

Minnesota Agriculture Department: State-Federal Crop and Livestock Reporting Service

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Version 3
August 20, 2018

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Minn. Hist. Soc.

Immediate Release

January 3, 1966

JAN 7 1966

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER

MINNESOTA: Commercial slaughter plants in Minnesota during the January-November 1965 period slaughtered 1,466,000 head of cattle, 208,800 calves, 4,828,000 hogs and 691,500 sheep and lambs according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Cattle slaughter was down 5 percent compared with the same 11 month period in 1964, while calf slaughter was up 5 percent, hog slaughter down 7 percent, and sheep and lamb slaughter down 12 percent.

Cattle slaughter during November totaled 146,000, up 1 percent from a year earlier, but down less than 1 percent from October 1965. The average liveweight was 1,045 pounds for November, 16 pounds lighter than November 1964 and 1 pound lighter than the previous month.

The number of calves slaughtered during November was 30,000 head, compared to 28,500 in November 1964 and 26,500 head during October 1965. At 172 pounds, the average liveweight was 2 pounds less than a year earlier and 5 pounds heavier than in October 1965.

Hog slaughter totaled 455,000 head during November, down 26 percent from November 1964, but 2 percent higher than during October. The average liveweight of 256 pounds compares with 253 pounds a year ago and 247 pounds in October.

Sheep and lamb slaughter totaled 96,000 head during November compared with 99,500 head in November 1964 and 91,500 head in October. The November liveweight was 104 pounds, 3 pounds heavier than a year earlier and 2 pounds heavier than the previous month.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during November in the 48 States totaled 2,639 million pounds. This was 2 percent less than November 1964 and 1 percent less than October 1965. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter. There were 28,056 million pounds of red meat produced during the first 11 months of 1965. This is 3 percent less than the 28,874 million pounds produced during the corresponding period of 1964. Of the January-November total, 16,732 million pounds were beef, up 2 percent from a year earlier; 863 million pounds were veal, up 1 percent; 9,874 million pounds were pork, down 9 percent; and 587 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 9 percent. Lard production for January-November was 1,823 million pounds, down 16 percent from a year earlier. During the 11-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered was 5 percent greater than in the same period of 1964; calves were up 3 percent; hogs down 10 percent, and sheep and lambs down 11 percent.

Beef production during November was 1,568 million pounds, 8 percent above November 1964 but 2 percent less than October 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during November totaled 2,808,900 head, 9 percent more than a year earlier but 3 percent less than the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,000 pounds, 6 pounds less than November 1964 but 14 pounds more than October 1965.

There were 83 million pounds of veal produced during November, 1 percent above November 1964 but 6 percent below October 1965. The 670,700 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 1 percent greater than November 1964 but 4 percent less than October 1965.

Pork production during November totaled 936 million pounds, 15 percent less than November 1964 and the smallest November production since 1958. However, this was 2 percent more than October 1965. The hog kill during November was 6,333,700 head, 15 percent less than November 1964, but 1 percent more than October 1965. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight of hogs was 11.4 pounds compared with 11.5 pounds in November 1964 and 10.9 pounds in October 1965.

The 52 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during November was 5 percent less than a year earlier and 7 percent less than a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during November was 1,047,600 head, 7 percent fewer than November 1964 and 9 percent less than October 1965. Production of poultry meat during November amounted to 819 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 13 percent more than November 1964, but 7 percent less than October 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

	November		January-November		Jan.-Nov. 1965 as % of 1964	November Average Liveweight	
	1964	1965	1964	1965		1964	1965
	1,000 Head		1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA							
Cattle	144.0	146.0	1,537.0	1,466.0	95	1,061	1,045
Calves	28.5	30.0	199.8	208.8	105	174	172
Hogs	614.0	455.0	5,198.0	4,828.0	93	253	256
Sheep & Lambs	99.5	96.0	786.0	691.5	88	101	104
48 STATES							
Cattle	2,571.0	2,808.9	28,100.5	29,548.8	105	1,006	1,000
Calves	661.6	670.7	6,593.5	6,786.6	103	225	223
Hogs	7,486.5	6,333.7	75,327.7	67,967.2	90	243	242
Sheep & Lambs	1,121.1	1,047.6	13,414.9	11,993.4	89	100	102

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES BY MONTHS 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
Nov. 1964	1,454	82	1,106	55	2,697	725	209
Oct. 1965	1,603	88	920	56	2,667	877	163
Nov. 1965	1,568	83	936	52	2,639	819	176
Jan.-Nov. 1964 5/	16,477	851	10,901	645	28,874	6,911	2,171
Jan.-Nov. 1965 5/	16,732	863	9,874	587	28,056	7,303	1,823

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, number raised, intentions to raise and market poultry as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

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Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

January 6, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 1 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 477,000 heavy white, 128,000 other heavy and 181,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending January 1, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 158,000 other heavies were up 57,000 and light breed poults were up 64,000.

The ten State settings totaled 1,161,000 heavy white, 302,000 bronze and 258,000 light breed eggs. The heavy white and the light breed sets continued to be above last year's level while the bronze set was down 27 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 11	110	129	18	77	155	247
Dec. 18	151	153	64	106	282	319
Dec. 25	#	102	35	147	218	332
Jan. 1, 1966	142	144	94	198	319	477
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 13	182	203	28	#		
Nov. 20	257	246	90	#		
Nov. 27	#	#	52	203		
Dec. 4	257	233	121	298	498	666
Dec. 11	266	206	121	259	497	741
Dec. 18	201	252	159	339	511	931
Dec. 25	224	252	183	331	573	976
Jan. 1, 1966	266	228	218	307	796	1,161
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 11	0	0	#	18	41	40
Dec. 18	0	0	36	47	36	66
Dec. 25	#	0	#	31	69	47
Jan. 1, 1966	#	#	#	95	71	128
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 13	0	0	43	52		
Nov. 20	0	0	56	74		
Nov. 27	#	0	#	#		
Dec. 4	#	#	#	137	116	192
Dec. 11	#	#	100	104	184	168
Dec. 18	#	#	74	92	184	211
Dec. 25	#	#	175	62	351	176
Jan. 1, 1966	#	#	105	86	411	302
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Dec. 11	42	64	#	7	106	150
Dec. 18	45	63	13	7	111	150
Dec. 25	#	#	12	0	129	135
Jan. 1, 1966	#	94	24	7	117	181
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Nov. 13	75	105	#	#		
Nov. 20	81	96	20	#		
Nov. 27	#	#	20	0		
Dec. 4	#	136	37	9	175	266
Dec. 11	#	131	40	18	181	295
Dec. 18	#	95	20	11	233	268
Dec. 25	#	115	14	12	192	317
Jan. 1, 1966	#	114	29	12	245	258

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending January 1 totaled 144,000 heavy white, 94,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of other heavy breed poults. Compared with a year ago, the heavy white hatch was up 1 percent.

Settings for the week totaled 228,000 heavy white, 114,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of other heavy breed eggs. Compared with a year ago, heavy white eggs set were down 14 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of State accounted for 18 percent of the week's hatch compared with 15 percent the previous week and 17 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411	502	0	0	140	234	867	1,172	568	722
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	443	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819	852	45	15	280	405	2,028	2,951	934	1,157

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JAN 17 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 11, 1966

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT
January 1, 1966

Oil seed and food grain stocks on Minnesota farms on January 1 were above a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Feed grain stocks, however, with the exception of oats, were below a year ago.

GRAIN CORN: Grain corn in farm storage on January 1, 1966 totaled 251 million bushels. A year earlier holdings stood at 264 million bushels. Corn production in 1965 was below average due to a late season and a killing frost in late September. The freeze resulted in a large quantity of soft corn which caused harvest and storage problems.

OATS AND BARLEY: Oats stored on farms amounted to 132 million bushels compared with 109 million a year earlier. Barley stocks on farms totaled 12.9 million bushels compared with 13.2 held on January 1, 1965. Oats and barley production in 1965 were above the 1964 production by 15 and 37 percent respectively.

WHEAT: Wheat supplies on farms were 10.2 million bushels compared with 7.0 million bushels held a year earlier. All wheat production in 1965 was 4 percent above 1964.

RYE: Rye stocks amounted to 481,000 bushels compared with 291,000 bushels on farms January 1, 1965.

SOYBEANS: Soybeans stored on farms totaled 32.8 million bushels, sharply above the 22.8 million bushels held a year earlier. Although the September freeze caused some undersized beans and lowered the yields, 1965 production was still 3 percent above 1964 due to an increase in acreage.

FLAX: Flax stocks on farms totaled 1.9 million bushels compared with 1.3 million on hand the previous year. Production in 1965 was 34 percent above 1964.

HAY: Hay supplies on farms January 1 amounted to 5,653,000 tons compared with 4,537,000 tons held a year earlier. Production in 1965 was 18 percent larger than the 1964 production and the third largest crop on record.

EGGS. Egg production on Minnesota farms for December totaled 215 million eggs, down 13 percent from a year earlier but 12 percent above November 1965. Total egg production for 1965 was 8 percent below 1964.

MILK: Milk production on Minnesota farms for December totaled 834 million pounds, 19 percent above November but 11 percent below December 1964. The 12-month total for 1965 is 10,831 million pounds, 1 percent less than the 10,968 million pounds produced in 1964.

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ONIONS: January 1 stocks held in common storage by growers and dealers in 18 Late Summer States, by States, average 1960 - 64, annual 1965 and 1966

State and Region	5-yr. Average Jan.1 1960-64	Jan. 1 1965	Jan. 1 1966	State and Region	5-yr. Average Jan.1 1960-64	Jan. 1 1965	Jan. 1 1966
	- 1,000 cwt. -				- 1,000 cwt. -		
Massachusetts	2	1	1	Idaho and			
New York . .	1,390	1,207	1,887	Eastern Oreg.	723	860	870
EASTERN . .	1,392	1,208	1,888	Colorado . .	391	330	226
Ohio	60	73	107	Utah	116	52	55
Indiana . . .	107	88	119	Nevada . . .	16	10	4
Illinois . .	23	19	11	Washington .	112	160	163
Michigan . .	1,028	1,000	1,050	Western Oreg.	348	496	435
Wisconsin . .	296	257	246	California .	50	45	156
Minnesota . .	168	148	129	WESTERN .	1,757	1,953	1,909
Iowa	22	36	43				
Nebraska . . .	---	---	---	TOTAL . . .	4,853	4,782	5,503
Kansas	---	---	1				
CENTRAL . .	1,704	1,621	1,706				

ONIONS: Utilization and Stocks of the Late Summer Crop, 1956 to date 1/

Crop Year	Production of Value	Utilization before January 1		January 1, Stocks			Utilization After January 1	
		Sold	Loss	In Common Storage	In Cold Storage	Total	Sold	Loss
				- 1,000 cwt. -				
1956 . .	17,308	10,339	2,374	4,294	341	4,635	3,971	624
1957 . .	16,835	10,255	2,158	4,051	406	4,457	4,025	397
1958 . .	16,409	10,345	1,746	3,852	512	4,364	4,040	278
1959 . .	18,555	10,642	2,243	5,260	424	5,684	4,573	1,097
1960 . .	19,072	11,458	2,082	5,132	409	5,541	4,609	923
1961 . .	17,320	10,967	1,829	4,284	262	4,546	4,116	408
1962 . .	19,039	11,659	1,999	5,041	359	5,400	4,660	721
1963 . .	18,882	12,086	1,989	4,548	274	4,822	4,398	409
1964 . .	17,864	10,980	1,820	4,782	291	5,073	4,509	555
1965 . .	20,772	11,788	3,400	5,503	250	5,753		

1/ Utilization does not balance with late summer production or stocks because:
(1) cold storage holdings include all onions regardless of the seasonal group,
(2) cold storage onions stored outside of late summer producing areas, and
(3) cross State movement of onions in some years.

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JAN 24 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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Immediate Release

January 17, 1966

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT

Onion Stocks in Storage, January 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Stocks of onions held by growers and dealers in storage in Minnesota on January 1, 1966 are estimated at 129,000 hundredweight according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 148,000 hundredweight on hand a year earlier and the 1960-64 average of 168,000 hundredweight on January 1. Production of onions totaled 300,000 hundredweight in 1965, 308,000 hundredweight in 1964 and averaged 378,000 hundredweight for the years 1959-63.

UNITED STATES: Stocks of sound onions in common and cold storage on January 1, 1966, at 5,753,000 hundredweight, were 13 percent more than a year earlier and 11 percent more than 1960-64 average. Supplies in common storage, totaling 5,503,000 hundredweight, were 15 percent more than on January 1 last year but cold storage stocks at 250,000 hundredweight were 14 percent less than a year earlier.

Total onion stocks on January 1, 1966 in the eastern region were 48 percent higher than a year earlier and in the central region were 6 percent higher, but stocks in the western States showed a 3 percent decline.

Common storage holdings were above January 1 last year in New York, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Kansas, Iowa, Idaho-Eastern Oregon, Utah, Washington, and California, while in Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Colorado, Nevada and western Oregon, common storage holdings were less than a year earlier. Cold storage holdings were smaller than on January 1965 in both the eastern and western regions where most of the cold storage stocks are held.

The volume of the 1965 late summer onion crop sold to January 1 was 7 percent above the same period a year earlier. The loss of onions by shrinkage, decay and dumping to January 1, and expected grade out of the 1965 crop was at a record high, almost double that for a year earlier. Losses were heavy in all important producing States except California.

The stocks estimated in this report relate to quantities of sound onions held by growers and dealers. In estimating stocks, the quantity of onions lost before January 1 through dumping, decay and sprouting and expected grade out of the crop is excluded. No attempt is made to predict additional losses as a result of dumping, decay, and sprouting.

ONIONS: January 1 stocks held in common storage by growers and dealers in Late Summer States, and Jan. 1 stocks in cold storage in all States, by regions, average 1960-64, annual 1965 and 1966.

Regions	In Common Storage			In Cold Storage			Total		
	5-yr. Average Jan.1 1960-64	Jan. 1 1965	Jan. 1 1966	5-yr. Average Jan.1 1960-64	Jan. 1 1965	Jan. 1 1966	5-yr. Average Jan.1 1960-64	Jan. 1 1965	Jan. 1 1966
	- 1,000 cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
Eastern	1,392	1,208	1,888	171	120	84	1,563	1,328	1,972
Central	1,704	1,621	1,706	22	6	14	1,726	1,627	1,720
Western	1,757	1,953	1,909	150	163	149	1,907	2,116	2,058
Southern	---	---	---	2	2	2	2	2	3
Total	4,853	4,782	5,503	346	291	250	5,199	5,073	5,753

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MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending January 8 totaled 131,000 heavy white, 95,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of other heavy breed poults. Compared with a year ago, the heavy white hatch was down 13 percent.

Settings for the week totaled 317,000 heavy white, 73,000 bronze and 77,000 light breed eggs. The heavy white set was up 10 percent from the previous year but the bronze set was down 11 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of State accounted for 16 percent of the week's hatch, the same as a year ago and compares with 18 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411	502	0	0	140	234	867	1,172	568	722
Dec.	565		35		182		1,407		634	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	442	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
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January 13, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 8, 1966

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The ten State settings totaled 1,371,000 heavy white, 491,000 other heavy and 221,000 light breed eggs. The heavy white and the light breed sets continued to be above last year's level while the bronze set was down 19 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
			Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Dec. 18	151	153	64	106	282	319
Dec. 25	#	102	35	147	218	332
Jan. 1, 1966	142	144	94	198	319	477
Jan. 8	150	131	80	169	304	553
			Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Nov. 20	257	246	90	#	---	---
Nov. 27	#	#	52	203	---	---
Dec. 4	257	233	121	298	498	725
Dec. 11	266	206	121	259	497	795
Dec. 18	201	252	159	347	511	965
Dec. 25	224	252	183	312	573	984
Jan. 1, 1966	266	228	218	307	796	1,161
Jan. 8	288	317	282	289	963	1,371
			Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Dec. 18	0	0	36	47	36	66
Dec. 25	#	0	#	31	69	47
Jan. 1, 1966	#	#	#	95	71	128
Jan. 8	#	#	65	67	116	98
			Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Nov. 20	0	0	56	#	---	---
Nov. 27	#	0	#	#	---	---
Dec. 4	#	#	#	137	116	192
Dec. 11	#	#	100	104	184	168
Dec. 18	#	#	74	92	184	211
Dec. 25	#	#	175	62	351	176
Jan. 1, 1966	#	#	105	86	411	302
Jan. 8	82	73	234	167	603	491
			Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Dec. 18	45	63	13	7	111	150
Dec. 25	#	#	12	0	129	135
Jan. 1, 1966	#	94	24	7	117	182
Jan. 8	#	95	26	14	121	213
			Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Nov. 20	81	96	20	#	---	---
Nov. 27	#	#	20	0	---	---
Dec. 4	#	136	37	9	175	266
Dec. 11	#	131	40	18	181	295
Dec. 18	#	95	20	11	233	285
Dec. 25	#	115	14	12	192	317
Jan. 1, 1966	#	114	29	12	245	258
Jan. 8	#	77	31	13	188	221

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A Ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

JAN 24 1966

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 17, 1966

SHEEP AND LAMBS ON FEED, JANUARY 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Sheep and lambs on feed for market in Minnesota feedlots on January 1, 1966 totaled 150,000 head, the same as a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Recorded inshipment of sheep and lambs during the last four months of 1965 - September through December - totaled 144,000 head, 33 percent more than the 108,000 head during the same months of 1964. Prices received by Minnesota farmers during 1965 for slaughter sheep and lambs averaged above the 1964 levels.

UNITED STATES: The number of sheep and lambs on feed on January 1, 1966 in 26 States for slaughter market was up 1 percent from a year earlier. This year's number on feed is estimated at 3,335,000 compared with 3,291,000 on January 1, 1965.

Range and pastures in most areas of the United States provided ample supplies of feed during the fall months. Generally mild weather prevailed through mid-December, and supplemental feeding requirements were below normal. Wheat pastures in the southern and central Plains provided more forage than a year earlier, but wheat growth was held back by dry weather in November. Farm stocks of feed grains on January 1, 1966 were 12 percent above the previous year and 3 percent above average.

The market price of choice feeder lambs at Denver averaged $23.00 per 100 pounds for the week ended October 16, 1965, compared with $20.88 for the week ended October 17, 1964. For the week ended January 1, 1966 the Denver market for choice feeder lambs averaged $26.15, up $6.40 per 100 pounds from a year earlier and $3.15 above mid-October 1965.

There were 1,746,000 sheep and lambs on feed for slaughter in the North Central States on January 1, 1966. This was a 4 percent decrease from the 1,818,000 head on feed a year earlier. Kansas showed a sharp increase of 34 percent resulting from better wheat pastures than a year ago. In Indiana, Illinois, and Minnesota the number of sheep on feed was unchanged from a year earlier. All other North Central States showed decreases from a year earlier.

Feeder sheep and lamb shipments into 8 of the Corn Belt States for which data are available totaled 1,218,513 head for the period July through November 1965. This was 16 percent less than the number of inshipments for the same period in 1964.

Sheep and lambs on feed for slaughter in the Western States totaled 1,442,000 head on January 1, 1966, up 10 percent from the 1,314,000 head on feed a year earlier. Six States showed increases in the number of sheep being fed, while 5 States were lower. Colorado, the largest sheep and lamb feeding State in the Nation, had 551,000 head on January 1 this year, a 28 percent increase from the 430,000 on feed a year earlier. California, the second largest western feeding State, had 188,000 sheep and lambs on feed, down 24 percent from January 1, 1965.

Sheep and lambs on feed on January 1, 1966 for slaughter market totaled 1,896,000 head in the 7 major feeding States. This is an increase of 1 percent, or 23,000 head from the 1,873,000 head on feed January 1, 1965, but 61,000 head less than the November 1, 1965 number on feed. These 7 major feeding States accounted for 57 percent of the number on feed in the 26 States January 1, 1966.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

Sheep and Lambs on Feed January 1, 1966
with Comparisons 1/

State and Division	1963	1964	1965	1966	1966 as percent of 1965
	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Percent
New York	17	14	11	10	91
Ohio	172	146	131	120	92
Indiana	65	45	45	45	100
Illinois	148	134	123	123	100
Michigan	89	77	77	73	95
Wisconsin	43	39	34	33	98
Minnesota	206	161	150	150	100
Iowa	446	412	390	345	88
Missouri	103	98	95	75	79
North Dakota	122	122	95	89	94
South Dakota	265	273	244	222	91
Nebraska	363	351	302	294	97
Kansas	229	223	132	177	134
North Central	2,251	2,081	1,818	1,746	96
Oklahoma	43	26	20	18	90
Texas	205	172	128	119	93
Montana	90	92	100	110	110
Idaho	106	119	123	98	80
Wyoming	105	106	103	120	116
Colorado	600	525	430	551	128
New Mexico	55	34	31	52	168
Arizona	66	89	111	155	140
Utah	70	68	64	62	97
Nevada	13	12	12	17	142
Washington	34	27	24	23	96
Oregon	53	67	69	66	96
California	354	241	247	188	76
West	1,546	1,380	1,314	1,442	110
26 States	4,062	3,673	3,291	3,335	101

1/ Sheep and lambs on feed are considered to be animals intended for slaughter that are being fed a ration of grain or other concentrates or are being run on succulent pastures and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JAN 24 1966

Immediate Release

January 17, 1966

POTATO STOCKS REPORT
January 1, 1966

Estimates of total stocks in this report represent all potatoes held by growers and local dealers in or near producing areas. They include quantities to be diverted under Government program for livestock feed, starch and flour, sales for table use, seed and processing after January 1. Also, quantities to be used for feed, seed and household consumption on farms where grown. The stocks estimates also include potatoes that will be lost through shrinkage, decay and dumping after January 1.

MINNESOTA: Total potato stocks of 7,500,000 hundredweight were held by growers and dealers in Minnesota storages on January 1, 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. These stocks were 44 percent larger than the 5,200,000 hundredweight on hand January 1, 1965 but 2 percent smaller than the 1959-63 January 1 average of 7,640,000 hundredweight. Stocks a year ago were low due to the small crop harvested in 1964.

Disappearance of the 1965 crop to January 1 totaled 4,680,000 hundredweight, 26 percent above the 3,700,000 hundredweight a year earlier and 4 percent above the 1959-63 average disappearance to January 1 of 4,509,000 hundredweight.

Disappearance to January 1 represented 38.4 percent of the 1965 fall crop compared to 41.6 percent as of this date last year and the 1959-63 average disappearance of 37.1 percent to this date.

UNITED STATES: Storage stocks of potatoes held by growers and local dealers in the fall producing areas of the country totaled 123.3 million hundredweight on January 1, 1966. This was 30 percent more than the 95.2 million hundredweight on hand January 1, 1965 and the largest January 1 stocks since 1962. These stocks consist of potatoes held for all uses on January 1.

The eight eastern fall States had 38.2 million hundredweight of potatoes on hand January 1, 1966 compared with 41.2 million a year earlier. Maine stocks, at 26.0 million this year, were 14 percent under January 1, 1965 and the smallest since 1957. Stocks in Upstate New York were 2.5 percent above a year earlier while Long Island stocks were up 19 percent from last year but still under the large holdings in 1961, 1962, and 1963. Pennsylvania stocks, at 3.5 million, were up 23 percent from last year. January 1 stocks in the nine central fall States were 27.3 million this year compared with 18.9 million a year earlier. Holdings in all States in this area were above 1965 with the largest increases in North Dakota, where a record 9.0 million hundredweight were in storage, and in Michigan and Minnesota, with 4.8 and 7.5 million respectively. In the nine western fall States, January 1 stocks totaled a record 57.8 million hundredweight compared with last year's low holdings of 35.1 million. Holdings in all major western States were up substantially. Idaho at 36.0 million, equaled the 1962 record while Washington, Oregon, and California were at record highs. Stocks in Idaho accounted for 29 percent of the holdings in all fall States on January 1.

Disappearance of 1965 fall crop potatoes from storage during December was a record high 24.4 million hundredweight compared with 20.5 million hundredweight during December 1964 and 22.0 million during December 1963.

Movement of fall crop potatoes to chippers and fresh market outlets during December continued to lag behind last year as indicated by rail and truck unloads in 41 cities. Unloads both during December and for the season from harvest time through December 31 were slightly under comparable periods a year earlier. However, the quantity of potatoes processed for other food uses (excluding starch and flour) continued at a substantially higher level with both December and season totals

through December 31 being well above last year. Shipment of fall potatoes to starch factories during December and from harvest time through December 31 were also sharply above the same periods in 1964.

Potatoes: Production and total stocks of fall potatoes held by growers and local dealers on January 1, 1965 and January 1, 1966 1/

State	Crop of 1964		Crop of 1965	
	Production	Total stocks Jan. 1, 1965	Production	Total stocks Jan. 1, 1966
	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.
Maine	39,875	30,200	35,224	26,000
New Hampshire	270	150	278	140
Vermont	360	220	350	190
Massachusetts	984	550	1,035	570
Rhode Island	760	130	1,029	90
Connecticut	1,407	720	1,407	780
New York:				
Long Island	7,064	2,400	7,800	2,850
Upstate	8,610	3,950	8,600	4,050
Pennsylvania	6,265	2,850	6,940	3,500
8 Eastern	65,595	41,170	62,663	38,170
Ohio	1,805	470	1,906	510
Indiana	956	160	1,034	300
Michigan	6,750	3,250	8,700	4,800
Wisconsin	7,118	3,300	7,875	4,000
Minnesota	8,900	5,200	12,180	7,500
Iowa	406	50	435	65
North Dakota	10,200	5,600	15,225	9,000
South Dakota	400	145	600	250
Nebraska	1,463	700	1,578	880
9 Central	37,998	18,875	49,533	27,305
Montana	1,221	990	1,326	1,100
Idaho	39,515	22,000	61,695	36,000
Wyoming	510	200	630	320
Colorado	6,600	3,350	8,575	4,700
Utah	1,360	680	1,530	860
Nevada	72	25	180	100
Washington	5,270	1,670	10,385	5,950
Oregon	8,253	3,850	9,752	5,000
California	5,796	2,350	7,155	3,750
9 Western	68,597	35,115	101,228	57,780
Total 26 Fall States	172,190	95,160	213,424	123,255

1/ Total stocks consist of "production less total disappearance to date."

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 17, 1966

FARM NUMBERS DOWN - SIZE OF FARM UP

MINNESOTA: The number of farms in the State for 1966 is estimated at 140,000, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. In 1965 the number was 143,000 making a decline of 3,000 farms. Acres in farms at 32,400,000, remains unchanged from 1965.

UNITED STATES: The number of farms in operation during 1965 declined from a year earlier in 47 States and remained unchanged in 3 States, bringing the national total to 3,380,000 - 3 percent under 1964. Total land in farms, at about 1,155 million acres, decreased less than 1 percent from 1964, yielding slowly to encroachments of urban and suburban extensions, widening highways, and other non farm uses.

The total of 3,286,000 farms in prospect for 1966 operation continues the downward trend from earlier years with little change in the rate of reduction. The reduction in total land in farms also continues at practically the same rate with a preliminary estimate of about 1,151 million acres for 1966.

The changes in estimated national totals have been much greater for the number of farms than for land in farms. Farm numbers during the period 1959 to 1966 declined 20 percent, while land in farms decreased only 3 percent. The "average farm operator" in 1966 manages a farm unit of 350 acres - a fifth larger than seven years earlier. Average farm sizes are derived by dividing estimated total acreage in farms by the number of farms. Discontinuance of small farming enterprises and merging of larger units with existing farms continue as important influences in the change in farm numbers.

The estimates of the number of farms by years published by the Crop Reporting Board are benchmarked on the quinquennial Census of Agriculture with adjustments for incompleteness. The annual estimates between Census years are based upon expansions and projections from the Statistical Reporting Service enumerative and mailed surveys, data from State farm censuses in a limited number of States, indications derived from other various inquiries, and extension of trends.

Annual State farm censuses supply data on numbers of farms in 12 States, 10 of which are in the North Central Region. Changes shown by these surveys are the principal basis for the annual estimates in these States. Some of these censuses may be less inclusive than the U. S. Census with respect to farms that are marginal either in size or in sales of farm products. Annual appraisals of the data are made for each State.

The annual enumerative surveys provide indications of the number of farms in operation at the time the surveys are conducted. Beginning with small samples in 1957 these surveys are being expanded with resulting gains in dependability of indications. In 1963 the number of area segments enumerated in 28 States was about 10,500. Enumeration also was expanded to represent 48 States with some area segments in each State and national total of 12,350 segments. In 1965 the sample represented 48 States with a total of 15,785 segments, 14,485 in 39 States. Variability in the enumerative data is of course greater for individual States than for all States combined, and the data are necessarily interpreted with regard to sample size, consistency, procedural changes and trends in individual States, as well as geographic regions.

NUMBER OF FARMS, AVERAGE SIZE, AND LAND IN FARMS

Year	MINNESOTA			IOWA		
	Number of Farms	Average Size	Land in Farms	Number of Farms	Average Size	Land in Farms
	Number	Acres	000 Acres	Number	Acres	000 Acres
1961 . . .	154,000	210	32,400	181,000	192	34,700
1962 . . .	152,000	213	32,400	178,000	195	34,700
1963 . . .	149,000	217	32,400	174,000	199	34,700
1964 . . .	146,000	222	32,400	170,000	204	34,600
1965*. . .	143,000	227	32,400	166,000	208	34,500
1966*. . .	140,000	231	32,400	161,000	214	34,400
	WISCONSIN			NORTH DAKOTA		
1961 . . .	136,000	162	22,100	55,000	765	42,100
1962 . . .	133,000	165	22,000	53,000	794	42,100
1963 . . .	130,000	168	21,800	51,500	817	42,100
1964 . . .	127,000	170	21,600	50,500	834	42,100
1965*. . .	124,000	173	21,400	49,000	857	42,000
1966*. . .	121,000	175	21,200	48,000	875	42,000

* Preliminary

Number of Farms and Land in Farms, U. S. 1950-66 1/

Year	Number of Farms	Land in Farms (000 Acres)	Year	Number of Farms	Land in Farms (000 Acres)
1950. . .	5,647,800	1,202,019	1961. . .	3,818,000	1,172,910
1951. . .	5,427,600	1,203,500	1962. . .	3,695,000	1,168,115
1952. . .	5,197,500	1,204,930	1963. . .	3,580,000	1,163,180
1953. . .	4,983,600	1,205,740	1964. . .	3,479,180	1,158,505
1954. . .	4,798,200	1,206,355	1965. . .	3,380,450	1,154,560
1955. . .	4,653,800	1,201,900	1966 2/ .	3,286,230	1,150,725
1956. . .	4,514,100	1,197,070			
1957. . .	4,371,700	1,191,340			
1958. . .	4,232,900	1,184,944			
1959. . .	4,105,000	1,182,658			
1960. . .	3,956,000	1,177,565			

1/ Including Alaska and Hawaii (1959 to 1966). 2/ Preliminary.

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Immediate Release

January 18, 1966

CATTLE ON FEED - JANUARY 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle and calves on grain feed in Minnesota on January 1, 1966 were estimated at 541,000 head, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 7 percent more than the 506,000 head on January 1, 1965. The seasonal increase from October 1 to January 1 was 240,000 head compared with 205,000 head a year earlier.

Marketings of grain fed cattle and calves during the months of October, November and December 1965 were estimated at 170,000 head, 2 percent below the same quarter in 1964.

Cattle and calves placed on grain feed during October, November and December totaled 410,000 head, 8 percent more than during the same months a year earlier. Recorded inshipments of stockers and feeders into Minnesota during the last quarter of 1965 were 387,000 head, 15 percent above the 1964 number.

According to marketing intentions as indicated by feeders on January 1, 1966 an estimated 165,000 head of cattle and calves on grain feed will be marketed during the first three months of 1966. If realized, this will be 1 percent more than marketings during the first quarter of 1965.

Of the cattle and calves on grain feed January 1, 1966, 65 percent or 352,000 head were steers and steer calves and the remainder were principally heifers and heifer calves with a few other cattle. By weight groups, cattle weighing over 900 pounds accounted for 14 percent of those on feed January 1, 1966 compared to 20 percent of the total a year earlier. Cattle weighing less than 900 pounds made up 86 percent of those on feed, up 15 percent from a year earlier.

UNITED STATES: Cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in 39 feeding States totaled 9,963,000 head as of January 1, 1966, an increase of 5 percent from a year earlier. The 32 major feeding States had 9,820,000 head on feed for slaughter market compared to 9,348,000 head on January 1, 1965. There were 143,000 head on feed in 5 Atlantic and 2 South Central States. These States were up 6 percent or 8,000 head from January 1, 1965.

On January 1, 1966, there were 6,088,000 cattle and calves on feed in the North Central States, 4 percent more than a year earlier. Iowa, the leading State was down 7 percent, while Nebraska, the second ranking State, was up 19 percent. All other States in this region except North Dakota showed increases over a year earlier.

In the 11 Western States, cattle on feed for slaughter market totaled 2,672,000 head on January 1 this year, 7 percent more than a year earlier. California, the leading Western State, was up 4 percent and Colorado, the second ranking State, was up 12 percent. The number on feed for slaughter in the State of Washington was down 4 percent, but all other Western States showed increases.

The number of cattle on feed for the slaughter market in feeding States outside the North Central and Western States showed a gain of 5 percent from January 1 a year ago. Increases occurred in all States except Georgia, Florida, Alabama, and Louisiana. Texas and Oklahoma, the leading States in this group, were up 8 and 12 percent respectively.

In the 32 major feeding States the number of cattle and calves placed on feed during the October-December quarter of 1965 was 6,855,000 head, 4 percent greater than for the same period in 1964. Placements were 1 percent larger in the North Central States and 8 percent greater in the Western region. Recorded shipments of stocker and feeder cattle into the 8 Corn Belt States during October and November were up 2 percent from the same period of 1964. Marketings of grain fed cattle for slaughter from the 32 States during the October-December quarter totaled 4,409,000 head, 6 percent more than a year earlier. North Central region marketings were unchanged from last year, while marketings in the Western region were up 14 percent. The number of slaughter steers and heifers, grading good or better, sold out of first hands at 15 principal markets during October-December was down 11 percent. These data do not include direct sales to packing plants, mixed lots, and some deliveries bought on prior contract.

A breakdown of the cattle on feed in the 32 States January 1, 1966, by weight groups indicates a 7 percent increase for those weighing less than 900 pounds, but the number weighing more than 900 pounds is unchanged from a year earlier. The number in each weight group and percentage comparisons with a year earlier are as follows: under 500 pounds, 1,711,000, down 4 percent; 500-699 pounds, 2,590,000, up 8 percent; 700-899 pounds, 3,156,000, up 12 percent; 900-1,099 pounds, 1,992,000, up 1 percent; 1,100 pounds and over, 371,000, down 7 percent.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Cattle and Calves on Grain Feed, Minnesota and 32 States, 1966 with Comparisons

ITEM	MINNESOTA			32 STATES		
	1964	1965	1965 Pct. of 1964	1964	1965	1965 Pct. of 1964
	1,000 Head		Percent	1,000 Head		Percent
Cattle and Calves on Feed, October 1	301	301	100	6,908	7,374	107
Placed on Feed Oct. 1 - Dec. 31 1/	379	410	108	6,608	6,855	104
Fed Cattle Marketed Oct. 1-Dec. 31 1/	174	170	98	4,168	4,409	106
	1965	1966	1966 Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	1966 Pct. of 1965
Cattle and Calves on Feed, January 1	506	541	107	9,348	9,820	105
Kinds on Feed January 1						
Steers and Steer Calves	339	352	104	6,687	6,847	102
Heifers and Heifer Calves	164	188	115	2,600	2,913	112
Cows and Other	3	1	33	61	60	98
Time on Feed January 1						
Under 3 months	374	406	109	6,444	6,670	104
3 - 6 months	69	70	101	2,455	2,574	105
Over 6 months	63	65	103	449	576	128
Weight Groups January 1						
Under 900 pounds	407	467	115	6,987	7,457	107
900 - 1,099 pounds	81	63	78	1,963	1,992	101
1,100 pounds and over	18	11	61	398	371	93
January - March Marketings	2/ 163	3/ 165	101	2/4,326	3/4,514	104

1/ Includes cattle placed on feed after beginning of quarter and marketed before end of quarter. 2/ Actual marketings from January 1 number on feed, excluding those placed on feed after January 1 and marketed before March 31. 3/ Expected marketings from January 1, 1966 number on feed.

Cattle and Calves on Feed by Quarters January 1-October 1, 1965, and January 1, 1966 1/

STATE	January 1, 1965	October 1, 1965	January 1, 1965	January 1, 1966 as percent of January 1, 1965
	- - 1,000 Head - -			Percent
Pennsylvania	80	44	85	106
Ohio	200	116	210	105
Indiana	220	141	249	113
Illinois	659	425	672	102
Michigan	160	85	162	101
Wisconsin	137	102	138	101
Minnesota	506	301	541	107
Iowa	1,766	1,320	1,642	93
Missouri	270	170	300	111
North Dakota	158	72	153	97
South Dakota	322	235	338	105
Nebraska	1,027	972	1,227	119
Kansas	407	316	456	112
North Central States	5,832	4,255	6,088	104
Georgia	84	48	78	93
Florida	81	43	73	90
Kentucky	65	40	70	108
Tennessee	35	17	39	111
Alabama	44	19	37	84
Mississippi	22	22	23	105
Oklahoma	115	107	129	112
Texas	488	434	526	108
Montana	92	48	97	105
Idaho	153	118	172	112
Wyoming	40	20	41	102
Colorado	534	460	596	112
New Mexico	99	91	112	113
Arizona	348	291	364	105
Utah	66	43	81	123
Nevada	25	16	29	116
Washington	137	112	131	96
Oregon	93	78	97	104
California	915	1,068	952	104
Western States	2,502	2,345	2,672	107
32 State Total	9,348	7,374	9,820	105

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for slaughter market on grain or other concentrates and are expected to produce a carcass that will

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JAN 24 1966

Immediate Release

January 20, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 15, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 679,000 heavy white, 112,000 other heavy and 227,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending January 15, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 368,000 or more than twice last year's hatch while the bronze hatch was down 10,000 poults. The light breed hatch was up 63,000 from a year ago.

The ten State settings totaled 1,673,000 heavy white, 811,000 other heavy and 307,000 light breed eggs. The heavy white and the light breed sets continued to be above last year's level while the bronze set was down 1 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
		Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands				
Dec. 25	#	102	34	147	218	332
Jan. 1, 1966	142	144	94	198	319	477
Jan. 8	150	131	80	169	304	553
Jan. 15	119	147	103	232	311	679
		Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands				
Nov. 27	#	#	52	203	---	---
Dec. 4	257	233	121	298	498	725
Dec. 11	266	206	121	259	497	795
Dec. 18	201	252	159	347	511	965
Dec. 25	224	252	183	312	573	984
Jan. 1, 1966	266	228	218	307	796	1,161
Jan. 8	288	317	282	289	963	1,371
Jan. 15	315	456	264	378	1,028	1,673
		Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands				
Dec. 25	#	0	#	31	69	47
Jan. 1, 1966	#	#	#	95	71	128
Jan. 8	#	#	65	67	116	98
Jan. 15	#	#	53	58	122	112
		Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands				
Nov. 27	#	0	#	#	---	---
Dec. 4	#	#	#	137	116	192
Dec. 11	#	#	100	104	184	168
Dec. 18	#	#	74	92	184	211
Dec. 25	#	#	175	62	351	176
Jan. 1, 1966	#	#	105	86	411	302
Jan. 8	82	73	234	167	603	491
Jan. 15	208	147	240	288	820	811
		Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands				
Dec. 25	#	#	12	0	129	135
Jan. 1, 1966	#	94	24	7	117	182
Jan. 8	#	95	26	14	121	213
Jan. 15	#	60	12	8	164	227
		Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands				
Nov. 27	#	#	20	0	---	---
Dec. 4	#	136	37	9	175	266
Dec. 11	#	131	40	18	181	295
Dec. 18	#	95	20	11	233	285
Dec. 25	#	115	14	12	192	317
Jan. 1, 1966	#	114	29	12	245	258
Jan. 8	#	77	31	13	188	221
Jan. 15	#	76	25	13	243	307

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending January 15 totaled 147,000 heavy white, 60,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of other heavy breed poults. Compared with a year ago the heavy white hatch was up 24 percent.

Settings for the week totaled 456,000 heavy white, 147,000 bronze and 76,000 light breed eggs. The heavy white set was up 45 percent from the previous year, while the bronze set was down 29 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of State accounted for 27 percent of the week's hatch compared with 21 percent a year ago and 16 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411	502	0	0	140	234	867	1,172	568	722
Dec.	565	589	35	15	182	298	1,407	2,136	634	858
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	442	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819	852	45	15	280	405	2,028	2,951	934	1,157
Jan. 1966	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested in Minnesota during December included 93,499 heavy white, 16,935 other heavy and no light breeds. The cumulative totals for July through December 1965 totaled 410,800 heavy white and 162,027 other heavy turkeys. Compared with a year ago, heavy whites were up 43 percent while other heavy testings were down 19 percent, and testings of all heavy breeds were up 17 percent from a year ago. The cumulative light breed testings at 10,863 were down 13 percent from a year ago.

In the United States, the number of heavy breed turkeys tested by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during December 1965 was 768,634, up 7 percent from December 1964. Testings of heavy white breeds during December were 24 percent higher but other heavy breeds were 10 percent lower than December 1964. Aggregate testings July through December 1965 for all heavy breeds totaled 2,910,512, an increase of 14 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during December totaled 21,544, a decrease of 55 percent from December 1964. Testings of light breeds July through December 1965 totaled 147,745 birds, 18 percent below the same period a year earlier.

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JAN 27 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 25, 1966

1965 HONEY PRODUCTION

MINNESOTA: The 1965 Minnesota honey crop totaled 24,900,000 pounds, 15 percent less then in 1964 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production per colony averaged 83 pounds compared to 95 pounds in 1964. Unfavorable weather was the major factor in the lower production per colony. The number of colonies was estimated at 300,000, down 3 percent from the 1964 total of 309,000. Minnesota ranked second in honey production in 1965, with California first.

The average price received by producers for the 1965 honey crop was 16.1 cents per pound, the same as in 1964. This price is the combined average of all wholesale and retail sales of extracted, chunk, and comb honey sold from both large and small apiaries. Total value of the 1965 honey crop was $4,009,000, 15 percent below the value for 1964. The average price for extracted honey sold wholesale was 15 cents per pound, the same as a year earlier. The average price for extracted honey sold retail was 23 cents per pound, compared to 24 cents last year.

Stocks of honey held by Minnesota producers on December 15, 1965 were 6,723,000 pounds, down 12 percent from a year ago.

Beeswax production from the 1965 honey crop was estimated at 498,000 pounds, compared to 528,000 pounds in 1964. The average price received for beeswax was 45 cents per pound, as compared to 44 cents in 1964.

UNITED STATES: Honey production during 1965 totaled 278,243,000 pounds, 2 percent below 1964 and the smallest output since 1962. Production per colony averaged 50.0 pounds compared with 50.9 pounds in 1964, but was still the third highest yield in the past decade. The 1965 honey crop was produced by 5,562,000 colonies, 1 percent below the 5,601,000 colonies in 1964.

Prices received by producers for all honey sold during 1965 averaged 17.8 cents per pound, compared with the 1964 average price of 18.5 cents, giving the total 1965 honey crop a value of $49,487,000, as compared to the 1964 crop of $52,736,000.

Producers reported 68 million pounds of honey on hand for sale in mid-December compared with 75 million pounds a year earlier and the 1959-63 average of 64 million pounds. Stocks in mid-December represented 24 percent of the 1965 crop compared with 26 percent in 1964.

Beeswax production of 5,377,000 pounds for the 1965 season was slightly larger then the 1964 crop of 5,329,000 pounds. Beeswax sold, averaged 45.0 cents per pound in 1965 and 44.4 cents in 1964.

The 1965 season was not uniformly favorable throughout the Nation. Production was sharply curtailed in the North Atlantic States and the East North Central States where drought prevailed throughout the late summer months, and poor blooming of nectar plants reduced yields. To a lesser degree droughty conditions reduced yields in the South Atlantic States except Georgia and South Carolina. In contrast to these conditions, the Western States and the South Central States had a favorable honey flow with production well above last year.

Production of honey was lower than last year in 26 States and higher in 23 States. In the 10 top honey producing States, only California, Texas and Illinois had higher production in 1965 than in 1964.

Extracted honey in wholesale lots averaged 14.4 cents per pound, compared with 15.0 cents a year earlier. Extracted honey sold at wholesale in 60 pound or larger containers averaged 13.3 cents per pound in 1965, compared with 13.8 cents in 1964. Wholesale chunk and comb honey averaged 29.2 and 34.9 cents per pound, respectively, in 1965, compared with 30.1 and 35.0 cents in 1964.

Prices for retail sales of extracted honey averaged 28.0 cents per pound in 1965, compared with 28.2 cents in 1964. Retail comb honey declined from 40.3 cents in 1964 to 38.7 cents in 1965. Retail chunk averaged 38.1 cents in 1965 compared with 38.2 cents in 1964.

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Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Number of Colonies, Production per Colony, Total Production, 1964-1965
Average Price per Pound and Value of Production, 1965, All States

State and Division	Colonies of Bees		Yield per Colony		Total Honey Production		Average Price per Pound	Value of Production
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1965	1965
	Thousands		Pounds		Thousand Pounds		Cents	Thous. Dols.
Maine	7	6	19	19	133	114	42.9	49
N. H.	6	6	38	29	228	174	41.0	71
Vt.	11	11	55	41	605	451	33.0	149
Mass.	11	10	18	21	198	210	39.2	82
R. I.	2	2	24	23	48	46	37.1	17
Conn.	11	11	23	18	253	198	38.6	76
N. Y.	201	197	59	42	11,859	8,274	16.1	1,332
N. J.	36	35	36	35	1,296	1,225	33.0	404
Pa.	141	138	42	30	5,922	4,140	22.0	911
N. A.	426	416	48.2	35.7	20,542	14,832	20.8	3,091
Ohio	277	271	57	37	15,789	10,027	18.5	1,855
Ind.	192	190	58	57	11,136	10,830	19.4	2,101
Ill.	161	156	52	65	8,372	10,140	20.4	2,069
Mich.	110	110	85	63	9,350	6,930	16.3	1,130
Wis.	200	184	82	60	16,400	11,040	17.0	1,877
E. N. C.	940	911	64.9	53.8	61,047	48,967	18.4	9,032
Minn.	309	300	95	83	29,355	24,900	16.1	4,009
Iowa	141	133	85	85	11,985	11,305	16.4	1,854
Mo.	125	125	25	40	3,125	5,000	22.3	1,115
N. Dak.	39	41	92	98	3,588	4,018	14.0	563
S. Dak.	94	92	88	98	8,272	9,016	13.7	1,235
Nebr.	92	96	87	85	8,004	8,160	15.6	1,273
Kans.	46	49	46	60	2,116	2,940	19.4	570
W. N. C.	846	836	78.5	78.2	66,445	65,339	16.3	10,619
Del.	5	5	40	30	200	150	34.5	52
Md.	33	33	36	28	1,188	924	28.7	265
Va.	126	126	29	27	3,654	3,402	28.5	970
W. Va.	103	97	23	19	2,369	1,843	33.4	616
N. C.	205	209	30	28	6,150	5,852	36.4	2,130
S. C.	57	60	22	25	1,254	1,500	31.4	471
Ga.	200	200	25	38	5,000	7,600	20.7	1,573
Fla.	297	294	68	55	20,196	16,170	17.6	2,846
S. A.	1,026	1,024	39.0	36.6	40,011	37,441	23.8	8,923
Ky.	102	104	25	22	2,550	2,288	34.6	792
Tenn.	161	158	17	19	2,737	3,002	29.8	895
Ala.	185	176	19	25	3,515	4,400	23.5	1,034
Miss.	87	86	24	36	2,088	3,096	20.0	619
Ark.	92	98	20	24	1,840	2,352	22.6	532
La.	99	99	28	31	2,772	3,069	16.3	500
Okla.	53	57	34	43	1,802	2,451	22.6	554
Texas	252	249	48	56	12,096	13,944	14.6	2,036
S. C.	1,031	1,027	28.5	33.7	29,400	34,602	20.1	6,962
Mont.	78	80	63	72	4,914	5,760	15.1	870
Idaho	211	215	52	43	10,972	9,245	14.4	1,331
Wyo.	34	33	46	35	1,564	1,155	13.7	158
Colo.	64	64	80	68	5,120	4,352	16.4	714
N. Mex.	12	13	75	71	900	923	14.5	134
Ariz.	110	114	55	70	6,050	7,980	12.9	1,029
Utah	51	50	54	44	2,754	2,200	15.0	330
Nev.	8	9	90	60	720	540	14.6	79
Wash.	96	97	44	45	4,224	4,365	14.6	637
Oreg.	62	62	38	43	2,356	2,666	18.7	499
Calif.	599	605	46	62	27,554	37,510	13.4	5,026
West	1,325	1,342	50.7	57.2	67,128	76,696	14.1	10,807
48 States	5,594	5,556	50.9	50.0	284,573	277,877	17.8	49,434
Hawaii	7	6	48	61	336	366	14.6	53
UNITED STATES	5,601	5,562	50.9	50.0	284,909	278,243	17.8	49,487

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JAN 31 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 27, 1966

GRAIN STOCKS - JANUARY 1, 1966*

MINNESOTA: Stocks of corn in all positions in the State totaled 330 million bushels on January 1, 8 percent below holdings last year at this time, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. On-farm stocks were 13 million bushels below holdings a year earlier and off-farm stocks were 18 million bushels below the previous year. Off-farm stocks totaled 78.7 million bushels and were stored in the following positions: 31.5 million in country elevators, 6.6 million in the terminal areas of Minneapolis-St. Paul and Duluth, 1.4 million in country processing plants (including hybrid seed corn firms) and 39.2 million bushels in Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) Bin Sites.

Total wheat supplies in all storage positions were 96.4 million bushels, nearly 7 percent above January 1, 1965 stocks. Wheat held on farms totaled 10.2 million bushels compared with 7.0 million held a year earlier. Off-farm stocks of 86.2 million bushels were held in the following positions: 68.7 million bushels in the Twin Cities and Duluth Terminal Areas, 14.2 million in country elevators and 3.3 million bushels at country processors. Holdings in CCC bins amounted to only 109,000 bushels.

Stocks of oats in all positions totaled 152 million bushels, 22 percent above the 125 million bushels on hand a year ago. On-farm stocks of 132 million were 21 percent above the 109 million bushels on hand January 1, 1965. Off-farm stocks totaled 19.5 million bushels with 13 million in country elevators, 6 million in the Twin Cities-Duluth Terminal Areas and 111,000 bushels held by country processors. Holdings in CCC bins amounted to only 431,000 bushels.

Barley stocks of 32.5 million bushels in all positions were 1 percent below the 32.8 million on hand a year earlier. On-farm stocks totaled 12.9 million compared with 13.2 million bushels at this time last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 19.7 million bushels, the same level as on hand January 1, 1965. The off-farm stocks were held in the following positions: 14.4 million bushels in the terminal areas, 2.9 million in country elevators and 2.4 million in country processing plants.

Stocks of rye in all positions totaled 5.1 million bushels compared with 2.5 million bushels on hand last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 4.6 million of which 3.8 million bushels were held in the Twin City-Duluth Terminal areas. Country processors held 341,000 bushels and country elevators, 471,000 bushels. On-farm holdings amounted to 481,000 bushels compared with 291,000 bushels a year earlier.

January 1, 1966 stocks of soybeans in all positions totaled 53.7 million bushels, 14 percent more than the 47.0 million on hand a year ago. On-farm stocks totaled 32.8 million bushels compared with 22.8 million on hand a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 20.9 million bushels 14 percent less than the 24.2 million held on January 1, 1965. Of the off-farm stocks, 16.8 million bushels were held by country elevators, 2.3 million were stored in the terminal areas and 1.8 million bushels were held by country processors.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions totaled 9.3 million bushels, about 7 percent more than the 8.7 million on hand a year ago. On-farm stocks amounted to 1.9 million bushels compared with 1.3 million a year earlier. Off-farm stocks of 7.4 million bushels were the same as this date a year earlier. The off-farm stocks were stored in the following positions: 5.4 million bushels were held at the terminal plants and country processors and about 2.0 bushels by country elevators.

UNITED STATES: Soybean stocks on January 1, 1966 totaled 619 million bushels exceeding the previous high a year earlier by 18 percent. Stocks of the four feed grains, with a combined total of 162.5 million tons, were 4 percent larger than on January 1, 1965. Wheat storage totaled 1,339 million bushels, the lowest January 1 holdings in 12 years. In spite of a drop in stocks of all wheat, a greater quantity of Durum wheat was on hand. Stocks of each of the four feed grains were larger than January 1 a year ago. Rye and flaxseed stocks were each up sharply from a year earlier.

*This report was made possible by funds provided by the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Consumer and Marketing Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, under provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946.

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All wheat in storage on January 1 totaled 1,339 million bushels, 8 percent less than a year earlier and the smallest January 1 holdings in 12 years. Disappearance during the October-December quarter is indicated at 369 million bushels, the largest for this period since records started in 1934. Farm stocks of 408 million bushels were the largest since 1961 while off-farm holdings, at 931 million bushels, were the smallest since 1954.

Durum wheat stocks on January 1 in all storage positions were 98 million bushels, 5 percent more than a year earlier and the largest January 1 holdings since records were started in 1962. Farm stocks totaled 57 million bushels, 21 percent above a y year earlier while off-farm holdings, at 41 million bushels, were 12 percent less.

Rye stocks of 28.5 million bushels were the largest January 1 holdings since 1956. Farm stocks on January 1 totaled 13.1 million bushels, 13 percent more than a year earlier while off-farm holdings, at 15.4 million bushels, were 60 percent larger than on January 1 a year ago.

Corn in all storage positions on January 1 totaled 4,099 million bushels -- 4 percent more than last year but 7 percent below average. Production of corn in 1965 was 16 percent larger than in 1964, but carryover of old corn on October 1 was nearly one-fourth less than the previous year. Indicated disappearance of corn during the October-December quarter of 1,242 million bushels was greater than both a year earlier and average.

Oat stocks in all positions on January 1, 1966 totaled 783 million bushels, 73 million bushels more than a year earlier but 5 million bushels less than average. Oat stocks held in farm storages, at about 87 percent of all holdings, were about the same percentage of total stocks as a year earlier.

Barley stored in all positions totaled 313 million bushels, 4 percent above a year earlier but nearly 10 percent less than the 1960-64 average January 1 holdings. Stocks located on farms totaled 195 million bushels, or about 62 percent of stocks in all positions.

Soybean stocks in all positions on January 1, 1966 totaled 619 million bushels. This record high total was 18 percent above the 527 million bushels on hand a year earlier and 25 percent above average. Off-farm stocks at 335 million bushels were about the same as a year earlier. The large increase in total stocks from a year earlier occurred on farms where 284 million bushels were held, 48 percent above January 1, 1965 farm holdings. Stocks on January 1, 1966 indicate a disappearance during the September-December period of 255 million bushels from a beginning supply of 874 million bushels (carryover of 30 million bushels plus 1965 production of 844 million bushels). Reported disappearance for the September-December period included 172 million bushels processed for oil and approximately 104 million bushels exported.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions on January 1 totaled 32.2 million bushels, or 9 million bushels more than holdings a year earlier. Farm stocks were up 62 percent and off-farm stocks were up 25 percent from January 1, 1965.

Off-Farm Stocks, Minnesota, Jan. 1, 1965-66 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	Mpls. - St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Corn	8,774	6,638	983	1,394	37,651	31,524	49,087	39,209
Wheat	67,297	68,663	3,299	3,286	12,614	14,177	115	109
Oats	5,686	6,016	1/	111	9,122	12,991	483	431
Barley	14,748	14,379	2,404	2,403	2,504	2,884	3	---
Rye	1,764	3,777	297	341	157	471	---	---
Soybeans	7,884	2,306	4,418	1,826	11,885	16,784	---	---
Flaxseed	5,599	5,376	1/	1/	1,832	2,057	---	---

1/ Included in terminal stocks to avoid possibility of disclosing individual operations.

Grain Stocks - Jan. 1, 1965-1966 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	On-Farm		Off-Farm 1/		Total	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
MINNESOTA:						
Corn	263,945	251,200	96,495	78,766	360,440	329,966
Wheat	7,022	10,177	83,325	86,235	90,347	96,412
Oats	109,390	132,176	15,291	19,549	124,681	151,725
Barley	13,152	12,883	19,659	19,666	32,811	32,549
Rye	291	481	2,218	4,589	2,509	5,070
Soybeans	22,816	32,800	24,187	20,916	47,003	53,716
Flaxseed	1,305	1,875	7,431	7,433	8,736	9,308
UNITED STATES:						
Corn	2,818,459	3,142,482	1,137,392	956,533	3,955,851	4,099,015
Wheat	389,789	408,217	1,059,621	930,567	1,449,410	1,338,784
Oats	622,498	680,423	87,774	102,440	710,272	782,863
Barley	190,053	195,235	119,853	117,524	309,906	312,759
Rye	11,625	13,100	9,643	15,436	21,268	28,536
Soybeans	191,715	284,476	334,820	334,545	526,535	619,021
Flaxseed	8,570	13,884	14,645	18,302	23,215	32,186

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks.

STOCKS OF GRAINS, SELECTED STATES, January 1, 1965-66

State	Shelled and Ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	10,840	7,323	18,610	16,012	4,834	3,127	21,814	19,741
Ohio	51,109	54,417	172,362	188,510	5,293	6,147	25,953	26,129
Ind.	58,339	64,608	276,620	345,142	1,309	1,754	12,570	12,761
Ill.	261,344	214,333	734,033	793,915	4,519	4,860	39,332	37,019
Mich.	14,360	13,788	86,641	80,949	989	1,048	20,753	18,874
Wis.	11,110	8,706	89,965	109,480	4,882	3,920	77,936	91,453
Minn.	96,495	78,766	360,440	329,966	15,291	19,549	124,681	151,725
Iowa	331,991	226,456	1,083,272	1,005,941	11,293	10,996	89,662	85,479
Mo.	36,434	37,469	138,304	196,145	1,902	2,491	9,088	7,458
N. Dak.	1,757	1,557	7,172	7,939	7,460	12,562	89,160	102,730
S. Dak.	33,383	29,517	116,209	116,955	9,588	13,976	85,208	113,163
Nebr.	137,131	114,331	446,248	428,396	1,508	2,411	18,906	25,804
Kans.	27,838	31,487	51,004	65,036	849	774	6,439	5,235
Mont.	31	36	138	108	384	758	11,253	12,381
Idaho	217	254	1,284	1,268	1,664	2,024	6,037	6,333
Wash.	511	235	1,437	1,093	2,162	2,760	4,068	4,556
Oreg.	209	136	955	835	4,005	4,152	7,516	7,740
Calif.	2,431	3,582	5,104	6,344	1,227	1,431	1,684	2,007
Other States	61,862	69,532	366,053	404,981	8,615	7,700	58,212	52,275
UNITED STATES	1,137,392	956,533	3,955,851	4,099,015	87,774	102,440	710,272	782,863

State	Barley				Rye			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	3,546	3,213	3,786	3,441	*	*	*	*
Ohio	44	62	340	402	59	31	196	191
Ind.	41	35	281	240	46	53	165	170
Ill.	*	1,514	*	1,834	*	1,503	*	1,581
Mich.	247	*	1,122	*	45	139	336	414
Wis.	24,263	19,600	24,750	20,062	601	*	798	*
Minn.	19,659	19,666	32,811	32,549	2,218	4,589	2,509	5,070
Iowa	229	*	339	*	*	*	*	*
Mo.	1,480	965	1,772	1,120	162	122	332	243
N. Dak.	10,975	11,196	76,459	80,686	1,350	2,962	6,480	10,325
S. Dak.	2,559	2,265	7,847	7,472	376	1,164	2,365	3,022
Nebr.	401	173	2,444	1,761	303	350	1,349	972
Kans.	2,096	864	6,460	2,656	898	671	1,348	937
Mont.	6,913	8,505	44,251	40,953	55	138	249	325
Idaho	3,416	6,817	13,203	21,718	8	10	82	92
Wash.	8,833	10,621	12,419	12,589	668	493	896	553
Oreg.	5,744	6,233	10,963	11,325	106	77	223	308
Calif.	13,248	12,847	27,900	30,867	---	---	---	---
Other States	16,159	12,948	42,759	43,084	2,748	3,134	3,940	4,333
UNITED STATES	119,853	117,524	309,906	312,759	9,643	15,436	21,268	28,536

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

STOCKS OF WHEAT, SELECTED STATES, January 1, 1965-1966

State	Off-Farm 1/		Total All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	29,922	35,712	32,480	37,044
Ohio	24,730	16,413	29,714	20,619
Indiana	9,989	6,727	15,135	9,871
Illinois	20,399	19,000	26,192	23,552
Michigan	13,364	9,036	27,502	15,105
Wisconsin	15,996	18,321	16,701	18,813
Minnesota	83,325	86,235	90,347	96,412
Iowa	6,477	5,993	6,583	6,012
Missouri	25,832	24,831	28,851	28,093
North Dakota	75,362	75,884	191,700	216,055
South Dakota	38,519	38,207	68,945	68,605
Nebraska	69,117	45,405	103,815	70,089
Kansas	323,991	252,468	364,928	296,320
Montana	18,633	17,500	75,850	84,109
Idaho	12,688	11,053	25,162	23,940
Washington	54,966	52,869	64,009	64,672
Oregon	17,141	16,330	26,559	26,027
California	8,818	5,250	9,971	5,798
Other States	210,352	193,333	244,966	227,648
UNITED STATES	1,059,621	930,567	1,449,410	1,338,784

STOCKS OF SOYBEANS AND FLAXSEED, SELECTED STATES, January 1, 1965-1966

State	Soybeans				Flaxseed			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
Ohio	20,699	18,876	30,743	35,207	---	---	---	---
Ind.	19,253	19,228	37,789	46,560	---	---	---	---
Ill.	70,384	66,011	116,256	128,870	---	---	---	---
Mich.	1,030	2,448	3,445	7,306	---	---	---	---
Wis.	*	1,978	*	3,727	*	*	*	*
Minn.	24,187	20,916	47,003	53,716	7,431	7,433	8,736	9,308
Iowa	55,837	50,925	100,695	115,236	6	*	27	*
Mo.	22,666	20,197	31,470	34,761	---	---	---	---
N. Dak.	472	900	1,112	2,989	3,889	6,512	9,668	16,096
S. Dak.	566	845	1,856	3,336	1,430	2,300	2,791	4,507
Nebr.	4,442	5,181	8,532	13,845	---	---	---	---
Kans.	8,864	9,695	11,282	15,167	---	---	---	---
N. C.	4,150	5,804	7,746	9,575	---	---	---	---
S. C.	5,942	7,657	12,119	15,712	---	---	---	---
Ky.	3,686	3,328	4,739	4,751	---	---	---	---
Tenn.	16,379	16,793	17,255	19,029	---	---	---	---
Miss.	13,097	17,357	21,192	28,847	---	---	---	---
Ark.	31,451	41,902	36,340	48,823	---	---	---	---
La.	9,337	8,505	9,739	9,107	---	---	---	---
Okla.	351	505	453	844	---	---	---	---
Texas	1,857	2,502	1,998	2,686	*	---	*	---
Mont.	---	---	---	---	9	24	79	168
Calif.	---	---	---	---	31	*	31	*
Other States	20,170	12,992	24,771	18,927	1,849	2,033	1,883	2,107
UNITED STATES	334,820	334,545	526,535	619,021	14,645	18,302	23,215	32,186

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

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JAN 31 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 27, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 22, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 669,000 heavy white, 139,000 other heavy and 221,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending January 22, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 319,000 while the bronze hatch was down 88,000 poults. The light breed hatch was up 91,000 from a year ago.

The ten State settings totaled 1,906,000 heavy white, 974,000 bronze (other heavy) and 260,000 light breed eggs. The heavy white and the light breed sets continued to be well above last year's level while the bronze set was down 11 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
			Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Jan. 1	142	144	94	198	319	477
Jan. 8	150	131	80	169	304	553
Jan. 15	119	147	103	232	311	679
Jan. 22	130	164	119	211	350	669
			Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Dec. 4	257	233	121	298	498	725
Dec. 11	266	206	121	259	497	795
Dec. 18	201	252	159	347	511	965
Dec. 25	224	252	183	312	573	984
Jan. 1	266	228	218	307	796	1,161
Jan. 8	288	317	282	289	963	1,371
Jan. 15	315	456	264	378	1,028	1,673
Jan. 22	394	516	370	401	1,344	1,906
			Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Jan. 1	#	#	#	95	71	128
Jan. 8	#	#	65	67	116	98
Jan. 15	#	#	53	58	122	112
Jan. 22	#	#	121	41	227	139
			Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Dec. 4	#	#	#	137	116	192
Dec. 11	#	#	100	104	184	168
Dec. 18	#	#	74	92	184	211
Dec. 25	#	#	175	62	351	176
Jan. 1	#	#	105	86	411	302
Jan. 8	82	73	234	167	603	491
Jan. 15	208	147	240	288	820	811
Jan. 22	249	226	355	270	1,095	974
			Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
Jan. 1	#	94	24	7	117	182
Jan. 8	#	95	26	14	121	213
Jan. 15	#	60	12	8	164	227
Jan. 22	#	76	8	9	130	221
			Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Dec. 4	#	136	37	9	175	266
Dec. 11	#	131	40	18	181	295
Dec. 18	#	95	20	11	233	285
Dec. 25	#	115	14	12	192	317
Jan. 1	#	114	29	12	245	258
Jan. 8	#	77	31	13	188	221
Jan. 15	#	76	25	13	243	307
Jan. 22	#	#	33	4	230	260

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending January 22 totaled 164,000 heavy white, 76,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of other heavy breed poults. Compared with a year ago the heavy white hatch was up 26 percent.

Settings for the week totaled 516,000 heavy white, 226,000 bronze and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. The heavy white set was up 31 percent from the previous year while the bronze set was down 9 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of State accounted for 11 percent of the week's hatch compared with 32 percent a year ago and 27 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411	502	0	0	140	234	867	1,172	568	722
Dec.	565	589	35	15	182	298	1,407	2,136	634	858
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	442	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819	852	45	15	280	405	2,028	2,951	934	1,157
Jan. 1966	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

FEB 2 1966

Immediate Release

January 31, 1966

INTENTIONS TO RAISE TURKEYS

MINNESOTA: Minnesota turkey growers plan to raise 16,401,000 turkeys in 1966, up 3 percent from the number raised in 1965. This forecast is based on intentions reported in early January to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. By breed types, growers intend to raise 10,175,000 heavy white breed turkeys - 9 percent more than in 1965, 3,724,000 bronze - 18 percent less than in 1965; and 2,502,000 light breed birds up 27 percent from the previous year.

Minnesota ranked first in the number of turkeys raised in 1965 followed in order by, California, Iowa, Missouri and Wisconsin. In 1965, Minnesota raised 15.1 percent of the turkeys raised in the United States and Minnesota and California combined accounted for 30.1 percent of the turkeys raised.

The January grower survey indicated about one-fourth of the heavy white turkeys raised in Minnesota in 1965 were marketed as fryer-roasters, and most of the light breed turkeys raised (79 percent) were marketed as fryer-roasters.

UNITED STATES: Turkey growers intend to produce 7 percent more turkeys in 1966 than last year. Present plans of growers are to increase heavy breeds 6 percent with heavy whites up 15 percent and other heavy breeds down 2 percent. For light breeds an increase of 12 percent is planned. Assuming growers carry out their intentions, the 1966 turkey crop for the Nation would be about 112.1 million compared with the revised estimate of 104.7 million turkeys raised in 1965. A crop this size would exceed the previous record crop in 1961 by 4 percent. Increased production is planned in all regions of the country. Increases planned are: South Central 14 percent, South Atlantic and West, each 9 percent; North Atlantic, 7 percent, West North Central, 4 percent; and East North Central, up 3 percent.

Growers plan to produce 98.9 million heavy breed turkeys in 1966, an increase of 6 percent from last year. Of this number 54.9 million will be heavy white breeds, 15 percent more than the 47.9 million raised last year. Present plans indicate that heavy white turkeys will account for about 56 percent of all heavies raised in 1966, compared with 52 percent in 1965 and 44 percent in 1964. The expected number of heavy whites to be raised in 1966 is above last year in all regions. Increases planned for heavy whites are 37 percent in the SouthCentral, 15 percent in the West North Central, 14 percent in the West, and 7 percent in each the East North Central, North Atlantic, and South Atlantic States.

In 1966 growers intend to raise 43.9 million bronze and other heavy breed turkeys compared with 45.0 million in 1965. Decreases indicated are 12 percent in the West North Central; 7 percent in the East North Central, and 4 percent in the South Central. Increases are 10 percent in the South Atlantic, 6 percent in the West and 5 percent in the North Atlantic.

Producers intend to raise 13.3 million light breed turkeys in 1966, up 12 percent from last year. The expected number of lights to be raised in 1966 is above last year in all regions. Increases planned are 19 percent in the West North Central, 11 percent in the South Atlantic States, 10 percent in the North Atlantic, 9 percent in the West, and 6 percent in the South Central, with only a slight increase in the East North Central.

The number of turkeys actually raised in 1966 may vary somewhat from the January 1, 1966 intentions of growers. Such changes may depend on reactions to this report, price of feed, supply and prices of hatching eggs and poults, and prices received for turkeys during the next few months. On January 1, 1965 growers intended to produce 4 percent more turkeys in 1965 than 1964. The crop turned out to be 5 percent more than in 1964.

Testings of all heavy breeds July through December were up 14 percent from the corresponding period in 1964. The July-December testings of light breeds were down 18 percent from the same months last year. Testings of breeders indicate that hatching egg supplies will be adequate to permit turkey growers to increase output this year.

H. L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

Intentions to raise turkeys in 1966

State and Division	Number raised in 1965			Intended for raising in 1966			
	Heavy Breeds	Light Breeds	Total	Heavy Breeds	Light Breeds	Total	Total turkeys 1966 as % of 1965
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Maine	48	0	48	45	0	45	94
N. H.	81	5	86	81	5	86	100
Vt.	22	0	22	20	0	20	91
Mass.	320	4	324	317	4	321	99
R. I.	21	0	21	23	0	23	110
Conn.	174	1	175	152	1	153	87
N. Y.	348	26	374	344	29	373	100
N. J.	476	14	490	586	14	600	122
Pa.	1,357	270	1,627	1,463	300	1,763	108
N. A.	2,847	320	3,167	3,031	353	3,384	107
Ohio	2,723	785	3,508	2,779	761	3,540	101
Ind.	3,203	199	3,402	3,505	219	3,724	109
Ill.	1,239	95	1,334	1,200	59	1,259	94
Mich.	968	65	1,033	1,063	70	1,133	110
Wis.	5,263	181	5,444	5,333	221	5,554	102
E. N. C.	13,396	1,325	14,721	13,880	1,330	15,210	103
Minn.	13,877	1,970	15,847	13,899	2,502	16,401	103
Iowa	7,683	456	8,139	7,704	483	8,187	101
Mo.	6,996	592	7,588	7,636	622	8,258	109
N. Dak.	955	18	973	990	18	1,008	104
S. Dak.	604	477	1,081	567	582	1,149	106
Nebr.	1,148	21	1,169	1,091	19	1,110	95
Kans.	655	37	692	628	41	669	97
W. N. C.	31,918	3,571	35,489	32,515	4,267	36,782	104
Del.	156	267	423	197	299	496	117
Md.	250	16	266	255	16	271	102
Va.	2,417	2,516	4,933	2,527	2,390	4,917	100
W. Va.	658	1,221	1,879	735	1,526	2,261	120
N. C.	4,222	820	5,042	4,376	984	5,360	106
S. C.	810	12	822	1/ 870	1/ 324	993	121
Ga.	1,194	57	1,251	1,585	103	1,688	135
Fla.	20	189	209	1/	1/	201	96
S. A.	9,727	5,098	14,825	10,545	5,642	16,187	109
Ky.	1,021	1	1,022	1,056	1	1,057	103
Tenn.	72	2	74	132	0	132	178
Ala.	762	21	783	942	21	963	123
Miss.	113	2	115	113	2	115	100
Ark.	4,394	408	4,802	5,529	449	5,978	124
La.	21	1	22	17	1	18	82
Okla.	1,354	91	1,445	1,508	93	1,601	111
Texas	5,246	37	5,283	5,611	30	5,641	107
S. C.	12,983	563	13,546	14,908	597	15,505	114
Mont. & Idaho 2/	198	2/ 32	230	255	48	303	132
Wyo.	4	0	4	4	0	4	100
Colo.	2,010	36	2,046	2,508	18	2,526	123
N. Mex.	10	1	11	7	1	8	73
Ariz.	108	1	109	130	1	131	120
Utah	2,836	21	2,857	2,853	30	2,883	101
Nev.	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
Wash.	482	41	523	487	41	528	101
Oreg.	1,335	210	1,545	1,372	231	1,603	104
Calif.	15,027	640	15,667	16,360	704	17,064	109
West.	22,010	982	22,992	23,976	1,074	25,050	109
U. S.	92,881	11,859	104,740	98,855	13,263	112,118	107

1/ South Carolina and Florida combined to avoid disclosing individual operations.
2/ Montana and Idaho combined to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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FEB 7 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 1, 1966

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-January 1966

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-January at 94 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for January since 1952, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The Index was 15 points above a year earlier and 2 points above mid-December of last year. All livestock prices continue at higher levels than a year ago.

Compared with mid-December the livestock price index climbed 6 points to 117 percent of the 1947-49 average. The crop index advanced 2 points from the previous month, but was 8 points below January 1965. The milk and cream index declined 1 point from last month, but was 6 points above a year ago. The poultry and egg index dropped 7 points from the previous month but was 16 points above January 1965.

Soybean prices showed the most significant change as they averaged 14 cents per bushel higher than a month ago. Rye prices averaged 9 cents per bushel higher while corn and flaxseed each averaged 3 cents per bushel higher than last month. Wheat and barley prices were each 1 cent higher than the previous month and oats remained unchanged. Barley prices were 15 cents and rye prices 9 cents above last year's level while prices for the other crops were all below a year ago.

Hog prices averaged 60 cents per cwt., and cattle prices $1.60 per cwt. higher than last month. Compared with a year earlier, hog prices continued sharply higher (up from $15.40 to $27.50) while cattle prices were slightly higher ($16.90 to $20.00). Lamb prices advanced $1.30 per cwt. from last month and were $5.50 above last year.

Milk prices averaged 5 cents per cwt. below a month ago, but were 25 cents per cwt. above a year earlier.

Eggs at 29.5 cents per dozen were down 5.0 cents from December, but were 8.5 cents above January 1965. Turkeys, per pound liveweight, at 24 cents were the same as last month, but 2 cents above last year.

TABLE I - INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	Jan. 15 av. 1958-62	Jan. 15 1963	Jan. 15 1964	Jan. 15 1965	Dec. 15 1965	Jan. 15 1966
All Farm Products . .	78	80	77	79	92	94
Crops	63	69	73	80	70	72
Livestock	90	89	78	81	111	117
Dairy Products . .	91	90	91	92	99	98
Poultry and Eggs .	62	64	68	53	76	69

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minnesota.

TABLE II - PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OF RATIO 1910 -14 = 100	Jan. 15 av. 1962	Jan. 15 1963	Jan. 15 1964	Jan. 15 1965	Dec. 15 1965	Jan. 15 1966
Prices Received . . .	244	247	244	236	259	263
Prices Paid 1/ . . .	305	312	313	317	324	327
Parity Ratio	80	79	78	74	80	80

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

C. R. Lies
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			JANUARY 15, 1966			
		JAN. 15, 1965	DEC. 15, 1965	JAN. 15, 1966	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	1.57	1.49	1.50	1.43	1.44	1.51	1.41
RYE	BU	.99	.99	1.08	1.10	.94	1.02	.982
CORN	BU.	1.04	.91	.94	1.07	1.03	1.10	1.14
OATS	BU.	.62	.61	.61	.67	.52	.60	.644
BARLEY	BU.	.91	1.05	1.06	.99	1.00	.97	1.03
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.69	2.49	2.63	2.62	2.57	2.51	2.67
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.98	2.77	2.80	2.79	2.71	2.78	2.73
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	23.00	21.00	20.00	23.50	15.50	18.90	24.40
POTATOES	CWT.	4.70	1.40	1.45	2.75	1.40	2.10	1.96
HOGS	CWT.	15.40	26.90	27.50	27.30	26.30	27.20	27.30
COWS	CWT.	11.90	13.40	14.50	14.30	13.80	14.20	14.40
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	20.80	23.60	24.20	25.00	23.90	23.30	23.80
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	16.90	18.40	20.00	23.20	20.80	21.10	21.10
CALVES	CWT.	24.80	25.80	29.40	24.30	25.00	27.00	24.70
SHEEP	CWT.	7.00	7.00	7.90	5.60	5.90	5.50	7.42
LAMBS	CWT.	22.00	26.20	27.50	25.20	25.50	26.40	25.90
MILK COWS	HEAD	210.00	220.00	230.00	220.00	200.00	210.00	221.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.28	3.58	3.53	3.75	3.50	3.70	4.53
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.64	.67	.66	.66	.64	.62	.617
TURKEYS - LIVE	LB.	.220	.240	.240	.240	.230	.230	.237
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.055	.055	.055	.055	.050	.050	.099
EGGS	DOZ.	.210	.345	.295	.290	.300	.285	.375
WOOL	LB	.46	.49	.49	.47	.49	.50	.471
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	3.00	3.00	3.05	3.35	3.05	3.25	3.33
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.45	4.70	4.90	4.95	5.10	5.00	5.06
HOG FEED, 29% & OVER	CWT.	5.70	5.90	6.10	6.30	-	-	6.07
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% AND OVER	CWT.	4.70	4.80	4.90	5.00	-	-	4.60
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.05	3.15	3.15	3.85	-	-	3.79
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.90	2.88	2.90	2.96	2.87	2.82	3.47
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.20	4.35	4.35	4.90	4.85	4.70	4.45
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		14.8	29.6	29.3	25.5	25.5	24.7	23.9
BEEF-CORN 1/		20.0	25.9	25.7	23.4	23.2	21.2	20.9
EGG-FEED 2/		7.2	12.0	10.2	9.8	10.5	10.1	10.8
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.8	2.9

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DZOEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

FEB 4 1966

Immediate Release

February 2, 1966

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER-DECEMBER 1965

MINNESOTA: Commercial slaughter plants in Minnesota during the calendar year of 1965 killed 1,605,000 cattle, 232,700 calves, 5,210,000 hogs and 772,500 sheep and lambs according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Comparable figures for 1964 are cattle, 1,696,000 head, down 5 percent; calves, 230,300, up 1 percent; hogs, 5,792,000, down 10 percent; and sheep and lambs 875,500, down 12 percent.

Cattle slaughtered during December 1965 totaled 139,000 head, down 13 percent from the 159,000 slaughtered in December 1964 and 5 percent below November 1965. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,073 pounds per head, compared with 1,050 in December 1964 and 1,045 pounds for the previous month.

December calf slaughter totaled 23,900 head, 22 percent below the same month last year and 20 percent below November 1965. Calves slaughtered averaged 163 pounds per head liveweight, 7 pounds less than December 1964 and 9 pounds less than a month earlier.

The hog kill in December at 382,000 head, was down 36 percent from the 594,000 head slaughtered in December 1964 and 16 percent less than November 1965. The average liveweight was 258 pounds per head compared with 249 pounds a year earlier and 256 pounds for November 1965.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during December totaled 81,000 head, 9 percent less than the 89,500 head killed in December 1964, and down 16 percent from the previous month. The average liveweight was 105 pounds per head, 2 pounds heavier than the same month in 1964 and 1 pound heavier than November 1965.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during December in the 48 States totaled 2,570 million pounds. This was 9 percent less than December 1964 and 3 percent less than November 1965. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes farm slaughter.

There were 30,625 million pounds of red meat produced during 1965, 3 percent below 1964. Of the 1965 total, 18,315 million pounds were beef, up 2 percent from a year earlier; 936 million pounds were veal, up 1 percent; 10,736 million pounds were pork, down 11 percent; and 638 million pounds were lamb and mutton, down 9 percent. Lard production for the entire year was 1,979 million pounds, down 17 percent from 1964. The number of cattle slaughtered during 1965 was 5 percent greater than in 1964; calves were up 2 percent; hogs down 11 percent; and sheep and lambs down 11 percent.

Beef productinn during December was 1,584 million pounds, 2 percent above December 1964 and 1 percent more than November 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during December totaled 2,775,000 head, 2 percent more than a year earlier, but 1 percent less than the previous month. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,017 pounds, 3 pounds less than December 1964, but 17 pounds more than November 1965.

There were 72 million pounds of veal produced during December, 6 percent below December 1964 and 13 percent below November 1965. The 623,500 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 6 percent less than December 1964 and 7 percent less than November 1965. Pork production during December totaled 863 million pounds, 23 percent less than December 1964 and 8 percent less than November 1965. The hog kill during December was 5,812,900 head, 24 percent less than December 1964 and 8 percent less than November 1965. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight of hogs was 11.1 pounds compared with 11.7 pounds in December 1964 and 11.4 pounds in November 1965.

The 51 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during December was 14 percent less than a year earlier and 2 percent less than a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during December was 1,005,800 head, 15 percent fewer than December 1964 and 4 percent less than November 1965.

Beginning with the January 1966 report, to be issued February 28, 1966 the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates will include customs slaughtering in plants for farmers. Comparable data for 1965 will not be available. It is expected that this change will result in a shift of about one to two percent of the total slaughter from farm to commercial slaughter.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

GROUP	December		January-December		Jan.-Dec. 1965 as % of 1964	December Average	
	1964	1965	1964	1965		1964	1965
	1,000 Head		1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA							
Cattle	159.0	139.0	1,696.0	1,605.0	95	1,050	1,073
Calves	30.5	23.9	230.3	232.7	101	170	163
Hogs	594.0	382.0	5,792.0	5,210.0	90	249	258
Sheep & Lambs	89.5	81.0	875.5	772.5	88	103	105
UNITED STATES							
Cattle	2,721.5	2,779.4	30,867.7	32,374.5	105	1,020	1,017
Calves	660.2	623.5	7,253.8	7,410.1	102	212	211
Hogs	7,698.7	5,821.2	83,083.7	73,848.9	89	241	243
Sheep & Lambs	1,179.8	1,005.9	14,594.7	13,000.4	89	101	103

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, UNITED STATES BY MONTHS 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 1/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
1965 January	1,536	79	1,016	59	2,690	560	194
February	1,365	69	871	47	2,352	469	167
March	1,568	80	1,075	55	2,778	526	196
April	1,423	73	972	55	2,523	541	178
May	1,431	66	803	50	2,350	563	154
June	1,528	74	804	49	2,455	645	160
July	1,518	77	754	51	2,400	683	137
August	1,568	85	807	52	2,512	773	138
September	1,623	90	915	59	2,687	847	162
October	1,603	88	920	56	2,667	877	163
November	1,568	83	5/ 935	52	5/ 2,638	819	176
December	1,584	72	863	51	2,570	695	157
Jan.-Dec. 6/	18,037	928	12,019	703	31,687	7,551	2,388
1964 Jan.-Dec. 6/	18,315	936	10,736	638	30,625	7,998	1,979

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat

3/ Chicken and turkey meat--ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise and market poultry as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

5/ Revised.

6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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FEB 7 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 3, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 29, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 824,000 heavy white, 203,000 other heavy and 182,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending January 29, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 303,000 and the light breed hatch up 23,000 while the bronze hatch was down 67,000 poults from a year ago.

The ten State settings totaled 2,076,000 heavy white, 1,469 bronze and 248,000 light breed eggs. As compared to a year ago the heavy white set was up 676,000 eggs while the bronze set was down by 2,000 and the light breed egg set down 63,000.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Jan. 8	150	131	80	169	304	553
Jan. 15	119	147	103	232	311	679
Jan. 22	130	164	119	211	350	669
Jan. 29	157	166	149	189	521	824
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Dec. 11	266	206	121	259	497	795
Dec. 18	201	252	159	347	511	965
Dec. 25	224	252	183	312	573	984
Jan. 1	266	228	218	307	796	1,161
Jan. 8	288	317	282	289	963	1,371
Jan. 15	315	456	264	378	1,028	1,673
Jan. 22	394	516	370	401	1,344	1,906
Jan. 29	468	637	336	525	1,400	2,076
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Jan. 8	#	#	65	67	116	98
Jan. 15	#	#	53	58	122	112
Jan. 22	#	#	121	41	227	139
Jan. 29	#	36	68	60	270	203
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Dec. 11	#	#	100	104	184	168
Dec. 18	#	#	74	92	184	211
Dec. 25	#	#	175	62	351	176
Jan. 1	#	#	105	86	411	302
Jan. 8	82	73	234	167	603	491
Jan. 15	208	147	240	288	820	811
Jan. 22	249	226	355	270	1,095	974
Jan. 29	432	393	347	374	1,471	1,469
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Jan. 8	#	95	26	14	121	213
Jan. 15	#	60	12	8	164	227
Jan. 22	#	76	8	9	130	221
Jan. 29	#	72	16	9	159	182
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Dec. 11	#	131	40	18	181	295
Dec. 18	#	95	20	11	233	285
Dec. 25	#	115	14	12	192	317
Jan. 1	#	114	29	12	245	258
Jan. 8	#	77	31	13	188	221
Jan. 15	#	76	25	13	243	307
Jan. 22	#	#	33	4	230	260
Jan. 29	#	#	30	0	311	248

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending January 29 totaled 166,000 heavy white, 36,000 other heavy and 72,000 light breed poults. Compared with a year ago the heavy white hatch was up 6 percent.

Settings for the week totaled 637,000 heavy white, 393,000 bronze and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. The heavy white set was up 36 percent from the previous year while the bronze set was down 9 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 24 percent of the week's hatch compared with 33 percent a year ago and 11 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411	502	0	0	140	234	867	1,172	568	722
Dec.	565	589	35	15	182	298	1,407	2,136	634	858
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	442	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819	852	45	15	280	405	2,028	2,951	934	1,157
Jan.1966	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

FEB 11 1966

Immediate Release

February 10, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending February 5, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 866,000 heavy white, 313,000 other heavy and 136,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending February 5, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 260,000 and the light breed hatch up 20,000 while the bronze hatch was down by 87,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 2,338,000 heavy white, 1,704,000 bronze and 246,000 light breed eggs. As compared to a year ago the heavy white set was up 29 percent. However, the bronze and light breed sets were down 17 percent and 27 percent respectively.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 15	119	147	103	232	311	679
Jan. 22	130	164	119	211	350	669
Jan. 29	157	166	149	189	521	824
Feb. 5	169	202	195	163	606	866
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 18	201	252	159	347	511	965
Dec. 25	224	252	183	312	573	984
Jan. 1	266	228	218	307	796	1,161
Jan. 8	288	317	282	289	963	1,371
Jan. 15	315	456	264	378	1,028	1,673
Jan. 22	394	516	370	401	1,344	1,906
Jan. 29	468	637	336	525	1,400	2,076
Feb. 5	632	666	413	636	1,806	2,338
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 15	#	#	53	58	122	112
Jan. 22	#	#	121	41	227	139
Jan. 29	#	36	68	60	270	203
Feb. 5	53	#	158	110	400	313
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 18	#	#	74	92	184	211
Dec. 25	#	#	175	62	351	176
Jan. 1	#	#	105	86	411	302
Jan. 8	82	73	234	167	603	491
Jan. 15	208	147	240	288	820	811
Jan. 22	249	226	355	270	1,095	974
Jan. 29	432	393	347	374	1,471	1,469
Feb. 5	687	373	418	460	2,060	1,704
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 15	#	60	12	8	164	227
Jan. 22	#	76	8	9	130	221
Jan. 29	#	72	16	9	159	182
Feb. 5	#	52	21	10	116	136
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 18	#	95	20	11	233	285
Dec. 25	#	115	14	12	192	317
Jan. 1	#	114	29	12	245	258
Jan. 8	#	77	31	13	188	221
Jan. 15	#	76	25	13	243	307
Jan. 22	#	#	33	4	230	260
Jan. 29	#	#	30	0	311	248
Feb. 5	88	#	24	17	336	246

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending February 5 totaled 202,000 heavy white, 52,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of other heavy breed poults. The heavy white hatch was up 20 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

Settings for the week totaled 666,000 heavy white, 373,000 bronze and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. Compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 5 percent while the bronze set was down 46 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 29 percent of the week's hatch compared with 55 percent a year ago and 24 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1964-1965

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	787	621	107	92	174	188	3,247	3,099	703	668
Feb.	972	869	878	656	164	154	7,481	7,627	805	752
Mar.	1,848	2,120	2,389	2,016	176	158	17,583	17,775	1,027	989
Apr.	1,843	2,249	2,113	1,760	188	141	20,194	20,484	1,299	1,185
May	1,936	2,602	1,897	1,607	155	171	19,930	21,021	1,838	1,650
June	2,189	2,577	590	757	197	209	14,959	15,912	1,777	1,632
July	1,536	2,045	37	112	337	381	6,421	8,067	1,732	1,950
Aug.	953	1,160	0	101	291	321	1,659	2,383	1,271	1,322
Sept.	462	671	0	6	230	293	683	957	703	796
Oct.	398	361	0	0	243	377	704	804	675	848
Nov.	411	502	0	0	140	234	867	1,172	568	722
Dec.	565	589	35	15	182	298	1,407	2,136	634	858
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	1,309	951	198	126	211	276	4,434	3,741	887	920
Feb.	1,679	1,526	1,262	1,037	233	256	10,865	11,012	1,173	1,126
Mar.	2,852	3,003	3,293	2,872	247	217	25,617	24,577	1,512	1,462
Apr.	3,138	3,405	3,218	2,705	264	216	31,515	30,716	1,939	1,638
May	3,204	4,115	3,263	2,745	201	229	33,203	34,000	2,707	2,404
June	3,807	4,297	1,314	1,648	271	275	27,827	28,917	2,845	2,557
July	2,609	3,529	82	207	482	508	12,487	15,197	2,802	2,790
Aug.	1,696	2,207	1	185	399	485	3,298	4,732	2,172	2,143
Sept.	809	1,245	0	11	362	442	1,187	1,766	1,229	1,259
Oct.	575	569	0	0	399	608	1,087	1,235	1,050	1,266
Nov.	654	772	0	0	230	358	1,352	1,756	883	1,016
Dec.	819	852	45	15	280	405	2,028	2,951	934	1,157
Jan. 1966	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Minn. Hist. Soc.

Immediate Release

February 11, 1966

FEB 21 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
February 1, 1966

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms during January this year totaled 907 million pounds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The January production was 12 percent more than a month earlier, but 14 percent less than January a year earlier and 7 percent less than the 5-year average for the month of January.

For the United States, milk production in January totaled 9,865 million pounds, up 3 percent from a month earlier, but down 5 percent from January 1965 and 2 percent below the 5-year average for the month.

EGG PRODUCTION: Chicken flocks in Minnesota produced 213 million eggs during January, down 13 percent from the 244 million produced during January 1965. The number of layers during January averaged 11,014,000, 12 percent below last year's level. The rate of lay at 62.4 percent, compares with 63 percent during January 1965.

Egg production in January for the United States was 5,406 million, down 2 percent from the 5,527 million produced in January 1965.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on the State's farms during January totaled 164,000 of which 155,000 were family and 9,000 hired workers. This compares with 161,000 family and 10,000 hired workers in January 1965.

For the United States, the number of workers on farms in January totaled 3,810,000 of which 3,134,000 were family and 676,000 were hired workers. This compares with 3,322,000 family and 721,000 hired workers in January 1965.

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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

February 15, 1966

LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY ON FARMS
January 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle numbers on Minnesota farms declined during 1965 following seven consecutive years of increase, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Hog numbers were at their lowest January 1 level since 1938. Inventories of sheep and lambs continued their downward trend although at a slower rate. Chicken numbers continued to decline during 1965 and were at their lowest January level since records began in 1924. The number of all turkeys on farms was 872,000 head, 12 percent more than a year earlier.

The number of all cattle and calves on farms January 1, 1966 totaled 4,377,000 head, 5 percent less than the record number of 4,607,000 head on January 1, 1965. This is the first decline in the State's cattle population since during 1957. Milk cows and heifers, 2 years old and over, dropped 7 percent during 1965, the sharpest decrease in milk cow numbers since 1948. Beef cows and heifers, 2 years old and over declined 4 percent during 1965, their first year of decline since 1957.

At 2,721,000 head, the number of all hogs on farms was 9 percent less than the 2,990,000 head on January 1, 1965. The 1965 pig crop totaled 5,004,000 head, 14 percent less than the 1964 pig crop.

All sheep and lambs on farms January 1, 1966 totaled 723,000 head, 3 percent less than a year earlier and their lowest number since January 1, 1928. Stock sheep totaled 573,000 head, 4 percent below the January 1, 1965 level. Sheep and lambs on feed on January 1, 1966, however, were estimated at 150,000 head, the same as a year earlier.

The number of chickens on farms continued to decline during 1965 and were 13 percent below January 1, 1965. Turkeys on farms were estimated at 872,000 head, 12 percent more than last year. Turkey breeder hens totaled 574,000 head, up 14 percent from the 505,000 head a year earlier.

The total value of all livestock and poultry on Minnesota farms on January 1, 1966 was 771 million dollars, 19 percent above the 647 million dollars a year earlier. Average values per head on January 1 were higher for all species of livestock and poultry than on January 1, 1965. Cattle and calves were the leading species value-wise with a total value of 608 million dollars. Hogs were second with a value of 131 million dollars, chickens were third with a value of 14.2 million dollars, sheep and lambs, fourth with a value of 13.7 million dollars and the value of the turkeys was 5 million dollars.

UNITED STATES: On January 1, 1966 there were 106.6 million cattle and calves on farms and ranches, a reduction of 1 percent from a year earlier following 7 consecutive years of increase. A decrease of 6 percent in the number of milk animals more than offset a 1 percent increase in beef cattle. The number of cows and heifers 2 years old and older kept for milk decreased 6 percent to 16.6 million head--the smallest number since 1900. The inventory of hogs and pigs on farms January 1, was 51.2 million head, a decline of 4 percent and the smallest inventory since 1955. All sheep and lambs totaled 26.5 million head, 1 percent below a year earlier. The number of sheep and lambs on feed January 1, was up 1 percent, while the number of stock sheep declined 1 percent. The number of chickens on farms declined 1 percent to 371.4 million head for January 1, 1966, while the number of turkeys increased 9 percent to nearly 7.0 million head.

