the experience for the Robina Visiting Fellows is not limited to the freedom from routine tasks—which, in and of itself, is significant—but also results from the intellectual attention and critique that they receive

from Yale faculty and students. At the same time, Yale Law School students benefit from their interaction with diverse legal scholars and practitioners. They benefit not merely from the content of their teaching, but also because Robina Visiting Fellows are role models for our students. Lucas Guttentag is a perfect illustration. He exemplifies not only what a long-time human rights advocate can learn in the academic environment of the Law School, but also what he can bring to enliven and enrich the experience of students and faculty. We should add that the multiple activities that Robina Visiting Fellows pursue—hosting discussions, delivering lectures, participating in conferences, and publishing new scholarship—have a valuable impact *outside* the Law School, both throughout Yale University and in the wider community of human rights scholars and advocates.

Professor Dapo Akande, a 2008-09 Robina Visiting Fellow from the United Kingdom, summarized well the impact that his fellowship had on his thinking and scholarship. He wrote: “The Law School really values an interdisciplinary approach in a way that is not replicated in Europe and, I suppose, perhaps is not replicated in the States either. One looks at the value of the law and the way that the law influences behavior. Coming from a European background, this was very different for me, and something that I have really tried to value in my research since my time at Yale.”

Jeffrey Kahn, a 2010-11 Visiting Fellow, commented: “The fellowship’s flexibility allowed me to conduct research in multiple sites both in the United States and abroad, while also giving me access to the amazing resources at Yale Law School and to work under the guidance of Yale Law School faculty. There is no equivalent fellowship in existence that would allow this combination of multi-sited research and scholarly activity on issues of international human rights. It is truly a unique fellowship and one which I hope will result in the documentation of a unique and illuminating history of an important international human rights movement.”

We would not have been able to support such a rich curriculum in human rights, nor to have the opportunity to have in residence some of the most respected scholars in the world were it not for the Robina Human Rights Fellowship Initiative. Although the Law School works hard to attract and sustain a number of visiting scholars each year, we often have to prioritize individuals who teach in key areas of law for which we do not have permanent faculty. We are quite limited in our capacity to invite teachers who do not fit into our categories of immediate curricular need. The Robina Initiative has greatly augmented our ability to invite human rights leaders of all levels to spend time in residency and to provide them with the intellectual support and resources that they require to advance progress in their specific areas of work. Sustained support for the Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellows at the level of \$235,000 would allow us to continue to invite three to six scholars each year to spend time in residency and enrich the campus.

Innovation in Human Rights Clinical Education and Field Missions

Students’ clinical experiences are often essential to their ability to master the knowledge and skills necessary to be effective advocates. In light of this, we have added a new component to the Robina Initiative: support for innovation in human rights clinical education. This support will enable the Lowenstein and other human rights-related clinics to accomplish work that is impossible to achieve without a field research component and that will provide students with the intensive field experience that is so critical to developing human rights careers. It will also provide funding that will allow our faculty to

explore and develop new clinical initiatives that will renew and enrich the human rights-related clinical work shared by students and faculty alike.

By helping to support field missions of the Lowenstein and other clinics, the Robina Initiative would enable these clinics to provide more of their students with the kind of field experience that is only possible in the clinical context, with the supervision and guidance of clinical faculty. Support for human rights field missions would enable our students to conduct research and gather evidence (whether for cases in various fora or for human rights reports), to witness first-hand the context of the human rights issues on which they have been working, and to interview people immediately affected by or responsible for human rights abuses. The skills that students learn during these field missions are critical to human rights work, yet they are almost impossible to simulate and are fundamentally different from the experiences they gain from their work on other cases and projects at the Law School.

In addition to providing support for field missions, the fund could support new projects related to human rights, initiatives that would not otherwise have the necessary funds. One recent example of such experimentation is last year's new Transnational Development Clinic, which depended on a one-time grant to get started. A second example is the new clinic that Jim Silk and Hope Metcalf taught on detention and human rights in the United States. Work from this initiative is now being incorporated into the Lowenstein Clinic. Other possible types of new clinical efforts or projects might include research on emerging issues or areas of law, independent projects that result in reports or presentations to various foreign, international or domestic organizations, and conferences or workshops to bring together activists and scholars to discuss complex or emerging issues of relevance to our clinics. Last year, Cover-Lowenstein Fellow Laurel Fletcher and two students from the Lowenstein Clinic traveled to Dhaka, Bangladesh, to present a comparative legal analysis of victim and witness protection and support measures; the object was to explain how Bangladesh's national tribunal might implement similar measures. The proposed fund could be used to supplement this and similar types of work. In addition, part of this support could enable one or two clinics to hire students to work throughout the summer in order to advance projects that cannot be completed effectively within one semester.

Although the Lowenstein Clinic is the most recognized and long-standing of our human rights clinics, additional sister clinics that have emerged in more recent years are important complements to the more generalist human rights work of the Lowenstein Clinic and play a significant role in developing new approaches to human rights work at the Law School. None of these clinics, including the Lowenstein Clinic, has sufficient resources to meet the needs of their many potential clients. The Lowenstein Clinic must work on a shoestring budget to conduct its work and engage in a small number of field missions. Limited funding for the Clinic has required it to constrain its ability to take on new projects that necessitate field work and that would be of great interest and educational value to students and of great importance to the human rights organizations who have requested the Clinic's assistance. Our other human rights clinics have even more limited resources.

If the Robina Initiative were to provide the amount of \$50,000 for this new component, it would make possible a variety of opportunities. The Lowenstein Clinic and other clinics doing human rights could conduct approximately four to six additional field missions, with three or four students on each trip, every year; they could develop new projects or even new clinics to address emerging issues; they could hire students to work through the summer on projects that cannot be completed effectively within one

semester; or, most likely, they could do some combination of these things. This would be a welcome investment.

Robina Fellowship Coordinator

Three years ago, we envisioned the need for a Robina Project Director who would not only help facilitate the day-to-day activities of the Robina Initiative, but also take on a number of strategic activities to ensure that the Initiative maximally benefits both students and the greater society. We realized, however, that these tasks would be better accomplished through the combined efforts of faculty and staff members affiliated with the Robina Initiative and the Law School's human rights programs. Professor James Silk, Executive Director of the Schell Center, has, in coordination with Dean Robert Post and Associate Dean for Academic Affairs Megan Barnett, taken responsibility for the general oversight of the Initiative.

In light of this, we modified the directorship position to become the Robina Fellowship Coordinator, with responsibility for administering the Robina Initiative, assessing its impact, and helping with projects that benefit both the Initiative and the Schell Center. For example, the Coordinator designed, created and completed a Yale Law School human rights student database that details the full range of human rights experiences of the students who have participated in any of them over the last twenty-some years. The database has been of great value to the Schell Center both in gaining understanding of the history of the various programs and in planning outreach to alumni to develop a human rights alumni network that will be useful to alumni as well as students. The information in the database will itself prove useful to students exploring summer and post-graduate human rights opportunities.

We feel that the addition of Katy Lawder as the Robina Fellowship Coordinator has been of great value to the Schell Center and to the Robina Initiative as a whole. The Schell Center has a very small staff – in addition to Ms. Lawder, it consists of merely four other individuals, all of whom have other significant responsibilities: James Silk, *Clinical Professor of Law and Executive Director of the Schell Center*, who teaches and dedicates approximately half of his time to the Schell Center; Paul Kahn, *Robert W. Winner Professor of Law and Director of the Schell Center*, who devotes only a small percentage of his time to the Schell Center; Allyson McKinney, *Associate Research Scholar in Law and the Robert M. Cover -Allard K. Lowenstein Fellow in International Human Rights*, who shares responsibility for supervising the Lowenstein Clinic and dedicates approximately half of her time to the Schell Center; and Barbara Mianzo, *Senior Administrative Assistant*, who also provides administrative support to several other individual faculty members. Ms. Lawder's presence has increased the capacity of the Schell Center to administer the Robina Initiative. Ms. Lawder has shown initiative in designing the assessment of the Robina Initiative and the human rights student database and has done a sensitive and intelligent job of conducting interviews and implementing the other aspects of the Robina Initiative assessment plan. We hope to continue to have Ms. Lawder in this role for the foreseeable future.

In the coming period, Ms. Lawder will continue the assessment work she has begun, in order to evaluate the impact of the Robina Initiative. She will also use the new human rights database that she developed last year to reach out to Law School graduates who were involved in various aspects of the human rights program; this may include sending electronic messages and newsletters informing

graduates about human rights activities and opportunities at the Law School. It would also include developing a more accessible tool that would enable students and graduates to make useful connections, whether to allow students to obtain human rights career advice from graduates, to share information about job opportunities or work on particular issues, or to seek help with advocacy initiatives, research projects or job searches. The Schell Center would also like to use the database to develop a cadre of alumni who could serve as mentors to students interested in human rights issues and work. There are a few obstacles, administrative and technological, that need to be overcome in order to make this system functional and effective, and we are fortunate to have Ms. Lawder in a position from which she can devote her time and energy to accomplishing this goal.

Despite all that we have accomplished through the Robina Human Rights Fellowship Initiative, including the work ~~Ms.~~ Lawder has done, there is still much more to do with respect to our original goals. As the Robina Foundation is aware, our original proposal three years ago stated that we could "examine the state of human rights movements globally and assess the needs of that community for cooperation from the Law School." While conducting a thoughtful global assessment is beyond the capacity of the Schell Center, the Center is continually in contact with human rights organizations and advocates to explore ways that the Center, particularly the Lowenstein Clinic, can advance specific human rights projects. The Center persistently evaluates how best to effectively utilize its resources to achieve the widest possible impact. The Schell Center will continue to explore and evaluate these possibilities to develop new ideas and experiment with fresh approaches to enhance its ability to contribute effectively to advancing international human rights.

* Our original proposal also discussed broadening our outreach to encourage undergraduates, graduate students, faculty, administrators, and staff from throughout the University to participate in the Schell Center's many events. In the coming years, we will advance this outreach and consider ways for the Schell Center to expand its collaboration with other areas of the University and, in particular, encourage more interdisciplinary advocacy and research projects and discourse. In the last few years, the Schell Center has increasingly organized events with other departments, centers and organizations within the University. This not only extends the impact of the Schell Center's resources, but also brings more diverse perspectives to bear on issues and brings human rights content to a wider audience. The Schell Center co-sponsored 19 events with other schools and departments this year alone, including: "The Yale AIDS Colloquium Series," with the Global Health Leadership Institute and Yale World Fellows Program; "Pakistan and Beyond: The Law and Politics of Aid After Humanitarian Catastrophes," with the South Asian Law Students Association, the South Asian Studies Council, and the Yale Office of Student Affairs; a panel discussion entitled "No Human Way to Kill," with the Human Rights Centre at the University of Essex; and "Economic Sanctions: Moral, Legal, and Strategic Perspectives," with The Arab Students Association at Yale, The Global Justice Program, The Ethics Politics and Economics Program, and The Yale International Students Organization. With the support of the Robina Foundation, the Schell Center will be able to continue to build these efforts. Now that Katy Lawder has completed some of the initial tasks her position entails, particularly the development of assessment tools and the human rights database, she will devote significant time to outreach work.

Recently, the Schell Center compiled a list of all the undergraduate student organizations concerned with human rights and related issues (the list includes more than forty organizations). In the coming period, we plan to augment the Schell Center's ability to work systematically with these

Coordination w/ rest of Yale

organizations. This will entail convening a meeting of organizational representatives to make them aware of the Schell Center's offerings and potential support, to develop synergies that would enable them to undertake joint initiatives and projects, and to gauge the human rights interests of the Yale College community and sponsor or co-sponsor appropriate events. In tandem with this project, we will also work to develop a group of law students—including summer human rights fellows supported by the Robina Foundation and Robina JD Scholars—who can serve as mentors to undergraduate students interested in human rights activities and careers and in the possibility of studying law to prepare themselves for such work. Ms. Lawder will also carry out a survey of faculty and programs at the University that engage in scholarship or activities on human rights and related themes. Other than the Schell Center, there is no center or program at Yale that focuses explicitly on human rights, but the programs of many other centers and departments touch on human rights. It will be important to understand the substance and extent of the human rights-related activities of some of the programs and to cultivate further collaboration with them. Entities at Yale that will be important for this outreach work include the MacMillan Center for International and Area Studies at Yale, along with its various area and thematic councils, the Jackson Institute for Global Affairs, the Genocide Studies Program, the Program in Agrarian Studies, the Global Health Initiative, the Yale World Fellows Program, and the Yale School of Public Health. Once we catalogue these programs and their activities related to human rights, we will establish relationships with them and seek to develop further collaboration among them. This will likely take the form initially of co-sponsoring events and making efficient use of the resources that these programs can offer each other, but we will also explore collaboration with others on clinic work, research and curriculum. Katy Lawder will carry out the necessary information gathering and will expand efforts she has already begun to participate in interdisciplinary groups, like the Global Health Initiative. Professor Silk would oversee this work and initiate interaction at the faculty level.

