



[Minnesota Geographic Board.
Records.](#)

Copyright Notice:

This material may be protected by copyright law (U.S. Code, Title 17). Researchers are liable for any infringement. For more information, visit www.mnhs.org/copyright.

*****:
 :
 : SIXTH REPORT :
 : of the :
 : UNITED STATES :
 : GEOGRAPHIC BOARD :
 : 1890 to 1932 :
 :
 : *****:

MINNESOTA

- ACOMA: township, McLeod County, Minn. (Not Aconia.)
- AGAMOK: lake, sec. 36, T. 65, N., R. 6 W., Lake County, Minn. (Not Agamak.)
- AGASSA: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 1 and 2, T. 64 N., R. 13 W., Superior National Forest, 1 mile east of lower end of Big Lake. (Not Gassa.)
(Lake Alf)
- ALF: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in sec. 21, T. 64 N., R. 16 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. Named for Alfred Merritt, who with his brother, Leonidas, first discovered ore in this region.
- AMELIA: lake near Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Emelia.)
- AMERICAN: point, in sections 18 and 19, T. 168 N., R. 33 W., Lake of the Woods, Minn. (Not Lecair nor Currys Fishery.)
- ANGUS: railroad station, Polk County, Minn. (Not Angers.)
- ARROW: lake, Lake County, Minn., south of Lake Insula, in secs. 6, 7, and 18, T. 62 N., R. 7 W. Descriptive name proposed by the Forest Service.
- *ARROW: See page 16 for further information.
- AURDAL: township, Otter Tail County, Minn. (Not Amdal.)
- AVOCA: lake, Ramsey County, Minn. (Not Snake.)
- BARDEN: railroad station, Eagle Creek Township, Scott County, Minn. (Not Bardon.)
- BASSETT: creek, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Bassett's.)
- BASSWOOD: lake, partly in Lake County, Minn., lying across the international boundary line. (Not Bassimenu, Bois Blanc, nor Whitewood.)

- ✓ BAYLEY: bay, eastern extremity Basswood Lake, Rainy River district, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).
- ✓ BAYLIS: lake, secs. 4 and 5, T. 66 N., R. 16 W., St. Louis County, Minn.
- BEAR: creek, secs. 14, 15, 22, and 27 T. 168 N., R. 35 W., flowing into Lake of the Woods at the Northwest Angle Inlet, Minn.
- ✓ BEAVER: creek, T. 55 N., R. 8 W., emptying into Lake Superior at Beaver Bay post office, Lake County, Minn.
- BELLEVUE: township, Morrison County, Minn. (Not Belle Vue.)
- BETTS CHUTE: two lighthouses, Mississippi River, Winona County, Minn. (Not Bett's Chute.)
- ✓ BEZHICK: lake, St. Louis County, Minn. in secs. 9 and 16, T. 64 N., R. 14 W., Superior National Forest---Chippewa Indian name meaning "one".
- ✓ BIBON: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 26 and 27, T. 66 N., R. 13 W., Superior National Forest---Chippewa Indian name meaning "winter."
- ✓ BIG FORK: river, tributary to Rainy River, near Laurel, Itasca, and Koochiching Counties, Minn. (Not Bigfork.)
- ✓ BIG KNIFE: portage, between Knife and Seed Lakes, Rainy River district, Ontario, Canada, near the Minnesota-Ontario boundary.
- BIG STONE: county in Minnesota. (Not Bigstone.)
- ✓ BIRCH: lake, between Basswood and Carp Lakes, Lake County, Minn., and Rainy River District, Ontario, international boundary between Minnesota and Ontario.
- ✓ BIRCH: lake, St. Louis and Lake Counties, Minn., drained by the South Kawishiwi River, principally in Ts. 61 and 62 N., Rs. 11, 12, and 13 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest.
- BIRCH COOLEY: township, Renville County, Minn. (Not Birch Coolie.)
- BIRCHDALE: township, Todd County, Minn. (Not Birch Dale.)
- BISMARCK: township, Sibley County, Minn. (Not Bismark.)
- BLACKHAWK: lake, Egan Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Downing.)
- BLAKELY: railroad station, Scott County, Minn. (Not Blakeley.)
- BLUEHILL: township, Sherburne County, Minn. (Not Blue Hill.)
- BONDIN: township, Murray County, Minn. (Not Bowdin.)

- ✓ BONGA: lake, Lake County, Minn., 1 mile west of Sand River, in sec. 14, T. 59 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest.
- BOSTICK: creek, secs. 16, 21, 28, 29, and 32, T. 162 N., R. 32 W., fifth principal meridian, flowing into Four Mile Bay of Lake of the Woods just west of mouth of Rainy River, Minn. (Not Bostedt, Bostic, Bostik, Buster, nor Bustig.)
- ✓ BOW: lake, Lake County, Minn., south of Fisher Lake, in secs. 1, 2, 3, and 4, T. 63 N., R. 7 W. Descriptive name proposed by the Forest Service.
- BROWNS VALLEY: village, Traverse County, Minn. (Not Brown Valley nor Brown's Valley.)
- BRYANT: lake, Eden Prairie Township, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Long.)
- ✓ BUNGGEE: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., Superior National Forest, in sec. 34, T. 66 N., R. 12 W., near lat. $48^{\circ} 10' N.$, long. $91^{\circ} 50' W.$
- BURNHAMSVILLE: township, Todd County, Minn. (Not Burnhamville.)
- BURNSVILLE: township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Burnesville.)
- ✓ *CACHE: See page 16 for further information.
- ✓ CAPP: lake and portage, west of Knife Lake, Lake County, Minn., Rainy River District, Ontario, international boundary.
- CEDAR: river, rising in sec. 1, T. 105 N., R. 17 W., of the 5th P. M., in Dodge Co., Minnesota, flows southerly, entering Iowa near long. $93^{\circ} 00' W.$, into the Iowa River in Louisa Co., near lat. $41^{\circ} 17' N.$, long. $91^{\circ} 20' W.$ (Not Red Cedar.)
- CERRO GORDO: township, Lac qui Parle County, Minn. (Not Cerrogordo.)
- CHARLESTOWN: township, Redwood County, Minn. (Not Charleston.)
- CHAUTAUQUA: lake, Dane Prairie Township, Otter Tail County, Minn. (Not Lye.)
- CHENGWATANA: township, Pine County Minn. (Not Chengwatona.)
- CLEARWATER: township and village, Wright County, Minn. (Not Clear Water.)
- CLITHERALL: township, and village, Otter Tail County, Minn. (not Clitheral.)
- CLOQUET: village, Carlton County, Minn. (Not Colquet.)

COPEAU DES PRAIRIES: plateau, in extreme eastern South Dakota and southwestern Minnesota, maintaining an altitude of about 2,000 feet and forming the divide between the waters of James River on the west and Minnesota River on the east, beginning a little west of Traverse and Big Stone Lakes, and occupying parts of Marshall, Roberts, Grant, and Deuel Counties, S. Dak.; thence crossing into Minnesota and traversing Lincoln, Pipestone, Noble, and Jackson Counties.

X ✓ CROOKED: lake, between Basswood and Iron Lakes, Lake and St. Louis Counties, Minn., Rainy River District, Ontario, international Boundary between Minnesota and Ontario.

CURRENT LAKE: village, Murray County Minn. (Not Currant Lake.)

X ✓ CURTAIN: falls, between Crooked and Iron Lakes, St. Louis County, Minn., and Rainy River District, Ontario, international Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)

X ✓ CYPRESS: lake, southwest of Saganaga Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Lake County, Minn., international boundary. (Not Otter Track.)

X ✓ DALEY: brook, secs. 29, 31 and 32, T. 69 N., R. 20 W., and secs. 5 and 6, T. 68 N., R. 20 W., flowing northward into Kabetogama Lake, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not Daly nor Daly's.)

DEERWOOD: township and village, Kittson County, Minn. (Not Deer Hood.)

DELAVAN: township and village, Faribault County, Minn. (Not Delevan.)

DOVRE: township, Kandiyohi County, Minn. (Not Dowe.)

DULUTH: city, in Saint Louis Co., Minnesota, on Lake Superior, near lat. 46° 48' N., long. 92° 06' W. Population in 1930, 101,417.

EAGAN: township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Egan.)

EDINA: village, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Edina Mills.)

X ✓ ELK: lake, Beltrami County, Minn. (Not Glazier.)

ENGLUND: village, Marshall County, Minn. (Not England.)

ERDAHL: township, Grant County, Minn. (Not Erdal.)

X ✓ ^{KW}ESKAGAMA: lake, Lake County, Minn., in secs. 6 and 31, Ts. 62 and 63 N., R. 10 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word meaning "last lake," recommended by the United States Forest Service.

- ✓ FAIL: lake, principally in Lake County, Minn., in Ts. 63 N., R. 11 W., fourth principal meridian, the western limit of the Kawishiwi River, Superior National Forest.
- ✓ FERNE: lake, Lake County, Minn., in secs. 21, 22, 27, 28, T. 62 N., R. 7 W., about 2 miles northeast of Isabella Lake, Superior National Forest. (Not Ferna.) In memory of a man named Fernelund, who worked on the forest in early days.
- FISH: lake, Egan Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Thompson.)
- ✓ FISHER: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 1 and 2, T. 63 N., R. 7 W. Name has reference to surrounding trapping ground for fisher, a member of the weasel family.
- FISHER: township and village, Polk County, Minn. (Not Fisher Landing.)
- FOLDAHL: township and village, Marshall County, Minn. (Not Foldal.)
- ✓ FOOLS: lake, Lake County, Minn., 1 mile west of Sand River, in sec. 11, T. 59 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest. Two forest officers, lost at night, camped on the lake shore in the water and mud with nothing to eat and no bedding. In the morning they came upon their camp only a little way from the water.
- FORESTVILLE: township and village, Fillmore County, Minn. (Not Forrestville.)
- ✓ FORTTOWN: lake, St. Louis and Lake Counties, Minn., in Ts. 64-65 N., Rs. 11-12 W., near lat. 48° 05' N., long. 91° 48' W., from intersection of four towns in south portion of lake. (Not Deer.)
- ✓ FOWL: portage, from South Fowl Lake to Pigeon River, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)
- ✓ GABBRO: lake, Lake County, Minn., in central part of T. 62 N., R. 10 W., Superior National Forest. (Not Gabro.) Named for a type of igneous rock lining its shores.
- ✓ GABIMICHIGAMI: lake, Lake County, Minn. (Not Gobbemichigamme, Gobbemichigomog, nor Michigamme.)
- GARDEN: island, secs. 22, 23, 25, 26, and 27, T. 166 N., R. 33 W., Lake of the Woods, Minn. (Not Cornfield.)
- GEORGETOWN: township and village, Clay County, Minn. (Not George Town.)
- GILLFORD: township, Wabasha County, Minn. (Not Guilford.)

- GLENDALE: township and village, Scott County, Minn. (Not Glendale.)
- ✓ GNESEN: township, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not Guesen.)
- GORDER: lake, Scott Township, Stevens County, Minn. (Not Frog.)
- ✓ GRAND: portage, between Pigeon River and Grand Portage Bay, Cook County, Minn., near International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)
- ✓ GRAND PORTAGE: bay, northern shore Lake Superior, near International boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)
- ✓✓ GRANITE: lake, between Pine and Round Lakes, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).
- GREENVALE: township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Green Vale.)
- GROVE: township, Sterns County, Minn. (Not Grave.)
- ✓✓ GUNFLINT: lake, second below "Height of Land," Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary, between Minnesota and Ontario. (Not Gun Flint.)
- ✓ GYPO: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 6, T. 85 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest. Named for an old gypo (woodcutters) camp, which still stands in the vicinity of lake.
- HARRISON: creek, Manitoba, Canada, and partly in sec. 15, T. 168 N., R. 35 W., Minnesota, flowing into Lake of the Woods at the Northwest Angle Inlet, on international boundary Line between Ontario and Minnesota. (Not Harrison's.)
- HAY: creek, Pine County, Minn., rises in T. 44 N., R. 15 W., flows southwest and empties into Lower Tamarack River in T. 42 N., R. 16 W.
- HAYWARD: township and village, Freeborn County, Minn. (Not Haward.)
- HIAWATHA: lake, Minnetrista Township, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Whale Tail nor Whaletail.)
- HOLLAND: township, Kandiyohi County, Minn. (Not Hilland.)
- HOWARD LAKE: village, Wright County, Minn. (Not Howard.)
- ✓ IMA: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 19, T. 64 N., R. 7 W., Superior National Forest. Lake known by this name for the past 10 years or more.
- ✓ IRON: lake, west of Crooked Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)

- ✓ ✓ ISABELLA: river, between Bald Eagle and Isabella Lakes, Ts. 61 and 62 N., Rs. 8 and 9 W., Lake County, Minn. (Not Isabelle.)
- ITASCA: lake, Clearwater County, Minn., in T. 143 N., R. 36 W., sixth principal meridian, near source of Mississippi River, which flows through it.
- ✓ ✓ JERRY: lake, Cook County, Minn., in secs. 14 and 23, T. 64 N., R. 5 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. This is the name used locally.
- JO DAVIESS: township, Faribault County, Minn. (Not Jo Davies nor Joe Daviess.)
- ✓ KABETOGAMA: lake, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not Kabatogama, Kabet-Togo-ma, nor Kabetogame.)
- ✓ ✓ KABUSTASA: lake, west of Poho Lake, T. 66 N., R. 17 W., St. Louis County, Minn.
- KALEVALA: township, Carlton County, Minn. (Not Kalavala.)
- ✓ ✓ KAWISHIWI: lake, Lake County, Minn., in T. 62 N., R. 6 W., fourth principal meridian, drained by the Kawishiwi River, Superior National Forest.
- ✓ ✓ KAWISHIWI: river, Lake County, Minn., drains lake of same name in T. 62 N., R. 6 W., flows north to T. 63 N., R. 6 W., thence flows west to Fall Lake in T. 63 N., R. 11 W.
- KEENE: creek, Pine County, Minn., rises in T. 43 N., R. 16 W., flows southwest into Lower Tamarack River in T. 42 N., R. 17 W.
- KEGAN: lake, Crystal Village, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Keegan nor Mooney.)
- KEGAN: lake, Rosemount Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Keegans.)
- ✓ ✓ KEKEKABIC: lake, Lake County, Minn. (Not Cacaquabic nor Hawk.)
- KETTLE FALLS: falls and portage, between Namakan and Rainy Lakes, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Bare Poreage nor Chaudiere.)
- KILKENNY: township and village, Le Sueur County, Minn. (Not Kilkeny.)
- KINTIRE: township, Redwood County, Minn. (Not Knitire.)
- ✓ ✓ KIVANDEBA: lake, sec. 34, T. 64 N., R. 6 W., Lake County, Minn.
- ✓ ✓ KNIFE: lake, between Carp and Cypress Lakes, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Lake Co., Minn., International Boundary.
- ✓ ✓ KOOCHICHING: county, Minn. (Formed December, 1906, from part of Itasca County.)

