

FALKLAND ISLANDS, SOUTH GEORGIA & ANTARCTICA

on board m/v Ortelius 16th February 2019 – 7th March 2019



M/V Ortelius was named after the Dutch cartographer Abraham Ortelius (1527-1598) who published the first modern world atlas, the *Theatrum Orbis Terrarum* (Theatre of the World) in 1570. MV Ortelius was built in 1989 in Gdynia, Poland, as a research vessel for the Russian Academy of Science and was named Marina Svetaeva. In 2011 she was purchased by Oceanwide Expeditions. The vessel was re-flagged and renamed Ortelius. Now the ship is sailing as a 125-passenger vessel. Ortelius is 91 m long, 17,6 m wide and has a maximum draft of 5,80 m, with an Ice Strength rating of UL1/1A, top speed of 12 knots and one diesel engine generating 3200 kW.



Captain Mika Appel

and his international crew of 42

including

First Officer: **Tony Salo** [Finland]

Second Officer: **Diederik Scholten** [The Netherlands]

Third Officer: **Igor Nazarov** [Russia]

Chief Engineer: **Guntis Dizbite** [Latvia]

Hotel Manager: **Sigi Penzenleitner** [Austria]

Assist. Hotel Manager: **Melanie Penzenleitner** [Austria]

Head Chef: **Heinz Hacker** [Austria]

Sous Chef: **Gaurav Bawa** [India]

Ship's Physician: **Linda Steutel** [The Netherlands]

and

Expedition Leader: **Troels Jacobsen** [Denmark]

Assist. Expedition Leader: **Iain Rudkin** [United Kingdom]

Expedition Guide: **Daniel Höhne** [Germany]

Expedition Guide: Laurence Dyke [United Kingdom]

Expedition Guide: **Pippa Low** [United Kingdom]

Expedition Guide **Zet Freiburghaus** [Sweden]

Expedition Guide: **Meike Sjoer** [The Netherlands]

Expedition Guide: Nina Gallo [Australia]

Welcome you on board!

Day 1 - 16th February 2019

Embarkation - Ushuaia, Argentina

GPS position at 2000: 54°54 'S, 067°57 'W

Air Temp: +12°C Sea Temp: +9°C Wind: SW 3 Weather: Overcast Sea state: Slight

Boarding *Ortelius* started around 4pm and we were soon checked in by our Hotel Manager and his assistant (Sigy and Melany). We were shown to our cabins and had some free time to get unpacked and settled in.

We soon began exploring our new home; perhaps the most important place to find was the Bar on Deck 6, where coffee/tea can be accessed 24/7 and where Barman Paulo can often be found if we fancy something stronger. Of course, doors to the outside deck-space were also important to locate, so that when whales and other delights are announced, we know how to get out there as quickly and efficiently as possible.

At 5 pm we were summoned by Expedition Leader Troels to a mandatory briefing in the Lecture Room on Deck 3. He welcomed us on board and introduced Third Officer Igor, who showed an all-important Safety video. Now we are aware of what we should do if we see a fire or man overboard, and know precisely what to grab and where to go in the event of the ship's general alarm going off. Seven short and one long blast calls us (warmly dressed) to the Bar, which doubles as our muster station. Once we are all there, radio communication between the bridge officers and ship's crew keeps us informed of developments. The 'abandon ship' signal is given by the Chief Officer, and we hope that today is the only time we hear it. Filing outside in orderly fashion and gathering next to the lifeboats completed the drill; we were then free to continue our explorations of the ship, or come out on deck with our cameras to watch Ortelius' departure from Ushuaia.

Before dinner we again gathered in the Lounge/Bar on Deck 6. The Expedition Leader Troels, introduced Captain Mika – the person who will get us there and back again safely. We raised a glass of bubbly (or orange juice) to the success of our voyage and then it







was time for our Hotel Manager Sigi to give useful information about mealtimes, Internet/Webmail access and treating the toilets nicely. He was followed by the doctor Linda and expedition team staff for self-introductions. Then came the time for our first dinner aboard.

Due to the strong wins earlier in the day, our departure was delayed slightly until after dinner. We waved our goodbyes to this city (almost) at the end of the world and headed down the Beagle Channel towards the open ocean.

After dinner, a stroll on deck with binoculars looking for birds, a cup of tea or something stronger, and then most of us fell into bed after a busy and exciting day.

Day 2 – 17th February 2019 At sea to the Falkland Islands

GPS position at 0800: 54° 39'S, 064° 50'W

Air Temp: +11°C Sea Temp: +8°C Wind: NW 6 Weather: Cloudy Sea state: Slight

At sea en route to the Falkland Islands and our journey begins! Leaving the calmer confines of the Beagle Channel in the early hours and sailing out into the South Atlantic passing the evocatively named Tierra del Fuego on our port side, it is with a sense of anticipation that we embark upon this odyssey. Thoughts of the Falkland Islands and the notoriously difficult landings on South Georgia lie to the fore of our minds whilst the South Orkney Islands and Antarctic Peninsula seem a long way off.

Boot fitting, life jackets and mandatory briefings are an unavoidable necessity for what is to come. Whilst in themselves they are neither glamorous nor memorable, they all hint towards that sense of an adventure beginning. So much of the next three weeks are as yet unknown and could maybe even remain so until the day they occur. But that is what is so magical and special about taking a step away from the conventional. There will be days of unbroken sunshine, wildlife to marvel at yet we will inevitably encounter a storm or two along the way. This blank canvas awaiting us will slowly become stitched with experiences to leave a rich tapestry of memories we can take home to share with family and friends.

So much of what lies ahead is uncertain; weather, ice conditions and sea state will all play their part before our fate has been sealed. One thing is for certain though, this will for be for most a journey never repeated and yet will remain ingrained in memory for a lifetime. Scenery, wildlife, wild ocean and a land of ice await us over the next three weeks, anticipation levels could not be higher!







Day 3 – Monday, 18th February 2019 Carcass Island & Saunders Island, Falkland Islands

GPS position at 0800: 51°18′S, 060°38′W

Air Temp: +9°C Sea Temp: +7°C Wind: SW 4 Sea state: Slight

After a day and a half at sea and an easy crossing, surrounded by numerous seabirds, we made it to our first destination; The Falkland Islands, and our fist landing site on Carcass Island. In the morning before arrival we spotted some Sei whales in a narrow passage Ortelius passed through close to Westpoint Island. It was a sunny and warm morning and shortly after our arrival the deck crew started to prepare the Zodiacs for our landing at an old

landing pier close to the settlement. As the first zodiac group pulled away from Ortelius, we experienced the first winds that were breezing out of the sheltered bay. As we arrived at the old pier there was a lot to discover and we had a nice morning walk to the settlement. The group was splitting up and half of us went inside for a very good cup of tea and delicious cake. Whilst the others went for a longer walk along the beach and up to a small hill for a good view over the bay. Tussacbirds, Cobb's Wrens,

Mangellanic Oyster Catchers, Blackish Oystercatchers, Crested Ducks and different species of geese were around and it was a good time sitting and taking photos of the first wildlife impressions. And some of us experienced the endemic Cob´s Wren that is only living on the Falkland Islands. Out on the water we even saw Giant Petrels and the Falkland flightless Steamerduck.

With these first impressions we returned back to Ortelius for lunch. During lunch we sailed to our second destination of Saunders

Island, as Ortelius approached the white, sandy beach at the Neck, to drop anchor for our afternoon

landing. The wind was slightly picking up but it was still warm and sunny. So we decided to land.

We went ashore and were greeted by the islands owners - and thousands of penguins, that included Magellanic, Gentoo, King

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Penguins and several

Rockhoppers on a rookery

at the hillside coming

ashore and hopping up the cliffs to their nesting site,

on the other side of The Neck, where we also found Caracaras scurrying amidst the grasses that lined the broad beach. Finally we made our way to a Black browed Albatross colony and spend some

time sitting and watching the big Chicks sitting on the nests waiting to be fed by their parents. The tide









started to rise, signaling it was time to return to Ortelius. So the Expedition team started to shuttle us back to the ship shortly after five o'clock. Troels, Zet and Daniel were standing in the high incoming waves to catch the Zodiacs, turning them around and making it easier for us to hop on. The good driving team managed to get us all back safely but everybody got a good watersplash on the transfer. Wet but happy we returned to the ship. During the daily recap Troels told us about our plans for the next day and our visit of port Stanley. After a lovely dinner we crawled one after another in our beds tired but excited for what is coming on the next days.









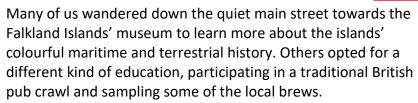
Day 4 – 19th February 2019 Stanley, Falkland Islands

GPS position at 0800: 51° 33′S, 057° 39′W

Air Temp: +12°C Sea Temp: +7°C Wind: NNW 4 Weather: Clear Sea state: Calm

This morning we woke to clear, pale skies and calm seas, a welcome change after the sporty weather yesterday afternoon! From the ship we could see the charming coloured rooftops of Stanley, the capital of the Falkland Islands, and we couldn't wait to disembark and experience this small port town for ourselves.

It was a brief Zodiac shuttle to the jetty where we enjoyed our second (and last!) dry landing of the voyage. From here we fanned out to explore Stanley. Some of us made a beeline for the nearest coffee shop for our first real espresso in several days, or tucked into the cosy warmth of a souvenir shop to pick up some penguin paraphernalia.



Keen birders were rewarded with some special sightings among the coastal grasses before we left the Falkland Islands behind. As we departed, we were treated to the antics of a local sea lion lolling around at the end of the jetty. We arrived back on board in time for a delicious buffet lunch served up by our wonderful kitchen staff.

After lunch we began the serious business of pre-South Georgia biosecurity, with an extended vacuum party in the bar. It wasn't long before our gear was spick and span and ready to visit this unique wildlife haven.

At our daily recap and briefing Troels shared some information about the kinds of foreign seeds we hope to avoid introducing to South Georgia through our collective vacuuming efforts, and Pippa offered a helpful explanation of the difference between a sea lion and a fur seal - it's not always easy to ID these perky pinnipeds!

We finished the day with another delicious dinner, thanks to our wonderful chefs.











Day 5 – 20th of February 2019 At sea to South Georgia

GPS position at 0800: 52° 14'S, 052° 19'W

Air Temp: +8°C Sea Temp: +5°C Wind: NNE 7 Weather: Overcast Sea state: Moderate

With a relatively mild ocean the Ortelius sailed on the early morning in the direction of South Georgia. The birders who were out on deck, got the first sights of the soft plumaged petrels and grey back petrels that would follow us for the rest of the day.

After a lovely breakfast, Pippa passionately shared her knowledge about the whales that we might see during our expedition at the southern ocean.

The morning started foggy and grey, but right after 11 o'clock the

sun came out. We all swarmed out to the outer decks and enjoyed the sun like we were on a Caribbean cruise. Meanwhile spotting several birds and on a constant look out for cetaceans.

Lunch gave us a mandatory break from the leisuring, but soon everybody was out again relaxing in beautiful conditions on the North Scotia ridge.