-OVER-

The total value of all livestock and poultry on farms and ranches January 1, 1966 was $17.5 billion, up 22 percent from a year earlier. The aggregate value of meat animals (cattle, hogs and sheep) was $17.0 billion, 22 percent above a year earlier. The January 1, 1966 value of all cattle and calves was $14.2 billion, up 16 percent from a year earlier. The value of hogs and pigs increased 76 percent to $2.3 billion, the highest since 1948. The value of all sheep, $523.9 million, was up 24 percent. The chicken inventory was valued at $459.0 million, up 5 percent, and the value of turkeys, at $36.8 million, was up 31 percent.

The January 1, 1966 index of livestock and poultry numbers on farms and ranches in the United States was 110 percent of the 1957-59 average, compared with 111 percent a year earlier.

The index of meat animal numbers (cattle, hogs and sheep) on farms declined 1 point during the year. The index of milk cattle (milk cows plus heifers and calves kept for milk) dropped 5 percent, and the poultry index was unchanged.

Number of livestock and poultry on farms, and value, January 1, Minnesota and United States, Average, 1965 and 1966

Class	Number on farms			Value per head			Total farm value		
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Average 1960-64	1965	1966
	Thousand head			Dollars			Thousand Dollars		
MINNESOTA:									
Cattle, All	4,255	4,607	4,377	142.00	118.00	139.00	604,462	543,626	608,403
Kept for milk 1/									
Cows and heifers, 2 yrs. and older	1,421	1,407	1,309	210.00	184.00	209.00	297,870	258,888	273,581
Heifers, 1-2 years	419	405	390	---	---	---	---	---	---
Heifer calves	435	416	394	---	---	---	---	---	---
Other 1/									
Cows and heifers, 2 yrs. and older	392	498	480	---	---	---	---	---	---
Heifers, 1-2 years	221	263	267	---	---	---	---	---	---
Calves	754	881	836	---	---	---	---	---	---
Steers, 1 yr. and over	565	686	653	---	---	---	---	---	---
Bulls, 1 yr. and over	48	51	48	---	---	---	---	---	---
Hogs and Pigs, All	3,546	2,990	2,721	26.40	24.90	48.00	93,501	74,451	130,608
Sheep and Lambs, All	958	747	723	---	---	---	13,798	11,116	13,658
Stock sheep 2/	739	597	573	14.20	14.60	18.60	10,566	8,716	10,658
Ewes, 1 yr. and over	601	498	483	---	---	---	---	---	---
Ewe lambs	107	79	72	---	---	---	---	---	---
Wethers and rams, 1 yr. and over	25	18	16	---	---	---	---	---	---
Wether and ram lambs	6	2	2	---	---	---	---	---	---
Sheep and lambs on feed 3/	219	150	150	---	---	---	---	---	---
Chickens, All	17,476	13,585	11,818	1.08	1.10	1.20	18,770	14,944	14,182
Hens	5,793	4,267	4,054	---	---	---	---	---	---
Pullets	11,460	9,072	7,530	---	---	---	---	---	---
Other chickens	223	246	234	---	---	---	---	---	---
Turkeys, All 4/	691	779	872	4.00	4.10	5.30	2,775	3,194	4,622
Breeder hens	529	505	574	---	---	---	---	---	---
Total 6/	---	---	---	---	---	---	733,306	647,331	771,473
UNITED STATES: 5/									
Cattle, All	100,673	107,184	106,557	136.00	114.00	133.00	13,683,428	12,217,667	14,198,107
Milk cows, 2 yrs. and over 1/	18,949	17,592	16,607	205.00	187.00	207.00	3,896,260	3,282,384	3,443,304
Hogs	57,659	53,132	51,230	24.80	24.70	45.00	1,426,204	1,310,569	2,303,344
Sheep, All	31,044	26,590	26,452	---	---	---	452,126	423,681	523,875
Sheep, Stock 2/	26,900	23,299	23,117	14.50	15.80	19.70	390,922	368,686	454,339
Chickens	366,353	375,424	371,439	1.15	1.17	1.24	421,718	437,993	459,033
Turkeys	6,322	6,421	6,986	4.45	4.39	5.27	28,111	28,205	36,808
Total 6/	---	---	---	---	---	---	16,011,587	14,418,115	17,521,167

1/ Included in "all cattle"
2/ Sheep kept mainly for stock or breeding purposes, included in "all sheep"
3/ Included in "all sheep"
4/ Does not include turkey fryers
5/ 1960-64 average does not include Hawaii and Alaska
6/ Includes: Cattle, hogs, all sheep, chickens and turkeys

Eldon Johnson
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
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FEB 18 1966

Immediate Release

February 15, 1966

POTATO STOCKS REPORT
February 1, 1966

Estimates of total stocks in this report represent all potatoes held by growers and local dealers in or near producing areas. They include quantities to be diverted under government program for livestock feed, starch and flour, sales for table use, seed and processing after February 1. Quantities to be used for feed, seed and household consumption on farms where grown are included. The stocks estimates also include potatoes that will be lost through shrinkage, decay and dumping after February 1.

MINNESOTA: Total potato stocks of 5,500,000 hundredweight were held by growers and dealers in Minnesota storages on February 1, 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. These stocks were 31 percent larger than the 4,200,000 hundredweight on hand February 1, 1965, but 7 percent smaller than the 1960-64 February 1 average of 5,940,000 hundredweight.

Disappearance of the 1965 crop to February 1 totaled 6,680,000 hundredweight, 42 percent above the 4,700,000 hundredweight a year earlier, and 8 percent above the 5-year average disappearance to February 1 of 6,209,000 hundredweight.

Disappearance to February 1 represented 54.8 percent of the 1965 fall crop compared to 52.8 percent as of this date last year and the 5-year average disappearance of 51.1 percent to this date.

UNITED STATES: Storage stocks of potatoes held by growers and local dealers in fall producing areas of the country totaled 96.3 million hundredweight on February 1, 1966. This was 31 percent above the 73.7 million hundredweight on hand February 1, 1965 and the largest February 1 holdings since 1962. These stocks consist of fall potatoes held for all uses on February 1.

Stocks in the eight eastern fall States totaled 29.6 million hundredweight on February 1, 1966 compared with 32.8 million a year earlier and were the smallest since 1954. Maine holdings were 22.1 million, 14 percent under last year and the smallest since 1956. Upstate New York and Long Island had February 1 stocks just slightly over a year ago but Pennsylvania had considerably more. Holdings in the nine central fall States, at 20.1 million hundredweight this February 1, were well above the small holdings of 14.3 million a year earlier. All States in the central area had more potatoes on hand this February 1. Minnesota and North Dakota accounted for 62 percent of the holdings in this area. In the nine western fall States, stocks were a record high of 46.5 million hundredweight compared with 26.5 million on February 1 last year. All States in the western area had more potatoes than on February 1, 1965. Idaho, with 30.0 million, was slightly under the 1962 record-high for that State but February 1 stocks of fall potatoes in Oregon, Washington, and California were at record levels.

Disappearance of 1965 fall crop potatoes from storage during January 1966 was a record high 27.0 million hundredweight, although only slightly above 1962 and 1964. Disappearance during January 1965 was 21.5 million. Disappearance of 1965 fall potatoes from time of harvest to February 1 was 117.1 million hundredweight, also a record high, and compares with a disappearance of 98.5 million from the 1964 crop during the comparable period. Movement of fall crop potatoes to chippers and fresh market outlets during January was about the same as a year earlier as indicated by rail and truck unloads in 41 cities. However, unloads for the season from time of harvest to February 1 were somewhat under the same period a year earlier.

Potatoes: Production and total stocks of fall potatoes held by growers and local dealers on February 1, 1965 and February 1, 1966 1/

State	Crop of 1964		Crop of 1965	
	Production	Total stocks Feb. 1, 1965	Production	Total stocks Feb. 1, 1966
	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.
Maine	39,875	25,600	35,224	22,100
New Hampshire	270	120	278	100
Vermont	360	170	350	140
Massachusetts	984	350	1,035	310
Rhode Island	760	80	1,029	50
Connecticut	1,407	380	1,407	420
New York:				
Long Island	7,064	1,500	7,800	1,550
Upstate	8,610	2,700	8,600	2,750
Pennsylvania	6,265	1,900	6,940	2,200
8 Eastern	65,595	32,800	62,663	29,620
Ohio	1,805	270	1,906	300
Indiana	956	120	1,034	170
Michigan	6,750	2,450	8,700	3,450
Wisconsin	7,118	2,300	7,875	2,800
Minnesota	8,900	4,200	12,180	5,500
Iowa	406	35	435	50
North Dakota	10,200	4,400	15,225	7,000
South Dakota	400	90	600	185
Nebraska	1,463	465	1,578	660
9 Central	37,998	14,330	49,533	20,115
Montana	1,221	890	1,326	980
Idaho	39,515	17,000	61,695	30,000
Wyoming	510	150	630	230
Colorado	6,600	2,400	8,575	3,450
Utah	1,360	460	1,530	620
Nevada	72	15	180	60
Washington	5,270	1,150	10,385	4,550
Oregon	8,253	2,930	9,752	3,950
California	5,796	1,550	7,155	2,700
9 Western	68,597	26,545	101,228	46,540
Total 26 Fall States	172,190	73,675	213,424	96,275

1/ Total stocks consist of "production less total disappearance to date."

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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Immediate Release

February 17, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending February 12, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,010,000 heavy white, 534,000 other heavy, and 192,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending February 12, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 397,000, the bronze hatch up 21,000, and the light breed hatch up 35,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 2,810,000 heavy white, 2,012,000 bronze, and 297,000 light breed eggs. As compared to a year ago, the heavy white set was up 48 percent. However, the bronze and light breed sets were down 20 percent and 9 percent respectively.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 22	130	164	119	211	350	669
Jan. 29	157	158	149	175	521	802
Feb. 5	169	202	195	163	606	886
Feb. 12	166	252	177	245	613	1,010
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 25	224	275	183	312	573	1,084
Jan. 1	266	269	218	307	796	1,311
Jan. 8	288	327	282	254	963	1,405
Jan. 15	315	456	264	378	1,028	1,683
Jan. 22	394	516	370	401	1,344	1,919
Jan. 29	468	637	336	504	1,400	2,074
Feb. 5	632	666	413	636	1,806	2,338
Feb. 12	684	987	379	682	1,893	2,810
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 22	#	#	121	41	227	134
Jan. 29	#	36	68	61	270	213
Feb. 5	53	#	158	110	400	313
Feb. 12	130	95	149	203	513	534
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 25	#	#	175	62	351	213
Jan. 1	#	61	105	90	411	337
Jan. 8	82	#	234	167	603	482
Jan. 15	208	147	240	288	820	812
Jan. 22	249	226	355	270	1,095	985
Jan. 29	432	393	347	374	1,471	1,490
Feb. 5	687	373	418	460	2,060	1,704
Feb. 12	729	484	614	587	2,528	2,012
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 22	#	76	8	9	130	221
Jan. 29	#	72	16	9	159	196
Feb. 5	#	52	21	10	116	136
Feb. 12	#	46	17	10	157	192
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Dec. 25	#	115	14	12	192	338
Jan. 1	#	114	29	12	245	300
Jan. 8	#	77	31	13	188	200
Jan. 15	#	76	25	13	243	307
Jan. 22	#	#	33	4	230	260
Jan. 29	#	#	30	0	311	246
Feb. 5	88	#	24	17	336	246
Feb. 12	51	#	19	15	327	297

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending February 12 totaled 252,000 heavy white, 95,000 other heavy, and 46,000 light breed poults. The heavy white hatch was up 52 percent, while other heavy breed poults were down 27 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

Settings for the week totaled 987,000 heavy white, 484,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. Compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 44 percent, while the bronze set was down 34 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 28 percent of the week's hatch compared with 29 percent a year ago, and 29 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,099	4,759	668	1,106
Feb.	869		656		154		7,627		752	
Mar.	2,120		2,016		158		17,775		989	
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,484		1,185	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,021		1,650	
June	2,577		757		209		15,912		1,632	
July	2,045		112		381		8,067		1,950	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,383		1,322	
Sept.	671		6		293		957		796	
Oct.	361		0		377		804		848	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,172		722	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,136		858	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003		2,872		217		24,577		1,462	
Apr.	3,405		2,705		216		30,716		1,638	
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

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FEB 21 1966

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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 18, 1966

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
January 1966

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,452,000 chicks during January 1966, which was 7 percent above January 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The January hatch consisted of 772,000 egg-type and 680,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was up 22 percent from January 1965, while broiler-type production was down 6 percent.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-January was $2.90 per 100 pounds, compared to $2.88 the previous month and $2.90 a year earlier. On January 15 the egg-feed ratio was 10.2 compared with 12.0 the previous month and 7.2 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	631	772	+22	723	680	- 6
February	1,031			612		
March	3,271			747		
April	5,600			896		
May	5,285			890		
June	2,070			740		
July	564			630		
August	448			613		
September	330			569		
October	507			538		
November	533			578		
December	518			663		

1/ Preliminary

Richard Blood
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D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician
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UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 255.4 million chicks during January 1966 compared with 222.3 million during January last year. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 218.2 million, up 14 percent from January 1965 and the largest of record for the month. Broiler-type eggs in incubators on February 1, 1966 were up 10 percent from February 1, 1965.

Egg-type chicks hatched during January are estimated at 37.2 million chicks, up 17 percent from January 1965, and a seasonal increase of 38 percent from December 1965. Compared to a year earlier, increases were 39 percent in the West North Central, 23 percent in the North Atlantic, 19 percent in the South Central, 17 percent in the South Atlantic, 10 percent in the East North Central, and 9 percent in the West. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on February 1, 1966 was 15 percent above February 1 last year.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During January			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	750	500	1,350	1,800
Indiana	1,671	2,375	1,865	1,400
Illinois	99	49	1,201	1,407
Michigan	390	400	700	850
Wisconsin	800	1,080	280	500
E. N. CENTRAL	3,710	4,404	5,396	5,957
Minnesota	723	680	631	772
Iowa	100	45	1,200	1,700
Missouri	2,832	2,327	354	503
North Dakota	1/	1/	0	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	165	310
Nebraska	50	50	210	338
Kansas	0	2	210	220
W. N. CENTRAL 1/	3,705	3,107	2,770	3,843
UNITED STATES	190,535	218,156	31,759	37,228

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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FEB 25 1966

Immediate Release

February 23, 1966

1965 CALF CROP REPORT

MINNESOTA: The 1965 Minnesota calf crop totaled 1,638,000 head, 4 percent less than the 1,700,000 head in 1964 and 3 percent above the 1959-63 average, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The number of calves born expressed as a percent of all cows and heifers 2 years old and older on January 1, 1965 was 86 percent compared with 90 percent in 1964. Of the 1,905,000 head of cows and heifers 2 years old and older on farms January 1, 1965, 1,407,000 head were kept for milk production and 498,000 head were for beef purposes. On January 1, 1966, there were 1,789,000 head of cows 2 years old and older with 1,309,000 head kept for milk production and 480,000 head for beef purposes.

UNITED STATES: The 1965 calf crop for the United States was 43,140,000 head compared with 43,103,000 for 1964. This small increase made the seventh consecutive year in which the number of calves born was larger than the preceding year.

The increase in the calf crop in 1965 was the result of more cows and heifers on farms early in the year than in 1964. There were 50,376,000 cows and heifers 2 years old and older on January 1, 1965 compared with 49,899,000 on farms January 1, 1964. However, by January 1, 1966 the number had declined to 49,243,000 head.

The number of calves born in 1965 expressed as a percentage of cows and heifers 2 years old and older on hand at the beginning of the year was 86 percent, the same as a year earlier. This percentage is not strictly a calving rate because the January 1 inventory of cows and heifers 2 years old and older does not include all heifers that calve during the year and includes some cows that died or were slaughtered before calving.

In the North Central States, 8 States had smaller calf crops than a year earlier, one had the same number and 3 had more calves born. Michigan had the greatest percentage reduction, 5 percent. Indiana, South Dakota, and Nebraska each had a 1 percent increase.

Of the 8 South Atlantic States, 4 had smaller calf crops and 4 had larger. In the South Central area, 4 States had larger calf crops than a year earlier, one showed no change and 3 had small reductions. The greatest increase--5 percent--occurred in Oklahoma. Texas, the largest cattle State in the Nation, had a 1 percent increase.

In the Western States, 8 States had larger calf crops than in 1964, while 3 States had smaller crops. Montana, with 6 percent more calves than a year earlier, had the greatest percentage increase followed by Wyoming and Utah with 5 percent increases. New Mexico was down 12 percent.

The 1965 calf crop was smaller in all North Atlantic States, except Connecticut.

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Calf Crop: 1964 and 1965

State	Cows and heifers 2 yrs. & older January 1			Calves born as % of cows and heifers 2 yrs. & older Jan. 1 1/		Calves born			
	5-year average 1959-63	1964	1965	1964	1965	5-year average 1959-63	1964	1965	1965 as % of 1964
	- 1,000 head -			- Percent -		- 1,000 head -			- Percent -
Maine	114	108	103	82	81	95	89	83	93
N. H.	60	55	53	83	85	52	46	45	98
Vt.	289	274	269	84	84	245	230	226	98
Mass.	103	94	90	81	80	85	76	72	95
R. I.	15	13	12	75	75	12	10	9	90
Conn.	98	88	85	80	82	79	70	70	100
N. Y.	1,425	1,387	1,376	85	84	1,202	1,179	1,156	98
N. J.	142	130	124	80	79	114	104	98	94
Pa.	1,078	1,050	1,015	86	87	931	903	883	98
Ohio	1,018	961	923	85	86	869	817	794	97
Ind.	826	828	836	88	88	722	729	736	101
Ill.	1,316	1,294	1,276	89	88	1,152	1,152	1,123	97
Mich.	821	810	798	87	84	708	705	670	95
Wis.	2,533	2,530	2,541	90	87	2,280	2,277	2,211	97
Minn.	1,783	1,889	1,905	90	86	1,590	1,700	1,638	96
Iowa	1,944	2,016	2,082	93	90	1,769	1,875	1,874	100
Mo.	1,900	2,029	2,074	91	89	1,698	1,846	1,846	100
N. Dak.	979	1,110	1,167	93	88	891	1,032	1,027	100
S. Dak.	1,575	1,777	1,899	93	88	1,458	1,653	1,671	101
Nebr.	1,884	2,116	2,159	91	91	1,720	1,936	1,954	101
Kans.	1,671	1,876	1,891	91	90	1,494	1,707	1,702	100
Del.	34	30	29	80	79	27	24	23	96
Md.	280	271	267	84	85	234	228	227	100
Va.	765	773	746	83	84	646	642	627	98
W. Va.	300	296	289	86	86	254	255	249	98
N. C.	505	521	514	78	80	395	406	411	101
S. C.	299	302	301	80	84	235	242	253	105
Ga.	756	818	831	80	80	610	654	665	102
Fla.	956	997	1,022	75	76	652	748	777	104
Ky.	1,130	1,310	1,344	90	88	1,015	1,179	1,183	100
Tenn.	1,066	1,205	1,244	85	85	927	1,024	1,057	103
Ala.	946	986	994	81	80	763	799	795	99
Miss.	1,227	1,245	1,254	77	76	925	959	953	99
Ark.	804	867	878	80	79	648	694	694	100
La.	1,105	1,191	1,171	77	78	859	917	913	100
Okla.	1,781	2,065	2,074	84	88	1,530	1,735	1,825	105
Texas	5,017	5,726	5,692	81	82	4,192	4,638	4,667	101
Mont.	1,221	1,361	1,458	92	91	1,109	1,252	1,327	106
Idaho	625	688	712	91	89	562	626	634	101
Wyo.	584	644	657	88	91	519	567	598	105
Colo.	929	1,007	1,029	91	90	829	916	926	101
N. Mex.	685	739	660	84	83	580	621	548	88
Ariz.	404	447	463	81	76	318	362	352	97
Utah	365	384	400	88	89	316	338	356	105
Nev.	284	297	308	80	79	225	238	243	102
Wash.	564	605	618	90	87	504	544	538	99
Oreg.	735	795	815	87	86	634	692	701	101
Calif.	1,742	1,794	1,823	89	90	1,518	1,597	1,635	102
48 States	46,683	49,799	50,271	86	86	40,193	43,033	43,065	100
Alaska	---	4.5	4.4	89	91	---	4.0	4.0	100
Hawaii	---	95	100	69	71	---	66	71	108
UNITED STATES	---	49,899	50,376	86	86	---	43,103	43,140	100

1/ Not strictly a calving rate. Figure represents calves born expressed as percentage of the number of cows and heifers 2 years old and over on farms and ranches January 1.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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FEB 25 1966

Immediate Release

February 24, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending February 19, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,235,000 heavy white, 667,000 other heavy and 174,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending February 19, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 402,000, the bronze hatch down 50,000, and the light breed hatch up 32,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,074,000 heavy white, 2,244,000 bronze, and 320,000 light breed eggs. As compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 42 percent, and the light breed set was up 7 percent. The bronze set however was down 19 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 29	157	158	149	175	521	802
Feb. 5	169	202	195	163	606	886
Feb. 12	166	252	177	245	613	1,010
Feb. 19	226	306	248	281	833	1,235
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 1	266	269	218	307	796	1,311
Jan. 8	288	327	282	254	963	1,405
Jan. 15	315	456	264	378	1,028	1,683
Jan. 22	394	516	370	401	1,344	1,919
Jan. 29	468	637	336	504	1,400	2,074
Feb. 5	632	666	413	636	1,806	2,338
Feb. 12	684	987	379	682	1,893	2,810
Feb. 19	745	1,166	438	774	2,169	3,074
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 29	#	36	68	61	270	213
Feb. 5	53	#	158	110	400	313
Feb. 12	130	95	149	203	513	534
Feb. 19	170	147	221	174	717	667
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 1	#	61	105	90	411	337
Jan. 8	82	#	234	167	603	482
Jan. 15	208	147	240	288	820	812
Jan. 22	249	226	355	270	1,095	985
Jan. 29	432	393	347	374	1,471	1,490
Feb. 5	687	373	418	460	2,060	1,704
Feb. 12	729	484	614	587	2,528	2,012
Feb. 19	747	465	709	609	2,764	2,244
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan. 29	#	72	16	9	159	196
Feb. 5	#	52	21	10	116	136
Feb. 12	#	46	17	10	157	192
Feb. 19	#	#	21	3	142	174
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 1	#	114	29	12	245	300
Jan. 8	#	77	31	13	188	200
Jan. 15	#	76	25	13	243	307
Jan. 22	#	#	33	4	230	260
Jan. 29	#	#	30	0	311	246
Feb. 5	88	#	24	17	336	246
Feb. 12	51	#	19	15	327	297
Feb. 19	41	#	25	18	300	320

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending February 19 totaled 306,000 heavy white, 147,000 other heavy, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. The heavy white hatch was up 35 percent, while other heavy breed poults were down 14 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

Settings for the week totaled 1,166,000 heavy white, 465,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. Compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 57 percent, while the bronze set was down 38 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 31 percent of the week's hatch compared with 23 percent a year ago, and 28 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Poults Hatched - Thousands										
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,099	4,759	668	1,106
Feb.	869		656		154		7,627		752	
Mar.	2,120		2,016		158		17,775		989	
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,484		1,185	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,021		1,650	
June	2,577		757		209		15,912		1,632	
July	2,045		112		381		8,067		1,950	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,383		1,322	
Sept.	671		6		293		957		796	
Oct.	361		0		377		804		848	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,172		722	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,136		858	
Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands										
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003		2,872		217		24,577		1,462	
Apr.	3,405		2,705		216		30,716		1,638	
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested in Minnesota during January 1966 included 65,403 heavy white, no bronze, and 10,562 light breeds. Compared with January of 1965, heavy whites were up 27 percent, and testings of light breeds down 41 percent.

Cumulative testings from July 1965 through January 1966 totaled 472,818 heavy white, 162,027 other heavy, and 21,425 light breed birds. Compared with a year earlier, cumulative testings of heavy whites were up 39 percent, other heavy breed down 19 percent, and combined all heavy breed testings up 18 percent. Testings of light breed birds were down 29 percent.

UNITED STATES: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during January 1966 totaled 449,288, up 1 percent from January 1965. Testings of heavy white breeds were 14 percent less than January last year but testings of other heavy breeds were 20 percent above January 1965. Aggregate testings July 1965 through January 1966 for heavy white breeds were 1,993,456, an increase of 30 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Testings of other heavy breeds during the period July 1965 through January 1966 totaled 1,379,084, a decrease of 6 percent from the same period a year earlier.

There were 50,691 light breed turkeys tested during January compared with 68,583 in January 1965, a decrease of 26 percent. The number of light breed turkeys tested during the period July 1965 through January 1966 was 198,272, down 20 percent from the corresponding period a year earlier.

Richard Blood, Agricultural Statistician F.J.Graham, State Agricultural Statistician

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FEB 28 1966

Immediate Release

February 24, 1966

1965 LAMB CROP REPORT

MINNESOTA: The 1965 lamb crop in Minnesota totaled 565,000 lambs, 7 percent below a year earlier and 21 percent below the 1959-63 average, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was the smallest lamb crop since 1951 when it was 507,000 head.

The lamb crop percentage (number of lambs saved per 100 ewes one year old or older on January 1, 1965) was 113 down 3 points from 1964. Breeding ewes one year old and older on January 1, 1965 totaled 498,000 head, 5 percent less than on January 1, 1964.

UNITED STATES: The 1965 lamb crop totaled 17,557,000 head, a 2 percent decline from the 1964 crop of 17,905,000 head. The 13 Western sheep States (11 West, South Dakota, and Texas) produced 1 percent fewer lambs than in 1964 and 12 percent less than average. The lamb crop in the 35 Native sheep States (excludes the 13 Western States and Alaska) was 4 percent smaller than in 1964 and 20 percent below average. In Texas, which annually produces approximately 15 percent of the Nation's lambs, the lamb crop was 9 percent greater than 1964, but 8 percent below average.

The lamb crop percentage (number of lambs saved per 100 ewes 1 year of age or older on farms and ranches January 1) for 1965 was 94, up 2 points from the 1964 percentage. The Western States lambing percentage, at 90, was up 4 points from the 1964 percentage, but the Native States lambing percentage, at 105, was down 1 point from the previous year.

The 13 Western States produced a lamb crop of 11,924,000 head, 1 percent below 1964 and 12 percent smaller than average. A decline in the number of breeding ewes more than offset the increase in the lambing percentage. The January 1, 1965 number of breeding ewes 1 year old and older on farms and ranches was 13,322,000 head, 4 percent less than a year earlier and 11 percent below average. Only three of the 13 States reported an increase in the lamb crop. The number of early lambs (dropped before March 15) in the Western States was about 1 percent greater than a year earlier.

The 1965 lamb crop in the 35 Native States totaled 5,627,000 head - 4 percent below the number saved in 1964 and 21 percent below average. The smaller lamb crop resulted from a 3-percent decrease in the number of ewes 1 year old and older January 1, 1965, and a 1-point decrease in lambing percentage. The January 1, 1965 number of breeding ewes 1 year old and older on farms and ranches was 5,371,000 head.

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LAMB CROP: 1964 and 1965

STATE	Breeding Ewes 1 year and older January 1			Lambs saved per 100 ewes 1+ Jan. 1 1/		Lambs saved 1/			
	5-year average 1959-63	1964	1965	1964	1965	5-year average 1959-63	1964	1965	1965 as % of 1964
	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Number		1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Pct.
Maine	25	24	20	112	115	27	27	23	85
N. H.	5	4	4	125	100	5	5	4	80
Vt.	8	7	7	100	114	8	7	8	114
Mass.	8	7	7	100	86	8	7	6	86
R. I.	2	2	2	100	100	2	2	2	100
Conn.	5	6	6	100	100	5	6	6	100
N. Y.	109	102	105	112	110	117	114	116	102
N. J.	11	10	9	90	100	11	9	9	100
Pa.	166	151	156	103	101	159	155	157	101
Ohio	691	543	538	101	100	678	549	539	98
Ind.	344	309	318	111	105	362	343	333	97
Ill.	431	370	352	108	107	461	401	377	94
Mich.	245	217	217	107	104	256	233	226	97
Wis.	162	138	130	110	112	181	152	146	96
Minn.	615	523	498	116	113	712	605	565	93
Iowa	874	742	779	106	101	910	784	788	101
Mo.	495	381	362	102	101	507	388	366	94
N. Dak.	475	406	365	107	106	525	435	387	89
S. Dak.	1,197	1,124	1,057	104	103	1,257	1,173	1,087	93
Nebr.	288	255	260	103	102	300	263	266	101
Kans.	428	374	355	99	98	398	369	347	94
Del.	4	4	4	100	100	4	4	4	100
Md.	27	22	22	118	118	29	26	26	100
Va.	243	192	180	115	119	268	221	215	97
W. Va.	218	179	170	108	111	232	193	188	97
N. C.	40	28	26	107	108	41	30	28	93
S. C.	8	5	5	80	80	6	4	4	100
Ga.	16	8	7	75	71	13	6	5	83
Fla.	5	4	4	100	75	4	4	3	75
Ky.	355	196	169	109	115	403	214	195	91
Tenn.	173	96	84	99	102	170	95	86	91
Ala.	20	9	8	89	88	18	8	7	88
Miss.	41	21	16	81	81	32	17	13	76
Ark.	34	27	19	96	95	32	26	18	69
La.	61	49	47	69	77	43	34	36	106
Okla.	154	124	120	102	107	153	127	128	101
Texas	3,938	3,739	3,477	69	81	3,051	2,580	2,816	109
Mont.	1,236	1,127	1,071	93	93	1,170	1,048	996	95
Idaho	880	779	779	112	114	998	872	888	102
Wyo.	1,710	1,686	1,652	83	82	1,495	1,399	1,355	97
Colo.	1,149	964	925	102	101	1,176	983	934	95
N. Mex.	885	816	744	74	75	730	606	560	92
Ariz.	343	345	359	85	84	289	294	301	102
Utah	1,057	1,044	1,023	85	85	935	887	870	98
Nev.	259	225	212	91	91	228	205	193	94
Wash.	227	207	201	115	113	259	238	227	95
Oreg.	671	550	522	99	96	669	544	501	92
Calif.	1,405	1,313	1,300	92	92	1,297	1,208	1,196	99
Total 48 States	21,740	19,454	18,693	92	94	20,633	17,900	17,551	98
Alaska	--	8	9	62	67	--	5	6	120
Hawaii	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--	-
U. S.	--	19,462	18,702	92	94	--	17,905	17,557	98

1/ Lambs saved defined as lambs living June 1, or sold before June 1 in the Native States and lambs docked or branded in the Western States.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

MAR 4 1966

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Minnesota
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 28, 1966

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid - February 1966

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-February at 96 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for February since 1952, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The index was 15 points above a year earlier and 3 points above last month. All livestock prices continued at higher levels than a year ago.

Compared with mid-January the February livestock price index rose 3 points to 120 percent of the 1947-49 average. The crop index advanced 2 points from the previous month but was 7 points below February 1965. Minnesota's milk and cream price index remained the same as last month but was 6 points above a year ago. The poultry and egg index was up 9 points from the previous month and 23 points above February 1965.

Soybean and flaxseed prices showed the most significant changes as soybeans averaged 8 cents and flaxseed 9 cents per bushel higher than a month ago. Barley prices were up 5 cents per bushel and corn prices were up 2 cents from the previous month while oat prices remained the same. Wheat prices were up 3 cents per bushel but rye dropped 3 cents from the previous month.

Hog prices remained the same while cattle were up $1.10 per cwt. from last month. Compared with a year earlier, hog prices continued sharply higher (up from $16.60 to $27.50) while cattle prices were up (16.90 to $21.10). Sheep and lamb prices advanced 50 and 60 cents respectively over the previous month.

Whole milk prices averaged 2 cents per hundredweight above a month ago and 26 cents above a year ago.

Eggs at 35.0 cents per dozen were up 5.5 cents from January and 13.0 cents above last year. Turkeys, per pound liveweight, at 24 cents were the same as last month, but 2 cents higher than a year ago.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX	Feb. 15 Av. 1958-62	Feb. 15 1963	Feb. 15 1964	Feb. 15 1965	Jan. 15 1966	Feb. 15 1966
All Farm Products	79	78	76	81	93	96
Crops	63	71	72	81	72	74
Livestock	91	82	77	84	117	120
Dairy Products	90	89	90	91	97	97
Poultry and Eggs	65	68	60	55	69	78

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910 - 14 = 100	Feb. 15 1962	Feb. 15 1963	Feb. 15 1964	Feb. 15 1965	Jan. 15 1966	Feb. 15 1966
Prices Received	244	243	240	238	263	272
Prices Paid 1/	306	312	313	318	327	329
Parity Ratio	80	78	77	75	80	83

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			FEBRUARY 15, 1966			
		FEB. 15 1965	JAN. 15 1966	FEB. 15 1966	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	1.54	1.50	1.53	1.44	1.48	1.53	1.43
RYE	BU.	.98	1.08	1.05	1.10	.92	1.01	.987
CORN	BU.	1.05	.94	.96	1.07	1.01	1.09	1.15
OATS	BU.	.62	.61	.61	.67	.52	.60	.649
BARLEY	BU.	.95	1.06	1.11	1.02	1.03	1.01	1.07
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.74	2.63	2.71	2.71	2.60	2.63	2.77
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.98	2.80	2.89	2.85	2.79	2.84	2.81
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	26.50	20.00	21.50	24.50	16.00	19.40	24.60
POTATOES	CWT.	4.55	1.45	1.65	2.76	1.35	2.00	2.07
HOGS	CWT.	16.60	27.50	27.50	27.20	26.00	27.00	27.20
COWS	CWT.	12.80	14.50	16.80	16.70	15.80	15.70	16.30
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	20.40	24.20	24.70	25.80	24.10	24.50	25.00
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	16.90	20.00	21.10	24.20	21.70	22.40	22.60
CALVES	CWT.	27.00	29.40	32.10	25.10	28.30	28.00	26.40
SHEEP	CWT.	7.50	7.90	8.00	6.10	6.70	5.70	7.78
LAMBS	CWT.	23.40	27.50	28.10	25.90	26.30	27.00	26.60
MILK COWS	HEAD	215.00	230.00	235.00	225.00	210.00	215.00	227.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.25	3.49	3.51	3.80	3.55	3.70	4.50
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.64	.66	.65	.66	.64	.61	.615
TURKEYS - LIVE	LB.	.220	.240	.240	.250	--	--	.241
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.060	.055	.060	.055	.045	.055	.101
EGGS	DOZ.	.220	.295	.350	.330	.310	.311	.413
WOOL	LB.	.46	.49	.48	.48	.50	.50	.477
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	2.95	3.05	3.20	3.50	3.10	3.30	3.43
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.50	4.90	4.95	5.10	5.20	5.10	5.17
HOG FEED, 29% AND OVER	CWT.	5.70	6.10	6.30	6.50	--	--	6.26
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% AND OVER	CWT.	4.80	4.90	5.00	5.10	--	--	4.67
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.10	3.15	3.20	3.75	--	--	3.84
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.92	2.90	2.91	3.06	2.88	2.84	3.51
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.25	4.35	4.35	5.20	4.85	4.75	4.51
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		15.8	29.3	28.6	25.4	25.7	24.8	23.7
BEEF-CORN 1/		19.4	25.7	25.7	24.1	23.9	22.5	21.7
EGG-FEED 2/		7.5	10.2	12.0	10.8	10.8	11.0	11.8
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.1	1.9	2.1	1.8	1.6	1.9	2.9

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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Immediate Release

March 1, 1966

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
January 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during January 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 148,000 head, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,073 pounds per head, the same as last month, and compares with 1,064 pounds for January 1965.

January calf slaughter was 20,600 head. Average liveweight was 174 pounds per head, 6 pounds less than last year but 11 pounds more than last month.

The hog kill in January totaled 377,000 head. The average liveweight for the month was 258 pounds per head, the same as December 1965, but 9 pounds more than a year earlier.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during January totaled 78,500 head. The average liveweight for the month was 106 pounds, 1 pound more than both last year and the previous month.

Beginning with this report, custom slaughtering of animals for farmers in plants is included in the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates. As a result of this change, slaughter in commercial plants is expected to be raised 2 to 3 percent for cattle, 1 to 2 percent each for calves and hogs and less than 1 percent for sheep and lambs. Since custom slaughtering for farmers is seasonal, the effect of this shift on commercial slaughter and meat production will vary somewhat by months. Comparable data for 1965 and earlier years are not available. Due to this change it would be misleading to make comparisons of the current commercial slaughter estimates with the same month a year earlier as is usually shown in the United States summary. In place of this, during 1966, comparisons with the same month a year earlier of the number of head slaughtered will be shown only for the federally inspected portion of the total slaughter.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during January in the 48 States totaled 2,609 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes animals slaughtered on a farm or ranch.

Beef production during January was 1,655 million pounds. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,023 pounds, 1 pound less than January 1965 but 6 pounds more than December 1965. The total commercial slaughter of cattle during January was 2,862,400 head. The number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants totaled 2,304,500 head, 6 percent above January 1965 but virtually the same as a month earlier.

There were 75 million pounds of veal produced during January 1966. Calves slaughtered during January averaged 235 pounds per head, 2 pounds heavier than a year earlier and 24 pounds more than December 1965. Commercial calf slaughter during January 1966 totaled 576,100 head. Federally inspected calf slaughter was 381,500 head in January, 6 percent less than January 1965 and 12 percent less than December 1965.

Pork production during January totaled 828 million pounds. The average live weight of hogs slaughtered during the month was 242 pounds per head, 3 pounds heavier

than a year earlier but 1 pound lighter than a month earlier. The hog kill during January 1966 was 5,527,500 head. Hogs slaughtered in federally inspected plants totaled 4,718,600 head, 22 percent below January 1965 and 6 percent below December 1965. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight of hogs was 10.8 pounds compared with 11.6 pounds in January 1965 and 11.1 pounds in December 1965.

There were 51 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during January 1966. Sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month averaged 105 pounds, 2 pounds heavier than both a year and a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during January was 991,000 head. Federally inspected sheep and lambs slaughtered totaled 906,700 head in January, 15 percent below January 1965 but virtually the same as December 1965.

Production of poultry meat during January amounted to 589 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 5 percent above January 1965 but 15 percent below December 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	January		January 1966 as percent of January 1965	January Average Liveweight	
	1965	1966 2/		1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	143.0	148.0	103.5	1,064	1,073
Calves	24.3	20.6	84.8	180	174
Hogs	512.0	377.0	73.6	249	258
Sheep and Lambs	100.0	78.5	78.5	105	106
UNITED STATES(48 States)					
Cattle	2,633.0	2,862.4	108.7	1,024	1,023
Calves	606.2	576.1	95.0	233	235
Hogs	6,995.7	5,527.5	79.0	239	242
Sheep and Lambs	1,170.1	991.0	84.7	103	105

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, JANUARY 1965-66 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 3/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 3/	Poultry 4/	Lard 5/
	MILLION POUNDS						
January 1965	1,536	79	1,016	59	2,690	560	194
December 1965	1,584	72	863	51	2,570	695	157
January 1966 2/	1,655	75	828	51	2,609	589	145

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial slaughter estimates.

3/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.

4/ Chicken and turkey meat -- ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

5/ Includes rendered pork fat.

Harry L. Parr
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MAR 4 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

March 3, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending February 26, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,393,000 heavy white, 942,000 other heavy, and 144,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending February 26 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 515,000, the bronze hatch up 11,000, and the light breed hatch down 45,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,159,000 heavy white, 2,059,000 bronze, and 302,000 light breed eggs. As compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 27 percent. However, the bronze set was down 27 percent, and the light breed set down 14 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 5	169	202	195	163	606	886
Feb. 12	166	252	177	245	613	1,010
Feb. 19	226	306	248	281	833	1,235
Feb. 26	282	400	217	326	878	1,393
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 8	288	327	282	254	963	1,405
Jan. 15	315	456	264	378	1,028	1,683
Jan. 22	394	516	370	401	1,344	1,919
Jan. 29	468	637	336	504	1,400	2,074
Feb. 5	632	666	413	636	1,806	2,338
Feb. 12	684	987	379	682	1,893	2,810
Feb. 19	745	1,166	438	774	2,169	3,074
Feb. 26	964	919	499	892	2,490	3,159
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 5	53	#	158	110	400	313
Feb. 12	130	95	149	203	513	534
Feb. 19	170	147	221	174	717	667
Feb. 26	250	244	234	262	931	942
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 8	82	#	234	167	603	482
Jan. 15	208	147	240	288	820	812
Jan. 22	249	226	355	270	1,095	985
Jan. 29	432	393	347	374	1,471	1,490
Feb. 5	687	373	418	460	2,060	1,704
Feb. 12	729	484	614	587	2,528	2,012
Feb. 19	747	465	709	609	2,764	2,244
Feb. 26	732	391	682	678	2,823	2,059
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 5	#	52	21	10	116	136
Feb. 12	#	46	17	10	157	192
Feb. 19	#	#	21	3	142	174
Feb. 26	#	#	20	0	189	144
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 8	#	77	31	13	188	200
Jan. 15	#	76	25	13	243	307
Jan. 22	#	#	33	4	230	260
Jan. 29	#	#	30	0	311	246
Feb. 5	88	#	24	17	336	246
Feb. 12	51	#	19	15	327	297
Feb. 19	41	#	25	18	300	320
Feb. 26	#	#	19	14	353	302

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending February 26 totaled 400,000 heavy white, 244,000 other heavy, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. The heavy white hatch was up 42 percent, while bronze poults were down 2 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

Settings for the week totaled 919,000 heavy white, 391,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. Compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was down 5 percent, and the bronze set down 47 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 27 percent of the week's hatch compared with 31 percent a year ago, and 31 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,099	4,759	668	1,106
Feb.	869		656		154		7,627		752	
Mar.	2,120		2,016		158		17,775		989	
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,484		1,185	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,021		1,650	
June	2,577		757		209		15,912		1,632	
July	2,045		112		381		8,067		1,950	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,383		1,322	
Sept.	671		6		293		957		796	
Oct.	361		0		377		804		848	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,172		722	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,136		858	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003		2,872		217		24,577		1,462	
Apr.	3,405		2,705		216		30,716		1,638	
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

MAR 14 1966

Immediate Release

March 10, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 5, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,544,000 heavy white, 1,105,000 other heavy, and 177,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending March 5, 1966 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 432,000, the bronze hatch down 171,000, and the light breed hatch down 43,000 poults.

The ten-State setting totaled 3,195,000 heavy white, 2,246,000 bronze, and 321,000 light breed eggs. As compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 40 percent. However, the bronze set was down 21 percent, and the light breed set down 3 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 12	166	252	177	245	613	1,010
Feb. 19	226	306	248	281	833	1,235
Feb. 26	282	400	217	326	878	1,393
Mar. 5	372	457	273	408	1,112	1,544
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 15	315	456	264	378	1,028	1,683
Jan. 22	394	516	370	401	1,344	1,919
Jan. 29	468	637	336	504	1,400	2,074
Feb. 5	632	666	413	636	1,806	2,338
Feb. 12	684	987	379	682	1,893	2,810
Feb. 19	745	1,166	438	774	2,169	3,074
Feb. 26	964	919	499	892	2,490	3,159
Mar. 5	713	1,127	487	772	2,281	3,195
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 12	130	95	149	203	513	534
Feb. 19	170	147	221	174	717	667
Feb. 26	250	244	234	262	931	942
Mar. 5	386	248	272	299	1,276	1,105
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 15	208	147	240	288	820	812
Jan. 22	249	226	355	270	1,095	985
Jan. 29	432	393	347	374	1,471	1,490
Feb. 5	687	373	418	460	2,060	1,704
Feb. 12	729	484	614	587	2,528	2,012
Feb. 19	747	465	709	609	2,764	2,244
Feb. 26	732	391	682	678	2,823	2,059
Mar. 5	737	388	801	784	2,858	2,246
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 12	#	46	17	10	157	192
Feb. 19	#	#	21	3	142	174
Feb. 26	#	#	20	0	189	144
Mar. 5	59	#	18	14	220	177
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 15	#	76	25	13	243	307
Jan. 22	#	#	33	4	230	260
Jan. 29	#	#	30	0	311	246
Feb. 5	88	#	24	17	336	246
Feb. 12	51	#	19	15	327	297
Feb. 19	41	#	25	18	300	320
Feb. 26	#	#	19	14	353	302
Mar. 5	66	#	22	15	331	321

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending March 5, 1966 totaled 457,000 heavy white, 248,000 other heavy, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. The heavy white hatch was up 23 percent, while the bronze poults were down 36 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

Settings for the week totaled 1,127,000 heavy white, 388,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. Compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 58 percent, while the bronze set was down 47 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 24 percent of the week's hatch compared with 23 percent a year ago, and 27 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breeds		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,099	4,759	668	1,106
Feb.	869		656		154		7,627		752	
Mar.	2,120		2,016		158		17,775		989	
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,484		1,185	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,021		1,650	
June	2,577		757		209		15,912		1,632	
July	2,045		112		381		8,067		1,950	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,383		1,322	
Sept.	671		6		293		957		796	
Oct.	361		0		377		804		848	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,172		722	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,136		858	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003		2,872		217		24,577		1,462	
Apr.	3,405		2,705		216		30,716		1,638	
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

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Minn. Hist. Soc.

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

MAR 14 1966

Immediate Release

March 11, 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
March 1, 1966

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 867 million pounds in February according to the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 14 percent less than February a year ago and 10 percent less than the 5-year average of 959 million pounds for February. Production for the first two months in 1966 was 14 percent less than for the corresponding period in 1965.

Nationally, milk production in February amounted to 9,254 million pounds, down 6 percent from the 9,820 million pounds produced in February 1965 and 4 percent below the 5-year average.

EGG PRODUCTION: Chicken flocks in Minnesota produced 188 million eggs during February, down 13 percent from the 215 million eggs produced during February 1965. The number of layers for the month totaled 10,680,000, 12 percent below February of last year. Rate of lay was 63 percent, about the same as a year ago.

Egg production in February for the United States at 4,924 million was down 3 percent from the 5,056 million produced in February 1965.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on Minnesota farms in February totaled 183,000, of which 171,000 were family and 12,000 hired workers. This compares with 167,000 family and 11,000 hired workers in February 1965.

For the United States, the number of workers on farms in February totaled 4,117,000, of which 3,324,000 were family and 793,000 were hired workers. This compares with 3,492,000 family and 842,000 hired workers in February 1965.

C. W. Estes
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Minnesota Department of Agriculture
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MAR 21 1966

Immediate Release

March 15, 1966

POTATO STOCKS REPORT
March 1, 1966

Estimates of total stocks in this report represent all potatoes held by growers and local dealers in or near producing areas. They include quantities to be diverted under government porgram for livestock feed, starch and flour, sales for table use, seed and processing after March 1. Quantities to be used for feed, seed and household consumption on farms where grown are included. The stocks estimates also include potatoes that will be lost through shrinkage, decay and dumping after March 1.

MINNESOTA: Total potato stocks of 3,700,000 hundredweight were held by growers and dealers in Minnesota storage on March 1, 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. These stocks were 19 percent larger than the 3,100,000 hundredweight on hand March 1, 1965 but 11 percent smaller than the 1959-63 March 1 average of 4,160,000 hundredweight.

Disappearance of the 1965 crop to March 1 totaled 8,480,000 hundredweight, 46 percent above the disappearance of 5,800,000 hundredweihgt to this date a year ago, and 6 percent above the 5-year average disappearance to March 1 of 7,989,000 hundredweight.

Disappearance to March 1 represented 69.6 percent of the 1965 fall crop, compared to disappearance of 65.2 percent as of this date last year and the 5-year average disappearance of 65.8 percent to this date.

UNITED STATES: Storage stocks of potatoes held by growers and local dealers in fall producing areas of the country totaled 71.3 million hundredweight on March 1, 1966. This was 30 percent more than the 54.7 million on hand a year earlier but 4 percent below the record high 1962 holdings. These stocks consist of fall potatoes held for all uses on March 1.

Stocks in the 8 eastern fall States, at 22.0 million hundredweight, were the lowest since 1956 and compared with 24.9 million on March 1, 1965. Maine, with 17.6 million on hand, had 15 percent less than a year earlier and the smallest March 1 stocks since 1956. Stocks in Upstate New York and Pennsylvania were above a year earlier while Long Island stocks were below last year. March 1 stocks in the 9 central fall States totaled 14.0 million hundredweight this year against 10.4 million in 1965. The Minnesota-North Dakota total was 9.0 million compared with 6.5 million a year earlier. Michigan stocks also were substantially above last year while Wisconsin had moderately larger holdings. In the 9 western fall States, March 1 stocks were a record 35.4 million hundredweight this year compared with 19.4 million a year earlier. All important States in the western area had substantially larger stocks this year. Idaho, with 23.5 million on hand, had 85 percent more than the unusually low 1965 holdings and accounted for about two-thirds of the March 1 stocks in the western States.

Disappearance of potatoes from storage during February 1966 was a record high 25.0 million hundredweight compared with 19.0 million in February 1965 and 22.4 million in 1964. Disappearance of 1965 fall potatoes from time of harvest to March 1 was a record 142.1 million hundredweight compared with 117.5 million from the 1964 crop during the comparable period. Movement of fall crop potatoes to chippers and fresh market outlets during February, as indicated by rail and truck unloads in 41 cities, was slightly above a year earlier. However, unloads for the season from time of harvest to March 1 were under the same period a year earlier. During February, the quantity of potatoes used for other food products, excluding flour and starch, continued to run well above the comparable month a year earlier. Season totals to March 1 were also much above the comparable 1964-65 period. Shipments of fall potatoes to starch factories both during February and for the season to March 1 were also considerably above year earlier levels.

POTATOES: Production and total stocks of fall potatoes held by growers and local dealers on March 1, 1965 and March 1, 1966 1/

State	Crop of 1964		Crop of 1965	
	Production	Total stocks Mar. 1, 1965	Production	Total stocks Mar. 1, 1966
	1,000 Cwt.		1,000 Cwt.	
Maine	39,875	20,700	35,224	17,600
Connecticut	1,407	170	1,407	190
New York:				
Long Island	7,064	850	7,800	750
Upstate	8,610	1,750	8,600	1,900
Pennsylvania	6,265	1,100	6,940	1,200
Other States 2/	2,374	350	2,692	330
8 Eastern	65,595	24,920	62,663	21,970
Michigan	6,750	1,700	8,700	2,400
Wisconsin	7,118	1,610	7,875	1,800
Minnesota	8,900	3,100	12,180	3,700
North Dakota	10,200	3,400	15,225	5,300
Nebraska	1,463	260	1,578	380
Other States 2/	3,567	290	3,975	385
9 Central	37,998	10,360	49,533	13,965
Montana	1,221	770	1,326	850
Idaho	39,515	12,700	61,695	23,500
Colorado	6,600	1,650	8,575	2,500
Utah	1,360	275	1,530	440
Washington	5,270	700	10,385	2,800
Oregon	8,253	2,150	9,752	3,200
California	5,796	1,100	7,155	1,900
Other States 2/	582	100	810	160
9 Western	68,597	19,445	101,228	35,350
Total 26 Fall States	172,190	54,725	213,424	71,285

1/ Total stocks consist of "production less total disappearance to date."
2/ Eastern - New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island.
Central - Ohio, Indiana, South Dakota, and Iowa.
Western - Wyoming and Nevada.

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MAR 21 1966

Immediate Release

March 17, 1966

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
February 1966

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,331,000 chicks during February 1966, which was 19 percent below February 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The February hatch consisted of 744,000 egg-type and 587,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production down 28 percent, and broiler-type production was 4 percent from February 1965.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-February was $2.91 per 100 pounds, compared to $2.90 the previous month and $2.92 a year earlier. On February 15 the egg-feed ratio was 12.0 compared to 10.2 the previous month and 7.5 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965	1965 1/	1966	Pct. change from 1965
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	694	772	+11	728	680	-7
February	1,033	744	-28	611	587	-4
March	3,350			742		
April	5,603			881		
May	5,240			886		
June	2,132			751		
July	623			630		
August	461			613		
September	362			569		
October	536			538		
November	528			578		
December	519			663		

1/ Final

Richard W. Blood
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State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Chick production by hatcheries during February 1966 was 247.7 million compared with 226.2 million in February 1965. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 206.0 million, up 9 percent from February 1965 and the largest of record for the month. During the first two months of 1966 there were 424.2 million broiler chicks produced --up 11 percent from the same months last year. Broiler-type eggs in incubators March 1 were up 11 percent from March 1 last year. The number of broiler-type chicks hatched during 1965 totaled 2,514 million, exceeding the preceding year's record hatch by 9 percent.

There were 41.7 million egg-type chicks hatched in February--up 13 percent from February 1965. All of the regions of the country reported increases from a year earlier as follows: 24 percent in the West North Central, 17 in the South Atlantic, 14 percent in the North Atlantic, 13 percent in the South Central, 12 percent in the West, and 5 percent in the East North Central. During the first 2 months of 1966 there were 78.6 million egg-type chicks hatched--up 15 percent from the same two months in 1965. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on March 1 was up 14 percent from March 1 last year. The number of egg-type chicks hatched in 1965 totaled 489.0 million, 7 percent less than in 1964.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During February			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	640	500	1,740	2,000
Indiana	1,849	2,317	1,730	1,788
Illinois	59	45	1,372	1,398
Michigan	380	400	840	950
Wisconsin	858	1,050	718	600
E. N. CENTRAL	3,786	4,312	6,400	6,736
Minnesota	611	587	1,033	744
Iowa	100	120	960	1,720
Missouri	3,015	2,339	628	821
North Dakota	1/	1/	1	29
South Dakota	1/	1/	255	350
Nebraska	89	110	558	550
Kansas	39	60	572	760
W. N. CENTRAL 1/	1/ 3,855	1/3,224	4,007	4,974
UNITED STATES	189,388	205,999	36,858	41,701

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MAR 21 1966

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March 17, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 12, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,814,000 heavy white, 1,318,000 other heavy, and 172,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending March 12, 1966 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 525,000, the bronze hatch down 308,000, and the light breed hatch down 31,000 poults.

The ten-State setting totaled 3,323,000 heavy white, 2,248,000 bronze, and 339,000 light breed eggs. As compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 31 percent. However, the bronze set was down 17 percent, and the light breed set down 10 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 19	226	306	248	281	833	1,235
Feb. 26	282	400	217	326	878	1,393
Mar. 5	372	457	273	408	1,112	1,544
Mar. 12	507	597	243	479	1,289	1,814
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 22	394	521	370	401	1,344	1,938
Jan. 29	468	637	336	504	1,400	2,157
Feb. 5	632	709	413	673	1,806	2,458
Feb. 12	684	987	379	696	1,893	2,871
Feb. 19	745	1,166	438	774	2,169	3,098
Feb. 26	964	919	499	892	2,490	3,167
Mar. 5	713	1,127	487	772	2,281	3,195
Mar. 12	897	1,151	616	808	2,529	3,323
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 19	170	147	221	174	717	667
Feb. 26	250	244	234	262	931	942
Mar. 5	386	248	272	299	1,276	1,105
Mar. 12	461	322	386	370	1,626	1,318
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 22	249	226	355	270	1,095	990
Jan. 29	432	393	347	374	1,471	1,497
Feb. 5	687	403	418	436	2,060	1,740
Feb. 12	729	484	614	587	2,528	2,041
Feb. 19	747	465	709	609	2,764	2,244
Feb. 26	732	391	682	698	2,823	2,091
Mar. 5	737	388	801	784	2,858	2,246
Mar. 12	647	427	757	772	2,701	2,248
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 19	#	#	21	3	142	174
Feb. 26	#	#	20	0	189	144
Mar. 5	59	#	18	14	220	177
Mar. 12	32	#	13	12	203	172
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 22	#	#	33	4	230	260
Jan. 29	#	#	30	0	311	229
Feb. 5	88	#	24	17	336	267
Feb. 12	51	#	19	15	327	277
Feb. 19	41	#	25	18	300	320
Feb. 26	#	#	19	14	353	303
Mar. 5	66	#	22	15	331	321
Mar. 12	#	#	8	14	377	339

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending March 12, 1966 totaled 597,000 heavy white, 322,000 other heavy, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. The heavy white hatch was up 18 percent, while the bronze poults were down 30 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

Settings for the week totaled 1,151,000 heavy whites, 427,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. Compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 28 percent, while the bronze set was down 34 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 32 percent of the week's hatch compared with 22 percent a year ago, and 24 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,099	4,759	668	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120		2,016		158		17,775		989	
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,484		1,185	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,021		1,650	
June	2,577		757		209		15,912		1,632	
July	2,045		112		381		8,067		1,950	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,383		1,322	
Sept.	671		6		293		957		796	
Oct.	361		0		377		804		848	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,172		722	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,136		858	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405		2,705		216		30,716		1,638	
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

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Immediate Release

March 21, 1966

INTENDED CROP ACREAGES FOR 1966

MINNESOTA: Minnesota farmers intend to plant more soybeans, barley, oats and spring wheat in 1966 than last year but less corn and flax, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This information is based on a sample survey of all farmers on planting intentions made about March 1. The acreages actually planted in 1966 may turn out to be larger or smaller than indicated by this report for such reasons as weather conditions, economic factors, labor supply, agricultural programs and the effect of this report itself on farmers' actions. Farmers also have until April 15 to make their final decision on participating in the 1966 Feed Grain Program.

Farmers reporting on their intentions to plant as of March 1 indicated that corn acreage may, this year, decline to 5,635,000 acres -- down 2 percent from 1965.

Soybean acreage is expected to total 3,314,000 acres, 3 percent above the 3,217,000 acres planted in 1965. Spring wheat (other than durum) will be planted on 769,000 acres, 5 percent more than last year but acres planted to durum wheat is expected to be only 53,000 compared with 70,000 planted in 1965.

An 8 percent increase in barley acreage is in prospect for 1966. Intended acreage totals 670,000 acres compared with 620,000 acres planted last year. Acreage of oats is expected to total 3,303,000 up 2 percent from the 3,238,000 planted in 1965. The indicated flax acreage of 402,000 acres is down 11 percent from the 452,000 acres planted last year. If farmers intentions are carried out this will be the smallest flax acreage planted since 1922 when 310,000 acres were planted.

Sugar beet acreage is expected to be 126,000 acres, about the same as planted in 1965. Total potato acreage indicated for the State is 108,600 acres also practically unchanged from 1965.

Farmers reports indicate 1966 hay intended acreage at 3,527,000 the same as harvested in 1965.

UNITED STATES: For the United States planting intentions for the 17 crops included in the March 1 survey total 257 million acres for 1966--about the same as planted last year. If growers carry out their plans and an allowance is made for other crops not surveyed in March, the indicated acreage to be planted to all crops in 1966 is 305 million acres--2 million less than last year and the second smallest planted acreage since records began in 1929. The record low is 301 million acres planted in 1962.

Of the spring planted crops, soybeans lead in acreage expansion with a 1.7 million acre increase in prospect--5 percent above 1965. Corn is second with an increase of 1.6 million acres--2 percent above 1965. Other spring planted crops expected to have increased acreage are Durum wheat, barley, rice, potatoes, tobacco, dry beans, dry peas, and sugar beets. The sharpest drop in acreage expected is 3.3 million acres for cotton--23 percent below last year. Smaller acreage totals also are expected for spring wheat other than Durum, and for oats, flaxseed, sorghums, hay, peanuts, and sweet potatoes. In December acreage decreases of 6 percent in winter wheat and 7 percent in rye were estimated.

Growers' intentions for 1966 crop acreages were reported during the sign-up period for the 1966 Feed Grain, Spring Wheat, and Cotton Programs. A mid-February change in the provision to permit soybeans on feed grain base acreage can affect farmers' plans.

Soybean Acreage Up and Flaxseed Unchanged: Soybean acreage is expected to reach a new high for the sixth consecutive year. The largest percentage expansion is expected in the South Central Region. The important North Central Region shows increases in all producing States except Illinois, Indiana and South Dakota. Peanut growers intend to plant slightly less acreage than in 1965. Flaxseed acreage is expected to about equal 1965.

Feed Grain Acreage 2 Percent Larger: If grower plans as of March 1 are realized, the acreage planted to feed grains in 1966 will total 121.5 million acres--2 percent more than last year but 7 percent below the 1960-64 average. Corn acreage is expected to increase in all regions except the South Central. A 10 percent increase is indicated in barley acreage but the expected acreage is 19 percent below average. Much of the increase is expected in the North Central areas growing malting barley. Oats acreage is expected to be 1 percent smaller, continuing a downtrend. Growers plan to seed 2 percent less sorghum acreage, but acreage in the major producing State of Texas and Kansas is expected to be the same as last year.

Government programs affecting Feed Grains are about the same as last year, except that soybeans may be planted on some Feed Grain Program base acreage. This provision was announced in mid-February and some farmers may not have been fully aware of the alternatives when they filled out the March Intentions survey.

Food Grain Acreage Down 5 Percent: Reduced acreage of winter wheat lowered acreage seeded, or to be seeded, to food grains 5 percent below last year. The expected 1966 total equals the 1960-64 average. Seeded acreage of winter wheat, the most important food grain, declined 6 percent. Durum wheat seeding is expected to exceed slightly the 1965 acreage, but other spring wheat acreage is expected to be 5 percent smaller. Rye acreage is 7 percent below last year.

Sugar Beets, Potatoes, Dry Beans, and Dry Pea Acreages Larger: Prospective acreage of sugar beets is nearly 1 percent larger than last year's planted acreage and second only to the record high 1964 acreage. Potato acreage intentions as of March 1 are for a 3 percent increase from last year. Intended acreages for each seasonal group are above 1965 plantings. Current intentions for the major late summer and fall potato crop are for a 1 percent increase in Eastern and Central regions and 5 percent in the West. Dry bean growers plan to increase total acreage 2 percent despite declines in New York and Michigan. Dry pea producers expect to increase acreage about 7 percent over last year.

Hay Acreage 1 Percent Less: Farmers plan to reduce acreage cut for hay 1 percent from last year. Smaller hay acreages are indicated for all regions, but only a slight change is expected in the North Atlantic States.

INDICATED ACREAGES, MINNESOTA AND UNITED STATES, 1966

CROPS	Acreage Planted			1966 as Percent of 1965
	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966	
	- Thousand Acres -			Percent
MINNESOTA:				
Corn, All	6,016	5,750	5,635	98
Durum Wheat	48	70	53	76
Other Spring Wheat	814	732	769	105
Oats	3,558	3,238	3,303	102
Barley	798	620	670	108
Flax	565	452	402	89
Soybeans, All Purposes	2,396	3,217	3,314	103
Potatoes, All	114.6	108.4	108.6	100
Hay, All Harvested	3,637	3,527	3,527	100
Sugar Beets	107.8	126.2	126.0	100
UNITED STATES:				
Corn, All	70,334	66,804	68,384	102
Durum Wheat	2,070	2,296	2,306	100
Other Spring Wheat	9,467	9,815	9,311	95
Oats	29,854	24,865	24,714	99
Barley	14,396	10,504	11,604	110
Flax	3,175	2,856	2,853	100
Soybeans, All Purposes	28,372	35,387	37,121	105
Potatoes, All	1,408.2	1,435.6	1,479.9	103
Hay, All Harvested	67,282	68,076	67,245	99
Sugar Beets	1,206.6	1,316.5	1,324.0	101

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March 22, 1966

WOOL PRODUCTION AND VALUE, 1965

MINNESOTA: Production of wool in Minnesota for 1965 totaled 5,282,000 pounds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 4 percent less than the 1964 production. The decreased production was due to a smaller number of sheep and lambs shorn. Average fleeceweight increased from the 7.7 pounds of 1964 to a 7.9 pound average for 1965. The value of the 1965 crop was $2,694,000 compared with $3,079,000 in 1964. The decreased value was due to a lower average price per pound in 1965 as well as decreased production. The average price per pound was 51 cents, 5 cents less than was received for the 1964 crop.

UNITED STATES: Production of shorn and pulled wool in the United States during 1965 amounted to 237 million pounds, grease basis. This was 4 percent below the 1964 production of 247 million pounds.

Shorn wool production in 1965 totaled 214 million pounds, a 4 percent decline from the 1964 production of 221 million pounds. Shorn wool production in 1965 is equivalent to 102 million pounds, clean basis, compared with 106 million pounds in 1964, using a conversion factor of 47.7 percent. A factor of 45.0 has been used in the past.

Pulled wool production in 1965, at 23.3 million pounds, was 7 percent less than the 1964 production of 25.1 million pounds. Production of pulled wool in 1965 was equivalent to 17.0 million pounds, clean basis, using a conversion factor of 72.9 percent. The 1964 production on a similar clean basis was 18.3 million pounds. Previously, a factor of 75.0 was used to convert pulled wool to a clean basis. Commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs during 1965 was 11 percent below 1964 slaughter. The average weight of wool pulled per skin in 1965 was 3.37 pounds compared with 3.41 pounds in 1964.

The number of sheep and lambs shorn in 1965 totaled 25.1 million head, a 5 percent decrease from the 26.3 million head shorn in 1964. The 1965 average fleece weight was 8.51 pounds compared with 8.40 pounds in 1964.

The average price received by producers in the United States for shorn wool in 1965 was 47.1 cents per pound. In 1964 the average price per pound of wool sold was 53.2 cents. Prices received in the native sheep States (which account for most of the "fleece" wool producing area of the country) averaged 49.4 cents per pound in 1965. For the 11 Western States, Texas, and South Dakota (which produce most of the "territory" wool) the 1965 season average price was 46.3 cents per pound. Total value of shorn wool produced in 1965 was $101 million, a decrease of 14 percent from the 1964 value of $118 million.

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WOOL PRODUCTION AND VALUE, BY STATES, 1964-1965

State	Sheep shorn 1/		Weight per Fleece 2/		Production		Price per Pound		Value	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964 3/	1965 3/	1964 4/	1965 4/
	1,000 head		Pounds		1,000 pounds		Cents		1,000 dollars	
Maine	29	25	7.1	7.2	206	180	61	57	126	103
N. H.	6	6	6.7	7.0	40	42	58	55	23	23
Vt.	9	9	7.6	8.1	68	73	58	54	39	39
Mass.	10	10	6.5	7.0	65	70	60	55	39	38
R. I.	2	2	6.7	6.8	13	14	60	55	8	8
Conn.	7	7	7.1	7.2	50	50	58	54	29	27
N. Y.	114	113	7.9	8.1	900	914	61	56	549	512
N. J.	12	11	7.1	7.6	85	84	63	58	54	49
Pa.	193	197	7.3	7.6	1,409	1,497	61	56	859	838
Ohio	739	710	8.7	8.8	6,436	6,231	57	50	3,669	3,116
Ind.	356	353	7.9	7.9	2,820	2,787	54	48	1,523	1,338
Ill.	575	548	7.4	7.7	4,273	4,207	54	47	2,307	1,977
Mich.	277	277	8.6	8.8	2,373	2,436	57	50	1,353	1,218
Wis.	167	158	8.0	8.1	1,344	1,284	57	51	766	655
Minn.	715	665	7.7	7.9	5,498	5,282	56	51	3,079	2,694
Iowa	1,196	1,093	7.4	7.9	8,821	8,667	55	48	4,852	4,160
Mo.	477	446	8.0	8.1	3,793	3,627	56	49	2,124	1,777
N. Dak.	482	443	9.6	9.7	4,629	4,290	55	50	2,546	2,145
S. Dak.	1,586	1,395	8.8	8.9	13,885	12,440	56	49	7,776	6,096
Nebr.	548	467	7.7	8.0	4,210	3,759	51	45	2,147	1,692
Kans.	528	440	8.1	8.2	4,287	3,589	45	41	1,929	1,471
Del.	4	4	6.8	7.3	27	29	63	60	17	17
Md.	26	25	6.9	7.2	179	180	61	58	109	104
Va.	224	214	5.8	6.0	1,299	1,284	71	65	922	835
W. Va.	196	187	5.6	5.8	1,098	1,085	68	62	747	673
N. C.	32	29	6.2	6.4	198	186	67	60	133	112
S. C.	6	6	7.3	6.7	44	40	60	55	26	22
Ga.	10	9	6.2	6.1	62	55	56	55	35	30
Fla.	5	4	4.1	5.0	20	20	39	42	8	8
Ky.	214	187	7.1	7.4	1,519	1,384	57	55	866	761
Tenn.	106	90	5.3	5.6	562	504	59	56	332	282
Ala.	12	9	5.6	6.0	67	54	57	53	38	29
Miss.	28	21	5.2	5.2	146	109	55	54	80	59
Ark.	28	20	6.8	6.7	190	134	49	45	93	60
La.	55	50	4.3	4.3	236	215	52	51	123	110
Okla.	154	155	8.4	8.3	1,289	1,291	44	40	567	516
Texas	5,476	5,420	7.5	8.1	41,294	43,941	52	45	21,473	19,773
Mont.	1,369	1,264	9.8	9.6	13,444	12,190	55	51	7,394	6,217
Idaho	903	905	10.1	9.8	9,077	8,839	57	50	5,174	4,420
Wyo.	2,029	1,946	9.9	9.8	20,096	19,123	51	46	10,249	8,797
Colo.	1,314	1,250	9.6	9.1	12,642	11,410	50	46	6,321	5,249
N. Mex.	1,029	922	9.3	9.4	9,537	8,669	49	40	4,673	3,468
Ariz.	526	588	7.4	7.1	3,898	4,199	43	37	1,676	1,554
Utah	1,206	1,178	9.9	9.5	11,983	11,147	50	45	5,992	5,016
Nev.	250	231	9.6	9.5	2,394	2,189	51	45	1,221	985
Wash.	281	269	9.2	9.3	2,583	2,511	53	48	1,369	1,205
Oreg.	741	693	7.8	7.7	5,834	5,317	60	52	3,500	2,765
Calif.	2,081	2,013	7.8	7.8	16,309	15,732	53	48	8,644	7,551
48 States	26,333	25,064	8.40	8.51	221,232	213,360	53.1	47.1	117,579	100,594
Alaska	16	18	11.5	11.6	184	209	5/ 61	53	112	111
Hawaii	N O T A V A I L A B L E									
U. S.	26,349	25,082	8.40	8.51	221,416	213,569	53.2	47.1	117,691	100,705

1/ Includes shearing at commercial feeding yards.
2/ For Texas and California the weight per fleece is the amount of wool shorn per sheep and lamb during the year.
3/ For each State, monthly price is weighted by monthly sales of wool, January through December. U. S. average price is State prices weighted by sales.
4/ 1965 production multiplied by January-December average price
5/ Only small quantity of 1964 wool sold. Price for calculating value of production based on December 1964 sales.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

March 24, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 19, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,953,000 heavy white, 1,548,000 other heavy, and 183,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending March 19, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 643,000, the bronze hatch down 245,000, and the light breed hatch down 5,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,466,000 heavy white, 2,491,000 bronze, and 355,000 light breed eggs. As compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 38 percent, the light breed set up 2 percent, while the bronze set was down 19 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 26	282	400	217	326	878	1,393
Mar. 5	372	457	273	408	1,112	1,544
Mar. 12	507	597	243	479	1,289	1,814
Mar. 19	429	747	273	461	1,310	1,953
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 29	468	637	336	504	1,400	2,157
Feb. 5	632	709	413	673	1,806	2,458
Feb. 12	684	987	379	696	1,893	2,871
Feb. 19	745	1,166	438	774	2,169	3,098
Feb. 26	964	919	499	892	2,490	3,167
Mar. 5	713	1,127	487	772	2,281	3,195
Mar. 12	897	1,151	616	808	2,529	3,323
Mar. 19	858	1,223	479	821	2,503	3,466
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 26	250	244	234	262	931	942
Mar. 5	386	248	272	299	1,276	1,105
Mar. 12	461	322	386	370	1,626	1,318
Mar. 19	489	306	454	440	1,793	1,548
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 29	432	393	347	374	1,471	1,497
Feb. 5	687	403	418	436	2,060	1,740
Feb. 12	729	484	614	587	2,528	2,041
Feb. 19	747	465	709	609	2,764	2,244
Feb. 26	732	391	682	698	2,823	2,091
Mar. 5	737	388	801	784	2,858	2,246
Mar. 12	647	427	757	772	2,701	2,248
Mar. 19	745	455	877	945	3,084	2,491
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Feb. 26	#	#	20	0	189	144
Mar. 5	59	#	18	14	220	177
Mar. 12	32	#	13	12	203	172
Mar. 19	24	#	16	14	188	183
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Jan. 29	#	#	30	0	311	229
Feb. 5	88	#	24	17	336	267
Feb. 12	51	#	19	15	327	277
Feb. 19	41	#	25	18	300	320
Feb. 26	#	#	19	14	353	303
Mar. 5	66	#	22	15	331	321
Mar. 12	#	#	8	14	377	339
Mar. 19	#	#	17	17	349	355

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending March 19, 1966 totaled 747,000 heavy whites, 306,000 other heavy, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. The heavy white hatch was up 74 percent, while the bronze poults were down 37 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

Settings for the week totaled 1,223,000 heavy white, 455,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. Compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 43 percent, while the bronze set was down 39 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 36 percent of the week's hatch compared with 29 percent a year ago, and 32 percent the previous week.

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested in Minnesota during February 1966 included; 26,006 heavy white, 1,165 other heavy, and 1,723 light breeds. The cumulative number of turkeys tested in Minnesota from July 1965 through February 1966

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,099	4,759	668	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120		2,016		158		17,775		989	
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,484		1,185	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,021		1,650	
June	2,577		757		209		15,912		1,632	
July	2,045		112		381		8,067		1,950	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,383		1,322	
Sept.	671		6		293		957		796	
Oct.	361		0		377		804		848	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,172		722	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,136		858	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405		2,705		216		30,716		1,638	
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

are; 498,824 heavy white, 163,192 other heavy and 23,148 light breeds. Heavy white breeds tested are 32 percent over the same period a year ago while the bronze are down 20 percent and the light breeds down 24 percent.

UNITED STATES: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during February 1966 was 150,487, down 5 percent from a year earlier. Testings of heavy white breeds were 12 percent higher but other heavy breeds were 50 percent lower than February 1965. Aggregate testings July 1965 through February 1966 for all heavy breeds totaled 3,523,027, an increase of 11 percent from the comparable period a year earlier.

Light breed turkeys tested during February totaled 31,795, a decrease of 10 percent from February 1965. Testings of light breeds July 1965 through February 1966 totaled 230,067 birds, 19 percent below the same period a year earlier.

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

March 24, 1966

MARCH 1, 1966 PIG REPORT

MINNESOTA: The December-February quarterly pig crop is estimated at 1,039,000 head, 9 percent larger than for the same quarter a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farrowing and breeding intentions for the next six months (March through August) are estimated at 7 percent more than during the same period of 1965. As of March 1, 1966, there were 2,817,000 head of all hogs and pigs on farms, 3 percent more than on March 1, 1965.

Sows farrowing during December 1965, January and February 1966 totaled 136,000 head, 6 percent greater than last year but 8 percent below the 5-year (1960-64) average. The average litter size was 7.64 pigs, the largest of record. About 21 percent of the winter farrowings were in December, a third were in January and the remainder or 46 percent were in February.

Intended farrowings during the next three months - March, April and May - are estimated at 272,000 head, 18,000 head more than during the same quarter of 1965. According to the intentions report, 34 percent will farrow in March, 38 percent in April and 28 percent in May. For the June-August 1966 quarter, the intentions are for 176,000 head of sows to farrow or 6 percent more than a year ago.

A total of 2,817,000 head of all hogs and pigs were estimated on Minnesota farms as of March 1, 1966. This was 3 percent more than a year ago. Of the hogs and pigs on farms, 606,000 head, 21.5 percent, were hogs and pigs for breeding purposes, and the remainder or 2,211,000 head were other hogs and pigs, mainly those intended for slaughter, Compared with a year earlier, breeding hogs were up 8 percent and other hogs were 2 percent higher.

UNITED STATES: The number of hogs and pigs on farms in the 10 Corn Belt States on March 1, 1966 totaled 38.0 million head. This is an increase of 1 percent from the 37.7 million head on hand on March 1, 1965. March 1 hog and pig inventories showed a decrease of 8 percent from the 41.3 million head on hand December 1, 1965. This seasonal decrease is less than in most recent years. The number of hogs and pigs on farms March 1, kept for breeding in the 10 States totaled 7,638,000 head, up 10 percent from a year earlier. Hogs and pigs, other than for breeding, totaled 30,319,000 head, 1 percent less than the 30,768,000 on March 1, 1965.

The December-February 1966 pig crop for the 10 States totaled 12,255,000 head, 7 percent more than the December-February 1965 pig crop of 11,451,000 head. This resulted from increases of 5 percent in the number of sows farrowed and 2 percent in the average number of pigs per litter to 7.35 pigs. The number of sows farrowed was 1,668,000 compared with 1,584,000 for the December 1964-February 1965 period. For December 1965, the 406,000 sows farrowed was 4 percent above a year earlier. January 1966 farrowings, at 546,000 head, were 7 percent more than in January 1965, and February farrowings, at 716,000 sows, were 4 percent above a year earlier.

Sows bred and intended for farrowing during the March-May quarter totaled 3,360,000 head, 9 percent more than a year earlier. All States expected greater farrowings than a year earlier. Expected farrowings by months are: March, 1,201,000 sows, up 6 percent from a year ago; April, 1,309,000, up 11 percent, and May, 850,000, up 10 percent. Intentions for this quarter reported on March 1, 1966 are 4 percentage points or 116,000 head, greater than intentions reported for this period on December 1, 1965.

All hogs and pigs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and 10 States

Item	Minnesota				10 States 1/			
	1960-64 average	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1960-64 average	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
All Hogs on Farms:								
January 1	3,546	2,990	2,721	91	43,234	41,142	39,248	95
March 1	3,295	2,735	2,817	103	2/	37,724	37,957	101
Dec.-Feb. Pig Crop:								
Sows farrowing	148	128	136	106	1,775	1,584	1,668	105
Pigs per litter	2/	3/ 7.47	3/ 7.64	---	2/	3/ 7.23	3/ 7.35	---
Pig crop	2/	956	1,039	109	2/	11,451	12,255	107
Sows Farrowing:								
March - May	341	254	272	107	3,580	3,085	4/ 3,360	109
June - August	206	166	176	106	2,321	2,034	4/ 2,198	108

1/ Ohio, Ind., Ill., Wis., Minn., Iowa, Mo., So. Dak., Nebr. and Kans.
2/ Not available.
3/ Actual number
4/ Number indicated by breeding intentions report.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, pig crop,
December - February, 10 States, 1965 - 1966

State	December - February 1/						March - May 2/			June - August 2/		
	Sows farrowing			Pig crop 3/			Sows to farrow			Sows to farrow		
	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	99	103	104	716	743	104	145	160	110	132	145	110
Ind.	219	232	106	1,616	1,756	109	222	255	115	239	270	113
Ill.	289	306	106	2,075	2,188	105	524	555	106	375	398	106
Wis.	83	82	99	600	620	103	139	149	107	104	114	110
Minn.	128	136	106	956	1,039	109	254	272	107	166	176	106
Iowa	420	437	104	2,995	3,203	107	1,038	1,111	107	595	625	105
Mo.	154	165	107	1,100	1,203	109	263	302	115	203	223	110
S. Dak.	41	47	114	288	343	119	179	206	115	55	60	110
Nebr.	91	96	105	667	697	104	226	249	110	104	120	115
Kans.	60	64	107	438	463	106	95	101	106	61	67	110
Total 10 States	1,584	1,668	105	11,451	12,255	107	3,085	3,360	109	2,034	2,198	108

1/ December preceding year. 2/ Number indicated by breeding intentions reports.
3/ Number of pigs farrowed December through February which were still on hand March 1 or had been sold.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs, and other hogs by weight groups,
10 States, March 1, 1965 - 1966

State	All hogs and pigs			Breeding hogs			Other hogs and pigs					
							Under 120 pounds			120 pounds and over		
	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	2,214	2,258	102	332	373	112	1,120	1,168	104	762	717	94
Ind.	4,350	4,394	101	696	791	114	2,339	2,349	100	1,315	1,254	95
Ill.	6,812	6,676	98	1,158	1,228	106	3,104	3,149	101	2,550	2,299	90
Wis.	1,481	1,525	103	348	381	109	714	738	103	419	406	97
Minn.	2,735	2,817	103	561	606	108	1,235	1,324	107	939	887	94
Iowa	11,652	11,652	100	2,272	2,447	108	4,980	5,044	101	4,400	4,161	95
Mo.	3,500	3,605	103	595	685	115	1,729	1,752	101	1,176	1,168	99
S. Dak.	1,293	1,293	100	317	369	116	511	511	100	465	413	89
Nebr.	2,410	2,434	101	460	523	114	1,106	1,107	100	844	804	95
Kans.	1,277	1,303	102	217	235	108	656	668	102	404	400	99
Total 10 States	37,724	37,957	101	6,956	7,638	110	17,494	17,810	102	13,274	12,509	94

INTENDED CROP ACREAGES FOR 1966

MINNESOTA: Minnesota farmers intend to plant more soybeans, (3%), barley, (8%), oats, (2%), and spring wheat, (5%), in 1966 than last year but less corn, (-2%) and flax, (-11%). This information is based on a sample survey of all farmers on planting intentions made about March 1. The acreages actually planted in 1966 may turn out to be larger or smaller than indicated by this report for such reasons as weather conditions, economic factors, labor supply, agricultural programs and the effect of this report itself on farmers' actions. Farmers also have until April 15 to make their final decision on participating in the 1966 Feed Grain Program. Sugar beet acreage is expected to be 126,000 acres, about the same as planted in 1965. Total potato acreage indicated for the State is 108,600 acres also practically unchanged from 1965. Farmers reports indicate 1966 hay intended acreage at 3,527,000 the same as harvested in 1965.

UNITED STATES: For the United States planting intentions for the 17 crops included in the March 1 survey total 257 million acres for 1966 - about the same as planted last year. Of the spring planted crops, soybeans is up 5 percent above 1965 and corn is up 1.6 million acres— 2 percent above 1965.

NOTE: A more detailed report is available on request.

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Immediate Release

March 30, 1966

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-March 1966

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-March at 94 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for March since 1952, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The index was 13 points above a year earlier but 3 points below last month. The prices of livestock, dairy products, turkeys and eggs continued at higher levels than a year ago.

Compared with mid-February, the March livestock price index dropped 7 points to 113 percent of the 1947-49 average. The crop index dropped 2 points from the previous month, 11 points below March 15, 1965. Minnesota's milk and cream price index rose 2 points from last month to 100 percent of the 1947-49 average, 9 points above March 15, 1965. The poultry and egg index was up 2 points from last month and 23 points above March 15, 1965.

The decrease in the crops index from mid-February reflected decreases in the price of wheat of 2 cents, corn 7 cents, barley 1 cent, rye 5 cents and soybeans 6 cents per bushel. Oats was unchanged and flax increased 2 cents from last month. Barley increased 14 cents, rye was unchanged, but all other crops decreased in price from March 5, 1965.

Livestock prices declined from mid-February as hogs averaged $3.70 per hundredweight lower, sheep 50 cents lower and lambs $1.40 lower. Compared to a year earlier, increases in prices of hogs were $7.60, cattle $4.60, calves $9.20, sheep $.90, and lambs $3.00 per hundredweight.

Milk prices increased 7 cents per hundredweight from last month and 37 cents per hundredweight from March last year.

Turkey prices averaged 25 cents per pound liveweight, 1 cent higher than mid-February and 2 cents higher than mid-March 1965. Chicken prices were 1 cent lower than last month and last year. Egg prices increased 1 cent from February and 14 cents from March 1965.

TABLE I - INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	Mar. 15 av. 1958-62	Mar. 15 1963	Mar. 15 1964	Mar. 15 1965	Feb. 15 1966	Mar. 15 1966
All Farm Products . . .	80	77	76	81	97	94
Crops	65	71	73	83	74	72
Livestock	93	79	78	83	120	113
Dairy Products . . .	89	89	89	91	98	100
Poultry and Eggs . .	69	69	60	57	78	80

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minnesota.

TABLE II - PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Mar. 15 1962	Mar. 15 1963	Mar. 15 1964	Mar. 15 1965	Feb. 15 1966	Mar. 15 1966
Prices Received	246	242	240	239	272	271
Prices Paid 1/.	306	311	313	318	329	331
Parity Ratio.	80	78	77	75	83	82

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Harry Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TABLE 3 -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND COMMODITY-FEED PRICE RATIOS

COMMODITY	UNIT	MINNESOTA			MARCH 15, 1966			
		MARCH 15 1965	FEB. 15 1966	MARCH 15 1966	IOWA	NORTH DAKOTA	SOUTH DAKOTA	UNITED STATES
		-- DOLLARS --			-- DOLLARS --			
PRICES RECEIVED:								
WHEAT, ALL	BU.	1.55	1.53	1.51	1.40	1.46	1.52	1.41
RYE	BU.	1.00	1.05	1.00	1.05	.87	.95	.942
CORN	BU.	1.07	.96	.89	1.03	1.01	1.07	1.12
OATS	BU.	.62	.61	.61	.67	.52	.60	.646
BARLEY	BU.	.96	1.11	1.10	1.01	1.03	.99	1.06
SOYBEANS	BU.	2.82	2.71	2.65	2.66	2.53	2.58	2.71
FLAXSEED	BU.	2.93	2.89	2.91	2.87	2.83	2.87	2.85
ALL HAY, BALED	TON	29.50	21.50	21.00	22.50	16.50	19.20	24.20
POTATOES	CWT.	4.50	1.65	1.75	2.75	1.45	2.00	2.18
HOGS	CWT.	16.20	27.50	23.80	24.20	23.70	24.00	24.00
COWS	CWT.	13.10	16.80	18.60	18.30	16.90	16.80	17.70
CATTLE, STEERS & HEIFERS	CWT.	20.40	24.70	25.20	27.10	25.60	26.00	26.20
CATTLE, ALL	CWT.	17.20	21.10	21.80	25.90	23.70	24.10	24.00
CALVES	CWT.	24.20	32.10	33.40	27.50	29.50	29.00	27.60
SHEEP	CWT.	6.60	8.00	7.50	6.10	7.00	6.00	8.00
LAMBS	CWT.	23.70	28.10	26.70	25.40	25.70	26.20	25.70
MILK COWS	HEAD	215.00	235.00	260.00	240.00	225.00	220.00	238.00
MILK-WHOLESALE	CWT.	3.24	3.54	3.61	3.90	3.55	3.75	4.54
MILKFAT IN CREAM	LB.	.63	.65	.68	.67	.65	.64	.630
TURKEYS-LIVE	LB.	.230	.240	.250	.260	-	-	.247
CHICKENS, FARM	LB.	.060	.060	.065	.060	.045	.055	.107
EGGS	DOZ.	.220	.350	.355	.335	.320	.337	.416
WOOL	LB.	.48	.48	.52	.51	.50	.53	.495
PRICES PAID:								
BRAN	CWT.	3.00	3.20	3.15	3.45	3.10	3.20	3.41
SOYBEAN MEAL, 44%	CWT.	4.55	4.95	4.75	4.90	5.20	4.95	5.08
HOG FEED, 29% & OVER	CWT.	5.70	6.30	6.10	6.30	6.20	6.30	6.15
BEEF CATTLE FEED 30% & OVER	CWT.	4.75	5.00	4.95	5.00	4.75	4.75	4.62
DAIRY FEED 16%	CWT.	3.10	3.20	3.20	3.55	-	-	3.84
POULTRY RATION	CWT.	2.91	2.91	2.88	2.95	2.86	2.84	3.49
LAYING FEED	CWT.	4.20	4.35	4.35	4.95	4.80	4.80	4.47
COMMODITY FEED PRICE RATIOS:								
HOG-CORN 1/		15.1	28.6	26.7	23.5	23.5	22.4	21.4
BEEF-CORN 1/		19.1	25.7	28.3	26.3	25.3	24.3	23.4
EGG-FEED 2/		7.6	12.0	12.3	11.4	11.2	11.9	11.9
FARM CHICKEN FEED 3/		2.1	2.1	2.3	2.0	1.6	1.9	3.1

1/ NUMBER OF BUSHELS OF CORN EQUAL IN VALUE TO 100 POUNDS OF HOG, STEER-HEIFERS, LIVEWEIGHT RESPECTIVELY.
2/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 DOZEN EGGS.
3/ NUMBER OF POUNDS OF POULTRY FEED EQUAL IN VALUE TO 1 POUND OF CHICKEN LIVEWEIGHT.

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Immediate Release

March 31, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 26, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,057,000 heavy white, 1,378,000 other heavy, and 193,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending March 26, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 527,000, the bronze hatch down 397,000 and the light breed hatch down 8,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,594,000 heavy white, 2,499,000 other heavy and 383,000 light breed eggs. As compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 37 percent, and the light breed set up less than 1 percent while the bronze set was down 20 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 5	372	457	273	408	1,112	1,544
Mar. 12	507	597	243	479	1,289	1,814
Mar. 19	429	747	273	461	1,310	1,953
Mar. 26	600	602	322	587	1,530	2,057
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 5	632	709	413	673	1,806	2,458
Feb. 12	684	987	379	696	1,893	2,871
Feb. 19	745	1,166	438	774	2,169	3,098
Feb. 26	964	919	499	892	2,490	3,167
Mar. 5	713	1,127	487	772	2,281	3,195
Mar. 12	897	1,151	616	808	2,529	3,323
Mar. 19	858	1,223	479	821	2,503	3,466
Mar. 26	893	1,228	502	960	2,621	3,594
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 5	386	248	272	299	1,276	1,105
Mar. 12	461	322	386	370	1,626	1,318
Mar. 19	489	306	454	440	1,793	1,548
Mar. 26	469	245	434	455	1,775	1,378
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 5	687	403	418	436	2,060	1,740
Feb. 12	729	484	614	587	2,528	2,041
Feb. 19	747	465	709	609	2,764	2,244
Feb. 26	732	391	682	698	2,823	2,091
Mar. 5	737	388	801	784	2,858	2,246
Mar. 12	647	427	757	772	2,701	2,248
Mar. 19	745	455	877	945	3,084	2,491
Mar. 26	622	336	1,040	961	3,110	2,499
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 5	59	#	18	14	220	177
Mar. 12	32	#	13	12	203	172
Mar. 19	24	#	16	14	188	183
Mar. 26	#	#	10	11	201	193
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 5	88	#	24	17	336	267
Feb. 12	51	#	19	15	327	277
Feb. 19	41	#	25	18	300	320
Feb. 26	#	#	19	14	353	303
Mar. 5	66	#	22	15	331	321
Mar. 12	#	#	8	14	377	339
Mar. 19	#	#	17	17	349	355
Mar. 26	54	#	11	21	381	383

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending March 26, 1966 totaled 602,000 heavy whites, 245,000 other heavy, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. The heavy white hatch was up less than 1 percent, while the bronze poults were down 48 percent from the comparable week a year earlier.

Settings for the week in these 2 States totaled 1,228,000 heavy white, 336,000 bronze and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. Compared with the same week last year, the heavy white set was up 38 percent while the bronze set was down 46 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 38 percent of the week's hatch compared with 40 percent a year ago, and 36 percent last week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,099	4,759	668	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120		2,016		158		17,775		989	
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,484		1,185	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,021		1,650	
June	2,577		757		209		15,912		1,632	
July	2,045		112		381		8,067		1,950	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,383		1,322	
Sept.	671		6		293		957		796	
Oct.	361		0		377		804		848	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,172		722	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,136		858	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405		2,705		216		30,716		1,638	
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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Immediate Release

April 1, 1966

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
February 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during February 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 132,000 head; down 11 percent from January 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,063 pounds per head, compared with 1,073 pounds for last month, and 1,064 pounds for February 1965.

February calf slaughter was 21,500 head, up 4 percent from last month. Average liveweight was 176 pounds per head, 9 pounds less than last year, but 2 pounds more than last month.

The hog-kill in February totaled 377,000 head, the same as last month. The average liveweight for the month was 247 pounds per head, 11 pounds less than last month, but 7 pounds more than a year ago.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during February totaled 68,000 head, which was 13 percent below January 1966 slaughter. The average liveweight for the month was 109 pounds, 3 pounds more than both last year and the previous month.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during February in the 48 States totaled 2,387 million pounds. This was 9 percent less than the January 1966 total of 2,609 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes animals slaughtered on a farm or ranch.

Beef production during February was 1,465 million pounds, 11 percent less than January 1966. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,019 pounds, 2 pounds less than February 1965 and 4 pounds below January 1966. The total commercial cattle kill during February was 2,544,800 head. The number of cattle slaughtered in Federally inspected plants was 2,036,800 head, 6 percent above February 1965.

There were 69 million pounds of veal produced during February, 8 percent below January 1966. Commercial calf slaughter during February totaled 555,000 head. Federally inspected calf slaughter was 375,800 head in February, 2 percent less than February 1965.

Pork production during February totaled 808 million pounds, 2 percent less than January 1966. The commercial hog kill during February totaled 5,406,300 head. Hogs slaughtered in Federally inspected plants totaled 4,650,000 head, down 12 percent from February a year ago. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight was 10.0 pounds compared with 11.6 pounds in February 1965 and 10.8 pounds in January 1966.

There were 45 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during February, 12 percent less than a month earlier. Total commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs was 858,400 head in February. Federally inspected sheep and lambs slaughtered totaled 785,100 head in February, 8 percent below February 1965.

Production of poultry meat during February amounted to 522 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 11 percent above February 1965 but 11 percent below January 1966.

Custom slaughtering of animals for farmers in plants is included in the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates. As a result of this change, slaughter in commercial plants is expected to be raised 2 to 3 percent for cattle, 1 to 2 percent each for calves and hogs and less than 1 percent for sheep and lambs. Since custom slaughtering for farmers is seasonal, the effect of this shift on commercial slaughter and meat production will vary somewhat by months. Comparable data for 1965 and earlier years are not available. Due to this change it would be misleading to make comparisons of the current commercial slaughter estimates with the same month a year earlier as is usually shown in the United States summary. In place of this, during 1966, comparisons with the same month a year earlier of the number of head slaughtered will be shown only for the federally inspected portion of the total slaughter.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	February		February Average Liveweight	
	1965	1966 2/	1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Pounds	
MINNESOTA				
Cattle	121.0	132.0	1,064	1,063
Calves	22.3	21.5	185	176
Hogs	460.0	377.0	240	247
Sheep and Lambs	54.5	68.0	106	109
UNITED STATES (48 States)				
Cattle	2,340.8	2,544.8	1,021	1,019
Calves	566.8	555.0	219	224
Hogs	6,160.9	5,406.3	233	238
Sheep and Lambs	936.2	858.4	103	106

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, FEBRUARY 1965-66 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 3/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 3/	Poultry 4/	Lard 5/
	MILLION POUNDS						
February 1965	1,365	69	871	47	2,352	469	167
January 1966	1,655	75	828	51	2,609	589	145
February 1966 2/	1,465	69	808	45	2,387	522	129
Jan.-Feb. 1965	2,901	148	1,887	106	5,042	1,029	360
Jan.-Feb. 1966	3,120	144	1,636	96	4,996	1,111	274

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial slaughter estimates.

3/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.

