

**THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN POLICY
ON SEXUAL AND GENDER-BASED MISCONDUCT**

Effective September 2, 2025

Table of Contents

Contents

I. POLICY STATEMENT	1
II. POLICY SCOPE AND APPLICABILITY	3
III. PROHIBITED CONDUCT	4
A. Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct.....	5
1. Sexual Assault	5
ii. Sex or Gender-Based Stalking	6
iii. Dating Violence	7
iv. Domestic Violence	8
B. Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct	8
1. Sexual Assault	9
2. Sexual Exploitation	9
3. Sexual Harassment	10
4. Sex or Gender-Based Harassment	11
5. Sex or Gender-Based Stalking	13
6. Intimate Partner Violence	14
7. Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination	15
D. Other Prohibited Conduct	15
1. Retaliation	15
2. Violation of Supportive Measures	16
E. Consent	16
1. Force	17
2. Incapacitation	18
IV. ADDITIONAL POLICY DEFINITIONS	19
V. APPLICABLE PROCEDURES UNDER THIS POLICY	23
VI. CONFIDENTIAL AND NON-CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES	25
A. Confidential Resources	25

B.	Non-Confidential Resources	28
VII.	REPORTING	29
A.	Reporting Obligations	29
B.	Exempt Disclosures	30
C.	Reporting to the University.....	31
1.	Contact the ECRT Office and Title IX Coordinator	31
2.	Anonymous Reporting	32
3.	Reports of Prohibited Conduct by Staff Members in ECRT or ECRT’s Supervisory Chain on Each Campus	32
B.	Reporting to Law Enforcement.....	33
C.	External Reporting	34
D.	ECRT Actions Upon Receipt of Reports of Prohibited Conduct	35
E.	Additional Information about Reporting	35
1.	Time Frame for Reporting an Incident to the University	35
2.	Privacy of Reports and/or Formal Complaints	36
3.	Information on Amnesty to Students When Reporting Prohibited Conduct to the University	36
VIII.	INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES.....	37
IX.	FORMAL COMPLAINTS	37
X.	SUPPORTIVE MEASURES	38
XI.	EMERGENCY REMOVAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE LEAVE	40
XII.	TRAINING	40

I. POLICY STATEMENT

The University of Michigan, comprised of the Ann Arbor campus, the University of Michigan-Dearborn, the University of Michigan-Flint, and Michigan Medicine¹ (collectively the “University”), is committed to creating and maintaining a safe and non-discriminatory campus community that is free from Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct² and that enables individuals engaged in its PROGRAMS OR ACTIVITIES to participate fully in the scholarly, research, educational, patient care, and service missions of the University. The University does not discriminate on the basis of sex or gender in any of its PROGRAMS OR ACTIVITIES.

The University of Michigan *Policy on Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct* (“Policy”) prohibits **Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct; Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct; Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination; Retaliation; and Violation of SUPPORTIVE MEASURES** (also referred to collectively as “PROHIBITED CONDUCT”), as each term is defined in [Section III](#) below.

The University must define and respond to certain types of misconduct as required by regulations published May 19, 2020 by the U.S. Department of Education to implement Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, codified at 34 C.F.R. Part 106 (the “Title IX Regulations”) and related guidance; this misconduct is referred to in the Policy as “Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct.” The Title IX Regulations also allow the University to define and regulate misconduct that falls outside the scope of the Title IX Regulations, but which the University is committed to addressing as a matter of University policy and/or as required by other applicable law (referred to in the Policy as “Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct” and “Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination”). Accordingly, this Policy is consistent with the Title IX Regulations and related guidance, as well as the University’s mission and commitment to ensuring a safe and non-discriminatory campus community.

The University of Michigan *Policy on Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct* (“Policy”) prohibits the following types of conduct as defined in [Section III](#) below (also referred to collectively as “PROHIBITED CONDUCT”):

Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct (i.e., *Quid Pro Quo* Sexual Harassment; Severe, Pervasive and Objectively Offensive Sexual Harassment; Sexual Assault; Intimate Partner Violence; and Sex or Gender-Based Stalking that allegedly occurred on campus or other property owned or controlled by the University and/or in the

¹ This Policy applies to all workforce members of Michigan Medicine, including those working remotely. A workforce member is defined as any Michigan Medicine EMPLOYEE (regular and temporary), faculty, staff, STUDENT, volunteer, trainee, visiting scholar, or contract personnel, or University of Michigan EMPLOYEE providing shared services to Michigan Medicine. Michigan Medicine is defined as University of Michigan Health, University of Michigan Medical School and University of Michigan Shared Services. Michigan Medicine includes hospitals, outpatient/ambulatory clinics, home care, and facilities 100% owned or controlled by Michigan Medicine. Subject to the application of this Policy to Michigan Medicine workforce members working remotely, Michigan Medicine does not include (i) affiliates, joint ventures, or subsidiaries that are not 100% owned or are not controlled by Michigan Medicine, (ii) the operations of University of Michigan Health – West (f/k/a Metropolitan Hospital) or its subsidiaries and affiliates, and (iii) the operations of University of Michigan Health – Sparrow or its subsidiaries and affiliates.

² Terms defined in [Section IV](#) below are capitalized throughout the Policy.

context of a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY as defined below in the United States; as defined by and within the scope of Title IX); and

Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct (i.e., Sexual Assault, Sexual Harassment, Sex or Gender-Based Harassment, Sex or Gender-Based Stalking, and Intimate Partner Violence that allegedly occurred off campus or on property not owned or controlled by the University and/or outside the context of a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY as defined below and/or outside the United States, but that potentially poses a serious threat of harm, has a continuing adverse effect on, or creates a hostile environment for Students, Employees, or Third Parties while on campus or other property owned or controlled by the University, or in any University Program or Activity, as determined at the University’s discretion as explained below; and Sexual Exploitation).

Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination, whether within or outside the scope of Title IX, as defined in [Section III](#) below. When the University receives an allegation that an individual subject to this Policy has engaged in discrimination on the basis of sex, pregnancy or related conditions, gender identity, gender expression and/or sexual orientation in violation of the University’s prohibition of Other Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination (including but not limited to an allegation that such discrimination has occurred in, e.g., a PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY conducted by the University for individuals who are neither University employees nor students (such as, e.g., sports or academic camps offered to K-12 students), or that a University program or activity, policy, or practice (such as, for example, the University’s provision of athletics or a University employment or student life policy) may be discriminatory on such bases, the University will, in accordance with Section 106.8 of the Title IX regulations and/or this Policy, promptly and equitably review that concern pursuant to the [Student Procedures](#) or the [Employee Procedures](#) as applicable, even if there is no identified decisionmaker(s) who would reasonably be identified as a Respondent.

Other Prohibited Conduct (i.e., Retaliation and Violation of SUPPORTIVE MEASURES, as defined in [Section III](#) below).

All members of the UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY are encouraged to share details they receive about possible PROHIBITED CONDUCT with the EQUITY, CIVIL RIGHTS AND TITLE IX OFFICE (“ECRT”), whether or not they have an obligation to share such information under [Section VII](#) of the Policy.

PROHIBITED CONDUCT undermines the character and purpose of the University, and the University will take appropriate prompt and effective action to eliminate PROHIBITED CONDUCT, prevent its recurrence, and remedy its effects. PROHIBITED CONDUCT may also constitute crimes that violate federal and state law.

The University adopts this Policy with a commitment to: (1) eliminating, preventing, and addressing the effects of PROHIBITED CONDUCT; (2) fostering an environment where all individuals are well-informed and supported in reporting possible PROHIBITED CONDUCT; (3) providing a fair and impartial process – including constitutionally required due process where applicable – for all parties; and (4) identifying the procedures by which violations of this Policy will be evaluated. EMPLOYEES, STUDENTS, or THIRD PARTIES (as defined in [Section IV](#) below)

who violate this Policy may face, as appropriate, disciplinary action up to and including termination, expulsion, or other actions.

It is the responsibility of every member of the UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY to foster an environment free of PROHIBITED CONDUCT. All members of the UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY are encouraged to take reasonable and prudent actions to prevent or stop such behavior.

This Policy sets forth how the University will proceed once it is made aware of possible PROHIBITED CONDUCT, including where the identity of one or more parties is unknown³, and including concerns of Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination regardless of whether an individual has been identified as a Respondent, e.g., where it is alleged that a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY, practice, or policy is discriminatory. The Policy is in keeping with our institutional values and is intended to meet our obligations under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (“Title VII”); Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (“Title IX”) and regulations promulgated thereunder in 2020 and subsequent guidance; the Jeanne Clery Campus Safety Act (“Clery Act”), as amended by the Violence Against Women Act Reauthorization Act of 2013 (“VAWA”), most recently amended by the Stop Campus Hazing Act of 2024, with respect to its application to PROHIBITED CONDUCT; and other applicable law and regulations. Nothing in this Policy is intended to or will be implemented in ways that unlawfully prohibit constitutionally protected speech and expression.

