

Minnesota Agriculture Department: State-Federal Crop and Livestock Reporting Service

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 5, 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER-NOVEMBER 1964

MINNESOTA: Commercial slaughter plants in Minnesota during the January-November 1964 period have slaughtered 1,537,000 cattle, 199,800 calves, 5,198,000 hogs and 786,000 sheep and lambs, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and United States Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same period in 1963, the number of cattle slaughtered was up 16 percent, calves slaughtered was up 16 percent, hogs slaughtered was down 2 percent and sheep and lambs slaughter was up 8 percent.

Cattle slaughtered during November 1964 totaled 144,000 head, 14 percent above November 1963 but 11 percent below the October 1964 number. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,061 pounds compared with 1,049 pounds the previous month and 1,081 pounds in November 1963.

Calves slaughtered in November totaled 28,500, 37 percent above the 20,800 figure for November 1963 but 7 percent below October 1964. The average liveweight of calves slaughtered was 174 pounds, 11 pounds lighter than November 1963 and one pound lighter than a month earlier.

Hogs slaughtered in commercial plants during November at 614,000 was 18 percent above the November 1963 number of 519,000 and one percent above the previous month. Slaughtered hogs averaged 253 pounds per head liveweight during November 1964 which compares with 258 pounds a year earlier and 254 pounds in October 1964.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered during November, which totaled 99,500, was below the 108,000 head the previous year and the 135,000 head in October 1964. Liveweight per head of 101 pounds was 3 pounds above the previous November average and one pound above the October average.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during November in the 48 States was 2,697 million pounds, up 8 percent from a year earlier, but down 8 percent from October 1964. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

There were 28,834 million pounds of red meat produced during the first 11 months of 1964, an increase of 7 percent from the corresponding period of 1963. Of the January-November total, 16,459 million pounds were beef, up 12 percent from a year earlier; 843 million were veal, up 8 percent; 10,887 million were pork, up 1 percent; and 645 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 7 percent. Lard production for January-November was 2,168 million pounds, up 1 percent from a year earlier.

During the 11-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered was 12 percent greater than in the same period of 1963; calves up 5 percent; hogs about the same; and sheep and lambs down 8 percent.

Beef production during November was 1,453 million pounds, up 12 percent from November 1963, but 10 percent less than October 1964. The number of cattle slaughtered during November was 2,569,900 head, 15 percent greater than a year earlier, but 10 percent below the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered in November was 1,006 pounds per head, 18 pounds less than November 1963, but 9 pounds more than October 1964.

There were 82 million pounds of veal produced during November, 17 percent more than a year earlier, but 15 percent less than a month earlier. The 662,900 head of calves slaughtered during November was 15 percent above November 1963, but 12 percent below October 1964. Calves slaughtered during November averaged 224 pounds per head live weight, 6 pounds heavier than last year, but 7 pounds lighter than the previous month.

Pork production during November totaled 1,107 million pounds, up 3 percent from November 1963, but down 3 percent from October 1964. The hog kill during November was 7,492,000 head, 2 percent above a year earlier, but 4 percent below the previous month. The average live weight of hogs slaughtered during the month was 243 pounds per head, 1 pound heavier than November last year and 2 pounds heavier than a month earlier. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of live weight of hogs during November was 11.4 pounds compared with 11.7 pounds for both November 1963 and October 1964.

James N. Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

There were 55 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during November, 7 percent less than a year earlier and 15 percent less than a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during November was 1,126,600 head, 10 percent less than November 1963 and 17 percent less than October 1964. Sheep and lambs slaughtered during November 1964 averaged 100 pounds per head live weight, 2 pounds heavier than a year earlier and 2 pounds heavier than the previous month.

Production of poultry meat during November amounted to 725 million pounds ready-to-cook basis. This was 5 percent greater than November last year, but 13 percent less than October 1964.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

GROUP	November		January-November		Jan.-Nov. 1964 as % of 1963	November Average Liveweight	
	1963	1964	1963	1964		1963	1964
	1,000 Head		1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA							
Cattle	126.0	144.0	1,325.0	1,537.0	116	1,081	1,061
Calves	20.8	28.5	171.7	199.8	116	185	174
Hogs	519.0	614.0	5,288.0	5,198.0	98	258	253
Sheep & Lambs	108.0	99.5	730.5	786.0	108	98	101
UNITED STATES							
Cattle	2,228.4	2,569.9	24,996.8	28,062.5	112	1,024	1,006
Calves	577.6	662.9	6,245.5	6,566.4	105	218	224
Hogs	7,361.3	7,492.0	75,590.1	75,219.4	100	242	243
Sheep & Lambs	1,256.2	1,126.6	14,585.0	13,420.7	92	98	100

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, UNITED STATES BY MONTHS 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 1/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
1964 January	1,511	75	1,161	71	2,818	557	232
February	1,299	64	972	55	2,390	464	192
March	1,412	68	1,051	59	2,590	494	210
April	1,514	67	1,072	60	2,713	541	213
May	1,509	65	920	55	2,549	569	194
June	1,587	72	867	55	2,581	611	184
July	1,543	81	851	58	2,533	635	171
August	1,475	83	812	53	2,423	699	166
Sept.	1,534	91	937	59	2,621	778	178
Oct. 5/	1,620	96	1,138	65	5/ 2,919	838	220
Nov.	1,453	82	1,107	55	2,697	725	209
Jan-Nov. 6/	16,459	843	10,887	645	28,834	6,901	2,168
1963 Jan-Nov. 6/	14,733	780	10,733	697	26,943	6,613	2,153

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter excludes farm slaughter.
2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.
3/ Chicken and turkey meat--ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise and market poultry as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.
4/ Includes rendered pork fat.
5/ Revised.
6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

January 7, 1965

CERTIFIED SEED POTATO PRODUCTION - 1964

MINNESOTA: Production of certified seed potatoes in the State totaled 3-½ million hundredweight in 1964, down 24 percent from both 1963 and the 1958-62 average. This production total is for fields that have passed inspection. In 1964 there were 27,325 acres that passed inspection compared with 30,765 acres in 1963 and the 1958-62 average of 30,835 acres.

Certified seed potatoes produced in Minnesota are used for seed in many major potato production areas of the nation. Large quantities of these high quality potatoes are also in demand for manufacturing potato chips and some are sold for table use.

Minnesota ranks high among the States producing the 10 major varieties. These 10 varieties account for 97 percent of our State's production of certified seed potatoes. Red Pontiac, Cobbler, Kennebec and Norland retained their order of production for the fifth year, since 1959. Russet Burbank, Early Ohio, and Early Gem ranked higher than last year. The following table includes 20 major varieties for 1964.

MINNESOTA CERTIFIED SEED POTATO PRODUCTION 1/
1964 with comparisons

Twenty Major Varieties	Production					Pct. of 1964 Total
	Average 1958-62	1961	1962	1963	1964	
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Pct.
Red Pontiac	1,287,664	965,671	793,951	1,143,773	931,184	27
Cobbler	1,524,099	1,633,073	687,713	925,862	821,537	24
Kennebec	655,871	1,378,771	684,734	870,556	691,918	20
Norland	272,017	526,993	393,838	505,910	341,288	10
Russett Burbank	195,926	299,611	176,957	337,228	214,985	6
Red LaSoda	225,918	400,392	309,645	456,194	195,865	6
Cherokee	153,146	184,318	111,226	103,084	88,975	2
Early Ohio	41,519	34,865	26,993	36,898	52,320	1
Early Gem	23,492	40,242	36,252	45,333	28,441	1
Bounty	7,952	88	15,817	52,054	21,820	*
Triumph	49,599	32,525	28,294	27,467	18,647	*
Red Warba	17,553	16,843	9,685	11,215	15,131	*
Norgold	0	0	0	0	12,161	*
Viking	0	0	0	19,216	12,015	*
Waseca	30,806	29,928	16,524	18,665	9,652	*
Snowflake	23,160	18,269	28,050	8,951	8,712	*
Ona	4,752	0	4,752	7,387	2,192	*
Chippewa	6,399	9,636	6,588	5,858	2,146	*
Sebago	4,759	8,520	4,955	2,203	1,971	*
Dazoc	17,121	15,139	20,990	3,214	1,782	*
Other Varieties 2/	10,709	19,823	6,713	7,530	4,490	(3)
Total	4,552,462	5,614,707	3,363,677	4,588,598	3,477,232	100

* Less than 1 percent

1/ As reported by certifying officials of the Minnesota Department of Agriculture

2/ Other varieties and the production which was reported in 1964 were as follows: LaRouge, 1,526; Katahdin, 786; Red Burt, 594; White Rose 540; Erlired, 461; Green Mountain, 340; Plymouth, 81; Superior, 45; Osage, 43; Reliance, 43; Redkate, 27; and La Chipper, 4.

The 1964 Seed Potato Growers list is available from the Seed Potato Certification Section, Division of Plant Industry, Minnesota Department of Agriculture, State Office Building, St. Paul, Minnesota 55101.

Al Torvi
Agricultural Statistician

D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician in Charge

UNITED STATES: Production of certified seed potatoes in 1964 totaled 35,278,511 hundredweight. This production is 8 percent below last year's total of 38,384,238 hundredweight, and 3 percent below the 1958-62 average.

Certifying officials reported that 169,419 acres passed final inspection in 1964, compared with 172,168 acres in 1963, and the 5-year average of 173,770 acres.

With 54 percent of the national total, Maine remained the unchallenged leader in the production of certified seed potatoes. Next ranking States were: Minnesota, with 10 percent of the total; Idaho, 9; North Dakota, 7; and Wisconsin and California, 4 percent each.

The ten leading varieties accounted for 91 percent of 1964 production. In order of importance, these varieties were: Katahdin, Russet Burbank, Kennebec, Red Pontiac, Cobbler, White Rose, Red La Soda, Norland, Sebago, and Chippewa. Katahdin was the leading variety for the 18th consecutive year, and Russett Burbank was second for the 10th consecutive year. The only variety not among these leaders last year was Sebago, which ranked 11th in 1963.

Sixty-eight varieties recognized by the Crop Improvement Associations were certified in 1964. Five new varieties were reported -- Norgold Russet (in 12th place), Hunter, Monona, Blue Victor, and Allehana. Certified varieties produced last year, but not this year were: White Cloud, Alaska #114, Dakota Red, Huron, and Early Rose.

UNITED STATES CERTIFIED SEED POTATO PRODUCTION
1964 with comparisons

Twenty Major Varieties	Production					Pct. of 1964 Total
	Average 1958-62	1961	1962	1963	1964	
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Pct.
Katahdin	14,477,295	16,224,545	15,664,907	13,331,482	13,525,049	38
Russet Burbank	6,355,089	7,833,428	7,032,720	9,775,197	7,729,356	22
Kennebec	3,281,319	4,748,693	4,351,568	4,920,758	4,544,387	13
Red Pontiac	3,052,743	2,284,425	1,886,798	2,154,829	1,675,042	5
Cobbler	2,260,685	2,219,855	1,131,303	1,354,947	1,139,264	3
White Rose	1,275,078	1,301,476	1,129,957	1,021,438	876,787	2
Red LaSoda	906,395	1,141,751	1,114,674	1,480,925	866,564	2
Norland	567,140	956,250	869,337	879,983	672,013	2
Sebago	385,654	452,700	509,699	370,126	597,800	2
Chippewa	829,548	727,492	682,878	498,914	567,844	2
Red McClure	495,831	456,000	480,060	467,780	410,000	1
Norgold Russet	0	0	0	0	353,038	1
Superior	30,974	18,030	43,919	109,646	290,171	1
Early Gem	387,128	518,709	481,253	301,133	270,145	1
Pungo	264,234	437,212	486,303	189,490	227,394	1
Russet Rural	179,716	170,729	158,502	214,678	208,633	1
Green Mountain	138,531	111,547	156,199	118,885	171,979	1
Cherokee	213,781	228,890	140,204	136,064	124,060	*
Russet Sebago	104,159	140,291	97,729	108,280	114,360	*
Onaway	28,141	41,130	51,575	63,729	96,058	*
Other Varieties	1,019,212	1,150,873	860,914	885,954	818,567	2
United States	36,252,653	41,164,026	37,330,499	38,384,238	35,278,511	100

Prepared by the Statistical Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture, 560 State Office Building, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55101

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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 7, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 2, 1965

TEN STATES: During the week ending January 2, 1965, hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 319,000 heavy whites, 58,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 122,000 light breed poults according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy whites hatched were below the comparable week for 1963 when production totaled 338,000.

The 720,000 heavy white eggs set were 5 percent above the corresponding week in 1963. Other heavy breed eggs set totaled 311,000, and the light breeds 174,000. An undisclosed number of bronze and light breed eggs were set a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 12	206	110	56	18	289	155
Dec. 19	171	151	92	64	299	282
Dec. 26	160	#	49	35	273	218
Jan. 2, 1965	202	142	80	94	338	319
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 14	335	182	86	28		
Nov. 21	284	257	130	#		
Nov. 28	276	#	79	52		
Dec. 5	328	227	111	148	539	495
Dec. 12	316	246	69	121	496	477
Dec. 19	320	201	103	159	595	518
Dec. 26	358	224	147	183	650	506
Jan. 2, 1965	288	266	195	215	687	720
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 12	0	0	69	#	76	41
Dec. 19	0	0	50	36	62	36
Dec. 26	#	#	80	40	105	69
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	119	#	#	58
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 14	0	0	104	43		
Nov. 21	0	0	74	56		
Nov. 28	#	#	122	#		
Dec. 5	#	#	192	#	264	95
Dec. 12	#	#	126	65	229	139
Dec. 19	#	#	155	46	255	109
Dec. 26	#	#	326	133	499	283
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	342	86	#	311
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 12	#	42	0	#	85	96
Dec. 19	#	45	7	13	92	109
Dec. 26	#	#	6	12	73	123
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	9	13	#	122
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 14	83	75	0	#		
Nov. 21	63	81	10	20		
Nov. 28	#	#	10	20		
Dec. 5	#	#	10	#	170	172
Dec. 12	#	#	13	20	155	161
Dec. 19	#	#	11	10	189	183
Dec. 26	#	#	24	7	205	177
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	26	15	#	174

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries

1/ A Ten State Total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota and Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Heavy white poults hatched totaled 142,000 which was 30 percent below the corresponding week in 1963. Production of other heavy and light breed poults is undisclosed in order not to reveal individual hatchery operations.

Heavy white eggs set during the week ending January 2, totaled 266,000 compared to 288,000 the same week a year ago. The number of bronze and light breed eggs set was undisclosed.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1963-1964

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	769	787	206	107	141	174	2,723	3,198	565	627
Feb.	1,163	972	837	878	137	164	7,074	7,255	643	789
Mar.	1,577	1,848	2,228	2,388	180	176	15,959	17,357	787	950
Apr.	1,770	1,843	2,031	2,113	192	188	19,539	19,987	914	1,196
May	1,933	1,936	1,873	1,897	198	155	19,731	19,817	1,590	1,617
June	2,220	2,189	615	590	214	197	14,106	14,975	1,513	1,570
July	1,770	1,536	35	37	207	337	5,986	6,428	1,668	1,609
Aug.	1,158	953	0	0	175	291	1,677	1,677	1,069	1,186
Sept.	520	462	0	0	183	230	713	683	539	648
Oct.	570	398	0	0	181	243	950	697	451	673
Nov.	693	411	0	0	191	140	1,346	907	451	531
Dec.	796		33		175		1,864		580	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,137	1,309	273	198	217	211	3,599	4,434	862	887
Feb.	1,997	1,679	1,375	1,262	230	233	11,065	10,865	1,069	1,173
Mar.	2,651	2,852	3,293	3,293	265	247	23,950	24,189	1,226	1,337
Apr.	3,138	2,878	3,218	3,176	264	259	31,280	30,193	1,457	1,732
May	3,344	3,204	3,396	3,263	283	201	33,560	32,577	2,328	2,354
June	4,065	3,807	1,265	1,314	324	271	27,070	27,979	2,460	2,600
July	3,110	2,609	107	82	358	482	12,335	12,309	2,805	2,575
Aug.	2,098	1,696	0	1	289	399	3,373	3,330	1,850	1,902
Sept.	1,019	809	0	0	269	362	1,322	1,185	939	1,104
Oct.	876	575	0	0	250	399	1,438	1,055	677	1,056
Nov.	1,056	654	0	0	273	230	2,035	1,379	676	817
Dec.	1,213	819	38	45	266	280	2,729	1,905	874	913

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 17 percent of the week's hatch compared with 7 percent the previous week and 10 percent a year earlier.

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

D. O. Mesick
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Acting in Charge

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January 11, 1965

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT
January 1, 1965

Oil seed and feed grain stocks on Minnesota farms on January 1 were below a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Stocks of wheat and rye, however, were above those held a year ago.

GRAIN CORN: Grain corn in farm storage on January 1, 1965, totaled 264 million bushels. A year earlier holdings stood at 325 million bushels, which was record high for January 1. Corn production in 1964 was slightly below average due to a midsummer dry spell, and more than the usual amount of acreage was cut for silage.

OATS AND BARLEY: Oats stored on farms amounted to 109 million bushels compared with 122 million a year earlier. Barley stocks on farms totaled 13.2 million bushels compared with 18.6 million held a year earlier. Oats and barley production in 1964 were below the 1963 production by 15 and 24 percent respectively.

WHEAT: Wheat supplies on farms were 7.0 million bushels compared with 6.3 million bushels held a year earlier. All wheat production in 1964 was 2 percent below 1963.

RYE: Rye stocks amounted to 291,000 bushels compared with 210,000 bushels on farms January 1, 1964.

SOYBEANS: Soybeans stored on farms amounted to 22.8 million bushels, sharply below the 30.9 million bushels held a year earlier. Although a midsummer dry spell reduced yields, 1964 production was only 2 percent below the record 1963 production due to an increase in acreage.

FLAX: Flax supplies on farms totaled 1.3 million bushels compared with 1.6 million on hand the previous year. Flax production in 1964 was 37 percent below the 1963 production.

HAY: Hay supplies on farms amounted to 4,537,000 tons compared with 5,441,000 tons held a year earlier. Hay production in 1964 was 15 percent smaller than the 1963 production of 8,001,000 tons, which was the second largest crop on record.

EGGS: Egg production on Minnesota farms during December 1964 totaled 247 million eggs, down 6 percent from a year earlier but 13 percent above November 1964. Total egg production for 1964 was 5 percent below 1963.

MILK: Milk production on Minnesota farms for December totaled 934 million pounds, 22 percent above November and 8 percent above December 1963. The 12 month total for 1964 is 10,829 million pounds, 6 percent more than the 10,245 million pounds produced in 1963.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on Minnesota farms during December totaled 171,000, of which 160,000 were family and 11,000 hired workers. This compares with 174,000 family and 10,000 hired workers in December 1963.

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January 14, 1965

SHEEP AND LAMBS ON FEED, JANUARY 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Sheep and lambs on feed for market in Minnesota feedlots on January 1, 1965, totaled 109,000 head, down 52,000 from the 161,000 head on feed January 1, 1964, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Recorded shipments of sheep and lambs into Minnesota during the last four months of 1964-September through December-totaled 108,000 head, 34 percent less than the 163,000 head during the same months of 1963. Prices received by Minnesota farmers during 1964 for slaughter sheep and lambs averaged above the 1963 levels.

26 STATES: Sheep and lambs on feed for market January 1, 1965, in 26 States decreased 9 percent from the number on feed a year earlier. This year's number at 3,327,000 head, is 346,000 head below the January 1, 1964, level of 3,673,000 head. The market price of choice feeder lambs at Denver averaged $20.88 per 100 pounds for the week ending October 17, 1964, compared with $17.45 for the week ending October 19, 1963. In late December, Denver market prices were slightly lower than in mid-October and averaged $19.75 during the week ending December 26, 1964. Prices for the last week of December 1963 averaged $17.25 per 100 pounds. Lack of moisture curtailed growth on ranges and pastures in many areas of the United States during the fall. Weather was generally favorable for grazing in most areas but supplies of grazing feed were below a year earlier and average. Wheat pastures in southern and central Plains provided only limited pasturing due to shortage of moisture early in the grazing season. Corn Belt feed supplies are generally good.

There were 1,825,000 sheep and lambs on feed in the North Central States on January 1. This was a 12 percent decrease from the 2,081,000 head on feed a year earlier. All States were below a year earlier except Michigan, which was unchanged. Kansas showed the sharpest decrease with numbers 41 percent below the previous year. Other declines were: Minnesota, 32 percent; Wisconsin, 12 percent; North Dakota, 11 percent; Ohio, 10 percent; Nebraska, 9 percent; Illinois, 8 percent; Indiana and South Dakota, 7 percent; and Iowa and Missouri, 3 percent. Feeder sheep and lamb shipments into 8 of the Corn Belt States for which data are available totaled 1,452,660 head from July through November 1964. This was 1 percent above the number of inshipments for the same period in 1963. There were 1,342,000 sheep and lambs on feed in the Western States January 1, 1965, a decrease of 3 percent from the 1,380,000 head on feed a year earlier. Six States show a decrease in the number of sheep and lambs being fed while four States are higher. Nevada shows no change. Colorado, the main sheep and lamb feeding State in the Nation, had 476,000 head on January 1 this year, a 9 percent decline from the number on feed a year earlier. California, the second largest western feeding State, had 247,000 sheep and lambs on feed January 1, 1965, an increase of 2 percent from a year earlier.

Changes from a year earlier for States outside the Corn Belt and western regions were as follows: Texas, down 26 percent; Oklahoma, down 23 percent; and New York, down 11 percent.

Eldon L. Johnson
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Sheep and Lambs on Feed January 1, 1965
with Comparisons 1/

State and Division	1962	1963	1964	1965	1965 as percent of 1964
	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Percent
New York	21	17	14	12	89
Ohio	198	172	146	131	90
Indiana	60	65	45	42	93
Illinois	163	148	134	123	92
Michigan	84	89	77	77	100
Wisconsin	50	43	39	34	88
Minnesota	248	206	161	109	68
Iowa	474	446	412	400	97
Missouri	121	103	98	95	97
North Dakota	113	122	122	109	89
South Dakota	257	265	273	254	93
Nebraska	377	363	351	319	91
Kansas	314	229	223	132	59
North Central	2,459	2,251	2,081	1,825	88
Oklahoma	53	43	26	20	77
Texas	240	205	172	128	74
Montana	98	90	92	100	109
Idaho	95	106	119	123	103
Wyoming	105	105	106	103	97
Colorado	570	600	525	476	91
New Mexico	52	55	34	31	91
Arizona	76	66	89	111	125
Utah	82	70	68	61	90
Nevada	8	13	12	12	100
Washington	30	34	27	24	89
Oregon	64	53	67	54	81
California	302	354	241	247	102
West	1,482	1,546	1,380	1,342	97
26 States	4,255	4,062	3,673	3,327	91

1/ Sheep and lambs on feed are considered to be animals intended for slaughter that are being fed a ration of grain or other concentrates or are being run on succulent pastures and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Department of Agriculture

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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 14, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 9, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 304,000 heavy whites, 99,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 111,000 light breed poults during the week ending January 9, 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The heavy white hatch was 9 percent above the comparable week for 1964.

The 829,000 heavy white eggs set was nearly the same as in the corresponding week in 1964. However, the 528,000 other heavy breed eggs was down 33 percent. Light breed eggs set totaled 159,000 compared with an undisclosed number a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 19, 1964	171	151	92	64	299	282
Dec. 26	160	#	49	35	273	218
Jan. 2, 1965	202	142	80	94	338	319
Jan. 9	167	150	47	80	278	304
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 21, 1964	284	257	130	#		
Nov. 28	276	#	79	52		
Dec. 5	328	227	111	148	539	495
Dec. 12	316	246	69	121	496	477
Dec. 19	320	201	103	159	595	518
Dec. 26	358	224	147	183	650	506
Jan. 2, 1965	288	266	195	215	687	720
Jan. 9	445	261	176	279	830	829
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 19, 1964	0	0	50	36	62	36
Dec. 26	#	#	80	40	105	69
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	119	#	#	58
Jan. 9	#	#	77	54	#	99
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 21, 1964	0	0	74	56		
Nov. 28	#	#	122	#		
Dec. 5	#	#	192	#	264	95
Dec. 12	#	#	126	65	229	139
Dec. 19	#	#	155	46	255	109
Dec. 26	#	#	326	133	499	283
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	342	86	#	311
Jan. 9	150	#	339	212	791	528
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 19, 1964	#	45	7	13	92	109
Dec. 26	#	#	6	12	73	123
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	9	13	#	122
Jan. 9	#	#	15	13	#	111
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 21, 1964	63	81	10	20		
Nov. 28	#	#	10	20		
Dec. 5	#	#	10	#	170	172
Dec. 12	#	#	13	20	155	161
Dec. 19	#	#	11	10	189	183
Dec. 26	#	#	24	7	205	177
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	26	15	#	174
Jan. 9	#	#	25	15	#	159

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten State Total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota and Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA - WISCONSIN: For the week ending January 9, 1965, the number of heavy white poults hatched totaled 150,000 which was 10 percent below the corresponding week in 1964. Production of bronze and light breed poults is undisclosed in order not to reveal individual hatchery operations.

Heavy white eggs set totaled 261,000 compared to 445,000 during the same week a year ago. Bronze and light breed eggs set are undisclosed.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1963-1964

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	769	787	206	107	141	174	2,723	3,198	565	627
Feb.	1,163	972	837	878	137	164	7,074	7,255	643	789
Mar.	1,577	1,848	2,228	2,388	180	176	15,959	17,357	787	950
Apr.	1,770	1,843	2,031	2,113	192	188	19,539	19,987	914	1,196
May	1,933	1,936	1,873	1,897	198	155	19,731	19,817	1,590	1,617
June	2,220	2,189	615	590	214	197	14,106	14,975	1,513	1,570
July	1,770	1,536	35	37	207	337	5,986	6,428	1,668	1,609
Aug.	1,158	953	0	0	175	291	1,677	1,677	1,069	1,186
Sept.	520	462	0	0	183	230	713	683	539	648
Oct.	570	398	0	0	181	243	950	697	451	673
Nov.	693	411	0	0	191	140	1,346	907	451	531
Dec.	796	565	33	35	175	182	1,864	1,427	580	616
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,137	1,309	273	198	217	211	3,599	4,434	862	887
Feb.	1,997	1,679	1,375	1,262	230	233	11,065	10,865	1,069	1,173
Mar.	2,651	2,852	3,293	3,293	265	247	23,950	24,189	1,226	1,337
Apr.	3,138	2,878	3,218	3,176	264	259	31,280	30,193	1,457	1,732
May	3,344	3,204	3,396	3,263	283	201	33,560	32,577	2,328	2,354
June	4,065	3,807	1,265	1,314	324	271	27,070	27,979	2,460	2,600
July	3,110	2,609	107	82	358	482	12,335	12,309	2,805	2,575
Aug.	2,098	1,696	0	1	289	399	3,373	3,330	1,850	1,902
Sept.	1,019	809	0	0	269	362	1,322	1,185	939	1,104
Oct.	876	575	0	0	250	399	1,438	1,055	677	1,056
Nov.	1,056	654	0	0	273	230	2,035	1,379	676	817
Dec.	1,213	819	38	45	266	280	2,729	1,905	874	913
Jan.(1964 & 1965)	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 16 percent of the week's hatch compared with 17 percent the previous week and 9 percent a year earlier.

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Agricultural Statistician

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FARM NUMBERS DOWN--SIZE OF FARM UP

MINNESOTA: The number of farms in the State for 1965 is estimated at 144,000, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. In 1964 the number was 146,000 making a decline of 2,000 farms. The acres in farm land remained essentially unchanged from 1964 to 1965.

UNITED STATES: The number of farms in the Nation operated in 1964 decreased 3 percent from the previous year to a total of 3,479,180 farms. Total land in farms at about 1,159 million acres decreased less than 1 percent, yielding slowly to encroachments of urban and suburban extensions, widening highways, and other non-farm uses.

Preliminary estimates for 1965 of 3,382,780 farms continues the downtrend with little change in rate. Data for some States, however, indicate some slackening in the decline in farm numbers. A reduction of less than 1 percent in farm land acreage is estimated.

This report includes data for Alaska and Hawaii in the national totals from 1959 to date. Estimated totals for all States are shown in table on the back from 1950. Farm numbers from 1959 to 1965 have decreased 18 percent while land in farms decreased 2 percent. The "average farm operator" for 1965 runs a farm unit averaging 341 acres-nearly a fifth larger than six years earlier. Discontinuance of small farming enterprises and merging of larger units with existing farms continue important influences in the change in farm numbers.

The estimates of the number of farms by years published by the Crop Reporting Board are benchmarked on the quinquennial Census of Agriculture with adjustments for incompleteness. The annual estimates between Census years are based upon expansions and projections from the Statistical Reporting Service enumerative and mailed surveys, data from State farm censuses in a limited number of States, indications derived from other various inquiries, and extension of trends.

Annual State farm censuses supply data on numbers of farms in 12 States, 10 of which are in the North Central Region. Changes shown by these surveys are the principal basis for the annual estimates in these States. Some of these censuses may be less inclusive than the U. S. Census with respect to farms that are marginal either in size or in sales of farm products. Annual appraisals of the data are made for each State.

The annual enumerative surveys provide indications of the number of farms in operation at the time the surveys are conducted. Beginning with small samples in 1957 these surveys are being expanded with resulting gains in dependability of indications. In 1963 the number of area segments enumerated in 28 States was about 10,500. Enumeration also was expanded to represent 48 States with some area segments in each State and a national total of 12,350 segments. In 1964 the sample again represented 48 States with a total of 14,015 segments, 12,435 in 32 States. Variability in the enumerative data is, of course, greater for individual States than for all States combined, and the data are necessarily interpreted with regard to sample size, consistency, procedural changes and trends in individual States, as well as geographic regions.

NUMBER OF FARMS, AVERAGE SIZE, AND LAND IN FARMS

Year	MINNESOTA Number of Farms	Average Size	Land in Farms	IOWA Number of Farms	Average Size	Land in Farms
	Number	Acres	000 Acres	Number	Acres	000 Acres
1960	156,000	208	32,400	184,000	189	34,700
1961	154,000	210	32,400	181,000	192	34,700
1962	152,000	213	32,400	178,000	195	34,700
1963	149,000	217	32,400	174,000	199	34,700
1964	146,000	222	32,400	170,000	204	34,600
1965*	144,000	225	32,400	165,000	210	34,600
	WISCONSIN			NORTH DAKOTA		
1960	138,000	161	22,200	56,000	752	42,100
1961	136,000	162	22,100	55,000	765	42,100
1962	133,000	165	22,000	53,000	794	42,100
1963	130,000	168	21,800	51,500	817	42,100
1964	127,000	170	21,600	50,500	834	42,100
1965*	124,000	173	21,400	49,000	857	42,000

* Preliminary

Number of Farms and Land in Farms, U.S. 1950-65 1/

Year	Number of Farms	Land in Farms (000 Acres)	Year	Number of Farms	Land in Farms (000 Acres)
1950	5,647,800	1,202,019	1961	3,818,000	1,172,910
1951	5,427,600	1,203,500	1962	3,695,000	1,168,115
1952	5,197,500	1,204,930	1963	3,580,000	1,163,180
1953	4,983,600	1,205,740	1964	3,479,000	1,158,505
1954	4,798,200	1,206,355	1965 2/	3,383,000	1,154,545
1955	4,653,800	1,201,900			
1956	4,514,100	1,197,070			
1957	4,371,700	1,191,340			
1958	4,232,900	1,184,944			
1959	4,105,000	1,182,658			
1960	3,956,000	1,177,565			

1/ Including Alaska and Hawaii (1959 to 1965).

2/ Preliminary.

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January 15, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
December 1964

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,298,000 chicks during December 1964, which was 11 percent below December 1963, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The December hatch consisted of 538,000 egg-type and 760,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was 7 percent above December 1963, and broiler-type production was down 20 percent. Total egg-type hatch for 1964 at 25,270,000 was down 1 percent from a year earlier. The total hatch in 1964 for broiler-type chicks was 11,148,000, down 13 percent from the 1963 total. The number of egg-type chicken eggs in incubators on January 1, 1964, was 15 percent above a year ago, indicating an increased January hatch.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-December was $2.89 per 100 pounds compared to $2.82 the previous month and $3.03 a year earlier. On December 15 the egg-feed ratio was 7.8 compared with 9.0 the previous month and 8.4 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1963 1/	1964	Pct. Change from 1963	1963 1/	1964	Pct. Change from 1963
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	675	669	-1	1,015	992	-2
February	1,146	1,200	+5	946	874	-8
March	4,689	4,850	+3	1,014	1,092	+8
April	8,008	7,840	-2	1,211	1,137	-6
May	6,715	6,100	-9	1,438	1,105	-23
June	1,707	1,750	+3	1,070	1,070	0
July	521	512	-2	1,029	983	-4
August	475	336	-29	1,090	863	-21
September	342	456	+33	935	862	-8
October	423	461	+9	1,081	710	-34
November	273	558	+104	1,022	700	-32
December	503	538	+7	953	760	-20

1/ Final

Clyde Swensen
Agricultural Statistician

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State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 210,323,000 chicks in December 1964, compared with 208,722,000 in December 1963. Broiler chicks totaled 185,936,000, up slightly from December last year and the largest output of record for December. During 1964, there were 2,306,066,000 broiler chicks hatched, 2 percent more than in 1963 and the largest output during any year of record. Broiler-type eggs in incubators on January 1 were up 2 percent from January 1 last year indicating that the broiler hatch will be larger in January 1965 than in January 1964.

There were 24,387,000 egg-type chicks hatched in December 1964--5 percent more than a year earlier. Increases were 37 percent in the West North Central States, 33 percent in South Central, and 9 percent in the East North Central States. Decreases were 7 percent in the West, 3 percent in the North Atlantic and 2 percent in the South Atlantic States. The hatch of egg-type during 1964 totaled 528,959,000, up 3 percent from 1963. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on January 1, 1965 was up 1 percent indicating a hatch in January 1965 slightly larger than in January 1964.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During December			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1963	1964	1963	1964
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	500	500	1,190	1,200
Indiana	2,596	1,594	1,293	1,477
Illinois	59	74	529	707
Michigan	490	395	620	500
Wisconsin	755	870	223	300
E. N. CENTRAL	4,400	3,433	3,855	4,184
Minnesota	953	760	503	538
Iowa	200	150	205	170
Missouri	4,072	2,977	139	424
North Dakota	1/	1/	0	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	50	60
Nebraska	4	6	112	114
Kansas	100	2	92	200
W. N. CENTRAL 1/	1/ 5,329	1/ 3,895	1,101	1,506
UNITED STATES	185,488	185,936	23,234	24,387

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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January 15, 1965

CATTLE ON FEED - January 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Cattle and calves on grain feed in Minnesota on January 1, 1965 were estimated at 506,000 head, according to the Minnesota Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 4 percent more than the 487,000 head on January 1, 1964. The seasonal increase from October 1 to January 1 was 205,000 head compared to 137,000 head a year earlier.

Marketings of grain fed cattle and calves during the months of October, November, and December 1964 were estimated at 174,000 head, 4 percent above the same quarter in 1963.

Cattle and calves placed on grain feed during October, November and December totaled 379,000 head, 25 percent more than during the same months a year earlier. Recorded inshipments of stockers and feeders into Minnesota during the last quarter of 1964 were 336,000 head, only 2 percent above the 1963 number.

According to marketing intentions as indicated by feeders on January 1, 1965, an estimated 138,000 head of cattle and calves on grain feed will be marketed during the first three months of 1965. If realized, this will be 14 percent less than marketings during the first quarter of 1964.

Of the cattle and calves on grain feed January 1, 1965, two-thirds or 339,000 head were steers and steer calves and the remainder were principally heifers and heifer calves with a few other cattle. By weight groups, cattle weighing over 900 pounds accounted for 20 percent of those on feed January 1, 1965 compared to 25 percent of the total a year earlier. But in numbers this was 21 percent less than a year earlier. Cattle weighing less than 900 pounds made up 80 percent of those on feed, up 12 percent from a year earlier.

UNITED STATES: On January 1, 1965 there were 9,350,000 head of cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market, in 32 major feeding States, 1 percent more than a year earlier. The 28 feeding States (with comparable weight data) also showed a 1 percent increase in number on feed. The increase in cattle and calves weighing less than 900 pounds was greater than the decrease in those weighing more than 900 pounds. In addition to the 32 States there were 136,000 cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in 5 Atlantic States and 2 South Central States January 1, 1965 compared with 141,000 last January 1. The 32 States plus these 7 States give a 39 State total of 9,486,000 head, 1 percent higher than a year earlier.

There were 5,846,000 cattle and calves on feed January 1 in the North Central States for slaughter market compared with 5,858,000 a year earlier. Iowa, the leading State, was up 1 percent. All the East North Central States, except Wisconsin, which was unchanged, had fewer on feed this January 1 with the sharpest decreases shown for Illinois, down 8 percent and Indiana, down 12 percent from a year earlier. However, all the West North Central States, except North Dakota, had more on feed with South Dakota and Kansas up 6 and 5 percent respectively.

Cattle on feed for the slaughter market in the 11 Western States totaled 2,508,000 on January 1 this year, 2 percent more than on the same date a year earlier. Increases in the number of grain fed cattle were recorded in 8 of the Western States, with increases ranging from 5 percent in Colorado and New Mexico to 17 percent in Nevada. On the other hand, a decrease of 3 percent was recorded for California, the largest feeding State in the West, and Utah was down 14 percent. The number on feed in Wyoming was unchanged.

In feeding States outside the North Central and Western States, the number of cattle on grain feed for the slaughter market showed a gain of 1 percent from January 1 a year ago. Moderate to substantially larger numbers in Virginia, Florida, Alabama, and Texas were nearly offset by decreases in Maryland, the Carolinas, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas, and Oklahoma. Pennsylvania, Georgia, New York, and Louisiana were unchanged from a year earlier.

In 28 major feeding States the number of cattle and calves placed on feed during the October-December quarter of 1964 totaled 6,451,000 head, up 6 percent from the same period in 1963. Placements were 4 percent larger in the North Central States and 11 percent greater in the Western group. Recorded shipments of stocker and feeder cattle into the 8 Corn Belt States during October and November were up 7 percent from the same period in 1963.

Marketings of grain fed cattle for slaughter from the 28 States during the October-December quarter totaled 4,081,000 head, 5 percent more than a year earlier. In the North Central region, marketings were up 3 percent and in the Western region, up 8 percent. The number of slaughter steers and heifers grading good or better sold out of first hands at 14 principal livestock markets during the October-December quarter changed little from a year earlier. These data do not include direct sales to packing plants, mixed lots, and some deliveries bought on prior contract.

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Cattle and Calves on Grain Feed, Minnesota and 28 States, 1965 with Comparisons

ITEM	MINNESOTA			28 STATES		
	1963	1964	1964 % of 1963	1963	1964	1964 % of 1963
	1,000 Head		Percent	1,000 Head		Percent
Cattle and Calves on Feed, October 1	350	301	86	6,908	6;784	98
Placed on Feed Oct. 1-Dec. 31 1/	304	379	125	6,075	6,451	106
Fed Cattle Marketed Oct. 1-Dec. 31 1/	167	174	104	3,879	4,081	105
	1964	1965	1965 % of 1964	1964	1965	1965 % of 1964
Cattle and Calves on Feed, January 1	487	506	104	9,104	9,154	101
Kinds on Feed January 1						
Steers and Steer Calves	333	339	102	6,573	6,539	99
Heifers and Heifer Calves	151	164	109	2,472	2,555	103
Cows and Other	3	3	100	59	60	102
Time on Feed January 1						
Under 3 months	302	374	124	5,953	6,298	106
3 - 6 months	83	69	83	2,463	2,418	98
Over 6 months	102	63	62	688	438	64
Weight Groups January 1						
Under 900 pounds	362	407	112	6,503	6;824	105
900 - 1,099 pounds	104	81	78	2,017	1,937	96
1,100 pounds and over	21	18	86	584	393	67
January -March Marketings	2/ 161	3/ 138	86	2/ 4,131	3/ 3,960	96

1/ Includes cattle placed on feed after beginning of quarter and marketed before end of quarter. 2/ Actual marketings from January 1 number on feed, excluding those placed on feed after January 1 and marketed before March 31. 3/ Expected marketings from January 1, 1965 number on feed.

Cattle and Calves on Feed by Quarters January 1-October 1, 1964, and January 1,1965 1/

STATE	January 1, 1964	October 1, 1964	January 1, 1965	January 1, 1965 as percent of January 1, 1964
	- - 1,000 Head - -			Percent
Pennsylvania	80	51	80	100
Ohio	210	121	200	95
Indiana	250	166	220	88
Illinois	716	389	659	92
Michigan	162	80	160	99
Wisconsin	137	86	137	100
Minnesota	487	301	506	104
Iowa	1,731	1,211	1,748	101
Missouri	260	170	270	104
North Dakota	166	85	163	98
South Dakota	329	196	349	106
Nebraska	1,022	878	1,027	100
Kansas	388	340	407	105
North Central States	5,858	4,023	5,846	100
Georgia	79	51	79	100
Florida	62	52	81	131
Kentucky	60	32	58	97
Tennessee	43	21	35	81
Alabama	37	19	38	103
Mississippi	23	19	22	96
Oklahoma	119	107	115	97
Texas	478	392	488	102
Montana	85	50	95	112
Idaho	143	108	153	107
Wyoming	40	22	40	100
Colorado	508	406	534	105
New Mexico	94	76	99	105
Arizona	324	243	348	107
Utah	77	47	66	86
Nevada	24	13	28	117
Washington	127	124	137	108
Oregon	85	71	93	109
California	946	981	915	97
Western States	2,453	2,141	2,508	102
28 State Total	9,104	6,784	9,154	101
32 State Total	9,292	6,908	9,350	101

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for slaughter market on grain or other concentrates and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JAN 22 1965

Immediate Release

January 18, 1965

POTATO STOCKS REPORT
January 1, 1965

Estimates of total stocks in this report represent all potatoes held by growers and local dealers in or near producing areas. They include quantities to be diverted under Government program for livestock feed, starch and flour, sales for table use, seed and processing after January 1. Also, quantities to be used for feed, seed and household consumption on farms where grown. The stocks estimates also include potatoes that will be lost through shrinkage, decay and dumping after January 1.

MINNESOTA: Total potato stocks of 5,200,000 hundredweight were held by growers and dealers in Minnesota storages on January 1, 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This includes some North Dakota grown potatoes held in Minnesota storage. These stocks compare with 8,100,000 hundredweight on January 1, 1964, 7,200,000 hundredweight on January 1, 1963 and are the lowest for this date since January 1, 1957 when they totaled 4,200,000 hundredweight. Disappearance of the 1964 crop to January 1 totaled 3,700,000 hundredweight which compares with 5,030,000 hundredweight a year earlier. Disappearance to January 1 represented 41.6 percent of the 1964 fall crop compared to 38.3 percent as of this date last year and is the highest percent since January 1957 which had a disappearance of 44.0 percent as of this date.

UNITED STATES: Storage stocks of potatoes held by growers and local dealers in the fall producing areas of the country totaled 98.0 million hundredweight on January 1, 1965. This was 16 percent less than the 116.4 million on hand January 1, 1964 and was the smallest January 1 stocks since 1958.

The eight eastern fall States had 41.7 million hundredweight of potatoes on hand January 1, 1965 compared with 42.5 million a year earlier. Maine stocks, at 30.8 million this year, were 3 percent larger than January 1, 1964 but all other eastern States except Vermont had smaller holding. In New York, stocks in Upstate New York were 24 percent less than a year earlier which more than offset 18 percent larger holdings on Long Island. January 1 stocks in the nine central fall States were 18.3 million this year and 25.1 million in 1964. Most of this reduction was in Minnesota and North Dakota where holdings were 10.7 million this year against 16.5 million a year earlier. All other central States except Indiana also had fewer potatoes on hand this year. In the none western fall States, January 1 stocks totaled 37.9 million hundredweight this year compared with 48.7 million a year earlier. Holdings in all western States are less than a year ago. The reduction in Idaho accounts for two-thirds of the reduction for the area.

Disappearance of 1964 crop potatoes from storage during December was 20.0 million hundredweight. This compares with the December disappearance of 22.0 million in 1963 and 20.2 million in 1962.

Movement of potatoes to fresh market during December 1964, as indicated by rail and truck unloads at 41 cities, was larger than during December 1963. December movement to chippers in the 20-city local market area was substantially above a year earlier. The quantity of potatoes processed for other food uses (excluding starch and flour) was moderately below the 1963 level. Movement to starch factories was much less than in 1963.

Disappearance of 1964 fall potatoes from time of harvest to January 1, 1965 was 76.8 million hundredweight. During the 1963 season, disappearance to January 1 was 81.0 million and for the 1962 season it was 77.4 million.

POTATOES: Production and total stocks of fall potatoes held by growers and local dealers on January 1, 1964 and January 1, 1965 1/

State	Crop of 1963		Crop of 1964	
	Production	Total stocks Jan. 1, 1964	Production	Total stocks Jan. 1, 1965
	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.
Maine	37,630	30,000	39,875	30,800
New Hampshire	304	160	270	150
Vermont	368	200	360	210
Massachusetts	1,034	590	984	550
Rhode Island	1,034	190	760	130
Connecticut	1,462	850	1,407	700
New York:				
Long Island	6,916	2,200	7,202	2,600
Upstate	10,120	5,000	8,610	3,800
Pennsylvania	6,766	3,350	6,265	2,750
8 Eastern	65,634	42,540	65,733	41,690
Ohio	1,800	525	1,805	425
Indiana	860	170	858	170
Michigan	6,738	3,550	6,750	3,200
Wisconsin	5,700	3,050	6,435	3,000
Minnesota	13,130	8,100	8,900	5,200
Iowa	390	110	406	45
North Dakota	13,338	8,400	10,200	5,500
South Dakota	550	280	375	135
Nebraska	1,828	960	1,387	665
9 Central	44,334	25,145	37,116	18,340
Montana	1,422	1,180	1,221	940
Idaho	53,466	31,000	41,640	23,800
Wyoming	544	300	510	245
Colorado	8,460	4,600	7,020	3,600
Utah	1,488	950	1,360	810
Nevada	357	60	72	15
Washington	5,940	2,600	5,700	1,835
Oregon	9,230	4,950	8,480	4,600
California	6,466	3,050	5,888	2,100
9 Western	87,373	48,690	71,891	37,945
Total 26 Fall States	197,341	116,375	174,740	97,975

1/ Total stocks consist of "production less total disappearance to date".

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
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Immediate Release

January 19, 1965

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT
Onion Stocks in Storage, January 1, 1965

The stocks estimated in this report relate to quantities of sound onions held by growers and dealers. In estimating stocks, the quantity of onions lost before January 1 through grading, dumping, decay and sprouting is excluded. No attempt is made to predict additional losses that will occur after January 1.

MINNESOTA: Stocks of onions held by growers and dealers in storage in Minnesota on January 1, 1965 are estimated at 148,000 hundredweight, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 127,000 hundredweight on hand a year earlier and the 1959-63 average of 177,000 hundredweight on January 1. Production of onions totaled 220,000 hundredweight in 1964, 230,000 hundredweight in 1963 and averaged 214,000 hundredweight for the years 1958-62.

UNITED STATES: Stocks of sound onions in storage (common and cold storage) as of January 1, 1965 at 4,911,000 hundredweight, were 2 percent above last year but 4 percent below the 5-year average. Common storage supplies, at 4,614,000 hundredweight, were 1 percent more than a year earlier. Cold storage stocks, at 297,000 hundredweight, were 8 percent above last year. In the western States, onions in common and cold storage on January 1 were 16 percent above last year. This sharp increase was partially offset by declines from last year in both the eastern States, down 7 percent and the central States, down 5 percent.

Common storage holdings this year were above last year in Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Colorado, Nevada, Washington, Western Oregon, and California. Decreases were noted in New York, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Idaho and Eastern Oregon and Utah. Total sales to January 1 of the late summer onion crop were down 8 percent from last year. Percentage loss to January 1 was about the same as a year earlier.

The stocks estimated in this report relate to quantities of sound onions held by growers and dealers. In estimating stocks, the quantity of onions lost before January 1 through grading, dumping, decay and sprouting is excluded. No attempt is made to predict additional losses as a result of dumping, decay and sprouting.

ONIONS: January 1 stocks held in common storage by growers and dealers in Late Summer States, and January 1 stocks in cold storage in all States, by regions, average 1959-63, annual 1964 and 1965

Regions	In Common Storage			In Cold Storage			Total		
	5-yr. Average Jan. 1 1959-63	Jan. 1 1964	Jan. 1 1965	5-yr. Average Jan. 1 1959-63	Jan. 1 1964	Jan. 1 1965	5-yr. Average Jan. 1 1959-63	Jan. 1 1964	Jan. 1 1965
	1,000 cwt.			1,000 cwt.			1,000 cwt.		
Eastern	1,307	1,295	1,208	193	137	120	1,500	1,432	1,328
Central	1,669	1,644	1,564	25	12	6	1,694	1,656	1,570
Western	1,737	1,609	1,842	174	123	169	1,911	1,732	2,011
Southern	-----	-----	-----	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total	4,714	4,548	4,614	393	274	297	5,107	4,822	4,911

ONIONS: January 1 stocks held in common storage by growers and dealers in 18 Late Summer States, by States, average 1959-63, annual 1964 and 1965

State and Region	5-year average Jan. 1, 1959-63	Jan. 1, 1964	Jan. 1, 1965	State and Region	5-year average Jan. 1, 1959-63	Jan. 1, 1964	Jan. 1, 1965
	1,000 cwt.				1,000 cwt.		
Massachusetts	3	2	1	Idaho and			
New York	1,304	1,293	1,207	Eastern Oreg.	698	807	780
EASTERN	1,307	1,295	1,208	Colorado	417	300	305
Ohio	46	108	73	Utah	114	90	54
Indiana	114	106	88	Nevada	15	8	10
Illinois	26	13	19	Washington	98	110	160
Michigan	959	1,030	950	Western Oregon	344	271	476
Wisconsin	326	230	247	California	50	23	57
Minnesota	177	127	148	WESTERN	1,737	1,609	1,842
Iowa	21	30	39				
Nebraska	---	---	---	TOTAL	4,714	4,548	4,614
Kansas	---	---	---				
CENTRAL	1,669	1,644	1,564				

ONIONS: Utilization and stocks of the Late Summer crop, 1955 to date 1/

Crop Year	Production of value	Utilization before January 1		January 1 Stocks			Utilization after January 1	
		Sold	Loss	In Common Storage	In Cold Storage	Total	Sold	Loss
	- 1,000 cwt. -							
1955	16,018	9,501	2,162	3,898	565	4,463	3,913	442
1956	17,308	10,339	2,374	4,294	341	4,635	3,971	624
1957	16,835	10,255	2,158	4,051	406	4,457	4,025	397
1958	16,409	10,345	1,746	3,852	512	4,364	4,040	278
1959	18,555	10,642	2,243	5,260	424	5,684	4,573	1,097
1960	19,072	11,458	2,082	5,132	409	5,541	4,609	923
1961	17,320	10,967	1,829	4,284	262	4,546	4,116	408
1962	19,039	11,659	1,999	5,041	359	5,400	4,660	721
1963	18,882	12,086	1,990	4,548	274	4,822	4,398	409
1964	17,725	11,067	1,918	4,614	297	4,911		

1/ Utilization does not balance with late summer production or stocks because:
(1) cold storage holdings include all onions regardless of the seasonal group,
(2) cold storage onions stored outside of late summer producing areas, and
(3) cross State movement of onions in some years.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 21, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 16, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 312,000 heavy white, 88,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 133,000 light breed poults during the week ending January 16, 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Both heavy white and bronze production were below the comparable week for last year when production totaled 339,000 heavy white and 186,000 other heavy breed poults. However, the light breed hatch was 15 percent above last year's production of 116,000 poults.

Eggs set by hatcheries in the ten States was below the corresponding 1964 set for all three classes. The heavy white set of 832,000 was 7 percent below 1964, the 699,000 bronze set was down 45 percent and the light breed set of 234,000 was 6 percent less than for the comparable week last year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Heavy white poults hatched totaled 119,000 which was 33 percent below the corresponding week in 1964. Production of other heavy and light breed poults is undisclosed in order not to reveal individual hatch-

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 26, 1964	160	#	49	35	273	218
Jan. 2, 1965	202	142	80	94	338	319
Jan. 9	167	150	47	80	278	304
Jan. 16	177	119	70	103	339	312
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 28, 1964	276	#	79	52		
Dec. 5	328	227	111	148	539	495
Dec. 12	316	246	69	121	496	477
Dec. 19	320	201	103	159	595	518
Dec. 26	358	224	147	183	650	506
Jan. 2, 1965	288	266	195	215	687	720
Jan. 9	445	261	176	279	830	829
Jan. 16	366	325	218	261	894	832
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 26, 1964	#	#	80	40	105	69
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	119	#	168	58
Jan. 9	#	#	77	54	117	99
Jan. 16	#	#	99	43	186	88
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 28, 1964	#	#	122	#		
Dec. 5	#	#	192	#	264	95
Dec. 12	#	#	126	65	229	139
Dec. 19	#	#	155	46	255	109
Dec. 26	#	#	326	133	499	283
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	342	86	639	311
Jan. 9	150	#	339	212	791	528
Jan. 16	234	#	546	215	1,279	699
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 26, 1964	#	#	6	12	73	123
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	9	13	104	122
Jan. 9	#	#	15	13	105	111
Jan. 16	#	#	8	6	116	133
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 28, 1964	#	#	10	20		
Dec. 5	#	#	10	#	170	172
Dec. 12	#	#	13	20	155	161
Dec. 19	#	#	11	10	189	183
Dec. 26	#	#	24	7	205	177
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	26	15	156	174
Jan. 9	#	#	25	15	212	159
Jan. 16	#	#	35	13	248	234

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State Total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota and Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

ery operations.

Heavy white eggs set totaled 325,000 compared to 366,000 for the same week a year ago. Bronze and light breed eggs set are undisclosed.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 21 percent of the week's hatch compared with 16 percent the previous week and 11 percent a year earlier.

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested for pullorum disease during December in Minnesota included 63,000 heavy white, 7,000 other heavy (bronze), and no light breed turkeys. This compares with 65,000 heavy white, 16,000 bronze, and 12,000 light breed in December 1963. The United States totals for December 1964 are 355,000 heavy white, 359,000 other heavy, and 58,000 light breed turkeys tested. For December 1963 the United States totals were 315,000 heavy white, 490,000 other heavy, and 44,000 light breed turkeys tested.

The July through December numbers tested for Minnesota included 288,000 heavy white, up from the 1963 total of 256,000, but 201,000 other heavy, down from the 1963 total of 252,000 and 13,000 light breed turkeys, down from the 1963 total of 25,000. United States totals for the 6 months July through December are 1,257,000 heavy white, 1,288,000 other heavy, and 200,000 light breed turkeys tested. For this period in 1963 the United States totals were 1,140,000 heavy white, 1,459,000 other heavy, and 169,000 light breed birds tested.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1963-1964

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	769	787	206	107	141	174	2,723	3,198	565	627
Feb.	1,163	972	837	878	137	164	7,074	7,255	643	789
Mar.	1,577	1,848	2,228	2,388	180	176	15,959	17,357	787	950
Apr.	1,770	1,843	2,031	2,113	192	188	19,539	19,987	914	1,196
May	1,933	1,936	1,873	1,897	198	155	19,731	19,817	1,590	1,617
June	2,220	2,189	615	590	214	197	14,106	14,975	1,513	1,570
July	1,770	1,536	35	37	207	337	5,986	6,428	1,668	1,609
Aug.	1,158	953	0	0	175	291	1,677	1,677	1,069	1,186
Sept.	520	462	0	0	183	230	713	683	539	648
Oct.	570	398	0	0	181	243	950	697	451	673
Nov.	693	411	0	0	191	140	1,346	907	451	531
Dec.	796	565	33	35	175	182	1,864	1,427	580	616
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,137	1,309	273	198	217	211	3,599	4,434	862	887
Feb.	1,997	1,679	1,375	1,262	230	233	11,065	10,865	1,069	1,173
Mar.	2,651	2,852	3,293	3,293	265	247	23,950	24,189	1,226	1,337
Apr.	3,138	2,878	3,218	3,176	264	259	31,280	30,193	1,457	1,732
May	3,344	3,204	3,396	3,263	283	201	33,560	32,577	2,328	2,354
June	4,065	3,807	1,265	1,314	324	271	27,070	27,979	2,460	2,600
July	3,110	2,609	107	82	358	482	12,335	12,309	2,805	2,575
Aug.	2,098	1,696	0	1	289	399	3,373	3,330	1,850	1,902
Sept.	1,019	809	0	0	269	362	1,322	1,185	939	1,104
Oct.	876	575	0	0	250	399	1,438	1,055	677	1,056
Nov.	1,056	654	0	0	273	230	2,035	1,379	676	817
Dec.	1,213	819	38	45	266	280	2,729	1,905	874	913

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was down for all 3 breed classes. The heavy white was down 13 percent, bronze was down 49 percent, and light breed poults hatched was down 1 percent from 1964.

From January 1 to date the Minnesota-Wisconsin cumulative heavy white hatch is down 33 percent from a year earlier.

Cumulative Weekly Hatch, Jan. 1 to Date (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	460	163	810	57	244	399	281
1965	310	210	707	#	109	204	279
Pct. Change	-33	+29	-13	#	-55	-49	-1

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

January 25, 1965

GRAIN STOCKS - JANUARY 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Stocks of corn in all positions in the State totaled 360 million bushels on January 1, 15 percent below holdings last year at this time, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. On farm stocks were 61 million bushels below holdings a year earlier and off farm stocks were 1 million bushels below the previous year. Off farm stocks totaled 96.5 million bushels and were stored in the following positions: 37.6 million in country elevators, 8.8 million in the terminal areas of Minneapolis-St. Paul and Duluth, 1.0 million in country processing plants (including hybrid seed corn firms) and 49.1 million bushels in Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) Bin Sites.

Total wheat supplies in all storage positions were 90.3 million bushels, 6 percent above January 1, 1964 stocks. Wheat held on farms came to 7.0 million bushels compared with 6.3 million held a year earlier. Off farm stocks of 83.3 million bushels were held in the following positions: 67.3 million bushels in the Twin Cities and Duluth Terminal Areas, 12.6 million in country elevators and 3.3 million bushels at country processors. Holdings in CCC bins amounted to 115,000 bushels.

Stocks of oats in all positions totaled 125 million bushels, 6 percent below the 133 million bushels on hand a year ago. On farm stocks of 109 million were 11 percent below the 122 million bushels on hand January 1, 1964. Off farm stocks totaled 15.3 million bushels with 9.1 million in country elevators and 5.7 million in the Twin Cities-Duluth Terminal Areas. Holdings in CCC bins amounted to only 483,000 bushels, and small amounts were held by country processors.

Barley stocks of 32.8 million bushels in all positions were 23 percent below the 42.7 million on hand a year earlier. On farm stocks totaled 13.2 million compared with 18.6 million bushels at this time last year. Off farm stocks totaled 19.7 million bushels, 18 percent less than the 24.1 million on hand January 1, 1964. The off farm stocks were held in the following positions: 14.7 million bushels in the terminal areas, 2.5 million in country elevators and 2.4 million in country processing plants.

Stocks of rye in all positions totaled 2.5 million bushels compared with 1.9 million bushels on hand last year. Off farm stocks totaled 2.2 million of which 1.8 million bushels were held in the Twin City-Duluth Terminal Areas. Country processors held 297,000 bushels and country elevators, 157,000 bushels. On farm holdings amounted to 291,000 bushels compared with 210,000 bushels a year earlier.

January 1, 1965 stocks of soybeans in all positions totaled 47.0 million bushels, 12 percent less than the 53.2 million on hand a year ago. On farm stocks totaled 22.8 million bushels as against 30.9 million on hand a year earlier. Off farm stocks totaled 24.2 million bushels 8 percent more than the 22.3 million held on January 1, 1965. Of the off farm stocks, 11.9 million bushels were held by country elevators, 7.9 million were stored in the terminal areas and 4.4 million bushels were held by country processors.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions totaled 8.7 million bushels, 9 percent less than the 9.6 million on hand a year ago. On farm stocks amounted to 1.3 million bushels compared with 1.6 million a year earlier. Off farm stocks of 7.4 million bushels were 8 percent less than the 8.0 million held a year ago. The off farms stocks were stored in the following positions: 5.6 million bushels were held at the terminal plants and country processors and 1.8 million bushels held by country elevators.

UNITED STATES: All grain stocks on January 1, 1965 were down from a year ago with the exception of rye. Soybean stocks in all positions at 524 million bushels were down 6 percent from January 1964. Corn and wheat stocks were both off by 11 percent from a year earlier. Flaxseed stocks at 23 million bushels were nearly one-fourth less than a year ago. Oat stocks in all positions (both farm and off-farm) were down 8 percent and barley stocks 7 percent.

Funds for this project were matched with funds received from the Agricultural Marketing Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, under provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946.

C. P. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

Corn stored in all positions on January 1 totaled 3,922 million bushels -- 11 percent less than last year and 9 percent below average. Corn production in 1964 was 13 percent less than in 1963, but carryover of old corn on October 1 was larger than a year earlier. Indicated disappearance of corn during the October-December quarter of 1,137 million bushels was greater than both a year earlier and average.

All wheat in storage on January 1 totaled 1,443 million bushels -- 11 percent less than a year earlier and the smallest January 1 holdings since 1958. The decline from last year occurred in off-farm stocks. Off-farm holdings of 1,052 million bushels were 19 percent smaller than a year earlier while farm stocks at 390 million bushels were 26 percent above January 1, 1964.

Durum wheat stored in all positions on January 1 totaled 92.4 million bushels compared with 79.2 million bushels a year earlier. Stocks were about equally divided between farm and off-farm facilities with farm holdings totaling 46.5 million bushels and off-farm storages accounting for 45.9 million bushels.

Oats stored in all positions on January 1, 1965 totaled 712 million bushels, down 61 million bushels from January 1 a year ago and the smallest holdings in the 22 years of record. While off-farm holdings were slightly larger than a year earlier, on-farm stocks, which account for 88 percent of total stocks, were the lowest since 1940.

Barley stored in all positions on January 1, 1965 totaled 310 million bushels, down 7 percent from a year earlier, and 14 percent below average. Stocks on farms totaled 190 million bushels or 61 percent of total stocks, about the same as January 1 a year ago.

Rye in storage on January 1 totaled 21.0 million bushels -- 43 percent above a year earlier but 7 percent below average. The increase from a year earlier was largely in farm stocks. Farm stocks, at 11.6 million bushels, were more than double the small holdings of a year earlier while off-farm holdings of 9.4 million bushels were only 3 percent higher.

Soybean stocks in all positions on January 1, 1965 totaled 525 million bushels, down 6 percent from the record high 559 million bushels on hand a year earlier but 10 percent larger than average. Off-farm stocks at 334 million bushels were 12 percent above a year earlier while farm stocks at 191 million bushels were 27 percent smaller than on January 1, 1964.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions on January 1 totaled 22.9 million bushels or 6.7 million bushels less than holdings a year earlier. Farm stocks were down 18 percent and off-farm stocks were down 25 percent from January 1, 1964.

Off-Farm Stocks, Minnesota, Jan. 1, 1964-65 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	Mpls. - St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Corn	11,753	8,774	889	983	36,751	37,651	48,011	49,087
Wheat	63,003	67,297	3,603	3,299	12,443	12,614	194	115
Oats	4,482	5,686	1/	1/	6,258	9,122	204	483
Barley	16,550	14,748	2,015	2,404	4,167	2,507	1,377	-
Rye	1,325	1,764	280	297	97	157	-	-
Soybeans	6,027	7,884	1,078	4,418	15,232	11,885	-	-
Flaxseed	5,053	5,599	1/	1/	2,987	1,832	-	-

1/ Included in terminal stocks to avoid possibility of disclosing individual operations.

Grain Stocks - Jan. 1, 1964-1965 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	On Farm		Off Farm 1/		Total	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
MINNESOTA:						
Corn	325,272	263,945	97,404	96,495	422,676	360,440
Wheat	6,292	7,022	79,243	83,325	85,535	90,347
Oats	122,241	109,390	10,994	15,291	133,235	124,681
Barley	18,636	13,152	24,109	19,659	42,745	32,811
Rye	210	291	1,702	2,218	1,912	2,509
Soybeans	30,865	22,816	22,337	24,187	53,202	47,003
Flaxseed	1,563	1,305	8,040	7,431	9,603	8,736
UNITED STATES:						
Corn	3,247,653	2,784,243	1,136,364	1,137,745	4,384,017	3,921,988
Wheat	309,694	390,126	1,304,088	1,052,418	1,613,782	1,442,544
Oats	687,138	623,925	85,382	88,031	772,520	711,956
Barley	202,344	190,373	130,418	119,317	332,762	309,690
Rye	5,581	11,603	9,157	9,442	14,738	21,045
Soybeans	261,337	190,917	297,510	334,055	558,847	524,972
Flaxseed	10,478	8,570	19,160	14,358	29,638	22,928

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks.

STOCKS OF WHEAT, SELECTED STATES, January 1, 1964-1965

State	Off-Farm 1/		Total All Positions 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	39,894	29,922	42,013	32,480
Ohio	21,443	24,730	24,938	29,714
Ind.	8,187	9,989	11,459	15,135
Ill.	20,763	20,399	25,279	26,079
Mich.	12,754	13,364	18,393	27,502
Wisc.	15,342	15,996	15,882	16,701
Minn.	79,243	83,325	85,535	90,347
Iowa	6,446	6,477	6,592	6,581
Mo.	32,340	25,832	34,698	28,851
N. Dak.	78,664	75,994	177,894	192,142
S. Dak.	40,787	38,519	64,281	68,945
Nebr.	130,269	69,117	160,109	103,815
Kans.	452,943	323,991	484,475	364,928
Mont.	21,662	17,510	66,596	74,727
Idaho	8,095	12,688	15,248	25,162
Wash.	38,597	54,966	47,145	64,009
Oreg.	16,015	17,141	24,559	26,559
Calif.	8,388	8,818	8,867	9,971
Other States	272,256	203,640	299,819	238,896
UNITED STATES	1,304,088	1,052,418	1,613,782	1,442,544

STOCKS OF SOYBEANS AND FLAXSEED, SELECTED STATES, January 1, 1964-1965

State	Soybeans (Old Crop)				Flaxseed			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
Ohio	20,350	20,699	34,372	30,743	-	-	-	-
Ind.	19,339	19,253	46,415	37,967	-	-	-	-
Ill.	67,125	70,384	131,265	116,768	-	-	-	-
Mich.	1,217	1,030	4,682	3,445	-	-	-	-
Wisc.	4,061	*	4,920	*	*	*	*	*
Minn.	22,337	24,187	53,202	47,003	8,040	7,431	9,603	8,736
Iowa	40,252	55,837	99,133	99,535	33	6	66	30
Mo.	23,421	22,666	39,321	31,470		-	-	-
N. Dak.	466	541	1,470	1,159	7,654	3,603	14,392	9,382
S. Dak.	430	566	2,075	1,856	1,933	1,430	3,853	2,791
Nebr.	2,376	4,442	7,348	8,313	-	-	-	-
Kans.	7,356	8,864	10,251	11,282	-	-	-	-
N. C.	4,244	3,629	8,959	7,138	-	-	-	-
S. C.	3,932	5,942	9,364	12,119	-	-	-	-
Ky.	4,164	3,686	5,999	4,739	-	-	-	-
Tenn.	13,361	16,379	14,581	17,255	-	-	-	-
Miss.	11,941	13,097	20,449	21,192	-	-	-	-
Ark.	26,124	31,451	34,820	36,340	-	-	-	-
La.	8,843	9,337	9,234	9,739	-	-	-	-
Okla.	467	351	643	453	-	-	-	-
Texas	1,965	1,544	2,099	1,685	*	*	*	*
Mont.	-	-	-	-	43	8	183	75
Calif.	-	-	-	-	167	31	167	31
Other States	13,739	20,170	18,245	24,771	1,290	1,849	1,374	1,883
UNITED STATES	297,510	334,055	558,847	524,972	19,160	14,358	29,638	22,928

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control

2/ Off-Farm total plus farm stocks.

STOCKS OF GRAINS, SELECTED STATES, January 1, 1964-65

State	Shelled and ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	10,313	10,840	19,513	18,610	8,547	4,834	27,546	21,814
Ohio	49,435	51,109	196,617	172,362	7,362	5,293	34,564	25,953
Ind.	64,139	58,339	344,218	274,500	2,479	1,309	21,684	11,568
Ill.	261,693	261,344	795,730	730,533	7,828	4,519	56,019	39,332
Mich.	15,287	14,360	89,794	86,641	1,214	989	24,628	20,753
Wis.	11,709	11,110	93,718	89,965	3,104	4,882	89,498	77,936
Minn.	97,404	96,495	422,676	360,440	10,944	15,291	133,235	124,681
Iowa	309,066	331,991	1,134,107	1,064,252	9,598	11,293	96,538	91,261
Mo.	42,294	36,434	168,613	138,304	2,125	1,902	10,456	9,088
N. Dak.	1,649	1,828	9,541	7,243	5,765	7,943	78,687	90,419
S. Dak.	33,081	33,383	157,616	116,209	7,049	9,588	87,727	85,208
Nebr.	139,753	137,131	501,114	436,776	874	1,508	21,170	18,906
Kans.	31,564	27,838	66,340	51,004	619	849	7,017	6,439
Mont.	24	35	323	142	377	412	11,158	11,281
Idaho	201	217	1,335	1,284	1,693	1,664	6,350	6,037
Wash.	675	511	1,731	1,323	1,861	1,998	4,329	3,904
Oreg.	425	209	1,288	955	4,406	4,005	8,753	7,516
Calif.	1,473	2,431	3,737	5,104	1,169	1,227	1,654	1,684
Other States	66,179	62,140	376,006	366,341	8,368	8,525	51,557	58,176
UNITED STATES	1,136,364	1,137,745	4,384,017	3,921,988	85,382	88,031	772,570	711,956

State	Barley				Rye			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	3,855	3,546	4,092	3,786	*	*	*	*
Ohio	115	44	480	340	62	59	197	196
Ind.	39	41	375	269	55	46	163	165
Ill.	2,494	*	3,012	*	1,647	*	1,740	*
Mich.	*	247	*	1,122	49	45	292	336
Wis.	19,484	24,263	20,170	24,750	867	601	1,008	798
Minn.	24,109	19,659	42,745	32,811	1,702	2,218	1,912	2,509
Iowa	358	229	488	357	76	*	100	*
Mo.	1,148	1,480	1,617	1,772	288	162	392	332
N. Dak.	15,990	11,005	93,234	76,489	564	1,154	1,936	6,289
S. Dak.	2,413	2,559	10,423	7,847	251	376	1,103	2,365
Nebr.	351	401	2,317	2,444	220	303	884	1,293
Kans.	2,249	2,096	4,187	6,460	604	898	815	1,348
Mont.	7,959	6,347	40,116	43,685	77	50	257	244
Idaho	3,889	3,416	15,048	13,203	36	8	134	82
Wash.	13,295	8,833	19,557	12,419	791	668	1,043	926
Oreg.	7,197	5,744	13,192	10,963	189	106	333	223
Calif.	10,692	13,248	23,615	27,634	-	-	-	-
Other States	14,781	16,159	38,094	43,339	1,679	2,748	2,429	3,939
UNITED STATES	130,418	119,317	332,762	309,690	9,157	9,442	14,738	21,045

* Included in unallocated to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors, and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 25, 1965

1964 HONEY PRODUCTION

MINNESOTA: The 1964 Minnesota honey crop totaled 29,355,000 pounds, 4 percent more than in 1963 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production per colony averaged 95 pounds compared to 99 pounds in 1963; but a larger number of colonies increased total production. For the 1964 season, the number of colonies was estimated at 309,000, 8 percent above the 1963 number of 286,000. Minnesota led all States in honey production in 1964.

Average prices received by producers for the 1964 honey crop was 16.1 cents per pound compared to 16.3 cents in 1963. These prices relate to all wholesale and retail sales of extracted, chunk and comb honey sold from both large and small apiaries owned by farmers and non-farmers. Total value of the 1964 honey crop was $4,726,000, 2 percent above the 1963 value. Average prices for extracted honey were the same as a year earlier for both wholesale and retail sales being 15 and 24 cents per pound respectively.

Stocks of honey held by Minnesota producers in mid-December 1964 were 7,632,000 pounds, 8 percent above the honey stocks estimated a year earlier.

Beeswax production from the 1964 honey crop was estimated at 528,000 pounds compared to 481,000 pounds for 1963. The average price received for beeswax was 44 cents per pound, the same as in 1963.

UNITED STATES: The number of pounds of honey produced in 1964 was 285,744,000 pounds, 5 percent below the record output of 299,353,000 pounds in 1963. Production per colony averaged 50.9 pounds compared with 54.2 for the 1963 season. The 5,611,000 colonies on hand at the beginning of the 1964 season was 2 percent more than a year earlier. With the price of all honey averaging 18.5 cents per pound, the 1964 crop had a value of $52,855,000. The 5,343,000 pounds of beeswax was 2 percent less than the 1963 crop. At an average of 44.4 cents per pound, the beeswax output was valued at $2,369,000 to producers.

Producers reported 75 million pounds of honey on hand for sale in mid-December compared with 62 million a year earlier. Stocks in mid-December represented 26 percent of the 1964 crop compared with 21 percent in 1963. Moderate domestic sales to date and a considerably weaker export market have resulted in higher producer stocks this year.

In some respects the 1964 season was a reversal of the 1963 season. 1964 yields fell drastically in States such as Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, and the Dakotas which had relatively high yields in 1963. In the South Atlantic region, yields in Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina were up sharply from last year. In most regions the fall yields were less than a year earlier. In 18 States, the average yield was lower than expected in September.

Compared with 1963, yields per colony were up 12 percent in the South Atlantic States and 4 percent in the South Central States. Yields decreased 19 percent in the West, 10 percent in each the West North Central and North Atlantic States, and 2 percent in the East North Central.

Last year 17 States had average yields of 70 pounds or more. For the 1964 season yields in only 10 States reached or exceeded that figure. Minnesota led the Nation with an average yield of 95 pounds.

Prices received by producers for honey sold during 1964 averaged 18.5 cents per pound, compared with the 1963 average price of 18.0 cents. These prices relate to all wholesale and retail sales of extracted, chunk and comb honey from both large and small apiaries owned by farmers and non-farmers. Extracted honey in wholesale lots averaged 15.0 cents per pound, compared with 15.3 cents a year earlier. Extracted honey sold at wholesale in 60 pound or larger containers averaged 13.8 cents per pound in 1964, compared with 14.2 cents in 1963. Wholesale chunk and comb honey averaged 30.1 and 35.0 cents per pound, respectively, in 1964, compared with 28.8 and 35.1 cents in 1963.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Number of Colonies, Production per Colony, Total Production, 1963-1964
Average Price per Pound and Value of Production, 1964, All States

State and Division	Colonies of Bees		Yield per Colony		Total Honey Production		Average Price per Pound	Value of Production
	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1964	1964
	Thousands		Pounds		Thousand Pounds		Cents	Thous. Dols.
Maine	6	7	29	19	174	133	42.3	56
N. H.	6	6	43	38	258	228	39.6	90
Vt.	11	11	53	55	583	605	34.3	208
Mass.	11	11	23	18	253	198	38.5	76
R. I.	2	2	28	24	56	48	38.4	18
Conn.	12	11	29	23	348	253	39.2	99
N. Y.	197	201	73	59	14,381	11,859	17.1	2,028
N. J.	35	36	30	36	1,050	1,296	32.7	424
Pa.	140	141	39	42	5,460	5,922	21.5	1,273
N. A.	420	426	53.7	48.2	22,563	20,542	20.8	4,272
Ohio	264	277	41	57	10,824	15,789	19.0	3,000
Ind.	181	192	54	58	9,774	11,136	20.0	2,227
Ill.	149	161	66	52	9,834	8,372	21.4	1,792
Mich.	103	112	85	85	8,755	9,520	16.8	1,599
Wis.	187	200	105	82	19,635	16,400	16.9	2,772
E. N. C.	884	942	66.5	65.0	58,822	61,217	18.6	11,390
Minn.	286	309	99	95	28,314	29,355	16.1	4,726
Iowa	138	141	85	85	11,730	11,985	17.1	2,049
Mo.	125	125	38	25	4,750	3,125	23.1	722
North Dakota	38	40	128	92	4,864	3,680	14.8	545
South Dakota	89	96	125	88	11,125	8,448	14.9	1,259
Nebr.	83	95	90	87	7,470	8,265	16.0	1,322
Kans.	45	46	49	46	2,205	2,116	19.4	411
W. N. C.	804	852	87.6	78.6	70,458	66,974	16.5	11,034
Del.	5	5	35	40	175	200	34.1	68
Md.	33	33	24	36	792	1,188	28.8	342
Va.	129	126	13	29	1,677	3,654	30.6	1,118
W. Va.	98	103	14	23	1,372	2,369	33.2	787
N. C.	209	205	11	30	2,299	6,150	37.7	2,319
S. C.	58	57	17	22	986	1,254	31.6	396
Ga.	211	200	37	25	7,807	5,000	20.6	1,030
Fla.	294	297	71	68	20,874	20,196	18.6	3,756
S. A.	1,037	1,026	34.7	39.0	35,982	40,011	24.5	9,816
Ky.	100	102	13	25	1,300	2,550	34.2	872
Tenn.	164	161	17	17	2,788	2,737	31.0	848
Ala.	191	185	27	19	5,157	3,515	26.3	924
Miss.	91	87	22	24	2,002	2,088	22.8	476
Ark.	89	92	23	20	2,047	1,840	22.7	418
La.	103	99	21	28	2,163	2,772	17.0	471
Okla.	58	53	36	34	2,088	1,802	24.3	438
Texas	263	252	44	48	11,572	12,096	15.6	1,887
S. C.	1,059	1,031	27.5	28.5	29,117	29,400	21.5	6,334
Mont.	77	78	125	63	9,625	4,914	16.3	801
Idaho	207	211	71	52	14,697	10,972	14.1	1,547
Wyo.	34	35	100	46	3,400	1,610	15.2	245
Colo.	64	64	80	80	5,120	5,120	17.2	881
N. Mex.	11	12	70	75	770	900	15.6	140
Ariz.	116	110	74	55	8,584	6,050	12.6	762
Utah	52	51	84	54	4,368	2,754	15.5	427
Nev.	8	9	78	90	624	810	15.1	122
Wash.	96	96	42	44	4,032	4,224	14.6	617
Oreg.	59	62	41	38	2,419	2,356	18.2	429
Calif.	593	599	48	46	28,464	27,554	14.5	3,995
West	1,317	1,327	62.3	50.7	82,103	67,264	14.8	9,966
48 States	5,521	5,604	54.2	50.9	299,045	285,408	18.5	52,812
Hawaii	7	7	44	48	308	336	12.8	43
U. S.	5,528	5,611	54.2	50.9	299,353	285,744	18.5	52,855

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 28, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 23, 1965

TEN STATES: During the week ending January 23, 1965, hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 350,000 heavy whites, 209,000 other heavy (principally bronze) and 121,000 light breed turkey poults according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. For the comparable week a year ago, heavy white production was 372,000, other heavy production was 280,000, and the light breed hatch was 137,000.

Hatcheries in the ten States set 1,201,000 heavy white, 972,000 bronze and 184,000 light breed eggs during the week. For the same week in 1964, 1,043,000 heavy white, 1,297,000 bronze and 226,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten States Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 2, 1965	202	142	80	94	338	319
Jan. 9	167	150	47	80	278	304
Jan. 16	177	119	70	103	339	312
Jan. 23	207	130	87	119	372	350
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 5, 1964	328	227	111	148	539	495
Dec. 12	316	246	69	121	496	477
Dec. 19	320	201	103	159	595	518
Dec. 26	358	224	147	183	650	506
Jan. 2, 1965	288	266	195	215	687	720
Jan. 9	445	261	176	279	830	829
Jan. 16	366	325	218	261	894	832
Jan. 23	384	394	215	369	1,043	1,201
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 2	#	#	119	#	168	58
Jan. 9	#	#	77	54	117	99
Jan. 16	#	#	99	43	186	88
Jan. 23	#	#	209	109	280	209
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 5, 1964	#	#	192	#	264	95
Dec. 12	#	#	126	65	229	139
Dec. 19	#	#	155	46	255	109
Dec. 26	#	#	326	133	499	283
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	342	86	639	311
Jan. 9	150	#	339	212	791	528
Jan. 16	234	#	546	215	1,279	699
Jan. 23	370	249	405	329	1,297	972
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 2	#	#	9	13	104	122
Jan. 9	#	#	15	13	105	111
Jan. 16	#	#	8	6	116	133
Jan. 23	50	#	26	4	137	121
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 5, 1964	#	#	10	#	170	172
Dec. 12	#	#	13	20	155	161
Dec. 19	#	#	11	10	189	183
Dec. 26	#	#	24	7	205	177
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	26	15	156	174
Jan. 9	#	#	25	15	212	159
Jan. 16	#	#	35	13	248	234
Jan. 23	75	#	26	16	226	184

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State Total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Heavy white poults hatched during the week ending January 23 totaled 130,000 which was 37 percent below the corresponding week in 1964. Production of bronze and light breed poults is undisclosed in order not to reveal individual hatchery operations.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 394,000 heavy white, 249,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. This compares with 384,000 heavy white, 370,000 bronze, and 75,000 light breed eggs a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1963-1964.

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						U.S.			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	769	787	206	107	141	174	2,723	3,198	565	627
Feb.	1,163	972	837	878	137	164	7,074	7,255	643	789
Mar.	1,577	1,848	2,228	2,388	180	176	15,959	17,357	787	950
Apr.	1,770	1,843	2,031	2,113	192	188	19,539	19,987	914	1,196
May	1,933	1,936	1,873	1,897	198	155	19,731	19,817	1,590	1,617
June	2,220	2,189	615	590	214	197	14,106	14,975	1,513	1,570
July	1,770	1,536	35	37	207	337	5,986	6,428	1,668	1,609
Aug.	1,158	953	0	0	175	291	1,677	1,677	1,069	1,186
Sept.	520	462	0	0	183	230	713	683	539	648
Oct.	570	398	0	0	181	243	950	697	451	673
Nov.	693	411	0	0	191	140	1,346	907	451	531
Dec.	796	565	33	35	175	182	1,864	1,427	580	616
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,137	1,309	273	198	217	211	3,599	4,434	862	887
Feb.	1,997	1,679	1,375	1,262	230	233	11,065	10,865	1,069	1,173
Mar.	2,651	2,852	3,293	3,293	265	247	23,950	24,189	1,226	1,337
Apr.	3,138	2,878	3,218	3,176	264	259	31,280	30,193	1,457	1,732
May	3,344	3,204	3,396	3,263	283	201	33,560	32,577	2,328	2,354
June	4,065	3,807	1,265	1,314	324	271	27,070	27,979	2,460	2,600
July	3,110	2,609	107	82	358	482	12,335	12,309	2,805	2,575
Aug.	2,098	1,696	0	1	289	399	3,373	3,330	1,850	1,902
Sept.	1,019	809	0	0	269	362	1,322	1,185	939	1,104
Oct.	876	575	0	0	250	399	1,438	1,055	677	1,056
Nov.	1,056	654	0	0	273	230	2,035	1,379	676	817
Dec.	1,213	819	38	45	266	280	2,729	1,905	874	913
Jan. (1964 & 1965)	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was down for all 3 breed types. Heavy whites were down 11 percent, bronze 39 percent, and light breed poults 4 percent from 1964.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was down 34 percent from a year earlier.

Cumulative Weekly Hatch, Jan. 1 to Date (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	667	250	1,182	-	453	679	418
1965	440	329	1,057	#	218	413	400
Pct. Change	-34	+32	-11	#	-52	-39	-4

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 29, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-January 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-January at 79 is 1 point above both a month earlier and a year earlier according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with a month earlier, crop prices averaged 2 points higher, and livestock prices 2 points higher, while dairy product prices averaged 2 points lower and poultry and poultry products 3 points lower. Compared with a year earlier, crop prices averaged 7 points higher, livestock prices 1 point higher, dairy products 1 point higher, and poultry and poultry products prices, 15 points lower.

The rise in the crop index from mid-December reflected the higher prices for corn, oats, wheat, barley, flax, potatoes, and hay. Corn was up 3 cents per bushel from mid-December, 1 cent for oats, 1 cent for wheat, 2 cents for barley, 95 cents per hundredweight for potatoes, and $2.00 per ton for hay. Rye was 2 cents per bushel lower. Compared with a year earlier, corn was up 6 cents per bushel, oats 2 cents, barley 7 cents, flax 8 cents, and soybeans 9 cents. Potatoes were $3.70 per hundredweight higher and hay $4.50 per ton higher. Wheat prices were 53 cents lower and rye by 26 cents per bushel.

Livestock price changes from mid-December were increases of 70 cents per hundredweight for hogs, $1.50 for calves, 80 cents for sheep, and $1.80 for lambs. Compared with a year earlier, hogs were higher by $1.30 per hundredweight, calves $1.00, sheep 60 cents, and lambs $2.90. Cattle were somewhat lower in each case.

Whole milk prices were 7 cents per hundredweight below mid-December but 5 cents above a year earlier.

Turkey prices averaged 22 cents per pound liveweight in mid-January, the same as a month earlier but 1 cent above a year earlier. Chicken prices were 1 cent above mid-December, but the same as a year earlier. Egg prices averaged 21 cents per dozen in mid-January; 1-1/2 cents below mid-December and 9 cents below a year earlier.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	Jan. 15 Av. 1957-61	Jan. 15, 1962	Jan. 15, 1963	Jan. 15, 1964	Dec. 15, 1964	Jan. 15, 1965
All Farm Products	77	81	80	78	78	79
Crops	64	69	69	73	78	80
Livestock	87	91	89	80	79	81
Dairy Products	90	96	90	91	94	92
Poultry and Eggs	62	60	64	68	56	53

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO	Jan. 15, 1961	Jan. 15, 1962	Jan. 15, 1963	Jan. 15, 1964	Dec. 15, 1964	Jan. 15, 1965
Prices Received	242	243	245	243	234	236
Prices Paid 1/	302	305	312	313	313	317
Parity Ratio	80	80	79	78	75	74

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	Minnesota			January 15, 1965			
		JAN. 15, 1964	DEC. 15, 1964	JAN. 15, 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	2.10	1.56	1.57	1.44	1.42	1.46	1.38
RYE	BU.	1.25	1.01	.99	1.00	.88	.96	.940
CORN	BU.	.98	1.01	1.04	1.09	1.06	1.13	1.15
OATS	BU.	.60	.61	.62	.67	.53	.62	.656
BARLEY	BU.	.84	.89	.91	.89	.87	.86	.961
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.60	2.69	2.69	2.70	2.61	2.59	2.73
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.90	2.97	2.98	2.89	2.89	2.95	2.91
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	18.50	21.00	23.00	19.50	20.50	21.00	25.30
POTATOES	CWT.	1.15	3.75	4.70	4.50	4.65	3.90	3.98
HOGS	CWT.	14.10	14.70	15.40	15.20	14.30	15.30	15.40
COWS	CWT.	12.30	10.90	11.90	11.40	10.20	11.30	11.90
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	20.40	19.50	20.80	22.20	18.90	20.30	20.40
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	18.10	17.20	16.90	20.70	16.20	18.10	18.00
CALVES	CWT.	23.80	23.30	24.80	20.00	19.80	21.70	20.20
SHEEP	CWT.	6.40	6.20	7.00	5.00	4.90	5.00	5.83
LAMBS	CWT.	19.10	20.20	22.00	20.40	19.30	20.20	20.30
MILK COWS	HEAD	225.00	210.00	210.00	205.00	180.00	195.00	204.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.24	3.36	3.29	3.60	3.40	3.45	4.41
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.64	.65	.64	.63	.60	.61	.592
TURKEYS - LIVE	LB.	.210	.220	.220	.220	.210	.220	.219
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.065	.055	.055	.055	.050	.050	.087
EGGS	DOZ.	.303	.225	.210	.210	.240	.199	.309
WOOL	LB.	.45	.51	.46	.47	.46	.44	.480
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	3.00	2.85	3.00	3.30	3.10	3.10	3.31
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	5.00	4.45	4.45	4.55	4.85	4.75	4.76
MEAT SCRAP	CWT.	6.00	5.30	5.20	5.30	-	-	5.42
HOG FEED, 29% & OVER	CWT.	6.00	5.70	5.70	5.80	-	-	5.72
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% & OVER	CWT.	5.00	4.75	4.70	4.85	-	-	4.54
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.15	3.10	3.05	3.80	-	-	3.72
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	3.03	2.89	2.90	2.93	2.79	2.78	3.41
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.35	4.25	4.20	4.75	4.60	4.50	4.38
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		14.4	14.6	14.8	13.9	13.5	13.5	13.4
BEEF-CORN 1/		20.8	19.3	20.00	20.4	17.8	18.0	17.7
EGG-FEED 2/		10.0	7.8	7.2	7.2	8.6	7.2	9.1
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.6

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

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Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 29, 1965

INTENTIONS TO RAISE TURKEYS

MINNESOTA: Minnesota turkey growers plan to raise 16,710,000 turkeys in 1965, up 1,178,000 or 8 percent from the number raised in 1964. This forecast is based on intentions reported in early January to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. By breed types, growers intend to raise 9,249,000 heavy white breed turkeys - 8 percent more than in 1964; 5,419,000 bronze - 5 percent more than in 1964; and 2,042,000 light breed birds up 13 percent from the previous year.

Minnesota ranked second behind California in the number of turkeys raised in 1964 followed in order by Iowa, Missouri, and Wisconsin.

The January grower survey indicated about one-fourth of the heavy white turkeys raised in Minnesota in 1964 were marketed as fryer-roasters, while most of the light breed turkeys raised (83 percent) were marketed as fryer-roasters.

UNITED STATES: Turkey growers intend to produce 4 percent more turkeys in 1965 than last year. Present plans of growers are to increase heavy breeds 2 percent with heavy whites up 12 percent and other heavy breeds down 5 percent. For light breeds an increase of 13 percent is planned. Assuming growers carry out their intentions, the 1965 crop for the Nation will be about 103 million turkeys compared with the revised estimate of 99.5 million turkeys raised in 1964. Increased production is planned in all regions of the country except the North Atlantic and the West. Increases planned are 8 percent in the South Central, 7 percent in the West North Central, 5 percent in the South Atlantic, and 1 percent in the East North Central. Decreases of 2 percent are planned in the North Atlantic and Western regions.

Growers plan to produce 90.2 million heavy breed turkeys in 1965, 2 percent more than last year. They plan to raise 43.6 million heavy white breeds, 12 percent more than the 38.9 million raised last year. Present plans indicate that heavy white turkeys will account for about 48 percent of all heavies raised in 1965 compared with 44 percent in 1964 and 38 percent in 1963. The expected number of heavy whites to be raised in 1965 is above last year in all regions except the North Atlantic which shows no change. Increases planned for heavy whites are 21 percent in the South Central, 20 percent in the West, 12 percent in the West North Central, 8 percent in the East North Central, and 7 percent in the South Atlantic States.

In 1965 growers intend to raise 46.6 million bronze and other heavy breed turkeys compared with 49.1 million in 1964. Decreases indicated are 12 percent in the East North Central, 9 percent in the West, 7 percent in the South Atlantic, and 2 percent in the South Central. An increase of 1 percent is planned in the North Atlantic while in the West North Central no change is indicated.

Light breed producers intend to raise 13.0 million light breed turkeys in 1965, up 13 percent from last year. Increases planned are 25 percent, in each the West North Central and South Central and 13 percent in the South Atlantic States. These increases are partially offset by decreases of 21 percent in the North Atlantic, 4 percent in the West, and 2 percent in the East North Central States.

The number of turkeys actually raised in 1965 may vary somewhat from the January 1, 1965 intentions of growers. Such changes may depend on reactions to this report, price of feed, supply and prices of hatching eggs and poults and prices received for turkeys during the next few months. On January 1, 1964 growers intended to produce 4 percent more turkeys in 1964 than 1963. The crop turned out to be 7 percent more than in 1963. In recent months, the turkey-feed price ratios have been at slightly less favorable levels than a year earlier.

Testings of all heavy breeds July through December were down 2 percent from the corresponding period in 1963. The July-December testings of light breeds were up 18 percent from the same months last year. Testings of breeders indicate that hatching egg supplies will be adequate to permit turkey growers to increase output this year.

