To build a network of international workforce, mobilizing communities to be selfsufficient, executing effective and efficient assessments, feasibility studies, and implementing projects for the complete physical, mental and social wellbeing of all.

What do we do?

A-Kins Analysts and Project
Managers, a minority woman
owned community based small business, is a specialty provider of Health Consulting Services including:

- Health Care Advisory & Support Services
- Health Care Strategic Plans/Project Management
- Business Plan Development/Financial Resource Planning/Analysis

....Health Care Systems Development; Research; Analytics; and community based social determinants of health -Economics.

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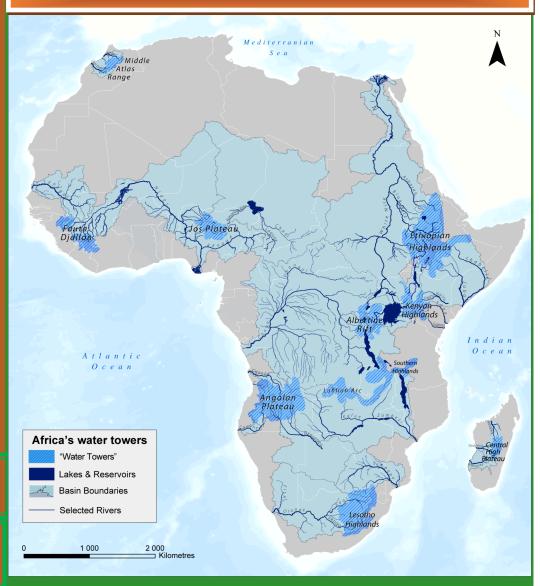
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# A-Kins Newsletter

VOLUME 3, ISSUE 2

JUNE30, 2017

### **Africa Sustained!**









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Africa, the second largest and second most populous continent in the world, covering nearly a quarter of earth's land. Africa is full of diverse peoples and cultures with thousands of languages and Tribes living together.

The World looks unto Africa to sustain itself in subsistence farming, as a new form of economic sustainability plan, but Africa has always been sustained initself, with farming being the number one profession. What the world fails to understand is that Africa has practices Sustenance by Subsistence Farming, all of the time of its existence. If Africa selfwas not sustained, it would not have survived colonization

and several civil wars that has "inflicted" the land, making it blood soaked.

Africa in its self-sufficiency has often resorted to the land and sea for livelihood —"Awon



omo onílè" -meaning, Sons of the Soil. A term used -often: to identify indigenes of the land. Here the African land is used in the context of being seen as sustaining its children.

This is Africa's way of explaining Sustenance by Subsistence farming to generations of its children—"Àwon omo onílè".

Africa, with its fertile land and perfect weather to sustain tropical crops; its lush forests; and endless coast of beaches, has always practiced Sustenance by Subsistence Farming. Africa has the largest population of able bodies men and women. who's life expectancy is at its prime. With farming being the default profession of the land, one cannot help but wonder why the world thinks Africa is not sustained and needs a new Subsistence Farming plan for economic development. Instead of being invited to the United Nations Economic table, as a continent that has something good to offer, Africa is constantly being slammed with messages of dismissal: "go practice subsistence farming, feed yourselves and trade among yourselves".







Howbeit, Africa being the only continent in the World with 99.9% Black/Tanned colored population is being classified, in a class by itself, by the world, when it comes to "World economic development".

One wonders why the World would call Africa <u>unsustained</u> and deny it a place at the **ECONOMIC TABLE**. Africa, with its rich land and able bodies men and women, often defaulting to farming, is sustained in itself and **deserves a place at the economic table of the World**, being the only **Black continent in the World**.

I remember learning about agriculture in elementary school (in Africa) and "cramming" all the cash

crops produced and exported by various African countries. This is not the case anymore! As an Adult, I found myself in excitement, searching for all the countries in Africa, wondering if the list of African Cash Crops have doubled or tripled in number, just to find to my dismay and disappointment, that other nations will no longer let Africa, the only Black Continent in the World, sit at the economic world table and negotiate trade of its produce. So, the African Cash Crops have in fact reduced to the barest minimum and are not being sold worldwide anymore.

# Then finally, it came to mind: the World has regressed!

It is no longer accepting of the Black population -as mutual respect demands.

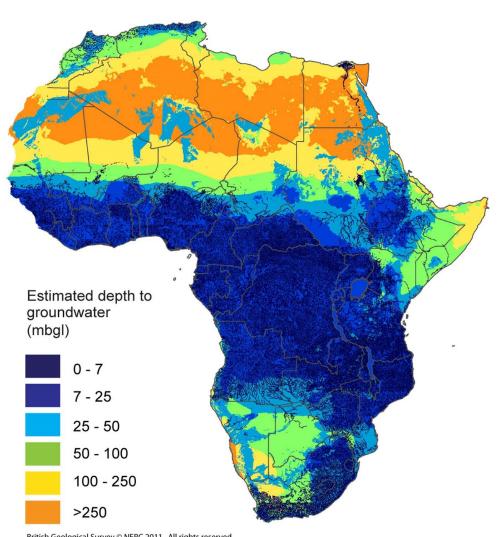
There is indeed no equity or justice at the economic table of the World. This great injustice that is towards Africa should be tabled by the World and addressed. Africa being the only Black continent in the world should infact be treated with more respect. Instead, Africa is being ignored and vetoed on all economic grounds by the World......this is inequable and unfair!