II. POLICY SCOPE AND APPLICABILITY

This Policy applies to STUDENTS, EMPLOYEES, and to the extent noted below, THIRD PARTIES, including PATIENTS. This Policy covers acts of PROHIBITED CONDUCT committed by or against STUDENTS, EMPLOYEES, and, as applicable, THIRD PARTIES when the PROHIBITED CONDUCT occurs:

- On campus or other property owned or controlled by the University;
- In the context of a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY including, but not limited to, University-sponsored study abroad, research, field work, practicums, internship programs, online programs, employment, a PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY conducted by the University for individuals who are neither University employees nor students (such as, e.g., sports or academic camps offered to K-12 students), or patient care services rendered at Michigan Medicine as defined above; or,
- Outside of a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY, but potentially poses a serious threat of harm, has a continuing adverse effect on, or creates a hostile environment for STUDENTS, EMPLOYEES, or THIRD PARTIES while on campus or other property owned or controlled by the University, or in any University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY. The University retains discretion to determine whether PROHIBITED CONDUCT occurring outside of the University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY is within the University’s

³ To the extent feasible, the University will make reasonable efforts to investigate reports of Prohibited Conduct even where the identity of one or more parties is unknown; the University encourages the reporting of such conduct so that it may do so.

jurisdiction. In determining whether the University has jurisdiction over off-campus or online conduct that did not occur in a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY, the University will consider the risk of ongoing harm, whether both parties are members of the UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY, the impact on the University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY, whether off-campus conduct is part of a series of actions that occurred both on and off campus, and the extent to which the circumstances of the alleged conduct can be reasonably considered to be within the University's control (e.g., the extent to which the alleged conduct can be reasonably considered to be connected to either or both parties' affiliation with the University or to a University Program or Activity).

This Policy supersedes any conflicting information in any other University policies with respect to the definitions or procedures relating to PROHIBITED CONDUCT.⁴

III. PROHIBITED CONDUCT

PROHIBITED CONDUCT under this Policy refers to: (1) Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct (i.e., *Quid Pro Quo* Sexual Harassment; Severe, Pervasive and Objectively Offensive Sexual Harassment; Sexual Assault; Intimate Partner Violence; and Sex or Gender-Based Stalking; as defined by and within the scope of Title IX); (2) Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct (i.e., Sexual Assault; Sexual Exploitation; Sexual Harassment; Sex or Gender-Based Harassment; Sex or Gender-Based Stalking; Intimate Partner Violence); (3) Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination; and (4) Other Prohibited Conduct (i.e., Retaliation and Violation of Supportive Measures).

For EMPLOYEES, in those instances in which reported behavior could constitute both Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct and Other Prohibited Conduct, the procedures applicable to Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct generally will be used as long as Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct is under investigation. Please see Section VIII in the [Employee Procedures](#) for additional information. Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct procedures will not be used if, for whatever reason, the Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct is no longer under investigation. In such cases, the procedures applicable to Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct, Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination, and Other Prohibited Conduct will be used. As set forth in [Section V](#) below, there is only one set of applicable procedures for STUDENTS, irrespective of whether the alleged PROHIBITED CONDUCT is Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct, Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct, Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination or Other Prohibited Conduct.

Whether someone has engaged in PROHIBITED CONDUCT under this Policy will be assessed under a REASONABLE PERSON standard, as defined below in [Section IV](#).

⁴ Unless specifically prohibited by Title IX or other applicable law, neither this Policy nor the accompanying procedures alter EMPLOYEE existing rights under other University policies and procedures that provide for pre-disciplinary meetings, reviews of, and/or challenges to, employment status-related decisions (e.g., [Regents' Bylaw 5.09](#), [faculty grievance procedures](#), [applicable collective bargaining agreements](#), [SPG 201.08](#), and [SPG 201.12](#)).

A. Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct

Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct is a type of PROHIBITED CONDUCT that meets the definition of Sexual Harassment in the Title IX implementing regulations at 34 CFR Part 106.30. Conduct about which a FORMAL COMPLAINT is filed rises to the level of Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct when it:

1. Occurs in the United States;
2. Occurs in a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY; **and**
3. Is conduct on the basis of sex in which:
 - a. An EMPLOYEE conditions the provision of a University aid, benefit, or service on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct ("*Quid Pro Quo* Sexual Harassment");
 - b. A STUDENT, EMPLOYEE, or THIRD PARTY engages in unwelcome conduct determined by a REASONABLE PERSON to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies another person equal access to a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY ("Severe, Pervasive and Objectively Offensive Sexual Harassment"); **or**
 - c. A STUDENT, EMPLOYEE, or THIRD PARTY engages in:

1. Sexual Assault

Sexual Assault is an offense classified as a forcible or nonforcible Sex Offense under the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (NIBRS) program, as follows:

As defined for purposes of the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (NIBRS) program, a Sex Offense is: Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Sex Offenses include:

a. Rape

Penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, or by a sex-related object. This definition also includes instances where the person is incapable of giving Consent because of temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (including due

to the influence of drugs or alcohol) or because of age. Physical resistance is not required on the part of the victim to demonstrate lack of consent.

b. Criminal Sexual Contact

The intentional touching of the clothed or unclothed body parts, without consent of the victim for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation.

The forced touching by the victim of the actor's clothed or unclothed body parts, without consent of the victim for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation.

This offense includes instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of age or incapacity due to temporary or permanent mental or physical impairment or intoxication for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation.

c. Incest

Nonforcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

d. Statutory Rape

Nonforcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of Consent.

ii. Sex or Gender-Based Stalking

Sex or Gender-Based Stalking occurs when an individual intentionally engages in a course of conduct which is directed at a specific person under circumstances that would cause a REASONABLE PERSON⁵ to:

- Fear for their own safety or the safety of others; or

⁵ For purposes of this definition of Sex or Gender-Based Stalking only, the definition of "REASONABLE PERSON" is a REASONABLE PERSON under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the COMPLAINANT.

- Suffer substantial emotional distress.

Course of conduct means two or more intentional acts, including but not limited to, acts in which a person directly, indirectly or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, surveils, threatens, contacts or attempts to contact another person, or interferes with another person's property.

This Policy addresses stalking on the basis of sex or gender. Stalking is generally determined to be sex or gender-based when it:

- is sexual or romantic in nature;
- is committed by the COMPLAINANT'S current or former partner of an intimate, romantic, or sexual nature; and/or
- is related to the COMPLAINANT'S actual or perceived sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression (including the COMPLAINANT'S exhibiting or failing to conform to traditional notions of femininity and masculinity).

Where a report of Sex or Gender-Based Stalking involves the alleged behavior of a STUDENT, the TITLE IX COORDINATOR will determine if the reported conduct meets these criteria. Alleged stalking behavior by a STUDENT that does not fall under this Policy may be addressed under the relevant Student Code of Conduct on the [Ann Arbor](#), [Dearborn](#), or [Flint](#) campus, as applicable.

Where a report of Sex or Gender-Based Stalking involves the alleged behavior of a faculty or staff member, or THIRD PARTY, the TITLE IX COORDINATOR, in consultation with the applicable Human Resources unit, will determine if the reported conduct meets the above criteria. Alleged Stalking behavior by a faculty or staff member, or a THIRD PARTY that does not fall under this Policy may be addressed under the [Violence in the University Community Policy, SPG 601.18.](#)

iii. Dating Violence

Violence committed by a person:

- Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and
- Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with a consideration of the following factors:

- The length of the relationship;
- The type of relationship; and
- The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Dating Violence includes, but it is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.

iv. Domestic Violence

“Domestic Violence” includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of Michigan, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of Michigan

When reported behavior meets the above definition, it may constitute Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct and will be addressed under the procedures applicable to Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct, even if the behavior also may constitute other PROHIBITED CONDUCT. If at any point the University determines that the reported behavior does not meet the definition of Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct, the matter will continue as an Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct matter, Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination matter, and/or Other Prohibited Conduct matter under the [Student Procedures](#) or [Employee Procedures](#), as applicable to such other forms of PROHIBITED CONDUCT. Conversely, if the University is investigating a report of one of these other forms of PROHIBITED CONDUCT and receives information that indicates the behavior at issue meets the definition of Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct, the matter will continue under the procedures applicable to Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct. To the extent that reported behavior may meet the definition of Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct *and* any other form of conduct prohibited by this Policy (*i.e.* Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct, Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination, or Other Prohibited Conduct), the University will treat the conduct as Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct for purposes of its response.

B. Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct

When reported behavior meets the following definition, it may constitute Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct and will be addressed under the procedures applicable to Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct, unless it is being investigated simultaneously with

reported Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct as explained in Section III.A. above.

1. Sexual Assault

Sexual Assault is conduct that does not fall within the definition of Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct outlined in Section III.A. above where:

- a. Sexual Contact occurs without Consent.
- b. Non-consensual physical abuse (e.g. slapping on the face, hair pulling, choking) occurs in conjunction with consensual or non-consensual Sexual Contact.

For purposes of this definition, Sexual Contact includes:

- Intentional sexual touching of another person's breasts, buttocks, or genitals, whether clothed or unclothed or over or under clothing (including intentional touching with ejaculate);
- Intentional sexual touching with one's breast, buttocks, or genitals (including touching with ejaculate);
- Making a person touch another person or themselves with or on any of these body parts; and/or
- Vaginal, or anal penetration or contact by a penis, tongue, finger, or other object, and/or mouth to genital contact.

2. Sexual Exploitation

Sexual Exploitation is intentional conduct by which an individual takes or attempts to take non-consensual sexual advantage of another for one's own benefit, or to benefit anyone other than the one being exploited, and which does not fall within the definition of Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct outlined in Section III.A. above. Examples of Sexual Exploitation include the following:

- Intentionally or knowingly causing the Incapacitation of another person (through alcohol, drugs, or any other means) for the purpose of compromising that person's ability to give Consent to Sexual Activity;
- Intentionally or knowingly engaging in voyeurism, including observing or allowing another(s) to observe private sexual or

intimate activity (e.g., disrobing, bathing, toileting) without the Consent of the individual(s) being observed, whether from a hidden location or through electronic means (e.g., Skype or live-streaming of images);

- Intentionally or knowingly recording or photographing, or disseminating or posting images of private sexual or intimate activity and/or a person's intimate parts (including genitalia, groin, breasts and/or buttocks) without Consent;
- Intentionally or knowingly, without Consent, engaging in the recruitment, transportation, harboring, or receipt of a person(s) for the purposes of a commercial sex act(s);
- Intentionally or knowingly demanding financial compensation, Sexual Activity, or some other benefit under threat of disseminating or posting an image, video or other recording, of private sexual or intimate activity and/or a person's genitalia, groin, breasts, and/or buttocks;
- Intentionally or knowingly exposing another person to a sexually transmitted infection without the other's knowledge; and/or
- Intentionally or knowingly, through one's actions, aiding or assisting another person in committing an act of PROHIBITED CONDUCT.