WHAT WE HAVE LEARNED, GOALS, AND FUTURE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE ROBINA INITIATIVE

We have learned much from the past three years of the Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative. Our future goals for the human rights program at Yale Law School are to:

- Strengthen the existing program by attracting and engaging permanent and visiting faculty members, lecturers, and fellows to teach new courses and seminars, present lectures and lead discussions, and participate and collaborate with the human rights community at Yale;
- Leverage the institutional resources of the University and the external support of funders such as the Robina Foundation and other foundations and individual supporters, to further build a diverse human rights community at Yale Law School, inclusive of individual's different interests and diverse backgrounds and experiences;
- Provide more opportunities for Yale undergraduate and graduate students and faculty members interested in human rights to engage with each other and to participate in lectures, courses, symposia, and interdisciplinary events focusing on human rights issues;
- Complement the strong international human rights program with new programs focusing on domestic human rights issues;

- Provide financial and programmatic resources that encourage students to learn about human rights in theory and practice and encourage their interest in and pursuit of human rights and public interest law generally throughout their careers;
- Produce outstanding scholarship that contributes to the understanding and development of human rights;
- Expand the support that the Yale Law School human rights program provides to human rights organizations by carrying out useful, practical projects that advance the human rights of particular populations and the development of effective strategies generally;
- Continue to assess the needs of the human rights program at Yale Law School and the University in order to better serve this community as well as human rights organizations and individuals in need.

The Robina Initiative fits perfectly within our overall plan for the human rights program at Yale Law School. Our goals for the Robina Initiative over the next three years are to:

Robina Goals

- Create opportunities for Robina-affiliated scholars and fellows to share ideas and experiences relating to human rights, work with each other on scholarship and practical research and projects, and make use of existing networks both at Yale and within the field broadly;
- Strengthen efforts to promote opportunities for students and scholars interested in human rights to participate in the summer human rights fellowships, post-graduate fellowships, and visiting human rights fellowships;
- Continue to develop opportunities for students and faculty members to create and participate in new and innovative human rights projects through coursework, hands-on field work, and student activities;
- Encourage new scholarship that will contribute to existing knowledge and advance new ideas in human rights;
- Utilize the new human rights database to help students learn about human rights fellowships and other opportunities at organizations or in regions of interest;
- Provide support and encouragement for students and emerging scholars and practitioners to continue to pursue human rights work, either domestically or internationally;
- Enhance the Schell Center's ability to conduct outreach and cooperate with other schools, departments and centers at Yale University and with external organizations to organize an increasingly diverse array of human rights events, including more events with interdisciplinary perspectives;
- Produce an annual assessment of the Robina Initiative by continuing to document and survey the experiences of Robina visiting fellows, summer fellows and Robina JD scholars, as well as beginning to track the post-law school career paths of our graduates who have benefited from these programs.

Overall, we believe that each of the components of the Robina Initiative has achieved the express purpose for which it was designed. It is for this reason, and for the reason that without Robina's continued support these programmatic innovations will suffer severe financial constraints, that we request continued support for the aforementioned elements of the Robina Initiative. The Initiative has been a resounding success in expanding the human rights community within the Law School, in encouraging the

interest and engagement of students in human rights, in fostering innovation in the academic and professional dimensions of human rights, and in advancing growth and improvement in international human rights. With the Robina Foundation's vital support, we hope to continue this work in the future.

ANNUAL BUDGET FOR THE ROBINA HUMAN RIGHTS FELLOWSHIP INITIATIVE

The following is an estimated annual budget for the Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowships Initiative. The total amount of support requested on an annual basis is \$1 million per year for a period of three years to support the continuation of the Robina Initiative from June 2012 until June 2015. We would request payment in May 2012, 2013, and 2014.

Estimated Annual Expenses:

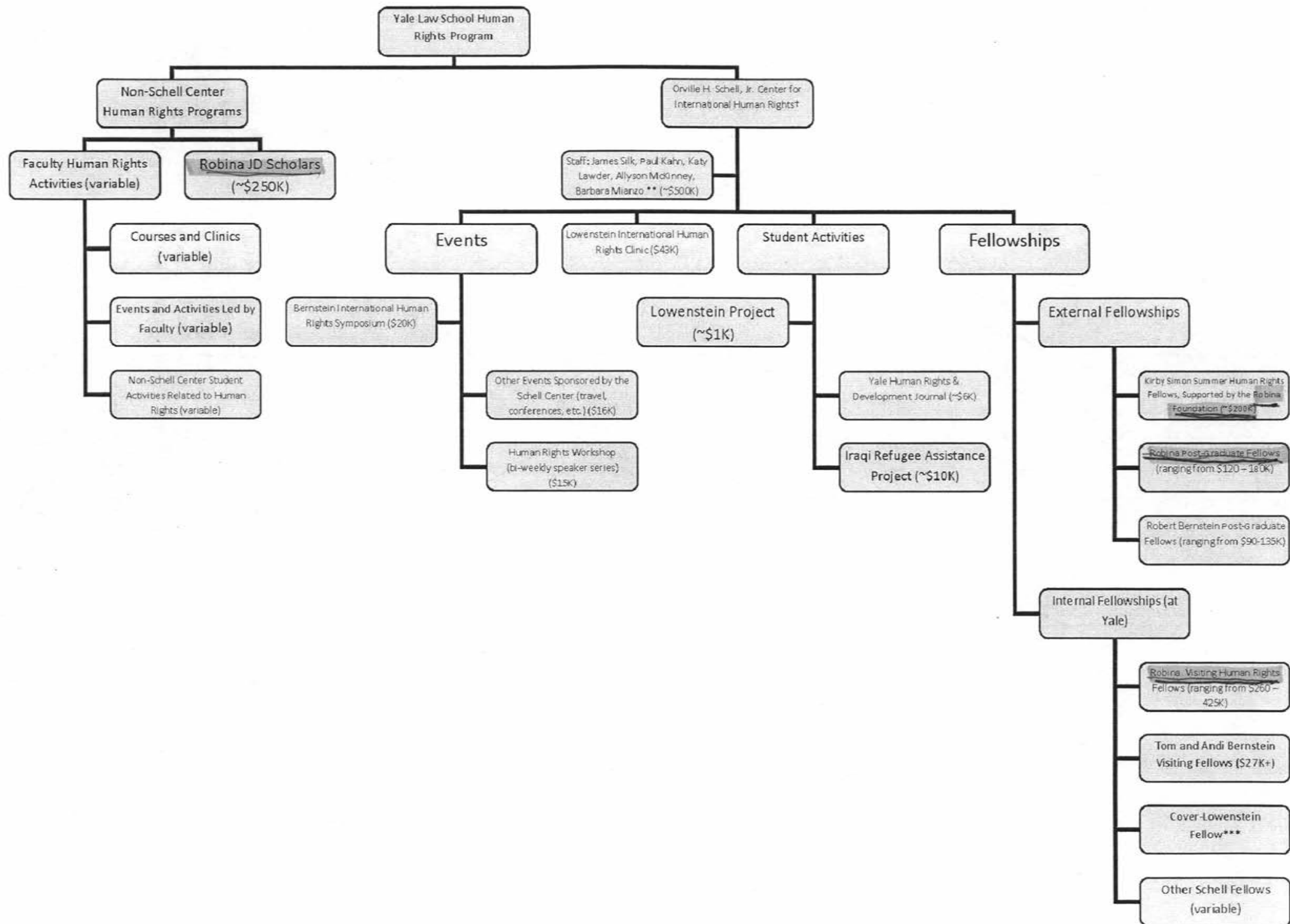
Robina Human Rights JD Scholarships (15-20)	\$250,000
Summer Fellowships, Supported by the Robina Foundation (30-35) <i>Includes travel support</i>	\$200,000
Robina Post-Graduate Fellowships (3) <i>Includes salary and benefits</i>	\$180,000
Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellowships (3-6) <i>Includes salary, benefits, and conference funds</i>	\$235,000
Robina Fellowship Coordinator <i>Includes salary and benefits</i>	\$65,000
Fund for Human Rights Clinical Education Innovation and Field Missions	\$50,000
Clerical Support and Associated Expenses*	<u>\$20,000</u>
TOTAL COST	\$1,000,000

*We propose that these expenses could cover not only clerical support, supplies, and other administrative expenses associated with implementing the Robina Initiative, but could also be used to support activities that would encourage interaction and networking between Robina-affiliated scholars and fellows and to conduct outreach activities and co-sponsor human rights events conducted with other schools and departments at the University.

ADDENDUM:

- 1) Map of Yale Law School Human Rights Program
- 2) *New York Times* article, which features a quote by Becca Heller, Executive Director of the Iraqi Refugee Assistance Project (July 12, 2011)
- 3) Lucas Guttentag's *curriculum vitae*
- 4) Overview of immigration or migration-related programs at other universities and law schools

Chart of the Yale Law School Human Rights Program*



Email to Dean Robert Post at Yale Law School

August 29, 2011

Dear Dean Post,

At its Board Meeting last week, the Board of Directors of the Robina Foundation considered two proposals from Yale Law School aimed at improving human rights at home and worldwide: a proposal for the continuation of "The Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative" and a proposal for "The Development of a Center for Immigration and Migrants' Rights."

The Board has been pleased to provide four years of funding for the Human Rights Fellowship Initiative and approved annual funding of \$1 million for three additional years as outlined in your proposal. As you requested, payments will be made in May 2012, 2013 and 2014. Board Members had several comments and suggestions that may help you with the initiative, as well as with YLS's total human rights programming.

The chart mapping the various programs, fellowships, projects, events and activities that make up the whole of YLS's human rights program helped us understand the complexity of Yale's activities and where Robina's funding fits into the picture. We have been aware that Robina's visibility and recognition in connection with the human rights program are rather opaque and are not commensurate with the level of Robina funding when compared with funding from other sources. Board Members are comfortable with that and aren't seeking greater recognition. The Robina Foundation welcomes the opportunity to fund parts of the program as we are doing now. Board Members do wonder, however, if there is a way to make the overall program more coherent or to somehow "brand" the program so that it is more understandable to all.

Our sense is that the glue that makes this diverse programming work is James Silk, who because of his close relationships with students is able to help them navigate the various alternative programs. Professor Silk is clearly a wonderful asset to Yale. He would be very, very hard to replace. So we wonder if the complexity and diversity of these many programs dilutes the impact, the desired sense of community and the potential opportunity for a life-long network of human rights activists. (An example of a life-long network with staying power is the network of Peace Corps alumni.) We also wonder if more clarity about the overall organization and vision for human rights at Yale would increase the potential for YLS to seek other funders for human rights programming. Robina won't be around forever, and we would like to do what we can to assure that YLS will continue to have the resources to support young lawyers in a subject area we care about. We fear that you will miss opportunities if you don't codify in a more cohesive fashion the excellent work the school is doing. A comprehensive description of human rights activities would include aggregate funding over a specified period of time. We recognize that we may be unaware of your efforts in this regard and would appreciate learning more.

The Board also discussed funding for the Center for Immigration and Migrants' Rights.

Unfortunately, the Board decided not to fund the center. This was a hard decision, particularly because we know that you put funding the center high on your list of priorities and because we are well aware of Lucas Guttentag's important work at Yale and elsewhere. In the end, Board

Members preferred to stay focused on international human rights and the programs that are part of the Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative. We are hopeful that armed with the Ford Foundation commitment, you will be able to develop and implement the center and bring Lucas Guttentag to Yale full-time.

As I mentioned in an earlier email, we are trying to identify a time when Peter Karoff, Robina's "Lead Director" for Yale, and I, along with new Board Members Kathleen Blatz and Susan Berresford can visit Yale to meet with you and others at Yale to discuss Robina's current and future grants. We have proposed November 11 as a date that works for us. This visit will give our new Board Members the opportunity to put faces on the people at Yale they have heard so much about and to talk first-hand with those implementing Robina-funded initiatives. The visit would also permit us to talk further -- and perhaps more clearly -- about the comments above concerning YLS's human rights programming.

The Board made a decision concerning reporting requirements: in the future the Foundation will only require a six month grant report and an annual report, rather than quarterly reports as has been the case in the past. I suspect Kate Norton and others who work on the reports will cheer that decision! The Board also plans to visit each Robina Grantee every other year to stay in close touch with grantees. I am working on a schedule of reports and visits and will send the schedule when it is complete.

