

# Antarctic Peninsula 09 January – 19 January 2018 M/V Plancius



MV *Plancius* was named after the Dutch astronomer, cartographer, geologist and vicar Petrus Plancius (1552-1622). *Plancius* was built in 1976 as an oceanographic research vessel for the Royal Dutch Navy and was named *Hr. Ms. Tydeman*. The ship sailed for the Royal Dutch Navy until June 2004 when she was purchased by Oceanwide Expeditions and completely refit in 2007, being converted into a 114-passenger expedition vessel. *Plancius* is 89 m (267 feet) long, 14.5 m (43 feet) wide and has a maximum draft of 5 m, with an Ice Strength rating of 1D, top speed of 12+ knots and three diesel engines generating 1230 hp each.



#### Captain Alexey Nazarov

#### and his international crew of 45 including:

Chief Officer: Jaanus Hannes [Estonia]

2nd Officer: **Matei Mocanu** [Romania]

3rd Officer: **Igor Nazarov** [Russia]

Chief Engineer: **Teunis van't Verlaat** [Netherlands]

Hotel Manager: Sebastian Duma [Romania]

Assist. Hotel Manager: **Bobby Manevski** [Macedonia]

Head Chef: **Heinz Hacker** [Austria]

Sous Chef: Lars Prater [Germany]

Ship's Physician: **Eva-Maria Kifmann** [Switzerland]

Expedition Leader: Lynn Woodworth [Canada/Australia]

Assist. Expedition Leader: Ali Liddle [Great Britain]

Expedition Guide: Lucas Humbert [France]

Expedition Guide: Pascaline Bourgain [France]

Expedition Guide: Céline Clément-Chastel [France]

Snowshoe Guide: **Gracie Bodo** [USA]

Camping Guide Nacho Marino [Argentina]

Kayak Guide: Fran Pothecary [Great Britain]

## Day 1 – Tuesday 9<sup>th</sup> January 2018 Embarkation – Ushuaia, Argentina

0800 GPS Position: Ushuaia Port

Wind: NE -4 Sea State: Port Weather: Cloudy Air Temp: 15°C Sea Temp: 12°C



So finally, the much-awaited departure day was upon us! We woke up in Ushuaia to glorious blue skies and sunshine, full of excitement and anticipation at the thought of boarding the MV Plancius for our forthcoming adventure - for many of us today signified the culmination of a lifelong dream!

We spent the morning exploring this lovely Patagonian city, soaking up the local flavours and enjoying the sights. Ushuaia marks the end of the road in Argentine Tierra del Fuego, but also the beginning – the beginning of once-in-a-lifetime adventure. During the summer this rapidly growing frontier town of 55,000 bustles with adventurous travellers.

The duty-free port flourishes with tourism but also thrives on a sizeable crab fishery and a burgeoning electronics industry. Ushuaia which stands for "bay that penetrates to the west" in the indigenous Yaghan tongue, clearly benefits from its magnificent, yet remote setting.

It was a warm, sunny afternoon as we made our way along the pier to the boat at 16:00, ready to board our new floating home for the next 11 days. We were greeted by members of our expedition staff who directed us to the reception to meet the hotel manager, Sebastian, and his team who showed us to our rooms. There we found our luggage and in no time at all we settled in and started to explore our new surroundings.

At 17:00 we convened in the lounge on deck five to meet expedition leader Lynn Woodworth, who welcomed us on board the ship. Chief Officer, Jaanus Hannes then acquainted us with the safety features of the vessel and with the essential do's and don'ts on board.



Just as we were finished the briefing we could see that the gangway had been lifted and the ropes were being released and we were beginning to make our way off the pier. There was some wind coming onto our port side, which pushed us back towards the wharf but with further propulsion we were soon off and on our way. Soon afterwards it was time for the mandatory safety drill and we gathered in the bar, donned our big orange lifejackets and went through the roll call to make sure everybody was there. We were then



escorted outside to take a look at the lifeboats, but were left confident that we would have no reason to do this again in the next 12 days!

At 19:00 we met in the bar again, this time for a welcome cocktail with our Captain, Alexey Nazarov. He spoke a few words and explained that we were welcome on the bridge during daylight hours, which is a great viewing platform for bird-watching and also the place to find out from officers on watch what life is like at sea. Sebastian then briefly explained what could be found on each of the decks, on board amenities and generally how life on the Southern Ocean would work over the course of this trip. Expedition

leader, Lynn told us a little about the forthcoming voyage and introduced her team of guides and what each of their roles would be during the voyage.

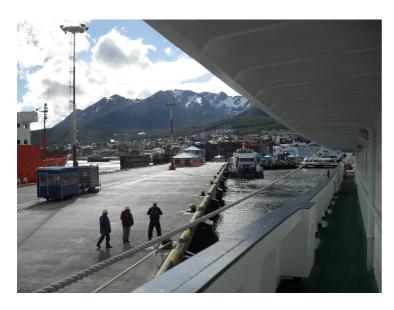
Shortly afterwards we were invited to the dining room to enjoy the first of many delicious meals on board, prepared by head chef Heinz and his team. There was a real buzz in the dining room, as we got to know each other and talked about our hopes and aspirations for this voyage.

Our first evening was occupied with more exploration of the ship, adjusting to her movements and settling into our cabins before retiring for the night.

In the early hours of the morning we reached the entrance of the Beagle Channel and headed out into the open waters of the Drake Passage- our Antarctic adventure was now fully underway!!!!







## Day 2 – Wednesday 10<sup>th</sup> January 2018 At Sea in the Drake Passage

**0800 GPS Position:** 56º 34' S / 065º 35' W

Wind: WNW 5 Sea State: Rough Weather: Clear Air Temp: 10°C Sea Temp: 7°C



We had all begun to feel some more motion in the ocean during the early hours of the morning and with increasingly big rolls we were very much aware of our arrival into the Drake Passage. For some, the rolling was a little too much and staying in bed for a few more hours was a much better option than getting up and trying to make it the dining room for breakfast. Those of us who made it enjoyed a great breakfast buffet before making our way up to the outer decks or to the lounge.

Out on deck conditions were still quite mild with some sunshine and just enough wind to allow the larger seabirds to

fly effortlessly around the ship as we sailed further south. We saw both Wandering and Southern Royal albatross, the largest of all the seabirds with a wingspan of 3.5m as well as Grey headed and Black browed

albatross. These birds were to stay with us for the whole day.

At 10:30 Ali invited us to the Dining Room for a presentation about Albatross, particularly the Black browed albatross that breed on the Falkland Islands, and about seabird conservation. Albatross populations were in decline for many years due to unregulated fishing which resulted in birds being caught on hooks and drowned but recent efforts and legislation have started to reverse the decline and she explained just how easily these mitigation methods can be adopted by fishing boats.



There was some time to relax or go out on deck before lunch and those that ventured to the top deck were able to watch the Wandering albatross flying quite close to the ship. There were darker juvenile birds as well as white mature albatross.



After lunch there was time for a siesta for those that needed it before Fran met the potential Kayakers for a briefing about their forthcoming paddling activities in Antarctica.

The second presentation of the day was given by Pascaline in the Lounge. She gave a very detailed lecture about the Antarctic ice and the impact this has on climate and the ecosystem of Antarctica. It was a great way of preparing us for the days ahead in the icy world of Antarctica and we all came away armed with additional knowledge about the icy stuff! The rest of the afternoon was our own with time to relax, watch the birds from either the outside decks or from the comfort of the Lounge or to lie horizontal and wonder how long the bunk was going to keep rolling for! At 1830 we were invited to the Lounge once again for the daily re-cap with the Expedition Team. Lynn explained our plans for tomorrow while Nacho showed us the real length of the seabird wingspans using a technical piece

of string! Gracie explained about the Antarctic Convergence where the warmer waters of the north meet the cold water of Antarctica forming a biological boundary within the water. Dinner was served at 1900 and we all enjoyed continuing to meet fellow passengers and exchange travel stories.

## Day 3 – Thursday 11<sup>th</sup> January 2018 At Sea in the Drake Passage

**0800 GPS Position:** 60º 35' S / 061º 22' W

Wind: W 5 Sea State: Rough Weather: Cloudy Air Temp: 6°C Sea Temp: 2°C



Our second sea day may have had a bit calmer of seas, or perhaps we were just getting more used to the waves and rocking of the ship, 'getting our sea legs' as they say. It was a very full day as we prepared for our arrival to Antarctica. First order of the day was to acquire one of our best companions for the rest of the trip, a pair of warm, dry boots. It was a bit rocky in the small boot room but most of us managed to make our way forward to get ourselves some well fitting boots.

After this we had a mandatory briefing full of very important safety and on shore information. We learned about how to go on

the gangway and get into the zodiac, how to treat wildlife ashore and many other rules that have been put in place by IAATO to best protect Antarctica. There was a lot to learn about safety for ourselves and safety

for the continent and all wildlife in it.

Immediately after the briefing we had more preparation to start on, the vacuuming. This is a very important part of going to shore and everyone was very good at being thorough with vacuuming their outer gear. It takes quite a long time so even with 6 vacuums going in the lounge we ended up getting half of us through to vacuum before lunch and then the other half finished up in the afternoon.

By this time we were ready for shore in the physical

sense. However there was still a bit of useful information to learn about the wildlife so that we could better appreciate everything once we arrived. Ali gave a lecture on the different penguins we would be seeing on on voyage in Antarctica. She outlined the different species we are likely to see and how these entertaining little birds are adapted to the cold environment of Antarctica. We lots of lovely photos of the penguins in her presentation it got us even more excited about the upcoming days.



After a short break we got to hear from Lucas about the Antarctic food chain and the phytoplankton which plays such an important role in Antarctica. If it wasn't for the very small creatures in the oceans the bigger animals such as the penguins, seals and whales would not survive here.

What a full day we had, rolling from side to side with an occasional big roll to cause some excitement. Throughout the day fog had settled around us as is normal for this part of the Drake. Everyone made their way slowly to and fro, holding onto anything available for support. We

really worked well as a team to help each other and stay safe. Another day closer to Antarctica, soon we would see why this crossing of the Drake Passage was all worth it.

