



THE ROAD TO HOMEOWNERSHIP

A Start-to-Finish Guide to Buying a Home





The home-buying process is a long and complicated one. Even those who have purchased homes before may need guidance with some of the more convoluted steps. With a little guidance, research, and due-diligence, your dream home isn't far.

Follow the following steps and take the wheel as you navigate the road to homeownership!



BEFORE THE HOME SEARCH

These oft-forgotten steps are the important precursors to the bulk – and exciting parts – of the home-buying process.

1. Get Your Credit Report

Before advancing further into the home-buying process, check your credit score to ensure it is sufficient to be approved for a mortgage loan. Your score should be ~~620~~ or higher, with the exception of an FHA loan.* Even with a score above 620, lenders may require a heftier down payment or large income from the borrower.

Note: The lower your credit score drops below 740 points, the less attractive of a borrower you become to potential lenders.

This is your opportunity to make sure nothing in your credit report is inaccurate. The last thing you want when you apply for a mortgage loan pre approval is to discover that your report contains mistakes that make you wrongly appear like an unreliable borrower.

*Required credit scores vary from lender to lender and can change based on a borrower's other qualifications Consider this is a guideline, not a rule.

A. Household gross monthly income:

A x 0.4

B. Maximum monthly debt payments:

Example: Gross monthly income of \$8,000 X .4 = \$3,200

Be sure to check this number against your actual monthly debt payments.

= B

Recurring monthly expenses

Car loan payments:

Student loan payments:

+

Credit card payments:

+

Other loans:

+

Estimated utilities:

+

Miscellaneous expenses:

+

C. Total recurring monthly expenses:

= C

Affordable mortgage payment Subtract C from B:



2. Estimate How Much You Can Afford

Do you know how much home you can afford? Complete the worksheet to calculate what monthly payments you can afford for your home. Most lenders adhere to the 40 percent rule, and assume that you can afford payments for all debts totaling about 40 percent of your gross monthly income.

Is your affordable mortgage payment less than what you had originally estimated? If so, take a look at your debts and consider paying some off if possible to reduce your debt-to-income ratio and free up funds to accommodate for a larger monthly mortgage payment.

The true cost of a house includes more than just the mortgage payments. Make sure you also factor in the following costs:

- Homeowners insurance (approximately \$750, annually)
- Property taxes (approximately 1.2% of property value, annually)
- HOA dues (if applicable)

3. Research Loan Programs

Various government agencies have loan programs available to help aspiring homebuyers. Look into the following:

- ~~FHA-insured loan~~: Available to lower-income Americans to help them buy a home they otherwise would not be able to afford.
- ~~VA loan~~: Available to American veterans or their surviving spouses, enabling them to purchase homes without a down payment.
- ~~USDA loan~~: Offers financing to low-income Americans buying in rural areas.
- Conventional loan: Available through or guaranteed by private lenders or two government-sponsored enterprises, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac.
- Jumbo loan: Designed to finance luxury properties in highly competitive markets, jumbo loans exceed limits set by the Federal Housing Agency and are not eligible to be purchased, guaranteed, or secured by federal home loan banks.

*Be sure to research different loan options and consult with a lender before deciding which is right for you.



4. Get Mortgage Loan Pre-Approval

Pre approved buyers are more attractive because pre approval speeds up closing times and demonstrates seriousness when it's time to make an offer.

Steps involved in getting a mortgage loan pre approval:

- Choose a mortgage lender. Be sure to shop around– finding a better deal on your mortgage could save you thousands!
- Submit financial documents to the mortgage lender you choose. These documents can include W-2s, business tax returns, pay stubs, and a two-year employment history.
- Calculate the total cost of the home-buying transaction. Include down payment, closing costs, and escrows for taxes and insurance costs.

Some additional notes about mortgage loan pre approval:

- Getting pre approved with a lender does not commit you to using them.
- You can get pre approved by as many lenders as you would like, but each pre approval requires a new credit check so limit pre approvals if possible.