4/ Chicken and turkey meat -- ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

5/ Includes rendered pork fat.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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Immediate Release

April 7, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 2, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,072,000 heavy white, 1,409,000 other heavy, and 215,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending April 2, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 630,000, the bronze hatch down 434,000, and the light breed hatch the same.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,829,000 heavy white, 2,479,000 other heavy and 442,000 light breed eggs. As compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 49 percent, the light breed set was practically the same, while the bronze set was down 21 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 12	507	597	243	479	1,289	1,814
Mar. 19	429	747	273	461	1,310	1,953
Mar. 26	600	602	322	587	1,530	2,057
Apr. 2	464	719	303	492	1,442	2,072
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 12	684	987	379	696	1,893	2,871
Feb. 19	745	1,166	438	774	2,169	3,098
Feb. 26	964	919	499	892	2,490	3,167
Mar. 5	713	1,127	487	772	2,281	3,195
Mar. 12	897	1,151	616	808	2,529	3,323
Mar. 19	858	1,223	479	821	2,503	3,466
Mar. 26	893	1,228	502	960	2,621	3,594
Apr. 2	926	1,175	589	966	2,571	3,829
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 12	461	322	386	370	1,626	1,318
Mar. 19	489	306	454	440	1,793	1,548
Mar. 26	469	245	434	455	1,775	1,378
Apr. 2	466	245	543	508	1,843	1,409
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 12	729	484	614	587	2,528	2,041
Feb. 19	747	465	709	609	2,764	2,244
Feb. 26	732	391	682	698	2,823	2,091
Mar. 5	737	388	801	784	2,858	2,246
Mar. 12	647	427	757	772	2,701	2,248
Mar. 19	745	455	877	945	3,084	2,491
Mar. 26	622	336	1,040	961	3,110	2,499
Apr. 2	705	489	1,025	853	3,137	2,479
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 12	32	#	13	12	203	172
Mar. 19	24	#	16	14	188	183
Mar. 26	#	#	10	11	201	193
Apr. 2	41	#	16	12	215	215
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 12	51	#	19	15	327	277
Feb. 19	41	#	25	18	300	320
Feb. 26	#	#	19	14	353	303
Mar. 5	66	#	22	15	331	321
Mar. 12	#	#	8	14	377	339
Mar. 19	#	#	17	17	349	355
Mar. 26	54	#	11	21	381	383
Apr. 2	#	65	16	25	441	442

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending April 2, 1966 totaled 719,000 heavy whites, 245,000 other heavy and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. The heavy white hatch was up 55 percent, while the bronze poults were down 47 percent from the corresponding week a year earlier.

Settings for the week in these two States totaled 1,175,000 heavy white, 489,000 bronze and 65,000 light breed eggs. Compared with the same week last year, the heavy white set was up 27 percent while the bronze set was down 31 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 28 percent of the week's hatch compared with 32 percent a year ago and 38 percent last week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,099	4,759	668	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120		2,016		158		17,775		989	
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,484		1,185	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,021		1,650	
June	2,577		757		209		15,912		1,632	
July	2,045		112		381		8,067		1,950	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,383		1,322	
Sept.	671		6		293		957		796	
Oct.	361		0		377		804		848	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,172		722	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,136		858	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405		2,705		216		30,716		1,638	
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

John Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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April 11, 1966

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT
April 1, 1966

Although temperatures during March averaged above normal, there was a wide range from the lows to highs. During the first few days of March a heavy snow storm and blizzard moved across an area north of an imaginary line from Luverne to Duluth. Heavy snow and strong winds caused considerable damage and as the month progressed melting snow caused severe flooding in the Red River Valley area. On March 22 and 23 another blizzard hit, this one south of the line mentioned above. This storm with heavy snow and strong winds caused considerable damage to farm property, as well as telephone and power lines.

By April 1 snow was most all melted but most fields remained wet so that very little field work could be done. Fall seeded grains, pastures and hay fields were still dormant as of April 1.

Winter wheat and rye were both reported as in good condition with winter wheat production forecast at 286,000 bushels, 70,000 bushels more than last year but 38 percent less than the 5-year 1960-64 average.

Corn stocks on Minnesota farms April 1 totaled 189 million bushels compared with 188 million a year ago. A total of 97 million bushels of oats were in farm storage on April 1. This was 27 million bushels more than a year earlier and 19 million bushels above the 5-year average.

Farm stocks of barley were 7.8 million bushels compared with 6.9 million last year. Average stocks for April 1 are 12.5 million bushels. There were 355,000 bushels of rye stored on farms compared with 178,000 a year ago. Farm wheat supplies totaled 6.6 million bushels compared with 6.2 million on hand a year earlier and the average Apri 1 stocks of 4.8 million bushels.

April soybean stocks on farms totaled 19.3 million bushels compared with 14.3 million a year earlier and the 5-year average of 18.1 million bushels. Flax stocks on Apri 1 amounted to 1,149,000 bushels compared with 1,080,000 a year ago.

MILK: Milk production for Minnesota in March totaled 1,007 million pounds, down 10 percent from 1,115 million pounds produced in the same month a year ago. Milk production during the first 3 months of this year totaled 2,781 million pounds -- down 13 percent from the corresponding period a year earlier.

EGGS: March production of eggs in Minnesota totaled 203 million, 14 percent less than in March 1965. Egg production during the first 3 months of 1966 totaled 604 million eggs -- 13 percent less than the corresponding period last year.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on Minnesota farms in March totaled 184,000, of which 169,000 were family workers and 15,000 were hired workers. This compares with 165,000 family workers and 15,000 hired workers in March 1965.

For the United States, the number of workers on farms in March totaled 4,653,000, of which 3,660,000 were family workers and 993,000 were hired workers. This compares with 3,705,000 family workers and 972,000 hired workers in March 1965.

C. W. Estes, Agricultural Statistician F. J. Graham, State Agricultural Statistician

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APR 28 1966

Immediate Release

April 13, 1966

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of April 1, 1966)

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Commercial Processing: The prospective planted acreage for 1966 of 119,000 acres is up nearly 15 percent from last years 103,800 acres, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This acreage is up 21 percent from the 1960-64 average of 98,080 acres. Minnesota ranks second in sweet corn acreage, exceeded by Wisconsin with a prospective acreage of 125,100 acres.

Snap Beans for Processing: Minnesota acreage is included in total "Other States".

UNITED STATES: Sweet Corn: Prospective 1966 acreage of sweet corn for processing is indicated at 477,250 acres, up 11 percent from both a year earlier and the 5-year average. A 5 percent or larger acreage increase from 1965 is expected in Washington, Minnesota, Illinois, Wisconsin, Delaware, Oregon, New York, Iowa, and Idaho. Less acreage this year is intended in Maine and Maryland.

Acreage intentions of sweet corn for freezing in 1966 is estimated at 121,550 acres. This acreage is 13 percent more than last year and 43 percent above average. Compared with last year, the 1966 prospective acreage in the central States is up 16 percent, the western States up 14 percent, and the eastern States up 6 percent. Based on normal abandonment of planted acreage and the average yield per acre with an allowance for trend, production of sweet corn for freezing from the intended acreage would be 506,000 tons. This production would be 17 percent larger than in 1965.

Early season intentions of processors indicate 355,700 acres of sweet corn will be planted for canning in 1966, up 10 percent from the previous year and 4 percent above average. Prospective acreages for 1966 are up 14 percent from 1965 in the western States, up 11 percent in the central States, but down 1 percent in the eastern States. Based on normal abandonment of planted acreage and the average yield per acre with an allowance for trend, production of sweet corn for canning from the intended acreage would be 1,401,000 tons. This tonnage would be 19 percent more than in 1965.

Snap Beans: Prospective 1966 acreage of snap beans for processing, at 259,250 acres, is 6 percent more than a year earlier and 29 percent above average. States expecting a 5 percent or larger increase from 1965 are: California, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Maryland, North Carolina, Texas, Washington, Oregon, and Maine. A decrease in acreage is in prospect for Delaware, Virginia, Florida, and Michigan. The shift from pole bean varieties to bush bean varieties is expected to continue in the West Coast States and this shift will continue to effect yield levels.

Green Lima Beans: Acreage planted to green lima beans in 1966 based on intentions to plant is expected to total 102,110 acres--14 percent more than last year and 13 percent more than average. An increase in acreage from 1965 is in prospect for all major producing States except Michigan, where acreage is unchanged. Acreage in California is expected to be 24 percent larger than in 1965, while in Delaware, 1966 acreage prospects are up 9 percent from a year earlier.

Cabbage for Kraut: The 1966 prospective acreages of cabbage contracted for kraut is estimated at 9,530 acres. This acreage is 6 percent more than was contracted last year and 15 percent above average. Estimated contract acreage includes that grown by processors themselves and acreage contracts made with individual growers plus an equivalent acreage for contracts made on a tonnage basis. Based on normal abandonment of planted acreage and an average yield per acre with an allowance for trend, production of cabbage grown under contract would be 160,000 tons. The 1965 production grown under contract totaled 166,760 tons.

No information is available at this time on prospective 1966 open market purchases of cabbage for kraut. In 1965, 69 percent of the total planted acreage utilized for kraut was under contract, while on the average, about two-thirds of the acreage is grown under contract.

Marvin A. Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

Sweet corn for processing: Prospective planted acreage by States, 1966 with comparisons

State	Planted acreage			1966 as percent of	
	Average 1960-64	1965	Prospective 1966	Average 1960-64	1965
	- Acres -			- Percent -	
Maine	2,440	1,300	750	31	58
New York	19,700	14,000	15,000	76	107
Pennsylvania	8,880	9,500	9,500	107	100
Delaware	4,780	3,300	3,600	75	109
Maryland	30,080	29,500	29,200	97	99
Illinois	58,080	54,200	61,200	105	113
Wisconsin	106,640	114,600	125,100	117	109
Minnesota	98,080	103,800	119,000	121	115
Iowa	6,100	5,900	6,300	103	107
Idaho	12,720	16,400	17,200	135	105
Washington	25,260	31,500	39,000	154	124
Oregon	25,460	30,500	32,800	129	108
Other States 1/	30,050	16,450	18,600	62	113
United States	428,270	430,950	477,250	111	111
For freezing	84,760	107,600	121,550	143	113
East 2/	22,240	20,340	21,550	97	106
Central 2/	23,930	38,560	44,700	187	116
West 2/	38,580	48,700	55,300	143	114
For canning and other processing	343,520	323,350	355,700	104	110
East 2/	46,190	38,210	37,700	82	99
Central 2/	266,270	250,490	278,600	105	111
West 2/	31,060	34,650	39,400	127	114

1/ Arkansas, California, Colorado, Indiana, Michigan, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia and Wyoming.

2/ East: Maine, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia.

Central: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Tennessee, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Texas, and South Dakota.

West: Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Washington, Oregon, and California.

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APR 28 1966

Immediate Release

April 14, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 9, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,037,000 heavy white, 1,459,000 other heavy, and 226,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending April 9, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared to the same week a year ago, the heavy white hatch was up 471,000, while the bronze and light breed hatches were down 253,000 and 7,000 respectively.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,750,000 heavy white, 2,660,000 other heavy and 392,000 light breed eggs. As compared with the same week in 1965, the heavy white set was up 37 percent, while the bronze set was down 17 percent and the light breed set was down 25 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 19	429	747	273	461	1,310	1,953
Mar. 26	600	602	322	587	1,530	2,057
Apr. 2	464	719	303	492	1,442	2,072
Apr. 9	543	698	360	466	1,566	2,037
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 19	745	1,166	438	774	2,169	3,098
Feb. 26	964	919	499	892	2,490	3,167
Mar. 5	713	1,127	487	772	2,281	3,195
Mar. 12	897	1,151	616	808	2,529	3,323
Mar. 19	858	1,223	479	821	2,503	3,466
Mar. 26	893	1,228	502	960	2,621	3,594
Apr. 2	926	1,175	589	966	2,571	3,829
Apr. 9	977	1,259	544	846	2,746	3,750
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 19	489	306	454	440	1,793	1,548
Mar. 26	469	245	434	455	1,775	1,378
Apr. 2	466	245	543	508	1,843	1,409
Apr. 9	395	259	491	545	1,712	1,459
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 19	747	465	709	609	2,764	2,244
Feb. 26	732	391	682	698	2,823	2,091
Mar. 5	737	388	801	784	2,858	2,246
Mar. 12	647	427	757	772	2,701	2,248
Mar. 19	745	455	877	945	3,084	2,491
Mar. 26	622	336	1,040	961	3,110	2,499
Apr. 2	705	489	1,025	853	3,137	2,479
Apr. 9	679	492	1,034	936	3,193	2,660
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 19	24	#	16	14	188	183
Mar. 26	#	#	10	11	201	193
Apr. 2	41	#	16	12	215	215
Apr. 9	#	#	5	15	233	226
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 19	41	#	25	18	300	320
Feb. 26	#	#	19	14	353	303
Mar. 5	66	#	22	15	331	321
Mar. 12	#	#	8	14	377	339
Mar. 19	#	#	17	17	349	355
Mar. 26	54	#	11	21	381	383
Apr. 2	#	65	16	25	441	442
Apr. 9	#	66	12	24	523	392

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending April 9, 1966 totaled 698,000 heavy white, 259,000 other heavy, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. As compared to the corresponding week of last year, the heavy white hatch was up 29 percent, but the bronze hatch was down 34 percent.

Two State settings totaled 1,259,000 heavy white, 492,000 bronze, and 66,000 light breed eggs. The heavy white set was up 29 percent, but the bronze set was down 28 percent from the corresponding week of last year.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 26 percent of the week's hatch compared with 29 percent a year ago and 28 percent last week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,099	4,759	668	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	17,775	20,013	989	1,072
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,484		1,185	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,021		1,650	
June	2,577		757		209		15,912		1,632	
July	2,045		112		381		8,067		1,950	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,383		1,322	
Sept.	671		6		293		957		796	
Oct.	361		0		377		804		848	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,172		722	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,136		858	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	30,716	33,929	1,638	2,042
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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APR 28 1966

Immediate Release

April 15, 1966

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
March 1966

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 5,126,000 chicks during March 1966, which was 25 percent above March 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The March hatch consisted of 4,340,000 egg-type and 786,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was up 30 percent, and broiler-type production was up 6 percent from March 1965.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-March was $2.88 per 100 pounds, compared to $2.91 the previous month and $2.91 a year earlier. On March 15 the egg-feed ratio was 12.3 compared with 12.0 the previous month and 7.6 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	694	772	+11	728	680	-7
February	1,033	744	-28	611	587	-4
March	3,350	4,340	+30	742	786	+6
April	5,603			881		
May	5,240			886		
June	2,132			751		
July	623			630		
August	461			613		
September	362			569		
October	536			538		
November	528			578		
December	519			663		

1/ Final

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Chick production by hatcheries during March 1966 was 302.2 million, 9 percent above the 278.0 million in March 1965. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 235.8 million, up 8 percent from March 1965 and the largest of record for the month. During the first quarter of 1966, there were 660.0 million broiler chicks produced--10 percent more than the same period last year. Broiler-type eggs in incubators April 1 were up 9 percent from April 1, 1965.

There were 66.4 million egg-type chicks hatched in March--up 11 percent from March 1965. All regions reported increases from a year earlier as follows: 17 percent in the South Central; 16 percent in the South Atlantic; 10 percent in the West North Central and West; 9 percent in the East North Central; and 7 percent in the North Atlantic. During the first quarter of 1966, there were 145.0 million egg-type chicks hatched--13 percent above the same quarter in 1965. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on April 1 was up 12 percent from April last year.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During March			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	650	700	2,620	3,200
Indiana	2,439	2,675	2,568	2,697
Illinois	97	99	2,942	2,799
Michigan	400	420	1,210	1,500
Wisconsin	995	1,340	992	1,100
E. N. CENTRAL	4,581	5,234	10,332	11,296
Minnesota	742	786	3,350	4,340
Iowa	240	210	4,660	4,200
Missouri	2,979	2,463	2,197	2,386
North Dakota	1/	1/	125	196
South Dakota	1/	1/	1,280	1,390
Nebraska	288	375	1,841	2,379
Kansas	145	90	1,172	1,200
W. N. CENTRAL 1/	1/ 4,425	1/ 4,042	14,625	16,091
UNITED STATES	218,284	235,834	59,742	66,411

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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April 15, 1966

CATTLE ON FEED - APRIL 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle and calves on grain feed in Minnesota feedlots totaled 505,000 head on April 1, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 12 percent more than a year earlier and 7 percent less than the number on feed January 1, 1966. The decline from January 1 to April 1 was not as large as a year ago when it was 11 percent.

Marketings of grain fed cattle during January, February and March were 6 percent less than a year earlier. Slaughter steer prices for all grades at the South St. Paul stockyards for the first quarter of 1966 averaged $25.72 per hundred compared to $20.70 for the first three months of 1965. Heifer prices averaged $24.32 this year compared to $19.92 a year earlier. Average weights of steers and heifers sold for slaughter at South St. Paul were slightly heavier than a year ago.

Placements during the last three months totaled 118,000 head, 8 percent more than a year earlier. Inshipments of stockers and feeders into Minnesota during January, February and March as reported by the Livestock Sanitary Board were 45 percent larger than during the same months of 1965.

Of the 505,000 head on feed April 1, 63 percent were steers and steer calves and about 37 percent were heifers and heifer calves. There were also a small number of other cattle on feed. By weight groups, cattle weighing less than 900 pounds were 19 percent above the number a year earlier while those over 900 pounds were down 13 percent.

According to marketing intentions, feeders intend to market 155,000 head during April, May and June, 7 percent more than the actual marketings during the same months in 1965.

32 STATES: Cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market on April 1, 1966 in 32 major feeding States totaled 9,556,000 head, 13 percent more than a year earlier. Most of the increase from a year earlier was in cattle weighing between 700 and 1,099 pounds. The number on feed decreased 3 percent from January 1 to April 1 this year compared with a 9 percent decrease during the same quarter last year.

The number of cattle and calves on feed April 1 in the North Central States was 6,179,000 head, 11 percent more than a year earlier. Iowa, the leading State, was up 5 percent, and Nebraska, the second ranking State, was up 13 percent. All States in the North Central region showed increases from a year earlier, ranging from 3 percent in Wisconsin and North Dakota to 37 percent in Kansas. There were 2,394,000 cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in the 11 Western States on April 1, an increase of 12 percent from last year. California, the leading Western State, was up 14 percent and Colorado, the second ranking State, was up 12 percent. All Western States except Nevada showed increases from April 1 a year ago. On April 1, there were 983,000 cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in the 9 other feeding States, an increase of 29 percent from a year earlier. All States in this group except Florida, Kentucky, and Alabama showed increases from last year with Texas, the leading State, showing a 46 percent increase.

There were 4,414,000 cattle and calves placed on feed in January-March in the 32 States, an increase of 24 percent from the same period in 1965. Compared with a year earlier, placements were up 20 percent in the North Central States and up 17 percent in the Western States. Shipments of stocker and feeder cattle into 8 Corn Belt States during January and February were 24 percent greater than for the same period in 1965. Marketings of fed cattle for slaughter during the first quarter this year totaled 4,693,000 head in the 32 States---6 percent higher than in the same period in 1965. Fed cattle marketings in the North Central States were up 3 percent from a year earlier while marketings in the Western States were up 6 percent.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Cattle and Calves on Grain Feed, Minnesota and 32 States, 1966 with Comparisons

Item	MINNESOTA			32 STATES		
	1965	1966	1966 Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	1966 Pct. of 1965
	1,000 Head		Percent	1,000 Head		Percent
Cattle and Calves on Feed, January 1	506	541	107	9,348	9,835	105
Placed on Feed Jan. 1 - March 31 1/	109	118	108	3,557	4,414	124
Fed Cattle Marketed Jan. 1-March 31 1/	164	154	94	4,445	4,693	106
Cattle and Calves on Feed, April 1	451	505	112	8,460	9,556	113
Kinds on Feed April 1						
Steers and Steer Calves	302	318	105	5,962	6,582	110
Heifers and Heifer Calves	148	186	126	2,467	2,936	119
Cows and Other	1	1	100	31	38	123
Time on Feed April 1						
Under 3 months	108	116	107	3,438	4,278	124
3 - 6 months	302	344	114	4,441	4,694	106
Over 6 months	41	45	110	581	584	101
Weight Groups April 1						
Under 900 pounds	351	418	119	6,337	7,109	112
900 - 1,099 pounds	91	78	86	1,752	2,109	120
1,100 pounds and over	9	9	100	371	338	91
April - June Marketings	2/145	3/155	107	2/4,231	3/ 4,752	112

1/ Includes cattle placed on feed after beginning of quarter and marketed before end of quarter.
2/ Actual marketings from April 1 number on feed, excluding those placed on feed after April 1 and marketed before June 30. 3/ Expected marketings from April 1, 1966 number on feed.

Cattle and Calves on Feed by Quarters, April 1, 1965, January 1 and April 1, 1966 1/

State	April 1, 1965	January 1, 1966	April 1, 1966	April 1, 1966 as percent of April 1, 1965
	- - 1,000 Head - -			Percent
Pennsylvania	67	85	77	115
Ohio	196	210	204	104
Indiana	189	249	234	124
Illinois	610	672	653	107
Michigan	147	162	164	112
Wisconsin	133	138	137	103
Minnesota	451	541	505	112
Iowa	1,818	1,642	1,909	105
Missouri	225	300	290	129
North Dakota	116	153	119	103
South Dakota	321	338	350	109
Nebraska	1,041	1,227	1,181	113
Kansas	316	456	433	137
North Central States	5,563	6,088	6,179	111
Georgia	55	78	68	124
Florida	46	73	45	98
Kentucky	62	70	62	100
Tennessee	25	39	28	112
Alabama	29	37	29	100
Mississippi	11	23	12	109
Oklahoma	102	129	132	129
Texas	364	538	530	146
Montana	71	100	89	125
Idaho	137	174	162	118
Wyoming	35	41	38	109
Colorado	509	596	572	112
New Mexico	96	112	122	127
Arizona	290	364	294	101
Utah	58	81	62	107
Nevada	20	27	20	100
Washington	118	131	123	104
Oregon	76	97	84	111
California	726	952	828	114
Western States	2,136	2,675	2,394	112
32 State Total	8,460	9,835	9,556	113

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for the slaughter market on grain or other concentrates which are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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APR 28 1966

Immediate Release

April 21, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 16, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,152,000 heavy white, 1,492,000 other heavy, and 231,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending April 16, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier the heavy white hatch was up 652,000, the bronze hatch down 408,000 and the light breed hatch down 2,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,658,000 heavy white, 2,757,000 other heavy and 430,000 light breed eggs. Compared with the same week in 1965, the heavy white set was up 30 percent, and the light breed set up 8 percent while the other heavy set was down 13 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 26	600	602	322	587	1,530	2,057
Apr. 2	464	719	303	492	1,442	2,072
Apr. 9	543	698	360	466	1,566	2,037
Apr. 16	516	748	296	538	1,500	2,152
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 26	964	964	499	892	2,490	3,224
Mar. 5	713	1,187	487	772	2,281	3,274
Mar. 12	897	1,151	616	779	2,529	3,304
Mar. 19	858	1,223	479	821	2,503	3,510
Mar. 26	893	1,228	502	960	2,621	3,646
Apr. 2	926	1,175	589	966	2,571	3,829
Apr. 9	977	1,259	544	846	2,746	3,750
Apr. 16	957	1,343	600	798	2,809	3,658
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 26	469	245	434	466	1,775	1,389
Apr. 2	466	245	543	508	1,843	1,409
Apr. 9	395	259	491	545	1,712	1,459
Apr. 16	439	256	556	596	1,900	1,492
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 26	732	391	682	698	2,823	2,126
Mar. 5	737	388	801	784	2,858	2,241
Mar. 12	647	427	757	799	2,701	2,275
Mar. 19	745	455	877	945	3,084	2,491
Mar. 26	622	336	1,040	961	3,110	2,481
Apr. 2	705	489	1,025	853	3,137	2,479
Apr. 9	679	492	1,034	936	3,193	2,660
Apr. 16	707	386	1,024	1,139	3,167	2,757
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Mar. 26	#	#	10	11	201	193
Apr. 2	41	#	16	16	215	219
Apr. 9	#	#	5	15	233	226
Apr. 16	#	#	13	17	233	231
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Feb. 26	#	#	19	14	353	295
Mar. 5	66	#	22	21	331	334
Mar. 12	#	#	8	20	377	345
Mar. 19	#	#	17	23	349	361
Mar. 26	54	#	11	21	381	383
Apr. 2	#	65	16	25	441	442
Apr. 9	#	66	12	24	523	392
Apr. 16	46	69	14	25	400	430

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending April 16, 1966 totaled 748,000 heavy white, 256,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. Compared to the corresponding week of last year, the heavy white hatch was up 45 percent and other heavy down 42 percent.

Minnesota-Wisconsin settings totaled 1,343,000 heavy white, 386,000 bronze, and 69,000 light breed eggs. Compared with a year earlier, the heavy white set was up 40 percent, light breed up 23,000 eggs, but other heavy set down 45 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 16 percent of the week's hatch compared with 28 percent a year ago and 26 percent last week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,099	4,759	668	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	17,775	20,013	989	1,072
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,484		1,185	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,021		1,650	
June	2,577		757		209		15,912		1,632	
July	2,045		112		381		8,067		1,950	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,383		1,322	
Sept.	671		6		293		957		796	
Oct.	361		0		377		804		848	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,172		722	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,136		858	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	30,716	33,929	1,638	2,042
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested in Minnesota during March 1966 included, 12,301 heavy white, 20,465 light and no other heavy breeds. The cumulative number of turkeys tested in Minnesota from July 1965 through March 1966 were; 511,125 heavy white, 163,192 other heavy and 43,613 light breeds. Heavy white turkeys tested were 26 percent above the same period a year ago and light breeds up 21 percent, while other heavy breeds tested were down 20 percent.

UNITED STATES: Testings of heavy breed turkeys by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during March 1966 totaled 84,611, down 26 percent from a year earlier. The number of heavy white breeds tested was down 25 percent and the number of other heavy breeds tested was down 32 percent from March 1965. Aggregate testings July 1965 through March 1966 for all heavy breeds was 3,607,638 birds, an increase of 10 percent from the comparable period a year earlier.

Light breed turkeys tested during March totaled 58,112, an increase of 76 percent from March 1965. Testings of light breeds July 1965 through March 1966 totaled 288,179, a decrease of 9 percent from the same period a year earlier.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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APR 29 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

April 27, 1966

GRAIN STOCKS - April 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Stocks of corn in all storage positions in the State totaled 264 million bushels on April 1, 5 percent below last year's holdings, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farm stocks were about 1.3 million bushels more than holdings a year earlier, while off-farm stocks were nearly 15 million bushels below a year ago. Off-farm stocks totaled 75.0 million bushels and were stored in the following positions: 28.7 million in country elevators, 10.8 million in the terminal areas of Minneapolis-St. Paul and Duluth, 0.5 million in country processing plants (including hybrid seed corn firms) and 35.0 million bushels in Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) bin sites.

Total wheat stocks of 80 million bushels in all storage positions were 11 percent below April 1, 1965 stocks. Wheat held on farms totaled 6.6 million bushels compared with 6.2 million a year ago. Off-farm stocks of 73.1 million bushels were 12 percent less than a year earlier and were stored in the following positions: 57.4 million bushels in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas, 12.5 million in country elevators, and 3.1 million at country processors. Holdings in CCC bins amounted to only 109,000 bushels.

Stocks of oats in all storage positions totaled 115 million bushels, 39 percent more than a year ago. Farm stocks of 97.5 million bushels accounted for 85 percent of total stocks. Off-farm stocks totaled 17.7 million bushels with 9.4 million in country elevators and 7.9 million in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas. Oats in CCC bins totaled 431,000 bushels.

Barley stocks in all storage positions of 26.2 million bushels were just slightly less than the quantity held a year earlier. Farm holdings totaled 7.8 million compared with 6.9 million bushels last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 18.4 million bushels and were held in the following positions: 13.2 million in the terminal areas, 2.9 million in country elevators, and 2.3 million in country processing plants.

Stocks of rye in all storage positions totaled 5.8 million bushels compared with 2.1 million bushels on hand last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 5.5 million bushels of which 4.7 million were held in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas. Country processors held 339,000 bushels and country elevators 493,000 bushels. Farm stocks amounted to 355,000 bushels compared with 178,000 bushels a year earlier.

April 1, 1966 stocks of soybeans in all storage positions totaled 38.3 million bushels, 1 percent above holdings on this date last year. Farm stocks totaled 19.3 million bushels compared with 14.3 million bushels held a year ago. Off-farm stocks totaled 19.0 million bushels of which 10.8 million were held in country elevators, 5.6 million in the terminal areas and 2.6 million bushels were held by country processors.

Flax stocks in all storage positions totaled 7.6 million bushels, 7 percent more than the 7.1 million held April 1, 1965. Farm stocks amounted to 1.1 million bushels, about the same as holdings a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 6.4 million bushels compared with 6.0 million on hand last year. Of the off-farm stocks, 4.7 million were held in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas or at country processors and 1.7 million bushels were held by country elevators.

UNITED STATES: Stocks of the four feed grains on April 1, 1966 totaled 115 million tons--1 percent more than last year and 12 percent below average. Soybean holdings were 8 percent greater than last year, but slightly less than the record April 1964 total. Stocks of wheat were 21 percent less than last year. In spite of the drop in all wheat stocks, April 1 holdings of durum wheat were the largest since separate estimates began in 1962. Rye stocks were up sharply and the largest since April 1944. Stocks of flaxseed were nearly one-half more than those of a year ago.

All wheat in storage on April 1 was 901 million bushels, 21 percent less than a year earlier and the smallest April 1 stocks since 1953. The decline occurred in off-farm holdings which totaled 644 million bushels, the smallest in 13 years. Farm stocks, at 257 million bushels, were 3 percent below April 1, 1965 but 26 percent above average. About 65 percent of the total stocks were either owned by the Government or under Government loan compared to 72 percent on April 1 a year ago.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Durum wheat stocks on April 1 totaled 82 million bushels, the largest April 1 holdings since records were started in 1962. Farm stocks made up 48 million bushels of this total, 23 percent more than a year earlier. Off-farm holdings, at 34 million bushels, were 20 percent smaller than April 1, 1965.

Rye stored in all positions on April 1 totaled 24.7 million bushels, 40 percent above a year earlier and the largest April 1 holdings since 1944. The increase was largely in off-farm stocks which totaled 14.8 million bushels, nearly two times last year's holdings. Farm stocks, at 9.9 million bushels, were 5 percent above April 1, 1965.

Corn stocks of 2,899 million bushels in all storage positions on April 1 were 1 percent greater than last year, but 13 percent less than average. Corn stored on farms totaled 2,160 million bushels, 12 percent larger than a year earlier and 2 percent more than average. Off-farm stocks of 740 million bushels were 21 percent less than a year ago and the lowest April 1 total since 1955. Corn owned by or under loan to CCC made up about 60 percent of the off-farm total compared with nearly 75 percent a year earlier.

Oat stocks in all storage positions on April 1 totaled 548 million bushels, up 75 million bushels from a year earlier. Farm holdings of 461 million bushels compare with 402 million bushels a year ago.

Barley stored in all positions on April 1 totaled 199 million bushels, about 3 percent less than a year earlier, and the smallest April 1 holdings since 1954. Of the total stocks, 94 million bushels were in off-farm positions while 105 million bushels were held on farms. Stocks in both positions were below a year earlier.

Soybean stocks in all storage positions on April 1, 1966 totaled 376 million bushels, 8 percent above the 347 million bushels held a year earlier and 14 percent above average. Off-farm stocks at 226 million bushels were 9 percent below a year ago while farm stocks at 150 million bushels were 53 percent above April 1, 1965.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions on April 1 totaled 25.9 million bushels. This was 48 percent above the 17.5 million bushels a year earlier and the highest April 1 stocks since 1957. Farm stocks were up 65 percent and off-farm stocks up 38 percent from a year earlier.

Off-Farm Stocks, Minnesota, April 1, 1965-66 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	Mpls. - St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Corn	11,619	10,827	282	570	32,455	28,663	45,515	34,984
Wheat	67,056	57,390	3,265	3,172	12,944	12,474	115	109
Oats	2,927	7,925	6	8	8,676	9,385	483	431
Barley	14,801	13,252	1,919	2,288	2,872	2,869	-	-
Rye	1,536	4,662	181	339	171	493	-	-
Soybeans	11,570	5,621	4,040	2,629	7,980	10,767	-	-
Flaxseed	4,422	4,754	1/	1/	1,560	1,684	-	-

1/ Included in Terminal Stocks

Grain Stocks - April 1, 1965-66 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	On Farm		Off Farm 1/		Total	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
MINNESOTA:						
Corn	187,755	189,076	89,871	75,044	277,626	264,120
Wheat	6,171	6,637	83,380	73,145	89,551	79,782
Oats	70,528	97,480	12,092	17,749	82,620	115,229
Barley	6,870	7,784	19,592	18,409	26,462	26,193
Rye	178	355	1,888	5,494	2,066	5,849
Soybeans	14,260	19,328	23,590	19,017	37,850	38,345
Flaxseed	1,080	1,149	5,982	6,438	7,062	7,587
UNITED STATES:						
Corn	1,923,015	2,159,603	938,763	739,629	2,861,778	2,899,232
Wheat	264,124	256,794	881,757	644,496	1,145,881	901,290
Oats	401,526	461,450	71,050	86,615	472,576	548,065
Barley	107,019	105,415	97,834	93,917	204,853	199,332
Rye	9,421	9,897	8,150	14,781	17,571	24,678
Soybeans	98,315	150,005	249,035	226,039	347,350	376,044
Flaxseed	6,538	10,759	10,994	15,131	17,532	25,890

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks

STOCKS OF GRAINS, SELECTED STATES, APRIL 1, 1965-66

State	Shelled and Ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	5,512	3,240	10,546	8,406	2,455	2,190	10,945	11,201
Ohio	38,539	42,118	119,374	132,246	4,395	4,685	14,906	14,150
Ind.	43,378	39,630	172,982	217,301	1,222	1,531	7,273	6,423
Ill.	201,225	151,556	473,379	499,305	3,616	3,835	23,830	21,471
Mich.	11,740	11,348	60,606	55,793	957	1,348	12,433	10,523
Wisc.	11,119	9,155	63,689	78,826	4,303	6,242	46,653	58,518
Minn.	89,871	75,044	277,626	264,120	12,092	17,749	82,620	115,229
Iowa	287,860	191,059	876,492	800,032	7,283	8,510	64,907	61,404
Mo.	28,952	26,186	88,507	117,816	1,964	1,653	6,912	4,579
N. Dak.	1,512	1,380	5,730	6,746	7,752	11,901	64,512	86,157
S. Dak.	30,648	26,204	94,175	92,473	9,237	11,675	62,742	84,885
Nebr.	112,482	87,632	355,360	334,212	1,221	1,447	16,330	17,620
Kans.	23,117	21,822	37,480	40,460	574	539	3,965	2,901
Mont.	25	45	54	69	333	743	7,014	8,007
Idaho	202	194	795	631	1,401	1,597	4,115	4,230
Wash.	731	116	1,169	584	1,865	1,444	2,702	2,265
Oreg.	204	167	572	522	2,596	2,875	4,703	4,825
Calif.	1,401	2,499	2,833	3,650	1,029	1,095	1,133	1,383
Other States	50,245	50,234	220,409	246,040	6,755	5,556	34,881	32,294
UNITED STATES	938,763	739,629	2,861,778	2,899,232	71,050	86,615	472,576	548,065

State	Barley				Rye			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	1,635	1,270	1,743	1,378	*	*	*	*
Ohio	47	44	184	203	35	15	113	120
Ind.	18	28	162	131	22	41	85	96
Ill.	*	*	*	*	*	996	*	1,051
Mich.	*	*	*	*	35	54	201	202
Wis.	22,270	21,104	22,550	21,379	566	2,532	681	2,636
Minn.	19,592	18,409	26,462	26,193	1,888	5,494	2,066	5,849
Iowa	160	*	216	*	*	*	*	*
Mo.	1,698	531	1,873	644	169	127	289	190
N. Dak.	11,123	11,093	49,322	57,420	1,215	2,217	6,241	7,985
S. Dak.	2,611	2,225	5,666	5,500	353	714	1,983	2,356
Nebr.	413	149	1,601	586	253	310	951	764
Kans.	2,337	695	4,773	1,573	794	657	1,094	831
Mont.	5,826	7,264	29,036	22,474	50	81	205	206
Idaho	2,077	3,159	9,145	10,610	12	7	33	30
Wash.	5,950	6,706	7,070	7,312	524	360	661	402
Oreg.	3,996	3,082	6,116	5,798	83	71	169	199
Calif.	6,801	7,361	14,127	12,213	-	-	-	-
Other States	11,280	10,797	24,807	25,918	2,151	1,105	2,799	1,761
UNITED STATES	97,834	93,917	204,853	199,332	8,150	14,781	17,571	24,678

* Included in unallocated to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

STOCKS OF WHEAT, SELECTED STATES, April 1, 1965-66

State	Off-Farm 1/		Total All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	17,892	18,120	18,623	18,520
Ohio	16,613	10,651	18,425	12,181
Ind.	5,851	3,516	7,138	4,695
Ill.	13,551	12,336	16,277	13,190
Mich.	11,362	8,835	16,467	11,594
Wis.	17,687	19,153	18,150	19,411
Minn.	83,380	73,145	89,551	79,782
Iowa	5,706	6,799	5,746	6,811
Mo.	20,549	20,820	22,174	21,962
N. Dak.	73,312	52,066	166,987	163,484
S. Dak.	37,698	36,476	60,611	56,619
Nebr.	56,998	32,080	80,622	46,666
Kans.	279,195	163,120	305,050	180,174
Mont.	13,427	14,800	54,296	59,889
Idaho	6,593	5,077	12,599	12,512
Wash.	34,943	28,978	40,697	37,150
Oreg.	14,705	12,027	20,245	16,572
Calif.	7,128	3,601	7,622	3,836
Other States	165,167	122,896	184,601	136,242
UNITED STATES	881,757	644,496	1,145,881	901,290

STOCKS OF SOYBEANS AND FLAXSEED, SELECTED STATES, April 1, 1965-66

State	Soybeans (Old Crop)				Flaxseed			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
Ohio	15,144	14,713	19,748	22,878	-	-	-	-
Ind.	12,295	11,496	21,563	27,233	-	-	-	-
Ill.	59,247	50,832	77,883	80,516	-	-	-	-
Mich.	993	2,328	2,125	5,060	-	-	-	-
Wisc.	*	3,377	*	4,237	*	*	*	*
Minn.	23,590	19,017	37,850	38,345	5,982	6,438	7,062	7,587
Iowa	41,605	32,023	67,065	66,652	---	*	10	*
Mo.	19,230	10,403	25,686	20,922	-	--	-	-
N.Dak.	304	800	805	1,939	2,573	5,158	6,739	12,591
S.Dak.	345	544	1,071	2,695	1,080	1,670	2,300	3,719
Nebr.	3,564	3,014	6,451	8,559	-	-	-	-
Kans.	6,007	6,314	7,216	8,868	-	-	-	-
N. C.	2,915	3,585	4,223	5,966	-	-	-	-
S. C.	3,499	4,484	5,043	8,310	-	-	-	-
Ky.	3,099	2,455	3,567	3,354	-	-	-	-
Tenn.	11,197	13,014	11,736	13,874	-	-	-	-
Miss.	6,934	11,411	10,368	14,366	-	-	-	-
Ark.	18,466	21,817	22,133	24,931	-	-	-	-
La.	3,732	4,290	3,893	4,557	-	-	-	-
Okla.	109	119	160	274	-	-	-	-
Texas	1,268	1,258	1,321	1,327	-	-	-	-
Mont.	-	-	-	-	4	22	48	114
Calif.	-	-	-	-	2	*	2	*
Other States	15,492	8,745	17,443	11,181	1,353	1,843	1,371	1,879
UNITED STATES	249,035	226,039	347,350	376,044	10,994	15,131	17,532	25,890

* Included in other States.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under CCC control

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

APR 29 1966

Immediate Release

April 28, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 23, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,210,000 heavy white, 1,519,000 other heavy and 251,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending April 23, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier the heavy white hatch was up 628,000 poults, light breeds up 5,000, while other heavy hatchings were down 404,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 4,119,000 heavy white, 2,512,000 other heavy and 433,000 light breed eggs. Compared with the same week in 1965, the heavy white set was up 37 percent, but other heavy down 22 percent and light breed settings down 14 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 2	464	719	303	492	1,442	2,072
Apr. 9	543	698	360	466	1,566	2,037
Apr. 16	516	748	296	538	1,500	2,152
Apr. 23	545	717	337	566	1,582	2,210
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 5	713	1,187	487	772	2,281	3,274
Mar. 12	897	1,151	616	779	2,529	3,304
Mar. 19	858	1,223	479	821	2,503	3,510
Mar. 26	893	1,228	502	960	2,621	3,646
Apr. 2	926	1,175	589	966	2,571	3,829
Apr. 9	977	1,259	544	846	2,746	3,750
Apr. 16	957	1,343	600	798	2,809	3,658
Apr. 23	1,166	1,488	593	892	3,003	4,119
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 2	466	245	543	508	1,843	1,409
Apr. 9	395	259	491	545	1,712	1,459
Apr. 16	439	256	556	596	1,900	1,492
Apr. 23	386	214	657	586	1,923	1,519
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 5	737	388	801	784	2,858	2,241
Mar. 12	647	427	757	799	2,701	2,275
Mar. 19	745	455	877	945	3,084	2,491
Mar. 26	622	336	1,040	961	3,110	2,481
Apr. 2	705	489	1,025	853	3,137	2,479
Apr. 9	679	492	1,034	936	3,193	2,660
Apr. 16	707	386	1,024	1,139	3,167	2,757
Apr. 23	641	524	1,076	881	3,216	2,512
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 2	41	#	16	16	215	219
Apr. 9	#	#	5	15	233	226
Apr. 16	#	#	13	17	233	231
Apr. 23	33	#	6	14	246	251
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 5	66	#	22	21	331	334
Mar. 12	#	#	8	20	377	345
Mar. 19	#	#	17	23	349	361
Mar. 26	54	#	11	21	381	383
Apr. 2	#	65	16	25	441	442
Apr. 9	#	66	12	24	523	392
Apr. 16	46	69	14	25	400	430
Apr. 23	#	#	11	16	504	433

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending April 23, 1966 totaled 717,000 heavy white; 214,000 bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. Compared to the corresponding week of last year, heavy white hatchings were up 32 percent while other heavy were down 45 percent.

Minnesota-Wisconsin settings totaled 1,488,000 heavy white; 524,000 bronze; and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. Compared with a year earlier, the heavy white set was up 322,000 eggs; but other heavy set down 117,000 eggs.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 26 percent of the week's hatch compared with 30 percent a year ago and 16 percent last week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,848		1,318	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,249		1,651	
June	2,577		757		209		16,119		1,703	
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sep.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

John Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

MAY 4 1966

Immediate Release

April 29, 1966

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-April 1966

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-April at 92 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for April since 1954, according to the crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 9 points above a year earlier but 2 points below the previous month. Prices of livestock, dairy products and eggs continued at higher levels than a year ago.

Compared with mid-March, the April livestock price index dropped 4 points to 109 percent of the 1947-49 average. The crop index was up 2 points from the previous month, but 9 points below April 15, 1965. Minnesota's milk and cream price index at 100 was the same as last month and 9 points above a year ago. The poultry and egg index was down 6 points from last month but 11 points above April 15, 1965.

The increase in the crops index from mid-March reflected increases of 9 cents per bushel in the price of corn, and 8 cents for soybeans. Wheat, oats, and rye were unchanged while barley, flax and hay prices were down from last month.

Hog prices declined from March to April but still remained well above last year's level. Cattle prices at $22.30 per hundredweight were 50 cents above last month and $4.40 above a year ago. Compared with last month, calves at $28.40 per hundredweight were down $5.00, sheep $7.40, down 10 cents and lambs $24.70 were down $2.00.

Milk prices were up 3 cents per hundredweight from last month and 37 cents above a year ago.

Turkey prices averaged 24 cents per pound liveweight, the same as a year ago but 1 cent below the previous month. Egg prices were down 3 cents per dozen from mid-March but 6.5 cents above mid-April 1965.

TABLE I - INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	Apr. 15 Av. 1958-62	Apr. 15, 1963	Apr. 15, 1964	Apr. 15, 1965	Mar. 15, 1966	Apr. 15, 1966
All Farm Products	81	77	75	83	94	92
Crops	68	71	73	83	72	74
Livestock	94	82	77	85	113	109
Dairy Products	87	88	89	91	100	99
Poultry and Eggs	63	56	55	63	80	74

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minnesota.

TABLE II - PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Apr. 15, 1962	Apr. 15, 1963	Apr. 15, 1964	Apr. 15, 1965	Mar. 15, 1966	Apr. 15, 1966
Prices Received	243	242	237	243	271	266
Prices Paid 1/	307	312	314	320	331	333
Parity Ratio	79	78	75	76	82	80

1/ Includes Interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 - Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity - Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			March 15, 1966			
		April 15 1965	March 15 1966	April 15 1966	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		-- Dollars --			-- Dollars --			
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.53	1.51	1.51	1.40	1.41	1.48	1.39
Rye	Bu.	.98	1.00	1.00	1.07	.88	.97	.935
Corn	Bu.	1.10	.89	.98	1.09	1.01	1.09	1.16
Oats	Bu.	.62	.61	.61	.67	.51	.59	.648
Barley	Bu.	.96	1.10	1.05	.99	1.00	1.00	1.03
Soybeans	Bu.	2.80	2.65	2.73	2.74	2.62	2.66	2.78
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.95	2.91	2.90	2.89	2.81	2.90	2.84
All Hay, Baled	Ton	30.50	21.00	19.00	20.90	15.50	17.70	23.50
Potatoes	Cwt.	4.50	1.75	1.80	2.75	1.40	2.00	2.51
Hogs	Cwt.	16.70	23.80	22.00	21.90	21.20	21.80	22.10
Cows	Cwt.	13.60	18.60	18.90	18.90	17.50	17.50	18.00
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	20.90	25.20	24.80	26.10	24.80	25.80	25.50
Cattle, All	Cwt.	17.90	21.80	22.30	25.10	23.30	24.10	23.50
Calves	Cwt.	22.20	33.40	28.40	25.70	27.80	29.20	27.00
Sheep	Cwt.	6.10	7.50	7.40	6.50	6.40	6.10	7.46
Lambs	Cwt.	22.20	26.70	24.70	24.00	23.60	24.60	24.30
Milk Cows	Head	215.00	260.00	265.00	245.00	230.00	215.00	242.00
Milk - Wholesale	Cwt.	3.25	3.59	3.62	3.85	3.60	3.75	4.45
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.64	.68	.66	.66	.65	.63	.621
Turkeys - Live	Lb.	.240	.250	.240	--	--	--	.242
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.055	.065	.065	.060	.045	.055	.108
Eggs	Doz.	.260	.355	.325	.310	.310	.313	.383
Wool	Lb.	.49	.52	.54	.53	.55	.55	.525
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.05	3.15	3.15	3.45	3.10	3.30	3.38
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	4.60	4.75	4.75	4.85	5.10	5.00	5.03
Hog Feed, 29% & Over	Cwt.	5.70	6.10	6.10	6.30	--	--	6.09
Beef Cattle Feed 30% & Over	Cwt.	4.80	4.95	4.90	5.00	--	--	4.60
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.10	3.20	3.20	3.65	--	3.60	3.80
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.91	2.88	2.91	3.00	2.84	2.83	3.48
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.20	4.35	4.35	5.00	4.80	4.80	4.44
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog - Corn 1/		15.2	26.7	22.4	20.1	21.0	20.0	19.1
Beef - Corn 1/		19.0	28.3	25.3	23.9	24.6	23.7	22.0
Egg - Feed 2/		8.9	12.3	11.2	10.3	10.9	11.1	11.0
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		1.9	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.6	1.9	3.1

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer - heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

May 2, 1966

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
March 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during March 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 132,000 head, unchanged from February, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,058 pounds per head, compared to 1,063 pounds for last month, and 1,055 pounds for March 1965.

March calf slaughter was 21,800 head, up 1 percent from the previous month while the average liveweight at 175 pounds was down 1 pound from a month ago, and down 7 pounds from a year ago.

The hog-kill in March totaled 417,000 head, up 11 percent from a month earlier. Average liveweight for the month was 249 pounds, up 2 pounds from February, and up 8 pounds from March 1965.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during March 1966 totaled 71,000 head, a 4 percent increase from a month earlier. The average liveweight for the month was 109 pounds, the same as in February, but up 1 pound from last year.

Custom slaughtering of animals for farmers in plants is included in the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates. As a result of this change, slaughter in commercial plants is expected to be raised 2 to 3 percent for cattle, 1 to 2 percent each for calves and hogs and less than 1 percent for sheep and lambs. Since custom slaughtering for farmers is seasonal, the effect of this shift on commercial slaughter and meat production will vary somewaht by months. Comparable data for 1965 and earlier years are not available. Due to this change it would be misleading to make comparisons of the current commercial slaughter estimates with the same month a year earlier as is usually shown in the United States summary. In place of this, during 1966, comparisons with the same month a year earlier of the number of head slaughtered will be shown only for the federally inspected portion of the total slaughter.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during March in the 48 States totaled 2,749 million pounds. This was 15 percent above the February 1966 total of 2,387 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes animals slaughtered on a farm or ranch.

Beef production during March was 1,604 million pounds, 9 percent more than February 1966. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,012 pounds, the same as March 1965 but 7 pounds less than February 1966. The total commercial cattle kill during March was 2,788,000 head. The number of cattle slaughtered in Federally inspected plants was 2,231,800 head, less than 1 percent above the 2,225,800 head slaughtered in March 1965.

There were 80 million pounds of veal produced during March, 16 percent above February 1966. Commercial calf slaughter during March totaled 657,600 head. Federally inspected calf slaughter was 459,300 head in March 3 percent less than March 1965.

Pork production during March totaled 1,006 million pounds, 25 percent more

than February 1966. The commercial hog kill during March totaled 6,715,700 head. Hogs slaughtered in Federally inspected plants totaled 5,806,400 head, down 11 percent from March a year ago. Lard rendered per 100 pounds liveweight was 10.2 pounds compared with 10.0 pounds in February 1966 and 11.1 pounds in March 1965.

There were 59 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during March, 31 percent more than a month earlier. Total commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs was 1,130,700 head in March. Federally inspected sheep and lambs slaughtered in March totaled 1,033,200 head, 5 percent above March 1965.

Production of poultry meat during March amounted to 554 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 5 percent above March 1965 and 6 percent above February 1966.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	March		March Average Liveweight	
	1965	1966 2/	1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Pounds	
MINNESOTA				
Cattle	124.0	132.0	1,055	1,058
Calves	19.9	21.8	182	175
Hogs	523.0	417.0	241	249
Sheep and Lambs	46.5	71.0	108	109
UNITED STATES (48 States)				
Cattle	2,715.8	2,788.0	1,012	1,012
Calves	686.0	657.6	209	220
Hogs	7,526.1	6,715.7	233	239
Sheep and Lambs	1,091.3	1,130.7	103	106

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, FEBRUARY 1965-66 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 6/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
March 1965	1,568	80	1,075	55	2,778	526	196
February 1966 5/	1,465	69	808	45	2,387	522	129
March 1966 5/	1,604	80	1,006	59	2,749	554	163
Jan.-March 1965 6/	4,472	228	2,961	162	7,821	1,555	556
Jan.-March 1966 5/6/	4,724	223	2,642	155	7,744	1,665	437

1/ Excludes farm slaughter.
2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.
3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production.
4/ Includes rendered pork fat.
5/ Data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial meat production estimates beginning with January 1966.
6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

May 5, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 30, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,350,000 heavy white, 1,483,000 other heavy and 280,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending April 30, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier the heavy white hatch was up 784,000 poults, while the other heavy was down 384,000 and the light breeds down 3,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,816,000 heavy white, 2,507,000 other heavy and 441,000 light breed eggs. Compared with a year ago, the heavy white set was up 26 percent but the other heavy was down 25 percent and the light breed set down 12 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 9	543	698	360	466	1,566	2,037
Apr. 16	516	748	296	538	1,500	2,152
Apr. 23	545	717	337	566	1,582	2,210
Apr. 30	520	707	413	635	1,566	2,350
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 12	897	1,151	616	779	2,529	3,304
Mar. 19	858	1,223	479	821	2,503	3,510
Mar. 26	893	1,228	502	960	2,621	3,646
Apr. 2	926	1,175	589	966	2,571	3,829
Apr. 9	977	1,259	544	846	2,746	3,750
Apr. 16	957	1,343	600	798	2,809	3,658
Apr. 23	1,166	1,488	593	892	3,003	4,119
Apr. 30	1,159	1,476	693	838	3,033	3,816
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 9	395	259	491	545	1,712	1,459
Apr. 16	439	256	556	596	1,900	1,492
Apr. 23	386	214	657	586	1,923	1,519
Apr. 30	398	308	625	462	1,867	1,483
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 12	647	427	757	799	2,701	2,275
Mar. 19	745	455	877	945	3,084	2,491
Mar. 26	622	336	1,040	961	3,110	2,481
Apr. 2	705	489	1,025	853	3,137	2,479
Apr. 9	679	492	1,034	936	3,193	2,660
Apr. 16	707	386	1,024	1,139	3,167	2,757
Apr. 23	641	524	1,076	881	3,216	2,512
Apr. 30	732	362	1,179	925	3,362	2,507
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 9	#	#	5	15	233	226
Apr. 16	#	#	13	17	233	231
Apr. 23	33	#	6	14	246	251
Apr. 30	#	40	12	16	283	280
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 12	#	#	8	20	377	345
Mar. 19	#	#	17	23	349	361
Mar. 26	54	#	11	21	381	383
Apr. 2	#	65	16	25	441	442
Apr. 9	#	66	12	24	523	392
Apr. 16	46	69	14	25	400	430
Apr. 23	#	#	11	16	504	433
Apr. 30	62	67	14	3	502	441

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending April 30, 1966 totaled 707,000 heavy whites, 308,000 bronze and 40,000 light breed poults. Compared with the corresponding week of last year, heavy white hatchings were up 187,000 while the bronze hatch was down 90,000.

Minnesota-Wisconsin settings totaled 1,476,000 heavy white; 362,000 bronze and 67,000 light breed eggs. Compared with a year earlier, the heavy white set was up 317,000, while the bronze set was down 370,000 and the light breeds up 5,000 eggs.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 26 percent of the week's hatch. This is the same as both a year ago and a week ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
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Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
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John Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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Immediate Release

May 10, 1966

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT
May 1, 1966

April was quite unfavorable for field work according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. As of April 30, only 30 percent of the oats; 10 percent of the spring wheat; and 12 percent of the flax was seeded. Normally by this date about 36 percent of the oats; 38 percent of the spring wheat; and 16 percent of the flax is seeded. Usually by May 1 about 20 percent of the barley is seeded in Minnesota, but since most of the barley crop is grown in the Red River Valley, barley seeding was hardly more than started by May 1 this year.

The average temperature during April at all reporting stations was substantially below normal. In some of the northern areas temperatures during the last week of April averaged as much as 15 degrees below normal, while some of the southern counties averaged as much as 8 degrees below normal. Moisture during April was slightly below normal for the State as a whole, but some areas showed moisture excesses which prevented field work. Much Red River Valley farm land was under flood water during the first half of the month. Snow and intermittent rains during the month kept fields too wet to work in most of the northern two-thirds of the State while limited field work was possible in the south.

WINTER WHEAT: The winter wheat crop seems to have survived the winter in relatively good shape except some winter kill has been reported in the east central areas. Based on the May 1 condition, the 9,000 acres of winter wheat now estimated for harvest will produce 243,000 bushels. The 1965 winter wheat crop totaled 216,000 bushels on 9,000 acres. The condition of rye as of May 1 was reported at 90 percent compared with 88 percent a year ago. Rye production estimates are not made until July 1.

HAY: Stocks of hay on Minnesota farms as of May 1 totaled 1,194,000 tons, up 76 percent from the relatively low stocks on this date a year ago.

The abnormally cold, late spring retarded pasture progress and pastures have provided little or no feed to date.

MILK: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 1,000 million pounds during April. This was a seasonal decline of 1 percent from a month earlier and 7 percent less than the 1,080 million pounds produced in April 1965. Milk production for the first 4 months of 1966 totaled 3,781 million pounds, down 11 percent from the corresponding period a year ago.

EGGS: Egg production from Minnesota layers totaled 192 million during April, down 14 percent from the 222 million produced in April 1965. The rate of lay during April was 65 eggs per 100 layers, the same as April 1965. Egg production during the first 4 months of 1966 totaled 796 million, down 13 percent from a year ago.

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MAY 13 1966

May 12, 1966

MAPLE SIRUP REPORT - 1966

MINNESOTA: Production of maple sirup in Minnesota for the 1966 season was 9,000 gallons, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the U. S. and Minnesota Departments of Agriculture. This is 5,000 gallons above the 1965 production and 3,000 gallons above the 1960-64 average production.

The 1966 maple sirup season in Minnesota was described by many producers as "the best in years." Favorable temperatures in early March started the earliest sap flow in years. Temperatures continued favorable through much of March and April, with some producers still tapping April 29th. The average length of season was 28 days, with many producers reporting a season of 5-6 weeks. Quality of sirup was also very good with 87 percent of producers reporting light or medium colored sirup.

UNITED STATES: Maple sirup producers made 1,433,000 gallons of sirup this spring, 16 percent more than last year and 6 percent above average.

Production was larger than a year earlier in all States except Pennsylvania and Ohio. New York -- the leading State in four of the past five years -- again led and produced 495,000 gallons compared with 410,000 in 1965. Vermont was second with 445,000 gallons, 70,000 above last year.

The 1966 spring weather was favorable for maple sirup production in most producing States. The flow of sap was almost continuous in many areas, as alternation of cold nights and warm days persisted for unusually long periods. Producers were able to handle the sap with minimum loss from bucket overflow. The sirup was of good quality and light color.

In contrast to most States, Ohio's maple season was described by producers as "the poorest in memory". Production there was the lowest in the 50 years of record. Pennsylvania's season was about average, but weather conditions both there and in Ohio were erratic and unfavorable for sap flow. Some producers either did not tap their trees or reduced the number of trees tapped this spring because of labor shortages.

MAPLE SIRUP

State	Sirup made 1/		
	Average 1960 - 64	1965	1966
	- - - 1,000 gallons - - -		
Maine	9	8	9
N. H.	41	38	49
Vt.	460	375	445
Mass.	41	44	46
N. Y.	439	410	495
Pa.	89	110	100
Ohio	97	108	60
Mich.	74	60	78
Wis.	79	60	126
Minn.	6	4	9
Md.	12	14	16
UNITED STATES	1,348	1,231	1,433

1/ Includes sirup later made into sugar. Does not include production on nonfarm lands in Somerset County, Maine.

C. W. Estes, Agricultural Statistician F. J. Graham, State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

MAY 13 1966

Immediate Release

May 12, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending May 7, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,182,000 heavy white, 1,517,000 other heavy, and 257,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending May 7, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week of last year, the heavy white hatch was up 601,000 poults, while the other heavy was down 341,000 and the light breeds down 77,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,837,000 heavy white, 2,316,000 other heavy and 411,000 light breed eggs. Compared with the same week of last year, the heavy white set was up 29 percent but the other heavy was down 23 percent and the light breed set down 16 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 16	516	748	296	538	1,500	2,152
Apr. 23	545	717	337	566	1,582	2,210
Apr. 30	520	707	413	635	1,566	2,350
May 7	549	711	336	525	1,581	2,182
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 19	858	1,223	479	821	2,503	3,510
Mar. 26	893	1,228	502	960	2,621	3,646
Apr. 2	926	1,175	589	966	2,571	3,829
Apr. 9	977	1,259	544	846	2,746	3,750
Apr. 16	957	1,343	600	798	2,809	3,658
Apr. 23	1,166	1,488	593	892	3,003	4,119
Apr. 30	1,159	1,476	693	838	3,033	3,816
May 7	1,113	1,292	576	855	2,969	3,837
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 16	439	256	556	596	1,900	1,492
Apr. 23	386	214	657	586	1,923	1,519
Apr. 30	398	308	625	462	1,867	1,483
May 7	381	276	631	538	1,858	1,517
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 19	745	455	877	945	3,084	2,491
Mar. 26	622	336	1,040	961	3,110	2,481
Apr. 2	705	489	1,025	853	3,137	2,479
Apr. 9	679	492	1,034	936	3,193	2,660
Apr. 16	707	386	1,024	1,139	3,167	2,757
Apr. 23	641	524	1,076	881	3,216	2,512
Apr. 30	732	362	1,179	925	3,362	2,507
May 7	574	356	1,163	886	3,018	2,316
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 16	#	#	13	17	233	231
Apr. 23	33	#	6	14	246	251
Apr. 30	#	40	12	16	283	280
May 7	#	45	7	15	334	257
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 19	#	#	17	23	349	361
Mar. 26	54	#	11	21	381	383
Apr. 2	#	65	16	25	441	442
Apr. 9	#	66	12	24	523	392
Apr. 16	46	69	14	25	400	430
Apr. 23	#	#	11	16	504	433
Apr. 30	62	67	14	3	502	441
May 7	#	68	13	15	487	411

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending May 7, 1966 totaled 711,000 heavy white, 276,000 bronze and 45,000 light breed poults. Compared with the corresponding week of last year, heavy white hatchings were up 30 percent, but bronze hatchings were down 28 percent.

Minnesota-Wisconsin settings totaled 1,292,000 heavy white, 356,000 bronze and 68,000 light breed eggs. Compared with last year, heavy white settings were up 16 percent, but bronze settings were down 38 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 16 percent of the week's hatch compared with 29 percent a year ago and 26 percent a week ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249		1,760		141		20,848		1,318	
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,249		1,651	
June	2,577		757		209		16,119		1,703	
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115		2,745		229		34,000		2,404	
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

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State Agricultural Statistician

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MAY 20 1966

Immediate Release

May 18, 1966

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
April 1966

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 7,936,000 chicks during April 1966, which was 22 percent above the April 1965 hatch, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The April hatch consisted of 6,736,000 egg-type and 1,200,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was up 20 percent, and broiler-type production was up 36 percent from April 1965.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-April was $2.91 per 100 pounds, compared to $2.88 the previous month and $2.91 a year earlier. On April 15 the egg-feed ratio was 11.2 compared with 12.3 the previous month and 8.9 a year ago.

Chicks hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965
	Thousands		Pct.	Thousands		Pct.
January	694	772	+11	728	680	- 7
February	1,033	744	-28	611	587	- 4
March	3,350	4,340	+30	742	786	+ 6
April	5,603	6,736	+20	881	1,200	+36
May	5,240			886		
June	2,132			751		
July	623			630		
August	461			613		
September	362			569		
October	536			538		
November	528			578		
December	519			663		

1/ Final

Richard Blood
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F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Chick production by hatcheries during April 1966 was 329.1 million, 10 percent above the 297.8 million in April 1965. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 246.0 million, up 10 percent from April 1965 and the largest of record for the month. During the first 4 months of 1966 there were 905.9 million broiler chicks produced, an increase of 10 percent from the same period in 1965 and the highest of record for this four-month period. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on May 1, 1966 was 7 percent above May last year.

There were 83.1 million egg-type chicks hatched during April--up 13 percent from April 1965. All regions recorded increases from a year earlier as follows: 27 percent in the South Central; 23 percent in the West; 21 percent in the South Atlantic; 12 percent in the East North Central and 6 percent in both the North Atlantic and West North Central. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 4 months of 1966 totaled 228.1 million--an increase of 13 percent from the same period last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on May 1 was up 17 percent from May 1, 1965.

BROILER AND EGG-TYPE CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES

State and Division	During April			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	720	640	3,130	3,500
Indiana	2,611	2,648	2,917	3,800
Illinois	81	102	3,868	4,048
Michigan	410	430	1,410	1,650
Wisconsin	1,138	1,325	1,757	1,670
E. N. CENTRAL	4,960	5,145	13,082	14,668
Minnesota	881	1,200	5,603	6,736
Iowa	370	420	9,380	8,500
Missouri	3,333	2,443	2,825	3,319
North Dakota	1/	1/	379	440
South Dakota	1/	1/	2,820	3,100
Nebraska	408	544	2,985	3,394
Kansas	193	200	1,620	1,600
W. N. CENTRAL 1/	1/5,326	1/5,031	25,612	27,089
UNITED STATES	224,340	245,953	73,478	83,132

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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Immediate Release

May 19, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending May 14, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,204,000 heavy white, 1,518,000 other heavy, and 277,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending May 14, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week of last year, the heavy white hatch was up 676,000 poults, other heavy down 233,000 and the light breeds up 29,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,741,000 heavy white, 2,226,000 other heavy and 533,000 light breed eggs. Compared with the same week of 1965, the heavy white set was up 1,011,000, and light breeds up 7,000 while the other heavy set was down 590,000 eggs.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 23	545	717	337	566	1,582	2,210
Apr. 30	520	707	413	635	1,566	2,350
May 7	549	711	336	525	1,581	2,182
May 14	524	787	344	530	1,528	2,204
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 26	893	1,217	502	960	2,621	3,738
Apr. 2	926	1,175	589	1,030	2,571	3,892
Apr. 9	977	1,259	544	846	2,746	3,721
Apr. 16	957	1,343	600	798	2,809	3,658
Apr. 23	1,166	1,488	593	869	3,003	4,042
Apr. 30	1,159	1,463	693	838	3,033	3,769
May 7	1,113	1,292	576	855	2,969	3,837
May 14	1,121	1,434	492	933	2,730	3,741
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 23	386	214	657	586	1,923	1,519
Apr. 30	398	308	625	462	1,867	1,483
May 7	381	276	631	538	1,858	1,517
May 14	373	206	608	610	1,751	1,518
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 26	622	358	1,040	961	3,110	2,531
Apr. 2	705	534	1,025	785	3,137	2,447
Apr. 9	679	492	1,034	936	3,193	2,668
Apr. 16	707	386	1,024	1,139	3,167	2,757
Apr. 23	641	524	1,076	881	3,216	2,517
Apr. 30	732	362	1,179	925	3,362	2,507
May 7	574	356	1,163	886	3,018	2,316
May 14	532	256	1,046	929	2,816	2,226
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 23	33	#	6	14	246	251
Apr. 30	#	40	12	16	283	280
May 7	#	45	7	15	334	257
May 14	30	46	10	17	248	277
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Mar. 26	54	#	11	21	381	398
Apr. 2	#	65	16	25	441	442
Apr. 9	#	66	12	24	523	392
Apr. 16	46	69	14	25	400	439
Apr. 23	#	#	11	16	504	433
Apr. 30	62	67	14	3	502	439
May 7	#	68	13	15	487	411
May 14	#	100	16	23	526	533

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending May 14, 1966 totaled 787,000 heavy white, 206,000 bronze, and 46,000 light breed poults. Compared with the corresponding week of last year, heavy white hatchings were up 263,000, light breeds up 16,000, while the bronze were down 167,000 poults.

Minnesota-Wisconsin settings totaled 1,434,000 heavy white, 256,000 bronze and 100,000 light breed eggs. Compared with the same week a year earlier, heavy white settings were up 313,000 while bronze were down 276,000 eggs.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 20 percent of the week's hatch compared with 33 percent a year ago and 16 percent the previous week.

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested in Minnesota during April 1966 included; 1,083 heavy white, no other heavy and 5,244 light breeds. The cumulative number of turkeys tested in Minnesota from July 1965 through April 1966 totaled 511,993 heavy white, 163,192 other heavy and 48,857 light breeds. Heavy white breeds tested were 18 percent above the same period of 1964-65, and light breeds tested were up 32 percent, while bronze were down 20 percent.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,249		1,651	
June	2,577		757		209		16,119		1,703	
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

UNITED STATES: Testings of heavy breed turkeys by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during April 1966 totaled 56,925, slightly above a year earlier. The number of heavy white breeds tested was down 9 percent and the number of other heavy breeds tested was up 161 percent from April 1965. Aggregate testings July 1965 through April 1966 for all heavy breeds was 3,683,348 birds, an increase of 10 percent from the comparable period a year earlier.

Light breed turkeys tested during April totaled 25,726, an increase of 132 percent from April 1965. Testings of light breeds July 1965 through April 1966 totaled 313,905, a decrease of 4 percent from the same period a year earlier.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
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JUN 1 1966

May 25, 1966

Faribault is Minnesota's Top Soybean Producer

Faribault was the leading Minnesota county in soybean production in 1965 with nearly 3.3 million bushels, which was almost 6 percent of the total for the State, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. This Number 1 county averaged 25.0 bushels per acre on 131 thousand acres. The remainder of the top ten counties are as follows: Renville, with about 3.2 million bushels; Blue Earth and Redwood, a little over 2.9 million, each; Martin, 2.7 million; Jankson, 2.1 million; Mower, Freeborn, and Yellow Medicine, about 1.9 million, each; and Cottonwood, 1.8 million bushels.

Total production for these top ten counties was over 24.5 million bushels of soybeans, which was nearly 42 percent of the State's total production of 58.6 million bushels for 1965. The ten counties averaged 21.0 bushels per acre, which was 2.5 bushels per acre more than the State average. They had 1.2 million harvested acres, and this was 37 percent of the State's harvested acreage of about 3.2 million acres.

For the same ten counties, whose rankings have remained quite similar over the past 15 years, the production of 24.5 million bushels of soybeans in 1965 was nearly three times as large as the 9.1 million bushels produced in 1950. The production for the entire State in 1965 was more than three times as large as that for 1950, the production for 1950 being 17.3 million bushels.

The production of the ten counties in 1950 was 53 percent of the State's total production. Comparing this with 42 percent for 1965, it is noted that the top ten counties no longer produce as large a percentage of the total production as 15 years earlier.

In the past 15 years, the harvested acres for the State has also nearly tripled, but for the ten counties, acres harvested have only slightly more than doubled, therefore the top ten counties do not account for as large a share of the total harvested acres now as in 1950.

The increase in average yield per acre from 1950 to 1965, for the ten counties mentioned, was about 20 percent, going from 17.6 bushels per acre to 21.0 bushels per acre. The percentage increase in average yield for the State was about the same, increasing from 15.5 to 18.5 bushels per acre.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JUN 1 1966

Immediate Release

May 26, 1966

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT
(as of May 15, 1966)

MINNESOTA: Cabbage, Early Fall: Intentions reported by Minnesota growers indicate about 750 acres of late cabbage for harvest in 1966 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. This is down 12 percent from the 850 acres harvested in 1965 and down 22 percent from the 1960-1964 average of 960 harvested acres. Yield per acre in 1965 was 180 hundredweight per acre which is 6 percent below the 1960-1964 average yield of 192 hundredweight.

Green Peas for Processing: The prospective planted acreage for 1966 of 71,000 acres is 20 percent over last year's 59,000 acres, and is 34 percent over the 1960-64 average of 52,840 acres. This puts Minnesota in third place in planted acreage, behind Wisconsin with 134,500 acres and Washington with 93,500 acres. Approximately 25 to 30 percent of the acreage was planted as of May 15, which is a week behind schedule due to cool, wet weather in early May.

Sweet Corn for Processing: Approximately one-third of the acreage was planted as of May 15.

Snap Beans for Processing: Little or no acreage had been planted by May 15, but planting was expected to begin the last half of May.

UNITED STATES: Growers of early fall cabbage expect to harvest 30,910 acres in 1966. If carried out, this acreage would be 5 percent less than in 1965 and 3 percent below average. The following States show declines in acreage: New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York (Upstate), Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Oregon. Increases in acreage from last year are indicated for New York (Long Island), New Jersey, Michigan, Utah, and Idaho. The remaining States show no change.

Green Peas: The planted acreage of green peas for processing in 1966 is set at 474,120 acres, 3 percent more than last year and 13 percent above average. States indicating a 5 percent or larger increase from 1965 are Minnesota, Pennsylvania, and Michigan. In 1966, acres used for freezing are expected to be 164,150, down 3 percent from last year. This year's acreage of peas for canning, at 309,970 acres, is 6 percent more than in 1965.

SUMMARY: The 1966 acreage planted or intended for 9 of the 10 principal vegetable crops grown for commercial processing in the United States is estimated at 1,778,320 acres. This combined acreage is 9 percent larger than in 1965 and 13 percent more than average. An increase in acreage is expected in 1966 for each of the 9 crops: Cucumbers for pickles, up 23 percent; green lima beans, up 14 percent; tomatoes, up 12 percent; sweet corn, up 11 percent; beets up 8 percent; winter spinach, up 7 percent; snap beans and contracted cabbage for kraut, both up 6 percent; and green peas up 3 percent. The estimate of processing asparagus acreage will be made in December.

The 1966 prospective acreage of green lima beans, snap beans, and sweet corn, and the planted acreages of green peas, and winter spinach for freezing totaled, 418,670 acres, up 6 percent from last year. The acreage for canning of these same crops plus beets, at 921,280 acres, is 7 percent more than in 1965.

Planting of early spring vegetables was delayed during the first half of May because of cool, wet weather, particularly in the eastern half of the country. The May 9-11 freezes caused some damage to early planted acreage in Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio. Most of the acreage lost is expected to be replanted. Acreage not hit by the freeze is generally in good condition. Early planted crops in the western States are mostly in good condition, although some peas were damaged by frost in Idaho, Washington, and Oregon in late April.

Marvin A. Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Acreage and estimated production reported to date, 1966 with comparisons

Crop and State	Acreage Harvested		For harvest	Yield per acre			Production		
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Av. 60-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	- Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
CABBAGE 1/									
Early Fall:									
New Hampsire	170	170	150	183	190		31	32	
Massachusetts	670	600	550	196	205		131	123	
Rhode Island	90	100	100	190	190		17	19	
Connecticut	540	550	500	186	175		100	96	
New York, L.I.	1,160	1,100	1,200	220	215		256	236	
Upst.	10,440	10,800	9,700	324	365		3,382	3,942	
New Jersey	2,120	2,200	2,400	204	195		431	429	Aug.8
Pennsylvania	1,260	1,100	1,000	204	220		259	242	
Ohio	2,070	2,200	2,200	264	305		549	671	
Michigan	4,520	4,800	5,300	166	175		749	840	
Wisconsin	6,100	6,400	5,600	295	300		1,796	1,920	
Minnesota	960	850	750	192	180		184	153	
Utah & Idaho	430	320	360	341	385		147	123	
Oregon	1,220	1,200	1,100	211	240		257	288	
Group Total	31,750	32,390	30,910	259	281		8,290	9,114	

1/ 1966 acreage for harvest is prospective acreage

Green peas for processing: Preliminary planted acreage by States, and by types, 1966 with comparisons

State	Planted Acreage			1966 as percent of	
	Average 1960-64	1965	Preliminary 1966	Average 1960-64	1965
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Percent	Percent
New York.	10,560	7,800	7,400	70	95
Pennsylvania.	4,920	5,600	6,400	130	114
Delaware.	7,740	7,900	6,500	84	82
Maryland.	7,760	8,600	8,700	112	101
Indiana	1,380	1,300	1,000	72	77
Michigan	6,180	5,400	6,000	97	111
Wisconsin	108,820	131,400	134,500	124	102
Minnesota	52,840	59,000	71,000	134	120
Idaho.	15,240	15,200	15,300	100	101
Washington	78,840	90,600	93,500	119	103
Oregon	63,920	60,000	57,500	90	96
California	10,960	13,300	10,900	99	82
Other States 1/	49,990	56,440	55,420	111	98
United States	419,150	462,540	474,120	113	103
For Freezing	155,220	168,730	164,150	106	97
East 2/	24,370	23,580	22,100	91	94
Central 2/	16,380	21,450	26,400	161	123
West 2/	114,470	123,700	115,650	101	93
For canning	263,930	293,810	309,970	117	106
East 2/	18,700	18,960	19,770	106	104
Central 2/.	184,200	213,450	222,890	121	104
West 2/	61,030	61,400	67,310	110	110

1/ Colorado, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Montana, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Utah, Virginia, and Wyoming.

2/ N. Atlantic: Maine, New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania
S. Atlantic: Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and North Carolina
Central : Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Iowa.
Western : Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Washington, Oregon, and California

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

May 26, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending May 21, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,275,000 heavy white, 1,426,000 other heavy and 286,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending May 21, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week of last year, heavy white hatchings were up 645,000 while other heavy were down 366,000 and light breeds down 9,000 poults.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,781,000 heavy white, 1,999,000 other heavy and 446,000 light breed eggs. Compared with the same week of 1965, the heavy white set was up 50 percent, and light breeds up 4 percent while the bronze (other heavy) was down 29 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 30	520	707	413	635	1,566	2,350
May 7	549	711	336	525	1,581	2,182
May 14	524	787	344	530	1,528	2,204
May 21	623	836	338	505	1,630	2,275
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Apr. 2	926	1,175	589	1,030	2,571	3,892
Apr. 9	977	1,259	544	846	2,746	3,721
Apr. 16	957	1,343	600	798	2,809	3,658
Apr. 23	1,166	1,488	593	869	3,003	4,042
Apr. 30	1,159	1,463	693	838	3,033	3,769
May 7	1,113	1,292	576	855	2,969	3,837
May 14	1,121	1,434	492	933	2,730	3,741
May 21	1,096	1,376	469	925	2,523	3,781
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 30	398	308	625	462	1,867	1,483
May 7	381	276	631	538	1,858	1,517
May 14	373	206	608	610	1,751	1,518
May 21	349	287	608	515	1,792	1,426
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Apr. 2	705	534	1,025	785	3,137	2,447
Apr. 9	679	492	1,034	936	3,193	2,668
Apr. 16	707	386	1,024	1,139	3,167	2,757
Apr. 23	641	524	1,076	881	3,216	2,517
Apr. 30	732	362	1,179	925	3,362	2,507
May 7	574	356	1,163	886	3,018	2,316
May 14	532	256	1,046	929	2,816	2,226
May 21	355	167	1,283	908	2,825	1,999
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Apr. 30	#	40	12	16	283	280
May 7	#	45	7	15	334	257
May 14	30	46	10	17	248	277
May 21	#	#	8	11	295	286
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Apr. 2	#	65	16	25	441	442
Apr. 9	#	66	12	24	523	392
Apr. 16	46	69	14	25	400	439
Apr. 23	#	#	11	16	504	433
Apr. 30	62	67	14	3	502	439
May 7	#	68	13	15	487	411
May 14	#	100	16	23	526	533
May 21	#	#	12	11	430	446

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending May 21, 1966 totaled 836,000 heavy white, 287,000 bronze and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. Compared with the corresponding week of last year, the heavy white hatch was up 34 percent and the bronze was down 18 percent.

Minnesota-Wisconsin settings totaled 1,376,000 heavy white, 167,000 bronze and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. The heavy white set was up 26 percent and the bronze down 53 percent from the comparable week of last year.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 19 percent of the week's hatch compared with 27 percent a year ago and 20 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds						Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy		Light Breed					
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,249		1,651	
June	2,577		757		209		16,119		1,703	
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

John Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

May 31, 1966

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-May 1966

MINNESOTA: Farm prices in mid-May averaged the same as a month earlier at 92 percent of the 1947-49 average according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. An increase in corn, soybeans, and some grain prices offset a decline in egg prices from a month earlier as most other commodity groups showed little change.

When compared with mid-April only the livestock group showed no change while crops advanced 4 points and dairy products 1 point. To offset these increases was the 12 point decline in poultry and egg prices - mostly eggs.

Compared with mid-April the crops index increased by 4 points to 78 percent of the base period (1947-49). Soybeans increased an average of 13 cents per bushel being paid farmers by mid-May compared with a month earlier. Corn prices increased 8 cents per bushel. Wheat and flax showed smaller gains from a month earlier, as oats had no change but rye and potatoes declined.

An increase in prices for calves offset the decline in prices of sheep and lambs as hog and cattle prices showed very little change. Prices of calves averaged $31.00 per hundredweight in mid-May or up $2.60 from a month earlier. During the same period lamb prices averaged $1.30 per hundredweight lower and sheep prices were down 80 cents. The average of $21.90 for hogs is up $2.20 from a year earlier, but only $1.30 over mid-May of 1958.

Milk prices averaged $3.64 or practically the same as a month earlier. This preliminary price is only 2 cents above mid-April and is about 39 cents per hundredweight above mid-May last year.

Egg prices received by producers averaged only 25.5 cents per dozen in mid-May after a drop of 7 cents from a month earlier. This is the sharpest drop at this time of the year for some time. However, egg prices still averaged above those received in mid-May in the years following 1961. Turkey prices averaged 1 cent per pound lower but there was essentially no change in chicken prices.

TABLE I - INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	May 15 Av. 1958-62	May 15, 1963	May 15, 1964	May 15, 1965	April 15, 1966	May 15, 1966
All Farm Products	81	76	76	86	92	92
Crops	70	72	75	84	74	78
Livestock	94	81	78	94	109	109
Dairy Products	87	88	89	91	100	101
Poultry & Eggs	58	53	55	55	74	62

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	May 15, 1962	May 15, 1963	May 15, 1964	May 15, 1965	April 15, 1966	May 15, 1966
Prices Received	242	240	236	251	265	263
Prices Paid 1/	307	312	313	323	333	333
Parity Ratio	79	77	75	78	80	79

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 - Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity - Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			May 15, 1966			
		May 15 1965	April 15 1966	May 15 1966	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		-- Dollars --			-- Dollars --			
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.55	1.51	1.54	1.44	1.44	1.50	1.44
Rye	Bu.	.98	1.00	.96	1.05	.85	.93	.896
Corn	Bu.	1.10	.98	1.06	1.13	1.01	1.12	1.19
Oats	Bu.	.63	.61	.61	.67	.53	.59	.655
Barley	Bu.	.99	1.05	1.06	.99	1.01	.98	1.06
Soybeans	Bu.	2.68	2.73	2.86	2.86	2.74	2.76	2.90
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.97	2.90	2.93	2.91	2.84	2.91	2.81
All hay, baled	Ton	29.00	19.00	20.00	21.40	16.00	18.20	23.30
Potatoes	Cwt.	5.60	1.80	1.65	---	1.30	2.10	2.70
Hogs	Cwt.	19.70	22.00	21.90	21.90	21.20	21.90	22.30
Cows	Cwt.	14.50	18.90	18.80	19.10	17.90	17.70	18.10
Cattle, Steers and Heifers	Cwt.	22.00	24.80	24.30	25.30	24.30	25.10	24.70
Cattle, All	Cwt.	18.60	22.30	22.20	24.60	22.50	23.80	23.00
Calves	Cwt.	25.30	28.40	31.00	27.50	27.30	28.10	26.80
Sheep	Cwt.	4.90	7.40	6.60	6.00	6.30	5.90	7.00
Lambs	Cwt.	23.80	24.70	23.40	24.00	21.40	23.80	23.90
Milk Cows	Head	215.00	265.00	260.00	240.00	225.00	215.00	243.00
Milk-Wholesale	Cwt.	3.25	3.63	3.64	3.80	3.60	3.70	4.33
Milkfat in cream	Lb.	.64	.66	.67	.67	.65	.63	.626
Turkeys-live	Lb.	.250	.240	.230	.240	.210	.230	.230
Chickens, farm	Lb.	.050	.065	.070	.060	.050	.060	.104
Eggs	Doz.	.210	.325	.255	.260	.270	.257	.332
Wool	Lb.	.52	.54	.57	.55	.55	.56	.540
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.00	3.15	3.15	3.40	3.15	3.25	3.37
Soybean Meal 44%	Cwt.	4.60	4.75	5.00	5.10	5.20	5.10	5.21
Hog Feed, 29% and Over	Cwt.	5.70	6.10	6.30	6.50	---	---	6.26
Beef Cattle Feed 30% and Over	Cwt.	4.75	4.90	5.00	5.10	---	---	4.66
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.20	3.20	3.25	3.50	---	3.50	3.80
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.95	2.91	2.97	3.03	2.88	2.87	3.52
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.25	4.35	4.40	5.00	4.80	4.90	4.50
Commodity Feed Price Ratio:								
Hog-Corn 1/		17.9	22.4	20.7	19.4	21.0	19.6	18.7
Beef-Corn 1/		20.0	25.3	22.9	22.4	24.1	22.4	20.8
Egg-Feed 2/		7.1	11.2	8.6	8.6	9.4	9.0	9.4
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		1.7	2.2	2.4	2.0	1.7	2.1	3.0

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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Minn. Hist. Soc.
JUN 6 1966

Immediate Release

June 1, 1966

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
April 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during April 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 128,000 head, down 3 percent from March, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,065 pounds per head, up 7 pounds from the previous month, but down 5 pounds from April 1965.

April calf slaughter was 15,000 head, down 31 percent from the previous month. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 195 pounds, 20 pounds heavier than for March and 6 pounds heavier than last year.

The hog-kill in April totaled 386,000 head, 7 percent smaller than the March kill. The average liveweight, at 260 pounds, was 11 pounds more than the previous month, and 10 pounds more than last year.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during April 1966 totaled 49,500, 30 percent less than in March. The average liveweight at 110 pounds compares to 109 pounds the previous month and 108 pounds last year.

Custom slaughtering of animals for farmers in plants is included in the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates. As a result of this change, slaughter in commercial plants is expected to be raised 2 to 3 percent for cattle, 1 to 2 percent each for calves and hogs and less than 1 percent for sheep and lambs. Since custom slaughtering for farmers is seasonal, the effect of this shift on commercial slaughter and meat production will vary somewhat by months. Comparable data for 1965 and earlier years are not available. Due to this change it would be misleading to make comparisons of the current commercial slaughter estimates with the same month a year earlier as is usually shown in the United States summary. In place of this, during 1966, comparisons with the same month a year earlier of the number of head slaughtered will be shown only for the federally inspected portion of the total slaughter.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during April in the 48 States totaled 2,552 million pounds. This was 7 percent less than the March 1966 total of 2,749 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes animals slaughtered on a farm or ranch.

Beef production during April was 1,506 million pounds, 6 percent less than March 1966. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,011 pounds, 4 pounds more than in April 1965 but 1 pound less than March 1966. The total commercial cattle kill during April was 2,601,000 head, 7 percent less than March 1966. The April number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 2,103,100 head, 4 percent above April a year ago.

There were 69 million pounds of veal produced during April, 14 percent less than March 1966. Commercial calf slaughter during April totaled 544,100 head, 17 percent less than a month earlier. Federally inspected calf slaughter was 369,500 head in April, 10 percent less than April 1965.

Pork production during April totaled 922 million pounds, 8 percent less than March 1966. The commercial hog kill during April totaled 6,137,400 head, 9 percent less than the preceding month. Hogs slaughtered in federally inspected plants

totaled 5,303,300 head, down 9 percent from April a year ago. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight was 11.1 pounds compared with 10.2 in March 1966 and 11.2 pounds in April 1965.

There were 55 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during April, 7 percent less than a month earlier. Total commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs was 1,081,900 head, 4 percent less than March 1966. Federally inspected sheep and lambs slaughtered in April totaled 972,100 head, 2 percent less than April 1965.

Production of poultry meat during April amounted to 605 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 13 percent above April 1965 and 9 percent above March 1966.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	April		April Average Liveweight	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Pounds	
MINNESOTA:				
Cattle	118.0	128.0	1,070	1,065
Calves	17.1	15.0	189	195
Hogs	504.0	386.0	250	260
Sheep and Lambs	41.5	49.5	108	110
UNITED STATES (48 States)				
Cattle	2,476.1	2,601.0	1,007	1,011
Calves	598.3	544.1	219	228
Hogs	6,690.8	6,137.4	237	243
Sheep and Lambs	1,110.3	1,081.9	100	103

APRIL COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION 48 STATES, WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
April 1965	1,423	73	972	55	2,523	541	178
March 1966 5/	1,604	80	1,006	59	2,749	554	163
April 1966 5/	1,506	69	922	55	2,552	605	166
Jan-April 1965 6/	5,895	301	3,933	217	10,346	2,096	734
Jan-April 1966 6/	6,230	292	3,565	211	10,298	2,270	602

1/ Excludes farm slaughter
2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat
3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production.
4/ Includes rendered pork fat
5/ Data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial meat production estimates beginning with January 1966.
6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

Francis J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 2, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending May 28, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,127,000 heavy white, 1,366,000 other heavy, and 351,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending May 28, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year ago, the heavy white hatch was up 24 percent and the light breeds up 11 percent while the other heavy was down 24 percent.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,148,000 heavy white, 1,726,000 other heavy (bronze) and 502,000 light breed eggs. The heavy white set was up 31 percent while the bronze was down 23 percent and the light breeds down 3 percent from the same week of last year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
May 7	549	711	336	525	1,581	2,182
May 14	524	787	344	530	1,528	2,204
May 21	623	836	338	505	1,630	2,275
May 28	662	800	383	484	1,717	2,127
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Apr. 9	977	1,259	544	846	2,746	3,721
Apr. 16	957	1,343	600	798	2,809	3,658
Apr. 23	1,166	1,488	593	869	3,003	4,042
Apr. 30	1,159	1,463	693	838	3,033	3,769
May 7	1,113	1,292	576	855	2,969	3,837
May 14	1,121	1,434	492	933	2,730	3,741
May 21	1,096	1,376	469	925	2,523	3,781
May 28	1,056	1,263	483	820	2,410	3,148
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
May 7	381	276	631	538	1,858	1,517
May 14	373	206	608	610	1,751	1,518
May 21	349	287	608	515	1,792	1,426
May 28	371	190	658	540	1,795	1,366
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Apr. 9	679	492	1,034	936	3,193	2,668
Apr. 16	707	386	1,024	1,139	3,167	2,757
Apr. 23	641	524	1,076	881	3,216	2,517
Apr. 30	732	362	1,179	925	3,362	2,507
May 7	574	356	1,163	886	3,018	2,316
May 14	532	256	1,046	929	2,816	2,226
May 21	355	167	1,283	908	2,825	1,999
May 28	256	#	1,066	881	2,244	1,726
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
May 7	#	45	7	15	334	257
May 14	30	46	10	17	248	277
May 21	#	#	8	11	295	286
May 28	41	49	10	2	317	351
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Apr. 9	#	66	12	24	523	392
Apr. 16	46	69	14	25	400	439
Apr. 23	#	#	11	16	504	433
Apr. 30	62	67	14	3	502	439
May 7	#	68	13	15	487	411
May 14	#	100	16	23	526	533
May 21	#	#	12	11	430	446
May 28	68	153	13	#	520	502

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending May 28, 1966 totaled 800,000 heavy white, 190,000 bronze, and 49,000 light breed poults. Compared with the corresponding week of 1965, the heavy white hatch was up 21 percent, light breeds up 20 percent, but the bronze down 49 percent.

Minnesota-Wisconsin settings totaled 1,263,000 heavy white, 153,000 light breeds and an undisclosed number of bronze eggs. The heavy white set was up 207,000 eggs and the light breeds up 85,000 eggs from the comparable week of last year.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 26 percent of the week's hatch compared with 30 percent a year ago and 19 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,249		1,651	
June	2,577		757		209		16,119		1,703	
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

John Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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Minnesota Crop and Livestock Reporting Service
U. S. Department of Agriculture — Minnesota
Statistical Reporting Service — Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release — June 3, 1966

Special Sheep and Lamb Survey - April 1966

White face type breeding ewes made up about three-fifths of the breeding ewes on Minnesota farms, according to an April 1966 survey made by the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Crossbreed ewes, both white and black face types, were the most common breeding ewes accounting for nearly one-half of all the breeding ewes. Columbia ewes were the most popular breed, making up 22 percent of the breeding ewes. Suffolk and Hampshire breed ewes each made up about 10 percent of all breeding ewes. The percentages of breeding ewes by breeds by Crop Reporting Districts are shown in the following table.

Table 1 - Breeding ewes: Percent of ewes by breeds on Minnesota farms, April 1966

Type and Breed	Crop Reporting Districts									
	North-west	North Central	North-east	West Central	Central	East Central	South-west	South Central	South-east	State
White Face Breeds:	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Columbia	23.6	13.6	20.2	25.2	30.8	13.1	24.6	19.8	20.0	22.5
Corriedale . . .	2.2	.8	---	1.3	4.1	5.2	3.4	2.5	7.5	3.2
Crossbreds . . .	27.3	34.0	49.8	35.9	21.2	26.7	33.1	33.8	33.1	30.9
Other	.3	.5	---	3.4	1.4	6.9	1.6	4.1	6.3	2.5
Total White Face Breeds	53.4	48.9	70.0	65.8	57.5	51.9	62.7	60.2	66.9	59.1
Black Face Breeds:										
Hampshire . . .	13.5	16.5	7.6	8.2	11.9	8.5	4.9	9.9	5.4	9.7
Suffolk	9.3	10.3	2.2	7.4	10.8	15.2	11.9	11.4	9.8	10.2
Shropshire	2.6	.8	---	2.1	2.3	1.7	.8	1.7	1.5	1.8
Crossbreds . . .	21.1	22.8	20.2	16.5	16.9	20.3	16.0	14.7	15.9	18.1
Other	.1	.7	---	---	.6	2.4	3.7	2.1	.5	1.1
Total Black Face Breeds	46.6	51.1	30.0	34.2	42.5	48.1	37.3	39.8	33.1	40.9

Over one-half of all the sheep and lambs sold from Minnesota farms in 1965 were sold through public stockyards. Another one-third were sold direct to packing plants which includes sheep and lambs either fed by packers for themselves or by feeders for packing plants. Direct sales between farmers made up nearly 7 percent of the sheep and lambs sold in 1965 and these sales were largely breeding stock. The balance were sold through other local outlets. There percentages of sales by flock size through the various marketing channels are shown in Table 2.

The Minnesota Department of Agriculture funds for this project were matched with funds received from the Consumer and Marketing Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, under provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946.

Eldon Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 2 - Sheep and lambs: Percent sold through various marketing channels, by size groups, Minnesota 1965

Size Groups (no. of head)	Marketing Channels					
	Through public stockyards	Direct to packing plants	Local Dealers	Auctions and sales barns	Direct to farmers	Other
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
1 - 29	62.6	11.5	4.2	10.4	11.1	.2
30 - 59	70.6	12.8	1.4	6.7	8.4	.1
60 - 99	67.5	9.3	4.2	6.9	11.7	.4
100 - 199	74.2	14.0	2.5	2.8	6.2	.3
200 - 299	64.1	22.3	1.9	2.2	9.4	.1
300 - 499	73.1	4.2	14.6	.3	7.8	--
500 and over	14.9	83.9	1.2	---	---	--
Total	52.4	33.2	2.7	4.8	6.8	.1

Death losses of sheep and lambs during 1965 on Minnesota farms due to predatory animals including dogs accounted for 14 percent of all losses. Diseases and other causes accounted for 86 percent of all deaths. Wild predators accounted for the greatest losses in the Northeastern and North Central Districts although dogs were reported as the most common predator accounting for 7 percent of the total State death loss. Pneumonia and overeating were the most common causes of deaths due to diseases. The distribution of death losses by causes are shown in Table 3.

