Minnesota Geographic Board.
Records.

Version 3
August 20, 2018

Cook County

STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION
~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

Box 147
Winton, Minnesota
29 June 1964

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Minnesota Historical Society
Cedar Street and Central Avenue
St. Paul, Minnesota 55101

Dear Mrs. Holmquist:

Thank you for your reply of 23 June concerning the proper name of Swamp River. However, the stream that I am interested in has its origin in Tom Lake, T63N, R3W and flows in a northerly direction entering the Pigeon River in T64N, R4E.

As stated in my previous letter the two names I have found for the river are Swamp and Kaweshka. It is interesting that this river does not appear in the Minnesota Geographic Board records for Cook County, as it is so named (Swamp River) of the Farquhar Peak topographic quadrangle.

Again, any help that you may provide would be appreciated.

Yours truly,

Patrick D. Karns

Patrick D. Karns
Area Game Manager

August 26, 1964

Mr. Patrick D. Karns
Area Game Manager
Dept. of Conservation
Box 147
Winton, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Karns:

At long last we have had some time to do research on the problem of Swamp River about which you wrote us in June. So far as we can determine you are absolutely correct in assuming that the name of this river is Kawishka River. Our map sources are uniform in this usage, although they do show variant spellings. Only the Farquhar Peak quadrangle carries the name as Swamp, which is apparently an error.

If we can be of further assistance, please write us again.

Very truly yours,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist, Deputy to
Russell W. Fridley, Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board

All the cook county maps in our files which show this river which flows from ~~the~~ Tom lake first southeasterly, then northeasterly call it the Kaweshka river (except one which varies the spelling to "Kawaska river")

Many of the earlier maps are undated, but I found no ~~[illegible]~~ map showing a swamp river flowing from Tom Lake

These are the dated maps:

A Map of the Fire Relief Measures in Cook and Lake Counties published by the board of relief under Gov. J.A.O.Preus .

A Feb. 1925 Map of cook county pencilled with 18F. 31 Minn. Highway Dept. 8"

A Map published by the A & E Supply Company of Duluth, prepared by Victor Benson and receive by MHS from Cook County Clerk of Court in 1938

A 1939 map published by the same company, this one prepared by a Wm. Johnson of Duluth, ~~[illegible]~~ shows the ~~[illegible]~~ KAWASKA river flowing from Tom lake

- - - - - -

Winchell's map of cook county in vol 4 of the Geological and Natural History Survey of Minn. does not label what I take to be Tom lake or the stream that flows out of it...the river should be at least partially contained in the Mountain Lake plate, it would seem, but instead a MISSAIEH river is shown exiting into Pigeon river at about English Portage.

June 23, 1964

Mr. Patrick D. Karns
Area Game Manager
Division of Game and Fish
Minnesota Dept. of Conservation
Box 147
Winton, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Karns:

Your letter of May 15 has at last found its way to my desk. Sorry it has taken so long to reply to your inquiry about the correct name of Swamp River.

If this is the stream which we list as rising in T63N, R3E, and flowing southeast into Devil's Track Lake in T62N, R1W, then its official name is Junco Creek. It was so named by the United States Geographic Board in 1959, and it is the only cross-reference we have under the name "Swamp River" in the Minnesota Geographic Board records for Cook County.

We hope this information will be of help to you.

Very truly yours,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley,
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic
Board

James Creek
2-10-57

T 63N, R1E
SE to Devil Track
Lake
T62N, R1W

STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION
~~SAINT PAUL~~

Box 147
Winton, Minnesota
15 May 1964

Mr. Russel Fridley
Director
Minnesota Historical Society
Cedar and Central
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Fridley;

I am currently engaged in some waterfowl work on the Swamp River in Townships 63 and 64 North of Range 4 East in Cook County. In reviewing some maps of the area I find this river goes under two names, the Swamp and the lesser known name Kaweshka. I have attempted to do some research into the names using the National Parks library materials at Grand Marais but was unable to find any reference to the river.

As we are assigning a name to a proposed major waterfowl impondment I would like to have the proper name of the river, preferably the Indian name Kaweshka. Do you have any data on this that would clarify the issue? Any assistance would be appreciated in this matter.

Yours truly,

Patrick D. Karns

Patrick D. Karns
Area Game Manager
Division of Game and Fish

June 27, 1963

Mr. Alfred H. Rindahl
County Auditor
Cook County
Grand Marais, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Rindahl:

The enclosed copy of a Resolution naming Surber Lake in your county is returned to you herewith for filing. The name has now been officially approved by both the Minnesota Geographic Board and the U. S. Board on Geographic Names.

Very truly yours,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Names

JDH/th
encl

RESOLUTION NO. 62-27

A RESOLUTION APPROVING NAME FOR A LAKE LOCATED IN SECTION 9, TOWHSHIP 64 NORTH, RANGE 1 WEST.

WHEREAS, the Minnesota State Geographic Board by Petition dated May 7th, 1962, now on file in the office of the County Auditor, has suggested that a small body of water now unnamed or known only as "Lake X" be named SURBER LAKE, in honor of Dr. Thaddeus Surber, a dedicated conservationist who did much to further the knowledge and management of Minnesota's fisheries resources, and

WHEREAS, such recommended change is in the opinion of this Board well considered and apt and should be adopted;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that this Board go on record as approving the suggested name as set forth in said petition and that the County Auditor be and he hereby is authorized and directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Minnesota State Geographic Board.

STATE OF MINNESOTA)
County of Cook) ss
Auditor's Office)

I, Alfred H. Rindahl, Auditor of the County of Cook, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing with the original resolution filed in said office on the 9th day of May, 1962, and that the same is a true copy thereof, and of the whole of said original.

Witness my hand and seal of office at Grand Marais, Minnesota, this 14th day of May, 1962.

Approved by Minnesota Geographic Board

Carl Ahlquist

Glenn Stout

Russell W. Fridley

Alfred H. Rindahl
County Auditor
Cook County, Minnesota

MGB
approved
12-30-1960
Subject to
County approval

RESOLUTION NO. 61- 46

RESOLUTION APPROVING CHANGE OF NAME OF ONE LAKE IN THE SUPERIOR NATIONAL FOREST AREA OF COOK COUNTY.

WHEREAS, the Minnesota Geographic Board by Petition dated October 27, 1961 now on file in the office of the County Auditor has recommended to change the name of South Round Lake to TOPPER LAKE to eliminate duplication of names, and

WHEREAS, such recommended change is in the opinion of this Board well considered and apt and should be adopted;

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED that this Board go on record as approving the suggested change of name as set forth in said petition and that the County Auditor be and he hereby is authorized and directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Minnesota State Geographic Board.

STATE OF MINNESOTA)
County of Cook) ss
Auditor's Office)

I, Alfred H. Rindahl, Auditor of the County of Cook, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing with the original resolution filed in said office on the 8th day of November, 1961, and that the same is a true copy thereof, and of the whole of said original.

Witness my hand and seal of office at Grand Marais, Minnesota, this 8th day of November, 1961.

Alfred H. Rindahl
County Auditor.

October 27, 1961

Mr. Alfred H. Rindahl
County Auditor
Cook County
Grand Marais, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Rindahl:

Enclosed is a petition from the Minnesota Geographic Board suggesting a change in the names of one lake in the Superior National Forest area of Cook County. This change was initiated by the United States Forest Service in an effort to reduce duplication of the name Round Lake.

The change has been approved by the Minnesota Geographic Board subject to the approval of the Cook County Board of Commissioners. You will recall that we sent you a similar request in 1960. The enclosed name will not go into effect until your board has acted. The County Board's action should take the form of a resolution indicating its approval or disapproval of this name.

May we hear from you about this matter in the near future?

Sincerely,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist, Deputy to
Russell W. Fridley, Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

JDH:pns

Enclosure

A PETITION

To the Board of County Commissioners of Cook County:

The State Geographic Board hereby petitions that your honorable board review and accept the following name for a geographic feature located in Cook County and described below, for the reasons given. This name was submitted to the State Geographic Board by the United States Forest Service. It is subject to the approval of the Cook County Board of Commissioners before it can be used.

TOPPER LAKE (not South Round Lake). T. 65 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 27 (120 acres).

Round is a much duplicated name in the state. The lake is on the highlands near the divide, hence the proposed name, Topper, is appropriate and would reduce duplication.

August 1, 1962

Mr. Prout
Mr. Odquist

The United States Geographic Board requests an opinion from the Minnesota Geographic Board on the three names -- Devil Track Lake, Devil Track River, and Little Devil Track River -- on the attached list (marked in blue.).

The Board's records indicate that these names originally appeared without an "s". Recent usage has in some cases added an "s".

Will you send me any additional comments or information you have on the matter, so we can give the U.S. Board an answer.

June D. Holmquist
Minnesota Historical Society

(Please return this list.)

Cook

STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION
SAINT PAUL 1

August 8, 1962

Ms. June D. Holmquist
Minnesota Historical Society
Historical Building
Saint Paul, Minnesota

Dear Mrs. Holmquist:

This has reference to your letter of August 1, addressed to me and Mr. Odquist, relative to the correct name for Devil Track Lake.

I referred your letter to Mr. S. A. Frellsen, Director of the Division of Waters, for investigation and he has advised me as follows:

"The name Devil Track (no s) appears on all information available in the files of the Division of Waters. This includes maps dating from an 1852 report when the original Indian name was used to a 1948 Division of Game and Fish map and report. The name Devil Track was also used in House Document No. 79, 73rd Congress, 1st Session 1933."

I am forwarding a copy of this letter, together with your file, to Mr. Odquist for his comments and return to your office.

Very truly yours

Clarence Prout
Commissioner of Conservation

r
cc/Odquist

Cook Co

May 4, 1962

Mr. M. B. Arthur
Regional Engineer
U. S. Dept. of Agriculture
Forest Service
710 N. Sixth St.
Milwaukee 3, Wisconsin

Dear Mr. Arthur:

This is to advise you that the Minnesota Geographic Board on May 2, 1962, approved the seven name changes as submitted in your letter of February 19, 1962. (A copy of your letter is enclosed listing the changes which were approved.)

We will forward these names to the United States Board on Geographic Names, which will probably want a supporting statement from your organization.

In addition to the above names, the State Board gave tentative approval to a proposal to name "Lake X" in T. 64, R. 1 W., sec. 9 of the Cook County area of Superior National Forest in honor of Dr. Thaddeus Surber, a dedicated man who did much for the conservation and management of Minnesota's fisheries resources. Dr. Surber has been dead for some years, and the Minnesota Section of the Wildlife Society favored the naming of a lake for him. Since the lake in question is a reclaimed trout lake, known only as Lake X, the State Board felt that this small (7.2 acre) body of water might serve as a fitting memorial to Dr. Surber.

Will you advise us whether the designation of Surber Lake meets with the approval of your organization. We shall look forward to hearing from you in the near future.

Very truly yours,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board

Encl. 4

May 4, 1962

Mr. Alfred H. Hindahl
Cook County Auditor
Grand Marais, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Hindahl:

Enclosed is a copy of the minutes of the Cook County Board of Commissioners approving changes in the names of certain lakes within the county. This is to advise you that the names were officially approved by the Minnesota Geographic Board on May 2, 1962. This copy is returned to you for filing with the county register of deeds.

Very truly yours,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board

The following is an excerpt from the minutes of the meeting of the Cook County Board of Commissioners held on January 23, 1962:

"Harry Mathews, District Ranger, appeared before the board with a list of Geographic Name Changes on which County Board approval is desired by the U. S. Forest Service. It was moved by Raiken and seconded by Backlund that the following names and changes of names be approved":

1. BALLY CREEK. According to our records the creek approved as Bally Creek previously was in error as the approval listed Bally Creek as "a creek that rises in Section 17, T61N, R1W and flows westerly entering Cascade River in Section 13, T61N, R2W". Apparently the maps available at that time did not have all the streams indicated or were not in sufficient detail so that the name Bally was therefore applied to the wrong feature at the time it was submitted for approval. We note that the Bally homestead was the S½SW¼, Sec. 4 of T61N, R1W. A correction of the previously approved name should be requested as the creek originating in Sections 3 and 10 of T61N, R1W and flowing westerly through Sections 9, 8 and 7 and into the Cascade River in Section 12 of T61N, R2W is BALLY CREEK.

2. The creek previously approved as Bally Creek which rises in Sec. 13, T61N, R2W we indicate on our maps as SUNDLING CREEK. We would appreciate receiving approval of this correction also.

3. Numerous maps and lists published over the years have indicated the name Pipe Lake on different lakes in the same general area. Until now we have East Pipe Lake, West Pipe Lake, Middle Pipe Lake, and Pipe Lake - with Pipe Lake west of West Pipe Lake and confusion resulting therefrom. We would like to clarify this situation by adopting the names as follows for the features listed:

   a. PIPE LAKE. The lake in Sections 4 and 5, T62N,R3W. (now known as Middle Pipe, Mid Pipe, Midpipe and Pipe Lake)

   b. EAST PIPE LAKE. The lake in Section 3, T62N, R3W. (now known as East Pipe Lake).

   c. WEST PIPE LAKE. The lake in the NW¼ of Section 5, T62N, R3W. (now known as West Pipe Lake)

   d. STEM LAKE. The lake in Section 6, T62N, R3W, Sec. 31, T63N, R3W, and Section 36, T63N, R4W. (This lake is indicated on some maps as Pipe Lake and listed as Pipe Lake but confusion results due to its being west of West Pipe Lake. This lake has two larger bodies of water connected by a narrow stem or strait, so it appears that the name STEM would be descriptive.)