Around four o'clock Nina treated with us with a lecture on the life and adventures of the world famous explorer Shackleton and his relation to South Georgia. As we are setting sail for Grytviken, Nina got everyone quite excited for the upcoming days.

Later in the afternoon, we got a good look at 5 pilot whales passing close to the ship, but the greatest excitement was the discovery that we encountered a pod of at least 100 Southern Right Whale Dolphins making their way towards the ship. We could not believe our eyes, it was a breath taking sight and we all cheered happily. Those who were standing at the bow of the ship even got a close up look of one of the dolphins that was riding the bow waves.

Troels our expedition leader, got immediately on the intercom with great enthusiasm and urged everybody who wasn't outside yet to do so and witness this sighting of these rarely seen cetaceans.

Only around this latitude, is it possible to see the Southern Right Whale Dolphins, and they are only seen a handful of times a year, and only few times in Oceanwide history. A dolphin species that is so rare even our whale expert Pippa has never seen them.

By 7 o'clock we all gathered in the bar to talk about the dolphin and whale encounters and the plans for the next day. The pictures that Pippa took of the right whale dolphins were greeted with a big applause.

To end this beautiful day a delicious dinner was served by chef Heinz and his team. With ice cream for the desert, we had everything we could wish for.









Day 6 – 21st February 2019 At sea to South Georgia

GPS position at 0800: 53° 12'S, 044° 34'W

Air Temp: +7°C Sea Temp: +2°C Wind: NNW 4 Weather: Cloudy Sea state: Slight

We continued to sail the open ocean on our way to South Georgia. Same calm seas am sunshine as yesterday.

After breakfast Daniel gave us a lecture on photography in cold places. We learnt the importance of composition, shutter speed and more. The incredible photos Daniel showed us inspired thoughts for our own pictures we might take on our adventures.

During the day we kept a constant look for cetaceans and birds from the bridge and outer decks. By now we all can recognise or at least have seen most of the baleen whales we learned about at Pippa's lecture a few days ago.

The treat of the day was when we reached Shag Rocks, an area renowned for great whale and bird sightings. The rocks are and impressive 70 meters high, piercing out of the middle of Southern Ocean. Snow Petrels, White-bellied Storm petrels and numerous Prions are seen darting amongst the waves, in addition to the odd Antarctic Fur Seal bobbing about the surface.

In the afternoon, Troels briefs us on how to avoid bird strikes in South Georgia. The island is home to millions of nesting birds, which are attracted to ships lights at night. To avoid them potentially, and often fatally, flying into the ship, we are briefed on how to keep the ship dark whilst we are sailing around South Georgia.

At our 18.30 recap Troels told us about the plans for the next few days, and our first landing on South Georgia tomorrow. The anticipation of landing on this wildlife rich island is felt by all, and we all become excited about the coming days.







Day 7 – 22nd February 2019

Grytviken & West Cumberland Bay, South Georgia

GPS position at 0800: 54° 02'S, 036° 48'W

Air Temp: +6°C Sea Temp: +1°C Wind: NW 5/6 Weather: Cloudy Sea state: Slight

In the small hours of the morning Ortelius entered the coastal waters of South Georgia and as the first light spread across the eastern horizon the brooding coastline hove into view. Many of us made it onto the decks before breakfast to watch penguins and fur seals leaping from the rolling swell all around the ship. As the light grew the details of the coastline began to emerge; we found ourselves in a monochrome world. Glistening rivers of ice plunge from the black mountains all the way to the sea. The island is bounded by imposing cliffs and steep, dark beaches; fringed by white plumes of spray from the breaking Atlantic waves. By mid-morning we were entering the calm waters of Cumberland Bay, the clouds lifted from the mountain tops as we entered the small bay at Grytviken and our arrival was greeted by the first rays of sun. We welcomed the staff from the South Georgia Heritage Trust aboard and Dani gave a short presentation about this special island and their important work in caring for it. In the mean time Ortelius was cleared by the customs officer from King Edward Point and once we had passed our biosecurity check it was

time to head ashore! Our first stop was the beach by the cemetery, and a chance to show our respects to some heroes of Antarctic exploration. Troels led a toast to 'The Boss' and we drank half a dram of whisky, sharing the other with Shackleton. As we wandered away from the graveyard we were confronted with hordes of wildlife. Fur seals roamed everywhere, King Penguins lined the shore, and a large group of Elephant Seals slumbered on the grass, waking only to stretch occasionally.

The weather was glorious; warm, sunny, and barely a breath of wind. As we explored into the rusting equipment from the old whaling station it was hard not to struck by the incongruity of the day; here we were surrounded by the apparatus of wholesale slaughter, yet we basked in the sun on a beautiful summer day—a thoroughly surreal experience. Grytviken is both achingly beautiful and hauntingly sad. After a long afternoon ashore it was time to head back to Ortelius and, as dinner was served, we weighed anchor heading into West Cumberland Bay.

In the early evening we cruised into the upper-reaches of the fjord system. We made it all the way to front of Neumayer Glacier, and a strong katabatic wind from the icefield was funnelled through the fjord. The glacier is one of the largest in South Georgia and is retreating rapidly, several metres a day on average, as the climate warms. At our closest position to the glacier we were within the are covered by ice just 7 years previously! We lingered in this spectacular fjord admiring the contorted sandstone walls and towering cliffs of ice; but as the evening drew in it was time to head out once more. As we left lenticular clouds hovered over the distant high peaks and the evening sun drenched the landscape in pastel colours; first in yellow and orange, and, once it was below the horizon, the purples and blues of Alpenglow. A fittingly beautiful end to a magical day in South Georgia.













Day 8 – 23rd February 2019 Salisbury Plain & Prion Island, South Georgia

GPS position at 0800: 54° 01'S, 037° 11'W

Air Temp: +3°C Sea Temp: +1°C Wind: SW 5 Weather: Partly Cloudy Sea state: Slight

We awoke in the morning approaching one of South Georgia's 'big 3' beaches; Salisbury Plain. As we dropped anchor and prepared the zodiacs for our landing at this spectacular King Penguin rookery, we enjoyed curious penguins swimming around the ship, diving gracefully under the water and popping back up, looking at our big blue ship.

Soon after breakfast we zoomed into shore and landed on a busy beach full of King Penguins, Fur Seals and some juvenile elephant seals. As we were led along the beach towards the rookery we took in the many sights sounds and smells; many Fur seal pups scattered across the beach and grass, giving an occasional growl as we passed. We even spotted a leucistic Fur seal pup – a 'blondie' – one in every 1000 Fur seals are born 'blonde'. At the rookery we took in the incredible number of

King Penguins who call the glacial outwash plain their home; approximately forty thousand breeding pairs. Last years chicks wander around with patchy brown fluff as they moult their chick down feathers and gain their sleek adult feathers. This year's chicks are a fraction of the size, and call constantly to their parents for food.

Some of us zodiac cruised the shoreline and got a unique perspective of the rookery, with many curious King penguins

coming close to the zodiacs for a look. Others walked up above the rookery for a view down on to the vast penguin numbers. All to soon it was time to head back to Ortelius for lunch and our short transit to our afternoon landing site; Prion Island.

Prion Island is one of the jewels in South Georgia's crown. This small island in the Bay of Isles is home to 60 breeding pairs of Wandering Albatross, of which half breed on the island any given year. We are split into different groups for an early and late split zodiac cruise and landing due to the small numbers restricted to visit the island at any one time. With driving snow showers, the cruise was cold, but the sight of Fur seals in the water, Blue eyed shags on the rocks, and the swaying kelp were a first for many. Some of us were lucky enough to see a Leopard Seal feeding on a Fur seal pup in the water — an incredible sight of this predator in action. The landing at Prion,











took us on to a boardwalk, which took us up the hill towards the Wandering Albatross nests. On the way up we saw many Fur seal pups (both on and off the boardwalk), as well as the endemic South Georgia Pintail duck and Pipit. With beautiful views from the top over the Bay of Isles, we continued to the top platform where we could observe the incredible Wandering Albatross flying over head or sitting on its nest.

By the time we got back to the ship, we were all ready to get warmed up; this was aided by the fantastic hotel staff providing hot chocolate (with an optional nip of whiskey) on our return.

As the snow continued to drive in, we settled in the warmth of the ship, enjoyed an evening recap from our expedition team followed by another delicious meal.





Day 9 – 24th February 2019

Cooper Bay, Gold Harbour & St Andrews Bay, South Georgia

GPS position at 0800: 54° 41'S, 035° 40'W

Air Temp: +8°C Sea Temp: +1°C Wind: Light Weather: Sunny Sea state: Smooth

4:30am... the alarm bell tolls signaling the start of the working day... this had better be worth it...

It is not usual on an expedition cruise to try and pack so much into one day but weather conditions dictated we try to pull off the unfeasible and cruise Cooper Bay, land at Gold Harbour and finally visit the enormous rookery at St Andrews Bay. Many visitors to South Georgia manage to land at just one of these sites in a four day trip. To have a sea state that makes it even remotely possible to attempt all three in a day is a rare occurrence on this remote and storm ravaged South Atlantic island.

It was with a happy heart then that the dawn which greeted us on that Sunday morning was well worth the twilight awakening. Launching the Zodiacs into this tranquil and serene bay was a real pleasure and slowly circumnavigating the bay taking in the wildlife one could argue wasn't really work. Kelp fronds snaked dreamily downwards into the deep blue depths whilst Macaroni penguins porpoised purposefully around the boat, businesslike on their daily commute to feeding grounds out at sea. The Bay and Island behind is named after an officer on *HMS Resolution* who sailed here with James Cook during its discovery. One can only wonder how different it looked back then, if at all...

After everyone had a chance to break their fast back on board *Ortelius*, we set out once again under azure skies for possibly one of the most photographed landing sites in South Georgia. Gold harbour, a colloquial name which has stuck given by sealers of the early twentieth century due to the colour of the glacial landscape during the dawn hours, was kind to us allowing everyone to get ashore and appreciate this King penguin rookery close up. Mountains, hanging glaciers, elephant seals and fur seals lounging around in amongst grassy tussocks provided a backdrop second to none.

The day culminated at St Andrews Bay, arguably the most famous penguin rookery in the world. Even to those for whom birds were not the main reason for visiting South Georgia, it is impossible to not be left awestruck by the shear amount of life present here. Whether stopping at the riverside penguins or continuing to the elevated vantage point overlooking the main bulk of the colony, there was a sensory overload with the noises, smells and sight of this visual feast. The river crossing provided a manageable crux to a day not without its potential challenges and if wet feet were the











price we had to pay to achieve todays ambitious programme it was well worth it!

Many thanks to the expedition staff, ship's crew and most importantly you, the passengers, for helping us manage the impossible!

We hope the day was as enjoyable for you as it was for us.

18:30pm... it was!









Day 10 – 25th February 2019 At Sea to South Orkney Islands

GPS position at 0800: 56° 48'S, 036° 10'W

Air Temp: +1°C Sea Temp: +1°C Wind: SE 7/8 Weather: Overcast Sea state: Moderate

As we managed to escape the incoming storm around South Georgia, Troels gave us the regular wakeup call in the morning and we were starting a very slow and relaxed day. The conditions outside the ship were not very pleasant and attractive enough to stand out on the decks for a long time. Therefore, we went to breakfast and enjoyed it for a nice and long time.