DURING THE HOME SEARCH

5. Find a Real Estate Agent

Your real estate agent will be your greatest ally during the home-buying process; it's important you find a competent agent you are compatible with!

Tips for finding a good real estate agent:

- Ask friends, family members, and co-workers for referrals.
- Use a search engine if referrals fall through.
- Don't automatically choose the first agent you meet!



6. Research Neighborhoods

It's important to research neighborhoods before getting serious about buying a house, and not just because the neighborhood's vibe can significantly influence how much you enjoy living in your new home. Your agent can help provide information on areas and make recommendations based on their expertise. Remember, they will be your most valuable resource!

The day may come when you decide to sell your dream house, and you'll want to make sure potential buyers find your neighborhood a pleasant place to live! If your dream home is located in a neighborhood in decline, your ability to resell it for a good price will be slim, regardless of how well you keep it up.

The following factors can affect how much you and future buyers value the house:

- Walkability
- Crime rates
- Quality of local schools
- Desirability – Is the culture of the area driving people to or from this neighborhood?

*General neighborhood deterioration – How well are homes maintained?

7. Look at Real Estate Listings

It's time for the fun part of the home-buying process – finding your dream home! Your real estate agent will help you during this step by finding listings you may be interested in based on your search criteria, your target price range, and areas of choice.

8. Choose the Home You Want

After researching online listings, exploring potential neighborhoods, and viewing homes with your real estate agent, choose the home you can see yourself in for years to come.



KEEP FINANCES IN LINE

Perhaps the most important thing you can do throughout the home-buying process is keep your finances in check. Do not do anything that could affect your credit-worthiness negatively. You've worked hard to get your finances in order and, as tempting as it may be, avoid splurging for your soon-to-be home before you close!

- Open a credit card
- Make major purchases (car, appliances, expensive electronics, furniture, etc.)
- Make a big career change

Your credit will be monitored closely throughout the entire home-buying process!

BEFORE MAKING AN OFFER

While you may have found your dream home, don't get too excited yet! There are still a couple of tasks you need to accomplish before you make an offer.

9. Check the Preliminary Title Report

Check for exceptions that may effect your enjoyment of the property, like unusual easements, restrictions, HOA, rules and regulations.

10. Determine Offer Price

This is a stage of the home-buying journey when the real estate agent's value really becomes apparent. Without access to the accumulated knowledge of local markets that agents possess, aspiring homebuyers can easily make offers that would dramatically overpay for the home or not be taken seriously by the current owners.

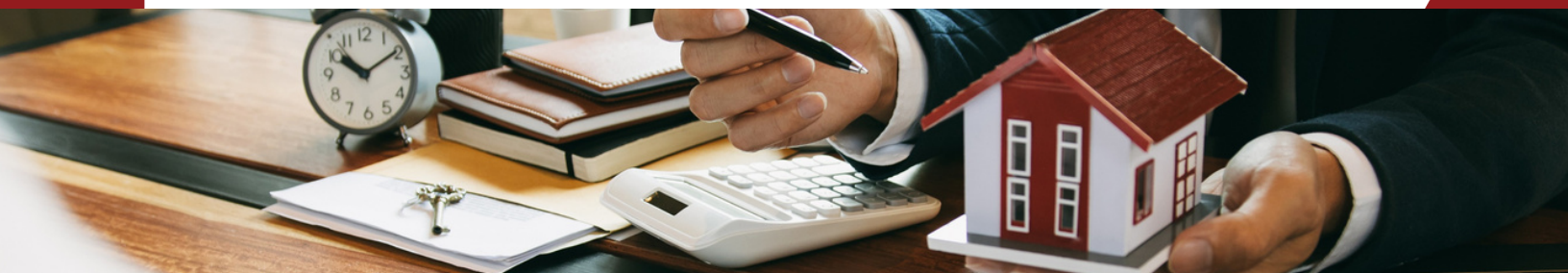
To help you make an offer, your real estate agent will provide you with a competitive market analysis (referred to as a CMA) to give you insight on what your offer should be.