4. OMEGA LAKE. The lake in Sections 19 and 20, T64N, R2W and Sections 23 and 24, T64N, R3W.

   Some maps list this lake as ONEGA LAKE. Several Creek letter names were used for lake names years ago as appear in the listing in the Natural History Survey of 1898. We can only assume that since there is an Alpha Lake (Sec. 18, T64N, R2W) and a Beta Lake (Sec. 18, T64N, R2W), both of which are close to this lake, that this lake was intended to be named OMEGA which would be in agreement with the listing in the 1928 Gazetteer of Meandered Lakes of Minnesota also.

5. LAKE KINOGAMI. The lake in Sections 8, 9, 10, 16, 17 of T62N, R3W.

This lake is shown on the maps as Long Lake. To eliminate some of the duplications of names such as Long Lakes, we previously recommended a change to WILLOW LAKE for this feature. The State Board did not approve this change on the basis that the name "WILLOW" is almost as widely duplicated as "Long". the name KINOGAMI is a Cree Indian word meaning Long waters or Long space of waters.

STATE OF MINNESOTA)
County of Cook) ss.
Auditor's Office)

I, Alfred H. Rindahl, Auditor of the County of Cook, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing with the original motion of the Cook County Board Minutes dated January 23, 1962 and that the same is a true copy thereof.

Witness my hand and seal of office at Grand Marais, Minnesota this 1st day of March, 1962.

Alfred H. Rindahl
County Auditor
Cook County, Minnesota

SEAL

Approved by Minnesota Geographic Board
May 2, 1962

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
NORTH CENTRAL REGION
710 N. SIXTH STREET, MILWAUKEE 3, WISCONSIN

IN REPLY REFER TO:

5660

February 19, 1962

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

Dear Mrs. Holmquist:

The following names recommendations for features within the Superior National Forest are the result of our investigation of some of the problems which came to our attention during our recent geographic names review. Though we are continuing our effort to resolve the many questions still facing us, we are anxious to obtain approval of those names in Cook County on which we have completed our investigation.

The Forest Supervisor submitted the eight cases discussed below to the Cook County Board. He reports that all of these names were approved at their regular meeting held on January 23, 1962. We therefore submit these recommendations for your consideration before we submit our final recommendations to the U. S. Board on Geographic Names.

1. BALLY CREEK: stream about 4.6 miles long, in Superior National Forest, heading about 2 miles south of Devil Track Lake and 5.2 miles northwest of the center of Grand Marais in sec. 10, T. 61 N., R. 1 W., 4th principal meridian; 47°47'16" N., 90°25'48" W. and flowing westward to the Cascade River about 6 miles above its entry into Lake Superior; Cook County; SE¼ sec. 12, T. 61 N., R. 2 W., 4th principal meridian; 47°46'48" N., 90°31'18" W. Not: Baldy Creek, Blackwell Creek.

2. EAST PIPE LAKE: lake about .8 mile long and .25 mile wide, comprising about 110 acres, in Superior National Forest, about 8.3 miles east of Sawbill Lake and 17.0 miles north of Lutsen; Cook County; secs. 3 and 4, T. 62 N., R. 3 W., and sec. 34, T. 63 N., R. 3 W., 4th principal meridian; 47°53'10" N., 90°41'39" W.

3. KINOGAMI LAKE: lake about 2.1 miles long and .1 mile wide, comprising about 115 acres, in Superior National Forest, about 2.3 miles west of Cascade Lake and 14.9 miles north of Lutsen; Cook County; secs. 8, 9, 10, 16, and 17, T. 62 N., R. 3 W., 4th principal meridian; 47°51'43" N., 90°43'22" W. Not: Long Lake, Willow Lake.

Growth Through Agricultural Progress

4. OMEGA LAKE: lake about 1.9 miles long and .25 mile wide, comprising about 145 acres, in Superior National Forest, about 6.6 miles south of the Minnesota-Ontario border and 4.9 miles east of Long Island Lake; Cook County; secs. 19 and 30, T. 64 N., R. 2 W., and secs. 23, 24, and 25, T. 64 N., R. 3 W., 4th principal meridian; 48°00'28" N., 90°38'29" W. Not: Onega Lake.

former decision

5. PIPE LAKE: lake about 1.7 miles long and .3 mile wide, comprising about 301 acres, in Superior National Forest, about 6.9 miles east of Sawbill Lake and 16.7 miles north of Lutsen; Cook County; secs. 4 and 5, T. 62 N., R. 3 W., 4th principal meridian; 47°52'58" N., 90°43'27" W. Not: Middle Pipe Lake, Mid Pipe Lake, Midpipe Lake.

former decision

6. STEM LAKE: lake about .7 mile long and .1 mile wide, comprising about 40 acres, in Superior National Forest, about 5.2 miles east of Sawbill Lake and 17.4 miles north of Lutsen; Cook County; sec. 6, T. 62 N., R. 3 W., sec. 31, T. 63 N., R. 3 W., and sec. 36, T. 63 N., R. 4 W., 4th principal meridian; 47°53'25" N., 90°45'40" W. Not: Pipe Lake.

7. SUNDLING CREEK: stream about 6.0 miles long, in Superior National Forest, heading about 3 miles south of Devil Track Lake and 4.3 miles west-northwest of the center of Grand Marais in sec. 11, T. 61 N., R. 1 W., 4th principal meridian, 47°46'32" N., 90°24'58" W., and flowing westward to the Cascade River about 4.75 miles above its entry into Lake Superior; Cook County; SE¼ sec. 13, T. 61 N., R. 2 W., 4th principal meridian; 47°45'52" N., 90°31'17" W. Not: Bally Creek (former decision).

8. WEST PIPE LAKE: lake about .3 mile long and .1 mile wide, comprising about 18 acres, in Superior National Forest, about 6.1 miles east of Sawbill Lake, and 17.2 miles north of Lutsen; Cook County; sec. 5, T. 62 N., R. 3 W., 4th principal meridian; 47°53'18" N., 90°44'32" W.

We offer the following comments to more fully explain our reasons for recommending these names and enclose a sketch map of the Pipe Lake group:

1. BALLY CREEK. This name was approved by the USBGN in a decision rendered between July 7, 1941 and June 30, 1943 for, "A creek that rises in Sec. 17, T. 61 N., R. 1 W., and flows westerly entering Cascade River in Sec. 13, T. 61 N., R. 2 W., 4th P.M.,...."

   We believe the description published with this decision to be in error as it more closely identifies a creek locally known as Sundling Creek, and so shown on our 2 inch scale township map and the USGS 1:24,000 scale Devil Track Lake, Minnesota, 7½' quadrangle. Both of these maps agree with local usage of the name Bally Creek and apply it to the creek running parallel to Sundling Creek about a mile to the north.

   Because of the generalized and inaccurate maps available in the past, the name probably was applied to the wrong feature at the time it was submitted to the USBGN for decision. Accordingly, a corrected decision will eliminate any further confusion and error.

2. EAST PIPE LAKE. The name of this lake has never been questioned. However, because of descrepancies current within the Pipe Lake group, official confirmation of this name, concurrent with the approval of recommendations for other names in this group, will probably provide the best final solution to the problem.

3. KINOGAMI LAKE. This name is proposed in preference to the present commonly, duplicated name, Long Lake. A previous suggestion, Willow Lake, was disapproved as being almost as widely duplicated as Long Lake. The name, Kinogami, is a Cree Indian word meaning "long waters" or "long space of waters".

4. OMEGA LAKE. The spelling of this name has been long in question. The variation, Onega, has appeared on most of the older maps of the area. According to your letter of October 16, 1961, Onega Lake was approved by the Minnesota Geographic Board on December 2, 1940, following a recommendation by the Forest Service on August 2, 1939. We understand that the Forest Service recommendations were made in person by a Forest Officer and we do not have a record of them in this office.

   However, prior to the publication of the 1950 Forest Service Lake Directory and subsequently, our 1953 2-inch scale township map, it was determined that Omega was the correct spelling. A recent report from the Forest Supervisor bears this out, as does the 1928 Gazeteer of Meandered Lakes of Minnesota.

   The probability that Omega, the last letter of the Greek alphabet, was the intent when naming this lake is supported by the proximity of two other lakes for which Greek letter names were used, Alpha Lake and Beta Lake in adjoining section 18. Both lakes are named in the elevation listings contained in the Natural History Survey of 1898.

   We feel that the evidence strongly suggests that Omega was the name given to this lake and that its official adoption would promote uniformity of usage and eliminate existing conflicts.

5. PIPE LAKE. This is the largest and most centrally located of all the lakes in the Pipe Lake group. Both it and a smaller lake about 1½ miles to the west of it were listed as Pipe Lake in the 1928 Gazetteer of Meandered Lakes of Minnesota.

   The confusion resulting from the close proximity of two Pipe Lakes was partially resolved by referring to the larger as Middle Pipe Lake, probably because of its central location. On subsequent small scale maps this was abbreviated to Mid. Pipe Lake, and, again referring to your letter of October 16, 1961, designated as Mid Pipe Lake, (the period having been dropped) by the Minnesota Geographic Board on December 2, 1940, also recommended by the Forest Service on August 2, 1939.

   This solution, however, has not proven to be completely satisfactory. The result has been a multiplicity of names for the larger Pipe Lake, and confusion caused by the smaller Pipe Lake being located west of West Pipe Lake. Returning to the name Pipe Lake for the larger, when coupled with

our recommendation for renaming the smaller, Stem Lake (q.v.) seems to be a logical answer to this problem.

6. STEM LAKE. This is a new name for this feature, chosen to help solve the problem discussed in case #5, Pipe Lake. This lake consists of two larger bodies of water joined by a narrow stem or strait. The name Stem Lake would thus be descriptive as well as retaining a touch of the original idea through the pipe-stem connotation.

7. SUNDLING CREEK. This case has been described under case #1, Bally Creek.

8. WEST PIPE LAKE. As in case #2, East Pipe Lake, this name has not been questioned but its confirmation will help to reduce the confusion surrounding the Pipe Lake group.

We hope the foregoing information will assist you in your deliberations. If you find that additional facts are needed before reaching a decision on any of these names, please contact us.

We are forwarding a copy of this letter to the USGS Regional Engineer in Rolla, Missouri to provide him with advance notice that these changes are being considered. The USGS is preparing quadrangle maps of this area and we hope to be able to obtain your decisions in time to have the final names appear on their published maps.

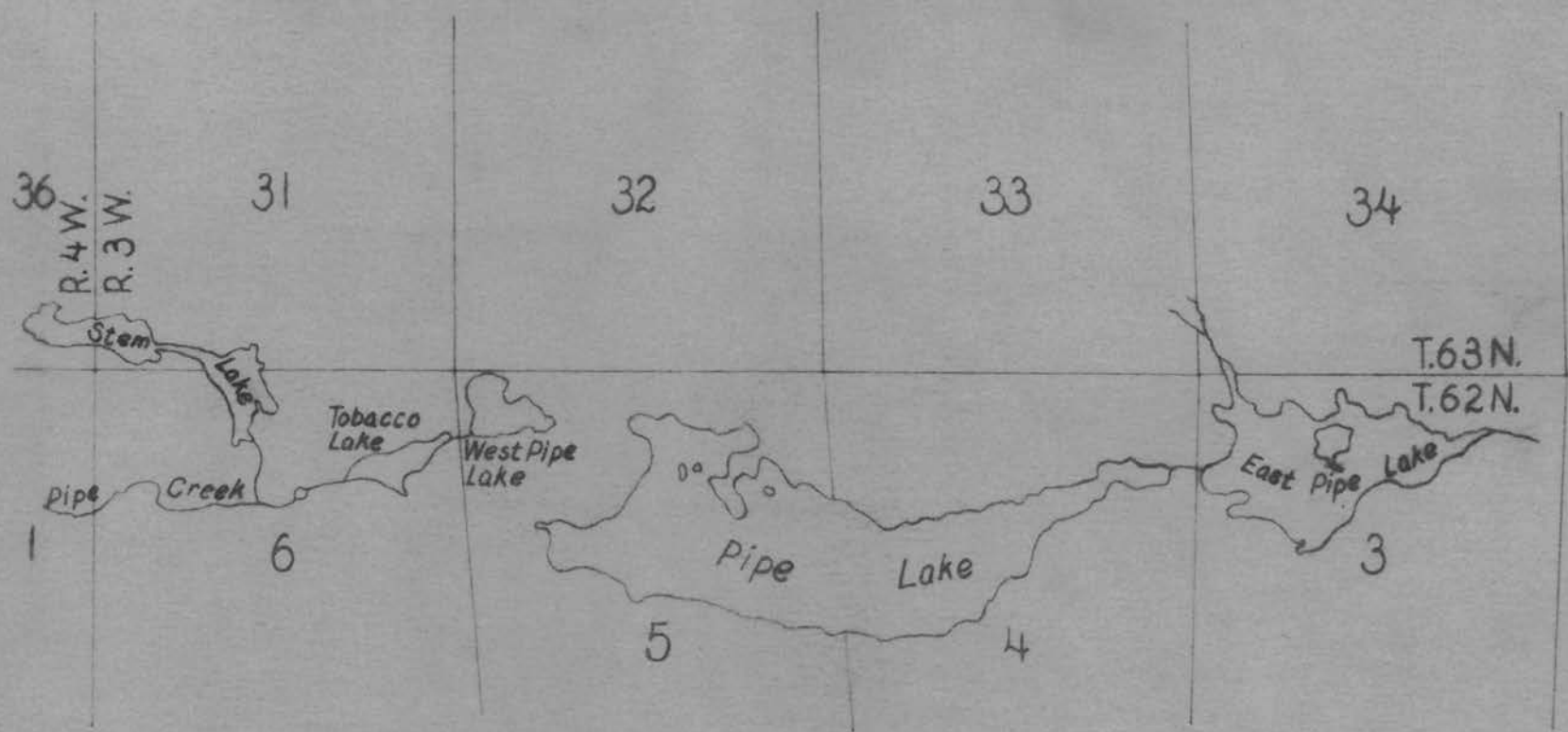
Sincerely yours,

M. B. Arthur

M. B.ARTHUR
Regional Engineer

Enclosure

PIPE LAKE GROUP
Cook County, Minnesota



Scale 2" = 1 mile

Proposed Geographic Names - Superior N.F.
Cook Co. Bd. 1/23/62 – U.S.F.S. 2/19/62

