

S9 Table. Conditional Effects of Marital Status on Gender Linked Fate, by Race and Employment Status.

$N = 1,792$; CI – Confidence Intervals; Effects were adjusted for age (employment model only), income, employment status (age model only), education, having children (eighteen or younger) at home, religiosity (frequency of church attendance; 1- every week, 5 - never), and political ideology (1 – extremely liberal, 7 – extremely conservative); Due to relatively low numbers in particular subgroups (e.g., $n = 37$ for divorced/separated and employed Latinas), results should be treated with caution and the analysis might not have had enough statistical power to detect significant effects.

	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>p</i>	95% CI
White (employed)				
Single	0.33	0.13	0.016	0.05, 0.61
Divorced/separated	0.41	0.12	0.002	0.13, 0.68
White (other)				
Single	0.37	0.15	0.026	0.04, 0.71
Divorced/separated	0.37	0.13	0.010	0.08, 0.70
Black (employed)				
Single	0.23	0.22	0.462	-0.25, 0.71
Divorced/separated	0.33	0.23	0.267	-0.18, 0.84
Black (other)				
Single	-0.08	0.21	0.891	-0.55, 0.40
Divorced/separated	0.25	0.22	0.428	-0.24, 0.74
Latina (employed)				
Single	0.61	0.22	0.011	0.12, 1.01
Divorced/separated	0.46	0.24	0.103	-0.07, 0.99
Latina (other)				
Single	0.42	0.24	0.160	-0.13, 0.96
Divorced/separated	0.30	0.24	0.354	-0.23, 0.84