3. Sexual Harassment

Sexual Harassment is any unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature, whether verbal, graphic (e.g., pictures and videos), physical, or otherwise that does not fall within the definition of Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct outlined in Section III.A. above, when:

- Submission to such conduct is made, either explicitly or implicitly, a term or condition of a person's employment, education, living environment, or participation in any University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY (i.e., *Quid Pro Quo* Sexual Harassment);
- Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for or a factor in decisions affecting that individual's employment, education, living environment, or participation in a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY (i.e., *Quid Pro Quo* Sexual Harassment); and/or

- Such conduct creates a hostile environment. Behavior creates a hostile environment when it is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it interferes with a REASONABLE PERSON'S participation in a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY. To create a hostile environment, behavior must be deemed severe, persistent, or pervasive from both a subjective and an objective perspective. In evaluating whether a hostile environment exists, the University will consider the totality of known circumstances, including the nature, frequency, intensity, location, context, and duration of the behavior. Although a hostile environment is generally created through a series of incidents, for purposes of this Policy, a single severe incident can be sufficient to constitute a hostile environment. It is important to note that not all unwelcome conduct or speech of a sexual nature creates a hostile environment.

Examples of conduct that may constitute Sexual Harassment include but are not limited to:

- Unwanted intentional touching such as kissing, hugging, or sexual touching that otherwise does not typically constitute Sexual Assault, as defined above;
- Unwanted sexual advances, including repeated unwanted requests for dates, or repeated unwanted requests for sexual contact;
- Unwanted written, verbal, or electronic statements of a sexual nature, including sexually suggestive comments, jokes, or innuendos;
- Exposing one's genitalia, breasts, or buttocks, to another; and/or
- Touching oneself sexually for others to view.

4. Sex or Gender-Based Harassment

Sex or Gender-Based Harassment includes harassment based on actual or perceived sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, or pregnancy that does not fall within the definition of Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct outlined in Section III.A. above. Such harassment may include acts of aggression, intimidation, or hostility, whether verbal, graphic, physical, or otherwise, even if the acts do not involve conduct of a sexual nature, when the behavior:

- Adversely affects a term or condition of an individual's employment, education, living environment, or participation in a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY;

- Is used as the basis for or a factor in decisions affecting that individual's employment, education, living environment, or participation in a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY; and/or
- Creates a hostile environment. Behavior creates a hostile environment when it is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it interferes with a REASONABLE PERSON'S participation in a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY. To create a hostile environment, behavior must be deemed severe, persistent, or pervasive from both a subjective and objective standard. In evaluating whether a hostile environment exists, the University will consider the totality of known circumstances, including the nature, frequency, intensity, location, context, and duration of the behavior. Although a hostile environment is generally created through a series of incidents, for purposes of this Policy, a single severe incident, can be sufficient to constitute a hostile environment. It is important to note that not all gender-based behavior or speech creates a hostile environment.

Examples of conduct that may constitute Sex or Gender-Based Harassment include but are not limited to:

- A series of written, verbal, or electronic statements that disparage a person based on their actual or perceived sex, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, or pregnancy;
- Threats of violence toward an individual based on their actual or perceived identity; within a protected class, or toward an entire sex, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, or pregnancy status as a group; and/or
- Defacing University property, or another individual's property, with symbols or language intended or understood by a REASONABLE PERSON to disparage or threaten a person or group based on sex, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, or pregnancy.

In some cases, harassment may be based on multiple protected class bases included in the University's [Nondiscrimination Policy](#). In general, harassment involving protected class bases other than actual or perceived sex, pregnancy, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression might fall under other University policies. For matters involving STUDENT RESPONDENTS, this would include the Student Code of Conduct in effect at the specific campus. For matters involving EMPLOYEE or THIRD PARTY RESPONDENTS, this could include, but is not limited to the [Discrimination](#)

[and Harassment Policy, SPG 201.89-1](#). Where reported harassment may be based on both sex or gender (including actual or perceived sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression or pregnancy) and another protected class basis (e.g., race, color, national origin, age, marital status, disability, religion, height, weight, or veteran status), the Title IX Coordinator will consult with other University officials, as needed, to determine whether the matter is most appropriately addressed under this Policy or another University Policy, or whether different aspects of the matter should be addressed separately under each.

5. Sex or Gender-Based Stalking

Sex or Gender-Based Stalking occurs when an individual intentionally engages in a course of conduct that does not fall within the definition of Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct outlined in Section III.A. above and which is directed at a specific person under circumstances that would cause a REASONABLE PERSON⁶ to:

- Fear for their own safety or the safety of others; or
- Suffer substantial emotional distress.

Course of conduct means two or more intentional acts, including but not limited to, acts in which a person directly, indirectly or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, surveils, threatens, contacts or attempts to contact another person, or interferes with another person's property.

This Policy addresses stalking on the basis of sex or gender. Stalking is generally determined to be sex or gender-based when it:

- is sexual or romantic in nature;
- is committed by the COMPLAINANT'S current or former partner of an intimate, romantic, or sexual nature; and/or
- is related to the COMPLAINANT'S actual or perceived sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression (including the COMPLAINANT'S exhibiting or failing to conform to traditional notions of femininity and masculinity).

Where a report of Sex or Gender-Based Stalking involves the alleged behavior of a STUDENT, the TITLE IX COORDINATOR will determine if the

⁶ For purposes of this definition of Sex or Gender-Based Stalking only, the definition of "REASONABLE PERSON" is a REASONABLE PERSON under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the COMPLAINANT.

reported conduct meets these criteria. Alleged stalking behavior by a STUDENT that does not fall under this Policy may be addressed under the relevant Student Code of Conduct on the [Ann Arbor](#), [Dearborn](#), or [Flint](#) campus, as applicable.

Where a report of Sex or Gender-Based Stalking involves the alleged behavior of a faculty or staff member, or THIRD PARTY, the TITLE IX COORDINATOR, in consultation with the applicable Human Resources unit, will determine if the reported conduct meets the above criteria. Alleged Stalking behavior by a faculty or staff member, or a THIRD PARTY that does not fall under this Policy may be addressed under the [Violence in the University Community Policy, SPG 601.18](#).

6. Intimate Partner Violence

Intimate Partner Violence or “IPV” includes Dating Violence and Domestic Violence as defined below that does not fall within the definition of Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct outlined in Section III.A. above.

The term “Dating Violence” means violence committed by a person:

- Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and
- Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with a consideration of the following factors:
 - The length of the relationship;
 - The type of relationship; and
 - The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Dating Violence includes, but it is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.

The term “Domestic Violence” includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of Michigan, or by

any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of Michigan.

7. Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination

Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination may fall within or outside of the scope of Title IX. Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination prohibited by the University is conduct that is based upon an individual's sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, or pregnancy or related conditions that does not fall within the definitions of Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct or Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct outlined in Sections III.A. and III.B. above, that:

- Adversely affects a term or condition of an individual's employment, education, living environment, or participation in a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY; and/or
- Is used as the basis for or a factor in decisions affecting that individual's employment, education, living environment, or participation in a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY.

Some examples of conduct that may constitute prohibited Sex or Gender Based Discrimination may include, but are not limited to:

- Denying a person access to an educational or employment program based on that person's sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, or pregnancy;
- Denying raises, benefits, promotions, and/or other conditions of employment on the basis of a person's sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, or pregnancy; and/or
- Preventing any person from using University facilities or services because of that person's sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, or pregnancy.

D. Other Prohibited Conduct

1. Retaliation

The University prohibits Retaliation in the form of conduct that intimidates, threatens, coerces, or discriminates against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX or this Policy, or because the individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this Policy. Intimidation,

threats, coercion, or discrimination, including charges against an individual for code of conduct violations that do not involve sex discrimination or sexual harassment, but arise out of the same facts or circumstances as a report or complaint of sex discrimination, or a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment, for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX or this Policy, constitutes Retaliation.

The exercise of rights protected under the First Amendment does not constitute Retaliation. Pursuit of civil, criminal, or other legal action, internal or external to the University, does not constitute Retaliation.

Initiating disciplinary proceedings against an individual for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of a proceeding under the Policy does not constitute Retaliation under this Policy; however, a determination regarding responsibility, alone, is insufficient to conclude that any party made a materially false statement in bad faith.

2. Violation of Supportive Measures

SUPPORTIVE MEASURES are discussed in more detail in [Section X](#). Failure to comply with SUPPORTIVE MEASURES as required is a separate violation of this Policy.

E. Consent

Some forms of PROHIBITED CONDUCT as defined above involve the issue of Consent. For purposes of this Policy, Consent is a clear and unambiguous agreement, expressed outwardly through mutually understandable words or actions, to engage in Sexual Activity.

For purposes of this section, Sexual Activity refers to any conduct of a sexual nature for which Consent is required under this Policy (i.e., Sexual Contact, as defined above and behaviors identified in the definition of Sexual Exploitation, above, that require Consent). A person who initiates Sexual Activity is responsible for obtaining Consent for that conduct. Consent cannot be obtained by Force or in circumstances involving Incapacitation, as defined below.

In evaluating whether Consent was given under this Policy, the issue is:

- Did the person initiating Sexual Activity know that the conduct in question was not consensual?
- If not, would a REASONABLE PERSON who is unimpaired by alcohol or drugs have known that the conduct in question was not consensual?