February 23, 1962

Mr. M. B. Arthur, Regional Engineer
United States Department of Agriculture
Forest Service
710 North 6th Street
Milwaukee 3, Wisconsin

Your File No. 5660

Dear Mr. Arthur:

We have your letter of February 19 requesting that the Minnesota Geographic Board review the eight name changes listed. The board plans to meet in the near future, and we will endeavor to be ready to present these names.

Before the board will consider the matter, however, it requires two certified copies of the resolution of the Cook County Board of Commissioners, which you say was enacted on January 23, 1962. Can you supply or obtain such copies, or do you wish me to write directly to the county clerk about this matter?

Sincerely,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist,
Deputy Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board

JDH/th

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
NORTH CENTRAL REGION
710 N. SIXTH STREET, MILWAUKEE 3, WISCONSIN

IN REPLY REFER TO:

5660

March 7, 1962

Your reference:
February 23, 1962

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

Dear Mrs. Holmquist:

We are enclosing two certified copies of an excerpt from the minutes of the meeting of the Cook County Board of Commissioners held on January 23, 1962.

If additional information is necessary to enable the Geographic Board to complete its review, we will be happy to provide it.

Sincerely yours,

M. B. ARTHUR
Regional Engineer

Enclosures

Growth Through Agricultural Progress

914 Maine Road, Sigsbee Park
Key West, Florida
May 31, 1962

Director of State Parks
Department of Conservation
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Mr Hella,

It has been suggested to me that you are the one to write to for the information that I seek. I wrote to the Chamber of Commerce in Grand Marais for maps or brochures of the Peter Kadunce State Park and the small river of the same name. They in turn sent my letter to Miss Olga Solberg who is trying to get some information from the Courthouse records. (She is the President of the County Historical Society) In the meantime she suggested my writing to you and ask you for the history of the Park.

Peter Kadunce is my maternal grandfather, his daughter Julia was my mother. My mother died in 1952 and so my news from up Minnesota way is slow. My husband is retiring next year from the Navy on thirty years and I have two children finishing up in high school this year so I would like to complete their historical before they leave home. I want them to be proud of their Indian heritage so I hope that you can tell me something about this park.

I am more than willing to pay the costs of your troubles for me just so I can have something to show or give them.

I thank very much.

Sincerely,

Signed Mrs. F. C. Clock
original in files
of Div. of State Parks
Minn. Conservation Dept.

G.H.H.
7/31/62

STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
1123 MESABA AVE.
DULUTH, MINN.

February 26, 1962

Mr. Russell W. Fridley
Minnesota Historical Society
Cedar Street and Central Avenue
Saint Paul 1, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Fridley: Re: River Names
T.H. 61 - C.S. 1603

This is to advise you that we will change the name "Arrowhead River" to "Brule River" on the highway signs in accordance with information furnished in your letter of February 23, 1962.

Thank you for your interest in this matter.

Yours very truly,

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

L. H. Miller
District Engineer

C. E. Riser

By: C. E. Riser
District Traffic Engineer

Cook County

February 23, 1962

Mr. L. H. Miller
District Engineer
Minnesota Department of Highways
Messaba Avenue
Duluth, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Miller:

On November 22, 1960, the Minnesota Geographic Board unanimously acted to change the name of the Arrowhead River to the Brule River. The U.S. Geographic Board subsequently approved this action. Actually "Brule" has always been the official name of this stream. "Arrowhead" was never approved as its official name, but for some reason was adopted without state sanction. What the Board did was simply to restore the historic and official name of this river to its rightful place.

?

Will you please have the signs so designating this river as "Arrowhead" replaced by "Brule?" It will be appreciated if you will let me know when the new signs are erected so that the records of the Geographic Board can be kept up to date.

Sincerely yours,

Russell W. Fridley
Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board

F/t
cc: June Holmquist

C O P Y

COOK COUNTY HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

Grand Marais, Minnesota

J. S. Harrison
County Highway Engineer

Dec. 24, 1957

Mr. V. H. Benson
District Maintenance Engineer
Duluth, Minnesota

Dear Vic:

Found time today to make a search of the old county board proceedings.

A petition was submitted to the Cook County Board of Commissioners on May 13, 1925, asking that the name of the Brule River be changed to Arrowhead River.

On June 15th, 1925, the County Board, by unanimous vote, changed the name to Arrowhead River.

The present sign at the Kadunce River parking area is spelled "KODONCE".

KADUNCE is the proper spelling.

The natives tell me that Peter Kadunce, who owned property adjacent to the Kadunce River, is buried in that area. He was a Chippewa Indian and was buried in Indian fashion with the shelter over his grave. His name appears on the abstract to my property. This property is about 1/3 mile west of the Kadunce River.

Yours very truly,

J. S. Harrison /s/

COOK COUNTY

According to the records of the Minnesota Geographic Board, the following names have been in use more than 40 years. (The numbers refer to the cases as listed in the Forest Service list of proposals.)

1. BIRCH LAKE (sug. name Whitewood Lake) T. 65 N., R. 1 W., Sec. 31; T. 65 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 34, 35, 36.

There are two other well known Birch Lakes in Superior N.F., the name Birch being approved by the U.S. Board of Geographic Names for both of them. The proposed name recognized the prevalence of White Birch (Whitewood) in the area.

2. IRON LAKE (sug. name Ferrum Lake) T. 65 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 31, 32, 33, 34.

The proposed name (Ferrum) is Latin for Iron.

5. CRAB LAKE (sug. name Crawfish Lake) T. 65 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 29, 30; R. 3 W., Sec. 25.

The name Crab is duplicated on a lake in T. 63 N., R. 13, 14 W; the latter also has been in use more than 40 years. The proposed name (Crawfish) was suggested because they are common in this lake.

6. CHUB LAKE (sug. name Prospector Lake) T. 65 N., R. 4 W., Sec. 20, 29.

There are at least three other Chub Lakes in or near the Superior N.F. That in T. 58 N., R. 7 W. was also submitted by Forest Service and is eligible for change. The proposed name (Prospector) came from the prospect holes or test pits found near the lake.

8. BAT LAKE (sug. name Stuntz Lake) Not: Gills, Bat Gills, Gillis, Muscovado. T. 65 N., R. 5 W., Sec. 36.

There is another Bat Lake in T. 60 N., R. 5 W. The proposed name (Stuntz) honored one of the original surveyors of the area. It is also duplicated elsewhere in the state.

10. DUCK LAKE (sug. name Ringbill Lake) T. 63 N., R. 5 W., Sec. 11, 12.

There are at least three other Duck Lakes in or near Superior N.F. That in T. 64, 65 N., R. 13 W. has also been in use more than 40 years. That in T. 57 N., R. 10 W. was also submitted by the Forest Service and eligible for change. The proposed name (Ringbill) is that of a specific kind of duck.

20. LITTLE TROUT LAKE (sug. name Balch Lake) T. 63 N., R. 1 W., Sec. 5, 6.

There are two other Little Trout Lakes in or near Superior N.F. The proposed name (Balch) honored an early settler.

21. EAST TWIN LAKE (sug. name Bluff Lake) T. 63 N., R. 1 W., Sec. 25, 36.

The name Twin in various forms is applied to 7 other lakes in or near Superior N.F. Those in T. 63 N., R. 1 E. and T. 63 N., R. 1 W. (West Twin) have also been in use more than 40 years. Those in T. 60 N., R. 6 W. and T. 63 N., R. 9, 10 W. were submitted by Forest Service and appear eligible for change. The proposed name (Bluff) came from a high bluff on the south side of the lake.

22. WEST TWIN LAKE (sug. name Reef Lake) T. 63 N., R. 1 W., Sec. 25, 26, 35, 36.

See case 21 above. The proposed name came from a reef found in the lake.

23. PINE, LITTLE PINE LAKE (sug. name Trestle) T. 63 N., R. 1 W., Sec. 35, 36.

Names of three other Pine lakes in T. 64, 65 N., R. 2, 3 E; T. 63 N., R. 15 W.; and T. 57, 58 N., R. 11, 12 W. have also been in use more than 40 years. That in T. 62 N., R. 3, 4 W. was suggested by Forest Service and is eligible for change until 1958. The proposed name (Trestle) is duplicated elsewhere in the state.

24. ECHO LAKE (sug. name Whistle Lake) T. 63 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 7, 8, 9.

The name Echo is applied to two other lakes in or near Superior N.F. That in T. 66 N., R. 16, 17 W. has also been in use more than 40 years. The proposed name (Whistle) is derived from Whistling Swans.

25. SWAN LAKE (sug. name Trumpeter Lake) T. 63 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 11, 12.

There is another Swan Lake in T. 65 N., R. 20 W. The proposed name (Trumpeter) came from Trumpeter Swan.

27. SWAMP LAKE (sug. name Staples Lake) T. 64 N., R. 1 W., Sec. 17, 18.

Of the seven other duplications of Swamp Lake in or near Superior N.F. one in T. 66 N., R. 5 W., has been approved by the U.S. Board of Geographic Names; one in T. 63 N., R. 4, 5 E. is known as RESERVATION SWAMP LAKE not SWAMP LAKE; two in T. 62 N., R. 2 W., and T. 58 N., R. 12 W. have also been in use more than 40 years. That in T. 61 N., R. 6 W. was submitted by the Forest Service and appears eligible for change.

28. CARIBOU LAKE (sug. name Walleye Lake) T. 64 N., R. 1, 2 W., Sec. 18, 19, 13.

The proposed name (Walleye) is much duplicated elsewhere in the state. Of the three other Caribou Lakes in or near Superior N.F. those in T. 65 N., R. 1 E.; and T. 60, 61 N., R. 3 W. have also been in use more than 40 years. That in T. 66 N., R. 6 W. was submitted by the Forest Service and appears eligible for change.

29. HORSESHOE LAKE (sug. name Curve Lake) T. 64 N., R. 1, 2 W., Sec. 19, 20, 24, 29.

The name Horseshoe is applied to three other lakes in or near Superior N.F. The proposed name (Curve) came from the shape of the lake.

30. PORTAGE LAKE (sug. name Carry Lake) T. 64 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 3, 4, 5;
T. 65 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 33

The Forest Service list states that this name is duplicated on a lake in T. 64 N., R. 8 W., but the Minnesota Geographic Board's records do not reveal such a duplication. The proposed name (Carry) retained some of the meaning of portage.

31. MOON LAKE (sug. name Gisiss Lake) T. 64 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 16, 17, 20, 21.

The name Moon is applied to two other lakes in or near Superior N.F. That in T. 65 N., R. 6 W. was also submitted by the Forest Service and appears eligible for change. That in T. 64 N., R. 1 E. appears to be either Deer Lake, Rocky Lake, or Sucker Lake, and must be erroneously listed as Moon. The proposed name (Gisiss) is Chippewa for moon.

33. CROOKED LAKE (sug. name Twist Lake) T. 64 N., R. 5 W., Sec. 10, 11, 12, 14.

Of the three other Crooked Lakes in Superior N.F., those in T. 59 N., R. 6 W., and T. 66 N., R. 11, 12 W. have also been in use for more than 40 years. The proposed name was suggested by the shape of the lake.

34. CARIBOU LAKE (sug. name Reindeer Lake) T. 65 N., R. 1 E., Sec. 32, 33, 34, 35, 36.

See above case 28. The proposed name came from the fact that the caribou is the common American reindeer.

36. ELBOW LAKE (sug. name Ulna Lake) T. 60, 61 N., R. 5, 6 W., Sec. 1, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36.