Just before recap we found ourselves approaching the South Shetland Islands where the Captain began to navigate through the narrow channel in the islands known as the English Strait. As soon as we entered the channel the rolling of the ship stopped and the fog suddenly cleared. All around us we could see the jagged

peaks and islands which looked like something from a fantasy film. We were also lucky to see a group of Humpback whale feeding on the krill that Lucas had been telling us about earlier in the day. We had finally arrived in Antarctica and it was a wonderful feeling after 2 days at sea. Staff commented that it seemed like we had new passengers on board as some people had been in their cabins for the last 2 days! Then after such a long day of hearing the expedition team talking of safety, rules and wildlife the recap was made short so we might have a bit of a break. Lynn talked about the coming day when we would finally reach the continent of Antarctica.

Just at the end of the recap Orca, Killer whales were spotted ahead of the ship and we got a look at them in the sunlight. We could see the distinctive tall dorsal fin of the male as well as some tiny young ones swimming alongside their mothers. It was a rare treat to see so many in one location. Sadly the ship reluctantly continued past them so that it might make the morning landing in time. In the evening some of us enjoyed the birds and fog out on deck, some enjoyed the lounge for a drink, a game and the views while others headed straight for their beds to be rocked to sleep by the Drake for the last time until our return.





## Day 4 – Friday 12<sup>th</sup> January 2018 Dorian Bay and Port Lockroy and Jougla Point

0800 GPS Position: 64º 41' S / 063º 02' W

Wind: NE 2 Sea State: Calm Weather: Overcast Air Temp: 3°C Sea Temp: 1°C



We had all enjoyed a much more comfortable night on board and all managed a very good night of sleep which meant that most of us were woken by the wake-up call this morning rather than lying awake waiting for it! As we emerged from our cabins we found ourselves at the southern end of the Gerlache Strait. Those of us who had been up before the wake-up call enjoyed watching Humpback whales feeding near to the ship and we also lucky enough to see another pod of Orca, Killer whales as we sailed further south.

During breakfast we navigated through the very scenic

Neumayer Channel and soon found ourselves at our first landing location for the morning at Damoy Point. We had made it!

As soon as the anchor had been dropped the Zodiacs were lowered and as soon as the staff had prepared the landing site we were heading ashore past icebergs to make our first landing in Antarctica! We almost smelt the penguins before we could see them as they have made their nest sites on top of every rocky outcrop on the lower slopes of the island. The landing site was a rocky shore line and we were then into penguin guano before we finally found ourselves walking on icy snow. Staff had flagged an easy route up onto the snow and from there we could walk past all the little groups of Gentoo penguins that were nesting on the top of the rocky ridge. They find these rocky areas at the



beginning of the season as the snow is cleared off these areas first by the wind and then with the rocks exposed they can start to build their nests as soon as they can. Most of the penguins had two chicks huddled at their feet in the pebble nest and while some of the chicks were quite big, maybe a month old other were probably only hatched a week ago and were very tiny and vulnerable to the skuas that were flying around the colony.



From the ridge, which gave stunning views across the bay, some people followed Ali and Grace up to the top of the snow ridge beyond. This relatively flat ridge was used as a run way for ski planes by the British Antarctic Survey from the 1960's until the 1990's. The scientific personnel would travel to Dorian Bay by ship and would then be flown by ski plane to the interior of Antarctica where they would conduct their studies during the summer season. The hut at the bottom of the slope was really an airport lounge/waiting room and staff would wait here for their flights south. If the weather was bad either at Dorian Bay or further south they would have waited here for a few days at

a time. The views from the ski way across to the Seven Brothers and down to Port Lockroy base were stunning.

Back at the lower slopes everyone had enjoyed a fabulous morning with penguins and enjoyed the first landing here in Antarctica.



Once we were all back on board and had cleaned the penguin guano off our boots we had lunch and during lunchtime Plancius repositioned around the corner of Damoy Point ready for our afternoon at Port Lockroy and Jougla Point.

After lunch we had a presentation by one of the staff members from Port Lockroy, who explained some of the history of the base which used to be known as Base A and belonged to the British Antarctic Survey. She also outlined some of the practicalities related to our visit; sending post cards and avoiding the resident penguins......! In due course we headed ashore in the Zodiacs with the first passengers going to Port Lockroy first while the others went to Jougla Point. At Port Lockroy everyone enjoyed looking around the museum and spending some time, and money in the shop as well as watching the penguins coming and going from the little island. Some of them were nesting right under the museum building and boat shed! There was also a sleepy Weddell seal lying on the snow near the shore that looked very much like a rock for most of the time!

Over at Jougla Point we were able to watch more Gentoo penguins on their nests and making their way up the penguin highways but we also saw the colonies of Antarctic Cormorants nesting on the edge of the island. It was a great place to just stand and watch the busy lives of the birds. Some people were lucky enough to see a Leopard seal in the water near the landing site. They patrol these areas in search of penguin dinner.

After an hour or so the two groups swapped over and everyone was able to enjoy both the locations during the afternoon.



Back on board there was time for a short briefing with plans for tomorrow before heading down for dinner. For some people the day was not yet finished as, after dinner they wrapped up warm once again, collected their sleeping kits from the boot room and boarded the Zodiacs ready to go ashore again at Damoy for a night of Antarctic camping! Brr! Sweet, warm dreams!





#### **Kayaking**

#### **Dorian Bay**

We had a slightly slow start this morning which was to be expected with a group of 14 newbies on the water and a slightly later arrival at Dorian Bay. Fortunately the weather was calm (which can't always be said for Dorian) and we chose to paddle down to Damoy Point, getting used to the double kayaks and how to manoeuvre them on the water. We had our first glimpse of penguins – both in and out the water - and their colonies (which we could smell from some distance away!). Although a brief outing it was a great introduction to the kayaking for the team.

#### **Port Lockroy**

It was a little too windy for paddling this afternoon so we cancelled the session.







## Day 5 – Saturday 13<sup>th</sup> January 2018 Port Charcot and Petermann Island

**0800 GPS Position:** 65º 00' S / 063º 49' W

Wind: N 1 Sea State: Calm Weather: Clear Air Temp: 4ºC Sea Temp: 1ºC



In the early hours of the morning, while most of the ship was still sleeping, the campers had a 4:30 wake-up call. They packed up their camping gear, filled in their sleeping holes that they had dug the night before and their Zodiac drivers arrived at 5am to bring them back to the ship for a hot shower and a warm bed. An amazing experience to camp in Antarctica. While not quite as early as the campers, the rest of us also got an early start to our day and were woken up to sunny, blue skies and beautiful views at the entrance to the Lemaire Channel.

After breakfast we all headed out on deck as we ship cruised through the Lemaire Channel. At the entrance,

almost as a gateway to the channel itself stands Cape Raynard with its twin peaks topped with a layer of

snow. Every second brought a different view of icebergs and mountains, it was absolutely stunning. Several of the icebergs we passed had one or two Crabeater seals, one iceberg even had a Gentoo penguin running around and falling down amongst two Crabeater seals. Many of us were speechless as so many fantastic shapes appeared before us. After an excellent start to our day we headed on for our morning landing at Port Charcot, passing by some incredible icebergs which have been stranded in what is known as the iceberg graveyard. The area is very shallow and the currents bring the icebergs into the bay where they cannot drift back out again. Here they will stay until they finally break up and melt.





After a brief warm up inside, we all layered up in preparation for the landing. We were eager to get to shore at the historic Port Charcot. Once on shore some people went on the hike that Ali led up to a summit and the historic cairn while the rest of us enjoyed our time amongst the colonies basking in the sunshine on the rocks and meandering down to the beach on the other side of the landing site. The cairn itself was built by Jean Baptiste Charcot, a French explorer who overwintered here in 1902. He buried a container which had a draft of all his scientific findings from the expedition and his plans for further travel, if he was unable to return for any reason. The views from the top of the peak were

stunning and everyone enjoyed just sitting in the sunshine and taking it all in.

Along at the penguin colonies we were all able to watch the Gentoo penguins in their loud calling, flipper flapping and pebble stealing glory. The island is home to three species of penguins, the Gentoos, a small number of Chinstraps and a few Adelies. Those of us who walked a little higher up the slope were lucky



enough to see all three species at once. It was a fabulous morning with plenty of time to just sit and watch and soak it all in. There were all smiling faces as we returned to the ship for a lunch and a bit of a rest.

During lunchtime we made the very short navigation around the coast to Petermann Island. Again this was a location for an expedition by Charcot who overwintered here in 1909 on his ship the Pourquais Pais. As we approached the shore we could see a red building, which is an Argentine refuge hut although now in a very poor state of repair. Just nearby is a memorial cross to three members of the British Antarctic

Survey who sadly disappeared while crossing the sea ice nearby in 1982 and were never seen again. The island is home to both Gentoo and Adelie penguins nesting. You could find the Gentoo penguins nesting just next to the Adelies' so it was easy to compare the features, noises and even the smells. The Adelie chicks were a bit bigger than the Gentoo chicks and also they were a solid grey/brown whereas the Gentoos already had the patterns and colouring of full grown Gentoos.



Those of us who walked down the find the Antarctic cormorants saw Gentoo, Adelie and cormorants all nesting right next to each other. Many of us spent a great deal of time in one place enjoying these amazing birds. And after some time with the penguins quite a few of us went for a lovely walk up and along the hill and had an amazing view of the other side of the island. One of the best parts about the landing is that we could stay in any one place as long as we wanted and truly enjoy our surroundings.

Back on board we had a brief recap of the day and Ali told us about Weddell and Crabeater seals while sharing some very nice, often adorable, photos of these seals. Lynn also told us about our plans for the next day.

After another delicious dinner it was time to head back outside to enjoy our second trip through the Lemaire Channel. It was just as beautiful as our morning cruise though, possible even more so with the lower sun and excellent lighting. Captain Alexey had some fun we all enjoyed and expertly



navigated the ship through a field of ice in the middle of the Lemaire. Larger icebergs were avoided and middle sized and small ones were pushed out of the way by the ship, creating a very satisfying sound and cheers from the bow. It was hard to head to bed with such magnificent views but after such a full day in Antarctica many of us were happy to head to sleep. The campers from the night before were especially grateful for the luxury of a warm bed and an indoor toilet. As we slept the ship travelled North towards our next days adventure.