I think that's it at this point. You and others at YLS should feel free to contact me with questions or concerns. Please be aware that I will be out of the country from September 12 to September 29. I am confident that delaying follow-up conversations until I return should not cause a problem.

Warm regards,

Penny

Penny A. Hunt
Executive Director
Robina Foundation



Yale Law School

ROBERT C. POST · Dean and Sol & Lillian Goldman Professor of Law

September 15, 2011

Penny A. Hunt
Executive Director
Robina Foundation
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80 South 8th Street
Minneapolis, MN 55402

And via email phunt@robinafoundation.org ; pennhunt@gmail.com

Dear Penny,

I hope that you are doing well and that you are enjoying your time away. Although I know that you are currently traveling, I wanted to respond promptly to the Board's recent suggestions regarding the human rights program at Yale Law School and its future growth.

Let me first express my sincere thanks for providing this helpful feedback. As you might expect, we are continually reviewing our program, and it is very beneficial to have the perspective of informed and supportive observers. When we recently conferred to discuss the issues raised in your letter of August 29, 2011, we realized that Robina is the first foundation to seek *comprehensively* to support opportunities for our students to gain human rights education and experience, from their enrollment at the school through their post-law school careers. Your generosity begins with financial aid for incoming students interested in human rights. It expands the curricular options in human rights law that we are able to offer while our students are in school. It supports our students as they seek to acquire practical human rights experiences during their summers away from school. And it ultimately enables our recent graduates to gain human rights experience as young lawyers by working as Robina Human Rights Fellows. Your support has, for the first time, allowed us to fully support each of these critical, interrelated elements of our human rights programming.

The very question that your letter raises has, in a sense, only now become visible by virtue of the integrated view you have taken of our human rights educational programming. In the past, we have developed our program one piece at a time. Although we have had fundraising success, we sought to sustain specific aspects of our human rights program, like our post graduate fellowships or our ability to attract visiting fellows. We shall continue, of course, to pursue such funding, but now, thanks to the Robina Foundation, we can better present our program in a

comprehensive way. It is important to us to find permanent endowment for all aspects of our program that Robina presently supports.

You are also quite right to observe that it will be important to us to promote relationships between students and alumni in order to create a life-long community that will sustain our students and graduates who pursue careers in human rights. We have already begun to do this through the creation of the human rights database, which includes information about students' and alumni's experiences and interests in human rights. And we will continue to explore other means to achieve this goal in the coming years.

I would be happy to talk with you more about this subject when you return.

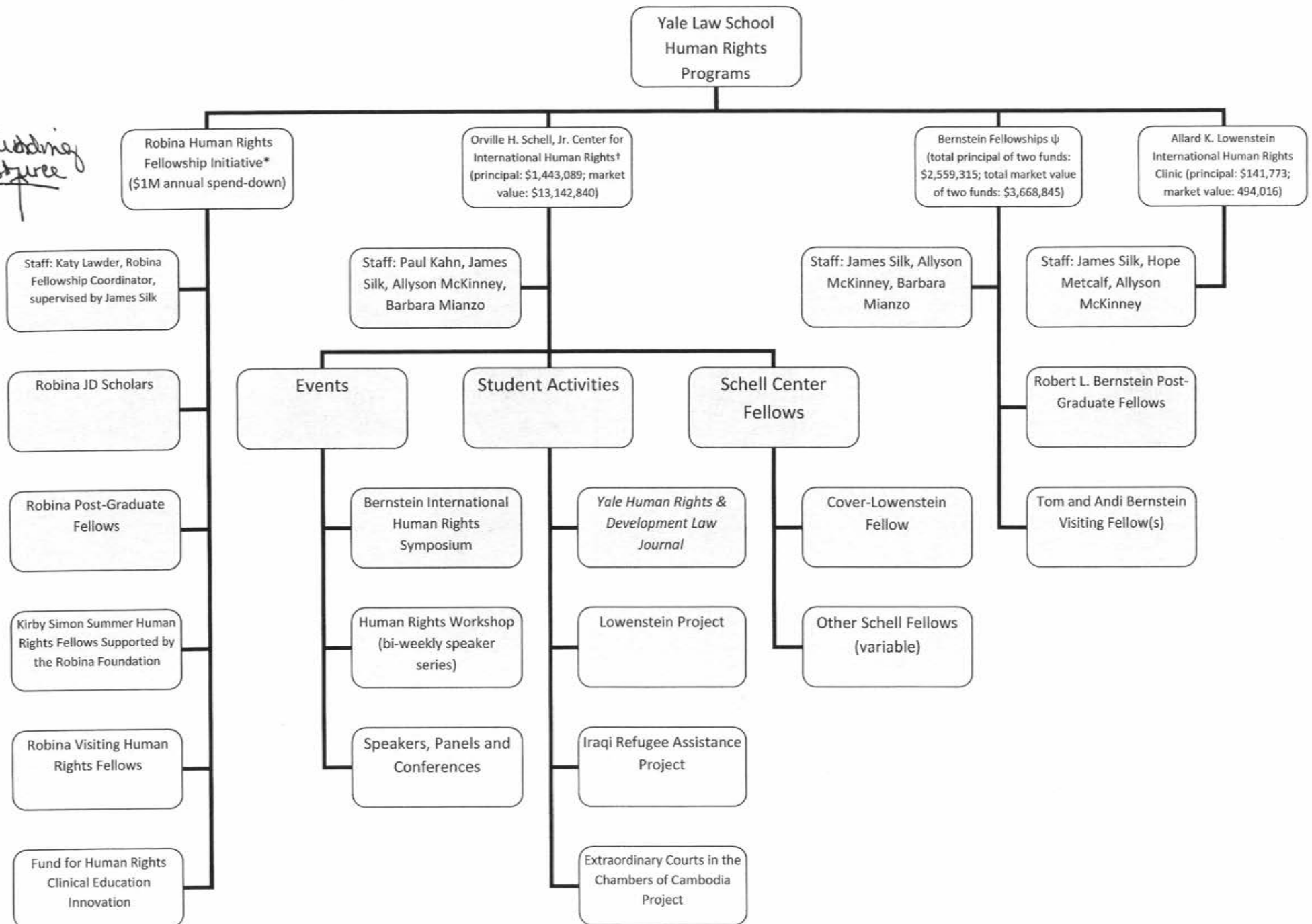
Best regards,

Robert



Components of the Yale Law School Human Rights Programs

Funding Source



Components of the Yale Law School Human Rights Programs

* The Robina Foundation Human Rights Initiative has been supported by a gift of \$1,000,000 annually since May 2008. The Robina Initiative provides comprehensive support for individuals interested in human rights in all stages of their careers, from first-year law students to those pursuing post-graduate fellowships. The goal of the Robina Initiative is to foster and support a commitment to international human rights, by leveraging the robust international human rights community that already exists at the Law School.

† The Schell Center is supported by the Orville H. Schell, Jr. Center Endowment Fund (est. 1988), which has a principal of \$1,443,089 and a market value of \$13,142,840 as of June 30, 2011. The Fund's annual income distribution in 2011-12 is \$638,113. The Schell Center's activities are also supported by the Vivien Wei-Ying U Fund for Human Rights (est. 1998), which has a principal of \$180,724 and a market value of \$361,976 as of June 30, 2011. The Wei-Ying U Fund's annual income distribution in 2011-12 is \$17,575.

Ψ The Bernstein Fellowships are supported by two separate endowment funds. The Robert L. Bernstein Post-Graduate Fellowships are funded by the Robert L. Bernstein Fellowship Endowment Fund (est. 2001), which has a principal of \$1,759,315 and a market value of \$2,835,248 as of June 30, 2011. The Robert L. Bernstein Fund's annual income distribution in 2011-12 is \$137,657. The Tom and Andi Bernstein Visiting Fellowship(s) are supported by the Tom and Andi Bernstein Fund for Human Rights Endowment Fund (est. 2008), which has a current principal of \$800,000 and a market value of \$833,597 as of June 30, 2011. The Tom and Andi Bernstein Fund's annual income distribution in 2011-12 is \$40,473. This Fund's principal will continue to be added to in the next several years.

‡ The Allard K. Lowenstein International Human Rights Clinic is supported by the Allard K. Lowenstein Endowment Fund (est. 1996), which has a principal of \$141,773 and a market value of \$494,016 as of June 30, 2011. The fund's annual income distribution in 2011-12 is \$23,986. The Lowenstein Clinic's budget is supplemented by Yale Law School general funds.

Components of the Yale Law School Human Rights Programs

* The Robina Foundation Human Rights Initiative has been supported by a gift of \$1,000,000 annually since May 2008. The Robina Initiative provides comprehensive support for individuals interested in human rights in all stages of their careers, from first-year law students to those pursuing post-graduate fellowships. The goal of the Robina Initiative is to foster and support a commitment to international human rights, by leveraging the robust international human rights community that already exists at the Law School.

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Commentary



**The End of Energy—A
Commentary by Michael
J. Graetz**

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Events

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WED, NOV 09
Second Circuit Sitting

WED, NOV 09
Connecticut Bar Association Program on
Equal Protection

THU, NOV 10
Law & Media Speaker Series

THU, NOV 10
ACS: Student Discussion on Occupy
Wall Street

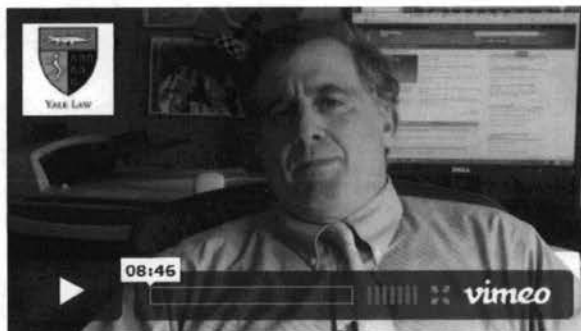
FRI, NOV 11
Financial Aid Open House

FRI, NOV 11
Alternative Dispute Resolution
Workshop

SUN, NOV 13
Harry H. Wellington: A Remembrance
and Celebration

MON, NOV 14

Media



Jonathan R. Macey '82, Sam Harris Professor of Corporate Law, Corporate Finance, and Securities Law, discusses *The Root Cause of the Financial Crisis: The Fatal Interaction of Markets and Regulation*

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In the News

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Yale Law School Mourns the Death of Sterling Professor Emeritus and Former Dean Harry H. Wellington - Memorial Service Nov. 13

Information Society Project Highlights Accomplishments in 2010-2011 Annual Report

Second Circuit Court of Appeals to Hear Case at Yale Law School on Nov. 9

Tom Tyler to Join Law School Faculty in January as Professor of Law

Abrams Institute for Freedom of Expression Will Promote Freedom of Speech and Press,



In Focus

Shirley Adelson Siegel '41—A New Experience at the End of Her Career


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Featured Sites

- Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative
- Richard Brooks Inaugural Lecture: "Circles and Lines: Law, Economics and Skepticism"
- Clinics and Experiential Learning Opportunities
- The Study of International Law at Yale Law School
- Career possibilities multiply thanks to COAP loan forgiveness program
- Student Perspectives: Thoughts on Life and Law at Yale Law School



Academics

The Study of Law at Yale Law School

[Administrative Law & Public Policy](#)
[Comparative Administrative Law Initiative](#)
[Constitutional Law](#)
[Yale Law School Center for the Study of Corporate Law](#)
[Environmental Law](#)
[Orville H. Schell, Jr. Center for International Human Rights](#)
[Information Society Project](#)
[International Law](#)
[Law and Health](#)
[Knight Law and Media Program](#)
[Law Teaching Program](#)
[Public Interest Law](#)

Degree Programs

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Clinics & Experiential Learning

Registrar

Bulletin of Yale University, Yale Law School


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The Study of Law at Yale Law School

Although there are no specific areas of concentration at Yale Law School, here are some areas currently of interest to students looking at the Law School's programs and courses.