The name Elbow is used for four other lakes in Superior N.F. Those in T. 57 N., R. 18 W.; T. 62 N., R. 1 E.; and T. 64 N., R. 18 W. have also been in use more than 40 years. The proposed name (Ulna) is Latin for Elbow.

37. CEDAR LAKE (sug. name Redhead Lake) T. 60 N., R. 5 W., Sec. 22.

There are two other Cedar lakes in Superior N.F. That in T. 65, 66 N., R. 6 W. was also submitted by the Forest Service. The proposed name came from a duck common in the area.

39. EAST PIKE LAKE (sug. name Union Jack Lake) T. 65 N., R. 2, 3 E., Sec. 25, 26, 35, 36, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32.

Two other Pike lakes in T. 61 N., R. 2 W. and T. 60 N., R. 10 W. (U.S. Board of Geographic Names approved) have also been in use for more than 40 years. The proposed name recalled some of the history of the area, since it was at one time under the British flag.

40. WEST PIKE LAKE (sug. name Tricolor Lake) T. 65 N., R. 2 E., Sec. 26, 27, 28, 29, 30.

See above case 39. The proposed name recalled the fact that the region was at one time under French rule.

54. CROSS RIVER (sug. name Gunflint River) Source in Cross Bay Lake, Sec. 2, T. 64 N., R. 4 W.; flows in a northerly direction and empties into Gunflint Lake in Sec. 19, T. 65 N., R. 3 W.

The name Cross River duplicates that of the well-known stream flowing into Lake Superior at Schroeder. The proposed name (Gunflint) is suggested because the stream flows into Gunflint Lake.

60. LOST LAKE (sug. name Missed Lake) T. 61 N., R. 5 W., Sec. 30, and T. 61 N., R. 6 W., Sec. 25.

Of the three other Lost lakes in Superior N.F., that in T. 62 N., R. 16 W. has also been in use more than 40 years. The proposed name retained some of the general meaning of the present name.

LAKE COUNTY

According to the records of the Minnesota Geographic Board, the following names have been in use more than 40 years. (The numbers refer to the cases as listed in the Forest Service list of proposals.)

In use more than 40 years.

LAKE COUNTY

1.

2. CROOKED LAKE (sug. name Mekatina Lake) T. 59 N., R. 6 W., Secs. 10, 11, 15.

Two of the three other Crooked Lakes in Superior N.F. have also borne those names for forty years (T. 64 N., R. 5 W., T. 66 N., R. 11, 12 W.) The third in T. 65, 66 N., R. 6 W. was also submitted by the Forest Service and appears eligible for change. This lake is surrounded by hills, and the proposed name is Cree Indian for "among the hills."

3. MOOSE LAKE (sug. name Manitou Lake) T. 59 N., R. 6 W., Sec. 29, 30, 31.

The name Moose in one form or another is used for 7 other lakes in or near Superior N.F. Those located in T. 67 N., R. 18 W.; T. 65 N., R. 23 W.; T. 65 N., R. 19 W.; T. 64 N., R. 9 W.; and T. 64 N., R. 14 W. (Big Moose) have also been in use for more than 40 years. That in T. 60 N., R. 19 W., was also submitted by the Forest Service and appears eligible for change. The proposed name was suggested because Manitou Creek flows through this lake.

12. LOST LAKE (sug. name Missed Lake) T. 61 N., R. 5 W., Sec. 30 and T. 61 N., R. 6 W., Sec. 25.

The name Lost is used for 3 other lakes in or near Superior N.F. That in T. 62 N., R. 16 W. has also been in use for more than 40 years. The proposed name had no special significance but retained some of the general meaning of the present name. Part of this lake is in Cook Co. and this case also appeared on that list of proposals.

33. GREENWOOD LAKE (sug. name Laurentian Lake) T. 58 N., R. 10 W., Secs. 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 17, 18, 19, 20.

The Forest Service proposed this change because "some confusion has developed between this and the Greenwood Lake in T. 64 N., R. 2 E., Cook County. The proposed name comes from the fact that the feature is located on the Laurentian highlands near the Laurentian divide.

33a. GREENWOOD RIVER (sug. name Laurentian River) Source in Greenwood Lake, Sec. 5, T. 58 N., R. 10 W., flows northward into Stony Lake, Sec. 8, T. 59 N., R. 10 W.

There is another Greenwood River in Cook County. This proposal follows the recommendation for Greenwood Lake above.

48. BIRCH LAKE (sug. name Ashburton Lake) T. 64 N., R. 8 W., Secs. 5, 6, et al.

This lake is on the International Boundary, and the proposed name honors Lord Ashburton, who with Daniel Webster, concluded the Webster-Ashburton treaty of 1842 defining the boundary between the U.S. and Canada.

49. SUCKER LAKE (sug. name Webster Lake) T. 64 N., R. 8, 9 W., Secs. 6, 7, 1, 2, 12.

This change was suggested to complete the association in case 48. The name Sucker is not duplicated in Superior N.F. NOTE: According to the records of the Minnesota Geographic Board, the name approved by the United States Board on Geographic Names for this feature is CARP LAKE. The suggested name (Webster) is duplicated elsewhere in the state.

In use more
than 40 years.

LAKE COUNTY

2.

58. CLEAR LAKE (sug. name Illinois Lake) T. 63 N., R. 10 W., Sec. 29, 31, 32.

There are four other Clear Lakes in Superior N.F. That in T. 63 N., R. 10 W. has also been in use more than 40 years. The area around this lake was part of the Illinois territory 1809-1818; hence the proposed name.

67. ELBOW LAKE (sug. name Ulna Lake) T. 60, 61 N., R. 5, 6 W., Sec. 1, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36.

The name Elbow is used for four other lakes in Superior N.F. Those in T. 57 N., R. 18 W., T. 62 N., R. 1 E.; and T. 64 N., R. 18 W. have also been in use more than 40 years. The proposed name (Ulna) is Latin for Elbow. Part of this lake is in Cook County, and this case also appeared on that list of proposals.

68. GULL LAKE (sug. name Gibakwa Lake) T. 62 N., R. 9 W., sec. 16, 17, 19, 20.

Two other Gull Lakes in Superior N.F. in T. 62 N., R. 9 W. (Little Gull) and T. 65 N., R. 12 W. were also submitted by the Forest Service and appear eligible for change. The body of water in T. 66 N., R. 4, 5 W. is erroneously listed by the Forest Service as Gull Lake. The approved name of the latter is GULF LAKE. If the other suggested names are approved, this case will be the only remaining Gull Lake in the Forest.

70. HARRIS LAKE (sug. name Nira Lake) T. 61 N., R. 10, 11 W., Secs. 19, 13, 23, 24.

There is another Harris Lake in T. 56 N., R. 13 W., the name of which has also been in use more than 40 years. In 1933-34 there was a N.I.R.A. (National Industrial Recovery Admin.) work camp at this lake, hence the proposed name.

76. MARBLE LAKE (sug. name Marmor Lake) T. 64 N., R. 6 W., Sec. 2, 3.

The Forest Service states that "There is another Marble Lake in T. 56 N., R. 10 W." The lake in question, however, appears in the Minnesota Geographic Board's records as SPRUCE LAKE. Hence the name Marble is not duplicated in the Forest. Marmor is Latin for marble.

79. MOOSE LAKE (sug. name Voyageur Lake) T. 64 N., R. 9 W., Sec. 20, 21, 22, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32

See case 3 above. This lake is a favored route of many present day canoeists, hence the proposed name Voyageur Lake.

80. MUD LAKE (sug. name Bouga Lake) T. 64 N., R. 11 W., Sec. 36; T. 64 N., R. 10 W., Sec. 30, 31.

There are 10 other Mud Lakes in Superior N.F. That in T. 62 N., R. 14 W. has also been in use more than 40 years. The proposed name (Bouga) supposedly honored the man who had the American post on Basswood Lake in early days. (Could this be Bonga?)

In use more
than 40 years.

LAKE COUNTY

3.

87. RICE LAKE (sug. name Shelter Lake) T. 62 N., R. 8 W., Secs. 28,29,32,33.

There are seven other Rice Lakes in Superior N.F. Those in T. 64 N., R. 19 W.; T. 61 N., R. 3, 4 W.; and T. 60 N., R. 17 W. have also been in use more than 40 years. Big Rice is the approved name for that in T. 64 N., R. 17 W. The proposed name was suggested because this lake is in a state game refuge.

93. LITTLE SPRING, SPRING LAKE (sug. name Sinkhole Lake) T. 61 N., R. 10 W., Secs. 29, 30.

The name Spring is duplicated on six other lakes in or near Superior N.F. The proposed name came from the fact that the highway just west of this small lake frequently sinks into the bog.

99. THOMAS LAKE (sug. name Shield Lake) T. 63, 64 N., R. 7 W., Secs. 5, 6, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34.

There is another Thomas Lake in T. 55 N., R. 12 W. just outside the National Forest. The lake is on the "Canadian Shield".

104. TRIANGLE LAKE (sug. name Cree Lake) T. 63 N., R. 10 W., Secs. 13, 14, 23, 24.

The Forest Service states that "The name Triangle is used for 2 other lakes in the Superior N.F." Of these, that in T. 64 N., R. 8 W. is also on the list and appears eligible for change. That in T. 64 N., R. 2 E. seems to be erroneously listed as Triangle. The Minnesota Geographic Board's records show the name to be EDITH LAKE. If the other suggested change is approved, this case will be the only remaining Triangle Lake in the Forest.

February 21, 1961

Mr. Alfred H. Rindahl
County Auditor
Cook County
Grand Marais, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Rindahl:

This is to inform you that the attached list of 8 names approved by the Cook County Board on February 10, 1960 were so named officially by the Minnesota Geographic Board on November 22, 1960.

The enclosed list together with the resolution of your board duly endorsed by members of the State Geographic Board is enclosed for filing in the Office of the Cook County Register of Deeds.

This list of names is currently pending before the United States Board on Geographic Names, whose acceptance is necessary to make the names official nationally. When we hear from the national board we will notify you at once.

Sincerely,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley,
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

JDH:pns

COOK COUNTY

The following name changes in Superior National Forest were approved by the Cook County Board of Commissioners on February 10, 1960, and by the Minnesota Geographic Board on November 22, 1960.

1. Little Iron Lake (not Iron Lake, not Oxide Lake), T. 64, 65 N., R. 2 & 3 W., Sec. 6, 1, 31, 36.

To avoid confusion with Iron Lake immediately east of this body of water, it is suggested that the name Little Iron Lake (which is in present use) be made official for this feature.

2. East Otter Lake (not Mammal Lake), T. 65 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 36, R. 1 W., sec. 31. (42 acres)

It is suggested that the name East Otter Lake, which is well established in local usage, be made official for this feature.

3. Temperance River Lake (not Temperance Lake, Descent Lake, Prohibition Lake) T. 62 N., R. 4 W., sec. 26, 27 (78.2 acres).

To relieve confusion over the name of this feature, it is suggested that the name Temperance River Lake, which is the oldest and best accepted locally, be made official for this feature. Since there are two other Temperance Lakes near by, such a decision would also tend to reduce duplication.

4. Little Caribou Lake (not Grebe Lake), T. 65 N., R. 1 E., sec. 36 (approx. 100 acres)

This lake adjoins Caribou Lake, an old established name on the Minnesota map. To reduce confusion it is suggested that the name Little Caribou, which is widely accepted locally, be given officially to this feature.

5. Holly Lake (not Twin Lake, Twin Lakes, Upper Twin Lake, Beaver, Laurel) T. 61 N., R. 3 W., sec. 10 (69 acres).

The name Twin is widely duplicated in Superior National Forest, and it is felt that separate names are advisable for these two dissimilar bodies of water. The present name is suggested to reduce duplication. See case 6.

6. Mistletoe Lake (not Lower Twin Lake, Twin Lake, Twin Lakes) T. 61 N., R. 3 W., Sec. 15, 16 (122 acres).

The proposed name is from the mistletoe growth commonly found in the swamps around the lake. Since this is one of the few places in Minnesota where mistletoe is known, the name seems especially appropriate. It is suggested to reduce duplication as explained above.

7. Brule River (not Bois Brule, Bois Brulé, Arrowhead, North Brule, Brulé, Wisacodé, Wissakode zibi). Headwaters in Meads Lake, T. 64 N., R. 2 W., sec. 13, flows southeasterly and empties into Lake Superior in T. 62 N., R. 3 E., sec. 27.

The proposed name is one of the oldest on the Minnesota map, for this stream has been known since the exploration of the region by the French centuries ago. It is a French word meaning burned, and in the French is pronounced brulé in two syllables. Usage in this area over two centuries has anglicized the pronunciation to one syllable. Considerable confusion has developed over the correct name of this stream largely because of an

attempt by the Minnesota Arrowhead Association in 1925 to promote the name Arrowhead for this river. Local opposition has been reported to the name Arrowhead, and it is felt that a decision is badly needed to make official a valued historical name for the longest branch of this well-known drainage. See case 8.

8. South Brule River (not Brule River, not South Arrowhead, Arrowhead, Bois Brule, Bois Brulé, Brulé, Wisacodé, Wissakode zibi). Source in Brule Lake, T. 63 N., R. 2 W., sec. 17, flows easterly and empties into Brule River in T. 63 N., R. 1 E., section 22.