Table 3 - Sheep and lambs death losses by causes by districts, Minnesota 1965

Causes	Crop Reporting Districts									
	North-west	North Central	North-east	West Central	Central	East Central	South-west	South Central	South-east	State
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Predators:										
Dogs	9.7	1.8	6.4	5.3	10.0	4.3	3.7	9.8	8.9	7.0
Coyotes, wolves foxes	7.2	32.4	40.4	.5	1.5	.3	---	---	4.7	5.1
Bears.	1.0	8.1	3.2	---	---	8.2	---	---	---	1.2
Other Predators.	1.6	.3	---	1.5	.4	.4	---	.1	.7	.7
Total Predator losses.	19.5	42.6	50.0	7.3	11.9	13.2	3.7	9.9	14.3	14.0
Diseases and other losses:										
Pneumonia. . .	13.8	9.3	9.6	11.0	9.4	8.1	11.8	13.9	7.8	11.4
Overeating. . .	6.5	3.4	9.6	14.0	12.5	4.6	18.1	17.1	10.2	11.6
Weather	9.4	2.9	---	5.3	7.1	16.0	12.7	2.3	8.9	8.6
Parasites	7.5	16.9	4.2	9.5	3.5	10.4	3.6	3.7	10.4	7.1
Bloat.	5.7	1.6	3.2	8.6	3.5	2.8	3.0	6.2	8.2	5.0
Accidents . . .	3.8	4.4	5.3	3.9	4.1	2.8	2.3	4.0	3.7	3.5
Old age	3.1	1.5	5.3	4.5	1.3	3.0	2.6	5.1	3.5	3.0
Other.	30.7	17.4	12.8	35.9	46.7	39.1	42.2	37.8	33.0	35.8
Total Diseases and other losses. . .	80.5	57.4	50.0	92.7	88.1	86.8	96.3	90.1	85.7	86.0

A Bulletin, "Minnesota's Sheep Industry" which will contain the above information in more detail along with information on monthly marketings, monthly lambings and historical data of the sheep industry is being prepared. If you desire a copy of the bulletin please write us.

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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JUN 10 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 8, 1966

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of June 1, 1966)

MINNESOTA: Cabbage - Early Summer: Indications are that 68,000 hundredweight will be harvested in 1966. This is down 14 percent from last year's production of 79,000 hundredweight, and down 31 percent from the 1960-64 average of 98,000 hundredweight. Growers indicate harvested acreage will be down 11 percent, and yield is forecast at 170 hundredweight per acre, compared to 175 hundredweight per acre in 1965.

Snap Beans: Plantings were about 15 percent completed by June 1.

Sweet Corn for Processing: Planting 50 percent complete, with first plantings emerged.

Green Peas for Processing: About 75 percent planted, stands mostly good.

UNITED STATES: Early summer cabbage production is forecast at 1,465,000 hundredweight, 1 percent below 1965. Recent rains in the New England States have been beneficial and prospects are good although about a week late in development. General harvest is expected by June 15 with peak movement in late June and early July. On Long Island, New York, progress is at least one week late because of below normal temperatures. Harvest is not expected to start until late June. In New Jersey, scattered harvesting began the last week of May. Harvest was expected to be general in south Jersey about June 10 with moderate to good volume after June 15. May freeze damage was not severe in Ohio. Harvest is expected to start about mid-June. Planting continues in the Red River Valley of Minnesota. Earlier plantings are just emerging in the Valley and the Twin City suburban areas. Growth in the Hollandale area is more advanced with blocking in progress. In southwest Virginia, temperatures were cool and moisture was short during May.

Early summer carrot production in California is estimated at 2,175,000 hundredweight, 1 percent more than the 1965 crop. Warm May weather has been favorable for crop growth. Supplies should increase during June from the south coast, central coast, and San Joaquin Valley. The late summer acreage for harvest is estimated at 3,100 acres, 4 percent less than last year. In Massachusetts, development has been very rapid recently and harvest is expected by July 1. In New Jersey, cool temperatures have caused growth to slow; however, with recent warmer temperatures prospects have improved. Harvest should start in late June or early July. In Ohio, weather conditions during April delayed planting. The late freeze caused no apparent damage to the crop. Warm weather in Colorado during May encouraged growth in the Denver area. The growth has been slow in the San Luis Valley because of the cool spring.

Early summer onion production is forecast at 3,280,000 hundredweight, 45 percent above last year and 48 percent above average. The New Jersey crop is making good progress. Harvest is expected to start in late June. The development of the Iowa crop has been limited by cool nights. In Texas, harvest is underway in the Trans-Pecos area. In the High Plains area, yield prospects are below those of a year ago. Harvest is expected to get underway about June 20 with supplies available through mid-August. In Washington, stands are good. Harvest is expected to start the last week of June and be active during July and early August.

Snap Beans: Early spring snap bean production, estimated at 543,000 hundredweight, is 20 percent above last year. In Florida and the Lower Valley of Texas, harvest was practically complete by June 1. Harvest is underway in central and east Texas with production expected through June.

Early summer sweet corn production is forecast at 2,205,000 hundredweight, 18 percent less than last year. In New Jersey, earliest marketings are expected to begin about July 4. In central and southeast Missouri moisture is adequate for good growth. Moisture is short in other areas of the State. Some replanting has been necessary because of poor germination and the May 12 freeze. Most stands are good. In Virginia, crop growth has been slowed by cool, wet weather. Stands in North Carolina are good; however, growth was retarded by cool temperatures during May. Harvest is expected to start about mid-June. In California, a light harvest should start in the San Joaquin Valley after mid-June. The important Brentwood area will be in production about July 10, reaching a peak late in July.

Green Peas: The acreage of summer green peas for harvest in 1966 is estimated at 950 acres compared with 1,450 acres in 1965. On Long Island, New York, harvest is expected to start the end of June. In Upstate areas cold temperatures have held back the crop. Harvest is expected to start in early July, with volume supplies by July 15.

Acreage and estimated production reported to date, 1966 with comparisons

Crop and State	Acreage Harvested		For Harvest 1966	Yield per acre			Production		
	Average 1960-64	1965		Av. 60-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	- Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
CABBAGE 2/									
Winter... . . .	44,190	39,300	38,100	155	162	157	6,817	6,358	5,974
Early Spring. .	12,280	12,050	11,550	137	141	146	1,685	1,698	1,689
Late Spring:									
Ohio.	410	450	500	212	145	160	87	65	80
Missouri. . . .	680	750	750	98	120	110	66	90	82
Maryland. . . .	750	800	750	137	145	140	103	116	105
Virginia. . . .	2,060	2,100	2,200	112	100	115	231	210	253
North Carolina.	2,140	2,000	2,500	125	100	140	267	200	350
Tennessee . . .	1,220	1,300	1,300	189	205	190	229	266	247
Group Total. .	7,260	7,400	8,000	135	128	140	983	947	1,117
Early Summer:									
Massachusetts .	600	550	500	188	200	195	113	110	98
Rhode Island. .	80	80	80	183	190	190	15	15	15
Connecticut . .	380	400	350	186	165	165	71	66	58
New York, L.I.	670	650	650	201	190	190	135	124	124
New Jersey . . .	2,780	3,300	3,400	216	200	190	595	660	646
Ohio	1,680	1,700	1,700	183	160	185	307	272	314
Minnesota. . . .	580	450	400	169	175	170	98	79	68
Virginia	800	800	750	191	190	190	153	152	142
Group Total . .	7,570	7,930	7,830	197	186	187	1,486	1,478	1,465
Late Summer 1/. .	17,670	17,000	17,150	202	205		3,563	3,484	July 8
Early Fall 1/ . .	31,750	32,390	30,910	259	281		8,290	9,114	Aug.8
ONIONS 2/									
Early Spring. .	22,800	23,100	18,700	129	130	90	2,942	3,003	1,683
Late Spring:									
North Carolina	270	250	250	148	170	150	39	42	38
Georgia. . . .	400	300	30	133	160	160	55	48	5
Texas.	1,400	600	500	51	60	50	69	36	25
Arizona. . . .	1,740	1,500	1,700	340	475	475	577	712	808
California . .	4,060	3,600	4,300	288	330	310	1,166	1,188	1,333
Group Total .	7,870	6,250	6,780	246	324	326	1,906	2,026	2,209
Early Summer:									
New Jersey . .	2,480	2,600	2,500	149	145	150	368	377	375
Iowa	190	150	140	169	170	180	32	26	25
Texas.	4,120	4,300	6,000	233	215	200	958	924	1,200
New Mexico ...	2,100	2,200	4,200	305	330	350	638	726	1,470
Washington . .	500	500	500	420	430	420	209	215	210
Group Total .	9,440	9,750	13,340	234	233	246	2,209	2,268	3,280
Late Summer 1/.	56,280	58,600	56,770	328	354		18,435	20,772	Aug. 8

1/ 1966 acreage for harvest is prospective acreage.

2/ Includes processing.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician in Charge

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 9, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending June 4, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,112,000 heavy white, 1,282,000 other heavy, and 269,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending June 4, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the corresponding week of 1965, the heavy white hatch was up 32 percent, while the other heavy was down 20 percent and the light breeds down 9 percent.

The ten-State settings totaled 3,092,000 heavy white, 1,475,000 other heavy, and 484,000 light breed eggs. Heavy white eggs set were up 38 percent and the light breeds up 10 percent, while the other heavy breeds were down 25 percent from the same week of last year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
May 14	524	787	344	530	1,528	2,204
May 21	623	836	338	505	1,630	2,275
May 28	662	800	383	484	1,717	2,127
June 4	594	714	323	474	1,599	2,112
	Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Apr. 16	957	1,343	600	798	2,809	3,658
Apr. 23	1,166	1,488	593	869	3,003	4,042
Apr. 30	1,159	1,463	693	838	3,033	3,769
May 7	1,113	1,292	576	855	2,969	3,837
May 14	1,121	1,434	492	933	2,730	3,741
May 21	1,096	1,376	469	925	2,523	3,781
May 28	1,056	1,263	483	820	2,410	3,148
June 4	1,021	1,111	465	623	2,246	3,092
	Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
May 14	373	206	608	610	1,751	1,518
May 21	349	287	608	515	1,792	1,426
May 28	371	190	658	540	1,795	1,366
June 4	270	179	672	531	1,596	1,282
	Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Apr. 16	707	386	1,024	1,139	3,167	2,757
Apr. 23	641	524	1,076	881	3,216	2,517
Apr. 30	732	362	1,179	925	3,362	2,507
May 7	574	356	1,163	886	3,018	2,316
May 14	532	256	1,046	929	2,816	2,226
May 21	355	167	1,283	908	2,825	1,999
May 28	256	#	1,066	881	2,244	1,726
June 4	143	24	1,017	807	1,958	1,475
	Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands					
May 14	30	46	10	17	248	277
May 21	#	#	8	11	295	286
May 28	41	49	10	2	317	351
June 4	#	51	8	9	296	269
	Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands					
Apr. 16	46	69	14	25	400	439
Apr. 23	#	#	11	16	504	433
Apr. 30	62	67	14	3	502	439
May 7	#	68	13	15	487	411
May 14	#	100	16	23	526	533
May 21	#	#	12	11	430	446
May 28	68	153	13	#	520	502
June 4	102	138	16	9	439	484

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending June 4, 1966 totaled 714,000 heavy white, 179,000 bronze and 51,000 light breed poults. Compared with the same week a year ago, the heavy white hatch was up 20 percent while the bronze was down 34 percent.

Minnesota-Wisconsin settings totaled 1,111,000 heavy white, 24,000 bronze and 138,000 light breed eggs. The heavy white set was up 90,000 eggs, and the light breeds up 36,000 eggs from a year earlier, while the bronze set was down 119,000 eggs.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 28 percent of the week's hatch compared with 30 percent a year ago and 26 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,249		1,651	
June	2,577		757		209		16,119		1,703	
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician in Charge

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JUN 16 1966

Immediate Release

June 10, 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT - June 1, 1966

Cold damp weather during April in all parts of the State delayed seeding of small grains, but conditions improved in the southern two-thirds of the State by early May and seeding of grain, corn and soybeans made reasonably good progress. However, field work and seeding continued to lag behind schedule in the northern counties. In fact, very little seeding was possible in the Kittson-Marshall areas until the last of May. Since that time, weather has been more favorable and progress in seeding has been rapid.

On May 28, about 75 percent of the spring wheat, 85 percent of the oats, and 65 percent of the barley were seeded. Normally by this date, about 95 percent of the spring wheat and oats and 85 percent of the barley have been seeded. Seeding of these crops was virtually completed in all areas except the Red River Valley where only about two-thirds of the spring wheat and half of the oats and barley were seeded on May 28. For the State as a whole, flax seeding was about 60 percent completed on May 28, when normally about 75 percent has been seeded. Flax seeding was well along in the southern counties, but only about 10 percent seeded in the Red River Valley district.

Planting of corn and soybeans was ahead of normal on May 28 when corn planting was about 85 percent completed compared with average for this date of 70 percent. Cool weather caused poor stands in some early planted corn acreage, but later plantings were up to good stands. About 55 percent of the soybean acreage was planted as of May 28, and this compares with the normal of 40 percent.

Total wheat production prospects for this year are about the same as a year ago. There is a slight increase in acreage from last year but yield prospects are slightly lower. Seeding of spring wheat was delayed by cold, wet weather but is nearly complete in all areas. Based on the March planted acreage estimate, a spring wheat crop of about 21.4 million bushels is in prospect. A crop this size would be about the same as a year ago as well as the 5-year average. Winter wheat acreage loss during the past winter appears to be about average except in the central and eastern districts where winter kill was heavier. A winter wheat crop of 243,000 bushels is now in prospect.

Although cool weather in April and early May retarded growth of the hay crops, conditions had improved by June 1 and a good crop is in prospect, although a little late. Haying operations had not started by the end of May.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 1,035 million pounds during May 1966 which was 7 percent below May last year. For the first 5 months of this year it totaled 4,816 million pounds, 10 percent below the corresponding 5-month period a year earlier.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production during May at 193 million eggs, was down 14 percent from May 1965. The average number of layers for the month was 9,658,000 which compares with 11,018,000 for May a year earlier. The rate of lay during May was 64 percent compared with 66 percent a year earlier. Production for the first 5 months this year was 989 million eggs, down 13 percent from the corresponding period a year ago.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on Minnesota farms in May totaled 254,000, of which 225,000 were family workers and 29,000 were hired workers. This compares with 219,000 family workers, and 29,000 hired workers in May 1965.

For the United States, the number of workers on farms totaled 5,750,000 of which 4,269,000 were family workers and 1,481,000 were hired workers. This compares with 4,482,000 family workers and 1,642,000 hired workers in May 1965.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician
Acting in Charge

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
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JUN 17 1966

Immediate Release

June 16, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending June 11, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 2,009,000 heavy white, 1,240,000 other heavy (bronze) and 340,000 light breed turkey poults, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year ago, the heavy white hatch was up 36 percent, and the light breeds up 7 percent, while the other heavy hatch was down 17 percent.

The ten-State settings totaled 2,438,000 heavy white, 1,345,000 other heavy and 586,000 light breed turkey eggs. Heavy white eggs set were up 21 percent, while other heavy settings were down 13 percent and light breeds down 14 percent from the corresponding week of 1965.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
			Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
May 21	623	836	338	505	1,630	2,275
May 28	662	800	383	484	1,717	2,127
June 4	594	714	323	474	1,599	2,112
June 11	626	755	286	490	1,479	2,009
			Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Apr. 23	1,166	1,488	593	869	3,003	4,042
Apr. 30	1,159	1,463	693	838	3,033	3,769
May 7	1,113	1,292	576	855	2,969	3,837
May 14	1,121	1,434	492	933	2,730	3,741
May 21	1,096	1,376	469	925	2,523	3,781
May 28	1,056	1,263	483	820	2,410	3,148
June 4	1,021	1,111	465	623	2,246	3,092
June 11	950	882	466	600	2,017	2,438
			Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
May 21	349	287	608	515	1,792	1,426
May 28	371	190	658	540	1,795	1,366
June 4	270	179	672	531	1,596	1,282
June 11	251	124	591	556	1,500	1,240
			Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Apr. 23	641	524	1,076	881	3,216	2,517
Apr. 30	732	362	1,179	925	3,362	2,507
May 7	574	356	1,163	886	3,018	2,316
May 14	532	256	1,046	929	2,816	2,226
May 21	355	167	1,283	908	2,825	1,999
May 28	256	#	1,066	881	2,244	1,726
June 4	143	24	1,017	807	1,958	1,475
June 11	61	0	948	778	1,544	1,345
			Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
May 21	#	#	8	11	295	286
May 28	41	49	10	2	317	351
June 4	#	51	8	9	296	269
June 11	#	70	10	13	318	340
			Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Apr. 23	#	#	11	16	504	433
Apr. 30	62	67	14	3	502	439
May 7	#	68	13	15	487	411
May 14	#	100	16	23	526	533
May 21	#	#	12	11	430	446
May 28	68	153	13	#	520	502
June 4	102	138	16	9	439	484
June 11	174	120	12	18	678	586

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A ten- State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending June 11, 1966 totaled 755,000 heavy white, 124,000 bronze and 70,000 light breed poults. Compared with the same week of last year, the heavy white hatch was up 129,000 poults, while the bronze hatch was down 127,000 poults.

Minnesota-Wisconsin settings totaled 882,000 heavy white, 120,000 light breed, and no bronze eggs. The heavy white set was down 7 percent and light breeds down 31 percent from the corresponding week a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 35 percent of the week's hatch compared with 45 percent a year ago and 28 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
					Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602		1,607		171		21,249		1,651	
June	2,577		757		209		16,119		1,703	
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
					Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands					
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297		1,648		275		28,917		2,557	
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

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JUN 21 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 17, 1966

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
May 1966

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 7,167,000 chicks during May 1966, which was 17 percent above the May 1965 hatch, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The May hatch consisted of 6,139,000 egg-type and 1,028,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was up 17 percent and broiler type production was up 16 percent from May 1965.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-May was $2.97 per 100 pounds, compared with $2.91 and $2.95 a year earlier. On May 15 the egg-feed ratio for Minnesota was 8.6 compared with 11.2 the previous month and 7.1 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January	694	772	+11	728	680	- 7
February	1,033	744	-28	611	587	- 4
March	3,350	4,340	+30	742	786	+ 6
April	5,603	6,736	+20	881	1,200	+36
May	5,240	6,139	+17	886	1,028	+16
June	2,132			751		
July	623			630		
August	461			613		
September	362			569		
October	536			538		
November	528			578		
December	519			663		

1/ Final.

John Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Chick production by hatcheries during May 1966 was 335.6 million, 9 percent above the 308.5 million in May 1965. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 257.8 million, up 7 percent from May 1965 and the largest of record for the month. During the first 5 months of 1966 there were 1,163.7 million broiler chicks produced, an increase of 9 percent from the same period in 1965 and the highest of record for this five-month period. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on June 1, 1966 was 7 percent above June 1 last year.

There were 77.8 million egg-type chicks hatched during May -- up 14 percent from May 1965. All regions recorded increases from a year earlier as follows: 38 percent in the South Central; 33 percent in the South Atlantic; 16 percent in the East North Central; 10 percent in the North Atlantic; and 3 percent in both the West North Central and West. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 5 months of 1966 totaled 306.0 million -- an increase of 13 percent from the same period last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on June 1 was up 18 percent from June 1, 1965.

Broiler and Egg-Type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During May			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Ohio	760	850	3,070	3,400
Indiana	2,851	2,821	2,899	3,999
Illinois	84	102	3,491	3,788
Michigan	410	430	1,470	1,800
Wisconsin	1,123	1,450	1,419	1,370
E. N. Central	5,228	5,653	12,349	14,357
Minnesota	886	1,028	5,240	6,139
Iowa	430	430	8,680	7,400
Missouri	4,088	2,835	3,068	3,073
North Dakota	1/	1/	427	496
South Dakota	1/	1/	2,275	2,800
Nebraska	383	555	2,257	2,759
Kansas	156	130	1,232	1,300
W. N. Central 1/	1/ 6,134	1/ 5,246	23,179	23,967
United States	240,155	257,750	68,382	77,843

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Department of Agriculture

JUN 29 1966

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 23, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending June 18, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,943,000 heavy white, 1,136,000 other heavy (bronze), and 274,000 light breed turkey poults, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year ago, the heavy white hatch was up 42 percent and the light breeds up 5 percent, while the other heavy hatch was down 24 percent.

The ten-State settings totaled 2,524,000 heavy white, 952,000 other heavy and 513,000 light breed turkey eggs. Heavy white eggs set were up 44 percent, while other heavy settings were down 22 percent and light breeds down 4 percent from the corresponding week of 1965.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
			Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
May 28	662	800	383	484	1,717	2,127
June 4	594	714	323	474	1,599	2,112
June 11	626	755	286	490	1,479	2,009
June 18	620	737	264	439	1,368	1,943
			Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Apr. 30	1,159	1,463	693	838	3,033	3,779
May 7	1,113	1,253	576	881	2,969	3,819
May 14	1,121	1,434	492	933	2,730	3,734
May 21	1,096	1,376	469	925	2,523	3,754
May 28	1,056	1,263	483	820	2,410	3,156
June 4	1,021	1,111	465	623	2,246	3,092
June 11	950	882	466	600	2,017	2,438
June 18	907	1,003	393	657	1,747	2,524
			Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
May 21	371	190	658	540	1,795	1,366
June 4	270	179	672	531	1,596	1,282
June 11	251	124	591	556	1,500	1,240
June 18	166	74	721	546	1,485	1,136
			Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Apr. 30	732	362	1,179	925	3,362	2,422
May 7	574	356	1,163	856	3,018	2,278
May 14	532	256	1,046	929	2,816	2,234
May 21	355	167	1,283	908	2,825	1,999
May 28	256	#	1,066	881	2,244	1,731
June 4	143	24	1,017	807	1,958	1,475
June 11	61	0	948	778	1,544	1,345
June 18	#	#	724	633	1,217	952
			Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
May 28	41	49	10	2	317	351
June 4	#	51	8	9	296	269
June 11	#	70	10	13	318	340
June 18	#	#	7	7	261	274
			Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
Apr. 30	62	#	14	3	502	532
May 7	#	68	13	15	487	411
May 14	#	100	16	23	526	533
May 21	#	#	12	11	430	446
May 28	68	153	13	#	520	502
June 4	102	138	16	9	439	484
June 11	174	120	12	18	678	586
June 18	#	146	11	36	532	513

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending June 18, 1966 totaled 737,000 heavy white, 74,000 other heavy, and an undisclosed number of light breed poults. Compared with the same week of last year, the heavy white hatch was up 19 percent, while the bronze hatch was down 55 percent.

Minnesota-Wisconsin settings totaled 1,003,000 heavy white, 146,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of bronze eggs. Heavy white settings were 11 percent above a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 41 percent of the week's hatch compared with 32 percent a year ago and 35 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577		757		209		16,119		1,703	
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested in Minnesota during May 1966 included 8,039 heavy whites and no bronze or light breeds. The cumulative number of turkeys tested in Minnesota from July 1965 through May 1966 totaled 520,032 heavy white, 163,192 bronze and 48,857 light breeds. Heavy white breeds tested were up 20 percent from the same period in 1964-1965 and light breeds tested were up 32 percent, while bronze were down 20 percent.

In the United States the number of heavy breed turkeys tested by official State agencies for pullorum disease during May 1966 totaled 35,950, more than three times the relatively small number tested during May a year earlier. Heavy white breeds tested totaled 31,906, up 276 percent from May 1965. The number of other heavy breeds tested was 4,044, up 22 percent from May 1965. Testings of heavy breeds July 1965 through May 1966 totaled 3,719,298 birds, an increase of 11 percent from the comparable period a year earlier.

Light breed turkeys tested during May totaled 25,018, an increase of 87 percent from May last year. Aggregate testings July 1965 through May 1966 of light breeds was 338,923, down slightly from the same period a year earlier.

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Buulding
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Minn. Hist. Soc.
JUN 29 1966

Immediate Release

June 24, 1966

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT
(as of June 15, 1966)

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Commercial Processing: The preliminary planted acreage for 1966 of 116,200 acres is 12 percent above last year's 103,800 acres, and 18 percent above the 1960-64 average of 98,080 acres, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

Green Peas for Processing: Harvested acreage for 1966 is forecast at 68,000 acres which is 20 percent above last year's 56,900 acres, and 37 percent above the 1960-64 average of 49,700 harvested acres. Production is forecast at 81,600 tons. This is an increase of 16 percent above the 1965 production of 70,270 tons, and an increase of 44 percent over the 1960-64 average of 56,610 tons.

Snap Beans for Processing: Minnesota acreage is included in total for "Other States". These states indicate a 6 percent increase over last year, and a 62 percent increase over the 1960-64 average.

Cucumbers for Pickles: Minnesota acreage is included in total "Other Northern States." These States show plantings 33 percent over last year and 65 percent over the 1960-64 average.

UNITED STATES: Sweet Corn: The 1966 planted acreage of sweet corn for processing is estimated at 466,250 acres, compared with 430,650 acres last year and the average of 428,270 acres. This year's planted acreage is 2 percent less than the prospective acreage reported in April. Major producing States with a 10 percent or larger increase in acreage from 1965 are Washington, Delaware, and Minnesota. A smaller acreage is indicated for Maine and Maryland.

The 1966 planted acreage for freezing is placed at 119,900 acres, 11 percent more than the previous year. This year's canning acreage, at 346,350 acres, is 7 percent more than in 1965. An increase in acreage for both freezing and canning is indicated generally across the country, with the exception of canning acreage in the east which is down slightly.

Green Peas: Production of green peas for processing in 1966, based on crop prospects as of June 15, is forecast at 543,780 tons, down 10 percent from last year but 9 percent above average. The prospective lower yield per acre, at 2,452 pounds, compares with 2,726 pounds in 1965 and more than offsets the slightly larger acreage indicated for harvest this year. From the total 1966 planted acreage, 35 percent is expected to be used for freezing and 65 percent for canning, compared to 36 and 64 percent in 1965, respectively.

Snap Beans: The 1966 planted acreage of snap beans for processing is estimated at 256,030 acres, compared with 246,170 acres last year and the 5-year average of 200,240 acres. Principal producing States showing a 10 percent or larger increase over 1965 are Oklahoma, California, North Carolina, Texas, Washington, and Oregon. States indicating a smaller acreage this year are Florida, Delaware, Tennessee, Wisconsin, and Michigan.

This year's total planted acreage of green varieties increased while wax varieties decreased from 1965. In 1966, green varieties account for 95 percent of the total acreage for freezing, the same as last year. Of the acreage for canning, 86 percent is of the green varieties, against 83 percent in 1965.

Cucumbers for Pickles: The 1966 planted acreage of cucumbers for pickles is placed at 138,150 acres, compared with 115,330 acres last year and the average of 112,810 acres. This 1966 planted acreage is 3 percent less than intentions indicated in April. Principal States indicating a 10 percent or larger increase in acreage from 1965 are Texas, Colorado, North Carolina, Indiana, California, Virginia, Ohio, and Michigan. Less acreage was planted in Washington and Wisconsin. By areas, the southern States are up 27 percent, the western States up 15 percent, and the northern States up 11 percent.

Harvest was underway in most southern States by mid-June. Yield prospects are fair to good. However, in North Carolina, the early May freezes and dry weather caused some abandonment of acreage and lowered prospective yields.

Marvin A. Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

Green peas for processing: Acreage and indicated production by States, June 15, 1966 with comparisons

State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		Harvest						
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Tons	Tons	Tons
New York	10,140	7,600	7,200	2,820	2,990	2,800	14,240	11,360	10,080
Pennsylvania	4,860	5,600	6,400	2,920	2,750	3,000	7,080	7,700	9,600
Delaware	7,540	7,900	6,300	2,600	2,340	3,200	9,650	9,240	10,080
Maryland	7,540	8,500	8,500	2,750	3,140	3,300	10,250	13,340	14,020
Indiana	1,320	1,300	1,000	1,980	1,750	1,700	1,290	1,140	850
Michigan	5,940	5,300	5,900	2,380	2,380	2,400	7,010	6,310	7,080
Wisconsin	105,900	124,700	130,000	2,400	2,540	2,500	125,390	158,370	162,500
Minnesota	49,700	56,900	68,000	2,300	2,470	2,400	56,610	70,270	81,600
Idaho	13,820	14,000	13,300	2,150	2,310	2,000	14,490	16,170	13,300
Washington	75,860	88,300	83,000	2,840	3,170	2,600	107,750	139,960	107,900
Oregon	58,520	56,400	51,000	1,930	2,750	1,500	56,640	77,550	38,250
California	9,800	11,700	10,100	3,360	3,260	3,300	16,280	19,070	16,660
Other States 1/	47,890	53,430	52,890	2,934	2,674	2,717	70,170	71,430	71,860
United States	398,830	441,630	443,590	2,495	2,726	2,452	496,870	601,910	543,780

1/ Alabana, Arkansas, Colorado, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Montana, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, and Wyoming.

Sweet corn for processing: Preliminary planted acreage by States and by types, 1966 with comparisons

State	Planted acreage			1966 as percent of	
	Average 1960-64	1965	Preliminary 1966	Average 1960-64	1965
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Percent	Percent
Maine	2,440	1,300	750	31	58
New York	19,700	14,000	15,000	76	107
Pennsylvania	8,880	9,500	10,000	113	105
Delaware	4,780	3,300	3,900	82	118
Maryland	30,080	29,200	27,800	92	95
Illinois	58,080	54,200	58,700	101	108
Wisconsin	106,640	114,600	122,000	114	106
Minnesota	98,080	103,800	116,200	118	112
Iowa	6,100	5,900	6,200	102	105
Idaho	12,720	16,400	17,000	134	104
Washington	25,260	31,500	38,000	150	121
Oregon	25,460	30,500	33,200	130	109
Other States 1/	30,050	16,450	17,500	58	106
United States	428,270	430,650	466,250	109	108
For freezing	84,760	107,600	119,900	141	111
East 2/	22,240	20,340	21,200	95	104
Central 2/	23,930	38,560	43,400	181	113
West 2/	38,580	48,700	55,300	143	114
For canning	343,520	323,050	346,350	101	107
East 2/	46,190	37,910	37,450	81	99
Central 2/	266,270	250,490	270,400	102	108
West 2/	31,060	34,650	38,500	124	111

1/ Michigan, Montana, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, and Wyoming.

2/ North Atlantic: Maine, New York, and Pennsylvania.
South Atlantic: Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia.
Central: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, South Dakota, and Texas.
Western: Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Utah, Washington, and Oregon.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

560 State Office Building
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Department of Agriculture

Immediate Release

Minn. Hist. Soc. June 23, 1966

JUNE 1, 1966 PIG REPORT

JUN 1 1966

MINNESOTA: The December 1965-May 1966 Minnesota pig crop totaled 2,911,000 head, 6 percent above the small crop for the same period a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Breeding intentions reports for the six months - June through November - indicate 9 percent more sows to farrow than in the same 1965 period. The number of all hogs and pigs on Minnesota farms on June 1 totaled 3,273,000 head, 5 percent above the inventory for June 1, 1965.

For the 1966 Spring Pig Crop, a total of 393,000 sows were farrowed, 5 percent more than a year earlier. The average number of pigs saved per litter was 7.41 compared with 7.34 for the 1965 Spring Pig Crop. Sows farrowing during the March-May quarter were estimated at 260,000 head, 4 percent above the same months in 1965 but 4 percent less than estimated in the intentions report of March 1, 1966.

Farrowing intentions for the June-November 1966 period are 320,000 head, 9 percent above the same period in 1965. According to breeding intentions reports, producers are planning to increase the June-August sows farrowing by 11 percent above the same quarter of 1965. For the September-November quarter, an estimated 144,000 head of sows are to farrow or be bred for farrowing. If realized, this will be 7 percent above the number that farrowed in this quarter a year earlier.

A total of 3,273,000 head of all hogs and pigs were on farms as of June 1, 1966, 5 percent more than a year ago but 21 percent below the 1960-64 average. Of the 3,273,000 head, 2,730,000 were other hogs and pigs, mainly intended for slaughter, and 543,000 head were breeding hogs. The number of breeding hogs was 11 percent above June 1965 while other hogs and pigs were up only 4 percent.

UNITED STATES: The U. S. pig crop for the 6-month period December 1965 through May 1966 totaled 47,025,000 head, 10 percent more than the 42,853,000 head a year earlier. Increases over a year earlier by regions were as follows: East and West North Central, each up 9 percent; North Atlantic, up 10 percent; South Central up 13 percent; South Atlantic, up 14 percent; and the West up 10 percent.

The number of pigs per litter averaged a record 7.33 in the December-May period compared with an average of 7.22 reported a year earlier. Average litter size increased from a year earlier in all regions except the North Atlantic. Overall conditions were generally favorable for winter and spring farrowings in the heavy hog producing States.

June 1 reports from farmers on breeding intentions indicate that 5,728,000 sows will farrow in the United States during June-November 1966. This is a 10 percent increase from the 5,222,000 sows farrowing during the corresponding period of 1965 but is still below the average. Increase in sows farrowings from June-November last year are indicated in all regions. Increases by regions are as follows: North Atlantic, up 7 percent; East North Central, up 9 percent; West North Central, up 7 percent; South Atlantic, up 15 percent; South Central, up 18 percent; and the West, up 12 percent.

If intentions for June-November farrowings materialize and the number of pigs per litter equals the average plus an allowance for trend, the pig crop for the period will total 41,800,000 head, 10 percent more than a year earlier and reversing the downward trend of the past several years. The combined pig crop for 1966 would be 88,825,000 head, 10 percent above the 1965 pig crop.

All hogs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and United States

Item	All hogs		Sows farrowing		Pigs per litter		Pig crop		
	March 1	June 1	Dec. - May	June-Nov.	Dec. - May	June-Nov.	Dec. - May	June-Nov.	Total
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	No.	No.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head
Minnesota:									
1960-64 Av.	3,295	4,149	489	377	7.31	7.21	3,577	2,720	6,297
1964	3,180	3,896	457	342	7.40	7.22	3,380	2,467	5,847
1965	2,735	3,117	375	294	7.34	7.31	2,752	2,150	4,902
1966	2,762	3,273	393	1/ 320	7.41	---	2,911	---	---
Percent - 1966 of 1965	101	105	105	109	---	---	106	---	---
United States:									
1960-64 Av. 2/	---	---	6,919	5,934	7.12	7.17	49,256	42,548	91,804
1964	---	---	6,638	5,616	7.23	7.21	47,977	40,519	88,496
1965	---	---	5,935	5,222	7.22	7.28	42,853	37,998	80,851
1966	---	---	6,418	2/ 5,728	7.33	3/ 7.30	47,025	3/ 41,800	88,825
Percent - 1966 of 1965	---	---	108	110	---	---	110	110	110

1/ As indicated by breeding intentions.
2/ Does not include Alaska and Hawaii.
3/ Based on average number of pigs per litter with allowance for trend. Number rounded to nearest 100,000 head.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, pig crop,
March-November, 10 States, 1965 - 1966

State	March - May						June - August 1/			Sept. - November 1/		
	Sows farrowing			Pig crop 2/			Sows to farrow			Sows to farrow		
	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	137	151	110	1,000	1,140	114	123	138	112	126	133	106
Ind.	214	244	114	1,584	1,828	115	239	265	111	170	201	118
Ill.	524	555	106	3,720	4,013	108	363	392	108	365	380	104
Wis.	139	149	107	1,023	1,126	110	100	114	114	95	100	105
Minn.	250	260	104	1,818	1,895	104	159	176	111	135	144	107
Iowa	1,038	1,111	107	7,505	8,166	109	595	637	107	562	590	105
Mo.	263	295	112	1,894	2,121	112	203	223	110	218	240	110
S. Dak.	179	206	115	1,298	1,504	116	55	64	116	70	76	109
Nebr.	226	235	104	1,627	1,765	108	104	112	108	144	148	103
Kans.	95	101	106	698	768	110	59	64	108	67	75	112
Total 10 States	3,065	3,307	108	22,167	24,326	110	2,000	2,185	109	1,952	2,087	107

1/ Number indicated by breeding intentions reports.
2/ Number of pigs farrowed March through May which were still on hand June 1 or had been sold.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs, and other hogs by weight groups,
10 States, June 1, 1965 - 1966

State	All hogs and Pigs			Breeding hogs			Other hogs and pigs					
							Under 120 pounds			120 pounds and over		
	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	2,290	2,473	108	332	383	115	1,469	1,559	106	489	531	109
Ind.	4,156	4,613	111	582	701	120	2,495	2,828	113	1,079	1,084	100
Ill.	7,127	7,412	104	1,069	1,149	107	4,489	4,803	107	1,569	1,460	93
Wis.	1,630	1,777	109	285	338	119	1,103	1,203	109	242	236	98
Minn.	3,117	3,273	105	489	543	111	2,136	2,190	103	492	540	110
Iowa	14,040	14,742	105	2,036	2,182	107	9,063	9,595	106	2,941	2,965	101
Mo.	3,562	3,883	109	499	559	112	2,239	2,486	111	824	838	102
S. Dak.	1,946	2,199	113	292	330	113	1,401	1,607	115	253	262	104
Nebr.	2,918	3,122	107	423	456	108	1,951	2,120	109	544	546	100
Kans.	1,452	1,004	107	232	252	109	860	937	109	360	365	101
Total 10 States	42,238	45,048	107	6,239	6,893	110	27,206	29,328	108	8,793	8,827	100

Hogs and pigs of all ages on farms in the 10 Corn Belt States June 1, 1966 totaled 45,048,000 head, 7 percent above the 42,238,000 a year earlier, but 6 percent less than the June 1, 1964 inventory. These 10 States normally produce three-fourths of the United States pig crop. Hog numbers were greater than a year earlier in each of the 10 States. In Iowa, the leading hog producing State, numbers were up 5 percent from a year earlier and in Illinois, second ranking State, 4 percent. Increases in the other States were 5 percent in Minnesota, 7 percent in Nebraska and Kansas, 8 percent in Ohio, 9 percent in Wisconsin and Missouri, 11 percent in Indiana, and 13 percent in South Dakota. June 1 inventories this year were up 19 percent from March 1, compared with an increase of 12 percent during this period in 1965.

The number of hogs and pigs on farms June 1, being kept for breeding in the 10 States totaled 6,893,000 head, up 10 percent from a year earlier. Other hog and pig numbers totaled 38,155,000 head, 6 percent more than the 35,999,000 on June 1 last year. By weight classes, the number of other hogs and pigs (intended principally for marketing) on farms June 1, 1966 and the percentage change from a year earlier are: less than 60 pounds, 20,804,000 head, up 8 percent; 60-119 pounds, 8,524,000 head, up 7 percent; 120-179 pounds, 5,228,000 head, up 1 percent; 180-219 pounds, 2,702,000 head, down 1 percent; 220 pounds and over, 897,000 head, the same as a year earlier.

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JUN 1 1966

Immediate Release

June 30, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT

Week Ending June 25, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,590,000 heavy white, 881,000 other heavy (bronze) and 357,000 light breed turkey poults, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year ago, the heavy white hatch was up 27 percent, light breeds up 15 percent while the other heavy hatch was down 28 percent.

The ten-State settings totaled 1,886,000 heavy white, 731,000 other heavy, and 572,000 light breed turkey eggs. Heavy white eggs set were up 17 percent and light breeds up 12 percent, while other heavy settings were down 24 percent from the corresponding week of 1965.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
			Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
June 4	594	714	323	474	1,599	2,112
June 11	626	755	286	490	1,479	2,009
June 18	620	737	264	439	1,368	1,943
June 25	594	643	246	410	1,249	1,590
			Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
May 7	1,113	1,253	576	881	2,969	3,819
May 14	1,121	1,434	492	933	2,730	3,734
May 21	1,096	1,376	469	925	2,523	3,754
May 28	1,056	1,263	483	820	2,410	3,156
June 4	1,021	1,111	465	623	2,246	3,092
June 11	950	882	466	600	2,017	2,438
June 18	907	1,003	393	657	1,747	2,524
June 25	790	782	423	537	1,615	1,886
			Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
June 4	270	179	672	531	1,596	1,282
June 11	251	124	591	556	1,500	1,240
June 18	166	74	721	546	1,485	1,136
June 25	117	7	623	466	1,218	881
			Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
May 7	574	356	1,163	856	3,018	2,278
May 14	532	256	1,046	929	2,816	2,234
May 21	355	167	1,283	908	2,825	1,999
May 28	256	#	1,066	881	2,244	1,731
June 4	143	24	1,017	807	1,958	1,475
June 11	61	0	948	778	1,544	1,345
June 18	#	#	724	633	1,217	952
June 25	#	0	627	543	966	731
			Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands			
June 4	#	51	8	9	296	269
June 11	#	70	10	13	318	340
June 18	#	#	7	7	261	274
June 25	44	100	8	6	310	357
			Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands			
May 7	#	68	13	15	487	411
May 14	#	100	16	23	526	533
May 21	#	#	12	11	430	446
May 28	68	153	13	#	520	502
June 4	102	138	16	9	439	484
June 11	174	120	12	18	678	586
June 18	#	146	11	36	532	513
June 25	#	159	12	0	513	572

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending June 25, 1966 totaled 643,000 heavy white, 7,000 bronze and 100,000 light breed poults. Compared with the same week of last year, the heavy white hatch was up 49,000 poults, and light breeds up 56,000, while the bronze hatch was down 110,000 poults.

Minnesota-Wisconsin settings totaled 782,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 159,000 light breed eggs. The heavy white set was down 1 percent from a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 30 percent of the week's hatch compared with 22 percent a year ago and 41 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577		757		209		16,119		1,703	
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

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June 30, 1966

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JUL 5 1966

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-June 1966

MINNESOTA: The Index of prices received by Minnesota farmers in mid-June at 94 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for June since 1952, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 5 points above a year ago and 2 points above the previous month. Prices of livestock, dairy products and eggs continued at higher levels than a year ago.

Compared with mid-May, the June livestock price index was up 2 points to 111 percent of the 1947-49 average. The crop index was up 3 points from the previous month but 3 points below a year ago. Minnesota's milk and cream price index at 104 was up 2 points from last month and 13 points above a year ago. The poultry and egg index was 1 point below last month and 5 points below last year.

The increase in the crops index from mid-May reflected increases of 15 cents per bushel in the price of soybeans, 7 cents for corn, 6 cents for wheat and 3 cents for rye. Oats was unchanged while barley, flax and hay prices were down from last month.

Hog prices at $22.90 per hundredweight were $1.00 higher than last month and 40 cents above a year earlier. The cattle price remained unchanged from mid-May but $2.30 per hundredweight above last year. Compared with last month calves at $31.30 per hundredweight were up 30 cents; sheep at $6.80, up 20 cents and lambs at $23.10, down 30 cents per hundredweight.

Milk prices at $3.75 per hundredweight were up 7 cents from last month and 52 cents above a year ago.

Turkey prices averaged 23 cents per pound liveweight the same as last month and 1 cent below a year earlier. Egg prices at 25 cents per dozen were down ½ cent from mid-May but still 3 cents above a year earlier.

TABLE I - INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	June 15 Av. 1958-62	June 15, 1963	June 15, 1964	June 15, 1965	May 15, 1966	June 15, 1966
All Farm Products	80	78	75	89	92	94
Crops	69	74	73	84	78	81
Livestock	94	85	78	104	109	111
Dairy Products	86	87	88	91	102	104
Poultry & Eggs	57	54	57	56	62	61

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	June 15, 1962	June 15, 1963	June 15, 1964	June 15, 1965	May 15, 1966	June 15, 1966
Prices Received	240	242	234	254	263	264
Prices Paid 1/	306	312	313	323	333	333
Parity Ratio	78	78	75	79	79	79

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 - Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity - Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			June 15, 1966			
		June 15 1965	May 15 1966	June 15 1966	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		-- Dollars --			-- Dollars --			
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.52	1.54	1.60	1.63	1.47	1.56	1.59
Rye	Bu.	.95	.96	.99	1.07	.85	.94	1.11
Corn	Bu.	1.15	1.06	1.13	1.14	1.07	1.15	1.19
Oats	Bu.	.62	.61	.61	.67	.52	.59	.669
Barley	Bu.	.97	1.06	1.05	.96	.98	.96	1.08
Soybeans	Bu.	2.71	2.86	3.01	3.02	2.91	2.93	3.04
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.96	2.93	2.92	2.89	2.82	2.89	2.76
All hay, baled	Ton	22.00	20.00	18.50	19.90	16.00	16.70	22.60
Potatoes	Cwt.	---	1.65	---	---	---	---	2.04
Hogs	Cwt.	22.50	21.90	22.90	22.90	22.00	22.70	23.00
Cows	Cwt.	15.50	18.80	18.90	18.80	17.80	17.20	17.50
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	23.50	24.30	23.70	24.70	23.50	24.70	24.20
Cattle, All	Cwt.	19.90	22.20	22.20	24.00	21.90	23.40	22.50
Calves	Cwt.	25.60	31.00	31.30	26.50	27.60	28.30	26.00
Sheep	Cwt.	6.10	6.60	6.80	5.90	5.90	5.40	6.67
Lambs	Cwt.	24.80	23.40	23.10	23.50	21.40	23.00	23.50
Milk Cows	Head	215.00	260.00	260.00	235.00	230.00	215.00	242.00
Milk-Wholesale	Cwt.	3.23	3.68	3.75	3.75	3.60	3.65	4.35
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.64	.67	.69	.68	.67	.64	.638
Turkeys-Live	Lb.	.232	.230	.230	.240	.210	.230	.230
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.055	.070	.070	.060	.045	.060	.099
Eggs	Doz.	.220	.255	.250	.255	.260	.252	.329
Wool	Lb.	.52	.57	.56	.52	.53	.56	.533
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.00	3.15	3.15	3.40	3.15	3.35	3.35
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	4.70	5.00	5.10	5.30	5.30	5.20	5.33
Hog Feed, 29% & Over	Cwt.	5.80	6.30	6.30	6.60	---	---	6.30
Beef Cattle Feed 30 % and Over	Cwt.	4.80	5.00	5.00	5.20	---	---	4.70
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.15	3.25	3.20	3.85	---	3.60	3.75
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.94	2.97	3.00	3.05	2.89	2.92	3.53
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.20	4.40	4.35	5.00	4.80	5.00	4.50
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog-Corn 1/		19.6	20.7	20.3	20.1	20.6	19.7	19.3
Beef-Corn 1/		20.4	22.9	21.0	21.7	22.0	21.5	20.3
Egg-Feed 2/		7.5	8.6	8.3	8.4	9.0	8.6	9.3
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		1.9	2.4	2.3	2.0	1.6	2.1	2.8

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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JUL 9 1966

Immediate Release

July 5, 1966

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
May 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during May 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 137,000 head, up 7 percent from April, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Department of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,069 pounds per head, up 4 pounds from the previous month, but the same as May 1965.

May calf slaughter was 12,900 head, down 14 percent from the previous month. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 204 pounds, 9 pounds heavier than in April and 7 pounds heavier than May last year.

The hog-kill in May totaled 360,000 head, 7 percent smaller than the April kill. The average liveweight at 273 pounds was 13 pounds heavier than in both April 1966 and May 1965.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during May 1966 totaled 60,500, up 22 percent from April. The average liveweight at 108 pounds compares to 110 pounds the previous month and 105 pounds a year ago.

Custom slaughtering of animals for farmers in plants is included in the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates. As a result of this change, slaughter in commercial plants is expected to be raised 2 to 3 percent for cattle, 1 to 2 percent each for calves and hogs and less than 1 percent for sheep and lambs. Since custom slaughtering for farmers is seasonal, the effect of this shift on commercial slaughter and meat production will vary somewhat by months. Comparable data for 1965 and earlier years are not available. Due to this change it would be misleading to make comparisons of the current commercial slaughter estimates with the same month a year earlier as is usually shown in the United States summary. In place of this, during 1966, comparisons with the same month a year earlier of the number of head slaughtered will be shown only for the federally inspected portion of the total slaughter.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during May in the 48 States totaled 2,574 million pounds. This was 1 percent more than the April 1966 total of 2,552 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other commercial plants but excludes animals slaughtered on a farm or ranch.

Beef production during May was 1,579 million pounds, 5 percent more than April 1966. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,011 pounds, 10 pounds more than in May 1965 but the same as April 1966. The total commercial cattle kill during May was 2,758,200 head, 6 percent more than April 1966. The May number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 2,248,800 head, 10 percent above May a year ago.

There were 66 million pounds of veal produced during May, 4 percent less than April 1966. Commercial calf slaughter during May totaled 485,500 head, 11 percent less than a month earlier. Federally inspected calf slaughter was 318,400 head in May, 6 percent less than May 1965.

Pork production during May totaled 875 million pounds, 5 percent less than April 1966. The commercial hog kill during May totaled 5,714,400 head, 7 percent less than the preceding month. Hogs slaughtered in federally inspected plants totaled 4,912,600

head, up 4 percent from May a year ago. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight, at 11.1 pounds, was the same as in April 1966 and compared with 11.6 pounds in May 1965.

There were 54 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during May, 2 percent less than a month earlier. Total commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs was 1,064,000 head, 2 percent less than April 1966. Federally inspected sheep and lambs slaughtered in May totaled 969,800 head, 6 percent more than May 1965.

Production of poultry meat during May amounted to 617 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 10 percent above May 1965 and 2 percent above April 1966.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	May		May average Liveweight	
	1965	1966 5/	1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Pounds	
MINNESOTA:				
Cattle	121.0	137.0	1,069	1,069
Calves	14.1	12.9	197	204
Hogs	377.0	360.0	260	273
Sheep and Lambs	42.5	60.5	105	108
UNITED STATES (48 States)				
Cattle	2,500.8	2,758.2	1,001	1,011
Calves	508.1	485.5	236	246
Hogs	5,513.8	5,714.4	241	248
Sheep and Lambs	1,023.1	1,064.0	99	102

MAY COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
May 1965	1,431	66	803	50	2,350	563	154
April 1965 5/	1,506	69	922	55	2,552	605	166
May 1966 5/	1,579	66	875	54	2,574	617	157
Jan.-May 1965 6/	7,326	368	4,736	268	12,698	2,659	888
Jan.-May 1966 5/ 6/	7,809	358	4,439	264	12,870	2,887	759

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial meat production estimates beginning with January 1966. 6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
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JUL 11 1966

Immediate Release

July 7, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT

Week Ending July 2, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched 1,583,000 heavy white, 734,000 other heavy (bronze), and 312,000 light breed turkey poults, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared to the same week of last year, the heavy white hatch was up 34 percent, light breeds up 16 percent, while the other heavy hatch was down 23 percent.

The ten-State settings totaled 1,398,000 heavy white, 575,000 other heavy and 549,000 light breed turkey eggs. While the heavy white and other heavy egg sets were down 2 percent and 27 percent respectively, the light breed egg set was up 44 percent from the corresponding week of 1965.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 11	626	755	286	490	1,479	2,009
June 18	620	737	264	439	1,368	1,943
June 25	594	643	246	410	1,249	1,590
July 2	547	597	370	330	1,178	1,583
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 14	1,121	1,434	492	933	2,730	3,734
May 21	1,096	1,376	469	925	2,523	3,754
May 28	1,056	1,263	483	820	2,410	3,156
June 4	1,021	1,111	465	623	2,246	3,092
June 11	950	882	466	600	2,017	2,438
June 18	907	1,003	393	657	1,747	2,524
June 25	790	782	423	537	1,615	1,886
July 2	833	704	303	296	1,433	1,398
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 11	251	124	591	556	1,500	1,240
June 18	166	74	721	546	1,485	1,136
June 25	117	7	623	466	1,218	881
July 2	53	10	532	417	952	734
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 14	532	256	1,046	929	2,816	2,234
May 21	355	167	1,283	908	2,825	1,999
May 28	256	#	1,066	881	2,244	1,731
June 4	143	24	1,017	807	1,958	1,475
June 11	61	0	948	778	1,544	1,345
June 18	#	#	724	633	1,217	952
June 25	#	0	627	543	966	731
July 2	#	#	592	379	790	575
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 11	#	70	10	13	318	340
June 18	#	#	7	7	261	274
June 25	44	100	8	6	310	357
July 2	69	96	4	7	269	312
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 14	#	100	16	23	526	533
May 21	#	#	12	11	430	446
May 28	68	153	13	#	520	502
June 4	102	138	16	9	439	484
June 11	174	120	12	18	678	586
June 18	#	146	11	36	532	513
June 25	#	159	12	0	513	572
July 2	114	189	13	0	382	549

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in these two States during the week ending July 2, 1966 totaled 597,000 heavy white, 10,000 bronze and 96,000 light breed poults. Compared with the corresponding week of 1965, the heavy white hatch was up 50,000 poults, the light breed hatch up 27,000 poults, but the bronze hatch was down 43,000 poults.

Minnesota-Wisconsin eggs set totaled 704,000 heavy white, 189,000 light breed and an undisclosed number of bronze eggs set. Compared to the same week of last year, the heavy white set was down 15 percent, but the light breed set was up 79,000 eggs.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 30 percent of the week's hatch compared with 32 percent a year ago and 30 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577		757		209		16,119		1,703	
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

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JUL 12 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 8, 1966

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of July 1, 1966)

MINNESOTA: Cabbage - Early Summer: Production is forecast at 68,000 hundredweight, 86 percent of last year's crop and 69 percent of the 5-year (1960-64) average. Yield per harvested acre is 5 hundredweight less than last year but about the same as average. The acres to be harvested are down 50 acres from last year and 180 less than the average.

Carrots - Early Fall: The 1966 carrot acreage is forecast at 650 acres for harvest, the same as last year but 80 acres less than the 5-year average.

Onions - Late Summer: The acreage of onions for harvest in 1966 is forecast at 1200 acres, compared with 1200 acres harvested in 1965 and the 5-year average of 1620 acres harvested. The first production estimate for the 1966 crop will be as of August 1 and will be released on August 8.

UNITED STATES: Production of early summer cabbage is forecast at 1,429,000 cwt., 3 percent less than last year. In Ohio, conditions are variable; however, yields are expected to be mostly good. In Minnesota, harvest is expected to begin about August 1. Crop progress is nearly two weeks behind schedule in most areas. The first forecast of late summer cabbage is for 3,261,000 cwt., 6 percent below 1965. Harvest in Indiana has started. In Illinois, growing conditions were good through most of June; however, hot, dry weather in late June and early July was detrimental to the crop. In Iowa, development is later than last year and normal. In Colorado, dry conditions during most of June slowed growth. Harvest should start by mid-July with supplies available into late September. Cool weather in Washington has delayed maturity and harvest will be later than normal in the Puget Sound area. In California, harvest was underway on July 1.

Carrots: The early summer carrot crop in California is estimated at 2,175,000 cwt., 1 percent more than last year and 8 percent above average. The first forecast of late summer carrots is 690,000 cwt., 8 percent less than last year. In Ohio, crop prospects are mostly good. In Colorado, warm, dry weather in late June aided development. The acreage of early fall carrots for harvest is estimated at 23,600 acres, compared with 21,370 acres last year, and 20,040 for the average. In Michigan, stands are generally good in the west central area. In Wisconsin, wind and dry weather have reduced crop prospects. The crop in Texas and New Mexico is making good progress.

Sweet Corn: Production of early summer sweet corn is estimated at 2,253,000 cwt., 16 percent less than last year. Despite the late start in Missouri, the crop is improving and shows promise of good yields. In central Kansas, dry weather has lowered crop prospects. Dry, hot weather in Arkansas damaged late plantings. The Oklahoma harvest is expected to start in early July. Harvest in California is underway in the south coast and San Joaquin Valley counties. The first estimate of late summer sweet corn production is 5,557,000 cwt., 6 percent below last year. The Ohio crop is expected to be 2 weeks later than usual as the result of the May freeze which caused considerable replanting. Growth in Illinois has been satisfactory but rain is needed. In Michigan, late plantings are developing well. In Colorado, warm, dry weather in late June caused good growth. Water supplies are adequate. Early plantings in northern fields are ahead of normal and harvest should start the last half of July.

Onions: Production of early summer onions is estimated at 2,888,000 cwt., 27 percent above last year. In Iowa, harvest was expected to start in early July. In Texas, good movement should continue until mid-July. In Washington, harvest started in late June and should be active during July and early August. Growers have 57,630 acres of late summer onions for harvest, compared with 58,650 acres harvested last year and the 5-year average of 56,280 acres. In Wisconsin wind damage caused some thin stands. Prospects in Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas are good. In the Idaho-Eastern Oregon area, the crop is in good condition although cool weather slowed development. The Colorado crop looks good despite a few thin stands. Western Oregon prospects are very favorable. In California, the crop is making good development.

GREEN PEAS: For the summer producing States of New York and Colorado, the crop of green peas is estimated at 38,000 cwt., 24 percent below last year. In New York supplies should be available through August. The Colorado crop is making good growth. Harvest in the San Luis Valley is expected to start around mid-July.

Acreage and estimated production reported to date, 1966 with comparisons

Crop and State	Acreage Harvested		For Harvest 1966	Yield per acre			Production		
	Average 1960-64	1965		Av. 60-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	- Acres -			- Cwt.-			- 1,000 cwt. -		
CABBAGE 1/									
Winter. . . .	44,190	39,300	38,800	155	162	170	6,817	6,358	6,598
Early Spring.	12,280	12,050	11,550	137	141	146	1,685	1,698	1,689
Late Spring. .	7,260	7,400	8,000	135	128	140	983	947	1,117
Early Summer:									
Ohio. . . .	1,680	1,700	1,700	183	160	165	307	272	280
Minnesota. .	580	450	400	169	175	170	98	79	68
Other States .	5,310	5,780	5,730	204	195	189	1,081	1,127	1,081
Group Total. .	7,570	7,930	7,830	197	186	183	1,486	1,478	1,429
Late Summer:									
Pennsylvania .	3,260	3,000	2,600	193	195	185	631	585	481
Indiana. . . .	1,240	1,000	950	225	285	225	278	285	214
Illinois . . .	2,200	2,500	2,600	197	175	175	432	438	455
Iowa.	440	450	300	159	160	180	70	72	54
North Carolina	3,600	3,600	3,300	163	185	170	585	666	561
Georgia. . . .	550	450	450	111	110	110	61	50	50
Colorado . . .	2,320	1,800	2,000	262	250	250	608	450	500
Washington . .	1,320	1,400	1,400	229	240	230	302	336	322
California . .	2,740	2,800	2,900	217	215	215	595	602	624
Group Total. .	17,670	17,000	16,500	202	205	198	3,563	3,484	3,261
Early Fall 2/. .	31,750	32,390	30,910	259	281		8,290	9,114	Aug. 8
Late Fall. 2/. .	3,260	2,700	2,650	130	129		419	349	Oct. 7
CARROTS 1/									
Winter.	41,120	38,000	34,700	145	159	153	5,947	6,040	5,294
Spring.	2,400	2,300	3,000	171	185	210	402	426	630
Early Summer:	7,460	7,300	7,500	271	295	290	2,011	2,154	2,175
Late Summer:									
Massachusetts .	410	440	450	186	225	220	77	99	99
New Jersey. . .	990	800	800	284	280	250	283	224	200
Ohio.	500	500	550	299	285	285	149	142	157
Colorado. . . .	1,500	1,500	1,300	187	190	180	280	285	234
Group Total. .	3,410	3,240	3,100	231	231	223	789	750	690
Early Fall:									
Illinois. . . .	650	550	550	285	255		183	140	Aug. 8
Michigan. . . .	4,100	4,600	4,800	234	245		959	1,127	
Wisconsin . . .	2,140	3,200	3,400	365	395		783	1,264	
Minnesota . . .	730	650	650	379	425		275	276	
Texas.	4,900	5,400	7,000	185	200		896	1,080	
Other States . .	7,520	6,970	7,200	322	360		2,418	2,507	
Group Total . .	20,040	21,370	23,600	275	299		5,514	6,394	
ONIONS 1/									
Early Spring. .	22,800	23,100	16,600	129	130	95	2,942	3,003	1,577
Late Spring. . .	7,870	6,250	6,780	246	324	326	1,906	2,026	2,209
Early Summer . .	9,440	9,750	13,340	234	233	216	2,209	2,268	2,888
Late Summer. . .									
New York. . . .	15,100	16,400	14,700	316	330		4,762	5,412	
Michigan. . . .	7,440	7,500	6,900	346	360		2,567	2,700	
Wisconsin . . .	2,260	1,900	1,900	235	295		532	560	Aug. 8
Minnesota . . .	1,620	1,200	1,200	213	250		343	300	
Colorado. . . .	7,800	6,500	6,200	283	275		2,211	1,788	
Washington. . .	1,020	1,000	900	390	440		393	440	
Western Oregon.	2,100	2,200	2,200	350	385		737	847	
Idaho.	2,100	3,300	3,200	434	535		913	1,766	
Eastern Oregon	3,120	3,300	4,000	467	525		1,458	1,732	
California. . .	9,740	11,400	13,000	350	360		3,420	4,104	
Other States. .	3,980	3,950	3,430	276	317		1,099	1,251	
Late Summer Total	56,280	58,650	57,630	328	356		18,435	20,900	

1/ Includes processing. 2/ The 1966 acreage for harvest is prospective acreage.

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Crop 100 years & Livestock Reports

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MINNESOTA CROP REPORT
JULY 1, 1966

Immediate Release

July 11, 1966

Based on conditions reported as of July 1, the 1966 corn crop is forecast at about 11 percent above a year ago, but production of the other grain crops is expected to be less according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The Feed Grain Index at 99 is 5 points above 1965, but below the 5-year average index of 102. The Food Grain Index of 97 is below the 107 of 1965 and also below the 5-year average of 106. Relatively good crops are now in prospect although yields on small grains are expected to be below the yields obtained in 1965.

Moisture accumulation during the past fall and winter was above normal, but moisture has been below normal since April 1. The spring season was cold and damp, and spring work got off to a slow start. Seeding of small grain was later than normal, but was virtually completed by the end of May in all areas except in the Red River Valley. Early June was more favorable and seeding was completed for the State by June 10. Planting of corn and soybeans progressed ahead of normal. Cooler than normal weather prevailed until the last week of June, but growth of both corn and beans continued ahead of average. Small grains and the hay crop also progressed satisfactorily.

CORN: The acreage planted to corn in 1966 is estimated at 5,405,000 acres, 6 percent less than a year ago and 10 percent below the 5-year average. Based on the July 1 reported condition, a yield of 67 bushels per acre is forecast and this yield applied to the 4,472,000 acres for harvest would give Minnesota a corn crop of about 300 million bushels for 1966. A corn crop this size would be 11 percent above 1965, but 3 percent less than the 5-year (1960-64) average. Corn planting this year was several days ahead of the unusually late season of a year ago. Planting was virtually completed by June 11 when normally on this date about 5 percent of the acreage is yet to be planted. On July 2, the average height of corn was 21 inches which is 8 inches taller than on that date last year and 3 inches taller than average on July 2.

WHEAT: The acreage seeded to spring wheat in 1966 was estimated at 759,000 acres and of this amount 42,000 acres was durum. It is now estimated that 746,000 acres of spring wheat will be harvested with a crop of 20,262,000 bushels. In addition to this the State will harvest 6,000 acres of winter wheat for a total of 752,000 acres.

The wheat crop of 20,424,000 bushels for 1966 is now in prospect which is about 9 percent below production in 1965 and nearly 2 million bushels less than the 5-year (1960-64) average.

OATS: An oat crop of about 156 million bushels is forecast for Minnesota in 1966 which is about 5 percent less than the 1965 crop and about 2 percent below the 5-year average. The smaller crop this year is due to lower yields now indicated since acres for harvest is up 2 percent. Based on the July 1 indication, a yield per acre of 51 bushels is forecast which compares with 55 for a year ago, and the 5-year average of 47.5 bushels per acre. Although the crop was late in getting started, more favorable weather in recent weeks brought this crop along in good shape with about one-half of the crop headed on July 2.

BARLEY: A barley crop of 22,610,000 bushels for 1966 is now forecast. Acres for harvest at 665,000 is 9 percent above a year ago, but the yield indicated for this year at 34 bushels is 10 bushels less than record high of 44 bushels last year.

FLAXSEED: A flax crop of 5,076,000 bushels is now indicated for 1966 which is nearly 1 million less than 1965, and 17 percent below the 5-year average. Flax yield is forecast at 12 bushels per acre compared with 14 bushels last year and the 5-year average of 11.4 bushels. Acreage for harvest this year is placed at 423,000 acres, 21 percent below the 5-year average.

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SUGAR BEETS: The sugar beet crop now indicated at 1,392,000 tons, is 6 percent above a year ago and 12 percent above the 5-year average. Acres for harvest at 121,000 acres is the same as a year earlier. Yield is estimated at 11.5 tons per acre, slightly above last year.

POTATOES: The late summer and fall potato crop looked very well on July 1. The late summer crop yield is forecast at 165 hundredweight with a crop of 1,304,000 hundredweight which is about 10 percent above last year. The acreage of late summer potatoes is estimated at 7,900 acres and is 10 percent above the acreage harvested in 1965. Acres of fall potatoes for harvest is estimated at 91,000 acres, 5 percent higher than in 1965.

HAY: The 1966 hay crop is estimated at 7.2 million tons which is about 9 percent below production last year and 6 percent below the average. The all hay yield for this year is expected to be about average.

COMMERCIAL APPLES: The commercial apple crop is forecast at 500,000 bushels - 72 percent above the short crop of 290,000 bushels in 1965.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 994 million pounds during June, 3 percent below last year, and 4 percent below May this year. Production for the first 6 months this year is 9 percent below the corresponding period a year ago. Production per cow in June averaged 850 pounds, the first month this year that rate of production exceeded the corresponding month a year earlier.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production in June totaled 184 million eggs, down 12 percent from a year ago. Layers averaged 65 eggs per 100 layers during June compared with 66 eggs during June a year ago. Production during the first 6 months this year totaled 1173 million eggs, off 13 percent from the corresponding period last year.

July 1, 1966 Crop Production Prospects, Minnesota

Commodity	Acreage			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	For Harvest 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Indicated 1966
	Av-'60-'64	1965							
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
Corn for Grain	5,037	4,428	4,472	61.2	61.0	67.0	307,550	270,108	299,624
Winter Wheat	18	9	6	25.1	24.0	27.0	458	216	162
Durum Wheat	47	68	40	27.9	31.0	30.0	1,341	2,108	1,200
Other Spring Wheat	829	720	706	24.5	27.5	27.0	20,359	19,800	19,062
Oats	3,365	3,004	3,064	47.5	55.0	51.0	160,154	165,220	156,264
Barley	769	610	665	31.6	44.0	34.0	24,278	26,840	22,610
Rye	76	102	61	19.0	20.5	20.0	1,440	2,091	1,220
Flaxseed	535	432	423	11.4	14.0	12.0	6,148	6,048	5,076
Soybeans for Beans	2,372	3,166	3,388	21.3	18.5	1/	50,559	58,571	1/
Potatoes (cwt.)									
Late Summer	6.6	7.2	7.9	153	165	165	1,014	1,188	1,304
Fall	100.6	87.0	91.0	117	140	---	11,779	12,180	1/
Sugar Beets (tons)	104.5	121.0	121.0	11.9	10.9	11.5	1,240	1,318	1,392
Hay, All (tons)	3,637	3,527	3,356	2.12	2.26	2.16	7,685	7,962	7,235

1/ First estimate available in August

UNITED STATES: Crop prospects are not quite as favorable as a year ago. June weather permitted farmers to catch up on planting, but crop progress is somewhat behind normal. Crop acreage declined slightly, but soybeans, corn, barley, rice, and potatoes were among crops having increases. Feed grain production is expected to be slightly less than last year. Winter wheat improved, but spring wheat prospects declined in June. Milk production was 3 percent less and egg production 2 percent less than during June 1965.

Crops planted for 1966 harvest total 306 million acres -- 1.7 million less than the 1965 total, but nearly the same as in 1964. Total acreage of feed grain increased 1 percent, but food grain and oilseed acreage declined. Despite delayed plantings, farmers seeded most intended crop acreages although there were some shifts; notably from cotton to soybeans in southern areas.

Indicated acreage for harvest in 1966 declined about the same as for planted acreage. Acreage losses after planting are expected to total about the same as in 1965. The current estimate of 292 million acres for harvest is the second smallest of recent years -- only 1962 showing a smaller harvested total.

Prospects for "all crops" as reported by farmers for their localities were rated below a year earlier. Most of the important North Central region had good to excellent prospects.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
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Statistical Reporting Service
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 12, 1966

MINNESOTA BARLEY VARIETIES - 1966 CROP

For the past three seasons Larker has been the most popular barley variety seeded in Minnesota. It accounted for 86 percent of the 1966 acreage, according to a survey of growers made by the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The second leading variety is Trophy which accounted for 4 percent of the acreage seeded in 1966. These two varieties were first distributed to growers in 1962, and in 1963, together accounted for 37 percent of the barley acreage. In 1964 they made up 83 percent and in 1965, 93 percent. The Larker variety continues to show a gain while Trophy has declined during the past two years. In earlier years Traill and Kindred were the most important varieties in the State. Kindred, an important variety in earlier years, dropped out completely this year and Traill claims only 1 percent of the acreage. Conquest and Dickson, new to Minnesota growers account for 6 percent of the State's acreage in 1966.

Larker has been the most popular barley variety for the past few years. Seed for this variety was first distributed to growers in 1962. In 1963 it made up 5 percent of the total acreage, 42 percent in 1964, and 84 percent in 1965. This year Minnesota barley growers seeded 86 percent of the total barley acreage to Larker. In the important Northwest district barley growers used Larker on 90 percent of their total barley acreage while growers in the West Central district planted 76 percent of their barley acreage to Larker.

Trophy is the second leading variety but its importance has declined sharply during the past two years. Trophy accounts for only 4 percent of the total in 1966 compared with 9 percent in 1965, 41 percent in 1964, and 32 percent in 1963.

Conquest is a new variety, first distributed to Minnesota growers in 1966 and accounts for 3 percent of the State's total barley acreage. It is seeded on 4 percent of the barley acreage in the Red River Valley district.

The Dickson variety was first made available to Minnesota growers in 1965 on a somewhat limited basis. In 1966 seed for this variety was more plentiful and this year Dickson accounts for 3 percent of the State's barley acreage.

Parkland a relatively minor variety, accounts for 3 percent of the barley acres in 1966. In 1965 and 1964 Parkland was planted on 4 percent of the State's barley acreage.

Kindred and Traill varieties which accounted for most of the barley acreage from 1956 through 1963 have declined sharply in the past three seasons. Traill now accounts for only 1 percent of the acreage and Kindred has dropped to less than 1 percent.

As of July 1, 1966 the Minnesota barley crop was forecast at 22,610,000 bushels. The acreage for harvest was estimated at 665,000. The indicated yield of 34 bushels per acre is 10 bushels less than the record high of 44 bushels per acre in 1965.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

MINNESOTA BARLEY VARIETIES BY SELECTED CROP REPORTING DISTRICTS - 1966

District	Planted Acreage of Barley	Percent of acreage seeded to each variety in 1966						
		Larker	Trophy	Conquest	Dickson	Parkland	Traill	Kindred
	Thous. Acres	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
N.West (1)	500	90	1/	4	3	3	1/	1/
W.Cent.(4)	167	76	16	2	2	2	2	1/
All Other	15	61	21	3	1/	1/	10	5
State Total	682	86	4	3	3	3	1	1/

1/ Less than 1 percent

MINNESOTA PLANTED BARLEY ACRES BY VARIETIES
(Thousand Acres)

District	All Varieties	Larker	Trophy	Conquest	Dickson	Parkland	Traill	Kindred
N. West (1)	500	450	-	20	15	15	-	-
W.Cent. (4)	167	127	28	3	3	3	3	-
All Other	15	9	3	-	-	-	2	1
State Totals	682	586	31	23	18	18	5	1

BARLEY VARIETIES: Percent of Acreage Seeded to Each Variety, Minnesota

Variety	1958	1959	1960	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Larker 2/	-	-	-	1/	5	42	84	86
Trophy 2/	-	-	-	1	32	41	9	4
Conquest 3/	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Dickson 4/	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Parkland	4	4	4	9	9	4	4	3
Traill	30	48	50	57	31	7	1	1
Kindred	47	31	36	31	22	6	1	-
Forrest	16	17	8	-	1/	-	-	-
Other and Unknown	3	1/	2	2	1	1/	1	-

1/ Less than 1 percent
2/ First seed distributed in 1962
3/ First seed distributed in 1966
4/ First seed distributed in 1965

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Immediate Release

July 13, 1966

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT
as of July 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Green Peas for Processing: Minnesota production is forecast at 85,000 tons for 1966. This is an increase of 21 percent over the 1965 production of 70,270 tons and an increase of 50 percent over the 1960-64 average of 56,610 tons. Harvested acreage is estimated at 68,000 acres, which is up 20 percent from last year's 56,900 acres, and up 37 percent from the 1960-64 average of 49,700 harvested acres. The 1966 yield forecast of 2,500 pounds per acre is up 1 percent over the 1965 yield of 2,470 pounds and up 9 percent from the 1960-64 average of 2,300 pounds per acre.

SWEET CORN FOR PROCESSING: Stands are good, and much of the earlier planted corn was knee high on July 1.

SNAP BEANS FOR PROCESSING: Minnesota acreage and estimated production is included in the estimates for "Other States". The yield forecast for these States is 2.0 tons per acre for 1966, which is down 5 percent from the 1965 yield of 2.1 tons per acre.

GREEN LIMA BEANS FOR PROCESSING: Minnesota preliminary planted acreage is included in the estimate for "Other States". The planted acreage for these States is 4 percent above last year's acreage, but down 7 percent from the 1960-64 planted acreage.

BEETS FOR PROCESSING: Minnesota preliminary planted acreage is included in the estimate for "Other States". The planted acreage for these Staes is 15 percent above the 1965 acreage, but down 12 percent from the 1960-64 average planted acreage.

CUCUMBERS FOR PICKLES: The crop looks good, but could use additional moisture

UNITED STATES: GREEN PEAS: Based on July 1 crop prospects, the 1966 production of green peas for processing is set at 547,400 tons, down 9 percent from last year but 10 percent above average. This year's yield at 2,472 pounds per acre, compares with 2,726 pounds in 1965. Most of the expected decrease in production is in the Pacific Northwest.

SNAP BEANS: The 1966 production of snap beans for processing in the U.S. is forecast at 563,870 tons, 4 percent more than last year and 24 percent more than average. The acreage expected for harvest at 242,500 acres, is 5 percent larger than in 1965. Based on July 1 conditions, the 1966 crop is expected to yield 2.3 tons per acre, the same as last year. The shift from pole type beans to bush type continues in the western States, which tends to lower the average yield in this area.

GREEN LIMA BEANS: The U.S. planted acreage of green lima beans for processing in 1966 is estimated at 100,310 acres, up 11 percent from both last year and average. The planted acreage is 2 percent less than intentions reported on April 1. All principal producing States have a larger acreage than last year. The 1966 planted acreage for canning is 17 percent greater than last year and the acreage for freezing is 9 percent larger. The acreage of baby limas for freezing is up 9 percent and Fordhooks up 8 percent from 1965.

BEETS: The U. S. planted acreage of beets for processing in 1966 is estimated at 17,620 acres, up 11 percent from last year but about the same as the average. All the principal producing States have a larger acreage this year than in 1965.

Vegetable crops developed rapidly during June in most areas of the country, except for the northwestern States where cool temperatures slowed growth. Crop conditions were generally good in the eastern half of the country on July 1, however, moisture was badly needed over most of this area. In the northwest, crop development was generally behind schedule. Harvest of early season vegetables was progressing satisfactorily in most areas of the country.

Marvin A. Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Green peas for processing: Preliminary acreage and indicated production by States, 1966 with comparisons

State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest						
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Av. 60-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	- Acres -			- Pounds -			- Tons -		
New York	10,140	7,600	7,200	2,820	2,990	3,000	14,240	11,360	10,800
Pennsylvania	4,860	5,600	6,400	2,920	2,750	2,800	7,080	7,700	8,960
Delaware	7,540	7,900	6,300	2,600	2,340	3,100	9,650	9,240	9,760
Maryland	7,540	8,500	8,500	2,750	3,140	3,100	10,250	13,340	13,180
Indiana	1,320	1,300	1,000	1,980	1,750	2,500	1,290	1,140	1,250
Michigan	5,940	5,300	5,900	2,380	2,380	2,400	7,010	6,310	7,080
Wisconsin	105,900	124,700	130,000	2,400	2,540	2,500	125,390	158,370	162,500
Minnesota	49,700	56,900	68,000	2,300	2,470	2,500	56,610	70,270	85,000
Idaho	13,820	14,000	13,300	2,150	2,310	1,700	14,490	16,170	11,300
Washington	75,860	88,300	83,000	2,840	3,170	2,500	107,750	139,960	103,750
Oregon	58,520	56,400	51,000	1,930	2,750	1,800	56,640	77,550	45,900
California	9,800	11,700	9,400	3,360	3,260	3,400	16,280	19,070	15,980
Other States 1/	47,890	53,430	52,890	2,934	2,674	2,720	70,170	71,430	71,940
United States	398,830	441,630	442,890	2,495	2,726	2,472	496,870	601,910	547,400

1/ Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Montana, North Carolina, New Jersey, Ohio, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, and Wyoming.

Snap beans for processing: Preliminary acreage and indicated production by States, 1966 with comparisons

State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest						
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Av. 60-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
Maine	1,720	1,500	1,600	2.2	2.1	2.3	3,800	3,200	3,700
New York	44,440	50,100	51,000	1.8	1.8	1.9	80,080	90,200	96,900
Pennsylvania	7,360	10,000	10,000	1.6	1.7	1.5	11,640	17,000	15,000
Delaware	6,480	6,700	5,200	1.2	1.4	1.5	7,580	9,400	7,800
Maryland	11,400	15,100	15,300	1.6	1.8	1.5	18,260	27,200	23,000
Virginia	1,980	1,700	1,800	1.6	1.3	1.5	3,100	2,200	2,700
North Carolina	2,560	2,900	3,800	1.9	2.3	1.9	4,860	6,700	7,200
South Carolina	1,160	700	800	1.1	1.2	1.2	1,260	840	960
Florida	9,700	8,100	6,100	1.9	1.9	1.8	18,540	15,100	11,000
Michigan	9,440	12,000	12,000	1.6	1.6	1.5	14,940	19,200	18,000
Wisconsin	28,980	36,300	37,500	1.8	2.3	2.2	52,570	83,500	82,500
Tennessee	10,000	12,800	12,300	2.1	2.0	1.8	20,680	25,600	22,100
Oklahoma	3,280	2,100	4,300	1.5	2.4	1.8	5,320	5,000	7,700
Texas	7,500	5,700	7,100	1.9	2.0	2.3	14,400	11,400	16,300
Colorado	1,980	2,300	2,500	2.6	2.4	2.5	5,140	5,500	6,200
Washington	2,080	2,600	3,000	5.5	5.2	5.0	11,460	13,500	15,000
Oregon	16,160	21,900	24,700	6.9	5.6	5.5	110,140	122,600	135,800
California	4,580	7,700	11,000	6.8	2.5	2.5	30,660	19,200	27,500
Other States 1/	20,320	30,060	32,500	2.0	2.1	2.0	41,220	62,910	64,510
United States	191,120	230,260	242,500	2.4	2.3	2.3	455,650	540,250	563,870

1/ Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey, Ohio, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, and Wyoming.

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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 14, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 9, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in 6 of the important turkey States hatched 1,004,000 heavy white, 527,000 other heavy, and 321,000 light breed turkey poults during the week ending July 9 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy white production was up 6 percent while other heavy was down 19 percent and light breed production was down 6 percent from the corresponding week in 1965.

(continued on back)

NOTE: Beginning with this report, poult operations for only six States will be included in the report until about December 1.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 18	620	737	264	439	1,368	1,943
June 25	594	643	246	410	1,249	1,590
July 2	547	597	270	330	1,178	1,583
July 9	520	471	237	308	2/ 951	2/1,004
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 21	1,096	1,376	469	925	2,523	3,754
May 28	1,056	1,263	483	820	2,410	3,156
June 4	1,021	1,111	465	623	2,246	3,092
June 11	950	882	466	600	2,017	2,438
June 18	907	1,003	393	657	1,747	2,524
June 25	790	782	423	537	1,615	1,886
July 2	833	704	303	296	1,433	1,398
July 9	663	537	259	257	2/1,048	2/ 878
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 18	166	74	721	546	1,485	1,136
June 25	117	7	623	466	1,218	881
July 2	53	10	532	417	952	734
July 9	37	0	497	422	2/ 647	2/ 527
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 21	355	167	1,283	908	2,825	1,999
May 28	256	#	1,066	881	2,244	1,731
June 4	143	24	1,017	807	1,958	1,475
June 11	61	0	948	778	1,544	1,345
June 18	#	#	724	633	1,217	952
June 25	#	0	627	543	966	731
July 2	#	#	592	379	790	575
July 9	#	0	234	192	2/ 306	2/ 219
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 18	#	#	7	7	261	274
June 25	44	100	8	6	310	357
July 2	69	96	4	7	269	312
July 9	116	81	6	9	2/ 342	2/ 321
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 21	#	#	12	11	430	446
May 28	68	153	13	#	520	502
June 4	102	138	16	9	439	484
June 11	174	120	12	18	678	586
June 18	#	146	11	36	532	513
June 25	#	159	12	0	513	572
July 2	114	189	13	0	382	549
July 9	114	129	5	0	2/ 341	2/ 374

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

2/ A six-State total that includes California, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Texas and Oregon.

SIX STATE TOTAL continued

The six-State settings totaled 878,000 heavy white, 219,000 other heavy and 374,000 light breed turkey eggs. While the heavy white and other heavy egg sets were down 16 percent and 28 percent respectively, the light breed set was up 10 percent from a year ago.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 9 included 471,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 81,000 light breed poults. For the same week a year ago, 520,000 heavy white, 37,000 bronze and 116,000 light breed poults were produced.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577		757		209		16,119		1,703	
July	2,045		112		281		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529		207		508		15,197		2,790	
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Eggs set in the two States consisted of 537,000 heavy white, no bronze and 129,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 663,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze and 114,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 37 percent of the week's hatch compared with 31 percent a year ago and 27 percent the previous week.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Deaprtment of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JUL 20 1966

July 15, 1966

Immediate Release

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
June 1966

Minnesota: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 3,371,000 chicks during June 1966, which was 17 percent above the June 1965 hatch, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The June hatch consisted of 2,485,000 egg-type and 886,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was up 17 percent and broiler-type production was up 18 percent from June 1965.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-June was $3.00 per 100 pounds, compared with $2.97 the previous month, and $2.94 a year earlier. On June 15 the egg-feed ratio for Minnesota was 8.3 compared with 8.6 the previous month and 7.5 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January .	694	772	+11	728	680	- 7
February .	1,033	744	-28	611	587	- 4
March . .	3,350	4,340	+30	742	786	+ 6
April . .	5,603	6,736	+20	881	1,200	+36
May . . .	5,240	6,139	+17	886	1,028	+16
June. . .	2,132	2,485	+17	751	886	+18
July. . .	623			630		
August . .	461			613		
September	362			569		
October .	536			538		
November .	528			578		
December .	519			663		

1/ Final.

John Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

United States: Chick production by hatcheries during June 1966 was 300.7 million, 10 percent above the 274.1 million in June 1965. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 246.3 million, up 9 percent from June 1965 and the largest of record for the month. During the first half of 1966 there were 1,410.0 million broiler-type chicks produced, 9 percent above the same period in 1965 and the highest of record for the six-month period. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on July 1, 1966 was 8 percent above July 1 last year.

There were 54.4 million egg-type chicks hatched during June -- up 15 percent from June 1965. All regions recorded increases from a year earlier except the West which was down 3 percent. Increases were as follows: 39 percent in the South Atlantic; 27 percent in the South Central; 24 percent in the East North Central; 7 percent in the West North Central; and 5 percent in the North Atlantic. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first half of 1966 totaled 360.4 million--an increase of 14 percent from the same period last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on July 1 was up 20 percent from July 1, 1965.

Broiler and Egg-Type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During June			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Ohio	700	750	2,290	2,350
Indiana	3,055	2,845	2,552	3,595
Illinois	90	78	2,007	2,348
Michigan	390	440	1,040	1,400
Wisconsin	1,175	1,460	595	830
E. N. Central	5,410	5,573	8,484	10,523
Minnesota	751	886	2,132	2,485
Iowa	380	300	3,530	3,100
Missouri	3,168	2,795	1,607	1,977
North Dakota	1/	1/	153	210
South Dakota	1/	1/	900	775
Nebraska	261	264	1,160	1,598
Kansas	55	30	602	620
W. N. Central	1/ 4,678	1/ 4,411	10,084	10,765
United States	226,959	246,318	47,123	54,365

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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Immediate Release

July 18, 1966

CATTLE ON FEED - JULY 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: On July 1, 1966, there were 389,000 head of cattle and calves on grain feed in Minnesota according to the Minnesota Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 8 percent above July 1, 1965 and 23 percent less than the number on feed on April 1 this year.

Marketings of grain fed cattle during the past three months totaled 172,000 head, 17 percent more than during the same period a year earlier. Slaughter steer prices at the South St. Paul stockyards averaged $24.48 per hundred during April, May and June, $1.08 more than during the same months of 1965. Heifer prices averaged $23.77, $1.78 more than in 1965. Average weights of slaughter steers and heifers for the same period were 1,089 pounds and 932 pounds, up 35 pounds and 23 pounds, respectively, from 1965.

Placements during the last three months were 56,000 head, the same as last year. Inshipments however reported by the Livestock Sanitary Board for the same period were 45 percent larger than a year earlier.

Of the 389,000 head on feed July 1, two-thirds were steers and the remainder were heifers and other cattle. By weight groups, cattle weighing less than 900 pounds were 8 percent above a year ago while those weighing over 900 pounds were up 7 percent.

32 STATES: Cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market on July 1, 1966 in 32 major feeding States totaled 8,347,000 head, 11 percent more than a year earlier. Increases from a year earlier were shown in the number on feed in all weight groups. The number placed on feed during the past quarter was 6 percent above the same quarter a year earlier. Marketings during this period were up 11 percent. The July 1 number on feed was 13 percent below the number on feed April 1 this year compared with an 11 percent decrease for this same period last year.

On July 1 there were 5,041,000 cattle and calves on feed in the North Central States, 9 percent more than last year. Iowa and Nebraska, the leading States in this region, were up 2 percent and 16 percent, respectively. All States except Michigan showed increases, ranging from 1 percent in North Dakota to 38 percent in Kansas. Michigan was down 2 percent. There were 2,449,000 cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in the 11 Western States on July 1--up 9 percent from a year earlier. Increases were shown in all States except Arizona. California, the leading Western State, was up 10 percent. Other increases ranged from 4 percent in Utah to 40 percent in New Mexico. Arizona had 3 percent fewer cattle on feed than on July 1 last year. The nine other cattle feeding States had 857,000 cattle and calves on feed July 1 -- up 33 percent from last year. Texas, the major feeding State in the group, showed an increase of 45 percent.

Cattle and calves placed on feed in the 32 States during April-June totaled 3,632,000 head, an increase of 6 percent from the same period in 1965. Placements were up 11 percent in the North Central States, but down 3 percent in the Western States.

Marketings of fed cattle for slaughter during the second quarter totaled 4,830,000 head -- 11 percent above the same period in 1965. Fed cattle marketings were up 14 percent in the North Central States and 2 percent in the Western States. Of the July 1 number on feed, cattle feeders intend to market 4,664,000 head during July, August, and September. This would be 11 percent above July-September marketings last year from July 1 numbers.

The July 1 number of cattle and calves on feed in the 32 States by weight groups showed a larger number than a year earlier in all groups. The number in each weight groups and percentage change from July 1 last year are as follows: under 500 pounds, 327,000 head, up 17 percent; 500-699 pounds, 1,971,000 head, up 15 percent; 700-899 pounds, 3,685,000 head, up 7 percent; 900-1099 pounds, 2,018,000 head, up 15 percent; 1,100 or more pounds, 346,000 head, up 9 percent.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Cattle and Calves on Grain Feed, Minnesota and 32 States, 1966 with Comparisons

Item	MINNESOTA			32 STATES		
	1965	1966	1966 Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	1966 Pct. of 1965
	1,000 Head		Percent	1,000 Head		Percent
Cattle and Calves on Feed, April 1	451	505	112	8,460	9,545	113
Placed on Feed April 1 - June 30 1/	56	56	100	3,419	3,632	106
Fed Cattle Marketed April 1-June 30 1/	147	172	117	4,364	4,830	111
Cattle and Calves on Feed, July 1	360	389	108	7,515	8,347	111
Kinds on Feed July 1						
Steers and Steer Calves	237	261	110	5,268	5,769	110
Heifers and Heifer calves	122	127	104	2,221	2,548	115
Cows and Other	1	1	100	26	30	115
Time on Feed July 1						
Under 3 months	54	55	102	3,284	3,475	106
3-6 Months	93	97	104	2,401	2,963	123
Over 6 months	213	237	111	1,830	1,909	104
Weight Groups July 1						
Under 900 pounds	292	316	108	5,447	5,983	110
900 - 1,099 pounds	56	62	111	1,752	2,018	115
1,100 pounds and over	12	11	92	316	346	109
July - September Marketings	165	170	103	2/4,216	3/4,664	111

1/ Includes cattle placed on feed after beginning of quarter and marketed before end of quarter.
2/ Actual marketings from July 1 number on feed, excluding those placed on feed after July 1 and marketed before September 30. 3/ Expected marketings from July 1, 1966 number on feed.

Cattle and Calves on Feed by Quarters, July 1, 1965, April 1 and July 1, 1966 1/

State	July 1, 1965	April 1, 1966	July 1, 1966	July 1, 1966 as percent of July 1, 1965
	- - 1,000 Head - -			Percent
Pennsylvania	47	77	55	117
Ohio	144	204	154	107
Indiana	150	234	160	107
Illinois	485	653	500	103
Michigan	110	160	108	98
Wisconsin	93	137	104	112
Minnesota	360	505	389	108
Iowa	1,596	1,909	1,628	102
Missouri	171	290	219	128
North Dakota	90	119	91	101
South Dakota	245	343	270	110
Nebraska	883	1,181	1,022	116
Kansas	287	433	396	138
North Central States	4,614	6,168	5,041	109
Georgia	34	68	49	144
Florida	37	45	28	76
Kentucky	41	62	39	95
Tennessee	19	28	25	132
Alabama	16	29	18	112
Mississippi	13	12	10	77
Oklahoma	85	132	121	142
Texas	354	530	512	145
Montana	51	89	54	106
Idaho	111	162	120	108
Wyoming	18	38	24	133
Colorado	447	572	477	107
New Mexico	79	122	111	140
Arizona	292	294	284	97
Utah	48	62	50	104
Nevada	19	20	20	105
Washington	99	123	106	107
Oregon	62	84	70	113
California	1,029	828	1,133	110
Western States	2,255	2,394	2,449	109
32 State Total	7,515	9,545	8,347	111

1/ Cattle & calves on feed are animals being fattened for the slaughter market on grain or other concentrates which are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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AUG 22 1966

Immediate Release

July 21, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 16, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 1,686,000 turkey poults during the week ending July 16, an increase of 12 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production of all heavy breed (including crosses with light white breeds) poults totaled 1,409,000 - also an increase of 12 percent from 1965. By breed types - heavy white hatchings totaled 1,020,000; other heavy (mostly bronze), 389,000; and light breeds 277,000 poults. The heavy white hatch was up 29 percent and light breeds up 11 percent, while other heavy hatchings were down 17 percent from the corresponding week of 1965.

The six-state settings totaled 1,289,000 eggs of all breeds for the week ending July 16, a level 3 percent lower than the same week of last year. Total heavy breed (including crosses) settings totaled 923,000 eggs, of which 737,000 were heavy white and

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 25	594	643	246	410	1,249	1,590
July 2	547	597	270	330	1,178	1,583
July 9	520	471	237	308	2/ 951	2/ 1,004
July 16	464	524	199	313	2/ 792	2/ 1,020
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 28	1,056	1,263	483	820	2,410	3,152
June 4	1,021	1,111	465	623	2,246	3,104
June 11	950	882	466	600	2,017	2,438
June 18	907	1,003	393	657	1,747	2,526
June 25	790	782	423	537	1,615	1,886
July 2	833	704	303	296	1,433	1,398
July 9	663	537	259	257	2/ 1,048	2/ 878
July 16	557	493	164	173	2/ 805	2/ 737
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 25	117	7	623	466	1,218	880
July 2	53	10	532	417	952	734
July 9	37	0	497	422	2/ 647	2/ 527
July 16	#	#	376	322	2/ 467	2/ 389
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 28	256	16	1,066	881	2,244	1,724
June 4	143	24	1,017	807	1,958	1,444
June 11	61	0	948	778	1,544	1,345
June 18	#	#	724	633	1,217	947
June 25	#	0	627	543	966	737
July 2	#	#	592	379	790	575
July 9	#	0	234	192	2/ 306	2/ 219
July 16	#	#	140	160	2/ 229	2/ 186
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
June 25	44	100	8	6	310	357
July 2	69	96	4	7	269	312
July 9	116	81	6	9	2/ 342	2/ 321
July 16	#	99	6	#	2/ 250	2/ 277
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
May 28	68	153	13	10	520	556
June 4	102	138	16	9	439	495
June 11	174	120	12	18	678	586
June 18	#	146	11	36	532	513
June 25	#	159	12	0	513	572
July 2	114	189	13	0	382	549
July 9	114	129	5	0	2/ 341	2/ 374
July 16	127	145	0	0	2/ 300	2/ 366

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina. 2/ A six-State total that includes: California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

SIX STATE TOTAL continued

186,000 other heavy eggs. All heavy settings were down 11 percent, heavy white down 8 percent, and other heavy down 19 percent from a year ago. Light breed settings totaled 366,000 eggs, or 22 percent above 1965.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 16, included 524,000 heavy white, 99,000 light breed poults and an undisclosed number of other heavy poults. Heavy white hatchings for the week were 13 percent above a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Eggs set in the two States consisted of 493,000 heavy white, 145,000 light breed eggs, and an undisclosed number of other heavy eggs. During the same week last year, 557,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of other heavy and 127,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 21 percent of the week's hatch compared with 30 percent a year ago and 37 percent the previous week.

John S. Rowe
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AUG 22 1966

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

July 22, 1966

CHICKENS RAISED - 1966

MINNESOTA: The number of chickens to be raised on Minnesota farms in 1966 is estimated at 12,972,000 or 18 percent more than the 10,993,000 raised in 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. However, the 1966 estimate is 17 percent below the 5-year average (1960-64). Minnesota now ranks ninth among the States in the number of chickens raised annually, the same rank as last year.

For the month of June the State ranked tenth in the number of layers on hand with an average of 9,464,000 birds.

UNITED STATES: The number of chickens raised during 1966 in the United States (50 States) is expected to total 334,731,000--up 12 percent from 1965.