The following are my findings on Africa's sustainability and need for a better chance at economic development. Africa, does have something to bring to the economic table of the World:









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Boundaries of surficial geology of Africa, courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey.
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North Africa has an average of 34% (with a range of 1.7% - 39%) of its working population reported as -Agricultural Labor force and only derives 34% GDP income from Agriculture.

West Africa has an average of 67% (with a range of 6% - 90%) of its working population reported as -Agricultural Labor force and only derives 29% GDP income from Agriculture.

East Africa has an average of 70% (with a range of 3% - 94%) of its working population reported as -Agricultural Labor force and only derives 25% GDP income from Agriculture.

Central Africa has an average of 60% (with a range of 26% - 85%) of its working population

reported as -Agricultural Labor force and only derives 41% GDP income from Agriculture.

South Africa has an average of 33% (with a range of 4.6% - 86%) of its working population reported as -Agricultural Labor force and only derives 4% GDP income from Agriculture.

When I saw these GDP numbers and percentages, three things come to mind as the imminent economic development problem in Africa: keeping in mind the fertile land and able-bodied workforce in Africa:

....To see Africa
as key player in
the economic
food table of
the world!



Lack of modern agricultural tools/technics —hence the fertile lands and peoples with <u>very little</u> produce to show for all the effort

Lack of capital to turn food crops into cash crops –hence the <u>small-scale</u> farming in every corner of the land.

Inequality at the economic table of the world -Africa being the only black continent in the world.

### My New Year wish?

However, for this to happen, the following **stereotype about African** resources, both human and produce <u>should be corrected</u>:







African products, produced by Blacks are germ and disease ridden –poor inferior products

- Africans are lacking in Intelligence or expertise and have -inferior brains
- Africans are mostly needy and should remain poor, since they are -a lazy workforce

## Is Africa ready for the economic table of the World?

Yes, Africa, as I said before, has a huge Agriculture workforce, who need to learn modern Agriculture in order to enjoy the fruit of the land.

The drought situation in both north and south Africa does not help. Taking care of these issues using proven modern drought resistant water reverse strategies should be priority. Africa is however blessed with the coasts surrounding the continent. These coasts should be used for economic boost by turning some of these into economy boosting ports and tourist resorts.

### Does Africa have the infrastructure for economic viability?

Yes, as far as agriculture is concerned. Once Agriculture is "in", other infrastructure for technology development can.......continue. Africa faults in trying to be competitive with the modern world wile it (Africa) is incomparable, full of culture and riches that are not comparable to any other land in the world. Africa is a class by itself and a class in itself......and there is nothing wrong with that!

Africa sets its own economic playing ground, as the only Black/Tanned continent in the world.