See case 7. It is felt that the confusion surrounding this name would be further clarified by making official the suggested well-accepted name for this branch of the stream. South Brule River is the name in current use locally.

Commissioner Dalbec moved the adoption of the following resolution and upon seconding by Commissioner Nygren was declared adopted:

RESOLUTION NO: 60-08

RESOLUTION APPROVING CHANGES OF NAMES OF CERTAIN LAKES AND STREAMS WITHIN COOK COUNTY, MINNESOTA.

WHEREAS, the State Geological Board by Petition dated January, 13, 1960 now on file in the office of the County Auditor has recommended changes of names of certain geographic features to eliminate duplication of names, and

WHEREAS, such recommended changes are in the opinion of this Board well considered and apt and should be adopted;

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED that this Board go on record as approving the suggested change of names as set forth in said petition and that the County Auditor be and he hereby is authorized and directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Minnesota State Geographic Board.

STATE OF MINNESOTA)
County of Cook) ss
Auditor's Office)

I, Alfred H. Ripdahl, Auditor of the County of Cook, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing with the original resolution filed in said office on the 10th day of February, 1960, and that the same is a true copy thereof, and of the whole of said original.

Witness my hand and seal of office at Grand Marais, Minnesota, this 16th day of February, 1960.

ALFRED H. RIPDAHL
County Auditor
Cook County, Minnesota

Approved by MGB
11-22-1960

JDH

ALFRED H. RINDAHL
AUDITOR

OFFICE OF

COUNTY AUDITOR

COOK COUNTY

GRAND MARAIS, MINNESOTA

JANE FURLONG
DEPUTY

February 16, 1960

Russell W. Fridley, Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

Re: Petition to change names of certain lakes and streams in Cook County.

Dear Mr. Fridley:

By order of the Board of County Commissioners we enclose herewith Resolution No. 60-08 adopted on February 10, 1960 at their regular meeting.

Very truly yours,

Alfred H. Rindahl

Alfred H. Rindahl
County Auditor.

January 13, 1960

Mr. Alfred H. Rindahl
County Auditor
Cook County
Grand Marais, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Rindahl:

Enclosed is a petition from the Minnesota Geographic Board suggesting changes in the names of 8 lakes in the Superior National Forest area of Cook County. These changes were initiated by the United States Forest Service in an effort to reduce duplication and confusion in these lake names. In some cases, the original suggestion of the Forest Service was modified by the State Geographic Board.

The approval of the Cook County Board of Commissioners is necessary before the State Board will approve the enclosed list. You will recall that this procedure was followed in handling a similar request in 1957.

The State Board requests that the Commissioners review this list and give us the benefit of their opinion on the suitability of these changes. The County Board's action should take the form of a resolution indicating approval or disapproval of the numbered names on the list.

Your co-operation in this matter will be greatly appreciated. Mr. George Selke, Minnesota Commissioner of Conservation, is the chairman of the State Geographic Board. He expects to be in your area in the near future, and he will be very happy to answer any questions you may have about this matter.

Sincerely,

Russell W. Fridley, Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

JDH:pns

A PETITION

To the Board of County Commissioners of Cook County:

The State Geographic Board hereby petitions that your honorable board review and accept the following names for geographic features located in Cook County and described below, for the reasons given in each case. Some of these names were submitted to the State Geographic Board by the United States Forest Service. All are subject to the approval of the Cook County Board of Commissioners before they can be used.

1. Little Iron Lake (not Iron Lake, not Oxide Lake), T. 64, 65 N., R. 2 & 3 W., Sec. 6, 1, 31, 36.
To avoid confusion with Iron Lake immediately east of this body of water, it is suggested that the name Little Iron Lake (which is in present use) be made official for this feature.

2. East Otter Lake (not Mammal Lake), T. 65 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 36, R. 1 W., sec. 31. (42 acres)
It is suggested that the name East Otter Lake, which is well established in local usage, be made official for this feature.

3. Temperance River Lake (not Temperance Lake, Descent Lake, Prohibition Lake) T. 62 N., R. 4 W., sec. 26, 27 (78.2 acres).
To relieve confusion over the name of this feature, it is suggested that the name Temperance River Lake, which is the oldest and best accepted locally, be made official for this feature. Since there are two other Temperance Lakes near by, such a decision would also tend to reduce duplication.

4. Little Caribou Lake (not Grebe Lake), T. 65 N., R. 1 E., sec. 36 (approx. 100 acres)
This lake adjoins Caribou Lake, an old established name on the Minnesota map. To reduce confusion it is suggested that the name Little Caribou, which is widely accepted locally, be given officially to this feature.

5. Holly Lake (not Twin Lake, Twin Lakes, Upper Twin Lake, Beaver, Laurel) T. 61 N., R. 3 W., sec. 10 (69 acres).
The name Twin is widely duplicated in Superior National Forest, and it is felt that separate names are advisable for these two dissimilar bodies of water. The present name is suggested to reduce duplication. See case 6.

6. Mistletoe Lake (not Lower Twin Lake, Twin Lake, Twin Lakes) T. 61 N., R. 3 W., Sec. 15, 16 (122 acres).
The proposed name is from the mistletoe growth commonly found in the swamps around the lake. Since this is one of the few places in Minnesota where mistletoe is known, the name seems especially appropriate. It is suggested to reduce duplication as explained above.

7. Brule River (not Bois Brule, Bois Brulé, Arrowhead, North Brule, Brulé, Wisacodé, Wissakode zibi). Headwaters in Meads Lake, T. 64 N., R. 2 W., sec. 13, flows southeasterly and empties into Lake Superior in T. 62 N., R. 3 E., sec. 27.

The proposed name is one of the oldest on the Minnesota map, for this stream has been known since the exploration of the region by the French centuries ago. It is a French word meaning burned, and in the French is pronounced brulé in two syllables. Usage in this area over two centuries has anglicized the

pronunciation to one syllable. Considerable confusion has developed over the correct name of this stream largely because of an attempt by the Minnesota Arrowhead Association in 1925 to promote the name Arrowhead for this river. Local opposition has been reported to the name Arrowhead, and it is felt that a decision is badly needed to make official a valued historical name for the longest branch of this well-known drainage. See case 8.

8. South Brule River (not Brule River, not South Arrowhead, Arrowhead, Bois Brule, Bois Brulé, Brulé, Wisacodé, Wissakode zibi). Source in Brule Lake, T. 63 N., R. 2 W., sec. 17, flows easterly and empties into Brule River in T. 63 N., R. 1 E., section 22.

See case 7. It is felt that the confusion surrounding this name would be further clarified by making official the suggested well-accepted name for this branch of the stream. South Brule River is the name in current use locally.

Acid on 1960
Brule River

March 12, 1958

Mr. V. H. Benson
District Maintenance Engineer
Minnesota Department of Highways
Duluth, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Benson:

Thank you for obtaining a certified copy of the resolutions passed by the Cook County Board of Commissioners regarding the names of the Brule River and Northern Light Lake.

This information will be of considerable help to members of the Minnesota Geographic Board when they take up the matter of these names.

You are correct in assuming that under the present law the names of geographic features in the state cannot be officially changed without the State Board's approval.

We are grateful for your fine assistance in this matter.

Sincerely,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley,
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

JDH:pns

STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

February 25, 1958

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

Re: Brule - Arrowhead River Name
Elephant Lake - Northern Light Lake - Arrowhead Lake
C. S. 1603 - T. H. 61

Dear Mrs. Holmquist:

I am transmitting herewith a letter addressed to me from J. S. Harrison, Cook County Highway Engineer, dated February 14, 1958, together with a certified copy of two resolutions passed by the Cook County Board of Commissioners pertaining to the changing of the names Brule River and Elephant Lake. I have retained copies of same for our file.

I believe that this clears the matter up as far as changing these particular names are concerned, but it is my personal opinion that a petition signed by 15 legal voters could not legally be accepted by a County Board in order to change old established names. If this can be done without the approval of the Minnesota Geographic Board of the Minnesota Historical Society, then the historically established names of all lakes, rivers, etc. in the State of Minnesota can be changed merely by actions of County Boards.

If I can be of any further assistance please advise.

Yours very truly,

MINNESOTA HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

V. H. Benson

V. H. Benson, Dist. Maint. Engineer

VHB:dms
Enclosure

c.c: L. H. Miller, Dist. Engr.
P. J. McCauley, Sr. Engr.

COOK COUNTY HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
GRAND MARAIS, MINNESOTA

J. S. HARRISON
COUNTY HIGHWAY ENGINEER

Feb. 14, 1958

Dear Vic:-

After a further search of old records by the auditor, Deputy auditor and myself the enclosed is the best we could do.

Am enclosing a certified copy of 2 resolutions passed by the Cook County Board pertaining to the changing of the names of Brule River and Elephant Lake.

Yours very truly,

J. S. Harrison

RESOLUTION TAKEN FROM MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE COOK COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS ON May 13, 1925.

A petition was submitted, signed by 15 legal voters of the county requesting that the name of Brule River be changed to Arrowhead River and that Elephant Lake, also known as Northern Light Lake, be changed to Arrowhead Lake. Said petition was read and ordered placed on file and the following resolution was presented in connection therewith:

> BE IT RESOLVED, that the County Board hold a meeting on June 15, 1925 at 10 A. M. for the purpose of hearing any arguments in favor or against the granting of said petition and the County Auditor was requested to give the required notice of said meeting.

RESOLUTION TAKEN FROM MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE COOK COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS ON JUNE 15, 1925.

This being the time set for the hearing of petition for changing the name of the Brule River to Arrowhead River and also changing the name of Elephant Lake, also known as Northern Light Lake, to Arrowhead Lake, the Board, having duly considered the matter, the following resolution was presented:

> BE IT RESOLVED, that the name of the Brule River, situated in Cook County, Minnesota, be and the same is hereby changed to the name of Arrowhead River.
>
> BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the name of Elephant Lake, also known as Northern Light Lake, situated in Cook County, Minn. be and the same is hereby changed to Arrowhead Lake.

Commissioner Jacobson moved the adoption of the foregoing resolution, Commissioner Samskar seconded the motion and the same was unanimously adopted.

STATE OF MINNESOTA)
County of Cook) SS.
Auditor's Office)

I, Alfred H. Rindahl, Auditor of the County of Cook, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing resolutions with the originals filed in said office on the 13th day of May, 1925 and the 15th day of June, 1925, and that the same is a true copy thereof, and of the whole of said originals.

Witness my hand and seal of office at Grand Marais, Minnesota, this 14th day of February, 1958.

Alfred H. Rindahl

Alfred H. Rindahl, County Auditor

January 10, 1958

Mr. V. H. Benson
District Maintenance Engineer
Minnesota Department of Highways
Duluth, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Benson:

Your valiant efforts in helping the Geographic Board get to the bottom of the Brule-Arrowhead River puzzle are indeed appreciated. Without your help, the matter would probably have remained an unsolved mystery.

Mr. McCauley, who as you know is the Highway Department's representative on the State Geographic Board, has suggested that your Mr. Harrison at Grand Marais could do one more thing to help us clear up this matter. Would you ask him to obtain for the State Board, if he can, a copy of the petition submitted to the Cook County Board of Commissioners on May 13, 1925, asking that the name of this stream be changed from Brule to Arrowhead. Once that document is in the State Board's possession, its members will be in a better position to consider the problem.

Thank you for your fine co-operation in this matter.

Sincerely,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley,
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

JDH:pns

cc to P. J. McCauley

STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

January 6, 1958

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley,
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

Re: Brule or Arrowhead River Naming
C.S. 1603 - T.H. No. 61
Cook County

Dear Mrs. Holmquist:

Since writing to you on December 5, 1957 I have taken up the matter concerning naming of the above mentioned rivers with Mr. J. S. Harrison, County Highway Engineer at Grand Marais.

I am enclosing a copy of Mr. Harrison's letter which is self-explanatory and also a copy of my letter to Mr. P. J. McCauley.

Yours very truly,

MINNESOTA HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

V. H. Benson

V. H. Benson, Dist. Maint. Engineer

VHB:dms
Enclosure
c.c: P. J. McCauley, Senior Engineer

COPY

COOK COUNTY HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

Grand Marais, Minnesota

J. S. Harrison
County Highway Engineer

Dec. 24, 1957

Mr. V. H. Benson
District Maintenance Engineer
Duluth, Minnesota

Dear Vic:

Found time today to make a search of the old county board proceedings.

A petition was submitted to the Cook County Board of Commissioners on May 13, 1925, asking that the name of the Brule River be changed to Arrowhead River.

On June 15th, 1925, the County Board, by unanimous vote, changed the name to Arrowhead River.

The present sign at the Kadunce River parking area is spelled "KODONCE".

KADUNCE is the proper spelling.

The natives tell me that Peter Kadunce, who owned property adjacent to the Kadunce River, is buried in that area. He was a Chippewa Indian and was buried in Indian fashion with the shelter over his grave. His name appears on the abstract to my property. This property is about 1/3 mile west of the Kadunce River.