If the answer to either of these questions is “Yes,” Consent was absent.

Consent is not to be inferred from silence, passivity, or a lack of resistance, and relying on non-verbal communication alone may not be sufficient to determine Consent.

Consent is not to be inferred from an existing or previous dating or sexual relationship. Even in the context of a relationship, there must be mutual Consent to engage in any Sexual Activity each time it occurs. In cases involving prior or current relationships, the manner and nature of prior communications between the parties and the context of the relationship may have a bearing on the presence of Consent.

Consent to engage in a particular Sexual Activity at one time is not Consent to engage in a different Sexual Activity or to engage in the same Sexual Activity on a later occasion.

Consent can be withdrawn by any party at any point. An individual who seeks to withdraw Consent must communicate, through clear words or actions, a decision to cease the Sexual Activity. Once Consent is withdrawn, the Sexual Activity must cease immediately.

Given the inherent power differential in the context of a professional faculty-student, staff-student or supervisor-supervisee interactions, when the RESPONDENT is the faculty member, staff member, or supervisor, the University will generally apply heightened scrutiny to an assertion of Consent.⁷

1. Force

Force includes the use of physical violence, threats, and/or coercion.

Physical violence means that a person is exerting control over another person through the use of physical force. Examples of physical violence include hitting, punching, slapping, kicking, restraining, strangling, and brandishing or using any weapon.

Threats are words or actions that would compel a REASONABLE PERSON to engage in unwanted Sexual Activity. Threats may be implicit or explicit, but must be of such a nature that they would reasonably cause fear.

⁷ Separate and apart from the issue of Consent under the Policy, the University has prohibited many faculty-student relationships and staff-student relations under the [Prohibitions Regarding Sexual, Romantic, Amorous, and/or Dating Relationships Between Teachers and Learners SPG 601.22](#) and [Employee-Student Relationships SPG 601.22-1](#), respectively. The University also has prohibited a supervisor from initiating or attempting to initiate an intimate relationship with a supervisee over whom they exercise supervisory authority and requires that any relationship between a supervisor and supervisee must be disclosed under the [Supervisor-Employee Relationships SPG 201.97](#).

Examples include threats to harm a person physically or to cause a person academic, employment, reputational, or economic harm.

Coercion is the use of an unreasonable amount of pressure that would overcome the will of a REASONABLE PERSON. Coercion is more than an effort to persuade, entice, or attract another person to engage in Sexual Activity. When a person makes clear a decision not to participate in a particular Sexual Activity, a decision to stop, or a decision not to go beyond a certain sexual interaction, continued pressure can become coercive. In evaluating whether Coercion was used, the University will consider: (1) the frequency, intensity, and duration of the pressure; (2) the degree of isolation of the person being pressured; and (3) any actual or perceived power differential between the parties in the context of their respective roles within the University.

2. Incapacitation

Incapacitation or Incapacitated means that a person lacks the ability to make informed, deliberate choices about whether or not to engage in Sexual Activity.

Consent cannot be gained by taking advantage of the Incapacitation of another, where the person initiating Sexual Activity knows or reasonably should know that the other is Incapacitated.

A person who is Incapacitated is unable to give Consent because of mental or physical helplessness, sleep, unconsciousness, or lack of awareness that Sexual Activity was requested, suggested, initiated, and/or is taking place. A person may be Incapacitated as a result of the consumption of alcohol or other drugs, or due to a temporary or permanent physical or mental health condition.

When alcohol or other drugs are involved, Incapacitation is a state beyond drunkenness or intoxication. A person is not necessarily Incapacitated solely as a result of drinking or using drugs; the level of impairment must be significant enough to render the person unable to give Consent.

In evaluating Consent in cases of alleged Incapacitation, the University considers:

- Did the person initiating Sexual Activity know that the other party was Incapacitated?
- If not, would a REASONABLE PERSON who is unimpaired by alcohol or drugs have known that the other party was Incapacitated?

If the answer to either of these questions is “Yes,” Consent was absent.

One is not expected to be a medical expert in assessing Incapacitation by drugs or alcohol. One must look for the common and obvious signs that show that a person may be Incapacitated, regardless of the amount of alcohol or drugs consumed. Although every individual may manifest signs of Incapacitation differently, typical signs include slurred or incomprehensible speech, unsteady manner of walking, combativeness, emotional volatility, vomiting, unconsciousness, or incontinence. A person who is Incapacitated may not be able to understand some or all of the following questions: Do you know where you are? Do you know how you got here? Do you know what is happening? Do you know whom you are with?

It is important to be cautious before engaging in Sexual Activity when any person involved has been drinking alcohol or using drugs. The use of alcohol or other drugs may impair an individual’s ability to determine whether Consent has been sought or given. If there is doubt about an individual’s level of intoxication, the safe thing to do is to refrain from engaging in Sexual Activity. Being impaired by alcohol or other drugs is not a defense to a failure to obtain Consent.

IV. ADDITIONAL POLICY DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this Policy, the Student Procedures, and the Employee Procedures, some key terms are defined below. Additional terms are defined within the text of the Policy, Student Procedures, and Employee Procedures.

- A. ADVISOR:** An ADVISOR is an individual chosen by a party to provide support and guidance to them during the process. An ADVISOR may be an attorney. An ADVISOR is separate from an EQUITY SPECIALIST, who may be working with the parties throughout the process. An ADVISOR may not represent or otherwise speak for the party they are supporting, except when a Hearing occurs as part of the Title IX Misconduct process, when the ADVISOR may ask the other party and WITNESSES relevant questions. If a party does not have an ADVISOR available at the Hearing, the University will provide an ADVISOR to ask questions on behalf of that party (see, e.g., Section VIII (B)(7)(b) of the [Employee Procedures](#)).

- B. COMPLAINANT:** “COMPLAINANT” is used to refer to a STUDENT, EMPLOYEE, or THIRD PARTY who is reported to have experienced PROHIBITED CONDUCT. A COMPLAINANT also typically participates in a process undertaken by the University to address the report of PROHIBITED CONDUCT. In some instances, the person who is reported to have experienced PROHIBITED CONDUCT may not wish to participate in the process. In those cases, the University may pursue a resolution process under this Policy without a participating COMPLAINANT.

“COMPLAINANT” will be used throughout this Policy and related procedures to refer generally to an individual who is reported to have experienced PROHIBITED CONDUCT, even if their specific identity is unknown to ECRT and/or if they do not participate in any related process.

- C. CONFIDENTIAL AND NON-CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES:** “CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES” are available to provide individuals with assistance, support, and additional information and are prohibited from disclosing confidential information unless: (1) given permission by the person who disclosed the information; (2) there is an imminent threat of harm to self or others; (3) the conduct involves suspected abuse of a minor under the age of 18; or (4) as otherwise required or permitted by law or court order. CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES may be required to report non-identifying information to DPSS for crime reporting purposes.

“NON-CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES” are available to provide individuals with assistance, support, and additional information, but may have broader obligations than CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES to report information that is shared with them. NON-CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES will make reasonable efforts to respect and safeguard the privacy of the individuals involved. Privacy means that concerns about PROHIBITED CONDUCT will only be shared with University representatives, such as ECRT, responsible for assessment, investigation, or resolution of the report or otherwise properly responding to issues raised; to DPSS for crime statistics reporting; and to the extent required by law or court order.

- D. DIVISION OF PUBLIC SAFETY AND SECURITY or DPSS:** “DIVISION OF PUBLIC SAFETY AND SECURITY” or “DPSS” refers collectively to the University of Michigan Police Department (“UMPD”), the University of Michigan-Dearborn Department of Public Safety (“DPS”), the University of Michigan-Flint Department of Public Safety (“DPS”), Michigan Medicine Security, Housing Security, and University Security Services.
- E. EMPLOYEE:** “EMPLOYEE” means all faculty (i.e., regular instructional, supplemental instructional, research track, and visiting faculty), librarians, archivists, curators, graduate student instructors, graduate student staff assistants, graduate student research assistants, postdoctoral research fellows, and all regular and temporary staff.
- F. EQUITY, CIVIL RIGHTS AND TITLE IX OFFICE:** “EQUITY, CIVIL RIGHTS AND TITLE IX OFFICE” or “ECRT” at Ann Arbor, Dearborn, and Flint are collectively referred to as “ECRT” in this Policy.
- G. EXTERNAL REVIEWER:** An EXTERNAL REVIEWER will conduct the Appeal review. The EXTERNAL REVIEWER will be a neutral party outside of the University. The EXTERNAL REVIEWER must be impartial and free from bias or conflict of interest. The EXTERNAL REVIEWER may conclude that there are no relevant issues of concern, and therefore, recommend that the Hearing outcome

and/or the sanctioning determination be affirmed. In the alternative, the EXTERNAL REVIEWER may identify in writing issues of concern and recommended actions and additional instructions.