# Does Africa want to be competitive?

**Yes**, but it is not ready for technology competition. As for technology, Africa is innovatively tagging......along.









## **North Africa: Becoming a Sustainable Economy**

	Northern Africa											
Name of Country	Population	Area (km²)	Population Density (per Km²)	GDP per Capita (PPP)	Infrastructure	Rich in Natural Resources	GDP Agriculture Composition (%)	Agriculture Labor Force (%)	Expansion of Subsistence Plan			
Algeria	34178188	2381740	14	\$15,000 (2016 est.)	64 paved <b>Airports</b> ; 87,605 km paved <b>Roadways</b> ; 3,973 km <b>Railway</b> ; 9 major <b>Seaports</b> (45 maritime infrastructures including 11 commercial ports, 2 oil ports, 31 fishing ports, 1 marina with 2,200 maritime traffic lights)	Oil/Natural Gas: hydrocarbons are 60% of budget revenues, 30% of GDP, and over 95% of export earnings. Algeria is the 10th-largest reserves of natural gas in the world and is the sixth-largest gas exporter. It ranks 16th in oil reserves. Mining: gold; phosphate, zinc, iron, uranium, tungsten, kaolin, and silicon	12.9%	10.8%	Reduce drought/water-scarcity; Investing in and modernizing agriculture (currently imports most food items); Development of fisheries and aquaculture plans; Improve engagement in food processing, textiles and clothing, leather and timber products for wood furniture industry.			
				\$12,100 (2016	72 paved <b>Airports</b> ; 126,742 km paved <b>Roadways</b> ; 5,085 km <b>Railways</b> ; 4 major <b>Seaports</b> (2 oil terminals; 3	Oil/Natural Gas: crude oil and petroleum Agriculture: products, fruits and vegetables, and cotton. Industry: textiles, metal products, chemicals, and processed			Reduce drought/water-scarcity; Investing in and modernizing agriculture (currently imports most food items). Development of fisheries and aquaculture plans. Improve engagement in food processing, textiles and clothing, leather and timber products and wood furniture			
Egypt[133]	82868000	1759540	83	s14,200 (2016 est.)	68 paved Airports; 57,214 km paved Roadways; 2 major Seaports (2 oil terminals)	Oil/Natural Gas: crude oil, petroleum, and gypsum. Agriculture: wheat, barley, olives, dates, citrus, vegetables, peanuts, soybeans, and cattle	1.7%	29.2%	Industry.  Reduce drought/water-scarcity; Investing in and modernizing agriculture (currently imports most food items). Development of fisheries and aquaculture plans. Improve on mining strategies in order to increase mineral resources. Improve Industries including: iron and steel, food processing, textiles, handicrafts, cement. Develop tourism			
Morocco	34859364	446550	78	\$8,400 (2016 est.)	31 paved Airports; 41,116 km paved Roadways; 2,067 km Railways; 5 major Seaports	Agriculture: citrus fruits: orange, tomatoes, potatoes, olives, and olive oil, vegetables, and fish. Industry: clothing and textiles, automobiles, electric components, inorganic chemicals, transistors, fertilizers (including phosphates). Natural Gas: petroleum products, and crude minerals. Tourism Agriculture: sorghum, millet, vegetables	13.6%	39.1%	Reduce drought/water-scarcity; Investing in and modernizing agriculture. Development of fisheries and aquaculture plans. Invest in modernizing agriculture			
<u>Sudan</u> Tunisia	30894000	1861484 163610	17	\$4,400 (2016 est.) \$11,600 (2016 est.)	16 paved Airports, 7251 Km Railways, 4320Km paved Roadways, and one major Port. 15 paved Airports, 2173Km Railways, 14756Km paved Roadways and 5 major Seaports.	Agriculture: Solgnun, Inimie, Vegetables and a wide variety of orchard trees.  Mining/Natural Gas: gold, silver, uranium copper, petroleum, zinc, gypsum, manganese, iron, chrome, mica, cobalt, tin, nickel, asbestos, lead, kaolin, and granite  Agriculture: olive oil. Mining/Natural Gas: crude oil, di-ammonium phosphate, and phosphoric acid	39.5% 9.9%	80.0%	Improve railway system making it run a more efficient intra- continental transfer of goods. Invest in modernizing agriculture Improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports i.e. wheat. Invest in modernizing agriculture			
Western Sahara[136]	405210	266000	2	\$2,500 (2007 est.)	3 paved <b>Airports</b> , 2 major <b>Seaports</b>	Mining: phosphate, Iron ore	#	50.0%	Improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture			







