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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JAN 6 1966

Immediate Release

January 3, 1967

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
November 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during November 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 156,000 head, up 4 percent from October 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,075 pounds per head, up 16 pounds from the previous month and 30 pounds above November 1965.

November calf slaughter was 18,900 head compared with 18,100 head the previous month. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 174 pounds, 1 pound lighter than October, but 2 pounds heavier than a year ago.

The hog kill in November totaled 546,000 head, up 8 percent from October. The average liveweight at 258 pounds was 7 pounds heavier than October and 2 pounds more than November 1965.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during November 1966 totaled 98,000 head compared with 98,500 in October. The average liveweight at 105 is the same as the previous month but 1 pound greater than the same month a year ago.

> Beginning with January 1966 the commercial slaughter and meat production estimates include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers. Comparable data for 1965 and earlier years are not available; therefore, comparisons with the previous year are shown only for the number slaughtered in federally inspected plants.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of read meat during November in the 48 States totaled 2,872 million pounds. This was nearly 2 percent more than the October total of 2,824 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other commercial plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms or ranches. There were 29,236 million pounds of red meat produced during the first eleven months of 1966. Of the January-November total, 61.0 percent was beef; 2.7 percent veal; 34.3 percent pork; and 2.0 percent lamb and mutton. January-November 1966 production of beef totaled 17,822 million pounds, veal totaled 798 million, pork 10,028 million, and lamb and mutton 588 million pounds. Lard production during this period was 1,708 million pounds.

Beef production during November was 1,647 million pounds, 1 percent less than October 1966. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,021 pounds, up 15 pounds from October 1966 and 21 pounds more than November 1965. The total commercial cattle kill during November was 2,819,700 head, 2 percent less than October 1966. The November number of cattle slaughtered in federally inspected plants was 2,284,900 head, 2 percent less than the number slaughtered in November last year. There were 72 million pounds of veal produced during November, 4 percent less than October 1966. Commercial calf slaughter during November totaled 575,100 head, 1 percent less than a month earlier. Federally inspected calf slaughter in November was 384,300 head, 18 percent less than November 1965.

Pork production during November totaled 1,103 million pounds, 7 percent more than October 1966. The commercial hog kill during November totaled 7,172,700 head, 3 percent more than the preceding month. Hogs slaughtered in federally inspected plants totaled 6,200,100 head, up 13 percent from November last year. Lard rendered per 100 pounds liveweight was 10.0 pounds compared with 10.5 pounds in October 1966 and 11.4 pounds in November 1965.



Minnesota Agriculture Department: State-Federal Crop and Livestock Reporting Service

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August 20, 2018

There were 50 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced in November, 11 percent less than a month earlier. Total commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs was 992,700 head, 12 percent less than October 1966. Federally inspected sheep and lambs slaughtered in November totaled 895,500 head, 5 percent less than last year.

Production of poultry meat during November amounted to 888 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 7 percent less than October 1966 but 8 percent greater than November 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	November		November average Liveweight	
	1965	1966 5/	1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Pounds	
MINNESOTA:				
Cattle	146.0	156.0	1,045	1,075
Calves	30.0	18.9	172	174
Hogs	455.0	546.0	256	258
Sheep and lambs	96.0	98.0	104	105
UNITED STATES: (48 States)				
Cattle	2,812.8	2,819.7	1,000	1,021
Calves	673.3	575.1	223	228
Hogs	6,334.5	7,172.7	242	244
sheep and lambs	1,048.9	992.7	102	103

NOVEMBER COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, WITH COMPARISONS

Month and year	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
November 1965	1,570	83	935	52	2,640	819	176
October 1966 5/	1,664	75	1,029	56	2,824	958	175
November 1966 5/	1,647	72	1,103	50	2,872	888	176
Jan.-Nov. 1965 6/	16,739	864	9,873	588	28,064	7,303	1,823
Jan.-Nov. 1966 5/ 6/	17,822	798	10,028	588	29,236	8,021	1,708

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial meat production estimates beginning with January 1966. 6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 3, 1967

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-December 1966

MINNESOTA: The Index of prices received by Minnesota farmers in mid-December was 92 percent of the 1947-49 average which was the same as last month and last year according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Prices of crops and livestock continued at higher levels than a year ago but dairy products and poultry prices were down.

Compared with mid-November the crop index at 81 percent remained unchanged but 11 points above last year. The livestock index at 95 percent was up 1 point from last month but down 16 points from last year's record high. Dairy products at 116 were down 2 points from last month but 17 points above a year ago. Poultry and eggs dropped 1 point from last month and at 72 was 4 points below last year. Wheat, corn and rye prices increased from last month while barley and flax dropped in price. Corn prices were up 4 cents from last month and wheat and rye were up 3 cents. Barley dropped 3 cents and flax declined 2 cents from mid-November. Oats and soybean prices remained unchanged from the previous month.

Hog prices increased 10 cents per hundredweight from mid-November and at $18.60 per hundredweight they were $8.30 below last year's level. Cattle prices at $20.10 were up 40 cents per hundredweight from last month and $1.70 above last year. Calves were up 60 cents per hundredweight from last month and 40 cents above a year ago. Lamb prices were up $1.10 per hundredweight from last month but down $3.90 from the previous year. Sheep were up 70 cents per hundredweight from last month and 50 cents above a year ago. Milk prices at $4.24 per hundredweight dropped 7 cents from mid-November. Turkeys increased 2 cents per pound from last month and 1 cent from last year. Eggs at 32 cents per dozen were down 1 cent from a month ago.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1948=100	Dec. 15 Av. 1958-62	Dec. 15 1963	Dec. 15 1964	Dec. 15 1965	Nov. 15 1966	Dec. 15 1966
All Farm Products	78	73	77	92	92	92
Crops	64	72	78	70	81	81
Livestock	88	70	77	1.11	94	95
Dairy Products	93	92	94	99	1.18	1.16
Poultry and Eggs	63	61	55	76	73	72

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Dec. 15, 1962	Dec. 15, 1963	Dec. 15, 1964	Dec. 15, 1965	Nov. 15, 1966	Dec. 15, 1966
Prices Received	245	238	235	259	259	258
Prices Paid 1/	309	311	313	324	337	337
Parity Ratio	79	77	75	80	77	77

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity -- Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			November 15, 1966			
		Dec. 15 1965	Nov. 15 1966	Dec. 15 1966	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.49	1.72	1.75	1.69	1.69	1.66	1.61
Rye	Bu.	.99	1.00	1.03	1.12	.91	.99	1.04
Corn	Bu.	.91	1.18	1.22	1.25	1.11	1.19	1.29
Oats	Bu.	.61	.64	.64	.70	.56	.64	.677
Barley	Bu.	1.05	1.07	1.04	1.00	1.03	.98	1.06
Soybeans	Bu.	2.49	2.80	2.80	2.85	2.67	2.78	2.82
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.77	2.98	2.96	2.90	2.86	2.92	2.88
All Hay, Baled	Ton	21.00	19.00	18.50	20.10	14.50	20.20	25.10
Potatoes	Cwt.	1.40	1.60	1.60	-	1.45	1.90	2.09
Hogs	Cwt.	26.90	18.50	18.60	18.50	18.40	18.40	18.80
Cows	Cwt.	13.40	15.30	15.50	14.90	14.50	15.00	15.40
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	23.60	22.00	22.10	23.40	22.80	22.90	23.10
Cattle, All	Cwt.	18.40	19.70	20.10	21.90	20.30	21.20	21.00
Calves	Cwt.	25.80	25.60	26.20	23.70	27.00	28.40	25.30
Sheep	Cwt.	7.00	6.80	7.50	5.40	5.70	5.10	6.79
Lambs	Cwt.	26.20	21.20	22.30	20.10	21.10	21.50	21.60
Milk Cows	Head	220.00	290.00	285.00	270.00	235.00	230.00	257.00
Milk-Wholesale	Cwt.	3.58	4.31	4.24	4.55	4.30	4.40	5.33
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.67	.76	.74	.71	.71	.69	.677
Turkeys - Live	Lb.	.240	.230	.250	.230	.240	.250	.250
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.055	.065	.060	.055	.050	.055	.092
Eggs	Doz.	.345	.330	.320	.320	.320	.330	.409
Wool	Lb.	.49	.48	.46	.46	.46	.53	.469
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.00	3.35	3.60	3.90	3.30	3.60	3.80
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	4.70	5.30	5.20	5.40	5.40	5.50	5.55
Hog Feed, 29% and over	Cwt.	5.90	6.50	6.50	6.60	-	-	6.53
Beef Cattle Feed 30% and over	Cwt.	4.80	5.20	5.20	5.40	-	-	4.99
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.15	3.40	3.50	4.30	-	3.75	4.04
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.88	3.19	3.18	3.22	3.02	3.01	3.71
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4 35	4.70	4.60	5.20	5.00	5.00	4.70
Commodity Feed Price Ratios								
Hog-Corn 1/		29.6	15.7	15.2	14.8	16.6	15.5	14.6
Beef-Corn 1/		25.9	18.6	18.1	18.7	20.5	19.2	17.9
Egg-Feed 2/		12.0	10.3	10.1	9.9	10.6	11.0	11.0
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		1.9	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.5

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 5, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 31, 1966

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey States hatched a total of 949,000 turkey poults during the week ending December 31, 1966, an increase of 18 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production of all heavy breed poults totaled 752,000 poults up 24 percent from 1965. Light breed hatchings for the ten States totaled 197,000 poults - 2 percent below the same week last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
December 10	275	388	184	261	459	649	141
December 17	350	523	194	239	544	762	140
December 24	368	618	152	203	520	821	158
December 31	607	752	200	197	807	949	118
			Eggs Set				
December 3	938	1,181	301	285	1,239	1,466	118
December 10	975	1,568	347	306	1,322	1,874	142
December 17	1,235	1,760	358	287	1,593	2,047	128
December 24	1,279	1,720	356	333	1,635	2,053	126
December 31	1,637	2,019	267	337	1,904	2,356	124

Minnesota-Wisconsin

			Poults Hatched				
December 10	#	114	#	174	193	288	149
December 17	#	82	#	133	216	215	100
December 24	#	86	#	125	156	211	135
December 31	151	86	104	111	255	197	77
			Eggs Set				
December 3	246	95	150	170	396	265	67
December 10	207	224	163	177	370	401	108
December 17	277	370	108	169	385	539	140
December 24	291	317	133	146	424	463	109
December 31	319	326	125	205	444	531	120

California

			Poults Hatched				
December 10	95	175	7	9	102	184	180
December 17	154	273	7	8	161	281	175
December 24	180	239	0	7	180	246	137
December 31	293	405	7	7	300	412	137
			Eggs Set				
December 3	452	662	9	8	461	670	145
December 10	363	687	18	11	381	698	183
December 17	439	639	11	10	450	649	144
December 24	374	753	12	13	386	766	198
December 31	397	754	12	14	409	768	188

Confidential.

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virgina, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The ten State settings for all breeds totaled 2,356,000 eggs for the week ending December 31, a level 24 percent above the corresponding week of 1965. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 2,019,000 or 23 percent higher than last year. Light breed settings totaled 337,000 eggs, 26 percent greater than a year earlier.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending December 31 totaled 197,000 poults of all breeds, 23 percent below the 1965 level for the same week. The hatch included 86,000 heavy breed poults down 43 percent from a year ago while 111,000 light breed poults hatched was up 7 percent.

Eggs set for all breeds in the two States totaled 531,000 which was 20 percent above the same week of 1965. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 326,000 eggs compared with 319,000 a year earlier. Light breed eggs set totaled 205,000 as against 125,000 for the same week of 1965.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 22 percent of the week's hatch compared with 23 percent the previous week and 18 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
April	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502	174	0	0	234	657	1,254	1,461	744	1,166
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
April	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852	514	15	52	405	846	2,951	4,953	1,157	1,602

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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560 State Office Building
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JAN 16 1966

Immediate Release

January 11, 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
January 1, 1967

Stocks of corn and soybeans held on Minnesota farms on January 1 this year were up substantially from a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Stocks of wheat, oats, barley, rye and flax were less than a year ago.

CORN ON FARMS: Grain corn stocks on Minnesota farms on January 1, 1967 totaled 277 million bushels. A year ago on this date holdings stood at 243 million bushels. The 1966 Minnesota corn crop was one of the best of record, second only to record crop of 1963. The 76 bushels per acre set a new yield record and favorable maturing and harvest weather permitted harvest with little or no frost damage.

SOYBEANS: Soybeans stored on farms in Minnesota totaled 48.3 million bushels, a record holding for January 1 following a record 1966 crop of 80.5 million bushels. Farm stocks this year were 47 percent above a year earlier and nearly double the 5-year average of 24.6 million bushels.

OATS AND BARLEY: Oats stored on farms totaled 104 million bushels compared with 131 million bushels a year earlier. Barley stocks totaled 12.2 million bushels compared with 12.5 million bushels held on January 1, 1966. The 1966 Minnesota oat crop was 16 percent less than in 1965 while barley production was off by 19 percent from a year earlier.

WHEAT: Wheat stocks on January 1 totaled 8.8 million bushels compared with 10.6 million bushels held on January 1, 1966. All wheat production in 1966 was 21 percent less than in 1965.

RYE: Rye stocks on January 1 were estimated at 295,000 bushels compared with 483,000 bushels on farms January 1, 1966.

FLAX: Flax stocks on farms totaled 998,000 bushels compared with 1,927,000 bushels on January 1, 1966. Flax production in 1966 was 38 percent less than a year earlier.

HAY: Hay supplies on January 1 farms totaled 5,423,000 tons compared with 5,716,000 tons on hand a year earlier. Hay production in 1966 totaled 8.1 million tons just slightly above the 1965 production.

EGGS: December egg production totaled 193 million eggs, down 5 percent from a year earlier. Total egg production during 1966 was 11 percent below 1965.

MILK: Milk production on Minnesota farms for December totaled 823 million pounds, 21 percent above November and 2 percent above December a year earlier. Total milk production during 1966 was 9,907 million pounds, down 6 percent from the 1965 total.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

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JAN 16 1966

Immediate Release

January 12, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 7, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 1,183,000 turkey poults during the week ending January 7, 1967, an increase of 38 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production of all heavy breed poults totaled 986,000 poults, up 60 percent from 1966. Light breed hatchings for the ten States totaled 197,000 poults - 17 percent below the same week last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
December 17	350	523	194	239	544	762	140
December 24	368	618	152	203	520	821	158
December 31	607	752	200	197	807	949	118
January 7	617	986	238	197	855	1,183	138
			Eggs Set				
December 3	938	1,181	301	285	1,239	1,466	118
December 10	975	1,568	347	306	1,322	1,874	142
December 17	1,235	1,760	358	287	1,593	2,047	128
December 24	1,279	1,720	356	333	1,635	2,053	126
December 31	1,637	2,019	267	337	1,904	2,356	124
January 7	1,854	2,555	244	289	2,098	2,844	136
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
December 17	#	82	#	133	216	215	100
December 24	#	86	#	125	156	211	135
December 31	151	86	104	111	255	197	77
January 7	130	149	116	113	246	262	107
			Eggs Set				
December 3	246	95	150	170	396	265	67
December 10	207	224	163	177	370	401	108
December 17	277	370	108	169	385	539	140
December 24	291	317	133	146	424	463	109
December 31	319	326	125	205	444	531	120
January 7	368	546	109	135	477	681	143
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
December 17	154	273	7	8	161	281	175
December 24	180	239	0	7	180	246	137
December 31	293	405	7	7	300	412	137
January 7	235	405	14	9	249	414	166
			Eggs Set				
December 3	452	662	9	8	461	670	145
December 10	363	687	18	11	381	698	183
December 17	439	639	11	10	450	649	144
December 24	374	753	12	13	386	766	198
December 31	397	754	12	14	409	768	188
January 7	421	884	13	0	434	884	204

\# Confidential.

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virgina, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The ten State settings for all breeds totaled 2,844,000 eggs during the week ending January 7, a level 36 percent above the corresponding week of 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 2,555,000 or 38 percent above last year. Light breed settings totaled 289,000 eggs, 18 percent higher than a year earlier.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending January 7, 1967 totaled 262,000 poults of all breeds, 7 percent above the 1966 level for the same week. The hatch included 149,000 heavy breed poults, 15 percent above a year ago, while light breed poult hatchings totaled 113,000 or 3 percent below the same week in 1966.

Eggs set for all breeds in the two States totaled 681,000 which was 43 percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 546,000 eggs compared with 368,000 a year earlier. Light breed eggs set totaled 135,000 as against 109,000 for the same week the previous year.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 12 percent of the week's hatch compared with 22 percent the previous week and 16 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
April	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502	174	0	0	234	657	1,254	1,461	744	1,166
Dec.	589		15		298		2,167		886	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
April	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852	514	15	52	405	846	2,951	4,953	1,157	1,602

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

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State Agricultural Statistician

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Immediate Release

January 16, 1967

DROP IN FARM NUMBERS CONTINUES

MINNESOTA: The number of farms in the State for 1967 is estimated at 135,000, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. In 1966 the number was 139,000 making a decline of 4,000. Acres in Minnesota farms at 32,400,000 remains unchanged from 1966.

UNITED STATES: Farms operating in the Nation during 1966 are estimated at 3,258 thousand. Although this is 4 percent less than the number of farms operating in 1965, the actual number of farms disappearing was less than a year earlier. Total land in farms, accounting for 1,145 million acres, continued to decrease but at a much slower pace than number of farms.

For 1967, the number of farms in the U. S. is expected to show a further decline to 3,176 thousand. Regionally, however, this is not expected to be as large as the reduction in past years in mid-western and southwestern States. Reduction in the acreage of farmland is also expected to be less than the rate for recent years.

During the past 8 years the number of the Nation's farms have declined nearly a fourth. During the same period, land in farms has decreased only 4 percent. These changes have caused the acreage in the average farm to increase from 288 acres in 1959 to 359 in 1967, or a 25 percent increase. Discontinuance of small farming enterprises and merging of larger units with existing farms continue as the important influences in the change in farm numbers.

Number of Farms and Land in Farms, U.S. 1959-67

Year	Farms (Thousands)	Land in Farms (Thousand Acres)	Average size of Farm (Acres)
1959	4,105	1,182,658	288
1960	3,956	1,177,565	298
1961	3,818	1,172,910	307
1962	3,695	1,168,115	316
1963	3,580	1,163,180	325
1964	3,479	1,158,505	333
1965	3,380	1,154,560	342
1966	3,258	1,145,170	351
1967 1/	3,176	1,139,644	359

1/ Preliminary.

NUMBER OF FARMS, AVERAGE SIZE, AND LAND IN FARMS

Year	MINNESOTA			IOWA		
	Number of Farms	Average Size	Land in Farms	Number of Farms	Average Size	Land in Farms
	Number	Acres	000 Acres	Number	Acres	000 Acres
1962	152,000	213	32,400	178,000	195	34,700
1963	149,000	217	32,400	174,000	199	34,700
1964	146,000	222	32,400	170,000	204	34,600
1965	143,000	227	32,400	166,000	208	34,500
1966	139,000	233	32,400	153,000	225	34,400
1967*	135,000	240	32,400	150,000	229	34,400
	WISCONSIN			NORTH DAKOTA		
1962	133,000	165	22,000	53,000	794	42,100
1963	130,000	168	21,800	51,500	817	42,100
1964	127,000	170	21,600	50,500	834	42,100
1965	124,000	173	21,400	49,000	857	42,000
1966	121,000	175	21,200	48,000	875	42,000
1967*	118,000	178	21,000	47,000	894	42,000

* Preliminary

Number of Farms and Land in Farms, U. S. 1950-1967 1/

Year	Number of Farms	Land in Farms (000 Acres)	Year	Number of Farms	Land in Farms (000 Acres)
1950	5,647,800	1,202,019	1961	3,818,000	1,172,910
1951	5,427,600	1,203,500	1962	3,695,000	1,168,115
1952	5,197,500	1,204,930	1963	3,580,000	1,163,180
1953	4,983,600	1,205,740	1964	3,479,180	1,158,505
1954	4,798,200	1,206,355	1965	3,380,450	1,154,560
1955	4,653,800	1,201,900	1966	3,258,240	1,145,170
1956	4,514,100	1,197,070	1967 2/	3,175,820	1,139,644
1957	4,371,700	1,191,340			
1958	4,232,900	1,184,944			
1959	4,105,000	1,182,658			
1960	3,956,000	1,177,565			

1/ Including Alaska and Hawaii (1959 to 1967). 2/ Preliminary.

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POTATO STOCKS REPORT
January 1, 1967

Estimates of total stocks in this report represent all potatoes held by growers and local dealers in or near producing areas. They include quantities available for sale for table use, seed and processing after January 1. They also include quantitites to be used on farms where grown for livestock feed, seed and household consumption and include potatoes that will be lost through shrinkage, decay and dumping after January 1.

MINNESOTA: Total potato stocks of 6,400,000 hundredweight were held by growers and dealers in Minnesota storages on January 1, 1967, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. These stocks were 14 percent less than the 7,450,000 hundredweight on hand January 1, 1966. Disappearance to January 1, 1967, represented 37 percent of the fall crop compared to disappearnace of 39 percent of the fall crop to January 1 last year. Recorded shipments of fresh potatoes from Minnesota to 41 cities during December 1966 were about the same as those shipped in December 1965.

UNITED STATES: Storage stocks of potatoes held by growers and local dealers in the fall producing areas of the country totaled 124.9 million hundredweight on January 1, 1967. This was slightly less than the record large holding of 125.0 million hundredweight on hand January 1, 1966 but above the 124.1 million on January 1, 1962. These stocks consist of potatoes held for all uses on January 1.

The eight eastern fall States had 43.5 million hundredweight of potatoes on hand January 1, 1967 compared with 38.1 million a year earlier. Maine stocks, at 30.9 million this year, were 18 percent above the relatively small holdings on January 1, 1966. Stocks in Upstate New York were 5 percent above a year earlier while Long Island stocks were up 31 percent from last year. Pennsylvania stocks, at 3.1 million, were down 9 percent from last year. January 1 stocks in the nine central fall States were 26.0 million this year compared with 28.1 million a year earlier. Smaller holdings in Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota, and Iowa than a year earlier more than offset larger holdings in Indiana, Wisconsin, South Dakota and Nebraska. In the nine western fall States, January 1 stocks totaled 55.3 million hundredweight compared with last year's large holdings of 58.8 million. In the major western States, Montana, Idaho and Colorado, holdings were below a year earlier while stocks at 15.9 million in Washington, Oregon, and California were above the record large 1965 holdings. Stocks in Idaho, at 32.0 million compared with 37.5 million a year earlier, accounted for 26 percent of the holdings in all fall States on January 1.

Disappearance of 1966 fall crop potatoes from storage during December was a record high 25.1 million hundredweight compared with 24.0 million hundredweight during December 1965 and 20.5 million during December 1964. Disappearance of 1966 fall potatoes from time of harvest to January 1, 1967 was a record 96.2 million hundredweight. During the 1965 season, disappearance to January 1 was 88.8 million and for the 1964 season, it was 77.0 million.

Movement of fall crop potatoes to chippers and fresh market outlets during December was above last year as indicated by rail and truck unloads in 41 cities. Unloads for the season from harvest time through December 31 were also slightly above the comparable period a year earlier. The quantity of potatoes processed for other food uses (excluding starch and flour) during December was substantially above a year earlier and more than offset the slow movement prior to December 1. The season total through December 31 was above last year. Shipment of fall potatoes to starch factories during December and from harvest time through December 31 were also above the same periods in 1965. Shrinkage, decay and waste during December and for the season, mainly because of the heavy losses in Idaho, have been much above a year earlier. Abnormally heavy losses of stocks on hand January 1, 1967 in Idaho may be expected.

(See stocks table on reverse side)

SPECIAL IDAHO POTATOES: The Idaho office of the Statistical Reporting Service, United States Department of Agriculture, in cooperation with the Idaho Potato and Onion Commission, conducted a special survey to determine probable utilization of the 1966 crop of Idaho potatoes. This survey was undertaken because of the heavy losses occurring in storage stocks, largely as a result of the mid-October 1966 freeze that damaged considerable acreage of unharvested potatoes in central and eastern Idaho. Also contributing to the storage losses were immaturity because of the late season (spring frosts occurred as late as June 25 in some areas), and poor storage weather conditions during October and early November. No attempt was made to arrive at separate estimates of losses for southwest Idaho and other counties, nor for losses attributed to frost damage separate from other causes. This survey was conducted as a supplement to the usual procedures employed by the Statistical Reporting Service for determining January 1 total potato stocks in Idaho.

It is estimated that 28,500,000 cwt. (89 percent) of the 32,000,000 hundredweight total stocks on hand January 1 would be usable for table stock, food processing and seed if disposition of the entire stocks could have occurred on January 1. The 28.5 million hundredweight does not include quantities which could be utilized only for starch, flour and livestock feed.

By the time final disposition of the January 1 stocks is completed, it is expected that 26,900,000 hundredweight (84 percent) will be used for table stock, food processing and seed. Quantities which are expected to be usable only for starch, flour and livestock feed are not included in this volume.

Percentage breakdown of the 34,050,000 hundredweight disappearance to January 1 is as follows: (Idaho)

		Percent
a.	For table stock.	13.5
b.	For food processing.	40.0
c.	Starch and flour	4.0
d.	Livestock feed and other uses.	9.0
e.	Shrinkage, decay and waste	33.5
	TOTAL (Idaho)	100.0

Potatoes: Production and total stocks of fall potatoes held by growers and local dealers on January 1, 1966 and January 1, 1967 1/

State	Crop of 1965		Crop of 1966	
	Production	Total stocks Jan. 1, 1966	Production	Total stocks Jan. 1, 1967
	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.
Maine.	35,224	26,200	38,710	30,900
New Hampshire.	278	140	266	140
Vermont.	350	200	332	210
Massachusetts.	1,035	550	960	540
Rhode Island	1,029	100	1,010	110
Connecticut.	1,407	790	1,408	810
New York:				
Long Island.	7,540	2,600	7,574	3,400
Upstate.	8,600	4,100	9,020	4,300
Pennsylvania	6,940	3,400	5,874	3,100
8 Eastern	62,403	38,080	65,154	43,510
Ohio	1,906	625	1,638	500
Indiana.	1,166	320	1,363	400
Michigan	8,700	4,650	7,955	4,250
Wisconsin.	8,200	4,600	8,200	4,800
Minnesota.	12,180	7,450	10,120	6,400
Iowa	435	55	450	40
North Dakota	15,225	9,200	13,375	8,300
South Dakota	600	280	783	360
Nebraska	1,660	900	1,700	1,000
9 Central.	50,072	28,080	45,584	26,050
Montana	1,326	1,150	1,360	1,100
Idaho.	61,365	37,500	66,050	32,000
Wyoming.	630	320	540	260
Colorada	8,575	5,250	8,680	5,100
Utah	1,530	860	1,488	870
Nevada	180	100	176	90
Washington	11,160	5,400	13,690	7,200
Oregon	9,292	4,450	10,385	4,800
California	7,290	3,800	7,952	3,900
9 Western	101,348	58,830	110,321	55,320
Total 26 Fall States	213,823	124,990	221,059	124,880

1/ Total Stocks consist of "production less total disappearance to date".

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January 17, 1967

Hatchery Production of Chicks
December 1966

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,486,000 chicks during December 1966 which was 26 percent above December 1965, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture.

The December hatch consisted of 819,000 egg-type and 667,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was up 58 percent and broiler-type production was 1 percent above December 1965. For the period January through December the egg-type chick hatch was up 22 percent and the broiler-type was 13 percent above the 1965 calendar year.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-December for Minnesota was $3.18 per 100 pounds compared with $3.19 the previous month and $2.88 a year earlier. On December 15 the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 10.1 compared with 10.3 the previous month and 12.0 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965	1965 1/	1966	Pct. Change from 1965
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January	694	772	+11	728	680	- 7
February	1,033	744	-28	611	587	- 4
March	3,350	4,340	+30	742	786	+ 6
April	5,603	6,736	+20	881	1,200	+36
May	5,240	6,139	+17	886	1,028	+16
June	2,132	2,485	+17	751	886	+18
July	623	847	+36	630	725	+15
August	461	730	+58	613	695	+13
September	362	657	+81	569	640	+12
October	536	836	+56	538	606	+13
November	528	675	+28	578	729	+26
December	519	819	+58	663	667	+ 1

1/ Final

John S. Rowe
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F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: A total of 252,550,000 chicks were hatched during December, 7 percent more than December 1965 and the largest December hatch of record. The hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 216.9 million, or 3 percent more than the preceding December. The 1966 total of broiler chicks hatched was 2,739.1 million, which is 9 percent more than the 1965 hatch and an all time record high. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on January 1, 1967 was up 1 percent from January 1, 1966.

Egg-type chicks hatched during December are estimated at 35.7 million chicks, an increase of 32 percent from December 1965. Increases occurred in all regions and are recorded at 54 percent in the South Central, 49 percent in the South Atlantic, 40 percent in the West North Central, 27 percent in the East North Central, 21 percent in the West, and 10 percent in the North Atlantic. The hatch of egg-type chicks during 1966 totaled 574.8 million, 18 percent more than in 1965 and the largest annual total since 1958. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on January 1 was 18 percent above a year earlier.

Broiler and Egg-Type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During December			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1965	1966	1965	1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Ohio	540	580	1,160	1,360
Indiana	2,032	2,036	1,636	2,242
Illinois	35	15	801	1,144
Michigan	380	450	800	850
Wisconsin	1,047	1,110	256	300
E. N. Central	4,034	4,191	4,653	5,896
Minnesota	663	667	519	819
Iowa	40	30	540	450
Missouri	2,002	1,755	156	432
North Dakota	1/	1/	-	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	95	220
Nebraska	4	4	167	242
Kansas	0	1	230	230
W. N. Central	1/ 2,709	1/ 2,457	1,707	2,393
UNITED STATES	209,873	216,894	26,927	35,656

1/ North and South Dakota are included in the West North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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SHEEP AND LAMBS ON FEED, JANUARY 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Sheep and lambs on feed for market in Minnesota feedlots on January 1, 1967 totaled 135,000 head, 6 percent less than a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Recorded inshipments of sheep and lambs during the last four months of 1966 - September through December - totaled 138,000 head, 4 percent less than the 144,000 head during the same months of 1965. Prices received by Minnesota farmers during 1966 for slaughter sheep and lambs slightly averaged above the 1965 levels.

UNITED STATES: Sheep and lambs on feed in 26 States on January 1, 1967 for slaughter market was 6 percent below the number on feed a year earlier. Sheep on feed in these 26 States totaled 3,069,000 on January 1, 1967 compared with 3,278,000 on January 1, 1966. Range and pastures during the fall grazing months were substantially below last year and slightly below average over most of the Great Plains. Snow cover has limited grazing the latter part of December over much of the northern half of the country. Dry weather since wheat emerged has severely limited wheat pasture growth. Farm stocks of major feed grains on January 1, 1967 were 6 percent below a year earlier.

The Denver quotation of choice feeder lambs averaged $23.75 per 100 pounds for the week ending October 15, 1966, compared with $23.00 for the corresponding week a year earlier. For the week ending January 7, 1967 the Denver quotation for choice feeder lambs averaged $23.00, down $3.65 per 100 pounds from a year earlier and $.75 below mid-October 1966.

There were 1,546,000 sheep and lambs on feed for slaughter market in the North Central States on January 1, 1967. This was 11 percent less than the 1,744,000 head on feed a year earlier. Indiana, Missouri, and North Dakota showed an increase while the remaining 9 States declined from last year. Kansas showed a sharp drop of 58 percent resulting from poorer wheat pastures than a year earlier.

Sheep and lambs on feed for slaughter in the 13 Western States on January 1, 1967 totaled 1,268,000 head, down 7 percent from the 1,366,000 head on feed a year earlier. Four States showed increases from the preceding January 1 in the number of sheep and lambs being fed while 8 States showed decreases. Colorado, the largest sheep and lamb feeding State in the Nation had 475,000 head on feed January 1 this year, down 5 percent from the 500,000 head on feed January 1, 1966.

There were 1,728,000 sheep and lambs on feed in the 7 major feeding States on January 1, 1967. This is a decrease of 8 percent from the 1,872,000 head on feed a year earlier, but a 3 percent increase over the 1,672,000 head being fed for slaughter in these States on November 1, 1966. These 7 major feeding States accounted for 56 percent of the number on feed in the 26 States on January 1, 1967.

Placements during November and December in the 7 major States totaled 722,000 head, only 1,000 head less than were placed during the same period a year earlier. November-December placements were 42 percent of the January 1, 1967 number on feed.

Marketings of fed sheep and lambs from these 7 States during November and December at 666,000 head were down 13 percent from the 764,000 head marketed during the same period in 1965. Marketings in South Dakota and Kansas were up from a year earlier while in the other 5 States November and December marketings showed moderate to sharp declines.

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Sheep and Lambs on Feed January 1, 1967
with Comparisons 1/

State and Region	1964	1965	1966	1967	1967 as percent of 1966
	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Percent
New York	14	11	12	13	108
Ohio	146	136	136	125	92
Indiana	45	45	40	48	120
Illinois	134	123	123	118	96
Michigan	77	72	68	59	87
Wisconsin	39	34	33	31	95
Minnesota	161	150	144	135	94
Iowa	412	390	345	285	83
Missouri	79	65	55	60	109
North Dakota	122	95	80	95	119
South Dakota	273	244	249	226	91
Nebraska	351	302	294	289	98
Kansas	223	132	177	75	42
North Central	2,062	1,788	1,744	1,546	89
Oklahoma	33	28	37	22	60
Texas	172	128	119	220	185
Montana	92	100	110	125	114
Idaho	119	123	98	125	128
Wyoming	106	103	120	90	75
Colorado	525	450	500	475	95
New Mexico	34	31	52	52	100
Arizona	89	111	130	106	82
Utah	68	64	62	34	55
Nevada	12	12	17	14	82
Washington	27	24	23	20	87
Oregon	67	64	66	69	105
California	241	247	188	158	84
West	1,380	1,329	1,366	1,268	93
26 States	3,661	3,284	3,278	3,069	94

1/ Sheep and lambs on feed are considered to be animals intended for slaughter that are being fed a ration of grain or other concentrates or are being run on succulent pastures and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

In June 1966 the Minnesota Crop and Livestock Reporting Service published a bulletin entitled, "Minnesota's Sheep Industry". Historical numbers of sheep and lambs, breeds of sheep on Minnesota farms, causes of death losses and lambs born by months for the 1966 lamb crop are some of the data included in this bulletin. If you desire a copy, please send a postcard or letter to the address shown on the other side and a copy will be sent to you.

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CATTLE ON FEED - JANUARY 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle and calves on grain feed in Minnesota on January 1, 1967 were estimated at 557,000 head, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 4 percent more than the 536,000 head on January 1, 1966 and a record number for January 1 since estimates began in 1930. The seasonal increase from October 1 to January 1 was 208,000 head compared with 235,000 head a year earlier.

Marketings of grain fed cattle and calves during the months of October, November and December 1966 were estimated at 187,000 head, 3 percent above the same quarter in 1965. Prices for steers and heifers sold out of first hands for slaughter at South St. Paul Stockyards during the above months averaged $22.86 per hundred, 66 cents below a year earlier while the average weight was 1,026 pounds compared with 1,006 pounds a year ago.

Cattle and calves placed on grain feed during October, November and December totaled 395,000 head, 5 percent less than during the same months a year earlier. Recorded inshipments of stockers and feeders into Minnesota during the last quarter of 1966 were 378,000 head, 2 percent below the 1965 number.

According to marketing intentions indicated by feeders on January 1, 1967 an estimated 180,000 head of cattle and calves on grain feed will be marketed during the first three months of 1967. If realized, this will be 10 percent more than marketings during the first quarter of 1966.

Of the cattle and calves on grain feed January 1, 1967, 61 percent or 340,000 head were steers and steer calves and the remainder were principally heifers and heifer calves with a few other cattle. By weight groups, cattle weighing over 900 pounds accounted for 20 percent of those on feed January 1, 1966 compared to 14 percent of the total a year earlier. Cattle weighing less than 900 pounds made up 80 percent of those on feed, down 3 percent from a year earlier.

UNITED STATES: Cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in 39 feeding States totaled 11,279,000 head as of January 1, 1967, an increase of 7 percent from a year earlier. The 32 major feeding States had 11,136,000 head on feed for slaughter market compared with 10,436,000 head on January 1, 1966. There were 143,000 head on feed in 5 Atlantic and 2 South Central States, down 2 percent from January 1, 1966.

On January 1, 1967, there were 7,142,000 cattle and calves on feed in the North Central States, 7 percent more than a year earlier. Iowa, the leading State, was up 14 percent, and Nebraska, the second ranking State, was up 7 percent. In the 11 Western States, cattle on feed for slaughter market totaled 2,774,000 head on January 1 this year, 4 percent more than a year earlier. California, the leading Western State, and Colorado, the second ranking State, were each up 3 percent. The number of cattle on feed for slaughter market in feeding States outside the North Central and Western States showed a gain of 12 percent from January 1 a year ago. Texas and Oklahoma, the leading States in this group, were up 25 and 32 percent, respectively.

In the 32 major feeding States the number of cattle and calves placed on feed during the fourth quarter of 1966 was 7,720,000 head, a 5 percent increase over the same period in 1965. Placements were 6 percent larger in the North Central States but 1 percent lower in the Western region. Recorded shipments of stocker and feeder cattle into the 8 Corn Belt States during October and November were up 3 percent from the same period of 1965. Marketings of grain fed cattle for slaughter from the 32 States during the October-December quarter totaled 5,008,000 head, 8 percent more than a year earlier. North Central region marketings were up 10 percent from last year, but marketings in the Western region were down 1 percent.

A breakdown of the cattle on feed in the 32 States January 1, 1967, by weight groups indicates a 4 percent increase for those weighing less than 900 pounds, and the number weighing more than 900 pounds is up 14 percent from a year earlier. The number in each weight group and percentage comparisons with a year earlier are as follows: under 500 pounds, 1,872,000, up 2 percent; 500-699 pounds, 2,730,000, down 2 percent; 700-899, pounds, 3,699,000, up 11 percent; 900-1,099 pounds, 2,381,000, up 14 percent; 1,100 pounds and over, 454,000, up 16 percent.

The number of steers and steer calves on feed in the 32 States totaled 7,853,000 head, an 8 percent increase from January 1, 1966. There were 3,222,000 heifers and heifer calves on feed, 5 percent more than a year earlier. There were 61,000 cows and others on feed, down 2 percent.

Eldon L. Johnson

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Cattle and Calves on Grain Feed, Minnesota and 32 States, 1967 with Comparisons

ITEM	MINNESOTA			32 STATES		
	1965	1966	1966 Pct. of 1965	1965	1966	1966 Pct. of 1965
	1,000 Head		Percent	1,000 Head		Percent
Cattle and Calves on Feed, October 1	301	349	116	7,738	8,424	109
Placed on Feed Oct. 1 - Dec. 31 1/	417	395	98	7,325	7,720	105
Fed Cattle Marketed Oct. 1-Dec. 31 1/	182	187	103	4,627	5,008	108
	1966	1967	1967 Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	1967 Pct. of 1966
Cattle and Calves on Feed, January 1	536	557	104	10,436	11,136	107
Kinds on Feed January 1						
Steers and Steer Calves	348	340	98	7,302	7,853	108
Heifers and Heifer Calves	187	212	113	3,072	3,222	105
Cows and Other	1	5	500	62	61	98
Time on Feed January 1						
Under 3 months	412	395	96	7,122	7,521	106
3 - 6 months	66	95	144	2,711	2,912	107
Over 6 months	54	67	124	603	703	117
Weight Groups January 1						
Under 900 pounds	463	447	97	7,954	8,301	104
900 - 1,099 pounds	63	92	146	2,090	2,381	114
1,100 pounds and over	10	18	180	392	454	116
January - March Marketings	2/ 163	3/ 180	110	2/ 4,849	3/ 5,245	108

1/ Includes cattle placed on feed after beginning of quarter and marketed before end of quarter.
2/ Actual marketings from January 1 number on feed, excluding those placed on feed after January 1 and marketed before March 31. 3/ Expected marketings from January 1, 1967 number on feed.

Cattle and Calves on Feed by Quarters January 1-October 1, 1966, and January 1, 1967 1/

STATE	January 1 1966	October 1 1966	January 1 1967	January 1, 1967 as percent of January 1, 1966
	- - 1,000 Head - -			Percent
Pennsylvania	85	56	82	96
Ohio	328	180	341	104
Indiana	321	169	311	97
Illinois	807	510	791	98
Michigan	173	92	185	107
Wisconsin	138	100	149	108
Minnesota	536	349	557	104
Iowa	1,776	1,496	2,025	114
Missouri	435	283	398	91
North Dakota	118	61	101	86
South Dakota	348	280	390	112
Nebraska	1,227	1,118	1,308	107
Kansas	480	476	586	122
North Central States	6,687	5,064	7,142	107
Georgia	78	53	51	65
Florida	73	53	76	104
Kentucky	70	39	59	84
Tennessee	39	26	39	100
Alabama	37	22	44	119
Mississippi	23	21	25	109
Oklahoma	129	123	170	132
Texas	538	509	674	125
Montana	100	64	98	98
Idaho	174	153	201	116
Wyoming	41	22	35	85
Colorado	596	474	615	103
New Mexico	112	108	140	125
Arizona	364	271	370	102
Utah	81	42	61	75
Nevada	27	28	45	167
Washington	133	124	133	100
Oregon	97	78	92	95
California	952	1,094	984	103
Western States	2,677	2,458	2,774	104
32 STATE TOTAL	10,436	8,424	11,136	107

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for slaughter on grain or other concentrates and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 18, 1967

FRESH VEGETABLE REPORT
Onion Stocks in Storage, January 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Stocks of onions held by growers and dealers in storage in Minnesota on January 1, 1967 are estimated at 93,000 hundredweight according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 120,000 hundredweight on hand a year earlier, and the 1961-65 average of 150,000 hundredweight on January 1. Production of onions totaled 247,000 hundredweight in 1966, 300,000 hundredweight in 1965 and averaged 343,000 hundredweight for the years 1960-64.

UNITED STATES: At 3,953,000 hundredweight, the January 1, 1967 total stocks of sound onions in common and cold storage were 34 percent less than a year earlier and 22 percent less than the 1961-65 average. The stocks are the lowest since January 1, 1953.

Common storage supplies totaled 3,740,000 hundredweight, 35 percent below a year ago and cold storage stocks, at 213,000 hundredweight, show a 15 percent decline. Common storage stocks were below January 1 a year ago in all States and cold storage stocks decreased from last year in each region.

The late summer onion crop is estimated at 18,360,000 hundredweight, 12 percent less than the 1965 production but about the same as average. Sales to January 1, 1967 for the 1966 crop, a record large at 12,347,000 hundredweight, were 4 percent above the corresponding period of a year earlier, and exceed the previously high from the 1963 crop by 2 percent. Because of the good demand, the loss of onions by shrinkage, decay and dumping to January 1 was 2,087,000 hundredweight, 30 percent less than the record high of a year earlier. Percentage losses in the eastern States were about the same as a year earlier but the percentages were lower in the central and western States. Some of the losses this year in the eastern part of the United States were because of small sizes.

The stocks estimated in this report relate to quantities of sound onions held by growers and dealers. In estimating stocks, the quantity of onions lost before January 1 through dumping, decay and sprouting and expected grade out of the total crop is excluded. No attempt is made to predict additional losses as a result of dumping, decay and sprouting.

ONIONS: January 1 stocks held in common storage by growers and dealers in Late Summer States, and January 1 stocks in cold storage in all States, by regions, average 1961-65, annual 1966 and 1967

Region	In Common Storage			In Cold Storage			Total		
	5-yr. Av. Jan. 1, 1961-65	Jan. 1 1966	Jan. 1 1967	5-yr. Av. Jan. 1, 1961-65	Jan. 1 1966	Jan. 1 1967	5-yr. Av. Jan. 1, 1961-65	Jan. 1 1966	Jan. 1 1967
	- 1,000 cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
Eastern	1,347	1,888	872	152	84	79	1,499	1,972	951
Central	1,670	1,699	1,246	16	14	2	1,686	1,713	1,248
Western	1,741	2,176	1,622	149	149	130	1,890	2,325	1,752
Southern	---	---	---	2	3	2	2	3	2
Total	4,757	5,763	3,740	319	250	213	5,076	6,013	3,953

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

ONIONS: January 1 stocks held in common storage by growers and dealers in 18 Late Summer States, by States, average 1961-65, annual 1966 and 1967

State and Region	5-year average Jan. 1, 1961-65	Jan. 1, 1966	Jan. 1, 1967	State and Region	5-year average Jan. 1, 1961-65	Jan. 1, 1966	Jan. 1, 1967
	- 1,000 cwt. -						
Massachusetts	1	1	1	Idaho and Eastern Oreg.	755	1,060	930
New York	1,345	1,887	871	Colorado	346	270	135
EASTERN	1,347	1,888	872	Utah	97	98	45
Ohio	70	110	100	Nevada	13	4	2
Indiana	109	119	100	Washington	131	165	105
Illinois	22	11	2	Western Oregon	357	423	370
Michigan	1,019	1,050	800	California	41	156	35
Wisconsin	275	245	135	WESTERN	1,741	2,176	1,622
Minnesota	150	120	93				
Iowa	25	43	16				
Nebraska	---	---	---	TOTAL	4,757	5,763	3,740
Kansas	---	1	---				
CENTRAL	1,670	1,699	1,246				

ONIONS: Utilization and stocks of the Late Summer crop, 1957 to date 1/

Crop Year	Production of value	Utilization before January 1		January 1 Stocks			Utilization after January 1	
		Sold	Loss	In Common Storage	In Cold Storage	Total	Sold	Loss
				- 1,000 cwt. -				
1957	16,835	10,255	2,158	4,051	406	4,457	4,025	397
1958	16,409	10,345	1,746	3,852	512	4,364	4,040	278
1959	18,555	10,642	2,243	5,260	424	5,684	4,573	1,097
1960	19,072	11,458	2,082	5,132	409	5,541	4,609	923
1961	17,320	10,967	1,829	4,284	262	4,546	4,116	408
1962	19,039	11,659	1,999	5,041	359	5,400	4,660	721
1963	18,882	12,086	1,989	4,548	274	4,822	4,398	409
1964	17,864	10,980	1,820	4,782	291	5,073	4,509	555
1965	20,900	11,923	2,982	5,763	250	6,013	5,228	767
1966	18,360	12,347	2,087	3,740	213	3,953		

1/ Utilization does not balance with late summer production or stocks because:
(1) cold storage holdings include all onions regardless of the seasonal group.
(2) cold storage onions stored outside of late summer producing areas, and
(3) cross State movement of onions in some years.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 19, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 14, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 1,275,000 turkey poults during the week ending January 14, 1967, an increase of 29 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy breed poult hatchings totaled 1,108,000 poults which was 42 percent above the same week of 1966. Light breed poult production for the ten States totaled 167,000 poults, or 20 percent below last year.

(Over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Ten Reporting States 1/							
Poults Hatched							
December 24	368	618	152	203	520	821	158
December 31	607	752	200	197	807	949	118
January 7	617	986	238	197	855	1,183	138
January 14	778	1,108	210	167	988	1,275	129
Eggs Set							
December 3	938	1,199	301	303	1,239	1,502	118
December 10	975	1,517	347	311	1,322	1,828	142
December 17	1,235	1,760	358	287	1,593	2,047	128
December 24	1,279	1,735	356	333	1,635	2,068	126
December 31	1,637	2,019	267	337	1,904	2,356	124
January 7	1,854	2,555	244	289	2,098	2,844	136
January 14	2,317	2,917	366	356	2,683	3,273	122
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
December 24	#	86	#	125	156	211	135
December 31	151	86	104	111	255	197	77
January 7	130	149	116	113	246	262	107
January 14	162	232	68	110	230	342	149
Eggs Set							
December 3	246	146	150	170	396	316	67
December 10	207	224	163	182	370	406	108
December 17	277	370	108	169	385	539	140
December 24	291	345	133	146	424	491	109
December 31	319	326	125	205	444	531	120
January 7	368	546	109	135	477	681	143
January 14	522	685	145	167	667	852	128
California							
Poults Hatched							
December 24	180	239	0	7	180	246	137
December 31	293	405	7	7	300	412	137
January 7	235	405	14	9	249	414	166
January 14	290	418	8	8	298	426	143
Eggs Set							
December 3	452	634	9	9	461	643	145
December 10	363	645	18	11	381	656	183
December 17	439	639	11	10	450	649	144
December 24	374	753	12	13	386	766	198
December 31	397	754	12	14	409	768	188
January 7	421	884	13	0	434	884	204
January 14	638	1,056	12	32	650	1,088	167

\# Confidential.

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virgina, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The ten State settings for all breeds totaled 3,273,000 eggs for the week ending January 14, a level 22 percent above the corresponding week of 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 2,917,000, up 26 percent from last year while light breed settings totaled 356,000 eggs, 3 percent below the 1966 level.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending January 14 totaled 342,000 poults of all breeds, 49 percent above the 1966 level for the same week. The hatch included 232,000 heavy breed poults and 110,000 light breed poults. Compared with the previous year the heavy breed hatchings were up 43 percent and light breeds were up 62 percent.

Eggs set for all breed types in the two States totaled 852,000 which was 28 percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 685,000 eggs compared with 522,000 a year earlier. Light breed eggs set totaled 167,000 as against 145,000 for the same week of 1965.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 16 percent of the week's hatch compared with 12 percent the previous week and 27 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
April	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502	174	0	0	234	657	1,254	1,461	744	1,166
Dec.	589	327	15	57	298	622	2,167	3,439	886	1,172
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
April	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852	514	15	52	405	846	2,951	4,953	1,157	1,602
Jan. 1967	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 25, 1967

1966 HONEY PRODUCTION

MINNESOTA: The 1966 Minnesota honey crop totaled 17,940,000 pounds, 13 percent more than 1965 according to the Crop Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production per colony averaged 92 pounds compared with 83 pounds for the 1965 season. The number of colonies was estimated at 195,000 which is 2 percent above the 1965 estimate of 191,000 colonies. In the production of honey Minnesota ranks third, preceded by California and Florida respectively.

The average price received by producers for the 1966 crop was 15.4 cents per pound, compared with 16.1 cents per pound for the 1965 crop. This price is the combined average of all wholesale and retail sales of extracted, chunk, and comb honey sold from both large and small apiaries. Total value of the 1966 honey crop was $2,763,000, 8 percent above the value for 1965. The average price for extracted honey sold wholesale was 14 cents per pound, one cent below the 1965 price, while the average price of extracted honey sold retail was 24 cents per pound - or one cent above the 1965 price.

Stocks of honey held by Minnesota producers on December 15, 1966 for sale were 5,203,000 pounds, up 22 percent from a year earlier.

Beeswax production from the 1966 honey crop was estimated at 377,000 pounds, compared with 317,000 pounds in 1965. The average price received for beeswax was 46 cents per pound as compared with 45 cents in 1965.

UNITED STATES: Honey production during 1966 totaled 246,972,000 pounds, 1 percent above the 1965 crop. The 1966 production per colony average 51.8 pounds, compared with 51.1 pounds in 1965. The 1966 honey crop was produced by 4,770,000 colonies, just slightly below the 4,783,000 colonies in 1965. Beeswax production of 4,728,000 pounds for the 1966 season was slightly smaller than the 1965 crop of 4,749,000 pounds.

In mid-December producers reported 57 million pounds of honey on hand for sale compared with 58 million pounds a year earlier and the 1960-64 average of 59 million pounds. Stocks in mid-December represented 23 percent of the 1966 crop compared with in 1965.

The 1966 season was generally favorable throughout the United States except in the South Atlantic and Southwestern areas, and in California. Production was generally curtailed in these areas by drought and high temperatures during summer months. In North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia, beekeepers reported that 1966 was one of the most unfavorable years on record for honey production. California, the number one honey producing State, had the lowest yield per colony since 1961.

Production of honey was higher than, or the same as, last year in 31 States and lower in 18 States. In the top 10 honey producing States, only California and Texas had lower production in 1966 than in 1965.

Honey producers received an average of 17.4 cents per pound for honey sold during 1966. This compares with the 1965 average price of 17.8 cents and is the second consecutive year that the price has declined. These prices relate to all wholesale and retail sales of extracted, chunk, and comb honey from both large and small apiaries owned by farmers and non-farmers.

The honey and beeswax estimates for 1955 through 1964 have been revised in conjunction with the 1964 Census review of all commodities. No data on the number of colonies or honey production were available from the 1964 Census of Agriculture. Information on State inspections and registrations, reports from commercial honey buyers and packers, and other information which became available after the original estimates were made necessitated revising estimates for some States for all or part of the 1955-64 period.

Revised estimates by States for the years 1955-64 are shown in Statistical Bulletin 388 "Honey and Beeswax," U. S. Department of Agriculture, Statistical Reporting Service. This bulletin is available on request.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Number of Colonies, Production per Colony, Total Production, 1965-1966, Average Price per Pound and Value of Production, 1966, All States

State	Colonies of Bees		Yield per Colony		Total Honey Production		Average Price per Pound	Value of Production
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1966	1966
	Thousands		Pounds		Thousand Pounds		Cents	Thous. Dols.
Maine	5	5	19	31	95	155	42.4	66
New Hampshire	5	5	29	40	145	200	41.1	82
Vermont	8	8	41	47	328	376	32.8	123
Massachusetts	10	10	21	22	210	220	40.2	88
Rhode Island	2	2	23	22	46	44	37.6	17
Connecticut	10	10	18	18	180	180	38.8	70
New York	178	164	42	54	7,476	8,856	16.5	1,461
New Jersey	35	36	35	34	1,225	1,224	32.3	395
Pennsylvania	119	117	30	32	3,570	3,744	22.4	839
Ohio	160	149	40	41	6,400	6,109	19.2	1,173
Indiana	103	98	57	62	5,871	6,076	19.9	1,209
Illinois	96	91	65	67	6,240	6,097	20.3	1,238
Michigan	115	116	63	74	7,245	8,584	16.6	1,425
Wisconsin	136	142	73	105	9,928	14,910	17.2	2,565
Minnesota	191	195	83	92	15,853	17,940	15.4	2,763
Iowa	133	137	85	104	11,305	14,248	16.6	2,365
Missouri	97	102	68	65	5,626	6,630	22.9	1,518
North Dakota	41	44	98	105	4,018	4,620	13.2	610
South Dakota	92	95	98	112	9,016	10,640	14.4	1,532
Nebraska	96	99	85	95	8,160	9,405	14.2	1,336
Kansas	49	49	68	65	3,332	3,185	17.8	567
Delaware	5	5	30	37	150	185	35.0	65
Maryland	33	32	28	40	924	1,280	29.7	380
Virginia	112	106	27	18	3,024	1,908	29.2	557
West Virginia	97	89	20	12	1,940	1,068	34.8	372
North Carolina	209	213	28	10	5,852	2,130	28.6	609
South Carolina	60	60	25	11	1,500	660	31.2	206
Georgia	170	172	41	24	6,970	4,128	18.8	776
Florida	294	294	55	68	16,170	19,992	16.8	3,359
Kentucky	95	88	22	22	2,090	1,936	35.8	693
Tennessee	149	142	19	20	2,831	2,840	31.7	900
Alabama	105	99	26	27	2,730	2,673	23.6	631
Mississippi	65	65	36	32	2,340	2,080	21.3	443
Arkansas	86	90	27	26	2,322	2,340	22.3	521
Louisiana	85	86	35	39	2,975	3,354	16.4	550
Oklahoma	49	49	46	37	2,254	1,813	24.2	439
Texas	230	239	56	51	12,880	12,189	15.7	1,914
Montana	80	80	72	80	5,760	6,400	15.4	986
Idaho	209	210	43	50	8,987	10,500	15.2	1,596
Wyoming	33	31	35	71	1,155	2,201	14.6	321
Colorado	54	53	68	82	3,672	4,346	16.5	717
New Mexico	13	14	71	73	923	1,022	13.9	142
Arizona	96	96	70	68	6,720	6,528	12.2	796
Utah	50	51	44	51	2,200	2,601	15.5	403
Nevada	9	9	60	68	540	612	14.1	86
Washington	91	91	45	44	4,095	4,004	12.6	505
Oregon	64	67	41	47	2,624	3,149	19.6	617
California	553	559	62	38	34,286	21,242	13.4	2,846
48 States	4,777	4,764	51.1	51.8	244,183	246,624	17.4	42,872
Hawaii	6	6	61	58	366	348	15.7	55
UNITED STATES	4,783	4,770	51.1	51.8	244,549	246,972	17.4	42,927

HONEY: Number of Colonies, Yield and Production, United States and Minnesota 1955-66

Year	UNITED STATES			MINNESOTA		
	Number of Colonies	Yield per Colony	Honey Production	Number of Colonies	Yield per Colony	Honey Production
	Thousand Colonies	Pounds	Thousand Colonies	Thousand Colonies	Pounds	Thousand Colonies
1955	5,252	48.6	255,222	236	100	23,600
1956	5,195	41.2	214,035	224	80	17,920
1957	5,199	46.4	241,218	222	84	18,648
1958	5,152	50.6	260,522	211	110	23,210
1959	5,109	46.3	236,578	215	110	23,650
1960	5,005	48.5	242,802	202	102	20,604
1961	4,992	51.3	255,868	208	104	21,632
1962	4,900	50.9	249,608	191	79	15,089
1963	4,849	55.0	266,778	195	99	19,305
1964	4,840	51.9	251,188	203	95	19,285
1965	4,783	51.1	244,549	191	83	15,853
1966	4,770	51.8	246,972	195	92	17,940

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

JAN 27 1966

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 26, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 21, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 1,420,000 turkey poults during the week ending January 21, 1967, an increase of 39 percent from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Hatchings of heavy breed poults totaled 1,208,000 which was 52 percent above the same week of 1966, while light breed poult production for the ten States totaled 212,000 poults, 6 percent below last year.

The ten State settings of all breeds totaled 3,929,000 eggs for the week ending January 21, a level 23 percent above the corresponding week of 1966. The number of heavy

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
December 31	607	752	200	197	807	949	118
January 7, 1967	617	986	238	197	855	1,183	138
January 14	778	1,108	210	167	988	1,275	129
January 21	794	1,208	226	212	1,020	1,420	139
Eggs Set							
December 3	938	1,199	301	303	1,239	1,502	118
December 10	975	1,517	347	311	1,322	1,828	142
December 17	1,235	1,760	358	287	1,593	2,047	128
December 24	1,279	1,735	356	333	1,635	2,068	126
December 31	1,637	2,019	267	337	1,904	2,356	124
January 7, 1967	1,854	2,555	244	289	2,098	2,844	136
January 14	2,317	2,917	366	356	2,683	3,273	122
January 21	2,892	3,520	310	409	3,202	3,929	123
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
December 31	151	86	104	111	255	197	77
January 7, 1967	130	149	116	113	246	262	107
January 14	162	232	68	110	230	342	149
January 21	172	236	88	95	260	331	127
Eggs Set							
December 3	246	146	150	170	396	316	67
December 10	207	224	163	182	370	406	108
December 17	277	370	108	169	385	539	140
December 24	291	345	133	146	424	491	109
December 31	319	326	125	205	444	531	120
January 7, 1967	368	546	109	135	477	681	143
January 14	522	685	145	167	667	852	128
January 21	706	856	117	145	823	1,001	122
California							
Poults Hatched							
December 31	293	405	7	7	300	412	137
January 7, 1967	235	405	14	9	249	414	166
January 14	290	418	8	8	298	426	143
January 21	252	467	9	10	261	477	183
Eggs Set							
December 3	452	634	9	9	461	643	145
December 10	363	645	18	11	381	656	183
December 17	439	639	11	10	450	649	144
December 24	374	753	12	13	386	766	198
December 31	397	754	12	14	409	768	188
January 7, 1967	421	884	13	0	434	884	204
January 14	638	1,056	12	32	650	1,088	167
January 21	673	1,007	4	18	677	1,025	151

Confidential.

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virgina, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

breed eggs set was 3,520,000, up 22 percent. Light breed settings totaled 409,000 eggs, 32 percent above the 1966 level.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending January 21 totaled 331,000 poults of all breeds, 27 percent above the 1966 level for the same week. The hatch included 236,000 heavy breed poults and 95,000 light breed poults. Compared with the previous year the heavy breed hatchings were up 37 percent and light breeds were up 8 percent.

Eggs set for all breed types in the two States totaled 1,001,000 which was 22 percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 856,000 eggs compared with 706,000 a year earlier. Light breed eggs set totaled 145,000 as against 117,000 for the same week of 1966.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 34 percent of the week's hatch compared with 16 percent the previous week and 10 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
April	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502	174	0	0	234	657	1,254	1,461	744	1,166
Dec.	589	327	15	57	298	622	2,167	3,439	886	1,172
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
April	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852	514	15	52	405	846	2,951	4,953	1,157	1,602
Jan. 1967	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested in Minnesota during December 1966 included 71,796 heavy white, 3,288 other heavy and 1,091 light breeds. The cumulative totals for July through December 1966 are 376,428 heavy white, 98,428 other heavy and 37,169 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months of 1965 were 407,200 heavy white, 162,027 other heavy and 10,863 light breed turkeys.

UNITED STATES: Testings of heavy breed turkeys by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during December 1966 totaled 765,867 or 1 percent below the same month a year earlier. The number of heavy white breed turkeys tested was up 9 percent while the number of other heavy breeds tested was down 15 percent from December 1965. For all heavy breeds, accumulative testings July through December 1966 totaled 3,289,153 birds, an increase of 12 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during December totaled 34,597, an increase of 60 percent from December 1965. Testings of light breeds July through December 1966 totaled 154,718, an increase of 5 percent from the same period a year earlier.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 30, 1967

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
December 1966

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during December 1966 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 166,000 head, down 6 percent from the previous month, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,087 pounds per head, up 12 pounds from the previous month and 14 pounds above December 1965.

December calf slaughter was 18,700 head compared with 18,900 during November 1966. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 167 pounds, 7 pounds lighter than November but 4 pounds heavier than a year ago.

The hog kill in December totaled 527,000 head, down 3 percent from November. The average liveweight at 254 pounds was 4 pounds lighter than November and also 4 pounds lighter than December a year earlier.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during December 1966 totaled 88,500 head compared with 98,000 in November. The average liveweight of sheep and lambs slaughtered during December at 108 pounds was 3 pounds heavier than the 105 pound average for both November 1966 and December 1965.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during December in the 48 States totaled 2,860 million pounds. This was down slightly from the November total of 2,872 million pounds. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms or ranches. There were 32,095 million pounds of red meat produced during 1966, an increase of 5 percent from 1965. Of the 1966 total, 19,460 million pounds were beef, up 6 percent from a year earlier; 862 million pounds were veal, down 8 percent; 11,135 million pounds were pork, up 4 percent; and 638 million pounds were lamb and mutton, virtually the same as in 1965. Lard production during 1966 was 1,898 million pounds, down 4 percent from 1965. The number of cattle slaughtered during 1966 was 4 percent greater than in 1965; calves were down 11 percent; hogs up slightly; and sheep and lambs down 2 percent.

Beef production during December was 1,638 million pounds, down less than 1 percent from November 1966. The average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,035 pounds, up 14 pounds from November 1966 and 18 pounds more than December 1965. The total commercial cattle kill during December was 2,757,200 head, 2 percent less than November 1966. The December number of cattle slaughtered in Federally inspected plants was 2,256,900 head, 2 percent less than the number slaughtered in December last year.

There were 64 million pounds of veal produced during December, 11 percent less than November 1966. Commercial calf slaughter during December totaled 535,600 head, 7 percent less than a month earlier. Federally inspected calf slaughter in December was 366,300 head, 15 percent less than December 1965.

Pork production during December totaled 1,107 million pounds, virtually the same as in November 1966. The commercial hog kill during December totaled 7,259,300, 1 percent more than the preceding month. Hogs slaughtered in Federally inspected plants totaled 6,215,200 head, up 24 percent from December last year. Lard rendered per 100 pounds live weight was 10.4 pounds, the same as in November 1966, and compared with 11.1 pounds in December 1965.

There were 51 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced in December, 2 percent more than a month earlier. Total commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs was 990,400 head, down slightly from November 1966. Federally inspected sheep and lambs slaughtered in December totaled 905,000 head, 1 percent less than last year.

Production of poultry meat during December amounted to 790 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 11 percent less than November 1966 but 14 percent greater than December 1965.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	December		December average Liveweight	
	1965	1966 5/	1965	1966
	1,000 Head		Pounds	
MINNESOTA:				
Cattle	141.0	166.0	1,073	1,087
Calves	23.9	18.7	163	167
Hogs	382.0	527.0	258	254
Sheep and Lambs	81.0	88.5	105	108
UNITED STATES:				
Cattle	2,779.5	2,757.2	1,017	1,035
Calves	626.0	535.6	210	217
Hogs	5,814.1	7,259.3	243	244
Sheep and Lambs	1,006.7	990.4	103	104

DECEMBER COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, WITH COMPARISONS

Month and year	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	- Million Pounds -						
December 1965	1,585	72	863	51	2,571	695	157
November 1966 5/	1,647	72	1,103	50	2,872	888	7/ 182
December 1966 5/	1,638	64	1,107	51	2,860	790	184
Jan.-Dec. 1965 6/	18,325	936	10,736	639	30,636	7,998	1,980
Jan.-Dec. 1966 5/ 6/	19,460	862	11,135	638	32,095	8,811	1,898

1/ Excludes farm slaughter. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Data for 1966 not comparable with previous year due to change in definition to include custom slaughtering in plants for farmers as part of the commercial meat production estimates beginning with January 1966. 6/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data. 7/ Revised.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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January 30, 1967

INTENTIONS TO RAISE TURKEYS

MINNESOTA: Minnesota turkey growers intend to raise 18,338,000 turkeys in 1967, up 12 percent from the number raised in 1966. This forecast is based on intentions reported by the growers in early January to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. By breed types, growers plan to raise 9,341,000 heavy whites - 14 percent more than in 1966; 3,090,000 bronze - 4 percent above 1966; and 5,907,000 light breed birds up 12 percent from last year.

Minnesota ranked second in the number of turkeys raised in 1966; California was first and Missouri third. Last year, Minnesota accounted for 14 percent of the turkeys produced in the United States, while California and Minnesota combined raised 29 percent of the total birds.

UNITED STATES: Turkey growers intend to raise 8 percent more turkeys in 1967 than last year. Present plans of growers are to increase heavy breeds 8 percent and light breeds 9 percent. Assuming growers carry out their intentions, the 1967 turkey crop for the Nation would be about 125.2 million, a new record, compared with the revised estimate of 115.7 million turkeys raised in 1966. Increased production is planned in all regions except the North Atlantic. Increases are: South Central 15 percent, South Atlantic 12 percent, West 10 percent, West North Central 5 percent, and East North Central 3 percent. In the North Atlantic region production is expected to be down 5 percent.

Growers plan to produce 107.7 million heavy breed turkeys in 1967, an increase of 8 percent from last year. Present plans indicate that heavy breed turkeys will account for 86 percent of the total turkeys raised in 1967, the same as in 1966. The total heavy breeds include both heavy white and other heavy or bronze birds.

Producers intend to raise 17.5 million light breed turkeys in 1967, up 9 percent from last year. The number of lights to be raised in 1967 is up in all regions except the East North Central which is down 10 percent and the North Atlantic which is the same as raised in 1966. Increases are 16 percent in the West, 12 percent in the South Atlantic, 10 percent in the West North Central, and 6 percent in the South Central.

The number of turkeys actually raised in 1967 may vary somewhat from the January 1, 1967 intentions of growers. Such changes depend on growers' reactions to this report, price of feed, supply and prices of hatching eggs, and poults, and prices received for turkeys during the next few months.

Testing of all heavy breeds July through December were up 12 percent from the corresponding period in 1965. The July-December testings of light breeds were up 5 percent from the same months last year. Testing of breeders indicate that hatching egg supplies will be more than adequate to permit growers to increase output this year.

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Agr'l. Statistician

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State Agricultural Statistician

Turkeys: Number raised 1966 and intended number to be raised in 1967, by breeds, by States

State and division	1966			1967			Total turkeys 1967 as % of 1966
	Heavy breeds	Light breeds	Total	Heavy breeds	Light breeds	Total	
	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	Percent
Maine	45	2	47	49	2	51	109
New Hampshire	74	6	80	74	6	80	100
Vermont	33	0	33	35	0	35	106
Massachusetts	243	11	254	236	12	248	98
Rhode Island	19	0	19	21	0	21	111
Connecticut	153	4	157	176	4	180	115
New York	352	26	378	345	26	371	98
New Jersey	592	18	610	298	17	315	52
Pennsylvania	1,648	265	1,913	1,764	265	2,029	106
North Atlantic	3,159	332	3,491	2,998	332	3,330	95
Ohio	2,991	745	3,736	3,895	670	4,565	122
Indiana	3,911	289	4,200	3,925	306	4,231	101
Illinois	1,276	60	1,336	1,158	58	1,216	91
Michigan	1,208	96	1,304	1,031	77	1,108	85
Wisconsin	5,350	177	5,527	5,417	124	5,541	100
E. N. Central	14,736	1,367	16,103	15,426	1,235	16,661	103
Minnesota	11,165	5,274	16,439	12,431	5,907	18,338	112
Iowa	6,895	328	7,223	7,000	387	7,387	102
Missouri	9,457	533	9,990	8,771	458	9,229	92
North Dakota	1,044	77	1,121	1,307	95	1,402	125
South Dakota	587	444	1,031	660	488	1,148	111
Nebraska	902	19	921	1,000	10	1,010	110
Kansas	562	48	610	704	29	733	120
W. N. Central	30,612	6,723	37,335	31,873	7,374	39,247	105
Delaware	102	216	318	92	214	306	96
Maryland	182	48	230	173	50	223	97
Virginia	2,764	3,470	6,234	2,960	4,164	7,124	114
West Virginia	663	1,264	1,927	694	1,239	1,933	100
North Carolina	4,453	828	5,281	5,049	828	5,877	111
South Carolina	1,130	0	1,130	1,390	0	1,390	123
Georgia	1,629	80	1,709	1,928	120	2,048	120
Florida	22	181	203	22	181	203	100
South Atlantic	10,945	6,087	17,032	12,308	6,796	19,104	112
Kentucky	569	19	588	412	5	417	71
Tennessee	42	0	42	41	0	41	98
Alabama	1,257	21	1,278	1,070	20	1,090	85
Mississippi	85	1	86	94	1	95	110
Arkansas	6,055	420	6,475	6,659	630	7,289	113
Louisiana	11	1	12	8	1	9	75
Oklahoma	1,298	111	1,409	1,541	33	1,574	112
Texas	6,323	104	6,427	8,268	27	8,295	129
South Central	15,640	677	16,317	18,093	717	18,810	115
Mont.& Idaho 1/	222	13	235	294	16	310	132
Wyoming	4	0	4	4	0	4	100
Colorado	2,287	12	2,299	2,454	8	2,462	107
New Mexico	11	1	12	11	1	12	100
Arizona	93	1	94	111	1	112	119
Utah	3,346	36	3,382	3,816	41	3,857	114
Nevada	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Washington	457	49	506	439	200	639	126
Oregon	1,410	315	1,725	1,536	299	1,835	106
California	16,733	454	17,187	18,370	454	18,824	110
Western	24,563	881	25,444	27,035	1,020	28,055	110
United States	99,655	16,067	115,722	107,733	17,474	125,207	108

1/ Montana and Idaho combined to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-January 1967

MINNESOTA: Index of prices received by Minnesota farmers in mid-January was 92 percent of the 1947-49 average which was the same as last month but down 1 point from a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Prices of crops and dairy products continued at higher levels than a year ago, but livestock and poultry products were down.

Compared with mid-December the crop index at 82 percent was up 1 point and 10 points above last year. The livestock index at 98 percent was up 3 points from last month but 19 points below a year ago. Dairy products at 114 percent was down 2 points from mid-December but 17 points above the mid-January 1966 level. Poultry and eggs at 66 percent was down 3 points from last year. Barley prices were up 4 cents a bushel from mid-December and oats was up 1 cent. Corn at $1.22 a bushel remained unchanged from last month while most other crops were down. Soybeans were down 9 cents a bushel, wheat down 4 cents, and rye and flax were down 1 cent per bushel.

Hog prices at $18.80 per hundredweight were up 20 cents from last month but $8.70 per hundredweight below last year's level. Cattle at $20.90 per hundredweight were 80 cents above December and 90 cents per hundredweight above January 1966. Calves at $29.00 per hundredweight were up $2.80 from last month but down 40 cents per hundredweight from a year ago. Lamb prices at $22.30 unchanged from last month and down $5.20 per hundredweight from last year. Sheep were up 10 cents per hundredweight from mid-December but still 30 cents below a year ago. Milk prices dropped for the fourth consecutive month and at $4.17 per hundredweight were down 8 cents from last month. Compared with a year ago, however, they were up 68 cents per hundredweight. Turkeys averaged 22 cents per pound, down 3 cents from last month and down 2 cents from last year. Eggs at 29.0 cents per dozen were down 3 cents from mid-December and down ½ cent from mid-January 1966.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	Jan. 15 Av. 1959-63	Jan. 15 1964	Jan. 15 1965	Jan. 15 1966	Dec. 15 1966	Jan. 15 1967
All Farm Products	79	77	79	93	92	92
Crops	65	73	80	72	81	82
Livestock	89	78	81	117	95	98
Dairy Products	91	91	92	97	116	114
Poultry and Eggs	62	68	53	69	72	66

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-14=100	Jan. 15 1963	Jan. 15 1964	Jan. 15 1965	Jan. 15 1966	Dec. 15 1966	Jan. 15 1967
Prices Received	247	243	236	263	258	255
Prices Paid 1/	312	313	317	327	337	340
Parity Ratio	79	78	74	80	77	75

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity -- Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			January 15, 1967			
		Jan. 15, 1966	Dec. 15, 1966	Jan. 15, 1967	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.50	1.75	1.71	1.63	1.64	1.61	1.57
Rye	Bu.	1.08	1.03	1.02	1.10	.90	.96	.982
Corn	Bu.	.94	1.22	1.22	1.24	1.11	1.19	1.28
Oats	Bu.	.61	.64	.65	.71	.56	.65	.682
Barley	Bu.	1.06	1.04	1.08	1.01	1.03	1.00	1.04
Soybeans	Bu.	2.63	2.80	2.71	2.77	2.58	2.69	2.77
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.80	2.96	2.95	2.90	2.85	2.92	2.87
All Hay, Baled	Ton	20.00	18.50	20.50	21.20	15.00	20.60	25.50
Potatoes	Cwt.	1.50	1.60	2.10	-	2.00	2.20	2.36
Hogs	Cwt.	27.50	18.60	18.90	18.80	18.70	18.50	18.90
Cows	Cwt.	14.50	15.50	16.80	16.40	15.50	15.60	16.30
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	24.20	22.10	23.20	24.40	23.50	23.90	23.90
Cattle, All	Cwt.	20.00	20.10	20.90	22.90	21.00	21.90	21.70
Calves	Cwt.	29.40	26.20	29.00	26.00	27.50	28.10	26.10
Sheep	Cwt.	7.90	7.50	7.60	5.40	5.50	5.20	6.90
Lambs	Cwt.	27.50	22.30	22.30	21.40	21.30	22.50	21.90
Milk Cows	Head	230.00	285.00	280.00	270.00	230.00	235.00	256.00
Milk-Wholesale	Cwt.	3.49	4.25	4.17	4.45	4.35	4.30	5.15
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.66	.74	.74	.69	.70	.68	.667
Turkeys-Live	Lb.	.240	.250	.220	.220	.220	.230	.226
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.055	.060	.060	.050	.050	.055	.091
Eggs	Doz.	.295	.320	.290	.290	.290	.271	.374
Wool	Lb.	.49	.46	.42	.43	.45	.46	.456
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.05	3.60	3.70	4.05	3.30	3.60	3.91
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	4.90	5.20	5.30	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.60
Hog Feed, 29% and Over	Cwt.	6.10	6.50	6.60	6.70	-	-	6.62
Beef Cattle Feed, 30% and Over	Cwt.	4.90	5.20	5.30	5.50		-	5.03
Dairy Feed, 16%	Cwt.	3.15	3.50	3.45	4.20	-	3.80	4.09
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.90	3.18	3.19	3.22	3.03	3.01	3.73
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.35	4.60	4.65	5.20	5.10	5.00	4.73
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog-Corn 1/		29.3	15.2	15.4	15.2	16.8	15.5	14.8
Beef-Corn 1/		25.7	18.1	19.0	19.7	21.2	20.1	18.7
Egg-Feed 2/		10.2	10.1	9.1	9.0	9.6	9.0	10.0
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		1.9	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.4

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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FEB 3 1966

Immediate Release

February 2, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending January 28, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 1,510,000 turkey poults during the week ending January 28, 1967, an increase of 30 percent from a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Hatchings of heavy breed poults totaled 1,301,000 which was 32 percent above the same week of 1966. Light breed poult production for the ten States totaled 209,000 poults, a level 22 percent above last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
January 7, 1967	617	986	238	197	855	1,183	138
January 14	778	1,108	210	167	988	1,275	129
January 21	794	1,208	226	212	1,020	1,420	139
January 28	989	1,301	171	209	1,160	1,510	130
Eggs Set							
December 10	975	1,517	347	311	1,322	1,828	142
December 17	1,235	1,760	358	287	1,593	2,047	128
December 24	1,279	1,735	356	333	1,635	2,068	126
December 31	1,637	2,019	267	337	1,904	2,356	124
January 7, 1967	1,854	2,555	244	289	2,098	2,844	136
January 14	2,317	2,917	366	356	2,683	3,273	122
January 21	2,892	3,520	310	409	3,202	3,929	123
January 28	3,603	4,166	317	339	3,920	4,505	115
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
January 7, 1967	130	149	116	113	246	262	107
January 14	162	232	68	110	230	342	149
January 21	172	236	88	95	260	331	127
January 28	186	221	80	127	266	348	131
Eggs Set							
December 10	207	224	163	182	370	406	108
December 17	277	370	108	169	385	539	140
December 24	291	345	133	146	424	491	109
December 31	319	326	125	205	444	531	120
January 7, 1967	368	546	109	135	477	681	143
January 14	522	685	145	167	667	852	128
January 21	706	856	117	145	823	1,001	122
January 28	987	976	107	128	1,094	1,104	101
California							
Poults Hatched							
January 7, 1967	235	405	14	9	249	414	166
January 14	290	418	8	8	298	426	143
January 21	252	467	9	10	261	477	183
January 28	264	434	9	11	273	445	163
Eggs Set							
December 10	363	645	18	11	381	656	183
December 17	439	639	11	10	450	649	144
December 24	374	753	12	13	386	766	198
December 31	397	754	12	14	409	768	188
January 7, 1967	421	884	13	0	434	884	204
January 14	638	1,056	12	32	650	1,088	167
January 21	673	1,007	4	18	677	1,025	151
January 28	882	1,357	0	11	882	1,368	155

\# Confidential.

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virgina, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The ten State settings of all breeds totaled 4,505,000 eggs for the week ending January 28, up 15 percent from the corresponding week of 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 4,166,000, up 16 percent and light breed settings totaled 339,000 eggs, 7 percent above the 1966 level.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending January 28 totaled 348,000 poults of all breeds, 31 percent above the number produced during the same week of 1966. The hatch included 221,000 heavy breed and 127,000 light breed poults. Compared with the previous year heavy breed hatchings were up 19 percent and light breeds were up 59 percent.

Eggs set for all breed types in the two States totaled 1,104,000 which was about one percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 976,000 eggs compared with 987,000 a year earlier. Light breed eggs set totaled 128,000 as against 107,000 for the same week of 1966.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 33 percent of the week's hatch compared with 34 percent the previous week and 24 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
April	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502	174	0	0	234	657	1,254	1,461	744	1,166
Dec.	589	327	15	57	298	622	2,167	3,439	886	1,172
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
April	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852	514	15	52	405	846	2,951	4,953	1,157	1,602
Jan. 1967	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501

J. S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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Immediate Release

February 9, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending February 4, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 1,813,000 turkey poults during the week ending February 4, 1967, an increase of 36 percent from the corresponding week a year earlier, according to the Crop Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Hatchings of heavy breed poults totaled 1,619,000 which was 37 percent above the same week of 1966. Light breed poult production for the ten States totaled 194,000 poults, a level 26 percent above last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
January 14	778	1,108	210	167	988	1,275	129
January 21	794	1,208	226	212	1,020	1,420	139
January 28	989	1,301	171	209	1,160	1,510	130
February 4	1,181	1,619	154	194	1,335	1,813	136
			Eggs Set				
December 17	1,235	1,760	358	287	1,593	2,047	128
December 24	1,279	1,735	356	333	1,635	2,068	126
December 31	1,637	2,019	267	337	1,904	2,356	124
Jan. 7, 1967	1,854	2,555	244	289	2,098	2,844	136
January 14	2,317	2,917	366	356	2,683	3,273	122
January 21	2,892	3,520	310	409	3,202	3,929	123
January 28	3,603	4,166	317	339	3,920	4,505	115
February 4	4,182	4,393	327	382	4,509	4,775	106
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
January 14	162	232	68	110	230	342	149
January 21	172	236	88	95	260	331	127
January 28	186	221	80	127	266	348	131
February 4	229	330	70	86	299	416	139
			Eggs Set				
December 17	277	370	108	169	385	539	140
December 24	291	345	133	146	424	491	109
December 31	319	326	125	205	444	531	120
Jan. 7, 1967	368	546	109	135	477	681	143
January 14	522	685	145	167	667	852	128
January 21	706	856	117	145	823	1,001	122
January 28	987	976	107	128	1,094	1,104	101
February 4	1,098	1,031	82	98	1,180	1,129	96
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
January 14	290	418	8	8	298	426	143
January 21	252	467	9	10	261	477	183
January 28	264	434	9	11	273	445	163
February 4	273	504	10	0	283	504	178
			Eggs Set				
December 17	439	639	11	10	450	649	144
December 24	374	753	12	13	386	766	198
December 31	397	754	12	14	409	768	188
Jan. 7, 1967	421	884	13	0	434	884	204
January 14	638	1,056	12	32	650	1,088	167
January 21	673	1,007	4	18	677	1,025	151
January 28	882	1,357	0	11	882	1,368	155
February 4	1,113	1,295	17	8	1,130	1,303	115

\# Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia Minnesota and Wisconsin

The ten State settings of all breeds totaled 4,775,000 eggs for the week ending February 4, up 6 percent from the corresponding week of 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 4,393,000, up 5 percent and light breed settings totaled 382,000 eggs, 17 percent above the 1966 level.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending February 4 totaled 416,000 poults of all breeds, 39 percent above the number produced during the same week of 1966. The hatch included 330,000 heavy breed and 86,000 light breed poults. Compared with the previous year, heavy breed hatchings were up 44 percent and light breeds were up 23 percent.

Eggs set for all breed types in the two States totaled 1,129,000 eggs which is 4 percent below the same week of 1966. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 1,031,000 eggs compared with 1,098,000 a year earlier. Light breed eggs set totaled 98,000 as against 82,000 for the same week of 1966.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 33 percent of the week's hatch compared with 33 percent the previous week and 29 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U.S. 1965-1966

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966
	- Poults Hatched - Thousands -									
Jan.	621	679	92	114	188	331	3,191	4,759	779	1,106
Feb.	869	1,233	656	588	154	177	7,801	10,345	781	818
March	2,120	2,786	2,016	1,226	158	159	18,282	20,013	1,098	1,072
April	2,249	3,075	1,760	1,107	141	167	20,848	22,317	1,318	1,399
May	2,602	3,441	1,607	1,036	171	214	21,249	22,781	1,651	1,612
June	2,577	2,968	757	314	209	309	16,119	17,033	1,703	1,693
July	2,045	1,987	112	11	381	427	8,167	8,460	1,846	1,843
Aug.	1,160	1,003	101	2	321	380	2,408	2,097	1,164	1,369
Sept.	671	577	6	0	293	353	980	871	738	1,014
Oct.	361	192	0	0	377	672	824	1,060	880	1,300
Nov.	502	174	0	0	234	657	1,254	1,461	744	1,166
Dec.	589	327	15	57	298	622	2,167	3,439	886	1,172
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	951	938	126	143	276	455	3,741	6,431	920	1,368
Feb.	1,526	2,082	1,037	968	256	272	11,012	15,885	1,126	1,308
March	3,003	3,961	2,872	1,736	217	231	26,550	27,882	1,600	1,536
April	3,405	4,779	2,705	1,693	216	225	32,157	33,929	1,898	2,042
May	4,115	5,558	2,745	1,744	229	276	34,807	36,210	2,530	2,263
June	4,297	5,245	1,648	596	275	424	28,545	30,212	2,701	2,421
July	3,529	3,429	207	20	508	607	15,088	16,356	2,826	2,784
Aug.	2,207	1,688	185	6	485	538	4,732	4,081	2,143	1,997
Sept.	1,245	1,028	11	0	442	515	1,766	1,477	1,259	1,546
Oct.	569	772	0	0	608	543	1,379	1,879	1,356	1,476
Nov.	772	354	0	0	358	850	1,756	2,078	1,016	1,582
Dec.	852	514	15	52	405	846	2,951	4,953	1,157	1,602
Jan. 1967	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Immediate Release

February 13, 1967

POTATO STOCKS REPORT
February 1, 1967

Estimates of total stocks in this report represent all potatoes held by growers and local dealers in or near producing areas. They include quantities available for sale for table use, seed and processing after February 1. They also include quantities to be used on farms where grown for livestock feed, seed and household consumption and include potatoes that will be lost through shrinkage, decay and dumping after February 1.

MINNESOTA: Total potato stocks of 4,900,000 hundredweight were held by growers and dealers in Minnesota storages on February 1, 1967, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. These stocks were 12 percent less than the 5,600,000 hundredweight on hand February 1, 1966. Disappearance to February 1,1967 represented 52 percent of the fall crop compared to disappearance of 54 percent to that date last year.

UNITED STATES: Storage stocks of potatoes held by growers and local dealers in fall producing areas of the country totaled 98.3 million hundredweight on February 1, 1967. This was 1 percent less than the 99.6 million hundredweight on hand February 1, 1966. These stocks consist of fall potatoes held for all uses on February 1.

Stocks in the eight eastern fall States totaled 36.2 million hundredweight on February 1, 1967 compared with 30.5 million a year earlier and the largest since 1963. Maine holdings were 27.7 million, 23 percent above last year and the largest since 1963. February 1 stocks on Long Island were also considerably above a year earlier while stocks in Upstate New York were only slightly above last year. Pennsylvania holdings were well below a year earlier. Holdings in the nine central fall States, at 19.6 million hundredweight this February 1, were 8 percent below the holdings of 21.4 million a year earlier. Wisconsin had slightly larger holdings than last year but Michigan, Minnesota and North Dakota combined had 11 percent smaller holdings than in 1966. In the nine western fall States stocks were 42.4 million, 11 percent less than the 47.7 million on February 1 last year. Somewhat larger stocks in Washington, Oregon and California were more than offset by lower stocks in Colorado and Idaho. Idaho with 24.5 million was 22 percent below last year while Colorado holdings were 7 percent under 1966.

Disappearance of 1966 fall crop potatoes from storage during January 1967 was 26.6 million hundredweight, 5 percent above January 1966 and just under the record high disappearance in January 1962. Disappearance during January 1966 was 25.4 million. Disappearance of 1966 fall potatoes from time of harvest to February 1 was 122.7 million hundredweight, a record high, and compares with a disappearance of 114.2 million from the 1965 crop during the comparable period. Movement of fall crop potatoes to chippers and fresh market outlets during January as indicated by rail and truck unloads in 41 cities was slightly less than a year earlier. However, the movement to these outlets for the season from time of harvest to February 1 was slightly above the same period a year earlier. The quantity of potatoes processed for other food products, excluding starch and flour, during January was slightly below the same month a year earlier but season totals to February 1 were somewhat above the comparable 1965-66 period. Shipments of fall potatoes to starch factories both during January for the season to February 1 were considerably above year earlier levels. Quantities moved by unrecorded shipments during January were large. Shrinkage and waste continue to run above a year ago, particularly in Idaho where losses have been large during the current season.

POTATOES: Production and total stocks of fall potatoes held by growers and local dealers on February 1, 1966 and February 1, 1967 1/

State	Crop of 1965		Crop of 1966	
	Production	Total stocks Feb. 1, 1966	Production	Total stocks Feb. 1, 1967
	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.
Maine	35,224	22,500	38,710	27,700
New Hampshire	278	100	266	100
Vermont	350	140	332	150
Massachusetts	1,035	310	960	350
Rhode Island	1,029	50	1,010	40
Connecticut	1,407	460	1,408	460
New York:				
Long Island	7,540	1,550	7,574	2,300
Upstate	8,600	3,000	9,020	3,100
Pennsylvania	6,940	2,350	5,874	2,050
8 Eastern	62,403	30,460	65,154	36,250
Ohio	1,906	450	1,638	250
Indiana	1,166	220	1,363	270
Michigan	8,700	3,550	7,955	3,280
Wisconsin	8,200	3,350	8,200	3,400
Minnesota	12,180	5,600	10,120	4,900
Iowa	435	40	450	35
North Dakota	15,225	7,300	13,375	6,450
South Dakota	600	175	783	250
Nebraska	1,660	710	1,700	800
9 Central	50,072	21,395	45,584	19,635
Montana	1,326	1,090	1,360	950
Idaho	61,365	31,300	66,050	24,500
Wyoming	630	200	540	150
Colorado	8,575	4,150	8,680	3,850
Utah	1,530	570	1,488	630
Nevada	180	70	176	45
Washington	11,160	4,200	13,690	5,500
Oregon	9,292	3,350	10,385	3,850
California	7,290	2,800	7,952	2,950
9 Western	101,348	47,730	110,321	42,425
Total 26 Fall States.	213,823	99,585	221,059	98,310

1/ Total stocks consist of "production less total disappearance to date."

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FEB 17 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 15, 1967

LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY ON FARMS
January 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle numbers on Minnesota farms continued to decline during 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Hog numbers were only 1 percent below the January 1, 1966 level. The continued decline in sheep and lamb numbers continued during 1966 and were at their lowest inventory number since January 1, 1927. The inventory of all chickens on January 1, 1967 was 13.2 million head, 3 percent above a year earlier. Turkey breeder hens were 1 percent below a year ago.

A six percent decrease in dairy cattle on Minnesota farms resulted in a decline of 5 percent in all cattle and calves to 4,077,000 head on January 1, 1967 compared to 4,292,000 head a year earlier. Beef cattle numbers declined only 4 percent during 1966. Milk cows on farms January 1, 1967 totaled 1,230,000 head, 5 percent less than on January 1, 1966. Beef cow numbers also declined 5 percent to 457,000 head.

At 2,652,000 head, all hogs and pigs were 1 percent below a year earlier on January 1 this year. The 1966 pig crop totaled 5,184,000 head, 6 percent above the 1965 pig crop.

All sheep and lambs on farms January 1, 1967 totaled 648,000 head, 5 percent less than on January 1, 1966. Stock sheep numbers were also down 5 percent to 513,000 head with ewes one year old and over and ewe lambs totaling 495,000 head, also 5 percent under the inventory number of January 1, 1966. Sheep and lambs on feed as of January 1, 1967 totaled 135,000 head compared to 144,000 head a year earlier.

The number of all chickens on farms, excluding commercial broilers, increased 3 percent during 1966 to 13,245,000 birds. Hens and pullets of laying age totaled 11,526,000 birds, 1 percent below the January 1, 1966 number. Turkey breeder hens on January 1, 1967 totaled 515,000 head, 1 percent less than the 520,000 birds a year earlier.

The total value of all livestock and poultry on Minnesota farms on January 1, 1967 was 777 million dollars, 2 percent above the 758 million dollars a year earlier. January 1 values were higher for cattle and chickens but lower for sheep, hogs and turkeys than on January 1, 1966. Cattle and calves were the leading species value-wise with a total value of 652 million dollars. Hogs were second with a value of 93 million dollars, chickens were third with a value of 15.9 million dollars, sheep and lambs, fourth with a value of 11.5 million dollars and the value of turkeys was 4 million dollars.