#### **Kayaking**

#### **Port Charcot**

Carol decided not to paddle this morning as she had been camping the night before and wanted to get a more relaxed start to the day. This meant that we were down to 13 in number and Ross had a chance to paddle a single kayak which he took to like a penguin to water. We had fabulous weather sailing down Lemaire Channel which no-one wanted to miss so we rushed to change and get to the kayak deck once we had turned the corner towards Port Charcot. We decided to head round to the other side of Port Charcot to get away from the Zodiacs, ship and shore parties and once round the corner looking north from Booth Island we had a fabulous array of peaks of Anvers Island and the wide blue sea out west. Ali pointed us in the direction of a crab eater seal she could see on an ice floe from her vantage point at Port Charcot – we paddled over to it only to discover it was in fact a leopard seal who took a look at us and went back to rest. What amazing beasts they are. We practiced a few skills like doing tight turns and back paddling – always a useful skill when trying to avoid crashing into ice bergs and other kayaks.

#### **Peterman Island**

We had a small dedicated team this afternoon as we didn't have the time to do a landing as well as kayak. We did however get to see two Adélie penguins so the penguin "tickers" were satisfied – and we also paddled all the way round Petermann Island. The far side was really quite interesting – huge bergs pushed up against the shore meant we couldn't hug the coast and had to paddle further out on the swell. Coupled with a bit of "clapotis" we had a slightly bumpier ride that we had in the last two sessions but everyone coped extremely well. The other thing we noted earlier in the trip was the abundant moss and lichen on the north and west facing steep slopes; and the evidence of volcanism, huge boulders in an ash matrix, and basalt dykes cutting the rock layers. Really amazing weather again and a very happy bunch of Aussies at the bar tonight.





## Day 6 – Sunday 14<sup>th</sup> January 2018 Cuverville Island and Base Brown

0800 GPS Position: 64º 40' S / 062º 37' W

Wind: SW 2 Sea State: Calm Weather: Clear Air Temp: 4ºC Sea Temp: 0ºC



We were woken up by Lynn well before the official wake-up call this morning as a group of Humpback whales had been seen feeding quite close to the ship. It was definitely worth getting up for as we were able to approach them quite closely as they continued their feeding. There were 2 adults feeding co-operatively on the swarms of Krill that can be found here during the summer. They were continually diving, showing their tail flukes and then coming up to the surface of the water with their mouths wide open taking in a mouthful of seawater and Krill and then sifting the food out of the water with their baleen. They were unconcerned by

our presence and we were able to spend some time taking photos and enjoying the experience.

After breakfast we were in position off Cuverville Island and were ready to go ashore for the morning landing. Once on shore we were met by Gentoo penguins that were busily making their way back to the colony to feed their ever growing chicks. Staff had flagged a route along the coastline to one of the colonies and we were able to walk along, taking care not to obstruct the penguin highways and watch the birds on their nests. Cuverville Island is home to the largest Gentoo penguin colony on the Antarctic Peninsula with around 4,000 breeding pairs scattered around the island and there were certainly penguins as far as the eyes could see. Cuverville is a very popular stop off point for visiting cruise ships so to enable the majority of the penguins to nest undisturbed by visitors some of the island is closed to tourists so we stopped at the low saddle and observed the closest little colonies. There was plenty to see! From here Lucas had flagged another walking trail up the side of the island to a low viewpoint where we could see over the lower slopes and



out into the channel where there were plenty of grounded icebergs. The walk up was a little icy but staff had kicked some steps into the icy snow and the walk was relatively easy. All along the route there were large balls of moss that had fallen down from the upper slopes. This is one of the few plants species that flourish here in Antarctica.



Back down at sea level some people took a tour back to the ship via the icebergs, which was a real treat while others decided that they were going to brave the icy waters along with the penguins and take a Polar Plunge. With the tide going out it was a bit of a chilly walk out to deeper water but with some screams and shouts everyone participating took a dive and very quickly came back out! Their admiration for the penguins increased significantly!

All too soon it was time to head back to the ship ready for lunch and our next destination, Paradise Bay. Our route took us through the very scenic Errera Channel and as the clouds

cleared even more we found ourselves under blue skies once again and Paradise Bay lived up to its name and we found ourselves in flat calm waters and warm sunshine once again.



Our plans for the afternoon included a continental landing at Almirante Brown and a Zodiac cruise around Skontorp Bay. The English speaking passengers were taken ashore first where we landed at the Argentinean Base and the French speakers went on the cruise. This station on the continent is manned for a few months during the summer when base personnel spend time repairing the buildings and monitoring the penguin population on the island. From here we took a walk around the

buildings and past the nesting Gentoo penguins to where Ali had flagged a route up to the summit of the hill and also to a lower viewpoint. The snow conditions were much softer then the morning and it was an easier walk up the steep slope. For those who managed the walk the effort was well worth it as the views around the whole of Paradise Bay were stunning. We could see out across Skontorp Cove and even saw some Humpback whales down below us in the water. It was so quiet that we could hear the whales blowing as they surfaced.

After around 90 minutes or so the two groups swapped over and then we went out on a Zodiac cruise into Skontorp Cove itself. We passed the high rocky cliffs where we could see Antarctic cormorants nesting on the rocky ledges. The brown downy chicks were pretty big by this time and demanding food from their parents as they came back from foraging trips at sea. Around the corner we found ourselves in a stunning amphitheatre of the bay with the Avalanche Glacier tumbling down from the higher slopes of Mount Inverleith. All around the bay there were icebergs and on some of them we were lucky enough to find some Leopard seals, a Crabeater seal and a Weddell seal. They were all lying



snoozing in the sunshine and one Leopard seal was even heard snoring as we switched off our engines and enjoyed the experience. Some of us were lucky enough to have a Humpback whale surface quite close to the Zodiacs and had a great view of it as it dived down and shoed its tail fluke.

All too soon it was time to head back to the ship after what had been a magical day here in Antarctica. Back on board Lynn outlined the plans for tomorrow and Ali talked about Humpback whales and their breeding and feeding behaviour. Grace then explained about the website Happy Whale where we can send our photographs of whale tails to add to the global database of whales.

After dinner we were sailing in an open bay area where the scenery was stunning with Humpback whales and even some more Orca seen later in the evening. A perfect end to the day.



#### **Kayaking**

#### **Cuverville Island**

The island that never fails to deliver! We were woken early as Lynn called us to watch humpback whales feeding close to the ship on our journey down Errera Channel. It was looking as if we weren't going to be able to kayak as the wind was too strong but as we approach the island it steadily died off to only a few knots. We had thirteen of us on the water again today and we were quick to get ready and get the kayaks on the water – everybody is getting familiar with the winching operation. We decided on a circumnavigation of the island and as we rounded the southern end we were surprised by how much ice had forced its way up between Ronge Island and Cuverville. This meant we had to do some delicate negotiations around bergs – fortunately not really big ones – and couldn't stick close to the shore. A slight wind picked up and we practiced holding our position both into the wind and downwind. For the first time people realised that they sometimes can't afford to stop paddling at all lest they get blown away! Back at the ship we winched up the kayaks in record time and headed for a well deserved lunch.

#### **Base Brown**

The weather remained favourable and we needed full factor sun cream and sunglasses all afternoon. Nine of us took to the water ready to practice some new skills but in the end we chased whales slowly – well, we were slow and they were a little faster – round Skontorp Cove, getting some great views of tail flukes but unfortunately not generating enough interest for them to come and visit us. As usual Avalanche Glacier was super active and we witnessed some avalanches high up and a large berg capsizing at the base. The humpback whales moved tantalisingly closer to the ice cliffs but we wisely decided not to follow them in. The team staged a mutiny and wouldn't get off the water as they were so happy in the peace of a sunny afternoon, but eventually to finish with, we did a short cruise under the bird cliffs admiring the streaks of copper Verdigris, the lichens and the shag colony where the chicks are just about as large as the parent birds right now. Truly another incredible day.





## Day 7 – Monday 15<sup>th</sup> January 2017 Neko Harbour and Danco Island

**0800 GPS Position:** 64º 50' S / 062º 37' W

Wind: NW 1 Sea State: Calm Weather: Partly cloudy Air Temp: 4ºC Sea Temp: 1ºC



This morning brought no 6:30am wake-up from the whales, instead we got to sleep in until 7:15 and have our breakfast at 7:30. This gave us time to get ready for our 9am landing at Neko, a harbour well known for having very active glaciers with a lot of calving. In our briefing the night before we learned that it wasn't even safe to walk on the lower part of the beach because of the waves that can result from a large piece of ice falling into the sea. This was going to be our second Antarctic continental landing and with clear bluer sky and sunshine it was hard to believe that we were in Antarctica. Getting down the gangway and into the zodiac we headed to shore seeing all

the amazing glaciers surrounding us and icebergs everywhere. Once we got ashore we dropped off our life vests we could walk to the right for a nice short walk to a rocky area to sit down for a front row seat of the nesting Gentoos below, or to the left for a hike up high onto the ridge for fantastic views overlooking all the penguins, Neko Harbour, the ship and even Humpback whales swimming below. The walk up took us past small groups of nesting Gentoo penguins and we could see their well worn penguin highways that had been created over weeks of little penguin feet coming and going!

At the viewpoint there was small rocky outcrop which was a perfect platform for taking photos with the stunning backdrop of the glacier face right behind. Many of us sat in the sunshine willing a large piece of ice to fall of the front of it but we only heard a few cracks and bangs and didn't see anything calving off. Down at sea level, the kayakers looked amazing out there on the water, playing with the whales and paddling along. We could all hear the glaciers rumbling and cracking in all different directions and a few of us saw some calving action. Before heading back to the ship we had an impromptu mini zodiac cruise alongside Humpback whales and up to some beautiful icebergs and glaciers. None of us wanted to return





as we had perfect conditions, glossy, calm water reflecting the blue icebergs and peaking mountains. Eventually though it was time to return for a warm lunch and a bit of relaxation.