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Intentions to raise turkeys in 1965

State and Division	Number raised in 1964			Intended for raising in 1965			Total turkeys 1965 as % of 1964
	Heavy Breeds	Light Breeds	Total	Heavy Breeds	Light Breeds	Total	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Percent
Maine	55	0	55	50	0	50	91
N. H.	71	3	74	63	2	65	88
Vt.	14	0	14	13	0	13	93
Mass.	307	10	317	303	9	312	98
R. I.	9	0	9	8	0	8	89
Conn.	198	5	203	188	4	192	95
N. Y.	372	42	414	324	42	366	88
N. J.	231	9	240	379	11	390	162
Pa.	1,308	294	1,602	1,251	220	1,471	92
N. A.	2,565	363	2,928	2,579	288	2,867	98
Ohio	3,119	809	3,928	3,119	793	3,912	100
Ind.	3,157	181	3,338	3,314	170	3,484	104
Ill.	1,266	63	1,329	1,193	69	1,262	95
Mich.	956	70	1,026	981	64	1,045	102
Wis.	5,003	159	5,162	5,129	157	5,286	102
E.N.C.	13,501	1,282	14,783	13,736	1,253	14,989	101
Minn.	13,725	1,807	15,532	14,668	2,042	16,710	108
Iowa	7,592	393	7,985	7,395	452	7,847	98
Mo.	6,091	644	6,735	6,999	1,063	8,062	120
N. Dak.	836	56	892	885	60	945	106
S. Dak.	484	426	910	492	532	1,024	113
Nebr.	1,127	12	1,139	1,114	12	1,126	99
Kans.	796	20	816	690	22	712	87
W.N.C.	30,651	3,358	34,009	32,243	4,183	36,426	107
Del.	156	143	299	148	86	234	78
Md.	183	34	217	176	34	210	97
Va.	1,799	2,902	4,701	1,698	3,337	5,035	107
W. Va.	515	1,021	1,536	540	1,072	1,612	105
N. C.	3,951	500	4,451	4,030	670	4,700	106
S. C.	720	49	769	820	49	869	113
Ga.	1,315	43	1,358	1,242	80	1,322	97
Fla.	13	190	203	13	213	226	111
S. A.	8,652	4,882	13,534	8,667	5,541	14,208	105
Ky.	815	1	816	931	1	932	114
Tenn.	115	0	115	78	2	80	70
Ala.	681	27	708	835	34	869	123
Miss.	137	2	139	155	2	157	113
Ark.	3,426	328	3,754	3,963	361	4,324	115
La.	27	1	28	21	1	22	79
Okla.	1,188	84	1,272	1,069	168	1,237	97
Texas	4,806	64	4,870	4,953	64	5,017	103
S. C.	11,195	507	11,702	12,005	633	12,638	108
Wyo.	4	0	4	4	0	4	100
Mont. & Idaho 1/	195	60	255	199	59	258	101
Colo.	1,671	30	1,701	1,794	5	1,799	106
N. Mex.	6	1	7	6	0	6	86
Ariz.	190	0	190	181	0	181	95
Utah	2,895	6	2,901	2,351	5	2,356	81
Nev.	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
Wash.	431	6	437	385	6	391	89
Oreg.	1,182	131	1,313	1,137	111	1,248	95
Calif.	14,884	889	15,773	14,906	889	15,795	100
West	21,458	1,123	22,581	20,963	1,075	22,038	98
U. S.	88,022	11,515	99,537	90,193	12,973	103,166	104

1/ Montana and Idaho combined to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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February 1, 1965

COUNTY CASH FARM INCOME, MINNESOTA, 1962

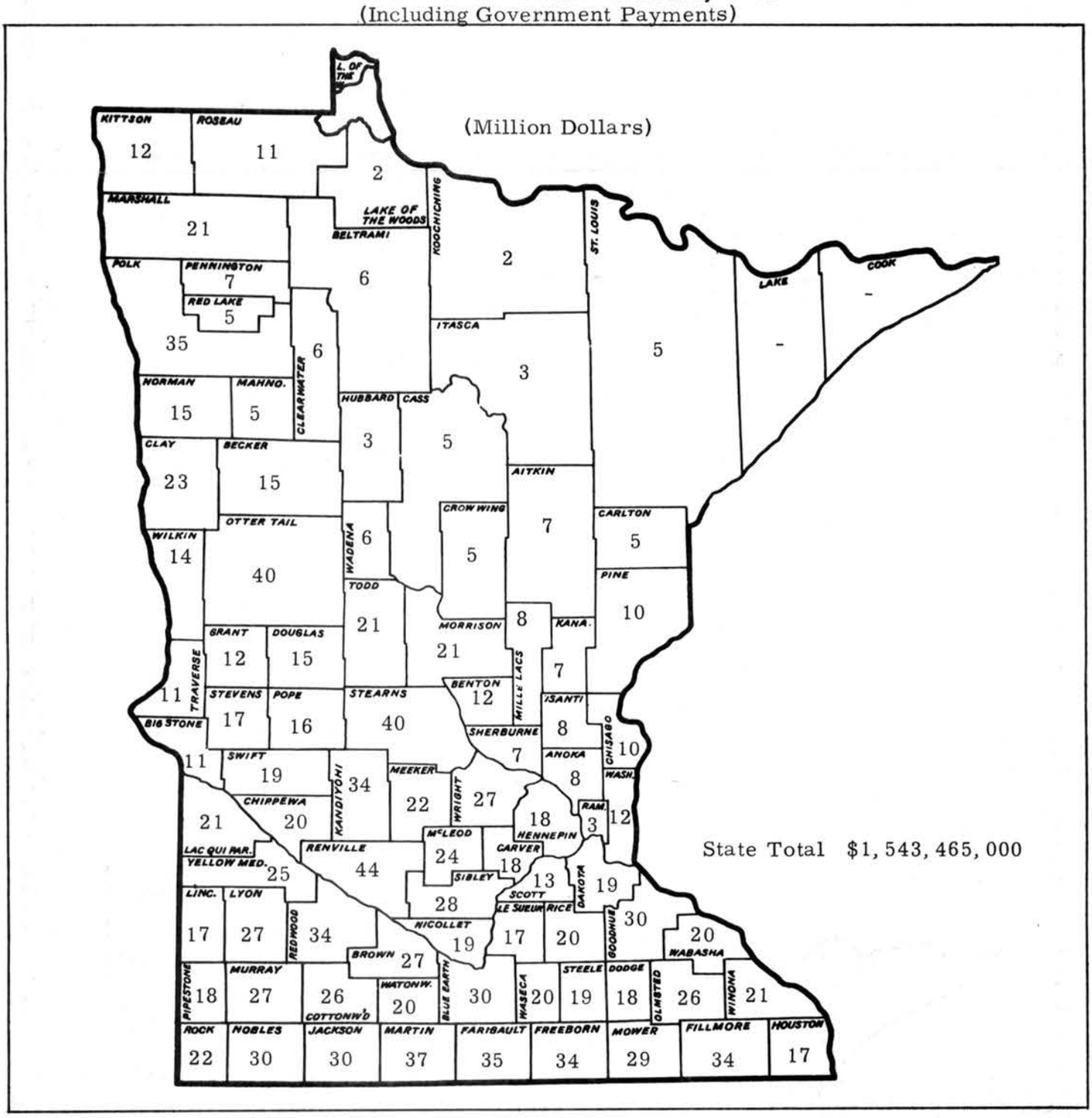
Renville county was first in cash farm income received in 1962 with 44 million dollars, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Other counties with over 30 million dollars cash farm income in 1962 were Otter Tail, Stearns, Martin, Polk, Fairbault, Kandiyohi, Freeborn, Fillmore, and Goodhue.

As a result of increasing interest in cash receipts or cash farm income from farm marketings and government payments by individual counties these first county estimates have been prepared for 1959 and 1962. They appear in the following tables. This information has been prepared for (1) all crops, (2) livestock and livestock products, (3) government payments and (4) the total of all items.

Users of these estimates should note that the crop total for each county includes an allowance for the sale of forestry, greenhouse, and nursery products. Allocation of this allowance was based on the distribution shown in the 1959 Census of Agriculture enumerated and published by the U. S. Department of Commerce. Inclusion of these items in the crops totals is especially significant in Ramsey and Hennepin counties.

Similar county data for 1960, 1961 and 1963 will also be estimated and published with the 1963 information being made available first.

COUNTY CASH FARM INCOME, 1962
(Including Government Payments)



County Cash Farm Income, Minnesota, 1959 and 1962

County	1959				1962			
	Crops	Livestock	Government Payments	Total	Crops	Livestock	Government Payments	Total
	Thous. Dollars	Thous. Dollars	Thous. Dollars	Thous. Dollars	Thous. Dollars	Thous. Dollars	Thous. Dollars	Thous. Dollars
Aitkin	311	6,214	164	6,689	496	6,523	180	7,199
Anoka	1,297	5,772	214	7,283	1,225	5,973	427	7,625
Becker	2,745	10,570	661	13,976	2,859	11,061	875	14,795
Beltrami	581	3,766	391	4,738	780	4,315	316	5,411
Benton	644	8,690	323	9,657	838	10,290	486	11,614
Big Stone	3,090	6,012	237	9,339	3,672	6,078	979	10,729
Blue Earth	9,967	15,573	98	25,638	12,824	14,966	1,621	29,411
Brown	5,789	17,924	76	23,789	6,936	18,834	1,322	27,092
Carlton	396	4,736	113	5,245	537	4,389	90	5,016
Carver	1,088	15,485	101	16,674	1,225	16,035	550	17,810
Cass	198	4,327	194	4,719	251	4,611	260	5,122
Chippewa	5,092	11,370	163	16,625	7,415	11,189	1,219	19,823
Chisago	832	8,293	235	9,360	738	9,137	488	10,363
Clay	13,554	7,258	1,117	21,929	13,372	7,753	1,771	22,896
Clearwater	1,168	3,794	266	5,228	1,226	4,388	350	5,964
Cook	2	40	---	42	4	23	---	27
Cottonwood	6,015	17,955	200	24,170	7,751	16,809	1,638	26,198
Crow Wing	275	4,710	129	5,114	322	4,812	197	5,331
Dakota	4,553	12,377	322	17,252	4,707	12,824	1,152	18,683
Dodge	3,928	12,084	150	16,162	4,262	12,270	1,239	17,771
Douglas	1,881	11,598	470	13,949	1,759	12,672	823	15,254
Faribault	11,234	17,519	146	28,899	14,733	18,302	1,848	34,883
Fillmore	3,473	29,209	508	33,190	2,923	29,233	1,538	33,694
Freeborn	9,594	19,704	259	29,557	10,604	20,978	2,563	34,145
Goodhue	4,673	24,581	441	29,695	5,099	23,662	1,402	30,163
Grant	4,527	6,142	376	11,045	4,366	7,278	1,035	12,679
Hennepin	7,228	10,436	79	17,743	6,595	10,747	492	17,834
Houston	731	14,292	281	15,304	1,357	15,281	680	17,318
Hubbard	273	2,198	327	2,798	301	2,426	421	3,148
Isanti	945	5,855	334	7,134	1,039	6,031	598	7,668
Itasca	378	2,564	123	3,065	530	2,671	132	3,333
Jackson	6,010	23,039	221	29,270	9,299	18,743	1,903	29,945
Kanabec	206	5,581	191	5,978	268	6,401	359	7,028
Kandiyohi	4,778	24,819	497	30,094	5,955	26,645	1,649	34,249
Kittson	7,219	2,922	1,382	11,523	6,767	2,941	1,969	11,677
Koochiching	415	1,405	148	1,968	650	1,283	149	2,082
Lac qui Parle	6,657	11,975	191	18,823	7,407	12,324	1,656	21,387
Lake	27	480	4	511	31	435	2	468
Lake of the Woods	648	1,050	207	1,905	736	988	173	1,897
Le Sueur	3,901	11,881	84	15,866	4,100	11,734	1,239	17,073
Lincoln	2,888	11,911	236	15,035	2,916	12,751	1,153	16,820
Lyon	5,567	19,634	267	25,468	5,640	19,579	1,826	27,045
McLeod	3,021	18,249	78	21,348	4,248	19,305	814	24,367
Mahnomen	1,642	3,157	264	5,063	1,735	3,220	363	5,318
Marshall	11,574	5,906	1,877	19,357	12,335	6,069	2,731	21,135
Martin	9,876	26,499	79	36,454	11,306	23,930	1,853	37,089
Meeker	3,393	14,837	190	18,420	4,742	16,030	1,025	21,797
Mille Lacs	353	6,722	156	7,231	412	7,641	315	8,368
Morrison	447	17,012	442	17,901	978	19,018	735	20,731
Mower	7,495	18,215	240	25,950	8,866	18,134	2,102	29,102
Murray	4,633	20,954	293	25,880	5,835	19,105	1,640	26,580
Nicollet	4,977	10,979	66	16,022	6,116	11,602	1,049	18,767
Nobles	5,022	21,596	318	26,936	6,812	21,635	1,618	30,065
Norman	8,189	6,248	878	15,315	7,641	5,662	1,514	14,817
Olmsted	3,243	20,523	392	24,158	4,028	20,509	1,355	25,892
Otter Tail	4,447	30,045	1,227	35,719	4,478	33,261	2,157	39,896
Pennington	2,096	4,039	1,053	7,188	1,702	4,281	975	6,958
Pine	414	9,519	258	10,191	518	9,363	377	10,258
Pipestone	2,223	14,677	249	17,149	3,702	14,107	740	18,549
Polk	22,615	10,839	1,989	35,443	22,135	9,823	2,975	34,933
Pope	2,886	10,366	694	13,946	3,323	11,456	1,091	15,870
Ramsey	2,783	983	11	3,777	2,405	894	26	3,325
Red Lake	1,480	2,950	726	5,156	1,325	2,969	737	5,031
Redwood	9,267	20,075	233	29,575	12,019	19,596	2,149	33,764
Renville	11,111	28,253	307	39,671	15,527	26,259	2,526	44,312
Rice	3,441	15,076	144	18,661	3,759	15,378	835	19,972
Rock	1,736	18,035	242	20,013	2,833	18,733	868	22,434
Roseau	3,179	6,317	1,629	11,125	3,055	6,697	1,350	11,102
St. Louis	899	3,972	140	5,011	1,166	3,629	156	4,951
Scott	1,370	10,539	116	12,025	1,606	11,339	604	13,549
Sherburne	1,001	4,548	357	5,906	1,286	5,178	635	7,099
Sibley	5,874	19,402	140	25,416	6,761	20,185	1,164	28,110
Stearns	1,731	33,032	452	35,215	2,035	36,524	1,019	39,578
Steele	3,473	12,875	71	16,419	4,830	13,336	1,071	19,237
Stevens	3,875	10,470	240	14,585	4,444	11,514	907	16,865
Swift	4,802	11,909	497	17,208	5,977	11,600	1,604	19,181
Todd	715	17,248	399	18,362	1,260	18,753	679	20,692
Traverse	5,106	4,904	269	10,279	4,896	5,090	977	10,963
Wabasha	1,888	15,699	395	17,982	2,041	16,995	878	19,914
Wadena	284	5,210	294	5,788	323	5,621	380	6,324
Waseca	5,382	10,310	72	15,764	7,472	11,185	1,084	19,741
Washington	2,021	10,457	307	12,785	1,896	8,825	696	11,417
Watonwan	4,731	14,496	71	19,298	5,669	13,432	1,143	20,244
Wilkin	7,871	5,141	596	13,608	6,877	5,877	1,198	13,952
Winona	1,728	17,307	259	19,294	1,666	18,708	773	21,147
Wright	2,456	19,877	149	22,482	3,508	22,207	853	26,568
Yellow Medicine	7,012	15,345	233	22,590	8,586	14,257	1,988	24,831
State Total	338,540	1,040,557	31,018	1,410,115	388,649	1,064,317	90,499	1,543,465

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 2, 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER-DECEMBER 1964

MINNESOTA: Commercial slaughter plants in Minnesota during the January-December 1964 period killed 1,696,000 cattle; 230,300 calves, 5,792,000 hogs and 875,500 sheep and lambs according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Comparable figures for 1963 are: cattle, 1,453,000 head, up 17 percent; calves 196,500, up 17 percent; hogs, 5,820,000, down less than 1 percent; and sheep and lambs, 820,000, up 7 percent.

Cattle slaughtered during December 1964 totaled 159,000 head, up 24 percent from the 128,000 slaughtered in December 1963, and 10 percent above November 1964. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,050 pounds per head compared with 1,086 in December 1963 and 1,061 pounds for the previous month.

December calf slaughter totaled 30,500, 23 percent above the same month last year and 7 percent above November 1964. Calves slaughtered averaged 170 pounds per head liveweight, 4 pounds less than December 1963 and also 4 pounds less than a month earlier.

The hog kill in December, at 594,000 head, was 12 percent above the 532,000 slaughtered in December 1963, but 3 percent less than November 1964. The average liveweight for the month was 249 pounds per head compared with 253 pounds a year earlier and 253 pounds during November 1964.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during December totaled 89,500 head, the same as a year ago, but down 10 percent from last month. The average liveweight for the month was 103 pounds per head, 4 pounds above a year ago, and 2 pounds more than a month earlier.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during December in the 48 States totaled 2,813 million pounds, up 9 percent from a year earlier and 4 percent above November 1964. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

Red meat production in 1964 amounted to 31,647 million pounds, 7 percent greater than 1963 production. Of the 1964 volume, 18,018 million pounds were beef, up 12 percent from the previous year; 920 million pounds were veal, up 9 percent; 12,005 million pounds were pork, up 1 percent; and 704 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 7 percent. Lard production totaled 2,384 million pounds in 1964 compared with 2,373 million pounds in 1963.

The number of cattle slaughtered during 1964 was 30,777,600 head, 13 percent more than the total killed in 1963. The average live weight of slaughter cattle in 1964 was 1,020 pounds, 4 pounds less than the average for 1963. There were 7,227,200 head of calves slaughtered in 1964--6 percent greater than in 1963. The average live weight of calves was 228 pounds, 8 pounds heavier than in 1963. The number of hogs slaughtered, at 82,902,200 head, was 1 percent less than in 1963. The average live weight of hogs during 1964 was 241 pounds compared with 238 pounds in 1963. Sheep and lambs slaughtered in 1964 totaled 14,600,500 head, 8 percent below 1963. The average live weight of sheep and lambs was 99 pounds in 1964, 1 pound heavier than in 1963.

Beef production during December was 1,559 million pounds, up 18 percent from December 1963 and 7 percent above November 1964. The number of cattle slaughtered during December was 2,715,100 head, 21 percent greater than a year earlier and 6 percent more than the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered in December was 1,020 pounds per head, 15 pounds less than December 1963, but 14 pounds heavier than in November 1964.

There were 77 million pounds of veal produced during December, 15 percent more than a year earlier, but 6 percent less than a month earlier. The 660,800 head of calves slaughtered during December was 12 percent above December 1963 and about the same as November 1964. Calves slaughtered during December averaged 212 pounds per head live weight, 7 pounds heavier than the previous December and 12 pounds less than November 1964.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Pork production during December totaled 1,118 million pounds, down 1 percent from December 1963, but 1 percent greater than November 1964. The hog kill during December was 7,682,800 head, 1 percent less than a year earlier, but 3 percent greater than the previous month. The average live weight of hogs slaughtered during the month was 242 pounds, unchanged from December 1963, but 1 pound less than the previous month. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of live weight of hogs during December was 11.7 pounds, the same as December 1963, but 0.3 pounds more than November 1964.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

GROUP	December		January-December		Jan. Dec. 1964 as % of 1963	December Average	
	1963	1964	1963	1964		1963	1964
	1,000 Head		1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA							
Cattle	128.0	159.0	1,453.0	1,696.0	117	1,086	1,050
Calves	24.8	30.5	196.5	230.3	117	174	170
Hogs	532.0	594.0	5,820.0	5,792.0	100	253	249
Sheep & Lambs	89.5	89.5	820.0	875.5	107	99	103
UNITED STATES							
Cattle	2,234.9	2,715.1	27,231.7	30,777.6	113	1,035	1,020
Calves	587.4	660.8	6,832.9	7,227.2	106	205	212
Hogs	7,733.4	7,682.8	83,323.5	82,902.2	99	242	242
Sheep & Lambs	1,236.9	1,179.8	15,821.9	14,600.5	92	99	101

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, UNITED STATES BY MONTHS 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 1/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
1964 January	1,511	75	1,161	71	2,818	557	232
February	1,299	64	972	55	2,390	464	192
March	1,412	68	1,051	59	2,590	494	210
April	1,514	67	1,072	60	2,713	541	213
May	1,509	65	920	55	2,549	569	194
June	1,587	72	867	55	2,581	611	184
July	1,543	81	851	58	2,533	635	171
August	1,475	83	812	53	2,423	699	166
Sept.	1,534	91	937	59	2,621	778	178
Oct. 5/	1,620	96	1,138	65	5/ 2,919	838	220
Nov.	1,453	82	1,107	55	2,697	725	209
Dec.	1,559	77	1,118	59	2,813	640	216
Jan-Dec. 6/	18,018	920	12,005	704	31,647	7,541	2,384
1963 Jan-Dec. 6/	16,049	847	11,863	757	29,516	7,249	2,373

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter excludes farm slaughter.
2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat
3/ Chicken and turkey meat--ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise and market poultry as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.
4/ Includes rendered pork fat.
5/ Revised
6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 4, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 30, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 501,000 heavy whites, 261,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 99,000 light breed poults during the week ending January 30, 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. For the comparable week a year ago, heavy white production was 385,000, other heavy production was 403,000, and the light breed hatch was 99,000.

Eggs set by hatcheries in the ten States was below the 1964 set for all three classes. The heavy white set of 1,315,000 was 4 percent below 1964, the 1,351,000 bronze set was down 28 percent, and the light breed set of 271,000 was 4 percent less than the comparable week last year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 9, 1965	167	150	47	80	278	304
Jan. 16	177	119	70	103	339	312
Jan. 23	207	130	87	119	372	350
Jan. 30	140	157	133	146	385	501
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 12, 1964	316	266	69	121	496	497
Dec. 19	320	201	103	159	595	518
Dec. 26	358	224	147	183	650	573
Jan. 2, 1965	288	266	195	215	687	720
Jan. 9	445	288	176	279	830	856
Jan. 16	366	325	218	261	894	832
Jan. 23	384	394	215	369	1,043	1,201
Jan. 30	552	468	277	314	1,364	1,315
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 9	#	#	77	54	117	99
Jan. 16	#	#	99	43	186	100
Jan. 23	#	#	209	109	280	209
Jan. 30	#	#	214	54	403	261
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 12, 1964	#	#	126	65	229	139
Dec. 19	#	#	155	60	255	150
Dec. 26	#	#	326	158	499	323
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	342	86	639	323
Jan. 9	150	#	339	212	791	536
Jan. 16	234	#	546	215	1,279	699
Jan. 23	370	249	405	329	1,297	972
Jan. 30	662	432	514	342	1,870	1,351
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 9	#	#	15	13	105	111
Jan. 16	#	#	8	6	116	133
Jan. 23	50	#	26	4	137	121
Jan. 30	#	#	17	8	99	99
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 12, 1964	#	#	13	20	155	161
Dec. 19	#	#	11	10	189	193
Dec. 26	#	#	24	7	205	185
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	26	15	156	182
Jan. 9	#	#	25	15	212	159
Jan. 16	#	#	35	13	248	234
Jan. 23	75	#	26	16	226	184
Jan. 30	#	#	51	14	283	271

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Heavy white poults hatched during the week ending January 30 totaled 157,000 which was 12 percent above the corresponding week in 1964. Production of bronze and light breed poults is undisclosed in order not to reveal individual hatchery operations.

Eggs set during the past week included 468,000 heavy white, 432,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. For the comparable week a year ago there were 552,000 heavy white, 662,000 other heavy, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 29 percent of the week's hatch compared with 32 percent the previous week and 29 percent last year.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1963-1964

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	769	787	206	107	141	174	2,723	3,198	565	627
Feb.	1,163	972	837	878	137	164	7,074	7,255	643	789
Mar.	1,577	1,848	2,228	2,388	180	176	15,959	17,357	787	950
Apr.	1,770	1,843	2,031	2,113	192	188	19,539	19,987	914	1,196
May	1,933	1,936	1,873	1,897	198	155	19,731	19,817	1,590	1,617
June	2,220	2,189	615	590	214	197	14,106	14,975	1,513	1,570
July	1,770	1,536	35	37	207	337	5,986	6,428	1,668	1,609
Aug.	1,158	953	0	0	175	291	1,677	1,677	1,069	1,186
Sept.	520	462	0	0	183	230	713	683	539	648
Oct.	570	398	0	0	181	243	950	697	451	673
Nov.	693	411	0	0	191	140	1,346	907	451	531
Dec.	796	565	33	35	175	182	1,864	1,427	580	616
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,137	1,309	273	198	217	211	3,599	4,434	862	887
Feb.	1,997	1,679	1,375	1,262	230	233	11,065	10,865	1,069	1,173
Mar.	2,651	2,852	3,293	3,293	265	247	23,950	24,189	1,226	1,337
Apr.	3,138	2,878	3,218	3,176	264	259	31,280	30,193	1,457	1,732
May	3,344	3,204	3,396	3,263	283	201	33,560	32,577	2,328	2,354
June	4,065	3,807	1,265	1,314	324	271	27,070	27,979	2,460	2,600
July	3,110	2,609	107	82	358	482	12,335	12,309	2,805	2,575
Aug.	2,098	1,696	0	1	289	399	3,373	3,330	1,850	1,902
Sept.	1,019	809	0	0	269	362	1,322	1,185	939	1,104
Oct.	876	575	0	0	250	399	1,438	1,055	677	1,056
Nov.	1,056	654	0	0	273	230	2,035	1,379	676	817
Dec.	1,213	819	38	45	266	280	2,729	1,905	874	913
Jan. (1964 & 1965)	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was down for all three breed types. Heavy whites were down 1 percent, bronze 38 percent, and light breed poults 3 percent from 1964.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was down 26 percent from a year earlier.

Cumulative Weekly Hatch, Jan. 1 to Date (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	807	383	1,567	#	667	1,082	517
1965	597	475	1,558	#	272	674	499
Pct. Change	-26	+24	-1	#	-59	-38	-3

D. O. Mesick
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 10, 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
February 1, 1965

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production for January was at a new record high for the month as Minnesota farmers produced slightly over 1.0 billion pounds of milk. According to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 4 percent above the production for January a year ago and 9 percent above the 5-year average of 961 million pounds for January.

Nationally, milk production in January amounted to 10,342 million pounds, up 2 percent from the 10,148 million pounds produced in January 1964.

EGG PRODUCTION: Chicken flocks in Minnesota produced 247 million eggs during January, down 8 percent from the 269 million produced during January 1964. The number of layers for the month totaled 12,672,000, 8 percent below last year's level. Rate of lay was 63 percent, the same as a year ago.

Egg production in January for the United States was 5,547 million, up 4 percent from the 5,336 million produced in January 1964.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on farms during January totaled 171,000 of which 161,000 were family and 10,000 hired workers. This compares with 182,000 family and 11,000 hired workers in January 1964.

For the United States, the number of workers on farms in January totaled 4,043,000 of which 3,322,000 were family and 721,000 were hired workers. This compares with 3,685,000 family and 810,000 hired workers in January 1964.

C. R. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agr'l Statistician

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FEB 15 1965

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 11, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending February 6, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 581,000 heavy whites, 385,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 97,000 light breed poults during the week ending February 6, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was 25 percent above a year ago, while bronze production was down 23 percent and light breed poult production was down 24 percent.

Hatcheries in the ten States set 1,627,000 heavy white, 2,000,000 bronze and 266,000 light breed eggs during the week. For the corresponding week in 1964, 1,747,000 heavy white, 2,468,000 bronze, and 245,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 16, 1965	177	119	70	103	339	312
Jan. 23	207	130	87	119	372	350
Jan. 30	140	157	133	146	385	501
Feb. 6	232	169	114	196	465	581
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 19, 1964	320	201	103	159	595	518
Dec. 26	358	224	147	183	650	573
Jan. 2, 1965	288	266	195	215	687	720
Jan. 9	445	288	176	279	830	856
Jan. 16	366	325	218	261	894	832
Jan. 23	384	394	215	369	1,043	1,201
Jan. 30	552	468	277	314	1,364	1,315
Feb. 6	690	618	333	412	1,747	1,627
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 16	#	#	99	43	186	100
Jan. 23	#	#	209	109	280	209
Jan. 30	#	#	214	54	403	261
Feb. 6	97	53	212	143	501	385
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 19, 1964	#	#	155	60	255	150
Dec. 26	#	#	326	158	499	323
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	342	86	639	323
Jan. 9	150	#	339	212	791	536
Jan. 16	234	#	546	215	1,279	699
Jan. 23	370	249	405	329	1,297	972
Jan. 30	662	432	514	342	1,870	1,351
Feb. 6	779	666	681	407	2,468	2,000
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 16	#	#	8	6	116	133
Jan. 23	50	#	26	4	137	121
Jan. 30	#	#	17	8	99	99
Feb. 6	#	#	16	10	128	97
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 19, 1964	#	#	11	10	189	193
Dec. 26	#	#	24	7	205	185
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	26	15	156	182
Jan. 9	#	#	25	15	212	159
Jan. 16	#	#	35	13	248	234
Jan. 23	75	#	26	16	226	184
Jan. 30	#	#	51	14	283	271
Feb. 6	#	88	44	10	245	266

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending February 6 included 169,000 heavy white, down 27 percent from 1964, and 53,000 bronze, down 45 percent from the same week in 1964. Production of light breed poults is undisclosed in order not to reveal individual hatchery operations.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 618,000 heavy white, 666,000 bronze, and 88,000 light breed eggs. For the comparable week a year ago there were 690,000 heavy white, 779,000 other heavy, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 55 percent of the week's hatch compared with 33 percent the previous week and 27 percent last year.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1963-1964

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	769	787	206	107	141	174	2,723	3,198	565	627
Feb.	1,163	972	837	878	137	164	7,074	7,255	643	789
Mar.	1,577	1,848	2,228	2,388	180	176	15,959	17,357	787	950
Apr.	1,770	1,843	2,031	2,113	192	188	19,539	19,987	914	1,196
May	1,933	1,936	1,873	1,897	198	155	19,731	19,817	1,590	1,617
June	2,220	2,189	615	590	214	197	14,106	14,975	1,513	1,570
July	1,770	1,536	35	37	207	337	5,986	6,428	1,668	1,609
August	1,158	953	0	0	175	291	1,677	1,677	1,069	1,186
Sept.	520	462	0	0	183	230	713	683	539	648
Oct.	570	398	0	0	181	243	950	697	451	673
Nov.	693	411	0	0	191	140	1,346	907	451	531
Dec.	796	565	33	35	175	182	1,864	1,427	580	616
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,137	1,309	273	198	217	211	3,599	4,434	862	887
Feb.	1,997	1,679	1,375	1,262	230	233	11,065	10,865	1,069	1,173
Mar.	2,651	2,852	3,293	3,293	265	247	23,950	24,189	1,226	1,337
Apr.	3,138	2,878	3,218	3,176	264	259	31,280	30,193	1,457	1,732
May	3,344	3,204	3,396	3,263	283	201	33,560	32,577	2,328	2,354
June	4,065	3,807	1,265	1,314	324	271	27,070	27,979	2,460	2,600
July	3,110	2,609	107	82	358	482	12,335	12,309	2,805	2,575
Aug.	2,098	1,696	0	1	289	399	3,373	3,330	1,850	1,902
Sept.	1,019	809	0	0	269	362	1,322	1,185	939	1,104
Oct.	876	575	0	0	250	399	1,438	1,055	677	1,056
Nov.	1,056	654	0	0	273	230	2,035	1,379	676	817
Dec.	1,213	819	38	45	266	280	2,729	1,905	874	913
Jan. (1964 & 1965)	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 5 percent for heavy white, but down 32 percent for bronze and down 8 percent from 1964 for light breed poults.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was down 26 percent and bronze production was down 35 percent from a year earlier.

Cumulative Weekly Hatch, Jan. 1 to Date (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	1,039	494	2,032	209	879	1,583	645
1965	766	671	2,139	136	415	1,071	596
Pct. Change	-26	+36	-5	-35	-53	-32	-8

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 15, 1965

LIVESTOCK ON FARMS, MINNESOTA
January 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Cattle numbers on Minnesota farms on January 1, 1965 were a record high at 4,652,000 head according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. In contrast, milk cow numbers declined 1 percent. The number of all hogs on farms was 2,990,000 head, the lowest January 1 inventory since 1954. All sheep and lamb numbers continued to decline during the past year and at 687,000 head were 14 percent below the number on farms January 1, 1964. Chicken numbers also continued to decline during 1964 and at 13,788,000 on January 1, 1965, were at the lowest January 1 level since 1924. The number of all turkeys on farms was 753,000 head, 9 percent above the number a year earlier.

For the seventh consecutive year, the number of all cattle and calves on Minnesota farms increased. At 4,652,000 head on January 1, 1965, a new record high number was reached -- 2 percent above a year earlier. All of the increase was in the beef cattle inventory. Beef cow numbers at 513,000 head were up 10 percent from a year earlier and were also at a record high. Milk cow numbers declined 1 percent during the year and were the lowest number of record since estimates were begun on January 1, 1920.

At 2,990,000 head, the number of all hogs on farms January 1, 1965 was 13 percent less than last year. The 1964 pig crop totaled 5,891,000 head, 9 percent less than the 1963 pig crop. The total number of sows farrowing from December 1, 1963 through November 1964 was 805,000 head compared to 874,000 head the previous year.

All sheep and lambs on farms January 1, 1965 totaled 687,000 head, 14 percent less than a year earlier and the lowest number since January 1, 1928. Stock sheep totaled 578,000 head, 9 percent fewer than on January 1, 1964 and the lowest inventory of stock sheep since 1950. Sheep and lambs on feed as of January 1, 1965 were estimated at 109,000 head, 32 percent less than a year earlier.

Hens and pullets on farms January 1 continued to decline and were 6 percent below a year ago and the smallest number since records began in 1924. Turkeys on farms were estimated at 753,000 head 9 percent above a year earlier. Turkey breeder hen numbers declined 5 percent during the year to 485,000 head on January 1, 1965.

The total value of all livestock and poultry on Minnesota farms January 1 was 652 million dollars, 8 percent less than the 708 million dollars a year earlier. Average values per head on January 1, 1965 were lower for cattle and calves but higher for all other species of livestock and poultry. Cattle and calves were the leading species value-wise with a total value of 549 million dollars. Hogs were second with a value of 74 million dollars, chickens were third with a value of 15.2 million dollars, sheep and lambs, fourth with a value of 10.2 million dollars and the value of the turkeys was 3.1 million dollars.

UNITED STATES: On January 1, 1965, there were 107.2 million cattle and calves on farms and ranches, a record high, but only slightly greater than the 106.7 million head on hand a year earlier. A decline of 3 percent in the number of milk animals was more than offset by an increase in beef-type cattle. The number of milk cows and heifers 2 years old and older decreased 3 percent to 17.6 million head -- the smallest number since 1904. The inventory beef cows increased 3 percent, while the number of steers 1 year and older declined 5 percent. The number of all hogs and pigs on farms January 1 was 53.1 million head, a decline of 9 percent. Sheep and lamb

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numbers totaled 26.7 million, down 5 percent -- the smallest inventory of record. The number of chickens on farms increased 2 percent during last year to 376.7 million on January 1, 1965, and the number of turkeys increased 4 percent to 6.5 million head. The total value of all livestock and poultry on farms and ranches January 1, 1965 amounted to 14.4 billion dollars, down 9 percent from a year earlier.

Number of livestock and poultry on farms, and value, January 1, Minnesota and United States, Average, 1964 and 1965

Class	Number on farms			Value per head			Total farm value		
	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	Average 1959-63	1964	1965
	Thousand head			Dollars			Thousand Dollars		
MINNESOTA:									
Cattle, All	4,114	4,561	4,652	148.00	131.00	118.00	608,452	597,491	548,936
Kept for milk 1/									
Cows and heifers, 2 yrs. and older	1,421	1,421	1,407	217.00	193.00	184.00	308,669	274,253	258,888
Heifers, 1-2 years	418	416	409	---	---	---	---	---	---
Heifer calves	436	424	433	---	---	---	---	---	---
Other 1/									
Cows and heifers, 2 yrs. and older	362	468	513	---	---	---	---	---	---
Heifers, 1-2 years	202	265	265	---	---	---	---	---	---
Calves	719	824	879	---	---	---	---	---	---
Steers, 1 yr. and over	509	693	694	---	---	---	---	---	---
Bulls, 1 yr. and over	47	50	52	---	---	---	---	---	---
Hogs and Pigs, All	3,615	3,437	2,990	28.60	23.80	24.90	103,621	81,801	74,451
Sheep and Lambs, All	990	796	687	---	---	---	15,222	10,987	10,183
Stock sheep 2/	762	635	578	15.40	13.50	14.60	11,728	8,572	8,439
Ewes, 1 yr. and over	615	523	481	---	---	---	---	---	---
Ewe lambs	115	88	77	---	---	---	---	---	---
Wethers and rams, 1 yr. and over	26	20	18	---	---	---	---	---	---
Wether and ram lambs	6	4	2	---	---	---	---	---	---
Sheep and lambs on feed 3/	228	161	109	---	---	---	---	---	---
Chickens, All	18,863	14,679	13,788	1.12	1.05	1.10	21,090	15,413	15,167
Hens	5,847	5,080	4,470	---	---	---	---	---	---
Pullets	12,776	9,353	9,072	---	---	---	---	---	---
Other chickens	240	246	246	---	---	---	---	---	---
Turkeys, All 4/	668	688	753	4.15	3.80	4.10	2,776	2,614	3,087
Breeder hens	513	512	485	---	---	---	---	---	---
Total 6/	---	---	---	---	---	---	751,161	708,306	651,824
UNITED STATES: 5/									
Cattle, All	98,034	106,743	107,152	141.00	127.00	114.00	13,835,099	13,578,029	12,215,275
Milk cows, 2 yrs. and over 1/	19,362	18,088	17,593	211.00	193.00	187.00	4,088,743	3,495,526	3,282,295
Hogs	57,656	58,119	53,052	26.50	23.40	24.80	1,526,913	1,358,128	1,317,842
Sheep, All	31,965	28,021	26,668	---	---	---	504,010	395,943	425,428
Sheep, Stock 2/	27,656	24,348	23,341	15.70	14.00	15.80	437,007	340,952	369,764
Chickens	370,009	369,959	376,714	1.17	1.16	1.17	434,153	427,544	439,565
Turkeys	6,294	6,243	6,471	4.53	4.28	4.39	28,448	26,714	28,418
Total 6/	---	---	---	---	---	---	16,328,623	15,786,358	14,426,528

1/ Included in "all cattle"
2/ Sheep kept mainly for stock or breeding purposes, included in "all sheep"
3/ Included in "all sheep"
4/ Does not include turkey fryers
5/ 1959-63 average does not include Hawaii and Alaska
6/ Includes: Cattle, hogs, all sheep, chickens and turkeys

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 15, 1965

POTATO STOCKS REPORT
February 1, 1965

Estimate of total stocks in this report represent all potatoes held by growers and local dealers in or near producing areas. They include quantities to be diverted under Government program for livestock feed, starch and flour; sales for table use, seed and processing after February 1; also, quantities to be used for feed, seed and household consumption on farms where grown. The stocks estimates also include potatoes that will be lost through shrinkage, decay and dumping after February 1.

MINNESOTA: Total potato stocks of 4,000,000 hundredweight were held by growers and dealers in Minnesota on February 1, 1965 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This includes some North Dakota grown potatoes held in Minnesota storage. These February 1 holdings compare with 6,300,000 hundredweight on February 1, 1964 and 5,500,000 hundredweight on February 1, 1963. They are the lowest for this date since February 1, 1957 when they totaled 3,100,000 hundredweight. Disappearance of the 1964 crop to February 1 totaled 4,900,000 hundredweight which compares with 6,830,000 hundredweight a year earlier. Disappearance to February 1 represented 55.1 percent of the 1964 fall crop compared to 52.0 percent as of this date last year, and is the highest percent since February 1957 which had a disappearance of 58.7 percent as of this date.

UNITED STATES: Storage stocks of potatoes held by growers and local dealers in fall producing areas of the country totaled 75.9 million hundredweight on February 1, 1965. This was 16 percent less than the 90.3 million on hand February 1, 1964 and was the smallest February 1 holdings since 1958. These stocks consist of fall potatoes held for all uses on February 1.

Stocks in the 8 eastern fall States totaled 32.8 million hundredweight on February 1, 1965 compared with 33.9 million a year earlier. Maine holdings were 25.9 million, slightly less than on February 1, 1964. Upstate New York and Pennsylvania had considerably less potatoes this February 1 but Long Island had more. Holdings in the 9 central fall States were substantially less--13.5 million hundredweight this February 1 against 19.1 million a year earlier. All States in the area had less potatoes this February 1. The Minnesota-North Dakota total of 8.3 million was 35 percent less than in 1964. In the 9 western fall States, stocks were 29.6 million hundredweight this year compared with 37.2 million a year earlier. All western States had fewer potatoes than in 1964. Idaho stocks, at 19.1 million, were 21 percent less.

Disappearance of 1964 crop potatoes from storage during January 1965 was 22.1 million hundredweight. This compares with the January disappearance of 26.1 million in 1964 and 23.9 million in 1963. Movement of potatoes to fresh market and chippers during January 1965, as indicated by truck and rail unloads at 41 cities, was less than a year earlier. The quantity processed for other food uses (excluding starch and flour) was well above the January 1964 level. Movement to starch factories was much less than in 1964.

Disappearance of 1964 crop fall potatoes from time of harvest to February 1, 1965, was 98.8 million hundredweight. During the 1964 season, disappearance to February 1 was 107.1 million and during the 1963 season, it was 101.3 million.

Potatoes: Production and total stocks of fall potatoes held by growers and local dealers on February 1, 1964 and February 1, 1965 1/

State	Crop of 1963		Crop of 1964	
	Production	Total stocks Feb. 1, 1964	Production	Total stocks Feb. 1, 1965
	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.
Maine	37,630	26,000	39,875	25,900
New Hampshire	304	110	270	110
Vermont	368	150	360	170
Massachusetts	1,034	350	984	350
Rhode Island	1,034	60	760	80
Connecticut	1,462	460	1,407	350
New York:				
Long Island	6,916	1,200	7,202	1,650
Upstate	10,120	3,400	8,610	2,450
Pennsylvania	6,766	2,150	6,265	1,750
8 Eastern	65,634	33,880	65,733	32,810
Ohio	1,800	325	1,805	230
Indiana	860	110	858	90
Michigan	6,738	2,800	6,750	2,300
Wisconsin	5,700	2,250	6,435	2,100
Minnesota	13,130	6,300	8,900	4,000
Iowa	390	70	406	35
North Dakota	13,338	6,400	10,200	4,300
South Dakota	550	180	375	60
Nebraska	1,828	710	1,387	410
9 Central	44,334	19,145	37,116	13,525
Montana	1,422	1,050	1,221	780
Idaho	53,466	24,300	41,640	19,100
Wyoming	544	220	510	160
Colorado	8,460	3,500	7,020	2,700
Utah	1,488	700	1,360	550
Nevada	357	30	72	10
Washington	5,940	1,600	5,700	1,325
Oregon	9,230	3,600	8,480	3,500
California	6,466	2,250	5,888	1,450
9 Western	87,373	37,250	71,891	29,575
Total 26 Fall States	197,341	90,275	174,740	75,910

1/ Total stocks consist of "production less total disappearance to date."

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 16, 1965

TURKEY BREEDER HENS ON FARMS
January 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Turkey breeder hens in Minnesota flocks on January 1, 1965 were down 5 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Supply flocks totaled 485,000 hens which consisted of 265,000 heavy white, 160,000 other heavy (bronze), and 60,000 light breed birds. Compared with a year ago, heavy whites were up 4 percent, while bronze were down 16 percent, and light breed hens were down 10 percent.

UNITED STATES: The number of turkeys (excluding turkey fryers) on hand January 1, 1965 was 6,471,000 birds, 4 percent more than the 6,243,000 birds on January 1, 1964. The number of turkey breeder hens on January 1, 1965 was 3,835,000 birds, up 1 percent over the 3,786,000 on hand a year earlier.

Of the January 1, 1965 number of breeder hens, 3,410,000 were heavy breeds, 1 percent more than the 3,382,000 on hand January 1, 1964. The number of heavy breeder hens on January 1, 1965 was higher in three regions, West North Central 4 percent, South Atlantic 6 percent, and Western 3 percent. A decrease in turkey numbers was shown in the other 3 regions, North Atlantic 14 percent, East North Central 8 percent, and South Central States 2 percent.

The number of light breeder hens on January 1, 1965 was 425,000 birds compared with 404,000 a year earlier -- an increase of 5 percent. Regionally, increases were 68 percent in the South Central, 18 percent South Atlantic, 3 percent East North Central, and 2 percent in Western States. The North Atlantic region was unchanged from a year earlier, but there was a decrease of 13 percent in the West North Central States.

Numbers of heavy breed turkeys tested for pullorum disease from July 1 through December 31, 1964 were down 2 percent from the same period a year earlier. Heavy white breed testings -- 49 percent of all heavy breeds tested -- were 10 percent above the same period a year earlier, but other heavy breeds (mostly bronze) were down 12 percent. The number of light breeds tested was up 18 percent.

Turkey breeder flock owners in 15 of the most important turkey States on October 1, 1964 expected to keep about 4 percent more heavy breeder hens and 1 percent more light breeder hens at the beginning of the 1965 hatching season than a year earlier. These October intentions compared with the 1 percent increase in heavy breeder hens and 5 percent increase in light breeder hens on January 1, 1965 inventory for all States. Growers, as of January 1, 1965 indicated they intended to raise 4 percent more turkeys this year than were raised in 1964. Plans were to increase heavy breeds 2 percent with heavy whites up 12 percent and other heavy breeds down 5 percent. Growers plan an increase of 13 percent for light breeds. The number of turkeys raised in 1964 was 99.5 million birds, second highest on record and 7 percent more than in 1963.

The January 1, 1965 value of all turkeys on farms was $28,418,000 compared with $26,714,000 on January 1, 1964. The average value per turkey on hand was $4.39, compared with $4.28 a year earlier.

From July through December 1964 the turkey-feed price ratio was down slightly from a year earlier. During the fall months of 1964, turkey prices were slightly lower than the same months a year earlier but prices of turkey feed also averaged lower than a year earlier.

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State Agricultrual Statistician

TURKEYS: Breeder Hens on Farms, January 1

State and Division	1964			1965			
						Total	
	Heavy	Light	Total	Heavy	Light	Number	1965 as percent of 1964
	- Thousands -			- Thousands -			Percent
Maine	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
N. H.	16	0	16	9	1	10	62
Vt.	1	0	1	1	0	1	100
Mass.	16	0	16	17	0	17	106
R. I.	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
Conn.	11	0	11	11	0	11	100
N. Y.	15	0	15	14	0	14	93
N. J.	6	0	6	3	0	3	50
Pa.	36	10	46	32	9	41	89
Ohio	146	39	185	159	41	200	108
Ind.	78	5	83	59	6	65	78
Ill.	30	2	32	34	2	36	112
Mich.	75	7	82	87	6	93	113
Wis.	1/ 155	---	155	1/ 109	---	109	70
Minn.	445	67	512	425	60	485	95
Iowa	215	21	236	215	21	236	100
Mo.	145	45	190	180	35	215	113
N. Dak.	31	0	31	53	0	53	171
S. Dak.	6	8	14	7	6	13	93
Nebr.	27	0	27	29	0	29	107
Kans.	44	1	45	44	1	45	100
Del.	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
Md.	1/ 12	---	12	1/ 11	---	11	92
Va.	57	90	147	51	110	161	110
W. Va.	6	22	28	7	24	31	111
N. C.	163	8	171	179	10	189	111
S. C.	1/ 50	---	50	1/ 58	---	58	116
Ga.	38	1	39	41	2	43	110
Fla.	8	6	14	7	6	13	93
Ky.	51	4	55	52	5	57	104
Tenn.	14	0	14	14	0	14	100
Ala.	18	3	21	7	3	10	48
Miss.	12	0	12	9	0	9	75
Ark.	55	6	61	56	11	67	110
La.	7	0	7	6	0	6	86
Ikla.	47	5	52	42	11	53	102
Texas	242	1	243	249	2	251	103
Mont. & Idaho	3	1	4	3	1	4	100
Wyo.	1	0	1	1	0	1	100
Colo.	18	0	18	21	0	21	117
N. Mex.	2	0	2	2	0	2	100
Ariz.	13	0	13	11	0	11	85
Utah	39	0	39	44	0	44	113
Nev.	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
Wash.	16	0	16	23	0	23	144
Oreg.	174	29	203	192	32	224	110
Calif.	850	11	861	847	9	856	99
United States 2/	3,382	404	3,786	3,410	425	3,835	101

1/ Includes Lights in Wisconsin, Maryland and South Carolina to avoid disclosing individual operations.

2/ Totals of States for heavy and light breeds do not add to U. S. totals due to combination of breeds in certain States as indicated to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
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February 17, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
January 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,354,000 chicks during January 1965, which was 18 percent below January 1964, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The January hatch consisted of 631,000 egg-type and 723,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was down 6 percent from January 1964, and broiler-type production was down 27 percent.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-January was $2.90 per 100 pounds, compared to $2.89 the previous month and $3.03 a year earlier. On January 15 the egg-feed ratio was 9.1 compared with 9.5 the previous month and 10.6 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1964 1/	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964 1/	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	669	631	-6	992	723	-27
February	1,200			874		
March	4,850			1,092		
April	7,840			1,137		
May	6,100			1,105		
June	1,750			1,070		
July	512			983		
August	336			863		
September	456			862		
October	461			710		
November	558			700		
December	538			760		

1/ Preliminary

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Chick production by hatcheries during January 1965 was 222,246,000 compared with 211,843,000 in January 1964. Broiler chicks totaled 190,535,000, up 6 percent from January last year and the largest output of record for the month. Broiler-type eggs in incubators on February 1 were up 9 percent from February 1 last year indicating a larger broiler chick hatch in February 1965 than in February 1964.

There were 31,711,000 egg-type chicks hatched in January 1965 - about the same as in January 1964. Increases were 19 percent in the South Atlantic States, 17 percent in the South Central and 7 percent in the East North Central States. Decreases reported were 22 percent in the North Atlantic States, 7 percent in the West and 1 percent in the West North Central States. Egg-type eggs in incubators on February 1 were up 11 percent from February 1, 1964 indicating a larger egg-type hatch in February 1965 than in February 1964.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During January			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	700	750	1,400	1,350
Indiana	2,229	1,671	1,489	1,865
Illinois	96	99	817	1,201
Michigan	490	390	1,050	700
Wisconsin	750	800	300	280
E. N. CENTRAL	4,265	3,710	5,056	5,396
Minnesota	992	723	669	631
Iowa	180	100	1,000	1,200
Missouri	4,374	2,832	209	354
North Dakota	1/	1/	26	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	190	165
Nebraska	38	50	437	210
Kansas	220	0	280	210
W. N. CENTRAL 1/	1/ 5,804	1/ 3,705	2,811	2,770
UNITED STATES	180,275	190,535	31,568	31,711

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 18, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending February 13, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 590,000 heavy white, 485,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 153,000 light breed poults during the week ending February 13, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was 13 percent above a year ago, while bronze production was down 33 percent and light breed poult production was the same as last year.

Hatcheries in the ten States set 1,815,000 heavy white, 2,470,000 bronze and 330,000 light breed eggs during the week ending February 13. For the corresponding week in 1964, 1,619,000 heavy white, 2,595,000 bronze and 262,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending February 13 included 166,000 heavy white, down 14 percent from 1964, and 130,000 bronze, down 12 percent from the same week in 1964. Production of light

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
			Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Jan. 23	207	130	87	119	372	350
Jan. 30	140	157	133	146	385	501
Feb. 6	232	169	114	196	465	581
Feb. 13	192	166	144	175	522	590
			Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Dec. 26, 1964	358	224	147	183	650	573
Jan. 2, 1965	288	266	195	215	687	720
Jan. 9	445	288	176	279	830	856
Jan. 16	366	325	218	261	894	832
Jan. 23	384	394	215	369	1,043	1,201
Jan. 30	552	468	277	314	1,364	1,315
Feb. 6	690	618	333	412	1,747	1,627
Feb. 13	699	675	273	344	1,619	1,815
			Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Jan. 23	#	#	209	109	280	209
Jan. 30	#	#	214	54	403	261
Feb. 6	97	53	212	143	501	385
Feb. 13	147	130	326	134	724	485
			Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Dec. 26, 1964	#	#	326	158	499	323
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	342	86	639	323
Jan. 9	150	#	339	212	791	536
Jan. 16	234	#	546	215	1,279	699
Jan. 23	370	249	405	329	1,297	972
Jan. 30	662	432	514	342	1,870	1,351
Feb. 6	779	666	681	407	2,468	2,000
Feb. 13	827	738	683	576	2,595	2,470
			Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Jan. 23	50	#	26	4	137	121
Jan. 30	#	#	17	8	99	99
Feb. 6	#	#	16	10	128	97
Feb. 13	#	#	23	9	153	153
			Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Dec. 26, 1964	#	#	24	7	205	185
Jan. 2, 1965	#	#	26	15	156	182
Jan. 9	#	#	25	15	212	159
Jan. 16	#	#	35	13	248	234
Jan. 23	75	#	26	16	226	184
Jan. 30	#	#	51	14	283	271
Feb. 6	#	88	44	10	245	266
Feb. 13	#	51	65	7	262	330

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

breed poults is undisclosed in order not to reveal individual hatchery operations.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 675,000 heavy white, 738,000 bronze, and 51,000 light breed eggs. For the comparable week a year ago there were 699,000 heavy white, 827,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 29 percent of the week's hatch compared with 55 percent the previous week and 23 percent last year.

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested for pullorum disease during January in Minnesota included 51,000 heavy white, 300 other heavy (bronze), and 18,000 light breed turkeys. This compares with 68,000 heavy white, 3,000 bronze and 2,000 light breed turkeys in January 1964. The United States totals for January 1965 are 230,000 heavy white, 213,000 other heavy, and 72,000 light breed turkeys tested. For January 1964 the United States totals were 232,000 heavy white, 221,000 other heavy and 44,000 light breed turkeys tested.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,198	3,160	627	668
Feb.	972		878		164		7,255		789	
Mar.	1,848		2,388		176		17,357		950	
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		19,987		1,196	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,817		1,617	
June	2,189		590		197		14,975		1,570	
July	1,536		37		337		6,428		1,609	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,677		1,186	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		648	
Oct.	398		0		243		697		673	
Nov.	411		0		140		907		531	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,427		616	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865		1,173	
Mar.	2,852		3,293		247		24,189		1,337	
Apr.	2,878		3,176		259		30,193		1,732	
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

The July through January numbers tested for Minnesota included 339,000 heavy white, 301,000 bronze, and 30,000 light breed birds. For the comparable period in 1964 there were 324,000 heavy white, 256,000 bronze, and 27,000 light breed turkeys tested. United States totals for the 7 months July through January are 1,485,000 heavy white, 1,502,000 other heavy, and 272,000 light breed turkeys tested. For this period in 1964 the United States totals were 1,372,000 heavy white, 1,681,000 other heavy, and 213,000 light breed birds tested.

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 7 percent for heavy white, but down 33 percent for bronze and down 6 percent from 1964 for light breed poults.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was down 24 percent and bronze production was down 25 percent from a year earlier.

Cumulative Weekly Hatch, Jan. 1 to Date (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	1,231	638	2,554	356	1,205	2,307	798
1965	932	848	2,729	266	549	1,556	749
Pct. Change	-24	+33	+7	-25	-54	-33	-6

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Immediate Release

February 23, 1965

1964 LAMB CROP REPORT

MINNESOTA: The 1964 lamb crop in Minnesota totaled 605,000 head, 8 percent below the 1963 crop and 16 percent lower than the 1958-62 average crop, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was the smallest lamb crop since 1952 when it totaled 578,000 head.

The lamb crop percentage (number of lambs saved per 100 ewes one year old or older on January 1, 1964) was 116 which was three points more than in 1963. Breeding ewes one year old or older on January 1, 1964 numbered 523,000 head, 10 percent less than a year earlier and 15 percent below the 1958-62 average. On January 1, 1965, the number of breeding ewes one year old and over was 481,000 head.

UNITED STATES: The 1964 lamb crop totaled 17,905,000 head, a 7 percent decline from the 1963 crop of 19,224,000 head. The 13 Western sheep States (11 West, South Dakota, and Texas) produced 7 percent fewer lambs than in 1963 and 11 percent less than average. The lamb crop in the 35 native sheep States (excludes the 13 Western States and Alaska) was 6 percent smaller than in 1963 and 20 percent below average. In Texas, which annually produces approximately 15 percent of the Nation's lambs, the lamb crop was 7 percent below last year and 15 percent below average.

The lamb crop percentage (number of lambs saved per 100 ewes 1 year of age or older on farms and ranches January 1) for 1964 was 92, down 2 points from the 1963 percentage. The Western States lambing percentage, at 86, was down 3 points from the 1963 percentage, but the Native States lambing percentage, at 106, was up 2 points from the previous year.

The 13 Western States (11 West, South Dakota, and Texas) produced a lamb crop of 12,037,000 head, 7 percent below 1963 and 11 percent smaller than average. Both the decline in the number of breeding ewes, and the decrease in the lambing percentage contributed to the smaller lamb crop in 1964. The January 1, 1964 number of breeding ewes 1 year old and older on farms and ranches was 13,919,000 head, 4 percent lower than the 14,514,000 head on hand a year earlier and 6 percent below average. The number of early lambs (dropped before March 15) in the Western States was also about 7 percent smaller than a year earlier.

The 1964 lamb crop in the 35 Native States (excludes 13 Western States and Alaska) totaled 5,863,000 head -- 6 percent below the 6,267,000 head saved in 1963 and 20 percent below average. This lower number is due to a decrease in the number of ewes 1 year old and older January 1, 1964, since the lambing percentage was up 2 points -- from 104 to 106. In the 35 Native States, the lamb crop was smaller in 24 States, unchanged in 5 States and larger in 6 States.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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LAMB CROP: 1963 and 1964

STATE	Breeding ewes 1 year and older January 1			Lambs saved per 100 ewes 1+ Jan. 1 1/		Lambs saved 1/			
	5-year average 1958-62	1963	1964	1963	1964	5-year average 1958-62	1963	1964	1964 as % of 1963
	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Pct.	Pct.	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Pct.
Maine	25	26	24	108	112	27	28	27	96
N. H.	5	4	4	100	125	5	4	5	125
Vt.	9	8	7	88	100	8	7	7	100
Mass.	8	8	7	88	100	8	7	7	100
R. I.	2	2	2	50	100	2	1	2	200
Conn.	5	6	6	83	100	5	5	6	120
N. Y.	113	100	102	107	112	121	107	114	107
N. J.	11	10	10	100	90	11	10	9	90
Pa.	168	159	151	96	103	159	153	155	101
Ohio	738	590	543	101	101	725	598	549	92
Ind.	351	319	309	105	111	371	335	343	102
Ill.	436	411	370	105	108	468	431	401	93
Mich.	249	224	217	104	107	262	234	233	100
Wis.	167	152	138	109	110	187	165	152	92
Minn.	613	581	523	113	116	716	656	605	92
Iowa	890	781	742	103	106	935	807	784	97
Mo.	535	397	381	101	102	552	400	388	97
N. Dak.	478	446	406	109	107	535	484	435	90
S. Dak.	1,170	1,165	1,124	105	104	1,235	1,228	1,173	96
Nebr.	284	266	255	107	103	297	285	263	92
Kans.	422	420	374	97	99	397	407	369	91
Del.	4	4	4	100	100	4	4	4	100
Md.	30	24	22	108	118	31	26	26	100
Va.	254	211	192	111	115	279	235	221	94
W. Va.	225	199	179	107	108	239	212	193	91
N. C.	41	34	28	106	107	42	36	30	83
S. C.	9	6	5	83	80	7	5	4	80
Ga.	21	10	8	80	75	17	8	6	75
Fla.	5	4	4	100	100	5	4	4	100
Ky.	406	236	196	108	109	461	254	214	84
Tenn.	196	126	96	99	99	195	125	95	76
Ala.	24	12	9	83	89	21	10	8	80
Miss.	47	30	21	70	81	38	21	17	81
Ark.	37	30	27	100	96	35	30	26	87
La.	64	54	49	69	69	46	37	34	92
Okla.	159	132	124	103	102	158	136	127	93
Texas	3,812	3,978	3,739	70	69	3,050	2,785	2,580	93
Mont.	1,254	1,116	1,127	97	93	1,181	1,083	1,048	97
Idaho	884	847	779	114	112	1,002	966	872	90
Wyo.	1,700	1,686	1,686	90	83	1,482	1,517	1,399	92
Colo.	1,139	1,095	964	104	102	1,164	1,139	983	86
N. Mex.	882	867	816	83	74	725	718	606	84
Ariz.	338	345	345	83	85	286	288	294	102
Utah	1,070	1,034	1,044	88	85	950	910	887	97
Nev.	271	232	225	89	91	240	206	205	100
Wash.	223	218	207	114	115	255	249	238	96
Oreg.	695	591	550	102	99	690	603	544	90
Calif.	1,407	1,340	1,313	94	92	1,297	1,260	1,208	96
Total 48 States	21,875	20,536	19,454	94	92	20,927	19,219	17,900	93
Alaska	—	7	8	71	62	—	5	5	100
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
U. S.	—	20,543	19,462	94	92	—	19,224	17,905	93

1/ Lambs saved defined as lambs living June 1, or sold before June 1 in the Native States and lambs docked or branded in the Western States.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

February 23, 1965

1964 CALF CROP REPORT

MINNESOTA: The 1964 Minnesota calf crop totaled 1,700,000 head, 4 percent more than the 1,636,000 head in 1963 and 8 percent above the 1958-62 average, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The number of calves born in 1964 expressed as a percent of all cows and heifers 2 years old and older on January 1, 1964 was 90 percent compared with 89 percent in 1963. Of the 1,889,000 head of all cows and heifers 2 years old and older on January 1, 1964, 1,421,000 head were kept for milk production and 468,000 head were beef cows. On January 1, 1965, there were 1,920,000 head of cows and heifers 2 years old and older with 1,407,000 head being milk cows and 513,000 head beef cows.

UNITED STATES: The 1964 calf crop for the United States was 42,989,000 head--3 percent more than the 1963 calf crop of 41,826,000 head. This is the sixth consecutive year of increase.

The increased calf crop in 1964 compared with the previous year was primarily the result of more cows and heifers on farms. There were 49,899,000 cows and heifers 2 years old and older January 1, 1964, compared with 48,649,000 on farms January 1, 1963. By January 1, 1965 the number had increased to 50,476,000 head.

The number of calves born in 1964 expressed as a percentage of cows and heifers 2 years old and older on hand at the beginning of the year was 86 percent, the same as a year earlier. This percentage is not strictly a calving rate because the January 1 inventory of cows and heifers 2 years old and older does not include all heifers that calve during the year and includes some cows that died or were slaughtered before calving.

In the North Central States, 9 States had larger calf crops and 3 had smaller calf crops compared with 1963. North Dakota, South Dakota, and Nebraska each up 7 percent show the largest increases. Ohio down 3 percent showed the sharpest decrease.

Of the 8 South Atlantic States, 4 had larger calf crops, 3 had smaller crops and 1 was unchanged compared with 1963.

All the South Central States had larger calf crops in 1964. Louisiana--up 5 percent showed the largest increase, and Texas the largest cattle State in the Nation was up 3 percent.

In 1964 all the 11 Western States had larger calf crops than the previous year. Arizona and Montana showed the largest increases, 7 and 6 percent, respectively. Colorado was up 2 percent and California was up 5 percent.

The 1964 calf crop was smaller in all States in this region. New York, the leading cattle State in this region, was down only slightly from 1963.

Eldon Johnson
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Calf Crop: 1963 and 1964

State	Cows and Heifers 2 yrs. & older January 1			Calves born as % of cows and heifers 2 yrs. & older Jan. 1 1/		Calves born			
	5-year average 1958-62	1963	1964	1963	1964	5-year average 1958-62	1963	1964	1964 % of 1963
	- 1,000 head -			- Percent -		- 1,000 head -			Percent
Maine	115	113	108	81	82	96	92	89	97
N. H.	61	59	56	83	83	52	49	46	94
Vt.	292	285	274	83	84	248	237	230	97
Mass.	105	98	94	82	82	87	80	77	96
R. I.	16	14	13	79	75	13	11	10	91
Conn.	102	91	88	80	80	81	73	70	96
N. Y.	1,431	1,425	1,387	83	85	1,211	1,183	1,179	100
N. J.	145	137	130	79	80	116	108	104	96
Pa.	1,080	1,076	1,050	86	86	933	925	903	98
Ohio	1,037	986	961	85	85	884	838	817	97
Ind.	836	820	828	88	88	727	722	729	101
Ill.	1,333	1,301	1,294	87	89	1,165	1,132	1,152	102
Mich.	833	821	810	86	87	713	706	705	100
Wis.	2,538	2,548	2,530	90	90	2,284	2,293	2,277	99
Minn.	1,772	1,838	1,889	89	90	1,580	1,636	1,700	104
Iowa	1,934	1,967	2,016	91	92	1,771	1,790	1,855	104
Mo.	1,654	1,993	2,029	89	90	1,664	1,774	1,826	103
N. Dak.	961	1,044	1,110	91	92	871	950	1,021	107
S. Dak.	1,544	1,655	1,777	93	93	1,424	1,539	1,653	107
Nebr.	1,849	1,938	2,116	93	91	1,677	1,802	1,925	107
Kans.	1,596	1,859	1,876	89	91	1,425	1,655	1,707	103
Del.	35	33	30	76	80	28	25	24	96
Md.	281	278	271	83	84	235	231	228	99
Va.	753	795	773	84	83	636	668	642	96
W. Va.	303	297	296	85	86	255	252	255	101
N. C.	511	504	521	78	78	399	393	406	103
S. C.	304	302	302	80	80	234	242	242	100
Ga.	759	772	818	82	80	607	633	654	103
Fla.	958	1,009	997	71	75	641	716	748	104
Ky.	1,085	1,241	1,310	90	88	978	1,117	1,153	103
Tenn.	1,034	1,162	1,205	86	85	900	999	1,024	103
Ala.	941	977	986	80	81	757	782	799	102
Miss.	1,252	1,229	1,245	76	77	934	934	959	103
Ark.	808	828	867	82	80	640	679	694	102
La.	1,111	1,123	1,191	78	77	862	876	917	105
Okla.	1,696	1,979	2,065	84	84	1,462	1,662	1,735	104
Texas	4,796	5,509	5,726	82	81	4,046	4,517	4,638	103
Mont.	1,199	1,286	1,361	92	92	1,086	1,183	1,252	106
Idaho	609	661	688	90	91	550	595	626	105
Wyo.	573	607	644	90	87	509	546	560	103
Colo.	904	991	1,007	90	90	803	892	906	102
N. Mex.	667	718	739	85	84	563	610	621	102
Ariz.	400	427	447	79	81	315	337	362	107
Utah	360	375	384	87	87	311	326	334	102
Nev.	283	283	297	80	78	224	226	232	103
Wash.	547	598	605	90	90	488	538	544	101
Oreg.	715	766	795	86	87	618	659	692	105
Calif.	1,738	1,735	1,794	88	89	1,512	1,526	1,597	105
48 States	46,059	48,553	49,799	86	86	39,613	41,759	42,919	103
Alaska	---	4.5	4.5	84	89	---	3.8	4.0	105
Hawaii	---	91	95	69	69	---	63	66	105
UNITED STATES	---	48,649	49,899	86	86	---	41,826	42,989	103

1/ Not strictly a calving rate. Figure represents calves born expressed as percentage of the number of cows and heifers 2 years old and over on farms and ranches January 1.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

February 25, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending February 20, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 808,000 heavy white, 702,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 139,000 light breed poults during the week ending February 20, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was 35 percent above a year ago, while bronze production was down 13 percent and light breed poult production was 6 percent above the same week last year.

Hatcheries in the ten States set 1,992,000 heavy white, 2,625,000 bronze, and 264,000 light breed eggs during the week ending February 20. For the corresponding week in 1964, the set included 1,929,000 heavy white eggs, 3,059,000 bronze, and 288,000 light breed eggs.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
			Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Jan. 30	140	157	133	146	385	501
Feb. 6	232	169	114	196	465	581
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Jan. 30	552	468	277	314	1,364	1,315
Feb. 6	690	618	333	412	1,747	1,627
Feb. 13	699	675	273	344	1,619	1,815
Feb. 20	742	707	314	395	1,929	1,992
			Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Jan. 30	#	#	214	54	403	261
Feb. 6	97	53	212	143	501	385
Feb. 13	147	130	326	134	724	485
Feb. 20	224	170	244	206	811	702
			Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Jan. 2	#	#	342	86	639	323
Jan. 9	150	#	339	212	791	536
Jan. 16	234	#	546	215	1,279	699
Jan. 23	370	249	405	329	1,297	972
Jan. 30	662	432	514	342	1,870	1,351
Feb. 6	779	666	681	407	2,468	2,000
Feb. 13	827	738	683	576	2,595	2,470
Feb. 20	899	727	911	672	3,059	2,625
			Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Jan. 30	#	#	17	8	99	99
Feb. 6	#	#	16	10	128	97
Feb. 13	#	#	23	9	153	153
Feb. 20	45	#	18	10	131	139
			Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Jan. 2	#	#	26	15	156	182
Jan. 9	#	#	25	15	212	159
Jan. 16	#	#	35	13	248	234
Jan. 23	75	#	26	16	226	184
Jan. 30	#	#	51	14	283	271
Feb. 6	#	88	44	10	245	266
Feb. 13	#	51	65	7	262	330
Feb. 20	#	41	52	9	288	264

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending February 20 included 226,000 heavy white, up 7 percent from 1964, and 170,000 bronze, down 24 percent from the same week in 1964. Production of light breed poults is undisclosed in order not to reveal individual hatchery operations.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 707,000 heavy white, 727,000 bronze, and 41,000 light breed eggs. For the comparable week a year ago there were 742,000 heavy white, 899,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 23 percent of the week's hatch compared with 29 percent the previous week and 22 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,198	3,160	827	668
Feb.	972		878		164		7,255		731	
Mar.	1,848		2,388		176		17,357		980	
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		19,987		1,196	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,817		1,617	
June	2,189		590		197		14,975		1,570	
July	1,536		37		337		6,428		1,609	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,677		1,186	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		648	
Oct.	398		0		243		697		673	
Nov.	411		0		140		907		531	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,427		616	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865		1,173	
Mar.	2,852		3,293		247		24,189		1,337	
Apr.	2,878		3,176		259		30,193		1,732	
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 12 percent for the heavy white, but down 28 percent for bronze and down 4 percent from 1964 for light breed poults.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was down 20 percent, and bronze production was down 25 percent from a year earlier.

Cumulative Weekly Hatch, Jan. 1 to Date (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	1,443	768	3,153	580	1,449	3,118	989
1965	1,158	1,087	3,537	436	755	2,258	863
Pct. Change	-20	+42	+12	-25	-48	-28	-14

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MAR 3 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 26, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid - February 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-February at 80 is 1 point above a month earlier and 4 points above a year earlier according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with a month earlier, crop prices averaged 1 point higher, livestock prices 3 points higher, and poultry and poultry product prices 2 points higher. Dairy product prices averaged 1 point lower. Compared with a year earlier, crop prices averaged 9 points higher, livestock prices 7 points higher, and dairy products 1 point higher. Poultry and poultry product prices averaged 5 points lower.

The increase in the crops index from mid-January reflected higher prices for corn, barley, soybeans, and hay. Corn was up 1 cent per bushel on February 15 compared with a month earlier, barley 4 cents, soybeans 5 cents, and all types of hay $3.50 per ton. Wheat was 3 cents per bushel lower, rye 1 cent, and potatoes 10 cents per hundredweight lower. Compared with a year earlier, corn averaged 7 cents per bushel higher, oats 3 cents, barley 10 cents, flax 11 cents, soybeans 23 cents, potatoes $3.30 per hundredweight, and all types of hay $7.50 per ton higher. Rye was 24 cents per bushel lower.

Livestock price changes from mid-January were increases of $1.20 per hundredweight for hogs, $2.20 for calves, 50 cents for sheep, and $1.40 for lambs. Cattle remained the same as a month earlier. Compared with a year earlier, hogs were higher by $2.50 per hundredweight, cattle 20 cents, calves $1.20, sheep 70 cents, and lambs $3.70 higher.

Whole milk prices were 5 cents per hundredweight lower than a month earlier, but 3 cents higher than mid-February, 1964.

Turkey prices averaged 22 cents per pound liveweight, the same as the month earlier, and 1 cent above a year earlier. Chicken prices were the same as a month earlier, but 1 cent per pound lower than a year earlier. Egg prices averaged 22 cents per dozen, 1 cent up from mid-January, but 3 cents down from a year earlier.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	Feb. 15 Av. 1957-61	Feb. 15 1962	Feb. 15 1963	Feb. 15 1964	Jan. 15 1965	Feb. 15 1965
All Farm Products	78	81	78	76	79	80
Crops	64	68	71	72	80	81
Livestock	88	89	82	77	81	84
Dairy Products	89	95	89	90	92	91
Poultry and Eggs	64	63	68	60	53	55

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910 - 14=100	Feb. 15 1961	Feb. 15 1962	Feb. 15 1963	Feb. 15 1964	Jan. 15 1965	Feb. 15 1965
Prices Received	244	244	243	240	236	238
Prices Paid 1/	303	306	312	313	317	318
Parity Ratio	81	80	78	77	74	75

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			FEBRUARY 15, 1965			
		FEB. 15, 1964	JAN. 15, 1965	FEB. 15, 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	2.06	1.57	1.54	1.43	1.41	1.45	1.37
RYE	BU.	1.22	.99	.98	.99	.87	.96	.961
CORN	BU.	.98	1.04	1.05	1.10	1.07	1.14	1.17
OATS	BU.	.59	.62	.62	.68	.52	.62	.659
BARLEY	BU.	.85	.91	.95	.90	.91	.89	.980
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.51	2.69	2.74	2.75	2.65	2.69	2.81
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.87	2.98	2.98	2.90	2.89	2.95	2.92
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	19.00	23.00	26.50	19.50	23.00	21.50	25.70
POTATOES	CWT.	1.30	4.70	4.60	4.75	4.70	5.20	4.11
HOGS	CWT.	14.10	15.40	16.60	16.30	14.90	16.30	16.40
COWS	CWT.	12.80	11.90	12.80	12.40	11.30	12.00	12.70
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	19.30	20.80	20.40	21.60	18.80	20.00	20.30
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	16.70	16.90	16.90	20.10	16.60	18.30	18.20
CALVES	CWT.	25.80	24.80	27.00	19.00	21.10	21.70	20.60
SHEEP	CWT.	6.80	7.00	7.50	5.00	5.60	5.40	6.20
LAMBS	CWT.	19.70	22.00	23.40	22.00	20.70	22.00	21.60
MILK COWS	HEAD	225.00	210.00	215.00	215.00	180.00	200.00	207.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.20	3.28	3.23	3.55	3.35	3.35	4.28
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.63	.64	.64	.62	.60	.60	.587
TURKEYS - LIVE	LB.	.210	.220	.220	.220	---	.220	.222
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.065	.055	.060	.055	.050	.050	.087
EGGS	DOZ.	.250	.210	.220	.215	.240	.207	.306
WOOL	LB.	.48	.46	.46	.45	.45	.45	.478
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.85	3.00	2.95	3.25	3.00	3.10	3.27
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.95	4.45	4.50	4.60	4.90	4.80	4.81
MEAT SCRAP	CWT.	5.80	5.20	5.20	5.30	---	---	5.42
HOG FEED, 29% & OVER	CWT.	5.90	5.70	5.70	5.80	---	---	5.74
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% & OVER	CWT.	4.90	4.70	4.80	4.85	---	---	4.53
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.10	3.05	3.10	3.50	---	---	3.74
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.99	2.90	2.92	2.93	2.80	2.80	3.43
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.30	4.20	4.25	4.70	4.65	4.55	4.39
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		14.4	14.8	15.8	14.8	13.9	14.3	14.0
BEEF-CORN 1/		19.7	20.0	19.4	19.6	17.6	17.5	17.4
EGG-FEED 2/		8.4	7.2	7.5	7.3	8.6	7.4	8.9
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.2	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.5

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

MAR 3 1965

Immediate Release

March 2, 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER - JANUARY 1965 1/

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during January 1965 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 143,000 head, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 3 percent less than the 147,000 head slaughtered in January 1964 and 10 percent less than December 1964. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,064 pounds per head compared with 1,091 pounds in January 1964 and 1,050 pounds the previous month.

January calf slaughter at 24,300 head was up 3 percent from the same month last year, but down 20 percent from December 1964. Average liveweight was 180 pounds per head, 6 pounds more than January 1964 and 10 pounds more than a month earlier.

The hog kill in January at 512,000 head was 5 percent below the 541,000 slaughtered in January 1964, and 14 percent less than December 1964. The average liveweight for the month was 249 pounds per head, the same as December 1964, but 4 pounds less than a year earlier.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during January totaled 100,000 head, down 1 percent from January 1964, but up 12 percent from December 1964. The average liveweight for the month was 105 pounds per head, 3 pounds less than a year ago and 2 pounds less than a month earlier.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during January in the 48 States totaled 2,690 million pounds, 5 percent less than January 1964 and 4 percent below December 1964. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

Beef production during January was 1,536 million pounds, 2 percent above January 1964, but 1 percent below December 1964. The number of cattle slaughtered during January totaled 2,633,000 head, 5 percent greater than a year earlier, but 3 percent less than the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,024 pounds per head, 19 pounds less than January 1964, but 4 pounds heavier than December 1964.

There were 79 million pounds of veal produced during January, 5 percent more than a year earlier and 3 percent more than a month earlier. The 606,200 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 1 percent less than January 1964 and 8 percent less than December 1964. Calves slaughtered during January averaged 233 pounds per head, 14 pounds heavier than a year ago and 21 pounds more than December 1964.

Pork production during January totaled 1,016 million pounds, 12 percent below January 1964 and 9 percent less than December 1964. The hog kill during January was 6,995,700 head, 13 percent less than a year earlier and 9 percent less than a month earlier. The average live weight of hogs slaughtered during the month was 239 pounds per head, 3 pounds lighter than both a year earlier and the previous month. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of live weight of hogs was 11.6 pounds compared with 12.0 pounds in January 1964 and 11.7 pounds in December 1964.

There were 59 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during January, 17 percent less than a year earlier, but the same as a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during January was 1,170,100 head, 19 percent fewer than January 1964 and 1 percent less than December 1964. Sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month averaged 103 pounds, 2 pounds heavier than both a year earlier and the previous month.

Production of Poultry meat during January amounted to 560 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 1 percent greater than January 1964, but 12 percent less than December 1964.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	January		January 1965 as percent of January 1964	January Average Liveweight	
	1964	1965		1964	1965
MINNESOTA	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
Cattle	147.0	143.0	97.3	1,091	1,064
Calves	23.5	24.3	103.4	174	180
Hogs	541.0	512.0	94.6	253	249
Sheep and Lambs	101.0	100.0	99.0	102	105
UNITED STATES					
Cattle	2,512.4	2,633.0	104.8	1,043	1,023
Calves	611.4	606.2	99.1	219	233
Hogs	7,998.3	6,995.7	87.5	242	239
Sheep and Lambs	1,436.3	1,170.1	81.5	101	103

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, UNITED STATES, JANUARY 1964-65 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
January 1964	1,511	75	1,161	71	2,818	557	232
December 1964	1,559	77	1,118	59	2,813	640	216
January 1965	1,536	79	1,016	59	2,690	560	194

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.

3/ Chicken and turkey meat -- ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

5/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

MAR 12 1965

Immediate Release

March 10, 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
March 1, 1965

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 1,012 million pounds in February, according to the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was the same as February a year ago and 8 percent above the 5-year average of 940 million pounds for February. Production for the first two months in 1965 was 2 percent more than in 1964.

Nationally, milk production in February amounted to 9,796 million pounds, down 1 percent from the 9,937 million pounds produced in February 1964.

EGG PRODUCTION: Chicken flocks in Minnesota produced 218 million eggs during February, down 15 percent from the 255 million eggs produced during February 1964. The number of layers for the month totalled 12,315,000, 10 percent below February of last year. Rate of lay was 63 percent, 2 percent below a year ago.

Egg production in February for the United States was 5,070 million, down 2 percent from the 5,195 million produced in February 1964.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on farms in February totalled 178,000, of which 167,000 were family and 11,000 hired workers. This compares with 173,000 family and 15,000 hired workers in February 1964.

For the United States, the number of workers on farms during February totalled 4,334,000, of which 3,491,000 were family and 843,000 were hired workers. This compares with 3,860,000 family and 887,000 hired workers in February 1964.

C. R. LIES
AGRICULTURAL STATISTICIAN

F. J. GRAHAM
STATE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICIAN

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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

March 11, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 6, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,088,000 heavy white, 1,274,000 other heavy (principally bronze) and 178,000 light breed poults during the week ending March 6, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 5 percent and light breed poult production was 14 percent above the same week last year, while bronze production was down 20 percent from a year ago.

The 2,243,000 heavy white eggs set by the ten States during the past week was up 13 percent from the corresponding week in 1964. However, the 2,846,000 other heavy breed eggs set was down 18 percent, and the 275,000 light breed eggs set down 10 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 13	192	166	144	175	522	603
Feb. 20	212	226	130	241	599	808
Feb. 27	320	282	171	216	810	878
Mar. 6	403	372	203	273	1,033	1,088
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 16	366	315	218	261	894	997
Jan. 23	384	394	215	369	1,043	1,321
Jan. 30	552	468	277	335	1,364	1,377
Feb. 6	690	629	333	412	1,747	1,676
Feb. 13	699	675	273	344	1,619	1,804
Feb. 20	742	707	314	395	1,929	1,992
Feb. 27	752	966	351	432	1,891	2,360
Mar. 6	776	719	330	480	1,989	2,243
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 13	147	130	326	134	724	485
Feb. 20	224	170	244	206	811	702
Feb. 27	409	250	323	219	1,173	904
Mar. 6	491	386	446	257	1,599	1,274
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 16	234	208	546	215	1,279	775
Jan. 23	370	249	405	329	1,297	1,069
Jan. 30	662	432	514	330	1,870	1,394
Feb. 6	779	666	681	407	2,468	2,045
Feb. 13	827	738	683	576	2,595	2,492
Feb. 20	899	727	911	672	3,059	2,625
Feb. 27	818	727	846	669	3,087	2,772
Mar. 6	896	731	1,018	785	3,451	2,846
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 13	#	#	23	9	153	153
Feb. 20	45	#	18	10	131	139
Feb. 27	#	#	34	9	176	183
Mar. 6	#	59	29	7	156	178
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 16	#	#	35	13	248	234
Jan. 23	75	#	26	16	226	219
Jan. 30	#	#	51	14	283	250
Feb. 6	#	88	44	10	245	266
Feb. 13	#	51	65	7	262	330
Feb. 20	#	41	52	9	288	264
Feb. 27	85	#	45	7	306	298
Mar. 6	#	66	51	9	305	275

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending March 6 included 372,000 heavy white, 386,000 bronze, and 59,000 light breed poults. For the corresponding week last year there were 403,000 heavy white, 491,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 719,000 heavy white, 731,000 bronze, and 66,000 light breed eggs. For the comparable week a year ago there were 776,000 heavy white, 896,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 23 percent of the week's hatch compared with 31 percent the previous week and 24 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,198	3,160	627	668
Feb.	972		878		164		7,255		789	
Mar.	1,848		2,388		176		17,357		950	
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		19,987		1,196	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,817		1,617	
June	2,189		590		197		14,975		1,570	
July	1,536		37		337		6,428		1,609	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,677		1,186	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		648	
Oct.	398		0		243		697		673	
Nov.	411		0		140		907		531	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,427		616	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865		1,173	
Mar.	2,852		3,293		247		24,189		1,337	
Apr.	2,878		3,176		259		30,193		1,732	
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 10 percent for heavy white, but down 25 percent for the bronze and down 1 percent from 1964 for the light breeds.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was down 16 percent and bronze production was down 28 percent from a year earlier.

Cumulative Weekly Hatch, Jan. 1 to Date (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	2,166	1,142	4,996	1,480	2,218	5,890	1,261
1965	1,812	1,576	5,503	1,072	1,231	4,436	1,249
Pct. Change	-16	+38	+10	-28	-44	-25	-1

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

MAR 17 1965

Immediate Release

March 15, 1965

POTATO STOCKS REPORT
March 1, 1965

Estimates of total stocks in this report represent all potatoes held by growers and local dealers in or near producing areas. They include quantities to be diverted under government programs for livestock feed, starch and flour; sales for table use; seed and processing after March 1, and also include quantities to be used for feed, seed and table consumption on farms where grown. The stocks estimates also include potatoes that will be lost through shrinkage, decay and dumping after March 1.

MINNESOTA: Total potato stocks of 2,900,000 hundredweight were held by growers and dealers in Minnesota on March 1, 1965. This includes some North Dakota grown potatoes held in Minnesota storage. These March 1 holdings compare with 4,500,000 hundredweight on March 1, 1964 and 3,800,000 hundredweight on March 1, 1963. They are the lowest for this date since March 1, 1958 when they totaled 2,100,000 hundredweight. Disappearance of the 1964 crop to March 1 totaled 6,000,000 hundredweight which compares with 8,630,000 hundredweight to March 1 last year. Disappearance to March 1 represented 67.4 percent of the 1964 fall crop compared to 65.7 percent as of this date last year, and is the highest percent since March 1958 which had a disappearance of 72.0 percent as of this date.

UNITED STATES: Storage stocks of potatoes held by growers and local dealers in fall producing areas of the country totaled 56.8 million hundredweight on March 1, 1965. This was 16 percent less than the 67.9 million on hand a year earlier and the smallest March 1 stocks since 1957. These stocks consist of fall potatoes held for all uses on March 1.

The 8 eastern fall States had 24.9 million hundredweight in storage compared with 26.1 million on March 1, 1964. Maine with 20.8 million on hand had 2 percent less than a year earlier. Stocks in Upstate New York and Pennsylvania were substantially smaller while Long Island stocks were larger this year. March 1 stocks in the 9 central fall States totaled 9.5 million hundredweight this year against 13.9 million in 1964. The Minnesota-North Dakota total was 6.1 million compared with 9.5 million a year earlier. Both Michigan and Wisconsin had about one-fifth less on hand this year. In the 9 western fall States, March 1 stocks were 22.4 million hundredweight this year compared with 27.9 million a year earlier. Except in Oregon, where March 1 stocks were the same as a year earlier, all States in the western area had substantially smaller stocks this year. Idaho, with 14.8 million on hand, had 20 percent less than in 1964.

Disappearance of potatoes from storage during February 1965 was 19.1 million hundredweight compared with 22.4 million in February 1964 and 21.8 million in February 1963. Unloads of potatoes at 41 cities indicate that movement of potatoes to fresh market and chippers during February was considerably less than a year earlier. The quantity processed into frozen, dehydrated, and canned products was above the February 1964 level while the quantity processed by starch factories was much less than in 1964.

Disappearance of 1964 crop fall potatoes from time of harvest to March 1, 1965 was 117.9 million hundredweight. During the 1963 season, disappearance to March 1 was 129.4 million. Unload data for October 1964 through February 1965 indicate that movement of 1964 fall potatoes to fresh market and chippers from time of harvest to March 1, 1965 was moderately less than a year earlier. The quantity processed into frozen, dehydrated, and canned products was considerably more than

during the 1963 season while the quantity used for starch was only a fraction of the amount from the 1963 crop.

POTATOES: Production and total stocks of fall potatoes held by growers and local dealers on March 1, 1964 and March 1, 1965 1/

STATE	Crop of 1963		Crop of 1964	
	Production	Total stocks Mar. 1, 1964	Production	Total Stocks Mar. 1, 1965
	1,000 Cwt.		1,000 Cwt.	
Maine	37,630	21,300	39,875	20,800
Connecticut	1,462	240	1,407	150
New York:				
Long Island	6,916	600	7,202	1,000
Upstate	10,120	2,250	8,610	1,550
Pennsylvania	6,766	1,300	6,265	1,050
Other States 2/	2,740	365	2,374	360
8 Eastern	65,634	26,055	65,733	24,910
Michigan	6,738	2,050	6,750	1,650
Wisconsin	5,700	1,500	6,435	1,250
Minnesota	13,130	4,500	8,900	2,900
North Dakota	13,338	5,000	10,200	3,200
Nebraska	1,828	470	1,387	270
Other States 2/	3,600	385	3,444	225
9 Central	44,334	13,905	37,116	9,495
Montana	1,422	890	1,221	660
Idaho	53,466	18,500	41,640	14,800
Colorado	8,460	2,500	7,020	1,900
Utah	1,488	490	1,360	400
Washington	5,940	1,050	5,700	900
Oregon	9,230	2,650	8,480	2,650
California	6,466	1,700	5,888	1,000
Other States 2/	901	155	582	105
9 Western	87,373	27,935	71,891	22,415
Total 26 Fall States	197,341	67,895	174,740	56,820

1/ Total stocks consist of "production less total disappearance to date."

2/ Eastern - New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island.
Central - Ohio, Indiana, South Dakota, and Iowa.
Western - Wyoming, and Nevada.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

March 17, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
February 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,643,000 chicks during February 1965 which was 25 percent below February 1964, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The February hatch consisted of 1,031,000 egg-type and 612,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was down 21 percent from February 1964, and broiler-type production was down 30 percent. The January-February egg-type hatch was down 15 percent from the comparable period in 1964.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-February was $2.92 per 100 pounds, compared to $2.90 the previous month and $2.99 a year earlier. On February 15 the egg-feed ratio was 7.5 compared with 7.2 the previous month and 8.4 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	643	631	- 2	992	723	-27
February	1,304	1,031	-21	880	612	-30
March	4,707			1,106		
April	7,466			1,164		
May	5,932			1,146		
June	1,698			1,073		
July	623			984		
August	396			863		
September	503			862		
October	469			710		
November	551			700		
December	538			760		

Harry Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Chick production by hatcheries during February 1965 was 225,080,000 compared with 227,564,000 in February 1964. Broiler chicks totaled 188,072,000, up 2 percent from February last year. During the first two months of 1965 there were 378,607,000 broiler chicks produced -- up 3 percent from comparable period last year. Broiler-type eggs in incubators March 1 were up 2 percent from March 1, last year.

There were 37,008,000 egg-type chicks hatched in February -- down 12 percent from February 1964. The one day less in February this year accounted for some of the decrease along with a sharp drop in eggs set the first part of February. An increase of 6 percent was reported in the South Atlantic States. All other regions of the country reported decreases, 28 percent in the North Atlantic, 20 percent in the West, 11 percent in the West North Central, 9 percent in the East North Central, and 7 percent in the South Central States. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on March 1 was down 20 percent from March 1 last year.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During February			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	480	550	2,060	1,750
Indiana	2,325	1,734	2,189	1,962
Illinois	115	77	1,556	1,538
Michigan	450	390	1,220	850
Wisconsin	776	870	449	700
E. N. CENTRAL	4,146	3,621	7,474	6,800
Minnesota	880	612	1,304	1,031
Iowa	190	105	1,200	1,000
Missouri	4,501	3,026	849	807
North Dakota	1/	1/	0	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	390	285
Nebraska	95	81	471	429
Kansas	189	35	489	650
1/ W. N. CENTRAL	1/ 5,857	1/ 3,860	4,703	4,202
UNITED STATES	185,280	188,072	42,284	37,008

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

March 18, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 13, 1965

TEN STATE: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,244,000 heavy white, 1,577,000 other heavy (principally bronze) and 194,000 light breed poults during the week ending March 13, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 28 percent and light breed poult production was 18 percent above the same week last year, while bronze production was down 6 percent from a year ago.

The 2,499,000 heavy white eggs set by the ten States during the past week was up 22 percent from the corresponding week in 1964, and the 324,000 light breed eggs set were up 3 percent. However, the 2,664,000 other heavy breed eggs set was down 16 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 20	212	226	130	241	599	808
Feb. 27	320	282	171	216	810	878
Mar. 6	403	372	203	273	1,033	1,088
Mar. 13	406	507	181	219	971	1,244
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 23	384	394	215	369	1,043	1,321
Jan. 30	552	468	277	335	1,364	1,377
Feb. 6	690	629	333	412	1,747	1,676
Feb. 13	699	675	273	344	1,619	1,804
Feb. 20	742	707	314	395	1,929	1,992
Feb. 27	752	966	351	432	1,891	2,360
Mar. 6	776	719	330	480	1,989	2,243
Mar. 13	815	883	266	604	2,049	2,499
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 20	224	170	244	206	811	702
Feb. 27	409	250	323	219	1,173	904
Mar. 6	491	386	446	257	1,599	1,274
Mar. 13	543	461	448	370	1,684	1,577
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 23	370	249	405	329	1,297	1,069
Jan. 30	662	432	514	330	1,870	1,394
Feb. 6	779	666	681	407	2,468	2,045
Feb. 13	827	738	683	576	2,595	2,492
Feb. 20	899	727	911	672	3,059	2,625
Feb. 27	818	727	846	669	3,087	2,772
Mar. 6	896	731	1,018	785	3,451	2,846
Mar. 13	770	647	1,009	733	3,165	2,664
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 20	45	#	18	10	131	139
Feb. 27	#	#	34	9	176	183
Mar. 6	#	59	29	7	155	178
Mar. 13	#	32	41	5	164	194
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 23	75	#	26	16	226	219
Jan. 30	#	#	51	14	283	250
Feb. 6	#	88	44	10	245	266
Feb. 13	#	51	65	7	262	330
Feb. 20	#	41	52	9	288	264
Feb. 27	85	#	45	7	306	298
Mar. 6	#	66	51	9	305	275
Mar. 13	69	#	46	0	315	324

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending March 13 included 507,000 heavy white, 461,000 bronze, and 32,000 light breed poults. For the corresponding week last year there were 406,000 heavy white, 543,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 883,000 heavy white, 647,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. For the comparable week a year ago there were 815,000 heavy white, 770,000 bronze, and 69,000 light breed eggs set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 22 percent of the week's hatch compared with 23 percent the previous week and 28 percent a year ago.

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy white-breed turkeys tested for pullorum disease by official State Agencies during February 1965 was 113,122, an increase of 21 percent from February 1964. Other heavy breeds tested totaled 46,060 --down 35 percent from February last year. Testings of heavy breeds July 1964 through February 1965 totaled 3,165,558, a decrease of 2 percent from the same period a year earlier with the heavy white breeds up 12 percent and other heavy breeds down 13 percent. There were 35,250 light breed turkeys tested during February compared with 44,259 in February 1964--a decrease of 20 percent. The number tested during the period July 1964 through February 1965 was 283,072--up 10 percent from a comparable period a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848		2,388		176		17,583		1,027	
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		20,194		1,299	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	2,878		3,176		259		30,193		1,732	
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

The July through February testings for Minnesota were up 11 percent for heavy whites, up 20 percent for light breeds, but down 12 percent for bronze turkeys.

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The number of poults hatched January 1 to date in the ten States was up 13 percent for heavy white and 1 percent for the light breeds, but down 21 percent for the bronze.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was down 10 percent and bronze production was down 24 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	2,572	1,323	5,967	2,023	2,666	7,574	1,425
1965	2,319	1,795	6,747	1,533	1,601	6,013	1,443
Pct. Change	-10	+36	+13	-24	-40	-21	+1

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

March 22, 1965

MARCH 1, 1965 PIG REPORT

MINNESOTA: The December-February quarterly pig crop is estimated at 1,008,000 head, 6 percent less than a year earlier according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Intended farrowings for the next six months are 13 percent smaller than a year ago. On March 1, 1965, there were 14 percent fewer hogs and pigs of all ages on farms than on March 1, 1964.

Sow farrowings for the December 1964-February 1965 pig crop totaled 135,000 head, 6 percent less than during the same months a year earlier and 13 percent below the 5-year (1959-63) average. The pig crop totaled 1,008,000 pigs for an average of 7.47 pigs per litter. About 22 percent of the winter farrowings were in December, 30 percent in January and 48 percent in February.

Intended farrowings during the next three months--March, April and May, are estimated at 266,000 head, 15 percent less than a year earlier. Of these intended farrowings, 37 percent of the total are expected to be in March, 36 percent in April and 27 percent in May. The number of sows to farrow in the June-August 1965 quarter is forecast at 180,000 head, down 9 percent from farrowings a year earlier and 16 percent below the average.