UNITED STATES: On January 1, 1967 there were 108.5 million cattle and calves on farms and ranches, a slightly smaller number than the revised level of 108.9 million head a year earlier and the second year of decline. An increase of 1 percent in beef cattle was more than offset by the 5 percent decrease in dairy cattle. The number of cows and heifers 2 years old and older kept for milk decreased 5 percent to 15.2 million head--the smallest number since 1893. The inventory of hogs and pigs on farms January 1 was 51.0 million head, an increase of 8 percent. All sheep and lambs totaled 23.7 million head, 4 percent below the revised level of a year earlier, and the smallest inventory since records began in 1867. The number of stock sheep and lambs declined 4 percent while the sheep and lambs on feed was down 6 percent. The number of chickens on farms increased 9 percent to 427.6 million head on January 1, 1967 while the number of turkeys increased 6 percent to 7.3 million head.

The total value of livestock and poultry on the Nation's farms and ranches January 1, 1967 was $18.9 billion, an increase of 7 percent from the $17.6 billion a year earlier. Meat animals (cattle, hogs and sheep) accounted for $18.3 billion of the current total. Meat animals on hand a year earlier were valued at $17.1 billion. The current inventory value of cattle and calves was $16.2 billion, up 12 percent from the level reached on January 1, 1966. Hogs and pigs contributed $1.7 billion to the livestock and poultry inventory value.

Eldon Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Number of livestock and poultry on farms, and value, January 1, Minnesota and United States, Average, 1966 and 1967

Class	Number on farms			Value per head			Total farm value		
	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	Average 1961-65	1966	1967
	Thousand head			Dollars			Thousand Dollars		
MINNESOTA:									
Cattle, All	4,355	4,292	4,077	137.00	139.00	160.00	596,166	596,588	652,320
Kept for milk 1/									
Cows and heifers, 2 yrs. and older	1,418	1,295	1,230	204.00	209.00	244.00	290,038	270,655	300,120
Heifers, 1-2 years	416	382	351	---	---	---	---	---	---
Heifer calves	428	372	351	---	---	---	---	---	---
Other 1/									
Cows and heifers, 2 yrs. and older	417	481	457	---	---	---	---	---	---
Heifers, 1-2 years	228	253	257	---	---	---	---	---	---
Calves	815	882	856	---	---	---	---	---	---
Steers, 1 yr. and over	584	580	534	---	---	---	---	---	---
Bulls, 1 yr. and over	49	47	41	---	---	---	---	---	---
Hogs and Pigs, All	3,532	2,679	2,652	27.70	48.40	35.10	98,018	129,664	93,085
Sheep and Lambs, All	891	684	648	---	---	---	12,749	12,924	11,459
Stock sheep 2/	688	540	513	14.10	18.60	17.60	9,720	10,044	9,029
Ewes, 1 yr. and over	563	447	420	---	---	---	---	---	---
Ewe lambs	97	74	75	---	---	---	---	---	---
Wethers and rams, 1 yr. and over	23	16	15	---	---	---	---	---	---
Wether and ram lambs	5	2	2	---	---	---	---	---	---
Sheep and lambs on feed 3/	203	144	135	---	---	---	---	---	---
Chickens, All	16,537	12,883	13,245	1.12	1.15	1.20	18,608	14,815	15,894
Hens	---	4,466	3,350	---	---	---	---	---	---
Pullets	---	7,175	8,176	---	---	---	---	---	---
Pullets, 3 mo. old and older not of laying age	---	426	673	---	---	---	---	---	---
Pullets, under 3 months	---	628	867	---	---	---	---	---	---
Other chickens	---	188	179	---	---	---	---	---	---
Turkeys, All 4/	725	848	795	3.98	5.30	5.10	2,908	4,494	4,054
Breeder hens	533	520	515	---	---	---	---	---	---
Total 5/	---	---	---	---	---	---	728,449	758,485	776,812
UNITED STATES:									
Cattle, All	103,892	108,862	108,491	131.00	133.00	149.00	13,601,131	14,442,853	16,151,486
Milk cows, 2 yrs. and over 1/	18,248	15,987	15,201	202.00	208.00	247.00	3,683,555	3,333,255	3,761,252
Hogs	55,544	47,414	51,035	26.00	45.20	33.70	1,447,672	2,143,507	1,719,575
Sheep, All	29,023	24,734	23,727	---	---	---	417,165	490,686	469,635
Sheep, Stock 2/	25,092	21,456	20,658	14.30	19.70	19.80	358,720	422,404	408,028
Chickens	379,086	393,019	427,619	1.18	1.21	1.20	446,793	474,876	511,798
Turkeys	6,380	6,905	7,340	4.36	5.26	4.95	27,844	36,303	36,357
Total 5/	---	---	---	---	---	---	15,940,605	17,588,225	18,888,851

1/ Included in "all cattle"
2/ Sheep kept mainly for stock or breeding purposes, included in "all sheep"
3/ Included in "all sheep"
4/ Does not include turkey fryers
5/ Includes: Cattle, hogs, all sheep, chickens and turkeys

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

February 16, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending February 11, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 2,183,000 turkey poults during the week ending February 11, 1967, an increase of 27 percent from the corresponding week of a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Hatchings of heavy breed poults totaled 1,973,000 which was 31 percent above the same week of 1966. Light breed poult production for the ten States totaled 210,000, a level 4 percent below last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
January 21	794	1,208	226	212	1,020	1,420	139
January 28	989	1,301	171	209	1,160	1,510	130
February 4	1,181	1,619	154	194	1,335	1,813	136
February 11	1,505	1,973	218	210	1,723	2,183	127
			Eggs Set				
Dec. 24, 1966	1,279	1,735	356	333	1,635	2,068	126
Dec. 31, 1966	1,637	2,019	267	337	1,904	2,356	124
January 7	1,854	2,555	244	289	2,098	2,844	136
January 14	2,317	2,917	366	356	2,683	3,273	122
January 21	2,892	3,520	310	409	3,202	3,929	123
January 28	3,603	4,166	317	339	3,920	4,505	115
February 4	4,182	4,393	327	382	4,509	4,775	106
February 11	4,834	5,009	311	397	5,145	5,406	105
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
January 21	172	236	88	95	260	331	127
January 28	186	221	80	127	266	348	131
February 4	229	330	70	86	299	416	139
February 11	313	432	80	98	393	530	135
			Eggs Set				
Dec. 24, 1966	291	345	133	146	424	491	109
Dec. 31, 1966	319	326	125	205	444	531	120
January 7	368	546	109	135	477	681	143
January 14	522	685	145	167	667	852	128
January 21	706	856	117	145	823	1,001	122
January 28	987	976	107	128	1,094	1,104	101
February 4	1,098	1,031	82	98	1,180	1,129	96
February 11	1,413	1,356	103	129	1,516	1,485	98
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
January 21	252	467	9	10	261	477	183
January 28	264	434	9	11	273	445	163
February 4	273	504	10	0	283	504	178
February 11	444	683	9	23	453	706	156
			Eggs Set				
Dec. 24, 1966	374	753	12	13	386	766	198
Dec. 31, 1966	397	754	12	14	409	768	188
January 7	421	884	13	0	434	884	204
January 14	638	1,056	12	32	650	1,088	167
January 21	673	1,007	4	18	677	1,025	151
January 28	882	1,357	0	11	882	1,368	155
February 4	1,113	1,295	17	8	1,130	1,303	115
February 11	1,273	1,521	13	8	1,286	1,529	119

\# Confidential.

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virgina, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The ten-State settings of all breeds totaled 5,406,000 eggs for the week ending February 11, up 5 percent from the corresponding week of 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 5,009,000, up 4 percent and light breed settings totaled 397,000 eggs, 28 percent above the 1966 level.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending February 11 totaled 530,000 poults of all breeds, 35 percent above the number produced during the same week of 1966. The hatch included 432,000 heavy breed and 98,000 light breed poults. Compared with the previous year heavy breed hatchings were up 38 percent and light breeds were up 22 percent.

Eggs set for all breed types in the two States totaled 1,485,000 eggs which

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	679	864	114	116	331	482	4,759	7,394	1,106	1,021
Feb.	1,233		588		177		10,345		818	
March	2,786		1,226		159		20,013		1,072	
April	3,075		1,107		167		22,317		1,399	
May	3,441		1,036		214		22,781		1,612	
June	2,968		314		309		17,033		1,693	
July	1,987		11		427		8,460		1,843	
Aug.	1,003		2		380		2,097		1,369	
Sept.	577		0		353		871		1,014	
Oct.	192		0		672		1,060		1,300	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,461		1,166	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,439		1,172	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501
Feb.	2,082	2,502	968	854	272	554	15,885	19,981	1,308	1,689
March	3,961		1,736		231		27,882		1,536	
April	4,779		1,693		225		33,929		2,042	
May	5,558		1,744		276		36,210		2,263	
June	5,245		596		424		30,212		2,421	
July	3,429		20		607		16,356		2,784	
Aug.	1,688		6		538		4,081		1,997	
Sept.	1,028		0		515		1,477		1,546	
Oct.	772		0		543		1,879		1,476	
Nov.	354		0		850		2,078		1,582	
Dec.	514		52		846		4,953		1,602	

was 2 percent below the same week of 1966. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 1,356,000 eggs compared with 1,413,000 a year earlier. Light breed eggs set totaled 129,000 as against 103,000 for the same week of 1966.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 29 percent of the week's hatch compared with 33 percent the previous week and 28 percent a year ago.

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February 17, 1967

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
January 1967

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,800,000 chicks during January 1967 which was 24 percent above January 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The January hatch consisted of 1,063,000 egg-type and 737,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was up 38 percent and broiler-type production was 8 percent above January 1966.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-January for Minnesota was $3.19 per 100 pounds compared with $3.18 the previous month and $2.90 a year earlier. On January 15 the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 9.1 compared with 10.1 the previous month and 10.2 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1966 1/	1967	Pct. Change from 1966	1966 1/	1967	Pct. Change from 1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January	772	1,063	+38	680	737	+ 8
February	774			587		
March	4,340			786		
April	6,736			1,200		
May	6,139			1,028		
June	2,485			886		
July	847			725		
August	730			695		
September	657			640		
October	836			606		
November	675			729		
December	819			667		

1/ Preliminary

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 262 million chicks during January, 3 percent more than a year earlier. The January hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 221 million, 2 percent more than a year earlier. Broiler-type eggs in incubators on February 1 were up 4 percent from a year earlier.

Egg-type chicks hatched during January are estimated at 41 million, 10 percent more than in January 1966 and a record high for the month in the series beginning with 1955. The January egg-type hatch was above a year earlier in all regions except the North Atlantic where there was a 2 percent decline. The largest regional increase from January 1966 was 20 percent in the South Atlantic, followed by 16 percent in the East North Central, 12 percent in the South Central, 8 percent in the West, and 5 percent in the West North Central. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on February 1 was 8 percent above a year earlier.

Broiler and Egg-Type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During January			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Chio	500	600	1,800	1,300
Indiana. . . .	2,375	2,110	1,400	2,525
Illinois . . .	49	18	1,083	1,176
Michigan . . .	400	1/	850	1,050
Wisconsin. . .	1,080	1,120	500	460
Minnesota. . .	680	737	772	1,063
Iowa	45	20	1,700	1,200
Missouri . . .	2,327	2,090	503	656
North Dakota .	1/	1/	0	10
South Dakota .	1/	1/	310	240
Nebraska . . .	50	34	338	350
Kansas	2	3	220	500
N. Central	1/ 7,511	1/ 7,136	9,476	10,530
UNITED STATES	218,156	221,484	36,904	40,579

1/ Included only in the North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 23, 1967

1966 CALF CROP REPORT

MINNESOTA: The 1966 Minnesota calf crop totaled 1,510,000 head, 6 percent less than the 1,608,000 head in 1965 and 7 percent above the 1960-64 average, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The number of calves born expressed asapercent of all cows and heifers 2 years old and older on January 1, 1966, was 85 percent compared with 86 percent in 1965. Of the 1,776,000 head of cows and heifers 2 years old and older on farms January 1, 1966, about 1,295,000 head were kep for milk production and 481,000 head were for beef purposes. On January 1, 1967, there were 1,687,000 head of cows 2 years old and older with 1,230,000 head kept for milk production and 457,000 head for beef purposes.

UNITED STATES: The 1966 calf crop for the United States was 43,473,000 head compared with 43,928,000 for 1965. This is the first decline in number of calves born from the previous year since 1958.

The decrease in the 1966 calf crop was the result of fewer cows and heifers 2 years old and older on farms January 1, 1966. There were 50,420,000 cows and heifers 2 years old and over on farms January 1, 1966 compared with 51,219,000 a year earlier.

The number of calves born in 1966 expressed as a percentage of cows and heifers 2 years old and older on hand at the beginning of the year was 86 percent, the same as a year earlier. This percentage is not strictly a calving rate because the January 1 inventory of cows and heifers 2 years old and older does not include all heifers that calve during the year and include some cows that died or were slaughtered before calving.

In the North Central States, 9 States had smaller calf crops than a year earlier, one had the same number and 2 had more calves born. Michigan--down 7 percent--had the greatest percentage decrease. Nebraska and South Dakota each showed a 1-percent increase.

Of the 8 South Atlantic States, 7 had amaller calf crops and 1 was larger. In the South Central region 4 States had smaller calf crops than a year earlier and 4 States showed an increase over the previous year. Texas, the largest cattle State in the Nation, had a 1-percent increase.

In the 11 Western States, 6 had smaller calf crops and 5 were larger than in 1965. Colorado with 4 percent more calves than a year earlier had the greatest percentage increase. Nevada was down the most with a 5-percent decrease.

The 1966 calf crop was smaller in all North Atlantic States with the decline ranging from 3 to 10 percent below a year earlier.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Calf crop, 1965 and 1966, by States

State	Cows and heifers 2 yrs. & older January 1			Calves born as percent of cows and heifers 2+ January 1 1/		Calves born			
	5-year average 1960-1964	1965	1966	1965	1966	5-year average 1960-1964	1965	1966	1966 as % of 1965
	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	Percent	Percent	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	Percent
Maine	112	99	92	81	80	93	80	74	92
N. H.	59	53	50	85	83	51	45	42	93
Vt.	286	270	249	80	82	241	216	204	94
Mass.	102	93	88	80	78	84	74	69	93
R. I.	14	13	12	75	75	11	10	9	90
Conn.	95	87	84	82	80	77	71	67	94
N. Y.	1,419	1,365	1,311	84	83	1,201	1,147	1,088	95
N. J.	139	120	113	79	81	111	95	92	97
Pa.	1,075	1,033	988	86	86	930	888	850	96
Ohio	1,009	934	890	86	86	862	803	765	95
Ind.	815	808	773	88	87	713	711	673	95
Ill.	1,314	1,286	1,248	88	87	1,157	1,132	1,086	96
Mich.	817	789	750	85	83	709	671	622	93
Wis.	2,535	2,561	2,449	87	88	2,297	2,228	2,155	97
Minn.	1,809	1,870	1,776	86	85	1,621	1,608	1,510	94
Iowa	1,964	2,114	2,044	91	93	1,799	1,924	1,901	99
Mo.	1,948	2,163	2,115	89	91	1,754	1,925	1,925	100
N. Dak.	1,016	1,215	1,207	89	88	936	1,081	1,062	98
S. Dak.	1,624	1,899	1,830	89	93	1,511	1,690	1,702	101
Nebr.	1,938	2,133	2,149	91	90	1,774	1,932	1,943	101
Kans.	1,744	1,891	1,906	92	88	1,578	1,740	1,677	96
Del.	32	25	24	79	77	25	20	18	90
Md.	274	252	248	85	85	228	214	211	99
Va.	779	756	735	83	83	656	627	610	97
W. Va.	299	292	282	86	85	256	251	240	96
N. C.	512	523	530	80	81	399	418	429	103
S. C.	306	319	321	84	82	243	268	263	98
Ga.	802	933	935	81	79	655	756	739	98
Fla.	992	1,084	1,089	75	74	697	813	806	99
Ky.	1,183	1,329	1,292	88	91	1,061	1,170	1,176	101
Tenn.	1,108	1,257	1,274	86	84	962	1,081	1,070	99
Ala.	965	1,048	1,042	80	80	786	838	834	100
Miss.	1,290	1,410	1,439	77	81	981	1,086	1,166	107
Ark.	834	937	925	79	83	687	740	768	104
La.	1,144	1,216	1,184	78	78	894	948	924	97
Okla.	1,885	2,167	2,173	87	86	1,621	1,885	1,869	99
Texas	5,235	5,692	5,589	82	84	4,351	4,667	4,695	101
Mont.	1,262	1,479	1,511	90	91	1,152	1,331	1,375	103
Idaho	642	712	699	89	90	579	634	629	99
Wyo.	611	688	719	91	89	540	626	640	102
Colo.	953	1,025	1,043	91	93	856	933	970	104
N. Mex.	725	750	750	84	86	616	630	645	102
Ariz.	414	444	417	77	83	327	342	346	101
Utah	366	390	395	90	88	317	351	348	99
Nev.	292	328	320	79	77	235	259	246	95
Wash.	578	612	585	87	89	517	532	521	98
Oreg.	759	835	813	88	89	667	735	724	99
Calif.	1,754	1,814	1,853	90	87	1,541	1,627	1,617	99
48 States	47,830	51,113	50,311	86	86	41,357	43,853	43,395	99
Alaska	---	4.6	4.6	89	87	---	4.1	4.0	98
Hawaii	90	101	105	70	70	63	71	74	104
U. S.	---	51,219	50,420	86	86	---	43,928	43,473	99

1/ Not strictly a calving rate. Figure represents calves born expressed as percentage of the number of cows and heifers 2 years old and over on farms and ranches January 1.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

FEB 27 1967

Immediate Release

February 24, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending February 18, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 2,503,000 turkey poults during the week ending February 18, 1967, an increase of 22 percent from the corresponding week of a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy breed poults hatched during the week totaled 2,258,000 poults which was 21 percent above the same week of 1966. Light breed poult production for the ten States totaled 245,000, a level 32 percent above last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
January 28	989	1,301	171	209	1,160	1,510	130
February 4	1,181	1,619	154	194	1,335	1,813	136
February 11	1,505	1,973	218	210	1,723	2,183	127
February 18	1,861	2,258	185	245	2,046	2,503	122
			Eggs Set				
Dec. 31, 1966	1,637	2,051	267	338	1,904	2,389	125
January 7	1,854	2,563	244	331	2,098	2,894	138
January 14	2,317	2,914	366	356	2,683	3,270	122
January 21	2,892	3,536	310	409	3,202	3,945	123
January 28	3,603	4,203	317	339	3,920	4,542	116
February 4	4,182	4,393	327	382	4,509	4,775	106
February 11	4,834	5,009	311	397	5,145	5,406	105
February 18	5,329	5,223	343	422	5,672	5,645	100
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
January 28	186	221	80	127	266	348	131
February 4	229	330	70	86	299	416	139
February 11	313	432	80	98	393	530	135
February 18	427	518	70	89	497	607	122
			Eggs Set				
Dec. 31, 1966	319	343	125	205	444	548	123
January 7	368	537	109	135	477	672	141
January 14	522	685	145	167	667	852	128
January 21	706	856	117	145	823	1,001	122
January 28	987	997	107	128	1,094	1,125	103
February 4	1,098	1,031	82	98	1,180	1,129	96
February 11	1,413	1,356	103	129	1,516	1,485	98
February 18	#	1,511	#	93	1,672	1,604	96
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
January 28	264	434	9	11	273	445	163
February 4	273	504	10	0	283	504	178
February 11	444	683	9	23	453	706	156
February 18	446	653	3	13	449	666	148
			Eggs Set				
Dec. 31, 1966	397	754	12	14	409	768	188
January 7	421	772	13	0	434	772	178
January 14	638	1,056	12	32	650	1,088	167
January 21	673	1,007	4	18	677	1,025	151
January 28	882	1,357	0	11	882	1,368	155
February 4	1,113	1,295	17	8	1,130	1,303	115
February 11	1,273	1,521	13	8	1,286	1,529	119
February 18	1,372	1,465	16	13	1,388	1,478	106

Confidential. 1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The ten-State settings of all breeds totaled 5,645,000 eggs for the week ending February 18, which was the same level as the corresponding week of 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 5,223,000, down 2 percent and light breed settings totaled 422,000 eggs, 23 percent above the 1966 level.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending February 18 totaled 607,000 poults of all breeds, 22 percent above the number produced during the same week of 1966. The hatch included 518,000 heavy breed and 89,000 light breed poults. Compared with the previous year heavy breed hatchings were up 21 percent and light breeds were up 19,000 poults.

Eggs set for all breed types in the two States totaled 1,604,000 eggs which was 4 percent below the same week of 1966. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 1,511,000 eggs while light breed set totaled 93,000 eggs. Heavy and light breed settings for the corresponding week of 1966 were held confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 35 percent of the week's hatch compared with 29 percent the previous week and 31 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	679	864	114	116	331	482	4,759	7,394	1,106	1,021
Feb.	1,233		588		177		10,345		818	
March	2,786		1,226		159		20,013		1,072	
April	3,075		1,107		167		22,317		1,399	
May	3,441		1,036		214		22,781		1,612	
June	2,968		314		309		17,033		1,693	
July	1,987		11		427		8,460		1,843	
Aug.	1,003		2		380		2,097		1,369	
Sept.	577		0		353		871		1,014	
Oct.	192		0		672		1,060		1,300	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,461		1,166	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,439		1,172	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501
Feb.	2,082	2,502	968	854	272	554	15,885	19,981	1,308	1,689
March	3,961		1,736		231		27,882		1,536	
April	4,779		1,693		225		33,929		2,042	
May	5,558		1,744		276		36,210		2,263	
June	5,245		596		424		30,212		2,421	
July	3,429		20		607		16,356		2,784	
Aug.	1,688		6		538		4,081		1,997	
Sept.	1,028		0		515		1,477		1,546	
Oct.	772		0		543		1,879		1,476	
Nov.	354		0		850		2,078		1,582	
Dec.	514		52		846		4,953		1,602	

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested in Minnesota during January 1967 included 43,614 heavy white, no other heavy and 7,723 light breeds. The cumulative totals for July 1966 through January 1967 are 420,042 heavy white, 98,428 other heavy and 44,892 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months of 1966 were 472,603 heavy white, 162,027 other heavy and 21,425 light breed turkeys.

UNITED STATES: Testing of heavy breed turkeys by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during January 1967 totaled 307,342 or 32 percent below the same month a year earlier. The number of heavy white breed turkeys tested was down 11 percent while the number of other heavy breeds tested was down 53 percent from January 1966. For all heavy breeds, accumulative testings July 1966 through January 1967 totaled 3,609,684 birds, an increase of 6 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during January totaled 49,966, a decrease of 1 percent from January 1966. Testings of light breeds July 1966 through January 1967 totaled 204,684, an increase of 3 percent from the same period a year earlier.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

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State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

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Immediate Release

February 24, 1967

1966 LAMB CROP REPORT

MINNESOTA: The 1966 lamb crop in Minnesota totaled 490,000 lambs, 7 percent below a year earlier and 27 percent below the 1960-64 average, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was the smallest lamb crop since 1950 when it was 481,000 head.

The lamb crop percentage (number of lambs saved per 100 ewes one year old or older on January 1, 1966) was 110, down 3 points from 1965. Breeding ewes one year old and older on January 1, 1967 totaled 420,000 head, 6 percent less than on January 1, 1966.

UNITED STATES: The 1966 lamb crop totaled 15,879,000 head, 3 percent less than the 16,312,000 head produced in 1965. The number of breeding ewes one year old and older on farms and ranches January 1, 1966 was 4 percent below a year earlier. The 13 Western sheep States (11 West, South Dakota, and Texas) produced 2 percent fewer lambs than in 1965. The lamb crop in the 35 Native sheep States (excludes 13 Western States and Alaska) was 4 percent smaller than in 1965. In Texas, which produces nearly one-sixth of the Nation's lambs, the lamb crop was 3 percent below 1965.

The lamb crop percentage (number of lambs saved per 100 ewes 1 year of age or older on farms and ranches January 1) for 1966 was 94, up 1 point from the 1965 percentage. The Western States lambing percentage, at 91, was up 2 points from the 1965 percentage, but the Native States lambing percentage, at 104, was the same as the previous year.

The 13 Western States produced a lamb crop of 10,993,000 head, 2 percent below 1965. A decline in the number of breeding ewes more than offset the increase in the lambing percentage. The January 1, 1966 number of breeding ewes 1 year old and older on farms and ranches was 12,134,000 head, 4 percent less than a year earlier. Only four of the 13 States reported an increase in the lamb crop compared with a year earlier. The number of early lambs (dropped before March 15) in the Western States was 2 percent greater than a year earlier.

The 1966 lamb crop in the 35 Native States totaled 4,880,000 head -- 4 percent below the number saved in 1965. The smaller lamb crop resulted from a 4 percent drop in the number of ewes 1 year old and older January 1, 1966, as the lambing percentage was unchanged. The January 1, 1966 number of breeding ewes 1 year old and older on farms and ranches was 4,707,000 head.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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Lamb Crop: 1965 and 1966

State	Breeding ewes 1 year and older January 1			Lambs saved per 100 ewes 1+ Jan. 1 1/		Lambs saved 1/			
	5-year average 1960-64	1965	1966	1965	1966	5-year average 1960-64	1965	1966	1966 as % of 1965
	1,000 head			Number		1,000 head			Percent
Maine	24	17	14	106	107	25	18	15	83
N.H.	5	4.0	3.5	92	94	4	3.7	3.3	89
Vt.	7	6.0	6.0	105	95	7	6.3	5.7	90
Mass.	8	7.0	7.0	86	96	8	6.0	6.7	112
R.I.	2	1.5	1.5	100	100	2	1.5	1.5	100
Conn.	5	3.8	3.3	95	100	5	3.6	3.3	92
N.Y.	101	87	80	108	108	108	94	86	91
N.J.	10	7	7	91	89	10	6.4	6.2	97
Pa.	153	133	130	102	105	149	136	137	101
Ohio	644	538	532	99	98	619	535	521	97
Ind.	311	247	230	106	107	322	262	245	94
Ill.	396	293	284	106	106	423	313	302	96
Mich.	227	195	189	107	110	234	208	207	100
Wis.	156	130	129	115	108	171	149	139	93
Minn.	593	466	447	113	110	672	527	490	93
Iowa	832	743	684	101	101	857	750	693	92
Mo.	432	303	291	96	103	430	291	299	103
N.Dak.	456	354	333	105	104	495	370	346	94
S.Dak.	1,180	1,007	983	103	104	1,223	1,040	1,026	99
Nebr.	273	242	242	100	102	284	243	248	102
Kans.	422	333	353	97	96	394	324	339	105
Del.	3	2.0	2.0	110	110	3	2.2	2.2	100
Md.	24	18	16	111	100	25	20	16	80
Va.	228	180	176	119	120	249	215	211	98
W.Va.	204	163	155	112	109	218	183	170	93
N.C.	35	20	19	105	100	36	21	19	90
S.C.	6	3.3	3.0	82	80	48	2.7	2.4	89
Ga.	13	5.3	4.7	75	70	10	4.0	3.3	82
Fla.	5	5.5	4.6	84	74	4	4.6	3.4	74
Ky.	303	151	137	112	109	334	169	149	88
Tenn.	146	78	70	99	96	141	77	67	87
Ala.	16	8	7	94	83	15	7.5	5.8	77
Miss.	34	18	17	78	88	26	14	15	107
Ark.	25	11	9	100	89	24	11	8.0	73
La.	50	30	27	73	63	34	22	17	77
Okla.	140	92	93	105	104	138	97	97	100
Texas	3,964	3,290	3,158	81	82	2,896	2,665	2,590	97
Mont.	1,205	1,093	1,006	92	92	1,123	1,006	926	92
Idaho	813	665	645	113	112	917	751	725	97
Wyo.	1,704	1,602	1,538	81	87	1,469	1,298	1,338	103
Colo.	1,113	906	906	100	101	1,128	906	916	101
N.Mex.	872	744	687	75	79	692	560	540	96
Ariz.	344	366	349	83	83	285	303	291	96
Utah	1,011	876	890	85	86	880	745	765	103
Nev.	244	202	200	92	95	213	186	190	102
Wash.	206	147	118	112	114	233	165	135	82
Oreg.	635	512	466	98	101	632	502	470	94
Calif.	1,339	1,188	1,188	91	91	1,226	1,081	1,081	100
48 States	20,916	17,493	16,841	93	94	19,399	16,306	15,873	97
Alaska	---	9	9	67	67	---	6.0	6.0	100
Hawaii	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
U.S.	---	17,502	16,850	93	94	---	16,312	15,879	97

1/ Lambs saved defined as lambs living July 1, or sold before July 1 in the Native States and lambs docked or branded in the Western States.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

February 28, 1967

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-February 1967

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-February was 90 percent of the 1947-49 average according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The index was 7 points less than a year earlier and 2 points below the January index. Prices of the crops and dairy product groups continued at higher levels than a year ago, while the livestock and poultry groups were lower.

Compared with mid-January the livestock index at 99 was up 1 point, the dairy product index down 1 point, the crops index down 2 points and the poultry and egg index down 12 points. Prices of every crop were lower than in mid-January. Soybeans declined 7 cents per bushel, wheat and barley 4 cents, corn and flax 3 cents, while oats and rye declined 2 cents. Corn was still 23 cents per bushel above a year earlier, wheat 14 cents, flax 3 cents and oats 2 cents higher. Soybeans and barley were 7 cents lower and rye was 5 cents lower than a year earlier.

Hog prices increased $.10 per hundredweight from mid-January, but were still $8.50 less than a year earlier. All cattle prices at $21.00 were $ .10 more than last month but $ .10 less than last year. Calves at $28.70 per hundredweight were $ .30 less than last month and $3.40 less than a year ago. Milk prices were down 5 cents per hundredweight from January but 58 cents above last year. Cream prices were down 2 cents from last month but still 7 cents above last year. Turkeys were down 2 cents from last month and 4 cents below last year. Eggs at 22-1/2 cents per dozen were down 6-1/2 cents from last month and 12-1/2 cents below a year ago.

TABLE I — INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	Feb. 15 Av. 1959-63	Feb. 15 1964	Feb. 15 1965	Feb. 15 1966	Jan. 15 1967	Feb. 15 1967
All Farm Products	79	76	81	97	92	90
Crops	65	72	81	74	82	80
Livestock	88	77	84	120	98	99
Dairy Products	90	90	91	98	114	113
Poultry and Eggs	65	60	55	78	66	54

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II — PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-1914=100	Feb. 15 1963	Feb. 15 1964	Feb. 15 1965	Feb. 15 1966	Jan. 15 1967	Feb. 15 1967
Prices Received	245	241	238	272	255	252
Prices Paid 1/	312	313	318	329	340	339
Parity Ratio	79	77	75	83	75	74

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity -- Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			February 15, 1967			
		Feb. 15, 1966	Jan. 15, 1967	Feb. 15, 1967	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.53	1.71	1.67	1.54	1.59	1.56	1.49
Rye	Bu.	1.05	1.02	1.00	1.09	.88	.96	.989
Corn	Bu.	.96	1.22	1.19	1.20	1.10	1.16	1.26
Oats	Bu.	.61	.65	.63	.71	.54	.64	.674
Barley	Bu.	1.11	1.08	1.04	1.00	1.01	.98	1.03
Soybeans	Bu.	2.71	2.71	2.64	2.68	2.55	2.63	2.71
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.89	2.95	2.92	2.88	2.83	2.90	2.85
All Hay, Baled	Ton	21.50	20.50	20.00	20.70	17.00	20.30	25.30
Potatoes	Cwt.	1.70	2.10	2.10	-	2.00	2.20	2.37
Hogs	Cwt.	27.50	18.90	19.00	19.00	18.50	18.80	18.80
Cows	Cwt.	16.80	16.80	17.30	17.00	16.00	16.40	17.00
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	24.70	23.20	22.60	23.50	23.10	23.30	23.30
Cattle, All	Cwt.	21.10	20.90	21.00	22.30	21.00	21.70	21.60
Calves	Cwt.	32.10	29.00	28.70	25.20	26.30	28.00	26.60
Sheep	Cwt.	8.00	7.60	6.80	5.00	6.00	5.30	6.76
Lambs	Cwt.	28.10	22.30	20.50	21.00	20.50	20.80	20.10
Milk Cows	Head	235.00	280.00	280.00	270.00	235.00	240.00	257.00
Milk-Wholesale	Cwt.	3.54	4.16	4.12	4.40	4.25	4.25	5.07
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.65	.74	.72	.68	.70	.67	.658
Turkeys-Live	Lb.	.240	.220	.200	-	-	.210	.214
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.060	.060	.060	.050	.050	.050	.088
Eggs	Doz.	.350	.290	.225	.230	.240	.225	.324
Wool	Lb.	.48	.42	.40	.41	.42	.43	.436
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.20	3.70	3.60	3.80	3.40	3.65	3.80
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	4.95	5.30	5.20	5.40	5.50	5.50	5.51
Hog Feed 29% and Over	Cwt.	6.30	6.60	6.50	6.60	-	-	6.50
Beef Cattle Feed 30% and Over	Cwt.	5.00	5.30	5.20	5.40	-	-	4.97
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.20	3.45	3.45	4.10	3.80	3.85	4.03
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.91	3.19	3.10	3.19	2.95	2.97	3.71
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.35	4.65	4.55	5.20	4.90	5.00	4.70
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog-Corn 1/		28.6	15.4	16.0	15.8	16.8	16.2	14.9
Beef-Corn 1/		25.7	19.0	19.0	19.6	21.0	20.1	18.5
Egg-Feed 2/		12.0	9.1	7.3	7.2	8.1	7.6	8.7
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		2.1	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.4

1/ Number of Bushels of Corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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March 2, 1967

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
January 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during January 1967 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 162,000 head, 10 percent above a year earlier, but down 2 percent from December 1966 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,099 pounds per head, up 11 pounds from the previous month and 25 pounds above January 1966.

January calf slaughter was 19,000 head compared with 20,600 head in January 1966 and 18,700 during December 1966. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 168 pounds, 1 pound heavier than December but 6 pounds lighter than a year ago.

The hog kill in January totaled 514,000 head, 36 percent above the same month a year earlier, and down 1 percent from December 1966. The average liveweight at 253 pounds was 1 pound lighter than in December and 5 pounds lighter than in January 1966.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during January 1967 totaled 86,000 head compared with 78,500 head in January 1966 and 88,500 in December. The average liveweight of sheep and lambs slaughtered during January at 108 pounds was the same as in December, but 2 pounds heavier than a year earlier.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat during January in the 48 States totaled 2,961 million pounds. This was up 13 percent from the January 1966 total of 2,609 million pounds and 4 percent above December. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in Federally inspected and other commercial plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

Beef production during January was 1,728 million pounds, up 4 percent from January 1966 and 5 percent above December 1966. The number of cattle slaughtered during January totaled 2,900,300 head, 1 percent greater than a year earlier and 5 percent more than the previous month. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,036 pounds, 13 pounds more than January 1966 and 1 pound above December 1966.

There were 67 million pounds of veal produced during January, 11 percent less than a year earlier but 5 percent more than a month earlier. The 547,800 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 5 percent less than January 1966 but 2 percent more than December 1966. Calves slaughtered during January averaged 224 pounds per head, 11 pounds less than January a year ago but 7 pounds more than the previous month.

Pork production during January totaled 1,106 million pounds, 34 percent above January 1966 but slightly below December 1966. The hog kill during January was 7,293,200 head, 32 percent more than a year earlier and slightly above December 1966. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during the month was 243 pounds per head, 1 pound more than a year ago but 1 pound less than the previous month. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of liveweight of hogs was 10.5 pounds compared with 10.8 pounds in January 1966 and 10.4 in December 1966.

There were 60 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during January, 18 percent more than a year earlier and the previous month. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during January was 1,148,900 head, 16 percent more than a year earlier and December 1966. Sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month averaged 105 pounds per head, the same as a year earlier but 1 pound more than the previous month.

Production of poultry meat during January amounted to 682 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 16 percent more than January 1966 but 14 percent less than December 1966.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	January		January 1967 as percent of January 1966	January Average Liveweight	
	1966	1967		1966	1967
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	148.0	162.0	109.5	1,073	1,098
Calves	20.6	19.0	92.2	174	168
Hogs	377.0	514.0	136.3	258	253
Sheep and Lambs	78.5	86.0	109.6	106	108
UNITED STATES: (48 States)					
Cattle	2,862.4	2,900.3	101.3	1,023	1,036
Calves	576.1	547.8	95.1	235	224
Hogs	5,527.5	7,293.2	131.9	242	243
Sheep and Lambs	991.0	1,148.9	115.9	105	105

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, JANUARY 1966-67 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
January 1966	1,655	75	828	51	2,609	589	145
December 1966	1,638	64	1,107	51	2,860	790	184
January 1967	1,728	67	1,106	60	2,961	682	186

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.

3/ Chicken and turkey meat — ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
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Immediate Release

March 9, 1967

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of March 1, 1967)

Minnesota: Green Peas for Processing: The prospective planted acreage for 1967 of 74,000 acres is 2 percent over last year's 72,300 acres, and is 33 percent over the 1961-65 average of 55,820 acres, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Minnesota ranks in third place in prospective planted acreage, with Wisconsin leading with 140,300 acres, and Washington in second place with 88,900 acres.

UNITED STATES: The U. S. prospective planted acreage of green peas for processing in 1967 totals 484,810 acres. This acreage is 2 percent more than last year and 10 percent more than the 5-year average. Principal producing States expecting an increase from 1966 are Wisconsin, Minnesota, Oregon, and California. Major States intending to plant a smaller acreage are New York, Maryland, and Washington.

On March 1, processors indicated they expected 166,730 acres to be planted to green peas for freezing, up 3 percent both from 1966 and average. If these intentions are realized the 1967 acreage in the eastern States would be up 1 percent, in the western States, up 4 percent, while the central States would be down 2 percent from last year. Based on normal abandonment and the average yield per acre with an allowance for trend, the 1967 production of green peas for freezing from the intended acreage would be 210,200 tons, up 7 percent from last year but below the record high 233,740 tons in 1965.

Processors reports indicate that 318,080 acres will be planted to green peas for canning, 2 percent more than in 1966 and 15 percent more than average. Compared with 1966, prospective acreages are up 8 percent in the eastern States and up 2 percent in the central States, but down 3 percent in western States. Based on normal abandonment of planted acreage and on the average yield per acre with an allowance for trend, 1967 production of peas for canning from the intended acreage would total 375,000 tons. This tonnage, if obtained, would be 21 percent more than in the previous year but 6 percent less than the record high production in 1957.

Estimates of prospective 1967 acreage are based on reports made by processors and growers prior to planting and represent intentions only. Acreage actually planted may vary significantly because of weather conditions, price changes, labor supply, available financing, and the effects of this report itself.

California's crop is progressing favorably in all producing districts and stands are in good condition. Harvest in the south San Joaquin Valley and south coastal counties should be underway by the first half of April. The northern San Joaquin Valley and central coast counties should begin harvest during late April.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Green peas for processing: Prospective planted acreage by States, 1967 with comparisons

State	Planted Acreage			1967 as percent of	
	Average 1961-65	1966	Prospective Plantings 1967	Average 1961-65	1966
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Percent	Percent
New York	9,960	7,500	7,400	74	99
Pennsylvania	5,060	6,200	5,800	115	94
Indiana	1,300	1,200	1,400	108	117
Michigan	6,420	5,900	6,000	93	102
Wisconsin	118,700	137,600	140,300	118	102
Minnesota	55,820	72,300	74,000	133	102
Delaware	8,080	6,600	9,000	111	136
Maryland	8,180	8,700	8,500	104	98
Idaho	15,180	15,800	15,800	104	100
Washington	82,260	92,400	88,900	108	96
Oregon	64,440	56,000	58,400	91	104
California	12,120	11,000	14,100	116	128
Other States 1/	51,980	53,990	55,210	106	102
United States	439,500	475,190	484,810	110	102
For freezing	161,800	162,130	166,730	103	103
East 2/	24,390	21,650	21,860	90	101
Central 2/	18,180	26,200	25,600	141	98
West 2/	119,230	114,280	119,270	100	104
For Canning	277,700	313,060	318,080	115	102
East 2/	19,210	19,500	21,150	110	108
Central 2/	197,380	227,180	232,600	118	102
West 2/	61,110	66,380	64,330	105	97

1/ Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Illinois, Maine, Montana, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, Iowa, and Wyoming.

2/ East: Maine, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and North Carolina.
Central: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Tennessee, Alabama, and Arkansas.
West: Montana, Idaho, Colorado, Utah, Washington, Oregon, California, and Wyoming.

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Immediate Release

March 2, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending February 25, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 2,880,000 turkey poults during the week ending February 25, 1967, an increase of 15 percent from the corresponding week of a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy breed poults hatched during the week totaled 2,667,000 poults which was 16 percent above the same week of 1966. Light breed poult production for the ten States totaled 213,000, a level 5 percent above last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
February 4	1,181	1,619	154	194	1,335	1,813	136
February 11	1,505	1,973	218	210	1,723	2,183	127
February 18	1,861	2,258	185	245	2,046	2,503	122
February 25	2,300	2,667	203	213	2,503	2,880	115
Eggs Set							
January 7	1,854	2,563	244	331	2,098	2,894	138
January 14	2,317	2,914	366	356	2,683	3,270	122
January 21	2,892	3,536	310	409	3,202	3,945	123
January 28	3,603	4,203	317	339	3,920	4,542	116
February 4	4,182	4,393	327	382	4,509	4,775	106
February 11	4,834	5,009	311	397	5,145	5,406	105
February 18	5,329	5,223	343	422	5,672	5,645	100
February 25	5,321	5,517	331	376	5,652	5,893	104
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
February 4	229	330	70	86	299	416	139
February 11	313	432	80	98	393	530	135
February 18	427	518	70	89	497	607	122
February 25	612	609	70	84	682	693	102
Eggs Set							
January 4	368	537	109	135	477	672	141
January 14	522	685	145	167	667	852	128
January 21	706	856	117	145	823	1,001	122
January 28	987	997	107	128	1,094	1,125	103
February 4	1,098	1,031	82	98	1,180	1,129	96
February 11	1,413	1,356	103	129	1,516	1,485	98
February 18	#	1,511	#	93	1,672	1,604	96
February 25	1,343	1,522	81	70	1,424	1,592	112
California							
Poults Hatched							
February 4	273	504	10	0	283	504	178
February 11	444	683	9	23	453	706	156
February 18	446	653	3	13	449	666	148
February 25	584	844	0	7	584	851	146
Eggs Set							
January 7	421	772	13	0	434	772	178
January 14	638	1,056	12	32	650	1,088	167
January 21	673	1,007	4	18	677	1,025	151
January 28	882	1,357	0	11	882	1,368	155
February 4	1,113	1,295	17	8	1,130	1,303	115
February 11	1,273	1,521	13	8	1,286	1,529	119
February 18	1,372	1,465	16	13	1,388	1,478	106
February 25	1,585	1,621	12	14	1,597	1,635	102

Confidential. 1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin

The ten-State settings of all breeds totaled 5,893,000 eggs for the week ending February 25, which was 4 percent above the corresponding week of 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 5,517,000, up 4 percent and light breed settings totaled 376,000 eggs, 14 percent above the 1966 level.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending February 25 totaled 693,000 poults of all breeds, 2 percent above the number produced during the same week of 1966. The hatch included 609,000 heavy breed and 84,000 light breed poults. Compared with the previous year heavy breed hatchings were up less than 1 percent and light breeds were up 20 percent.

Eggs set for all breed types in the two States totaled 1,592,000 eggs which was 12 percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 1,522,000 eggs, up 13 percent from the same week last year. The light breed set totaled 70,000 eggs and were 14 percent less than a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
					Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan.	679	864	114	116	331	482	4,759	7,394	1,106	1,021
Feb.	1,233		588		177		10,345		818	
March	2,786		1,226		159		20,013		1,072	
April	3,075		1,107		167		22,317		1,399	
May	3,441		1,036		214		22,781		1,612	
June	2,968		314		309		17,033		1,693	
July	1,987		11		427		8,460		1,843	
Aug.	1,003		2		380		2,097		1,369	
Sept.	577		0		353		871		1,014	
Oct.	192		0		672		1,060		1,300	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,461		1,166	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,439		1,172	
					Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands					
Jan.	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501
Feb.	2,082	2,502	968	854	272	554	15,885	19,981	1,308	1,689
March	3,961		1,736		231		27,882		1,536	
April	4,779		1,693		225		33,929		2,042	
May	5,558		1,744		276		36,210		2,263	
June	5,245		596		424		30,212		2,421	
July	3,429		20		607		16,356		2,784	
Aug.	1,688		6		538		4,081		1,997	
Sept.	1,028		0		515		1,477		1,546	
Oct.	772		0		543		1,879		1,476	
Nov.	354		0		850		2,078		1,582	
Dec.	514		52		846		4,953		1,602	

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 21 percent of the week's hatch compared with 35 percent the previous week and 27 percent a year ago.

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Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MAR 10 1967

Immediate Release

March 9, 1967

FRESH VEGETABLE REPORT
As of March 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Onions: Minnesota growers are expected to harvest 1,100 acres of onions in 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 1,300 acres harvested in 1966, and the 1961-65 average of 1,440 acres.

UNITED STATES: The early spring onion crop in Texas is forecast at 3,118,000 cwt., more than double the short crop in 1966 and 4 percent above average. During February, onions generally made good growth in all areas. In the Lower Rio Grande Valley, showers in late February were beneficial to the crop and at the present time prospects are good. Harvest got underway in this area in December and has continued through January and February on a limited scale. Shipments are expected to increase substantially in early March with peak movement in April and supplies should be available until June. In the Coastal Bend area, some dryland acreage was abandoned early in the season because of drought; however, showers in January and February have boosted prospects for the dryland crop. Irrigated onions have been making good growth with harvest expected to start in late March, several weeks earlier than normal. In the Laredo area, prospects are good with harvest of few early fields probably underway in mid-March although it will probably be April before harvest is general. Volume is expected in late April with some supplies in May. In the Winter Garden area, harvest should get underway about April 1 with peak movement during May and supplies available into June. Some of the transplanted acreage froze out and was replanted by direct seeding, thus a portion of the crop will be later than normal.

The intentions of late summer onions for harvest is placed at 59,860 acres, 3 percent above 1966 and 6 percent above average. Most of the increase in acreage over last year is expected to occur in Colorado, Idaho, and California. Generally, acreages in the eastern and mid-central States are below 1966. In Colorado, plantings have already started. Plantings have started in Idaho and western Oregon and should be well underway by mid-month. In California, planting is active in the San Joaquin Valley and south coast districts and should continue into early April. Most of the acreage in the Imperial Valley is planted and light harvest is expected to begin in July. Planting in the central coast began in March with late acreage to be planted in the Tulelake-Butte Valley area during April.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Acreage and estimated production reported to date, 1967 with comparisons.

Crop and State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest						
	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	Av. 61-65	1966	Ind. 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Ind. 1967
	Acres			Cwt.			1,000 cwt.		
ONIONS 1/									
Late Summer 2/:									
Massachussetts..	120	100	100	203	150		25	15	
New York.....	15,380	14,700	14,300	313	240		4,809	3,528	
Ohio.....	490	550	550	433	400		214	220	
Indiana.....	840	900	700	333	250		280	225	
Illinois.....	750	600	600	146	145		109	87	
Michigan.....	7,500	7,200	7,200	344	320		2,574	2,304	
Wisconsin.....	2,140	1,900	1,800	247	230		527	437	
Minnesota.....	1,440	1,300	1,100	223	190		319	247	Aug. 9
Iowa.....	230	210	220	237	200		55	42	
Nebraska.....	160	240	150	152	150		20	36	
Kansas.....	130	50	60	194	110		26	6	
Colorado.....	7,360	6,200	6,700	280	270		2,064	1,674	
Utah.....	790	700	700	290	280		231	196	
Nevada.....	420	80	80	320	300		139	24	
Washington.....	1,000	1,000	1,100	412	420		409	420	
Western Oregon..	2,160	2,100	2,100	363	420		785	882	
Idaho & East. Oregon Total...	5,540	7,000	7,300	472	490		2,631	3,432	
Idaho.....	2,380	3,400	3,700	458	480		1,109	1,632	
E. Oregon.....	3,160	3,600	3,600	481	500		1,522	1,800	
California.....	10,200	13,100	15,100	350	350		3,586	4,585	
Group Total....	56,650	57,930	59,860	332	317		18,801	18,360	

1/ Includes processing. 2/ 1967 acreage for harvest is prospective acreage.

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MAR 10 1967

Immediate Release

March 9, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 4, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 3,078,000 turkey poults during the week ending March 4, 1967, an increase of 8 percent from the corresponding week of a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy breed poults hatched during the week totaled 2,847,000 poults which was also 8 percent above the same week of 1966. Light breed poult production for the ten States totaled 231,000, a level 7 percent above last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
February 11	1,505	1,973	218	210	1,723	2,183	127
February 18	1,861	2,258	185	245	2,046	2,503	122
February 25	2,300	2,667	203	213	2,503	2,880	115
March 4	2,639	2,847	216	231	2,855	3,078	108
Eggs Set							
January 14	2,317	2,914	366	356	2,683	3,270	122
January 21	2,892	3,536	310	409	3,202	3,945	123
January 28	3,603	4,203	317	339	3,920	4,542	116
February 4	4,182	4,393	327	382	4,509	4,775	106
February 11	4,834	5,009	311	397	5,145	5,406	105
February 18	5,329	5,223	343	422	5,672	5,645	100
February 25	5,321	5,517	331	376	5,652	5,893	104
March 4	5,468	5,583	318	284	5,786	5,867	101
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
February 11	313	432	80	98	393	530	135
February 18	427	518	70	89	497	607	122
February 25	612	609	70	84	682	693	102
March 4	694	651	57	55	751	706	94
Eggs Set							
January 14	522	685	145	167	667	852	128
January 21	706	856	117	145	823	1,001	122
January 28	987	997	107	128	1,094	1,125	103
February 4	1,098	1,031	82	98	1,180	1,129	96
February 11	1,413	1,356	103	129	1,516	1,485	98
February 18	#	1,511	#	93	1,672	1,604	96
February 25	1,343	1,522	81	70	1,424	1,592	112
March 4	1,563	1,586	82	73	1,645	1,659	101
California							
Poults Hatched							
February 11	444	683	9	23	453	706	156
February 18	446	653	3	13	449	666	148
February 25	584	844	0	7	584	851	146
March 4	709	847	14	6	723	853	118
Eggs Set							
January 14	638	1,056	12	32	650	1,088	167
January 21	673	1,007	4	18	677	1,025	151
January 28	882	1,357	0	11	882	1,368	155
February 4	1,113	1,295	17	8	1,130	1,303	115
February 11	1,273	1,521	13	8	1,286	1,529	119
February 18	1,372	1,465	16	13	1,388	1,478	106
February 25	1,585	1,621	12	14	1,597	1,635	102
March 4	1,515	1,625	13	10	1,528	1,635	107

Confidential. 1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The ten-State settings of all breeds totaled 5,867,000 eggs for the week ending March 4, which was 1 percent above the corresponding week of 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 5,583,000, up 2 percent, while light breed settings totaled 284,000 eggs, 11 percent below the 1966 level.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending March 4 totaled 706,000 poults of all breeds, 6 percent below the number hatched during the same week of 1966. The hatch included 651,000 heavy breed and 55,000 light breed poults. Compared with the previous year heavy breed hatchings were down 6 percent and light breeds were down 4 percent.

Eggs set for all breed types in the two States totaled 1,659,000 eggs which was 1 percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 1,586,000 eggs up 1 percent while light breed eggs set totaled 73,000 or 11 percent below the corresponding week of last year.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	679	864	114	116	331	482	4,759	7,394	1,106	1,021
Feb.	1,233		588		177		10,345		818	
March	2,786		1,226		159		20,013		1,072	
April	3,075		1,107		167		22,317		1,399	
May	3,441		1,036		214		22,781		1,612	
June	2,968		314		309		17,033		1,693	
July	1,987		11		427		8,460		1,843	
Aug.	1,003		2		380		2,097		1,369	
Sept.	577		0		353		871		1,014	
Oct.	192		0		672		1,060		1,300	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,461		1,166	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,439		1,172	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501
Feb.	2,082	2,502	968	854	272	554	15,885	19,981	1,308	1,689
March	3,961		1,736		231		27,882		1,536	
April	4,779		1,693		225		33,929		2,042	
May	5,558		1,744		276		36,210		2,263	
June	5,245		596		424		30,212		2,421	
July	3,429		20		607		16,356		2,784	
Aug.	1,688		6		538		4,081		1,997	
Sept.	1,028		0		515		1,477		1,546	
Oct.	772		0		543		1,879		1,476	
Nov.	354		0		850		2,078		1,582	
Dec.	514		52		846		4,953		1,602	

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 21 percent of the week's hatch compared with 21 percent the previous week and 24 percent a year ago.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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MAR 14 1967

Immediate Release

March 13, 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
March 1, 1967

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 908 million pounds in February according to the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 3 percent more than February a year ago but 8 percent less than the 5-year average of 984 million pounds for February. Production for the first two months in 1967 was 4 percent above the corresponding period in 1966.

Nationally, milk production in February amounted to 9,217 million pounds, up 1 percent from the 9,137 million pounds produced in February 1966 but 5 percent below the 5-year average.

EGG PRODUCTION: Chicken flocks in Minnesota produced 202 million eggs during February, up 2 percent from the 198 million eggs produced during February 1966. The number of layers for the month totaled 11,221,000 compared with 11,248,000 in February of last year. Rate of lay was 64 percent compared with 63 percent in February 1966.

Egg production in February for the United States at 5,410 million was nearly 8 percent above the 5,032 million produced in February 1966.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on Minnesota farms in February totaled 154,000, of which 145,000 were family workers and 9,000 hired workers. This compares with 160,000 family workers and 11,000 hired workers in February 1966.

For the United States, the number of workers on farms in February totaled 3,844,000 of which 3,101,000 were family workers and 743,000 were hired workers. This compares with 3,258,000 family workers and 791,000 hired workers in February 1966.

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March 13, 1967

POTATO STOCKS REPORT
March 1, 1967

Estimates of total stocks in this report represent all potatoes held by growers and local dealers in or near producing areas. They include quantities to be diverted under government program for livestock feed, starch and flour, sales for table use, seed and processing after March 1. Quantities to be used for feed, seed and household consumption on farms where grown are included. The stocks estimates also include potatoes that will be lost through shrinkage, decay and dumping after March 1.

MINNESOTA: Total potato stocks of 3,600,000 hundredweight were held by growers and dealers in Minnesota storages on March 1, 1967, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. These stocks were 3 percent less than the 3,700,000 hundredweight on hand March 1, 1966. Disappearance to March 1, 1967 represented 64 percent of the fall crop compared to disappearance of 70 percent to that date last year.

UNITED STATES: Storage stocks of potatoes held by growers and local dealers in fall producing areas of the country totaled 74.8 million hundredweight on March 1, 1967. This was 1 percent less than record high holdings of 75.3 million on hand March 1 a year earlier. These stocks consist of all potatoes held for all uses on March 1.

Stocks in the 8 eastern fall States, at 29.2 million, were the highest since March 1, 1963 and 27 percent above last year's low stocks. Maine, with a record high 23.9 million hundredweight on hand, had 31 percent more than a year earlier. Stocks on hand in Upstate New York and Pennsylvania were moderately under last year while Long Island had record high holdings. March 1 stocks in the 9 central States totaled 14.2 million this year compared with 14.8 in 1966. The Minnesota-North Dakota total of 8.7 million compares with 9.1 million a year earlier. Michigan stocks were 14 percent below March 1, 1966 while stocks in Wisconsin were about 7 percent higher than last year. In the 9 western fall States, March 1 holdings were 31.5 million hundredweight, 16 percent below last year's record high of 37.4 million. Of the major States in the area, Washington showed a substantial increase over last year and California had moderately higher March 1 stocks. Idaho, with 18.2 million, had 27 percent less than last year's March 1 record high 25.0 million. Holdings in Colorado were down 8 percent from 1966. Oregon stocks were the same as last year.

Disappearance of potatoes from storage during February 1967 of 23.5 million hundredweight compared with the record disappearance of 24.3 million last year and 19.0 million in 1965. Disappearance of fall potatoes from time of harvest to March 1 was a record 146.2 million compared with the movement of 138.5 million from the 1965 crop up to March 1, 1966. Movement of fall crop potatoes to chippers and fresh market outlets during February, as indicated by rail and truck unloads in 41 cities, was moderately under last year. However, unloads for the season from time of harvest to March 1 were about the same as in the same period a year earlier. During February, the quantity of potatoes used in the manufacture of food products, other than chips, excluding starch and flour, was slightly above February 1966. The season total to March 1 is also slightly ahead of the comparable 1965-66 period. Shipments of fall potatoes to starch factories, both in February and for the season to March 1, were well above earlier levels. Losses from shrinkage and waste are still running heavier than usual in Idaho and some other areas.

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Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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Potatoes: Production and total stocks of fall potatoes held by growers and local dealers on March 1, 1966 and March 1, 1967 1/

State	Crop of 1965		Crop of 1966	
	Production	Total stocks Mar. 1, 1966	Production	Total stocks Mar. 1, 1967
	1,000 Cwt.		1,000 Cwt.	
Maine	35,224	18,300	38,710	23,900
Connecticut	1,407	210	1,408	250
New York:				
Long Island	7,540	800	7,574	1,450
Upstate	8,600	2,050	9,020	1,900
Pennsylvania	6,940	1,400	5,874	1,350
Other States 2/	2,692	310	2,568	370
8 Eastern	62,403	23,070	65,154	29,220
Michigan	8,700	2,550	7,955	2,200
Wisconsin	8,200	2,150	8,200	2,300
Minnesota	12,180	3,700	10,120	3,600
North Dakota	15,225	5,400	13,375	5,100
Nebraska	1,660	460	1,700	560
Other States 2/	4,107	515	4,234	400
9 Central	50,072	14,775	45,584	14,160
Montana	1,326	920	1,360	850
Idaho	61,365	25,000	66,050	18,200
Colorado	8,575	3,300	8,680	3,050
Utah	1,530	380	1,488	430
Washington	11,160	2,950	13,690	4,000
Oregon	9,292	2,650	10,385	2,650
California	7,290	2,050	7,952	2,150
Other States 2/	810	180	716	130
9 Western	101,348	37,430	110,321	31,460
Total 26 Fall States	213,823	75,275	221,059	74,840

1/ Total stocks consist of "production less total disappearance to date."
2/ Eastern - New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island.
Central - Ohio, Indiana, South Dakota, and Iowa.
Western - Wyoming and Nevada.

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MAR 20 1967

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March 16, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 11, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 3,498,000 turkey poults during the week ending March 11, 1967, an increase of 6 percent from the corresponding week of a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy breed poults hatched during the week totaled 3,261,000 poults which was also 6 percent above the same week of 1966. Light breed poult production for the ten States totaled 237,000 a level 17 percent above last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
February 18	1,861	2,258	185	245	2,046	2,503	122
February 25	2,300	2,667	203	213	2,503	2,880	115
March 4	2,639	2,847	216	231	2,855	3,078	108
March 11	3,084	3,261	202	237	3,286	3,498	106
Eggs Set							
January 21	2,892	3,536	310	409	3,202	3,945	123
January 28	3,603	4,203	317	339	3,920	4,542	116
February 4	4,182	4,393	327	382	4,509	4,775	106
February 11	4,834	5,009	311	397	5,145	5,406	105
February 18	5,329	5,223	343	422	5,672	5,645	100
February 25	5,321	5,517	331	376	5,652	5,893	104
March 4	5,468	5,583	318	284	5,786	5,867	101
March 11	5,486	5,871	420	320	5,906	6,191	105
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
February 18	427	518	70	89	497	607	122
February 25	612	609	70	84	682	693	102
March 4	694	651	57	55	751	706	94
March 11	893	863	65	78	958	941	98
Eggs Set							
January 21	706	856	117	145	823	1,001	122
January 28	987	997	107	128	1,094	1,125	103
February 4	1,098	1,031	82	98	1,180	1,129	96
February 11	1,413	1,356	103	129	1,516	1,485	98
February 18	#	1,511	#	93	1,672	1,604	96
February 25	1,343	1,522	81	70	1,424	1,592	112
March 4	1,563	1,586	82	73	1,645	1,659	101
March 11	1,507	1,430	143	50	1,650	1,480	90
California							
Poults Hatched							
February 18	446	653	3	13	449	666	148
February 25	584	844	0	7	584	851	146
March 4	709	847	14	6	723	853	118
March 11	840	959	10	5	850	964	113
Eggs Set							
January 21	673	1,007	4	18	677	1,025	151
January 28	882	1,357	0	11	882	1,368	155
February 4	1,113	1,295	17	8	1,130	1,303	115
February 11	1,273	1,521	13	8	1,286	1,529	119
February 18	1,372	1,465	16	13	1,388	1,478	106
February 25	1,585	1,621	12	14	1,597	1,635	102
March 4	1,515	1,625	13	10	1,528	1,635	107
March 11	1,582	1,769	12	14	1,594	1,783	112

\# Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The ten-State settings of all breeds totaled 6,191,000 eggs for the week ending March 11 which was 5 percent above the comparable week of 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 5,871,000, up 7 percent, while light breed settings totaled 320,000 eggs, 24 percent below the 1966 level.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending March 11 totaled 941,000 poults of all breeds, 2 percent below the number hatched during the same week of 1966. The hatch included 863,000 heavy breed and 78,000 light breed poults. Compared with the previous year heavy breed hatchings were down 3 percent, while light breed poult production was up 20 percent.

Eggs set for all breed types in the two States totaled 1,480,000 eggs, which was 10 percent below the same week of 1966. Heavy breed settings for the week numbered 1,430,000 eggs down 5 percent while light breed eggs set totaled 50,000 or 65 percent below the corresponding week of last year.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	679	864	114	116	331	482	4,759	7,394	1,106	1,021
Feb.	1,233		588		177		10,345		818	
March	2,786		1,226		159		20,013		1,072	
April	3,075		1,107		167		22,317		1,399	
May	3,441		1,036		214		22,781		1,612	
June	2,968		314		309		17,033		1,693	
July	1,987		11		427		8,460		1,843	
Aug.	1,003		2		380		2,097		1,369	
Sept.	577		0		353		871		1,014	
Oct.	192		0		672		1,060		1,300	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,461		1,166	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,439		1,172	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501
Feb.	2,082	2,502	968	854	272	554	15,885	19,981	1,308	1,689
March	3,961		1,736		231		27,882		1,536	
April	4,779		1,693		225		33,929		2,042	
May	5,558		1,744		276		36,210		2,263	
June	5,245		596		424		30,212		2,421	
July	3,429		20		607		16,356		2,784	
Aug.	1,688		6		538		4,081		1,997	
Sept.	1,028		0		515		1,477		1,546	
Oct.	772		0		543		1,879		1,476	
Nov.	354		0		850		2,078		1,582	
Dec.	514		52		846		4,953		1,602	

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 27 percent of the week's hatch compared with 21 percent the previous week and 32 percent a year ago.

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March 20, 1967

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
February 1967

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,989,000 chicks during February 1967 which was 42 percent above February 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The January hatch consisted of 1,404,000 egg-type and 585,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was up 74 percent, while broiler-type production was 1 percent below February 1966.

The cost of standard poultry ration in mid-February for Minnesota was $3.10 per 100 pounds compared with $3.19 the previous month and $2.91 a year earlier. On February 15 the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 7.3 compared to 9.1 the previous month and 12.0 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January	839	1,063	+38	680	737	+ 8
February	809	1,404	+74	593	585	- 1
March	3,993			819		
April	6,028			1,068		
May	6,094			1,048		
June	2,590			930		
July	851			727		
August	752			696		
September	671			640		
October	821			605		
November	657			729		
December	851			667		

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UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 263 million chicks during February 1967, an increase of 6 percent from a year earlier. The February hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 217 million, 5 percent more than a year earlier. During the first 2 months of 1967, there were 438 million broiler chicks produced, up 3 percent from the same months last year. Broiler-type eggs in incubator on March 1 were up 7 percent from a year earlier. The revised number of broiler-type chicks hatched during 1966 totaled 2,747 million exceeding the preceding year's record hatch by 9 percent.

Egg-type chicks hatched during February are estimated at 46 million, 13 percent more than in February 1966. The February egg-type hatch was above a year earlier in all regions of the United States. The largest regional increase from February 1966 was 22 percent in the South Atlantic, followed by 20 percent in the West North Central, 18 percent in the South Central, 15 percent in the East North Central, and 2 percent in both the North Atlantic and West. During the first 2 months of 1967, there were 87 million egg-type chicks hatched, up 12 percent from the same 2 months in 1966. The number of egg-type eggs in incubator on March 1 was 1 percent above the year earlier. The revised number of egg-type chicks hatched in 1966 totaled 569 million, 16 percent more than in 1965.

Broiler and Egg-Type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During February			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Ohio.....	660	425	3,320	2,875
Indiana.....	2,183	2,030	3,391	5,160
Illinois.....	45	30	2,422	2,642
Michigan.....	400	1/	1,950	2,050
Wisconsin.....	1,011	1,100	917	970
Minnesota....	593	585	1,648	2,467
Iowa.....	100	70	2,160	2,520
Missouri.....	2,454	1,747	1,511	1,686
North Dakota..	1/	1/	53	94
South Dakota..	1/	1/	710	530
Nebraska.....	123	109	819	976
Kansas.....	38	50	804	1,100
N. Central...	7,615	6,520	19,705	23,070
UNITED STATES	207,420	216,853	77,380	87,024

1/ Included only in the North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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Immediate Release

March 21, 1967

MARCH 1, 1967 PIG REPORT

MINNESOTA: The December-February quarterly pig crop is estimated at 1,040,000 head, 5 percent larger than for the same quarter a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farrowing and breeding intentions for the next six months (March through August) are forecast at 11 percent less than during the same period of 1966. As of March 1, 1967 there were 2,706,000 head of all hogs and pigs on farms, 1 percent more than on March 1, 1966.

Sows farrowing during December 1966, January and February 1967 totaled 137,000 head compared to 130,000 head during the same month a year earlier and the 5-year (1961-65) average of 145,000 head. The average litter size was 7.59 pigs, which compares with 7.64 last year. About 23 percent of the winter farrowings were in December, 30 percent in January and the remainder or 47 percent in February.

Intended farrowings during the next three months - March, April and May - are estimated at 234,000 head, 10 percent less than during the same quarter of 1966. According to the intentions report, 38 percent of this total will farrow in March, 37 percent in April and 25 percent in May. For the June-August 1967 quarter, the intentions are for 155,000 head of sows to farrow or 13 percent less than a year ago.

A total of 2,706,000 head of all hogs and pigs were estimated on Minnesota farms as of March 1, 1967. This was 1 percent more than a year ago. Of the hogs and pigs on farms, 520,000 head were hogs and pigs for breeding purposes, 10 percent less than on March 1, 1966, and the remainder or 2,186,000 head were other hogs and pigs, mainly those intended for slaughter, up 4 percent from a year ago. Of the other hogs and pigs, those weighing under 120 pounds were 1 percent more than a year ago and those weighing 120 pounds and over were up 9 percent.

TEN STATES: The number of hogs and pigs on farms in the 10 Corn Belt States on March 1, 1967 totaled 37.5 million head. This is an increase of 3 percent fom the year-earlier total of 36.3 million head. The March 1 inventory decreased 13 percent from the revised level of 43.1 million head on hand December 1, 1966. This seasonal decrease is compared with 8 percent for this period a year earlier and the average of 14 percent. Of the total March 1 inventory, 7,024,000 head were being kept for breeding, 4 percent less than a year earlier. Hogs and pigs, other than for breeding, totaled 30,466,000 head, 5 percent more than the 29,034,000 on hand March 1, 1966.

The December-February 1967 pig crop for the 10 States totaled 12,426,000 head, an increase of 5 percent from the same period a year earlier. The number of sows farrowed was 1,698,000 head, 6 percent more than the 1,609,000 for the December-February 1966 period. The average number of pigs per litter for the December-February 1967 period, at 7.32, is down slightly from a year earlier. On December 1, 1966 farmers in the 10 States reported plans to increase farrowings by 6 percent during the December 1966-February 1967 period. For December 1966, the 438,000 sows farrowed were 12 percent above a year earlier. January 1967 farrowings, at 539,000 were 3 percent above January 1966, and for February, at 721,000, were 4 percent above a year earlier.

Sows bred and intended for farrowing during the March-May quarter totaled 3,208,000 head, 3 percent less than a year earlier. Wisconsin and Kansas each show increases, Missouri and Nebraska show no change from a year earlier, but all other States expect decreases. Expected monthly farrowings are: March, 1,139,000 sows, down 2 percent from a year earlier; April, 1,237,000, down 4 percent, and May, 832,000, down 2 percent. Intentions for the March-May quarter reported on March 1, 1967 are 3 percentage points or 85,000 head less than the intentions reported for this period on December 1, 1966. Breeding intentions are for 2,066,000 sows to farrow during the June-August 1967 quarter, 5 percent below a year earlier.

All hogs and pigs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and 10 States

Item	Minnesota				10 States 1/			
	1961-65 average	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1961-65 average	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
All Hogs on Farms:								
December 1 2/	3,898	2,856	3,056	107	46,499	39,220	43,081	101
March 1	3,254	2,679	2,706	101	40,161	36,313	37,490	103
Dec.-Feb. Pig Crop 2/:								
Sows farrowing	145	130	137	105	1,755	1,609	1,698	106
Pigs per litter	3/	4/ 7.64	4/ 7.59	---	3/	4/ 7.35	4/ 7.32	---
Pig crop	3/	993	1,040	105	3/	11,821	12,426	105
Sows Farrowing:								
March - May	322	260	5/ 234	90	3,519	3,303	5/ 3,208	97
June - August	194	178	5/ 155	87	2,266	2,183	5/ 2,066	95

1/ Ohio, Ind., Ill., Wis., Minn., Iowa, Mo., So. Dak., Nebr. and Kans.
2/ December preceding year.
3/ Not available.
4/ Actual number.
5/ Number indicated by breeding intentions report.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, pig crop,
December - August, 10 States, 1966 - 1967

State	December - February 1/						March - May 2/			June - August 2/		
	Sows farrowing			Pig crop 3/			Sows to farrow			Sows to farrow		
	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	99	103	104	714	744	104	157	141	90	136	126	93
Ind.	219	210	96	1,658	1,514	91	244	232	95	251	226	90
Ill.	283	306	108	2,023	2,225	110	535	508	95	384	349	91
Wis.	82	85	104	620	616	99	149	152	102	114	104	91
Minn.	130	137	105	993	1,040	105	260	234	90	178	155	87
Iowa	428	449	105	3,137	3,309	105	1,123	1,112	99	665	652	98
Mo.	165	186	113	1,203	1,328	110	295	295	100	214	225	105
S. Dak.	47	47	100	343	349	102	206	194	94	57	54	95
Nebr.	98	111	113	711	827	116	240	240	100	119	108	91
Kans.	58	64	110	419	474	113	94	100	106	65	67	103
Total 10 States	1,609	1,698	106	11,821	12,426	105	3,303	3,208	97	2,183	2,066	95

1/ December preceding year. 2/ Number indicated by breeding intentions reports.
3/ Number of pigs farrowed December through February which were still on hand March 1 or had been sold.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs, and other hogs by weight groups,
10 States, March 1, 1966 - 1967

State	All hogs and pigs			Breeding hogs			Other hogs and pigs					
							Under 120 pounds			120 pounds and over		
	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	2,237	2,282	102	369	342	93	1,158	1,174	101	710	766	108
Ind.	4,136	4,053	98	744	661	89	2,212	2,154	97	1,180	1,238	105
Ill.	6,013	6,133	102	1,106	1,086	98	2,837	2,917	103	2,070	2,130	103
Wis.	1,374	1,415	103	344	337	98	664	660	99	366	418	114
Minn.	2,679	2,706	101	576	520	90	1,260	1,270	101	843	916	109
Iowa	11,535	11,881	103	2,422	2,317	96	4,994	5,260	105	4,119	4,304	104
Mo.	3,318	3,650	110	630	657	104	1,613	1,840	114	1,075	1,153	107
S. Dak.	1,271	1,309	103	362	360	99	503	536	107	406	413	102
Nebr.	2,530	2,682	106	506	510	101	1,172	1,282	109	852	890	104
Kans.	1,220	1,379	113	220	234	106	625	693	111	375	452	121
Total 10 States	36,313	37,490	103	7,279	7,024	96	17,038	17,786	104	11,996	12,680	106

INTENDED CROP ACREAGES FOR 1967

MINNESOTA: Minnesota farmers intend to plant more corn (10%), soybeans (8%), barley (6%), and spring wheat (24%) in 1967 than last year but less oats (-3%) and flax (-23%). This information is based on a sample survey of farmers on planting intentions made about March 1. The acreage actually planted in 1967 may turn out to be larger or smaller than indicated by this report for such reasons as weather conditions, economic factors, labor supply, agricultural programs and the effect of this report itself on farmers' actions. Sugar beet acreage is expected to be 133,000 acres, about 6 percent more than planted in 1966. Total potato acreage indicated for the State is 97,900 acres, down 7 percent from 1966. Farmers' reports indicate 1967 hay acreage to be harvested at 3,270,000 - 5 percent less than harvested in 1966.

UNITED STATES: For the United States planting intentions for the 17 crops included in the March 1 survey total 257 million acres for 1967 - 3 percent more than last year. Of the spring planted crops, soybeans are 9 percent above 1966 and corn is 4.4 million acres or 7 percent above last year.

NOTE: A more detailed report is available on request.

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Immediate Release

March 22, 1967

INTENDED CROP ACREAGES FOR 1967

MINNESOTA: Minnesota farmers intend to plant about 4 percent more spring crops in 1967 than a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Indications point to increases in acreage planted to corn, soybeans, wheat, barley and sugar beets with reductions expected in oats, flax and potato plantings. A reduction in hay harvest acreage is also indicated. This information is based on a sample survey of farmers on planting intentions made about March 1. The acreage actually planted in 1967 may turn out to be larger or smaller than indicated by this report for such reasons as weather conditions, economic factors, labor supply, agricultural programs and the effect of this report itself on farmers' actions.

Farmers reporting on their intentions to plant as of March 1 indicated that the 1967 Minnesota corn acreage may total 5,844,000 acres up 10 percent from the 5,313,000 acres planted in 1966.

Soybean acreage is expected to total 3,644,000 acres, 8 percent above the 3,374,000 acres planted in 1966. Spring wheat (other than durum) will be planted on 909,000 acres, 23 percent more than last year and acres planted to durum wheat is expected to be 80,000 acres, up 38 percent from the 58,000 acres seeded in 1966.

A 6 percent increase in barley acreage is in prospect for 1967. Intended acreage totals 707,000 acres compared with 667,000 acres planted last year. Acreage of oats is expected to total 3,110,000 down 3 percent from the 3,206,000 planted in 1966. The indicated flaxseed planting at 325,000 acres is down 23 percent from the 422,000 acres planted last year. If farmers intentions are carried out this will be the smallest flax acreage planted since 1922 when 310,000 acres were planted.

Sugar beet planting is expected to be 133,000 acres, 6 percent more than planted in 1966. Total potato acreage indicated for the State is 97,900 acres, about 7 percent less than planted in 1966.

Farmers reports indicate 1967 hay acreage for harvest at 3,271,000-5 percent less than in 1966.

UNITED STATES: Planting intentions for the 17 crops included in the March 1 survey total 257 million acres--3 percent more than last year. If growers carry out their plans for the 17 crops, and an allowance is made for the other crops not surveyed in March the indicated planted acreage for all crops in 1967 is 316 million acres--18 million more than last year.

Of the spring planted crops, corn led in acreage expansion increasing 4.4 million acres--7 percent above 1966. Soybeans are second, increasing 3.2 million acres, and sorghums, third, at 2 million. Other crops with increased acreages expected in 1967 are; all spring wheat, tobacco, dry peas, and sugar beets. Rice acreage is expected to equal last year's. The sharpest drop expected is 2 million acres for oats followed by hay, down 1.3 million acres, and barley, off nearly a million acres. Smaller acreages also are expected for flaxseed, cotton, potatoes, sweet potatoes, dry beans and peanuts. Acreage estimates made in December indicate 26 percent more winter wheat, but 9 percent less rye.

Growers' intentions for 1967 crop acreages were reported during the sign-up period for the 1967 Feed Grain, Spring Wheat, and Cotton Programs. Actual plantings may be altered by later decisions about Government programs, effects of weather, labor prospects, and other economic factors present during the spring planting season.

Soybean Acreage Expands--Other Oilseeds Lower: Soybean growers intend to plant 40.6 million acres in 1967, up 9 percent more than in 1966--the seventh consecutive year of record high acreages. The increase in soybean acreage more than offsets declines in the three other oilseed crops. Indicated acreage for the four oilseeds is 54.3 million, 4 percent more than last year.

Feed Grain Acreage 3 Percent Larger: Producers' plans on March 1 indicate a total feed grain acreage of 120.3 million--3 percent more than last year but 2 percent below average. Substantial increases in corn and sorghums more than offset declines in oats and barley. Corn acreage is expected to increase 7 percent with all regions of the country showing an increase except the South Central. a 12 percent increase is indicated in sorghum acreage. All major producing States

expect sorghum plantings to be above last year. A major factor in the increase in corn and sorghum acreage is the elimination from the 1967 Feed Grain Program of the provision for voluntary acreage diversion for payment except on small farms. Also, barley is not included in the Program. Oats acreage is expected to be 9 percent smaller, continuing a downward trend. Most States indicate a decrease from last year. Barley acreage is also expected to be down 9 percent. The decrease is due partly to increased planting of wheat.

Food Grain Acreage 22 Percent Larger: Expansion of wheat acreage pushed the acreage seeded or to be seeded to food grains 22 percent above last year and average. Seeded acreage of winter wheat, the most important food grain, increased 26 percent. Durum wheat seeding is expected to be up 31 percent and other spring wheat up 17 percent. Rice growers plan to seed the same acreage as last year but 13 percent more than average. Rye acreage is 9 percent smaller than a year earlier and 19 percent below average.

Hay Acreage 2 Percent Less: The total acreage cut for hay in 1967 is expected to be 2 percent less than last year. Smaller acreages are indicated for all regions except the West.

Sugar Beets, Dry Peas, Expand While Potatoes and Dry Beans Decline: Although sugar beet acreage allotments were not established for 1967, growers expect to increase their planted acreage only 3 percent. Dry pea growers plan to increase total acreage 4 percent mostly because of a sharp increase in Idaho. Prospective acreage of dry beans is 7 percent less than last year's plantings. March 1 indications of potato acreage for 1967 show a 3 percent decline from last year.

INDICATED ACREAGES, MINNESOTA AND UNITED STATES, 1967

CROPS	Acreage Planted			1967 as Percent of 1966
	Average 1961-65	1966	Ind. 1967	
	- Thousand Acres -			Percent
MINNESOTA:				
Corn, All	5,763	5,313	5,844	110
Durum Wheat	75	58	80	138
Other Spring Wheat	807	739	909	123
Oats	3,415	3,206	3,110	97
Barley	718	667	707	106
Flax	542	422	325	77
Soybeans, All Purpose	2,615	3,374	3,644	108
Potatoes, All	114.6	105.0	97.9	93
Hay, All Harvested	3,657	3,443	3,271	95
Sugar Beets	116.4	125.2	133.0	106
UNITED STATES:				
Corn, All	66,130	66,255	70,638	107
Durum Wheat	2,231	2,511	3,287	131
Other Spring Wheat	9,355	9,106	10,616	117
Oats	27,902	23,181	21,162	91
Barley	13,041	11,171	10,182	91
Flax	3,058	2,732	2,184	80
Soybeans, All Purposes	30,500	37,388	40,602	109
Potatoes, All	1,413	1,513	1,470	97
Hay, All Harvested	67,285	65,192	63,865	98
Sugar Beets	1,274	1,243	1,279	103

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March 23, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 18, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 3,713,000 turkey poults during the week ending March 18, 1967 which was nearly the same level as the corresponding week of 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy breed poults hatched during the week totaled 3,489,000 poults which was also practically the same as a year ago. Light breed poult production for the ten States totaled 224,000, which was 2 percent above last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
February 25	2,300	2,653	203	213	2,503	2,866	115
March 4	2,639	2,847	216	231	2,855	3,078	108
March 11	3,084	3,261	202	237	3,286	3,498	106
March 18	3,483	3,489	220	224	3,703	3,713	100
Eggs Set							
January 28	3,603	4,264	317	356	3,920	4,620	116
February 4	4,182	4,516	327	411	4,509	4,927	106
February 11	4,834	5,081	311	397	5,145	5,478	105
Feburary 18	5,329	5,340	343	422	5,672	5,762	100
February 25	5,321	5,541	331	376	5,652	5,917	104
March 4	5,468	5,583	318	284	5,786	5,867	101
March 11	5,486	5,871	420	320	5,906	6,191	105
March 18	5,973	5,693	327	343	6,300	6,036	96
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
February 25	612	609	70	84	682	693	102
March 4	694	651	57	55	751	706	94
March 11	893	863	65	78	958	941	98
March 18	#	935	#	44	1,068	979	92
Eggs Set							
January 28	987	1,025	107	145	1,094	1,170	103
February 4	1,098	1,034	82	98	1,180	1,132	96
February 11	1,413	1,386	103	129	1,516	1,515	98
February 18	#	1,501	#	93	1,672	1,594	96
February 25	1,343	1,528	81	70	1,424	1,598	112
March 4	1,563	1,586	82	73	1,645	1,659	101
March 11	1,507	1,430	143	50	1,650	1,480	90
March 18	#	#	#	#	1,747	1,458	83
California							
Poults Hatched							
February 25	584	830	0	7	584	837	146
March 4	709	847	14	6	723	853	118
March 11	840	959	10	5	850	964	113
March 18	897	995	12	9	909	1,004	110
Eggs Set							
January 28	882	1,357	0	11	882	1,368	155
February 4	1,113	1,341	17	8	1,130	1,349	115
February 11	1,273	1,538	13	8	1,286	1,546	119
February 18	1,372	1,583	16	13	1,388	1,596	106
February 25	1,585	1,621	12	14	1,597	1,635	102
March 4	1,515	1,625	13	10	1,528	1,635	107
March 11	1,582	1,769	12	14	1,594	1,783	112
March 18	1,768	1,790	15	16	1,783	1,806	101

Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnnesota and Wisconsin.

The ten State settings of all breeds totaled 6,036,000 eggs for the week ending March 18, or 4 percent below the comparable week of 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 5,693,000, down 5 percent, while light breed settings totaled 343,000 eggs, 5 percent above the 1966 level.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending March 18 totaled 979,000 poults of all breeds, 8 percent below the number hatched during the same week of 1966.

Eggs set for all breed types in the two States totaled 1,458,000 eggs, which was 17 percent below the same week of 1966. Heavy and light breed settings for the week are confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 21 percent of the week's hatch compared with 27 percent the previous week and 36 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	679	864	114	116	331	482	4,759	7,394	1,106	1,021
Feb.	1,233	1,530	588	496	177	344	10,345	12,895	818	1,007
March	2,786		1,226		159		20,013		1,072	
April	3,075		1,107		167		22,317		1,399	
May	3,441		1,036		214		22,781		1,612	
June	2,968		314		309		17,033		1,693	
July	1,987		11		427		8,460		1,843	
Aug.	1,003		2		380		2,097		1,369	
Sept.	577		0		353		871		1,014	
Oct.	192		0		672		1,060		1,300	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,461		1,166	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,439		1,172	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501
Feb.	2,082	2,502	968	854	272	554	15,885	19,981	1,308	1,689
March	3,961	4,209	1,736	1,555	231	376	27,882	30,277	1,536	1,804
April	4,779		1,693		225		33,929		2,042	
May	5,558		1,744		276		36,210		2,263	
June	5,245		596		424		30,212		2,421	
July	3,429		20		607		16,356		2,784	
Aug.	1,688		6		538		4,081		1,997	
Sept.	1,028		0		515		1,477		1,546	
Oct.	772		0		543		1,879		1,476	
Nov.	354		0		850		2,078		1,582	
Dec.	514		52		846		4,953		1,602	

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested in Minnesota during February 1967 included 11,003 heavy white, no other heavy and 28,377 light breeds. The cumulative totals for July 1966 through February 1967 are 431,045 heavy white, 98,428 other heavy and 73,269 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same month of 1965-1966 were 498,609 heavy white, 163,192 other heavy and 23,148 light breed turkeys.

UNITED STATES: Testings of heavy breed turkeys by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during February 1967 totaled 112,571 or 25 percent below the same month a year earlier. The number of heavy white breed turkeys tested was down 50 percent and the number of other heavy breeds was up 110 percent from February 1966. For all heavy breeds, accumulative testings July 1966 through February 1967 totaled 3,722,255, an increase of 5 percent from the comparable period a year earlier.

Light breed turkeys tested during February totaled 36,743, an increase of 16 percent from February 1966. Testings of light breeds July 1966 through February 1967 totaled 241,427 birds, an increase of 5 percent from the same period a year earlier.

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March, 23, 1967

WOOL PRODUCTION AND VALUE, 1967

MINNESOTA: Production of wool in Minnesota for 1966 totaled 4,684,000 pounds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 7 percent less than the 1965 production. The decreased production was due to a smaller number of sheep and lambs shorn and a lower average fleeceweight of 7.7 pounds compared to 7.9 pounds for 1965. For the State the value of the 1966 crop was $2,529,000 compared with $2,557,000 in 1965. The average price per pound was 54 cents, 3 cents more than was received for the 1965 crop.

UNITED STATES: Production of shorn and pulled wool in the United States in 1966 amounted to 218 million pounds, grease basis. This was 3 percent below 1965 production of 225 million pounds.

Shorn wool production in 1966 totaled 194 million pounds, a 4 percent decline from the 1965 revised production of 201 million pounds. Shorn wool production in 1966 is equivalent to 93 million pounds, clean basis, compared with 96 million pounds in 1965, using a conversion factor of 47.7 percent.

The number of sheep and lambs shorn in 1966 totaled 22.9 million head, a 4 percent decrease from the 23.8 million head shorn in 1965. The 1966 fleece weight averaged 8.49 pounds per fleece compared with 8.48 pounds in 1965.

Pulled wool production in 1966, at 24.1 million pounds, was 3 percent above the 1965 production of 23.3 million pounds. Production of pulled wool in 1966 was equivalent to 17.6 million pounds, clean basis, compared with 17.0 million pounds in 1965, using a conversion factor of 72.9 percent. Commercial slaughter of sheep and lambs during 1966 was 2 percent below the 1965 slaughter. The average weight of wool pulled per skin was 3.43 pounds compared with 3.37 pounds in 1965.

Farmers and ranchers in the United States in 1966 received an average price of 52.1 cents per pound for shorn wool. This was 5.0 cents a pound higher than the average price of wool sold in 1965. In the native sheep States (which account for most of the "fleece" wool producing area of the country) the price received averaged 51.8 cents per pound in 1966. For the 11 Western States, Texas, and South Dakota (which produce most of the "territory" wool) the 1966 average price was 52.2 cents per pound. The total value of shorn wool produced in 1966 was $101 million, an increase of 6 percent from the 1965 value of $95 million.

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WOOL PRODUCTION AND VALUE, BY STATES, 1965-1966

State	Sheep shorn 1/		Weight per Fleece 2/		Production		Price per Pound		Value	
	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966 3/	1965	1966 4/
	1,000 head		Pounds		1,000 pounds		Cents		1,000 dollars	
Maine	21.2	18.3	7.2	7.6	151	136	57	65	86	88
N. H.	5.4	4.7	7.0	7.2	38	34	55	62	21	21
Vt.	7.5	7.5	8.1	8.1	61	61	54	61	33	37
Mass.	9.4	9.3	7.4	7.8	70	73	55	62	38	45
R. I.	2.1	1.9	7.0	7.2	15	14	55	64	8	9
Conn.	4.9	4.3	7.2	7.5	35	32	54	61	19	20
N. Y.	100	90	8.1	8.1	807	727	56	59	452	429
N. J.	9.6	9.5	7.6	7.6	73	72	58	50	42	36
Pa.	174	170	7.6	7.5	1,322	1,275	56	57	740	727
Ohio	734	721	8.7	8.8	6,366	6,351	50	52	3,183	3,303
Ind.	297	278	7.8	7.8	2,330	2,158	48	51	1,118	1,101
Ill.	485	431	7.6	7.8	3,678	3,366	47	50	1,729	1,683
Mich.	278	261	8.7	8.5	2,422	2,228	50	54	1,211	1,203
Wis.	158	150	8.1	8.0	1,284	1,200	51	49	655	588
Minn.	633	611	7.9	7.7	5,013	4,684	51	54	2,557	2,529
Iowa	1,051	965	7.9	7.8	8,293	7,526	48	52	3,981	3,914
Mo.	368	363	7.9	7.9	2,924	2,864	49	51	1,433	1,461
N. Dak.	426	382	9.6	9.4	4,079	3,577	50	53	2,040	1,896
S. Dak.	1,355	1,247	8.9	8.9	12,032	11,091	49	56	5,896	6,211
Nebr.	447	408	7.7	7.8	3,452	3,182	45	48	1,553	1,527
Kans.	424	426	8.3	8.4	3,525	3,598	41	43	1,445	1,547
Del.	2.4	2.4	7.3	7.5	18	18	60	53	11	10
Md.	20	18	7.2	7.0	144	126	58	56	84	71
Va.	214	210	6.0	6.0	1,284	1,262	65	65	835	820
W. Va.	184	170	5.8	5.7	1,067	975	62	60	662	585
N. C.	24	23	6.4	6.2	154	143	60	60	92	86
S. C.	3.9	3.6	6.7	6.7	26	24	55	51	14	12
Ga.	6.8	6.1	6.1	6.2	41	38	55	44	23	17
Fla.	6.5	5.6	5.6	5.2	36	29	42	38	15	11
Ky.	157	146	7.4	7.3	1,162	1,066	55	54	639	576
Tenn.	83	73	5.6	5.8	465	423	56	55	260	233
Ala.	10	8.6	6.0	6.0	60	52	53	50	32	26
Miss.	23	20	5.0	5.1	115	102	54	51	62	52
Ark.	12	10	6.7	6.7	80	67	45	46	36	31
La.	42	34	4.7	4.6	197	156	51	48	100	75
Okla.	117	121	8.3	8.4	967	1,012	40	42	387	425
Texas	5,169	5,031	8.0	7.7	41,109	38,777	45	49	18,499	19,001
Mont.	1,292	1,213	9.6	9.7	12,462	11,792	51	58	6,356	6,839
Idaho	789	751	10.0	10.4	7,856	7,813	50	57	3,928	4,453
Wyo.	1,910	1,859	9.9	10.4	18,945	19,300	46	52	8,715	10,036
Colo.	1,198	1,346	9.2	8.9	11,001	11,940	46	53	5,060	6,328
N. Mex.	922	916	9.4	9.5	8,669	8,712	40	48	3,468	4,182
Ariz.	570	506	7.1	7.2	4,068	3,627	37	42	1,505	1,523
Utah	1,018	991	9.4	10.0	9,595	9,895	45	52	4,318	5,145
Nev.	219	226	9.5	9.9	2,075	2,241	45	52	934	1,165
Wash.	206	171	9.2	9.2	1,894	1,567	48	54	909	846
Oreg.	662	613	7.6	8.0	5,053	4,905	52	56	2,628	2,747
Calif.	1,888	1,824	7.8	7.5	14,741	13,623	48	51	7,076	6,948
48 States	23,738	22,856	8.48	8.48	201,254	193,934	47.1	52.1	94,888	100,618
Alaska	18	19	11.6	11.3	209	215	53.1	57	111	123
Hawaii			N O T A V A I L A B L E							
U. S.	23,756	22,875	8.48	8.49	201,463	194,149	47.1	52.1	94,999	100,741

1/ Includes shearing at commerical feeding yards.
2/ For Texas and California the weight per fleece is the amount of wool shorn per sheep and lamb during the year.
3/ For each State, monthly price weighted by monthly sales of wool, January 1966 through December 1966. U. S. average price is State prices weighted by sales.
4/ 1966 production multiplied by January-December average price.

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APR 3 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

March 30, 1967

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-March 1967

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-March was 89 percent of the 1947-49 average according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 5 points lower than a year earlier and 1 point below the February index. Prices of the crops and dairy product groups continued at higher levels than a year ago, while the livestock and poultry groups were lower.

The mid-March crops index was up 1 point and the poultry and egg index was up 5 points compared to mid-February. The livestock index, however, declined 3 points and the dairy products index 1 point from mid-February. Prices of all individual crops except flaxseed, hay and potatoes increased from February to March. Wheat advanced 6 cents, rye 5 cents, soybeans 3 cents, and corn, oats and barley 2 cents per bushel from last month. Potatoes decreased 10 cents per hundredweight from last month and flax was unchanged. All crop prices, except barley and hay, were higher than in mid-March a year ago.