The afternoon brought some of our first cloudy skies at the Antarctic Peninsula. If anything though it helped the details of the icebergs and scenery to stand out better and made for some really good photographs. We were going to shore at Danco Island. Upon boarding the zodiacs first thing was to check out the nearby iceberg with four Crabeater seals on it surrounded by the Gentoo penguins swimming all around. Then we made our way through the icebergs

to our landing site. From here we could have a long walk down the beach that was scattered with icebergs

on the rocks, pebbles and sand, finally an iceberg we could stand on safely! All amongst the beach and iceberg were Gentoo penguins either going up or coming down the penguin highways into the water.

Ali had flagged a route up to the higher penguin colonies and then up to the very top of the island for 360 views looking over the main continent, the Errera Channel and the many glaciers coming out to sea. On the way up we all had to wait our turn to cross the penguin highways as the birds went up and down the island and some of us were there for



nearly 15 minutes as it was rush hour in the penguin world! There were some snowflakes falling and a bit more of a breeze than we had seen the last few days. We had one last person for the polar plunge, she ran in and out at lightning speeds and was whisked back to the ship. On the way back we saw many Crabeater seals on the ice but also some Weddell seals and a single Southern elephant seal lying on the small low lying islands just off shore. Some Antarctic cormorants were sitting out on the rocks and of course our good friends the Gentoo penguins we swimming in large rafts as they waited to make their way ashore, ready for the long climb back up the island to their partners and chicks. Back at the ship it was time for a cup of something hot and one of Roger the baker's delicious afternoon treats.



What an amazing last full day in Antarctica! Instead of a recap we had an evening to relax and then a BBQ to celebrate our trip! We ate out on the back deck level 3 where it was a proper Antarctic setting with light snow and black and white scenery. We had a delicious variety of side dishes, all the bbq meat one could eat and free drinks. Even the whales turned up to the party! Many of us enjoyed our dinner while watching the Humpbacks surface two or three at a time, with accompanying sheers every time they showed a tail fluke! We continued to drink our hot mulled wine to stay warm while the

food was cleared out and a bit of floor space appeared. It soon turned into a dance party when the music started and the disco lights came on! Many you wouldn't expect were on the dance floor busting out some amazing moves. It was all laughs and smiles as we had a blast shaking to the music with our new friends.



#### **Kayaking**

#### **Neko Harbour**

Having watched a short video clip of the falling ice cliffs in Neko Harbour we stayed well away from them and headed along the coast to the back of Andvord Bay. We saw whales in the distance and followed them to where they were criss-crossing the bay feeding. They were smaller than humpbacks, rather uninterested in the kayaks and didn't show their tail flukes so we concluded that they were probably minke whales. We didn't get close enough for good photos sadly but still enjoyed a beautiful calm and sunny time on the water. We came back to the ship a little early so that we could get a continental landing at Neko Harbour and spent the last part of the morning on land with Gentoos and a resting Weddell seal.

#### **Danco Island**

We finished the kayaking with an afternoon paddling the Errera Channel in calm and cool conditions but we could see the weather changing down the Gerlache Strait and the tops of the mountains were cloud covered. We had intended to circumnavigate Danco Island but we were distracted early on by a few large flotillas of Gentoo penguins who were using a couple of largish bergs as a platform from which to bathe. They were all around us and incredibly close to the kayaks, washing themselves, which they do by scrubbing their bodies with flippers, beaks and feet and rolling in the water. And making such a racket! It was a fantastic note to end on especially as in the middle of one raft of maybe 100 Gentoos, a chinstrap penguin popped up. We then paddled down the west side of Danco Island past the concrete plinth of the old BAS base there, and the penguins colonies. Regretfully at the southern end of the island, we had to board the Zodiacs again to get back to the ship in time for the evening BBQ. At least we were spared the last kayak lift as they were all being lifted direct by the crew to Deck 5 ready for their journey back across the Drake Passage.





## Day 8 – Tuesday 16<sup>th</sup> January 2018 Foyn Harbour

**0800 GPS Position:** 64º 32' S / 061º 54' W

Wind: SE 3 Sea State: Calm Weather: Snowing Air Temp: 2°C Sea Temp: 0°C



After the BBQ and party that followed it may have been a challenge for some people to get up with the wake-up call this morning but this was our last day here in Antarctica and we had to try and make the most of it. During this trip we have been extremely fortunate to have some glorious weather with wall to wall sunshine and very little wind. It isn't always like this and to prove a point the weather as we got up this morning was foggy, grey and overcast. There were some brighter moments but it was almost as if Antarctica was telling us it was time to go!

After breakfast we all wrapped up in all our warm and waterproof clothing to head out on a Zodiac cruise at Foyn Harbour, near Enterprise Island. This area was named after Svend Foyn who was a whaler in this area back at the beginning of the 20th century. This whole area was used by the whalers during the 20 years of whaling here due to its sheltered harbour and close proximity to the whale's feeding grounds.

Our first destination on this cruise was to visit the wreck of the Governøren that was deliberately run aground by her crew when she caught fire on 27TH January 1915. They were desperate not to lose their valuable cargo of barrels of whale oil so putting her ashore was the only option. The bay is still a sheltered haven for visiting yachts and there were two boats tied up to the wreck of the ship to escape the winds in the open water. From here were travelled around the coastline visiting smaller coves to enjoy the scenery of the high ice cliffs and smaller islands where Antarctic cormorants and Weddell seals could be seen.



There were also some very beautiful icebergs sculptured by wind and waves during their lifetime. In the back of one little bay some sea ice had started to form in the calm waters and with a light dusting of snow there was a very Antarctic feel about the whole setting.



All too soon it was time to head back to the ship, which emerged out of the fog and snow like a ghost ship and get warmed up and dried out. There was time to do so before lunch and during lunch we found ourselves sailing back up the Gerlache Strait heading towards the Drake Passage, our only route back to Ushuaia.

After lunch there was time for some rest after such busy days in Antarctica and at 1500 Ali screened a documentary entitled Penguin Post Office, which was all about the penguins at Port Lockroy, where we had visited on our first afternoon here in Antarctica. It was lovely to

see where we had been and follow the life of the penguins there from the beginning of the summer season until the end. We got just a brief glimpse of their lives during our short visit but they are memories that will last a very long time indeed.

Later in the afternoon we were invited back up to the lounge for re-cap with Lynn and the rest of the Expedition Team. She showed us a sequence of slides showing the weather systems in the Drake Passage in the coming days.... We all agreed we wanted to stay in the green bits and not sit around waiting for the red and purple colours to cross over! Ali then talked about the little pink critters of the Southern Ocean, Krill which is the basis of all life in Antarctica, particularly during the summer months.

It was a quiet evening in the bar after dinner as many people tried to get a good night of sleep just in case the weather became unpleasant in the coming days. And rocked us out of our beds!





## Day 9 – Wednesday 17<sup>th</sup> January 2018 At Sea in the Drake Passage

**0800 GPS Position:** 60° 39′ S / 063° 25′ W

Wind: W 6 Sea State: Slight Weather: Overcast Air Temp: 3°C Sea Temp: 2°C



After our last morning in Antarctica and yesterday's afternoon heading North we had finally reached open water. This was our first day back into the Drake and for the most part it was very mild, the ship rocked slowly from side to side. We had left the Antarctic Peninsula just in time to avoid the terrible weather that would be coming in, and with the exception of a few crazy souls, most were very happy to be avoiding that red zone that was moving in on the weather map.

After 5 days of action, landings and Zodiac cruises this day in the Drake Passage was for many a day of recharging - long sleep in, several naps and relaxing in the lounge. Perfect time to reflect on these last amazing days. In between naps and resting we could attend some interesting lectures

given by members of the expedition team.

Ali gave her lecture on Ice Maidens – Women in Antarctica and shared stories of women who have made their mark on the Antarctic continent as well as some of the women who were behind the famous Antarctic explorers. The history of women in Antarctica is short, with the first woman, Caroline Mikkelson setting foot on the continent in 1935.

After this it was time to return our good rubber boots that had kept us warm and dry during all our adventures.

After there was time for a bit of an afternoon siesta before the programme of presentations continued. Pascaline gave a presentation on Oceans and Climate, talking about the impact that the polar oceans have on climate around the world. She also



explained about the Antarctic Convergence, where warmer water from the north meets the cold water from the south and we see a biological border in based on water temperature.

The final presentation was by Lucas and he talked about Plant Colonisation and how plants have adapted to survive the harsh environment in Antarctica. There are only two vascular species of plants but we learned particularly about the algae, lichens and moss on the Antarctic Peninsula.



At re-cap there was little for Lynn to explain but Hotel Manager, Sebastian explained about a few things to settle before the end of the cruise; bills and questionnaires. Nacho then gave a fun and brief lecture on interesting facts about Antarctica where we learned how high the seas would rise if all the ice melted around Antarctica. We had survived the first day back in the Drake! And really it was not so bad the waves and the rocking, we made great speed toward

Ushuaia and should be in sheltered calmer seas by the next day. Some of us headed straight to bed after a long exhausting day of multiple naps, a few of us spent some time in the bar and lounge before retiring.

## Day 10 – Thursday 18<sup>th</sup> January 2018 At Sea in the Drake Passage

**0800 GPS Position:** 58º 18' S / 067º 01' W

Wind: N 7 Sea State: Slight Weather: Rain Air Temp: 7°C Sea Temp: 7°C



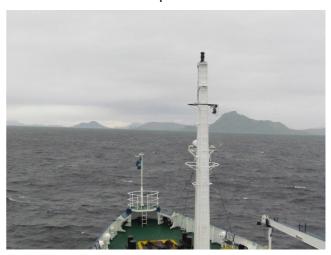
It had been a reasonably comfortable night on board the little blue ship Plancius and many of us slept right up until the breakfast call from the hotel team. It was a bit of a grey and wet morning but we were in relatively sheltered waters now despite the wind blowing nearly 30 knots.

After breakfast Lynn announced that we would be sailing towards Cape Horn where we would spend some time at the very end of the South American continent. This area is the focus of many historic sailing stories and is renowned for gales and stormy seas. Before the opening of the Panama Canal on August 15<sup>th</sup> 1914 all shipping had to travel around Cape Horn

whatever the weather and in the days of sailing ships it would often take them days or even weeks to round the horn. Many didn't make it and were wrecked on the treacherous rocks in the process.

As we approached we could see the peaks Cape Horn ahead of us and we had permission from the Chilean authorities to approach within 3 nautical miles of land. This gave us a chance to enjoy the views, despite the rain. The Black browed albatross didn't seem to mind it too much and flew around the ship in great numbers.

