



Quiz #10 - 2013
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NFHS Rules

1. A, 1/10 @ A's 35 YL. 3 seconds remain in 2Q. A1's pass is intercepted by B2 & the GC expires. B2 is tackled at A's 3 YL. Then A3 is flagged for a personal foul (PF). The **R** signals DB then PF and signals that the penalty will be enforced on the ensuing KO. B's HC tells the **R** his team should get an untimed down since he is accepting the penalty. The **R** agrees and the **U** places the ball half the distance to the GL. A then runs a play and scores a TD on the untimed down. **Ruling: Incorrect. The 2Q had ended and the penalty was not during the last timed down of the 2Q. Therefore the DB-PF will be enforced on the 2nd half KO.** *Rule: 3-3-6 and Case play 3.3.5 Sit. B*
2. K, 4/12 @ K's 25 YL. K1 receives a high snap and starts to run to the right side of the field. He approaches the LOS and raises his leg to punt the ball. When K1 kicks the ball it's apparent to the **LJ** his plant foot was in the NZ. However, his kicking foot was beyond the NZ when he kicked the ball. **Ruling: This is an illegal kick by K2. K2 must be in or behind the NZ when he kicks the ball. When he kicked the ball with his leg beyond the NZ the kick became illegal. If accepted, the penalty is 15 yards from the spot of the foul.** *Rule: 2-24-4 and 6-2-1.*
3. K, 4/9 @ R's 45 YL. K1 punts the ball high and short. R1 muffs the ball @ R's 38 YL. K2 picks up the ball and runs it to R's 33 YL where he is tackled. The **LM** states the ball became dead where K2 picked up the ball. The **LJ** says the ball was picked up behind the original LOS so K can advance. Who is right? **Ruling: The LJ is correct. The ball was picked up behind the LOS. Due to the muff, the kick had never ended. Any K player could've picked up the ball and ran it. Once there is no threat of a blocked punt the LM will move from the LOS to 10 YDS downfield.** *Rule: 4-2-2f, 6-2-3, 6-2-4 and Case play 6.2.3 Sit. A*
4. A, 2/8 @ B's 12 YL. B1 intercepts A1's pass in B's EZ. B1 runs to the left of the EZ. After the COP and while the ball is still in B's EZ B2 is flagged for holding (HLD) A3 in B's EZ. B1 then returns the ball to B's 10 YL where he is tackled. The crew gets together and talks. They decide the SOE is the end of the run so the **U** marks the penalty back to B's 5 YL, the **R** signals 1/10 for B. **Ruling: Incorrect! The basic spot is the end of the run, but the foul occurred behind the basic spot. Because the foul occurred behind the basic spot, and the spot of the foul is in B's EZ, A will score a safety.** *Rule: 8-5-2c, 10-3-2, 10-4-4*
5. A, 3/14 @ B's 40 YL. B1 intercepts A1's pass at B's 4 YL. His momentum takes him backward to B's 2 YL. He's immediately hit by A2 and fumbles the ball into B's EZ. B3 recovers the ball in B's EZ. The **BJ** signals a TB due to B1's momentum. **Ruling: Incorrect! This is a safety. After B1 gained possession on B's 4 YL he is responsible for not fumbling the ball. The fumble was the force that put the ball into B's EZ.** *Rule: 8-5-2b and Case play 8-5-2 Sit. E*
6. A is attempting a 2 point Try. A1 is flagged for illegal motion (ILM). A1's pass is intercepted by B3 who returns the ball across A's GL. After the COP B4 is flagged for an illegal block in the back (IBB). After the crew discusses the options the **R** signals that both live ball fouls offset and the Try will be replayed. **Ruling: Incorrect! When B3 intercepted the ball it became dead. B will decline the ILM and the untimed Try is over.** *Rule: 4-2-1i, 7-2-7, 8-3-2b, 8-3-3.*

7. A, 4/16 @ A's 30 YL. Late in the 4Q. A1 throws a forward pass to A2 who jumps straight up @ A's 45 YL. A2 catches the pass and is pushed in the air by B2. A2 lands and maintains possession of the ball to the ground at A's 47 YL. The **L** marks A2's forward progress (FWP) @ A's 47 YL and signals 1/10 to the **R**. B's HC argues that A2's FWP was over @ A's 45 YL and B2's push in the air does not count toward FWP and it's a turnover due to A2 being short of the LTG by 1 yd. **Ruling: A, 1/10 @ A's 47 YL. A2's FWP is the furthest point of advancement after A2 possessed the ball after being contacted by B2. It is important that the Wings work together using Cross Field Mechanics.** *Rule: 2-15-2.*

OHSAA Mechanics

8. A). B1 intercepts a forward pass. Covering official throws his bean bag (BB) at the spot of the interception. B). A1 is in a shotgun formation and the ball is snapped over his head. The **R** throws his bean bag as the ball rolling around on the ground. **Ruling: Incorrect. BB's are never thrown for interceptions; or a backward pass (BP) that is behind the NZ. A's snap is a BP. The basic spot on an interception is the end of the run. The basic spot on a backward pass behind the LOS is the previous spot since this is a loose ball play.** *Gold book: page. 10 #2-A.*
9. After being tackled A1 gets up from the ground and is trash talking to B1. The **U** comes in, tells A1 to settle down, go back to his huddle, and cool off. **Ruling: Incorrect! The U is required to send A1 off the field to see his HC when he is talking to an opponent in an unsportsmanlike manner.** *Gold book: page 13- #16-A.*

OHSAA Regulations

10. Freshmen game ends in a tie. One HC states he wants to play OT and the other HC says he doesn't. The **R** tells the HC's OT is required for all games. **Ruling: Incorrect. In sub varsity contests OT may be used as long as both coaches mutually agree prior to the start of the game. Coaches must tell you prior to the game that OT will be played, if necessary. NOTE: Some Ohio leagues/conferences either require or do not permit OT to be played at sub varsity levels. Also, in some leagues it is based upon whether the field is scheduled for another activity after the game (s).** *Gold Book: Pg. 29 #2.*

"To be a leader, you have to make people want to follow you, and nobody wants to follow someone who doesn't know where he is going."

Joe Namath