Hog prices decreased $1.20 per hundredweight from last month and $6.00 from a year ago. All cattle prices at $20.90 per hundredweight were down 10 cents from last month and 90 cents from a year ago. Calves at $28.90 per hundredweight were up 20 cents from last month but down $4.50 from a year ago. Milk prices were down 4 cents per hundredweight from February but 48 cents above March last year. Cream prices were unchanged from last month but 4 cents above last year. Turkeys were down 2 cents per pound from last month and 7 cents below last year. Eggs at 26 cents per dozen were 3-1/2 cents above mid-February but 9-1/2 cents below mid-March last year.

TABLE I — INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-1949=100	Mar. 15 Av. 1959-63	Mar. 15, 1964	Mar. 15, 1965	Mar. 15, 1966	Feb. 15, 1967	Mar. 15, 1967
All Farm Products	79	76	81	94	90	89
Crops	66	73	83	72	80	81
Livestock	88	78	83	113	99	96
Dairy Products	89	89	91	100	113	112
Poultry and Eggs	66	60	57	80	54	59

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II — PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

INDEX OR RATIO 1910-1914=100	Mar. 15, 1963	Mar. 15, 1964	Mar. 15, 1965	Mar. 15, 1966	Feb. 15, 1967	Mar. 15, 1967
Prices Received	242	240	240	271	252	250
Prices Paid 1/	311	313	318	331	339	340
Parity Ratio	78	77	75	82	74	74

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity -- Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			March 15, 1967			
		Mar. 15, 1966	Feb. 15, 1967	Mar. 15, 1967	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.51	1.67	1.73	1.67	1.67	1.64	1.59
Rye	Bu.	1.00	1.00	1.05	1.13	.91	.98	1.00
Corn	Bu.	.89	1.19	1.21	1.22	1.10	1.16	1.28
Oats	Bu.	.61	.63	.65	.71	.56	.64	.682
Barley	Bu.	1.10	1.04	1.06	1.00	1.01	.99	1.02
Soybeans	Bu.	2.65	2.64	2.67	2.71	2.58	2.64	2.74
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.91	2.92	2.92	2.89	2.83	2.90	2.85
All Hay, Baled	Ton	21.00	20.00	20.00	20.90	15.00	19.80	25.10
Potatoes	Cwt.	1.85	2.10	2.00	-	1.80	2.00	2.09
Hogs	Cwt.	23.80	19.00	17.80	17.90	17.40	17.80	17.90
Cows	Cwt.	18.60	17.30	17.50	17.40	15.70	15.90	16.70
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	25.20	22.60	22.40	23.20	22.40	22.80	23.00
Cattle, All	Cwt.	21.80	21.00	20.90	22.30	20.90	21.40	21.50
Calves	Cwt.	33.40	28.70	28.90	26.50	26.30	27.90	26.20
Sheep	Cwt.	7.50	6.80	6.70	5.00	6.00	5.30	6.71
Lambs	Cwt.	26.70	20.50	21.10	20.40	20.50	20.60	20.60
Milk Cows	Head	260.00	280.00	270.00	265.00	230.00	240.00	256.00
Milk-Wholesale	Cwt.	3.59	4.11	4.07	4.30	4.10	4.15	4.96
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.68	.72	.72	.68	.70	.68	.659
Turkeys-Live	Lb.	.250	.200	.180	-	-	.200	.205
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.065	.060	.060	.050	.050	.050	.088
Eggs	Doz.	.355	.225	.260	.240	.240	.231	.346
Wool	Lb.	.52	.40	.39	.39	.38	.40	.411
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.15	3.60	3.50	3.70	3.45	3.65	3.72
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	4.75	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.60	5.40	5.45
Hog Feed 29% and Over	Cwt.	6.10	6.50	6.40	6.40	6.50	6.60	6.40
Beef Cattle Feed 30% and Over	Cwt.	4.95	5.20	5.10	5.40	5.00	5.10	5.00
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.20	3.45	3.45	4.20	4.00	3.75	3.99
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	2.88	3.10	3.18	3.18	2.98	2.99	3.72
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.35	4.55	4.60	5.10	4.90	5.00	4.72
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog-Corn 1/		26.7	16.0	14.7	14.7	15.8	15.3	14.0
Beef-Corn 1/		28.3	19.0	18.5	19.0	20.4	19.7	18.0
Egg-Feed 2/		12.3	7.3	8.2	7.5	8.1	7.7	9.3
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		2.3	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.4

1/ Number of Bushels of Corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

MAR 31 1967

Immediate Release

March 30, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending March 25, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 3,642,000 turkey poults during the week ending March 25, 1967 which was 1 percent above the corresponding week of 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. Heavy breed poults hatched during the week totaled 3,417,000 poults which was about the same level as a year ago. Light breed poult production for the ten States totaled 225,000, which was 5 percent above last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
March 4	2,639	2,847	216	231	2,855	3,078	108
March 11	3,084	3,261	202	237	3,286	3,498	106
March 18	3,483	3,489	220	224	3,703	3,713	100
March 25	3,406	3,417	214	225	3,620	3,642	101
Eggs Set							
February 4	4,182	4,516	327	411	4,509	4,927	106
February 11	4,834	5,081	311	397	5,145	5,478	105
February 18	5,329	5,340	343	422	5,672	5,762	100
February 25	5,321	5,541	331	376	5,652	5,917	104
March 4	5,468	5,583	318	284	5,786	5,867	101
March 11	5,486	5,871	420	320	5,906	6,191	105
March 18	5,973	5,693	327	343	6,300	6,036	96
March 25	6,164	5,822	451	335	6,615	6,157	93
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
March 4	694	651	57	55	751	706	94
March 11	893	863	65	78	958	941	98
March 18	#	935	#	44	1,068	979	92
March 25	839	954	49	39	888	993	112
Eggs Set							
February 4	1,098	1,034	82	98	1,180	1,132	96
February 11	1,413	1,386	103	129	1,516	1,515	98
February 18	#	1,501	#	93	1,672	1,594	96
February 25	1,343	1,528	81	70	1,424	1,598	112
March 4	1,563	1,586	82	73	1,645	1,659	101
March 11	1,507	1,430	143	50	1,650	1,480	90
March 18	#	#	#	#	1,747	1,458	83
March 25	1,517	#	120	#	1,637	1,441	88
California							
Poults Hatched							
March 4	709	847	14	6	723	853	118
March 11	840	959	10	5	850	964	113
March 18	897	995	12	9	909	1,004	110
March 25	1,029	911	9	10	1,038	921	89
Eggs Set							
February 4	1,113	1,341	17	8	1,130	1,349	115
February 11	1,273	1,538	13	8	1,286	1,546	119
February 18	1,372	1,583	16	13	1,388	1,596	106
February 25	1,585	1,621	12	14	1,597	1,635	102
March 4	1,515	1,625	13	10	1,528	1,635	107
March 11	1,582	1,769	12	14	1,594	1,783	112
March 18	1,768	1,790	15	16	1,783	1,806	101
March 25	1,891	1,819	13	19	1,904	1,838	97

Confidential 1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The ten State settings of all breeds totaled 6,157,000 eggs for the week ending March 25, or 7 percent below the comparable week of 1966. The number of heavy breed eggs set was 5,822,000, down 6 percent while light breed settings totaled 335,000 eggs, 26 percent below the 1966 level.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poult production for the week ending March 25 totaled 993,000 poults of all breeds, 12 percent above the number hatched during the same week of 1966. Heavy breed hatchings totaled 954,000 which was 14 percent above last year, while the light hatch was down 20 percent to a level of 39,000 poults.

Eggs set for all breed types in the two States totaled 1,441,000 eggs, which was 12 percent below the same week of last year. Heavy and light breed settings for the week were undisclosed to avoid exposing individual operation.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 22 percent of the week's hatch, compared with 21 percent the previous week and 38 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	679	864	114	116	331	482	4,759	7,394	1,106	1,021
Feb.	1,233	1,530	588	496	177	344	10,345	12,895	818	1,007
March	2,786		1,226		159		20,013		1,072	
April	3,075		1,107		167		22,317		1,399	
May	3,441		1,036		214		22,781		1,612	
June	2,968		314		309		17,033		1,693	
July	1,987		11		427		8,460		1,843	
Aug.	1,003		2		380		2,097		1,369	
Sept.	577		0		353		871		1,014	
Oct.	192		0		672		1,060		1,300	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,461		1,166	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,439		1,172	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501
Feb.	2,082	2,502	968	854	272	554	15,885	19,981	1,308	1,689
March	3,961	4,209	1,736	1,555	231	376	27,882	30,277	1,536	1,804
April	4,779		1,693		225		33,929		2,042	
May	5,558		1,744		276		36,210		2,263	
June	5,245		596		424		30,212		2,421	
July	3,429		20		607		16,356		2,784	
Aug.	1,688		6		538		4,081		1,997	
Sept.	1,028		0		515		1,477		1,546	
Oct.	772		0		543		1,879		1,476	
Nov.	354		0		850		2,078		1,582	
Dec.	514		52		846		4,953		1,602	

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

April 3, 1967

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
February 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during February 1967 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 136,000 head, 3 percent above a year earlier, but down 16 percent from January 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,043 pounds per head, down 56 pounds from the previous month and 20 pounds below February 1966.

February calf slaughter was 15,100 head compared with 21,500 head in February 1966 and 19,000 during January 1967. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 176 pounds, 8 pounds heavier than January but the same weight as a year earlier.

The hog kill in February totaled 461,000 head, 22 percent above the same month a year ago, but down 10 percent from January 1967. The average liveweight at 243 pounds was 10 pounds heavier than in January but 4 pounds lighter than in February 1966.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in commercial plants during February 1967 totaled 75,500 head compared with 68,000 head in February 1966 and 86,000 in January. The average liveweight of sheep and lambs slaughtered during February at 109 pounds was 1 pound heavier than January, but the same weight as February 1966.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat in the 48 States during February totaled 2,630 million pounds. This was 10 percent above the February 1966 total of 2,387 million pounds, but 11 percent below January 1967. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other slaughter plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

Beef production during February was 1,539 million pounds, up 5 percent from February 1966, but 11 percent below January 1967. The number of cattle slaughtered during February totaled 2,577,400 head, 1 percent greater than a year earlier. Average live weight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,035 pounds, 16 pounds more than in February 1966, but 1 pound below January 1967.

There were 59 million pounds of veal produced during February, 14 percent less than a year earlier and 12 percent less than a month earlier. The 465,000 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 16 percent less than February 1966. Calves slaughtered during February averaged 230 pounds per head, 6 pounds more than both February a year ago and January 1967.

Pork production during February totaled 975 million pounds, 21 percent above February 1966 but 12 percent below January 1967. The hog kill during February was 6,567,100 head, 21 percent more than a year earlier. The average live weight of hogs slaughtered during the month was 237 pounds per head, 1 pound less than a year earlier and 6 pounds less than the previous month. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of live weight of hogs was 10.4 pounds compared with 10.0 pounds in February 1966 and 10.5 pounds in January 1967.

There were 57 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during February, 27 percent more than a year earlier, but less than a month earlier. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during February was 1,073,700 head, 25 percent more than in February 1966. Sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month averaged 106 pounds per head, unchanged from a year earlier, but 1 pound more than the previous month.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	February		February 1967 as percent of February 1966	February Average Liveweight	
	1966	1967		1966	1967
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	132.0	136.0	103.0	1,063	1,043
Calves	21.5	15.1	70.2	176	176
Hogs	377.0	461.0	122.3	247	243
Sheep and Lambs	68.0	75.5	111.0	109	109
UNITED STATES: (48 States)					
Cattle	2,544.8	2,577.4	101.3	1,019	1,035
Calves	555.0	465.0	83.8	224	230
Hogs	5,406.3	6,567.1	121.5	238	237
Sheep and Lambs	858.4	1,073.7	125.1	106	106

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, FEBRUARY 1966-67 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
February 1966	1,465	69	808	45	2,387	522	129
January 1967	1,728	67	1,106	60	2,961	682	186
February 1967	1,539	59	975	57	2,630	551	162

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.
2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.
3/ Chicken and turkey meat -- ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.
4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

J. S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

FEB 1 1966

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

January 25, 1967

GRAIN STOCKS - JANUARY 1, 1967*

MINNESOTA: Stocks of CORN in all positions in the State totaled 323 million bushels on January 1, just 1.5 million bushels above holdings last year at this time, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. On-farm stocks were 34 million bushels above holdings a year earlier while off-farm stocks were 32 million bushels below the previous year. Off-farm stocks totaled 46.4 million bushels and were stored in the following positions: 19.2 million in country elevators, 16.2 million in the terminal areas of Minneapolis-St. Paul and Duluth, 0.7 million in country processing plants (including hybrid seed corn firms) and 10.3 million bushels in Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) Bin Sites.

Total WHEAT supplies in all storage positions were 47.3 million bushels, or less than one-half of the 96.9 million bushels January 1, 1966. Wheat held on farms totaled 8.8 million bushels compared with 10.6 million held a year earlier. Off-farm stocks of 38.5 million bushels were held in the following positions: 29.1 million bushels in the Twin Cities and Duluth Terminal areas, 6.7 million in country elevators and 2.7 million bushels at country processors.

Stocks of OATS in all positions totaled 128 million bushels, 15 percent less than the 151 million bushels on hand a year ago. On-farm stocks of 104 million were 21 percent below the 131 million bushels on hand January 1, 1966. Off-farm stocks totaled 24,721,000 bushels with 12,183,000 in country elevators, 12,530,000 in the Twin Cities-Duluth Terminal areas and only 8,000 bushels held by country processors.

BARLEY stocks of 31.4 million bushels in all positions were 2 percent below the 32.1 million on hand a year earlier. On-farm stocks totaled 12.2 million compared with 12.5 million bushels at this time last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 19.3 million bushels compared with 19.7 on hand January 1, 1966. The off-farm stocks were held in the following positions: 14.2 million bushels in the terminal areas, 3.0 million in country elevators and 2.1 million in country processing plants.

Stocks of RYE in all positions totaled 6.7 million bushels compared with 5.1 million bushels on hand last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 6.4 million of which 5.5 million bushels were held in the Twin Cities-Duluth Terminal areas. Country processors held 341,000 bushels and country elevators, 553,000 bushels. On-farm holdings amounted to 295,000 bushels compared with 483,000 bushels a year earlier.

January 1, 1967 stocks of SOYBEANS in all positions totaled 75.9 million bushels, 41 percent more than the 53.7 million on hand a year ago. On-farm stocks totaled 48.3 million bushels compared with 32.8 million on hand a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 27.6 million bushels, 32 percent more than the 20.9 million held on January 1, 1966. Of the off-farm stocks, 25.4 million bushels were held by country elevators, 1.2 million were stored in the terminal areas and 1.0 million bushels were held by country processors.

FLAXSEED stocks in all storage positions totaled 8.1 million bushels, about 13 percent less than the 9.4 million on hand a year ago. On-farm stocks amounted to 1.0 million bushels compared with 1.9 million a year earlier. Off-farm stocks of 7.1 million bushels were about 4 percent less than a year earlier. The off-farm stocks were stored in the following positions: 6.1 million bushels were held at the terminal plants and country processors and about 1.0 million bushels by country elevators.

UNITED STATES: Soybean stocks on January 1, 1967 totaled 725 million bushels, exceeding the previous high a year earlier by 17 percent. Stocks of all other grains were down from a year earlier. Holdings of each of the four feed grains were less than January 1 a year ago. The combined total of 143.2 million tons was 10 percent less than last year. Wheat in storage totaled 1,046 million bushels, the lowest January 1 stocks since 1952. Durum wheat stocks were 36 percent below a year earlier. Rye holdings were down 2 percent and flaxseed about a third less than last year.

*This report was made possible by funds provided by the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Consumer and Marketing Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, under provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

All wheat in storage on January 1 totaled 1,046 million bushels, about one-half the record January 1, 1961 holdings of 2,068 million bushels. The January 1, 1967 stocks were 22 percent below a year earlier and the smallest for this date since 1952. Off-farm holdings, at 637 million bushels, were 32 percent less than a year earlier while farm stocks of 409 million bushels were up 1 percent.

Corn in all storage positions on January 1 totaled 3,663 million bushels — 9 percent less than last year. Indicated disappearance of corn during the October-December quarter was 1,281 million bushels. Corn stored on farms totaled 2,885 million bushels, 6 percent less than last year. Off-farm stocks of 778 million bushels were 19 percent less than a year earlier.

Oat stocks in all storage positions on January 1 totaled 660 million bushels — 102 million bushels or 13 percent less than a year earlier. Oats held in farm storages total 555 million bushels and account for 84 percent of all holdings.

Barley stored in all positions on January 1, 1967 totaled 291 million bushels compared with 301 million bushels on the same date a year ago. Both on-farm and off-farm stocks declined from year-earlier levels. Stocks located on farms totaled 177 million bushels or about 61 percent of stocks in all positions.

Rye stocks of 28.1 million bushels in all storage positions January 1, 1967 were 2 percent less than holdings on the same date a year earlier. Farm stocks totaled nearly 9.5 million bushels, 28 percent less than last year, while off-farm holdings of nearly 18.7 million bushels were 19 percent larger.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions on January 1 totaled 22.0 million bushels--down one-third from a year earlier. Farm stocks were 45 percent below January 1, 1966 and off-farm stocks were down 24 percent.

Soybean stocks in all positions on January 1, 1967 totaled 725 million bushels. This record high total was 17 percent above the 619 million on hand a year earlier. Off-farm stocks, at 378 million bushels, were 13 percent above a year earlier while farm stocks at 347 million bushels were 22 percent above January 1, 1966 farm holdings.

Stocks on January 1, 1967 indicate a disappearance during the September-December period of 242 million bushels from a beginning supply of 967 million bushels (carryover of 36 million bushels plus production of 931 million bushels). Reported disappearance for the September-December period included 179 million bushels processed for oil and approximately 105 million bushels exported.

Off-Farm Stocks, Minnesota, January 1, 1967 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	Mpls. - St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Corn	6,638	16,151	1,395	732	31,524	19,240	39,209	10,298
Wheat	68,663	29,094	3,286	2,687	14,177	6,724	109	-
Oats	6,016	12,530	111	8	12,991	12,183	431	-
Barley	14,379	14,146	2,403	2,112	2,884	2,998	-	-
Rye	3,777	5,480	341	341	471	553	-	-
Soybeans	2,306	1,183	1,826	1,057	16,784	25,373	-	-
Flaxseed	5,376	6,097	1/	1/	2,057	1,020	-	-

1/ Included in Terminal Stocks to avoid possibility of disclosing individual operat

Grain Stocks - January 1, 1967 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	On-Farm		Off-Farm 1/		Total	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
MINNESOTA						
Corn	242,804	276,651	78,766	46,421	321,570	323,072
Wheat	10,622	8,793	86,235	38,505	96,857	47,298
Oats	130,974	103,718	19,549	24,721	150,523	128,439
Barley	12,461	12,157	19,666	19,256	32,127	31,413
Rye	483	295	4,589	6,374	5,072	6,669
Soybeans	32,800	48,326	20,916	27,613	53,716	75,939
Flaxseed	1,927	998	7,433	7,117	9,360	8,115
UNITED STATES						
Corn	3,084,863	2,884,666	956,475	777,925	4,041,338	3,662,591
Wheat	405,314	408,733	930,676	637,328	1,335,990	1,046,061
Oats	659,865	554,800	102,605	105,542	762,470	660,342
Barley	184,514	177,193	116,298	113,334	300,812	290,527
Rye	13,141	9,479	15,677	18,653	28,818	28,132
Soybeans	284,310	347,060	334,554	377,544	618,864	724,604
Flaxseed	13,953	7,693	18,812	14,280	32,765	21,973

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks.

STOCKS OF GRAINS, SELECTED STATES, January 1, 1966-67

State	Shelled and Ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	7,323	*	903	832	3,127	5,155	18,249	18,107
Ohio	54,417	55,427	192,275	209,806	6,147	7,050	25,491	23,748
Ind.	64,608	60,436	329,744	290,119	1,754	1,996	12,761	12,645
Ill.	214,159	185,106	811,534	694,724	4,860	5,642	36,828	37,206
Mich.	13,788	12,177	75,220	74,395	1,048	1,067	20,567	15,435
Wis.	8,706	11,820	107,571	123,960	3,920	4,718	87,807	74,567
Minn.	78,766	46,421	321,570	323,072	19,540	24,721	150,523	128,439
Iowa	226,456	136,128	1,008,382	893,596	10,996	9,907	83,410	81,102
Mo.	37,469	45,475	187,813	153,035	2,491	2,868	7,320	9,166
N. Dak.	1,612	1,266	7,994	8,073	12,655	12,443	102,787	80,610
S. Dak.	29,517	16,066	116,992	114,789	13,976	13,118	111,097	90,132
Nebr.	114,331	74,236	416,287	371,209	2,411	1,746	22,402	21,874
Kans.	31,487	32,730	64,940	61,377	774	719	5,235	4,632
Mont.	34	60	135	252	827	828	10,816	8,596
Idaho	254	153	1,229	971	2,024	1,254	4,440	2,463
Wash.	235	873	*	*	2,760	1,504	3,988	2,827
Oreg.	136	251	994	1,724	4,152	2,183	7,071	3,994
Calif.	3,582	7,243	6,658	10,739	1,431	904	2,111	1,446
Other States	69,595	92,057	374,948	330,024	7,703	7,719	49,567	43,353
UNITED STATES	956,475	777,925	4,041,338	3,662,591	102,605	105,542	762,470	660,342

State	Barley				Rye			
	Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	3,213	3,481	3,430	3,749	*	*	*	*
Ohio	62	123	372	387	31	33	184	216
Ind.	35	35	206	201	53	44	150	156
Ill.	1,514	*	1,858	*	1,503	*	1,577	*
Mich.	*	422	*	757	139	64	395	310
Wis.	19,600	18,826	20,090	19,390	*	1,511	*	1,623
Minn.	19,666	19,256	32,127	31,413	4,589	6,374	5,072	6,669
Iowa	*		*	*	*	*	*	*
Mo.	965	990	1,169	1,133	122	148	243	254
No.Dak.	11,026	11,547	75,548	71,859	3,215	3,664	10,498	7,393
So.Dak.	2,265	2,274	7,283	7,387	1,164	1,657	3,056	3,554
Nebr.	173	125	1,261	1,070	350	414	1,082	1,340
Kans.	864	1,103	2,656	3,059	671	555	928	752
Mont.	8,389	6,822	40,421	50,046	126	119	306	195
Idaho	6,817	7,132	18,553	15,568	10	10	90	104
Wash.	10,621	10,073	12,548	13,322	493	454	553	649
Oreg.	5,291	5,516	10,383	9,790	77	28	308	122
Calif.	12,847	9,586	31,438	21,013	---	---	---	---
Other States	12,950	16,024	41,469	40,383	3,134	3,578	4,376	4,795
UNITED STATES	116,298	113,334	300,812	290,527	15,677	18,653	28,818	28,132

*Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operation.

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

STOCKS OF WHEAT, SELECTED STATES, January 1, 1966-1967

State	Off-farm 1/		Total All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	35,712	23,437	37,081	25,359
Ohio	16,413	22,430	20,841	27,966
Ind.	6,727	8,586	9,623	11,747
Ill.	19,000	21,255	23,544	28,261
Mich.	9,036	13,208	14,859	21,438
Wis.	18,321	15,527	18,825	16,029
Minn.	86,235	38,505	96,857	47,298
Iowa	7,246	4,073	7,267	4,176
Mo.	24,831	19,337	28,093	22,217
N. Dak.	75,327	40,864	214,101	160,629
S. Dak.	38,207	22,136	68,803	53,966
Nebr.	45,405	38,517	69,403	79,747
Kans.	252,468	133,175	295,017	177,190
Mont.	17,348	15,600	85,826	86,448
Idaho	11,053	11,273	23,526	19,694
Wash.	52,869	46,290	64,677	58,022
Oreg.	16,330	14,481	25,418	20,843
Calif.	5,250	3,590	5,767	4,261
Other States	192,898	145,044	226,462	180,770
UNITED STATES	930,676	637,328	1,335,990	1,046,061

STOCKS OF SOYBEANS AND FLAXSEED, SELECTED STATES, January 1, 1966-1967

State	Soybeans				Flaxseed			
	Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
Ohio	18,876	21,655	34,901	42,052	---	---	---	---
Ind.	19,228	19,963	45,756	48,497	---	---	---	---
Ill.	65,449	51,240	129,392	116,564	---	---	---	---
Mich.	2,448	2,907	7,094	7,659	---	---	---	---
Wis.	1,978	*	3,832	*	*	1,691	*	1,718
Minn.	20,916	27,613	53,716	75,939	7,433	7,117	9,360	8,115
Iowa	50,925	58,729	116,497	144,351	*	*	*	*
Mo.	20,197	27,360	34,476	40,174	---	---	---	---
N. Dak.	1,039	2,301	3,244	5,046	7,017	3,262	16,601	8,310
S. Dak.	845	1,527	3,336	5,195	2,300	1,309	4,530	2,813
Nebr.	5,181	8,586	13,359	19,484	---	---	---	---
Kans.	9,695	9,322	15,195	14,686	---	---	---	---
Mont.	---	---	---	---	29	30	167	118
Calif.	---	---	---	---	*	*	*	*
Other States	117,777	146,341	158,066	204,957	2,033	871	2,107	899
UNITED STATES	334,554	377,544	618,864	724,604	18,812	14,280	32,765	21,973

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at mills, elevators, warehouses, terminals, processors, and CCC-owned grain at bin sites.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE APR 7 1967

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

April 6, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 1, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched 3,621,000 poults during the week ending April 1, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 2 percent less than in the same week a year earlier. Heavy breed poults at 3,444,000 were down 1 percent and the light breeds estimate of 177,000 was down 16 percent from a year ago.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
March 11	3,084	3,261	202	237	3,286	3,498	106
March 18	3,483	3,489	220	224	3,703	3,713	100
March 25	3,406	3,417	214	225	3,620	3,642	101
April 1	3,477	3,444	211	177	3,688	3,621	98
Eggs Set							
February 11	4,834	5,081	311	397	5,145	5,478	105
February 18	5,329	5,340	343	422	5,672	5,762	100
February 25	5,321	5,541	331	376	5,652	5,917	104
March 4	5,468	5,583	318	284	5,786	5,867	101
March 11	5,486	5,871	420	320	5,906	6,191	105
March 18	5,973	5,693	327	343	6,300	6,036	96
March 25	6,164	5,822	451	335	6,615	6,157	93
April 1	6,225	6,134	516	314	6,741	6,448	96
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
March 11	893	863	65	78	958	941	98
March 18	#	935	#	44	1,068	979	92
March 25	839	954	49	39	888	993	112
April 1	959	#	52	#	1,011	964	95
Eggs Set							
February 11	1,413	1,386	103	129	1,516	1,515	98
February 18	#	1,501	#	93	1,672	1,594	96
February 25	1,343	1,528	81	70	1,424	1,598	112
March 4	1,563	1,586	82	73	1,645	1,659	101
March 11	1,507	1,430	143	50	1,650	1,480	90
March 18	#	#	#	#	1,747	1,458	83
March 25	1,517	#	120	#	1,637	1,441	88
April 1	1,614	1,572	160	50	1,774	1,622	91
California							
Poults Hatched							
March 11	840	959	10	5	850	964	113
March 18	897	995	12	9	909	1,004	110
March 25	1,029	911	9	10	1,038	921	89
April 1	1,013	939	10	9	1,023	948	93
Eggs Set							
February 11	1,273	1,538	13	8	1,286	1,546	119
February 18	1,372	1,583	16	13	1,388	1,596	106
February 25	1,585	1,621	12	14	1,597	1,635	102
March 4	1,515	1,625	13	10	1,528	1,635	107
March 11	1,582	1,769	12	14	1,594	1,783	112
March 18	1,768	1,790	15	16	1,783	1,806	101
March 25	1,891	1,819	13	19	1,904	1,838	97
April 1	1,800	1,775	15	18	1,815	1,793	99

\# Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all eggs in the ten States at 6,448,000 were 4 percent less than in the same week a year ago. By types heavy breed eggs at 6,134,000 were down 1 percent, and the light breed eggs totaled 314,000 down 39 percent.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending April 1 totaled 964,000, down 5 percent from last year. By breed types the data are confidential in order not to disclose individual operations.

Eggs set for all breed types totaled 1,622,000 eggs, down 9 percent from a year earlier. Heavy breed settings at 1,572,000 were 3 percent less than a year ago, while light breed settings of 50,000 eggs were 110,000 below the same week in 1966.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 25 percent of the week's hatch, compared with 22 percent the previous week and 28 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	679	864	114	116	331	482	4,759	7,394	1,106	1,021
Feb.	1,233	1,530	588	496	177	344	10,345	12,895	818	1,007
March	2,786		1,226		159		20,013		1,072	
April	3,075		1,107		167		22,317		1,399	
May	3,441		1,036		214		22,781		1,612	
June	2,968		314		309		17,033		1,693	
July	1,987		11		427		8,460		1,843	
Aug.	1,003		2		380		2,097		1,369	
Sept.	577		0		353		871		1,014	
Oct.	192		0		672		1,060		1,300	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,461		1,166	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,439		1,172	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	938	1,160	143	151	455	695	6,431	10,265	1,368	1,501
Feb.	2,082	2,502	968	854	272	554	15,885	19,981	1,308	1,689
March	3,961	4,209	1,736	1,555	231	376	27,882	30,277	1,536	1,804
April	4,779		1,693		225		33,929		2,042	
May	5,558		1,744		276		36,210		2,263	
June	5,245		596		424		30,212		2,421	
July	3,429		20		607		16,356		2,784	
Aug.	1,688		6		538		4,081		1,997	
Sept.	1,028		0		515		1,477		1,546	
Oct.	772		0		543		1,879		1,476	
Nov.	354		0		850		2,078		1,582	
Dec.	514		52		846		4,953		1,602	

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Immediate Release

April 7, 1967

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of April 1, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Commercial Processing: The prospective planted acreage for 1966 of 129,700 acres is up 11 percent from last year's 116,600 acres, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This acreage is up 30 percent from the 1961-65 average of 99,800 acres.

Snap Beans for Processing: Minnesota acreage is included in total "Other States".

Green Lima Beans for Processing: Minnesota acreage is included in total "Other States".

UNITED STATES: Sweet Corn: Prospective 1967 plantings of sweet corn for processing are estimated at 502,350 acres, which compares with 466,100 acres planted last year and the 5-year average of 428,260 acres. Increases in acreage over last year are indicated for Delaware, Maryland, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Idaho, Washington, and Oregon. Less acreage is intended in New York and Pennsylvania.

Sweet corn for freezing is indicated at 132,290 acres. This acreage would be 3 percent more than last year and 46 percent above average. Compared with 1966, the prospective 1967 acreage in the central States is down 5 percent, the eastern States, down 8 percent, but the western States are up 14 percent. Production of sweet corn for freezing from the intended acreage is estimated at 573,000 tons. This is based on intended acreage with an allowance for normal abandonment and the average yield per acre adjusted for trend. Production at this level would be 4 percent less than last year.

Intended 1967 acreage of sweet corn for canning is indicated at 370,060 acres, up 10 percent from both 1966 and average. Compared with 1966, prospective 1967 acreages are up 4 percent in the eastern States, up 9 percent in the central States, and 16 percent higher in the western States. Production of sweet corn for canning from the intended acreage would be 1,453,000 tons. This is based on normal abandonment of planted acreage and the average yield per acre with an allowance for trend. Such production would be 8 percent larger than 1966.

Snap Beans: At 283,500 acres, the prospective 1967 plantings of snap beans for processing are 7 percent more than last year and 33 percent above average. Increased plantings from last year are in prospect for New York, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Wisconsin, Texas, Washington, Oregon, and California. A decrease in acreage is expected in Maryland, Michigan, Tennessee, and Oklahoma. The shift to bush bean varieties from pole bean varieties is expected to continue in the Pacific Northwest and this change will continue to have its effect on yield levels. Based on planting intentions for 1967, the acreage of snap beans for freezing is estimated at 67,030--2 percent more than in 1966, and 31 percent above average. Indicated 1967 production of snap beans for freezing from the intended acreage would be 133,000 tons assuming normal abandonment in acreage and the average yield per acre with an allowance for trend. Production at this level would be 8 percent above last year. The prospective 1967 plantings of snap beans for canning are placed at 216,470 acres, 9 percent more than the planted acreage for 1966, and 33 percent more than average plantings. Based on intended acreage, the indicated 1967 production of snap beans for canning is 466,000 tons, after making allowance for normal abandonment in acreage and for trend in the average yield per acre. This production level would be 18 percent above last year and 28 percent more than average.

Green Lima Beans: Based on intentions to plant, the green lima bean crop is estimated at 105,590 acres in 1967. This compares with 101,900 acres planted in 1966 and the 1961-65 average of 88,970 acres. Major States showing prospective increases in plantings from last year are Delaware, Maryland, Wisconsin, and California, while Michigan and Washington indicate smaller plantings. In California, the planted acreage is expected to be 1 percent larger than last year and in Delaware 12 percent larger. For freezing, the prospective U. S. acreage of green limas is placed at 69,410 acres, 3 percent more than last year and 16 percent more than average. Baby lima varieties, reported at 1 percent below last year, were offset by a 12 percent increase for Forkhooks. Production of lima beans for freezing on the indicated acreage would be 83,000 tons for 1967. Lima beans for canning are expected to total 36,180 acres for 1967 harvest. This compares with 33,720 acres planted in 1966 and the 5-year average of 29,010 acres.

Estimates of prospective 1967 acreage are based on reports made by processors and growers prior to planting and represent intentions only. Acreage actually planted may vary significantly because of weather conditions, price changes, labor supply, available financing, and effects of this report itself.

Sweet corn for processing: Prospective planted acreage by States, 1967 with comparisons

State	Planted acreage			1967 as percent of	
	Average 1961-65	1966	Prospective 1967	Average 1961-65	1966
	- Acres -			- Percent -	
New York	18,420	15,800	15,500	84	98
Pennsylvania	8,960	9,700	8,800	98	91
Delaware	4,440	3,900	4,100	92	105
Maryland	29,760	28,100	29,400	99	105
Illinois	56,140	55,500	58,200	104	105
Wisconsin	108,760	120,200	125,600	115	104
Minnesota	99,800	116,600	129,700	130	111
Iowa	6,180	6,200	6,800	110	110
Idaho	13,500	16,100	18,200	135	113
Washington	27,020	41,000	44,500	165	109
Oregon	27,180	34,500	42,400	156	123
Other States 1/	28,100	18,500	19,150	68	104
United States	428,260	466,100	502,350	117	108
For freezing	90,600	128,190	132,290	146	103
East 2/	21,850	23,160	21,340	98	92
Central 2/	27,520	46,330	44,100	160	95
West 2/	41,230	58,700	66,850	162	114
For canning and other processing	337,660	337,910	370,060	110	110
East 2/	43,820	36,340	37,910	87	104
Central 2/	261,580	263,370	287,900	110	109
West 2/	32,260	38,200	44,250	137	116

1/ Arkansas, California, Colorado, Indiana, Maine, Michigan, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wyoming.

2/ East: Maine, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia.
Central: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa Tennessee, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Texas, and South Dakota.
West: Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Washington, Oregon, and California.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U.S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

April 7, 1967

FRESH VEGETABLE REPORT
Acreage and Indicated Production
(As of April 1, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Cabbage, Early Summer - Minnesota growers have reported intentions to raise about the same acreage of cabbage for summer harvest in 1967 as the 400 acres harvested in 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. The 5-year average was 540 acres.

Cabbage, Early Fall - Acreage intentions will be available May 8.

UNITED STATES: Cabbage - Production of winter cabbage is placed at 6,857,000 cwt., 2 percent more than last year. Harvest in Florida is expected to continue active during April with diminishing supplies expected in May. Harvesting in south Texas continued active through March. Shipments are expected to decline in April but some supplies should be available through the month. In Arizona, light supplies are expected to be available until mid-June. Harvest of the California crop was completed in March.

The early spring cabbage crop is forecast at 1,621,000 cwt., 4 percent below 1966. In South Carolina, harvest is expected to get underway about mid-April and peak near the end of the month. Harvesting got underway in Georgia the last of March and is expected to reach the peak in late April. Additional moisture is needed for normal development of late plantings. Harvest in Alabama is at the peak in southern counties. The Mississippi crop is about a week early in development. Plants are making good development. In Louisiana, harvest in the southern "River" parishes was about over by April 1, in the Chack Bay area, heads were mature and harvest was underway. In the Breaux Bridge area, first harvest is expected about mid-April. Volume movement is not expected before late April. Harvest in California was underway on April 1 in all major producing areas. Supplies should reach peak volume during May.

A late spring cabbage acreage of 7,500 acres for harvest in 1967 is estimated. This compares with 7,250 acres harvested in 1966. Wet and cold weather has hampered setting in southeastern Ohio. In Missouri, soil moisture is generally adequate. In Maryland, planting was delayed about mid-March by unfavorable weather. However, weather during the last week in March was favorable. In Virginia, setting of most acreage was completed by April 1. In North Carolina, a hard freeze about mid-March did considerable damage. Most of the damage occurred to early planted fields that had been heavily fertilized and cultivated. In Tennessee, most acreage was set by April 1.

Growers intend to harvest 8,200 acres of early summer cabbage, which compared with 8,080 acres harvested last year. On Long Island, New York, transplanting is expected to start about mid-April. In New Jersey, some early acreage had been planted in southern areas by April 1. Planting in Ohio has been limited in most areas because of wet weather. Setting in Virginia is expected to start about mid-April.

Intentions reports for late summer cabbage indicate 16,600 acres for harvest this year which compares with 16,550 acres in 1966. In Pennsylvania, planting should begin about mid-April. Transplanting is underway in Georgia. In Colorado, planting should begin after mid-April. Planting is underway in California.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

Francis J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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April 11, 1967

APR 13 1967

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT
April 1, 1967

Temperatures during March averaged somewhat above normal, although there was a wide range from the highs to the lows according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S Departments of Agriculture. Temperatures were relatively mild early in the month but got much colder during the second and third weeks of March. The last week of the month saw temperatures go into the 80's in some southern areas.

Moisture during March was below normal at most stations; by April 1 nearly all of the snow had melted except in the sheltered or wooded areas. Flooding occurred in some of the lowland river bottom areas with flood damage about normal.

No field work had been done by April 1 as wet or frozen ground prevented work.

Winter wheat and rye were both reported in good condition with winter wheat production forecast at 720,000 bushels, 272,000 bushels more than last year and 31 percent greater than the 5-year 1961-65 average.

Corn stocks on Minnesota farms April 1 totaled 225 million bushels compared with 183 million a year ago and 17 million bushels above average. A total of 71 million bushels of oats were in farm storage on April 1. This was 26 million bushels less than a year earlier and 6 million bushels below the 5-year average.

Farm stocks of barley were 8.4 million bushels compared with 7.5 million last year. Average stocks for April 1 are 10.9 million bushels. There were 188,000 bushels of rye stored on farms compared with 357,000 a year ago. Farm wheat supplies totaled 5.3 million bushels compared with 6.9 million on hand a year earlier and the average April 1 stocks of 5.2 million bushels.

April soybean stocks on farms totaled 37.0 million bushels compared with 19.3 million a year earlier and the 5-year average of 17.5 million bushels. Flax stocks on April 1 amounted to 768,000 bushels compared with 1,181,000 a year ago.

MILK: Milk production for Minnesota in March totaled 1,019 million pounds up 1 percent from 1,008 million pounds produced in the same month a year ago. Milk production during the first 3 months of this year totaled 2,869 million pounds — up 3 percent from the corresponding period a year earlier.

EGGS: March production of eggs in Minnesota totaled 221 million, 3 percent more than in March 1966. Egg production during the first 3 months of 1967 totaled 648 million eggs - 2 percent more than the corresponding period last year.

FARM LABOR: The number of workers on Minnesota farms in March totaled 168,000, of which 156,000 were family workers and 12,000 were hired workers. This compares with 168,000 family workers and 12,000 hired workers in March 1966.

For the United States, the number of workers on farms in March totaled 4,380,000 of which 3,462,000 were family workers and 918,000 were hired workers. This compares with 3,584,000 family workers and 978,000 hired workers in March 1966.

C. W. Estes - D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statisticians

F. J. Graham
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APR 14 1967

Immediate Release

April 13, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 8, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched 3,816,000 poults during the week ending April 8, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 3 percent more than in the same week a year earlier. Heavy breed poults at 3,629,000 were up 6 percent and the light breeds estimate of 187,000 was down 32 percent from a year ago.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
March 18	3,483	3,489	220	224	3,703	3,713	100
March 25	3,406	3,417	214	225	3,620	3,642	101
April 1	3,477	3,444	211	177	3,688	3,621	98
April 8	3,424	3,629	273	187	3,697	3,816	103
Eggs Set							
February 18	5,329	5,340	343	422	5,672	5,762	100
February 25	5,321	5,541	331	376	5,652	5,917	104
March 4	5,468	5,583	318	284	5,786	5,867	101
March 11	5,486	5,871	420	320	5,906	6,191	105
March 18	5,973	5,693	327	343	6,300	6,036	96
March 25	6,164	5,822	451	335	6,615	6,157	93
April 1	6,225	6,134	516	314	6,741	6,448	96
April 8	6,320	5,663	490	350	6,810	6,013	88
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
March 18	#	935	#	44	1,068	979	92
March 25	839	954	49	39	888	993	112
April 1	959	#	52	#	1,011	964	95
April 8	910	#	90	#	1,000	928	93
Eggs Set							
February 18	#	1,501	#	93	1,672	1,594	96
February 25	1,343	1,528	81	70	1,424	1,598	112
March 4	1,563	1,586	82	73	1,645	1,659	101
March 11	1,507	1,430	143	50	1,650	1,480	90
March 18	#	#	#	#	1,747	1,458	83
March 25	1,517	#	120	#	1,637	1,441	88
April 1	1,614	1,572	160	50	1,774	1,622	91
April 8	1,684	#	130	#	1,814	1,514	83
California							
Poults Hatched							
March 18	897	995	12	9	909	1,004	110
March 25	1,029	911	9	10	1,038	921	89
April 1	1,013	939	10	9	1,023	948	93
April 8	1,015	1,142	9	10	1,024	1,152	113
Eggs Set							
February 18	1,372	1,583	16	13	1,388	1,596	106
February 25	1,585	1,621	12	14	1,597	1,635	102
March 4	1,515	1,625	13	10	1,528	1,635	107
March 11	1,582	1,769	12	14	1,594	1,783	112
March 18	1,768	1,790	15	16	1,783	1,806	101
March 25	1,891	1,819	13	19	1,904	1,838	97
April 1	1,800	1,775	15	18	1,815	1,793	99
April 8	1,762	1,790	14	15	1,776	1,805	102

\# Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all eggs in the ten States at 6,013,000 were 12 percent less than in the same week a year ago. By types heavy breed eggs at 5,663,000 were down 10 percent, and the light breed eggs totaled 350,000 down 29 percent.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending April 8 totaled 928,000, down 7 percent from last year. By breed types the data are confidential in order not to disclose individual operations.

Eggs set for breed types totaled 1,514,000 eggs, down 17 percent from a year earlier. By breed types the data are confidential in order not to disclose individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 21 percent of the week's hatch, compared with 25 percent the previous week and 26 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	623	864	114	116	387	482	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021
Feb.	1,124	1,530	589	496	286	344	10,194	12,895	948	1,007
March	2,728		1,230		216		20,045		1,183	
April	2,929		1,108		314		22,110		1,513	
May	3,164		1,035		496		22,681		1,923	
June	2,537		314		743		16,531		2,143	
July	1,288		11		1,127		7,836		2,595	
Aug.	444		2		938		1,548		1,914	
Sept.	240		0		689		711		1,389	
Oct.	126		0		738		1,069		1,359	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,556		1,245	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,513		1,110	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	928	1,160	166	151	529	695	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501
Feb.	1,913	2,502	983	854	466	554	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689
March	3,933	4,209	1,752	1,555	306	376	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804
April	4,562		1,758		471		34,543		2,213	
May	5,202		1,738		697		36,418		2,802	
June	4,514		600		1,128		29,486		3,295	
July	2,409		20		1,672		15,284		4,069	
Aug.	824		4		1,465		3,152		2,985	
Sept.	426		0		1,120		1,218		2,177	
Oct.	216		0		1,106		1,740		2,071	
Nov.	276		0		928		2,368		1,820	
Dec.	528		75		846		5,162		1,571	

1/ Revised

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician,
Acting in Charge

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Immediate Release

April 17, 1967

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
March 1967

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 4,355,000 chicks during March 1967 which was 9 percent below March 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The March hatch consisted of 3,455,000 egg-type and 900,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was down 13 percent, while broiler-type production was 10 percent above March 1966. For the period January through March the egg-type hatch was up 5 percent and the broiler-type hatch was 6 percent above the same period of 1966.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-March for Minnesota was $3.18 per 100 pounds compared with $3.10 the previous month and $2.88 a year earlier. On March 15 the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 8.2 compared with 7.3 the previous month and 12.3 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month						
	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January	839	1,063	+38	680	737	+ 8
February	809	1,404	+74	593	585	- 1
March	3,993	3,455	-13	819	900	+10
April	6,028			1,068		
May	6,094			1,048		
June	2,590			930		
July	851			727		
August	752			696		
September	671			640		
October	821			605		
November	657			729		
December	851			667		

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 322 million chicks during March 1967, an increase of 7 percent from a year earlier. The March hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 256 million, 8 percent more than a year earlier. During the first 3 months of 1967, there were 694 million broiler chicks produced, up 4 percent from the same months last year. Broiler-type eggs in incubator on April 1 were up 1 percent from a year earlier.

Egg-type chicks hatched during March are estimated at 67 million, 3 percent more than in March 1966. The March egg-type hatch was above a year earlier in all but the North Atlantic and the West North Central regions, which were down 8 percent each. The largest regional increase from March 1966 was 23 percent in the South Atlantic followed by 14 percent in the West, 4 percent in the East North Central, and 1 percent in the South Central. During the first 3 months of 1967, there were 154 million egg-type chicks hatched, up 8 percent from the same 3 months in 1966. The number of egg-type chicks in incubator on April 1 was 9 percent below a year earlier. This is the first time since October 1965 that the expected egg-type hatch will be below a year earlier. The 2 percent decrease of eggs in incubator April 1, 1967 reported for all chickens indicates the first decline in all chick hatch from a year earlier since April 1965.

Broiler and Egg-Type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During March			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Ohio.	740	720	2,880	2,550
Indiana	2,623	2,315	2,518	3,560
Illinois. . . .	99	47	2,747	2,707
Michigan. . . .	430	1/	1,350	1,150
Wisconsin . . .	1,331	1,425	1,008	940
Minnesota . . .	819	900	3,993	3,455
Iowa.	300	200	3,760	3,500
Missouri. . . .	2,670	2,181	2,206	2,498
North Dakota. .	1/	1/	210	176
South Dakota. .	1/	1/	1,390	1,420
Nebraska. . . .	377	310	2,072	1,628
Kansas.	125	130	1,160	900
N. Central . .	1/ 9,622	1/ 8,781	14,791	13,577
UNITED STATES	237,387	255,520	64,741	66,621

1/ Included only in the North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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April 17, 1967

CATTLE ON FEED - APRIL 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: As of April 1, there were 520,000 head of cattle and calves on grain feed in Minnesota, 3 percent more than a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 7 percent less than on January 1, 1967 compared with a 6 percent decrease a year earlier.

Marketings of grain fed cattle and calves during January, February and March, totaled 190,000 head, 15 percent more than the 165,000 head during the same months last year. Placements of cattle and calves during the past three months totaled 153,000 head, 14 percent more than during the same period in 1966.

According to marketing intentions, feeders intend to market 188,000 head during April, May and June of 1967 compared to the actual marketings during the same months of 1966 of 175,000 head.

Of the 520,000 head of cattle and calves on feed, 62 percent were steers and 38 percent were heifers and other cattle. By weight groups, cattle and calves weighing less than 900 pounds accounted for 78 percent of those on feed April 1 compared with 83 percent on April 1, 1966. Cattle and calves weighing 900 pounds and over made up 22 percent, up 34 percent from a year earlier.

32 STATES: Cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market on April 1, 1967 in 32 major feeding States totaled 10,496,000 head, 3 percent more than a year earlier. Most of the increase from a year earlier was in cattle weighing over 900 pounds. The number on feed decreased 6 percent from January 1 to April 1 this year compared with a 2 percent decrease during the same quarter last year.

The number of cattle and calves on feed April 1 in the North Central States was 6,985,000 head, 2 percent more than a year earlier. Iowa, the leading State, was up 2 percent, and Nebraska, the second ranking State, was up 9 percent. There were 2,424,000 cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in the 11 Western States on April 1, an increase of 1 percent from last year. California, the leading Western State, was down 9 percent while Colorado, the second ranking State, was up 1 percent. On April 1, there were 1,087,000 cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market in the 9 other feeding States, an increase of 11 percent from a year earlier. Mississippi, Oklahoma, and Texas showed increases over a year earlier.

There were 4,634,000 cattle and calves placed on feed in January-March in the 32 States, a decrease of 3 percent from the same period in 1966. Compared with a year earlier, placements were down 3 percent in the North Central States and down 7 percent in the Western States. Shipments of stocker and feeder cattle into 8 Corn Belt States during January and February were down 4,000 head, about ½ percent lower than for the same period in 1966. Marketings of fed cattle for slaughter during the first quarter this year totaled 5,274,000 head in the 32 States, 6 percent higher than in the same period in 1966. Fed cattle marketings in the North Central States were up 8 percent from a year earlier while marketings in the Western States were down 1 percent.

A breakdown of the cattle and calves on feed in 32 States on April 1, 1967 by weight groups shows the greatest increase in the number weighing over 900 pounds. The number in each weight group and percentage comparisons with a year earlier are as follows: under 500 pounds, 700,000 head, 86 percent; 500-699 pounds, 3,623,000 head, 103 percent; 700-899 pounds, 3,251,000 head, 98 percent; 900-1,099 pounds, 2,442,000 head, 109 percent; 1,100 pounds and over, 480,000 head, 135 percent.

Of the cattle on feed April 1 - 5,202,000 head are expected to be marketed during the April-June period. This would be 4 percent higher than comparable marketings for the same period a year earlier. Expected marketings, as published, are based on the usual relationship between survey data and actual marketings.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Cattle and Calves on Grain Feed, Minnesota and 32 States, 1967 with Comparisons

Item	MINNESOTA			32 STATES		
	1966	1967	1967 Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	1967 Pct. of 1966
	1,000 Head		Pct.	1,000 Head		Pct.
Cattle and Calves on Feed, January 1	536	557	104	10,436	11,136	107
Placed on Feed Jan. 1 - March 31 1/	134	153	114	4,773	4,634	97
Fed Cattle Marketed Jan. 1-March 31 1/	165	190	115	4,983	5,274	106
Cattle and Calves on Feed April 1	505	520	103	10,226	10,496	103
Kinds on Feed April 1						
Steers and Steer Calves	318	322	101	7,102	7,492	105
Heifers and Heifer Calves	186	197	106	3,085	2,962	96
Cows and Other	1	1	100	39	42	108
Time on Feed April 1						
Under 3 months	152	151	99	4,659	4,467	96
3 - 6 months	303	333	110	4,914	5,349	109
Over 6 months	50	36	72	653	680	104
Weight Groups April 1						
Under 900 pounds	418	403	96	7,638	7,574	99
900 - 1,099 pounds	78	104	133	2,232	2,442	109
1,100 pounds and over	9	13	144	356	480	135
April - June Marketings	175	188	107	2/ 5,002	3/ 5,202	104

1/ Includes cattle placed on feed after beginning of quarter and marketed before end of quarter.
2/ Actual marketings from April 1 number on feed, excluding those placed on feed after April 1 and marketed before June 30. 3/ Expected marketings from April 1, 1967 number on feed.

Cattle and calves on Feed by Quarters, April 1, 1966, January 1 and April 1, 1967 1/

State	April 1, 1966	January 1, 1967	April 1, 1967	April 1, 1967 as percent of April 1, 1966
	- - 1,000 Head - -			Percent
Pennsylvania	77	82	76	99
Ohio	318	341	315	99
Indiana	301	311	286	95
Illinois	789	791	751	95
Michigan	173	185	183	106
Wisconsin	137	149	144	105
Minnesota	505	557	520	103
Iowa	2,119	2,025	2,161	102
Missouri	391	398	369	94
North Dakota	106	101	87	82
South Dakota	343	390	364	106
Nebraska	1,181	1,308	1,284	109
Kansas	484	586	521	108
North Central States	6,847	7,142	6,985	102
Georgia	68	51	48	71
Florida	45	76	45	100
Kentucky	62	59	50	81
Tennessee	28	41	28	100
Alabama	29	42	23	79
Mississippi	12	25	14	117
Oklahoma	132	170	150	114
Texas	530	674	653	123
Montana	89	98	84	94
Idaho	162	201	175	108
Wyoming	38	35	37	97
Colorado	572	615	578	101
New Mexico	122	140	153	125
Arizona	294	370	356	121
Utah	62	61	48	77
Nevada	20	45	30	150
Washington	125	133	128	102
Oregon	84	92	80	95
California	828	984	755	91
Western States	2,396	2,774	2,424	101
32 State Total	10,226	11,136	10,496	103

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for the slaughter market on grain or other concentrates which are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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Immediate Release

April 20, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 15, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched 3,574,000 poults during the week ending April 15, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 7 percent less than the same week a year earlier. Heavy breed poults at 3,369,000 were also down 7 percent and the light breeds hatch estimate of 205,000 was down 4 percent from a year ago.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
March 25	3,406	3,417	214	225	3,620	3,642	101
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April 15	3,630	3,369	213	205	3,843	3,574	93
Eggs Set							
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March 4	5,468	5,718	318	284	5,786	6,002	101
March 11	5,486	5,873	420	320	5,906	6,193	105
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April 1	6,225	6,134	516	314	6,741	6,448	96
April 8	6,320	5,663	490	350	6,810	6,013	88
April 15	6,266	6,431	599	336	6,865	6,767	99
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
March 25	839	954	49	39	888	993	112
April 1	959	#	52	#	1,011	964	95
April 8	910	#	90	#	1,000	928	93
April 15	#	#	#	#	1,039	878	85
Eggs Set							
February 25	1,343	1,552	81	70	1,424	1,622	112
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March 11	1,507	#	143	#	1,650	1,480	90
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April 8	1,684	#	130	#	1,814	1,514	83
April 15	1,638	1,570	187	66	1,825	1,636	90
California							
Poults Hatched							
March 25	1,029	911	9	10	1,038	921	89
April 1	1,013	939	10	9	1,023	948	93
April 8	1,015	1,142	9	10	1,024	1,152	113
April 15	1,138	1,014	12	12	1,150	1,026	89
Eggs Set							
February 25	1,585	1,621	12	14	1,597	1,635	102
March 4	1,515	1,685	13	12	1,528	1,697	107
March 11	1,582	1,800	12	14	1,594	1,814	112
March 18	1,768	1,790	15	16	1,783	1,806	101
March 25	1,891	1,819	13	19	1,904	1,838	97
April 1	1,800	1,775	15	18	1,815	1,793	99
April 8	1,762	1,790	14	15	1,776	1,805	102
April 15	1,917	1,928	15	19	1,932	1,947	101

\# Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin

Settings of all eggs in the ten States at 6,767,000 were 1 percent less than in the comparable week of 1966. By types, heavy breed eggs at 6,431,000 were up 3 percent while the settings of light breed eggs at 336,000 for the week were 44 percent less than the same week a year earlier.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending April 15 totaled 878,000, down 15 percent from last year. By breed types the data were confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 1,636,000 eggs, down 10 percent from a year earlier. Heavy breed egg settings totaled 1,570,000, down 4 percent and light breed eggs set was estimated at 66,000, down 65 percent from the corresponding week of last year.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 30 percent of the week's hatch, compared with 21 percent the previous week and 16 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967
					Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan.	623	864	114	116	387	482	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021
Feb.	1,124	1,530	589	496	286	344	10,194	12,895	948	1,007
March	2,728	2,889	1,230	1,023	216	231	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137
April	2,929		1,108		314		22,110		1,513	
May	3,164		1,035		496		22,681		1,923	
June	2,537		314		743		16,531		2,143	
July	1,288		11		1,127		7,836		2,595	
Aug.	444		2		938		1,548		1,914	
Sept.	240		0		689		711		1,389	
Oct.	126		0		738		1,069		1,359	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,556		1,245	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,513		1,110	
					Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands					
Jan.	928	1,160	166	151	529	695	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501
Feb.	1,913	2,502	983	854	466	554	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689
March	3,933	4,209	1,752	1,555	306	376	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804
April	4,562	4,234	1,758	1,515	471	242	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686
May	5,202		1,738		697		36,418		2,802	
June	4,514		600		1,128		29,486		3,295	
July	2,409		20		1,672		15,284		4,069	
Aug.	824		4		1,465		3,152		2,985	
Sept.	426		0		1,120		1,218		2,177	
Oct.	216		0		1,106		1,740		2,071	
Nov.	276		0		928		2,368		1,820	
Dec.	528		75		846		5,162		1,571	

1/ Revised

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

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Agricultural Statistician,
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

APR 28 1967

Immediate Release

April 25, 1967

GRAIN STOCKS - April 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Stocks of corn in all storage positions in the State totaled 285 million bushels on April 1, 11 percent above last year's holdings, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farm stocks were 42.7 million bushels more than holdings a year earlier, while off-farm stocks were about 15 million bushels below a year ago. Off-farm stocks totaled 59.6 million bushels and were stored in the following positions: 19.4 million in country elevators, 30.1 million in the terminal areas of Minneapolis-St. Paul and Duluth, 0.4 million in country processing plants (including hybrid seed corn firms) and 9.7 million bushels in Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) bin sites.

Total wheat stocks of 36 million bushels in all storage positions were 55 percent below April 1, 1966 stocks. Wheat held on farms totaled 5.3 million bushels compared with 6.9 million a year ago. Off-farm stocks of 30.9 million bushels were 58 percent less than a year earlier and were stored in the following positions: 21.9 million bushels in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas, 6.1 million in country elevators, and 2.9 million at country processors.

Stocks of oats in all storage positions totaled 92 million bushels, 19 percent less than a year ago. Farm stocks of 70.5 million bushels accounted for 77 percent of total stocks. Off-farm stocks totaled 21.6 million bushels with 9.9 million in country elevators and 11.7 million in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas.

Barley stocks in all storage positions of 27.3 million bushels were 5 percent more than the quantity held a year earlier. Farm holdings totaled 8.4 million compared with 7.5 million bushels last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 18.9 million bushels and were held in the following positions: 13.3 million in the terminal areas, 3.3 million in country elevators, and 2.3 million in country processing plants.

Stocks of rye in all storage positions totaled 6.1 million bushels compared with 5.9 million bushels on hand last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 5.9 million bushels of which 5.0 million were held in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas. Country processors held 386,000 bushels and country elevators 526,000 bushels. Farm stocks amounted to 188,000 bushels compared with 357,000 bushels a year earlier.

April 1, 1967 stocks of soybeans in all storage positions totaled 58.9 million bushels, a record for this date, 54 percent above holdings last year and 69 percent above the 5-year average. Farm stocks totaled 37.0 million bushels compared with 19.3 million bushels held a year ago. Off-farm stocks totaled 21.9 million bushels of which 18.0 million were held in country elevators, 2.0 million in the terminal areas and 1.9 million bushels were held by country processors.

Flax stocks in all storage positions totaled 7.0 million bushels, 8 percent less than the 7.6 million held April 1, 1966. Farm stocks amounted to 800,000 bushels, 35 percent less than holdings a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 6.2 million bushels compared with 6.4 million on hand last year. Of the off-farm stocks, 5.7 million were held in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas or at country processors and 500,000 bushels were held by country elevators.

UNITED STATES: Stocks of the four feed grains on April 1, 1967 totaled 103 million tons -- 10 percent less than a year earlier and 19 percent below average. Record high April 1 soybean stocks were 22 percent more than on last April 1 and more than one-third above average. Stocks of wheat were 23 percent below a year earlier; Durum holdings down 45 percent. Although down 2 percent from April 1, 1966, rye stocks were the second largest since April 1, 1944. Stocks of flaxseed were down 29 percent from a year earlier but 11 percent above average.

All wheat in storage on April 1 totaled 703 million bushels, 23 percent less than a year earlier and the smallest for the date since 1952. Off-farm holdings were 462 million bushels, 30 percent below last year and farm holdings of 241 million bushels were 6 percent less.

Durum wheat stocks on April 1 totaled 46 million bushels, 45 percent less than a year earlier and the smallest April 1 holdings since 1962. Farm stocks of 29 million bushels were 41 percent below last year and off-farm stocks of 17 million bushels were 51 percent less.

Rye stocks on April 1 totaled 24.3 million bushels, 2 percent less than a year earlier but the second highest for the date since 1944. Farm stocks totaled 7.6 million bushels, 24 percent less than last year but off-farm stocks of 16.7 million bushels were 12 percent higher.

Corn stocks of 2,704 million bushels in all positions on April 1 were 6 percent less than a year earlier and 17 percent below average. Corn stored on farms totaled 2,034 million bushels, 4 percent less than a year earlier and 2 percent below average. Off-farm stocks of 670 million bushels were 9 percent less than a year earlier and the lowest April 1 total since 1954. Corn owned or under loan to CCC accounted for slightly more than one-fourth of the off-farm total compared with slightly more than three-fifths a year earlier.

Oat stocks of 441 million bushels in all positions on April 1 were 18 percent below a year earlier and 12 percent below average. Farm holdings of 354 million bushels were 21 percent below a year earlier, and equaled 80 percent of total April 1 stocks. Off-farm stocks, at 88 million bushels, were up slightly from a year earlier.

Barley stored in all positions on April 1 totaled 206 million bushels, about 7 percent more than a year earlier but 8 percent below average. Off-farm stocks, at 92 million bushels, were slightly below April 1, 1966. Farm stocks of 114 million bushels are about 15 percent above a year earlier.

Off-Farm Stocks, Minnesota, April 1, 1966-1967 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	Mpls. - St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Corn	10,827	30,050	570	438	28,663	19,424	34,984	9,707
Wheat	57,390	21,873	3,172	2,957	12,474	6,094	109	-
Oats	7,925	11,674	8	8	9,385	9,958	431	-
Barley	13,252	13,323	2,288	2,256	2,869	3,305	-	-
Rye	4,662	5,025	339	386	493	526	-	-
Soybeans	5,621	2,023	2,629	1,890	10,767	17,978	-	-
Flaxseed	4,754	5,730	1/	1/	1,684	498	-	-

1/ Included in terminal stocks to avoid possibility of disclosing individual operations.

Grain Stocks - April 1, 1966-1967 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	On-Farm		Off-Farm 1/		Total	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
MINNESOTA						
Corn	182,756	225,419	75,044	59,619	257,800	285,038
Wheat	6,927	5,312	73,145	30,924	80,072	36,236
Oats	96,594	70,528	17,749	21,640	114,343	92,168
Barley	7,528	8,384	18,409	18,884	25,937	27,268
Rye	357	188	5,494	5,937	5,851	6,125
Soybeans	19,328	37,050	19,017	21,891	38,345	58,941
Flaxseed	1,181	768	6,438	6,228	7,619	6,996
UNITED STATES						
Corn	2,122,751	2,033,694	740,542	670,269	2,863,293	2,703,963
Wheat	255,582	240,933	661,743	461,757	917,325	702,690
Oats	448,355	353,611	87,258	87,707	535,613	441,318
Barley	99,174	113,874	93,961	92,020	193,135	205,894
Rye	9,945	7,570	14,869	16,684	24,814	24,254
Soybeans	149,747	218,624	225,888	241,343	375,635	459,967
Flaxseed	10,809	5,644	15,828	13,351	26,637	18,995

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks.

STOCKS OF WHEAT, SELECTED STATES, April 1, 1966-1967

State	Off-farm 1/		Total All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	18,120	10,799	18,531	11,908
Ohio	10,651	14,808	12,261	16,653
Indiana	3,516	4,591	4,602	6,066
Illinois	12,336	14,711	13,188	16,171
Michigan	8,835	9,167	11,482	12,063
Wisconson	19,153	12,609	19,418	13,001
Minnesota	73,145	30,924	80,072	36,236
Iowa	6,799	4,440	6,812	4,491
Missouri	20,820	18,853	21,962	19,676
North Dakota	68,776	35,093	179,083	118,614
South Dakota	36,476	15,168	56,751	34,423
Nebraska	32,080	28,394	46,260	49,009
Kansas	163,120	97,325	179,667	123,334
Montana	15,271	11,000	61,625	52,497
Idaho	5,077	5,379	12,273	9,590
Washington	28,978	31,566	37,153	40,139
Oregon	12,027	10,548	16,287	13,464
California	3,601	2,514	3,822	2,887
Other States	122,962	103,868	136,076	122,468
UNITED STATES	661,743	461,757	917,325	702,690

STOCKS OF SOYBEANS AND FLAXSEED, SELECTED STATES, April 1, 1966-1967

State	Soybeans				Flaxseed			
	Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
Ohio	14,713	16,567	22,725	30,965	*	*	*	*
Ind.	11,496	11,453	26,770	25,354	*	*	*	*
Ill.	50,832	37,101	81,027	73,746	-	-	-	-
Mich.	2,328	2,052	4,942	5,508	-	-	-	-
Wis.	3,377	530	4,289	2,010	*	4,559	*	4,572
Minn.	19,017	21,891	38,345	58,941	6,438	6,228	7,619	6,996
Iowa	32,023	42,199	67,331	102,285	*	*	*	*
Mo.	10,403	15,238	20,715	21,218	-	-	-	-
N. Dak.	649	1,001	1,852	2,777	5,857	1,610	13,290	5,021
So. Dak.	544	814	2,695	3,444	1,670	565	3,741	1,962
Nebr.	3,014	6,212	8,248	15,023	-	-	-	-
Kans.	6,314	5,590	8,881	9,304	-	-	-	-
Mont.	-	-	-	-	20	5	108	53
Calif.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other States	71,178	80,695	87,815	109,392	1,843	384	1,879	391
UNITED STATES	225,888	241,343	375,635	459,967	15,828	13,351	26,637	18,995

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at mills, elevators, warehouses, terminals, processors, and CCC-owned grain at bin sites.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

UNITED STATES: Soybean stocks in all positions on April 1, 1967 totaled 460 million bushels, 22 percent above the 376 million bushels held a year earlier and 37 percent above average. Off-farm stocks, at 241 million bushels, were 7 percent above a year earlier and farm stocks, at 219 million bushels, were 46 percent above.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions on April 1 of nearly 19.0 million bushels were 29 percent below the large holdings a year earlier but 11 percent above average. Farm stocks were down nearly one half from April 1, 1966 and off-farm holdings, down 16 percent.

STOCKS OF GRAINS, SELECTED STATES, April 1, 1966-67

State	Shelled and Ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	3,240	*	8,608	*	2,190	3,211	10,392	10,041
Ohio	42,118	49,428	134,776	148,859	4,685	4,996	13,848	13,509
Ind.	39,630	47,471	207,550	201,913	1,531	1,482	6,423	6,806
Ill.	151,556	134,314	509,981	476,844	3,835	4,544	21,366	21,958
Mich.	11,348	10,100	52,001	54,406	1,348	1,038	11,394	8,470
Wis.	10,087	17,264	78,438	91,078	6,242	7,474	56,341	48,978
Minn.	75,044	59,619	257,800	285,038	17,749	21,640	114,343	92,168
Iowa	191,059	117,234	801,939	694,353	8,510	8,356	59,935	54,124
Mo.	26,186	38,973	113,004	109,504	1,653	1,912	4,497	5,356
N. Dak.	1,371	1,054	6,737	5,779	12,460	10,454	86,687	64,185
S. Dak.	26,204	16,468	92,501	83,418	11,675	12,406	83,359	62,239
Nebr.	87,632	75,089	324,704	293,911	1,447	1,006	15,268	14,030
Kans.	21,822	29,154	40,407	47,655	539	679	2,901	2,846
Mont.	35	25	69	89	827	558	7,070	5,637
Idaho	194	137	614	442	1,597	603	3,330	1,359
Wash.	116	175	530	472	1,444	850	2,006	1,636
Oreg.	167	172	454	330	2,875	1,115	4,461	2,305
Calif.	2,499	4,709	3,781	5,758	1,095	243	1,435	333
Other States	50,234	68,883	229,399	204,114	5,556	5,140	30,557	25,338
UNITED STATES	740,542	670,269	2,863,293	2,703,963	87,258	87,707	535,613	441,318

State	Barley				Rye			
	Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	1,270	1,520	1,373	1,645	*	*	*	*
Ohio	44	83	188	225	15	23	115	153
Ind.	28	25	114	98	41	26	86	101
Ill.	*	*	*	*	996	*	1,048	*
Mich.	*	*	*	*	54	71	192	238
Wis.	21,104	16,117	21,396	16,439	2,532	1,481	2,626	1,558
Minn.	18,409	18,884	25,937	27,268	5,494	5,937	5,851	6,125
Iowa	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mo.	531	968	679	1,047	127	174	190	225
N. Dak.	11,509	11,210	54,523	55,557	2,294	3,567	7,999	7,231
S. Dak.	2,225	2,260	5,382	4,705	714	1,457	2,386	3,096
Nebr.	149	182	449	628	310	638	844	1,163
Kans.	695	1,298	1,573	2,162	657	492	825	612
Mont.	6,766	6,562	21,781	34,530	92	94	212	138
Idaho	3,159	3,850	9,027	9,943	7	3	30	30
Wash.	6,706	7,332	7,299	8,861	360	215	402	330
Oreg.	3,082	3,793	5,798	6,464	71	10	199	57
Calif.	7,361	5,497	12,366	10,874	-	-	-	-
Other States	10,923	12,439	25,250	25,448	1,105	2,496	1,809	3,197
UNITED STATES	93,961	92,020	193,135	205,894	14,869	16,684	24,814	24,254

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at mills, elevators, warehouses, terminals, processors, and CCC-owned grain at bin sites.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

April 27, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending April 22, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched 3,644,000 poults during the week ending April 22, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 8 percent less than in the same week a year earlier. Heavy breed poult production at 3,462,000 was down 6 percent and light breed poults hatched at 182,000 were down 37 percent from a year ago.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
April 1	3,477	3,444	211	177	3,688	3,621	98
April 8	3,424	3,629	273	187	3,697	3,816	103
April 15	3,630	3,369	213	205	3,843	3,574	93
April 22	3,677	3,462	287	182	3,964	3,644	92
			Eggs Set				
March 4	5,468	5,718	318	284	5,786	6,002	101
March 11	5,486	5,873	420	320	5,906	6,193	105
March 18	5,973	5,689	327	343	6,300	6,032	96
March 25	6,164	5,832	451	305	6,615	6,137	93
April 1	6,225	6,134	516	314	6,741	6,448	96
April 8	6,320	5,663	490	350	6,810	6,013	88
April 15	6,266	6,431	599	336	6,865	6,767	99
April 22	6,484	6,361	567	375	7,051	6,736	96
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
April 1	959	#	52	#	1,011	964	95
April 8	910	#	90	#	1,000	928	93
April 15	#	#	#	#	1,039	878	85
April 22	896	#	72	#	968	846	87
			Eggs Set				
March 4	1,563	#	82	#	1,645	1,628	101
March 11	1,507	#	143	#	1,650	1,480	90
March 18	#	#	#	#	1,747	1,458	83
March 25	1,517	#	120	#	1,637	1,441	88
April 1	1,614	1,572	160	50	1,774	1,622	91
April 8	1,684	#	130	#	1,814	1,514	83
April 15	1,638	1,570	187	66	1,825	1,636	90
April 22	1,969	#	172	#	2,141	1,603	75
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
April 1	1,013	939	10	9	1,023	948	93
April 8	1,015	1,142	9	10	1,024	1,152	113
April 15	1,138	1,014	12	12	1,150	1,026	89
April 22	1,143	1,067	9	11	1,152	1,078	94
			Eggs Set				
March 4	1,515	1,685	13	12	1,528	1,697	107
March 11	1,582	1,800	12	14	1,594	1,814	112
March 18	1,768	1,790	15	16	1,783	1,806	101
March 25	1,891	1,819	13	19	1,904	1,838	97
April 1	1,800	1,775	15	18	1,815	1,793	99
April 8	1,762	1,790	14	15	1,776	1,805	102
April 15	1,917	1,928	15	19	1,932	1,947	101
April 22	1,735	1,920	15	15	1,750	1,935	111

\# Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the ten States totaled 6,736,000 eggs which was 4 percent less than during the comparable week of 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 6,361,000 were down 2 percent and the light breed settings at 375,000 for the week were 34 percent less than in the same week a year earlier.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending April 22 totaled 846,000, down 13 percent from last year. The data by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 1,603,000 eggs a decline of 25 percent from a year ago. By breed types the information was undisclosed to avoid exposing individual hatcheries.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of the State accounted for 22 percent of the week's hatch, compared with 30 percent the previous week and 26 percent a year ago.

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested in Minnesota during March 1967 included 9,557 heavy white, no other heavy and 4,797 light breeds. The cumulative totals for July 1966 through March 1967 are 440,602 heavy white, 98,428 other heavy and 78,066 light breed turkeys.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967	1966 1/	1967
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	623	864	114	116	387	482	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021
Feb.	1,124	1,530	589	496	286	344	10,194	12,895	948	1,007
March	2,728	2,889	1,230	1,023	216	231	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137
April	2,929		1,108		314		22,110		1,513	
May	3,164		1,035		496		22,681		1,923	
June	2,537		314		743		16,531		2,143	
July	1,288		11		1,127		7,836		2,595	
Aug.	444		2		938		1,548		1,914	
Sept.	240		0		689		711		1,389	
Oct.	126		0		738		1,069		1,359	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,556		1,245	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,513		1,110	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	928	1,160	166	151	529	695	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501
Feb.	1,913	2,502	983	854	466	554	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689
March	3,933	4,209	1,752	1,555	306	376	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804
April	4,562	4,234	1,758	1,515	471	242	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686
May	5,202		1,738		697		36,418		2,802	
June	4,514		600		1,128		29,486		3,295	
July	2,409		20		1,672		15,284		4,069	
Aug.	824		4		1,465		3,152		2,985	
Sept.	426		0		1,120		1,218		2,177	
Oct.	216		0		1,106		1,740		2,071	
Nov.	276		0		928		2,368		1,820	
Dec.	528		75		846		5,162		1,571	

1/ Revised.

Comparable figures for the same months of 1965-1966 were 510,910 heavy white, 163,192 other heavy and 43,613 light breed turkeys. The 9 month cumulative total for all birds at 617,096 was down 14 percent from a year ago.

UNITED STATES: Testings of heavy breed turkeys by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during March 1967 totaled 92,745, an increase of 10 percent from the same month a year earlier. The number of heavy white breed turkeys tested was up 28 percent but the number of other heavy breeds was about one-fifth the number tested during March 1966. For all heavy breeds, accumulative testings July 1966 through March 1967 totaled 3,810,855, an increase of 5 percent from the comparable period a year earlier.

Light breed turkeys tested during March totaled 33,717 compared to 58,112 for March 1966, a decrease of 42 percent. Testings of light breeds July 1966 through March 1967 totaled 281,957, a decrease of 2 percent from the same period a year earlier.

John S. Rowe
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MAY 6 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

May 1, 1967

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
March 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during March 1967 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 150,000 head, 14 percent above a year earlier, and up 10 percent from February 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,061 pounds per head, up 18 pounds from the previous month and 3 pounds above March 1966.

March calf slaughter was 19,400 head compared with 21,800 during March 1966 and 15,100 in February 1967. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 166 pounds, 10 pounds lighter than the previous month and 9 pounds less than March a year ago.

The hog kill in March totaled 542,000 head, 30 percent greater than the same month last year and 18 percent above February 1967. The average liveweight at 241 pounds was 2 pounds lighter than in February and 8 pounds less than in March 1966.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in Minnesota's commercial plants during March 1967 totaled 78,000 head compared with 71,000 in March 1966 and 75,500 in February. The average liveweight of sheep and lambs slaughtered during March at 109 pounds was the same as both a year earlier and the previous month.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat in the 48 States during March totaled 2,955 million pounds. This was 7 percent above the March 1966 total of 2,750 million pounds, and 12 percent above February 1967. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other slaughter plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

Beef production during March was 1,694 million pounds, up 5 percent from March 1966, and 10 percent above February 1967. The number of cattle slaughtered during March totaled 2,851,600 head, 2 percent greater than a year earlier. Average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,030 pounds, 18 pounds more than in March 1966 but 5 pounds below February 1967.

There were 65 million pounds of veal produced during March, 18 percent less than a year earlier but 10 percent more than a month earlier. The 561,300 head of calves slaughtered during the month was 15 percent less than March 1966. Calves slaughtered during March averaged 210 pounds per head, 10 pounds lighter than a year earlier and 20 pounds lighter than February 1967.

Pork production during March totaled 1,135 million pounds, 13 percent above March 1966 and 16 percent above February 1967. The hog kill during March was 7,684,000 head, 14 percent more than a year earlier. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during the month was 235 pounds per head, 4 pounds less than a year earlier and 2 pounds less than the previous month. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of liveweight of hogs was 10.2 pounds, the same as in March 1966 but below the 10.4 pounds in February 1967.

There were 61 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during March, 3 percent more than a year earlier and 7 percent more than the previous month. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during March was 1,185,300 head, 5 percent more than a year earlier and 10 percent above February 1967. Sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month averaged 104 pounds per head, 2 pounds below a year earlier and the previous month.

Production of poultry meat during March amounted to 624 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 11 percent more than March 1966 and 13 percent above February 1967.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	March		March 1967 as percent of March 1966	March Average Liveweight	
	1966	1967		1966	1967
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	132.0	150.0	113.6	1,058	1,061
Calves	21.8	19.4	89.0	175	166
Hogs	417.0	542.0	130.0	249	241
Sheep and Lambs	71.0	78.0	109.9	109	109
UNITED STATES (48 States)					
Cattle	2,792.4	2,851.6	102.1	1,012	1,030
Calves	657.9	561.3	85.3	220	210
Hogs	6,717.3	7,684.0	114.4	239	235
Sheep and Lambs	1,133.1	1,185.3	104.6	106	104

COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES, MARCH 1966-67 1/

Month	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	MILLION POUNDS						
March 1966	1,606	79	1,006	59	2,750	562	163
February 1967	1,539	59	975	57	2,630	551	162
March 1967	1,694	65	1,135	61	2,955	624	184

1/ Includes slaughter under Federal inspection and other wholesale and retail slaughter, excludes farm slaughter.

2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.

3/ Chicken and turkey meat -- ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use and non-farm production. Estimates of monthly poultry meat production based on available indications of marketings developed from information on inventories, numbers raised, intentions to raise, and market poultry, as well as data on chick placements and current monthly marketings.

4/ Includes rendered pork fat.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JUN 9 1967

Immediate Release

June 8, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending June 3, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched 3,725,000 poults during the week ending June 3 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 2 percent greater than a year ago. Heavy breed poults at 3,411,000 were up 4 percent while the light breed hatch of 314,000 was down 16 percent from a year earlier.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds 1966	Heavy Breeds 1967	Light Breeds 1966	Light Breeds 1967	Total All Breeds 1966	Total All Breeds 1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
May 13	3,646	3,641	376	213	4,022	3,854	96
May 20	3,649	3,598	361	257	4,010	3,855	96
May 27	3,407	3,531	399	231	3,806	3,762	99
June 3	3,278	3,411	373	314	3,651	3,725	102
Eggs Set							
April 15	6,266	6,476	599	336	6,865	6,812	99
April 22	6,484	6,428	567	375	7,051	6,803	96
April 29	6,005	6,410	627	366	6,632	6,776	102
May 6	5,937	6,069	593	480	6,530	6,549	100
May 13	5,748	5,781	674	495	6,422	6,276	98
May 20	5,625	5,582	670	538	6,295	6,120	97
May 27	4,570	5,070	766	700	5,336	5,770	108
June 3	4,239	4,146	757	715	4,996	4,861	97
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
May 13	922	867	117	46	1,039	913	88
May 20	1,066	#	110	#	1,176	886	75
May 27	921	958	122	45	1,043	1,003	96
June 3	792	779	152	100	944	879	93
Eggs Set							
April 15	1,638	1,606	187	66	1,825	1,672	90
April 22	1,969	#	172	#	2,141	1,603	75
April 29	1,684	1,755	193	63	1,877	1,818	97
May 6	1,439	1,496	238	148	1,677	1,644	98
May 13	1,509	1,456	251	171	1,760	1,627	92
May 20	1,375	1,170	231	223	1,606	1,393	87
May 27	1,095	993	334	335	1,429	1,328	93
June 3	906	704	367	339	1,273	1,043	82
California							
Poults Hatched							
May 13	1,130	1,127	11	11	1,141	1,138	100
May 20	1,011	1,091	10	10	1,021	1,101	108
May 27	1,009	1,090	1	13	1,010	1,103	109
June 3	989	1,092	8	11	997	1,103	111
Eggs Set							
April 15	1,917	1,928	15	19	1,932	1,947	101
April 22	1,735	1,887	15	15	1,750	1,902	111
April 29	1,707	1,989	2	18	1,709	2,007	117
May 6	1,747	2,029	14	16	1,761	2,045	116
May 13	1,818	1,845	22	15	1,840	1,860	101
May 20	1,824	1,796	10	14	1,834	1,810	99
May 27	1,578	1,833	9	16	1,587	1,849	116
June 3	1,350	1,399	8	13	1,358	1,412	104

\# Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the ten States totaled 4,861,000 eggs, down 3 percent from a year earlier. By breed types heavy breed eggs at 4,146,000 were down 2 percent and light breed settings at 715,000 were off 6 percent from a year ago.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending June 3 totaled 879,000, down 7 percent from the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings at 779,000 were down 2 percent and light breed hatchings of 100,000 were off 52,000 from a year earlier.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 1,043,000, a drop of 18 percent from a year earlier. Settings of heavy breed eggs totaled 704,000, down 22 percent, while light breed settings at 339,000 were only down 8 percent from a year ago. Light breed settings each week for the past 5 weeks have shown an increase over the previous week.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 34 percent of the week's hatch compared with 24 percent the previous week and 28 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
					Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan.	623	864	114	116	387	482	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021
Feb.	1,124	1,530	589	496	286	344	10,194	12,895	948	1,007
March	2,728	2,889	1,230	1,023	216	231	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137
April	2,929	2,738	1,108	938	314	166	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022
May	3,164		1,035		496		22,681		1,923	
June	2,537		314		743		16,531		2,143	
July	1,288		11		1,127		7,836		2,595	
Aug.	444		2		938		1,548		1,914	
Sept.	240		0		689		711		1,389	
Oct.	126		0		738		1,069		1,359	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,556		1,245	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,513		1,110	
					Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands					
Jan.	928	1,160	166	151	529	695	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501
Feb.	1,913	2,502	983	854	466	554	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689
March	3,933	4,209	1,752	1,555	306	376	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804
April	4,562	4,234	1,758	1,515	471	242	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686
May	5,202	4,931	1,738	1,406	697	318	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019
June	4,514		600		1,128		29,486		3,295	
July	2,409		20		1,672		15,284		4,069	
Aug.	824		4		1,465		3,152		2,985	
Sept.	426		0		1,120		1,218		2,177	
Oct.	216		0		1,106		1,740		2,071	
Nov.	276		0		928		2,368		1,820	
Dec.	528		75		846		5,162		1,571	

D. O. Mesick
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JUN 14 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 9, 1967

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of June 1, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Cool, wet weather and low soil temperatures in early May delayed planting of vegetables for processing according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. Weather conditions changed in mid-May with warm weather and strong winds causing moisture shortages by the last week of the month. Application of weed control chemicals was also hampered by these strong winds. General rains throughout the area the past week have improved crop prospects considerably.

Sweet Corn for Processing: Planting of sweet corn for processing was 50 percent complete on June 1. Early plantings were retarded by cool weather, but the stands were generally satisfactory.

Green Peas for Processing: Planting of green peas for processing was 75 percent complete on June 1. Some frost damage was reported on early plantings; but stands were good on later plantings.

Snap Beans for Processing: Planting of snap beans began May 20. Growth was reported as normal.

UNITED STATES: The 1967 planted or prospective planted acreage for 9 of the 10 principal processing vegetable crops grown in the United States is 6 percent more than last year and 19 percent above average. The combined acreage is estimated at 1,917,650 acres for 1967 compared with 1,806,460 acres planted last year and the 1961-65 average plantings of 1,618,240 acres. Increases indicated in 1967 over the 1966 acreage planted are: green lima beans, 5 percent; snap beans, 7 percent; beets, 8 percent; contracted cabbage for kraut, 34 percent; sweet corn, 8 percent; cucumbers for pickles, 5 percent; green peas, 4 percent; winter and spring spinach (combined), 12 percent; and tomatoes, 7 percent.

GREEN PEAS: Production of green peas for processing in California is forecast at 20,400 tons, 24 percent more than the 1966 crop and 17 percent above average. The acreage for harvest is estimated at 12,000 acres compared with 9,500 acres harvested in 1966. The yield per acre, at 3,400 pounds, compares with 3,450 pounds in 1966.

SPINACH: Production of 1967 crop spring spinach for processing is estimated at 41,090 tons, 13 percent less than last year and 7 percent below average. Total spring acreage harvested or to be harvested was 16 percent above 1966, but 7 percent below average. Yields were generally below last year and average. The combined winter and spring production in 1967 is 3 percent larger than in 1966.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Prospective planted acreage by crops and expected utilization,
United States, 1967 with comparisons

Crop and utilization	Average 1961-65	1966	Prospective 1967
	Acres	Acres	Acres
ALL PROCESSING			
Green lima beans	88,970	100,980	105,590
Snap beans	213,740	265,940	283,500
Beets	17,760	17,690	19,120
Cabbage for Kraut (Contract)	8,310	8,450	11,330
Sweet corn	428,260	467,260	502,350
Cucumbers for pickles	115,550	144,370	151,200
Green peas	439,500	476,090	1/ 496,360
Spinach:			
Winter	9,560	10,600	1/ 11,300
Spring	13,080	10,240	1/ 12,070
Tomatoes	283,510	305,000	324,830
Total reported to date	1,618,240	1,806,460	1,917,650
Asparagus for processing	106,490	101,660	Dec. 19
Cabbage for kraut (open Market)	3,840	2,460	Dec. 19
Spinach (Fall)	6,850	6,100	Nov. 8
Total - 10 vegetables	1,735,440	1,916,680	Dec. 19
FOR FREEZING			
Green lima beans	59,960	67,370	69,410
Snap beans	51,180	66,530	67,030
Sweet corn	90,600	129,190	132,290
Green peas	161,800	162,910	178,410
Spinach (Winter and Spring) 2/	9,370	10,650	12,600
FOR CANNING			
Green lima beans	29,010	33,610	36,180
Snap beans	162,550	199,410	216,470
Beets	17,760	17,690	19,120
Sweet corn	337,660	337,910	370,060
Green peas	277,700	313,180	317,950
Spinach (Winter and Spring 2/	12,390	10,190	10,770

1/ Preliminary estimate of planted acreage.
2/ Short-time average, 1962-65.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

JUN 16 1967

U.S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 9, 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT - June 1, 1967

The month of May was abnormally cold and dry. Temperatures during the first three weeks averaged well below normal while the last week was slightly above normal. Moisture accumulation during the month averaged just a little more than one inch for the State as a whole, compared with the average rainfall for May of nearly 4 inches. The short moisture situation on June 1 was further intensified by the strong prevailing winds during the latter part of May causing dust and wind erosion. Good rains since June3 reaching all parts of the State have relieved the threatening drought and crops should respond with good growth.

Spring grain seeding progressed well in the South during April and early May but wet field conditions in the north delayed seeding, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. By the last week of May, conditions in the north improved so that on May 27 about 95 percent of the State's oats and spring wheat, 85 percent of the barley and 70 percent of the flax was seeded, which was just about the normal rate of progress.

Planting of corn and soybeans this season has been ahead of normal. On May 27 about 90 percent of the corn acreage was planted compared with the 5-year average of 75 percent on this date. On Saturday, June 3, about 95 percent of the soybean crop was planted when normally on this date only about two-thirds of the acreage is planted. Recent rains should be adequate to get both corn and soybeans up and started toward good growth.

Pastures and hay fields have been retarded by dry weather during April and May. First cutting of alfalfa was just getting started but yields are expected to be generally below average.

Total wheat production in Minnesota this year is expected to be substantially greater than a year ago. Acreage this year is up somewhat from 1966. Durum seeding is expected to be 38 percent above last year while other spring wheat acreage is up by 23 percent. Winter wheat acreage is also up sharply. Based on conditions as of June 1, an all wheat crop of 25.8 million bushels is in prospect for Minnesota this year. This would be 41 percent greater than the 1966 crop.

UNITED STATES: The United States all wheat crop is now forecast at 1,550 million bushels, up 18 percent from the 1,311 million bushel crop of 1966 and 28 percent above the 1961-65 average. The winter wheat crop is forecast at 1,237 million bushels up 17 percent while the all spring wheat production, forecast at 313 million bushels is 23 percent above the 1966 crop.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 1,035 million pounds during May 1967 which was 1 percent above May last year. For the first 5 months of this year it totaled 4,926 million pounds, 3 percent above the corresponding 5-month period a year earlier.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production in the State during May at 206 million eggs, was up 1 percent from May 1966. The average number of layers for the month was 10,236,000 which compares with 10,202,000 for May a year earlier. The rate of lay during May was 65 percent compared with 64 percent a year earlier. Production for the first 5 months this year was 1,062 million eggs, up 2 percent from the corresponding period a year ago.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

JUN 16 1967

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 15, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending June 10, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched 3,568,000 poults during the week ending June 10 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 1 percent greater than a year ago. Heavy breed poults at 3,258,000 were up 4 percent while the light breed hatch of 310,000 was down 24 percent from a year earlier.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
May 20	3,649	3,598	361	257	4,010	3,855	96
May 27	3,407	3,531	399	231	3,806	3,762	99
June 3	3,278	3,411	373	314	3,651	3,725	102
June 10	3,135	3,258	408	310	3,543	3,568	101
Eggs Set							
April 22	6,484	6,428	567	375	7,051	6,803	96
April 29	6,005	6,410	627	366	6,632	6,776	102
May 6	5,937	6,069	593	480	6,530	6,549	100
May 13	5,748	5,781	674	495	6,422	6,276	98
May 20	5,625	5,582	670	538	6,295	6,120	97
May 27	4,570	5,070	766	700	5,336	5,770	108
June 3	4,239	4,146	757	715	4,996	4,861	97
June 10	3,518	3,782	908	610	4,426	4,392	99
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
May 20	1,066	#	110	#	1,176	886	75
May 27	921	958	122	45	1,043	1,003	96
June 3	792	779	152	100	944	879	93
June 10	795	792	154	115	949	907	96
Eggs Set							
April 22	1,969	#	172	#	2,141	1,603	75
April 29	1,684	1,755	193	63	1,877	1,818	97
May 6	1,439	1,496	238	148	1,677	1,644	98
May 13	1,509	1,456	251	171	1,760	1,627	92
May 20	1,375	1,170	231	223	1,606	1,393	87
May 27	1,095	993	334	335	1,429	1,328	93
June 3	906	704	367	339	1,273	1,043	82
June 10	615	710	387	311	1,002	1,021	102
California							
Poults Hatched							
May 20	1,011	1,091	10	10	1,021	1,101	108
May 27	1,009	1,090	1	13	1,010	1,103	109
June 3	989	1,092	8	11	997	1,103	111
June 10	1,015	989	12	10	1,027	999	97
Eggs Set							
April 22	1,735	1,887	15	15	1,750	1,902	111
April 29	1,707	1,989	2	18	1,709	2,007	117
May 6	1,747	2,029	14	16	1,761	2,045	116
May 13	1,818	1,845	22	15	1,840	1,860	101
May 20	1,824	1,796	10	14	1,834	1,810	99
May 27	1,578	1,833	9	16	1,587	1,849	116
June 3	1,350	1,399	8	13	1,358	1,412	104
June 10	1,383	1,396	17	3	1,400	1,399	100

\# Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the ten States totaled 4,392,000 eggs, down 1 percent from a year earlier. By breed types heavy breed eggs at 3,782,000 were up 8 percent and light breed settings at 610,000 were off 33 percent from a year ago.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending June 10, totaled 907,000, down 4 percent from the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings at 792,000 were down only 3,000 poults and light breed hatchings of 115,000 were off 25 percent from a year earlier.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 1,021,000, an increase of 2 percent from a year earlier. Settings of heavy breed eggs totaled 710,000, up 15 percent, while light breed settings at 311,000 were down 20 percent from a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 33 percent of the week's hatch compared with 34 percent the previous week and 35 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
					Poults Hatched - Thousands					
Jan.	623	864	114	116	387	482	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021
Feb.	1,124	1,530	589	496	286	344	10,194	12,895	948	1,007
March	2,728	2,889	1,230	1,023	216	231	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137
April	2,929	2,738	1,108	938	314	166	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022
May	3,164		1,035		496		22,681		1,923	
June	2,537		314		743		16,531		2,143	
July	1,288		11		1,127		7,836		2,595	
Aug.	444		2		938		1,548		1,914	
Sept.	240		0		689		711		1,389	
Oct.	126		0		738		1,069		1,359	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,556		1,245	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,513		1,110	
					Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands					
Jan.	928	1,160	166	151	529	695	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501
Feb.	1,913	2,502	983	854	466	554	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689
March	3,933	4,209	1,752	1,555	306	376	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804
April	4,562	4,234	1,758	1,515	471	242	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686
May	5,202	4,931	1,738	1,406	697	318	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019
June	4,514		600		1,128		29,486		3,295	
July	2,409		20		1,672		15,284		4,069	
Aug.	824		4		1,465		3,152		2,985	
Sept.	426		0		1,120		1,218		2,177	
Oct.	216		0		1,106		1,740		2,071	
Nov.	276		0		928		2,368		1,820	
Dec.	528		75		846		5,162		1,571	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JUN 21 1967

Immediate Release

June 16, 1967

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
May 1967

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 5,612,000 chicks during May 1967 which was 21 percent below May 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The May hatch consisted of 4,421,000 egg-type chicks and 1,191,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was down 27 percent, while the broiler chick production was 14 percent above May 1966. For the period January through May, the egg-type hatch was down 14 percent, while the broiler-type hatch was 7 percent above the same months of 1966.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-May for Minnesota was $3.16 per 100 pounds, compared with $3.16 the previous month, and $2.97 a year earlier. On May 15, the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 6.3 compared with 7.0 the previous month and 8.6 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-Type			Broiler-Type		
	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January	839	1,063	+38	680	737	+ 8
February	809	1,404	+74	593	585	- 1
March	3,993	3,455	-13	819	900	+10
April	6,028	4,969	-18	1,068	1,100	+ 3
May	6,094	4,421	-27	1,048	1,191	+14
June	2,590			930		
July	851			727		
August	752			696		
September	671			640		
October	821			605		
November	657			729		
December	851			667		

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UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 327 million chicks during May 1967, a decrease of 8 million from the 335 million produced in May 1966. The May hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 257 million, 1 percent less than the corresponding month a year earlier. During the first 5 months of 1967, there were 1,200 million broiler chicks produced, up 3 percent from the same months last year. Broiler-type eggs in incubator on June 1 were down 3 percent from a year earlier.

