



CONSORT 2010 checklist of information to include when reporting a randomised trial*

Section/Topic	Item No	Checklist item	Reported in section and/or paragraph
Title and abstract			
	1a	Identification as a randomised trial in the title	Cover page - Title
	1b	Structured summary of trial design, methods, results, and conclusions (for specific guidance see CONSORT for abstracts)	Abstract
Introduction			
Background and objectives	2a	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	Abstract – background, Introduction
	2b	Specific objectives or hypotheses	Abstract – background, Introduction – para3
Methods			
Trial design	3a	Description of trial design (such as parallel, factorial) including allocation ratio	Abstract- Methods para1, Study design/participants, Randomisation/masking/group allocation
	3b	Important changes to methods after trial commencement (such as eligibility criteria), with reasons	N/A
Participants	4a	Eligibility criteria for participants	Abstract-Methods-para1, Methods-Study design/participants-para1
	4b	Settings and locations where the data were collected	Methods-Study design/participants-

			para1, Acknowledgements -collaborators by hospital
Interventions	5	The interventions for each group with sufficient details to allow replication, including how and when they were actually administered	Abstract-Methods- para1, Methods- Interventions
Outcomes	6a	Completely defined pre-specified primary and secondary outcome measures, including how and when they were assessed	Abstract-Methods- para1, Outcomes para1&2
	6b	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial commenced, with reasons	N/A
Sample size	7a	How sample size was determined	Sample Size
	7b	When applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines	N/A
Randomisation: Sequence generation	8a	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence	Methods- Randomisation masking& group allocation
	8b	Type of randomisation; details of any restriction (such as blocking and block size)	Methods- Randomisation masking& group allocation
Allocation concealment mechanism	9	Mechanism used to implement the random allocation sequence (such as sequentially numbered containers), describing any steps taken to conceal the sequence until interventions were assigned	Methods- Randomisation masking& group allocation
Implementation	10	Who generated the random allocation sequence, who enrolled participants, and who assigned participants to interventions	Methods- Randomisation masking& group allocation
Blinding	11a	If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes) and how	Methods- Randomisation masking& group

			allocation
			N/A
Statistical methods	11b	If relevant, description of the similarity of interventions	
	12a	Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomes	Statistical methods
	12b	Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	Statistical methods
Results			
Participant flow (a diagram is strongly recommended)	13a	For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome	Abstract-Methods-para2, Results-para1, Figure 1, Table 1
	13b	For each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasons	Figure 1
	14a	Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up	Methods-Study design and participants-para2
Recruitment	14b	Why the trial ended or was stopped	Methods-Study design and participants-para2
	15	A table showing baseline demographic and clinical characteristics for each group	Results-para2, Table 1
Baseline data	16	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the analysis was by original assigned groups	Results, Figure 1,
Numbers analysed	17a	For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and its precision (such as 95% confidence interval)	Results-Primary outcomes and secondary outcomes, Tables 2,3,4
	17b	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended	Results-Primary outcomes and secondary outcomes, Tables 2,3,4
Outcomes and estimation	18	Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory	N/A

Harms	19	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (for specific guidance see CONSORT for harms)	Results-Primary outcomes-para3
Discussion			
Limitations	20	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of analyses	Discussion
Generalisability	21	Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings	Discussion-para11
Interpretation	22	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence	Discussion
Other information			
Registration	23	Registration number and name of trial registry	Cover page-Trial registration
Protocol	24	Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available	Supporting Information Text S1
Funding	25	Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	Online submission

*We strongly recommend reading this statement in conjunction with the CONSORT 2010 Explanation and Elaboration for important clarifications on all the items. If relevant, we also recommend reading CONSORT extensions for cluster randomised trials, non-inferiority and equivalence trials, non-pharmacological treatments, herbal interventions, and pragmatic trials. Additional extensions are forthcoming: for those and for up to date references relevant to this checklist, see www.consort-statement.org.