11. Determine Contingencies

"Contingencies" are provisions in real estate contracts that allow them to be dissolved in the event a specified occurrence comes to pass. Consult with your real estate agent to determine if you want to add contingencies to your offer. Contingencies are by no means required but can be a life-saver for homebuyers with reservations about a home.

The most common contingencies for homebuyers are:

- Appraisal, inspection, and title review contingencies: Give the homebuyer the opportunity to cancel the purchase agreement if the home does not appraise for the purchase price.
- Financing contingency: Allows the homebuyers time to secure financing for the home purchase.



MAKE AN OFFER

Work with your agent to create an offer on your dream home. They'll work with you to write up an offer based on a comparative market analysis and additional insights they have for you to consider.

If the home you've set your sights on is located in a competitive market, consider including the following with your offer to make it more competitive:

- Proof of funds: Prove that you have the ability to pay the down payment and closing costs by including information about your liquid assets (cash, investments, etc.).
 - Pre-approval and fully underwritten letter: Work with your agent and lender to have the lender reach out and personally call the listing agent to answer any questions about your loan and qualifications. A personal touch goes a long way in making a strong offer.
- Where applicable, include an escalation clause that increases the amount you are willing to pay in case of multiple offers.

MAKE AN OFFER

Congratulations! Your offer has been accepted and you have taken one giant step toward owning your dream home. The home-buying process is far from over, however – your licensed real estate agent will guide you through this process in depth, but you are still several steps from closing the deal.

12. Hire a Home Inspector

Skilled home inspectors find issues that escape the buyer's (and hopefully also the seller's) attention. Common issues uncovered by inspectors include bad electrical wiring, drainage issues, mold and other hazardous building or insulation materials, and roofing in need of replacement.

Tips for hiring a good home inspector:

- Ask for guarantees: Some inspectors offer limited guarantees or warranties up to 90 days post after the inspection.
- Ask for credentials: An inspector who belongs to a professional organization like the American Society of Home Inspectors is much less likely to be a charlatan.
- Ask your agent for a referral: Your agent is often your best resource! Ask who they've worked with in the past and who they recommend!



13. Get the Home Appraised

The home appraisal will estimate the market value of your dream home.

14. Make Purchase Funds Available

Make sure the funds you need for closing are accessible. If you liquidate funds from an investment, make sure you keep the paperwork so you can show the lender.

15. Complete Final Walk-Through

Homebuyers are allowed to do a final walk-through of their new home before closing. This gives them the chance to check that the sellers kept the property in good shape, and that they performed agreed-upon maintenance and improvements, before any names are signed on dotted lines.

A final walk-through is not:

- An opportunity to back out of the deal.
- A home inspection.
- An opportunity to negotiate with the seller.

A smiling couple is shown in a new home. The woman, with curly hair and wearing a white t-shirt and jeans, is being carried piggyback by the man, who is wearing a blue patterned shirt and jeans. They are both smiling and looking towards the right. In the background, there are several brown cardboard moving boxes stacked on the floor. A small vase with purple flowers sits on one of the boxes. The scene is set in a bright room with light-colored walls and curtains.

You are just steps away from owning your dream home! Once your loan has been fully approved and underwritten by the lender, they will work with your closing team at the escrow or attorney's office to produce your closing documents. This will include your title insurance, loan documents and closing statements.

Once both buyers and sellers have signed their respective documents, the closing team will work with the county to record the sale. Make sure to confirm with your agent the date you will actually get the keys to your new home as it may vary by state.

Congratulations on your new home!

CONTACT US

In a period of soaring interest rates and rising home values, understanding credit and mortgages is crucial. It goes beyond financial literacy, requiring you to equip yourself with the tools to strategically overcome challenges and turn them into stepping stones for financial triumph.
For guidance on your homebuying journey, feel free to contact us.

To learn more, please contact us today:

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