Administrative Law

Comparative Administrative Law Initiative

Constitutional Law

Corporate Law

Environmental Law

Human Rights Law

Information Technology Law

International Law

Law and Health

Law and Media

Law Teaching

Public Interest Law

Administrative Law & Public Policy

The Law School is at the heart of a movement to expand the once-narrow field of law and economics to embrace a broader intellectual enterprise that applies the methods of economic analysis to almost all areas of law. Much of the Law School's activity in this area is carried on by the John M. Olin Center for the Study of Law, Economics and Public Policy. [More on Administrative Law and Public Policy....](#)

Comparative Administrative Law Initiative

The Comparative Administrative Law Initiative at Yale Law School studies the way administrative law principles and practices interact with other governmental institutions. Its comparative focus is broad, encompassing established and emerging democracies and non-democratic regimes. With countries facing similar public policy challenges, the initiative seeks to analyze the diverse models of state-society relations that exist throughout the world and to study their implications for public accountability, public policy, and competent government. [More on Comparative Administrative Law...](#)

Constitutional Law

The Law School is renowned as a center for scholarship in constitutional law, and prominent scholars are well represented on the School's faculty. Student organizations, like chapters of the American Constitution Society and the Federalist Society, often provide spirited debate during public events held at the Law School. [More on Constitutional Law....](#)

Corporate Law

The Yale Law School Center for the Study of Corporate Law helps to enhance the intellectual life of the Law School in the business law area. The center's focus of study includes corporate law and the law of other nongovernmental organizations, the regulation of financial markets, and the legal framework of finance. The Law School offers a strong business law curriculum, joint degree and doctoral degree programs with the Graduate School and the Yale School of Management, and a host of lectures and conferences on the important corporate law issues of the day.

Environmental Law

The arrival of some outstanding new faculty and visiting faculty, new curricular offerings, a strong partnership with Yale's School of Forestry & Environmental Studies (FES), and an active environmental law clinic are just some of the elements of Yale Law School's expanded program in environmental law and policy.

Human Rights Law

Since 1989, the Orville H. Schell, Jr. Center for International Human Rights has been the home of the Law School's human rights efforts. Activities at the School include the Allard K. Lowenstein Human Rights Law Clinic, numerous conferences and special events, support for the Yale Human Rights and Development Law Journal, as well as other student projects related to human rights. Bernstein Fellowships and Robina Foundation Fellowships provide recent graduates of the Law School support for a full year of human rights work. The Robina Human Rights Fellowship Initiative also provides scholarships for JD students interested in human rights, Kirby Simon Summer Human Rights Fellowships and Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellowships.



The Orville H. Schell, Jr. Center for International Human Rights at Yale Law School

About the Schell Center

Events

Bernstein Fellowships

Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative

Lowenstein Clinic

Lowenstein Project

Kirby Simon Summer Fellowships

Yale Human Rights & Development Law Journal

Upcoming Schell Center Events

Monday, Nov. 7, 6:10 PM (Rm. 127)
Viewing of the documentary *Blood in the Mobile*, with discussion led by John Prendergast

Tuesday, Nov. 8, 6:10 PM (Rm. 122)
Kirby Simon Summer Fellows Panel
[see events pg. for participants]

Tuesday, Nov. 15, 6:10 PM (Rm. 122)

Working at Institutions of Transitional Justice
A Student Panel and Informational Meeting on Summer Internships
[see events pg. for participants]

Wednesday, Nov. 16, 6:10 PM (Rm. 129)

Human Rights Career Panel
Hillary A. Davidson, Senior Trial Attorney, Human Rights & Special Prosecutions Section Criminal Division, U.S. Department of Justice
Eric Friedman, Law Fellow, O'Neill Institute for National and Global Health Law at Georgetown University Law Center
Carolina Henriquez Schmitz, Associate, Debevoise & Plimpton, New York

Wed. Nov. 17, 4:15 (Faculty Lounge)
Indexes of State Failure: Measuring State-ness as a Technology of Politics
Nehal Bhuta, Assistant Professor of International Affairs, The New School

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Orville H. Schell, Jr. Center for International Human Rights

The Orville H. Schell, Jr. Center for International Human Rights at Yale Law School was founded in 1989 to honor the late Orville H. Schell, Jr., a distinguished lawyer, vice chairman of Helsinki Watch, and chairman of Americas Watch from its founding in 1981 until his death in 1987. The Schell Center coordinates a diverse program of human rights activities that serve students and scholars at Yale and contribute to the development of the human rights community locally and internationally.

The Schell Center promotes activism through summer post-graduate fellowships; supports the Allard K. Lowenstein International Human Rights Project and the Yale Human Rights and Development Law Journal; and conducts the Allard K. Lowenstein International Human Rights Clinic.

Learn more about human rights programs at Yale Law School by downloading [Human Rights Programs: A Guide for Students 2011-2012](#).

Report from Lowenstein Clinic Team Finds Cambodian Garment Factories Use Short-Term Employment Contracts to Exploit Workers

[Read the press release here](#)



ROBINA FOUNDATION Human Rights Fellowship Initiative at Yale Law School

Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative

[Robina J.D. Scholars](#)[Kirby Simon Summer Fellowships](#)[Robina Post-Graduate Fellowships](#)[Robina Visiting Fellows](#)[PRINT THIS PAGE](#)[EMAIL THIS PAGE](#)[HOME](#) > [INTELLECTUAL LIFE](#) > [ORVILLE H. SCHELL, JR. CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS](#) > [ROBINA FOUNDATION HUMAN RIGHTS FELLOWSHIP INITIATIVE](#)

Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative

The Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative, established at Yale Law School in 2008, was designed to provide support for human rights leaders at all stages of their careers: from first-year law students; to recent law school graduates; to senior human rights scholars and practitioners. The unifying goal of the Robina Initiative is to foster and support a commitment to international human rights, by leveraging the robust international human rights community that already exists at the Law School. The Initiative supports four types of Robina scholarships and fellowships that are critical to the continued strength of the human rights program at the Yale Law School:

Robina Human Rights Initiative JD Scholars

Each year, the Law School selects approximately ten JD students on the basis of financial need and interest in human rights to receive Robina Human Rights Scholarships. A total of 44 students have benefited from Robina Foundation support toward their tuition costs. A significant majority of the Robina JD Scholars who have graduated from the Law School have secured jobs or fellowships in the international human rights field. The Robina Initiative has been critical in allowing this group of JD students to pursue their commitment to human rights through their studies and extracurricular experiences..

Kirby Simon Summer Human Rights Fellowships Supported by the Robina Initiative

The Robina Initiative fully funds the Kirby Simon Summer Human Rights Fellowships, which enable current Yale students to spend their law school summers working throughout the world in the field of human rights. More than 150 Summer Human Rights Fellows – including, in recent years, roughly one-fifth of the Law School's first-year class – have traveled to dozens of different countries, working on a wide array of issues at a range of institutions, including international criminal tribunals, various UN agencies, the constitutional courts of a number of countries, and international and local non-governmental organizations on every continent.

The Summer Human Rights Fellowship supported by the Robina Foundation has become a cornerstone of the human rights program at the Yale Law School. It provides students with a singularly enriching and illuminating experience that helps them begin to build paths toward public service that promotes human rights and justice. .

Robina Initiative Post-Graduate Human Rights Fellows

The Robina Foundation Post-Graduate Human Rights Fellowships were designed to enable several recent graduates of the Law School to work full time in the field of human rights for up to a year. Robina Human Rights Fellows secure foreign and international judicial clerkships or internships with international tribunals and inter-governmental or governmental agencies. They may also receive the fellowship to carry out independent human rights research projects. Since the establishment of the Robina Initiative, a total of 13 Robina Human Rights Fellows have had the opportunity to start their human rights careers in such

From: Penny Hunt <pennhunt@gmail.com>
Subject: Robina Foundation
Date: August 29, 2011 10:30:54 PM CDT
To: Robert Post <Robert.post@yale.edu>
Cc: james.silk@yale.edu, Inge Reichenbach <inge.reichenbach@yale.edu>, Karoff Peter <pkaroff@TPI.ORG>, Gilberg Nancy <ngilberg@robinafoundation.org>, Aamoth Gordy <gaamoth@msn.com>, Susan Berresford <sberresford@nyct-cfi.org>, Blatz Kathleen <kathleenblatz@msn.com>, Crosby Tom <tcrosby@tcrosbylaw.com>, Schroeder Steve <schroeder@medicine.ucsf.edu>



Dear Dean Post,

At its Board Meeting last week, the Board of Directors of the Robina Foundation considered two proposals from Yale Law School aimed at improving human rights at home and worldwide: a proposal for the continuation of "The Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative" and a proposal for "The Development of a Center for Immigration and Migrants' Rights."

The Board has been pleased to provide four years of funding for the Human Rights Fellowship Initiative and approved annual funding of \$1 million for three additional years as outlined in your proposal. As you requested, payments will be made in May 2012, 2013 and 2014. Board Members had several comments and suggestions that may help you with the initiative, as well as with YLS's total human rights programming.

The chart mapping the various programs, fellowships, projects, events and activities that make up the whole of YLS's human rights program helped us understand the complexity of Yale's activities and where Robina's funding fits into the picture. We have been aware that Robina's visibility and recognition in connection with the human rights program are rather opaque and are not commensurate with the level of Robina funding when compared with funding from other sources. Board Members are comfortable with that and aren't seeking greater recognition. The Robina Foundation welcomes the opportunity to fund parts of the program as we are doing now. Board Members do wonder, however, if there is a way to make the overall program more coherent or to somehow "brand" the program so that it is more understandable to all.

Our sense is that the glue that makes this diverse programming work is James Silk, who because of his close relationships with students is able to help them navigate the various alternative programs. Professor Silk is clearly a wonderful asset to Yale. He would be very, very hard to replace. So we wonder if the complexity and diversity of these many programs dilutes the impact, the desired sense of community and the potential opportunity for a life-long network of human rights activists. (An example of a life-long network with staying power is the network of Peace Corps alumni.) We also wonder if more clarity about the overall organization and vision for human rights at Yale would increase the potential for YLS to seek other funders for human rights programming. Robina won't be around forever, and we would like to do what we can to assure that YLS will continue to have the resources to support young lawyers in a subject area we care about. We fear that you will miss opportunities if you don't codify in a more cohesive fashion the excellent work the school is doing. A comprehensive description of human rights activities would include aggregate funding over a specified period of time. We recognize that we may be unaware of your efforts in this regard and would appreciate learning more.

The Board also discussed funding for the Center for Immigration and Migrants' Rights. Unfortunately, the Board decided not to fund the center. This was a hard decision, particularly because we know that you put funding the center high on your list of priorities and because we are well aware of Lucas Guttentag's important work at Yale and elsewhere. In the end, Board Members preferred to stay focused on international human rights and the programs that are part of the Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship Initiative. We are hopeful that armed with the Ford Foundation commitment, you will be able to develop and implement the center and bring Lucas Guttentag to Yale full-time.

As I mentioned in an earlier email, we are trying to identify a time when Peter Karoff, Robina's "Lead Director" for Yale, and I, along with new Board Members Kathleen Blatz and Susan Berresford can visit Yale to meet with you and others at Yale to discuss Robina's current and future grants. We have proposed November 11 as a date that works for us. This visit will give our new Board Members the opportunity to put faces on the people at Yale they have heard so much about and to talk first-hand with those implementing Robina-funded initiatives. The visit would also permit us to talk further -- and perhaps more clearly -- about the comments above concerning YLS's human rights programming.

The Board made a decision concerning reporting requirements: in the future the Foundation will only require a six month grant report and an annual report, rather than quarterly reports as has been the case in the past. I suspect Kate Norton and others who work on the reports will cheer that decision! The Board also plans to visit each Robina Grantee every other year to stay in close touch with grantees. I am working on a schedule of reports and visits and will send the schedule when it is complete.

I think that's it at this point. You and others at YLS should feel free to contact me with questions or concerns. Please be aware that I will be out of the country from September 12 to September 29. I am confident that delaying follow-up conversations until I return should not cause a problem.

Warm regards,

Penny

Penny A. Hunt
Executive Director

Robina Foundation
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80 South 8th Street
Minneapolis, MN 55402
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Cell: 612-381-7790
phunt@robinafoundation.org
pennhunt@gmail.com



Yale Law School

ROBERT C. POST · *Dean and Sol & Lillian Goldman Professor of Law*

September 15, 2011

Penny A. Hunt
Executive Director
Robina Foundation
4900 IDS Center
80 South 8th Street
Minneapolis, MN 55402

And via email phunt@robinafoundation.org ; pennhunt@gmail.com

Dear Penny,

I hope that you are doing well and that you are enjoying your time away. Although I know that you are currently traveling, I wanted to respond promptly to the Board's recent suggestions regarding the human rights program at Yale Law School and its future growth.

Let me first express my sincere thanks for providing this helpful feedback. As you might expect, we are continually reviewing our program, and it is very beneficial to have the perspective of informed and supportive observers. When we recently conferred to discuss the issues raised in your letter of August 29, 2011, we realized that Robina is the first foundation to seek comprehensively to support opportunities for our students to gain human rights education and experience, from their enrollment at the school through their post-law school careers. Your generosity begins with financial aid for incoming students interested in human rights. It expands the curricular options in human rights law that we are able to offer while our students are in school. It supports our students as they seek to acquire practical human rights experiences during their summers away from school. And it ultimately enables our recent graduates to gain human rights experience as young lawyers by working as Robina Human Rights Fellows. Your support has, for the first time, allowed us to fully support each of these critical, interrelated elements of our human rights programming.