The number of egg-type chicks hatched during May is estimated at 70 million, 9 percent less than in May 1966. All regions recorded decreases from a year earlier, except East North Central which was up 4 percent. The decreases were as follows: South Central and West North Central both 15 percent, North Atlantic 13 percent, South Atlantic and West both 3 percent.

During the first 5 months of 1967, there were 300 million egg-type chicks hatched, the same as reported for the corresponding period in 1966. The number of egg-type eggs in incubator on June 1 was down 9 percent below June 1 a year earlier. This is the third consecutive month that egg-type eggs in incubator have been below the corresponding month of the previous year.

Broiler and Egg-Type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During May			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Ohio	720	660	2,810	2,900
Indiana	2,748	1,875	3,454	4,421
Illinois	102	72	3,632	3,309
Michigan	440	1/	1,600	1,550
Wisconsin	1,581	1,470	1,354	1,150
Minnesota	1,048	1,191	6,094	4,421
Iowa	570	620	7,790	7,100
Missouri	2,858	2,439	3,134	3,083
North Dakota	1/	205	526	494
South Dakota	1/	120	2,700	2,275
Nebraska	535	491	2,625	2,052
Kansas	115	120	1,050	800
N. Central	1/10,975	1/9,703	36,769	33,555
UNITED STATES	258,015	256,523	77,042	70,167

1/ Included only in the North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Immediate Release

June 22, 1967

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of June 15, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Processing: The preliminary planted acreage for 1967 of 130,800 acres is 12 percent above the 1966 acreage of 116,600 acres and 26 percent above the 1965 acreage of 103,800 acres, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

GREEN PEAS FOR PROCESSING: Production of green peas for processing is forecast at 78,200 tons based on crop prospects as of June 15. This compares with 65,310 tons in 1966, and 70,270 tons in 1965. The prospective yield per acre of 2,300 pounds, compares with the 1966 yield of 1,970 pounds, and the 1965 yield of 2,470 pounds.

SNAP BEANS FOR PROCESSING: Minnesota acreage is included in the total for "Other States". These States indicate a 4 percent increase in planted acreage over the 1966 acreage. This increase compares with an 8 percent increase in the United States total acreage.

CUCUMBERS FOR PICKLES: Minnesota acreage is included in the total "Other Northern States". These States show a 9 percent decrease from last year in planted acreage. This decrease compares with a 10 percent increase in planted acreage for the Northern States, and a 5 percent increase for the United States.

UNITED STATES: Sweet Corn: The 1967 planted acreage of sweet corn for processing is estimated at 500,700 acres, compared with 467,100 acres last year and 430,650 acres in 1965. Major producing States with a 10-percent or larger increase in acreage from 1966 are Delaware, Minnesota, Iowa, Idaho, and Washington. A decline in acreage from last year is indicated for New York and Pennsylvania.

The 1967 planted acreage for freezing is placed at 131,450 acres, 2 percent larger than last year. This year's canning acreage, at 369,250 acres, is 9 percent more than in 1966.

Yellow varieties of sweet corn make up 93 percent of the total 1967 planted acreage, the same as last year. Of the 1967 acreage for freezing, 123,150 acres are of the yellow varieties and 8,300 acres of white varieties. This year's canning acreage consists of 343,670 acres of yellow varieties and 25,580 acres of white varieties.

GREEN PEAS: Production of green peas for processing in 1967, based on crop prospects as of June 15 is forecast at 616,360 tons, up 21 percent from last year and 2 percent above 1965. The prospective yield per acre, at 2,639 pounds, compares with 2,346 pounds in 1966. From the total 1967 planted acreage, 36 percent is expected to be used for freezing and 64 percent for canning, compared to 34 and 66 percent in 1966 respectively.

In New York, crop prospects were improved by the warmer weather of early June, However, in New Jersey, Maryland and Delaware, the hot, dry weather of early June was bringing late plantings to an early maturity.

Rains during the first half of June improved crop prospects in Wisconsin. Excessive moisture damaged some acreage in Minnesota and stands are uneven on some late plantings.

In eastern areas of Washington and Oregon and in Idaho, harvest was getting underway later than usual but the crop was generally in good condition. Crop prospects also are favorable in Western Washington with harvest getting underway on June 10. Harvest was virtually completed in California by mid-June.

SNAP BEANS: The 1967 planted acreage of snap beans for processing is estimated at 286,720 acres, compared with 265,940 acres last year and 246,570 acres in 1965. Snap bean acreage for canning this year, at 217,870 acres, is 9 percent more than in 1966 with all areas showing increased acreage over last year.

CUCUMBERS FOR PICKLES: The 1967 planted acreage of cucumbers for pickles is placed at 153,930 acres, compared with 146,550 acres last year and 114,380 acres in 1965. Principal States indicating a 6-percent or larger increase in acreage from 1966 are Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Maryland-Delaware, Colorado, Washington, and California.

Green peas for processing: Acreage and indicated production by States, June 15, 1967, with comparisons

State	Acreage Harvested 1965	Acreage Harvested 1966	Acreage For harvest 1967	Yield per acre 1965	Yield per acre 1966	Yield per acre Ind. 1967	Production 1965	Production 1966	Production Ind. 1967
	Acres			Pounds			Tons		
EASTERN:									
New York	7,600	7,100	7,000	2,990	2,670	2,600	11,360	9,480	9,100
Delaware	7,900	6,500	9,100	2,340	3,410	1,900	9,240	11,080	8,640
Maryland	8,500	8,600	8,200	3,140	3,220	2,600	13,340	13,850	10,660
Other States 1/	17,440	17,590	19,360	2,712	2,622	2,664	23,650	23,060	25,790
Eastern Total	41,440	39,790	43,660	2,779	2,889	2,482	57,590	57,470	54,190
CENTRAL:									
Wisconsin	124,700	124,400	133,500	2,540	2,060	2,500	158,370	128,130	166,880
Minnesota	56,900	66,300	68,000	2,470	1,970	2,300	70,270	65,310	78,200
Other States 2/	43,000	39,930	41,850	2,541	2,406	2,961	54,640	48,040	61,960
Central Total	224,600	230,630	243,350	2,523	2,094	2,523	283,280	241,480	307,040
WESTERN:									
Idaho	14,000	14,200	14,300	2,310	1,800	2,400	16,170	12,780	17,160
Washington	88,300	87,600	93,600	3,170	2,950	3,200	139,960	129,210	149,760
Oregon	56,400	47,800	55,000	2,750	1,900	2,200	77,550	45,400	60,500
California	11,700	9,500	12,000	3,260	3,450	3,400	19,070	16,390	20,400
Other States 3/	5,190	4,560	5,250	3,195	2,794	2,785	8,290	6,370	7,310
Western Total	175,590	163,660	180,150	2,973	2,568	2,832	261,040	210,150	255,130
UNITED STATES	441,630	434,080	467,160	2,726	2,346	2,639	601,910	509,100	616,360

1/ Maine, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, North Carolina. 2/ Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa. 3/ Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, and Utah.

Sweet Corn for processing: Preliminary planted acreage by States, utilization and by types, 1967 with comparisons

State	Planted acreage 1965	Planted acreage 1966	Planted acreage Preliminary 1967	1967 as percent of 1965	1967 as percent of 1966
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Percent	Percent
New York	14,000	15,800	15,600	111	99
Pennsylvania	9,500	9,700	8,600	91	89
Delaware	3,300	3,900	4,500	136	115
Maryland	29,200	28,100	29,100	100	104
Illinois	54,200	55,500	58,500	108	105
Wisconsin	114,600	120,200	120,500	105	100
Minnesota	103,800	116,600	130,800	126	112
Iowa	5,900	6,200	6,900	117	111
Idaho	16,400	16,100	18,200	111	113
Washington	31,500	42,000	50,600	161	121
Oregon	30,500	34,500	37,400	123	108
Other States 1/	17,750	18,500	20,000	113	108
United States	430,650	467,100	500,700	116	107
For freezing	107,600	129,190	131,450	122	102
East 2/	20,340	23,160	22,700	112	98
Central 2/	38,560	46,330	41,550	108	90
West 2/	48,700	59,700	67,200	138	113
For canning	323,050	337,910	369,250	114	109
East 2/	37,910	36,340	37,800	100	104
Central 2/	250,490	263,370	286,050	114	109
West 2/	34,650	38,200	45,400	131	119

1/ Maine, Michigan, Montana, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Ohio, Indiana and Wyoming.
2/ North Atlantic: Maine, New York, and Pennsylvania
South Atlantic: Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia.
Central: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisoonsin, Minnesota, Iowa, South Dakota, and Texas.
Western: Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Utah, Washington, and Oregon.

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JUN 23 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 22, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending June 17, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the important turkey producing States hatched 3,326,000 poults during the week ending June 17 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was only 10,000 poults fewer than a year ago. Heavy breed poults at 2,978,000 were up 1 percent while the light breed hatch of 348,000 was down 9 percent from a year earlier.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
May 27	3,407	3,576	399	231	3,806	3,807	99
June 3	3,278	3,411	373	314	3,651	3,725	102
June 10	3,135	3,258	408	310	3,543	3,568	101
June 17	2,955	2,978	381	348	3,336	3,326	100
Eggs Set							
April 29	6,005	6,525	627	366	6,632	6,891	102
May 6	5,937	6,255	593	500	6,530	6,755	100
May 13	5,748	5,873	674	495	6,422	6,368	98
May 20	5,625	5,608	670	538	6,295	6,146	97
May 27	4,570	5,104	766	668	5,336	5,772	108
June 3	4,239	4,146	757	715	4,996	4,861	97
June 10	3,518	3,782	908	610	4,426	4,392	99
June 17	3,200	3,324	855	889	4,055	4,213	104
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
May 27	921	958	122	45	1,043	1,003	96
June 3	792	779	152	100	944	879	93
June 10	795	792	154	115	949	907	96
June 17	720	621	131	161	851	782	92
Eggs Set							
April 29	1,684	#	193	#	1,877	1,836	97
May 6	1,439	1,496	238	148	1,677	1,644	98
May 13	1,509	1,456	251	171	1,760	1,627	92
May 20	1,375	1,170	231	223	1,606	1,393	87
May 27	1,095	993	334	335	1,429	1,328	93
June 3	906	704	367	339	1,273	1,043	82
June 10	615	710	387	311	1,002	1,021	102
June 17	757	579	407	430	1,164	1,009	87
California							
Poults Hatched							
May 27	1,009	1,090	1	13	1,010	1,103	109
June 3	989	1,092	8	11	997	1,103	111
June 10	1,015	989	12	10	1,027	999	97
June 17	952	948	6	9	958	957	100
Eggs Set							
April 29	1,707	1,989	2	18	1,709	2,007	117
May 6	1,747	2,034	14	16	1,761	2,050	116
May 13	1,818	1,849	22	15	1,840	1,864	101
May 20	1,824	1,796	10	14	1,834	1,810	99
May 27	1,578	1,833	9	16	1,587	1,849	116
June 3	1,350	1,399	8	13	1,358	1,412	104
June 10	1,383	1,396	17	3	1,400	1,399	100
June 17	1,249	1,379	36	15	1,285	1,394	108

\# Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the ten States totaled 4,213,000 eggs, up 4 percent from a year earlier. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 3,324,000 were up 4 percent and light breed settings at 889,000 were also up 4 percent from a year ago.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending June 17, totaled 782,000, down 8 percent from the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings at 621,000 were down 14 percent while light breed hatchings of 161,000 were up 23 percent from a year earlier.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 1,009,000, a decrease of 13 percent from a year earlier. Settings of heavy breed eggs totaled 579,000, down 24 percent, while light breed settings at 430,000 were up 6 percent from a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 40 percent of the week's hatch compared with 33 percent the previous week and 41 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States			
	Heavy Breeds				Light Breed		Heavy Breed		Light Breed	
	Heavy White		Other Heavy							
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Poults Hatched - Thousands									
Jan.	623	864	114	116	387	482	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021
Feb.	1,124	1,530	589	496	286	344	10,194	12,895	948	1,007
March	2,728	2,889	1,230	1,023	216	231	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137
April	2,929	2,738	1,108	938	314	166	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022
May	3,164		1,035		496		22,681		1,923	
June	2,537		314		743		16,531		2,143	
July	1,288		11		1,127		7,836		2,595	
Aug.	444		2		938		1,548		1,914	
Sept.	240		0		689		711		1,389	
Oct.	126		0		738		1,069		1,359	
Nov.	174		0		657		1,556		1,245	
Dec.	327		57		622		3,513		1,110	
	Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands									
Jan.	928	1,160	166	151	529	695	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501
Feb.	1,913	2,502	983	854	466	554	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689
March	3,933	4,209	1,752	1,555	306	376	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804
April	4,562	4,234	1,758	1,515	471	242	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686
May	5,202	4,931	1,738	1,406	697	318	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019
June	4,514		600		1,128		29,486		3,295	
July	2,409		20		1,672		15,284		4,069	
Aug.	824		4		1,465		3,152		2,985	
Sept.	426		0		1,120		1,218		2,177	
Oct.	216		0		1,106		1,740		2,071	
Nov.	276		0		928		2,368		1,820	
Dec.	528		75		846		5,162		1,571	

TURKEYS TESTED: Turkeys tested in Minnesota during May 1967 included 3,339 heavy white, no other heavy and 18,552 light breeds. The cumulative totals for July 1966 through May 1, 1967 are 453,702 heavy white, 98,428 other heavy, and 100,084 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months of 1966 were 520,032 heavy white, 163,192 other heavy and 48,857 light breed turkeys.

UNITED STATES: Testings of heavy breed turkeys by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during May 1967 were reported at 27,734 a decrease of 23 percent from the same month a year earlier. Testings of turkeys are now at the low point of the season. The number of heavy white breed turkeys tested decreased 34 percent, whereas the number of other heavy breeds tested increased 67 percent from May 1966 levels. Aggregate testings of heavy breeds from July 1966 through May 1967 totaled 3,880,370, an increase of 4 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during May totaled 54,177 compared with 25,018 during May 1966, an increase of 117 percent. Testings of light breeds for the period July 1966 through May 1967 totaled 356,417, an increase of 5 percent from the same period a year earlier.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

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Department of Agriculture

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

June 22, 1967

JUNE 1, 1967 PIG REPORT

MINNESOTA: The 1967 Minnesota spring pig crop (December 1966 through May 1967) totaled 2,962,000 pigs, 1 percent less than the crop a year earlier, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farrowing and breeding intentions for the 1967 Fall farrowings total 302,000 sows, 6 percent less than a year ago. The June 1 inventory of all hogs and pigs on Minnesota farms was estimated at 100 percent of the number on farms June 1, 1966.

For the 1967 spring crop, 390,000 sows were farrowed. The average number of pigs saved per litter was 7.59 compared to 7.41 pigs for the 1966 spring crop. Sows farrowing during the March-May quarter totaled 254,000 or 7 percent less than a year ago. The March-May average litter size was 7.60 pigs, a record number, compared to 7.29 pigs per litter during the same months of 1966.

Farrowing intentions during the next three months -- June, July and August -- are estimated at 160,000 sows, 10 percent less than during the same months of 1966. For the September-November 1967 quarter, 142,000 head of sows are expected to farrow. If realized, this will be the same number that farrowed during this same quarter in 1966.

A total of 3,298,000 head of all hogs and pigs were on Minnesota farms as of June 1, 1967. This was the same number as estimated a year earlier, but 18 percent less than the 5-year (1961-65) average. There were 2,797,000 head of other hogs and pigs, mainly intended for slaughter, which was 2 percent above last June 1. The number of breeding hogs was 501,000 head, 8 percent less than a year earlier.

UNITED STATES: The December 1966-May 1967 pig crop totaled 46.0 million head, up 1 percent from the 45.6 million head for the same period a year earlier. A total of 6.3 million sows farrowed in the December-May period, 1 percent more than the 6.2 million for the corresponding period a year earlier. The number of pigs per litter averaged 7.34 compared with 7.32 last year. Hog producers indicated on June 1 they intended to farrow 5.5 million sows during June-November 1967, 3 percent less than the 5.6 million sows farrowed during the same period last year. If these intentions are carried out and if the number of pigs per litter equals the average adjusted for an allowance for trend, the June-November 1967 pig crop will total 39.6 million head, 3 percent below last year. The 1967 annual pig crop (December 1966 through November 1967) would be 85.5 million head, 1 percent less than in 1966. The June 1, 1967 inventory of all hogs and pigs on farms in the 10 Corn Belt States totaled 43.6 million head, 1 percent less than the 44.3 million head on hand June 1, 1966.

The U. S. pig crop for December 1966-May 1967 totaled 45,949,000 head, 1 percent more than in the same period a year earlier. Each region showed an increase except the East North Central which was down 3 percent. Increases were: North Atlantic, 4 percent; West North Central, 1 percent; South Atlantic, 7 percent; South Central, 6 percent, and the West, 5 percent. The December-May farrowings were 2 percentage points less than indicated by farmers' intentions last December. The average number of pigs per litter was a record high of 7.34 for December-May compared with 7.32 a year earlier. The number of sows farrowing during each month of the December-May period ranged from 96 percent of the same month a year earlier in April to 111 percent in December. March farrowings were 99 percent of a year earlier, May was unchanged, and January and February were 103 and 104, respectively, of a year earlier.

June 1 reports from farmers on breeding intentions indicate that 5,452,000 sows will farrow in the United States during June-November 1967. This is a 3 percent decrease from the 5,648,000 sows farrowing during the corresponding period of 1966 and is 4 percent below average. If intentions for June-November farrowings materialize and the number of pigs per

-- Continued --

All hogs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and United States

Item	All hogs		Sows farrowing		Pigs per litter		Pig crop		
	March 1	June 1	Dec. - May	June-Nov.	Dec. - May	June-Nov.	Dec. - May	June-Nov.	Total
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	No.	No.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head
Minnesota:									
1961-65 Av.	3,254	4,003	467	359	7.35	7.25	3,430	2,606	6,036
1965	2,791	3,141	375	294	7.34	7.31	2,752	2,150	4,902
1966	2,679	3,298	403	320	7.40	7.38	2,983	2,362	5,350
1967	2,706	3,298	390	1/ 302	7.59	---	2,962	---	---
Percent - 1967 of 1966	101	100	97	94	---	---	99	---	---
United States:									
1961-65 Av. 2/	---	---	6,720	5,707	7.17	7.22	48,171	41,200	89,371
1965	---	---	5,890	5,006	7.22	7.27	42,525	36,415	78,940
1966	---	---	6,219	5,648	7.32	7.25	45,552	40,965	86,517
1967	---	---	6,263	1/ 5,452	7.34	3/ 7.27	45,949	3/ 39,600	3/ 85,549
Percent - 1967 of 1966	---	---	101	97	---	---	101	97	99

1/ As indicated by breeding intentions. 2/ Does not include Alaska and Hawaii.
3/ Average number of pigs per litter with allowance for trend used to compute indicated number of June-November pigs. Number rounded to nearest 100,000 head.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

E. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, pig crop
March-November, 10 States, 1966 - 1967

State	March - May						June - August 1/			Sept. - November 1/		
	Sows farrowing			Pig crop 2/			Sows to farrow			Sows to farrow		
	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	149	134	90	1,125	978	87	139	126	91	127	114	90
Ind.	235	207	88	1,760	1,592	90	258	224	87	190	156	82
Ill.	524	498	95	3,789	3,680	97	392	357	91	368	368	100
Wis.	149	149	100	1,126	1,100	98	117	108	92	109	108	99
Minn.	273	254	93	1,990	1,930	97	178	160	90	142	142	100
Iowa	1,123	1,123	100	8,254	8,052	98	665	652	98	632	619	98
Mo.	284	290	102	2,042	2,213	108	214	225	105	244	227	93
S. Dak.	206	194	94	1,504	1,414	94	57	57	100	71	73	103
Nebr.	240	230	96	1,802	1,709	95	122	122	100	145	148	102
Kans.	94	96	102	714	732	103	67	69	103	79	70	89
Total 10 States	3,277	3,175	97	24,106	23,400	97	2,209	2,100	95	2,107	2,025	96

1/ Number indicated by breeding intentions reports
2/ Number of pigs farrowed March through May which were still on hand June 1 or had been sold.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs, and other hogs by weight groups,
10 State, June 1, 1966 - 1967

State	All hogs and Pigs			Breeding hogs			Other hogs and pigs					
							Under 120 pounds			120 pounds and over		
	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	2,473	2,275	92	383	330	86	1,559	1,391	89	531	554	104
Ind.	4,356	3,877	89	662	593	89	2,671	2,348	88	1,023	936	91
Ill.	6,969	6,969	100	1,080	1,045	97	4,517	4,366	97	1,372	1,558	114
Wis.	1,719	1,685	98	327	303	93	1,164	1,135	98	228	247	108
Minn.	3,298	3,298	100	547	501	92	2,206	2,182	99	545	615	113
Iowa	14,742	14,595	99	2,182	2,087	96	9,595	9,606	100	2,965	2,902	98
Mo.	3,827	4,018	105	555	603	109	2,448	2,466	101	824	949	115
S. Dak.	2,167	2,037	94	325	316	97	1,584	1,472	93	258	249	97
Nebr.	3,259	3,324	102	476	465	98	2,213	2,221	100	570	638	112
Kans.	1,462	1,564	107	237	219	92	882	949	108	343	396	115
Total 10 States	44,272	43,642	99	6,774	6,462	95	28,839	28,136	98	8,659	9,044	104

litter equals the average plus an allowance for trend, the pig crop for the period will total 39,600,000, a decrease 3 percent from a year earlier. The combined 1967 pig crop at 85,549,000, would be 1 percent below the 1966 pig crop.

Hogs and pigs of all ages on farms June 1, 1967 in the 10 Corn Belt States totaled 43,642,000 head, down 1 percent from a year earlier, but 4 percent more than the June 1, 1965 inventory. These 10 States normally produce three-fourths of the United States pig crop. In Iowa, the leading hog producing State, numbers were down 1 percent from a year earlier. Decreases in other States were: Ohio, 8 percent; Indiana, 11 percent; Wisconsin, 2 percent; and South Dakota, 6 percent. Increases in inventories were Kansas, 7 percent; Missouri, 5 percent; and Nebraska, 2 percent. Numbers were unchanged in Illinois and Minnesota. June 1 inventories this year were up 16 percent from March 1, compared with an increase of 22 percent during this period in 1966.

The number of hogs and pigs on farms June 1, being kept for breeding in the 10 States totaled 6,462,000 head, down 5 percent from a year earlier. Hogs and pigs other than those kept for breeding totaled 37,180,000 head, 1 percent less than the 37,498,000 head on farms June 1, last year. By weight groups, the number of other hog and pig numbers on farms June 1, 1967 and the percentage changes from a year earlier were: under 60 pounds, 19,403,000 head, down 5 percent; 60-119 pounds, 8,733,000 head, up 4 percent; 120-179 pounds, 5,183,000 head, up 1 percent; 180-219 pounds, 2,901,000 head, up 9 percent; 220 pounds and over 960,000 head, up 9 percent.

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Immediate Release

June 29, 1967

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-June 1967

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-June was 91 percent of the 1947-49 average according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The index was unchanged from last month but down 3 points from a year earlier. The crops, livestock and poultry indexes were unchanged from last month but all were lower than a year earlier. The dairy products index was down 1 point from last month but was up 6 points from a year earlier.

The livestock index remained at 107 from mid-June, the highest level since last September, which was 4 points lower than in mid-June 1966. Prices for all cattle were up $1.00 per hundredweight but all other groups of livestock decreased from last month. Hogs and calves were down $2.40 and sheep were down $1.70 per hundredweight from a year ago. All cattle prices averaged $23.00, up 80 cents; lambs at $25.70 were up $2.60 and milk cows at $275.00 were up $15.00 from mid-June a year earlier.

Crop prices as a group were unchanged from mid-May. Wheat prices decreased 7 cents and rye prices decreased 6 cents per bushel. Soybean prices increased 2 cents per bushel from a month earlier. Soybeans decreased 33 cents per bushel, accounting for most of the decline in the crop price index compared to mid-June 1966. Wheat increased 7 cents, corn 8 cents, oats 4 cents, flax 7 cents, and hay prices increased $2.00.

Milk prices were down 6 cents per hundredweight from last month but up 23 cents from last June. Milkfat in cream increased 1 cent per pound from last month and 3 cents per pound from last June.

Turkey prices liveweight were up 1-1/2 cents, chickens were down 1/2 cent per pound, eggs were down 1/2 cent per dozen from last month. Turkey prices were down 4-1/2 cents, chickens were down 2 cents per pound and eggs were down 5-1/2 cents from last June. Wool at 37 cents was up 1 cent from May but down 18 cents from last June.

TABLE I - INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

INDEX 1947-49=100	June 15 Av. 1959-1963	June 15 1964	June 15 1965	June 15 1966	May 15 1967	June 15 1967
All Farm Products	78	75	90	94	91	91
Crops	70	73	85	81	79	79
Livestock	89	78	104	111	107	107
Dairy Products	87	88	91	104	111	110
Poultry and Eggs	54	57	56	61	47	47

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

Index or Ratio 1910-1914=100	June 15 1963	June 15 1964	June 15 1965	June 15 1966	May 15 1967	June 15 1967
Prices Received	242	234	255	264	252	255
Prices Paid 1/	312	313	323	333	342	343
Parity Ratio	78	75	79	79	74	74
Adjusted Parity Ratio 2/	-	-	-	85	79	80

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.
2/ Reflects Government payments. Preliminary adjusted parity ratios for the current year are based on estimated cash receipts from marketings and estimates of government payments for the current calendar year.

Harry L. [illegible]

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity -- Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			June 15, 1967			
		June 15, 1966	May 15, 1967	June 15, 1967	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.60	1.74	1.67	1.52	1.61	1.55	1.49
Rye	Bu.	.99	1.03	.97	1.05	.88	.93	1.26
Corn	Bu.	1.13	1.21	1.21	1.23	1.09	1.20	1.26
Oats	Bu.	.61	.65	.65	.71	.55	.64	.717
Barley	Bu.	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.00	1.01	.98	1.06
Soybeans	Bu.	3.01	2.66	2.68	2.67	2.58	2.62	2.71
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.92	2.99	2.99	2.90	2.89	2.95	2.88
All Hay, Baled	Ton	18.50	18.50	20.50	19.10	16.00	19.90	23.20
Potatoes	Cwt.	-	1.05	-	-	-	-	1.87
Hogs	Cwt.	22.90	21.30	20.50	21.00	21.00	20.50	21.00
Cows	Cwt.	18.90	18.20	18.60	18.10	17.90	17.50	17.40
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	23.70	23.70	24.50	24.90	24.40	24.90	24.50
Cattle, All	Cwt.	22.20	22.00	23.00	24.20	22.80	23.70	22.90
Calves	Cwt.	31.30	32.10	28.90	26.40	26.90	27.30	26.80
Sheep	Cwt.	6.80	5.70	5.10	5.40	4.80	5.50	6.02
Lambs	Cwt.	23.10	25.80	25.70	24.50	23.30	25.00	24.60
Milk Cows	Head	260.00	275.00	275.00	265.00	240.00	240.00	259.00
Milk - Wholesale	Cwt.	3.76	4.05	3.99	4.10	4.00	4.00	4.73
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.69	.71	.72	.68	.70	.67	.653
Turkeys - Live	Lb.	.230	.170	.185	.150	.200	-	.201
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.070	.055	.050	.050	.045	.050	.078
Eggs	Doz.	.250	.200	.195	.190	.200	.197	.274
Wool	Lb.	.55	.36	.37	.37	.39	.41	.422
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.15	3.40	3.35	3.65	3.30	3.70	3.59
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	5.10	5.00	5.00	5.20	5.50	5.30	5.31
Hog Feed, 29% and Over	Cwt.	6.30	6.20	6.30	6.40	-	-	6.30
Beef Cattle Feed, 30% and Over		5.00	5.00	5.00	5.30	-	-	4.90
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.20	3.45	3.50	4.10	3.65	3.70	3.92
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	3.00	3.16	3.14	3.20	2.99	2.99	3.66
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.35	4.55	4.55	5.20	4.95	4.95	4.66
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog-Corn 1/		20.3	17.6	16.9	17.1	19.3	17.1	16.7
Beef - Corn 1/		21.0	19.6	20.2	20.2	22.4	20.8	19.4
Egg - Feed 2/		8.3	6.3	6.2	5.9	6.7	6.6	7.5
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		2.3	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.1

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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Immediate Release

July 3, 1967

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
May 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during May 1967 at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 157,000 head, 15 percent above a year earlier and up 9 percent from April 1967. according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight of cattle slaughtered was 1,075 pounds per head, up 7 pounds from the previous month and 6 pounds heavier than May 1966.

Minnesota's May calf slaughter was 14,000 head compared with 12,900 during May 1966 and 21,100 during April 1967. Calves slaughtered had an average liveweight of 181 pounds, 19 pounds heavier than the previous month but 23 pounds per head lighter than May a year ago.

The hog kill in May totaled 403,000 head, 12 percent greater than the same month last year but 14 percent below April 1967. The average liveweight at 257 pounds was 10 pounds heavier than in April but 16 pounds less than May 1966.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered in the State's commercial plants during May 1967 totaled 35,500 head, compared with 60,500 in May 1966 and 41,000 head in April. The average liveweight of sheep and lambs slaughtered during May was 106 pounds per head; this average is 2 pounds less than May 1966 and 4 pounds less than the previous month.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat in the 48 States during May totaled 2,798 million pounds. This was 9 percent above the May 1966 total of 2,578 million pounds and 3 percent above the April 1967 total. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other slaughter plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

May beef production totaled 1,761 million pounds, up 11 percent from a year earlier and 10 percent above April 1967. The number of cattle slaughtered during May totaled 2,941,800 head, 6 percent greater than a year earlier. Average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,027 pounds, 17 pounds heavier than in May 1966 but 1 pound lighter than in April 1967.

There were 59 million pounds of veal produced during May, 11 percent less than a year earlier but 4 percent more than in April 1967. The 455,300 head of calves slaughtered during the month was down 6 percent from May 1966. Average liveweight per head was 236 pounds in May, 10 pounds under a year earlier, but 15 pounds above the April 1967 average.

Pork production during May totaled 929 million pounds, 6 percent above May 1966 but 9 percent less than a month earlier. The hog kill during May was 6,202,300 head, 8 percent more than a year earlier but down 8 percent from April 1967. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during May was 243 pounds per head, 5 pounds less than a year earlier, but 4 pounds heavier than the previous month. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of liveweight of hogs was 10.9 pounds, compared with 11.1 in May 1966 and 10.0 pounds in April 1967.

There were 49 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during May, 9 percent less than a year earlier, but the same as in April 1967. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month totaled 1,005,200 head, 6 percent fewer than in May 1966 but 3 percent more than in April 1967. Average liveweight in May was 99 pounds per head, 3 pounds lighter than a year earlier.

Production of poultry meat during May totaled 733 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 19 percent more than May 1966 and 18 percent greater than April 1967.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	May		May 1967 as percent of May 1966	May Average Liveweight	
	1966	1967		1966	1967
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	137.0	157.0	114.6	1,069	1,075
Calves	12.9	14.0	108.5	204	181
Hogs	360.0	403.0	111.9	273	257
Sheeps and Lambs	60.5	35.5	58.7	108	106
UNITED STATES (48 States)					
Cattle	2,764.1	2,941.8	106.4	1,011	1,027
Calves	485.6	455.3	93.8	246	236
Hogs	5,719.7	6,202.3	108.4	248	243
Sheep and Lambs	1,064.4	1,005.2	94.4	102	99

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

MAY COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Month and Year	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
May 1966	1,583	66	875	54	2,578	617	157
April 1967	1,596	57	1,021	49	2,723	622	162
May 1967	1,761	59	929	49	2,798	733	165
Jan. - May 1966 5/	7,824	357	4,443	264	12,888	2,885	758
Jan. - May 1967 5/	8,318	308	5,165	276	14,067	3,412	858

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farms. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.
3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use.
4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

John Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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Immediate Release

July 10, 1967

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of July 1, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Green Peas for Processing: Production of green peas for processing in Minnesota is forecast at 68,000 tons according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Department of Agriculture. This is 4 percent above last year's crop of 65,310 tons, and down 3 percent from 1965. The acreage for harvest of 68,000 acres, compares with 66,300 in 1966.

SNAP BEANS FOR PROCESSING: Minnesota's acreage is included in acreage for other States.

BEETS FOR PROCESSING: Minnesota's acreage is included in acreage for other States.

UNITED STATES: Green Peas: The 1967 U. S. production of green peas for processing is forecast at 577,380 tons, 13 percent more than last year, but 4 percent less than 1965. The average yield per acre for the 1967 crop is placed at 2,484 pounds, compared with 2,346 pounds for the 1966 crop.

Harvest is progressing rapidly with most of the southern States and some northern States completed by July 1. California harvest was also completed during June. High June temperatures in the east and in the northwest hastened maturity, while excessive rainfall in Illinois, Wisconsin, and Minnesota reduced prospects. Some acreage was drowned out.

GREEN LIMA BEANS: Nationally, the planted acreage of green lima beans for processing this year is estimated at 107,490 acres, up 6 percent from last year and 19 percent above 1965. The July 1 estimate of planted acreage is 2 percent more than intentions reported on April 1. Principal producing States with increased acreage over last year are: Maryland, up 40 percent; Washington, up 35 percent; Delaware, up 15 percent; and Wisconsin, up 9 percent. This year's planted acreage for canning is 15 percent more than last year and the acreage for freezing is 2 percent larger. The acreage of baby limas for freezing is down 2 percent but the Fordhooks are up 12 percent from last year.

SNAP BEANS: The 1967 crop of snap beans for processing is forecast at 637,540 tons, 22 percent more than last year and 18 percent above 1965. At 273,150 acres, the crop is expected to be harvested from 11 percent more acreage than last year.

Reported growing conditions on July 1, indicated a U.S. yield per acre of 2.3 tons, compared with 2.1 tons per acre for the 1966 crop. Growers continue to shift from pole type beans to bush type, which tends to lower the average yield, especially in the western States.

In New York and Pennsylvania, favorable June weather helped crop prospects. Harvest was underway in the Coastal areas of Maryland and Virginia. Heavy rains have delayed plantings and slowed crop growth in Wisconsin, Michigan, and other North Central States. Harvest was nearing completion in the Coastal areas of North Carolina. Harvest is underway in California with peak volume expected in August. The Oregon crop made good growth during June.

BEETS: Estimated at 19,390 acres, the U. S. planted acreage of beets for processing is up 10 percent from 1966, and 24 percent above 1965. Increased acreage is expected in all of the principal producing States.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Prelimimary acreage and indicated production by States, 1967 with comparisons

Green peas for processing

State	Acreage Harvested 1965	Acreage Harvested 1966	Acreage For harvest 1967	Yield per acre 1965	Yield per acre 1966	Yield per acre 1967	Production 1965	Production 1966	Production 1967
	- Acres -			- Pounds -			- Tons -		
Eastern:									
New York. . .	7,600	7,100	7,000	2,990	2,670	2,700	11,360	9,480	9,450
Delaware. . .	7,900	6,500	9,100	2,340	3,410	2.400	9,240	11,080	10,920
Maryland. . .	8,500	8,600	8,200	3,140	3,220	2.800	13,340	13,850	11,480
1/Other Eastern	17,440	17,590	19,360	2,712	2,622	2.779	23,650	23,060	26,900
Total Eastern	41,440	39,790	43,660	2,779	2,889	2,691	57,590	57,470	58,750
Central:									
Wisconsin. .	124,700	124,400	133,500	2,540	2,060	2,300	158,370	128,130	153,520
Minnesota. .	56,900	66,300	68,000	2,470	1,970	2,000	70,270	65,310	68,000
2/Other Central	43,000	39,930	41,850	2,541	2,406	2,823	54,640	48,040	59,070
Total Central	224,600	230,630	243,350	2,523	2,094	2,306	283,280	241,480	280,590
Western:									
Idaho. . . .	14,000	14,200	14,300	2,310	1,800	2,400	16,170	12,780	17,160
Washington .	88,300	87,600	93,600	3,170	2,950	3,100	139,960	129,210	145,080
Oregon. . .	56,400	47,800	55,000	2,750	1,900	1,900	77,550	45,400	52,250
California .	11,700	9,500	*9,700	3,260	3,450	3,400	19,070	16,390	16,490
3/Other Western	5,190	4,560	5,250	3,195	2,794	2,690	8,290	6,370	7,060
Total Western	175,590	163,660	180,150	2,973	2,568	2,677	261,040	210,150	238,040
UNITED STATES	441,630	434,080	464,860	2,726	2,346	2,484	601,910	509,100	577,380

* Revised

1/ Maine, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, North Carolina. 2/ Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa. 3/ Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, and Utah.

Snap beans for processing

New York. . .	50,100	54,300	60,000	1.8	1.7	1.9	90,200	92,300	114,000
Pennsylvania.	10,000	5,700	10,000	1.7	1.3	1.6	17,000	7,400	16,000
Delaware. . .	6,700	6,100	9,400	1.4	.9	1.3	9,400	5,500	12,200
Maryland. . .	15,100	13,100	12,000	1.8	1.2	1.7	27,200	15,700	20,400
Virginia. . .	1,700	2,600	3,200	1.3	1.3	1.2	2,200	3,400	3,800
North Carolina.	2,900	2,400	4,000	2.3	1.4	1.5	6,700	3,400	6,000
South Carolina.	600	800	900	1.2	1.5	1.7	720	1,200	1,500
Florida. . . .	8,300	5,300	7,800	1.8	1.8	1.7	15,100	9,500	13,300
Michigan . . .	12,000	11,400	11,600	1.6	1.7	1.7	19,200	19,400	19,700
Wisconsin. . .	36,300	43,300	42,000	2.3	2.0	2.1	83,500	86,600	88,200
Tennessee. . .	12,800	10,900	10,800	2.0	1.8	1.5	25,600	19,600	16,200
Oklahoma . . .	2,100	3,500	3,400	2.4	1.2	1.7	5,000	4,200	5,800
Texas.	5,700	6,600	7,500	2.0	1.8	2.6	11,400	11,900	19,500
Colorado . . .	2,300	2,400	2,500	2.4	2.7	2.5	5,500	6,500	6,200
Washington . .	2,600	3,000	5,400	5.2	5.0	5.0	13,500	15,000	27,000
Oregon	21,900	24,700	28,800	5.6	5.3	5.5	122,600	130,900	158,400
California . .	7,700	11,600	12,900	2.5	2.1	2.3	19,200	24,400	29,700
Other States 1/	31,860	37,280	40,950	2.1	1.7	1.9	66,660	64,120	79,640
UNITED STATES	230,660	244,980	273,150	2.3	2.1	2.3	540,680	521,020	637,540

1/ Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana Kentucky, Louisiana Maine, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri. Montana, New Jersey, Ohio, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming.

Beets for canning: Preliminary planted acreage by States, 1967 with comparisons

State	Planted acreage 1965	Planted acreage 1966	Planted acreage Preliminary 1967	1967 as percent of 1965	1967 as percent of 1966
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Percent	Percent
New York	5,000	5,000	5,100	102	102
Michigan	440	600	750	170	125
Wisconsin	5,700	6,600	7,000	123	106
Oregon	1,200	1,500	2,000	167	133
Other States 1/	3,320	3,990	4,540	137	114
United States	15,660	17,690	19,390	124	110

1/ California, Colorado, Illinois, Minnesota, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Texas, Utah, and Washington

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 11, 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
July 1, 1967

Based on conditions reported on or about July 1, the Minnesota 1967 corn crop is expected to be about 1 percent larger than the very good crop of 1966 and other feed grain production is also expected to be up according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The Feed Grain Index at 108 is 2 points above the 1966 index and 11 points above the 5-year average. The Food Grain Index now indicated at 136 is 48 points above 1966 and 30 points above the 5-year average.

Moisture supplies during the past fall and winter months were below normal and substantially below normal during April and May. The spring season was cool and dry with most spring farm work generally on or ahead of normal. June was abnormally wet and cultivation of row crops and haying was behind schedule.

CORN: Minnesota farmers planted 6,110,000 acres of corn this year, 15 percent more than in 1966 and 6 percent above average. A yield of 68 bushels is now forecast, based on conditions reported on July 1, and this yield applied to the 5,078,000 acres estimated for grain would give the State a corn crop of 345 million bushels this year. A crop this size would be 1 percent greater than last year and about 17 percent larger than the 5-year average. Corn planting this spring was ahead of normal but dry soil conditions in May slowed growth and caused some replanting. Excessive moisture during June limited cultivation and water standing in low spots caused some acreage loss. On July 1 the average height of corn was 16 inches compared with the usual for this date of 19 inches.

WHEAT: The acreage seeded to spring wheat in 1967 was estimated at 1,062,000 acres and of this amount 64,000 acres was durum. It is now estimated that 1,043,000 acres of spring wheat will be harvested with a crop of 27,366,000 bushels. In addition to this the State will harvest 48,000 acres of winter wheat for a total of 1,296,000 acres of all wheat.

A wheat crop of 28,662,000 bushels for 1967 is now in prospect which is 56 percent greater than production in 1966 and 30 percent greater than the 5-year (1961-65) average.

OATS: An oat crop of about 138 million bushels is forecast for Minnesota in 1967 which is about the same as the 1966 crop but about 10 percent below the 5-year average. The smaller crop this year is due to reduced acreage. Based on July 1 conditions, a yield per acre of 49 bushels is forecast. This compared with 46.5 bushels last year, and the 5-year average of 48.4 bushels per acre. About one-half of the oats was headed on July 1 which is normal for this date.

BARLEY: A barley crop of 25,445,000 bushels is now forecast for 1967. Acres for harvest at 727,000 is 11 percent above a year ago, and the yield indicated for this year is 35 bushels.

FLAXSEED: A flax crop of 3,245,000 bushels is now indicated for 1967, based on July 1 conditions. This is 15 percent smaller than last year and 45 percent below the 5-year average. Flax yield is forecast at 11 bushels per acre compared with 9.5 bushels last year and the 5-year average of 11.6 bushels.

SUGAR BEETS: The sugar beet crop now indicated at 1,386,000 tons, is 9 percent below a year ago but 7 percent above the 5-year average. Acres for harvest at 126,000 acres is 2 percent above a year earlier. Yield is estimated at 11.0 tons per acre, 1.6 tons below last year.

RYE: Production of rye estimated at 1,760,000 bushels with a yield of 20 bushels is 31 percent above 1966 and one of the State's largest rye crops in recent years.

POTATOES: Production of late summer potatoes which are grown in the Twin City area, is forecast at 1,591,000 hundredweight up 5 percent from 1966. Acreage for harvest is estimated at 7,400 acres the same as in 1966. The fall potato acreage for harvest is 96,000 up 7 percent from 1966. Minnesota's first production estimate will be published in August.

HAY: The 1967 hay crop is estimated at 7.3 million tons which is about 10 percent below production last year and 7 percent below the average.

SUNFLOWERS: A preliminary tabulation indicates that about 101,000 acres of sunflowers were planted in Minnesota in 1967 as compared with 27,000 acres in 1966. This information came from contracting buyers and processors with some allowance for open acreage. Of the 101,000 acres planted this year, 46,000 are oil seed types and 55,000 acres are bird feed and edible kinds.

COMMERCIAL APPLES: Commercial apple production is forecast at 390,000 bushels - 35 percent less than the record high crop of 600,000 bushels produced in 1966.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production for Minnesota totaled 996 million pounds in June, 1 percent below a year ago and 4 percent below May 1967. Total production however for the 6 month period January-June is up 2 percent over a year ago. Production per cow in herd averaged 900 pounds as against 885 pounds for June 1966.

EGG PRODUCTION: For June production in Minnesota totaled 197 million eggs up 2 percent from a year ago. Rate of lay averaged 65 eggs per 100 layers in June as compared with 64 eggs per 100 layers a year ago. Production during the first 6 months this year totaled 1,259 million eggs up 2 percent over a year earlier.

July 1, 1967 Crop Production Prospects

Commodity	Acreage			Yield Per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	For Harvest 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Indicated 1967
	Average 1961-65	1966							
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
For Minnesota:									
Corn for Grain	4,693	4,494	5,078	62.4	76.0	68.0	293,931	341,544	345,304
All Wheat	890	799	1,091	24.9	22.9	26.3	22,107	18,318	28,662
Winter Wheat	22	16	48	24.4	28.0	27.0	551	448	1,296
Durum Wheat	73	56	62	28.8	27.0	30.0	2,170	1,512	1,860
Other Sp. Wheat	794	727	981	24.5	22.5	26.0	19,385	16,358	25,506
Oats	3,193	2,974	2,825	48.4	46.5	49.0	154,375	138,291	138,425
Barley	688	655	727	34.5	32.0	35.0	23,424	20,960	25,445
Rye	88	67	88	18.7	20.0	20.0	1,641	1,340	1,760
Flaxseed	509	404	295	11.6	9.5	11.0	5,897	3,838	3,245
Soybeans for beans	2,587	3,356	3,658	21.1	24.0	1/	54,122	80,544	1/
Potatoes (Cwt.)									
Late Summer	6.7	7.4	7.4	195	205	215	1,301	1,517	1,591
Fall	100.8	90.0	96.0	126	120	1/	12,643	10,800	1/
Sugar Beets (Tons)	112.5	123.0	128.0	11.6	12.6	11.0	1,300	1,554	1,408
Hay, All (Tons)	3,657	3,443	3,279	2.14	2.35	2.23	7,806	8,094	7,297

1/ First estimate available in August.

UNITED STATES: Crop prospects on July 1 were slightly better than a year earlier, although development was behind normal pace. Total crop acreage planted for 1967 harvest increased 7 percent to the highest level since 1960. Feed grain production is expected to be up 8 percent from last year and food grain production 19 percent above 1966. Milk production during June was 1 percent less than a year earlier and 6 percent below average. Egg production was up 6 percent from a year earlier, and 8 percent above average. Crops planted for 1967 harvest total 318 million acres--up 7 percent or 19.7 million acres from last year, and the largest total in 7 years. Total acreage of food grains increased 22 percent from last year and both feed grains and oilseeds increased 4 percent. Despite some delays in planting, farmers were able to seed most of their intended acreage. The current estimate of 304 million acres for harvest is 5 percent more than last year and the largest total since 1960.

Prospective 1967 production of corn for grain, at 4.5 billion bushels, is 10 percent larger than the record 4.1 billion bushels produced last year and 20 percent above the 1961-65 average. This would be the Nation's fourth 4-billion bushel corn crop--the first was in 1963, the others, in 1965 and 1966.

Production of All Wheat is forecast at a record 1,596 million bushels, 139 million bushels above the previous high established in 1958. The yield per harvested acre is 26.6 bushels--second highest in history. The acreage of all wheat for harvest as grain is 60.0 million, the largest since 1953.

Spring wheat other than durum is forecast at 244 million bushels, 28 percent above last year and 30 percent above average.

Production of oats in 1967 is estimated at 774 million bushels, down 3 percent from last year and 19 percent below average. Yield per harvested acre is expected to be 47.7 bushels, the second highest of record, compared with 44.7 bushels per acre last year and the 5-year average of 45.2 bushels. Yields per acre are expected to exceed last year in nearly all regions, except the extreme southeast and south central.

Soybeans planted alone for all purposes in 1967 are estimated at 41.0 million acres, about 10 percent more than last year's record of 37.4 million acres, and 34 percent above the average of 30.5 million acres. Growers expect to harvest 40.1 million acres, up 9 percent from last year.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 11, 1967

FRESH VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of July 1, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Cabbage - Early Summer: Minnesota's acreage of early summer cabbage has been combined with Early Fall Cabbage because of the small acreage involved. The first report on estimated production for early fall will be released August 9.

CARROTS: - Early Fall: The acreage of carrots for harvest in 1967 is forecast at 700 acres, compared with 650 acres harvested in 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture.

ONIONS: Late Summer: The acreage of onions for harvest in 1967 is forecast at 1,000 acres compared with 1,300 acres harvested in 1966.

UNITED STATES: CABBAGE: (For fresh market and kraut): The early summer cabbage crop is forecast at 1,319,000 cwt., 1 percent below 1966. The crop in New England is late but favorable weather is producing excellent growth. Movement is expected to peak after mid-July. In New Jersey, cabbage harvest is past peak in southern areas, while good volume was moving from central and northern areas on July 1. Supplies in southern Ohio are expected to peak in mid-July. Harvest in Virginia is expected to start about mid-July.

The early fall carrot acreage is estimated at 23,130 acres for harvest compared with 23,650 acres harvested in 1966. In New England, harvest should start about mid-July but supplies are expected to be light until mid-August. In New York, early growth was retarded by cool weather. Harvest is expected to start about August 1. In Colorado, harvest is expected to begin about mid-July. In Michigan development was delayed by the cool, wet weather. Considerable replanting has been necessary because of flooding in June. The Wisconsin crop is generally in good condition, although there has been some damage from wind and excessive moisture. In Minnesota, some acreage has been lost to flooding particularly in the Hollandale area. The Texas crop is making good progress. Light harvest is expected to start about mid-July. In Washington, June weather was favorable and the crop developed well. In Oregon, prospects are good.

Growers of late summer onions have 58,570 acres for harvest this year compared with 57,560 acres harvested in 1966. New York stands are generally good. Harvesting of transplants is expected in Orange County by mid-July, followed by sets and earliest seeded fields the last week of the month. Harvest of sets in Canastota area should start in late July. Only limited supplies are expected to be cured before mid-August. In Ohio, hot, dry weather has retarded growth. The Indiana and Michigan crops are from one to two weeks late in development. In Michigan, rains also caused above normal replanting in the west central area. In Wisconsin crop prospects are generally good. Some of the Minnesota acreage has been lost to heavy rains and flooding--both in the Hollandale area and in the Red River Valley. In Iowa, harvest of early plantings is expected to start about mid-July. The crop is slightly behind last year. Heavy rain and blowing sand during June damaged some acreage. Hail damaged northern Colorado fields and some acreage with poor stands has been disced up. In Utah, growth has been slow, but crop prospects are good. In Washington, the crop made good growth during June. In Idaho and Eastern Oregon, stands are generally good, although crop development is a week later than last year. Hail has caused some damage in several areas. In western Oregon, development is one week to two weeks late, but crop prospects are good. In California crop prospects improved during June. Harvest in the south coastal areas began in early July, and should be underway in the San Joaquin Valley and central Coast district by early August. Volume supplies are expected in early September. Harvest in the Tulelake-Butte Valley area is expected to start in mid-September.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Acreage and estimated production reported to date, 1967 with comparisons

Crop and State	Acreage Harvested 1965	Acreage Harvested 1966	Acreage For Harvest 1967	Yield per acre 1965	Yield per acre 1966	Yield per acre Ind. 1967	Production 1965	Production 1966	Production Ind. 1967
	- Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
CARROTS 1/									
Winter.	40,000	35,700	38,100	150	148	140	6,000	5,274	5 316
Spring.	2,300	3,000	3,700	185	200	160	426	600	592
Early Summer:									
California. . . .	7,300	7,900	7,900	295	305	285	2,154	2,410	2,252
Late Summer: . . .									
New Jersey . . .	800	1,000	1,000	280	370	325	224	370	325
Ohio	500	500	500	285	270	265	142	135	132
Illinois	550	550	550	255	225	230	140	124	127
Group Total . .	1,850	2,050	2,050	274	307	285	506	629	584
Early Fall:									
Massachusetts. .	750	650	600	230	235		172	153	
Connecticut. . .	500	450	430	230	210		115	94	
New York	2,100	2,400	2,400	340	340		714	816	
Michigan	4,600	5,000	4,500	245	215		1,127	1,075	
Wisconsin. . . .	2,600	2,700	2,900	395	400		1,027	1,080	Aug. 9
Minnesota. . . .	650	650	700	425	455		276	296	
Texas.	5,400	6,600	6,000	200	150		1,080	990	
Colorado	1,500	1,300	1,100	190	200		285	260	
Washington . . .	1,700	2,000	2,500	385	355		654	710	
Oregon	1,400	1,900	2,000	510	445		714	846	
Group Total . .	21,200	23,650	23,130	291	267		6,164	6,320	
ONIONS 1/									
Early Spring . .	23,100	16,300	23,000	130	95	160	3,003	1,548	3,680
Late Spring. . .	5,700	6,700	9,250	340	305	303	1,936	2,042	2,803
Early Summer:									
New Jersey. . .	2,600	2,100	2,200	145	175	175	377	368	385
Illinois. . . .	700	600	500	130	145	160	91	87	80
Texas.	4,300	6,000	6,500	215	215	240	924	1,290	1,560
New Mexico. . . .	2 200	4,000	4,700	330	250	350	726	1,000	1,645
Washington. . .	500	550	600	430	475	430	215	261	258
Group Total. .	10,300	13,250	14,500	227	227	271	2,333	3,006	3,928
Late Summer:									
New York. . . .	16,400	14,700	14,000	330	245		5,412	3,602	
Ohio.	550	550	600	510	400		280	220	
Indiana	950	900	750	420	250		399	225	
Michigan. . . .	8,300	7,900	7,200	340	290		2,822	2,291	
Wisconsin . . .	1,900	1,900	1,800	295	200		560	380	
Minnesota . . .	1,200	1,300	1,000	250	190		300	247	
Iowa.	380	360	320	270	210		103	76	
Colorado. . . .	6,500	6,100	5,800	275	250		1,788	1,525	
Utah.	700	550	600	350	280		245	154	Aug. 9
Washington. . .	1,000	1,000	1,100	440	450		440	450	
Western Oregon.	2,200	2,200	2,200	385	435		847	957	
Idaho & East.									
Oregon Total .	6,600	7,000	7,100	530	500		3,498	3,502	
Idaho	3,300	3,400	3,500	535	490		1,766	1,666	
East. Oregon. .	3,300	3,600	3,600	525	510		1,732	1,836	
California. . .	11,400	13,100	16,100	360	345		4,104	4,520	
Group Total	58,080	57,560	58,570	358	315		20,798	18,149	

1/ Includes processing.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 13, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 8, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched 1,792,000 poults during the week ending July 8, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 4 percent less than the same week a year ago. Heavy breed poults at 1,410,000 were up 4 percent while the light breed hatch of 382,000 was down 25 percent from a year earlier.

(over)

NOTE: Beginning with this report, poult production estimates for only six states will be made until about December 1, 1967.

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
				Poults Hatched			
June 17	2,955	2,978	381	348	3,336	3,326	100
June 24	2,336	2,615	468	458	2,804	3,073	110
July 1	2,128	2,036	458	465	2,586	2,501	97
July 8	1,354	1,410	512	382	1,866	1,792	96
				Eggs Set			
May 20	5,625	5,608	670	538	6,295	6,146	97
May 27	4,570	5,104	766	668	5,336	5,772	108
June 3	4,239	4,146	757	715	4,996	4,861	97
June 10	3,518	3,782	908	610	4,426	4,392	99
June 17	3,200	3,324	855	889	4,055	4,213	104
June 24	2,363	2,496	845	763	3,208	3,259	102
July 1	1,664	1,787	872	782	2,536	2,569	101
July 8 2/	831	1,096	605	746	1,436	1,842	128
				Minnesota-Wisconsin			
				Poults Hatched			
June 17	270	621	131	161	851	782	92
June 24	550	520	204	247	754	767	102
July 1	468	362	234	256	702	618	88
July 8	304	356	249	233	553	589	106
				Eggs Set			
May 20	1,375	1,170	231	223	1,606	1,393	87
May 27	1,095	993	334	335	1,429	1,328	93
June 3	906	704	367	339	1,273	1,043	82
June 10	615	710	387	311	1,002	1,021	102
June 17	757	579	407	430	1,164	1,009	87
June 24	535	526	397	396	932	922	99
July 1	457	353	501	453	958	806	84
July 8	300	358	366	434	666	792	119
				California			
				Poults Hatched			
June 17	952	948	6	9	958	957	100
June 24	840	911	5	10	845	921	109
July 1	708	668	5	8	713	676	95
July 8	730	646	9	7	739	653	88
				Eggs Set			
May 20	1,824	1,796	10	14	1,834	1,810	99
May 27	1,478	1,833	9	16	1,587	1,849	116
June 3	1,350	1,399	8	13	1,358	1,412	104
June 10	1,383	1,396	17	3	1,400	1,399	100
June 17	1,249	1,379	36	15	1,285	1,394	108
June 24	1,036	927	0	13	1,036	940	91
July 1	664	778	0	0	664	778	117
July 8	432	503	0	0	432	503	116

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1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnnesota and Wisconsin.

2/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

Setting of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 1,842,000 eggs, up 28 percent from the comparable week of 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 1,096,000 were 32 percent higher than a year ago and light breed eggs at 746,000 were up 23 percent from last year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 8, totaled 589,000, 6 percent above the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings at 356,000 were up 17 percent and light breed hatchings of 233,000 were down 6 percent from a year ago.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 792,000, an increase of 19 percent from 1966. Settings of heavy breed eggs totaled 358,000, up 19 percent and light breed eggs set at 434,000 were also up 19 percent from the same week a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 27 percent of the week's hatch compared with 27 percent the previous week and 37 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851		743		3,594		16,531		2,143		18,674	
July	1,299		1,127		2,426		7,836		2,595		10,431	
Aug.	446		938		1,384		1,548		1,914		3,462	
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	
Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands												
Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429		1,672		4,101		15,284		4,069		19,353	
Aug.	828		1,465		2,293		3,152		2,985		6,137	
Sept.	426		1,120		1,546		1,218		2,177		3,395	
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

D. O. Mesick
Acricultural Statistician
Acting in Charge

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JUL 19 1967

Immediate Release

July 13, 1967

MINNESOTA BARLEY VARIETIES - 1967 CROP

Larker continues to be Minnesota's most popular variety of barley - a position which it has held now for the fourth year. It accounts for 77 percent of the 1967 acreage, according to a survey of growers made by the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The second leading variety is Dickson which accounts for 15 percent of the 1967 acreage. Conquest is another new variety moving up in popularity and now ranks third with 6 percent of the acreage. These three varieties represent 98 percent of the State's barley acreage. The remaining 2 percent are taken by Trophy, Parkland and other varieties.

Larker has been the most popular barley variety for the past few years. Its seed was first distributed to growers in 1962. In 1963 it made up 5 percent of the acreage, 42 percent in 1964, 84 percent in 1965, and 86 percent in 1966. This year growers cut back, seeding only 77 percent of their barley acreage to this variety. In the northwest district barley growers planted Larker on 73 percent of the barley acreage, while in the west central district they seeded 86 percent of their barley acreage to this variety.

Dickson, a relatively new variety was first introduced to Minnesota growers on a somewhat limited basis in 1965. It has now moved into second place and accounts for 15 percent of the State's barley acreage.

Conquest, another recently introduced variety is in third place with 6 percent of Minnesota's barley acreage. It was first distributed to Minnesota growers in 1966. It is seeded on 7 percent of the acreage in the northwest counties and 5 percent in the west central area.

Trophy, a very important variety in 1963 and 1964, now represents only 1 percent of the State's acreage.

Parkland, a minor variety for a number of years has declined in popularity to where it is planted on only 1 percent of the State's acreage.

Kindred and Trail varieties which were seeded on most of the barley acreage from 1956 to 1963 have declined sharply in popularity in recent years and are no longer of any consequence.

On July 1 the 1967 Minnesota barley was forecast at 25,445,000 bushels to be harvested from 727,000 acres. The estimated yield of 35 bushels per acre is 3 bushels above 1966 and compares with the 5-year average of 34.5 bushels per acre.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

MINNESOTA BARLEY VARIETIES BY SELECTED CROP REPORTING DISTRICTS - 1967

District	Planted Acreage of Barley	Percent of acreage seeded to each variety in 1967					
		Larker	Trophy	Conquest	Dickson	Parkland	Other
	Thous. Acres	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
N. West (1)	504	73	1/	7	19	1	1/
W. Cent. (4)	222	86	3	5	5	1	1/
All Other	21	71	8	5	6	-	10
State Total	747	77	1	6	15	1	1/

1/ Less than 1 percent

MINNESOTA PLANTED BARLEY ACRES BY VARIETIES - 1967
(Thousand Acres)

District	All Varieties	Larker	Trophy	Conquest	Dickson	Parkland	Other
N. West (1)	504	368	-	35	96	5	-
W. Cent. (4)	222	191	7	11	11	2	-
All Other	21	15	2	1	1	-	2
State Totals	747	574	9	47	108	7	2

BARLEY VARIETIES: Percent of Acreage Seeded to Each Variety, Minnesota

Variety	1958	1959	1960	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Larker 2/	-	-	-	1/	5	42	84	86	77
Dickson 3/	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	15
Conquest 4/	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	6
Trophy 2/	-	-	-	1	32	41	9	4	1
Parkland	4	4	4	9	9	4	4	3	1
Traill	30	48	50	57	31	7	1	1	-
Kindred	47	31	36	31	22	6	1	-	-
Forrest	16	17	8	-	1/	-	-	-	-
Other and Unknown	3	1/	2	2	1	1/	1	-	-

1/ Less than 1 percent
2/ First seed distributed in 1962
3/ First seed distributed in 1965
4/ First seed distributed in 1966

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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JUL 22 1967

Immediate Release

July 17, 1967

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
June 1967

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 2,771,000 chicks during June 1967 which was 21 percent below June 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The June hatch consisted of 1,850,000 egg-type chicks and 921,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was down 29 percent, and the broiler chick production was down 1 percent from June 1966. For the period January through June, the egg-type hatch was 16 percent, while the broiler-type hatch was 6 percent above the same months of 1966.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-June for Minnesota was $3.14 per 100 pounds, compared with $3.16 the previous month, and $3.00 a year ago. On June 15, the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 6.2 compared with 6.3 the previous month and 8.3 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-type			Broiler-type		
	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
January	839	1,063	+38	680	737	+ 8
February	809	1,404	+74	593	585	- 1
March	3,993	3,455	-13	819	900	+10
April	6,028	4,969	-18	1,068	1,100	+ 3
May	6,094	4,421	-27	1,048	1,191	+14
June	2,590	1,850	-29	930	921	- 1
July	851			727		
August	752			696		
September	671			640		
October	821			605		
November	657			729		
December	851			667		

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 293 million chicks during June 1967, a decrease of 2 percent from the 301 million produced in June 1966. The June hatch of broiler-type chicks totaled 245 million, 1 percent less than the same month a year earlier. During the first 6 months of 1967, there were 1,445 million broiler chicks produced, up 2 percent from the corresponding period a year earlier. Broiler-type eggs in incubators on July 1 were down 4 percent from July 1, 1966.

The number of egg-type chicks hatched during June is estimated at 48 million, 11 percent less than in June 1966. All regions recorded drecreases from a year earlier. These were as follows: North Atlantic 12 percent, North Central and South Atlantic 11 percent, South Central 14 percent, and West 3 percent.

During the first half of 1967, there were 348 million egg-type chicks hatched, 6 million less than the corresponding period in 1966. The number of egg-type eggs in incubator on July 1 was down 11 percent from July 1 last year. This is the fourth consecutive month that egg-type eggs in incubator have been below the corresponding date of 1966.

Broiler and Egg-type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During June			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
Ohio	810	600	2,460	1,850
Indiana	2,777	1,884	3,072	3,410
Illinois	78	43	2,370	1,951
Michigan	445	1/	1,400	1,500
Wisconsin	1,438	1,495	768	655
Minnesota	930	921	2,590	1,850
Iowa	260	250	2,960	2,700
Missouri	2,802	2,027	1,994	1,959
North Dakota	1/	1/	210	140
South Dakota	1/	1/	710	750
Nebraska	260	210	1,363	1,003
Kansas	30	30	630	510
N. Central	1/9,957	1/8,019	20,527	18,278
UNITED STATES	246,626	244,810	53,915	48,251

1/ Included only in the North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

JUL 22 1967

Immediate Release

July 18, 1967

CATTLE ON FEED - JULY 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: On July 1, 1967, there were 385,000 head of cattle and calves on grain feed for slaughter market in Minnesota according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This was 1 percent below July 1, 1966, and 26 percent less than the number on feed on April 1 this year.

Marketings of grain fed cattle during the past three months totaled 199,000 head, 13 percent more than during the same period a year earlier. Placements during the last three months were 64,000 head, up 4,000 head from the same quarter last year.

Of the 385,000 head on feed July 1, 62 percent were steers and 38 percent were heifers and other cattle. By weight groups, cattle and calves weighing less than 900 pounds accounted for 74 percent of those on feed July 1 compared to 81 percent on July 1, 1966. Cattle and calves weighing 900 pounds and over accounted for 26 percent of the July 1 number on feed as compared to 19 percent of those on feed July 1, 1966.

32 STATES: Cattle and calves on feed for the slaughter market on July 1, 1967 in 32 major feeding States totaled 8,724,000 head, 2 percent less than a year earlier. Decreases from a year earlier in the number on feed weighing between 500 and 899 pounds more than offset increases for the remaining weight groups. The number placed on feed during the past quarter was 1 percent above placements during the comparable period in 1966. Marketings during this period were up 9 percent. The July 1 number on feed was 17 percent below the number on feed April 1 this year as compared with a 13 percent decrease during the same period last year.

There were 5,525,000 cattle and calves on feed in the North Central States, a decline of only 23,000 head from the number on feed a year earlier. The two leading States in this region, Iowa and Nebraska, were up 3 percent and 2 percent, respectively. Increases were also recorded for Ohio, Indiana, and Michigan. The number on feed in Wisconsin was unchanged while the remaining States were down from 3 to 18 percent from a year earlier.

The number of cattle on feed for slaughter market in the 11 Western States on July 1, at 2,313,000 head, was 6 percent less than a year earlier. Increases in 6 Western States ranging from 2 percent in Colorado to 21 percent in New Mexico were not enough to offset the sharp decline of 18 percent in the number on feed in California and lesser declines in the remaining States.

The nine other cattle feeding States (Pennsylvania, Georgia, Florida, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Oklahoma, and Texas) had 886,000 cattle on feed July 1 -- up 3 percent from a year earlier. Texas, which normally accounts for over half the number on feed in this group showed an increase of 14 percent. Mississippi and Florida also showed increases but the remaining 6 States had fewer cattle on feed.

Cattle and calves placed on feed in the 32 States during April-June totaled 3,844,000, up 1 percent from the same period in 1966. Placements were up 4 percent in the North Central States, but down 7 percent in the Western States. Shipments of stocker and feeder cattle into 8 Corn Belt States during April and May were down 13 percent from the same period in 1966. Marketings of fed cattle for slaughter during the second quarter totaled 5,614,000 head--9 percent above the corresponding period in 1966. Fed cattle marketings were up 8 percent in the North Central States and 5 percent in the Western States. Total slaughter of steers and heifers under Federal Inspection during the April-June quarter was up 9 percent from a year earlier. Beef steers and heifers (prime, choice and good) sold out of first hands for slaughter at 15 livestock markets during April-June were down 4 percent from the same period in 1966. These data do not include direct sales to packing plants, mixed lots, and some deliveries bought on prior contract.

Cattle and calves on feed less than 3 months totaled 3,631,000--about the same as a year earlier. The total on feed 3-6 months, at 3,045,000 head, was down 3 percent. Cattle on feed 6 months or longer totaled 2,048,000 head, down 2 percent. Of the July 1 number on feed, cattle feeders intend to market 5,073,000 head during July, August, and September. This would be 2 percent above July-September marketings last year from July 1 numbers. Steers and heifers marketed out of first hands for slaughter at 15 livestock markets during June 1967 totaled 474,182 head, 8 percent less than during June 1966.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Cattle and Calves on Grain Feed, Minnesota and 32 States, 1967 with Comparisons

Item	MINNESOTA			32 STATES		
	1966	1967	1967 Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	1967 Pct. of 1966
	1,000 Head		Percent	1,000 Head		Percent
Cattle and Calves on Feed, April 1	505	520	103	10,226	10,494	103
Placed on Feed April 1 - June 30 1/	60	64	107	3,797	3,844	101
Fed Cattle Marketed April 1-June 30 1/	176	199	113	5,165	5,614	109
Cattle and Calves on Feed, July 1	389	385	99	8,858	8,724	98
Kinds on Feed July 1						
Steers and Steer Calves	261	239	92	6,135	6,159	100
Heifers and Heifer Calves	127	143	113	2,691	2,540	94
Cows and Other	1	3	300	32	25	78
Time on Feed July 1						
Under 3 months	59	62	105	3,637	3,631	100
3-6 months	97	127	131	3,127	3,045	97
Over 6 months	233	196	84	2,094	2,048	98
Weight Groups July 1						
Under 900 pounds	316	286	91	6,328	5,997	95
900 - 1,099 pounds	62	82	132	2,161	2,313	107
1,100 pounds and over	11	17	155	369	414	112
July - September Marketings	176	199	113	2/ 4,977 3/	5,073	102

1/ Includes cattle placed on feed after beginning of quarter and marketed before end of quarter. 2/ Actual marketings from July 1 number on feed, excluding those placed on feed after July 1 and marketed before September 30. 3/ Expected marketings from July 1, 1967 number on feed.

Cattle and Calves on Feed by Quarters, July 1, 1966, April 1 and July 1, 1967 1/

State	July 1, 1966	April 1, 1967	July 1, 1967	July 1, 1967 as percent of July 1, 1966
	- - 1,000 Head - -			Percent
Pennsylvania	55	76	47	85
Ohio	223	315	230	103
Indiana	221	286	243	110
Illinois	605	751	570	94
Michigan	115	183	126	110
Wisconsin	104	144	104	100
Minnesota	389	520	385	99
Iowa	1,755	2,161	1,808	103
Missouri	301	369	291	97
North Dakota	80	87	66	82
South Dakota	270	364	256	95
Nebraska	1,022	1,284	1,044	102
Kansas	463	521	402	87
North Central States	5,548	6,985	5,525	100
Georgia	49	48	39	80
Florida	28	45	32	114
Kentucky	39	50	37	95
Tennessee	25	28	12	48
Alabama	18	23	13	72
Mississippi	10	14	11	110
Oklahoma	123	150	111	90
Texas	512	653	584	114
Montana	54	84	60	111
Idaho	120	175	138	115
Wyoming	24	37	19	79
Colorado	477	578	487	102
New Mexico	111	153	134	121
Arizona	284	354	306	108
Utah	50	48	30	60
Nevada	20	30	17	85
Washington	108	128	125	116
Oregon	70	80	68	97
California	1,133	755	929	82
Western States	2,451	2,422	2,313	94
32 State Total	8,858	10,494	8,724	98

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for the slaughter market on grain or other concentrates which are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 20, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 15, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched 1,748,000 poults during the week ending July 15, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 3 percent more than the same week a year ago. Heavy breed poults at 1,253,000 were up 3 percent while the light breed hatch of 495,000 was up 5 percent from a comparable week of 1966.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
June 24	2,336	2,609	468	458	2,804	3,067	109
July 1	2,128	2,036	458	465	2,586	2,501	97
July 8 2/	1,354	1,410	512	382	1,866	1,792	96
July 15 2/	1,219	1,253	470	495	1,689	1,748	103
Eggs Set							
May 27	4,570	5,119	766	713	5,336	5,832	109
June 3	4,239	4,141	757	734	4,996	4,875	98
June 10	3,518	3,773	908	610	4,426	4,383	99
June 17	3,200	3,278	855	889	4,055	4,167	103
June 24	2,363	2,504	845	763	3,208	3,267	102
July 1	1,664	1,787	872	782	2,536	2,569	101
July 8 2/	831	1,096	605	746	1,436	1,842	128
July 15 2/	623	724	613	850	1,236	1,574	127
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
June 24	550	514	204	247	754	761	101
July 1	468	362	234	256	702	618	88
July 8	304	356	249	233	553	589	106
July 15	373	322	257	285	630	607	96
Eggs Set							
May 27	1,095	1,004	334	351	1,429	1,355	95
June 3	906	713	367	357	1,273	1,070	84
June 10	615	710	387	311	1,002	1,021	102
June 17	757	579	407	430	1,164	1,009	87
June 24	535	534	397	396	932	930	100
July 1	457	353	501	453	958	806	84
July 8	300	358	366	434	666	792	119
July 15	208	306	385	542	593	848	143
California							
Poults Hatched							
June 24	840	911	5	10	845	921	109
July 1	708	668	5	8	713	676	95
July 8	730	646	9	7	739	653	88
July 15	606	660	21	7	627	667	106
Eggs Set							
May 27	1,578	1,833	9	16	1,587	1,849	116
June 3	1,350	1,380	8	13	1,358	1,393	103
June 10	1,383	1,396	17	3	1,400	1,399	100
June 17	1,249	1,332	36	15	1,285	1,347	105
June 24	1,036	927	0	13	1,036	940	91
July 1	664	778	0	0	664	778	117
July 8	432	503	0	0	432	503	116
July 15	316	305	0	0	316	305	97

\# Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnnesota and Wisconsin.

2/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 1,574,000 eggs, up 27 percent from the same week of a year ago. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 724,000 were up 16 percent from last year and light breed eggs at 850,000 were up 39 percent compared with last year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 15, totaled 607,000, 4 percent less than the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings at 322,000 were down 14 percent and light breed hatchings of 285,000 were up 11 percent from a year ago.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 848,000 an increase of 43 percent from 1966. Settings of heavy breed eggs totaled 306,000,,up 47 percent and light breed eggs set at 542,000 were up 41 percent from the same week a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 25 percent of the week's hatch compared with 27 percent the previous week and 21 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299		1,127		2,426		7,836		2,595		10,431	
Aug.	446		938		1,384		1,548		1,914		3,462	
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828		1,465		2,293		3,152		2,985		6,137	
Sept.	426		1,120		1,546		1,218		2,177		3,395	
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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JUL 22 1967

Immediate Release

July 20, 1967

BLUEGRASS SEED CONDITION REPORT
Kentucky Other Than Merion - July 1967

In the Northwest, prospective yields are reported above a year ago. Swathing started after mid-June with combining expected to be completed by mid-July.

Crop prospects for other Kentucky bluegrass in Idaho appear bright. Good burns were obtained in all areas last fall and mild winter weather permitted this year's crop to get off to a good start. Conditions are above average in nearly all sections. In the dry land areas cool spring weather and timely May and early June rainfall contributed to heavy growth. Although lodging is extensive throughout the major growing areas as a result of this heavy growth, yields are not expected to be materially affected. Nearly all fields had bloomed before they began to lodge and heads appear to be in good condition. Hot weather in late June and early July forced maturity in some areas but yield loss is not expected to be great. Swathing started on June 27 in early fields and is expected to be completed by mid-July. First combining started July 6. Weather conditions during harvest have been ideal. In Washington, condition is generally good. The Spokane and Whitman County area had good moisture during the growing season but most grass has been a little slow recovering from last year's very dry weather. However, yields should exceed last year in most localities. Swathing began June 27 and combining commenced about July 6. Combining should be completed by mid-July. In the Garfield-Columbia County area crop prospects are good with expected yields average or better. Swathing began the latter part of June but was interrupted by rain. Little damage occurred and all was in the swath by July 10. Combining will take about 10 days. Crop conditions vary from fair to good in the Columbia Basin with yields expected to equal or exceed last year. Swathing began June 20 and combining started July 10. Overall condition for Oregon is generally for a normal crop. In western Oregon good moisture and cool spring weather were conducive to plant growth. However, rust is reported in many fields throughout the Willamette Valley. Some fields may not be harvested due to rust. Combining started the first week of July and will continue until the latter part of the month. In Central Oregon spring weather promoted good early season development. Rain and wind during the first week of July caused only minor damage. Swathing was nearly complete the first week of July. Combining began July 3 and will continue throughout the month. Yield prospects are average. In Union County prospects are for an above average crop. No serious weather or disease damage is apparent. Conditions for pollination were good. Swathing started the first week of July. Some combining is expected to start around July 15.

In the North Central District crop conditions were generally below normal. Dry weather early in the spring and late frosts prevented grass from making good growth. Seed set was generally poor. In South Dakota, condition of bluegrass seed crop varies considerably this year. The fall of 1966 was favorable for the growth of grass and early spring months were reasonably favorable. Drought together with frost during May in Southern and Northeastern counties severely damaged the crop in most of this area. Favorable moisture conditions in the Northern portion of the State benefited the crop. In Edmond and Faulk Counties a good crop is in evidence. Seed is heavy and will probably have a good germination percentage. Several factors have combined that will make this year's Missouri crop one of the smallest of record. Much of the better grass land has been plowed for soybeans and corn, grazing has been heavy and adverse weather factors caused a poor seed set. Iowa and Kansas will have very little seed production. A relatively small crop is expected for North Dakota. In Kentucky production of common bluegrass is expected to be very small, perhaps the smallest crop in the past 25 years. Stripping began the first few days in July, a little later than normal. Cold weather and rain early in the season have hurt the crop. In Minnesota yields of com-

mon Kentucky bluegrass were fair. However, little acreage of common will be harvested. Production of Park Kentucky bluegrass is expected to be at least as large as last year's crop. The crop appeared poor until June when rains sharply improved crop prospects. However, cool weather has retarded growth and harvest is a week to 10 days later than normal. Swathing has started on mineral soils.

Merion Kentucky Bluegrass

Merion Kentucky bluegrass shows a wider than normal variation in condition in Idaho this year. Conditions on the Rathdrum Prairie ranged from poor to very good while conditions in Lewis County are rated as good to very good. Drought conditions in the fall of 1966 caused several growers to get heavy burns and as a result many fields did not come back as well as they should. The mild winter weather and above normal spring rainfall permitted heavy growth on fields where good burns were obtained but has resulted in above normal weed growth in the poorer fields. Lodging is evident throughout the area but yields are not expected to be seriously affected since most fields went down after pollination. About 4 days of unseasonable hot weather may have caused some shrinkage from forced maturity. Swathing began on July 3 on early fields and is progressing under favorable weather. Combining is expected to start about July 14. Overall crop conditions in Washington's Spokane Valley are fair as there is considerable variation from field to field. Cool wet spring weather combined with lack of vigorous regrowth has resulted in more than normal weed growth. Swathing started July 3 and combining will begin about mid-July. In Garfield County conditions are good and above average yields are expected. Swathing started in June and combining is underway. In the Columbia Basin the Merion crop is in good condition. Yields are expected to be about the same as last year and near average. Swathing began June 24 and combining July 10.

In Oregon prospects vary by areas but are generally good. Conditions are about normal in Central Oregon, slightly below normal in the West due to rust and above normal in Union County where conditions for pollination were good. Swathing started in late June in the western and central areas and the first week of July in Union County.

The growing season in California was near normal except for late frosts. Swathing was underway by July 10. Threshing is expected to start about July 17. An acreage decrease is indicated for the State.

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Immediate Release

July 21, 1967

GREEN PEAS FOR PROCESSING
(as of July 15, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Excessive June rains damaged the pea crop and lowered earlier prospective yields. The wet conditions also made harvesting difficult.

Production of green peas for processing in 1967 is now estimated at 64,600 tons, 1 percent less than the 65,310 tons produced last year and 18 percent below the 1965 crop. The decrease in production is due to lower yields since the acreage for harvest is 3 percent above the acreage harvested in 1966.

Yield per harvested acre at 1900 pounds is down 70 pounds from the 1966 yield.

UNITED STATES: Production of green peas for processing in the United States for 1967 is estimated at 567,690 tons, 11 percent more than last year but 6 percent less than the 1965 crop. The average yield per acre is 2,442 pounds, slightly more than the 1966 yield of 2,346 pounds but less than the 1965 average of 2,726 pounds. The acreage for harvest is up 10 percent from last year. A wet growing season hampered crop development in some of the major-producing North Central States and in California. Periods of hot weather shortened the harvesting period on processing peas in the Pacific Northwest.

In New England, fields are maturing about 5 days later than normal. In New York, a good crop was harvested on the early maturing fields but the late acreage is in need of rain. In Pennsylvania, harvest should be finished by August 1. In Delaware and Maryland, harvest was completed in early July. A wet season retarded maturity and made harvesting difficult in Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota. Harvest was completed in Indiana by mid-July and was nearly over in Illinois. The Idaho harvest was three-fourths over by mid-July. Hot weather reduced prospects on the late-maturing acreage. Crop prospects are good in Utah, but cool, wet weather slowed crop maturity and harvesting in Colorado. Crop development is generally satisfactory in western Washington. In eastern Washington and eastern Oregon, high temperatures and dry weather brought rapid maturity and shortened the harvesting period at the lower elevations. Harvest is expected to be finished in high elevations by August 1.

David Mesick
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Green peas for processing: Preliminary acreage and indicated production, by States, 1967 with comparisons

State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest 1967	1965	1966	Indicated 1967	1965	1966	Indicated 1967
	1965	1966							
	- Acres -			- Pounds -			- Tons -		
EASTERN:									
New York	7,600	7,100	7,000	2,990	2,670	2,800	11,360	9,480	9,800
Delaware	7,900	6,500	9,100	2,340	3,410	2,500	9,240	11,080	11,380
Maryland	8,500	8,600	8,200	3,140	3,220	2,900	13,340	13,850	11,890
Other Eastern 1/	17,440	17,590	19,360	2,712	2,622	2,881	23,650	23,060	27,890
Total Eastern	41,440	39,790	43,660	2,779	2,889	2,792	57,590	57,470	60,960
GENERAL:									
Wisconsin	124,700	124,400	133,500	2,540	2,060	2,300	158,370	128,130	153,520
Minnesota	56,900	66,300	68,000	2,470	1,970	1,900	70,270	65,310	64,600
Other Central 2/	43,000	39,930	41,850	2,541	2,406	2,607	54,640	48,040	54,560
Total Central	224,600	230,630	243,350	2,523	2,094	2,241	283,280	241,480	272,680
WESTERN:									
Idaho	14,000	14,200	14,300	2,310	1,800	2,400	16,170	12,780	17,160
Washington	88,300	87,600	93,600	3,170	2,950	3,000	139,960	129,210	140,400
Oregon	56,400	47,800	55,000	2,750	1,900	1,900	77,550	45,400	52,250
California	11,700	9,500	9,700	3,260	3,450	3,400	19,070	16,390	16,490
Other Western 3/	5,190	4,560	5,250	3,195	2,794	2,952	8,290	6,370	7,750
Total Western	175,590	163,660	177,850	2,973	2,568	2,632	261,040	210,150	234,050
United States	441,630	434,080	464,860	2,726	2,346	2,442	601,910	509,100	567,690

1/ Maine, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, North Carolina.
2/ Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa, Tennessee.
3/ Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, and Utah.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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JUL 27 1967

Immediate Release

July 26, 1967

CHICKENS RAISED - 1967

MINNESOTA: The number of chickens to be raised on Minnesota farms in 1967 is estimated at 10,507,000, 14 percent less than the 12,175,000 riased in 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and United States Departments of Agriculture. This year's number is 22 percent less than the 5-year (1961-65) average, and the second lowest estimate of record beginning with 1924. Minnesota now ranks only 12 in the number of chickens being raised for laying flock replacements.

UNITED STATES: The number of chickens raised during 1967 in the United States (50 States) is expected to total 332,038,000 - down 3 percent from 1966. Compared with last year, chickens raised in 1967 are expected to decline in all regions except the South Atlantic which is expected to be 2 percent above 1966. Effected declines from 1966 are as follows: 4 percent in the North Atlantic, 3 percent in the East North Central, 8 percent in the West North Central, 2 percent in the South Central, and 1 percent in the West.

On February 1, egg producers reported plans to purchase 3 percent more replacement chicks and started pullets than in 1966. These intentions were not fully realized. Egg-type chicks hatched January through June totaled 348,071,000-2 percent fewer than in the comparable period of 1966. Hatchings for the remainder of the year are expected to be slightly lower than the last half of 1966.

Prices received by farmers in mid-June for eggs averaged 27.4 cents per dozen nationally - down 17 percent from mid-June 1966. With feed costs up from a year earlier and egg prices down, the egg-feed ratios are less favorable for producers.

Egg production for the first half of 1967 was 6 percent above the comparable production for a year earlier. The number of layers in flocks on July 1, 1967 for the United States totaled 307,906,000 - 5 percent above the same date a year ago.

D.O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician

F.J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Chickens: Number Raised on Farms

State and division	1961-65 average	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1967 as % of 1966
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
Maine	5,230	5,171	4,809	5,290	5,819	6,110	105
N.H.	2,136	2,151	1,957	2,016	2,117	2,011	95
Vt.	707	706	621	571	582	524	90
Mass.	2,875	2,869	2,553	2,553	2,706	2,490	92
R.I.	418	423	389	393	393	365	93
Conn.	3,874	4,049	3,725	3,800	3,762	3,612	96
N.Y.	8,481	8,642	9,161	8,978	10,325	10,209	99
N.J.	5,890	6,117	5,199	4,211	5,053	4,042	80
Pa.	15,145	15,043	14,291	13,719	14,679	14,090	96
N.Atl.	44,756	45,171	42,705	41,531	45,436	43,453	96
Ohio	10,959	11,465	11,580	9,959	10,756	9,680	90
Ind.	12,736	12,241	12,853	11,696	13,216	14,046	106
Ill.	8,915	8,527	8,271	7,775	8,552	8,152	95
Mich.	6,007	5,911	6,266	5,639	6,147	5,901	96
Wis.	6,177	6,029	6,029	5,125	5,484	4,936	90
E.N.Cent.	44,793	44,173	44,999	40,194	44,155	42,715	97
Minn.	13,553	13,107	12,583	10,318	12,175	10,507	86
Iowa	19,955	19,636	17,869	16,082	15,439	14,976	97
Mo.	8,879	8,197	7,869	7,239	8,470	8,301	98
N.Dak.	2,395	2,308	1,985	1,588	1,731	1,575	91
S.Dak.	6,785	6,514	6,318	5,686	6,596	5,804	88
Nebr.	7,233	6,916	6,736	5,998	6,778	5,761	85
Kans.	5,914	5,681	5,115	4,859	5,199	4,731	91
W.N.Cent.	64,715	62,299	58,475	51,770	56,388	51,655	92
Del.	830	822	740	673	747	695	93
Md.	1,894	2,027	1,763	1,587	1,650	1,650	100
Va.	6,090	6,085	6,146	5,716	6,745	6,070	90
W.Va.	1,512	1,488	1,324	1,258	1,321	1,202	91
N.C.	14,139	14,422	14,566	13,838	14,668	15,108	103
S.C.	5,794	5,542	4,932	5,179	6,577	6,774	103
Ga.	19,818	21,238	22,300	22,300	27,875	28,154	101
Fla.	6,980	7,051	8,250	8,332	9,832	10,914	111
S.Atl.	57,058	58,675	60,021	58,883	69,415	70,567	102
Ky.	3,479	3,401	3,265	3,134	3,134	2,915	93
Tenn.	4,254	4,203	4,035	3,995	4,874	4,874	100
Ala.	10,859	10,115	11,835	12,900	14,577	14,285	98
Miss.	9,302	9,087	10,359	11,291	13,549	13,549	100
Ark.	9,955	9,182	11,386	13,322	18,651	18,838	101
La.	3,835	3,557	3,699	3,884	4,467	4,378	98
Okla.	3,080	3,101	2,853	2,539	2,768	2,989	108
Texas	14,371	14,006	14,006	14,146	17,258	16,223	94
S.Cent.	59,134	56,652	61,438	65,211	79,278	78,051	98
Mont.	1,268	1,175	1,093	984	1,082	1,028	95
Idaho	1,369	1,461	1,154	1,050	998	948	95
Wyo.	248	262	220	191	185	179	97
Colo.	1,151	1,054	1,012	1,052	1,136	1,071	94
N.Mex.	665	632	613	662	722	722	100
Ariz.	948	982	913	913	1,059	1,260	119
Utah	1,050	983	894	983	1,160	1,056	91
Nev.	70	68	60	48	47	36	77
Wash.	4,642	4,624	4,716	4,433	4,610	4,794	104
Oreg.	2,692	2,312	2,404	2,164	2,229	2,388	107
Calif.	32,663	32,661	33,967	30,570	32,099	31,457	98
West.	46,766	46,214	47,046	43,050	45,327	44,939	99
48 State Total	317,222	313,184	314,684	300,639	339,999	331,380	97
Alaska	29	19	33	47	34	30	88
Hawaii	776	812	814	749	748	628	84
U. S.	318,027	314,015	315,531	301,435	340,781	332,038	97

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AUG 6 1967

Immediate Release

July 27, 1967

GRAIN STOCKS - JULY 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Stocks of corn in all storage positions in the State totaled 183 million bushels on July 1, 1 percent above last year's holdings, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farm stocks were about 17 million bushels greater than holdings a year earlier, while off-farm stocks were about 15 million bushels below a year ago. Off-farm stocks totaled 32.8 million bushels and were stored in the following positions: 13.4 million in country elevators, 9.4 million in the terminal areas of Minneapolis-St. Paul and Duluth, 0.4 million in country processing plants (including hybrid seed corn firms) and 9.6 million bushels in Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) bin sites.

Total wheat stocks of 26.8 million bushels in all storage positions were only 45 percent of the July 1, 1966 stocks. Wheat held on farms totaled 3.1 million bushels compared with 1.8 million a year ago. Off-farm stocks of 23.6 million bushels were 59 percent less than a year earlier and were stored in the following positions: 16.1 million bushels in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas, 5.5 million in country elevators, and 2.0 million at country processors.

Stocks of oats in all storage positions totaled 54.7 million bushles, 15 percent less than a year ago. Farm stocks of 33.2 million bushels accounted for 61 percent of total stocks. Off-farm stocks totaled 21.5 million bushels with 11.5 million in country elevators and 10.0 million in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas.

Barley stocks in all storage positions of 19.2 million bushels were 2 percent greater than the quantity held a year earlier. Farm holdings totaled 3.6 million compared with 4.9 million bushels last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 15.6 million bushels and were held in the following positions: 11 million in the terminal areas, 2.2 million in country elevators, and 2.4 million in country processing plants.

Stocks of rye in all storage positions totaled 5.0 million bushels compared with 4.6 million bushels on hand last year. Off-farm stocks totaled 4.9 million bushels of which 4.2 million were held in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas. Country processors held 247,000 bushels and country elevators 477,000 bushels. Farm stocks amounted to 80,000 bushels compared with 168,000 bushels a year earlier.