At 10 o'clock in the morning Pippa was talking about the history of whaling in Antarctica. It was a very interesting lecture with a lot of information we didn't know. Especially educational was the

highlighting of Grytviken whaling station following our visit there a couple of days before.

After the talk there was plenty of time to walk around the ship, having coffee or tea and interchanging with other travellers. Time passed by while Ortelius was rolling through slightly rough seas. After lunch lain gave a very special talk about overwintering on an Antarctic research base. He spent 3 years on British





Rothera Station. Outside the ship the conditions haven't changed much. We kept on moving slowly through the day.

Shortly before dinner Troels invited us to join the Expedition Team for our daily recap and briefing for the next day. After recap a nicely presented dinner was waiting for us and most of the travellers went to bed early, tired of the long seaday and the ship's motion.

Day 11 – 26th February 2019 At Sea to South Orkney Islands

GPS position at 0800: 59° 10′S, 042° 22′W

Air Temp: -1°C Sea Temp: 0°C Wind: SW 5 Weather: Overcast Sea state: Moderate

Today our fine ship Ortelius managed again to stay ahead of the storms brewing to the north-east and south-west, finding fair seas and following winds for our second day sailing the Scotia Sea. Days at sea are always a welcome opportunity to rest and recuperate, and after our epic three-landing bonanza in South Georgia a couple of days ago, many of us were thankful for another opportunity to sleep in a little, indulge

in some delicious meals, relax over a cuppa and enjoy the day's scheduled activities on board.

We began our day with the customary morning announcement from Troels, which segued smoothly into another appetising breakfast buffet. Thanks to the amazing team in the galley!

In the morning we congregated in the lounge for the much anticipated 'Part Two' of Shackleton's Imperial Trans-Antarctic Expedition story. Having left the story with a catastrophic cliff-hanger just before South Georgia, we were on tenterhooks waiting to find out what would become of Shackleton and his 28 men on the Weddell Sea.

After lunch we gathered with Troels and the expedition team in the lounge for an update on the weather and our future plans. Then we joined Laurence to learn about glaciers and glaciation. He offered a fascinating and introduction to the world of ice, managing to make this esoteric and complex scientific field accessible and interesting to even the least ice-inclined among us.





Not to be left to wallow in our cabins for too long, we all crowded into the bar once more before dinner for an auction that promised to be equal parts fun and fundraising. The purpose of the auction was to raise money for the South Georgia Heritage Trust, a not-for-profit organisation that supports environmental, conservation and preservation initiatives in South Georgia. It turned out to be a riotous affair, with lain, dapper dressed in a suit and bow tie, keeping us in stitches with his antics as Auctioneer. We can proudly say that together we raised over 750 Euros for the South Georgia Heritage Trust, and had a good time while doing it!

We cruised past South Orkney Islands during and after dinner; with views of Orcadas station and Signy Island. Now we head west to the Elephant Island.

Day 12 – 27th February 2019 At Sea to Elephant Island

GPS position at 0800: 60° 55'S, 049° 02'W

Air Temp: -3°C Sea Temp: 0°C Wind: SW 7 Weather: Overcast Sea state: Moderate

We woke up with the familiar voice of Troels wishing us a lovely morning on this journey. The Ortelius continues sailing west of the Orcadas heading for Elephant Island. The very special place where Shackleton and his men reach land after 472 days at sea and ice.

After breakfast most of us went up to the bridge for some whale watching as their blows have been filling the horizon for a while.

For the first time on our journey temperatures dropped to 0 degrees. Dressed up warmly, a few polar explorers made it outside to deck 5 on starboard side with camera's and binoculars. Bird watching is always rewarded and this morning a beautiful light mantled albatross floated alongside on the ships wind at eyesight. A sighting we would experience quite a lot this day.

At 10 o'clock Meike invited us for a lecture in the lounge on the penguin species we had encountered and may encounter on the rest of our journey to the peninsula. With lots of pictures and stories she informed us about their breeding ecology and habits in their penguin life.

Meanwhile the wind had picked up to over 44 knots, and the bridge was by far the best spot to experience this day at sea. Among the high waves. were lots of whale blows that got closer to the ship. Troels made a whale announcement to make sure everybody could witness the whale bonanza that was about to take place.

We were treated to an incredible sighting of fin whales surfacing at the bow, showing their heads, fins and tails and we responded with lots of "ooooohs" and "aaaaahhhs."

After lunch Nina gave us a lovely lecture on Antarctic explorers who adventured during the previous centuries over the globe to discover these southern waters.

An interesting break from our day at sea while making our way to Antarctica ourselves.

By the late afternoon the wind picked up and reached wind speeds of over 60 knots at times, making us hold on to the ship with both hands. Outside the seabirds did not seem to mind and the Southern Fulmars floated on the bow winds, like the many Cape Petrels, Prions and the odd Blue Petrel.

Around 5 o'clock Ian gave an in-depth presentation of his ascent of Mt Vinson - Antarctica's highest peak. A very adventurous story that fitted perfectly in our day at sea heading for the 7th continent. Following the daily recap and plans for the next day we made our way to the dining room. Big cheers for the chef and his team who served us a delicious meal on these rocky and bouncy waves.









Day 13 – 28th February 2019 Elephant Island & At Sea to Antarctica

GPS position at 0800: 63° 04'S, 054° 46'W

Air Temp: -1°C Sea Temp: -1°C Wind: S 9 Weather: Snow Sea state: Rough

We awake to the sound of howling wind and the sight of driving snow showers. Located 2 miles off Point Wild on Elephant Island, we shelter to the North of the Island as hurricane force winds bring swell from the cold South. This little beach where Shackleton's men spent 4 months waiting for Shackleton to return with help. Todays weather conditions are very bad. Can't see land and the winds are strong. During the morning it builds up to hurricane force 70 knots. It's impossible to do any activity off the ship. After breakfast most of us stand on the bridge where we have the best view of the hurricane that beats up the sea. Before lunch Pippa gives a lecture about seals. Now everybody knows the difference between a true seal and eared seal.

Most of us take a short rest after lunch and when we wake up again, we feel how the ships is moving. First by the coast of Elephant island where we see lots of Fin whales. When we start heading south the wind has decreased and we start our way towards the Antarctic continent.

Before dinner we get the daily briefing from Troels and have a fun quiz up in the bar.









Day 14 - 1st March 2019

Brown Bluff & Antarctic Sound, Antarctic Peninsula

GPS position at 0800: 63° 10'S, 057° 03'W

Air Temp: -1°C Sea Temp: -2°C Wind: SW 2 Weather: Clear Sea state: Smooth

Our day started early today with a special 05:30 wake-up call from Troels; he suggested we join him on the top deck to watch the particularly beautiful sunrise. Before long we were outside, the miasma of sleep soon dispelled by the fresh morning air. The sun slowly rose in the east, lighting the horizon above d'Urville Island gold. Below us the waters of the Bransfield Strait were perfectly still, and a band of sea ice from the Weddell Sea extended out into the channel, pushed north by yesterday's strong winds. As the sun burst over the horizon, the highest peaks of the Antarctic Peninsula were illuminated by the soft morning light. As the colours of the sunrise faded into a bright morning most of us returned to our cabins, a chance for a short rest before breakfast.

Before long we were in the shadow of Brown Bluff, our landing site for the morning. Brown Bluff is an impressive mesa; its cliffs rise to more than 300 m above sea-level and it was formed by explosive volcanic activity around a million years ago. We boarded the zodiacs under clear blue skies and bright sunshine and soon we found ourselves stepping onto the pebble beach, and the Antarctic Continent! Gentoo roamed the beach and occupied a small rookery at the base of the slope. We also go our first glimpse of a few Adelie Penguins, although most members of the Brown Bluff colony had already completed their breeding cycle, heading out to sea in order to fatten up for the long winter ahead. Iain led a walk up a large moraine behind the beach, it was quite a steep

scramble over loose rocks and snow patches, but the view from the top was spectacular; we could see over the adjacent glacier and all the way to the islands on the far side of Antarctic Sound.

In the afternoon we ship cruised amongst the pack ice; from our vantage points on the decks we admired the shifting, swirling maze of ice. The floes were alive with animals, Gentoo and Adelie penguins were moulting. Others were packed with Weddell and Crabeater seals, and we also had a few close encounters with large Leopard Seals hauled out on the ice to rest. By midafternoon we had made our way deep into pack ice and we boarded the zodiacs for a cruise amongst the ice floes; a unique perspective of this spectacular and inhospitable environment. Our little flotilla of zodiacs cruised among the ice, spotting seals, sea birds, and even some Humpback Whales. We also saw a feeding frenzy of Wilsons Storm Petrels; these beautiful little birds had flocked to a productive patch of water in the lee of a large ice floe. Through the afternoon the weather changed dramatically. The











wind got up as the sky clouded over and it became quite cold out on the water. We headed back to Ortelius for a fortifying Hot Chocolate (thanks Siggi!), and before long we were warm and dry again.

In the evening, as we wined and dined, Ortelius made her way out of Antarctic Sound and into Bransfield Strait once more, bound for new sites and new adventures.



Day 15 – 2nd March 2019 Half Moon Island & Whalers Bay, Deception Island, South Shetland Islands

GPS position at 0800: 62° 34'S, 059° 49'W

Air Temp: +6°C Sea Temp: -1°C Wind: Light Weather: Sunny Sea state: Ripples

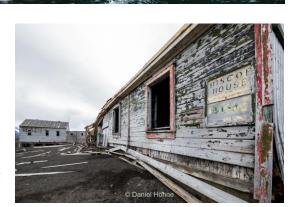
The day dawned a bit cloudy but that did not dampen our spirits, especially for those who were keen to stretch their legs after the long passage from South Georgia and Elephant Island to Halfmoon Island. Many of us made our way to the gangway to be part of the trekking party on Half Moon led by Laurence this morning. Onshore, everyone enjoyed the chance to see chinstraps close up and personal at their nesting site. The geology and lichens were interesting to inspect at a closer distance as well as the fur seals and elephant seal on the landing beach. Half of us were going for a Zodiac Cruise around the Island watching whales and a Leopard Seal feeding on a Penguin. It was possible to take some time to just step aside of the main group and enjoy some quiet and space, to have an Antarctic moment, taking in the grand backdrop of the white and craggy mountains of Livingston Island. After the hiker group came ashore, they spent just a few minutes with the seals and chinnys before their sights turned towards the other side of the island. After an overall briefing of the plans for the walk, the group headed out in single file so to minimize impacts on the fragile moss growing between the rocks.

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The group paused for photos and a bit of a windbreak at the Argentine Camara base before continuing their way back and to the opposite side of the island. Before the Zodiacs were prepared to bring us back to the ship, the Expedition Team offered us a very unique experience. The so called 'Polar Plunge.' More than 20 of us were brave to go for this very cold swim in the Antarctic seas. So we undressed and jumped into the calm but cold water. Daniel got some nice photos of our frozen faces.

After another fine lunch by the hotel team, there was time to go to the outer decks to appreciate the calm passage to Deception Island.