- ✓ KOOCHICHING: falls, Rainy River, near Fort Frances, Koochiching County, Minn., and Rainy River District, Ontario, International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).
- KRAGNES: township, Clay County, Minn.
- ✓ LAC LACROIX: lake, between Iron and Loon Lakes, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Cross, Kekwakwan, Lake La-Croix, Nameukan, Namoukan, Nequakaun, Nequaquon, nor Nequawkaun.)
- LAC QUI PARLE: township and village, Lac qui Parle County, Minn. (Not Lac-qui-parle.)
- LA GRAND: township, Douglas County, Minn. (Not La Grande.) Named after La Grand Blythe, an early settler.
- LAKE OF THE WOODS: lake, on international boundary, Kenora and Rainy River Districts, Ontario, and Lake of the Woods and Roseau counties, Minn.
- LAKEVILLE: township and village, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Lake Ville.)
- LEMAY: lake, Egan Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Le May.)
- LE SUEUR: county, Minnesota. (Not Lesueur.)
- LE SUEUR: creek, tributary to Minnesota River from the east, T. 112 N., R. 25 W., Le Sueur County, Minn. (Not Lesueur.)
- LE SUEUR: river, tributary to Blue Earth River from east, T. 108 N., R. 27 W., Freeborn, Waseca, and Blue Earth Counties, Minn. (Not Lesueur.)
- ✓ LEVEAUX: mountain, altitude 1,625 feet, Cook County, Minn., in sec. 11, T. 59 N., R. 4 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. Named for Cosmer M. Leveaux, employee in the Superior National Forest, who was killed in action in France in 1918, while a member of the A. E. F.
- ✓ LILY: lakes between Moose and Mountain Lakes, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, International Boundary, (between Minnesota and Ontario)
- ✓ LITTLE FORK: river, tributary to Rainy River at Pelland, T. 70 N., R. 25 W., Koochiching County, Minn.
- ✓ LITTLE KNIFE: portage, between Cypress and Knife Lakes, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Lake County, Minn., international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

- ✓ LITTLE VERMILION: lake, between Loon and Sand Point Lakes, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Vermillion.)
- ✓ LOBO: lake, Lake County, Minn., about $\frac{1}{2}$ mile west of lower end of Sand River, in sec. 22, T. 59 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest.
(Lake Lon)
- ✓ LON: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 16 and 17, T. 64 N., R. 16 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. Named for Leonidas Merritt, prospector, who, with his brother Alfred, was the original discoverer of ore in this region.
- ✓ LONG: portage, between Rose and Watap Lakes, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.) (Not Grand Neuf nor Great New.)
- ✓ LONG SAULT: rapids, below Manitou Rapids, Rainy River, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Koochiching County, Minn., International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)
- ✓ LOON: lake, between Lac La Croix and Little Vermillion Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)
- LOURISTON: township and village, Chippewa County, Minn. (Not Lorrison.)
- LOWER TAMARACK: river, Pine County, Minn., rises in T. 44 N., R. 17 W., flows south to T. 42, R. 17, and thence east and south to T. 41, R. 16, where it joins the St. Croix River. (Not Tamarack Creek nor Tamarack River.)
- LOWVILLE: township and village, Murray County, Minn. (Not Lordville.)
- LUVERNE: city and township, Rock County, Minn. (Not Lu Verne.)
- MCDERMOTT: creek, Pine County, Minn., rises in T. 44 N., R. 16 W., and flows southwest into the Lower Tamarack River in T. 42 N., R. 17 W. (Not West Fork.)
- MACSVILLE: township, Grant County, Minn. (Not Maesville.)
- ✓ MAGNETIC: lake, west of Gumflint Lake, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary between Minnesota and Ontario.
- MAGNUSONS: island, in secs. 23 and 24. T. 168 N., R. 34 W., Lake of the Woods, Minn. (Not American Point.)
- ✓ MAINGAN: lake, Lake County, Minn., in secs. 4, 5, 8, and 9, T. 65 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word meaning "wolf."
- ✓ MANITOU: rapids, Rainy River, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Koochiching County, Minn., Inter. Boundary between Minn. and Ontario.)

- MARINE: township and village, Washington County, Minn. (Not Marine Mills.)
- ✓ MELON: lake, Lake County, Minn., and Rainy River district, Ontario, Canada, westernmost of the three small lakes between Knife and Carp Lakes, between Seed Lake on the east and Carp Lake on the west.
- ✓ MERRIAM: bay, west of Bayley Bay, Basswood Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, near International Boundary. (Between Minnesota and Ontario.) (Lake Merritt)
- ✓ MERRITT: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 3 and 34, Ts. 63-64 N., R. 16 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. Named for Leonidas and Alfred Merritt, discoverers of ore in this region.
- ✓ MESABI: range of hills in Northern Minnesota. (Not Masab.)
- MILLE LACS: county and lake, Minnesota. (Not Millelacs.)
- MINNEOTA: village, Lyon County, Minn. (Not Minnesota.)
- MINNESOTA: river, in Minnesota, flowing southeast from Big Stone Lake, on the Minnesota-South Dakota boundary line into the Mississippi River, between St. Paul and Minneapolis, near lat. 44° 53' N., long. 93° 19' W.
- ✓ MINNESOTA: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Canada, on the east by Wisconsin, on the south by Iowa, and on the west by North Dakota and South Dakota. Area, 84,682 square miles.
- MINNEWAWA: lake (Lake Minnewawa), in T. 49 N., R. 23 W., Aitkin County, Minn. (Not Rice.)
- ✓ MISSISSIPPI: river, the largest in the United States, rising in Minn., near lat. 47° 08' N., long. 95° 14' W., flowing thence southerly, crossing Minnesota, forming parts of the Minn.-Wisconsin, Iowa-Wisconsin, Iowa-Illinois, Illinois-Missouri, Missouri-Kentucky, Missouri-Tennessee, Arkansas-Tennessee, Arkansas-Mississippi, and Louisiana-Mississippi boundaries, and entering the Gulf of Mexico near lat. 29° 00' N., long. 89° 00' W.
- ✓ MOOSE: lake and portage, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary, between Minnesota and Ontario.
- MOTHER: lake, Richfield Village, near Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Muther.)
- ✓ NAMAKAN: lake, southeast of Rainy Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Namecan nor Nameukan.)
- ✓ NEESH: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in sec. 16, T. 64 N., R. 14 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word said to mean "two."

- ✓ NEEWIN: lake, St. Louis County, Minn. in secs. 22 and 27, T. 64 N., R. 14 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word said to mean "four".
- ✗ NETT LAKE: town, Koochiching and St. Louis Counties, Minn. (Not Net Lake.)
- NEW PRAGUE: city, LeSueur and Scott Counties, Minn. (Not Prague.)
- ✓ NIBIN: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in sec. 27, T. 66 N., R. 13 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word meaning "Summer." (Not Neeben.)
- NICOL: railroad station, Egan Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Nichols.)
- ✗ *NIGH: See page 16 for further information.
- ✗ NIKI: lake, Lake and St. Louis Counties, Minn., Superior National Forest, in sec. 6, T. 65 N., R. 11 W., near lat. 48° 09' N., Long. 91° 48' W., one of chain of lakes comprising Gun Lake Route.
- ✗ NISWI: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 16 and 21, T. 64 N., R. 14 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word meaning "three." (Not Neswebet.)
- NOKASIPPI: river, tributary to Mississippi River at Fort Ripley, T. 43 N., R. 32 W., Crow Wing County, Minn. (Not Anokeseba, Nokay, Nokay Sebie, nor Nokay Sibe.)
- ✓ NORTH: lake, first north of "Height of Land," Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)
- ✓ NORTH FOWL: lake, first north of South Fowl Lake, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Hen.)
- NORTHWEST ANGLE: angle of Lake of the Woods from which international boundary line (between Minnesota and Ontario) starts south to 49th Parallel.
- NORTHWEST ANGLE: inlet, at Northwest Angle, Lake of the Woods, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)
- ✓ OGISHKEMUNCIE: lake, Lake County, Minn. (Not Kingfisher nor Ogishki Muncie.)
- OSBORNE: township, Pipestone County, Minn. (Not Osborn.)
- OTTER TAIL: river, Otter Tail and Wilkin Counties, Minn. (Not Otter-tail, North Red, Red, nor Red River of the North.)
- ✓ PAGAMI: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 36, T. 63 N., R. 10 W., Superior National Forest. (Not Pogami.)
- ✓ PAKWENE: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 5, T. 65 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word said to mean "smoke."

- ✓ PALEFACE: river, tributary to Whiteface River, from northeast, Cotton Township, T. 54 N., R. 17 W., St. Louis County, Minn. (Not Pale Face.)
- ✓ PANCI: lake, Lake County, Minn., in secs. 19, 20, 29, and 30, T. 62 N., R. 9 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word meaning "little."
- ✓ PARENT: lake, Lake County, Minn., mostly in sec. 6, T. 63 N., R. 8 W., draining west to south end of Snowbank Lake. (Not Lac La Mar nor Round Lake.)
- ✓ PARTRIDGE: falls and portage, Pigeon River, near Grand Portage, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).
- PHALEN: lake, New Canada Township, Ramsey County, Minn. (Not Phaline nor Pholans.)
- PICKERAL: creek, sec. 19, T. 167 N., R. 33 W., emptying into Lake of the Woods, Lake of the Woods County, Minn.
- ✓ PICKET: lake, secs. 21, 22, 27, 28, and 29, T. 65 N., R. 16 W., St. Louis County, Minn.
- ✓ PIGEON: bay, north shore Lake Superior, and falls, also river flowing into the bay and forming part of International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario), Thunder Bay District, Ontario.
- ✓ PIGEON: point, on coast of Lake Superior, Minn. (Not Pointe au Tourtre.)
- FIG EYE: dike, lake, and post light, near St. Paul, Ramsey County, Minn. (Not Pig's Eye.)
- ✓ PINE: lake, northwest of Gunflint Lake, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Island Portage.)
- ✓ PLEASANT MOUND: township, Blue Earth County, Minn. (Not Pleasant Mounds.)
- ✓ POPLAR: creek, secs. 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 34, and 35, T. 168 N., R. 35 W., Minnesota, lying east of Bear Creek, and flowing into Lake of the Woods at the Northwest Angle Inlet.
- ✓ PORTAGE: lake, west of Knife Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Lake County, Minn. international boundary. (Not Potato.)
- ✓ PRAIRIE VIEW: township, Wilkin County, Minn. (Not Prairieview.)

- X RAT: lake, between Rose and South Lakes, Cook County, Minn.; and Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)
- RAVENNA: township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Ravanna.)
- READS: township, Wabasha County, Minn. (Not Read's Landing, nor Reed's.)
- READS LANDING: village, Wabasha County, Minn. (Not Read's Landing.)
- RED: river, United States and Canada, forming the boundary between Minnesota and North Dakota north of the junction of Bois de Sioux and Otter Tail Rivers at Wahpeton, and emptying into Lake Winnipeg in Manitoba, Canada. (Not Red River of the North.)
- REDEYE: river, rising in Becker County, flowing through Otter Tail County, tributary to Leaf River in sec. 11, T. 134 N., R. 33 W., Wadena County, Minn. (Not Red Eye.)
- REGAN: railroad station, Burnsville Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Reagan.)
- RIDGELY: township, Nicollet County, Minn. (Not Ridgley.)
- RIVERTON: township, Clay County, Minn. (Not Reverton.)
- ROGERS: lake, Mendota Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Roger.)
- ROLLINGSTONE: township and village, Winona County, Minn. (Not Rolling Stone.)
- ROOME: township, Polk County, Minn. (Not Rome.)
- X ROSE: lake, first above Arrow Lake, between South and Watap Lakes, Cook County, Minn., and Thunder Bay District, Ontario, International boundary. (Not Mud nor Rosa.)
- ROSEAU: river, rising in T. 158 N., R. 35 W., 5th P. M., Minn., flowing northwesterly, crossing International Boundary in T. 164 N., R. 45 W., 5th P. M., and emptying into Red River of the North, Manitoba, Canada. (Not North Fork.)
- ROSEMOUNT: township and village, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Rosemont.)
- RUM: river, branch of Mississippi River at Anoka, Anoka County, Minn. (Not Run.)
- X SABLE: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 1, T. 63 N., R. 8 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. In shape lake resembles a sable traveling.
- X SAGANAGA: lake, between Swamp and Granite Lakes, Cook and Lake Counties, Minn., and Rainy River and Thunder Bay Districts, Ontario, International Boundary. (Not Kaseiganah, Saisaginaga, Seiganaga, Seiganagaw, nor Seiganagooh.)

- ST. CROIX: river, forming part of boundary between Minnesota and Wisconsin, flows south from Upper St. Croix Lake, in the S. E. quarter of T. 45 N., R. 12 W., of 4th P. M., Wisconsin, through Lake St. Croix into the Mississippi River.
- ST. PAUL: capital of Minnesota, in Ramsey Co., on the Mississippi River near lat. $44^{\circ} 56' N.$, long. $93^{\circ} 05' W.$ Population in 1930, 271,418.
- SAND: bay, outlet Rainy Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).
- SANDHILL: river, tributary to Red River, Polk, Norman, and Mahnomen Counties, Minn. (Not Sand Hill.)
- SANDNES: township, Yellow Medicine County, Minn. (Not Sannes.)
- ✓ SAND POINT: lake, southeast of Namakan Lake, St. Louis County, Minn., and Rainy River District, Ontario, International Boundary.
- ✓ SAWTEETH: steep bluff, 700 ft. high, near Grand Marais, Cook County, Minn. (Not Sawtooth.)
- SCHOOLCRAFT: river, rising in Schoolcraft Lake, sec. 32, T. 143 N., R. 34 W., flowing into Lake Plantagenet, tributary to Mississippi River, Hubbard and Beltrami Counties, Minn. (Not Laplace, Ozawindib, Plantagenian Fork, Yellow Head, nor Yellowhead.)
- SHADY OAK: lake, Minnetonka Township, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Shady.)
- SHAOKATAN: township, Lincoln County, Minn. (Not Shaokaton.)
- SKANDIA: township, Murray County, Minn. (Not Scandia.)
- SLEEPY EYE: city and lake, Brown County, Minn. (Not Sleepseye.)
- SMITH BAR: post light, Mississippi River, 5 miles below mouth of St. Croix River, Minn. (Not Smith's Bar.)
- ✓ SNOWSHOE: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 17, T. 59 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest. So named because the lake in shape resembles a snowshoe.
- SOLEM: township, Douglas County, Minn. (Not Solum.)
- *SOUTH: See page 16 for further information.
- ✓ SOUTH FOWL: lake, first above Fort Portage, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, Canada, and Cook County, Minn., international boundary. (Not Cock.)
- ✓ SOUTH KAWISHIWI: river, Lake County, Minn., flows out of Kawishiwi River in sec. 26, T. 63 N., R. 10 W., fourth principal meridian, to the foot of Birch Lake and thence north to White Iron Lake, and thence east to the Kawishiwi River, Superior National Forest.

