SAFETY DATA SHEET

GENUINE JOE LEMON DISH DETERGENT



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : GENUINE JOE LEMON DISH DETERGENT

Product code : GJO10359

Other means of : Not available. identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details : S P Richards Company

6300 Highlands Pkwy SE Smyrna, GA 30082-7231

266-462-3826

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 hour

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the : EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A substance or mixture

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements: Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after

handling.

Response : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise : None known.

classified

identification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of : Not available.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------------|
| Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs. | ≤10 | 68584-22-5 |
| Sulfuric acid, mono-C10-16-alkyl esters, sodium salts | ≤5 | 68585-47-7 |
| Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts | ≤5 | 68585-34-2 |
| Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated | ≤5 | 68439-46-3 |
| Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts | ≤3 | 68439-57-6 |
| sodium hydroxide | ≤3 | 1310-73-2 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing

before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and

keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

redness

pain or irritation watering

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

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Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

Protection of first-aiders

: No specific treatment.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| sodium hydroxide | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). C: 2 mg/m³ OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). CEIL: 2 mg/m³ NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). CEIL: 2 mg/m³ OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. |

Appropriate engineering controls

Environmental exposure controls

- : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color Clear. Yellow. : Lemon-like Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** pН 6.5 to 9.5 **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : Not available.

Flash point Closed cup: >150°C (>302°F)

: Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure Not available. : Not available. Vapor density : 1.0237 Relative density

Solubility Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

: Not available. Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n- Not available. octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not available. Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------|---------|------------|----------|
| Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs. | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | | 775 mg/kg | - |
| Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1378 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| sodium hydroxide | Eyes - Severe irritant | Monkey | - | 24 hours 1 | - |
| - | | | | Percent | |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 400 | - |
| | | | | Micrograms | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 50 | - |
| | | | | Micrograms | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 1 Percent | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.5 minutes 1 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 24 hours 2 | - |
| | | | | Percent | |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 1 Percent | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal.

routes of exposure

Routes of entry not anticipated: Oral, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

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Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs. | Acute EC50 5.65 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| , | Acute EC50 7.81 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.15 ppm Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex | 48 hours |
| | Acute IC50 112.4 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1.18 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| Sulfuric acid, mono- C10-16-alkyl esters, sodium salts | Acute EC50 1.37 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts | Acute EC50 3.43 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated | Acute EC50 5.36 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2686 μg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts | Acute EC50 4.53 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| sodium hydroxide | Acute EC50 40.38 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 56 mg/l Marine water | Fish - Poecilia reticulata - Young | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 125 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult | 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate | 1.96 | - | low |
| D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides | -0.07 | - | low |
| Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts | -1.3 | - | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | ADR/RID | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |

Additional information

DOT Classification

: Reportable quantity 8966.6 lbs / 4070.8 kg [1050.5 gal / 3976.6 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Special precautions for user :

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate; sodium hypochlorite, solution

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

Class II Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

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Section 15. Regulatory information

| | | | SARA 302 TPQ | | SARA 304 RQ | |
|-------------------|------|------|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Name | % | EHS | (lbs) | (gallons) | (lbs) | (gallons) |
| hydrogen peroxide | ≤0.1 | Yes. | 1000 | 106.1 | 1000 | 106.1 |

SARA 304 RQ : 19762845.8 lbs / 8972332 kg [2315365.2 gal / 8764610.7 L]

SARA 311/312

Classification : EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | Classification |
|----------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------------|
| Benzenesulfonic acid, | ≤10 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 |
| C10-16-alkyl derivs. | | SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C |
| | | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 |
| | | RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 |
| Sulfuric acid, mono-C10-16-alkyl | ≤5 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 |
| esters, sodium salts | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 |
| Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated, | ≤5 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 |
| sulfates, sodium salts | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated | ≤5 | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane | ≤3 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 |
| hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, | | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| sodium salts | | EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A |
| sodium hydroxide | ≤3 | SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A |
| | | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 |

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: SODIUM DODECYLBENZENE SULFONATE

New York : The following components are listed: Sodium dodecylbenzene sulfonate;

Dodecylbenzene sulfonate

New Jersey : The following components are listed: SODIUM DODECYLBENZENE SULFONATE;

BENZENESULFONIC ACID, DODECYL-, SODIUM SALT; Sodium (C14-16) olefin

sulfonate

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: BENZENESULFONIC ACID, DODECYL-,

SODIUM SALT; Sodium (C14-16) olefin sulfonate

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : Not determined.

Canada : Not determined.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

China : Not determined.

Europe : Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined. : Not determined. **New Zealand Philippines** : Not determined. Republic of Korea : Not determined. **Taiwan** : Not determined. **Thailand** : Not determined. : Not determined. **Turkey United States** : Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Expert judgment |

History

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Section 16. Other information

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Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References

: Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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