We looked out for whales and the first sights of the famed active volcano we'd be entering. Low clouds obscured the island's heights but the varied colours of the caldera's walls were no less impressive. The bridge was closed in preparation for sailing through the narrow opening of Neptune's Bellows and all cameras were trained on the steep vertical walls passing only a handful of meters from the ship. Once inside the



caldera, the captain placed the ship right in front of our landing zone at Whalers Bay.

As usual we did our split landing and some of us went out for a Zodiac Cruise through the Neptunes Bellows with spectacular views on the steep rocks. The rest of us had the chance to take part in a guided walk with Pippa and Meike to the Neptunes Window. The opposite far end of the landing beach offered us very interesting sights of the old Whaling station and the old broken huts and remains of tanks and boiling gear for cooking the blubber.

After our successful landing our Captain decided to have a little ship's cruise in the big Caldera of Deception Island.

We then continued to the far side of the caldera, passing the Spanish and Argentine bases. As we continued past an impressive glacier front, entirely covered by volcanic debris from previous eruption events, we headed back around to Whaler's Bay and finally exiting through the Bellows again. Waving farewell to the chinstrap colony that guards the caldera's entrance the Captain took us past beautiful formations on the exterior cliffs of the volcano before setting course towards our





next destination- Cuverville Island. The expedition team met us in the bar at 18:30 for our daily recap and gave us some information about our next days and plans. Then it was high time for a good dinner after an exciting and long day. Good night.

Day 16 – 3rd March 2019

Cuverville Island & Port Lockroy, Antarctic Peninsula

GPS position at 0800: 64° 39'S, 062° 37'W

Air Temp: +4°C Sea Temp: 0°C Wind: Light Weather: Sunny Sea state: Smooth

With landings scheduled at Cuverville and Port Lockroy, today promised to be a truly Antarctic delight. We were gently roused from a restful slumber by the dulcet tones of Troels over the loudspeaker, inviting us to leave our warm beds behind and embrace the icy, mountainous and whale-filled landscape that surrounded us.

After a quick breakfast we followed what has become a familiar procedure, waiting in reception and then out on deck for Zodiac operations to begin. The morning's landing at Cuverville would take us to a delightful dome-shaped island in the Errera Channel, known for its gentoo penguin colony (the largest in Antarctica!) and the lush green mosses that drape its upper slopes.



As we approached the beach, we noticed a beautiful leopard

seal lounging on an iceberg, taking a moment of rest after dining on the local cuisine. For those who stayed on land, this was an opportunity to spend some time communing with the gentoo penguins, perhaps taking a moment to sit quietly and allow the penguins to approach on their own terms. For those who opted for a Zodiac cruise, the Errera channel promised icebergs, porpoising penguins, leopard seals and whales galore.



In the afternoon Troels and the team offered a split landing and Zodiac cruise at Port Lockroy, the site of Base A, which was established as part of the secret British Operation Tabarin during World War 2. Today Port Lockroy houses a post office, souvenir shop and museum, as well as a colony of extremely inquisitive gentoo penguins, quite unconcerned by our presence and eager to engage. It was a pleasure



to spend some time among these little moulting birds in the cool, fresh afternoon.

Our Zodiac cruise gave us the opportunity to take in the grandeur of our Antarctic surrounds, with the dramatic Mt Francais soaring skyward and smooth glaciers tumbling towards the sea. We passed Jougla

Point (some of us even landed briefly!), which is home to small gentoo penguin and cormorant colonies. Some of us were also fortunate to see a Weddell seal and some whale bones on the shore.

As we returned to the ship, we could smell the BBQ the hotel staff had put together for us on the Heli-deck. Although it began to rain and the wind picked up, most of us persevered and enjoyed our true Antarctic BBQ in the coldalthough dessert was had in the warmth of the bar.



Day 17 - 4th March 2019

Danco Island, Antarctic Peninsula

GPS position at 0800: 64° 44'S, 062° 37'W

Air Temp: +5°C Sea Temp: 0°C Wind: SW 3 Weather: Overcast Sea state: Slight

Early Monday morning, Captain Mika sailed the Ortelius safely through the brash ice into the Errera Channel.

As every morning Troels started our day with the wakeup call but this time mentioning that there were many humpback whales cruising the bay.

After breakfast everybody got warmly dressed for a true Antarctic experience with wind, choppy waves and some rain for the last disembarkation of the ship in the Antarctic Peninsula.

We departed in two groups, with 4 zodiacs whale watching while the other group of passengers landed at Danco Island, to swap over after an hour 1.5.

The island is named after Emile Danco, a geophysicist on-board "Belgica" during Gerlaches' expedition of the late 1890's.

Most of the explorers who landed that morning on Danco climbed

to the top of the island. Passing a Gentoo rockery were the chicks were only 4 weeks old and were still guarded by their parent while the other parent was out in the ocean getting food for her family. High upon the cliffs the Gentoo's were in a much earlier phase of their breeding ecology than the previous ones we had encountered during this voyage.

In the bay among the sound of calving ice and turning icebergs, some serious whale encounters went on. As a dream come true, we were treated with lots of close sightings and encounters of a family of Humpack whales. Some zodiacs even had 2 whales visiting for over 30 minutes, spy hopping, waving their flippers to everybody's excitement.

All good things come to an end, also this morning. We were welcomed with warm chocolate at embarking the Orthelius and realized sadly that this was the last landing in the Antarctica Peninsula.

While having a warm and lovely lunch, Captain Mika sailed out past the Melchior Islands.

Most of us spend the afternoon in the lounge looking at their pictures and videos of the awesome and unforgettable whale encounters they had. Pippa's inspiring lecture about the ocean of sound was a very welcome tribute to this morning's experiences.

The daily recap for the next days and in particular the Drake passage was all about green and blue, our favourite colour by far. Some important questions were answered about the critters that were found on the beach at Deception Island. Was it krill, prawns or amphipods? Amphipods! Life at sea has never a dull moment as Troels pointed out when we sailed passed a "smoking" Iceberg that was about to turnover.









At dinner many more stories were shared that evening. Stories of a true Antarctic experience

Day 18 - 5th March 2019

At Sea to Ushuaia – The Drake Passage

GPS position at 0800: 61° 37'S, 064° 12'W

Air Temp: +3°C Sea Temp: 0°C Wind: NE 5 Weather: Overcast Sea state: Slight

By now we are getting used to Troels voice for wakeup. Today we are out on the Drake Passage on our way home to Ushuaia. The wind map is Troels" favourite colour blue but there is still some old swell on the sea, but fortunately for us, this swell was gentle

After breakfast Nina gives us a lecture about politics in Antarctica. A brilliant insight into the sovereignty of Antarctica and about the Antarctic Treaty.

Before lunch we make the finishing touches to our competition entries; tonight the staff will hold a photo, poetry, and video competition.

In the afternoon we discover Daniel has been around the ship taking pictures of Ortelius' hidden places and after lunch Daniel, Sigi and Chief Engineer Guntis give a presentation about the inner workings of our ship. Meike give us the last lecture of the day in the late afternoon; Albatrosses, the coolest sea birds there is. We learn about their wing spans, life cycle and the current threats of these magnificent birds.

We have a short recap before dinner where Sigi tells us of the plans for disembarkation and how to settle our bills- time to pay for all those beers!

After dinner we gather in the bar to enjoy and judge the trip photography, poetry and video competitions. There were many great entrants in all categories, with many of the passengers being skilled photographers, poets and videographers! The competition also gave a really lovely overview of our incredible adventures on our expedition.

Day 19 - 6th March 2019

At Sea to Ushuaia – The Drake Passage

GPS position at 0800: 57° 33'S, 065° 49'W

Air Temp: 6°C Sea Temp: 4°C Wind: W 5 Weather: Cloudy Sea state: Slight

Our last day in the Drake Passage began with calm rolling seas and sunshine. The time to hand back our trusty muck boots and lifesaving jackets had come and we filed in to the lecture room to give back these handy travel companions.

Most of the morning, and indeed the day, was spent out on decks, enjoying the sunshine and ever increasing temperatures as we push northwards. By the middle of the afternoon we were starting to see familiar faces as we welcomed the return of the Albatross and Shearwaters, both accompanied by the ubiquitous Wilsons Storm Petrel.

Later in the morning the film 'Around Cape Horn' was aired in the lounge. An adventurous tale of a stormy trip rounding this notorious stretch of water.

Later in the afternoon Iain and Laurence gave a lecture about the current research on the Antarctic ice shelfs, followed by a question and answer with us all about it and the effects of climate change on the continent.

As we began to pack up our belongings and share our last photos, the good ship Ortelius headed ever closer to South America. The sunshine continued outside and we spotted Peale's Dolphins close the ship; a sure sign we were getting closer to land.

Troels gave our lasting briefing in the lounge followed by a toast from Captain Mika, and thanks to the crew and staff. After a toast of champagne and a sunny group photo on the bow, we headed to our last dinner on board. The remainder of the evening was spent sharing a few drinks, photos and memories in the bar.

A truly fantastic adventure was had on our Oceanwide expedition.



7th March 2019

Disembarkation - Ushuaia

At 6am we approached the port of Ushuaia ready to disembark for the final time, no zodiac ride ashore and a dry landing. The last three weeks have taken us on a remarkable journey from the Falkland Islands, to South Georgia and to Antarctica, and allowed us a glimpse of life in these remote and sometimes inhospitable places. We will all have different memories of our trip but whatever the memories, whether it was King Penguins at St Andrews Bay or the sight of icebergs for the first time, they are memories that will stay with us for the rest of our lives.



Your Expedition Team!

On behalf of everyone on board we thank you for travelling with us and wish you a safe journey home.