- ✓ SUPERIOR: lake (Lake Superior), chiefly within the United States, its north shore in Minnesota, and in Ontario, Canada, and its south shore in Michigan and Wisconsin; the most western of the five great lakes in the St. Lawrence River drainage and the largest body of fresh water in the world. (Not Lac Superieur.)
- SVERDRUP: township, Otter Tail County, Minn. (Not Swerdrup.)
- ✓ SWAMP: lake and portage, southwest of Saganaga Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, Canada, and Lake County, Minn., international boundary.
- SYNNES: township, Stevens County, Minn. (Not Symes.)
- ✓ SEED: lake, Lake County, Minn., and Rainy River District, Ontario, Canada, west of Knife Lake, between Portage Lake on the east and Melon Lake on the west.
- TARA: township, Swift County, Minn. (Not Tava.)
- TOQUA: township, Big Stone County, Minn. (Not Tokna nor Tokua.)
- ✓ ^N TONLINE: lake, Ts. 62 and 63 N., R. 6 W., south of Lake Polly and north of Kawasachong Lake, Lake County, Minn.
- TROY: township, Pipestone County, Minn. (Not Tracy.)
- TURTLE: creek, tributary from east to Long Prairie River, in sec. 2, T. 131 N., R. 33 W., Todd County, Minn. (Not Eagle River.)
- ULEN: township and village, Clay County, Minn. (Not Uhlen.)
- UPPER IOWA: river, Iowa and Minn. (Not Oneota.)
- ✓ WABANG: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 30 and 31, T. 67 N., R. 13 W., Superior National Forest. (Not Wabun.) Chippewa Indian word said to mean "to-morrow."
- ✓ WAGOSH: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., Superior National Forest, in sec. 1, T. 65 N., R. 12 W., near lat. 48° 08' N., long. 91° 49' W., one of a chain comprising the Gun Lake route.
- WALCOTT: township and village, Rice County, Minn. (Not Wolcott.)
- ✓ WAMPUS: lake, Lake County, Minn., northwest of Sand River, in secs. 32, 33, T. 60 N., R. 10 W., Superior National Forest.
- WARNER: post light, Mississippi River, Houston County, Minn. (Not Warner's.)
- WARROAD: river, from mouth to source of west branch, tributary to Lake of the Woods, T. 163 N., R. 36 W., Roseau County, Minn. (Not War Road.)

- X ✓ WATAP: lake, between Rose and Mountain Lakes, Cook County, Minn., and Long and Watap Portages, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary. (Not Rove.)
- X ✓ WATONTIAN: lake, Lake County, Minn., in secs. 15, 16, 21, and 22, T. 62 N., R. 6 W., Superior National Forest. Sioux Indian word.
- WESTBANK: township, Swift County, Minn. (Not West Bank.)
- WEST MINNEAPOLIS: village, Minnetonka Township, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Bushnell.)
- WHITE BEAR LAKE: city, Ramsey County, Minn. (Not White Bear.)
- X ✓ WHITEFACE: river, tributary to St. Louis River from northeast, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not White Face.)
- X ✓ WHITE IRON: lake, St. Louis and Lake Counties, Minn., in Ts. 62 and 63 N., and Rs. 11 and 12 W., fourth principal meridian, drained by the South Kawishiwi River, Superior National Forest.
- WILDS ISLAND: post light, Mississippi River, near Winona, Minn. (NOT Wild's.)
- WILMONT: township, Nobles County Minn. (Not Willmont.)
- X ✓ WINNIBIGOSHISH: lake, Cass and Itasca Counties, Minn. (Not Winnebigoshish.)
- WINTERS: landing, Mississippi River, Winona County, Minn. (Not Winter's.)
- WYANETT: township and village, Isanti County, Minn. (Not Wyanette.)
- X ✓ *ARROW: lake and river, tributary to Pigeon River, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, near international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)
- X ✓ *CACHE: bay, western end Saganaga Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario.
- X ✓ *HIGH: lake, T. 65 N., rs. 15 and 16 W., southwest of Lake Jeanette, St. Louis County, Minn.
- X ✓ *SOUTH: lake, first south of "Height of Land," Cook County, Minn., and Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary.

MINNESOTA

UNITED STATES GEOGRAPHIC BOARD.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT #26---March 1, 1933.

✓ ANDRUSIA: lake, Beltrami County, Minn., in western portion of T. 146 N., R. 31 W., fifth principal meridian. (Not Long.) Said to have been named by Schoolcraft, in 1832 for Andrew Jackson, President, 1829-37.

INVER GROVE: village and township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Invergrove.) Town organized in 1858 under name, Inver Grove.

✓ SUCKER: lakes, Cass County, Minn., mostly in the southeast portion of T. 145 N., R. 30 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest. A group of three lakes known locally as Upper, Middle, and Lower Sucker Lakes. (Not Mud Lake for the most northern of these lakes.) Name changed to avoid confusion with another and larger Mud Lake in T. 143 N., R. 26 W.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT #34---DECISIONS June 1933---March 1934.

✓ BIAUSWAH: lake, Itasca County, Minn., in west central part of T. 147 N., R. 27 W., fifth principal meridian. Pronounced be-os-wah. (Not Six Mile.) Named for a Chippewa chief, who, around 1750, drove the Sioux from this district. Name changed because of the presence of another Six Mile Creek in T. 144 N., R. 27 W. 10/4/33.

ESPELIE: township, Marshall County, Minn. (Not Espelee nor Esplee.) Espelie, according to county records, is the correct name of the township, organized July 18, 1902. 6/7/33.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT #40---DECISIONS RENDERED April 4, 1934.

✓ WINDIGO: lake (Lake Windigo) within Star Island in Cass Lake, Beltrami County, Minn. (Not Helen.) So named by the Indians for a monster who is supposed to have lived in this lake.

Decisions of the
U.S. Board on Geographic Names
February 25, 1936

Names in Minnesota.

- ✓ *Bezvik Lake: a lake in secs. 9 & 16, T. 64 N., R. 14 W.,
Superior National Forest, Minn. Chippewa word meaning "one".
(Not Bezhiak)
- ✓ *Bilon Lake a lake in secs. 26 & 27, T. 66 N., R. 15 W.,
Superior National Forest, Minn. Chippewa word meaning
"winter" (Not Bibon)
- ✓ *Eskwagama Lake: a lake in secs. 6 & 31, Ts. 62 and 63, R. 10
W., Superior National Forest, Minn. Chippewa word meaning
"last lake" (Not Esquagama)
- ✓ *Niswi Lake: a lake in secs. 16 & 21, T. 64 N., R. 14 W.,
Superior National Forest, Minn. Chippewa word meaning "three"
(Not Nisswi)
- ✓ *Pakwene Lake: a lake in sec. 5, T. 65 N., R. 11 W., Superior
National Forest, Minn. Chippewa word meaning "smoke" "there
is smoke". (Not Pakwene)
- ✓ *Wabang Lake: in secs. 30 & 31, T. 67 N., R. 13 W., Superior
National Forest, Minn. Chippewa word meaning "tomorrow"
(Not Wabang)

*Indicates revision of previous decision.

DECISIONS OF THE
U.S. BOARD ON GEOGRAPHIC NAMES
RENDERED BETWEEN July 1, 1934 and June 30, 1935

NAMES IN MINNESOTA

Sauk Centre: City and township, Stearns County,
Minnesota. (Not Sauk Center.)

DECISIONS OF THE
U.S. BOARD ON GEOGRAPHIC NAMES
February 28, 1936

NAMES IN MINNESOTA

OK ✓
PNS

Pike Lake: A lake in Sections 13 and 24, T 60 N,
R 10 W., Superior National Forest,
Minnesota.

DECISIONS OF THE
U. S. BOARD ON GEOGRAPHIC NAMES. June 4, 1936.

NAMES IN MINNESOTA

X Blacksmith Lake.

A small lake in section 13, T 144 N, R 28 W
Chippewa National Forest, Cass County, Minn.

X Nushka Lake.

A lake about a mile long in sections 33, 34,
T 145 N, R 27 W. Chippewa National Forest,
Cass County, Minnesota (Not Rice Lake)

X Tuttle Lake.

A small lake in E $\frac{1}{2}$ section 29, T 146 N, R 26 W.
Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn.
Named for a Mr. Tuttle, an Indian, now
deceased, who developed a large farm on the
north end of the lake.

DECISIONS OF THE U. S. BOARD ON
GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES RENDERED SEPTEMBER 2, 1936.

NAMES IN SUPERIOR NATIONAL FOREST
ST. LOUIS AND LAKE COUNTIES, MINNESOTA.

- OK ✓ Astrid Lake; a small lake in section 15, T65N, R16W, 4th P.M.
Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not Square Lake)
- OK ✓ Boot Lake; a small lake in section 21, T64N, R8W, 4th P.M.
Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Named because of
its shape. (Not Crooked Lake)
- OK ✓ Chad Lake; a small lake in sections 2 and 3, T65N, R16W and sections
34 and 35, T64N, R15W, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County,
Minn. (Not Crab Lake)
- OK ✓ Dugout Lake; a small lake in section 33, T64N, R15W, 4th P.M.
Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name suggested
by the finding of an old dugout canoe nearby. (Not Little Crab
Lake nor Little Pine Lake)
- OK ✓ Maude Lake; a small lake in sections 14 and 23, T65N, R16W, 4th P.M.
Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not Mesquite
Lake.)
- OK ✓ Pauline Lake; a small lake in section 12, T66N, R16W, 4th P.M.
Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not High Lake
nor Lower High Lake.)
- OK ✓ Tofte Lake; a small lake in section 22, T65N, R16W, 4th P.M.
Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. (Not Clear Lake.)
- OK ✓ Vera Lake; a lake in sections 1, 2 and 3, T64N, R8W, Superior
National Forest, Lake County, Minn.

Decisions of the
U. S. Board on Geographical Names
rendered October 18, 1940.

Names in California, Louisiana, Minnesota, North Carolina,
Oregon, Vermont, and Washington.

(Advance notice, subject to correction)

Cliff Lake: a lake of about 7 acres, in sec. 7, T. 29 S., R. 3 E., Willamette meridian, near lat. 43°03' N., long. 122°31' W., Umpqua National Forest, Douglas County, Oreg.

Donner Peak: a peak, about 8,027 feet high, in NE 1/4 sec. 21, T. 17 N., R. 15 E., Mount Diablo meridian, Placer County, Calif.

Farr Peak: the southerly of two peaks about 3,520 feet high, near lat. 43°48'30" N., long. 72°56'50" W., Green Mountain National Forest, Chittenden Township, Rutland County, Vt. Named for the late Albert Farr, who was prominent in the activities of the Green Mountain Club.

Gettings Creek: a creek which rises in SE 1/4 sec. 9, T. 20 S., R. 2 W., Willamette meridian, and flows southerly, westerly, and northerly into Coast Fork, Willamette River in sec. 2, T. 20 S., R. 3 W., Lane County, Oreg. Named for Samuel A. Gettings who lived in this vicinity in 1888. (Not Gittings Creek.)

Harris Creek: a small creek which heads in sec. 27, T. 27 N., R. 20 E., Willamette meridian, and flows southerly into Mud Creek in sec. 3, T. 26 N., R. 20 E., Wenatchee National Forest, Chelan County, Wash. (Not Second Creek nor Second Fork.)

Judah, Mount (Mount Judah): a peak, about 8,243 feet high, in NE 1/4 sec. 28, T. 17 N., R. 15 E., Mount Diablo meridian, Placer County, Calif. Named for Theodore Judah, who died in 1863. (Not Donner Peak.)

*Lanaux Island: an island 3 miles long, south of the entrance to Bastian Bay, lat. 29°16' N., long. 89°38'12" W., south coast of Plaquemine Parish, La. (Not Shell Island, Lanneaux Island, nor L'Aneau Island.)

*Mayacmas Mountains: a part of the Coast Ranges of California in Lake, Mendocino, Sonoma and Napa Counties, between the Russian River Valley on the west and Clear Lake and upper Putah Creek drainage on the east, which extends southward from the depression occupied by East Fork of Russian River, Cold Creek, and Blue Lakes to about lat. 38°35' N. (Not Miyakma Range, Mayacamas Mountains, nor St. Helena Range.)

North Fork Gettings Creek: a creek which rises in NW 1/4 sec. 9, T.20 S., R.2 W., Willamette meridian, and flows westerly and southwesterly, entering Gettings Creek in SW 1/4 sec. 11, T.20 S., R.3 W., Lane County, Oreg. (Not Giddings Creek, Gettings Creek, nor North Fork.)

Rices Point: a point of land in Duluth Harbor, between St. Louis Bay and Superior Bay, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not Rice Point.)

Uwharrie Mountains: a range of mountains that lies chiefly in the northwest part of Montgomery County, N. C. (Not Uharie Mountains.)

Uwharrie River: a river which rises in northwest Randolph County, and flows south and southwest joining Yadkin River to form Pee Dee River in the northwest part of Montgomery County, N. C. (Not Uharie River nor Uwharrie River.)

OK reentered

Decisions of the
U. S. Board on Geographical Names
rendered October 31, 1940.

Names in Georgia, Minnesota, and New York.

(Advance notice, subject to correction)

Beacon Creek: a creek on Wolf Island, flowing into Doboy Sound near lat. 31°22' N., long. 81°17'25" W., McIntosh County, Ga. (Not Beaver Creek.)

Dablon Point: a point between Wilson Bay and Mud Bay near lat. 44°04'20" N., long. 76°21'40" W., in Cape Vincent, Jefferson County, N. Y. Named by New York State Committee on Geographic Names in honor of Rev. Claude Dablon, S.J., who landed nearby in 1656. (Not Stony Point.)

Gibson Creek: a creek about 2 1/2 miles long that rises southeast of the mouth of Cowpen Creek and flows southeasterly, entering Turtle River near lat. 31°11'25" N., Long. 81°31'35" W., Glynn County, Ga. (Not Gilson Creek.)

Jekyll Creek: the creek on the west side of Jekyll Island connecting Brunswick River with Jekyll Sound, Glynn County, Ga. (Not Jekyl Creek.)