After a while we turned to the east and began to head northwards once again heading for the Beagle Channel. At 10am Fran invited us to the lounge for a presentation about the Dogs of Antarctica which were used by many polar explorers over the years, including Roald Amundsen but also by the British Antarctic Survey between 1944 and 1994. She had some lovely old photos



in her slide show and also so extracts from the diaries of men who had worked with the dogs over the years. By this time it was coffee time and many of us took the time to pack bags etc before our final lunch on board.



After lunch the weather had cleared and the sun was shining as we continued on our way. With winds still blowing at over 30 knots we were all very pleased to be in the shelter of the mainland and not still out in the Drake Passage.

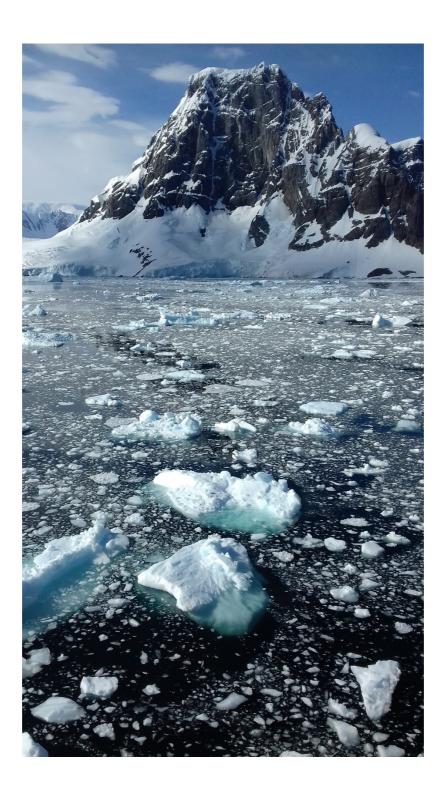
At 1430 Marie invited us down to the dining room for a presentation about Jean Baptiste Charcot who led a number of expeditions in Antarctica at the beginning of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century. We had been lucky enough to visit Port Charcot and Petermann Island where he spent winters and so the content of the lecture meant a lot more to us all as we could picture where Marie was talking about.

The final presentation of the afternoon and indeed of the trip was given by Celine who explained about some of the threats to seabirds around the oceans. Ali had talked about the threat of fishing to the birds but Celine talked more about the invisible threat of plastics and contaminants. It will make us all think about our actions when we are back home.

The last official task of the day was to settle our on board accounts with Sebastian and Bobbi; all those drinks and postcards have to be paid for at some point! We also had a call over the PA system to say that we had

some Sei whales in front of the ship. There were two whales near the bow and we stayed with them for a while watching them coming to the surface and diving again in search of food.

We were then invited to Captains Cocktails at 6pm where we had a lovely slide sow put together by Jean Marc and another slide show that Gracie had put together using photos that members of the staff had taken during the voyage. It was lovely to look back on the last 11 days of our sunny Antarctic voyage and raise a glass of champagne to Captain Alexey who had done such a great job of getting there and back safely. The farewell dinner gave us a chance to meet all the members of the hotel team who had looked after us so well during our trip. After dinner we gathered in the lounge exchanging e-mails and looking ahead to home and onwards travels.



## Day 11 – Friday 19<sup>th</sup> January 2018 Disembarkation Ushuaia

0800 GPS Position: Ushuaia Port

We were woken by the last wake-up call from our Expedition Leader Lynn and got ready to disembark for the final time. We didn't have to turn our tags, there was no zodiac ride ashore and it was a dry landing. The last 11 days have taken us on a remarkable journey into Antarctica and allowed us a glimpse of life in these remote and sometimes inhospitable places. We will all have different memories of our trip but whatever the memories, whether it was the penguins on their nests, the new-born chicks, the exciting rides in the zodiac or the sight of the icebergs in Antarctica for the first, they are memories that will stay with us for the rest of our lives.



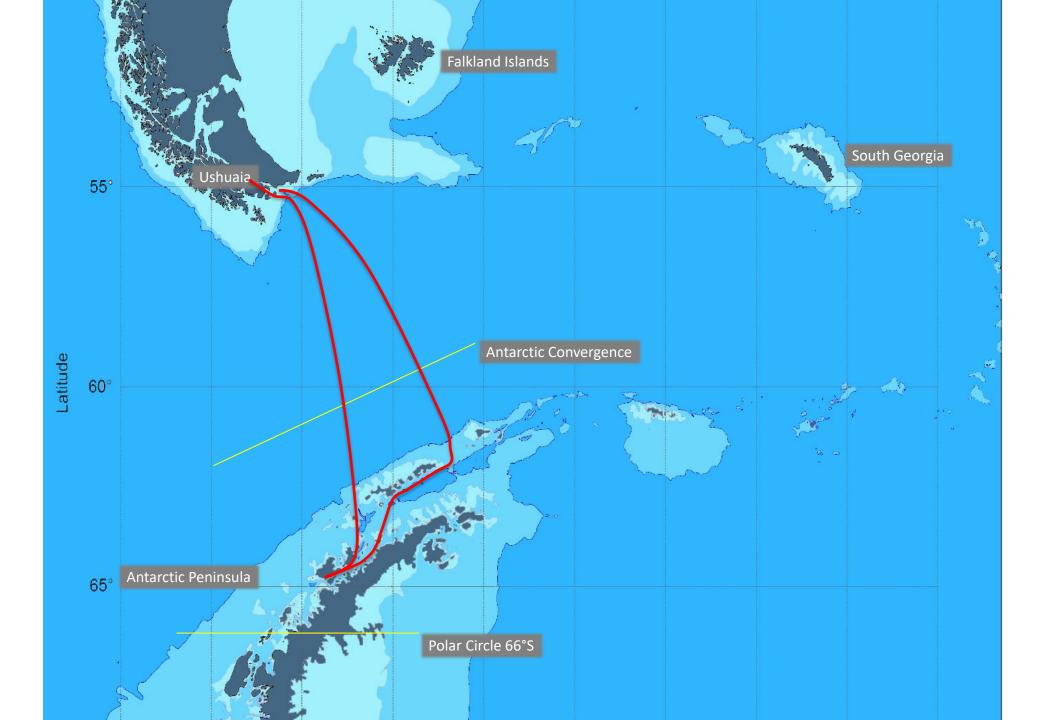
### Total distance sailed on our voyage:

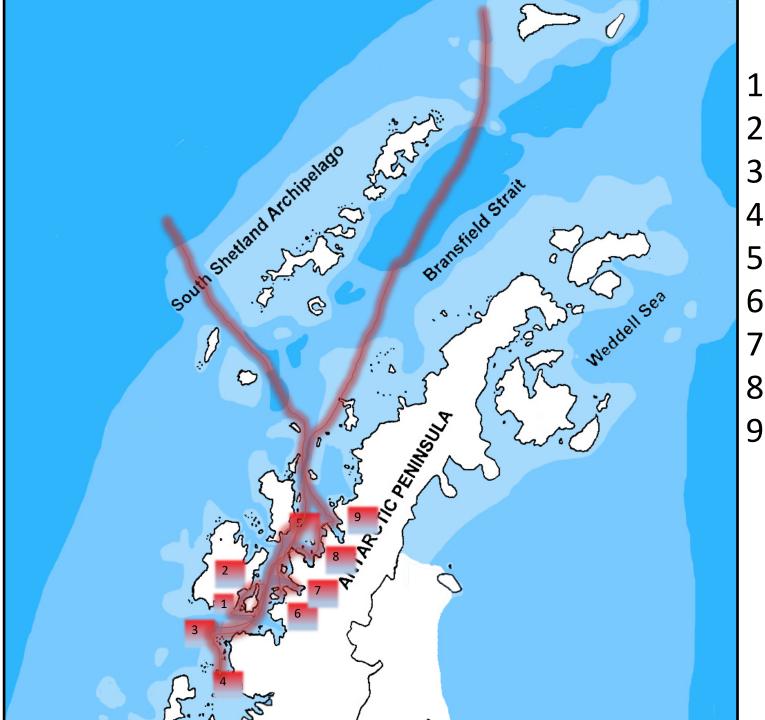
Nautical miles: 1,730 Kilometres: 3,204

And behalf of Oceanwide Expeditions, Captain Alexey Nazarov, Expedition Leader Lynn Woodworth and all the crew and staff, we thank you for travelling with us and wish you a safe journey home.

	Wildlife List – Antar	ctic	Per	ins	ula											
al	ooard M/V Plancius 9th					201	8									
<u>BIRDS</u>	<u>AVES</u>	09-01-18	10-01-18	11-01-18	12-01-18	13-01-18	14-01-18	15-01-18	16-01-18	17-01-18	18-01-18					
Penguins					х	х	х	Х								
Gentoo Penguin	Pygoscelis papua					х										
Adélie Penguin	Pygoscelis adeliae															
Chinstrap Penguin	Pygoscelis antarctica			х	х	х										
King penguin	Aptenodytes patagonicus															
Macaroni Penguin	Eudyptes chrysolophus															
Magellanic Penguin	Spheniscus magellanicus										х					
Southern Rockhopper Penguin	Eudyptes chryscome									х						
Albatrosses																
Wandering Albatross	Diomedea exulans		х							х						
Southern Royal Albatross	Diomedea epomophora		х								х					
Light-mantled Albatross	Phoebetria palpebrata			х					Х							
Grey-headed Albatross	Diomedea chrysostoma		х							х						
Black-browed Albatross	Diomedea melanophris		х	х						х	х					
Petrels																
Southern Giant Petrel	Macronecets giganteus	Х	Х	х	Х	Х					Х					
Northern Giant Petrel	Macronecets hallii	Х									Х					
Southern Antarctic Fulmar	Fulmarus glacialoides			х	х	х	х	Х								
Cape Petrel	Daption capense		Х	х			Х	Х		Х						
Blue Petrel	Halobaena caerulea									х						
Snow Petrel	Pagodroma nivea					х	X									
Slender-billed Prion	Pachyptila belcheri															
Antarctic Prion	Pachyptila desolata		Х	х						х						
Sooty Shearwater	Puffinus griseus	х	х								х					
Magellanic Diving Petrel	Pelecanoides magellani															
Antarctic Petrel	Thalassoica Antartica															
White-chinned Petrel	Procellaria aequinoctialis			Х						х						
Storm Petrels																
Wilson's Storm-petrel	Oceanites oceanicus				Х		Х	Х	Х	х						
Black-bellied Storm-petrel	Fregatta tropica															
Gray-backed Storm Petrel	Garrodia nereis															

