# CITY OF CORNING,

**CALIFORNIA** 

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TOGETHER WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2022

### CITY OF CORNING ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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City Organization and Principal Officials

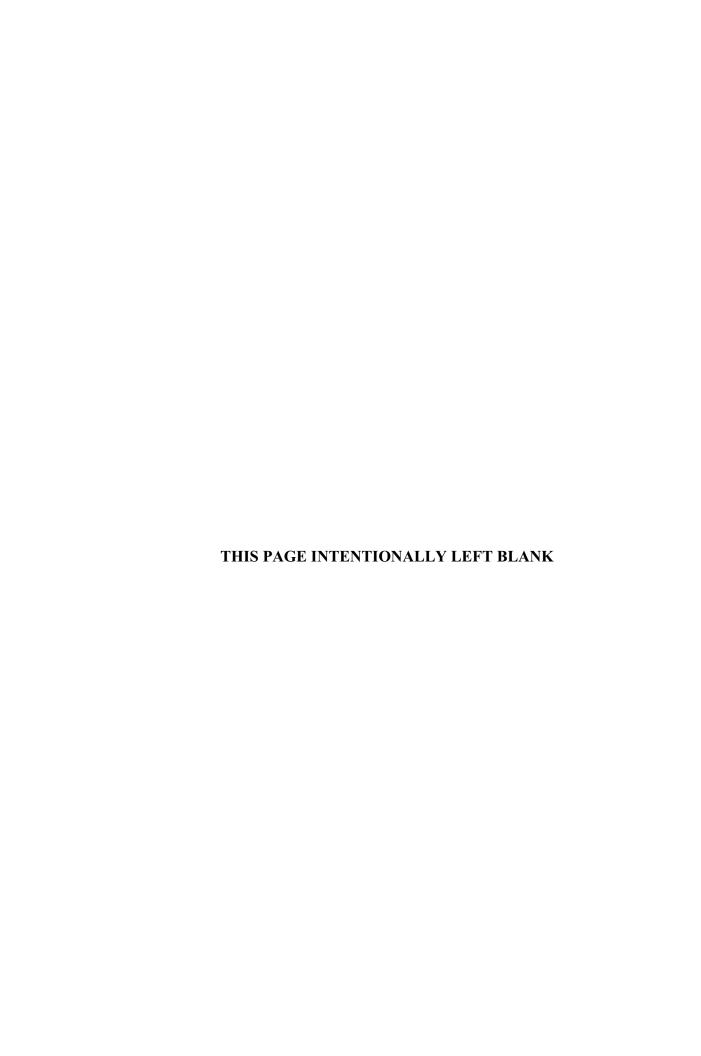
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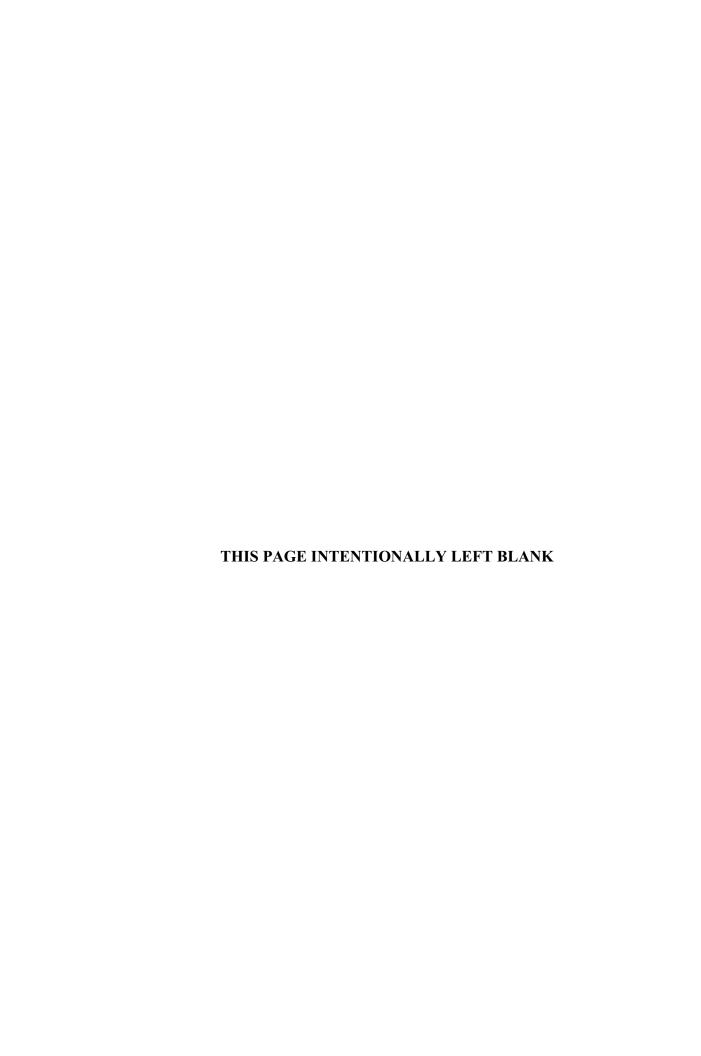
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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City Officials



