



PLEASE PRINT

WE CAN NOT PROCESS A PAYCHECK WITHOUT THIS INFORMATION
WE MUST HAVE 2 FORMS OF ID AND YOUR OSHA CARD

NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____ APT #: _____

CITY: _____

STATE & ZIP CODE: _____

PHONE NUMBER: home: _____

cell: _____ PROVIDER: _____
(VERIZON, ETC.)

SS #: _____

SEX: _____

RACE: _____

BIRTH DATE: _____

DATE HIRED: _____

UNION LOCAL #: _____

ARE YOU AN APPRENTICE: Y / N IF YES, WHAT %: _____

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY, NOTIFY:

NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

PHONE #: _____

OFFICE USE ONLY:
EMPLOYEE #: 02- _____

NAME OF JOB _____

IN SYSTEM _____
MASS DOR _____
SS CHECK _____
OSHA _____
VAX CARD _____
JUSTIN _____
Emp#Ref= _____



58 Mellen St. Hopedale Ma. 01747
Voice 1-508-634-6600 • Fax 1-508-634-3611

As a new hire, you have provided Front Line with a copy of the following to receive a check:

- Drivers license or State issued picture ID
- INS – Alien Card
- Social Security Card or Birth Certificate
- 10 – hour OSHA card
- Union Book

You must also provide a completed W-4, I-9 and employee packet cover sheet. Without this information a check will not be cut.

Do you have a vehicle to get to work? YES NO

Are you physically able to do laboring work? YES NO

I am aware of the Front Line safety procedures, and agree that I will wear my hardhat and safety glasses at all time on the jobsite!

NAME (PRINT)

SIGNATURE

DATE

I give permission and consent for Frontline, Inc to take my photograph. I further give permission and consent that any such photographs may be published and used by Frontline, Inc.

Signed _____



58 Mellen St. Hopedale Ma. 01747
Phone 508-634-6600 * Fax 508-634-3611

FRONT LINE, INC.

Safety Requirements:

- Must wear safety goggles at all times.
- Must wear gloves.
- Must wear hard hat at all times.
- Must wear work boots.
- Must wear long pants.
- All ladders other than step ladders must be footed at all times.

Injury Policy:

In the event that a Front Line employee is injured on the job, the employee is required to immediately notify the foreman (if there is one) and project manager of the injury. Either the foreman or project manager will accompany the injured employee to the nearest recommended medical facility. Unless the employee has a "911" injury, meaning an ambulance needs to be called for an emergency, the employee must be accompanied by either a foreman or project manager to the care center of Front Line's choice (the nearest Concentra Urgent Care Center. Please note that in the event of an injury, Front Line reserves the right to have the employee engage in both a drug and alcohol test immediately following the injury.

Front Line has a light duty policy. If an employee is injured on the job and released for modified duty, they are required to come to Front Line's home office for light duty work.

In signing the below, the employee recognizes and agrees to abide by Front Line's injury and light duty policies.

EMPLOYEE _____

DATE _____



58 Mellen St. Hopedale Ma. 01747

Voice 1-508-634-6600 . Fax 1-508-634-3611

Dues Deduction Authorization

To all Employers by whom I am employed during the terms of the present or future Collective Bargaining Agreements either by and between signatory Contractor Associations and the Massachusetts & Northern New England Laborers' District Council of the Laborers' International Union of North America, AFL-CIO and its Affiliates, or by an Employer, not a member of said Associations, which has an individual collective Bargaining Agreement with the Council and its affiliates.

I, _____ / _____
(Print Member Name) (Social Security Number)

of Local # _____ hereby authorize my Employer to deduct from my wages each week one dollar and fifty-two cents (\$1.56) per hour for each hour worked, or the amount of dues specified in any future collective bargaining agreement covering my employment, all of said amounts constitute what are known as the hourly deductions as part of my membership dues for said week owing by me to the Union. Such deduction shall be made from my earned pay on each regularly-scheduled pay day and shall be remitted to the designated depository at the same time and along with the Health & Welfare Pension, Legal, Annuity, Training, New England Laborers' Labor-Management Cooperation Trust, New England Laborers' Health & Safety Fund and Massachusetts & Northern New England Laborers' Unified Trust contributions.

This authorization shall become operative upon the effective date of each Collective Bargaining Agreement entered into between my Employer and the Union or upon the date that I execute this card, whichever is sooner. This authorization shall remain in effect during the terms of the current and all future Collective Bargaining Agreements entered into between my Employer and the Union unless it is specifically revoked in writing, bearing the date and my signature, and delivered to the Office of the Local Union of which I am a member and to the Employer to whom I am currently employed.

Laborers' Political League
LIUNA PAC & LIUNA LPL Education Fund

This is to certify that _____ / _____
(Print Member Name) (Social Security Number)

Of Local # _____ has made a voluntary contribution of seven cents (\$.07) per hour for each hour worked. Foreign nationals may not contribute. I understand that this voluntary payment is not a condition of membership in the union and that the union cannot favor or disadvantage me because of the amount of my contribution or my decision not to contribute. The money received will be used to make political expenditures and contributions in connection with federal, state and local elections as outline herein. While specific amounts may be mentioned, these are merely suggestions, and you are free to contribute more or less than the suggestion.

I hereby authorize my Employer to deduct from my wages each week, seven cents (\$.07) per hour for each hour worked as a voluntary contribution.

Four cents (\$.04) shall be contributed to the Laborers' Political League (LPL), which I understand constitutes a separate segregated fund used for the purposes allowed under Massachusetts Campaign Finance Laws.

Three cents (\$.03) shall be contributed to the LIUNA PAC and the LIUNA LPL Education Fund, which I understand constitutes separate segregated funds for the purposes allowed under Federal Election Campaign Act, 2 U.S.C. Sec. 441(b).

Such authorization shall be remitted to the designated depository at the same time and along with the Health & Welfare, Pension, Legal, Annuity, Training, New England Laborers' Labor-Management Cooperation Trust, New England Laborers' Health & Safety Fund and Massachusetts Laborers' Unified Trust contributions.