## **West Africa: Becoming a Sustainable Economy**

					We	stern Africa			
Name of Country	Population	Area (km²)	Population Density (per Km²)	GDP per Capita (PPP)	Infrastructure	Rich in Natural Resources	GDP Agriculture Composition (%)	Agriculture Labor Force (%)	Expansion of Subsistence
					1 Paved <b>Airport</b> , 438Km <b>Railways</b> , 1400Km Paved <b>Roadways</b> , and 1 Major	Mining: small offshore oil deposits,			Improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports.
Benin	8791832	112620	78	\$2,100 (2016 est.)	2 paved <b>Airports</b> , 622Km	limestone, marble, timber  Subsistence Agriculture; cotton, livestock. Mining: Manganese, limestone, marble; small deposits of gold, phosphates,	25.2%	#	Invest in modernizing agricultur improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture. Improve mining
Burkina Faso	15746232	274200	57	\$1,800 (2016 est.)	9 paved <b>Airports</b> , 932Km	pumice, and salt  Mining: salt, basalt rock, limestone, kaolin, Agriculture: fish. Industry: clay, gypsum,	32.0%	90.0%	strategies.  Develop tourism. Improve on Agriculture products in order to
Cape Verde	429474	4033	107	\$6,700 (2016 est.)	paved Roadways, 1 major Port	shoes, garments, and hides	8.1%	#	reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture
The Gambia	1782893	11300	158	\$1,700 (2016 est.)	1 paved <b>Airport</b> , 711Km paved <b>Roads</b> , and 1 major <b>Seaport</b>	Mining: clay, silica sand, titanium (rutile and ilmenite), tin, and zircon. Agriculture: Fish		75.0%	Improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture
Chang	23832495	239460	100	\$4,400 (2016 est.)	7 paved <b>Airports</b> , 947 Km <b>Railroads</b> , 13,787Km paved	Mining: gold, timber, industrial diamonds, bauxite, manganese, rubber, hydropower, petroleum, silver, salt, limestone oil, aluminum, manganese ore. Agriculture: Cocoa, and horticultural products	19.7%	44.7%	Improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture
Ghana	23632493	239400	100	\$4,400 (2010 est.)	4 paved <b>Airports</b> , 1086Km <b>Railways</b> , 4342Km of paved	Mining: bauxite, iron ore, diamonds, gold, uranium and salt. Industry: Hydropower.	13.770	199.770	Improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports.
Guinea	10057975	245857	41	\$1,300 (2016 est.)	Roads and 2 major Seaports		19.9%	76.0%	Invest in modernizing agriculture Improve on Agriculture products
Guinea-Bissau	1533964	36120	43	\$1,600 (2016 est.)	2 paved <b>Airports</b> , 965Km paved <b>Roadways</b> , 4 major <b>Seaports</b>	Mining/Natural Gas: Phosphates, bauxite, clay, granite, limestone, and unexploited deposits of petroleum. Industry: Raw and sawn lumber/timber	44.7%	82.0%	In order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture. Improve use of ports for strategic Business implementation.
					7 paved <b>Airports</b> , 660Km <b>Railways</b> , 6502Km paved <b>Roadways</b> , and 2 major	Mining/Natural Gas: petroleum, natural gas, diamonds, manganese, iron ore, cobalt, bauxite, copper, gold, nickel, tantalum, silica sand, clay, Agriculture: Cocoa, beans, coffee, palm oil, hydropower, cotton,			improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture. Improve use of ports for strategic Business
Ivory Coast	20617068	322460	64	\$3,600 (2016 est.)	2 paved Airports, 429Km Railways, 657Km paved Roadways, and 2 major	bananas, pineapples, palm oil, and fish  Mining: iron ore, timber, diamonds, gold, hydropower, and rubber. Agriculture: Cocoa, and coffee	19.5%	68.0%	Implementation. Improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture. Improve use of ports for strategic Business
Liberia	3441790	111370	31	<u>\$900 (2016 est.)</u>	Seaports 8 paved Airports, 593Km	Mining: gold, phosphates, kaolin, salt, limestone, uranium, gypsum, granite,	36.0%	70.0%	implementation.
Mali	12666987	1240000	10	\$2,300 (2016 est.)	Railways, 5522Km paved Roadways and 1 River Port 9 paved Airports, 728Km Railroads, 3158Km Roads,	Industry: hydropower. Agriculture: Cotton, livestock Mining/Natural Gas: iron ore, gypsum, copper, phosphate, diamonds, gold, and Crude oil. Agriculture: fish and fish	40.7%	80.0%	In order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture. Improve mining
<u>Mauritania</u>	3129486	1030700	3	\$4,300 (2016 est.)	and 2 major <b>Seaports</b> 10 paved <b>Airports</b> , 3912Km	products, and livestock  Mining/Natural Gas: world's largest uranium deposit, coal, iron ore, tin, phosphates, gold, molybdenum, gypsum, salt, petroleum, Subsistence agriculture:	21.9%	50.0%	strategies  Improve on Agriculture products In order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture. Improve mining
Niger	15306252	1267000	12	\$1,100 (2016 est.)	paved <b>Roads</b>	livestock, cowpeas, onions  Mining/Natural Gas: petroleum, tin, iron	44.7%	87.0%	improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture. Improve mining strategies. Improve use of ports
Nigeria	166629000	923768	180	\$5,900 (2016 est.)	Railways, 28980Km paved Roads, 3 major Seaports	ore, coal, limestone, niobium, lead, zinc, Industry: Rubber. Agriculture: Cocoa	21.2%	70.0%	for strategic Business Implementation. Developing tourism; Improve
Saint Helena, Ascension and Tristan da Cunha	7728	420	13	\$7,800 (2009/2010 est.)	2 paved <b>Airports</b> , 168Km paved <b>Roadways</b> , 3 major <b>Seaports</b>	Agriculture: fish (frozen, canned, and salt- dried skipjack, tuna), lobster, and coffee. Industry: Handicrafts	#	6.0%	on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture
					9 paved <b>Airports</b> , 906Km <b>Railways</b> , 5957Km paved	Mining/Natural Gas: petroleum products, phosphates, and iron ore. Agriculture:			Developing tourism; Improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports for strategic Business
Senegal	13711597	196190	70	\$2,600 (2016 est.)	Roads, and 1 major Seaport  1 paved Airport, 904Km paved Roads, and 3 major	Groundnuts (peanuts), cotton, and fish  Mining: diamonds, titanium ore, bauxite, iron ore, gold, chromite, and rutile.	17.2%	77.5%	implementation.  Improve on Agriculture products In order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture. Improve mining strategies. Improve use of ports for strategic Business
Sierra Leone Togo	6019877	71740 56785	106	\$1,700 (2016 est.) \$1,600 (2016 est.)	Seaports  2 paved Airports, 568Km Railways, 2447Km paved Roadways and 2 major Seaports	Agriculture: Cocoa, coffee, and fish  Mining: phosphates, limestone, and marble. Agriculture: Cotton and coffee	29.0%	61.1%	Implementation.  Improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Improve mining strategies. Improve use of ports for strategic Business implementation.