The very question that your letter raises has, in a sense, only now become visible by virtue of the integrated view you have taken of our human rights educational programming. In the past, we have developed our program one piece at a time. Although we have had fundraising success, we sought to sustain specific aspects of our human rights program, like our post graduate fellowships or our ability to attract visiting fellows. We shall continue, of course, to pursue such funding, but now, thanks to the Robina Foundation, we can better present our program in a

comprehensive way. It is important to us to find permanent endowment for all aspects of our program that Robina presently supports.

You are also quite right to observe that it will be important to us to promote relationships between students and alumni in order to create a life-long community that will sustain our students and graduates who pursue careers in human rights. We have already begun to do this through the creation of the human rights database, which includes information about students' and alumni's experiences and interests in human rights. And we will continue to explore other means to achieve this goal in the coming years.

I would be happy to talk with you more about this subject when you return.

Best regards,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be the name 'Robert', with a long, horizontal, slightly wavy line extending to the right.

Robert

Chart of the Yale Law School Human Rights Program*

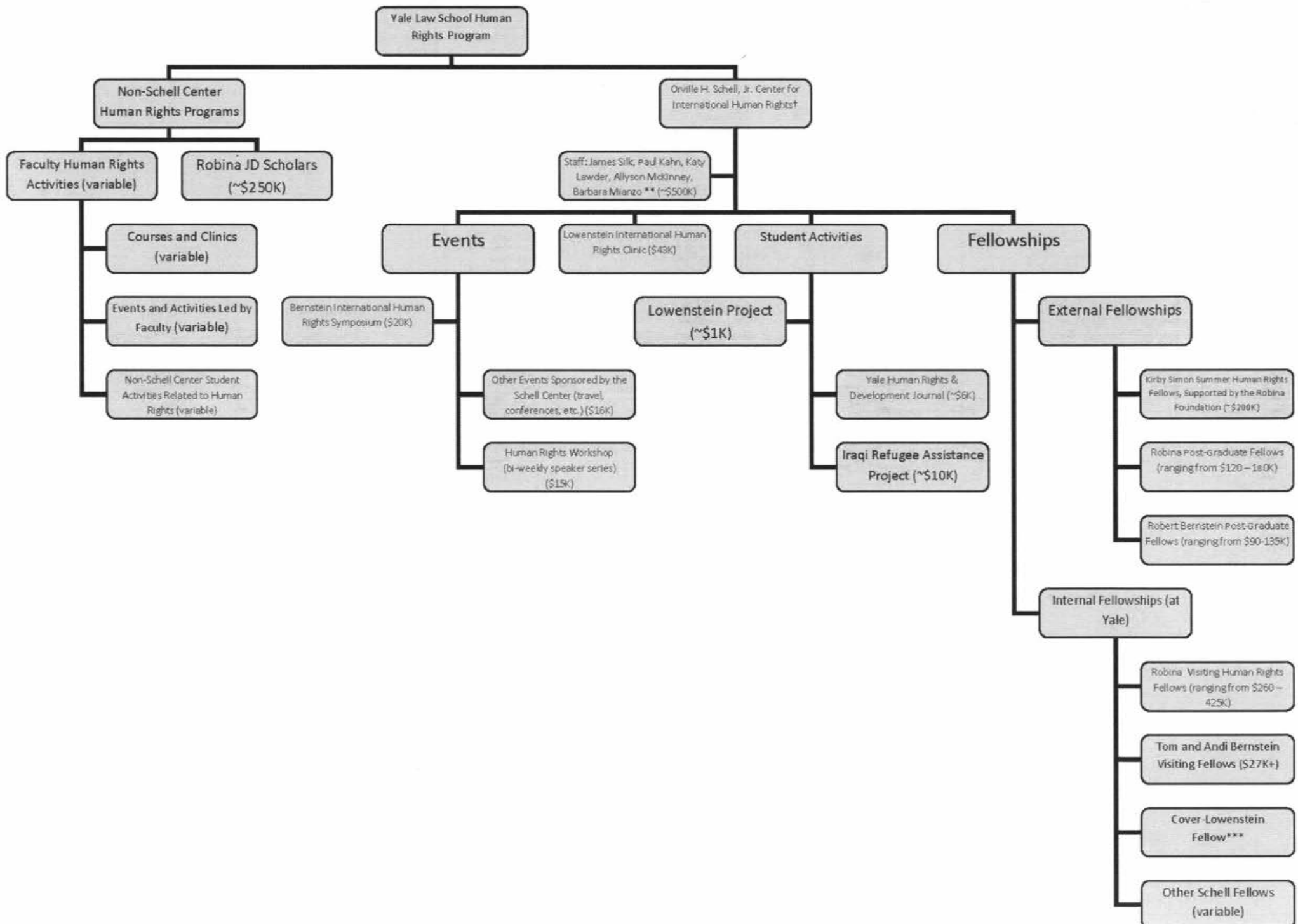


Chart of the Yale Law School Human Rights Program*

*This chart reflects the estimated costs of these items during the last few years. Each year, many of the costs of the components vary in accordance with the planned activities. The figures included in this chart reflect estimates to the best of our abilities. It is not possible to provide estimates regarding the costs of the Non-Schell Center Human Rights Programs, as these vary widely each year depending on the number of human-rights related courses taught and activities conducted by visiting and permanent faculty members of Yale Law School.

** Please note that the salary and benefit costs of the following individuals are included in the expenses of the Schell Center's staff: James Silk, *Clinical Professor of Law and Executive Director of the Schell Center*; Allyson McKinney, *Associate Research Scholar in Law and the Robert M. Cover -Allard K. Lowenstein Fellow in International Human Rights*; and Katy Lawder, *Robina Fellowship Coordinator*. In addition, a portion of the salary and benefit costs of Paul Kahn, *Robert W. Winner Professor of Law and Director of the Schell Center*, and Barbara Mianzo, *Senior Administrative Assistant*, are included in accordance with the percentage of time they spend working for the Schell Center.

*** The Cover-Lowenstein Fellow in 2010-11 was Allyson McKinney. The Cover-Lowenstein Fellow is also considered a member of the Schell Center staff, as she shares responsibility for supervising the Lowenstein Clinic and dedicates much of her time helping to organize activities conducted by the Schell Center. Therefore, in order to avoid counting these expenses twice, her costs are reflected in the Schell staff section and are not included under internal fellowship section.

† The estimated total annual cost of the Schell Center without including funding from the Robina Initiative is approximately \$659,000 - \$702,000.

The Robina Foundation
Human Rights Fellowship Initiative
at Yale Law School



Contents

- 1) List of Robina Human Rights JD Scholars
- 2) Lists of Summer Human Rights Fellows, from 2008 to 2011
- 3) List of Robina Human Rights Post-Graduate Fellows, from 2008-09 to 2011-12
- 4) List of Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellows, from 2008-09 to 2011-12
- 5) Organizational Chart of the Yale Law School Human Rights Programs
- 6) Web Pages Highlighting the Robina Human Rights Fellowship Initiative

Robina Human Rights JD Scholars

2011-12 (11 Scholars)

Glenda Aldana-Madrid	2013
Pounch Aravand	2012
Tessa Bialek	2013
Sarah El-Ghazaly	2012
Bola George	2013
Julie Hunter	2013
Shari Inniss-Grant	2012
Stephanie Keene	2012
Pavlik Linden-Retek	2012
Tasha Manoranjan	2012
Sirine Shebaya	2012

2010-11 (10 Scholars)

Jay Butler	2011
Megan Corrarino	2012
Sarah El-Ghazaly	2012
Courtney Hostetler	2011
Heeyong Jang	2012
Stephanie Keene	2012
Christine Ku	2011
Pavlik Linden-Retek	2012
Tasha Manoranjan	2012
Sharma Rupali	2012

2009-10 (10 Scholars)

Michelle Argueta	2011
Anna Bernstein	2010
Brian Frazelle	2010
Michael Gervais	2011
Alexandru Iftimie	2011
Yuan Ji	2011
Ben Johnson	2010
Justin Lo	2011
Lauren Oleykowski	2011
Naveed Rashid	2011

2008-09 (13 Scholars)

Student	Year
Amanda Andrade	2010
Elisabeth Centeno	2011
Bram Elias	2009
Clark Gard	2009
Zachary Herz	2011
Suneela Jain	2010
Karen Kudelko	2010
Ira Lindsay	2009
Kristin Macleaod-Ball	2010
Katherine McGriff	2011
Matthew Pearl	2010
Sohail Safdar Ramirez	2010
Ashwini Vasanthakumar	2011

2008 Kirby Simon Summer Human Rights Fellows
Supported by the Robina Human Rights Fellowship Initiative

COUNTRY	ORGANIZATION	NAME
Argentina	Asociación por los Derechos Civiles	Daniel Mullkoff
Argentina	Center for the Implementation of Public Policies Promoting Growth and Equity	Suneela Jain
Argentina	Civil Association for Equality and Justice	Quingan Zhou (Yale College)
Argentina	Independent Research	Sam Ferguson
Belgium & United States	1. Human Rights Watch 2. Human Rights First	Laurie Ball
Bosnia/Herzegovina	The Registry for War Crimes	Brian Finucane
Cambodia	Documentation Center of Cambodia	Sadie Blanchard
China	Hong Kong High Court	Anand Balakrishnan
China	Yu Dan, Professor at Beijing Normal University	Elizabeth Fulton (Yale College)
Georgia	Georgian Young Lawyers' Association	Thomas Stutsman
Guatemala	La Hermandad Educativa	Ilana Gelfman
Hungary	Open Society Institute - Mental Health Initiative	Jacqueline Esai
India	The Alternative Law Forum	Nadia Lambek
India	International Justice Mission	Becky Perry
India	People's Watch	Mytili Bala
Israel	Gisha - Legal Center for Freedom of Movement	Rebecca Heller
Israel	Gisha - Legal Center for Freedom of Movement	Joseph Pace
Israel	Israeli Supreme Court	Aaron Zelinsky
Kenya	Centers for Disease Control	Ronan Farrow
Kosovo	American Bar Association's Rule of Law Initiative	Benjamin Taibleson
Liberia	Government Health Ministry	Jonathan Cochran
Liberia	Liberian Ministry of Health	Karen Kudelko
Namibia	Legal Assistance Centre	Julie Holt
Netherlands	International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia	Tom Dannenbaum
New Zealand	Kimberly Land Council	Lucas Mills
Nigeria	Civil Liberties Organization	William Collins
Nigeria	Constitutional Rights Project	Nwamaka Ejebe
Nigeria	Social and Economic Rights Action Center	Connie Chan
Rwanda	International Justice Mission	DeLisa Lay
South Africa	Chikumbuso Project	Elizabeth Phelps

COUNTRY	ORGANIZATION	NAME
South Africa	International Gay and Lesbian Human Rights Council	Craig Konnoth
South Africa	South Africa Human Rights Commission	Robert Silverman
Switzerland	World Health Organization	Ryan Abbott
Thailand	The Asia Foundation	Jake Lucchi
Uganda	Independent Research with Uganda Human Rights Commission	Michael Otremba (School of Medicine)
United States (CA)	Room to Read	Elizabeth Phelps
United States (NY)	Global Workers' Justice Alliance	Rebecca Heller
United States (NY)	Matrimonial and Family Law Unit, New York Legal Assistance Group	Mary Adkins
United States (NY)	National Economic & Social Rights Initiative	Kristin Macleod Ball
Zambia	Chikumbuso Women and Orphans Project	Elizabeth Phelps

2009 Kirby Simon Summer Human Rights Fellows
Supported by the Robina Human Rights Fellowship Initiative

COUNTRY	ORGANIZATION	STUDENT
Argentina	1. Human Rights Watch 2. University of Palermo, Center for Free Expression and Access to Information	Elizabeth Compa
Bosnia & Herzegovina	Prosecutor for War Crimes, State Court of Bosnia, International Commission for Missing Persons	Brian Finucane
Cambodia	Legal Aid Cambodia	Rebecca Crootof
Cambodia	Documentation Center of Cambodia	Elizabeth Nielsen
Cambodia	Extraordinary Chambers of the Courts of Cambodia	Gabriela Rivera
Canada	Ontario Human Rights Legal Support Center	Nadia Lambek
China	1. Beijing Juvenile Legal Aid & Research Center 2. Beijing Rural Migrants' Legal Aid and Research Center	Brett Edkins
China	Independent Research	Thomas Stutsman
China	1. Beijing Juvenile Legal Aid & Research Center 2. Beijing Rural Migrant's Legal Aid and Research Center	Daniel Winik
Egypt	National Council of Human Rights	Sarika Arya (Yale College)
India	Centre for Internet and Society	Grace Armstrong
India & Malaysia	International Gay and Lesbian Human Rights Commission	Craig Konnoth
India	Alternative Law Forum	Katherine Reisner
India	South Asian Human Rights Documentation Centre	Sarah Watson
Israel	Concord Research Center for the Integration of International Law and Ministry of Justice, Office of National Public Defender	Aaron Littman (Yale College)
Israel	Friends of the Earth Middle East	Robin Rotman
Israel	Supreme Court of Israel	Danielle Sassoon
Israel	Adalah – The Legal Center for Arab Minority Rights in Israel	Diala Shamas
Israel	Supreme Court of Israel	Rachel Zernik
Jordan	1. American Bar Association Rule of Law Initiative 2. Independent representation of Iraqi refugees seeking resettlement	Naveed Rashid
Kosovo	American Bar Association Rule of Law Initiative	Thomas Clancy
Kosovo	EU Special Representative in Kosovo Legal Unit, International Civilian Office	Gregory Dubinsky