July 1, 1967 stocks of soybeans in all storage positions totaled 29.6 million bushels, more than double the 12.2 million bushel holdings on this date last year. Farm stocks totaled 16.9 million bushels, nearly six times the 2.9 million bushels held a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 12.7 million bushels of which 9.0 million were held in country elevators, 1.7 million in the terminal areas and 2.0 million bushels were held by country processors.

Flax stocks in all storage positions totaled 3.1 million bushels, 17 percent less than the 3.7 million held July 1, 1966. Farm stocks amounted to 192,000 bushels compared with 497,000 bushels a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 2.9 million bushels compared with 3.2 million on hand last year. Of the off-farm stocks, 2.5 million were held in the Twin City-Duluth terminal areas, and country processors. About 0.4 million bushels were held by country elevators.

UNITED STATES: All wheat in storage on July 1 totaled 426 million bushels--the smallest carryover since 1952. July 1 holdings were 20 percent less than a year earlier and 62 percent below average. The decline in total stocks occurred in off-farm holdings. Wheat stored off-farm totaled 279 million bushels compared with 404 million a year earlier and the average of 1,021 million bushels. Farm stocks of 147 million bushels were up 16 million from a year ago and 38 million above average. July 1 stocks in all positions indicate a disappearance during the crop year-- July 1, 1966 to June 30, 1967-- of 1,420 million bushels compared with 1,598 million bushels a year earlier.

Rye stocks on July 1 totaled 18.4 million bushels, 3 percent below a year earlier but the largest year-end holdings since 1944. Off-farm stocks were 14.8 million bushels, 2 percent less than last year, and farm holdings of 3.6 million bushels were 9 percent smaller.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician
Acting in Charge

Corn stocks in all storage positions on July 1 totaled 1,735 million bushels--3 percent less than a year earlier and 26 percent below the average July holdings. Current stocks indicate a disappearance of 969 million bushels during the April-June quarter, exceeded only by the 1,080 million bushels the same quarter a year ago. Total disappearance, October 1966 through June 1967, at 3,208 million bushels compared with 3,449 million bushels the same period a year earlier.

Oats stocks in all positions totaled 268 million bushels, 15 percent less than July 1 holdings a year ago and 8 percent below average. Farm stocks were down 18 percent from a year earlier; off-farm holdings were 7 percent lower. Disappearance during April-June quarter was 174 million bushels compared with 219 million bushels a year earlier.

Barley stored in all positions on July 1 totaled 120 million bushels, 15 percent more than a year ago but 8 percent less than the average for July 1. More barley was being held both on and off the farm than last year. Disappearance during the April-June quarter, at 85 million bushels, was 3 million bushels less than the previous year and 9 million below the average.

Soybean stocks in all storage positions on July 1, 1967 totaled a record 199 million bushels, 49 percent above a year earlier and 46 percent above average. Stocks in off-farm positions totaled 114 million bushels, down 1 percent from a year earlier but 14 percent above average.

Flaxseed stocks on July 1 in all storage positions totaled 9.2 million bushels, down 6.1 million bushels from a year earlier. Off-farm stocks, accounting for 84 percent of the total, decreased 4.1 million bushels, and farm stocks, decreased 2.0 million bushels from a year earlier. July 1 holdings indicate a disappearance of 30.0 million bushels for the crop year ended June 30 from a supply of 39.2 million bushels. During this period crushings totaled 19.7 million bushels, exports 7.5 million bushels and about 1.6 million bushels were used for seed.

Off-Farm Stocks, Minnesota, July 1, 1967 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	Mpls. - St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Corn	6,334	9,423	511	371	18,162	13,418	22,628	9,614
Wheat	46,258	16,127	2,898	1,994	8,501	5,519	58	-
Oats	8,537	9,938	1/	4	11,138	11,520	165	-
Barley	9,591	10,948	2,579	2,409	1,635	2,234	-	-
Rye	3,381	4,207	357	247	684	477	-	-
Soybeans	3,513	1,650	2,280	1,984	3,431	9,049	-	-
Flaxseed	1,536	2,530	-	1/	1,692	373	-	-

1/ Included in terminal stocks to avoid possibility of disclosing individual operations.

Grain Stocks - July 1, 1967 (Thousand Bushels)

Commodity	On-Farm		Off-Farm 1/		Total	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
MINNESOTA						
Corn	133,151	150,279	47,635	32,826	180,786	183,105
Wheat	1,847	3,114	57,715	23,640	59,562	26,754
Oats	44,204	33,190	19,840	21,462	64,044	54,652
Barley	4,932	3,563	13,805	15,591	18,737	19,154
Rye	168	80	4,422	4,931	4,590	5,011
Soybeans	2,929	16,914	9,224	12,683	12,153	29,597
Flaxseed	497	192	3,228	2,903	3,725	3,095
UNITED STATES						
Corn	1,323,576	1,330,004	459,284	405,392	1,782,860	1,735,396
Wheat	130,771	147,066	404,399	278,594	535,170	425,660
Oats	240,746	198,232	75,460	70,215	316,206	268,447
Barley	46,132	55,956	58,631	64,372	104,763	120,328
Rye	3,955	3,601	15,056	14,808	19,011	18,409
Soybeans	19,155	85,402	114,867	113,805	134,022	199,207
Flaxseed	3,448	1,430	11,870	7,781	15,318	9,211

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks.

STOCKS OF WHEAT, SELECTED STATES, JULY 1, 1967

State	Off-farm 1/		Total All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	13,539	9,646	13,813	10,016
Ohio	2,552	3,537	2,955	4,460
Indiana	456	1,137	818	1,769
Illinois	5,552	8,793	5,666	9,377
Michigan	3,177	3,153	3,839	4,372
Wisconsin	15,000	9,229	15,177	9,370
Minnesota	57,715	23,640	59,562	26,754
Iowa	5,944	3,315	5,952	3,332
Missouri	9,560	12,992	9,886	13,403
North Dakota	53,816	29,258	107,190	81,261
South Dakota	28,704	13,508	40,132	26,476
Nebraska	17,073	17,706	24,709	32,136
Kansas	88,378	64,733	99,015	81,739
Montana	9,907	7,500	37,298	32,803
Idaho	1,740	1,340	5,098	3,254
Washington	18,302	10,103	23,298	13,262
Oregon	8,042	5,780	9,462	6,575
California	3,089	2,048	3,163	2,123
Other States	61,853	51,176	68,137	63,178
UNITED STATES	404,399	278,594	535,170	425,660

STOCKS OF SOYBEANS AND FLAXSEED, SELECTED STATES, JULY 1, 1967

State	Soybeans				Flaxseed			
	Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
Ohio	5,167	6,892	5,668	10,791	*	*	*	*
Ind.	6,226	6,560	8,236	10,950	-	-	-	-
Ill.	30,834	16,848	32,610	26,408	-	-	-	-
Mich.	705	606	850	1,200	-	-	-	-
Wis.	*	502	*	946	*	*	*	*
Minn.	9,224	12,683	12,153	29,597	3,228	2,903	3,725	3,095
Iowa	17,859	24,897	22,903	59,446	*	*	*	*
Mo.	4,825	6,982	5,618	9,972	-	-	-	-
N. Dak.	95	811	175	1,887	6,281	1,108	8,628	1,995
So. Dak.	323	483	776	1,521	1,761	469	2,319	791
Nebr.	1,075	3,666	2,547	7,144	-	-	-	-
Kans.	3,120	3,387	3,487	4,315	-	-	-	-
Mont.	-	-	-	-	18	7	58	31
Calif.	*	*	*	*	-	*	-	*
Other States	35,414	29,488	38,999	35,030	582	3,294	588	3,299
UNITED STATES	114,867	113,805	134,022	199,207	11,870	7,781	15,318	9,211

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at mills, elevators, warehouses, terminals, processors, and CCC-owned grain at bin sites.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

The sections of this report showing stocks by types and location are made possible by funds provided by the Minnesota Department of Agriculture and the Consumer and Marketing Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture under provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946.

STOCKS OF CORN AND OATS, SELECTED STATES, JULY 1, 1967

State	Shelled and Ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	1,632	3,298	4,438	7,480	1,155	2,131	4,743	5,428
Ohio	22,350	29,068	76,589	89,250	2,388	2,154	6,800	6,410
Ind.	24,398	28,454	134,872	139,336	712	870	3,333	4,175
Ill.	67,212	64,931	251,020	257,082	2,105	2,039	10,355	11,835
Mich.	7,856	6,602	32,248	33,940	683	475	5,563	4,191
Wis.	6,864	8,394	45,922	55,238	3,796	3,368	28,263	23,614
Minn.	47,635	32,826	180,786	183,105	19,840	21,462	64,044	54,652
Iowa	127,799	78,881	551,342	493,685	6,181	4,867	33,467	33,345
Mo.	20,727	24,945	73,665	70,790	1,123	1,346	2,711	3,609
N. Dak.	1,139	913	4,475	3,476	14,745	11,606	60,341	43,684
S. Dak.	17,911	13,774	60,267	63,703	13,172	13,375	57,108	46,597
Nebr.	62,484	56,509	212,214	206,558	1,375	725	10,753	9,723
Kans.	16,815	18,810	27,966	30,746	332	358	1,710	1,622
Mont.	19	22	29	35	749	409	5,551	3,322
Idaho	149	75	359	200	566	248	1,564	732
Wash.	100	34	307	212	896	855	1,072	1,069
Oreg.	120	125	255	188	1,187	357	1,758	667
Calif.	2,620	2,089	2,876	2,351	937	142	1,022	165
Other States	31,454	35,642	123,230	98,021	3,518	3,428	16,048	13,607
UNITED STATES	459,284	405,392	1,782,860	1,735,396	75,460	70,215	316,206	268,447

STOCKS OF BARLEY AND RYE, SELECTED STATES, JULY 1, 1967

State	Barley				Rye			
	Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	1,042	1,208	1,082	1,264	79	461	187	495
Ohio	15	40	91	104	11	17	68	95
Ind.	14	19	42	45	26	13	45	51
Ill.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mich.	*	*	*	*	25	18	94	126
Wis.	15,707	14,480	15,800	14,641	*	702	*	744
Minn.	13,805	15,591	18,737	19,154	4,422	4,931	4,590	5,011
Iowa	*	188	*	197	*	*	*	*
Mo.	562	551	608	572	174	*	212	*
N. Dak.	8,062	7,645	30,547	29,819	4,001	3,494	6,429	5,653
S. Dak.	2,109	2,115	3,566	3,375	1,392	1,839	1,700	2,141
Nebr.	108	148	297	324	236	256	454	626
Kans.	461	1,237	973	1,692	580	481	689	532
Mont.	3,343	3,701	9,849	21,499	110	83	150	103
Idaho	823	1,421	2,779	3,296	5	*	16	*
Wash.	3,703	5,040	3,925	5,709	299	118	311	136
Oreg.	1,681	1,796	2,020	2,508	63	22	104	38
Calif.	1,976	2,178	2,334	2,514	-	-	-	-
Other States	5,220	7,014	12,113	13,615	3,633	2,373	3,962	2,658
UNITED STATES	58,631	64,372	104,763	120,328	15,056	14,808	19,011	18,409

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at mills, elevators, warehouses, terminals, processors, and CCC-owned grain at bin sites.

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

July 27, 1967

1967 CALF CROP REPORT

MINNESOTA: The 1967 calf crop in Minnesota is expected to total 1,468,000 head, 3 percent less than the number born in 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. A calf crop this size would be 10 percent less than the 5-year average of 1,629,000.

Cows and heifers 2 years old and over on January 1, 1967 totaled 1,687,000 head, 5 percent below the number on January 1, 1966 and 8 percent below the 5-year average. The 1967 percentage calf crop (number of calves born per 100 cows and heifers 2 years old and over on January 1) is 87, 2 percent above last year.

UNITED STATES: The 1967 calf crop for the United States is expected to total 43,056,000 head, 1 percent less than 1966.

Cows and heifers 2 years old and older on January 1, 1967, at 49,793,000 head, also were 1 percent less than a year earlier.

The number of calves born and to be born in 1967, expressed as a percentage of cows and heifers 2 years old and older the first of the year, is 86 percent, the same as in 1966. This percentage is not strictly a calving rate because the January 1 inventory of cows and heifers 2 years old and older does not include all heifers that give birth to calves during the year and includes some cows that die or are slaughtered before calving.

The expected calf crop in the North Central States ranges from 8 percent lower in Michigan to 2 percent higher in South Dakota. The East North Central States are down 3 percent while the West North Central States are unchanged from last year.

Of the 16 Southern States - 10 show smaller calf crops than last year, but these decreases are partially offset by increases in 5 States. One State was unchanged. The calf crop in the South Atlantic is slightly smaller than a year earlier.

Year to year changes in Western States calf crops range from an increase of 5 percent for Washington to a decline of 6 percent for Wyoming. Of the eleven States represented in the region 5 show an increase in number while 6 indicate a smaller 1967 calf crop.

The 9 North Atlantic States expect some 88,000 fewer calves born this year than last. Every State in the region is estimated below 1966, with the largest decline - 11 percent - expected for Rhode Island.

D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

Calf crop, 1966 and 1967, by States

State	Cows and heifers 2 yrs. & older January 1			Calves born as percent of cows and heifers 2+ January 1 1/		Calves born 2/			
	5-year average 1961-65	1966	1967	1966	1967	5-year average 1961-65	1966	1967	1967 as % of 1966
	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	Percent	Percent	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	Percent
Maine	109	92	86	80	81	89	74	70	95
N.H.	58	50	47	83	85	49	42	40	95
Vt.	282	249	237	82	83	236	204	197	97
Mass.	100	88	82	78	79	81	69	65	94
R.I.	13	12	11	75	76	11	9	8	89
Conn.	93	84	81	80	82	75	67	66	99
N.Y.	1,410	1,311	1,246	83	85	1,188	1,088	1,059	97
N.J.	134	113	109	81	78	107	92	85	92
Pa.	1,068	988	950	86	86	924	850	817	96
Ohio	991	890	870	86	85	846	765	740	97
Ind.	812	773	741	87	88	711	673	652	97
Ill.	1,308	1,248	1,168	87	88	1,151	1,086	1,028	95
Mich.	810	750	689	83	83	702	622	572	92
Wis.	2,543	2,449	2,374	88	90	2,288	2,155	2,137	99
Minn.	1,835	1,776	1,687	85	87	1,629	1,510	1,468	97
Iowa	1,999	2,044	2,061	93	92	1,835	1,901	1,896	100
Mo.	2,009	2,115	2,151	91	90	1,808	1,925	1,936	101
N.Dak.	1,068	1,207	1,182	88	87	982	1,062	1,028	97
S.Dak.	1,698	1,830	1,871	93	93	1,564	1,702	1,740	102
Nebr.	1,994	2,149	2,110	90	92	1,822	1,943	1,941	100
Kans.	1,805	1,906	1,872	88	89	1,647	1,677	1,666	99
Del.	30	24	21	77	82	24	18	17	94
Md.	268	248	242	85	85	224	211	206	98
Va.	779	735	727	83	84	654	610	611	100
W.Va.	298	282	265	85	87	255	240	231	96
N.C.	515	530	528	81	82	405	429	433	101
S.C.	310	321	320	82	82	250	263	262	100
Ga.	839	935	917	79	80	686	739	734	99
Fla.	1,018	1,089	1,089	74	74	740	806	806	100
Ky.	1,234	1,292	1,315	91	91	1,105	1,176	1,197	102
Tenn.	1,155	1,274	1,260	84	83	1,002	1,070	1,046	98
Ala.	987	1,042	1,007	80	81	801	834	816	98
Miss.	1,325	1,439	1,414	81	82	1,013	1,166	1,159	99
Ark.	862	925	945	83	82	706	768	775	101
La.	1,171	1,184	1,125	78	78	915	924	878	95
Okla.	1,983	2,173	2,115	86	88	1,706	1,869	1,861	100
Texas	5,402	5,589	5,670	84	83	4,469	4,695	4,706	100
Mont.	1,318	1,511	1,521	91	91	1,202	1,375	1,384	101
Idaho	662	699	684	90	91	598	629	622	99
Wyo.	632	719	683	89	88	564	640	601	94
Colo.	978	1,043	1,088	93	90	881	970	979	101
N.Mex.	740	750	737	86	86	629	645	634	98
Ariz.	423	417	436	83	76	336	346	331	96
Utah	372	395	393	88	87	324	348	342	98
Nev.	301	320	301	77	85	241	246	256	104
Wash.	591	585	594	89	92	529	521	546	105
Oreg.	779	813	798	89	90	689	724	718	99
Calif.	1,766	1,853	1,866	87	87	1,562	1,617	1,618	100
48 States	48,878	50,311	49,686	86	87	42,256	43,395	42,980	99
Alaska	4.5	4.6	4.4	87	86	3.8	4.0	3.8	95
Hawaii	93	105	103	70	70	65	74	72	97
U.S.	48,976	50,420	49,793	86	86	42,325	43,473	43,056	99

1/ Not strictly a calving rate. Figure represents calves born expressed as percentage of the number of cows and heifers 2 years and over on farms and ranches January 1. 2/ Calves born before June 1 plus the number expected to be born after June 1.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Minn. Hist. Soc.
AUG 6 1967

Immediate Release

July 27, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 22, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched 1,337,000 poults during the week ending July 22, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 4 percent more than the same week a year ago. Heavy breed poults at 916,000 were up 4 percent and the light breed hatch of 421,000 was also up 4 percent from a comparable week of 1966.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
July 1	2,128	2,036	458	465	2,586	2,501	97
July 8 2/	1,354	1,410	512	382	1,866	1,792	96
July 15 2/	1,219	1,253	470	495	1,689	1,748	103
July 22 2/	884	916	403	421	1,287	1,337	104
Eggs Set							
June 3	4,239	4,141	757	734	4,996	4,875	98
June 10	3,518	3,773	908	610	4,426	4,383	99
June 17	3,200	3,278	855	889	4,055	4,167	103
June 24	2,363	2,504	845	763	3,208	3,267	102
July 1	1,664	1,787	872	782	2,536	2,569	101
July 8 2/	831	1,096	605	746	1,436	1,842	128
July 15 2/	623	724	613	850	1,236	1,574	127
July 22 2/	397	504	540	697	937	1,201	128
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
July 1	468	362	234	256	702	618	88
July 8	304	356	249	233	553	589	106
July 15	373	322	257	285	630	607	96
July 22	251	266	224	275	475	541	114
Eggs Set							
June 3	906	713	367	357	1,273	1,070	84
June 10	615	710	387	311	1,002	1,021	102
June 17	757	579	407	430	1,164	1,009	87
June 24	535	534	397	396	932	930	100
July 1	457	353	501	453	958	806	84
July 8	300	358	366	434	666	792	119
July 15	208	306	385	542	593	848	143
July 22	242	283	377	505	619	788	127
California							
Poults Hatched							
July 1	708	668	5	8	713	676	95
July 8	730	646	9	7	739	653	88
July 15	606	660	21	7	627	667	106
July 22	463	435	0	0	463	435	94
Eggs Set							
June 3	1,350	1,380	8	13	1,358	1,393	103
June 10	1,383	1,396	17	3	1,400	1,399	100
June 17	1,249	1,332	36	15	1,285	1,347	105
June 24	1,036	927	0	13	1,036	940	91
July 1	664	778	0	0	664	778	117
July 8	432	503	0	0	432	503	116
July 15	316	305	0	0	316	305	97
July 22	134	#	0	0	134	#	#

Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota - Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 1,201,000 eggs, up 28 percent from the same week a year ago. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 504,000 were up 27 percent from last year and light breed eggs at 697,000 were up 29 percent compared with a year ago.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 22, totaled 541,000, 14 percent more than the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings at 266,000 and light breeds at 275,000 poults were up 6 and 23 percent respectively.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 788,000, an increase of 27 percent from 1966. Settings of heavy breed eggs totaled 283,000, up 17 percent and light breed eggs set at 505,000 were up 34 percent from the same week a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 22 percent of the week's hatch compared with 25 percent the previous week and 33 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299		1,127		2,426		7,836		2,595		10,431	
Aug.	446		938		1,384		1,548		1,914		3,462	
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828		1,465		2,293		3,152		2,985		6,137	
Sept.	426		1,120		1,546		1,218		2,177		3,395	
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

TURKEYS TESTED: During June 1967, 10,813 heavy white turkeys were tested in Minnesota. No bronze or light breed turkeys were tested during the month. The cumulative totals for July 1966 through June 1967 are 464,515 heavy white, 98,428 bronze and 100,084 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months of 1965-1966 were 539,506, heavy white; 163,192 bronze; and 52,193 light breed turkeys. The 12 month cumulative total for all birds at 663,027 was down 12 percent from the previous year.

UNITED STATES: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested by official State agencies for pullorum disease during June 1967 were reported at 102,648, up 143 percent from the same month a year earlier. The number of heavy white turkeys tested increased 79 percent. Other heavy breeds tested during the month totaled 34,424 compared with 4,122 in June 1966. Testings of heavy breeds during June were at a seasonal low period of the year. Aggregate testing of heavy breed turkeys from July 1966 through June 1967 totaled 3,970,943, an increase of 6 percent from the comparable period a year earlier.

Light breed turkeys tested during June totaled 12,673 compared with 43,790, a decrease of 71 percent. Testings of light breeds for the period July 1966 through June 1967 totaled 381,165, about the same as a year earlier.

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

D. O. Mesick
Agricultural Statistician
Acting in Charge

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
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July 28, 1967

SHORN WOOL PRODUCTION - 1967

MINNESOTA: Wool production for 1967 is estimated at 4,533,000 pounds, 3 percent less than last year and the smallest wool crop in 16 years, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Decreased production this year is due to a decline in the number of sheep and lambs shorn since the average fleece weight is a little heavier than in 1966. The total number of sheep and lambs shorn and expected to be shorn during 1967 at 580,000 head is down 5 percent from 1966 and down 22 percent from the 5-year average. At 7.8 pounds the 1967 fleece weight compares with 7.7 in 1966 and 7.9 pounds for the 5-year (1961-65) average.

Prices received by Minnesota farmers for their wool since January 1 have averaged about 15 cents per pound less than a year ago.

UNITED STATES: Wool shorn and to be shorn in the United States during 1967 is estimated at 188,951,000 pounds, grease basis. This is 3 percent below the 1966 production of 194,149,000 pounds and marks the 7th consecutive year of declining wool production. The 1967 production is equivalent to 90,130,000 pounds, clean basis, compared with 92,609,000 pounds for 1966 based on a conversion factor of 47.7 percent.

The number of sheep and lambs shorn and to be shorn during 1967 is estimated at 22,135,000 head, a 3-percent decrease from the 22,875,000 head shorn in 1966. The 1967 average weight per fleece is 8.54 pounds compared with 8.49 pounds last year.

Shorn wool production in the Western Sheep States (11 Western States, South Dakota, and Texas) is estimated at 143,376,000 pounds, 1 percent below the 1966 clip of 145,283,000 pounds. Wool production is smaller in 9 of these 13 States.

Sheep shorn and to be shorn in 1967 is estimated at 16,396,000 head, 2 percent less than the 16,694,000 head shorn in 1966. The average fleece weight is 8.74 pounds compared with 8.70 pounds last year.

Texas, the leading wool producing State, expects a total wool clip of 39,023,000 pounds, a 1-percent increase from the 1966 production of 38,777,000 pounds. Texas sheep and lambs shorn and to be shorn, at 5,142,000 head, is 2 percent larger, while the average fleece weight of 7.6 pounds is 0.1 pound lighter than 1966. Wyoming, the second ranking wool producing State, expects a production of 19,279,000 pounds in 1967 -- slightly smaller than the 19,300,000 pounds produced in 1966. A 4-percent decrease in the number shorn or to be shorn virtually offset a 4-percent increase in average fleece weight. A 2-percent increase in wool production is estimated in California, the third leading producer.

A wool clip of 45,345,000 pounds is estimated in the 35 Native or "fleece" wool States (excluding 13 Western States and Alaska). This production is 7 percent less than the 48,651,000 pounds shorn in 1966. The smaller 1967 clip results from a 7-percent decline in the number shorn as the average fleece weight, at 7.93 pounds, is up slightly from the 7.90 pounds in 1966. Compared with last year, 30 of the 35 Native States show a decline in production, 3 States are unchanged, and 2 States expect a larger wool clip than in 1966.

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Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Wool shorn 1966 and 1967, by States

State	Number sheep shorn 1/			Weight per fleece 2/			Wool production		
	5 year average 1961-65	1966	1967	5 year average 1961-65	1966	1967	5 year average 1961-65	1966	1967
	1,000 head	1,000 head	1,000 head	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Maine	28	18	17	7.0	7.6	7.6	196	136	129
N. H.	6.2	4.7	4.2	6.8	7.2	7.1	42	34	30
Vt.	8.7	7.5	6.8	7.6	8.1	8.1	66	61	55
Mass.	10.5	9.3	9.1	7.2	7.8	7.0	75	73	64
R. I.	2.2	1.9	1.8	6.8	7.2	7.2	15	14	13
Conn.	6.1	4.3	4.4	7.0	7.5	7.3	42	32	32
N. Y.	112	90	83	7.8	8.1	8.1	870	727	669
N. J.	11.3	9.5	8.6	7.1	7.6	7.4	80	72	64
Pa.	192	170	162	7.4	7.5	7.3	1,413	1,275	1,183
Ohio	832	721	690	8.4	8.8	8.8	6,985	6,351	6,041
Ind.	351	278	268	7.8	7.8	7.8	2,724	2,158	2,086
Ill.	559	431	400	7.4	7.8	7.5	4,125	3,366	3,015
Mich.	306	261	229	8.5	8.5	8.6	2,585	2,228	1,974
Wis.	179	150	144	7.9	8.0	8.2	1,416	1,200	1,180
Minn.	741	611	580	7.9	7.7	7.8	5,832	4,684	4,533
Iowa	1,198	965	845	7.6	7.8	7.9	9,055	7,526	6,696
Mo.	506	363	323	7.8	7.9	7.9	3,925	2,864	2,557
N. Dak.	522	382	376	9.6	9.4	9.6	5,002	3,577	3,596
S. Dak.	1,505	1,247	1,232	9.2	8.9	9.5	13,879	11,091	11,669
Nebr.	554	408	357	7.5	7.8	7.8	4,160	3,182	2,798
Kans.	580	426	410	8.1	8.4	8.2	4,681	3,598	3,362
Del.	3.0	2.4	2.4	6.9	7.5	7.5	21	18	18
Md.	24	18	17	6.9	7.0	7.0	167	126	119
Va.	243	210	197	5.9	6.0	6.2	1,432	1,262	1,223
W. Va.	216	170	159	5.6	5.7	5.9	1,208	975	942
N. C.	35	23	20	6.2	6.2	6.5	218	143	130
S. C.	5.8	3.6	2.4	6.5	6.7	7.1	38	24	17
Ga.	13	6.1	6.1	6.4	6.2	6.3	81	38	38
Fla.	6.4	5.6	5.1	4.4	5.2	6.0	28	29	31
Ky.	271	146	143	7.0	7.3	7.4	1,876	1,066	1,058
Tenn.	133	73	65	5.5	5.8	5.7	736	423	370
Ala.	16	8.6	7.5	5.9	6.0	6.4	97	52	48
Miss.	36	20	19	5.2	5.1	5.1	189	102	97
Ark.	22	10	9.0	6.7	6.7	6.4	149	67	58
La.	59	34	27	4.5	4.6	4.5	262	156	121
Okla.	161	121	121	8.0	8.4	8.2	1,289	1,012	998
Texas	5,845	5,031	5,142	7.8	7.7	7.6	45,705	38,777	39,023
Mont.	1,405	1,213	1,115	10.1	9.7	10.2	14,182	11,792	11,323
Idaho	892	751	710	10.3	10.4	10.2	9,204	7,813	7,248
Wyo.	1,996	1,859	1,788	10.3	10.4	10.8	20,596	19,300	19,279
Colo.	1,510	1,346	1,255	9.1	8.9	8.9	13,752	11,940	11,162
N. Mex.	1,057	916	919	9.3	9.5	9.5	9,857	8,712	8,728
Ariz.	513	506	444	7.1	7.2	7.1	3,641	3,627	3,154
Utah	1,105	991	996	9.9	10.0	9.7	10,897	9,895	9,659
Nev.	255	226	213	9.6	9.9	9.7	2,443	2,241	2,066
Wash.	258	171	155	9.2	9.2	9.2	2,365	1,567	1,428
Oreg.	798	613	577	7.9	8.0	8.2	6,271	4,905	4,733
Calif.	2,122	1,824	1,850	7.7	7.5	7.5	16,369	13,623	13,904
48 States	27,210	22,856	22,115	8.46	8.48	8.53	230,240	193,934	188,721
Alaska	14	19	20	11.6	11.3	11.5	168	215	230
Hawaii	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
U. S.	27,224	22,875	22,135	8.46	8.49	8.54	230,408	194,149	188,951

1/ Includes shearing at commercial feeding yards.
2/ For Texas and California the weight per fleece is the amount of wool shorn per animal during the year.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Minn. Hist. Soc.
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Immediate Release

July 28, 1967

HONEY REPORT - JULY 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Colonies of bees in Minnesota on July 1, 1967 totaled 185,000 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This estimate is 5 percent less than the 195,000 colonies in the State a year ago. Minnesota with 3.8 percent of the nation's colonies ranks sixth among the States.

Colony losses during last winter were about normal but cold May weather and excessive rains in June have caused above normal summer losses.

Condition of colonies on July 1 was reported as 83 percent of normal compared with 86 percent a year ago. Nector plant condition was 79 percent, a drop of 12 points from the 91 percent reported a year earlier.

UNITED STATES: Colonies of bees on July 1 in the 48 States totaled 4,837,000. This is an increase of 1 percent from the 1966 number and reverses the downward trend in number of colonies which has continued since 1958. The largest increases occurred in the East North Central and South Atlantic regions -- both up 3 percent from a year earlier. The South Central region was up 2 percent and the West North Central increased 1 percent. The North Atlantic and Western regions were practically unchanged from a year earlier.

Condition of colonies on July 1 for the 48 States was reported at 84 percent of normal -- the same as the previous year but below the average condition for recent years. Average condition of colonies by regions ranged from 88 in the West to 80 in the East North Central. Compared with a year earlier, the West was up 5 percentage points, the South Atlantic was up 2, and the North Atlantic was up 1 point. The East North Central average condition of colonies declined 5 percentage points, the West North Central was down 3 points, and the South Central was 2 points below a year earlier. A relatively mild winter in many areas of the Nation enabled colonies to winter in good condition without excessive losses. Bee activity during spring months was hampered because of cool, wet weather conditions throughout large areas of the country. This unseasonable weather caused bees to get a late start in replenishing depleted food reserves. Condition improved during late June with advent of warmer temperatures, which was favorable for bee flight and nector flow.

Condition of nectar plants for the 48 States averaged 79 percent of normal on July 1, compared with 75 percent a year earlier. The Western region had the most substantial improvement from a year earlier -- 88 percent this year compared with 72 in 1966. The South Atlantic, at 72, was 5 percentage points above a year earlier and both the North Atlantic and South Central were up 4 points at 81 and 76, respectively. Plant conditions were 6 percentage points below a year earlier in the West North Central and 2 points below in the East North Central. Plants throughout much of the 48 States suffered from a cold, wet spring. Frost in May and June killed fruit blossoms in many areas.

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Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Colonies of Bees and Condition of Colonies and Nectar Plants on July 1

State and division	Colonies of Bees			Condition 1/			
	1966	1967	1967 as % of 1966	Colonies		Nectar Plants	
				1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thou.	Thou.	Percent				
Maine	5	5	100	89	86	89	86
N. H.	5	5	100	91	90	86	88
Vt.	8	8	100	86	80	86	79
Mass.	10	10	100	87	88	89	86
R. I.	2	2	100	88	82	87	79
Conn.	10	10	100	85	86	85	87
N. Y.	164	162	99	81	84	84	82
N. J.	36	37	103	89	84	79	90
Pa.	117	117	100	84	83	65	74
N. Atl.	357	356	100	83	84	77	81
Ohio	149	152	102	84	76	72	69
Ind.	98	102	104	85	73	80	73
Ill.	91	93	102	87	83	86	83
Mich.	116	123	106	80	84	74	82
Wis.	142	142	100	88	85	91	83
E. N. Cent.	596	612	103	85	80	80	78
Minn.	195	185	95	86	83	91	79
Iowa	137	137	100	86	84	89	80
Mo.	102	107	105	90	88	80	78
N. Dak.	46	50	109	87	83	91	79
S. Dak.	95	101	106	81	78	79	80
Nebr.	99	104	105	80	77	77	78
Kans.	49	47	96	83	80	67	79
W. N. Cent.	723	731	101	85	82	85	79
Del.	5	5	100	95	95	92	91
Md.	32	32	100	91	88	60	80
Va.	106	106	100	82	79	63	69
W. Va.	89	94	106	63	82	48	79
N. C.	213	222	104	78	85	57	69
S. C.	60	63	105	77	80	67	67
Ga.	172	170	99	85	81	71	71
Fla.	294	309	105	88	87	80	74
S. Atl.	971	1,001	103	82	84	67	72
Ky.	88	97	110	80	80	63	78
Tenn.	142	151	106	81	86	65	75
Ala.	99	93	94	88	85	71	75
Miss.	65	65	100	89	89	78	85
Ark.	90	94	104	87	91	76	87
La.	86	86	100	90	86	78	76
Okla.	49	51	104	78	82	58	77
Texas	239	234	98	83	75	78	68
S. Cent.	858	871	102	85	83	72	76
Mont.	80	78	98	83	86	80	86
Idaho	210	220	105	75	93	63	90
Wyo.	31	30	97	85	95	74	82
Colo.	53	51	96	85	79	74	70
N. Mex.	14	14	100	82	85	79	68
Ariz.	96	85	89	83	80	79	78
Utah	51	53	104	81	81	65	77
Nev.	9	9	100	82	88	78	88
Wash.	91	97	107	86	87	79	80
Oreg.	67	70	104	90	90	83	87
Calif.	559	559/	100	84	89	70	93
West.	1,261	1,266	100	83	88	72	88
48 States	4,766	4,837	101	84	84	75	79

1/ Percent of normal.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
June 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during June at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 159,000 head, up 7 percent from a year earlier and 1 percent above May, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight for the month was 1,082 pounds, 7 pounds more than May and 16 pounds above June 1966.

At 12,700 head, the number of calves killed was 9 percent below the previous month but 15 percent above June 1966. The average liveweight of calves slaughtered was 179 pounds, 2 pounds less than in May, and 28 pounds less than a year ago.

Hog slaughter for June totaled 420,000 head, up 4 percent from May and up 14 percent from June 1966. The average liveweight of hogs killed during June was 268 pounds compared to 257 pounds in May and 280 pounds for June last year.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered during June totaled 38,500 head, up 3,000 head from the previous month, but down 20,500 head from a year ago. The average liveweight for June was 102 pounds, 4 pounds less than in May, and 3 pounds less than a year ago.

For the 6 months, January-June 1967, commercial slaughter plants in the State killed 908,000 cattle, 101,300 calves, 2,809,000 hogs, and 354,500 sheep and lambs. Compared with 1966, cattle slaughter was up 10 percent and hogs were up 23 percent. Calf slaughter was down 1 percent and sheep and lambs were down 8 percent.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat in the 48 States during June totaled 2,778 million pounds. This was 4 percent above the June 1966 total of 2,667 million pounds but 1 percent below the May 1967 total. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other slaughter plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

June beef production totaled 1,749 million pounds, up 3 percent from a year earlier, but down 1 percent from May 1967. The number of cattle slaughtered during June totaled 2,934,200 head, virtually the same as a year earlier. Average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,019 pounds, 12 pounds heavier than in June 1966, but 8 pounds lighter than in May 1967.

There were 60 million pounds of veal produced during June, 14 percent less than a year earlier but 2 percent more than in May 1967. The 438,900 head of calves slaughtered during the month was down 12 percent from June 1966. Average liveweight per head was 247 pounds in June, 7 pounds lighter than a year earlier, but 11 pounds heavier than the May 1967 average.

Pork production during June totaled 920 million pounds, 9 percent above June 1966 but 1 percent less than a month earlier. The hog kill during June was 6,013,400 head, 10 percent more than a year earlier but down 3 percent from May 1967. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during June was 246 pounds per head, 4 pounds less than a year earlier, but 3 pounds heavier than the previous month. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of liveweight of hogs was 10.6 pounds, compared with 11.1 in June 1966 and 10.9 pounds in May 1967.

There were 49 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during June, 12 percent less than a year earlier, but the same as in May 1967. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month totaled 1,019,800 head, 11 percent fewer than in June 1966 but 1 percent more than in May 1967. Average liveweight in June was 97 pounds per head, 3 pounds less than a year earlier.

Production of poultry meat during June totaled 791 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 9 percent more than in June 1966 and 8 percent more than May 1967.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	June		June 1967 as percent of June 1966	June Average Liveweight	
	1966	1967		1966	1967
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	149.0	159.0	106.7	1,066	1,082
Calves	11.0	12.7	115.5	207	179
Hogs	368.0	420.0	114.1	280	268
Sheep and Lamb	59.0	38.5	65.3	105	102
UNITED STATES (48 States)					
Cattle	2,933.7	2,934.2	100.0	1,007	1,019
Calves	499.6	438.9	87.9	254	247
Hogs	5,481.0	6,013.4	109.7	250	246
Sheep and Lamb	1,145.2	1,019.8	89.0	100	97

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

JUNE COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Month and Year	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and Mutton	Total Red Meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
June 1966	1,700	70	841	56	2,667	724	152
May 1967	1,761	59	929	49	2,798	733	165
June 1967	1,749	60	920	49	2,778	791	157
Jan.-June 1966 5/	9,524	427	5,284	320	15,555	3,609	911
Jan.-June 1967 5/	10,067	368	6,085	325	16,845	4,203	1,015

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farms. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.
3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use.
4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

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AU. S. Department of Agriculture

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending July 29, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched 1,126,000 poults during the week ending July 29, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 4 percent above the same week a year ago. Heavy breed poults at 675,000 were up 7 percent while the light breed hatch of 451,000 was down 1 percent from a comparable week of 1966.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
July 8 2/	1,354	1,410	512	382	1,866	1,792	96
July 15 2/	1,219	1,253	470	495	1,689	1,748	103
July 22 2/	884	916	403	421	1,287	1,337	104
July 29 2/	629	675	455	451	1,084	1,126	104
			Eggs Set				
June 10	3,518	3,773	908	610	4,426	4,383	99
June 17	3,200	3,278	855	889	4,055	4,167	103
June 24	2,363	2,504	845	763	3,208	3,267	102
July 1	1,664	1,787	872	782	2,536	2,569	101
July 8 2/	831	1,096	605	746	1,436	1,842	128
July 15 2/	623	724	613	850	1,236	1,574	127
July 22 2/	397	504	540	697	937	1,201	128
July 29 2/	235	480	488	547	723	1,027	142
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
July 8	304	356	249	233	553	589	106
July 15	373	322	257	285	630	607	96
July 22	251	266	224	275	475	541	114
July 29	215	205	298	303	513	508	99
			Eggs Set				
June 10	615	710	387	311	1,002	1,021	102
June 17	757	579	407	430	1,164	1,009	87
June 24	535	534	397	396	932	930	100
July 1	457	353	501	453	958	806	84
July 8	300	358	366	434	666	792	119
July 15	208	306	385	542	593	848	143
July 22	242	283	377	505	619	788	127
July 29	111	278	341	418	452	696	154
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
July 8	730	646	9	7	739	653	88
July 15	606	660	21	7	627	667	106
July 22	463	435	0	0	463	435	94
July 29	311	360	0	0	311	360	116
			Eggs Set				
June 10	1,383	1,396	17	3	1,400	1,399	100
June 17	1,249	1,332	36	15	1,285	1,347	105
June 24	1,036	927	0	13	1,036	940	91
July 1	664	778	0	0	664	778	117
July 8	432	503	0	0	432	503	116
July 15	316	305	0	0	316	305	97
July 22	134	#	0	0	134	#	#
July 29	95	#	0	0	95	#	#

Confidential 1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin. 2/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota-Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 1,027,000 eggs, up 42 percent from the same week a year ago. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 480,000 were up 104 percent from last year and light breed eggs at 547,000 were up 12 percent compared with a year ago.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending July 29, totaled 508,000, 1 percent less than the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings at 205,000 poults were down 5 percent while light breed poults at 303,000 were 2 percent above the level of a year ago.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 696,000, an increase of 54 percent from 1966. Settings of heavy breed eggs totaled 278,000, up 150 percent and light breed eggs set at 418,000 were up 23 percent from the same week a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 28 percent of the week's hatch compared with 22 percent the previous week and 29 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299		1,127		2,426		7,836		2,595		10,431	
Aug.	446		938		1,384		1,548		1,914		3,462	
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828		1,465		2,293		3,152		2,985		6,137	
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

AUG 14 1967

Immediate Release

August 10, 1967

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT - August 1, 1967

Production prospects for oats and barley in Minnesota improved during July and the outlook for wheat, corn and soybeans continues fair to good. The crop production index, based on August 1 estimates, at 118 percent compared with last year at 115 percent. Temperatures during July averaged below normal while precipitation was well below normal.

FEED GRAINS: Production of feed grains this year now estimated at 12.8 million tons compares with 1966 at 12.3 million tons and the 5-year average of 11.3 million tons.

CORN: The 1967 corn crop is presently estimated at 350 million bushels, 3 percent above the good crop of 1966 and 19 percent above the 5-year (1961-65 average). The increase in this year's crop results from a 13 percent increase in acres estimated to be harvested for grain since present yield prospects are lower than a year ago. Based on conditions on August 1 a yield of 69 bushels per acre is now forecast. This year's corn crop has been retarded somewhat by abnormally wet conditions in June and cool dry weather during July.

SOYBEANS: Present soybean prospects point to a crop of about 77 million bushels this year which would be about 5 percent less than the record crop of a year ago but 42 percent above the 5-year average. Although the 3,658,000 acres for harvest this year is an all-time record, lower yields now forecast for this year keeps production below the 1966 record. Based on August 1 reported condition the 1967 yield is forecast at 21 bushels per acre compared with 24 bushels in 1966 and the average of 21.1 bushels per acre.

WHEAT: The 1967 Minnesota wheat crop is now estimated at 28.5 million bushels, 56 percent more than 1966 and 29 percent greater than the 5-year (1961-65 average). All wheat acres for harvest this year is 37 percent above 1966 and 23 percent above average. The 1967 durum wheat crop is presently forecast at 1,674,000 bushels compared with 1,512,000 last year. Other spring wheat production this year is estimated at 25,506,000 bushels compared with 16,358,000 bushels in 1966. Winter wheat production forecast at 1,296,000 bushels compares with 448,000 bushels last year. The all wheat yield this year is estimated at 26.1 bushels per acre compared with 22.9 bushels last year and the 5-year average of 24.9 bushels per acre.

OATS: The 1967 oat crop is forecast at 147 million bushels, 6 percent more than last year but 5 percent below the 5-year average. The larger production this year results from higher indicated yields. Based on August 1 reported condition a yield of 52 bushels per acre is estimated. This compares with 46.5 bushels last year, the record high of 54.5 in 1965 and the 5-year average of 48.4 bushels per acre. Ripening and harvest has been retarded this year by the cool dry July weather. On July 29 only 10 percent of the oats had been cut or swathed compared with normal for this date of 40 percent.

BARLEY: Barley production prospects improved during July and a crop of 27.6 million bushels is forecast for 1967. A crop this size would be 32 percent more than 1966 and 18 percent above the 5-year average. The yield per acre at 38 bushels compares with 32 bushels last year and the 5-year average of 34.5 bushels per acre.

FLAXSEED: A flax crop of 3,835,000 bushels is indicated for 1967 and this is about the same as a year ago but 35 percent below the 5-year average. A yield of 13 bushels per acre now indicated for this year compares with 9.5 bushels last year and the 5-year average of 11.6 bushels per acre.

POTATOES: The late summer crop of potatoes is forecast at an average yield per acre of 215 hundredweight placing production at 1,591,000 hundredweight, which is 5 percent above last year. Minnesota's fall crop is estimated at 10,560,000 hundredweight (110 hundredweight per acre) which is 2 percent less than 1966 and 16 percent below the 5-year average.

HAY: The 1967 hay crop is now estimated at 7.4 million tons, down 8 percent from 1966 and 5 percent below the 5-year average. Yield per acre is forecast at 2.26 tons per acre.

SUGAR BEETS: The 1967 sugar beet crop is indicated at 1,408,000 tons, 9 percent below a year ago but 8 percent above the 5-year average. Yield is estimated at 11.0 tons per acre.

APPLES: Commercial apple production is forecast at 390,000 bushels - 35 percent less than the record crop of 1966.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 814 million pounds during July, 1 percent less than in July 1966, and 17 percent less than in June. Production for the first 7 months of 1967 is 1 percent above 1966.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production in July totaled 195 million eggs compared with 194 million a year ago. Production for the first 7 months of this year is up 2 percent from the corresponding period in 1966.

August 1, 1967 Crop Production Prospects, Minnesota

Commodity	Acreage Harvested		For Harvest 1967	Yield Per Acre			Production		
	Average 1961-65	1966		Average 1961-65	1966	For Harvest 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Indicated 1967
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
For Minnesota:									
Corn for Grain	4,693	4,494	5,078	62.4	76.0	69.0	293,931	341,544	350,382
All Wheat	890	799	1,091	24.9	22.9	26.1	22,107	18,318	28,476
Winter Wheat	22	16	48	24.4	28.0	27.0	551	448	1,296
Durum Wheat	73	56	62	28.8	27.0	27.0	2,170	1,512	1,674
Other Sp.Wheat	794	727	981	24.5	22.5	26.0	19,385	16,358	25,506
Oats	3,193	2,974	2,825	48.4	46.5	52.0	154,375	138,291	146,900
Barley	688	655	727	34.5	32.0	38.0	23,424	20,960	27,626
Rye	88	67	88	18.7	20.0	20.0	1,641	1,340	1,760
Flaxseed	509	404	295	11.6	9.5	13.0	5,897	3,838	3,835
Soybeans for Beans	2,587	3,356	3,658	21.1	24.0	21.0	54,122	80,544	76,818
Potatoes(cwt.)									
Late summer	6.7	7.4	7.4	195	205	215	1,301	1,517	1,591
Fall	100.8	90.0	96.0	126	120	110	12,643	10,800	10,560
Sugar Beets (tons)	112.5	123.0	128.0	11.6	12.6	11.0	1,300	1,554	1,408
Hay,All (tons)	3,567	3,443	3,279	2.14	2.35	2.26	7,806	8,094	7,419

UNITED STATES: Production of most small grains dropped below earlier expectations because of adverse harvesting conditions in some areas and dry weather in the Northern Plains and the Pacific Northwest. However, prospects for many late maturing crops improved due to adequate soil moisture supplies in most areas.

The all crops production index of 117 on August 1 is a record high--5 points (4 percent) above last year and 2 points (2 percent) above 1965. A record high feed grain tonnage is in prospect while food grains and oilseeds are well above last year. The composite index of yield per acre covering 28 leading crops is 122 for August 1, the same as last year's index but 2 points below the 1965 index of 124.

Total production of the four feed grains is expected to be 174 million tons -- 11 percent more than last year and 20 percent above average. Acreage of corn for grain is up 8 percent from last year and the yield per acre is expected to be a record -- 2.1 bushels above the previous high. Sorghum grain production is also expected to be a record high. However below average crops of oats and barley are indicated.

Food grain production is expected to be 14 percent more than last year and 24 percent above average. The current forecast, however, is 5 percent below a month earlier. Prospects for winter and spring wheat and rye declined during July because of adverse harvesting conditions in some areas, below normal precipitation in North Dakota and Montana, and hot dry weather during the critical filling period in the Pacific Northwest. Rye production is now expected to be 14 percent less than last year. Popcorn acreage is down 18 percent.

A record soybean production -- 7 percent larger than last year's high -- led the increase in oilseeds. Good yields are expected on an expanded acreage in most producing areas. Flaxseed production is expected to be 22 percent less than last year.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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Immediate Release

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PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
(Acreage and Indicated Production as of August 1, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Commercial Processing - Production is estimated at 480,000 tons for 1967 compared to 493,500 tons in 1966, and 353,200 tons in 1965 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Acres intended for harvest of 120,000 acres is up 8 percent from 1966, and up 31 percent from 1965. The yield forecast of 4.00 tons per acre compares with 4.45 tons in 1966 and 3.86 tons in 1965.

Snap Beans for Processing - Production for Minnesota is included in the total for "Other States". Production in these States is expected to be 39 percent above the production in 1966, and 33 percent above the production in 1965.

UNITED STATES: Sweet Corn for Processing - Sweet corn for processing is estimated at 2,147,700 tons, up 10 percent from 1966, and one-third larger than 1965 production.

Snap Beans for Processing - The 1967 crop of snap beans for processing is forecast at 670,270 tons, up 29 percent from last year, and 24 percent more than 1965. The 1967 production is expected to be harvested from 273,150 acres, which compares with 244,980 acres harvested in 1966. The shift from pole type beans to bush type continues to lower average yield prospects in the Pacific Northwest. The average yield is estimated at 2.5 tons per acre, based on August 1 prospects.

Preliminary acreage and indicated production by crops, United States, 1967 with comparisons

Crop	Acreage			Production		
	Harvested		for harvest			
	1965	1966	1967	1965	1966	Ind. 1967
	- Acres -			- Tons -		
Snap beans	230,660	244,980	273,150	540,680	521,020	670,270
Cabbage for Kraut (Contract)	8,790	8,300	11,000	166,760	136,740	198,140
Sweet corn	376,690	442,950	474,850	1,613,600	1,952,000	2,147,700
Green peas	441,630	434,080	464,860	601,910	509,100	567,690
Spinach:						
Winter	7,800	10,000	10,800	60,300	74,300	84,200
Spring	8,380	9,230	10,710	39,020	47,130	41,090
Tomatoes	257,360	299,930	325,350	4,501,140	4,655,970	5,377,010
Total	1,331,310	1,449,470	1,570,720	7,523,410	7,896,260	9,086,100
Asparagus	97,930	101,710	Dec. 19	119,200	128,300	Dec. 19
Green lima beans	83,970	96,950	Sept. 8	96,450	104,450	Sept. 8
Beets	14,530	17,050	Sept. 8	178,510	193,910	Sept. 8
Cabbage for kraut (Open market)	3,960	2,460	Dec. 19	72,150	42,820	Dec. 19
Cucumbers for pickles	107,610	129,520	Nov. 8	441,560	527,830	Nov. 8
Spinach (Fall)	5,220	5,590	Nov. 8	25,880	24,440	Nov. 8
Total 10 vegetables.	1,644,530	1,802,750	Dec. 19	8,457,160	8,918,010	Dec. 19

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Agricultural Statistician

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Sweet corn for processing: Preliminary acreage and indicated production by States, 1967 with comparisons

State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		for harvest						
	1965	1966	1967	1965	1966	Ind. 1967	1965	1966	Ind. 1967
	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
New York . .	13,100	15,400	15,000	4.05	5.10	5.1	53,100	78,500	76,500
Pennsylvania	9,200	6,900	8,300	2.58	1.77	4.0	23,700	12,200	33,200
Delaware . .	3,200	3,500	4,300	3.38	2.18	3.8	10,800	7,600	16,300
Maryland . .	28,500	23,000	28,200	3.22	1.93	3.8	91,800	44,400	107,200
Illinois . .	48,500	53,300	56,000	4.23	3.85	4.0	205,200	205,200	224,000
Wisconsin. .	88,000	115,900	115,000	4.19	3.95	4.1	368,700	457,800	471,500
Minnesota. .	91,500	110,900	120,000	3.86	4.45	4.0	353,200	493,500	480,000
Iowa	5,200	5,700	6,500	4.13	4.61	4.2	21,500	26,300	27,300
Idaho. . . .	13,400	15,400	16,700	6.31	5.16	6.0	84,600	79,500	100,200
Washington .	30,400	42,000	49,500	5.20	6.13	6.0	158,100	257,500	297,000
Oregon	28,800	33.400	35,800	5.82	6.74	6.5	167,600	225,100	232,700
Other States 1/	16,890	17,550	19,550	4.46	3.67	4.18	75,300	64,400	81,800
United States	376,690	442,950	474,850	4.28	4.41	4.52	1,613,600	1,952,000	2,147,700

1/ Indiana, Maine, Michigan, Montana, Ohio, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Virginia, and Wyoming.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

AUG 10 1967

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 10, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending August 5, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched 936,000 poults during the week ending August 5, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 27 percent above the same week a year ago. Heavy breed poults at 469,000 were up 21 percent and the light breed hatch of 467,000 was up 34 percent from the comparable week of 1966.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
July 15 2/	1,219	1,253	470	495	1,689	1,748	103
July 22 2/	884	916	403	421	1,287	1,337	104
July 29 2/	629	675	455	451	1,084	1,126	104
August 5 2/	388	469	349	467	737	936	127
			Eggs Set				
June 17	3,200	3,278	855	889	4,055	4,167	103
June 24	2,363	2,504	845	763	3,208	3,267	102
July 1	1,664	1,787	872	782	2,536	2,569	101
July 8 2/	831	1,096	605	746	1,436	1,842	128
July 15 2/	623	724	613	850	1,236	1,574	127
July 22 2/	397	504	540	697	937	1,201	128
July 29 2/	235	480	488	547	723	1,027	142
August 5 2/	276	309	477	492	753	801	106
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
July 15	373	322	257	285	630	607	96
July 22	251	266	224	275	475	541	114
July 29	215	205	298	303	513	508	99
August 5	152	156	223	285	375	441	118
			Eggs Set				
June 17	757	579	407	430	1,164	1,009	87
June 24	535	534	397	396	932	930	100
July 1	457	353	501	453	958	806	84
July 8	300	358	366	434	666	792	119
July 15	208	306	385	542	593	848	143
July 22	242	283	377	505	619	788	127
July 29	111	278	341	418	452	696	154
August 5	186	220	350	296	536	516	96
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
July 15	606	660	21	7	627	667	106
July 22	463	435	0	0	463	435	94
July 29	311	360	0	0	311	360	116
August 5	195	206	0	0	195	206	106
			Eggs Set				
June 17	1,249	1,332	36	15	1,285	1,347	105
June 24	1,036	927	0	13	1,036	940	91
July 1	664	778	0	0	664	778	117
July 8	432	503	0	0	432	503	116
July 15	316	305	0	0	316	305	97
July 22	134	#	0	0	134	#	#
July 29	95	#	0	0	95	#	#
August 5	90	#	0	0	90	#	#

Confidential. 1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin. 2/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 801,000 eggs, up 6 percent from the same week a year ago. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 309,000 were up 12 percent from last year and light breed eggs at 492,000 were up 3 percent compared with a year ago.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 5, totaled 441,000, 18 percent higher than the same week of 1966. Heavy breed hatchings at 156,000 poults were up 3 percent and light breed poults at 285,000 were 28 percent above the level of a year ago.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 516,000, a decrease of 4 percent from 1966. Settings of heavy breed eggs totaled 220,000, up 18 percent while light breed eggs set at 296,000 were down 15 percent from the same week a year earlier.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 19 percent of the week's hatch compared with 28 percent the previous week and 13 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299		1,127		2,426		7,836		2,595		10,431	
Aug.	446		938		1,384		1,548		1,914		3,462	
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
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FRESH VEGETABLE REPORT
(Acreage and Indicated Production as of August 1, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Cabbage - Total production of cabbage in Minnesota for 1967 is forecast at 258,000 hundredweight compared with 216,000 hundredweight produced in 1965 and 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The increase in production is due to a higher anticipated yield than in 1966.

Early Fall Carrots - Based on conditions reported August 1, a crop of 266,000 hundredweight is forecast, compared with 296,000 hundredweight in 1966, and 276 hundredweight in 1965. The estimated yield of 380 hundredweight compares with 455 hundredweight in 1966 and 425 hundredweight in 1965.

Late Summer Onions - Production is forecast at 210,000 hundredweight, compared with 247,000 hundredweight in 1966, and 300,000 hundredweight in 1965. The decrease in production is due to a substantial decrease in acreage for harvest in 1967.

UNITED STATES: Early Fall Cabbage - Production of early fall cabbage is forecast at 8,889,000 cwt., up 18 percent from 1966. In the New England States, the crop has made excellent development. In New York, steady supplies are expected from Long Island through August. Stands are excellent in Upstate New York and development is ahead of last year. Moisture is plentiful. Good supplies are expected to be available during August. In New Jersey, crop prospects are excellent with volume marketings expected to continue through November. In Pennsylvania, the crop is growing well with first cutting expected by mid-September. The Ohio crop is making good growth. In Michigan, July weather conditions were favorable for plant development. The Wisconsin harvest got off to a slow start. Excess moisture has damaged the crop in the northern kraut area. In Minnesota, the crop looks good, but moisture is needed. The crop is later than normal. In Oregon, plants are making good development.

Early Fall Carrots - Early fall carrot production is placed at 6,482,000 hundredweight, the first seasonal estimate for the crop. This level is 3 percent above last year. In New England, volume movement is expected by mid-August. The crop is generally late. In New York, supplies are expected to increase during August. The crop in Illinois is developing slowly due to late planting and persistent rains. The crop in Michigan is later than usual. Sizes are expected to be much below last year. In Wisconsin, harvest for fresh market will begin in early August. Some replanting was necessary so crop maturity should be spread out. Considerable acreage in the Hollandale area of Minnesota has been lost due to flooding in June. Early plantings look good in the Anoka area but some late plantings have been abandoned because of lack of moisture. On the High Plains of Texas, harvest was well underway by August 1. Supplies should continue light until September with heaviest movement expected in November. In northern Colorado, the crop is making good growth and development. Harvest is underway. In the San Luis Valley prospects are good. Supplies in Washington are increasing. The crop in Oregon is developing seasonally. Hot weather may limit sizing. Harvest is underway in early fields for fresh market sales.

Late Summer Onions - The late summer onion crop is forecast at 18,411,000 hundredweight, 1 percent above 1966. In New York, harvest of set acreage in Orange County was about half completed by August 1 while in the Canastota area topping had started. Hot, humid weather has caused tipburn in Orange County seeded crop. Harvest of this acreage is expected to start before mid-August. The seeded crop is better than last year in other areas where harvest is expected to begin in late August and early September. In Ohio, harvest is expected to be about 10 days behind normal. In Indiana, harvest is expected to start about September 1. In Michigan, excessive moisture early in the season slowed development. Harvest started by August 1. The Wisconsin crop is in good condition although most fields were damaged by wind and excessive rain. In Minnesota, the crop is sizing well but growth is two weeks later than normal in both the Red River Valley and Hollandale area. Harvest started in Iowa in mid-July. Northern Colorado has suffered extensive hail damage on many fields--with transplants showing the most damage while in the other area, prospects are good. Harvest is underway. The crop in Utah is developing well. In Washington, harvest is expected to start about mid-August. Stands are thin but good sizes are expected. In western Oregon, continually hot, dry weather has limited growth. In Idaho and eastern Oregon, hot weather in July limited development.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Acreage and estimated production reported to date, 1967 with comparisons

Crop and State	Acreage Harvested 1965	Acreage Harvested 1966	Acreage for harvest 1967	Yield per acre 1965	Yield per acre 1966	Yield per acre Ind. 1967	Production 1965	Production 1966	Production Ind. 1967
	- Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
CABBAGE 1/									
Early Fall:									
New Hampshire	270	250	270	190	190	210	51	48	57
Massachusetts	700	700	700	205	200	210	144	140	147
Rhode Island	80	80	80	190	190	200	15	15	16
Connecticut	550	550	550	175	175	200	96	96	110
New York, L.I.	1,500	1,300	1,400	210	200	210	315	260	294
Upst.	11,000	9,700	10,200	365	325	380	4,015	3,152	3,876
New Jersey	1,700	2,000	2,400	210	200	200	357	400	480
Pennsylvania	900	800	800	220	210	220	198	168	176
Ohio	2,000	1,700	1,900	330	320	330	660	544	627
Michigan	4,300	2,800	3,700	195	190	190	838	722	703
Wisconsin	6,400	5,600	6,000	300	255	300	1,920	1,428	1,800
Minnesota	1,200	1,200	1,200	180	180	215	216	216	258
Oregon and Idaho	1,380	1,320	1,330	274	277	259	378	366	345
Group Total	31,980	29,000	30,530	288	261	291	9,203	7,555	8,889
CARROTS									
Early Fall:									
Massachusetts	750	650	600	230	235	230	172	153	138
Connecticut	500	450	430	230	210	220	115	94	95
New York	2,100	2,400	2,400	340	340	340	714	816	816
Michigan	4,600	5,000	4,500	245	215	160	1,127	1,075	720
Wisconsin	2,600	2,700	2,900	395	400	420	1,027	1,080	1,218
Minnesota	650	650	700	425	455	380	276	296	266
Texas	5,400	6,600	6,000	200	150	190	1,080	990	1,140
Colorado	1,500	1,300	1,300	190	200	180	285	260	234
Washington	1,700	2,000	2,500	385	355	390	654	710	975
Oregon	1,400	1,900	2,000	510	445	440	714	846	880
Group Total	21,200	23,650	23,330	291	267	278	6,164	6,320	6,482
ONIONS									
Late Summer:									
New York	16,400	14,700	14,000	330	245	280	5,412	3,602	3,920
Ohio	550	550	600	510	400	410	280	220	246
Indiana	950	900	750	420	250	400	399	225	300
Michigan	8,300	7,900	7,200	340	290	250	2,822	2,291	1,800
Wisconsin	1,900	1,900	1,800	295	200	250	560	380	450
Minnesota	1,200	1,300	1,000	250	190	210	300	247	210
Iowa	380	360	320	270	210	220	103	76	70
Colorado	6,500	6,100	5,300	275	250	240	1,788	1,525	1,272
Utah	700	550	600	350	280	330	245	154	198
Washington	1,000	1,000	1,100	440	450	420	440	450	462
Western Oregon	2,200	2,200	2,200	385	435	370	847	957	814
Idaho and East Oregon Total	6,600	7,000	7,100	530	500	450	3,498	3,502	3,195
California	11,400	13,100	16,100	360	345	340	4,104	4,520	5,474
Group Total	58,080	57,560	58,070	358	315	317	20,798	18,149	18,411

1/ Includes Processing.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 17, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending August 12, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 829,000 poults during the week ending August 12, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 28 percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched, at 309,000 were up 8 percent and the light breed hatch totaling 520,000 poults was up 43 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
July 22 2/	884	919	403	419	1,287	1,338	104
July 29 2/	629	677	455	449	1,084	1,126	104
August 5 2/	388	469	349	467	737	936	127
August 12 2/	285	309	363	520	648	829	128
Eggs Set							
June 24	2,363	2,487	845	743	3,208	3,280	101
July 1	1,664	1,834	872	776	2,536	2,610	103
July 8 2/	831	1,024	605	758	1,436	1,782	124
July 15 2/	623	740	613	850	1,236	1,590	129
July 22 2/	397	479	540	697	937	1,176	126
July 29 2/	235	461	488	548	723	1,009	140
August 5 2/	276	309	477	492	753	801	106
August 12 2/	121	262	479	350	600	612	102
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
July 22	251	252	224	275	475	527	111
July 29	215	199	298	303	513	502	98
August 5	152	156	223	285	375	441	118
August 12	101	148	231	354	332	502	151
Eggs Set							
June 24	535	518	397	396	932	914	98
July 1	457	403	501	453	958	856	89
July 8	300	345	366	434	666	779	117
July 15	208	322	385	542	593	864	146
July 22	242	258	377	505	619	763	123
July 29	111	259	341	419	452	678	150
August 5	186	220	350	296	536	516	96
August 12	98	165	303	194	401	359	90
California							
Poults Hatched							
July 22	463	451	0	0	463	451	97
July 29	311	363	0	0	311	363	117
August 5	195	206	0	0	195	206	106
August 12	145	113	0	0	145	113	78
Eggs Set							
June 24	1,036	927	0	0	1,036	927	89
July 1	664	768	0	0	664	768	116
July 8	432	458	0	0	432	458	106
July 15	316	305	0	0	316	305	97
July 22	134	#	0	0	134	#	#
July 29	95	#	0	0	95	#	#
August 5	90	#	0	0	90	#	#
August 12	23	#	0	0	23	#	#

Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnnesota and Wisconsin. 2/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 612,000 eggs, a level 2 percent above last year. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 262,000 were up 117 percent or 141,000 eggs higher than a year ago, while the light breed settings were down 27 percent to a level of 350,000 eggs set during the week.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 12 totaled 502,000, 51 percent more than the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings at 148,000 poults were up 47 percent and light breed poults at 354,000 were 53 percent above the level a year earlier.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 359,000, a drop of 10 percent from the same week of 1966. Settings of heavy breed eggs totaled 165,000, up 68 percent from the previous year, while the number of light breed eggs set totaled 194,000 or 36 percent below the number set a year ago.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 22 percent of the week's hatch compared with 19 percent the previous week and 5 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446		938		1,384		1,548		1,914		3,462	
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426		1,120		1,546		1,218		2,177		3,395	
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

E. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U.S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

AUG 25 1967

Immediate Release

August 18, 1967

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
July 1967

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,895,000 chicks during July 1967 which was 20 percent above July 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The July hatch consisted of 1,170,000 egg-type chicks and 725,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was up 37 percent, and the broiler chick production was about the same as July 1966. For the period January through July, the egg-type hatch was down 14 percent, while the broiler-type hatch was 5 percent above the same months as 1966.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-July for Minnesota was $3.09 per 100 pounds, compared with $3.14 the previous month, and $3.20 a year ago. On July 15, the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 7.1 compared with 6.2 the previous month and 8.8 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg - type			Broiler - type		
	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966
	- Thousands -		Percent	- Thousands -		Percent
January	839	1,063	+38	680	737	+ 8
February	809	1,404	+74	593	585	- 1
March	3,993	3,455	-13	819	900	+10
April	6,028	4,969	-18	1,068	1,100	+ 3
May	6,094	4,421	-27	1,048	1,191	+14
June	2,590	1,850	-29	930	921	- 1
July	851	1,170	+37	727	725	0
August	752			696		
September	671			640		
October	821			605		
November	657			729		
December	851			667		

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 275 million chicks during July, a decrease of 2 percent from the 281 million produced in July 1966. The number of broiler-type chicks hatched totaled 241 million, 1 percent less than a year earlier. During January through July 1967, there were 1,686 million broiler-type chicks produced, 2 percent above the corresponding period in 1966 and the highest of record for this period. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on August 1, 1967 was unchanged from August 1 last year.

The number of egg-type chicks hatched during July is estimated at 33.7 million, 8 percent less than in July 1966. All regions recorded declines from a year earlier except the North Central which was up 7 percent. Declines were as follows: North Atlantic, 28 percent; South Atlantic, 13 percent; South Central, 9 percent; and West, 6 percent. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 7 months of 1967 totaled 382 million, 2 percent less than for the same period last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on August 1, 1967 was unchanged from August 1 last year.

Broiler and Egg-type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During July			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	- Thousands -		- Thousands -	
Ohio	580	600	2,240	1,660
Indiana	2,614	1,937	4,460	4,853
Illinois	55	29	1,666	1,477
Michigan	420	1/	1,220	1/
Wisconsin	1,287	1,225	1,668	1,555
Minnesota	727	725	1,578	1,895
Iowa	80	60	1,070	880
Missouri	3,045	1,998	4,012	2,983
North Dakota	1/	1/	1/	1/
South Dakota	1/	1/	1/	1/
Nebraska	49	45	301	357
Kansas	3	2	253	202
N. Central	1/ 8,874	1/ 7,040	1/ 18,716	1/ 17,586
UNITED STATES	244,449	241,086	281,103	274,754

1/ Included only in the North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U.S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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August 18, 1967

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HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
July 1967

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The July hatch consisted of 1,170,000 egg-type chicks and 725,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was up 37 percent, and the broiler chick production was about the same as July 1966. For the period January through July, the egg-type hatch was down 14 percent, while the broiler-type hatch was 5 percent above the same months as 1966.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-July for Minnesota was $3.09 per 100 pounds, compared with $3.14 the previous month, and $3.20 a year ago. On July 15, the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 7.1 compared with 6.2 the previous month and 8.8 a year ago.

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	- Thousands -		Percent	- Thousands -		Percent
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May	6,094	4,421	-27	1,048	1,191	+14
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July	851	1,170	+37	727	725	0
August	752			696		
September	671			640		
October	821			605		
November	657			729		
December	851			667		

John S. Rowe
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
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UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced 275 million chicks during July, a decrease of 2 percent from the 281 million produced in July 1966. The number of broiler-type chicks hatched totaled 241 million, 1 percent less than a year earlier. During January through July 1967, there were 1,686 million broiler-type chicks produced, 2 percent above the corresponding period in 1966 and the highest of record for this period. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on August 1, 1967 was unchanged from August 1 last year.

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Broiler and Egg-type Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries

State and Division	During July			
	Broiler-Type		Egg-Type	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	- Thousands -		- Thousands -	
Ohio	580	600	1,660	1,060
Indiana	2,614	1,937	1,846	2,916
Illinois	55	29	1,611	1,448
Michigan	420	1/	800	1,100
Wisconsin	1,287	1,225	381	330
Minnesota	727	725	851	1,170
Iowa	80	60	990	820
Missouri	3,045	1,998	967	985
North Dakota	1/	1/	9	0
South Dakota	1/	1/	225	205
Nebraska	49	45	252	312
Kansas	3	2	250	200
N. Central	1/ 8,874	1/ 7,040	9,842	10,546
UNITED STATES	244,449	241,086	36,654	33,668

1/ Included only in the North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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AUG 25 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 24, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending August 19, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing states hatched a total of 630,000 poults during the week ending August 19, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 27 percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 214,000 were up 16 percent and the light breed hatch totaling 416,000 poults was up 34 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
July 29	629	677	455	449	1,084	1,126	104
August 5	388	469	349	467	737	936	127
August 12	285	309	363	520	648	829	128
August 19	185	214	310	416	495	630	127
			Eggs Set				
July 1 2/	1,664	1,834	872	776	2,536	2,610	103
July 8	831	1,024	605	758	1,436	1,782	124
July 15	623	740	613	850	1,236	1,590	129
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August 5	276	309	477	492	753	801	106
August 12	121	262	479	350	600	612	102
August 19	187	240	331	273	518	513	99
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
July 29	215	199	298	303	513	502	98
August 5	152	156	223	285	375	441	118
August 12	101	148	231	354	332	502	151
August 19	113	123	218	315	331	438	132
			Eggs Set				
July 1	457	403	501	453	958	856	89
July 8	300	345	366	434	666	779	117
July 15	208	322	385	542	593	864	146
July 22	242	258	377	505	619	763	123
July 29	111	259	341	419	452	678	150
August 5	186	220	350	296	536	516	96
August 12	98	165	303	194	401	359	90
August 19	163	#	263	#	426	396	93
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
July 29	311	363	0	0	311	363	117
August 5	195	206	0	0	195	206	106
August 12	145	113	0	0	145	113	78
August 19	64	#	0	0	64	#	#
			Eggs Set				
July 1	664	768	0	0	664	768	116
July 8	432	458	0	0	432	458	106
July 15	316	305	0	0	316	305	97
July 22	134	#	0	0	134	#	#
July 29	95	#	0	0	95	#	#
August 5	90	#	0	0	90	#	#
August 12	23	#	0	0	23	#	#
August 19	24	#	0	0	24	#	#

Confidential. 1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin. 2/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 513,000 eggs, a level 1 percent below last year. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 240,000 were up 28 percent, while the light breed settings at 273,000 were down 18 percent from a year earlier.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 12 totaled 438,000, 32 percent more than the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings at 123,000 poults were up 9 percent and light breed poults at 315,000 were 44 percent above the level a year earlier.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 396,000, a drop of 7 percent from the same week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 21 percent of the week's hatch compared with 22 percent the previous week and 8 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446		938		1,384		1,548		1,914		3,462	
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426		1,120		1,546		1,218		2,177		3,395	
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of turkeys tested in Minnesota for pullorum disease during July 1967 totaled 9,411 birds. Testings were all heavy white birds. During July 1966 heavy white testings totaled 6,064 birds.

UNITED STATES: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during July, the first month of the 1967-68 testing year, was 80,036, down 12 percent from July 1966. The number of heavy white breeds tested totaled 67,472, down 18 percent from a year earlier. Other heavy breeds tested at 12,564 birds were 54 percent above the 8,146 birds tested during July 1966. The number of light breed turkeys tested totaled 14,724, an increase of 33 percent from a year earlier.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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AUG 31 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 25, 1967

TIMOTHY SEED PRODUCTION - 1967

MINNESOTA: The production of timothy seed for Minnesota is forecast at 12,580,000 pounds, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. If realized, 1967 production will be 23 percent less than the 1966 crop of 16,400,000 pounds. This year's acreage is estimated at 74,000 acres, 10 percent less than last year, but nearly twice the 5-year(1961-65) average acreage. The yield per acre is expected to average 170 pounds compared with 200 last year and the 5-year average of 164 pounds. The cool weather during most of the spring and summer has been unfavorable for seed production. Average beginning date of harvest this year was August 12, compared to August 4 last year.

UNITED STATES: The 1967 production of timothy seed is forecast at 27,709,000 pounds. This is 21 percent less than last year's revised estimate of 34,966,000 pounds, but 7 percent above the 1961-65 average.

Acreage harvested for seed this year is estimated at 182,000 acres, 18 percent below last year but 3 percent above average. The national yield at 152 pounds per acre is 6 pounds less than last year's yield of 158 pounds, but 6 pounds above average.

Production is below last year in all States except Pennsylvania and Indiana. In Minnesota, the leading timothy seed producer, a 10 percent reduction in acreage, coupled with a 30 pound decrease in yield, accounts for only one-half of the decrease in U. S. production. Production in Missouri is 34 percent below 1966 because of a lower acreage harvested.

Harvesting generally began later than in 1966 in all States as average date of harvest ranged from about the same in Illinois to nine days later in Wisconsin. Average dates on which harvest began this year were: July 28 in Illinois, August 1 in Missouri, August 4 in Indiana and Iowa, August 5 in Ohio, August 8 in Pennsylvania, August 12 in Minnesota, and August 14 in Wisconsin.

Imports of timothy seed during the year ended June 30, 1967 totaled 2,888,400 pounds -- 2,887,100 from Canada, 100 from Japan and 1,200 from the Netherlands. This compares with the total of 328,000 pounds a year earlier and the five-year average of 1,066,160 pounds. There were 105,100 pounds of timothy seed imported during July 1967 compared with 80,000 pounds during July 1966. Exports during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1967 totaled 1,488,743 pounds, compared with 6,348,914 pounds for the year ended June 30, 1966.

Carryover of old-crop seed on June 30 this year was 18,731,000 pounds (14,330,000 by dealers and 4,401,000 by growers), 81 percent more than last year's carryover of 10,330,000 pounds, and 62 percent above average. The initial supply (1967 production plus carryover) is indicated at 46,440,000 pounds, up 3 percent from last year's total of 45,296,000 pounds and 24 percent above average.

Eldon L. Johnson
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F. J. Graham
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TIMOTHY SEED: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production, average 1961-65, annual 1966 and 1967

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per acre			Production (clean seed)		
	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Pa.	5,100	7,000	8,500	114	120	115	584	840	978
Ohio ...	30,600	36,000	32,000	144	130	140	4,414	4,680	4,480
Ind. ...	8,300	7,500	8,500	122	105	130	1,012	788	1,105
Ill. ...	7,500	7,000	5,500	137	140	145	1,025	980	798
Wis. ...	6,400	5,500	5,000	114	125	130	723	688	650
Minn. ..	37,600	82,000	74,000	164	200	170	6,361	16,400	12,580
Iowa ...	13,200	11,000	8,500	150	165	155	1,990	1,815	1,318
Mo.	67,400	65,000	40,000	144	135	145	9,832	8,775	5,800
U. S. .	176,100	221,000	182,000	146	158	152	25,942	34,966	27,709

1/ Revised.

TIMOTHY SEED SUPPLY: United States Average 1961-65, annual 1966 and 1967

Item	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Production	25,942	34,966	27,709
Farm carryover	3,272	1,338	4,401
Dealer carryover	8,285	8,992	14,330
Supply (production plus carryover)	37,499	45,296	46,440

1/ Revised.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

August 28, 1967

TURKEYS RAISED - 1967

MINNESOTA: The number of turkeys raised in Minnesota in 1967 is estimated at 16,937,000 birds, 2 percent more than last year according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. A crop of this size would be the second largest of record, exceeded only by the 18,235,000 birds raised in 1961. The expected number of turkeys to be raised in 1967 is 8 percent less than the 18.3 million forecast on January 1.

By types, growers have raised or will riase 8,485,000 heavy white, 3 percent less than in 1966; 3,060,000 bronze - a 3 percent increase and 5,392,000 light breed turkeys - 9 percent more than last year.

The number of turkey poults hatched in Minnesota during the 12-month period from September 1, 1966 to August 31, 1967 is estimated to be 3 percent more than for the same period a year earlier. Shipments of poults into the State, numbering about 1.4 million, are about the same as 1966. Exports, at 5.7 million, are also about the same as last year.

UNITED STATES: Turkeys raised in 1967 are expected to total a record 125.6 million birds, 8 percent above 1966. An increase in production of turkeys is expected in all regions except the North Atlantic and East North Central regions. Percent change from last year by regions is: North Atlantic, down 10 percent; East North Central, down 5 percent: West North Central and South Atlantic, both up 6 percent; South Central, up 22 percent; and the West up 13 percent.

The number of heavy breed turkeys raised in 1967 is expected to total 110.2 million compared with 101.0 million last year--an increase of 9 percent. Increases in heavy breeds by regions are 6 percent in the West North Central, 17 percent in the South Atlantic, 22 percent in the South Central and 12 percent in the West. The North Atlantic is 10 percent below a year earlier and the East North Central is down 7 percent.

Light breed turkeys raised during 1967 are expected to total 15.4 million birds, 1 percent below the 15.6 million raised during 1966. Decreases are shown in both the North Atlantic and South Atlantic regions which are down 14 and 16 percent respectively. The East North Central is expected to increase 14 percent, the West North Central 6 percent, South Central 16 percent, and the West 30 percent.

California, the leading turkey producing State this year, will riase 19.1 million birds; followed by Minnesota with 16.9; Missouri, 11.7; Arkansas, 8.7; Texas 8.0; Iowa 7.5; North Carolina, 6.9; Virginia 5.7; Ohio, 4.3 and Utah, 3.8 million.

Turkey poults hatched during the period September 1966 through July 1967 were 8 percent above the corresponding period the previous year. Compared with a year earlier, increases occurred in all months except April, which was down 3 percent and May which was 4 percent below 1966. The largest percentage increases occurred during the period September 1966 through February 1967 and ranged from 122 percent of the previous year in September to 151 percent in December. The number of heavy breed eggs in incubators on August 1 was up 41 percent and light breed eggs in incubators were 13 percent above a year earlier. Prices received by producers for live turkeys during January through July have been below the same months of 1966.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Turkeys: Number Raised on Farms

State and Division	Heavy breeds			Light Breeds			Total all Breeds		
	1966	1967	1967 as % of 1966	1966	1967	1967 as % of 1966	1966	1967	1967 as % of 1966
	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.
Maine	37	30	81	2	3	150	39	33	85
N. H.	83	73	88	6	4	67	89	77	87
Vt.	33	20	61	0	0	---	33	20	61
Mass.	309	234	76	11	15	136	320	249	78
R. I.	19	14	74	0	0	---	19	14	74
Conn.	153	134	88	4	9	225	157	143	91
N. Y.	352	331	94	26	39	150	378	370	98
N. J.	592	373	63	18	28	156	610	401	66
Pa.	1,648	1,692	103	265	186	70	1,913	1,878	98
N. A.	3,226	2,901	90	332	284	86	3,558	3,185	90
Ohio	2,991	3,696	124	745	626	84	3,736	4,322	116
Ind.	3,911	3,391	87	289	338	117	4,200	3,729	89
Ill.	1,276	949	74	60	82	137	1,336	1,031	77
Mich.	1,108	976	88	89	77	87	1,197	1,053	88
Wis.	5,350	4,644	87	177	432	244	5,527	5,076	92
E.N.C.	14,636	13,656	93	1,360	1,555	114	15,996	15,211	95
Minn.	11,718	11,545	99	4,947	5,392	109	16,665	16,937	102
Iowa	6,895	7,128	103	328	387	118	7,223	7,515	104
Mo.	9,457	11,319	120	533	405	76	9,990	11,724	117
N. Dak.	1,044	1,023	98	77	127	165	1,121	1,150	103
S. Dak.	587	660	112	444	453	102	1,031	1,113	108
Nebr.	894	874	98	19	10	53	913	884	97
Kans.	562	593	106	48	2	4	610	595	98
W.N.C.	31,157	33,142	106	6,396	6,776	106	37,553	39,918	106
Del.	102	105	103	216	190	88	318	295	93
Md.	179	157	88	48	1	2	227	158	70
Va.	2,764	2,771	100	3,470	2,950	85	6,234	5,721	92
W. Va.	663	893	135	1,264	771	61	1,927	1,664	86
N.C.	5,317	5,969	112	828	886	107	6,145	6,855	112
S.C.	1,089	1,885	173	0	0	---	1,089	1,885	173
Ga.	1,629	1,973	121	80	109	136	1,709	2,082	122
Fla.	22	64	291	181	201	111	203	265	131
S.A.	11,765	13,817	117	6,087	5,108	84	17,852	18,925	106
Ky.	569	217	38	19	22	115	588	239	41
Tenn.	42	32	76	0	0	---	42	32	76
Ala.	1,257	1,115	89	21	9	43	1,278	1,124	88
Miss.	85	94	111	1	1	100	86	95	110
Ark.	6,055	8,216	136	420	504	120	6,475	8,720	135
La.	11	10	91	1	0	--	12	10	83
Okla.	1,298	1,585	122	111	51	46	1,409	1,636	116
Texas	6,323	7,806	123	104	199	191	6,427	8,005	125
S.C.	15,640	19,075	122	677	786	116	16,317	19,861	122
Mont. & Idaho 1/	222	249	112	19	6	32	241	255	106
Wyo.	4	7	175	0	0	---	4	7	175
Colo.	2,287	2,582	113	12	99	825	2,299	2,681	117
N. Mex.	11	9	82	1	1	100	12	10	83
Ariz.	93	69	74	1	0	---	94	69	73
Utah	3,346	3,739	112	36	22	61	3,382	3,761	111
Nev.	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Wash.	457	400	88	49	178	363	506	578	114
Oreg.	1,435	1,740	121	317	339	107	1,752	2,079	119
Calif.	16,697	18,813	113	275	275	100	16,972	19,088	112
West.	24,552	27,608	112	710	920	130	25,262	28,528	113
48 State Total	100,976	110,199	109	15,562	15,429	99	116,538	125,628	108

1/ Montana and Idaho combined to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U.S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Immediate Release

August 30, 1967

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-August 1967

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-August was 91 percent of the 1947-49 average, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. The all commodity index was down 1 point from last month and 11 points below a year ago. The dairy products index was up 2 points from last month, but all other group indexes were lower than the previous month. All crop and livestock group indexes were below indexes of a year ago.

The livestock index at 106 was 1 point lower than the level of the three previous months and was 7 points below mid-August 1966. Prices for steers and heifers increased 50 cents and sheep increased 60 cents per hundredweight from the previous month. Hogs decreased 40 cents, cows 50 cents, calves 60 cents and lambs 70 cents per hundredweight from the previous month.

Compared to prices in mid-August a year ago, cows were up 10 cents and steers and heifers were up $1.20 resulting in an increase of $1.10 per hundredweight for all cattle. Hogs decreased $4.20, calves and lambs 60 cents and milk cows were $5.00 per head below a year a year ago.

The crop index at 75 was 5 points lower than the previous month and 14 points lower than mid-August a year ago. The decrease reflected declines of 7 cents per bushel for wheat, 12 cents for corn, 6 cents for oats and 12 cents for soybeans from a month earlier. Declines of 27 cents per bushel for wheat, 19 cents for corn and 93 cents for soybeans caused most of the decrease in the crop index since mid-August 1966. Flax was up 3 cents from July and up 10 cents per bushel from a year ago.

Milk prices were up 10 cents from last month but down 21 cents from a year ago. Milkfat in cream was unchanged from last month but down 4 cents from a year ago. Turkey prices were off one-half cent from last month and down one and one-half from a year ago. Chickens were unchanged from last month but down 2-1/2 cents from a year ago. Eggs declined 1 cent from last month and were 11-1/2 cents below a year ago. Wool declined 3 cents from last month and 16 cents from a year ago.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

Index 1947-49 = 100	Aug. 15 Av. 1959-63	Aug. 15 1964	Aug. 15 1965	Aug. 15 1966	July 15 1967	Aug. 15 1967
All Farm Products	81	79	88	102	92	91
Crops	71	72	74	89	80	75
Livestock	91	82	106	113	107	106
Dairy Products	90	91	94	119	111	113
Poultry and Eggs	60	66	62	72	53	51

1/ Developed in cooperation with the Department of Agricultural Economics, University of Minnesota.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

Index or Ratio 1910-14 = 100	Aug. 15 1963	Aug. 15 1964	Aug. 15 1965	Aug. 15 1966	July 15 1967	Aug. 15 1967
Prices Received	242	234	251	271	257	256
Prices Paid 1/	312	313	322	335	345	343
Parity Ratio	78	75	78	81	74	75
Ratio 2/	-	-	-	87	80	80

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.

2/ Reflects Government payments. Preliminary adjusted parity ratios for the current year are based on estimated cash receipts from marketings and estimates of government payments for the current calendar year.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity - Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			August 15, 1967			
		August 15, 1966	July 15, 1967	August 15, 1967	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		- Dollars -			- Dollars -			
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.84	1.64	1.57	1.40	1.54	1.44	1.41
Rye	Bu.	1.04	1.02	1.00	1.05	.87	.95	1.02
Corn	Bu.	1.26	1.19	1.07	1.06	.98	1.12	1.11
Oats	Bu.	.61	.65	.59	.65	.52	.58	.622
Barley	Bu.	1.05	1.05	1.04	.94	.93	.95	1.01
Soybeans	Bu.	3.44	2.63	2.51	2.52	2.43	2.48	2.56
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.96	3.03	3.06	2.95	2.94	3.03	3.02
All Hay, Baled	Ton	19.00	19.00	19.00	18.60	16.00	16.70	21.90
Potatoes	Cwt.	2.15	-	2.25	-	-	2.20	2.49
Hogs	Cwt.	24.50	20.70	20.30	20.60	20.30	20.10	20.40
Cows	Cwt.	18.00	18.60	18.10	18.10	17.00	17.70	17.00
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	23.90	24.60	25.10	25.90	24.30	25.30	25.10
Cattle, All	Cwt.	21.70	22.80	22.80	25.10	22.70	24.10	23.20
Calves	Cwt.	30.30	30.30	29.70	26.20	27.50	28.30	27.00
Sheep	Cwt.	6.70	6.10	6.70	5.60	5.00	5.60	6.14
Lambs	Cwt.	24.00	24.10	23.40	23.00	22.60	23.00	22.80
Milk Cows	Head	280.00	275.00	275.00	265.00	240.00	240.00	263.00
Milk - Wholesale	Cwt.	4.33	4.02	4.12	4.10	4.05	4.00	4.98
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.77	.73	.73	.69	.70	.67	.658
Turkeys - Live	Lb.	.210	.200	.195	.190	.200	.200	.206
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.075	.050	.050	.050	.040	.050	.077
Eggs	Doz.	.325	.220	.210	.210	.210	.202	.298
Wool	Lb.	.52	.39	.36	.36	.36	.42	.401
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.15	3.35	3.30	3.55	3.40	3.60	3.52
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	5.90	5.10	5.00	5.20	5.40	5.30	5.30
Hog Feed, 29% and Over	Cwt.	6.90	6.40	6.30	6.40	-	-	6.28
Beef Cattle Feed, 30% and Over	Cwt.	5.40	5.00	5.00	5.20	-	-	4.85
Dairy Feed, 16%	Cwt.	3.30	3.45	3.40	3.95	3.70	3.70	3.88
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	3.19	3.09	3.02	3.00	2.91	2.88	3.54
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.60	4.55	4.55	5.10	5.00	5.00	4.59
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog Corn 1/		19.4	17.4	19.0	19.4	20.7	17.9	18.4
Beef Corn 1/		19.0	20.7	23.5	24.4	24.8	22.6	22.6
Egg Feed 2/		10.2	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.2	7.0	8.4
Farm Chicken Feed 2/		2.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.7	2.2

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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Immediate Release

August 31, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending August 26, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 559,000 poults during the week ending August 26, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 51 percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 223,000 were up 119 percent and the light breed hatch totaling 336,000 poults was up 26 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

(Over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
August 5	388	469	349	467	737	936	127
August 12	285	309	363	520	648	829	128
August 19	185	214	310	416	495	630	127
August 26	102	223	267	336	369	559	151
Eggs Set							
July 8	831	1,024	605	758	1,436	1,782	124
July 15	623	740	613	850	1,236	1,590	129
July 22	397	479	540	697	937	1,176	126
July 29	235	461	488	548	723	1,009	140
August 5	276	309	477	492	753	801	106
August 12	121	262	479	350	600	612	102
August 19	187	240	331	273	518	513	99
August 26	124	246	334	335	458	581	127
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
August 5	152	156	223	285	375	441	118
August 12	101	148	231	354	332	502	151
August 19	113	123	218	315	331	438	132
August 26	50	127	190	264	240	391	163
Eggs Set							
July 8	300	345	366	434	666	779	117
July 15	208	322	385	542	593	864	146
July 22	242	258	377	505	619	763	123
July 29	111	259	341	419	452	678	150
August 5	186	220	350	296	536	516	96
August 12	98	165	303	194	401	359	90
August 19	163	#	263	#	426	396	93
August 26	#	#	#	#	362	353	98
California							
Poults Hatched							
August 5	195	206	0	0	195	206	106
August 12	145	113	0	0	145	113	78
August 19	64	#	0	0	64	#	#
August 26	41	#	0	0	41	#	#
Eggs Set							
July 8	432	458	0	0	432	458	106
July 15	316	305	0	0	316	305	97
July 22	134	#	0	0	134	#	#
July 29	95	#	0	0	95	#	#
August 5	90	#	0	0	90	#	#
August 12	23	#	0	0	23	#	#
August 19	24	#	0	0	24	#	#
August 26	#	#	0	0	#	#	#

Confidential. 1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 581,000 eggs, a level 27 percent above last year. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 246,000 were up 98 percent while light breed settings at 335,000 were only 1,000 above the same week a year earlier.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending August 26 totaled 391,000, 63 percent more than the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings, at 127,000 poults, were up 154 percent and light breed poults at 264,000 were 39 percent above the level a year earlier.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 353,000, 2 percent below the same week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 29 percent of the week's hatch compared with 21 percent the previous week and 15 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S, 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446		938		1,384		1,548		1,914		3,462	
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426		1,120		1,546		1,218		2,177		3,395	
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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SEP 7 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 5, 1967

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
July 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during July at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 149,000 head, up 16 percent from a year earlier and 6 percent less than June, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight for the month was 1,063 pounds, 16 pounds above July 1966, but 19 pounds less than June this year.

At 9,500 head, the number of calves killed was 2 percent above July 1966 and 25 percent below June 1967. The average liveweight of calves slaughtered was 180 pounds, 22 pounds less than a year ago and 1 pound above the previous month.

Hog slaughter for July totaled 378,000 head, up 3 percent from July 1966 but down 10 percent from June 1967. The average liveweight of hogs killed during July was 260 pounds compared to 267 pounds a year earlier and 268 pounds for June this year.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered during July totaled 40,500 head, down 29 percent from the July 1966, but up 5 percent from a month ago. The average liveweight for July was 101 pounds, the same as a year earlier and 1 pound less than June 1967.

For the 7 months, January-July 1967, commercial slaughter plants in the State killed 1,057,000 cattle, 110,800 calves, 3,187,000 hogs, and 395,000 sheep and lambs. Compared with 1966, cattle slaughter was up 11 percent and hogs were up 20 percent. Calf slaughter was 1 percent less and sheep and lambs were down 11 percent.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat in the 48 States during July totaled 2,548 million pounds. This was 5 percent above the July 1966 total of 2,424 million pounds but 8 percent below June 1967. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other slaughter plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

July beef production totaled 1,603 million pounds, up 3 percent from a year earlier, but down 8 percent from June 1967. The number of cattle slaughtered totaled 2,718,500 head, slightly under the total of July a year ago. Average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,008 pounds, 13 pounds heavier than in July 1966 but 11 pounds lighter than in June 1967.