Jekyll Island: an island near lat. 31°04' N., long. 81°25' W., between St. Simon Sound and St. Andrew Sound on the coast of Glynn County, Ga. (Not Jekyl Island nor Jykill Island.) Named by Gen. Oglethorpe for Sir Joseph Jekyll.

Jekyll Point: a point at the southern end of Jekyll Island, at the entrance to Jekyll Sound, near lat. 31°00'55" N., long. 81°25'50" W., Glynn County, Ga. (Not Jekyl Point.)

Jekyll Sound: a body of water extending from the confluence of Little Satilla River and Jointer Creek to St. Andrew Sound, centering about lat. 31°01'30" N., long. 81°26'40" W., Camden and Glynn Counties, Ga. (Not Jekyl Sound nor Jykill Sound.)

May Hall Creek: a creek entering Darien River from the north, about 2 miles east of Darien, near lat. 31°21'40" N., long. 81°23' W., McIntosh County, Ga. (Not Mayhall Creek nor My Hall Creek.)

May Hall Island: a small island, immediately north of the mouth of May Hall Creek, about 2 1/2 miles east of Darien, McIntosh County, Ga. (Not Mayhall Island.)

X
 PHB
 *Nokomis Lake: a lake in secs. 13, 14, 23, and 24, T. 28 N., R. 24 W., fourth principal meridian, Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Amelia Lake.)

Ratcliffe Creek: a creek about 2 1/2 miles long that enters South Brunswick River from the northwest near lat. 31°09'45" N., long. 81°34' W., Glynn County, Ga. (Not Radcliff Creek.)

Sea Island: an island east of St. Simon Island between Hampton River and the mouth of Blackbank River, near lat. 31°12' N., long. 81°20' W., Glynn County, Ga. (Not Long Island nor Isle of Palms.)

Wallys Leg: a creek entering Mackay River from the northwest, just south of Buttermilk Sound, near lat. 31°16' N., long. 81°24'30" W., Glynn County, Ga. (Not Wally Leg.)

~~X to be entered~~
Entered

Decisions of the
U. S. Board on Geographical Names
rendered June 11, 1941.

Names in Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Maryland,
Massachusetts, Minnesota, Nebraska, South Dakota, Virginia,
Wisconsin-Illinois, and Wisconsin.

(Advance notice, subject to correction)

Agate Pass: a pass, altitude 11,302 feet, over the Continental Divide from the headwaters of South Fork of Arkansas River to the headwaters of Agate Creek, in or near SE 1/4 sec. 17, T.49 N., R.6 E., New Mexico meridian, Chaffee and Gunnison Counties, Colo.

✓ X
✓ PNA
Beltrami Lake: a lake of 784 acres, in secs. 30 and 31, T. 148 N., R.32 W., and secs. 25, 26, 35, and 36, T.148 N., R.33 W., fourth principal meridian, Beltrami County, Minn. (Not Gnat Lake nor Ghatt Lake.) Named by Beltrami County Board of Commissioners, July 8, 1940, and approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940. Named for Giacomina C. Beltrami (1779-1855), an Italian explorer who traveled in the region in 1823.

Birchwood Run: a stream about 4 miles long that rises in about lat. 38°17'45" N., long. 77°18'40" W., near Passapatanzy and flows southeasterly entering Rappahannock River at the mouth of Lamb Creek near lat. 38°15'05" N., long. 77°15'35" W., King George County, Va. (Not Lamb Creek, Lambs Creek, nor Birchwood Creek.)

Blackhawk Bar: a bar on South Fork Smith River near the line between secs. 19 and 20, T.15 N., R.3 E., Humboldt meridian, Siskiyou National Forest, Del Norte County, Calif. (Not Indian Bar.)

Blackhawk Creek: a creek which rises in sec. 16, T.15 N., R.3 E., Humboldt meridian, and flows southwesterly into South Fork Smith River in sec. 19, T.15 N., R.3 E., Siskiyou National Forest, Del Norte County, Calif.

Blue Mounds Branch: a stream that rises about 1 mile southeast of Blue Mounds in sec. 8, T.6 N., R.6 E., fourth principal meridian, Dane County, and flows southerly entering East Branch Pecatonica River in sec. 24, T.4 N., R.5 E., at Blanchardville, Lafayette County, Wis. Name approved by State Geographic Board of Wisconsin, November 6, 1939. (Not East Blue Mounds Creek nor East Branch.)

Cove Lake: an artificial lake on Cove Creek, in secs. 35 and 36, T.7 N., R.25 W., fifth principal meridian, Ouachita National Forest, Logan County, Ark.

Dakota Lake: an artificial lake of about 376 acres on Spring Creek in secs. 1, 2, 11, and 12, T.1 S., R.5 E., Black Hills meridian, Harney National Forest, Pennington County, S. Dak.

Dodge Branch: a stream that rises near Dodgeville in sec. 27, T.6 N., R.3 E., fourth principal meridian, and flows southeasterly entering East Branch Pecatonica River in sec. 29, T.5 N., R.5 E., just east of Hollandale, Iowa County, Wis. Name approved by State Geographic Board of Wisconsin, November 6, 1939. (Not Dodge Creek nor East Fork.)

D'Olive: a small village in SW 1/4 sec. 17, T.2 S., R.3 E., Baldwin County, Ala. (Not Dolive nor Dolives.)

Dome Rock: an imposing dome-shaped sandstone hill, 4,546 feet high, southeast of South Bluff, in sec. 4, T.21 N., R.55 W., sixth principal meridian, near lat. $41^{\circ}48'56''$ N., long. $103^{\circ}41'54''$ W., on the east boundary near the southeast corner of Scotts Bluff National Monument, Scotts Bluff County, Nebr.

East Branch Pecatonica River: a stream that rises near Barneveld in sec. 3, T.6 N., R.5 E., fourth principal meridian, Iowa County, and flows southerly entering Pecatonica River in sec. 1, T.1 N., R.5 E., Lafayette County, Wis. Name approved by State Geographic Board of Wisconsin, November 6, 1939. (Not West Blue Mounds Creek.)

Glebe Neck: a narrow neck of land on north side of Piankatsank River, east of the lower tidal course of Wilton Creek, with center near lat. $37^{\circ}31'50''$ N., long. $76^{\circ}24'54''$ W., Middlesex County, Va. (Not Glebe Point nor Mill Creek Neck.)

Gosnold Pond: a pond in the southwest end of Cuttyhunk Island, with center near lat. $41^{\circ}24'50''$ N., long. $70^{\circ}56'40''$ W., town of Gosnold, Dukes County, Mass. (Not West End Pond.)

*Harewood Park: a village near lat. $39^{\circ}22'30''$ N., long. $76^{\circ}22'05''$ W., on the south side of Bird River just above its entrance into Gunpowder River, with station on the Pennsylvania Railroad, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Harewood.)

Names preceded by an asterisk () indicate a change in the names, spellings, or definitions as given in earlier decisions.

High Plateau Creek: a stream which heads on High Plateau Mountain, in sec. 26, T.18 N., T.2 E., Humboldt meridian, and flows northerly and northwesterly to empty into Diamond Creek in sec. 15, T.18 N., R.2 E., Siskiyou National Forest, Del Norte County, Calif.

Indian Bar: a bar on the South Fork Smith River about 1/4 mile east of the mouth of Jones Creek, in sec. 19, T.15 N., R.3 E., Humboldt meridian, Siskiyou National Forest, Del Norte County, Calif.

Interfalls Lake: a lake on Black River between Big Manitou Falls and Little Manitou Falls, secs. 21, 22, 27, and 28, T.47 N., R.14 W., Pattison State Park, Douglas County, Wis. (Not Pattison Lake nor Manitou Lake.) Name approved by Wisconsin State Geographic Board, October 25, 1939.

Lamb Creek: a stream about 3 miles long, which rises west of Igo and flows southeasterly to enter Rappahannock River near lat. $38^{\circ}15'05''$ N., long. $77^{\circ}15'35''$ W., at the mouth of Birchwood Run, King George County, Va. (Not Lambs Creek.)

Little Gypsy Lake: a lake of about 55 acres in sec. 33, T.39 N., R.8 E., and sec. 4, T.38 N., R.8 E., fourth principal meridian, just east of Woodcock Lake, Oneida County, Wis. Name approved by Wisconsin State Geographic Board, October 25, 1939.

Mitchell Pass: a pass, 4,179 feet high, on the Old Oregon Trail and present State Highway 86, between Scotts Bluff and South Bluff, sec. 33, T.22 N., R.55 W., sixth principal meridian, near lat. $41^{\circ}49'50''$ N., long. $103^{\circ}42'48''$ W., Scotts Bluff National Monument, Scotts Bluff County, Nebr.

Monarch Pass: a pass, altitude 11,386 feet, over the Continental Divide from South Fork of Arkansas River to Major Creek, in sec. 18, T.49 N., R.6 E., New Mexico meridian, Chaffee and Gunnison Counties, Colo.

Pecatonica River: a stream that rises near Cobb in sec. 25, T.6 N., R.1 E., fourth principal meridian, Iowa County, Wis., and flows southeasterly to near Browntown, Greene County, thence south across the Wisconsin-Illinois boundary to Freeport, then northeasterly to enter Rock River at Rockton, Winnebago County, Ill. Name approved by State Geographic Board of Wisconsin, November 6, 1939.

Polar Bear Mountain: a mountain about 6,021 feet high, in sec. 2, T.17 N., R.5 E., Humboldt meridian, near lat. $41^{\circ}53'30''$ N., long. $123^{\circ}36'30''$ W., Siskiyou National Forest, Del Norte County, Calif.

Popcastle Run: a stream which rises east of Igo and flows southwesterly and southerly, now diverted to enter Lamb Creek just north of Highway 17, near lat. $38^{\circ}15'35''$ N., long. $77^{\circ}15'40''$ W., King George County, Va. (Not Popcastle Creek.)

Scotts Bluff: a prominent hill with a maximum altitude of 4,649 feet at its northeast end and with steep northeastward and southeastward escarpments, which extends about 1 mile northeasterly from Mitchell Pass and which lies in sec. 33, T.22 N., R.55 W., sixth principal meridian, Scotts Bluff National Monument, Scotts Bluff County, Nebr.

South Bluff: a ridge, with summit 4,692 feet high, near lat. $41^{\circ}49'15''$ N., long. $103^{\circ}42'47''$ W., which extends south and southeast from Mitchell Pass in sec. 4, T.21 N., R.55 W., sixth principal meridian, Scotts Bluff National Monument, Scotts Bluff County, Nebr.

Spring Lake: an artificial lake on Spring Creek, chiefly in sec. 27 but extending into secs. 22 and 26, T.6 N., R.23 W., fifth principal meridian, Ouachita National Forest, Yell County, Ark.

X ✓ Variety Lake: a lake of 153 acres, in secs. 32 and 33, T. 140 N., R.31 W., fourth principal meridian, Cass County, Minn. (Not Pickerel Lake.) Named by County Board of Commissioners, June 4, 1940, for the variety of fish species in the lake. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940.

Disregard

169905-2

Decisions of the
U. S. Board on Geographical Names
rendered December 5, 1941.

Names in Minnesota.

(Advance notice, subject to correction)

Ahsebun Lake: a lake in secs. 13 and 24, T.140 N., R.25 W., fifth principal meridian, Cass County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Cass County Board, March 3, 1941. (Not Coon Lake.)

Amundsen Lake: a lake in secs. 23, 24, and 26, T.68 N., R.19 W., fourth principal meridian, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Knox Lake.)

Annie Hall Lake: a lake in secs. 20, 29, and 30, T.64 N., R.10 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Urn Lake.)

Arrowhead Lake: a lake in secs. 22, 23, and 26, T.149 N., R.25 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Sand Lake.)

Aspen Lake: a lake in secs. 10, 11, and 12, T.64 N., R.1 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Cook County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Cook County Board, March 11, 1941. (Not Aspik Lake nor Seed Lake.)

Bally Creek: a creek that rises in sec. 17, T.61 N., R.1 W., and flows westerly entering Cascade River in sec. 13, T.61 N., R.2 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Cook County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Cook County Board, March 11, 1941. (Not Baldy Creek nor Blackwell Creek.)

Balsam Lake: a lake in secs. 2 and 3, T.58 N., R.7 W., fourth principal meridian, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Bell Lake.)

Barwise Lake: a lake in secs. 29 and 32, T.59 N., R.24 W., fourth principal meridian, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Cedar Lake.)

Beast Lake: a lake in sec. 28, 33, and 34, T.70 N., R.19 W., fourth principal meridian, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Wilson Lake.)

Beetle Lake: a lake in sec. 7, T.60 N., R.9 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not John Lake.)

Bergville Lake: a lake in secs. 29 and 30, T.150 N., R.28 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Mud Lake.)

Bluebill Lake: a lake in secs. 8 and 9, T.59 N., R.24 W., fourth principal meridian, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Rice Lake.)

Bluewater Lake: a lake in secs. 8, 17, 18, 19, and 20, T.57 N., R.25 W., fourth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Blue Lake.)

Bone Lake: a lake in secs. 13 and 14, T.61 N., R.6 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Long Lake.)

Bonnie Lake: a lake in sec. 27, T.65 N., R.7 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Portage Lake.)

Bowman Lake: a lake in secs. 13 and 24, T.145 N., R.32 W., fifth principal meridian, Hubbard County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Hubbard County Board, March 3, 1941. (Not Long Lake nor Mud Lake.)

Buck Lake: a lake in sec. 6, T.63 N., R.14 W., and secs. 1, 2, and 11, T.63 N., R.15 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Lone Lake nor Long Lake.)

Carrot Lake: a lake in secs. 17 and 20, T.64 N., R.2 E., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Cook County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Cook County Board, March 11, 1941. (Not Pants Lake.)

Cat Lake: a lake in sec. 10, T.60 N., R.9 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Cut Lake nor Hill Lake.)

Coffee Lake: a lake in secs. 10 and 15, T.61 N., R.6 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Martin Lake nor Tom Lake.)

Colby Lake: a lake in secs. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, T.58 N., R.14 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not North Partridge Lake, Partridge Lake, Upper Partridge Lake, nor Partridge Lakes, one of.)

Cross River Lake: a lake in secs. 7 and 18, T.60 N., R.5 W., and secs. 12 and 13, T.60 N., R.6 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake and Cook Counties, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Nigger Lake.)

Cruiser Lake: a lake in secs. 5 and 6, T.69 N., R.19 W., and secs. 31 and 32, T.70 N., R.19 W., fourth principal meridian, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Trout Lake.)

Cummings Lake: a lake in sec. 31, T.64 N., R.13 W., and secs. 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 32, 33, 34, 35, and 36, T.64 N., R.14 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Clear Lake.)