Yours very truly,

J. S. Harrison /s/

Highways

P. J. McCauley, Senior Engineer

January 6, 1958

V. H. Benson, District Maint. Engr.

C.S. 1603 - T.H. No. 61
Arrowhead River
Kadunce River

Dear Phil:

On December 27, 1957 there was forwarded to you from this office a copy of a letter received from J. S. Harrison, County Highway Engineer at Grand Marais, concerning the proper names of these two rivers.

It is my personal opinion that the Cook County Board of Commissioners does not have authority to change the names of any river without authorization from the National Geographic Society. Therefore, I feel that the name of this river is still "Brule."

Also, the proper spelling of "Kodonce" is "Kadunce" as Mr. Harrison stated in his letter.

Best personal regards!

VHB:dms

c.c: Mrs. June D. Holmquist

STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

December 5, 1957

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley,
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

Re: Brule or Arrowhead River Naming
C. S. 1603 T.H. 61
Cook County

Dear Mrs. Holmquist:

Since receiving your letter on October 10 concerning the correct name of the North Shore stream known as Brule or Arrowhead River I have inquired of a number of sources for information as to when and how the name became Arrowhead River.

There was one more person whom I wished to contact before sending the information on to you. This I did today and as he is also interested in this matter he will contact certain people in the Grand Marais area and let me know what he learns.

As soon as I hear from him, which I assume will be next week, I will send you the information.

Yours very truly,

MINNESOTA HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

V. H. Benson, Dist. Maint. Engr.

VHB:dms

c;c: P. J. McCauley, Senior Engineer

Mr. Vic Benson
District Maintenance Engineer
Minnesota Highway Garage
Duluth, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Benson:

At the suggestion of Mr. P. J. McCauley, who is the Minnesota Highway Department's representative on the Minnesota Geographic Board, I am writing to ask if you can shed any light on the following problem.

A question has been raised concerning the correct name of the North Shore stream known as the Brule or Arrowhead River. Visitors to that area have questioned the use of the name Arrowhead River.

We have checked the records of the Minnesota Geographic Board and find that the name Arrowhead River was never officially approved for this stream. Our records fail to show, however, either when or how the name Arrowhead came into use. Can you help us explain this puzzle? Do you know approximately when the river began to be called the Arrowhead? Do your files show, or can you recall for us, how it received that name? When was it so designated on the highway department's sign?

We would be most grateful for any information you could give us about this matter. Mr. McCauley is anxious to get to the bottom of the puzzle so that the name can be shown correctly on the 1958 Minnesota highway map.

Sincerely,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley,
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

JDH:pns

cc: P. J. McCauley

DATE : August 29, 1957

entered

STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office Memorandum

DEPARTMENT Conservation-Forestry

TO : June Holmquist, Historical Society

FROM : Betty Bachmann, Forestry Division, State Office Building

SUBJECT: Brule River - Maps and information on file in this office

Map of Minnesota Territory (In Room 356)
Adapted, Courtesy of the Minnesota Territorial Centennial Committee, from an original map prepared in 1849 and first published in 1850. (Northwestern National Life Ins. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.)
On this map the river which flows into Lake Superioris called the Bois Brule.

Map of Superior National Forest - 1912 (In Room 339)
Published by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service
Shows North Brule River and South Brule River joining and flowing into western end of Northern Light Lake. River flowing out of eastern end of Northern Light Lake is called Brule River.

Map of Superior National Forest - 1938 (In Room 339)
Published by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, and based on topographic survey, North and South Brule, same as above.

Jewett Plats (In Room 339)
Published by Jewett & Sons, 565 Oakland Ave., St. Paul. No date.
Stamped by Minnesota Forest Service - June 11, 1911.

U. S. Forest Service Geographic Names Recommendations:
Cook County - 55. Arrowhead River (Not North Brule and Brule River)
Remarks: The lower portion of this stream is presently known and advertised as Arrowhead River. We propose making this name official for the longest branch of the drainage.
55a. Brule River (Not South Brule River). Source of Brule Lake; flows easterly and empties into Arrowhead or Brule River.

Known as "The Brule" by old-time Forest Rangers.

September 12, 1957

Mr. Kit Bergh, Outdoors Editor
Bloomington Sun
8653 Lyndale South
Bloomington 20, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Bergh:

Thank you for your letter of September 3 regarding the Brule River in Cook County. Members of the Minnesota Geographic Board are always interested in expressions of opinion on the names of such features.

As you perhaps know, the procedure for changing the name of a lake or stream in this state is definitely prescribed by law. It is, as it should be, rather complex. The State Geographic Board is not an arbitrary organization, which indiscriminately and haphazardly tampers with established names. Any proposal to change the name of a lake or stream must be approved by the board of commissioners in the county concerned. Moreover, the board does not in general favor the changing of any name that has been in use for more than forty years. Historical usage of a name is one of the key factors in determining whether or not it should be changed.

As you point out in your letter, some confusion seems to have developed over the names Arrowhead and Brule for this particular stream in Cook County. To date the Minnesota Board has made no decision in the matter. Historical precedent seems to favor the name Brule for this stream, and you may be sure that if the Board should act, it will do so only after it has studied and investigated the matter carefully.

Your interest in this problem is appreciated.

Sincerely,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board

JDH:pns

cc to: Minnesota Highway Department
Minnesota Conservation Department

Bloomington SUN

8653 LYNDALE SOUTH BLOOMINGTON 20, MINNESOTA

BOX 6645

Sept. 3, 1957

State Historical Society,
~~Minneapolis~~, Minnesota
St Paul

Dear Sir:

In an attempt to trace some information on the Bois Brule or Brule River of Minnesota to determine what the name of the stream is and should be, and in order to set the name straight in a chapter on trout in a forthcoming book on Minnesota fishing, I'm writing you for possible assistance.

I've learned in a letter from the deputy commissioner of conservation, Mr. Prout, that the name Brule was applied to this stream by the French in 1840 and a map of the Territory refers to it as the Brule ten years later.

Presently the Highway Department lists the name as the Arrowhead (I suspect at the behest of resorters trying to promote the commercialized Arrowhead Trail), while the Forest Service calls it the Brule upstream, above Northern Lights Lake. The stream heads in Brule Lake, flows east past the Gunflint Trail and reaches the shore of Lake Superior a few miles west of Hovland, Minnesota, and the foot of theArrowhead (McFarland) Trail.

Undoubtedly people having property on the Brule, may at times have to explain that they're on the Minnesota Brule instead of the one in Wisconsin, but this hardly seems sufficient reason to change aname of more than 100 years standing. Natives in the vicinity of the Brule call it that and probably

Bloomington SUN

8653 LYNDALE SOUTH BLOOMINGTON 20, MINNESOTA

BOX 6645

will always do so. Anglers framiliar with the North Shore also continue to call it the Brule.

If, as has been suggested, it is to be changed to avoid confusing this river with Wisconsins equally historic river of the same name then it is right to ask why Wisconsin, does not name her Brule the Indianhead since that river is in the Indianhead region of that state.

It seems we should be able to get along with two Brules on one watershed and if we cannot then the very least we can do is pay respect to those who first saw and named the "burnt wood" river, the men who opened the way for the pioneers, and call it by the original name Bois Brule River.

To change long established names of towns, lakes, and rivers is a rediculous, history-hazing which tends to confuse the angler and traveler and confound the historian or history student as well.

Very serious thought ought to be given non-commercial reasons for retaining historic names regardless of their seeming ugliness or similarity to names in other parts of the country. Minnesota has many interesting and significantly historical names which should be preserved from those who feel nothing but inoffensive and bland English names should be applied to our landmarks.

I understand the State Geographic Board will consider this change and perhaps it would be good for them to know that everyone is not in agreement with the suggested change.

Sincerely,

Kit Bergh

Kit Bergh, Outdoors Editor

Copy to Commissioner of Highways

November 4, 1959

Mr. Keith Bergh
10108 Third Avenue South
Bloomington, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Bergh:

This is a belated reply to your letter regarding the status of the Brule river in Cook county.

I wish you to know that the thinking of the State Geographic Board has not changed on this question. I have canvassed other members of the board and they are of the opinion that the name should remain Brule and should not be changed to Arrowhead which is the name posted along the highway. Actually, Arrowhead was a promotional scheme and was never sanctioned by the State Geographic Board.

A semi-annual meeting will be held late in December and I expect that official action on this name will be taken at this time. The problem is not one of re-naming the river but rather one of reconfirming the name.

As soon as official action is taken, I will let you know.

Sincerely yours,

Russell W. Fridley
Secretary
State Geographic Board

RWF/b

DATE : December 18, 1959

STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office Memorandum

DEPARTMENT Highway - Duluth

TO : Mr. P. J. McCauley - Senior Engineer of Mapping

FROM : Mr. V. H. Benson - ~~Assistant~~ District Engineer, Right of Way

SUBJECT: Mistletoe and Laurel Lakes
In Cook County

Transmitted herewith is a letter received from Mr. Neff, Superior National Forest Supervisor, concerning the renaming of "Twin Lakes" to "Laurel" and "Mistletoe".

Please note in last paragraph of Mr. Neff's letter that Mistletoe Creek empties into "Tait" River, which river then goes into "Poplar" River. Tait River is not shown on any of our maps. This river begins at Tait Lake and then connects ~~with~~ with Williams, Clara, White Pine and Christine Lakes before entering Poplar River.

Yesterday I mailed to you a print of the Superior National Forest map. It is quite out of date as to trunk highways and other road locations.

VHB/p

encl.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
SUPERIOR NATIONAL FOREST

ADDRESS REPLY TO
FOREST SUPERVISOR
AND REFER TO

SUITE 232 FEDERAL BUILDING
P. O. BOX 338, DULUTH 1, MINNESOTA

5660

December 17, 1959

Mr. Victor H. Benson
Assistant District Engineer
Department of Highways
State of Minnesota
501 Builders Exchange Building
Duluth 2, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Benson:

In reply to your inquiry of today, our official maps show the names of the two lakes in Sections 10, 15, and 16 of T. 61 N., R. 3 W., Cook County, Minnesota, as Twin Lakes.

In 1953, we submitted a recommendation for a change of name of these lakes to eliminate some of the duplication of names, as there are many "Twin Lakes". We recommended that the lake in Section 10 be changed to LAUREL lake, and the other one in Sections 15 and 16 to MISTLETOE Lake. We have not been informed as to any official action taken on this proposed change by the National Domestic Names Committee as yet. However, the Minnesota Geographic Board may have current information as to the action taken to date.

Our official maps show the name of the stream starting at Twin Lakes in Section 15, T. 61 N., R. 3 W and flowing through Sections 15, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26, 35, and 34 of T. 61 N., R. 3 W. and through Section 3 of T. 60 N., R. 3 W. and into the TAIT River in Section 4, T. 60 N., R. 3 W. as MISTLETOE Creek.

We trust the above is the information you desired.

Yours very truly,

L P Neff

L. P. NEFF
Forest Supervisor

January 5, 1960

HIGHWAY

Mr. Victor Benson
Assistant District Engineer

Mr. P. J. McCauley
Senior Engineer of Mapping

Enclosed please find two sheets of the sectional map of Cook County upon which we have delineated the word Bois Brule replacing the word Arrowhead. Also, the name Mistletoe and Holly replacing the erroneous name of Twin Lakes.

This renaming was brought about by the meeting of the Board of Geographic Names, anticipating similar action by the County Board, and also anticipating favorable action by the U.S. Board of Geographic Names in Washington.

If you wish additional copies of this map, please request them.

Wishing you the compliments of the season.

PJM;mmm

cc: Mrs. Jule Holmquist, Secretary
State Board of Geograpic Names
Historical Society Building
Capitol Plaza
St. Paul, Minnesota

December 22, 1959

Mr. Alfred H. Rindahl
County Auditor
Cook County
Grand Marais, Minnesota

Dear Sir:

Decision List
Jul. Sept. 1959

This is to inform you that the Cook County names on the enclosed sheets checked in red have been approved by the United States Board on Geographic Names. The board's acceptance of these names makes their usage official nationally, and they should so appear on all future maps of the county.

These names were approved by the Board of County Commissioners of Cook County on November 12, 1957, and by the Minnesota Geographic Board on December 31, 1957.

Sincerely,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley,
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

JDH:pns

January 16, 1958

Mr. Alfred H. Rindahl
County Auditor
Cook County
Grand Marais, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Rindahl:

This is to inform you that the Minnesota Geographic Board on December 31, 1957, officially approved the 22 names shown on the enclosed list. All of these lakes are in the Cook County area of Superior National Forest, and you will doubtless recall that they received approval from the Board of County Commissioners on November 12, 1957.

The County Board's resolution, duly endorsed by members of the Minnesota Geographic Board, is enclosed herewith for filing in the office of the Register of Deeds.

Notice of this action will be forwarded to the United States Board on Geographic Names, whose approval is necessary to make these names official nationally.

Your co-operation in this matter is appreciated.