Skuas																	
South Polar Skua	Catharacta maccormicki																
Brown Skua	Catharacta antarctica		7	x	х	х	х	х					-				
Chilean Skua	Catharacta chilensis									х			-				
Shags	•	•															
Antarctic Shag	Phalacrocorax bransfieldensis			х	х	х	х	х									
Imperial / blue eyed Shag	Phalacrocorax albiventer	х								х							
Rock Shag	Phalacrocorax magellanicus																
Gulls and Terns		•	•				•	•	•	•							
Dolphin Gull	Larus scoresbii	х															
Kelp Gull	Larus dominicanus	х		х	х	х	х	х		х							
Arctic Tern	Sterna paradisaea												-				
Antarctic Tern	Sterna vittata		7	x	х	х	х	х									
South American Tern	Sterna hirundinacea	х								х							
Sheathbills		•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-								
Snowy Sheathbill	Chionis alba			<b>x</b>	х	х	х										
	MAMMALIA	•		•	•	•	-	•	•	-							
<del></del> Seals	<del></del>														-		
Crabeater Seal	Lobodon carcinophagus	$\top$		х	х	х	х										
Weddell Seal	Leptonychotes weddellii	+		X		X	x	х									
Leopard Seal	Hydrurga leptonyx	1 1		X		X	X	1									
Southern Fur Seal	Arctocephalus gazella	1 1		+	1	+	1										
South American Sea Lion	Otaria flavescens	+					1										
Southern Elephant Seal	Mirounga leonina	+			x		х										
Baleen Whales - Rorquals		1 1	I		1	1	1		1								
Humpback Whale	Megaptera novaeangliae		7	х	х	х	х	х									
Fin Whale	Balaenoptera physalus	+															
Southern Right Whale	Eubalanea australis	1 1															
Sei Whale	Balaenoptera borealis									х							
Antarctic Minke Whale	Balaeonptera bonaerensis		7		х	х	х										
Blue Whale	Balanoptera musculus																
Orca (Killer Whale)	Orcinus orca		,	x		х											
Long finned Pilot Whale	Globicephala melus			$\top$		1	1										
Sperm Whale	Physeter macrocephalus	+ +				+	1	1	1							_	
Dolphins	, nyooto maorooophalas	1 1				1	1		1								
Dusky Dolphin	Lagenorhynchus obscurus	Т	Т		T	Т	T	T	T	Π		$\vdash$					
Hourglass Dolphin		+	x	+	-	+	+	+	+								
Peale's Dolphin	Lagenorhynchus cruciger Lagenorhynchus australis	+	<del>^</del>  -	+	+	+	+	+		х							
Commerson's dolphin	Cephalorhynchus commersonii	+		+		+	+	+	+								
Commersorrs dorprim	Cepitaloriyrichus commersoriii																
				1	1	1	1	1	1	I .	1			1			





- 1- Damoy Point
- 2- Port Lockroy / Jougla Point
- 3- Port Charcot
- 4- Peterman Island
- 5- Cuverville Island
- 6- Paradise Bay
- 7- Neko Harbour
- 8- Danco Island
- 9- Føyn Harbour/Enterprise

## **Dr. Lynn Woodworth – Expedition Leader**



Lynn comes from the mountains and lakes of western Canada, where she found her love for wilderness and cold water. She started travelling at 17 and eventually settled in Australia, where she completed two biology degrees, including a PhD in Conservation Genetics, which examined minimum viable population size in wildlife.

Resuming travel after academia, she abandoned her motorcycle in Argentina to sail to the Antarctic Peninsula. Hooked! She has been working in the

Polar Regions ever since. Up north, she has taken ships to arctic Canada, Iceland, Greenland, Svalbard, Russia, and the North Pole. Down south, she is well-familiar with the Falklands, South Georgia, and the Antarctic Peninsula but will swap for the remote Ross Sea any time.

Lynn stopped counting polar trips at somewhere over 135 voyages and 17 different vessels. She has held most ship-based roles including lecturer, guide, zodiac driver, Assistant Expedition Leader, and Expedition Leader, and she has also worked on shore as Operations Manager.

She has co-authored two books on Antarctica: "Antarctica - The Complete Story", published on three continents, and "The Blue Continent" in 17 languages and counting. Lynn has recently moved to Tasmania, where she is as close to Antarctica as she can get and still be in Australia.

## Ali Liddle — Assistant Expedition Leader



Ali has lived on both the Falklands and South Georgia, has published 3 books and when she is not running marathons is either on ships in the south or teaching children in the north.

Originally from the UK, Ali spent 15 years living in the Falkland Islands where she worked as a Primary school teacher both teaching out in 'camp' and at the school in Stanley.

Latterly, she was employed as Education Officer for Falklands Conservation and shared her time between classroom teaching and conservation. In 1997 she spent 9 months living on South Georgia where she ran the Post Office and took every opportunity to hike, ski and explore the surrounding peaks and coastline.

She has published 3 books to date — Plants of the Falkland Islands and 2 art and craft books for children using penguins and albatross as the inspiration. Ali is a keen runner, having completed 3 marathons in the Falkland Islands and 2 in the UK and enjoys hiking and camping, particularly in remote corners of the Falkland Islands.

Ali has been working on Antarctic and Arctic cruise ships with Oceanwide for a number of years and, for now, she shares her time between working on board *Plancius* and teaching in Northumberland in the UK, where she is currently based. She hopes to return to the Falkland Islands at some point in the future to continue living the island life she loves so much.



My name is Lucas Humbert.

I am French and I live in Saint Claude in the Jura mountains, 50 km from Geneva. I was a soldier in the mountain troops of the *French army* and then a *gendarme* before becoming a *mountain guide in 2012*.

I now exercise all year round my full time activity.

When I'm not sailing on the *Oceanwide* ships or mountaineering for *Grand Nord Grand Large*, I work for different structures (Prémanon Polar World Space, for various distributors of outdoor activities, the tourist office of St Claude, and some gites of step and refuge in the Jura).

I also have *my own clients* for whom I organize Treks *in the Jura, the Alps but also in Morocco!* 

I discovered the *polar environment* and *the naturalist-guide activity* on the cruise ships-expedition *4 years ago* (Greenland, Nunavut, Alaska, Northwest Passage, Siberia).

I also discovered the Nordic regions on individual expeditions:

- -traverse of Sarek national park in Swedish Lapland in autonomy in 2016
- -shipping in sea kayak in Greenland in 2017

This is *my first Antarctic experience with Oceanwide*. Because of my job as a guide, I have a rather *generalist profile* but onboard, I will speak more specifically about *my specialty: botany* 



#### Mon nom est Lucas Humbert

Je suis français et je vis à *Saint Claude* dans le massif du Jura, à 50 km de Genève. J'ai été militaire dans les *troupes de montagne* de l'armée française puis *gendarme* avant de devenir accompagnateur en montagne en 2012.

J'exerce désormais toute l'année mon activité à temps complet.

Lorsque je ne navigue pas sur les navires d'*Oceanwide* ou lorsque je n'encadre pas pour *Grand Nord Grand Large*, je travaille pour *différentes structures (Espace des mondes polaires* de Prémanon, pour différents distributeurs d'activités de pleine nature, l'office de tourisme de St Claude, et quelques gîtes d'étape et refuge dans le Jura)

J'ai aussi *mes propres clients* pour qui j'organise des Treks *dans le Jura, les Alpes mais aussi au Maroc!* 

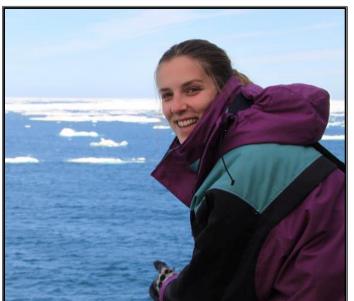
J'ai découvert *les milieux polaires* et *l'activité de guide-naturaliste* sur les bateaux de croisière-expédition *il y a 4 ans* (Groenland, Nunavut, Alaska, passage du nordouest, Sibérie).

J'ai également découvert les régions nordiques lors d'expéditions à titre individuel :

- -traversée du Sarek en Laponie suédoise en autonomie en 2016
- -expédition en kayak de mer au Groenland en 2017

C'est *ma 1*<sup>ère</sup> expérience en Antarctique avec Océanwide. De par mon métier de guide, j'ai un *profil plutôt généraliste* mais à bord, je vous parlerai plus spécifiquement de *ma spécialité: la botanique*.

## Pascaline Bourgain- Expedition guide



Passionnée des régions polaires et de sciences, Pascaline Bourgain s'y est rendue à plusieurs reprises, dans le cadre de ses travaux de recherche en océanographie ou en tant que guide naturaliste.

En 2012-2013 elle hiverne à bord d'un voilier sur la côte ouest du Groenland pour étudier les interactions entre océan et glaciers et monte un projet d'échange entre de jeunes groenlandais et français.

Depuis 2013, Pascaline s'investit pleinement sur la médiation scientifique pour faire connaître ces régions et leurs problématiques au plus grand nombre et gère des projets pédagogiques pour sensibiliser les jeunes. Depuis 1 an, elle est chargée de mission enseignants à la Fondation Tara Expéditions qui organise des expéditions scientifiques à bord de la goélette Tara.

Passionate about the polar regions and Sciences, Pascaline Bourgain went there on several occasions, as part of her research work in oceanography or as a naturalist guide.

In 2012-2013, she wintered aboard a sailing ship on the western coast of Greenland to study the interactions between ocean and glaciers and set up an exchange project between Greenlanders and French pupils.

Since 2013, Pascaline is fully committed to scientific mediation to make these regions and their issues known to the greatest number and manages educational projects to raise awareness among young people. Since the past year, she has been working on the educational projects of the Tara Expeditions Foundation, which organizes scientific expeditions onboard the schooner Tara.