- H. FORMAL COMPLAINT:** “FORMAL COMPLAINT” means a document signed by a COMPLAINANT or by the TITLE IX COORDINATOR containing the allegations that a RESPONDENT engaged in PROHIBITED CONDUCT and requesting initiation of the University’s resolution processes.
- I. HEARING OFFICER:** Hearings will be facilitated by a HEARING OFFICER, who will make the decision as to whether or not the RESPONDENT violated the Policy using a preponderance of the evidence standard. The University will appoint a standing pool of trained HEARING OFFICERS. The HEARING OFFICER will be selected from the standing pool. All HEARING OFFICERS will receive training on issues related to Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct and Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct; the scope of the University’s education PROGRAMS OR ACTIVITIES; relevancy; on how to conduct a process that is fair and impartial, including information regarding Hearings, Appeals, and informal resolution processes, while avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue; conflicts of interest; and bias.
- J. INVESTIGATOR:** The INVESTIGATOR is responsible for carrying out a fair and thorough investigation, review, consultation, or other response under the Procedures. When an investigative resolution is initiated, the INVESTIGATOR is responsible for gathering evidence directly related to the allegations at issue. The INVESTIGATOR must be impartial, free of any actual conflict of interest, and have specific and relevant training and experience. The INVESTIGATOR is not an advocate for COMPLAINANT or RESPONDENT at any time during the process.
- K. MEDIATOR:** MEDIATORS are neutral facilitators. MEDIATORS do not take sides, judge whether anyone is right or wrong, or decide how to resolve the problem. MEDIATORS facilitate the structured interaction between a COMPLAINANT and RESPONDENT to achieve a resolution satisfactory to both parties.
- L. PARENT/GUARDIAN:** “Parent/Guardian” means a parent of a COMPLAINANT, RESPONDENT, or other individual and includes a natural parent, a guardian, or an individual acting as a parent in the absence of a parent or a guardian. To the extent a PARENT/GUARDIAN has the legal right to make decisions on behalf of an individual (e.g., where the individual is a minor), the PARENT/GUARDIAN may act on behalf of the individual, including but not limited to filing a FORMAL COMPLAINT.
- M. PATIENT:** “PATIENT” means a PATIENT of Michigan Medicine as defined in this Policy.

- N. PREGNANCY.** “PREGNANCY” includes pregnancy, childbirth, and related medical conditions. PREGNANCY includes, but is not limited to, current pregnancy; past pregnancy; potential or intended pregnancy (which can include infertility, fertility treatment, and the use of contraception). “Childbirth” refers to labor and childbirth (including vaginal and cesarean delivery). “Related medical conditions” are medical conditions relating to the pregnancy or childbirth of the specific individual in question (including but not limited to false pregnancy, miscarriage, termination of pregnancy, including via miscarriage, stillbirth, or abortion; conditions arising in connection with pregnancy; lactation and conditions related to lactation; and recovery from any of these conditions; and recovery from any of these conditions, in accordance with federal law. Throughout this Policy, the use of the phrase Pregnancy encompasses all conditions within the non-exhaustive list above.
- O. PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY:** A “PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY” includes: (1) any location, event, or circumstance where the University exercises substantial control over both the RESPONDENT and the context in which the conduct occurs; (2) any building owned or controlled by a Student Organization recognized by the University; and (3) a University campus. Conduct that occurs off campus in locations or at events with no connection to the University is unlikely to occur in a PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY of the University.
- P. PROTECTED ACTIVITY:** “PROTECTED ACTIVITY” includes most elements of participation in the University’s processes related to this Policy, including but not limited to reporting PROHIBITED CONDUCT; filing a complaint of PROHIBITED CONDUCT; pursuing a resolution of PROHIBITED CONDUCT; providing evidence in any investigation or Hearing related to PROHIBITED CONDUCT; or intervening to protect others who may have experienced PROHIBITED CONDUCT. Retaliation against any person because of PROTECTED ACTIVITY is prohibited under this Policy, as discussed in [Section III.D.1.](#)
- Q. REASONABLE PERSON:** “REASONABLE PERSON” means a person using average care, intelligence, and judgment in the known circumstances.
- R. RESPONDENT:** “RESPONDENT” is an individual who is reported to have engaged in conduct that could constitute PROHIBITED CONDUCT. “RESPONDENT” will be used throughout this Policy and related procedures to refer generally to an individual who is reported to have engaged in conduct that could constitute PROHIBITED CONDUCT, even if their specific identity is unknown to ECRT and/or unknown to the COMPLAINANT, and/or even if they do not participate in any related process.
- S. STUDENT:** “STUDENT” generally means an individual who has gained admission to, and/or an individual who was admitted for enrollment in, an academic PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY operated by the University, from the time they are admitted until either degree conferral or they are otherwise ineligible to register for courses without seeking readmission, and/or a person who has gained

admission to the University (to the extent to which the University has a reasonable opportunity to control the environment in which the conduct is alleged to have occurred and/or the interactions between the parties).

- T. SUPPORTIVE MEASURES:** “SUPPORTIVE MEASURES” are individualized services, accommodations, and other assistance that the University offers and may put in place, without fee or charge. SUPPORTIVE MEASURES are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the University’s PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES, protect the safety of all parties and the University’s educational environment, and/or deter PROHIBITED CONDUCT, without being punitive or disciplinary in nature or unreasonably burdening the other party.
- U. THIRD PARTY:** “THIRD PARTY” means all University regents, contractors, guests, vendors, visitors, volunteers, and any individual who is participating in a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY, but who, for purposes of alleged PROHIBITED CONDUCT, has not gained admission to and/or is not enrolled in an academic program and/or course at the University and/or who is not acting as an EMPLOYEE (e.g., an individual who is participating in a summer camp; an individual who is attending a PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY by invitation or that is open to the public; or an individual who is not enrolled in an academic program and/or course at the University, but who is participating in a University study abroad program).
- V. TITLE IX COORDINATOR:** The “TITLE IX COORDINATOR” is the individual on each campus to whom reports of possible PROHIBITED CONDUCT are made. The TITLE IX COORDINATOR is responsible for oversight of responses to all reports of possible PROHIBITED CONDUCT under this Policy, including SUPPORTIVE MEASURES, resolution processes, and other University action taken in response to a report. The TITLE IX COORDINATOR is also responsible for ensuring compliance with Title IX, a federal law prohibiting sex discrimination. Throughout this Policy and the related Procedures, “TITLE IX COORDINATOR” may also refer to a designee assigned by the TITLE IX COORDINATOR.
- W. UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY:** “UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY” refers to Board of Regents members, STUDENTS and EMPLOYEES.
- X. WITNESS:** A WITNESS is an individual who observed the acts in question or who has information relevant to a FORMAL COMPLAINT. A WITNESS whose identity is known will have the opportunity to discuss the investigation process, ask questions, and participate in an interview with the ECRT.

V. APPLICABLE PROCEDURES UNDER THIS POLICY

The specific procedures for assessing, reviewing, and resolving PROHIBITED CONDUCT depend upon the nature of the RESPONDENT’S relationship to the University, and, when a RESPONDENT is an EMPLOYEE or a THIRD PARTY, on the type of PROHIBITED CONDUCT at issue.

The RESPONDENT is a STUDENT:

If the RESPONDENT is a STUDENT and the alleged conduct would constitute PROHIBITED CONDUCT, the University will use the [Student Procedures](#) for responding to the alleged conduct.

The RESPONDENT is an EMPLOYEE:

If the RESPONDENT is an EMPLOYEE, the University will use the [Employee Procedures](#). The specific process the University will use to respond to a report of PROHIBITED CONDUCT will depend on whether the alleged conduct constitutes Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct or another type of PROHIBITED CONDUCT, as defined in this Policy. Please see [Employee Procedures](#) for details.

The RESPONDENT is *both* a STUDENT and an EMPLOYEE:

ECRT will determine whether Student or [Employee Procedures](#) apply based upon the facts and circumstances, whether those circumstances relate more closely to the RESPONDENT'S status as a STUDENT or an EMPLOYEE, and the RESPONDENT'S primary affiliation with the University.

The RESPONDENT is a THIRD PARTY:

The University's ability to take appropriate corrective action against a THIRD PARTY will be determined by the nature of the THIRD PARTY'S relationship to the University. Reports against THIRD PARTIES are addressed using the [Employee Procedures](#).

If the RESPONDENT'S specific identity and/or nature of the RESPONDENT'S affiliation with the University is unknown to ECRT, a COMPLAINANT is still entitled to resources and SUPPORTIVE MEASURES and may refer to the [Student Procedures](#) and/or the [Employee Procedures](#) consistent with the COMPLAINANT'S affiliation with the University. To the extent feasible under the circumstances, the COMPLAINANT may also file a FORMAL COMPLAINT and seek an investigative resolution under the Student Procedures or the Employee Procedures, as applicable.

As noted above, when the University receives an allegation that an individual subject to this Policy has engaged in discrimination on the basis of sex, pregnancy, gender identity, gender expression and/or sexual orientation in violation of the University's prohibition of Other Sex or Gender-Based Discrimination, or that a University program or activity, policy, or practice (such as, for example, the University's provision of athletics or a University employment or student life policy) may be discriminatory on such bases, the University will, in accordance with Section 106.8 of the Title IX regulations and/or this Policy, promptly and equitably review that concern pursuant to the [Student Procedures](#) or the [Employee Procedures](#) as applicable, even if there is no identified decisionmaker(s) who would reasonably be identified as a RESPONDENT.

When the University receives a report of behavior that could violate this Policy as well as other University policies, the University will determine which policy(ies) and procedures apply and whether action will be taken under this Policy exclusively, or under multiple policies and/or

procedures. A list of potentially related policies and procedures can be found in the [Standard Practice Guide \(SPG 601.89\)](#).

VI. CONFIDENTIAL AND NON-CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES

Supportive resources are available at the University. Some of these are designated as CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES. Others provide support, but may need to involve ECRT and/or DPSS. Regardless of whether the University determines that PROHIBITED CONDUCT occurred, the University will offer resources or assistance to COMPLAINANTS, RESPONDENTS, WITNESSES, and other affected UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY members after receiving notice of alleged PROHIBITED CONDUCT. The University will also assist those individuals in identifying and contacting external law enforcement agencies and community resources. CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES and NON-CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES are generally available regardless of whether an individual reports, makes a FORMAL COMPLAINT, participates in a resolution process under this Policy, whether the alleged conduct occurred outside the scope of this Policy, or whether the COMPLAINANT knows the specific identity of the RESPONDENT.

The TITLE IX COORDINATOR may, in their discretion, designate specific programs or events as confidential, under appropriate circumstances.