Total Distance Sailed: 3721 Nautical Miles



| Species list: Common birds and | marine mammals of the Antarctic re | egion | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------|----------|----------|--------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------------|----------|-------|--|----------------|----------------|
| | | | | | 16-feb | 17-feb | 18-feb | 19-feb | 20-feb | 21-feb | 22-feb | 23-feb | 24-feb | 25-feb | 26-feb | 27-feb | 28-feb | 1 mrt | 2 mrt | 3 mrt | 4 mrt | 5 mrt | 6 mrt | 7 mrt |
| English Emperor Penguin | Aptenodytes forsteri | Deutsch Kaiserpinguin | Français Manchot Empereur | Nederlands Keizeroinauin | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | | |
| | Aptenodytes patogonicus | Königspinguin | Manchot royal | Koningspinguin | | | Х | | | х | Х | х | х | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adelie Penguin Gentoo Penguin | Pygoscelis adeliae Pygoscelis papua papua | Adeliepinguin Eselspinguin | Manchot Adélie Manchot Papou | Adélie-pinguin Ezelspinguin | | | х | | | | х | x | x | | | | | X | | | х | | \vdash | |
| Chinstrap Penguin | Pygascelis antarctica | Kehlstreifpinguin | Manchot à jugulaire | Kinbandpinguin | | | | | | | | | х | | x | | х | х | x | x | х | | | |
| Macaroni Penguin Magellanic Penguin | Eudyptes chrysolophus Soheniscus mapellanicus | Goldschopfpinguin Magellanpinguin | | Macaroniepinguin Magelhaenoinguin | | | х | | | | | | X | | | | | | × | | | | \vdash | |
| Wandering Albatross | Diomedea exulans | Wanderalbatross | Albatros hurleur | Grote albatros | | | | x | х | x | | x | | (| x | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Northern Royal Albatross Southern Royal Albatross | Diomedea sanfordi Diomedea epomophora | Nördliche Königsalbatros Königsalbatross | | Zuidelijke koningsalbatros Noordelijke koninesalbatros | | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \vdash | |
| Black-browed Albatross | Diamedea melanophris | Schwarzbrauenalbatross | Albatros à sourcils noirs | Wenkbrauwalbatros | Х | х | х | x | х | x | | | | (| x | | Х | х | | | х | x | x | |
| Grev-Headed Albatross Light Mantled Albatross | Diamedea chrysostoma Phoebetria palpebrata | Graukopfalbatross Rufialbatross | Albatros à tête grise Albatros fuligineux | Grijskopalbatros Roetkopalbatros | | | X | | | × | | | × | | × | ¥ | ¥ | | - | | | × | \vdash | |
| Northern Giant Petrel | Macronectes half | Nördlicher Riesensturmvogel | Pétrel de Hall | Noordelike reuzenstormvoeel | | х | | x | х | x | х | | x | (| x | | | | | | | x | | |
| Southern Giant Petrel Antarctic Fulmar | Macronectes giganteus Fulmorus alacialoides | Südlicher Riesensturmvogel Südlicher Eissturmvogel | Pétrel géant Fulmar argenté | Zuidelijke reuzenstormvogel Zuidelijke stormvogel | x | x | X | | X | × | | x | X | (| x | x | X Y | X | × | X | × | X | \vdash | |
| Cape Petrel (Pintado) | Doption copensis | Kapsturmyogel | Damier du Cao | Kaapse duif | | | | | | | | x | х | (| x | Х | Х | х | х | | | | | |
| Antarctic Petrel Snow Petrel | Thalassoica antarctica Paaodroma nivea | Weißflügelsturmvogel Schneesturmvogel | Pétrel Antarctique Pétrel des neises | Antarctische stormvogel Sneeuwstormvogel | | | | | | | × | | | | × | ¥ | ¥ | × | × | | х | x | + | |
| Soft Plumaged Petrel | Pterodroma mollis | WeiEfedernsturmvogel | Pétrel Soyeux | Donsstormvogel | | | | x | x | x | | | | (| x | | | | | | | x | | |
| Kerguelen Petrel Grev Petrel | Petredroma brevirostiris Proclioria cinerea | | | | | | | | | | | | | | × | | | | - | | | | + | |
| Blue Petrel | Halabaena caerulea | Blausturmvogel | Pétrel bleu | Blauwe stormvogel | | | | | | | | | | | | х | Х | | | | | | | |
| White-chinned Petrel Westland Petrel | Procellaria aeauinoctialis | Weißkinnsturmvoeel | Puffin à menton blanc | Witkinstormvogel: Witkeelstormvogel | | × | | | x | X | х | | х | (| х | х | х | | | | | X | \vdash | - |
| Sooty Shearwater | Puffinus griseus | Dunkelsturmtaucher | Puffin fullgineux | Grauwe pijistormvogel | | х | х | x | X | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Great Shearwater Manx Shearwater | Puffinus aravis Puffinus puffinus | Großer Sturmtaucher | Puffin maieur | Grote pijlstormvogel | | х | х | x | X | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | \vdash | - |
| Antarctic Prion | Pachvatila desolata | Taubensturmvoeel | | Antarctische orion | | | | | | х | х | | | (| х | | х | | \blacksquare | | | | | |
| Fairy Prion Slender-billed Prion | Pochyatila turtur Pochyatila belcheri | Feensturmyogel Beicher-Sturmyogel | Le Prion colombe Le Prion de Belcher | Duifprion Dunbekorion | | x | x | x | x | x | | | \vdash | | | x | | | - | | | | ш | - |
| Wilson's Storm-Petrel | Oceanites oceanicus | Buntfußsturmschwalbe | Océanite de Wilson | Wilson stormvogeltje | | х | | | х | Х | | х | x | (| х | х | х | Х | х | х | Х | Х | | |
| Black-bellied Storm-Petrel | Fregetta tropica Oceanites nereis | Schwarzbauchmeerläufer Graurücken-Sturmschwalbe | Océanite à ventre noir Océanite néréide | Zwartbuikstormvogeltje Griisruestormvoeeltie | | x | X | | x | X | | | | | | х | | | \vdash | - | X | х | \vdash | \vdash |
| Common Diving-Petrel | Pelecanoides urinatrix berard | Lummensturmyosel | Puffinure ploneeur | Alkstormvogeltje | | X | | | x | X | | | | (| | | | | | | | | \blacksquare | |
| Magellanic Diving-Petrel Imperial (Blue Eved) Shag | Pelecanoides magellani Phalacrocorax atriceas | Rlauaugenscharhe | Cormoran impérial | Magelhaen Alkstormvogeltje Keizeraalscholver: Blauwooeaalscholver | x | X | x | | | - | | | | | | | | - | \leftarrow | - | x | - | Н | \vdash |
| Antarctic Shag | Pholocrocorax bransfieldensis | Antarktikscharbe | Cormoran (impérial) antarctique | Keizeraalscholver; Blauwoogaalscholver | | | | | | | | | | | | | х | х | х | х | | | \blacksquare | |
| Pale-faced Sheatbill Chilean Skua | Chionis alba Cathoracta chilensis | Weißersicht-Scheidenschnabel Chileskua | Chionis – Bec en fourreau Labbe du Chili | Poolkio Chileense skua | x | x | \vdash | - | - | - | \vdash | × | х | _ | - | | | x | × | × | - | _ | \vdash | \vdash |
| South Polar Skua | Catharacta maccormicki | Antarktikskua | Labbe de Mac Cormick | Zuidpooljager | | | | | | | х | х | | | | | | | | х | X | | | |
| Sub-Antarctic (Brown) Skua Brown-hooded Gull | Catharacta antorctica Chroicocephalusmaculipennis | Subantarktikskua | Labbe brun | Subantarctische Grote Jager | | × | × | | | | | х | х | | | х | х | X | × | | Х | | \vdash | - |
| Dolphin Gull | Larus scoresbii | Blutschnabelmöwe | Goéland de Scoresby | Dolfinmeeuw | х | | х | х | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kelo Gull South American Tern | Larus dominicanus Sterna hirundinacea | Dominikanermöwe Falklandseeschwalbe | Goéland dominicain Steme hirundinacée | Kelpmeeuw Zuid-Amerikaanse visdief | x | × | × | x | | | X | x | X | | | | | | × | X | х | | \vdash | |
| Antarctic Tern | Sterna vittata | Antipodenseeschwalbe | Sterne couronnée | Zuidpoolstern | Х | | | | | | х | x | x | | | Х | Х | х | x | х | | | | |
| Arctic tern | Sterna paradisaea | Küstenseeschwalbe | Sterne arctique | Noordse stern | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | \vdash | |
| | Procllaria cinerea | | | | | | | | × | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Specific to Falkland Islands Southern Rockhopper Penguin | Eudyptes chrysocome | Felsenpinguin | Gorfour sauteur | Zuidelijke Rotspinguin | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ₩ | | | | \vdash | |
| Rock Shag | Pholacrocorax modellanicus | Felserscharbe | | Mazelhaenaalscholver | × | | × | × | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | \vdash | |
| Falkland Imperial Shag Upland Goose | Pholocrocorax atriceps albiventer Chloephaga picta | Falkland Blauaugenscharbe | Cormoran impérial des Falkland | Falkland Keizeraalscholver Magelhaengans | | | x | x | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Kelp Goose | Chlosohaga hybrida | Magellangans Tanggans | Quette marine | Kelpgans | | | × | × | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ruddy-headed Goose Flying Steamer Duck | Chloephaga rubidiceps Tachveres patachonicus | Rotkopfgans Langflügel-Damofschiffente | | Roodkopgans Vliegende booteend | | | × | | | | | | | | | | | | ₩ | | | | \vdash | |
| Falkland Flightless Steamer Duck | Tochveres brachvoterus | Falkland-Dampfschiffente | Brassemer des Malouines | Falklandbooteend | | | × | * | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Crested Duck | Laphonetta specularioides | Schopfente | Canard huppé | Andeseend Chileense smient | | | × | | | | | | | | | | | | ₩ | | | | \vdash | |
| Chiloe Wision Specied Teal | Anas sibilatrix Anas flavirostris | Chileofeifente Chile-Krickente | Canard de Chiloé Sarcelle tachetée | Childense taling | | | х | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | | |
| Falklands Turkey Vulture | Cathartes aura falklandicus | Truthahneeier | | Falkland Kalkpengier | | | X | , | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Red-backed Hawk Striated Caracara | Buteo polyasoma Phalcoboenus australis | Rotrückenbussard Falldandkarakara | Caracara austral | Roodrugbuizerd Falklandcaracara | | | x | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | \vdash | |
| Crested Caracara Magellanic Oystercatcher | Caracara plancus Haematopus leucapadus | Schoofkarakara Feuerland-Austernfischer | Caracara husoé Huitrier de Gamot | Zuidelijke Kuifcaracara Magelhaenscholekster | | | , | | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Blackish Ovstercatcher | Haemotopus ater | Südamerikanischer Austernfischer | | Zuid-Amerikaanse zwarte scholekster | | | x | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | \vdash | |
| Falklands Two-banded Ployer Rufous-chested Dotterel | Charadrius falklandicus Charadrius modestus | Falkland-Regenpfeifer Rotbrust-Regenpfeifer | Physier des Falkland | Falklandplevier Patagonische Plevier | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Mulous-chested Dotterel Magellanic Snipe | Collinaco paracuaise macellonica | Notorust-Negenptener Falldand-Bekassine | Bécassine de Mazellan | Magelhaensnip | | | | x | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | — | |
| South American Tern Blackish Cinclodes (Tussack Bird) | Sterna hirundinacea Cinclodes antarcticus antarcticus | Falklandseeschwalbe Einfarb-Uferwipper | Steme hirundinacée | Zuid-Amerikaanse visdief Zwarte Wigstaart | | | X | | | | = | | | | | | | | \vdash | \vdash | | \vdash | \vdash | \blacksquare |
| Dark-faced ground- tyrant | Muscisaxicala m. maclaviana | Maskentyrann | Dormilon bistré (nominal) | Maskergrondtiran (nominaal) | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| House Sparrow | Passer damesticus | Haussperling | | Huismus Cobbs Winterkoning | | | X | x | | | | | \vdash | | | | | _ | ₩- | _ | | _ | تب | \vdash |
| Cobb's Wren Falkland Grass Wren | Traaladvtes cabbi Cistothorus platensis falklandica | Falklandzaunkönig Seggenzaunkönig | Troglodyte à bec court | Falkland Zegge-winterkoning | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Black-chinned siskin Black-throated Finch | Carduelis barbata Melanodera melanodera melanodera | Bartzeisie Schwarzkehl-Ammerfink | Chardonneret à menton noir | Baardsiis Magelhaengors | | | X | | | | | | HĪ | _ [| | | | <u> </u> | ┯ | 1 | | 1 | ┍┚ | \vdash |
| Chilean Swallow | Tachycinata leucopyga | Chile-Baumschwalbe | Hirondelle du Chili | Chileense zwaluw | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Falkland Thrush Falklands Long-tailed Meadow Lark | Turdus falcidandii falcidandii Sturnella loyca falklandica | Magellandrossel Langschwanz-Soldatenstärling | | Falklandmerel Falkland-Grote Weidespreeuw | | | X | x | | | | | HĪ | _ [| | | | <u> </u> | ┯ | 1 | | 1 | ┍┚ | \vdash |
| Falklands Long-tailed Meadow Lark Falklands Black-crowned Night Heron | Nycticorax nycticorax falklandicus | Falkland Nachtreiher | Bihoraux gris des Falkland | | | | î l | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| | | | | Falkland Kwak | | | х | | | _ | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | ₩ | - | | - | \vdash | \vdash |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \vdash | | | | | |
| Specific to South Georgia | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ⊭ | | | | \vdash | |
| South Georgia Shag South Georgia Diving Petrel | Phalacrocorax aearaianus Pelecanoides aearaicus | Südeeoreienscharbe Breitschnabel-Lummensturmvoeel | Cormoran séorsien Puffinure de Géorgie du Sud | Zuid-Georgische aalscholver Zuid-Georgisch alkstormvogeltje | | | | | | х | X | X | х | | | | | | \vdash | - | | - | \vdash | \vdash |
| South Georgia Pipit | Anthus antarcticus | Riesenpieper | Pipit antarctique | Zuid-Georgische Pieper | | | | | | | X | x | х | | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| South Georgia Pintail | Anas georgica georgica | Südgeorgien-Spitzschwanzente | Canard à queue pointue de Géorgie du Sud | Zuid-Georgia pijlstaart | | | | | | | X | x | × | | | | | | - | | | | ш | - |
| Marine mammals | | Meeres säugetiere | Mammifères Marin | Zeezoogdieren | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Southern Right Whale | Eubalaena australis | Südkaper | Baleine franche australe | Zuidkaper | _ | | | | х | | | | | | | | | | ⊭ | | | | \vdash | |
| Antarctic Minke Whale Humoback Whale | Balaenoptera bonaerensis Meaaatera novaeanaliae | Zwergwal Buckelwal | Mégaptère (Baleine à bosse) | Antarctische Dwergvinvis Bultrue | | | _ | | | | x | | x | | x | | | X | x | х | х | | | |
| Blue Whale | Balaenoptera musculus | Blauwal | Baleine bleue | Blauwe Vinvis | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | ₽ | | | | \vdash | \blacksquare |
| Fin Whale Southern Sei Whale | Balaenoptera physalus Balaenootera borealis schleaelli | Finnwal Südlicher Seiwal | Rorqual commun Rorqual boréal | Gewone Vinvis Zuidelijke Noordse Vinvis | | | х | | | × | | | \vdash | | x | x | x | | - | | | | ш | |
| Southern Bottlenose Whale | Hyperoodon planifrons | Südlicher Entenwal | Baleine à bec australe | Zuidelijke Butskop | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | = | | | | = | |
| Long Finned Pilot whale Killer Whale | Globiceohala melas Orcinus orca | Grindwal Schwertwal | Globicéphale noir Orque (épaulard) | Griend Orka; Zwaardwalvis | | | | | х | x | | | | | | | | x | \vdash | - | | - | \vdash | |
| Hourglass Dolphin | Lagenorhynchus cruciger | Stundenglasdelfin | Lagénorhynque sablier | Zandloperdolfijn | | X | | | | | | | | | х | | | | = | | | х | | |
| Peale's Dolphin Commerson's Dolphin | Lagenorhynchus australis Cephalorhynchus commersonii | Peale-Delfin Commerson-Delfin | Lazénorhynoue à menton noir Dauphin de Commerson | Dolfijn van Peale Kortsnuitdolfijn | | X | x | | | | | | \vdash | _ | | | | - | \vdash | - | | - | \vdash | \vdash |
| Leopard Seal | Hvdruraa leatonyx | Seeleopard | Léopard de mer | Zeeluipaard | | | | | | | | x | | | | | | x | х | х | | | | |
| Crabeater Seal Weddell Seal | Lobadon carcinophogus Leptonychotes weddelii | Krabbenfresserrobbe Weddellrobbe | | Krabbeneter Weddell-zeehond | | _ | H | _ | _ | <u> </u> | H | _ | $\vdash \exists$ | _ | _ | | | × | × | x | x | | H | \vdash |
| Southern Elephant Seal | Mirounaa leonin | Südlicher See-Elefant | Eléphant de mer austral | Zuidelijke Zeeolifant | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | | | | | |
| Antarctic Fur Seal | Arctocepholus gazella Otaria flavescens | Antarktischer Seebär Mähnenrobbe | Otarie à fourrure des Kerguelen | Antarctische Pelsrob | | | | | _ | | | | \vdash | | | | | X | х | х | х | H- | \vdash | |
| Southern Sea Lion southern right whale dolphin | Lissodelphis peronii | mana NETITODOR | DOWN ON THREE OF ARTERINGUE DU SUIG | Pataeonische Zeeleeuw | | | | | x | | | | | | | | | | 1 | † | | † | \vdash | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