There were 59 million pounds of veal produced during July, 13 percent less than a year earlier and 2 percent under June 1967. The 428,000 head of calves slaughtered was down 12 percent from July 1966. Average liveweight per head, at 247 pounds, was 7 pounds lighter than a year earlier but the same as the June 1967 average.

Pork production during July totaled 838 million pounds, 12 percent above July 1966 but 9 percent less than a month earlier. The hog kill during July was 5,533,500 head, 12 percent more than a year earlier but down 8 percent from June 1967. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during July was 243 pounds per head, 1 pound less than a year earlier and 3 pounds lighter than in June. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of liveweight of hogs was 10.7 pounds, compared with 10.8 in July 1966 and 10.6 in June 1967.

There were 48 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during July, 4 percent less than a year earlier and 2 percent below June 1967. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month totaled 1,010,300 head, 2 percent fewer than in July 1966 and 1 percent less than in June 1967. Average liveweight in July was 97 pounds per head, 2 pounds less than a year earlier.

Production of poultry meat during July totaled 771 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 8 percent more than in July 1966, but 3 percent less than June 1967.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	July		July 1967 as percent of July 1966	July Av. Liveweight	
	1966	1967		1966	1967
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	129.0	149.0	115.5	1,047	1,063
Calves	9.3	9.5	102.2	202	180
Hogs	367.0	378.0	103.0	267	260
Sheep and lamb	57.0	40.5	71.1	101	101
UNITED STATES (48 States)					
Cattle	2,725.2	2,718.5	99.8	995	1,008
Calves	488.8	428.0	87.6	254	247
Hogs	4,943.8	5,533.5	111.9	244	243
Sheep and lamb	1,026.8	1,010.3	98.4	99	97

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

JULY COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Month and year	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	Million Pounds						
July 1966	1,559	68	747	50	2,424	717	131
June 1967	1,749	60	920	49	2,778	791	157
July 1967	1,603	59	838	48	2,548	771	144
Jan.-July 1966 5/	11,083	495	6,031	370	17,979	4,326	1,042
Jan.-July 1967 5/	11,670	427	6,923	373	19,393	4,974	1,160

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farms. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

SEP 8 1967

Immediate Release

September 7, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending September 2, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 452,000 poults during the week ending September 2, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 15 percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 130,000 were up 2 percent and the light breed hatch totaling 322,000 poults was up 22 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
August 12	285	309	363	520	648	829	128
August 19	185	214	310	416	495	630	127
August 26	102	223	267	336	369	559	151
Sept. 2	128	130	265	322	393	452	115
			Eggs Set				
July 15	623	740	613	850	1,236	1,590	129
July 22	397	479	540	697	937	1,176	126
July 29	235	461	488	548	723	1,009	140
August 5	276	309	477	492	753	801	106
August 12	121	262	479	350	600	612	102
August 19	187	240	331	273	518	513	99
August 26	124	246	334	335	458	581	127
Sept. 2	85	159	391	355	476	514	108
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
August 12	101	148	231	354	332	502	151
August 19	113	123	218	315	331	438	132
August 26	50	127	190	264	240	391	163
Sept. 2	90	107	190	197	280	304	109
			Eggs Set				
July 15	208	322	385	542	593	864	146
July 22	242	258	377	505	619	763	123
July 29	111	259	341	419	452	678	150
August 5	186	220	350	296	536	516	96
August 12	98	165	303	194	401	359	90
August 19	163	#	263	#	426	396	93
August 26	#	#	#	#	362	353	98
Sept. 2	20	112	267	279	287	391	136
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
August 12	145	113	0	0	145	113	78
August 19	64	#	0	0	64	#	#
August 26	41	#	0	0	41	#	#
Sept. 2	38	0	0	0	38	0	-
			Eggs Set				
July 15	316	305	0	0	316	305	97
July 22	134	#	0	0	134	#	#
July 29	95	#	0	0	95	#	#
August 5	90	#	0	0	90	#	#
August 12	23	#	0	0	23	#	#
August 19	24	#	0	0	24	#	#
August 26	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 2	#	#	0	0	#	#	#

Confidential

1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 514,000 eggs, a level 8 percent above last year. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 159,000 were up 74,000 while light breed settings at 355,000 were down 9 percent from the same period a year ago.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 2, totaled 304,000, 9 percent more than the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings at 107,000 poults were up 19 percent and light breed poults at 197,000 were 4 percent above the level a year earlier.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 391,000, 36 percent above the total for the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 112,000 compares with only 20,000 set a year ago. Light breed settings at 279,000 were 4 percent above the same week a year earlier.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 9 percent of the week's hatch compared with 29 percent the previous week and 22 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446		938		1,384		1,548		1,914		3,462	
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	
Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands												
Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426		1,120		1,546		1,218		2,177		3,395	
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Duane Peterson
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

September 8, 1967

FRESH VEGETABLE REPORT
(Acreage and Indicated Production as of September 1, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Cabbage - Cabbage production in Minnesota is now forecast at 216,000 hundredweight. This production is equal to that in 1966, but down 12 percent from the 1961-65 average according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

Early Fall Carrots: (For fresh market and processing) - Production of early fall carrots is now forecast at 280,000 hundredweight, 5 percent below production in 1966, but equal to the 1961-65 average production.

Late Summer Onions: Production is forecast at 210,000 hundredweight, 15 percent below production in 1966, and 35 percent below the 1961-65 average. The decrease from both last year and the 5-year average is due mainly to the large decline in harvested acreage.

UNITED STATES: Early Fall Cabbage: An early fall cabbage crop of 8,921,000 hundredweight is forecast. A crop this size is 18 percent above last year and 4 percent above average. In New England, heaviest movement is expected from late September to late October, with good volume probable into late November. In New York, an abundant supply should be available during September from Long Island. In Upstate New York, volume is increasing. Supplies should be heavy by late September. Harvest of early kraut acreage is active. In New Jersey, supplies are moderate. Volume is expected to be good through October and continue at a moderate rate until late November. In Pennsylvania, harvest was expected to begin the first week of September with movement continuing through November. Supplies are good in Ohio. Cool weather in Michigan has been favorable for crop development. Peak harvest is expected after mid-September. Harvest started about mid-August in Wisconsin. Volume movement is not expected until mid-September because of dry weather during August. In Minnesota, harvest of the late acreage is in progress in the Hollandale area. Harvest began in Sibley County the last of August and should begin in the Anoka and Red River Valley areas in early September. In Idaho, the crop is maturing rapidly. Harvest is underway. Harvest continues in Oregon, but dry, hot weather has retarded development.

Early Fall Carrots: Early fall carrot production is estimated at 6,501,000 hundredweight, 3 percent above 1966. Movement in New England States has been moderate but increasing steadily toward an expected peak about mid-October. Heavy supplies should be sustained through November. In New York, steady supplies are expected in September. Harvest in Michigan continues, although slowed by showers. A heavy grade-out has been reported, especially in the west central area. The early acreage in Wisconsin developed well but the later crop is sizing slowly. Volume movement started about September 1 and should continue through the month. Harvest for fresh market in Minnesota was getting underway on September 1. In High Plains area of Texas, supplies are expected to remain light in September. Peak production is expected in November with supplies available until early January. Harvest was active in northern Colorado on September 1, and starting in the San Luis Valley about one week to 10 days late. In Washington, the crop is growing well in spite of unusually hot, dry conditions. Harvest in Oregon is general; however, peak volume is over a month away. Continued hot weather has affected yields.

Late Summer Onions: Production of late summer onions is forecast at 18,403,000 hundredweight, 1 percent above 1966 but 2 percent below average. Harvest of the Orange County, New York crop was slowed by excessive rainfall during August Over half the acreage remains to be pulled. In other Upstate areas, topping should become general after Labor Day. In Ohio, harvest is expected to peak in early September. Most Indiana growers will start harvesting by mid-September. In Michigan, crop development has been slow. The Wisconsin crop is about two weeks late. Volume supplies are expected about mid-September. In Minnesota, dry weather has limited growth and medium sizes are expected. Harvest is underway in the Hollandale area and is expected to start in the Red River Valley about mid-September. In Colorado, harvest got underway in early September on the Western Slope. Sizes are expected to average larger than last year. In other areas, harvest was past the peak by September 1. Development of the Utah crop is later than usual, with harvest expected to get underway after mid-September. Hot weather reduced crop prospects in the Idaho-Eastern Oregon area and is expected to run to smaller sizes than last year. Harvest is underway in Washington with peak volume expected about mid-September. Sizes are averaging smaller than expected earlier because of the hot weather. Harvest is underway in Western Oregon. Sizes are expected to average smaller than last year. In California, good supplies are coming from the San Joaquin Valley and

Central Coast districts. The Tulelake-Butte Valley area should begin harvest about September 15. Harvest for dehydration is nearing completion in the Kern district, but is still underway in San Joaquin and Monterey Counties.

Acreage and estimated production reported to date, 1967 with comparisons.

Crop and State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest 1967	Av. 61-65	1966	Ind. 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Ind. 1967
	Average 1961-65	1966							
	- Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
CABBAGE 1/									
Early Fall:									
New Hampshire. .	250	250	270	185	190	200	46	48	54
Massachusetts. .	730	700	700	198	200	210	144	140	147
Rhode Island . .	80	80	80	190	190	200	15	15	16
Connecticut. . .	540	550	550	183	175	200	99	96	110
New York, L.I. .	1,680	1,300	1,400	207	200	210	347	260	294
Upst..	10,580	9,700	10,200	335	325	400	3,548	3,152	4,080
New Jersey . .	1,820	2,000	2,400	214	200	200	389	400	480
Pennsylvania . .	1,020	800	800	202	210	230	207	168	184
Ohio	1,900	1,700	1,900	290	320	310	553	544	589
Michigan	4,160	3,800	3,700	182	190	180	756	722	666
Wisconsin . . .	6,120	5,600	6,000	297	255	290	1,815	1,428	1,740
Minnesota . . .	1,380	1,200	1,200	178	180	180	246	216	216
Oregon and .. Idaho . . .	1,220	1,320	1,330	224	277	259	274	366	345
Group Total . .	31,810	29,000	30,530	269	261	292	8,557	7,555	8,921
CARROTS									
Early Fall:									
Massachusetts .	830	650	600	207	235	230	171	153	138
Connecticut . .	580	450	430	198	210	220	114	94	95
New York. . . .	2,080	2,400	2,400	322	340	330	669	816	792
Michigan. . . .	4,220	5,000	4,500	241	215	160	1,014	1,075	720
Wisconsin . . .	2,240	2,700	2,900	386	400	430	866	1,080	1,247
Minnesota . . .	710	650	700	395	455	400	280	296	280
Texas	5,160	6,600	6,000	186	150	190	952	990	1,140
Colorado. . . .	1,500	1,300	1,300	187	200	180	280	260	234
Washington. . .	1,540	2,000	2,500	384	355	390	592	710	975
Oregon.	1,800	1,900	2,000	413	445	440	738	846	880
Group Total . .	21,170	23,650	23,330	273	267	279	5,772	6,320	6,501
ONIONS									
Late Summer:									
New York. . . .	15,380	14,700	14,000	313	245	280	4,809	3,602	3,920
Ohio.	520	550	600	433	400	415	226	220	249
Indiana	840	900	750	332	250	400	280	225	300
Michigan. . . .	8,140	7,900	7,200	321	290	280	2,606	2,291	2,016
Wisconsin . . .	2,160	1,900	1,800	245	200	240	527	380	432
Minnesota . . .	1,480	1,300	1,000	220	190	210	323	247	210
Iowa.	400	360	320	214	210	230	86	76	74
Colorado. . . .	7,360	6,100	5,300	280	250	250	2,064	1,525	1,325
Utah.	690	550	600	294	280	330	204	154	198
Washington. . .	1,000	1,000	1,100	412	450	400	409	450	440
Western Oregon.	2,160	2,200	2,200	363	435	370	785	957	814
Idaho & East Oreg. Total. .	5,540	7,000	7,100	472	500	430	2,631	3,502	3,053
California. . .	10,200	13,100	15,800	350	345	340	3,586	4,520	5,372
Group Total. .	56,610	57,560	57,770	331	315	319	18,732	18,149	18,403

1/ Includes Processing.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
460 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Immediate Release

September 11, 1967

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT

(Acreage and Indicated Production as of September 1, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Commercial Processing - Production of sweet corn for processing is forecast at 444,000 tons for 1967. This is down 10 percent from production in 1966, but 22 percent above the 1961-65 average, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. A decrease in yield per acre from 4.45 tons in 1966 to a forecasted yield of 3.70 tons in 1967 accounted for this decline in production.

Snap Beans for Processing - Minnesota production is included in the total for "Other States". Production in these States is expected to be 31 percent above production in 1966 and 65 percent above the 1961-65 average.

Green Lima Beans for Processing - Minnesota production is included in the total for "Other States". Production in these States is expected to be slightly below production in 1966 but 7 percent above the 1961-65 average.

Beets for Canning - Minnesota production is included in the total for "Other States". Production in these States is expected to be 20 percent above production in 1966, and 24 percent above the 1961-65 average.

UNITED STATES: Sweet Corn for Processing - Sweet corn for processing is estimated at 2,069,600 tons, up 6 percent from 1966, and 25 percent more than average. Yields are expected to average 4.36 tons per acre compared with 4.41 tons in 1966.

Snap Beans for Processing - The 1967 crop of snap beans for processing is forecast at 652,250 tons, 25 percent above last year, and 35 percent more than the 1961-65 average. This year's production is expected to be harvested from 273,150 acres, which compares with 244,980 acres harvested in 1966. Yields are expected to average 2.4 tons per acre, compared to last year's yield of 2.1 tons per acre. The shift from pole type beans to bush type continues to lower overall average yield prospects in the Pacific Northwest.

Green Lima Beans for Processing - The first estimate of 1967 production of green lima beans for processing, at 121,550 tons, is 16 percent more than 1966. The 1967 acreage for harvest, at 102,660 acres, compares with 96,950 acres harvested in 1966. This year's yield per acre is placed at 2,368 pounds compared with 2,155 pounds last year.

Beets for Canning - The 1967 production of beets for canning estimated at 240,810 tons, is 24 percent more than last year. The acreage for harvest is expected to total 18,790 acres, compared with 17,050 acres harvested in 1966. The yield is estimated at 12.8 tons per acre this year compared with 11.4 tons last year.

Vegetables for Processing: Preliminary Acreage and Indicated Production, by States, 1967 with Comparisons

Green Lima Beans

State	Acreage			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Ind. 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Ind. 1967
	Average 1961-65	1966							
	- Acres -			- Lbs. -			- Tons -		
Delaware	18,420	19,500	22,800	1,460	1,000	1,600	13,460	9,750	18,240
Maryland	3,240	2,900	3,900	1,360	950	1,500	2,200	1,380	2,920
Wisconsin	4,900	7,500	8,200	2,160	2,070	2,300	5,330	7,760	9,430
Washington	2,060	5,300	7,000	2,500	2,640	2,200	2,530	7,000	7,700
California	26,960	31,900	31,900	3,300	3,100	3,400	44,460	49,440	54,230
Other States 1/	27,210	29,850	28,860	1,980	1,951	2,012	27,070	29,120	29,030
United States	84,730	96,950	102,660	2,280	2,155	2,368	96,850	104,450	121,550

Vegetables for Processing: Preliminary Acreage and Indicated Production, by States, 1967 with Comparisons — Cont.

Beets for Canning

State	Acreage Harvested Average 1961-65	Acreage Harvested 1966	Acreage For harvest 1967	Yield per Acre Average 1961-65	Yield per Acre 1966	Yield per Acre Ind. 1967	Production Average 1961-65	Production 1966	Production Ind. 1967
	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
New York	5,000	5,000	5,000	13.5	15.0	16.0	67,440	75,000	80,000
Michigan	570	550	700	9.2	7.6	8.5	5,240	4,200	6,000
Wisconsin	5,840	6,300	6,700	10.3	8.5	12.0	59,660	53,600	80,400
Oregon	1,540	1,500	2,000	17.6	18.2	17.0	26,980	27,300	34,000
Other States 2/	3,810	3,700	4,390	8.5	9.1	9.2	32,500	33,810	40,410
United States	16,760	17,050	18,790	11.5	11.4	12.8	191,820	193,910	240,810

Snap Beans for Processing

	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
New York	46,460	54,300	60,000	1.8	1.7	2.0	84,520	92,300	120,000
Pennsylvania	7,720	5,700	10,000	1.6	1.3	1.9	12,420	7,400	19,000
Delaware	6,660	6,100	9,400	1.2	.9	1.5	7,960	5,500	14,100
Maryland	12,560	13,100	12,000	1.6	1.2	1.8	19,800	15,700	21,600
Virginia	1,900	2,600	3,200	1.4	1.3	1.5	2,700	3,400	4,800
North Carolina	2,680	2,400	4,000	2.1	1.4	1.5	5,520	3,400	6,000
South Carolina	920	800	900	1.2	1.5	1.7	1,080	1,200	1,500
Florida	8,740	5,300	7,800	1.9	1.8	1.7	16,570	9,500	13,300
Michigan	10,200	11,400	11,600	1.6	1.7	1.5	16,320	19,400	17,400
Wisconsin	32,080	43,300	42,000	1.9	2.0	2.1	61,780	86,600	88,200
Tennessee	10,920	10,900	10,800	2.0	1.8	1.7	22,200	19,600	18,400
Oklahoma	2,700	3,500	3,400	1.6	1.2	1.7	4,320	4,200	5,800
Texas	6,440	6,600	7,500	2.0	1.8	2.6	12,720	11,900	19,500
Colorado	2,100	2,400	2,500	2.5	2.7	2.6	5,320	6,500	6,500
Washington	2,280	3,000	5,400	5.5	5.0	4.5	12,500	15,000	24,300
Oregon	18,200	24,700	28,800	6.6	5.3	5.5	118,040	130,900	158,400
California	5,400	11,600	12,900	5.6	2.1	2.3	28,380	24,400	29,700
Other States 3/	24,740	37,280	40,950	2.1	1.7	2.0	50,710	64,120	83,750
United States	202,700	244,980	273,150	2.4	2.1	2.4	482,870	521,020	652,250

Sweet Corn for Processing

	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
New York	17,420	15,400	15,000	4.49	5.10	5.20	78,300	78,500	78,000
Pennsylvania	8,440	6,900	8,300	2.94	1.77	4.00	24,840	12,200	33,200
Delaware	4,180	3,500	4,300	3.16	2.18	3.40	13,240	7,600	14,600
Maryland	28,700	23,000	28,200	3.00	1.93	3.40	86,260	44,400	95,900
Illinois	54,180	53,300	56,000	4.27	3.85	4.20	230,760	205,200	235,200
Wisconsin	98,720	115,900	115,000	3.79	3.95	3.90	372,760	457,800	448,500
Minnesota	94,020	110,900	120,000	3.89	4.45	3.70	365,220	493,500	444,000
Iowa	5,820	5,700	6,500	4.35	4.61	4.50	25,280	26,300	29,200
Idaho	12,500	15,400	16,700	5.86	5.16	5.50	73,240	79,500	91,800
Washington	26,000	42,000	49,500	5.34	6.13	5.80	138,200	257,500	287,100
Oregon	26,020	33,400	35,800	5.40	6.74	6.40	140,680	225,100	229,100
Other States 4/	27,070	17,550	19,550	4.05	3.67	4.25	111,010	64,400	83,000
United States	403,070	442,950	474,850	4.12	4.41	4.36	1,659,790	1,952,000	2,069,600

1/ Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Utah, and Virginia.
2/ California, Colorado, Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. 3/ Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, Ohio, Utah, Vermont, Nebraska, Massachusetts, South Dakota, and Wyoming.
4/ Arkansas, California, Colorado, Maine, Michigan, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wyoming, Indiana, and Ohio.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

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560 State Office Building
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Immediate Release

September 11, 1967

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT - September 1, 1967

Production of small grain crops in Minnesota during 1967 turned out better than earlier expected but cool dry weather is limiting row crop yields, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Department of Agriculture. Based on September 1 conditions, the crop production index now at 116 (1957-59=100%) is one point above 1966 and 13 points above the 5-year 1961-65 average.

FEED GRAINS: Production of feed grains now forecast at 12.5 million tons compares with 12.3 million tons in 1966 and the 5-year average of 11.3 million tons.

CORN: The 1967 corn crop is forecast at 330 million bushels, 20 million less than the August estimate and 3 percent less than the good crop of 1966 but 12 percent above the 5-year average. Development of this year's crop has been slowed up by continued cool dry weather. On September 2, only 50 percent of the corn acreage was in or beyond the dough stage when normally by this date 70 percent has reached the dough stage. Several weeks of warm maturing weather and a late frost will be needed for this year's corn.

The 1967 yield is estimated at 65 bushels per acre which compares with the estimate a month earlier of 69 bushels, the 1966 yield of 76 bushels and the 5-year average 62.4 bushels per acre.

SOYBEANS: A soybean crop of 76.8 million bushels is now in prospect for Minnesota. This is the same as estimated as of August 1 and compares with the record crop of 80.5 million bushels last year and the 5-year average of 54.1 million bushels. Dry cool weather is holding yields down and the 21 bushels per acre currently estimated compares with 24 bushels in 1966 and the 5-year average of 21.1 bushels per acre.

WHEAT: The 1967 wheat crop is estimated at 31.6 million bushels up 73 percent from the 1966 crop and 43 percent above the 5-year average crop. Minnesota had a 37 percent increase in wheat acres this year and yields have turned out better than earlier anticipated.

OATS: Oat production in 1967 estimated at 155.4 million bushels is up 12 percent from 1966 and is 1 percent more than the 5-year average. Wet June weather stimulated good growth and dry cool weather in July and August favored good yields. The 1967 yield is now estimatedat 55 bushels compared with 46.5 in 1966 and the 5-year average of 48.4.

BARLEY: A barley crop of 30.5 million bushels now estimated for Minnesota is 46 percent above last year and 30 percent above the 5-year average. This year's yield has turned out better than earlier expected and 42 bushels is forecast based on September 1 reports. In 1966 barley averaged 32 bushels per acre and the 5-year average is 34.5 bushels per acre.

FLAXSEED: The 1967 flax production is estimated at 3,835,000 bushels. This is about the same as the 1966 crop but is 35 percent less than the 5-year average. This year's yield now forecast at 13 bushels compares with 9.5 in 1966 and the 5-year average of 11.6 bushels per acre.

POTATOES: September 1 conditions indicate a total potato crop 5 percent less than a year ago and 16 percent less than the 5-year average. Dry, cool weather is limiting the yield forecast.

HAY: Hay production for 1967 now estimated at 7.2 million tons is 11 percent less than the 1966 crop and 8 percent below the 5-year average.

SUGAR BEETS: Cool, dry weather has been unfavorable for sugar beets and beets are not sizing up as they should. Production of 1,280,000 tons is 18 percent less than last year and 2 percent less than the 5-year average.

APPLES: Commercial apple production for 1967 is estimated at 390,000 bushels, 35 percent less than the record crop of 1966 but 10 percent above average.

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MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 676 million pounds during August, 1 percent more than August 1966 but 17 percent less than July of this year. Production during the first 8 months this year was 1 percent above the corresponding period last year.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production in August totaled 183 million eggs, one percent above a year ago. Egg production during the first 8 months this year was 2 percent above the corresponding period a year ago.

September 1, 1967 Crop Production Prospects, Minnesota

Commodity	Acreage			Yield Per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For Harvest 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	For Harvest 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Indicated 1967
	Acreage 1961-65	1966							
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
For Minnesota:									
Corn for Grain	4,693	4,494	5,078	62.4	76.0	65.0	293,931	341,544	330,070
All Wheat	890	799	1,091	24.9	22.9	29.0	22,107	18,318	31,605
Winter Wheat	22	16	48	24.4	28.0	27.0	551	448	1,296
Durum Wheat	73	56	62	28.8	27.0	30.0	2,170	1,512	1,860
Other Sp. Wheat	794	727	981	24.5	22.5	29.0	19,385	16,358	28,449
Oats	3,193	2,974	2,825	48.4	46.5	55.0	154,375	138,291	155,375
Barley	688	655	727	34.5	32.0	42.0	23,424	20,960	30,534
Rye	88	67	88	18.7	20.0	20.0	1,641	1,340	1,760
Flaxseed	509	404	295	11.6	9.5	13.0	5,897	3,838	3,835
Soybeans for Beans	2,587	3,356	3,658	21.1	24.0	21.0	54,122	80,544	76,818
Potatoes (cwt.)									
Late Summer	6.7	7.4	7.4	195	205	215	1,301	1,517	1,591
Fall	100.8	90.0	96.0	126	120	105	12,643	10,800	10,080
Sugar Beets (tons)	112.5	123.0	128.0	11.6	12.6	10.0	1,300	1,554	1,280
Hay, All (tons)	3,567	3,443	3,279	2.14	2.35	2.19	7,806	8,094	7,197

UNITED STATES: Total crop prospects improved during August, although dry spots reduced output in some areas. Cool weather across the eastern two-thirds of the country further delayed crop progress already behind normal in most northern areas. The northwestern portions of the Corn Belt and the Southern Great Plains were generally dry.

The all crops production index rose one point during August to a record 118-66 points (5 percent) above last year and 3 points (3 percent) above 1965. Total feed grain prospects continue at record levels. The composite index of yield per acre covering 28 leading crops also rose 1 point and, at 123, is one point above last year.

Tonnage of the four grains in 1967 is expected to total 175 million tons--up 1 percent from the August 1 forecast. The indicated total is 12 percent more than last year and 21 percent above average. Record high production of both corn and sorghum grain is expected to more than offset below average crops of oats and barley. Prospects improved during August for corn, oats, and barley but expected production of sorghum grain declined.

Production of food grains is expected to total about 51 million tons, up 2 percent from a month earlier and 16 percent above 1966. Spring wheat yields in the Northern Plains are turning out better than expected earlier, with the crop harvested under ideal conditions. Continued hot, dry weather in the Pacific Northwest lowered winter wheat prospects slightly but not enough to offset the gains in spring wheat.

The Nation expects its first billion-bushel soybean crop. Prospective yields per acre, as of September 1, are above a month earlier despite some dry weather damage in parts of the North Central region. Production of oilseeds, expected to total 35.3 million tons, is one-fifth more than average and 4 percent above last year. Outlook for peanuts and flaxseed also improved during August, but adverse weather in the Southeast and Delta States lowered prospective cotton production.

Farm stocks of soybeans on September 1, 1967 totaled 42.2 million bushels compared with 4.4 million bushels a year earlier. Farm disappearance during July and August is indicated at 43.2 million bushels compared with 14.7 million bushels in the year-earlier period. Iowa and Minnesota accounted for 73 percent of the United States total farm stocks. On September 1, 1965 farm stocks of soybeans totaled 7.6 million bushels.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
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POTATO ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION REPORT
September 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Late Summer potato production is estimated at 1,591,000 hundredweight, up 5 percent from last year and 22 percent above the 1961-65 average. Acres to be harvested total 7,400 the same as last year but 700 acres above the average.

Fall Potato production is forecast at 10,080,000 hundredweight, 7 percent less than 1966 and 20 percent less than the 1961-65 average. Acres to be harvested total 96,000, up 6,000 from 1966, a year when local areas suffered heavy drowning, but down 4,800 acres from the average.

UNITED STATES: Prospects for fall potatoes declined during the month as hot weather generally prevailed in the Pacific Northwest and dry weather continued in the Red River Valley. Expected yield in Maine is below earlier expectations. The 223,524,000 hundredweight is 5.9 million below the August 1 forecast and 4.3 million below 1966. Prospects in all fall regions declined during the month - 2.3 million in the 8 eastern States, 1.0 million in the central and 2.6 million in the western States. Harvest has started in many areas and the rate is expected to increase rapidly in September, when more areas start digging.

In Maine, where the crop is late, the set was below earlier expectations. Vine killing was expected to be general by early September. Prospects on Long Island are below earlier expectations because of poor sizing. On the other hand, August weather favored growth in Upstate New York and in Pennsylvania.

Ample rainfall was received in Michigan during August. In Wisconsin, prospects are generally good. Dry weather continued into August in the Red River Valley of Minnesota and North Dakota and prospects declined from August 1 because sizing was materially affected. High temperatures in southwestern and south central Iowa during August did not favor growth. In the eastern areas of Idaho, a good crop is in prospect. The prospects for the State, at 61.9 million, are much below the 70.2 in 1966. In the San Luis Valley of Colorado, some acreage was hail-damaged in August, but total damage was small. Growing conditions otherwise have been good. Prospects in Oregon and especially in Washington, were down because of the high temperatures in August. Sizes in Washington are expected to average below last year. The crop in California, on the other hand, continues to grow well in all areas.

Prospects for the late summer crop, at 30,430,000 hundredweight on September 1, are slightly below the 31,114,000 hundredweight forecast a month ago, but above the 29,430,000 hundredweight harvested in 1966. Digging was underway in all areas and because of the late growing season, was running generally later than usual. Yields in Wisconsin vary widely between fields and varieties. The crop in Colorado has been disappointing as tubers generally did not size. Harvest peaked in late August. In Washington, harvest of Russets is active in the Columbia Basin. Hot weather in August adversely affected development. In California, harvest is active in all areas. Yields in the Stockton Delta are variable and sizes below normal. Plentiful supplies are expected in September.

The utilization report, issued September 7, shows movement of potatoes for fresh market from the 1966 crop totaled 133.9million hundredweight-4 percent below the 1965 crop movement but 3 percent above 1964. The quantity processed for food products (excluding starch and flour) continues to rise - 66.4 million from the 1964 crop. 92.1 million in 1965, and 95.6 from the 1966 crop. Movement to starch and flour, at 11.0 million hundredweight, was much above the 8.1 from the 1965 crop. Total sales from the 1966 crop accounted for 265.0 million hundredweight, only 1 percent above the 262.4 million from the crop a year earlier. This slight increase occurred despite the record large harvest in 1966 - 306.9 million compared with 291.2 million a year earlier. The relatively large shrinkage and losses on farms - 28.5 million compared to 17.4 million from the 1965 and 10.3 million hundredweight from the 1964 crop - accounts for most of the reduced sales from the 1966 crop. Potatoes used on farms, where grown for food, continued to decline but seed used and volume fed to livestock on farms where grown were slightly above a year earlier.

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Acreage and Estimated Production of Potatoes
As of September 1, 1967 with Comparisons

Seasonal Group and Selected State	Acreage Harvested Average 1961-65	Acreage Harvested 1966	Acreage Indicated 1967	Yield per harv. acre Average 1961-65	Yield per harv. acre 1966	Yield per harv. acre Indicated 1967	Production Average 1961-65	Production 1966	Production Indicated 1967
	- 1,000 Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 Cwt. -		
Winter	20.6	25.5	24.6	197	199	201	4,069	5,084	4,940
Early Spring	28.1	35.6	29.4	159	138	101	4,469	4,924	2,979
Late Spring	103.4	113.3	103.0	223	229	217	22,966	25,937	22,376
Early Summer	86.7	87.1	86.7	151	158	158	13,095	13,740	13,686
Late Summer:									
N. Y. - L. I.	10.2	9.8	10.4	257	240	245	2,613	2,352	2,548
New Jersey	17.4	17.9	17.0	240	185	235	4,173	3,312	3,995
Michigan	9.9	11.8	10.9	146	125	170	1,433	1,475	1,853
Wisconsin	20.8	19.0	18.0	191	190	205	3,951	3,610	3,690
Minnesota	6.7	7.4	7.4	195	205	215	1,301	1,517	1,591
Colorado	14.2	13.1	11.7	193	225	180	2,733	2,948	2,106
Washington	18.8	21.0	25.0	320	370	330	6,004	7,770	8,250
California	8.6	9.4	10.0	331	355	320	2,839	3,337	3,200
Other	29.0	24.1	22.8	128	129	140	3,717	3,109	3,197
Total Late Summer	135.6	133.5	133.2	212	220	228	28,764	29,430	30,430
FALL:									
Maine	143.0	158.0	163.0	260	240	245	37,168	37,920	39,935
N. H.	1.6	1.3	1.2	210	215	215	332	280	258
Vermont	2.1	1.7	1.6	188	185	190	397	314	304
Massachusetts	6.8	6.8	6.6	201	190	195	1,369	1,292	1,287
Rhode Island	5.5	5.7	5.8	227	223	210	1,249	1,271	1,218
Connecticut	6.6	6.5	6.4	227	230	210	1,496	1,495	1,344
N. Y. - L. I.	29.2	29.7	28.1	271	255	265	7,895	7,574	7,446
- Upstate	40.8	39.0	38.0	219	220	245	8,945	8,580	9,310
Pennsylvania	39.0	39.0	39.0	192	162	225	7,497	6,318	8,775
8 Eastern Fall	274.6	287.7	289.7	242	226	241	66,348	65,044	69,877
Ohio	11.8	11.9	12.1	205	190	205	2,419	2,261	2,480
Indiana	6.2	7.0	7.0	260	225	260	1,602	1,575	1,820
Michigan	35.1	36.0	33.5	202	205	220	7,100	7,380	7,370
Wisconsin	34.3	41.0	39.0	214	215	220	7,348	8,815	8,580
Minnesota	100.8	90.0	96.0	126	120	105	12,643	10,800	10,080
N. Dakota	112.2	110.0	114.0	122	130	110	13,651	14,300	12,540
S. Dakota	5.6	5.8	5.5	101	135	110	561	783	605
Nebraska	8.1	8.1	7.8	193	190	200	1,561	1,539	1,560
8 Central Fall	314.0	309.8	314.9	150	153	143	46,884	47,453	45,035
Montana	7.8	8.0	8.4	171	170	175	1,338	1,360	1,470
Idaho-10 S.W. Co.	17.4	35.0	31.0	261	310	280	4,692	10,850	8,680
-Other Co.	240.6	276.0	273.0	194	215	195	46,809	59,340	53,235
Wyoming	3.5	3.6	3.2	150	145	160	530	522	512
Colorado	35.3	30.5	36.0	235	280	260	8,314	8,540	9,360
Utah	8.1	8.1	7.7	147	170	175	1,187	1,377	1,348
Nevada	1.3	.8	.9	186	220	240	233	176	216
Washington	22.7	37.0	39.0	315	380	340	7,220	14,060	13,260
Oreg.-Malheur Co.	11.3	14.5	20.0	261	260	240	2,932	3,770	4,800
-Other Co.	25.6	27.0	28.0	240	245	230	6,154	6,615	6,440
California	24.4	31.0	32.6	257	280	285	6,271	8,680	9,291
9 Western Fall	398.0	471.5	479.8	215	245	226	85,682	115,290	108,612
Total	986.6	1,069.0	1,084.4	201	213	206	198,914	227,787	223,524
U. S.	1,361.2	1,464.0	1,461.3	200	210	204	272,276	306,902	297,935

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SEP 20 1967

Immediate Release

September 14, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending September 9, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 354,000 poults during the week ending September 9, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 4 percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 136,000 were up considerably from the 63,000 hatched during the same week in 1966, while the light breed hatch at 218,000 was down 21 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
August 19	185	214	310	416	495	630	127
August 26	102	222	267	337	369	559	151
Sept. 2	128	130	265	322	393	452	115
Sept. 9	63	136	276	218	339	354	104
			Eggs Set				
July 22	397	479	540	697	937	1,176	126
July 29	235	461	488	548	723	1,009	140
August 5	276	269	477	509	753	778	103
August 12	121	262	479	350	600	612	102
August 19	187	240	331	273	518	513	99
August 26	124	253	334	335	458	588	128
Sept. 2	85	159	391	355	476	514	108
Sept. 9	156	63	248	406	404	469	116
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
August 19	113	123	218	315	331	438	132
August 26	50	126	190	265	240	391	163
Sept. 2	90	107	190	197	280	304	109
Sept. 9	52	85	169	119	221	204	92
			Eggs Set				
July 22	242	258	377	505	619	763	123
July 29	111	259	341	419	452	678	150
August 5	186	220	350	313	536	533	99
August 12	98	165	303	194	401	359	90
August 19	163	#	263	#	426	396	93
August 26	#	#	#	#	362	360	99
Sept. 2	20	112	267	279	287	391	136
Sept. 9	#	#	#	#	295	352	119
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
August 19	64	#	0	0	64	#	#
August 26	41	#	0	0	41	#	#
Sept. 2	38	0	0	0	38	0	-
Sept. 9	11	#	0	0	11	#	#
			Eggs Set				
July 22	134	#	0	0	134	#	#
July 29	95	#	0	0	95	#	#
August 5	90	0	0	0	90	0	-
August 12	23	#	0	0	23	#	#
August 19	24	#	0	0	24	#	#
August 26	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 2	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 9	#	#	0	0	#	#	#

Confidential

1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 469,000 eggs, a level 16 percent above last year. By breed types, heavy breed eggs at 63,000 were down 93,000 while light breed settings at 406,000 were up 64 percent from the same period a year ago.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 9, totaled 204,000, 8 percent less than the same week last year. Heavy breed hatchings at 85,000 poults were up 63 percent and light breed poults at 119,000 were down from the 169,000 hatched during the comparable week in 1966.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 352,000, 19 percent above the total for the same week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 27 percent of the week's hatch compared with 18 percent the previous week and 5 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446		938		1,384		1,548		1,914		3,462	
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426		1,120		1,546		1,218		2,177		3,395	
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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SEP 20 1967

Immediate Release

September 15, 1967

1966 CASH FARM INCOME -- MINNESOTA

Cash receipts from livestock and livestock products to Minnesota farmers totaled 1,271 million dollars in 1966, an increase of 139 million or 8 percent above the previous year. Cash receipts from crop marketings totaled 544 million dollars in 1966, an increase of 73 million or 16 percent.

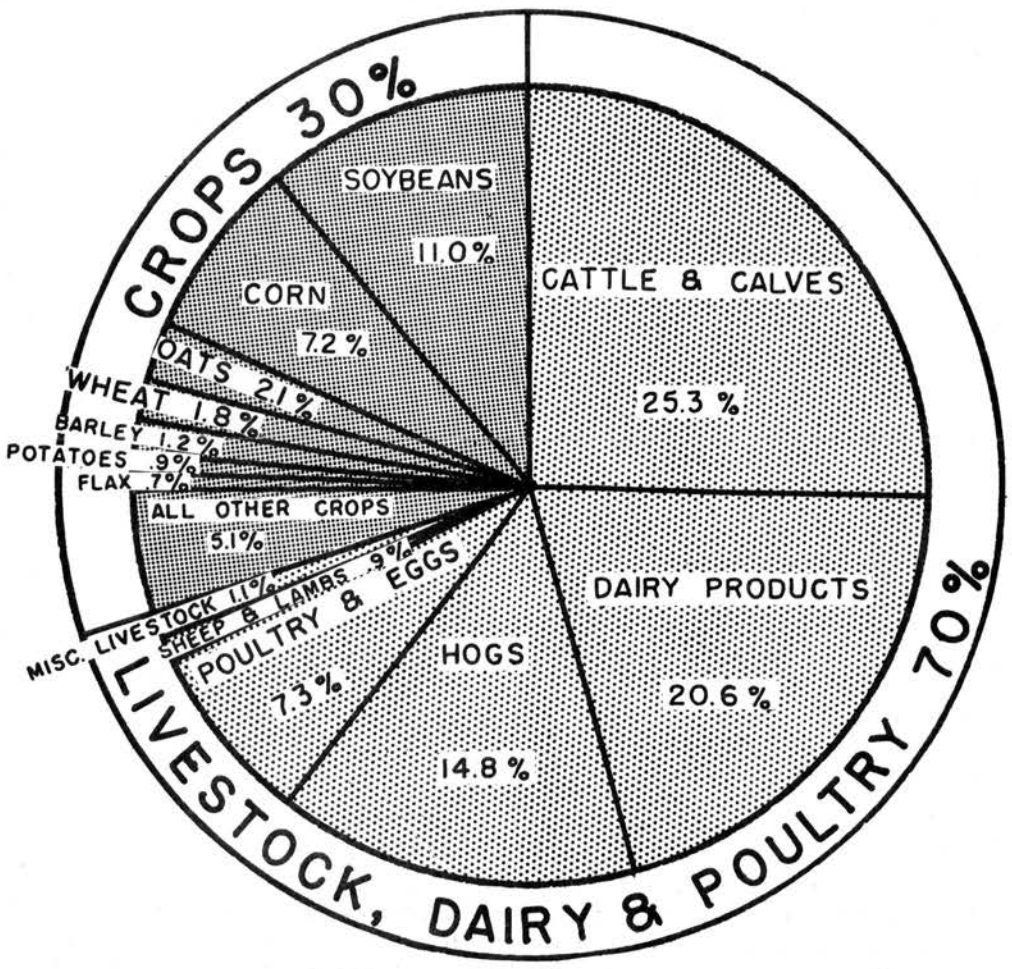
Sales of livestock and livestock products accounted for 70 percent of total cash receipts in 1966 with crop sales accounting for 30 percent of the total. Leading in the sales were cattle and calves, dairy products, hogs, soybeans, and poultry and eggs which combined accounted for about 79 percent of the total 1966 cash receipts. These are shown in the chart below.

Cash receipts from all farm marketings of crops, livestock, and livestock products by Minnesota farmers in 1966 totaled 1,815 million dollars, an increase of 213 million or 13 percent above the 1,602 million dollars received in 1965.

The summary of gross and net income and production expenses usually included with this cash farm income release is not available at this time and will be sent later to those who usually receive the farm income report.

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

MINNESOTA CASH FARM INCOME - 1966
(Cash Receipts From Farm Marketings)



Minnesota Cash Receipts from Farm Marketings, 1964 - 1966

Commodity	1964		1965		1966	
	Dollars	Pct. of Total	Dollars	Pct. of Total	Dollars	Pct. of Total
	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.	Thous.	Pct.
CROPS:						
Feed Grains:						
Corn	140,018	9.3	105,689	6.6	129,795	7.2
Oats	33,211	2.2	38,071	2.4	37,857	2.1
Barley	16,327	1.1	20,388	1.3	21,217	1.2
Food Grains:						
Wheat	32,447	2.2	34,375	2.1	33,126	1.8
Rye	1,392	.1	1,820	.1	1,340	.1
Oil Crops:						
Flax	11,131	.7	16,887	1.0	12,547	.7
Soybeans	131,257	8.7	140,198	8.7	200,055	11.0
All Hay	16,940	1.1	22,173	1.4	20,403	1.1
Sugar Beets	14,045	.9	15,157	1.0	17,520	1.0
Red Clover Seed	741	-	559	-	978	.1
Vegetable Crops:						
Potatoes	21,962	1.5	28,370	1.8	17,257	.9
Peas for Processing	5,253	.3	7,308	.5	8,033	.4
Onions	769	.1	513	-	628	-
Sweet Corn	7,482	.5	8,681	.5	12,023	.7
Other Crops and Vegetables 1/	9,496	.6	9,625	.6	9,046	.5
Fruits, Berries and Melons 2/	1,497	.1	1,210	.1	1,940	.1
Forest (Including Maple Products)	5,131	.3	5,027	.3	4,783	.3
Greenhouse and Nursery	13,308	.9	14,108	.9	14,954	.8
Total Crops	462,407	30.6	470,159	29.3	543,502	30.0
LIVESTOCK:						
Meat Animals:						
Cattle and Calves	345,201	22.8	389,718	24.3	458,113	25.3
Hogs	205,717	13.6	244,195	15.3	269,036	14.8
Sheep and Lambs	13,761	.9	15,148	1.0	15,167	.8
Poultry and Eggs:						
Eggs	57,595	3.8	53,277	3.3	60,725	3.4
Farm Chickens	2,437	.2	2,005	.1	2,456	.1
Turkeys	50,178	3.3	53,607	3.4	58,505	3.2
Broilers	5,892	.4	5,340	.3	5,811	.3
Other Poultry & Turkey Eggs	5,510	.4	6,392	.4	6,002	.3
Dairy Products:						
Milk, Wholesale	330,525	21.9	330,660	20.6	363,480	20.0
Milk, Retail	1,560	.1	1,365	.1	1,505	.1
Butterfat	12,992	.8	10,212	.6	8,548	.5
Wool	2,944	.2	2,557	.2	2,529	.1
Other Livestock & Products 3/	15,191	1.0	17,399	1.1	19,247	1.1
Total Livestock	1,049,503	69.4	1,131,875	70.7	1,271,124	70.0
TOTAL ALL CROPS AND LIVESTOCK	1,511,910	100.0	1,602,034	100.0	1,814,626	100.0

1/ Dry Beans, Dry Peas, Asparagus, Green Lima Beans, Snap Beans, Celery, Cauliflower, Egg Plant, Lettuce, Peppers, Beets, Cabbage, Carrots, Cucumbers, Tomatoes, Miscellaneous Vegetables, Alfalfa Seed, Bluegrass Seed, Sweetclover Seed, Timothy Seed, and miscellaneous crops.

2/ Apples, Berries, Melons.

3/ Honey, Beeswax, and Other Livestock.

INCOME: Realized Gross Income and Net Income from Farming, Minnesota, 1960 - 1966 1/

Year	Cash Receipts from Farm Marketings	Government Payments	Value of Home Consumption	Gross Rental of Farm Buildings	Total Realized Gross Farm Income
	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.
1960	1,437.1	31.7	47.0	84.5	1,600.3
1961	1,468.6	78.7	44.8	85.6	1,677.7
1962	1,455.7	90.5	42.6	83.2	1,671.9
1963	1,465.6	101.4	40.7	97.8	1,705.4
1964	1,511.9	121.1	38.1	95.9	1,767.0
1965	1,602.0	131.2	37.7	103.9	1,874.9
1966	1,814.6	135.4	39.8	107.4	2,097.3

Year	Farm Production Expenses	Realized Net Farm Income 2/	Net Change in Farm Inventories	Total Net Farm Income 2/
	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.	Mil. Dols.
1960	1,167.3	433.0	47.3	480.4
1961	1,192.6	485.2	23.6	508.7
1962	1,212.5	459.4	- 46.9	412.5
1963	1,255.2	450.2	105.5	555.7
1964	1,271.6	495.4	-150.6	344.9
1965	1,321.7	553.1	27.9	581.1
1966	1,444.2	653.1	19.7	672.8

1/ Details may not add to totals because of roundings.
2/ Of farm operators.

INCOME: Average Realized Gross Farm Production Expenses, and Net Income per Farm. Minnesota, 1960 - 1966

Year	Realized Gross Income	Farm Production Expenses 1/	Realized Net Income	Total Net Income
	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
1960	10,259	7,483	2,776	3,079
1961	10,894	7,744	3,150	3,304
1962	11,000	7,978	3,022	2,714
1963	11,446	8,425	3,021	3,730
1964	12,103	8,710	3,393	2,362
1965	13,111	9,243	3,868	4,064
1966	15,088	10,389	4,699	4,841

1/ Computed - realized gross minus realized net.

Farm Production Expenses, Minnesota 1956 - 1966

Year	Current Farm Operating Expenses						
	Feed	Livestock	Seed 1/	Fertilizer and Lime	Repairs and Operation of Capital Items 2/	Miscellaneous 3/	Hired Labor 4/
	Million Dollars						
1956	160.7	69.8	27.6	28.9	198.9	84.9	51.2
1957	172.2	93.6	27.1	31.9	201.4	88.4	49.1
1958	197.7	140.2	25.1	33.8	201.8	98.0	51.4
1959	211.9	144.9	25.2	38.3	207.9	100.5	54.4
1960	219.1	131.2	25.5	37.4	202.2	107.7	52.2
1961	231.6	125.6	26.3	39.2	196.4	110.7	51.3
1962	232.3	126.7	25.8	40.1	199.6	117.0	56.5
1963	243.0	114.9	28.0	42.7	203.4	122.2	52.9
1964	229.3	98.1	29.1	51.9	203.7	143.9	49.7
1965	220.0	112.9	30.4	56.0	211.7	146.3	48.3
1966	236.5	159.1	30.9	58.9	219.8	154.5	38.5

Year	Total Current Farm Operating Expenses	Depreciation and Other Consumption of Farm Capital 5/	Taxes on Farm Property	Interest on Farm Mortgage Debt	Net Rent to Nonfarm Landlords	Total Production Expenses
	Million Dollars					
1956	621.9	207.0	62.2	20.4	62.9	974.4
1957	663.6	214.7	65.6	22.1	47.9	1,013.9
1958	748.0	221.6	67.1	23.8	57.0	1,117.6
1959	783.1	232.7	70.9	26.1	53.9	1,166.8
1960	775.3	235.1	77.9	28.8	50.3	1,167.3
1961	781.0	234.7	84.6	31.1	61.1	1,192.6
1962	798.0	238.5	89.0	33.6	53.4	1,212.5
1963	807.1	253.8	93.0	36.7	64.6	1,255.2
1964	805.8	265.5	94.5	40.1	65.7	1,271.6
1965	825.6	285.2	100.2	43.8	66.9	1,321.7
1966	898.2	304.3	107.4	48.7	85.6	1,444.2

1/ Includes bulbs, plants and trees.
2/ Repairs and maintenance of buildings, repairs and operation of motor vehicles and other machinery, and petroleum fuel and oil used in the farm business.
3/ Includes interest on non-real-estate debt, pesticides, ginning, electricity and telephone (business share), livestock marketing charges (excluding feed and transportation), containers, milk hauling, irrigation, grazing, binding materials, tolls for sirup, horses and mules, harness and saddlery, blacksmithing and hardware, veterinary services and medicines, net insurance premiums (crop, fire, wind, and hail) and miscellaneous dairy, nursery, greenhouse, apiary, and other supplies.
4/ Includes cash wages, perquisites, and Social Security taxes paid by employers.
5/ Includes depreciation and accidental damage to farm buildings and depreciation of motor vehicles and other farm machinery and equipment.

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SEP 23 1967

Immediate Release

September 15, 1967

1967 SWEETCLOVER SEED FORECAST

MINNESOTA: Sweetclover seed production for 1967 is forecast at 2,820,000 pounds, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This year's crop is 9 percent larger than the 1966 production of 2,580,000 pounds. The larger crop this year is due to an increase in yield per acre.

Growers expect to harvest 12,000 acres this year, the same as harvested in 1966. Yield this year is estimated at 235 pounds per acre compared with 215 pounds last year and the 5-year average of 209 pounds. The average date of harvest for 1967 was August 21, the same as in 1966.

UNITED STATES: The 1967 production of sweetclover seed is forecast at 12,105,000 pounds. The indicated crop is 25 percent less than last year's revised total of 16,100,000 pounds and 44 percent less than the 1961-65 average production. Production this year is below last year in all States except Minnesota. Production in Michigan, North Dakota, Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas this year is the lowest of record. In Minnesota production is up 9 percent from a year earlier.

The acreage intended for seed harvest this year is estimated at a record low 57,200 acres, 25 percent below last year and 47 percent below average. Acreage was the same as last year in Minnesota but ranged from 4 to 50 percent below last year for other States.

The U. S. yield per acre, at 212 pounds, compares with 210 pounds a year earlier, and the average of 201 pounds. Yields are expected to be the same as or lower than last year in all States except Michigan, Minnesota, and Oklahoma.

The average beginning dates of harvest were later than last year in most States. Dates on which harvesting began this year are July 10 in Texas, July 20 in Oklahoma, July 29 in Kansas, August 1 in Illinois, August 6 in South Dakota, August 7 in Missouri, and Nebraska, August 10 in Ohio, August 20 in North Dakota, August 21 in Minnesota, and September 1 in Michigan.

Carryover on June 30, 1967 of previous years' seed totaled 12,499,000 pounds, (7,888,000 by dealers and 4,611,000 by growers). This compares with 11,275,000 pounds (6,218,000 dealers and 5,057,000 growers) a year earlier and the five-year average of 9,802,000 pounds. Initial supply (Production plus carryover) is expected to be 24,604,000 pounds compared with 27,375,000 pounds for 1966.

Imports of sweetclover seed during the twelve-month period ending June 30,1967 totaled 10,369,800 pounds--all from Canada (54,900 U.S. seed returned). A year earlier imports were 7,234,700.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Sweetclover Seed: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production average 1961-65, annual 1966 and 1967

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per acre			Production (clean seed)		
	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967
	Acres			Pounds			Thousand pounds		
Ohio	9,100	8,000	4,000	225	210	190	2,017	1,680	760
Ill.	5,000	5,000	4,800	138	125	120	686	625	576
Mich.	2,500	2,000	1,500	172	140	150	417	280	225
Minn.	17,700	12,000	12,000	209	215	235	3,502	2,580	2,820
Mo.	2,540	2,000	1,400	165	165	165	419	330	231
N. Dak.	7,400	5,000	3,000	234	250	235	1,724	1,250	705
S. Dak.	16,400	13,000	11,500	240	245	240	3,950	3,185	2,760
Nebr.	11,200	7,500	6,000	204	200	190	2,282	1,500	1,140
Kans.	15,600	11,000	5,500	147	170	165	2,254	1,870	908
Okla.	5,220	2,500	1,500	136	100	120	699	250	180
Texas	13,700	8,500	6,000	244	300	300	3,369	2,550	1,800
U. S.	107,920	76,500	57,200	201	210	212	21,550	16,100	12,105

1/ Revised

Sweetclover Seed Supply: United States, average 1961-65 annual 1966 and 1967

Item	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967
		- - - 1,000 pounds - - -	
Production	21,550	16,100	12,105
Farm Carryover	4,059	5,057	4,611
Dealer Carryover	5,743	6,218	7,888
Supply (production plus carryover)	31,352	27,375	24,604

1/ Revised

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Immediate Release

September 18, 1967

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
August 1967

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 2,097,000 chicks during August 1967 which was 45 percent above August 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The August hatch consisted of 1,384,000 egg-type chicks and 713,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was up 84 percent and the broiler-chick production was up 2 percent from the same month in 1966. For the period, January through August, the egg-type hatch was down 10 percent, while the broiler-type hatch was 5 percent above the 1966 level.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-August for Minnesota was $3.02 per 100 pounds, compared with $3.09 the previous month, and $3.19 a year ago. On August 15, the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 7.0 compared with 7.1 the previous month and 10.2 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg - type			Broiler - type		
	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966
	- Thousands -		Percent	- Thousands -		Percent
January	839	1,063	+38	680	737	+ 8
February	809	1,404	+74	593	585	- 1
March	3,993	3,455	-13	819	900	+10
April	6,028	4,969	-18	1,068	1,100	+ 3
May	6,094	4,421	-27	1,048	1,191	+14
June	2,590	1,850	-29	930	921	- 1
July	851	1,170	+37	727	725	0
August	752	1,384	+84	696	713	+ 2
September	671			640		
October	821			605		
November	657			729		
December	851			667		

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced an estimated 267 million chicks during August, an increase of 3 percent from the 259 million produced in August 1966. The number of broiler-type chicks hatched totaled 231 million, up 3 percent from a year earlier. During January through August 1967, there were 1,917 million broiler-type chicks produced, 2 percent above the same months last year and a new record high for this period. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on September 1 was down 7 percent from September 1, 1966.

The number of egg-type chicks hatched during August is estimated at 35.3 million, 3 percent above August 1966. All regions increased from a year earlier, except the North Atlantic which declined 11 percent and the South Atlantic which was down 6 percent. The increases in other regions were as follows: North Central, 19 percent; South Central, 3 percent; and West, 1 percent. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 8 months of 1967 totaled 417 million, down 2 percent from the same period last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on September 1 was down 5 percent from September 1 a year earlier.

Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries,
Selected States and United States, August 1966 and 1967

State and Division	During August					
	Broiler Type		Egg Type		Total	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	480	396	1,690	1,100	2,170	1,496
Indiana	2,395	1,938	2,082	3,042	4,477	4,980
Illinois	36	26	1,161	1,489	1,197	1,515
Michigan	405	1/	750	700	1,155	1/
Wisconsin	1,346	1,250	236	355	1,582	1,605
Minnesota	696	713	752	1,384	1,448	2,097
Iowa	50	40	420	720	470	760
Missouri	2,211	1,872	835	661	3,046	2,533
North Dakota	1/	1/	0	0	1/	1/
South Dakota	1/	1/	35	205	1/	1/
Nebraska	31	31	343	282	374	313
Kansas	6	20	360	340	366	360
N. Central	7,656	6,706	8,664	10,278	16,320	16,984
UNITED STATES	224,275	231,418	34,389	35,307	258,664	266,725

1/ Included only in North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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September 21, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending September 16, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 282,000 poults during the week ending September 16, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 4 percent below the same week of 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 121,000 were up 21 percent from the same week in 1966, while the light breed hatch at 161,000 was down 17 percent from the comparable week a year ago.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
August 26	102	222	267	337	369	559	151
Sept. 2	128	130	265	322	393	452	115
Sept. 9	63	136	276	218	339	354	104
Sept. 16	100	121	193	161	293	282	96
Eggs Set							
July 29	235	461	488	548	723	1,009	140
August 5	276	269	477	509	753	778	103
August 12	121	262	479	350	600	612	102
August 19	187	240	331	273	518	513	99
August 26	124	253	334	335	458	588	128
Sept. 2	85	159	391	355	476	514	108
Sept. 9	156	63	248	406	404	469	116
Sept. 16	84	129	400	298	484	427	88
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
August 26	50	126	190	265	240	391	163
Sept. 2	90	107	190	197	280	304	109
Sept. 9	52	85	169	119	221	204	92
Sept. 16	88	#	152	#	240	227	95
Eggs Set							
July 29	111	259	341	419	452	678	150
August 5	186	220	350	313	536	533	99
August 12	98	165	303	194	401	359	90
August 19	163	#	263	#	426	396	93
August 26	#	#	#	#	362	360	99
Sept. 2	20	112	267	279	287	391	136
Sept. 9	#	#	#	#	295	352	119
Sept. 16	#	#	#	#	342	269	79
California							
Poults Hatched							
August 26	41	#	0	0	41	#	#
Sept. 2	38	0	0	0	38	0	-
Sept. 9	11	#	0	0	11	#	#
Sept. 16	12	#	0	0	12	#	#
Eggs Set							
July 29	95	#	0	0	95	#	#
August 5	90	0	0	0	90	0	-
August 12	23	#	0	0	23	#	#
August 19	24	#	0	0	24	#	#
August 26	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 2	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 9	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 16	#	#	0	0	#	#	#

#Confidential

1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota & Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 427,000 eggs, a level 12 percent below last year. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 129,000 were up 54 percent while light breed settings at 298,000 were down 26 percent from the same period a year ago.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 16 totaled 227,000, 5 percent less than the same week last year. Hatchings by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 269,000 down 21 percent from the same week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were also confidential to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 45 percent of the week's hatch compared with 27 percent the previous week and 12 percent a year ago.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested in the United States by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during August 1967 was 298,268, up 16 percent from August last year. The number of heavy white breeds tested totaled 253,587, up 27 percent from a year earlier. Other heavy breeds tested at 44,681 birds were down 23 percent from August 1966. The number of light breed turkeys tested totaled 5,740 compared with 26,325 in August 1966. Testings of light breeds during August is at a seasonal low period of the year.

Turkeys tested in Minnesota during August 1967 included 33,047 heavy white, 1,400 other heavy and no light breed. The cumulative totals for July and August 1967 are 42,458 heavy white, 1,400 other heavy and no light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months of 1966 were 13,680 heavy white, no other heavy and 19,011 light breed turkeys.

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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SEP 25 1967

Immediate Release

September 21, 1967

SEPTEMBER 1, 1967 PIG REPORT

MINNESOTA: A smaller June-November 1967 pig crop for the State than in 1966, but an increase in sows intended for farrowing in the December 1967 - February 1968 quarter is indicated by the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. As of September 1 there were 2 percent fewer hogs and pigs on Minnesota farms. These facts are summarized from several thousand producers reporting on the regular September 1 survey.

For the June-August pig crop, a total of 178,000 head of sows farrowed, 3 percent less than a year earlier. The average number of pigs saved per litter was 7.50 pigs compared to 7.44 pigs during the same quarter a year earlier. The larger litter size held the quarterly pig crop to only 2 percent less than last year or a total of 1,335,000 head.

Farrowing intentions for the September-November 1967 quarter total 142,000 head of sows, 5 percent less than during the same months of 1966. But for the December 1967 - February 1968 quarter, a total of 150,000 head of sows are intended to farrow, 5 percent above the comparable quarter last year.

On September 1, 1967, an estimated 3,390,000 head of all hogs and pigs were on Minnesota farms, 2 percent less than a year earlier. Of the 3,390,000 head, 478,000 head were breeding hogs which was 1 percent larger than a year earlier. Other hogs and pigs, those intended for slaughter, totaled 2,912,000 head, down 2 percent from September 1, 1966. By weight groups, the number of other hogs and pigs weighing less than 119 pounds were down 5 percent from September 1, 1966, those weighing from 120 to 179 pounds were up 1 percent and those weighing 180 pounds and over were 5 percent above a year earlier.

TEN STATES: The June-August 1967 pig crop in the 10 States is estimated at 16,217,000 head, 1 percent below the June-August 1966 pig crop of 16,327,000 head. Sows farrowed during June-August 1967 totaled 2,198,000 head -- a decrease of 3 percent from the year earlier period. The average number of pigs per litter increased to 7.38 pigs from 7.20 a year earlier. On June 1, 1967 farmers in the 10 States reported intentions to decrease sow farrowings 5 percent during June-August from the same months in 1966. The number of sows farrowed during June 1967 was 766,000 head, 1 percent less than the number farrowed in June a year earlier. July farrowings, at 653,000 head, were 8 percent less than July 1966 and August farrowings, at 779,000, were 2 percent below August 1966.

Sows bred for farrowing in the 10 States during September, October, and November totaled 2,132,000 head, 1 percent less than a year earlier. Only two States, Nebraska and South Dakota, indicated an increase in farrowing intentions compared with a year earlier. Iowa and Illinois expect to farrow the same number as last year. Decreases in the other 6 States ranged from 1 percent in Kansas to 10 percent in Ohio. Expected farrowings by months are: September - 1,062,000 sows, 6 percent less than the number farrowed a year ago; October - 675,000 sows, up 1 percent, and November - 395,000 sows, up 10 percent. The September 1 intentions for September - November farrowings are 5 percentage points above the intentions reported for this period on June 1, 1967.

Breeding intentions are for 1,703,000 sows to farrow during the December 1967-February 1968 quarter, 2 percent less than the same quarter a year earlier. Three States, Minnesota, Missouri, and South Dakota expect increases. Iowa expects no change from a year earlier. Other States show decreases ranging from 2 percent in Indiana to 10 percent in Kansas.

The number of hogs and pigs on farms in the 10 Corn Belt States on September 1, 1967 is estimated at 45,500,000 head. This is a decrease of 1 percent from the 46,114,000 head a year earlier, but 133,000 head

- OVER -

All hogs and pigs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and 10 States

Item	Minnesota				10 States 1/			
	1961-65 average	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1961-65 average	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
All Hogs on Farms:								
June 1	4,003	3,298	3,364	102	47,304	44,272	44,702	101
September 1	4,097	3,459	3,390	98	48,334	46,114	45,500	99
June-Aug. Pig Crop:								
Sows farrowing	194	183	178	97	2,266	2,269	2,198	97
Pigs per litter	7.29	3/ 7.44	3/ 7.50	101	2/	3/ 7.20	3/ 7.38	102
Pig crop	1,415	1,362	1,335	98	2/	16,327	16,217	99
Sows Farrowing:								
Sept. - Nov.	164	150	4/ 142	95	2,129	2,154	4/ 2,132	99
	1961-65 average	1967	1968	Pct. of 1967	1961-65 average	1967	1968	Pct. of 1967
Sows Farrowing:								
Dec. 5/ - Feb.	145	143	4/ 150	105	1,755	1,739	4/ 1,703	98

1/ Ohio, Ind., Ill., Wis., Minn., Iowa, Mo., So. Dak., Nebr. and Kans.
2/ Not available.
3/ Actual number.
4/ Number indicated by breeding intentions report.
5/ December preceding year.

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, pig crop,
June - February, 10 States, 1966 - 1968

State	June - August						September - November			December - February 1/		
	Sows farrowing			Pig crop 2/			Sows to farrow			Sows to farrow		
	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1967	1968 3/	Pct. of 1967
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	143	130	91	1,057	980	93	129	116	90	111	107	96
Indiana	265	233	88	1,942	1,757	90	190	180	95	210	206	98
Illinois	399	407	102	2,809	2,959	105	375	375	100	307	279	91
Wisconsin	119	102	86	872	770	88	110	104	95	85	81	95
Minnesota	183	178	97	1,362	1,335	98	150	142	95	143	150	105
Iowa	682	662	97	4,890	4,872	100	654	654	100	462	462	100
Missouri	224	235	105	1,572	1,692	108	244	239	98	186	193	104
So. Dak.	57	64	112	408	461	113	73	82	112	50	55	110
Nebraska	128	116	91	915	858	94	148	160	108	116	108	93
Kansas	69	71	103	500	533	107	81	80	99	69	62	90
Total 10 States	2,269	2,198	97	16,327	16,217	99	2,154	2,132	99	1,739	1,703	98

1/ December preceding year.
2/ Number of pigs farrowed June through August which are still on hand September 1, or have been sold.
3/ Number indicated by breeding intentions report.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs, and other hogs by weight groups,
10 States, September 1, 1966 - 1967

State	All hogs and Pigs			Breeding hogs			Other hogs and pigs					
							Under 120 pounds			120 pounds and over		
	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	2,615	2,537	97	340	317	93	1,435	1,454	101	840	766	91
Indiana	4,707	4,330	92	621	585	94	2,655	2,416	91	1,431	1,329	93
Illinois	7,488	7,338	98	1,011	1,064	105	3,795	3,808	100	2,682	2,466	92
Wisconsin	1,883	1,789	95	301	304	101	1,108	1,017	92	474	468	99
Minnesota	3,459	3,390	98	474	478	101	1,901	1,800	95	1,084	1,112	103
Iowa	15,291	15,291	100	2,064	1,988	96	8,002	7,849	98	5,225	5,454	104
Missouri	3,983	4,102	103	558	595	107	2,158	2,262	105	1,267	1,245	98
So. Dak.	2,024	2,064	102	233	258	111	1,059	1,003	95	732	803	110
Nebraska	3,192	3,128	98	431	422	98	1,632	1,507	92	1,129	1,199	106
Kansas	1,472	1,531	104	218	230	106	746	780	105	508	521	103
Total 10 States	46,114	45,500	99	6,251	6,241	100	24,491	23,896	98	15,372	15,363	100

(less than 1 percent) above the 45,367,000 head on September 1, 1965. Inventory numbers on September 1, 1967 were larger than a year earlier in Kansas -- 4 percent, Missouri -- 3 percent, and South Dakota -- 2 percent, but smaller in each of the other States except Iowa which was unchanged. Illinois, Minnesota, and Nebraska were down 2 percent, Ohio was down 3 percent, Wisconsin 5 percent, and Indiana 8 percent. The September 1 inventory for the 10 States increased about 2 percent from June 1, about the same as the usual June 1 to September 1 increase.

Hogs and pigs kept for breeding September 1 this year, totaled 6,241,000 head -- about the same as the number kept for breeding on farms a year earlier. Other hogs and pigs declined from 39,863,000 on September 1, 1966 to 39,259,000 on September 1, 1967. Compared with a year earlier other hogs and pigs in the under 60 pound weight group increased 1 percent to 13,668,000 head and the 180-219 pound group increased 3 percent to 5,076,000. Other hogs and pigs in the 60-119 pound group declined 6 percent from a year earlier to 10,228,000, the 120-179 pound group declined 1 percent to 9,360,000 and the 220 pound and over group declined 1 percent to 927,000.

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Immediate Release

September 26, 1967

KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS SEED FORECAST

MERION KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS: Production of Merion Kentucky bluegrass seed in 1967 is forecast at 6,566,000 pounds. This is 28 percent more than last year's (revised) production of 5,143 pounds and 84 percent more than the 1961-65 average production. Compared to last year, both harvested acreage and production are larger in Idaho and Washington. In Oregon, acreage is about the same as in 1966 but production is down 15 percent because of a low yield. In California both acreage and production are well below a year earlier.

Carryover on June 30, 1967 totaled 2,622,000 pounds (2,439,000 by dealers and 183,000 by growers), almost twice the 1,381,000 pounds (1,303,000 by dealers and 78,000 by growers) held on June 30, 1966. Initial supply (production plus carryover) is indicated at 9,188,000 pounds compared with 6,524,000 pounds available last year.

KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS OTHER THAN MERION: Production of Kentucky Bluegrass seed other than Merion is forecast at 32,320,000 pounds, clean seed. This is 7 percent above the 30,247,000 pounds produced last year. This forecast includes the North Central and Kentucky Districts, and the Northwest - all producing areas.

The combined production in the North Central and Kentucky Districts is forecast at 5,182,000 pounds of clean seed, 47 percent less than last year's crop. The current estimate includes common or naturally grown Kentucky bluegrass seed harvested in Kentucky, Missouri, Iowa, Illinois, Nebraska, Kansas, South Dakota, North Dakota and Minnesota. The estimate also includes the production of improved varieties and strains in Minnesota. In 1967 Minnesota's bluegrass crop is forecast at 1,780,000 pounds - practically all improved varieties and strains. The 1966 estimated production of 1,610,000 included a small quantity of common.

The 1967 bluegrass seed crop in the Kentucky District is forecast at 160,000 pounds of clean seed. This compares with 472,000 pounds produced in 1966. The 5,022,000 pounds forecast in the North Central District is just over one-half the 9,295,000 pounds produced in 1966.

Production of Kentucky Bluegrass other than Merion in the Northwest - Washington, Oregon, and Idaho - is forecast at 27,138,000 pounds. This would be 33 percent more than the revised estimate of 20,480,000 pounds produced last year.

Imports of Kentucky Bluegrass during the year ended June 30, 1967 totaled 6,840,500 pounds (1,073,400 pounds declared Merion Kentucky). In the same period a year earlier imports were 9,660,400 pounds (474,800 pounds declared Merion Kentucky). Annual imports of Kentucky Bluegrass seed in the 1961-65 period average 11,416,700 pounds.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

MERION KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS SEED: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production average 1961-65, annual 1966 and 1967.

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per acre			Production-clean seed		
	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	1967	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	1967	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	1967
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
U. S. 2/	13,096	16,850	18,800	277	305	349	3,562	5,143	6,566

1/ Revised.
2/ California, Idaho, Oregon, Washington.

MERION KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS SEED SUPPLY
United States, Average 1961-65, annual 1966 and 1967

Item	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds
Production	3,562,000	5,143,000	6,566,000
Farm Carryover	156,000	78,000	183,000
Dealer Carryover	1,622,000	1,303,000	2,439,000
Supply (Production plus carryover)	5,340,000	6,524,000	9,188,000

1/ Revised.
2/ Not available.

KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS SEED OTHER THAN MERION 1/

District	Production - clean seed		
	1965	1966 2/	1967
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
North Central	3,454	9,295	5,022
Kentucky	1,780	472	160
Northwest 3/	17,598	20,480	27,138
U. S.	22,832	30,247	32,320

1/ Estimates include production of all Kentucky bluegrass seed--common or naturally grown and "improved" varieties -- other than Merion Kentucky bluegrass seed. 2/ Revised. 3/ Washington, Oregon, and Idaho.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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September 26, 1967

SOYBEAN STOCKS -- September 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Stocks of soybeans in all positions in Minnesota on September 1 totaled 17,997,000 bushels, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Farm stocks were estimated at 11,267,000 bushels and off-farm stocks at 6,721,000 bushels. Of the off-farm stocks, 1,479,000 bushels were in terminal areas; 4,152,000 bushels in country elevators; and 1,090,000 bushels in the hands of country processing plants.

UNITED STATES: Carryover of old crop soybeans in all storage positions on September 1 totaled 90.6 million bushels. This compares with 35.6 million bushels on hand a year earlier and 29.7 million bushels on hand September 1, 1965. Further historical comparisons for September 1 based on survey data are not available, since this series of estimates was initiated with the September 1, 1965 report.

SOYBEANS: OFF-FARM STOCKS, MINNESOTA
September 1, 1967

Mpls.-St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		Total	
1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
272	1,479	898	1,090	260	4,152	1,430	6,721

SOYBEAN STOCKS - SEPTEMBER 1, 1966, 1967

	On-Farm Stocks		Off-Farm Stocks		Total Stocks	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
Minnesota	410	11,276	1,430	6,721	1,840	17,997
United States	4,412	42,203	31,227	48,357	35,639	90,560

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

SOYBEAN STOCKS - SELECTED STATES - SEPTEMBER 1, 1966 - 1967

State	Off Farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
Ohio	1,743	1,963	1,993	2,863
Indiana	1,605	2,129	1,927	3,373
Illinois	8,307	7,883	8,662	10,273
Michigan	5	87	15	173
Minnesota	1,430	6,721	1,840	17,997
Iowa	4,707	12,381	5,968	31,909
Missouri	1,375	2,943	1,772	3,797
North Dakota	4	175	44	552
South Dakota	23	186	108	878
Nebraska	249	1,500	413	3,819
Kansas	1,123	1,631	1,215	2,147
South Carolina	681	895	1,020	1,185
Tennessee	2,403	1,260	2,575	1,473
Louisiana	1,167	1,675	1,167	1,762
Other States	6,405	6,928	6,920	8,359
48 States	31,227	48,357	35,639	90,560

1/ Includes stocks at Mills, Elevators and Warehouses, terminals, processors and those owned by Commodity Credit Corporation which are in bins and other storages under C.C.C. control.

2/ Off-farm plus farm stocks.

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September 28, 1967

OCT 4 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending September 23, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 316,000 poults during the week ending September 23, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 21 percent above the same week of 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 109,000 were up 65 percent from the same week in 1966, and the light breed hatch at 207,000 was up 6 percent from the same period last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 2	128	130	265	322	393	452	115
Sept. 9	63	136	276	218	339	354	104
Sept. 16	100	121	193	161	293	282	96
Sept. 23	66	109	196	207	262	316	121
Eggs Set							
August 5	276	269	477	509	753	778	103
August 12	121	262	479	350	600	612	102
August 19	187	240	331	273	518	513	99
August 26	124	253	334	335	458	588	128
Sept. 2	85	159	391	355	476	514	108
Sept. 9	156	63	248	406	404	469	116
Sept. 16	84	129	400	298	484	427	88
Sept. 23	158	188	444	329	602	517	86
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 2	90	107	190	197	280	304	109
Sept. 9	52	85	169	119	221	204	92
Sept. 16	88	#	152	#	240	227	95
Sept. 23	#	#	#	#	207	215	104
Eggs Set							
August 5	186	220	350	313	536	533	99
August 12	98	165	303	194	401	359	90
August 19	163	#	263	#	426	396	93
August 26	#	#	#	#	362	360	99
Sept. 2	20	112	267	279	287	391	136
Sept. 9	#	#	#	#	295	352	119
Sept. 16	#	#	#	#	342	269	79
Sept. 23	58	#	301	#	359	329	92
California							
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 2	38	0	0	0	38	0	-
Sept. 9	11	#	0	0	11	#	#
Sept. 16	12	#	0	0	12	#	#
Sept. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Eggs Set							
August 5	90	0	0	0	90	0	-
August 12	23	#	0	0	23	#	#
August 19	24	#	0	0	24	#	#
August 26	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 2	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 9	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 16	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	#

Confidential
1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 517,000 eggs, a level 14 percent below last year. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 188,000 were up 19 percent while light breed settings at 329,000 were down 26 percent from the same week in 1966.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 23 totaled 215,000, 4 percent more than the same week last year. Hatchings by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 329,000 down 8 percent from the same week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were also confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 21 percent of the week's hatch compared with 45 percent the previous week. No poults were shipped out of the State during the same week in 1966.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

OCT 9 1967

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Immediate Release

September 29, 1967

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-September 1967

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-September was 89 percent of the 1947-49 average according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 11 points below September 1966 and 2 points lower than the August level. Prices of crops, livestock, dairy products, poultry and eggs continued at lower levels than a year ago. Dairy products and poultry and eggs were higher than last month.

The dairy products index at 115 was up 3 points from mid-August but 8 points below September 1966. Cream prices were the same as the previous month, milk prices were up 11 cents per hundredweight from mid-August, both were below the level of September 1966.

The poultry and eggs index at 53 was up 2 points from mid-August but far below the September 1966 level of 79. Eggs at 22-1/2 cents per dozen were 1-1/2 cents above the previous month but 14-1/2 cents below September 1966. Turkey prices were unchanged from August but 2-1/2 cents below September 1966. Chickens at 5 cents per pound were unchanged from August but 2 cents below September 1966.

The crop index at 75 was unchanged from mid-August, but 10 points below the September 1966 level. Declines of 30 cents per bushel for wheat and 46 cents for soybeans caused most of the decrease in the crop index since September 1966. Wheat was down 2 cents from August and soybeans were down 1 cent from the previous month. Corn was up 1 cent from last month but down 19 cents from September 1966. Potatoes were down 15 cents from the previous month, but up 23 cents from September 1966.

The livestock index at 101 was 5 points below the previous month and 7 points below September 1966. Compared to prices in mid-August hogs were down $1.40 per hundredweight, all cattle were down 80 cents, calves were down 60 cents, sheep were down 70 cents, and lambs were down $1.40. All prices were below the levels of September 1966 except cattle which were unchanged from the previous year.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

Index 1947-49 = 100	Sept. 15 av 1959-63	Sept. 15 1964	Sept. 15 1965	Sept. 15 1966	Aug. 15 1967	Sept. 15 1967
All Farm Products	81	82	87	100	91	89
Crops	69	75	74	85	75	75
Livestock	90	88	101	108	106	101
Dairy Products	94	95	97	123	112	115
Poultry and Eggs	64	63	65	79	51	53

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

Index or Ratio 1910-14 = 100	Sept. 15 1963	Sept. 15 1964	Sept. 15 1965	Sept. 15 1966	Aug. 15 1967	Sept. 15 1967
Prices Received	243	238	251	270	256	252
Prices Paid 1/	311	313	322	337	343	344
Parity Ratio	78	76	78	80	75	73
Ratio 2/	-	-	-	86	80	79

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.
2/ Reflects Government payments. Preliminary adjusted parity ratios for the current year are based on estimated cash receipts from marketings and estimates of government payments for the current calendar year.

Robert Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity - Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			September 15, 1967			
		Sept. 15 1966	Aug. 15 1967	Sept. 15 1967	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.85	1.57	1.55	1.39	1.55	1.42	1.39
Rye	Bu.	1.07	1.00	1.00	1.07	.88	.95	1.08
Corn	Bu.	1.27	1.07	1.08	1.06	1.02	1.14	1.12
Oats	Bu.	.62	.59	.60	.66	.53	.59	.638
Barley	Bu.	1.05	1.04	1.04	.90	.91	.96	.982
Soybeans	Bu.	2.96	2.51	2.50	2.51	2.39	2.47	2.53
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.98	3.06	3.04	2.96	2.92	3.01	2.96
All Hay, Baled	Ton	18.50	19.00	20.00	19.40	16.00	17.30	22.10
Potatoes	Cwt.	1.87	2.25	2.10	-	1.60	2.00	1.90
Hogs	Cwt.	22.00	20.30	18.90	19.20	18.90	18.70	19.10
Cows	Cwt.	18.10	18.10	16.70	16.90	16.20	16.70	16.50
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	24.10	25.10	24.50	26.10	24.30	25.30	25.00
Cattle, All	Cwt.	22.00	22.80	22.00	24.90	22.50	23.90	23.10
Calves	Cwt.	30.30	29.70	29.10	29.10	28.00	28.80	26.80
Sheep	Cwt.	6.60	6.70	6.00	5.20	5.00	5.40	6.13
Lambs	Cwt.	23.40	23.40	22.00	22.50	21.20	22.00	21.90
Milk Cows	Head	290.00	275.00	270.00	270.00	240.00	240.00	264.00
Milk-Wholesale	Cwt.	4.51	4.09	4.20	4.25	4.15	4.20	5.17
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.79	.73	.73	.69	.70	.67	.659
Turkeys - Live	Lb.	.220	.195	.195	.190	.200	.200	.205
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.070	.050	.050	.050	.040	.050	.079
Eggs	Doz.	.370	.210	.225	.230	.220	.204	.320
Wool	Lb.	.46	.36	.36	.35	.35	.40	.392
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.20	3.30	3.20	3.55	3.40	3.50	3.47
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	6.00	5.00	5.20	5.30	5.40	5.30	5.47
Hog Feed, 29% and Over	Cwt.	7.00	6.30	6.40	6.60	-	-	6.44
Beef Cattle Feed 30% and Over	Cwt.	5.40	5.00	5.00	5.30	-	-	4.88
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.40	3.40	3.40	4.10	3.65	3.70	3.85
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	3.25	3.02	3.01	3.01	2.81	2.84	3.51
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.70	4.55	4.60	5.10	5.00	4.95	4.59
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog-Corn 1/		17.3	19.0	17.5	18.1	18.5	16.4	17.1
Beef-Corn 1/		19.0	23.5	22.7	24.6	23.8	22.2	22.3
Egg-Feed 2/		11.4	7.0	7.5	7.6	7.8	7.2	9.1
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		2.2	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.8	2.3

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively
2/ Number of pounds of Poultry Feed Equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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OCT 4 1967

Immediate Release

September 29, 1967

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
August 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during August at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 166,000 head, up 13 percent from a year earlier and 11 percent less than July, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight for the month was 1,025 pounds, 19 pounds below August 1966, and 38 pounds less than July this year.

At 10,500 head, the number of calves killed was 13 percent above August 1966 and 11 percent above July 1967. The average liveweight of calves slaughtered was 186 pounds, 19 pounds less than a year ago and 6 pounds above the previous month.

Hog slaughter for August totaled 480,000 head, up 9 percent from August 1966 and up 27 percent from July 1967. The average liveweight of hogs killed during August was 244 pounds compared to 248 pounds a year earlier and 260 pounds for July this year.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered during August totaled 53,000 head, down 12 percent from August 1966, but up 31 percent from a month ago. The average liveweight for August was 102 pounds, the same as a year earlier and 1 pound more than July 1967.

For the 8 months, January-August 1967, commercial slaughter plants in the State killed 1,223,000 cattle, 121,300 calves, 3,667,000 hogs, and 448,000 sheep and lambs. Compared with 1966, cattle slaughter was up 11 percent and hogs were up 19 percent. Calf slaughter was the same as last year and sheep and lambs were down 11 percent.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat in the 48 States during August totaled 2,873 million pounds. This was 5 percent above the August 1966 total of 2,749 million pounds, and 13 percent more than in July 1967. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other slaughter plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

August beef production totaled 1,739 million pounds, slightly above the 1,736 million pounds of a year earlier, and up 8 percent from July 1967. The number of cattle slaughtered totaled 2,999,600 head, down 1 percent from August 1966. Average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 998 pounds, 2 pounds heavier than in August 1966 but 10 pounds lighter than in July of this year.

There were 68 million pounds of veal produced during August, 14 percent under a year earlier but 15 percent more than July 1967. The 508,200 head of calves slaughtered was down 10 percent from August 1966. Average liveweight per head, at 240 pounds, was 12 pounds lighter than a year earlier.

Pork production during August totaled 1,012 million pounds, up 15 percent from August 1966 and 21 percent above July 1967. The hog kill during August was 6,755,500 head, 14 percent more than a year earlier and 22 percent more than July 1967. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during August was 239 pounds per head, 1 pound heavier than a year earlier but 4 pounds lighter than in July. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of liveweight of hogs was 10.3 pounds, compared with 10.6 in August 1966 and 10.7 in July 1967.

There were 54 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during August, 2 percent less than last year but 12 percent above July 1967. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month totaled 1,122,600 head, 1 percent fewer than in August 1966 but 11 percent more than in July 1967. Average liveweight in August was 98 pounds per head, 1 pound less than a year earlier.

Production of poultry meat during August totaled 992 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 11 percent more than in August 1966, and 29 percent above the July 1967 total.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	August		August 1967 as percent of August 1966	August Av. Liveweight	
	1966	1967		1966	1967
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	147.0	166.0	112.9	1,044	1,025
Calves	9.3	10.5	112.9	205	186
Hogs	442.0	480.0	108.6	248	244
Sheep and lamb	60.5	53.0	87.6	102	102
UNITED STATES (48 States)					
Cattle	3,036.7	2,999.6	98.8	996	998
Calves	564.8	508.2	90.0	252	240
Hogs	5,943.3	6,755.5	113.7	238	239
Sheep and lamb	1,136.3	1,122.6	98.8	99	98

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

AUGUST COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES WITH COMPARISONS 1/

	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	- Million Pounds -						
August 1966	1,736	79	879	55	2,749	893	150
July 1967	1,603	59	838	48	2,548	771	144
August 1967	1,739	68	1,012	54	2,873	992	167
Jan.-Aug. 1966 5/	12,819	574	6,910	425	20,728	5,219	1,192
Jan.-Aug. 1967 5/	13,409	495	7,934	426	22,264	5,966	1,326

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farms.
2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.
3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use.
4/ Includes rendered pork fat.
5/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

Duane L. Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 5, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending September 30, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 293,000 poults during the week ending September 30, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 11 percent above the same week in 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 73,000 were up 62 percent from the same week in 1966 and the light breed hatch was the same as last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 9	63	136	276	218	339	354	104
Sept. 16	100	121	193	161	293	282	96
Sept. 23	66	109	196	207	262	316	121
Sept. 30	45	73	219	220	264	293	111
Eggs Set							
August 12	121	262	479	350	600	612	102
August 19	187	240	331	273	518	513	99
August 26	124	253	334	335	458	588	128
Sept. 2	85	159	391	355	476	514	108
Sept. 9	156	63	248	406	404	469	116
Sept. 16	84	129	400	298	484	427	88
Sept. 23	158	188	444	329	602	517	86
Sept. 30	176	40	406	293	582	333	57
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 9	52	85	169	119	221	204	92
Sept. 16	88	#	152	#	240	227	95
Sept. 23	#	#	#	#	207	215	104
Sept. 30	10	61	154	177	164	238	145
Eggs Set							
August 12	98	165	303	194	401	359	90
August 19	163	#	263	#	426	396	93
August 26	#	#	#	#	362	360	99
Sept. 2	20	112	267	279	287	391	136
Sept. 9	#	#	#	#	295	352	119
Sept. 16	#	#	#	#	342	269	79
Sept. 23	58	#	301	#	359	329	92
Sept. 30	55	#	271	#	326	216	66
California							
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 9	11	#	0	0	11	#	#
Sept. 16	12	#	0	0	12	#	#
Sept. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Eggs Set							
August 12	23	#	0	0	23	#	#
August 19	24	#	0	0	24	#	#
August 26	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 2	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 9	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 16	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	#
Sept. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	#

Confidential

1/ Six State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 333,000, down 43 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 40,000 compares with 176,000 in 1966 and light breed settings at 293,000 were down 28 percent from the previous year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending September 30 totaled 238,000 a level 45 percent above the same week last year. By breed types, heavy breed hatchings at 61,000 were up 51,000 from 1966 and the light breed hatch at 177,000 was up 15 percent from the same period last year.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 216,000, down 34 percent from the same week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 13 percent of the week's hatch compared with 21 percent the previous week and 6 percent the same period in 1966.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 9, 1967

VEGETABLE REPORT
Acreage and Indicated Production as of October 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Cabbage - Total production of cabbage in Minnesota for 1967 is now forecast at 240,000 hundredweight, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 216,000 hundredweight produced in 1966 and the five-year average of 246,000 hundredweight.

Early Fall Carrots - (For fresh market and processing) - Production of early fall carrots is forecast at 280,000 hundredweight. This compares with 296,000 hundredweight produced in 1966, and the five-year average of 280,000 hundredweight.

Late Summer Onions - Production of late summer onions is now forecast at 220,000 hundredweight. This compares with 247,000 hundredweight produced in 1966, and the five-year average of 323,000 hundredweight.

UNITED STATES: Early Fall Cabbage - For the early fall States, cabbage production is expected to total 9,308,000 hundredweight, 23 percent above last year and 9 percent above the 1961-65 average. Supplies in New England on October 1 were near peak levels. On Long Island, New York, supplies are expected to increase from eastern Suffolk County by mid-October. In Upstate New York, cutting for kraut is active and fresh market supplies are in abundance. Harvest of Danish varieties for storage is expected to start about mid-October. In New Jersey, moderate supplies are expected to continue for another two weeks and then decline. Harvest will be completed during late November. In Pennsylvania, moderate volume is moving to market. Heavier supplies should be available through October with volume tapering off in November. Harvest is making good progress in Ohio. Harvest in Michigan is underway. Recent rains in Wisconsin improved the crop but some warm weather is also needed. In Minnesota, yields are running light in the Hollandale area. Moisture is needed to increase yields on late plantings. In Oregon, peak volume is expected in October. In Washington, the crop was damaged by heat and dry weather. Harvest is underway.

Early Fall Carrots - Early fall carrot production is placed at 6,357,000 hundredweight, 1 percent more than last year. In New England, harvest is underway. Movement should peak in late October or early November. In New York, steady supplies are expected to be available during October. Harvest in Michigan is making good progress after a slow start. Cool, dry weather has slowed growth in Wisconsin. Harvest continues in the Anoka area of Minnesota. Supplies from the High Plains of Texas are expected to remain light until early November when late planted acreages come into production. Harvest is about one-half completed in Colorado. The Oregon harvest is at peak levels and will continue active through November. Yields have been limited by the hot, dry summer weather.

Late Summer Onions - The late summer onion crop is estimated at 18,405,000 hundredweight, 1 percent above the 1966 crop. In New York, harvesting was virtually completed in Orange County and 75-90 percent completed in western and central areas. Sizes are running mostly to mediums. In Orange County, most of the crop has been hauled from the fields, while in other sections, a large proportion is field curing in crates or pallet boxes. Harvest in Indiana continues. Sizes are mostly good and are uniform. In Wisconsin, yields are expected to be better in the later fields. Sizes are relatively small but there are a few jumbos. Minnesota onions are maturing slowly because of cool weather. Harvest was expected to be completed by October 10 in the Hollandale area. In Colorado, harvest of the seeded crop is past the halfway mark in Northern Colorado and nearing completion in the Arkansas Valley. Supplies of jumbos are limited. On the Western Slope the crop has sized well. About 60 percent of the acreage has been topped. Harvest of the Utah crop began about mid-September and should continue until mid-October. Size is smaller than normal because of the late, cool, spring and the hot summer. Washington onions are being moved into storage in good condition. Harvest in western Oregon is nearly completed with only late fields remaining. In the Idaho-Eastern Oregon area, harvest was virtually completed by October 1. The crop is going into storage in very good shape. Harvest in California is expected to decline seasonally in the San Joaquin Valley and central coast areas. The Tulelake-Butte Valley harvest is underway and is expected to reach a peak in October, declining rapidly by the end of the month. Dehydrator harvest continues active in the central coast.

Acreage and estimated production reported to date, 1967 with comparisons.

Crop and State	Acreage			Yield per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Ind. 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Ind. 1967
	Average 1961-65	1966							
	- Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -		
CABBAGE 1/									
Early Fall:									
New Hampshire	250	250	270	185	190	200	46	48	54
Massachusetts	730	700	700	198	200	210	144	140	147
Rhode Island	80	80	80	190	190	200	15	15	16
Connecticut	540	550	550	183	175	200	99	96	110
New York, L.I.	1,680	1,300	1,400	207	200	210	347	260	294
New York, Upst.	10,580	9,700	10,200	335	325	410	3,548	3,152	4,182
New Jersey	1,820	2,000	2,400	214	200	210	389	400	504
Pennsylvania	1,020	800	800	202	210	230	207	168	184
Ohio	1,900	1,700	1,900	290	320	340	553	544	646
Michigan	4,160	3,800	3,700	182	190	190	756	722	703
Wisconsin	6,120	5,600	6,000	297	255	310	1,815	1,428	1,860
Minnesota	1,380	1,200	1,200	178	180	200	246	216	240
Oreg.& Idaho	1,400	1,320	1,330	255	277	277	356	366	368
GROUP TOTAL	31,810	29,000	30,530	269	261	305	8,557	7,555	9,308
CARROTS 1/									
Early Fall:									
Massachusetts	830	650	600	207	235	230	171	153	138
Connecticut	580	450	430	198	210	220	114	94	95
New York	2,080	2,400	2,400	322	340	330	669	816	792
Michigan	4,220	5,000	4,500	241	215	160	1,014	1,075	720
Wisconsin	2,240	2,700	2,900	386	400	400	866	1,080	1,160
Minnesota	710	650	700	395	455	400	280	296	280
Texas	5,160	6,600	6,000	186	150	180	952	990	1,080
Colorado	1,500	1,300	1,300	187	200	180	280	260	234
Washington	1,540	2,000	2,500	384	355	375	592	710	938
Oregon	1,800	1,900	2,000	413	445	460	738	846	920
GROUP TOTAL	21,170	23,650	23,330	273	267	272	5,772	6,320	6,357
ONIONS 1/									
Late Summer:									
New York	15,380	14,700	14,000	313	245	300	4,809	3,602	4,200
Ohio	520	550	600	433	400	435	226	220	261
Indiana	840	900	750	332	250	400	280	225	300
Michigan	8,140	7,900	7,200	321	290	310	2,606	2,291	2,232
Wisconsin	2,160	1,900	1,800	245	200	260	527	380	468
Minnesota	1,480	1,300	1,000	220	190	220	323	247	220
Iowa	400	360	320	214	210	240	86	76	77
Colorado	7.360	6,100	5,300	280	250	250	2,064	1,525	1,325
Utah	690	550	600	294	280	315	204	154	189
Washington	1,000	1,000	1,100	412	450	390	409	450	429
Western Oregon	2,160	2,200	2,200	363	435	335	785	957	737
Idaho & East Oregon Total	5,540	7,000	7,100	472	500	410	2,631	3,502	2,911
California	10,200	13,100	15,800	350	345	320	3,586	4,520	5,056
GROUP TOTAL	56,610	57,560	57,770	331	315	319	18,732	18,149	18,405

1/ Includes processing.