COUNTRY	ORGANIZATION	STUDENT
Liberia	The Carter Center	Carrick Flynn
Liberia	American Bar Association Rule of Law Initiative	Kari Milligan
Liberia	Ministry of Agriculture	D. Lowry Pressly
Mexico	Inter-American Association for Environmental Defense	Jonathan Smith
Netherlands	International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda	Michelle Argueta
Netherlands	International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia	Sarah Chervinsky
Netherlands	Special Court for Sierra Leone	Karl Dannenbaum
Netherlands	International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia	Courtney Hostetler
Netherlands	International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia	Christine Ku
Netherlands	International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia	Justin Lo
Nigeria	Social and Economic Rights Action Center	Annalisa Leibold
Sierra Leone	Timap for Justice	Burke Butler
Sierra Leone	Timap for Justice	Sharanya Kanikkannan
South Africa	Constitutional Court of South Africa	Chesa Boudin
Switzerland	Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights	Scarlet Kim
United Kingdom	Doughty Street Chambers	Jennifer Jones
United Kingdom	1. London Organizing Committee for the Olympic Games 2. International Bar Association Human Rights Institute	Catherine Rivkin
United States (CT)	1. Global PACT International 2. Warm Heart International	Lauren Oleykowski
United States (NY)	American Civil Liberties Union	Anjali Dalal
United States (NY)	Human Rights First	Arthur Plews

2010 Kirby Simon Summer Human Rights Fellows
Supported by the Robina Human Rights Fellowship Initiative

COUNTRY	ORGANIZATION	NAME
Brazil	Independent Research	Diana Burnett (Divinity School)
China	High Court of Hong Kong	Lisa Guo
China	Center for Legal Assistance to Pollution Victims	Kevin Jiang
China	High Court of Hong Kong	Alyssa King
China	Public Interest Law Institute	Daniel Knudsen
China	Court of First Instance of Hong Kong	Noelle Lyle
China	Center for Women's Law Studies and Legal Services	Jilliana Zou
East Timor	Asia Foundation	Carrick Flynn
East Timor	United Nations Development Program	Sharanya Kanikkannan
Egypt	International Rehabilitation Council for Torture Victims	Erin Evers
India	Alternative Law Forum	Nick Serafin
India	1. Supreme Court of India 2. Jindal Global Law School	Rupali Sharma
Israel	Supreme Court of Israel	Talia Kraemer
Kosovo	Ministry of Foreign Affairs: Department for Legal Issues, Treaties and Human Rights	Tienmu Ma
Kosovo	International Civilian Office: EU Special Representative	Paul Linden-Retek
Lebanon & Washington, D.C.	Human Rights Watch	Sirine Shebaya
Netherlands	Special Court for Sierra Leone	Michelle Argueta
Netherlands	International Criminal Tribunal for Former Yugoslavia	Sue Guan
Netherlands	International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda	Casey Hinkle
Netherlands	International Criminal Tribunal for former Yugoslavia	Dale Kotchka-Alanes
Netherlands	International Criminal Tribunal for former Yugoslavia	Jariel Rendell
Nigeria	Independent Research	Nneka Black (Divinity School)
Panama	UN High Commissioner for Refugees	Bonnie Doyle
Sierra Leone	Timap for Justice	Stephanie Sardi
Sri Lanka	Center for Policy Alternatives	Elizabeth Roehm
South Africa	Abahlali baseMjondolo	Ally Brundige (Divinity School)
South Africa	Center for Applied Legal Studies, University of Witwatersrand Law School	Chelsea Purvis

COUNTRY	ORGANIZATION	NAME
South Korea	Constitutional Court of Korea	Heejin Kim (LLM)
Switzerland	International Law Commission	Jay Butler
United Kingdom	1. Death Penalty Project 2. Doughty Street Chambers	Katherine D'Ambrosio
United Kingdom & Thailand	1. Doughty Street Chambers 2. Amnesty International	Shari Inniss-Grant

Robina Human Rights Post-Graduate Fellows

2011-12

Amanda Aikman graduated from the Law School in 2008. She will spend her fellowship year in Geneva working in a unit of the International Labor Organization that focuses on combating forced labor. Amanda will support the development of training materials for law enforcement practitioners investigating and prosecuting forced labor violations, and she will examine the legal issues surrounding the protection of domestic workers in light of the adoption of the Convention on Domestic Workers in June 2011 at the 100th session of the International Labor Conference.

Amanda received a B.A. from Stanford University in 2003. Prior to law school, she conducted an independent research project in Southeast Asia on non-governmental organizations assisting women in the commercial sex industries of Thailand and the Philippines. She also worked with anti-human-trafficking organizations based in Washington, D.C., and Moscow. At Yale Law School, as a member of the Worker and Immigrant Rights Advocacy Clinic, Amanda worked on a human-trafficking case involving forced labor. She served as support chair of Yale Law Women and was a Notes Editor of the *Yale Law Journal* and an Articles and Business Editor of the *Yale Journal of Law & Feminism*. After graduating, Amanda worked as a Trial Attorney in the Fraud Section, Criminal Division of the Department of Justice.

Michelle Argueta graduated from the Law School in 2011. As a Robina Fellow, Michelle will spend six months working in the Appeals Chamber of the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda and six months at the Office of the Prosecutor of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia.

Michelle graduated summa cum laude from the American University's School of International Service with a B.A. in U.S. Foreign Policy and Asian Studies. She earned the School's Outstanding Undergraduate Scholar Award and the Multicultural Affairs Academic Award. At the Law School, Michelle participated in the Allard K. Lowenstein Human Rights Project and the Iraqi Refugee Assistance Project. She worked for two years defending asylum applicants through the Immigration Legal Services Clinic and, for a semester, worked through the Prosecution Externship program at the U.S. Attorney's Office in Bridgeport, Connecticut. She also participated in the International Criminal Court Moot Competition, where she crafted legal arguments outlining personal jurisdiction and individual criminal responsibility for a hypothetical case. Michelle spent both of her law school summers working at international criminal tribunals. In 2010, she was a legal intern at the Special Court for Sierra Leone Trial Chamber, and in 2009, she worked in the Appeals Chamber of the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda.

Clark Gard is a member of the class of 2009. As a Robina Fellow, he is spending six months clerking in the office of the Chief Justice of the Constitutional Court of South Africa.

After law school, Clark worked as a capital-markets lawyer in London. He received a B.A. in Economics and Art History from Columbia University, graduating magna cum laude in 2003. Clark also has an M.A. in Middle East Studies from the American University in Cairo, where he was an International Graduate Fellow from 2004 to 2006 and a teaching assistant in international human rights law. While in Cairo, Clark also participated in a research clinic focused on Islamic and humanitarian law with the Harvard Program on Humanitarian Policy and Conflict Research. Clark spent the summer of 2005 in Afghanistan working with the Afghan Independent Human Rights Commission. He began law school at Columbia in 2006 and spent the summer of 2007 working with the International Center for Transitional Justice, focusing on the Iraqi High Tribunal and the prosecution of former regime officials for genocide, crimes against humanity, and war crimes. He transferred to Yale Law School in the fall of 2007. At Yale, Clark served as a first-year editor of the *Yale Journal of International Law*, as a Student Director of the Middle East Legal Forum, as a student organizer of the Middle East Legal Studies Seminar, as a Teaching Fellow for the Yale College course, International Human Rights Law, and as a Student Director of the Lowenstein International Human Rights Clinic.

Nadia Lambek is a 2010 graduate of the Law School. She is spending her fellowship year working with the U.N. Special Rapporteur on the Right to Food. She is addressing allegations of individual violations of the right to food and will organize a consultation on access to food in eastern and southern Africa. The projects share an emphasis on addressing the marginalization of communities most often affected by broken food systems, on adopting the principles of food sovereignty, and on liaising with local partners and food producers to build national and international strategies.

Nadia attended Brown University, where she concentrated in International Development Studies and Political Theory, and studied abroad in Dakar, Senegal. After graduating, Nadia moved to Nairobi, Kenya, where she worked with a local NGO engaged in housing rights advocacy. At the Law School, Nadia was a Student Director of the Lowenstein International Human Rights Project and the Editor-in-Chief of the *Yale Human Rights and Development Law Journal*. She was also involved with the Yale Information Society Project and was a member of the Legal Services for Immigrant Communities Clinic. In the summer of 2008, Nadia worked in Bangalore, India, at the Alternative Law Forum, a social justice legal center involved in litigation, direct services, lobbying, and research. While there, she worked on intellectual property policy reforms to help developing countries. In the summer of 2009, Nadia worked at the Ontario Human Rights Legal Support Center in Canada, where she aided individuals who had been the victims of discrimination. After graduating from law school, Nadia clerked at the Court of Appeal for Ontario.

Elizabeth Nielsen, a member of the J.D. class of 2011, is working in the Office of the Prosecutor at the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia. She will assist trial attorneys with litigation-related tasks, such as preparing chief and cross examinations, proofing witnesses, drafting motions and briefs, and preparing evidence. She will also perform research on comparative and international criminal law issues.

At Yale Law School, Elizabeth was a member of the International Criminal Court Moot Court Competition Team, which competed successfully in The Hague. She was Co-Director of the

Project Assisting the Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia and worked as a summer legal associate at the Documentation Center of Cambodia in Phnom Penh. As a member of the Iraqi Refugee Assistance Project, she traveled to Jordan and Syria to train Jordanian law students working with Iraqi refugees. She also completed prosecution internships at the Department of Justice Counterterrorism Section in Washington, D.C., the Office of the U.S. Attorney in Bridgeport, Connecticut, and the Office of the State's Attorney in New Haven. She is currently a legal intern in Wilmer Hale's International Arbitration Group in London and a Howard M. Holtzmann fellow in international arbitration and dispute resolution.

Elizabeth's publications address judicial independence in hybrid international criminal tribunals, state responsibility for terrorist groups, the extraterritorial application of human rights treaties, and globalization's effect on trafficking in women.

Elizabeth received a B.A. from Northwestern University in Political Science and Legal Studies. Prior to entering law school, Elizabeth worked at the Center for International Human Rights at the Northwestern University School of Law and was Co-Chair of the Northwestern University Conference on Human Rights.

Catherine (Katie) Rivkin is a member of the class of 2011. She is spending her Robina Fellowship year in The Hague, clerking for Judge Theodor Meron in the Appeals Chamber of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia.

Katie graduated from Yale College with a B.A., magna cum laude, in History. As an undergraduate, she was awarded the DeLaney Kiphuth Student-Athlete Distinction Award (presented to the varsity athlete who ranks highest in scholarship and GPA) and named a Charles Garside, Jr. Scholar (awarded to one History major for distinctive scholarship). After college, she received an M.Phil. in Modern European History from the University of Oxford. At Yale Law School, Katie participated in the Lowenstein Clinic National Litigation Project, was an Editor of the *Yale Journal of International Law*, acted as the Co-Chair of the Yale Forum on International Law, and was a finalist in the 2010 International Criminal Court Moot Competition. In 2007, Katie worked in the Terrorism/Counterterrorism Division of Human Rights Watch, where she researched civilian casualties from terrorist attacks in the Southern Philippines and investigated extraordinary-rendition practices and detainees' rights. In the summer of 2009, Katie worked in London, first with the General Counsel of the London 2012 Olympic Organizing Committee and then with the International Bar Association's Human Rights Institute, where she focused on issues of judicial independence and access to justice in Palestine, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and South Africa.