### CITY OF CORNING, CALIFORNIA CITY OFFICIAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# CITY COUNCIL (Terms as of June 30, 2022)

Name	<u>Office</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Robert Snow	Mayor	2024
Dave Demo	Vice-Mayor	2022
Jose "Chuy" Valerio	Member	2024
Karen Burnett	Member	2022
Shelly Hargens	Member	2024

### **CITY CLERK**

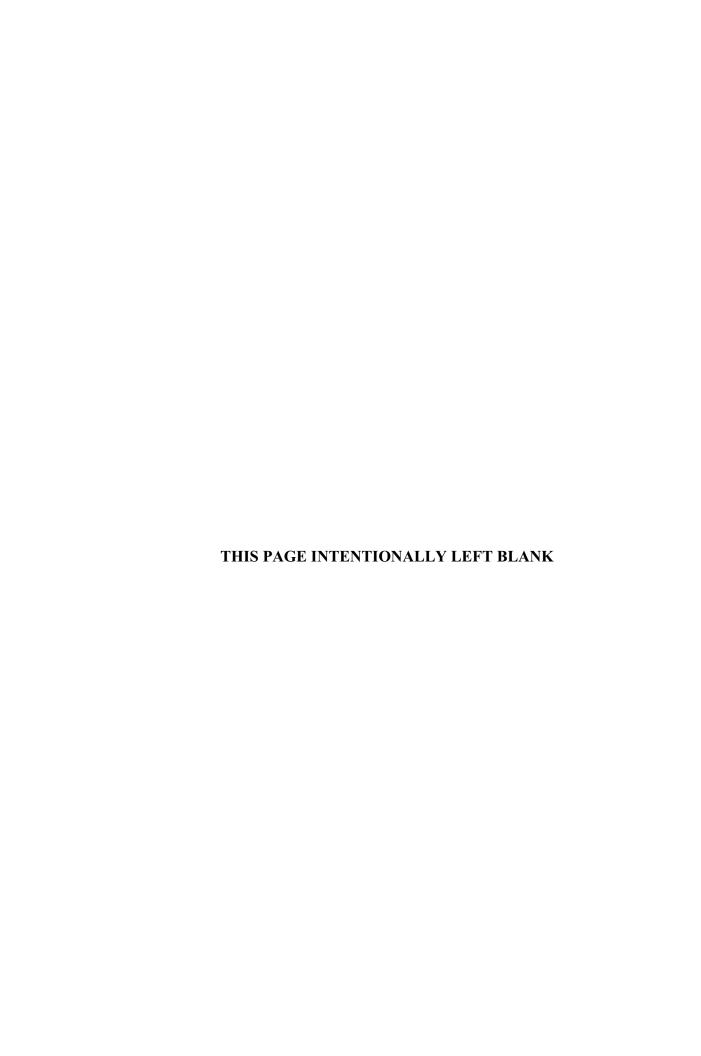
Lisa Linnet

#### **CITY TREASURER**

Laura Calkins

#### CITY MANAGER AND FINANCE DIRECTOR

Kristina Miller



## **FINANCIAL SECTION**

Independent Auditor's Report Management Discussion and Analysis Basic Financial Statements Notes to the Basic Financial Statements