The March 1 inventory of all hogs and pigs on farms was 2,735,000 head, 14 percent less than a year earlier and 20 percent below the 5-year average. It is the smallest March 1 inventory since 1954. Of the 2,735,000 head, 20.5 percent were breeding hogs and the remainder or 2,174,000 head were hogs and pigs intended primarily for slaughter. The number of breeding hogs was 10 percent less than a year ago and other hogs were down 15 percent. Of the other hogs and pigs, those weighing less than 120 pounds were down 14 percent from a year earlier, those weighing 120 to 179 pounds were down 18 percent and the 180 pound and over group were down 15 percent.

TEN STATES: The pig crop for the period December 1, 1964 to February 28, 1965 totaled 11,524,000 head, 8 percent less than a year earlier. A total of 1,594,000 sows farrowed during the quarter, down 8 percent from a year earlier. The average litter size was 7.23 pigs, the same as the comparable period in 1964. Intended farrowings during the next six months are expected to total 5,307,000, down 8 percent from the same months in 1964. The inventory of all hogs and pigs on farms on March 1, 1965 was estimated at 37,799,000 head, 8 percent less than a year earlier.

SPECIAL FEEDER PIG SURVEY

Feeder pig purchases by Minnesota farmers through the various marketing channels during the period from September 1, 1964 to February 28, 1965 were as follows: 52 percent direct from other farmers, 2 percent at special feeder pig sales, 12 percent at auctions and sales barns, and 34 percent from other dealers, terminal markets and cooperatives. Feeder pigs purchased during February 1965 averaged 52 pounds per head at an average cost of $12.20 per head. This compares with 50 pounds and $12.34 per head in February 1964. Funds for the Special Feeder Pig Survey were matched with funds received from the Agricultural Marketing Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, under provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946.

All hogs and pigs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and 10 States

Item	Minnesota				10 States 1/			
	1959-63 average	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1959-63 average	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
All Hogs on Farms:								
January 1	3,615	3,437	2,990	87	42,889	44,515	41,073	92
March 1	3,404	3,180	2,735	86	2/	40,866	37,799	92
Dec.-Feb. Pig Crop:								
Sows farrowing	156	144	135	94	1,856	1,724	1,594	92
Pigs per litter	2/	7.43	7.47	—	2/	7.23	7.23	—
Pig crop	2/	1,070	1,008	94	2/	12,467	11,524	92
Sows Farrowing:								
March - May	361	313	266	85	3,657	3,507	3,238	92
June - August	215	198	180	91	2,357	2,256	2,069	92

1/ Ohio, Ind. Ill, Wis., Minn., Iowa, Mo., S. Dak., Nebr. and Kans.
2/ Not available.

Eldon Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, pig crop,
December - February, 10 States, 1964 - 1965

State	December - February 1/						March - May 2/			June - August 2/		
	Sows farrowing			Pig crop 3/			Sows to farrow			Sows to farrow		
	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	112	102	91	781	737	94	169	159	94	150	135	90
Ind.	258	219	85	1,881	1,616	86	252	222	88	291	250	86
Ill.	321	289	90	2,263	2,075	92	617	580	94	408	371	91
Wis.	85	83	98	637	600	94	168	146	87	118	113	96
Minn.	144	135	94	1,070	1,008	94	313	266	85	198	180	91
Iowa	429	420	98	3,132	2,995	96	1,116	1,060	95	627	589	94
Mo.	171	154	90	1,235	1,100	89	292	263	90	211	207	98
S. Dak.	46	41	89	334	288	86	216	207	96	63	57	90
Nebr.	92	91	99	669	667	100	266	245	92	120	106	88
Kan.	66	60	91	465	438	94	98	90	92	70	61	87
Total 10 States	1,724	1,594	92	12,467	11,524	92	3,507	3,238	92	2,256	2,069	92

1/ December preceding year. 2/ Number indicated by breeding intentions reports.
3/ Number of pigs farrowed December through February which were still on hand March 1 or had been sold.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs, and other hogs by weight groups,
10 States, March 1, 1964 - 1965

State	All hogs and pigs			Breeding hogs			Other hogs and pigs					
							Under 120 pounds			120 pounds and over		
	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	2,406	2,262	94	361	339	94	1,237	1,135	92	808	788	98
Ind.	5,000	4,350	87	775	696	90	2,725	2,339	86	1,500	1,315	88
Ill.	7,486	6,812	91	1,295	1,158	89	3,386	3,104	92	2,805	2,550	91
Wis.	1,628	1,481	91	374	348	93	753	714	95	501	419	84
Minn.	3,180	2,735	86	620	561	90	1,431	1,235	86	1,129	939	83
Iowa	12,138	11,652	96	2,367	2,272	96	5,404	4,980	92	4,367	4,400	101
Mo.	3,804	3,500	92	628	595	95	1,953	1,729	89	1,223	1,176	96
S. Dak.	1,421	1,293	91	348	317	91	590	511	87	483	465	96
Nebr.	2,459	2,410	98	497	460	93	1,128	1,106	98	834	844	101
Kan.	1,344	1,304	97	228	222	97	708	671	95	408	411	101
Total 10 States	40,866	37,799	92	7,493	6,968	93	19,315	17,524	91	14,058	13,307	95

INTENDED CROP ACREAGES FOR 1965

MINNESOTA: Farmers intend to plant 5,786,000 acres of corn this spring, one percent less than last year. Soybean acreage is estimated at 3,223,000 acres, 12 percent above the 1964 planted acreage. This acreage is 3 percent above the record acreage planted in 1958. Spring wheat (other than durum) will be down 2 percent from 1964 and durum wheat down 22 percent. Barley acreage is expected to increase 4 percent over last year and sugar beet and hay acreages are expected to increase 1 percent each. Oat acreage is expected to decline 2 percent from a year earlier and flax acreage will be down 8 percent and lowest acreage since 1922. These acreages are based on a sample survey of farmer's planting intentions as of March 1, 1965 and may change depending upon weather and economic conditions between now and the actual planting dates.

UNITED STATES: The Nation's farmers intend to plant 257 million acres of the 17 crops covered by the March 1 survey. This is about the same as in 1964 but there are some changes between crops. Soybean acreage would be increased about 8 percent and corn down about 1 percent.

NOTE: A more detailed report is available on request.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

March 22, 1965

INTENDED CROP ACREAGES FOR 1965

MINNESOTA: Minnesota farmers intend to plant 5,786,000 acres of corn this spring, or 1 percent less than was planted last year, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This information is based on a sample survey of all farmers on planting intentions made about March 1. Increases in acreage are indicated for soybeans, barley, hay and sugar beets with no change indicated for potatoes. In addition to corn, decreases in acreage are also indicated for durum wheat, other spring wheat, oats and flax. The acreages actually planted in 1965 may turn out to be larger or smaller than indicated by this report for such reasons as weather conditions, economic factors, labor supply, agricultural programs and the effect of this report itself on farmers' actions. Farmers also have until March 26 to make their final decision on participating in the 1965 feed grain program.

Soybean acreage is expected to total 3,223,000 acres, 12 percent above the 2,878,000 acres planted in 1964. The intended acreage is 3 percent above the record acreage planted in 1958. Spring wheat (other than durum) will be planted on 834,000 acres, 2 percent less than last year. Durum wheat planted is expected to total only 61,000 acres compared with 78,000 planted in 1964.

A 4 percent increase in barley acreage is in prospect. Intended acreage totals 645,000 acres compared with 620,000 acres planted last year. Acreage of oats is expected to total 3,238,000, down 2 percent from the 3,304,000 planted in 1964. The indicated flax acreage of 443,000 acres is down 8 percent from the 481,000 acres planted last year. If farmers' intentions are carried out this will be the smallest flax acreage planted since 1922 when 310,000 acres were planted.

Sugar beet acreage is expected to be 124,000 acres, 1 percent above the planted record of 122,600 acres in 1964. Total potato acreage indicated for the State is 109,600 acres, about the same as last year.

Reports from farmers indicate a 1 percent increase in the 3,524,000 acres of hay to be harvested. Last year 3,489,000 acres were harvested.

UNITED STATES: The Nation's farmers intend to plant 257 million acres of the 17 crops covered by the March 1 planting intentions survey. This total is about the same as in 1964 but there are some dramatic shifts among crops. If growers carry out their plans for the 17 crops, and allowance is made for the other crops not surveyed in March, the indicated planted acreage of all crops totals 307 million acres for 1965, slightly more than last year's 306 million, but the third smallest planted acreage since records began in 1929. The record low is 301 million acres planted in 1961.

Growers' plans for 1965 crop acreages were reported during the sign up period for the 1965 Feed Grain, Spring Wheat and Cotton Programs. Farmers have had experience with these programs and it is expected that their planting plans included current decisions on participation in these programs.

Of the spring planted crops, soybeans continue to lead in acreage expansion, 2.6 million acres above last year. Sorghum is second, increasing two-thirds of a million acres. Other crops with larger acreages expected for 1965 are all hay, potatoes, sweetpotatoes, and dry beans. Oats leads the reduction decreasing 1.5 million acres, followed closely by a 1.4 million acre decrease in barley. Cotton and corn each show expected declines of about one-half million acres from 1964. Smaller acreages also are indicated for tobacco, flaxseed, spring wheat, sugar beets, dry peas, rice, and peanuts. Acreage estimates made in December indicated 4 percent more acreage of winter wheat but a 6 percent decline in rye seedings.

Producers' plans on March 1 indicate a total feed grain acreage of 120.3 million acres -- 2 percent less than last year and 13 percent below average. Decreases in barley at 12 percent and oats at 6 percent accounted for most of the drop in acreage. Corn acreage is expected to decrease 1 percent, but an increase of 4 percent is indicated for sorghum plantings.

The provision for substitution of wheat for feed grain acreage, on farms participating in both the 1965 Wheat and Feed Grain programs, is a major factor in the reduction of corn acreages in the Plains States and accounts for much of the drop in barley and oats acreage. In the Southern States, the expansion of soybean acreage results partly from reduced plantings of feed grains.

Corn acreages are expected to increase in the eastern Corn Belt, but all West North Central States, except Iowa, show smaller acreages. Barley acreages dropped in the important North Central and Western producing areas, but show a greater percentage decline in the less important South Central States. With the exception of North Dakota, growers plan for less acreage of oats in all States in the major producing North Central Region.

Soybean growers intend to plant 8 percent more acres for 1965 - the fifth consecutive year of record high acreages. The increase in soybean acreage more than offsets declines in each of the three other oilseed crops. Indicated acreage for the four oilseeds is 52.9 million acres -- 4 percent greater than last year. Soybean producers expect to seed 34.3 million acres, increasing in all regions except the minor producing North Atlantic States.

All regions except the South Atlantic plan to cut as much or more hay acreage than a year earlier. Appreciable increases are expected in some of the Plains States where hay supplies have been depleted. In the North Central Region, where over half of the Nation's hay is produced, an increase of 1 percent is expected.

March 1 indications of potato acreage for 1965 call for a 7 percent increase from last year. Larger acreages are expected for each seasonal group except early summer potatoes. Current intentions for the dominant late summer and fall crop indicate nearly a 7 percent expansion, with increases in 22 of the 33 producing States.

Prospective acreage of sugar beets is the second largest of record, but 5 percent less than last year's high because national acreage limitations restricted sugar beet acreage for the first time since 1960.

INDICATED ACREAGES, MINNESOTA AND UNITED STATES, 1965

CROPS	Acreage Planted			1965 as Percent of 1964
	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965	
	- Thousand Acres -			Percent
MINNESOTA:				
Corn, All	6,255	5,844	5,786	99
Durum Wheat	38	78	61	78
Other Spring Wheat	858	851	834	98
Oats	3,671	3,304	3,238	98
Barley	876	620	645	104
Flax	562	481	443	92
Soybeans, All Purposes	2,271	2,878	3,223	112
Potatoes, All	112.6	109.3	109.6	100
Hay, All Harvested	3,634	3,489	3,524	101
Sugar Beets	98.2	122.6	124.0	101
UNITED STATES:				
Corn, All	73,394	67,393	66,888	99.3
Durum Wheat	1,827	2,398	2,350	98.0
Other Spring Wheat	9,982	9,407	9,408	100.0
Oats	31,557	26,570	25,080	94.4
Barley	15,342	12,176	10,767	88.4
Flax	3,235	2,972	2,838	95.5
Soybeans, All Purposes	26,704	31,677	34,266	108.2
Potatoes, All	1,413.2	1,347.2	1,444.9	107.3
Hay, All Harvested	67,013	67,899	68,420	100.8
Sugar Beets	1,105.6	1,460.5	1,383.9	94.8

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Immediate Release

March 23, 1965

WOOL PRODUCTION AND VALUE, 1964

MINNESOTA: Production of wool in Minnesota for 1964 totaled 5,498,000 pounds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 7 percent less than the 1963 production. The decreased production was due to the smaller number of sheep and lambs shorn as well as a lower average weight per fleece. The value of the 1964 crop was $3,079,000 compared to $2,910,000 in 1963. The increased value was due to a higher average price per pound in 1964. The average price per pound was 56 cents, 7 cents more than received for the 1963 crop.

UNITED STATES: Production of shorn and pulled wool in the United States in 1964 amounted to 247 million pounds, grease basis. This was 7 percent below the 1963 production of 267 million pounds.

Shorn wool production in 1964 totaled 222 million pounds, a 7 percent decline from the 1963 production of 238 million pounds. Shorn wool production in 1964 is equivalent to 100 million pounds, clean basis, compared with 107 million pounds in 1963.

Pulled wool production in 1964 at 25.1 million pounds, was 13 percent below the 1963 production of 28.8 million pounds. Production of pulled wool in 1964 was equivalent to 18.8 million pounds, clean basis. The 1963 production on a clean basis was 21.6 million pounds. Commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs during the past year was 8 percent below the 1963 slaughter. The average weight of wool pulled per skin was 3.41 pounds compared with 3.32 pounds in 1963.

The number of sheep and lambs shorn in 1964 totaled 26.4 million head, a 5-percent decrease from the 27.9 million head shorn in 1963. The 1964 fleece weight was 8.40 pounds compared with 8.54 pounds in 1963.

The average price received by growers in the United States for shorn wool in 1964 was 53.2 cents per pound. In 1963 the average price per pound of wool produced from April through December (the 1963 marketing year) was 48.5 cents. Prices received in the native sheep States (which account for most of the "fleece" wool producing area of the country) averaged 55.2 cents per pound in 1964. For the 11 Western States, Texas, and South Dakota (which produce most of the "territory" wool) the 1964 season average price was 52.5 cents per pound. Total value of shorn wool produced in 1964 was $118 million, an increase of 2 percent from the 1963 value of $115 million.

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WOOL PRODUCTION AND VALUE, BY STATES, 1963-1964

State	Sheep Shorn 1/		Weight per Fleece 2/		Production		Price per Pound		Value	
	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963 3/	1964 4/	1963	1964 5/
	1,000 head		Pounds		1,000 pounds		Cents		1,000 dollars	
Maine	32	29	6.9	7.1	221	206	58	61	128	126
N. H.	6	6	6.8	6.7	41	40	54	58	22	23
Vt.	10	9	7.4	7.6	74	68	53	58	39	39
Mass.	11	10	7.1	6.5	78	65	55	60	43	39
R. I.	2	2	6.5	6.7	13	13	56	60	7	8
Conn.	7	7	6.7	7.1	47	50	53	58	25	29
N. Y.	115	114	7.7	7.9	882	900	54	61	476	549
N. J.	13	12	7.1	7.1	92	85	56	63	52	54
Pa.	201	193	7.4	7.3	1,487	1,409	53	61	788	859
Ohio	799	739	8.4	8.7	6,732	6,436	50	57	3,366	3,669
Ind.	367	356	7.7	7.9	2,836	2,820	49	54	1,390	1,523
Ill.	612	575	7.4	7.4	4,505	4,273	48	54	2,162	2,307
Mich.	315	288	8.3	8.6	2,627	2,474	51	57	1,340	1,410
Wis.	179	167	7.8	8.0	1,390	1,344	52	57	723	766
Minn.	761	715	7.8	7.7	5,938	5,498	49	56	2,910	3,079
Iowa	1,115	1,196	7.6	7.4	8,520	8,821	47	55	4,004	4,852
Mo.	520	477	7.7	8.0	3,992	3,793	48	56	1,916	2,124
N. Dak.	542	482	9.5	9.6	5,165	4,629	48	55	2,479	2,546
S. Dak.	1,505	1,586	9.2	8.8	13,820	13,885	49	56	6,772	7,776
Nebr.	571	548	7.7	7.7	4,395	4,210	45	51	1,978	2,147
Kans.	601	528	7.9	8.1	4,759	4,287	40	45	1,904	1,929
Del.	4	4	6.8	6.8	27	27	53	63	14	17
Md.	28	26	6.8	6.9	190	179	52	61	99	109
Va.	246	224	5.7	5.8	1,402	1,299	58	71	813	922
W. Va.	219	196	5.6	5.6	1,226	1,098	56	68	687	747
N. C.	38	32	6.1	6.2	232	198	55	67	128	133
S. C.	8	6	6.4	7.3	51	44	52	60	27	26
Ga.	12	10	6.0	6.2	72	62	50	56	36	35
Fla.	5	5	4.5	4.1	22	20	39	39	9	8
Ky.	260	214	7.0	7.1	1,820	1,519	53	57	965	866
Tenn.	140	106	5.7	5.3	798	562	52	59	415	332
Ala.	15	12	6.0	5.6	90	67	50	57	45	38
Miss.	37	28	5.0	5.2	185	146	51	55	94	80
Ark.	32	28	6.7	6.8	214	190	45	49	96	93
La.	68	59	4.4	4.3	299	254	47	52	141	132
Okla.	180	154	8.2	8.4	1,479	1,289	40	44	592	567
Texas	5,947	5,476	8.0	7.5	47,618	41,294	51	52	24,285	21,473
Mont.	1,395	1,369	10.2	9.8	14,254	13,444	50	55	7,127	7,394
Idaho	970	903	10.2	10.1	9,887	9,077	50	57	4,944	5,174
Wyo.	2,063	2,051	10.6	9.9	21,882	20,319	46	51	10,066	10,363
Colo.	1,633	1,339	9.2	9.5	15,005	12,776	46	50	6,902	6,388
N.Mex.	1,073	1,029	9.5	9.3	10,157	9,537	44	49	4,469	4,673
Ariz.	507	526	7.2	7.4	3,638	3,898	38	43	1,382	1,676
Utah	1,157	1,206	9.9	9.9	11,488	11,983	46	50	5,284	5,992
Nev.	253	250	9.5	9.6	2,398	2,394	44	51	1,055	1,221
Wash.	293	281	9.2	9.2	2,689	2,583	48	53	1,291	1,369
Oreg.	822	741	8.0	7.8	6,559	5,834	50	60	3,280	3,500
Calif.	2,172	2,081	7.7	7.8	16,722	16,309	50	53	8,361	8,644
48 States	27,861	26,395	8.54	8.40	238,018	221,708	48.5	53.2	115,131	117,826
Alaska	14	16	11.9	11.8	167	189	58	6/ 61	97	115
Hawaii			N O T		A V A I L A		B L E			
U. S.	27,875	26,411	8.54	8.40	238,185	221,897	48.5	53.2	115,228	117,941

1/Includes shearing at commercial feeding yards.
2/For Texas and California the weight per fleece is the amount of wool shorn per sheep and lamb during the year. 3/Average prices for each State are for marketing season April through December and are monthly prices weighted by sales each month. U.S. average price is State prices weighted by sales. 4/For each State, monthly price weighted by monthly sales of wool, Jan.1964 through Dec. 1964. U.S. average price is State prices weighted by sales. 5/1964 production multiplied by Jan.-Dec. average price. 6/Only small quantity of 1964 wool sold. Price for calculating value of production based on December 1964 sales.

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Immediate Release

March 25, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 20, 1965

TEN STATE: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,287,000 heavy white, 1,759,000 other heavy (principally bronze) and 171,000 light breed poults during the week ending March 20, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 13 percent, while bronze production was down 12 percent and light breed poult production was down 5 percent from the same week in 1964.

The 2,334,000 heavy white eggs set by the ten States during the past week was up 17 percent from the corresponding week in 1964. However, the 3,082,000 other heavy breed eggs set was down 9 percent, and the 293,000 light breed eggs set was down 10 percent from the same week last year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 27	320	282	171	216	810	878
Mar. 6	403	372	203	273	1,033	1,088
Mar. 13	406	507	181	219	971	1,244
Mar. 20	401	429	211	273	1,141	1,287
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 30	552	468	277	335	1,364	1,377
Feb. 6	690	629	333	412	1,747	1,676
Feb. 13	699	675	273	344	1,619	1,804
Feb. 20	742	707	314	395	1,929	1,992
Feb. 27	752	966	351	432	1,891	2,360
Mar. 6	776	719	330	480	1,989	2,243
Mar. 13	815	883	266	604	2,049	2,499
Mar. 20	670	858	394	438	1,993	2,334
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 27	409	250	323	219	1,173	904
Mar. 6	491	386	446	257	1,599	1,274
Mar. 13	543	461	448	370	1,684	1,577
Mar. 20	588	489	584	437	1,988	1,759
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 30	662	432	514	330	1,870	1,394
Feb. 6	779	666	681	407	2,468	2,045
Feb. 13	827	738	683	576	2,595	2,492
Feb. 20	899	727	911	672	3,059	2,625
Feb. 27	818	727	846	669	3,087	2,772
Mar. 6	896	731	1,018	785	3,451	2,846
Mar. 13	770	647	1,009	733	3,165	2,664
Mar. 20	824	745	1,015	954	3,382	3,082
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 27	#	#	34	9	176	183
Mar. 6	#	59	29	7	155	178
Mar. 13	#	32	41	5	164	194
Mar. 20	#	24	32	6	180	171
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 30	#	#	51	14	283	250
Feb. 6	#	88	44	10	245	266
Feb. 13	#	51	65	7	262	330
Feb. 20	#	41	52	9	288	264
Feb. 27	85	#	45	7	306	298
Mar. 6	#	66	51	9	305	275
Mar. 13	69	#	46	0	315	324
Mar. 20	#	#	50	2	326	293

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending March 20 included 429,000 heavy white, 489,000 bronze, and 24,000 light breed poults. For the corresponding week last year, 401,000 heavy white, 588,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 858,000 heavy white, 745,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. For the comparable week a year ago, there were 670,000 heavy white, 824,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 29 percent of the week's hatch compared with 22 percent the previous week and 20 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United-States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848		2,388		176		17,583		1,027	
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		20,194		1,299	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	2,878		3,176		259		30,193		1,732	
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 13 percent for heavy white and up 1 percent for the light breeds, but down 19 percent for the bronze.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was down 8 percent, and bronze production was down 23 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	2,973	1,534	7,108	2,611	3,250	9,562	1,605
1965	2,748	2,068	8,034	2,022	2,038	7,772	1,614
Pct. Change	-8	+35	+13	-23	-37	-19	+1

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APR 2 1965

Immediate Release

March 30, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid - March 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-March at 81 is the same as a month earlier and 5 points above a year earlier according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the previous month, crop prices, poultry and egg prices averaged 2 points higher, livestock prices averaged 1 point lower while dairy product prices remained the same. Compared with a year earlier, crop prices averaged 10 points higher, livestock prices 5 points higher, and dairy products 1 point higher.

The increase in the crops index from mid-February reflected higher prices for corn, wheat, rye, barley, soybeans, and hay. Compared with a month earlier corn was up 2 cents per bushel, wheat 1 cent, rye 2 cents, barley 1 cent, soybeans 8 cents and all hay $3.00 per ton higher. Compared with a year earlier corn averaged 4 cents per bushel higher, oats 3 cents, barley 11 cents, soybeans 33 cents, flax 2 cents, potatoes $2.90 per cwt., and all hay was $12.00 per ton higher. Wheat averaged 47 cents per bushel lower and rye 10 cents lower.

Livestock prices declined from mid-February as hogs averaged 40 cents per cwt. lower, calves $2.80, and sheep 90 cents. Cattle averaged 30 cents per cwt. higher than a month ago. Compared with a year earlier hogs averaged $2.30 per cwt. higher, lambs $1.50, while all cattle declined 10 cents per cwt. and sheep $1.00 per cwt.

Milk prices were only slightly -- 1 cent per cwt. lower than a month earlier but 6 cents higher than mid-March 1964.

Turkey prices averaged 23 cents per pound liveweight, 1 cent above last month and 2 cents above a year earlier. Chicken prices were 2 cents higher than a month earlier, and 1 cent above mid-March 1964. Egg prices averaged 22 cents per dozen, the same as mid-February, but down 3 cents from a year earlier.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	Mar. 15, Av. 1957-61	Mar. 15, 1962	Mar. 15, 1963	Mar. 15, 1964	Feb. 15, 1965	Mar. 15, 1965
All Farm Products	80	79	77	76	81	81
Crops	65	69	71	73	81	83
Livestock	91	88	79	78	84	83
Dairy Products	88	93	89	90	91	91
Poultry and Eggs	69	60	69	60	55	57

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Mar. 15, 1961	Mar. 15, 1962	Mar. 15, 1963	Mar. 15, 1964	Feb. 15, 1965	Mar. 15, 1965
Prices Received	243	246	240	239	238	239
Prices Paid 1/	303	306	311	313	318	318
Parity Ratio	80	80	78	76	75	75

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			MARCH 15, 1965			
		MAR. 15, 1964	FEB. 15, 1965	MAR. 15, 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS--			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	2.02	1.54	1.55	1.40	1.41	1.43	1.36
RYE	BU.	1.10	.98	1.00	1.01	.87	.95	.955
CORN	BU.	1.03	1.05	1.07	1.10	1.07	1.14	1.18
OATS	BU.	.59	.62	.62	.68	.52	.62	.660
BARLEY	BU.	.85	.95	.96	.90	.90	.89	.968
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.49	2.74	2.82	2.81	2.69	2.74	2.85
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.91	2.98	2.93	2.85	2.87	2.93	2.89
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	17.50	26.50	29.50	19.50	23.00	22.00	25.70
POTATOES	CWT.	1.55	4.60	4.45	4.75	4.45	5.00	4.19
HOGS	CWT.	13.90	16.60	16.20	16.20	15.40	16.10	16.30
COWS	CWT.	14.00	12.80	13.10	13.10	11.90	12.40	13.00
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	19.30	20.40	20.40	22.00	18.80	20.20	20.60
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	17.30	16.90	17.20	21.00	17.30	18.60	18.60
CALVES	CWT.	26.30	27.00	24.20	20.50	20.60	21.90	20.50
SHEEP	CWT.	7.60	7.50	6.60	5.50	5.60	5.50	6.29
LAMBS	CWT.	21.90	23.40	23.40	22.50	22.10	23.10	22.30
MILK COWS	HEAD	220.00	215.00	215.00	210.00	185.00	205.00	208.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.19	3.26	3.25	3.45	3.30	3.30	4.15
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.64	.64	.63	.62	.60	.60	.586
TURKEYS, LIVE	LB	.210	.220	.230	.230	-	-	.226
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.065	.060	.060	.055	.050	.050	.092
EGGS	DOZ.	.250	.220	.220	.215	.230	.206	.307
WOOL	LB.	.51	.46	.48	.46	.47	.46	.477
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.75	2.95	3.00	3.30	3.05	3.25	3.27
SOYBEAN MEAL 44%	CWT.	4.85	4.50	4.55	4.60	4.90	4.80	4.80
HOG FEED 29% & OVER	CWT.	5.90	5.70	5.70	5.80	5.80	5.90	5.74
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% & OVER	CWT.	4.90	4.80	4.75	4.80	4.75	4.65	4.52
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.65	-	-	3.73
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.99	2.92	2.91	2.93	2.80	2.79	3.43
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.25	4.25	4.20	4.70	4.65	4.50	4.38
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		13.5	15.8	15.1	14.7	14.4	14.1	13.8
BEEF-CORN 1/		18.7	19.4	19.1	20.0	17.6	17.7	17.5
EGG-FEED 2/		8.4	7.5	7.6	7.3	8.2	7.4	9.0
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.2	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.7

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

APR 8 1965

Immediate Release

March 31, 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER - FEBRUARY 1965 1/

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during February 1965 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 121,000 head or 6 percent more than a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Calf slaughter was up 31 percent over last year while there was practically no change in hog slaughter. Sheep and lamb slaughter is down sharply from last year.

Cattle slaughtered during February averaged 1,064 pounds per head, or lower than the 1,108 pound average of a year earlier. Calf slaughter at 22,300 head in February was up sharply from the 17,000 killed in the same month last year. The average weight dropped slightly to 185 pounds from 187 pounds last year.

Hog slaughter in February at 460,000 head was essentially the same as the 461,000 head reported for February 1964. The average weight of hogs at 240 pounds was 4 pounds lower than a year earlier.

There were 54,500 sheep and lambs slaughtered in the State in February compared with 73,500 head a year earlier. The average liveweight increased slightly from 104 to 106 pounds.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during February in the 48 States totaled 2,352 million pounds, 2 percent less than February 1964 and 13 percent below January 1965. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

Beef production during February was 1,365 million pounds, 5 percent above February 1964, but 11 percent below January 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during February totaled 2,340,800 head, 11 percent greater than a year earlier, but 11 percent less than the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,021 pounds, 34 pounds less than February 1964 and 3 pounds less than January 1965.

There were 69 million pounds of veal produced during February, 8 percent more than a year earlier, but 13 percent less than a month earlier. The 566,800 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 11 percent greater than February 1964, but 6 percent less than January 1965. Calves slaughtered during February averaged 219 pounds per head, 2 pounds less than a year ago and 14 pounds lighter than the previous month.

Pork production during February totaled 871 million pounds, 10 percent below February 1964 and 14 percent less than January 1965. The hog kill during February was 6,160,900 head, 10 percent less than a year earlier and 12 percent less than a month earlier. The average live weight of hogs slaughtered during the month was 233 pounds per head, 4 pounds lighter than a year ago and 6 pounds less than the previous month. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of live weight of hogs was 11.6 pounds compared with 11.9 pounds in February 1964 and 11.6 in January 1965.

There were 47 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during February, 15 percent less than a year earlier and 20 percent below a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during February was 936,200 head, 14 percent fewer than February 1964 and 20 percent less than January 1965. Sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month averaged 103 pounds per head, the same as both a year earlier and the previous month.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	February		February 1965 as percent of February 1964	February Average Liveweight	
	1964	1965		1964	1965
MINNESOTA	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
Cattle	114.0	121.0	106.1	1,108	1,064
Calves	17.0	22.3	131.2	187	185
Hogs	461.0	460.0	99.8	244	240
Sheep and Lambs	73.5	54.5	74.1	104	106
UNITED STATES					
Cattle	2,116.5	2,340.8	110.6	1,055	1,021
Calves	510.7	566.8	111.0	221	219
Hogs	6,820.0	6,160.9	90.3	237	233
Sheep and Lambs	1,087.9	936.2	86.1	103	103

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, UNITED STATES, FEBRUARY 1964-65 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
February 1964	1,299	64	972	55	2,390	464	192
January 1965	1,536	79	1,016	59	2,690	560	194
February 1965	1,365	69	871	47	2,352	469	167

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.

3/ Chicken and turkey meat -- ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

APR 2 1965

Immediate Release

April 1, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 27, 1965

TEN STATE: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,541,000 heavy white, 1,689,000 other heavy (principally bronze) and 175,000 light breed poults during the week ending March 27, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 33 percent, while bronze production was down 15 percent and light breed poult production was down 6 percent from the same week in 1964.

The 2,517,000 heavy white eggs set by the ten States during the past week was up 21 percent from the corresponding week in 1964. However, the 3,053,000 other heavy breed eggs set was down 10 percent and the 322,000 light breed eggs set was down 4 percent from the same week last year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 6	403	372	203	273	1,033	1,088
Mar. 13	406	507	181	219	971	1,244
Mar. 20	401	429	211	273	1,141	1,287
Mar. 27	449	619	232	222	1,159	1,541
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 6	690	629	333	412	1,747	1,676
Feb. 13	699	675	273	344	1,619	1,804
Feb. 20	742	707	314	395	1,929	1,992
Feb. 27	752	966	351	432	1,891	2,360
Mar. 6	776	719	330	480	1,989	2,243
Mar. 13	815	883	266	604	2,049	2,499
Mar. 20	670	858	394	438	1,993	2,334
Mar. 27	725	807	450	470	2,072	2,517
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 6	491	386	446	257	1,599	1,274
Mar. 13	543	461	448	370	1,684	1,577
Mar. 20	588	489	584	437	1,988	1,759
Mar. 27	526	435	555	416	1,994	1,689
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 6	779	666	681	407	2,468	2,045
Feb. 13	827	738	683	576	2,595	2,492
Feb. 20	899	727	911	672	3,059	2,625
Feb. 27	818	727	846	669	3,087	2,772
Mar. 6	896	731	1,018	785	3,451	2,846
Mar. 13	770	647	1,009	733	3,165	2,664
Mar. 20	824	745	1,015	954	3,382	3,082
Mar. 27	785	626	1,059	1,022	3,384	3,053
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 6	#	59	29	7	155	178
Mar. 13	#	32	41	5	164	194
Mar. 20	#	24	32	6	180	171
Mar. 27	52	#	28	4	186	175
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 6	#	88	44	10	245	266
Feb. 13	#	51	65	7	262	330
Feb. 20	#	41	52	9	288	264
Feb. 27	85	#	45	7	306	298
Mar. 6	#	66	51	9	305	275
Mar. 13	69	#	46	0	315	324
Mar. 20	#	#	50	2	326	293
Mar. 27	#	55	46	0	337	322

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending March 27 included 619,000 heavy white, 435,000 bronze and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. Compared with the comparable week a year ago, heavy white production was up 38 percent but bronze production was down 17 percent.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 807,000 heavy white, 626,000 bronze, and 55,000 light breed eggs. For the comparable week a year ago there were 725,000 heavy white, 785,000 bronze and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 40 percent of the week's hatch compared with 29 percent the previous week and 26 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848		2,388		176		17,583		1,027	
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		20,194		1,299	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	2,878		3,176		259		30,193		1,732	
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 16 percent for heavy white. Bronze production was down 18 percent.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was down 2 percent, and bronze production was down 22 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 TO DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	3,422	1,766	8,267	3,137	3,805	11,556	1,791
1965	3,367	2,390	9,575	2,457	2,454	9,461	1,789
Pct. Change	-2	+35	+16	-22	-36	-18	-

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

April 8, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 3, 1965

TEN STATE: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,401,000 heavy white, 1,808,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 178,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending April 3, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 21 percent, while bronze production was down 17 percent and light breed poult production was down 4 percent from the same week in 1964.

The 2,470,000 heavy white eggs set by the ten States during the past week was up 3 percent from the corresponding week in 1964. However, the 3,024,000 other heavy breed eggs set was down 6 percent, and the 370,000 light breed eggs set was down 24 percent from the same week last year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
			Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Mar. 13	406	507	181	219	971	1,244
Mar. 20	401	429	211	273	1,141	1,287
Mar. 27	449	619	232	322	1,159	1,541
Apr. 3	442	464	194	298	1,159	1,401
			Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Feb. 13	699	675	273	344	1,619	1,804
Feb. 20	742	707	314	395	1,929	1,992
Feb. 27	752	966	351	432	1,891	2,360
Mar. 6	776	719	330	480	1,989	2,243
Mar. 13	815	883	266	604	2,049	2,499
Mar. 20	670	858	394	438	1,993	2,334
Mar. 27	725	807	450	470	2,072	2,517
Apr. 3	738	927	680	521	2,404	2,470
			Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Mar. 13	543	461	448	370	1,684	1,577
Mar. 20	588	489	584	437	1,988	1,759
Mar. 27	526	435	555	416	1,994	1,689
Apr. 3	561	466	635	528	2,180	1,808
			Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Feb. 13	827	738	683	576	2,595	2,492
Feb. 20	899	727	911	672	3,059	2,625
Feb. 27	818	727	846	669	3,087	2,772
Mar. 6	896	731	1,018	785	3,451	2,846
Mar. 13	770	647	1,009	733	3,165	2,664
Mar. 20	824	745	1,015	954	3,382	3,082
Mar. 27	785	626	1,059	1,022	3,384	3,053
Apr. 3	801	713	940	966	3,222	3,024
			Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Mar. 13	#	32	41	5	164	194
Mar. 20	#	24	32	6	180	171
Mar. 27	52	#	28	4	186	175
Apr. 3	#	41	32	6	185	178
			Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Feb. 13	#	51	65	7	262	330
Feb. 20	#	41	52	9	288	264
Feb. 27	85	#	45	7	306	298
Mar. 6	#	66	51	9	305	275
Mar. 13	69	#	46	0	315	324
Mar. 20	#	#	50	2	326	293
Mar. 27	#	55	46	0	337	322
Apr. 3	54	#	53	2	488	370

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending April 3 included 464,000 heavy white, 466,000 bronze, and 41,000 light breed poults. For the corresponding week last year 442,000 heavy white, 561,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 927,000 heavy white, 713,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 738,000 heavy white, 801,000 bronze, and 54,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 32 percent of the week's hatch compared with 40 percent the previous week and 20 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United-States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848		2,388		176		17,583		1,027	
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		20,194		1,299	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	2,878		3,176		259		30,193		1,732	
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 17 percent for the heavy whites, unchanged for the lights, and down 18 percent for the bronze breeds.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was down 1 percent and bronze production was down 20 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	3,864	1,943	9,406	3,698	4,440	13,734	1,973
1965	3,812	2,688	10,989	2,957	2,982	11,269	1,967
Pct. Change	-1	+38	+17	-20	-33	-18	---

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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APR 13 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

April 9, 1965

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT - APRIL 1, 1965

Precipitation for March in most of the State was at record high levels and temperatures averaged far below normal according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy snow cover and muddy fields over the State on April 1 limited farm work to feeding and care of livestock and poultry and other chores. No field work had been done and everything pointed to a very late spring.

On April 1, fall seeded grains, hay fields and pastures were still dormant. Moisture supplies appeared to be generally adequate.

Winter wheat and rye were both reported as in good condition with winter wheat production forecast at 230,000 bushels, 62,000 bushels less than last year and the smallest crop of record as the acreage planted to this crop continues its long time decline.

Corn stocks on Minnesota farms April 1 totaled 188 million bushels compared with 258 million a year ago which was a record high for April 1. A total of 71 million bushels of oats were in farm storage on April 1. This was 14 million bushels less than a year earlier and 10 million bushels below the 5-year 1959-63 average.

Farm stocks of barley were 6.9 million bushels compared with 12.2 million last year. Average stocks for April 1 are 13.7 million bushels. There were 178,000 bushels of rye stored on farms compared with 75,000 a year ago. Farm wheat supplies totaled 6.2 million bushels compared with 3.7 million on hand a year earlier and the average April 1 stocks of 5.4 million bushels.

April 1 soybean stocks on farms totaled 14.3 million bushels compared with 24.5 million a year earlier and the 5-year average of 16.7 million bushels. Flax stocks on April 1 amounted to 1,080,000 bushels compared with 1,208,000 a year ago.

MILK: Milk production for Minnesota in March totaled 1,126 million pounds, up 1 percent from the 1,116 million pounds produced in the same month a year ago, and up 7 percent from the 1959-63 average of 1,051 million pounds. Milk production per cow for March was 890 pouds, compared with 882 pounds for March 1964.

EGGS: March production of eggs in Minnesota totaled 241 million, 18 million less than in March 1964. The number of layers for the month averaged 12,168,000. This is 8 percent less than the 13,181,000 layers a year earlier. The rate of lay for the month was 64 percent the same as a year ago.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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Immediate Release

April 15, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 10, 1965

TEN STATE: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,512,000 heavy white, 1,673,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 210,000 light breed poults during the week ending April 10, 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 22 percent, and light breed poult production was up 7 percent, while bronze production was down 18 percent from the same week in 1964.

The 2,657,000 heavy white eggs set in the ten States during the past week was up 28 percent, and the 551,000 light breed eggs up 17 percent from the corresponding week in 1964. However, the 3,052,000 other heavy breed eggs set was down 17 percent a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 20	401	429	211	273	1,141	1,287
Mar. 27	449	600	232	322	1,159	1,522
Apr. 3	442	464	194	298	1,159	1,401
Apr. 11	490	543	162	353	1,240	1,512
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 20	742	747	314	436	1,929	2,153
Feb. 27	752	964	351	499	1,891	2,505
Mar. 6	776	719	330	480	1,989	2,244
Mar. 13	815	883	266	604	2,049	2,516
Mar. 20	670	858	394	438	1,993	2,359
Mar. 27	725	807	450	470	2,072	2,517
Apr. 3	738	927	680	521	2,404	2,470
Apr. 11	792	940	399	541	2,076	2,657
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 20	588	489	584	437	1,988	1,759
Mar. 27	526	469	555	416	1,994	1,723
Apr. 3	561	466	635	528	2,180	1,808
Apr. 11	479	395	652	473	2,028	1,673
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 20	899	747	911	672	3,059	2,707
Feb. 27	818	727	846	654	3,087	2,797
Mar. 6	896	731	1,018	785	3,451	2,803
Mar. 13	770	647	1,009	733	3,165	2,662
Mar. 20	824	745	1,015	954	3,382	3,093
Mar. 27	785	626	1,059	1,022	3,384	3,053
Apr. 3	801	713	940	966	3,222	3,024
Apr. 11	922	679	1,112	999	3,677	3,052
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 20	#	24	32	6	180	171
Mar. 27	52	#	28	4	186	176
Apr. 3	#	41	32	6	185	178
Apr. 11	44	#	29	0	196	210
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 20	#	41	52	9	288	270
Feb. 27	85	#	45	7	306	311
Mar. 6	#	66	51	9	305	277
Mar. 13	69	#	46	0	315	324
Mar. 20	#	#	50	2	326	284
Mar. 27	#	55	46	0	337	322
Apr. 3	54	#	53	2	488	370
Apr. 11	62	#	43	0	471	551

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending April 10 included 543,000 heavy white, 395,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. For the corresponding week last year, 490,000 heavy white, 479,000 bronze, and 44,000 light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 940,000 heavy white, 679,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 792,000 heavy white, 922,000 bronze, and 62,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 29 percent of the week's hatch compared with 32 percent the previous week and 30 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United-States			
	Heavy-Breeds						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		20,194		1,299	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 17 percent for heavy whites, unchanged for the light breeds, and down 18 percent for the other heavy breeds.

For Minnesota-Wisconsin the January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was unchanged, while bronze production was down 20 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn. Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	4,354	2,105	10,646	4,177	5,092	15,762	2,169
1965	4,355	3,064	12,505	3,352	3,455	12,985	2,178
Pct. Change	--	+46	+17	-20	-32	-18	--

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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Immediate Release

April 19, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
March 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 4,018,000 chicks during March 1965 which was 31 percent below March 1964, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The March hatch consisted of 3,271,000 egg-type and 747,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was down 31 percent from March 1964, and broiler-type chick production was down 32 percent. For the period January through March, the egg-type chick hatch was down 26 percent, and the broiler-type chick hatch was down 30 percent from the same period in 1964. The number of eggs in incubators on April 1 was down 30 percent from last year for egg-type eggs.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-March was $2.91 per 100 pounds, compared to $2.92 the previous month and $2.99 a year earlier. On March 15 the egg-feed ratio was 7.6 compared with 7.5 the previous month and 8.4 a year ago.

Chick hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	643	631	- 2	992	723	- 27
February	1,304	1,031	- 21	880	612	- 30
March	4.707	3,271	- 31	1,106	747	- 32
April	7.466			1,164		
May	5,932			1,146		
June	1,698			1,073		
July	623			984		
August	396			863		
September	503			862		
October	469			710		
November	551			700		
December	538			760		

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Chick production by hatcheries during March 1965 was 277,464,000 compared with 286,303,000 in March 1964. Broiler chicks hatched during March totaled 217,232,000, up 2 percent from March last year. During the first three months of 1965 there were 595,839,000 broiler chicks produced--up 3 percent from comparable period last year. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on April 1 was up 5 percent from April 1 last year.

There were 60,232,000 egg-type chicks hatched in March -- down 19 percent from March 1964 and the smallest March hatch of record. All sections of the country reported decreases -- 24 percent in the North Atlantic and West North Central States, 22 percent in the East North Central, 16 percent in the South Atlantic, 14 percent in the West and 7 percent in the South Central States. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on April 1 was down 19 percent from April 1 last year.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During March			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	620	600	3,620	2,800
Indiana	2,668	2,310	3,509	2,997
Illinois	172	125	3,524	2,758
Michigan	470	400	1,690	1,250
Wisconsin	994	1,050	1,948	1,300
E. N. CENTRAL	4,924	4,485	14,291	11,105
Minnesota	1,106	747	4,707	3,271
Iowa	280	250	5,250	4,100
Missouri	4,620	3,392	2,907	2,426
North Dakota	1/	1/	255	96
South Dakota	1/	1/	1,680	1,316
Nebraska	340	290	2,336	1,694
Kansas	291	150	1,736	1,350
1/ W. N. CENTRAL	1/ 6,706	1/ 4,868	18,871	14,253
UNITED STATES	211,967	217,232	74,336	60,232

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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April 19, 1965

CATTLE ON FEED - APRIL 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Cattle and calves on grain feed in Minnesota on April 1, 1965 were estimated at 451,000 head. This was 10 percent less than a year earlier and 11 percent lower than the number in feedlots on January 1, 1965.

Marketings of grain fed cattle during January, February and March 1965 were 164,000 head, 1 percent above the same months in 1964.

Placements of cattle and calves on grain feed for commercial slaughter during the first three months of 1965 totaled 109,000 head, down 38 percent from the high number of placements for this quarter in 1964. Recorded inshipments of stockers and feeders into Minnesota during January and February were 17 percent smaller than for a year earlier.

Of the cattle and calves on grain feed April 1, two-thirds or 302,000 head were steers and steer calves and remainder were heifers, heifer calves, cows and other cattle. By weight groups, cattle weighing less than 900 pounds accounted for 78 percent of those on feed compared with 72 percent a year earlier. Cattle weighing 900 pounds and over at 100,000 head showed a decline of 29 percent from the 140,000 head a year ago.

According to marketing intentions as indicated by feeders on April 1, 1965, an estimated 155,000 head of the 451,000 head on feed will be marketed during April, May, and June 1965. If realized, marketings will be 17 percent less than those during these same months in 1964.

32 STATES: On April 1, 1965 there were 8,450,000 cattle and calves on feed in 32 major feeding States for slaughter market, 2 percent less than a year earlier. There was a 10 percent decrease in number on feed from January 1 to April 1 this year compared with a 7 percent decrease for this same period last year. All the decrease in number on feed from a year earlier was in cattle weighing more than 700 pounds. There was an increase in the number of heifers and heifer calves on feed April 1 compared with a year earlier.

There were 5,556,000 cattle and calves on feed April 1 in the North Central States --2 percent fewer than a year earlier. Iowa, the leading State, was down 1 percent but Nebraska the next ranking State was up 8 percent. Only three other States in this region showed increases: Ohio, up 2 percent; Michigan, up 3 percent; and Wisconsin up 11 percent. All other States in this region showed decreases from a year earlier ranging from 2 percent for Illinois to 18 percent for North Dakota.

On April 1, there were 2,133,000 cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in the 11 Western States--a decrease of 3 percent from April 1 last year. California, the leading Western State, showed a decrease of 11 percent from last year; Arizona was off 10 percent; but Colorado showed an increase of 9 percent over last year. Montana and Utah were both down 3 percent in number of cattle on feed. Other Western States ranged from no change for Washington to a 17 percent increase for Oregon.

The nine other cattle feeding States had 761,000 cattle and calves on feed April 1--up 4 percent from last year. Texas showed an increase of 4 percent over last year. Oklahoma was up 10 percent and Florida was up 31 percent. Pennsylvania, Georgia, Tennessee and Mississippi had fewer cattle on feed this April 1 than a year earlier.

There were 3,504,000 cattle and calves placed on feed January through March in the 32 States, a decrease of 1 percent from the same period in 1964. Compared with a year earlier, placements were down 6 percent in the North Central States but up 6 percent in the Western States. Shipments of stocker and feeder cattle into 8 Corn Belt States during January and February were down 16 percent from the same period in 1964.

Marketings of fed cattle for slaughter during January through March totaled 4,411,000 head in the 32 States--up 5 percent from the same period in 1964. Fed cattle marketings in the North Central States were down 1 percent from last year, but in the Western States, marketings were up 15 percent.

Cattle feeders plan to market about 4,173,000 head during April, May and June. If these intentions are carried out, 49 percent of the cattle and calves on feed on April 1, 1965 will be sold during these 3 months.

ELDON L. JOHNSON
AGRICULTURAL STATISTICIAN

F. J. GRAHAM
STATE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICIAN

Cattle and Calves on Grain Feed, Minnesota and 32 States, 1965 with Comparisons

ITEM	MINNESOTA			32 STATES		
	1964	1965	1965 % of 1964	1964	1965	1965 % of 1964
	1,000 Head		Percent	1,000 Head		Percent
Cattle and Calves on Feed, January 1	487	506	104	9,292	9,357	101
Placed on Feed Jan. 1-Mar. 31 1/	177	109	62	3,535	3,504	99
Fed Cattle Marketed Jan. 1-Mar. 31 1/	163	164	101	4,215	4,411	105
Cattle and Calves on Feed, April 1	501	451	90	8,612	8,450	98
Kinds on Feed - April 1						
Steers and Steer Calves	361	302	84	6,239	5,953	95
Heifers and Heifer Calves	138	148	107	2,341	2,466	105
Cows and Other	2	1	50	32	31	97
Time on Feed - April 1						
Under 3 months	175	108	62	3,451	3,393	98
3-6 months	276	302	109	4,498	4,474	99
Over 6 months	50	41	82	663	583	88
Weight Groups - April 1						
Under 900 pounds	361	351	97	6,026	6,330	105
900 - 1,099 pounds	107	91	85	2,018	1,750	87
1,100 pounds and over	33	9	27	568	370	65
April-June Marketings	2/ 186	3/ 155	83	2/ 4,367	3/ 4,173	96

1/ Includes cattle placed on feed after beginning of quarter and marketed before end of quarter.
2/ Actual marketings from April 1 number on feed, excluding those placed on feed after April 1 and marketed before June 30. 3/ Expected marketings from April 1, 1965 number on feed.

Cattle and Calves on Feed by Quarters April 1, 1964, January 1 and April 1, 1965 1/

STATE	April 1, 1964	January 1, 1965	April 1, 1965	April 1, 1965 as percent of April 1, 1964
	- - 1,000 Head - -			Percent
Pennsylvania	69	80	67	97
Ohio	192	200	196	102
Indiana	215	220	189	88
Illinois	622	659	610	98
Michigan	143	160	147	103
Wisconsin	120	137	133	111
Minnesota	501	506	451	90
Iowa	1,818	1,748	1,800	99
Missouri	242	270	225	93
North Dakota	141	158	116	82
South Dakota	342	349	332	97
Nebraska	965	1,027	1,041	108
Kansas	381	407	316	83
North Central States	5,682	5,841	5,556	98
Georgia	67	84	55	82
Florida	35	81	46	131
Kentucky	54	65	62	115
Tennessee	29	35	25	86
Alabama	23	44	29	126
Mississippi	14	22	11	79
Oklahoma	93	115	102	110
Texas	349	488	364	104
Montana	73	92	71	97
Idaho	129	153	137	106
Wyoming	34	40	35	103
Colorado	468	534	509	109
New Mexico	93	99	96	103
Arizona	319	348	287	90
Utah	60	66	58	97
Nevada	18	25	20	111
Washington	118	137	118	100
Oregon	65	93	76	117
California	820	915	726	89
Western States	2,197	2,502	2,133	97
32 State Total	8,612	9,357	8,450	98

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for the slaughter market on grain or other concentrates which are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

April 22, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 17, 1965

TEN STATE: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,507,000 heavy white, 1,859,000 other heavy, (principally bronze), and 189,000 light breed poults during the week ending April 17, 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 25 percent while bronze production was down 11 percent and light breed production was down 8 percent from the same week in 1964.

Hatcheries in the ten States set 2,831,000 heavy white, 3,051,000 bronze, and 422,000 eggs last week. For the corresponding week in 1964 there were 2,216,000 heavy white, 3,420,000 bronze, and 526,000 light breed eggs set.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending April 17 included 516,000 heavy white, up 33 percent from 1964, and 438,000 bronze, down 13 percent from the same week in 1964. Production of light breed poults is withheld to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 27	449	600	232	322	1,159	1,522
Apr. 3	442	464	194	298	1,159	1,401
Apr. 11	490	543	162	353	1,240	1,512
Apr. 17	389	516	237	302	1,203	1,507
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 27	752	964	351	499	1,891	2,505
Mar. 6	776	719	330	480	1,989	2,244
Mar. 13	815	883	266	604	2,049	2,516
Mar. 20	670	858	394	438	1,993	2,359
Mar. 27	725	807	450	470	2,072	2,517
Apr. 3	738	927	680	521	2,404	2,470
Apr. 11	792	940	399	541	2,076	2,657
Apr. 17	722	932	419	622	2,216	2,831
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 27	526	469	555	416	1,994	1,723
Apr. 3	561	466	635	528	2,180	1,808
Apr. 11	479	395	652	473	2,028	1,673
Apr. 17	502	438	607	548	2,088	1,859
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 27	818	727	846	654	3,087	2,797
Mar. 6	896	731	1,018	785	3,451	2,803
Mar. 13	770	647	1,009	733	3,165	2,662
Mar. 20	824	745	1,015	954	3,382	3,093
Mar. 27	785	626	1,059	1,022	3,384	3,053
Apr. 3	801	713	940	966	3,222	3,024
Apr. 11	922	679	1,112	999	3,677	3,052
Apr. 17	828	684	1,040	952	3,420	3,051
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 27	52	#	28	4	186	176
Apr. 3	#	41	32	6	185	178
Apr. 11	44	#	29	0	196	210
Apr. 17	#	#	31	2	205	189
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 27	85	#	45	7	306	311
Mar. 6	#	66	51	9	305	277
Mar. 13	69	#	46	0	315	324
Mar. 20	#	#	50	2	326	284
Mar. 27	#	55	46	0	337	322
Apr. 3	54	#	53	2	488	370
Apr. 11	62	#	43	0	471	551
Apr. 17	#	46	49	5	526	422

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 932,000 heavy white, 684,000 bronze, and 46,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 722,000 heavy white, 828,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 28 percent of the week's hatch compared to 29 percent the previous week and 20 percent a year ago.

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested for pullorum disease during March in Minnesota included 28,955 heavy white, no bronze, and 5,621 light breed turkeys. This compares with 10,610 heavy white, no bronze, and 8,321 light breed turkeys in March 1964. The United States total for heavy white breed turkeys during March was 94,596--up 57 percent from March last year. Other heavy breeds tested totaled 20,440--down 46 percent from March 1964. There were 33,050 light breed birds tested in the United States during March,--up 5 percent from March of last year.

July through March testings for Minnesota were up 16 percent for heavy white breeds, up 2 percent for light breeds, but down 20 percent for bronze turkeys from the same period for a year earlier. United States testings for the period July through March show an increase of 14 percent for the heavy white breeds, and 9 percent for the light breeds; but a decrease of 14 percent for the bronze from the same period the year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United-States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Poults Hatched - Thousands										
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		20,194		1,299	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands										
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 18 percent for heavy whites, unchanged for the light breeds, and down 17 percent for the other heavy breeds.

For Minnesota-Wisconsin, the January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was up 3 percent while bronze production was down 19 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	4,743	2,342	11,849	4,679	5,699	17,850	2,374
1965	4,871	3,366	14,012	3,790	4,003	14,844	2,367
Pct. Change	+3	+44	+18	-19	-30	-17	--

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

April 27, 1965

GRAIN STOCKS - April 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Stocks of corn in all storage positions in the State totaled 278 million bushels on April 1, 21 percent below last year's holdings, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farm stocks were about 70 million bushels less than holdings a year earlier, while off-farm stocks were about 3 million bushels below a year ago. Off-farm stocks totaled 90 million bushels and were stored in the following positions: 32.5 million in country elevators, 11.6 million in the terminal areas of Minneapolis-St. Paul and Duluth, 0.3 million in country processing plants (including hybrid seed corn firms) and 45.5 million bushels in Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) bin sites.

Total wheat stocks of 90 million bushels in all storage positions were 3 percent above April 1, 1964 stocks. Wheat held on farms totaled 6.2 million bushels compared with 3.7 million a year ago. Off-farm stocks of 83.4 million bushels were just slightly above a year earlier and were stored in the following positions: 67.1 million bushels in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas, 12.9 million in country elevators, and 3.3 million at country processors. Holdings in CCC bins amounted to only 115,000 bushels.

Stocks of oats in all storage positions totaled 83 million bushels, 13 percent less than a year ago. Farm stocks of 70.5 million bushels, accounted for 85 percent of total stocks. Off-farm stocks totaled 12.1 million bushels with 8.7 million in country elevators and 2.9 million in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas. Oats in CCC bins totaled 483,000 bushels.

Barley stocks in all storage positions of 26.5 million bushels were 8.5 million bushels less than the quantity held a year earlier. Farm holdings totaled 6.9 million compared with 12.2 million bushels last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 19.6 million bushels and were held in the following positions: 14.8 million in the terminal areas, 2.9 million in country elevators, 1.9 million in country processing plants.

Stocks of rye in all storage positions totaled 2.1 million bushels compared with 2.0 million bushels on hand last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 1.9 million bushels of which 1.5 million were held in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas. Country processors held 181,000 bushels and country elevators 171,000 bushels. Farm stocks amounted to 178,000 bushels compared with 75,000 bushels a year earlier.

April 1, 1965, stocks of soybeans in all storage positions totaled 38 million bushels, 6 percent less than stocks held the previous year. Farm stocks totaled 14.3 million bushels compared with 24.5 million bushels held a year ago. Off-farm stocks totaled 23.6 million bushels of which 8.0 million were held in country elevators, 11.6 million in the terminal areas and 4.0 million bushels were held by country processors.

Flax stocks in all storage positions totaled 7.1 million bushels, 14 percent less than the 8.2 million held April 1, 1964. Farm stocks amounted to 1.1 million bushels compared with 1.2 million held a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 6.0 million bushels compared with 7.0 million on hand last year. Of the off-farm stocks, 4.4 million were held in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas or at country processors and 1.6 million bushels were held by country elevators.

UNITED STATES: Stocks of the four feed grains on April 1, 1965 totaled 113 million tons -- 13 percent less than a year earlier and the smallest April 1 feed grains holdings since 1958. Wheat stocks were also the smallest since 1958 and soybeans in storage were 11 percent less than the record high of a year earlier. Although all wheat stocks declined, durum wheat holdings were larger than a year earlier. Flaxseed stocks were one-fourth smaller, but rye in storage totaled 60 percent more than a year earlier.

All wheat in storage on April 1, totaling 1,146 million bushels, was the smallest for that date since 1958. April 1 stocks were 5 percent less than a year earlier and 28 percent below average. The decline occurred in off-farm holdings which totaled 882 million bushels, 16 percent smaller than a year earlier. Farm stocks at 264 million bushels were 72 percent larger than a year earlier.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Durum Wheat stored in all positions on April 1 totaled 80.5 million bushels, 31 percent above a year earlier. Farm stocks were nearly four times last year while off-farm holdings showed an 18 percent decline.

Rye in storage on April 1 -- 17.3 million bushels -- was 60 percent above April 1, 1964 and the largest April 1 holdings since 1961. The increase from a year earlier was largely in farm stocks which totaled 9.4 million bushels, nearly three times last year's low level. Off-farm holdings of 7.9 million bushels were 8 percent higher.

Corn in all storage positions on April 1 totaled 2,836 million bushels -- 14 percent less than last year and 13 percent below average. April 1 stocks were about in line with the smaller 1964 production which was 13 percent less than the previous year. Farm stored corn totaled 1,897 million bushels, 17 percent less than last year and the smallest total since 1959. Off-farm stocks of 939 million bushels were 7 percent less than last year and the smallest April 1 holdings since 1956.

Oat stocks in all storage positions on April 1 totaled 473 million bushels, down 44 million bushels from a year earlier, and the smallest holdings since 1948. Farm holdings of 403 million bushels were also the smallest since 1948 while off-farm stocks of 71 million bushels were above average for this date.

Barley stored in all positions on April 1 totaled 205 million bushels, 28 million bushels less than a year earlier and 17 percent below average. Most of the decrease from a year earlier occurred in farm stocks which totaled 107 million bushels compared with 132 million last year. Off-farm stocks of 98 million bushels were down only 4 million bushels.

Soybean stocks in all storage positions on April 1, 1965 totaled 347 million bushels, 8 percent less than the record high 377 million bushels on hand a year earlier. The decrease occurred in farm holdings as off-farm stocks at 249 million bushels were 34 percent larger than on April 1 a year ago.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions on April 1 totaled 17.6 million bushels, a decrease of 6.7 million bushels from holdings a year earlier. Off-farm stocks accounted for most of the decrease, with holdings down a third from April 1, 1964. Farm stocks, a third of the total stocks in all positions, were down only 15 percent from a year earlier.

Off-Farm Stocks, Minnesota, April 1, 1964-65 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	Mpls. - St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Corn	12,606	11,619	642	282	33,513	32,455	46,091	45,515
Wheat	66,660	67,056	3,025	3,265	13,150	12,944	115	115
Oats	4,195	2,927	9	6	5,754	8,676	100	483
Barley	16,952	14,801	1,591	1,919	2,885	2,872	1,328	-
Rye	1,554	1,536	317	181	38	171	-	-
Soybeans	3,938	11,570	593	4,040	11,271	7,980	-	-
Flaxseed	4,355	4,422	1/	1/	2,674	1,560	-	-

1/ Included in terminal areas

Grain Stocks - April 1, 1964-65 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	On Farm		Off Farm 1/		Total	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
MINNESOTA:						
Corn	258,096	187,755	92,852	89,871	350,948	277,626
Wheat	3,688	6,171	82,950	83,380	86,638	89,551
Oats	84,890	70,528	10,058	12,092	94,948	82,620
Barley	12,165	6,870	22,756	19,592	34,921	26,462
Rye	75	178	1,909	1,888	1,984	2,066
Soybeans	24,459	14,260	15,802	23,590	40,261	37,850
Flaxseed	1,208	1,080	7,029	5,982	8,237	7,062
UNITED STATES:						
Corn	2,292,056	1,897,147	1,009,707	938,860	3,301,763	2,836,007
Wheat	153,433	264,243	1,052,158	881,841	1,205,591	1,146,084
Oats	445,331	402,735	71,726	70,633	517,057	473,368
Barley	131,625	107,202	101,794	97,781	233,419	204,983
Rye	3,437	9,403	7,369	7,935	10,806	17,338
Soybeans	191,397	97,750	185,825	249,132	377,222	346,882
Flaxseed	7,723	6,537	16,509	11,023	24,232	17,560

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks

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STOCKS OF GRAINS, SELECTED STATES, APRIL 1, 1964-65

State	Shelled and Ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	2,538	5,512	7,915	10,546	4,480	2,455	14,130	10,945
Ohio	36,159	38,539	131,261	119,374	5,238	4,395	20,854	14,906
Ind.	52,956	43,378	233,007	171,724	1,973	1,222	12,176	6,734
Ill.	243,842	201,225	574,795	471,364	7,414	3,616	34,275	23,830
Mich.	12,807	11,740	65,163	60,606	1,259	957	14,740	12,433
Wis.	13,347	11,119	66,968	63,689	2,803	4,303	53,199	46,653
Minn.	92,852	89,871	350,948	277,626	10,058	12,092	94,948	82,620
Iowa	294,563	287,860	945,911	861,590	8,924	7,283	68,144	66,083
Mo.	32,610	28,952	120,218	88,507	1,781	1,964	7,189	6,912
N. Dak.	1,372	1,519	7,573	5,737	5,582	7,376	60,448	64,675
S. Dak.	31,487	30,648	122,610	94,175	6,755	9,237	65,677	62,742
Nebr.	120,390	112,482	404,926	347,917	938	1,221	16,550	16,330
Kans.	23,722	23,117	45,457	37,480	606	574	4,218	3,965
Mont.	18	26	128	55	326	292	7,187	6,973
Idaho	130	202	859	795	1,636	1,401	4,120	4,115
Wash.	255	731	783	1,115	1,516	1,865	2,638	2,702
Oreg.	301	204	740	572	3,437	2,596	5,393	4,703
Calif.	1,200	1,401	2,332	2,833	1,093	1,029	1,194	1,133
Other States	49,158	50,334	220,169	220,302	5,907	[illegible]	[illegible]	34,914
UNITED STATES	1,009,707	938,860	3,301,763	2,836,007	71,726	70,633	517,057	473,368

State	Barley				Rye			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	998	1,635	1,146	1,743	*	*	*	*
Ohio	64	47	231	184	28	35	123	113
Ind.	26	18	243	155	17	22	89	85
Ill.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mich.	213	*	780	*	39	35	191	201
Wis.	22,452	22,270	22,802	22,550	*	566	*	681
Minn.	22,756	19,592	34,921	26,462	1,909	1,838	1,984	2,066
Iowa	293	160	360	226	*	*	*	*
Mo.	500	1,698	798	1,873	149	169	184	289
N. Dak.	14,571	10,990	73,026	49,189	316	1,002	1,517	6,032
S. Dak.	1,903	2,611	6,798	5,666	148	353	513	1,983
Nebr.	171	413	1,635	1,601	162	253	446	913
Kans.	1,040	2,337	2,381	4,773	573	794	687	1,094
Mont.	5,715	5,923	27,153	29,133	33	48	183	203
Idaho	1,514	2,077	8,381	9,145	21	12	49	33
Wash.	8,253	5,950	10,975	7,070	530	524	681	679
Ore.	3,938	3,996	6,769	6,116	148	83	256	169
Calif.	6,224	6,801	13,026	13,994	-	-	-	-
Other States	11,162	11,263	21,994	25,103	3,296	2,151	3,903	2,797
UNITED STATES	101,794	97,781	233,419	204,983	7,369	7,935	10,806	17,338

* Included in unallocated to avoid disclosing individual operations

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks

STOCKS OF WHEAT, SELECTED STATES, April 1, 1964-65

State	Off-Farm 1/		Total All Positions 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	22,814	17,892	23,179	18,623
Ohio	11,473	16,613	12,280	18,425
Ind.	2,855	5,851	3,400	7,138
Ill.	10,381	13,551	11,076	16,224
Mich.	8,220	11,362	8,824	16,467
Wis.	18,980	17,687	19,291	18,150
Minn.	82,950	83,380	86,638	89,551
Iowa	5,529	5,706	5,573	5,745
Mo.	25,915	20,549	26,505	22,174
N. Dak.	66,848	73,832	117,091	167,354
S. Dak.	37,306	37,698	54,927	60,611
Nebr.	109,425	56,998	129,742	80,622
Kans.	365,412	279,195	376,541	305,050
Mont.	15,017	13,010	39,282	53,879
Idaho	3,740	6,593	8,111	12,599
Wash.	25,817	34,943	29,379	40,697
Oreg.	13,192	14,705	15,470	20,245
Calif.	7,206	7,128	7,526	7,622
Other States	219,078	165,148	230,756	184,908
UNITED STATES	1,052,158	881,841	1,205,591	1,146,084

STOCKS OF SOYBEANS AND FLAXSEED, SELECTED STATES, April 1, 1964-65

State	Soybeans (Old Crop)				Flaxseed			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
Ohio	15,906	15,144	27,041	19,748	-	-	-	-
Ind.	11,904	12,295	29,203	21,652	-	-	-	-
Ill.	38,673	59,247	84,722	78,091	-	-	-	-
Mich.	1,158	993	3,306	2,125	-	-	-	-
Wisc.	4,164	*	4,832	*	*	*	*	*
Minn.	15,802	23,590	40,261	37,850	7,029	5,982	8,237	7,062
Iowa	26,032	41,605	74,009	66,407	27	-	43	11
Mo.	14,341	19,230	26,425	25,686	-	-	-	-
N. Dak.	319	401	1,094	885	6,436	2,601	11,366	6,767
S. Dak.	192	345	1,551	1,071	1,777	1,080	3,217	2,300
Nebr.	1,817	3,564	5,470	6,296	-	-	-	-
Kans.	4,736	6,007	7,149	7,216	-	-	-	-
N. C.	3,151	2,915	5,437	4,191	-	-	-	-
S. C.	2,908	3,499	6,288	5,043	-	-	-	-
Ky.	2,190	3,099	3,623	3,567	-	-	-	-
Tenn.	6,817	11,197	7,371	11,736	-	-	-	-
Miss.	7,107	6,934	13,113	10,368	-	-	-	-
Ark.	16,807	18,466	21,411	22,133	-	-	-	-
La.	3,991	3,732	4,251	3,893	-	-	-	-
Okla.	151	109	249	160	-	-	-	-
Texas	759	1,268	826	1,321	*	-	*	-
Mont.	-	-	-	-	26	5	110	47
Calif.	-	-	-	-	20	2	20	2
Other States	6,900	15,492	9,590	17,443	1,194	1,353	1,239	1,371
UNITED STATES	185,825	249,132	377,222	346,882	16,509	11,023	24,232	17,560

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

April 29, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 24, 1965

TEN STATE: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,587,000 heavy white, 1,890,000 other heavy, (principally bronze), and 214,000 light breed poults during the week ending April 24, 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 34 percent while bronze production was down 9 percent and light breed production was down 2 percent from the same week in 1964.

Hatcheries in the ten States set 3,019,000 heavy white, 3,133,000 bronze, and 507,000 light breed eggs. For the corresponding week in 1964 there were 2,326,000 heavy white, 3,531,000 bronze, and 540,000 light breed eggs set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
			Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Apr. 3	442	464	194	298	1,159	1,401
Apr. 11	490	543	162	353	1,240	1,512
Apr. 17	389	516	237	302	1,203	1,507
Apr. 24	409	545	251	319	1,181	1,587
			Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Mar. 6	776	719	330	480	1,989	2,244
Mar. 13	815	883	266	604	2,049	2,516
Mar. 20	670	858	394	438	1,993	2,359
Mar. 27	725	807	450	470	2,072	2,517
Apr. 3	738	927	680	521	2,404	2,470
Apr. 11	792	940	399	541	2,076	2,657
Apr. 17	722	932	419	622	2,216	2,831
Apr. 24	926	1,143	372	597	2,326	3,019
			Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Apr. 3	561	466	635	528	2,180	1,808
Apr. 11	479	395	652	473	2,028	1,673
Apr. 17	502	438	607	548	2,088	1,859
Apr. 24	495	386	648	638	2,079	1,890
			Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Mar. 6	896	731	1,018	785	3,451	2,803
Mar. 13	770	647	1,009	733	3,165	2,662
Mar. 20	824	745	1,015	954	3,382	3,093
Mar. 27	785	626	1,059	1,022	3,384	3,053
Apr. 3	801	713	940	966	3,222	3,024
Apr. 11	922	679	1,112	999	3,677	3,052
Apr. 17	828	684	1,040	952	3,420	3,051
Apr. 24	809	641	1,239	1,027	3,531	3,133
			Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Apr. 3	#	41	32	6	185	178
Apr. 11	44	#	29	0	196	210
Apr. 17	#	#	31	2	205	189
Apr. 24	#	33	28	0	219	214
			Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Mar. 6	#	66	51	9	305	277
Mar. 13	69	#	46	0	315	324
Mar. 20	#	#	50	2	326	284
Mar. 27	#	55	46	0	337	322
Apr. 3	54	#	53	2	488	370
Apr. 11	62	#	43	0	471	551
Apr. 17	#	46	49	5	526	422
Apr. 24	44	#	44	1	540	507

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending April 24 included 545,000 heavy white, up 33 percent from 1964, and 386,000 bronze, down 22 percent from the same week in 1964. Production of light breed poults was 33,000 poults.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 1,143,000 heavy white, 641,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 926,000 heavy white, 809,000 bronze and 44,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 30 percent of the week's hatch compared to 28 percent the previous week and 26 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy-Breeds						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		20,194		1,299	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 20 percent for heavy whites, unchanged for the light breeds, and down 16 percent for the other heavy breeds.

For Minnesota-Wisconsin, the January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was up 5 percent while bronze production was down 19 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten States	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten States	Ten States
1964	5,152	2,593	13,030	5,174	6,347	19,929	2,593
1965	5,416	3,685	15,599	4,176	4,641	16,734	2,581
Pct. Change	+5	+42	+20	-19	-27	-16	---

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

Harry L. Parr
Agr'l. Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE MAY 1965

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

April 30, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-April 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-April at 83 was up 2 points from a month earlier and 8 points above a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the previous month, poultry and egg prices averaged 6 points higher, livestock 2 points higher and dairy products 1 point above, while crop prices remained the same. Compared with a year earlier, crop prices averaged 10 points higher, livestock, poultry and egg prices each 8 points higher and dairy products averaged 3 points higher.

The crop index remained unchanged from a month ago as increases in corn, flax and hay prices were offset by decreases in the other grain crops and potatoes. Corn prices received during mid-April were up from mid-March by 3 cents per bushel, flax up 2 cents, while the price of hay increased $1.00 per ton. Offsetting these increases was a 2 cents per bushel decline for wheat, rye and soybeans. Oats and barley prices remained unchanged while potatoes decreased 5 cents per cwt. The higher average crop prices as compared with a year ago result from higher prices for corn, oats, barley, soybeans, flax, hay and potatoes. The most significant price increases were 40 cents per bushel for soybeans, $12.50 per ton for hay and $2.55 per cwt. for potatoes. Lower prices than a year ago are now reported for wheat and rye with wheat down 49 cents per bushel and rye 11 cents.

The slightly higher average livestock prices than a month ago results from an increase in the price of hogs, at 50 cents per cwt., and a 70 cents increase for cattle. Partially offsetting these increases was a decline of $2.00 per cwt. for calves, $1.20 for lambs and 50 cents for sheep. Compared with a year ago, livestock prices averaged higher primarily because hog prices increased $2.90 per cwt., and cattle and lambs 90 cents per cwt. Calves averaged $2.10 per cwt. below a year earlier while sheep were 40 cents lower.

Milk prices in mid-April averaged $3.28 per cwt., up 2 cents from a month ago and 10 cents from a year earlier.

Egg prices averaged 26 cents per dozen, 4 cents higher than the previous month and 3 cents higher than a year ago. Farm chicken prices averaged 5.5 cents per pound in mid-April or 0.5 cent below a month earlier and 1.0 cent below a year ago. Turkey prices averaged 24.0 cents per pound, up 1.0 cent from the previous month and 5.0 cents above a year ago.

TABLE I — INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	Apr. 15, Av. 1957-61	Apr. 15, 1962	Apr. 15, 1963	Apr. 15, 1964	Mar. 15, 1965	Apr. 15, 1965
All Farm Products	81	79	77	75	81	83
Crops	68	70	71	73	83	83
Livestock	93	89	82	77	83	85
Dairy Products	88	88	88	89	91	92
Poultry and Eggs	63	60	56	55	57	63

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II — PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Apr. 15, 1961	Apr. 15, 1962	Apr. 15, 1963	Apr. 15, 1964	Mar. 15, 1965	Apr. 15, 1965
Prices Received	241	243	242	236	239	244
Prices Paid 1/	303	307	312	314	318	320
Parity Ratio	80	79	78	75	75	76

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

C. R. LIES
AGRICULTURAL STATISTICIAN

F. J. GRAHAM
STATE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICIAN

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			APRIL 15, 1965			
		APR. 15 1964	MAR. 15 1965	APR. 15 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --					-- DOLLARS --	
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	2.02	1.55	1.53	1.38	1.41	1.43	1.34
RYE	BU.	1.09	1.00	.98	1.00	.86	.93	.921
CORN	BU.	1.06	1.07	1.10	1.14	1.08	1.16	1.21
OATS	BU.	.58	.62	.62	.68	.52	.62	.667
BARLEY	BU.	.86	.96	.96	.91	.91	.89	.969
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.40	2.82	2.80	2.79	2.70	2.73	2.85
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.89	2.93	2.95	2.85	2.85	2.92	2.87
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	18.00	29.50	30.50	19.90	23.00	22.00	25.80
POTATOES	CWT.	1.85	4.45	4.40	--	4.50	--	4.68
HOGS	CWT.	13.80	16.20	16.70	16.50	15.40	16.30	16.60
COWS	CWT.	13.80	13.10	13.60	13.50	12.30	12.90	13.30
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	18.70	20.40	20.90	22.60	19.40	20.90	21.40
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	17.00	17.20	17.90	21.50	17.90	19.30	19.30
CALVES	CWT.	24.30	24.20	22.20	20.80	22.00	22.70	21.30
SHEEP	CWT.	6.50	6.60	6.10	5.50	5.50	5.30	6.38
LAMBS	CWT.	21.30	23.40	22.20	23.50	21.50	23.80	22.80
MILK COWS	HEAD	225.00	215.00	215.00	215.00	180.00	205.00	208.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.18	3.26	3.28	3.45	3.30	3.35	4.02
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.64	.63	.64	.62	.60	.60	.590
TURKEYS - LIVE	LB.	.190	.230	.240	.230	--	--	.236
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.065	.060	.055	.055	.050	.050	.092
EGGS	DOZ.	.230	.220	.260	.235	.240	.217	.327
WOOL	LB.	.55	.48	.49	.47	.49	.47	.471
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.75	3.00	3.05	3.30	3.05	3.25	3.29
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.80	4.55	4.60	4.65	4.90	4.75	4.82
HOG FEED, 29% & OVER	CWT.	5.90	5.70	5.70	5.90	--	--	5.74
BEEF CATTLE FEED, 30% AND OVER	CWT.	4.85	4.75	4.80	4.90	--	--	4.52
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.75	--	--	3.74
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.98	2.91	2.91	2.95	2.79	2.80	3.44
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.70	4.60	4.50	4.39
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		13.0	15.1	15.2	14.5	14.3	14.1	13.7
BEEF-CORN 1/		17.6	19.1	19.0	19.8	18.0	18.0	17.7
EGG-FEED 2/		7.7	7.6	8.9	8.0	8.6	7.8	9.5
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.2	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.7

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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510 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Immediate Release

May 3, 1965

MAY 5 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER - MARCH 1965 1/

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during March 1965 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 124,000 head or 6 percent less than a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Calf slaughter was up 15 percent over last year and hog slaughter was up 5 percent. Sheep and lamb slaughter was down 24 percent from a year ago.

Cattle slaughtered during March averaged 1,055 pounds per head, 54 pounds lighter than a year earlier. Calf slaughter at 19,900 head in March was up from the 17,300 killed in the same month last year. The average weight dropped to 182 pounds from 191 pounds last year.

Hog slaughter in March at 523,000 was up from the 500,000 head reported in March 1964. The average weight of hogs was 241 pounds compared with 245 pounds a year ago.

There were 46,500 sheep and lambs slaughtered in the State in March compared with 61,500 head a year earlier. The average liveweight increased slightly from 105 to 108 pounds.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during March in the 48 States totaled 2,778 million pounds, 7 percent more than March 1964 and 18 percent above February 1965. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

There were 7,821 million pounds of red meat produced during the first three months of 1965, about the same as the 7,809 million pounds produced during the corresponding period of 1964. Of the January-March total, 4,469 million pounds were beef, up 6 percent from a year earlier; 228 million pounds were veal, up 9 percent; 2,962 million were pork, down 7 percent; and 162 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 12 percent. Lard production for January-March was 556 million pounds, down 12 percent from a year earlier.

During the three month period, the number of cattle slaughtered was 11 percent greater than in the same period of 1964; calves up 8 percent; hogs down 7 percent; and sheep and lambs down 14 percent.

Beef production during March was 1,568 million pounds, 11 percent above March 1964 and 15 percent greater than February 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during March totaled 2,714,300 head, 17 percent greater than a year earlier and 16 percent more than the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,012 pounds, 40 pounds less than March 1964 and 9 pounds less than February 1965.

There were 80 million pounds of veal produced during March, 16 percent greater than both a year earlier and a month earlier, the 685,200 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 16 percent greater than March 1964 and 21 percent more than February 1965. Calves slaughtered during March averaged 209 pounds per head, 1 pound heavier than a year ago, but 10 pounds lighter than the previous month.

Pork production during March totaled 1,075 million pounds, 2 percent above March 1964 and 23 percent more than February 1965. The hog kill during March was 7,526,100 head, 2 percent more than a year earlier and 22 percent greater than a month earlier. The average live weight of hogs slaughtered during the month was 233 pounds per head, 3 pounds lighter than a year ago but the same as the previous

month. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of live weight of hogs was 11.1 pounds compared with 12.0 pounds in March 1964 and 11.6 in February 1965.

There were 55 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during March, 7 percent less than a year earlier, but 17 percent more than a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during March was 1,090,800 head, 7 percent fewer than March 1964, but 17 percent more than February 1965. Sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month averaged 103 pounds per head, 1 pound heavier than a year earlier, but the same as the previous month.

Production of poultry meat during March amounted to 526 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 6 percent more than March 1964 and 12 percent greater than February 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	March		March 1965 as percent of March 1964	March Average Liveweight	
	1964	1965		1964	1965
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	132.0	124.0	93.9	1,109	1,055
Calves	17.3	19.9	115.0	191	182
Hogs	500.0	523.0	104.6	245	241
Sheep and Lambs	61.5	46.5	75.6	105	108
UNITED STATES					
Cattle	2,324.2	2,718.6	117.0	1,052	1,012
Calves	589.8	685.2	116.2	208	209
Hogs	7,414.2	7,531.3	101.6	236	233
Sheep and Lambs	1,174.8	1,090.9	92.9	102	103

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, UNITED STATES, MARCH 1964-65 1/

Month		Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
		MILLION POUNDS						
March	1964	1,414	69	1,052	59	2,594	494	210
February	1965	1,365	69	871	47	2,352	469	167
March	1965	1,568	80	1,075	55	2,778	526	196

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.

3/ Chicken and turkey meat -- ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MAY 7 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

May 6, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending May 1, 1965

TEN STATE: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,507,000 heavy white, 1,844,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 245,000 light breed poults during the week ending May 1, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 11 percent, while bronze production was down 2 percent and light breed production was down 21 percent from the same week in 1964.

The 2,955,000 heavy white eggs set in the ten States during the past week was up 33 percent from the corresponding week in 1964. However, the 3,347,000 other heavy breed eggs set was down 7 percent, and the 402,000 light breed eggs set was down 23 percent from a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 10	490	543	162	353	1,240	1,559
Apr. 17	389	516	237	295	1,203	1,500
Apr. 24	409	545	251	319	1,181	1,587
May 1	423	520	398	364	1,363	1,507
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 13	815	897	266	604	2,049	2,564
Mar. 20	670	858	394	438	1,993	2,453
Mar. 27	725	893	450	501	2,072	2,633
Apr. 3	738	927	680	521	2,404	2,503
Apr. 10	792	940	399	555	2,076	2,671
Apr. 17	722	932	419	622	2,216	2,831
Apr. 24	926	1,143	372	597	2,326	3,019
May 1	827	1,128	353	671	2,226	2,955
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 10	479	395	652	473	2,028	1,673
Apr. 17	502	438	607	548	2,088	1,859
Apr. 24	495	386	648	638	2,079	1,890
May 1	444	397	535	618	1,878	1,844
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 13	770	647	1,009	733	3,165	2,613
Mar. 20	824	745	1,015	954	3,382	3,111
Mar. 27	785	624	1,059	1,022	3,384	3,086
Apr. 3	801	713	940	966	3,222	3,030
Apr. 10	922	679	1,112	999	3,677	3,052
Apr. 17	828	684	1,040	952	3,420	3,051
Apr. 24	809	641	1,239	1,027	3,531	3,133
May 1	708	747	1,312	1,141	3,582	3,347
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 10	44	#	29	0	196	210
Apr. 17	#	#	31	2	205	189
Apr. 24	#	33	28	0	219	214
May 1	35	#	34	2	309	245
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 13	69	#	46	0	315	334
Mar. 20	#	#	50	2	326	287
Mar. 27	#	54	46	0	337	338
Apr. 3	54	#	53	2	488	370
Apr. 10	62	#	43	0	471	504
Apr. 17	#	46	49	5	526	422
Apr. 24	44	#	44	1	540	507
May 1	60	62	#	3	521	402

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending May 1 included 520,000 heavy white, 397,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. For the corresponding week last year, 423,000 heavy white, 444,000 other heavy, and 35,000 light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 1,128,000 heavy white, 747,000 bronze, and 62,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 827,000 heavy white, 708,000 bronze, and 60,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 26 percent of the week's hatch compared to 30 percent the previous week and 32 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

MONTH	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		20,194		1,299	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 19 percent for heavy whites, but down 15 percent for other heavy, and down 3 percent for the light breeds.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was up 6 percent while bronze production was down 19 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	5,575	2,991	14,393	5,618	6,882	21,807	2,902
1965	5,936	4,042	17,161	4,573	5,259	18,595	2,825
Pct. Change	+6	+35	+19	-19	-24	-15	-3

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

May 7, 1965

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT

Acreage and Indicated Production as of May 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Cabbage, Early Fall: Early acreage intentions reported by Minnesota growers indicate 1,000 acres of late cabbage for harvest in 1965 the same as in 1964, but slightly more than the 1959-63 average of 940 acres. The yield per acre last year was 155 hundredweight per acre or 22 percent below the 1959-63 average yield of 198 hundredweight per acre.

UNITED STATES: Cabbage: Estimated production of early spring cabbage is 1,489,000 cwt., 12 percent less than both last year and average. Late Spring cabbage production is forecast at 1,111,000 cwt., 17 percent above last year and 11 percent above average. The Ohio and Missouri crops are in good condition although planting was delayed by wet weather. Growers of early fall cabbage report intentions to plant 32,070 acres for harvest. Acreage at this level would be 2 percent more than both 1964 and average. Increases in acreage from last year are indicated for New Hampshire, Connecticut, Upstate New York, Michigan, and Oregon. With the exception of declines in Pennsylvania and Utah-Idaho, all other States show the same acreage as 1964.

Carrots: Winter carrot production (April 1)forecast is estimated at 5,470,000 cwt., 8 percent below 1964. Harvest of the Texas winter crop was past peak on May 1 with practically all supplies originating in the Rio Grande Valley. In California, pulling continues in the Imperial Valley with total fresh market movement to date above last year. Harvest in the Coachella Valley is nearly complete. Spring carrot production in Arizona is estimated at 575,000 cwt., compared with 322,000 cwt. last year. The 1965 early summer carrot acreage for harvest in California, at 7,300 acres, is 1 percent above 1964 but 3 percent below average. The season to date has been cool. Harvest should be underway by mid-May but only light volume is expected before June.

Onions: Production of early spring onions in Texas is placed at 3,234,000 cwt., 15 percent below last year but 24 percent above average. The first forecast of the late spring onion crop places the 1965 production at 1,769,000 cwt., 7 percent below 1964 and 15 percent below average.

The acreage of early summer onions for harvest in 1965 is estimated at 9,750 acres, 1 percent above both 1964 and average. Onions in New Jersey are up and making good growth. Harvest is expected to start in late June. In Iowa, planting of early summer onions was delayed by the cold, wet spring weather. In Texas, planting was practically complete in all areas by mid-April. Harvest in all areas should be underway during the first week of July. In New Mexico, the crop is in good condition. Harvest in the Mesilla Valley, the largest growing area, is expected to get underway about the end of May. In Washington, onions are now making good growth. Harvest is expected to start in late June.

Green Peas: Production of early spring green peas in California is placed at 110,000 cwt., 9 percent below 1964 and 15 percent below average. Harvest was active during April in Kern County and movement should continue through May 10. Harvest in the King City area started in late April and was expected to be finished by May 10. The Gilroy-Hollister area is expected to begin harvest by May 10 and continue in good volume for a month. Earliest acreage in the Sacramento Valley should be ready for harvest in early May.

ACREAGE AND ESTIMATED PRODUCTION - MAY 1, 1965

Crop and State	Acreage for Harvest			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965	Av. 59-63	1964	Ind. 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965
	Acres			Cwt.			1,000 Cwt.		
CABBAGE 1/									
Winter	44,030	42,500	41,200	152	160	163	6,703	6,807	6,734
Early Spring	12,800	11,650	11,550	132	146	129	1,692	1,700	1,489
Late Spring	7,370	7,130	7,500	136	133	148	1,002	950	1,111
Early Summer 2/	7,530	7,780	8,130	199	182		1,498	1,413	
Late Summer 2/	17,870	16,550	17,850	202	193		3,616	3,190	
Early Fall: 2/									
N. H.	190	150	170	180	175		33	26	
Mass.	690	650	650	189	200		130	130	
R. I.	90	100	100	184	190		16	19	
Conn.	550	500	550	176	180		97	90	
N.Y., L.I.	1,180	1,100	1,100	219	215		259	236	
Upstate	10,480	10,100	10,400	307	310		3,219	3,131	
N. J.	2,010	2,400	2,400	198	190		399	456	
Pa.	1,260	1,100	1,000	210	160		266	176	
Ohio	1,940	1,900	1,900	271	255		525	484	
Mich.	4,300	4,700	5,000	167	160		717	752	
Wis.	6,040	6,300	6,300	295	280		1,779	1,764	
Minn.	940	1,000	1,000	198	155		186	155	
Utah & Idaho	490	370	300	342	357		167	132	
Oregon	1,280	1,000	1,200	209	220		267	220	
Total	31,430	31,370	32,070	256	248		8,062	7,771	
ONIONS 1/									
Early Spring:									
Texas	24,480	24,600	23,100	111	155	140	2,609	3,813	3,234
Late Spring:									
N. C.	340	250	250	134	160	170	42	40	42
Ga.	390	550	350	112	200	160	43	110	56
Texas	1,800	800	600	48	55	60	83	44	36
Ariz.	1,920	1,600	1,500	315	400	375	587	640	562
Calif.	4,340	3,800	3,700	302	280	290	1,317	1,064	1,073
Total	8,790	7,000	6,400	238	271	276	2,071	1,898	1,769
Early Summer:									
N. J.	2,420	2,600	2,500	152	135		367	351	
Iowa	200	160	150	172	165		35	26	
Texas	4,300	4,100	4,400	215	250		913	1,025	
New Mexico	2,160	2,300	2,200	300	300		643	690	
Wash.	510	500	500	422	450		215	225	
Total	9,680	9,660	9,750	226	240		2,181	2,317	
Late Summer 2/	56,410	57,220	59,670	329	310		18,574	17,725	

1/ Includes processing.
2/ 1965 acreage for harvest is prospective acreage.

C. R. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

May 11, 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT - May 1, 1965

The month of April was colder and wetter than normal and progress of farm work has been delayed somewhat, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Temperatures during the month averaged well below normal and accumulated moisture, mostly in the form of snow, was also in excess of normal in all parts of the State. Progress of spring seeding is running behind schedule in all areas but the southwest district of the State had been able to do some planting by May 1.

For the State as a whole, as of May 1 this year, only 11 percent of the spring wheat, 7 percent of the oats, 5 percent of the barley and 3 percent of the flax had been seeded. The 5-year average for this date was 41 percent for spring wheat, 43 percent for oats, 21 percent for barley and 17 percent for flax. May 1 seeding progress and spring field work generally was further behind schedule than for several years. Very little, if any, land had been prepared for planting corn or soybeans.

WINTER WHEAT AND RYE: The extremely severe winter has been hard on fall seeded wheat and rye. Ice sheet formation in some of the southern counties has caused heavier than normal acreage loss of winter wheat. Also rye acreage abandonment appears to be heavier than usual. Based on the May 1 condition the 10,000 acres now estimated for harvest will produce 230,000 bushels of winter wheat. Last year the winter wheat crop totaled 292,000 bushels harvested on 11,000 acres. The condition of rye on May 1 averaged 88 percent of normal, which was 5 points below a year ago. The 5-year average condition for May 1 is 90 percent. Rye production estimates are not made until July 1.

HAY: Stocks of hay on Minnesota farms are at a low level. May 1 stocks totaled 677,000 tons, 47 percent less than on this date a year ago. The long hard winter combined with relatively high level of livestock inventories caused heavy disappearance. Hay shortages are reported in many areas.

Pasture feed has been slow this spring as a result of heavy snow, cold weather, rain and floods. As of May 1, pastures have provided very little livestock feed and supplemental feeding is the general practice.

MILK: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 1,101 million pounds during April. This was a seasonal decline of 2 percent from the month of March but was 1 percent more than 1,088 million pounds produced in April 1964. Production per cow was 1 percent higher than a year ago and the number of cows on farms was the same as April a year ago.

EGGS: Egg production from Minnesota layers totaled 228 million eggs during April, down 6 percent from the 242 million produced in April 1964. The number of layers for the month averaged 11,768,000 birds. This compares with 12,616,000 layers a year ago and 12,168,000 in March this year. The rate of lay during April was 65 eggs per 100 layers.

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Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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Immediate Release

May 12, 1965

MAPLE SIRUP REPORT - 1965

MINNESOTA: Production of maple sirup in Minnesota for the 1965 season was 4,000 gallons, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the U. S. and Minnesota Departments of Agriculture. This is 1,000 gallons below the 1964 production and 2,000 gallons below the 1959-63 average production.

The 1965 season was considered late and short in duration, averaging only 16 days in length. Absence of the necessary daily temperature differential and the lateness of the season were factors reported as related to a restricted sap flow. Reporters indicated the quality of the sirup was very good.

UNITED STATES: This spring's maple sirup production -- 1,145,000 gallons -- was one-fourth smaller than the 1,533,000 gallons produced last year and one of the lowest in 50 years of record.

New York, with 395,000 gallons compared with 512,000 last year, was first in maple sirup production for the third time in four years. Vermont made 340,000 gallons -- down 30 percent from last year and the same as the previous record-low production of 1959.

The maple sirup season was long and quite varied. In the eastern area the snow cover was light and the trees readily accessible for tapping, but deep snow in the western areas impeded working the sugar bush. A few warm days started the flow of sap early but cold weather which followed slowed or halted the flow of sap. Ice formed in buckets and lines and there was little alternation or warm days and cool nights -- a requirement for a good flow. Most runs were short, with the best runs occurring late in the season. Although the season was considered unfavorable in much of the maple area, Pennsylvania had a good season and many producers in Ohio described it as "better than average".

Production is valued at $5.9 million compared with $7.7 million for the crop produced in 1964. The average farm price, $5.15 per gallon, is $0.12 higher than for last year.

MAPLE SIRUP

State	Sirup made 1/			Price		Value	
	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	1,000 gallons			Dollars		1,000 dollars	
Maine	9	10	9	7.20	7.30	72	66
N. H.	38	51	38	6.40	6.50	326	247
Vt.	431	486	340	5.10	5.10	2,479	1,734
Mass.	37	55	44	5.30	5.60	292	246
N. Y.	404	512	395	4.55	4.70	2,330	1,856
Pa.	84	124	110	4.60	5.10	570	561
Ohio	100	115	108	5.80	5.80	667	626
Mich.	68	96	54	5.90	6.00	566	324
Wis.	80	65	30	5.00	5.30	325	159
Minn.	6	5	4	4.90	5.40	24	22
Md.	12	14	13	4.40	4.50	62	58
UNITED STATES	1,268	1,533	1,145	5.03	5.15	7,713	5,899

1/ Includes sirup later made into sugar. Does not include production on nonfarm lands in Somerset County, Maine.