Compared with last year, chickens raised in 1966 are expected to increase 8 percent in the North Atlantic, 12 percent in the East North Central, 9 percent in the West North Central States. Gains of 15 percent in the South Atlantic and 16 percent in the South Central States are also expected. The West is expected to increase 7 percent over 1965.

The number of chickens to be raised in 1966 exceeds growers' earlier intentions. On February 1, egg producers indicated intentions to purchase 1 percent more replacement chicks and started pullets for their laying flocks in 1966 than in 1965. Egg-type chicks hatched January through June totaled 360,361,000 -- up 14 percent from the comparable period in 1965. Hatchings for the remainder of the year are expected to be higher than the last half of 1965.

Prices received by farmers in mid-June for eggs averaged 32.9 cents per dozen nationally -- up 10 percent over a year earlier. Feed costs this summer are above last year with egg-feed ratios becoming slightly less favorable for producers. Egg production for the first half of 1966 was more than 1 percent below the comparable period last year. The number of layers in flocks on July 1, 1966 for the United States total 284,646,000 layers, down 1 percent from the level on the same date a year ago.

(Commercial broiler production is not included in these estimates of chickens raised).

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Chickens: Number Raised on Farms

State and division	1960-64 average	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1966 as % of 1965
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
Maine	5,994	6,026	6,086	5,964	6,143	6,389	104
N. H.	2,376	2,291	2,360	2,195	2,173	2,195	101
Vt.	920	956	899	854	777	777	100
Mass.	3,377	3,360	3,192	3,064	2,972	3,091	104
R. I.	447	463	440	405	401	401	100
Conn.	3,916	4,049	4,009	3,608	3,536	3,607	102
N. Y.	7,492	7,026	7,588	8,043	7,239	8,614	119
N. J.	7,028	7,229	6,795	6,048	4,234	5,165	122
Pa.	15,457	15,685	14,901	13,858	12,472	12,971	104
N. Atl.	47,006	47,085	46,270	44,039	39,947	43,210	108
Ohio	9,688	9,469	9,374	9,374	8,530	9,810	115
Ind.	12,618	12,464	11,592	11,940	10,746	12,036	112
Ill.	9,524	9,071	8,527	8,271	7,444	8,263	111
Mich.	5,658	5,458	5,294	5,559	4,836	5,610	116
Wis.	6,659	6,090	6,029	6,029	5,125	5,330	104
E. N. Cent.	44,147	42,552	40,816	41,173	36,681	41,049	112
Minn.	15,568	15,023	13,821	13,406	10,993	12,972	118
Iowa	22,157	20,670	19,636	18,654	16,229	16,391	101
Mo.	9,845	9,108	8,562	8,476	7,289	8,018	110
N. Dak.	2,928	2,688	2,607	2,346	1,877	2,046	109
S. Dak.	7,165	7,080	6,514	6,188	5,322	6,174	116
Nebr.	8,105	7,516	6,990	6,710	5,636	6,538	116
Kans.	7,390	6,946	6,390	6,582	6,055	6,237	103
W. N. Cent.	73,157	69,031	64,520	62,362	53,401	58,376	109
Del.	990	992	952	904	823	914	111
Md.	1,786	1,827	1,790	1,522	1,370	1,576	115
Va.	6,423	6,604	6,406	6,470	5,888	6,536	111
W. Va.	1,754	1,796	1,634	1,634	1,585	1,744	110
N. C.	14,597	13,644	15,281	15,587	14,808	14,808	100
S. C.	6,988	7,026	6,604	6,274	5,960	7,033	118
Ga.	16,872	18,150	19,092	19,749	20,341	25,630	126
Fla.	6,120	5,445	6,806	8,099	8,828	10,240	116
S. Atl.	55,529	55,484	58,565	60,239	59,603	68,481	115
Ky.	5,863	5,583	5,304	5,569	5,346	5,346	100
Tenn.	5,508	5,141	5,141	4,884	4,640	5,614	121
Ala.	9,871	9,820	10,115	11,835	12,900	14,319	111
Miss.	8,493	8,261	9,418	11,019	12,121	14,060	116
Ark.	7,871	7,346	8,962	9,858	10,745	13,539	126
La.	4,139	4,039	3,918	4,192	4,402	5,150	117
Okla.	3,137	3,132	2,819	2,593	2,308	2,770	120
Texas	14,201	14,148	13,724	13,450	13,584	15,622	115
S. Cent.	59,083	57,470	59,401	63,400	66,046	76,420	116
Mont.	1,521	1,533	1,334	1,294	1,165	1,165	116
Idaho	1,590	1,606	1,558	1,355	1,233	1,245	101
Wyo.	273	250	262	220	191	185	97
Colo.	1,238	1,268	1,103	1,070	1,016	1,077	106
N. Mex.	694	730	672	672	685	754	110
Ariz.	1,006	1,119	1,041	1,010	1,040	1,144	110
Utah	1,294	1,342	1,248	1,086	1,064	1,085	102
Nev.	87	89	79	71	57	49	86
Wash.	4,300	4,359	4,359	4,359	4,097	4,138	101
Oreg.	2,953	2,955	2,807	2,611	2,350	2,280	97
Calif.	32,781	34,022	32,661	33,967	30,570	33,321	109
West	47,738	49,273	47,124	47,715	43,468	46,443	107
48 State Total	326,660	320,895	316,696	318,928	299,146	333,979	112
Alaska	---	22	19	33	47	40	85
Hawaii	---	801	812	814	749	712	95
U. S.	326,660	321,718	317,527	319,773	299,942	334,731	112

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

July 25, 1966

Immediate Release

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
(as of July 15, 1966)

GREEN PEAS FOR PROCESSING: Minnesota: Harvesting of the Minnesota processing pea crop progressed favorably with some plants completing their pea harvest and preparing for the start of the Sweet Corn harvest.

Minnesota production of green peas for processing in 1966 is estimated at 78,200 tons, 11 percent more than the 70,270 tons produced last year and 38 percent more than the 5-year average. The increase in production is due to 11,100 more acres harvested than in 1965.

Yield per harvested acre declined from 2,470 pounds in 1965 to the estimate of 2,300 pounds for this year.

UNITED STATES: The United States productinn of green peas for processing in 1966 is estimated at 507,100 tons, 16 percent less than last year but 2 percent more than the 5-year average. Eased on mid-July prospects, this year's U. S. prospective yield is 2,290 pounds per acre compared with 2,726 pounds in 1965. Generally, hot, dry weather in the heavy producing North Central States and freezes and dry weather in the Northwestern States hurt the 1966 pea crop.

In New York and Pennsylvania, hot, dry weather during the first half of July hurt the late acreage. Yields on the earlier acreage were mostly good. In Delaware, harvest was complete in early July. The Maryland pea crop was good on the Eastern Shore but dry weather hurt the acreage west of the Bay. In Wisconsin and Minnesota, hot, dry weather in late June and early July hurt the crop and reduced yields below earlier expectations. Harvest was active by mid-July. In Idaho, rainfall near the first of July benefited the later acreage. Harvest was about three-fourths complete by July 15. In eastern Washington, harvest of early plantings was complete with yields mostly poor. However, yield prospects for the later plantings are generally good. In western Washington, cool weather slowed development, but crop condition is mostly good. Peak harvest will be about a week later than usual. In Oregon, yield prospects from the late planted fields are generally good, but the early peas were hurt by the freezes. Harvest is expected to continue into early August. The California crop was virtually all harvested by mid-June.

Al Torvi
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Green peas for processing: Preliminary acreage and indicated production, by States, 1966 with comparisons

State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest	Average		Indicated	Average		Indicated
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	1960-64	1965	1966	1960-64	1965	1966
	- Acres -			- Pounds -			- Tons -		
New York	10,140	7,600	7,200	2,820	2,990	2,800	14,240	11,360	10,080
Pennsylvania.	4,860	5,600	6,400	2,920	2,750	2,700	7,080	7,700	8,640
Delaware	7,540	7,900	6,300	2,600	2,340	3,300	9,650	9,240	10,400
Maryland	7,540	8,500	8,500	2,750	3,140	3,100	10,250	13,340	13,180
Indiana	1,320	1,300	1,000	1,980	1,750	2,600	1,290	1,140	1,300
Michigan	5,940	5,300	5,900	2,380	2,380	2,100	7,010	6,310	6,200
Wisconsin ...	105,900	124,700	130,000	2,400	2,540	2,000	125,390	158,370	130,000
Minnesota ...	49,700	56,900	68,000	2,300	2,470	2,300	56,610	70,270	78,200
Idaho	13,820	14,000	13,300	2,150	2,310	1,700	14,490	16,170	11,300
Washington ..	75,860	88,300	83,000	2,840	3,170	2,600	107,750	139,960	107,900
Oregon	58,520	56,400	51,000	1,930	2,750	1,800	56,640	77,550	45,900
California ..	9,800	11,700	9,400	3,360	3,260	3,400	16,280	19,070	15,980
Other States 1/ ..	47,890	53,430	52,890	2,934	2,674	2,572	70,170	71,430	68,020
United States	398,830	441,630	442,890	2,495	2,726	2,290	496,870	601,910	507,100

1/ Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Montana, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia and Wyoming.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota Department of Agriculture
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AUG 22 1966

Immediate Release

July 25, 1966

1966 CALF CROP REPORT

MINNESOTA: The 1966 Minnesota calf crop is estimated at 1,521,000 head, down 7 percent from the 1,638,000 calf crop of last year, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This year's calf crop is also 6 percent below the 5-year average (1960-64) of 1,621,000 head.

The 7 percent smaller calf crop for 1966 is the result of a 6 percent decline in the number of cows 2 years old and older on Minnesota farms from January 1, 1965 to January 1, 1966, together with a drop from 86 percent last year to 85 percent in the number of calves born and to be born in 1966 expressed as a percent of all cows and heifers 2 years old and older on hand at the beginning of the year.

UNITED STATES: The 1966 calf crop for the United States is expected to total 42,263,000 head, 2 percent less than 1965. This is the first reduction from the preceding year since 1958.

Cows and heifers 2 years old and older on January 1, 1966 at 49,243,000 head, also were 2 percent less than a year earlier.

The number of calves born and to be born in 1966, expressed as a percentage of cows and heifers 2 years old and older the first of the year, is 86 percent the same as in 1965. This percentage is not strictly a calving rate because the January 1 inventory of cows and heifers 2 years old and older does not include all heifers that give birth to calves during the year and includes some cows that die or are slaughtered before calving.

All North Central States show smaller calf crops this year than in 1965, ranging from a slight reduction in South Dakota to 7 percent declines in Minnesota, Michigan, and Ohio. The East North Central States are down 5 percent and the West North Central, 2 percent.

Most Southern States have smaller calf crops indicated, with the South Atlantic States down 2 percent and the South Central down 1 percent. Slight increases are shown for North Carolina, Mississippi, and Arkansas. Florida, up 3 percent, is the only Southern State with a significant increase.

All except three Western States expect smaller calf crops than in 1965, with the total down less than one-half percent. Indicated reductions by States range up to 5 percent for Nevada and Washington. Increases shown are 2 percent for Colorado and Wyoming and 5 percent for Montana, the largest for any State.

Except for Rhode Island with no change, all North Atlantic States expect smaller calf crops than 1965.

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Calf crop, 1965 and 1966, by States

State	Cows and heifers 2 yrs. & older January 1			Calves born as percent of cows and heifers 2+ January 1 1/		Calves born 2/			
	5-year average 1960-64	1965	1966	1965	1966	5-year average 1960-64	1965	1966	1966 as % of 1965
	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	Percent	Percent	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	Percent
Maine	113	103	97	81	81	94	83	79	95
N.H.	59	53	50	85	85	51	45	42	93
Vt.	286	269	257	84	83	241	226	213	94
Mass.	101	90	86	80	80	83	72	69	96
R.I.	15	12	11	75	79	12	9	9	100
Conn.	95	85	82	82	82	77	70	67	96
N.Y.	1,419	1,376	1,321	84	83	1,200	1,156	1,096	95
N.J.	139	124	117	79	77	111	98	90	92
Pa.	1,073	1,015	967	87	87	927	883	841	95
Ohio	1,002	923	870	86	85	856	794	740	93
Ind.	824	836	793	88	88	722	736	698	95
Ill.	1,310	1,276	1,214	88	87	1,150	1,123	1,056	94
Mich.	818	798	750	84	83	709	670	622	93
Wis.	2,533	2,541	2,453	87	88	2,285	2,211	2,159	98
Minn.	1,813	1,905	1,789	86	85	1,621	1,638	1,521	93
Iowa	1,960	2,082	2,002	90	91	1,788	1,874	1,822	97
Mo.	1,940	2,074	2,004	89	90	1,739	1,846	1,804	98
N.Dak.	1,011	1,167	1,130	88	89	924	1,027	1,006	98
S.Dak.	1,624	1,899	1,814	88	92	1,511	1,671	1,669	100
Nebr.	1,943	2,159	2,175	91	89	1,777	1,954	1,935	99
Kans.	1,744	1,891	1,850	90	90	1,564	1,702	1,665	98
Del.	33	29	28	79	79	26	23	22	96
Md.	278	267	263	85	84	232	227	221	97
Va.	775	746	719	84	84	651	627	604	96
W.Va.	299	289	277	86	84	255	249	233	94
N.C.	507	514	509	80	81	394	411	412	100
S.C.	300	301	298	84	84	236	253	250	99
Ga.	769	831	819	80	78	620	665	639	96
Fla.	963	1,022	1,039	76	77	673	777	800	103
Ky.	1,183	1,344	1,298	88	91	1,060	1,183	1,181	100
Tenn.	1,110	1,244	1,240	85	84	958	1,057	1,042	99
Ala.	957	994	978	80	80	773	795	782	98
Miss.	1,227	1,254	1,243	76	77	933	953	957	100
Ark.	819	878	858	79	81	660	694	695	100
La.	1,125	1,171	1,139	78	77	875	913	877	96
Okla.	1,875	2,074	2,098	88	86	1,596	1,825	1,804	99
Texas	5,235	5,692	5,580	82	83	4,341	4,667	4,631	99
Mont.	1,257	1,458	1,503	91	93	1,147	1,327	1,398	105
Idaho	642	712	695	89	90	579	634	626	99
Wyo.	599	657	682	91	89	529	598	607	102
Colo.	953	1,029	1,026	90	92	856	926	944	102
N.Mex.	703	660	648	83	84	592	548	544	99
Ariz.	416	463	442	76	78	329	352	345	98
Utah	372	400	395	89	88	323	356	348	98
Nev.	287	308	304	79	76	229	243	231	95
Wash.	580	618	585	87	87	519	538	509	95
Oreg.	754	815	792	86	85	649	701	673	96
Calif.	1,754	1,823	1,844	90	87	1,536	1,635	1,609	98
48 States	47,594	50,271	49,134	86	86	41,012	43,065	42,187	98
Alaska	---	4.4	4.4	91	84	---	4.0	3.7	92
Hawaii	90	100	105	71	69	62	71	72	101
U. S.	---	50,376	49,243	86	86	---	43,140	42,263	98

1/ Not strictly a calving rate. Figure represents calves born expressed as percentage of the number of cows and heifers 2 years and over on farms and ranches January 1. 2/ Calves born before June 1 plus the number expected to be born after June 1.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Minn. Dist. Doc.
AUG 22 1966

Immediate Release

July 27, 1966

GRAIN STOCKS - July 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Stocks of corn in all storage positions in the State totaled 187 million bushels on July 1, 19 percent below last year's holdings, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farm stocks were about 26 million bushels less than holdings a year earlier, while off-farm stocks were nearly 20 million bushels below a year ago. Off-farm stocks totaled 49.0 million bushels and were stored in the following positions: 18.2 million in country elevators, 6.3 million in the terminal areas of Minneapolis-St. Paul and Duluth, 0.5 million in country processing plants (including hybrid seed corn firms) and 24.0 million bushels in Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) bin sites.

Total wheat stocks of 59.5 million bushels in all storage positions were 28 percent below July 1, 1965 stocks. Wheat held on farms totaled 1.8 million bushels compared with 3.2 million a year ago. Off-farm stocks of 57.7 million bushels were 28 percent less than a year earlier and were stored in the following positions: 46.3 million bushels in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas, 8.5 million in country elevators, and 2.9 million at country processors. Holdings in CCC bins amounted to only 58,000 bushels.

Stocks of oats in all storage positions totaled 64.5 million bushels, 16 percent more than a year ago. Farm stocks of 44.6 million bushels accounted for nearly 70 percent of total stocks. Off-farm stocks totaled 19.8 million bushels with 11.1 million in country elevators and 8.5 million in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas. Oats in CCC bins totaled 174,000 bushels.

Barley stocks in all storage positions of 18.9 million bushels were 12 percent greater than the quantity held a year earlier. Farm holdings totaled 5.1 million compared with 2.7 million bushels last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 13.8 million bushels and were held in the following positions: 9.6 million in the terminal areas, 1.6 million in country elevators, and 2.6 million in country processing plants.

Stocks of rye in all storage positions totaled 4.6 million bushels compared with 1.8 million bushels on hand last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 4.4 million bushels of which 3.4 million were held in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas. Country processors held 357,000 bushels and country elevators 684,000 bushels. Farm stocks amounted to 167,000 bushels compared with 113,000 bushels a year earlier.

July 1, 1966 stocks of soybeans in all storage positions totaled 12.2 million bushels, 1 percent below holdings on this date last year. Farm stocks totaled 2.9 million bushels the same as holdings a year earlier. Off-farms stocks totaled 9.2 million bushels of which 3.4 million were held in country elevators, 3.5 million in the terminal areas and 2.3 million bushels were held by country processors.

Flax stocks in all storage positions totaled 3.7 million bushels, 24 percent less than the 4.9 million held July 1, 1965. Farm stocks amounted to 484,000 bushels compared with 450,000 bushels a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 3.2 million bushels compared with 4.4 million on hand last year. Of the off-farm stocks, 1.5 million were held in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas or at country processors and 1.7 million bushels were held by country elevators.

UNITED STATES: Corn stocks in all storage positions on July 1 totaled 1,814 million bushels--6 percent less than a year earlier and 26 percent below average. This is the smallest July 1 stocks since 1956. Current holdings indicate a disappearance of 1,086 million bushels during April-June--a record for the quarter. Farm stored corn totaled 1,347 million bushels, 5 percent more than a year earlier, but 6 percent below average. Corn under Government loan made up 34 percent of the farm stocks, compared with 46 percent a year earlier. Off-farm stocks of 468 million bushels were 28 percent below a year earlier and the smallest since 1954. Corn owned by or under loan to CCC made up 81 percent of the off-farm total compared with 75 percent last year.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

All wheat in storage on July 1 totaled 536 million bushels--the smallest July 1 stocks since 1952. Carry-over on July 1 last year totaled 818 million bushels. Most of the decline from last year occurred in off-farm holdings. Wheat stored in off-farm positions totaled 405 million bushels, 41 percent less than July 1, 1965. Farm stocks, at 131 million bushels, were below last year by 1 percent. Durum wheat stocks in all storage positions on July 1 totaled 54.9 million bushels, 19 percent less than a year earlier. Farm stocks, at 23.9 million bushels, were 24 percent above a year earlier. Off-farm holdings of 31.0 million bushels were 36 percent below July 1, 1965.

Oats stocks in all positions totaled 323 million bushels, 14 percent larger than holdings of July 1 a year ago and 11 percent above average. Both farm and off-farm stocks were above a year earlier. About one-third of the oats in all storage positions were owned by CCC or under Government loan.

Barley stored in all positions on July 1 totaled 108 million bushels. This was 6 percent more than a year earlier but nearly 25 percent less than the 1960-64 average July 1 holdings. Larger farm holdings more than offset declines in off-farm positions. Stocks owned by CCC or under Government loan represented 18 percent of the total compared to nearly 35 percent of the total last year.

Rye in storage on July 1, at 18.5 million bushels, was 43 percent larger than the July 1, 1965 holdings. Farm stocks totaled nearly 4.0 million bushels, 46 percent above a year earlier while off-farm holdings of 14.5 million bushels were 42 percent larger. Nearly 55 percent of the total stocks were either Government owned or under Government loan.

Soybean stocks in all storage positions on July 1, 1966 totaled 134 million bushels, compared with 131 million bushels held a year earlier and the 1960-64 average of 138 million bushels. The 6 percent increase in off-farm holdings was nearly offset by a 16 percent decrease from last year in farm stocks. Soybeans owned by CCC, or under loan, including purchase agreements, accounted for 7 percent of the total stocks.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions on July 1 totaled 14.4 million bushels, an increase of 3.5 million bushels over July 1 holdings a year ago. Off-farm stocks, which account for 76 percent of the total, increased 2.5 million bushels while farm stocks advanced 1.0 million bushels over last year. Flaxseed owned by CCC or under Government loan accounted for 94 percent of the total stocks.

OFF FARM GRAIN STOCKS, MINNESOTA, JULY 1, 1966

Commodity	Mpls.-St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- - Thousand Bushels - -							
Corn	3,490	6,334	553	511	24,617	18,162	40,006	23,978
Wheat	65,108	46,258	1,797	2,898	12,876	8,501	115	58
Oats	2,384	8,537	1/	1/	9,347	11,138	445	174
Barley	10,032	9,591	1,775	2,579	2,253	1,635	---	---
Rye	1,087	3,381	136	357	477	684	---	---
Soybeans	4,028	3,513	2,656	2,280	2,770	3,431	---	---
Flaxseed	2,983	1,536	1/	1/	1,424	1,692	---	---

1/ Included in terminal stocks

GRAIN STOCKS - July 1, 1966

Commodity	On-Farm		Off-Farm 1/		Total	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- - Thousand Bushels - -					
MINNESOTA						
Corn	163,265	137,755	68,666	48,985	231,931	186,740
Wheat	3,192	1,770	79,896	57,715	83,088	59,485
Oats	43,180	44,609	12,176	19,849	55,356	64,458
Barley	2,748	5,100	14,060	13,805	16,808	18,905
Rye	113	167	1,700	4,422	1,813	4,589
Soybeans	2,852	2,929	9,454	9,224	12,306	12,153
Flaxseed	450	484	4,407	3,228	4,857	3,712
UNITED STATES						
Corn	1,283,437	1,346,763	650,332	467,583	1,933,769	1,814,347
Wheat	132,919	131,297	684,740	404,724	817,659	536,021
Oats	219,920	248,204	62,770	74,744	282,690	322,948
Barley	40,704	49,155	61,146	58,812	101,850	107,967
Rye	2,711	3,948	10,215	14,526	12,926	18,474
Soybeans	23,019	19,280	108,465	114,593	131,484	133,873
Flaxseed	2,462	3,431	8,460	10,991	10,922	14,422

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks

STOCKS OF GRAINS, SELECTED STATES, JULY 1, 1965-66

State	Shelled and Ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels				Thousand Bushels			
N. Y.	2,373	1,632	4,452	4,333	1,109	1,155	5,208	5,097
Ohio	21,852	22,401	66.119	75,159	2,275	2,394	6,987	6,951
Ind.	29,334	24,495	107,779	141,384	825	712	3,514	3,333
Ill.	114,175	70,561	257,414	248,894	2,396	2,105	10,257	10,404
Mich.	8,801	7,910	36,288	34,577	538	683	5,957	5,140
Wis.	6,986	6,864	36,425	46,676	2,155	3,796	22,271	29,326
Minn.	68,666	48,985	231,931	186,740	12,176	19,849	55,356	64,458
Iowa	219,830	130,615	653,559	552,836	5,030	6,181	36,147	34,247
Mo.	23,003	20,728	57,482	76,600	1,793	1,123	4,738	2,756
N.Dak.	1,337	1,062	4,016	4,398	12,637	14,039	51,337	59,653
S.Dak.	26,638	18,234	69,257	60,572	11,301	13,188	41,977	58,058
Nebr.	80,619	62,621	270,505	218,356	888	1,375	8,671	12,349
Kans.	18,309	17,013	26,649	28,196	421	332	2,071	1,710
Mont.	5	20	15	27	424	708	4,014	6,296
Idaho	81	149	288	367	729	566	1,935	2,082
Wash.	40	100	308	334	1,788	896	2,160	1,152
Oreg.	97	120	199	286	2,089	1,187	2,869	1,889
Calif.	729	2,620	1,111	2,850	883	937	904	1,009
Other States	27,457	31,454	109,972	131,762	3,313	3,518	16,317	17,038
UNITED STATES	650,332	467,584	1,933,769	1,814,347	62,770	74,744	282,690	322,948

State	Barley				Oats			
N. Y.	1,350	1,042	1,410	1,084	*	79	*	180
Ohio	35	15	107	98	17	11	58	71
Ind.	28	14	108	48	16	26	48	49
Ill.	801	*	887	*	1,768	*	1,773	*
Mich.	*	*	*	*	40	25	154	99
Wis.	15,182	15,707	15,279	15,795	*	*	*	*
Minn.	14,060	13,805	16,808	18,905	1,700	4,422	1,813	4,589
Iowa	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mo.	1,213	562	1,315	597	117	174	174	212
N. Dak.	8,152	8,042	25,432	32,258	3,266	3,478	4,627	5,932
S. Dak.	2,601	2,110	4,129	3,622	857	1,392	1,085	1,694
Nebr.	295	112	1,079	387	192	236	378	421
Kans.	1,006	461	2,528	973	553	580	682	693
Mont.	4,954	3,539	12,523	10,130	77	103	135	145
Idaho	793	823	2,696	3,307	9	5	19	17
Wash.	3,351	3,703	3,687	3,930	369	299	415	311
Oreg.	1,266	1,681	1,755	2,020	21	63	33	104
Calif.	1,517	1,976	1,883	2,323	-	-	-	-
Other States	4,542	5,220	10,224	12,490	1,213	3,633	1,532	3,957
UNITED STATES	61,146	58,812	101,850	107,967	10,215	14,526	12,926	18,474

STOCKS OF [illegible], SELECTED STATES, July 1, 1965-66

State	Off-Farm 1/		Total all positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	15,786	13,539	16,078	13,805
Ohio	1,830	2,552	2,510	2,934
Indiana	1,424	456	1,939	849
Illinois	2,614	5,552	2,955	5,666
Michigan	3,154	3,177	5,314	3,867
Wisconsin	19,829	15,000	20,010	15,172
Minnesota	79,896	57,715	83,088	59,485
Iowa	6,214	5,944	6,240	5,952
Missouri	20,208	9,560	20,672	9,886
North Dakota	80,020	55,467	128,368	109,379
South Dakota	38,080	28,706	49,725	40,059
Nebraska	46,246	17,073	58,058	24,927
Kansas	223,189	88,378	237,194	99,341
Montana	11,115	8,600	32,004	35,244
Idaho	930	1,740	3,933	5,210
Washington	12,360	18,302	16,059	23,296
Oregon	7,021	8,042	8,545	9,557
California	3,898	3,089	3,980	3,167
Other States	110,926	61,832	120,987	68,225
UNITED STATES	684,740	404,724	817,659	536,021

STOCKS OF SOYBEANS AND FLAXSEED, SELECTED STATES, July 1, 1965-66

State	Soybeans (Old Crop)				Flaxseed			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
Ohio	6,327	5,167	6,745	5,677	-	-	-	-
Ind.	5,539	6,226	7,525	8,297	-	-	-	-
Ill.	26,338	30,834	29,922	32,580	-	-	-	-
Mich.	457	705	797	857	-	-	-	-
Wis.	*	*	*	*	631	*	636	*
Minn.	9,454	9,224	12,306	12,153	4,407	3,228	4,857	3,712
Iowa	21,145	17,859	30,844	22,806	*	*	*	*
N.Dak.	100	100	142	176	2,190	5,410	3,803	7,757
S.Dak.	61	323	182	776	975	1,761	1,350	2,313
Nebr.	1,333	1,075	1,995	2,635	-	-	-	-
Kans.	1,719	3,120	2,021	3,485	-	-	-	-
N.C.	1,546	1,597	1,709	2,292	-	-	-	-
S.C.	990	1,023	1,247	1,929	-	-	-	-
Ky.	1,651	1,972	1,768	2,122	-	-	-	-
Tenn.	3,950	7,332	4,152	7,676	-	-	-	-
Miss.	2,790	3,470	2,913	3,634	-	-	-	-
Ark.	*	*	*	*	-	-	-	-
La.	5,001	4,398	5,041	4,465	-	-	-	-
Okla.	80	8	100	79	-	-	-	-
Texas	*	55	*	78	-	-	-	-
Mont.					4	10	22	52
Calif.	-	-	-	-	*	*	*	*
Mo.	5,606	4,825	6,780	5,634	-	-	-	-
Other States	14,378	15,280	15,295	16,522	253	582	254	588
UNITED STATES	108,465	114,593	131,484	133,873	8,460	10,991	10,922	14,422

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 28, 1966

HONEY REPORT - July 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Colonies of bees in Minnesota on July 1, 1966 totaled 309,000 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This estimated number of colonies is 3 percent more than the 300,000 colonies on hand last year. In number of colonies, Minnesota ranks second among the States, but far behind first place California with 611,000 colonies.

Condition of colonies on July 1 was reported at 86 percent, 6 percent above last year. Nectar plant condition was 91 percent, up 8 percent from a year ago.

UNITED STATES: Colonies of bees on July 1 in the 48 States totaled 5,510,000. Colony numbers declined 1 percent for the second successive year. Sharpest reductions occurred in the North Atlantic and East North Central States where 3 percent less colonies were on hand this July 1. The South Atlantic region declined 2 percent and the South Central States had a 1 percent reduction. Colonies of bees in the West North Central States showed a 3 percent increase while the Western States had little change from 1965.

Losses of colonies this past winter and spring averaged below a year earlier. They were reported at 16 percent compared with 18 percent on July 1, 1965. Starvation and winter kill, along with the combination of the two, caused the greatest number of winter losses. Severe March storms in the North Central region were detrimental to colonies but much of the early winter season was favorable. Some beekeepers are following the practice of destroying colonies in the fall and replacing them with package bees in the spring.

Condition of colonies on July 1 for the 48 States averaged 84 percent of normal. This was 2 percent below a year earlier and the lowest colony condition in recent years. Average condition of colonies was down sharply in the South Atlantic, South Central, and Western regions which more than offset slightly higher colony conditions in the North Atlantic and North Central States. Winter cold spells and a late, cold spring lowered colony conditions in the South Atlantic States. This was followed by hot, dry weather during June giving colonies little chance to build up their honey supply. In California, colonies are in mostly good condition but 5 points below a year earlier.

Condition of nectar plants for the 48 States was reported at 75 percent, compared to 80 percent on July 1 last year and was well below average. Plant conditions were 14 percent below a year earlier in the South Atlantic States, 13 percent below in the Western States, and 12 percent below in the South Central region. Nectar plant conditions were 10 percent higher in the North Atlantic States and 4 percent above a year earlier in the East North Central region. Plants throughout much of the 48 States suffered from a cold, late spring. Frost in May and June killed blossoms in many areas. These factors retarded the early honey flow. Warming weather in June was accompanied by dry conditions and nectar plants suffered.

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Colonies of Bees and Condition of Colonies and Nectar Plants on July 1

State and division	Colonies of Bees			Condition 1/			
				Colonies		Nectar Plants	
	1965	1966	1966 as % of 1965	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thou.	Thou.	Percent				
Maine	6	6	100	87	89	76	89
N.H.	6	6	100	84	91	81	86
Vt.	11	11	100	84	86	65	86
Mass.	10	10	100	89	87	82	89
R.I.	2	2	100	87	88	79	87
Conn.	11	11	100	85	85	75	85
N.Y.	197	183	93	81	81	70	84
N.J.	35	36	103	74	89	65	79
Pa.	138	139	101	85	84	68	65
N.Atl.	416	404	97	82	83	70	77
Ohio	271	252	93	87	84	72	72
Ind.	190	190	100	86	85	85	80
Ill.	156	151	97	87	87	84	86
Mich.	110	107	97	79	80	81	74
Wis.	184	186	101	79	88	71	91
E.N.Cent.	911	886	97	84	85	77	80
Minn.	300	309	103	80	86	83	91
Iowa	133	136	102	79	86	80	89
Mo.	125	131	105	94	90	84	80
N.Dak.	41	43	105	86	87	86	91
S.Dak.	92	95	103	86	81	92	79
Nebr.	96	97	101	88	80	90	77
Kans.	49	47	96	89	83	91	67
W.N.Cent.	836	858	103	84	85	85	85
Del.	5	5	100	76	95	71	92
Md.	33	31	94	88	91	63	60
Va.	126	116	92	85	82	77	63
W.Va.	97	89	92	86	63	74	48
N.C.	209	213	102	88	78	79	57
S.C.	60	60	100	87	77	83	67
Ga.	200	200	100	90	85	85	71
Fla.	294	294	100	89	88	75	80
S.Atl.	1,024	1,009	98	88	82	78	67
Ky.	104	94	90	88	80	79	63
Tenn.	158	150	95	89	81	84	65
Ala.	176	171	97	89	88	81	71
Miss.	86	84	98	93	89	78	78
Ark.	98	103	105	89	87	87	76
La.	99	100	101	90	90	79	78
Okla.	57	57	100	85	78	80	58
Texas	249	254	102	87	88	84	78
S.Cent.	1,027	1,013	99	89	85	82	72
Mont.	80	80	100	79	83	80	80
Idaho	215	206	96	83	75	82	63
Wyo.	33	33	100	83	85	73	74
Colo.	64	64	100	84	85	83	74
N.Mex.	13	15	115	82	82	78	79
Ariz.	114	114	100	83	83	72	79
Utah	50	50	100	78	81	71	65
Nev.	9	9	100	80	82	78	78
Wash.	97	95	98	87	86	83	79
Oreg.	62	64	103	88	90	83	83
Calif.	605	611	101	89	84	87	70
West.	1,342	1,341	100	86	83	83	72
48 States	5,556	5,510	99	86	84	80	75

1/ Percent of normal.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 28, 1966

1966 LAMB CROP

MINNESOTA: Minnesota's 1966 lamb crop totaled 527,000 head, down 7 percent from the 565,000 head of last year, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This year's lamb crop is also 24 percent below the 5-year (1960-64) average, and is the smallest lamb crop since 1951.

The percentage lamb crop (number of lambs saved per 100 ewes, one year old and over on January 1) at 109 is 4 points below last year and 7 points below the 5-year average. Breeding ewes one year old and over on hand January 1, 1966 totaled 483,000, 3 percent less than last year.

UNITED STATES: The 1966 lamb crop totaled 17,297,000 head, 1 percent less than the 17,557,000 head produced in 1965. The lamb crop in the 13 Western Sheep States (11 Western, South Dakota and Texas) was down less than one percent from the preceding year. In the 35 Native sheep States (excluding the 13 Western States and Alaska) the lamb crop was 4 percent smaller than last year. Breeding ewes 1 year old and older on farms and ranches January 1, 1966 were 3 percent below a year earlier, but ewe lambs under 1 year old were up 10 percent. The lambing percentage (number of lambs saved per 100 ewes 1 year old or older on hand January 1) at 95 was up 1 point from 1965. The Western State lambing percentage, at 92, was 2 points above 1965, while the percentage for the Native States was 105, unchanged from the previous year.

The 1966 lamb crop in the 13 Western States totaled 11,869,000 head--down slightly from the 1965 crop of 11,924,000 head. The number of breeding ewes 1 year old and older on farms and ranches January 1, 1966 was down 3 percent from 1965. Texas, the leading sheep State, with 16 percent of the Nation's lamb crop, had a lambing percentage of 83, up two percentage points from a year earlier. The Texas lamb crop was virtually unchanged from a year earlier because of a smaller number of ewes 1 year old and older on January 1. Colorado, Wyoming and Arizona had larger lamb crops than during the previous year, California was unchanged from 1965, and all other States were below last year. The number of early lambs (dropped before March 15) in the Western States was 3 percent higher than in 1965.

The lamb crop in the 35 Native States totaled 5,422,000 head--down 4 percent from the 1965 crop. It was larger than 1965 in 6 States, lower in 24 States and unchanged in 5 States. The number of ewes 1 year old and older on January 1, 1966 in the Native States was down 4 percent from a year earlier. The lambing percentage at 105 was unchanged from 1965.

SHORN WOOL PRODUCTION - 1966

MINNESOTA: Minnesota's 1966 wool production is estimated at 5,044,000 pounds, down 5 percent from 1965 and the smallest production since 1951. Wool shorn and to be shorn in 1966 is expected to be 19 percent below the 5-year (1960-64) average.

Decreased wool production in 1966 is the result of a decline in the number of sheep and lambs shorn since the average fleece weight is the same as last year. The total number of sheep and lambs shorn and to be shorn during 1966 at 642,000 head is down 23,000 head from the 665,000 head shorn in 1965. At 7.9 pounds per fleece, the 1966 average fleece weight is the same as both last year and the 5-year average.

Prices received by Minnesota farmers for their wool since January 1 have averaged 3 to 4 cents more per pound than for the same period last year.

UNITED STATES: Wool shorn and to be shorn during 1966 in the United States is estimated at 211,248,000 pounds, grease basis. At this level, wool production is 1 percent smaller than the 213,569,000 pounds produced in 1965. The 1966 production is equivalent to 100,765,000 pounds, clean basis, compared with 101,872,000 pounds for 1965, based on a conversion factor of 47.7 percent. The total number of sheep and lambs shorn and to be shorn during 1966 is estimated at 24,873,000 head. This number is 1 percent smaller than the 25,082,000 head shorn in 1965. The average fleece weight is 8.49 pounds compared with 8.51 last year.

Shorn wool production in the 13 Western sheep States (11 Western States, South Dakota, and Texas) is estimated at 158,290,000 pounds compared with the 1965 clip of 157,707,000 pounds. Wool production is higher in 4 of the 13 States. Sheep shorn and to be shorn in 1966 at 18,118,000 head are slightly above the 18,074,000 head shorn in 1965. The average fleece weight is 8.74 pounds compared with the 1965 average of 8.73 pounds.

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

A wool clip of 52,738,000 pounds is expected in the 35 Native or "fleece" wool States (excludes 13 Western States and Alaska). This is a 5 percent smaller clip than the 55,653,000 pounds shorn in 1965. The smaller production results from a 4 percent decline in the number shorn and a 2 percent reduction in average fleece weights. Compared with last year, 31 of the 35 Native sheep States show a decline in production, 2 States are unchanged, and 2 expect a larger wool clip than was produced in 1965.

Lamb Crop and Wool Shorn, 1965 and 1966, by States

State	Lamb Crop				Wool Shorn			
	Breeding ewes 1 year and older January 1		Lambs Saved 1/		Sheep Shorn 2/		Wool Production	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	1,000 head		1,000 head		1,000 head		1,000 pounds	
Maine	20	17	23	20	25	21	180	158
N. H.	4	4	4	4	6	5	42	36
Vt.	7	7	8	7	9	9	73	72
Mass.	7	7	6	7	10	10	70	70
R. I.	2	2	2	2	2	2	14	14
Conn.	6	5	6	5	7	6	50	44
N. Y.	105	96	116	108	113	101	914	821
N. J.	9	9	9	9	11	11	84	82
Pa.	156	153	157	158	197	193	1,497	1,448
Ohio	538	527	539	532	710	705	6,231	6,109
Ind.	318	306	333	325	353	333	2,787	2,627
Ill.	352	341	377	364	548	501	4,207	3,701
Mich.	217	210	226	227	277	269	2,436	2,304
Wis.	130	129	146	139	158	151	1,284	1,208
Minn.	498	483	565	527	665	642	5,282	5,044
Iowa	779	693	788	720	1,093	1,015	8,667	7,773
Mo.	362	300	366	320	446	381	3,627	3,018
N. Dak.	365	350	387	366	443	422	4,290	3,923
S. Dak.	1,057	1,041	1,087	1,082	1,395	1,371	12,440	12,048
Nebr.	260	270	266	285	467	469	3,759	3,674
Kans.	355	426	347	408	440	537	3,589	4,446
Del.	4	3	4	3	4	3	29	22
Md.	22	20	26	22	25	22	180	168
Va.	180	176	215	211	214	212	1,284	1,274
W. Va.	170	165	188	180	187	179	1,085	1,043
N. C.	26	24	28	24	29	28	186	174
S. C.	5	5	4	4	6	6	40	42
Ga.	7	6	5	4	9	8	55	50
Fla.	4	3	3	2	4	3	20	14
Ky.	169	154	195	174	187	168	1,384	1,226
Tenn.	84	76	86	76	90	80	504	448
Ala.	8	7	7	6	9	8	54	46
Miss.	16	15	13	13	21	20	109	108
Ark.	19	15	18	13	20	16	134	107
La.	47	44	36	28	50	48	215	206
Okla.	120	120	128	129	155	152	1,291	1,238
Texas	3,477	3,409	2,816	2,829	5,420	5,755	43,941	45,594
Mont.	1,071	1,007	996	967	1,264	1,215	12,190	11,596
Idaho	779	756	888	860	905	874	8,839	8,888
Wyo.	1,652	1,591	1,355	1,400	1,946	1,950	19,123	20,528
Colo.	925	941	934	969	1,250	1,290	11,410	11,958
N. Mex.	744	687	560	537	922	896	8,669	8,380
Ariz.	359	381	301	303	588	526	4,199	3,775
Utah	1,023	992	870	852	1,178	1,105	11,147	10,839
Nev.	212	197	193	187	231	226	2,189	2,139
Wash.	201	179	227	208	269	244	2,511	2,246
Oreg.	522	475	501	479	693	639	5,317	5,196
Calif.	1,300	1,300	1,196	1,196	2,013	2,027	15,732	15,103
48 State Total	18,693	18,124	17,551	17,291	25,064	24,854	213,360	211,028
Alaska	9	9	6	6	18	19	209	220
Hawaii	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
U. S.	18,702	18,133	17,557	17,297	25,082	24,873	213,569	211,248

1/ Lambs saved defined as lambs living June 1 or sold before June 1 in the Native States and lambs docked or branded in the Western States.
2/ Includes sheep shorn at commercial feeding yards.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 28, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 23, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 1,284,000 turkey poults during the week ending July 23, a decrease of 7 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production of all heavy breed poults (including crosses with light white breeds) totaled 1,028,000 poults - down 11 percent from 1965. By breed types: heavy white hatchings totaled 771,000; other heavy (bronze) 257,000; and light breeds 256,000 poults. The heavy white hatch was the same as for the corresponding week of 1965, light breeds were up 15 percent, while the bronze was down 33 percent.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 2	547	597	270	330	1,178	1,583
July 9	520	471	237	308	2/ 951	2/ 1,004
July 16	464	524	199	313	2/ 792	2/ 1,020
July 23	415	387	219	249	2/ 771	2/ 771
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 4	1,021	1,111	465	623	2,246	3,104
June 11	950	882	466	600	2,017	2,438
June 18	907	1,003	393	657	1,747	2,526
June 25	790	782	423	537	1,615	1,886
July 2	833	704	303	296	1,433	1,398
July 9	663	537	259	257	2/ 1,048	2/ 878
July 16	557	493	164	173	2/ 805	2/ 737
July 23	545	395	57	87	2/ 628	2/ 501
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 2	53	10	532	417	952	734
July 9	37	0	497	422	2/ 647	2/ 527
July 16	#	#	376	322	2/ 467	2/ 389
July 23	#	0	319	221	2/ 383	2/ 257
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 4	143	24	1,017	807	1,958	1,444
June 11	61	0	948	778	1,544	1,345
June 18	#	#	724	633	1,217	947
June 25	#	0	627	543	966	737
July 2	#	#	592	379	790	575
July 9	#	0	234	192	2/ 306	2/ 219
July 16	#	#	140	160	2/ 229	2/ 186
July 23	#	0	25	#	2/ 93	2/ 144
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 2	69	96	4	7	269	312
July 9	116	81	6	9	2/ 342	2/ 321
July 16	#	99	6	#	2/ 250	2/ 277
July 23	#	88	6	0	2/ 223	2/ 256
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 4	102	138	16	9	439	495
June 11	174	120	12	18	678	586
June 18	#	146	11	36	532	513
June 25	#	159	12	0	513	572
July 2	114	189	13	0	382	549
July 9	114	129	5	0	2/ 341	2/ 374
July 16	127	145	0	0	2/ 300	2/ 366
July 23	126	144	0	0	2/ 283	2/ 300

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Oregon and South Carolina.

2/ A six-State total includes: California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio and Minnesota.

SIX STATE TOTAL continued

The six-State settings for all breeds totaled 845,000 eggs for the week ending July 23, a level 16 percent lower than for the same week last year. Total heavy breed settings (including crosses) totaled 545,000 eggs, of which 501,000 were heavy white and 44,000 other heavy breed eggs. All heavy settings were down 24 percent, heavy white down 20 percent and other heavy down 53 percent from a year ago. Light breed settings totaled 300,000 eggs, 6 percent above 1965.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 23, included 387,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 88,000 light breed turkey poults. Heavy white hatchings for the week were down 7 percent from a year ago.

Eggs set in the two States consisted of 395,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 144,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 545,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze and 126,000 light breed eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 33 percent of the week's hatch compared with 26 percent a year ago and 21 percent the previous week.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

AUG 22 1966

Immediate Release

August 1, 1966

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-July 1966

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-July at 97 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for July since 1952, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 7 points above a year earlier and 3 points above the June level. Prices of crops, livestock, dairy products and eggs were all at higher levels than a year ago.

Compared with mid-June, the July livestock price index was down 2 points at 109 percent of the 1947-49 average. The crop index was up 5 points from the previous month and 2 points above a year ago. Minnesota's milk and cream price index at 112 was up 8 points from June and 21 points above the previous year. The poultry and egg index was up 4 points from the previous month and 7 points above a year earlier.

The increase in the crops index from mid-June to July reflected increases of 32 cents per bushel in the price of soybeans, 23 cents for wheat and 8 cents each for corn and rye. Oats, barley and flax also showed price increases while hay prices were down from last month.

Hog prices declined 30 cents per hundredweight from mid-June to mid-July and are now 50 cents below last years level. Cattle prices at $21.90 per hundredweight were 30 cents below the previous month but $1.90 above a year ago. Compared with June calves at $28.20 per hundredweight were down $3.10, sheep $6.70, down 10 cents and lambs at $22.00 were down $1.10. Milk prices were up 30 cents per hundredweight from the previous month and 79 cents above a year ago.

Turkey prices averaged 22 cents per pound liveweight, the same as last year but 1 cent below June. Egg prices were up 3 cents per dozen from mid-June and 4 cents above mid-July of a year ago.

TABLE I - INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	July 15 Av. 1958-62	July 15, 1963	July 15, 1964	July 15, 1965	June 15, 1966	July 15, 1966
All Farm Products	81	81	78	90	94	97
Crops	71	76	73	84	81	86
Livestock	92	90	82	105	111	109
Dairy Products	88	88	89	91	104	112
Poultry & Eggs	59	55	59	58	61	65

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II - PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	July 15, 1962	July 15, 1963	July 15, 1964	July 15, 1965	June 15, 1966	July 15, 1966
Prices Received	240	244	235	252	264	267
Prices Paid 1/	306	313	313	323	333	334
Parity Ratio	78	78	75	78	79	80

[illegible] interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity - Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			July 15, 1966			
		July 15 1965	June 15 1966	July 15 1966	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		- - Dollars - -			- - Dollars - -			
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.55	1.60	1.83	1.78	1.70	1.77	1.74
Rye	Bu.	.92	.99	1.07	1.12	.93	1.02	1.09
Corn	Bu.	1.14	1.13	1.21	1.21	1.09	1.21	1.27
Oats	Bu.	.60	.61	.63	.66	.54	.60	.664
Barley	Bu.	1.01	1.05	1.06	.99	.98	.98	1.06
Soybeans	Bu.	2.66	3.01	3.33	3.38	3.17	3.30	3.37
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.92	2.92	2.95	2.93	2.85	2.91	2.92
All hay, baled	Ton	21.50	18.50	18.00	19.10	16.00	18.60	22.60
Potatoes	Cwt.	---	---	---	---	---	---	1.72
Hogs	Cwt.	23.10	22.90	22.60	23.00	22.00	22.50	23.00
Cows	Cwt.	15.10	18.90	18.40q	17.40	16.50	16.80	16.80
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	23.40	23.70	23.60	24.10	22.80	23.80	23.60
Cattle, All	Cwt.	20.00	22.20	21.90	23.40	21.20	22.70	21.80
Calves	Cwt.	24.10	31.30	28.20	24.50	27.00	27.90	25.30
Sheep	Cwt.	6.50	6.80	6.70	5.40	5.50	5.20	6.44
Lambs	Cwt.	23.70	23.10	22.00	22.20	21.40	22.00	22.10
Milk Cows	Head	220.00	260.00	275.00	245.00	230.00	215.00	245.00
Milk-Wholesale	Cwt.	3.26	3.75	4.05	4.10	3.75	3.95	4.66
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.64	.69	.74	.71	.71	.68	.672
Turkeys-Live	Lb.	.220	.230	.220	.210	.200	.220	.219
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.055	.070	.070	.060	.045	.065	.096
Eggs	Doz.	.240	.250	.280	.280	.270	.256	.354
Wool	Lb.	.50	.56	.53	.49	.53	.56	.522
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	2.95	3.15	3.15	3.35	3.10	3.40	3.34
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	4.95	5.10	6.10	6.30	5.90	6.10	6.11
Hog Feed, 29% and over	Cwt.	6.00	6.30	7.00	7.30	6.60	6.80	6.85
Beef Cattle Feed 30% and over	Cwt.	4.90	5.00	5.40	5.50	4.95	4.95	4.89
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.15	3.20	3.25	3.65	---	3.60	3.82
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.98	3.00	3.20	3.17	2.99	3.00	3.66
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.35	4.35	4.65	5.20	4.80	4.95	4.65
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog-Corn 1/		20.3	20.3	18.7	19.0	20.2	18.6	18.1
Beef-Corn 1/		20.5	21.0	19.5	19.9	20.9	19.7	18.6
Egg Feed 2/		8.1	8.3	8.8	8.8	9.0	8.5	9.7
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		1.8	2.3	2.2	1.9	1.5	2.2	2.6

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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560 State Office Building
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AUG 22 1966

August 2, 1966

Immediate Release

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
June 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during June 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 149,000 head, up 9 percent from May, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,066 pounds per head, down 3 pounds from the previous month, but up 14 pounds from June 1965.

June calf slaughter was 11,000 head, down 15 percent from the previous month. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 207 pounds, 3 pounds heavier than both the previous month and last year.

The hog-kill in June totaled 368,000 head, 2 percent above the may kill. The average liveweight at 280 pounds was 7 pounds heavier than in May and 10 pounds heavier than in June 1965.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during June 1966 totaled 59,000 head, down 2 percent from May. The average liveweight at 105 pounds compares to 108 pounds the previous month and 101 pounds a year ago.

> Custom slaughtering of animals for farmers in plants is included in the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates. As a result of this change, slaughter in commercial plants is expected to be raised 2 to 3 percent for cattle, 1 to 2 percent each for calves and hogs and less than 1 percent for sheep and lambs. Since custom slaughtering for farmers is seasonal, the effect of this shift on commercial slaughter and meat production will vary somewhat by months. Comparable data for 1965 and earlier years are not available. Due to this change it would be misleading to make comparisons of the current commercial slaughter estimates with the same month a year earlier as is usually shown in the United States summary. In place of this, during 1966, comparisons with the same month a year earlier of the number of head slaughtered will be shown only for the federally inspected portion of the total slaughter.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during June in the 48 States totaled 2,666 million pounds. This was 4 percent more than the May 1966 total of 2,574 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other commercial plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on a farm or ranch.

There were 15,536 million pounds of red meat produced during the first half of 1966. Of the January-June total, 61.2 percent was beef; 2.7 percent veal; 34.0 percent pork; and 2.1 percent lamb and mutton. January-June 1966 production of beef totaled 9,508 million pounds, veal 427 million, pork 5,281 million, and lamb and mutton 320 million pounds. Lard production during this period was 911 million pounds.

During the six-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 6 percent greater than in the same period of 1965, but calves were down 7 percent, hogs down 9 percent, and sheep and lambs down 1 percent.

Beef production during June was 1,699 million pounds, 8 percent more than May 1966. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,006 pounds, 15 pounds more than June 1965 but 5 pounds less than May 1966. The total commercial cattle

kill during June was 2,931,800 head, 6 percent more than May 1966. The June number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 2,396,600 head, 8 percent above June a year ago.

Pork production during June totaled 841 million pounds, 4 percent less than May 1966. The commercial hog kill during June totaled 5,481,600 head, 4 percent less than the preceding month. Hogs slaughtered in federally inspected plants totaled 4,672,500 head, down 1 percent from June a year ago. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight at 11.1 pounds, was the same as in May 1966 and compared with 11.9 pounds in June 1965.

There were 56 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced in June, 4 percent more than a month earlier. Total commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs was 1,139,600 head, 7 percent more than May 1966. Federally inspected sheep and lambs slaughtered in June totaled 1,040,500 head, 8 percent more than June 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	June		June average Liveweight	
	1965	1966 5/	1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Pounds	
MINNESOTA:				
Cattle	136.0	149.0	1,052	1,066
Calves	13.5	11.0	204	207
Hogs	384.0	368.0	270	280
Sheep and Lambs	35.5	39.0	101	105
UNITED STATES (48 States)				
Cattle	2,705.1	2,931.8	991	1,006
Calves	553.4	496.8	242	255
Hogs	5,479.3	5,481.6	244	250
Sheep and Lambs	1,068.3	1,139.6	95	100

JUNE COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
June 1965	1,530	74	804	50	2,458	645	160
May 1966 5/	1,579	66	875	54	2,574	617	157
June 1966 5/	1,699	70	841	56	2,666	733	152
Jan.-June 1965 6/	8,856	442	5,541	317	15,156	3,304	1,048
Jan.-June 1966 5/ 6/	9,508	427	5,281	320	15,536	3,620	911

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial meat production estimates beginning with January 1966. 6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

Richard Blood
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

AUG 22 1966

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 4, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 30, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 1,072,000 turkey poults during the week ending July 30, 1966, a decrease of 11 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production of all heavy breed poults (including crosses with light white breeds) totaled 788,000 poults - down 22 percent from 1965. By breed types: hatchings totaled 599,000 heavy white; 189,000 other heavy (mostly bronze); and 284,000 light breed poults. The heavy white hatch was down 8 percent from the corresponding week of 1965, and other heavy down 48 percent, while the light breed hatch was 53 percent above the 1965 level.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN TEN REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Ten State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 9	520	471	237	308	2/ 951	2/1,004
July 16	464	524	199	313	2/ 792	2/1,020
July 23	415	387	219	249	2/ 771	2/ 771
July 30	411	381	141	140	2/ 652	2/ 599
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 11	950	882	466	600	2,017	2,438
June 18	907	1,003	393	657	1,747	2,526
June 25	790	782	423	537	1,615	1,886
July 2	833	704	303	296	1,433	1,398
July 9	663	537	259	257	2/1,048	2/ 878
July 16	557	493	164	173	2/ 805	2/ 737
July 23	545	395	57	87	2/ 628	2/ 501
July 30	442	327	61	64	2/ 534	2/ 405
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 9	37	0	497	422	2/ 647	2/ 527
July 16	#	#	376	322	2/ 467	2/ 389
July 23	#	0	319	221	2/ 383	2/ 257
July 30	#	#	309	162	2/ 363	2/ 189
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 11	61	0	948	778	1,544	1,345
June 18	#	#	724	633	1,217	947
June 25	#	0	627	543	966	737
July 2	#	#	592	379	790	575
July 9	#	0	234	192	2/ 306	2/ 219
July 16	#	#	140	160	2/ 229	2/ 186
July 23	#	0	25	#	2/ 93	2/ 44
July 30	#	#	13	31	2/ 39	2/ 48
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 9	116	81	6	9	2/ 342	2/ 321
July 16	#	99	6	#	2/ 260	2/ 277
July 23	#	88	6	0	2/ 263	2/ 256
July 30	72	121	#	0	2/ 186	2/ 284
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 11	174	120	12	18	678	586
June 18	#	146	11	36	532	513
June 25	#	159	12	0	513	572
July 2	114	189	13	0	382	549
July 9	114	129	5	0	2/ 341	2/ 374
July 16	127	145	0	0	2/ 300	2/ 366
July 23	126	144	0	0	2/ 283	2/ 300
July 30	118	#	0	0	2/ 278	2/ 279

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas, Oregon and South Carolina.

2/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, and Minnesota-Wisconsin.

Six-State Total continued

The six-State settings for all breeds totaled 732,000 eggs for the week ending July 30, a level 14 percent lower than for the same week last year. Total heavy breed settings (including crosses) totaled 453,000 eggs, of which 405,000 were heavy white, and 48,000 other heavy breed eggs. All heavy settings were down 21 percent, heavy white down 24 percent, while other heavy was up 23 percent from a year ago. Light breed settings totaled 279,000 eggs, less than 1 percent above 1965.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 30, included 381,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze and 121,000 light breed poults. Heavy white hatchings for the week were down 7 percent from a year ago, while light breeds were up 68 percent.

Eggs set in the two States consisted of 327,000 heavy white, and an undisclosed number of bronze and light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 442,000 heavy white eggs were set.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 28 percent of the week's hatch compared with 32 percent a year ago and 33 percent the previous week.

[redacted]
Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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AUG 22 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

August 5, 1966

SUPPLEMENT TO
MINNESOTA DAIRY SUMMARY

The August 5 issue of our monthly "Minnesota Dairy Summary" was inadverdently duplicated before the following table was complete:

Average Price per cwt. Received by Farmers for Milk of Manufacturing Grade in the Minnesota - Wisconsin Area, July 1966 with Comparisons

Month	Average Price	Average Fat Price
	Dollars	Percent
July 1960-64	3.15	3.57
July 1965	3.25	3.56
June 1966	3.86	3.55
July 1966	4.09	3.55

You may wish to enter the July 1966 price to your copy of the monthly report.

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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AUG 22 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 8, 1966

COMMERCIAL VEGETABLE REPORT

(Acreage and indication Production as of August 1, 1966)

MINNESOTA: EARLY SUMMER CABBAGE - Production is estimated at 72,000 hundredweight compared with 79,000 hundredweight in 1965, and the 1960-64 average of 98,000 hundredweight. The decrease is due to a smaller acreage for harvest this year.

EARLY FALL CABBAGE - Estimated production of early fall cabbage is 135,000 hundredweight which is down 12 percent from last year's crop of 153,000 hundredweight, and down 17 percent from the 1960-64 average of 184,000 hundredweight. Acreage for harvest is estimated at 750 acres, compared to 850 acres last year, and the 1960-64 average of 960 acres. Estimated yield is 180 hundredweight per acre, the same as 1965.

EARLY FALL CARROTS - As of August 1, crop production of 162,000 hundredweight is estimated for 1966. This is down 41 percent from last year's production of 276,000 hundredweight. The decrease is due entirely to the low anticipated yield caused by the moisture shortage in the principal producing areas. Widespread rains the past weekend however, may increase yield prospects considerably.

LATE SUMMER ONIONS - Production is estimated at 270,000 hundredweight compared with 300,000 hundredweight last year. The decrease is due to the lower yield of 225 hundredweight per acre forecast this year, compared to last year's 250 hundredweight per acre. Acres for harvest is expected to be the same as last year.

UNITED STATES: CABBAGE: (For fresh market and kraut): Early summer cabbage supplies of 1,549,000 hundredweight are 5 percent above last year. Supplies in the New England States are expected to be at peak level during most of August. On Long Island, New York, steady supplies should be available during August. A good volume from New Jersey is expected to continue through August. In Ohio, harvest was expected to end around the first week in August. Growth in the Red River Valley area of Minnesota is a week to 10 days behind schedule. Moisture is short in the Hollandale area. Southwest Virginia cabbage is suffering from drought conditions. Early fall cabbage production is forecast at 6,967,000 hundredweight, 24 percent less than 1965. In Upstate New York and in the New England States, hot dry weather in July interfered with transplanting operations and also caused some loss of plants. Crop growth is currently one to two weeks late. Supplies are expected from most areas in late August. Development in Wisconsin has been slowed by hot weather. Shipments started in late July with volume movement expected by the middle of August. In Minnesota, many stands are poor because of extremely hot weather at setting time. In Oregon, harvest is underway.

CARROTS: The first forecast of early fall carrot production, at 6,564,000 hundredweight, is 3 percent above last year. The New York crop is making good progress. Good supplies should be available by mid-August. The crop is in good condition in Wisconsin. Harvest is expected to start before mid-August. In Minnesota, late plantings are growing slow because of the lack of moisture. In Texas, all sheds should be in operation by mid-August but only light to moderate supplies are expected to be available during August. The crop in Oregon has made good growth. Harvest for fresh market was underway by August 1.

ONIONS: Late summer onion production is forecast at 18,508,000 hundredweight, 11 percent below 1965 but a little above average. Harvest of New York's set onion crop was virtually completed in Orange County and was nearing the halfway point in the Canastota area by August 1. Harvest in other sections is expected to start in late August or early September. Harvest of set onions started in southern Michigan about August 1. In Wisconsin, the crop is about two weeks late. Onions are starting to bulb in the Red River Valley area of Minnesota. Harvest was active in Colorado by August 1. Bulbs are sizing well in the Idaho-Eastern Oregon area. In California, light harvest began during the last of July in the San Joaquin Valley.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Acreage and estimated production reported to date, 1966 with comparisons

Crop and State	Acreage Harvested		For Harvest	Yield per acre			Production		
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Av. 60-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	- Acres -			- Cwt. -			1,000 cwt. -		
CABBAGE 1/									
Early Summer:									
Massachusetts. .	600	550	500	188	200	195	113	110	98
Rhode Island.. .	80	80	80	183	190	190	15	15	15
Connecticut. . .	380	400	350	186	165	180	71	66	63
New York, L. I..	670	650	650	201	190	190	135	124	124
New Jersey. . .	2,780	3,300	3,400	216	200	220	595	660	748
Ohio.	1,680	1,700	1,700	183	160	175	307	272	298
Minnesota . . .	580	450	400	169	175	180	98	79	72
Virginia . . .	800	800	750	191	190	175	153	152	131
Group Total. .	7,570	7,930	7,830	197	186	198	1,486	1,478	1,549
Early Fall:									
New Hampshire .	170	170	150	183	190	175	31	32	26
Massachusetts .	670	600	550	196	205	185	131	123	102
Rhode Island .	90	100	100	190	190	180	17	19	18
Connecticut.. .	540	550	500	186	175	170	100	96	85
New York, L. I.	1,160	1,100	1,100	220	215	215	256	236	236
Upstate .	10,440	10,800	9,700	324	365	300	3,382	3,942	2,910
New Jersey. . .	2,120	2,200	2,400	204	195	180	431	429	432
Pennsylvania. .	1,260	1,100	950	204	220	170	259	242	162
Ohio.	2,070	2,200	2,200	264	305	200	549	671	440
Michigan. . . .	4,520	4,800	4,100	166	175	140	749	840	574
Wisconsin . . .	6,100	6,400	5,700	295	300	260	1,796	1,920	1,482
Minnesota . . .	960	850	750	192	180	180	184	153	135
Utah & Idaho : .	430	320	350	341	385	320	147	123	112
Oregon	1,220	1,200	1,100	211	240	230	257	288	253
Group Total. .	31,750	32,390	29,650	259	281	235	8,290	9,114	6,967
Late Fall 2/ . .	3,260	2,700	2,650	130	129		419	349	Oct.7
CARROTS									
Early Fall:									
Massachusetts .	580	500	450	205	230	220	119	115	99
Connecticut . .	670	600	550	192	230	220	129	138	121
New York. . . .	2,200	2,200	2,200	316	340	340	695	748	748
Pennsylvania. .	480	450	450	204	265	180	99	119	81
Illinois. . . .	650	550	550	285	255	225	183	140	124
Michigan. . . .	4,100	4,600	4,800	234	245	210	959	1,127	1,008
Wisconsin . . .	2,140	3,200	3,400	365	395	370	783	1,264	1,258
Minnesota . . .	730	650	650	379	425	250	275	276	162
Texas.	4,900	5,400	7,000	185	200	210	896	1,080	1,470
New Mexico. . .	210	120	500	161	160	160	34	19	80
Washington. . .	1,500	1,700	1,800	391	385	435	587	654	783
Oregon.	1,880	1,400	1,400	400	510	450	755	714	630
Group Total. .	20,040	21,370	23,750	275	299	276	5,514	6,394	6,564
ONIONS									
Late Summer:									
Massachusetts.	140	100	80	215	180	230	31	18	18
New York. . .	15,100	16,400	14,700	316	330	250	4,762	5,412	3,675
Ohio.	470	550	550	425	510	410	200	280	226
Indiana . . .	850	950	850	312	420	275	264	399	234
Illinois. . .	750	750	600	156	135	145	117	101	87
Michigan. . .	7,440	7,500	6,900	346	360	320	2,567	2,700	2,208
Wisconsin . .	2,260	1,900	1,900	235	295	250	532	560	475
Minnesota . .	1,620	1,200	1,200	213	250	225	343	300	270
Iowa.	240	230	210	227	325	200	54	75	42
Nebraska. . .	110	320	240	168	100	100	17	32	24
Kansas . . .	160	100	70	194	200	190	32	20	13
Colorado. . .	7,800	6,500	6,200	283	275	300	2,211	1,788	1,860
Utah.	760	850	750	285	350	280	217	298	210
Nevada. . . .	500	100	80	332	280	300	168	28	24
Washington. .	1,020	1,000	900	390	440	445	393	440	400
Western Oregon	2,100	2,200	2,200	350	385	400	737	847	880
Idaho and East. Oregon Total	5,220	6,600	7,200	454	530	460	2,371	3,498	3,312
California. .	9,740	11,400	13,000	350	360	350	3,420	4,104	4,550
Group Total.	56,280	58,650	57,630	328	356	321	18,435	20,900	18,508

1/ Includes Processing. 2/ The 1966 acreage for harvest is prospective acreage.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 10, 1966

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT - August 1, 1966

Production prospects for small grains in Minnesota declined during July while the outlook for corn and soybeans continues good. The crop production index, based on August 1 estimates, at 108 percent compares with last year at 104 percent and the record of 115 percent in 1963. Temperatures during July averaged above normal while precipitation was below normal.

FEED GRAINS: Production of feed grains now estimated at 11.3 million tons compares with 1965 at 10.9 million tons.

CORN: The 1966 Minnesota corn crop is estimated at 300 million bushels, 11 percent above last year's crop, but 3 percent less than the 5-year (1960-64) average. The increase in this year's crop is due to a slight increase in the acreage to be harvested for grain as well as a higher indicated yield. Based on the August 1 reported condition a yield of 67 bushels per acre is forecast. This year's corn crop is growing well and is somewhat ahead of normal.

SOYBEANS: Present soybean prospects point to a crop of about 78 million bushels. If realized this would be a record high soybean crop, and results from an increase of 193,000 acres and higher yield. The yield per acre is forecast at 23 bushels, 4-1/2 bushels more than a year ago. On July 30 approximately 30 percent of the soybean acreage was setting pods which compares with less than 10 percent on this date last year and the 5-year average of about 20 percent.

WHEAT: For Minnesota wheat production on August 1 was estimated at 19.0 million bushels, 14 percent less than the 22.1 million bushel crop of 1965 and also 14 percent below the 5-year average. Spring wheat seeding was a little late in the southern part of the State and several weeks late in the Red River Valley. The crop grew out quite well, but hot weather when most wheat was heading reduced yields. The 1966 durum wheat crop is now estimated at 1,200,000 bushels compared with 2,108,000 bushels last year with a yield forecast at 30 bushels per acre. Other spring wheat production is estimated at 17,650,000 bushels, compared with 19,800,000 bushels in 1965 and the 5-year average of 20,359,000 bushels. The estimated yield on August 1 was 25 bushels per acre. The winter wheat crop for this year is estimated at 168,000 bushels compared with 216,000 last year and the 5-year average of 458,000 bushels.

OATS: An oat crop of 153 million bushels is forecast for Minnesota this year, 7 percent less than last year and about 4 percent below the 5-year average. The lower production is due to a lower indicated yield per acre. Based on August 1 conditions a yield per acre of 50 bushels is forecast compared with the record high 55 bushels last year and the 5-year average of 47.5. Harvest is a little ahead of normal with about 50 percent of the oats having been cut or swathed on August 1 compared with the 5-year average of 33 percent by this date.

BARLEY: Barley production prospects declined during July and a crop of 20.6 million bushels is now indicated for 1966. This year's production is 23 percent less than last year and 15 percent below the 5-year average. The yield per acre is estimated at 31 bushels. On August 1 about 30 percent of the barley had been cut or swathed compared with an average of 45 percent for the past five years.

FLAXSEED: A flax crop of 4,653,000 bushels is indicated for 1966 which is also 23 percent below 1965, and 24 percent below the 5-year average. The yield is estimated at 11 bushels per acre compared with 14 bushels last year and the 5-year average of 11 bushels.

POTATOES: The late summer crop of potatoes is forecast at an average yield per acre of 130 hundredweight placing production at 1,027,000 hundredweight, which is 14 percent below last year. Minnesota's fall crop is estimated at 9,555,000 hundredweight (105 hundredweight per acre) which is 22 percent less than 1965 and 19 percent below the 5-year average.

HAY: The 1966 hay crop is now estimated at 7.4 million tons, down 7 percent from 1965 and 4 percent below the 5-year average. Yield per acre is forecast at 2.2 tons per acre.

SUGAR BEETS: The 1966 sugar beet crop is indicated at 1,392,000 tons, 6 percent above a year ago and 12 percent above the 5-year average. Yield is estimated at 11.5 tons per acre.

APPLES: Commercial apple production is forecast at 500,000 bushels - 72 percent more than 1965. A crop this size would be a record.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 794 million pounds during July, 5 percent less than in July 1965, and 20 percent less than in June. Production for the first 7 months of 1966 is 9 percent below 1965.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production in July totaled 182 million eggs, down 11 percent from a year ago. Rate of lay for the month averaged 63 percent the same as July the previous year. Production for the first 7 months this year is down 13 percent from the corresponding period in 1965.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on Minnesota farms in July totaled 287,000, of which 227,000 were family workers and 60,000 were hired workers. This compares with 240,000 family workers and 79,000 hired workers in July 1965.

For the United States, the number of workers on farms in July totaled 6,198,000, of which 4,156,000 were family workers and 2,042,000 were hired workers. This compares with 4,474,000 family workers and 2,350,000 hired workers in July 1965.

August 1, 1965 Crop Production Prospects

Commodity	Acreage Harvested Average 1960-64	Acreage Harvested 1965	Acreage For Harvest 1966	Yield Per Acre Average 1960-64	Yield Per Acre 1965	Yield Per Acre For Harvest 1966	Production Average 1960-64	Production 1965	Production Indicated 1966
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
For Minnesota:									
Corn for Grain	5,037	4,428	4,472	61.2	61.0	67.0	307,550	270,108	299,624
Winter Wheat	18	9	6	25.1	24.0	28.0	458	216	168
Durum Wheat	47	68	40	27.9	31.0	30.0	1,341	2,108	1,200
Other Sp. Wheat	829	720	706	24.5	27.5	25.0	20,359	19,800	17,650
Oats	3,365	3,004	3,064	47.5	55.0	50.0	160,154	165,220	153,200
Barley	769	610	665	31.6	44.0	31.0	24,278	26,840	20,615
Rye	76	102	61	19.0	20.5	20.0	1,440	2,091	1,220
Flaxseed	535	432	423	11.4	14.0	11.0	6,148	6,048	4,653
Soybeans for beans	2,372	3,166	3,388	21.3	18.5	23.0	50,559	58,571	77,924
Potatoes (Cwt.)									
Late Summer	6.6	7.2	7.9	153	165	130	1,014	1,188	1,027
Fall	100.6	87.0	91.0	117	140	105	11,779	12,180	9,555
Sugar beets (tons)	104.5	121.0	121.0	11.9	10.9	11.5	1,240	1,318	1,392
Hay, All (tons)	3,637	3,527	3,356	2.12	2.26	2.21	7,685	7,962	7,402

UNITED STATES: Production of early harvested small grains exceeded earlier expectations but hot, dry July weather reduced prospects for most late maturing crops. Crop development, although variable, is near normal in most Central and Northern areas but is lagging a little behind usual over Southeastern and South Central U. S. The all crops production index on August 1 at 109 is 8 points (7 percent) below the record high 1965, but the same as in 1964. The composite index of yield per acre covering 28 leading crops is 117 for August 1, exceeded only by last year's record of 123. July egg production was 2 percent smaller than July 1965 as both number of layers and production per layer were lower. Milk produced during July was 3 percent below a year earlier.

Production of the four feed grains is expected to total 151 million tons--6 percent less than last year's record tonnage but 3 percent above average. Oat yield prospects declined during July due to high temperatures in the important North Central region. Corn production is off 6 percent from July 1 as a result of hot, dry weather over much of the Corn Belt. Sorghum grain prospects were below 1965 production in the Great Plains area but were excellent in the Southwest.

Food grain production in 1966, at 43.5 million tons, is 4 percent above the July 1 forecast but 2 percent smaller than last year. Rice made favorable progress during July and a record crop is estimated--exceeding the previous high in 1965 by 8 percent. Rye production is 18 percent below last year. Popcorn growers expect to harvest 1 percent less acreage than last year.

A record prospective soybean production--2 percent larger than last year's high-- is offset by a smaller production of other oilseed crops. Combined production of soybeans, flaxseed, peanuts, and cottonseed is expected to be 5 percent below last year.

Flaxseed is expected to be 28 percent less than last year when exceptionally high yields occurred.

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Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

AUG 22 1966

Immediate Release

August 11, 1966

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
(Acreage and Indicated Production as of August 1, 1966)

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Commercial Processing: Production is estimated at 440,400 tons for 1966, compared to 353,200 tons in 1965, and the 1960-64 average of 349,720 tons. Acreage intended for harvest of 110,,00 acres, is up 20 percent from the 1965 harvested acreage, and up 17 percent from the 1960-64 average harvested acreage. Estimated yield of 4.00 tons per acre, compares with 3.86 tons in 1965, and the 1960-64 average of 3.72 tons per acre.

Snap Beans for Processing: Minnesota production is included in the total for "Other States". Production in these States is expected to be 12 percent below last years production, but 34 percent above the 1960-64 average production.

UNITED STATES: Sweet Corn for Processing: Production of sweet corn for processing is estimated at 1,793,000 tons, 11 percent more than both last year and the 5-year average. The 17 percent increase in acreage this year more than offset a 5 percent lower yield -- 4.06 tons per acre this year compared with 4.23 tons in 1965. Maine, Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Delaware expect lower production than last year while all major States expect larger crops.

Snap Beans for Processing: The 1966 production of snap beans for processing is forecast at 496,270 tons, 8 percent less than last year, but 9 percent more than the 1960-64 average. Based on August 1 prospects, the average yield per acre is expected to be 2.0 tons compared with 2.3 tons in 1965. This year's acreage for harvest is estimated at 242,500 acres compared 230,260 acres last year. The shift from pole type to bush type beans continues in the western States which tends to lower the average yield in that area. Hot, dry weather in mid-western and eastern areas lowered yield prospects in many States.

Preliminary acreage and indicated production by crops,
United States, 1966 with comparisons

Crop	Acreage			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest 1966			
	Average 1960-64	1965		Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	- Acres -			- Tons -		
Snap beans	191,120	230,260	242,500	455,650	540,250	496,270
Cabbage for kraut (Contract)	8,160	8,820	9,610	136,280	166,760	158,000
Sweet Corn	409,510	376,690	441,100	1,612,280	1,613,600	1,793,000
Green peas	398,830	441,630	442,890	496,870	601,910	507,100
Spinach:						
Winter	9,180	7,800	9,700	72,280	60 300	78,900
Spring	13,020	8,060	9,490	47,410	36,140	49,910
Tomatoes	285,630	255,190	289,420	4,459,900	4,482,660	4,699,530
Total	1,315,450	1,328,450	1,444,710	7,280,670	7,501,620	7,782,710
Asparagus	109,240	97,890	Dec. 20	130,230	119,150	Dec. 20
Green lima beans	86,310	83,970	Sept. 9	98,190	96,450	Sept. 9
Beets	16,900	14,480	Sept. 9	186,230	177,960	Sept. 9
Cabbage for kraut (open market)	4,110	3,980	Dec. 20	65,230	72,150	Dec. 20
Cucumbers for pickles	105,290	108,560	Nov. 10	416,290	442,110	Nov. 10
Spinach (Fall)	5,830	5,520	Nov. 10	22,940	27,870	Nov. 10
Total 10 Vegetables	1,643,120	1,642,850		8,199,800	8,437,310	

Marvin A. Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Sweet corn for processing: Preliminary acreage and indicated production by States, 1966 with comparisons

State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest 1966	Av. 60-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	Average 1960-64	1965							
	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
Maine	2,380	1,300	700	5.52	5.15	5.70	13,020	6,700	4,000
New York ...	18,780	13,100	14,100	4.38	4.05	4.20	81,720	53,100	59,200
Pennsylvania	8,380	9,200	9,300	3.09	2.58	1.50	25,980	23,700	14,000
Delaware ...	4,520	3,200	3,400	3.16	3.38	2.30	14,420	10,800	7,800
Maryland ...	29,040	28,500	25,800	3.01	3.22	2.30	87,840	91,800	59,300
Illinois ...	57,000	48,500	56,000	4.12	4.23	3.80	233,040	205,200	212,800
Wisconsin ..	100,240	88,000	114,000	3.50	4.19	3.60	351,600	368,700	410,400
Minnesota ..	93,980	91,500	110,100	3.72	3.86	4.00	349,720	353,200	440,400
Iowa	5,820	5,200	6,000	4.19	4.13	4.40	24,460	21,500	26,400
Idaho	12,280	13,400	15,000	5.60	6.31	6.00	68,660	84,600	90,000
Washington .	23,760	30,400	37,500	5.27	5.20	5.60	124,740	158,100	210,000
Oregon	24,560	28,800	32,500	5.23	5.82	6.00	128,440	167,600	195,000
Other States 1/..	28,770	15,590	16,700	3.78	4.40	3.81	108,640	68,600	63,700
United States	409,510	376,690	441,100	3.95	4.28	4.06	1,612,280	1,613,600	1,793,000

1/ Arkansas, California, Colorado, Indiana, Michigan, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, West Virginia, Virginia and Wyoming.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

AUG 22 1966

Immediate Release

August 11, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending August 6, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 748,000 turkey poults during the week ending August 6, 1966, a decrease of 11 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production of all heavy breed poults (including crosses with light white breeds) totaled 532,000 poults - down 19 percent from 1965. By breed types: hatchings totaled 426,000 heavy white; 106,000 other heavy (mostly bronze); and 216,000 light breed poults. The heavy white hatch was down 15 percent from the corresponding week of 1965, and the other heavy down 31 percent, while the light breed hatch was 16 percent above the 1965 level.

The six-State settings for all breeds was an undisclosed figure for the week ending August 6. Heavy white breed settings during the week totaled 386,000 eggs, down 17 percent from a year earlier, while light breed settings totaled 264,000 eggs, 47 percent above the 1965 level. The other heavy settings were undisclosed.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 16	464	524	199	313	792	1,020
July 23	415	387	219	249	771	771
July 30	411	381	141	140	652	599
Aug. 6	328	296	123	96	504	426
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 18	907	1,003	393	657	---	---
June 25	790	782	423	537	---	---
July 2	833	704	303	296	---	---
July 9	663	537	259	257	1,048	878
July 16	557	493	164	173	805	737
July 23	545	395	57	87	628	501
July 30	442	327	61	64	534	405
Aug. 6	431	312	6	74	467	386
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 16	#	#	376	322	467	389
July 23	#	0	319	221	383	257
July 30	#	#	309	162	363	189
Aug. 6	#	0	114	99	153	106
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 18	#	#	724	633	---	---
June 25	#	0	627	543	---	---
July 2	#	#	592	379	---	---
July 9	#	0	234	192	306	219
July 16	#	#	140	160	229	186
July 23	#	0	25	#	93	44
July 30	#	#	13	31	39	48
Aug. 6	#	0	0	#	#	#
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 16	#	99	6	#	250	277
July 23	#	88	6	0	223	256
July 30	72	121	#	0	186	284
Aug. 6	67	80	4	0	186	216
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 18	#	146	11	36	---	---
June 25	#	159	12	0	---	---
July 2	114	189	13	0	---	---
July 9	114	129	5	0	341	374
July 16	127	145	0	0	300	366
July 23	126	144	0	0	283	300
July 30	118	#	0	0	278	279
Aug. 6	#	121	0	0	180	264

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 6, included 80,000 light breed poults. Heavy white hatchings for the week were down 10 percent from a year ago, while light breeds were up 19 percent.

Eggs set in the two States consisted of 312,000 heavy white, no bronze and 121,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 431,000 heavy white eggs were set and an undisclosed number of other heavy and light breed eggs.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 13 percent of the week's hatch compared with 20 percent a year ago and 29 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045		112		381		8,167		1,846	
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207		185		485		4,732		2,143	
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

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AUG 22 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 16, 1966

POTATO ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION REPORT
August 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Late Summer Potatoes: Yield is forecast at an average of 130 hundredweight per acre for harvest, placing production at 1,027,000 hundredweight, which is 14 percentbelow last year, but 1 percent above the 1960-64 average.

Fall Potatoes: Fall production was estimated at 9,555,000 hundredweight (105 hundredweight per acre for harvest) which is 22 percent less than 1965 and 19 percent below the 5-year average.

UNITED STATES: Fall potato production is forecast at 201,224,000 hundredweight, 6 percent below last year but 6 percent above average. The lower production expected in 1966 compared with 1965 results from lower yields in the Western and Central fall producing areas. On the basis of present prospects, production in the West will be 91,372,000 hundredweight, off 10 percent from last year; in the Central States the production of 42,530,000 hundredweight is 15 percent less while in the Eastern States the indicated production of 67,322,000 hundredweight is 8 percent above last year.

In the West growing conditions have ranged from very good to very poor. Idaho is having one of its most unfavorable growing seasons and total production in the State is now forecast at 18 percent below last year on 11 percent more acres. Stands are generally lighter and development to date has been poorer. Yields in the 10 southwest counties are expected to be a little above average but in the south central and southeast counties prospective yields are expected to be the lowest since 1949. In Washington, conditions have been very favorable and near-record yields are expected from the increased acreage in the State. In the Tulelake--Klamath Falls area of California and Oregon, early season cool weather and frosts in early July retarded development. Some stands are poor and crop progress is slow. In the San Luis Valley of Colorado, conditions for crop development have been generally satisfactory although several hundred acres were damaged by hail during July.

In the Central States, moisture shortages and high temperatures have adversely affected yield prospects. Yields in all these States are expected to be below last year.

Production prospects for major States in the area compared with last year are: Michigan, off 16 percent; Wisconsin, off 17 percent; Minnesota, off 22 percent; and North Dakota, off 13 percent.

In Maine, conditions have been generally favorable and above average yields are expected. Production in Maine is expected to be 16 percent above 1965, largest crop since 1956. Prospects in other New England States are generally good. Long Island production is expected to be up 2 percent and Upstate New York shows a lesser increase for 1965. Yields in Pennsylvania are expected to be well under average and under last year, because of moisture shortages and high temperatures. Production in the State is expected to be the smallest in several decades.

Prospects for late summer potatoes declined 8 percent during July and production is now forecast at 29,459,000 hundredweight. Yield prospects in July declined sharply for New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Michigan, and Minnesota, where dry, hot weather persisted. In western States prospective yields were unchanged from last month except for a small decline in Colorado. In nearly all central and eastern areas harvest progress for July was behind 1965 due to the general lateness of the crop. Harvest in western areas is progressing about as usual.

Al Torvi
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Acreage and Estimated Production of Potatoes
As of August 1, 1966 with Comparisons

Seasonal group and State	Acreage Harvested Average 1960-64	Acreage Harvested 1965	Acreage Indicated 1966	Yield per harv.acre Average 1960-64	Yield per harv.acre 1965	Yield per harv.acre Indicated 1966	Production Average 1960-64	Production 1965	Production Indicated 1966
	1,000 acres	1,000 acres	1,000 acres	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	1,000 acres	1,000 acres	1,000 acres
Winter	21.0	19.4	25.5	190	189	199	3,990	3,659	5,084
Early Spring	26.7	35.3	36.1	156	139	137	4,172	4,898	4,951
Late Spring	117.1	121.7	126.6	205	207	214	23,998	25,137	27,057
Early Summer	90.5	81.6	92.5	148	146	153	13,386	11,926	14,140
Late Summer: 1/	145.8	137.0	146.9	203	221	201	29,636	30,340	29,459
Wis.	21.0	18.5	21.0	178	200	170	3,731	3,700	3,570
Minn.	6.6	7.2	7.9	153	165	130	1,014	1,188	1,027
Colo.	15.4	13.0	13.8	200	200	190	3,072	2,600	2,622
Wash.	18.8	19.0	22.0	310	350	340	5,809	6,650	7,480
Calif.	8.6	8.9	9.4	320	345	345	2,741	3,070	3,243
Other Late Summer	75.4	70.4	72.8	176	187	158	13,269	13,132	11,517
FALL:									
Maine	145.8	148.0	154.0	257	238	265	37,425	35,224	40,810
N. H.	1.7	1.5	1.6	188	185	190	312	278	304
Vt.	2.3	2.0	2.0	177	175	185	407	350	370
Mass.	4.9	4.6	4.8	214	225	225	1,058	1,035	1,080
R. I.	4.2	4.2	4.4	243	245	240	1,012	1,029	1,056
Conn.	6.6	6.7	6.6	226	210	230	1,487	1,407	1,518
N.Y. - L.I.	30.7	26.0	28.0	267	290	275	8,191	7,540	7,700
-Upstate	43.0	40.0	41.0	215	215	210	9,256	8,600	8,610
Pa.	35.8	34.7	35.6	191	200	165	6,843	6,940	5,874
8 Eastern-Fall	275.0	267.7	278.0	240	233	242	65,990	62,403	67,322
Ohio	10.2	9.3	9.2	190	205	190	1,947	1,906	1,748
Ind.	4.1	4.4	4.7	237	265	205	962	1,166	964
Mich.	39.4	43.5	42.0	180	200	175	7,090	8,700	7,350
Wis.	32.8	40.0	39.0	203	205	175	6,651	8,200	6,825
Minn.	100.6	87.0	91.0	117	140	105	11,779	12,180	9,555
Iowa	3.3	3.0	3.0	136	145	135	453	435	405
N. Dak.	113.0	105.0	102.0	117	145	130	13,281	15,225	13,260
S. Dak.	5.9	5.0	5.8	94	120	110	558	600	638
Nebr.	8.9	8.1	8.5	195	205	210	1,729	1,660	1,785
9 Central-Fall	318.3	305.3	305.2	140	164	139	44,451	50,072	42,530
Mont.	7.9	7.8	8.4	165	170	165	1,296	1,326	1,386
Idaho-10 S.W.Co. 2/	13.0	33.0	35.0	245	275	250	3,254	9,075	8,750
Other Co.	236.8	249.0	279.0	188	210	150	44,769	52,290	41,850
Wyo.	3.6	3.6	3.6	155	175	140	566	630	504
Colo.	38.0	35.0	32.5	219	245	240	8,345	8,575	7,800
Utah	8.7	9.0	9.0	164	170	170	1,429	1,530	1,530
Nev.	1.3	.9	.9	191	200	180	238	180	162
Wash.	19.1	31.0	36.0	302	360	350	5,759	11,160	12,600
Oreg.-Malheur Co.2/	11.3	12.5	14.5	249	265	240	2,802	3,312	3,480
-Other Co.	25.1	26.0	27.0	239	230	230	6,016	5,980	6,210
Calif.	22.9	27.0	28.4	247	270	250	5,676	7,290	7,100
9 Western-Fall 2/	387.7	434.8	474.3	206	233	193	80,150	101,348	91,372
Total 2/	981.0	1,007.8	1,057.5	194	212	190	190,591	213,823	201,224
U. S.	1,382.0	1,402.8	1,485.1	192	207	190	265,773	289,783	281,915

1/ Averages exclude late summer crop for 1960-61 for Idaho and Oregon.
2/ Averages include late summer crop for 1960-61 for Idaho and Oregon.

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AUG 22 1966

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 18, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending August 13, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 648,000 turkey poults during the week ending August 13, 1966, a decline of 4 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production of all heavy breed poults (including crosses with light white breeds) totaled 429,000 poults - down 14 percent from 1965. By breed types: hatchings totaled 355,000 heavy white; 74,000 other heavy (mostly bronze); and 219,000 light breed poults. The heavy white hatch was down 9 percent from the corresponding week of 1965, and the other heavy down 33 percent, while the light breed hatch was 25 percent above the 1965 level.

(over)

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 23	415	387	219	249	771	771
July 30	411	381	141	140	652	599
Aug. 6	328	296	123	96	504	426
Aug. 13	270	244	76	80	389	355
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 25	790	782	423	537	---	---
July 2	833	704	303	296	---	---
July 9	663	537	259	257	1,048	878
July 16	557	493	164	173	805	737
July 23	545	395	57	87	628	501
July 30	442	327	61	64	534	405
Aug. 6	431	312	6	74	467	386
Aug. 13	383	#	#	#	401	301
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 23	#	0	319	221	383	257
July 30	#	#	309	162	363	189
Aug. 6	#	0	114	99	153	106
Aug. 13	#	#	63	65	111	74
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 25	#	0	627	543	---	---
July 2	#	#	592	379	---	---
July 9	#	0	234	192	306	219
July 16	#	#	140	160	229	186
July 23	#	0	25	#	93	44
July 30	#	#	13	31	39	48
Aug. 6	#	0	0	#	#	#
Aug. 13	0	0	5	#	5	#
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 23	#	88	6	0	223	256
July 30	72	121	#	0	186	284
Aug. 6	67	80	4	0	186	216
Aug. 13	80	83	0	0	175	219
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
June 25	#	159	12	0	---	---
July 2	114	189	13	0	---	---
July 9	114	129	5	0	341	374
July 16	127	145	0	0	300	366
July 23	126	144	0	0	283	300
July 30	118	#	0	0	278	279
Aug. 6	#	121	0	0	180	264
Aug. 13	112	118	0	0	217	271

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

Six State total continued:

The six State settings for all breeds was an undisclosed figure for the week ending August 13. Heavy white breed settings during the week totaled 301,000 eggs, down 25 percent from a year earlier, while light breed settings totaled 271,000 eggs, 25 percent above the 1965 level. Other heavy settings were undisclosed.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 13, included 244,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze and 83,000 light breed poults. Heavy white hatchings for the week were down 10 percent from a year ago, while light breeds were up 4 percent.

Eggs set in the two States consisted of an undisclosed number of heavy white, no bronze and 118,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 383,000 heavy white eggs were set, no bronze, and 112,000 light breed eggs.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,466	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 6 percent of the week's hatch compared with 22 percent a year ago and 13 percent the previous week.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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AUG 22 1966

August 18, 1966

Immediate Release

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
July 1966

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,572,000 chicks during July 1966, which was 25 percent above the July 1965 hatch, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The July hatch consisted of 847,000 egg-type and 725,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was up 36 percent and broiler-type production was up 15 percent from July 1965. For the period January through July 1966 the egg type hatch was up 18 percent and the broiler hatch up 13 percent.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-July was $3.20 per 100 pounds, compared with $3.00 the previous month, and $2.98 a year earlier. On July 15 the egg-feed ratio for Minnesota was 8.8 compared with 8.3 the previous month and 8.1 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January	694	772	+11	728	680	- 7
February	1,033	744	-28	611	587	- 4
March	3,350	4,340	+30	742	786	+ 6
April	5,603	6,736	+20	881	1,200	+36
May	5,240	6,139	+17	886	1,028	+16
June	2,132	2,485	+17	751	886	+18
July	623	847	+36	630	725	+15
August	461			613		
September	362			569		
October	536			538		
November	528			578		
December	519			663		

1/ Final.

John Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Chick production by hatcheries during July 1966 was 280.6 million, 9 percent above the 258.0 million in July 1965. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 244.2 million, up 8 percent from July 1965 and the largest of record for the month. During January through July 1966 there were 1,654.2 million broiler-type chicks produced, 9 percent above the corresponding period in 1965 and the highest of record for this period. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on August 1, 1966 was 8 percent above August 1 last year.

There were 36.4 million egg-type chicks hatched during July--up 11 percent from July 1965. All regions recorded increases from a year earlier. Increases were as follows: North Atlantic, 24 percent; East North Central, 8 percent; West North Central, 21 percent; South Atlantic, 5 percent; South Central, 1 percent; and West, 15 percent. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 7 months of 1966 totaled 396.7 million--an increase of 13 percent from the same period last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on August 1, 1966 was up 16 percent from August 1, 1965.

Broiler and Egg-Type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During July			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Ohio	650	570	1,660	1,500
Indiana	3,091	2,677	2,169	2,139
Illinois	59	55	1,228	1,621
Michigan	375	425	650	695
Wisconsin	1,291	1,275	142	360
E. N. Central	5,466	5,002	5,849	6,315
Minnesota	630	725	623	847
Iowa	190	80	930	1,250
Missouri	3,437	3,054	796	911
North Dakota	1/	1/	3	4
South Dakota	1/	1/	130	200
Nebraska	63	55	252	175
Kansas	19	5	305	275
W. N. Central	1/ 4,344	1/ 3,926	3,039	3,662
United States	225,161	244,224	32,830	36,374

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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AUG 26 1966

Immediate Release

August 25, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT

Week Ending August 20, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 496,000 turkey poults during the week ending August 20, 1966, a decline of 4 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production of all heavy breed poults (including crosses with light white breeds) totaled 305,000 poults - down 13 percent from 1965. By breed types: hatchings totaled 281,000 heavy white; 24,000 other heavy (mostly bronze); and 191,000 light breed turkey poults. The heavy white hatch was down 5 percent from the corresponding week of 1965, and the other heavy down 55 percent, while the light breed hatch was 16 percent above the 1965 level.

(over)

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 30	411	391	141	149	652	617
Aug. 6	328	296	123	96	504	426
Aug. 13	270	244	76	80	389	355
Aug. 20	260	233	26	41	297	281
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 2	833	704	303	288	---	---
July 9	663	537	259	235	1,048	853
July 16	557	493	164	173	805	738
July 23	545	395	57	87	628	501
July 30	442	327	61	64	534	405
Aug. 6	431	312	6	74	467	386
Aug. 13	383	#	#	#	401	301
Aug. 20	305	#	13	#	350	324
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 30	#	#	309	162	363	189
Aug. 6	#	0	114	99	153	106
Aug. 13	#	#	63	65	111	74
Aug. 20	#	0	13	#	53	24
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 2	#	#	592	379	---	---
July 9	#	0	234	199	306	217
July 16	#	#	140	143	229	170
July 23	#	0	25	#	93	50
July 30	#	#	13	31	39	48
Aug. 6	#	0	0	#	#	#
Aug. 13	0	0	5	#	5	#
Aug. 20	0	0	0	#	0	#
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
July 30	72	121	#	0	186	284
Aug. 6	67	80	4	0	186	216
Aug. 13	80	83	0	0	175	219
Aug. 20	79	98	0	0	165	191
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 2	114	189	13	0	---	---
July 9	114	129	5	0	341	369
July 16	127	145	0	0	300	366
July 23	126	144	0	0	283	300
July 30	118	#	0	0	278	279
Aug. 6	#	121	0	0	180	264
Aug. 13	112	118	0	0	217	271
Aug. 20	122	120	0	0	224	177

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A ten-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

Six State total continued:

The six State settings for all breeds was an undisclosed figure for the week ending August 20. Heavy white breed settings during the week totaled 324,000 eggs, down 7 percent from a year earlier, and light breed settings totaled 177,000 eggs, 21 percent below the 1965 level. Other heavy settings were undisclosed.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 20, included 233,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 98,000 light breed poults. Heavy white hatchings for the week were down 10 percent from a year ago, while light breeds were up 24 percent.