# Donald R. Reynolds

Certified Public Accountant

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Corning Corning, California

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Corning (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Corning as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the City and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free

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from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, I:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed;

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements; and

Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, on pages 4 through 14, and 10 year Pension and QPEB information and Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 62 through 66, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated March 11, 2023 on my consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Corning's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Corning's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Donald R. Reynolds, Certified Public Accountant

Donald Regues

Redding, California March 11, 2023

# CITY OF CORNING MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

As Management of the City of Corning (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements following this section.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) presents financial highlights; an overview of the accompanying financial statements; an analysis of financial position and results of operations; a current-to-prior year analysis; a discussion on restrictions and commitments; and a discussion on significant activity involving capital assets and long-term debt. The discussion focuses on the City's primary government and unless otherwise noted, component units reported separately from government are not included.

#### **Financial Highlights**

#### **Government-Wide**

All funds of the City are reported together in the Government-Wide Reports. Total assets of the City were \$46,580,597. Deferred inflows and outflows of resources were \$9,974,900 and \$1,672,870 respectively, and total liabilities were \$13,866,479 at June 30, 2022. The City's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$24,412,088 (net position) for the fiscal year reported. This is an increase of \$2,669,495 from the previous year when assets exceeded liabilities by \$21,741,707. The increase was primarily due to increases in sales and use taxes of \$605,499 and American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) monies received. A surplus in the amount of \$2,252,962 was generated in the governmental funds and an increase of \$420,065 in the business-type funds.

At June 30, 2022, the General Fund had a fund balance of \$5,335,713.

#### Fund Based - Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include the General Fund and all other funds, except those classified as business type. The City's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$11,247,910 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$9,767,036 and is an increase of \$1,480,874 during the 2021-22 year.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,335,713. Management has a General Fund balance goal of six (6) months of operating expenditures in order to maintain stability of City services during times of economic uncertainty. The fund balance of \$5,335,713 at June 30, 2022 equates to 8.36 months of operating expenditures and transfers, based on reported fiscal year 2021-2022 expenditures and transfers totaling \$7,655,401. Keep in mind this includes \$1,846,884 of American Rescue Plan Act funds.

#### Fund Based- Business Type Activities

The City's business type activities include the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund, the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund (residual), the Airport Fund and the Transportation Center Fund. These funds reported total ending net position of \$6,778,513 as of June 30, 2022. This compares to the prior year ending net position of \$6,358,448 showing an increase of \$605,399,

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction of the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements present both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial picture. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis of full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* is measured as the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflow of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. This is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position may serve as an indicator of whether or not its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that only result in cash flows in future periods; e.g. earned but unused vacation leaves.

In both the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including General Government (City Council, City Clerk, City Manager's Department, General and Fiscal Services), Public Safety (Police and Fire), Community Development and Planning, Swimming Pool and Public Works. Revenues from property taxes, transient occupancy taxes (TOT), sales tax, transactions and use tax, business license tax, etc. finance most of these activities.

**Business-type Activities** The City charges a fee to customers to recover all or most of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer, solid waste, airport and transportation center are included in this category.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The Fund Financial Statements are designed to report information about groupings (funds) of related accounts, which are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. The City uses all three types, each using different accounting methods.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Corning maintains 43 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund which is considered the only major fund. Data from the other 42 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Corning adopts annual appropriations for its governmental funds. As required supplementary statements, budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with adopted appropriations.