2010-11

Terra Gearhart-Serna, who graduated from the Law School in 2010, spent her Robina Fellowship year working in the Appeals Chamber of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia (ICTY), in The Hague. She spent her first six months assigned to the *Prosecutor v. Sainovic et al.* appeal team, assisting in research and drafting for the appeal judgment in that case. During her second six months, she served as a law clerk to Appeals Judge

Theodor Meron, for whom she performed research, wrote memoranda, and drafted and reviewed decisions and judgments. Because the same judges serve in the Appeals Chambers of both the ICTY and the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda, Terra also worked on cases concerning the Rwandan genocide.

At Yale Law School, Terra participated in the Allard K. Lowenstein International Human Rights Clinic for four semesters and also spent five semesters in the Goldman Family Advocacy for Children and Youth Clinic, four of those semesters as a student director. During her summers, she was a Linkages Latin America Fellow in Buenos Aires, Argentina, interned for the Women's Leadership Forum of the Democratic National Committee during the 2008 presidential election, and worked at the law firm of Debevoise & Plimpton LLP in New York. She returned to Debevoise & Plimpton as a Litigation Associate in October 2011. Terra has published a Comment in the *Yale Journal of Law and Feminism*, on which journal she served as an Articles Editor. She also served as the Managing Editor for Submissions on the *Yale Journal of International Law*. In addition, she was an active board member of the Women of Color Collective and the Latino Law Students Association and served as a research assistant to Visiting Professor Madhavi Sunder and as a Teaching Fellow in the Yale Department of Political Science for four semesters.

Terra earned her B.A. in Political Science and English with a minor in Hispanic Studies from the University of Pennsylvania in 2007, where she graduated summa cum laude.

Jason Pielemeier, a 2007 graduate of the Law School, spent his Robina Fellowship year working as a Special Adviser in the State Department's Bureau of Democracy, Human Rights, and Labor (DRL). Working for Assistant Secretary of State Michael Posner, Jason developed a portfolio that included responsibilities for issues related to national security and international law. Jason worked on a variety of national security and international humanitarian law issues, including detention, transfer, and treatment policies. He also worked on private-security-contractor accountability and was heavily involved in the development of a permanent governance body for the International Code of Conduct for Private Security Service Providers. In addition, Jason served as DRL's point person for legal analysis and policy development on a variety of domestic litigation issues, including cases brought under the Alien Tort Claims Act, the Torture Victim Protection Act, and the Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act. In September 2011, Jason was hired by the DRL to continue working on these and other issues as a State Department employee.

During his time at the Law School, Jason was an Associate Fellow in the Yale World Fellows program, a Student Fellow with the Information Society Project, a Vice President of the American Constitution Society, and a Teaching Assistant for then-Dean Harold Koh. Jason also served as student director of the Criminal Justice Clinic and participated in the Lowenstein Human Rights Clinic and the Legislative Advocacy Clinic.

Jason graduated from Northwestern University in 2000 and served as a Peace Corps Volunteer and then as Country Director of the Chisec Community Conservation Project in Alta Verapaz, Guatemala. Between law school and his fellowship year, Jason clerked for the Honorable

Raymond J. Dearie, then Chief Judge of the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York, and worked as an associate at Debevoise & Plimpton LLP in New York.

Aaron Zelinsky graduated from the Law School in 2010 and spent his fellowship year as special assistant to State Department Legal Adviser Harold Hongju Koh. Aaron focused on a number of human-rights issues, including persons put at risk by Wikileaks disclosures, individuals detained in conflict zones, including Libya, international LGBT rights, the International Criminal Court, the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia, the UN Commission of Inquiry on Libya, Alien Tort Claims Act litigation, and the right to consular notification under the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations.

While in law school, Aaron participated in the Balancing Civil Liberties and National Security after September 11th Clinic, served as a research assistant for Dean Koh, and was an Articles Editor of the *Yale Law Journal*, Executive Editor of the *Yale Law and Policy Review*, Associate Head Writer of the Yale Law Review, and a Student Representative. He spent his law school summers as a foreign law clerk to President Dorit Beinisch of the Israeli Supreme Court and as a summer associate in the State Department Office of the Legal Adviser. Aaron received a BA from Yale College in 2006. In 2011-2012, he is clerking for Judge Thomas Griffith of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit.

2009-10

Sam Ferguson is a member of the Yale Law School class of 2009. While at the law school, he was a Teaching Assistant for Professor Reva Siegel, a Programming Chair for the American Constitution Society, and an organizer for the Bernstein Symposium. He also participated in the Linkages Program in Argentina. Sam received a BA in Philosophy with Highest Honors from the University of California at Berkeley.

As a Robina Fellow, Sam spent a year in Buenos Aires, researching and writing a book, *Remnants of a Dirty War*, about a series of human rights prosecutions in Argentina against that country's last military government. From 1976 to 1983, between 10,000 and 30,000 people were forcibly disappeared, many thrown alive out of airplanes into the South Atlantic. Sam followed the trial of 18 officers from Argentina's notorious Naval Mechanics School, sometimes called the Auschwitz of the south, attending more than 500 hours of the trial, conducting hundreds of interviews, and reviewing thousands of pages of official documents related to the case. He was granted an interview with Antonio Pernias, who is accused of being the school's chief torturer.

After the year in Buenos Aires, Sam clerked for Judge William Fletcher of the 9th Circuit Court of Appeals in San Francisco, California. He is currently living in Brooklyn, New York, where he is finishing the book.

Matiangai Sirleaf received her J.D. from the Law School in 2008. She spent her Robina Fellowship year clerking at the Constitutional Court of South Africa for Chief Justice Sandile Ngcobo. The Court is the highest court in the country and is known for its independence and its commitment to using international law, especially international human rights law, in its judicial

decisions. Her duties included extensive foreign and international law research as well as assisting with the reform of the South African judiciary and the restructuring of the Office of the Chief Justice. Before her clerkship, Matiangai was a Robert L. Bernstein International Human Rights Fellow and spent her fellowship year working with the International Center for Transitional Justice (ICTJ) in Cape Town, South Africa.

Matiangai is now a member of the Human Rights Practice group at Cohen Milstein, a public interest law firm based in Washington, D.C. Matiangai serves as counsel for the plaintiffs in numerous leading-edge international human rights cases, representing victims of human trafficking and forced labor, torture, enforced disappearance, extrajudicial killing, and arbitrary detention.

At the Law School, Matiangai served as a student director of the Lowenstein International Human Rights Clinic, Managing Editor for the *Yale Journal of International Law*, and student director of the Schell Center for International Human Rights. Matiangai graduated from New York University magna cum laude with a B.A. in Political Science. In 2004, she received a Fulbright Fellowship to Ghana, where she conducted research on transitional justice issues and attained her Masters in International Affairs from the University of Ghana Legon Centre for International Affairs. Most of her academic research and work experience has been in the field of transitional justice. The Law School awarded her paper, "Regional Approach to Transitional Justice? Examining the Special Court for Sierra Leone and the Truth and Reconciliation Commission for Liberia," the Raphael Lemkin Prize for the best paper in international human rights law in 2006-2007; it was published in 21 FL. J. INT'L L. 209 (2009).

2008-09

Brittan Heller graduated from the Yale Law School in 2009. Brittan received a Robina Fellowship to spend six months in 2009 working as an intern at the Prosecution Section of the Office of the Prosecutor at the International Criminal Court ("ICC") at the Hague. Brittan was one of sixteen people on the Prosecutor's team in the ICC's prosecution of Thomas Lubanga Dyilo.

Brittan is also a graduate of Stanford University, having earned a BA with distinction and an MA in English. In 2006, she interned for the United Nations Human Rights Committee and the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda. From 2006 to 2008, she was the Director of Operations for Orphans of Rwanda, a non-profit organization focused on assisting Rwandan students by providing scholarships to Rwandan universities. She also interned for the International Crisis Group's Africa Program and at the Office of the Secretary of State for the War Crimes Issues Division at the U.S. Department of State.

Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellows

2011-12

Or Bassok

Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellow

Or Bassok is a Robina Foundation Visiting Human Rights Fellow and a JSD candidate. His JSD dissertation examines the decline of American constitutional law. Bassok's fields of interest are constitutional law, constitutional theory and criminal procedure with particular emphasis on institutional legitimacy, constitutional identity, human rights, and comparative constitutional law. His recent articles examine the relations between the sociological legitimacy of the American Supreme Court and its normative legitimacy; originalism as a method of esoteric writing, and the effects of media coverage on the sociological legitimacy of the Israeli Supreme Court. He earned his LL.M from Yale Law School in 2007 where was a Fulbright scholar. Before coming to Yale, Bassok served as a defense attorney in the Israeli Defense Forces where he defended soldiers before military courts and the Israeli Supreme Court. His last case before the Israeli Supreme Court dealt with the evidentiary meaning of defendant's failure to testify in trial (*Milstein v. Chief Military Prosecutor*).

Education

LL.M, Yale Law School, 2007

LL.M, Hebrew University, 2006

LL.B, Hebrew University, 2000

Activities

Or is currently researching human rights issues as part of the Schell Center's 2025 Human Rights Project.

Eugene Garver

Robina Foundation Visiting Human Rights Fellow and Visiting Lecturer (spring semester only)

Eugene Garver is Robina Foundation Visiting Human Rights Fellow and Visiting Lecturer at Yale Law School. He is also Regents Professor of Philosophy and Professor Emeritus at Saint John's University in Collegeville, Minnesota, as well as an adjunct professor in the department of philosophy at the University of Minnesota. His books include *Confronting Aristotle's Ethics: Ancient and Modern Morality* and the forthcoming *Living Well and Living Together: Aristotle's Politics*.

Education

Ph.D., University of Chicago, 1973

A.B., University of Chicago, 1965

Course Taught

Persuasion and Politics

Lucas Guttentag

Robina Foundation Distinguished Senior Research Scholar in Law and Lecturer in Law (fall semester only)

Lucas Guttentag is the Robina Foundation Distinguished Senior Research Scholar in Law and Lecturer in Law at Yale Law School. He is the founding national Director of the Immigrants' Rights Project of the American Civil Liberties Union Foundation. Mr. Guttentag has litigated class action and constitutional cases to advance the legal rights of immigrants and refugees in federal courts throughout the United States, including in the Supreme Court, for more than twenty-five years. He has taught at the University of California at Berkeley (Boalt Hall), Stanford, and Columbia Law Schools. He is a graduate of U.C. Berkeley and Harvard Law School.

Education

J.D., Harvard, 1978

A.B., University of California at Berkeley, 1973

Courses Taught

Immigration Law, Policy and Constitutional Rights

Advanced Immigration and Migration Topics

Activities

Lucas continues to lead the Immigration Theory and Practice Workshop Series, which he initiated at the Law School in 2009.

Samuel Moyn

Irving S. Ribicoff Visiting Professor of Law and Robina Foundation Visiting Human Rights Fellow (spring semester only)

Samuel Moyn is the Irving S. Ribicoff Visiting Professor of Law and the Robina Foundation Visiting Human Rights Fellow at Yale Law School. He is also a Professor of History at Columbia University. His area of focus is modern European intellectual history — with special interests in France and Germany, political and legal thought, historical and critical theory, and Jewish studies — and on the history of human rights. He has written several books, most recently, *The Last Utopia: Human Rights in History* (2010). He is a graduate of Washington University, University of California-Berkeley, and Harvard.

Education

J.D., Harvard, 2001

Ph.D., University of California-Berkeley, 2000

M.A., University of California-Berkeley, 1995

B.A., Washington University, 1994

Courses Taught

International Human Rights

Conservatism

Luke Norris

Robina Foundation Visiting Human Rights Fellow

Luke Norris graduated from Yale Law School in 2011, where he was Articles Editor of the *Yale Journal of Law & the Humanities*, Editor of the *Yale Law & Policy Review* and a Co-Organizer of the Law and Literature Reading Group. Prior to law school, he was a Rhodes Scholar at Oxford University, earning a M.Sc. in Global Governance and Diplomacy and African Studies.

Education

J.D., Yale law School, 2011

M.Sc., Oxford University, 2008

B.A., Gettysburg College, 2006

Activities

Luke is conducting academic research on workers and human rights. His research considers the advancement of the evolving regime of corporate codes of conduct in the developing world, both their promise and limitations.

2010-11**Alice Miller**

Associate Research Scholar in Law and Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellow

Alice Miller is an Associate Research Scholar in Law and Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellow at Yale Law School. She is also Lecturer in Residence at the University of California, Berkeley, School of Law (Boalt Hall) and a Senior Fellow at the school's Miller Institute for Global Challenges and the Law. She previously taught at Columbia University in the Schools of International and Public Affairs, Public Health, and Law. She was co-director of Columbia University's Center for the Study of Human Rights and the Human Rights Concentration at Columbia's School of International and Public Affairs. She is a visiting professor at the Sexuality and Rights Institute in Pune, India, and at the Summer Institute on Sexuality, Culture, and Society at the University of Amsterdam. She graduated from Harvard University and the University of Washington School of Law.