- Dalton Lake: a lake in secs. 6 and 7, T.57 N., R.26 W., fourth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Dutton Lake nor Outton Lake.)
- Delay Lake: a lake in sec. 2, T59 N., R8 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Bear Lake.)
- Dix Lake: a lake in secs. 33 and 34, T.65 N., R.7W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Plum Lake.)
- Dixon Lake: a lake in secs. 30 and 31, T.148 N., R.28 W., and secs. 24, 25, and 36, T.148 N., R.29 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941.
- Dock Lake: a lake in NW 1/4 NW 1/4 sec. 1, T.58 N., R.26 W., ^{fourth} fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Birch Lake.)
- Dovre Lake: a lake in secs. 17 and 20, T.67 N., R.16 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Echo Lake.)
- Doyle Lake: a lake in sec. 30, T.58 N., R.7 W., fourth principal meridian, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Round Lake.)
- Dragon Lake: a lake in secs. 7 and 8, T.60 N., R.9 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Duck Lake.)
- Dry Lake: a lake in secs. 4 and 9, T.63 N., R.12 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Bass Lake, part of.)

Dutton Lake: a lake in secs. 5 and 6, T.65 N., R.6 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Indian Lake.)

Eighteen Lake: a lake in secs. 28, 33, and 34, T.60 N., R.8 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Foote Lake.)

Fourteen, Lake (Lake Fourteen): a lake in secs. 11, 13, and 14, T.60 N., R.19 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Crescent Lake.)

Franklin Lake: a lake in secs. 11 and 14, T.67 N., R.18 W., fourth principal meridian, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Little Namakan Lake nor Little Namekan Lake.)

French Lake: a lake in sec. 3, T.64 N., R.5 W., and secs. 34 and 35, T.65 N., R.5 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Cook County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board and Cook County Board. (Not Black Trout Lake, French Kakigo Lake, nor Kakigo Lake.)

Gadbolt Lake: a lake in secs. 22 and 27, T.141 N., R.31 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Cass County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Cass County Board, March 3, 1941. (Not Bass Lake nor Horseshoe Lake.)

Gerund Lake: a lake in secs. 14 and 15, T.64 N., R.7 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Bass Lake.)

Grouse Lake: a lake in secs. 10, 11, 14, and 15, T.60 N., R.9 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Section Eleven Lake.)

Hare Lake: a lake in sec. 11, T.59 N., R.6 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Morris Lake.)

- Hay Lake: a lake in secs. 28 and 29, T.59 N., R.16 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Net Lake, Nett Lake, nor Pike Lake.)
- Hazel Lake: a lake in secs. 1 and 2, T.62 N., R.6 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not North East Lake nor Hagel Lake.)
- Helen Lake: a lake in sec. 34, T.61 N., R.8 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Morse Lake.)
- Herriman Lake: a lake in sec. 5, T.66 N., R.16 W., and secs. 31 and 32, T.67 N., R.16 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Bug Lake.)
- Holman Lake: a lake in secs. 23 and 26, T.56 N., R.24 W., fourth principal meridian, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Lawrence Lake.)
- Hovde Lake: a lake in secs. 22, 23, 26, and 27, T.141. N., R.30 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Cass County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Cass County Board, March 3, 1941. (Not Stocking Lake.)
- Inga Lake: a lake in secs. 2 and 11, T.60 N., R.9 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Lone Lake.)
- Jorgens Lake: a lake in secs. 1, 11, and 12, T.69 N., R.20 W., fourth principal meridian, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Beaver Lake nor Jorgen Lake.)

- Kadunce Creek: a creek that rises in sec. 9, T.62 N., R.2 E., and flows easterly and southerly entering Lake Superior in sec. 2, T.61 N., R.2 E., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Cook County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board and Cook County Board. (Not Cadunce Creek, Diarrhea River, Diarrhoea River, nor Greenwood River.)
- Katherine Lake: a lake in secs. 9 and 10, T.57 N., R.9 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Grass Lake.)
- Kenogama Lake: a lake in secs. 4, 5, 8, and 9, T.146 N., R.29 W., and secs. 32 and 33, T.147 N., R.29 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Long Lake nor Maple Lake.)
- Ledge Lake: a lake in NE 1/4 SW 1/4 sec. 16, T.64 N., R.6 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Prune Lake.)
- Lena Lake: a lake in sec. 6, T.60 N., R.8 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Leona Lake nor Lone Lake.)
- Little Dixon Lake: a lake in secs. 13 and 24, T.148 N., R.29 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Otter Lake.)
- Little Drum Lake: a lake in secs. 12 and 13, T.55 N., R.27 W., fourth principal meridian, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Drombeater Lake, Drumbeater Lake, nor Two Routes Lake.)
- Little Ranier Lake: a lake in sec. 18, T.59 N., R.26 W., fourth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Little Rainy Lake.)

Little Siseebakwet Lake: a lake in secs. 11, 13, and 14, T.54 N., R.27 W., fourth principal meridian, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Little Sugar Lake, Quam-butch-e-mages-mug Lake, nor Little Sissebakwet Lake.)

Little Wabana Lake: a lake in secs. 22, 23, 26, and 27, T.57 N., R.25 W., fourth principal meridian, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Clearwater Lake nor Little Wabano Lake.)

Locator Lake: a lake in secs. 22 and 23, T.70 N., R.21 W., fourth principal meridian, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Cranberry Lake.)

McAvity Lake: a lake in secs. 26 and 35, T.57 N., R.26 W., fourth principal meridian, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Crooked Lake.)

Minisogama Lake: a lake in secs. 27 and 34, T.147 N., R.29 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Island Lake.)

Moore Lake: a lake in secs. 23 and 24, T.62 N., R.4 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Cook County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Cook County Board, March 11, 1941. (Not Moore's Lake, Moores Lake, Moors Lake, Moorese Lake, Root House Lake, nor Roothouse Lake.)

Check in this
Moosecamp Lake: a lake in secs. 7 and 18, T.65 N., R.11 W., and sec. 13, T.65 N., R.12 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake and St. Louis Counties, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Moose Lake.)

Morcom Lake: a lake in secs. 9, 10, 15, and 16, T.55 N., R.16 W., fourth principal meridian, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Pale Face Lake.)

- Mueller Lake: a lake in secs. 25 and 26, T.65 N., R.6 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Agamok Lake nor Fox Lake.)
- Mukooda Lake: a lake in secs. 26, 27, and 35, T.68 N., R.17 W., fourth principal meridian, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Trout Lake.)
- Nagel Lake: a lake in sec. 6, T.55 N., R.25 W., and sec. 31, T.56 N., R.25 W., fourth principal meridian, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Lost Lake.)
- O'Donnell Lake: a lake in SE $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 28, T.60 N., R.24 W., fourth principal meridian, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Laura Lake nor Spring Lake.)
- O'Leary Lake: a lake in sec. 4, T.68 N., R.17 W., and sec. 32, T.69 N., R.17 W., fourth principal meridian, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Hammer Lake.)
- One Pine Lake: a lake in secs. 32, 33, and 34, T.62 N., R.12 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Pine Lake.)
- Oslo Lake: a lake in secs. 29 and 30, T.70 N., R.19 W., fourth principal meridian, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Brown Lake.)
- Otto Lake: a lake in secs. 21 and 22, T.56 N., R.13 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Greenwood Lake.)

- Ova Lake: a lake in secs. 9 and 10, T.60 N., R.9 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Finn Lake.)
- Pancore Lake: a lake in secs. 22 and 27, T.61 N., R.4 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Cook County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Cook County Board, March 11, 1941. (Not Lost Lake.)
- Pfeiffer Lake: a lake in secs. 22 and 23, T.61 N., R.17 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Clearwater Lake.)
- Plantation Lake: a lake in secs. 22, 23, 26, and 27, T.58 N., R.25 W., fourth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Otter Lake nor Crane Lake.)
- Rabideau Lake: a lake in secs. 8, 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20, T.148 N., R.30 W., and sec. 13, T.148 N., R.31 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Beltrami County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Beltrami County Board, April 1941. (Not Lake Gladys, Rabidew Lake, nor Rabideau Lake.)
- Ranier Lake: a lake in secs. 17, 18, and 20, T.59 N., R.26 W., fourth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Big Ranier Lake, Big Rainy Lake, nor Rainy Lake.)
- Raven Lake: a lake in secs. 7, 8, and 18, T.64 N., R.6 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Link Lake, Linx Lake, nor Lynx Lake.)
- Rice Bay: a bay on the northeast shore of Vermilion Lake in secs. 34 and 35, T.63 N., R.15 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Rice Lake.)

Sec 1 T147N R32W

Roadside Lake: a lake in sec. 6, T.147 N., R.31 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Beltrami County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Beltrami County Board, April 1941. (Not Long Lake, Loon Lake, nor Turtle River Lake.)

Sagus Lake: a lake in secs. 18 and 19, T.64 N., R.6W., and secs. 13 and 24, T.64 N., R.7W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Little Sagus Lake nor Peterson Lake.)

Sawbill Creek: a creek that leaves Sawbill Lake in SW 1/4 sec. 7, T.62 N., R.4W., and flows southerly and southeasterly entering Temperance River in SW 1/4 sec. 28, T.62 N., R.4W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Cook County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Cook County Board, March 11, 1941. (Not North Branch Temperance River nor West Branch Temperance River.)

Shoko Lake: a lake in secs. 14 and 15, T.64 N., R.1 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Cook County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Cook County Board, March 11, 1941. (Not Arrow Lake nor Mile Post Lake.)

Sinneeg Lake: a lake in sec. 2, T. 65 N., R.12~~W.~~, and sec. 35, T.66 N., R.12 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Thunder Lake.)

Siseebakwet Lake: a lake in secs. 8, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, T.54 N., R.26 W., fourth principal meridian, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Siseebakwet Lake, Lake Siseebakwet, nor Sugar Lake.)

Sphagnum Lake: a lake in sec. 28, T.61 N., R.9W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940; and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Lost Lake, Sphagnum Lake, nor Sphagnum Lake.)

Suomi Lake: a lake in secs. 24 and 25, T.58 N., R.27 W., fourth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Round Lake nor Soumi Lake.)

Tetagouche Lake: a lake in secs. 7 and 18, T.56 N., R.7W., fourth principal meridian, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Jitcagouche Lake nor Teteagouche Lake.)

Tomahawk Lake: a lake in sec. 26, T.62N., R.7W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Sand Lake.)

Trestle Lake: a lake in secs. 15, 16, 21, and 22, T.149 N., R.25 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Fox Lake.)

Wabana Lake: a lake in secs. 4, 8, 9, 15, 16, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 29, T.57 N., R.25 W., fourth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Wabano Lake.)

Wabegon Lake: a lake in secs. 21 and 28, T.142 N., R.30 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Cass County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Cass County Board, March 3, 1941. (Not Mud Lake.)

Wahneshin Lake: a lake in secs. 15 and 22, T.142 N., R.26 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Cass County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Cass County Board, March 3, 1941. (Not Lost Lake.)

Walters Lake: a lake in secs. 22 and 23, T.60 N., R.24W., fourth principal meridian, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Kelly Lake, Wallace Lake, nor Waters Lake.)

Wax Lake: a lake in secs. 13 and 24, T.141 N., R.27 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Cass County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Cass County Board, March 3, 1941. (Not Beauty Lake.)

- White Pine Lake: a lake in secs. 19, 20, 29, and 30, T. 61 N., R.3 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Cook County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Cook County Board, March 11, 1941. (Not Big Lake.)
- Whitewater Lake: a lake in sec. 18, T.58 N., R.14 W., and secs. 13 and 24, T.58 N., R. 15 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Lower Partridge Lake, Partridge Lakes, one of, South Partridge Lake, nor Sunfish Lake.)
- Wilderness Lake: a lake in sec. 4, T.147 N., R.28 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Tank Lake.)
- Williams Lake: a lake in secs. 3 and 4, T.61 N., R.3 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Cook County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Cook County Board, March 11, 1941. (Not Mud Lake nor Mad Lake.)
- Winchester Lake: a lake in secs. 7 and 8, T.64 N., R.17 W., and sec. 12, T.64 N., R. 18 W., fourth principal meridian, St. Louis County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and St. Louis County Commissioners, April 8, 1941. (Not Eight Lake.)
- Wirt Lake: a lake in sec. 35, T.150 N., R.26 W., fifth principal meridian, Chippewa National Forest, Itasca County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, December 2, 1940, and Itasca County Board, May 6, 1941. (Not Beaver Lake.)
- Wisini Lake: a lake in secs. 11, 12, 13, and 14, T.64 N., R.7 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Crocus Lake.)
- Wood Lake: a lake in secs. 25, 26, 27, and 34, T.64N., R.10 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest, Lake County, Minn. Name approved by Minnesota State Geographic Board, May 20, 1940, and Lake County Board, February 1941. (Not Pine Lake.)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
NORTH CENTRAL REGION



ADDRESS REPLY TO
REGIONAL FORESTER
AND REFER TO

623 NORTH SECOND STREET
MILWAUKEE 3, WISCONSIN

*Entered on cards - pencil checks
and also on Minnesota
decisions list.
PMS*

JUN 10 1949

E
MAPS
Geographic Names

June 9, 1949

Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Sir:

Attached are two lists of decisions rendered by the U.S. Board on Geographic Names from July 1, 1941, to March 31, 1949, which cover names applied to features in the State of Minnesota. These lists will bring the booklet which we sent you on April 24, 1941, up to date.

Very truly yours,

JAY H. PRICE, Regional Forester

M.H. Davis
By: M. H. DAVIS, Acting

Enclosures

DECISIONS OF THE

U. S. BOARD ON GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

RENDERED BETWEEN DEC. 31, 1948, AND MARCH 31, 1949

NAMES IN MINNESOTA

~~to be entered~~
✓ (all entered
PNB
Cards + Minn. lists

Cass ✓

GIJIK LAKE: lake about 0.3 of a mile wide and 0.4 of a mile long, in Chippewa National Forest, about 12.5 miles southwest of the village of Remer and 7.5 miles southeast of Leech Lake; gijik is said to be a Chippewa Indian word meaning "cedar tree"; Cass County; secs. 25 and 36, T. 141 N., R. 28 W., fifth principal meridian, 46°59'45"N., 94°10'20"W. Not: Cedar Lake.

Itasca ✓

Card (X Ref)
under Buck
Lake

MUSHGEE LAKE: lake about 0.5 of a mile wide and 0.8 of a mile long, in Chippewa National Forest, about 19 miles northwest of the village of Deer River and 2 miles northwest of Bowstring Lake; mushgee is said to be derived from a Chippewa Indian word meaning "buck deer"; Itasca County; secs. 27 and 34, T. 148 N., R. 26 W., fifth principal meridian, 47°36'00"N., 93°57'15"W. Not: Buck Lake.