**Proprietary Funds** Proprietary funds are primarily used to account for when the City charges for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City. These funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, using an accrual basis of accounting. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities that are reported in the government-wide financial statements but provide more detailed information, such as the statement of cash flows. The City used internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities, such as Building and Equipment Services funds. Since these activities predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are included with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. In these cases, the City has a fiduciary responsibility and is acting as a trustee. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position separately reports all of the City's fiduciary activities. The City excludes those activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. However, the City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### **Notes to the financial statements**

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information. The City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees is presented. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund balances - Budget and Actual for the individual funds are also presented.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

This analysis will focus on the City's net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the governmental and business-type activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

	TABLE 1 – NET POSITION											
	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Government-Wide Totals							
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>						
Assets:												
Cash and other												
assets	\$ 17,392,694	\$ 16,201,517	\$ 4,419,853	\$ 4,297,573	\$ 21,812,547	\$ 20,499,010						
Capital asset	13,722,010	12,976,055	11,046,040	11,117,572	24,768,050	<u>24,093,627</u>						
Total Assets	\$ <u>31,114,704</u>	<u>\$ 29,177,572</u>	\$ <u>15,465,893</u>	\$ <u>15,415,065</u>	\$ <u>46,580,597</u>	\$ <u>44,592,637</u>						
Deferred												
Outflows	\$ <u>1,126,786</u>	\$ <u>1,144,000</u>	\$546,084	\$ <u>491,645</u>	\$ <u>1,672,870</u>	\$ <u>1,635,645</u>						
Liabilities: Other liabilities Long-term	\$ 660,250	\$ 1, 458,059	\$ 410,717	\$ 681,031	\$ 1,070,967	\$ 2,139,090						
liabilities Total Liabilities	\$\frac{4,725,701}{5,385,951}	7,259,423 \$ 8,717,482	\$\frac{8,069,811}{8,480,528}\$	\$\frac{8,759,615}{9,440,646}\$	\$\frac{12,795,512}{13,866,479}\$	16,019,038 \$18,158,128						
Deferred Inflows/Revenues	\$ <u>9,221,964</u>	\$ <u>6,220,831</u>	\$ <u>752,936</u>	\$107,616	\$ <u>9,974,900</u>	\$ <u>6,328,447</u>						
Net Position: Invested in capital assets net of related												
debt Restricted	\$ 13,255,855	\$11,842,822	\$ 3,826,040	\$ 3,516,913 1,650,046	\$ 17,081,895 1,650,046	\$ 15,359,735						
Unrestricted	4,377,720	3,540,437	1,650,046 1,302,427	1,191,489	5,680,147	1,650,046 4,731,926						
Total Net Position	\$\frac{4,377,720}{17,633,575}	\$ 15,383,259	\$ 6,778,513	\$ 6,358,448	\$ 24,412,088	\$ 21,741,707						
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In fiscal year 2021-22, Governmental Activities increased the City's net position by \$2,249,430 and business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$420,065, as compared to the prior fiscal year.

As Table 2 depicts, Governmental Activities revenues increased by \$1,136,945, or 11.43%, due primarily to increases in sales and use tax, grant revenue, and American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) monies received. The City received \$924,686 in ARPA monies. Expenses in the governmental activities increased by \$1,186,291, or 15.13%; much of this increase is in the City's public safety, parks and recreation, combined with an increase in general government. Much of the increase in parks and recreation was due to grant related expenses that the City will receive reimbursements for.

Business-type activities revenues decreased by \$<306,407> or 6.47%. The decrease was due, in part to elimination of the Solid Waste revenues and changes in customer charges. Business-type expenses decreased by <\$143,220>.

TABLE 2 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the periods ending June 30