## Céline Clément-Chastel – Expedition Guide



With a passion for travel, nature and marine animals, Celine was initially Research Manager at the Department of Geography of the University of Bergen, Norway, investigating fisheries management issues in the Barents Sea.

Since 1998, various contracts for France's national scientific research center (CNRS) have led this cartographer to participate in fifteen scientific missions in the Arctic (Northern Norway, Bear Island, and Spitsbergen) and Antarctic Peninsula. This work was primarily conducted as part of research programs funded by the French Polar Institute (IPEV) and focused on the adaptations of polar seabirds to changes in their environment. She knows all the ins and outs of capturing, bird banding, biometric measurements, blood sampling, and activity recorders.

During the same period, Celine has been a hiking guide in Spitsbergen and has regularly accompanied cruises in the Polar Regions, which has given her a taste for science outreach programs. She currently works as Scientific Mediator and ensures the coordination and the carrying out of communication events in scientific culture. Member of the Board of APECS France, the national committee of the Association of Polar Early Career Scientists, she contributes to communicating the latest scientific discoveries in the polar world.

### **Grace Bodo – Camping Guide**



Grace grew up in the United States and since completing her studies has spent the last 6 years exploring the globe. Her biggest passion is travel and she loves exploring all the different aspects, cultures and natures of our world.

In her traveling life Grace has worked in many adventurous roles. A few of her favorites include living in the most remote parts of New Zealand wilderness for months on end hunting possums, commercial salmon fishing in Alaska, sailing through the Arctic, working on a Russian ship in the Sub-Antarctic down towards the Ross

sea and most recently sailing around to all the small islands in the middle of the pacific ocean where she was giving lifesaving medical training to small villages on small, beautiful islands. In 2015 Grace sailed on a 47 foot sail boat of 5 people from New York, up to Greenland and across the top of North America to Alaska, being the 127th sail boat to ever successfully sail the North West Passage. Grace is very experienced leading in the outdoors and maintaining morale while sea sick. She is the type who knows a little bit of a lot of different things and loves picking up new skills and random bits of knowledge.

As a traveler when she is not guiding she spends a lot of her time volunteering, enjoys sleeping in her tent or hammock and her favorite mode of transportation is hitch hiking, meeting amazing people from all walks of life. She has lived in the Netherlands, Israel, New York, Mexico, Turkey, New Zealand, Indonesia and Tonga. She has spent time in over 70 countries and plans to continue traveling for many more years.

Her future plans include continuing as a guide with Oceanwide on their various and amazing expeditions around the globe. Also she is considering this 2018 to join a 124 foot sail boat of dysfunctional but lovely crew who are attempting to not only sail the North West Passage but to get as close to the North Pole as any sail boat has in history.

Grace has years of experience looking after people and keeping everything running smoothly. She works well with people because she is thoughtful, helpful and genuinely cares that you are happy, safe and enjoying yourself as much as possible. You will likely always see Grace smiling during the voyage, she is living the life of her dreams as a guide and is always thrilled to be anywhere in the Antarctic. What makes this adventure to Antarctica extra special for Grace is being able to share it with everyone on board and she is really looking forward to meeting you!

### Nacho Marino - Snowshoe Guide



Ignacio Marino was born in Ushuaia, the capital city of Tierra Del Fuego Antartida e Islas del Atlantico Sur, Argentina.

From the age of 14 he has spent many seasons working in tourism, at first taking care of Huskies who pulled sledges in winter. Then over the years he worked whit many

different hiking and trekking companies. He has taken tourist to hidden lagoons, glaciers and different viewpoints in the mountains surrounding Ushuaia.

Since 2000 he has been regularly climbing around the whole of South America. In 2010 he started to guide 4x4 excursions around the island of Tierra Del Fuego, never leaving the mountains far behind. During the climbing season he gives a hand at the climbing school of the CAMU (Club Amigos de la Montana Ushuaia).

He is also an active circus clown using this as a job when is traveling around the world and he always carry juggling toys whit him. In his first season in Antarctica he had the chance to marry a couple at the polar circle in Detaille Island, since then some of the crew call him "The Minister". Ignacio is also a zodiac driver for all weather conditions.

### Fran Pothecary - Kayak Guide



Though originally from the flatlands of east England, Fran has lived in the Highlands of Scotland for the past 27 years where she started her career in outdoor guiding and instruction. She loves the wild and remote places of the world – including her backyard – and is happiest walking, kayaking, climbing, biking and skiing in these places. She has a Diploma in Outdoor Education and an MSc in Sustainable Mountain Development.

In 2013 after 10 years working in recreation management for the Cairngorms National Park, she joined the British Antarctic Survey first as a General Assistant and then as a Field Guide, including a winter season at Rothera on Adelaide Island.

After a brief spell working for the UK Antarctic Heritage Trust in Cambridge, she has moved back into guiding full time and relishes the opportunities to spend time on the Antarctic Peninsula again.



### Captain Alexey Nazarov

#### and his international crew of 45 including:

Chief Officer: Jaanus Hannes [Estonia]

2nd Officer: Matei Mocanu [Romania]

3rd Officer: **Igor Nazarov** [Russia]

Chief Engineer: **Teunis van't Verlaat** [Netherlands]

Hotel Manager: **Sebastian Duma** [Romania]

Assist. Hotel Manager: **Bobby Manevski** [Macedonia]

Head Chef: **Heinz Hacker** [Austria]

Sous Chef: Lars Prater [Germany]

Ship's Physician: **Eva-Maria Kifmann** [Switzerland]

Expedition Leader: Lynn Woodworth [Canada/Australia]

Assist. Expedition Leader: Ali Liddle [Great Britain]

Expedition Guide: Lucas Humbert [France]

Expedition Guide: Pascaline Bourgain [France]

Expedition Guide: Céline Clément-Chastel [France]

Snowshoe Guide: **Gracie Bodo** [USA]

Camping Guide Nacho Marino [Argentina]

Kayak Guide: Fran Pothecary [Great Britain]



### Antarctic Peninsula Embarkation in Ushuaia Tuesday 9<sup>th</sup> January 2018

Welcome on board! Your luggage will be delivered to your cabin as soon as possible. After we are all on board, please check your luggage and notify Reception if you are missing anything or have the wrong luggage.

~1700 Mandatory Safety and Lifeboat Drill in the Lounge.

ALL passengers are **required** to attend this very important safety briefing!

~1800 Approximate sailing time. As we leave Ushuaia we recommend that you enjoy the views from the outside decks.

We will conduct the mandatory Lifeboat Drill once we have departed Ushuaia. Please listen for the Alarm.

~1845 Soon after sailing we would like to invite you to the **Lounge** (Deck 5) for a welcome from Expedition Leader **Lynn Woodworth** and an introduction to the ship by Hotel Manager **Sebastian Duma**.

Afterwards there will be Captain's Cocktails! Captain **Alexey Nazarov** invites you to join him for a welcome drink in the Lounge, where you will also meet the Expedition Team.

1930 **Dinner** is served in the **Dining Room**, located on **Deck 3** behind Reception. Bon appétit!

This evening we will be sailing into the Drake Passage. Please secure all breakable items (cameras, computers, etc.), doors and drawers in your cabin, take sea-sickness medication if necessary and always keep at least one hand free to hold on to the ship.



### Antarctic Peninsula At sea towards Antarctica Wednesday 10<sup>th</sup> January 2018

- 0745 Wake-up call.
- 0800 **Breakfast** is served in the Restaurant (Deck 3) for one hour.
  - After breakfast staff members will be out on deck so please join them to learn about some of the seabirds and other marine life.
- 1030 **Albatross and Seabird Conservation.** Please join Ali in the **Dining Room** for a presentation about albatross and some of the other seabirds we are likely to see in the Drake Passage.
- 1230 **Lunch** is served in the Restaurant.
- 1430 For those of you signed up for **Kayaking** please join Fran in the Library for a briefing about your activity.
- 1530 **Ice and Climate.** Please join Pascaline in the **Lounge** for a presentation about the Antarctic ice cap and its link to climate.
- 1830 Join Lynn and the Expedition team in the Lounge for the daily **Recap** where we look back upon our day and towards future plans.
- 1900 **Dinner** is served in the Restaurant. Bon appétit.

We will be sailing in the Drake Passage.

Please secure all breakable items (cameras, computers, etc.),
doors and drawers in your cabin, take sea-sickness medication if necessary
and always keep at least one hand free to hold on to the ship.



## Antarctic Peninsula At sea towards Antarctica Thursday 11<sup>th</sup> January 2018

- 0745 Wake-up call.
- 0800 **Breakfast** is served in the Restaurant (Deck 3) for one hour.
- 0900 **Rubber Boots!** This morning we will issue you with your Rubber Boots. The Boot Room is on Deck 3 forward. We will call you by deck number so please listen for announcements. Please bring your warm socks for trying the boots.
- 1000 **IAATO and Zodiac Safety Briefing**. This is a <u>mandatory</u> briefing about our behavior on shore in Antarctica and how we travel safely in the small boats from ship to shore. Please join Lynn in the Dining Room.
- 1100 **Vacuuming!** We will call you by deck to bring your outer gear to the Lounge for cleaning. Please listen for announcements. Remember to sign the declaration form with the staff. Thank you!
- 1230 **Lunch** is served in the Restaurant.
- 1400 For those of you signed up for **Camping** please join Nacho in the Lounge for a briefing about your activity. Vacuuming will continue after this briefing so please listen for further announcements.
- 1530 **Penguins!** We hope to see a number of different species of penguins during our voyage to Antarctica. Please join Ali in the Lounge to find out more about these iconic little birds!
- 1700 **The Antarctic Food Chain.** Lucas will repeat his presentation about the Antarctic Food Chain and the importance of phytoplankton within it. This will be in English and will take place in the Dining Room
- Join Lynn and the Expedition team in the Lounge for the daily **Recap** where we look back upon our day and towards future plans.
- 1900 **Dinner** is served in the Restaurant. Bon appétit.



## Antarctic Peninsula Dorian Bay and Port Lockroy Thursday 12th January 2018

0745 Wake-up call.

0800 **Breakfast** is served in the Restaurant (Deck 3) for one hour.

During the early morning we will be sailing down the Gerlache Strait. It is well worth getting wrapped up warm and heading out on deck with your camera to enjoy the view. Our arrival time at our morning location will depend on our progress during the night so please listen for announcements over the PA system.