PHOTOGRAPHY CONTEST 2019

Your chance to win a € 1000 gift voucher for your next polar adventure.

EVERYONE KNOWS A PICTURE IS WORTH A THOUSAND WORDS, BUT DID YOU KNOW THAT YOUR PHOTOS MIGHT NOW ALSO BE WORTH A € 1000 GIFT VOUCHER?

Share your experience!

Did you catch a rare seabird on the fly? Do you have a panorama of the Northern Lights filling the sky? Did you get up close and personal with a penguin? Did you capture a look of awe or wonder on a fellow passenger's face?

If you've been a passenger on any one of our past voyages we want to see your pictures.

You're free to send in as many pictures as you wish. The best pictures are the ones that capture what it's like to take one of our special expeditions to the remote and beautiful ends of the Earth.



UPLOAD YOUR PHOTO AT

WWW.OCEANWIDE-EXPEDITIONS.COM/GALLERY

The size of your photo should be between 2MB and 8MB. Our lucky winners will be contacted by e-mail and Facebook by 30 April 2019. The photography contest runs from 01 November 2018 until 31 March 2019.

Read the terms and conditions of the contest on www.oceanwide-expeditions.com/page/contest-terms



16th February to 7th March

- A. Falkland Islands
- B. South Georgia
- C. South Orkney Islands
- D. Antarctic Peninsula

Furthest South:

S64° 58.789′

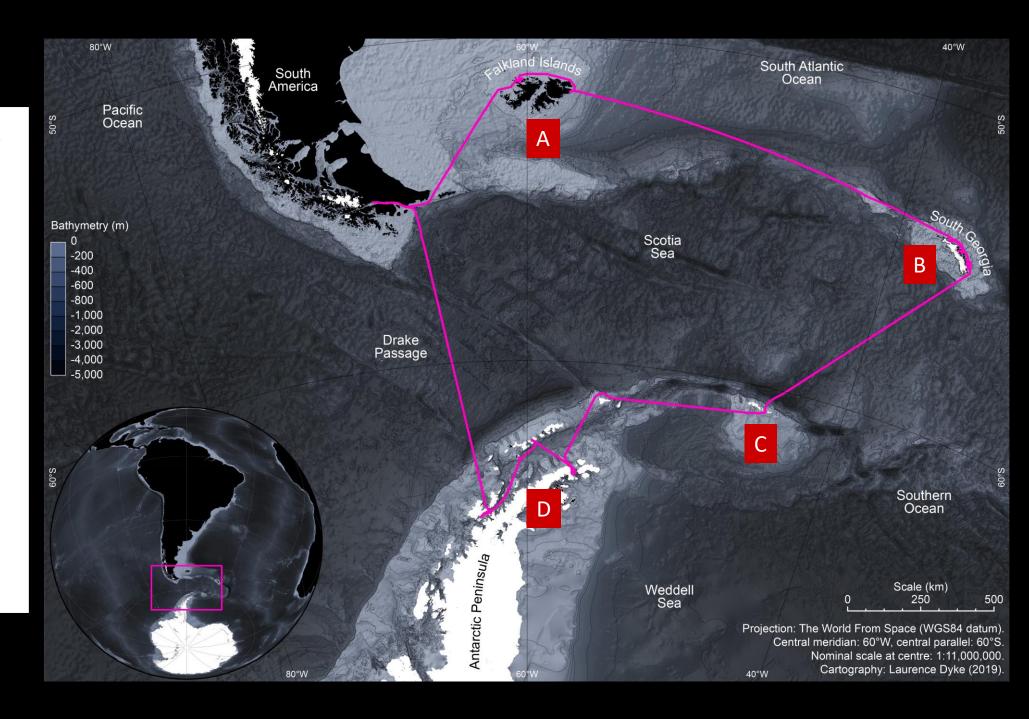
W063° 26.597'

Total Distance:

3721nautical miles

Strongest Wind:

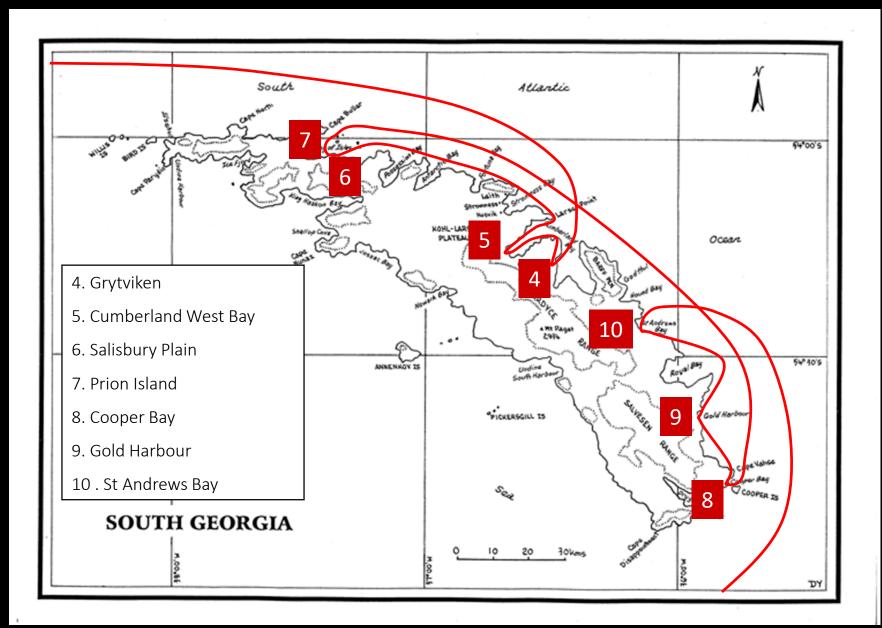
72knots



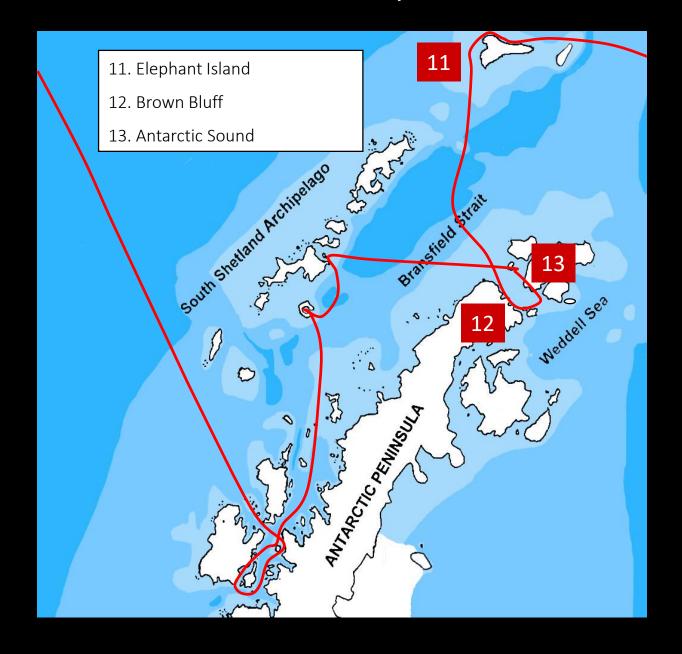
Falkland Islands: February 18th – 19th 2019