## **East Africa: Becoming a Sustainable Economy**

					Ea	stern Africa			
		Area	Population Density	GDP per Capita			GDP Agriculture	_	Expansion of Subsistence
Name of Country	Population	(km²)	(per Km²)	(PPP)	Infrastructure	Rich in Natural Resources  Agriculture: cash crops - coffee, the tea	Composition (%)	(%)	Plan
Burundi	8988091	27830	323	\$800 (2016 est.)	1,286 km paved Roadway; No Railway; one paved Airport; 1,286 km; one Lake Port	plant, cotton, oil palm, sugar cane and tobacco; Food Crops - mainly dominated by banana, tubers, pulses and cereals; Vegetables - cabbage, eggplant, onions, tomatoes, amaranth, peppers, celery, etc.; Fruit - avocado, mango, papaya and lemon,	39.8%	93.6%	Post war development of modern agricultural methods for optimal export produce including: Coffee, Tea; cotton, corn, banana, sorghum (2002 data shows 68% of population living in poverty)
British Indian Ocean Territory - Chagos					Development of a <b>marine</b>				Improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce imports.
Archipelago	3000	56.13	53.4	#	park in the Indian Ocean	Agriculture: coconut, fish, sugarcane	#	#	Invest in modernizing agriculture.
Comoros (Island)	752438	2170	347	\$1,500 (2016 est.)	673 km paved <b>Roadways</b> ; 4 paved <b>Airports</b> ; 2 major <b>Sea Ports</b>	Agriculture: vanilla, cloves, ylang-ylang (perfume oil); Copra agriculture: fishing, hunting, and forestry (accounts for 50% of GDP, employs 80% of the labor force, and provides most of the exports; imports roughly 70% of its food)	49.7%	80.0%	Development improvement of current industries in agriculture, fishing, forestry by investing in and modernizing agriculture (reducing import of food items); develop tourist industry/marina-harbor
Djibouti	828324	23000	22	\$3,400 (2016 est.)	1,379 km paved <b>Roadways</b> ; 100 km <b>Railways</b> ; 3 paved <b>Airports</b> ; one major <b>Sea Port</b>	Mining: gold, granite, limestone and marble; Re-exports from Ethiopia: hides and skins, coffee, scrap metal (Unemployment rate is 60% and as high as 80% among youth)	2.9%	#	Reduce drought/water- scarcity; Investing in and modernizing agriculture (reduce import of food items); Regeneration of harbor and port/marina, improving security of port; develop tourist industry Develop fisheries and
Eritrea	5647168	121320	47	\$1,300 (2016 est.)	874 km paved <b>Roadways</b> ; 306 km <b>Railway</b> ; 4 paved <b>Airports</b> ; 2 major <b>Sea Ports</b>	Agriculture: coffee, cotton, flowers, high- value nuts, sesame, gums, resins, lentils; Mining: Metallic-gold, silver, copper, zinc, iron, nickel, and chromium. Industrial: Potash, sulphur, gypsum, salt, silica, sand, feldspar, and kaolin. Also marble, granite, chalk, and basalt industry	12.1%	80.0%	aquaculturally improvements by adopting modern agricultural practices. Explore volcanic rocks for more minerals. Develop tourist industry and regenerate the harbor/marina
Ethiopia	84320987		75	\$1,900 (2016 est.)	14,354 km paved <b>Roadways</b> ; 681 km <b>Railway</b> ; 17 paved <b>Airports</b> , no Ports	Agriculture: coffee (the country's single most important cash crop), tea, sugar, flowers, fruits and vegetables, teff, wheat, maize, beans, peas, lentils, soybeans, chickpeas, shop production, oil crops such as rapeseed, linseed, groundnuts, sunflower, seasme, maize, Niger seed and cotton seed. Fishery and livestock resources.	37.0%	72.7%	Developing tourist industry. Expand exploration of gold and base metals, platinum, industrial and construction minerals -notably, potash, diatomite and high-quality ceramics raw materials
Kenya	39002772	582650	66	\$3,400 (2016 est.)	11,189 km paved <b>Roadways</b> ;	Tourist industry: game reserves (61% GDP). Agriculture: horticulture-cut flowers, fruits and vegetables, both fresh and processed, tea, coffee (unroasted), essential oils, tobacco and tobacco products, fish and fish preparations, animal and vegetable oils; Minerals: iron and steel. Industry: soda	35.6%	61.1%	Reduce drought/water- scarcity, investing in and modernizing agriculture. Establish a first class logistics hub for the tourism industry
Madagascar (Island)  Malawi	20653556	587040	35	\$1,500 (2016 est.) \$1,100 (2016 est.)	6,103 km paved Roadways; 836 km Railway; 26 paved Airports; 4 major Sea Ports 6,951 km paved Roadways; 767 km Railways; 5 Lake Ports and 7 paved Airports	Agriculture: 50% of world <u>vanilla</u> , coffee/teas/cocoa, rice beans, fruits/vegetables (apples, pears, berries, lychees; pepper and other products like: corn, potatoes, cassava, and legumes. Industry: exporter of apparel with skilled workforce in the textile sector; fish products.	24.0%	# 64.1%	Improve on light industries include food and fish processing, wood industry, bricks manufacturing, traditional art crafts such as embroidery, wood crafts; Explore mineral resources and develop the tourist industry irrigation and Water Development, Improve Plan for Fisheries and Aquaculture Activities; Exploration for More Minerals; Develop tourist industry