Cass ✓

WAWA LAKE: lake about 0.3 of a mile wide and 0.8 of a mile long, in Chippewa National Forest, about 12 miles southeast of the village of Walker and 1 mile south of Leech Lake; wawa is said to be a Chippewa Indian word meaning "goose"; Cass County; secs. 9, 10, 15 and 16, T. 141 N., R. 29 W., fifth principal meridian, 47°02'00"N., 94°20'50"W. Not: Goose Lake, Hoko-Wash Lake, Hoko-Wash-Te Lake, Mud Lake.

Cass ✓
Chip

WEGWOS LAKE: lake about 0.3 of a mile wide and 0.4 of a mile long, about 13 miles southwest of Walker and 2.5 miles southwest of Ten Mile Lake; wegvos is said to be a Chippewa Indian word meaning "white birch", which is descriptive of the vegetation in the vicinity; Cass County; secs. 30 and 31, T. 140 N., R. 31 W., fifth principal meridian, 46°54'25"N., 94°38'20"W. Not: Birch Lake.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
NORTH CENTRAL REGION



ADDRESS REPLY TO
REGIONAL FORESTER
AND REFER TO

623 NORTH SECOND STREET
MILWAUKEE 3, WISCONSIN

E
MAPS
Geographic Names

December 19, 1949

Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul, Minn.

DEC 22 1949

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to our letter of June 9.

Attached is a ditto copy of page 30, covering two recent U.S.B.G.N. decisions for features in Minnesota. The addition of this list to the booklet "Permanent Reference List - Decisions of the U.S.B.G.N. for State of Minnesota" will bring your record up to date.

Very truly yours,

JAY H. PRICE, Regional Forester

By: M. B. ARTHUR, Acting

Attachment

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE

Entered on cards
& Minn. dec. list
3-2459 PMS

E
MAPS
Geographic Names

623 N. Second St.
Milwaukee, 3, Wis.

June 15, 1950

Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul, Minn.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your copy of the "Permanent Reference
List - Decisions of the United States Board on Geographic
Names for the State of Minnesota", as prepared by
this office. Refer to our letters of December 19, 1949 & Feb. 14, 1950
Attached xx are pages 31 & 32 covering recent
decisions of the U.S.B.G.N. Please insert the supplement
in the booklet.

Very truly yours,

M. B. ARTHUR,
Assistant Regional Forester

Attachments

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE

Entered on cards
PNB

E
MAPS
Geographic Names

623 N. Second St.
Milwaukee, 3, Wis.

September 22, 1950

Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul, Minn.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your copy of the "Permanent Reference List - Decisions of the United States Board on Geographic Names for the State of Minnesota", as prepared by this office. Refer to our letter of June 15, 1950. Attached is ~~xxx~~ page x 33 covering recent decisions of the U.S.B.G.N. Please insert the supplement in the booklet.

Very truly yours,

M. B. ARTHUR,
Assistant Regional Forester

Attachments

Some of these have been entered
Some not. CK. Those underlined in
red.

Entered
3-26-59

Docket List No. 217
October 10, 1952

PMS

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BOARD ON GEOGRAPHIC NAMES
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES ON THE CANADA BOUNDARY

This list of names has been prepared for review by the Domestic Names Committee and the Foreign Names Committee of the U. S. Board on Geographic Names, the Advisory Committee on Names in Alaska, and the Canadian Board on Geographical Names.

All of the names represent existing decisions of the U. S. Board on Geographic Names. All except Nos. 2, 21, 36, and 69 pertain to features on the United States-Canada boundary. Nos. 2, 36, and 69 refer to features on the Alaska-Canada boundary. No. 21, Coast Ranges, was previously described as extending into Canada, but the revised description limits the feature to the United States.

Where the listed name differs from an original decision of the U. S. Board, the name is preceded by an asterisk (*). Where a generic term has been added as part of the decision proper, where the generic part of a river name has not been underlined to indicate optional use of the generic term, or where only the description of the feature has been revised since the original decision, the name is preceded by a dagger (†).

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES ON THE CANADA BOUNDARY

1. †American Creek: Montana, Lincoln County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 8 miles long, heading in Montana and flowing northward across the international boundary to Hawkins Creek; $49^{\circ}03'$ N., $116^{\circ}00'$ W. Not: Middle Fork Hawkins Creek, Redtop Creek. 02SW
2. †Ammerman Mountain: Alaska and Canada; mountain ridge with a series of peaks about 3,000 feet in elevation, extending for about 7 miles in an east-west direction across the international boundary between the headwaters of the Old Crow River and the Firth Rivers; $68^{\circ}23'$ N., $142^{\circ}00'$ W. 117SW/SE
3. †Ashnola River: Washington, Okanogan County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 40 miles long, heading in Okanogan County and flowing northward across the international boundary, then eastward and northeastward to the Similkameen River about 8 miles upstream from Keremeos; $49^{\circ}13'$ N., $119^{\circ}58'$ W. Not: Ashanola River, Nais-nu-loh River. 92SE
4. †Azesko Lake [Canada]; †Mud Lake [U.S.]: Maine, Washington County, and Canada, Province of New Brunswick; lake about 3 miles long and 0.2 mile wide, between Grand Lake and Spednik Lake in the Chiputneticook Lakes chain; it forms part of the boundary between Maine and New Brunswick; $45^{\circ}40'30''$ N., $67^{\circ}43'35''$ W. 219/12
5. B †Basswood Lake: Minnesota, Lake County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; N-shaped lake between Birch Lake and Crooked Lake; the international boundary extends for about 20 miles through parts of this lake; $48^{\circ}04'$ N., $91^{\circ}34'$ W. Not: Bassimenau Lake, Bois Blanc Lake, Whitewood Lake. 52SE
6. †Battle Creek: Montana, Blaine County, and Canada, Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan; stream about 115 miles long, heading in the Cypress Hills and flowing generally south-eastward across the international boundary to the Milk River about 4 miles below Lodge Creek; $48^{\circ}35'$ N., $109^{\circ}06'$ W. Not: North Fork Milk River. 72SW
7. B †Bayley Bay: Minnesota, Lake County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; bay about 2 miles wide, indenting the northern shore of the eastern prong of Basswood Lake; the international boundary passes through the southern part of this bay; $48^{\circ}04'30''$ N., $91^{\circ}28'30''$ W. 52B

8. †Belly River: Montana, Glacier County, and Canada, Province of Alberta; stream about 100 miles long, heading in Helen Lake in Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park and flowing generally northeastward across the international boundary to the Oldman River about 10 miles northwest of Lethbridge; $49^{\circ}46'$ N., $113^{\circ}02'$ W. Not: South Fork Belly River. 82SE
9. †Big Sheep Creek: Washington, Stevens County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 40 miles long, heading in British Columbia and flowing southward across the international boundary, and then southwestward to the Columbia River about 1 mile upstream from Northport; $48^{\circ}56'$ N., $117^{\circ}46'$ W. Not: Sheep Creek, White Sheep Creek, Yomelsin Creek, Yomelsin Creek. 82SW
10. †Birch Lake: Minnesota, Lake County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 4 miles long, on the international boundary between Carp Lake and Basswood Lake; $48^{\circ}03'$ N., $91^{\circ}24'$ W. 52SE
11. †Blue Joe Creek: Idaho, Boundary County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 7.5 miles long, heading in Boundary County and flowing northeastward across the international boundary to Boundary Creek; $49^{\circ}00'30''$ N., $116^{\circ}49'30''$ W. Not: Blue Jay Creek. 82SW
12. †Boundary Lake: North Dakota, Bottineau County, and Canada, Province of Manitoba; lake about 1.5 miles long, on the international boundary about 1 mile west of Hartley Lake; $49^{\circ}00'$ N., $100^{\circ}13'$ W. 1/190#21
13. †Boundary Mountains: Montana, Flathead County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; mountain ridge about 5 miles long, with a maximum elevation over 9,500 feet, paralleling the international boundary north of Kintla Lake and Upper Kintla Lake; $49^{\circ}00'$ N., $114^{\circ}14'$ W. 1/190#14
14. †Boundary Ridge: Washington, Pend Oreille County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; ridge about 5 miles long with a maximum elevation of about 5,200 feet, extending in a northeast-southwest direction across the international boundary about 5 miles east of the Pend Oreille River; $49^{\circ}00'00''$ N., $117^{\circ}14'39''$ W. 82SW
15. †Canuck Creek: Idaho, Boundary County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 9 miles long, heading in Boundary County near the Idaho-Montana line and flowing generally northward across the international boundary to Hawkins Creek about 4 miles upstream from its mouth; $49^{\circ}03'$ N., $116^{\circ}01'$ W. Not: Grove Creek, South Fork Meadow Creek, West Fork Hawkins Creek. Int. Bd. 15

No cards found 3-24-59
so made them for this
entry PVS

Docket List No. 217

Correct, filed by June

16. *S* †Carp Lake: Minnesota, Lake County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 5 miles long, between Knife Lake and Birch Lake; the international boundary passes through the southern part of this lake; $48^{\circ}05'$ N., $91^{\circ}16'$ W. Not: Carol Lake. 52B
17. †Cascade Range [U.S.]; Cascade Mountains [Canada]; California, Oregon, Washington, and Canada; mountain range extending from south of Lassen Peak in California to a point about 50 miles north of the international boundary in south-central British Columbia; $47^{\circ}00'$ N., $121^{\circ}00'$ W. 92SE
18. †Chilliwack Creek: Washington, Whatcom County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 15 miles long; heading on the north slope of Ruth Mountain in Mount Baker National Forest and flowing generally northeastward across the international boundary to Chilliwack Lake; $49^{\circ}01'$ N., $121^{\circ}24'$ W. Not: Chilliwack River, Chilliwack Creek, Dolly Varden Creek, Klabsch Creek. 1/126 - 40
19. †Chiputneticook Lakes: Maine, Aroostook and Washington Counties, and Canada, Province of New Brunswick; chain of lakes on the international boundary northwest of Vanesboro, including Spednik Lake, Grand Lake, North Lake (qq.v.), and others; $45^{\circ}40'$ N., $67^{\circ}45'$ W. Not: Grand Lakes, Schoodic Lakes. 21NE/SE
20. *S* †Clove Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 2 miles long and 0.3 mile wide, along the Canadian border, and partly in Superior National Forest, about 2 miles northwest of Magnetic Lake; $48^{\circ}08'15''$ N., $90^{\circ}48'00''$ W. Not: Cove Lake, Island Portage Lake, Pine Lake [former decision]. CBGN 1/23/50
21. †Coast Ranges: United States; series of ranges, most of which have individual names also, extending along the Pacific coast from southern California to the Strait of Juan de Fuca; physiographically, the islands to the northward are continuations of these ranges.
22. †Columbia River: Oregon, Washington, and Canada; stream about 1,200 miles long, heading in Columbia Lake in British Columbia and flowing northwestward, then generally southward across the international boundary to the latitude of Walla Walla, and then westward to the Pacific Ocean; $46^{\circ}15'$ N., $124^{\circ}00'$ W. 82NW/SW
23. †Cordilleras: North America; the entire western mountain system of North America. Not: Cordillera, Cordilleran Belt, Cordilleran Highlands.

24. †Cottonwood Coulees: Montana, Phillips County, and Canada, Province of Saskatchewan; stream about 22 miles long, heading about 5 miles south of Canuck in Saskatchewan and flowing southeastward across the international boundary to join Whitewater Creek in sec. 24, T. 37 N., R. 29 E., Montana Principal Meridian; $48^{\circ}57'00''$ N., $107^{\circ}51'30''$ W. Not: Cottonwood Coulees, Whitewater Creek, (q.v.) 72SW
25. †Crooked Lake: Minnesota, Lake and Saint Louis Counties, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 17 miles long, on the international boundary between Basewood Lake and Iron Lake; $48^{\circ}12'$ N., $91^{\circ}47'$ W. 52SE
26. †Curtain Falls: Minnesota, Saint Louis County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; falls on the international boundary between Crooked Lake and Iron Lake; $48^{\circ}14'18''$ N., $91^{\circ}54'25''$ W. 52B
27. †Cypress Lake: Minnesota, Lake County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 5 miles long, on the international boundary between Swamp Lake and Knife Lake; $48^{\circ}10'$ N., $91^{\circ}07'$ W.. Not: Otter Track Lake. 52SE
28. †Detroit River: Michigan, Wayne County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; stream about 28 miles long, on the international boundary between Lake Erie and Lake Saint Clair; $42^{\circ}05'$ N., $83^{\circ}08'$ W. 4ONE
29. †D'Urban, Mount: New Hampshire, Coos County, and Canada, Province of Quebec; mountain with an elevation of about 3,000 feet, on the international boundary about 1 mile southwest of the northeasternmost point of New Hampshire; $45^{\circ}17'43''$ N., $71^{\circ}06'18''$ W. Not: Mount Ben D'Urban, Mount Ben Durban, Mount Bon Durban. CGB - 19th REPT
30. †Eramosh Lake: North Dakota, Bottineau County, and Canada, Province of Manitoba; lake about 1 mile long, on the international boundary about 1 mile east of Metigoshe Lake; $49^{\circ}00'$ N., $100^{\circ}19'$ W. Not: Eippax Lake, Ross Lake. 62SW
31. †Flathead River: Montana, and Canada; river about 210 miles long, heading north of the Macdonald Range in Canada about 12 miles east-southeast of Fernie, flowing generally southward through Flathead Lake in Montana, and continuing southward, then westward, to Clark Fork about 2 miles southeast of Paradise, Montana; $47^{\circ}21'45''$ N., $114^{\circ}46'30''$ W. sec. 34 T. 19 N., R. 25 W. Not: North Fork Flathead River (in part). 82 SE