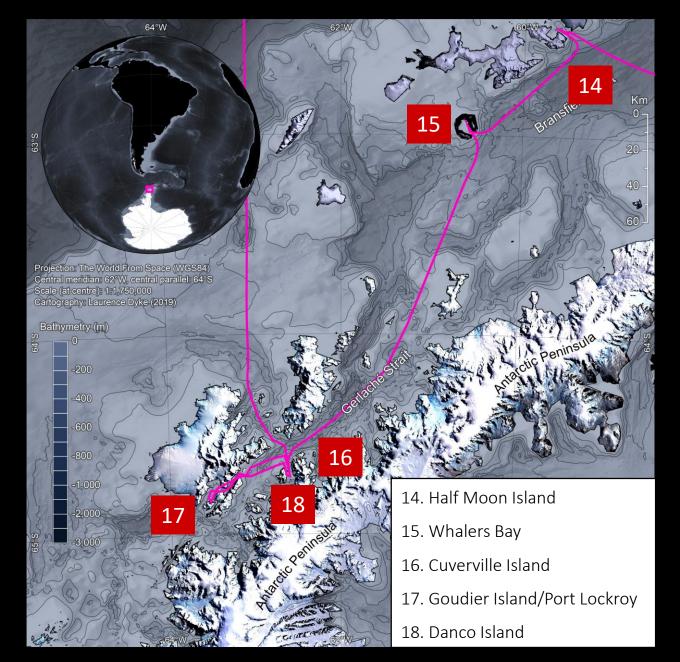
South Georgia: February 22nd – 24th 2019



Antarctic Peninsula: February 28th – March 1st 2019



Antarctic Peninsula: March 2nd – March 4th 2019





Captain Mika Appel

and his international crew of 42

including

First Officer: **Tony Salo** [Finland]

Second Officer: **Diederik Scholten** [The Netherlands]

Third Officer: Igor Nazarov [Russia]
Chief Engineer: Guntis Dizbite [Latvia]
Hotel Manager: Sigi Penzenleitner [Austria]

Assist. Hotel Manager: **Melanie Penzenleitner** [Austria]

Head Chef: Heinz Hacker [Austria]
Sous Chef: Gaurav Bawa [India]

Ship's Physician: Linda Steutel [The Netherlands]

and

Expedition Leader: **Troels Jacobsen** [Denmark]

Assist. Expedition Leader: Iain Rudkin [United Kingdom]

Expedition Guide: **Zet Freiburghaus** [Sweden]

Expedition Guide: Laurence Dyke [United Kingdom]

Expedition Guide: Daniel Hoehne [Germany]

Expedition Guide: Pippa Low [United Kingdom]

Expedition Guide: Nina Gallo [Australia]

Expedition Guide: Meike Sjoer [The Netherlands]

Welcome you on board!



Saturday 16 February 2019

Welcome on board! Your luggage will have been delivered to your cabin. After we are all onboard, please check and notify Reception if you are missing anything or have luggage that does not belong to you. While we are embarking please feel free to explore the ship. The Lounge is located on Deck 6.

~17.15 Mandatory Safety Briefing in the Lecture Room (Deck 3).

ALL PASSENGERS are required to attend this important safety briefing.

We will conduct the mandatory Lifeboat Drill right after. Please listen for the Alarm.

- 18.30 We would like to invite you to the **Lounge** on Deck 6 for an **introduction to the ship** by Hotel Manager Sigi and a **Welcome Briefing** by Expedition Leader Troels.
- 19.30 **Dinner** is served in the Dining Room located on **Deck 4** behind **Reception**. Bon appétit!
- ~21.00 Approximate sailing time. As we leave Ushuaia we recommend that you enjoy the views from the top outside decks.

 Please Note: The Bridge will be closed for departure while we navigate the Beagle Channel.

Tonight, we will enter the Southern Ocean
Please ensure your belongings are secure and will not roll, slide or fall
when the ship starts to move with the swell.



En route to the Falkland Islands

Sunday 17 February 2019

| 0730 | Wake-up call |
|-------|--|
| 0800 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 1000 | Please come to the Lecture Room (Deck 3) and join Troels for the mandatory IAATO and Zodiac safety briefing. |
| 1230 | Lunch is served in the Dining Room. |
| 1430 | Please listen for announcements as we call passengers deck by deck to receive lifejackets and gumboots in the Lecture Room (Deck 3) |
| 16.00 | Please join Meike in the lecture room for a talk on the species we hope to encounter in the Falkland Islands. |
| 1830 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. Troels and the Expedition Team will meet you in the Lounge. |
| 1900 | Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal! |

We will be sailing in the open ocean for the next two days. Please take appropriate precautions: Secure belongings, close drawers, take medication. And remember:

ONE HAND FOR THE SHIP AT ALL TIME



Carcass Island & Saunders Island

Monday 18 February 2019

Sunrise: 06:12 am

| 0645 | Wake-up call |
|-------|---|
| 0700 | Ships passing the arrow passage between West Point Island and West Falklands |
| 0730 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 08:45 | After breakfast we aim to take you ashore to Carcass Island . The island is rat-free and holds a large number of birds native to the Falkland Islands. ~10.00 - we hope to offer hikes if the weather plays along. Start from the settlement |
| 1230 | Lunch is served in the Dining Room. |
| 1430 | During the afternoon we hope to bring you ashore to Saunders Island to enjoy breeding Black-browed Albatrosses, Southern Rockhopper Penguins and King Penguins. |
| ~1900 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. Troels and the Expedition Team will meet you in the Lounge (Deck 6). |
| 1930 | Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal! |

Sunset: 20:12 pm



Port StanleyTuesday 19 February 2019

Sunrise: 06:00 am

| 0700 | Wake-up call |
|-------|---|
| 0730 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 08:30 | Landing in Port Stanley . We will be at anchor in Port Stanley and shuttle in by Zodiac for a dry jetty landing. You can wear your hiking boots for this landing. The time in town is free time with no special arrangements other than enjoying the ambience in town. The Church is worth a visit as is the small museum (free entry with your security card you got from port personnel. Cash or credit card is a very good thing to bring in your inner shopping devil is haunting you already. |
| 1215 | Very last zodiac back to the ship |
| 1300 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
| 14.30 | Bio-security vacuum cleaning and signing of bio-security declaration as demanded by the Government of South Georgia and South Sandwich Islands |
| ~1900 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. Troels and the Expedition Team will meet you in the Lounge (Deck 6). |
| 1930 | Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal! |
| | Sunset: 20:07 pm |



En route to South Georgia Wednesday 20 February 2019

 $0000 \rightarrow 0100$ TIME CHANGE! One hour forward!

Sunrise: 06:38 am

| 07:30 | Wake-up call |
|-------|---|
| 08:00 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 10:00 | Pippa will give a lecture in the bar on the whales we might sea as we cruise the Southern Ocean. |
| 13:00 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
| 15:00 | Nina will deliver a lecture on Shackleton's expedition to cross the Antarctic continent, part 1 of 2. |
| 18:30 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. Troels and the Expedition Team will meet you in the Lounge (Deck 6). |
| 19:00 | Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal! |

Sunset: 20:35 pm



En route to South Georgia Wednesday 21 February 2019

Sunrise: 06:00 am

| 07:30 | Wake-up call |
|--------|--|
| 08:00 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 10:00 | Join Daniel in the lounge for a lecture on Photography in Cold Places. |
| 12:30 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
| ~15.00 | Passing Shag Rocks - keep a look out for whales and birds! |
| 16.30 | Avoiding bird strikes in South Georgia - briefing by Troels. |
| 18:30 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. |
| 19:00 | Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal! |

Sunset: 20:00 pm



En route to South Georgia

Friday 22 February 2019

Sunrise: 05:40 am

We will arrive at the western most part of South Georgia around 05:00 Here is an excellent chance for wildlife and spectacular scenery.

| 07:00 | Wake-up call |
|--------|--|
| 07:30 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| ~11:00 | Arrival in Grytviken. During customs clearance we will also get a visitor from the museum who will give a lecture in the lounge on the rat eradication program that has been successfully undertaken in South Georgia. |
| 12:00 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
| 13.00 | Landing at Grytviken. We will start out landing with a traditional toast at the grave of Sir Ernest Shackleton. After that a visit to the museum and the whaling station is highly recommended. Wet landing! 14:30 Tour of the whaling station with a museum guide. Meeting place outside the museum 15:30 Tour with a focus on Shackleton in South Georgia with a museum guide. Meeting place outside the museum. |
| 16.45 | Last zodiac back to the ship |
| 17:30 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. |
| 18:00 | Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal! |
| 19:00 | The captain will take us deeper into West Cumberland Bay for an evening scenic cruise near Neumayer Glacier with Mount Spaaman (1941 m) in the background. |

Sunset: 19:45 pm



En route to South Georgia Saturday 23 February 2019

Sunrise: 05:45 am

| 07:00 | Wake-up call |
|-------|--|
| 07:30 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 08:45 | We hope to land at Salisbury Plain - the second largest of the King penguin rookeries on South Georgia. Thousands of penguins will greet us in the beach on their way in and out of the spectacular rookery. Hundreds of fur seals will also be present so mind your step and try your best to keep the 5-meter rule! The beach can be very difficult to land on due to waves so be very careful!! |
| 13:00 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
| 14.30 | Wandering albatrosses at Prion Island: Combined landing and zodiac cruise. 14:30 Group one and two will take to the zodiacs for a total of 2 hours excursion. 16:30 Group three and four will take to the zodiacs for a total of 2 hours excursion. |
| 19:00 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. |
| 19:30 | Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal! |

Sunset: 19:45 pm



South GeorgiaSunday 24 February 2019

Sunrise: 05:35 am

| 05:00 | Wake-up call |
|-----------------|--|
| 05:30 | Zodiac cruise in Cooper Bay. Get ready for an early morning encounter with Macaroni and Chinstrap penguins. We will all go out at the same time! |
| 07:15 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 09:30 | We aim to land in one of the most scenic bays in South Georgia. Gold harbour offers a very large King penguin rookery, lots of fur seals and elephant seals. We would like to call for volunteers for a maximum one-hour zodiac cruise. Please talk to Nina. |
| | |
| 12:30 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
| 12:30 ~15.00 | Lunch is served in the dining room The largest King penguin rookery in South Georgia in St Andrews Bay is simply awesome. If all goes well, we hope to land here. It can be a very difficult beach care is required. A river will have to be crossed in order to reach the massive rookery. |
| | The largest King penguin rookery in South Georgia in St Andrews Bay is simply awesome. If all goes well, we hope to land here. It can be a very difficult beach care is required. A river will have to |

Sunset: 19:36 pm



En route to the South Orkney Islands Saturday 25 February 2019

Remember - we are back on Ushuaia time!