Operating grants and contributions         360,107         382,872         -         -         360,107         382,872           Capital grants and Contributions         304,630         303,285         -         -         304,630         303,303,285           General revenues: Property taxes         735,361         694,262         -         -         735,361         694,262           Sales and use taxes         5,181,575         4,635,865         -         -         5,181,575         4,635,865           Occupancy taxes         678,925         415,518         -         -         678,925         415,518           Other taxes         350,828         279,473         -         -         350,828         279,           Vehicle License In Lieu         775,019         730,670         -         -         775,019         730,           Franchise tax         185,207         152,145         -         -         185,207         152,           Investment earnings         27,300         42,350         9,525         13,894         36,825         56,5           Intergovernmental         2,258,546         1,847,614         -         -         2,258,546         1,847,           Other revenue         220,348	For the periods ending June 30										
Revenues:   Program revenues:   S   223,489   \$   195,507   \$   3,753,028   \$   4,073,580   \$   3,976,597   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,073,580   \$   3,976,597   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,073,580   \$   3,976,597   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,073,580   \$   3,976,597   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,073,580   \$   3,976,597   \$   4,269,90   \$   4,26											
Program revenues: Charges for services		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
Charges for services											
Operating grants and contributions         360,107         382,872         -         -         360,107         382,372           Capital grants and Contributions         304,630         303,285         -         -         304,630         303,303,285           General revenues: Property taxes         735,361         694,262         -         -         735,361         694,262           Sales and use taxes         5,181,575         4,635,865         -         -         5,181,575         4,635,865           Occupancy taxes         678,925         415,518         -         -         678,925         415,718           Other taxes         350,828         279,473         -         -         678,925         415,718           Other taxes         350,828         279,473         -         -         775,019         730,670           Franchise tax         185,207         152,145         -         -         775,019         730,670           Franchise tax         185,207         152,145         -         -         185,207         152,145           Investment earnings         27,300         42,350         9,525         13,894         36,825         56,51           Intergovernmental         2,258,546											
contributions         360,107         382,872         -         -         360,107         382,7           Capital grants and Contributions         304,630         303,285         -         -         304,630         303,3           General revenues:         Property taxes         735,361         694,262         -         -         735,361         694,           Sales and use taxes         5,181,575         4,635,865         -         -         5,181,575         4,635,865           Occupancy taxes         678,925         415,518         -         -         678,925         415,           Other taxes         350,828         279,473         -         -         350,828         279,           Vehicle License In Lieu         775,019         730,670         -         -         775,019         730,9           Franchise tax         185,207         152,145         -         -         185,207         152,           Investment earnings         27,300         42,350         9,525         13,894         36,825         56,           Intergovernmental         2,258,546         1,847,614         -         -         2,258,546         1,847,4           Other revenue         220,348         268,241<		223,489	\$ 195,507	\$ 3,753,028	\$ 4,073,580	\$3,976,597	\$ 4,269,087				
Capital grants and Contributions         304,630         303,285         -         -         304,630         303,303,285           General revenues: Property taxes         735,361         694,262         -         -         735,361         694,363,865           Sales and use taxes         5,181,575         4,635,865         -         -         5,181,575         4,635,865           Occupancy taxes         678,925         415,518         -         -         678,925         415,518           Other taxes         350,828         279,473         -         -         350,828         279,473           Vehicle License In Lieu         775,019         730,670         -         -         775,019         730,670           Franchise tax         185,207         152,145         -         -         185,207         152,145           Investment earnings         27,300         42,350         9,525         13,894         36,825         56,51           Intergovernmental         2,258,546         1,847,614         -         -         2,258,546         1,847,614           Other revenue         220,348         268,241         625,193         606,679         845,541         15,689,081         14,641,9           Expenses </td <td>g grants and</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	g grants and										