Eggs set in the two States consisted of an undisclosed number of heavy white, no bronze, and 120,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 305,000 heavy white eggs were set, no bronze, and 122,000 light breed eggs.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 8 percent of the week's hatch compared with 18 percent a year ago and 5 percent the previous week.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

SEP 1 1966

Immediate Release

August 29, 1966

TURKEYS RAISED - 1966

MINNESOTA: The number of turkeys raised in Minnesota in 1966 is estimated at 16,637,000 birds, 5 percent more than last year according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. A crop of this size is the second largest of record, exceeded only by the 18,617,000 birds raised in 1961. The expected number of turkeys to be raised in 1966 is 1 percent greater than the 16.4 million forecast on January 1.

By types, growers have raised or will raise 10,829,000 heavy white, 16 percent more than in 1965; 3,089,000 bronze - a 32 percent decrease; and 2,719,000 light breed turkeys - 38 percent more than last year.

The number of turkey poults hatched in Minnesota during the 12-month period from September 1, 1965 to August 31, 1966 is estimated to be 3 percent more than for the same period a year earlier. Shipments of poults into the State, numbering about 1.4 million, are down 4 percent from 1965. Exports at 6.0 million are 2 percent below the previous year.

UNITED STATES: Turkeys raised in 1966 are expected to total 115.8 million birds, 11 percent above last year's crop and 7 percent above the record year of 1961. The number of heavy white turkeys being raised is up 33 percent, light breeds are up 8 percent, but bronze and other heavy breeds are down 13 percent. An increase in production of turkeys is expected in all regions of the country. Increases by regions are: South Central, 18 percent; South Atlantic, 13; West, 10; North Atlantic and East North Central, each 9 percent; and West North Central, 8 percent.

The number of heavy breed turkeys raised in 1966 is expected to total 102.9 million compared with 92.8 million last year. Increases in heavy breeds are 19 percent in the South Central, 15 percent in the South Atlantic, 12 percent in the West, 10 percent in both the East North Central and North Atlantic, and 7 percent in West North Central. The heavy white turkey crop of 63.6 million is 62 percent of all heavies compared with 51 percent last year. Compared with last year increases in heavy white production are expected in all regions, with the South Central up 77 percent, West up 31 percent, South Atlantic up 30 percent, West North Central up 28 percent, East North Central up 24 percent, and the North Atlantic up 9 percent.

The number of other heavy breed turkeys raised this year is expected to total 39.3 million birds, 13 percent below the 45.0 million raised in 1965. Decreases are 30 percent in the South Central, 26 percent in the East North Central, 17 percent in the West North Central, and 12 percent in the South Atlantic. There was a 10 percent increase in the North Atlantic ~~and a 1 percent~~ increase in the West.

Number of light breed turkeys raised totaled 12.9 million compared with 12.0 million in 1965. Increases in light breed production are expected in all regions except the West which is down 30 percent and the North Atlantic which is unchanged. Increases are 20 percent in the West North Central, 9 percent in the South Atlantic, 5 percent in the South Central and 1 percent in the East North Central.

California, the leading turkey producing State this year, will raise 17.0 million birds; followed by Minnesota with 16.6; Missouri, 10.2; Iowa, 7.6; Texas and Arkansas, 6.4 each; North Carolina, 5.9; Wisconsin, 5.7; and Virginia, 5.5.

Turkey poults hatched September 1965 through July 1966 were 11 percent more than in corresponding period the previous year. Compared with a year earlier, increases occurred in all months with the largest percentage increases occurring from August 1965 through February 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs in incubators on August 1 was down 12 percent from a year earlier. The number of light breed eggs in incubators was up 6 percent from August 1 last year. Prices received by producers for live turkeys during January through April were above the same months in 1965, but have been below a year earlier each month since April.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Turkeys: Number Raised on Farms

State and Division	Heavy Breeds			Light Breeds			Total all Breeds		
	1965	1966	1966 as % of 1965	1965	1966	1966 as % of 1965	1965	1966	1966 as % of 1965
	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.
Maine	48	45	94	0	2	---	48	47	98
N. H.	81	81	100	5	6	120	86	87	101
Vt.	22	24	109	0	0	---	22	24	109
Mass.	320	270	84	4	9	225	324	279	86
R. I.	21	20	95	0	0	---	21	20	95
Conn.	174	153	88	1	4	400	175	157	90
N. Y.	348	357	103	26	20	77	374	377	101
N. J.	476	632	133	14	18	130	490	650	133
Pa.	1,357	1,536	113	270	262	97	1,627	1,798	111
N. A.	2,847	3,118	110	320	321	100	3,167	3,439	109
Ohio	2,723	3,383	124	785	754	96	3,508	4,137	118
Ind.	3,203	3,467	108	199	257	129	3,402	3,724	109
Ill.	1,239	1,378	111	95	60	63	1,334	1,438	108
Mich.	968	1,042	108	65	86	132	1,033	1,128	109
Wis.	5,263	5,510	105	181	177	98	5,444	5,687	104
E.N.C.	13,396	14,780	110	1,325	1,334	101	14,721	16,114	109
MINN.	13,877	13,918	100	1,970	2,719	138	15,847	16,637	105
Iowa	7,683	7,203	94	456	365	80	8,139	7,568	93
Mo.	6,996	9,732	139	592	480	81	7,588	10,212	135
N. Dak.	955	968	101	18	64	356	973	1,032	106
S. Dak.	604	689	114	477	601	126	1,081	1,290	119
Nebr.	1,148	949	83	21	11	52	1,169	960	82
Kans.	655	562	86	37	46	124	692	608	88
W.N.C.	31,918	34,021	107	3,571	4,286	120	35,489	38,307	108
Del.	156	114	73	267	224	84	423	338	80
Md.	250	170	68	16	51	319	266	221	83
Va.	2,417	2,465	102	2,516	3,070	122	4,933	5,535	112
W. Va.	658	617	94	1,221	1,184	97	1,879	1,801	96
N. C.	4,222	5,121	121	820	779	95	5,042	5,900	117
S. C.	810	1,086	134	12	0	---	822	1,086	132
Ga.	1,194	1,572	132	57	82	144	1,251	1,654	132
Fla.	20	22	110	189	185	98	209	207	99
S. A.	9,727	11,167	115	5,098	5,575	109	14,825	16,742	113
Ky.	1,021	762	75	1	19	1,900	1,022	781	76
Tenn.	72	39	54	2	0	---	74	39	53
Ala.	762	1,289	169	21	21	100	783	1,310	167
Miss.	113	96	85	2	2	100	115	98	85
Ark.	4,394	5,993	136	408	400	98	4,802	6,393	133
La.	21	16	76	1	1	100	22	17	77
Okla.	1,354	834	62	91	87	96	1,445	921	64
Texas	5,146	6,244	121	137	167	122	5,283	6,411	121
S. C.	12,883	15,273	119	663	697	105	13,546	15,970	118
Mont. & Idaho 1/	198	222	112	32	13	41	230	235	102
Wyo.	4	4	100	0	0	---	4	4	100
Colo.	2,010	2,322	116	36	11	31	2,046	2,333	114
N. Mex	10	9	90	1	1	100	11	10	91
Ariz.	108	73	68	1	0	---	109	73	67
Utah	2,836	3,346	118	21	32	153	2,857	3,378	118
Nev.	0	0	---	0	0	---	0	0	---
Wash.	482	462	96	41	43	105	523	505	97
Oreg.	1,335	1,410	106	210	315	150	1,545	1,725	112
Calif.	15,027	16,697	111	640	275	43	15,667	16,972	108
West	22,010	24,545	112	982	690	70	22,992	25,235	110
U. S.	92,781	102,904	111	11,959	12,903	108	104,740	115,807	111

1/ Montana and Idaho combined to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 31, 1966

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-August 1966

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-August at 102 percent of the 1947-49 average was the highest for August since 1952, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 14 points above a year earlier and 5 points above the July level. Prices of crops, livestock, dairy products and eggs continued at higher levels than a year ago.

Compared with mid-July, the August livestock price index was up 4 points at 113 percent of the 1947-49 average. The crop index was up 4 points from the previous month and 16 points above a year ago. Minnesota milk and cream price index at 119 was up 5 points from July and 25 points above the previous year. The poultry and egg index was up 6 points from the previous month and 9 points above a year earlier. The increase in the crops index from mid-July to mid-August reflected increases of 11 cents per bushel in the price of soybeans, 5 cents for corn and 1 cent each for wheat and flax. Hay prices were up $1.00 per ton. Rye, oats and barley decreased in price. Soybeans were 94 cents above last year, wheat up 36 cents and corn up 17 cents among increases in all crop prices. Hay was down $1.50 per ton from last August.

Hog prices increased $1.90 per hundredweight from mid-July and are now 70 cents above last year's level. Cattle prices at $21.70 per hundredweight were 20 cents below the previous month but $2.00 above a year ago. Calves at $30.00 per hundredweight were up $2.10 from July and up $7.10 from last year. Milk cows were up $5.00 per head from July and up $60.00 per head from last year. Milk prices were up 18 cents per hundredweight from the previous month and 97 cents above a year ago. Cream prices were up 3 cents from last month and up 12 cents per pound of cream fat from last year. Turkeys decreased 1 cent per pound from last month and last year. Chicken prices averaged 7-1/2 cents per pound, up 1/2 cent from July and up 2 cents from last year. Egg prices were up 4-1/2 cents from mid-July and up 6 cents from last August.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	Aug. 15 Av. 1958-62	Aug. 15 1963	Aug. 15 1964	Aug. 15 1965	July 15 1966	Aug. 15 1966
All Farm Priducts	81	82	79	88	97	102
Crops	69	75	72	74	86	90
Livestock	94	90	82	106	109	113
Dairy Products	90	90	91	94	114	119
Poultry and Eggs	61	61	66	62	65	71

1/ Developed in cooperation with Department of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minnesota.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Aug. 15 1962	Aug. 15 1963	Aug.15 1964	Aug. 15 1965	July 15 1966	Aug. 15 1966
Prices Received	245	242	232	249	267	272
Prices Paid 1/	306	312	313	322	334	335
Parity Ratio	80	78	74	77	80	81

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity - Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			August 15, 1966			
		August 15 1965	July 15 1966	August 15 1966	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.48	1.83	1.84	1.80	1.70	1.75	1.70
Rye	Bu.	.96	1.07	1.04	1.14	.92	1.00	1.03
Corn	Bu.	1.09	1.21	1.26	1.27	1.11	1.28	1.34
Oats	Bu.	.56	.63	.61	.66	.53	.60	.635
Barley	Bu.	1.00	1.06	1.05	1.02	.98	.95	1.05
Soybeans	Bu.	2.50	3.33	3.44	3.53	3.18	3.39	3.49
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.87	2.95	2.96	2.95	2.84	2.94	2.93
All Hay, Baled	Ton	20.50	18.00	19.00	18.70	15.50	19.60	23.30
Potatoes	Cwt.	2.05	---	2.40	---	---	3.00	2.30
Hogs	Cwt.	23.80	22.60	24.50	24.70	23.30	23.60	24.50
Cows	Cwt.	14.70	18.40	18.00	18.60	17.40	17.30	17.20
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	23.50	23.60	23.90	24.80	23.30	24.30	24.10
Cattle, All	Cwt.	19.70	21.90	21.70	24.20	21.70	23.10	22.30
Calves	Cwt.	23.20	28.20	30.30	25.40	27.00	28.00	25.90
Sheep	Cwt.	7.40	6.70	6.70	5.40	5.50	5.20	6.52
Lambs	Cwt.	23.60	22.00	24.00	22.50	22.40	23.70	22.70
Milk Cows	Head	220.00	275.00	280.00	260.00	235.00	220.00	249.00
Milk - Wholesale	Cwt.	3.36	4.15	4.33	4.30	4.10	4.15	4.94
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.65	.74	.77	.73	.75	.71	.698
Turkeys - Live	Lb.	.220	.220	.210	.220	.210	.220	.217
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.055	.070	.075	.060	.050	.065	.094
Eggs	Doz.	.265	.280	.325	.320	.290	.288	.395
Wool	Lb.	.49	.53	.52	.48	.52	.56	51.5
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	2.95	3.15	3.15	3.45	3.10	3.35	3.39
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	4.85	6.10	5.90	6.00	5.70	6.10	6.07
Hog Feed, 29% & Over	Cwt.	6.00	7.00	6.90	7.10	---	---	6.80
Beef Cattle Feed, 30% and Over	Cwt.	4.85	5.40	5.40	5.50	---	---	4.94
Dairy Feed, 16%	Cwt.	3.10	3.25	3.30	3.95	---	3.65	3.87
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.91	3.20	3.19	3.24	2.98	3.01	3.71
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.35	4.65	4.60	5.30	4.80	4.90	4.69
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog - Corn 1/		21.8	18.7	19.4	19.4	21.0	18.4	18.3
Beef - Corn 1/		21.6	19.5	19.0	19.5	21.0	19.0	18.0
Egg - Feed 2/		9.1	8.8	10.2	9.9	9.7	9.6	10.6
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		1.9	2.2	2.4	1.9	1.7	2.2	2.5

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 1, 1966

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
July 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during July 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 129,000 head, down 13 percent from June 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,047 pounds per head, down 19 pounds from the previous month, but up 5 pounds from July 1965.

July calf slaughter was 9,300 head, down 15 percent from the previous month. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 202 pounds, 5 pounds lighter than both the previous month and last year.

The hog-kill in July totaled 367,000 head, down only 1,000 head from June. The average liveweight at 267 pounds was 13 pounds lighter than in June, but 8 pounds heavier than in July 1965.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during July 1966 totaled 57,000 head, down 3 percent from June. The average liveweight at 101 pounds compares to 105 pounds the previous month and 99 pounds a year ago.

> Custom slaughtering of animals for farmers in plants is included in the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates. As a result of this change, slaughter in commercial plants is expected to be raised 2 to 3 percent for cattle, 1 to 2 percent each for calves and hogs and less than 1 percent for sheep and lambs. Since custom slaughtering for farmers is seasonal, the effect of this shift on commercial slaughter and meat production will vary somewhat by months. Comparable data for 1965 and earlier years are not available. Due to this change it would be misleading to make comparisons of the current commercial slaughter estimates with the same month a year earlier as is usually shown in the United States summary. In place of this, during 1966, comparisons with the same month a year earlier of the number of head slaughtered will be shown only for the federally inspected portion of the total slaughter.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during July in the 48 States totaled 2,421 million pounds. This was 9 percent less than the June 1966 total of 2,666 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other commercial plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on a farm or ranch.

There were 17,958 million pounds of red meat produced during the first seven months of 1966. Of the January-July total, 61.5 percent was beef; 2.8 percent veal; 33.6 percent pork; and 2.1 percent lamb and mutton. January-July 1966 production of beef totaled 11,065 million pounds, veal 496 million, pork 6,027 million, and lamb and mutton 370 million pounds. Lard production during this period was 1,042 million pounds.

During the seven-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 5 percent greater than in the same period of 1965, but calves were down 8 percent, hogs down 9 percent, and sheep and lambs down 2 percent.

Beef production during July was 1,556 million pounds, 8 percent less than June 1966. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 996 pounds, 10 pounds less than June 1966 but 11 pounds more than July 1965. The total commercial cattle kill

during July was 2,719,900 head, 7 percent less than June 1966. The July number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 2,235,500 head, about the same number as slaughtered in July a year ago.

Pork production during July totaled 747 million pounds, 11 percent less than June 1966. The commercial hog kill during July totaled 4,944,900 head, 10 percent less than the preceding month. Hogs slaughtered in federally inspected plants totaled 4,227,600 head, down 5 percent from July a year ago. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight was 10.8 pounds compared with 11.1 pounds in both June 1966 and July 1965.

There were 50 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced in July, 11 percent less than a month earlier. Total commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs was 1,026,300 head, 10 percent less than June 1966. Federally inspected sheep and lambs slaughtered in July totaled 929,100 head, 5 percent less than July last year.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	July		July average Liveweight	
	1965	1966 5/	1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Pounds	
MINNESOTA:				
Cattle	134.0	129.0	1,042	1,047
Calves	11.0	9.3	207	202
Hogs	350.0	367.0	259	267
Sheep and Lambs	48.0	57.0	99	101
UNITED STATES (48 States)				
Cattle	2,718.5	2,719.9	985	996
Calves	569.4	488.6	242	254
Hogs	5,142.0	4,944.9	239	244
Sheep and Lambs	1,080.5	1,026.3	97	99

JULY COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
July 1965	1,520	77	755	51	2,403	683	137
June 1966 5/	1,699	70	841	56	2,666	733	152
July 1966 5/	1,556	68	747	50	2,421	722	131
Jan.-July 1965 6/	10,376	518	6,296	369	17,559	3,987	1,185
Jan.-July 1966 5/ 6/	11,065	496	6,027	370	17,958	4,342	1,042

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial meat production estimates beginning with January 1966. 6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

SEP 10 1966

Immediate Release

September 1, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending August 27, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 370,000 turkey poults during the week ending August 27, 1966, a decline of 15 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production of all heavy breed poults (including crosses with light white breeds) totaled 214,000 poults - down 22 percent from 1965. By breed types: Hatchings totaled 195,000 heavy white; 19,000 other heavy (mostly bronze); and 156,000 light breed turkey poults. The heavy white hatch was down 23 percent from the corresponding week of 1965, other heavy down 10 percent, and the light breed hatch was 1 percent below the 1965 level.

(over)

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 6	328	296	123	96	504	426
Aug. 13	270	244	76	80	389	355
Aug. 20	260	233	26	41	297	281
Aug. 27	212	161	25	28	254	195
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 9	663	537	259	235	1,048	853
July 16	557	493	164	173	805	738
July 23	545	395	57	87	628	501
July 30	442	327	61	64	534	405
Aug. 6	431	312	6	74	467	386
Aug. 13	383	#	#	#	401	301
Aug. 20	305	#	13	#	350	324
Aug. 27	257	#	#	#	310	255
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 6	#	0	114	99	153	106
Aug. 13	#	#	63	65	111	74
Aug. 20	#	0	13	#	53	24
Aug. 27	#	#	7	13	21	19
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 9	#	0	234	199	306	217
July 16	#	#	140	143	229	170
July 23	#	0	25	#	93	50
July 30	#	#	13	31	39	48
Aug. 6	#	0	0	#	#	#
Aug. 13	0	0	5	#	5	#
Aug. 20	0	0	0	#	0	#
Aug. 27	0	0	0	#	0	#
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 6	67	80	4	0	186	216
Aug. 13	80	83	0	0	175	219
Aug. 20	79	98	0	0	165	191
Aug. 27	71	78	0	0	158	156
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 9	114	129	5	0	341	369
July 16	127	145	0	0	300	366
July 23	126	144	0	0	283	300
July 30	118	#	0	0	278	279
Aug. 6	#	121	0	0	180	264
Aug. 13	112	118	0	0	217	271
Aug. 20	122	120	0	0	224	177
Aug. 27	101	#	0	0	191	182

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

Six-State total continued:

The six-State settings for all breeds was an undisclosed figure for the week ending August 27. Heavy white breed settings during the week totaled 255,000 eggs, down 18 percent from a year earlier, and light breed settings totaled 182,000 eggs, 5 percent below the 1965 level. Other heavy breed settings were undisclosed.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 27 included 161,000 heavy white, an undisclosed number of bronze, and 78,000 light breed poults. Heavy white hatchings for the week were down 24 percent from a year ago, while light breeds were up 10 percent.

Eggs set in the two States consisted of an undisclosed number of heavy white, no bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 257,000 heavy white eggs were set, no bronze, and 101,000 light breed eggs.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 15 percent of the week's hatch compared with 26 percent a year ago and 8 percent the previous week.

John S. Rowe
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

SEP 9 1966

Immediate Release

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT

Week Ending September 3, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 226,000 heavy white poults (including crosses with light white breeds) during the week ending September 3, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 1 percent less than a year earlier but 16 percent above the previous week. A small undisclosed number of other heavy poults were hatched. A total of 160,000 light breed poults were hatched compared to 105,000 poults a year earlier and 156,000 last week.

(over)

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 13	270	244	76	80	389	355
Aug. 20	260	233	26	41	297	281
Aug. 27	212	161	25	28	254	195
Sept. 3	210	195	3	31	229	226
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 16	557	493	164	173	805	738
July 23	545	395	57	87	628	501
July 30	442	327	61	64	534	405
Aug. 6	431	312	6	74	467	386
Aug. 13	383	#	#	#	401	301
Aug. 20	305	#	13	#	350	324
Aug. 27	257	#	#	#	310	255
Sept. 3	164	#	#	#	197	164
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 13	#	#	63	65	111	74
Aug. 20	#	0	13	#	53	24
Aug. 27	#	#	7	13	21	19
Sept. 3	#	0	0	#	#	#
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 16	#	#	140	143	229	170
July 23	#	0	25	#	93	50
July 30	#	#	13	31	39	48
Aug. 6	#	0	0	#	#	#
Aug. 13	0	0	5	#	5	#
Aug. 20	0	0	0	#	0	#
Aug. 27	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 3	0	0	0	#	0	#
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 13	80	83	0	0	175	219
Aug. 20	79	98	0	0	165	191
Aug. 27	71	78	0	0	158	156
Sept. 3	#	85	0	0	105	160
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 16	127	145	0	0	300	366
July 23	126	144	0	0	283	300
July 30	118	#	0	0	278	279
Aug. 6	#	121	0	0	180	264
Aug. 13	112	118	0	0	217	271
Aug. 20	122	120	0	0	224	177
Aug. 27	101	#	0	0	191	182
Sept. 3	130	149	0	0	157	278

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

Six-State total continued:

The six State settings for heavy white breeds totaled 164,000 eggs compared to 197,000 a year ago and 255,000 a week earlier. A small undisclosed number of other heavy breed eggs were set. A total of 278,000 light breed eggs were set, up 77 percent from a year earlier and 53 percent above last week.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 3 included 195,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 85,000 light breed poults. Heavy white hatchings for the week were down 7 percent from a year ago.

Eggs set in the two States consisted of an undisclosed number of heavy white, no bronze, and 149,000 light breed eggs. During the same week last year, 164,000 heavy white eggs were set, no bronze, and 130,000 light breed eggs.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160		101		321		2,408		1,164	
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
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Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245		11		442		1,766		1,259	
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 22 percent of the week's hatch compared with 5 percent a year ago and 15 percent the previous week.

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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

SEP 9 1966

Immediate Release

September 7, 1966

CASH RECEIPTS FROM FARM MARKETINGS
JANUARY - JUNE 1966

MINNESOTA: Minnesota farmers received an estimated 811 million dollars from farm marketings during the first six months (January-June) of 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Cash receipts from farm marketings for the first half of 1966 increased 71.6 million dollars or 9.7 percent over the 740 million dollars in cash receipts in the first half of 1965.

Cash receipts from livestock and poultry products marketed during the first six months of 1966 totaled 655 million dollars, up 98 million dollars--a sharp 17.6 percent increase over the first half of 1965. Marketings of livestock and poultry products accounted for 80.7 cents out of every dollar received by Minnesota farmers from farm marketings in the first half of 1966 compared to 75.3 cents out of every dollar from farm marketings in the first half of 1965.

Cash receipts from crops marketed during the first six months of 1966 totaled 156 million dollars--a drop of 26 million dollars or 14.4 percent from the 182 million dollars in receipts from crop marketings during the first half of 1965. Marketings of crops accounted for 19.3 cents out of every dollar received by Minnesota farmers from farm marketings in the first half of 1966 compared to 24.7 cents in the first half of 1965.

Minnesota ranked 5th among the States in total cash receipts from farm marketings during the first six months (January-June) of 1966, 5th in cash receipts from the marketing of livestock, poultry and products, and 10th in receipts from the marketing of crops.

UNITED STATES: The nation's farmers received an estimated 18 billion dollars from farm marketings during the first six months (January-June) of 1966. This was an increase of 2.2 billion dollars or 13.8 percent over the 16 billion dollars in cash receipts earned during the first half of 1965.

Cash receipts from livestock and poultry products marketed during the first six months of 1966 totaled 12.0 billion dollars--an increase of 1.9 billion dollars, or 19.0 percent over the 10.1 billion dollars in cash receipts during the first six months of 1965. Marketings of livestock and poultry products accounted for 66.3 cents out of every dollar received by the nation's farmers from farm marketings in the first half of 1966 compared to 63.4 cents out of every dollar from farm marketings in the first half of 1965.

Cash receipts from crops marketed during the first six months of 1966 totaled 6.1 billion dollars compared with 5.8 billion dollars during the first six months of 1965. Marketing of crops accounted for 33.7 cents out of every marketing dollar received compared to 36.6 cents out of every dollar in the first half of 1965.

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SEP 13 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
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Statistical Reporting Service
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 8, 1966

FRESH VEGETABLE REPORT
Acreage and Indicated Production as of September 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Early Fall Cabbage - Early fall cabbage production in Minnesota is forecast at 135,000 hundredweight. This is down 12 percent from last year's production, and down 27 percent from the 1960-64 average according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The decline in production is due to a decrease in harvested acreage for 1966.

Early Fall Carrots - (For fresh market and processing) - Production is forecast at 228,000 hundredweight, 17 percent below last year's production of 276,000 hundredweight, and 17 percent below the 5-year average of 275,000 hundredweight. A lower anticipated yield accounts for the decline in production.

Late Summer Onions - Minnesota production is forecast at 270,000 hundredweight, 10 percent below the 300,000 hundredweight produced last year, and 21 percent below the 5-year average of 343,000 hundredweight. A lower anticipated yield per acre accounts for the decline in production.

UNITED STATES: Early Cabbage - An early fall cabbage crop of 7,313,000 cwt. is forecast. This is 20 percent less than last year and 12 percent below average. Harvest in the New England States has started in a small way. On Long Island, New York, supplies are expected to increase until peak movement is reached in October. In Upstate New York, irrigated stands are good but unirrigated stands are fair to poor. The current crop is two weeks late. Harvest activity is expected to increase about mid-September. Cutting for kraut packers should be active in late September and October. In New Jersey, good supplies should continue through October. In Pennsylvania, dry soil conditions at planting reduced stands but August rains improved growing conditions. Cutting should begin the first week of September. Harvest in Ohio is expected to be somewhat later than last year because of cool temperatures in August. In Michigan, moderate to heavy rains relieved dry soil conditions and along with cooler weather improved yield prospects. The crop is maturing later than usual. Late transplants are developing well. Crop development has been slow in Wisconsin. Many stands are very uneven and heads are generally small and light. Cutting was beginning in southern Minnesota on September 1. In Utah, harvest is expected to start around mid-September and reach its peak by mid-October. Adequate water supplies are available for remainder of season. In Oregon, continued warm, dry weather during August retarded development.

Early Fall Carrots - Early fall production is estimated at 6,488,000 cwt., 1 percent above last year. In New England, volume movement should be available during September. Peak supplies should occur after mid-October. In western New York, growth is very good. Harvest was active in Schoharie County with increased digging expected by mid-September. In Pennsylvania, late plantings have made only fair development. Early dry weather hurt the Illinois crop. In Michigan, fresh market harvest is nearing the peak. In Wisconsin, the crop has made slow progress. Harvest had started on a limited scale. In Minnesota, moisture is the limiting factor. Harvest is expected to begin about September 20 in most areas. In Texas, harvest was underway on the High Plains throughout August. Volume is expected to increase until peak harvest is reached in November. In the Trans-Pecos area, heavy rains prevented planting of some intended acreage and some of the planted acreage was washed out. Harvest was expected to start in early September. In New Mexico, harvest was expected to start around September 10 in the Grants area. Light supplies are available from Washington. Volume is expected to be moderate throughout October and then to decline. In Oregon, dry weather is preventing good sizing.

Late Summer Onions - Production of late summer onions is forecast at 17,596,000 cwt., 16 percent below 1965 and 5 percent below average. Harvest in Massachusetts was progressing slowly. In New York, harvest in Orange County was about one-half completed by September 1. Most western and central sections did not expect active topping until after Labor Day. Sizes were generally small especially in Orange County. Picklers and boiler sizes made up an especially large proportion with extremely few jumbos. In Ohio, growing conditions were generally good for sizing during August. Harvest began in late August. Most growers in Indiana are expected to delay harvest until mid-September. In Michigan, a good supply of 2 inch plus onions is expected but jumbos will be less common than a year ago. Harvest has been running two to three weeks late. In Wisconsin, volume supplies should be available after Labor Day. Sizes are expected to average a little smaller than last year. Harvest began in southern

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Late Summer Onions (cont.) - Minnesota in early September and is expected to start in the Red River Valley about mid-September. Sizes are expected to average smaller than normal. Harvest is completed in eastern sections of Kansas and was expected to start in the west after mid-September. In Idaho and eastern Oregon, topping activity was in full swing in late August, generally earlier than usual. Bulbs have not sized as well as expected. In Colorado harvest was nearing completion on September 1 in the Arkansas Valley and was active in the northern areas. Harvest in Western Slope areas was expected to start in early September. Harvest in Utah is expected to begin about mid-September. In Washington and western Oregon, harvest is underway and should continue through September. Harvest for fresh market in California continues in the Stockton Delta and central coast districts. Harvest of the dehydrator crop was virtually completed in Imperial and Riverside counties and supplies were decreasing in the Kern district. Harvest of the dehydrator crop in the Tulelake-Butte Valley area should begin about September 15.

Acreage and Estimated Production Reported to Date, 1966 with Comparisons

Crop and State	Acreage			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest 1966						
	Average 1960 - 64	1965		Av. 60-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960 - 64	1965	Ind. 1966
	- Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
CABBAGE,									
Early Fall:									
New Hampshire	170	170	150	183	190	180	31	32	27
Massachusetts	670	600	550	196	205	190	131	123	104
Rhode Island	90	100	100	190	190	190	17	19	19
Connecticut	540	550	500	186	175	170	100	96	85
New York, L. I.	1,160	1,100	1,100	220	215	215	256	236	236
New York, Upst.	10,440	10,800	9,700	324	365	320	3,382	3,942	3,104
New Jersey	2,120	2,200	2,400	204	195	200	431	429	480
Pennsylvania	1,260	1,100	950	204	220	190	259	242	180
Ohio	2,070	2,200	2,200	264	305	210	549	671	462
Michigan	4,520	4,800	4,100	166	175	160	749	840	656
Wisconsin	6,100	6,400	5,700	295	300	260	1,796	1,920	1,482
Minnesota	960	850	750	192	180	180	184	153	135
Utah & Idaho	430	320	350	341	385	320	147	123	112
Oregon	1,220	1,200	1,100	211	240	210	257	288	231
Group Total	31,750	32,390	29,650	259	281	247	8,290	9,114	7,313
CARROTS,									
Early Fall:									
Massachusetts	580	500	450	205	230	220	119	115	99
Connecticut	670	600	550	192	230	210	129	138	116
New York	2,200	2,200	2,200	316	340	340	695	748	748
Pennsylvania	480	450	450	204	265	200	99	119	90
Illinois	650	550	550	285	255	225	183	140	124
Michigan	4,100	4,600	4,800	234	245	190	959	1,127	912
Wisconsin	2,140	3,200	3,400	365	395	380	783	1,264	1,292
Minnesota	730	650	650	379	425	350	275	276	228
Texas	4,900	5,400	6,600	185	200	210	896	1,080	1,386
New Mexico	210	120	500	161	160	160	34	19	80
Washington	1,500	1,700	1,800	391	385	435	587	654	783
Oregon	1,880	1,400	1,400	400	510	450	755	714	630
Group Total	20,040	21,370	23,350	275	299	278	5,514	6,394	6,488
ONIONS,									
Late Summer:									
Massachusetts	140	100	80	215	180	230	31	18	18
New York	15,100	16,400	14,700	316	330	220	4,762	5,412	3,234
Ohio	470	550	550	425	510	410	200	280	226
Indiana	850	950	850	312	420	285	264	399	242
Illinois	750	750	600	156	135	145	117	101	87
Michigan	7,440	7,500	6,900	346	360	310	2,567	2,700	2,139
Wisconsin	2,260	1,900	1,900	235	295	250	532	560	475
Minnesota	1,620	1,200	1,200	213	250	225	343	300	270
Iowa	240	230	210	227	325	240	54	75	50
Nebraska	110	320	240	168	100	100	17	32	24
Kansas	160	100	70	194	200	175	32	20	12
Colorado	7,800	6,500	6,200	283	275	265	2,211	1,788	1,643
Utah	760	850	750	285	350	290	217	298	218
Nevada	500	100	80	332	280	300	168	28	24
Washington	1,020	1,000	900	390	440	430	393	440	387
Western Oregon	2,100	2,200	2,200	350	385	400	737	847	880
Idaho & Eastern Oregon Total	5,220	6,600	7,200	454	530	460	2,371	3,498	3,312
California	9,740	11,400	13,000	350	360	335	3,420	4,104	4,355
Group Total	56,280	58,650	57,630	328	356	305	18,435	20,900	17,596

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 9, 1966

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT - September 1, 1966

Corn, soybeans and hay crop production prospects in Minnesota improved during August while small grain crop prospects declined according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The Crop Production Index at 111 (1957-59=100%) is 7 percent above both the 1965 and the 5-year average and is second only to the record of 115 percent in 1963. Temperatures for the month of August averaged slightly cooler than normal and moisture was slightly above normal.

FEED GRAINS: Production of feed grains now estimated at 11.8 million tons compares with 10.9 million tons in 1965 and the 5-year average of 11.8 million tons.

CORN: The 1966 Minnesota corn crop is forecast at 322.0 million bushels. A crop this size would be the third largest of record exceeded only in 1961 and 1963. Progress of this year's crop is a week or 10 days ahead of normal with about 40 percent of it dented on September 3 compared with an average of about 25 percent on this date.

The yield for 1966 is now forecast at 72 bushels per acre on 4,472,000 acres to be harvested for grain. A yield at this level would establish a record for the State and compare with the previous record of 69 bushels in 1963 and the 5-year average of 61.2 bushels per acre.

SOYBEANS: A record soybean crop of 81.3 million bushels is in prospect for Minnesota in 1966. This results from the largest acreage of record and the second largest yield. Like corn, progress of the soybean crop is ahead of normal. On September 3 leaves were turning yellow on about 60 percent of the acreage which compares with the average for this date of about 50 percent.

The yield for 1966 is forecast at 24 bushels per acre. This compares with 18.5 bushels in 1965 and the 5-year average of 21.3 bushels and the record yield of 24.5 bushels in 1963.

WHEAT: The 1966 Minnesota wheat crop is forecast at 17.1 million bushels. Hot humid weather during July and the first part of August reduced yields on durum and other spring wheat.

OATS: Oat production in 1966 estimated at 144 million bushels is 13 percent less than 1965 and 10 percent below the 5-year average. Hot humid weather in July and early August cut oat yields and the yield is now estimated at 47 bushels, 3 bushels below the August 1 estimate and compares with 55 bushels in 1965 and the 5-year average of 47.5 bushels per acre.

BARLEY: A barley crop of 19.6 million bushels is now estimated for Minnesota. A crop this size would be 27 percent under 1965 and 19 percent below the 5-year average. Hot summer weather also reduced barley yields. At present the yield is estimated at 29.5 bushels compared with 44 bushels per acre in 1965 and the 5-year average yield of 31.6 bushels.

FLAXSEED: Unfavorable summer weather also made itself felt on the flax crop. Production for 1966 forecast at 3.8 million bushels is 37 percent less than last year and 38 percent below average.

POTATOES: September 1 conditions indicate a total potato crop 13 percent below 1965 and 9 percent below the 5-year average. The late summer crop now forecast at 1.2 million hundredweight is about the same as a year ago while the fall crop at 10.5 million hundredweight is 14 percent less than 1965.

HAY: 1966 hay production now estimated at 7.7 million tons is 4 percent less than a year ago and about equal to the 5-year average.

SUGAR BEETS: Production of sugar beets in Minnesota is estimated at 1,452,000 tons, about 10 percent above 1965 and 17 percent above the 5-year average.

APPLES: A record commercial apple crop appears in prospect for 1966. The forecast now placed at 550,000 bushels is 90 percent above last year and compares with the previous record of 430,000 bushels in 1964.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 644 million pounds during August, 2 percent less than August 1965 and 19 percent less than in July. Production for the first 8 months of 1966 is 8 percent below the corresponding period in 1965.

EGG PRODUCTION: August egg production totaled 170 million eggs, down 11 percent from August 1965. Egg production for the first 8 months this year is also 13 percent below the corresponding period a year earlier.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on Minnesota farms in August totaled 256,000, of which 218,000 were family workers and 39,000 hired workers. This compares with 227,000 family workers and 54,000 hired workers in August 1965.

September 1, 1966 Crop Production Prospects

Commodity	Acreage Harvested		For Harvest 1966	Yield per Acre			Production		
	Average 1960-64	1965		Average 1960-64	1965	For Harvest 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Indicated 1966
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
FOR MINNESOTA:									
Corn for Grain	5,037	4,428	4,472	61.2	61.0	72.0	307,550	270,108	321,984
All Wheat	894	797	752	24.7	27.8	22.7	22,158	22,124	17,093
Winter Wheat	18	9	6	25.1	24.0	28.0	458	216	168
Durum Wheat	47	68	40	27.9	31.0	26.0	1,341	2,108	1,040
Other Spring Wheat	829	720	706	24.5	27.5	22.5	20,359	19,800	15,885
Oats	3,365	3,004	3,064	47.5	55.0	47.0	160,154	165,220	144,008
Barley	769	610	665	31.6	44.0	29.5	24,278	26,840	19,618
Rye	76	102	61	19.0	20.5	20.0	1,440	2,091	1,220
Flaxseed	535	432	423	11.4	14.0	9.0	6,148	6,048	3,807
Soybeans for Beans	2,372	3,166	3,388	21.3	18.5	24.0	50,559	58,571	81,312
Potatoes (Cwt.)									
Late Summer	6.6	7.2	7.9	153	165	150	1,014	1,188	1,185
Fall	100.6	87.0	91.0	117	140	115	11,779	12,180	10,465
Sugar Beets (Tons)	104.5	121.0	121.0	11.9	10.9	12.0	1,240	1,318	1,452
Hay, All (Tons)	3,637	3,527	3,356	2.12	2.26	2.28	7,685	7,962	7,659

UNITED STATES: Crop prospects improved during August as favorable weather boosted expected production of all major crops except oats. Crop progress is near normal in most areas of the country except in the East Northcentral, where it is slightly later than usual, and in West Northcentral, where progress of some crops is ahead of average.

Production of the four feed grains in 1966 is expected to total 157 million tons - an increase of 4 percent during August. The total is 2 percent below the record 161 million tons produced in 1965 but 7 percent above average. Both yield per acre and production of sorghum grain are expected to set a record because of favorable August weather in major producing areas. Prospective production of corn rose significantly in August and is expected to be the third highest of record.

Oilseed production is expected to total 2 percent above 1965 and nearly one-fourth more than average. Favorable weather pushed outlook for cotton, soybeans, and peanuts well above the August 1 estimates. Production of soybeans is forecast 10 percent above last year's record high. Outlook for peanuts, though not record, is second only to last year's record.

Production of all wheat is estimated at 1,296 million bushels, up slightly from a month earlier and 6 percent above average but 2 percent below last year. The yield per harvested acre is 26.4 bushels, the third highest of record.

Production of all hay in 1966 is estimated at 116.7 million tons, down 6 percent from last year and 1 percent below average. Overall prospects improved during August in most regions as more favorable moisture conditions were reflected in generally higher expected yields. The major exception was the Middle and North Atlantic States where hot, dry weather continued to hold yields at low levels.

C. W. Estes
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 12, 1966

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of September 1, 1966)

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Commercial Processing - Minnesota production of sweet corn for processing is forecast at 440,400 tons for 1966. This is 25 percent more than last year, and 26 percent above the 1960-64 average. Acreage intended for harvest of 110,100 acres is up 20 percent from last year's 91,500 acres, and up 17 percent from the 1960-64 average of 93,980 acres. Estimated yield of 4.00 tons per acre compares with 3.86 tons in 1965 and the 1960-64 average of 3.72 tons per acre.

Snap Beans for Processing - Minnesota production is included in the total for "Other States." Production in these States is expected to be 1 percent above the production in 1965 and 54 percent above the 1960-64 average.

Green Lima Beans for Processing - Minnesota production is included in the total for "Other States." Production in these States is expected to be 11 percent above the production in 1965, but 4 percent below the 1960-64 average.

Beets for Canning - Minnesota production is included in the total for "Other States." Production in these States is expected to be 24 percent above the production in 1965, and 3 percent above the 1960-64 average.

UNITED STATES: Sweet Corn for Processing - Estimated United States production of sweet corn for processing in 1966, at 1,782,000 tons, is up 10 percent from last year and 11 percent more than average. Based on September 1 conditions, yields for the Nation are expected to average 4.04 tons per acre compared with 4.28 tons in 1965.

Snap Beans for Processing - The estimate of snap beans for processing in the United States, at 538,890 tons, is about the same as the 1965 crop, but 18 percent more than average. The average indicated yield per acre, at 2.2 tons, compares with 2.3 tons in 1965. In the Western States, the shift from pole to bush types is a factor in the trend toward lower yields in that area. In other States, hot, dry weather has resulted in reduced yields this year.

Green Lima Beans for Processing - The first estimate of 1966 production of green lima beans for processing at 102,040 tons, is up 6 percent from 1965 and is 4 percent more than the 1960-64 average. The 1966 acreage for harvest is 96,650 acres compared with 83,970 acres harvested in 1965. This year's yield per acre is placed at 2,112 pounds compared with 2,297 pounds last year.

Beets for Canning - The September 1 estimate of beets for canning is 201,590 tons. This is 13 percent above last year and 8 percent more than the 1960-64 average. Production increases over last year are expected in most States. Expected acreage for harvest this year is up 17 percent from 1965. Estimated yield at 11.9 tons per acre compares with 12.3 tons in 1965 and the 1960-64 average yield of 11.0 tons.

Vegetables for Processing: Preliminary Acreage and Indicated Production, by States, 1966 with Comparisons

Green Lima Beans

State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	Average 1960-64	1965							
	-Acres-			-Lbs.-			-Tons-		
Delaware	18,560	18,900	20,200	1,420	1,760	1,100	13,190	16,630	11,110
Maryland	3,200	3,200	3,600	1,350	1,550	1,100	2,140	2,480	1,980
Michigan	1,960	1,700	2,400	1,800	1,850	1,800	1,770	1,570	2,160
Wisconsin	5,040	4,800	7,500	2,170	1,970	1,900	5,500	4,730	7,120
Washington	1,740	2,700	3,300	2,520	2,440	2,500	2,150	3,290	4,120
California	27,080	27,500	32,300	3,340	3,150	3,000	45,120	43,310	48,450
Other States	28,730	25,170	27,350	1,970	1,942	1,982	28,320	24,440	27,100
United States	86,310	83,970	96,650	2,270	2,297	2,112	98,190	96,450	102,040

--Continued

Vegetables for Processing: Preliminary Acreage and Indicated Production, by States, 1966 with Commparisons — Cont.

Beets for Canning

State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest						
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	-Acres-			-Lbs.-			-Tons-		
New York	4,900	4,900	5,200	13.0	13.3	14.0	64,000	65,200	72,800
Michigan	590	360	500	9.2	9.7	10.0	5,460	3,500	5,000
Wisconsin	5,820	4,900	6,000	9.6	12.1	10.5	55,960	59,300	63,000
Oregon	1,580	1,200	1,500	16.9	18.0	17.0	26,720	21,600	25,500
Other States 2/.	4,010	3,120	3,720	8.5	9.1	9.5	34,090	28,360	35,290
United States.	16,900	14,480	16,920	11.0	12.3	11.9	186,230	177,960	201,590

Snap Beans for Processing

	-Acres-			-Tons-			-Tons-		
Maine	1,720	1,500	1,600	2.2	2.1	2.6	3,800	3,200	4,200
New York	44,440	50,100	51,000	1.8	1.8	1.8	80,080	90,200	91,800
Pennsylvania	7,360	10,000	10,000	1.6	1.7	1.0	11,640	17,000	10,000
Delaware	6,480	6,700	5,200	1.2	1.4	.8	7,580	9,400	4,200
Maryland	11,400	15,100	15,300	1.6	1.8	1.1	18,260	27,200	16,800
Virginia	1,980	1,700	1,800	1.6	1.3	1.8	3,100	2,200	3,200
North Carolina	2,560	2,900	3,800	1.9	2.3	1.6	4,860	6,700	6,100
South Carolina	1,160	700	800	1.1	1.2	1.1	1,260	840	880
Florida	9,700	8,100	6,100	1.9	1.9	2.1	18,540	15,100	12,800
Michigan	9,440	12,000	12,000	1.6	1.6	1.7	14,940	19,200	20,400
Wisconsin	28,980	36,300	37,500	1.8	2.3	2.1	52,570	83,500	78,700
Tennessee	10,000	12,800	12,300	2.1	2.0	1.5	20,680	25,600	18,400
Oklahoma	3,280	2,100	4,300	1.5	2.4	1.5	5,320	5,000	6,400
Texas	7,500	5,700	7,100	1.9	2.0	2.3	14,400	11,400	16,300
Colorado	1,980	2,300	2,500	2.6	2.4	2.5	5,140	5,500	6,200
Washington	2,080	2,600	3,000	5.5	5.2	5.3	11,460	13,500	15,900
Oregon	16,160	21,900	24,700	6.9	5.6	5.5	110,140	122,600	135,800
California	4,580	7,700	11,000	6.8	2.5	2.5	30,660	19,200	27,500
Other States 3/	20,320	30,060	32,500	2.0	2.1	1.9	41,220	62,910	63,310
United Stated	191,120	230,260	242,500	2.4	2.3	2.2	455,650	540,250	538,890

Sweet Corn for Processing

	-Acres-			-Tons-			-Tons-		
Maine	2,380	1,300	700	5.52	5.15	6.20	13,020	6,700	4,300
New York	18,780	13,100	14,100	4.38	4.05	4.70	81,720	53,100	66,300
Pennsylvania	8,380	9,200	9,300	3.09	2.58	2.00	25,980	23,700	18,600
Delaware	4,520	3,200	3,400	3.16	3.38	2.10	14,420	10,800	7,100
Maryland	29,040	28,500	25,800	3.01	3.22	2.00	87,840	91,800	51,600
Illinois	57,000	48,500	56,000	4.12	4.23	3.60	233,040	205,200	201,600
Wisconsin	100,240	88,000	114,000	3.50	4.19	3.70	351,600	368,700	421,800
Minnesota	93,980	91,500	110,100	3.72	3.86	4.00	349,720	353,200	440,400
Iowa	5,820	5,200	6,000	4.19	4.13	4.40	24,460	21,500	26,400
Idaho	12,280	13,400	15,000	5.60	6.31	5.30	68,660	84,600	79,500
Washington	23,760	30,400	37,500	5.27	5.20	5.60	124,740	158,100	210,000
Oregon	24,560	28,800	32,500	5.23	5.82	5.90	128,440	167,600	191,800
Other States 4/.	28,770	15,590	16,700	3.78	4.40	3.75	108,640	68,600	62,600
United States.	409,510	376,690	441,100	3.95	4.28	4.04	1,612,280	1,613,600	1,782,000

1/ Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Utah, and Virginia. 2/ California, Colorado, Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. 3/ Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, Ohio, Utah, Vermont, Nebraska, Massachusetts, South Dakota, and Wyoming. 4/ Arkansas, California, Colorado, Michigan, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wyoming, Indiana, and Ohio.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 13, 1966

POTATO ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION REPORT
September 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: The Late Summer potato production is estimated at 1,185,000 hundredweight, about the same as last year but 17 percent above the 1960-64 average. Acres to be harvested total 7,900, 10 percent above the 7,200 acres harvested last year.

Fall Potatoes: Fall production is forecast at 10,465,000 hundredweight, 14 percent less than 1965 and 11 percent less than the 1960-64 average. Decreases in production from last year and the average reflect losses in the Red River Valley caused by heavy rains during this summer.

UNITED STATES: Fall potato production is forecast at 203,025,000 hundredweight, up slightly from the August 1 forecast, but still 5 percent less than in 1965. The estimated production in the Eastern fall States is 66,254,000 hundredweight, down 2 percent from the August indication but 6 percent above last year. Prospects declined during the month in Maine and on Long Island (New York). The Maine crop is forecast at 40,040,000 hundredweight, the largest since 1956, but only slightly above the 1964 production. Favorable soil moisture conditions improved crop prospects in Upstate New York while varied soil moisture conditions in Pennsylvania resulted in no change from last month's well-below-average yield prospects. In the Central fall States indicated production on September 1 was up 6 percent from last month to 45,105,000 hundredweight, but is about 10 percent under 1965 output. Weather conditions during August were generally more favorable for crop development than earlier in the summer and prospects were above a month earlier in all States except South Dakota, where prospects were unchanged, and Nebraska, where prospects declined. The forecast for the Western fall States is virtually unchanged from August 1 at 91,666,000 hundredweight, 10 percent below last year although 14 percent above average. No change from a month ago is indicated for the important Idaho crop. Frost in late August damaged vines in the northeastern part of the State where much of the crop is grown for seed. In all areas of the State, the crop is behind usual development for September 1. Growing conditions have been very favorable in the San Luis Valley of Colorado and yield prospects are up from a month earlier. Except for a slight decline in California, production prospects were unchanged in other major States in the area.

Late Summer: Late summer potato production is estimated at 29,357,000 hundredweight, practically unchanged from a month earlier but 3 percent under 1965. Reduced prospects in some eastern areas -- mainly Long Island (New York) and New Jersey -- were about offset by increased prospects in several central and western areas -- mainly Michigan, Minnesota, and Colorado -- as most other States were unchanged from August 1. Irrigation systems in New Jersey, the largest eastern late summer State, have been inadequate to completely offset the extremely dry conditions. Harvest progress is ahead of last year. Moderate rainfall and cooler weather are expected to benefit late fields in Bay County, Michigan and tend to offset the light yields obtained from early diggings. Harvest of the Wisconsin crop during August was slower than usual and yields varied greatly by variety and area. Volume was expected to increase considerably after Labor Day. The Minnesota late summer acreage is mostly irrigated and a good crop is expected, although harvest has been delayed because of the late season. About 40 percent of the late summer crop in Colorado was harvested by September 1. Weather conditions have been generally favorable for tubor growth. Late-maturing acreage is expected to yield well above average. Weather conditions in Washington continued to be favorable during August and harvest progress has been satisfactory.

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1965 POTATO CROP UTILIZATION

A report on the utilization of last year's potato crop was issued September 8, 1966. The quantity sold for table stock from the 1965 crop was 138.0 million hundredweight, 9 percent above 1964. This increase, however, was well under the 21 percent increase in total production. The quantity used for processed food products (excluding starch and flour) increased 39 percent to 92.3 million hundredweight. The volume processed into frozen french fries, at 32.3 million hundredweight, was 57 percent above the previous record in 1964 and exceeded the 31.5 million hundredweight used for chips and shoestrings, which was up 9 percent. Other frozen products used 5.0 million hundredweight, up 59 percent. Dehydrated products -- flakes, granules, etc. — used 20.1 million hundredweight, nearly double the usage from the 1964 crop. Canned products used 3.3 million hundredweight, up slightly from 1964. Usage by starch and flour plants, at 8.1 million hundredweight, was nearly triple that used in 1964. Sales for livestock feed, at 5.8 million hundredweight, was slightly higher than in the preceding season.

ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION, POTATOES, SEPTEMBER 1, 1966

Seasonal Group and Selected State	Harvested Acreage			Yield per harvested acre			Production		
	Average 1960-64	1965	Indicated 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Indicated 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Indicated 1966
	1,000 Acres			Hundredweight			1,000 Cwt.		
Winter	21.0	19.4	25.5	190	189	199	3,990	3,659	5,084
Early Spring	26.7	35.3	36.1	156	139	137	4,172	4,898	4,951
Late Spring	117.1	121.7	126.6	205	207	214	23,998	25,137	27,057
Early Summer	90.5	81.6	92.5	148	146	152	13,386	11,926	14,083
Late Summer	145.8	137.0	146.9	203	221	200	29,636	30,340	29,357
N.Y. - L.I.	10.3	11.0	11.5	256	275	245	2,634	3,025	2,818
N.J.	17.8	16.6	17.3	240	250	175	4,266	4,150	3,028
Mich.	7.3	6.9	7.6	149	120	115	1,087	828	874
Wis.	21.0	18.5	21.0	178	200	170	3,731	3,700	3,570
Minn.	6.6	7.2	7.9	153	165	150	1,014	1,188	1,185
Colo.	15.4	13.0	13.8	200	200	205	3,072	2,600	2,829
Other States	67.4	63.8	67.8	205	233	222	13,832	14,849	15,053
8 Eastern Fall	275.0	267.7	278.0	240	233	238	65,990	62,403	66,254
Maine	145.8	148.0	154.0	257	238	260	37,425	35,224	40,040
N. Y. - L. I.	30.7	26.0	28.0	267	290	260	8,191	7,540	7,280
N. Y. Upstate	43.0	40.0	41.0	215	215	215	9,256	8,600	8,815
Pa.	35.8	34.7	35.6	191	200	165	6,843	6,940	5,874
Other States	19.7	19.0	19.4	217	216	219	4,275	4,099	4,245
9 Central Fall	318.3	305.3	305.2	140	164	148	44,451	50,072	45,105
Mich.	39.4	43.5	42.0	180	200	180	7,090	8,700	7,560
Wis.	32.8	40.0	39.0	203	205	185	6,651	8,200	7,215
Minn.	100.6	87.0	91.0	117	140	115	11,779	12,180	10,465
No. Dak.	113.0	105.0	102.0	117	145	140	13,281	15,225	14,280
Other States	32.5	29.8	31.2	174	194	179	5,650	5,767	5,585
9 Western Fall	387.7	434.8	474.3	206	233	193	80,150	101,348	91,666
Idaho - 10 S.W. Co.	13.0	33.0	35.0	245	275	250	3,254	9,075	8,750
Idaho - Other Co.	236.8	249.0	279.0	188	210	150	44,769	52,290	41,850
Colo.	38.0	35.0	32.5	219	245	255	8,345	8,575	8,288
Wash.	19.1	31.0	36.0	302	360	350	5,759	11,160	12,600
Oreg. - Malheur Co.	11.3	12.5	14.5	249	265	240	2,802	3,312	3,480
Oreg. - Other Co.	25.1	26.0	27.0	239	230	230	6,016	5,980	6,210
Calif.	22.9	27.0	28.4	247	270	240	5,676	7,290	6,816
Other States	21.5	21.3	21.9	164	172	168	3,529	3,666	3,672
Total Fall	981.0	1,007.8	1,057.5	194	212	192	190,591	213,823	203,025
UNITED STATES	1,382.0	1,402.8	1,485.1	192	207	191	265,773	289,783	283,557

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 15, 1966

1966 SWEETCLOVER SEED FORECAST

MINNESOTA: Sweetclover seed production for 1966 is forecast at 3,118,000 pounds, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and United States Department of Agriculture. This year's crop is 69 percent larger than the 1965 production of 1,840,000 pounds. The larger crop this year is due to a sharp increase in acres harvested.

Growers expect to harvest only 14,500 acres this year compared with only 8,000 in 1965. Yield this year is estimated at 215 pounds per acre compared with 230 pounds last year and the 5-year average of 212 pounds. The average date of harvest for 1966 was August 21, the same as in 1965.

UNITED STATES: The 1966 production of sweetclover seed is forecast at 16,205,000 pounds. The indicated crop is 9 percent less than last year's revised total of 17,805,000 pounds and 31 percent less than the 1960-64 average production. Production this year is below last year in all States except Illinois, Michigan, and Minnesota. Production in Illinois and Michigan is expected to be the same as last year while production in Minnesota is up 69 percent. Production in Texas this year is the smallest of record.

The acreage intended for seed harvest this year is estimated at 75,700 acres, 1 percent less than last year and 35 percent less than average. Acreage was up from last year in Minnesota and North Dakota but remained unchanged in Ohio, Illinois, and Michigan. The U. S. yield per acre is 214 pounds and compares with 232 pounds a year earlier, and the average of 200 pounds. Higher yields than last year are expected in Kansas and Texas -- up 10, and 70 pounds, respectively. Yield per acre in Ohio was down 90 pounds from last year, Oklahoma down 65 pounds and North Dakota down 40 pounds. The average beginning dates of harvest were generally about the same as last year in most States. Dates on which harvesting began this year are: July 15 in Oklahoma, July 16 in Texas, July 27 in Kansas, July 30 in Ohio, Illinois, and South Dakota, August 1 in Missouri, August 4 in Nebraska, August 21 in Minnesota, August 24 in North Dakota and September 1 in Michigan.

Carryover on June 30, 1966 of previous year's seed totaled 11,346,000 pounds, (6,211,000 by dealers and 5,135,000 by growers). This compares with 13,547,000 pounds (7,271,000 dealers and 6,276,000 growers) a year earlier and the five-year average of 10,835,000 pounds. Initial supply (Production plus carryover) is expected to be 27,551,000 pounds compared with 31,352,000 pounds for 1965.

Imports of sweetclover seed during the 12-month ending June 30, 1966 totaled 7,234,700 pounds (7,232,700 Canada, 2,000 New Zealand). A year earlier imports were 8,939,600.

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Agricultural Statistician

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State Agricultural Statistician

Sweetclover Seed: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production average 1960-64, annual 1965 and 1966

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per acre			Production (clean seed)		
	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Ind. 1966
	- Acres -			- Pounds -			- Thousand pounds -		
Ohio	11,140	7,500	7,500	242	350	260	2,711	2,625	1,950
Ill.	5,700	5,000	5,000	137	145	145	783	725	725
Mich.	3,400	2,000	2,000	165	200	200	559	400	400
Minn.	19,600	8,000	14,500	212	230	215	3,963	1,840	3,118
Mo.	2,460	2,000	1,000	160	150	140	396	300	140
N. Dak.	7,000	9,000	9,500	229	275	235	1,587	2,475	2,232
S. Dak.	16,400	15,000	13,000	226	290	270	3,740	4,350	3,510
Nebr.	12,000	9,000	8,000	196	160	140	2,334	1,440	1,120
Kans.	18,200	11,000	9,500	151	160	170	2,757	1,760	1,615
Okla.	6,100	3,600	2,500	137	175	110	830	630	275
Texas	11,100	4,500	3,200	292	280	350	3,243	1,260	1,120
U. S.	115,900	76,600	75,700	200	232	214	23,334	17,805	16,205

1/ Revised

Sweetclover Seed Supply: United States, average 1960-64, annual 1965 and 1966

Item	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Indicated 1966
		- 1,000 Pounds -	
Production	23,334	17,805	16,205
Farm Carryover	3,917	6,276	5,135
Dealer Carryover	6,918	7,271	6,211
Supply (production plus carryover)	34,168	31,352	27,551

1/ Revised

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SEP 17 1966

Immediate Release

September 15, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT

Week Ending September 10, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey states hatched a total of 156,000 heavy white poults (including crosses with light white breeds) during the week ending September 10, 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 21 percent less than the corresponding week a year earlier. An undisclosed number of other heavy poults were hatched. A total of 167,000 light breed poults were hatched, compared with 125,000 poults for the same week of 1966.

(over)

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 20	260	233	26	41	297	281
Aug. 27	212	161	25	28	254	195
Sept. 3	210	195	3	31	229	226
Sept.10	190	#	#	#	197	156
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 23	545	466	57	87	628	572
July 30	442	327	61	64	534	405
Aug. 6	431	398	6	74	467	472
Aug. 13	383	#	#	#	401	301
Aug. 20	305	#	13	#	350	324
Aug. 27	257	#	#	#	310	255
Sept. 3	164	#	#	#	197	164
Sept.10	125	189	#	#	172	225
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 20	#	0	13	#	53	24
Aug. 27	#	#	7	13	21	19
Sept. 3	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept.10	0	0	3	#	3	#
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 23	#	0	25	#	93	50
July 30	#	#	13	31	39	48
Aug. 6	#	0	0	#	#	#
Aug. 13	0	0	5	#	5	#
Aug. 20	0	0	0	#	0	#
Aug. 27	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 3	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept.10	0	0	0	#	0	#
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 20	79	98	0	0	165	191
Aug. 27	71	78	0	0	158	156
Sept, 3	#	85	0	0	105	160
Sept.10	65	73	0	0	125	167
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 23	126	153	0	0	283	309
July 30	118	#	0	0	278	279
Aug. 6	#	137	0	0	180	280
Aug. 13	112	118	0	0	217	271
Aug. 20	122	120	0	0	224	177
Aug. 27	101	#	0	0	191	182
Sept. 3	130	149	0	0	157	278
Sept.10	142	#	0	0	230	151

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

Six-State total continued:

The six State settings for heavy white breeds during the week totaled 225,000 eggs, compared with 172,000 eggs a year ago. A small undisclosed number of other heavy breed eggs were set. A total of 151,000 light breed eggs were set, a level 34 percent below the previous year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 10 included an undisclosed number of heavy white, no bronze and 73,000 light breed poults. The light breed hatch was up 12 percent from the corresponding week of 1966.

Eggs set in the two States consisted of 189,000 heavy white, no bronze, and an undisclosed number of light breed eggs. Heavy white settings were 51 percent above the same week last year.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 5 percent of the week's hatch compared with 27 percent a year ago and 22 percent the previous week.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

SEP 26 1966

Immediate Release

September 19, 1966

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
August 1966

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,425,000 chicks during August 1966, which was 33 percent above the August 1965 hatch, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The August hatch consisted of 730,000 egg-type and 695,000 broiler-type chicks. Egg-type chick production was up 58 percent and broiler-type production up 13 percent from August 1965. For the period January through August 1966 the egg-type hatch was up 19 percent and the broiler hatch up 13 percent from the same period in 1965.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-August was $3.19 per 100 pounds, compared with $3.20 the previous month, and $2.91 a year earlier. On August 15, the egg-feed ratio for Minnesota was 10.2 compared with 8.8 the previous month and 9.1 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January	694	772	+11	728	680	- 7
February	1,033	744	-28	611	587	- 4
March	3,350	4,340	+30	742	786	+ 6
April	5,603	6,736	+20	881	1,200	+36
May	5,240	6,139	+17	886	1,028	+16
June	2,132	2,485	+17	751	886	+18
July	623	847	+36	630	725	+15
August	461	730	+58	613	695	+13
September	362			569		
October	536			538		
November	528			578		
December	519			663		

1/ Final

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Chick production by hatcheries during August 1966 was 258 million, 9 percent above the 236 million in August 1965. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 224 million, up 8 percent from August 1965 and the largest of record for the month. During January through August 1966 there were 1,878 million broiler-type chicks produced, 9 percent above the corresponding period in 1965 and the highest of record for this period. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on September 1, 1966 was 11 percent above September 1 last year.

There were 34 million egg-type chicks hatched during August — up 18 percent from August 1965. All regions recorded increases from a year earlier. Increases were as follows: North Atlantic, 7 percent; East North Central, 15 percent; West North Central, 50 percent; South Atlantic, 32 percent; South Central, 10 percent; and West, 18 percent. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 8 months of 1966 totaled 431 million — an increase of 14 percent from the same period last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on September 1, 1966 was up 21 percent from September 1, 1965.

Broiler and Egg-Type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During August			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Ohio	620	560	1,440	1,300
Indiana	2,989	2,460	1,694	2,447
Illinois	60	36	1,043	1,200
Michigan	400	410	650	630
Wisconsin	1,217	1,350	229	235
E. N. Central.	5,286	4,816	5,056	5,812
Minnesota	613	695	461	730
Iowa	200	70	500	510
Missouri	2,383	2,225	535	804
North Dakota	1/	1/	—	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	70	35
Nebraska	39	39	83	361
Kansas	4	10	243	400
W. N. Central	3,239	3,039	1,892	2,840
United States	207,231	223,994	28,728	33,967

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

SEP 26 1966

Immediate Release

September 22, 1966

SOYBEAN STOCKS -- September 1, 1966

For many years the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture has prepared and published estimates of soybean stocks on October 1. For the survey stocks report as of October 1 it was difficult to separate old crop beans from the current year's production. To make the stocks of old crop beans more meaningful it was decided to shift the report to September 1. This is the second report for September 1 and data for 1965 and 1966 are shown in this report.

MINNESOTA: Stocks of soybeans in all positions in Minnesota on September 1 totaled 1,840,000 bushels according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farm stocks were estimated at 410,000 bushels and off-farm stocks at 1,430,000 bushels. Of the off-farm stocks 272,000 bushels were in terminal areas; 260,000 bushels in country elevators; and 898,000 bushels in the hands of country processing plants.

UNITED STATES: For the United States soybean stocks in all positions on September 1 totaled 35,681,000 bushels. Of this amount 31,227,000 bushels were held in off-farm positions.

SOYBEANS: OFF-FARM STOCKS, MINNESOTA
September 1, 1966

Mpls.-St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		Total	
1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
164	272	746	898	556	260	1,466	1,430

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

SOYBEAN STOCKS - SEPTEMBER 1, 1965, 1966

	On-Farm Stocks		Off-Farm Stocks		Total Stocks	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
Minnesota	1,141	410	1,466	1,430	2,607	1,840
United States . . .	7,598	4,454	22,131	31,227	29,729	35,681

SOYBEAN STOCKS - SELECTED STATES - SEPTEMBER 1, 1965, 1966

State	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
Ohio	1,076	1,743	1,285	1,998
Indiana	1,486	1,605	1,817	1,936
Illinois	5,278	8,307	5,995	8,656
Michigan	23	5	98	15
Minnesota	1,466	1,430	2,607	1,840
Iowa	5,061	4,707	9,304	5,944
Missouri	1,109	1,375	1,226	1,780
North Dakota	7	4	35	42
South Dakota	19	23	79	108
Nebraska	234	249	354	422
Kansas	419	1,123	479	1,214
Kentucky	457	605	457	642
Other States	5,496	10,051	5,993	11,084
United States Total	22,131	31,227	29,729	35,681

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm plus farm stocks.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 22, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending September 17, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 168,000 heavy white poults (including crosses with light breeds) during the week ending September 17, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 9 percent less than the corresponding week a year earlier. An undisclosed number of other heavy poults were hatched. A total of 110,000 light breed poults were hatched, compared with 130,000 poults for the same week of 1966.

The six State settings for heavy white breeds during the week totaled 226,000 eggs, compared with 221,000 eggs a year ago. A small undisclosed number of other heavy breed eggs were set. A total of 213,000 light breed eggs were set, 16 percent below the previous year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 27	212	161	25	28	254	195
Sept. 3	210	195	3	31	229	226
Sept.10	190	#	#	#	197	156
Sept.17	162	#	4	#	185	168
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 30	442	327	61	64	534	405
Aug. 6	431	398	6	74	467	472
Aug. 13	383	#	#	#	401	301
Aug. 20	305	#	13	#	350	324
Aug. 27	257	#	#	#	310	255
Sept. 3	164	#	#	#	197	164
Sept.10	125	189	#	#	172	225
Sept.17	155	#	#	#	221	226
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 27	#	#	7	13	21	19
Sept. 3	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept.10	0	0	3	#	3	#
Sept.17	0	0	0	#	0	#
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 30	#	#	13	31	39	48
Aug. 6	#	0	0	#	#	#
Aug. 13	0	0	5	#	5	#
Aug. 20	0	0	0	#	0	#
Aug. 27	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 3	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept.10	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept.17	0	0	0	#	0	#
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Aug. 27	71	78	0	0	158	156
Sept. 3	#	85	0	0	105	160
Sept.10	65	73	0	0	125	167
Sept.17	76	80	0	0	130	110
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
July 30	118	#	0	0	278	279
Aug. 6	#	137	0	0	180	280
Aug. 13	112	118	0	0	217	271
Aug. 20	122	120	0	0	224	177
Aug. 27	101	#	0	0	191	182
Sept. 3	130	149	0	0	157	278
Sept.10	142	#	0	0	230	151
Sept.17	175	127	0	0	253	213

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 17 included an undisclosed number of heavy white, no bronze and 80,000 light breed poults. The light breed hatch was up 5 percent from the corresponding week of 1966.

Eggs set in the two States consisted of an undisclosed number heavy white, no bronze, and 127,000 light breed eggs. Light breed settings were 27 percent less than the same week last year.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 12 percent of the week's hatch compared with 11 percent a year ago and 5 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested in the United States by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during August 1966 was 257,285, an increase of 49 percent from August last year. Testings of heavy white breeds were up 46 percent from a year earlier. Testings of other heavy breeds were up 59 percent. Aggregate testings in July and August for all heavy breeds totaled 347,996, up 38 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during August totaled 26,325, down 7 percent from August 1965. Testings in July and August totaled 37,381, down 21 percent from the same period in 1965.

Turkeys tested in Minnesota during August 1966 included 7,616 heavy white, no other heavy and 19,011 light breed. The cumulative totals for July and August 1966 are 13,680 heavy white, no other heavy and 19,011 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months of 1965 were 65,960 heavy white, 8,522 other heavy and 9,449 light breed turkeys.

Eldon Johnson
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SEP 29 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 22, 1966

SEPTEMBER 1, 1966 PIG REPORT

MINNESOTA: The June-August 1966 pig crop totaled 1,287,000 pigs, 10 percent above the crop for the same quarter last year according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farrowing intentions for the next three months--September, October and November--are 7 percent above a year ago. According to the breeding intentions, sows to farrow during the months of December 1966, January and February 1967 are up 3 percent from a year earlier. The total number of all hogs and pigs on farms September 1 was 7 percent above September 1, 1965.

For the June-August 1966 pig crop, a total of 173,000 head of sows farrowed, 9 percent above the 1965 quarterly total but 16 percent below the 5-year average. The average number of pigs saved per litter was a record 7.44 compared to 7.34 last year.

Farrowing intentions for the months of September through November 1966 total 144,000 head compared to 135,000 a year earlier and the 5-year average of 171,000 head. According to the breeding intentions report on September 1, 1966, 137,000 head of sows have been or will be bred to farrow during December 1966, January 1967 and February 1967. If realized, this will be 3 percent above a year ago but 7 percent below average.

A total of 3,455,000 head of all hogs and pigs were on Minnesota farms September 1, 1966, 7 percent above a year ago but 19 percent below the 5-year (1960-64) average. Of the 3,455,000 head, 2,982,000 head were other hogs and pigs, intended primarily for slaughter and the remainder or 473,000 head were breeding hogs and pigs. The number of other hogs and pigs were up 8 percent from September 1, 1965 while breeding hog numbers were up 1 percent. By weight groups other hogs and pigs, those weighing less than 119 pounds were up 10 percent from September 1, 1965, those weighing from 120 to 179 pounds were up 8 percent; and those weighing 180 pounds and over were 1 percent above a year earlier.

TEN STATES: The June-August 1966 pig crop in the 10 States totaled 15,534,000 head, 7 percent more than the June-August 1965 pig crop of 14,483,000 head. This is a result of the increase of 8 percent in the number of sows farrowed. A decrease of about 1 percent in the average number of pigs per litter occurred. The number of sows farrowed was 2,159,000 head compared with 2,000,000 a year earlier. Each of the 10 States showed an increase in the number of sows farrowing ranging from 2 percent in Indiana to 14 percent in Wisconsin. On June 1, 1966 farmers in the 10 States reported intentions to increase farrowings 9 percent during the past quarter.

Sows bred and intended for farrowing during the September, October, November quarter totaled 2,078,000 head, 6 percent more than a year earlier. All States indicated an increase in farrowing intentions compared with a year earlier. Increases ranged from 2 percent in Wisconsin to 10 percent in Missouri. The September 1 intentions for the September-November quarter are 1 percentage point less than the intentions reported for this period on June 1, 1966.

Breeding intentions are for 1,734,000 sows to farrow during the December 1966-February 1967 quarter, 6 percent above the same quarter a year earlier. South Dakota expects no change from a year earlier. All other States expect an increase in farrowings ranging from 2 percent in Kansas to 8 percent in Illinois and Nebraska.

The number of hogs and pigs on farms in the 10 Corn Belt States on September 1, 1966 totaled 46,021,000 head. This is an increase of 7 percent from the 42,932,000 head a year earlier, but 6 percent less than the 48,923,000 on September 1, 1964. Iowa, the leading hog producing State, Illinois, Minnesota, and Nebraska

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All hogs and pigs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and 10 States

Item	Minnesota				10 States 1/			
	1960-64 average	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1960-64 average	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
All Hogs on Farms:								
June 1	4,149	3,117	3,273	105	48,054	42,238	45,048	107
September 1	4,265	3,229	3,455	107	49,476	42,932	46,021	107
June-Aug. Pig Crop:								
Sows farrowing	206	159	173	109	2,321	2,000	2,159	108
Pigs per litter	7.25	3/ 7.34	3/ 7.44	---	2/	7.24	7.19	99
Pig crop	1,493	1,167	1,287	110	2/	14,483	15,534	107
Sows Farrowing:								
Sept. - Nov.	171	135	4/ 144	107	2,163	1,952	2,078	106
	1960-64 average	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1960-64 average	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966
Sows Farrowing:								
Dec. 5/ - Feb.	148	133	4/ 137	103	1,775	1,643	1,734	106

1/ Ohio, Ind., Ill., Wis., Minn., Iowa, Mo., S. Dak., Nebr. and Kans.
2/ Not available.
3/ Actual number.
4/ Number indicated by breeding intentions report.
5/ December preceding year.

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, pig crop,
June - February, 10 States, 1965 - 1967

State	June - August						September - November			December - February 1/		
	Sows farrowing			Pig crop 2/			Sows to farrow			Sows to farrow		
	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966 3/	Pct. of 1965	1966	1967 3/	Pct. of 1966
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	123	138	112	940	1,020	109	126	133	106	99	103	104
Indiana	239	244	102	1,752	1,789	102	170	184	108	226	233	103
Illinois	363	392	108	2,548	2,760	108	365	380	104	306	330	108
Wisconsin	100	114	114	751	836	111	95	97	102	82	85	104
Minnesota	159	173	109	1,167	1,287	110	135	144	107	133	137	103
Iowa	595	649	109	4,296	4,653	108	562	601	107	428	458	107
Missouri	203	213	105	1,435	1,495	104	218	240	110	165	175	106
So. Dak.	55	59	107	391	422	108	70	76	109	47	47	100
Nebraska	104	115	111	763	822	108	144	151	105	96	104	108
Kansas	59	62	105	440	450	102	67	72	108	61	62	102
Total 10 States	2,000	2,159	108	14,483	15,534	107	1,952	2,078	106	1,643	1,734	106

1/ December preceding year.
2/ Number of pigs farrowed June through August which are still on hand September 1, or have been sold.
3/ Number indicated by breeding intentions report.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs, and other hogs by weight groups,
10 States, September 1, 1965 - 1966

State	All hogs and Pigs			Breeding hogs			Other hogs and pigs					
							Under 120 pounds			120 pounds and over		
	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	2,433	2,676	110	328	348	106	1,336	1,468	110	769	860	112
Indiana	4,419	4,773	108	619	630	102	2,508	2,693	107	1,292	1,450	112
Illinois	7,303	7,814	107	1,001	1,055	105	3,618	3,961	109	2,684	2,798	104
Wisconsin	1,682	1,833	109	294	293	100	978	1,078	110	410	462	113
Minnesota	3,229	3,455	107	468	473	101	1,726	1,899	110	1,035	1,083	105
Iowa	14,028	15,010	107	1,894	2,026	107	7,208	7,855	109	4,926	5,129	104
Missouri	3,832	4,024	105	536	563	105	2,087	2,180	104	1,209	1,281	106
So. Dak.	1,817	1,981	109	236	228	97	980	1,036	106	601	717	119
Nebraska	2,798	2,994	107	392	404	103	1,446	1,530	106	960	1,060	110
Kansas	1,391	1,461	105	209	216	103	704	741	105	478	504	105
Total 10 States	42,932	46,021	107	5,977	6,236	104	22,591	24,441	108	14,364	15,344	107

each were up 7 percent; Missouri and Kansas, each up 5 percent; Indiana, up 8 percent; Wisconsin and South Dakota each were up 9 percent and Ohio had the largest increase at 10 percent. September 1 inventories increased seasonally 2 percent from the 45,048,000 head on June 1 this year, compared with a 2 percent increase a year earlier and the average June 1 - September 1 increase of 3 percent. Producers report that death loss for the June 1, 1966 inventories during the June-August period were greater than for the same period a year earlier.

The number of hogs and pigs on farms September 1, 1966 kept for breeding in the 10 States totaled 6,236,000 head. This is 4 percent more than the 5,977,000 head of breeding stock on hand a year earlier. Other hogs and pigs on farms, excluding those kept for breeding, totaled 39,785,000 head, 8 percent more than the 36,955,000 head on September 1, 1965. There were more other hogs and pigs in each weight group than a year earlier. By weight groups, the number and the percentage increase from the previous year were: under 60 pounds, 13,570,000 head, 8 percent; 60-119 pounds, 10,871,000 head, 9 percent; 120-179 pounds, 9,462,000 head, 9 percent; 180-219 pounds, 4,945,000 head, 4 percent; and 220 pounds and over 937,000 head, 1 percent.

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OCT 4 1966

Immediate Release

September 29, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending September 24, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 130,000 heavy white poults (including crosses with light breeds) during the week ending September 24, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 23 percent less than the corresponding week a year earlier. A small undisclosed number of other heavy poults were hatched. A total of 112,000 light breed poults were hatched, compared with 117,000 poults for the same week of 1965.

The six State settings for heavy white breeds during the week totaled 261,000 eggs, compared with 192,000 eggs a year ago. A small undisclosed number of other heavy breed eggs were set. A total of 288,000 light breed eggs were set, 6 percent above the previous year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 3	210	195	3	31	229	226
Sept. 10	190	#	#	#	197	156
Sept. 17	162	#	4	#	185	168
Sept. 24	141	#	#	#	169	130
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 6	431	398	6	74	467	472
Aug. 13	383	#	#	#	401	301
Aug. 20	305	#	13	#	350	324
Aug. 27	257	#	#	#	310	255
Sept. 3	164	#	#	#	197	164
Sept. 10	125	189	#	#	172	225
Sept. 17	155	#	#	#	221	226
Sept. 24	133	187	#	#	192	261
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 3	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 10	0	0	3	#	3	#
Sept. 17	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 24	0	0	0	#	0	#
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 6	#	0	0	#	#	#
Aug. 13	0	0	5	#	5	#
Aug. 20	0	0	0	#	0	#
Aug. 27	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 3	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 10	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 17	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 24	0	0	0	#	0	#
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 3	#	85	0	0	105	160
Sept. 10	65	73	0	0	125	167
Sept. 17	76	80	0	0	130	110
Sept. 24	63	#	0	0	117	112
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 6	#	137	0	0	180	280
Aug. 13	112	118	0	0	217	271
Aug. 20	122	120	0	0	224	177
Aug. 27	101	#	0	0	191	182
Sept. 3	130	149	0	0	157	278
Sept. 10	142	#	0	0	230	151
Sept. 17	175	127	0	0	253	213
Sept. 24	155	172	0	0	271	288

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 24 included an undisclosed number of heavy white, no bronze and an undisclosed number of light breed poults.

Eggs set in the two States consisted of 187,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 172,000 light breed eggs. Heavy white settings were up 41 percent and light breed were 11 percent above last year.

MINNESOTA: There were no poults shipped out of Minnesota of the week's hatch compared with 24 percent a year ago and 12 percent the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
					Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
					Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands					
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

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OCT 5 1966

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October 3, 1966

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-September 1966

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-September was 100 percent of the 1947-49 average and the highest for September since 1952, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 13 points above a year earlier but 2 points below the August level. Prices of crops, livestock, dairy products and eggs continued at higher levels than a year ago.

Compared with mid-August the poultry and egg index at 79, was up 8 points and also 14 points above a year ago. The Minnesota milk and cream price index at 124 was up 5 points from August and 27 points above the previous year. At 85 percent the crop index was down 5 points from mid-August but still 11 points above last year. The September livestock price index at 108 was down 5 points from last month but 7 points above a year ago. Soybean prices were the major factor in the crop index decline from last month. At $2.96 per bushel, the mid-September soybean price was down 48 cents from mid-August. Hay prices and potatoes also showed a decline. Wheat, corn and oats were up 1 cent; flax, up 2 cents; rye, up 3 cents, while barley remained at $1.05 per bushel.

Hog prices dropped $2.60 per hundredweight from mid-August but were still 10 cents above last year's level. Cattle prices at $22.00 per hundredweight were 30 cents above last month and $2.50 above a year ago. Calves at $30.30 per hundredweight were the same as August but $6.30 above September 1965. Milk prices were up 21 cents per hundredweight from the previous month and $1.03 above a year ago. Cream prices were up 2 cents from mid-August and 14 cents above a year earlier. Turkeys increased 1 cent per pound from last month and last year. Eggs at 37.0 cents per dozen were 4-1/2 cents above mid-August and 8 cents above mid-September 1965.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	Sept.15 av. 1958-62	Sept.15 1963	Sept.15 1964	Sept.15 1965	Aug.15 1966	Sept. 15 1966
All Farm Products	82	80	82	87	102	100
Crops	67	74	75	74	90	85
Livestock	93	85	88	101	113	108
Dairy Products	94	92	95	97	119	124
Poultry and Eggs	67	66	63	65	71	79

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Sept. 15 1962	Sept. 15 1963	Sept.15 1964	Sept. 15 1965	Aug. 15 1966	Sept. 15 1966
Prices Received	250	243	239	249	272	270
Prices Paid 1/	308	311	313	321	335	337
Parity Ratio	81	78	76	78	81	80

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity - Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			September 15, 1966			
		Sept. 15 1965	August 15 1966	Sept. 15 1966	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.50	1.84	1.85	1.80	1.78	1.77	1.71
Rye	Bu.	.95	1.04	1.07	1.14	.92	1.02	1.09
Corn	Bu.	1.10	1.26	1.27	1.23	1.08	1.28	1.35
Oats	Bu.	.57	.61	.62	.63	.54	.62	.649
Barley	Bu.	.98	1.05	1.05	1.02	1.01	.96	1.06
Soybeans	Bu.	2.41	3.44	2.96	2.90	2.70	2.88	2.97
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.81	2.96	2.98	2.95	2.88	2.95	2.92
All Hay, Baled	Ton	21.00	19.00	18.50	19.90	16.00	19.60	23.80
Potatoes	Cwt.	1.85	2.40	1.93	---	1.65	2.00	2.15
Hogs	Cwt.	21.80	24.50	21.90	22.20	21.80	21.80	22.10
Cows	Cwt.	14.20	18.00	18.10	18.00	17.20	17.40	17.10
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	23.30	23.90	24.10	24.90	24.00	24.50	24.40
Cattle, All	Cwt.	19.50	21.70	22.00	24.10	22.20	23.30	22.50
Calves	Cwt.	24.00	30.30	30.30	26.00	28.10	29.00	26.50
Sheep	Cwt.	7.20	6.70	6.60	5.30	5.50	5.20	6.99
Lambs	Cwt.	23.40	24.00	23.40	22.10	22.40	23.00	22.50
Milk Cows	Head	220.00	280.00	290.00	260.00	235.00	225.00	255.00
Milk - Wholesale	Cwt.	3.51	4.33	4.54	4.60	4.25	4.40	5.24
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.65	.77	.79	.74	.76	.73	.712
Turkeys - Live	Lb.	.210	.210	.220	.230	.220	.220	.222
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.055	.075	.070	.055	.050	.060	.091
Eggs	Doz.	.290	.325	.370	.350	.320	.324	.425
Wool	Lb.	.50	.52	.51	.48	.49	.55	.499
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	2.95	3.15	3.20	3.50	3.10	3.40	3.46
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	4.85	5.90	6.00	6.10	5.80	6.20	6.23
Hog Feed, 29% & Over	Cwt.	6.00	6.90	7.00	7.20	---	---	7.02
Beef Cattle Feed, 30% and Over	Cwt.	4.85	5.40	5.40	5.70	---	---	5.28
Dairy Feed, 16%	Cwt.	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.95	---	3.70	3.94
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.89	3.19	3.25	3.29	3.08	3.05	3.75
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.25	4.60	4.70	5.40	5.10	5.00	4.75
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog - Corn 1/		19.8	19.4	17.2	17.3	20.2	17.0	16.4
Beef - Corn 1/		21.2	19.0	19.0	19.5	22.2	19.1	18.1
Egg - Feed 2/		10.0	10.2	11.4	10.6	10.4	10.6	11.3
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		1.9	2.4	2.2	1.7	1.6	2.0	2.4

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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OCT 5 1966

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October 3, 1966

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
August 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during August 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 147,000 head, up 14 percent from July 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,044 pounds per head, down 3 pounds from the previous month, but up 22 pounds from July 1965.

August calf slaughter was 9,300 head, the same as the previous month. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 205 pounds, 3 pounds heavier than July and the same as last year.

The hog-kill in August totaled 442,000 head, up 20 percent from July. The average liveweight at 248 pounds was 19 pounds lighter than in July, but a pound heavier than in August 1965.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during August 1966 totaled 60,500 head, up 6 percent from July. The average liveweight at 102 pounds compares to 101 pounds the previous month and 99 pounds a year ago.

> Custom slaughtering of animals for farmers in plants is included in the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates. As a result of this change, slaughter in commercial plants is expected to be raised 2 to 3 percent for cattle, 1 to 2 percent each for calves and hogs and less than 1 percent for sheep and lambs. Since custom slaughtering for farmers is seasonal, the effect of this shift on commercial slaughter and meat production will vary somewhat by months. Comparable data for 1965 and earlier years are not available. Due to this change it would be misleading to make comparisons of the current commercial slaughter estimates with the same month a year earlier as is usually shown in the United States summary. In place of this, during 1966, comparisons with the same month a year earlier of the number of head slaughtered will be shown only for the federally inspected portion of the total slaughter.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during August in the 48 States totaled 2,745,million pounds. This was 13 percent more than the July 1966 total of 2,421 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other commercial plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms or ranches. There were 20,703 million pounds of red meat produced during the first eight months of 1966. Of the January-August total, 61.8 percent was beef; 2.8 percent veal; 33.4 percent pork; and 2.0 percent lamb and mutton. January-August 1966 production of beef totaled 12,798 million pounds, veal 574 million, pork 6,906 million, and lamb and mutton 425 million pounds. Lard production during this period was 1,192 million pounds.

During the eight-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 5 percent greater than in the same period of 1965, but calves were down 9 percent, hogs down 7 percent, and sheep and lambs down 1 percent. Beef

production during August was 1,733 million pounds, 11 percent more than July 1966. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 996 pounds, the same as July 1966 but 20 pounds more than August 1965. The total commercial cattle kill during August was 3,031,600 head, 11 percent more than July 1966. The August number of Cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 2,468,600 head, 6 percent above the number slaughtered in August a year ago. There were 79 million pounds of veal produced during August, 16 percent more than July 1966. Commercial calf slaughter during August totaled 562,900 head, 15 percent above a month earlier. Federally inspected calf slaughter in August was 360,700 head, 16 percent less than August 1965.

Pork production during August totaled 879 million pounds, 18 percent more than July 1966. The commercial hog kill during August totaled 5,946,100 head, 20 percent more than the preceding month. Hogs slaughtered in federally inspected plants totaled 5,088,200 head, up 7 percent from August a year ago. Lard rendered per 100 pounds liveweight was 10.6 pounds compared with 10.8 pounds in July 1966 and 10.6 pounds in August 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	August		August average Liveweight	
	1965	1966 5/	1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Pounds	
MINNESOTA:				
Cattle	131.0	147.0	1,022	1,044
Calves	12.7	9.3	205	205
Hogs	377.0	442.0	247	248
Sheep and Lambs.	60.5	60.5	99	102
UNITED STATES: (48 States)				
Cattle	2,835.8	3,031.6	976	996
Calves	635.0	562.9	240	252
Hogs	5,529.1	5,946.1	236	238
Sheep and Lambs.	1,087.5	1,133.4	97	99

AUGUST COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, WITH COMPARISONS

Month and Year	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
August 1965	1,567	85	806	52	2,510	773	138
July 1966 5/	1,556	68	747	50	2,421	722	131
August 1966 5/	1,733	79	879	54	2,745	902	150
Jan.-Aug. 1965 6/	11,943	603	7,102	420	20,068	4,760	1,322
Jan.-Aug. 1966 5/6/	12,798	574	6,906	425	20,703	5,244	1,192

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial meat production estimates beginning with January 1966. 6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

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OCT 13 1966

Immediate Release

October 6, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 1, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 104,000 heavy white poults (including crosses with light breeds) during the week ending October 1, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 6 percent more than the corresponding week a year earlier. A small undisclosed number of other heavy poults were hatched. A total of 156,000 light breed poults were hatched, compared with 95,000 poults for the same week of 1965.

The six State settings for heavy white breeds during the week totaled 235,000 eggs, compared with 209,000 eggs a year ago. A small undisclosed number of other heavy breed eggs were set. A total of 273,000 light breed eggs were set, 13 percent above the previous year.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 10	190	#	#	#	197	156
Sept. 17	162	#	4	#	185	168
Sept. 24	141	#	#	#	169	130
Oct. 1	81	74	17	#	98	104
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 13	383	#	#	#	401	301
Aug. 20	305	#	13	#	350	324
Aug. 27	257	#	#	#	310	255
Sept. 3	164	#	#	#	197	164
Sept. 10	125	189	#	#	172	225
Sept. 17	155	#	#	#	221	226
Sept. 24	133	187	#	#	192	261
Oct. 1	157	188	#	#	209	235
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 10	0	0	3	#	3	#
Sept. 17	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 24	0	0	0	#	0	#
Oct. 1	0	0	0	#	0	#
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 13	0	0	5	#	5	#
Aug. 20	0	0	0	#	0	#
Aug. 27	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 3	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 10	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 17	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 24	0	0	0	#	0	#
Oct. 1	0	0	0	#	0	#
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 10	65	73	0	0	125	167
Sept. 17	76	80	0	0	130	110
Sept. 24	63	#	0	0	117	112
Oct. 1	78	90	0	0	95	156
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 13	112	118	0	0	217	271
Aug. 20	122	120	0	0	224	177
Aug. 27	101	#	0	0	191	182
Sept. 3	130	149	0	0	157	278
Sept. 10	142	#	0	0	230	151
Sept. 17	175	127	0	0	253	213
Sept. 24	155	172	0	0	271	288
Oct. 1	#	138	0	0	242	273

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 1 included 74,000 heavy white compared to 81,000 a year earlier, no bronze and 90,000 light breed, 15 percent above the comparable week last year.

Eggs set in the two States consisted of 188,000 heavy white, no bronze, and 138,000 light breed eggs. Heavy white settings were 20 percent above the same week last year.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 6 percent of the week's hatch compared with 27 percent a year ago and none the previous week.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 7, 1966

FRESH VEGETABLE REPORT
ACREAGE AND INDICATED PRODUCTION
AS OF OCTOBER 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Early Fall Cabbage - Early fall cabbage production is expected to be 146,000 hundredweight. Crop prospects improved somewhat during the month of September because of adequate moisture during this period. Yield is forecast at 195 hundredweight per acre compared to 180 hundredweight per acre in 1965, and the 1960-64 average of 192 hundredweight. Harvested acreage is down 12 percent.

Early Fall Carrots - (For fresh market and processing) - Production is estimated at 240,000 hundredweight, 13 percent below last year and 13 percent below the 1960-64 average. Yield is forecast at 370 hundredweight per acre compared to 425 hundredweight in 1965, and the 5-year average of 379 per acre.

Late Summer Onions: Minnesota production at 270,000 hundredweight is down 10 percent from last year's 300,000 hundredweight, and 21 percent below the 1960-64 average of 343,000 hundredweight. Harvested acreage is expected to remain the same as in 1965, but yield is expected to be 225 hundredweight per acre. This is down 10 percent from last year's yield of 250 hundredweight per acre.

UNITED STATES: Cabbage (For fresh Market and Kraut): For the early fall States, cabbage production is expected to total 7,545,000 hundredweight, 17 percent below last year. Harvest in the New England States was at peak movement by October 1 and sustained volume should continue through October. On Long Island, New York, steady supplies should be available until late October from western Suffolk County and abundant supplies are expected from eastern Suffolk County in November. Cutting was active for fresh market and kraut in upstate New York by the end of September. In New Jersey, harvest is expected to be heavy through October and November. In Pennsylvania cutting was moving into peak activity by October 1. Good volume is expected to mid-November. Harvest in Ohio is underway. In Michigan, harvest is active. Heads are small in Macomb and Monroe Counties, but are sizing well in St. Clair, Bay, and Saginaw and in the West Central counties. In Wisconsin, supplies should be available through October. Harvest is completed in the Hollandale area of Minnesota and is well underway in the Moorhead area. Harvest started in Utah and Idaho in mid-September with peak activity expected after mid-October. In Oregon, mid-September rains favored growth and development. Harvest should continue into December.

CARROTS: Early fall carrot production is placed at 6,503,000 hundredweight, 2 percent higher than last year and 18 percent above average. In both Massachusetts and Connecticut, general harvest is providing volume supplies for local markets. Heaviest movement will start in late October. In New York, digging is expected to increase during October in western areas, and to end in early December. In Pennsylvania, harvest peaked in late September. Conditions in Illinois remain poor. The harvest in Michigan is expected to continue until about Thanksgiving in the Grant area. In Wisconsin, digging began early in September, about two weeks late. Supplies should be available throughout October. Harvesting in Minnesota started in the Anoka area in September with good quality reported. The Hollandale area completed harvest in late September. Harvesting of carrots on the Texas High Plains continued during September. Movement was light and scattered as showers and rains interrupted harvest. Harvesting is currently underway in New Mexico. In Washington, moderate supplies are expected to continue into December. Mid-September rains in Oregon were helpful, but earlier dry weather and above normal temperatures late in September combined to hold yield prospects below the high level of 1965.