## **East Africa: Becoming a Sustainable Economy**

	I				Ea	stern Africa	I	I	T		
Name of Country	Population	Area (km²)	Population Density (per Km²)	GDP per Capita (PPP)	Infrastructure	Rich in Natural Resources	GDP Agriculture Composition (%)	Agriculture Labor Force (%)	Expansion of Subsistence		
Aauritius (Island)	1284264	2040	630	\$20,500 (2016 est.)	2,149 km paved Roadways; no Railways; one major Sea Port, 2 paved Airports	Agriculture: sugar/sugar cane, cotton/textiles and apparels, and fish/fish products. Tourism	4.1%	8.0%	Agricultural Improvements (Currently Imports 77% of Food Requirements, 2015); Light Industries: Perfumes, Jewelry		
<i>A</i> ozambique	21669278	801590	27	\$1,200 (2016 est.)	6,303 km paved <b>Roadways</b> ; 4,787 km of <b>Railway</b> ; 21 paved <b>Airports</b> with one international airport; 3 major <b>Sea Ports</b>	Agriculture: maize, peanuts, sesame, cassava, beans, vegetables, cashew nuts, cotton, tobacco, wood and tropical fruits, especially bananas and mangoes, among others. Minerals: aluminum, beryllium, and	24.8%	81.0%	Development Plan of Fisherles and Aquaculture Activities; Developing touris Industry; Exploration of Minerals		
					1,207 km of paved  Roadways; one international and 4 paved Airports; No Railway; 3 Lake Ports; and no	Agriculture: tea and coffee and pyrethrum, horticultural crops & plants, including various fruits & vegetables; flowers (mainly fresh roses). Essential oils (pyrethrum; patchouli; etc.), stevia, dairy, meat, poultry, and fish (agriculture is 50% of export			Improve on Irrigation and modernize agricultural processes. Develop the tourist industry; and explore		
twanda	10473282	26338	398	\$1,900 (2016 est.)	sea Ports	Tourist industry (70% currency earnings);	31.5%	75.3%	minerals		
Seychelles (A group of 115 Islands)	87476	455	192	\$28,000 (2016 est.)	7 paved <b>Airports</b> ; 514 paved <b>Roadways</b> ; and one major <b>Sea Port</b>	Agriculture: coconuts, cinnamon, vanilla, sweet potatoes, cassava (manioc, tapioca), copra, bananas; and fishing for tuna.	2.6%	3.0%	Improve on agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture		
Somalia	9832017	637657	15	\$400 (2014 est.)	6 Airports with paved runways; 2,608 km paved Roadways; 2 Sea Ports	Agriculture: livestock (40% GDP), camels (largest Camel population in the world), hides, fish, bananas. Charcoal Industry	60.0%	71.0%	Improve on agriculture products in order to reduce imports (sugar, sorghum, corn). Invest in modernizin; agriculture		
outh Sudan	8260490	619745	13	\$1,700 (2016 est.)	200 km of paved <b>Roadways</b> ; 248 km of <b>Railway</b> ; 3 <b>Airports</b> with paved runways	Agriculture: sorghum, maize, rice, millet, wheat, gum Arabic, sugarcane, mangoes, papayas, banaas, sweet potatoes, sunflower seeds, cotton, sesame seeds, cassava (manioc, tapioca), beans, peanuts; cattle, and sheep. Natural Gas/Oil	#	#	Explore minerals: gold, uranium, iron, copper, and diamonds. Invest in modernizing agriculture		
anzania	44929002	945087	43	\$3,100 (2016 est.)	7,092 km paved <b>Roadways</b> ; 4,567 km <b>Railways</b> ; 10 <b>Airports</b> with paved runways; 2 major Sea Ports		24.5%	66.9%	Developing tourist industry, improve maritime/harbor; and invest in modernizing agriculture		
					3,264 km paved <b>Roadways</b> ; 1,244 km <b>Railways</b> ; 5 paved	Agriculture: coffee, tea, cotton, tobacco, cassava (manioc, tapioca), potatoes, rice, corn, Sorghum-millet, Plantains/Bananas, pulses, cut flowers; beef, goat meat, milk, poultry, and fish. Industry: cotton textiles,			Explore minerals: gold, zinc, wolfram, petroleum, diamond, vermiculite, and silica. Develop the tourist industry. Invest in		
Jganda	32369558	236040	137	\$2,100 (2016 est.)	9,403 km paved Roadways; 3,126 km Railways; 8 paved	Mining: emerald mining, copper and cobalt (70% Export Earnings). Agriculture: coffee, tea, cotton, tobacco, maize; fish and livestock. floriculture and horticulture cut	25.4%	71.9%	modernizing agriculture  Improve on agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in modernizing agriculture. Explore minerals and		
Zambia	11862740	752614	16	\$3,900 (2016 est.)	Airports; one River Port  18,481 km paved Roadways; 3,427 km Railways; 17 paved	Agriculture: cotton, tobacco; Mining: coal, gold, platinum, copper, nickel, tin, diamonds, clay, numerous metallic and nonmetallic ores, steel. Industry: wood products, cement, chemicals, fertilizer,	5.4%	85.0%	develop the tourist industry  Improve on agriculture products in order to reduce imports. Invest in		
mbabwe	11392629	390580	29	\$2,000 (2016 est.)	Airports; two River Ports	beverages	12.5%	66.0%	modernizing agriculture		