Contributions         304,630         303,285         -         -         304,630         303,303,303,303,303,303,303,303,303,303	ributions	360,107	382,872	_	-	360,107	382,872				
Contributions         304,630         303,285         -         -         304,630         303,303,303,303,303,303,303,303,303,303	grants and										
Property taxes         735,361         694,262         -         -         735,361         694,262           Sales and use taxes         5,181,575         4,635,865         -         -         5,181,575         4,635,865           Occupancy taxes         678,925         415,518         -         -         678,925         415,518           Other taxes         350,828         279,473         -         -         350,828         279,473           Vehicle License In         Lieu         775,019         730,670         -         -         775,019         730,719           Franchise tax         185,207         152,145         -         -         185,207         152,145           Investment earnings         27,300         42,350         9,525         13,894         36,825         56,183           Intergovernmental         2,258,546         1,847,614         -         -         2,258,546         1,847,41           Other revenue         220,348         268,241         625,193         606,679         845,541         874,541           Total Revenue         11,301,335         9,947,802         4,387,746         4,694,153         15,689,081         14,641,941           Expenses         -	ributions	304,630	303,285	_	-	304,630	303,285				
Sales and use taxes         5,181,575         4,635,865         -         -         5,181,575         4,635,865           Occupancy taxes         678,925         415,518         -         -         678,925         415,5           Other taxes         350,828         279,473         -         -         350,828         279,4           Vehicle License In         Lieu         775,019         730,670         -         -         775,019         730,6           Franchise tax         185,207         152,145         -         -         185,207         152,1           Investment earnings         27,300         42,350         9,525         13,894         36,825         56,           Intergovernmental         2,258,546         1,847,614         -         -         2,258,546         1,847,614           Other revenue         220,348         268,241         625,193         606,679         845,541         874,541           Total Revenue         11,301,335         9,947,802         4,387,746         4,694,153         15,689,081         14,641,944           Expenses         General government         3,050,261         2,447,424         -         -         3,050,261         2,447	revenues:										
Occupancy taxes         678,925         415,518         -         -         678,925         415,518           Other taxes         350,828         279,473         -         -         350,828         279,473           Vehicle License In         1         775,019         730,670         -         -         775,019         730,75,019	taxes	735,361	694,262	-	-	735,361	694,262				
Occupancy taxes         678,925         415,518         -         -         678,925         415,518           Other taxes         350,828         279,473         -         -         350,828         279,473           Vehicle License In Lieu         775,019         730,670         -         -         775,019         730,670           Franchise tax         185,207         152,145         -         -         185,207         152,145           Investment earnings         27,300         42,350         9,525         13,894         36,825         56,76,766           Intergovernmental         2,258,546         1,847,614         -         -         2,258,546         1,847,614           Other revenue         220,348         268,241         625,193         606,679         845,541         874,97           Total Revenue         11,301,335         9,947,802         4,387,746         4,694,153         15,689,081         14,641,97           Expenses         General government         3,050,261         2,447,424         -         -         3,050,261         2,447		5,181,575	4,635,865	_	-	5,181,575	4,635,865				
Other taxes         350,828         279,473         -         -         350,828         279,473           Vehicle License In Lieu         775,019         730,670         -         -         775,019         730,670           Franchise tax         185,207         152,145         -         -         185,207         152, 152, 152, 152, 152, 152, 152, 152,	ncy taxes			_	-		415,518				