ONIONS: The late summer onion crop is estimated at 17,752,000 hundredweight, 15 percent below the 1965 crop and 4 percent less than average. In New York, pulling in Orange County was completed by October 1, while in the western and central areas, it ranged from 30 to 90 percent complete. In Ohio, harvesting was virtually completed. Sizes are averaging smaller than usual in some fields. The Indiana harvest was about completed with most onions in storage. In Illinois, summer drought lowered the quality of the crop. In Michigan, many growers completed harvest during September. Movement into storage was active as September ended. Prospects for jumbo sizes are below a year ago but the two inch plus sizes are in good supply. In Wisconsin, sizes are averaging smaller than a year ago. In Minnesota, harvest was completed in the Hollandale area but was only about 20 percent completed in the Red River Valley area.

(over)

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Harvest in northern Colorado was two-thirds completed by October 1 and 90 percent completed in the Arkansas Valley. Harvest on the Western Slope should be completed in early October. In Utah, harvest was underway in late September. Harvest was active in Washington in early October. The western Oregon harvest is completed. Harvest was virtually completed in the Idaho-Eastern Oregon area by October 1. In California, harvest is expected to decline seasonally in October in the San Joaquin Valley and central Coast area but should peak during October in the Tulelake-Butte Valley districts. Harvest of the dehydrator crop was very active in the King City area.

Acreage and Estimated Production Reported to Date, 1966, with Comparisons

Crop and State	Acreage			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest 1966						
	Average 1960 - 64	1965		Av. 60 - 64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960 - 64	1965	Ind. 1966
	- Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
CABBAGE, 1/									
Early Fall:									
New Hampshire	170	170	150	183	190	185	31	32	28
Massachusetts	670	600	550	196	205	190	131	123	104
Rhode Island	90	100	100	190	190	190	17	19	19
Connecticut	540	550	550	186	175	175	100	96	96
New York, L. I.	1,160	1,100	1,100	220	215	200	256	236	220
New York, Upst.	10,440	10,800	9,700	324	365	320	3,382	3,942	3,104
New Jersey	2,120	2,200	2,400	204	195	200	431	429	480
Pennsylvania	1,260	1,100	950	204	220	195	259	242	185
Ohio	2,070	2,200	2,200	264	305	230	549	671	506
Michigan	4,520	4,800	4,100	166	175	170	749	840	697
Wisconsin	6,100	6,400	5,700	295	300	280	1,796	1,920	1,596
Minnesota	960	850	750	192	180	195	184	153	146
Utah & Idaho	430	320	350	341	385	380	147	123	133
Oregon	1,220	1,200	1,100	211	240	210	257	288	231
Group Total	31,750	32,390	29,700	259	281	254	8,290	9,114	7,545
CARROTS, 1/									
Early Fall:									
Massachusetts	580	500	450	205	230	220	119	115	99
Connecticut	670	600	550	192	230	210	129	138	116
New York	2,200	2,200	2,200	316	340	340	695	748	748
Pennsylvania	480	450	450	204	265	200	99	119	90
Illinois	650	550	550	285	255	225	183	140	124
Michigan	4,100	4,600	4,800	234	245	190	959	1,127	912
Wisconsin	2,140	3,200	3,400	365	395	375	783	1,264	1,275
Minnesota	730	650	650	379	425	370	275	276	240
Texas	4,900	5,400	6,600	185	200	210	896	1,080	1,386
New Mexico	210	120	500	161	160	200	34	19	100
Washington	1,500	1,700	1,800	391	385	435	587	654	783
Oregon	1,880	1,400	1,400	400	510	450	755	714	630
Group Total	20,040	21,370	23,350	275	299	279	5,514	6,394	6,503
ONIONS, 1/									
Late Summer:									
Massachusetts	140	100	80	215	180	230	31	18	18
New York	15,100	16,400	14,700	316	330	225	4,762	5,412	3,308
Ohio	470	550	550	425	510	380	200	280	209
Indiana	850	950	850	312	420	285	264	399	242
Illinois	750	750	600	156	135	145	117	101	87
Michigan	7,440	7,500	6,900	346	360	310	2,567	2,700	2,139
Wisconsin	2,260	1,900	1,900	235	295	230	532	560	437
Minnesota	1,620	1,200	1,200	213	250	225	343	300	270
Iowa	240	230	210	227	325	200	54	75	42
Nebraska	110	320	240	168	100	150	17	32	36
Kansas	160	100	50	194	200	175	32	20	9
Colorado	7,800	6,500	6,200	283	275	270	2,211	1,788	1,674
Utah	760	850	750	285	350	290	217	298	218
Nevada	500	100	80	332	280	300	168	28	24
Washington	1,020	1,000	900	390	440	430	393	440	387
Western Oregon	2,100	2,200	2,200	350	385	415	737	847	913
Idaho and Eastern Oregon Total	5,200	6,600	7,200	454	530	470	2,371	3,498	3,384
California	9,740	11,400	13,000	350	360	333	3,420	4,104	4,355
Group Total	56,280	58,650	57,610	328	356	308	18,435	20,900	17,752

1/ Includes processing.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

OCT 17 1966

Immediate Release

October 11, 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
October 1, 1966

Minnesota corn and soybean production prospects improved during September according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The All Crop Production Index at 113 (1957-59=100%) is up two points from the September 1 estimate and is 9 points above both 1965 and the 5-year average. The month of September was generally fair and mild with temperatures averaging slightly cooler than normal and moisture averaging below normal. Light frost occurred several times during the latter part of the month but damage to corn and soybeans was negligible.

FEED GRAINS: Production of feed grains now estimated 12.0 million tons compares with 10.9 million tons in 1965 and the 5-year average of 11.8 million tons.

CORN: The 1966 Minnesota corn crop is forecast at 331 million bushels. A crop this size would be the second largest of record, exceeded only in 1963 when nearly 354 million bushels were harvested. The October 1 estimate is 23 percent larger than the 1965 crop and 8 percent above the 5-year average. Yield now estimated at 74 bushels per acre is a record for the State and compares with 61 bushels in 1965 and the 5-year average of 61.2 bushels per acre. The previous yield record was 69 bushels established in 1963.

Growth and development of the 1966 corn crop has maintained well ahead of normal and by October 8 about 95 percent of the corn was out of frost danger. Light frost occurred during the latter part of September but the corn crop received little or no damage.

SOYBEANS: A record soybean crop of 83 million bushels is in prospect for 1966. Minnesota farmers are harvesting a record 3.4 million acres of soybeans this year and the 24.5 bushels per acre is equal to the record yield of 1963. The 1966 crop is expected to exceed 1965 by 42 percent and is 64 percent above the 5-year average.

September was ideal for maturing soybeans and although light frost occurred, little or no damage was done to soybeans. Weeds and pigeon grass infestation is heavy in many areas and growers are hoping that a heavy freeze will reduce the weed problem.

WHEAT: The 1966 Minnesota wheat crop is forecast at 17.1 million bushels. Hot humid weather during July and the first part of August reduced yields on durum and other spring wheat.

OATS: Oat production in 1966 estimated at 144 million bushels is 13 percent less than 1965 and 10 percent below the 5-year average. Hot humid weather in July and early August cut oat yields and the yield is now estimated at 47 bushels, 3 bushels below the August 1 estimate and compares with 55 bushels in 1965 and the 5-year average of 47.5 bushels per acre.

BARLEY: A barley crop of 19.6 million bushels is now estimated for Minnesota. A crop this size would be 27 percent under 1965 and 19 percent below the 5-year average. Hot summer weather also reduced barley yields. At present the yield is estimated at 29.5 bushels compared with 44 bushels per acre in 1965 and the 5-year average yield of 31.6 bushels.

FLAXSEED: Unfavorable summer weather also made itself felt on the flax crop. Production for 1966 forecast at 3.8 million bushels is 37 percent less than last year and 38 percent below average.

POTATOES: October 1 conditions indicate a total potato crop 9 percent below 1965 and 5 percent below the 5-year average. The late summer crop now forecast at 1.3 million hundredweight is just slightly above a year ago while the fall crop at 10.9 million hundredweight is 10 percent less than 1965.

HAY: Hay production for 1966 now estimated at 7.7 million tons is 4 percent less than a year ago and about equal to the 5-year average.

SUGAR BEETS: Production of sugar beets in Minnesota is estimated at 1,452,000 tons, about 10 percent above 1965 and 17 percent above the 5-year average.

APPLES: A record commercial apple crop appears in prospect for 1966. The forecast now placed at 550,000 bushels is 90 percent above last year and compares with the previous record of 430,000 bushels in 1964.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 557 million pounds during September, 1 percent more than September 1965 but 14 percent less than in August. Production for the first 9 months of 1966 is 8 percent below the corresponding period in 1965.

EGG PRODUCTION: September egg production totaled 157 million eggs, down 10 percent from September 1965. Egg production for the first 9 months this year is also 13 percent below the corresponding period a year earlier.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on Minnesota farms in September totaled 228,000, of which 203,000 where family workers and 25,000 hired workers. This compares with 197,000 family workers and 30,000 hired workers in September 1965.

OCTOBER 1, 1965 CROP PRODUCTION PROSPECTS

Commodity	Acreage			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	For Harvest 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	For Harvest 1966
	Average 1960-64	1965							
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
FOR MINNESOTA:									
Corn for Grain	5,037	4,428	4,472	61.2	61.0	74.0	307,550	270,108	330,928
All Wheat	894	797	752	24.7	27.8	22.7	22,158	22,124	17,053
Winter Wheat	18	9	6	25.1	24.0	28.0	456	216	168
Durum Wheat	47	68	40	27.9	31.0	25.0	1,341	2,108	1,000
Other Sp. Wheat	829	720	706	24.5	27.5	22.5	20,359	19,800	15,885
Oats	3,365	3,004	3,064	47.5	55.0	47.0	160,154	165,220	144,008
Barley	769	610	665	31.6	44.0	29.5	24,278	26,840	19,618
Rye	76	102	61	19.0	20.5	20.0	1,440	2,091	1,220
Flaxseed	535	432	423	11.4	14.0	9.0	6,148	6,048	3,807
Soybeans for Beans	2,372	3,166	3,388	21.3	18.5	24.5	50,559	58,571	83,006
Potatoes (cwt.)									
Late Summer	6.6	7.2	7.9	153	165	160	1,014	1,188	1,264
Fall	100.6	87.0	91.0	117	140	120	11,779	12,180	10,920
Sugar Beets (Tons)	104.5	121.0	121.0	11.9	10.9	12.0	1,240	1,318	1,452
Hay, All (Tons)	3,637	3,527	3,356	2.12	2.26	2.28	7,685	7,962	7,665

UNITED STATES: Total crop production edged upward in September because of small gains in prospects for many major fall harvested crops. Generally cool, damp weather slowed development in all but western States, However, favorable moisture supplies boosted yields of late fields. Crop prospects generally held or improved in most areas except the South Atlantic and South Central States. Fall seedings progressed well during the month. In September, killing frosts, a threat in northern areas, held off until late in the month, thus assuring minimum loss from freeze damage. The "all crops" production index rose .4 of a point during September and at 112 was 5 pointe (4 percent) below last year's record high and equal to the second highest record index. The composite index of "yield per acre," covering 28 leading crops, at 120, is also the second highest of record.

Feed grain production in 1966 is expected to total 158 million tons, one-half million more than a month earlier but 2 percent less than last year's record production. Prospects for corn improved slightly in September and sorghum grain increased 2 percent. Prospective production of corn is expected to be the second highest and sorghum grain the largest of record.

Production of food grains is expected to total 43.9 million tons, up slightly from a month earlier and 7 percent above average. The total is 2 percent below last year's record 44.6 million tons.

Outlook for oilseeds declined slightly in September due to declines in cottonseed and flaxseed that more than offset gains in soybeans and peanuts. Oilseed production is now expected to total 34.1 million tons, 1 percent above a year earlier and nearly one-fourth above average.

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 13, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 8, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 130,000 heavy white, 96,000 light breed and a small undisclosed number of other heavy breed poults according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Compared with the same week a year earlier, the heavy white hatch was up 35,000 while the light breeds were down 40,000.

The six State settings totaled 257,000 heavy white, 204,000 light breed and a small undisclosed number of bronze eggs. Heavy white settings were up 23,000 while the light breed eggs were down 3,000 from a year ago.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 17	162	#	4	#	185	168
Sept. 24	141	#	#	#	169	130
Oct. 1	81	74	17	#	98	104
Oct. 8	69	102	#	#	95	130
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 20	305	#	13	#	350	324
Aug. 27	257	#	#	#	310	255
Sept. 3	164	#	#	#	197	164
Sept. 10	125	189	#	#	172	225
Sept. 17	155	#	#	#	221	226
Sept. 24	133	187	#	#	192	261
Oct. 1	157	188	#	#	209	235
Oct. 8	189	202	#	#	234	257
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 17	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 24	0	0	0	#	0	#
Oct 1	0	0	0	#	0	#
Oct. 8	0	0	0	#	0	#
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 20	0	0	0	#	0	#
Aug. 27	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 3	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 10	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 17	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 24	0	0	0	#	0	#
Oct. 1	0	0	0	#	0	#
Oct. 8	0	0	8	#	8	#
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 17	76	80	0	0	130	110
Sept. 24	63	#	0	0	117	112
Oct. 1	78	90	0	0	95	156
Oct. 8	78	#	0	0	136	96
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 20	122	120	0	0	224	177
Aug. 27	101	#	0	0	191	182
Sept. 3	130	149	0	0	157	278
Sept. 10	142	#	0	0	230	151
Sept. 17	175	127	0	0	253	213
Sept. 24	155	172	0	0	271	288
Oct. 1	#	138	0	0	242	273
Oct. 8	120	132	0	0	207	204

Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.
1/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 8 totaled 102,000 heavy white, no bronze and an undisclosed number of light breed birds.

Hatcheries set 202,000 heavy white, 132,000 light breed and no bronze eggs. Compared with a year ago heavy white settings were up 13,000 and light breeds up 12,000.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 5 percent of the week's hatch compared with 6 percent the previous week and 22 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
Mar.	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
Mar.	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

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OCT 17 1966

Immediate Release

October 13, 1966

POTATO ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION REPORT
October 1,1966

MINNESOTA: Late Summer Potatoes: Production is estimated at 1,264,000 hundredweight, 6 percent above last year and 25 percent above the 1960-64 average harvest of 1,014,000 hundredweight.

Fall Potatoes: Harvest progressed rapidly in the Northern end of the Red River Valley, but has been delayed in other parts of the Valley as a result of unfavorable weather earlier in the summer.

Fall production was estimated at 10,920,000 hundredweight, down 10 percent from last year and down 7 percent from the average.

UNITED STATES: Production of fall potatoes is placed at 215,726,000 hundredweight, 6 percent above the September 1 forecast and 1 percent above the 1965 crop. Most of the increase over a month earlier is in the western States where unusually favorable weather in September added tonnage daily in most fields that had not been killed with chemicals or by mechanical beating. The fall crop in the western States is now estimated at 103,242,000 hundredweight, up 13 percent from a month earlier and 2 percent above last year. The fall crop in the eastern States is estimated at 65,543,000 hundredweight, down a little over 1 percent from last month and about 1 percent below average, although still 5 percent above last year. Production in the central States is estimated at 46,941,000 hundredweight, up 4 percent from last month but 6 percent below last year.

Yields in Maine are turning out below earlier expectations. About three-fifths of the acreage was harvested by October 1 -- earlier than usual. A light set held down the crops in Vermont, New Hampshire, and Massachusetts. The Connecticut crop benefited from September rains and prospects are slightly improved. Heavy rains slowed harvest on Long Island and a slightly smaller percentage of the acreage was harvested by October 1 than for the past three years. Some 1,900 acres have been transferred from the late summer to fall crop. Early September rains helped size the crop in Upstate New York, Rain late in the month, however, slowed harvest operations. Yields in Pennsylvania are turning out about as expected a month earlier because rains came too late in most areas to be of much benefit to the drought-shortened crop. Late September rains also have delayed digging in Pennsylvania.

In the central area, prospects increased over a month earlier in Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota and South Dakota. The crop in these States responded favorably to early September rains. Expected harvest of late summer acreage in Wisconsin did not materialize and 2,000 acres were transferred from the late summer to fall crop. No change in production from a month earlier is estimated for the important North Dakota crop. Frost damage has been negligble in the central area States, where conditions have generally been favorable for rapid harvest of the crop.

In the western States, potatoes made excellent growth in September. Growers in many areas took measures to stop tuber growth because freezing temperatures had not occurred. A record high yield is expected in the San Luis Valley of Colorado and all other States in the area expect above average yields. One of the longest growing seasons in recent years in Idaho gave the crop a tremendous boost and yields are expected to average 185 hundredweight per acre in the "other counties" area. Total production in Idaho is expected to be about 1 percent under last year. Production and acreage in Washington are expected to reach record highs, and a record-equaling yield. Because of the longer growing season, harvest of the fall crop in the western States is behind last year and was just getting a good start by the last week in September in some areas.

The late summer potato production of 29,407,000 hundredweight is up slightly from last month's forecast but about 3 percent under last year and 1 percent below average. Yields

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turned out better than expected in New Jersey, Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota, where the crops benefited from timely rains in early September. Higher yields are also forecast for Colorado and California. The increased production in these States more than offset the transfer of 3,900 acres from the late summer to fall classification on Long Island, New York and in Wisconsin and lower yields in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Indiana.

Harvest in New Jersey was delayed by frequent rains. Late maturity slowed harvest in Minnesota. In Colorado, weather was favorable and harvest progressed faster than usual.

The 1966 production of potatoes (all seasonal groups) is forecast at 296,308,000 hundredweight, 2 percent above 1965 and 11 percent above average.

ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION, POTATOES, SEPTEMBER 1, 1966

Seasonal Group and Selected State	Harvested Acreage			Yield per harvested acre			Production		
	Average 1960-64	1965	Indicated 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Indicated 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Indicated 1966
		1,000 Acres			Hundredweight			1,000 Cwt.	
Winter	21.0	19.4	25.5	190	189	198	3,990	3,659	5,084
Early Spring	26.7	35.3	36.1	156	139	137	4,172	4,898	4,951
Late Spring	117.1	121.7	126.6	205	207	214	23,998	25,137	27,057
Early Summer	90.5	81.6	92.5	148	146	152	13,386	11,926	14,083
Late Summer	145.8	137.0	143.0	203	221	206	29,636	30,340	29,407
Wis.	21.0	18.5	19.0	178	200	180	3,731	3,700	3,420
Minn.	6.6	7.2	7.9	153	165	160	1,014	1,188	1,264
Fall:									
Maine	145.8	148.0	154.0	257	238	250	37,425	35,224	38,500
N. H.	1.7	1.5	1.6	188	185	190	312	278	304
Vt.	2.3	2.0	2.0	177	175	175	407	350	350
Mass.	4.9	4.6	4.8	214	225	210	1,058	1,035	1,008
R.I.	4.2	4.2	4.4	243	245	240	1,012	1,029	1,056
Conn.	6.6	6.7	6.6	226	210	220	1,487	1,407	1,452
N.Y. - L I.	30.7	26.0	29.9	267	290	260	8,191	7,540	7,774
N. Y. - Upstate	43.0	40.0	41.0	215	215	225	9,256	8,600	9,225
Pa.	35.8	34.7	35.6	191	200	165	6,843	6,940	5,874
8 Eastern -Fall	275.0	267.7	279.9	240	233	234	65,990	62,403	65,543
Ohio	10.2	9.3	9.2	190	205	200	1,947	1,906	1,840
Ind.	4.1	4.4	4.7	237	265	230	962	1,166	1,081
Mich.	39.4	43.5	42.0	180	200	190	7,090	8,700	7,980
Wis.	32.8	40.0	41.0	203	205	195	6,651	8,200	7,995
Minn.	100.6	87.0	91.0	117	140	120	11,779	12,180	10,920
Iowa	3.3	3.0	3.0	136	145	140	453	435	420
N. Dak.	113.0	105.0	102.0	117	145	140	13,281	15,225	14,280
S. Dak.	5.9	5.0	5.8	94	120	125	558	600	725
Nebr.	8.9	8.1	8.5	195	205	200	1,729	1,660	1,700
9 Central-fall	318.3	305.3	307.2	140	164	153	44,451	50,072	46,941
Mont.	7.9	7.8	8.4	165	170	170	1,296	1,326	1,428
Idaho-10 S.W. Co. 1/	13.0	33.0	35.0	245	275	260	3,254	9,075	9,100
Idaho-Other Co.	236.8	249.0	279.0	188	210	185	44,769	52,290	51,615
Wyo.	3.6	3.6	3.6	155	175	170	566	630	612
Colo.	38.0	35.0	32.5	219	245	265	3,345	8,575	8,612
Utah	8.7	9.0	9.0	164	170	170	1,429	1,530	1,530
Nev.	1.3	.9	.9	191	200	200	238	180	180
Wash.	19.1	31.0	36.0	312	360	360	5,759	11,160	12,960
Oreg. - Malheur Co. 1/	11.3	12.5	14.5	249	265	250	2,802	3,312	3,625
Oreg. -Other Co.	25.1	26.0	27.0	239	230	240	6,016	5,980	6,480
Calif.	22.9	27.0	28.4	247	270	250	5,676	7,290	7,100
9 Western-Fall 1/	387.7	434.8	474.3	206	233	218	80,150	101,348	103,242
Total 1/	981.0	1,007.8	1,061.4	194	212	203	190,591	213,823	215,726
UNITED STATES	1,382.0	1,402.8	1,485.1	192	207	200	265,773	289,783	296,308

1/ Averages includes late summer crop for 1960-64 for Idaho and Oregon.

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October 14, 1966

1966 RED CLOVER SEED FORECAST

MINNESOTA: Production of red clover seed in 1966 for Minnesota is forecast at 2,970,000 pounds, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. A crop this size would be 29 percent larger than the 1965 production but 20 percent below the 5-year average.

The increased production this year results from slightly better yields indicated in 1966 than the poor yield of 1965. Acres harvested for seed this year estimated at 33,000 compares with 27,000 acres in 1965. The yield this year indicated at 90 pounds compares with 85 pounds in 1965 and the 5-year average of 105 pounds.

Clover seedings seemed to survive the winter in reasonably good shape. Winter kill was heavier in the central and east central districts than elsewhere. The 1966 spring season was cool and dry and clover got a slow start but conditions improved and by early June hay and seed crops were about on schedule. Harvest conditions were generally good and the average beginning date of harvest was September 22.

UNITED STATES: Production of red clover seed this year is estimated at 61,631,000 pounds, 2 percent less than the 1965 revised total of 63,105,000 pounds, and 18 percent less than the 1960-64 average. Smaller crops are expected in thirteen of the twenty producing States. Acreage of red clover seed harvested this year, at 692,300 acres, was 10 percent more than last year, but 21 percent below average. Sharp increases in Ohio and Indiana account for most of the upturn in acreage over last year. Adverse weather reduced the U. S. yield per acre from a record high of 100 pounds in 1965 to 89 in 1966. Yields were below last year in ten States, including Illinois which accounts for about 20 percent of the U. S. acreage.

In most producing States from Kansas to New York the early part of the season was very dry. Rain during September generally came too late to benefit the seed crop and delayed harvest in many areas. In most of those States, the acreage was equal to or above the low level of 1965. In the Northwestern producing area the need for hay reduced the acreage of red clover cut for seed. Weather during harvest was favorable except in Washington where rain and dampness have been problems.

Harvest of red clover seed was earlier than in 1965 in all States but New York, Wisconsin, Kentucky, Washington and Oregon.

Carryover of 1965 and earlier crop seed on June 30, 1966 is estimated at 30,548,000 pounds (16,700,000 by dealers and 13,848,000 by growers). Initial supply (1966 production plus June 30, 1966 carryover) of red clover seed is 92,179,000 pounds, 4 percent less than last year and 9 percent below average. Imports during the year ended June 30, 1966 amounted to 1,083,500 pounds, 16 percent less than the 1,285,300 pounds imported a year earlier. Imports were 1,079,300 pounds from Canada, 200 Finland, 200 Germany, 2,800 Japan, 900 Netherlands and 100 pounds from Norway.

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Agricultural Statistician

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State Agricultural Statistician

RED CLOVER SEED: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production average 1960-64, annual 1965 and 1966

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per acre			Production (clean seed)		
	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Indicated 1966	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Indicated 1966	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Indicated 1966
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
N. Y.	12,500	11,000	13,000	96	75	90	1,212	825	1,170
Pa.	20,200	10,000	12,000	64	60	50	1,313	600	600
Ohio	132,400	86,000	129,000	66	75	80	8,750	6,450	10,320
Ind.	106,400	85,000	119,000	67	85	85	7,116	7,225	10,115
Ill.	172,600	147,000	140,000	76	105	72	13,140	15,435	10,080
Mich.	58,800	30,000	27,000	71	75	80	4,139	2,250	2,160
Wis.	36,600	16,000	28,000	69	70	80	2,527	1,120	2,240
Minn.	35,200	27,000	33,000	105	85	90	3,699	2,295	2,970
Iowa	60,200	40,000	42,000	54	69	66	3,207	2,760	2,772
Mo.	116,000	70,000	63,000	89	100	80	10,312	7,000	5,040
Nebr.	20,600	13,000	8,000	68	75	70	1,406	975	560
Kans.	28,800	18,000	11,000	79	90	65	2,302	1,620	715
Md.	9,100	9,000	9,000	64	75	70	596	675	630
Va.	9,200	11,000	5,000	63	100	80	609	1,100	400
Ky.	16,600	14,000	14,000	83	90	85	1,389	1,260	1,190
Mont.	1,200	1,500	1,300	251	165	180	305	248	234
Idaho	18,200	15,000	13,000	328	270	300	5,902	4,050	3,900
Wash.	4,360	7,000	7,000	259	365	315	1,189	2,555	2,205
Oreg.	19,900	19,000	17,000	241	210	220	4,815	3,990	3,740
Calif.	2,060	1,400	1,000	475	480	590	980	672	590
U. S.	880,920	630,900	692,300	85	100	89	74,906	63,105	61,631

1/ Revised.

Red Clover Seed Supply: United States, average 1960-64, annual 1965 and 1966

Item	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Indicated 1966
	-- Thousand Pounds --		
Production	74,906	63,105	61,631
Farm Carryover	12,945	16,488	13,848
Dealer carryover	12,938	16,136	16,700
Supply (production plus carryover)	100,790	95,729	92,179

1/ Revised.

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Immediate Release

October 14, 1966

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of October 1, 1966)

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Processing - Late planted corn produced a large crop to bring Minnesota's crop up to 495,400 tons, 40 percent above last year and 42 percent larger than average. Minnesota now ranks No. 1 in sweet corn produced in the nation. The pack was nearly completed by October 1.

Green Lima Beans - Development is later than usual. Minnesota's production is included with "Other States" for which 27,400 tons are estimated 12 percent larger than in 1965 but 3 percent below the recent 5-year average.

Beets for Canning - As for lima beans, Minnesota's production is included with "Other States" which group has a production 24 percent more than last year and 3 percent larger than the average.

UNITED STATES: Sweet Corn for Processing - The nation's crop is estimated at 1,878,200 tons for 1966--16 percent more than in 1965 and 16 percent above average. Average yield for the Nation, based on October 1 conditions, is estimated at 4.26 tons per acre, compared with 4.28 tons in 1965 and the average of 3.95 tons. In Wisconsin the harvest was almost completed by October 1. The late corn matured earlier than usual because of moisture shortage. A few acres were damaged by frost.

Green Lima Beans - Production of green lima beans for processing this year is estimated at 106,610 tons, 11 percent more than in 1965 and 9 percent above average. The October 1 yield forecast of 2,206 pounds per acre compares with 2,297 pounds last year and the average of 2,270 pounds. Harvest of both Fordhooks and baby limas in California continues to decline and should be complete by November 1.

Beets for Canning - Production of beets for canning, based on October 1 conditions, is estimated at 197,930 tons, 11 percent more than in 1965 and 6 percent above average. Average yields in the U. S., at 11.7 tons per acre, compare with 12.3 tons last year and the average of 11.0 tons. In New York recent rains have aided development; however, fields are wet and harvest is slow. Some thin-stand fields have produced a high percentage of large beets. Dry weather reduced sizing in Wisconsin. Harvest was more than one-half completed by the end of September.

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Preliminary Acreage and Indicated Production
by States, 1966 with Comparisons

Lima Beans for Processing

State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Average 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	Average 1960-64	1965							
	Acres			Pounds			Tons		
Delaware	18,560	18,900	20,200	1,420	1,760	1,100	13,190	16,630	11,110
Maryland	3,200	3,200	3,600	1,350	1,550	1,100	2,140	2,480	1,980
Michigan	1,960	1,700	2,400	1,800	1,850	1,800	1,770	1,570	2,160
Wisconsin	5,040	4,800	7,500	2,170	1,970	2,000	5,500	4,730	7,500
Washington	1,740	2,700	3,300	2,520	2,440	2,900	2,150	3,290	4,780
California	27,080	27,500	32,300	3,340	3,150	3,200	45,120	43,310	51,680
Other States 1/	28,730	25,170	27,350	1,970	1,942	2,004	28,320	24,440	27,400
United States	86,310	83,970	96,650	2,270	2,297	2,206	98,190	96,450	106,610

Beets for Canning

	Acres			Tons			Tons		
New York	4,900	4,900	5,200	13.0	13.3	14.5	64,000	65,200	75,400
Michigan	590	360	500	9.2	9.7	9.5	5,460	3,500	4,800
Wisconsin	5,820	4,900	6,000	9.6	12.1	9.5	55,960	59,300	57,000
Oregon	1,580	1,200	1,500	16.9	18.0	17.0	26,720	21,600	25,500
Other States 2/	4,010	3,120	3,720	8.5	9.1	9.5	34,090	28,360	35,230
United States	16,900	14,480	16,920	11.0	12.3	11.7	186,230	177,960	197,930

Sweet Corn for Processing

	Acres			Tons			Tons		
Maine	2,380	1,300	700	5.52	5.15	6.50	13,020	6,700	4,600
New York	18,780	13,100	14,100	4.38	4.05	4.90	81,720	53,100	69,100
Pennsylvania	8,380	9,200	9,300	3.09	2.58	2.00	25,980	23,700	18,600
Delaware	4,520	3,200	3,400	3.16	3.38	1.90	14,420	10,800	6,500
Maryland	29,040	28,500	25,800	3.01	3.22	1.80	87,840	91,800	46,400
Illinois	57,000	48,500	56,000	4.12	4.23	3.80	233,040	205,200	212,800
Wisconsin	100,240	88,000	114,000	3.50	4.19	3.90	351,600	368,700	444,600
Minnesota	93,980	91,500	110,100	3.72	3.86	4.50	349,720	353,200	495,400
Iowa	5,820	5,200	6,000	4.19	4.13	4.40	24,460	21,500	26,400
Idaho	12,280	13,400	15,000	5.60	6.31	5.30	68,660	84,600	79,500
Washington	23,760	30,400	37,500	5.27	5.20	5.60	124,740	158,100	210,000
Oregon	24,560	28,800	32,500	5.23	5.82	6.20	128,440	167,600	201,500
Other States 3/	28,770	15,590	16,700	3.78	4.40	3.76	108,640	68,600	62,800
United States	409,510	376,690	441,100	3.95	4.28	4.26	1,612,280	1,613,600	1,878,200

1/ Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, MINNESOTA, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Utah and Virginia.
2/ California, Colorado, Indiana, Illinois, MINNESOTA, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.
3/ Arkansas, California, Colorado, Michigan, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wyoming, Indiana and Ohio.

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OCT 18 1966

Immediate Release

October 17, 1966

CATTLE ON FEED - OCTOBER 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle and calves on grain feed in Minnnsota were estimated at 340,000 head as of October 1, 1966 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 13 percent above last year and 13 percent below the July 1, 1966 inventory. The seasonal decline from July 1 to October 1 was less than the 16 percent decline last year and the 19 percent in 1964.

Marketings of grain fed cattle during the past quarter - July through September - were estimated at 176,000 head, 5 percent above the number a year ago.

Of the 340,000 head on feed October 1, feeders intend to market 173,000 head during October, November and December, 4 percent more than the actual number marketed during these months in 1965.

During the July-September quarter, a total of 127,000 head of cattle and calves were placed on grain feed, 17 percent more than a year earlier. Of the number on feed October 1, 1966, 62 percent were steers and heifers, 38 percent were heifers and heifer calves, and a few other cattle and calves. The number of heifers on feed was 38 percent above the number a year earlier. By weight groups, cattle weighing under 900 pounds were 6 percent above a year earlier, those weighing between 900 to 1,099 pounds were up 30 percent and those weighing over 1,100 pounds were 14 percent above the number on October 1, 1965.

32 STATES: Cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market on October 1, 1966 in 32 major feeding States totaled 7,943,000 head, 8 percent more than a year earlier. Increases from a year earlier were shown for all weight groups. The number placed on feed during the past quarter was 6 percent above the same quarter a year earlier. Marketings during this period were up 12 percent. The October 1 number on feed was 5 percent below the number on feed July 1 this year compared with a 2 percent decrease for the same period last year.

On October 1 there were 4,592,000 cattle and calves on feed in the North Central States, 8 percent more than last year. Iowa and Nebraska, the leading States in this region and the Nation, were up 3 and 15 percent respectively. The sharpest increase of 40 percent was in Kansas. Increases also occurred in Ohio, Minnesota, and Missouri. On October 1 there were 2,456,000 cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in the 11 Western States--up 5 percent from a year earlier. Increases were shown for all States except Arizona, Utah, and Oregon. California, the leading Western State, increased 2 percent. Colorado, the second ranking State, had 3 percent more. The nine other cattle feeding States had 895,000 cattle and calves on feed October 1--up 16 percent from last year. Texas, the major feeding State in this group, showed an increase of 17 percent. Pennsylvania, Georgia, Florida, Tennessee, Alabama, and Oklahoma also had more cattle on feed, but Kentucky and Mississippi had fewer.

Cattle and calves placed on feed in the 32 States during July-September totaled 4,509,000 head, an increase of 6 percent from the same period in 1965. Placements were up 13 percent in the North Central States, but down 4 percent in the Western States. Shipments of stocker and feeder cattle into 8 Corn Belt States during July and August were up 17 percent from the same period in 1965. Marketings of fed cattle for slaughter during the third quarter totaled 4,917,000 head--12 percent above the same period in 1965. Fed cattle marketings were up 15 percent in the North Central States and 3 percent in the Western States.

The October 1 number of cattle and calves on feed in the 32 States by weight groups showed a larger number than last year in all groups. The number of head in each weight group and the percentage change from October 1 last year are as follows: Under 500 pounds, 528,000 head, up 5 percent; 500-699 pounds, 1,648,000 head, up 8 percent; 700-899 pounds, 2,968,000 head, up 6 percent; 900-1,099 pounds, 2,404,000 head, up 9 percent; 1,100 or more pounds, 395,000 head, up 20 percent. There were fewer heifers under 700 pounds this year compared with a year ago but steer numbers were larger in all weight groups.

Of the October 1 number on feed, cattle feeders intend to market 4,488,000 head during October, November, and December. This would be 7 percent above October-December marketings last year from October 1 numbers. Intentions are to market 35 percent of the 3-month total during October, 32 percent during November, and 33 percent during December. Expected marketings are based on the usual relationship between survey data and acutal marketings.

Steers and heifers marketed out of first hands for slaughter at 15 livestock markets during September 1966 totaled 427,351 head, 17 percent less than during September 1965. Steers accounted for 273,556 head, 17 percent less than a year earlier. Heifers totaled 153,795 head, down 18 percent.

Eldon Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

E. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Cattle and Calves on Grain Feed, Minnesota and 32 States, 1966 with Comparisons

ITEM	MINNESOTA			32 STATES		
	1965	1966	1966 % of 1965	1965	1966	1966 % of 1965
	- Thousand Head -		- Percent -	- Thousand Head -		Percent
Cattle and Calves on Feed July 1	360	389	108	7,515	8,351	111
Placed on Feed July 1-Sept. 30 1/	109	127	117	4,234	4,509	106
Fed Cattle Marketed July 1-Sept. 30 1/	168	176	105	4,375	4,917	112
Cattle and Calves on feed October 1	301	340	113	7,374	7,943	108
Kinds on Feed - October 1						
Steers and steer calves	207	211	102	5,133	5,604	109
Heifers and heifer calves	93	128	138	2,216	2,315	104
Cows and other	1	1	100	25	24	96
Time on Feed - October 1						
Under 3 months	106	126	119	4,075	4,312	106
3 - 6 months	45	37	82	2,086	2,190	105
6 months and over	150	177	118	1,213	1,441	119
Weight Groups - October 1						
Under 900 pounds	206	218	106	4,845	5,144	106
900 - 1,099 pounds	88	114	130	2,199	2,404	109
1,100 pounds and over	7	8	114	330	395	120
October - December marketings	166	173	104	2/ 4,214	3/ 4,488	107

1/ Includes cattle placed on feed after beginning of quarter and marketed before end of quarter.
2/ Actual marketings from October 1 number on feed, excluding those placed on feed after October 1 and marketed before December 31.
3/ Expected marketings from October 1, 1966 number on feed.

Cattle and Calves on Feed by Quarters October 1, 1964, July 1 and October 1, 1966 1/

State	October 1, 1965	July 1, 1966	October 1, 1966	October 1, 1966 as percent of October 1, 1965
	- - 1,000 Head - -			Percent
Pennsylvania	44	55	56	127
Ohio	116	154	117	101
Indiana	141	160	121	86
Illinois	425	500	409	96
Michigan	85	108	85	100
Wisconsin	102	104	100	98
Minnesota	301	389	340	113
Iowa	1,320	1,628	1,360	103
Missouri	170	219	200	118
North Dakota	72	91	69	96
South Dakota	235	270	230	98
Nebraska	972	1,022	1,118	115
Kansas	316	396	443	140
North Central States	4,255	5,041	4,592	108
Georgia	48	49	53	110
Florida	43	28	53	123
Kentucky	40	39	39	98
Tennessee	17	25	26	153
Alabama	19	18	20	105
Mississippi	22	10	21	95
Oklahoma	107	123	118	110
Texas	434	512	509	117
Montana	48	54	64	133
Idaho	118	120	151	128
Wyoming	20	24	22	110
Colorado	460	477	474	103
New Mexico	91	111	108	119
Arizona	291	284	271	93
Utah	43	50	42	98
Nevada	16	20	28	175
Washington	112	108	124	111
Oregon	78	70	78	100
California	1,068	1,133	1,094	102
Western States	2,345	2,451	2,456	105
32 State Total	7,374	8,351	7,943	108

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for the slaughter market on grain or other concentrates and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

OCT 20 1966

Immediate Release

October 17, 1966

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
September 1966

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,297,000 chicks during September 1966 which was 39 percent above September 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The September hatch consisted of 657,000 egg-type and 640,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was up 81 percent and the broiler type production was 12 percent above September 1965. For the period January through September the egg-type chick hatch was up 20 percent and the broiler-type hatch was 13 percent above the same period in 1965. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on October 1 was up 89 percent from a year earlier.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-September was $3.25 per 100 pounds, compared with $3.19 the previous month and $2.89 a year earlier. On September 15 the egg-feed ratio was 11.4 compared to 10.2 the previous month and 10.0 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January	694	772	+11	728	680	- 7
February	1,033	744	-28	611	587	- 4
March	3,350	4,340	+30	742	786	+ 6
April	5,603	6,736	+20	881	1,200	+36
May	5,240	6,139	+17	886	1,028	+16
June	2,132	2,485	+17	751	886	+18
July	623	847	+36	630	725	+15
August	461	730	+58	613	695	+13
September	362	657	+81	569	640	+12
October	536			538		
November	528			578		
December	519			663		

1/ Final

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Chick production by hatcheries during September 1966 was 247.9 million, 15 percent above the 216.3 million in September 1965. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 212.4 million, up 13 percent from September 1965 and the largest of record for the month. During January through September 1966 there were 2,090.6 million broiler-type chicks produced, 9 percent above the corresponding period in 1965 and the largest of record for these months. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubator on October 1, 1966 was 12 percent above October 1, last year.

There were 35.5 million egg-type chicks hatched during September--up 22 percent from September 1965. All regions recorded increases from a year earlier. Increases were as follows: North Atlantic and West North Central, each 34 percent; South Atlantic, 30 percent; East North Central, 24 percent; South Central, 20 percent and West, 8 percent. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first nine months of 1966 totaled 466.2 million--an increase of 14 percent from the same period last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubator on October 1, 1966 was 37 percent above October 1, 1965.

Broiler and Egg-Type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During September			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Ohio	570	500	1,320	1,140
Indiana	2,717	2,408	1,728	2,452
Illinois	51	49	1,006	1,434
Michigan	400	440	510	590
Wisconsin	998	1,250	229	305
E. N. Central	4,736	4,647	4,793	5,921
Minnesota	569	640	362	657
Iowa	170	30	480	650
Missouri	2,170	1,960	375	524
North Dakota	1/	1/	---	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	135	140
Nebraska	18	19	335	288
Kansas	3	10	266	350
W. N. Central	2,930	2,659	1,953	2,609
United States	187,226	212,420	29,048	35,519

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 20, 1966

1966 ALFALFA SEED FORECAST

MINNESOTA: Alfalfa seed production in Minnesota for 1966 is forecast at 405,000 pounds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The 1966 crop is about 93 percent above the 1965 crop of 210,000 pounds but is 46 percent less than the 5-year 1960-64 average of 755,000 pounds. Acreage harvested for seed this year is estimated at 4,500 acres, compared with 3,000 in 1965. Yield in 1966 is forecast at 90 pounds per acre compared with 70 pounds for 1965 and the 5-year average of 71 pounds.

UNITED STATES: The 1966 alfalfa seed crop is estimated at 124,531,000 pounds, 2 percent more than last year's revised total of 121,514,000 pounds but 9 percent less than the 1960-64 average. Production is above a year earlier in twelve of the twenty-one producing States. In California, the leading producing State, production at 47,250,000 is down 2 percent from the revised 1965 estimate of 48,400,000 pounds. Some insect damage occurred but little weather damage has been noted. In the Northwest, harvest weather has been favorable and yields are above a year earlier. In all other producing States, the summer was generally dry. Fall weather for harvest was favorable except in the Southwest where August rains caught some acreage during harvest.

The U. S. acreage harvested for seed this year is estimated at 581,600 acres, 5 percent less than the revised 1965 acreage and 19 percent less than average. The U. S. yield per acre is 214 pounds, compared with 199 pounds last year and the 1960-64 average of 192 pounds. Yields are equal to or above last year in fifteen of the twenty-one States.

Harvest started August 31 in California and has progressed rapidly under favorable conditions. Harvest is nearly complete and most seed will be cleaned by December 1. For other States, dates on which harvest began averaged as follows: August 14 in Texas and Oklahoma; August 18 in Arizona; August 25 in Kansas; September 1 in Utah; September 7 in Wisconsin; September 8 in New Mexico; September 13 in Colorado; September 14 in Nevada; September 15 in Michigan, Idaho and Oregon; September 17 in Montana; September 18 in Nebraska; September 20 in Minnesota; September 21 in South Dakota; September 22 in Washington; October 5 in North Dakota; October 6 in Ohio; and October 15 in Wyoming.

Carryover of old crop alfalfa seed on June 30, 1966, is estimated at 35,398,000 pounds (27,667,000 by dealers and 7,731,000 by growers). A year earlier carryover was 47,287,000 pounds and the average carryover is 36,283,000 pounds. The initial supply (production plus carryover) is indicated to be 159,929,000 pounds, 5 percent less than the supply of 168,801,000 pounds a year earlier. Imports of alfalfa seed during the year ended June 30, 1966 totaled 63,100 pounds, much below the 412,900 imported a year earlier. Exports during the twelve month period ending June 30, 1966 were 69 percent more than a year earlier and more than double the average.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

ALFALFA SEED: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production average 1960-64, annual 1965 and 1966

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per Acre			Production (Clean Seed)		
	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Indicated 1966	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Indicated 1966	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Indicated 1966
	-- Acres --			-- Pounds --			-- 1,000 pounds --		
Ohio	3,480	4,500	2,000	51	65	50	191	292	100
Mich.	7,800	10,000	9,500	63	85	65	515	850	618
Wis.	4,600	4,000	4,000	64	55	65	284	220	260
Minn.	9,900	3,000	4,500	71	70	90	755	210	405
N. Dak.	27,800	13,000	15,000	45	25	46	1,346	325	690
S. Dak.	96,000	53,000	69,000	59	50	58	5,988	2,650	4,002
Nebr.	66,200	40,000	32,000	79	65	65	5,235	2,600	2,080
Kans.	90,000	88,000	84,000	98	110	120	8,943	9,680	10,080
Okla.	52,400	75,000	49,000	125	170	150	6,574	12,750	7,350
Texas	5,380	5,600	4,100	158	175	160	854	962	656
Mont.	49,800	30,000	43,000	93	85	95	5,375	2,550	4,085
Idaho	44,600	41,000	34,000	342	255	330	14,794	10,455	11,220
Wyo.	5,700	3,000	2,500	93	40	60	534	120	150
Colo.	15,200	14,000	13,000	142	120	120	2,168	1,680	1,560
N. Mex.	4,820	5,000	5,000	227	195	80	1,099	975	400
Ariz.	20,600	16,000	16,000	193	190	170	3,956	3,040	2,720
Utah	44,000	40,000	35,000	178	125	190	7,885	5,000	6,650
Nev.	5,460	10,000	11,000	287	210	340	1,580	2,100	3,740
Wash.	25,600	27,000	27,000	464	365	445	11,872	9,855	12,015
Oreg.	17,500	20,000	17,000	547	340	500	9,335	6,800	8,500
Calif.	120,600	110,000	105,000	395	440	450	47,358	48,400	47,250
U. S.	718,240	612,000	581,000	192	199	214	136,641	121,514	124,531

1/ Revised.

Alfalfa Seed Supply: United States, average 1960-64, annual 1965 and 1966

Item	Average 1960-64	1965 1/	Indicated 1966
	-- 1,000 Pounds --		
Production	136,641	121,514	124,531
Farm carryover	8,086	11,833	7,731
Dealer carryover	28,197	35,454	27,667
Supply (production plus carryover)	172,924	168,801	159,929

1/ Revised

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota

OCT 24 1966

Immediate Release

October 20, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT

Week Ending October 15, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched 41,000 heavy white, 244,000 light breed and a small undisclosed number of other heavy breed poults according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The six State settings totaled 154,000 heavy white, 293,000 light breed and a small undisclosed number of bronze eggs.

TURKEY POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET IN SIX REPORTING STATES

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
Heavy White Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 24	141	#	#	#	16	130
Oct. 1	81	74	17	#	98	104
Oct. 8	69	102	#	#	95	130
Oct. 15	85	# 2/	#	28	119	41 2/
Heavy White Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 27	257	#	#	#	310	255
Sept. 3	164	138	#	#	197	195
Sept. 10	125	189	#	#	172	250
Sept. 17	155	208	#	49	221	257
Sept. 24	133	187	#	#	192	261
Oct. 1	157	188	#	#	209	235
Oct. 8	189	202	#	#	234	257
Oct. 15	146	# 2/	#	62	232	154 2/
Other Heavy Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 24	0	0	0	#	0	#
Oct. 1	0	0	0	#	0	#
Oct. 8	0	0	0	#	0	#
Oct. 15	0	0	0	#	0	#
Other Heavy Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 27	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 3	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 10	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 17	0	0	0	#	0	#
Sept. 24	0	0	0	#	0	#
Oct. 1	0	0	0	#	0	#
Oct. 8	0	0	8	#	8	#
Oct. 15	0	0	12	#	12	#
Light Breed Poults Hatched - Thousands						
Sept. 24	63	#	0	0	117	112
Oct. 1	78	90	0	0	95	156
Oct. 8	78	#	0	0	136	96
Oct. 15	101	189 2/	0	0	155	244 2/
Light Breed Eggs Set - Thousands						
Aug. 27	101	#	0	0	191	182
Sept. 3	130	149	0	0	157	278
Sept. 10	142	#	0	0	230	151
Sept. 17	175	127	0	0	253	213
Sept. 24	155	172	0	0	271	288
Oct. 1	#	138	0	0	242	273
Oct. 8	120	132	0	0	207	204
Oct. 15	99	212 2/	0	0	202	293 2/

\# Confidential to avoid disclosing operations of individual hatcheries.

1/ A six-State total that includes California, Virginia, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

2/ Individual breed totals not comparable. Earlier sets subject to revision. No change in total hatch and total set for all breeds.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 8 totaled 189,000 light breed birds, an undisclosed number of heavy white and no bronze poults.

Hatcheries set an undisclosed number of heavy white, 212,000 light breed and no bronze eggs.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 18 percent of the week's hatch compared with 5 percent the previous week and 14 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota - Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671		6		293		980		738	
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr,	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569		0		608		1,235		1,266	
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested in the United States by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during September 1966 was 551,591, an increase of 29 percent from September last year. Testings of heavy white breeds were up 38 percent from a year earlier. Testings of other heavy breeds were up 12 percent. Aggregate testings in July through September for all heavy breeds totaled 899,587, up 33 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during September totaled 15,468, down 58 percent from September 1965. Testings in July through September totaled 52,849, down 37 percent from the same period in 1965.

Turkeys tested in Minnesota during September 1966 included 116,101 heavy white, 21,764 other heavy, and 9,489 light breed. The cumulative totals for July through September 1966 are 129,781 heavy white, 21,764 other heavy and 28,500 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months of 1965 were 122,772 heavy white, 52,594 other heavy and 10,863 light breed turkeys.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

OCT 24 1966

Immediate Release

October 20, 1966

TURKEY BREEDER HENS, 1967 HATCHING SEASON INTENTIONS

MINNESOTA: At the beginning of the 1967 hatching season the number of turkey breeder hens in Minnesota supply flocks is expected to be 1 percent less than at the start of the 1966 season. This information is based on October 1 intentions as reported by hatchery operators to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. These reports indicate 8 percent less heavy breed hens, and 35 percent more light breed type breeder hens.

UNITED STATES: Turkey breeder flock owners in 15 important turkey States at the beginning of the 1967 hatchery season expect to keep 4 percent more total breeder hens than a year earlier. Turkey breeders plan to have 13 percent more heavy white hens but 11 percent fewer bronze and other heavy breed hens compared with last season. All heavy breed hens combined are intended to be up 4 percent over a year earlier. Light breeder hens are expected to be 8 percent more than last year. The trend in recent years toward more heavy whites and fewer bronze and other heavy hens appears to be continuing. These 15 States account for approximately 80 percent of all breeder hens in the United States based on January 1, 1966 inventory numbers of breeder hens.

Increases in heavy breed hens were greatest in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Texas and Missouri. Minnesota, Iowa and Washington showed declines in expected numbers of heavy breeder hens, with Minnesota down 8 percent, Iowa 13 percent and Washington 18 percent. Light breeder hens are expected to increase in Pennsylvania, Minnesota and Oregon. California was down 10 percent in light breeder hens, and Ohio was down 20 percent. Virginia, Missouri, Texas and Michigan indicated no change from last year's levels for light breeder hens.

(Over)

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TURKEY BREEDER HEN INTENTIONS--1967 HATCHING SEASON

State	Intentions to hold turkey breeder hens at beginning of 1967 season as percent of holdings a year earlier		
	Heavy Breeds	Beltsville and other light	Total all Breeds
	Percent	Percent	Percent
New York	100	---	100
Pennsylvania	130	200	141
Ohio	119	80	111
Michigan	100	100	100
Wisconsin	1/	1/	107
Minnesota	92	135	99
Iowa	87	50	83
Missouri	117	100	114
Virginia	106	100	102
South Carolina	103	---	103
Oklahoma	1/	1/	104
Texas	117	100	117
Washington	82	---	82
Oregon	102	105	102
California	104	90	104
Total 15 States	104	108	104

1/ Not shown to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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October 25, 1966

1965 CASH FARM INCOME -- MINNESOTA

Cash receipts from livestock and livestock products to Minnesota farmers totaled 1,126 million dollars in 1965, an increase of 87 million dollars or 8 percent above the previous year. Cash receipts from crop marketings totaled 464 million dollars in 1965, an increase of 12 million dollars or 3 percent.

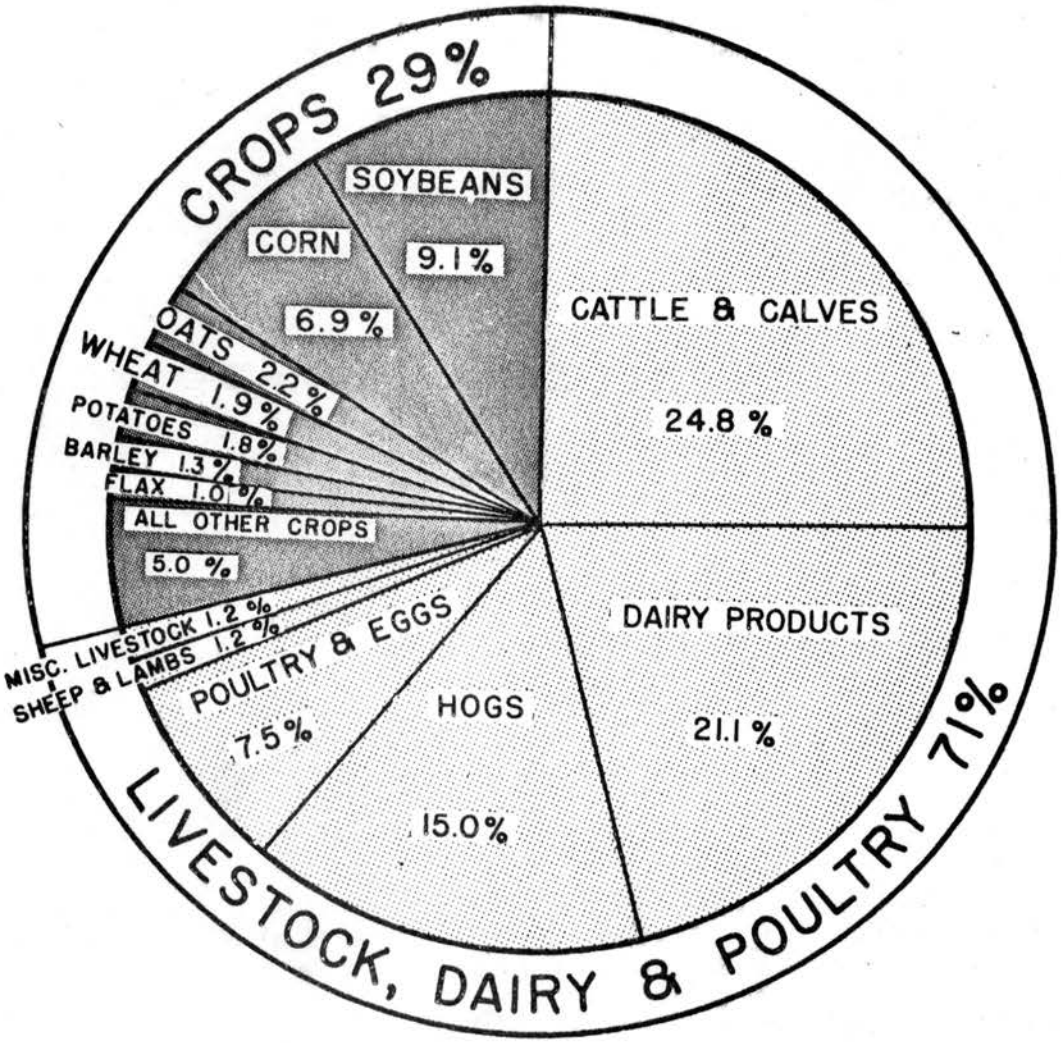
Sales of livestock and livestock products accounted for 71 percent of total cash receipts in 1965 with crop sales accounting for 29 percent of the total. Minnesota's five leading commodities for cash receipts were as shown in the chart below: cattle and calves sold, dairy products, hogs, soybeans, and poultry and eggs. Together these five commodities accounted for about 78 percent of the total 1965 cash receipts.

Cash receipts from farm marketings received by Minnesota farmers in 1965 totaled 1,590 million dollars, an increase of 100 million dollars or 7 percent above the 1,490 million dollars received in 1964. The tables of data in this report enable the reader to bring up to date similar tables in "Minnesota Agricultural Statistics - 1966" pages 70-72. Also in that publication are 1964 county estimates of cash receipts from marketings of crops and livestock as well as government payments on pages 74-75.

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

MINNESOTA CASH FARM INCOME - 1965

(Cash Receipts From Farm Marketings)



Minnesota Cash Receipts from Farm Marketings, 1963 - 1965

Commodity	1963		1964		1965	
	Dollars	Pct. of Total	Dollars	Pct. of Total	Dollars	Pct. of Total
	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.
CROPS:						
Feed Grains:						
Corn	116,476	7.9	138,840	9.3	109,048	6.9
Oats	32,092	2.2	30,162	2.0	34,579	2.2
Barley	16,718	1.1	15,784	1.1	20,584	1.3
Food Grains:						
Wheat	43,913	3.0	30,422	2.0	30,631	1.9
Rye	1,422	.1	1,361	.1	1,720	.1
Oil Crops:						
Flax	18,966	1.3	10,838	.7	15,968	1.0
Soybeans	133,844	9.1	131,113	8.8	145,324	9.1
All Hay	11,247	.8	13,473	.9	16,504	1.0
Sugar Beets	19,126	1.3	14,045	.9	13,820	.9
Red Clover Seed	1,040	.1	692	.1	613	*
Vegetable Crops:						
Potatoes	14,354	1.0	21,893	1.5	28,565	1.8
Peas for Processing	4,524	.3	5,253	.4	7,308	.5
Onions	724	.1	860	.1	621	*
Sweet Corn for Processing	7,817	.5	7,482	.5	8,681	.6
Other Crops and Vegetables 1/	7,325	.5	9,263	.6	9,503	.6
Fruits, Berries and Melons 2/	1,350	.1	1,533	.1	1,299	.1
Forest (Including Maple Products)	3,744	.3	5,131	.3	5,021	.3
Greenhouse and Nursery	12,326	.8	13,308	.9	14,108	.9
Total Crops	447,008	30.5	451,453	30.3	463,897	29.2
LIVESTOCK:						
Meat Animals:						
Cattle and Calves	324,317	22.1	339,999	22.8	395,404	24.8
Hogs	218,356	14.9	202,092	13.5	238,268	15.0
Sheep and Lambs	15,275	1.1	14,553	1.0	16,006	1.0
Poultry and Eggs:						
Eggs	60,114	4.1	56,515	3.8	50,495	3.2
Farm Chickens	2,912	.2	2,667	.2	2,173	.1
Turkeys	54,733	3.7	51,798	3.5	54,668	3.4
Broilers	6,793	.5	6,376	.4	5,779	.4
Other Poultry & Turkey Eggs	5,535	.4	5,510	.4	6,392	.4
Dairy Products:						
Milk, Wholesale	295,680	20.2	325,000	21.8	323,813	20.4
Milk, Retail	1,528	.1	1,560	.1	1,560	.1
Butterfat	13,747	.9	12,877	.9	10,166	.6
Wool	2,910	.2	3,079	.2	2,694	.2
Other Livestock & Products 3/	16,675	1.1	16,875	1.1	18,955	1.2
Total Livestock	1,018,575	69.5	1,038,901	69.7	1,126,373	70.8
TOTAL ALL CROPS AND LIVESTOCK	1,465,583	100.0	1,490,354	100.0	1,590,270	100.0

* Less than 0.05 percent

1/ Dry Beans, Dry Peas, Asparagus, Green Lima Beans, Snap Beans, Beets, Cabbage, Carrots, Cucumbers, Tomatoes, Miscellaneous Vegetables, Alfalfa Seed, Alsike Seed, Bluegrass Seed, Sweetclover Seed, Timothy Seed, and miscellaneous crops.

2/ Apples, Berries, Melons.

3/ Honey, Beeswax and Other Livestock.

INCOME: Realized Gross Income and Net Income from Farming, Minnesota, 1959 - 1965 1/

Year	Cash Receipts from Farm Marketings	Government Payments	Value of Home Consumption	Gross Rental of Farm Buildings	Total Realized Gross Farm Income
	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.
1959	1,388.7	31.0	46.7	83.3	1,549.7
1960	1,437.1	31.7	47.0	84.5	1,600.3
1961	1,468.6	78.7	44.8	85.6	1,677.7
1962	1,455.7	90.5	42.6	83.2	1,671.9
1963	1,465.6	101.4	40.7	97.8	1,705.4
1964	1,490.4	121.1	37.7	100.0	1,749.2
1965	1,590.3	131.2	38.0	110.2	1,869.7

Year	Farm Production Expenses	Realized Net Farm Income 2/	Net Change in Farm Inventories	Total Net Farm Income 2/
	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.
1959	1,166.8	382.9	4.7	387.6
1960	1,167.3	433.0	47.3	480.4
1961	1,192.6	485.2	23.6	508.7
1962	1,212.5	459.4	46.9	412.5
1963	1,255.2	450.2	105.5	555.7
1964	1,262.6	486.5	129.5	357.1
1965	1,300.3	569.4	30.7	600.1

1/ Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
2/ Of farm operators.

INCOME: Average Realized Gross Farm Production Expenses, and Net Income, per Farm, Minnesota, 1959 - 1965

Year	Realized Gross Income	Farm Production Expenses 1/	Realized Net Income	Total Net Income
	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
1959	9,686	7,293	2,393	2,423
1960	10,259	7,483	2,776	3,079
1961	10,894	7,744	3,150	3,304
1962	11,000	7,978	3,022	2,714
1963	11,446	8,425	3,021	3,730
1964	11,981	8,648	3,333	2,446
1965	13,075	9,093	3,982	4,196

1/ Computed - realized gross minus realized net.

Farm Production Expenses, Minnesota 1955-1965

Year	Current Farm Operating Expenses						
	Feed	Livestock	Seed 1/	Fertilizer and Lime	Repairs and Operation of Capital Items 2/	Miscellaneous 3/	Hired Labor 4/
	Million Dollars						
1955	155.8	61.4	29.3	28.9	188.1	84.5	49.0
1956	160.7	69.8	27.6	28.9	198.9	84.9	51.2
1957	172.2	93.6	27.1	31.9	201.4	88.4	49.1
1958	197.7	140.2	25.1	33.8	201.8	98.0	51.4
1959	211.9	144.9	25.2	38.3	207.9	100.5	54.4
1960	219.1	131.2	25.5	37.3	202.2	107.7	52.2
1961	231.6	125.6	26.3	39.2	196.4	110.7	51.3
1962	232.3	126.7	25.8	40.1	199.6	117.0	56.5
1963	243.0	114.9	28.0	42.7	203.4	122.2	52.9
1964	237.7	99.0	27.8	52.1	201.5	133.5	48.8
1965	224.4	113.5	28.3	57.0	205.1	135.2	47.7

Year	Total Current Farm Operating Expenses	Depreciation and Other Consumption of Farm Capital 5/	Taxes on Farm Property	Interest on Farm Mortgage Debt	Net Rent to Nonfarm Landlords	Total Production Expenses
	Million Dollars					
1955	597.2	200.9	60.9	18.6	55.3	932.8
1956	621.9	207.0	62.2	20.4	62.9	974.4
1957	663.6	214.7	65.6	22.1	47.9	1,013.9
1958	748.0	221.6	67.1	23.8	57.0	1,117.6
1959	783.1	232.7	70.9	26.1	53.9	1,166.8
1960	775.3	235.1	77.9	28.8	50.3	1,167.3
1961	781.0	234.7	84.6	31.1	61.1	1,192.6
1962	798.0	238.5	89.0	33.6	53.4	1,212.5
1963	807.1	253.8	93.0	36.7	64.6	1,255.2
1964	800.4	267.6	94.5	40.1	60.1	1,262.6
1965	811.1	286.6	99.1	44.2	59.3	1,300.3

1/ Includes bulbs, plants and trees.

2/ Repairs and maintenance of buildings, repairs and operation of motor vehicles and other machinery, and petroleum fuel and oil used in the farm business.

3/ Includes interest on non-real-estate debt, pesticides, ginning, electricity and telephones (business share), livestock marketing charges (excluding feed and transportation), containers, milk hauling, irrigation, grazing, binding materials, tolls for sirup, horses and mules, harness and saddlery, blacksmithing and hardware, veterinary services and medicines, net insurance premiums (crop, fire, wind, and hail) and miscellaneous dairy, nursery, greenhouse, apiary, and other supplies.

4/ Includes cash wages, perquisites, and Social Security taxes paid by employers.

5/ Includes depreciation and accidental damage to farm buildings and depreciation of motor vehicles and other farm machinery and equipment.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

OCT 28 1966

Immediate Release

October 26, 1966

GRAIN STOCKS - OCTOBER 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Stocks of CORN in all positions in the State on October 1 totaled 108 million bushels, 34 percent less than the 164 million bushels on hand last year according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. On-farm stocks were 25 million bushels less than holdings a year earlier, while off-farm stocks were about 32 million bushels less than the previous year. Off-farm stocks totaled 34.7 million bushels, and were stored in the following positions: 8.9 million in country elevators, 8.7 million in the terminal areas of Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and in country processing points (including hybrid seed corn firms); and 17.1 million bushels in CCC bins.

Total WHEAT stocks of 65.4 million bushels in all positions were 35 million bushels below the 100.3 million held a year earlier. Wheat held on farms totaled 12.3 million bushels compared with 13.3 million a year ago. Stocks in off-farm positions amounted to 53.1 million bushels, compared to 87.0 million at this time last year. Most off-farm stocks are held in the terminal areas and were stored in the following positions: 40.8 million in the Twin Cities and Duluth terminal areas, 8.9 million in country elevators, and 3.4 million in country processing plants.

Stocks of OATS in all positions totaled 167.1 million bushels, 6 percent below the 178.4 million bushels on hand a year earlier. On-farm stocks of 132.5 million were 13 percent less than the 152.0 million on hand October 1, 1965. Off-farm stocks totaled 34.6 million bushels with 17.0 million in country elevators and country processors and 17.6 million in the Twin Cities-Duluth terminal area.

BARLEY stocks of 38.5 million bushels were about 4.0 million bushels above holdings a year earlier. On-farm stocks totaled 16.9 million compared with 20.4 million bushels a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 21.6 million bushels, 2 percent less than October 1, 1965. The off-farm stocks were held in the following positions: 16.6 million bushels in the terminal area, 2.1 in country processing plants and 2.9 million in country elevators.

Stocks of RYE in all positions totaled 7.6 million bushels, 1.8 million bushels more than the 5.9 million bushels on hand a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 7.3 million bushels, of which 6.0 million were held in the Twin Cities-Duluth terminal area. Country processors held 418,000 bushels and country elevators, 860,000 bushels. On-farm holdings amounted to 366,000 bushels, compared with 711,000 bushels a year earlier.

FLAXSEED stocks on all storage positions totaled 9.2 million bushels, about 17 percent less than the 11.1 million on hand a year earlier. On-farm stocks amounted to 1.2 million bushels compared with 3.0 million a year earlier. Off-farm stocks of 8.0 million bushels were 1 percent less than the 8.1 million held a year ago. Of the off-farm stocks, 6.0 million bushels were held in the terminal areas and at country processors and 2.0 million bushels held by country elevators.

UNITED STATES: Old corn carryover stocks on October 1 totaled 866 million bushels--26 percent less than a year earlier, 48 percent less than average, and the smallest October stocks since 1953. Indicated disappearance of 948 million bushels during the July-September quarter is 24 percent larger than for the same months in 1965 and 10 percent larger than in 1964. Stocks of old corn on farms, at 540 million bushels, were 11 percent less than last year and 3 percent less than average. Corn under Government loan accounted for 56 percent of the October 1 farm stocks, compared with 65 percent a year earlier. Corn held in off-farm positions totaled 326 million bushels, 42 percent less than last year and the smallest total since 1952. About 76 percent of the off-farm stocks were owned by CCC, compared with 96 percent a year earlier.

All wheat in storage on October 1 totaled 1,440 million bushels--the smallest October 1 stocks since 1952. Holdings were 16 percent less than a year earlier and 31 percent below the October 1 average. Most of the decline from last year occurred in off-farm stocks. Off-farm stocks, at 899 million bushels, were 22 percent below a year earlier and the lowest in 14 years. Farm stocks totaled 541 million bushels, 4 percent below last year but 16 percent above average.

Durum wheat stocks in all storage positions on October 1 totaled 98.2 million bushels, 20 percent below a year earlier but 13 percent above average. Farm stocks, at 60.6 million bushels, were 19 percent below a year earlier and off-farm holdings, at 37.6 million bushels, were 22 percent less.

Oat stocks in all positions on October 1 totaled 861 million bushels, 9 percent less than a year earlier and 11 percent below average. On-farm holdings were below both last year and average while off-farm stocks were above. About 12 percent of all stocks are CCC owned or under Government loan.

Barley stored in all positions on October 1 totaled 388 million bushels, 3 percent less than a year earlier and 12 percent below average. Holdings were below those of October 1 a year ago in both on-farm and off-farm positions. About 5 percent of all stocks were either owned by CCC or under Government loan.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions on October 1 totaled 29.0 million bushels--18 percent less than a year earlier but 5 percent greater than the 1960-64 average. Of the total, 10.0 million bushels were stored on farms and 19.0 million bushels were in off-farm positions. Current stocks indicate a disappearance during the July-September quarter of 9.8 million bushels from a supply of 38.8 million (carryover of 15.3 million bushels plus production of 23.5 million bushels). This compares with a disappearance of 10.8 million bushels during the same period last year and the average of 7.2 million bushels. Crushings during the quarter are estimated at 4.8 million bushels and 2.8 million bushels are estimated for export.

OFF-FARM GRAIN STOCKS, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 1, 1966

Commodity	Mpls.-St. Paul and Duluth Terminal areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- - Thousand Bushels - -							
Corn	2,239	8,398	1/	255	24,485	8,888	39,438	17,112
Wheat	69,949	40,788	2,882	3,363	14,107	8,933	110	---
Oats	11,650	17,600	12	69	14,343	16,942	431	---
Barley	18,467	16,605	1/	2,140	3,573	2,864	---	---
Rye	3,932	5,995	620	418	611	860	---	---
Flaxseed	5,764	5,975	1/	1/	2,342	2,068	---	---

1/ Included in Terminal Stocks.

GRAIN STOCKS - OCTOBER 1, 1966

Commodity	On-Farm		Off-Farm 1/		Total	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- - Thousand Bushels - -					
MINNESOTA						
Corn	97,959	72,929	66,162	34,653	164,121	107,582
Wheat	13,274	12,278	87,048	53,084	100,322	65,362
Oats	152,002	132,487	26,436	34,611	178,438	167,098
Barley	20,398	16,871	22,040	21,609	42,438	38,480
Rye	711	366	5,163	7,273	5,874	7,639
Flaxseed	3,024	1,180	8,106	8,043	11,130	9,223
UNITED STATES						
Corn	604,268	539,710	565,593	326,324	1,169,861	866,034
Wheat	562,563	541,190	1,145,702	899,272	1,708,265	1,440,462
Oats	805,591	703,779	138,613	157,661	944,204	861,440
Barley	257,198	247,236	143,530	141,259	400,728	388,495
Rye	18,191	15,281	17,822	22,748	36,013	38,029
Flaxseed	20,388	9,980	14,879	18,985	35,267	28,965

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks.

The sections of this report showing stocks by types and location are made possible by funds provided by the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Consumer and Marketing Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture under provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

STOCKS OF GRAINS, SELECTED STATES, OCTOBER 1, 1965-66

State	Shelled and Ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels				Thousand Bushels			
N. Y.	772	859	1,648	1,916	4,102	4,855	24,377	23,177
Ohio	8,921	11,250	20,469	26,638	10,305	12,130	35,195	35,149
Ind.	18,576	16,234	32,219	44,287	2,737	3,350	16,016	15,892
Ill.	91,346	42,847	116,413	82,972	5,941	8,735	41,731	46,965
Mich.	6,585	4,610	17,783	12,017	1,827	2,404	23,585	21,836
Wis.	5,683	6,104	19,351	21,033	8,955	9,437	112,292	96,491
Minn.	66,162	34,653	164,121	107,582	26,436	34,611	178,438	167,098
Iowa	195,404	90,818	420,014	269,450	17,632	17,017	101,830	101,914
Mo.	18,197	21,299	33,869	45,863	2,906	4,719	8,894	12,283
N. Dak.	1,165	931	2,647	2,381	14,028	16,089	125,412	113,764
S. Dak.	26,916	14,861	55,061	37,871	16,036	17,720	123,489	98,075
Nebr.	99,923	50,095	232,402	143,536	3,261	2,255	30,408	24,381
Kans.	16,607	13,533	19,387	19,124	980	882	6,622	5,199
Mont.	21	20	25	21	725	808	14,136	11,787
Idaho	53	104	127	198	2,599	1,470	8,265	5,380
Wash.	127	73	200	112	2,775	3,428	5,340	5,705
Oreg.	90	147	141	247	4,851	3,112	9,609	6,194
Calif.	929	1,003	929	1,003	2,085	1,264	2,900	2,068
Other States	8,116	16,883	33,055	49,763	10,432	13,375	75,665	68,082
UNITED STATES	565,593	326,324	1,169,861	866,034	138,613	157,661	944,204	861,440

State	Barley				Rye			
N. Y.	1,329	2,593	1,659	2,938	426	1,224	718	1,424
Ohio	45	55	536	508	97	71	447	454
Ind.	38	33	332	317	75	87	474	477
Ill.	*	*	*	*	1,653	2,154	1,864	2,389
Mich.	*	*	*	*	121	280	649	806
Wis.	22,900	20,570	23,525	21,278	1,728	1,919	1,976	2,156
Minn.	22,040	21,609	42,438	38,480	5,163	7,273	5,874	7,639
Iowa	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mo.	884	613	1,236	844	163	169	393	413
N. Dak.	12,649	11,942	101,091	96,257	3,704	4,786	11,681	9,665
S. Dak.	2,850	2,358	9,400	8,120	1,275	1,761	3,435	4,396
Nebr.	261	109	2,156	1,279	425	624	1,231	1,783
Kans.	1,401	1,288	3,851	3,525	724	545	1,154	823
Mont.	7,490	9,036	50,585	56,242	112	78	445	209
Idaho	9,499	10,323	26,263	22,500	13	26	130	126
Wash.	14,681	13,852	18,618	18,112	829	590	978	878
Oreg.	6,950	8,544	14,588	17,006	151	159	520	411
Calif.	20,647	15,396	43,519	38,603	---	---	---	---
Other States	19,866	22,938	60,931	62,486	1,163	1,002	4,044	3,980
UNITED STATES	143,530	141,259	400,728	388,495	17,822	22,748	36,013	38,029

* Included in unallocated to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

WHEAT

State	Off-Farm 1/		Total all Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	33,585	20,154	35,716	22,833
Ohio	27,277	37,239	34,160	45,865
Indiana	10,443	14,901	16,339	20,850
Illinois	24,751	32,156	32,149	41,517
Michigan	11,779	18,092	20,607	28,404
Wisconsin	19,176	22,576	19,914	23,236
Minnesota	87,048	53,084	100,322	65,362
Iowa	9,201	7,637	9,318	7,894
Missouri	29,452	26,970	35,323	32,397
North Dakota	79,319	59,603	259,025	213,946
South Dakota	40,537	29,438	75,696	60,978
Nebraska	57,083	47,200	92,987	98,248
Kansas	318,649	176,014	381,991	232,841
Montana	21,366	22,500	108,470	105,048
Idaho	17,846	16,107	38,664	27,595
Washington	70,993	79,536	87,336	105,349
Oregon	22,957	24,045	36,593	34,059
California	6,414	4,789	7,822	5,747
Other States	257,826	207,231	315,833	268,293
UNITED STATES	1,145,702	899,272	1,708,265	1,440,462

FLAXSEED

State	Off-Farm 1/		Total all Positions 2/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
Wisconsin	1,521	905	1,561	936
Minnesota	8,106	8,043	11,130	9,223
Iowa	*	*	*	*
North Dakota	2,760	7,416	17,430	14,586
South Dakota	2,289	2,498	4,654	3,962
Texas	---	2	19	24
Montana	25	22	235	111
California	119	*	119	*
Other States	59	99	119	123
UNITED STATES	14,879	18,985	35,267	28,965

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

NOV 1 1966

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 28, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 22, 1966

SIX TATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 337,000 poults of all breeds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 270,000 poults hatched during the same week a year earlier.

A total of 528,000 eggs were set for all breeds, up 14 percent from the same week a year ago.

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types in Six Reporting States 1/

All Breeds - Poults Hatched

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds						Light Breeds		Total all Breeds	
	White		Other		Total					
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
October 1	98	104	0	#	98	#	95	156	193	#
October 8	95	130	0	#	95	#	136	96	231	#
October 15 2/	119	41	0	#	119	#	155	244	274	#
October 22	107	#	0	#	107	78	163	259	270	337

All Breeds - Eggs Set

September 3	197	195	0	#	197	#	157	278	354	#
September 10	172	250	0	#	172	#	230	151	402	#
September 17	221	257	0	#	221	#	253	213	474	#
September 24	192	261	0	#	192	#	271	288	463	#
October 1	209	235	0	#	209	#	242	273	451	#
October 8	234	257	8	#	242	#	207	204	449	#
October 15 2/	232	154	12	#	244	#	202	293	446	#
October 22	267	#	16	#	283	169	182	359	465	528

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set in Minnesota-Wisconsin, California and Six States

All Breeds - Poults Hatched

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
October 1	159	164	17	#	193	#
October 8	147	#	#	#	231	#
October 15 2/	186	#	#	#	274	#
October 22	160	219	#	#	270	337

All Breeds - Eggs Set

September 3	294	287	#	#	354	#
September 10	267	#	#	#	402	#
September 17	330	335	#	49	474	#
September 24	288	359	#	#	463	#
October 1	#	326	#	#	451	#
October 8	309	334	#	#	449	#
October 15 2/	245	#	#	#	446	#
October 22	#	310	#	102	465	528

1/ Includes Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Virginia, and California.

2/ Beginning with the week ending October 15, 1966, a shift in reporting heavy white breeds and light breeds was made. The sum of the heavy white breeds and light breeds is comparable.

Confidential

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: The total hatch of all breed turkey poults was 219,000 poults for the week ending October 22, 1966. This was 37 percent larger than the 160,000 poults hatched a year earlier.

Total eggs set for all breeds was 310,000. Comparable data for a year earlier were not published.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 33 percent of the week's hatch compared with 18 percent the previous week and 18 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota - Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr,	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 31, 1966

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-October 1966

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-October was 96 percent of the 1947-49 average and the highest for October since 1952, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 9 points above a year earlier but 4 points below the September level. Prices of crops, livestock, dairy products and eggs continued at higher levels than a year ago.

Compared with mid-September the crop index at 80 was down 5 points but 9 points above a year ago. The livestock index of 104 was down 4 points from last month and 3 points above the previous year. The Minnesota milk and cream price index at 123 was the same as last month but 24 points above last year. At 73 percent the poultry and egg index dropped 6 points from last month but remained 9 points above 1965. Oats and barley prices were up 2 cents and 1 cent respectively from the previous month. Hay prices also incresed 50 cents but all other crops dropped in price. Wheat was down 8 cents per bushel; corn, 5 cents; rye, 7 cents; and soybeans were down 22 cents per bushel. Flax at $2.98 per bushel was unchanged from last month.

Hog prices at $21.10 per hundredweight were down 80 cents from last month and $1.80 from last year. Cattle prices at $21.00 per hundredweight were down $1.00 from last month but $2.40 above the October 1965 level. Calves at $28.50 were down $1.80 per hundredweight from mid-September but remained $5.30 above the previous year. Milk prices were up 2 cents per hundredweight from last month and 93 cents above last year. Cream prices were down 1 cent from the previous month but 12 cents above October 1965. Turkeys at 22 cents per pound were the same as last month but 2 cents higher than last year. Eggs at 34.0 cents per dozen were 3 cents below mid-September but 5 cents above mid-October 1965.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	Oct.15 av. 1958-62	Oct.15 1963	Oct.15 1964	Oct.15 1965	Sept.15 1966	Oct. 15 1966
All Farm Products	80	78	77	87	100	96
Crops	71	72	72	71	85	80
Livestock	89	82	78	101	108	104
Dairy Products	95	93	96	99	124	123
Poultry and Eggs	64	62	58	64	79	73

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Oct.15 1962	Oct.15 1963	Oct.15 1964	Oct.15 1965	Sept.15 1966	Oct.15 1966
Prices Received	246	242	236	249	270	266
Prices Paid 1/	308	311	312	322	337	337
Parity Ratio	80	78	76	77	80	79

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity - Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			October 15, 1966			
		Oct. 15 1965	Sept. 15 1966	Oct. 15 1966	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.47	1.85	1.77	1.67	1.70	1.66	1.59
Rye	Bu.	.96	1.07	1.00	1.10	.86	.95	1.06
Corn	Bu.	1.07	1.27	1.22	1.23	1.07	1.22	1.29
Oats	Bu.	.58	.62	.64	.68	.55	.62	.657
Barley	Bu.	1.00	1.05	1.06	1.01	1.05	.97	1.06
Soybeans	Bu.	2.28	2.96	2.74	2.77	2.60	2.71	2.78
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.76	2.98	2.98	2.95	2.88	2.94	2.90
All Hay, Baled	Ton	21.00	18.50	19.00	19.20	15.00	18.90	24.10
Potatoes	Cwt.	1.66	1.93	1.19	---	1.10	2.00	1.92
Hogs	Cwt.	22.90	21.90	21.10	21.20	20.70	20.80	21.20
Cows	Cwt.	13.60	18.10	17.10	17.20	16.20	16.60	16.30
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	23.10	24.10	23.60	24.50	23.20	24.20	23.80
Cattle, All	Cwt.	18.60	22.00	21.00	23.50	21.20	22.90	21.90
Calves	Cwt.	23.20	30.30	28.50	24.50	27.20	28.80	25.70
Sheep	Cwt.	7.00	6.60	7.50	5.20	5.50	5.20	6.65
Lambs	Cwt.	22.70	23.40	23.30	22.10	21.50	22.50	22.30
Milk Cows	Head	220.00	290.00	290.00	270.00	245.00	230.00	260.00
Milk - Wholesale	Cwt.	3.59	4.50	4.52	4.65	4.40	4.55	5.44
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.66	.79	.78	.74	.75	.72	.706
Turkeys - Live	Lb.	.200	.220	.220	.230	.220	.220	.227
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.055	.070	.065	.055	.055	.060	.088
Eggs	Doz.	.290	.370	.340	.330	.340	.331	.411
Wool	Lb.	.50	.51	.50	.48	.49	.54	.485
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	2.95	3.20	3.25	3.55	3.20	3.50	3.51
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	4.90	6.00	5.40	5.50	5.80	5.70	5.73
Hog Feed, 29% and Over	Cwt.	6.10	7.00	6.60	6.70	---	---	6.59
Beef Cattle Feed, 30% and Over	Cwt.	4.90	5.40	5.20	5.40	---	---	4.92
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.15	3.40	3.40	4.00	---	3.70	3.96
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.88	3.25	3.18	3.22	3.03	3.00	3.68
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.25	4.70	4.60	5.30	5.00	5.00	4.70
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog-Corn 1/		21.4	17.2	17.3	17.2	19.3	17.0	16.4
Beef-Corn 1/		21.6	19.0	19.3	19.9	21.7	19.8	18.4
Egg-Feed 2/		10.1	11.4	10.7	10.2	11.2	11.0	11.2
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		1.9	2.2	2.0	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.4

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 1, 1966

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
September 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during September 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 143,000 head, down 3 percent from August 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,049 pounds per head, up 5 pounds from the previous month, and 19 pounds above September 1965.

September calf slaughter was 13,300 head compared to 9,300 head the previous month. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 180 pounds, 25 pounds lighter than August and 3 pounds below last year.

The hog-kill in September totaled 484,000 head, up 10 percent from August. The average liveweight at 247 pounds was a pound lighter than in August but 5 pounds heavier than in September 1965.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during September 1966 totaled 65,000 head, up 7 percent from August. The average liveweight at 102 pounds compares to 102 pounds the previous month and 101 pounds a year ago.

> Beginning with January 1966 the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers. Comparable data for 1965 and earlier years are not available; therefore, comparisons with the previous year are shown only for the number slaughtered in federally inspected plants.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during September in the 48 States totaled 2,837 million pounds. This was 3 percent more than the August 1966 total of 2,745 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other commercial plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms or ranches. There were 23,539 million pounds of red meat produced during the first nine months of 1966. Of the January-September total, 61.6 percent was beef; 2.8 percent veal; 33.5 percent pork; and 2.1 percent lamb and mutton. January-September 1966 production of beef totaled 14,511 million pounds, veal 650 million, pork 7,896 million, and lamb and mutton 482 million pounds. Lard production during this period was 1,358 million pounds. During the nine-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 4 percent greater than in the same period in 1965, but calves were down 11 percent, hogs down 5 percent, and sheep and lambs down 1 percent.

Beef production during September was 1,713 million pounds, 1 percent less than August 1966. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 996 pounds, the same as August 1966 but 18 pounds more than September 1965. The total commercial cattle kill during September was 2,979,900 head, 2 percent less than August 1966. The September number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 2,415,900 head, less than one percent above the number slaughtered in September last year. There were 76 million pounds of veal produced during September, 4 percent less than August 1966. Commercial calf slaughter during September totaled 579,500 head, 3 percent above a month earlier. Federally inspected calf slaughter in September was 389,800 head, 18 percent less than September 1965.

Pork production during September totaled 990 million pounds, 13 percent more than August 1966. The commercial hog kill during September totaled 6,750,100 head, 14 percent more than the preceding month. Hogs slaughtered in federally inspected plants totaled 5,887,600 head, up 8 percent from September last year. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight was 10.4 pounds compared with 10.6 pounds in August 1966 and 10.9 pounds in September 1965.

There were 58 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced in September, 7 percent more than a month earlier. Total commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs was 1,179,000 head, 4 percent more than August 1966. Federally inspected sheep and lambs slaughtered in September totaled 1,066,900 head, 4 percent less than last year.

Production of poultry meat during September amounted to 931 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 3 percent greater than August 1966, 10 percent greater than September 1965 and the largest monthly poultry production on record.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	September		September average Liveweight	
	1965	1966 5/	1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Pounds	
MINNESOTA:				
Cattle	145.0	143.0	1,030	1,049
Calves	17.4	13.3	183	180
Hogs	442.0	484.0	242	247
Sheep and lambs	75.0	65.0	101	102
UNITED STATES: (48 States)				
Cattle	2,933.5	2,979.9	978	996
Calves	700.7	579.5	232	236
Hogs	6,340.8	6,750.1	234	236
Sheep and lambs	1,230.2	1,179.0	98	99

SEPTEMBER COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, WITH COMPARISONS

Month and Year	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
September 1965	1,624	90	917	59	2,690	847	161
August 1966 5/	1,733	79	879	54	2,745	902	150
September 1966 5/	1,713	76	990	58	2,837	931	166
Jan.Sept. 1965 6/	13,567	693	8,018	480	22,758	5,607	1,484
Jan.-Sept.1966 5/ 6/	14,511	650	7,896	482	23,539	6,175	1,358

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial meat production estimates beginning with January 1966. 6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

NOV 7 1966

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 3, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 29, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 336,000 poults of all breeds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 267,000 poults hatched during the same week a year earlier

A total of 512,000 eggs were set for all breeds, down 5 percent from the same week a year ago.

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types in Six Reporting States 1/

All Breeds - Poults Hatched

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds						Light Breeds		Total all Breeds	
	White		Other		Total					
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
October 8	95	130	0	#	95	#	136	96	231	#
October 15 2/	119	41	0	#	119	#	155	244	274	#
October 22	107	#	0	#	107	78	163	259	270	337
October 29	123	#	0	#	123	89	144	247	267	336
All Breeds - Eggs Set										
September 10	172	250	0	#	172	#	230	151	402	#
September 17	221	257	0	#	221	#	253	213	474	#
September 24	192	261	0	#	192	#	271	288	463	#
October 1	209	235	0	#	209	#	242	273	451	#
October 8	234	257	8	#	242	#	207	204	449	#
October 15 2/	232	154	12	#	244	#	202	293	446	#
October 22	267	#	16	#	283	169	182	359	465	528
October 29	319	#	20	#	339	269	198	243	537	512

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set in Minnesota-Wisconsin, California and Six States

All Breeds - Poults Hatched

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
October 8	147	#	#	#	231	#
October 15 2/	186	#	#	#	274	#
October 22	160	219	#	#	270	337
October 29	#	196	#	51	267	336
All Breeds - Eggs Set						
September 10	267	#	#	#	402	#
September 17	330	335	#	49	474	#
September 24	288	359	#	#	463	#
October 1	#	326	#	#	451	#
October 8	309	334	#	#	449	#
October 15 2/	245	#	#	#	446	#
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1/ Includes Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Virginia, and California.
2/ Beginning with the week ending October 15, 1966, a shift in reporting heavy white breeds and light breeds was made. The sum of the heavy white breeds and light breeds is comparable.

Confidential

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: The total hatch of all breed turkey poults was 196,000 poults for the week ending October 29, 1966. This was 11 percent fewer than the 219,000 poults hatched a week earlier.

Total eggs set for all breeds was 258,000. Comparable data for a year earlier were not published.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 29 percent of the week's hatch compared with 23 percent the previous week and 14 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota - Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr.	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
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Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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NOV 10 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 8, 1966

FRESH VEGETABLE REPORT
ACREAGE AND INDICATED PRODUCTION
AS OF NOVEMBER 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Early Fall Cabbage - Production is estimated at 156,000 hundredweight, 2 percent above last year and 15 percent below the 1960-64 average of 184,000 hundredweight. Yield at 195 hundredweight per acre is 15 hundredweight above last year and 3 hundredweight below the 5-year average.

UNITED STATES: Cabbage (For fresh market and kraut) - The early fall cabbage crop is estimated at 7,528,000 cwt., 17 percent less than last year and 9 percent below the 1960-64 average. In New England, limited supplies should be available until mid-November. In Upstate New York, the kraut harvest was about three-fourths completed by November 1 with most packers expected to finish about mid-month. In the storage area of Monroe and Orleans Counties, harvest started in late October and is expected to finish around mid-November. Volume supplies are available from all fresh market areas. On Long Island, New York, volume is expected to be steady through November with supplies tapering off about mid-December. In New Jersey, moderate movement is expected to continue through November with final marketings during early December. The Pennsylvania and Ohio harvest is past peak but moderate volume is expected to be available through November. In Michigan, heads have sized well except in the Detroit area where soils have been dry. Harvest should be completed by mid-November. Volume supplies should be available in Wisconsin until mid-November. Heads on the late acreage have generally been small. In Minnesota, head sizes are smaller than normal. In Utah, harvest should be completed by the end of November. Harvest in Oregon is expected to continue into December.

Late Fall Cabbage: The late fall cabbage crop at 323,000 cwt., is 7 percent below 1965 and 23 percent below average. In Virginia, harvest should continue through January. Some of the late planted acreage in North Carolina was needing rain by November 1. About half of the acreage had been cut. Moisture supplies have been short in the Charleston-Beaufort area of South Carolina. Harvest began about November 1, a little later than usual.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Acreage and Estimated Production Reported to Date, 1966, with Comparisons

Crop and State	Acreage			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest 1966						
	Average 1960-64	1965		Av. 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966	Av. 1960-64	1965	Ind. 1966
	- Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
CABBAGE, 1/									
Winter	44,190	39,300	38,800	155	162	170	6,817	6,358	6,598
Spring, All	19,540	19,450	18,800	137	136	139	2,668	2,645	2,616
Summer, All	25,240	24,930	24,230	200	199	189	5,049	4,962	4,577
Early Fall:									
New Hampshire	170	170	150	183	190	185	31	32	28
Massachusetts	670	600	550	196	205	200	131	123	110
Rhode Island	90	100	100	190	190	190	17	19	19
Connecticut	540	550	550	186	175	175	100	96	96
New York, L. I.	1,160	1,100	1,100	220	215	200	256	236	220
New York, Upst.	10,440	10,800	9,400	324	365	330	3,382	3,942	3,102
New Jersey	2,120	2,200	2,400	204	195	205	431	429	492
Pennsylvania	1,260	1,100	950	204	220	205	259	242	195
Ohio	2,070	2,200	2,200	264	305	230	549	671	506
Michigan	4,520	4,800	4,100	166	175	185	749	840	758
Wisconsin	6,100	6,400	5,700	295	300	260	1,796	1,920	1,482
Minnesota	960	850	800	192	180	195	184	153	156
Utah & Idaho	430	320	350	341	385	380	147	123	133
Oregon	1,220	1,200	1,100	211	240	210	257	288	231
Group Total	31,750	32,390	29,450	259	281	256	8,290	9,114	7,528
Late Fall:									
Virginia	350	300	250	115	110	100	41	33	25
North Carolina	2,680	2,200	2,000	131	130	135	344	286	270
South Carolina	230	200	200	148	150	140	34	30	28
Group Total	3,260	2,700	2,450	130	129	132	419	349	323

1/ Includes processing.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

NOV 21 1966

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 10, 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
November 1, 1966

Harvesting of soybeans and corn as well as other farm activities progressed well during October despite lower than average temperatures and precipitation above normal. Corn yield prospects improved materially and the 1966 soybean crop is a record for the State. By November 1 soybean harvest was virtually completed and corn picking was about on schedule. The 1966 all crop production index at 116 (1957-59=100%) is 12 points above 1965 and also 12 points above the 5-year average.

CORN: Corn picking lagged behind normal during the first three weeks of October due mainly to the relatively high moisture content of the crop. Conditions, however, improved during the last week of the month and by November 1 corn picking was about up to normal with 45 percent picked. By November 5 nearly 75 percent was picked. It now appears that Minnesota will harvest one of the largest corn crops of record with a record yield of 79 bushels per acre estimated. This is 10 bushels above the previous record of 69 bushels set in 1963 and compares with the 5-year average of 61.2 bushels per acre. The 1966 corn crop is presently estimated at 353 million bushels, 31 percent above 1965 and 15 percent above the 5-year average.

SOYBEANS: The 1966 soybean crop estimated at 83 million bushels is a record crop for Minnesota, 42 percent above 1965 and 64 percent above the 5-year average. The yield now estimated at 24.5 bushels compares with 18.5 in 1965 and the 5-year average of 21.3 bushels per acre.

SUGAR BEETS: Sugar beet production prospects improved slightly since the October 1 estimate and the crop estimate as of November 1 is 1,512,000 tons. The yield this year is now placed at 12.5 tons per acre compared with 10.9 in 1965 and the 5-year average of 11.9 tons per acre.

POTATOES: Total potato production is forecast at 12,184,000 hundredweight compared with 13,368,000 hundredweight produced in 1965 and the 5-year average of 12,793,000 hundredweight.

APPLES: A record commercial apple crop is in prospect for 1966 with a crop of 600,000 bushels estimated as of November 1. This compared with the previous record crop of 430,000 bushels produced in 1964 and the 5-year average of 351,000 bushels.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 610 million pounds for October, 2 percent more than October 1965, and 10 percent more than September this year. Production for the first 10 months of this year is about 7 percent less than the corresponding period last year.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production for October totaled 168 million eggs, down 8 percent from the same month last year. The rate of lay averaged 56 percent compared with 55 percent in October last year. Egg production for the first 10 months of 1966 was 12 percent less than during the same period in 1965.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Total prospective output of 1966 crops showed little change from October 1. Lowered prospects for cotton, tobacco, and sweet potatoes were nearly offset by slight increases for corn, soybeans, sorghum grain, rice, peanuts, potatoes, dry beans, and sugar beets. October was generally cool and dry. However, crops dried slowly and harvest progress is lagging over the eastern half of the Nation.