Darrel Grice, Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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Immediate Release

May 13, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending May 8, 1965

TEN STATE: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,576,000 heavy white, 1,834,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 318,000 light breed poults during the week ending May 8, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 36 percent, and light breed production was up 5 percent while bronze production was down 10 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The 2,913,000 heavy white eggs set in the ten States during the past week was up 9 percent from the same week in 1964. However, the 3,004,000 other heavy breed eggs set was down 5 percent, and the 493,000 light breed eggs set was 8 percent less than a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 17	389	516	237	295	1,203	1,500
Apr. 24	409	545	251	319	1,181	1,587
May 1	423	520	398	364	1,363	1,507
May 8	431	549	234	342	1,162	1,576
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 20	670	858	394	438	1,993	2,453
Mar. 27	725	893	450	501	2,072	2,633
Apr. 3	738	927	680	521	2,404	2,503
Apr. 10	792	940	399	555	2,076	2,671
Apr. 17	722	932	419	622	2,216	2,831
Apr. 24	926	1,143	372	597	2,326	3,019
May 1	827	1,128	353	671	2,226	2,955
May 8	1,150	1,114	420	554	2,661	2,913
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 17	502	438	607	548	2,088	1,859
Apr. 24	495	386	648	638	2,079	1,890
May 1	444	397	535	618	1,878	1,844
May 8	477	381	634	612	2,043	1,834
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 20	824	745	1,015	954	3,382	3,111
Mar. 27	785	624	1,059	1,022	3,384	3,086
Apr. 3	801	713	940	966	3,222	3,030
Apr. 10	922	679	1,112	999	3,677	3,052
Apr. 17	828	684	1,040	952	3,420	3,051
Apr. 24	809	641	1,239	1,027	3,531	3,133
May 1	708	747	1,312	1,141	3,582	3,347
May 8	568	647	1,276	1,120	3,166	3,004
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 17	#	#	31	2	205	189
Apr. 24	#	33	28	0	219	214
May 1	35	#	34	2	309	245
May 8	39	#	26	0	303	318
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 20	#	#	50	2	326	287
Mar. 27	#	54	46	0	337	338
Apr. 3	54	#	53	2	488	370
Apr. 10	62	#	43	0	471	504
Apr. 17	#	46	49	5	526	422
Apr. 24	44	#	44	1	540	507
May 1	60	62	#	3	521	402
May 8	#	#	45	0	535	493

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending May 8 included 549,000 heavy white, 381,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. For the corresponding week last year, 431,000 heavy white, 477,000 bronze, and 39,000 light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 1,114,000 heavy white and 647,000 bronze eggs. For the same week a year ago, 1,150,000 heavy white and 568,000 bronze eggs were set. The light breed eggs set is withheld to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 29 percent of the week's hatch compared to 26 percent the previous week and 23 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy-Breeds						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843		2,113		188		20,194		1,299	
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204		3,263		201		32,577		2,354	
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 20 percent for heavy whites, but down 14 percent for other heavy, and down 2 percent for the light breeds.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was up 8 percent while bronze production was down 19 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten States	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten States	Ten States
1964	6,006	3,225	15,555	6,095	7,516	23,850	3,205
1965	6,485	4,384	18,737	4,954	5,871	20,429	3,143
Pct. Change	+8	+36	+20	-19	-22	-14	-2

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

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MAY 20 1965

Immediate Release

May 17, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
April 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 6,496,000 chicks during April 1965 which was 25 percent below April 1964, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The April hatch consisted of 5,600,000 egg-type and 896,000 broiler-type chicks. For the period January through April, the egg-type chick hatch was down 25 percent, and the broiler-type chick hatch down 28 percent from the same period in 1964. Egg-type eggs in incubators on May 1 were down 9 percent from last year.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-April was $2.91 per 100 pounds, compared to $2.91 the previous month and $2.98 a year earlier. On April 15 the egg-feed ratio was 8.9 compared to 7.6 the previous month and 7.7 a year ago.

Chick Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	643	631	- 2	992	723	- 27
February	1,304	1,031	- 21	880	612	- 30
March	4,707	3,271	- 31	1,106	747	- 32
April	7,466	5,600	- 25	1,164	896	- 23
May	5,932			1,146		
June	1,698			1,073		
July	623			984		
August	396			863		
September	503			862		
October	469			710		
November	551			700		
December	538			760		

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 297,342,000 chicks during April 1965 compared with 300,643,000 in April 1964. Broiler chicks hatched during April totaled 223,304,000, up 6 percent from April last year and the largest hatch for the month of record. During the first 4 months of 1965 there were 819,143,000 broiler chicks produced, an increase of 4 percent from the same period in 1964 and the highest of record for these months. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on May 1 was 5 percent above May 1 last year.

There were 74,038,000 egg-type chicks hatched in April-down 17 percent from April 1964 and the smallest April hatch of egg-type chicks of record. All sections of the country reported decreases, 22 percent in the West North Central, 21 percent in the North Atlantic, 19 percent in the East North Central, 13 percent in the West, 10 percent in the South Atlantic, and 5 percent in the South Central States. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 4 months of 1965 totaled 202,989,000 - a decrease of 15 percent from the same period last year and the smallest egg-type hatch of record for these months. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on May 1 was down 11 percent from May 1 last year.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During April			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	660	630	4,440	3,400
Indiana	3,571	2,520	4,450	3,399
Illinois	140	108	4,281	3,758
Michigan	515	410	1,970	1,600
Wisconsin	1,064	1,160	2,165	1,800
E. N. CENTRAL	5,950	4,828	17,306	13,957
Minnesota	1,164	896	7,466	5,600
Iowa	370	350	11,300	9,430
Missouri	4,371	3,550	3,677	2,302
North Dakota	1/	1/	515	380
South Dakota	1/	1/	3,370	2,775
Nebraska	504	426	3,819	2,815
Kansas	208	140	2,001	1,760
1/ W. N. CENTRAL	1/ 6,783	1/ 5,502	32,148	25,062
UNITED STATES	211,109	223,304	89,534	74,038

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

May 20, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending May 15, 1965

TEN STATE: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,527,000 heavy white, 1,726,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 259,000 light breed poults during the week ending May 15, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 23 percent, while bronze production was down 10 percent and light breed production was down 22 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The 2,740,000 heavy white eggs set in the ten States during the past week was up 9 percent from the same week in 1964. However, the 2,852,000 other heavy breed eggs set was down 6 percent and the 479,000 light breed eggs set was 23 percent less than a year ago.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending May 15 included 524,000 heavy white, 373,000 bronze, and 30,000 light breed

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 24	409	545	251	319	1,181	1,587
May 1	423	520	398	364	1,363	1,507
May 8	431	549	234	342	1,162	1,576
May 15	384	524	244	355	1,245	1,527
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 27	725	893	450	501	2,072	2,633
Apr. 3	738	927	680	521	2,404	2,503
Apr. 10	792	940	399	555	2,076	2,671
Apr. 17	722	932	419	622	2,216	2,831
Apr. 24	926	1,143	372	597	2,326	3,019
May 1	827	1,128	353	671	2,226	2,955
May 8	1,150	1,114	420	554	2,661	2,913
May 15	991	1,140	507	446	2,517	2,740
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 24	495	386	648	638	2,079	1,890
May 1	444	397	535	618	1,878	1,844
May 8	477	381	634	612	2,043	1,834
May 15	456	373	549	582	1,920	1,726
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 27	785	624	1,059	1,022	3,384	3,086
Apr. 3	801	713	940	966	3,222	3,030
Apr. 10	922	679	1,112	999	3,677	3,052
Apr. 17	828	684	1,040	952	3,420	3,051
Apr. 24	809	641	1,239	1,027	3,531	3,133
May 1	708	747	1,312	1,141	3,582	3,347
May 8	568	647	1,276	1,120	3,166	3,004
May 15	448	530	1,359	1,043	3,030	2,852
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 24	#	33	28	0	219	214
May 1	35	#	34	2	309	245
May 8	39	#	26	0	303	318
May 15	#	30	30	3	331	259
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 27	#	54	46	0	337	338
Apr. 3	54	#	53	2	488	370
Apr. 10	62	#	43	0	471	504
Apr. 17	#	46	49	5	526	422
Apr. 24	44	#	44	1	540	507
May 1	60	62	#	3	521	402
May 8	#	#	45	0	535	493
May 15	61	#	48	3	622	479

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina

poults. For the corresponding week last year 384,000 heavy white, 456,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 1,140,000 heavy white, 530,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 991,000 heavy white, 448,000 bronze, and 61,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 33 percent of the week's hatch compared to 29 percent the previous week and 18 percent a year ago.

TURKEYS TESTED: Cumulative testings in the United States for the period July 1964 through April 1965 for all heavy breeds totaled 3,337,461 - down 1 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkey testings at 327,210 for the same period was up 2 percent from the year before.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

MONTH	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

The July through April testings for Minnesota were up 15 percent for heavy whites, but down 20 percent for bronze, and down 4 percent for the light breed testings from the same period a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 21 percent for heavy whites, but down 14 percent for other heavy, and down 4 percent for the light breeds.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was up 10 percent while bronze production was down 19 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	6,390	3,469	16,800	6,551	8,065	25,770	3,536
1965	7,009	4,739	20,264	5,327	6,453	22,155	3,402
Pct. Change	+10	+37	+21	-19	-20	-14	-4

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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JUN 1 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

May 27, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending May 22, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,645,000 heavy white, 1,749,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 313,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending May 22, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 32 percent, while bronze production was down 11 percent, and light breed production was down 10 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The 2,542,000 heavy white eggs and the 2,725,000 other heavy breed eggs set in the ten States were both up 6 percent from the same week in 1964. However, the 414,000 light breed eggs set were 23 percent less than a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 1	423	520	398	364	1,363	1,507
May 8	431	549	234	342	1,162	1,576
May 15	384	524	244	355	1,245	1,527
May 22	485	623	215	344	1,244	1,645
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 3	738	927	680	521	2,404	2,503
Apr. 10	792	940	399	555	2,076	2,671
Apr. 17	722	932	419	622	2,216	2,831
Apr. 24	926	1,143	372	597	2,326	3,019
May 1	827	1,128	353	671	2,226	2,955
May 8	1,150	1,114	420	554	2,661	2,913
May 15	991	1,140	507	446	2,517	2,740
May 22	1,102	1,082	485	527	2,391	2,542
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 1	444	397	535	618	1,878	1,844
May 8	477	381	634	612	2,043	1,834
May 15	456	373	549	582	1,920	1,726
May 22	422	349	711	586	1,963	1,749
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 3	801	713	940	966	3,222	3,030
Apr. 10	922	679	1,112	999	3,677	3,052
Apr. 17	828	684	1,040	952	3,420	3,051
Apr. 24	809	641	1,239	1,027	3,531	3,133
May 1	708	747	1,312	1,141	3,582	3,347
May 8	568	647	1,276	1,120	3,166	3,004
May 15	448	530	1,359	1,043	3,030	2,852
May 22	244	355	1,090	1,178	2,569	2,725
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 1	35	#	34	2	309	245
May 8	39	#	26	0	303	318
May 15	#	30	30	3	331	259
May 22	29	#	27	1	346	313
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 3	54	#	53	2	488	370
Apr. 10	62	#	43	0	471	504
Apr. 17	#	46	49	5	526	422
Apr. 24	44	#	44	1	540	507
May 1	60	62	#	3	521	402
May 8	#	#	45	0	535	493
May 15	61	#	48	3	622	479
May 22	#	#	47	0	537	414

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending May 22 included 623,000 heavy whites, 349,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. For the corresponding week last year, 485,000 heavy white, 422,000 bronze, and 29,000 light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 1,082,000 heavy white and 355,000 bronze eggs. For the same week a year ago, 1,102,000 heavy white and 244,000 bronze eggs were set. The light breed eggs set is withheld to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 27 percent of the week's hatch compared to 33 percent the previous week and 30 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy-Breeds						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 21 percent for heavy whites, but down 14 percent for other heavy, and down 4 percent for the light breeds.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was up 11 percent, while bronze production was down 19 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wis.	Calif.	Ten States	Minn.-Wis.	Calif.	Ten States	Ten States
1964	6,875	3,684	18,044	6,973	8,776	27,733	3,882
1965	7,632	5,083	21,909	5,676	7,039	23,904	3,715
Pct. Change	+11	+38	+21	-19	-20	-14	-4

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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JUN 3 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

May 28, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-May 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-May at 86 was up 3 points from a month earlier and 10 points above a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the previous month, livestock prices averaged 10 points higher and crops 1 point higher. Dairy products remained the same while poultry and egg prices averaged 7 points lower. Compared with a year earlier, livestock prices averaged 17 points higher, crops 9 points higher, dairy products 2 points higher, and poultry and eggs 1 point higher.

Wheat prices received during mid-May were up from mid-April by 2 cents per bushel, 1 cent for oats, 3 cents for barley, 2 cents for flaxseed, and $1.20 per hundredweight for potatoes. Corn and rye prices remained unchanged while soybeans decreased 12 cents per bushel and hay $1.50 per ton. Compared to a year earlier, oat prices were up 5 cents per bushel, barley 12 cents, flaxseed 9 cents, soybeans 36 cents, potatoes $2.85 per hundredweight, and hay $11.50 per ton. Wheat was down 43 cents per bushel, corn 1 cent, and rye 5 cents.

The increase in the livestock index from a month earlier resulted from increases of $3.00 per hundredweight for hogs, 70 cents for cattle, $3.10 for calves, and $1.60 for lambs. Sheep prices averaged $1.20 per hundredweight lower. Compared with a year earlier, hog prices averaged $5.40 per hundredweight higher, cattle $1.80, calves $1.50, and lambs $2.20. Sheep prices were 80 cents per hundredweight lower.

Milk prices averaged $3.26 per hundredweight, up 1 cent from mid-April and 10 cents above a year ago.

Egg prices were 21 cents per dozen, 5 cents lower than the previous month and 1 cent lower than a year ago. Farm chicken prices averaged 5.5 cents per pound in mid-May, the same as a month earlier, but down 1 cent from a year ago. Turkey prices at 25 cents per pound were up 1 cent from the previous month and 4 cents from a year earlier.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	May 15 Av., 1957-61	May 15, 1962	May 15, 1963	May 15, 1964	April 15, 1965	May 15, 1965
All Farm Products	81	77	76	76	83	86
Crops	69	71	72	75	83	84
Livestock	93	87	81	78	85	95
Dairy Products	87	87	88	89	91	91
Poultry and Eggs	60	52	53	55	63	56

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minnesota

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	May 15, 1961	May 15, 1962	May 15, 1963	May 15, 1964	April 15, 1965	May 15, 1965
Prices Received	237	242	240	236	243	251
Prices Paid 1/	302	307	312	313	320	323
Parity Ratio	78	79	77	75	76	78

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

DARREL L. GRICE
AGRICULTURAL STATISTICIAN

F. J. GRAHAM
STATE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICIAN

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			MAY 15, 1965			
		MAY 15, 1964	APRIL 15, 1965	MAY 15, 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	1.98	1.53	1.55	1.37	1.42	1.45	1.33
RYE	BU.	1.03	.98	.98	.99	.86	.94	.925
CORN	BU.	1.11	1.10	1.10	1.16	1.09	1.18	1.23
OATS	BU.	.58	.62	.63	.69	.53	.62	.676
BARLEY	BU.	.87	.96	.99	.94	.94	.89	1.01
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.32	2.80	2.68	2.65	2.60	2.61	2.72
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.88	2.95	2.97	2.87	2.87	2.94	2.86
ALL HAY, BAYLED	TON	17.50	30.50	29.00	21.50	20.00	19.50	25.00
POTATOES	CWT.	2.75	4.40	5.60	-	5.50	-	4.94
HOGS	CWT.	14.30	16.70	19.70	19.80	18.20	19.80	19.70
COWS	CWT.	13.80	13.60	14.50	14.10	13.00	14.10	13.70
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	18.40	20.90	22.00	24.10	21.30	22.80	22.80
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	16.80	17.90	18.60	23.00	19.20	21.40	20.60
CALVES	CWT.	23.80	22.20	25.30	20.80	23.50	24.30	21.90
SHEEP	CWT.	5.70	6.10	4.90	5.30	5.00	5.10	6.44
LAMBS	CWT.	21.60	22.20	23.80	23.50	21.20	23.90	23.30
MILK COWS	HEAD	225.00	215.00	215.00	210.00	185.00	205.00	208.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.16	3.25	3.26	3.35	3.20	3.25	3.91
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.64	.64	.64	.62	.60	.60	.590
TURKEYS - LIVE	LB.	.210	.240	.250	.240	.220	.220	.237
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.065	.055	.055	.055	.050	.050	.089
EGGS	DOZ.	.224	.260	.210	.215	.220	.210	.294
WOOL	LB	.57	.49	.52	.49	.50	.50	.477
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.75	3.05	3.00	3.25	3.10	3.20	3.25
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.65	4.60	4.60	4.60	4.95	4.80	4.82
HOG FEED, 29% & OVER	CWT.	5.80	5.70	5.70	5.80	-	-	5.73
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% & OVER	CWT.	4.80	4.80	4.75	4.85	-	-	4.50
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.10	3.10	3.20	3.70	-	-	3.76
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	3.03	2.91	2.95	2.96	2.83	2.79	3.46
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.30	4.20	4.25	4.65	4.70	4.45	4.40
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		12.9	15.2	17.9	17.1	16.7	16.8	16.0
BEEF-CORN 1/		16.6	19.0	20.0	20.8	19.5	19.3	18.5
EGG-FEED 2/		7.4	8.9	7.1	7.3	7.8	7.5	8.5
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.6

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JUN 4 1965

Immediate Release

June 1, 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER - APRIL 1965

MINNESOTA: During the January-April 1965 period commercial slaughter plants in the State slaughtered 506,000 cattle, 83,600 calves, 1,999,000 hogs, and 242,500 sheep and lambs, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same period last year, calf slaughter was up 12 percent while hog slaughter remained unchanged. Cattle slaughter was down 5 percent, and sheep and lamb slaughter down 16 percent from a year ago.

Cattle slaughter during April 1965 totaled 118,000 head, 5 percent below the previous month and 16 percent below last year. The average liveweight of slaughter cattle was 1,070 pounds per head, 15 pounds heavier than March 1965, but 29 pounds lighter than April 1964.

At 17,100 head, the number of calves killed was 14 percent below the previous month, but up 1 percent from April 1964. The average liveweight of calves slaughtered was 189 pounds, 7 pounds heavier than March 1965, but 25 pounds lighter than a year ago.

The hog slaughter for April totaled 504,000 head, down 4 percent from March, but up 2 percent from April 1964. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during April was 250 pounds compared to 241 pounds in March and 251 pounds for April of last year.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during April totaled 41,500 head, down 11 percent from last month and down 19 percent from a year ago. The average liveweight for the month was 108 pounds, the same as last month and 4 pounds higher than April 1964.

48 STATES: Commercial production of red meat during April in the 48 States totaled 2,523 million pounds, 7 percent less than April 1964 and 9 percent less than March 1965. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

There were 10,345 million pounds of red meat produced during the first four months of 1965, 2 percent less than the 10,525 million pounds produced during the corresponding period of 1964. Of the January-April total, 5,893 million pounds were beef, up 3 percent from a year earlier; 301 million pounds were veal, up 8 percent; 3,934 million were pork, down 8 percent; and 217 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 11 percent. Lard production for January-April was 734 million pounds, down 13 percent from a year earlier.

During the four month period, the number of cattle slaughtered was 7 percent greater than in the same period of 1964; calves were up 8 percent; hogs down 8 percent; and sheep and lambs down 12 percent.

Beef production during April was 1,423 million pounds, 6 percent below April 1964 and 9 percent less than March 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during April totaled 2,474,900 head, 1 percent less than a year earlier and 9 percent less than the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,007 pounds, 35 pounds less than April 1964 and 5 pounds less than March 1965.

There were 73 million pounds of veal produced during April, 7 percent greater than a year earlier but 9 percent less than March 1965. The 597,600 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 7 percent greater than April 1964 but 13 percent less than March 1965.

Pork production during April totaled 972 million pounds, 9 percent less than April 1964 and 10 percent less than March 1965. The hog kill during April was 6,690,800 head, 10 percent less than a year earlier and 11 percent less than a month earlier. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of live weight of hogs was 11.2 pounds compared with 12.0 pounds in April 1964 and 11.1 in March 1965.

There were 55 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during April, 8 percent less than a year earlier, but the same as a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during April was 1,109,800 head, 6 percent fewer than April 1964, but 2 percent more than March 1965.

Production of poultry meat during April amounted to 541 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was the same as April 1964, but 3 percent more than March 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	April		April 1965 as percent of April 1964	April Average Liveweight	
	1964	1965		1964	1965
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	140.0	118.0	84.3	1,099	1,070
Calves	17.0	17.1	100.6	214	189
Hogs	496.0	504.0	101.6	251	250
Sheep and Lambs	51.5	41.5	80.6	104	108
48 STATES					
Cattle	2,507.7	2,474.9	98.7	1,042	1,007
Calves	560.4	597.6	106.6	216	219
Hogs	7,441.5	6,690.8	89.9	239	237
Sheep and Lambs	1,186.3	1,109.8	93.6	102	100

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, APRIL 1964-65 1/

Month		Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
		MILLION POUNDS						
April	1964	1,515	68	1,073	60	2,716	541	213
March	1965	1,568	80	1,075	55	2,778	526	196
April	1965	1,423	73	972	55	2,523	541	178

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.

3/ Chicken and turkey meat -- ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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JUN 4 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 3, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending May 29, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,687,000 heavy white, 1,774,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 298,000 light breed poults during the week ending May 29, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 42 percent, while bronze production was down 9 percent, and light breed production was down 7 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The 2,406,000 heavy white eggs set during the past week in the ten States was up 29 percent and the 2,287,000 other heavy breed eggs set was up 8 percent from the corresponding week in 1964. However, the 459,000 light breed eggs set was down 22 percent from a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 8	431	549	234	342	1,162	1,576
May 15	384	524	244	355	1,245	1,527
May 22	485	623	215	344	1,244	1,645
May 29	429	662	195	391	1,191	1,687
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 10	792	940	399	555	2,076	2,671
Apr. 17	722	932	419	622	2,216	2,831
Apr. 24	926	1,143	372	597	2,326	3,019
May 1	827	1,128	353	671	2,226	2,955
May 8	1,150	1,114	420	554	2,661	2,913
May 15	991	1,140	507	446	2,517	2,740
May 22	1,102	1,082	485	527	2,391	2,542
May 29	679	1,002	353	480	1,861	2,406
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 8	477	381	634	612	2,043	1,834
May 15	456	373	549	582	1,920	1,726
May 22	422	349	711	586	1,963	1,749
May 29	371	371	706	634	1,942	1,774
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 10	922	679	1,112	999	3,677	3,052
Apr. 17	828	684	1,040	952	3,420	3,051
Apr. 24	809	641	1,239	1,027	3,531	3,133
May 1	708	747	1,312	1,141	3,582	3,347
May 8	568	647	1,276	1,120	3,166	3,004
May 15	448	530	1,359	1,043	3,030	2,852
May 22	244	355	1,090	1,178	2,569	2,725
May 29	96	260	1,098	1,152	2,124	2,287
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 8	39	#	26	0	303	318
May 15	#	30	30	3	331	259
May 22	29	#	27	1	346	313
May 29	#	41	25	3	320	298
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 10	62	#	43	0	471	504
Apr. 17	#	46	49	5	526	422
Apr. 24	44	#	44	1	540	507
May 1	60	62	#	3	521	402
May 8	#	#	45	0	535	493
May 15	61	#	48	3	622	479
May 22	#	#	47	0	537	414
May 29	89	68	46	2	589	459

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending May 29 included 662,000 heavy white, 371,000 bronze, and 41,000 light breed poults. For the corresponding week last year 429,000 heavy white, 371,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 1,002,000 heavy white, 260,000 bronze, and 68,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 679,000 heavy white, 96,000 bronze, and 89,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 26 percent of the week's hatch compared to 27 percent the previous week and 18 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

MONTH	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States was up 23 percent for heavy whites, but down 13 percent for other heavy, and down 4 percent for the light breeds.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch was up 14 percent, while bronze production was down 18 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 TO DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	7,304	3,879	19,235	7,344	9,482	29,675	4,202
1965	8,294	5,474	23,596	6,047	7,673	25,678	4,013
Pct. Change	+14	+41	+23	-18	-19	-13	-4

Clyde G. Swenson
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101
Minnesota Department of Agriculture

JUN 9 1965

Immediate Release

June 8, 1965

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT

Acreage and Indicated Production as of June 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: - Cabbage, Early Summer: Minnesota production is forecast at 108,000 cwt. for 1965. This is an increase of 31,000 cwt. from the 1964 production of 77,000 cwt. and also 5 percent above the 1959-63 average production of 103,000 cwt. Minnesota's cool, wet weather in May slowed cabbage growth considerably. Growers indicate that about 600 acres will be harvested in 1965, up about 50 acres from 1964 and the same as in 1959-63. Yield per acre for 1964, forecast at 180 cwt. is up from the 140 cwt. per acre for 1964 and the 1959-63 average yield of 173 cwt.

Sweet corn for processing plantings were about one-fourth completed by June 1. Plantings of green peas for processing were about one-half complete by the same date.

UNITED STATES: The early summer crop of cabbage is forecast at 1,600,000 cwt., 13 percent greater than 1964. Crop prospects in the New England States are very good. Harvest should start before mid-June with heaviest movement getting underway late in the month. Rainfall was light on Long Island during May. However, most growers are irrigating and the crop is progressing normally. Light supplies are expected to be available after mid-June. Cool, wet weather in May in Minnesota slowed cabbage growth considerably. In New Jersey, light harvest began the last week of May. Harvest is expected to be general by mid-June. Recent rainfall was beneficial to crop development. Above normal temperatures in Ohio during May were favorable for good crop growth. Soil moisture supplies were adequate in most areas. Southwest Virginia had good growing weather during May.

Early summer carrot production in California is estimated at 1,971,000 cwt., 5 percent more than the 1964 crop. Acreage for harvest, at 7,300, is 1 percent more than last year. The first rail movement of carrots from the Santa Maria-Guadalupe area was in late April with the first straight car from the Salinas district by mid-May. Moderate harvest got underway in Kern and San Joaquin Counties about the same time.

Acreage of late summer carrots for harvest is estimated at 3,400 acres, 2 percent more than in 1964. In Massachusetts, dry weather caused earlier than usual irrigation on most fields, but near normal growth is expected. In New Jersey, irrigation has helped to alleviate the dry soil conditions on early planted acreage.

The 1965 early summer onion crop is forecast at 2,313,000 cwt., nearly the same as last year but 6 percent above average. Recent rainfall has been beneficial in southern New Jersey. Harvest is expected about July 1 in both northern and southern areas. In Iowa, wet, cool weather delayed planting. The crop in Texas is in good condition and progress has been satisfactory. Volume movement is expected about June 25 from the Trans-Pecos region. Harvest is expected to get underway on the High Plains and in the Winter Garden during the first week of July. Supplies will be available through most of August. Digging in New Mexico is well underway. Onions in Washington are making good growth. Harvest should get underway the last week of June and be active during July and early August.

Darrel Grice
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

ACREAGE AND INDICATED PRODUCTION - JUNE 1, 1965

CABBAGE 1/

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE FOR HARVEST			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965	Av. 59-63	1964	Ind. 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965
	Acres			Cwt.			1,000 Cwt.		
Winter	44,030	42,500	41,200	152	160	163	6,703	6,807	6,734
Early Spring	12,800	11,650	11,550	132	146	129	1,692	1,700	1,489
Late Spring	7,370	7,130	7,550	136	133	139	1,002	950	1,051
Early Summer:									
Mass.	630	550	600	184	190	185	116	104	111
R. I.	80	80	80	181	190	190	14	15	15
Conn.	400	350	350	177	180	185	70	63	65
New York, L.I.	700	650	650	201	200	200	141	130	130
N. J.	2,600	3,200	3,500	226	185	210	580	592	735
Ohio	1,660	1,700	1,700	186	180	170	308	306	289
Minn.	600	550	600	173	140	180	103	77	108
Va.	860	700	700	192	180	210	165	126	147
Total	7,530	7,780	8,180	199	182	196	1,498	1,413	1,600
Late Summer 2/	17,870	16,550	17,850	202	193		3,616	3,190	July 9
Early Fall 2/	31,430	31,370	32,070	256	248		8,062	7,771	Aug.9

ONIONS 1/

Early Spring	24,480	24,600	23,100	111	155	140	2,609	3,813	3,234
Late Spring:									
N.C.	340	250	250	134	160	170	42	40	42
Ga.	390	550	350	112	200	160	43	110	56
Texas	1,800	800	600	48	55	60	83	44	36
Ariz.	1,920	1,600	1,500	315	400	425	587	640	638
Calif.	4,340	3,800	3,700	302	280	290	1,317	1,064	1,073
Total	8,790	7,000	6,400	238	271	288	2,071	1,898	1,845
Early Summer:									
N. J.	2,420	2,600	2,500	152	135	145	367	351	362
Iowa	200	160	150	172	165	130	35	26	20
Texas	4,300	4,100	4,400	215	250	220	913	1,025	968
New Mex.	2,160	2,300	2,200	300	300	340	643	690	748
Wash.	510	500	500	422	450	430	215	225	215
Total	9,680	9,660	9,750	226	240	237	2,181	2,317	2,313
Late Summer 2/	56,410	57,220	59,670	329	310		18,574	17,725	Aug.9

1/ Includes processing.

2/ 1965 acreage for harvest is prospective acreage.

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JUN 14 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 10, 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT - JUNE 1, 1965

Cold, wet weather during May delayed field work and retarded crop progress in all areas of the State, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. An abnormally wet May followed record moisture in March and an unusually wet April. Snow and freezing temperatures occurred in many areas during the latter part of May which damaged some emerged corn, soybeans and sweet corn. May 1965 will also be remembered by many Minnesota communities as a month of strong winds and tornadoes.

As of June 1 planting of spring crops was substantially behind schedule. Only about 60 percent of the State's corn crop was planted, which was about the same level of progress as in 1962 - a late season. Normally about 80 percent is planted by June 1.

Approximately 30 percent of the soybean acreage was planted by June 1. This was also about the same as in 1962 and compares with the June 1 average of 55 percent.

Seeding of spring wheat and oats was virtually completed on June 1 in all areas except the Red River Valley. Barley seeding was 75 percent and flax about 55 percent complete. Planting of these crops will continue for sometime in the Red River Valley area. Only about one-fourth of the potatoes and less than half of the sugar beets were planted on the first of June.

Total wheat production prospects for this year are about the same as a year ago. There is a slight reduction in acreage from last year but yield prospects are better. Seeding of spring wheat has been delayed by wet weather but is now complete in all areas except the Red River Valley. Based on the March planted acreage estimate, a spring wheat crop of about 22,558,000 bushels is in prospect. This would be slightly above the 5-year average and about 7 percent above the 1964 crop. Acreage loss of winter wheat during the past winter was greater than normal. Yield prospects are also below normal and a crop of 200,000 bushels is now forecast.

Although cold weather during most of May retarded growth of the hay crops, June 1 conditions had improved and a good crop is in prospect, although a little late. Haying operations had not started by the end of the month.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 1,138 billion pounds during May 1965. This was the same as in May last year and a 3 percent increase over April this year. Milk production for the first 5 months of this year totaled 5,421 billion pounds, 1 percent greater than the corresponding period a year earlier.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production during May totaled 231 million eggs, down 6 percent from May 1964. The average number of layers for the month was 11,309,000, which compares with 12,228,000 for May a year earlier. The rate of lay during May was 65 percent, the same as a year earlier. Egg production during the first 5 months this year was 1,165 million eggs, down 3 percent from the corresponding period a year ago.

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JUN 14 1965

Immediate Release

June 10, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending June 5, 1964

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,581,000 heavy white, 1,534,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 305,000 light breed poults during the week ending June 5, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 15 percent, while other heavy production was down 11 percent, and light breed production was down 8 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The 2,313,000 heavy white eggs set during the past week in the ten States was up 37 percent, and the 1,870,000 other heavy breed eggs set was up 7 percent from the same week in 1964. However, the 415,000 light breed eggs set was down 26 percent from a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 15	384	524	244	355	1,245	1,540
May 22	485	623	215	344	1,244	1,645
May 29	429	662	195	391	1,191	1,687
June 5	603	594	232	331	1,379	1,581
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 17	722	957	419	622	2,216	2,852
Apr. 24	926	1,166	372	612	2,326	3,031
May 1	827	1,128	353	651	2,226	2,939
May 8	1,150	1,114	420	567	2,661	2,911
May 15	991	1,119	507	477	2,517	2,709
May 22	1,102	1,082	485	527	2,391	2,542
May 29	679	1,002	353	480	1,861	2,406
June 5	711	1,045	347	515	1,685	2,313
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 15	456	373	549	582	1,920	1,720
May 22	422	349	711	586	1,963	1,749
May 29	371	371	706	634	1,942	1,774
June 5	287	270	684	584	1,715	1,534
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 17	828	707	1,040	952	3,420	3,104
Apr. 24	809	641	1,239	1,027	3,531	3,160
May 1	708	747	1,312	1,104	3,582	3,298
May 8	568	647	1,276	1,128	3,166	3,014
May 15	448	530	1,359	1,023	3,030	2,804
May 22	244	355	1,090	1,178	2,569	2,725
May 29	96	260	1,098	1,152	2,124	2,287
June 5	39	113	1,031	935	1,749	1,870
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 15	#	30	30	3	331	259
May 22	29	#	27	1	346	313
May 29	#	41	25	3	320	298
June 5	#	#	28	0	330	305
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 17	#	46	49	5	526	422
Apr. 24	44	#	44	1	540	532
May 1	60	62	#	4	521	403
May 8	#	#	45	0	535	508
May 15	61	#	48	3	622	488
May 22	#	#	47	0	537	414
May 29	89	68	46	2	589	459
June 5	105	102	40	0	564	415

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending June 5 included 594,000 heavy white and 270,000 bronze. For the same week a year ago, 603,000 heavy white and 287,000 bronze were produced. Production of light breed poults is withheld to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 1,045,000 heavy white, 143,000 bronze, and 102,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 711,000 heavy white, 39,000 bronze, and 105,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 30 percent of the week's hatch compared to 26 percent the previous week and 28 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy-Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936		1,897		155		19,930		1,838	
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807		1,314		271		27,979		2,600	
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug,	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States is up 22 percent for heavy whites, but down 14 percent for other heavy, and down 4 percent for the light breeds.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch is up 12 percent, while bronze production is down 17 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten States	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten States	Ten States
1964	7,907	4,111	20,614	7,631	10,166	31,390	4,532
1965	8,888	5,793	25,177	6,317	8,177	27,144	4,336
Pct. Change	+12	+41	+22	-17	-20	-14	-4

Clyde G. Swenson
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JUN 22 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 17, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
May 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 6,175,000 chicks during May 1965 which was 13 percent below May 1964, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The May hatch consisted of 5,285,000 egg-type and 890,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was down 11 percent, and broiler-type chick production was down 22 percent from May 1964. For the period January through May, the egg-type chick hatch was down 21 percent and the broiler-type chick hatch was down 27 percent from the same period in 1964. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on June 1 was up 18 percent from last year.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-May was $2.95 per 100 pounds, compared to $2.91 the previous month and $3.03 a year earlier. On May 15 the egg-feed ratio was 7.1 compared to 8.9 the previous month and 7.4 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	643	631	- 2	992	723	- 27
February	1,304	1,031	- 21	880	612	- 30
March	4,707	3,271	- 31	1,106	747	- 32
April	7,466	5,600	- 25	1,164	896	- 23
May	5,932	5,285	- 11	1,146	890	- 22
June	1,698			1,073		
July	623			984		
August	396			863		
September	503			862		
October	469			710		
November	551			700		
December	538			760		

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 304,825,000 chicks during May, compared with 297,074,000 in May 1964. The hatch of broiler chicks totaled 236,227,000, up 8 percent from May last year and the largest hatch of record for the month. During the first 5 months of 1965 there were 1,055,370,000 broiler chicks produced, an increase of 4 percent from January-May 1964 and the largest of record for these months. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on June 1 was 7 percent above June 1, a year ago.

There were 68,598,000 egg-type chicks hatched in May--down 11 percent from May 1964 and the smallest May hatch of egg-type chicks of record. All regions of the country reported decreases; 19 percent in the North Atlantic States, 17 percent in the West North Central, 7 percent in the West, 6 percent in the East North Central, and 4 percent in the South Atlantic and South Central. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 5 months this year totaled 271,587,000 chicks--a decrease of 14 percent from the same period last year and the smallest egg-type hatch of record for these months. The number of "egg-type" eggs in incubators on June 1 was up 3 percent from a year earlier.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During May			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	580	600	3,700	4,000
Indiana	3,127	2,779	3,613	3,262
Illinois	157	111	3,662	3,508
Michigan	510	410	1,940	1,750
Wisconsin	952	1,060	1,731	1,250
E. N. CENTRAL	5,326	4,960	14,646	13,770
Minnesota	1,146	890	5,932	5,285
Iowa	310	400	9,850	8,000
Missouri	4,440	3,722	3,376	2,964
North Dakota	1/	1/	415	426
South Dakota	1/	1/	2,940	2,380
Nebraska	441	476	3,099	2,272
Kansas	117	140	1,268	950
1/ W. N. CENTRAL	1/ 6,593	1/ 5,826	26,880	22,277
UNITED STATES	219,650	236,227	77,424	68,598

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 17, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending June 12, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,475,000 heavy white, 1,507,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 307,000 light breed poults during the week ending June 12, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 13 percent, while other heavy production was down 4 percent, and light breed poult production was down 15 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

Eggs set by hatcheries in the ten States was above the 1964 set for all three classes. The heavy white set of 2,032,000 was 34 percent above 1964, the 1,526,000 other heavy set was up 6 percent, and the light breed set of 633,000 eggs was 19 percent larger than the comparable week last year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 22	485	623	215	344	1,244	1,645
May 29	429	662	195	391	1,191	1,687
June 5	603	594	232	331	1,379	1,581
June 12	545	626	250	290	1,303	1,475
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 24	926	1,166	372	612	2,326	3,031
May 1	827	1,128	353	651	2,226	2,939
May 8	1,150	1,114	420	567	2,661	2,911
May 15	991	1,119	507	477	2,517	2,709
May 22	1,102	1,082	485	527	2,391	2,542
May 29	679	1,002	353	480	1,861	2,406
June 5	711	1,045	347	515	1,685	2,313
June 12	702	955	310	461	1,514	2,032
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 22	422	349	711	586	1,963	1,749
May 29	371	371	706	634	1,942	1,774
June 5	287	270	684	584	1,715	1,534
June 12	194	251	723	567	1,574	1,507
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 24	809	641	1,239	1,027	3,531	3,160
May 1	708	747	1,312	1,104	3,582	3,298
May 8	568	647	1,276	1,128	3,166	3,014
May 15	448	530	1,359	1,023	3,030	2,804
May 22	244	355	1,090	1,178	2,569	2,725
May 29	96	260	1,098	1,152	2,124	2,287
June 5	39	143	1,031	935	1,749	1,870
June 12	#	61	962	930	1,445	1,526
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
May 22	29	#	27	1	346	313
May 29	#	41	25	3	320	298
June 5	#	#	28	0	330	305
June 12	38	#	24	3	362	307
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Apr. 24	44	#	44	1	540	532
May 1	60	62	#	4	521	403
May 8	#	#	45	0	535	508
May 15	61	#	48	3	622	488
May 22	#	#	47	0	537	414
May 29	89	68	46	2	589	459
June 5	105	102	40	0	564	415
June 12	119	142	36	0	532	633

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending June 12 included 626,000 heavy white, 251,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. For the same week a year ago, 545,000 heavy white, 194,000 bronze, and 38,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 955,000 heavy white, 61,000 bronze, and 142,000 light breed eggs. For the same week last year, 702,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze, and 119,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 45 percent of the week's hatch compared to 30 percent the previous week and 26 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

MONTH	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States is up 22 percent for heavy white, but down 13 percent for other heavy and down 5 percent for the light breeds.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch is up 13 percent, while bronze production is down 16 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 TO DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	8,452	4,361	21,917	7,825	10,889	32,964	4,894
1965	9,514	6,083	26,652	6,568	8,744	28,651	4,643
Pct. Change	+13	+39	+22	-16	-20	-13	-5

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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JUN 28 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 22, 1965

JUNE 1, 1965 PIG REPORT

MINNESOTA: Minnesota's 1965 spring (December-May) pig crop totaled 2,898,000 head, 14 percent below the 3,380,000 head for the same period a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The number of sows farrowing during the period was 395,000 head, also down 14 percent from a year earlier. The average number of pigs per litter at 7.34 was slightly less than the 7.40 in 1964. Within the spring farrowing period, December-February, pigs totaled 1,008,000 head a 6 percent decrease from the previous year. March-May pigs saved at 1,890,000 head were 18 percent below the same period in 1964.

The State's hog producers on June 1 intended to farrow 306,000 sows during the fall period (June-November) or 12 percent less than the 348,000 farrowed a year ago. For the next three months (June-August) the number of sows farrowing is expected to total 166,000 head, down 16 percent from the same period in 1964.

Intentions for the September-November period indicate 140,000 sows, a decrease of only 7 percent from a year ago and probably reflects the effect of the higher prices now being received by farmers for market hogs.

The number of all hogs on Minnesota farms on June 1 at 3,195,000 head is down 18 percent from a year earlier, as a result of the reduced spring pig crop, and present strong market demand for butcher hogs.

UNITED STATES: The December 1964-May 1965 pig crop totaled 43.2 million head, down 10 percent from the 47.9 million head for the same period a year earlier. A total of 6.0 million sows farrowed during the period, 10 percent less than the 6.6 million for the same period last year. The number of pigs per litter averaged 7.22 compared with 7.23 a year earlier.

Breeding intentions reports indicate 5.2 million sows to farrow during June-November 1965, 7 percent less than the 5.6 million sows that farrowed during the same period last year. If these intentions are carried out and the number of pigs per litter will equal the average plus an allowance for trend, the June-November 1965 pig crop will total 37.5 million head, 8 percent less than a year earlier. The 1965 annual pig crop (December 1964 through November 1965) would then be 80.7 million head, 9 percent less than in 1964.

The June 1, 1965 inventory of hogs and pigs on farms in the 10 Corn Belt States totaled 42.5 million head, 11 percent less than the 47.7 million head on June 1, 1964.

On June 1, 1965 there were 42,480,000 hogs and pigs of all ages on farms in 10 Corn Belt States, 11 percent less than the 47,668,000 a year earlier, and 14 percent below the June 1, 1963 inventory. These 10 States normally produce three-fourths of the United States pig crop.

-OVER-

All hogs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and United States

Item	All hogs		Sows farrowing		Pigs per litter		Pig crop		
	March 1	June 1	Dec. - May	June-Nov.	Dec. - May	June-Nov.	Dec. - May	June-Nov.	Total
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	No.	No.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head
Minnesota:									
1959-63 Av.	3,404	4,380	517	386	7.29	7.16	3,767	2,761	6,528
1963	3,456	4,145	496	378	7.36	7.39	3,653	2,792	6,445
1964	3,180	3,896	457	348	7.40	7.22	3,380	2,511	5,891
1965	2,735	3,195	395	1/ 306	7.34	---	2,898	---	---
Percent - 1965 of 1964	86	82	86	88	---	---	86	---	---
United States:									
1959-63 Av. 2/	---	---	7,192	6,037	7.09	7.12	50,993	43,008	94,001
1963	---	---	7,132	6,091	7.15	7.23	50,966	44,056	95,022
1964	---	---	6,629	5,630	7.23	7.22	47,912	40,622	88,534
1965	---	---	5,986	2/ 5,238	7.22	3/ 7.20	43,227	3/ 37,500	80,727
Percent - 1965 of 1964	---	---	90	93	---	---	90	92	91

1/ As indicated by breeding intentions. 2/ Does not include Alaska and Hawaii.
3/ Based on average number of pigs per litter with allowance for trend.

D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, pig crop,
March-November, 10 States, 1964 - 1965

State	March - May						June - August 1/			Sept. - November 1/		
	Sows farrowing			Pig crop 2/			Sows to farrow			Sows to farrow		
	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	169	150	89	1,289	1,095	85	150	132	88	142	125	88
Ind.	252	222	88	1,855	1,643	89	291	250	86	189	170	90
Ill.	617	524	85	4,319	3,720	86	408	375	92	397	357	90
Wis.	168	139	83	1,228	1,023	83	118	109	92	100	92	92
Minn.	313	260	83	2,310	1,890	82	198	166	84	150	140	93
Iowa	1,116	1,038	93	8,169	7,505	92	640	614	96	562	551	98
Mo.	292	263	90	2,132	1,894	89	211	203	96	232	211	91
S. Dak.	216	179	83	1,525	1,298	85	63	55	87	77	65	84
Nebr.	266	226	85	1,913	1,627	85	120	110	92	150	129	86
Kans.	98	95	97	730	698	96	70	69	99	69	67	97
Total 10 States	3,507	3,096	88	25,470	22,393	88	2,269	2,083	92	2,068	1,907	92

1/ Number indicated by breeding intentions reports.
2/ Number of pigs farrowed March through May which were still on hand June 1 or had been sold.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs, and other hogs by weight groups,
10 States, June 1, 1964 - 1965

State	All hogs and pigs			Breeding hogs			Other hogs and pigs					
							Under 120 pounds			120 pounds and over		
	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	2,632	2,369	90	395	344	87	1,711	1,519	89	526	506	96
Ind.	4,889	4,302	88	733	602	82	2,951	2,582	87	1,205	1,118	93
Ill.	8,287	7,127	86	1,243	1,069	86	5,332	4,489	84	1,712	1,569	92
Wis.	1,940	1,630	84	340	285	84	1,336	1,103	83	264	242	92
Minn.	3,896	3,195	82	584	502	86	2,643	2,189	83	669	504	75
Iowa	14,936	14,040	94	2,166	2,036	94	9,730	9,063	93	3,040	2,941	97
Mo.	4,190	3,562	85	608	499	82	2,651	2,239	84	931	824	89
S. Dak.	2,211	1,946	88	354	292	82	1,597	1,401	88	260	253	97
Nebr.	3,174	2,857	90	476	414	87	2,158	1,910	89	540	533	98
Kans.	1,513	1,452	96	257	232	90	885	860	97	371	360	97
Total 10 States	47,668	42,480	89	7,156	6,275	88	30,994	27,355	88	9,518	8,850	93

Hog numbers were down from a year earlier in all 10 of these States. In Iowa, the leading hog producing State, numbers were off 6 percent, and in Illinois, second ranking State, 14 percent. Among the other States, decreases ranged from 4 percent in Kansas to 18 percent in Minnesota. June 1 inventories this year were up 12 percent from March 1, compared with an increase of 17 percent during this quarter in 1964.

The number of hogs and pigs being kept for breeding in the 10 States was 6,275,000 head on June 1, 1965, down 12 percent from a year earlier. Other hog and pig numbers totaled 36,205,000 head, 11 percent less than the 40,512,000 on June 1 last year. By weight classes the number of other hogs and pigs on farms June 1, 1965 and the percentage change from a year earlier are: less than 60 pounds, 19,297,000 head, down 13 percent; 60-119 pounds, 8,058,000 head, down 9 percent; 120-179 pounds, 5,191,000 head, down 4 percent; 180-219 pounds, 2,757,000 head, down 9 percent; 220 pounds and over, 902,000 head, down 17 percent.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 24, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending June 19, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,360,000 heavy white, 1,464,000 other heavy, and 242,000 light breed poults during the week ending June 19, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Both heavy white and other heavy production were up 10 percent, while light breed production was down 27 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The 1,697,000 heavy white eggs set during the past week in the ten States was up 39 percent. However, the 1,169,000 other heavy breed eggs set was down 7 percent and the 513,000 light breed eggs set was down 14 percent from a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
May 29	429	662	195	391	1,191	1,687
June 5	603	594	232	331	1,379	1,581
June 12	545	626	250	290	1,303	1,475
June 19	584	620	242	269	1,236	1,360
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 1	827	1,128	353	651	2,226	2,939
May 8	1,150	1,114	420	567	2,661	2,911
May 15	991	1,119	507	477	2,517	2,709
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June 12	702	955	310	461	1,514	2,032
June 19	653	888	267	394	1,222	1,697
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
May 29	371	371	706	634	1,942	1,774
June 5	287	270	684	584	1,715	1,534
June 12	194	251	723	567	1,574	1,507
June 19	107	166	584	701	1,336	1,464
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 1	708	747	1,312	1,104	3,582	3,298
May 8	568	647	1,276	1,128	3,166	3,014
May 15	448	530	1,359	1,023	3,030	2,804
May 22	244	355	1,090	1,178	2,569	2,725
May 29	96	260	1,098	1,152	2,124	2,287
June 5	39	143	1,031	935	1,749	1,870
June 12	#	61	962	930	1,445	1,526
June 19	#	#	836	710	1,256	1,169
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
May 29	#	41	25	3	320	298
June 5	#	#	28	0	330	305
June 12	38	#	24	3	362	307
June 19	#	#	26	0	331	242
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 1	60	62	#	4	521	403
May 8	#	#	45	0	535	508
May 15	61	#	48	3	622	488
May 22	#	#	47	0	537	414
May 29	89	68	46	2	589	459
June 5	105	102	40	0	564	415
June 12	119	142	36	0	532	633
June 19	141	118	49	0	600	513

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending June 19 included 620,000 heavy white and 166,000 bronze. For the same week a year ago, 584,000 heavy white and 107,000 bronze were hatched. Production of light breed poults is withheld to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 888,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze eggs, and 118,000 light breed eggs. For the same week last year, 653,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze, and 141,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 32 percent of the week's hatch compared to 45 percent the previous week and 31 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy-Breeds						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States is up 21 percent for heavy white, but down 12 percent for other heavy and down 7 percent for the light breeds.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch is up 12 percent, while bronze production is down 15 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten States	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten States	Ten States
1964	9,036	4,603	23,153	7,932	11,473	34,300	5,225
1965	10,134	6,352	28,012	6,734	9,445	30,115	4,885
Pct. Change	+12	+38	+21	-15	-18	-12	-7

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JUL 1 1965

Immediate Release

June 29, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-June 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-June at 89 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for June since 1953, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The Index has been increasing slightly in recent months and it is now 14 points or 19 percent above a year earlier and also is 3 points above mid-May of this year. Generally prices are higher than a year earlier, particularly for livestock being sold from Minnesota farms.

Compared with mid-May, livestock prices showed the only significant change - being up 9 points to 104 percent of the 1947-49 average in mid-June. Crop prices on the whole showed no change from a month earlier as is the case for dairy products and very little change for poultry and eggs. However, compared with a year ago, livestock prices averaged 26 points higher while crop prices are up 11 points, dairy products 3 points, but no significant change for poultry and eggs.

Corn prices averaged 5 cents per bushel higher in mid-June than a month earlier and 4 cents up from a year ago. Prices for oats and barley were slightly lower in mid-June than a month ago but both crops averaged above the 1964 level. Rye and wheat prices were 3 cents per bushel below mid-May with wheat sharply lower than a year ago. Soybean prices averaged 3 cents per bushel higher in mid-June than a month ago and are up 38 cents per bushel from a year ago. Flaxseed showed very little change from the last month but averaged slightly higher than a year ago. Hay prices continue to maintain a level above 1964.

Most important in the price change from a month ago was the increase of $2.80 per hundredweight for hogs, while all cattle prices averaged $1.30 higher. Compared with a year earlier, hog prices are sharply higher (from $14.40 to $22.50), with cattle prices up somewhat less ($16.90 to $19.90). Lamb prices increased from $21.30 to $24.80 while sheep prices were up only 50 cents per hundredweight.

Milk prices show very little change from mid-May to mid-June but averaged 10 cents per hundredweight above the price a year ago.

Egg prices averaging 22 cents per dozen for mid-June were up 1 cent from a month earlier but averaged 2 cents lower than a year ago.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	June 15 Av., 1957-61	June 15, 1962	June 15, 1963	June 15, 1964	May 15, 1965	June 15, 1965
All Farm Products	80	78	78	75	86	89
Crops	69	70	74	73	84	84
Livestock	93	89	85	78	95	104
Dairy Products	87	87	87	88	91	91
Poultry and Eggs	58	53	54	57	56	57

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept.of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	June 15, 1961	June 15, 1962	June 15, 1963	June 15, 1964	May 15, 1965	June 15, 1965
Prices Received	234	240	242	233	251	256
Prices Paid 1/	301	306	312	313	323	323
Parity Ratio	78	78	78	74	78	79

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Darrel Grice
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIONS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			JUNE 15, 1965			
		JUNE 15, 1964	MAY 15, 1965	JUNE 15, 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	1.81	1.55	1.52	1.34	1.39	1.40	1.28
RYE	BU.	1.04	.98	.95	.95	.82	.90	1.14
CORN	BU.	1.11	1.10	1.15	1.18	1.06	1.19	1.24
OATS	BU.	.57	.63	.62	.68	.52	.60	.678
BARLEY	BU.	.85	.99	.97	.94	.98	.89	1.03
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.33	2.68	2.71	2.68	2.60	2.63	2.74
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.87	2.97	2.96	2.85	2.86	2.92	2.85
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	16.50	29.00	22.00	21.80	16.50	16.00	22.80
POTATOES	CWT.	-	5.60	-	-	-	-	4.55
HOGS	CWT.	14.40	19.70	22.50	22.60	20.20	22.40	22.50
COWS	CWT.	13.40	14.50	15.50	15.30	14.20	15.20	14.50
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	18.40	22.00	23.50	25.30	22.80	23.70	24.00
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	16.90	18.60	19.90	24.20	20.50	22.20	21.50
CALVES	CWT.	21.80	25.30	25.60	21.60	24.50	26.30	23.20
SHEEP	CWT.	5.60	4.90	6.10	5.50	5.10	5.30	6.75
LAMBS	CWT.	21.30	23.80	24.80	24.50	22.00	25.60	24.30
MILK COWS	HEAD	225.00	215.00	215.00	210.00	190.00	210.00	211.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.13	3.25	3.23	3.30	3.15	3.20	3.85
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.63	.64	.64	.62	.60	.60	.589
TURKEYS - LIVE	LB.	.200	.250	.240	.230	.210	.220	.234
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.065	.055	.055	.055	.050	.050	.087
EGGS	DOZ.	.240	.210	.220	.215	.220	.220	.299
WOOL	LB.	.56	.52	.52	.50	.50	.50	.475
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.60	3.00	3.00	3.20	3.10	3.20	3.20
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.50	4.60	4.70	4.80	4.95	4.90	4.90
HOG FEED, 29% & OVER	CWT.	5.60	5.70	5.80	6.00	-	-	5.81
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% & OVER	CWT.	4.65	4.75	4.80	4.95	-	-	4.55
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.10	3.20	3.15	3.70	-	-	3.73
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.95	2.95	2.94	3.01	2.82	2.80	3.49
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.20	4.25	4.20	4.80	4.70	4.55	4.43
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		13.0	17.9	19.4	19.2	19.1	18.8	18.1
BEEF-CORN 1/		16.6	20.0	20.4	21.4	21.5	19.9	19.4
EGG-FEED 2/		8.1	7.1	7.5	7.1	7.8	7.9	8.6
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.2	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.5

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 1, 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER - MAY 1965

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during May 1965 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 121,000 head, up 2 percent from last month, but down 12 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight for the month was 1,069 pounds, practically the same as last month, but 31 pounds less than in May 1964.

At 14,100 head, the number of calves killed was 18 percent below the previous month and down 3 percent from May 1964. The average liveweight of calves slaughtered was 197 pounds, 8 pounds lighter than April 1965, and 17 pounds lighter than a year ago.

Hog slaughter for May totaled 377,000 head, down 25 percent from April and down 2 percent from May 1964. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during May was 260 pounds compared to 250 pounds in April and 260 pounds for May last year.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered during May totaled 42,500 head, up 2 percent from last month, but down 2 percent from a year ago. The average liveweight for the month was 105 pounds, 3 pounds less than last month, but 4 pounds more than May 1964.

During the January-May 1965 period commercial slaughter plants in the State killed 627,000 cattle, 97,700 calves, 2,376,000 hogs, and 285,000 sheep and lambs. Compared with the same period last year, calf slaughter was up 9 percent while hog slaughter remained unchanged. Cattle slaughter was down 6 percent, and sheep and lamb slaughter was down 14 percent from a year ago.

48 STATES: Commercial production of red meat during May in the 48 States totaled 2,350 million pounds, 8 percent less than May 1964 and 7 percent less than April 1965. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

There were 12,695 million pounds of red meat produced during the first five months of 1965, 3 percent less than the 13,078 million pounds produced during the corresponding period of 1964. Of the January-May total, 7,324 million pounds were beef, up 1 percent from a year earlier; 367 million pounds were veal, up 7 percent; 4,737 million were pork, down 9 percent; and 267 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 11 percent. Lard production for January-May was 888 million pounds, down 15 percent from a year earlier.

During the five-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered was 6 percent greater than in the same period of 1964; calves were up 7 percent; hogs down 9 percent; and sheep and lambs down 11 percent.

Beef production during May was 1,431 million pounds, 5 percent below May 1964 but 1 percent more than April 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during May totaled 2,499,700 head, 1 percent less than a year earlier but 1 percent more than the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,001 pounds, 34 pounds less than May 1964 and 6 pounds less than April 1965.

There were 66 million pounds of veal produced during May, the same as May 1964, but 10 percent less than April 1965. The 507,900 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 4 percent greater than May 1964 but 15 percent less than April 1965.

Pork production during May totaled 803 million pounds, 13 percent less than May 1964 and 17 percent less than April 1965. The hog kill during May was 5,513,700 head, 13 percent less than a year earlier and 18 percent less than a month earlier. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of live weight of hogs was 11.6 pounds compared with 12.5 pounds in May 1964 and 11.2 in April 1965.

The 50 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during May was 9 percent less than both a year earlier, and a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during May was 1,022,500 head, 9 percent fewer than May 1964, and 8 percent less than April 1965.

Production of poultry meat during May amounted to 563 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 1 percent less than May 1964, but 4 percent more than April 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	May		May 1965 as percent of May 1964	May Average Liveweight	
	1964	1965		1964	1965
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	137.0	121.0	88.3	1,100	1,069
Calves	14.5	14.1	97.2	214	197
Hogs	386.0	377.0	97.7	260	260
Sheep and Lambs	43.5	42.5	97.7	101	105
48 STATES					
Cattle	2,513.2	2,499.7	99.5	1,035	1,001
Calves	488.3	507.9	104.0	241	236
Hogs	6,356.2	5,513.7	86.7	244	241
Sheep and Lambs	1,119.1	1,022.5	91.4	98	99

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, MAY 1964-65 1/

Month		Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
		MILLION POUNDS						
May	1964	1,511	66	921	55	2,553	569	194
April	1965	1,423	73	972	55	2,523	541	178
May	1965	1,431	66	803	50	2,350	563	154

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.

3/ Chicken and turkey meat -- ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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JUL 6 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 1, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending June 26, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,265,000 heavy white, 1,193,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 288,000 light breed poults during the week ending June 26, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 39 percent, and other heavy production was up 12 percent, while light breed poult production was down 17 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The 1,564,000 heavy white eggs set during the past week in the ten States was up 45 percent, and the 925,000 other heavy breed eggs set was up 27 percent. However, the 541,000 light breed eggs set was down 3 percent from a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
June 5	603	594	232	331	1,379	1,581
June 12	545	626	250	290	1,303	1,475
June 19	584	620	242	269	1,236	1,360
June 26	371	595	164	247	911	1,265
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 8	1,150	1,114	420	567	2,661	2,911
May 15	991	1,119	507	477	2,517	2,709
May 22	1,102	1,082	485	527	2,391	2,542
May 29	679	1,002	353	480	1,861	2,406
June 5	711	1,045	347	515	1,685	2,313
June 12	702	955	310	461	1,514	2,032
June 19	653	888	267	394	1,222	1,697
June 26	647	754	187	421	1,076	1,564
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
June 5	287	270	684	584	1,715	1,534
June 12	194	251	723	567	1,574	1,507
June 19	107	166	584	701	1,336	1,464
June 26	42	117	561	591	1,069	1,193
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 8	568	647	1,276	1,128	3,166	3,014
May 15	448	530	1,359	1,023	3,030	2,804
May 22	244	355	1,090	1,178	2,569	2,725
May 29	96	260	1,098	1,152	2,124	2,287
June 5	39	143	1,031	935	1,749	1,870
June 12	#	61	962	930	1,445	1,526
June 19	#	#	836	710	1,256	1,169
June 26	0	#	600	609	727	925
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
June 5	#	#	28	0	330	305
June 12	38	#	24	3	362	307
June 19	#	#	26	0	331	242
June 26	61	44	23	1	349	288
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 8	#	#	45	0	535	508
May 15	61	#	48	3	622	488
May 22	#	#	47	0	537	414
May 29	89	68	46	2	589	459
June 5	105	102	40	0	564	415
June 12	119	142	36	0	532	633
June 19	141	118	49	0	600	513
June 26	118	140	40	0	558	541

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending June 26 included 595,000 heavy white, 117,000 bronze, and 44,000 light breed poults. For the same week a year ago, 371,000 heavy white, 42,000 bronze, and 61,000 light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 754,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze eggs, and 140,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 647,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 118,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 22 percent of the week's hatch compared to 32 percent the previous week and 31 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

MONTH	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States is up 22 percent for heavy white, but down 11 percent for other heavy and down 7 percent for the light breeds.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch is up 14 percent, while bronze production is down 14 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 TO DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten State	Ten State
1964	9,407	4,767	24,064	7,974	12,034	35,369	5,574
1965	10,729	6,599	29,277	6,851	10,036	31,308	5,173
Pct. Change	+14	+38	+22	-14	-17	-11	-7

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JUL 9 1965

Immediate Release

July 8, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 3, 1965

TEN STATES: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,176,000 heavy white, 941,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 268,000 light breed poults during the week ending July 3, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 41 percent, and other heavy production was up 3 percent, while light breed production was down 17 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The 1,446,000 heavy white eggs set during the past week in the ten States was up 65 percent, and the 730,000 other heavy breed eggs set was up 53 percent. However, the 462,000 light breed eggs set was down 3 percent from a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
June 12	545	626	250	290	1,303	1,472
June 19	584	620	242	269	1,236	1,360
June 26	371	595	164	247	911	1,265
July 3	405	547	146	272	832	1,176
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 15	991	1,120	507	477	2,517	2,707
May 22	1,102	1,096	485	478	2,391	2,547
May 29	679	1,057	353	490	1,861	2,431
June 5	711	1,045	347	468	1,685	2,266
June 12	702	955	310	461	1,514	2,026
June 19	653	888	267	394	1,222	1,697
June 26	647	754	187	421	1,076	1,564
July 3	557	847	185	286	874	1,446
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
June 12	194	251	723	567	1,574	1,503
June 19	107	166	584	701	1,336	1,464
June 26	42	117	561	591	1,069	1,193
July 3	23	53	574	512	913	941
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 15	448	530	1,359	1,023	3,030	2,808
May 22	244	355	1,090	1,228	2,569	2,775
May 29	96	260	1,098	1,152	2,124	2,349
June 5	39	143	1,031	965	1,749	1,935
June 12	#	61	962	930	1,445	1,526
June 19	#	#	836	710	1,256	1,169
June 26	0	#	600	609	727	925
July 3	#	#	398	534	476	730
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
June 12	38	#	24	3	362	313
June 19	#	#	26	0	331	242
June 26	61	44	23	1	349	288
July 3	67	71	17	2	323	268
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 15	61	#	48	3	622	491
May 22	#	#	47	0	537	392
May 29	89	68	46	2	589	465
June 5	105	102	40	0	564	415
June 12	119	142	36	0	532	633
June 19	141	118	49	0	600	513
June 26	118	140	40	0	558	541
July 3	128	112	25	7	478	462

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 3 included 547,000 heavy white, 53,000 bronze and 71,000 light breed poults. For the same week a year ago, 405,000 heavy white, 23,000 bronze, and 67,000 light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 847,000 heavy white and 112,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 557,000 heavy white and 128,000 light breed eggs were set. The bronze egg set is withheld to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 32 percent of the week's hatch compared to 22 percent the previous week and 45 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189		590		197		14,959		1,777	
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609		82		482		12,309		2,575	
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date in the ten States is up 22 percent for heavy white, but down 11 percent for other heavy, and down 8 percent for the light breeds. The cumulative hatch for all breeds combined is up 2 percent from last year.

The Minnesota-Wisconsin January 1 to date cumulative heavy white hatch is up 15 percent, while bronze production is down 14 percent from a year earlier.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White			Other Heavy			Light Breed
	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten States	Minn.-Wisc.	Calif.	Ten States	Ten States
1964	9,812	4,913	24,896	7,994	12,608	36,282	5,897
1965	11,276	6,871	30,453	6,904	10,548	32,249	5,441
Pct. Change	+15	+40	+22	-14	-16	-11	-8

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JUL 13 1965

Immediate Release

July 9, 1965

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT
July 1, 1965

MINNESOTA:

Based on reported conditions as of July 1, production of corn and other grain crops is forecast at just slightly above 1964 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The Feed Grain Index at 93 compares with 90 in 1964, but below the 5-year annual average index of 104. The Food Grain Index of 97 is below the 102 of 1964 and also below the 5-year annual average index of 106. The increased production forecast for this year is due primarily to an increase in corn acreage and higher yields on small grain crops. Relatively good crops are now in prospect in spite of the abnormally late spring season.

The 1965 spring season was one of the wettest and latest in many years for Minnesota. Cold, rainy weather during March and April delayed field work and planting operations and most spring crops were planted much later than normal. Corn and spring grain planting extended far into the month of June. Although the planting season was very late, crops have grown well and are now making satisfactory growth. Frost occurred in many places on May 27 and 28 but damage was relatively light. The extended planting dates causes considerable variation in the stage of growth and development. Acreage planted to corn was estimated slightly below 1964 but it now appears that a larger acreage will be harvested for grain. Minnesota farmers have seeded less spring wheat and oats this year while an increase is indicated for barley and rye. Flax acreage has been reduced slightly but a substantial increase is taking place on soybean acreage.

CORN: Acreage planted to corn in 1965 is estimated at 5,786,000 acres which is 1 percent below a year ago and 7 percent below the 5-year average. Based on the July 1 reported condition, a yield of 59 bushels per acre is forecast applied to the 4,750,000 acres for harvest would give us a crop of about 280 million bushels for 1965. A corn crop this size would be about 11 percent below the 5-year (1959-63) average. Corn planting this year was delayed by the cold, wet weather during the spring. About one-fourth acreage was not planted until after the first week in June and as a result of the great variation in planting time, the stage of growth and development is very uneven. The average height of corn on July 3 was 14 inches which is 2 inches shorter than normal for this date.

WHEAT: The acreage seeded to spring wheat in 1965 was estimated at 795,000 acres and of this amount, 63,000 acres was durum. It is now estimated that 781,000 acres of spring wheat will be harvested with a crop of 19,647,000 bushels. In addition to this the State will harvest 10,000 acres of winter wheat for a total of 791,000 acres.

The wheat crop of 19,867,000 bushels for 1965 is now in prospect which is about 7 percent below production of 1964 and 11 percent below the 1959-63 average.

OATS: An oat crop of about 150 million bushels is forecast for Minnesota in 1965. This is about 4 percent above the crop for 1964 but is about 9 percent below the 5-year average. The increase over a year ago is due to an increase indicated in the yield since acreage is down 2 percent from last year. Based on the July 1 indication a yield per acre of 49 bushels is forecast which compares with 46 for a year ago, and the 5-year average of 47.3 bushels per acre. Although the crop was late in getting started, more favorable weather in recent weeks has brought this crop along in very good shape.

BARLEY: An increase of barley acreage combined with a slight increase in yield indicates a barley crop of 20,922,000 bushels which is about 7 percent higher than the 1964 but is 20 percent below the 5-year average. Based on the July 1 condition, a yield of 33 bushels is estimated compared with 32.5 bushels in 1964 and a 5-year average of 30.9 bushels per acre. Acreage for harvest this year is estimated at 634,000, 5 percent above a year ago.

FLAXSEED: A flax crop of 4,554,000 bushels is now indicated for 1965 which is slightly above 1964 but 27 percent below the 5-year average. Flax yield is indicated at 11 bushels per acre compared with 10 bushels last year and the 5-year average of 11.6 bushels. Acreage for harvest this year is placed at 414,000 acres, 23 percent below the 5-year average.

(over)

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Agricultural Statistician

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SUGAR BEETS: The sugar beet crop is now indicated at 1,380,000 tons which is 4 percent above a year ago and 20 percent above the 5-year average. Acres for harvest at 120,000 acres is about the same as a year earlier. Yield is estimated at 11.5 tons per acre slightly above last year.

POTATOES: The late summer and fall potato crop looks very well as of July 1. The late summer crop yield is forecast at 140 hundredweight with a crop of 1,008,000 hundredweight which is about 1 percent above last year. The acreage of late summer potatoes is estimated at 7,200 acres just slightly above the acreage harvested in 1964. Acres of fall potatoes for harvest is estimated at 96,000 acres, 8 percent higher than in 1964.

HAY: The 1965 hay crop is now estimated at 7.3 million tons which is about 8 percent above production last year but 4 percent below the average. Production of alfalfa is higher due to an increase in acreage as well as an increase in yield. The all hay yield for this year is expected to be about average.

COMMERCIAL APPLES: The commercial apple crop is forecast at 300,000 bushels - 30 percent less than the record crop of 430,000 bushels in 1964. The smaller crop this year is due to poor pollination and lighter bloom.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 1,088 million pounds during June, 3 percent above June last year, but 4 percent below May this year. Production for the first 6 months this year is 1 percent above the corresponding period a year ago.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production in June totaled 216 million eggs, down 5 percent from a year ago. Layers averaged 66 eggs per 100 layers during June compared with 64 eggs during June a year ago. Production during the first 6 months this year totaled 1,381 million eggs, off 8 percent from the corresponding period last year.

JULY 1, 1965 CROP PRODUCTION PROSPECTS

Commodity	Acreage			Yield Per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest			For Harvest			
	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
For Minnesota:									
Corn for grain	5,318	4,612	4,750	59.5	59.0	59.0	313,928	272,108	280,250
Winter wheat	22	11	10	24.0	26.5	22.0	522	292	220
Durum Wheat	37	77	61	26.9	28.0	27.0	1,029	2,156	1,647
Other Sp.Wheat	845	837	720	24.6	22.5	25.0	20,801	18,832	18,000
Oats	3,476	3,129	3,066	47.3	46.0	49.0	164,496	143,934	150,234
Barley	844	604	634	30.9	32.5	33.0	26,036	19,630	20,922
Rye	71	85	108	18.9	19.0	20.0	1,332	1,615	2,160
Flaxseed	536	450	414	11.6	10.0	11.0	6,251	4,500	4,554
Soybeans for beans	2,247	2,852	3,194	21.1	20.0	1/	47,602	57,040	1/
Potatoes cwt.									
Late summer	6.5	7.1	7.2	155	140	140	1,004	994	1,008
Fall	100.0	89.0	96.0	122	100	1/	12,149	8,900	1/
Sugar Beets (tons)	94.8	119.5	120.0	12.2	11.1	11.5	1,141	1,325	1,380
Hay, All(tons)	3,634	3,489	3,574	2.10	1.94	2.05	7,635	6,771	7,327

1/ First estimate available in August

UNITED STATES

Development of 1965 crops is somewhat behind the normal pace. However, July 1 prospects are favorable except in dry areas in the Northeast. Spring work made a slow start but total planted acreage was slightly more than last year with major expansions in soybeans and winter wheat. Indicated feed grain production is larger than the drought-reduced 1964 output. Prospects for winter wheat improved during June. Milk and egg production during June surpassed both last year and the average.

Crops planted for 1965 harvest total 308 million acres -- 1.5 million more than the 1964 total and 2 percent above the record low of 301 million acres planted for 1962 harvest. Total acreage of feed grains declined, although sorghum plantings exceed last year. Farmers were able to plant most intended crop acreages although there were some indicated shifts from spring grains to later seeded crops.

The indicated total acreage for harvest in 1965 shows a smaller gain than planted acreage. Acreage losses after planting are expected to be larger than during the 1964 season particularly for winter wheat. The current estimate of 294 million acres for harvest in 1965 is 1.0 million acres more than last year.

Prospects for "all crops" as reported by farmers for their localities are rated as good to excellent over more of the Nation than a year ago. Only a few pockets of poor to fair prospects are scattered in the important North Central Region.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
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July 9, 1965

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT

Acreage and Indicated Production as of July 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Early Summer Cabbage - The State's 1965 early summer cabbage production is forecast at 108,000 hundredweight, 40 percent above last year's crop and 5 percent above the 5-year (1959-63) average. The 1965 yield forecast of 180 hundredweight per acre is 40 hundredweight (29 percent) above 1964 and 4 percent above average. The acres to be harvested will be 9 percent above 1964, but the same as the 5-year average.

Early Fall Carrots - The 1965 carrot acreage is forecast at 650 acres, 13 percent below the previous year and 12 percent below average.

Late Summer Onions - The acreage of onions for harvest in 1965 is forecast at 1,300 acres compared with 1,400 acres harvested in 1964 and the 5-year average of 1,780 acres. The first production estimate for the 1965 crop will be as of August 1 and will be available August 9.

UNITED STATES: Production of early summer cabbage is forecast at 1,659,000 hundredweight, 17 percent more than last year. On Long Island, New York, harvest started in mid-June with volume increasing during the last half of the month. A steady supply should continue through August. A good volume is expected from New Jersey through July. Harvest in Ohio is underway in all areas. Crop progress in Minnesota has been good although the season is late. Cabbage has continued to make good growth in Virginia.

The first forecast of late summer cabbage is for 3,483,000 hundredweight, 9 percent above last year. Some cabbage in Pennsylvania has been cut but sizing has been delayed by drought in most areas except in the northwest where growth has been good. Harvest in Indiana has started. Supplies are expected to be available into September. In Illinois, early cabbage is being cut. Most of the late acreage needs rain. Cabbage development in Iowa is late. First fields of cabbage were cut for local sale in mid-June. In North Carolina, weather has been favorable for transplanting and growth of the late summer crop. Harvest started in the southwest mountain area about mid-June, and supplies should be plentiful until the end of July. Early planted fields in the northwest area should be ready for market by late July. Movement of cabbage from North Georgia began about July 1. Cool weather in Colorado hindered growth with some early acreage being replanted due to frosts. Harvest is expected to start about mid-July, about 10 days later than usual. In Washington, cabbage has made satisfactory progress. In the Puget Sound area, movement started in mid-June with heavier supplies available in early July. In California, supplies are currently coming from the Salinas Valley with light volume from southern coastal areas.

CARROTS: California's early summer carrot crop, at 2,044,000 hundredweight, is 9 percent above last year and 1 percent above the 5-year average. The first forecast of late summer carrots is 747,000 hundredweight, 11 percent more than last year.

ONIONS: Early summer onion production of 2,299,000 hundredweight is 1 percent below last year. In New Jersey, onions were maturing rapidly and harvest was expected to begin after July 4 and continue heavy through July. In Iowa, harvest will be spread out because of the variation in plantings. Some of the earliest onions were ready during the first week of July. The main part of the harvest is expected about mid-July. On the High Plains of Texas, the crop has made generally good growth. In the Trans-Pecos area, supplies are past peak. The acreage of late summer onions is 59,600 acres compared with 57,370 in 1964 and the 5-year average of 56,410 acres. New York's acreage for harvest increased 400 acres over 1964, mainly because of the larger acreage in Orange County. Planting of onion sets continues to decline with only 700 acres this year in the Orange County and Canastota areas. All sections started well; however, dry weather in Orange County and in the Elba and Potter sections of western New York has slowed growth. In Orange County, pulling of sets will start about July 10, with early seed onion harvest starting later in the month. Development of the crop in Ohio is near normal. In Indiana, the crop is in good condition. Harvest in Illinois will start about mid-July. Most of the onions will be smaller than normal this year because of dry weather. The Michigan crop is one to two weeks late. Wind blowing out plants

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caused some replanting. The dry and hot soil caused burn-off of many tender plants on replanted acreage resulting in thinning of stands. The crop in Wisconsin was delayed by cool nights in mid-June but is now progressing favorably. Harvest should begin about mid-August. Plantings in Minnesota were later than usual because of the cool, damp spring and the season now ranges from one to two weeks later than normal. In Iowa, moisture supplies appear adequate. Cool temperatures in late June in Kansas along with excessive moisture has slowed development. In Colorado, onions look good in all areas. A small acreage has been disded up because of poor stands and some acreage was lost due to flooding of the Arkansas and the South Platte Rivers about mid-June. Although growth in Utah is about 10 days behind normal, most fields are in about average condition. Stands in Nevada are good. Development in western Oregon is somewhat slower than normal. Stands in western Oregon and Washington are uniform but on the thin side. Crops in Idaho and Eastern Oregon are generally progressing normally. In California, stands are good in all areas. First harvest in the central coast district is expected by mid-July. Pulling of the late Stockton Delta crop should begin by August 15.

ACREAGE AND INDICATED PRODUCTION 1, JULY 1, 1965

CABBAGE 1/

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE FOR HARVEST			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965	Av. 59-63	1964	Ind. 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965
	Acres			Cwt.			1,000 Cwt.		
Winter	44,030	42,200	39,500	152	161	159	6,703	6,796	6,266
Early Spring	12,800	11,650	11,550	132	146	129	1,692	1,700	1,489
Late Spring	7,370	7,130	7,550	136	133	139	1,002	950	1,051
Early Summer	7,530	7,780	8,180	199	182	203	1,498	1,413	1,659
(Minnesota)	600	550	600	173	140	180	103	77	108
Late Summer	17,870	16,550	17,350	202	193	201	3,616	3,190	3,483
Early Fall 2/	31,430	31,370	32,070	256	248		8,062	7,771	Aug.9
Late Fall	3,530	2,650	2,600	123	129		423	343	
CARROTS 1/									
Winter	41,160	38,600	38,500	139	157	158	5,733	6,043	6,070
Spring	2,300	2,800	2,300	193	115	250	441	322	575
Early Summer	7,500	7,200	7,300	270	260	280	2,014	1,872	2,044
Late Summer	3,410	3,320	3,400	232	203	220	792	674	747
Michigan	3,960	4,400	4,600	220	220		877	968	
Wisconsin	1,980	2,500	3,300	355	340		712	850	
Minnesota	740	750	650	347	460		254	345	
Early Fall	19,960	19,930	20,820	269	265		5,361	5,288	
ONIONS 1/									
Early Spring	24,480	24,600	23,100	111	155	140	2,609	3,813	3,234
Late Spring	8,790	7,000	6,400	238	271	288	2,071	1,898	1,845
Early Summer	9,680	9,660	9,750	226	240	236	2,181	2,317	2,299
New York	14,940	16,000	16,400	323	280		4,823	4,480	
Michigan	7,400	8,000	7,700	350	300		2,586	2,400	
Wisconsin	2,380	2,100	2,100	238	220		567	462	Aug.9
Minnesota	1,780	1,400	1,300	213	220		378	308	
Colorado	8,080	6,800	6,900	279	300		2,262	2,040	
E. Oregon	3,040	3,300	3,400	476	470		1,446	1,551	
W. Oregon	2,080	2,200	2,200	349	405		727	891	
California	9,580	10,200	11,200	355	320		3,416	3,264	
Late Summer	56,410	57,370	59,600	329	312		18,574	17,874	

1/ Includes processing
2/ The 1965 acreage for harvest is prospective acreage.

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July 13, 1965

MINNESOTA BARLEY VARIETIES - 1965 CROP

Larker is now the most popular barley variety seeded in Minnesota, accounting for 84 percent of the 1965 acreage, according to a survey of growers made by the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The second leading variety is Trophy which accounted for 9 percent of the acreage seeded to barley in 1965. These two varieties were first distributed to growers in 1962. In 1963 they accounted for 37 percent of the barley acreage and in 1964 they made up 83 percent of the total. In earlier years Traill and Kindred varieties accounted for the major part of the State's barley crop. This year these two varieties account for only 2 percent of the barley acreage in Minnesota.

LARKER has become the most popular barley variety during the past few years. Seed for this variety was first distributed to growers in 1962. In 1963 it made up 5 percent of the total acreage and in 1964 it accounted for 42 percent. This year Minnesota barley growers seeded 84 percent of the total barley acreage to Larker. In the important northwest district barley growers used Larker on 90 percent of their total barley seeding while growers in the west central district planted 67 percent of their barley acreage to Larker.

TROPHY is the second leading variety but its importance has declined sharply this year. Trophy accounts for only 9 percent of the total in 1965 compared with 41 percent in 1964 and 32 percent in 1963. This variety was first distributed to growers in 1962 when it accounted for 1 percent.

PARKLAND ranks third among barley varieties grown in Minnesota in 1965. In 1964 Parkland accounted for 4 percent of the acreage and 9 percent in 1963 and 1962.

TRAILL and KINDRED varieties have declined sharply in recent years. They each now account for only 1 percent of the total acreage whereas a few years ago together they made up more than three-fourths of the total.

Other unknown varieties accounted for only 1 percent of the total acreage. Other varieties reported were Yukon, Garland, Forrest and Betzes and of these Yukon was the most important.

As of July 1, the 1965 barley crop was forecast at 20,922,000 bushels. The acreage for harvest was estimated 634,000 with a yield indicated at 33 bushels.

MINNESOTA BARLEY VARIETIES BY SELECTED CROP REPORTING DISTRICTS - 1965

District	Planted Acreage of Barley	Percent of Acreage Seeded to Each Variety in 1965					
		Larker	Trophy	Traill	Kindred	Park-land	Other Var. and unknown
	Thous. Acres	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
N.West (1)	505	90	4	1/	1	4	1
W.Cent (4)	143	67	26	3	1	3	1/
All Other	15	54	26	11	8	-	1
State Total	663	84	9	1	1	4	1

Barley Varieties: Percent of Acreage Seeded to Each Variety, Minnesota

Variety	1956	1958	1959	1960	1962	1963	1964	1965
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Larker 2/	-	-	-	-	1/	5	42	84
Trophy 2/	-	-	-	-	1	32	41	9
Traill 3/	1/	30	48	50	57	31	7	1
Kindred	97	47	31	36	31	22	6	1
Parkland	-	4	4	4	9	9	4	4
Forrest	-	16	17	8	-	1/	-	-
Other and Unknown	2	3	1/	2	2	1	1/	1

1/ Less than 1 percent
2/ First seed distributed in 1962
3/ First seed distributed in 1956

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 15, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 10, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in 6 of the important turkey States hatched 949,000 heavy white, 631,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 360,000 light breed poults during the week ending July 10 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 40 percent, other heavy production was up 12 percent, and light breed poult production was up 37 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The 1,041,000 heavy white breed eggs set during the past week in the 6 States was up 35 percent. However, the 291,000 other heavy eggs set was down 1 percent, and the 385,000 light breed eggs set was down 21 percent from a year ago.

NOTE: Beginning with this report, poult operations for only six States will be in the report until about December 1.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 19	584	620	242	269	1,236	1,360
June 26	371	595	164	247	911	1,265
July 3	405	547	146	272	832	1,176
July 10	382	520	129	238	2/ 679	2/ 949
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 22	1,102	1,096	485	478	2,391	2,547
May 29	679	1,057	353	490	1,861	2,431
June 5	711	1,045	347	468	1,685	2,266
June 12	702	955	310	461	1,514	2,026
June 19	653	888	267	394	1,222	1,697
June 26	647	754	187	421	1,076	1,564
July 3	557	847	185	286	874	1,446
July 10	521	663	141	249	2/ 769	2/1,041
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 19	107	166	584	701	1,336	1,464
June 26	42	117	561	591	1,069	1,193
July 3	23	53	574	512	913	941
July 10	#	37	479	487	2/ 562	2/ 631
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 22	244	355	1,090	1,228	2,569	2,775
May 29	96	260	1,098	1,152	2,124	2,349
June 5	39	143	1,031	965	1,749	1,935
June 12	#	61	962	930	1,445	1,526
June 19	#	#	836	710	1,256	1,169
June 26	0	#	600	609	727	925
July 3	#	#	398	534	476	730
July 10	0	#	259	219	2/ 295	2/ 291
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 19	#	#	26	0	331	242
June 26	61	44	23	1	349	288
July 3	67	71	17	2	323	268
July 10	70	116	17	0	2/ 263	2/ 360
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 22	#	#	47	0	537	392
May 29	89	68	46	2	589	465
June 5	105	102	40	0	564	415
June 12	119	142	36	0	532	633
June 19	141	118	49	0	600	513
June 26	118	140	40	0	558	541
July 3	128	112	25	7	478	462
July 10	115	114	33	5	2/ 488	2/ 385

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.
2/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minn.-Wis..

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 10 included 520,000 heavy white, 37,000 bronze, and 116,000 light breed poults. For the same week a year ago, 382,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze, and 70,000 light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 663,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze and 114,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 521,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 115,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 31 percent of the week's hatch compared to 32 percent the previous week and 37 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,309	15,197	2,575	2,790
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of poults hatched from January 1 to date for Minnesota-Wisconsin is up 16 percent for heavy white and an undisclosed number for bronze production.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Heavy White		Other Heavy	
	Minnesota-Wisconsin	California	Minnesota-Wisconsin	California
1964	10,194	5,042	#	13,087
1965	11,796	7,109	6,941	11,035
Pct. Change	+16	+41	#	-16

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 16, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
June 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 2,810,000 chicks during June 1965 which was 1 percent above June 1964, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The June hatch consisted of 2,070,000 egg-type and 740,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type production was up 22 percent, and broiler-type chick production was down 31 percent from June 1964. For the period January through June, the egg-type chick hatch was down 18 percent, and the broiler-type chick hatch was down 28 percent from the same period in 1964.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in Mid-June was $2.94 per 100 pounds, compared to $2.95 per 100 pounds for both the previous month and a year earlier. On June 15 the egg-feed ratio was 7.5 compared to 7.1 the previous month and 8.1 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	643	631	- 2	992	723	- 27
February	1,304	1,031	- 21	880	612	- 30
March	4,707	3,271	- 31	1,106	747	- 32
April	7,466	5,600	- 25	1,164	896	- 23
May	5,932	5,285	- 11	1,146	890	- 22
June	1,698	2,070	+ 22	1,073	740	- 31
July	623			984		
August	396			863		
September	503			862		
October	469			710		
November	551			700		
December	538			760		

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 274,369,000 chicks during June, compared with 252,614,000 in June 1964. The hatch of broiler chicks totaled 226,790,000 up 10 percent from June last year, and the largest of record for the month. During the first 6 months of 1965 there were 1,283,988,000 broiler chicks produced, an increase of 6 percent from January-June 1964 and the largest of record for first half of year. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on July 1 was 10 percent above July 1, a year ago.

There were 47,579,000 egg-type chicks hatched in June, up 1 percent from June 1964. Reported increases were 11 percent in the West North Central States, 8 percent in the South Central and 1 percent in the South Atlantic and the Western States. Reported decreases were 11 percent in the North Atlantic and 2 percent in the East North Central States. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 6 months of 1965 totaled 319,585,000 - a decrease of 12 percent from the same period last year. The number of "egg-type" eggs in incubators on July 1 was up 1 percent from a year earlier.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During June			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	640	600	2,340	2,300
Indiana	3,198	3,092	2,784	2,822
Illinois	96	120	2,214	2,040
Michigan	460	390	1,420	1,300
Wisconsin	967	1,170	673	780
E. N. CENTRAL	5,361	5,372	9,431	9,242
Minnesota	1,073	740	1,698	2,070
Iowa	120	300	3,150	3,500
Missouri	3,887	3,293	1,604	1,787
North Dakota	1/	1/	81	155
South Dakota	1/	1/	580	860
Nebraska	158	283	1,205	964
Kansas	29	55	514	500
1/ W. N. CENTRAL	1/ 5,353	1/ 4,732	8,832	9,836
UNITED STATES	205,633	226,790	46,981	47,579

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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July 16, 1965

CATTLE ON FEED IN MINNESOTA, JULY 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: The number of cattle and calves on grain feed for market on July 1, 1965 in Minnesota was 360,000 head, 3 percent less than a year ago, according to the Minnesota Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was also 20 percent less than the 451,000 head on feed on April 1, 1965.

Cattle and calves placed in feedlots during the months of April, May, and June totaled 66,000 compared with 56,000 head placed a year earlier. Inshipments of stocker and feeder cattle and calves into Minnesota during the last three months was 73,000, the same as a year ago. Marketings of fed cattle during the months of April, May, and June totaled 157,000, 16 percent less than for the same months the previous year. Expected marketings during the next quarter, July, August and September are estimated at 170,000 or 5 percent fewer than those marketed for this same period a year ago.

Steers and steer calves on feed totaled 237,000 head (66 percent of the number of cattle on feed) while 122,000 were heifers and 1,000 head were cows and other cattle. There were 12,000 head of cattle and calves on feed that weighed less than 500 pounds, 8 percent less than a year ago. In the weight group between 500 and 699 pounds, there were 96,000 head, up 12 percent from the previous year; in the 700 to 899 pounds group, 184,000 head, up 5 percent; 900 to 1,099 pounds, 56,000 head down 30 percent; and in the 1,100 pounds and over group 12,000 head down 25 percent from July 1, 1964.

UNITED STATES: There were 7,531,000 cattle and calves on feed in 32 major feeding States July 1, 1965 for slaughter market — 9 percent more than a year earlier.

Increases from a year earlier were shown in the number on feed in all weight groups except those weighing over 1,100 pounds. The number placed on feed during the past quarter was 24 percent above the same quarter a year earlier. Marketings during this period were down 2 percent.

The July 1 number on feed was 11 percent below the number on feed April 1 this year compared with a 20 percent decrease for this same period last year.

On July 1 there were 4,621,000 cattle and calves on feed in the North Central States for slaughter market, 5 percent more than July 1 last year. Iowa and Nebraska, the leading States in this region, were up 7 percent and 16 percent, respectively. Other States showing increases from a year earlier were Ohio, up 7 percent; Illinois, 6 percent; Michigan, 10 percent; Wisconsin, 11 percent; and Kansas, 1 percent. Indiana, Minnesota, North and South Dakota showed decreases in number on feed and Missouri was unchanged.

There were 2,261,000 cattle and calves on feed in the 11 Western States on July 1 for slaughter market — up 14 percent from July 1, 1964. Increases from a year earlier were shown in all but two of the Western States. California, the leading Western State, was up 12 percent from a year earlier; Colorado was up 24 percent and Arizona was up 10 percent. Other increases ranged from 1 percent in Washington to 36 percent in Nevada. Wyoming and Utah both had fewer on feed than July 1 last year.

There were 3,431,000 cattle and calves placed on feed April through June in the 32 States, an increase of 24 percent from the same period in 1964. Compared with a year earlier, placements were up 9 percent in the North Central States and up 43 percent in the Western States. Shipments of stocker and feeder cattle into 8 Corn Belt States during April and May were up 7 percent from the same period in 1964.

Marketings of fed cattle for slaughter during April through June totaled 4,350,000 head—down 2 percent from the same period in 1964. Fed cattle marketings in the North Central States were down 9 percent from last year, but in the Western States, marketings were up 8 percent.

The July 1 number of cattle and calves on feed in the 32 States by weight groups showed a larger number than a year earlier in all groups except those weighing 1,100 pounds or over.

Cattle feeders had 5,281,000 head of steers and steer calves on feed July 1, 1965 — up 7 percent from the 4,931,000 on feed a year earlier. Heifers and heifer calves, at 2,224,000 head, were up 13 percent. Cows on feed totaled 26,000 head on July 1 compared with 16,000 a year earlier.

D. O. Mesick, Agr'l. Statistician F. J. Graham, State Agr'l. Statistician

CATTLE AND CALVES ON FEED, MINNESOTA AND 32 STATES
July 1, 1964 and 1965

Kinds of Cattle and Calves on Feed

	MINNESOTA				32 STATES			
	Number		Pct. of Total		Number		Pct. of Total	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	1,000 Head		Percent		1,000 Head		Percent	
Steers	260	237	70	66	4,931	5,281	71	70
Heifers	110	122	30	34	1,967	2,224	29	30
Other	1	1	1/	1/	16	26	1/	1/
TOTAL	371	360	100	100	6,914	7,531	100	100

1/ Less than 1 percent

Weight of Cattle and Calves on Feed

Under 900 Lbs.	275	292	74	81	4,733	5,459	69	73
900-1,099 Lbs.	80	56	22	16	1,749	1,756	25	23
Over 1,100 Lbs	16	12	4	3	432	316	6	4
TOTAL	371	360	100	100	6,914	7,531	100	100

Length of Time on Feed

Under 3 Months	56	64	15	18	2,669	3,292	39	44
3-6 Months	130	85	35	24	2,367	2,389	34	32
Over 6 Months	185	211	50	58	1,878	1,850	27	24
TOTAL	371	360	100	100	6,914	7,531	100	100

1964 Actual Marketings and 1965 Expected Month of Marketing

July-September	179	170	48	47	4,100	4,346	59	58
After September	192	190	52	53	2,814	3,185	41	42
TOTAL	371	360	100	100	6,914	7,531	100	100

CATTLE AND CALVES ON FEED BY QUARTERS
July 1, 1964, April 1 and July 1, 1965 1/

STATE	July 1, 1964	April 1, 1965	July 1, 1965	July 1, 1964 as percent of July 1, 1963
	— 1,000 Head —			Percent
Pennsylvania	43	67	50	116
Ohio	135	196	144	107
Indiana	170	189	150	88
Illinois	458	610	485	106
Michigan	100	147	110	110
Wisconsin	84	133	93	111
Minnesota	371	451	360	97
Iowa	1,492	1,800	1,596	107
Missouri	171	225	171	100
North Dakota	96	116	90	94
South Dakota	255	332	245	96
Nebraska	766	1,041	890	116
Kansas	284	316	287	101
North Central States	4,382	5,556	4,621	105
Georgia	40	55	34	85
Florida	26	46	37	142
Kentucky	32	62	41	128
Tennessee	20	25	19	95
Alabama	10	29	16	160
Mississippi	10	11	13	130
Oklahoma	67	102	85	127
Texas	297	364	354	119
Montana	44	71	51	116
Idaho	95	137	111	117
Wyoming	23	35	20	87
Colorado	360	509	447	124
New Mexico	70	96	77	110
Arizona	259	287	286	110
Utah	50	58	48	96
Nevada	14	20	19	136
Washington	98	118	99	101
Oregon	48	76	62	129
California	926	726	1,041	112
Western States	1,987	2,133	2,261	114
32 State Total	6,914	8,450	7,531	109

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for the slaughter market on grain or other concentrates which are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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Immediate Release

July 22, 1965

CHICKENS RAISED - 1965

MINNESOTA: The number of chickens to be raised on Minnesota farms in 1965 is estimated at 10,993,000 or 18 percent less than the 13,406,000 raised in 1964, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This year's estimate is 36 percent below the 5-year (1959-63) average and the lowest on record going back to 1924. Minnesota now ranks only tenth in the number of chickens raised annually compared to seventh last year.