Vehicle License In Lieu         775,019         730,670         -         -         775,019         730,670           Franchise tax Investment earnings Intergovernmental         185,207         152,145         -         -         185,207         152,145           Intergovernmental         27,300         42,350         9,525         13,894         36,825         56,36,25           Intergovernmental         2,258,546         1,847,614         -         -         2,258,546         1,847,614           Other revenue         220,348         268,241         625,193         606,679         845,541         874,94           Total Revenue         11,301,335         9,947,802         4,387,746         4,694,153         15,689,081         14,641,94           Expenses         :         -         -         3,050,261         2,447,424         -         -         3,050,261         2,447				_	-		279,473				
Lieu         775,019         730,670         -         -         775,019         730,670           Franchise tax         185,207         152,145         -         -         185,207         152,           Investment earnings         27,300         42,350         9,525         13,894         36,825         56,7           Intergovernmental         2,258,546         1,847,614         -         -         2,258,546         1,847,614           Other revenue         220,348         268,241         625,193         606,679         845,541         874,57           Total Revenue         11,301,335         9,947,802         4,387,746         4,694,153         15,689,081         14,641,9           Expenses         :         -         -         3,050,261         2,447,424         -         -         3,050,261         2,447	License In	,	,			,	,				
Franchise tax         185,207         152,145         -         -         185,207         152,           Investment earnings         27,300         42,350         9,525         13,894         36,825         56,7           Intergovernmental         2,258,546         1,847,614         -         -         2,258,546         1,847,           Other revenue         220,348         268,241         625,193         606,679         845,541         874,5           Total Revenue         11,301,335         9,947,802         4,387,746         4,694,153         15,689,081         14,641,9           Expenses         :         -         -         3,050,261         2,447,424         -         -         3,050,261         2,447		775.019	730,670	_	_	775,019	730,670				
Investment earnings         27,300         42,350         9,525         13,894         36,825         56,7           Intergovernmental         2,258,546         1,847,614         -         -         2,258,546         1,847,614           Other revenue         220,348         268,241         625,193         606,679         845,541         874,7746           Total Revenue         11,301,335         9,947,802         4,387,746         4,694,153         15,689,081         14,641,9           Expenses         :         -         -         3,050,261         2,447,424         -         -         3,050,261         2,447	se tax	,		_	_		152,145				
Intergovernmental         2,258,546         1,847,614         -         -         2,258,546         1,847,614           Other revenue         220,348         268,241         625,193         606,679         845,541         874,9           Total Revenue         11,301,335         9,947,802         4,387,746         4,694,153         15,689,081         14,641,9           Expenses         :         -         -         3,050,261         2,447,424         -         -         3,050,261         2,447				9,525	13,894	·	56,244				
Other revenue Total Revenue         220,348				-	-	·	1,847,614				
Total Revenue         11,301,335         9,947,802         4,387,746         4,694,153         15,689,081         14,641,9           Expenses General government         3,050,261         2,447,424         -         -         -         3,050,261         2,447		2,200,010	1,0 .,,01 .			2,200,010	1,017,011				
Total Revenue         11,301,335         9,947,802         4,387,746         4,694,153         15,689,081         14,641,9           Expenses General government         3,050,261         2,447,424         -         -         -         3,050,261         2,447	venue	220.348	268,241	625,193	606,679	845,541	874,920				
Expenses : 3,050,261 2,447,424 - 3,050,261 2,447							14,641,955				
General government 3,050,261 2,447,424 3,050,261 2,447	_						7 - 7				
General government 3,050,261 2,447,424 3,050,261 2,447	s :										
		3.050.261	2,447,424	_	_	3,050,261	2,447,424				
			· · ·	-	-		4,316,763				
		334,360	557,399	-	-	334,360	557,399				
Cultural Parks and											
		861,528	491,648	-	-	861,528	491,648				
Community											
	ment	40,790	27,967	-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	27,967				
		-	-				2,042,805				
		-	-	1,827,534		1,827,534	1,583,822				
	aste	-	=	-		-	398,355				
		-	=	· ·		· ·	67,679				
							<u> 18,240</u>				
		9,051,905	7,841,201	3,967,681	<u>4,110,901</u>	<u>13,019,586</u>	<u>11,952,102</u>				
Increase (Decrease) in											
Net Position before											
transfers, prior period											
adjustments and											
		2,249,430	2,106,601	420,065	583,252	2,669,495	2,689,853				
Transfers		-	-	-	-		-				
Prior period											
				<u>-</u>	271,090	<u> </u>	271,090				
Increase (Decrease) in											
Net Position <u>\$ 2,249,430</u> <u>\$ 2,106,601</u> <u>\$ 420,065</u> <u>\$ 854,342</u> <u>\$ 2,669,495</u> <u>\$ 2,960</u>	osition <u>\$</u>	2,249,430	<u>\$ 2,106,601</u>	\$ <u>420,065</u>	\$ <u>854,342</u>	<u>\$ 2,669,495</u>	<u>\$ 2,960,943</u>				
					_		_				