Sunrise: 06:35 am

| 07:30 | Wake-up call |
|-------|--|
| 08:00 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 10:00 | Pippa will talk about the History of Whaling in Antarctica in the lounge. |
| 12:30 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
| 15:30 | Join lain for the fascinating story of overwintering at Rothera Research Station, Antarctica. |
| 18:30 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. |
| 19:00 | Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal! |

Sunset: 20:45 pm



En route to the South Orkney Islands Tuesday 26 February 2019

Sunrise: 04:45 am

| 07:30 | Wake-up call |
|-------|--|
| 08:00 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 10:00 | Nina will deliver her second thrilling lecture on Shackleton's expedition to cross the Antarctic continent in the bar, part 2 of 2. |
| 12:30 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
| 13:30 | Troels will update us on the weather and our current itinerary |
| 15:00 | Laurence will give a lecture in the bar on Glaciers and Glaciation to whet our appetites for the landscape through which we will travel in the upcoming days. |
| 17:00 | The South Georgia Heritage Trust Auction: We have a number of items up for auction provided to us by the museum at Grytviken. These are items unavailable for purchase in the shop and all the proceeds go directly to the Trust. As we will not return to South Georgia this season, we can only accept card payments. |
| 18:30 | Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal! |
| 19:30 | South Orkney Islands |

Sunset: 20:50 pm



En route to the Elephant Island Wednesday 27 February 2019

Sunrise: 03:50 am

| 07:30 | Wake-up call |
|-------|---|
| 08:00 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 10:00 | Meike will give a lecture on the various species of penguins we have encountered on our travels thus far as well as those we may yet encounter |
| 12:30 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
| 15:00 | Nina will deliver a lecture on the Discovery of Antarctica - a historical journey through the various early expeditions to visit these southern waters. |
| 17:00 | Iain will give a short presentation on the ascent of Mt Vinson, Antarctica's highest peak |
| 18:30 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. |
| 19:00 | Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal! |

Sunset: 21:20 pm



Elephant Island and beyond

Thursday 28 February 2019

Sunrise: 05:45 am

During the night we will arrive at Elephant Island and find shelter on the north side. We hope to offer a few comfortable and guiet hours of sleep.

07:30 Wake-up call 08:00 **Breakfast** buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour.

Depending on the weather and swell conditions we may be able to offer a zodiac cruise near one Point Wild - one of the most famous historical places in the Antarctic Peninsula. But also one of the most difficult to reach. The forecast is not promising so we may have to settle for a ships cruise in the area. Stand by for announcements.

| 12:30 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
|-------|---|
| 15:00 | Pippa will present a lecture in the bar all about the Pinnipeds of the Southern Ocean that we have seen or may yet see. |
| 18:30 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. |
| 19:00 | Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal! |

Sunset: 19:55 pm



Brown Bluff Friday 1 March 2019

Sunrise: 05:50 am

If the weather is kind and the sky is clear, be prepared for an early wake up call to taken in the sunrise over the Antarctic Peninsula!

* Remember to take great care on deck as they may be icy and slippery due to the colder * temperatures overnight.

07:00 Wake-up call

07:30 **Breakfast** buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour.

AM: Depending on the weather and our overnight progress we hope to

be sailing in icy waters today. The Antarctic Sound is home to breeding Adelie penguins, hungry Leopard Seals and the slim possibility of penguins larger than Kings... Keep a good lookout on

the ice floes!

At some point during the day, we plan to land at Brown Bluff - a continental landing on the Antarctic Peninsula! Please listen out for

announcements

13:00 **Lunch** is served in the dining room

PM: TBA, please listen for announcements.

19:00 **Recap:** This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day

and look forward to tomorrow's plans.

19:30 **Dinner** is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal!

Sunset: 20:15 pm



South Shetland Islands

Saturday 2 March 2019

Sunrise: 06:00 am

| * Remember to take great care on deck as they may be icy and slippery due to the colder | K |
|---|---|
| temperatures overnight. | |

06:30 Wake-up call 07:00 **Breakfast** buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. 08:00 During the morning we hope to do landing in Half Moon Bay known for its large Chinstrap Penguin colony and spectacular scenery. Please remember to sign up for the cruising option with Nina. There is also the chance to do a Polar Plunge! We will provide towels so please don't take them from your cabins. Last zodiac back to the ship at 10.30 12:30 **Lunch** is served in the dining room 15:00 This afternoon we hope to be in a volcano! Deception Island is a donut shaped ring with a bite out of one side, where ships can sail through a gap called Neptune's Bellows. The volcano last erupted between 1967 and 1970, and is expected to erupt again but not imminently... We hope to land at Whalers Bay - the most significant land based whaling station in the Antarctic Peninsula active from 1906-31. Later British Antarctic Survey Base B moved in 1944-69. Other highlights are Neptune's Window and a walk to Ronald Hill for a great view. 18:30 **Recap:** This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans.

Sunset: 20:20 pm

Dinner is served in the Dining Room. Enjoy your meal!

19:00



Cuverville Island and Port Lockroy

Sunday 3 March 2019

Sunrise: 06:50 am

| * Remember to take great care on deck as they may be icy and slippery due to the colder * temperatures overnight. | | |
|---|--|--|
| 07:00 | Wake-up call | |
| 07:30 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. | |
| 08:30 | This morning, we are aiming to land on Cuverville Island in the Errera Channel. This island has a large Gentoo penguin colony, scenic views and a good chance to see humpback whales in the bay. | |
| 12:30 | Lunch is served in the dining room | |
| 15:00 | We plan to land at Port Lockroy on Goudier Island as well as a short visit to the adjacent Jougla Point or alternatively offer a zodiac cruise if whales are around. This is a split landing due to the numbers we are allowed ashore at Port Lockroy base. Port Lockroy is one of a series of bases on the peninsula from operation Tabarin and now acts as a museum. There is a shop and post office for those interested which accepts credit cards and cash EUR, USD, GBP. | |
| 18:30 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. | |
| 19:00 | Surprise Dinner - location subject to weather conditions! | |

Sunset: 20:30 pm



Danco Island and Errera Channel

Monday 4 March 2019

Sunrise: 06:20 am

| * Remember to take great care on deck as they may be icy and slippery due to the colder * temperatures overnight. | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 07:00 | Wake-up call | | |
| 07:30 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. | | |
| 09:00 | This morning we aim to land on Danco Island - named after Emile Danco, a geophysicist onboard <i>Belgica</i> during Gerlaches' expedition of the late 1890's. However, if there is a good chance to see whales, we may Zodiac cruise in Errera Channel instead so please stand by for any announcements. | | |
| 12:30 | Lunch is served in the dining room | | |
| This afterno | on we sadly start the journey northwards. However, en route watch out for whales as we sail out past the Melchior Islands. | | |
| 16:00 | Please join Pippa in the bar for 'Ocean of Sound' - a deeper look into the acoustics beneath the waves! | | |
| 18:00 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. | | |
| 18:30 | Dinner is served in the dining room. Enjoy your meal! | | |

Sunset: 20:15 pm



Drake Passage Tuesday 5 March 2019

Sunrise: 06:30 am

| 07:30 | Wake-up call |
|-------|--|
| 08:00 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 10:00 | Nina will deliver a lecture in the bar on the fascinating but little-known subject of Antarctic Politics. |
| 12:30 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
| 15:00 | Join Daniel in the bar for a look at Ortelius' hidden places, with special guests Guntis and Sigi! |
| 17:00 | Meike will give a short presentation on the albatross and the threats it faces. |
| 18:00 | Recap: This is our daily opportunity to revisit the events of the day and look forward to tomorrow's plans. |
| 18:30 | Dinner is served in the dining room. Enjoy your meal! |
| 20:00 | Photography Competition in the bar - Good Luck to all those who enter! |

Sunset: 20:20 pm



Drake PassageWednesday 6 March 2019

Sunrise: 06:35 am

| 07:30 | Wake-up call |
|-------|---|
| 08:00 | Breakfast buffet will be served in the Dining Room for one hour. |
| 09:30 | This morning we will collect in your boots and your lifejackets. We will call you out by cabin number so please listen out for announcements. |
| 11:00 | Around Cape Horn! An old but incredibly well put together wee film about sailing around Cape Horn in the early 1900's. |
| 12:30 | Lunch is served in the dining room |
| 15:00 | Join Laurence and lain in the bar for a look at current Antarctic Science followed by a chance to ask our guide team any of those burning questions you have about climate change, plastic oceans and other polar issues. |
| 17:30 | Please meet the Expedition Team in the Bar for a quick briefing about plans for disembarkation tomorrow and afterwards a Farewell Toast from our Captain . |
| 18:30 | Dinner is served in the dining room. Enjoy your meal! |

Sunset: 20:30 pm



DisembarkationThursday 7 February 2019

Sunrise: 06:40 am

We will be arriving to Ushuaia at around 07:00 in the morning. The Bridge, forward Bow Deck and rear Stern Deck will be closed during docking. Once we dock, please **DO NOT go down the gangway** until an announcement has been made that we have been cleared to disembark by the local authorities.

Please ensure your luggage is outside your cabin before breakfast at 0730. We will move your main luggage to the pier, and after the buses have arrived, we will call you to come down the gangway.

Identify your own luggage and bring it to the correct bus or the luggage truck.

You can have your luggage stored for the day. Please take it to the truck on the pier and it will be taken to 'Il Gatto' at *Avenida Maipú 1210.* This building has a green roof and is located past the gas station and approximately 350 m to the left as you leave the pier. *You will need to pick up your luggage <u>before</u> 1400.*

0700 Wake-up call. Good morning!

0730 **Breakfast** is served in the **Dining Room** for one hour.

Please place your large luggage outside your cabin when Sigi invites you to breakfast, and return your key card holders to reception when you go to breakfast.

O830 All passengers must depart the ship. Buses to the airport will be on the pier. Everybody must identify their own luggage and make sure it goes to the right location.

The Captain, Crew, Staff and all of Oceanwide thank you for joining us on this incredible voyage and wish you all the best in your travels. We hope to see you again, North or South!

"Fair winds and following seas"