Expiration date: see www.occ.gov ESTABLISHED IN THE FIRST MEETING ON 2010-29-07

Correction due to required name correction/attached to original

DECLARATION OF EXISTENCE

By Constitution and bylaws

IT IS SO DECLARED in the First Meeting, according to CFO Articles of Organization, private bankers are hereby established for the private membership association as a private unincorporated bank association ('Agreement') doing business as a Receiver is hereby established, and

Constitution and Bylaws

Formation-private membership association-compensation-acquisitions-development-require droit droit status

PMA - STYLE

The formation is established by the Tiggle Province as a Private Membership Association (PMA), a private contract.

The style of the 'private membership association' known as a Receiver is:

Calafia Bank & Trust

The style of the 'private membership association' known as a fiduciary/receiver corrected as follows:

CPBNA (acronym); Calafia Private Bankers National Association; Calafia Private Bankers, N.A.; Calafia Private Bankers Association

The PMA was established on the 29th day July 2010, the first meeting, to form the minutes of the PMA and all letters of acceptance and acknowledgment. All have been hereby autographed (hereinafter "the PMA"), and

The PMA was required to be Corrected, due to remove 'Trust' by Several States and Comptroller of Currency as of 2025.

GENERAL RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

IT IS RESERVED that the Association reserves the right to make claims against the Universal Declaration of Human Rights for human rights violations, Universal Postal Union protocols for non-member territories, Montevideo Convention (1933) on the Rights and Duties of States, United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP), Droit Droit status against Calafia Bank & Trust, and

PART ONE

Article One - OWNERSHIP

The PMA by Tiggle Province has the authority and ability to own property secured as Beneficial Unit Certificates, thus secured in trusts as to land, Independent Companies, Unincorporated LLC's and L.D.C.'s and is in the category and type of a private unincorporated banking association, verified by Treasury Unit Certificates, and

Article two - TERMS

The PMA is bound by the terms of the Articles of Organization and the Articles of Association as derived from "THE SCRIPTURES" and is within its own sphere. The terms are defined as; That act, which is forbidden, all other acts are permitted as opposed to the Napoleonic Code as defined: That which is permitted, all else if forbidden, and

Article three - INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AND JURISDICTIONS

The PMA shall hold Intellectual Property, land, and other property produced by the Intellectual Property for the purpose of multiplying the assets of the PMA through Beneficial Unit Certificates secured creating value by each certificate as Treasury Units vary from Treasury Notes for a term of 2, 3, 5, 7, or 10 years. The PMA shall have the ability to be registered in other jurisdictions for purposes of Diplomatic Relations, foreign trade, and business to assist communities, such as:

A. Formation: details by private established jurisdiction Republic (private) Government de jure, Common Law, Equity within the TLTN Diplomat de jure private tribal government nation and Tribal Land Trust Nation 1800.

Jurisdiction: Tiggle Province private contracts

Situs: Tiggle Province, Minor Outlying Islands.

common law for the benefit of future generations, the making of distributions which qualify as tax exempt association under the Internal Revenue Code, by the authority from the CFOs, in the form of *Articles* for the purpose of organizational thought, and

The PMA association shall have and exercise all rights and powers conferred on unincorporated associations generally under the jurisdiction of the United States of America under full faith and credit of the several States, provided however, that the association is not empowered to engage in any activity that is not itself in furtherance of its purpose as set forth in this PMA.

Article 1 - AUTHORITY

The PMA has authority as a private banking unincorporated association, within a faith-based society, which requires formation by private contracts in federal, equity, and common law, as a non-member, non-usury bank or other authority as determined by the CFOs, and