The "all crops" production index is virtually unchanged from a month earlier. The November 1 index, at 112, is 5 points (4 percent) below last year's record high but equal to the second highest record index. The composite index of "yield per acre" covering 28 leading crops, at 120, is also the second highest of record.

NOVEMBER 1, 1966 CROP PRODUCTION PROSPECTS

Commodity	Acreage Harvested Average 1960-64	Acreage Harvested 1965	Acreage For Harvest 1966	Yield per acre Average 1960-64	Yield per acre 1965	Yield per acre For Harvest 1966	Production Average 1960-64	Production 1965	Production For Harvest 1966
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
FOR MINNESOTA:									
Corn for grain	5,037	4,428	4,472	61.2	61.0	79.0	307,550	270,108	353,288
All Wheat	894	797	752	24.7	27.8	22.7	22,158	22,124	17,053
Winter Wheat	18	9	6	25.1	24.0	28.0	458	216	168
Durum Wheat	47	68	40	27.9	31.0	25.0	1,341	2,108	1,000
Other Sp. Wheat	829	720	706	24.5	27.5	22.5	20,359	19,800	15,885
Oats	3,365	3,004	3,064	47.5	55.0	47.0	160,154	165,220	144,008
Barley	769	610	665	31.6	44.0	29.5	24,278	26,840	19,618
Rye	76	102	61	19.0	20.5	20.0	1,440	2,091	1,220
Flaxseed	535	432	423	11.4	14.0	9.0	6,148	6,048	3,807
Soybeans for beans	2,372	3,166	3,388	21.3	18.5	24.5	50,559	58,571	83,006
Potatoes (cwt.)									
Late Summer	6.6	7.2	7.9	153	165	160	1,014	1,188	1,264
Fall	100.6	87.0	91.0	117	140	120	11,779	12,180	10,920
Sugar beets (tons)	104.5	121.0	121.0	11.9	10.9	12.5	1,240	1,318	1,512
Hay, all (tons)	3,637	3,527	3,356	2.12	2.26	2.28	7,685	7,962	7,665

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Immediate Release

November 10, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending November 5, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 300,000 poults of all breeds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 270,000 poults hatched during the same week a year earlier and 336,000 hatched a week ago.

A total of 708,000 eggs were set for all breeds, up 21 percent from the same week a year ago and 38 percent above last week.

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types in Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds: White		Heavy Breeds: Other		Heavy Breeds: Total		Light Breeds		Total all Breeds	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
All Breeds - Poults Hatched										
October 15 2/	119	41	0	#	119	#	155	244	274	#
October 22	107	#	0	#	107	78	163	259	270	337
October 29	123	#	0	#	123	89	144	247	267	336
November 5	140	#	3	#	143	84	127	216	270	300
All Breeds - Eggs Set										
September 17	221	257	0	#	221	#	253	213	474	#
September 24	192	261	0	#	192	#	271	288	463	#
October 1	209	235	0	#	209	#	242	273	451	#
October 8	234	257	8	#	242	#	207	204	449	#
October 15 2/	232	154	12	#	244	#	202	293	446	#
October 22	267	#	16	#	283	169	182	359	465	528
October 29	319	#	20	#	339	269	198	243	537	512
November 5	354	280	18	35	372	315	212	393	584	708

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set in Minnesota-Wisconsin, California and Six States

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
All Breeds - Poults Hatched						
October 15 2/	186	#	#	#	274	#
October 22	160	219	#	#	270	337
October 29	#	196	#	51	267	336
November 5	186	204	#	42	270	300
All Breeds - Eggs Set						
September 17	330	335	#	49	474	#
September 24	288	359	#	#	463	#
October 1	#	326	#	#	451	#
October 8	309	334	#	#	449	#
October 15 2/	245	#	#	#	446	#
October 22	#	310	#	102	465	528
October 29	#	258	#	133	537	512
November 5	337	350	#	208	584	708

1/ Includes Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Virginia, and California
2/ Beginning with the week ending October 15, 1966, a shift in reporting heavy white breeds and light breeds was made. The sum of the heavy white breeds and light breeds is comparable.

\# Confidential

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: The total hatch of all breed turkey poults was 204,000 poults for the week ending November 5, 1966. This was 10 percent more than a year earlier and 4 percent above a week ago.

Total eggs set for all breeds was 350,000 which compare to the 337,000 eggs set suring the same week last year and 258,000 eggs set a week earlier.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 15 percent of the week's hatch compared with 29 percent the previous week and 23 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota - Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361		0		377		824		880	
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr,	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772		0		358		1,756		1,016	
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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November 17, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending November 12, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 321,000 poults of all breeds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 262,000 poults hatched during the same week a year earlier and 300,000 hatched a week ago.

A total of 871,000 eggs were set for all breeds, up 39 percent from the same week a year ago and 23 percent above last week.

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types in Six Reporting States 1/

All Breeds - Poults Hatched

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds						Light Breeds		Total all Breeds	
	White		Other		Total					
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
October 22	107	#	0	#	107	78	163	259	270	337
October 29	123	#	0	#	123	89	144	247	267	336
November 5	140	#	3	#	143	84	127	216	270	300
November 12	134	#	5	#	139	126	123	195	262	321

All Breeds - Eggs Set

September 24	192	261	0	#	192	#	271	288	463	#
October 1	209	235	0	#	209	#	242	273	451	#
October 8	234	257	8	#	242	#	207	204	449	#
October 15 2/	232	154	12	#	244	#	202	293	446	#
October 22	267	#	16	#	283	169	182	359	465	528
October 29	319	#	20	#	339	269	198	243	537	512
November 5	354	280	18	35	372	315	212	393	584	708
November 12	368	437	45	57	413	494	214	377	627	871

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set in Minnesota-Wisconsin, California and Six States

All Breeds - Poults Hatched

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
October 22	160	219	#	#	270	337
October 29	#	196	#	51	267	336
November 5	186	204	#	42	270	300
November 12	142	189	#	71	262	321

All Breeds - Eggs Set

September 24	288	359	#	#	463	#
October 1	#	326	#	#	451	#
October 8	309	334	#	#	449	#
October 15 2/	245	#	#	#	446	#
October 22	#	310	#	102	465	528
October 29	#	258	#	133	537	512
November 5	337	350	#	208	584	708
November 12	308	459	#	279	627	871

1/ Includes Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Virginia, and California.

2/ Beginning with the week ending October 15, 1966, a shift in reporting heavy white breeds and light breeds was made. The sum of the heavy white breeds and light breeds is comparable.

\# Confidential

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: The total hatch of all breed turkey poults was 189,000 poults for the week ending November 12, 1966. This was 33 percent more than a year earlier and 7 percent less a week ago.

Total eggs set for all breeds was 459,000 which compare to the 308,000 eggs set during the same week last year and 350,000 eggs set a week earlier.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 6 percent of the week's hatch compared with 15 percent the previous week and 35 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota - Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr,	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

NOV 23 1966

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November 18, 1966

POTATO ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION REPORT
November 1, 1966

MINNESOTA: Field run production of fall potatoes in the State, is estimated at 10,920,000 hundredweight, remains unchanged from a month ago. This was down 10 percent from last year and down 7 percent from the average.

The annual crop report to be published on December 20 will provide estimates on the final number of acres harvested. The first potato stocks report of the season to be published on the same date will reflect warehouse gradeout which will have occurred through November 30.

UNITED STATES: Production of fall potatoes is forecast at 219,407,000 hundredweight, about 3 percent above the record last year, and about 2 percent above a month earlier. The increase over last month was largely due to better than expected yields in the western States, especially Idaho which more than offset a smaller estimate for the Central States. The forecast of 65,931,000 hundredweight for the Eastern States is about the same as a month earlier and a near average crop, but about 6 percent above last year. Production in the Central States, at 45,582,000 hundredweight, is 9 percent below last year and 3 percent below a month earlier. The crop in the Western States is forecast at a record high 107,894,000 hundredweight, 6 percent more than last year's record high Western fall crop, and up 5 percent from a month earlier.

The crop in Maine turned out as forecast on October 1. Harvest conditions in all New England were the most favorable in recent years and the Maine crop was largely under cover by mid-October. Harvest in other New England States was completed by late October and yields were about as expected a month earlier. Harvest conditions also were nearly ideal in New York areas. The Long Island crop was better than 90 percent harvested by November 1. Upstate New York benefited from excellent late season conditions and a record high yield was harvested. Harvest of the low yielding Pennsylvania crop was nearly completed by November 1.

In the Central States, there were declines from a month earlier in North Dakota and Michigan. An increase over October 1 is forecast for Indiana and South Dakota; yields in other Central States are unchanged. Locally heavy rains delayed harvest in a few areas but it proceeded on or ahead of schedule in most areas under generally excellent conditions, and was nearing completion on November 1.

In Idaho, growing conditions were favorable until mid-October when central and eastern areas had below freezing temperatures. The western area generally escaped the severe low temperatures. The weight put on in October pushed yields above earlier expectations and the yield is now placed at 195 hundredweight per acre in "other counties" and at a record high 290 hundredweight in the 10 southwest counties. Storage losses in the potatoes harvested from the freeze-damaged acreage are expected to be above normal. Good crops are expected in other Western States and record yields are forecast for Colorado and Utah. The crops in Malheur County, Oregon, California, Utah, and Nevada also turned out somewhat better than expected on October 1. Harvest in all western areas neared completion in early November.

Total U. S. production is now estimated at 299,989,000 hundredweight, a record high and about 4 percent over last year and 2 percent over 1961, the previous high year.

Acreage of winter potatoes for harvest in Florida and California is placed at 23,700 acres. In Florida, the acreage is expected to be the same as last year. The early planted Everglades crop is making good growth. Present indications are for 12 percent less acreage in California. Hot weather in August in Kern County hurt stands somewhat. However, the crop is now making good progress in all major producing areas. Harvest in Riverside County is expected to begin shortly after mid-November and in Kern County around December 1.

POTATOES, IRISH

Seasonal group and State	Acreage: Harvested: Average 1960-64	Acreage: Harvested: 1965	Acreage: For harvest: 1966	Yield per harv acre: Average 1960-64	Yield per harv acre: 1965	Yield per harv acre: Preliminary 1966	Production: Average 1960-64	Production: 1965	Production: Preliminary 1966
	1,000 acres	1,000 acres	1,000 acres	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.
Winter 1/	21.0	19.4	25.5	190	189	199	3,990	3,659	5,084
Early Spring 1/	26.7	35.3	36.1	156	139	137	4,172	4,898	4,951
Late Spring 1/	117.1	121.7	126.6	205	207	214	23,998	25,137	27,057
Early Summer 1/	90.5	81.6	92.5	148	146	152	13,386	11,926	14,083
Late Summer 1/ 2/	145.8	137.0	143.0	203	221	206	29,636	30,340	29,407
Fall:									
Maine	145.8	148.0	154.0	257	238	250	37,425	35,224	38,500
N. H.	1.7	1.5	1.6	188	185	190	312	278	304
Vt.	2.3	2.0	2.0	177	175	175	407	350	350
Mass.	4.9	4.6	4.8	214	225	210	1,058	1,035	1,008
R. I.	4.2	4.2	4.4	243	245	235	1,012	1,029	1,034
Conn.	6.6	6.7	6.6	226	210	220	1,487	1,407	1,452
N.Y.-L.I.	30.7	26.0	29.9	267	290	260	8,191	7,540	7,774
-Upstate	43.0	40.0	41.0	215	215	235	9,256	8,600	9,635
Pa.	35.8	34.7	35.6	191	200	165	6,843	6,940	5,874
8 East.-Fall	275.0	267.7	279.9	240	233	236	65,990	62,403	65,931
Ohio	10.2	9.3	9.2	190	205	200	1,947	1,906	1,840
Ind.	4.1	4.4	4.7	237	265	235	962	1,166	1,104
Mich.	39.4	43.4	42.0	180	200	180	7,090	8,700	7,560
Wis.	32.8	40.0	41.0	203	205	195	6,651	8,200	7,995
Minn.	100.6	87.0	91.0	117	140	120	11,779	12,180	10,920
Iowa	3.3	3.0	3.0	136	145	140	453	435	420
N. Dak.	113.0	105.0	102.0	117	145	130	13,281	15,225	13,260
S. Dak.	5.9	5.0	5.8	94	120	135	558	600	783
Nebr.	8.9	8.1	8.5	195	205	200	1,729	1,660	1,700
9 Central-Fall	318.3	305.3	307.2	140	164	148	44,451	50,072	45,582
Mont.	7.9	7.8	8.4	165	170	170	1,296	1,326	1,428
Idaho-10 S.W. Co. 3/	13.0	33.0	35.0	245	275	290	3,254	9,075	10,150
-Other Co.	236.8	249.0	279.0	188	210	195	44,769	52,290	54,405
Wyo.	3.6	3.6	3.6	155	175	170	566	630	612
Colo.	38.0	35.0	32.5	219	245	265	8,345	8,575	8,612
Utah	8.7	9.0	9.0	164	170	180	1,429	1,530	1,620
Nev.	1.3	.9	.9	191	200	210	238	180	189
Wash.	19.1	31.0	36.0	302	360	360	5,759	11,160	12,960
Oreg.-Malheur Co. 3/	11.3	12.5	14.5	249	265	260	2,802	3,312	3,770
-Other Co.	25.1	26.0	27.0	239	230	240	6,016	5,980	6,480
Calif.	22.9	27.0	28.4	247	270	270	5,676	7,290	7,668
9 West.-Fall 3/	387.7	434.8	474.3	206	233	227	80,150	101,348	107,894
Total 3/	981.0	1,007.8	1,061.4	194	212	207	190,591	213,823	219,407
U. S.	1,382.0	1,402.8	1,485.1	192	207	202	265,773	289,783	299,989

1/ Details by States shown in October 1966 Crop Production Report.
2/ Averages exclude late summer crop for 1960-61 for Idaho and Oregon.
3/ Averages include late summer crop for 1960-61 for Idaho and Oregon.

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Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

NOV 28 1966

Immediate Release

November 25, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending November 19, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 361,000 poults of all breeds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 281,000 poults hatched during the same week a year earlier and 321,000 hatched a week ago.

A total of 919,000 eggs were set for all breeds, up 32 percent from the same week a year ago and 6 percent above last week.

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types in Six Reporting States 1/

All Breeds - Poults Hatched

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds						Light Breeds		Total all Breeds	
	White		Other		Total					
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
October 29	123	#	0	#	123	101	144	247	267	348
November 5	140	#	3	#	143	84	127	216	270	300
November 12	134	#	5	#	139	126	123	195	262	321
November 19	159	#	8	#	167	123	114	238	281	361

All Breeds - Eggs Set

October 1	209	299	0	#	209	#	242	273	451	#
October 8	234	272	8	#	242	#	207	204	449	#
October 15 2/	232	195	12	#	244	#	202	293	446	#
October 22	267	#	16	#	283	195	182	359	465	554
October 29	319	#	20	#	339	274	198	243	537	517
November 5	354	280	18	35	372	315	212	393	584	708
November 12	368	437	45	57	413	494	214	377	627	871
November 19	445	496	90	120	535	616	221	303	756	919

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set in Minnesota-Wisconsin, California and Six States

All Breeds - Poults Hatched

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
October 29	#	196	#	63	267	348
November 5	186	204	#	42	270	300
November 12	142	189	#	71	262	321
November 19	#	204	#	80	281	361

All Breeds - Eggs Set

October 1	#	326	#	107	451	#
October 8	309	334	#	#	449	#
October 15 2/	245	295	#	#	446	#
October 22	#	310	#	128	465	554
October 29	#	258	#	138	537	517
November 5	337	350	#	208	584	708
November 12	308	459	#	279	627	871
November 19	342	324	#	441	756	919

1/ Includes Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Virginia, and California
2/ Beginning with the week ending October 15, 1966, a shift in reporting heavy white breeds and light breeds was made. The sum of the heavy white breeds and light breeds is comparable.

\# Confidential

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: The total hatch of all breed turkey poults was 204,000 poults for the week ending November 19, 1966. This was 8 percent more than a week ago.

Total eggs set for all breeds was 324,000 which compares to the 342,000 eggs set during the same week last year and 459,000 eggs set a week earlier.

MINNESOTA Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 10 percent of the week's hatch compared with 6 percent the previous week and 39 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota - Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
Apr.	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
Apr,	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested in the United States by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during October 1966 was 881,123, an increase of 38 percent from October last year. Testings of heavy white breeds were up 50 percent from a year earlier. Testings of other heavy breeds were up 20 percent. Aggregate testings in July through October for all heavy breeds totaled 1,780,710, up 35 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during October totaled 35,866, up 154 percent from October 1965. Testings in July through October totaled 88,715, down 10 percent from the same period in 1965.

Turkeys tested in Minnesota during October 1966 included 128,026 heavy white, 51,766 other heavy, and 7,578 light breed. The cumulative totals for July through October 1966 are 257,807 heavy white, 23,530 other heavy and 36,078 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months of 1965 were 241,036 heavy white, 97,472 other heavy and 10,863 light breed turkeys.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101
Minnesota Department of Agriculture

DEC 5 1966

Immediate Release

November 30, 1966

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-November 1966

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-November was 92 percent of the 1947-49 average and the highest for November since 1952, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 7 points above a year earlier but 4 points below last month. Prices of crops, dairy products and eggs continued at higher levels than last year but the livestock index was down 6 points.

Compared with mid-October the crops index at 81 was up 1 point and also 15 points above a year ago. The livestock index, however, at 94 was down 10 points from last month and 6 points from last year. Dairy products at 118 percent was down 3 points from mid-October but 19 points above a year ago. Poultry and eggs at 73 was the same as last month but 7 points above a year earlier. Soybean prices were up 6 cents a bushel from October and barley was up 1 cent while oats, flax and rye remained unchanged. Wheat was down 5 cents a bushel and corn was down 4 cents.

Hog prices dropped $2.60 per hundredweight from mid-October and were $4.70 below last year's level. Cattle prices at $19.70 per hundredweight were $1.30 below last month but $2.00 above last year. Calves at $25.60 per hundredweight were down $2.90 per hundredweight from mid-October but $2.40 above a year ago. Milk prices were down 14 cents per hundredweight from last month, although they were still 72 cents per hundredweight above last year's level. Turkeys increased 1 cent per pound from last month and were up 2 cents from last year. Eggs at 33.0 cents per dozen were down 1 cent from mid-October but up 3½ cents from last year.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	Nov.15 av. 1958-62	Nov.15 1963	Nov.15 1964	Nov.15 1965	Oct. 15 1966	Nov. 15 1966
All Farm Products	79	76	76	85	96	92
Crops	64	72	74	66	80	81
Livestock	87	76	74	100	104	94
Dairy Products	95	92	96	99	121	118
Poultry and Eggs	66	63	58	66	73	73

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Nov.15 1962	Nov.15 1963	Nov.15 1964	Nov.15 1965	Oct. 15 1966	Nov. 15 1966
Prices Received	245	242	234	249	266	259
Prices Paid 1/	308	311	313	322	337	337
Parity Ratio	80	78	75	77	79	77

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity -- Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			November 15, 1966			
		Nov. 15 1965	Oct. 15 1966	Nov. 15 1966	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.48	1.77	1.72	1.67	1.67	1.63	1.60
Rye	Bu.	.97	1.00	1.00	1.09	.87	.95	1.04
Corn	Bu.	.80	1.22	1.18	1.20	1.07	1.18	1.26
Oats	Bu.	.59	.64	.64	.70	.55	.63	.663
Barley	Bu.	1.04	1.06	1.07	1.00	1.04	.96	1.06
Soybeans	Bu.	2.37	2.74	2.80	2.82	2.66	2.77	2.80
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.77	2.98	2.98	2.95	2.88	2.95	2.90
All Hay, Baled	Ton	21.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	15.00	19.90	24.50
Potatoes	Cwt.	1.40	1.19	1.60	---	1.45	1.95	2.06
Hogs	Cwt.	23.20	21.10	18.50	19.00	18.60	18.70	19.20
Cows	Cwt.	12.80	17.10	15.30	15.80	14.80	15.20	15.40
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	22.40	23.60	22.00	23.40	22.80	23.50	23.00
Cattle, All	Cwt.	17.70	21.00	19.70	22.20	20.40	21.90	20.90
Calves	Cwt.	23.20	28.50	25.60	23.80	26.80	28.40	25.20
Sheep	Cwt.	6.40	7.50	6.80	5.30	5.00	5.60	6.82
Lambs	Cwt.	23.40	23.30	21.20	21.00	20.60	21.50	21.60
Milk Cows	Head	220.00	290.00	290.00	270.00	235.00	230.00	256.00
Milk-Wholesale	Cwt.	3.57	4.43	4.29	4.60	4.30	4.50	5.39
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.67	.78	.76	.73	.72	.70	.689
Turkeys-Live	Lb.	.210	.220	.230	.230	.230	.240	.238
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.055	.065	.065	.055	.055	.055	.091
Eggs	Doz.	.295	.340	.330	.330	.330	.331	.416
Wool	Lb.	.51	.50	.48	.47	.48	.54	.477
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.00	3.25	3.35	3.75	3.30	3.55	3.62
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	4.90	5.40	5.30	5.40	5.60	5.50	5.56
Hog Feed, 29% and Over	Cwt.	6.10	6.60	6.50	6.60	6.50	6.70	6.50
Beef Cattle Feed, 30% and Over	Cwt.	4.85	5.20	5.20	5.40	5.10	5.00	4.95
Dairy Feed, 16%	Cwt.	3.15	3.40	3.40	4.05	---	3.70	3.98
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.82	3.18	3.19	3.18	3.04	2.97	3.68
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.35	4.60	4.70	5.20	5.10	4.95	4.68
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog-Corn 1/		29.0	17.3	15.7	15.8	17.4	15.8	15.2
Beef-Corn 1/		28.0	19.3	18.6	19.5	21.3	19.9	18.3
Egg-Feed 2/		10.5	10.7	10.3	10.4	10.9	11.1	11.3
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		2.0	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.5

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 1, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending November 26, 1966

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey States hatched a total of 415,000 poults of all breeds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 361,000 poults hatched a week ago.

A total of 1,079,000 eggs were set for all breeds, up 74 percent from the same week a year ago and 17 percent above last week.

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types in Six Reporting States 1/

All Breeds - Poults Hatched

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds						Light Breeds		Total all Breeds	
	White		Other		Total					
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
November 5	140	#	3	#	143	84	127	216	270	300
November 12	134	#	5	#	139	126	123	195	262	321
November 19	159	#	8	#	167	123	114	238	281	361
November 26	193	#	#	#	#	256	125	159	#	415

All Breeds - Eggs Set

October 8	234	272	8	#	242	#	207	204	449	#
October 15 2/	232	195	12	#	244	#	202	293	446	#
October 22	267	#	16	#	283	195	182	359	465	554
October 29	319	#	20	#	339	274	198	243	537	517
November 5	354	280	18	35	372	315	212	393	584	708
November 12	368	437	45	57	413	494	214	377	627	871
November 19	445	496	90	120	535	616	221	303	756	919
November 26	389	629	67	160	456	789	164	290	620	1,079

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set in Minnesota-Wisconsin, California and Six States

All Breeds - Poults Hatched

Week Ending	Minnesota-Wisconsin		California		Six State Total 1/	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
November 5	186	204	#	42	270	300
November 12	142	189	#	71	262	321
November 19	#	204	#	80	281	361
November 26	#	166	#	135	#	415

All Breeds - Eggs Set

October 8	309	334	#	#	449	#
October 15 2/	245	295	#	#	446	#
October 22	#	310	#	128	465	554
October 29	#	258	#	138	537	517
November 5	337	350	#	208	584	708
November 12	308	459	#	279	627	871
November 19	342	324	#	441	756	919
November 26	#	341	#	450	620	1,079

1/ Includes Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Virginia, and California
2/ Beginning with the week ending October 15, 1966, a shift in reporting heavy white breeds and light breeds was made. The sum of the heavy white breeds and light breeds is comparable.

\# Confidential

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: The total hatch of all breed turkey poults was 166,000 poults for the week ending November 26, 1966. This was 19 percent less than a week ago.

Total eggs set for all breeds was 341,000 which compares to the 324,000 eggs set a week earlier.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 10 percent of the week's hatch compared with 10 percent the previous week and 24 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
April	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
April	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 1, 1966

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
October 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during October 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 150,000 head, up 5 percent from September 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,059 pounds per head, up 10 pounds from the previous month and 13 pounds above October 1965.

October calf slaughter was 18,100 head compared to 13,300 head the previous month. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 175 pounds, 5 pounds lighter than September and 8 pounds below last year.

The hog kill in October totaled 506,000 head, up 5 percent from September. The average liveweight at 251 pounds was 4 pounds heavier than September and also 4 pounds heavier than October 1965.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during October 1966 totaled 98,500 head, up nearly 52 percent from September. The average liveweight at 105 pounds compares to 102 pounds the previous month and a year ago.

> Beginning with January 1966 the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers. Comparable data for 1965 and earlier years are not available; therefore, comparisons with the previous year are shown only for the number slaughtered in federally inspected plants.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during October in the 48 States totaled 2,824 million pounds. This was slightly less than the September 1966 total of 2,837 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other commercial plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms or ranches. There were 26,364 million pounds of red meat produced during the first ten months of 1966. Of the January-October total, 61.3 percent was beef; 2.8 percent veal; 33.9 percent pork; and 2.0 percent lamb and mutton. January-October 1966 production of beef totaled 16,175 million pounds, veal 726 million, pork 8,925 million, and lamb and mutton 538 million pounds. Lard production during this period was 1,533 million pounds. During the ten-month period, the number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 4 percent greater than in the same period in 1965, but calves were down 12 percent, hogs down 4 percent, and sheep and lambs down 1 percent.

Beef production during October was 1,664 million pounds, 3 percent less than September 1966. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,006 pounds, up ten pounds from September 1966 and 20 pounds more than October 1965. The total commercial cattle kill during October was 2,874,300 head, 4 percent less than September 1966. The October number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 2,335,200 head, 2 percent less than the number slaughtered in October last year. There were 75 million pounds of veal produced during October, 1 percent less than September 1966. Commercial calf slaughter during October totaled 582,900 head, 1 percent above a month earlier. Federally inspected calf slaughter in October was 388,600 head, 21 percent less than October 1965.

Pork production during October totaled 1,029 million pounds, 4 percent more than September 1966. The commercial hog kill during October totaled 6,941,900 head, 3 percent more than the preceding month. Hogs slaughtered in federally inspected plants totaled 6,046,700 head, up 12 percent from October last year. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight was 10.5 pounds compared with 10.4 pounds in September 1966 and 10.9 pounds in October 1965.

There were 56 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced in October, 3 percent less than a month earlier. Total commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs was 1,133,400 head, 4 percent less than September 1966. Federally inspected sheep and lambs slaughtered in October totaled 1,022,300 head, 1 percent less than last year.

Production of poultry meat during October amounted to 958 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 3 percent greater than September 1966, 9 percent greater than October 1965 and the largest monthly poultry production on record.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	October		October average Liveweight	
	1965	1966 5/	1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Pounds	
MINNESOTA:				
Cattle	147.0	150.0	1,046	1,059
Calves	26.5	18.1	167	175
Hogs	444.0	506.0	247	251
Sheep and Lambs	91.5	98.5	102	105
UNITED STATES: (48 States)				
Cattle	2,890.5	2,874.3	986	1,006
Calves	696.4	582.9	229	235
Hogs	6,255.4	6,941.9	239	239
Sheep and lambs	1,152.1	1,133.4	100	102

OCTOBER COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, WITH COMPARISONS

Month and year	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
October 1965	1,603	88	920	57	2,668	877	163
September 1966 5/	1,713	76	990	58	2,837	931	166
October 1966 5/	1,664	75	1,029	56	2,824	958	175
Jan.-Oct. 1965 6/	15,169	781	8,939	536	25,425	6,484	1,647
Jan.-Oct. 1966 5/ 6/	16,175	726	8,925	538	26,364	7,133	1,533

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial meat production estimates beginning with January 1966. 6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
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Immediate Release

December 6, 1966

COMMERCIAL APPLE PRODUCTION
Minnesota - 1966

MINNESOTA: Commercial production of apples in the State in 1966 reached 600,000 bushels according to grower reports to the Minnesota Crop and Livestock Reporting Service. This is the largest commercial apple crop of record for Minnesota and is well above the small 1965 crop of 290,000 bushels.

Haralson and McIntosh continue to be the leading varieties with 96,000 and 90,000 bushels respectively - both slightly more than double their 1965 production. These two varieties accounted for almost one-half of the winter variety total of 390,000 bushels. A total of 72,000 bushels of Delicious (including Reds) were produced this year - over three times the size of the 1965 crop. Other winter varieties produced totaled 132,000 bushels.

Of the fall varieties Jonathan at 72,000 bushels was double its 1965 production. Wealthy production is placed at 60,000 bushels up substantially from the 38,000 a year ago. Other fall varieties accounted for an additional 30,000 bushels in 1966.

Beacon continued to be the leading summer apple and accounted for a large part of the 48,000 bushels of summer varieties produced in 1966. This year's summer crop was twice as large as the summer crop in 1965.

UNITED STATES: Commercial apple production in the United States during 1966 totaled 129.7 million bushels, 5 percent less than the 1965 crop but 4 percent more than average. These estimates include quantities of mature apples left unharvested because of low prices, shortage of labor, or other economic reasons. About 2.1 percent of the 1966 crop was left unharvested compared with 2.3 percent for the 1965 crop.

In the Eastern States the 1966 apple crop totaled 52.2 million bushels, 22 percent below 1965 and 14 percent less than average. A late spring freeze, coupled with summer drought, resulted in a short crop in most of the Eastern States. Production in the Central States during 1966 totaled 25.6 million bushels, 11 percent less than the 1965 and 1 percent below average. The reduction from last year is largely attributed to damage resulting from the mid-May freeze in Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois. The Western States 1966 apple crop amounted to 51.9 million bushels, up 29 percent from 1965 and 34 percent above average. Production was above both last year and average in all Western States except Idaho, Colorado, and Utah.

Washington was the leading State in 1966 with 33 million bushels, accounting for one-fourth of the Nation's production. New York ranked second with 23 million bushels and Michigan third with 16 million bushels. California's 12.5 million bushel crop placed that State in fourth position, jumping ahead of both Virginia and Pennsylvania which ranked fourth and fifth, respectively in 1965.

Red Delicious continues to be the leading variety, accounting for 27 percent of the 1966 production. Other leading varieties and percent of total production were: McIntosh, 13 percent; Golden Delicious, 10 percent; Jonathan, 7 percent; Rome Beauty, 7 percent; and Winesap, 5 percent. Those six varieties accounted for 69 percent of the National crop.

Eighty-seven percent of this year's crop was winter varieties, the same as last year. Fall varieties accounted for 9 percent of the 1966 crop and 10 percent of the 1965 crop. Summer varieties made up 4 percent of the 1966 production compared with 3 percent in 1965.

COMMERCIAL APPLE PRODUCTION BY VARIETIES, UNITED STATES AND MINNESOTA, 1966 WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Variety	United States			Minnesota	
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousand Bushels			Thousand Bushels	
Summer Varieties	5,015	3,288	5,134	23	48
Fall Varieties					
Jonathan	8,419	10,053	9,199	35	72
Wealthy	1,320	1,144	1,115	38	60
Other Fall	2,835	2,787	1,746	17	30
Total	12,573	13,984	12,060	90	162
Winter Varieties					
Haralson	2/	2/	2/	43	96
Cortland	3,574	3,907	3,923	6	12
Delicious	28,745	34,181	35,211	23	72
Golden Delicious	9,139	12,137	12,924	6	18
McIntosh	17,087	18,196	16,795	41	90
Prairie Spy	2/	2/	2/	11	20
Northwest Greening	2/	2/	2/	20	12
Other Winter	48,983	50,357	43,633	27	70
Total	107,526	118,778	112,486	177	390
TOTAL	125,115	136,050	129,680	290	600

1/ Estimates of commercial crop refer to the total production of apples in the commercial areas of each State.

2/ Included in Other Winter.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 8, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 3, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched a total of 621,000 poults of all breeds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 383,000 poults hatched the same week a year earlier.

A total of 1,466,000 eggs were set for all breeds, up 18 percent from the same week a year ago.

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
December 3	215	365	168	265	383	621	162
Eggs Set							
December 3	938	1,181	301	285	1,239	1,466	118
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
December 3	#	37	#	184	206	221	107
Eggs Set							
December 3	246	95	150	170	396	265	67
California							
Poults Hatched							
December 3	54	203	0	0	54	203	376
Eggs Set							
December 3	452	662	9	8	461	670	145

\# Confidential
1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

- Over -

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: The total hatch of all breed turkey poults was 221,000 poults for the week ending December 3, 1966. This was 7 percent more than a year ago. The total heavy breed hatch was 37,000 poults while the light breed hatch was 206,000, up 12 percent from a year earlier.

Total eggs set for all breeds was 265,000 which compares to the 396,000 eggs set last year. The set for all heavy breeds was 95,000 eggs, down 151,000 eggs from a year earlier. The light breed set was 170,000 eggs, up 20,000 from the same week a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 6 percent of the week's hatch compared with 10 percent the previous week and 50 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
April	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
April	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

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December 13, 1966

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
December 1, 1966

MILK PRODUCTION: Minnesota: Milk production during November totaled 682 million pounds, up 12 percent from a month earlier, and about 3 percent above the November 1965 production. Production for the 11 month period, January-November was 7 percent below the corresponding 11 month period of 1965.

United States: November milk production in the United States is estimated at 9,108 million pounds, about the same as a year earlier for the second successive month. Average daily production held practically unchanged from October to November this year, in contrast to an average decline of about 1 percent. November is usually the lowest month for U. S. milk production. For the first 11 months of 1966, milk production totaled about 3 percent less than the year earlier period.

EGG PRODUCTION: Minnesota: Egg production for November totaled 176 million eggs, down 4 percent from November a year earlier. The average number of layers during the month at 10,012,000 was 7 percent below last year's level. Rate of lay for the month averaged 58.6 percent which compares with 57.0 percent during November last year. During the January-November period this year egg production was 12 percent less than the corresponding 11-month period of 1965.

United States: Egg production in the United States totaled 5,343 million eggs during November, down 1 percent from the previous month, but up 3 percent from a year earlier. Layers on hand in November averaged 308.8 million, an increase of 2 percent from both the previous month and the previous year. The rate of lay this November was 17.30 eggs per layer, a new record high for November, 1 percent above a year earlier and 6 percent above the November 1960-64 average. Accumulative egg production January through November 1966 was 58,961 million, down slightly from the period a year earlier.

- OVER -

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SOYBEAN OIL AND PROTIEN CONTENT VARIETIES GROWN IN 1966

MINNESOTA: Based on objective measurements and laboratury determination on 101 randomly selected sample plots, the oil content for the 1966 Minnesota soybean crop averaged 19.4 percent. The protein content of these 1966 Minnesota soybean samples averaged 42.5 percent. The oil content in the South Central district at 19.7 percent ranked the highest while the Central District averaged the lowest at 19.0 percent for the 4 districts reported. The average protein content for beans grown in the Central District was 42.9 percent, the highest for the State, while the West Central District with an average of 41.6 percent showed the lowest protein level.

According to the survey, Chippewa was the the leading variety grown in 1966 accounting for 70 percent of the State's soybeans. Merrit ranked second with 8 percent of the acreage harvested while A-100 accounted for 6 percent of the acreage. The remaining 16 percent consisted of Harosoy, Lindarin, Black-Hawk, Ottowa-Mandarin and other varieties.

UNITED STATES: Oil content of the 1,242 samples analyzed for the 1966 crop in 15 States was 20.4 percent and the protein content was 42.2 percent. Highest oil content, 21.5 percent, was found in South Carolina and Louisiana, while the highest protein content was 44.1 percent in Ohio. The 15 major soybean States account for 94 percent of the 1966 production in the United States.

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December 15, 1966

Hatchery Production of Chicks
November 1966

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,404,000 chicks during November 1966 which was 27 percent above November 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The November hatch consisted of 675,000 egg-type and 729,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was up 28 percent and broiler-type production was 26 percent above November 1965. For the period January through November the egg-type chick hatch was up 21 percent and the broiler-type hatch was 14 percent above the same period in 1965.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-November for Minnesota was $3.19 per 100 pounds compared with $3.18 the previous month and $2.82 a year earlier. On November 15 the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 10.3 compared with 10.7 the previous month and 10.5 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January	694	772	+11	728	680	- 7
February	1,033	744	-28	611	587	- 4
March	3,350	4,340	+30	742	786	+ 6
April	5,603	6,736	+20	881	1,200	+36
May	5,240	6,139	+17	886	1,028	+16
June	2,132	2,485	+17	751	886	+18
July	623	847	+36	630	725	+15
August	461	730	+58	613	695	+13
September	362	657	+81	569	640	+12
October	536	836	+56	538	606	+13
November	528	675	+28	578	729	+26
December	519			663		

1/ Final

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 247.4 million chickens during November compared with 223.3 million during November 1965. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 212.1 million, up 8 percent from November last year and the largest of record for the month. Accumulative hatch of broiler chicks during the first 11 months of 1966 was 2,522.2 million, up 9 percent from the same period a year earlier and the largest of record for these months. The number of broiler type eggs in incubators on December 1 was up 3 percent from December 1, 1965.

Egg-type chicks hatched in November are estimated at 35.3 million chicks, an increase of 33 percent from November 1965. Increases occurred in all regions, and are recorded at 62 percent in the South Atlantic, 46 percent in the South Central, 36 percent in the East North Central, 26 percent in the West North Central, 24 percent in the West, and 7 percent in the North Atlantic. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 11 months of 1966 totaled 539.1 million, an increase of 17 percent from the same months last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on December 1 was 32 percent above a year earlier.

Broiler and Egg-Type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During November			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Ohio	570	600	1,050	1,260
Indiana	2,221	1,973	1,299	2,502
Illinois	43	20	843	921
Michigan	410	450	660	630
Wisconsin	1,055	915	255	270
E. N. Central	4,299	3,958	4,107	5,583
Minnesota	578	729	528	675
Iowa	70	25	510	450
Missouri	1,981	1,843	273	458
North Dakota	1/	1/	20	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	95	160
Nebraska	2	3	177	218
Kansas	0	0	192	300
W. N. Central	1/ 2,631	1/ 2,600	1,795	2,261
UNITED STATES	196,814	212,061	26,508	35,302

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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Immediate Release

December 15, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 10, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched a total of 649,000 poults of all breeds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 459,000 poults hatched the same week a year earlier and 621,000 last week.

A total of 1,874,000 eggs were set for all breeds, up 42 percent from the same week a year ago and 28 percent above a week earlier.

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
December 3	215	365	168	256	383	621	162
December 10	275	388	184	261	459	649	141
Eggs Set							
December 3	938	1,181	301	285	1,239	1,466	118
December 10	975	1,568	347	306	1,322	1,874	142
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
December 3	#	37	#	184	206	221	107
December 10	#	114	#	174	193	288	149
Eggs Set							
December 3	246	95	150	170	396	265	67
December 10	207	224	163	177	370	401	108
California							
Poults Hatched							
December 3	54	203	0	0	54	203	376
December 10	95	175	7	9	102	184	180
Eggs Set							
December 3	452	662	9	8	461	670	145
December 10	363	687	18	11	381	698	183

Confidential
1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

- Over -

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: The total hatch of all breed turkey poults was 288,000 poults for the week ending December 10, 1966. This was 49 percent more than a year ago. The total heavy breed hatch was 114,000 poults while the light breed hatch was 174,000.

Total eggs set for all breeds was 401,000 which compares to the 370,000 eggs set last year. The set for all heavy breeds was 224,000 eggs, 8 percent above a year earlier. The light breed set was 177,000 eggs, up 9 percent from the same week a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 1 percent of the week's hatch compared with 6 percent the previous week and 22 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
April	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502		0		234		1,254		744	
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
April	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852		15		405		2,951		1,157	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

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State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 19, 1966

MINNESOTA SUNFLOWER SEED PRODUCTION - 1966

Minnesota farmers in the Red River Valley and the State's adjoining counties, produced an estimated 23 million pounds of sunflower seed in 1966 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with the production of 17 million pounds in 1965. The 37 percent increase in production was due to both increased yields and more acreage than a year ago.

The crop was harvested under better conditions than in either 1965 or 1964. At 920 pounds per acre, the yield was 120 pounds above the 800 pounds per acre for 1965.

Acreage planted at 27,000 was up 3,000 acres from the 24,000 acres planted for the 1965 crop. Most of the acreage was grown under contract. However, the proportion grown on an open basis is increasing. Some oil seed varieties have been grown in recent years and there is a possibility of considerable expansion in this area.

Acreage abandoned and not harvested in 1966 was less than in 1965. It was estimated at about 7 percent of the planted acres. The State's acreage harvested in 1966 at 25,000 is 4,000 acres above that for 1965.

Red River Valley farmers realized over $700,000 in cash income from the sale of the 1965 crop of 17 million pounds of sunflower seed at an average price of $4.70 per hundred pounds. This season growers who were delivering on contracts or selling outright received an average of $5.10 per hundredweight. Other growers were getting a minimum payment with final settlement to be made in 1967. Assuming the average price received for the 1966 crop to be at least $5.10 per hundredweight gives a total value of production in excess of $1.1 million [redacted].

Sunflower Seed - Acreage, Yield, Production and Value 1963-66

Year	Acreage Planted	Acreage Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production	Price Per cwt.	Value of Production
	Acres	Acres	Pounds	(000) Pounds	Dollars	(000) Dollars
1963	29,000	28,000	1,100	30,800	4.15	1,278
1964	23,000	22,000	680	14,960	4.10	613
1965	24,000	21,000	800	16,800	4.70	790
1966	27,000	25,000	920	23,000	1/ 5.10	1/ 1,173

1/ Preliminary.

"This report was made possible by funds provided by the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Consumer and Marketing Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, under provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946."

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Immediate Release

December 22, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 17, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched a total of 762,000 poults of all breeds during the week ending December 17, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 544,000 poults hatched the same week a year earlier and 649,000 last week.

A total of 2,047,000 eggs were set for all breeds, up 28 percent from the same week a year ago and 9 percent above a week earlier.

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
December 3	215	365	168	256	383	621	162
December 10	275	388	184	261	459	649	141
December 17	350	523	194	239	544	762	140
Eggs Set							
December 3	938	1,181	301	285	1,239	1,466	118
December 10	975	1,568	347	306	1,322	1,874	142
December 17	1,235	1,760	358	287	1,593	2,047	128
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
December 3	#	37	#	184	206	221	107
December 10	#	114	#	174	193	288	149
December 17	#	82	#	133	216	215	100
Eggs Set							
December 3	246	95	150	170	396	265	67
December 10	207	224	163	177	370	401	108
December 17	277	370	108	169	385	539	140
California							
Poults Hatched							
December 3	54	203	0	0	54	203	376
December 10	95	175	7	9	102	184	180
December 17	154	273	7	8	161	281	175
Eggs Set							
December 3	452	662	9	8	461	670	145
December 10	363	687	18	11	381	698	183
December 17	439	639	11	10	450	649	144

\# Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia Minnesota and Wisconsin.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: The total hatch of all breed turkey poults was 215,000 poults for the week ending December 17, 1966. This was at the same level as a year earlier and 25 percent below the previous week. The total heavy breed hatch was 82,000 poults while the light breed hatch was 133,000.

Total eggs set for all breeds was 539,000 compared with 385,000 eggs set last year. The set for all heavy breeds was 370,000 eggs, 34 percent above a year earlier. The light breed set was 169,000 eggs, 61,000 more eggs than the same week of 1965.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 11 percent of the week's hatch compared with 1 percent the previous week and 30 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
April	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502	174	0	0	234	657	1,254	1,461	744	1,166
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
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Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852	514	15	52	405	846	2,951	4,953	1,157	1,602

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested in the United States by Official State Agencies for Pullorum disease during November 1966 was 742,567, a decrease of 12 percent from November 1965. Testings of heavy white breeds were up 4 percent from a year earlier while testings of other heavy breeds were down 31 percent. Aggregate testings during July through November for all heavy breeds totaled 2,523,286, up 17 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during November totaled 31,406 compared with 27,600 during November last year. Testings of lights during July through November totaled 120,121, down 5 percent from the same period in 1965.

Turkeys tested in Minnesota during November 1966 included 46,825 heavy white, 21,610 other heavy, and no light breeds. The cumulative totals for July through November 1966 are 304,632 heavy white, 95,140 other heavy and 36,078 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months of 1965 were 317,301 heavy white, 145,092 other heavy and 10,863 light breed turkeys.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 22, 1966

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
Annual Summary 1966

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Processing - Minnesota's production of sweet corn for processing totaled 493,500 tons in 1966, up 40 percent from last year's crop of 353,200 tons, and 41 percent above the 1960-64 average of 349,720 tons, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Value of production of $10,857,000 compares with $7,664,000 in 1965, and the 5-year average of $6,153,000. Minnesota ranks first in the production of sweet corn for processing.

Green Peas for Processing - Minnesota's 1966 crop of green peas for processing totaled 65,310 tons (shelled), down 7 percent from the 1965 production of 70,270 tons, but 15 percent more than the 5-year average of 56,610 tons. Value of production at $8,033,000 in 1966 was 10 percent more than the 1965 figure of $7,308,000, and 63 percent above the 5 year average of $4,917,000.

UNITED STATES: For the United States, production of the 10 principal vegetable crops grown for commercial processing totaled 8,902,320 tons.

This production is 5 percent more than the quantity processed in 1965 and 9 percent more than the 1960-64 average. Tonnage this year is, however, 5 percent less than the record large 1962 production for processing. Production estimates include tonnage from mature acreage not harvested in a normal manner because of economic factors.

Tonnage for most processing vegetable crops produced in 1966 exceeded that of a year earlier. Increases for these crops are as follows: sweet corn, 21 percent; cucumbers for pickles and spinach, 19 percent each; beets, 9 percent; lima beans, 8 percent; asparagus, 8 percent; and tomatoes, 3 percent. Production for three crops in 1966 was lower than the previous year as follows: snap beans, down 3 percent; green peas, off 16 percent; and cabbage for sauerkraut, down 25 percent.

Yields per acre for asparagus and sweet corn were above 1965. Spinach yields were equal to the previous year, but for all other principal processed vegetable crops they were below a year earlier. The yield of sweet corn was a record high.

"Values per unit" from 1964 to 1966 for processing vegetable crops are not strictly comparable with prices reported for earlier years. Beginning in 1964, value of the crop is determined at the packinghouse door -- i.e., the "value per unit" used to multiply by production is "equivalent returns at phd." Prior to 1964, the price was based on the average price at first receiving point. The 1966 value of all vegetables processed totaled $431,524,000, up 6 percent from a year earlier.

Data on the 5 leading States in acreage harvested, production, and value of vegetables grown for freezing and canning in 1966 are as follows:

LEADING PROCESSING VEGETABLE STATES IN 1966

Rank	Acreage Harvested		Production		Value	
	State	Percent of U.S. total	State	Percent of U.S. total	State	Percent of U.S. total
1	Wisconsin	17.6	California	38.1	California	35.7
2	California	14.4	Wisconsin	9.3	Wisconsin	8.4
3	Minnesota	10.3	Minnesota	6.5	Washington	6.6
4	Washington	8.5	Washington	5.1	Oregon	6.1
5	Illinois	6.4	Oregon	5.1	New Jersey	5.4

This report is made possible through the cooperation of vegetable processors who provided basic statistics concerning their operations.

Vegetables for Processing: Acreage Harvested,
Yield per Acre and Production, 1960-64, 1965 and 1966

SWEET CORN 1/

STATE	HARVESTED ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION 1/		
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Average 1960-64	1965	1966
	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
Maine	2,380	1,300	800	5.52	5.15	6.25	13,020	6,700	5,000
New York	18,780	13,100	15,400	4.38	4.05	5.10	81,720	53,100	78,500
Pennsylvania	8,380	9,200	6,900	3.09	2.58	1.77	25,980	23,700	12,200
Delaware	4,520	3,200	3,500	3.16	3.38	2.18	14,420	10,800	7,600
Maryland	29,040	28,500	23,000	3.01	3.22	1.93	87,840	91,800	44,400
Illinois	57,000	48,500	53,300	4.12	4.23	3.85	233,040	205,200	205,200
Wisconsin	100,240	88,000	115,900	3.50	4.19	3.95	351,600	368,700	457,800
Minnesota	93,980	91,500	110,900	3.72	3.86	4.45	349,720	353,200	493,500
Iowa	5,820	5,200	5,700	4.19	4.13	4.61	24,460	21,500	26,300
Idaho	12,280	13,400	15,400	5.60	6.31	5.16	68,660	84,600	79,500
Washington	23,760	30,400	40,700	5.27	5.20	6.23	124,740	158,100	253,600
Oregon	24,560	28,800	33,400	5.23	5.82	6.74	128,440	167,600	225,100
Other States 2/	28,770	15,590	16,750	3.78	4.40	3.55	108,640	68,600	59,400
UNITED STATES	409,510	376,690	441,650	3.95	4.28	4.41	1,612,280	1,613,600	1,948,100

GREEN PEAS

	- Acres -			- Pounds (shelled) -			- Tons (shelled) -		
New York	10,140	7,600	7,100	2,820	2,990	2,670	14,240	11,360	9,480
Pennsylvania	4,860	5,600	5,700	2,920	2,750	2,210	7,080	7,700	6,300
Delaware	7,540	7,900	6,500	2,600	2,340	3,410	9,650	9,240	11,080
Maryland	7,540	8,500	8,400	2,750	3,140	3,280	10,250	13,340	13,780
Indiana	1,320	1,300	1,100	1,980	1,750	2,620	1,290	1,140	1,440
Michigan	5,940	5,300	5,700	2,380	2,380	1,630	7,010	6,310	4,650
Wisconsin	105,900	124,700	124,400	2,400	2,540	2,060	125,390	158,370	128,130
Minnesota	49,700	56,900	66,300	2,300	2,470	1,970	56,610	70,270	65,310
Idaho	13,820	14,000	14,200	2,150	2,310	1,800	14,490	16,170	12,780
Washington	75,860	88,300	86,800	2,840	3,170	2,930	107,750	139,960	127,160
Oregon	58,520	56,400	47,800	1,930	2,750	1,900	56,640	77,550	45,400
California	9,800	11,700	9,500	3,360	3,260	3,450	16,280	19,070	16,390
Other States 3/	47,890	53,430	49,580	2,934	2,674	2,625	70,170	71,430	65,080
UNITED STATES	398,830	441,630	433,080	2,495	2,726	2,341	496,870	601,910	506,980

PRINCIPLE VEGETABLES -- UNITED STATES

	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
Asparagus	109,240	97,890	101,660	1.19	1.22	1.26	130,230	119,150	128,300
Beans, lima (shelled)	86,310	83,970	97,000	1.14	1.15	1.08	98,190	96,450	104,530
Beans, snap	191,120	230,760	245,120	2.4	2.3	2.1	455,650	540,800	523,310
Beets, (for canning)	16,900	14,680	17,050	11.0	12.1	11.4	186,230	177,960	193,940
Cabbage (for sauerkraut)	12,260	12,800	11,080	16.4	18.7	16.1	201,510	238,910	178,260
Corn, sweet (in husk)	409,510	376,690	441,650	3.95	4.28	4.41	1,612,280	1,613,600	1,948,100
Cucumbers (for pickles)	105,290	109,410	130,970	3.95	4.08	4.06	416,290	445,870	531,830
Peas, green (shelled)	398,830	441,630	433,080	1.25	1.36	1.17	496,870	601,910	506,980
Spinach	28,030	21,400	25,090	5.1	5.9	5.9	142,630	125,200	149,200
Tomatoes	285,630	255,160	291,930	15.7	17.6	15.9	4,459,900	4,482,240	4,637,870
TOTAL 10 Crops	1,643,120	1,644,390	1,794,630	---	---	---	8,199,800	8,442,090	8,902,320

1/ Tonnage in husk.
2/ Arkansas, California, Colorado, Indiana, Michigan, Montana, New Hampshire, Ohio, New Jersey, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wyoming.
3/ Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Montana, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, and Wyoming.

Marvin Anderson
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F. J. Graham
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 22, 1966

MINNESOTA ANNUAL CROP SUMMARY--1966

Total crop production in Minnesota during 1966 was nearly 13 percent larger than 1965 and nearly equal to the record crop of 1963, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This increase was due mainly to increases in corn and soybeans. The spring season was cool and cloudy which delayed seeding of small grains for several days. Pastures and hay crops were also late in getting started. By about May 1, weather conditions improved and small grain and hay crops made good progress. The first cutting of alfalfa hay was a good crop but the hot weather in late June and all of July lowered yields on wheat, oats and barley. Planting of corn and soybeans was a few days ahead of normal this year and growth and development continued ahead of normal throughout the growing season. Minnesota farmers harvested one of the best corn crops of record and soybean production was also a record for the State.

The 1966 crop season began with sub-soil moisture accumulation above average. In early March a severe blizzard with heavy snow and strong winds hit the west central and northern districts causing come livestock and property damage. The heavy snow and spring rains caused flooding in parts of the Red River Valley, particularly the northern counties. Another blizzard hit the southern and eastern districts in late March but the storm was of short duration and damage was relatively light. Moisture accumulation during the growing season was below normal in all areas of the State but timely rains with moisture reserves were adequate to produce good crops.

The total crop production index for 1966 at 115 (1957-59=100) is 13 percent above the 1965 index. The index for major grains and oil crops at 113 is 15 percent above a year ago. Feed grain production totaled 12.3 million tons. It was about 16 percent above 1965 and 5 percent above the 5-year average. The food grain index was off 23 points from a year ago while the index for oil crops was up 32 points from the previous year. Corn and soybeans as well as other fall harvest crops were harvested under near ideal weather conditions with little or no frost damage.

The 1966 corn for grain production at 342 million bushels was 31 percent above the 1965 crop and 12 percent above the 1960-64 average. This year's crop was the second largest of record, just 3 percent less than the 354 million bushels produced in 1963. Acreage for grain at 4.5 million acres was 5 percent above a year ago, but 10 percent below average and 12 percent less than 1963. The average yield at 76 bushels per acre established an all time record for Minnesota. This compares with 1965 and the 5-year average of 61 bushels and the previous record of 69 bushels per acre in 1963.

Soybean production in Minnesota during 1966 set an all time record for the State. Production at 80.5 million bushels is about 38 percent above a year ago and 59 percent more than the 5-year average. This year's record crop was the result of a record of 3.4 million acres harvested for beans and an above average yield. The 1966 yield at 24.0 bushels per acre compares with 18.5 bushels in 1965 and the 5-year average of 21.3 bushels per acre. Harvest was virtually complete by the end of the third week of October and bean quality was good.

Potato production in Minnesota this year totaled 11.4 million hundredweight (field run) which was 15 percent less than a year ago. The decline this year was the result of lower yields on the fall crop. The fall crop totaled 10,120,000 hundredweight produced in 1966. The late summer crop at 1,248,000 was 5 percent greater than the 1,188,000 hundredweight produced in 1965. Cold, wet spring weather delayed planting and retarded growth in the Red River Valley.

Minnesota's oats crop in 1966 totaled 138 million bushels, about 16 percent less than a year ago and 13 percent below the 5-year average. Damp, cloudy weather delayed seeding a few days but oats grew well. Hot, humid weather in late June and July limited yields in all parts of the State. The 1966 yield at 46.5 bushels per acre compares with 54.5 bushels in 1965 and the 5-year average of 47.3 bushels per acre.

Barley production this year totaled 21.0 million bushels, 19 percent below a year ago and 13 percent below the 5-year average. The hot weather in June and July hit when barley was heading and lowered yields. The 1966 yield averaged 32.0 bushels per acre. This compares with 44.0 bushels in 1965 and the 5-year average of 32.4 bushels per acre.

The total wheat crop in 1966 was 18.3 million bushels, 21 percent less than the 23.1 million bushel crop of 1965 and 19 percent below the 5-year average. The smaller crop resulted mainly from lower yields on the spring wheat varieties. Of the total 1966 wheat crop, 1,512,000 bushels consisted of durum, 16,358,000 bushels was other spring and 448,000 bushels was winter wheat. The yield on durum wheat averaged 27.0 bushels compared with 31.0 bushels a year ago and the average of 28.1 bushels per acre. The winter wheat yield averaged 28.0 bushels this year compared with 24.0 in 1965 and the 5-year average of 24.6 bushels per acre.

Rye production in 1966 totaled 1,340,000 bushels, down 36 percent from a year ago and 8 percent less than average. The yield this year was 20.0 bushels per acre, the same as in 1965. The 1966 flaxseed crop totaled 3,838,000 bushels. This was 38 percent less than both the 1965 crop and the 5-year average. Cold, wet weather during the spring and early summer hurt the flax. The yield this year was just 9.5 bushels per acre compared with 14.0 bushels a year ago and the 5-year average of 11.4 bushels per acre.

All hay production in 1966 totaled 8,094,000 tons, up slightly from the 8,051,000 ton crop of 1965. The 1966 yield average 2.35 tons per acre compared with 2.26 tons in 1965 and the 5-year average of 2.12 tons per acre. Alfalfa hay production totaled 6.5 million tons compared with 6.4 million tons a year ago. Clover-timothy hay totaled 947,000 tons compared with 957,000 tons a year ago. A wild hay crop of 481,000 tons was harvested in 1966 compared with 488,000 tons harvested in 1965 and the 5-year average of 508,000 tons.

Dry field pea production at 63,000 hundredweight compares with the 1965 crop of 108,000 hundredweight. The average yield was 900 pounds per acre compared with 1,350 pounds in 1965. Production of edible beans estimated at 59,000 hundredweight compares with a 28,000 hundredweight crop in 1965. Dry bean yields averaged 840 pounds per acre compared with 700 pounds a year ago.

A record commercial apple crop of 600,000 bushels was produced in 1966 compared with 290,000 bushels in 1965.

CROP SUMMARY FOR 1966, MINNESOTA WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Crops	Acreage Harvested			Yield Per Acre				Production			
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Unit	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Unit	Average 1960-64	1965	1966
	Thousand Acres								Thousands		
Corn for grain	5,006	4,280	4,494	Bu.	61.0	61.0	76.0	Bu.	304,841	261,080	341,544
Soybeans	2,372	3,166	3,356	Bu.	21.3	18.5	24.0	Bu.	50,559	58,571	80,544
Oats	3,365	3,004	2,974	Bu.	47.3	54.5	46.5	Bu.	159,508	163,718	138,291
Wheat, All	915	830	799	Bu.	24.9	27.8	22.9	Bu.	22,751	23,091	18,318
Winter	24	17	16	Bu.	24.6	24.0	28.0	Bu.	595	408	448
Durum	62	93	56	Bu.	28.1	31.0	27.0	Bu.	1,797	2,883	1,512
Other Spring	829	720	727	Bu.	24.5	27.5	22.5	Bu.	20,359	19,800	16,358
Barley	745	590	655	Bu.	32.4	44.0	32.0	Bu.	24,074	25,960	20,960
Rye	78	105	67	Bu.	18.9	20.0	20.0	Bu.	1,464	2,100	1,340
Flax	537	444	404	Bu.	11.4	14.0	9.5	Bu.	6,172	6,216	3,838
Peas, Dry Field	8	8	7	Lbs.	890	1,350	900	Cwt.	73	108	63
Hay, All	3,636	3,569	3,443	Ton	2.12	2.26	2.35	Ton	7,705	8,051	8,094
Alfalfa & Mix.	2,385	2,454	2,356	Ton	2.52	2.60	2.75	Ton	6,014	6,380	6,479
Clo.-Tim. Mix.	603	580	592	Ton	1.54	1.65	1.60	Ton	929	957	947
Grain Hay	38	56	39	Ton	1.34	1.50	1.50	Ton	49	84	58
Other Tame Hay	184	89	86	Ton	1.23	1.60	1.50	Ton	205	142	129
Wild Hay	427	390	370	Ton	1.19	1.25	1.30	Ton	508	488	481
Potatoes, All	107.2	94.2	95.8	Cwt.	119	142	119	Cwt.	12,793	13,368	11,368
Late Summer	6.6	7.2	7.8	Cwt.	153	165	160	Cwt.	1,014	1,188	1,248
Fall	100.6	87.0	88.0	Cwt.	117	140	115	Cwt.	11,779	12,180	10,120
Sugar Beets	104.5	121.0	121.5	Ton	11.9	10.9	12.4	Ton	1,240	1,318	1,507
Apples, Com'l crop	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	Bu.	351	290	600
Red Clover Seed	38.6	32.0	54.0	Lbs.	104	85	100	Lbs.	4,004	2,720	5,400
Sweet Clover Seed	19.6	8.0	14.5	Lbs.	212	215	215	Lbs.	3,963	1,720	3,118
Alfalfa Seed	9.9	3.0	4.5	Lbs.	70	70	70	Lbs.	749	210	315
Timothy Seed	32.6	63.0	82.0	Lbs.	153	210	200	Lbs.	4,893	13,230	16,400
Kentucky Bluegrass	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	Lbs.	---	2,182	1,610
Dry Beans	---	4	7	Lbs.	---	700	840	Cwt.	---	28	59
Maple Sirup	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	Gal.	6	5	12
Sunflower Seed	---	21	25	Lbs.	---	800	920	Lbs.	---	16,800	23,000

1/ Vegetable summaries in separate release.

UNITED STATES: Crop production in 1966 tied 1963 as the second highest of record, despite some damage from sub-freezing temperatures, lact of moisture at time, and unusually high early summer temperatures. Several major fall maturing crops registered record or near record yields per acre as shower activity picked up early in August and temperatures turned cooler. Most northern States enjoyed long growing seasons as freezing temperatures held off until late crops matured. West of the Mississippi, harvesting conditions were generally favorable except parts of Kansas and Nebraska, but in portions of the Eastern Corn Belt, the South Atlantic and eastern South Central States conditions were less favorable. The "all crop" production index of 112 for 1966 (1957-59=100) is 4 points (3 percent) below last year but equals the second highest of record reached in 1963.

Crop yields per acre in 1966 were generally good but fell short of last year's record high levels. Among the major crops setting new record yields were soybeans, rice, sorghum, and peanuts. The all hay yield equaled the 1965 record. Crops with lower yields per acre than in 1965 include corn, all wheat, oats, barley, cotton, tobacco, and potatoes. The composite index of "yield per acre" covering 28 major crops declined to 121 for 1966. This is 2 points (2 percent) below the record high in 1965 but exceeds all earlier years.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

DEC 29 1966

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 23, 1966

FRESH VEGETABLE RELEASE
Annual Summary for 1966

MINNESOTA: Cabbage - Minnesota growers harvested 400 acres of summer cabbage in 1966, with an average yield of 180 hundredweight per acre, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production of 72,000 hundredweight is 9 percent below last year's crop of 79,000 hundredweight and 27 percent below the 1960-64 average of 98,000 hundredweight. Value of the 1966 crop is estimated at $353,000, compared to $217,000 estimated for 1965, and the 1960-64 average of $264,000.

An estimated 850 acres of fall cabbage was harvested in 1966 with a yield of 180 hundredweight per acre. Production of 153,000 hundredweight is the same as 1965, and 17 percent below the 1960-64 average of 184,000 hundredweight. Value of the 1966 crop is estimated at $612,000 compared to $321,000 in 1965, and the 5-year average of $407,000.

Higher prices for cabbage in 1966 is the reason for the greater value.

CARROTS - Production of carrots for fresh market and processing totaled 296,000 hundredweight, compared to the 1965 crop of 276,000 hundredweight, and the 1960-64 average of 275,000 hundredweight. Value of the 1966 crop is estimated at $613,000, up 6 percent from the $576,000 for 1965, but 11 percent below the 1960-64 average of $691,000.

ONIONS - Minnesota growers harvested 1,300 acres of onions in 1966 with an average yield of 190 hundredweight. Production of 247,000 hundredweight is 18 percent less than last year's production of 300,000 hundredweight, and 28 percent less than the 5-year average of 343,000 hundredweight. Value of the 1966 production at $1,112,000 compares with the 1965 value of $570,000 and the 5-year average of $1,014,000.

UNITED STATES: Production of the 27 principal fresh market vegetables and melons in 1966 was 2 percent less than in 1965 but was 1 percent more than average. The 1966 production of 218 million hundredweight compares with 223 million hundredweight in 1965 and the average annual production of 217 million. Major contributors to the decline from a year earlier were onions, sweet corn, cantaloups, watermelons, honeydews, and snap beans. However, production was at record high levels in 1966 for artichokes, broccoli, carrots, escarole, and lettuce. The value of principal vegetable and melon crops totaled 1,160 million dollars, 11 percent more than a year earlier. The two leading crops in value were lettuce and tomatoes, with a combined total accounting for 35 percent of the U. S. total.

For 1966, the five leading States in the production of fresh vegetables and melons were: California, Florida, Texas, Arizona, and New York. These States accounted for 62 percent of the acreage, 70 percent of the production, and 72 percent of the value of the vegetables and melons produced in the Nation.

LEADING FRESH MARKET VEGETABLE STATES IN 1966

Rank	Harvested Acreage		Production		Value	
	State	Percent of total	State	Percent of total	State	Percent of total
1	California	23.3	California	34.0	California	36.8
2	Florida	16.8	Florida	17.1	Florida	17.6
3	Texas	13.2	Texas	8.1	Texas	7.3
4	Arizona	4.9	Arizona	6.2	Arizona	5.9
5	New York	4.2	New York	4.7	New York	4.7

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

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Vegetables for fresh market and processing: Acreage and yield per acre, average 1960-64, annual 1965 and 1966

CABBAGE

Seasonal Group and State	Harvested Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Average 1960-64	1965	1966
	Acres			Hundredweight			1,000 hundredweight		
Winter	44,190	39,300	38,300	155	162	174	6,817	6,358	6,748
Early Spring	12,280	12,050	11,750	137	141	143	1,685	1,698	1,682
Late Spring	7,260	7,400	7,250	135	128	136	983	947	984
Early Summer	7,570	7,930	8,080	197	186	183	1,486	1,478	1,479
Mass.	600	550	500	188	200	205	113	110	102
R. I.	80	80	80	183	190	190	15	15	15
Conn.	380	400	400	186	165	180	71	66	72
N.Y. L.I.	670	650	550	201	190	180	135	124	99
New Jersey	2,780	3,300	3,700	216	200	180	595	660	666
Ohio	1,680	1,700	1,700	183	160	180	307	272	306
Minn.	580	450	400	169	175	180	98	79	72
Va.	800	800	750	191	190	196	153	152	147
Late Spring	7,260	7,400	7,250	135	128	136	983	947	984
Late Summer	17,670	16,800	17,050	202	207	195	3,563	3,483	3,326
Early Fall	31,750	32,390	28,920	259	281	259	8,290	9,114	7,500
N.Y. L.I.	1,160	1,100	1,000	220	215	215	* 256	236	215
Upstate	10,440	10,800	9,200	324	365	325	3,382	* 3,942	2,990
Mich.	4,520	4,800	4,300	166	175	175	749	* 840	752
Wis.	6,100	6,400	5,600	295	300	260	1,796	1,920	1,456
Minn.	960	850	850	192	180	180	184	153	153
Late Fall	3,260	2,700	2,400	130	129	132	419	349	316
UNITED STATES	124,480	119,080	114,730	187	198	193	23,337	23,525	22,137

CARROTS

Winter	41,120	38,000	34,700	145	159	153	5,947	6,040	5,294
Texas	33,780	30,000	27,000	125	140	115	4,228	* 4,200	3,100
Calif	7,340	8,000	7,700	239	230	285	1,719	* 1,840	2,194
Spring	2,400	2,300	3,000	171	185	200	* 402	426	600
Arizona	2,400	2,300	3,000	171	185	200	402	426	600
Early Summer	7,460	7,300	7,900	271	295	305	2,011	2,154	2,410
Calif.	7,460	7,300	7,900	271	295	305	2,011	2,154	2,410
Late Summer	3,410	3,240	3,150	231	231	257	789	750	810
Colo.	1,500	1,500	1,400	187	190	190	280	285	266
Early Fall	20,040	21,370	24,070	275	299	285	5,514	6,394	6,862
Mich.	4,100	4,600	5,000	234	245	215	959	1,127	1,075
Wis.	2,140	3,200	3,300	365	395	400	783	1,264	1,320
Minn.	730	650	650	379	425	455	275	276	296
Texas	4,900	5,400	6,600	185	200	210	896	1,080	1,386
UNITED STATES	82,330	79,535	81,650	207	228	227	17,035	18,102	18,532

ONIONS

Early Spring	22,800	23,100	16,300	129	130	95	*2,942	3,003	1,548
Texas	22,800	23,100	23,100	129	130	95	2,942	3,003	1,548
Late Spring	7,870	6,250	6,980	246	324	299	1,906	2,026	2,087
Early Summer	9,440	9,750	12,700	234	233	231	2,209	2,268	2,935
Late Summer	56,280	58,650	57,930	328	356	317	18,435	20,900	18,360
N. Y.	15,100	16,400	14,700	316	330	240	4,762	5,412	3,528
Mich.	7,440	7,500	7,200	346	360	320	2,567	2,700	2,304
Wis.	2,260	1,900	1,900	235	295	230	532	560	437
Minn.	1,620	1,200	1,300	213	250	190	343	300	247
Colo.	7,800	6,500	6,200	283	275	270	2,211	1,788	1,674
Western Ore.	2,100	2,200	2,100	350	385	420	737	847	882
Eastern Ore.	3,120	3,300	3,600	467	525	500	1,458	1,732	1,800
Idaho	2,100	3,300	3,400	434	535	480	913	1,766	1,632
Calif.	9,740	11,400	13,100	350	360	350	3,420	4,104	4,585
UNITED STATES	96,480	97,840	93,980	264	288	265	25,506	28,207	24,942

* Includes some quantities not marketed and excluded in computing value: (Early Fall, Cabbage New York, Upstate, 158,000 hundredweight in 1965; Michigan, 34,000 hundredweight in 1965).

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

DEC 29 1966

Immediate Release

December 23, 1966

POTATO STOCKS REPORT
December 23, 1966

Estimates of total stocks in this report represent all potatoes held by growers and local dealers in or near producing areas. They include quantities available for sale for table use, seed and processing after December 1. They also include quantities to be used on farms where grown for livestock feed, seed and household consumption and include potatoes that will be lost through shrinkage, decay and dumping after December 1.

MINNESOTA: Total potato stocks of 8,000,000 hundredweight were held by growers and dealers in Minnesota storage on Decemberl, 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. These stocks were 11 percent less than the 9,000,000 hundredweight on hand December 1, 1965. Indicated disappearance through November, 1966, totaled 2,120,000 hundredweight down 33 percent from the disappearance of 3,180,000 hundredweight through November last year. Disappearance includes sales for fresh use, for processing and for seed, in addition to the farm uses plus any shrink or storage losses estimated to have occurred before December 1. Disappearance to December 1, this year, represented 21 percent of the fall crop compared to disappearance of 26 percent of the fall crop last year. Minnesota, however in 1965, experienced heavy breakdown in storage, after harvest, from frost damage which did not reduce total potato production, but did increase the disappearance on the first stocks report. The state experienced acreage losses during the summer of 1966 which reduced total potato production this fall. Recorded shipments of fresh potatoes from Minnesota to 41 cities are 7% higher from September through November this year compared to the same period last year but losses during storage were not as great.

UNITED STATES: Storage stocks of potatoes held by growers and local dealers in the fall producing areas of the country totaled a record high 149.9 million hundredweight on December 1, 1966.

These holdings were 1 percent more than the 149.0 million hundredweight on hand December 1, 1965. These stocks consist of fall potatoes held for all uses on December 1.

Stocks in the eight eastern fall States were 50.0 million hundredweight on December 1 compared with 45.3 million in 1965. Maine stocks, at 33.7 million, were 16 percent above 1965. Upstate New York and Pennsylvania holdings were below a year ago while Long Island was up. The nine central fall States had 31.8 million in storage this year compared with 34.3 million last year. Wisconsin had larger stocks while all of the other major States in this area were substantially below a year ago. Stocks in the nine western fall States were 68.1 million this year compared with 69.4 million last year. Idaho and Colorado had smaller holdings than on December 1, 1965 while Washington, Oregon and California had larger stocks.

Disappearance of 1966 fall potatoes to December 1 was at a new record high of 71.1 million hundredweight compared with 64.9 million in 1965 and 56.6 millionin 1964. Loss of 1966 production through shrinkage and decay to December 1, mainly because of the losses in Idaho to that date, has been heavy. Further heavy breakdown of potatoes in storage has been indicated since December 1. Production of fall potatoes in 1966 was a record high 221.0 million hundredweight compared with 213.8 million in 1965 and 172.2 million in 1964.

Movement of the current fall potato crop to fresh market and chippers through November 30, as indicated by rail and truck unloads in 41 cities, was slightly less in 1966 than in the same period of 1965. Processing of potatoes for other food uses (excluding starch and flour) was also slightly below a year earlier. Movement of 1966 fall potatoes to

starch factories has been above the 1965 level.

Sales of fall potatoes for all purposes, including fresh market, processing, seed and livestock feed, accounted for 88.9 percent of the 1965 fall production and 89.3 percent of the 1964 crop. The balance of the crop disappearance occurred on farms where grown and included losses through shrinkage and waste and use as seed, food in farm households, and livestock feed.

Potatoes: Production and total stocks of fall potatoes held by growers and local dealers on December 1, 1965 and December 1, 1966 1/

State	Crop of 1965		Crop of 1966	
	Production	Total Stocks Dec. 1, 1965	Production	Total Stocks Dec. 1, 1966
	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.
Maine	35,224	29,000	38,710	33,700
New Hampshire	278	180	266	180
Vermont	350	250	332	260
Massachusetts	1,035	760	960	720
Rhode Island	1,029	290	1,010	250
Connecticut	1,407	1,060	1,408	1,100
New York:				
Long Island	7,540	3,850	7,574	4,500
Upstate	8,600	5,400	9,020	5,300
Pennsylvania	6,940	4,500	5,874	4,000
8 Eastern	62,403	45,290	65,154	50,010
Ohio	1,906	875	1,638	700
Indiana	1,166	480	1,363	650
Michigan	8,700	5,800	7,955	5,150
Wisconsin	8,200	5,600	8,200	5,800
Minnesota	12,180	9,000	10,120	8,000
Iowa	435	75	450	70
North Dakota	15,225	11,000	13,375	9,750
South Dakota	600	340	783	480
Nebraska	1,660	1,100	1,700	1,200
9 Central	50,072	34,270	45,584	31,800
Montana	1,326	1,200	1,360	1,200
Idaho	61,365	43,300	66,050	40,000
Wyoming	630	390	540	360
Colorado	8,575	6,250	8,680	6,100
Utah	1,530	1,100	1,488	1,050
Nevada	180	125	176	114
Washington	11,160	7,000	13,690	8,500
Oregon	9,292	5,400	10,385	5,600
California	7,290	4,650	7,952	5,200
9 Western	101,348	69,415	110,321	68,124
Total 26 Fall States	213,823	148,975	221,059	149,934

1/ Total stocks consist of "production less total disappearance to date."

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

December 23, 1966

DECEMBER 1, 1966 PIG REPORT

MINNESOTA: The inventory of all hogs and pigs on Minnesota farms on December 1, 1966 was 3 percent more than a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The September-November pig crop is estimated at 1,009,000 pigs, up 3 percent from the same quarter in 1965. Intended farrowings for the next six months--December through May-- are expected to be 3 percent larger than for the 1966 spring crop.

All hogs and pigs on December 1 totaled 2,942,000 head, 3 percent above last year but 25 percent below the 1960-64 average. Of the 2,942,000 head, 533,000 head were breeding hogs and the remainder or 2,409,000 head were other hogs and pigs primarily intended for slaughter. Of the other hogs and pigs, those weighing less than 120 pounds were 1 percent more than a year earlier, those weighing from 120 to 179 pounds were 4 percent above a year ago and those weighing 180 pounds and over were 19 percent more than on December 1, 1965.

Sows farrowing for the September-November pig crop totaled 138,000 head, 2 percent more than during the same months of 1965. The average number of pigs saved per litter was 7.31 pigs, up slightly from the 7.28 pigs per litter last year. The total 1966 fall pig crop--June through November--totaled 2,296,000 pigs, 7 percent more than the 1965 fall crop.

Farrowing intentions for the 1967 spring crop at 402,000 sows are 3 percent above the 1966 crop but 18 percent below the 1960-64 average. Of the 402,000 head of sows, 137,000 head are expected to farrow in December, January and February and 265,000 are to farrow in March, April and May. Farrowings for the December-February quarter, if realized, will be 5 percent above a year earlier. If producers carry out their breeding intentions for the March-May quarter, farrowings will be 2 percent above the 1966 total for these same months.

UNITED STATES: There were 55.1 million hogs and pigs on farms in the United States on December 1, 1966. This was 9 percent above the 50.5 million head a year earlier. Hogs kept for breeding purposes totaled 8.6 million, up 4 percent. The remainder, kept for other purposes, totaled 46.5 million, an increase of 10 percent.

The 55,114,000 hogs and pigs on U. S. farms on December 1, 1966, compare with 50,519,000 on December 1, 1965, an increase of 9 percent. Hogs and pigs being kept for breeding totaled 8,577,000 head, 4 percent more than the number on hand a year earlier. Hogs and pigs other than those kept for breeding totaled 46,537,000 head, up 10 percent. By weight groups, the number of other hogs and pigs on farms December 1, 1966 and the percentage change from the previous year are: less than 60 pounds, 16,763,000 head, up 9 percent; 60-119 pounds, 112,494,000 head, up 9 percent; 120-179 pounds, 9,567,000 head, up 10 percent; 180-219 pounds, 5,756,000 head, up 12 percent; and 220 pounds and heavier, 1,957,000 head, up 20 percent.

The Nation's pig crop during June-November 1966 is estimated at 39,755,000 head, up 9 percent from a year earlier. Sows farrowing during June-November 1966 totaled 1,487,000 head, 10 percent more than a year earlier. This increase was the same as indicated by farmers' intentions reported last June. Average litter size for farrowings during June-November 1966 was 7.25, slightly less than the record of 7.27 pigs per litter a year earlier.

U. S. hog farmers reported intentions to farrow 6,420,000 sows during the December 1966-May 1967 period, 3 percent more than a year earlier but 7 percent less than average. If these intentions are realized, the December-May 1967 pig crop would approximate 47.2 million head, or 3 percent above a year earlier. Sows bred and intended for farrowing in the 10 Corn Belt States during December 1966-February 1967 total 1,699,000 head, 6 percent more than a year earlier.

All hogs and pigs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and United States

Item	Minnesota						United States					
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	1967	1966 % of 1965	1967 % of 1966	Average 1960-64 1/	1965	1966	1967	1966 % of 1965	1967 % of 1966
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Pct.
All Hogs on Farms:												
September 1	4,325	3,173	3,395	---	107	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
December 1	3,898	2,856	2,942	---	103	---	2/	50,519	55,114	---	109	---
December-May Pig Crop:												
Sows Farrowing	489	375	390	3/ 402	104	103	6,898	5,890	6,249	3/6,420	106	103
Pigs per Litter 4/	7.31	7.34	7.41	---	---	---	7.12	7.22	7.32	5/7.35	---	---
Pig Crop	3,577	2,752	2,888	---	105	---	49,112	42,525	45,771	5/47,200	108	103
June-November Pig Crop:												
Sows Farrowing	377	294	311	---	106	---	5,873	5,006	5,487	---	110	---
Pigs per Litter 4/	7.21	7.31	7.38	---	---	---	7.17	7.27	7.25	---	---	---
Pig Crop	2,720	2,150	2,296	---	107	---	42,117	36,415	39,755	---	109	---
Total Pig Crop	6,297	4,902	5,184	---	106	---	91,227	78,940	85,526	---	108	---

1/ Does not include Alaska.
2/ Not available.
3/ As indicated by breeding intentions.
4/ Actual number.
5/ Average number of pigs per litter with allowance for trend used to compute indicated number of December-May pigs. Number rounded to nearest 500,000 head.

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, pig crop,
September-May, 10 States, 1965-1967

State	September-November						December-February 1/			March-May		
	Sows farrowing			Pig crop 2/			Sows to farrow			Sows to farrow		
	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1966	1967 3/	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967 3/	Pct. of 1966
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	122	123	101	915	902	99	99	103	104	157	146	93
Indiana	170	187	110	1,268	1,359	107	219	226	103	244	237	97
Illinois	354	361	102	2,542	2,639	104	283	306	108	535	530	99
Wisconsin	95	106	112	706	791	112	82	92	112	149	162	109
Minnesota	135	138	102	983	1,009	103	130	137	105	260	265	102
Iowa	545	616	113	3,935	4,466	113	428	449	105	1,123	1,145	102
Missouri	210	239	114	1,533	1,749	114	165	175	106	295	286	97
So. Dak.	67	69	103	486	498	102	47	47	100	206	208	101
Nebraska	148	145	98	1,103	1,066	97	98	102	104	240	216	90
Kansas	67	77	115	506	547	108	58	62	107	94	98	104
Total 10 States	1,913	2,061	108	13,977	15,026	108	1,609	1,699	106	3,303	3,293	100

1/ December preceding year.
2/ Number of pigs farrowed September through November which are still on hand December 1 or have been sold.
3/ Number indicated by breeding intentions report.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs, and other hogs by weight groups,
10 States, December 1, 1965-1966

State	All hogs and Pigs			Breeding hogs			Other hogs and pigs					
							Under 120 pounds			120 pounds and over		
	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	Pct. of 1965
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	2,344	2,438	104	340	329	97	1,407	1,421	101	597	688	115
Indiana	3,944	4,299	109	631	623	99	2,104	2,235	106	1,209	1,441	119
Illinois	6,618	7,081	107	1,092	1,133	104	3,459	3,646	105	2,067	2,302	111
Wisconsin	1,476	1,712	116	292	334	114	790	923	117	394	455	115
Minnesota	2,856	2,942	103	543	533	98	1,515	1,530	101	798	879	110
Iowa	12,857	14,143	110	2,057	2,051	100	6,415	7,219	113	4,385	4,873	111
Missouri	3,629	3,992	110	544	599	110	1,928	2,205	114	1,157	1,188	103
So. Dak.	1,493	1,643	110	291	304	104	685	776	113	517	562	109
Nebraska	2,761	2,871	104	456	445	98	1,521	1,529	101	784	897	114
Kansas	1,242	1,391	112	186	209	112	697	757	109	359	425	118
Total 10 States	39,220	42,511	108	6,432	6,560	102	20,521	22,241	108	12,267	13,710	112

MINNESOTA ANNUAL CROP SUMMARY - 1966

Total crop production in Minnesota was 13 percent above 1965 and nearly equalled the record production of 163. The 1966 corn crop totaled 342 million bushels from 4.5 million acres with a record high yield of 76 bushels per acre. Corn production was 31 percent above the 1965 estimate and 12 percent above the 1960-64 average. Soybean production of 80.5 million bushels was a record high. Acreage harvested was also a record high at 3.4 million acres with a yield of 24.0 bushels per acre. The 1966 oats and barley crop were below the 1965 production levels by 16 and 19 percent, respectively. The total wheat crop was also 21 percent less than in 1965. All hay production totaled 8.1 million tons, one percent larger than the 1965 crop.

If you desire a more complete report of the 1966 crop production, please write this office.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 27, 1966

MINNESOTA POTATO PRODUCTION SUMMARY - 1966

MINNESOTA: All Potatoes - Total production in 1966 is estimated at 11,368,000 hundredweight, 15 percent less than the 13,368,000 harvested in 1965 and 11 percent less than the 1960-64 average of 12,793,000 hundredweight.

Late Summer Potatoes: Production is estimated at 1,248,000 hundredweight, 5 percent above last year's production of 1,188,000 hundredweight, and 23 percent above the 5-year average of 1,014,000 hundredweight. Harvested acreage was 7,800 acres, compared to 7,200 acres the previous year and the 5-year average of 6,600 harvested acres.

Fall Potatoes: Field run production of the 1966 fall crop is estimated at 10,120,000 hundredweight, 17 percent less than last year's crop of 12,180,000 hundredweight, and 14 percent less than the 5-year average of 11,779,000 hundredweight. Yield per harvested acre is estimated at 115 hundredweight compared to 140 hundredweight last year and the 5-year average of 117 hundredweight. Harvested acreage totaled 88,000 acres, compared to 87,000 acres harvested last year and the 5-year average of 100,600 acres harvested. Snow and frequent rains during the early spring months caused flooding in the Red River Valley which delayed planting. Heavy rains and standing water in July reduced yields of potatoes, drowning out some acreage near East Grand Forks. The same area suffered some late blight damage before harvest. Harvest progressed rapidly during mild autumn weather.

UNITED STATES: Late summer production is estimated at 29,157,000, 4 percent under last year and 2 percent under average. The harvested acreage of late summer potatoes was 3 percent over last year. However drought conditions and high temperatures reduced yields in many central and eastern States and more than offset the production from the increased acreage for the group and the excellent yields in the western late summer States. Production in New Jersey was down 20 percent from last year on a larger acreage. Production in Pennsylvania was down 26 percent--also from a slightly larger acreage. Long Island production was down 22 percent with both yield and acreage below last year. Central areas were also hurt by adverse summer weather. The Indiana crop was less than half the 1965 crop as both yield and acreage were well below last year. The Bay County, Michigan crop responded to late season rain and turned out a little better than a year earlier but the yield was still below average. The Wisconsin crop was 8 percent under both 1965 and average, partly as a result of the delay in maturity caused by the late season crop. The Minnesota crop came through better than expected early in the season and was 5 percent larger than 1965 and 23 percent above average. All western areas had crops equal to or better than last year, due largely to excellent growing conditions that produced a near record yield in Colorado, a record equalling yield in New Mexico, and new record high yields in Washington and California. Production in Washington was 11 percent over last year while California production was up 9 percent and a smaller increase occurred in Colorado.

Production of fall potatoes totaled 221,059,000 hundredweight, 3 percent more than last year, 16 percent more than average and a new high for the fall group of States. This record crop was harvested from nearly 56,000 more acres than last year but the yield, at 208 hundredweight per acre for the group of States as a whole, did not come up to last year's record of 212 hundredweight. On the average, the fall States account for over 70 percent of U. S. production--this year it was 73 percent.

In the eastern States, the fall crop was 4 percent larger than last year with the important Maine crop being up 10 percent from 1965 on increased acreage and a higher yield. The Long Island crop was about the same as last year but below average as hot, dry summer weather adversely affected yields. Upstate New York had a good crop--5 percent above 1965--from a slightly larger acreage. Pennsylvania production was cut sharply by summer drought and high temperatures and output was down about 15 percent from both last year and average with the lowest yield in nine years. Harvesting conditions in most of the eastern areas were generally good, and the crop was put into storage in good condition.

The central fall States output totaled 45,584,000 hundredweight, 9 percent less than last year but 3 percent above average. The crop in some central States was also adversely affected by extremely high temperatures and drought conditions during the growing season. But late season rains aided the crop and in most States yields turned out better than had been expected earlier. Yields in all important States were below last year, however. Michigan production was 9 percent below 1965 but 12 per-

cent above average with most of the increase over average being due to an increase in acreage. Wisconsin output was the same as last year but also above average due to increased acreage. The Minnesota crop was off 17 percent from last year and 14 percent below average. In this State a late spring and unusually heavy summer rains that caused some flooding in the Red River Valley were factors that held down yields and caused considerable loss of acreage. North Dakota production was slightly above average but 12 percent below last year's high yielding crop.

Production in the western fall States was 110,321,000 cwt., 9 percent above last year and 38 percent above average. All major western States harvested more potatoes in 1966 than in 1965, with Idaho and Washington registering the largest gains, much of it from increased acreages. Except for central and eastern Idaho, growing conditions during the season ranged from usual to better than usual and new record high yields were set in the 10 Southwest Counties of Idaho, Colorado, and Washington. Idaho accounted for 22 percent of the total 1965 United States production. The crop in this State got off to a slow start mostly due to below normal temperatures around planting time. Light frosts in early June set back much of the acreage in the Upper Snake River Valley. And then on June 25 a hard frost hurt much of the acreage in central and eastern areas. By late August, crop prospects were still poor but growing conditions in September and early October were nearly ideal and the crop improved daily. In mid-October, well-below freezing temperatures occurred in central and eastern areas causing extensive damage to potatoes still in the ground. Virtually all of the damaged acreage was harvested. Losses of the crop put into storage are expected to be unusually heavy.

Potatoes, Seasonal Group Totals and Selected States

Seasonal Group and Selected States	Harvested Acreage			Yield Per Harv. Acre			Production		
	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Average 1960-64	1965	1966	Average 1960-64	1965	1966
	1,000 Acres			Hundredweight			1,000 cwt		
Winter 1966 Crop	21.0	19.4	25.5	190	189	199	3,990	3,659	5,084
Early Spring....	26.7	35.3	35.6	156	139	138	4,172	4,898	4,924
Late Spring.....	117.1	121.7	124.2	205	207	217	23,998	25,137	26,956
Early Summer....	90.5	81.6	88.6	148	146	155	13,386	11,926	13,760
Late Summer 1/	145.8	137.0	141.1	203	221	207	29,636	30,340	29,157
N. Y. - L. I.	10.3	11.0	9.8	256	275	240	2,634	3,025	2,352
N. J.	17.8	16.6	17.9	240	250	185	4,266	4,150	3,312
Mich.	7.3	6.9	7.6	149	120	125	1,087	828	950
Wis.	21.0	18.5	19.0	178	200	180	3,731	3,700	3,420
Minn.	6.6	7.2	7.8	153	165	160	1,014	1,188	1,248
Colo.	15.4	13.0	12.7	200	200	220	3,072	2,600	2,794
Oth. L. Sum.	67.4	63.8	66.3	205	233	227	13,832	14,849	15,081
8 Eastern Fall	275.0	267.7	283.1	240	233	230	65,990	62,403	65,154
Maine.....	145.8	148.0	158.0	257	238	245	37,425	35,224	38,710
N. Y. - L.I. .	30.7	26.0	29.7	267	290	255	8,191	7,540	7,574
N. Y. Upstate	43.0	40.0	41.0	215	215	220	9,256	8,600	9,020
Pa.	35.8	34.7	35.6	191	200	165	6,843	6,940	5,874
Oth. East. Fall	19.7	19.0	18.8	217	216	211	4,275	4,099	3,976
9 Central Fall	318.3	305.3	311.2	140	164	146	44,451	50,072	45,584
Mich.	39.4	43.5	43.0	180	200	185	7,090	8,700	7,955
Wis.	32.8	40.0	41.0	203	205	200	6,651	8,200	8,200
Minn.	100.6	87.0	88.0	117	140	115	11,779	12,180	10,120
N. Dak.	113.0	105.0	107.0	117	145	125	13,281	15,225	13,375
Oth. C. Fall..	32.5	29.8	32.2	174	194	184	5,650	5,767	5,934
9 Western Fall	387.7	434.8	469.8	206	233	235	80,150	101,348	110,321
Idaho-10SW Co. 2/	13.0	33.0	35.0	245	275	310	3,254	9,075	10,850
Idaho-Other Co.	236.8	249.0	276.0	188	210	200	44,769	52,290	55,200
Colo.	38.0	35.0	31.0	219	245	280	8,345	8,575	8,680
Wash.	19.1	31.0	37.0	302	360	370	5,759	11,160	13,690
Ore.-Malheur Co 2/	11.3	12.5	14.5	249	265	260	2,802	3,312	3,770
Ore.-Other Co.	25.1	26.0	27.0	239	230	245	6,016	5,980	6,615
Calif.	22.9	27.0	28.4	247	270	280	5,676	7,290	7,952
Other W. Fall.	21.5	21.3	20.9	164	172	171	3,529	3,666	3,564
Total Fall.....	981.0	1007.8	1064.1	194	212	208	190,591	213,823	221,059
UNITED STATES..	1382.0	1402.8	1479.1	192	207	203	265,773	289,783	300,940

1/ Averages exclude late summer crop for 1960-61 for Idaho and Oregon.
2/ Averages include late summer crop for 1960-61 for Idaho and Oregon.

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DEC 30 1966

Immediate Release

December 29, 1966

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 24, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched a total of 821,000 turkey poults during the week ending December 24, an increase of 58 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production of all heavy breed poults totaled 618,000 poults up 68 percent from 1965. Light breed hatchings for the ten States totaled 203,000 poults - 34 percent above the same week last year.

The ten State settings for all breeds totaled 2,053,000 eggs for the week ending December 24, a level 26 percent above the corresponding week of 1965. The number of

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
December 3	215	365	168	256	383	621	162
December 10	275	388	184	261	459	649	141
December 17	340	523	194	239	544	762	140
December 24	368	618	152	203	520	821	158
Eggs Set							
December 3	938	1,181	301	285	1,239	1,466	118
December 10	975	1,568	347	306	1,322	1,874	142
December 17	1,235	1,760	358	287	1,593	2,047	128
December 24	1,279	1,720	356	333	1,635	2,053	126

Minnesota-Wisconsin

Poults Hatched							
December 3	#	37	#	184	206	221	107
December 10	#	114	#	174	193	288	149
December 17	#	82	#	133	216	215	100
December 24	#	86	#	125	156	211	135
Eggs Set							
December 3	246	95	150	170	396	265	67
December 10	207	224	163	177	370	401	108
December 17	277	370	108	169	385	539	140
December 24	291	317	133	146	424	463	109

California

Poults Hatched							
December 3	54	203	0	0	54	203	376
December 10	95	175	7	9	102	184	180
December 17	154	273	7	8	161	281	175
December 24	180	239	0	7	180	246	137
Eggs Set							
December 3	452	662	9	8	461	670	145
December 10	363	687	18	11	381	698	183
December 17	439	639	11	10	450	649	144
December 24	374	753	12	13	386	766	198

\# Confidential.

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virgina, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

heavy breed eggs set was 1,720,000 or 34 percent higher than last year. Light breed settings totaled 333,000 eggs, 6 percent less than a year earlier.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending December 24 totaled 211,000 poults of all breeds, 35 percent above the 1965 level for the same week. The hatch included 86,000 heavy breed poults and 125,000 light breed poults.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 463,000 which was 9 percent above the same week of 1965. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 317,000 eggs compared with 291,000 eggs a year earlier. Light breed eggs set totaled 146,000 as against 133,000 for the same week of 1965.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 23 percent of the week's hatch compared with 11 percent the previous week and 15 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
April	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502	174	0	0	234	657	1,254	1,461	744	1,166
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
April	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852	514	15	52	405	846	2,951	4,953	1,157	1,602

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