## **Central Africa: Becoming a Sustainable Economy**

Central Africa											
Name of Country	Population	Area (km²)	Population Density (per Km²)	GDP per Capita (PPP)	Infrastructure	Rich in Natural Resources	GDP Agriculture Composition (%)	Agriculture Labor Force	Expansion of Subsistence Plan		
							, , , ,				
						Mining/Natural Gas: diamonds, iron ore,					
						phosphates, copper, feldspar, gold, bauxite,					
						uranium. Petroleum/Oil production is 50% of			Improve on Agriculture		
					31 paved Airports, 2852Km,	GDP, 70% of government revenue and 90%			products in order to reduce		
	42700202	4246700	4.0	ds 000 (2045 + )		of the county's export. However half of the	10.2%	85.0%	imports. Invest in		
Angola	12799293	1246700	10	\$6,800 (2016 est.)	4 major Sea Ports	country's food is imported.	10.2%	85.0%	modernizing agriculture		
					11 paved <b>Airports</b> , 987Km <b>Railways</b> , 4108Km of paved	Mining/Natural Gas: bauxite and iron ore.			Improve on Agriculture products in order to reduce		
					Roads, and 2 River Ports	Petroleum/Oil accounts for 40% exports.			imports. Invest in		
Cameroon	18879301	475440	40	\$3,300 (2016 est.)	Roads, and 2 River Ports	Industry: timber, and hydropower.	23.0%	70.0%	modernizing agriculture		
Cameroon	18873301	473440	40	\$3,300 (2010 Est.)		Subsistence agriculture: cotton, coffee.	20.070	70.070	Improve on Agriculture		
						Mining/Natural Gas: diamonds, uranium,			products in order to reduce		
Central African					2 paved <b>Airports</b> , 1385Km paved	gold, petroleum/oil. Industry: sugar			imports. Invest in		
Republic	4511488	622984	7	\$700 (2016 est.)	Roadways, 2 River Ports	refining, forestry/timber and hydropower.	42.9%	#	modernizing agriculture		
,				,	,,,						
						(Lake Chad), cotton, sesame, and sea butter.			Improve on Agriculture		
						Mining/Natural Gas: uranium, natron,			products in order to reduce		
			_	4 /		kaolin, gold, limestone, sand, gravel, salt,			imports. Invest in		
Chad	10329208	1284000	8	\$2,400 (2016 est.)	paved Roadways	and petroleum/oil Agriculture: sugar, cocoa, and conee	57.8%	80.0%	modernizing agriculture		
						Mining/Natural Gas: potash, lead, zinc,			Improve on Agriculture		
					8 paved Airports, 510Km	uranium, copper, phosphates, gold,			products in order to reduce		
					Railways, 1212Km of paved	magnesium and petroleum/oil. Industry:			imports. Invest in		
Republic of the Congo	4012809	342000	12	\$6,700 (2016 est.)	Roadways, and 1 major Sea Port	timber and hydropower.	8.7%	35.4%	modernizing agriculture		
i						Mining/Natural Gas: cobalt, copper,					
						niobium, tantalum, industrial and gem			Improve on Agriculture		
					26 paved <b>Airports</b> , 4007Km	diamonds, gold, silver, zinc, manganese, tin,			products in order to reduce		
Democratic Republic					Railroads, 2794Km paved	uranium, coal and petroleum/oil. Industry:			imports. Invest in		
of the Congo	69575000	2345410	30	\$800 (2016 est.)	Roadways and 1 major Sea Port	hydropower and timber. Agriculture:	21.1%	#	modernizing agriculture		
						L			Improve on Agriculture		
						Mining/Natural Gas: gold, bauxite,			products in order to reduce		
<u>.</u>	522444	20054		620 700 (2045 L)		diamonds, tantalum, sand and gravel, clay	0.00/	L.	imports. Invest in		
Equatorial Guinea	633441	28051	23	\$38,700 (2016 est.)	Ports.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2.3%	#	modernizing agriculture		
						Mining/Natural Gas: diamond, niobium,			Improve on Agriculture		
					14 paved <b>Airports</b> , 649Km	manganese, uranium, gold, iron ore and			products in order to reduce		
L .					Railways, 1097Km paved	petroleum/oil. Industry: hydropower and		L	imports. Invest in		
Gabon	1514993	267667	6	\$19,100 (2016 est.)	Roadways, and 3 major Sea Ports	timber.	4.3%	64.0%	modernizing agriculture		
					2 annual Alexandra 210 Km				Improve on Agriculture		
					2 paved Airports, 218 Km paved	A selection of the second soffee and and and			products in order to reduce		
CSo Tomé and Deferre	212670	1001	212	ć2 100 (2016+ )	Roadways, and one major Sea	Agriculture: fish, cocoa, coffee, and palm	12.1%	26.1%	imports. Invest in		
São Tomé and Príncipe	2179/3	1001	212	\$3,100 (2016 est.)	Port	oil. Industry: hydropower.	14. 1 /0	20.1/0	modernizing agriculture		