For the month of June the State ranked eighth in the number of layers on hand with an average of 10,972,000 birds.

UNITED STATES: The number of chickens raised during 1965 in the United States (50 States) is expected to total 296,000,000, down 7 percent from 1964 and the lowest on record.

Compared with last year, chickens raised in 1965 are expected to decrease 11 percent in the North Atlantic, 8 percent in the East North Central, and 17 percent in the West North Central States. Declines of 3 percent in the South Atlantic and 9 percent in the West are also expected. The South Central is the only region to indicate an increase which is expected to be 3 percent.

The number of chickens to be raised in 1965 is below earlier intentions. On February 1 egg producers indicated intentions to purchase 3 percent fewer replacement chicks and started pullets in 1965 than in 1964. Egg-type chicks hatched January through June 1965 totaled 319,585,000 — down 12 percent from the comparable period in 1964. Hatchings for the remainder of the year are expected to run above the last half of 1964.

Prices received by farmers for eggs in mid-June nationally averaged slightly below mid-June 1964 but earlier months of 1965 were generally below a year earlier. Feed prices during the first half of 1965 were near levels for the period last year and egg-feed ratios slightly less favorable for producers.

Aggregate egg production the first half of 1965 was unchanged from the comparable period last year. The number of layers in flocks on July 1, 1965 for the United States totaled 289,285,000, one percent more than the same date a year ago.

(Commercial broiler production is not included in these estimates of chickens raised.)

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Chickens: Number Raised on Farms

State and division	1959-63 average	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1965 as % of 1964
	-- Thousands --						
Maine	6,059	5,794	6,026	6,086	5,964	5,785	97
N. H.	2,495	2,412	2,291	2,360	2,195	2,041	93
Vt.	957	910	956	899	854	777	91
Mass.	3,652	3,360	3,360	3,192	3,064	2,788	91
R. I.	475	433	463	440	405	369	91
Conn.	4,110	3,749	4,049	4,009	3,608	3,464	96
N. Y.	7,671	7,475	7,026	7,588	8,043	7,480	93
N. J.	7,684	7,609	7,229	6,795	6,048	4,234	70
Pa.	16,751	16,170	15,685	14,901	13,858	12,056	87
N. Atl.	49,853	47,912	47,085	46,270	44,039	38,994	89
Ohio	10,330	10,405	9,469	9,374	9,374	8,530	91
Ind.	13,139	14,005	12,464	11,592	11,940	11,224	94
Ill.	10,575	10,929	9,071	8,527	8,271	7,444	90
Mich..	6,109	6,274	5,458	5,294	5,559	5,170	93
Wis.	7,315	7,612	6,090	6,029	6,029	5,306	88
E. N. Cent.	47,467	49,225	42,552	40,816	41,173	37,674	92
Minn.	17,108	17,884	15,029	13,821	13,406	10,993	82
Iowa	24,146	25,519	20,670	19,636	18,654	15,669	84
Mo.	10,701	11,984	9,108	8,562	8,476	7,035	83
N. Dak.	3,312	3,584	2,688	2,607	2,346	1,760	75
S. Dak.	7,720	8,329	7,080	6,514	6,188	5,136	83
Nebr.	8,979	9,889	7,516	6,990	6,710	5,234	78
Kans.	8,037	8,682	6,946	6,390	6,582	5,792	88
W.N.Cent.	79,998	85,871	69,031	64,520	62,362	51,619	83
Del.	1,008	1,055	992	952	904	859	95
Md.	1,960	1,923	1,827	1,790	1,522	1,370	90
Va.	6,594	6,412	6,604	6,406	6,470	6,017	93
W. Va.	1,865	1,890	1,796	1,634	1,634	1,585	97
N.C.	14,802	14,515	13,644	15,281	15,587	14,340	92
S.C.	7,123	7,807	7,026	6,604	6,274	5,960	95
Ga.	16,232	14,458	18,150	19,092	19,749	20,341	103
Fla.	5,544	5,391	5,445	6,806	8,099	8,099	100
S.Atl.	55,129	53,451	55,484	58,565	60,239	58,571	97
Ky.	6,302	6,447	5,583	5,304	5,569	5,346	96
Tenn.	6,118	6,426	5,141	5,141	4,884	4,640	95
Ala.	9,421	9,627	9,820	10,115	11,835	12,900	109
Miss.	8,077	7,510	8,261	9,418	11,019	12,121	110
Ark.	7,356	6,996	7,346	8,962	9,858	10,252	104
La.	4,245	4,252	4,039	3,918	4,192	4,402	105
Okla.	3,411	3,773	3,132	2,819	2,593	2,308	89
Texas	14,723	15,547	14,148	13,724	13,450	13,046	97
S. Cent.	59,653	60,778	57,470	59,401	63,400	65,015	103
Mont.	1,648	1,804	1,533	1,334	1,294	1,165	90
Idaho	1,711	1,708	1,606	1,558	1,355	1,233	91
Wyo.	316	317	250	262	220	180	82
Colo.	1,392	1,409	1,268	1,103	1,070	952	89
N. Mex.	698	737	730	672	672	659	98
Ariz.	1,011	956	1,119	1,041	1,010	1,000	99
Utah	1,381	1,384	1,342	1,248	1,086	999	92
Nev.	94	99	89	79	71	64	90
Wash.	4,283	4,232	4,359	4,359	4,359	4,097	94
Oreg.	3,159	3,046	2,955	2,807	2,611	2,350	90
Calif.	32,283	32,096	34,022	32,661	33,967	30,570	90
West	47,976	47,788	49,273	47,124	47,715	43,269	91
48 State	340,076	345,025	320,895	316,696	318,928	295,142	93
Alaska	---	22	22	19	33	52	158
Hawaii	---	704	801	812	814	806	99
U. S.	340,076	345,751	321,718	317,527	319,775	296,000	93

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July 22, 1965

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WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 17, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in 6 of the important turkey States hatched 746,000 heavy white, 450,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 291,000 light breed poults during the week ending July 17, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 32 percent, but other heavy breed production was down 12 percent, and light breed poult production was down 8 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The number of eggs set by hatcheries in the 6 States was above 1964 for all 3 breed types. The heavy white set of 798,000 was 46 percent above 1964, and the 233,000 bronze eggs set was more than double the corresponding week in 1964. The light breed set however of 372,000 was only 2 percent larger than in the comparable week last year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
June 26	371	595	164	247	911	1,265
July 3	405	547	146	272	832	1,176
July 10	382	520	129	238	2/ 679	2/ 949
July 17	342	464	123	156	2/ 565	2/ 746
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 29	679	1,057	353	490	1,861	2,431
June 5	711	1,045	347	468	1,685	2,266
June 12	702	955	310	461	1,514	2,026
June 19	653	888	267	394	1,222	1,697
June 26	647	754	187	421	1,076	1,564
July 3	557	847	185	286	874	1,446
July 10	521	663	141	249	2/ 769	2/1,041
July 17	415	557	90	152	2/ 545	2/ 798
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
June 26	42	117	561	591	1,069	1,193
July 3	23	53	574	512	913	941
July 10	#	37	479	487	2/ 562	2/ 631
July 17	#	#	434	369	2/ 513	2/ 450
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 29	96	260	1,098	1,152	2,124	2,349
June 5	39	143	1,031	965	1,749	1,935
June 12	#	61	962	930	1,445	1,526
June 19	#	#	836	710	1,256	1,169
June 26	0	#	600	609	727	925
July 3	#	#	398	534	476	730
July 10	0	#	259	219	2/ 295	2/ 291
July 17	#	#	#	141	2/ 114	2/ 233
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
June 26	61	44	23	1	349	288
July 3	67	71	17	2	323	268
July 10	70	116	17	0	2/ 263	2/ 360
July 17	88	#	24	0	2/ 316	2/ 291
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
May 29	89	68	46	2	589	465
June 5	105	102	40	0	564	415
June 12	119	142	36	0	532	633
June 19	141	118	49	0	600	513
June 26	118	140	40	0	558	541
July 3	128	112	25	7	478	462
July 10	115	114	33	5	2/ 488	2/ 385
July 17	84	127	26	0	2/ 364	2/ 372

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

2/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 17 included 464,000 heavy white and an undisclosed number of bronze and light breed poults. For the same week a year ago, 342,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze, and 88,000 light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 557,000 heavy white and 127,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 415,000 heavy white and 84,000 light breed eggs were set. The bronze set is withheld to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 30 percent of the week's hatch compared to 31 percent the previous week and 24 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of heavy white poults hatched from January 1 to date for Minnesota-Wisconsin is 16 percent above the comparable period in 1964.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Minn. - Wis.	California		
	Heavy White	Heavy White	Other Heavy	Total Heavy
1964	10,536	5,165	13,521	18,686
1965	12,260	7,265	11,404	18,669
Pct. Change	+16	+41	-16	—

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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July 23, 1965

1965 LAMB CROP

MINNESOTA: Minnesota's 1965 lamb crop totaled 547,000 head, 10 percent less than a year ago according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This smaller lamb crop is 23 percent below the 5-year (1959-63) average. It is also the smallest lamb crop since 1951.

The percentage lamb crop (number of lambs saved per 100 ewes, one year old and over on January 1) at 114 was 2 points below both a year ago and the 5-year average. Breeding ewes one year old and over on hand January 1, 1965 totaled 481,000, 8 percent less than last year.

UNITED STATES: The 1965 lamb crop totaled 17,606,000 head, 2 percent less than the 17,905,000 head produced in 1964. The lamb crop in the 13 Western sheep States (11 Western, South Dakota and Texas) was virtually unchanged from the preceding year. In the 35 Native sheep States (excluding the 13 Western States and Alaska) the lamb crop was 5 percent smaller than last year.

Breeding ewes 1 year old and older on farms and ranches January 1, 1965 were 4 percent below a year earlier, and ewe lambs under 1 year old were down 7 percent from January 1, 1964.

The lamb crop percentage (number of lambs saved per 100 ewes 1 year old or older on hand January 1) at 94 percent, was up 2 points from 1964. The Western States lambing percentage at 90, was 4 points above 1964. The lamb crop percentage for the Native States was 105, down 1 point from the previous year.

The 1965 lamb crop in the 13 Western States totaled 12,021,000 head — slightly below the 1964 crop of 12,037,000 lambs. The number of breeding ewes 1 year old and older on farms and ranches January 1, 1965 was down 4 percent from 1964. The number of early lambs (dropped before March 15) in the Western States was 2 percent higher than in 1964. In Texas, where about 15 percent of the Nation's lamb crop is produced, the 1965 lambing percentage at 81, was 12 percentage points higher than the 1964 percentage. Improved range conditions were largely responsible for ending 5 years of declining lambing percentages in Texas. The increase of 9 percent above last year in the Texas lamb crop plus increases in 4 other Western States nearly offset declines in the remaining 8 Western States. The lambing percentage in the 13 Western States as compared with 1964 was higher in 5 States, smaller in 7 States, and unchanged in 1 State.

The lamb crop in the 35 Native States totaled 5,579,000 head — down 5 percent from the 1964 crop. It was larger than 1964 in 6 States, lower in 23 States and unchanged in 6 States. The major factor in the smaller lamb crop was a 4 percent decline in the number of ewes 1 year old and older January 1, 1965, from a year earlier. The lambing percentage at 105 was 1 percentage point below the 1964 figure.

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F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

LAMB CROP: 1964 and 1965

State	Breeding ewes 1 year and older January 1			Lambs saved per 100 ewes 1+ Jan. 1 1/		Lambs saved 1/			
	5-year average 1959-63	1964	1965	1964	1965	5-year average 1959-63	1964	1965	1965 as % of 1964
	1,000 head			Number		1,000 head			Percent
Maine	25	24	20	112	115	27	27	23	85
N.H.	5	4	4	125	100	5	5	4	80
Vt.	8	7	7	100	114	8	7	8	114
Mass.	8	7	7	100	86	8	7	6	86
R. I.	2	2	2	100	100	2	2	2	100
Conn.	5	6	6	100	100	5	6	6	100
N. Y.	109	102	105	112	110	117	114	116	102
N. J.	11	10	9	90	100	11	9	9	100
Pa.	166	151	156	103	101	159	155	157	101
Ohio	691	543	527	101	102	678	549	539	98
Ind.	344	309	318	111	105	362	343	333	97
Ill.	431	370	352	108	107	461	401	377	94
Mich.	245	217	217	107	104	256	233	226	97
Wis.	162	138	132	110	113	181	152	149	98
Minn.	615	523	481	116	114	712	605	547	90
Iowa	874	742	779	106	101	910	784	788	101
Mo.	495	381	362	102	101	507	388	366	94
N. Dak.	475	406	365	107	106	525	435	387	89
S. Dak.	1,197	1,124	1,057	104	103	1,257	1,173	1,087	93
Nebr.	288	255	245	103	102	300	263	249	95
Kans.	428	374	344	99	98	398	369	336	91
Del.	4	4	4	100	100	4	4	4	100
Md.	27	22	22	118	118	29	26	26	100
Va.	243	192	173	115	121	268	221	210	95
W. Va.	218	179	170	108	111	232	193	188	97
N. C.	40	28	26	107	108	41	30	28	93
S. C.	8	5	5	80	80	6	4	4	100
Ga.	16	8	7	75	71	13	6	5	83
Fla.	5	4	4	100	75	4	4	3	75
Ky.	355	196	169	109	115	403	214	195	91
Tenn.	173	96	84	99	102	170	95	86	91
Ala.	20	9	8	89	88	18	8	7	88
Miss.	41	21	16	81	81	32	17	13	76
Ark.	34	27	19	96	95	32	26	18	69
La.	61	49	47	69	77	43	34	36	106
Okla.	154	124	120	102	107	153	127	128	101
Texas	3,938	3,739	3,477	69	81	3,051	2,580	2,816	109
Mont.	1,236	1,127	1,082	93	92	1,170	1,048	995	95
Idaho	880	779	787	112	114	998	872	897	103
Wyo.	1,710	1,686	1,686	83	82	1,495	1,399	1,383	99
Colo.	1,149	964	935	102	102	1,176	983	954	97
N. Mex.	885	816	744	74	75	730	606	560	92
Ariz.	343	345	359	85	84	289	294	301	102
Utah	1,057	1,044	1,034	85	86	935	887	889	100
Nev.	259	225	227	91	89	228	205	202	99
Wash.	227	207	201	115	113	259	238	227	95
Oreg.	671	550	522	99	96	669	544	501	92
Calif.	1,405	1,313	1,300	92	93	1,297	1,208	1,209	100
Total 48 States	21,740	19,454	18,723	92	94	20,633	17,900	17,600	98
Alaska	—	8	9	62	67	—	5	6	120
Hawaii	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
U. S.	—	19,462	18,732	92	94	—	17,905	17,606	98

1/ Lambs saved defined as lambs living June 1, or sold before June 1 in the Native States and lambs docked or branded in the Western States.

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Minnesota Department of Agriculture

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July 23, 1965

1965 CALF CROP REPORT

MINNESOTA: The 1965 Minnesota calf crop is estimated at 1,651,000, down 3 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Department of Agriculture. This year's calf crop is 4 percent above the 5-year average (1959-63) of 1,590,000 head.

The number of calves expressed as a percent of all cows and heifers 2 years old and older on January 1, 1965 was 86 percent, down 4 points from the 1964 crop.

UNITED STATES: A calf crop of 43,119,000 head is expected for the United States in 1965, compared with the 1964 calf crop of 42,989,000--an increase of less than 1 percent.

The number of cows and heifers 2 years old and older on farms and ranches January 1, 1965 totaled 50,476,000 head, up 1 percent from the 49,899,000 on hand a year earlier.

The number of calves born and to be born in 1965 expressed as a percent of cows and heifers 2 years old and older the first of the year is 85 percent compared with 86 percent in 1964. This percentage is not strictly a calving rate because the January 1 inventory of cows and heifers 2 years old and older does not include all heifers that give birth to calves during the year and includes some cows that die or are slaughtered before calving.

All of the East North Central States show a decline in the calf crop from 1964 to 1965. However, four of the seven West North Central States (Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Nebraska) expect larger calf crops in 1965 than a year earlier. South Dakota shows the largest percentage increase in the North Central States — up 7 percent, while Michigan shows the largest decline, 6 percent.

Of the 8 South Atlantic States, 5 States show smaller calf crops, but 3 expect larger calf crops than in 1964.

All States in the South Central region except Mississippi, Arkansas, and Louisiana expect larger calf crops than a year earlier.

New Mexico and Colorado are the only Western States expecting a smaller calf crop in 1965 than in 1964. Montana, Utah, and Nevada show the largest percentage increases from last year.

All States in the North Atlantic region expect smaller calf crops than in 1964.

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Calf Crop: 1964 and 1965

State	Cows and Heifers 2 yrs. & older January 1			Calves born as % of cows and heifers 2 yrs. & older Jan. 1 1/		Calves born 2/			
	5-year average 1959-63	1964	1965	1964	1965	5-year average 1959-63	1964	1965	1965 as % of 1964
	1,000 head			Percent		1,000 head			Pct.
Maine	114	108	103	82	83	95	89	85	95
N. H.	60	55	53	83	83	52	46	44	96
Vt.	289	274	269	84	83	245	230	223	97
Mass.	103	94	91	82	81	85	77	74	96
R. I.	15	13	12	75	75	12	10	9	90
Conn.	98	88	86	80	80	79	70	69	99
N. Y.	1,425	1,387	1,376	85	84	1,202	1,179	1,156	98
N. J.	142	130	124	80	81	114	104	100	96
Pa.	1,078	1,050	1,015	86	87	931	903	883	98
Ohio	1,018	961	923	85	85	869	817	785	96
Ind.	826	828	836	88	87	722	729	724	100
Ill.	1,316	1,294	1,283	89	88	1,152	1,152	1,129	98
Mich.	821	810	798	87	83	708	705	662	94
Wis.	2,533	2,530	2,541	90	87	2,280	2,277	2,211	97
Minn.	1,783	1,889	1,920	90	86	1,590	1,700	1,651	97
Iowa	1,944	2,016	2,117	92	91	1,769	1,855	1,926	104
Mo.	1,900	2,029	2,074	90	88	1,698	1,826	1,825	100
N.Dak.	979	1,110	1,167	92	90	891	1,021	1,050	103
S.Dak.	1,575	1,777	1,980	93	89	1,458	1,653	1,762	107
Nebr.	1,884	2,116	2,152	91	90	1,720	1,925	1,947	101
Kans.	1,671	1,876	1,891	91	90	1,494	1,707	1,702	100
Del.	34	30	29	80	76	27	24	22	92
Md.	280	271	267	84	83	234	228	222	97
Va.	765	773	746	83	85	646	642	634	99
W.Va.	300	296	289	86	85	254	255	246	96
N.C.	535	521	514	78	81	395	406	416	102
S.C.	298	302	301	80	81	235	242	244	101
Ga.	756	818	831	80	77	610	654	640	98
Fla.	956	997	1,022	75	76	652	748	777	104
Ky.	1,130	1,320	1,344	88	88	1,015	1,153	1,183	103
Tenn.	1,066	1,205	1,244	85	84	927	1,024	1,045	102
Ala.	946	986	994	81	81	763	799	805	101
Miss.	1,227	1,245	1,254	77	75	925	959	940	98
Ark.	804	867	878	80	78	648	694	685	99
La.	1,105	1,191	1,171	77	77	859	917	902	98
Okla.	1,781	2,065	2,074	84	85	1,530	1,735	1,763	102
Texas	5,017	5,726	5,692	81	82	4,192	4,638	4,667	101
Mont.	1,221	1,361	1,460	92	90	1,109	1,252	1,314	105
Idaho	625	688	698	91	91	562	626	635	101
Wyo.	584	644	649	87	88	519	560	571	102
Colo.	929	1,007	1,017	90	89	829	906	905	100
N.Mex.	685	739	660	84	87	580	621	574	92
Ariz.	404	447	463	81	80	318	362	370	102
Utah	365	384	397	87	88	316	334	349	104
Nev.	284	297	302	78	80	225	232	242	104
Wash.	564	605	618	90	89	504	544	550	101
Oreg.	735	795	823	87	86	634	692	708	102
Calif.	1,742	1,794	1,823	89	89	1,518	1,597	1,617	101
48 States	46,683	49,799	50,371	86	85	40,193	42,919	43,046	100
Alaska	—	4.5	4.4	89	91	—	4.0	4.0	100
Hawaii	—	95	100	69	69	—	66	69	105
U.S.	—	49,899	50,476	86	85	—	42,989	43,119	100

1/ Not strictly a calving rate. Figure represents calves born expressed as percentage of the number of cows and heifers 2 years and over on farms and ranches January 1

2/ Calves born before June 1 plus the number expected to be born after June 1.

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July 26, 1965

MILK HOUSES ON MINNESOTA FARMS

About one-third of all dairy farms in the State have a milk house or milk room that meets the desirable standards outlined by the specialists of the University of Minnesota and the Minnesota Department of Agriculture. This fact is based on a 1965 sample survey by the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. About 1,000 dairy farmers gave information on the survey as to facilities in each milk house or milk room. In addition slightly more than another one-third of the dairy farms reported a milk house or milk room with some but not all of the desirable facilities to be considered well-equipped.

These desirable standards include having the milk house or milk room walled off or separated from the rest of the barn and also have the following:

1. Running water
2. Hot water heater
3. Concrete floor
4. Floor drain
5. Wash sink
6. Drying rack

When reporting on the above facilities, some farmers indicated while they reported no milk house sink, washing of utensils was done in a large tub or in the house. Other arrangements were used to take care of the various chores in the milkhouse.

Only about 10 percent of the dairy farmers reporting a milk house or milk room indicated that this was not walled off or separated from the rest of the barn. Farms with no milkhouse or milk room as a group were more frequently those selling cream than for farms having a milk house or milk room.

Dairymen producing grade A milk had an average herd size of about double that for the balance of the dairy farms. Those farms reporting no milk house or milk room averaged less than 12 cows per farm thus being generally the farms with the fewest milk cows.

A summary of dairy farmers reporting a milk house or milk room on Minnesota dairy farms shows the following progress towards these desirable standards:

Cement floor	-	99 percent	equipped
Floor drain	-	85 "	"
Running water	-	80 "	"
Drying rack	-	75 "	"
Wash sink	-	65 "	"
Hot water heater	-	55 "	"

BULK TANKS ON FARMS

Based on these survey results it would appear that approximately 31 percent of the dairy farms have a bulk tank for cooling and holding milk. About 90 percent of the farms producing grade "A" milk reported a bulk tank on the farm. At least 25 percent of farms had bulk tanks that were producing milk primarily for manufacturing butter, cheese, or other products. It was noted that bulk tanks generally were on farms where the production of milk was from 15 or more cows. The average

size of bulk tank was 352 gallons. No further analysis of this is now available.

An electric milk cooler for cooling milk being shipped in cans was reported on about 31 percent of the dairy farms. Other farms had bulk tanks or other means to cool or store the milk.

About 13 percent of the dairy farmers reporting on this survey stated that they were using a pipeline milker.

The excellent cooperation of the dairy producers in returning this questionnaire made possible the above summary of dairy equipment use and facilities on farms in Minnesota. This information will be most helpful to University staff members and the Minnesota Department of Agriculture in making evaluations for more research and more adequate assistance to producers.

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GRAIN STOCKS - JULY 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Stocks of corn in all positions in the State totaled 233 million bushels, 13 percent less than the 268 million bushels on hand last year according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Stocks on farms were 24 million bushels below and off-farm stocks were 11 million bushels below July 1 a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 70 million bushels and were stored in the following positions: 41.3 million in CCC bins; 24.6 million bushels in country elevators; 3.5 million bushels in the terminal areas of Minneapolis-St. Paul and Duluth; and 0.6 million bushels in country processing plants (including Hybrid Seed Corn firms). Holdings in the terminal areas, country elevators and CCC bins were down from a year ago at this time.

Total wheat stocks of 83 million bushels in all positions were 8 percent above the 77 million bushels held a year earlier. Stocks in off-farm positions amounted to 80 million bushels, compared with 76 million bushels at this time last year. Most off-farm stocks are held in the terminal areas and amounted to 65.1 million bushels and 12.9 million bushels were held in country elevators.

Oat stocks totaled 55 million bushels, 4 percent less than the 58 million bushels on hand a year earlier. About 43 million bushels or 78 percent of the total stocks were held on farms. Off-farm storage stocks amounted to 12.2 million bushels with 9.3 million held by country elevators and 2.4 million bushels in the Twin City and Duluth terminal areas.

Stocks of barley totaled 17 million bushels, 23 percent less than the 22 million bushels on hand July 1, 1964. Farm stocks amounted to 2.7 million and off-farm stocks 14.1 million bushels. Of the off-farm stocks, 10.0 million bushels were held in the terminal areas; 2.3 million in country elevators and 1.8 million bushels by country processors.

Rye stocks of 1.8 million bushels were almost 4 times more than the 455,000 on hand last year. They were located mostly in off-farm positions with 1.1 million bushels stored in the Twin City and Duluth terminal areas.

Stocks of soybeans in all positions amounted to 12 million bushels, 33 percent less than the 18 million bushels on hand a year earlier. Stocks on farms totaled 2.8 million bushels compared with 10.5 million last year at this time. Off-farm stocks of 9.4 million bushels were stored in the following positions: 4.0 million in the terminal areas; 2.8 million in country elevators and 2.6 million bushels in country processing plants.

Flaxseed stocks of 4.9 million bushels were 17 percent less than the 5.9 million bushels held a year earlier. Off-farm storage amounted to 4.4 million bushels with 3.0 million located in the Twin City-Duluth terminal area and 1.4 million bushels in country elevators.

UNITED STATES: Corn in storage on July 1 totaled 1,926 million bushels -- 19 percent less than a year earlier, 21 percent below average, and the smallest July 1 stocks since 1956. Current holdings indicate a disappearance of 910 million bushels during the April-June quarter, about the same as the past three years.

Farm stored corn totaled 1,265 million bushels, 17 percent less than last year's near record level. Corn under Government loan made up 46 percent of the farm stocks, about the same percentage as a year earlier. Off-farm stocks of 661 million bushels were 23 percent less than last year and the smallest total since 1955.

All Wheat in storage on July 1 totaled 819 million bushels, the smallest July 1 stocks in 12 years. July 1 stocks were 9 percent less than a year earlier and 37 percent below the 1959-63 average. The decline in stocks occurred in off-farm holdings which totaled 686 million bushels, 17 percent less than a year earlier. Farm stocks, at 133 million bushels were 76 percent larger than July 1, 1964. July 1 stocks indicate a disappearance during the crop year -- July 1, 1964 to June 30, 1965 -- of 1,373 million bushels, 4 percent below the record 1963-1964 crop year disappearance. Durum Wheat stocks on July 1 totaled 66.5 million bushels, 62 percent above a year earlier. Farm stocks, at 19.0 million bushels, were 10 times greater than the small July 1, 1964 holdings. Off-farm stocks, at 47.5 million bushels, were 21 percent larger. July 1 stocks indicate a disappearance during the

crop year ended June 30, 1965 of 40.2 million bushels, compared with previous crop year disappearance of 56.2 million bushels.

Oat stocks in all storage positions on July 1 totaled 283 million bushels, down 32 million bushels from a year earlier and 18 million bushels less than average holdings. Declines from a year earlier were shown in both farm and off-farm stocks. Nearly one-third of the oats in all positions were owned by CCC or under Government loan. Disappearance during the April-June quarter at 190 million bushels was the lowest of record for this period since records began in 1943.

Barley stored in all positions on July 1 totaled 102 million bushels. This was 23 percent less than a year ago and the lowest level since 1954. The decline from last year occurred in both farm and off-farm holdings. Stocks owned by CCC or under Government loan represented about one-third of total stocks and were the smallest in recent years. Disappearance during the April-June quarter at 103 million bushels was 14 percent above average and was the largest disappearance recorded during this quarter since records began in 1943.

Rye in storage on July 1, at 12.5 million bushels, was more than double the small July 1, 1964 holdings. Farm stocks total 2.7 million bushels, 59 percent above a year ago while off-farm holdings of 9.8 million bushels were nearly 3 times the year earlier stocks. About one-half of the total stocks were either Government owned or under Government loan.

Soybean stocks in all storage positions on July 1, 1965 totaled 131 million bushels, nearly one-fourth smaller than holdings a year earlier. The 10 percent increase in off-farm holdings were more than offset by a decrease from last year in farm stocks. Soybeans owned by CCC or under loan, including purchase agreements, accounted for only 6 percent of the total stocks. July 1 stocks indicate a disappearance during the nine month period October 1964 - June 1965 of 601 million bushels from a supply of 732 million bushels (carryover of 32 million plus 1964 production of nearly 700 million bushels). During the period 369 million bushels were crushed and about 174 million were exported. Soybeans used for seed and feed are expected to total about 40 million bushels.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions on July 1 totaled 10.8 million bushels, a decrease of 2.3 million bushels from holdings a year earlier.

OFF FARM GRAIN STOCKS, MINNESOTA, JULY 1, 1965

Commodity	Mpls.-St.Paul and Duluth Terminal areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	- - Thousand Bushels - -							
Corn	4,715	3,490	462	553	30,631	24,617	45,134	41,345
Wheat	62,013	65,108	1,100	1,797	12,467	12,876	115	115
Oats	3,596	2,384	4	1/	8,285	9,347	141	446
Barley	10,926	10,032	1,638	1,775	2,623	2,253	1,286	-
Rye	323	1,087	39	136	48	477	-	-
Soybeans	294	4,028	1,145	2,656	6,454	2,770	-	-
Flaxseed	4,533	2,983	198	1/	1,002	1,424	-	-

GRAIN STOCKS - July 1, 1965

Commodity	On Farm		Off-Farm 1/		Total	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	- - Thousand Bushels - -					
MINNESOTA						
Corn	187,385	163,265	80,942	70,005	268,327	233,270
Wheat	1,085	3,192	75,695	79,896	76,780	83,088
Oats	45,840	43,180	12,026	12,177	57,866	55,357
Barley	5,436	2,748	16,473	14,060	21,909	16,808
Rye	45	113	410	1,700	455	1,813
Soybeans	10,482	2,852	7,893	9,454	18,375	12,306
Flaxseed	142	450	5,733	4,407	5,875	4,857
UNITED STATES						
Corn	1,524,447	1,264,681	862,813	661,177	2,387,260	1,925,858
Wheat	75,477	133,037	825,716	685,876	901,193	818,913
Oats	252,063	220,697	63,328	62,690	315,391	283,387
Barley	60,891	40,848	73,043	61,614	133,934	102,462
Rye	1,701	2,708	3,591	9,803	5,292	12,511
Soybeans	72,738	22,786	98,216	108,465	170,954	131,251
Flaxseed	1,448	2,461	11,673	8,372	13,121	10,833

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks.

The sections of this report showing stocks by types and location are made possible by funds provided by the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Consumer and Marketing Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture under provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946.

STOCKS OF GRAINS, SELECTED STATES, JULY 1, 1964-65

State	Shelled and Ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousand Bushels				Thousand Bushels			
N. Y.	1,750	2,373	4,379	4,452	2,028	1,109	6,853	5,208
Ohio	23,531	21,905	73,346	66,172	2,813	2,275	10,873	6,987
Ind.	42,336	29,591	150,367	107,274	1,190	825	6,892	3,275
Ill.	198,241	116,226	386,282	258,404	5,709	2,396	17,559	10,257
Mich.	11,888	8,878	42,094	36,365	785	538	7,880	5,957
Wis.	11,163	7,081	42,705	36,520	2,487	2,155	28,885	22,271
Minn.	80,942	70,005	268,327	233,270	12,026	12,177	57,866	55,357
Iowa	278,539	225,752	756,194	648,500	7,184	5,030	36,164	36,782
Mo.	24,150	23,067	77,122	57,546	1,103	1,793	3,880	4,738
N. D.	1,316	1,563	6,390	4,242	9,271	12,600	48,857	51,668
S. D.	30,537	26,748	91,286	69,367	8,538	11,301	49,330	41,977
Nebr.	111,283	81,156	338,912	265,224	825	888	9,151	8,671
Kans.	18,442	18,312	31,483	26,652	400	421	2,154	2,071
Mont.	18	5	49	15	312	380	5,212	3,970
Idaho	79	81	354	288	796	729	2,193	1,935
Wash.	124	40	467	275	1,349	1,788	1,854	2,160
Oreg.	124	97	329	199	2,643	2,089	3,367	2,869
Calif.	752	729	1,129	1,111	909	883	929	904
Other States	27,598	27,568	116,045	109,982	2,960	3,313	15,492	16,330
UNITED STATES	862,813	661,177	2,387,260	1,925,858	63,328	62,690	315,391	283,387

State	Barley				Rye			
N. Y.	1,299	1,350	1,388	1,410	*	*	*	*
Ohio	60	35	123	107	12	17	59	58
Ind.	21	28	141	104	13	16	43	48
Ill.	720	801	821	874	*	1,768	*	1,774
Mich.	*	*	*	*	14	40	100	154
Wis.	15,413	15,182	15,581	15,279	*	*	*	*
Minn.	16,473	14,060	21,909	16,808	410	1,700	455	1,813
Iowa	231	*	244	**	*	*	*	*
Mo.	1,554	1,213	1,724	1,315	64	117	92	174
N.D.	15,673	8,747	46,988	26,027	254	2,855	940	4,217
S.D.	2,458	2,603	5,395	4,131	146	857	268	1,085
Nebr.	460	295	1,159	1,079	132	192	284	368
Kans.	872	1,006	1,418	2,528	333	553	414	682
Mont.	5,334	4,825	15,160	12,394	17	76	73	134
Idaho	472	793	3,619	2,696	6	9	20	19
Wash.	3,221	3,351	3,765	3,687	157	369	199	421
Oreg.	1,271	1,266	1,771	1,755	94	21	112	33
Calif.	1,776	1,517	2,116	1,877	—	—	—	—
Other States	5,735	4,542	10,612	10,391	1,939	1,213	2,233	1,531
UNITED STATES	73,043	61,614	133,934	102,462	3,591	9,803	5,292	12,511

* Included in unallocated to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors, and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

STOCKS OF WHEAT, SELECTED STATES, JULY 1, 1964-65

STATE	OFF-FARM 1/		TOTAL ALL POSITIONS 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	18,603	15,786	18,786	16,078
Ohio	587	1,830	856	2,510
Indiana	113	1,424	386	1,939
Illinois	1,134	2,614	1,481	2,948
Michigan	908	3,154	1,109	5,314
Wisconsin	14,386	19,829	14,573	20,010
Minnesota	75,695	79,896	76,780	83,088
Iowa	5,169	6,214	5,198	6,240
Missouri	20,521	20,208	20,914	20,672
North Dakota	70,863	82,123	97,241	130,392
South Dakota	37,961	38,161	46,478	49,806
Nebraska	87,659	46,246	97,183	58,058
Kansas	298,857	223,189	305,349	237,194
Montana	11,341	10,010	23,923	30,899
Idaho	551	930	1,147	3,933
Washington	5,419	12,360	6,131	16,059
Oregon	4,560	7,021	5,557	8,545
California	3,492	3,898	3,572	3,980
Other States	167,897	110,983	174,529	121,248
UNITED STATES	825,716	685,876	901,193	818,913

STOCKS OF SOYBEANS AND FLAXSEED, SELECTED STATES, JULY 1, 1964-65

STATE	SOYBEANS				FLAXSEED			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousand Bushels				Thousand Bushels			
Ohio	8,745	6,327	11,632	6,745	—	—	—	—
Ind.	6,507	5,539	11,020	7,544	—	—	—	—
Ill.	24,333	26,338	40,779	29,962	—	—	—	—
Mich.	418	457	903	797	—	—	—	—
Minn.	7,893	9,454	18,375	12,306	5,733	4,407	5,875	4,857
Iowa	15,874	21,145	38,772	30,593	*	*	*	*
Mo.	6,981	5,606	10,797	6,780	—	—	—	—
N.D.	125	100	355	140	3,669	2,100	4,655	3,713
S.D.	175	61	604	182	660	975	930	1,350
Nebr.	978	1,333	3,210	1,959	—	—	—	—
Kans.	2,402	1,719	3,367	2,021	—	—	—	—
N.C.	1,440	1,546	2,583	1,706	—	—	—	—
S.C.	1,152	990	2,359	1,247	—	—	—	—
Ky.	1,337	1,651	1,624	1,768	—	—	—	—
Tenn.	2,554	3,950	2,998	4,152	—	—	—	—
Miss.	2,418	2,790	3,669	2,913	—	—	—	—
Ark.	*	*	*	*	—	—	—	—
La.	2,611	5,001	2,676	5,041	—	—	—	—
Tex.	262	*	266	*	—	—	—	—
Mont.	—	—	—	—	12	6	49	23
Calif.	—	—	—	—	2	*	2	*
Wis.	—	—	—	—	1,383	631	1,394	636
Other States	12,011	14,458	14,965	15,395	214	253	216	254
UNITED STATES	98,216	108,465	170,954	131,251	11,673	8,372	13,121	10,833

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks

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Agricultural Statistician

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State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

AUG 9 1965

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 27, 1965

SHORN WOOL PRODUCTION - 1965

MINNESOTA: Wool production for 1965 is estimated at 5,036,000 pounds, 8 percent less than last year and the smallest wool crop in 14 years, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Decreased production this year is due to the decline in sheep and lambs shorn since the average fleece weight is a little heavier than in 1964. The total number of sheep and lambs shorn and expected to be shorn during 1965 at 643,000 head is down 10 percent from 1964 and down 21 percent from the 5-year average. At 7.8 pounds the 1965 fleece weight compares with 7.7 in 1964 and 7.9 pounds for the 5-year (1959-63) average.

Prices received by Minnesota farmers for their wool since January 1 have averaged about 6 cents per pound less than a year ago.

UNITED STATES: Wool shorn and to be shorn during 1965 in the United States (including Alaska) is estimated at 213,139,000 pounds, grease basis. At this level, wool production is 4 percent less than the 221,897,000 pounds produced in 1964. The 1965 shorn wool production is equivalent to 95,913,000 pounds clean basis, compared with 99,854,000 pounds clean basis for 1964.

The total number of sheep shorn and to be shorn in 1965, estimated at 25,285,000 head, is 4 percent below the number shorn in 1964. The average weight per fleece is 8.43 pounds, compared with 8.40 pounds last year.

In the 13 Western sheep States (11 Western States, South Dakota, and Texas) shorn wool is estimated at 157,034,000 pounds grease basis--4 percent less than the 1964 clip of 163,333,000 pounds. Wool production in 1965 is lower in 10 of the 13 Western States compared with 1964.

Sheep shorn and to be shorn during 1965, at 18,051,000 head, total 4 percent less than in 1964. The average fleece weight for the 13 Western States at 8.70 pounds is slightly above last year's 8.67 pounds.

Texas, the leading sheep and wool State, expects a wool crop of 41,800,000 pounds, a 1-percent increase from the 41,294,000 pounds produced in 1964. A decrease in head number shorn and to be shorn was more than offset by an increase of 0.6 pounds in average fleece weight. Wool production in Wyoming, the second leading wool producing State, is down 4 percent from 1964. California, the third largest producer, anticipates a decline in production as a result of a reduction in average fleece weight. The number shorn and to be shorn in California during 1965 is up about 3 percent.

A wool clip of 55,903,000 pounds is expected in 1965 in the 35 Native or "fleece" wool States (excludes 13 Western States and Alaska). This is down 4 percent from the 58,375,000 pounds produced in 1964. The smaller production for 1965 is entirely the result of a decline in the number of sheep shorn. The average weight per fleece in these 35 States, at 7.75 pounds, is slightly heavier than the 7.72 pounds produced in 1964.

Compared with last year, 22 of the Native sheep States show a decline in production. 4 States are unchanged and 9 States expect a larger wool clip than was produced in 1964.

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Wool shorn 1964 and 1965, by States

State	Number sheep shorn 1/			Weight per fleece 2/			Wool production		
	5 year average 1959-63	1964	1965	5 year average 1959-63	1964	1965	5 year average 1959-63	1964	1965
	1,000 head			Pounds			Pounds		
Maine	32	29	25	6.9	7.1	7.1	220	206	178
N.H.	7	6	6	6.8	6.7	6.9	45	40	41
Vt.	10	9	9	7.3	7.6	7.6	76	68	68
Mass.	11	10	10	7.1	6.5	7.2	78	65	72
R.I.	2	2	2	6.8	6.7	6.7	14	13	13
Conn.	6	7	7	6.8	7.1	6.8	43	50	48
N.Y.	128	114	117	7.6	7.9	8.0	976	900	935
N.J.	13	12	11	7.1	7.1	7.2	94	85	79
Pa.	219	193	197	7.3	7.3	7.4	1,604	1,409	1,458
Ohio	959	739	700	8.1	8.7	8.8	7,799	6,436	6,138
Ind.	418	356	370	7.7	7.9	8.2	3,217	2,820	3,041
Ill.	610	575	565	7.5	7.4	7.6	4,581	4,273	4,293
Mich.	350	288	284	8.4	8.6	8.6	2,931	2,474	2,453
Wis.	198	167	160	7.9	8.0	7.8	1,570	1,344	1,253
Minn.	814	715	643	7.9	7.7	7.8	6,430	5,498	5,036
Iowa	1,339	1,196	1,181	7.5	7.4	7.6	10,060	8,821	8,953
Mo.	660	477	453	7.6	8.0	7.6	5,014	3,793	3,453
N.Dak.	591	482	448	9.6	9.6	9.6	5,674	4,629	4,294
S.Dak.	1,564	1,586	1,421	9.4	8.8	9.0	14,736	13,885	12,817
Nebr.	653	548	516	7.3	7.7	7.5	4,761	4,210	3,854
Kans.	622	528	497	8.0	8.1	7.6	4,997	4,287	3,760
Del.	5	4	5	6.6	6.8	7.0	31	27	35
Md.	31	26	25	6.7	6.9	7.0	207	179	175
Va.	277	224	201	5.7	5.8	5.9	1,590	1,299	1,186
W.Va.	244	196	192	5.5	5.6	5.5	1,349	1,098	1,056
N.C.	46	32	29	6.0	6.2	6.2	275	198	180
S.C.	10	6	6	6.5	7.3	7.4	63	44	44
Ga.	21	10	9	6.6	6.2	6.1	138	62	55
Fla.	6	5	5	4.6	4.1	4.0	26	20	20
Ky.	411	214	183	6.9	7.1	7.3	2,826	1,519	1,336
Tenn.	196	106	95	5.6	5.3	5.6	1,101	562	532
Ala.	25	12	9	5.9	5.6	6.0	146	67	54
Miss.	52	28	21	5.3	5.2	5.2	275	146	109
Ark.	40	28	20	6.6	6.8	6.7	264	190	134
La.	78	59	56	4.5	4.3	4.5	350	254	252
Okla.	208	154	160	7.8	8.4	8.2	1,626	1,289	1,315
Texas	6,169	5,476	5,181	8.1	7.5	8.1	49,961	41,294	41,800
Mont.	1,537	1,369	1,288	10.2	9.8	9.6	15,735	13,444	12,376
Idaho	1,026	903	910	10.2	10.1	10.1	10,502	9,077	9,169
Wyo.	2,084	2,051	1,971	10.4	9.9	9.9	21,807	20,319	19,469
Colo.	1,615	1,339	1,287	9.1	9.5	9.1	14,693	12,776	11,676
N. Mex.	1,118	1,029	916	9.3	9.3	9.3	10,413	9,537	8,465
Ariz.	476	526	554	7.1	7.4	7.3	3,383	3,898	4,067
Utah	1,185	1,206	1,205	9.9	9.9	9.4	11,729	11,983	11,334
Nev.	293	250	231	9.2	9.6	9.5	2,679	2,394	2,189
Wash.	311	281	269	9.2	9.2	9.2	2,855	2,583	2,463
Oreg.	877	741	684	8.1	7.8	7.4	7,104	5,834	5,038
Calif.	2,439	2,081	2,134	7.7	7.8	7.6	18,646	16,309	16,171
Total 48 States	29,982	26,395	25,268	8.49	8.40	8.43	254,695	221,708	212,937
Alaska	---	16	17	---	11.8	11.9	---	189	202
Hawaii	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
UNITED STATES	---	26,411	25,285	---	8.40	8.43	[illegible]	221,897	213,139

1/ Includes sheep shorn at commercial feeding yards.

2/ For Texas and California the weight per fleece is the average per animal and not the average per shearing since some sheep are shorn more than once each year.

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July 29, 1965

HONEY REPORT - JULY 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Colonies of bees in Minnesota on July 1, 1965 totaled 287,000 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This estimated number of colonies is 7 percent less than the 309,000 colonies on hand a year ago. Minnesota with 5 percent of the Nation's colonies ranks third, California is first with 605,000 colonies, and Florida is second with 294,000.

Colony losses during last winter and this spring averaged 35 percent of the colonies entering the winter months compared with 17 percent the year before. Of those beekeepers reporting death losses, winter kill was the most important cause followed by starvation and queenless colonies. These three items accounted for about 75 percent of the death losses.

Conditions of colonies on July 1 was reported at 80 percent, 12 points below last year. Nectar plant condition was 83 percent, up 1 point from a year earlier.

UNITED STATES: Colonies of bees on July 1 in the United States were 5,558,000. This is 1 percent below the high level of 5,600,000 colonies in 1964. Increases in colony numbers this July of 2 percent in the South Central States and 1 percent in the West were more than offset by declines of 4 percent in both the North Atlantic, and East North Central States, and 2 percent in the West North Central States. In the South Atlantic States colony numbers were unchanged.

Losses of colonies through this past winter and spring were generally heavier than the previous winter and spring. They averaged 18 percent for the United States as a whole compared with 15 percent a year earlier. Severe winter temperatures along with a late spring caused heavier colony losses generally across the Northern half of the Nation. Conditions were more favorable in the South Atlantic and South Central States and losses were less than a year earlier. Replacement rates for lost colonies were high, and this helped maintain colony numbers for this season at levels close to the peak of the past ten years.

Condition of colonies on July 1 averaged 86 percent of normal, slightly below the 87 percent condition for the same date last year for the United States. Colonies in the South Atlantic, South Central and Western region were above last year in condition. This contrasted with the situation in the North Atlantic and North Central States where colony conditions were generally below a year earlier and reflected poor wintering, late spring and early summer drought.

Nectar plants averaged 80 percent of normal condition, 3 points above July 1 last year. The condition of nectar plants was 10 points below last year in the North Atlantic region and 6 points below in the East North Central. A large portion of these areas has suffered from dry weather this season. Nectar plant conditions were above last year in the other regions as follows: South Central up 9 points, West 6 points, South Atlantic 5 points and West North Central 4 points. Conditions of nectar plants in the West North Central States showed good recovery this July from the dry weather prevailing last year at that time. Highest conditions this July were reported for South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas while the lowest were in Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Maryland.

In the three leading honey producing States last year, the condition of nectar plants at the beginning of July this year showed California up 16 points, Minnesota up 1 point, and Florida up 3 points. The next two leading States showed condition of nectar plants down 8 points in Wisconsin and Ohio down 14 points from last year.

COLONIES OF BEES AND CONDITION OF COLONIES AND NECTAR PLANTS ON JULY 1

State and Division	Colonies of Bees			Colonies lost winter & spring 1/		Condition of colonies	Condition of nectar plants
	1964	1965	1965 as % of 1964	1963-64	1964-65	1965 2/	1965 2/
	Thousand		Pct.	Percent		Pct. of normal	
New York	201	197	98	10	13	81	70
Pennsylvania	141	133	94	13	18	85	68
Other States	84	80	95	-	-	-	-
North Atlantic	426	410	96	12	17	82	70
Ohio	277	274	99	10	13	87	72
Indiana	192	186	97	9	17	86	85
Illinois	161	156	97	11	20	87	84
Michigan	110	98	89	9	22	79	81
Wisconsin	200	184	92	11	33	79	71
E. N. Central	940	898	96	10	20	84	77
MINNESOTA	309	287	93	17	35	80	83
Iowa	141	135	96	17	29	79	80
Missouri	125	125	100	17	15	94	84
North Dakota	39	41	106	21	19	86	86
South Dakota	96	99	103	16	35	86	92
Nebraska	95	95	100	11	22	88	90
Kansas	46	49	107	14	12	89	91
W. N. Central	851	831	98	16	28	84	85
Delaware	5	5	100	12	12	76	71
Maryland	33	36	109	16	9	88	63
Virginia	126	126	100	15	10	85	77
W. Virginia	103	97	94	16	18	86	74
North Carolina	205	217	106	17	13	88	79
South Carolina	57	60	105	9	9	87	83
Georgia	200	192	96	14	16	90	85
Florida	297	294	99	12	13	89	75
South Atlantic	1,026	1,027	100	14	13	88	78
Kentucky	102	98	96	14	16	88	79
Tennessee	161	161	100	13	12	89	84
Alabama	185	181	98	15	11	89	81
Mississippi	87	84	97	12	12	93	78
Arkansas	92	101	110	15	15	89	87
Louisiana	99	105	106	17	17	90	79
Oklahoma	53	55	104	28	16	85	80
Texas	252	265	105	22	12	87	84
South Central	1,031	1,050	102	17	13	89	82
Montana	78	80	103	10	28	79	80
Idaho	211	215	102	23	19	83	82
Wyoming	34	33	97	12	23	83	73
Colorado	64	63	98	11	15	84	83
New Mexico	12	13	105	12	12	82	78
Arizona	110	114	104	20	15	83	72
Utah	51	51	100	23	21	78	71
Nevada	9	10	110	14	18	80	78
Washington	96	97	101	22	22	87	83
Oregon	62	61	98	14	15	88	83
California	599	605	101	17	19	89	87
West	1,326	1,342	101	18	19	86	83
48 States	5,600	5,558	99	15	18	86	80

1/ Percent of colonies entering winter, as reported.
2/ Percent of normal.

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Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

AUG 9 1965

Immediate Release

July 29, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 24, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in 6 of the important turkey States hatched 760,000 heavy white, 375,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 262,000 light breed poults during the week ending July 24, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 50 percent, and other heavy breed production up 20 percent, while light breed poult production was down 3 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The 626,000 heavy white eggs set during the past week in the 6 States was up 23 percent, and the 93,000 other heavy breed eggs set was up 45 percent from the comparable week a year ago. However, the 353,000 light breed eggs set was down 10 percent from last year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 3	405	547	146	272	832	1,176
July 10	382	520	129	238	2/679	2/ 949
July 17	342	464	123	156	2/565	2/ 746
July 24	336	415	85	218	2/508	2/ 760
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 5	711	1,045	347	468	1,685	2,266
June 12	702	955	310	461	1,514	2,026
June 19	653	888	267	394	1,222	1,697
June 26	647	754	187	421	1,076	1,564
July 3	557	847	185	286	874	1,446
July 10	521	663	141	249	2/ 769	2/1,041
July 17	415	557	90	152	2/ 545	2/ 798
July 24	430	545	49	55	2/ 511	2/ 626
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 3	23	53	574	512	913	941
July 10	#	37	479	487	2/ 562	2/ 631
July 17	#	#	434	369	2/ 513	2/ 450
July 24	0	#	292	310	2/ 312	2/ 375
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 5	39	143	1,031	965	1,749	1,935
June 12	#	61	962	930	1,445	1,526
June 19	#	#	836	710	1,256	1,169
June 26	0	#	600	609	727	925
July 3	#	#	398	534	476	730
July 10	0	#	259	219	2/ 295	2/ 291
July 17	#	#	#	141	2/ 114	2/ 233
July 24	0	#	#	25	2/ 64	2/ 93
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 3	67	71	17	2	323	268
July 10	70	116	17	0	2/ 263	2/ 360
July 17	88	#	24	0	2/ 316	2/ 291
July 24	76	#	18	0	2/ 270	2/ 262
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 5	105	102	40	0	564	415
June 12	119	142	36	0	532	633
June 19	141	118	49	0	600	513
June 26	118	140	40	0	558	541
July 3	128	112	25	7	478	462
July 10	115	114	33	5	2/ 488	2/ 385
July 17	84	127	26	0	2/ 364	2/ 372
July 24	130	126	#	0	2/ 394	2/ 353

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

2/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 24 included 415,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. For the same week a year ago, 336,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 76,000 light breed poults were produced.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 545,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze, and 126,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 430,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 130,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 26 percent of the week's hatch compared to 30 percent the previous week and 21 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of heavy white poults hatched from January 1 to date for Minnesota-Wisconsin is 17 percent above the comparable period in 1964.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Minn.-Wis.	California		
	Heavy White	Heavy White	Other Heavy	Total Heavy
1964	10,872	5,250	13,813	19,063
1965	12,675	7,483	11,714	19,197
Pct. Change	+17	+43	-15	+1

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 30, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-July 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-July at 90 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for July since 1953, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The Index has been gradually increasing since last December and is now 12 points above a year earlier and 1 point above mid-June of this year. Most prices are higher than a year ago, particularly those for soybeans, flaxseed and livestock.

Compared with mid-June, July livestock prices showed a slight change, being up 1 point, to 105 percent of the 1947-49 average. However, compared with a year ago, livestock prices averaged 23 points higher while crop prices were up 11 points. Dairy products showed a smaller change, being up 2 points from last year and poultry and eggs declined slightly.

Barley prices averaged 4 cents per bushel higher and wheat 3 cents per bushel higher in mid-July than a month earlier. Compared with last year barley was up 17 cents and wheat was up 6 cents per bushel. Corn, oats and rye prices declined slightly from last month but with the exception of rye were above last year's levels. Soybean prices dropped 5 cents from a month ago, but are up 35 cents from a year earlier. Flaxseed showed a 4 cent drop from last month, but averaged 14 cents higher than a year ago. Hay prices continued above the 1964 level.

The slightly higher average livestock prices from a month ago results from an increase in the price of hogs of 60 cents per hundredweight and a 40 cents increase for sheep. Compared with a year earlier, hog prices continued sharply higher (from $15.50 to $23.10), with cattle prices up somewhat less ($17.90 to $19.90). Lamb prices declined $1.10 per hundredweight from last month, but were $1.90 above last year.

Milk prices show little change from mid-June to mid-July, but continued to average 10 cents per hundredweight above the price a year ago.

Eggs at 24 cents a dozen were up 2 cents from mid-June, but 1-1/2 cents below a year earlier. Turkeys, per pound liveweight, dropped 2 cents from a month ago, but were 2 cents above last year.

TABLE I — INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	July 15 Av., 1957-61	July 15, 1962	July 15, 1963	July 15, 1964	June 15, 1965	July 15, 1965
All Farm Products	81	80	81	78	89	90
Crops	71	73	76	73	84	84
Livestock	93	90	90	82	104	105
Dairy Products	88	88	88	89	91	91
Poultry and Eggs	61	55	55	59	57	58

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II — PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	July 15, 1961	July 15, 1962	July 15, 1963	July 15, 1964	June 15, 1965	July 15, 1965
Prices Received	236	240	244	233	256	253
Prices Paid 1/	301	306	313	313	323	323
Parity Ratio	78	78	78	74	79	78

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

C. R. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TABLE 3 — PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			JULY 15, 1965			
		JULY 15, 1964	JUNE 15, 1965	JULY 15, 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	1.49	1.52	1.55	1.33	1.43	1.44	1.31
RYE	BU.	1.03	.95	.92	.95	.80	.87	.965
CORN	BU.	1.07	1.15	1.14	1.15	1.07	1.14	1.22
OATS	BU.	.56	.62	.60	.65	.51	.56	.634
BARLEY	BU.	.84	.97	1.01	.93	.97	.88	1.04
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.31	2.71	2.66	2.65	2.54	2.56	2.69
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.78	2.96	2.92	2.83	2.81	2.87	2.89
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	17.50	22.00	21.50	21.40	13.50	15.00	22.10
POTATOES	CWT.	3.50	-	-	-	-	-	4.82
HOGS	CWT.	15.50	22.50	23.10	23.20	21.90	23.00	23.10
COWS	CWT.	12.50	15.50	15.10	15.10	14.10	15.10	14.20
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	20.20	23.50	23.40	25.00	23.00	24.20	23.80
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	17.90	19.90	19.90	23.90	20.80	22.70	21.20
CALVES	CWT.	19.30	25.60	24.10	22.20	24.00	25.70	22.80
SHEEP	CWT.	5.50	6.10	6.50	5.50	5.00	5.50	6.49
LAMBS	CWT.	21.80	24.80	23.70	23.50	21.50	24.30	23.30
MILK COWS	HEAD	225.00	215.00	220.00	220.00	190.00	210.00	213.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.17	3.23	3.27	3.35	3.20	3.25	4.00
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.63	.64	.64	.63	.61	.60	.593
TURKEYS-LIVE	LB.	.200	.240	.220	.220	.210	.220	.223
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.060	.055	.055	.055	.050	.050	.088
EGGS	DOZ.	.255	.220	.240	.230	.230	.231	.315
WOOL	LB.	.54	.52	.53	.50	.51	.50	.477
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.65	3.00	2.95	3.15	3.15	3.20	3.20
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.55	4.70	4.95	5.00	4.95	5.00	5.03
HOG FEED, 29% & OVER	CWT.	5.60	5.80	6.00	6.20	6.10	6.20	5.97
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% & OVER	CWT.	4.75	4.80	4.90	5.00	4.75	4.70	4.56
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.05	3.15	3.15	3.70	-	-	3.74
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.84	2.94	2.98	2.98	2.79	2.78	3.47
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.20	4.20	4.35	4.85	4.60	4.65	4.44
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		14.5	19.6	20.3	20.2	20.5	20.2	18.9
BEEF-CORN 1/		18.9	20.4	20.5	21.7	21.5	21.2	19.5
EGG-FEED 2/		9.0	7.5	8.1	7.7	8.2	8.3	9.1
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.5

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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Immediate Release

August 3, 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER - JUNE 1965

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered at commercial plants in Minnesota during June 1965 totaled 136,000 head, up 12 percent from last month, but down 11 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight for the month was 1,052 pounds, 17 pounds less than last month, and 21 pounds less than in June 1964.

At 13,500 head, the number of calves killed was 4 percent below the previous month, but up 3 percent from June 1964. The average liveweight of calves slaughtered was 204 pounds, 7 pounds heavier than May 1965, but 27 pounds lighter than a year ago.

Hog slaughter for June totaled 384,000 head, up 2 percent from May and up 6 percent from June 1964. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during June was 270 pounds compared to 260 pounds in May and 273 pounds for June last year.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered during June totaled 35,500 head, down 16 percent from last month, and down 26 percent from a year ago. The average liveweight for the month was 101 pounds, 4 pounds less than last month, but 4 pounds more than June 1964.

During the January-June 1965 period commercial slaughter plants in the State killed 763,000 cattle, 111,200 calves, 2,760,000 hogs, and 320,500 sheep and lambs. Compared with the same period last year cattle slaughter was down 7 percent, and sheep and lamb slaughter was down 15 percent. Calf slaughter was up 9 percent while hog slaughter remained unchanged from a year ago.

A factor to consider in the Minnesota hog slaughter picture is a new hog abattoir at Worthington which commenced operations in September 1964. The existence of this plant may have changed hog marketing patterns in Minnesota and nearby States.

48 STATES: Commercial production of red meat during June in the 48 States totaled 2,455 million pounds, 5 percent less than June 1964 but 4 percent more than May 1965. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

There were 15,151 million pounds of red meat produced in the first half of 1965, 3 percent less than the 15,662 million pounds produced during the corresponding period of 1964. Of the January-June total, 8,852 million pounds were beef, virtually the same as a year earlier; 442 million pounds were veal, up 6 percent; 5,541 million pounds were pork down 8 percent; and 316 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 11 percent. Lard produced for January-June was 1,048 million pounds, down 15 percent from a year earlier.

During the six-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered was 5 percent greater than in the same period of 1964; calves were up 7 percent; hogs down 9 percent; and sheep and lambs down 11 percent.

Beef production during June was 1,528 million pounds, 4 percent below June 1964 but 7 percent above May 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during June totaled 2,704,000 head, 1 percent more than a year earlier and 8 percent more than the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 991 pounds, 31 pounds less than June 1964 and 10 pounds less than May 1965.

There were 74 million pounds of veal produced during June, 3 percent above June 1964 and 12 percent more than May 1965. The 553,100 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 6 percent greater than June 1964 and 9 percent above May 1965.

Pork production during June totaled 804 million pounds, 7 percent less than June 1964 but virtually unchanged from May 1965. The hog kill during June was 5,479,200 head, 8 percent less than a year earlier and 1 percent less than a month earlier. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of live weight of hogs was 11.9 pounds compared with 12.5 pounds in June 1964 and 11.6 pounds in May 1965.

The 49 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during June was 11 percent less than a year earlier, and 2 percent less than a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during June was 1,067,700 head, 11 percent fewer than June 1964, but 4 percent more than May 1965.

Production of poultry meat during June amounted to 645 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 6 percent more than June 1964 and 15 percent above May 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	June		June 1965 as percent of June 1964	June Average Liveweight	
	1964	1965		1964	1965
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	152.0	136.0	89.5	1,073	1,052
Calves	131	135	103.1	231	204
Hogs	363.0	384.0	105.8	273	270
Sheep and Lambs	48.0	35.5	74.0	97	101
48 STATES					
Cattle	2,682.9	2,704.0	100.8	1,022	991
Calves	519.9	553.1	106.4	249	242
Hogs	5,932.8	5,479.2	92.4	247	244
Sheep and Lambs	1,199.6	1,067.7	89.0	94	95

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION 48 STATES JUNE 1964-65 1/

Month		Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
		MILLION POUNDS						
June	1964	1,589	72	868	55	2,584	611	184
May	1965	1,431	66	803	50	2,350	563	154
June	1965	1,528	74	804	49	2,455	645	160

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.

3/ Chicken and turkey meat — ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

AUG 9 1965

Immediate Release

August 5, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 31, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in 6 of the important turkey States hatched 651,000 heavy white, 356,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 240,000 light breed poults during the week ending July 31, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 56 percent, other heavy breed production up 71 percent, and light breed poult production up 1 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The number of eggs set by hatcheries during the past week in the 6 States was above the comparable week in 1964 for all breed types. The heavy white set of 523,000 was up 54 percent, the 58,000 other heavy breed egg set 32 percent, and the 362,000 light breed eggs set up 9 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 10	382	520	129	238	679	952
July 17	342	464	123	156	565	749
July 24	336	415	85	218	508	760
July 31	286	411	86	140	418	651
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 12	702	955	310	461	—	—
June 19	653	905	267	394	—	—
June 26	647	790	187	421	—	—
July 3	557	833	185	286	—	—
July 10	521	663	141	249	769	1,038
July 17	415	557	90	152	545	793
July 24	430	545	49	55	511	626
July 31	303	442	0	57	339	523
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 10	#	37	479	487	562	619
July 17	#	#	434	369	513	453
July 24	0	#	292	310	312	375
July 31	#	#	198	302	208	356
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 12	#	61	962	930	—	—
June 19	#	#	836	710	—	—
June 26	0	#	600	609	—	—
July 3	#	#	398	558	—	—
July 10	0	#	259	219	295	291
July 17	#	#	#	141	114	233
July 24	0	#	#	25	64	93
July 31	0	#	44	#	44	58
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 10	70	116	17	0	263	360
July 17	88	#	24	0	316	292
July 24	76	#	18	0	270	262
July 31	75	72	13	4	237	240
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 12	119	174	36	0	—	—
June 19	141	#	49	0	—	—
June 26	118	#	40	0	—	—
July 3	128	114	25	7	—	—
July 10	115	114	33	5	488	385
July 17	84	127	26	0	364	372
July 24	130	126	#	0	394	353
July 31	104	118	27	#	331	362

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 31 included 411,000 heavy white and 72,000 light breed poults. For the same week a year ago, 286,000 heavy white and 75,000 light breed poults were hatched. Production of bronze poults is withheld to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 442,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze eggs, and 118,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 303,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 104,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 32 percent of the week's hatch compared to 26 percent for both the previous week and a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of heavy white poults hatched from January 1 to date for Minnesota-Wisconsin is 17 percent above the comparable period in 1964.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Minn.-Wis.	California		
	Heavy White	Heavy White	Other Heavy	Total Heavy
1964	11,158	5,336	14,011	19,347
1965	13,086	7,623	12,016	19,639
Pct. Change	+17	+43	-14	+2

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
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AUG 12 1965

Immediate Release

August 9, 1965

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT

Acreage and Indicated Production as of August 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Early Summer Cabbage - A crop of 108,000 hundredweight is estimated compared with 77,000 hundredweight last year. The increase in production is due to both a higher average yield and more acres for harvest than in 1964. Cutting started the latter part of July.

Early Fall Cabbage - Production of this type cabbage at 200,000 hundredwieght compares with 155,000 hundredweight last year. The larger crop is due to a higher average yield as the acreage is the same as a year ago.

Early Fall Carrots - As of August 1, a crop of 292,000 hundredweight is expected which compares with 345,000 hundredweight in 1964. The smaller crop forecast is a result of lower yields and less acreage than last year.

Late Summer Onions - A decrease in acreage from 1964 is responsible for the decline in production to 286,000 hundredweight from 308,000 last year. Warmer weather would help sizing.

UNITED STATES: Production of early summer cabbage, at 1,593,000 cwt., is 13 percent above last year. In the New England States, heavy rains about mid-July were beneficial to crop development. Harvest is at peak levels and sustained volume should be available throughout the summer. On Long Island, New York, steady supplies should be available during August. In New Jersey, good supplies are expected to continue from central and northern areas during August. In Ohio, harvest is now past the peak, but some volume is expected to continue until the end of September. In Minnesota, growth has been good but the crop is late. Cuttings started in late July. Southwest Virginia growers are harvesting one of the best crops in recent years.

Late summer cabbage production is estimated at 3,510,000 cwt., 10 percent more than last year. In Pennsylvania, dry conditions have slowed growth but recent rains should be helpful. Harvest in Indiana has progressed well. In Illinois, the early harvested heads were smaller than usual. Late planted cabbage generally looks good. Harvest of the Iowa crop began in eastern areas about mid-July and is expected to start about mid-August in the north central areas. In North Carolina, a small volume will be available for marketing during August. Movement in Georgia is expected to be completed by mid-August. Late July rains in Colorado delayed harvest but cutting is now under way in all areas.

Production of early fall cabbage, at 8,177,000 cwt., is 5 percent above last year. In New England, the crop is developing favorably and volume harvest should start in September. On Long Island, New York, the crop is progressing normally. Harvest should start about September 1. In Upstate New York, dry weather delayed setting of plants in many areas. However, rains in early July have improved crop prospects. A steady supply should be available throughout the summer. In New Jersey, stands look good. The Pennsylvania crop is growing well in Erie County and in the southeast section, but is poor in other areas. Recent showers have been beneficial. In Ohio, recent rains should improve prospects. Dry weather in Michigan has reduced yield prospects. The Minnesota crop is growing well but is later than usual. Present conditions in Utah and Idaho indicate an average yield. In Oregon, the crop is developing normally.

CARROTS: The first forecast of the early fall carrot crop is 5,927,000 cwt., 12 percent above last year. The Massachussetts crop is making good growth. Light harvest has started in Connecticut. In New york, most stands are good but crop development has been slow in most areas because of dry weather. Harvest started in the eastern area during late July and is expected to start in other areas by mid-August. In Michigan, volume supplies from the important west central area were expected by the first week of August. Crop prospects are good in the southeastern area. The crop in Wisconsin looks good. Some pulling for fresh market has started. The crop in Minnesota is later than usual but crop prospects are excellent. On the High Plains of Texas, harvest is under way. Supplies should be light until November when peak harvest is expected. In the Trans-Pecos area, harvest is expected to get underway in late September. In New Mexico, the crop is in good condition with harvest to start in late August. The

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crop in Washington looks good. Fresh market harvest is under way in the Walla Walla area but will not start until mid-August in the Puget Sound Area. In Oregon, stands are developing at a near normal pace.

ONIONS: The late summer onion crop is placed at 20,323,000 cwt., 14 percent above last year and 9 percent above the 5-year average. Harvest in Massachusetts of the small set acreage is under way. Most of the seeded acreage will be harvested in late August and early September. Harvest of NewYork's set crop was completed in Orange County and about two-thirds completed in the Canastota section by August 1. Harvest of seeded onions started in Orange County in late July. Tops are going down in many fields and harvest activity should increase rapidly. Other sections will start harvest in late August or early September. Tops remain green in these sections and stands are generally good. Dry weather has retarded growth in Orange County and the Potter section. In Oswego and Wayne Counties and the Elba, Prattsburg and Canastota sections, crop prospects are favorable. Harvesting in Ohio has started. Late July rains were beneficial. Harvest in Indiana should start about mid-August on whites. Yellows will follow in late August. Harvest in Illinois is virtually completed. Dry weather reduced yields. In Michigan, the set crop was being harvested by August 1. Harvest of the Seeded acreage is expected to be in volume after mid-August. Cool weather during July was favorable for plant development. The crop looks good in Wisconsin. Some tops are beginning to bend over but first topping will not start until the end of August. Minnesota crop progress has been good. In the Red River Valley area, harvest is expected to start in Late August. In the Hollandale area, the crop has good color and is starting to bulb in the earlier fields. The Iowa crop was in good condition on August 1 but additional moisture would be benneficial.

ACREAGE AND INDICATED PRODUCTION - AUGUST 1, 1965

CABBAGE 1/

CROP AND STATE	ACREAGE FOR HARVEST			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965
	Acres			Cwt.			1,000 Cwt.		
Winter	44,030	42,200	39,500	152	161	159	6,703	6,796	6,266
Spring	20,170	18,780	19,100	134	141	133	2,694	2,650	2,540
Early Summer	7,530	7,780	8,380	199	182	190	1,498	1,413	1,593
(Minnesota)	600	550	600	173	140	180	103	77	108
Late Summer	17,870	16,550	17,350	202	193	202	3,616	3,190	3,510
Early Fall	31,430	31,370	32,240	256	248	254	8,062	7,771	8,177
Late Fall 2/	3,530	2,650	2,600	123	129		423	343	Oct.8

CARROTS 1/

Winter	41,160	38,600	38,500	139	157	158	5,733	6,043	6,070
Spring	2,300	2,800	2,300	193	115	250	441	322	575
Early Summer	7,500	7,200	7,300	270	260	280	2,014	1,872	2,044
Late Summer	3,410	3,320	3,400	232	203	231	792	674	787
Early Fall	19,960	19,930	21,120	269	265	281	5,361	5,288	5,927
Michigan	3,960	4,400	4,600	220	220	240	877	968	1,104
Wisconsin	1,980	2,500	3,300	355	340	400	712	850	1,320
Minnesota	740	750	650	347	460	450	254	345	292

ONIONS 1/

Spring, All	33,270	31,600	29,500	141	181	172	4,680	5,711	5,079
Early Summer	9,680	9,660	9,750	226	240	243	2,181	2,317	2,368
Late Summer	56,410	57,370	59,200	329	312	343	18,574	17,874	20,323
New York	14,940	16,000	16,400	323	280	340	4,823	4,480	5,576
Michigan	7,400	8,000	7,700	350	300	310	2,586	2,400	2,387
Wisconsin	2,380	2,100	2,100	238	220	250	567	462	525
Minnesota	1,780	1,400	1,300	213	220	220	378	308	286
Colorado	8,080	6,800	6,500	279	300	310	2,262	2,040	2,015
Idaho & E. Oregon	4,980	5,900	6,800	459	457	460	2,284	2,695	3,128
W. Oregon	2,080	2,200	2,200	349	405	370	727	891	814
California	9,580	10,200	11,200	355	320	360	3,416	3,264	4,032

1/ Includes processing.

2/ The 1965 acreage for harvest prospective acreage.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

AUG 12 1965

Immediate Release

August 10, 1965

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT - August 1, 1965

Production prospects improved for most crops during July as a result of favorable growing weather. The crop production index based on August 1 estimates at 110 percent compares with last year of 96 percent and the record of 115 percent in 1963. Temperatures during July averaged below normal while precipitation averaged above normal.

FEED GRAINS: Production of feed grains now estimated at 11.7 million tons compares with 1964 at 10.4 million tons.

CORN: The 1965 Minnesota corn crop is now estimated at 299 million bushels, 10 percent above last year's crop, but 5 percent less than the 5-year (1959-63) average. The increase in this year's crop is due to an increase in both acreage and yield. Based on the August 1 reported condition a yield of 63 bushels per acre is now forecast. This year's corn crop, while growing well, is somewhat later than normal. Warmer weather would be favorable to it.

SOYBEANS: Present soybean prospects point to a crop of 70 million bushels. If realized, this would be the State's record high bean crop, mainly as a result of an increase of 342,000 acres over 1964. The yield per acre is forecast at 22 bushels, 2 bushels more than a year ago. On July 31 approximately 7 percent of the soybean acreage was setting pods which compares with about 34 percent on this date last year and the 5-year average of about 30 percent.

WHEAT: For Minnesota wheat production was estimated as of August 1 at 22.2 million bushels, 4 percent above the 21.3 million bushel crop of 1964 but 1 percent below the 5-year average. Winter wheat suffered damage and acreage loss as a result of the severe winter. Spring wheat seeding was delayed by the abnormally wet spring and progress of the crop has been later than normal. The cool spring and summer months have favored the wheat crop and generally good yields are in prospect. For 1965 durum wheat production is estimated at 1,830,000 bushels compared with 2,156,000 bushels last year. The August 1 estimated yield is 30 bushels per acre. Other spring wheat production is estimated at 20,160,000 bushels, compared with 18,832,000 bushels in 1964 and the 5-year average of 20,801,000 bushels. The estimate yield as of August 1 was 28 bushels per acre. The winter wheat crop for this year is estimated at 230,000 bushels compared with 292,000 last year and the 5-year average of 522,000 bushels.

OATS: An oat crop of nearly 169 million bushels is forecast for Minnesota this year, 17 percent above the crop for last year and about 3 percent above the 5-year average. The increase in production is due to the increase in yield per acre. Based on August 1 indications a yield per acre of 55 bushels is forecast, the highest on record. This record yield is 9 bushels above last year and 7.7 bushels above the 5-year average. Harvesting is later than normal with only 15 percent of the oats having been cut or swathed on August 1 compared to 41 percent for the 5-year average.

BARLEY: Barley production prospects improved materially during July and a crop of 24.7 million bushels is now indicated for 1965. This year's production is 26 percent above last year but 5 percent below the 5-year average. The yield per acre is estimated at 39 bushels, the highest on record. On August 1 about 12 percent of the barley had been cut or swathed compared with an average of 45 percent for the past five years.

FLAXSEED: A flax crop of 4,968,000 bushels is now indicated for 1965 which is 10 percent above 1964, but 21 percent below the 5-year average. The yield is estimated at 12 bushels per acre compared with 10 bushels last year and the 5-year average of 11.6 bushels.

POTATOES: The late summer crop of potatoes is forecast at an average yield per acre of 165 hundredweight placing production at 1,188,000 hundredweight, which is 20 percent above last year. Minnesota's fall crop is estimated at 12,480,000 hundredweight (130 hundredweight per acre) which is 40 percent above last year and 3 percent above the 5-year average.

HAY: The 1965 hay crop is now estimated at 7.8 million tons, up 15 percent from 1964 and 2 percent above the 5-year average. Yield per acre is forecast at 2.17 ton per acre which is above both last year and the 5-year average.

SUGAR BEETS: The sugar beet crop is now indicated at 1,440,000 tons which is 9 percent above a year ago and 25 percent above the 5-year average. Yield is estimated at 12 tons per acre, nearly one ton more than last year but slightly below the 5-year average. This year's crop is exceeded only by the record crop of 1963.

APPLES: Commercial apple production is forecast at 240,000 bushels - 44 percent less than the record crop of 430,000 bushels in 1964. The smaller crop this year is due to poor pollination and lighter bloom.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 881 million pounds during July, 4 percent more than in July 1964, but 18 percent less than in June. Production for the first 7 months of 1965 is 2 percent above 1964.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production in July totaled 210 million eggs, down 11 million from a year ago. Rate of lay for the month averaged 63 percent compared with 61 percent the previous year. Production for the first 7 months this year is down 8 percent from the corresponding period in 1964.

August 1, 1965 Crop Production Prospects

Commodity	Acreage			Yield Per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	For Harvest 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965
	Average 1959-63	1964							
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
For Minnesota:									
Corn for Grain	5,318	4,612	4,750	59.5	59.0	63.0	313,920	272,108	299,250
Winter Wheat	22	11	10	24.0	26.5	23.0	522	292	230
Durum Wheat	37	77	61	26.9	28.0	30.0	1,029	2,156	1,830
Other Sp.Wheat	845	837	720	24.6	22.5	28.0	20,801	18,832	20,160
Oats	3,476	3,129	3,066	47.3	46.0	55.0	164,496	143,934	168,630
Barley	844	604	634	30.9	32.5	39.0	26,036	19,630	24,726
Rye	71	85	108	18.9	19.0	21.0	1,332	1,615	2,268
Flaxseed	536	450	414	11.6	10.0	12.0	6,251	4,500	4,968
Soybeans for beans	2,247	2,852	3,194	21.1	20.0	22.0	47,602	57,040	70,268
Potatoes (Cwt.)									
Late Summer	6.5	7.1	7.2	155	140.	165	1,004	994	1,188
Fall	100.0	89.0	96.0	122	100.	130	12,149	8,900	12,480
Sugar Beets (Tons)	94.8	119.5	120.0	12.2.	11.1.	12.0.	1,151	1,325	1,440
Hay, All (tons)	3,634	3,489	3,574	2.10	1.94	2.17	7,635	6,771	7,753

UNITED STATES: Prospsects for most major crops improved during July as moisture was favorable in all areas except the northeast. Crop development is about normal, but slower than the advanced 1964 crop. A record feed grain tonnage is in prospect with record yields per acre for each crop. July egg production was 1 percent larger than July 1964 and a new record for the month. Milk production for July totaled slightly larger than a year ago.

Production of the four feed grains is expected to total 157 million tons — 15 percent more than last year's drought shortened total and 5 percent above average. The indicated 1965 total exceeds the previous high of 156 million tons in 1963. Prospects improved markedly during July especially in the North Central, South Atlantic, and Southern Plains areas. Feed grain acreage for harvest is 1 percent below last year, but record high yields per acre are in prospect for each feed grain.

Food grain production is expected to be 6 percent greater than last year — a 2 percent increase from a month earlier. Prospects for winter wheat, the dominant food grain, declined during July chiefly because of stem rust infestation in Central and Northern Plains areas. Increased spring wheat prospects more than offset the decline in winter wheat.

A record soybean production — 23 percent larger than last year's high — led the increase in oilseed production as good yields are expected on an expanded acreage in most producing areas. Flaxseed production is expected to be 20 percent larger than last year.

Improved yield prospects for alfalfa and wild hay increased the expected tonnage of all hay for 1965. Current estimates indicate a total 3 percent more than both last year and average. Average reported pasture condition on August 1 was 78 percent of normal—9 percentage points above a year earlier, but 1 point below average. Pastures continued to decline in the Northeast and the area of poor pastures spread into Michigan and Wisconsin during the past month. Pastures were better than last year in most South Central and West North Central States. In the West, pasture feed was better than on August 1 last year in all areas except the Pacific Northwest.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

AUG 20 1965

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 12, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending August 7, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in 6 of the important turkey States hatched 504,000 heavy white, 153,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 213,000 light breed poults during the week ending August 7 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 36 percent, and other heavy breed production up 16 percent, while light breed poult production was down 20 percent from the corresponding week in 1964.

The 467,000 heavy white eggs set during the past week in the 6 States was up 68 percent, but the 246,000 light breed eggs set was down 9 percent from the comparable week a year ago. There were no bronze eggs set the past week.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
July 17	342	464	123	156	565	749
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July 17	#	#	#	141	114	233
July 24	0	#	#	25	64	93
July 31	0	#	44	#	44	58
Aug. 7	0	0	0	0	#	0
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
July 17	88	#	24	0	316	292
July 24	76	#	18	0	270	262
July 31	75	72	13	4	237	240
Aug. 7	70	67	17	4	266	213
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
June 19	141	#	49	0	—	—
June 26	118	#	40	0	—	—
July 3	128	114	25	7	—	—
July 10	115	114	33	5	488	385
July 17	84	127	26	0	364	372
July 24	130	126	#	0	394	353
July 31	104	118	27	#	331	362
Aug. 7	102	#	29	0	271	246

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 7 included 327,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze and 67,000 light breed poults. For the same week a year ago, 270,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 70,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 431,000 heavy white, no bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 263,000 heavy white no bronze and 102,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 23 percent of the week's hatch compared to 32 percent the previous week and 29 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536		37		337		6,421		1,732	
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696		1		399		3,330		1,902	
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of heavy white poults hatched from January 1 to date for Minnesota-Wisconsin is 17 percent above the comparable period in 1964.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Minn.-Wis.	California		
	Heavy White	Heavy White	Other Heavy	Total Heavy
1964	11,428	5,394	14,127	19,521
1965	13,413	7,747	12,130	19,877
Pct. Change	+17	+44	-14	+2

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

AUG 20 1965

Immediate Release

August 16, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
July 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,194,000 chicks during July 1965 which was 26 percent below July 1964, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The July hatch consisted of 564,000 egg-type and 630,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type production was down 9 percent, and broiler-type production was down 36 percent from July 1964. For the period January through July, the egg-type chick hatch was down 18 percent, and the broiler-type hatch was down 29 percent from the same period in 1964. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators August 1 was up 7 percent from a year earlier.

Cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-July was $2.98 per 100 pounds, compared with $2.94 the previous month and $2.84 a year earlier. On July 15 the egg-feed ration was 8.1 compared to 7.5 the previous month and 9.0 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-type		
	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	643	631	- 2	992	723	- 27
February	1,304	1,031	- 21	880	612	- 30
March	4,707	3,271	- 31	1,106	747	- 32
April	7,466	5,600	- 25	1,164	896	- 23
May	5,932	5,285	- 11	1,146	890	- 22
June	1,698	2,070	+ 22	1,073	740	- 31
July	623	564	- 9	984	630	- 36
August	396			863		
September	503			862		
October	469			710		
November	551			700		
December	538			760		

Clyde Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 256,137,000 chicks during July compared with 233,586,000 in July 1964. The hatch of broiler chicks totaled 223,331,000, up 11 percent from July last year and the largest of record for the month. During the first 7 months of 1965 there were 1,507,319,000 broiler chicks produced, an increase of 6 percent from January-July 1964 and the largest of record for these months. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on August 1 was 10 percent above a year earlier.

There were 32,806,000 egg-type chicks hatched in July, up 1 percent from July 1964. Reported increases were 39 percent in the South Central States, 21 percent in the South Atlantic and 16 percent in the West North Central States. Reported decreases were 21 percent in the North Atlantic States, 19 percent in the Western and 8 percent in the East North Central States. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 7 months of 1965 totaled 352,291,000 - a decrease of 11 percent from the same period last year. The number of "egg-type" eggs in incubators on August 1 was up 10 percent from a year earlier.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During July			
	Broiler-type		Egg-Type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	690	600	1,770	1,400
Indiana	3,547	3,189	2,484	2,398
Illinois	75	79	905	1,221
Michigan	445	380	820	600
Wisconsin	942	1,260	244	135
E. N. Central	5,699	5,508	6,223	5,754
Minnesota	984	630	623	564
Iowa	140	150	850	850
Missouri	3,698	2,964	483	891
North Dakota	1/	1/	6	2
South Dakota	1/	1/	150	135
Nebraska	34	72	210	258
Kansas	9	15	253	275
1/ W. N. Central	1/ 4,865	1/ 3,835	2,575	2,975
United States	201,251	223,331	32,335	32,806

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

AUG 20 1965

Immediate Release

August 19, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending August 14, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in 6 of the important turkey States hatched 389,000 heavy white, 110,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 217,000 light breed poults during the week ending August 14 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Poults hatched during the corresponding week last year included 282,000 heavy white, 56,000 other heavy, and 190,000 light breed poults.

During the past week hatcheries in the 6 States set 392,000 heavy white, 5,000 other heavy, and 284,000 light breed eggs. For the comparable week in 1964, 222,000 heavy white, 23,000 other heavy, and 248,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 14 included 270,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze, and 80,000 light breed poults. For the same week last year, 233,000 heavy white, no

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week - Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
July 24	336	415	85	218	508	760
July 31	286	411	86	140	418	651
Aug. 7	270	327	58	124	370	504
Aug. 14	233	270	34	76	282	389
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
June 26	647	790	187	421	---	---
July 3	557	833	185	286	---	---
July 10	521	663	141	249	769	1,038
July 17	415	557	90	152	545	793
July 24	430	545	49	55	511	626
July 31	303	442	0	57	339	523
Aug. 7	263	431	0	6	278	467
Aug. 14	#	383	0	#	222	392
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
July 24	0	#	292	310	312	375
July 31	#	#	198	302	208	356
Aug. 7	0	#	116	114	132	153
Aug. 14	0	#	#	62	56	110
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
June 26	0	#	600	609	---	---
July 3	#	#	398	558	---	---
July 10	0	#	259	219	295	291
July 17	#	#	#	141	114	233
July 24	0	#	#	25	64	93
July 31	0	#	44	#	44	58
Aug. 7	0	0	0	0	#	0
Aug. 14	0	0	23	5	23	5
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
July 24	76	#	18	0	270	262
July 31	75	72	13	4	237	240
Aug. 7	70	67	17	4	266	213
Aug. 14	48	80	12	0	190	217
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
June 26	118	#	40	0	---	---
July 3	128	114	25	7	---	---
July 10	115	114	33	5	488	385
July 17	84	127	26	0	364	372
July 24	130	126	#	0	394	353
July 31	104	118	27	#	331	362
Aug. 7	102	#	29	0	271	246
Aug. 14	89	112	22	0	248	284

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

bronze and 48,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 383,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 112,000 light breed eggs. During the comparable week a year ago, an undisclosed number of heavy white, no bronze and 89,000 light breed eggs were set.

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 22 percent of the week's hatch compared to 20 percent the previous week and 34 percent a year ago.

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested in the United States for pullorum disease during July 1965, the first month of the 1965-66 testing year, was 75,747, up 38 percent from July last year. The number of heavy white breeds tested totaled 73,212, up 65 percent from a year earlier. Other heavy breeds tested at 2,535 birds, were down 76 percent. The number of light breed turkeys tested totaled 18,006 - an increase of 11 percent from July 1964.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

Turkeys tested for pullorum disease in Minnesota during July included 34,635 heavy white, compared to 22,955 for July 1964.

CUMULATIVE HATCH: The total number of heavy white poults hatched from January 1 to date for Minnesota-Wisconsin is 17 percent above the comparable period in 1964.

CUMULATIVE WEEKLY HATCH, JAN. 1 to DATE (000)

Year	Minn.-Wis.	California		
	Heavy White	Heavy White	Other Heavy	Total Heavy
1964	11,661	5,428	14,173	19,601
1965	13,683	7,823	12,192	20,015
Pct. Change	+17	+44	-14	+ 2

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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AUG 26 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 23, 1965

TIMOTHY SEED PRODUCTION - 1965

MINNESOTA: The production of timothy seed for 1965 in Minnesota is forecast at 9,275,000 pounds, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. If realized 1965 production will be 78 percent more than the 1964 crop of 5,200,000 pounds, almost twice as great as the 5-year (1959-63) average production and the largest crop since 1922. This year's acreage is estimated at 53,000 acres, up 13,000 acres from last year, 23,000 acres above average and the largest acreage since 1935. The yield per acre is expected to average 175 pounds compared with 130 last year and the 5-year average of 162 pounds. Moisture has been generally adequate and the crop has made excellent growth. The harvest season has been good with little seed lost due to bad weather. Average beginning date of harvest this year was August 11 compared to August 7 last year.

UNITED STATES: The 1965 production of timothy seed is forecast at 32,553,000 pounds. This is 6 percent more than last year's revised estimate of 30,798,000 pounds, but 1 percent below the 1959-63 average.

Acreage harvested for seed this year is estimated at 204,200 acres, about the same as last year but 8 percent below average. The national yield, at 159 pounds per acre, is 8 pounds above last year's yield of 151 pounds, and 13 pounds above average.

An increase of 32 percent in the Minnesota acreage coupled with a high yield of 175 pounds in that State accounts for most of the increase in U. S. production. Production in Illinois is 6 percent above 1964 because of a higher yield. In other States production is below 1964.

Harvesting generally began later than in 1964. Average dates on which harvest began this year were: July 26 in Illinois and Missouri, July 30 in Indiana, August 1 in Ohio, August 2 in Iowa, August 3 in Pennsylvania, August 11 in Minnesota, and August 13 in Wisconsin.

Imports of timothy seed during the year ended June 30, 1965 totaled 408,900 pounds -- 407,000 from Canada (42,800 U. S. seed returned), 200 from Denmark and 1,700 from the Netherlands. This compares with the total of 1,746,200 pounds a year earlier and the 5-year average of 1,214,200 pounds. There were 200 pounds of timothy seed imported during July 1965 compared with 200 pounds during July 1964. Exports during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1965 totaled 4,816,176 pounds, compared with 3,443,648 pounds for the year ending June 30, 1964.

Carryover of old-crop seed on June 30 this year was 6,724,000 pounds (5,539,000 by dealers and 1,185,000 by growers), 56 percent more than last year's carryover of 4,306,000 pounds, but 48 percent below average. The initial supply (1965 production plus carryover) is indicated at 39,277,000 pounds, up 12 percent from last year's total of 35,104,000 pounds but 14 percent below average.

C. R. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TIMOTHY SEED: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production, average 1959-63, annual 1964 and 1965

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per acre			Production (clean seed)		
	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Pa.	7,100	5,500	4,700	111	100	100	800	550	470
Ohio	45,000	45,000	38,000	156	160	155	6,955	7,200	5,890
Ind.	12,000	8,000	7,500	125	140	145	1,516	1,120	1,088
Ill.	11,800	9,500	9,000	126	125	140	1,491	1,188	1,260
Wis.	7,740	6,000	5,000	117	115	130	904	690	650
Minn.	30,000	40,000	53,000	162	130	175	4,847	5,200	9,275
Iowa	30,600	15,000	12,000	160	140	160	4,976	2,100	1,920
Mo.	78,200	75,000	75,000	142	170	160	11,388	12,750	12,000
U. S.	222,440	204,000	204,200	146	151	159	32,877	30,798	32,553

1/ Revised.

TIMOTHY SEED SUPPLY: United States Average 1959-63, annual 1964 and 1965

Item	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds
Production	32,877,400	30,798,000	32,553,000
Farm carryover	3,976,200	1,211,000	1,185,000
Dealer carryover	8,885,200	3,095,000	5,539,000
Supply (production plus carryover)	45,738,800	35,104,000	39,277,000

1/ Revised.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

AUG 30 1965

Immediate Release

August 26, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending August 21, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in 6 of the important turkey States hatched 296,000 heavy white, 54,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 203,000 light breed poults during the week ending August 21, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Poults hatched during the corresponding week last year included 241,000 heavy white, 32,000 other heavy, and 212,000 light breed poults.

During the past week hatcheries in the 6 States set 350,000 heavy white, no other heavy, and 224,000 light breed eggs. For the comparable week in 1964, 230,000 heavy white, 7,000 other heavy, and 176,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 31	286	411	86	140	418	651
Aug. 7	270	327	58	124	370	504
Aug. 14	233	270	34	76	282	389
Aug. 21	211	260	14	25	241	296
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 3	557	833	185	286	---	---
July 10	521	663	141	249	769	1,038
July 17	415	557	90	152	545	793
July 24	430	545	49	55	511	626
July 31	303	442	0	57	339	523
Aug. 7	263	431	0	6	278	467
Aug. 14	#	383	0	#	222	392
Aug. 21	#	305	#	13	230	350
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 31	#	#	198	302	208	356
Aug. 7	0	#	116	114	132	153
Aug. 14	0	#	#	62	56	110
Aug. 21	0	#	#	14	32	54
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 3	#	#	398	558	---	---
July 10	0	#	259	219	295	291
July 17	#	#	#	141	114	233
July 24	0	#	#	25	64	93
July 31	0	#	44	#	44	58
Aug. 7	0	0	0	0	#	0
Aug. 14	0	0	23	5	23	5
Aug. 21	0	0	7	0	7	0
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 31	75	72	13	4	237	240
Aug. 7	70	67	17	4	266	213
Aug. 14	48	80	12	0	190	217
Aug. 21	80	79	#	0	212	203
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 3	128	114	25	7	---	---
July 10	115	114	33	5	488	385
July 17	84	127	26	0	364	372
July 24	130	126	#	0	394	353
July 31	104	118	27	#	331	362
Aug. 7	102	#	29	0	271	246
Aug. 14	89	112	22	0	248	284
Aug. 21	79	122	#	0	176	224

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 21 included 260,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze, and 79,000 light breed poults. For the same week last year, 211,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 80,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 305,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 122,000 light breed eggs. During the comparable week a year ago, an undisclosed number of heavy white, no bronze, and 79,000 light breed eggs were set.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breed						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 18 percent of the week's hatch compared to 22 percent the previous week and 24 percent a year ago.

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

SEP 2 1965

Immediate Release

August 30, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-August 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota Farmers in mid-August at 89 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for August since 1953, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The Index has been gradually increasing and is now 10 points above a year earlier, but 1 point below mid-July of this year. Livestock prices, particularly those for hogs are considerably higher than a year ago.

Compared with mid-July, August crop prices declined 9 points to 75 percent of the 1947-49 average, but are still 3 points above a year ago. Livestock prices showed little change from last month, but averaged 24 points higher than mid-August of 1964. Dairy products were up 3 points both from last month and last year while poultry and eggs were up 4 points from last month, but down 4 points from a year ago.

Rye prices averaged 4 cents per bushel higher in mid-August than a month earlier while all other crop prices declined. Wheat, oats and barley prices were above last year's levels, corn prices were the same, but rye prices were 6 cents below a year ago. Soybean prices declined 16 cents from a month ago, but are up 18 cents from a year earlier. Flaxseed showed a 5 cent drop from last month, but averaged 13 cents higher than a year ago. Hay prices declined from a month ago and are now only slightly higher than a year earlier.