A. Confidential Resources

CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES are available to provide individuals with assistance, support, and additional information. CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES are prohibited from disclosing confidential information unless: (1) given permission by the person who disclosed the information; (2) there is an imminent threat of harm to self or others; (3) the conduct involves suspected abuse of a minor under the age of 18; or (4) as otherwise required or permitted by law or court order. CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES may be required to report non-identifying information to DPSS for crime reporting purposes.

Ann Arbor Campus including Michigan Medicine

- [Sexual Assault Prevention and Awareness Center](#) (“SAPAC”) For students, faculty, and staff, SAPAC provides direct support to COMPLAINANTS, including crisis intervention; advocacy; assistance in navigating academic, personal, medical, and community impact; and referrals to campus and community resources. (734) 764-7771, 24-hour crisis line (734) 936-3333.
- [Counseling and Psychological Services](#) (“CAPS”): For students, CAPS provides a range of clinical services supporting students experiencing concerns such as anxiety, depression, stress, etc. Embedded counselors are available in 18 schools and colleges. Email: caps-uofm@umich.edu. Phone: 734-764-8312 (includes 24-hour service).

- [Faculty and Staff Counseling and Consultation Office](#): For central campus faculty and staff, FASCCO provides support and assistance in resolving personal or work-related concerns. Email: fascco@umich.edu. Phone: (734) 936-8660.
- [Office of Counseling and Workplace Resilience](#): For Michigan Medicine faculty, staff, house officers, and medical students, Office of Counseling and Workplace Resilience provides short-term counseling, consultation, support, and information. Email: counseling@med.umich.edu. Phone: (734) 763-5409.
 - [COMPASS Peer Support Network](#): Operating under the Office of Counseling and Workplace Resilience, COMPASS provides a network of peers supporting Michigan Medicine faculty, staff, and house officers who have experienced difficult events. PeerSupport@med.umich.edu
 - [Person of Confidence Program](#): For Michigan Medicine nurses who have experienced sexual harassment or misconduct, the Person of Confidence Program connects nurses with peer supporters who have specialized training in providing emotional support and information related to sexual harassment or misconduct. counseling@med.umich.edu
- [Athletics Wolverine Performance Psychology and Wellness Services \(PAWS\)](#): For student-athletes, Wolverine PAWS provides clinical mental health services. Email: athletic_counseling@umich.edu. Phone: (734) 647-9656.
- [Medical School Office of Graduate & Postdoctoral Studies \(“OGPS”\) Counseling & Well-Being](#): For Medical School doctoral, masters and post-baccalaureate students, and Medical School postdoctoral fellows, OGPS Counseling & Well-Being offers trainees short-term individual counseling on personal, emotional, family and academic/workplace issues.
- [CEW+ Career and Education Counseling](#): For students, faculty, and staff, CEW+ provides career and education counseling and other services. For current U-M Ann Arbor students, CEW+ also offers emergency funding counseling. Counseling services within CEW+ are a Confidential Resource. Email: cew.appts@umich.edu Phone: (734) 764-6360.
- [University Ombuds](#): For students, provides a confidential space to talk about campus issues, concerns, problems or disputes with a university

office or entity. Email: umstudentombuds@umich.edu. Phone: 734-763-3545.

- [Faculty Ombuds](#): For faculty, provides a confidential space to talk about campus issues, concerns, problems or disputes. Email: facultyombuds@umich.edu. Phone: (734) 763-2707 Contact information for Unit Faculty Ombuds is available at: <https://facultyombuds.umich.edu/unit-ombuds/>
- [Staff Ombuds](#): For staff, provides a confidential space to talk about campus issues, concerns, problems or disputes. Email: staffombuds@umich.edu. Phone: (734) 936-0600.
- [University Health Service \(“UHS”\)](#) For students, faculty, and staff, UHS provides comprehensive medical services. UHS also provides a variety of health promotion services for students through [Wolverine Wellness](#). (734) 764-8320
- [Spectrum Center](#) For students, Spectrum Center is a gender and sexuality resource center and provides a variety of support services to students, as well as education and training. The following staff within Spectrum Center are Confidential Resources:
 - Director
 - Associate Director
 - Support Services and Wellness Advocate
 - Educational Engagement Program Manager

Dearborn Campus

Counseling:

- For Students: [Counseling and Psychological Services](#): (313) 593-5430
- For Faculty and Staff: [Faculty and Staff Counseling and Consultation Services](#): (734) 936-8660

Ombuds:

- For Students: [Ombuds Services](#): (313) 593-5440
- For Faculty: [Faculty Ombuds](#)
- For Staff: [Staff Ombuds](#): (734) 936-0600

Flint Campus

Complainant Support:

- For Students: [Center for Gender and Sexuality](#) (Only the Sexual Assault Advocate is Confidential): (810) 762-3300

Counseling:

- For Students: [Counseling and Psychological Services](#) (“CAPS”): (810) 762-3456
- For Faculty and Staff: [Faculty and Staff Counseling and Consultation Office](#): (734) 936-8660

Ombuds:

- For Faculty: [Faculty Ombuds](#)

B. Non-Confidential Resources

NON-CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES are available to provide individuals with assistance, support, and additional information, but who are not designated as confidential and may have broader obligations to report information that is shared with them. NON-CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES will make reasonable efforts to respect and safeguard the privacy of the individuals involved. Privacy means that concerns about PROHIBITED CONDUCT will only be shared with University representatives, such as ECRT, responsible for assessment, investigation, or resolution of the report or otherwise properly responding to issues raised; to DPSS for crime statistics reporting; and to the extent required by law or court order.

Ann Arbor Campus including Michigan Medicine

- [Dean of Students Office](#) (“DOS”): The Dean of Students Office provides direct support to COMPLAINANTS, RESPONDENTS, or other STUDENTS who are involved in reports of PROHIBITED CONDUCT. This support includes providing help with navigating academic, personal, and community impact, advising on policy and procedures, and connecting to other available support and resources. The [Respondent Support Program](#) is housed in the DOS and has dedicated trained staff, who provide direct support to RESPONDENTS who are involved in reports of PROHIBITED CONDUCT. (734) 764-7420.
- [International Center](#) (“IC”): The IC provides information and resources for international students regarding their immigration and visa-related needs and challenges, and any travel-related concerns. Email: icenter@umich.edu. Phone: 734-764-9310.

- For faculty: [Academic Human Resources](#): (734) 763-8938
- For staff: [Staff Human Resources](#): (734) 763-2387
- For Michigan Medicine Staff: [Michigan Medicine Human Resources](#): (734) 647-5538

Dearborn Campus

- For Students: [Dean of Students](#): (313) 593-4774
- For Faculty and Staff: [Human Resources](#): (313) 593-5190

Flint Campus

- For Students: [Dean of Students Office](#): (810) 762-5728
- For Faculty and Staff: [Human Resources](#): (810) 762-3150

Additional information about these and other resources is contained in Our Community Matters Resource Guides:

Ann Arbor: [Our Community Matters Resource Guide](#)

Dearborn: [Our Community Matters Resource Guide](#)

Flint: [Our Community Matters Resource Guide](#)

VII. REPORTING

A. Reporting Obligations

All University EMPLOYEES, except for CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES, are required to share with ECRT details they receive in the scope of their University employment about PROHIBITED CONDUCT within 48 hours of receiving those details. This obligation does not apply to individuals who believe they may have experienced Prohibited Conduct, with respect to reporting their own experience, and they may choose whether or not to report the Prohibited Conduct they believe they have experienced firsthand to the University and/or law enforcement, and have the right to choose whether to engage with the University if the University receives a report. University EMPLOYEES making a REPORT that does not involve their own experience of possible Prohibited Conduct (i.e., an EMPLOYEE fulfilling their reporting obligation rather than reporting that they believe they have personally experienced Prohibited Conduct) must provide their name, title, and contact information when making their REPORT, and can do so by contacting ECRT as set forth in [Section VII\(C\)\(1\)](#) above. Additionally, although not necessarily Employees

of the University, the Board of Regents and all individuals regardless of employment status who serve as a coach of a club sports team through Student Life, have reporting obligations.

With respect to STUDENT EMPLOYEES, whether the reporting obligation applies depends on the context in which the person learns of the alleged PROHIBITED CONDUCT. Reporting obligations are triggered for the STUDENT EMPLOYEE if the person learned of the alleged PROHIBITED CONDUCT in the context of an EMPLOYEE role. Reporting obligations are not triggered if the STUDENT EMPLOYEE learned of the alleged PROHIBITED CONDUCT in the context of their receipt of an education as a STUDENT at the University, i.e., outside of the scope of their University employment.

Failure by an EMPLOYEE to promptly report to ECRT information they receive about alleged PROHIBITED CONDUCT may result in Corrective Action. Information regarding possible failure by an EMPLOYEE to fulfill their reporting obligation will be reviewed by ECRT, and other offices as appropriate, and may result in disciplinary action, or Corrective Action, in accordance with an applicable process. In the event that ECRT refers to a supervisor a determination that an Employee has failed to fulfill the Employee's reporting obligations for Corrective Action, the supervisor will, in consultation with Staff Human Resources or Academic Human Resources as appropriate, take Corrective Action and provide ECRT with documentation of the Corrective Action and its implementation.