Article 2 - FUNCTIONS COMMERCE AUTHORITY

- §2.1 The PMA, has the authority to transfer property to and from the PMA, and
- §2.2 The PMA has the authority to manage property, invest as Beneficial Unit Certificates, and reinvest managed property for the life of the PMA, which is perpetual, and
- §2.3 The PMA has the authority to collect proceeds, also known as liquidated labor, and distribute the aforementioned assets for the benefit of the community, and
- §2.4 The PMA has the authority to appoint a successor CFOs or CEOs, or Emissary is in the case of physical incapacitation of the declared Creators, and
- §2.5 The PMA has the authority to maintain the health, welfare and maintenance of the family so contracted with the PMA, through the successor CFOs or Benefactors so bound to these authorities by acceptance, and
- §2.6 The PMA has the authority to obtain consultation, and purchase, sale, or exchange any of its property, and
- §2.7 The PMA Indemnification- the association will document assets as Beneficial Unit Certificates, for record. The liabilities indemnify any person who was or is a defendant or is threated to be made a defendant in a pending or completed action, suit, or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigated (other than an action by or in the right of the association). This indemnification covers expenses including attorney fees, judgements, and fines paid or to be paid in settlement are actually included. All proceedings are recorded to the California de jure Assembly, federal, equity, or common law ONLY. The determination of any action, suite, or processing by judgment is documented under Beneficial Unit Holder as a Beneficial Unit Certificate. Dissolution. Beneficial Unit Holder of the Beneficial Unit Certificate makes the decision to dissolve.
- §2.8 The PMA has the authority to manage and maintain and balance the liquidation record of assets for the Beneficial Unit Holders, and
- §2.9 The PMA has the authority to consist of Private Property as: Residential Property, personal tangible property, intangible property such as intellectual property, and the authority to house any CFO, CEO, or Emissary and property of the PMA, and
- §2.10 The PMA shall have the authority to pay debts, lawful foreign taxes, and expenses of the CFO, CEO, or Emissary and of the PMA, and
- §2.11 The PMA, All matters are under private contracts which removes liabilities. All parties are held harmless and shall not be liable to the company of any loss, damage, or claim incurred by reason of any action taken or omitted to be taken by such claim's person in their respective capacity, so long as such action or omission does not constitute fraud or unlawful misconduct. All private contract agreements are not intended to, and shall not, be created or impose any fiduciary duty on any covered person. The provisions of this agreement, to the extent that they restrict the duties and

liabilities of a covered person otherwise existing or at law or in equity, are agreed by each in contract to remove liabilities. However, the CFOs/CEOs/emissary's' cannot be held personally liable for anything that the PMA has authority, and

§2.12 The PMA Change of Situs of the United States of America under full faith and credit of the several states. The PMA may, at any time and from time to time, as it may deem advisable, in its sole discretion, for the benefit or security of any trust/company created hereunder, or any portion thereof, remove (or decline to remove) all or any portion of the property, land, assets or the situs of administration thereof from one jurisdiction to another jurisdiction and elect that the laws of such other jurisdiction shall thereafter govern the same to such extent as may be necessary or desirable, and, thereupon, the common law courts of such other jurisdiction shall have the power to effectuate the purposes of the companies created hereunder to such extent. This power of removal shall be a continuing power that may be exercised any number of times including further removal or change of location of property or situs of administration. The determination of the PMA as to any such removal or change of situs shall be binding and conclusive on all individuals interested or claiming to be interested in anything created hereunder or this PMA, and

Article 3 - LIABILITY FOR ACTS OF PREDECESSORS

IT IS FORBIDDEN for the PMA to hold a successor CFOs/CEOs/Emissaries' personally liable for any act or failure to act of a predecessor, and

Article 4 - HANDWRITING ON BANK ACCOUNTS AND DOCUMENTS

§4.1 The PMA has the following authority:

- a) The PMA may establish private banking accounts and may authorize that exchange checks or drafts may be drawn on, or withdrawal made from through a registered company authorized to do business in said jurisdiction any such account on the individual signature of any one or more of the CFOs may determine, and
- b) The PMA may execute documents by CFO or jointly signing one document or separately signing concurrent counterpart documents, and
- c) Compensation of CFOs/CEOs/Emissaries. The PMA shall not compensate for services rendered hereunder, due to issuance of Beneficial Unit Certificates, which is created for generational wealth for their benefit, and

Article 5 - GOVERNING LAW

The PMA shall be governed by the terms and conditions of the PMA. All decisions shall be executed in the Minutes of the Meeting of the Trustee at the request of the beneficiary(s), and

Severability. In the event that any part of this agreement shall be declared to be improper, illegal, or unenforceable, such provision shall survive to the rest of the agreement, nor affect it, so declared, and the validity legality, and enforceability of the other provisions thereof shall not in any way be affected or impaired, thereby, unless such action would substantially impaired the benefits of any party of the remaining provision of the agreement.