The slightly higher average livestock prices from a month ago resulted from an increase in the price of hogs of 70 cents per hundredweight and a 90 cent increase for sheep. Compared with a year earlier, hog prices continued sharply higher (from $15.30 to $23.80) cattle prices up somewhat less ($17.90 to $19.70). Lamb prices declined 10 cents per hundredweight from last month but were $1.80 above last year.

Milk prices averaged 10 cents per hundredweight higher than a month ago and 12 cents per hundredweight above the price a year ago.

Eggs at 26.5 cents a dozen were up 2.5 cents from mid-July, but 3 cents below last year. Turkeys, per pound liveweight, at 22 cents were the same as last month, but 1 cent above a year earlier.

TABLE I — INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	Aug. 15 av. 1957-61	Aug.15 1962	Aug.15 1963	Aug.15 1964	July 15 1965	Aug. 15 1965
All Farm Products	82	82	82	79	90	89
Crops	69	70	75	72	84	75
Livestock	94	95	90	82	105	106
Dairy Products	90	90	90	91	91	94
Poultry and Eggs	63	61	61	66	58	62

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II — PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Aug. 15, 1961	Aug. 15, 1962	Aug. 15, 1963	Aug.15, 1964	July 15, 1965	Aug. 15, 1965
Prices Received	240	245	242	232	253	250
Prices Paid 1/	302	306	312	313	323	321
Parity Ratio	79	80	78	74	78	78

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

C. R. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			AUGUST 15, 1965			
		AUGUST 15 1964	JULY 15, 1965	AUGUST 15 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --				-- DOLLARS --		
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	1.44	1.55	1.48	1.39	1.37	1.38	1.34
RYE	BU.	1.02	.92	.96	.96	.82	.90	.934
CORN	BU.	1.09	1.14	1.09	1.11	1.06	1.12	1.18
OATS	BU.	.55	.60	.56	.63	.48	.54	.596
BARLEY	BU.	.81	1.01	1.00	.93	.91	.87	.989
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.32	2.66	2.50	2.49	2.38	2.42	2.53
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.74	2.92	2.87	2.81	2.77	2.83	2.83
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	20.00	21.50	20.50	20.40	12.50	16.00	22.00
POTATOES	CWT.	2.55	--	2.50	3.00	--	3.00	2.57
HOGS	CWT.	15.30	23.10	23.80	24.10	22.40	23.80	23.80
COWS	CWT.	12.20	15.10	14.70	14.80	13.80	14.70	13.90
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	21.00	23.40	23.50	25.00	22.80	23.50	23.30
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	17.90	19.90	19.70	23.90	20.40	22.00	20.80
CALVES	CWT.	21.10	24.10	23.20	22.40	23.70	25.20	22.40
SHEEP	CWT.	5.10	6.50	7.40	5.50	5.00	5.50	6.69
LAMBS	CWT.	21.80	23.70	23.60	23.00	21.70	23.00	22.60
MILK COWS	HEAD	220.00	220.00	220.00	220.00	195.00	210.00	212.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.24	3.26	3.36	3.50	3.30	3.35	4.17
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.64	.64	.65	.64	.61	.61	.595
TURKEYS - LIVE	LB.	.210	.220	.220	.220	.210	.220	.219
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.060	.055	.055	.055	.050	.050	.085
EGGS	DOZ.	.295	.240	.265	.250	.240	.239	.340
WOOL	LB	.52	.53	.51	.49	.51	.48	.479
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.65	2.95	2.95	3.20	2.95	3.20	3.23
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.40	4.95	4.85	4.90	5.00	5.00	5.04
HOG FEED, 29% & OVER	CWT.	5.60	6.00	6.00	6.20	--	--	6.02
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% AND OVER	CWT.	4.65	4.90	4.85	5.00	--	--	4.58
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.05	3.15	3.10	3.75	--	--	3.77
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.84	2.98	2.91	2.92	2.73	2.70	3.47
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.20	4.35	4.35	4.80	4.60	4.50	4.46
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		14.0	20.3	21.8	21.7	21.1	21.2	20.2
BEEF-CORN 1/		19.3	20.5	21.6	22.5	21.5	21.0	19.7
EGG-FEED 2/		10.4	8.1	9.1	8.6	8.8	8.9	9.8
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.1	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.4

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOGS, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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SEP 2 1965

Immediate Release

August 30, 1965

TURKEYS RAISED - 1965

MINNESOTA: The number of turkeys raised in Minnesota in 1965 is estimated at 15,927,000 birds, 3 percent more than last year according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. A crop of this size will be the second largest of record, exceeded only by the 18,617,000 birds raised in 1961. The expected number of turkeys raised in 1965 is 5 percent less than the 16.7 million forecast on January 1.

By types, growers have raised or will raise 9,506,000 heavy white, 11 percent more than in 1964; 4,542,000 bronze - a 12 percent decrease; and 1,879,000 light breed turkeys, 4 percent more than last year.

The number of turkey poults hatched in Minnesota during the 12 month period from September 1, 1964 to August 31, 1965 is estimated to be 5 percent more than for the same period a year earlier. Shipments of poults into the State, numbering about 1.5 million, are up substantially over the 1.0 million shipped in a year earlier. Exports at 6.2 million are 24 percent over the 5.0 million exported during the same period in 1964.

UNITED STATES: Turkeys raised in 1965 are expected to total 103.7 million birds, 4 percent above last year's crop. The number of heavy white turkeys being raised is up 20 percent, light breeds are up 4 percent, but bronze and other heavy breeds are down 9 percent. An increase in production of turkeys is expected in all regions of the country except the East North Central and the West where 1 percent decreases are anticipated in each region. Increases are 12 percent in the South Atlantic, 9 percent in both the North Atlantic and the South Central and 5 percent in the West North Central States.

The number of heavy breed turkeys raised in 1965 is expected to total 91.8 million compared with 88.2 million last year. Increases in heavy breeds are 13 percent in the South Atlantic, 12 percent in the North Atlantic, 10 percent in the South Central, and 4 percent in the West North Central. Heavy breeds are down 1 percent in both the East North Central and the Western regions. The heavy white turkey crop of 46.9 million is 51 percent of all heavies compared with 44 percent last year and is the first year heavy whites have exceeded production of other heavies. Increases in heavy white production are expected in all regions with the West up 44 percent, the South Atlantic up 24 percent, North Atlantic and South Central both up 21 percent, West North Central up 18 percent, and the East North Central up 8 percent.

Other heavy breed turkeys raised this year is 44.9 million, 9 percent below the 49.2 million raised in 1964. Decreases are 20 percent in the East North Central, 15 percent in the West, and 7 percent in the West North Central. In the South Atlantic and South Central an increase in other heavies of 2 percent occurred while in the North Atlantic there was no change.

Number of light breed turkeys raised totaled 12.0 million compared with 11.5 million in 1964. Increases in light breed production are 10 percent in the South Atlantic and 7 percent in the West North Central. These more than offset decreases of 15 percent in the North Atlantic, 11 percent in the West, 4 percent in the South Central, and 3 percent in the East North Central.

Minnesota, the leading turkey producing State this year, will raise 15.9 million birds; followed by California with 14.8; Iowa, 8.2; Missouri, 7.6; North Carolina, 5.6; Wisconsin, 5.4; and Texas with 5.2. An increase of 25 percent in North Carolina moved production in that State from eighth place in 1964 to fifth place in 1965.

Turkey poults hatched September 1964 through July 1965 were 3 percent more than in corresponding period the previous year. Increases, compared with a year earlier, occurred in the main hatching season February through July with the largest percentage increase in July. The number of heavy breed eggs in incubators on August 1 was up 43 percent from a year earlier. The number of light breed eggs in incubators was down 1 percent from August 1 last year. Prices received by producers for live turkeys have been above the same months of 1964 for every month since January 1965.

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Turkeys: Number Raised on Farms

State and division	Heavy Breeds			Light Breeds			Total all Breeds		
	1964	1965	1965 as % of 1964	1964	1965	1965 as % of 1964	1964	1965	1965 as % of 1964
	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.
Maine	36	48	133	0	0	—	36	48	133
N.H.	100	81	81	3	5	167	103	86	83
Vt.	19	25	132	0	0	—	19	25	132
Mass.	336	346	103	9	5	56	345	351	102
R.I.	11	13	118	0	0	—	11	13	118
Conn.	185	174	94	5	1	20	190	175	92
N.Y.	372	356	96	42	20	48	414	376	91
N.J.	231	476	206	9	14	156	240	490	204
Pa.	1,308	1,394	107	294	262	89	1,602	1,656	103
N.A.	2,598	2,913	112	362	307	85	2,960	3,220	109
Ohio	3,119	2,733	88	809	777	96	3,928	3,510	89
Ind.	3,157	3,172	100	181	199	110	3,338	3,371	101
Ill.	1,266	1,268	100	63	84	134	1,329	1,352	102
Mich.	956	920	96	70	60	86	1,026	980	96
Wis.	5,003	5,237	105	159	118	74	5,162	5,355	104
E.N.C.	13,501	13,330	99	1,282	1,238	97	14,783	14,568	99
MINN.	13,725	14,048	102	1,807	1,879	104	15,532	15,927	103
Iowa	7,592	7,794	103	393	409	104	7,985	8,203	103
Mo.	6,091	6,952	114	644	625	97	6,735	7,577	113
N.Dak.	836	955	114	56	18	32	892	973	109
S.Dak.	484	518	107	426	613	144	910	1,131	124
Nebr.	1,127	1,148	102	12	24	200	1,139	1,172	103
Kans.	796	587	74	20	34	170	816	621	76
W.N.C.	30,651	32,002	104	3,358	3,602	107	34,009	35,604	105
Del.	156	132	85	143	280	196	299	412	138
Md.	183	184	101	34	16	47	217	200	92
Va.	1,743	1,983	114	2,765	2,765	100	4,508	4,748	105
W.Va.	568	692	122	1,120	1,254	112	1,688	1,946	115
N.C.	3,951	4,815	122	500	760	152	4,451	5,575	125
S.C.	720	818	114	49	12	25	769	830	108
Ga.	1,315	1,140	87	43	51	118	1,358	1,191	88
Fla.	10	17	170	187	189	101	197	206	105
S.A.	8,646	9,781	113	4,841	5,327	110	13,487	15,108	112
Ky.	815	1,021	125	1	1	100	816	1,022	125
Tenn.	115	64	56	0	2	—	115	66	57
Ala.	681	762	112	27	21	78	708	783	111
Miss.	137	113	82	2	2	100	139	115	83
Ark.	3,650	4,114	113	352	398	113	4,002	4,512	113
La.	27	21	78	1	1	100	28	22	79
Okla.	1,188	1,304	110	84	47	56	1,272	1,351	106
Texas	4,806	5,144	107	64	37	58	4,870	5,181	106
S.C.	11,419	12,543	110	531	509	96	11,950	13,052	109
Mont. & Idaho 1/	195	164	84	60	32	53	255	196	77
Wyo.	4	4	100	0	0	—	4	4	100
Colo.	1,671	2,025	121	30	45	150	1,701	2,070	122
N. Mex.	6	10	167	1	1	100	7	11	157
Ariz.	190	105	55	0	0	—	190	105	55
Utah	2,831	2,853	101	6	18	300	2,837	2,871	101
Nev.	0	0	—	0	0	—	0	0	—
Wash.	431	473	110	6	40	667	437	513	117
Oreg.	1,182	1,358	515	131	221	169	1,313	1,579	120
Calif.	14,884	14,220	96	853	614	72	15,737	14,834	94
West.	21,394	21,212	99	1,087	971	89	22,481	22,183	99
U.S.	88,209	91,781	104	11,461	11,954	104	99,670	103,735	104

1/ Montana and Idaho combined to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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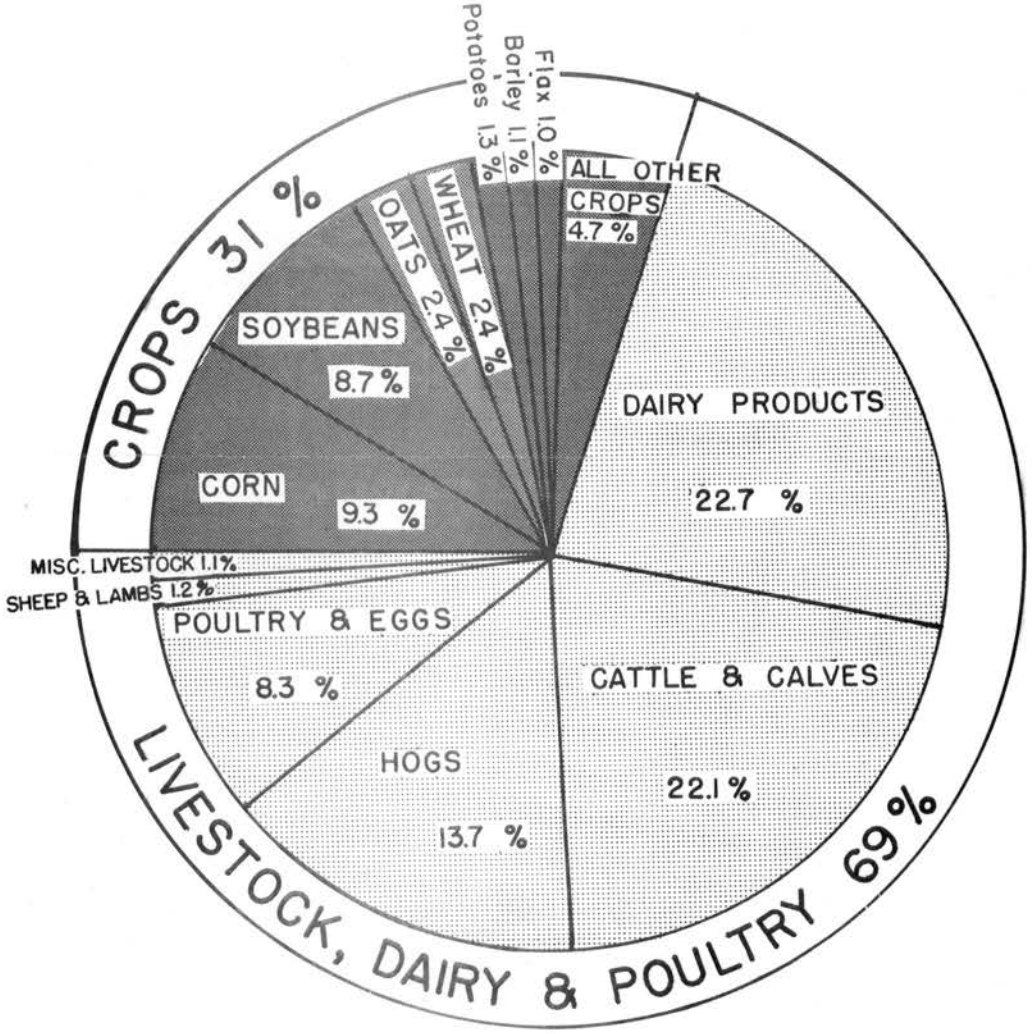
1964 CASH FARM INCOME -- MINNESOTA

Sales of livestock and livestock products accounted for 69 percent of the 1964 cash receipts from farm marketings, according to the August 1965 Farm Income report. This was the same as in 1963 when crops made up the remaining 31 percent of the State total. Dairy products surpassed cattle and calves to be the leading single source of cash farm income in Minnesota.

Cash receipts from all commodities received by Minnesota farmers totaled 1,492,722,000, up 1 percent from 1963. Both crops and livestock and livestock products cash receipts increased 1 percent. The total from cattle and calves was up 2 percent, while receipts for hogs were down 7 percent from 1963. Dairy product receipts were up 9 percent from the previous year. The total value of corn sold during the calendar year 1964 was up 19 percent from 1963, while the total cash receipt value of soybeans decreased 7 percent. The tables of data in this report will enable the reader to bring up to date similar tables in "Minnesota Agricultural Statistics - 1965", pages 66, 67.

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

MINNESOTA CASH FARM INCOME -- 1964
(Cash receipts from farm marketings)



Commodity	1962		1963		1964	
	Dollars	Pct. of Total	Dollars	Pct. of Total	Dollars	Pct. of Total
	1,000	Pct.	1,000	Pct.	1,000	Pct.
CROPS:						
Feed Grains:						
Corn	111,555	7.7	116,722	7.9	139,259	9.3
Oats	24,835	1.7	35,169	2.4	35,996	2.4
Barley	16,692	1.1	17,650	1.2	16,588	1.1
Food Grains:						
Wheat	44,604	3.1	43,924	3.0	35,355	2.4
Rye	1,268	.1	1,420	.1	1,472	.1
Oil Crops:						
Flax	17,637	1.2	18,983	1.3	14,450	1.0
Soybeans	97,776	6.7	138,190	9.4	129,196	8.7
All Hay	11,950	.8	11,247	.8	11,992	.8
Sugar Beets	12,854	.9	19,126	1.3	15,538	1.0
Red Clover Seed	662	*	1,040	.1	824	*
Vegetable Crops:						
Potatoes	12,809	.9	14,354	1.0	19,149	1.3
Peas for Processing	5,109	.4	4,524	.3	5,258	.4
Onions	1,872	.1	724	*	907	.1
Sweet Corn for Processing	7,637	.5	7,817	.5	7,482	.5
Other Crops and Vegetables 1/	5,644	.4	7,325	.5	7,491	.5
Fruits, Berries and Melons 2/	1,501	.1	1,350	.1	1,513	.1
Forest (Including Maple Products)	5,208	.4	3,744	.2	5,130	.3
Greenhouse and Nursery	11,739	.8	12,326	.8	13,308	.9
Total Crops	391,352	26.9	455,635	30.9	460,908	30.9
LIVESTOCK:						
Meat Animals:						
Cattle and Calves	357,792	24.6	324,317	22.0	329,872	22.1
Hogs	221,947	15.2	218,356	14.8	204,089	13.7
Sheep and Lambs	17,077	1.2	15,275	1.0	15,490	1.0
Poultry and Eggs:						
Eggs	67,750	4.6	60,114	4.1	56,600	3.8
Farm Chickens	3,068	.2	2,912	.2	2,614	.2
Turkeys	48,829	3.4	54,733	3.7	51,886	3.5
Broilers	7,213	.5	6,793	.5	6,376	.4
Other Pltry. & Turkey Eggs	5,372	.4	5,535	.4	5,510	.4
Dairy Products:						
Milk Wholesale	299,975	20.6	295,680	20.1	325,000	21.8
Butterfat	16,128	1.1	13,747	.9	12,877	.8
Milk, Retail	1,520	.1	1,528	.1	1,560	.1
Wool	3,160	.2	2,910	.2	3,079	.2
Other Livestock and Products 3/	14,486	1.0	16,675	1.1	16,861	1.1
Total Livestock	1,064,317	73.1	1,018,575	69.1	1,031,814	69.1
TOTAL ALL CROPS AND LIVESTOCK	1,455,669	100.0	1,474,210	100.0	1,492,722	100.0

* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ Dry Peas, Cabbage, Carrots, Misc. Veg., Alfalfa Seed, Alsike Seed, Bluegrass Seed, Sweet Clover Seed, Timothy Seed, Misc. Crops. 2/ Berries, Apples, Melons. 3/ Honey, Beeswax and Other Livestock.

Farm Production Expenses, Minnesota 1955-1964

Year	Feed	Livestock	Seed 1/	Fertilizer and Lime	Repairs and Operation of Capital Items 2/	Miscellaneous 3/	Hired Labor 4/
	Million Dollars						
1955	155.8	61.4	29.3	28.9	188.1	84.5	49.0
1956	160.7	69.8	27.6	28.9	198.9	84.9	51.2
1957	172.2	93.6	27.1	31.9	201.4	88.4	49.1
1958	197.7	140.2	25.1	33.8	201.8	98.0	51.4
1959	211.9	144.9	25.2	38.3	207.9	100.5	54.4
1960	219.1	131.2	25.5	37.4	202.2	107.7	52.2
1961	231.6	125.6	26.3	39.2	196.4	110.7	51.3
1962	232.3	126.7	25.8	40.1	199.6	117.0	56.5
1963	244.8	114.9	28.0	42.7	200.9	121.3	52.8
1964	241.3	99.0	28.2	51.9	198.6	132.8	48.8

Year	Total Current Farm Operating Expenses	Depreciation and Other Consumption of Farm Capital 5/	Taxes on Farm Property	Interest on Farm Mortgage Debt	Net Rent to Nonfarm Landlords	Total Production Expenses
	Million Dollars					
1955	597.2	200.9	60.9	18.6	55.3	932.8
1956	621.9	207.0	62.2	20.4	62.9	974.4
1957	663.6	214.7	65.6	22.1	47.9	1,013.9
1958	748.0	221.6	67.1	23.8	57.0	1,117.6
1959	783.1	232.7	70.9	26.1	53.9	1,166.8
1960	775.3	235.1	77.9	28.8	50.3	1,167.3
1961	781.0	234.7	84.6	31.1	61.1	1,192.6
1962	798.0	238.5	89.0	33.6	53.4	1,212.5
1963	805.4	249.2	93.0	36.7	65.3	1,249.7
1964	800.6	253.2	95.8	40.8	59.1	1,249.6

1/ Includes bulbs, plants and trees.

2/ Repairs and maintenance of buildings, repairs and operation of motor vehicles and other machinery, and petroleum fuel and oil used in the farm business.

3/ Includes short-term interest, pesticides, ginning, electricity and telephones (business share), livestock marketing charges (excluding feed and transportation), containers, milk hauling, irrigation, grazing, binding material, tolls for sirup, horses and mules, harness and saddlery, blacksmithing and hardware, veterinary services and medicines, net insurance premiums (crop, fire, wind, and hail) and miscellaneous dairy, nursery, greenhouse, apiary, and other supplies.

4/ Includes cash wages, perquisites, and Social Security taxes paid by employers.

5/ Includes depreciation and accidental damage to farm buildings and depreciation of motor vehicles and other farm machinery and equipment.

Minnesota Crop and Livestock Reporting Service
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

August 1965

INCOME: Realized Gross Income and Net Income from Farming, Minnesota, 1959-1964

Year	Cash Receipts from Farm Marketings	Government Payments	Value of Home Consumption	Gross Rental of Farm Buildings	Total Realized Gross Farm Income
	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.
1959. . .	1,388.7	31.0	46.7	83.3	1,549.7
1960. . .	1,437.1	31.7	47.0	84.5	1,600.3
1961. . .	1,468.6	78.7	44.8	85.6	1,677.7
1962. . .	1,455.7	90.5	42.6	83.2	1,671.9
1963. . .	1,474.2	101.4	40.7	89.0	1,705.3
1964. . .	1,492.7	121.1	37.9	83.4	1,735.2

	Farm Production Expenses	Realized Net Farm Income	Net Change in Farm Inventories	Total Net Farm Income
	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.
1959. . .	1,166.8	382.9	4.7	387.6
1960. . .	1,167.3	433.0	47.3	480.4
1961. . .	1,192.6	485.2	23.6	508.7
1962. . .	1,212.5	459.4	-46.9	412.5
1963. . .	1,249.7	455.7	105.6	561.2
1964. . .	1,249.6	485.6	-123.9	361.6

INCOME: Average Realized Gross Farm Production Expenses, and Net Income, per Farm, Minnesota, 1959-1964

Year	Realized Gross Income	Farm Production Expenses 1/	Realized Net Income	Total Net Income
	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
1959. . .	9,686	7,293	2,393	2,423
1960. . .	10,259	7,483	2,776	3,079
1961. . .	10,894	7,744	3,150	3,304
1962. . .	11,000	7,978	3,022	2,714
1963. . .	11,445	8,387	3,058	3,767
1964. . .	11,885	8,559	3,326	2,477

1/ Computed - realized gross minus realized net.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 1, 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER - JULY 1965

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered at commercial plants in Minnesota during July 1965 totaled 134,000 head, down 1 percent from last month, and down 7 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight for the month was 1,042 pounds, 10 pounds less than last month, and 15 pounds less than in July 1964.

At 11,000 head, the number of calves killed was 19 percent below the previous month, and down 15 percent from July 1964. The average liveweight of calves slaughtered was 207 pounds, 3 pounds heavier than June 1965, but 19 pounds lighter than a year ago.

Hog slaughter for July totaled 350,000 head, down 9 percent from June, and down 8 percent from July 1964. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during July was 259 pounds compared to 270 pounds in June and 269 pounds for July last year.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered during July totaled 48,000 head, up 35 percent from last month, but down 14 percent from a year ago. The average liveweight for the month was 99 pounds, 2 pounds less than the previous month, but 3 pounds more than July 1964.

During the January-July 1965 period commercial slaughter plants in the State killed 897,000 cattle, 122,200 calves, 3,110,000 hogs, and 368,500 sheep and lambs. Compared with the same period last year, cattle slaughter was down 7 percent, hog slaughter down 1 percent, and sheep and lamb slaughter down 15 percent. Calf slaughter however was 6 percent over last year.

48 STATES: Commercial red meat production during July in the 48 States totaled 2,400 million pounds, 5 percent less than July 1964 and 2 percent below June 1965. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

There were 17,554 million pounds of red meat produced during the first seven months of 1965, a decrease of 4 percent from the 18,200 million pounds produced during the corresponding period of 1964. Of the January-July total, 10,371 million pounds were beef, slightly less than for the same period a year earlier; 519 million pounds were veal, up 4 percent; 6,296 million pounds were pork, down 9 percent; and 368 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 11 percent. Lard produced during January-July was 1,184 million pounds, 15 percent less than a year earlier.

During the seven-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered was 4 percent greater than in the same period of 1964; calves were up 5 percent; hogs down 9 percent; and sheep and lambs down 12 percent.

Beef production during July was 1,518 million pounds, 2 percent below July 1964 and 1 percent below June 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during July totaled 2,717,000 head, 2 percent more than a year earlier, but slightly more than for the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 985 pounds, 20 pounds less than July 1964 and 6 pounds less than June 1965.

There were 77 million pounds of veal produced during July, 5 percent less than in July 1964, but 4 percent more than June 1965. The 571,100 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 4 percent less than July 1964, but 3 percent more than June 1965.

Pork production during July totaled 754 million pounds, 12 percent less than July 1964 and 6 percent below June 1965. The hog kill during July was 5,141,900 head, 11 percent less than a year earlier and 6 percent less than a month earlier. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of live weight of hogs was 11.1 pounds compared with 12.1 pounds in July 1964 and 11.9 pounds in June 1965.

The 51 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during July was 12 percent less than a year earlier, but 4 percent greater than a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during July was 1,078,600 head, 15 percent fewer than July 1964, but 1 percent more than June 1965.

Production of poultry meat during July amounted to 683 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 8 percent more than July 1964 and 6 percent above June 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	July		July 1965 as percent of July 1964	July Average Liveweight	
	1964	1965		1964	1965
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	144.0	134.0	93.1	1,057	1,042
Calves	12.9	11.0	85.3	226	207
Hogs	381.0	350.0	91.9	269	259
Sheep and Lambs	55.5	48.0	86.5	96	99
48 STATES					
Cattle	2,660.3	2,717.0	102.1	1,005	985
Calves	593.1	571.1	96.3	247	242
Hogs	5,798.0	5,141.9	88.7	245	239
Sheep and Lambs	1,265.5	1,078.6	85.2	94	97

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION 48 STATES 1964-65 1/

Month		Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
		MILLION POUNDS						
July	1964	1,545	81	853	58	2,537	635	172
June	1965	1,528	74	804	49	2,455	645	160
July	1965	1,518	77	754	51	2,400	683	137

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.

3/ Chicken and turkey meat -- ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 2, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending August 28, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in 6 of the important turkey States hatched 254,000 heavy white, 21,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 195,000 light breed poults during the week ending August 28, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Poults hatched during the corresponding week last year included 168,000 heavy white, 27,000 other heavy, and 173,000 light breed poults.

During the past week hatcheries in the 6 States set 294,000 heavy white, no other heavy, and 184,000 light breed eggs. For the comparable week in 1964, 181,000 heavy white, no other heavy, and 178,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 7	270	328	58	124	370	505
Aug. 14	233	270	34	76	282	389
Aug. 21	211	260	14	25	241	296
Aug. 28	154	212	0	25	168	254
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
July 10	521	663	141	249	769	1,050
July 17	415	557	90	152	545	793
July 24	430	545	49	55	511	626
July 31	303	442	0	60	339	526
Aug. 7	263	431	0	6	278	467
Aug. 14	#	383	0	#	222	392
Aug. 21	#	305	#	13	230	350
Aug. 28	157	241	#	#	181	294
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 7	0	#	116	114	132	153
Aug. 14	0	#	#	62	56	112
Aug. 21	0	#	#	14	32	54
Aug. 28	0	#	27	7	27	21
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
July 10	0	#	259	219	295	291
July 17	#	#	#	141	114	233
July 24	0	#	#	25	64	93
July 31	0	#	44	#	44	58
Aug. 7	0	0	0	0	#	0
Aug. 14	0	0	23	5	23	5
Aug. 21	0	0	7	0	7	0
Aug. 28	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 7	70	67	17	4	266	213
Aug. 14	48	80	12	0	190	217
Aug. 21	80	79	#	0	212	203
Aug. 28	65	71	12	0	173	195
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
July 10	115	114	33	5	488	385
July 17	84	127	26	0	364	372
July 24	130	126	#	0	394	353
July 31	104	118	27	#	331	362
Aug. 7	102	#	29	0	271	246
Aug. 14	89	112	22	0	248	284
Aug. 21	79	122	#	0	176	224
Aug. 28	88	101	#	0	178	184

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Six State total that includes California, Viringia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 28 included 212,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze, and 71,000 light breed poults. For the same week last year, 154,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 65,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Eggs set during the past week consisted of 241,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 101,000 light breed eggs. During the comparable week a year ago, 157,000 heavy white, no bronze and 88,000 light breed eggs were set.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 26 percent of the week's hatch compared to 18 percent the previous week and 22 percent a year ago.

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

SEP 9 1965

Immediate Release

September 8, 1965

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT
Acreage and Indicated Production as of September 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Early Fall Cabbage - The State's early fall cabbage production is now forecast at 200,000 hundredweight, 29 percent above last year and 8 percent above the 1959-63 average. A higher yield per acre accounts for the increase in production over 1964.

Early Fall Carrots - (For fresh market and processing) - Production is forecast at 292,000 hundredweight, 15 percent below the 345,000 hundredweight produced last year, but 15 percent above the 5-year average of 254,000 hundredweight. A decrease in both acreage and yield per acre from 1964 accounted for the decline in production.

Late Summer Onions - The State's onion crop is forecast at 351,000 hundredweight, 14 percent above last year, but 7 percent below the 5-year average. An increase in yield per acre accounts for the increased production over 1964 and more than compensates for a slight decrease in acreage.

UNITED STATES: Cabbage - (For fresh market and kraut): Production of late summer cabbage is estimated at 3,512,000 hundredweight, 10 percent more than 1964 but 3 percent less than average. In Pennsylvania, yields have been about average despite small heads. Late plantings in Indiana have developed well. In Illinois, yields on the late acreage are good. In Iowa, harvest should be completed in late September. In North Carolina, weather during August was favorable for normal growth. Supplies are expected to be ample during September. Harvest in north Georgia is complete. In Colorado, harvest was past the peak on September 1 in the northeast area and in the Arkansas Valley. San Luis Valley harvest was active the last week of August. Supplies should be available from all areas until late September. In Washington, supplies are expected to continue in good volume through September. Weather conditions during August were favorable for development. In California, supplies were available from the Salinas Valley, the San Francisco Bay district, and most southern coastal areas. A sustained volume is expected to continue through November.

Production of early fall cabbage is forecast at 8,399,000 hundredweight, 8 percent more than last year. In New England, hot, dry weather during much of August slowed development. However, cooler weather and several good showers were received late in the month. Harvest is active in all areas and the volume should increase steadily into October. In Upstate New York, the crop is developing well west of Rochester, but dry conditions have slowed development in Ontario and Yates Counties. Supplies were available from earlier fields by September 1. In Ohio, the crop improved generally during August, although progress was slowed to some extent by the cool temperatures. Harvest is expected to begin about October 1. In Michigan and Wisconsin, recent rains were beneficial for development. Movement should continue heavy through September. The Minnesota crop is maturing rapidly with a generally adequate moisture supply. Harvest was underway in the Carlton-Wrenshall and Moorhead areas on September 1 and was expected to start in the Hollandale area about the second week of September. In Oregon, the crop has made good development.

Carrots: Late summer carrot production is estimated at 791,000 hundredweight, 17 percent above last year. In Massachusetts, moderate supplies are expected to be available during September. In New Jersey, light volume should be available through November. In Ohio, peak harvest occurred in late August. Harvest in Colorado was active by September 1 in the northeast area, and was just starting in the San Luis Valley.

Production of early fall carrots, at 5,956,000 hundredweight, is 13 percent above last year. In Massachusetts, peak supplies are expected in late October. In Connecticut, peak volume is expected about mid-October. In New York, harvest reached volume movement by September 1. Growing conditions in Pennsylvania improved during August. Top growth looks good. Harvest was underway by the end of August in Illinois. Volume supplies were available from all areas in Michigan by September 1. Good supplies are expected to be available until late October. Rains in late August slowed pulling in Wisconsin. Volume supplies should be available into late September. In Minnesota, the crop outlook is very good. Harvest on the High Plains of Texas is underway. Good volume is expected during September but peak harvest is not expected until late October or early November. Harvest in New Mexico began in the northern area late in August. Pulling in the Puget Sound area of Washington started about mid-August. In Oregon, peak movement is expected in early October, somewhat later than usual.

Onions: Late summer onion production, at 20,592,000 hundredweight, is 15 percent above last year and 11 percent above average. In Massachusetts, only a small seeded acreage remained to be harvested on September 1. In New York, harvest of the Orange County crop was

about one-half completed by September 1. In western and central New York areas, harvest was just starting by the end of August. General harvest was expected to get underway after Labor Day. Sizes are generally small with few jumbos. In Ohio, harvesting was getting well underway by September 1. Soil moisture in Indiana remained adequate through August and the relatively cool temperatures were beneficial. Much of the crop had been pulled by the first of September. In Illinois, harvest was completed by September 1. Harvest was underway in all parts of Michigan by the end of August. Cool, wet weather has delayed harvest in the important west-central area of the State but improved the production outlook. In Wisconsin, some topping was done in late August. Volume movement was expected after Labor Day. The crop has sized better than in 1964. The Minnesota crop is in good condition but harvest is expected to be later than usual and will not become general until about mid-September. In Iowa, the crop is in good to excellent condition. Harvest is expected to begin after mid-September.

ACREAGE AND ESTIMATED PRODUCTION REPORTED TO DATE, 1965 WITH COMPARISONS

Crop and Selected States	Acreage for Harvest			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965	Av. 1959-1963	1964	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965
	-- Acres --			-- Cwt. --			-- 1,000 Cwt. --		
CABBAGE 1/									
Winter	44,030	42,200	39,500	152	161	159	6,703	6,796	6,266
Early Spring	12,800	11,650	12,050	132	146	141	1,692	1,700	1,696
Late Spring	7,370	7,130	7,550	136	133	139	1,002	950	1,051
Early Summer	7,530	7,780	8,380	199	182	190	1,498	1,413	1,593
Late Summer	17,870	16,550	17,150	202	193	205	3,616	3,190	3,512
Pa.	3,360	2,900	3,200	194	175	195	652	508	624
Ind.	1,320	1,000	1,000	210	235	250	276	235	250
Ill.	2,160	2,200	2,400	199	185	185	429	407	444
Iowa	440	450	500	164	150	160	72	68	80
N.C.	3,660	3,200	3,600	165	160	180	602	512	648
Calif.	2,740	2,800	2,800	221	210	220	606	588	616
Early Fall	31,430	31,370	32,240	256	248	261	8,062	7,771	8,399
N.Y. Upst.	10,480	10,100	10,600	307	310	310	3,219	3,131	3,286
Mich.	4,300	4,700	4,700	167	160	165	717	752	776
Wis.	6,040	6,300	6,300	295	280	325	1,779	1,764	2,047
MINN.	940	1,000	1,000	198	155	200	186	155	200
CARROTS 1/									
Winter	41,160	38,600	38,500	139	157	158	5,733	6,043	6,070
Spring	2,300	2,800	2,300	193	115	250	441	322	575
Early Summer	7,500	7,200	7,300	270	260	280	2,014	1,872	2,044
Late Summer	3,410	3,320	3,400	232	203	233	792	674	791
Early Fall	19,960	19,930	21,120	269	265	282	5,361	5,288	5,956
N.Y.	2,280	2,000	2,200	305	320	320	694	640	704
Mich.	3,960	4,400	4,600	220	220	240	877	968	1,104
Wis.	1,980	2,500	3,300	355	340	400	712	850	1,320
MINN.	740	750	650	347	460	450	254	345	292
Texas	4,780	5,000	5,200	185	180	185	875	900	962
Wash.	1,500	1,400	1,400	383	390	375	576	546	525
Oregon	1,920	1,500	1,600	401	370	370	772	555	592
ONIONS 1/									
Early Spring	24,480	24,600	23,100	111	155	140	2,609	3,813	3,234
Late Spring	8,790	7,000	6,400	238	271	288	2,071	1,898	1,845
Early Summer	9,680	9,660	9,750	226	240	243	2,181	2,317	2,368
Late Summer	56,410	57,370	59,050	329	312	349	18,574	17,874	20,592
N.Y.	14,940	16,000	16,400	323	280	340	4,823	4,480	5,576
Mich.	7,400	8,000	7,700	350	300	330	2,586	2,400	2,541
Wis.	2,380	2,100	2,100	238	220	275	567	462	578
MINN.	1,780	1,400	1,300	213	220	270	378	308	351
Colo.	8,080	6,800	6,500	279	300	290	2,262	2,040	1,885
Western Ore.	2,080	2,200	2,200	349	405	380	727	891	836
Idaho & Eastern Oregon	4,980	5,900	6,800	459	457	480	2,284	2,695	3,264
Calif.	9,580	10,200	11,200	355	320	360	3,416	3,264	4,032

1/ Includes Processing

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

SEP 13 1965

Immediate Release

September 9, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending September 4, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 229,000 heavy white, 142,000 light breed, and a small undisclosed number of other heavy (principally bronze) breed turkey poults during the week ending September 4, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week in 1964, the heavy white hatch was up 81,000 and the light breed hatch up 7,000 poults.

The six-State settings totaled 201,000 heavy white, 189,000 light, and no bronze breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 171,000 heavy white, 190,000 light and no bronze breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 14	233	270	34	76	282	389
Aug. 21	211	260	14	25	241	296
Aug. 28	154	212	0	25	168	254
Sep. 4	143	210	0	3	148	229
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
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July 24	430	545	49	55	511	626
July 31	303	442	0	60	339	526
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Aug. 14	#	383	0	#	222	392
Aug. 21	#	305	#	13	230	350
Aug. 28	157	241	#	#	181	294
Sep. 4	#	164	0	#	171	201
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 14	0	#	#	62	56	112
Aug. 21	0	#	#	14	32	54
Aug. 28	0	#	27	7	27	21
Sep. 4	0	#	0	0	#	#
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
July 17	#	#	#	141	114	233
July 24	0	#	#	25	64	93
July 31	0	#	44	#	44	58
Aug. 7	0	0	0	0	#	0
Aug. 14	0	0	23	5	23	5
Aug. 21	0	0	7	0	7	0
Aug. 28	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sep. 4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 14	48	80	12	0	190	217
Aug. 21	80	79	#	0	212	203
Aug. 28	65	71	12	0	173	195
Sep. 4	59	#	11	0	135	142
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
July 17	84	127	26	0	364	372
July 24	130	126	#	0	394	353
July 31	104	118	27	#	331	362
Aug. 7	102	#	29	0	271	246
Aug. 14	89	112	22	0	248	284
Aug. 21	79	122	#	0	176	224
Aug. 28	88	101	#	0	178	184
Sep. 4	116	130	14	0	190	189

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Heavy white turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 4 totaled 210,000, up 67,000 from a year ago. The light breed hatch was undisclosed in order not to reveal individual operations.

Settings for the week consisted of 164,000 heavy white and 130,000 light breed eggs. During the same week in 1964, 116,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of heavy white breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 5 percent of the week's hatch compared to 26 percent the previous week and 15 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breed						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breeds					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953		0		291		1,659		1,271	
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809		0		362		1,185		1,104	
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

SEP 15 1965

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 10, 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
September 1, 1965

Crop prospects improved during August in spite of the abnormally cool weather according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The Crop Production Index at 115 (1957-59=100%) is 19 percent above 1964 and 9 percent above the 5-year average. The month of August was cool and moisture generally adequate except in the southwestern district where yields have been cut due to dry weather.

FEED GRAINS: Production of feed grains now estimated at 12.4 million tons compares with 11.2 million tons in 1964 and the 5-year average of 12.0 million tons.

CORN: The 1965 Minnesota corn crop is now forecast at 313.5 million bushels but the crop needs several weeks of warm weather to mature without frost damage as the crop is somewhat later than normal.

A crop this size based on September 1 conditions would be 15 percent greater than the 272 million bushel crop of last year, but 11 percent less than the record crop of 354 million bushels in 1963 and 1 percent below the 1959-63 average. The increase in production this year is due to an increase in acreage intended for grain combined with an indicated increase in yield. As of September 4 only 52 percent of the corn was in or beyond the dough stage when normally about 78 percent of the crop is this far advanced.

SOYBEANS: A soybean crop of nearly 72 million bushels is forecast for Minnesota this year based on conditions as of September 1. If realized this would be a record - exceeding 1964 by 26 percent and 15 percent greater than the 5-year average. The increase this year results from a 12 percent increase in acreage and anticipated better yields. The 1965 yield is now forecast at 22.5 bushels per acre compared with 20 bushels last year and the 5-year average of 21.1 bushels per acre. Soybean development is somewhat behind normal as leaves were beginning to turn yellow on only 23 percent of the acreage on September 4. Normally by this date about half of the acreage is turning.

WHEAT: Minnesota's wheat crop is forecast at 22.5 million bushels, about 6 percent above the 1964 and slightly above the 5-year average. Durum wheat yield is the highest of record. Other Spring Wheat production is forecast at 7 percent above last year. Winter wheat experienced heavy winter kill and the crop harvested this year was 21 percent smaller than 1964.

OATS: The 1965 oat crop is expected to total nearly 184 million bushels, about 28 percent greater than last year and 12 percent above the 1959-63 average. The abnormally wet spring delayed seeding but adequate moisture and cooler spring and summer temperatures gave rise to record yields. Yield is now estimated at 60 bushels per acre. Compared with 46 bushels a year ago, the 5-year average of 47.3 bushels, and the previous record yield of 54 bushels in 1958.

BARLEY: A barley crop of 28.5 million bushels is now estimated for Minnesota this year. This would be 45 percent above 1964 and 10 percent above the 5-year average. The increased production is the result of increased acreage and a record yield. Based on September reporeted data a yield of 45 bushels is forecast. This compares with 32.5 bushels per acre last year, and the 5-year average of 30.9.

FLAXSEED: Flaxseed production prospects improved during August and a crop of about 6 million bushels is now estimated. A production this size would be 34 percent larger than 1964 but 4 percent less than average.

POTATOES: September 1 conditions indicate a potato crop about 38 percent above 1964. The late summer crop now forecast at 1.2 million hundredweight is 16 percent above 1964 while the fall crop at 12.5 million hundredweight is about 40 percent above last year. This forecast does not take into consideration the effect of cold weather and frosts which have occurred in some localities since August 27.

HAY: The 1965 Minnesota hay crop is estimated at 7.8 million tons, 15 percent above last year and 2 percent above the 5-year average.

SUGAR BEETS: Production of sugar beets in Minnesota is estimated at 1,440,000 tons, about 9 percent above 1964.

APPLES: Commercial apple production in Minnesota during 1965 is forecast at 240,000 bushels, 44 percent less than the record crop of 430,000 bushels last year and 28 percent less than the 5-year average.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 700 million pounds during August, 1 percent above August 1964 but down seasonally 21 percent from July. Production during the first 8 months this year is nearly 2 percent above the corresponding period a year ago.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production in August totaled 196 million eggs, down 5 percent from the corresponding month last year. The rate of lay for the month averaged 59 percent compared with 58 percent for August 1964. Egg production for the first 8 months this year was 7 percent less than during the corresponding period last year.

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F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

September 1, 1965 Crop Production Prospects

Commodity	Acreage Harvested Average 1959-63	Acreage Harvested 1964	Acreage For Harvest 1965	Yield Per Acre Average 1959-63	Yield Per Acre 1964	Yield Per Acre For Harvest 1965	Production Average 1959-63	Production 1964	Production Indicated 1965
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
FOR MINNESOTA:									
Corn for Grain	5,318	4,612	4,750	59.5	59.0	66	313,920	272,108	313,500
Winter Wheat	22	11	10	24.0	26.5	23	522	292	230
Durum Wheat	37	77	61	26.9	28.0	34	1,029	2,156	2,074
Other Sp.Wheat	845	837	720	24.6	22.5	28	20,801	18,832	20,160
Oats	3,476	3,129	3,066	47.3	46.0	60	164,496	143,934	183,960
Barley	844	604	634	30.9	32.5	45	26,036	19,630	28,530
Rye	71	85	108	18.9	19.0	21	1,332	1,615	2,268
Flaxseed	536	450	414	11.6	10.0	14.5	6,251	4,500	6,020
Soybeans for Beans	2,247	2,852	3,194	21.1	20.0	22.5	47,602	57,040	71,865
Potatoes(Cwt.)									
Late Summer	6.5	7.1	7.2	155	140	160	1,004	994	1,152
Fall	100.0	89.0	96.0	122	100	130	12,149	8,900	12,480
Sugar Beets (Tons)	94.8	119.5	120.0	12.2	11.1	12	1,151	1,325	1,440
Hay,All (Tons)	3,634	3,489	3,574	2.10	1.94	2.17	7,635	6,771	7,760

UNITED STATES: Crop prospects improved during August, although dry spots reduced output in some areas, especially along the eastern and western edges of the Corn Belt and in the lower Mississippi Valley. Crop progress is about normal, except for a one to two week lag in the Canadian Border areas. Progress is behind the 1964 pace in most areas.

Tonnage of the four feed grains in 1965 is now expected to total 160 million tons -- an increase of 2 percent during August. The indicated 1965 total is 2 percent greater than the previous high of 156 million tons produced in 1963. Record yields per acre were estimated a month ago and August weather added to the yield prospects for each crop. (Corn, oats, barley and sorghum grain). Acreage for harvest is 1 percent less than last year and 13 percent below average.

Wheat yields in northern States did not hold up to earlier expectations for spring wheat, but winter wheat yields were better than forecast earlier. Rust continued to be a problem and a short period of high temperatures lowered prospects on some acreage. Total production of food grains is still 5 percent greater than last year and 15 percent more than average.

Oilseed production is expected to total nearly one-fifth larger than last year. Soybeans continue to lead the expansion in oilseeds setting a new record 24 percent greater than the 1964 high. Flaxseed prospects received a healthy boost during August and current prospects indicate a crop 25 percent above average.

Yield prospects for alfalfa and clover hays improved in all regions, except the South Central where yields average the same. Current estimates of all hay crops total 4 percent larger than both last year and average. The reported pasture condition of 77 on September 1 is well above the 65 percent a year earlier and equals the 1959-63 average. Generally adequate current moisture supplies and cool August weather promoted grass development and provided good prospects for early fall pastures in most areas.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 13, 1965

POTATO ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION REPORT
September 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: The Late Summer potato crop, grown mostly in counties immediately north of St. Paul-Minneapolis was estimated at 1,152,000 hundredweight, 16 percent above the 994,000 hundredweight harvested last year and 15 percent above the 1959-63 average harvest of 1,004,000 hundredweight. Estimated yield per acre is 160 hundredweight as compared to 140 hundredweight last year and the 1959-63 average of 155 hundredweight per harvested acre. Acres to be harvested total 7,200 are about the same as the 7,100 harvested last year.

Fall Potatoes: Production of the 1965 crop was estimated at 12,480,000 hundredweight, 40 percent larger than last year's short crop of 8,900,000 hundredweight but only 3 percent larger than the 1959-63 average fall production of 12,149,000 hundredweight. The effects of frost and low temperatures the night of August 27 through the morning of August 28 are not reflected in this September 1 estimate, as a quantitative appraisal of the damage would not be evident until harvesting reveals actual yields, according to reporters.

Estimated yield at 130 hundredweight per acre for harvest compares with 100 hundredweight last year and the 1959-63 average of 122 hundredweight per acre. Acres to be harvested total 96,000 up 7,000 acres from the 89,000 acres which were harvested last year, but down 4,000 acres from the 1959-63 average of 100,000 acres harvested.

UNITED STATES: Fall potato production is forecast at 209,451,000 hundredweight, 2 percent more than indicated August 1 and 22 above 1964. The estimated production in the Eastern Fall States is 66,585,000 hundredweight, 2 percent above both the August indication and the 1964 crop. Growth during August was good in all Eastern Areas except Upstate New York. There relatively dry conditions and late August frosts caused a slight reduction in prospects. Growth in the New England States, Pennsylvania and Long Island, N. Y. was very good as rainfall greatly improved growing conditions. Maine prospects improved during August in spite of a light frost late in the month and production prospects on September 1 are indicated at 39,960,000 hundredweight, 4 percent above a month earlier and slightly above 1964. In the Central Fall States, indicated production is 47,555,000 hundredweight, 3 percent above August 1 prospects and 25 percent above the 1964 crop. Weather during August was generally favorable for growth, and prospects improved in Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, South Dakota, and Iowa. Rainfall the latter part of August provided needed moisture for late growth. Light frosts occurred in North Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, and upper Michigan the last of August but overall damage was not significant. The forecast for the Western Fall States is 95,311,000 hundredweight, slightly above the August 1 indication and 39 percent above the 1964 crop. Larger crops than forecast a month ago are indicated for Colorado, Wyoming, Oregon, and California and more than offset reductions in Idaho and Nevada. August weather was generally favorable for continued excellent growth throughout the area except for frost damage in south-central and eastern Idaho the last of August. The crop in this area however, had made excellent progress up to that time and the overall reduction in Idaho prospects from the August 1 indication was small. The southwest area escaped the frost and prospects are above a month ago. Indicated production for Idaho is 58,805,000 hundredweight, 49 percent above 1964. Light frosts which occurred in Colorado, Oregon, and the Tulelake area of California the last of August offset, to some extent, the improvement of the crop during the month in these States.

Late summer potato production is estimated at 32,112,000 hundredweight, 2 percent above prospects on August 1 and 16 percent above the 1964 crop. Growth during August was good in most producing States. Improved moisture supplies in August materially increased indicated production in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New Jersey and Indiana and moderately increased production in Pennsylvania and Maryland. Larger crops than forecast last month are also indicated for Colorado and California while Michigan and Minnesota are the only States for which smaller crops are estimated. Harvest was active during August. Digging on Long Island, New York, is slightly ahead of last year. In New Jersey, harvest was slow in August and only about one-third of the acreage was dug by September 1, compared with slightly over one-half in 1964. In Pennsylvania, harvest was well along by September 1. Most of the Michigan (Bay County) acreage was harvested by the last of August. Movement from central Wisconnsin was slow until late August. Harvest progress was normal in Minnesota and nearing completion in Nebraska. In Colorado, harvest was active after mid-August. August movement to fresh market from Washington dropped below last year's level but movement to processors was considerably greater.

1964 POTATO CROP UTILIZATION

Utilization of the 1964 United States production of 239 million hundredweight of potatoes included 127 million hundredweight or 53 percent for fresh market table stock sales, 69 million hundredweight or 29 percent for processing, 20 million hundredweight or 8 percent for livestock feed and seed sales, and 23 million hundredweight or 10 percent used on farms where grown, including shrinkage and loss. The proportion of the crop which was utilized for processing has increased 2 percentage points each year since 1962, while the proportion sold for fresh market table stock decreased by a comparable degree.

Within the processing category, utilization of the 1964 potato crop included 29 million hundredweight or 12 percent for chips and shoestrings, 11 million hundredweight or 5 percent for dehydrated products (flakes, granules, diced, etc.), 20 million hundredweight or 9 percent for frozen french fries, 6 million hundredweight or 2 percent for other frozen or canned use, and 3 million hundredweight or 1 percent of the crop for starch and flour. The proportion of the crop which was used for chips and shoestrings, and the proportion used for frozen french fries, each increased two percentage points from the previous year while dehydrated products (flakes, granules, diced, etc.) increased 1 percentage point. Starch and flour plants processed only one-fourth as much as a year earlier and sales for livestock feed were only half as large as the previous year.

ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION, POTATOES, SEPTEMBER 1, 1965

Seasonal Group and Selected State	Harvested Acreage			Yield per Harv. Acre			Production		
	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965
	1,000 Acres			Hundredweight			1,000 Cwt.		
Winter	22.6	18.3	19.4	180.1	201.7	181.3	4,052	3,691	3,518
Early Spring	26.4	27.0	35.0	150.1	154.3	140.1	3,967	4,166	4,902
Late Spring	121.7	96.2	120.9	201.0	210.5	207.3	24,477	20,248	25,059
Early Summer	93.9	81.2	80.4	146.4	141.5	145.5	13,762	11,492	11,700
Late Summer	149.4	140.8	148.6	202.2	196.1	216.1	30,176	27,616	32,112
N.Y.-L.I.	11.0	10.8	9.6	251	235	265	2,723	2,538	2,544
N.J.	18.2	17.3	16.6	244	200	250	4,432	3,460	4,150
Mich.	7.1	7.5	7.4	143	160	110	1,023	1,200	814
Wis.	20.5	21.5	23.5	176	170	190	3,608	3,655	4,465
Minn.	6.5	7.1	7.2	155	140	160	1,004	994	1,152
Colo.	16.9	12.2	13.2	201	195	200	3,403	2,379	2,640
Other States	69.2	64.4	71.1	202	208	230	13,983	13,390	16,347
8 Eastern Fall	275.0	269.5	271.1	236.0	243.4	245.6	64,887	65,595	66,585
Maine	145.0	145.0	148.0	250	275	270	36,302	39,875	39,960
N.Y.-L.I.	31.5	27.7	27.4	260	255	285	8,177	7,064	7,809
N.Y. Upstate	42.8	42.0	41.0	213	205	205	9,133	8,610	8,405
Pa.	35.9	35.8	36.0	193	175	180	6,922	6,265	6,480
Other States	19.8	19.0	18.7	220	199	210	4,353	3,781	3,931
9 Central Fall	319.6	291.9	308.6	140.9	130.2	154.1	45,004	37,998	47,555
Mich.	40.4	37.5	44.5	174	180	200	7,032	6,750	8,900
Wis.	31.7	36.5	36.5	198	195	220	6,269	7,118	8,030
Minn.	100.0	89.0	96.0	122	100	130	12,149	8,900	12,480
N. Dak.	113.2	100.0	103.0	121	102	125	13,705	10,200	12,875
Other States	34.3	28.9	28.6	171	174	184	5,849	5,030	5,270
9 Western Fall	381.9	368.9	428.8	211.3	186.0	222.3	80,726	68,597	95,311
Idaho-10 S.W. Co.	11.4	19.0	33.0	240	285	285	2,732	5,415	9,405
Idaho-Other Co.	232.8	220.0	247.0	197	155	200	45,869	34,100	49,400
Colo.	38.8	33.0	36.0	221	200	220	8,571	6,600	7,920
Wash.	18.5	17.0	24.0	291	310	310	5,419	5,270	7,440
Oreg.-Malheur Co.	11.8	10.8	12.5	244	260	260	2,852	2,808	3,250
Oreg-Other Co.	24.7	24.2	28.0	244	225	250	6,052	5,445	7,000
Calif.	21.8	25.2	27.0	256	230	265	5,594	5,796	7,155
Other States	22.1	19.7	21.3	165	161	176	3,637	3,163	3,741
Total Fall	976.4	930.3	1008.5	195.1	185.1	207.7	190,617	172,190	209,451
UNITED STATES	1390.5	1293.8	1412.8	192.0	185.0	203.0	267,052	239,403	286,742

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 15, 1965

1965 SWEETCLOVER SEED FORECAST

MINNESOTA: Sweetclover seed production for 1965 is forecast at 3,300,000 pounds, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and United States Department of Agriculture. This year's crop is 27 percent less than the 1964 production of 4,500,000 pounds. The smaller crop is due to a sharp reduction in acres harvested.

Growers expect to harvest only 15,000 acres this year compared with 30,000 in 1964. Yield this year is estimated at 220 pounds per acre compared with 150 pounds last year and the 5-year average of 227 pounds. The average date of harvest for 1965 was August 21, 2 days later than in 1964.

UNITED STATES: The 1965 production of sweetclover seed is forecast at 17,195,000 pounds, 24 percent less than last year's revised total of 22,731,000 pounds and 28 percent less than the 1959-63 average production. The crop is expected to be the smallest of record. Production this year in all of the major producing States is below last year and also below average in Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, and Texas. Production in Michigan, Missouri, and Oklahoma is forecast at the same level as 1964 or slightly above. Sweetclover seed production in Texas this year is the smallest of record going back to 1949.

The acreage intended for seed harvest this year is estimated at 76,100 acres, 31 percent less than last year and 36 percent less than average. With the exception of Michigan and Missouri acreage is below last year in all States and below average in all States. Sharpest acreage declines were in Ohio and Minnesota where acreage is about one-half of last year. The U. S. yield per acre is forecast at 226 pounds - 14 pounds more than the record 1960 high - and compares with 207 pounds a year earlier and the average of 199 pounds. Higher yields than last year are expected in the following States: Ohio up 50 pounds, Minnesota up 70 pounds, Missouri and North Dakota up 10 pounds, Kansas up 20 pounds, and Oklahoma up 35 pounds.

The average beginning dates of harvest were generally later than last year. Dates on which harvesting began this year are: July 16 in Texas, July 19 in Kansas, July 30 in Nebraska and Ohio, and August 1 in Illinois and Missouri, August 3 in Oklahoma, August 4 in South Dakota, August 10 in Michigan, August 21 in Minnesota, and August 25 in North Dakota.

Carryover on June 30, 1965 of previous year's seed totaled 12,958,000 pounds (7,268,000 by dealers and 5,690,000 by growers), the largest since 1960. This compares with 11,990,000 pounds (7,374,000 dealers and 4,616,000 growers) a year earlier and the five-year average of 11,404,000 pounds. Initial supply (production plus carryover) is expected to be 30,153,000 pounds. This compares with 34,721,000 pounds for 1964.

Imports of sweetclover seed during the 12-month ending June 30, 1965 totaled 8,939,600 pounds. A year earlier imports were 12,992,700; the average is 11,924,000 pounds. During the past importing year all imports were from Canada.

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Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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Sweetclover Seed: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production average 1959-63, annual 1964 and 1965

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per acre			Production (clean seed)		
	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965
	Acres			Pounds			Thousand Pounds		
Ohio	11,340	11,000	6,000	215	300	350	2,447	3,300	2,100
Ill.	6,400	5,500	4,500	132	160	145	850	880	652
Mich.	3,500	3,000	3,000	163	200	200	572	600	600
Minn.	18,000	30,000	15,000	227	150	220	4,053	4,500	3,300
Mo.	3,700	2,000	2,000	164	140	150	443	280	300
N. Dak.	6,600	7,000	6,000	217	240	250	1,431	1,680	1,500
S. Dak.	15,400	17,000	14,000	218	280	270	3,320	4,760	3,780
Nebr.	13,000	12,000	9,000	204	190	150	2,660	2,280	1,350
Kans.	17,600	10,000	7,500	144	165	185	2,574	1,650	1,388
Okla.	6,600	4,500	3,600	142	140	175	935	630	630
Texas	14,000	6,500	5,500	280	310	290	3,890	2,015	1,595
Colo.	2,240	1,300	---	160	120	---	360	156	---
U. S.	119,620	109,800	76,100	199	207	226	23,936	22,731	17,195

1/ Revised

Sweetclover Seed Supply: United States, average 1959-63 annual 1964 and 1965

I T E M	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds
Production	23,936,000	22,731,000	17,195,000
Farm Carryover	3,907,200	4,616,000	5,690,000
Dealer Carryover	7,496,800	7,374,000	7,268,000
Supply (production plus carryover)	35,340,000	34,721,000	30,153,000

1/ Revised

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 16, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending September 11, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 197,000 heavy white, 3,000 other heavy (principally bronze), and 161,000 light breed poults during the week ending September 11, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week in 1964, the heavy white hatch was up 75,000 and the light breed hatch was up 30,000 while the other heavy hatch was down 12,000 poults.

The six-State settings totaled 172,000 heavy white and 222,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 179,000 heavy white and 203,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 21	211	260	14	25	241	296
Aug. 28	154	212	0	25	168	254
Sept. 4	143	210	0	3	148	229
Sept. 11	#	190	0	#	122	197
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
July 24	430	545	49	55	511	626
July 31	303	442	0	60	339	526
Aug. 7	263	431	0	6	278	467
Aug. 14	#	383	0	#	222	392
Aug. 21	#	305	#	13	230	350
Aug. 28	157	241	#	#	181	294
Sept. 4	#	164	0	#	171	201
Sept. 11	142	125	37	#	179	172
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 21	0	#	#	14	32	54
Aug. 28	0	#	27	7	27	21
Sept. 4	0	#	0	0	#	#
Sept. 11	0	0	15	3	15	3
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
July 24	0	#	#	25	64	93
July 31	0	#	44	#	44	58
Aug. 7	0	0	0	0	#	0
Aug. 14	0	0	23	5	23	5
Aug. 21	0	0	7	0	7	0
Aug. 28	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 11	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 21	80	79	#	0	212	203
Aug. 28	65	71	12	0	173	195
Sept. 4	59	#	11	0	135	142
Sept. 11	55	65	8	0	131	161
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
July 24	130	126	#	0	394	353
July 31	104	118	27	#	331	362
Aug. 7	102	#	29	0	271	246
Aug. 14	89	112	22	0	248	284
Aug. 21	79	122	#	0	176	224
Aug. 28	88	101	#	0	178	184
Sept. 4	116	130	14	0	190	189
Sept. 11	126	142	#	0	203	222

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 11 totaled 190,000 heavy white and 65,000 light breed poults. For the comparable week in 1964, an undisclosed number of heavy white and 55,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Settings for the week consisted of 125,000 heavy white and 142,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 142,000 heavy white and 126,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 27 percent of the week's hatch compared with 5 percent the previous week and 17 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 16, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
August 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,061,000 chicks during August 1965 which was 16 percent below August 1964, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The August hatch consisted of 448,000 egg-type and 613,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type production was up 13 percent while broiler-type production was down 29 percent from August 1964. For the period January through August the egg-type chick hatch was down 17 percent, and the broiler-type hatch was down 29 percent from the same period in 1964. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators September 1 was down 49 percent from a year earlier.

Cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-August was $2.91 per 100 pounds, compared with $2.98 the previous month and $2.84 a year earlier. On August 15 the egg-feed ratio was 9.1 compared to 8.1 the previous month and 10.4 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-type			Broiler-type		
	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	643	631	- 2	992	723	- 27
February	1,304	1,031	- 21	880	612	- 30
March	4,707	3,271	- 31	1,106	747	- 32
April	7,466	5,600	- 25	1,164	896	- 23
May	5,932	5,285	- 11	1,146	890	- 22
June	1,698	2,070	+ 22	1,073	740	- 31
July	623	564	- 9	984	630	- 36
August	396	448	+ 13	863	613	- 29
September	503			862		
October	469			710		
November	551			700		
December	538			760		

Clyde G. Swenson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 236,303,000 chicks during August compared with 213,210,000 in August 1964. The hatch of broiler chicks totaled 207,257,000, up 11 percent from August last year and the largest of record for the month. During the first 8 months of 1965 there were 1,714,576,000 broiler chicks produced, an increase of 7 percent from January-August 1964 and the largest of record for these months. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on September 1 was 13 percent above a year earlier.

There were 29,046,000 egg-type chicks hatched in August, up 9 percent from August 1964. Reported increases were 35 percent in the South Central States, 15 percent in the West North Central, 7 percent in the East North Central, 6 percent in the South Atlantic and 2 percent in the North Atlantic States. A decrease of 4 percent was reported in the Western States. The number of "egg-type" eggs in incubators on September 1 was the same as a year earlier.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During August			
	Broiler-type		Egg-type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	530	550	1,350	1,500
Indiana	2,866	3,066	1,645	1,867
Illinois	70	79	944	1,016
Michigan	420	410	740	660
Wisconsin	809	1,300	340	350
E. N. Central	4,695	5,405	5,019	5,393
Minnesota	863	613	396	448
Iowa	90	150	400	400
Missouri	3,201	2,603	399	550
North Dakota	1/	1/	0	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	55	56
Nebraska	19	32	45	58
Kansas	3	5	301	325
1/ W. N. Central	1/ 4,176	1/ 3,403	1,596	1,837
United States	186,505	207,257	26,705	29,046

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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Immediate Release

September 22, 1965

SEPTEMBER 1, 1965 PIG REPORT

MINNESOTA: The 1965 June-August pig crop for Minnesota totaled 1,218,000 head, 15 percent below the 1,428,000 head for the same period a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. A total of 166,000 sows were farrowed during the past quarter, 16 percent below the farrowings a year ago. The average litter size was 7.34 pigs compared to 7.21 pigs a year earlier.

According to the intentions report, a total of 146,000 sows are to farrow during September, October and November. If these intentions are realized, farrowings will be 3 percent smaller than during the same period a year earlier.

Farrowings for the December 1965-February 1966 quarter are estimated at 131,000 head, 3 percent less than were farrowed a year earlier.

A total of 3,308,000 head of all hogs and pigs were on Minnesota farms as of September 1, 1965, 16 percent less than on September 1, 1964. Of the 3,308,000 head on farms, 480,000 head were breeding hogs and the remainder or 2,828,000 head were other hogs and pigs intended primarily for slaughter.

TEN STATES: The June-August 1965 pig crop in the 10 States totaled 14,761,000 head, 10 percent less than the June-August 1964 pig crop of 16,366,000 head. This is the result of a decline of 10 percent in the number of sows farrowed and virtually no change in average number of pigs per litter. The number of sows farrowed was 2,038,000 head compared with 2,269,000 head farrowed during the same quarter of the previous year.

Sows bred and intended for farrowing during the September, October, November quarter totaled 1,970,000 head, 5 percent less than a year earlier. All States indicate fewer farrowings than a year earlier except Iowa which indicated the same number as a year earlier. Breeding intentions indicate 1,595,000 sows to farrow during the December 1965-February 1966 quarter, virtually unchanged from the same quarter a year earlier.

The number of hogs and pigs on farms in the 10 Corn Belt States on September 1, 1965 totaled 43,161,000 head. This is a decrease of 12 percent from the 48,858,000 head on farms a year earlier and is 16 percent less than the 51,592,000 head on hand September 1, 1963. The number of hogs and pigs on farms September 1, 1965 being kept for breeding in the 10 States totaled 6,033,000 head. This is 4 percent less than the 6,303,000 head of breeding stock on hand a year earlier. Other hogs and pigs excluding those kept for breeding on farms September 1, 1965 totaled 37,128,000 head, 13 percent less than the 42,555,000 head on hand September 1, 1964.

All hogs and pigs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and 10 States

Item	Minnesota				10 States 1/			
	1959-63 average	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1959-63 average	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
All Hogs on Farms:								
June 1	4,380	3,896	3,195	82	2/	47,668	42,480	89
September 1	4,519	3,938	3,308	84	2/	48,858	43,161	88
June-Aug. Pig Crop:								
Sows farrowing	215	198	166	84	2,357	2,269	2,038	90
Pigs per litter	2/	3/ 7.21	3/ 7.34	--	2/	3/ 7.21	3/ 7.24	--
Pig crop	2/	1,428	1,218	85	2/	16,366	14,761	90
Sows Farrowing:								
Sept. - Nov.	170	150	4/ 146	97	2,153	2,068	4/ 1,970	95
	1959-63 average	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1959-63 average	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965
Sows Farrowing:								
Dec. 5/ - Feb.	156	135	4/ 131	97	1,856	1,594	4/ 1,595	100

1/ Ohio, Ind., Ill., Wis., Minn., Iowa, Mo., S. Dak., Nebr. and Kans.
2/ Not available.
3/ Actual number.
4/ Number indicated by breeding intentions report.
5/ December preceding year.

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, pig crop,
June - February, 10 States, 1964 - 1966

State	June - August						September - November			December - February 1/		
	Sows farrowing			Pig crop 2/			Sows to farrow			Sows to farrow		
	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965 3/	Pct. of 1964	1965	1966 3/	Pct. of 1965
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	150	132	88	1,108	1,008	91	142	131	92	102	100	98
Ind.	291	239	82	2,139	1,752	82	189	176	93	219	212	97
Ill.	408	375	92	2,921	2,633	90	397	365	92	289	289	100
Wis.	118	104	88	858	781	91	100	95	95	83	82	99
Minn.	198	166	84	1,428	1,218	85	150	146	97	135	131	97
Iowa	640	595	93	4,570	4,296	94	562	562	100	420	437	104
Mo.	211	203	96	1,519	1,435	94	232	218	94	154	145	94
S. Dak.	63	55	87	450	391	87	77	70	91	41	43	105
Nebr.	120	104	87	859	763	89	150	140	93	91	96	105
Kans.	70	65	93	514	484	94	69	67	97	60	60	100
Total 10 States	2,269	2,038	90	16,366	14,761	90	2,068	1,970	95	1,594	1,595	100

1/ December preceding year.
2/ Number of pigs farrowed June through August which are still on hand September 1, or have been sold.
3/ Number indicated by breeding intentions report.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs, and other hogs by weight groups,
10 States, September 1, 1964 - 1965

State	All hogs and pigs			Breeding hogs			Other hogs and pigs					
							Under 120 pounds			120 pounds and over		
	1964	1964	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	Pct. of 1964
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	2,765	2,516	91	346	340	98	1,536	1,381	90	883	795	90
Ind.	5,389	4,419	82	701	619	88	3,023	2,508	83	1,665	1,292	78
Ill.	8,492	7,388	87	1,062	1,034	97	4,354	3,647	84	3,076	2,707	88
Wis.	1,979	1,722	87	297	301	101	1,160	1,002	86	522	419	80
Minn.	3,938	3,308	84	512	480	94	2,131	1,767	83	1,295	1,061	82
Iowa	15,415	14,028	91	1,927	1,894	98	8,228	7,208	88	5,260	4,926	94
Mo.	4,211	3,832	91	568	536	94	2,295	2,087	91	1,348	1,209	90
S. Dak.	2,113	1,817	86	275	236	86	1,139	980	86	699	601	86
Nebr.	3,044	2,740	90	396	384	97	1,602	1,416	88	1,046	940	90
Kans.	1,512	1,391	92	219	209	95	782	704	90	511	478	94
Total 10 States	48,858	43,161	88	6,303	6,033	96	26,250	22,700	86	16,305	14,428	88

SPECIAL FEEDER PIG SURVEY

Feeder pig purchases by Minnesota farmers through the various marketing channels during the past six months (March 1 to August 31) were nearly the same as for the comparable period in 1964. Results from a survey of hog producers on September 1 indicated about 49 percent of the feeder pigs purchased from March 1 to August 31 were direct from other farmers. About 2 percent were purchased at special feeder pig sales, 5 percent at auctions and sales barns and 44 percent from other dealers, cooperatives and through terminal markets. Feeder pigs purchased during August 1965 averaged 41 pounds per pig at an average cost of $14.50 per head. This compares with 40 pounds per pig and $9.45 per head during August 1964. Funds for the Special Feeder Pig Survey were matched with funds from the Agricultural Marketing Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, under provisions of Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946.

C. L. Lies
Agr'l. Statistician

Eldon Johnson
Agr'l. Statistician

D. O. Mesick
Agr'l. Statistician

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Immediate Release

September 23, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending September 18, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 185,000 heavy white and 125,000 light breed poults during the week ending September 18, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week in 1964, the heavy white hatch was up 59,000 and the light breed hatch was up 27,000 poults.

The six-State settings totaled 221,000 heavy white and 245,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 160,000 heavy white and 176,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 28	154	212	0	25	168	254
Sept. 4	143	210	0	3	148	229
Sept. 11	#	190	0	#	122	197
Sept. 18	103	162	#	5	126	185
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
July 31	303	442	0	60	339	526
Aug. 7	263	431	0	6	278	467
Aug. 14	#	383	0	#	222	392
Aug. 21	#	305	#	13	230	350
Aug. 28	157	241	#	#	181	294
Sept. 4	#	164	0	#	171	201
Sept. 11	142	125	37	#	179	172
Sept. 18	141	155	#	#	160	221
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 28	0	#	27	7	27	21
Sept. 4	0	#	0	0	#	#
Sept. 11	0	0	15	3	15	3
Sept. 18	0	0	5	0	5	0
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
July 31	0	#	44	#	44	58
Aug. 7	0	0	0	0	#	0
Aug. 14	0	0	23	5	23	5
Aug. 21	0	0	7	0	7	0
Aug. 28	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 11	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Aug. 28	65	71	12	0	173	195
Sept. 4	59	#	11	0	135	142
Sept. 11	55	65	8	0	131	161
Sept. 18	44	76	#	0	98	125
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
July 31	104	118	27	#	331	362
Aug. 7	102	#	29	0	271	246
Aug. 14	89	112	22	0	248	284
Aug. 21	79	122	#	0	176	224
Aug. 28	88	101	#	0	178	184
Sept. 4	116	130	14	0	190	189
Sept. 11	126	142	#	0	203	222
Sept. 18	92	175	#	0	176	245

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 18 totaled 162,000 heavy white and 76,000 light breed poults. For the comparable week in 1964, 103,000 heavy white poults and 44,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Settings for the week consisted of 155,000 heavy white and 175,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 141,000 heavy white and 92,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 11 percent of the week's hatch compared with 27 percent the previous week and 26 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breed						Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during August 1965 was 172,905, an increase of 17 percent from August last year. Testings of heavy white breeds were up 18 percent from a year earlier. Testings of other heavy breeds were up 14 percent. Aggregate testings in July and August for all heavy breeds totaled 251,444, up 24 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during August totaled 28,301, down 22 percent from August 1964. Testings in July and August totaled 47,615, down 9 percent from same period in 1964.

Turkeys tested in Minnesota during August 1965 included 31,325 heavy white, 8,522 other heavy and 9,449 light breed. The cumulative totals for July and August 1965 are 65,960 heavy white, 8,522 other heavy and 9,449 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months of 1964 were 45,868 heavy white, 852 other heavy and 12,522 light breed turkeys.

Eldon Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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SEP 28 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 24, 1965

SOYBEAN STOCKS - September 1, 1965

For many years the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture has prepared and published estimates of soybean stocks on October 1. For the survey stocks report as of October 1 it was difficult to separate old crop beans from the current year's production. To make the stocks of old crop beans more meaningful it was decided to shift the report to September 1. Since this is the first report for September 1, no comparable data are available.

MINNESOTA: Stocks of soybeans in all positions in Minnesota on September 1 totaled 2,607,000 bushels according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farm stocks were estimated at 1,141,000 bushels and off-farm stocks at 1,466,000 bushels. Of the off-farm stocks 164,000 bushels were in terminal areas; 556,000 bushels in country elevators; and 746,000 bushels in the hands of country processing plants.

UNITED STATES: For the United States soybean stock in all positions on September 1 totaled 29,625,000 bushels. Of this amount 22,134,000 bushels were held in off-farm positions.

SOYBEANS: OFF-FARM STOCKS, MINNESOTA
September 1, 1965

Mpls.-St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas	Country Processors	Country Elevators	Total
Thousand Bushels	Thousand Bushels	Thousand Bushels	Thousand Bushels
164	746	556	1,466

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

SOYBEAN STOCKS - SEPTEMBER 1, 1965

	On-Farm Stocks	Off-Farm Stocks	Total Stocks
	Thousand Bushels	Thousand Bushels	Thousand Bushels
Minnesota	1,141	1,466	2,607
United States	7,491	22,134	29,625

SOYBEAN STOCKS - SELECTED STATES - SEPTEMBER 1, 1965

State	Off-Farm 1/	All Positions 2/
	Thousand Bushels	Thousand Bushels
Ohio	1,276	1,285
Indiana	1,486	1,820
Illinois	5,278	6,003
Michigan	23	98
Minnesota	1,466	2,607
Iowa	5,061	9,195
Missouri	1,109	1,226
North Dakota	10	37
South Dakota	19	79
Nebraska	234	348
Kansas	419	479
Kentucky	457	457
Other States	5,296	5,991
United States Total	22,134	29,625

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

OCT 1 1965

Immediate Release

September 29, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-September 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota Farmers in mid-September at 87 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for September since 1953, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 5 points above a year earlier but 2 points below mid-August of this year. Hog prices continue at a much higher level than last year, while those for other livestock species and crops are generally at the same level as a year ago.

Compared with mid-August the September livestock price index declined 5 points to 101 percent of the 1947-49 average, but was still 13 points above a year ago. Crop prices declined 2 points from the previous month and were 2 points below September 1964. Dairy products were up 3 points from last month and 2 points from last year, while poultry and eggs were up 3 points from last month and 2 points from last year.

Wheat prices averaged 2 cents per bushel higher and corn and oats 1 cent higher than a month earlier, while most other crop prices declined. Barley prices were 9 cents above last year's level, while prices for wheat, rye, corn and oats were all below a year ago. Soybean prices declined 9 cents from a month ago and are 5 cents below a year earlier. Flaxseed showed a 6 cent drop from last month and 3 cents from a year ago. Hay prices advanced slightly above last month's level and were only slightly below a year ago.

The 5 point drop in the livestock price index from a month ago was mainly the result of a $1.90 per hundredweight decrease in the price of hogs. Compared with a year earlier, hog prices continued sharply higher (up from $16.00 to $21.90) while cattle prices were down slightly, ($19.60 to $19.50). Lamb prices declined 20 cents per hundredweight from last month but were $2.20 above last year.

Milk prices averaged 13 cents per hundredweight higher than a month ago and 9 cents per hundredweight above a year ago.

Eggs at 29.0 cents a dozen were up 2.5 cents from August and 1.5 cents from last year. Turkeys, per pound liveweight, at 21 cents dropped from last month, but were still the same price as a year ago.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	Sept. 15 av. 1957-61	Sept. 15 1962	Sept. 15 1963	Sept. 15 1964	Aug. 15, 1965	Sept. 15, 1965
All Farm Products	81	84	80	82	89	87
Crops	67	69	74	75	75	73
Livestock	91	97	85	88	106	101
Dairy Products	94	92	92	95	94	97
Poultry and Eggs	68	66	66	63	62	65

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Sept. 15 1961	Sept. 15 1962	Sept. 15 1963	Sept. 15 1964	Aug. 15 1965	Sept. 15 1965
Prices Received	242	250	243	237	250	250
Prices Paid 1/	302	308	311	313	321	321
Parity Ratio	80	81	78	76	78	78

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

C. R. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			SEPTEMBER 15, 1965			
		SEPT. 15 1964	AUG. 15 1965	SEPT. 15 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	1.53	1.48	1.50	1.40	1.39	1.40	1.33
RYE	BU.	1.07	.96	.95	.95	.80	.88	.933
CORN	BU.	1.14	1.09	1.10	1.11	1.06	1.12	1.18
OATS	BU.	.58	.56	.57	.63	.48	.54	.601
BARLEY	BU.	.89	1.00	.98	.95	.92	.91	.982
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.46	2.50	2.41	2.43	2.31	2.34	2.35
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.78	2.87	2.81	2.77	2.70	2.78	2.73
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	21.50	20.50	21.00	21.40	13.50	17.00	22.60
POTATOES	CWT.	2.12	2.50	1.76	3.00	1.55	2.10	1.90
HOGS	CWT.	16.00	23.80	21.90	22.20	20.90	21.60	22.10
COWS	CWT.	13.80	14.70	14.20	14.60	13.00	14.50	13.80
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	22.30	23.50	23.30	25.00	22.20	23.40	23.20
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	19.60	19.70	19.50	23.70	19.70	21.90	20.70
CALVES	CWT.	22.60	23.20	24.00	22.10	23.50	25.00	22.60
SHEEP	CWT.	6.10	7.40	7.20	5.50	5.10	5.70	6.43
LAMBS	CWT.	21.20	23.60	23.40	22.50	21.70	22.80	22.20
MILK COWS	HEAD	215.00	220.00	220.00	220.00	190.00	210.00	214.00
MILK WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.40	3.36	3.49	3.60	3.40	3.45	4.38
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.65	.65	.65	.64	.62	.61	.603
TURKEYS - LIVE	LB.	.210	.220	.210	.220	.210	.220	.217
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.065	.055	.055	.055	.045	.050	.084
EGGS	DOZ.	.275	.265	.290	.270	.260	.242	.360
WOOL	LB.	.51	.51	.50	.49	.50	.48	.473
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.65	2.95	2.95	3.15	3.10	3.20	3.18
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.50	4.85	4.85	4.90	5.00	5.00	5.01
HOG FEED, 29% AND OVER	CWT.	5.60	6.00	6.00	6.20	---	---	5.99
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% AND OVER	CWT.	4.65	4.85	4.85	4.95	---	---	4.70
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.05	3.10	3.20	3.70	---	---	3.76
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.90	2.91	2.89	2.91	2.77	2.73	3.43
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.20	4.35	4.25	4.75	4.75	4.65	4.42
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		14.0	21.8	19.9	20.0	19.7	19.3	18.7
BEEF-CORN 1/		19.6	21.6	21.2	22.5	20.9	20.9	19.7
EGG-FEED 2/		9.5	9.1	10.0	9.3	9.4	8.9	10.5
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.8	2.4

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

OCT 1 1965

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 30, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending September 25, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 169,000 heavy white and 111,000 light breed poults during the week ending September 25, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week in 1964, the heavy white hatch was 104,000 and the light breed hatch was 99,000 poults.

The six-State settings totaled 188,000 heavy white and 265,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 187,000 heavy white and 140,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 4	143	210	0	3	148	229
Sept. 11	#	190	0	#	122	197
Sept. 18	103	162	#	5	126	185
Sept. 25	86	141	#	#	104	169
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 7	263	431	0	6	278	467
Aug. 14	#	383	0	#	222	392
Aug. 21	#	305	#	13	230	350
Aug. 28	157	241	#	#	181	294
Sept. 4	#	164	0	#	171	201
Sept. 11	142	125	37	#	179	172
Sept. 18	141	155	#	#	160	221
Sept. 25	148	129	#	#	187	188
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 4	0	#	0	0	#	#
Sept. 11	0	0	15	3	15	3
Sept. 18	0	0	5	0	5	0
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 7	0	0	0	0	#	0
Aug. 14	0	0	23	5	23	5
Aug. 21	0	0	7	0	7	0
Aug. 28	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 11	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 4	59	#	11	0	135	142
Sept. 11	55	65	8	0	131	161
Sept. 18	44	76	#	0	98	125
Sept. 25	52	63	#	0	99	111
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 7	102	#	29	0	271	246
Aug. 14	89	112	22	0	248	284
Aug. 21	79	122	#	0	176	224
Aug. 28	88	101	#	0	178	184
Sept. 4	116	130	14	0	190	189
Sept. 11	126	142	#	0	203	222
Sept. 18	92	175	#	0	176	245
Sept. 25	87	155	#	0	140	265

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 25 totaled 141,000 heavy white and 63,000 light breed poults. For the comparable week in 1964, 86,000 heavy white poults and 52,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Settings for the week consisted of 129,000 heavy white and 155,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 148,000 heavy white, 87,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 24 percent of the week's hatch compared with 11 percent the previous week and 21 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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OCT 11 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 1, 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER - AUGUST 1965

MINNESOTA: Commercial slaughter at Minnesota plants during August 1965 totaled 131,000 head of cattle, 12,700 calves, 377,000 hogs and 60,500 head of sheep and lambs, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

Cattle slaughter for August 1965, at 131,000 head, was 2 percent less than July 1965 and 1 percent below August 1964. The average liveweight of cattle was 1,022 pounds, 11 pounds lighter than a year earlier and 20 pounds lighter than July 1965.

The number of calves slaughtered was 12,700 head compared with 11,000 head during July 1965 and 10,200 head in August 1964. At 205 pounds per head, the average liveweight was 2 pounds lighter than the previous month and 13 pounds less than a year earlier.

Hog slaughter during August totaled 377,000 head, 8 percent above July and 1 percent more than during August 1964. The average liveweight of hogs was 247 pounds compared to 259 pounds a month earlier and 253 pounds a year ago.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered during August totaled 60,500 head, up 26 percent from last month and 14 percent above a year earlier. At 99 pounds, the average liveweight was the same as July 1965 but 4 pounds heavier than for August 1964.

Total slaughter during the January-August 1965 period now numbers 1,028,000 head of cattle, 6 percent less than a year earlier; 134,900 calves, up 7 percent; 3,487,000 hogs, less than 1 percent below a year earlier and 429,000 sheep and lambs, down 12 percent from the same months in 1964.

48 STATES: Commercial production of red meat during August in the 48 States totaled 2,512 million pounds, 3 percent more than August 1964 and 5 percent more than July 1965. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

There were 20,063 million pounds of red meat produced during the first 8 months of 1965, 3 percent less than the 20,627 million pounds produced during the corresponding period of 1964. Of the January-August total, 11,938 million pounds were beef, up 1 percent from a year earlier; 603 million pounds were veal, up 4 percent; 7,102 million were pork, down 8 percent; and 420 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 10 percent. Lard production for January-August was 1,322 million pounds, down 15 percent from a year earlier.

During the eight-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered was 5 percent greater than in the same period of 1964; calves were up 5 percent; hogs down 8 percent; and sheep and lambs down 11 percent.

Beef production during August was 1,568 million pounds, 6 percent above August 1964 and 3 percent more than July 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during August totaled 2,834,600 head, 9 percent more than a year earlier and 4 percent greater than the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 976 pounds, 16 pounds less than August 1964 and 9 pounds less than July 1965.

There were 85 million pounds of veal produced during August, 1 percent above August 1964 and 10 percent more than July 1965. The 634,000 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 4 percent greater than August 1964 and 11 percent above July 1965.

Pork production during August totaled 807 million pounds, 1 percent less than August 1964 but 7 percent more than July 1965. The hog kill during August was 5,529,000 head, 3 percent less than a year earlier but 8 percent more than a month earlier. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of live weight of hogs was 10.6 pounds compared with 12.2 pounds in August 1964 and 11.1 pounds in July 1965.

The 52 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during August was 2 percent less than a year earlier, but 2 percent more than a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during August was 1,087,100 head, 7 percent fewer than August 1964, but 1 percent more than July 1965.

Production of poultry meat during August amounted to 773 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 11 percent more than August 1964 and 13 percent above July 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	August		August 1965 as percent of August 1964	August Average Liveweight	
	1964	1965		1964	1965
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	132.0	131.0	99	1,033	1,022
Calves	10.2	12.7	124	218	205
Hogs	374.0	377.0	101	253	247
Sheep & Lamb	53.0	60.5	114	95	99
48 STATES					
Cattle	2,610.8	2,834.6	109	992	976
Calves	606.8	634.0	104	248	240
Hogs	5,707.9	5,529.0	97	239	236
Sheep & Lamb	1,167.6	1,087.1	93	95	97

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION 48 STATES 1964-65 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
August 1964	1,477	84	814	53	2,428	699	166
July 1965	1,518	77	754	51	2,400	683	137
August 1965	1,568	85	807	52	2,512	773	138

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, number raised, intentions to raise and market poultry as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 7, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 2, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 98,000 heavy white and 114,000 light breed poults during the week ending October 2, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week in 1964, the heavy white hatch was up 7,000 and the light breed hatch up 1,000 poults.

The six-State settings totaled 209,000 heavy white and 224,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 191,000 heavy white and 146,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 11	#	190	0	#	122	197
Sept. 18	103	162	#	5	126	185
Sept. 25	86	141	#	#	104	169
Oct. 2	#	81	0	17	91	98
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 14	#	383	0	#	222	401
Aug. 21	#	305	#	13	230	350
Aug. 28	157	257	#	#	181	310
Sept. 4	#	164	0	#	171	197
Sept. 11	142	125	37	#	179	172
Sept. 18	141	155	#	#	160	221
Sept. 25	148	129	#	#	187	188
Oct. 2	191	157	0	#	191	209
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 11	0	0	15	3	15	3
Sept. 18	0	0	5	0	5	0
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 14	0	0	23	5	23	5
Aug. 21	0	0	7	0	7	0
Aug. 28	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 11	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 11	55	65	8	0	131	161
Sept. 18	44	76	#	0	98	125
Sept. 25	52	63	#	0	99	111
Oct. 2	65	78	10	0	113	114
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 14	89	112	22	0	248	284
Aug. 21	79	122	#	0	176	224
Aug. 28	88	101	#	0	178	184
Sept. 4	116	130	14	0	190	189
Sept. 11	126	142	#	0	203	222
Sept. 18	92	175	#	0	176	245
Sept. 25	87	155	#	0	140	265
Oct. 2	75	139	22	0	146	224

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 2 totaled 81,000 heavy white and 78,000 light breed poults. For the comparable week in 1964, an undisclosed number of heavy whites and 65,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Settings for the week totaled 157,000 heavy white and 139,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 191,000 heavy white and 75,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 27 percent of the week's hatch compared with 24 percent the previous week and 21 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breed						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

October 8, 1965

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT
Acreage and Indicated Production as of October 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Early Fall Cabbage: - Prospects increased somewhat during September and the October 1 forecast of 230,000 hundredweight is now 48 percent more than the 155,000 hundredweight produced in 1964. This increase places the crop at 24 percent above the 1959-63 average production. The acreage for harvest remains the same as last year, but yield per acre at 230 hundredweight is 75 hundredweight above the 1964 yield.

Early Fall Carrots: Production is estimated at 273,000 hundredweight, 21 percent less than the 345,000 hundredweight produced last year, but 7 percent above the 5-year average. The prospective yield of 420 hundredweight per acre is 9 percent less than last year's yield of 460 hundredweight per acre. The smaller crop is the result of both a lower yield and less acreage for harvest than last year.

Late Summer Onions: A crop of 351,000 hundredweight is estimated for the State, 14 percent above the 1964 crop, but 7 percent below the 5-year average. The yield per acre of 270 hundredweight is 50 hundredweight more than last year and 57 hundredweight above the average.

UNITED STATES: Cabbage - (For fresh market and kraut): Cabbage production in early fall States is forecast at 9,131,000 hundredweight, 18 percent above last year. In New England, harvest was near the peak by October 1 with sustained heavy volume expected until late in the month. The Upstate New York crop is good. Heads for storage are sizing well and in some instances may be too large if ideal growing weather continues. One-fifth of the crop was harvested by October 1. Harvest on Long Island has been slow. Supplies are expected to be available through mid-December with heaviest volume in early November. In New Jersey, good supplies are expected during October with moderate volume continuing through November. The crop in Pennsylvania developed well during September. In Ohio, excellent yields are expected this year although some heads may get too large for fresh market. In Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota, cool, wet weather favored cabbage development but delayed harvest. The delay may result in more than the usual number of cracked heads and also some over-sizing for fresh market use. In Utah, damage from the recent snow and frost has not been severe. Dry, hot weather in Oregon has limited yield prospects on dryland acreage. Yields in irrigated fields are near normal. Late fall cabbage output is expected to total 382,000 hundredweight, 11 percent above 1964.

Carrots: Early fall carrot production is estimated at 5,977,000 hundredweight, 13 percent above last year and 11 percent above the 5-year average. Volume movement was underway from Massachusetts and Connecticut by the end of September with the peak expected in late October and sustained supplies through mid-November. In New York, the crop is developing normally. Peak harvest is expected about mid-October with good supplies continuing until early December. Wet weather has slowed harvest in Illinois. Harvest in Michigan has been delayed by wet fields but is expected to be completed by mid-November. Supplies will be available from storage following end of harvest. In Wisconsin, rains during the last three weeks of September have also delayed harvest. Carrots that were not flooded are in satisfactory condition. Harvest in Minnesota was limited by rains during September. In west Texas, harvest continued during September. Increased movement is expected in late October, with heaviest shipments during November and early December. The New Mexico harvest is about on schedule, with peak supplies expected about mid-October. In Washington, harvest remains active. Supplies are expected through mid-November. Fresh market supplies in Oregon were nearing the peak by October 1. Pulling for processing started in late September.

Late fall carrot production in California, at 2,130,000 hundredweight, is 2 percent below 1964 and 14 percent below average. Harvest was moderately active during September. Movement from the important Salinas-Watsonville district remained steady. Additional supplies were available from the San Joaquin Valley, the Santa Maria-Guadalupe district, and the Saugus-Newhall area of Los Angeles County. Volume movement is expected to continue until late March.

Onions: Late summer onion production is estimated at 21,191,000 hundredweight, 19 percent above the 1964 crop. Small supplies in Massachusetts are confined almost entirely to roadside stands. In New York, harvest was nearly completed in Orange County by October 1, while in western and central areas, harvest was only from 50 to 90 percent completed on that date. A large portion of the crop on October 1 was crated and stacked for field drying. The overall size is very uniform, with very few jumbos. Quality in all areas is good to excellent. Harvesting in Ohio is virtually completed. Sizes are very good and quality is

excellent. Heavy rains the last half of September delayed harvest in Indiana. Harvest in Illinois is complete. Cool, wet weather continued to make Michigan's harvest slow but added tonnage. Rains during September slowed the digging in Wisconsin. Sizes are very good. Harvesting has started in Minnesota but is being delayed by wet weather. Generally, yields and sizing are very good. Harvest in Iowa was nearing completion on October 1 and in Kansas, should be completed by mid-October. Rains and cold weather in Colorado have delayed harvesting 10 days to 2 weeks. Harvest of the seeded crop was over half completed on October 1 in the Arkansas Valley and northern areas. Harvest on the western slope was active in early October. In Idaho and eastern Oregon, weather has been very good for field curing and completing harvest. Generally, cullage and number 2's are higher than usual. Harvesting conditions have been good in northern Utah although delayed for about a week by wet weather. Onion harvest in Nevada has started. The western Oregon crop was under cover by October 1. Sizes are smaller than last year. In Washington, harvest continues active. Yields, however, are lower than a year ago primarily because of a smaller percentage of large onions and thin stands in many fields. Pulling of dry market onions in California is declining seasonally with major supplies originating from the Stockton Delta area and Santa Clara, Kern and Los Angeles Counties. Harvest of dehydrator onions is active in the King City area. Pulling began in the Tulelake-Butte Valley district in late September and harvest should peak in October.