By mid-morning we hope to be in the area close to the **Neumayer Channel**. Depending on our location in the morning, we may offer a Zodiac cruise or landing, hopefully at **Dorian Bay.** We will make announcements when we know which activities we will be able to offer.

**Kayakers** please listen for announcements regarding your activity this morning.

- 1300 **Lunch** is served in the Restaurant.
- ~1430 Please join us in the Lounge for a **Briefing on Port Lockroy** by one of the staff from the base, who will outline the history and management of Port Lockroy on Goudier Island and the UKAHT.

After the briefing we will go ashore at **Port Lockroy** and **Jougla Point.** At Port Lockroy we will have the chance to visit the museum where there is also a Post Office and Souvenir shop. The shop accepts Euros, Dollars and Pounds sterling but also Debit and Credit cards.

At **Jougla Point** there is a large Gentoo penguin colony as well as Antarctic shags. This will be a split landing with half the group landing at Port Lockroy first, the other half and Jougla Point and then we will swap.

- Join Lynn and the Expedition team in the Lounge for the daily **Recap** where we look back upon our day and towards future plans.
- 1900 **Dinner** is served in the Restaurant. Bon appétit.

#### 2030 Camping Group Dorian Bay

Ready for your night ashore? Remember to pack your warm clothes and don't forget, the bathrooms onboard are more comfortable than the one onshore!!



## Antarctic Peninsula Port Charcot and Petermann Island Saturday 13<sup>th</sup> January 2018

- 0715 Wake-up call.
- 0730 Breakfast is served in the Restaurant (Deck 3) for one hour.
  - At around 08:15 we will sail through the Lemaire Channel. This is a narrow and very scenic passage so spend some time on deck enjoying the views!
- 0930 **Port Charcot.** We hope to go ashore and visit this historic location. There are Gentoo penguins and possibly a small number of Adelie penguins. We may be able to offer a hike to the cairn that is on a nearby low summit but please listen to the staff for information regarding this.
- 1230 **Lunch** is served in the Restaurant.
- 1430 **Petermann Island.** This island is home to both Gentoo penguins and Adelie penguins so we will offer a walk to see the colonies and also to enjoy the views to the south. There is a memorial to three members of the British Antarctic Survey that died on the sea ice in 1982. On a historic note, Charcot's 2<sup>nd</sup> expedition overwintered here on board the Pourqouis Pais.
- 1900 Join Lynn and the Expedition team in the Lounge for the daily **Recap** where we look back upon our day and towards future plans.
- 1930 **Dinner** is served in the Restaurant. Bon appétit.

After dinner we will sail back north through the Lemaire Channel so wrap up warm and enjoy the stunning landscape for a second time!



## Antarctic Peninsula Cuverville Island and Paradise Bay Sunday 14<sup>th</sup> of January 2018

- 0715 Wake-up call.
- 0730 **Breakfast** is served in the Restaurant (Deck 3) for one hour.
- 0900 **Cuverville Island.** This island has one of the largest Gentoo penguin colonies on the Antarctic Peninsula so be prepared for more penguin time! We will offer a walk along the coast of the island and we'll have plenty of time to enjoy the penguins coming and going.

We will offer a Polar Plunge at the end of the landing so if you would like to swim in Antarctic waters please bring your swim suits! We will bring the towels!

- 1230 **Lunch** is served in the Restaurant.
- 1430 **Paradise Bay**. This afternoon we will travel into Paradise Bay where we will make a continental landing at Almirante Brown and take a Zodiac cruise in Skontorp Cove. On shore we will hopefully be able to take a walk to a viewpoint and visit the Gentoo penguins. There is an Argentine station here which is currently occupied so please do not enter any buildings.

This will be a split landing and cruise with the first 5 boats going ashore and the next 5 boats cruising. After approximately 90 minutes we will swap.

- 1900 Join Lynn and the Expedition team in the Lounge for the daily **Recap** where we look back upon our day and towards future plans.
- 1930 **Dinner** is served in the Restaurant. Bon appétit.



### Antarctic Peninsula Neko Harbour and Danco Island Monday 15<sup>th</sup> of January 2018

0715 Wake-up call.

0730 **Breakfast** is served in the Restaurant (Deck 3) for one hour.

0900 **Neko Harbour.** We hope to make a second continental landing here at Neko Harbour. The scenery all around is beautiful with the front of a glacier close by the landing site. Please do not stay on the beach in this location as glacier calvings can produce big waves onto the shore.

There is a large colony of Gentoo penguins to enjoy but be aware of penguin highways up and down the slopes.

We hope to be able to offer a hike to a viewpoint over the bay and glacier. This is quite a steep climb so please be aware of your abilities.

- 1230 **Lunch** is served in the Restaurant.
- 1430 **Danco Island.** This afternoon we hope to land on Danco Island where again there are colonies of Gentoo penguins. We would like to be able to offer a hike to the top of the island where there are spectacular views over the Errera Channel. Please listen to your guides for information regarding this.
- 1900 **Special Antarctic Dinner** is served on the back of Deck 3 behind the Dining Room. Dress warmly and bring your dancing shoes!!



## Antarctic Peninsula Enterprise Island/Foyn Harbour Tuesday 16<sup>th</sup> of January 2018

- 0715 Wake-up call.
- 0730 **Breakfast** is served in the Restaurant (Deck 3) for one hour.
- opon **Foyn Harbour.** This morning we hope to take you all out on a Zodiac cruise in the area around Enterprise Island and into Foyn Harbour. The island scenery is beautiful with high ice cliffs and small inlets. We will also visit the ship wreck of the Governøren, which is an old whaling ship that caught fire and was deliberately sunk by the crew to try and save her. There are sometimes Humpback whales in the area so we will go exploring and see what we can find.
- 1230 **Lunch** is served in the Restaurant.
  - During lunch time we will begin to head north and out into the Drake Passage once again. If you think you may need it please take your seasickness medication at this time prevention is better than cure!
- 1500 **Penguin Post Office** documentary about Port Lockroy and the resident Gentoo penguins. This will be in English and will take place in the Dining Room.
- 1830 Join Lynn and the Expedition team in the Lounge for the daily **Recap** where we look back upon our day and towards future plans.
- 1900 **Dinner** is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal!

We will be sailing in the Drake Passage.

Please secure all breakable items (cameras, computers, etc.),
doors and drawers in your cabin, take sea-sickness medication if necessary
and always keep at least one hand free to hold on to the ship.



## Antarctic Peninsula At Sea in the Drake Passage Wednesday 17<sup>th</sup> of January 2018

## There will be no wake-up call this morning!! Sweet Dreams!

- 0800 **Breakfast** is served in the Restaurant (Deck 3) for one hour.
- 1000 **Ice Maidens Women in Antarctica.** Ali will be giving a presentation about some of the women who have made their mark on the Antarctic continent and some of the women behind the famous Antarctic explorers. This will be in the **Dining Room**.
- 1130 Time to return your clean **rubber boots** to the boot room. We will do this by Deck so please listen for announcements.
- 1230 **Lunch** is served in the Restaurant.
- 1500 **Oceans and Climate.** Please join Pascaline for a presentation about the polar oceans and the impact they have on the climate around the world. This will be in the **Lounge**
- 1630 **Plant colonisation in Antarctica.** Please join Lucas in the **Dining Room** for a presentation about how plants have adapted to the harsh environment of Antarctica and how they colonise these areas.
- 1830 Join Lynn and the Expedition team in the Lounge for the daily **Recap** where we look back upon our day and towards future plans.
- 1900 **Dinner** is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal!

We will be sailing in the Drake Passage.

Please secure all breakable items (cameras, computers, etc.),
doors and drawers in your cabin, take sea-sickness medication if necessary
and always keep at least one hand free to hold on to the ship.



## Antarctic Peninsula At Sea in the Drake Passage Thursday 18<sup>th</sup> of January 2018

#### There will be no wake-up call this morning!!

- 0800 Breakfast is served in the Restaurant (Deck 3) for one hour.
- 1030 **Dogs of Antarctica.** Dogs have always played a major role in Antarctic expeditions, pulling sledges and being companions in the Polar Regions. Please join Fran for a presentation about the dogs that were used by the British Antarctic Survey from 1944 to 1994. This will be in the **Lounge.**
- 1230 **Lunch** is served in the Restaurant.
- 1430 **Jean Baptiste Charcot**. Marie Foucard, the escort with our French group will give a presentation about the French explorer Jean Baptiste Charcot. We were lucky enough to visit some of the areas where he overwintered so she will give you more information about the expeditions he led in Antarctica. This will be in English in **Dining Room**.
- 1600 **Invisible Threats to Seabirds.** Celine will give a presentation in English about some of the factors that are influencing the seabird populations around the world, such as plastics and other contaminants. Please join her in the **Lounge.**
- ~1700 Sebastian will call you to Reception to settle your **on board accounts**. You will be called by deck number so please listen for announcements.
- 1800 Join Lynn and the expedition team in the Lounge for a **final briefing** and a **farewell toast** from your Captain.
- 1900 The last supper is served in the Dining Room. Bon appétit.

**After dinner:** Payments will recommence at reception, if necessary. Please listen for announcements.



# Antarctic Peninsula Disembarkation Friday 19<sup>th</sup> January 2018

0700 Wakeup Call.

0730 Breakfast is served in the Dining Room for one hour.

Please place your large luggage outside your cabin when Sebastian invites you to breakfast at 0730, and return your keys to reception when you go to breakfast.

- 0830 All passengers must depart the ship. Buses to the airport will be on the pier. Everybody must identify their own luggage and make sure it goes to the right location.
  - You can have your luggage stored. Please take it to the truck on the pier and it will be taken to 'Il Gatto' at *Avenida Maipú 1210*. This building has a green roof and is located past the service station and approximately 350 m to the left as you leave the pier. *You will need to pick up your luggage before 1400*.
  - You are free to leave the pier on foot with your luggage; taxis can be found opposite the entrance to the pier.

On behalf of Captain Nazarov, Lynn, and all the staff and crew onboard *M.V. Plancius*, we wish you all the best for your future journeys, and hope to see you again!

Fair Winds and Following Seas