Sincerely,

Mrs. June D. Holmquist
Deputy to Russell W. Fridley,
Secretary, Minnesota Geographic Board
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul 1, Minnesota

JDH:pns

Enclosures 2

A PETITION

To the Board of County Commissioners of Cook County:

The State Geographic Board hereby petitions that your honorable board review and accept the following names for geographic features located in Cook County and described below, for the reasons given in each case. These names were submitted to the State Geographic Board by the United States Forest Service and are subject to the approval of the Cook County Board of Commissioners.

COOK COUNTY

1.

1. Crag Lake (Not: Rock) T. 65 N., R. 4 W., S½ Sec. 31; T. 65 N., R. 5 W., Sec. 36 (71.6 acres)

There are at least four other Rock Lakes in or near the Superior N.F. The proposed name comes from geologic formations around the lake. It retains the associations of the present name and would reduce duplication.

2. Logger Lake (Not: Rock) T. 63 N., R. 1 E., Sec. 14. (approx. 60 acres)

See case 1 for duplication of Rock. The proposed name, suggested to reduce duplication, recalls old logging operations around the lake.

3. Lichen Lake (Not: Beaver) T. 62 N., R. 3 W., Sec. 16, 20, 21.

There are five other Beaver Lakes in or near Superior N.F. The proposed name (Lichen) would reduce duplication and is appropriate, for it refers to the plant growth prevalent around the lake and characteristic of the region.

4. Pierz Lake (Not: Beaver) T. 64 N., R. 1, 2 E., Sec. 12, 7. (81.5 acres)

There is another Beaver Lake near by in T. 64 N., R. 2 E., Sec. 9. To alleviate confusion of these two lakes and further reduce duplication of name Beaver, it is proposed that the name of this lake be changed. The proposed name is appropriate, for it honors Father Francis Pierz, an early missionary in the area.

5. Bouder Lake (Not: Boulder, Reck, Rush) T. 62 N., R. 3 W., Sec. 19, 20. (70.7 acres)

Some confusion has developed over the proper name of this lake. According to the records of the Minnesota Geographic Board, it should be Bouder. It is sometimes erroneously called Boulder, a name frequently duplicated. An official decision is needed to clarify the matter.

6. Crescent Lake (Not: Pine, West Pine, Poplar River Lake) T. 62 N., R. 3 W., Sec. 19, 29, 30, 31; T. 62 N., R. 4 W., Sec. 24, 25, 36 (629 acres).

There are five other lakes named Pine in or near Superior N.F. and the name is much duplicated elsewhere in the state. The proposed name comes from the shape of the lake and would reduce duplication.

7. Junco Lake (Not: Swamp) T. 62 N., R. 1 W., Sec. 11, 12, 13. (80 acres)

There are six other Swamp Lakes in or near Superior N.F. The proposed name (Junco) comes from the birds common in the area in both winter and summer. Its adoption would provide a more distinctive name and reduce duplication of Swamp in the state.

8. Junco Creek (Not: Swamp Creek, Swamp River) Source in Musquash Lake, Sec. 20, 28, 29, T. 63 N., R. 1 E.; flows southwest thru Swamp (Junco) Lake and into Devils Track Lake in Sec. 28, T. 62 N., R. 1 W.

There is another Swamp R. in T. 63 N., R. 3 & 4 E. and T. 64 N., R. 4 E. The proposed name (Junco) follows the recommended change for Swamp Lake in case 7. Its adoption would reduce duplication and confusion.

9. Deer Yard Lake (Not: Trout) T. 61 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 28, 29, 31, 32. (407.7 acres)

There are three other Trout Lakes in Superior N.F. The proposed name (Deer Yard) is suggested to reduce duplication. The area around the lake is commonly known as the Jonvick Deer Yard.

10. Deer Yard Creek (Not: Trout or Spruce) Source in Trout (Deer Yard) Lake, Sec. 32, T. 61 N., R. 2 W.; flows south and east into Lake Superior in Sec. 15, T. 60 N., R. 2 W.

This stream is not named on most maps but is locally known as Trout or Spruce Creek. The proposed change follows the recommended change for Trout Lake in case 9.

11. Wanihigan Lake (Not: Trap, Sham) T. 64 N., R. 2 W. Sec. 31.

The name Trap is used on two other lakes in Superior N.F. The proposed name (Wanihigan), which is suggested to reduce duplication, is the Chippewa word for trap.

12. Dogwood Lake (Not: Buck) T. 59 N., R. 5 W., Sec. 16, 21. (approx. 80 acres)

The name Buck is used for two other lakes in or near Superior N.F. The proposed name (Dogwood) comes from small trees common in the area.

13. Bigsby Lake (Not: Little Caribou, Sylvia) T. 61 N., R. 2, 3 W., Sec. 30, 31, 36. (104 acres)

It seems desirable to make the name (Bigsby) official in order to reduce confusion in this case. Bigsby Lake seems to be the name in use on most maps. It is appropriate for it honors John J. Bigsby, secretary of the International Boundary Commission which defined the U.S. - Canadian boundary in this area.

14. Assinika Lake (Not: Stony, Stoney) T. 63 N., R. 1 & 2 E., Sec. 1, 12, 7. (60 acres)

There is another Stony Lake near by in T. 63 N., R. 1 E., Sec. 11. The proposed name would reduce duplication and confusion. It is a Chippewa word meaning "many stones."

15. Assinika Creek (Not: Stony Creek, Stony River, Stoney Creek) Source in Sec. 36, T. 64 N., R. 1 E.; flows southeasterly through Stoney (or Assinika) Lake and into Brule River in Sec. 21, T. 63 N., R. 2 E.

This change is suggested to accord with that in case 14.

16. Boys Lake (Not: Third Kimball) T. 62 N., R. 2 E., Sec. 5, 8 (N½). (50 acres)

Apparently all three lakes in this group were at one time called by some form of Kimball. Now there are Kimball L., Mink L., and Third Kimball. It seems desirable to give this feature an individual name. The proposed name comes from the fact that a near-by boys' camp makes heavy use of this lake. As far as can be determined there are no other Boys Lakes in the Superior N.F.

17. Binagami Lake (Not: Clearwater, Little Clearwater Lake) T. 62 N., R. 1 E., Sec. 19, 20. (112 acres)

The name Little Clearwater, frequently duplicated, is not very appropriate since there is no larger lake named Clearwater near by. The proposed name is a Chippewa word meaning "clear liquid." Its adoption would reduce duplication and provide a more distinctive name for this feature.

18. Redcoat Lake (Not: Fox) T. 63 N., R. 2 E., Sec. 15 (SW¼).

The name Fox in one form or another is used for three other lakes in Superior N.F. The proposed name reduces duplication. It preserves some of the meaning of the word "fox" in that it refers to the color of the red fox.

19. Kindle Lake (Not: Fire) T. 64 N., R. 2 E., Sec. 31 (NW¼).

There is another Fire Lake in T. 63 N., R. 8 W. The proposed name (Kindle) reduces the duplication but retains a relationship with the present name. Note also Spark Lake in the same section.

20. Jonvick Creek (Not: Caribou Creek) Source in Sec. 12, T. 60 N., R. 3 W.; flows southeasterly into Lake Superior in Sec. 19, T. 60 N., R. 2 W.

This stream is known both as Jonvick and Caribou Creek. Adoption of the former would reduce duplication of Caribou.

21. Stumble Creek (Not: Four Mile Creek) Source in Sec. 7 or 8, T. 59 N., R. 5 W.; flows southeasterly into Cross River in Sec. 26, T. 59 N., R. 5 W.

This stream is known both as Stumble Creek and Four Mile Creek. Adoption of Stumble would reduce duplication since the creek draining Four Mile Lake in T. 60 N., R. 5 W. is well known as Four Mile Creek.

22. Zephyr Lake (Not: Wind) T. 66 N., R. 5, 6 W., Sec. 19, 30, 24, 25. (129 acres)

There is another Wind Lake in T. 64 N., R. 9, 10 W., and this change is suggested to reduce duplication. The proposed name retains some of the meaning of the present one, since a zephyr is a soft gentle wind. Part of this lake is in Lake County, and this case ~~will~~ has also been submitted to the Lake County Board of Commissioners.

COPY For file

Commissioner Raiken moved the adoption of the following resolution and upon seconding by Berglund was declared adopted: Ayes: 5 Nays: 0

RESOLUTION NO. 57-31

RESOLUTION APPROVING CHANGES OF NAMES OF CERTAIN LAKES AND STREAMS WITHIN COOK COUNTY, MINNESOTA

WHEREAS, the State Geographic Board by Petition dated October 9, 1957 now on file in the office of the County Auditor has recommended changes of names of certain geographic features to eliminate duplication of names, and

WHEREAS, such recommended changes are in the opinion of this Board well considered and apt and should be adopted;

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED that this Board go on record as approving the suggested change of names as set forth in said petition and that the County Auditor be and he hereby is authorized and directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Minnesota State Geographic Board.

STATE OF MINNESOTA)
County Cook) ss
Auditor's Office)

I, Alfred H. Rindahl, Auditor of the County of Cook, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing with the original resolution filed in said office on the 12th day of November, 1957, and that the same is a true copy thereof, and of the whole of said original.

Witness my hand and seal of office at Grand Marais, Minnesota this 18th day of November, 1957.

(signed) Alfred H. Rindahl
County Auditor

(Signed:)

George A. Selke

Russell W. Fridley

Phil J. McCauley

12-31-1957

October 9, 1957

Mr. Alfred H. Randahl
County Auditor
Cook County
Grand Marais, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Randahl:

I am enclosing a petition, suggesting changes in the names of 22 lakes in the Superior National Forest area of Cook County, to be presented to the Board of County Commissioners at its next meeting. In every case, the suggestions were submitted by the United States Forest Service in an effort to reduce the duplication of lake names within the national forest.

The State Geographic Board does not act on such proposals without securing the approval of the Board of County Commissioners in the area concerned. You may recall that this procedure was followed in handling a similar request from the forest service in 1941.

The State Board therefore requests that the Commissioners review this list and give us the benefit of their opinion on the suitability of these changes. This should be done in the form of a resolution from the County Board indicating its approval or disapproval of the numbered names on the list. Enclosed for your information is a mimeographed copy of the law governing such matters.

Your co-operation in this matter will be greatly appreciated. It would be very helpful to us if the Commissioners could act as promptly as possible, so that their recommendations will be before the State Board at its next meeting in November.

Sincerely,

Russell W. Fridley, Secretary
Minnesota Geographic Board

JDH:pns

Enclosures

February 1, 1941

Mr. L. G. Lundquist, County Auditor
Grand Marais, Minnesota

My dear Mr. Lundquist:

I am enclosing a petition from the State Geographic Board to be presented to the Board of County Commissioners of Cook County at its next meeting.

Very truly yours,

Secretary,
State Geographic Board.

A PETITION

To the Board of County Commissioners of Cook County:

The State Geographic Board hereby petitions that your honorable board accept the following names for geographic features located in Cook County and described below, for the reasons given in each case. These names were submitted to the State Geographic Board by the supervisor of the Superior National Forest, after consultation with local residents, and have been accepted by the Board, subject to the approval of the Cook County Board of Commissioners.

ASPEN LAKE (not Seed Lake nor Aspik Lake): T.64 N.,R.1 W.,secs.10,11,12. This lake is named Seed, Aspik, and Aspen on different maps. Seed is duplicated, and Aspik is not recognized locally. Aspen is the generally accepted name.

BALLY CREEK (not Baldy Creek nor Blackwell Creek): Rises in T.61 N.,R.1 W.,sec.17, and flows into the Cascade River in T.61 N.,R.2 W.,sec.13. The stream is mapped as both Baldy and Blackwell, but Bally Creek is the accepted local name. It is named for Samuel Bally, once a member of the board of county commissioners, who had a homestead on the creek.

CARROT LAKE (not Pants Lake): T.64 N.,R.2 E.,secs.17,20. Pants and Carrot are both used on various maps. The lake is one of a small chain connecting Greenwood and Crocodile Lakes. The chain forms a canoe route popularly known as the vegetable route, the lakes being commonly known as Potato, Carrot, Bean, and Parsnip. Carrot is more commonly used than Pants, and as part of the original chain, the name should be retained.

CLOVE LAKE (not Pine Lake): T.65 N.,R.4 W.,secs.1,2,11, international boundary. Pine Lake was approved for this lake by the U.S.Geographic Board, and since its adoption has been used on federal maps. But local resort owners, guides, trappers, and others have not accepted Pine and generally refer to the lake as Clove Lake. There are other Pine Lakes in the vicinity, which, by reason of their size and accessibility, are better known as Pine Lake than this one. To reduce duplication of the name Pine and to make the name in local use official, Clove is recommended.

CRYSTAL LAKE (not Spalding Lake): T.64 N.,R.1,2,E.,secs.1,12;5,6,7,8. Both Spalding and Crystal are used for this lake, but local residents agree that Crystal is the more authentic name. While Crystal is a common name, there are no other Crystal Lakes near enough to cause any confusion.

DEER LAKE (not Moon Lake): T.64,65 N.,R.1 E.,secs.4,5;32,33. Both Deer and Moon have some use, but local residents agree that Deer Lake is the most authentic name. The logging railroad branch on the north shore of the lake was commonly called the Deer Lake Branch. While there are many other Deer Lakes in other parts of the state, the name applied to this lake will cause no confusion if adopted.