ACREAGE AND ESTIMATED PRODUCTION REPORTED TO DATE, 1965 WITH COMPARISONS

Crop and Selected States	Acreage for Harvest			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average 1959-63	1964	For harvest 1965	Av. 1959-1963	1964	Ind. 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965
	-- Acres --			-- Cwt. --			-- 1,000 cwt. --		
CABBAGE 1/									
Winter	44,030	42,200	39,500	152	161	159	6,703	6,796	6,266
Early Spring	12,800	11,650	12,050	132	146	141	1,692	1,700	1,696
Late Spring	7,370	7,130	7,300	136	133	128	1,002	950	937
Summer, All	25,400	24,330	25,530	201	189	200	5,114	4,603	5,105
Early Fall	31,430	31,370	32,240	256	248	285	8,062	7,771	9,181
N.Y. Upst.	10,480	10,100	10,600	307	310	360	3,219	3,131	3,816
Mich.	4,300	4,700	4,700	167	160	165	717	752	776
Wis.	6,040	6,300	6,300	295	280	350	1,779	1,764	2,205
MINN.	940	1,000	1,000	198	155	230	186	155	230
Late Fall	3,530	2,650	2,800	123	129	136	423	343	382
CARROTS 1/									
Winter	41,160	38,600	38,500	139	157	158	5,733	6,043	6,070
Spring	2,300	2,800	2,300	193	115	185	441	322	426
Summer, All	10,910	10,520	10,700	257	242	265	2,806	2,546	2,835
Early Fall	19,960	19,930	21,220	269	265	282	5,361	5,288	5,977
N. Y.	2,280	2,000	2,200	305	320	320	694	640	704
Mich.	3,960	4,400	4,600	220	220	240	877	968	1,104
Wis.	1,980	2,500	3,300	355	340	400	712	850	1,320
MINN.	740	750	650	347	460	420	254	345	273
Texas	4,780	5,000	5,200	185	180	185	875	900	962
Wash.	1,500	1,400	1,500	383	390	350	576	546	525
Oregon	1,920	1,500	1,600	401	370	400	772	555	640
Late Fall									
Calif.	8,220	7,600	7,100	303	285	300	2,487	2,166	2,130
ONIONS 1/									
Early Spring	24,480	24,600	23,100	111	155	140	2,609	3,813	3,234
Late Spring	8,790	7,000	6,250	238	271	327	2,071	1,898	2,044
Early Summer	9,680	9,660	9,750	226	240	243	2,181	2,317	2,368
Late Summer	56,410	57,370	59,250	329	312	358	18,574	17,874	21,191
N. Y.	14,940	16,000	16,400	323	280	355	4,823	4,480	5,822
,Mich.	7,400	8,000	7,700	350	300	350	2,586	2,400	2,695
Wis.	2,380	2,100	2,100	238	220	300	567	462	630
MINN.	1,780	1,400	1,300	213	220	270	378	308	351
Colo.	8,080	6,800	6,500	279	300	275	2,262	2,040	1,788
Western Ore.	2,080	2,200	2,200	349	405	385	727	891	847
Idaho and East Oregon Total	4,980	5,900	6,800	459	457	500	2,284	2,695	3,400
Calif.	9,580	10,200	11,400	355	320	360	3,416	3,264	4,104

1/ Includes processing.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 11, 1965

HONEY PRODUCTION AND STOCKS - 1965

MINNESOTA: Minnesota's 1965 honey crop is estimated at 26,117,000 pounds, down 11 percent from the 1964 crop of 29,355,000 pounds, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The decrease in production was caused by decreases in both yield and the number of colonies from a year ago. Yield per colony is estimated at 91 pounds per colony compared with 95 in 1964. Colonies at the beginning of the main honey flow numbered 287,000 or 7 percent less than a year ago. Minnesota ranks second among the States in honey production for 1965. California ranks first.

Minnesota's honey stocks on hand September 15 amounted to 7,574,000 pounds compared with 8,513,000 pounds at the same time a year ago.

UNITED STATES: The 1965 honey crop is expected to total 283 million pounds, 1 percent below 1964, but 5 percent above the 1959-63 average. Yield is expected to average 50.9 pounds per colony, which is the same average yield as last year but above the 5-year average yield of 49.3 pounds. The estimated production is based on 5,558,000 colonies on hand July 1, 1965. This represents a 1 percent decline in number of colonies from 1964.

Although the U. S. average yield is expected to be the same as 1964, yields fluctuated sharply by regions. The North Atlantic region averaged 34.5 pounds compared with 48.2 in 1964, and the East North Central dropped from 65.0 to 54.1 pounds. Yields increased from 78.6 to 83.1 in the West North Central; 39.0 to 40.1 in the South Atlantic; 28.5 to 33.3 in the South Central; and from 50.7 to 56.0 in the Western States. Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Texas had the highest yield of record dating back to 1939. Weather conditions were generally favorable for nectar flow and bee activity in these areas. All States in the South Central region except Kentucky had yields above 1964 as the spring flow was heavy and the fall flow is expected to be very good.

Production was down sharply this season in Ohio, Michigan, and Wisconsin as both number of colonies and yield were below a year earlier. The reduced production can be primarily attributed to the dry weather during the late spring and early summer period. Extensive winter kill of alfalfa and clover in Wisconsin resulted in a shortage of plants for bees to work. In the North Atlantic region all States had a smaller production than 1964 as poor summer nectar flow reduced yields.

California, the largest honey producing State in the Nation, had a yield and production well above both 1964 and the 1959-63 average. In contrast Idaho had a very poor season for honey production as cool, rainy weather and a short season limited bee activity.

Stocks of honey on hand for sale by producers on September 15 totaled 101,962,000 pounds compared with 105,435,000 a year earlier. This year's stocks of honey, in the hands of the producers, were 36 percent of production compared with 37 percent last year.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Honey Production and Stocks on Hand for Sale

State and division	Colonies of bees		Yield per colony		Honey Production			Honey for sale in producer's hand on Sept.15	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1965 as % of 1964	1964	1965
	Thou. Colonies		Pounds		Thous. Pounds		Pct.	Thous. Pounds	
Maine	7	6	19	21	133	126	95	49	48
N. H.	6	6	38	27	228	162	71	80	65
Vt.	11	11	55	41	605	451	75	327	221
Mass.	11	10	18	19	198	190	96	71	87
R. I.	2	2	24	23	48	46	96	18	17
Conn.	11	10	23	20	253	200	79	94	70
N. Y.	201	197	59	40	11,859	7,880	66	3,558	2,206
N. J.	36	35	36	35	1,296	1,225	95	1,043	796
Pa.	141	133	42	29	5,922	3,857	65	2,250	1,080
N. Atl.	426	410	48.2	34.5	20,542	14,137	69	7,490	4,590
Ohio	277	274	57	40	15,789	10,960	69	7,728	5,370
Ind.	192	186	58	55	11,136	10,230	92	3,898	4,399
Ill.	161	156	52	61	8,372	9,516	114	4,357	4,758
Mich.	110	98	85	60	9,350	5,880	63	4,675	2,528
Wis.	200	184	82	65	16,400	11,960	73	8,364	4,664
E.N. Cent.	940	898	65.0	54.1	61.047	48,546	80	29,022	21,719
Minn.	309	287	95	91	29,355	26,117	89	8,513	7,574
Iowa	141	135	85	85	11,985	11,475	96	4,075	3,787
Mo.	125	125	25	45	3,125	5,625	180	1,156	2,306
N. Dak.	39	41	92	100	3,588	4,100	114	1,488	861
S. Dak.	96	99	88	95	8,448	9,405	111	2,053	1,505
Nebr.	95	95	87	100	8,265	9,500	115	2,826	1,425
Kans.	46	49	46	58	2,116	2,842	134	741	1,137
W.N. Cent.	851	831	78.6	83.1	66,882	69,064	103	20,852	18,595
Del.	5	5	40	35	200	175	88	84	52
Md.	33	36	36	23	1,188	828	70	475	290
Va.	126	126	29	26	3,654	3,276	90	1,133	1,081
W. Va.	103	97	23	20	2,369	1,940	82	663	543
N.C.	205	217	30	37	6,150	8,029	131	1,794	1,847
S.C.	57	60	22	27	1,254	1,620	129	276	356
Ga.	200	192	25	40	5,000	7,680	154	1,100	1,843
Fla.	297	294	68	60	20,196	17,640	87	6,059	4,410
S. Atl.	1,026	1,027	39.0	40.1	40,011	41,188	103	11,584	10,422
Ky.	102	98	25	23	2,550	2,254	88	536	564
Tenn.	161	161	17	22	2,737	3,542	129	739	1,063
Ala.	185	181	19	25	3,515	4,525	129	1,371	1,584
Miss.	87	84	24	32	2,088	2,688	129	418	806
Ark.	92	101	20	23	1,840	2,323	126	382	441
La.	99	105	28	32	2,772	3,360	121	582	840
Okla.	53	55	34	40	1,802	2,200	122	318	770
Texas	252	265	48	53	12,096	14,045	116	3,508	5,618
S. Cent.	1,031	1,050	28.5	33.3	29,400	34,937	119	7,854	11,686
Mont.	78	80	63	73	4,914	5,840	119	1,130	1,226
Idaho	211	215	52	32	10,972	6,880	63	5,157	4,059
Wyo.	34	33	46	42	1,564	1,386	89	500	499
Colo.	64	63	80	72	5,120	4,536	89	2,927	2,087
N. Mex.	12	13	75	65	900	845	94	423	422
Ariz.	110	114	55	67	6,050	7,638	126	2,360	2,750
Utah	51	51	54	48	2,754	2,448	89	1,888	1,469
Nev.	9	10	90	50	810	500	62	470	325
Wash.	96	97	44	46	4,224	4,462	106	1,098	937
Oreg.	62	61	38	41	2,356	2,501	106	1,107	975
Calif.	599	605	46	63	27,554	38,115	138	11,573	20,201
West	1,326	1,342	50.7	56.0	67,218	75,151	112	28,633	34,950
U. S.	5,600	5,558	50.9	50.9		283,023		105,435	
					285,100		99		101,962

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 11, 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
October 1, 1965

The 1965 crop production prospects declined somewhat during September as a result of freeze damage which occurred on the morning of September 26 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The Crop Production Index at 110 (1957-59=100 %) is off 5 points from September 1 but is still 14 points above 1964 and 4 percent above the 5-year average. The month of September was abnormally cool and wet and crops matured very slowly. Frost on the 26th stopped growth on row crops in most all areas.

FEED GRAINS: Production of feed grains is estimated at 11.7 millinn tons compared with 12.4 million tons estimated as of September. Feed grain production in 1964 totaled 11.2 tons and the 5-year average is 12.0 million tons.

CORN: Corn production prospects during the month of September dropped sharply as a result of slow maturing weather and hard freeze which occurred on the morning of September 26. This year's crop is now forecast at 290 million bushels - off 23 million bushels from the September estimate. The present forecast is about 7 percent above the 1964 output but 8 percent below the 5-year average.

The September 26 frost reached all areas of the State except a few local areas in the southeast. This frost came when only 20 percent of the corn acreage was mature with another 50 percent dented, and about 30 percent still in the dough or milk stage. The extent of damage to the corn crop cannot yet be accurately assessed.

SOYBEANS: Soybeans suffered extensive damage from frost which hit on the morning of September 26. The 1965 production is now estimated at about 62 million bushels. This is 10 million bushels less than forecast on September 1. The present estimate is 9 percent above 1964 and 31 percent above the 5-year average.

The cold, wet spring delayed planting and abnormally cold, wet weather during September retarded maturity and when the freeze hit, not more than 10 percent of the acreage was mature. The freeze stopped growth generally and much of the immature beans are shriveled. Some of these immature beans will be harvested but the use to which they will be put is uncertain.

WHEAT: Wheat production for 1965 is now estimated at 21.7 million bushels. This is slightly above the 21.3 million bushels in 1964 but less than the 5-year average of 22.4 million bushels. Durum wheat yield is forecast at 33 bushels per acre and other spring yield at 27 bushels per acre, both above 1964, while winter wheat yield at 23 million bushels is below last year.

OATS: Oat production is unchanged from the estimate of September 1. The crop is now expected to total nearly 184 million bushels, 40 million bushels above last year's crop and 20 million bushels larger than the average crop of 164 million bushels.

BARLEY: Production prospects for barley remain unchanged from a month ago. A crop of 28.5 million bushels is expected. This is 8.9 million bushels larger than last year's crop and 2.5 million bushels greater than the 5-year average.

FLAXSEED: Cool, damp weather the past month has delayed flax harvest in all parts of the State. A crop of 6.0 million bushels is now expected. This is about 1.5 million bushels above last year's crop and smaller than the average crop of 6.2 million bushels. Combining of flax was less than half completed on October 1. In the Red River Valley about 70 percent of the acreage was still standing.

POTATOES: Production of late or fall potatoes is forecast at 12.5 million hundredweight, which compares with 8.9 million hundredweight harvested last year and the 5-year average of 12.1 million hundredweight. Late summer potato production (largely in a few counties near the Twin Cities) at 11.52 hundredweight is also up from last year's production and slightly above the 5-year average. Harvest is being delayed by wet weather with less than 25 percent of the acreage reported harvested by October 1.

HAY: Production of hay is now forecast at 8.3 million tons up 22 percent from the 6.8 million tons last year and about 9 percent above the 5-year average. Precipitation and cold weather during the growing season have favored better hay fields.

SUGAR BEETS: Production prospects improved slightly during the month of September and a crop of 1,500,000 tons is forecast. Harvest had started by October 1 but wet fields hindered progress.

APPLES: Production of commercial apples is forecast at 240 thousand bushels. A crop this size would be 44 percent less than the record crop of last year and 28 percent less than average.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 581 million pounds for September, 5 percent less than September 1964 and 17 percent less than August this year. Production for the first nine months this year is 1 percent more than the corresponding period last year.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production during September totaled 181 million eggs, down 7 percent from the same month last year. The rate of lay averaged 55.5 percent compared with 55.1 percent in September last year. Egg production for the first 9 months of 1965 was 7 percent less than during the corresponding period last year.

OCTOBER 1, 1965 CROP PRODUCTION PROSPECTS

Commodity	Acreage			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	For Harvest 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965
	Average 1959-63	1964							
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
FOR MINNESOTA:									
Corn for Grain	5,318	4,612	4,750	59.5	59.0	61.0	313,920	272,108	289,750
Winter Wheat	22	11	10	24.0	26.5	23.0	522	292	230
Durum Wheat	37	77	61	26.9	28.0	33.0	1,029	2,156	2,013
Other Sp. Wheat	845	837	720	24.6	22.5	27.0	20,801	18,832	19,440
Oats	3,476	3,129	3,066	47.3	46.0	60.0	164,496	143,934	183,960
Barley	844	604	634	30.9	32.5	45.0	26,036	19,630	28,530
Rye	71	85	108	18.9	19.0	21.0	1,332	1,615	2,268
Flaxseed	536	450	414	11.6	10.0	14.5	6,251	4,500	6,003
Soybeans for Beans	2,247	2,852	3,194	21.1	20.0	19.5	47,602	57,040	62,283
Potatoes (cwt.)									
Late summer	6.5	7.1	7.2	155	140	160	1,004	994	1,152
Fall	100.0	89.0	96.0	122	100	130	12,149	8,900	12,480
Sugar Beets (Tons)	94.8	119.5	120.0	12.2	11.1	12.5	1,151	1,325	1,500
Hay, All (Tons)	3,634	3,489	3,574	2.10	1.94	2.32	7,635	6,771	8,284

UNITED STATES: September, generally cool, wet weather slowed development of crops in northern areas, but provided plentiful moisture for crop growth. Frosts in late September lowered prospects for late fields especially in the Minnesota-Dakota area and hurricane "Betsy" reduced yields of some crops in the lower Mississippi Valley.

Feed grain production in 1965 is expected to total 161 million tons--an increase of 1 million tons from the September 1 forecast. The 1965 total is 3 percent more than the previous record of 156 million tons produced in 1963. Prospects for corn increased about 1 percent during September, but sorghum grain production dropped off. Barley and oats production are not estimated on October 1, but last month's estimates indicated record levels of yields for both of these crops.

Oil seed production prospects declined slightly during September but the 1965 total is expected to be 18 percent more than last year. The indicated production of soybeans dropped off nearly 1 percent during September because cool, damp weather slowed development in north central areas and frost damaged late fields. However, the 1965 soybean crop will exceed last year's record crop by 23 percent. Flaxseed prospects improved during September, but harvest is lagging in Minnesota and North Dakota. The current estimate is 41 percent more than last year and 26 percent above average.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

OCT 15 1965

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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

October 14, 1965

POTATO PRODUCTION REPORT
October 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Late Summer Potatoes: Production is estimated at 1,152,000 hundredweight, 16 percent above last year and 15 percent above the 1959-63 average harvest of 1,004,000 hundredweight.

Fall Potatoes: Harvest progressed rapidly during early October with about 35 percent of the Red River Valley crop harvested as of Saturday October 9. Normally about 60 percent of the crop is harvested as of that date.

Fall production was estimated at 12,480,000 hundredweight unchanged from the September 1 estimate, 40 percent larger than last year's short crop of 8,900,000 hundredweight but only 3 percent larger than the 1959-63 average fall production of 12,149,000 hundredweight.

According to reporters frost damage is becoming more visible with a subsequent loss in marketability expected after harvest.

UNITED STATES: Production of fall potatoes is placed at 215,986,000 hundredweight, 3 percent above the September 1 forecast and 25 percent above the 1964 crop. Declines in prospects in the Eastern States from a month ago were more than offset by larger crops forecast for the Central and Western States. The production by areas in 1965 with changes from 1964 are: 8 Eastern States 62,994,000 hundredweight, down 4 percent; 9 Central States 48,933,000 hundredweight, up 29 percent; and 9 Western States 104,059,000 hundredweight, up 52 percent.

In Maine yields are turning out below earlier expectations. Quantity is good but sizes are generally moderate. In other New England States, satisfactory to good crops are being harvested. Early September rains in Upstate New York improved prospects. A slightly larger acreage was harvested on Long Island to October 1 than expected and a slight adjustment was made in acreage between late summer and fall. Yields in Pennsylvania are showing wide variations but are averaging better than expected. Harvest in all Eastern States has progressed satisfactorily, although in some areas is running slightly behind a year ago.

In most of the Central States rains during September delayed harvest but were favorable for late development. Rains were the heaviest in Wisconsin but above normal rainfall was recorded in Michigan, Minnesota, and North Dakota. Low temperatures in late September in Wisconsin and the Red River Valley caused some field frost, but the overall damage is not expected to be large. Harvest was generally at a standstill in all Central areas during late September but has moved rapidly with generally clear weather during early October.

In the Western States, potatoes continued to develop until the low temperatures around mid-September. A record high yield is forecast in Washington and yields equaling the record are indicated for Colorado and both areas of Idaho. The Idaho crop of 63,745,000 hundredweight is 61 percent above the 1964 crop. Expected harvest of the late summer acreage in Washington did not materialize and 8,000 acres were transferred from the late summer to fall crop. Harvest in all Western States is progressing about on schedule.

The late summer potato production of 29,754,000 hundredweight is 8 percent above the 1964 crop. Since harvest of the late summer acreage in Washington was below expectation, 8,000 acres were transferred to the fall crop. Rains in September in Wisconsin delayed late summer harvest and 1,000 acres were also transferred to the fall classification. These reclassifications of acreage from the late summer to fall group were partly offset by slightly larger marketing on Long Island before October 1 than expected. Changes in estimates from a month ago for the other late summer States were minor.

Harvest of the late summer acreage was nearing completion by October 1 in most States except New Jersey, where the percentage marketed to October 1 was below those of the past three years.

The 1965 production of potatoes (all seasons) is estimated at 290,919,000 hundredweight, 22 percent above the 1964 crop but 1 percent below the record large 1961 crop.

ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION, POTATOES, OCTOBER 1, 1965

Seasonal Group and Selected States	Harvested Acreage			Yield per Harv. Acre			Production		
	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965
	1,000 Acres			Hundredweight			1,000 Cwt.		
Winter	22.6	18.3	19.4	180	202	181	4,052	3,691	3,518
Early Spring	26.4	27.0	35.0	150	154	140	3,967	4,166	4,902
Late Spring	121.7	96.2	120.9	201	210	207	24,477	20,248	25,059
Early Summer	93.9	81.2	80.4	146	142	146	13,762	11,492	11,700
Late Summer	149.4	140.8	141.2	202	196	211	30,176	27,616	29,754
N.Y. - L. I.	11.0	10.8	11.2	251	235	270	2,723	2,538	3,024
N.J.	18.2	17.3	16.6	244	200	250	4,432	3,460	4,150
Mich.	7.1	7.5	7.4	143	160	100	1,023	1,200	740
Wis.	20.5	21.5	22.5	176	170	185	3,608	3,655	4,162
Minn.	6.5	7.1	7.2	155	140	160	1,004	994	1,152
Colo.	16.9	12.2	13.2	201	195	200	3,403	2,379	2,640
Other States	69.2	64.4	63.1	202	208	220	13,983	13,390	13,886
8 Eastern Fall	275.0	269.5	269.5	236	243	234	64,887	65,595	62,994
Maine	145.0	145.0	148.0	250	275	245	36,302	39,875	36,260
N.Y. - L.I.	31.5	27.7	25.8	260	255	285	8,177	7,064	7,353
N.Y. Upstate	42.8	42.0	41.0	213	205	215	9,133	8,610	8,815
Pa.	35.9	35.9	36.0	193	175	180	6,922	6,265	6,660
Other States	19.8	19.0	18.7	220	199	209	4,353	3,781	3,906
9 Central Fall	319.6	291.9	309.6	141	130	158	45,004	37,998	48,933
Mich.	40.4	37.5	44.5	174	180	210	7,032	6,750	9,345
Wis.	31.7	36.5	37.5	198	195	210	6,269	7,118	7,875
Minn.	100.0	89.0	96.0	122	100	130	12,149	8,900	12,480
N. Dak.	113.2	100.0	103.0	121	102	135	13,705	10,200	13,905
Other States	34.3	28.9	28.6	171	174	186	5,849	5,030	5,308
9 Western Fall	381.9	368.9	436.8	211	186	238	80,726	68,597	104,059
Idaho-10 S.W. Co.	11.4	19.0	33.0	240	285	285	2,732	5,415	9,405
Idaho-Other Co.	232.8	220.0	247.0	197	155	200	45,869	34,100	54,340
Colo.	38.8	33.0	36.0	221	200	235	8,571	6,600	8,460
Wash.	18.5	17.0	32.0	291	310	335	5,419	5,270	10,720
Oreg.-Malheur Co.	11.8	10.8	12.5	244	260	260	2,852	2,808	3,250
Oreg.-Other Co.	24.7	24.2	28.0	244	225	250	6,052	5,445	7,000
Calif.	21.8	25.2	27.0	256	230	265	5,594	5,796	7,155
Other States	22.1	19.7	21.3	165	161	175	3,637	3,163	3,729
Total Fall	976.4	930.3	1,015.9	195	185	213	190,617	172,190	215,986
UNITED STATES	1,390.5	1,293.8	1,412.8	192	185	206	267,052	239,403	290,919

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October 14, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 9, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 95,000 heavy white and 133,000 light breed poults during the week ending October 9, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week in 1964, the the heavy white hatch was down 8,000 and the light breed hatch up 11,000 poults.

The six-State settings totaled 234,000 heavy white and 225,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 195,000 heavy white and 128,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 18	103	162	#	5	126	185
Sept. 25	86	141	#	#	104	169
Oct. 2	#	81	0	17	91	98
Oct. 9	78	69	25	#	103	95
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 21	#	305	#	13	230	350
Aug. 28	157	257	#	#	181	310
Sept. 4	#	164	0	#	171	197
Sept. 11	142	125	37	#	179	172
Sept. 18	141	155	#	#	160	221
Sept. 25	148	129	#	#	187	188
Oct. 2	191	157	0	#	191	209
Oct. 9	143	189	52	#	195	234
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 18	0	0	5	0	5	0
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 9	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 21	0	0	7	0	7	0
Aug. 28	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 11	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 9	0	0	18	0	18	0
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 18	44	76	#	0	98	125
Sept. 25	52	63	#	0	99	111
Oct. 2	65	78	10	0	113	114
Oct. 9	70	78	#	0	122	133
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 21	79	122	#	0	176	224
Aug. 28	88	101	#	0	178	184
Sept. 4	116	130	14	0	190	189
Sept. 11	126	142	#	0	203	222
Sept. 18	92	175	#	0	176	245
Sept. 25	87	155	#	0	140	265
Oct. 2	75	139	22	0	146	224
Oct. 9	60	120	#	0	128	225

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 9 totaled 69,000 heavy white and 78,000 light breed poults. For the comparable week in 1964, 78,000 heavy whites and 70,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Settings for the week totaled 189,000 heavy white and 120,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 143,000 heavy white and 60,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 22 percent of the week's hatch compared with 27 percent the previous week and 18 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462		0		230		683		703	
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575		0		399		1,055		1,056	
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

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October 15, 1965

1965 RED CLOVER SEED FORECAST

MINNESOTA: Production of red clover seed in 1965 for Minnesota is forecast at 4,370,000 pounds, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. A crop this size would be 28 percent larger than the 1964 production and 17 percent larger than the 5-year average.

The increased production this year results from better yields indicated in 1965 than the poor yield of 1964. Acres harvested for seed this year estimated at 38,000 is the same as a year earlier. However, yield this year indicated at 115 pounds compares with 90 pounds in 1964 and the 5-year average of 106 pounds.

The extremely cold winter of 1964-65 damaged clover seedings somewhat. Some acreage winter killed completely and other stands substantially thinned. The 1965 growing season was one of the wetest of record and clovers made good plant growth. Wet weather during September delayed the harvest date. The average beginning date of harvests was October 6, several days later than normal.

UNITED STATES: Production of red clover seed this year is forecast at 68,682,000 pounds, 12 percent less than the 1964 revised total of 78,103,000 pounds, and 11 percent less than the 1959-63 average. Smaller crops are expected in fifteen of the twenty producing States. Wet fields resulted in little or no harvest on some fields and delayed harvest on other fields in all but a few red clover seed producing States. On the other hand, dry weather and the need for hay or pasture reduced acreage for seed in New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, and Iowa where seed production fell below a year earlier. Seed acreage was below a year earlier in all States except Minnesota, Kansas, Virginia, and Washington. Seed production was below a year earlier in all States except Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kansas and Virginia. In the northwestern States lower yields in the three States combined with less acreage in Idaho and Oregon to hold production below a year earlier.

Although adverse weather reduced the acreage harvested, the U. S. average yield of 99 pounds per acre was a record high. The previous high was 97 pounds in 1964. The average yield is 81 pounds. Fields were equal to or above last year in twelve of the twenty States.

Acreage of red clover seed harvested this year, at 693,900 acres, was 14 percent less than last year, and 27 percent below average. Harvest of red clover seed was generally later than average in all States but Illinois, Virginia, Kentucky, Oregon, and California. The beginning date of harvest this year was between August 23 and September 1 in Illinois, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas, Maryland, Virginia, and California; September 2 and 15 in Ohio, Indiana, Nebraska, Washington, and Oregon. Beginning harvest dates in other States fall between September 16 and 30.

Carryover of 1964 and earlier crop seed on June 30, 1965 is estimated at 32,603,000 pounds (16,136,000 by dealers and 16,467,000 by growers). Both grower and dealer carryover are larger than a year earlier. Initial supply (1965 production plus June 30, 1965 carryover) of red clover seed is 101,285,000 pounds, 1 percent more than last year but 2 percent below average.

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RED CLOVER SEED: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production average 1959-63, annual 1964 and 1965

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per acre			Production (clean seed)		
	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965
	-- Acres --			-- Pounds --			-- Pounds --		
N. Y.	11,700	17,000	13,000	94	105	90	1,102	1,785	1,170
Pa.	22,800	23,000	10,000	62	70	65	1,423	1,610	650
Ohio	143,600	139,000	108,000	63	74	68	8,955	10,286	7,344
Ind.	120,400	110,000	88,000	64	75	75	7,690	8,250	6,600
Ill.	181,000	151,000	148,000	69	95	105	12,638	14,345	15,540
Mich.	65,200	43,000	34,000	68	80	70	4,441	3,440	2,380
Wis.	38,400	23,000	18,000	68	65	85	2,631	1,495	1,530
Minn.	35,200	38,000	38,000	106	90	115	3,737	3,420	4,370
Iowa	71,800	50,000	40,000	52	60	70	3,730	3,000	2,800
Mo.	125,000	100,000	85,000	86	100	100	10,777	10,000	8,500
Nebr.	20,800	19,000	16,000	67	70	70	1,392	1,330	1,120
Kans.	32,600	18,000	20,000	79	75	90	2,609	1,350	1,800
Md.	9,400	9,500	9,000	62	65	60	597	618	540
Va.	10,400	5,000	10,000	64	55	80	686	275	800
Ky.	16,200	16,000	14,000	79	85	95	1,299	1,360	1,330
Mont.	1,320	1,300	1,100	239	260	260	313	338	286
Idaho	21,400	18,000	15,000	320	330	300	6,686	5,940	4,500
Wash.	3,760	6,000	6,500	225	385	315	856	2,310	2,048
Oreg.	18,700	21,000	19,000	225	300	250	4,215	6,300	4,750
Calif.	2,720	1,400	1,300	469	465	480	1,258	651	624
U. S.	952,400	809,200	693,900	81	97	99	77,035	78,103	68,682

1/ Revised

Red Clover Seed Supply: United States, average 1959-63, annual 1964 and 1965

Item	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965
	-- POUNDS --		
Production	77,035,200	78,103,000	68,682,000
Farm carryover	13,217,200	10,335,000	16,467,000
Dealer carryover	12,626,200	12,237,000	16,136,000
Supply (production plus carryover)	102,878,600	100,675,000	101,285,000

1/ Revised

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October 15, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
September 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 899,000 chicks during September 1965 which was 34 percent below September 1964, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The August hatch consisted of 330,000 egg-type and 569,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type and broiler-type production were both down 34 percent from September 1964. For the period January through September the egg-type chick hatch was down 17 percent, and the broiler-type hatch was down 29 percent from the same period in 1964. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators October 1 was up 28 percent from a year earlier.

Cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-September was $2.89 per 100 pounds, compared with $2.91 the previous month and $2.90 a year earlier. On September 15 the egg-feed ratio was 10.0 compared to 9.1 the previous month and 9.5 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-type			Broiler-type		
	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	643	631	- 2	992	723	- 27
February	1,304	1,031	- 21	880	612	- 30
March	4,707	3,271	- 31	1,106	747	- 32
April	7,466	5,600	- 25	1,164	896	- 23
May	5,932	5,285	- 11	1,146	890	- 22
June	1,698	2,070	+ 22	1,073	740	- 31
July	623	564	- 9	984	630	- 36
August	396	448	+ 13	863	613	- 29
September	503	330	- 34	862	569	- 34
October	469			710		
November	551			700		
December	538			760		

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UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 215,302,000 chicks during September compared with 194,728,000 in September 1964. The hatch of broiler chicks totaled 186,371,000, up 12 percent from September last year and the largest record for the month. During the first nine months of 1965 there were 1,900,947,000 broiler chicks produced, an increase of 7 percent from January-September 1964 and the largest of record for these months. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on October 1 was 11 percent above a year earlier.

There were 28,931,000 egg-type chicks hatched in September, up 2 percent from September 1964. Reported increases were 9 percent in the South Atlantic States, 7 percent in the South Central, and 6 percent in the Western States. No change from September last year was reported in the North Atlantic States. Decreases reported were 11 percent in the West North Central and 8 percent in the East North Central States. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 9 months of 1965 totaled 410,368,000 - a decrease of 9 percent from the same period last year. The number of "egg-type" eggs in incubators on October 1 was up 7 percent from a year earlier.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During September			
	Broiler-type		Egg-type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	610	400	1,440	1,200
Indiana	3,187	2,797	1,749	1,804
Illinois	41	66	1,147	907
Michigan	420	410	620	610
Wisconsin	685	1,020	275	280
E. N. Central	4,943	4,693	5,231	4,801
Minnesota	862	569	503	330
Iowa	160	130	550	430
Missouri	2,737	2,301	358	205
North Dakota	1/	1/	0	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	100	130
Nebraska	16	23	110	285
Kansas	3	7	272	300
1/ W. N. Central	1/3,778	1/ 3,030	1,893	1,680
United States	166,372	186,371	28,356	28,931

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 18, 1965

CATTLE ON FEED - OCTOBER 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Cattle and calves on grain feed in Minnesota were estimated at 301,000 head as of October 1, 1965 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This number was the same as a year ago. The seasonal decrease from July 1 to October 1 was 16 percent compared to 19 percent a year earlier.

Marketings of grain fed cattle and calves during the last three months - July through September - were estimated at 168,000 head, down 7 percent from the same period in 1964.

If marketing intentions as indicated by feeders are realized, marketings during the months of October, November and December will total 160,000 head, or about 53 percent of the cattle on feed as of October 1, 1965. This will be 5 percent less than during the last quarter of 1964.

Cattle and calves placed on grain feed during the July-September quarter totaled 109,000 head, 1 percent less than during the same quarter of 1964. Recorded inshipments of stocker and feeder cattle into Minnesota during July, August and September totaled 140,000 head, up 45 percent from 1964.

Of the 301,000 head on feed on October 1, 69 percent or 207,000 head were steers and the remainder were mostly heifers with a small number of other cattle on feed. By weight groups, cattle weighing less than 900 pounds accounted for 68 percent of those on feed compared to 59 percent a year ago. Cattle weighing 900 pounds and over accounted for 32 percent of the total down from the 41 percent a year earlier.

32 STATES: On October 1, 1965, there were 7,359,000 head of cattle and calves on feed in 32 major feeding States for slaughter market -- 7 percent more than a year earlier. Increases from a year earlier were shown in the number on feed in all weight groups except those weighing less than 500 pounds and those weighing 1,100 pounds and over. An increase in heifers and heifer calves accounted for nearly three-fourths of the increase in number of cattle on feed compared with a year earlier. The October 1 number on feed was 2 percent less than the number on feed July 1 this year compared with little change for this same period last year.

There were 4,242,000 cattle and calves on feed in the North Central States October 1 for slaughter market -- 5 percent more than October 1, last year. Iowa, the leading State, was up 9 percent. Nebraska, the second ranking State in this region, was up 13 percent. Other States showing increases from a year earlier were Illinois, up 9 percent; Michigan, 6 percent; Wisconsin, 19 percent, and South Dakota, 15 percent. Ohio, Indiana, North Dakota, and Kansas showed decreases in number on feed. Minnesota and Missouri were unchanged from October 1 last year.

In the 11 Western States, cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market totaled 2,343,000 head -- up 9 percent from October 1 a year earlier. Increases from October 1, 1964 occurred in all but four States. California, the leading State, was up 9 percent from a year earlier. Colorado was up 13 percent and Arizona was up 20 percent. Four additional States showed increases ranging from 7 percent in Idaho to 23 percent in Nevada. Montana, Wyoming, Utah, and Washington registered declines ranging from 4 to 10 percent.

Cattle and calves placed on feed during the July - September quarter in the 32 States totaled 4,191,000 head -- down 1 percent from the same period in 1964. Placements were down 3 percent in the North Central States but were up 3 percent in the Western States. Shipments of stocker and feeder cattle into 8 Corn Belt States during July and August were down 8 percent from the corresponding period a year earlier. Marketings of fed cattle for slaughter during July through September totaled 4,366,000 head, 3 percent above the same period in 1964.

Cattle feeders stated they intend to market 4,195,000 head or 57 percent of the October 1, inventory during October, November, and December. Should feeders fulfill these intentions, this would be an increase of 5 percent from the 3,989,000 head they marketed from the October 1 number on feed during the same quarter last year. Cattle feeders expect to market 36 percent of the October-December total during October and 32 percent each in both November and December.

Expected marketings are based upon the usual relationship between survey data and actual marketings.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Cattle and Calves on Grain Feed, Minnesota and 32 States, 1965 with Comparisons

ITEM	MINNESOTA			32 STATES		
	1964	1965	1965 % of 1964	1964	1965	1965 % of 1964
	1,000 Head		Percent	1,000 Head		Percent
Cattle and Calves on Feed July 1	371	360	97	6,914	7,534	109
Placed on Feed July 1-Sept. 30 1/	110	109	99	4,228	4,191	99
Fed Cattle Marketed July 1-Sept. 30 1/	180	168	93	4,234	4,366	103
Cattle and Calves on feed October 1	301	301	100	6,908	7,359	107
Kinds on Feed - October 1						
Steers and steer calves	223	207	93	4,998	5,121	102
Heifers and Heifer calves	76	93	122	1,878	2,212	118
Cows and other	2	1	50	32	26	81
Time on Feed - October 1						
Under 3 months	109	106	97	4,094	4,034	99
3-6 months	43	45	105	1,615	2,096	130
6 months and over	49	150	101	1,199	1,229	103
Weight Groups - October 1						
Under 900 pounds	177	206	116	4,470	4,829	108
900 - 1,099 pounds	110	88	80	2,057	2,199	107
1,100 pounds and over	14	7	50	381	331	87
October-December marketings	169	160	95	2/ 3,989	3/ 4,195	105

1/ Includes cattle placed on feed after beginning of quarter and marketed before end of quarter.
2/ Actual marketings from October 1 number on feed, excluding those placed on feed after October 1 and marketed before December 31.
3/ Expected marketings from October 1, 1965 number on feed.

Cattle and Calves on Feed by Quarters October 1, 1964, July 1 and October 1, 1965 1/

State	October 1, 1964	July 1, 1965	October 1, 1965	October 1, 1965 as percent of October 1, 1964
	- - 1,000 Head - -			Percent
Pennsylvania	51	47	44	86
Ohio	121	144	116	96
Indiana	166	150	141	85
Illinois	389	485	425	109
Michigan	80	110	85	106
Wisconsin	86	93	102	119
Minnesota	301	360	301	100
Iowa	1,211	1,596	1,320	109
Missouri	170	171	170	100
North Dakota	85	90	72	85
South Dakota	196	245	225	115
Nebraska	878	890	989	113
Kansas	340	287	296	87
North Central States	4,023	4,621	4,242	105
Georgia	51	34	48	94
Florida	52	37	43	83
Kentucky	32	41	40	125
Tennessee	21	19	17	81
Alabama	19	16	19	100
Mississippi	19	13	22	116
Oklahoma	107	85	107	100
Texas	392	354	434	111
Montana	50	51	48	96
Idaho	108	111	116	107
Wyoming	22	18	20	91
Colorado	406	447	460	113
New Mexico	76	79	91	120
Arizona	243	292	291	120
Utah	47	48	43	91
Nevada	13	19	16	123
Washington	124	99	112	90
Oregon	71	62	78	110
California	981	1,041	1,068	109
Western States	2,141	2,267	2,343	109
32 State Total	6,908	7,534	7,359	107

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for the slaughter market on grain or other concentrates and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 21, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 16, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 111,000 heavy white and 157,000 light breed poults during the week ending October 16, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week in 1964, the heavy white hatch was up 20,000 and the light breed hatch up 49,000 poults.

The six-State settings totaled 224,000 heavy white and 179,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 172,000 heavy white and 139,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 25	86	141	#	#	104	169
Oct. 2	#	81	0	17	91	98
Oct. 9	78	69	25	#	103	95
Oct. 16	81	#	#	#	91	111
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 28	157	257	#	#	181	310
Sept. 4	#	164	0	#	171	197
Sept. 11	142	125	37	#	179	172
Sept. 18	141	155	#	#	160	221
Sept. 25	148	129	#	#	187	188
Oct. 2	191	157	0	#	191	209
Oct. 9	143	189	52	#	195	234
Oct. 16	172	146	0	#	172	224
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 9	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 16	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 28	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 11	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 9	0	0	18	0	18	0
Oct. 16	0	0	20	0	20	0
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Sept. 25	52	63	#	0	99	111
Oct. 2	65	78	10	0	113	114
Oct. 9	70	78	#	0	122	133
Oct. 16	54	101	#	0	108	157
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Aug. 28	88	101	#	0	178	184
Sept. 4	116	130	14	0	190	189
Sept. 11	126	142	#	0	203	222
Sept. 18	92	175	#	0	176	245
Sept. 25	87	155	#	0	140	265
Oct. 2	75	139	22	0	146	224
Oct. 9	60	120	#	0	128	225
Oct. 16	55	#	#	0	139	179

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 16 included an undisclosed number of heavy white and 101,000 light breed poults. For the comparable week in 1964, 81,000 heavy whites and 54,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Settings for the week totaled 146,000 heavy white and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 172,000 heavy white and 55,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 14 percent of the week's hatch compared with 22 percent the previous week and 8 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breed				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during September 1965 was 427,310, an increase of 62 percent from September last year. Testings of heavy white breeds during September were 90 percent larger and other heavy breeds were 27 percent larger than September last year. Aggregate testings July through September for all heavy breeds totaled 678,754, an increase of 45 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during September totaled 32,037, up 48 percent from September 1964. Testings July through September totaled 79,652 birds, 7 percent above the same period in 1964.

Turkeys tested in Minnesota during September 1965 included 56,812 heavy white, 44,072 other heavy and 1,414 light breed. The cumulative totals for July through September 1965 are 122,772 heavy white, 52,594 other heavy and 10,863 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months in 1964 were 82,062 heavy white, 46,043 other heavy and 12,522 light breed turkeys.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

OCT 26 1965

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 22, 1965

TURKEY BREEDER HENS, 1966 HATCHING SEASON INTENTIONS

MINNESOTA: At the beginning of the 1966 hatching season the number of turkey breeder hens in Minnesota supply flocks is expected to be 3 percent greater than at the start of the 1965 season. This information is based on October 1 intentions as reported by hatchery operators to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. These reports indicate 10 percent more heavy white hens, 17 percent less other heavy breed (bronze), and 22 percent more light breed type breeder hens.

UNITED STATES: Turkey breeder flock owners in 15 important turkey States at the beginning of the 1966 hatching season expect to keep 4 percent more heavy breed hens and 9 percent more light breed hens than a year earlier. Turkey breeders plan to have 22 percent more heavy white hens but 13 percent fewer bronze and other heavy breed hens compared with last season. This indicates a continuation of the trend in recent years toward more heavy whites and fewer bronze and other heavy hens for the United States as a whole. These 15 States account for approximately 79 percent of all breeder hens in the United States based on January 1, 1965 inventory numbers of breeder hens.

Owners of heavy white breed hens in three of the four most important States indicate increases in holdings. California intentions were up 35 percent, Minnesota up 10 percent, Texas up 35 percent, but Ohio was unchanged from last season. Ohio, however, was the only State to show an increase in intentions to hold bronze and other heavy hens compared with last season. All of the other States included in this survey either showed decreases or no change. Leading States in holdings of light breed hens were Virginia with an increase of 12 percent in intentions, Minnesota an increase of 22 percent, Ohio an increase of 5 percent while California was up 25 percent and Missouri indicated no change in intentions.

October 1 intentions to hold heavy breeder hens compared with breeder hens on hand January 1 the following year in previous years were as follows: in 1961, October intentions unchanged; January 1 number, 9 percent decrease; in 1962, intentions unchanged; January, 2 percent decrease; in 1963, intentions unchanged; January, 3 percent decrease; in 1964, intentions 4 percent increase; January, 1 percent increase.

(Over)

Eldon Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TURKEY BREEDER HEN INTENTIONS--1966 HATCHING SEASON

State	Intentions to hold turkey breeder hens at beginning of 1966 season as percent of holdings a year earlier		
	Heavy breeds		Beltsville and other light
	Heavy white	Bronze and other heavy	
	Percent	Percent	Percent
New York	100	100	1/
Pennsylvania	120	85	80
Ohio	100	120	105
Michigan	110	85	1/
Wisconsin	1/	1/	1/
Minnesota	110	83	122
Iowa	133	89	100
Missouri	120	90	100
Virginia	110	1/	112
South Carolina	140	100	1/
Oklahoma	100	83	1/
Texas	135	90	150
Washington	1/	83	1/
Oregon	125	90	110
California	135	82	125
TOTAL 15 STATES	122	87	109

1/ Not shown to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

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Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 22, 1965

1965 ALFALFA SEED FORECAST

MINNESOTA: Alfalfa seed production for 1965 in Minnesota is forecast at 360,000 pounds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The 1965 Crop is about 29 percent above the 1964 crop of 280,000 pounds but is 54 percent less than the 5-year 1959-63 average of 788,000 pounds. Acreage harvested for seed this year is estimated at 4,000 acres the same as 1964. Yield in 1965 is forecast at 90 pounds per acre compared with 70 pounds for 1964 and the 5-year average.

UNITED STATES: The 1965 alfalfa seed crop is forecast at 126,337,000 pounds, 10 percent less than last year's revised total of 140,757,000 pounds and 6 percent less than the 1959-63 average. Production is below a year earlier in all States except California, Nevada, Texas, Oklahoma, North Dakota, and Minnesota. In California, the leading producing State, the first seed set was poor but the late set was very good. Insects were more of a problem than usual. In the Northwest, yields were reduced by rain during August and freezing weather in September. Rain and freezing weather also reduced production in Utah. However, production is above a year earlier in Oklahoma and Texas. In Ohio, Michigan, and Wisconsin the need for hay reduced seed production.

The U. S. acreage harvested for seed this year is estimated at 599,000 acres, 14 percent less than in 1964 and 17 percent below average. The yield per acre is 211 pounds compared with 203 pounds a year earlier and the 1959-63 average of 187 pounds.

Harvest started September 8 in California reaching a peak by the week of September 20 and is now about complete. For the rest of the States dates on which harvest began averaged as follows: August 14 in Arizona; August 21 in New Mexico; August 24 in Oklahoma; August 31 in Texas; September 6 in Kansas; September 9 in Utah; September 17 in Oregon; September 20 in Michigan; September 19 in Washington; September 21 in Idaho; September 24 in Montana; September 25 in Wisconsin and Nevada; September 29 in Ohio and Nebraska; October 3 in South Dakota; October 4 in Colorado; October 5 in Minnesota; October 13 in North Dakota; and October 15 in Wyoming.

Carryover of old crop alfalfa seed on June 30, 1965 is estimated at 46,926,000 pounds (35,148,000 by dealers and 11,778,000 by growers). A year earlier carryover was 43,274,000 pounds and the average carryover is 38,446,400 pounds. The initial supply (production plus carryover) is indicated to be 173,263,000 pounds, 6 percent less than the supply of 184,031,000 pounds a year earlier.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

ALFALFA SEED: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production average 1959-63, annual 1964 and 1965

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per acre			Production (clean seed)		
	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965
	- Acres -			- Pounds -			- 1,000 Pounds -		
Ohio	2,380	7,500	6,000	48	65	55	114	488	330
Mich.	8,800	11,000	10,000	59	80	75	531	880	750
Wis.	5,000	7,000	6,000	70	45	50	356	315	300
Minn.	10,500	4,000	4,000	70	70	90	788	280	360
N. Dak.	28,200	14,000	14,000	46	40	51	1,378	560	714
S. Dak.	97,400	78,000	51,000	58	58	60	5,974	4,524	3,060
Nebr.	73,800	55,000	52,000	76	80	80	5,527	4,400	4,160
Kans.	88,200	94,000	70,000	90	115	105	8,056	10,810	7,350
Okla.	50,000	60,000	75,000	119	155	190	5,914	9,300	14,250
Texas	6,380	5,000	5,500	151	170	185	954	850	1,018
Mont.	46,800	58,000	29,000	88	110	80	4,839	6,380	2,320
Idaho	41,400	45,000	41,000	338	295	280	13,734	13,275	11,480
Wyo.	7,700	3,500	2,000	86	120	80	685	420	160
Colo.	15,800	15,000	9,000	138	150	140	2,186	2,250	1,260
N. Mex.	4,520	5,500	6,000	236	200	170	1,075	1,100	1,020
Ariz.	20,300	20,000	16,000	189	190	200	3,825	3,800	3,200
Utah	44,000	45,000	37,000	192	140	110	8,515	6,300	4,070
Nev.	3,720	10,000	10,500	291	290	280	1,081	2,900	2,940
Wash.	23,800	29,000	27,000	455	475	340	10,837	13,775	9,180
Oreg.	15,000	22,000	17,000	528	475	400	7,967	10,450	6,800
Calif.	130,000	106,000	111,000	381	450	465	49,446	47,700	51,615
U. S.	723,700	694,500	599,000	187	203	211	133,781	140,757	126,337

1/ Revised.

Alfalfa Seed Supply: United States, average 1959-63, annual 1964 and 1965

Item	Average 1959-63	1964 1/	Indicated 1965
		- Pounds -	
Production	133,780,600	140,757,000	126,337,000
Farm carryover	8,941,200	12,722,000	11,778,000
Dealer carryover	29,505,200	30,552,000	35,148,000
Supply (production plus carryover)	172,227,000	184,031,000	173,263,000

1/ Revised.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

OCT 29 1965

Immediate Release

October 26, 1965

GRAIN STOCKS - OCTOBER 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Stocks of CORN in all positions in the State on October 1 totaled 164 million bushels, 11 percent less than the 185 million bushels on hand last year according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. On farm stocks were 1 million bushels less than holdings a year earlier, while off farm stocks were about 20 million bushels less than the previous year. Off farm stocks totaled 66.2 million bushels, and were stored in the following positions: 24.5 million in country elevators, 2.3 million in the terminal areas of Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and in country processing points (including hybrid seed corn firms); and 39.4 million bushels in CCC bins.

Total WHEAT stocks of 100.1 million bushels in all positions were just slightly below the 99.7 million held a year earlier. Wheat held on farms totaled 13.0 million bushels compared with 9.6 million a year ago. Stocks in off farm positions amounted to 87.0 million bushels, compared to 90.1 million at this time last year. Most off farm stocks are held in the terminal areas and were stored in the following positions: 69.9 million in the Twin Cities and Duluth teriminal areas, 14.1 million in country elevators, and 2.9 million in country processing plants. Wheat in CCC bins totaled only 110,000 bushels.

Stocks of OATS in all positions totaled 195.7 million bushels, 28 percent above the 153.2 million bushels on hand a year earlier. On farm stocks of 169.2 million were 31 percent greater than the 129.5 million on hand October 1, 1964. Off farm stocks totaled 26.4 million bushels with 14.3 million in country elevators, and 11.7 million in the Twin Cities-Duluth terminal area. Holdings in CCC bins amounted to only 431,000 bushels, and a small amount was held by country processors.

BARLEY stocks of 43.7 million bushels were about 6.2 million bushels above holdings a year earlier. On farm stocks totaled 21.7 million compared with 14.9 million bushels a year earlier. Off farm stocks totaled 22.0 million bushels, 2 percent less than October 1, 1964. The off farm stocks were held in the following positions: 18.4 million bushels in the terminal area and country processing plants and 3.6 million in country elevators.

Stocks of RYE in all positions totaled 5.9 million bushels, 2.4 million bushels more than the 3.5 million bushels on hand a year earlier. Off farm stocks totaled 5.2 million bushels, of which 3.9 million were held in the Twin Cities-Duluth terminal area. Country processors held 620,000 bushels and country elevators, 611,000 bushels. On farm holdings amounted to 771,000 bushels, compared with 533,000 bushels a year earlier.

FLAXSEED stocks in all storage positions totaled 11.0 million bushels, about 6 percent more than the 10.4 million on hand a year earlier. On farm stocks amounted to 2.9 million bushels compared with 2.1 million a year earlier. Off farm stocks of 8.1 million bushels were 3 percent less than the 8.3 million held a year ago. Of the off farm stocks, 5.8 million bushels were held in the terminal areas and at country processors and 2.3 million bushels held by country elevators.

UNITED STATES: Old corn carryover stocks on October 1 totaled 1,160 million bushels --24 percent less than a year earlier, 30 percent less than average, and the smallest October 1 stocks since 1955. Indicated disappearance of 755 million bushels during the July-September quarter is 12 percent smaller than for the same months in 1964, but only 2 percent less than in 1963. Stocks of old corn on farms, of 594 million bushels, were 12 percent less than last year, but 22 percent more than average. Corn under Government loan accounted for 66 percent of the October 1 farm stocks, compared with 71 percent a year earlier. Corn held in off-farm positions totaled 566 million bushels, 34 percent less than last year and the smallest total since 1954. Over 95 percent of the off-farm stocks were owned by CCC, about the same percentage as a year earlier.

All Wheat in storage on October 1 totaled 1,715 million bushels, 5 percent less than a year earlier and 27 percent below the record October 1, 1960 stocks. The decline in stocks occurred in off-farm holdings which totaled 1,146 million bushels, the smallest in 12 years. Farm stocks at 569 million bushels were the largest since 1958. About 47 percent of the total stocks were either owned by the Government or under Government loan compared to 53 percent a year earlier.

Durum wheat stocks on October 1 totaled 119 million bushels, 16 percent more than a year earlier. Farm stocks totaled 71 million bushels and off-farm holdings were 48 million bushels. Disappearance during the July-September quarter was indicated at 14 million bushels.

Oat stocks in all positions on October 1 totaled 974 million bushels, 12 percent more than a year earlier but 2 percent below average. Both farm and off-farm holdings were above last year, reflecting this year's sharp increase in production. About 11 percent of all stocks are CCC owned or under Government loan.

Barley stored in all positions on October 1 totaled 399 million bushels. This is 3 percent less than a year earlier and 11 percent below average. Holdings were below October 1, 1964 in both off-farm and farm positions. About 9 percent of total stocks were either owned by CCC or under Government loan.

Rye stocks of 35.4 million bushels in all storage positions were the largest October 1 holdings since 1960. Farm stocks totaled 17.9 million bushels, 2 percent less than a year earlier while off-farm holdings of 17.5 million bushels were 52 percent larger than on October 1 a year ago. About 26 percent of the total stocks were either Government owned or under Government loan compared to about 10 percent a year earlier.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions on October 1 totaled 34.5 million bushels--11 percent above a year earlier and 34 percent greater than the 1959-63 average. Of the total stocks, 19.8 million bushels were stored on farms and 14.6 million bushels were in off-farm positions. Current stocks indicate a disappearance during the July-September quarter of 10.9 million bushels from a supply of 45.4 million (carryover of 10.9 million bushels plus production of 34.5 million bushels). Crushings during the quarter are estimated at 4.7 million bushels and 1.5 million bushels are estimated for export.

OFF-FARM GRAIN STOCKS, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 1, 1965

Commodity	Mpls.-St. Paul and Duluth Terminal areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
			-- Thousand Bushels --					
Corn	1,758	2,239	633	1/	35,994	24,485	47,802	39,438
Wheat	71,257	69,949	3,635	2,882	15,129	14,107	115	110
Oats	9,669	11,650	1/	12	13,501	14,343	483	431
Barley	15,796	18,467	2,237	1/	3,196	3,573	1,329	-
Rye	2,470	3,932	297	620	189	611	-	-
Flaxseed	5,963	5,764	1/	1/	2,377	2,342	-	-

1/ Included in terminal stocks

GRAIN STOCKS - OCTOBER 1, 1965

Commodity	On Farm		Off-farm 1/		Total	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
			-- Thousand Bushels --			
MINNESOTA						
Corn	98,996	97,959	86,187	66,162	185,183	164,121
Wheat	9,576	13,010	90,136	87,048	99,712	100,058
Oats	129,541	169,243	23,653	26,436	153,194	195,679
Barley	14,919	21,683	22,558	22,040	37,477	43,723
Rye	533	771	2,956	5,163	3,489	5,934
Flaxseed	2,070	2,898	8,340	8,106	10,410	11,004
UNITED STATES						
Corn	672,096	594,189	855,421	565,558	1,527,517	1,159,747
Wheat	506,308	568,743	1,305,655	1,146,097	1,811,963	1,714,840
Oats	753,097	836,451	120,316	137,844	873,413	974,295
Barley	260,927	255,961	148,680	143,213	409,607	399,174
Rye	18,235	17,904	11,495	17,480	29,730	35,384
Flaxseed	12,724	19,840	18,400	14,632	31,124	34,472

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks

The sections of this report showing stocks by types and location are made possible by funds provided by the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Consumer and Marketing Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture under provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

STOCKS OF WHEAT AND FLAXSEED, SELECTED STATES, OCTOBER 1, 1964-65

STATE	OFF-FARM 1/		TOTAL ALL POSITIONS 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	27,915	33,585	30,838	35,762
Ohio	35,653	27,277	43,809	34,174
Indiana	14,295	10,443	22,529	16,629
Illinois	30,533	24,751	38,552	32,084
Michigan	18,741	11,779	34,057	20,607
Wisconsin	18,365	19,176	19,231	19,957
Minnesota	90,136	87,048	99,712	100,058
Iowa	8,382	9,201	8,643	9,394
Missouri	33,533	29,452	40,499	35,323
North Dakota	82,413	78,967	219,679	255,217
South Dakota	41,552	40,537	75,734	75,853
Nebraska	94,837	57,083	131,749	94,126
Kansas	377,026	318,649	437,355	383,383
Montana	23,084	22,113	95,741	110,783
Idaho	18,388	17,846	35,482	39,093
Washington	70,172	70,993	88,257	88,831
Oregon	21,238	22,957	33,980	36,646
California	10,175	6,414	12,317	7,883
Other States	289,217	257,826	343,799	319,037
UNITED STATES	1,305,655	1,146,097	1,811,963	1,714,840

FLAXSEED

STATE	OFF-FARM 1/		TOTAL ALL POSITIONS 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
Wisconsin	2,698	1,521	2,741	1,579
Minnesota	8,340	8,106	10,410	11,004
Iowa	13	*	47	*
North Dakota	4,881	2,503	13,617	16,700
South Dakota	2,047	2,289	3,689	4,746
Texas	---	---	37	19
Montana	17	35	168	203
California	153	119	164	119
Other	251	59	251	102
UNITED STATES	18,400	14,632	31,124	34,472

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

STOCKS OF GRAINS, SELECTED STATES, OCTOBER 1, 1964-65

State	Shelled and Ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousand Bushels				Thousand Bushels			
N. Y.	787	772	1,623	1,648	4,162	4,102	27,583	24,903
Ohio	14,377	8,921	27,963	20,469	10,093	10,305	35,827	35,473
Ind.	34,188	18,576	62,196	32,086	2,380	2,737	14,630	15,107
Ill.	187,450	91,346	221,297	116,227	7,925	5,941	47,230	40,215
Mich.	7,946	6,585	17,008	17,783	1,741	1,827	27,562	23,380
Wis.	5,349	5,683	19,017	19,351	4,394	8,955	93,330	122,494
Minn.	86,187	66,162	185,183	164,121	23,653	26,436	153,194	195,679
Iowa	303,917	195,404	538,402	414,327	15,354	17,632	105,906	99,685
Mo.	19,965	18,197	42,376	33,869	2,610	2,906	12,034	9,495
N. D.	1,455	1,131	4,274	2,613	9,794	13,356	109,634	125,777
S. D.	32,029	26,916	71,516	55,061	11,980	16,036	96,161	127,966
Nebr.	133,065	99,923	272,488	228,342	2,223	3,261	23,741	29,730
Kans.	17,719	16,607	23,929	19,387	896	980	7,861	6,997
Mont.	22	20	40	24	487	628	12,453	14,303
Idaho	63	53	193	127	1,856	2,599	7,134	8,589
Wash.	95	127	148	191	2,413	2,775	5,203	5,245
Oreg.	102	90	175	141	5,300	4,851	9,826	9,663
Calif.	761	929	761	929	1,607	2,085	2,355	2,836
Other States	9,944	8,116	38,928	33,051	11,448	10,432	81,749	76,758
UNITED STATES	855,421	565,558	1,527,517	1,159,747	120,316	137,844	873,413	974,295

State	Barley				Rye			
N. Y.	1,609	1,329	2,011	1,615	*	426	*	695
Ohio	65	45	498	409	84	97	380	419
Ind.	30	38	402	332	60	75	519	456
Ill.	*	*	*	*	*	1,653	*	1,861
Mich.	*	*	*	*	99	121	713	661
Wis.	20,471	22,900	21,202	23,525	785	1,728	1,097	2,009
Minn.	22,558	22,040	37,477	43,723	2,956	5,163	3,489	5,934
Iowa	290	*	454	*	*	*	*	*
Mo.	1,794	884	2,306	1,247	186	163	526	445
N. D.	15,983	12,007	104,205	100,449	1,706	3,361	8,203	11,372
S. D.	2,808	2,850	8,800	9,400	575	1,275	2,792	3,195
Nebr.	397	261	2,868	2,156	368	425	1,821	1,200
Kans.	2,982	1,401	8,362	4,042	857	724	1,458	1,095
Mont.	9,188	7,815	54,599	52,015	59	113	407	453
Idaho	5,393	9,499	21,161	25,780	18	13	123	115
Wash.	15,024	14,681	21,299	18,579	644	829	1,247	999
Oreg.	7,816	6,950	14,992	14,038	197	151	436	540
Calif.	18,716	20,647	43,891	43,071	---	---	---	---
Other States	23,556	19,866	65,080	58,793	2,901	1,163	6,519	3,935
UNITED STATES	148,680	143,213	409,607	399,174	11,495	17,480	29,730	35,384

* Included in unallocated to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 28, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 23, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 107,000 heavy white and 156,000 light breed poults during the week ending October 23, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week in 1964, the heavy white hatch was down 7,000 but the light breed hatch was up 69,000 poults.

The six-State settings totaled 267,000 heavy white and 157,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 202,000 heavy white and 140,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct. 2	#	81	0	17	91	98
Oct. 9	78	69	25	#	103	95
Oct. 16	81	#	#	#	91	111
Oct. 23	90	74	#	#	114	107
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Sept. 4	#	164	0	#	171	197
Sept. 11	142	125	37	#	179	172
Sept. 18	141	155	#	#	160	221
Sept. 25	148	129	#	#	187	188
Oct. 2	191	157	0	#	191	209
Oct. 9	143	189	52	#	195	234
Oct. 16	172	146	0	#	172	224
Oct. 23	169	215	33	#	202	267
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 9	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 16	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 23	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Sept. 4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 11	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 9	0	0	18	0	18	0
Oct. 16	0	0	20	0	20	0
Oct. 23	0	0	56	0	56	0
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct. 2	65	78	10	0	113	114
Oct. 9	70	78	#	0	122	133
Oct. 16	54	101	#	0	108	157
Oct. 23	51	86	#	0	87	156
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Sept. 4	116	130	14	0	190	189
Sept. 11	126	142	#	0	203	222
Sept. 18	92	175	#	0	176	245
Sept. 25	87	155	#	0	140	265
Oct. 2	75	139	22	0	146	224
Oct. 9	60	120	#	0	128	225
Oct. 16	55	#	#	0	139	179
Oct. 23	67	72	#	0	140	157

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 23 included 74,000 heavy white and 86,000 light breed poults. For the comparable week in 1964, 90,000 heavy whites and 51,000 light breed eggs were hatched.

Settings for the week totaled 215,000 heavy white and 72,000 light breed eggs. During the same week a year ago, 169,000 heavy white and 67,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 18 percent of the week's hatch compared with 14 percent the previous week and 25 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Immediate Release

October 29, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-October 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota Farmers in mid-October, at 87 percent of the 1947-49 average, was the highest for October since 1953, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Although unchanged from this September, it was 10 points above a year earlier. Livestock prices continue at higher levels, particularly for hogs, than a year ago.

Compared with mid-September the livestock price index remained unchanged at 101 percent of the 1947-49 average, but was 23 points above a year earlier. Crop prices declined 2 points from the previous month and were 1 point below October 1964. Milk and cream prices advanced an average 2 points from last month and were 3 points above a year earlier. Poultry and eggs dropped 1 point from the previous month, but were 6 points above a year ago.

Barley prices averaged 2 cents per bushel higher and oats and rye 1 cent higher than a month earlier, while other crop prices declined. Barley prices were 13 cents and corn prices 10 cents above last year's level while prices for other crops were all below a year ago. Soybean prices dropped 13 cents from a month ago and are 21 cents below a year earlier. Flaxseed prices showed a 5 cent decline from last month and are 16 cents below October 1964.

Hog prices averaged $1.00 per hundredweight higher than last month while cattle prices declined 90 cents per hundredweight. Compared with a year earlier, hog prices continued sharply higher (up from $14.40 to $22.90) while cattle prices were only slightly higher ($17.40 to $18.60). Lamb prices declined 70 cents per hundredweight from last month, but were $3.30 above last year.

Milk prices averaged 5 cents per hundredweight higher than a month ago and 12 cents per hundredweight above a year ago.

Eggs at 29 cents a dozen remained unchanged from last month, but were 3.5 cents above last October's price. Turkeys at 20 cents per pound, declined 1 cent from last month, and were the same price as a year ago.

TABLE I — INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	Oct. 15 av. 1957-61	Oct. 15 1962	Oct. 15 1963	Oct. 15 1964	Sept. 15 1965	Oct. 15, 1965
All Farm Products	79	81	78	77	87	87
Crops	65	68	72	72	73	71
Livestock	87	90	82	78	101	101
Dairy Products	95	93	93	96	97	99
Poultry and Eggs	67	64	62	58	65	64

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II — PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Oct. 15 1961	Oct. 15 1962	Oct. 15 1963	Oct. 15 1964	Sept. 15 1965	Oct. 15 1965
Prices Received	239	246	243	236	250	248
Prices Paid 1/	301	308	311	312	321	322
Parity Ratio	79	80	78	76	78	77

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

C. R. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			OCTOBER 15, 1965			
		OCT. 15, 1964	SEPT. 15, 1965	OCT. 15, 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	1.55	1.50	1.47	1.40	1.39	1.44	1.35
RYE	BU.	1.05	.95	.96	95	.81	.91	.966
CORN	BU.	.97	1.10	1.07	1.05	1.02	1.10	1.06
OATS	BU.	.59	.57	.58	.63	.48	.55	.615
BARLEY	BU.	.87	.98	1.00	.95	.94	.91	.989
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.49	2.41	2.28	2.28	2.16	2.22	2.31
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.92	2.81	2.76	2.75	2.65	2.70	2.67
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.20	14.00	16.50	22.80
POTATOES	CWT.	2.27	1.76	1.73	2.75	1.45	2.35	1.85
HOGS	CWT.	14.40	21.90	22.90	23.10	21.50	22.50	22.90
COWS	CWT.	11.30	14.20	13.60	13.90	12.90	13.70	13.30
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	21.50	23.30	23.10	24.50	21.50	22.40	22.70
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	17.40	19.50	18.60	23.10	18.90	20.90	20.10
CALVES	CWT.	19.70	24.00	23.20	22.90	23.20	25.60	22.20
SHEEP	CWT.	6.20	7.20	7.00	5.70	5.10	5.20	6.45
LAMBS	CWT.	19.40	23.40	22.70	22.10	21.70	22.70	22.10
MILK COWS	HEAD	215.00	220.00	220.00	220.00	190.00	210.00	214.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.44	3.51	3.56	3.75	3.55	3.55	4.56
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.65	.65	.66	.65	.63	.62	.612
TURKEYS - LIVE	LB.	.200	.210	.200	.210	.210	.210	.214
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.060	.055	.055	.055	.050	.055	.086
EGGS	DOZ.	.255	.290	.290	.270	.280	.255	.368
WOOL	LB.	.57	.50	.50	.49	.50	.49	.477
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.70	2.95	2.95	3.20	3.10	3.20	3.19
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.60	4.85	4.90	4.85	5.10	5.00	5.01
HOG FEED, 29% AND OVER	CWT.	5.70	6.00	6.10	6.10	-	-	6.01
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% AND OVER	CWT.	4.75	4.85	4.90	4.95	-	-	4.70
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.05	3.20	3.15	3.75	-	-	3.76
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.86	2.89	2.88	2.90	2.76	2.76	3.39
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.85	4.70	4.70	4.40
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		14.8	19.9	21.4	22.0	21.1	20.5	21.6
BEEF-CORN 1/		22.2	21.2	21.6	23.3	21.1	20.4	21.4
EGG-FEED 2/		8.9	10.0	10.1	9.3	10.1	9.2	10.9
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.5

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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Immediate Release

November 1, 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER

MINNESOTA: Commercial slaughter plants in Minnesota during the January-September 1965 period slaughtered 1,173,000 head of cattle, 152,300 calves, 3,929,000 hogs and 504,000 sheep and lambs according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared to the same months in 1964, cattle slaughter was down 5 percent; calf slaughter, up 8 percent; hog slaughter down 1 percent; and sheep and lamb slaughter, down 9 percent.

Cattle slaughter during September totaled 145,000 head, up 11 percent from August 1965 and 8 percent above September 1964. The average liveweight of the cattle slaughtered was 1,030 pounds, 8 pounds heavier than during August but 2 pounds lighter than a year earlier.

The number of calves slaughtered during September 1965 was 17,400 head, 37 percent more than during August and 14 percent above September 1964. At 183 pounds, the average liveweight of calves slaughtered during September was 22 pounds lighter than during the previous month and 11 pounds lighter than a year earlier.

Hog slaughter was estimated at 442,000 head, 17 percent above a month earlier but 7 percent less than during September 1964. The average liveweight of hogs was 242 pounds compared to 247 pounds in both August 1965 and September 1964.

Sheep and lamb slaughter totaled 75,000 head compared to 60,500 head in August and 64,000 head a year earlier. Sheep and lambs slaughtered averaged 101 pounds, 2 pounds heavier than last month and 3 pounds heavier than a year ago.

Commercial production of red meat during September in the 48 States totaled 2,687 million pounds. This was 2 percent more than September 1964 and 7 percent above August 1965. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

There were 22,750 million pounds of red meat produced during the first 9 months of 1965. This is 2 percent less than the 23,254 million pounds produced during the corresponding period of 1964. Of the January-September total, 13,561 million pounds were beef, up 1 percent from a year earlier, 693 million pounds were veal, up 3 percent; 8,017 million pounds were pork, down 7 percent; amd 479 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 9 percent. Lard production for January-September was 1,484 million pounds, down 15 percent from a year earlier. During the 9-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered was 5 percent greater than in the same period of 1964; calves were up 5 percent; hogs down 8 percent; and sheep and lambs down 10 percent.

Beef production during September was 1,623 million pounds, 6 percent above September 1964 and 4 percent more than August 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during September totaled 2,932,300 head, 8 percent more than a year earlier and 3 percent greater than the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 978 pounds, 10 pounds less than September 1964 but 2 pounds more than August 1965.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

There were 90 million pounds of veal produced during September, 1 percent below September 1964 but 6 percent above August 1965. The 699,300 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 1 percent greater than September 1964 and 10 percent more than August 1965.

Pork production during September totaled 915 million pounds, 3 percent less than September 1964 but 13 percent more than August 1965. The hog kill during September was 6,340,800 head, 3 percent less than a year earlier but 15 percent more than a month earlier. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight of hogs was 10.9 pounds compared with 11.5 pounds in September 1964 and 10.6 pounds in August 1965.

The 59 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during September was the same as a year earlier, but 13 percent more than a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during September was 1,229,800 head, 5 percent fewer than September 1964 but 13 percent more than August 1965.

Production of poultry meat during September amounted to 847 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 9 percent greater than September 1964 and 10 percent more than August 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

GROUP	September		January-September		Jan.-Sept. 1965 as % of 1964	September Average Liveweight	
	1964	1965	1964	1965		1964	1965
	1,000 Head		1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA							
Cattle	134.0	145.0	1,232.0	1,173.0	95	1,032	1,030
Calves	15.3	17.4	140.8	152.3	108	194	183
Hogs	477.0	442.0	3,979.0	3,929.0	99	247	242
Sheep & Lambs	64.0	75.0	551.5	504.0	91	98	101
48 STATES							
Cattle	2,724.6	2,932.3	22,654.1	23,850.6	105	988	978
Calves	692.5	699.3	5,179.5	5,419.3	105	237	232
Hogs	6,563.0	6,340.8	60,044.0	55,378.1	92	236	234
Sheep & Lambs	1,293.2	1,229.8	10,930.3	9,794.1	90	95	98

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES BY MONTHS 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
Sept. 1964	1,536	91	939	59	2,625	778	178
Aug. 1965	1,568	85	807	52	2,512	773	138
Sept. 1965	1,623	90	915	59	2,687	847	162
Jan.-Sept. 1964 5/	13,401	673	8,655	525	23,254	5,348	1,742
Jan.-Sept. 1965 5/	13,561	693	8,017	479	22,750	5,607	1,484

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, number raised, intentions to raise and market poultry as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

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SOYBEAN VARIETIES IN MINNESOTA - 1965

Based on a recent survey of Minnesota soybean growers, Chippewa was by far the leading soybean variety planted in 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Chippewa, a medium-early maturing variety, was planted on about 69 percent of the soybean acreage in 1965. Merit, the second leading variety, was planted on nearly 10 percent of the acres seeded to soybeans. Other leading varieties were Lindarin, 4-1/2 percent; Harosoy, 3-1/2 percent; A-100, 3 percent; Black Hawk, Grant and Ottawa-Mandarin, 2 percent each. These seven varieties account for nearly 96 percent of the total acreage, with the other 25 reported varieties making up the remaining 4 percent. The table on the reverse side shows the percent of acreage planted to each of the main varieties in 1961 and 1965. The acreage of soybeans planted in Minnesota this year was 3,223,000 acres, 12 percent more than in 1964.

In 1965 Chippewa was planted on two-thirds to four-fifths of the acreage in all districts except the northwest and east central. In the northwest, where it was one of the least preferred, early maturing varieties were used, primarily Merit. In 1961 Flambeau and Grant were the most popular varieties in the northwest district. Chippewa was seeded to 21 percent of the soybean acres in the east central district, ranking third behind Merit and Ottawa-Mandarin. For the State, 83 percent of the growers reported planting Chippewa seed and this variety also ranked first in 1961 when 78 percent of the farmers used Chippewa.

Merit, an early maturing variety first distributed to Minnesota growers in 1961, accounted for 75 percent of the acreage in the northwest district. This new variety also ranked first in the east central district with 33 percent. The survey showed that 12 percent of the farmers used Merit seed.

Lindarin, also recently introduced, ranked third. This variety ranked second in the southwest district with 9 percent of the acreage. Lindarin was also planted in the south central and southeastern districts.

Fourth ranking Harosoy, a late maturing variety, lost favor since 1961 when it ranked third. Harosoy was seeded primarily in the southern districts, where 6 percent of the farmers reported its use.

A-100 was the fifth most popular variety being planted on 3 percent of the acreage. This relatively new variety was reported primarily in the central and southern districts.

Of the remaining varieties, the most important were Ottawa-Mandarin, 2 percent; Grant, 2 percent; Black Hawk, 1-1/2 percent; and Chippewa 64, 1 percent. All other varieties were planted on less than 1 percent of the acreage.

Four recently introduced varieties accounted for 18 percent of the State's soybean acreage. They were Merit, Lindarin, A-100 and Chippewa 64. These four varieties replaced the once more popular Grant, Black Hawk, Comet, Ottawa-Mandarin and Flambeau varieties.

J. S. Rowe - C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statisticians

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Soybean Varieties as a percent of total acreage planted by Crop Reporting Districts, Minnesota, 1961 1/ and 1965 2/

Varieties	Crop Reporting Districts							State	Percent of Farms Reporting 4/
	1, 2 and 3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
	-- Percent --								Percent
Chippewa									
1961	1	67	80	28	75	69	75	67.5	78.0
1965	3	68	79	21	75	72	77	69.5	83.1
Chippewa 64									
1961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	-	3/	3/	-	1	2	2	1.0	3.1
Grant									
1961	26	10	4	16	1	2	3	5.5	7.5
1965	6	4	3	16	-	3/	3/	2.0	2.9
Harosoy									
1961	-	1	1	4	4	12	2	4.5	7.0
1965	-	3/	1	-	4	8	3/	3.5	6.4
Lindarin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1961									
1965	-	1	1	-	9	7	5	4.5	7.8
Merit									
1961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	75	19	6	33	2	1	1	9.5	12.4
Flambeau									
1961	27	-	-	1	-	-	-	1.5	1.0
1965	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	3/	.4
Black Hawk									
1961	-	2	2	4	10	4	4	4.0	6.5
1965	-	1	3/	-	4	1	1	1.5	2.4
Hawkeye									
1961	-	-	-	-	3	6	-	2.0	2.5
1965	-	3/	-	-	1	1	1	.5	1.0
A-100									
1961	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	-	1	5	3/	2	4	4	3.0	5.6
Ottawa-Mandarin									
1961	7	4	7	19	1	2	1	3.5	7.0
1965	-	2	3	22	3/	2	1	2.0	4.5
Comet									
1961	2	4	3	14	1	2	10	3.5	8.5
1965	-	1	3/	4	3/	3/	1	0.5	1.9
Other									
1961	37	12	3	14	5	3	35	8.0	12.0
1965	12	3	2	4	2	2	2	2.5	4.4
	Acres Planted (000)								
STATE									
1961	110	457	393	55	427	660	249	2,351	-
1965	128	684	523	74	690	805	319	3,223	-

1/ August 1961
2/ August 1965
3/ Less than .5 percent
4/ Total percent will exceed 100 as some farms report more than one variety.

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November 4, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 30, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 123,000 heavy white and 132,000 light breed poults during the week ending October 30, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week in 1964, the heavy white hatch was up 12,000 and the light breed hatch was up 46,000 poults.

The six-State settings totaled 266,000 heavy white and 165,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, there were 234,000 heavy white, 40,000 other heavy and 125,000 light breed eggs set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct. 9	78	69	25	#	103	95
Oct. 16	81	#	#	#	91	111
Oct. 23	90	74	#	#	114	107
Oct. 30	111	94	0	#	111	123
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Sept. 11	142	125	37	#	179	172
Sept. 18	141	155	#	#	160	221
Sept. 25	148	129	#	#	187	188
Oct. 2	191	157	0	#	191	209
Oct. 9	143	189	52	#	195	234
Oct. 16	172	146	0	#	172	224
Oct. 23	169	215	33	#	202	267
Oct. 30	170	174	#	#	234	266
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct. 9	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 16	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 23	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 30	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Sept. 11	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 9	0	0	18	0	18	0
Oct. 16	0	0	20	0	20	0
Oct. 23	0	0	56	0	56	0
Oct. 30	0	0	40	0	40	0
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct. 9	70	78	#	0	122	133
Oct. 16	54	101	#	0	108	157
Oct. 23	51	86	#	0	87	156
Oct. 30	40	80	15	0	86	132
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Sept. 11	126	142	#	0	203	222
Sept. 18	92	175	#	0	176	245
Sept. 25	87	155	#	0	140	265
Oct. 2	75	139	22	0	146	224
Oct. 9	60	120	#	0	128	225
Oct. 16	55	#	#	0	139	179
Oct. 23	67	72	#	0	140	157
Oct. 30	48	70	#	0	125	165

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A six State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 30 included 94,000 heavy white and 80,000 light breed poults. For the comparable week in 1964, 111,000 heavy white and 40,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Settings for the week totaled 174,000 heavy white and 70,000 light breed eggs. During the same week a year ago, 170,000 heavy white and 48,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 14 percent of the week's hatch compared with 18 percent the previous week and 35 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breed						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

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November 8, 1965

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT

Acreage and Indicated Production
as of November 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Early Fall Cabbage - Production is estimated at 230,000 hundredweight, 48 percent above last year and 24 percent above the 1959-63 average. Yield at 230 hundredweight per acre is 75 hundredweight above last year and 32 hundredweight above the 5 year average.

Early Fall Carrots - In south central Minnesota and the Anoka areas harvest has been extended later than usual. Production of fresh and processing carrots combined at 273,000 hundredweight, was unchanged from last month.

Late Summer onions - Production, estimated at 351,000 hundredweight, was unchanged from last month. By late October harvest was through in all areas.

UNITED STATES: Cabbage - (For fresh market and kraut): Production of early fall cabbage is estimated at 9,749,000 hundredweight, 25 percent above last year's crop and 21 percent above the 1959-63 average. The New England crop made excellent late growth. Supplies are now tapering off but moderate volume should be available through most of November. Yields on New York's Long Island have been good. Harvest is expected to end about mid-December. In Upstate New York, yields are very good. Heads for storage are large in size. Kraut yields have been very good with some growers having difficulty in selling non-contracted tonnage. In New Jersey, movement at the current rate should continue through November with final marketings expected during early December. In Pennsylvania, the crop made good development. Harvest in Ohio and Michigan is past the peak but should continue until late November. Wet fields have caused some delay in harvest. In Wisconsin, cool weather during most of October added tonnage to the crop. In Minnesota, about one-third of the crop had been harvested by November 1. Cutting is expected to continue until late in the month. Harvest in Utah is expected to continue until a heavy freeze. In Oregon, dry, hot fall weather has limited yield prospects on dryland acreage. Irrigated yields are above average.

The late fall cabbage crop is placed at 403,000 hundredweight, 17 percent above last year but 5 percent below average.

Carrots: California's late fall carrot crop is forecast at 2,059,000 hundredweight, 5 percent less than last year and 17 percent below average. Good volume is expected to continue from the important Salinas Valley until late December. Harvest is active in the Saugus area of Los Angeles County. Additional moderate supplies are available from Santa Maria-Guadalupe and Stockton districts.

Acreage and Estimated Production Reported to Date, 1965 With Comparisons

Crop and Selected States	Acreage for harvest			Yield per acre			Production		
	Average 1959-63	1964	For harvest 1965	Av. 1959-1963	1964	Ind. 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Ind. 1965
	- Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
CABBAGE 1/									
Winter	44,030	42,200	39,500	152	161	159	6,703	6,796	6,266
Spring All	20,170	18,780	19,350	134	141	136	2,694	2,650	2,633
Summer All	25,400	24,330	25,530	201	189	200	5,114	4,603	5,105
Early Fall:	31,430	31,370	32,040	256	248	304	8,602	7,771	9,749
N.Y.,L.I.	1,180	1,100	1,200	219	215	215	259	236	258
N.Y. Upst.	10,480	10,100	10,600	307	310	400	3,219	3,131	4,240
N.J.	2,010	2,400	2,500	198	190	200	399	456	500
Pa.	1,260	1,100	1,000	210	160	220	266	176	220
Ohio	1,940	1,900	1,900	271	255	270	525	484	513
Mich.	4,300	4,700	4,500	167	160	165	717	752	742
Wisc.	6,040	6,300	6,300	295	280	380	1,779	1,764	2,394
Minn.	940	1,000	1,000	198	155	230	186	155	230
Ore.	1,280	1,000	1,200	209	220	210	267	220	252
Late Fall	3,530	2,650	2,800	123	129	144	423	343	403
CARROTS 1/									
Winter	41,160	38,600	38,500	139	157	158	5,733	6,043	6,070
Spring	2,300	2,800	2,300	193	115	185	441	322	426
Summer,All	10,910	10,520	10,700	257	242	265	2,806	2,546	2,835
Early Fall	19,960	19,930	21,220	269	265	282	5,361	5,288	5,977
Late Fall:									
Calif.	8,220	7,600	7,100	303	285	290	2,487	2,166	2,059

1/ Includes processing

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
November 1, 1965

Corn crop prospects along with those for soybeans, potatoes, and sugar beets declined during October according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Corn picking was behind normal with only about 9 percent of the crop picked by the end of October. The crop production index at 103 (1957-59=100%) is still 7 points above 1964, but 2 points below the 5-year average. Precipitation averaged below normal and temperatures averaged above normal during October which helped reduce the moisture content of corn and soybeans. The mild fall weather permitted farmers to complete harvest of nearly all of the grain and most of the flax. The potato and sugar beet harvest was hampered by wet fields but moved along with harvest practically complete.

CORN: By November 1, only 9 percent of the crop was picked. This places progress much behind normal as usually by the end of October, 52 percent of the crop is picked. Statewide yields are running very uneven depending on how early or late the corn was planted. Yield per acre is now forecast at 53 bushels, 6 bushels below last year's yield and 6.5 bushels below the 1959-63 average yield of 59.5 bushels. For the State, total production is estimated at 252 million bushels, 7 percent less than last year's crop and 20 percent below the 5-year average.

SOYBEANS: The 1965 production is now forecast at 56 million bushels. This is approximately 1 million bushels below last year's crop; with an increase in acreage almost offsetting the lower yield per acre. At 17.5 bushels the yield per acre is 2.5 bushels below last year's yield and 3.6 bushels below the 5-year average.

SUGAR BEETS: Production prospects declined during October and total production is now forecast at 1,320,000 tons of beets. While only slightly below last year's production, it is 169,000 tons above the 5-year average. The yield per acre at 11.0 tons is about the same as last year's yield and 1.2 tons below the 5-year average yield.

POTATOES: Total production is now forecast at 12,672,000 hundredweight compared with 9,894,000 hundredweight produced in 1964 and the 5-year average of 13,153,000 hundredweight.

APPLES: Production of the commercial apple crop is forecast at 290,000 bushels. This compares with the record crop of 430,000 bushels produced last year and the 5-year average of 332,000 bushels.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 638 million pounds for October, 7 percent less than October 1964, but 10 percent more than September this year. Production for the first 10 months of this year is about the same as for the corresponding period last year.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production for October totaled 190 million eggs, down 7 percent from the same month last year. The rate of lay averaged 55.4 percent compared with 54.4 percent in October last year. Egg production for the first 10 months of 1965 was 7 percent less than during the same period in 1964.

C. R. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician Acting in Charge

UNITED STATES: Total output of 1965 crops showed little change, although a more complete assessment than available on October 1 indicates some additional losses from September freezes especially for late crops in some West North Central States. October weather generally favored harvest work and minimized possible losses in fields damaged by hurrican "Betsy" in the South and by low temperatures in the North. Harvest is lagging, especially in the Northern Corn Belt States.

The "all crop" production index is unchanged from a month earlier at 117. Lower production estimates for some field crops were practically offset by increases in other crops, especially fruit. The index is 8 points (7 percent) above last year and 5 points (4 percent) above the previous high of 1963. The composite index of yield per acre, covering 28 leading crops, decreased 1 point to 123 on November 1 The yield index is 6 percent above the previous high of 116 in 1963.

NOVEMBER 1, 1965 CROP PRODUCTION PROSPECTS

Commodity	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	For Harvest 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Indicated 1965
	Average 1959-63	1964							
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
FOR MINNESOTA:									
Corn for grain	5,318	4,612	4,750	59.5	59.0	53.0	313,920	272,108	251,750
Winter wheat	22	11	10	24.0	26.5	23.0	522	292	230
Durum Wheat	37	77	61	26.9	28.0	33.0	1,029	2,156	2,013
Other Sp.wheat	845	837	720	24.6	22.5	27.0	20,801	18,832	19,440
Oats	3,476	3,129	3,066	47.3	46.0	60.0	164,496	143,934	183,960
Barley	844	604	634	30.9	32.5	45.0	26,036	19,630	28,530
Rye	71	85	108	18.9	19.0	21.0	1,332	1,615	2,268
Flaxseed	536	450	414	11.6	10.0	14.5	6,251	4,500	6,003
Soybeans for beans	2,247	2,852	3,194	21.1	20.0	17.5	47,602	57,040	55,895
Potatoes (cwt.)									
Late summer	6.5	7.1	7.2	155	140	160	1,004	994	1,152
Fall	100.0	89.0	96.0	122	100	120	12,149	8,900	11,520
Sugar beets (tons)	94.8	119.5	120.0	12.2	11.1	11.0	1,151	1,325	1,320
Hay,All (Tons)	3,634	3,489	3,574	2.10	1.94	2.32	7,635	6,771	8,284

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

NOV 15 1965

Immediate Release

November 12, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending November 6, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 140,000 heavy white and 132,000 light breed poults during the week ending November 6, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week in 1964, the heavy white hatch was up 18,000 and the light breed hatch was up 53,000 poults

The six-State settings totaled 354,000 heavy white and 195,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, there were 247,000 heavy white, 40,000 other heavy and 135,000 light breed eggs set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Oct. 16	81	#	#	#	91	111
Oct. 23	90	74	#	#	114	107
Oct. 30	111	94	0	#	111	123
Nov. 6	86	114	36	#	122	140
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Sept. 18	141	155	#	#	160	221
Sept. 25	148	129	#	#	187	188
Oct. 2	191	157	0	#	191	209
Oct. 9	143	189	52	#	195	234
Oct. 16	172	146	0	#	172	224
Oct. 23	169	215	33	#	202	267
Oct. 30	170	174	#	#	234	266
Nov. 6	180	228	#	#	247	354
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Oct. 16	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 23	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 30	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nov. 6	0	0	11	0	11	0
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Sept. 18	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 9	0	0	18	0	18	0
Oct. 16	0	0	20	0	20	0
Oct. 23	0	0	56	0	56	0
Oct. 30	0	0	40	0	40	0
Nov. 6	0	0	40	0	40	0
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Oct. 16	54	101	#	0	108	157
Oct. 23	51	86	#	0	87	156
Oct. 30	40	80	15	0	86	132
Nov. 6	32	#	#	0	79	132
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Sept. 18	92	175	#	0	176	245
Sept. 25	87	155	#	0	140	265
Oct. 2	75	139	22	0	146	224
Oct. 9	60	120	#	0	128	225
Oct. 16	55	#	#	0	139	179
Oct. 23	67	72	#	0	140	157
Oct. 30	48	70	#	0	125	165
Nov. 6	60	109	#	0	135	195

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending November 6 included 114,000 heavy white and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. For the comparable week in 1964, 86,000 heavy white and 32,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Settings for the week totaled 228,000 heavy white and 109,000 light breed eggs. During the same week a year ago, 180,000 heavy white and 60,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 23 percent of the week's hatch compared with 14 percent the previous week and 43 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398		0		243		704		675	
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654		0		230		1,379		817	
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 16, 1965

POTATO PRODUCTION REPORT
November 1, 1965

MINNESOTA: Field run production of fall potatoes in Minnesota is estimated at 11,520,000 hundredweight. This was 8 percent less than indicated a month ago, 5 percent less than the 5-year average of 12,149,000 hundredweight, but 29 percent above last year's short crop of 8,900,000 hundredweight. These estimates are intended to include the quantities of potatoes hauled from the field.

The annual crop report to be published on December 20 will provide the first adjusted estimate of acres harvested, reflecting abandonment of acreage which was too wet to harvest. The first potato stocks report of the season to be published on the same date, will reflect warehouse gradeout and losses related to fall frost damage, which has not been acknowledged in estimates to date in this season.

UNITED STATES: Production of fall potatoes is placed at 215,472,000 hundredweight, down less than 1 percent from the October 1 forecast, but 25 percent above the 1964 crop. A slightly larger crop than indicated a month ago in the Eastern States was more than offset by declines in the Central and Western States. The crop in the 8 Eastern States is expected to total 63,952,000 hundredweight, 3 percent under 1964. In the 9 Central States, the crop is up 28 percent from last year to 48,593,000 hundredweight. Production in the 9 Western States is placed at 102,927,000 hundredweight, 50 percent over 1964.

In Maine, the yield is unchanged from last month but is 30 hundredweight below last year. Except for a few fields, harvest was largely completed in October. Some potatoes were field-frosted in late September and early October but the overall damage is not expected to be large. In other New England States, harvest was generally completed by November 1. Harvest of the Upstate and Long Island, New York crops was nearing completion by November 1. A record high yielding Long Island crop was harvested. Yields in Pennsylvania are turning out better than expected a month ago. Less than 10 percent of the acreage remained for harvest on November 1.

In the Central States, other than North Dakota, yields are turning out the same or slightly below those forecast a month ago. Wet ground in Michigan delayed harvest and low temperature caused some damage to unharvested fields. The Wisconsin harvest was about completed by November 1. North Dakota yields ran a little better than expected earlier and will be at a record high level. Harvest in Minnesota and North Dakota was practically completed by November 1. Low temperatures caused some field damage and excessive rain interfered with harvest operations.

Weather conditions in the Western States during October were generally favorable for potato harvesting. In Idaho, temperatures were above normal. Digging operations in the southwest counties were expected to be completed in the first week of November. In the "other" Idaho counties, excellent harvesting progress was made during October. Harvest was virtually completed by November 1 in Colorado. Most of the crop there went into storage in good condition. Harvest of the Washington crop is expected to be finished by mid-November, with the yield record high. In the Tulelake-Butte Valley area of California, harvesting was virtually completed by November 1. Malheur County, Oregon digging was well along by November 1 and in other areas of the State almost all of the crop was in cellars by that date.

Acreage of winter potatoes for 1966 harvest in Florida and California is placed at 26,000 acres. In California, the 14,600 acres for harvest is the largest acreage since 1958 and 55 percent over 1965. The winter crop in that State is making satisfactory progress. Harvest in the Perris-Hemet district is expected to start in late November and in Kern County in late December. The Florida acreage of 11,400 acres compares with 10,000 acres harvested last year. In the Everglades, the crop is making good growth and harvest is expected to get underway about the middle of December. Planting was progressing on schedule in other areas.

SWEET POTATOES: The 1965 sweet potato production is placed at 17,566,000 hundredweight, 15 percent above 1964 and 4 percent above average. Weather conditions during October were generally favorable for harvest. In Louisiana, about three-fourths of the crop had been dug by the end of October. In California, harvest was active on November 1 in the San Joaquin Valley and the southern areas of the State and was about three-fourths complete in Merced County. In other States, harvest was completed or was in the final stages by the first of November.

ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION, POTATOES, NOVEMBER 1, 1965

Seasonal Group and Selected States	Harvested Acreage			Yield per Harv. Acre			Production		
	Average 1959-63	1964	For Harvest 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Prelim-inary 1965	Average 1959-63	1964	Prelim-inary 1965
	1,000 Acres			Hundredweight			1,000 Cwt.		
Winter 1965 crop	22.6	18.3	19.4	180	202	181	4,052	3,691	3,518
Early Spring	26.4	27.0	35.0	150	154	140	3,967	4,166	4,902
Late Spring	121.7	96.2	120.9	201	210	207	24,477	20,248	25,059
Early Summer	93.9	81.2	80.4	146	142	146	13,762	11,492	11,700
Late Summer	149.4	140.8	141.2	202	196	211	30,176	27,616	29,754
N.Y. - L.I.	11.0	10.8	11.2	251	235	270	2,723	2,538	3,024
N.J.	18.2	17.3	16.6	244	200	250	4,432	3,460	4,150
Mich.	7.1	7.5	7.4	143	160	100	1,023	1,200	740
Wis.	20.5	21.5	22.5	176	170	185	3,608	3,655	4,162
Minn.	6.5	7.1	7.2	155	140	160	1,004	994	1,152
Colo.	16.9	12.2	13.2	201	195	200	3,403	2,379	2,640
Other States	69.2	64.4	63.1	202	208	220	13,983	13,390	13,886
8 Eastern Fall	275.0	269.5	269.5	236	243	237	64,887	65,595	63,952
Maine	145.0	145.0	148.0	250	275	245	36,302	39,875	36,260
N.Y. - L.I.	31.5	27.7	25.8	260	255	290	8,177	7,064	7,482
N.Y. Upstate	42.8	42.0	41.0	213	205	220	9,133	8,610	9,020
Pa.	35.9	35.8	36.0	193	175	200	6,922	6,265	7,200
Other States	19.8	19.0	18.7	220	199	213	4,353	3,781	3,990
9 Central Fall	319.6	291.9	309.6	141	130	157	45,004	37,998	48,593
Mich.	40.4	37.5	44.5	174	180	205	7,032	6,750	9,122
Wis.	31.7	36.5	37.5	198	195	205	6,269	7,118	7,688
Minn.	100.0	89.0	96.0	122	100	120	12,149	8,900	11,520
N. Dak.	113.2	100.0	103.0	121	102	145	13,705	10,200	14,935
Other States	34.3	28.9	28.6	171	174	186	5,849	5,030	5,328
9 Western Fall	381.9	368.9	436.8	211	186	236	80,726	68,597	102,927
Idaho-10 S.W.Co.	11.4	19.0	33.0	240	285	285	2,732	5,415	9,405
Idaho-Other Co.	232.8	220.0	247.0	197	155	215	45,869	34,100	53,105
Colo.	38.8	33.0	36.0	221	200	235	8,571	6,600	8,460
Wash.	18.5	17.0	32.0	291	310	335	5,419	5,270	10,720
Oreg-Malheur Co.	11.8	10.8	12.5	244	260	265	2,852	2,808	3,312
Oreg.-Other Co.	24.7	24.2	28.0	244	225	255	6,052	5,445	7,140
Calif.	21.8	25.2	27.0	256	230	265	5,594	5,796	7,155
Other States	22.1	19.7	21.3	165	161	170	3,637	3,163	3,630
Total Fall	976.4	930.3	1,015.9	195	185	212	190,617	172,190	215,472
UNITED STATES	1,390.5	1,293.8	1,412.8	192	185	206	267,052	239,403	290,405

Winter 1966 Crop	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Dec.	Average 1960-64	1965	Dec.
Florida & Calif.	21.0	19.4	26.0	190	181	10th	3,990	3,518	10th

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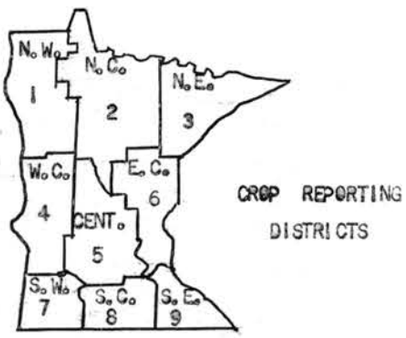
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PRECIPITATION AND TEMPERATURE

For Week Ending: * Friday, November 12, 1965
** Saturday, November 13, 1965
*** Sunday, November 14, 1965



CROP REPORTING DISTRICTS

District and Station	Temperature			Precip.
	Av.	High	Low	
Northwest District (1)				
Crookston*	30	42	12	.17
East Grand Forks***	25	45	- 1	.35
Fosston*	31	47	11	.20
Hallock**	M	M	M	M
Hawley*	M	M	M	M
Moorhead***	28	45	11	.23
Warroad**	M	M	M	M
North Cent. Dist. (2)				
Bemidji***	23	40	- 1	.27
Grand Rapids*	30	48	9	.72
Int'l Falls***	21	37	6	.21
Park Rapids*	31	49	5	.41
Northeast Dist. (3)				
Babbitt*	27	50	10	1.21
Duluth***	25	39	9	.65
Grand Marais*	M	M	M	M
Hibbing***	24	37	7	1.05
Isabella*	28	54	7	2.30
Virginia*	27	42	9	.50
West Cent. Dist. (4)				
Alexandria***	29	42	10	.31
Beardsley*	35	57	11	.10
Fergus Falls*	M	M	M	M
Granite Falls*	35	55	17	.07
Madison*	37	67	12	.24
Montevideo*	M	M	M	M
Morris*	35	61	14	.20
Central Dist. (5)				
Bird Island**	33	56	12	.59
Buffalo*	38	62	16	.75
Gaylord*	39	63	16	.80
St. Cloud***	27	44	10	.73
Wadena***	27	46	5	.43
Willmar*	M	M	M	M

District and Station	Temperature			Precip.
	Av.	High	Low	
East Cent. Dist. (6)				
Cambridge*	33	49	11	.81
Hinckley*	35	51	11	.37
Maple Plain*	M	M	M	M
Milaca*	M	M	M	M
Minneapolis***	31	46	13	.93
Mora*	M	M	M	M
Stillwater*	37	58	17	.33
Southwest Dist. (7)				
Marshall**	34	60	14	.25
Minneota**	35	60	6	.10
Pipestone*	35	60	14	.13
Redwood Falls***	34	49	11	.67
Tracy**	36	58	14	.75
Tyler*	-	-	-	.03
Vesta*	-	-	-	.40
Worthington*	37	60	15	.39
South Cent. Dist. (8)				
Fairmont*	38	62	17	.09
LeCenter*	-	-	-	.48
New Ulm*	M	M	M	M
North Mankato*	39	61	16	.06
St. James*	38	59	14	.34
Waseca*	39	64	14	.37
Winnebago**	36	60	15	.23
Southeast Dist. (9)				
LaCrosse, Wis.***	34	52	16	.89
Red Wing**	-	-	-	.35
Rochester***	35	52	15	.77
Rosemount*	37	59	12	1.12
Spring Grove*	-	-	-	1.06
Wabasha*	-	-	-	.65

Weather Bureau First Order Stations, Week Ending November 14, 1965

STATION	TEMPERATURE		PRECIPITATION				
	WEEK'S AVERAGE	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	WEEK'S TOTAL	DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL			
				PAST WEEK	LAST TWO WEEKS	LAST FOUR WEEKS	SEASON SINCE APRIL 1
Fargo, No. Dakota	28	- 3	0.23	+0.04	-0.18	-0.27	+3.85
International Falls	21	- 6	0.21	-0.14	-0.29	+1.66	+2.82
Duluth	25	- 5	0.65	+0.22	-0.24	+0.45	+1.47
St. Cloud	27	- 5	0.73	+0.40	+0.05	-0.27	+9.87
Sioux Falls, So. Dak.	31	- 4	0.06	-0.18	-0.46	-0.85	+0.18
Rochester	35	+ 1	0.77	+0.39	-0.02	-0.55	+1.19
Mpls. - St. Paul	31	- 3	0.93	+0.58	+0.25	+0.21	+10.07

T - Trace
M - Missing

M I N N E S O T A

WEEKLY WEATHER CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Statistical Reporting Service

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Weather Bureau

Cooperating with

MINNESOTA
Department of Agriculture

AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE
University of Minnesota

No. 33 Released 3:00 pm. Monday, November 15, 1965 - Minneapolis - St. Paul, Minnesota

CROP AND LIVESTOCK SITUATION (SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1965): Good drying and harvest weather during the first part of the week permitted farmers to make progress with farm work. Rain, snow and cold weather during the latter part of the week slowed up harvest operations somewhat and slowed other farm activities. Most all crops are now harvested except corn which is considerably later than normal. Both topsoil and subsoil moisture is adequate in all areas with some localities in the Red River Valley reporting surplus.

Good drying weather during the past several weeks has helped materially in drying the late corn crop. As of November 13, about 55 percent of the State's corn crop had been picked. This compares with only 27 percent a week earlier indicating that good progress was made during the past week. Rain and cloudy damp weather in most areas since mid-week caused further delay in corn harvest. Fields in some localities are again to soft to support heavy harvest equipment.

The moisture content of harvested corn continues to run high and this tends to create a storage problem. Much of the corn now being harvested is being artificially dried or stored in well ventilated cribs or even piled on the ground. The early frost and high moisture of corn is causing test weight to run substantially below average.

Fall plowing is virtually completed except the corn stalk fields and since harvest is already late much of the corn land will not be plowed this fall.

Pastures are providing only limited grazing in most areas and supplemental fall feeding of livestock has been started.

WEATHER, November 15: It was a cold week with most sections averaging 3 to 6 degrees below the normal. Afternoon highs were generally in the 30's or 40's. Overnight lows varied widely, both in time and between areas. Minnesota recorded its first subzero temperatures of the season in the northern districts with Roseau, which is located 10 miles south of the Canadian border, reporting -5 degrees on the 9th. Precipitation amounts were mostly normal to somewhat above normal and fell the latter half of the week. Isabella, in the northeast, recorded 2.03 inches for the greatest amount. At Babbitt the precipitation fell mostly as snow as they now have 8 inches on the ground. A few other northern stations report snow cover of 2 to 3 inches.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 17, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
October 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,045,000 chicks during October 1965, 11 percent less than a year earlier but 7 percent above the 5-year average according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

Egg-type chick production totaled 507,000 chicks during October, 8 percent more than during October 1964. The broiler-type chick hatch totaled 538,000 birds, down 24 percent from a year earlier. For the period, January through October 1965, the egg-type hatch was down 17 percent and the broiler-type hatch was down 29 percent from the same period in 1964.

At mid-October, the cost of a standard poultry ration was $2.88 per 100 pounds compared with $2.89 a month earlier and $2.86 a year earlier. The egg-feed ratio was 10.1 compared to 10.0 the previous month and 8.9 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-type			Broiler-type		
	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	643	631	- 2	992	723	- 27
February	1,304	1,031	- 21	880	612	- 30
March	4,707	3,271	- 31	1,106	747	- 32
April	7,466	5,600	- 25	1,164	896	- 23
May	5,932	5,285	- 11	1,146	890	- 22
June	1,698	2,070	+ 22	1,073	740	- 31
July	623	564	- 9	984	630	- 36
August	396	448	+ 13	863	613	- 29
September	503	330	- 34	862	569	- 34
October	469	507	+ 8	710	538	- 24
November	551			700		
December	538			760		

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 221,350,000 chicks during October compared with 203,399,000 in October 1964. The hatch of broiler chicks totaled 193,636,000, up 11 percent from October last year and the largest of record for the month. During the first 10 months of 1965 there were 2,094,583,000 broiler chicks produced, an increase of 8 percent from January-October 1964 and the largest of record for these months. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on November 1 was 10 percent above a year earlier.

There were 27,714,000 egg-type chicks hatched in October, down 4 percent from October 1964. Reported decreases were 11 percent in the Western States, 7 percent in the East North Central and 5 percent in the South Atlantic States. No change from October last year was reported in the West North Central States. Increases reported were 3 percent in the North Atlantic States and 1 percent in the South Central States. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 10 months of 1965 totaled 438,082,000 - a decrease of 8 percent from the same period last year. The number of "egg-type" eggs in incubators on November 1 was up 13 percent from a year earlier.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During October			
	Broiler-type		Egg-Type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	560	450	1,450	1,250
Indiana	2,374	2,659	1,407	1,401
Illinois	63	48	963	915
Michigan	395	420	860	620
Wisconsin	732	890	153	290
E. N. Central	4,124	4,467	4,833	4,476
Minnesota	710	538	469	507
Iowa	100	35	400	375
Missouri	2,812	2,089	269	350
North Dakota	1/	1/	14	15
South Dakota	1/	1/	210	82
Nebraska	4	7	156	108
Kansas	6	4	177	260
1/ W. N. Central	1/3,632	1/ 2,673	1,695	1,697
United States	174,502	193,636	28,897	27,714

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

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Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 18, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending November 13, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 134,000 heavy white and 106,000 light breed poults during the week ending November 13 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week in 1964, the heavy white hatch was up 35,000, the other heavy breed was down 14,000 and the light breed hatch was up 20,000 poults.

The six-State settings totaled 345,000 heavy white, 23,000 other heavy breed, and 209,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 211,000 heavy white, 43,000 other heavy breed, and 167,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES 1/

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct. 23	90	74	#	#	114	107
Oct. 30	111	94	0	#	111	123
Nov. 6	86	114	36	#	122	140
Nov. 13	99	86	0	#	99	134
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Sept. 25	148	133	#	#	187	192
Oct. 2	191	157	0	#	191	209
Oct. 9	143	189	52	#	195	234
Oct. 16	172	146	0	#	172	232
Oct. 23	169	215	33	#	202	267
Oct. 30	170	211	#	#	234	319
Nov. 6	180	228	#	#	247	354
Nov. 13	182	203	28	#	211	345
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct. 23	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 30	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nov. 6	0	0	11	0	11	0
Nov. 13	0	0	14	0	14	0
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Sept. 25	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 9	0	0	18	0	18	0
Oct. 16	0	0	20	0	20	0
Oct. 23	0	0	56	0	56	0
Oct. 30	0	0	40	0	40	0
Nov. 6	0	0	40	0	40	0
Nov. 13	0	0	43	23	43	23
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct.. 23	51	86	#	0	87	156
Oct. 30	40	80	15	0	86	132
Nov. 6	32	#	#	0	79	132
Nov. 13	32	#	#	0	86	106
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Sept. 25	87	155	#	0	140	265
Oct. 2	75	139	22	0	146	224
Oct. 9	60	120	#	0	128	215
Oct. 16	55	#	#	0	139	174
Oct. 23	67	72	#	0	140	157
Oct. 30	48	70	#	0	125	165
Nov. 6	60	109	#	0	135	195
Nov. 13	75	105	#	#	167	209

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending November 13 included 86,000 heavy white, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. For the comparable week in 1964, 99,000 heavy whites and 32,000 light breed poults were hatched.

Settings for the week totaled 203,000 heavy white and 105,000 light breed eggs. During the same week a year ago, 182,000 heavy white and 75,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 35 percent of the week's hatch compared with 23 percent the previous week and 45 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breed						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested by Official State Agencies during October 1965 was 611,447, down 9 percent from October 1964. Testings of heavy white breeds during October were 18 percent larger but other heavy breeds were 32 percent smaller than October last year. Aggregate testings July through October for all heavy breeds totaled 1,290,201 - an increase of 13 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during October totaled 14,114, down 53 percent from October 1964. Testings of light breeds July through October totaled 93,766 birds, 10 percent below the same period in 1964.

Turkeys tested in Minnesota during October 1965 totaled 118,264 heavy white, 44,878 other heavy and no light breed. Cumulative totals for the months July through October 1965 are 241,036 heavy white, 97,472 other heavy and 10,863 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for July through October 1964 are 162,500 heavy white, 142,154 other heavy and 12,522 light breed turkeys.

Eldon L. Johnson
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

NOV 29 1965

Immediate Release

November 26, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending November 20, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 141,000 heavy white, 95,000 light breed, but no other heavy (bronze) breed poults during the week ending November 20 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 17,000, and the light breed hatch up 9,000 poults, while the other heavy was down 32,000.

The six-State settings totaled 445,000 heavy white, 70,000 other heavy and 198,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 383,000 heavy white, 56,000 other heavy and 149,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct. 30	111	94	0	#	111	123
Nov. 6	86	114	36	#	122	140
Nov. 13	99	86	0	#	99	134
Nov. 20	101	111	23	#	124	141
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 2	191	157	0	#	191	209
Oct. 9	143	189	52	#	195	234
Oct. 16	172	146	0	#	172	232
Oct. 23	169	215	33	#	202	267
Oct. 30	170	211	#	#	234	319
Nov. 6	180	228	#	#	247	354
Nov. 13	182	203	28	#	211	345
Nov. 20	257	246	90	#	383	445
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct. 30	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nov. 6	0	0	11	0	11	0
Nov. 13	0	0	14	0	14	0
Nov. 20	0	0	32	0	32	0
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 9	0	0	18	0	18	0
Oct. 16	0	0	20	0	20	0
Oct. 23	0	0	56	0	56	0
Oct. 30	0	0	40	0	40	0
Nov. 6	0	0	40	0	40	0
Nov. 13	0	0	43	23	43	23
Nov. 20	0	0	56	54	56	70
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Oct. 30	40	80	15	0	86	132
Nov. 6	32	#	#	0	79	132
Nov. 13	32	#	#	0	86	106
Nov. 20	41	43	#	0	86	95
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 2	75	139	22	0	146	224
Oct. 9	60	120	#	0	128	215
Oct. 16	55	#	#	0	139	174
Oct. 23	67	72	#	0	140	157
Oct. 30	48	70	#	0	125	165
Nov. 6	60	109	#	0	135	195
Nov. 13	75	105	#	#	167	209
Nov. 20	81	96	20	#	149	198

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending November 20 included 111,000 heavy white and 43,000 light breed poults. For the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was 101,000 and the light breeds totaled 41,000 poults.

Settings for the week totaled 246,000 heavy white and 96,000 light breed eggs. Compared with the same week a year ago, the heavy white set was down 11,000 while the light breed was up 15,000 eggs.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 39 percent of the week's hatch compared with 35 percent the previous week and 33 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

DEC 3 1965

Immediate Release

November 30, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-November 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota Farmers in mid-November, at 85 percent of the 1947 - 49 average, was the highest for November since 1953, according to The Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The index was 9 points above a year earlier, but 2 points below mid-October of this year. Livestock prices, particularly those for hogs, continue at much higher levels than a year ago.

Compared with mid-October the livestock price index declined 1 point to 100 percent of the 1947-49 average, but was 26 points above a year earlier. The crop index declined 5 points from the previous month and was 8 points below November 1964. The milk and cream index remained unchanged from last month and were 3 points above a year earlier. The poultry and egg index advanced 2 points from the previous month and were 8 points above November 1964 group price level.

Barley prices averaged 4 cents higher while wheat, rye, and oats each averaged 1 cent a bushel higher than a month earlier. Barley prices were 15 cents and oats prices 1 cent above last years level while prices for other crops were all below a year ago. Soybean prices advanced 9 cents from a month ago, but are 17 cents below a year earlier. Flaxseed showed a 1 cent increase from last month, but are 23 cents below November 1964.

Hog prices averaged 30 cents per cwt. higher than last month while cattle prices declined 90 cents per cwt. Compared with a year earlier, hog prices continued sharply higher (up from $13.50 to $23.20) while cattle prices were only slightly higher ($16.10 to $17.70). Lamb prices advanced 70 cents per cwt. from last month, but were $3.50 above last year.

Milk prices averaged 2 cents per cwt. below a month ago, but were 13 cents per cwt. above a year ago.

Eggs at 29.5 cents a dozen were up 0.5 cents from October and 4 cents from November 1964. Turkeys, per pound liveweight, at 21 cents were up 1 cent from both last month and last year.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49 = 100	Nov. 15 av. 1957-61	Nov. 15 1962	Nov. 15 1963	Nov. 15 1964	Oct. 15 1965	Nov. 15 1965
All Farm Products . .	78	80	76	76	87	85
Crops	63	66	72	74	71	66
Livestock	85	90	76	74	101	100
Dairy Products . . .	95	92	92	96	99	99
Poultry and Eggs . .	70	66	63	58	64	66

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910 -14 = 100	Nov. 15 1961	Nov. 15 1962	Nov. 15 1963	Nov. 15 1964	Oct. 15 1965	Nov. 15 1965
Prices Received . . .	240	245	242	234	248	248
Prices Paid 1/ . . .	301	308	311	313	322	322
Parity Ratio	80	80	78	75	77	77

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

C. R. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY - FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			NOVEMBER 15, 1965			
		NOV. 15, 1964	OCT. 15, 1965	NOV. 15, 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	1.58	1.47	1.48	1.39	1.41	1.46	1.38
RYE	BU.	1.04	.96	.97	.96	.82	.91	.966
CORN	BU.	.96	1.07	.80	.95	.96	.92	.980
OATS	BU.	.58	.58	.59	.64	.50	.56	.621
BARLEY	BU.	.89	1.00	1.04	.95	.98	.94	1.02
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.54	2.28	2.37	2.34	2.22	2.28	2.36
FLAXSEED	BU.	3.00	2.76	2.77	2.77	2.70	2.75	2.72
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	21.50	21.00	21.00	21.10	14.50	17.00	23.20
POTATOES	CWT.	2.95	1.73	1.50	2.75	1.40	2.05	1.85
HOGS	CWT.	13.50	22.90	23.20	23.20	21.50	22.70	23.20
COWS	CWT.	11.40	13.60	12.80	13.40	12.30	13.50	13.00
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	20.70	23.10	22.40	24.20	21.80	22.40	22.60
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	16.10	18.60	17.70	22.70	18.80	20.60	19.80
CALVES	CWT.	21.70	23.20	23.20	22.30	23.20	25.50	22.40
SHEEP	CWT.	5.50	7.00	6.40	5.50	5.50	5.00	6.27
LAMBS	CWT.	19.90	22.70	23.40	22.00	22.10	23.00	22.40
MILK COWS	HEAD	210.00	220.00	220.00	220.00	195.00	210.00	215.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.44	3.59	3.57	3.80	3.60	3.65	4.59
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.66	.66	.67	.66	.64	.62	.619
TURKEYS - LIVE	LB.	.200	.200	.210	.210	.210	.220	.221
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.055	.055	.055	.055	.050	.055	.090
EGGS	DOZ.	.255	.290	.295	.285	.300	.271	.377
WOOL	LB.	.50	.50	.49	.48	.50	.50	.475
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.75	2.95	3.00	3.25	3.10	3.30	3.23
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.45	4.90	4.90	4.95	5.10	5.10	5.10
HOG FEED, 29% & OVER	CWT.	5.60	6.10	6.10	6.20	6.00	6.30	6.03
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% AND OVER	CWT.	4.65	4.90	4.85	4.95	4.65	4.80	4.55
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.05	3.15	3.15	3.80	--	--	3.75
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.82	2.88	2.82	2.82	2.81	2.71	3.38
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.15	4.25	4.35	4.80	4.75	4.75	4.41
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG - CORN 1/		14.1	21.4	29.0	24.4	22.4	24.7	23.7
BEEF - CORN 1/		21.6	21.6	28.0	25.5	22.7	24.3	23.1
EGG - FEED 2/		9.0	10.1	10.5	10.1	10.7	10.0	11.2
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.7

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER - HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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December 2, 1965

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER

MINNESOTA: Commercial slaughter plants in Minnesota during the January - October 1965 period slaughtered 1,320,000 head of cattle, 178,800 calves, 4,373,000 hogs and 595,500 sheep and lambs according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the 10 month period in 1964 while calf slaughter was up 4 percent, cattle slaughter was down 5 percent, hog slaughter down 5 percent and sheep and lamb slaughter down 13 percent.

Cattle slaughter during October totaled 147,000 head, down 9 percent from a year earlier but up 1 percent from September 1965. The average liveweight was 1,046 pounds for October, 3 pounds lighter than October 1964 and 16 pounds heavier than the previous month.

The number of calves slaughtered during October was 26,500 head compared to 30,500 head in October 1964 and 17,400 head during September 1964. At 167 pounds, the average liveweight was 8 pounds less than a year earlier and 16 pounds lighter than in September 1965.

Hog slaughter totaled 444,000 head during October, down 27 percent from October 1964 but less than 1 percent lower than during September. The average liveweight at 247 pounds compares with 254 pounds a year ago and 242 pounds in September.

Sheep and lamb slaughter totaled 91,500 head during October compared to 135,000 head in October 1964 and 75,000 head in September. The October average liveweight was 102 pounds, 2 pounds heavier than a year earlier and 1 pound heavier than the previous month.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during October in the 48 States totaled 2,667 million pounds. This was 9 percent less than October 1964 and 1 percent less than September 1965. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter. There were 25,418 million pounds of red meat produced during the first 10 months of 1965. This is 3 percent less than the 26,177 million pounds produced during the corresponding period of 1964. Of the January-October total, 15,164 million pounds were beef, up 1 percent from a year earlier. 781 million pounds were veal, up 2 percent; 8,938 million pounds were pork, down 9 percent; and 535 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 9 percent. Lard production for January-October was 1,647 million pounds, down 16 percent from a year earlier. During the 10-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered was 5 percent greater than in the same period of 1964; calves were up 3 percent; hogs down 9 percent; and sheep and lambs down 11 percent.

Beef production during October was 1,603 million pounds, 1 percent less than October 1964 and 1 percent less than September 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during October totaled 2,889,300 head, about the same as a year earlier but 1 percent below previous month. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 986 pounds, 11 pounds less than October 1964 but 8 pounds more than September 1965.

There were 88 million pounds of veal produced during October, 9 percent below October 1964 and 2 percent below September 1965. The 696,600 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 7 percent less than October 1964, but about the same as September 1965.

Pork production during October totaled 920 million pounds, 19 percent less than October 1964, but 1 percent more than September 1965. The hog kill during October was 6,255,400 head, 20 percent less than a year earlier and 1 percent less than a month earlier. Lard rendered per 100 pounds liveweight of hogs was 10.9 pounds compared with 11.7 pounds in October 1964 and 10.9 pounds in September 1965.

The 56 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during October was 12 percent less than a year earlier and 5 percent less than month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during October was 1,151,700 head, 16 percent fewer than October 1964 and 6 percent less than September 1965. Production of poultry meat during October amounted to 877 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 5 percent greater than October 1964 and 4 percent more than September 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

	October		January-October		Jan.-Oct. 1965 as % of 1964	October Average Liveweight	
	1964	1965	1964	1965		1964	1965
	1,000 Head		1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA							
Cattle	161.0	147.0	1,393.0	1,320.0	95	1,049	1,046
Calves	30.5	26.5	171.3	178.8	104	175	167
Hogs	605.0	444.0	4,584.0	4,373.0	95	254	247
Sheep & Lambs	135.0	91.5	686.5	595.5	87	100	102
48 STATES							
Cattle	2,875.4	2,889.3	25,529.5	26,739.9	105	997	986
Calves	752.4	696.6	5,931.9	6,115.9	103	232	229
Hogs	7,797.2	6,255.4	67,841.2	61,633.5	91	241	239
Sheep & Lambs	1,363.5	1,151.7	12,293.8	10,945.8	89	98	100

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES BY MONTHS 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb & mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
Oct. 1964	1,623	97	1,140	64	2,924	838	220
Sept. 1965	1,623	90	915	59	2,687	847	162
Oct. 1965	1,603	88	920	56	2,667	877	163
Jan.-Oct. 1964 5/	15,023	769	9,795	590	26,177	6,186	1,962
Jan.-Oct. 1965 5/	15,164	781	8,938	535	25,418	6,484	1,647

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, number raised, intentions to raise and market poultry as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Accumlated totals based on unrounded data.

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Immediate Release

December 2, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending November 27, 1965

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 193,000 heavy white, 117,000 light breed, and an undisclosed number of other heavy (bronze) breed poults during the week ending November 27 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 54,000 and the light breed hatch 40,000 poults, while other heavy breeds were down an undisclosed amount.

The six-State settings totaled 378,000 heavy white, 58,000 other heavy and 172,000 light breed eggs. For the same week a year ago, 288,000 heavy white, 104,000 other heavy and 197,000 light breed eggs were set.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Nov. 6	86	114	36	#	122	140
Nov. 13	99	86	0	#	99	134
Nov. 20	101	111	23	#	124	141
Nov. 27	95	128	#	#	139	193
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 9	143	189	52	#	195	234
Oct. 16	172	146	0	#	172	232
Oct. 23	169	215	33	#	202	267
Oct. 30	170	211	#	#	234	319
Nov. 6	180	228	#	#	247	354
Nov. 13	182	203	28	#	211	345
Nov. 20	257	246	90	#	383	445
Nov. 27	#	#	52	203	288	378
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Nov. 6	0	0	11	0	11	0
Nov. 13	0	0	14	0	14	0
Nov. 20	0	0	32	0	32	0
Nov. 27	0	0	28	#	28	#
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 9	0	0	18	0	18	0
Oct. 16	0	0	20	0	20	0
Oct. 23	0	0	56	0	56	0
Oct. 30	0	0	40	0	40	0
Nov. 6	0	0	40	0	40	0
Nov. 13	0	0	43	23	43	23
Nov. 20	0	0	56	54	56	70
Nov. 27	#	0	#	#	104	58
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Nov. 6	32	#	#	0	79	132
Nov. 13	32	#	#	0	86	106
Nov. 20	41	43	#	0	86	95
Nov. 27	26	#	13	0	77	117
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 9	60	120	#	0	128	215
Oct. 16	55	#	#	0	139	174
Oct. 23	67	72	#	0	140	157
Oct. 30	48	70	#	0	125	165
Nov. 6	60	109	#	0	135	195
Nov. 13	75	105	#	#	167	209
Nov. 20	81	96	20	#	149	198
Nov. 27	#	#	20	0	197	172

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA - WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending November 27 included 128,000 heavy white, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. For the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was 95,000 and the light breeds totaled 26,000 poults.

Settings for the week were an undisclosed number for both heavy white and light breed eggs. The same situation also existed a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 24 percent of the week's hatch compared with 39 percent the previous week and 14 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

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December 6, 1965

COMMERCIAL APPLE PRODUCTION
Minnesota - 1965

MINNESOTA: Production of apples in 1965 totaled 290,000 bushels, according the the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This is 33 percent below the 430,000 bushels produced last year.

Production of summer varieties totaled 23,000 bushels, a 16,000 bushel decrease from the 39,000 bushels last year. Beacon was the leading summer variety. Fall varieties totaled 90,000 bushels, 13 percent below the 104,000 bushels produced in 1964. Johathan and Wealthy were the leading fall species. The winter variety crop at 177,000 bushels was 38 percent below the 287,000 bushels produced in 1964. McIntosh accounted for 14 percent of the total winter production, Haralson 15 percent and Red Delicious 8 percent.

UNITED STATES: The Nation's 1965 commercial apple crop totaled 135.7 million bushels. This is 3 percent below the 1964 crop but 11 percent higher than the 1959-63 average. These estimates include quantities of mature apples left unharvested because of shortage of labor, low prices, or other economic reasons. Approximately 2 percent of the 1965 crop was left unharvested compared with 1.2 percent for the 1964 crop.

In the Eastern States, the 1965 apple crop totaled 67.8 million bushels, up 6 percent from 1964. Production for the Central States during 1965 totaled 28.8 million bushels or 7 percent below 1964. The Western States 1965 apple crop amounted to 39.1 million bushels, 12 percent below 1964.

Red Delicious was the leading variety accounting for one-fourth of the total production. Other leading varieties and percent of total production were: McIntosh, 14 percent; Golden Delicious, 9 percent; Rome Beauty, 8 percent; and Johathan, 7 percent. These five varieties accounted for 62 percent of the National crop.

Eighty-seven percent of this year's crop was winter varieties, compared with 86 percent in 1964. Fall varieties accounted for 10 percent of both the 1964 and 1965 crops. Summer Varieties made up 3 percent of the 1965 production compared with 4 percent in 1964. A short crop of Gravensteins in California caused the drop in production of summer apples.

Washington was the leading State in 1965 with 24.0 million bushels followed by New York with 23.5 million bushels. Michigan ranked third with a 16.0 million bushel crop. Pennsylvania and Virginia ranked fourth and fifth with 11.0 and 10.5 million bushels, respectively. These five States accounted for 63 percent of the Nation's 1965 total production.

J. S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

COMMERCIAL APPLE PRODUCTION BY VARIETIES, UNITED STATES AND MINNESOTA, 1965 WITH COMPARISONS 1/

VARIETY	United States			Minnesota	
	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousand Bushels			Thousand Bushels	
Summer Varieties:	4,863	6,154	3,492	39	23
Fall Varieties:					
Jonathan	8,292	9,768	10,078	43	35
Wealthy	1,376	1,248	1,217	52	38
Other Fall	2,915	2,842	2,998	9	17
Total	12,583	13,858	14,293	104	90
Winter Varieties:					
Haralson	-	-	-	71	43
Cortland	3,608	3,622	4,194	9	6
Delicious	27,451	33,938	33,332	43	23
Golden Delicious	8,252	11,222	12,142	13	6
McIntosh	17,102	17,479	18,335	64	41
Prairie Spy	-	-	-	14	11
Northwest Greening	-	-	-	24	20
Other Winter	48,783	52,942	49,932	49	27
Total	105,196	119,203	117,935	287	177
TOTAL	122,641	139,215	135,720	430	290

1/ Estimates of commercial crop refer to total production of apples in the commercial areas of each State.

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December 9, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 4, 1965

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 231,000 heavy white, 19,000 other heavy and 127,000 light breed poults during the week ending December 4, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 66,000, light breeds were up 30,000, but the other heavy hatch was down 10,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 666,000 heavy white 192,000 other heavy and 266,000 light breed eggs. Compared with a year ago, settings of all breed-type eggs were up substancially.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
			Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Nov. 13	99	86	0	#		
Nov. 20	101	111	23	#		
Nov. 27	95	128	#	#		
Dec. 4	102	143	44	#	165	231
			Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Oct. 16	172	146	0	#		
Oct. 23	169	215	33	#		
Oct. 30	170	211	#	#		
Nov. 6	180	228	#	#		
Nov. 13	182	203	28	#		
Nov. 20	257	246	90	#		
Nov. 27	#	#	52	203		
Dec. 4	257	233	121	298	503	666
			Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Nov. 13	0	0	14	0		
Nov. 20	0	0	32	0		
Nov. 27	0	0	28	#		
Dec. 4	0	0	29	#	29	19
			Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Oct. 16	0	0	20	0		
Oct. 23	0	0	56	0		
Oct. 30	0	0	40	0		
Nov. 6	0	0	40	0		
Nov. 13	0	0	43	23		
Nov. 20	0	0	56	54		
Nov. 27	#	0	#	#		
Dec. 4	#	#	#	137	102	192
			Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Nov. 13	32	#	#	0		
Nov. 20	41	43	#	0		
Nov. 27	26	#	13	0		
Dec. 4	34	63	11	0	97	127
			Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Oct. 16	55	#	#	0		
Oct. 23	67	72	#	0		
Oct. 30	48	70	#	0		
Nov. 6	60	109	#	0		
Nov. 13	75	105	#	#		
Nov. 20	81	96	20	#		
Nov. 27	#	#	20	0		
Dec. 4	#	136	#	9	180	266

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA - WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending December 4 included 143,000 heavy white, 63,000 light breed and no bronze poults. Compared with the same week a year earlier the heavy white hatch was up 40 percent and light breeds nearly double last year's number.

Settings for the week totaled 233,000 heavy white, 136,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of other heavy eggs. Compared with the previous year heavy white eggs set were down 9 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 50 percent of the week's hatched compared with 24 percent the previous week and 25 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411		0		140		867		568	
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819		45		280		1,905		913	

Harry L. Parr
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 13, 1965

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
December 13, 1965

MILK PRODUCTION: Minnesota - Milk production during November totaled 701 million pounds, up 10 percent from a month earlier, but 10 percent below the November 1964 production. Production for the 11 month period, January-November is just slightly below the corresponding 11 month period of 1964.

United States - November milk production in the United States is estimated at 9,134 million pounds, 3 percent below the record high for November set in 1964. November output was the smallest for the month since 1960. Production continued sharply below a year earlier in most North Central States for the third successive month.

EGG PRODUCTION: Minnesota - Egg production for November totaled 192 million eggs, down 12 percent from November a year earlier. The average number of layers during the month totaled 11,230,000 9 percent below last year's level. Rate of lay for the month averaged 57 percent which compares with 59 during November last year. During the January-November period this year, egg production was 8 percent less than the corresponding 11-month period of 1964.

United States - Egg production in the U. S. during November totaled 5,190 million eggs, up 1 percent from November 1964 and up 5 percent from the 1959-63 November average. Layer numbers on hand during November averaged 304.4 million, a seasonal increase of 1 percent from a month earlier but a decrease of 1 percent from November last year. Production per layer averaged 17.05 eggs during November, 1 percent above a year earlier and 6 percent above the 1959-63 November average. Each month, May through November, the rate of lay established a record high for the month. Egg production for the first 11 months of 1965 was 59,342 million eggs, up fractionally from the same period of 1964.

Rate of lay per 100 layers was 57.0 on December 1, compared with 56.1 on December 1 last year. Rate of lay was up 3 percent in both the South Central and Western regions, up 2 percent in the South Atlantic, and up 1 percent in the North Atlantic and East North Central regions. In the West North Central, rate of lay showed a fractional decrease. Production per layer during November was 17.05, up 1 percent from November 1964 and a record high for the date.

Number of layers on hand December 1 totaled 305.8 million, a seasonal increase of 1 percent from the preceding month but a decrease of 1 percent from December 1, 1964. Pullets not of laying age on December 1 are estimated at 50.4 million, up fractionally from a year earlier but seasonally down 13 percent from the preceding month. Potential layers (hens and pullets of laying age plus pullets not of laying age) totaled 356.2 million compared with 358.4 million on December 1, 1964 and 361.0 million on November 1, 1965.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Immediate Release

December 15, 1965

MINNESOTA SUNFLOWER SEED PRODUCTION - 1965

Minnesota farmers in the Red River Valley and the State's adjoining counties produced an estimated 16.8 million pounds of sunflower seed in 1965 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with the production of 15.0 million pounds in 1964. The 12 percent increase in production was due to increased yields since the harvested acreage was down slightly from a year ago.

Yields were up somewhat compared with the previous year. However rains, wet weather and soft fields delayed harvest. By late November some fields were still not harvested or at least only partly harvested. The yield was 800 pounds per acre up somewhat from the 680 pounds per acre harvested in 1964.

Acreage planted at 24,000 was up 1,000 acres from the 23,000 acres planted for the 1964 crop. Most of the acreage was grown under contract with possibly 1,000 to 2,000 acres being grown on an open basis.

Acreage abandoned and not harvested in 1965 was greater than in both 1963 and 1964. It was estimated at slightly over 12 percent of the planted acres with the possibility that some of the acreage intended for harvest, but still standing in November might never be combined. Based on reports from farmers having about 10,000 acres, the State's planted acreage in 1965 is estimated at 24,000 acres compared with 23,000 in 1964. However the acreage harvested in 1965 at 21,000 is down slightly from 1964.

Red River Valley Farmers realized over $600,000 in cash income from the sale of the 1964 crop of 15 million pounds of sunflower seed at an average price of $4.10 per hundredweight. This fall growers who were selling for cash were receiving an average price of $4.40 per hundredweight. Other growers were receiving a minimum payment with final settlement to be made in 1966. Assuming the average price received for the 1965 crop to be at least $4.40 per hundredweight gives total cash receipts in excess of $700,000 for the 1965 crop.

Sunflower Seed - Acreage, Yield, Production and Value 1963-65

Year	Acreage Planted	Acreage Harvested	Yield Per Harvested Acre	Production	Price Per Cwt.	Value of Production
	Acres	Acres	Pounds	(000) Pounds	Dollars	(000) Dollars
1963 . . .	29,000	28,000	1,100	30,800	4.15	1,278
1964 . . .	23,000	22,000	680	14,960	4.10	613
1965 . . .	24,000	21,000	800	16,800	1/ 4.40	1/ 739

1/ Preliminary.

"This report was made possible by funds provided by the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Consumer and Marketing Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, under provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946."

D. O. Mesick
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F. J. Graham
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Immediate Release

December 16, 1965

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
November 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,111,000 chicks during November 1965, 11 percent less than a year earlier but 20 percent above the 5-year average according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The November hatch consisted of 533,000 egg-type and 578,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was down 3 percent from November of last year and broiler-type chicks hatch was down 17 percent. For the period January through November 1965 the egg-type chick hatch at 20,270,000 was 17 percent below the same period in 1964. The January through November hatch of broiler chicks totaled 7,536,000, down 28 percent from a year ago. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on December 1 were down 21 percent from a year ago.

In mid-November the cost of a standard poultry ration was $2.82 per 100 pounds, the same as a year ago and 6 cents less than last month. On November 15, the egg-feed ratio was 10.5 compared to 10.1 the previous month and 9.0 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-type			Broiler-type		
	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	643	631	- 2	992	723	- 27
February	1,304	1,031	- 21	880	612	- 30
March	4,707	3,271	- 31	1,106	747	- 32
April	7,466	5,600	- 25	1,164	896	- 23
May	5,932	5,285	- 11	1,146	890	- 22
June	1,698	2,070	+ 22	1,073	740	- 31
July	623	564	- 9	984	630	- 36
August	396	448	+ 13	863	613	- 29
September	503	330	- 34	862	569	- 34
October	469	507	+ 8	710	538	- 24
November	551	533	- 3	700	578	- 17
December	538			760		

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 223.0 million chicks during November compared with 200.9 million during November 1964. The hatch of broiler type chicks totaled 196.0 million, up 11 percent from November last year and the largest of record for the month. Accumulative hatch of broiler chicks during the first 11 months of 1965 was 2,290.6 million, up 8 percent from the same period a year earlier and the largest of record for these months. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on December 1 was up 12 percent from December 1, 1964.

Egg type chicks hatched in November are estimated at 26.9 million chicks, an increase of 8 percent from November 1964. Increases occurred in all regions except the West where a 7 percent decrease was recorded. Increases were 15 percent in each the North Atlantic, East North Central, and South Central, 10 percent in the West North Central and 8 percent in the South Atlantic. The hatch of egg type chicks during the first 11 months of 1965 totaled 465.0 million, a decrease of 8 percent from the same months last year. The number of "egg-type"eggs in incubators on December 1 was 12 percent above the year earlier.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During November			
	Broiler-type		Egg-type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	600	650	990	1,050
Indiana	1,768	2,295	1,337	1,417
Illinois	81	58	695	766
Michigan	380	420	630	900
Wisconsin	800	1,080	188	280
E. N. Central	3,629	4,503	3,840	4,413
Minnesota	700	578	551	533
Iowa	130	60	350	350
Missouri	2,669	2,122	262	318
North Dakota	1/	1/	14	20
South Dakota	1/	1/	70	62
Nebraska	1	2	130	158
Kansas	1	0	139	225
1/ W. N. Central	1/ 3,501	1/ 2,762	1,516	1,666
United States	176,035	196,027	24,873	26,935

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota
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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

December 16, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 11, 1965

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 247,000 heavy white, 40,000 other heavy and 150,000 light breed poults during the week ending December 11, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 92,000, light breeds up 44,000 while the other heavy hatch was down 1,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 741,000 heavy white, 246,000 light breed and 184 other heavy eggs. Compared with a year ago, settings of every breed-type eggs were up substantially.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Nov. 20	101	129	23	#		
Nov. 27	95	128	#	#		
Dec. 4	102	143	44	#	165	231
Dec. 11	110	129	18	77	155	247
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 23	169	215	33	#		
Oct. 30	170	211	#	#		
Nov. 6	180	228	#	#		
Nov. 13	182	203	28	#		
Nov. 20	257	246	90	#		
Nov. 27	#	#	52	203		
Dec. 4	257	233	121	298	503	666
Dec. 11	266	206	121	259	497	741
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Nov. 20	0	0	32	8		
Nov. 27	0	0	28	#		
Dec. 4	0	0	29	#	29	19
Dec. 11	0	0	#	18	41	40
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 23	0	0	56	16		
Oct. 30	0	0	40	20		
Nov. 6	0	0	40	18		
Nov. 13	0	0	43	52		
Nov. 20	0	0	56	74		
Nov. 27	#	0	#	#		
Dec. 4	#	#	#	137	102	192
Dec. 11	#	0	65	104	149	184
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Nov. 20	41	43	#	0		
Nov. 27	26	#	13	0		
Dec. 4	34	63	11	0	97	127
Dec. 11	42	64	#	7	106	150
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 23	67	#	#	0		
Oct. 30	48	#	#	0		
Nov. 6	60	109	#	0		
Nov. 13	75	105	#	#		
Nov. 20	81	96	20	#		
Nov. 27	#	#	20	0		
Dec. 4	#	136	#	9	180	266
Dec. 11	#	131	20	18	161	246

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten-State total that includes Calif., Va., Mo., Ohio, Minn., Wis., Iowa, Texas, Oreg. and S.C.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending December 11 included 129,000 heavy white, 64,000 light breed and no bronze poults. Compared with the same week a year earlier the heavy white hatch was up 17 percent and the light breeds were up 52 percent.

Settings for the week totaled 206,000 heavy white, 131,000 light breed and no bronze eggs. Compared with the previous year heavy white eggs set were down 23 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 22 percent of the week's hatch compared with 50 percent the previous week and 35 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411	502	0	0	140	234	867	1,172	568	722
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819	852	45	15	280	405	2,028	2,951	934	1,157

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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December 17, 1966

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
December 1965

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,181,000 chicks during December 1965, 9 percent less than a year earlier but 14 percent above the 5-year average, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The December hatch consisted of 518,000 egg-type and 663,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was down 4 percent from December of last year and the broiler type chicks hatch was down 13 percent. For the period January through December 1965 the egg-type chick hatch at 20,788,000 was 16 percent below the same period in 1964. The January through December hatch of broiler-chicks totaled 8,199,000, down 27 percent from a year ago. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on January 1 was up 32 percent from a year ago.

In mid-December, the cost of a standard poultry was $2.88 per 100 pounds, compared with $2.82 a month ago and $2.89 a year ago.

On December 15, the egg-feed ratio was 12.0 compared with 10.5 the previous month and 7.8 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-type			Broiler-type		
	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964	1964	1965	Pct. Change from 1964
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	643	631	- 2	992	723	- 27
February	1,304	1,031	- 21	880	612	- 30
March	4,707	3,271	- 31	1,106	747	- 32
April	7,466	5,600	- 25	1,164	896	- 23
May	5,932	5,285	- 11	1,146	890	- 22
June	1,698	2,070	+ 22	1,073	740	- 31
July	623	564	- 9	984	630	- 36
August	396	448	+ 13	863	613	- 29
September	503	330	- 34	862	569	- 34
October	469	507	+ 8	710	538	- 24
November	551	533	- 3	700	578	- 17
December	538	518	- 4	760	663	- 13

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 236.3 million chicks during December compared with 210.8 million during December 1964. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 209.4 million, up 13 percent from December 1964 and the largest of record for the month. During 1965, there were 2,500 million broiler-type chicks hatched, 8 percent more than in 1964 and the largest yearly output of record. Broiler-type eggs in incubators on January 1, 1966 were up 13 percent from January 1, 1965.

Egg-type chicks hatched in December are estimated at 26.9 million chicks, an increase of 7 percent from December 1964. The hatch of egg-type chicks during 1965 totaled 491.9 million, down 7 percent from 1964. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on January 1, 1966 was 18 percent above a year earlier.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During December			
	Broiler-type		Egg-type	
	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	630	700	1,010	1,150
Indiana	1,872	2,104	1,444	1,779
Illinois	66	47	696	735
Michigan	380	420	650	800
Wisconsin	883	1,070	297	280
E. N. Central	3,831	4,341	4,097	4,744
Minnesota	760	663	538	518
Iowa	140	40	300	430
Missouri	2,995	2,176	328	195
North Dakota	1/	1/	0	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	65	87
Nebraska	7	5	125	148
Kansas	0	0	223	230
1/ W. N. Central	1/ 3,902	1/ 2,884	1,579	1,608
United States	185,608	209,394	25,170	26,901

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
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December 20, 1965

MINNESOTA ANNUAL CROP SUMMARY -- 1965

Total crop production in Minnesota in 1965 was nearly 8 percent larger than in 1964 but about 10 percent less than the 1963 record crop, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. In spite of the abnormally wet cool spring and summer, good crops of small grains and hays were made. The corn and soybean crops were hurt by unfavorable maturing weather and an early freeze. Corn production this year was 1 percent less than 1964 and 14 percent smaller than average. Heavy freeze on the morning of September 26 caught the State with less than 20 percent of the corn acreage out of frost danger. Consequently the quality of this year's corn crop was relatively poor. Soybean yields were also reduced by the September freeze. The freeze stopped growth and most all beans were harvested but some beans failed to make normal size. The wet cool weather during August and September hindered small grain harvest in many areas. Soil moisture throughout the spring and summer was adequate to surplus in all areas except the southwestern corner which experienced drought during July and August. Wet weather delayed spring seeding of all crops. Some corn and soybeans did not get planted until late June.

Heavy snow in March followed by heavy rain in late March and April caused severe flooding in most areas of the State. Rains continued during May causing spring seeding to be greatly delayed. By June 1 less than two-thirds of the corn acreage and only about one-fourth of the soybean acreage was planted. Other spring grain seeding was also very late. The cool wet weather was favorable for small grains and Minnesota harvested about average size small grain crops. Record yields for both oats and barley were made.

The total crop production index of 104 (1957-59=100) is 8 percent (8 points) above the 1964 index. The index for major grains and oil crops at 99 is 4 percent (4 points) above a year ago. Feed grain tonnage at 10.8 million tons is about 4 percent below 1964. This decline is due to drop in corn production since both oats and barley are above 1964. The food grain index is up 5 points and the index for oil crops is up 7 points over the previous year.

Production of corn for grain at 270 million bushels is 1 percent below 1964 but 14 percent below the 1959-63 average. Yield this year estimated at 61.0 bushels per acre compares with 59.0 bushels in 1964 and the 5-year average of 59.5 bushels. Late planting and poor maturing weather retarded crop progress. A heavy freeze on September 26 came when less than 20 percent of the crop was out of frost danger. Therefore, Minnesota corn farmers had a lot of soft corn which caused a harvest and storage problem. As a result of high moisture, corn picking was set back substantially with only about 10 percent of the crop picked by November 1. Most corn is now harvested but was high in moisture and low in test weight. All corn acres harvested in 1965 down 3 percent from 1964.

The 1965 Minnesota soybean crop is estimated at 58.6 million bushels nearly 3 percent above 1964 and is 335,000 bushels greater than the previous record crop of 58.2 million bushels produced in 1963. The yield this year at 18.5 bushels per acre compares with 20.0 in 1964 and the 5-year average of 21.1 bushels. An 11 percent increase in harvested acres is responsible for the increase in production. The soybean crop was delayed by cold wet weather throughout the planting and growing season. Frost on September 26 stopped growth and beans did not size up to normal although quality was good.

Potato production in Minnesota this year totaled 13,368,000 hundredweight (field-run) in 1965. This is 35 percent more than in 1964 and 2 percent above the 5-year average. The fall potato crop totaled 12,180,000 hundredweight up 37 percent from a year ago while the late summer crop was 1,188,000 hundredweight up 20 percent from a year earlier. Rainy weather hampered planting in the Red River Valley but the crop grew out well. Good yields were in prospect until frost late in September damaged the crop so that storage quality may be affected and storage losses may be heavier than usual.

Minnesota harvested a fairly large oat crop in 1965. Wet weather delayed planting but sufficient moisture during the growing season supported a record yield. Yield in 1965 was 55.0 bushels compared with 46.0 bushels in 1964 and the 5-year average of 47.3 bushels per acre. Wet weather delayed harvest in all areas.

Barley production in 1965 was up from 1962-64 but smaller than in 1958-61. A yield of 44.0 bushels this year was the highest of record and compares with 32.5 in 1964 and the 5-year average of 30.9 bushels per acre. Weather was favorable for barley throughout the growing season although some farmers had trouble getting the crop harvested due to wet field conditions.

All wheat production at 22,124,000 bushels in 1965 was 4 percent above a year ago but 1 percent below average. The winter wheat yield at 24.0 bushels is the same as the 5-year average but 2.5 bushels below last year. Durum wheat yield averaged 31.0 bushels per acre compared with 28.0 bushels in 1964 and the 5-year average of 26.9 bushels per acre. Yield on other spring wheat was 27.5 bushels per acre 5.0 bushels above last year and 2.9 bushels above average. Of the total wheat crop, 2,108,000 bushels was durum, 19,800 bushels other spring, and 216,000 bushels was winter wheat.

The 1965 rye crop totaled 2,091,000 bushels, 29 percent greater than a year earlier and 57 percent greater than the 5-year average. The increase was due to a 20 percent increase in harvested acreage as well as yields running above average.

Flax production totaled 6,048,000 bushels in 1965. This was 34 percent above last year but 3 percent below average. Flax acres harvested this year was 4 percent less than last year and 19 percent less than average. Yield this year averaged 14.0 bushels per acre the highest of record. Sugarbeet production totaled 1,350,000 tons this year compared with 1,325,000 last year and the average of 1,151,000 tons.

All hay production in 1965 totaled 7,962,000 tons, about 18 percent above 1964 and 4 percent above average. The average yield per acre for all hay was 2.26 compared with 1.94 last year and the 5-year average of 2.10 tons per acre. Production of alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures at 6,380,000 tons compares with 5,362,000 tons in 1964. Clover-timothy hay at 769,000 tons compares with 686,000 tons in 1964. Wild hay crop of 488,000 tons compares 473,000 tons in 1964.

Dry field pea production in 1965 totaled 68,000 hundredweight compared with 32,000 hundredweight a year earlier and the 5-year average of 53,000 hundredweight. The 1965 yield was 1,350 pounds compared with 800 pounds in 1964 and an average of 944 pounds. Dry edible bean production totaled 28,000 hundredweight compared with 39,000 hundredweight in 1964. A yield of 700 pounds this year is 50 pounds above a year earlier.

The 1965 commercial apple crop of 290,000 bushels compares with 430,000 a year earlier and the 5-year average of 332,000 bushels.

CROP SUMMARY FOR 1965, MINNESOTA WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Crops	Acreage Harvested			Yield Per Acre			Production		
	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	Average 1959-63	1964	1965
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
Corn for grain	5,318	4,612	4,428	59.5	59.0	61.0	313,920	272,108	270,108
Soybeans	2,247	2,852	3,166	21.1	20.0	18.5	47,602	57,040	58,571
Oats	3,476	3,129	3.004	47.3	46.0	55.0	164,496	143,934	165,220
Wheat, All	903	925	797	24.7	23.0	28.0	22,352	21,280	22,124
Winter	22	11	9	24.0	26.5	24.0	522	292	216
Durum	37	77	68	26.9	28.0	31.0	1,029	2,156	2,108
Other Spring	845	837	720	24.6	22.5	27.5	20,801	18,832	19,800
Barley	844	604	610	30.9	32.5	44.0	26,036	19,630	26,840
Rye	71	85	102	18.9	19.0	20.5	1,332	1,615	2,091
Flax	536	450	432	11.6	10.0	14.0	6,251	4,500	6,048
Peas, Dry Field 2/	6	4	5	944	800	1,350	3/ 53	3/ 32	3/ 68
Hay, All (tons)	3,634	3,489	3,527	2.10	1.94	2.26	7,636	6,771	7,962
Alfalfa & Mix.	2,337	2,383	2,454	2.52	2.25	2.60	5,906	5,362	6,380
Clo.-Tim. Mix.	544	490	466	1.54	1.40	1.65	837	686	769
Grain Hay	42	40	47	1.34	1.30	1.50	55	52	70
Other Tame Hay	262	165	170	1.24	1.20	1.50	305	198	255
Wild Hay	449	411	390	1.19	1.15	1.25	533	473	488
Potatoes, All (cwt.)	106.5	96.1	94.2	124	103	142	13,153	9,894	13,368
Late Summer	6.5	7.1	7.2	155	140	165	1,004	994	1,188
Fall	100.0	89.0	87.0	122	100	140	12,149	8,900	12,180
Sugar Beets (tons)	94.8	119.5	122.7	12.2	11.1	11.0	1,151	1,325	1,350
Apples 4/	---	---	---	---	---	---	332	430	290
Red Clover Seed 2/	35.0	38.0	32.0	106	90	95	3,737	3,420	3,040
Sweet Clover Seed 2/	18.0	30.0	8.0	227	150	200	4,053	4,500	1,600
Alfalfa Seed 2/	10.5	6.0	4.0	70	70	80	788	420	320
Timothy Seed 2/	30.0	40.0	53.0	162	130	175	4,847	5,200	9,275
Kentucky Bluegrass 5/	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	600	2,182
Dry Beans 2/	---	6	4	---	650	700	---	39	28
Maple Sirup (gal.)	---	---	---	---	---	---	6	5	4

1/ Vegetable summaries in separate release.
2/ Yield per acre in pounds.
3/ Thousand bags of 100 pounds cleaned.
4/ For commercial counties.
5/ For 1964 includes mostly Park. For 1965 includes approximately 1,650,000 pounds of certified Park.

United States: The 1965 crop season set a new high in total crop production as record yields per acre offset lower acreages for many crops. Moisture supplies were more favorable than last year, and damaging drought was limited chiefly to areas in the Northeast. A late September frost damaged late fields on the northern edge of the North Central Region and lowered prospects. Harvest started late in northern areas, but nearly caught up to the normal pattern, although well behind the advanced 1964 harvest. The "all crop" production index of 117 for 1965 (1957-59=100) is 7 points (6 percent) above last year and 5 points (4 percent) above the previous high in 1963. Crop yields per acre increased in 1965 regaining the uptrend of recent years moisture shortages had interrupted in 1964. Many major crops set new highs for yields in 1965, among them the four feed grains, and rice, peanuts, cotton, and all hay. Crops with lower yields per acre than in 1964 include tobacco, sugarbeets, and dry beans. The composite index of yields per acre for 28 major crops for 1965 was 123 - 6 percent above the previous high of 116 in 1963

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

DEC 28 1965

Immediate Release

December 21, 1965

POTATO STOCKS REPORT
December 1, 1965

Estimates of total stocks in this report represent all potatoes held by growers and local dealers in or near producing areas. They include quantities to be diverted under government programs for livestock feed, starch and flour; sales for table use; seed and processing after March 1, and also include quantities to be used for feed, seed and table consumption on farms where grown. The stocks estimates also include potatoes that will be lost through shrinkage, decay and dumping after Dec. 1.

MINNESOTA: Total potato stocks of 9,000,000 hundredweight were estimated to be held by growers and dealers in Minnesota storages on December 1, 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. These stocks were 42% above the 6,350,000 hundredweight on hand December 1, 1964, after the short crop of fall potatoes harvested that year, and 2 percent above the 1959-63 December 1 average stocks on hand of 8,840,000 hundredweight. Indicated disappearance through November 1965 totaled 3,180,000 hundredweight, 25 percent above the limited disappearance of 2,550,000 hundredweight last year but 5 percent below the 1959-63 average disappearance through November of 3,309,000 hundredweight. These uses include sales for all purposes plus farm utilization, and shrink estimated to have occurred prior to December 1. Disappearance to December 1 represented 26.1 percent of the 1965 fall crop compared to 28.7 percent last year and the 1959-63 average disappearance of 27.2 percent by December 1. Processing of culls and other unsalable potatoes plus estimated shrink and losses occuring up to December 1 substantiate the reports of some breakdown in storage from pre-harvest frost damage. Indicators of sales of table grade potatoes are the lowest to December 1 since 1957.

UNITED STATES: Storage stocks of potatoes held by growers and local dealers in the fall producing areas of the country totaled a record high 147.7 million hundredweight on December 1, 1965. These holdings are 28 percent more than the 115.6 million hundredweight on hand December 1, 1964 and slightly above the previous high stocks of December 1, 1961. These stocks consist of fall potatoes held for all uses on December 1.

Stocks in the eight eastern fall States were 45.4 million hundredweight on December 1 compared with 48.9 million in 1964. Maine stocks, at 29.0 million, were 14 percent under 1964 and the smallest since 1954. Unstate New York holdings were slightly above a year ago and Long Island and Pennsylvania holdings were up 15 and 19 percent respectively. The nine central fall States had 34.0 million in storage this year compared with 23.9 million last year and stocks are the largest since 1950. All of the major States in this area were substantially above a year ago, with North Dakota up more than 60 percent. Stocks in the nine western fall States were 68.2 million this year compared with 42.8 million last year. All western States had holdings on December 1 this year well above December 1 last year, with Idaho stocks up 15.5 million over 1964.

Disappearance of 1965 fall potatoes to December 1 was at a new record high of 65.7 million hundredweight compared with 56.6 million in 1964 and 59.0 in 1963. Production of fall potatoes in 1965 was a record high 213.4 million hundredweight compared with 172.2 million in 1964 and 197.3 million in 1963.

Movement of the current fall potato crop to fresh market and chippers through November 30, as indicated by rail and truck unloads in

41 cities, was slightly less in 1965 than in the same period of 1964. Processing of potatoes for other food uses (exluding starch and flour) was substantially greater than a year earlier. Movement of 1965 fall potatoes to starch factories was also sharply above the 1964 level.

Sales of fall potatoes for all purposes, including fresh market, processing, seed and livestock feed, accounted for 89.3 percent of the 1964 fall production and 89.6 percent of the 1963 fall crop. The balance of the crop disappearance occurred on farms where grown and included losses through shrinkage and waste and use as seed, food in farm households, and livestock feed.

Potatoes: Production and total stocks of fall potatoes held by growers and local dealers on December 1, 1963 and December 1, 1964 1/

State	Crop of 1964		Crop of 1965	
	Production	Total stocks Dec. 1, 1964	Production	Total stocks Dec. 1, 1965
	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.
Maine	39,875	33,900	35,224	29,000
New Hampshire	270	190	278	180
Vermont	360	260	350	250
Massachusetts	984	740	1,035	800
Rhode Island	760	280	1,029	300
Connecticut	1,407	1,050	1,407	1,050
New York:				
Long Island	7,064	3,550	7,800	4,100
Upstate	8,610	5,100	8,600	5,150
Pennsylvania	6,265	3,850	6,940	4,600
8 Eastern	65,595	48,920	62,663	45,430
Ohio	1,805	775	1,906	750
Indiana	956	240	1,034	560
Michigan	6,750	4,100	8,700	6,000
Wisconsin	7,118	4,400	7,875	5,200
Minnesota	8,900	6,350	12,180	9,000
Iowa	406	70	435	75
North Dakota	10,200	6,800	15,225	11,000
South Dakota	400	200	600	340
Nebraska	1,463	950	1,578	1,100
9 Central	37,998	23,885	49,533	34,025
Montana	1,221	1,080	1,326	1,200
Idaho	39,515	26,000	61,695	41,500
Wyoming	510	270	630	400
Colorado	6,600	4,200	8,575	5,900
Utah	1,360	930	1,530	1,060
Nevada	72	40	180	120
Washington	5,270	2,400	10,385	7,200
Oregon	8,253	4,700	9,752	6,250
California	5,796	3,200	7,155	4,600
9 Western	68,597	42,820	101,228	68,230
Total 26 Fall States	172,190	115,625	213,424	147,685

1/ Total stocks consist of "productions less total disappearance to date."

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Immediate Release

December 22, 1965

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE RELEASE
Annual Summary 1965

MINNESOTA: Cabbage - Minnesota growers harvested 450 acres of summer cabbage in 1965 with an average yield of 175 hundredweight per acre. Production of 79,000 hundredweight is 3 percent above last year's crop of 77,000 hundredweight but 23 percent below the 1959-63 average. Value of the 1965 crop estimated at $217,000 is 15 percent below the $254,000 estimated for 1964 and 17 percent below the 5-year average of $261,000.

In addition, a total of 850 acres of fall cabbage was harvested in 1965 with a yield of 180 hundredweight per acre. Production of 153,000 hundredweight is 1 percent less than the 1964 total of 155,000 hundredweight and 18 percent below the 5-year average of 186,000 hundredweight. Value of the 1965 crop estimated at $321,000 is 32 percent below the $469,000 for 1964 and 22 percent less than the 5-year average of $414,000.

Carrots - Production of carrots in 1965 for both fresh market and processing totaled 276,000 hundredweight, 20 percent below last year's crop of 345,000 hundredweight, but 9 percent above the 5-year average of 254,000 hundredweight. Value of the 1965 crop estimated at $563,000 is 47 percent below the $1,056,000 estimated for 1964 and 5 percent below the 5-year average of $594,000.

Onions - Minnesota's 1965 onion crop totaled 300,000 hundredweight, 3 percent less than last year's production of 308,000 hundredweight and 21 percent below the 5-year average of 378,000 hundredweight. Value of the 1965 production at $645,000 is 16 percent below the $770,000 for the 1964 crop and 37 percent below the 5-year average of $1,030,000.

Sweet Corn for Processing - Minnesota production totaled 353,200 tons in 1965, 5 percent more than the 335,700 tons produced in 1964 and 1 percent more than the 1959-63 average production of 349,060 tons. The $7,664,000 value of production in 1965 was 23 percent more than the $6,244,000 for 1964 and 27 percent above the 5-year average.

Green Peas for Processing - Minnesota's 1965 crop of green peas for processing totaled 70,270 tons (shelled), up 32 percent from the 53,060 tons produced in 1964, and 27 percent more than the 5-year average of 55,390 tons. Value of production at $7,308,000 is 39 percent above the 1964 crop value of $5,253,000 and 55 percent above the 5-year average of $4,703,000.

UNITED STATES: Production of the 27 principal fresh market vegetables and melons in 1965 was 4 percent more than last year and 3 percent above average. The production of 222.0 million hundredweight compares with 214.1 million hundredweight in 1964 and the average annual production of 215.4 million. Major vegetables and melons contributing most to the increase from last year were carrots, celery, sweet corn, honeydew melons, lettuce, onions, and watermelons. Lettuce and onion production were record highs in 1965.

Production in the United States of the 10 principal vegetable crops grown for commercial processing totaled 8,338,830 tons in 1965. This year's combined production is 3 percent more than the tonnage processed in 1964 and 5 percent more than the 1959-63 average. However, the 1965 tonnage is 11 percent less than the record large 1962 production for processing. Production estimates include tonnage from mature acreage not harvested in a normal manner because of economic factors.

A larger tonnage was produced in 1965 for most vegetable crops than the previous year. Crops with a larger tonnage this year than in 1964 are: cabbage for kraut, up 41 percent; green peas, up 24 percent; green lima beans, up 20 percent; snap beans, up 14 percent; sweet corn, up 10 percent; and cucumbers for pickles, up 4 percent. Those crops which a decrease in production from 1964 are: spinach, down 15 percent; asparagus, down 6 percent; tomatoes, down 4 percent; and beets for canning, down 2 percent.

Yields for the U. S. for processing vegetables averaged above 1964 for all 10 crops except spinach which was unchanged from a year earlier. Record large yields were obtained for beets, cabbage for kraut, green peas, and tomatoes. Sweet corn yields equaled the record high established in 1963.

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Vegetable for fresh market and processing: Acreage and yield per acre, average 1959-63, annual 1964 and 1965

CABBAGE

Seasonal Group and State	Harvested Acreage			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	Average 1959-63	1964	1965
	Acres			Hundredweight			1,000 hundredweight		
Winter:	44,030	42,200	39,300	152	161	162	6,703	6,796	6,358
Early Spring	12,800	11,650	12,050	132	146	141	1,692	1,700	1,698
Late Spring	7,370	7,130	7,400	136	133	128	1,002	950	947
Early Summer	7,530	7,780	7,880	199	182	186	1,498	1,413	1,465
Mass.	630	550	550	184	190	195	116	104	107
N. Y.-L. I.	700	650	650	201	200	190	141	130	124
N. J.	2,600	3,200	3,300	226	185	200	580	592	660
Ohio	1,660	1,700	1,700	186	180	160	308	306	272
Minn.	600	550	450	173	140	175	103	77	79
Va.	860	700	750	192	180	190	165	126	142
Late Summer	17,870	16,650	17,200	202	192	204	3,616	3,197	3,516
Early Fall:	31,430	31,370	32,340	256	249	279	8,062	7,822	9,017
N. Y.-L. I.	1,180	1,100	1,100	219	215	215	259	236	236
Upstate	10,480	10,100	10,800	307	315	365	3,219	3,182	3,942
Mich.	4,300	4,700	4,700	167	160	175	717	752	822
Wis.	6,040	6,300	6,200	295	280	295	1,779	1,764	1,829
Minn.	940	1,000	850	198	155	180	186	155	153
Late Fall	3,530	2,650	2,800	123	129	144	423	343	403
UNITED STATES	125,060	119,960	119,480	185	186	197	23,087	22,326	23,503

CARROTS

Winter	41,160	38,600	38,500	139	157	157	5,733	6,043	6,028
Texas	33,680	31,500	30,000	115	140	140	3,904	4,410	4,200
Calif.	7,480	7,100	8,500	249	230	215	1,829	1,633	1,828
Early Summer	7,500	7,200	7,300	270	260	275	2,014	1,872	2,008
Calif.	7,500	7,200	7,300	270	260	275	2,014	1,872	2,008
Late Summer	3,410	3,320	3,300	232	203	232	792	674	765
Colo.	1,500	1,500	1,500	187	180	190	280	270	285
Early Fall	19,960	19,980	21,270	269	265	289	5,361	5,289	6,144
Mich.	3,960	4,400	4,600	220	220	240	877	968	1,104
Wis.	1,980	2,500	3,200	355	340	395	712	850	1,264
Minn.	740	750	650	347	460	425	254	345	276
Texas	4,780	5,000	5,300	185	180	190	875	900	1,007
UNITED STATES	82,580	79,525	79,795	204	206	218	16,833	16,370	17,432

ONIONS

Early Spring	24,480	24,600	23,100	111	155	130	2,609	3,813	3,003
Texas	24,480	24,600	23,100	111	155	130	2,609	3,813	3,003
Late Spring	8,790	7,000	6,250	238	271	324	2,071	1,898	2,026
Early Summer	9,680	9,660	9,750	226	240	233	2,181	2,317	2,268
Late Summer	56,410	57,270	58,600	329	312	354	18,574	17,864	20,772
N. Y.	14,940	16,000	16,400	323	280	330	4,823	4,480	5,412
Mich.	7,400	8,000	7,500	350	300	360	2,586	2,400	2,700
Wis.	2,380	2,100	1,900	238	220	295	567	462	561
Minn.	1,780	1,400	1,200	213	220	250	378	308	300
Idaho	1,940	2,600	3,300	431	440	535	837	1,144	1,766
Colo.	8,080	6,800	6,500	279	300	275	2,262	2,040	1,788
Oregon:									
Eastern	3,040	3,300	3,300	476	470	525	1,446	1,551	1,732
Western	2,080	2,200	2,200	349	405	410	727	891	902
Calif.	9,580	10,200	11,400	355	320	350	3,416	3,264	3,990
UNITED STATES	99,440	98,610	97,790	257	263	287	25,445	25,904	28,079

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
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DEC 1965

Immediate Release

December 23, 1965

MINNESOTA POTATO PRODUCTION SUMMARY - 1965

MINNESOTA: All Potatoes - Total production is estimated at 13,368,000 hundredweight, one percent above the 1959-63 5-year average of 13,153,000 but 35 percent above last year's short crop of 9,894,000 hundredweight.

Late Summer Potatoes - Production is estimated at 1,188,000 hundredweight, 20 percent above last year and 18 percent above the 5-year average of 1,004,000 hundredweight. Harvested acreage was 7,200 acres, practically the same as last year and 700 acres above the 1959-63 average of 6,500 acres harvested.

Fall Potatoes - Field run production of the 1965 fall crop was estimated at 12,180,000 hundredweight, 37 percent higher than last year's short crop of 8,900,000 hundredweight but about the same as the 1959-63 average of 12,149,000 hundredweight. Yield per harvested acre was estimated at 140 hundredweight, the highest on record, compared to 100 hundredweight per harvested acre last year and the 1959-63 average of 122 hundredweight per harvested acre.

Another difficult planting season was experienced in 1965 followed by a short and relatively cool growing season. The rainy harvest season delayed harvest considerably and reduced the foliage and soil protection from early fall frosts. Hard freezes in late September and early October resulted in heavier marketability losses and storage losses than usual and increased the processing of unsalable potatoes early in the marketing season.

UNITED STATES: Late summer potato production is estimated at 29,914,000 hundredweight, 8 percent more than last year but 1 percent below the 1959-63 average production. Improved yields accounted for the production gain over last year because the harvested acreage declined a bit. Production in New Jersey and New York (Long Island) was up sharply from last year because of higher yields. Yields in Indiana were more than 40 percent above 1964 to a record 275 hundredweight per acre, but yields in Michigan were the lowest since 1956. Other central States had small increases in yield while the important western States showed the same or increased yields in 1965 compared with last year. Early season growth was held back in eastern States by dry weather but mid-July rains were extremely beneficial to the crop. In central States, growing conditions were generally good to excellent throughout the season except in Michigan where extremely dry weather in the early season was followed by excessive rain. Heavy rains in September in Wisconsin also delayed harvest. In Colorado and California, good crops were harvested. In Washington weather conditions were favorable most of the season and some early "Red" acreage was harvested by July 1. By August 1 harvest of "Reds" and early white varieties was almost completed.

Production of fall potatoes totaled 213,424,000 hundredweight, 24 percent larger than last year's short crop, 12 percent above average, and the largest fall crop on record. Weather conditions for crop growth were generally favorable and the average yield for the fall States was a record high. However, adverse weather during harvest time lowered the quality of the crop in many areas.

In the eastern States, the fall crop was about 4 percent below 1964 because the decrease in Maine more than offset the large increases on Long Island and in Pennsylvania and the smaller increases in Rhode Island and Massachusetts. Planting in Maine was completed a few days earlier than usual and the crop made a good start. Progress through most of the season was satisfactory but yields turned out less than expected earlier.

Frosts in late September and early October caused some loss of acreage. Moisture shortages limited growth in other New England States early in the season but late season rains were beneficial. Lack of moisture slowed growth in May and June on Long Island, New York and in Pennsylvania but prospects improved with rains in July and August. Long Island averaged 300 hundredweight per acre, a record high. Crop growth was slow in Upstate New York until early September rains improved prospects and yields averaged better than last year. Harvest in eastern areas generally progressed well, although it ran behind 1964 in some areas.

In western States, fall potato production was 48 percent above last year's crop and 31 percent above average. Nearly one-fifth more acreage was harvested than in 1964. Yields were above last year for all States in the group. Records were set in Wyoming, Colorado, and Washington. Fall production reached new highs in Idaho,

Washington, and California. Untimely spring and fall frosts retarded the crop in the San Luis Valley of Colorado, central Oregon, and the Tulelake-Klamath Falls of California and Oregon but growing conditions were generally favorable most of the season. The crop in Idaho made excellent progress until hit by a late August frost and low temperatures recurred in mid-September in most western States. Weather during the harvest period was generally favorable and harvest was largely completed in early November.

The fall crop in the central States was 30 percent more than in 1964 and about 10 percent above average. Increase in acreage and higher yields - 34 hundredweight per acre over 1964 - contributed to the larger production. The largest increases in output were in Minnesota and North Dakota with increases of 37 and 49 percent, respectively, over last year's low yielding crops. All other States in the area also had larger crops than a year earlier. Record high yields were harvested in Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota, and South Dakota. After a late start due to planting delays, the crop in the central States progressed well. Moisture was generally adequate during the growing season and crop developed favorably. Light frost in late August in North Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Upper Michigan caused only light damage.

Potatoes, Seasonal Group Totals and Selected States

Seasonal Group and Selected States	Harvested Acreage			Yield per Harv. Acre			Production		
	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	Average 1959-63	1964	1965	Average 1959-63	1964	1965
	1,000 Acres			Hundredweight			1,000 Cwt.		
Winter 1965 Crop	22.6	18.3	19.4	180	202	189	4,052	3,691	3,659
Early Spring	26.4	27.0	35.3	150	154	139	3,967	4,166	4,898
Late Spring	121.7	96.2	121.7	201	210	206	24,477	20,248	25,106
Early Summer	93.9	81.2	81.6	146	142	146	13,762	11,492	11,926
Late Summer 1/	149.4	140.8	139.0	202	196	215	30,176	27,616	29,914
N. Y. - L. I.	11.0	10.8	11.0	251	235	275	2,723	2,538	3,025
N. J.	18.2	17.3	16.6	244	200	250	4,432	3,460	4,150
Mich.	7.1	7.5	6.9	143	160	115	1,023	1,200	794
Wis.	20.5	21.5	21.0	176	170	190	3,608	3,655	3,990
Minn.	6.5	7.1	7.2	155	140	165	1,004	994	1,188
Colo.	16.9	12.2	12.8	201	195	195	3,403	2,379	2,496
Other States	69.2	64.4	63.5	202	208	225	13,983	13,390	14,271
8 Eastern Fall	275.0	269.5	267.7	236	243	234	64,887	65,595	62,663
Maine	145.0	145.0	148.0	250	275	238	36,302	39,875	35,224
N. Y. - L. I.	31.5	27.7	26.0	260	255	300	8,177	7,064	7,800
N. Y. Upstate	42.8	42.0	40.0	213	205	215	9,133	8,610	8,600
Pa.	35.9	35.8	34.7	193	175	200	6,922	6,265	6,940
Other States	19.8	19.0	19.0	220	199	216	4,353	3,781	4,099
9 Central Fall	319.6	291.9	301.9	141	130	164	45,004	37,998	49,533
Mich.	40.4	37.5	43.5	174	180	200	7,032	6,750	8,700
Wis.	31.7	36.5	37.5	198	195	210	6,269	7,118	7,875
Minn.	100.0	89.0	87.0	122	100	140	12,149	8,900	12,180
N. Dak.	113.2	100.0	105.0	121	102	145	13,705	10,200	15,225
Other States	34.3	28.9	28.9	171	174	192	5,849	5,030	5,553
9 Western Fall	381.9	368.9	436.8	211	186	232	80,726	68,597	101,228
Idaho-10 S.W.Co. 2/	11.4	19.0	33.0	240	285	285	2,732	5,415	9,405
Idaho-Other Co.	232.8	220.0	249.0	197	155	210	45,869	34,100	52,290
Colo.	38.8	33.0	35.0	221	200	245	8,571	6,600	8,575
Wash.	18.5	17.0	31.0	291	310	335	5,419	5,270	10,385
Oreg.-Malheur Co 2/	11.8	10.8	12.5	244	260	265	2,852	2,808	3,312
Oreg.-Other Co.	24.7	24.2	28.0	244	225	230	6,052	5,445	6,440
Calif.	21.8	25.2	27.0	256	230	265	5,594	5,796	7,155
Other States	22.1	19.7	21.3	165	161	172	3,637	3,163	3,666
Total Fall	976.4	930.3	1,006.4	195	185	212	190,617	172,190	213,424
UNITED STATES	1,390.5	1,293.8	1,403.4	192	185	206	267,052	239,403	288,927

1/ Averages exclude late summer crop for 1959-61 for Idaho and Oregon.
2/ Averages include late summer crop for 1959-61 for Idaho and Oregon.

Al Torvi,
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 23, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 18, 1965

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 319,000 heavy white, 66,000 other heavy and 150,000 light breed poults during the week ending December 18, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 37,000, bronze were up 30,000 and light breeds were up 39,000 poults.

The ten State settings totaled 931,000 heavy white, 211,000 other heavy and 268,000 light breed eggs. Compared with a year ago, settings of all breed-type eggs were up substantially.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Nov. 27	95	128	#	#		
Dec. 4	102	143	44	#	165	231
Dec. 11	110	129	18	77	155	247
Dec. 18	151	153	64	106	282	319
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 30	170	211	#	#		
Nov. 6	180	228	#	#		
Nov. 13	182	203	28	#		
Nov. 20	257	246	90	#		
Nov. 27	#	#	52	203		
Dec. 4	257	233	121	298	503	666
Dec. 11	266	206	121	259	497	741
Dec. 18	201	252	159	339	491	931
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Nov. 27	0	0	28	#		
Dec. 4	0	0	29	#	29	19
Dec. 11	0	0	#	18	41	40
Dec. 18	0	0	36	47	36	66
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 30	0	0	40	20		
Nov. 6	0	0	40	18		
Nov. 13	0	0	43	52		
Nov. 20	0	0	56	74		
Nov. 27	#	0	#	#		
Dec. 4	#	#	#	137	102	192
Dec. 11	#	2/ #	65	104	149	2/ 168
Dec. 18	#	#	46	92	129	211
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Nov. 27	26	#	13	0		
Dec. 4	34	63	11	0	97	127
Dec. 11	42	64	#	7	106	150
Dec. 18	45	63	13	7	111	150
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Oct. 30	48	#	#	0		
Nov. 6	60	109	#	0		
Nov. 13	75	105	#	#		
Nov. 20	81	96	20	#		
Nov. 27	#	#	20	0		
Dec. 4	#	136	#	9	180	266
Dec. 11	#	131	20	18	161	2/ 295
Dec. 18	#	95	10	11	183	268

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

2/ Revised

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending December 18 totaled 153,000 heavy white, 63,000 light breed and no bronze poults. Compared with the same week a year earlier the heavy white hatch was up 1 percent and the light breeds were up 40 percent.

Settings for the week totaled 252,000 heavy white, 95,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of bronze eggs. Compared with the previous year heavy white eggs set were up 25 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of State accounted for 30 percent of the week's hatch compared with 22 percent the previous week, and 11 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411	502	0	0	140	234	867	1,172	568	722
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819	852	45	15	280	405	2,028	2,951	934	1,157

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Bldg.
St. Paul, Minn. 55101

December 23, 1965

DECEMBER 1, 1965 PIG REPORT

MINNESOTA: Hogs and pigs on Minnesota farms on December 1 totaled 2,941,000 head according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This is a decrease of 11 percent from the 3,305,000 head on farms a year ago. Of the December 1 number, 20 percent or 594,000 head were being kept for breeding and the remaining 2,347,000 head were primarily for market purposes. The number of breeding hogs was 3 percent more than a year earlier and other hogs and pigs being raised to market were down 14 percent. Of the number of other hogs and pigs, those weighing less than 120 pounds were down 10 percent from a year earlier, those weighing 120 to 179 pounds were down 13 percent and those weighing 180 pounds and over were down 28 percent.

The September-November pig crop totaled 983,000 head, 9 percent below the same quarter last year. Sows farrowing during the September-November period were estimated at 135,000 head, 10 percent below the same months in 1964 and 21 percent below the (1959-63) average. Of the sows farrowing during the quarter, 56 percent farrowed in September, 29 percent in October and 15 percent in November.

Intended farrowings for the December-February quarter are now estimated at 136,000 sows, 6 percent more than in the same months a year earlier but still 13 percent below the 5-year average. Of these intended farrowings, 20 percent are expected in December, 31 percent in January and 49 percent in February. The number of sows to farrow for the March-May quarter is forecast at 272,000 head, up 7 percent from a year earlier, but 25 percent below the 5-year average of 361,000. Sows to farrow the 6-month spring (December-May) pig crop are forecast at 408,000 head which is 7 percent above 1964, and 21 percent below the 5-year average.

UNITED STATES: The fall (June-November) 1965 pig crop of 39 million head was 5 percent less than the 1964 fall crop of 41 million head. Combining the fall and spring 1965 crops gives an U. S. total pig crop of 82 million head, 8 percent less than the 1964 total pig crop. Farrowing intentions indicate that during the 1966 spring (December-May) period, 6.3 million sows will farrow, or 6 percent more than the 6.0 million sows which farrowed during the same period a year earlier. On December 1 the number of hogs and pigs of all ages on farms totaled 54 million head a decrease of 7 percent from the 58 million head on hand a year earlier.

All hogs and pigs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and United States

Item	All hogs		Sows farrowing		Pigs per litter		Pig crop		
	Sept. 1	Dec. 1	Dec.-May	June-Nov.	Dec.-May	June-Nov.	Dec.-May	June-Nov.	Total
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Number	Number	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head
Minnesota:									
1959-63 Av.	4,519	4,007	517	385	7.29	7.17	3,767	2,761	6,528
1964	3,938	3,305	457	342	7.40	7.22	3,380	2,467	5,847
1965	3,308	2,941	382	301	7.34	7.31	2,803	2,201	5,004
1966	---	---	1/ 408	---	---	---	---	---	---
Percent-1965 of 1964	84	89	84	88	---	---	83	89	86
Percent-1966 of 1965	---	---	107	---	---	---	---	---	---
United States:									
1959-63 Av.	---	---	7,192	6,037	7.09	7.12	50,993	43,008	94,001
1964	---	58,123	6,638	5,616	7.23	7.21	47,977	40,519	88,496
1965	---	54,283	5,966	5,299	7.22	7.28	43,080	38,588	81,638
1966	---	---	1/ 6,342	---	3/ 7.25	---	3/46,000	---	---
Percent-1965 of 1964	---	93	90	94	---	---	90	95	92
Percent-1966 of 1965	---	---	106	---	---	---	107	---	---

1/ As indicated by breeding intentions.
2/ Does not include Alaska and Hawaii.
3/ Average number of pigs per litter with allowance for trend used to compute indicated number of December-May pigs. Number rounded to nearest 500,000 head.

D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Sows farrowing, pigs per litter and pig crop, September through November, 10 States

State	Sows farrowing				Pigs per litter		Pig crop 1/		
	1959-63 average	1964	1965	1965 percent of 1964	1964	1965	1964	1965	1965 percent of 1964
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	No.	No.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	154	138	131	95	7.39	7.50	1,020	982	96
Indiana	221	189	170	90	7.34	7.46	1,387	1,268	91
Illinois	397	397	365	92	7.06	7.18	2,803	2,621	94
Wisconsin	109	100	97	97	7.33	7.43	733	721	98
Minnesota	170	150	135	90	7.22	7.28	1,083	983	91
Iowa	586	562	562	100	7.18	7.22	4,035	4,058	101
Missouri	239	232	218	94	7.40	7.30	1,717	1,591	93
So. Dakota	62	77	70	91	7.10	7.25	547	508	93
Nebraska	143	150	144	96	7.29	7.45	1,094	1,073	98
Kansas	69	66	67	102	7.20	7.55	475	506	107
Total 10 States	2,153	2,061	1,959	95	7.23	7.31	14,894	14,311	96

1/ Number of pigs farrowed September through November which are still on hand December 1, or have been sold.

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, December-February and March-May, 10 States

State	Sows farrowing							
	December 1/ - February				March - May			
	Average 1959-63	1965	1966 2/		Average 1959-63	1965	1966 2/	
			Number	Pct.of 1965			Number	Pct.of 1965
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	131	99	103	104	190	145	149	103
Indiana	289	219	232	106	273	222	244	110
Illinois	340	289	306	106	592	524	555	106
Wisconsin	96	83	82	99	187	139	143	103
Minnesota	156	128	136	106	361	254	272	107
Iowa	459	420	437	104	1,160	1,038	1,090	105
Missouri	183	154	159	103	294	263	271	103
So. Dakota	43	41	43	105	230	179	186	104
Nebraska	97	91	96	105	274	226	233	103
Kansas	62	60	63	105	96	95	101	106
Total 10 States	1,856	1,584	1,657	105	3,657	3,085	3,244	105

1/ December preceding year. 2/ Number indicated by breeding intentions report.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs and other hogs and pigs by weight groups, 10 States, December 1, 1965

State	All hogs and pigs			December 1, 1965						
	1964	1965		For breeding	Other hogs and pigs					
		Number	Pct. of 1964		Total	Under 60 lbs.	60-119 lbs.	120-179 lbs.	180-219 lbs.	220 lbs. and over
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head
Ohio	2,633	2,475	94	347	2,128	845	649	394	208	32
Indiana	4,852	4,173	86	709	3,464	1,108	1,091	801	388	76
Illinois	8,167	7,432	91	1,263	6,169	2,128	1,734	1,332	802	173
Wisconsin	1,797	1,635	91	324	1,311	540	334	266	135	36
Minnesota	3,305	2,941	89	594	2,347	833	704	460	265	85
Iowa	13,829	13,138	95	2,168	10,970	3,741	2,775	2,370	1,645	439
Missouri	4,203	3,951	94	593	3,358	1,276	823	705	386	168
So. Dak.	1,794	1,543	86	332	1,211	436	254	254	194	73
Nebraska	2,929	2,724	93	490	2,234	862	612	378	293	89
Kansas	1,378	1,350	98	230	1,120	437	302	202	140	39
Total 10 States	44,887	41,362	92	7,050	34,312	12,206	9,278	7,162	4,456	1,210

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 30, 1965

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-December 1965

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices received by Minnesota farmers in mid-December, at 92 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for December since 1952, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The Index was 15 points above a year earlier and 7 points above mid-November of this year. All livestock prices continue at higher levels than a year ago. Prices for hogs are nearly twice as much as they were in December 1964.

Compared with mid-November the livestock price index climbed 11 points to 111 percent of the 1947-49 average. The crop index advanced 4 points from the previous month, but was 8 points below December 1964. The milk and cream index remained unchanged from last month and was 5 points above a year ago. The poultry and egg index climbed 10 points from the previous month and was 21 points above the December 1964 level.

Corn and soybean prices showed the most significant changes as soybeans averaged 12 cents and corn 11 cents per bushel higher than a month ago. Oats, rye, wheat and barley prices showed slight increases while flaxseed remained the same. Barley prices were 16 cents above last year's level while oat prices remained the same and prices for the other crops were all below a year ago.

Hog prices approached near record levels and in mid-December averaged $3.70 per hundredweight higher than last month while cattle prices advanced 70 cents per hundredweight. Compared with a year earlier, hog prices continued sharply higher (up from $14.70 to $26.90) while cattle prices were slightly higher ($16.20 to $18.40). Lamb prices advanced $2.80 per hundredweight from last month and were $6.00 above last year.

Milk prices averaged 2 cents per hundredweight below a month ago, but were 19 cents per hundredweight above a year earlier.

Eggs at 34.5 cents per dozen were up 5 cents from November and 12 cents from December 1964. Turkeys, per pound liveweight, at 24 cents were up 3 cents from last month and 2 cents from last year.

TABLE I - INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49 = 100	Dec. 15 av. 1957-61	Dec. 15 1962	Dec. 15 1963	Dec. 15 1964	Nov. 15 1965	Dec. 15 1965
All Farm Products	78	79	73	77	85	92
Crops	63	68	72	78	66	70
Livestock	87	88	70	77	100	111
Dairy Products	93	91	92	94	99	99
Poultry and Eggs	66	65	61	55	66	76

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minnesota.

TABLE II - PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14 = 100	Dec. 15 1961	Dec. 15 1962	Dec. 15 1963	Dec. 15 1964	Nov. 15 1965	Dec. 15 1965
Prices Received	240	245	238	234	248	259
Prices Paid 1/	302	309	311	313	322	324
Parity Ratio	79	79	77	75	77	80

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

C. R. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			DECEMBER 15, 1965			
		DEC. 15, 1964	NOV. 15, 1965	DEC. 15, 1965	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	1.56	1.48	1.49	1.42	1.43	1.49	1.40
RYE	BU.	1.01	.97	.99	.98	.86	.95	.947
CORN	BU.	1.01	.80	.91	1.02	1.01	1.04	1.08
OATS	BU.	.61	.59	.61	.65	.51	.58	.633
BARLEY	BU.	.89	1.04	1.05	.97	.99	.96	1.03
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.69	2.37	2.49	2.47	2.35	2.43	2.48
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.97	2.77	2.77	2.76	2.68	2.76	2.71
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.90	15.00	17.50	23.90
POTATOES	CWT.	3.95	1.50	1.40	2.70	1.35	2.05	1.90
HOGS	CWT.	14.70	23.20	26.90	27.10	25.60	26.70	26.80
COWS	CWT.	10.90	12.80	13.40	13.70	12.60	13.30	13.40
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	19.50	22.40	23.60	25.00	22.70	23.00	23.30
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	16.20	17.70	18.40	23.20	19.40	20.70	20.30
CALVES	CWT.	23.30	23.20	25.80	22.70	24.40	26.30	23.20
SHEEP	CWT.	6.20	6.40	7.00	5.60	5.50	5.00	6.80
LAMBS	CWT.	20.20	23.40	26.20	24.00	23.10	24.70	24.10
MILK COWS	HEAD	210.00	220.00	220.00	220.00	195.00	210.00	217.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.36	3.57	3.55	3.80	3.55	3.70	4.60
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.65	.67	.67	.66	.65	.64	.624
TURKEYS-LIVE	LB.	.220	.210	.240	.230	.230	.230	.238
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.055	.055	.055	.055	.050	.055	.096
EGGS	DOZ.	.225	.295	.345	.320	.320	.300	.409
WOOL	LB.	.50	.49	.49	.48	.50	.50	.471
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.85	3.00	3.00	3.30	3.10	3.25	3.30
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.45	4.90	4.70	4.75	5.10	4.95	5.01
HOG FEED, 29% AND OVER	CWT.	5.70	6.10	5.90	6.10	---	---	5.98
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% AND OVER	CWT.	4.75	4.85	4.80	4.90	---	---	4.53
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.10	3.15	3.15	3.85	---	---	3.79
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.89	2.82	2.88	2.88	2.82	2.76	3.42
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.25	4.35	4.35	4.80	4.70	4.65	4.42
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		14.6	29.0	29.6	26.6	25.3	25.7	24.8
BEEF-CORN 1/		19.3	28.0	25.9	24.5	22.5	22.1	21.6
EGG-FEED 2/		7.8	10.5	12.0	11.1	11.3	10.9	12.0
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.8

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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JAN 3 1966

Immediate Release

December 30, 1965

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 25, 1965

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 332,000 heavy white, 47,000 other heavy and 135,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending December 25, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 114,000 and the light breed poults were up 6,000. The bronze hatch was down 22,000 poults from the previous year.

The ten State settings totaled 976,000 heavy white, 317,000 light breed and 176,000 other heavy eggs. Heavy white and light breed settings were up substantially from a year ago while the bronze set was down 28 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 4	102	143	44	#	165	231
Dec. 11	110	129	18	77	155	247
Dec. 18	151	153	64	106	282	319
Dec. 25	#	102	35	147	218	332
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 6	180	228	#	#		
Nov. 13	182	203	28	#		
Nov. 20	257	246	90	#		
Nov. 27	#	#	52	203		
Dec. 4	257	233	121	298	503	666
Dec. 11	266	206	121	259	497	741
Dec. 18	201	252	159	339	491	931
Dec. 25	224	252	183	331	558	976
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 4	0	0	29	#	29	19
Dec. 11	0	0	#	18	41	40
Dec. 18	0	0	36	47	36	66
Dec. 25	#	0	#	31	69	47
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 6	0	0	40	18		
Nov. 13	0	0	43	52		
Nov. 20	0	0	56	74		
Nov. 27	#	0	#	#		
Dec. 4	#	#	#	137	102	192
Dec. 11	#	2/ #	65	104	149	2/ 168
Dec. 18	#	#	46	92	129	211
Dec. 25	#	#	133	62	244	176
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 4	34	63	11	0	97	127
Dec. 11	42	64	#	7	106	150
Dec. 18	45	63	13	7	111	150
Dec. 25	#	#	12	0	129	135
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 6	60	109	#	0		
Nov. 13	75	105	#	#		
Nov. 20	81	96	20	#		
Nov. 27	#	#	20	0		
Dec. 4	#	136	#	9	180	266
Dec. 11	#	131	20	18	161	2/ 295
Dec. 18	#	95	10	11	183	268
Dec. 25	#	115	7	12	177	317

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A Ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.
2/ Revised.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending December 25 totaled 102,000 heavy white, no bronze and an undisclosed number of light breed turkeys.

Settings for the week totaled 252,000 heavy white, 115,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of bronze eggs. Compared with a year ago heavy white eggs set were up 12 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of State accounted for 15 percent of the week's hatch compared with 30 percent the previous week and 7 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411	502	0	0	140	234	867	1,172	568	722
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819	852	45	15	280	405	2,028	2,951	934	1,157

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during November 1965 was 851,677, an increase of 21 percent from November 1964. Testings of heavy white breeds were up 60 percent from a year earlier. Testings of other heavy breeds were down 6 percent. Aggregate testings during July through November for all heavy breeds totaled 2,141,878, up 16 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during November totaled 27,804 compared with 27,825 during November last year. Testings of lights during July through November totaled 121,570, down 8 percent from the same period in 1964.

Turkeys tested in Minnesota during November included 76,265 heavy white, 47,620 other heavy and no light breeds. The cumulative totals for July through November 1965 totaled 317,301 heavy white and 145,092 other heavy turkeys. Compared with a year ago heavy whites were up 41 percent but other heavy testings were down 25 percent. Testings of all heavy breeds were up 11 percent from a year ago. The cumulative light breed testings at 10,863 were down 13 percent from a year ago.

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