32. George, Lake: Michigan, Chippewa County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 10 miles long, on the international boundary between Lake Superior and Lake Huron and about 10 miles east of Sault Sainte Marie; $46^{\circ}27'$ N., $84^{\circ}08'$ W. Not: Saint George's Lake. L1NW
33. Georgia, Strait of: Washington, Whatcom County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; strait about 130 miles long, extending along the northeastern shore of Vancouver Island; the international boundary passes through the southern part of this strait; $49^{\circ}00'$ N., $123^{\circ}20'$ W. Not: Georgia Strait, Gulf of Georgia. 92SW
34. Gneiss Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 1 mile long and 0.5 mile wide, along the Canadian border and partly in Superior National Forest, about 5 miles northwest of Magnetic Lake; $48^{\circ}10'45''$ N., $90^{\circ}48'30''$ W. Not: Round Lake. 52B
35. Grand Lake: Maine, Aroostook and Washington Counties, and Canada, Province of New Brunswick; lake about 15 miles long, on the international boundary northwest of Spednik Lake; $45^{\circ}42'$ N., $67^{\circ}48'$ W. Not: Schoodic Lake. 21NE/SE
36. Grand Pacific Glacier: Alaska and Canada; glacier about 25 miles long, heading in Alaska and flowing eastward across the international boundary and then southeastward to Tarr Inlet; $59^{\circ}05'$ N., $137^{\circ}05'$ W. 114NE
37. Grass Creek: Idaho, Boundary County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 11 miles long, heading on the north slope of Phoebe Tip in Boundary County and flowing northeastward across the international boundary to Boundary Creek about 3 miles downstream from Blue Joe Creek; $49^{\circ}00'30''$ N., $116^{\circ}45'30''$ W. Not: Meadow Creek. 82SW
38. Gunflint Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 7 miles long, on the international boundary between North Lake and Magnetic Lake; $48^{\circ}06'$ N., $90^{\circ}42'$ W. Not: Gun Flint Lake. 52SE
39. Haro Strait: Washington, San Juan County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; strait about 40 miles long, between the southeastern end of Vancouver Island and San Juan Island and adjacent islands; the international boundary passes through it; $48^{\circ}40'$ N., $123^{\circ}15'$ W. Not: Canal de Haro. 92SE

40. Harrison Creek: Minnesota, Lake of the Woods County, and Canada, Province of Manitoba; stream about 7 miles long, heading in Manitoba and following generally eastward across the international boundary to the head of Northwest Angle Inlet; $49^{\circ}23' N.$, $96^{\circ}09' W.$ Not: Harrison's Creek, Harrison Creek. H06201
41. Hartley Lake: North Dakota, Bottineau and Hartley Counties, and Canada, Province of Manitoba; lake about 1.5 miles long, on the international boundary about 1 mile east of Boundary Lake; $48^{\circ}00' N.$, $100^{\circ}11' W.$ 1/1904 21
42. Iron Lake: Minnesota, Saint Louis County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 4 miles long, on the international boundary between Crooked Lake and Lac La Croix; $48^{\circ}14' N.$, $91^{\circ}57' W.$ 52SE
43. Juan de Fuca, Strait of: Washington, Clallam County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; strait about 80 miles long, at the southern end of Vancouver Island; it forms a portion of the international boundary; $48^{\circ}15' N.$, $124^{\circ}00' W.$ Not: Juan de Fuca Strait, Straits of Juan de Fuca. 92SE
44. Kettle Falls: Minnesota, Saint Louis County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; falls on the international boundary between Namakan Lake and Rainy Lake, north of Kettle Island; $48^{\circ}29'58'' N.$, $92^{\circ}38'20'' W.$ Not: Chaudiere Falls. Int. Bd. 14
45. Kishinena Creek: Montana, Flathead County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 30 miles long, heading in Canada near the Montana-British Columbia-Alberta boundary corner and flowing northwestward, then southwestward, across the international boundary to the Flathead River about 5 miles downstream from the boundary, in Glacier National Park; $48^{\circ}57' N.$, $114^{\circ}25' W.$ Not: Kishonahn Creek [former decision]. 82SE
46. Knife Lake: Minnesota, Lake County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 10 miles long, on the international boundary between Cypress Lake and Carp Lake; $49^{\circ}06' N.$, $91^{\circ}13' W.$ Not: Big Knife Lake. 52SE
47. Koochiching Falls: Minnesota, Koochiching County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; falls in the Rainy River on the international boundary between International Falls and Fort Frances; $48^{\circ}36'30'' N.$, $93^{\circ}24'10'' W.$ Not: Chaudiere Falls, Chaudron Falls, Koochiching Fall. 1/500, sh. 27

48. *Kootenai River [U.S.]; Kootenay River [Canada]: Idaho, Boundary County, Montana, Lincoln County, and Canada, British Columbia; stream about 550 miles long, heading in British Columbia west of Foster Peak and flowing generally southward across the international boundary into Lincoln County, Montana, then northwestward through Boundary County, Idaho, into British Columbia and through Kootenay Lake, from which it flows southwestward to the Columbia River; $49^{\circ}19' N.$, $117^{\circ}39' W.$ Not: Kootanie River, Kootenic River, Kootienay River, Swan River. 82SW.
49. S La Croix, Lac: Minnesota, Saint Louis County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 25 miles long, on the international boundary between Iron Lake and Loon Lake; $48^{\circ}21' N.$, $92^{\circ}10' W.$ Not: Cross Lake, Kekwakwan Lake, Lac LaCroix [former decision], Lac la Croix, Lake La-Croix, Naneukan Lake, Namoukan Lake, Ne-qua-kaun Lake, Nequaquon Lake, Nequawkaun Lake. 52SW
50. S Lily Lakes: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; two lakes, each less than one mile long, on the international boundary between Moose Lake and Mountain Lake; they are individually known as Vaseux Lake and Fan Lake; $48^{\circ}06'45" N.$, $90^{\circ}03'15" W.$ Not: Lily Ponds. 1/500-#28
51. S Little Vermilion Lake: Minnesota, Saint Louis County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 5 miles long, on the international boundary between Loon Lake and Sand Point Lake; $48^{\circ}18' N.$, $92^{\circ}25' W.$ Not: Little Vermillion Lake, Vermilion Lake, Vermillicon Lake. 52C
52. Lodge Creek: Montana, Blaine and Hill Counties, and Canada, Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan; stream about 100 miles long, heading in southeastern Alberta and flowing southeastward across the international boundary to the Milk River near Chinook; $48^{\circ}35' N.$, $109^{\circ}11' W.$ Not: Medicine Lodge Creek, West Fork Milk River. 72SW
53. Long Creek: North Dakota, Divide County, and Canada, Province of Saskatchewan; stream about 100 miles long, heading near Forward, Saskatchewan, and flowing southeastward across the international boundary, and then northeastward to join the Souris River near Estevan; $49^{\circ}07' N.$, $103^{\circ}00' W.$ 62NW $\frac{1}{2}$ /SW $\frac{1}{2}$
54. S Long Sault: Minnesota, Koochiching County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; rapids over 1.5 miles long in the Rainy River about 7 miles downstream from Manitou Rapids; the international boundary passes through these rapids; $48^{\circ}38'40" N.$, $94^{\circ}04'30" W.$ Not: Long Sault Rapids. 1/500, sh.27

55. *S* Loon Lake: Minnesota, Saint Louis County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 5 miles long, on the international boundary between Lac La Croix and Little Vermilion Lake; $48^{\circ}15'$ N., $92^{\circ}16'$ W. 52C
56. *S* Magnetic Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 2 miles long, on the international boundary north of Gunflint Lake; $48^{\circ}06'$ N., $90^{\circ}46'$ W. 52B
57. *S* Manitou Rapids: Minnesota, Koochiching County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; rapids in the Rainy River about 35 miles downstream from International Falls; the international boundary passes through these rapids; $48^{\circ}38'$ N., $93^{\circ}55'$ W. 52C
58. Meduxnekeag River: Maine, Aroostook County, and Canada, Province of New Brunswick; stream about 40 miles long, heading in Meduxnekeag Lake in Aroostook County and flowing east and northeast across the international boundary to the Saint John River near Woodstock; $46^{\circ}09'$ N., $67^{\circ}35'$ W. Not: South Branch Meduxnekeag River. 21NE/SF
59. *S* Melon Lake: Minnesota, Lake County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 0.2 mile long, on the international boundary between Seed Lake and Carp Lake; $48^{\circ}04'15''$ N., $91^{\circ}19'50''$ W. 52SE
60. Metigoshe Lake: North Dakota, Bottineau County, and Canada, Province of Manitoba; lake about 3.5 miles long, about 1 mile west of Eramosh Lake; the international boundary passes through the northern part of this lake; $48^{\circ}59'$ N., $100^{\circ}21'$ W; Not: Fish Lake, Lizzie Lake, Lake Metigoshe. 1/190421
61. Milk River: Montana and Canada; stream about 400 miles long, formed by the junction of the South Fork Milk River and the Middle Fork Milk River in the Blackfoot Indian Reservation, and flowing northeastward across the international boundary into Alberta, then eastward for about 60 miles, then southeastward into Montana again where it joins the Missouri River about 10 miles downstream from Fort Peck; $48^{\circ}03'$ N., $106^{\circ}17'$ W. 72SW
62. *S* Moose Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 4 miles long, on the international boundary between North Fowl Lake and Mountain Lake; $48^{\circ}06'$ N., $90^{\circ}05'$ W. 52F

63. S †Mountain Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 7 miles long, on the international boundary between Moose Lake and Watap Lake; 48°06' N., 90°13' W. 52SE
64. †Moyie River: Idaho, Boundary County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 70 miles long, heading in British Columbia and flowing northeastward toward Cranbrook, then southwestward and southward across the international boundary to the Kootenai River about 6 miles upstream from Bonners Ferry; 48°43' N., 116°11' W. Not: Methow River, Mojie River, Moeyle River, Moeya River. 82SW
65. †Munuscong Channel: Michigan, Chippewa County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; channel about 6 miles long, on the international boundary between the northwestern part of Saint Joseph Island and Neebish Island; 46°17' N., 84°07' W. Not: Little Mud Lake, Little Munuscong Lake. HO 2288
66. †Munuscong Lake: Michigan, Chippewa County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 14 miles long between Lake Superior and Lake Huron west of Saint Joseph Island; the international boundary passes through the eastern part of this lake; 46°12' N., 84°10' W. Not: Mud Lake, Muddy Lake, Lake Munuscong. 41NW
67. S †Namekan Lake: Minnesota, Saint Louis County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 16 miles long, on the international boundary between Sand Point Lake and Rainy Lake; 48°27' N., 92°35' W. Not: Namecan Lake, Nameukan Lake. 52SW
68. †North Branch Meduxnekeag River: Maine, Arcoostook County, and Canada, Province of New Brunswick; stream about 30 miles long, heading in the northeastern part of T. 8, R. 3, Arcoostook County, and flowing generally southeastward across the international boundary to the Meduxnekeag River about 10 miles upstream from its mouth; 46°13' N., 67°44' W. Int. Bd. 60
69. †North Fork Ladue River: Alaska and Canada; stream about 50 miles long, heading in Alaska and flowing eastward across the international boundary and then southward to the Ladue River; 63°16' N., 140°53' W. 115 NE/NW
70. S †North Fowl Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 2 miles long, on the international boundary between South Fowl Lake and Moose Lake; 48°05' N., 90°01' W. Not: Hen Lake. Int. Bd. 28

71. North Lake: Maine, Aroostook County, and Canada, Province of New Brunswick; lake about 2 miles wide, on the international boundary about 1 mile northeast of the northern end of Grand Lake; $45^{\circ}49'$ N., $67^{\circ}45'$ W. 21NE/SE
72. S North Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 5 miles long, on the international boundary north of South Lake; $48^{\circ}07'$ N., $90^{\circ}32'$ W. 52SE
73. S Northwest Angle Inlet: Minnesota, Lake of the Woods County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; inlet about 12 miles long and 2 miles wide, indenting the northwestern shore of the Lake of the Woods; the international boundary extends through it; $49^{\circ}21'$ N., $95^{\circ}00'$ W. 52SW
74. Okanogan River [U.S.]; Okanagan River [Canada]; Washington, Okanogan County, and Canada, British Columbia; stream about 120 miles long, heading in Okanagan Lake in British Columbia and flowing generally southward across the international boundary to the Columbia River in Okanogan County, Washington; $48^{\circ}06'$ N., $119^{\circ}44'$ W. 82SW
75. S Partridge Falls: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; falls about 75 feet high, on the Pigeon River about 0.1 mile north of Partridge Portage; $47^{\circ}59'40''$ N., $89^{\circ}50'45''$ W. 1/500#28
76. S Partridge Portage: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; portage across the Pigeon River around Partridge Falls; $47^{\circ}59'33''$ N., $89^{\circ}50'50''$ W. Not: Grand Portage. 52 A/SW
77. Pend Oreille River [U.S.]; Pend-d 'Oreille River [Canada]; Idaho, Bonner County, Washington, Pend Oreille County, and Canada, British Columbia; stream about 125 miles long, heading in Pend Oreille Lake in Bonner County, Idaho, and flowing generally northwestward, through Pend Oreille County, Washington, across the international boundary into British Columbia, where it turns westward to the Columbia River; $49^{\circ}01'$ N., $117^{\circ}37'$ W. Not: Clark Fork (q.v.). 82SW
78. S Pigeon Bay: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; bay about 5 miles long, indenting the northwestern shore of Lake Superior and bisected by the international boundary; $48^{\circ}01'$ N., $89^{\circ}31'$ W. 52SE
79. S Pigeon Falls: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; falls about 100 feet high, in the Pigeon River 1.5 miles upstream from its mouth; $48^{\circ}00'16''$ N., $89^{\circ}35'50''$ W. Not: High Falls. 52SE

80. S †Pigeon River: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; stream about 35 miles long, heading in South Fowl Lake and flowing generally eastward to Lake Superior; it forms a portion of the international boundary; $48^{\circ}00'$ N., $89^{\circ}34'$ W. 52SE
81. S †Poplar Creek: Minnesota, Lake of the Woods County, and Canada, Province of Manitoba; stream about 8 miles long, flowing generally northeastward across the international boundary to the southern shore of Northwest Angle Eilet; $49^{\circ}22'$ N., $95^{\circ}07'$ W. 52SW
82. S †Portage Lake: Minnesota, Lake County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 0.2 mile long, on the international boundary west of Knife Lake; $48^{\circ}04'25''$ N., $91^{\circ}18'45''$ W. Not: Potato Lake. Int. Bd., 21
83. †Prestile Stream: [U.S.]; Presquile River [Canada]; Maine, Aroostook County, and Canada, Province of New Brunswick; stream about 40 miles long, heading about 6 miles north of Easton in Aroostook County and flowing southward and then southeastward across the international boundary to the Saint John River about 20 miles upstream from Woodstock; $46^{\circ}24'$ N., $67^{\circ}37'$ W. Not: Presqu'ile River, Presque Isle River, Presque Isle of the Saint John River, Presque River. 21NE/SE
84. †Priest River: Idaho, Bonner and Boundary Counties, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 70 miles long, heading in British Columbia and flowing generally southward across the international boundary and through Upper Priest Lake and Priest Lake to the Pend Oreille River about 16 miles below Pend Oreille Lake; $48^{\circ}10'35''$ N., $116^{\circ}55'45''$ W. Not: Upper Priest River [name sometimes applied to the upper course of the stream]. 82SW
85. †Purcell Trench: Idaho, Bonner, Boundary, and Kootenai Counties, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; depression extending from Coeur d'Alene Lake northward across the international boundary by way of the Kootenai River valley into British Columbia; $49^{\circ}00'$ N., $116^{\circ}30'$ W. 82SW
86. †Quoddy Roads: Maine, Washington County, and Canada, Province of New Brunswick; roadstead about 2 miles wide, between the southern part of Campobello Island and the easternmost part of Maine southeast of Lubec; the international boundary passes through it; $44^{\circ}50'$ N., $66^{\circ}58'$ W. Not: Quoddy Bay. 21SE;20NE

