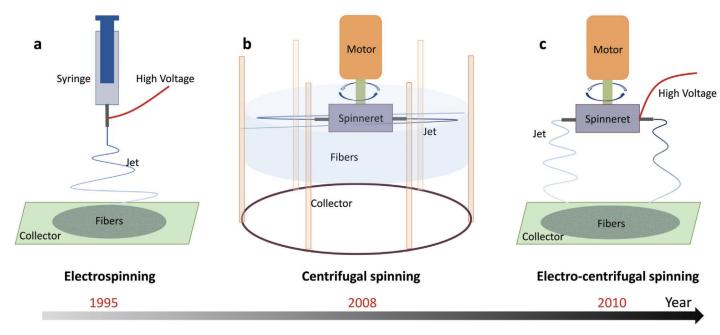
Hybridspinning technology (FZP UJEP & NST)

Combination of centrifugal and electrostatic spinning







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KEY PARAMETERS

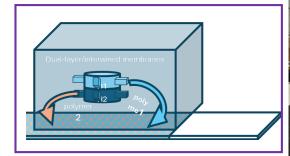
- Semi-industrial spinning compatible with the NST production line (straightforward upscaling)
- Dual-layer/interwined membranes
- Maximum spinneret rotation is 15,000 rpm
- Membrane width: 50 cm
- Substrate feed rate: up to 0.5 m s⁻¹
- Production yield:

UJEP: for 5 gsm, it is about 0.3 m min⁻¹ **NST**: for 5 gsm, it is about 1.2–2.4 m min⁻¹

(classical electrospinning: hours for A4-like sample size)

 Flexible unit allowing many additional modifications (inert atmosphere, spray coating, NIR automated fiber detection...)











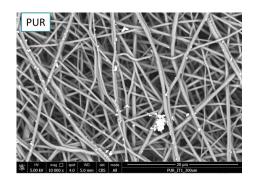
Comparison of the two solution spinning technologies

ELECTROSPINNING

MEMBRANE STRUCTURE

2-D planar structure

Thinner membranes



- Lower mechanical resistance
- Lower permeability
- One polymer in one membrane (or "core-shell-like/co-axial" morphology, which is difficult to be produced on industrial scale)

PRODUCTION COST

- NO waste production (dead volume in the filling system)
- Requires more solution to start the process
- Slow production (20× lower yield to spinning head/string)
- Easy roll-to-roll technology

FIBER MORPHOLOGY

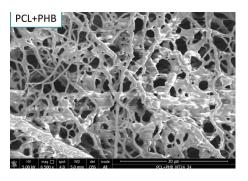
Diameter ~100-400 nm

contact: Jiri Orava (jiri.orava@ujep.cz)

HYBRIDSPINNING

MEMBRANE STRUCTURE 3-D structures

Thicker membranes



- Higher mechanical resistance
- Higher permeability
- Combination of up to 4 (nanoSPACE Technology) or 2 (UJEP) polymers in one membrane structure
- Water-based solutions
- Dopants are not negatively affected by the high voltage (crystallization, oxidation)

PRODUCTION COST

- ZERO waste production (all solution processed into fibers)
- Starting with 0.5 kg of solution
- Faster production (20× higher yield to spinning head/string)
- Easy roll-to-roll technology

FIBER MORPHOLOGY

Diameter ranging between <100-800 nm

Spinning is not limited by the conductivity of polymer or substrate, and solution viscosity