Education

J.D., University of Washington School of Law, 1985

B.A., Harvard/Radcliffe College, Harvard University, 1979

Course Taught

Sexual Rights

Yitzhak Benbaji

Associate Research Scholar in Law and Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellow (fall semester only)

Yitzhak Benbaji is an Associate Research Scholar in Law and Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellow at Yale Law School. He is also an Associate Professor on the Law faculty and in the Philosophy department at Bar Ilan University in Israel. His areas of specialization are ethics and political philosophy. He holds a B.A., M.A., and Ph.D. from the Hebrew University of Jerusalem. He did his post-doctorate work at The Institute for Advanced Study at Princeton.

Education

Ph.D., Hebrew University of Jerusalem, 2001

M.A., Hebrew University of Jerusalem, 1995

B.A., Hebrew University of Jerusalem, 1991

Activities

Yitzhak gave a lecture entitled “Justice in Asymmetric Wars,” on November 12, 2010.

Daniel Bonilla

Associate Research Scholar in Law, Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellow, and Lecturer in Law (spring semester only)

Daniel Bonilla is an Associate Research Scholar in Law, Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellow, and Lecturer in Law at Yale Law School. He is also an Associate Professor of Law and Director of the Public Interest Law Group at Universidad de los Andes in Bogotá, Colombia. His areas of interest include Constitutional Law, Jurisprudence, Public Interest Law, Theories of Justice, Law and Literature, Multiculturalism, Liberalism, and Legal Pluralism. He has held Visiting Professorships at Fordham Law School, Oñati International Institute for the Sociology of Law, Capacitación Técnica y Litigio Estratégico en Derechos Humanos de los Pueblos Indígenas, Georgia State University College of Law, and University of Texas School of Law. He holds degrees from the Universidad de los Andes, Universidad Nacional de Colombia, and Yale Law School.

Education

J.S.D., Yale Law School, 2005

LL.M., Yale Law School, 1999

M.A., Universidad Nacional de Colombia, Bogotá, Colombia, 1996

Law degree, Universidad de los Andes, Bogotá, Colombia, 1993

Courses Taught

Comparative Constitutional Law: Structural Social Change and Constitutionalism in the Global South

Activities

He delivered a talk, entitled “Urban Indigenous Groups and the Limits of Multicultural Liberalism,” on January 27, 2011.

Lucas Guttentag

Robina Foundation Distinguished Senior Fellow in Residence, Senior Research Scholar, and Lecturer in Law at Yale Law School (spring semester only)

Please see above profile.

Courses Taught

Constitutional Impact and Law Reform Litigation: Issues and Strategies Immigration Law, Policy and Constitutional Rights

Jeffrey Kahn

Associate Research Scholar in Law and Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellow

Jeffrey Kahn is an Associate Research Scholar in Law and Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellow at Yale Law School. He graduated in 2010 from Yale Law School, where he was a submissions editor for the *Yale Journal of International Law* and a Coker Teaching Fellow. He holds a B.A. in anthropology from Dartmouth College and an M.A. in anthropology from the University of Chicago, where he is also pursuing his Ph.D. While in law school, he interned at the Florida Immigrant Advocacy Center and at Yale Law School's Worker and Immigrant Rights Advocacy Clinic. Prior to beginning his graduate studies, he worked as an HIV case manager and Project Coordinator for Partners In Health's PACT Project. He has been the recipient of a Fulbright Fellowship, a National Science Foundation Law and Social Science Dissertation Improvement Grant, and a National Science Foundation Graduate Research Fellowship.

Education

J.D., Yale Law School, 2010
M.A., University of Chicago, 2005
B.A., Dartmouth College, 2001

Activities

Jeff continued his doctoral research on the history of the struggle for the rights of Haitian refugees in both the United States and Haiti over the last three decades.

Samuel Moyn

Professor of History, Columbia University and Robina Foundation Fellow, Yale Law School (fall semester only)

Please see above profile.

Activities

Samuel taught a three-part lecture series on "Human Rights in History" occurring on September 17, October 8, and October 22, 2010.

2009-10

Lucas Guttentag

Senior Research Scholar in Law, Robina Foundation Distinguished Senior Fellow in Residence, and Lecturer in Law

Please see above profile.

Courses Taught

Immigrants' Rights: Current Constitutional & Civil Rights Issues.

Constitutional Impact and Law Reform Litigation

Advanced Seminar on Immigration Law and Policy

Christina Rodriguez

Sidley Austin-Robert D. McLean '70 Visiting Professor of Law and Robina Foundation Senior Fellow (fall term only)

Cristina Rodriguez is Sidley Austin-Robert D. McLean '70 Visiting Professor of Law and Robina Foundation Senior Fellow at Yale Law School and an Associate Professor of Law at New York University School of Law. Her research interests include language rights and language policy; immigration law and policy; constitutional law and theory; and citizenship theory. A graduate of Yale College and Yale Law School, Professor Rodriguez clerked for Justice Sandra Day O'Connor of the U.S. Supreme Court prior to her appointment at New York University.

Education

J.D., Yale, 2000

M.Litt., Oxford, 1998

B.A., Yale, 1995

Course Taught

Immigration Law and Policy

Kim Scheppele

George W. Crawford Visiting Professor of Law and Robina Foundation Senior Fellow

Kim Scheppele is the George W. Crawford Visiting Professor of Law and Robina Foundation Senior Fellow at Yale Law School and the Laurence S. Rockefeller Professor of Public Affairs in the Woodrow Wilson School at Princeton University. A graduate of the University of Chicago and Barnard College, Professor Scheppele focuses her research and teaching on comparative constitutional law.

Education

Ph.D., University of Chicago, 1985

M.A., University of Chicago, 1977

A.B., Barnard College, 1975

Courses Taught

Evidence

Terrorism: Comparative Law and Human Rights

Patrick Weil

Visiting Professor of Law and Robina Foundation International Fellow (fall term only)

Patrick Weil is a Visiting Professor of Law and Robina Foundation International Fellow at Yale Law School and a senior research fellow at the French National Research Center in the University of Paris, Pantheon-Sorbonne. Professor Weil's work focuses on comparative immigration, citizenship, and Church States law and policy. His most recent publications are *How to be French? A Nationality in the Making since 1789*, from Duke University Press, "Why the French Laïcité is Liberal," *Cardozo Law Review*, June 2009, Vol. 30, Number 6, 2699-2714 and (with Son-Thierry Ly), "The Anti-racist Origins of the American Immigration Quota System." *Social Research*, Volume 77, Number 1 (Spring 2010) pp.45-79.

Dr. Weil has worked extensively with the French government including participating in a 2003 French Presidential Commission on secularism, established by Jacques Chirac, and preparing a report on immigration and nationality policy reform for Prime Minister Lionel Jospin in 1997 which led to the implementation of new immigration laws adopted the following year. Dr. Weil also holds an appointment as Professor at the Paris School of Economics.

Education

Ph.D., Institut d'Etudes Politiques de Paris

M.B.A., ESSEC Business School

B.A., University of Paris, Pantheon-Sorbonne

Course Taught

Immigration, Citizenship, Church-State and Integration Laws and Policies

Comparative Church States Laws and Policies

2008-09

Dapo Akande

Visiting Associate Professor of Law and Robina Foundation International Fellow

Dapo Akande is a Visiting Associate Professor of Law at Yale Law School and University Lecturer in Public International Law and Yamani Fellow at St Peter's College, University of Oxford. He has varied research interests within the field of international law and has published articles on aspects of the law of international organizations, international criminal law, and international dispute settlement. Prior to his appointment at Oxford, he held Lectureships (the U.K. equivalent of a Professorship) at the Universities of Durham and Nottingham. He has also been a Visiting Professor at the University of Miami Law School and has taught at the London School of Economics as well as at Christ's and Wolfson Colleges, Cambridge.

Education

M.A., University of Oxford, 2004
LL.M., London School of Economics, 1994
LL.B., University of Ife, Nigeria, 1992

Course Taught

International Law and Armed Conflicts

Ryan Goodman

Visiting Professor of Law and Robina Foundation Fellow (fall term only)

Ryan Goodman is a Visiting Professor of Law and Robina Foundation Fellow at Yale Law School and the Rita E. Hauser Professor of Human Rights and Humanitarian Law at Harvard Law School. Professor Goodman received his J.D. from Yale Law School, where he served as an articles editor of *The Yale Law Journal*. He received a Ph.D. in Sociology from Yale University. His publications include *Socializing States: Promoting Human Rights through International Law* (Oxford University Press, forthcoming 2009) (with Derek Jinks), *Understanding Social Action, Promoting Human Rights* (Oxford University Press, forthcoming 2009) (with Derek Jinks & Andrew K. Woods), *International Humanitarian Law* (Oxford University Press, forthcoming 2009) (with Derek Jinks & Michael Schmitt), and *International Human Rights in Context* (Oxford University Press, 3d ed., 2007) (with Henry Steiner & Philip Alston).

Education

Ph.D., Yale, 2001
J.D., Yale, 1999
B.A., University of Texas, 1993

Course Taught

Laws of War

Luzius Wildhaber

Visiting Professor of Law and Robina Foundation Senior International Fellow (fall term only)

Luzius Wildhaber is a Visiting Professor of Law and Robina Foundation Senior International Fellow at Yale Law School, and a past President of the European Court of Human Rights. He is the author of 9 books and 200 articles and has participated extensively in human rights activities. He is a graduate of Yale Law School and Basel University (Switzerland).

Education

J.S.D., Yale, 1968

LL.M., Yale, 1965

Bar Exam, Basel University, 1964

Dr. iur., Basel University, 1961

Course Taught

European Convention on Human Rights

settings as the appeals chambers of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia, the Office of the Prosecutor at the International Criminal Court, the chambers of justices on the South African Constitutional Court, and U.N. and U.S. government agencies concerned with human rights.

Financial pressures and the experience requirements for the limited number of jobs in human rights make it difficult for recent law-school graduates to enter the field. The Robina Human Rights Fellowships offer them that chance and allows them to gain the knowledge and experience they need to build their careers in human rights.

Robina Initiative Visiting Human Rights Fellows

The Robina Initiative enables the Law School to invite human rights scholars and practitioners to spend time in residence at the Law School. They carry out their own research, teach courses, give talks and interact with students and faculty. During the last three years, Robina Visiting Human Rights Fellows have taught seventeen courses at the Law School. They have significantly enriched the curriculum of the Law School in the areas of international-law and human rights.

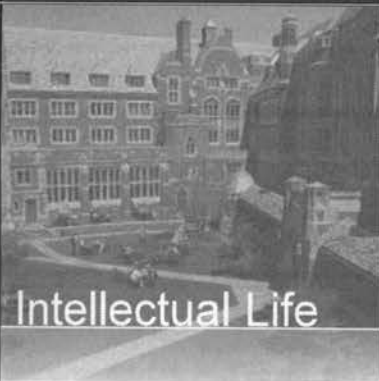
The Robina Visiting Fellows, by hosting discussions, delivering lectures, participating in conferences, advising students and publishing scholarship—have a valuable impact both inside and outside the Law School, contributing to human rights discourse throughout Yale University and in the wider community of human rights scholars and advocates. They inject vibrancy and freshness into the intellectual life of the Law School and the larger world while themselves taking advantage of a period of intellectual renewal and professional development.

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Intellectual Life

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Robina Post-Graduate Fellowships

The Robina Foundation Human Rights Fellowship

The Robina Foundation Post-Graduate Fellowships in International Human Rights enable two or three Yale Law School graduating students or recent graduates to devote up to a year to full-time human rights work, particularly foreign and international judicial clerkships, internships with international courts and tribunals and inter-governmental or governmental agencies, or independent human rights research.

The fellowships, supported by the Robina Foundation and administered by the Orville H. Schell, Jr. Center for International Human Rights at Yale Law School, allow recent graduates of the Law School to gain experience in international and foreign courts and other international institutions that address the promotion and protection of human rights or to carry out independent human rights research.

Eligibility and Application Requirements

Only graduating students or recent graduates (within the last five years) of Yale Law School are eligible for the Robina Fellowship. Applications for Robina Fellowships will be considered for experiences of six months to a year in a number of categories: judicial clerkships in international and foreign courts and tribunals with substantial responsibility for human rights issues; international criminal tribunal internships; internships with inter-governmental or governmental agencies concerned with human rights; and independent research on human rights topics. Proposals for human rights advocacy projects and internships are appropriate for the Bernstein Fellowship. The Robina Foundation Fellowship provides a one-year stipend of approximately \$44,000.

The application deadline is January 30, 2012.

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