## **South Africa: Becoming a Sustainable Economy**

					Sou	thern Africa					
Name of Country	Population	Area	Population Density (per Km²)	GDP per Capita (PPP)	Infrastructure	Rich in Natural Resources	GDP Agriculture Composition (%)	Agriculture Labor Force (%)	Expansion of Subsistence Plan		
Botswana	1990876	600370	3	\$17,000 (2016 est.)	6,116 km paved <b>Roads</b> ; 888 km <b>Railways</b> ; 10 <b>Airports</b> with paved runways	Mining: diamonds copper, nickel, salt, soda ash, potash, coal, iron ore, silver; Agriculture: livestock/beef processing; Industry: textiles.	1.8%	#	Reduce drought/decrease water-scarcity; Invest in modernizing agriculture, and improving tourism		
					1,069 km paved <b>Roads</b> ; 3	Mining: diamonds (85% Export Earnings), copper, nickel, salt, soda ash, potash, coal, iron ore, silver; Agriculture: livestock, sorghum, maize, millet, beans, sunflowers,			Reduce drought/decrease water-scarcity, Invest in modernizing agriculture, exploration of minerals; and tourism. Currently imports 90% of the goods especially		
Lesotho	2130819	30355	70	\$3,100 (2016 est.)	Airports with paved runways  6,387 km paved Roads; 2,628 km of Railways; 19 Airports with Paved Runways; 2 Major	groundnuts; Industry: textiles.  Agriculture: corn, wheat, pulses, sorghum, barley; livestock (86% of Labor Force work as farmers); Industry: textiles (Manufacture clothing, footwear), wool and mohair;	5.4%	86.0%	food from South Africa Reduce drought/decrease water-scarcity, Investing in modernizing agriculture. Improve Maritime/Harbor (30%-40% of its revenues from the Southern African Customs Union -SACU) and		
Namibia	2108665	825418	3	\$11,800 (2016 est.)	Sea Ports  158,952 km paved Roads; 20,986 km Railways; 144 Airports with paved runways; 5 Major Sea Port (with one	Mining: diamond (8.5% to GDP, 2015).  Mining: diamonds, lead, zinc, tin, silver, tungsten, uranium -world 5th producer of	6.2%	31.0%	Improve tourism  Invest in modernizing agriculture. Currently imports most of its food.  Develop hydroelectric plants		
South Africa	51770560	1219912	42	\$13,200 (2016 est.)	main import terminal)  1,078 km paved <b>Roads</b> ; 301 km <b>Raliway</b> ; 2 <b>Airports</b> with	uranium, copper; gold (11.5% of GDP).  Mining: world's largest producer of platinum, gold, chromium. Agriculture: sugar, timber, cotton yarn, citrus (Agriculture -70% Labor Force. Industry: automobile assembly, metalworking, machinery, textiles, iron and steel, chemicals, fertilizer, foodstuffs, commercial ship repair, soft drink concentrates; refrigerators and canned fruit. Finance: stock exchange that is Africa's largest and among the top 20 in the world. Unemployment rate of 40%. Unemployment, poverty, and inequality among the highest in the world -25% of the workforce are unemployed. Unemployment	2.4%	4.6%	Reduce drought/decrease water-scarcity. Explore minerals including gold, diamonds, platinum, coal, iron ore, and quarry. Develop hydroelectric plants with neighboring countries i.e. Mozambique in order to stabilize power while reducing petroleum product imports. Develop tourism		
Swaziland	1123913	17363	65	\$9,800 (2016 est.)	paved runways	count is highest among black youth.	6.3%	10.7%	industry		







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Author: Folorunso Akintan MD MPH MBA

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