Any revocation of the above must be in writing, bear the date and my signature, and will be delivered to the Offices of the Local Union of which I am a member and to the Employer to whom I am then currently employed.

Any and all contributions to the Laborers' Political League are not deductible as charitable contributions for Federal income tax purposes.

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Employee's Withholding Certificate

Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay.

Give Form W-4 to your employer.

Your withholding is subject to review by the IRS.

2024

Step 1: Enter Personal Information

(a) First name and middle initial	Last name	(b) Social security number
Address		Does your name match the name on your social security card? If not, to ensure you get credit for your earnings, contact SSA at 800-772-1213 or go to www.ssa.gov .
City or town, state, and ZIP code		
(c) <input type="checkbox"/> Single or Married filing separately		
<input type="checkbox"/> Married filing jointly or Qualifying surviving spouse		
<input type="checkbox"/> Head of household (Check only if you're unmarried and pay more than half the costs of keeping up a home for yourself and a qualifying individual.)		

Complete Steps 2-4 ONLY if they apply to you; otherwise, skip to Step 5. See page 2 for more information on each step, who can claim exemption from withholding, and when to use the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App.

Step 2: Multiple Jobs or Spouse Works

Complete this step if you (1) hold more than one job at a time, or (2) are married filing jointly and your spouse also works. The correct amount of withholding depends on income earned from all of these jobs.

Do only one of the following.

- (a) Use the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App for most accurate withholding for this step (and Steps 3-4). If you or your spouse have self-employment income, use this option; or
- (b) Use the Multiple Jobs Worksheet on page 3 and enter the result in Step 4(c) below; or
- (c) If there are only two jobs total, you may check this box. Do the same on Form W-4 for the other job. This option is generally more accurate than (b) if pay at the lower paying job is more than half of the pay at the higher paying job. Otherwise, (b) is more accurate

Complete Steps 3-4(b) on Form W-4 for only ONE of these jobs. Leave those steps blank for the other jobs. (Your withholding will be most accurate if you complete Steps 3-4(b) on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.)

Step 3: Claim Dependent and Other Credits	If your total income will be \$200,000 or less (\$400,000 or less if married filing jointly):		
	Multiply the number of qualifying children under age 17 by \$2,000	\$	
	Multiply the number of other dependents by \$500	\$	
	Add the amounts above for qualifying children and other dependents. You may add to this the amount of any other credits. Enter the total here	3	\$
Step 4 (optional): Other Adjustments	(a) Other income (not from jobs). If you want tax withheld for other income you expect this year that won't have withholding, enter the amount of other income here. This may include interest, dividends, and retirement income	4(a)	\$
	(b) Deductions. If you expect to claim deductions other than the standard deduction and want to reduce your withholding, use the Deductions Worksheet on page 3 and enter the result here	4(b)	\$
	(c) Extra withholding. Enter any additional tax you want withheld each pay period	4(c)	\$

Step 5: Sign Here	Under penalties of perjury, I declare that this certificate, to the best of my knowledge and belief, is true, correct, and complete.		
	Employee's signature (This form is not valid unless you sign it.)		Date
Employers Only	Employer's name and address	First date of employment	Employer identification number (EIN)

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Future Developments

For the latest information about developments related to Form W-4, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4.

Purpose of Form

Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay. If too little is withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty. If too much is withheld, you will generally be due a refund. Complete a new Form W-4 when changes to your personal or financial situation would change the entries on the form. For more information on withholding and when you must furnish a new Form W-4, see Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

Exemption from withholding. You may claim exemption from withholding for 2024 if you meet both of the following conditions: you had no federal income tax liability in 2023 **and** you expect to have no federal income tax liability in 2024. You had no federal income tax liability in 2023 if (1) your total tax on line 24 on your 2023 Form 1040 or 1040-SR is zero (or less than the sum of lines 27, 28, and 29), or (2) you were not required to file a return because your income was below the filing threshold for your correct filing status. If you claim exemption, you will have no income tax withheld from your paycheck and may owe taxes and penalties when you file your 2024 tax return. To claim exemption from withholding, certify that you meet both of the conditions above by writing "Exempt" on Form W-4 in the space below Step 4(c). Then, complete Steps 1(a), 1(b), and 5. Do not complete any other steps. You will need to submit a new Form W-4 by February 15, 2025.

Your privacy. Steps 2(c) and 4(a) ask for information regarding income you received from sources other than the job associated with this Form W-4. If you have concerns with providing the information asked for in Step 2(c), you may choose Step 2(b) as an alternative; if you have concerns with providing the information asked for in Step 4(a), you may enter an additional amount you want withheld per pay period in Step 4(c) as an alternative.

When to use the estimator. Consider using the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App if you:

1. Expect to work only part of the year;
2. Receive dividends, capital gains, social security, bonuses, or business income, or are subject to the Additional Medicare Tax or Net Investment Income Tax; or
3. Prefer the most accurate withholding for multiple job situations.

Self-employment. Generally, you will owe both income and self-employment taxes on any self-employment income you receive separate from the wages you receive as an employee. If you want to pay these taxes through withholding from your wages, use the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App to figure the amount to have withheld.

Nonresident alien. If you're a nonresident alien, see Notice 1392, Supplemental Form W-4 Instructions for Nonresident Aliens, before completing this form.

Specific Instructions

Step 1(c). Check your anticipated filing status. This will determine the standard deduction and tax rates used to compute your withholding.

Step 2. Use this step if you (1) have more than one job at the same time, or (2) are married filing jointly and you and your spouse both work.

Option (a) most accurately calculates the additional tax you need to have withheld, while option (b) does so with a little less accuracy.

Instead, if you (and your spouse) have a total of only two jobs, you may check the box in option (c). The box must also be checked on the Form W-4 for the other job. If the box is checked, the standard deduction and tax brackets will be cut in half for each job to calculate withholding. This option is accurate for jobs with similar pay; otherwise, more tax than necessary may be withheld, and this extra amount will be larger the greater the difference in pay is between the two jobs.



Multiple jobs. Complete Steps 3 through 4(b) on only one Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you do this on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.

Step 3. This step provides instructions for determining the amount of the child tax credit and the credit for other dependents that you may be able to claim when you file your tax return. To qualify for the child tax credit, the child must be under age 17 as of December 31, must be your dependent who generally lives with you for more than half the year, and must have the required social security number. You may be able to claim a credit for other dependents for whom a child tax credit can't be claimed, such as an older child or a qualifying relative. For additional eligibility requirements for these credits, see Pub. 501, Dependents, Standard Deduction, and Filing Information. You can also include **other tax credits** for which you are eligible in this step, such as the foreign tax credit and the education tax credits. To do so, add an estimate of the amount for the year to your credits for dependents and enter the total amount in Step 3. Including these credits will increase your paycheck and reduce the amount of any refund you may receive when you file your tax return.

Step 4 (optional).

Step 4(a). Enter in this step the total of your other estimated income for the year, if any. You shouldn't include income from any jobs or self-employment. If you complete Step 4(a), you likely won't have to make estimated tax payments for that income. If you prefer to pay estimated tax rather than having tax on other income withheld from your paycheck, see Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

Step 4(b). Enter in this step the amount from the Deductions Worksheet, line 5, if you expect to claim deductions other than the basic standard deduction on your 2024 tax return and want to reduce your withholding to account for these deductions. This includes both itemized deductions and other deductions such as for student loan interest and IRAs.

Step 4(c). Enter in this step any additional tax you want withheld from your pay **each pay period**, including any amounts from the Multiple Jobs Worksheet, line 4. Entering an amount here will reduce your paycheck and will either increase your refund or reduce any amount of tax that you owe.

Step 2(b) – Multiple Jobs Worksheet (Keep for your records.)



If you choose the option in Step 2(b) on Form W-4, complete this worksheet (which calculates the total extra tax for all jobs) on only ONE Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you complete the worksheet and enter the result on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job. To be accurate, submit a new Form W-4 for all other jobs if you have not updated your withholding since 2019.

Note: If more than one job has annual wages of more than \$120,000 or there are more than three jobs, see Pub. 505 for additional tables; or, you can use the online withholding estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App.

- 1 Two jobs. If you have two jobs or you're married filing jointly and you and your spouse each have one job, find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4: Using the "Higher Paying Job" row and the "Lower Paying Job" column, find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 1. Then, skip to line 3. 1 \$
2 Three jobs. If you and/or your spouse have three jobs at the same time, complete lines 2a, 2b, and 2c below. Otherwise, skip to line 3.
a Find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 using the annual wages from the highest paying job in the "Higher Paying Job" row and the annual wages for your next highest paying job in the "Lower Paying Job" column. Find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 2a. 2a \$
b Add the annual wages of the two highest paying jobs from line 2a together and use the total as the wages in the "Higher Paying Job" row and use the annual wages for your third job in the "Lower Paying Job" column to find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 and enter this amount on line 2b. 2b \$
c Add the amounts from lines 2a and 2b and enter the result on line 2c. 2c \$
3 Enter the number of pay periods per year for the highest paying job. For example, if that job pays weekly, enter 52; if it pays every other week, enter 26; if it pays monthly, enter 12, etc. 3
4 Divide the annual amount on line 1 or line 2c by the number of pay periods on line 3. Enter this amount here and in Step 4(c) of Form W-4 for the highest paying job (along with any other additional amount you want withheld). 4 \$

Step 4(b) – Deductions Worksheet (Keep for your records.)



- 1 Enter an estimate of your 2024 itemized deductions (from Schedule A (Form 1040)). Such deductions may include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes (up to \$10,000), and medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income. 1 \$
2 Enter: { \$29,200 if you're married filing jointly or a qualifying surviving spouse; \$21,900 if you're head of household; \$14,600 if you're single or married filing separately } 2 \$
3 If line 1 is greater than line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1 and enter the result here. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter "-0-" 3 \$
4 Enter an estimate of your student loan interest, deductible IRA contributions, and certain other adjustments (from Part II of Schedule 1 (Form 1040)). See Pub. 505 for more information. 4 \$
5 Add lines 3 and 4. Enter the result here and in Step 4(b) of Form W-4. 5 \$

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. Internal Revenue Code sections 3402(f)(2) and 6109 and their regulations require you to provide this information; your employer uses it to determine your federal income tax withholding. Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your being treated as a single person with no other entries on the form; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation; to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their tax laws; and to the Department of Health and Human Services for use in the National Directory of New Hires. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Code section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

Married Filing Jointly or Qualifying Surviving Spouse

Higher Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$0	\$0	\$780	\$850	\$940	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,370
\$10,000 - 19,999	0	780	1,780	1,940	2,140	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,570	3,570
\$20,000 - 29,999	780	1,780	2,870	3,140	3,340	3,420	3,420	3,420	3,420	3,770	4,770	5,770
\$30,000 - 39,999	850	1,940	3,140	3,410	3,610	3,690	3,690	3,690	4,040	5,040	6,040	7,040
\$40,000 - 49,999	940	2,140	3,340	3,610	3,810	3,890	3,890	4,240	5,240	6,240	7,240	8,240
\$50,000 - 59,999	1,020	2,220	3,420	3,690	3,890	3,970	4,320	5,320	6,320	7,320	8,320	9,320
\$60,000 - 69,999	1,020	2,220	3,420	3,690	3,890	4,320	5,320	6,320	7,320	8,320	9,320	10,320
\$70,000 - 79,999	1,020	2,220	3,420	3,690	4,240	5,320	6,320	7,320	8,320	9,320	10,320	11,320
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,020	2,220	3,620	4,890	6,090	7,170	8,170	9,170	10,170	11,170	12,170	13,170
\$100,000 - 149,999	1,870	4,070	6,270	7,540	8,740	9,820	10,820	11,820	12,830	14,030	15,230	16,430
\$150,000 - 239,999	1,960	4,360	6,760	8,230	9,630	10,910	12,110	13,310	14,510	15,710	16,910	18,110
\$240,000 - 259,999	2,040	4,440	6,840	8,310	9,710	10,990	12,190	13,390	14,590	15,790	16,990	18,190
\$260,000 - 279,999	2,040	4,440	6,840	8,310	9,710	10,990	12,190	13,390	14,590	15,790	16,990	18,190
\$280,000 - 299,999	2,040	4,440	6,840	8,310	9,710	10,990	12,190	13,390	14,590	15,790	16,990	18,380
\$300,000 - 319,999	2,040	4,440	6,840	8,310	9,710	10,990	12,190	13,390	14,590	15,980	17,980	19,980
\$320,000 - 364,999	2,040	4,440	6,840	8,310	9,710	11,280	13,280	15,280	17,280	19,280	21,280	23,280
\$365,000 - 524,999	2,720	6,010	9,510	12,080	14,580	16,950	19,250	21,550	23,850	26,150	28,450	30,750
\$525,000 and over	3,140	6,840	10,540	13,310	16,010	18,590	21,090	23,590	26,090	28,590	31,090	33,590

Single or Married Filing Separately

Higher Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$240	\$870	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,540	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,910	\$2,040
\$10,000 - 19,999	870	1,680	1,830	1,830	2,350	3,350	3,680	3,680	3,680	3,720	3,920	4,050
\$20,000 - 29,999	1,020	1,830	1,980	2,510	3,510	4,510	4,830	4,830	4,870	5,070	5,270	5,400
\$30,000 - 39,999	1,020	1,830	2,510	3,510	4,510	5,510	5,830	5,870	6,070	6,270	6,470	6,600
\$40,000 - 59,999	1,390	3,200	4,360	5,360	6,360	7,370	7,890	8,090	8,290	8,490	8,690	8,820
\$60,000 - 79,999	1,870	3,680	4,830	5,840	7,040	8,240	8,770	8,970	9,170	9,370	9,570	9,700
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,870	3,690	5,040	6,240	7,440	8,640	9,170	9,370	9,570	9,770	9,970	10,810
\$100,000 - 124,999	2,040	4,050	5,400	6,600	7,800	9,000	9,530	9,730	10,180	11,180	12,180	13,120
\$125,000 - 149,999	2,040	4,050	5,400	6,600	7,800	9,000	10,180	11,180	12,180	13,180	14,180	15,310
\$150,000 - 174,999	2,040	4,050	5,400	6,860	8,860	10,860	12,180	13,180	14,230	15,530	16,830	18,060
\$175,000 - 199,999	2,040	4,710	6,860	8,860	10,860	12,860	14,380	15,680	16,980	18,280	19,580	20,810
\$200,000 - 249,999	2,720	5,610	8,060	10,360	12,660	14,960	16,590	17,890	19,190	20,490	21,790	23,020
\$250,000 - 399,999	2,970	6,080	8,540	10,840	13,140	15,440	17,060	18,360	19,660	20,960	22,260	23,500
\$400,000 - 449,999	2,970	6,080	8,540	10,840	13,140	15,440	17,060	18,360	19,660	20,960	22,260	23,500
\$450,000 and over	3,140	6,450	9,110	11,610	14,110	16,610	18,430	19,930	21,430	22,930	24,430	25,870

Head of Household

Higher Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$0	\$510	\$850	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,220	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,960
\$10,000 - 19,999	510	1,510	2,020	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,420	3,420	4,070	4,070	4,160	4,360
\$20,000 - 29,999	850	2,020	2,560	2,760	2,760	2,960	3,960	4,960	5,610	5,700	5,900	6,100
\$30,000 - 39,999	1,020	2,220	2,760	2,960	3,160	4,160	5,160	6,160	6,900	7,100	7,300	7,500
\$40,000 - 59,999	1,020	2,220	2,810	4,010	5,010	6,010	7,070	8,270	9,120	9,320	9,520	9,720
\$60,000 - 79,999	1,070	3,270	4,810	6,010	7,070	8,270	9,470	10,670	11,520	11,720	11,920	12,120
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,870	4,070	5,670	7,070	8,270	9,470	10,670	11,870	12,720	12,920	13,120	13,450
\$100,000 - 124,999	2,020	4,420	6,160	7,560	8,760	9,960	11,160	12,360	13,210	13,880	14,880	15,880
\$125,000 - 149,999	2,040	4,440	6,180	7,580	8,780	9,980	11,250	13,250	14,900	15,900	16,900	17,900
\$150,000 - 174,999	2,040	4,440	6,180	7,580	9,250	11,250	13,250	15,250	16,900	18,030	19,330	20,630
\$175,000 - 199,999	2,040	4,510	7,050	9,250	11,250	13,250	15,250	17,530	19,480	20,780	22,080	23,380
\$200,000 - 249,999	2,720	5,920	8,620	11,120	13,420	15,720	18,020	20,320	22,270	23,570	24,870	26,170
\$250,000 - 449,999	2,970	6,470	9,310	11,810	14,110	16,410	18,710	21,010	22,960	24,260	25,560	26,860
\$450,000 and over	3,140	6,840	9,880	12,580	15,080	17,580	20,080	22,580	24,730	26,230	27,730	29,230

PAID FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES (25 or more Workers)

Please read this notice carefully. It contains important information about your rights, obligations, and eligibility under the Massachusetts Paid Family and Medical Leave (PFML) law. Please keep this notice for your records.

The Massachusetts PFML law provides most Massachusetts employees the right to paid family and medical leave. These rights are described further below and include both (1) job protection when the employee returns to work and (2) partial wage-replacement benefits while the employee is out of work. Employers can provide these benefits either by (1) participating in the PFML Trust Fund operated by the Massachusetts Department of Family and Medical Leave (the Department), or (2) providing an exempt private plan that offers benefits at least as generous as those available through the Department.

Regardless of whether your employer participates in the state Trust Fund or has a private plan, you will be entitled to certain benefits and protections. You may be required to make contributions to the Trust Fund or to fund your employer's private plan, but only up to a certain amount. You will also need to tell your employer when you need leave, and you will need to file an application for benefits with the Department or through your employer's private plan.

An employer may apply for an exemption from the medical leave contribution, family leave contribution, or both. Your employer must provide you information about the private plan and the application process. Your employer has made that information available:

- In the box below
- As an attachment to this Notice
- Other: _____
- N/A (Employer contributes to Trust Fund)

<u>Front Line, Inc</u> (Employer Name)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Does not have an approved private plan and is providing all leave benefits through the Department;	
_____ (Private Plan Name)		<input type="checkbox"/> Has an approved private plan for both family and medical leave benefits;
_____ (Private Plan Phone Number)		<input type="checkbox"/> Has an approved private plan for family leave benefits only, and is providing medical leave benefits through the Department;
_____ (Private Plan Address)		<input type="checkbox"/> Has an approved private plan for medical leave benefits only and is providing family leave benefits through the Department.
_____ (Private Plan Website)		

I. Explanation of Benefits

Leave Allotments. Under the PFML Law, you may be entitled to up to:

- 12 weeks of paid family leave in a benefit year for the birth, adoption, or foster care placement of a child; to care for a family member with a serious health condition; or because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that a family member is on active duty or has been notified of an impending call to active duty in the Armed Forces;
- 20 weeks of paid medical leave in a benefit year if they have a serious health condition that incapacitates them from work;
- 26 weeks of paid family leave in a benefit year to care for a family member who is a covered service member undergoing medical treatment or otherwise addressing consequences of a serious health condition relating to the family member's military service;
- 26 total weeks, in the aggregate, of paid family and medical leave in a single benefit year.

A "benefit year" is the 12 months preceding the Sunday immediately before your leave begins.

Other Leaves. Any leave you take – paid or unpaid – for the same qualifying reasons listed above will count towards your amount of leave for that benefit year.

Eligibility. You will be eligible for leave and wage-replacement benefits if you meet the earnings test. You must have earned at least 30 times the expected benefit amount and met the minimum earnings requirement established annually by the Department of Unemployment Assistance (DUA), which is \$6,300 for 2024, during the last 4 completed calendar quarters. (This is the amount calculated in the "Wage Replacement Payments" section below.)

Wage Replacement Payments. When you take leave for any of the reasons described above, you will be eligible to apply to the Department or to your employer's private plan for wage replacement benefits. These benefits will be a proportion of your average weekly earnings. Your maximum potential benefit amount will be as follows:

- 80% of earnings up to 50% of the State Average Weekly Wage
- 50% of earnings above the State Average Weekly Wage
- In no event more than a maximum amount. For 2024, this maximum benefit amount is \$1149.90. This amount will be adjusted annually based on increases in the State Average Weekly Wage.

Private plans may choose to provide higher benefits but may not provide lower amounts than what the Department would pay.

Concurrent Benefits Payments. If you receive benefits from other sources while you are also receiving benefits from the Department, the benefits you receive from the Department may be reduced. Certain types of other benefits will cause a one-for-one reduction in benefits you receive from the Department. This means that for each dollar you receive from these benefits, your benefit from the Department will decrease by a dollar. Benefits that will have this effect include:

- Workers' Compensation
- Unemployment Insurance
- Permanent Disability Policies or Programs
- Extended Illness Leave Bank Leave

Other forms of benefits will not reduce the benefits you receive from the Department unless you are receiving more than your average weekly wage in total benefits. Benefits that will have this effect include:

- Temporary Disability Policies or Programs (including both Short-Term Disability and Long-Term Disability)
- Employer-run Family and/or Medical Leave Policies or Programs

Topping off PFML benefit payments. For applications filed on or after November 1, 2023, employees receiving PFML benefits may supplement (or “top off”) their PFML benefits with any available accrued paid leave (sick time, vacation, PTO, personal time, etc.). For employees who choose to supplement their PFML benefits in this way, the combined weekly sum of PFML benefits and employer-provided paid leave benefits cannot exceed the employee’s Individual Average Weekly Wage (IAWW). Employers will be responsible for monitoring and ensuring that the combined weekly sum of employer-provided paid leave benefits and PFML benefits does not exceed an employee’s IAWW. Employers are also responsible for managing any payments made to an employee that exceed the employee’s IAWW. The Department is not involved in the repayment process for top off overages. This process is solely the responsibility of the employer and the employee.

If the application is filed on or after November 1, 2023, applications filed retroactively for a leave that began before November 1, 2023, are eligible for topping off.

II. Employee Rights and Protections

Job Protection. Generally, if you take family or medical leave, once you return to work, your employer must restore you to your previous position or to an equivalent position, with the same status, pay, employment benefits, length-of-service credit, and seniority as of the date you started your leave. This may not apply if your position was eliminated due to economic reasons unrelated to your use of leave.

Continuation of Health Insurance. Your employer must continue to provide for and contribute to your employment-related health insurance benefits, if any, at the level and under the conditions coverage would have been provided if you had continued working for the duration of such leave. Your employer may require you to continue to pay your portion of your health insurance premium on the same terms and conditions as before your leave.

No Retaliation. It is unlawful for any employer to discriminate or retaliate against you for exercising any right to which you are entitled under the paid family and medical leave law. An employee or former employee who is retaliated against for exercising rights under the law may, not more than three years after the violation occurs, institute a civil action in the superior court.

III. Contribution Amounts

To help fund paid leave benefits available under the PFML law, your employer may make a contribution, funded in part by a deduction from your wages, which will either be remitted to the Trust Fund or to the operator of your employer’s private plan. An employer who contributes to the Trust Fund will be required to contribute the following amounts:

Family Leave Contribution	Medical Leave Contribution	Total Contribution Amount
0.18% of earnings*	0.70% of earnings*	0.88% of earnings*

Because your employer has 25 or more covered workers, the total contribution amount is 0.88% of wages.

Under the law, employers are responsible for a minimum of 60% of the medical leave contribution (.42% of wages) but are permitted to deduct from employees’ wages up to 40% of the medical leave contribution (.28% of wages) and up to 100% of the family leave contribution (.18% of wages) for a total of .46% of wages. Whether your

employer has a private plan or participates in the state Trust Fund, your employer cannot deduct more than these percentages from your wages.

Your employer has elected to allocate the contribution amount as follows:

Total Required Contribution: .70%*			
Medical Leave	Front Line, Inc <hr/> (Employer Name)	will contribute	<u> .42 </u> % of the medical leave contribution
		and the remaining	<u> .28 </u> % will be deducted from your earnings

Total Required Contribution: .18%*			
Family Leave	Front Line, Inc <hr/> (Employer Name)	will contribute	<u> .0 </u> % of the family leave contribution
		and the remaining	<u> .18 </u> % will be deducted from your earnings

Please initial here to indicate that you understand that this percentage of your wages earned in a pay period will be deducted from your pay each pay period: _____

* The numbers provided are through 2024. These rates may be adjusted on an annual basis, effective January 1 of each calendar year.

IV. Notifying your Employer

BEFORE you take leave or apply for benefits, you MUST notify your employer that you need to take leave. You are required to provide at least 30 days' notice of your need for leave. If 30 days' notice is not possible due to circumstances beyond your control, you must provide notice as soon as practicable, and in any event, before you file any application for benefits.

When you notify your employer of your need for leave, you must provide the following information:

1. The anticipated start date of leave;
2. The anticipated length of the leave;
3. The expected date of return from leave;
4. Whether you will need intermittent leave (leave taken in separate blocks of two or more) or reduced leave (leave that involves a reduced schedule of fewer hours or days per week), and;
5. If you need intermittent or reduced leave schedule, the expected frequency of leave and expected duration of each instance of leave.

If any of this information changes, you must tell your employer as soon as you are aware of the change.

V. Submitting an application

To apply for PFML benefits, you will need the following information about your employer:

Front Line, Inc
(Employer Name)
58 Mellen Street
(Employer Street Address)
Hopedale, MA 01747
(Employer City, State, Zip)
04-3425068
(Federal Employer ID Number) (FEIN)

If your employer contributes to the Trust Fund, you must submit an application for benefits with the Department. You may submit this application in one of two ways:

1. You can create an account to apply online through the Department's Application Website at paidleave.mass.gov/login/
2. You can call the Department's Contact Center at (833) 344-7365 to complete an application over the phone.

Forms and application instructions are available on the Department's website at www.mass.gov/info-details/get-ready-to-apply-for-paid-family-and-medical-leave-pfml-benefits.

VI. For More Information

For more detailed information, please consult the Department's website: www.mass.gov/DFML. You may contact the Department of Family and Medical Leave at:

The Massachusetts Department of Family and Medical Leave
PO Box 838
Lawrence, MA 01842
Contact Center: (833) 344-7365

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Your signature below acknowledges your receipt of the information above within 30 days from the start date of your employment.

Signature

Date

Name (Print)

Your signed acknowledgement will be retained by your employer. Please retain a copy for your own reference.

Your signed acknowledgement will be retained by your employer. Please retain a copy for your own reference.



Employment Eligibility Verification

Department of Homeland Security
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

USCIS
Form I-9
OMB No. 1615-0047
Expires 07/31/2026

START HERE: Employers must ensure the form instructions are available to employees when completing this form. Employers are liable for failing to comply with the requirements for completing this form. See below and the **Instructions**.

ANTI-DISCRIMINATION NOTICE: All employees can choose which acceptable documentation to present for Form I-9. Employers cannot ask employees for documentation to verify information in **Section 1**, or specify which acceptable documentation employees must present for **Section 2** or Supplement B, Reverification and Rehire. Treating employees differently based on their citizenship, immigration status, or national origin may be illegal.

Section 1 Employee Information and Attestation: Employees must complete and sign Section 1 of Form I-9 no later than the **first day of employment**, but not before accepting a job offer.

Last Name (Family Name)		First Name (Given Name)		Middle Initial (if any)	Other Last Names Used (if any)	
Address (Street Number and Name)			Apt. Number (if any)	City or Town		State ZIP Code
Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)	U.S. Social Security Number		Employee's Email Address			Employee's Telephone Number

I am aware that federal law provides for imprisonment and/or fines for false statements, or the use of false documents, in connection with the completion of this form. I attest, under penalty of perjury, that this information, including my selection of the box attesting to my citizenship or immigration status, is true and correct.

Check one of the following boxes to attest to your citizenship or immigration status (See page 2 and 3 of the instructions.):

1. A citizen of the United States

2. A noncitizen national of the United States (See Instructions.)

3. A lawful permanent resident (Enter USCIS or A-Number.)

4. A noncitizen (other than Item Numbers 2. and 3. above) authorized to work until (exp. date, if any)

If you check Item Number 4., enter one of these:

USCIS A-Number	OR	Form I-94 Admission Number	OR	Foreign Passport Number and Country of Issuance
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Signature of Employee _____ Today's Date (mm/dd/yyyy) _____

If a preparer and/or translator assisted you in completing Section 1, that person **MUST** complete the **Preparer and/or Translator Certification** on Page 3.

Section 2 Employer Review and Verification: Employers or their authorized representative must complete and sign **Section 2** within three business days after the employee's first day of employment, and must physically examine, or examine consistent with an alternative procedure authorized by the Secretary of DHS, documentation from List A OR a combination of documentation from List B and List C. Enter any additional documentation in the Additional Information box, see Instructions.

Document Title 1	List A	OR	List B	AND	List C
Issuing Authority					
Document Number (if any)					
Expiration Date (if any)					
Document Title 2 (if any)	Additional Information				
Issuing Authority					
Document Number (if any)					
Expiration Date (if any)					
Document Title 3 (if any)	<input type="checkbox"/> Check here if you used an alternative procedure authorized by DHS to examine documents.				
Issuing Authority					
Document Number (if any)					
Expiration Date (if any)					

Certification: I attest, under penalty of perjury, that (1) I have examined the documentation presented by the above-named employee, (2) the above-listed documentation appears to be genuine and to relate to the employee named, and (3) to the best of my knowledge, the employee is authorized to work in the United States.

Last Name, First Name and Title of Employer or Authorized Representative		Signature of Employer or Authorized Representative		Today's Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
Employer's Business or Organization Name		Employer's Business or Organization Address, City or Town, State, ZIP Code		

For reverification or rehire, complete **Supplement B, Reverification and Rehire** on Page 4.

LISTS OF ACCEPTABLE DOCUMENTS

All documents containing an expiration date must be unexpired.

* Documents extended by the issuing authority are considered unexpired.

Employees may present one selection from List A or a combination of one selection from List B and one selection from List C.

Examples of many of these documents appear in the Handbook for Employers (M-274).

LIST A Documents that Establish Both Identity and Employment Authorization	OR	LIST B Documents that Establish Identity	AND	LIST C Documents that Establish Employment Authorization
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. U.S. Passport or U.S. Passport Card 2. Permanent Resident Card or Alien Registration Receipt Card (Form I-551) 3. Foreign passport that contains a temporary I-551 stamp or temporary I-551 printed notation on a machine-readable immigrant visa 4. Employment Authorization Document that contains a photograph (Form I-766) 5. For an individual temporarily authorized to work for a specific employer because of his or her status or parole: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Foreign passport; and b. Form I-94 or Form I-94A that has the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) The same name as the passport; and (2) An endorsement of the individual's status or parole as long as that period of endorsement has not yet expired and the proposed employment is not in conflict with any restrictions or limitations identified on the form. 6. Passport from the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) or the Republic of the Marshall Islands (RMI) with Form I-94 or Form I-94A indicating nonimmigrant admission under the Compact of Free Association Between the United States and the FSM or RMI 	OR	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Driver's license or ID card issued by a State or outlying possession of the United States provided it contains a photograph or information such as name, date of birth, gender, height, eye color, and address 2. ID card issued by federal, state or local government agencies or entities, provided it contains a photograph or information such as name, date of birth, gender, height, eye color, and address 3. School ID card with a photograph 4. Voter's registration card 5. U.S. Military card or draft record 6. Military dependent's ID card 7. U.S. Coast Guard Merchant Mariner Card 8. Native American tribal document 9. Driver's license issued by a Canadian government authority <li style="text-align: center;">For persons under age 18 who are unable to present a document listed above: 10. School record or report card 11. Clinic, doctor, or hospital record 12. Day-care or nursery school record 	AND	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A Social Security Account Number card, unless the card includes one of the following restrictions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) NOT VALID FOR EMPLOYMENT (2) VALID FOR WORK ONLY WITH INS AUTHORIZATION (3) VALID FOR WORK ONLY WITH DHS AUTHORIZATION 2. Certification of report of birth issued by the Department of State (Forms DS-1350, FS-545, FS-240) 3. Original or certified copy of birth certificate issued by a State, county, municipal authority, or territory of the United States bearing an official seal 4. Native American tribal document 5. U.S. Citizen ID Card (Form I-197) 6. Identification Card for Use of Resident Citizen in the United States (Form I-179) 7. Employment authorization document issued by the Department of Homeland Security <p style="margin-left: 20px;">For examples, see Section 7 and Section 13 of the M-274 on uscis.gov/i-9-central.</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">The Form I-766, Employment Authorization Document, is a List A, Item Number 4, document, not a List C document.</p>
<p>Acceptable Receipts</p> <p>May be presented in lieu of a document listed above for a temporary period.</p> <p>For receipt validity dates, see the M-274.</p>				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Receipt for a replacement of a lost, stolen, or damaged List A document. • Form I-94 issued to a lawful permanent resident that contains an I-551 stamp and a photograph of the individual. • Form I-94 with "RE" notation or refugee stamp issued to a refugee. 	OR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Receipt for a replacement of a lost, stolen, or damaged List B document. 	OR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Receipt for a replacement of a lost, stolen, or damaged List C document.

*Refer to the Employment Authorization Extensions page on **I-9 Central** for more information.



58 Mellen Street
Hopedale, MA 01747
Phone (508) 634-6600 Fax (508) 634-3611

Memo

To: All field employees
From: Kim Harney
Date: 2/23/2009
Re: State taxes / Union dues

As of March 1, 2009 all payroll taxes and union benefits will follow the state where the work was performed per state regulations. If you have any questions please contact me @ 508-634-6600.

EARNED SICK TIME

Notice of Employee Rights

Beginning July 1, 2015, Massachusetts employees have the right to earn and take sick leave from work.

WHO QUALIFIES?

All employees in Massachusetts can earn sick time.

This includes full-time, part-time, temporary, and seasonal employees.

HOW IS IT EARNED?

- Employees earn 1 hour of sick time for every 30 hours they work.
- Employees can earn and use up to 40 hours per year if they work enough hours.
- Employees with unused earned sick time at the end of the year can **rollover up to 40 hours**.
- Employees **begin earning** sick time on their first day of work and **may begin using** earned sick time 90 days after starting work.

WILL IT BE PAID?

- If an employer has 11 or more employees, sick time must be paid.
- For employers with 10 or fewer employees, sick time may be unpaid.
- Paid sick time must be paid on the same schedule and at the same rate as regular wages.

WHEN CAN IT BE USED?

- An employee can use sick time when the employee or the employee's child, spouse, parent, or parent of a spouse is sick, has a medical appointment, or has to address the effects of domestic violence.
- The smallest amount of sick time an employee can take is one hour.
- Sick time cannot be used as an excuse to be late for work without advance notice of a proper use.
- Use of sick time for other purposes is not allowed and may result in an employee being disciplined.

CAN AN EMPLOYER HAVE A DIFFERENT POLICY?

Yes. Employers may have their own sick leave or paid time off policy, so long as employees can use at least the same amount of time, for the same reasons, and with the same job-protections as under the Earned Sick Time Law.

RETALIATION

- Employees using earned sick time cannot be fired or otherwise retaliated against for exercising or attempting to exercise rights under the law.
- Examples of retaliation include: denying use or delaying payment of earned sick time, firing an employee, taking away work hours, or giving the employee undesirable assignments.

NOTICE & VERIFICATION

- Employees must notify their employer before they use sick time, except in an emergency.
- Employers may require employees to use a **reasonable notification system** the employer creates.
- Employees out of work for 3 consecutive days **OR** using sick time within 2 weeks prior to leaving their jobs, may be required by their employer to provide documentation from a medical provider.

DO YOU HAVE QUESTIONS?

Call the Fair Labor Division at 617-727-3465 E-Mail us at EarnedSickTime@state.ma.us

Visit www.mass.gov/ago/earnedsicktime



Commonwealth of Massachusetts
Office of the Attorney General

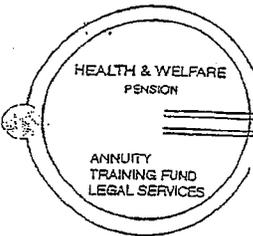
The Attorney General enforces the Earned Sick Time Law and regulations.

It is unlawful to violate any provision of the Earned Sick Time Law.

Violations of any provision of the Earned Sick time law, M.G.L. c. 149, §148C, or these regulations, 940 CMR 33.00 shall be subject to paragraphs (1), (2), (4), (6) and (7) of subsection (b) of M.G.L. c. 149, §27C(b) and to §150.

This notice is intended to inform.

Full text of the law and regulations are available at www.mass.gov/ago/earnedsicktime.



MASSACHUSETTS LABORERS' BENEFIT FUNDS

14 NEW ENGLAND EXECUTIVE PARK • SUITE 200
P.O. BOX 4000, BURLINGTON, MASSACHUSETTS 01803-0900
TELEPHONE (781) 272-1000 OR (800) 342-3792 FAX (781) 272-2226

**IMPORTANT - IF YOU ARE A LABORER AND WORK IN
CONNECTICUT OR RHODE ISLAND**

NEW ENGLAND LABORERS' RECIPROCAL AGREEMENT

**TO ALL MASSACHUSETTS LABORERS BENEFIT PLAN
PARTICIPANTS:**

We are pleased to announce that effective for work performed on and after July 1, 2005, should you work in the states of Connecticut or Rhode Island, your contractor must pay all fringe benefit contributions and dues to conform to the collective bargaining agreement provisions in the jurisdiction in which you work. For example, should you work in Rhode Island the wage rate and other contribution rates established by the Rhode Island collective bargaining agreement must be remitted by your contractor to the Rhode Island Laborers' Funds. Once the Rhode Island Laborers' Funds have received your contributions from your employer, the contributions paid to those Funds, namely health and welfare, pension and annuity, will be reciprocated back to Massachusetts on your behalf. Contributions for work in Connecticut or Rhode Island are no longer permitted to be directly remitted by your contractor to the Massachusetts Laborers' Benefit Funds. This process is accomplished by the Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut Laborers' Funds signing a "money-follows-the-man" reciprocal agreement that requires the transfer of your fringe benefit contributions back to your "Home Funds" in Massachusetts.

In order to have contributions exchanged in a timely manner, **WHEN EVER YOU WORK OUTSIDE THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS YOU MUST CONTACT THE FUND OFFICE.** This will enable this office to follow up with the Fund Office in the state in which you are working to reciprocate the contributions received by those Funds on your behalf.

The Reciprocal Agreements provide that should you wish contributions for your work in Connecticut or Rhode Island to stay with those Funds, you have the options to elect **NOT** to have your contributions reciprocated. Please contact the Fund Offices in Massachusetts and the state you are working in and advise them that you do not authorize the transfer of contributions to your Home Fund in Massachusetts for that particular job assignment.

Should you have any questions regarding the "money-follow-the-man" reciprocal agreements, please contact the Fund Office.

Sincerely,

Board of Trustees





58 Mellen Street, Hopedale, MA 01747
Voice 1-508-634-6600 • Fax 1-508-473-0735

DIRECT DEPOSIT NOTICE

October 25, 2022

RE: Direct deposit

To whom it may concern,

We will be rolling out direct deposit for our field employees. If you would like direct deposit please fill out the attached form and return it along with a voided check or a letter from your banking institution on their bank letterhead stating the routing and account number. The funds can only be deposited into an account in your own name. The voided check or bank letter must be attached to complete the set up. The form can be turbo scanned to kharney@frontlineinc.info or send the hard copy into the office via mail or a delivery person. Once this form is received in the office there will be a 7 day set up window. The direct deposits will hit your account on Thursdays.

If you choose not to take advantage of direct deposit your check will be mailed.

**Just as a reminder timesheets are due by 9pm on Sunday in order to expedite
this process!!**

Thank You,

Kimberly Harney
Office Manager
Front Line, Inc.

FRONT LINE, INC

DIRECT DEPOSIT AUTHORIZATION FORM

Employee Name	Department
---------------	------------

I authorize you and the financial institution(s) listed below to deposit my pay automatically to the indicated account(s) and to make adjusting entries as may be required.

Bank/Financial Institution and Account Number	State	Type of Account		Account Number

Additional Comments:

Please attach a voided check or deposit slip as verification of each direct deposit request.

It is my responsibility to verify deposits on a per pay period basis before accessing and writing checks against these funds. This Authorization can take up to three (3) pay periods to activate. I understand that neither the payroll servicer nor my employer is responsible for bank error or fees. I may change these direct deposit accounts at any time.

Signature	Date
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