87. S †Rainy Lake: Minnesota, Koochiching and Saint Louis Counties, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 60 miles long, northwest of Namakan Lake; the international boundary passes through the southern part of the lake; 48°38' N., 93°00' W. Not: Lac La Pluie. 52SW
88. S †Rainy River: Minnesota, Koochiching and Lake of the Woods Counties, and Canada, Province of Ontario; stream about 90 miles long, on the international boundary between Rainy Lake and Lake of the Woods; 48°50' N., 94°41' W. 52SW
89. S †Rat Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 0.4 mile long, on the international boundary between Rose Lake and South Lake; 48°06' N., 90°30' W. 52B
90. S †Red River of the North: Minnesota, North Dakota, and Canada; stream about 325 miles long, formed by the confluence of the Bois de Sioux River and the Otter Tail River at Breckenridge, Wilkin County, Minnesota, and flowing generally northward across the international boundary to Lake Winnipeg; 50°24' N., 96°48' W. 62NE
91. †Rocky Mountains: United States and Canada; the eastern belt of the North American cordillera extending northwestward from north-central New Mexico to the Liard River valley in Canada; 50°00' N., 114°00' W. 83SW
92. S †Roseau River: Minnesota, Beltrami, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, and Roseau Counties, and Canada, Province of Manitoba; stream about 140 miles long, heading in T. 158 N., R. 35 W., Fifth Principal Meridian, in Lake of the Woods County and flowing generally northwestward across the international boundary to the Red River of the North about 50 miles south of Winnipeg; 49°09' N., 97°15' W. Not: North Fork [name sometimes applied to the upper course of the stream]. 62SE
93. S †Rose Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 5 miles long, on the international boundary between Rose Lake and Rat Lake; 48°06' N., 90°25' W. Not: Mud Lake, Rosa Lake. 52SE
94. S †Rose Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 1 mile long and 0.2 mile wide, along the Canadian border and partly in Superior National Forest, west of Watap Lake; 48°05'45" N., 90°21'30" W. Not: Rose Lake, Watab Lake, Watap Lake, (q.v.). BGN5006

Docket List No. 217

95. † Russian Creek: Washington, Pend Oreille County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 5 miles long, heading in the extreme northwestern part of Pend Oreille County and flowing eastward, then northward across the international boundary to the Pend d'Oreille River; 49°00'40" N., 117°22'05" W. 82 P/3
- S 96. † Saganaga Lake: Minnesota and Canada; lake about 12 miles long, on the international boundary about 12 miles northwest of Gunflint Lake; 48°15' N., 90°55' W. Not: Kaseiganah Lake, Saisaginaga Lake, Seiganaga Lake, Seiganagah Lake, Seiganagan Lake, Seiganagaw Lake, Seiganagooh Lake. 52 SE
97. † Saint Clair River: Michigan, Saint Clair County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; stream about 40 miles long, on the international boundary between Lake Huron and Lake Saint Clair; 42°33' N., 82°39' W. 40 NE
98. † Saint Croix River: Maine and Canada; stream about 90 miles long, heading in Spednik Lake and flowing generally southeastward to Passamaquoddy Bay; it forms part of the international boundary throughout its entire length; 45°05' N., 67°06' W. Not: River Saint Croix, Sainte Croix River. 21 SE
99. † Saint Lawrence River: New York and Canada; stream about 700 miles long, extending from Lake Ontario to the Gulf of Saint Lawrence; 49°30' N., 65°00' W. Not: River Saint Lawrence. BGN 5006
5007
100. † Saint Marys River: Michigan, Chippewa County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; stream about 70 miles long, between Lake Superior and Lake Huron heading between Point Iroquois and Cross Cap and entering Lake Huron below Detour; throughout much of its course it forms part of the international boundary; 45°58' N., 83°53' W. Not: River Saint Mary, Saint Mary's Strait. HO 2300
- S 101. † Sand Bay: Minnesota, Koochiching County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; bay about 1.5 miles wide, at the Rainy River outlet of Rainy Lake; the international boundary passes through this bay; 48°38' N., 93°21' W. 52 C
- S 102. † Sand Point Lake: Minnesota, Saint Louis County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 8 miles long, on the international boundary between Little Vermilion Lake and Namakan Lake; 48°24' N., 92°27' W. 52 SW
- S 103. † Seed Lake: Minnesota, Lake County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 0.7 mile long, about 0.5 mile west of Knife Lake; the international boundary passes through the southern part of this lake; 48°04'30" N., 91°19'15" W. Int. Bd. 21

Docket List No. 217

104. † Selkirk Mountains: Washington, Idaho, and Canada; mountains extending southward about 300 miles from the bend of the Columbia River in British Columbia across the international boundary between the Columbia River and the Purcell Trench to the area north of the Spokane River and Coeur d'Alene Lake; 50°00' N., 117°00' W. 82 SW/NW
105. † Semiamoo Bay: Washington, Whatcom County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; bay about 4.5 miles wide on the international boundary between British Columbia and Washington at Blaine, Washington; 49°00' N., 122°49' W. Not: Boundary Bay, Semiamo Bay, Semiamoo Bay, Semiamu Bay, Simiahmoo Bay. 92 SE
106. * Silesia Creek [U.S.]; Slesse Creek [Canada]: Washington, Whatcom County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 17 miles long, heading about 7 miles northeast of Mount Shuksan in Whatcom County, Washington, and flowing northwestward across the international boundary to the Chilliwack River about 6 miles east of the mouth of Tamihi Creek in British Columbia; its upper course is in Mount Baker National Forest; 49°04'30" N., 121°42'00" W. Not: Selacee Creek, Senehsai Creek, Senehsay Creek, Sen-eh-say Creek, Sen-eh say Creek, Silecia Creek, Silicia Creek. 92 SE
107. † Souris River: North Dakota and Canada; stream about 500 miles long, heading about 15 miles north of the city of Weyburn, Saskatchewan, and flowing generally southeastward through Minot, North Dakota, then northeastward into Manitoba, Canada, where it joins the Assiniboine River about 20 miles southeast of the city of Brandon; 49°39'40" N., 99°34'20" W. Not: Mouse River. 62 SE
108. † South Fork Hawkins Creek: Montana, Lincoln County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 7 miles long, heading in Montana and flowing northward across the international boundary to Hawkins Creek; 49°03' N., 115°57' W. Not: East Fork Hawkins Creek. Int.Ed. 16
109. † South Fork Salmo River: Idaho, Boundary County, Washington, Pend Oreille County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 20 miles long, heading in British Columbia about 3 miles southeast of Ripple Mountain and flowing southward across the international boundary into Idaho, and then generally northwestward into Washington and British Columbia to the Salmo River about 9 miles south of Salmo; 49°04'20" N., 117°16'40" N. Not: South Fork of Salmo River, South Fork Salmon River. 82 F/3

- S 110. † South Fowl Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 3 miles long, on the international boundary at the head of Pigeon River; $48^{\circ}03' N.$, $90^{\circ}00' W.$
Not: Cock Lake. 52 SE
- S 111. † South Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 4 miles long, on the international boundary west of Rose and Hat Lakes, and south of North Lake; $48^{\circ}06' N.$, $90^{\circ}32' W.$ 52 SE
112. * Spednik Lake: Maine, Washington County, and Canada, Province of New Brunswick; an irregularly shaped lake about 20 miles long; it is one of the Chipitneticook Lakes, on the Canadian-United States boundary; $45^{\circ}36'15" N.$, $67^{\circ}25'00" W.$ Not: 21 NE/SE
Spednic Lake, Spednik Lakes [former decision], Unquemenkeag Lakes.
- S 113. † Sprague Creek: Minnesota, Roseau County, and Canada, Province of Manitoba; stream about 30 miles long, heading about 4 miles southwest of Whitemouth Lake in the southeastern part of Manitoba, Canada, and flowing generally southeastward to Sprague and then southwestward across the international boundary to the Roseau River about 6.5 miles north of the village of Roseau, Minnesota; $48^{\circ}56'15" N.$, $95^{\circ}46'40" W.$ Not: Mud Creek, Sprague River. CEGN 3/22/51
114. † Starvation Creek: Montana, Flathead County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 13 miles long, heading on the north slope of the Boundary Mountains in British Columbia and flowing westward and then southwestward across the international boundary to the Flathead River about 2 miles upstream from the mouth of Kintla Creek; $48^{\circ}56' N.$, $114^{\circ}24' W.$ 1/190 #14
115. † Superior, Lake: United States and Canada; the largest of the lakes on the international boundary; $47^{\circ}30' N.$, $88^{\circ}00' W.$
Not: Lac Supérieur. 41 NW
- S 116. † Swamp Lake: Minnesota, Lake County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 0.7 mile long, on the international boundary between Saganaga Lake and Cypress Lake. $48^{\circ}11'30" N.$, $91^{\circ}02'20" W.$ 52 B
- S 117. † Swamp Portage: Minnesota, Lake County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; portage about 0.2 mile long, along the international boundary between Swamp Lake and Cypress Lake. $48^{\circ}11'20" N.$, $91^{\circ}03'00" W.$ 52 B

Docket List No. 217.

118. * Tomyhoi Creek [U.S.]; Tamihi Creek [Canada]: Washington, Whatcom County, and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 12 miles long, heading about a mile south of Mount Larrabee in Whatcom County, Washington, and flowing northwestward across the international boundary to the Chilliwack River about 8.7 miles southeast of the town of Chilliwack in British Columbia; its upper course is in Mount Baker National Forest; $49^{\circ}04' N.$, $121^{\circ}51' W.$ Not: Tamihi Creek, Taminy Creek, Tomyhoi Creek, Tummeahai Creek, Tummeahia Creek. 92 SE
119. * Wallace Pond: Vermont, Essex County, and Canada, Province of Quebec; pond about 2 miles long, on the international boundary about 4 miles northwest of the village of Canaan; $45^{\circ}01' N.$, $71^{\circ}38' W.$ Not: Leaches Lake, Leaches Pond, Wallace Lake [former decision], Wallis Pond. 21 E/4
- S 120. † Watap Lake: Minnesota, Cook County, and Canada, Province of Ontario; lake about 2.3 miles long and 0.3 mile wide, along the Canadian border and partly in Superior National Forest, east of Rove Lake; $48^{\circ}06'15" N.$, $90^{\circ}19'30" W.$ Not: Rove Lake (q.v.), Watab Lake. 52 B
121. † Waterton Lake: Montana, Glacier County, and Canada, Province of Alberta; lake about 12 miles long extending in a north-south direction across the international boundary in Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park; $49^{\circ}03' N.$, $113^{\circ}54' W.$ Not: Chief Mountain Lake, Kootenai Lake, Kutanie Lake. 82 SE
122. † Waterton River: Montana, Glacier County, and Canada, Province of Alberta; stream about 80 miles long, heading on the continental divide in Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park and flowing generally northeastward, through a number of lakes including Waterton Lake, across the international boundary to the Belly River about 22 miles southwest of Lethbridge; $49^{\circ}31' N.$, $113^{\circ}16' W.$ Not: Chief Mountain River, Little Kootenai River, Kootenai Creek, Kootenai River, Waterton Creek. 82 SE
123. † Weasel Creek: Montana, Lincoln County, and Province of British Columbia, Canada; stream about 7 miles long, heading in the northeastern part of Lincoln County and flowing eastward, northward, and northwestward across the international boundary to the Wigwam River about 0.5 mile north of the boundary; $49^{\circ}01' N.$, $114^{\circ}48' W.$ Not: East Fork, Weazel Creek. 82 SE
124. † Whitewater Creek: Montana, Phillips County, and Canada, Province of Saskatchewan; stream about 70 miles long, heading about 5 miles southeast of Canuck in Saskatchewan and flowing generally southeastward across the international boundary to the Milk River about 8 miles northwest of Saco; $48^{\circ}32'48" N.$, $107^{\circ}25'30" N.$ Not: North Fork Whitewater Creek. 72 SE

Docket List No. 217

125. † Wilson Range: Montana, Glacier County, and Canada, Province of Alberta; range about 5 miles long with elevations of over 8,000 feet, lying east of Waterton Lake and north of the headwaters of the North Fork of Belly River; it is bisected by the international boundary; $49^{\circ}00'$ N., $113^{\circ}50'$ W. 1/190 #15
- S 126. † Woods, Lake of the: Minnesota, Roseau and Lake of the Woods Counties, and Canada, Provinces of Manitoba and Ontario; lake about 60 miles in diameter, at the northernmost part of the international boundary; $49^{\circ}15'$ N., $94^{\circ}45'$ W. 52 SW
127. * Yaak River [U.S.]; Yahk River [Canada]: Montana, Lincoln County and Canada, Province of British Columbia; stream about 60 miles long, heading on Mount Yahk in Canada and flowing generally southward across the international boundary to the Kootenai River about 4 miles upstream from the Montana-Idaho border in Kootenai National Forest; $48^{\circ}33'$ N., $115^{\circ}58'$ W. Not: North Fork Yaak River [name sometimes applied to a portion of the stream], Yaac River, Yabkh River, Yak River. 82 SW

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE

Entered on
cards
3-26-59
PWB

E
MAPS
Geographic Names

623 N. Second St.
Milwaukee 3, Wis.
August 17, 1954

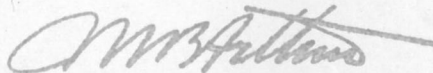
Secretary,
Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul, Minn.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your copy of the "Permanent Reference
List - Decisions of the United States Board on Geographic
Names for the State of Minnesota", as prepared by this
office. Refer to our letter of Sept. 22, 1950.
Attached ~~xx~~ are pages 34 to 38 covering recent decisions of
the U.S.B.G.N. Please insert the supplement in the booklet.

Very truly yours,

H. DEAN COCHRAN, Regional Forester



By M. B. ARTHUR, Acting

Attachments

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
710 North Sixth St., Milwaukee 3, Wisconsin

In Reply Refer to:

5660

December 19, 1961

Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your copy of the "Permanent Reference List -
Decisions of the United States Board on Geographic Names for the
State of Minnesota".

Page(s) 52 through 56 covering recent decisions of the
U.S.B.G.N. attached for insertion in the booklet.

Very truly yours,



M. B. Arthur
Regional Engineer

Attachment(s)