Marvin Anderson
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Immediate Release

October 10, 1967

HONEY PRODUCTION AND STOCKS -- 1967

MINNESOTA: Minnesota ranked third among the States in honey production in 1967, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Production in Minnesota for 1967 is expected to total 16,650,000 pounds, 7 percent less than in 1966. The drop in production can be explained by a lower number of colonies and unfavorable weather conditions.

Stocks of honey for sale in mid-September totaled 4,995,000 pounds, compared with 5,203,000 pounds on hand at the same time in 1966.

UNITED STATES: The 1967 honey crop for the 48 States is expected to total 219 million pounds. This is 11 percent below the 1966 production of 247 million pounds and 13 percent below the 1961-65 average. Yield per colony is expected to average 45.4 pounds compared with the 51.9 pound yield last year and the 5-year average of 52.1 pounds. The estimated production is based on 4,837,000 colonies on hand July 1, 1967, an increase of 1 percent from the 1966 number of colonies.

Although the 48 States average yield was the lowest since 1956, sharp fluctuation occurred between States and regions. The largest declines from a year earlier occurred in the North Central States. The East North Central region averaged 42 pounds compared with 70 pounds in 1966. The West North Central decreased to 75 pounds from 93 a year earlier. Yields declined from 42 to 35 pounds in the North Atlantic and from 34 to 32 pounds in the South Central region. Yields were above 1966 in the South Atlantic region - 35 pounds in 1967 compared with 32 pounds a year earlier. Yield in the West also increased slightly - from 50 to 51 pounds, due largely to the increase in California from 38 to 48 pounds per colony.

Honey production declined from last year in all North Central States but the sharpest declines occurred in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Nebraska. The reduced production can be primarily attributed to the cool, wet spring which continued through June in many areas. Reports indicated that excessive swarming, insecticide losses, and early cutting of alfalfa and clover were also factors contributing to the reduced production. Areas of low production were dispersed throughout the Nation with at least one State in each region reporting production below a year earlier. Bees in northern New England and New Jersey were hampered by frequent rain showers throughout the season. South Carolina was the only southeastern State with a production below the relatively poor 1966 crop. Areas within Texas reported extremely low production resulting from dry weather and use of insecticides.

California, with the greatest number of colonies of any State in the Nation, had a yield and production well above 1966. Several other western States - notably Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, and Arizona - had low production due primarily to poor weather conditions.

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

In mid-September, producers reported 79 million pounds of honey on hand for sale compared with 82 million pounds a year earlier. Stocks on hand this September 15 amounted to 36 percent of the 1967 production compared with 33 percent a year earlier.

Honey Production and Stocks on Hand for Sale

State and division	Colonies of bees		Yield per colony		Honey Production			Honey for sale in producer's hand Sept. 15	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1967 as % of 1966	1966	1967
	Thou.	Thou.	Pounds	Pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	Percent	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Maine	5	5	31	29	155	145	94	53	54
N. H.	5	5	40	29	200	145	72	70	59
Vt.	8	8	47	31	376	248	66	132	112
Mass.	10	10	22	24	220	240	109	88	89
R. I.	2	2	22	21	44	42	95	14	15
Conn.	10	10	18	23	180	230	128	45	76
N. Y.	164	162	54	40	8,856	6,480	73	3,100	2,138
N. J.	36	37	34	40	1,224	1,480	121	661	888
Pa.	117	117	32	29	3,744	3,393	91	1,498	1,052
N. Atl.	357	356	42	35	14,999	12,403	83	5,661	4,483
Ohio	149	152	41	18	6,109	2,736	45	3,238	1,067
Ind.	98	102	62	20	6,076	2,040	34	2,066	775
Ill.	91	93	67	40	6,097	3,720	61	2,561	2,009
Mich.	116	123	74	50	8,584	6,150	72	3,863	2,337
Wis.	142	142	105	80	14,910	11,360	76	7,306	6,248
E. N. Cent.	596	612	70	42	41,776	26,006	62	19,034	12,436
Minn.	195	185	92	90	17,940	16,650 3	93	5,203	4,995
Iowa	137	137	104	75	14,248	10,275	72	4,987	4,418
Mo.	102	107	65	50	6,630	5,350	81	2,387	2,086
N. Dak.	46	50	115	105	5,290	5,250	99	952	1,365
S. Dak.	95	101	112	95	10,640	9,595	90	2,660	3,454
Nebr.	99	104	95	50	9,405	5,200	55	1,975	1,872
Kans.	49	47	65	50	3,185	2,350	74	1,370	940
W. N. Cent.	723	731	93	75	67,338	54,670	81	19,534	19,130
Del.	5	5	37	40	185	200	108	92	90
Md.	32	32	40	45	1,280	1,440	112	704	648
Va.	106	106	18	22	1,908	2,332	122	611	723
W. Va.	89	94	12	27	1,068	2,538	238	288	609
N. C.	213	222	10	14	2,130	3,108	146	639	839
S. C.	60	63	11	10	660	630	95	145	101
Ga.	172	170	24	25	4,128	4,250	103	908	680
Fla.	294	309	68	65	19,992	20,085 2	100	3,998	4,017
S. Atl.	971	1,001	32	35	31,351	34,583	110	7,385	7,707
Ky.	88	97	22	22	1,936	2,134	110	426	512
Tenn.	142	151	20	18	2,840	2,718	96	852	761
Ala.	99	93	27	23	2,673	2,139	80	936	727
Miss.	65	65	32	36	2,080	2,340	112	686	445
Ark.	90	94	26	29	2,340	2,726	116	515	763
La.	86	86	39	44	3,354	3,784	113	436	378
Okla.	49	51	37	40	1,813	2,040	113	635	775
Texas	239	234	51	42	12,189	9,828	81	4,997	3,538
S. Cent.	858	871	34	32	29,225	27,709	95	9,483	7,899
Mont.	80	78	80	90	6,400	7,020	110	1,216	1,474
Idaho	210	220	50	45	10,500	9,900	94	3,465	5,445
Wyo.	31	30	71	50	2,201	1,500	68	132	225
Colo.	53	51	82	43	4,346	2,193	50	1,956	987
N. Mex.	14	14	73	58	1,022	812	79	429	333
Ariz.	96	85	68	55	6,528	4,675	72	2,024	1,496
Utah	51	53	51	48	2,601	2,544	98	1,561	1,399
Nev.	9	9	68	80	612	720	118	184	590
Wash.	91	97	44	49	4,004	4,753	119	920	1,046
Oreg.	67	70	47	44	3,149	3,080	98	1,165	1,663
Calif.	559	559	38	48	21,242	26,832 1	126	8,072	12,343
West.	1,261	1,266	50	51	62,605	64,029	102	21,124	27,001
U. S.	4,766	4,837	51.9	45.4	247,294	219,400	89	82,221	78,656

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

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PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
(As of October 1, 1967)

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Processing - Higher reported yields on late planted corn has increased estimated production to 480,000 tons, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. This production is down 3 percent from 1966, and 31 percent above the 1961-65 average.

Green Lima Beans for Processing - Minnesota's production is included with "Other States". Production in these States is expected to be 3 percent below production in 1966 and 5 percent above the recent 5-year average.

Beets for Canning - Minnesota's production is included with "Other States". Production in these States is expected to be 12 percent above production in 1966, and 16 percent above the recent 5-year average.

UNITED STATES: Sweet Corn for Processing - Sweet corn for processing is estimated at 2,073,700 tons for 1967 - 6 percent more than in 1966 and 25 percent above average. Yields are expected to average 4.37 tons per acre compared with 4.41 tons in 1966. In Minnesota the wind-up is scheduled for October 10. Late fields out-yielded early, but the frost in late September caused some abandonment. In Wisconsin the crop was three-fourths harvested by October 1. September was dry but yields have been satisfactory.

Green Lima Beans for Processing - Green lima beans for processing in 1967 is estimated at 122,080 tons, 17 percent more than in 1966 and 26 percent above average. This year's yield is forecast at 2,378 pounds per acre compared with 2,155 pounds last year. Minnesota's crop is below normal, but late plantings have a good set. Wisconsin's crop is late. Only 40 percent was harvested by October 1.

Beets for Canning - The 1967 production of beets for canning is placed at 227,000 tons, 17 percent more than last year and 18 percent above average. Yields are expected to average 12.1 tons per acre compared with 11.4 tons in 1966. In Minnesota, crop conditions are fair. Wisconsin reports that dry weather has delayed crop development. About one-half of the crop had been harvested by October 1.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Vegetables for Processing: Preliminary Acreage and Indicated Production, by States, 1967 with Comparisons

Sweet Corn for Processing

State	Acreage Harvested Average 1961-65	Acreage Harvested 1966	Acreage For harvest 1967	Yield Per Acre Average 1961-65	Yield Per Acre 1966	Yield Per Acre Ind. 1967	Production Average 1961-65	Production 1966	Production Ind. 1967
	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
New York	17,420	15,400	15,000	4.49	5.10	5.20	78,300	78,500	78,000
Pennsylvania	8,440	6,900	8,300	2.94	1.77	4.00	24,840	12,200	33,200
Delaware	4,180	3,500	4,300	3.16	2.18	3.40	13,240	7,600	14,600
Maryland	28,700	23,000	28,200	3.00	1.93	3.40	86,260	44,400	95,900
Illinois	54,180	53,300	56,000	4.27	3.85	4.20	230,760	205,200	235,200
Wisconsin	98,720	115,900	115,000	3.79	3.95	3.80	372,760	457,800	437,000
Minnesota	94,020	110,900	120,000	3.89	4.45	4.00	365,220	493,500	480,000
Iowa	5,820	5,700	6,500	4.35	4.61	4.50	25,280	26,300	29,200
Idaho	12,500	15,400	16,700	5.86	5.16	5.30	73,240	79,500	88,500
Washington	26,000	42,000	49,500	5.34	6.13	5.50	138,200	257,500	272,200
Oregon	26,020	33,400	35,800	5.40	6.74	6.40	140,680	225,100	229,100
Other States 1/	27,070	17,550	19,550	4.05	3.67	4.13	111,010	64,400	80,800
United States	403,070	442,950	474,850	4.12	4.41	4.37	1,659,790	1,952,000	2,073,700

Beets for Canning

	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
New York	5,000	5,000	5,000	13.5	15.0	16.0	67,440	75,000	80,000
Michigan	570	550	700	9.2	7.6	7.0	5,240	4,200	4,900
Wisconsin	5,840	6,300	6,700	10.3	8.5	10.5	59,660	53,600	70,400
Oregon	1,540	1,500	2,000	17.6	18.2	17.0	26,980	27,300	34,000
Other States 2/	3,810	3,700	4,390	8.5	9.1	8.6	32,500	33,810	37,700
United States	16,760	17,050	18,790	11.5	11.4	12.1	191,820	193,910	227,000

Green Lima Beans for Processing

	- Acres -			- Lbs. -			- Tons -		
Delaware	18,420	19,500	22,800	1,460	1,000	1,600	13,460	9,750	18,240
Maryland	3,240	2,900	3,900	1,360	950	1,500	2,200	1,380	2,920
Wisconsin	4,900	7,500	8,200	2,160	2,070	2,200	5,330	7,760	9,020
Washington	2,060	5,300	7,000	2,500	2,640	2,200	2,530	7,000	7,700
California	26,960	31,900	31,900	3,300	3,100	3,500	44,460	49,440	55,820
Other States 3/	27,210	29,850	28,860	1,980	1,951	1,967	27,070	29,120	28,380
United States	84,730	96,950	102,660	2,280	2,155	2,378	96,850	104,450	122,080

1/ Arkansas, Colorado, Indiana, Maine, Michigan, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Oklahoma, Ohio, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia and Wyoming.
2/ California, Colorado, Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.
3/ Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Utah and Virginia.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 11, 1967

MINNESOTA CROP REPORT
October 1, 1967

Minnesota corn and soybean production prospects continue to lag behind the good crops of 1966 but small grain crops turned somewhat better than a year ago, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The All Crop Production Index now at 116 (1957-59 = 100%) is one point above 1966 and 13 points above the 5-year 1961-65 average.

FEED GRAINS: Production of feed grains now estimated at 12.5 million tons compares with 12.3 million tons in 1966 and the 5-year average of 11.3 million tons.

CORN: The 1967 Minnesota corn crop is forecast at 330 million bushels, unchanged from the August 1 estimate but 3 percent less than the good crop of 1966 and 12 percent above the 5-year average. Freezing temperatures on the mornings of September 27, 28 and 29 occurred when only about half of the corn was mature or out of frost danger. The extent to which this year's crop was damaged is yet uncertain but obviously the freeze caused some chaffy corn.

Based on the October 1 reported condition the corn yield this year is estimated at 65 bushels per acre. This compares with the record yield of 76 bushels of 1966 and the 5-year average of 62.4 bushels per acre.

SOYBEANS: Production prospects for soybeans declined during September as continued dry cool weather retarded yields. The 1967 crop now estimated at 73.2 million bushels is 3.7 million bushels less than forecast on September 1, 9 percent below last year but 35 percent above average. Based on the October 1 report this year's yield is expected to be 20 bushels per acre compared with 24 in 1966 and the 5-year average of 21.1 bushels per acre.

WHEAT: The 1967 wheat crop is estimated at 33.7 million bushels - 84 percent more than the 1966 crop and 52 percent above the 5-year average. Sharp increases were recorded in winter, durum and other spring wheat.

OATS: Oat production estimated at 155 million bushels this year is 12 percent above a year earlier and 1 percent more than the 5-year average. The 55 bushel yield compares with 46.5 last year and the 5-year average of 48.4 bushels per acre.

BARLEY: The 1967 barley crop at 30.5 million bushels is 46 percent greater than 1966 and 30 percent above average. Barley yields average 42 bushels per acre compared with 1966 of 32 bushels and the average of 34.5 bushels per acre.

FLAXSEED: A flaxseed crop of 4.0 million bushels is expected this year, 4 percent above last year but 32 percent less than average. A yield of 13.5 bushels is expected this year compared with 9.5 last year and the 5-year average of 11.6 bushels per acre.

POTATOES: Potato production as October 1 is indicated at 12.7 million hundredweight, 3 percent above 1966 but 9 percent less than average. The summer crop was up 10 percent and the fall crop was up 2 percent from 1966.

HAY: The 1967 hay crop is now estimated at 7.2 million tons and is 11 percent less than 1966 and 8 percent less than average.

APPLES: Minnesota commercial apple crop is estimated at 390,000 bushels, 210,000 bushels less than the record crop of 1966.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 556 million pounds during September, 3 percent less than September 1966 and 18 percent less than August this year. Production during the first 9 months this year was 1 percent more than during the corresponding period a year earlier.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production on Minnesota farms totaled 173 million eggs in September, up 2 percent from September 1966. Egg production during the first 9 months this year was nearly 2 percent above the corresponding 9 months of 1966.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

OCTOBER 1, 1967 CROP PRODUCTION PROSPECTS, MINNESOTA

Commodity	Acreage			Yield Per Acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	For harvest 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Indicated 1967
	Average 1961-65	1966							
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Bushels		
Corn for Grain	4,693	4,494	5,078	62.4	76.0	65.0	293,931	341,544	330,070
All Wheat	890	799	1,091	24.9	22.9	30.9	22,107	18,318	33,691
Winter Wheat	22	16	48	24.4	28.0	27.0	551	448	1,296
Durum Wheat	73	56	62	28.8	27.0	32.0	2,170	1,512	1,984
Other Sp. Wheat	794	727	981	24.5	22.5	31.0	19,385	16,358	30,411
Oats	3,193	2,974	2,825	48.4	46.5	55.0	154,375	138,291	155,375
Barley	688	655	727	34.5	32.0	42.0	23,424	20,960	30,534
Rye	88	67	88	18.7	20.0	20.0	1,641	1,340	1,760
Flaxseed	509	404	295	11.6	9.5	13.5	5,897	3,838	3,982
Soybeans for Beans	2,587	3,356	3,658	21.1	24.0	20.0	54,122	80,544	73,160
Potatoes (cwt.)									
Late Summer	6.7	7.4	7.4	195	205	225	1,301	1,517	1,665
Fall	100.8	90.0	96.0	126	120	115	12,643	10,800	11,040
Sugar Beets (Tons)	112.5	123.0	128.0	11.6	12.6	10.5	1,300	1,554	1,344
Hay, All (Tons)	3,567	3,443	3,279	2.14	2.35	2.19	7,806	8,094	7,188

UNITED STATES: Total crop prospects declined slightly in September because dry soils and freezing temperatures lowered prospective yields for late fields in some northwest parts of the Corn Belt and hurricane "Beulah" reduced crop prospects in southern Texas. September temperatures averaged below normal over much of the country, further delaying crop progress.

The all crops production index declined one point in September, but at 117, was still a record high - 5 points (4 percent) above last year and 2 points (2 percent) above 1965. Despite frost and hurricane damage, record crop prospects continue for feed grains, soybeans, wheat, rice, peanuts and sugarcane. The composite index of yield per acre for 28 leading crops is the same as a month earlier and, at 123, is 1 point above last year's index.

Feed grain production in 1967 is expected to total 176 million tons - up slightly from a month earlier and 12 percent more than last year. Prospects for corn improved about 1 percent during September. Lack of moisture and freeze damage reduced prospects in northwest portions of the Corn Belt but improvement in a number of other North Central States more than offset the loss. Total production 15 percent above 1966, is expected to be a record. Sorghum grain prospects declined slightly as cool weather in the heavy producing Great Plains slowed maturity. On October 1 a number of fields were still green to just turning color. Much of this late acreage will need a late frost to permit maturity without damage. Farm stocks of feed grains on October 1 were 0.4 percent more than last year but 10 percent below average.

Harvest of spring wheat was completed in September. Nearly ideal conditions boosted output of both durum and other spring wheat slightly. Production of all wheat- winter and spring- is 19 percent more than last year and 28 percent above average. Production of food grains in 1967 is now expected to total 51.8 million tons - 17 percent above last year and 27 percent above average. Farm stocks of wheat and rye were 11 percent larger than a year earlier and 28 percent above average. The increase is from wheat stocks because rye stocks are down sharply from a year earlier.

Oilseed Production prospects declined slightly in September, but the 1967 total is expected to be 4 percent more than last year and 19 percent above average. Indicated production of soybeans dropped 1 percent in September because of dry soils and frost damage in parts of the west North Central Region. However, the 1967 crop will exceed last year's record production by 7 percent. Higher yield prospects in Minnesota, the Dakotas, and California pushed expected flaxseed production 7 percent above the September 1 forecast. This year's crop, however, will be 15 percent below last year and 30 percent below average. Harvest was nearing completion by the end of September.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Immediate Release

October 13, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 7, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing states hatched a total of 283,000 poults during the week ending October 7, 1967, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 21 percent above the same week in 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 36,000 were down 56 percent from the same week in 1966. and the light breed hatch was 247,000 up 62 percent from last year.

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Ten Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
Sept. 16	100	121	193	161	293	282	96
Sept. 23	66	109	196	207	262	316	121
Sept. 30	45	73	219	220	264	293	111
Oct. 7	81	36	152	247	233	283	121
			Eggs Set				
Aug. 19	187	240	331	273	518	513	99
Aug. 26	124	253	334	335	458	588	128
Sept. 2	85	159	391	355	476	514	108
Sept. 9	156	63	248	406	404	469	116
Sept. 16	84	129	400	298	484	427	88
Sept. 23	158	188	444	329	602	517	86
Sept. 30	176	40	406	293	582	333	57
Oct. 7	145	67	368	313	513	380	74
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
Sept. 16	88	#	152	#	240	227	95
Sept. 23	#	#	#	#	207	215	104
Sept. 30	10	61	154	177	164	238	145
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	170	215	126
			Eggs Set				
Aug. 19	163	#	263	#	426	396	93
Aug. 26	#	#	#	#	362	360	99
Sept. 2	20	112	267	279	387	391	136
Sept. 9	#	#	#	#	295	352	119
Sept. 16	#	#	#	#	342	269	79
Sept. 23	58	#	301	#	359	329	92
Sept. 30	55	#	271	#	326	216	66
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	334	239	72
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
Sept. 16	12	#	0	0	12	#	-
Sept. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
			Eggs Set				
Aug. 19	24	#	0	0	24	#	-
Aug. 26	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 2	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 9	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 16	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-

Confidential

1/ Totals for California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 380,000, down 26 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 67,000 compares with 145,000 in 1966 and light breed settings at 313,000 were down 15 percent from the previous year.

MINNESOTA - WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 7 totaled 215,000, a level 26 percent above the same week last year. Hatchings by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 239,000, down 28 percent from the same week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 5 percent of the week's hatch compared with 13 percent the previous week and 5 percent the same period in 1966.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
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October 13, 1967

1967 RED CLOVER SEED FORECAST

MINNESOTA: Production of red clover seed in 1967 for Minnesota is forecast at 3,190,000 pounds according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. A crop this size would be 31 percent less than the 1966 production and just slightly below the 5-year average.

The lower production this year is the result of reduction in acreage. Minnesota growers harvested 29,000 acres of red clover seed this year compared with 42,000 in 1966 and the 5-year average of 32,800 acres. Yield is estimated at 110 pounds per acre, the same as a year ago but 11 pounds better than the 5-year average.

Clover seedings seem to have survived the winter in good shape. The spring months were dry and cool and clover got off to a slow start. June was abnormally wet but July, August and September were dry. This was not a good season for seed production, furthermore, the demand for hay reduced the acreage available for seed.

UNITED STATES: Production of red clover seed this year is estimated at 44,823,000 pounds. 30 percent less than the 1966 revised total of 64,384,000 pounds and 37 percent less than the 1961-65 average. Production at this level would be the lowest since 1937. Smaller crops are expected in eighteen of the twenty producing States. Acreage of red clover seed harvested this year, at 500,600 acres, was 27 percent less than last year and 39 percent below average. Sharpest acreage changes were in Ohio, Indiana, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Kentucky and Idaho where declines ranged from 31 to 40 percent from last year. Adverse weather reduced the U.S. yield per acre from 94 pounds in 1966 to 90 in 1967. Yields were below last year in eight States, including Illinois which accounts for about 22 percent of the U.S. acreage.

Wet weather has been a problem in the Plains and Eastern producing States. In New York and Pennsylvania wet weather late in the season delayed maturity of the crop, and weeds are becoming a problem. In Maryland, Kentucky and Illinois wet weather caused rank growth and poor seed sets in may areas. In Michigan, Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas the late season rains have delayed harvest. The red clover season was generally favorable in Montana after a late start. In the Northwest conditions have been good to excellent in Washington, fair in Idaho and poor in Oregon.

Harvest of red clover seed was later than in 1966 in all States except Washington and Oregon. Beginning harvest dates in Wisconsin were October 4 and in New York, October 10.

Carryover of 1966 and earlier crop seed on June 30, 1967 is estimated at 32,257,000 pounds, (16 339,000 by dealers and 15,918,000 by growers). Initial supply (1967 production plus June 30, 1967 carryover) of red clover seed is 77,080,000 pounds, 19 percent less than last year and 21 percent below average. Imports during the year ended June 30, 1967 amounted to 3.081,500 pounds, almost three times the 1,083,500 pounds imported a year earlier. Imports were 200 pounds from Australia, 3,077,100 pounds from Canada (48,600, U.S. seed returned), 900 from Great Britian, 700 Germany, 2,200 Japan and 400 pounds from the Netherlands.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F.J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

RED CLOVER SEED: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production average 1961-65, annual 1966 and 1967

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per acre			Production (clean seed)		
	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
N.Y.	12,000	12,000	10,000	94	90	95	1,142	1,080	950
Pa.	19,200	15,000	11,000	63	60	65	1,244	900	715
Ohio	125,000	106,000	64,000	69	77	70	8,537	8,162	4,480
Ind.	103,000	82,000	52,000	71	80	85	7,235	6,560	4,420
Ill.	163,200	130,000	112,000	81	75	70	13,134	9,750	7,840
Mich.	56,600	42,000	38,000	73	80	85	4,135	3,360	3,230
Wis.	32,600	45,000	30,000	68	95	90	2,218	4,275	2,700
Minn.	32,800	42,000	29,000	99	110	110	3,206	4,620	3,190
Iowa	54,400	45,000	35,000	59	79	78	3,222	3,555	2,730
Mo.	100,800	75,000	52,000	89	90	80	8,849	6,750	4,160
Nebr.	18,400	10,000	9,500	71	70	80	1,310	700	760
Kans.	24,800	11,000	9,000	79	75	75	1,936	825	675
Md.	8,900	7,000	5,000	66	70	60	604	490	300
Va.	8,400	5,500	5,000	77	80	95	658	440	475
Ky.	16,600	18,000	11,000	86	90	90	1,424	1,620	990
Mont.	1,360	1,100	800	230	165	200	307	182	160
Idaho	15,400	13,000	8,000	322	360	370	4,972	4,680	2,960
Wash.	5,140	7,000	4,900	303	330	375	1,663	2,310	1,838
Oreg.	21,700	19,000	13,500	226	185	140	4,957	3,515	1,890
Calif.	1,560	1,000	900	450	610	400	694	610	360
U.S.	821,860	686,600	500,600	88	94	90	71,446	64,384	44,823

1/ Revised.

Red Clover Seed Supply: United States, average 1961-65, annual 1966 and 1967

Item	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
Production	71,446	64,384	44,823
Farm Carryover	13,283	14,240	15,918
Dealer carryover	13,216	16,780	16,339
Supply (production plus carryover)	97,945	95,404	77,080

1/ Revised.

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October 17, 1967

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
September 1967

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,599,000 chicks during September 1967 which was 22 percent above September 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The August hatch consisted of 851,000 egg-type chicks and 748,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was up 27 percent and the broiler chick production was up 17 percent from the same month in 1966. For the period January through September, the egg-type hatch was down 9 percent while the broiler type hatch was 6 percent above the 1966 level.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-September for Minnesota was $3.01 per 100 pounds compared with $3.02 the previous month and $3.25 a year ago.

On September 15, the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 7.5 compared with 7.0 the previous month and 11.4 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-type			Broiler-type		
	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966	1966	1967	Pct. Change from 1966
	- Thousands -		Percent	- Thousands -		Percent
January. . . .	839	1,063	+38	680	737	+ 8
February . . .	809	1,404	+74	593	585	- 1
March.	3,993	3,455	-13	819	900	+10
April.	6,028	4,969	-18	1,068	1,100	+ 3
May.	6,094	4,421	-27	1,048	1,191	+14
June	2,590	1,850	-29	930	921	- 1
July	851	1,170	+37	727	725	0
August	752	1,384	+84	696	713	+ 2
September. . .	671	851	+27	640	748	+17
October. . . .	821			605		
November . . .	657			729		
December . . .	851			667		

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced an estimated 234 million chicks during September 1967, a decrease of 5 percent from the 248 million produced in September 1966. The number of broiler-type chicks hatched totaled 201 million, down 6 percent from a year earlier. During January through September 1967, there were 2,118 million broiler-type chicks produced, 1 percent above the same months last year. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on October 1, 1967 was down 8 percent from October 1, 1966.

The number of egg-type chicks hatched during September is estimated at 33.6 million, a decrease of 5 percent from September 1966. All regions recorded decreases from a year earlier except the West North Central and West which were about the same. The decreases in other regions were as follows: North Atlantic, 23 percent; South Atlantic, 5 percent; South Central, 2 percent; and East North Central, 1 percent. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 9 months of 1967 totaled 451 million, down 2 percent from the same period last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on October 1 was down 14 percent from October 1 a year earlier.

Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries,
Selected States and United States, September 1966 and 1967

State and Division	During September					
	Broiler-type		Egg-type		Total	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio.	520	370	1,350	1,200	1,870	1,570
Indiana . . .	2,312	1,708	2,052	2,418	4,364	4,126
Illinois. . .	49	9	1,387	1,237	1,436	1,246
Michigan. . .	440	1/	750	700	1,190	1/
Wisconsin . .	1,160	1,025	343	250	1,503	1,275
Minnesota . .	640	748	671	851	1,311	1,599
Iowa.	50	24	600	690	650	714
Missouri. . .	1,967	1,353	688	562	2,655	1,915
North Dakota.	1/	1/	0	0	1/	1/
South Dakota.	1/	1/	110	100	1/	1/
Nebraska. . .	24	29	322	225	346	254
Kansas. . . .	5	5	260	225	265	230
N. Central .	7,167	5,691	8,533	8,458	15,700	14,149
UNITED STATES	212,683	200,868	35,428	33,622	248,111	234,490

1/ Included only in North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 17, 1967

POTATO ACREAGE AND PRODUCTION REPORT
October 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Late Summer potato production is estimated at 1,665,000 hundredweight, up 10 percent from last year, and 28 percent above the 1961-65 average. Acres harvested and to be harvested total 7,400 the same as last year.

Fall Potato production is forecast at 11,040,000 hundredweight, 2 percent above 1966 but 13 percent less than the 1961-65 average. Acres harvested and to be harvested total 96,000 in 1967 compared to 90,000 in 1966 and the 1961-65 average of 100,800 acres harvested.

UNITED STATES: POTATOES: The fall potato crop is forecast at 229,485,000 hundredweight, 3 percent more than the September 1 estimate and 1 percent above the 1966 crop. Expected production is higher than a month earlier in all areas. Western States show the largest increases. Weather conditions during September generally favored development, but killing frosts were reported in Michigan, North Dakota, Minnesota, the San Luis Valley of Colorado, and in northern Idaho and Wisconsin. In other areas, except where vines were killed by chemical or mechanical means, potatoes were still adding tonnage on October 1. In general, the crop has been late in maturing and harvest was behind normal in most areas on October 1. Contributing to the larger estimate of fall production was the shifting of some previously classified late summer acreage on Long Island New York, Wisconsin, and Washington to the fall crop. The shifts were made because of slow marketings to October 1 in these States. Generally, in all areas set has been heavy and tubers are running to small sizes.

Production of fall crop potatoes in the Eastern States is placed at 70,361,000 hundredweight, nearly 1 percent above a month earlier and 8 percent more than in 1966. In Maine, wet weather in late September delayed harvest and only one-third of the potatoes had been dug by October 1. Sizes are averaging smaller than expected. Reduced prospects in Maine were more than offset by the shift to fall production of some late summer acreage on Long Island and improved prospects in Pennsylvania. Upstate New York and Pennsylvania expect record high yields.

Production of 47,171,000 hundredweight in the 8 central States is 5 percent above the September 1 forecast but slightly below the 1966 crop. In Michigan, harvest progressed rapidly the first part of September, but wet weather slowed operations at the end of the month. On October 1, about one-half of the acreage was harvested. In southern Wisconsin acreage generally has escaped frost and favorable weather in late summer helped add tonnage. Red River Valley areas of North Dakota and Minnesota suffered killing frost in late September. Harvest was nearly at mid-point by October 1 in the Valley on a good quality crop. However, sizes were averaging smaller than normal.

The fall crop in the Western States is estimated at 111,953,000 cwt., 3 percent more than a month earlier, but 3 percent below 1966. Prospects improved in September in eastern Idaho where weather conditions favored late maturing acreage in the south central areas. Frost occurred only in limited areas to October 1. In the Southwestern counties, heat in August caused more damage than expected. The San Luis Valley, Colorado harvest is late with only about one-fifth of the acreage dug to October 1. Russets are small but McClures are of excellent size. September weather in Washington was too warm for harvest of fall acreage. Harvest in the Tulelake area of California is underway, where good yields are expected because most areas escaped frost.

The late summer crop is estimated at 28,054,000 hundredweight, 8 percent below a month earlier and 5 percent below 1966. Marketings from the late summer acreage generally have been very slow. Some acreage on Long Island, New York, and in Wisconsin and Washington, was reclassified from late summer to the fall group. Yields were higher than expected in New Jersey, Indiana, and Minnesota; but below the September 1 forecasts for Long Island, New York; Michigan; Colorado; Washington; and California.

The 1967 production for all seasonal groups is placed at 301,520,000 hundredweight, 2 percent less than last year but 11 percent above average.

Acreage and Estimated Production of Potatoes
As of October 1, 1967 with Comparisons

Seasonal Group and Selected State	Acreage			Yield per harv. acre			Production		
	Harvested		Indicated						
	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Indicated 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Indicated 1967
	- 1,000 Acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 Cwt. -		
Winter	20.6	25.5	24.6	197	199	201	4,069	5,084	4,940
Early Spring	28.1	35.6	29.4	159	138	101	4,469	4,924	2,979
Late Spring	103.4	113.3	103.0	223	229	217	22,966	25,937	22,376
Early Summer	86.7	87.1	86.7	151	158	158	13,095	13,740	13,686
Late Summer:									
N. Y. - L. I.	10.2	9.8	6.5	257	240	235	2,613	2,352	1,528
New Jersey	17.4	17.9	17.0	240	185	245	4,173	3,312	4,165
Michigan	9.9	11.8	10.9	146	125	160	1,433	1,475	1,744
Wisconsin	20.8	19.0	17.5	191	190	205	3,951	3,610	3,588
Minnesota	6.7	7.4	7.4	195	205	225	1,301	1,517	1,665
Colorado	14.2	13.1	11.7	193	225	170	2,733	2,948	1,989
Washington	18.8	21.0	22.0	320	370	320	6,004	7,770	7,040
California	8.6	9.4	10.0	331	355	310	2,839	3,337	3,100
Other	29.0	24.1	22.8	128	129	142	3,717	3,109	3,235
Total Late Summer	135.6	133.5	125.8	212	220	223	28,764	29,430	28,054
FALL:									
Maine	143.0	158.0	163.0	260	240	240	37,168	37,920	39,120
N.H.	1.6	1.3	1.2	210	215	215	332	280	258
Vermont	2.1	1.7	1.6	188	185	190	397	314	304
Massachusetts	6.8	6.8	6.6	201	190	195	1,369	1,292	1,287
Rhode Island	5.5	5.7	5.8	227	223	210	1,249	1,271	1,218
Connecticut	6.6	6.5	6.4	227	230	210	1,496	1,495	1,344
N. Y. - L.I.	29.2	29.7	32.0	271	255	255	7,895	7,574	8,160
-Upstate	40.8	39.0	38.0	219	220	245	8,945	8,580	9,310
Pennsylvania	39.0	39.0	39.0	192	162	240	7,497	6,318	9,360
8 Eastern Fall	274.6	287.7	293.6	242	226	240	66,348	65,044	70,361
Ohio	11.8	11.9	12.1	205	190	205	2,419	2,261	2,480
Indiana	6.2	7.0	7.0	260	225	265	1,602	1,575	1,855
Michigan	35.1	36.0	33.5	202	205	215	7,100	7,380	7,202
Wisconsin	34.3	41.0	39.5	214	215	230	7,348	8,815	9,085
Minnesota	100.8	90.0	96.0	126	120	115	12,643	10,800	11,040
N. Dakota	112.2	110.0	114.0	122	130	115	13,651	14,300	13,110
S. Dakota	5.6	5.8	5.5	101	135	110	561	783	605
Nebraska	8.1	8.1	7.8	193	190	230	1,561	1,539	1,794
6 Central Fall	314.0	309.8	315.4	150	153	150	46,884	47,453	47,171
Montana	7.8	8.0	8.4	171	170	175	1,338	1,360	1,470
Idaho-10 S.W. Co.	17.4	35.0	31.0	261	310	270	4,692	10,850	8,370
-Other Co.	240.6	276.0	273.0	194	215	205	46,809	59,340	55,965
Wyoming	3.5	3.6	3.2	150	145	160	530	522	512
Colorado	35.3	30.5	36.0	235	280	270	8,314	8,540	9,720
Utah	8.1	8.1	7.7	147	170	170	1,187	1,377	1,309
Nevada	1.3	.8	.9	186	220	240	233	176	216
Washington	22.7	37.0	42.0	315	380	330	7,220	14,060	13,860
Oreg.-Malheur Co.	11.3	14.5	20.0	261	260	240	2,932	3,770	4,800
-Other Co.	25.6	27.0	28.0	240	245	230	6,154	6,615	6,440
California	24.4	31.0	32.6	257	280	285	6,271	8,680	9,291
9 Western Fall	398.0	471.5	482.8	215	245	232	85,682	115,290	111,953
Total	986.6	1,069.0	1,091.8	201	213	210	198,914	227,787	229,485
U. S.	1,361.2	1,464.0	1,461.3	200	210	206	272,276	306,902	301,520

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 19, 1967

CATTLE ON FEED - OCTOBER 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle and calves on grain feed for slaughter market on October 1, 1967 in Minnesota totaled 321,000 head, 8 percent less than a year earlier according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. Cattle and calves placed on feed during the past three months were 8 percent below a year ago but marketings during the period were up 6 percent. The October 1 number on feed was 17 percent below the number on feed July 1 this year as compared to a 10 percent decrease during the same period last year.

Placements of cattle and calves on feed during July, August and September this year totaled 133,000 head compared to 145,000 head during the same months of 1966. Marketings of grain fed cattle during the same months totaled 197,000 head, 6 percent above a year earlier. As of October 1, 1967 cattle feeders intended to market 180,000 head of grain fed cattle during October, November and December 1967. If realized this will be 4 percent less than the actual marketings during these same months of 1966.

Of the 321,000 head on feed October 1, 67 percent weighed less than 900 pounds, 32 percent between 900 and 1,099 pounds and 1 percent over 1,100 pounds. Comparable percentages for a year earlier were 64 percent, 34 percent and 2 percent, respectively. Of the number on feed October 1, 61 percent were steers compared to 62 percent in 1966 and 39 percent were heifers compared to 38 percent a year ago. The remaining number were cows and bulls being grain fed for slaughter.

32 STATES: Cattle and calves on feed for slaughter market on October 1, 1967 in 32 major feeding States is estimated at 8,566,000 head, 2 percent more than a year earlier. The increase in the number of cattle and calves on feed was in those that weighed less than 700 pounds -- up 13 percent. The number on feed weighing over 700 pounds declined 3 percent. Fed cattle marketings during the past quarter were 2 percent above a year earlier. The number of cattle and calves placed on feed during the quarter was up 8 percent. The number on feed October 1 was 2 percent less than the number on feed July 1 compared with a 5 percent decrease during the same period in 1966, and a 2 percent decrease in 1965. On October 1, 1967 there were 5,163,000 cattle and calves on feed in the North Central States, 2 percent more than a year earlier, and 7 percent less than on July 1 this year. The number on feed was unchanged from a year earlier in Iowa, the leading cattle feeding State, and numbers were 4 percent larger in Nebraska, the second ranking State. Numbers were up from last year in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and Missouri, but were down in Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota South Dakota and Kansas. On October 1, 1967 there were 2,397,000 cattle and calves on feed in the 11 Western States, 2 percent less than a year earlier and 4 percent more than on July 1 this year. Numbers were down 13 percent from a year earlier in California, the leading State in this region, but were up 5 percent in Colorado, the second ranking State in the region.

Cattle and calves placed on feed in the 32 States during July-September totaled 5,120,000, an increase of 8 percent from the same period in 1966. Placements were 8 percent larger in the North Central States and 3 percent in the Western States. Shipments of stocker and feeder cattle into 8 Corn Belt States during July and August were down 1 percent from the same period in 1966. Marketings of fed cattle for slaughter during the third quarter totaled 5,278,000 head--2 percent above the corresponding period in 1966. Fed cattle marketings were up 3 percent in the North Central States but down 2 percent in the Western States. Total slaughter of steers and heifers under Federal inspection during the July-September quarter was 1 percent above a year earlier. Beef steers and heifers (prime, choice and good) sold out of first hands for slaughter at 15 livestock markets during July-September were down 6 percent from the same period in 1966. These data do not include sales to packing plants, mixed lots, and some deliveries bought on prior contract.

Eldon L. Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Cattle and Calves on Grain Feed, Minnesota and 32 States, 1967 with Comparisons

ITEM	MINNESOTA			32 STATES		
	1966	1967	1967 Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	1967 Pct. of 1966
	1,000 Head		Percent	1,000 Head		Percent
Cattle and Calves on Feed, July 1	389	385	99	8,858	8,724	98
Placed on Feed July 1-Sept. 30 1/	145	133	92	4,754	5,120	108
Fed Cattle Marketed July 1-Sept.30 1/	185	197	106	5,188	5,278	102
Cattle and Calves on Feed, Oct. 1	349	321	92	8,424	8,566	102
Kinds on Feed Oct. 1						
Steers and Steer Calves	216	195	90	5,962	6,011	101
Heifers and Heifer Calves	132	125	95	2,438	2,539	104
Cows and Other	1	1	100	24	16	67
Time on Feed Oct. 1						
Under 3 months	144	132	92	4,543	4,878	107
3-6 months	38	48	126	2,303	2,419	105
Over 6 months	167	141	84	1,578	1,269	80
Weight Groups Oct. 1						
Under 900 pounds	224	214	96	5,436	5,640	104
900-1,099 pounds	117	103	88	2,565	2,563	100
1,100 pounds and over	8	4	50	423	363	86
October - December Marketings	187	180	96	2/ 4,809	3/ 4,894	102

1/ Includes cattle placed on feed after beginning of quarter and marketed before end of quarter.
2/ Actual marketings from October 1 number on feed, excluding those placed on feed after Oct. 1. and marketed before December 31. 3/ Expected marketings from Oct. 1, 1967 number on feed.

Cattle and Calves on Feed by Quarters, Oct. 1, 1966, July 1 and Oct. 1, 1967 1/

STATE	Oct. 1 1966	July 1 1967	Oct. 1 1967	October 1, 1967 as percent of October 1, 1966
	1,000 Head			Percent
Pennsylvania	56	47	51	91
Ohio	180	230	182	101
Indiana	169	243	210	124
Illinois	510	570	538	105
Michigan	92	126	107	116
Wisconsin	100	104	98	98
Minnesota	349	385	321	92
Iowa	1,496	1,808	1,496	100
Missouri	283	291	306	108
North Dakota	61	66	50	82
South Dakota	230	256	223	97
Nebraska	1,118	1,044	1,164	104
Kansas	476	402	468	98
North Central States	5,064	5,525	5,163	102
Georgia	53	39	42	79
Florida	53	32	37	70
Kentucky	39	37	37	95
Tennessee	26	12	19	73
Alabama	22	13	17	77
Mississippi	21	11	18	86
Oklahoma	123	111	141	115
Texas	509	584	644	127
Montana	64	60	63	98
Idaho	153	138	157	103
Wyoming	22	19	22	100
Colorado	474	487	496	105
New Mexico	108	134	126	117
Arizona	271	306	313	115
Utah	42	30	30	71
Nevada	28	17	17	61
Washington	124	125	137	110
Oregon	78	68	80	103
California	1,094	929	956	87
Western States	2,458	2,313	2,397	98
32 State Total	8,424	8,724	8,566	102

1/ Cattle and calves on feed are animals being fattened for the slaughter market on grain and other concentrates and are expected to produce a carcass that will grade good or better.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 19, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 14, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 249,000 poults during the week ending October 14, 1967, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 12 percent below the same week in 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 59,000 were up 26 percent from the same week in 1966 while the light breed hatch at 190,000 was down 19 percent from last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 23	66	109	196	207	262	316	121
Sept. 30	45	73	219	220	264	293	111
Oct. 7	81	36	152	247	233	283	121
Oct. 14	47	59	235	190	282	249	88
Eggs Set							
Aug. 26	124	253	334	335	458	588	128
Sept. 2	85	159	391	355	476	514	108
Sept. 9	156	63	248	406	404	469	116
Sept. 16	84	129	400	298	484	427	88
Sept. 23	158	188	444	329	602	517	86
Sept. 30	176	40	406	293	582	333	57
Oct. 7	145	67	368	313	513	380	74
Oct. 14	205	186	318	257	523	443	85
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 23	#	#	#	#	207	215	104
Sept. 30	10	61	154	177	164	238	145
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	170	215	126
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	198	183	92
Eggs Set							
Aug. 26	#	#	#	#	362	360	99
Sept. 2	20	112	267	279	387	391	136
Sept. 9	#	#	#	#	295	352	119
Sept. 16	#	#	#	#	342	269	79
Sept. 23	58	#	301	#	359	329	92
Sept. 30	55	#	271	#	326	216	66
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	334	239	72
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	295	261	88
California							
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 14	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Eggs Set							
Aug. 26	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 2	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 9	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 16	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 14	113	#	0	0	113	#	-

Confidential.
1/ Six State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 443,000, down 15 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 186,000 were down 9 percent and light breed settings at 257,000 were down 19 percent from the same week last year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 14 totaled 183,000, down 8 percent from the same week last year. Hatchings by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 261,000, down 12 percent from the same week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were also confidential to avoid disclosing individual operation.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 5 percent of the week's hatch. This is the same as last week and compares with 18 percent the same week in 1966.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240		689		929		711		1,389		2,100	
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216		1,106		1,322		1,740		2,071		3,811	
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of heavy breed turkeys tested in the United States by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during September 1967 was 432,853, down 22 percent from September last year. The number of heavy white breeds tested totaled 310,286, down 18 percent from a year earlier. Other heavy breeds tested at 122,567 were down 29 percent from September 1966. The number of light breed turkeys tested totaled 21,433 compared with 15,468 in September 1966.

Turkeys tested in Minnesota during September 1967 included 75,700 heavy white, 23,927 other heavy and 13,059 lights. The Minnesota cumulative totals for July through September 1967 are 118,158 heavy white 25,327 other heavy and 13,059 light breed turkeys. Comparable figures for the same months of 1966 were 129,781 heavy white, 21,764 other heavy and 28,500 light breed turkeys.

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

OCT 27 1967

Immediate Release

October 23, 1967

ALFALFA SEED PRODUCTION - 1967

MINNESOTA: Growers in the State indicated an alfalfa seed crop of 360,000 pounds or a 6 percent drop from the rather small crop of 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. A further drop in acreage harvested was not offset by an above-average yield of 80 pounds per acre.

UNITED STATES: The 1967 alfalfa seed crop is estimated at 109,758,000 pounds, 7 percent less than last year's revised total of 117,778,000 pounds and 18 percent below the 1961-65 average. Production is below a year earlier in fifteen of the twenty-one States.

In California, the leading producing State, production, at 43,650,000, is down 1 percent from the revised 1966 estimate of 44,100,000 pounds. Harvest is behind normal this year. Harvest was about three-fourths complete in the Central Valley on October 1. In the northwest the season has been favorable and yields are above a year earlier. In most other producing States conditions for alfalfa seed were only fair. In Kansas and Oklahoma conditions were poor and the crop is sharply below a year earlier.

The U.S. acreage harvested for seed this year is estimated at 461,600 acres, 21 percent less than the revised 1966 acreage and 34 percent less than average. The U.S. yield per acre is a record high 238 pounds, compared with 203 pounds last year and the 1961-65 average of 193 pounds. Yields are equal to or above last year in twelve of the twenty-one States and are higher than last year in all major States.

Harvest started about a week later than last year in California. Harvest was generally later than last year in all producing States except the Northwest where beginning dates ranged from two days to a week earlier. Dates on which harvest began averaged as follows: August 14 in Texas; August 19 in Oklahoma; August 25 in Arizona; September 8 in Oregon; September 9 in New Mexico; September 10 in Utah; September 11 in Nevada; September 13 in Idaho; September 15 in Wisconsin and Washington; September 17 in Kansas; September 21 in Michigan and Minnesota; September 26 in Ohio; September 27 in Montana; September 30 in Colorado; October 5 in Nebraska; October 6 in South Dakota; October 10 in North Dakota and October 15 in Wyoming.

Carryover of old crop alfalfa seed on June 30, 1967 is estimated at 33,646,000 pounds (28,331,000 by dealers and 5,315,000 by growers). A year earlier carryover was 35,317,000 pounds and the average carryover is 37,306,000 pounds. The initial supply (production plus carryover) is indicated to be 143,404,000 pounds, 6 percent less than the supply of 153,095,000 pounds a year earlier. Imports of alfalfa seed during the year ended June 30, 1967 totaled 113,900 pounds - 108,900 Canada (40,200 U.S. seed returned); 3,200 France, 200 Austria, 1,200 Germany, 200 Peru and 200 Great Britain. Imports during the year ending June 1966 were 63,100 pounds. Exports during the twelve-month period ended June 30, 1967 were 17,700,910 pounds (6,036,971 certified and 11,663,939 uncertified). Exports were 13 percent above the 15,685,880 pounds reported a year earlier and more than double the average of 7,562,925 pounds.

C.W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

ALFALFA SEED: Acreage harvested, yield per acre, and production average 1961-65, annual 1966 and 1967

State	Acreage harvested			Yield per Acre			Production (Clean Seed)		
	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967
	- Acres -			- Pounds -			- 1,000 pounds -		
Ohio	4,900	2,500	2,000	56	55	50	295	138	100
Michigan	11,200	13,000	9,000	71	70	65	847	910	585
Wisconsin	3,800	7,000	5,000	66	65	65	248	455	325
Minnesota	7,700	5,500	4,500	67	70	80	553	385	360
N. Dakota	19,800	12,000	7,000	38	42	40	821	504	280
S. Dakota	88,200	78,000	62,000	55	62	64	5,162	4,836	3,968
Nebraska	59,600	36,000	32,000	75	65	70	4,522	2,340	2,240
Kansas	90,200	65,000	21,000	94	110	75	8,601	7,150	1,575
Oklahoma	56,800	46,000	33,000	127	155	70	7,367	7,130	2,310
Texas	8,000	6,500	6,500	136	110	90	1,093	715	585
Montana	40,400	40,000	36,000	90	100	80	4,323	4,000	2,880
Idaho	46,800	34,000	33,000	313	355	425	14,485	12,070	14,025
Wyoming	7,200	8,000	6,000	70	60	80	527	480	480
Colorado	15,600	14,000	10,000	138	130	110	2,168	1,820	1,100
N. Mexico	5,220	3,600	2,100	220	125	120	1,158	450	315
Arizona	20,000	19,000	16,000	191	160	150	3,808	3,040	2,080
Utah	42,800	35,000	31,000	167	140	170	7,236	4,900	5,270
Nevada	7,160	11,000	11,000	271	380	440	1,930	4,180	4,840
Washington	27,600	25,000	23,000	449	445	600	12,381	11,125	13,800
Oregon	19,700	15,000	14,500	500	470	620	9,525	7,050	8,990
California	114,400	105,000	97,000	405	420	450	46,040	44,100	43,650
United States	697,080	581,100	461,600	193	203	238	133,090	117,778	109,758

1/ Revised.

Alfalfa Seed Supply: United States, Average 1961-65, Annual 1966 and 1967

ITEM	Average 1961-65	1966 1/	Indicated 1967
	- 1,000 Pounds -		
Production	133,090	117,778	109,758
Farm Carryover	8,783	7,625	5,315
Dealer Carryover	28,523	27,692	28,331
Supply (Production plus carryover)	170,396	153,095	143,404

1/ Revised.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 23, 1967

TURKEY BREEDER HENS, 1968 HATCHING SEASON INTENTIONS

MINNESOTA: At the beginning of the 1968 hatching season the number of turkey breeder hens in supply flocks is expected to be 11 percent smaller than a year earlier. Heavy breed hens were down 15 percent while only a 4 percent drop is expected for the light breeds. This information is based on October 1 intentions as reported by hatchery operators to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

UNITED STATES: Turkey breeder flock owners in 15 important turkey States reported that at the beginning of the 1968 hatchery season they expect to keep 11 percent fewer breeder hens than a year earlier. Turkey breeders plan to reduce the number of Beltsville and other light breed hens 18 percent from the 1967 level. The expected number of heavy breed hens to be kept is 10 percent less than a year earlier. The 15 States covered by this report account for approximately 80 percent of all breeder hens in the United States based on January 1, 1967 inventory numbers of breeder hens.

Reductions are expected in the number of heavy breeder hens in all 15 States except Pennsylvania, Michigan, and Missouri. The largest percentage declines are expected in New York, down 20 percent; Ohio, down 18 percent; Minnesota, down 15 percent; and California, down 13 percent.

Light breeder hens are expected to decline from a year earlier as follows: in Ohio, 68 percent; Minnesota, 4 percent; Iowa, 44 percent; Oregon, 20 percent; and Missouri, Virginia, and Texas each 25 percent. Increases from a year earlier are expected in Pennsylvania and California, while in Michigan no change is intended. The three States of Minnesota, Virginia, and Oregon accounted for approximately two-thirds of the 1967 United States total light breeder hens.

(Over)

Eldon Johnson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

TURKEY BREEDER HEN INTENTIONS--1968 HATCHING SEASON

State	Intentions to hold turkey breeder hens at beginning of 1968 season as percent of holdings a year earlier		
	Heavy Breeds	Beltsville and other light	Total all Breeds
	Percent	Percent	Percent
New York	80	---	77
Pennsylvania	120	150	123
Ohio	82	32	74
Michigan	105	100	105
Wisconsin	1/	1/	1/
Minnesota	85	96	89
Iowa	96	56	93
Missouri	100	75	98
Virginia	98	75	82
South Carolina	95	---	95
Oklahoma	1/	1/	1/
Texas	97	75	97
Washington	95	---	95
Oregon	90	80	87
California	87	133	87
Total 15 States	90	82	89

1/ Not shown to avoid disclosing individual operations. Included in 15 State percentages.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 26, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 21, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 309,000 poults during the week ending October 21, 1967, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 15 percent below the same week in 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 106,000 were up 20 percent from the same week in 1966, while the light breed hatch at 203,000 was down 26 percent from last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 30	45	73	219	220	264	293	111
Oct. 7	81	36	152	247	233	283	121
Oct. 14	47	59	235	190	282	249	88
Oct. 21	88	106	275	203	363	309	85
Eggs Set							
Sept. 2	85	171	391	362	476	533	112
Sept. 9	156	73	248	406	404	479	119
Sept. 16	84	129	400	309	484	438	90
Sept. 23	158	188	444	329	602	517	86
Sept. 30	176	40	406	293	582	333	57
Oct. 7	145	67	368	313	513	380	74
Oct. 14	205	186	318	257	523	443	85
Oct. 21	194	162	375	273	569	435	76
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 30	10	61	154	177	164	238	145
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	170	215	126
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	198	183	92
Oct. 21	31	#	188	#	219	197	90
Eggs Set							
Sept. 2	20	112	267	279	387	391	136
Sept. 9	#	#	#	#	295	352	119
Sept. 16	#	#	#	#	342	280	82
Sept. 23	58	#	301	#	359	329	92
Sept. 30	55	#	271	#	326	216	66
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	334	239	72
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	295	261	88
Oct. 21	40	#	270	#	310	263	85
California							
Poults Hatched							
Sept. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 14	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 21	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Eggs Set							
Sept. 2	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 9	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 16	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 14	113	#	0	0	113	#	-
Oct. 21	127	#	0	0	127	#	-

Confidential

1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 435,000, down 24 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 162,000 were down 16 percent and light breed settings at 273,000 were down 27 percent from the same week last year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 21 totaled 197,000, down 10 percent from the same week last year. Hatchings by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual hatchery operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 263,000, down 15 percent from the same week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were also confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 15 percent of the week's hatch compared with 5 percent the previous week and 23 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240	332	689	644	929	976	711	1,139	1,389	1,133	2,100	2,272
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216	169	1,106	992	1,322	1,161	1,740	2,095	2,071	1,709	3,811	3,804
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 27, 1967

GRAIN STOCKS - October 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Stocks of corn in all positions in the State on October 1 totaled 106 million bushels, 4 percent more than the 103 million bushels on hand last year, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. On-farm stocks were 15 million bushels more than holdings a year earlier, while off-farm stocks totaled 21.0 million bushels, and were stored in the following positions: 7.6 million in country elevators, 3.8 million in the terminal areas of Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and in country processing points (including hybrid seed corn firms); and 9.6 millinn bushels in CCC plants.

Total wheat stocks of 59.5 million bushels in all positions were 6.8 million bushels below the 66.3 million held a year earlier. Wheat held on farms totaled 22.9 million bushels compared with 13.2 million a year ago. Stocks in off-farm positions amounted to 36.6 million bushels, compared to 53.1 million at this time last year. Most off-farm stocks are held in the terminal areas and were stored in the following positions: 23.9 million in the Twin Cities and Duluth terminal areas, 9.9 million in country elevators, and 2.8 million in country processing plants.

Stocks of Oats in all positions totaled 160.6 million bushels, 1 percent below the 161.8 million bushels on hand a year earlier. On-farm stocks of 127.4 million were just slightly above the 127.2 million on hand October 1, 1966. Off-farm stocks totaled 33.2 million bushels with 16.8 million in country elevators and country processors and 16.4 million in the Twin Cities-Duluth terminal areas.

Barley stocks of 47.0 million bushels were about 7.4 million bushels above holdings a year earlier. On-farm stocks totaled 22.3 million compared with 18.0 million bushels a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 24.7 million bushels, 14 percent more than October 1, 1966. The off-farm stocks were held in the following positions: 16.3 million bushels in the terminal area, 2.8 in country processing plants and 5.6 million in country elevators.

Stocks of rye in all positions totaled 8.2 million bushels, one-half million bushels more than the 7.7 million bushels on hand a year earlier. Off-farm stocks totaled 7.6 million bushels, of which 5.4 million were held in the Twin Cities-Duluth terminal area. Country processors held 488,000 bushels and country elevators, 1,755,000 bushels. On-farm holdings amounted to 563,000 bushels, compared to 402,000 a year earlier.

Flaxseed stocks on all storage positions totaled 8.5 million bushels, about 7 percent less than the 9.2 million on hand a year earlier. On-farm stocks amounted to 1.4 million bushels compared with 1.2 million a year earlier. Off-farm stocks of 7.2 million bushels were 11 percent less than the 8.0 million held a year ago. Of the off-farm stocks, 5.9 million bushels were held in the terminal areas and at country processors, and 1.3 million bushels held by country elevators.

UNITED STATES: Old corn carryover stocks on October 1 totaled 817 million bushels--3 percent less than a year earlier, and 47 percent less than average. Indicated disappearance of 918 million bushels during the July-September quarter is 3 percent less than in the same months in 1966 but 23 percent larger than in 1965. Stocks of old corn on farms, at 563 million bushels, were 6 percent above a year earlier but 5 percent below average. Corn held in off-farm positions totaled 254 million bushels compared with 311 million bushels a year earlier.

All wheat in storage October 1 totaled 1,565 million bushels, 9 percent more than a year earlier, but otherwise the smallest October 1 holdings since 1953. Off-farm stocks, at 956 million bushels, were up 7 percent from last year and farm holdings, at 609 million bushels, were up 12 percent. Disappearance from all storage positions during the July-September quarter is indicated at 415 million bushels compared with 405 million for the same quarter last year.

Durum wheat stocks in all positions on October 1 totaled 81.2 million bushels, 16 percent below last year and the smallest for this date since 1962. Farm holdings of 60.4 million bushels were down 3 percent from last year while off-farm stocks, at 20.8 million bushels, were down 39 percent. Disappearance during the July-September quarter is indicated at 16.7 million bushels compared with 21.4 million bushels for the comparable period in 1966.

Oats stocks in all positions totaled 793 million bushels, 5 percent less than a year earlier and 14 percent below average. Both farm and off-farm stocks were down from a year earlier. Disappearance during the July-September quarter was 282 million bushels--about equal to the comparable period last year.

Barley stored in all positions on October 1 totaled 378 million bushels, 2 percent less than a year earlier and 9 percent below average. The reduction from last year was due entirely to smaller stocks on farms as off-farm stocks were 7 percent larger. Disappearance during the July-September quarter, at 116 million bushels, was 7 million bushels above the comparable period last year.

Flaxseed stocks in all storage positions on October 1 totaled 23.4 million bushels--19 percent less than a year earlier and 21 percent less than the 1961-65 average. Flaxseed stocks held in off-farm positions totaled 14.6 million bushels and farm stocks accounted for 8.8 million bushels. Current stocks indicate a disappearance during the July-September quarter of 6.2 million bushels from a supply of 29.6 million (carryover of 9.3 million bushels plus production of 20.3 million bushels). This compares with a disappearance of 10.2 million bushels during the same period last year and the average of 7.9 million bushels. Crushings during the quarter are estimated at 3.6 million bushels and exports at 1.8 million bushels.

Off-farm Stocks, Minnesota, October 1, 1966-67

Commodity	Mpls. - St. Paul and Duluth Terminal Areas		Country Processors		Country Elevators		CCC Bin Sites	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	- - Thousand Bushels - -							
Corn	8,398	3,195	255	563	8,888	7,628	14,536	9,601
Wheat	40,788	23,869	3,363	2,775	8,933	9,919	-	-
Oats	17,600	16,347	69	39	16,942	16,769	-	-
Barley	16,605	16,370	2,140	2,798	2,864	5,574	-	-
Rye	5,995	5,379	418	488	860	1,755	-	-
Flaxseed	5,975	5,935	1/	1/	2,068	1,260	-	-

1/ Included in terminal stocks to avoid possibility of disclosing individual operations.

Grain Stocks - October 1, 1966-67

Commodity	On-Farm		Off-Farm 1/		Total	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
			- - Thousand Bushels - -			
MINNESOTA						
Corn	70,492	85,386	32,077	20,987	102,569	106,373
Wheat	13,189	22,910	53,084	36,563	66,273	59,473
Oats	127,228	127,408	34,611	33,155	161,839	160,563
Barley	18,026	22,290	21,609	24,742	39,635	47,032
Rye	402	563	7,273	7,622	7,675	8,185
Flaxseed	1,190	1,354	8,043	7,195	9,233	8,549
UNITED STATES						
Corn	529,705	563,182	310,538	254,098	840,243	817,280
Wheat	543,737	609,446	897,213	955,706	1,440,950	1,565,152
Oats	675,361	659,495	157,551	133,956	832,912	793,451
Barley	245,252	228,445	139,971	149,459	385,223	377,904
Rye	15,610	11,820	22,188	21,086	37,798	32,906
Flaxseed	10,094	8,763	18,856	14,614	28,950	23,377

1/ Includes all CCC owned stocks.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

STOCKS OF GRAINS, SELECTED STATES, OCTOBER 1, 1966-67

State	Shelled and Ear Corn				Oats			
	Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/		Off-farm 1/		All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.		Thous. Bus.	
N. Y.	859	1,515	1,957	3,390	4,855	3,991	22,753	19,957
Ohio	11,070	10,888	26,890	29,204	12,130	7,553	34,395	24,625
Ind.	15,866	17,642	42,380	45,362	3,350	2,258	15,651	11,602
Ill.	41,770	33,110	83,127	66,528	8,735	4,950	45,741	35,783
Mich.	4,494	4,643	11,270	12,185	2,404	1,871	22,717	21,433
Wis.	6,052	3,886	20,699	23,759	9,437	8,179	94,470	99,836
Minn.	32,077	20,987	102,569	106,373	34,611	33,155	161,839	160,563
Iowa	83,151	60,674	262,342	241,024	17,017	19,556	97,366	95,151
Mo.	21,135	14,542	44,428	30,412	4,719	3,055	12,099	9,930
N. Dak.	848	839	2,298	1,960	15,753	14,138	107,176	86,291
S. Dak.	14,092	12,772	37.112	42,276	17,720	18,208	100,774	129,758
Nebr.	47,464	46,977	137,302	162,640	2,255	3,435	24,041	20,748
Kans.	13,426	12,002	19,002	17,970	882	1,223	5,578	6,297
Mont.	24	20	26	26	1,034	608	9,773	7,227
Idaho	104	44	194	113	1,470	725	3,525	2,416
Wash.	73	56	107	115	3,428	1,029	5,216	2,239
Ore.	147	106	228	150	3,112	738	5,700	3,243
Calif.	1,003	1,307	1,003	1,307	1,264	598	2,077	2,121
Other States	16,883	12,088	47,309	32,506	13,375	8,686	62,021	54,231
UNITED STATES	310,538	254,098	840,243	817,280	157,551	133,956	832,912	793,451

State	Barley				Rye			
N. Y.	2,593	2,419	2,942	2,737	1,224	*	1,430	*
Ohio	55	64	474	423	71	42	416	162
Ind.	33	51	261	188	87	63	485	290
Ill.	*	*	*	*	2,154	1,846	2,360	2,015
Mich.	*	*	*	*	280	122	723	590
Wis.	20,570	21,657	21,439	22,478	1,919	1,195	2,091	1,430
Minn.	21,609	24,742	39,635	47,032	7,273	7,622	7,675	8,185
Iowa	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mo.	613	892	849	1,221	169	161	437	293
N. Dak.	10,898	18,282	89,836	88,819	4,192	4,260	9,229	6,974
S. Dak.	2,358	2,890	8,286	11,769	1,761	2,860	4,521	5,574
Nebr.	109	219	1,324	959	624	387	1,921	1,047
Kans.	1,288	1,423	4,200	2,725	545	528	844	764
Mont.	9,670	8,560	62,428	44,298	112	123	215	184
Idaho	10,323	11,212	20,634	24,156	26	7	161	111
Wash.	13,852	9,564	18,438	12,138	590	287	990	447
Ore.	8,544	4,960	17,092	10,321	159	82	348	329
Calif.	15,396	22,302	39,594	50,403	-	-	-	-
Other States	22,060	20,222	57,741	58,237	1,002	1,501	3,952	4,511
UNITED STATES	139,971	149,459	385,223	377,904	22,188	21,086	37,798	32,906

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.

1/ Includes stocks at mills, elevators, warehouses, terminals, processors, and CCC-owned grain at bin sites

2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

STOCKS OF WHEAT, SELECTED STATES, OCTOBER 1, 1966-67

State	Off-farm 1/		Total All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New York	20,154	18,584	22,889	22,184
Ohio	37,239	41,542	46,005	50,130
Indiana	14,901	14,640	20,381	20,991
Illinois	32,156	41,042	41,497	51,408
Michigan	18,092	21,481	27,846	33,501
Wisconsin	22,576	12,873	23,314	13,847
Minnesota	53,084	36,563	66,273	59,473
Iowa	7,637	5,164	7,894	5,441
Missouri	26,970	35,148	32,318	43,394
North Dakota	55,978	61,086	208,836	230,524
South Dakota	29,438	24,173	64.804	83,620
Nebraska	47,200	61,590	98,738	102,704
Kansas	176,014	208,757	234,034	261,616
Montana	24,122	25,500	113,189	119,731
Idaho	16,107	19,231	27,208	34,426
Washington	79,536	78,764	100,292	101,380
Oregon	24,045	24,283	34,384	34,350
California	4,789	5,184	5,833	7,836
Other States	207,175	220,101	265,215	288,596
UNITED STATES	897,213	955,706	1,440,950	1,565,152

FLAXSEED

State	Off-farm 1/		Total All Positions 2/	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousand Bushels		Thousand Bushels	
New Jersey	*	---	*	---
Ohio	*	---	*	---
Indiana	---	---	---	---
Wisconsin	*	*	*	*
Minnesota	8,043	7,195	9,233	8,549
Iowa	7	*	29	*
North Dakota	7,273	3,822	14,368	8,875
South Dakota	2,498	1,825	4,110	4,123
Texas	---	*	21	*
Montana	38	27	160	65
Nevada	---	*	---	*
California	*	*	*	*
Other States	997	1,745	1,029	1,765
UNITED STATES	18,856	14,614	28,950	23,377

* Included in other States to avoid disclosing individual operations.
1/ Includes stocks at mills, elevators, warehouses, terminals, processors, and CCC-owned grain at bin sites.
2/ Off-farm total plus farm stocks.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

October 30, 1967

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-October 1967

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-October was 86 percent of the 1947-49 average, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 10 points below a year earlier and 3 points below the September level. Prices of all commodity groups were lower than a year earlier. Prices of crops, livestock, poultry and eggs were lower than a month earlier but prices of dairy products were 2 points higher than mid-September.

The crops index at 72 was down 3 points from mid-September and down 8 points from a year ago. Increases of 3 cents per bushel for wheat and 1 cent for oats were offset by decreases of 8 cents for corn, 7 cents for soybeans and flax as compared to mid-September. Prices of grain crops declined from a year ago. Soybeans declined 31 cents, corn 22 cents, wheat 19 cents, oats 3 cents, and flax 1 cent.

The livestock index at 95 was 6 points lower than last month and 9 points lower than a year ago. Hogs declined $1.30 per hundredweight, cows 90 cents, all cattle $1.00, and calves $1.60 as compared to mid-September. Sheep and lambs were at about the previous month's level. Hogs declined $3.50 per hundredweight, cows $1.30 and calves $1.00 from a year earlier. Steers and heifers were down 50 cents per hundredweight from mid-September but up 40 cents from a year earlier.

The dairy products index at 116 was 2 points above mid-September, but 5 points below a year earlier. The increase in the value of milk was due to the increase in fat content of the milk as compared to the previous month.

The poultry and eggs index at 47 was 6 points lower than last month and 27 points lower than a year earlier. Turkeys declined 1-1/2 cents per pound, chickens 1/2 cent per pound, and eggs 3 cents per dozen when compared to last month. Turkeys lower by 4 cents per pound, chickens 2 cents per pound, and eggs 14-1/2 cents per dozen as compared to a year earlier.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

Index 1947-49=100	Oct. 15 Av. 1959-63	Oct. 15 1964	Oct. 15 1965	Oct. 15 1966	Sept. 15 1967	Oct. 15 1967
All Farm Products	79	78	87	96	89	86
Crops	67	75	72	80	75	72
Livestock	86	78	101	104	101	95
Dairy Products	95	96	99	121	114	116
Poultry and Eggs	64	58	64	74	53	47

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

Index or Ratio 1910-1914=100	Oct. 15 1963	Oct. 15 1964	Oct. 15 1965	Oct. 15 1966	Sept. 15 1967	Oct. 15 1967
Prices Received	243	236	249	266	252	251
Prices Paid 1/	311	312	322	337	344	345
Parity Ratio	78	76	77	79	73	73
Ratio 2/	--	-	-	-	79	78

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.
2/ Reflects Government payments. Preliminary adjusted parity ratios for the current year are based on estimated cash receipts from marketings and estimates of government payments for the current calendar year.

Harry L. Parr
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 -- Prices Received and Paid by Farmers, by Commodity - Feed Price Ratios

COMMODITY	Unit	MINNESOTA			OCTOBER 15, 1967			
		Oct. 15 1966	Sept. 15 1967	Oct. 15 1967	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		- Dollars -			- Dollars -			
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.77	1.55	1.57	1.42	1.62	1.44	1.43
Rye	Bu.	1.00	1.00	.99	1.07	.88	.94	1.09
Corn	Bu.	1.22	1.08	1.00	1.02	1.02	1.08	1.04
Oats	Bu.	.64	.60	.61	.65	.54	.59	.647
Barley	Bu.	1.06	1.04	1.04	.91	.93	.96	.984
Soybeans	Bu.	2.74	2.50	2.43	2.44	2.34	2.40	2.44
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.98	3.04	2.97	2.95	2.86	2.95	2.89
All Hay, Baled	Ton	19.00	20.00	21.00	19.40	15.00	18.00	22.60
Potatoes	Cwt.	1.34	2.10	1.48	-	1.25	2.00	1.72
Hogs	Cwt.	21.10	18.90	17.60	17.80	17.50	17.70	17.90
Cows	Cwt.	17.10	16.70	15.80	16.20	15.30	15.80	15.80
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	23.60	24.50	24.00	25.30	24.00	24.80	24.20
Cattle, All	Cwt.	21.00	22.00	21.00	24.00	21.90	23.30	22.30
Calves	Cwt.	28.50	29.10	27.50	25.80	28.00	28.70	26.30
Sheep	Cwt.	7.50	6.00	6.10	5.10	4.80	5.50	6.10
Lambs	Cwt.	23.30	22.00	22.10	22.50	20.80	22.00	22.00
Milk Cows	Head	290.00	270.00	270.00	280.00	235.00	240.00	265.00
Milk - Wholesale	Cwt.	4.43	4.18	4.24	4.25	4.25	4.25	5.31
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.76	.73	.74	.69	.70	.67	.661
Turkeys - Live	Lb.	.220	.195	.180	.180	.190	.190	.193
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.065	.050	.045	.040	.040	.040	.076
Eggs	Doz.	.340	.225	.195	.200	.200	.172	.286
Wool	Lb.	.46	.36	.33	.34	.33	.39	.389
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.25	3.20	3.30	3.55	3.40	3.65	3.50
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	5.40	5.20	5.00	5.20	5.40	5.30	5.32
Hog Feed, 29% and Over	Cwt.	6.60	6.40	6.40	6.40	-	-	6.28
Beef Cattle Feed 30% and Over	Cwt.	5.20	5.00	5.00	5.30	-	-	4.83
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.40	3.40	3.40	4.00	3.65	3.65	3.86
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	3.18	3.01	2.99	2.95	2.94	2.85	3.47
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.60	4.60	4.50	5.00	5.00	4.90	4.56
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog Corn 1/		17.3	17.5	17.6	17.5	17.2	16.4	17.2
Beef Corn 1/		19.3	22.7	24.0	24.8	23.5	23.0	23.3
Egg-Feed 2/		10.7	7.5	6.5	6.8	6.8	6.0	8.2
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		2.0	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.2

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

ERRATTA: Second paragraph, front page, 2nd sentence should read "Increasesof 2 cents per bushel for wheat...."

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota
Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 1, 1967

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
September 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during September at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 146,000 head, up 2 percent from a year earlier and 12 percent less than last month, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight for the month was 1,045 pounds, 4 pounds below September 1966 and 20 pounds heavier than August this year.

At 13,200 head, the number of calves killed compares with 13,300 for September 1966 and was 26 percent above August 1967. The average liveweight of calves slaughtered was 166 pounds, 14 pounds less than a year ago and 20 pounds less than the previous month.

Hog slaughter for September totaled 525,000 head, up 8 percent from September 1966 and up 9 percent from August 1967. The average liveweight of hogs killed during September was 244 pounds compared to 247 a year earlier and the same as for August this year.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered during September totaled 65,500 head, up 500 from September 1966, and up 24 percent from a month ago. The average liveweight for September was 104 pounds, 2 pounds more than a year earlier and last month.

For the 9 months, January-September 1967, commercial slaughter plants in the State killed 1,369,000 cattle, 134,500 calves, 4,192,000 hogs, and 513,500 sheep and lambs. Compared with 1966, cattle slaughter was up 10 percent and hogs were up 17 percent. Calf slaughter was the same as last year and sheep and lambs were down 10 percent.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat in the 48 States during September totaled 2,815 million pounds. This was 1 percent less than the September 1966 total of 2,838 million pounds, and 2 percent below August 1967. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other slaughter plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

September beef production totaled 1,648 million pounds, down 4 percent from September 1966 and 5 percent below August 1967. The number of cattle slaughtered totaled 2,838,400 head, down 5 percent from September 1966. Average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,004 pounds, 8 pounds heavier than in September 1966 and 6 pounds heavier than in August 1967.

There were 66 million pounds of veal produced during September, 13 percent below a year earlier, and 3 percent under August 1967. The 513,200 head of calves slaughtered was down 11 percent from September 1966. Average liveweight per head, at 232 pounds, was 4 pounds lighter than a year earlier.

Pork production during September totaled 1,046 million pounds, up 6 percent from September 1966 and 3 percent above August 1967. The hog kill was 7,011,100 head, 4 percent more than both a year earlier and August 1967. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during September was 238 pounds, 2 pounds heavier than

a year earlier but 1 pound lighter than in August. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of liveweight of hogs was 10.1 pounds, compared with 10.4 in September 1966 and 10.3 in August 1967.

There were 55 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during September, 4 percent less than last year but 2 percent more than in August 1967. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month totaled 1,154,800 head, 2 percent fewer than in September 1966, but 3 percent more than in August 1967. Average liveweight in September was 98 pounds per head, 1 pound less than a year earlier.

Production of poultry meat during September totaled 942 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 1 percent more than in September 1966, but 5 percent less than the August 1967 total.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	September		September 1967 as percent of September 1966	Sept. Av. Liveweight	
	1966	1967		1966	1967
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA					
Cattle	143.0	146.0	102.1	1,049	1,045
Calves	13.3	13.2	99.2	180	166
Hogs	484.0	525.0	108.5	247	244
Sheep and Lambs	65.0	65.5	100.8	102	104
UNITED STATES (48 States)					
Cattle	2,979.5	2,838.4	95.3	996	1,004
Calves	579.7	513.2	88.5	236	232
Hogs	6,750.7	7,011.1	103.9	236	238
Sheep and Lambs	1,179.5	1,154.8	97.9	99	98

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

SEPTEMBER COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Month and year	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb and mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	- Million Pounds -						
September 1966	1,714	76	991	57	2,838	931	166
August 1967	1,739	68	1,012	54	2,873	992	167
September 1967	1,648	66	1,046	55	2,815	942	169
Jan.-Sept.1966 5/	14,533	651	7,901	482	23,567	6,150	1,357
Jan.-Sept.1967 5/	15,057	561	8,981	482	25,081	6,908	1,495

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farms. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat. 3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use. 4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE
U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service
Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 2, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending October 28, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 191,000 poults during the week ending October 28, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 45 percent below the same week in 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 22,000 compares with 101,000 during the same week in 1966 and the light breed hatch at 169,000 was down from the 248,000 lights hatched during the same week last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Oct. 7	81	36	152	247	233	283	121
Oct. 14	47	59	235	190	282	249	88
Oct. 21	88	106	275	203	363	309	85
Oct. 28	101	22	248	169	349	191	55
Eggs Set							
Sept. 9	156	73	248	406	404	479	119
Sept. 16	84	129	400	309	484	438	90
Sept. 23	158	188	444	329	602	517	86
Sept. 30	176	40	406	293	582	333	57
Oct. 7	145	67	368	313	513	380	74
Oct. 14	205	186	318	257	523	443	85
Oct. 21	194	162	375	273	569	435	76
Oct. 28	380	314	249	219	629	533	85
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	170	215	126
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	198	183	92
Oct. 21	31	#	188	#	219	197	90
Oct. 28	30	#	166	#	196	124	63
Eggs Set							
Sept. 9	#	#	#	#	295	352	119
Sept. 16	#	#	#	#	342	280	82
Sept. 23	58	#	301	#	359	329	92
Sept. 30	55	#	271	#	326	216	66
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	334	239	72
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	295	261	88
Oct. 21	40	#	270	#	310	263	85
Oct. 28	#	#	#	#	258	246	95
California							
Poults Hatched							
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 14	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 21	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 28	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Eggs Set							
Sept. 9	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 16	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 14	113	#	0	0	113	#	-
Oct. 21	127	#	0	0	127	#	-
Oct. 28	223	#	0	3	223	#	-

Confidential

1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 533,000, down 15 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 314,000 were down 17 percent from last year and light breed settings at 219,000 were down 12 percent from the same week last year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending October 28 totaled 124,000, down 37 percent from the same week last year. Hatchings of eggs by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 246,000, down 5 percent from the same week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were also confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for less than 1 percent of the week's hatch compared with 15 percent the previous week and 29 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240	332	689	644	929	976	711	1,139	1,389	1,133	2,100	2,272
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216	169	1,106	992	1,322	1,161	1,740	2,095	2,071	1,709	3,811	3,804
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 8, 1967

FRESH VEGETABLE REPORT
ACREAGE AND INDICATED PRODUCTION
AS OF NOVEMBER 1, 1967

MINNESOTA: Cabbage - Total production of cabbage in Minnesota for 1967 is now forecast at 282,000 hundredweight according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This compares with 216,000 hundredweight produced in 1966, and the 5-year average of 246,000 hundredweight. The increase in production is due to a higher anticipated yield than in 1966.

UNITED STATES: Cabbage (For fresh market and kraut) - The early fall cabbage crop is estimated at 9,479,000 cwt., 25 percent more than last year and 11 percent above average. In New England, harvest is about on schedule. On Long Island, New York, volume supplies are expected through November with moderate supplies until mid-December. In Upstate, New York, wet soil is delaying harvest. Harvest for kraut is expected to continue until about mid-November with most processors expected to continue packing from stockpiles until December 1. In the storage area of Monroe and Orleans County, only 10 percent of the crop was harvested by November 1. Volume supplies are available for fresh market. In New Jersey, a moderate but steady volume of cabbage is available. Harvest is expected to decline after mid-November. In Pennsylvania, wet fields are slowing harvest operations in Erie County. Supplies are expected through November. In Ohio, supplies should be available through November. In Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin, harvest is nearing completion. In Oregon, harvest is making good progress and peak movement is expected about mid-November.

The late fall cabbage crop, at 283,000 cwt., is 7 percent above 1966 but 21 percent below average. In Virginia, harvest is in early stage. In North Carolina, harvest started about mid-October on the early fields and should be active by mid-November. Harvest of South Carolina's crop is later than usual with light movement expected during the first part of November.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Acreage and estimated production reported to date, 1967 with comparisons

Crop and State	Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Harvested		For harvest 1967						
	Average 1961-65	1966		Av. 61-65	1966	Ind. 1967	Average 1961-65	1966	Ind. 1967
	Acres			Cwt.			1,000 Cwt.		
CABBAGE 1/									
Winter.....	42,700	38,800	41,800	154	174	165	6,532	6,748	6,894
Spring, All ..	19,540	18,750	19,050	138	140	148	2,694	2,623	2,824
Summer, All ..	22,960	22,150	22,290	205	200	204	4,709	4,422	4,541
Early Fall:									
N. Hampshire.	250	250	270	185	190	190	46	48	51
Mass.	730	700	750	198	200	190	144	140	142
Rhode Island.	80	80	80	190	190	200	15	15	16
Conn.	540	550	550	183	175	200	99	96	110
New York, L.I.	1,680	1,300	1,400	207	200	210	347	260	294
New York, UPST.	10,580	9,700	10,200	335	325	410	3,548	3,152	4,182
N. Jersey ...	1,820	2,000	2,400	214	200	210	389	400	504
Pennsylvania.	1,020	800	800	202	210	230	207	168	184
Ohio	1,900	1,700	1,900	290	320	340	553	544	646
Michigan	4,160	3,800	3,700	182	190	190	756	722	703
Wisconsin ...	6,120	5,600	6,000	297	255	330	1,815	1,428	1,980
Minnesota ...	1,380	1,200	1,200	178	180	235	246	216	282
Ore. & Idaho.	1,400	1,320	1,330	255	277	289	356	366	385
Group Total.	31,810	29,000	30,580	269	261	310	8,557	7,555	9,479
Late Fall:									
Virginia.....	290	250	200	131	130	160	38	32	32
N. Carolina ..	2,240	1,700	1,700	128	125	135	289	212	230
S. Carolina ..	210	150	150	150	140	140	31	21	21
Group Total.	2,740	2,100	2,050	130	126	138	358	265	283

1/ Includes Processing.

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NOV 10 1967

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 9, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending November 4, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 234,000 poults during the week ending November 4, 1967, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 25 percent below the same week in 1966. Heavy breed poults hatched at 46,000 was 45 percent less than the same week last year and the light breed hatch at 188,000 was 18 percent below the same period in 1966.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
			Poults Hatched				
Oct. 14	47	59	235	190	282	249	88
Oct. 21	88	106	275	203	363	309	85
Oct. 28	101	22	248	169	349	191	55
Nov. 4	84	46	230	188	314	234	75
			Eggs Set				
Sep. 16	84	129	400	309	484	438	90
Sep 23	158	188	444	329	602	517	86
Sep. 30	176	40	406	293	582	333	57
Oct. 7	145	67	368	313	513	380	74
Oct. 14	205	186	318	257	523	443	85
Oct. 21	194	162	375	273	569	435	76
Oct. 28	380	314	249	219	629	533	85
Nov. 4	469	269	372	301	841	570	68
			Minnesota-Wisconsin				
			Poults Hatched				
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	198	183	92
Oct. 21	31	#	188	#	219	197	90
Oct. 28	30	#	166	#	196	124	63
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	204	139	68
			Eggs Set				
Sep. 16	#	#	#	#	342	280	82
Sep. 23	58	#	301	#	359	329	92
Sep. 30	55	#	271	#	326	216	66
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	334	239	72
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	295	261	88
Oct. 21	40	#	270	#	310	263	85
Oct. 28	#	#	#	#	258	246	95
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	350	285	81
			California				
			Poults Hatched				
Oct. 14	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 21	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 28	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Nov. 4	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
			Eggs Set				
Sep. 16	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sep. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sep. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 14	113	#	0	0	113	#	-
Oct. 21	127	#	0	0	127	#	-
Oct. 28	223	#	0	3	223	#	-
Nov. 4	319	145	0	15	319	160	50

Confidential

1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 570,000, down 32 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 269,000 were down 43 percent from last year and the light breed settings at 301,000 were down 19 percent from the same week last year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending November 4, totaled 139,000, down 32 percent from the same week in 1966. Hatchings of eggs by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 285,000, also down 32 percent from the same week last year. Settings of eggs by breed types were also confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: There were no poults shipped out of Minnesota during the week ending November 4. This compares with less than one percent of the previous week's hatch, and 15 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240	332	689	644	929	976	711	1,139	1,389	1,133	2,100	2,272
Oct.	126		738		864		1,069		1,359		2,428	
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216	169	1,106	992	1,322	1,161	1,740	2,095	2,071	1,709	3,811	3,804
Nov.	276		928		1,204		2,368		1,820		4,188	
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
Agricultural Statistician

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Immediate Release

November 9, 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
November 1, 1967

Progress in picking corn during October proceeded just about on schedule but a little behind a year ago while harvest of soybeans during this fall was a little ahead of average. By November 1 soybean harvest was virtually completed and about 35 percent of the corn was picked. Frosts on the mornings of September 27, 28 and 29 came when only about half of the State's corn was beyond frost danger and only 60 percent of the soybeans were mature and this affected both quality and yields. The 1967 all-crop production index at 116 (1957-59 = 100%) is 1 point above 1966 and 13 points above the 5-year average.

CORN: Corn yields this year are turning out better than was expected a month ago. Based on conditions as of November 1, a yield of 67 bushels per acre is expected this year which compares with the record of 76 bushels last year and the 5-year average of 62.4 bushels per acre. The 1967 corn crop is now estimated at 340 million bushels, just slightly below 1966 but 16 percent above the 5-year average.

SOYBEANS: The 1967 soybean crop now estimated at nearly 70 million bushels is 14 percent less than the 1966 record crop but 28 percent above the average. Dry summer weather and early frost limited yields to only 19 bushels per acre compared with 24 bushels last year and the average of 21.1 bushels per acre.

SUGAR BEETS: Sugar beet production prospects declined slightly since the October 1 estimate and the crop estimate as of November 1 is 1,280,000 tons. The yield this year is now placed at 10.0 tons per acre compared with 12.6 in 1966 and the 5-year average of 11.6 tons per acre.

POTATOES: Total potato production is forecast at 12,705,000 hundredweight compared with 12,317,000 hundredweight produced in 1966 and the 5-year average of 13,944,000 hundredweight.

APPLES: A commercial apple crop of 390,000 bushels is now in prospect for 1967. This compares with the record crop of 600,000 bushels in 1966 and the 5-year average of 353,000 bushels.

MILK PRODUCTION: Milk production on Minnesota farms totaled 632 million pounds for October, 1 percent less than October 1966 but 14 percent more than September this year. Production for the first 10 months of this year is 1 percent more than the corresponding period last year.

EGG PRODUCTION: Egg production for October totaled 184 million eggs, the same as October 1966. Egg production for the first 10 months of 1967 was 1 percent more than during the same period in 1966.

C. W. Estes
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

November 1, 1967 Crop Production Prospects

Commodity	Acreage Harvested Average 1961-65	Acreage Harvested 1966	Acreage For Harvest 1967	Yield per Acre Average 1961-65	Yield per Acre 1966	Yield per Acre For Harvest 1967	Production Average 1961-65	Production 1966	Production For Harvest 1967
	Thousand Acres			Bushels			Thousand Acres		
MINNESOTA CROPS:									
Corn for Grain	4,693	4,494	5,078	62.4	76.0	67.0	293,931	341,544	340,226
All Wheat	890	799	1,091	24.9	22.9	30.9	22,107	18,318	33,691
Winter Wheat	22	16	48	24.4	28.0	27.0	551	448	1,296
Durum Wheat	73	56	62	28.8	27.0	32.0	2,170	1,512	1,984
Other Sp.Wheat	794	727	981	24.5	22.5	31.0	19,385	16,358	30,411
Oats	3,193	2,974	2,825	48.4	46.5	55.0	154,375	138,291	155,375
Barley	688	655	727	34.5	32.0	42.0	23,424	20,960	30,534
Rye	88	67	88	18.7	20.0	20.0	1,641	1,340	1,760
Flaxseed	509	404	295	11.6	9.5	13.5	5,897	3,838	3,982
Soybeans for Beans	2,587	3,356	3,658	21.1	24.0	19.0	54,122	80,544	69,502
Potatoes (cwt.)									
Late Summer	6.7	7.4	7.4	195	205	225	1,301	1,517	1,665
Fall	100.8	90.0	96.0	126	120	115	12,643	10,800	11,040
Sugar Beets (Tons)	112.5	123.0	128.0	11.6	12.6	10.0	1,300	1,554	1,280
Hay, All (Tons)	3,567	3,443	3,279	2.14	2.35	2.19	7,806	8,094	7,188

UNITED STATES: Total crop prospects declined slightly during October. Weather hampered harvest in the important North Central Region and reduced prospective outturn of late harvested crops. Reduced prospects for corn, soybeans, sorghum grain, cotton, rice, peanuts and sweetpotatoes more than offset improved prospects for dry beans, potatoes, tobacco, and sugar crops.

The "all crops" production index declined slightly (0.5 percent) from a month earlier At 117, the index is a record high -- 5 points (4 percent) above last year and 2 points (2 percent) above 1965. The composite index of "yield per acre", covering 28 leading crops, declined 1 point to 122 -- the same as last year.

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Immediate Release

November 16, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending November 11, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 264,000 poults during the week ending November 11, 1967, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 21 percent below the same week in 1966. Heavy breed poult hatch at 103,000 was down 18 percent from the same week last year and the light breed hatch at 161,000 was 23 percent below the same period in 1966.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Oct. 21	88	106	275	203	363	309	85
Oct. 28	101	22	248	169	349	191	55
Nov. 4	84	46	230	188	314	234	75
Nov. 11	126	103	210	161	336	264	79
Eggs Set							
Sept. 23	158	188	444	329	602	517	86
Sept. 30	176	40	406	293	582	333	57
Oct. 7	145	67	368	313	513	380	74
Oct. 14	205	186	318	257	523	443	85
Oct. 21	194	162	375	273	569	435	76
Oct. 28	380	314	249	219	629	533	85
Nov. 4	469	269	372	301	841	570	68
Nov. 11	497	278	380	243	877	521	59
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Oct. 21	31	#	188	#	219	197	90
Oct. 28	30	#	166	#	196	124	63
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	204	139	68
Nov. 11	#	#	#	#	189	162	86
Eggs Set							
Sept. 23	58	#	301	#	359	329	92
Sept. 30	55	#	271	#	326	216	66
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	334	239	72
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	295	261	88
Oct. 21	40	#	270	#	310	263	85
Oct. 28	#	#	#	#	258	246	95
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	350	285	81
Nov. 11	193	#	266	#	459	237	52
California							
Poults Hatched							
Oct. 21	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 28	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Nov. 4	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Nov. 11	71	#	0	0	71	#	-
Eggs Set							
Sept. 23	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Sept. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 14	113	#	0	0	113	#	-
Oct. 21	127	#	0	0	127	#	-
Oct. 28	223	#	0	3	223	#	-
Nov. 4	319	145	0	15	319	160	50
Nov. 11	#	178	#	16	278	194	70

\# Confidential

1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 521,000, down 41 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 278,000 were down 44 percent from last year and light breed settings at 243,000 were down 36 percent from the same week last year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending November 11 totaled 162,000, down 14 percent from the same week in 1966. Hatchings of eggs by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 237,000, down 48 percent from the comparable week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were also confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 9 percent of the week's hatch. This compares with none of the previous week's hatch and 6 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240	332	689	644	929	976	711	1,139	1,389	1,133	2,100	2,272
Oct.	126	107	738	671	864	778	1,069	1,369	1,359	1,129	2,428	2,498
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216	169	1,106	992	1,322	1,161	1,740	2,095	2,071	1,709	3,811	3,804
Nov.	276	270	928	723	1,204	993	2,368	2,608	1,820	1,338	4,188	3,946
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture
560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

NOV 21 1967

Immediate Release

November 17, 1967

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
October - 1967

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,413,000 chicks during October 1967, which was 1 percent below October 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The October hatch consisted of 747,000 egg-type chicks and 666,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was down 9 percent and the broiler chick production was up 10 percent from the same month in 1966. For the period January through October, the egg-type hatch was down 9 percent while the broiler type hatch was 6 percent above the 1966 level.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-October for Minnesota was $2.99 per 100 pounds compared with $3.01 the previous month and $3.18 a year ago.

On October 15, the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 6.5 compared with 7.5 the previous month and 10.7 a year ago.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-type			Broiler-type		
	1966	1967	Percent Change from 1966	1966	1967	Percent Change from 1966
	- Thousands -		Percent	- Thousands -		Percent
January	839	1,063	+38	680	737	+ 8
February	809	1,404	+74	593	585	- 1
March	3,993	3,455	-13	819	900	+10
April	6,028	4,969	-18	1,068	1,100	+ 3
May	6,094	4,421	-27	1,048	1,191	+14
June	2,590	1,850	-29	930	921	- 1
July	851	1,170	+37	727	725	0
August	752	1,384	+84	696	713	+ 2
September	671	851	+27	640	748	+17
October	821	747	- 9	605	666	+10
November	657			729		
December	851			667		

Robert Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced an estimated 237 million chicks during October 1967, a decrease of 8 percent from the 258 million produced in October 1966. The number of broiler-type chicks hatched totaled 205 million, down 7 percent from a year earlier. During January through October 1967, there were 2,323 million broiler-type chicks produced compared with 2,317 million produced the same months last year. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on November 1, 1967 was down 4 percent from November 1, 1966.

The number of egg-type chicks hatched during October is estimated at 32.3 million, a decrease of 15 percent from October 1966. All regions recorded decreases from a year earlier except the North Central, which was up 2 percent. The decreases by regions were as follows: North Atlantic, 23 percent; South Atlantic, 27 percent; South Central, 16 percent; and West, 13 percent. The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 10 months of 1967 totaled 483 million, down 3 percent from the same period last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on November 1 was down 20 percent from November 1, 1966, thus indicating that the hatch of egg-type chicks during November will be significantly smaller than November last year.

Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries,
Selected States and United States, October 1966 and 1967

State and Division	During October					
	Broiler-type		Egg-type		Total	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	480	300	1,520	1,300	2,000	1,600
Indiana	2,204	1,718	1,903	2,528	4,107	4,246
Illinois	31	9	1,222	1,222	1,253	1,231
Michigan	450	1/	850	500	1,300	1/
Wisconsin	958	860	303	185	1,261	1,045
Minnesota	605	666	821	747	1,426	1,413
Iowa	25	8	530	900	555	908
Missouri	2,190	1,189	668	653	2,858	1,842
North Dakota	1/	1/	4	0	1/	1/
South Dakota	1/	1/	220	130	1/	1/
Nebraska	11	14	215	242	226	256
Kansas	4	3	200	195	204	198
North Central	6,958	4,967	8,456	8,602	15,414	13,569
UNITED STATES	220,006	204,548	37,855	32,278	257,861	236,826

1/ Included only in North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 24, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHER REPORT
Week Ending November 18, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the important turkey producing States hatched a total of 272,000 poults during the week ending November 18, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 27 percent below the same week in 1966. The heavy breed poult hatch at 110,000 was down 11 percent from last year and the light breed hatch at 162,000 was 35 percent below the same period in 1966.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Oct. 28	101	22	248	169	349	191	55
Nov. 4	84	46	230	188	314	234	75
Nov. 11	126	103	210	161	336	264	79
Nov. 18	123	110	249	162	372	272	73
Eggs Set							
Sept. 30	176	45	406	293	582	338	58
Oct. 7	145	75	368	322	513	397	77
Oct. 14	205	186	318	257	523	443	85
Oct. 21	194	175	375	273	569	448	79
Oct. 28	380	288	249	219	629	507	81
Nov. 4	469	269	372	301	841	570	68
Nov. 11	497	278	380	243	877	521	59
Nov. 18	593	271	297	238	890	509	57
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Oct. 28	30	#	166	#	196	124	63
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	204	139	68
Nov. 11	#	#	#	#	189	162	86
Nov. 18	24	#	180	#	204	155	76
Eggs Set							
Sept. 30	55	#	271	#	326	217	67
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	334	239	72
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	295	261	88
Oct. 21	40	#	270	#	310	263	85
Oct. 28	#	#	#	#	258	205	79
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	350	285	81
Nov. 11	193	#	266	#	459	237	52
Nov. 18	131	#	193	#	324	252	78
California							
Poults Hatched							
Oct. 28	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Nov. 4	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Nov. 11	71	#	0	0	71	#	-
Nov. 18	80	#	0	0	80	#	-
Eggs Set							
Sept. 30	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 14	113	#	0	0	113	#	-
Oct. 21	127	#	0	0	127	#	-
Oct. 28	223	#	0	3	223	#	-
Nov. 4	319	145	0	15	319	160	50
Nov. 11	#	178	#	16	278	194	70
Nov. 18	#	97	#	16	414	113	27

Confidential

1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 509,000, down 43 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 271,000 were down 54 percent from last year and the light breed settings at 238,000 were down 20 percent from the same week last year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending November 18 totaled 155,000, down 24 percent from the same week in 1966. Hatchings of eggs by breed types were held confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 252,000, down 22 percent from the same week last year. Settings of eggs by breed types were also confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 12 percent of the week's hatch. This compares with 9 percent for the previous week and 10 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240	332	689	644	929	976	711	1,139	1,389	1,133	2,100	2,272
Oct.	126	107	738	671	864	778	1,069	1,369	1,359	1,129	2,428	2,498
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	
Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands												
Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216	169	1,106	992	1,322	1,161	1,740	2,095	2,071	1,709	3,811	3,804
Nov.	276	270	928	723	1,204	993	2,368	2,608	1,820	1,338	4,188	3,946
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

UNITED STATES

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of all heavy breed turkeys tested by official State agencies for pullorum disease during October 1967 were reported at 585,557--down 34 percent from the same month a year earlier. The number of heavy white turkeys tested decreased 28 percent and bronze and other heavy breeds tested during the month dropped 43 percent from October 1966. Aggregate testing of heavy breed turkeys from July 1967 through October 1967 totaled 1,375,639, a decrease of 23 percent from the comparable period a year earlier.

Light breed turkeys tested during October totaled 50,793--up 42 percent from a year ago. Testings of light breeds for the period July 1967 through October 1967 at 92,960 were 5 percent above the same period last year.

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 30, 1967

MINNESOTA FARM PRICE REPORT
Mid-November 1967

MINNESOTA: The Index of Prices Received by Minnesota farmers in mid-November was 84 percent of the 1947-49 average, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. It was 8 points below a year earlier and 2 points below the October level. Prices of all commodity groups were lower than a year earlier. Prices of crops, livestock and dairy products were lower than a month earlier but prices of poultry and eggs were 1 point higher than mid-October.

The crop index at 70 was down 2 points from mid-October and down 11 points from a year ago. An increase of 1 cent per bushel for soybeans was offset by decreases of 5 cents for wheat, 2 cents for barley and rye, 8 cents for corn, and 3 cents for flax as compared to mid-October. Prices of grain crops declined from a year ago. Soybeans declined 36 cents, corn 26 cents, wheat 20 cents, barley 5 cents, oats and rye 3 cents.

The livestock index at 92 was 3 points lower than last month and 2 points lower than a year ago. Hogs declined $1.00 per hundredweight, cows 40 cents, all cattle 10 cents, and calves $2.70 as compared to mid-October. Sheep were down 10 cents from the previous month but lambs were up 40 cents. Hogs declined $1.90 per hundredweight from a year earlier, but cows were up 10 cents, steers and heifers $1.70, and all cattle $1.20 from November 1966.

The dairy products index at 115 was 1 point below mid-October and 4 points below a year earlier.

The poultry and eggs index at 48 was up 1 point from mid-October but 25 points below a year earlier. Eggs increased 1½ cents per dozen from the previous month but chickens were down ½ cent and turkeys were down 1 cent. Turkeys were lower by 6 cents per pound, chickens 2½ cents per pound, and eggs 12 cents per dozen as compared to a year earlier.

TABLE I -- INDEX OF PRICES RECEIVED BY MINNESOTA FARMERS 1/

Index 1947-49=100	Nov. 15 Av. 1959-63	Nov. 15 1964	Nov. 15 1965	Nov. 15 1966	Oct. 15 1967	Nov. 15 1967
All Farm Products	78	76	86	92	86	84
Crops	67	75	68	81	72	70
Livestock	82	74	100	94	95	92
Dairy Products	95	96	99	119	116	115
Poultry and Eggs	65	58	66	73	47	48

1/ Developed in cooperation with Dept. of Agricultural Economics, Univ. of Minn.

TABLE II -- PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS AND PARITY RATIO, UNITED STATES

Index or Ratio 1910-1914=100	Nov. 15 1963	Nov. 15 1964	Nov. 15 1965	Nov. 15 1966	Oct. 15 1967	Nov. 15 1967
Prices Received	242	234	250	259	251	250
Prices Paid 1/	311	313	322	337	345	344
Parity Ratio	78	75	78	77	73	73
Ratio 2/	--	--	--	83	78	78

1/ Includes interest, taxes, and farm wage rates based on data for indicated dates.
2/ Reflects Government payments. Preliminary adjusted parity ratios for the current year are based on estimated cash receipts from marketings and estimates of government payments for the current calendar year.

Robert Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Table 3 - Prices Received and Paid by Farmers and Commodity-Feed Price Ratios

Commodity	Unit	Minnesota			November 15, 1967			
		Nov. 15, 1966	Oct. 15, 1967	Nov. 15, 1967	Iowa	North Dakota	South Dakota	United States
		- Dollars -			- Dollars -			
Prices Received:								
Wheat, All	Bu.	1.72	1.57	1.52	1.36	1.56	1.41	1.39
Rye	Bu.	1.00	.99	.97	1.02	.86	.92	1.06
Corn	Bu.	1.18	1.00	.92	.95	.98	.98	.970
Oats	Bu.	.64	.61	.61	.65	.54	.59	.651
Barley	Bu.	1.07	1.04	1.02	.91	.91	.94	.974
Soybeans	Bu.	2.80	2.43	2.44	2.44	2.35	2.39	2.43
Flaxseed	Bu.	2.98	2.97	2.94	2.94	2.82	2.90	2.85
All Hay, Baled	Ton	19.00	21.00	20.00	19.60	15.50	18.00	22.80
Potatoes	Cwt.	1.55	1.48	1.40	-	1.35	1.90	1.69
Hogs	Cwt.	18.50	17.60	16.60	16.70	16.20	16.70	17.00
Cows	Cwt.	15.30	15.80	15.40	15.40	14.30	15.00	14.90
Cattle, Steers & Heifers	Cwt.	22.00	24.00	23.70	24.80	23.00	24.20	23.60
Cattle, All	Cwt.	19.70	21.00	20.90	23.20	20.80	22.50	21.30
Calves	Cwt.	25.60	27.50	24.80	23.90	26.70	28.00	25.60
Sheep	Cwt.	6.80	6.10	6.00	5.50	4.30	5.00	6.19
Lambs	Cwt.	21.20	22.10	22.50	22.00	20.70	21.50	21.80
Milk Cows	Head	290.00	270.00	260.00	280.00	230.00	235.00	262.00
Milk - Wholesale	Cwt.	4.36	4.23	4.20	4.30	4.30	4.25	5.34
Milkfat in Cream	Lb.	.74	.74	.73	.69	.70	.67	.661
Turkeys - Live	Lb.	.230	.180	.170	.170	.180	.190	.191
Chickens, Farm	Lb.	.065	.045	.040	.035	.040	.040	.076
Eggs	Doz.	.330	.195	.210	.200	.200	.174	.296
Wool	Lb.	.45	.33	.32	.34	.33	.37	.384
Prices Paid:								
Bran	Cwt.	3.35	3.30	3.30	3.60	3.30	3.65	3.54
Soybean Meal, 44%	Cwt.	5.30	5.00	4.95	5.00	5.30	5.20	5.20
Hog Feed, 29% & Over	Cwt.	6.50	6.40	6.20	6.30	6.10	6.40	6.17
Beef Cattle Feed 30% and Over	Cwt.	5.20	5.00	4.95	5.20	5.10	4.75	4.80
Dairy Feed 16%	Cwt.	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.90	3.80	3.60	3.87
Poultry Ration	Cwt.	3.19	2.99	2.93	2.89	2.92	2.80	3.40
Laying Feed	Cwt.	4.70	4.50	4.55	5.00	5.00	4.90	4.49
Commodity Feed Price Ratios:								
Hog-Corn 1/		15.7	17.6	18.0	17.6	16.5	17.0	17.5
Beef-Corn 1/		18.6	24.0	25.8	26.1	23.5	24.7	24.3
Egg Feed 2/		10.3	6.5	7.2	6.9	6.8	6.2	8.7
Farm Chicken Feed 3/		2.0	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.4	2.2

1/ Number of bushels of corn equal in value to 100 pounds of hog, steer-heifers, liveweight respectively.
2/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 dozen eggs.
3/ Number of pounds of poultry feed equal in value to 1 pound of chicken liveweight.

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U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

November 30, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending November 25, 1967

SIX STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in six of the most important turkey producing States hatched a total of 341,000 poults during the week ending November 25, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 16 percent below the same week in 1966. The heavy breed poult hatch at 193,000 was down 21 percent from last year and the light breed hatch at 148,000 was down 8 percent from the same week last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 4	84	46	230	188	314	234	75
Nov. 11	126	103	210	161	336	264	79
Nov. 18	123	110	249	162	372	272	73
Nov. 25	244	193	160	148	404	341	84
Eggs Set							
Oct. 7	145	75	368	322	513	397	77
Oct. 14	205	186	318	257	523	443	85
Oct. 21	194	175	375	273	569	448	79
Oct. 28	380	288	249	219	629	507	81
Nov. 4	469	269	372	301	841	570	68
Nov. 11	497	278	380	243	877	521	59
Nov. 18	593	271	297	238	890	509	57
Nov. 25	795	245	296	262	1,091	507	46
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	204	139	68
Nov. 11	#	#	#	#	189	162	86
Nov. 18	24	#	180	#	204	155	76
Nov. 25	#	#	#	#	166	131	79
Eggs Set							
Oct. 7	#	#	#	#	334	239	72
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	295	261	88
Oct. 21	40	#	270	#	310	263	85
Oct. 28	#	#	#	#	258	205	79
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	350	285	81
Nov. 11	193	#	266	#	459	237	52
Nov. 18	131	#	193	#	324	252	78
Nov. 25	155	68	186	175	341	243	71
California							
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 4	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Nov. 11	71	#	0	0	71	#	-
Nov. 18	80	#	0	0	80	#	-
Nov. 25	143	#	0	9	143	#	-
Eggs Set							
Oct. 7	#	#	0	0	#	#	-
Oct. 14	113	#	0	0	113	#	-
Oct. 21	127	#	0	0	127	#	-
Oct. 28	223	#	0	3	223	#	-
Nov. 4	319	145	0	15	319	160	50
Nov. 11	#	178	#	16	278	194	70
Nov. 18	#	97	#	16	414	113	27
Nov. 25	411	#	8	#	419	139	33

Confidential

1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the six States totaled 507,000, down considerably from the 1,091,000 eggs set during the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 245,000 were down 69 percent and the light breed settings at 262,000 were down 11 percent from the same period last year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending November 25 totaled 131,000, down 21 percent from the same week last year. Hatchings of poults by breed types were held confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two states totaled 243,000 a level 29 percent below the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed eggs set at 68,000 were down 56 percent from the same week last year and light breed settings at 175,000 were down 6 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota accounted for 17 percent of the week's hatch. This compares with 12 percent for the previous week and 10 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240	332	689	644	929	976	711	1,139	1,389	1,133	2,100	2,272
Oct.	126	107	738	671	864	778	1,069	1,369	1,359	1,129	2,428	2,498
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216	169	1,106	992	1,322	1,161	1,740	2,095	2,071	1,709	3,811	3,804
Nov.	276	270	928	723	1,204	993	2,368	2,608	1,820	1,338	4,188	3,946
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

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Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 1, 1967

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER
October 1967

MINNESOTA: Cattle slaughtered during October at commercial plants in Minnesota totaled 178,000 head, up 19 percent from the same month a year ago and 22 percent above last month, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The average liveweight for the month was 1,061 pounds, 16 pounds heavier than the preceding month and 2 pounds heavier than October 1966.

At 21,100 head, the number of calves killed compares with 13,200 for September of this year and 18,100 for October 1966. The average liveweight of calves slaughtered was 158 pounds, 17 pounds less than a year ago and 8 pounds less than the previous month.

Hogs slaughtered during October totaled 588,000, up 16 percent from October 1966 and up 12 percent from September 1967. The average liveweight of hogs killed during October was 249 pounds, 2 pounds lighter than a year earlier and 5 pounds heavier than September of this year.

Sheep and lambs slaughtered during October totaled 84,000 head, down 15 percent from October 1966 and up 28 percent from last month. The average liveweight for October was 104 pounds, 1 pound more than October last year and the same as September of this year.

For the months January-October 1967, commercial slaughter plants in the State killed 1,547,000 cattle, 155,600 calves, 4,780,000 hogs and 597,500 sheep and lambs. Compared with 1966, cattle slaughtered were up 11 percent, hogs were up 17 percent, calves up 2 percent and sheep and lambs were down 10 percent.

UNITED STATES: Commercial production of red meat in the 48 States during October totaled 3,010 million pounds. This was 2 percent above the previous high in January 1967 of 2,961 million pounds, 6 percent more than the October 1966 total of 2,829 million pounds, and 7 percent above September 1967. Near record high production of both beef and pork during October combined to push total red meat over 3 billion pounds for the first time. Commercial meat production includes slaughter in federally inspected and other slaughter plants, but excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

October beef production totaled 1,728 million pounds, up 4 percent from October 1966 and 5 percent above September 1967. The number of cattle slaughtered totaled 2,977,300 head, up 3 percent from October 1966 and 5 percent above September 1967. Average liveweight of cattle slaughtered during the month was 1,008 pounds, 3 pounds heavier than in October 1966 and 4 pounds heavier than in September 1967.

There were 71 million pounds of veal produced during October, 7 percent below a year earlier, but 8 percent above September 1967. The 555,900 head of calves slaughtered was down 5 percent from October 1966. Average liveweight per head, at 230 pounds per head, was 5 pounds lighter than a year earlier.

Pork production during October totaled 1,156 million pounds, up 12 percent from October 1966 and 11 percent above September 1967. The hog kill during October was 7,685,700 head, 11 percent more than a year earlier and 10 percent above September 1967. The average liveweight of hogs slaughtered during October was 241 pounds, 2 pounds heavier than a year earlier and 3 pounds heavier than in September. Lard rendered per 100 pounds of liveweight of hogs was 10.3 pounds, compared with 10.5 in October 1966 and 10.1 in September 1967.

There were 55 million pounds of lamb and mutton produced during October, 2 percent less than last year but the same as in September 1967. The number of sheep and lambs slaughtered during the month totaled 1,116,500 head, 1 percent fewer than in October 1966, and 3 percent under September 1967. Average liveweight in October was 102 pounds per head, the same as a year earlier, but 4 pounds heavier than in September 1967.

Production of poultry meat during October totaled 1,007 million pounds, ready-to-cook basis. This was 5 percent more than in October 1966 and 7 percent more than the September 1967 total.

COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER 1/

Group	October		October 1967 as percent of October 1966	Oct. Av. Liveweight	
	1966	1967		1966	1967
	1,000 Head		Percent	Pounds	
MINNESOTA:					
Cattle	150.0	178.0	118.7	1,059	1,061
Calves	18.1	21.1	116.6	175	158
Hogs	506.0	588.0	116.2	251	249
Sheep and Lambs	98.5	84.0	85.3	105	104
UNITED STATES: (48 States)					
Cattle	2,880.4	2,977.3	103.4	1,005	1,008
Calves	583.3	555.9	95.3	235	230
Hogs	6,944.3	7,685.7	110.7	239	241
Sheep and Lambs	1,133.1	1,116.5	98.5	102	102

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farms.

OCTOBER COMMERCIAL MEAT AND LARD PRODUCTION, 48 STATES WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Month and Year	Beef	Veal	Pork 2/	Lamb & Mutton	Total red meat 2/	Poultry 3/	Lard 4/
	- Million Pounds -						
October 1966	1,668	76	1,029	56	2,829	958	175
September 1967	1,648	66	1,046	55	2,815	942	169
October 1967	1,728	71	1,156	55	3,010	1,007	190
Jan. - Oct. 1966 5/	16,201	726	8,930	538	26,395	7,108	1,532
Jan. - Oct. 1967 5/	16,785	631	10,136	536	28,088	7,715	1,686

1/ Excludes animals slaughtered on farm. 2/ Excludes lard and rendered pork fat.
3/ Chicken and turkey meat ready-to-cook basis, excludes slaughter on farms for home use.
4/ Includes rendered pork fat. 5/ Accumulated totals based on unrounded data.

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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Immediate Release

December 7, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 2, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the most important turkey producing States hatched a total of 449,000 poults during the week ending December 2, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 29 percent below the same week in 1966. The heavy breed poult hatch at 268,000 was down 28 percent from last year and the light breed hatch at 181,000 was down 29 percent from the same week last year.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 11	126	103	210	161	336	264	79
Nov. 18	123	110	249	162	372	272	73
Nov. 25	244	193	160	148	404	341	84
Dec. 2 2/	374	268	254	181	628	449	71
Eggs Set							
Oct. 14	205	186	318	257	523	443	85
Oct. 21	194	175	375	273	569	448	79
Oct. 28	380	288	249	219	629	507	81
Nov. 4	469	269	372	301	841	570	68
Nov. 11	497	278	380	243	877	521	59
Nov. 18	593	271	297	238	890	509	57
Nov. 25	795	245	296	262	1,091	507	46
Dec. 2 2/	1,210	695	238	190	1,448	885	61
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 11	#	#	#	#	189	162	86
Nov. 18	24	#	180	#	204	155	76
Nov. 25	#	#	#	#	166	131	79
Dec. 2	#	#	#	#	221	173	78
Eggs Set							
Oct. 14	#	#	#	#	295	261	88
Oct. 21	40	#	270	#	310	263	85
Oct. 28	#	#	#	#	258	205	79
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	350	285	81
Nov. 11	193	#	266	#	459	237	52
Nov. 18	131	#	193	#	324	252	78
Nov. 25	155	68	186	175	341	243	71
Dec. 2	146	#	170	#	316	264	84
California							
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 11	71	#	0	0	71	#	-
Nov. 18	80	#	0	0	80	#	-
Nov. 25	143	#	0	9	143	#	-
Dec. 2	212	122	0	10	212	132	62
Eggs Set							
Oct. 14	113	#	0	0	113	#	-
Oct. 21	127	#	0	0	127	#	-
Oct. 28	223	#	0	3	223	#	-
Nov. 4	319	145	0	15	319	160	50
Nov. 11	#	178	#	16	278	194	70
Nov. 18	#	97	#	16	414	113	27
Nov. 25	411	#	8	#	419	139	33
Dec. 2	645	171	9	10	654	181	28

Confidential. 1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin. 2/ Beginning the week ending December 2, totals are for the following States, California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the ten States totaled 885,000, down 39 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed settings at 695,000 were down 43 percent and the light breed set at 190,000 was down 20 percent from the same week last year.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched during the week ending December 2, totaled 173,000, down 22 percent from the same week last year. Hatchings of eggs by breed types were held confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 264,000, down 16 percent from the same week in 1966. Settings of eggs by breed types were also held confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota during the week accounted for less than 1 percent of the week's hatch. This compares with 17 percent for the previous week and 6 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240	332	689	644	929	976	711	1,139	1,389	1,133	2,100	2,272
Oct.	126	107	738	671	864	778	1,069	1,369	1,359	1,129	2,428	2,498
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216	169	1,106	992	1,322	1,161	1,740	2,095	2,071	1,709	3,811	3,804
Nov.	276	270	928	723	1,204	993	2,368	2,608	1,820	1,338	4,188	3,946
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 11, 1967

COMMERCIAL APPLE PRODUCTION
Minnesota 1967

MINNESOTA: Commercial production of apples in the State in 1967 totaled 300,000 bushels or 12.9 million pounds, according to grower reports to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The 1967 crop, as a result of unfavorable growing conditions throughout the growing season was one-half the 1966 production of 600,000 bushels and well below the 5-year average for the State.

Production of winter varieties accounted for 177,000 bushels (about 7.7 million pounds), or 59 percent of the total apple crop. Haralson, the leading winter variety, accounted for 42,000 bushels, or 14 percent of the total crop. Delicious and McIntosh were close with 13 and 12 percent of the total crop respectively. All fall varieties showed a substantial decrease from last year except Prairie Spy which showed a slight increase from last year.

Of the fall varieties, Wealthy at 42,000 bushels, accounted for 14 percent of the total. Jonathan at 36,000 bushels had 12 percent of the State's apple production. Other fall varieties produced totaled 9,000 bushels.

Beacon, the leading summer apple, accounted for a large part of the 36,000 bushels of summer varieties produced in 1967. This year's summer crop was 25 percent less than 1966.

UNITED STATES: Commercial apple production in the United States during 1967 totaled 5,462 million pounds, 5 percent less than the 1966 crop and 8 percent less than average. In the Eastern States, soil moisture was improved compared with 1966, but set varied from good to poor because of unfavorable pollination conditions. The 1967 crop totaled 2,576 million pounds, 18 percent above last year but 7 percent less than average. Production in the Central States in 1967 totaled 953 million pounds, 13 percent less than 1966 and 20 percent less than average. The small crop was due to severe winter weather and poor pollination conditions last spring, particularly in the North Central States. In the Western States, 1967 apple production totaled 1,933 million pounds, 22 percent less than in 1966 and 2 percent less than average. Smaller crops in California and Washington are primarily reponsible for the reduced production in the Western area.

Washington is the leading State with a 1967 crop of 1,300 million pounds, accounting for nearly one-fourth of the Nation's apple production. New York ranks second with 935 million pounds, and Michigan third with 525 million pounds. California's 384 million pound crop places that State in fourth position, followed by Virginia and Pennsylvania in fifth and sixth, respectively.

Red Delicious is the leading variety, with 27 percent of the 1967 production. Over half the Delicious crop was produced in Washington. The second most important variety is McIntosh representing 12 percent of total production. New York produced 45 percent of the McIntosh crop and New England 32 percent.

Golden Delicious is a close third with almost 12 percent of total production. Other leading varieties and percent of total production are: Rome Beauty, 8 percent; Jonathan, 6 percent; and York Imperial, 5 percent. Winesap lost its sixth place position to York Imperial because of a considerably below average crop of Winesap in Washington while the York crop in Virginia and West Virginia was only moderately below average. The six most important varieties account for 70 percent of the U. S. crop.

Ninety percent of this year's crop was winter varieties, 3 percent more than in 1966. Fall varieties accounted for 8 percent of this year's crop and 9 percent of the 1966 crop. Summer varieties made up 2 percent of the 1967 production compared with 4 percent in 1966.

COMMERCIAL APPLE PRODUCTION BY VARIETIES, UNITED STATES AND MINNESOTA, 1967 WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Variety	UNITED STATES			MINNESOTA			
	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	1966	1966	1967	1967
	- Million Pounds -			Thous. Bushels	Mil. Lbs.	Thous. Bushels	Mil. Lbs.
Summer Varieties	218.0	233.0	127.8	48	2.0	36	1.5
Fall Varieties							
Jonathan. . . .	408.2	401.6	319.1	72	3.0	36	1.5
Wealthy	53.1	44.1	36.8	60	2.5	42	1.8
Other Fall. . .	124.2	76.8	91.3	30	1.3	9	.4
Total.	585.5	522.5	447.2	162	6.8	87	3.7
Winter Varieties							
Haralson. . . .	2/	2/	2/	96	4.1	42	1.8
Cortland. . . .	154.7	149.7	148.6	12	.5	3	.1
Delicious . . .	1,466.8	1,632.0	1,496.5	72	3.1	39	1.7
Golden Delicious	466.3	595.1	643.8	18	.8	6	.3
McIntosh. . . .	741.0	674.4	670.4	90	3.8	36	1.6
Prairie Spy . .	2/	2/	2/	20	.8	21	.9
Other Winter. .	2,285.5	1,944.5	1,927.6	82	3.5	30	1.3
Total.	5,114.3	4,995.7	4,886.9	390	16.6	177	7.7
TOTAL	5,917.8	5,751.2	5,461.9	600	25.4	300	12.9

1/ Estimates of commercial crop refer to the total production of apples in the commercial areas of each State. Weight per bushel varies somewhat between States but average in Minnesota is about 43 pounds per bushel.

2/ Included in Other Winter.

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560 State Office Building
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December 12, 1967

MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORT
December 1, 1967

MILK PRODUCTION: Minnesota: Milk production during November totaled 681 million pounds, up 8 percent from a month earlier, but 1 percent less than November 1966 production. Production for the 11 month period, January-November, was 1 percent above the corresponding 11 month period of 1966.

United States: U. S. Milk production during November is estimated at 8,861 million pounds, 2 percent less than a year earlier and 5 percent below the average for the month. Daily production in November averaged 1 percent less than in October. Total 1967 milk production, January 1 through November 30 was about the same as a year earlier.

EGG PRODUCTION: Minnesota: Egg production for November totaled 185 million eggs, down 6 percent from November a year earlier. The average number of layers during the month at 10,336,000 was 7 percent below last year's level. Rate of lay for the month averaged 59.9 percent which compares with 58.6 percent during November last year. During the January-November period this year, egg production was 1 percent greater than the corresponding 11-month period of 1966.

United States: The Nation's laying flock produced 5,700 million eggs in November, down 2 percent from the previous month but up 3 percent from a year earlier, and 11 percent more than the 1961-65 November average. The number of layers during November averaged 327.3 million, 1 percent more than a month earlier and 2 percent above a year earlier. The rate of lay this November continued at record levels, 17.42 eggs per layer, which is 1 percent above a year earlier and 5 percent above average. Accumulative egg production, January through November 1967, was 64,237 million eggs, up 6 percent from a year earlier.

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SOYBEAN OIL AND PROTEIN CONTENT VARIETIES GROWN IN 1967

MINNESOTA: Based on objective measurements and laboratory determination on 108 randomly selected sample plots, the oil content for the 1967 Minnesota soybean crop averaged 20.2 percent. The protein content of these 1967 Minnesota soybean samples averaged 42.0 percent. The oil content in the Southwestern District at 21.1 percent ranked the highest while the West Central District averaged the lowest at 19.8 percent for the 4 districts reported. The average protein content for beans grown in the West Central District was 42.4 percent, the highest for the State, while the Southwestern District with an average of 41.2 percent showed the lowest protein level.

According to the survey, Chippewa was the leading variety grown in 1967 accounting for 72 percent of the State's soybeans. Merrit ranked second with 6 percent of the acreage harvested while Traverse accounted for a little less than 6 percent of the acreage. The remaining 16 percent consisted of Harosoy, Clark, Hawkeye, and Lindarin varieties.

UNITED STATES: Oil content of the 1,277 samples analyzed for the 1967 crop in 15 major soybean States was 21.0 percent and the protein content was 41.8 percent. This compares with the 1966 oil content of 20.4 percent and a protein content of 42.2 percent for the same States. Highest oil content, at 22.2 percent was found in Kansas; the highest protein content, at 43.0 percent in Ohio. The 15 States account for 91 percent of the 1967 production in the United States.

Statistical Reporting Service
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 14, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 9, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the most important turkey producing States hatched a total of 415,000 poults during the week ending December 9, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 36 percent below the same week in 1966. The heavy breed poult hatch at 260,000 was down 33 percent from the same week last year and the light breed hatch at 155,000 was down 40 percent.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 18	123	110	249	162	372	272	73
Nov. 25	244	193	160	148	404	341	84
Dec. 2 2/	374	268	254	181	628	449	71
Dec. 9 2/	389	260	257	155	646	415	64
Eggs Set							
Oct. 21	194	175	375	273	569	448	79
Oct. 28	380	288	249	219	629	507	81
Nov. 4	469	269	372	301	841	570	68
Nov. 11	497	278	380	243	877	521	59
Nov. 18	593	271	297	238	890	509	57
Nov. 25	795	245	296	262	1,091	507	46
Dec. 2 2/	1,210	695	238	190	1,448	885	61
Dec. 9 2/	1,529	737	296	227	1,825	964	53
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 18	24	#	180	#	204	155	76
Nov. 25	#	#	#	#	166	131	79
Dec. 2	#	#	#	#	221	173	78
Dec. 9	114	#	174	#	288	156	54
Eggs Set							
Oct. 21	40	#	270	#	310	263	85
Oct. 28	#	#	#	#	258	205	79
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	350	285	81
Nov. 11	193	#	266	#	459	237	52
Nov. 18	131	#	193	#	324	252	78
Nov. 25	155	68	186	175	341	243	71
Dec. 2	146	#	170	#	316	264	84
Dec. 9	238	#	182	#	420	283	67
California							
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 18	80	#	0	0	80	#	-
Nov. 25	143	#	0	9	143	#	-
Dec. 2	212	122	0	10	212	132	62
Dec. 9	#	100	#	10	184	110	60
Eggs Set							
Oct. 21	127	#	0	0	127	#	-
Oct. 28	223	#	0	3	223	#	-
Nov. 4	319	145	0	15	319	160	50
Nov. 11	#	178	#	16	278	194	70
Nov. 18	#	97	#	16	414	113	27
Nov. 25	411	#	8	#	419	139	33
Dec. 2	645	171	9	10	654	181	28
Dec. 9	641	195	11	17	652	212	33

Confidential. 1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin. 2/ Beginning the week ending December 2, totals are for the following States, California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the ten States totaled 964,000, down 47 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed settings at 737,000 were down 52 percent from the same week in 1966 and the light breed set at 227,000 was down 23 percent.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in the two States during the week ending December 9 totaled 156,000, down 46 percent from the same week last year. Hatching of eggs by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 283,000, down 33 percent from last year. Settings of eggs by breed types were also confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota during the week accounted for 8 percent of the week's hatch. This compares with less than 1 percent for the previous week and 1 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240	332	689	644	929	976	711	1,139	1,389	1,133	2,100	2,272
Oct.	126	107	738	671	864	778	1,069	1,369	1,359	1,129	2,428	2,498
Nov.	174		657		831		1,556		1,245		2,801	
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216	169	1,106	992	1,322	1,161	1,740	2,095	2,071	1,709	3,811	3,804
Nov.	276	270	928	723	1,204	993	2,368	2,608	1,820	1,338	4,188	3,946
Dec.	603		846		1,449		5,162		1,571		6,733	

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

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December 18, 1967

HATCHERY PRODUCTION OF CHICKS
November - 1967

MINNESOTA: Hatcheries in Minnesota produced 1,586,000 chicks during November 1967, which was 14 percent above November 1966, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture.

The November hatch consisted of 821,000 egg-type chicks and 765,000 broiler-type chicks. The egg-type hatch was up 25 percent and the broiler chick production was up 5 percent from the same month in 1966. For the period January through November the egg-type hatch was down 8 percent while the broiler-type hatch was 6 percent above the 1966 level.

The cost of a standard poultry ration in mid-November for Minnesota was $2.93 per 100 pounds compared with $2.99 the previous month and $3.19 a year ago.

On November 15, the Minnesota egg-feed ratio was 7.2 compared with 6.5 the previous month and 10.3 a year ago.

Egg producers in Minnesota received in mid-November an average of 21 cents per dozen for eggs marketed. This compares with 19-1/2 cents a month earlier and 33 cents for November 1966.

Chicks Hatched by Months, by Minnesota Commercial Hatcheries

Month	Egg-type			Broiler-type		
	1966	1967	Percent Change from 1966	1966	1967	Percent Change from 1966
	- Thousands -		Percent	- Thousands -		Percent
January	839	1,063	+38	680	737	+ 8
February	809	1,404	+74	593	585	- 1
March	3,993	3,455	-13	819	900	+10
April	6,028	4,969	-18	1,068	1,100	+ 3
May	6,094	4,421	-27	1,048	1,191	+14
June	2,590	1,850	-29	930	921	- 1
July	851	1,170	+37	727	725	0
August	752	1,384	+84	696	713	+ 2
September	671	851	+27	640	748	+17
October	821	747	- 9	605	666	+10
November	657	821	+25	729	765	+ 5
December	851			667		

Duane Peterson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

UNITED STATES: Hatcheries produced an estimated 238 million chicks during November 1967, a decrease of 4 percent from the 248 million produced in November 1966. The number of broiler-type chicks hatched totaled 211 million, down 1 percent from a year earlier. During January through November 1967, there were 2,534 million broiler-type chicks hatched compared with 2,529 million in the same months last year. The number of broiler-type eggs in incubators on December 1, 1967 was down 2 percent from December 1, 1966.

The number of egg-type chicks hatched during November is estimated at 26.7 million, a decrease of 25 percent from a year earlier. All regions recorded decreases as follows: North Atlantic, 35 percent; North Central, 12 percent; South Atlantic, 30 percent; South Central, 31 percent; and West, 18 percent.

The hatch of egg-type chicks during the first 11 months of 1967 totaled 510 million, down 5 percent from the same period last year. The number of egg-type eggs in incubators on December 1 was down 21 percent from December 1, 1966, thus indicating that the hatch of egg-type chicks during December will be significantly smaller than December last year.

Chicks Hatched by Commercial Hatcheries,
Selected States and United States, November 1966 and 1967

State and Division	During November					
	Broiler-type		Egg-type		Total	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousands		Thousands		Thousands	
Ohio	480	400	1,480	1,000	1,970	1,400
Indiana	1,960	1,698	2,023	1,817	3,983	3,515
Illinois	20	3	950	1,306	970	1,309
Michigan	440	1/	700	450	1,140	1/
Wisconsin	1,050	1,085	271	280	1,321	1,365
Minnesota	729	765	657	821	1,386	1,586
Iowa	30	5	510	360	540	365
Missouri	1,845	1,473	450	338	2,295	1,811
North Dakota	1/	1/	0	0	1/	1/
South Dakota	1/	1/	140	108	1/	1/
Nebraska	3	5	207	197	210	202
Kansas	0	0	328	150	328	150
North Central	6,567	5,534	7,716	6,827	14,283	12,361
UNITED STATES	212,815	210,855	35,530	26,743	248,345	237,598

1/ Included only in North Central total to avoid disclosing individual operations.

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December 20, 1967

MINNESOTA ANNUAL CROP SUMMARY--1967

Crop production in Minnesota during 1967 established a new record exceeding 1966 by 5 percent, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The 1966 crop was slightly smaller than the 1963 previous record. The record crop production results mainly from increased acreage of corn, soybeans, small grains (except oats and flax) and better than average yields for small grains.

The spring months were dry and cool but spring planting was about on schedule or a few days early. June was exceptionally wet resulting in damage to crops in come areas. Beginning in July and continuing throughout the summer and fall the weather stayed dry and cool. Minnesota harvested one of its better small grain crops from the standpoint of both yield and quality. First cutting of hay was delayed by wet June weather but yields were relatively high. Subsequent cuttings yielded lighter due to summer drought. Frost occurred during late September but most of the State's corn escaped severe damage. Soybeans were maturing late and the frost helped to reduce yields.

The moisture level during the fall and winter of 1966-67 was short. Cold temperatures came early in December and the ground froze hard. Heavy snow came in December 1966 and again in January but this made little contribution to soil moisture because of frozen ground. The snow melted in an orderly fashion and no severe spring flooding occurred. June 1967 was one of the wettest Junes of record and some crop acreage was damaged in the southern part of the State. After June came one of the driest summers and falls of record, however, most crops yielded quite well and the favorable fall permitted harvest with relatively light losses.

The total crop production index for 1967 at 121 (1957-59 = 100) is 5 percent above the 1966 index. The production index for feed grains is up from 1966 by about 8 percent due to increased corn and barley acreage coupled with better yields on oats and barley. Production index for food grains is 82 percent above 1966 as a result of more acreage and better yields. The oil crops index is 13 percent less than a year ago mainly because of lower soybean yields.

Production of corn for grain in 1967 totaled 356 million bushels, 4 percent more than the 1966 crop and 21 percent above the 5-year average. This year's corn crop set a new production record exceeding the previous record of 1963 by 1 percent. Acres harvested for grain at 4.9 million was up 10 percent above 1966 and 5 percent above average. The 1967 yield was estimated at 72 bushels per acre and compares with 76 bushels in 1966 and the 5-year average of 62.4 bushels per acre.

The 1967 soybean crop in Minnesota totaled 70 million bushels which was 13 percent below the good crop of 1966 but 29 percent above the 5-year average. Although harvested acreage at 3.6 million was 7 percent more than in 1966, this year's yield was 4.5 bushels lower than last year. Yield this year at 19.5 bushels per acre compares with 24.0 bushels for 1966 and the 5-year average of 21.1 bushels per acre.

Potato production in 1967 is estimated at 13.5 million hundredweight (field run) which is 10 percent above last year but 3 percent below average. The fall crop totaled 11,760,000 hundredweight, 9 percent above 1966 but 7 percent less than average. The late summer crop at 1,728,000 hundredweight was 14 percent above last year and 33 percent above average.

Oat production in 1967 totaled 157 million bushels, about 14 percent above 1966 and 2 percent more than the 1961-65 average crop. Although harvested acreage at 2.9 million was 3 percent smaller than 1966, improvement in yield more than offset the reduced acres. Yield in 1967 estimated at 54.5 bushels per acre equals the record of 1965 and compares with 46.5 in 1966 and the 5-year average of 48.4 bushels per acre. This year's oat crop was one of the better crops from the standpoint of quality and test weight.

The 1967 barley production at 34.6 million bushels was up 65 percent from a year earlier and 48 percent above average. The 1967 yield set a new record at 46 bushels per acre compared with 32 in 1966 and the average of 34.5 bushels. Barley, too, was of very good quality and test weight.

There was a 32 percent increase in all wheat harvested acreage this year. The all wheat production at 33.8 million bushels was 84 percent above 1966 and 53 percent above the 5-year average. Of the total 1967 crop, durum accounted for 2,205,000 bushels, other spring 30,720,000 and winter 870,000 bushels. The 1967 yield for each class was better than average with durum yielding 35 bushels, other spring 32 and winter average 30 bushels per acre.

Rye production in 1967 totaled 1,904,000 bushels, 42 percent above last year and 16 percent above average. The flaxseed crop this year totaled 3,783,000 bushels, 1 percent less than 1966 and 36 percent smaller than the 5-year average crop. Yield at 13 bushels per acre was somewhat better than the 9.5 bushels last year but acres harvested was substantially lower.

All hay production in 1967 totaled 7,583,000 tons, 6 percent less than a year earlier and 3 percent less than the 5-year average. Yield during the past year averaged 2.23 tons per acre compared with 2.35 in 1966 and the 5-year average of 2.14 tons per acre. Alfalfa production totaled 6.1 million tons compared with 6.5 million tons in 1966. Clover-timothy production in 1967 at 870,000 tons compares with 947,000 tons last year while wild hay at 485,000 was up 4,000 tons from 1966.

The 1967 sugar beet crop totaled 1.4 million tons compared with 1.6 million tons in 1966 and an average of 1.3 million tons.

Sunflower seed production this year totaled 91 million pounds, almost 4 times greater than the 1966 production. Of this production, 43 million pounds were oil seed varieties, and 48 million pounds edible or bird seed varieties. Oil seed varieties yielded an average of 1,060 pounds per acre while bird seed kinds made 960 pounds per acre.

Sweet corn production in the State was 3 percent larger than in 1966 while a 20 percent increase is reported for green peas for canning and freezing. Production of both crops was also larger than average. These two processing crops are mainly the basis for Minnesota producing 6 percent of the nation's output of vegetables in 1967. About 10 1/2 percent of the nation's harvested vegetable acreage is on Minnesota farms.

Commercial production of apples in the State in 1967 totaled 300,000 bushels or 12.9 million pounds. The 1967 crop, as a result of unfavorable growing conditions throughout the growing season was one-half the 1966 production.

CROP SUMMARY FOR 1967, MINNESOTA WITH COMPARISONS 1/

Crops	Acreage Harvested			Yield Per Acre				Production			
	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	Unit	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	Unit	Average 1961-65	1966	1967
	Thousand Acres								Thousands		
Corn for grain	4,693	4,494	4,943	Bu.	62.4	76.0	72.0	Bu.	293,931	341,544	355,896
Soybeans	2,587	3,356	3,591	Bu.	21.1	24.0	19.5	Bu.	54,122	80,544	70,024
Oats	3,193	2,974	2,885	Bu.	48.4	46.5	54.5	Bu.	154,375	138,291	157,232
Wheat, All	890	799	1,052	Bu.	24.9	22.9	32.1	Bu.	22,107	18,318	33,795
Winter	22	16	29	Bu.	24.4	28.0	30.0	Bu.	551	448	870
Durum	73	56	63	Bu.	28.8	27.0	35.0	Bu.	2,170	1,512	2,205
Other Spring	794	727	960	Bu.	24.5	22.5	32.0	Bu.	19,385	16,358	30,720
Barley	688	655	753	Bu.	34.5	32.0	46.0	Bu.	23,424	20,960	34,638
Rye	88	67	81	Bu.	18.7	20.0	23.5	Bu.	1,641	1,340	1,904
Flax	509	404	291	Bu.	11.6	9.5	13.0	Bu.	5,897	3,838	3,783
Peas, Dry Field	8	7	6	Lbs.	938	900	1,500	Cwt.	77	63	90
Hay, All	3,657	3,443	3,407	Ton	2.14	2.35	2.23	Ton	7,806	8,094	7,583
Alfalfa & Mix.	2,417	2,356	2,332	Ton	2.53	2.75	2.60	Ton	6,120	6,479	6,063
Clo. -Tim. Mix.	596	592	580	Ton	1.54	1.60	1.50	Ton	917	947	870
Grain Hay	44	39	29	Ton	1.36	1.50	1.65	Ton	59	58	48
Other Tame Hay	186	86	78	Ton	1.29	1.50	1.50	Ton	213	129	117
Wild Hay	414	370	388	Ton	1.20	1.30	1.25	Ton	496	481	485
Potatoes, All	107.5	97.4	105.2	Cwt.	130	126	128	Cwt.	13,944	12,317	13,488
Late Summer	6.7	7.4	7.2	Cwt.	195	205	240	Cwt.	1,301	1,517	1,728
Fall	100.8	90.0	98.0	Cwt.	126	120	120	Cwt.	12,643	10,800	11,760
Sugar Beets	112.5	123.0	128.1	Ton	11.6	12.6	11.1	Ton	1,300	1,554	1,422
Apples, Com'l crop	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	Bu.	353	600	300
Red Clover Seed	32.8	42.0	32.0	Lbs.	99	110	110	Lbs.	3,206	4,620	3,520
Sweet Clover Seed	17.7	10.0	9.0	Lbs.	209	215	220	Lbs.	3,502	2,150	1,980
Alfalfa Seed	7.7	7.0	6.0	Lbs.	67	70	95	Lbs.	553	490	570
Timothy Seed	37.6	82.0	66.0	Lbs.	164	200	155	Lbs.	6,361	16,400	10,230
Kentucky Bluegrass	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	Lbs.	---	1,610	1,790
Dry Beans	---	7	6	Lbs.	---	840	950	Cwt.	---	59	57
Maple Sirup	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	Gal.	6	12	8
Sunflower Seed	---	25	91	Lbs.	---	920	1,005	Lbs.	---	23,000	91,460

1/ Vegetable summaries in separate release.

UNITED STATES: For the nation 1967 had the largest total harvested acreage since 1960, and second highest yields per acre, which boosted 1967 crop production slightly above last year to a record high. Below normal temperatures during much of the summer relieved, at least partially, the effects of scattered moisture shortages in parts of the Corn Belt. Harvest started late, but weather was generally favorable in all areas except the North Central States.

Crop yields in 1967 were the second highest of record despite some setbacks from a cool, wet spring in much of the East, heavy rains in June over much of Corn Belt, moderately dry July and August weather in portions of the North Central States, and unfavorable fall harvest in the eastern two-thirds of the Corn Belt. Most Atlantic and South Central States had the best crops, except cotton, in many years, and cool temperatures mitigated the effects of short moisture supplies.

Acreage harvested for the 59 major crops in 1967 totaled 301 million compared with 288 million last year. Acreage losses after planting were considerably larger than last year, especially for corn, wheat, and sorghums. Abandonment of cotton was again heavy. A cold, wet spring was highly unfavorable for cotton, while dry weather from late fall to early spring resulted in heavier than usual losses of wheat acreage in the Central and Southern Great Plains. June floods in portions of the Western Corn Belt and freezing temperatures in late September contributed to the unusually heavy abandonment of corn and sorghums.

Record corn and sorghum grain production pushed the 1967 feed grain total to a record 175.1 million tons, 11 percent more than last year and 20 percent above average. Feed grain acreage harvested was 3 percent greater than last year; increases in corn and sorghum grain more than offset declines in oats and barley.

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Immediate Release

December 21, 1967

MINNESOTA POTATO PRODUCTION SUMMARY - 1967

MINNESOTA: All Potatoes - Total production in 1967 is estimated at 13,488,000 hundredweight, 10 percent greater than the 12,317,000 hundredweight harvested in 1966 but 3 percent less than the 1961-65 average of 13,944,000 hundredweight.

Late Summer Potatoes- Production is estimated at 1,728,000 hundredweight, 14 percent greater than last year's production of 1,517,000 hundredweight and 33 percent greater than the 5-year average of 1,301,000 hundredweight. Harvested acreage was 7,200 acres compared to 7,400 acres last year and the 5-year average of 6,700 acres harvested.

Fall Potatoes - Field run production of the 1967 fall crop is estimated at 11,760,000 hundredweight, 9 percent larger than the 10,800,000 hundredweight harvested last year, but 7 percent less than the 5-year average of 12,643,000 hundredweight. Yield per harvested acre is estimated at 120 hundredweight, the same as last year but 6 hundredweight less than average. Harvested acreage totaled 98,000 acres, compared to 90,000 acres harvested last year and the 5-year average of 100,800 acres harvested. Heavy rains caused flooding in the Hollandale potato growing area early in the summer. This reduced the harvested acreage in the South Central Minnesota. Cold wet planting weather in the Red River Valley also delayed growth development.

Dry summer and fall weather followed this slow start of the season. Early harvesting was difficult because of dry and lumpy soil conditions. Harvest was interrupted by a rain which improved the soil condition for harvest of remaining portions of the crop. The dry weather and bruising from the hard soil in early harvest is reported to have increased the losses and gradeout after storage.

UNITED STATES: The 1967 potato crop in the 48 conterminous States is estimated at 305,906,000 hundredweight, slightly less than the 1966 crop of 306,902,000 hundredweight, but 12 percent above average. The yield per acre averaged the same record high 210 hundredweight as in 1966 and 1965. Acreage harvested in 1967, at 1,457,800 acres, compared with 1,464,000 harvested in 1966. Acreage harvested was above a year earlier for the fall crop but was more than offset by acreage reductions in all other seasonal groups. Production declined from a year earlier in all seasonal groups except for early summer and fall crops. Sharpest declines were for early and late spring groups.

Production of late summer potatoes is estimated at 28,491,000 hundredweight, down 3 percent from a year earlier and 1 percent below average. The 1967 yield per acre of 228 hundredweight was above both 1966 and average. However, 1967 harvested acreage declined to 124,700 acres compared with 133,500 acres in 1966 and the average of 135,600 acres. New Jersey production increased sharply above 1966 and was above average. Production in Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and New Mexico also exceeded 1966 levels. However, in such major producing States as Wisconsin, Colorado, Washington, and California crops were below 1966. Wet weather during September slowed harvests in New Jersey and on Long Island. In Washington, August heat resulted in reduced crop prospects.

Fall potato production totaled 232,074,000 hundredweight, 2 percent more than last year, 17 percent above average, setting a new high for the fall groups of States. Harvested acreage totaled 1,090,300 acres, compared with 1,069,000 acres last year and the average of 986,600 acres. The average yield per acre is 213 hundredweight, equal to 1966. The 5-year average yield is 201 hundredweight. This year, fall States accounted for 76 percent of the total U. S. production - the average is a 73 percent share of the crop.

Fall crop production in the eastern States, at 67,743,000 hundredweight, was 4 percent larger than last year. Increased acreage for harvest in Maine and on Long Island, New York, plus a high average yield per acre in Pennsylvania, more than offset production lower than 1966 in other eastern areas. Much of the 1967 season was cool and wet in the eastern States. Rains in late September and October slowed harvest in Maine.

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The 1967 production in the Central States is estimated at 49,061,000 hundredweight, 3 percent more than 1966 because of an increase in harvested acreage. The average yield per acre of 153 hundredweight equaled 1966. Dry weather during the summer and a frost in late September lowered production in the Red River Valley of North Dakota and Minnesota.

In the Western States, production is estimated at 115,270,000 hundredweight, slightly less than the 115,290,000 hundredweight in 1966. Harvested acreage gained 2 percent over 1966, but average yields declined to an average 239 hundredweight per acre compared with 245 in 1966. All Western States except Idaho are showing increased production over 1966. Harvested acreage and yield per acre are lower than last year in both producing areas of Idaho. All States except Idaho and Washington averaged higher yields per acre than 1966. Larger harvested acreages, mainly in the Pacific Coast States, also helped offset reduced Idaho production.

Fall weather conditions generally favored late maturing potatoes in Idaho and eastern Oregon , and in the Tulelake area of California.

Potatoes, Seasonal Group Totals and Selected States

Seasonal Group and Selected State	Acreage Harvested			Yield per harv. acre			Production		
	Av. 1961-65	1966	1967	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	Average 1961-65	1966	1967
	- 1,000 Acres -			- C w t . -			- 1,000 Cwt. -		
Winter	20.6	25.5	24.7	197	199	198	4,069	5,084	4,894
Early Spring	28.2	35.6	28.0	159	138	105	4,469	4,924	2,940
Late Spring	103.4	113.3	103.4	223	229	230	22,966	25,937	23,734
Early Summer	86.7	87.1	86.7	151	158	159	13,095	13,740	13,773
Late Summer:									
N. Y. - L. I.	10.2	9.8	6.6	257	240	230	2,613	2,352	1,518
New Jersey	17.4	17.9	16.0	240	185	285	4,173	3,312	4,560
Michigan	9.9	11.8	10.9	146	125	170	1,433	1,475	1,853
Wisconsin	20.8	19.0	17.5	191	190	205	3,951	3,610	3,588
Minnesota	6.7	7.4	7.2	195	205	240	1,301	1,517	1,728
Colorado	14.2	13.1	12.0	193	225	175	2,733	2,948	2,100
Washington	18.8	21.0	21.0	320	370	325	6,004	7,770	6,825
California	8.6	9.4	10.0	331	355	300	2,839	3,337	3,000
Other	29.0	24.1	23.5	128	129	141	3,717	3,109	3,319
Total Late Summer	135.6	133.5	124.7	212	220	228	28,764	29,430	28,491
FALL:									
Maine	143.0	158.0	159.0	260	240	240	37,168	37,920	38,160
N.H.	1.6	1.3	1.2	210	215	210	332	280	252
Vermont	2.1	1.7	1.6	188	185	180	397	314	288
Massachusetts	6.8	6.8	6.4	201	190	190	1,369	1,292	1,216
Rhode Island	5.5	5.7	6.0	227	223	190	1,249	1,271	1,140
Connecticut	6.6	6.5	6.1	227	230	215	1,496	1,495	1,312
N. Y. - L. I.	29.2	29.7	31.9	271	255	250	7,895	7,574	7,975
- Upstate	40.8	39.0	36.0	219	220	230	8,945	8,580	8,280
Pennsylvania	39.0	39.0	38.0	192	162	240	7,497	6,318	9,120
8 Eastern Fall	274.6	287.7	286.2	242	226	237	66,348	65,044	67,743
Ohio	11.8	11.9	12.3	205	190	205	2,419	2,261	2,522
Indiana	6.2	7.0	7.0	260	225	310	1,602	1,575	2,170
Michigan	35.1	36.0	33.0	202	205	215	7,100	7,380	7,095
Wisconsin	34.3	41.0	39.5	214	215	243	7,348	8,815	9,678
Minnesota	100.8	90.0	98.0	126	120	120	12,643	10,800	11,760
N. Dakota	112.2	110.0	118.0	122	130	114	13,651	14,300	13,452
S. Dakota	5.6	5.8	5.9	101	135	100	561	783	590
Nebraska	8.1	8.1	7.8	193	190	230	1,561	1,539	1,794
8 Central Fall	314.0	309.8	321.5	150	153	153	46,884	47,453	49,061
Montana	7.8	8.0	8.2	171	170	180	1,338	1,360	1,476
Idaho-10 S.W. Co.	17.4	35.0	31.0	261	310	300	4,692	10,850	9,300
-Other Co.	240.6	276.0	273.0	194	215	200	46,809	59,340	54,600
Wyoming	3.5	3.6	3.4	150	145	170	530	522	578
Colorado	35.3	30.5	34.0	235	280	285	8,314	8,540	9,690
Utah	8.1	8.1	7.7	147	170	190	1,187	1,377	1,463
Nevada	1.3	.8	.7	186	220	275	233	176	192
Washington	22.7	37.0	43.0	315	380	355	7,220	14,060	15,265
Oregon-Malheur Co.	11.3	14.5	20.5	261	260	285	2,932	3,770	5,842
-Other Co.	25.6	27.0	28.5	240	245	260	6,154	6,615	7,410
California	24.4	31.0	32.6	257	280	290	6,271	8,680	9,454
9 Western Fall	398.0	471.5	482.6	215	245	239	85,682	115,290	115,270
Total	986.6	1,069.0	1,090.3	201	213	213	198,914	227,787	232,074
United States	1,361.2	1,464.0	1,457.8	200	210	210	272,276	306,902	305,906

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 21, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 16, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the most important turkey producing States hatched a total of 404,000 poults during the week ending December 16, 1967 according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U.S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 47 percent below the same week in 1966. The heavy breed poult hatch at 252,000 was down 53 percent from the same week last year and the light breed hatch at 152,000 was down 33 percent.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 25	244	193	160	148	404	341	84
Dec. 2 2/	374	268	254	181	628	449	71
Dec. 9 2/	389	260	257	155	646	415	64
Dec. 16 2/	534	252	227	152	761	404	53
Eggs Set							
Oct. 28	380	288	249	219	629	507	81
Nov. 4	469	269	372	301	841	570	68
Nov. 11	497	278	380	243	877	521	59
Nov. 18	593	271	297	238	890	509	57
Nov. 25	795	245	296	262	1,091	507	46
Dec. 2 2/	1,210	695	238	190	1,448	885	61
Dec. 9 2/	1,529	737	296	227	1,825	964	53
Dec. 16 2/	1,767	854	297	209	2,064	1,063	52
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 25	#	#	#	#	166	131	79
Dec. 2	#	#	#	#	221	173	78
Dec. 9	114	#	174	#	288	156	54
Dec. 16	82	#	133	#	215	160	74
Eggs Set							
Oct. 28	#	#	#	#	258	205	79
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	350	285	81
Nov. 11	193	#	266	#	459	237	52
Nov. 18	131	#	193	#	324	252	78
Nov. 25	155	68	186	175	341	243	71
Dec. 2	146	#	170	#	316	264	84
Dec. 9	238	#	182	#	420	283	67
Dec. 16	370	#	174	#	544	327	60
California							
Poults Hatched							
Nov. 25	143	#	0	9	143	#	-
Dec. 2	212	122	0	10	212	132	62
Dec. 9	#	100	#	10	184	110	60
Dec. 16	#	68	#	11	281	79	28
Eggs Set							
Oct. 28	223	#	0	3	223	#	-
Nov. 4	319	145	0	15	319	160	50
Nov. 11	#	178	#	16	278	194	70
Nov. 18	#	97	#	16	414	113	27
Nov. 25	411	#	8	#	419	139	33
Dec. 2	645	171	9	10	654	181	28
Dec. 9	641	195	11	17	652	212	33
Dec. 16	643	151	10	20	653	171	26

Confidential. 1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin. 2/ Beginning the week ending December 2, totals are for the following States, California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the ten States totaled 1,063,000, down 48 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed settings at 854,000 were down 52 percent from the same week in 1966 and the light breed set at 209,000 was down 30 percent.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in the two States during the week ending December 16 totaled 160,000, down 26 percent from the same week last year. Hatching of eggs by breed types were confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 327,000, down 40 percent from last year. Settings of eggs by breed types were also confidential to avoid disclosing individual operations.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota during the week accounted for 19 percent of the week's hatch. This compares with 8 percent for the previous week and 11 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240	332	689	644	929	976	711	1,139	1,389	1,133	2,100	2,272
Oct.	126	107	738	671	864	778	1,069	1,369	1,359	1,129	2,428	2,498
Nov.	174	162	657	490	831	652	1,556	1,849	1,245	897	2,801	2,746
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216	169	1,106	992	1,322	1,161	1,740	2,095	2,071	1,709	3,811	3,804
Nov.	276	270	928	723	1,204	993	2,368	2,608	1,820	1,338	4,188	3,946
Dec.	603	351	846	648	1,449	999	5,162	3,353	1,571	1,256	6,733	4,609

TURKEYS TESTED: The number of turkeys tested in Minnesota during November 1967 was 59,162 heavy white, 5,429 other heavy and 341 light breeds compared to 46,825 heavy white, 21,610 other heavy and no light breeds in November 1966. Accumulative totals for July through November 1967 by breed types were 286,492 heavy white, 39,527 other heavy and 20,102 light breeds. Comparable totals for 1966 were 304,632 heavy white, 95,140 other heavy and 36,078 light breeds.

The number of heavy breed turkeys tested in the Nation by Official State Agencies for pullorum disease during November 1967 totaled 614,729, a decrease of 17 percent from the same month a year earlier. The number of heavy white breeds tested was up 2 percent from November 1966 while the number of other heavy breeds tested was down 50 percent. Accumulated testings of heavy breeds July through November 1967 totaled 2,014,634, a decrease of 20 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. Light breed turkeys tested during November 1967 totaled 20,418, compared with 31,406 during November 1966. Testings of light breeds for July through November 1967 were reported at 88,842, a decrease of 27 percent from the same period a year earlier.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

JAN 2 1968

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 22, 1967

DECEMBER 1, 1967 PIG REPORT

MINNESOTA: All hogs and pigs on Minnesota farms on December 1, 1967 totaled 3,082,000 head or 1 percent below a year earlier according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. The September-November pig crop at 1,105,000 is up 1 percent from the same quarter last year. Intended farrowings for the next six months-December through May- are expected to total 398,000 sows or 1 percent less than the 1967 spring crop.

Of the total hogs and pigs on farms on December 1, about 512,000 head were breeding hogs and 2,570,000 head were other hogs and pigs primarily those intended for slaughter. Of the other hogs and pigs, those weighing less than 120 pounds were 6 percent fewer in number than a year earlier, those weighing 120 and over pounds were down 10 percent.

Sows farrowing for the September-November pig crop totaled 147,000 head, 2 percent less than during the same months of 1966. The average number of pigs saved per litter at 7.52 was up from the 7.31 pigs per litter last year. The total 1967 fall crop - June through November - totaled 2,440,000 pigs, 1 percent below the total for the same months in 1966.

Intended farrowings during the 1968 spring crop, December 1967 through May 1968, number 398,000, 1 percent below the 1966 number and 15 percent below the 1961-65 five year average. Of the 398,000 sows, 143,000 are expected to farrow in December, January and February, and 255,000 are to farrow in March, April and May. If producers carry out these breeding intentions, the December-February quarter farrowings will be up 5 percent from a year earlier and March-May quarter farrowings will be down 5 percent from a year earlier.

UNITED STATES: There were 57.9 million hogs and pigs on farms in the United States on December 1, 1967. This was 1 percent above the 57.1 million head a year earlier. Hogs kept for breeding purposes totaled 9.0 million, up 2 percent. The remainder, kept for other purposes, totaled 48.9 million, an increase of 1 percent. The June-November 1967 pig crop of 43.0 million head was 2 percent above the 42.1 million a year earlier. The combined December 1966-May 1967 and June-November 1967 crops totaled 91.3 million head, 4 percent more than the 1966 crop of 87.6 million head. Farmers reported intentions to farrow 6.5 million sows during the December 1967-May 1968 period, 1 percent less than were farrowed in the same period a year earlier.

Hogs on U. S. farms on December 1, 1967 were estimated at 57,943,000 head compared with 57,126,000 on December 1, 1966, an increase of 1 percent. Hogs and pigs kept for breeding totaled 9,039,000 head, 2 percent more than the number a year earlier. Hogs and pigs other than those kept for breeding totaled 48,904,000 head, up 1 percent.

The June-November 1967 pig crop is estimated at 42,950,000 head, 2 percent more than a year earlier. The 5,820,000 sows farrowed during June-November 1967 was about the same as the 5,811,000 sows a year earlier. Average litter size during June-November 1967 was at a record high 7.38 pigs per litter. Average litter size was 7.25 pigs a year earlier and the previous record was 7.27 pigs per litter during June-November 1965.

U. S. hog producers reported intentions to farrow 6,522,000 sows during the December 1967-May 1968 period, 1 percent less than a year earlier and 3 percent below average. If these intentions are realized and the number of pigs saved per litter follows the trend of recent years, the December-May 1968 pig crop would approximate 47.9 million head, 1 percent less than a year earlier.

All hogs and pigs on farms, sows farrowing and pig crop, Minnesota and United States

Item	Minnesota						United States					
	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	1968	1967 % of 1966	1968 % of 1967	Average 1961-65 1/	1966	1967	1968	1967 % of 1966	1968 % of 1967
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Pct.
All Hogs on Farms:												
September 1	---	3,490	3,455	---	99	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
December 1	---	3,113	3,082	---	99	---	2/	57,126	57,943	---	101	---
December-May Pig Crop:												
Sows Farrowing	467	398	404	3/398	102	99	6,720	6,301	6,591	3/6,522	106	99
Pigs per Litter 4/	7.35	7.40	7.60	---	---	---	7.17	7.32	7.34	5/ 7.35	---	---
Pig Crop	3,430	2,947	3,069	---	104	---	48,171	45,422	48,360	5/47,900	106	99
June-November Pig Crop:												
Sows Farrowing	359	333	325	---	98	---	5,707	5,811	5,820	---	100	---
Pigs per Litter 4/	7.27	7.38	7.51	---	---	---	7.22	7.25	7.38	---	---	---
Pig Crop	2,606	2,458	2,440	---	99	---	41,200	42,141	42,950	---	102	---
Total Pig Crop	6,036	5,405	5,509	---	102	---	89,371	87,563	91,310	---	104	---

1/ Does not include Alaska.
2/ Not available.
3/ As indicated by breeding intentions.
4/ Actual number.
5/ Average number of pigs per litter with allowance for trend used to compute indicated number of December-May pigs. Number rounded to nearest 500,000 head.

Sows farrowing and breeding intentions, pig crop,
September-May, 10 States, 1966-1968

State	September-November						December-February 1/			March-May		
	Sows farrowing			Pig crop 2/			Sows to farrow			Sows to farrow		
	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1967	1968 3/	Pct. of 1967	1967	1968 3/	Pct. of 1967
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	129	121	94	946	908	96	116	108	93	155	146	94
Indiana	190	184	97	1,381	1,395	101	219	228	104	235	240	102
Illinois	375	382	102	2,741	2,808	102	307	292	95	529	492	93
Wisconsin	110	104	95	821	795	97	83	83	100	149	152	102
Minnesota	150	147	98	1,096	1,105	101	136	143	105	268	255	95
Iowa	654	654	100	4,755	4,774	100	462	462	100	1,179	1,144	97
Missouri	244	268	110	1,786	1,986	111	186	190	102	293	275	94
So. Dak.	73	88	120	527	636	121	50	55	110	200	200	100
Nebraska	148	160	108	1,088	1,190	109	116	114	98	245	240	98
Kansas	81	86	106	608	650	107	70	74	106	98	104	106
Total 10 States	2,154	2,194	102	15,749	16,247	103	1,745	1,749	100	3,351	3,248	97

1/ December preceding year.
2/ Number of pigs farrowed September through November which are still on hand December 1 or have been sold.
3/ Number indicated by breeding intentions report.

All hogs and pigs, breeding hogs, and other hogs by weight groups,
10 States, December 1, 1966-1967

State	All hogs and Pigs			Breeding hogs			Other Hogs and Pigs					
							Under 120 pounds			120 pounds and over		
	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966	1966	1967	Pct. of 1966
	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.	Thous. head	Thous. head	Pct.
Ohio	2,532	2,481	98	342	335	98	1,476	1,485	101	714	661	93
Indiana	4,457	4,279	96	646	625	97	2,317	2,247	97	1,494	1,407	94
Illinois	7,280	7,134	98	1,165	1,106	95	3,748	3,791	101	2,367	2,237	95
Wisconsin	1,786	1,697	95	348	322	93	964	853	88	474	522	110
Minnesota	3,113	3,082	99	535	512	96	1,598	1,686	106	980	884	90
Iowa	14,657	14,804	101	2,125	2,295	108	7,406	7,405	100	5,126	5,104	100
Missouri	4,101	4,429	108	615	686	112	2,203	2,395	109	1,283	1,348	105
So. Dak.	1,672	1,772	106	309	328	106	763	867	114	600	577	96
Nebraska	2,954	2,924	99	458	453	99	1,572	1,626	103	924	845	91
Kansas	1,503	1,578	105	225	252	112	818	875	107	460	451	98
Total 10 States	44,055	44,180	100	6,768	6,914	102	22,865	23,230	102	14,422	14,036	97

MINNESOTA ANNUAL CROP SUMMARY - 1967

Total crop production in Minnesota during 1967 established a new record high exceeding 1966 by 5 percent. The 1967 production of corn totaled 356 million bushels, 4 percent above last year, with a yield of 72 bushels per acre compared to 76 in 1966. Soybean production was estimated at 70 million bushels, 13 percent less than 1966. Oats and barley production were considerably above 1966 totals by 14 and 65 percent respectively. Total wheat production totaled 33.8 million bushels in 1967, nearly a third more than in 1966. Potato production was estimated at 13.5 million hundredweight, 10 percent above last year. All hay production was 6 percent less than during 1966.

If you desire a more complete report of the 1967 crop production, please write this office.

Duane Peterson
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State Agricultural Statistician

Statistical Reporting Service U. S. D. A.
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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

JAN 3 1968

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 22, 1967

PROCESSING VEGETABLE REPORT
Annual Summary 1967

MINNESOTA: Sweet Corn for Processing - Production of sweet corn for canning and freezing in the State at nearly 510,000 tons in 1967 was 3 percent larger than in 1966. Minnesota continues to be the leading producer of sweet corn for processing.

The crop output was 40 percent more than the five-year average. The increase in acreage from 1966 more than offset the slightly lower yield per acre. The growing season included a wide range of conditions with a relatively dry May, rains in June, with cooler and drier than normal weather in July and August. The completion of the harvest was quite late.

Green Peas for Processing - Minnesota's production in 1967 totaled 78,620 tons of green peas for canning and freezing which was a 20 percent larger crop than in 1966. This increase results from a larger acreage for harvest as well as a higher yield than in 1966. Minnesota ranked third in the Nation in production of green peas.

UNITED STATES: Production of the 10 principal vegetable crops grown in all States in 1967 for commercial processing totaled 9,910,390 tons, the highest tonnage of record. This is 11 percent above the 1966 tonnage, 18 percent above the 1961-65 average, and 6 percent more than the previous record large quantities produced in 1962. Production estimates include tonnage from mature acreage not harvested in a normal manner because of economic factors.

The 1967 tonnage of all processing vegetable crops except asparagus exceeded that of a year earlier. Increases for these crops are as follows: cabbage for sauerkraut, 47 percent; snap beans, 19 percent; green peas, 14 percent; lima beans, spinach, and tomatoes, up 11 percent each; cucumbers for pickles, 10 percent; and beets and sweet corn, up 7 percent each. Asparagus production in 1967 was 14 percent less than the 1966 tonnage.

Yields per acre average above 1966 for all crops except asparagus, cucumbers for pickles, and spinach. Record high yields were estimated for lima beans, cabbage for sauerkraut, and sweet corn.

Data on the 5 leading States in acreage harvested, production, and value of vegetables grown for freezing and canning in 1967 are as follows:

LEADING PROCESSING VEGETABLE STATES IN 1967

Rank	Acreage Harvested		Production		Value	
	State	Percent of U.S. total	State	Percent of U.S. total	State	Percent of U.S. total
1	Wisconsin	16.5	California	34.9	California	34.2
2	California	14.7	Wisconsin	8.5	Wisoonsin	7.7
3	Minnesota	10.5	Ohio	6.1	Washington	6.3
4	Washington	8.6	Minnesota	6.1	Oregon	5.6
5	Illinois	6.6	New York	4.9	New Jersey	5.0

This report is made possible through the cooperation of vegetable processors who provided basic statistics concerning their operations.

Revised estimates for the years 1959-65 were released in August 1967 in Statistical Bulletin No. 411

Vegetables for Processing: Acreage Harvested
Yield per Acre and Production, 1961-65, 1966 and 1967
SWEET CORN 1/

STATE	Harvested Acreage			Yield Per Acre			Production 1/		
	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	Average 1961-65	1966	1967
	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
New York	17,420	15,400	14,700	4.49	5.10	5.20	78,300	78,500	76,400
Pennsylvania	8,440	6,900	9,300	2.94	1.77	3.80	24,840	12,200	35,300
Illinois	54,180	56,000	59,200	4.27	3.85	4.49	230,760	215,600	265,800
Wisconsin	98,720	115,900	114,000	3.79	3.95	3.76	372,760	457,800	428,600
Minnesota	94,020	110,900	121,400	3.89	4.45	4.20	365,220	493,500	509,900
Iowa	5,820	5,700	6,600	4.35	4.61	3.95	25,280	26,300	26,100
Delaware	4,180	3,500	3,900	3.16	2.18	3.58	13,240	7,600	14,000
Maryland	28,700	23,000	24,700	3.00	1.93	3.65	86,260	44,400	90,200
Idaho	12,500	15,400	17,000	5.86	5.16	5.56	73,240	79,500	94,900
Washington	26,000	42,000	46,500	5.34	6.13	5.67	138,200	257,500	263,700
Oregon	26,020	33,400	34,800	5.40	6.74	6.24	140,680	225,100	217,200
Other States 2/	27,070	17,550	16,950	4.05	3.67	4.28	111,010	64,400	72,500
UNITED STATES	403,070	445,650	469,050	4.13	4.40	4.47	1,659,790	1,962,400	2,094,600

GREEN PEAS

	- Acres -			- Pounds (shelled)			- Tons (shelled)		
New York	9,560	7,100	7,000	2,810	2,670	3,000	13,340	9,480	10,500
Delaware	7,900	6,500	9,300	2,500	3,410	2,740	9,770	11,080	12,740
Maryland	7,960	8,600	8,000	2,740	3,220	3,120	10,900	13,850	12,480
Wisconsin	115,140	124,400	125,500	2,360	2,060	2,480	135,860	128,130	155,600
Minnesota	52,980	66,300	72,800	2,280	1,970	2,160	60,380	65,310	78,620
Idaho	13,920	14,200	14,700	2,260	1,800	2,420	15,360	12,780	17,790
Washington	79,260	87,600	90,000	2,940	2,950	3,050	116,430	129,210	137,200
Oregon	58,360	47,800	55,600	2,120	1,900	1,860	61,860	45,400	51,700
California	10,740	9,500	9,200	3,240	3,450	3,430	17,400	16,390	15,800
Other States 3/	62,130	62,080	63,020	2,770	2,607	2,966	86,360	77,470	89,390
UNITED STATES	417,960	434,080	455,120	2,523	2,346	2,557	527,660	509,100	581,820

PRINCIPAL VEGETABLES -- UNITED STATES

	- Acres -			- Tons -			- Tons -		
Asparagus 4/	106,490	102,110	98,100	1.21	1.26	1.12	128,980	128,500	110,950
Beans, lima (shelled)	84,730	96,950	97,100	1.14	1.08	1.19	96,850	104,450	115,670
Beans, snap	202,700	245,480	275,910	2.4	2.1	2.2	482,870	521,920	620,590
Beets (for canning)	16,760	17,050	17,630	11.5	11.4	11.7	191,820	193,910	206,950
Cabbage (for sauerkraut)	11,960	10,760	13,990	17.1	16.7	18.9	205,200	179,560	264,300
Corn, sweet (in husk)	403,070	445,650	469,050	4.13	4.40	4.47	1,659,790	1,962,400	2,094,600
Cucumbers (for pickles)	105,260	129,620	152,800	4.07	4.12	3.86	428,900	533,950	589,640
Peas, green (shelled)	417,960	434,080	455,120	1.26	1.17	1.28	527,660	509,100	581,820
Spinach	25,800	24,820	27,670	5.4	5.9	5.8	138,900	145,870	161,620
Tomatoes	282,720	300,130	326,060	16.2	15.5	15.8	4,567,190	4,660,570	5,164,250
TOTAL 10 crops	1,657,450	1,806,650	1,933,430	---	---	---	8,428,150	8,940,230	9,910,390

1/ Tonnage in husk.
2/ Arkansas, California, Colorado, Indiana, Louisiana, Maine, Michigan, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wyoming.
3/ Maine, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, North Carolina, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa, Tennessee, Alabama, Arkansas, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, and Utah.
4/ Equivalent acreage harvested for processing.

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
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St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 26, 1967

FRESH VEGETABLE RELEASE
Annual Summary for 1967

MINNESOTA: Cabbage - Production of cabbage in the State during 1967 at 210,000 hundredweight is almost equal to the 216,000 produced in 1966 and smaller than the 5-year average of 246,000 hundredweight. The higher yield almost offset the drop in the acreage harvested this year.

The average price received by growers at $2.65 per hundredweight was sharply lower than in 1966 but almost equal to the 1961-65 average price.

Carrots - Minnesota producers harvested 352,000 per hundredweight of carrots for fresh market and processing in 1967. This was a larger production than in 1966 and also larger than average. Prices averaged about the same as in 1966 which results in a higher value of the crop in 1967.

Onions - Minnesota onion production at 220,000 hundredweight in 1967 was about 10 percent smaller than the 5-year average. A smaller acreage and an average yield were reported by onion producers this year as compared with 1966. An above average price but lower than the fairly high price in 1966 brought the crop value to $609,000 compared with $974,000 in 1966.

UNITED STATES: In 1967, the national production was 3 percent more than in 1966 for the 27 principal fresh market vegetables. The 1967 production of 222 million hundredweight compares with 1966 production of 215 million hundredweight and the average annual production of 216 million. Crops making major contributions to this year's increased production from 1966 were onions, cabbage, sweet corn, and celery. Record high production levels were estimated for artichokes, broccoli, lettuce, and onions. The 27 principal vegetable and melon crops had a total value of 1,122 million dollars, 1 percent less than a year earlier. Leading crops in value were lettuce and tomatoes whose combined total accounted for 36 percent of the U. S. total.

The 1967 strawberry crop of 478 million pounds, was 3 percent more than last year but 6 percent below average. Production for fresh market accounted for 58 percent of the 1967 strawberry crop and quantities used for processing 42 percent. Also included in this report are estimates for production of mint for oil, which was valued at 33.7 million dollars in 1967.

The five leading States in the 1967 production of fresh vegetable and melons were California, Florida, Texas, Arizona, and New York. These States accounted for 64 percent of the harvested acreage, 70 percent of the production, and 73 percent of the value of the vegetables and melons produced in the United States.

This summary provides fresh market estimates for the 27 principal vegetables and melons grown commercially in the more important producing States. These estimates provide basic statistics on over 80 percent of the national output of all vegetables and melons grown for fresh market sale. It has not been possible to include all vegetables in all States in this program.

These data are based upon information secured from growers, shippers, processors, public agencies, and other sources.

Revised estimates for the years 1959-65 were issued in August 1967 in Statistical Bulletin No. 412.

LEADING FRESH MARKET VEGETABLE STATES IN 1967

Rank	Harvested Acreage		Production		Value	
	State	Percent of total	State	Percent of total	State	Percent of total
1	California	25.7	California	34.0	California	36.2
2	Florida	16.3	Florida	16.0	Florida	18.3
3	Texas	13.5	Texas	9.5	Texas	8.4
4	Arizona	4.5	Arizona	5.7	Arizona	6.5
5	New York	4.4	New York	5.1	New York	3.8

Marvin Anderson
Agricultural Statistician

F. J. Graham
State Agricultural Statistician

Selected Vegetables for fresh market and processing: Acreage and yield per acre, average 1961-65, annual 1966 and 1967

CABBAGE

Seasonal Group and State	Harvested Acreage			Yield per acre			Production		
	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	Average 1961-65	1966	1967	Average 1961-65	1966	1967
	Acres			Hundredweight			1,000 hundredweight		
Winter	42,700	38,800	41,100	154	174	173	6,532	6,748	7,124
Early Spring	12,470	11,800	11,850	140	143	152	1,742	1,682	1,806
Late Spring	7,070	6,950	7,250	135	135	150	952	941	1,090
Early Summer	6,040	6,200	6,210	209	215	213	1,259	1,332	1,324
Late Summer	16,920	16,000	15,830	204	193	222	3,450	3,089	3,509
Early Fall:	31,810	29,000	29,710	269	261	316	8,557	7,555	9,395
N.Y.-L.I.	1,680	1,300	1,300	207	200	210	347	260	* 273
Upstate	10,580	9,700	9,900	335	325	425	*3,548	3,152	*4,208
New Jersey	1,820	2,000	2,000	214	200	200	389	400	400
Pennsylvania	1,020	800	800	202	210	240	207	168	192
Ohio	1,900	1,700	2,100	290	320	355	553	544	746
Michigan	4,160	3,800	3,300	182	190	210	* 756	722	693
Wisconsin	6,120	5,600	6,300	297	255	300	1,815	1,428	1,890
Minnesota	1,380	1,200	1,000	178	180	210	246	216	210
Oregon & Idaho	1,400	1,320	1,410	255	277	335	356	366	473
Late Fall	2,740	2,100	2,050	130	126	132	358	265	271
UNITED STATES**	120,250	111,350	114,515	191	195	215	22,946	21,714	24,620

CARROTS

Winter:	41,040	35,700	38,100	140	148	146	5,737	5,274	5,544
Texas	33,880	28,000	30,600	118	110	115	3,997	3,080	3,519
California	7,160	7,700	7,500	246	285	270	*1,740	2,194	2,025
Spring: (Ariz.)	2,440	3,000	3,800	182	200	180	432	600	684
Early Summer: (California)	7,700	7,900	7,900	269	305	300	2,070	2,410	2,370
Late Summer:	2,090	1,950	1,800	274	311	328	573	606	590
Early Fall:	21,170	23,550	22,980	273	266	269	5,772	6,266	6,185
New York	2,080	2,400	2,000	322	340	330	669	816	660
Michigan	4,220	5,000	4,800	241	215	230	1,014	1,075	1,104
Wisconsin	2,240	2,700	2,900	386	400	390	866	1,080	1,131
Minnesota	710	650	750	395	455	470	280	296	352
Texas	5,160	6,600	6,000	186	150	160	952	990	960
Colorado	1,500	1,300	1,200	187	200	180	280	260	216
Washington	1,540	2,000	2,600	384	355	320	592	710	832
Oregon	1,800	1,800	1,700	413	440	410	738	792	697
Late Fall: (Calif.)	7,720	8,400	6,700	298	265	290	2,296	2,226	1,943
UNITED STATES	82,190	80,530	81,315	206	216	213	16,885	17,386	17,321

ONIONS

Early Spring: (Texas)	22,420	16,300	23,000	133	95	165	*2,993	1,548	3,795
Late Spring	7,000	6,700	8,900	269	305	300	1,846	2,042	2,667
Early Summer	9,930	13,250	13,100	228	226	253	2,258	3,000	3,308
Late Summer:	56,610	57,560	58,500	331	315	318	18,732	18,149	18,617
New York	15,380	14,700	14,000	313	245	290	2,809	3,602	4,060
Michigan	8,140	7,900	7,000	321	290	330	2,606	2,291	2,310
Wisconsin	2,160	1,900	1,900	245	200	270	527	380	513
Minnesota	1,480	1,300	1,000	220	190	220	323	247	220
Colorado	7,360	6,100	5,900	280	250	250	2,064	1,525	1,475
Washington	1,000	1,000	1,100	412	450	390	409	450	429
Oregon	5,540	7,000	7,100	472	500	410	2,631	3,502	2,913
Idaho	2,380	3,400	3,400	458	490	405	1,109	1,666	1,377
California	10,200	13,100	16,000	350	345	325	3,586	4,520	5,200
UNITED STATES	96,050	93,880	103,580	269	264	274	25,842	24,751	28,397

* Includes some quantities not marketed and excluded in computing value.

** Includes about 500 acres in Alaska and Hawaii combined.

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MINNESOTA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Statistical Reporting Service

Minnesota
Department of Agriculture

560 State Office Building
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Immediate Release

December 28, 1967

WEEKLY TURKEY HATCHERY REPORT
Week Ending December 23, 1967

TEN STATE TOTAL: Hatcheries in ten of the most important turkey producing States hatched a total of 557,000 poults during the week ending December 23, according to the Crop and Livestock Reporting Service of the Minnesota and U. S. Departments of Agriculture. This hatch was 32 percent below the same week in 1966. The heavy breed poult hatch at 383,000 was down 39 percent from the same week last year and the light breed hatch at 174,000 was down 13 percent.

(over)

Poults Hatched and Eggs Set by Breed Types

Six Reporting States 1/

Week Ending	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		Total All Breeds		
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	Cur. Yr. as Pct. of Prev. Yr.
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Poults Hatched							
Dec. 2 2/	374	268	254	181	628	449	71
Dec. 9 2/	389	260	257	155	646	415	64
Dec. 16 2/	534	252	227	152	761	404	53
Dec. 23 2/	625	383	200	174	825	557	68
Eggs Set							
Nov. 4	469	297	372	291	841	588	70
Nov. 11	497	282	380	243	877	525	60
Nov. 18	593	271	297	238	890	509	57
Nov. 25	795	245	296	291	1,091	536	49
Dec. 2 2/	1,210	695	238	190	1,448	885	61
Dec. 9 2/	1,529	737	296	227	1,825	964	53
Dec. 16 2/	1,767	854	297	209	2,064	1,063	52
Dec. 23 2/	1,803	862	359	216	2,162	1,078	50
Minnesota-Wisconsin							
Poults Hatched							
Dec. 2	#	#	#	#	221	173	78
Dec. 9	114	#	174	#	288	156	54
Dec. 16	82	#	133	#	215	160	74
Dec. 23	86	47	125	104	211	151	72
Eggs Set							
Nov. 4	#	#	#	#	350	285	81
Nov. 11	193	#	266	#	459	237	52
Nov. 18	131	#	193	#	324	252	78
Nov. 25	155	68	186	175	341	243	71
Dec. 2	146	#	170	#	316	264	84
Dec. 9	238	#	182	#	420	283	67
Dec. 16	370	#	174	#	544	327	60
Dec. 23	363	122	166	116	529	238	45
California							
Poults Hatched							
Dec. 2	212	122	0	10	212	132	62
Dec. 9	#	100	#	10	184	110	60
Dec. 16	#	68	#	11	281	79	28
Dec. 23	246	93	7	34	253	127	50
Eggs Set							
Nov. 4	319	173	0	15	319	188	59
Nov. 11	#	182	#	16	278	198	71
Nov. 18	#	97	#	16	414	113	27
Nov. 25	411	#	8	#	419	168	40
Dec. 2	645	171	9	10	654	181	28
Dec. 9	641	195	11	17	652	212	33
Dec. 16	643	151	10	20	653	171	26
Dec. 23	709	268	13	20	722	288	40

Confidential. 1/ Six-State totals include California, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin. 2/ Beginning the week ending December 2, totals are for the following States, California, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Settings of all turkey eggs in the ten States totaled 1,078,000, down 50 percent from the same week in 1966. By breed types, heavy breed settings at 862,000 were down 52 percent from the same week last year and the light breed set at 216,000 was down 40 percent.

MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN: Turkey poults hatched in the two States during the week ending December 23, totaled 151,000, down 28 percent from the same week last year. By breed types, heavy breed poults hatched at 47,000 were down 45 percent and the light breed poults hatched at 104,000 were down 17 percent.

Eggs set in the two States totaled 238,000, down 55 percent from the same week in 1966. Heavy breed eggs set at 122,000 were down 66 percent and the light breed settings at 116,000 were down 30 percent.

MINNESOTA: Poults shipped out of Minnesota during the week accounted for 7 percent of the week's hatch. This compares with 19 percent for the previous week and 23 percent a year earlier.

POULTS HATCHED AND EGGS SET BY MONTHS, MINNESOTA-WISCONSIN AND U. S. 1966-1967

Poults Hatched - Thousands

Month	Minnesota-Wisconsin						United States					
	Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All		Heavy Breeds		Light Breeds		All	
	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967	1966	1967
Jan.	737	980	387	482	1,124	1,462	4,731	7,394	1,102	1,021	5,833	8,415
Feb.	1,713	2,026	286	344	1,999	2,370	10,194	12,895	948	1,007	11,142	13,902
March	3,958	3,912	216	231	4,174	4,143	20,045	21,325	1,183	1,137	21,228	22,462
April	4,037	3,676	314	166	4,351	3,842	22,110	21,896	1,513	1,022	23,623	22,918
May	4,199	3,797	496	245	4,695	4,042	22,681	22,186	1,923	1,368	24,604	23,554
June	2,851	2,573	743	790	3,594	3,363	16,531	17,540	2,143	1,941	18,674	19,481
July	1,299	1,216	1,127	1,214	2,426	2,430	7,836	8,406	2,595	2,417	10,431	10,823
Aug.	446	585	938	1,279	1,384	1,864	1,548	2,249	1,914	2,258	3,462	4,507
Sept.	240	332	689	644	929	976	711	1,139	1,389	1,133	2,100	2,272
Oct.	126	107	738	671	864	778	1,069	1,369	1,359	1,129	2,428	2,498
Nov.	174	162	657	490	831	652	1,556	1,849	1,245	897	2,801	2,746
Dec.	384		622		1,006		3,513		1,110		4,623	

Eggs in Incubators on First of Month - Thousands

Jan.	1,094	1,311	529	695	1,623	2,006	6,860	10,265	1,618	1,501	8,478	11,766
Feb.	2,896	3,356	466	554	3,362	3,910	16,310	19,981	1,551	1,689	17,861	21,670
March	5,685	5,764	306	376	5,991	6,140	28,762	30,277	1,675	1,804	30,437	32,081
April	6,320	5,749	471	242	6,791	5,991	34,543	34,324	2,213	1,686	36,756	36,010
May	6,940	6,337	697	318	7,637	6,655	36,418	35,636	2,802	2,019	39,220	37,655
June	5,114	4,549	1,128	1,013	6,242	5,562	29,486	31,407	3,295	2,966	32,781	34,373
July	2,429	2,184	1,672	1,590	4,101	3,774	15,284	16,158	4,069	3,559	19,353	19,717
Aug.	828	1,130	1,465	1,841	2,293	2,971	3,152	4,447	2,985	3,379	6,137	7,826
Sept.	426	680	1,120	949	1,546	1,629	1,218	2,307	2,177	1,730	3,395	4,037
Oct.	216	169	1,106	992	1,322	1,161	1,740	2,095	2,071	1,709	3,811	3,804
Nov.	276	270	928	723	1,204	993	2,368	2,608	1,820	1,338	4,188	3,946
Dec.	603	351	846	648	1,449	999	5,162	3,353	1,571	1,256	6,733	4,609

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