B. Exempt Disclosures

Employees may - but are not required to - report to ECRT when incidents of PROHIBITED CONDUCT are disclosed in the following circumstances:⁸

- At sexual misconduct public awareness events (e.g., Take Back the Night, candlelight vigils, protests, or survivor speak-outs in which participants may disclose incidents of PROHIBITED CONDUCT);
- Unless otherwise provided in the Institutional Review Board (“IRB”)-approved consent, during a non-minor participant's involvement as a subject in an IRB-approved human subjects research protocol (“IRB Research”); or,
- During a classroom discussion, in an assignment for class, in discussion outside of class, or as part of a research project directly related to the class. For example:

⁹ Communications that are protected by a legal privilege remain protected by that privilege and are not required to be reported to ECRT. For example, doctor-patient communications protected by medical privilege, an Employee in the Office of the Vice President and General Counsel is not required to report if they become aware of information about potential Prohibited Conduct through privileged and confidential communications, etc.,

- In a Social Work course that covers material related to sexual violence, a STUDENT references a personal experience, disclosing an incident of Sexual Assault and connecting their experience to the course material. The disclosure is incidental to the engagement with the course content, and is exempt from the EMPLOYEE reporting obligation. **The instructor is neither required to, nor prohibited from, reporting the information to ECRT.**
- In a Calculus class, a STUDENT requests an extension on a homework assignment, and explains to the instructor that they have fallen behind in some coursework due to the impact of a recent experience of Sexual Assault. The disclosure is unrelated to the content of the course material, and the EMPLOYEE reporting obligation applies. **The instructor is required to report the information to ECRT.**

C. Reporting to the University

1. Contact the ECRT Office and Title IX Coordinator

Reports of PROHIBITED CONDUCT - Making a report means informing ECRT about the suspected PROHIBITED CONDUCT.

Individuals may also contact ECRT to ask about this Policy and related procedures or to inquire about the University’s responses to PROHIBITED CONDUCT in its PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES.

ECRT, including the TITLE IX COORDINATOR, can be contacted by telephone or in person by appointment during regular office hours (Monday – Friday: 8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m.), or by email 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Online reporting is also available on a 24/7 basis. Contact information is as follows:

Campus	Name	Contact Information	Online Reporting
Ann Arbor	Elizabeth Seney, Title IX Coordinator – Ann Arbor	Equity, Civil Rights and Title IX Office 2072 Administrative Services Building 1009 Greene Street Ann Arbor, Michigan 48109 (734) 763-0235 (telephone) (734) 647-1388 (TTY)	Discrimination, Discriminatory Harassment and Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct Reporting Form ecrtoffice@umich.edu
Dearborn	Andrea McDaniel,	Equity, Civil Rights and Title IX Office	Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct Reporting Form

	Director, Equity, Civil Rights and Title IX Office and Title IX Coordinator – Dearborn	1080 Social Sciences Building 4901 Evergreen Road Dearborn, MI 48128 (313) 436-9194	ECRT-Dearborn@umich.edu
Flint	Kirstie Stroble, Director, Equity, Civil Rights and Title IX Office and Title IX Coordinator – Flint	Equity, Civil Rights and Title IX Office 234 University Pavilion 303 E. Kearsley Street Flint, MI 48502-1950 (810) 237-6517	Discrimination, Discriminatory Harassment And Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct Reporting Form UMFlintECRT@umich.edu

2. Anonymous Reporting

Anyone who does not have a reporting obligation may, if they prefer, make reports of PROHIBITED CONDUCT to ECRT without disclosing their name, by using the online reporting form listed in the above chart for the relevant campus or, on a 24/7 basis, by the following method:

Campus	Name	Contact Information	Online Reporting
All Campuses	Compliance Hotline	(866) 990-0111	Online Reporting Form

Depending on the level of information available about the incident and the individuals involved, the University’s ability to respond to an anonymous report may be limited. The University will, however, take whatever steps it deems appropriate and in the best interests of the overall UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY, consistent with the information available. An anonymous report does not satisfy an Employee’s reporting obligation since it cannot be verified who submitted the report.

3. Reports of Prohibited Conduct by Staff Members in ECRT or ECRT’s Supervisory Chain on Each Campus

To ensure objective investigations and decision-making, reports of PROHIBITED CONDUCT, whether Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct or Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct, against any staff member of ECRT, or against certain staff members of ECRT’s

supervising office on each campus should be made to the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (EVP/CFO), or their designee. For Ann Arbor and Michigan Medicine, this includes reports of PROHIBITED CONDUCT regarding the President; the President's staff in the Office of the President (excluding Executive Officers); or an EMPLOYEE of ECRT. For Dearborn this includes reports of PROHIBITED CONDUCT regarding the Chancellor; or an EMPLOYEE of ECRT. For Flint, this includes reports of PROHIBITED CONDUCT regarding the Chancellor or an EMPLOYEE of ECRT. Making a report means informing the EVP/CFO about the suspected PROHIBITED CONDUCT.

When the EVP/CFO receives a report of PROHIBITED CONDUCT, the EVP/CFO will assign an impartial and trained INVESTIGATOR to the matter. The EVP/CFO will also assign a University EMPLOYEE or external partner to provide appropriate SUPPORTIVE MEASURES for the parties throughout the process. The University will strive to complete the investigation using the Policy and Procedures. However, in the limited circumstance that a deviation of process is necessary, the parties will be notified in writing of the process to be used.

The EVP/CFO can be contacted by telephone or in person by appointment during regular office hours (Monday – Friday: 8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m.) or by email. Contact information is as follows:

Campus	Name	Contact Information	Online Reporting
All Campuses	Robert Hewlett, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	Office for Business and Finance (734) 764-7272	sexualmisconductreportstoEVPCFO@umich.edu

B. Reporting to Law Enforcement

An individual who experiences, witnesses, or learns of possible criminal conduct should contact law enforcement directly by calling:

- 911 (for emergencies) or

Division of Public Safety (DPSS)	University of Michigan Police Department (UMPD) Special Victims Unit (dedicated unit for responding to and investigating sexual assaults, intimate partner violence, stalking, and child abuse)	(734) 763-1131
	University of Michigan – Dearborn Department of Public Safety	(313) 593-5333
	University of Michigan – Flint Department of Public Safety	(810) 762-3333
Ann Arbor Local Law Enforcement	Ann Arbor Police Department	(734) 994-2911
	Ypsilanti Police Department	(734) 483-9510
	Washtenaw County Sheriff Department	(734) 971-8400
Dearborn Local Law Enforcement	Dearborn Police Department	(313) 943-2241
	Wayne County Sheriff Department	(313) 224-2222
Flint Local Law Enforcement	Flint Police Department	(810) 237-6800
	Genesee County Sheriff Department	(810) 257-3407

If you are uncertain where the incident occurred or which agency to contact, [DPSS](#) is available to help you determine which agency has jurisdiction and will help you to report the matter to that agency if you wish.

C. External Reporting

Inquiries about the application of Title IX to the University or questions regarding this Policy may be directed externally to the United States Department of Education’s Office for Civil Rights (“OCR”), contact for which follows.

Office for Civil Rights (“OCR”)
U.S. Department of Education
400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20202-1100
Phone: (800) 421-3481
Fax: (202) 453-6012
TDD#: (800) 877-8339
Email: OCR@ed.gov
Web: <http://www.ed.gov/ocr>

D. ECRT Actions Upon Receipt of Reports of Prohibited Conduct

Any individual may report possible PROHIBITED CONDUCT. It is not necessary for a reporting party or COMPLAINANT to determine in advance whether the behavior at issue meets the definition of PROHIBITED CONDUCT. Upon receipt of a report, ECRT will undertake a continuing assessment to determine the form of PROHIBITED CONDUCT at issue and, in cases involving EMPLOYEES and/or THIRD PARTIES, which procedures are applicable.⁹

When ECRT or the TITLE IX COORDINATOR receives a report of PROHIBITED CONDUCT, ECRT will in all cases where the COMPLAINANT is identified, contact the COMPLAINANT to: (1) discuss the availability of SUPPORTIVE MEASURES; (2) ask about the COMPLAINANT'S wishes with respect to SUPPORTIVE MEASURES; (3) inform the COMPLAINANT of the availability of SUPPORTIVE MEASURES with or without the filing of a FORMAL COMPLAINT, and (4) explain how to file a FORMAL COMPLAINT.

The process for filing a FORMAL COMPLAINT is described in greater detail in [Section IX](#), but a FORMAL COMPLAINT may be filed by a COMPLAINANT when a report is made or at another time thereafter, and may be filed with respect to conduct that constitutes Federal Rule Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct or Other Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct. In some cases, as explained in further detail in [Section IX](#), the TITLE IX COORDINATOR may file a FORMAL COMPLAINT even where the COMPLAINANT has not decided to do so.

E. Additional Information about Reporting

1. Time Frame for Reporting an Incident to the University

The University strongly encourages individuals to report possible PROHIBITED CONDUCT promptly. To promote timely and effective review and appropriate corrective action (when applicable), the University encourages individuals to report possible PROHIBITED CONDUCT within 180 calendar days. Although the University does not limit the time for reporting PROHIBITED CONDUCT, it may be more difficult for the University to gather relevant and reliable evidence or to take corrective action regarding conduct that is reported to have occurred relatively long ago.

If the RESPONDENT is no longer a STUDENT, EMPLOYEE, or a person who is participating or attempting to participate in any University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY at the time of the report, and/or if the reported conduct does not

⁹ Consistent with Title IX and applicable law, the University uses the same procedures for all PROHIBITED CONDUCT allegations involving STUDENT RESPONDENTS. In cases involving EMPLOYEE RESPONDENTS, the University uses one of two procedures, both which are designed to comply with applicable law while also promoting procedural efficiency and, to the extent practicable, consistency with other University policies, practices and procedures.

fall within the definition of PROHIBITED CONDUCT, the University's ability to take action against the RESPONDENT under the Policy may be limited. The University will, however, help a COMPLAINANT identify other options outside the University, such as local law enforcement, and provide support and resources.