Purpose. A private unincorporated bank association, to register assets, tax-exempt status, and enhance privacy and control compared to corporations and LLCs'

Legal Definitions.

<u>Capital contributions</u>: contribution of funds or property to the capital of a business by a partner, owner, or shareholder.

<u>Private Banker</u>: A private banker is a person or firm engaged in receiving deposits, discounting commercial paper, selling bills of exchange, and doing a banking business without special privileges or authority from the state. It is a financial institution that operates without special privileges or authority from the state. If a private banker is also the sole proprietor or general partner, they are personally liable for the bank's losses.

<u>Individual banker</u>: The legal definition of an individual banker is a person who, having complied with the statutory requirements, has received authority from the banking department to engage in the business of banking, subject to its inspection and supervision and to the burden imposed.

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency
OMB no. 1557-0014

Expiration date: see www.occ.gov

<u>Private Unincorporated Bank Association:</u> A Private Unincorporated Bank Association is an association of two or more people formed for some religious, educational, charitable, social, or other non-commercial purpose. It can also be called an unincorporated organization. These associations are not attorneys or accountants and do not provide legal, accounting, or financial advice.

Revisiered agent: is an individual or organization appointed to receive legal documents and other important notifications on behalf of a business, often at a designated business address.

<u>Private Contract</u>: A private contract is a legal agreement between two private parties that creates mutual legal obligations. The contract states who the parties are, the goal of the agreement, and what roles and responsibilities each party agrees to take on under the agreement. Contracts are mainly governed by federal, equity, common law, and private law. Private law principally includes the terms of the agreement between the parties who are exchanging promises-PMA.

<u>PMA</u>: A Private Membership Agreement (PMA) is a legal entity formed by private parties who share a common interest or purpose. It grants its members the right to associate, the right to privacy, and the right to conduct business among its members in the private domain. PMAs operate under the protection of the First, Thirteenth, and Fourteenth Amendments, which guarantee the rights of association and equal protection under the law. PMA enforcement fifty thousand retainers/ ten thousand per hour for any violation of said private contract.

Beneficial Unit Holders: is an living man or [wo]man or entity with a management or ownership stake in an asset, even if that asset is legally registered with another entity. In banking, beneficial ownership is determined based on ownership and control of the legal entity, or asset in question. Ownership means any person with more than 25% equity in the legal entity, or asset which will become a Beneficial Unit Certificates, and control means any living man or [wo]man with significant decision-making responsibility, such as a CEO or CFO2.

<u>Beneficial Unit Certificates</u>: Beneficial Unit Certificates are certificates issued for real estate investment trust evidencing a beneficial interest in the trust, or other property to be secured in trust assets. They represent ownership interests in that assigned trust assets and are divided into units for 10 up to 1000. The Beneficial Unit Certificates are Book-Entry Preferred Securities Certificates, creating a beneficial interest in the Preferred Securities Certificates, ownership, and transfers of which shall be made through book entries by a Clearing Agency a properly registered third party, not by the private unincorporated bank association.

<u>Members:</u> Black's Law Dictionary, 2nd Edition. One of the people constituting a partnership, association, corporation, guild, etc.

One of the people constituting a court a legislative assembly, etc....(Private/not for public)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, The Creator authorized CFO and Notary have hereunto this first amendment 21st day November 2024, in this indenture drawn in recognition of all achievements over the years, continues community improvements for generations to come for the Tiggle Province, and the conveyance and acceptance of the property, assets, and the obligations and the duties herein assigned. Secured by this executed this 1st amendment of our Constitution and Bylaws as our Operating Agreement by a private contract as written.

Tiggle Provine

CFO Signage: b

L.S. Ambassador-at-large/CFO

Tiggle Province

all rights reserved, and none waived.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

State of California County of <u>Liver Side</u>)		
On NOV. 21, 2024	before me.	Gabriela Lopez.	Notarzablio

who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

I certify under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

gnature ((Seal)

GABRIELA LOPEZ
Notary Public - California
San Bernardino County
Commission # 2438070
My Comm. Expires Nar 12, 2027

(insert name and title of the officer)