FRENCH LAKE (not French Kakigo Lake nor Kakigo Lake): T.64,65 N.,R.5 W.,secs.3;34,35. French Lake is used on most maps, and was selected as the most authentic name at a joint meeting of forest service and state conservation officers and local residents.

GILLIS LAKE (not Bat Lake, Gills Lake, nor Bullis Lake): T.64,65 N.,R.5 W.,secs.1,2,3, 10,11;35. Gillis, for a man who had a homestead near the lake some time ago, is the name in local use. The name Bat rightfully belongs to a lake just north of Gillis Lake, and has been incorrectly applied to this lake. Gills is apparently a misspelling of Gillis.

GNEISS LAKE (not Round Lake): T.66 N.,R.4 W.,sec.26. Round Lake is used on international boundary maps and on Canadian maps. Gneiss Lake is used on other maps, and is the common local name. Gneiss is the name of a rock which outcrops at various points around the lake. The name Round is much duplicated, and, as Gneiss is the generally accepted name, its adoption is recommended.

KADUNCE CREEK (not Cadunce Creek, Greenwood River, Diarrhea River, nor Diarrhoea River): Rises in T.62 N.,R.2 E.,sec.9; flows south, and empties into Lake Superior in T.61 N., R.2 E.,sec.2. All the more recent maps agree on Kadunce as the correct name and spelling for this creek. The name is Indian, but its meaning has not been determined.

MOORE LAKE (Not Root House Lake nor Moores Lake): Moores Lake was selected as the most authentic name for this lake at a joint meeting of forest service and state conservation department officers and local residents. The lake was named for a man named Moore who had a homestead on the lake thirty years ago. Although local use favors Moores, in compliance with the policy of the U.S.Board on Geographical Names, the "s" is being dropped, and the name Moore Lake is recommended for adoption. In recent years the name Root House has not been used to any extent.

PANCORE LAKE (not Lost Lake): T.61 N.,R.4 W.,secs.22,27. Both Pancore and Lost have been used locally, and Pancore is used on maps. Pancore Lake, for a man of that name who had a homestead on the shore of the lake, is recommended to avoid further duplication of Lost.

ROVE LAKE (not Watap Lake): T.65 N.,R.1 E.,secs.19,20, international boundary. Rove Lake is used on most maps. The Gunflint Trail was originally known as the Rove Lake Trail, and there is a publication on the Rove Lake slates. International boundary maps show this lake as part of Watap Lake, connected to the main lake by a channel. Recent aerial photographs show it connected to Watap by a stream, but it is not a part of the main lake. The name Rove has been used for a long time, and its adoption is recommended.

SAWBILL CREEK (not West Branch Temperance River): Rises in Sawbill Lake, T.62 N.,R.4 W., sec.7; flows into Temperance River in T.62 N.,R.4 W.,sec.28. Both names are used on various maps, but Sawbill Creek is the accepted local name. The name West Branch Temperance River is not recognized locally, and the stream is too small to be named as a main branch of the Temperance River. The creek is the outlet of Sawbill Lake.

SHOKO LAKE (not Arrow Lake nor Mile Post Lake): T.64 N.,R.1 W.,secs.14,15. All three names are used on various maps, and local usage varies between the three names. Shoko is said to be the original name of the lake, and it is not likely to be duplicated. Shoko is a Chippewa word, but its meaning has not been determined.

SPAULDING LAKE (not Sarah Lake): T.64 N.,R.2 E.,secs.5,6. The lake is named Sarah Lake some maps, and Spaulding Lake on others. About 1890 a man named Spaulding opened a mine on the east shore of the lake. The mine has since been abandoned. On some maps the name Spaulding has been applied to a larger lake just south of this lake. The misapplication of the name Spaulding on various maps has caused confusion as to which lake is really Spaulding lake. The adoption of the proposed name will go far toward eliminating this confusion.

SPECKLED TROUT LAKE (not Speckle Trout Lake nor South Trout Lake): T.63 N.,R.5 E.,secs. 7,8. All three names are used on various maps, but Speckled Trout Lake is the favored local name. It was so named because speckled trout are native to the lake. The adoption of Speckled Trout as the name will establish the correct spelling. South Trout has no local use.

WHITE PINE LAKE (not Big Lake): T.61 N.,R.3 W.,secs.19,20,30. Both names are used on maps, and local use is divided between the two names. White Pine is apparently the original name of the lake, and its adoption will eliminate duplication of the name Big Lake. The Indians gave it their name for white pine because of the heavy stand of white pines surrounding it.

WILLIAMS LAKE (not Mud Lake): T.61 N.,R.3 W.,secs.3,4. Williams Lake was selected as the most authentic name for the lake at a joint meeting of Forest service and state conservation department officers and local residents. It was so named for an early homesteader on the lake shore. Mud Lake, because of many duplications, is undesirable, and Williams Lake is generally accepted as the correct name.

MAR 9 1940

SIM D. ROLLINS & COMPANY

Mrs. Bertsch - For discussion at next meeting -

WHOLESALE JOBBERS OF

ENGINEERS' - STEAMFITTERS' - PLUMBERS' AND MILL SUPPLIES

Mr. Conley - O.K. 4/11/40

~~MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.~~ TOFTE, MINN.

MARCH 8, 1940

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Gentlemen:

Mr. Lundquist Cook County Auditor advises me that he he has not heard from you since mailing you my petition and your form properly filled out signed and passed by the County Historical Society and Cook County Commissioners for the naming of a stream that flows thru my property "ROLLINSCREEK" As I understand this has to be passed by the State Historical Society then forwarded to Washington to the National Historical Society. These papers were mailed to you last November 1939.

Kindley check into this matter and let me know what you have done regarding same. Rex Green in the Highway Dept has had some conversation with you regarding this matter.

Trusting that you will give this matter your prompt attention I am,

Very truly yours
SIM. D. ROLLINS
TOFTE, MINN.

Sim D Rollins
Tofte, Minn.

MWO

March 11, 1940

Mr. Sim. D. Rollins
Tofte, Minnesota

My dear Mr. Rollins:

This is to inform you that the State Geographic Board of Minnesota has received a copy of the resolution of the Board of County Commissioners of Cook County to name the stream referred to in your letter Rollins Creek. Action on this resolution is scheduled for the next meeting of the State Geographic Board, after which the name, together with a recommendation of the State Geographic Board, will be submitted to the United States Board on Geographic Names.

Sincerely yours,

Secretary, State
Geographic Board

AJL/U

File

Geog. Board

MAY 27 1939

J. T. ELLISON
ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER
AND CHIEF ENGINEER

O. L. KIPP
CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER

M. J. HOFFMANN
COMMISSIONER OF HIGHWAYS

W. F. ROSENWALD
TRAFFIC ENGINEER

C. L. MOTL
MAINTENANCE ENGINEER

E. J. MILLER
BRIDGE ENGINEER

STATE OF MINNESOTA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
1246 UNIVERSITY AVENUE
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

May 25, 1939

Mr. Arthur J. Larsen
Minnesota Historical Society
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Larsen:

Your courtesy in forwarding forms and giving information with regard to the naming of the stream in Cook County, is greatly appreciated.

I wonder if we might have another set of these forms for our record here as I have forwarded the ones you included in your letter of May 16th, to Mr. Sim D. Rollins, in Minneapolis.

The Mississippi River Parkway is progressing fairly well. I presume you are aware that a bill has been introduced in both Houses of Congress. The Committee on Public Lands has referred the bill out from the committee favorably. It now remains to have the Rules Committee bring on the bill for action by the House. 18 Senators have sponsored the bill in the Senate and it is my information it will soon be recommended out from the Committee on Public Lands in the Senate.

For your information, there is a parkway meeting of the Mississippi River Parkway group at Douglas Lodge, Itasca State Park on the morning of June 7th. This is in conjunction with the National Conference on State Parks which has its meetings June 5th, 6th and 7th. Mr. Lathrop, Director of State Parks is local Chairman in charge of arrangements.

Yours very truly,

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

S. Rex Green

S. Rex Green,
Engineer of Lands & Right of Way

SRG:HK

File
Geog. board

May 16, 1939

Mr. Rex Green
Minnesota Department of Highways
1246 University Avenue
St. Paul, Minnesota

My dear Mr. Green:

This morning your office called the historical society to find out whether we had any information about the name of a small stream which flows into Lake Superior about two and one-half miles west of Lutsen in section 6, township 59, range 3, W. in Cook County. So far as we are able to tell, that stream has no officially designated name. I suggested, however, that the plats in the county auditor's office of Cook County probably would show the name if it had one. I believe that a resident of the community near Lutsen wishes to have this stream named "Rollins Creek," or something of that sort.

The State Geographic Board, created in 1937, should be able to care for such a situation. The board's policy is one of co-operating closely with the wishes of the people of the community affected. The law permits the county commissioners to change the name of a lake or stream, or give a name to a feature which has been without a regularly accepted name, under certain conditions, subject to the approval of the State Geographic Board. I am enclosing copies of the laws establishing the geographic board, a copy of the suggestions prepared by the board for the guidance of petitioners, and a blank petition form which the board recommends be used in cases of this kind. Perhaps your office will get in touch with the man so that he can be advised as to the proper procedure for him to follow.

How are the plans for the Mississippi Scenic Parkway progressing?

Sincerely yours,

AJL/t
Enc.

File
Geog. Board

May 31, 1939

Mr. S. Rex Green
Engineer of Lands and Right of Way
Department of Highways
1246 University Avenue
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Mr. Green:

I am enclosing copies of the material relating to the activities of the State Geographic Board of Minnesota. Included you will find copies of the laws establishing the board, a mimeographed sheet of suggestions for procedure, and a sample petition form. If you need anything more, please do not hesitate to ask for it. Mr. Blegen is the secretary of the board, and the board had this material drawn up and copied for distribution among the commissioners of the counties of the state. I have been acting in the capacity of man-of-all-work for Mr. Blegen.

I am glad that the Mississippi River Parkway project is progressing so well. I hope that it will materialize. I hope that the meeting at Itasca State Park on June 7 will produce enough enthusiasm to help put the thing across.

Sincerely yours,

AJL/t
Enc.

DEC 13 1940

Office of County Auditor

Cook County, Minnesota

L. G. LUNDQUIST, AUDITOR

Grand Marais, Minn.

December 12, 1940.

Mr. Arthur J. Larsen,
Secretary, State Geographic Board,
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Sir:

In reply to your letter of the 9th inst. in regard to the location of the new named Rollins Creek, said creek runs through Lot 2, Section 6, Township 59, Range 3 West, and is the only creek running through that lot.

As to the name, it was named for Sim D. Rollins same man mentioned in the resolution.

Yours very truly,

L G Lundquist

County Auditor

December 9, 1940

Mr. L. G. Lundquist
County Auditor, Cook County
Grand Marais, Minnesota

My dear Mr. Lundquist:

I am enclosing a resolution of the Cook County Board of Commissioners naming a hitherto unnamed creek in T.59 N.,R.3 W.,sec.6, "Rollins Creek."

The resolution is indorsed with the approval of the State Geographic Board, and is sent to you to file in the office of the Register of Deeds of Cook County, in compliance with chapter 35 of the Session Laws of 1937.

Since the maps show two unnamed creeks in this section, it is necessary that we have for our records a more detailed description of the location of Rollins Creek. We should like also to have further information about the origin of the name. Was it named for the Sim D. Rollins mentioned in the resolution, or for another person?

We shall be most grateful if you will send us this information.

Sincerely,

Secretary,
State Geographic Board

AJL/B

Resolution:

Petition of Ed. Toftey et al was presented by County Auditor in behalf of naming an unnamed creek in Sec. 6, Twp. 59 N. R. 3 W. Rollins Creek, whereupon on motion duly made, seconded and carried, said petition was set for hearing Nov. 14, 1939, at 10 o'clock A. M. and the following notice issued, upon the requirement that Sim D. Rollins furnish bond or cash to cover the cost of the proceedings in advance as directed by the Statute pursuant to advice of the County Attorney;

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That a petition having been filed by Ed. Toftey, et al, to the Cook County Board, to name a stream, now unnamed, in Sec. 6, Twp.59 N. R. 3 West, in Cook County, Minnesota, as "Rollins Creek", the Board of Cook County Commissioners has set Tuesday, November 14, 1939, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. at the Courthouse in Grand Marais, in said County and State, as the time and place of hearing thereon before said Board. Any legal voters or municipality in said County may appear in person or by attorney, for or against said petition, or pray that another name be given to said stream. This notice is to be published three times in the Cook County News Herald prior to said hearing and shall be served on the State Geographic Board by mailing a copy thereof 30 days prior to said hearing.

P. G. Lundquist
County Auditor
Cook County,
Minnesota

MAR 1 1 1941

Office of County Auditor

Cook County, Minnesota

L. G. LUNDQUIST, AUDITOR

Grand Marais, Minn.

March 12, 1941.

Mr. Arthur Larsen, Secretary,
State Geographic Board,
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Sir:

At aregular meeting of the County Board March 11, 1941, petition submitted by you as to names of lakes and creeks in Cook County was approved, and recorded in the commissioners record.

Yours very truly,

L G Lundquist

County Auditor