2. Privacy of Reports and/or Formal Complaints

Except as may be permitted by:

- the FERPA statute, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, or FERPA regulations, 34 CFR part 99, or
- as required by law, or
- to carry out the purposes of the Title IX regulations, including the conduct of any investigation, hearing, or judicial proceeding arising thereunder,

the University will keep confidential the identity of any individual who has made a report or complaint of PROHIBITED CONDUCT, including any individual who has made a report or filed a FORMAL COMPLAINT of conduct prohibited by this Policy, any complainant, any individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of PROHIBITED CONDUCT, any respondent, and any witness.

3. Information on Amnesty to Students When Reporting Prohibited Conduct to the University

To encourage individuals to report possible PROHIBITED CONDUCT and seek medical care, the University will not pursue University misconduct charges against any STUDENT in an investigation under this Policy for potential violations of University policy for personal consumption of alcohol or other drugs identified during an investigation, as long as any such violations did not and do not place the health or safety of any other person at risk. The University may, however, initiate an assessment, educational discussion, or pursue other non-disciplinary options to address the alcohol or other drug use.

In addition, to better ensure that individuals who may be at medical risk as a result of alcohol intoxication or drug consumption will receive prompt and appropriate medical attention, the State of Michigan has adopted a [Medical Amnesty Law](#) to remove perceived barriers to seeking help. Michigan law includes exemption from prosecution any minor, defined as someone under 21, who:

- Voluntarily accesses a health facility or agency for treatment or observation after consuming alcohol or other drugs;

- Accompanies an individual who voluntarily accesses a health facility or agency for treatment or observation after consuming alcohol or other drugs; or
- Initiates contact with law enforcement or emergency medical services personnel for the purpose of obtaining medical assistance in connection with their own personal consumption of alcohol or other drugs; or consumption by others.

VIII. INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES

Any INDIVIDUAL WITH A DISABILITY is entitled to reasonable accommodations that would enable them to participate in all processes provided for under this Policy, including, but not limited to, making a REPORT or COMPLAINT, participating in an Adaptable Resolution Process, and/or participating in an investigation and adjudication under the grievance procedures. If an INDIVIDUAL WITH A DISABILITY requires such reasonable accommodations, they should promptly notify ECRT/the TITLE IX COORDINATOR, which may consult, as appropriate, with appropriate university officials or offices that assess or approve accommodation requests, such as the ADA Coordinator or the office that assesses student requests for accommodations. An INDIVIDUAL WITH A DISABILITY should not assume that ECRT/the TITLE IX COORDINATOR is on notice that they have a disability or have been approved by the University to receive accommodations, even if they are registered to receive accommodations through the relevant university office.

IX. FORMAL COMPLAINTS

When ECRT or the TITLE IX COORDINATOR receives a report of PROHIBITED CONDUCT, ECRT will in all cases contact the COMPLAINANT, if their identity is known, and explain the process for filing a FORMAL COMPLAINT (see also [Section VII\(C\)](#) above). A FORMAL COMPLAINT is submitted by the COMPLAINANT to ECRT in person, by mail, or by email. The FORMAL COMPLAINT must contain the COMPLAINANT's physical or digital signature, or otherwise indicate that the COMPLAINANT is the person filing the FORMAL COMPLAINT. When a FORMAL COMPLAINT is filed, ECRT will evaluate it for a number of things, including whether the COMPLAINANT is participating in or attempting to participate in a PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY (e.g., a job applicant, an applicant for admission to an academic program, or a recent graduate who is applying to a different academic program at the University).

The TITLE IX COORDINATOR has discretion to file a FORMAL COMPLAINT even if the COMPLAINANT chooses not to, and even if the COMPLAINANT chooses not to participate in a University resolution process. In general, the TITLE IX COORDINATOR will seek to respect the COMPLAINANT's wishes not to file a FORMAL COMPLAINT. However, when the RESPONDENT is an EMPLOYEE; when a significant safety concern is presented; or when ECRT concludes that failure to pursue a FORMAL COMPLAINT may fail to meet the University's duties under the law; the TITLE IX COORDINATOR will usually sign a FORMAL COMPLAINT. The factors the TITLE IX

COORDINATOR will consider are described in greater detail in Section IV(B) of the [Student Procedures](#) and Section IV (B) of the [Employee Procedures](#).

After a FORMAL COMPLAINT has been filed by the COMPLAINANT or the TITLE IX COORDINATOR, the University will commence the appropriate resolution process.

Where the TITLE IX COORDINATOR files a FORMAL COMPLAINT, the TITLE IX COORDINATOR is not a COMPLAINANT or otherwise a party to a formal or informal resolution process. The STUDENT, EMPLOYEE, or THIRD PARTY who is reported to have experienced PROHIBITED CONDUCT will continue to be referred to as the COMPLAINANT (see [Section IV](#) above).

X. SUPPORTIVE MEASURES

SUPPORTIVE MEASURES are individualized services, accommodations, and other assistance that the University offers and may put in place, without fee or charge. SUPPORTIVE MEASURES are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the University's PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES, protect the safety of all parties and the University's educational environment, and/or deter PROHIBITED CONDUCT, without being punitive or disciplinary in nature or unreasonably burdening the other party.

SUPPORTIVE MEASURES are available regardless of whether the matter is reported to the University for the purpose of initiating a proceeding under this Policy and before, after, and regardless of whether a FORMAL COMPLAINT is filed. A COMPLAINANT who requests SUPPORTIVE MEASURES has the right to file a FORMAL COMPLAINT, either at the time the SUPPORTIVE MEASURES is requested or at a later date (or may have done so prior to requesting SUPPORTIVE MEASURES. Any COMPLAINANT who requests SUPPORTIVE MEASURES through ECRT will be informed in writing of their right to simultaneously or subsequently file a FORMAL COMPLAINT under this Policy. Some SUPPORTIVE MEASURES may be available to a COMPLAINANT even if the alleged conduct occurred outside the scope of this Policy (e.g., by a RESPONDENT unaffiliated with the University outside of a University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY), or if the COMPLAINANT does not know the specific identity of the RESPONDENT.

An individual may choose to request SUPPORTIVE MEASURES from a CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCE, listed below, regardless of whether any report is made with ECRT or law enforcement. If SUPPORTIVE MEASURES are provided through a CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCE, this action will not prompt any other institutional response, unless the exceptions that permit or require the CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCE to disclose information they learn are met (see, e.g., [Section VI\(A\)](#) above).

SUPPORTIVE MEASURES may also be requested by and made available to RESPONDENTS, WITNESSES, and other affected members of the UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY.

Confidential Resources (capable of assisting with Supportive Measures):

Ann Arbor:

Students: [Sexual Assault Prevention and Awareness Center](#) (for COMPLAINANTS) and [CAPS](#); and

Employees: [Faculty and Staff Counseling and Consultation Office](#) and [Sexual Assault Prevention and Awareness Center](#) (for COMPLAINANTS)

Michigan Medicine:

Employees: [Office of Counseling and Workplace Resilience](#)

Dearborn:

Students: [Counseling and Psychological Services](#), and [Ombuds Services](#),

Employees: [Faculty and Staff Counseling and Consultation Office](#)

Flint:

Students: [Counseling and Psychological Services](#) or the [Sexual Assault Advocate in the Center for Gender and Sexuality](#) (for COMPLAINANTS); and

Employees: [Faculty and Staff Counseling and Consultation Office](#)

To determine the appropriate SUPPORTIVE MEASURE(S) to be implemented, the University conducts an individualized assessment based on the facts and circumstances of a situation. SUPPORTIVE MEASURES will not be disciplinary or punitive in nature and will not unreasonably burden, or unreasonably interfere with the University PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY pursuits of the other party. Whether a possible SUPPORTIVE MEASURE would unreasonably burden the other party is a fact-specific determination that takes into account the nature of the programs, activities, opportunities, and benefits in which an individual is participating.

Examples of SUPPORTIVE MEASURES include:

- Academic support services and accommodations, including the ability to reschedule classes, exams and assignments; transfer course sections; modify an academic schedule (typically to separate the COMPLAINANT and the RESPONDENT) or withdraw from courses;
- Work schedule or job assignment modifications (for University employment);
- Changes in work or housing location;
- An escort to ensure safe movement on campus;
- On-campus counseling services and/or assistance in connecting to community-based counseling services;
- Assistance in connecting to community-based medical services;

- Mutual restrictions on contact or communication between the parties, although one-way restrictions may be appropriate to help enforce a preliminary injunction, restraining order, or other order of protection issued by a court, or in other special circumstances;
- Temporarily limiting an individual's access to certain University facilities or activities;
- Information about and/or assistance with obtaining personal protection orders;
- Leaves of absence;
- Increased monitoring and security of certain areas of the campus;
- Reassignment of patient to another physician; or
- Any combination of these measures.

The above list is not exhaustive, and ECRT can assist individuals in identifying possible SUPPORTIVE MEASURES that may be appropriate.

The University will maintain SUPPORTIVE MEASURES provided to the COMPLAINANT or RESPONDENT as confidential to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the University's ability to provide the SUPPORTIVE MEASURES.

XI. EMERGENCY REMOVAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE LEAVE

The University has procedures that provide for emergency removal of STUDENTS and THIRD PARTIES and administrative leave or suspension for EMPLOYEES. These processes are described in greater detail in Section V of the [Student Procedures](#) and Section V of the [Employee Procedures](#).

XII. TRAINING

The University will ensure that Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process, receive training on the definition of sexual harassment in Section 106.30 of the Title IX regulations, the scope of the University's education PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY, how to conduct an investigation and grievance process including hearings, appeals, and informal resolution processes, as applicable, and how to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest, and bias. The University will also ensure that Hearing Officers will receive training on any technology to be used at a live hearing and on issues of relevance to questions and evidence, including when questions and evidence about the Complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant, and that investigators will receive training on issues of relevance to create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence.