Carpenteria

CNPS SEQUOIA CHAPTER



September 2016 www.cnps-sequoia.org

CONSERVATION REPORT

--Jeanne Larson

©1995 Saint Mary's College of California
-Carpenteria californica-



Carpenteria californica, or bush anemone, is our Sequoia Chapter logo. It was chosen because it is endemic to Fresno County, only found growing in the foothills between the San Joaquin and Kings Rivers. However, one or two rare sightings have been reported in Madera County.

This year's Goose Fire burned about half of the 1670 acres that make up Black Mountain, a *Carpenteria* preserve. Fire in this area hasn't burned in perhaps ninety years. Consequently, there were some areas where the fire intensity was very hot. Revegetation of those areas will be lengthy, perhaps as long as 30 years. In areas where the burn was not so intense, next spring should produce a

bountiful wildflower show. Areas covered by slurry (diammonium phosphate fertilizer in suspension with colorant) will produce more abundant forage in the 1) herbage or 2) grasses and forbes.

I was recently browsing a FREMONTIA from September 2014 (V.42, No.3, Pg.7) titled "Managing Burned Landscapes in the Sierra Nevada: Back to the Future (Slowly)" by Carolyn Longstreth. Some highlights read as follows: "Early succession vegetation...is adapted to postpone reproduction until stand-replacing disturbance—usually fire—releases resources of light, moisture, and nutrients that had previously been scarce... For example, many kinds of shrubs

including yerba santa (*Eriodictyon californicum*), manzanita (*Arctostaphylos* spp.),

and chamise (*Adenostoma fasciculatum*), resprout from burls or lignotubers—vegetative buds on deep underground stumps—sometimes a soon as two weeks post-fire. [Seed exposed to heat in the range of 100°C to 130°C breaks their waterproof barrier and allows moisture to enter and germination to occur. Very intense heat destroys seed]."



-Adenostoma fasciculatum- ©2009 Keir Morse



"[In another adaptation, plants such as bush anemone, chamise, golden ear drops (Ehrendorferia chrysantha), -Adenostoma fasciculatum- ©1995 Saint Mary's College of California

Baker's globe mallow (*Iliamna bakeri*), and Greenleaf Manzanita (*Arctosaphylos patula*)] require exposure to chemicals leached from charred wood to trigger germination, normally within two years following a fire."

This rare occurrence of *Carpenteria* germination should be interesting to follow. Let's hope for a good winter rainy season.

FIELD REPORT

-- Jane Pritchard & Eileen Bennet

Rare Plants of Patterson Mountain (Part 1)

On July 30, 2016 everybody drove up Dinkey Road past McKinley Grove and met at the Hall Meadow campground to carpool. We continued up McKinley Grove Road and turned right down Black Rock Road above the Kings River drainage past the Sawmill Flat campground. *Carlquistia muirii* (Muir's tarplant*), *Heterotheca villosa* var. *minor* (hairy golden aster), *Eriogonum lobbii* (Lobb's buckwheat), and *Cordylanthus tenuis* ssp. *barbatus* (Fresno County bird's-beak*) grew among the granite rocks on the uphill bank of the road. *Lepidium virginicum* ssp. *virginicum* (peppergrass) inhabited the dry disturbed roadside.

We backtracked and turned left on McKinley Grove Road and left again up the Patterson Mountain dirt road (11S15). We parked among some trees and walked to a beautiful meadow/bog/fen. The fen jiggled when you bounced it up and down. Tall white *Oxypolis occidentalis* (western cow bane) and *Perideridia howellii* (yampah) lined the boggy edges. Rose-colored *Epilobium canum* (fireweed) grew among a clump of willows on the opposite side. Yellow *Phalacroseris*



-Carlquistia muirii- ©2013 Keir Morse

bolanderi (Bolander's mock dandelion) was helping hold the meadow together with its root system. White Spiranthes romanzoffiana (ladies tresses) were thick. Their form was slightly different than ones I had seen before. Plants in the Sierra Nevada may be hybridized species, for which S. stellata might be correct.



-Platanthera yosemitensis-© 2016 Keir Morse (<u>CC BY-NC-SA 3.0</u>)

Other species included rose-colored *Epilobium oreganum* (Oregon fireweed* – not listed in TJM2 for this area), yellow *Senecio scorzonella* (Sierra ragwort), *Juncus xiphioides* (iris-leaved rush), white-tipped magenta *Trifolium wormskioldii* (cow clover), white *Bistorta bistortoides* (western bistort), a short annual purple to yellow grass *Muhlenbergia filiformis* (pull-up muhly), *Deschampsia cespitosa* ssp. *cespitosa* (tufted hair grass), *Saxifraga hyperborea* or *S. mertensiana* (pigmy or wood saxifrage—both uncommon), *Pedicularis attollens* (little elephant's head), unspeciated *Spaghnum* moss, *Gentianopsis simplex* (hiker's gentian), *Gentianopsis holopetala* (Sierra gentian), *Platanthera yosemitensis* (Yosemite rein-orchid*), green mosses *Meesia triquetra** and *M. uliginosa**, yellow *Philonotis fontana* moss, *Vaccinium uliginosum* ssp. *occidentale* (western blueberry), yellow *Mimulus primuloides* (primrose monkey-flower), white-pink *Galium trifidum* ssp. *columbianum* (trifid bedstraw) with three petals instead of the usual four, gold-salmon *Hypericum anagalloides* (tinker's penny), and *Camassia leichtlinii* ssp. *suksdorfii* (camas) that had gone to seed.

Farther up 11S15 *Tauschia howellii* (Howell's tauschia, unbrellawort), *Lupinus fulcratus* (California green-stipuled lupine), yellow to red *Eriogonum incanum* (frosted wild buckwheat), white to rose *Erigonium spergulinum* var. *spergulinum* (spurry wild buckwheat), and matted *Lupinus breweri* var. *grandiflorus* (showy brewer's lupine) grew in decomposed granite in a more open area. We ate lunch there at the top of Patterson Mountain while sitting on a big red fir log.

(Part 2 will be continued in next month's newsletter.)



-Eriogonum incanum- ©2009 Barry Breckling

Many thanks to Chris Winchell for setting up and leading this trip and for bringing together so many knowledgeable people from diverse areas of the state.

CHINA CREEK REPORT

--Warren Shaw

July/August 2016 work party

Our goal on the warm Saturday in July was to finish hand digging and pulling yellow starthistle (*Centaurea solstitialis*, YST) in the southeast area of the Park. Since it was blooming, it was necessary to haul it out to the road. We piled it high in the old pickup trailer before our 10:00 muffin break and piled another full load after break, but didn't quite finish the job. It was so hot that people who usually can't be persuaded to quit at 12:00 were heading for the shade by 11:45; still, millions of YST seeds will fall harmlessly onto the blacktop.



-YST- © 2009 Barry Rice

In August, on a slightly cooler day we actually did finish the southeast area by break time, adding another load to the growing pile on the blacktop. After lemonade, coffee,

and muffins, we took some time to discuss the future of the Park, and voted to celebrate the completion of the task of cleaning out the YST (almost entirely by hand, without chemicals, in an area once densely infested—an achievement involving over ten years of sweat and toil, and a proud moment indeed) by way of knocking off early.

HELP WANTED. Despite our progress toward the stated goal of returning the Park to a state as nearly "natural" as possible, there is a great deal more to do. To accomplish this we need a plan. To be sure we have a good plan, we need smart, dedicated people to sit on a steering committee. Please give joining this committee some thought. To volunteer, contact Warren Shaw at <warshaw1955@gmail.com> or (559) 451-1256.

The September work party will be **Saturday**, **9-17**, **from 8:00-12:00**. We'd love to have you join us. For more information contact Warren Shaw.

China Creek Park is located on the west side of Centerville, 16 miles east of Fresno on Highway 180. To get there, drive east on Kings Canyon/ Highway 180, 16.5 miles to Centerville. Turn right (south) on Smith Road and drive 0.2 miles to Rainbow Drive. Continue on Smith Road down the small road 0.5 miles to the Park gate at the end of the road.

INVITATION TO VOLUNTEER

--Thelma Valdez

Water-Wise Plant Sale & Fair

When: Saturday, October 15, 2016 from 8 am to 1 pm Where: Clovis Botanical Garden

Can you help? Below is a list of volunteer tasks that need you, whether for a few hours or for the entire time of the sale:

- Promote the plant sale! Post a notice on your Facebook page. Take a picture of your favorite California native plant and let folks know where they can buy them! Send a tweet!
- Tell your friends, family, and co-workers. Send them to the home page of our website (<u>www.cnps-sequoia.org</u>) for details.
- Help prepare the Garden on the Thursday and/or Friday before the sale.
- Unload the plant delivery on Thursday.
- Help organize the plants on Friday.
- Assist customers taking plants to their cars.
- Answer customer questions if you know about gardening with natives.
- Be a sales assistant tally the number of plants and write up the sales slip before the customer pays cashier.
- Assist at the plant holding area for ongoing shoppers.
- Assist at the 1 p.m. cleanup at the end of the sale.

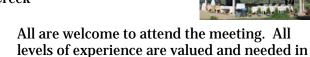
Contact any of the Chapter Officers listed in this newsletter. They will make sure to put you in touch with an organizer. We really can use your help.



Upcoming Events and Classes

•Sunday, September 18—CNPS-Sequoia Chapter Business Meeting 1:00 – 3:00pm

Location: Clovis Botanical Garden (pavilion) 945 N. Clovis Avenue, Clovis
Just north of Alluvial at Dry
Creek



There is no cost to enter the garden. Please join us.

For details contact any Chapter Officer listed in this newsletter.

•Saturday, October 15 –Water-Wise Plant Sale & Fair 8:00am – 1:00pm



the Chapter.

<u>Location:</u> Clovis Botanical Garden 945 N. Clovis Avenue, Clovis, CA

Just north of Alluvial at Dry Creek

- This is the 12th year that the Sequoia Chapter has joined forces with the Clovis Botanical Garden (CBG) to help local residents learn about and purchase California native plants and water-wise plants in general. We can use your help and your attendance. Surely you are ready to add a long-admired native plant to your garden! Or perhaps you're finally ready to start "going native."
- This year is extra special because CBG's California native plant garden is just under a year old. Be part of watching and helping this garden to grow and demonstrate why California natives belong in our local gardens.

For details or if you would like to volunteer contact any Chapter Officer listed in this newsletter.

•Saturday, September 17 —Permaculture Water Harvesting Class

9:30am – 12:00pm Cost: \$10.00

<u>Location:</u> Intermountain Nursery 30443 N. Auberry Road Prather, CA 93651

- Taught by Certified Permaculturalists.
- Learn about the many techniques used to keep water on your land using Permacultural methods.
- Indoor presentation and question and answer session.

For details call Intermountain Nursery at 559-855-3113

•Wednesday, October 5—Pasture Walk: Radical New Grassland Management Ideas

9:00am – 12:00pm Registration Fee: \$20.00

<u>Location:</u> Park and meet at Seka Hills Tasting Room 19326 County Road 78 Brooks, CA

- Presented by California Native Grasslands Association
- This is a short introduction to holistic grazing.
- Go for a walk with three grassland and range management specialist and look at the land.
- Discuss radical new ideas for managing grasslands:
 - How does nature grow soil, and biodiversity, and productivity at no cost?
 - What simple and practical tools does nature use to keep plants from being overgrazed, keep soil covered, store more water, and keep communities of life diverse, resilient, more productive, and self-regenerating? Why aren't we using them?
 - Can you sequester more carbon from the atmosphere with livestock?
 - How can you quickly and easily monitor the effects of your management on grassland with hard data?
 - What is Allan Savory's holistic planned grazing? Will it work in 'annual' grassland? How will native species respond?
- Lunch is not included. Registration is limited to 40 people.

For details go to the following website: http://cnga.org/page-1626415

Membership

John LuValle

Thanks to new and renewing members.

If you require corrections or additions to your membership information, contact John LuValle at jluvalle@mcn.org.

The Sequoia chapter serves Fresno, Madera, and Kings counties.

The IRS considers dues in excess of \$12 per year and all gifts to CNPS as tax deductible. Renew your CNPS membership online using a credit card. As an option, renew automatically year after year. It is quick, easy, and convenient, and reduces renewalmailing costs. Visit www.cnps.org_and click on the JOIN button.

Next Newsletter: October 2016

Send newsletter corrections or suggestions to Laura Castro at <u>lacastror@outlook.com</u>. The deadline for submissions to the next newsletter is

Wednesday, September 28, 2016.

science, and conservation.

SEQUOIA CHAPTER OFFICERS* AND COMMITTEE CHAIRS

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Membership includes th		IVE PLANT SOCIETY RENEW quarterly Bulletin which gives statewide news and announcements of terta.	!
I wish to affiliate with the	Sequoia Chapter.	☐ Student, Limited Income	
		☐ Individual\$45	!
Name:		Family, Group, or Library	
Address:		Plant Lover \$100	
City:		Patron\$300	į
State:	Zip:	Benefactor \$600	
Make your check payab	le to "CNPS" and mail with t	his form to:	
☐ New Member	☐ Renewing Member	California Native Plant Society 2707 K Street, Suite 1 Sacramento, CA 95816-5113	
The California Native Plant Society is:	a statewide nonprofit organization of amateurs as	ad professionals with a common interest in California's native plants. The mission of	E

the Society is to increase understanding and appreciation of California's native plants and to preserve them in their natural habitat through scientific activities, education,

•Webmaster

CARPENTERIA

September 2016

CALIFORNIA NATIVEPLANT SOCIETY SEQUOIA CHAPTER

c/o Jeanne Larson • 3457 Redlands • Fresno, CA 93726

MADELEINE'S MUSINGS

--Madeleine Mitchell



Stephanomeria exigua- © 2009 Gary A. Monroe

Our little group has been working on the China Creek project for many years and I found a pretty new plant, or new to me. I was digging and pulling yellow star thistle and saw small pink flowers at eye level. I took a few photos and brought a stem home to my plant ID person. He keyed it out as a *Stephanomeria*. Paul has a Masters in plant taxonomy and is my husband (for new readers).

-Stephanomeria virgata ssp. pleurocarpa -©2009 Barry Breckling



I found dozens of plants, some up to six feet tall. Maybe other members have seen it in past years. The common name is sometimes "wild lettuce."

I am writing this from Port Angeles, Washington. We are going to Olympic National Park to enjoy the coolness of the temperate rain forest.



Fireweed (Epilobium brachycarpum)



September 2016 Sequoia Chapter CNPS

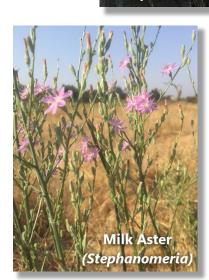








(Centromadia pungens)





Madeleine Mitchell: Milk Aster (China Creek)

Eileen Bennett: Spurred Snapdragon (Sample Meadow), Fireweed, Sticky Snapdragon (Burrough's Mountain), Grape Fern, Sierra Gentian, Meesia Moss, Yosemite Mousetail, Howell's Tauschia (CNPS trip to higher elevations)

Thelma Valdez: Common Tarweed, Blue Curls, Fireweed