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Corning uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Under the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 (GASB 54), fund balances are now classified as Non-spendable, Restricted, and Unassigned. Non-spendable fund balances are amounts that are inherently Non-spendable, i.e. cannot be spent because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are amounts with externally enforceable limitations on use, such as limitations imposed by creditors or grantors, and limitations imposed by other governments. Unassigned fund balances (residual net resources) are the amount in excess of Non-spendable and Restricted amounts.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial requirements.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances \$11,247,910 an increase of \$1,480,874 over the prior year. The primary reason for the increase is overall increases in sales tax, transient occupancy taxes, and ARPA revenues.

The following discussion focuses on the City's three primary operating fund types.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Corning. The General Fund experienced a surplus of revenues over expenditures in the amount of \$612,662.

The following table, Revenue by Source (Table 3) and Expenditure by Function (Table 4), provide a two-year companison. Accompanying the tables are brief explanations of significant changes.

TABLE 3 - GENERAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE For the periods ending June 30

	20	022	202	21	Increase/(Decrease)			
				Percent of				
	Amount	Percent of Total	Amount	Total	Amount	% change		
Taxes and assessments	\$ 7,600,738	91.93%	\$ 6,628,460	86.11%	\$ 972,278	14.67%		
Use of money and								
property Interest	8,420	0.10%	12,236	0.16%	(3,816)	(31.19%)		
Licenses and permits	257,656	3.12%	290,781	3.78%	(33,125)	(13.40%)		
Intergovernmental								
revenues	316,934	3.83%	363,500	4.72%	(46,566)	(12.81%)		
Other revenue	84,315	1.02%	402,700	5.23%	(318,385)	(79.06%)		
Total	<u>\$ 8,268,063</u>	<u>100.00</u> %	\$ 7 <u>,697,677</u>	<u>100.00</u> %	\$ <u>570,386</u>	<u>7.41%</u>		

TABLE 4 - GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY TYPE For the periods ending June 30

	2022		2021		Increase/(Decrease)			
	Amount	Amount Percent of Total		Percent of Total	Amount	% change		
General Government	\$ 1,419,277	20.25%	\$ 1,248,159	21.28%	\$ 171,118	13.71%		
Public Safety	4,014,025	57.28%	3,648,445	62.20%	365,580	10.02%		
Transportation	113,902	1.63%	92,363	1.57%	21,539	23.32%		
Cultural Parks and								
Recreation	656,949	9.37%	374,746	6.39%	282,203	75.31%		
Community/Economic								
Development	23,500	0.34%	23,500	0.40%	-	-		
Debt service	585,016	8.35%	320,774	5.47%	264,242	82.38%		
Capital outlay	195,190	2.78%	157,782	2.69%	37,408	23.71%		
Total	\$ 7,007,859	100.00%	\$ 5,865,769	100.00%	\$ 1,142,090	19.47%		

Fiscal year 2021-22 General Fund revenue increased by \$570,386 (7.41%) in comparison with the prior year. Significant changes were an increase of taxes and assessments, primarily due to an increase in sales tax and transient occupancy taxes. The schedule above reflects the changes during the year. Total General Fund expenditures increased by \$1,142,090 or 19.47% from the prior fiscal year.

**Proprietary funds**. Proprietary funds operate in a business-type environment. The proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. The City's proprietary funds include the Sewer, Water and Solid Waste utilities and the Airport and Transportation Center.

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Water Fund had a decrease in net position of \$<46,110> and the Sewer Fund had an increase in net position of \$214,278. The Solid Waste Fund had an increase in net position of \$-0-, and the Airport and the Transportation Center have a change in net position of \$247,640 and \$4,257, respectively. A two-year comparison of change in net position for the major funds is provided in the following tables.

*Water Fund* - The net position of the Water Fund decreased in fiscal year 2021-22. Operating revenues increased by 8.59% while operating expenses increased by 17.01%. The net effect was a decrease in net position in fiscal year 2021-22 compared to fiscal year 2020-21.

TABLE 5 - WATER FUND For the periods ending June 30

	2022	2021	Increase(decrea	se) from prior		
	Amount	Amount	Amount	Percent		
Operating Revenues	\$ 1,778,576	\$ 1,637,883	\$ 140,693	8.59%		
Expenses	(1,716,472)	(1,466,946)	249,526	17.01%		
Non-operating revenue (expense)	(108,214)	(112,009)	3,795	3.52%		
Net operating transfers			<u> </u>	00.00 %		
Change in net position	\$ (46,110)	\$58,928	\$ <u>(105,038)</u>			

**Sewer Fund** - The Sewer Fund reported a positive increase in net position in fiscal year 2021-22 compared to fiscal year 2020-21. In 2021-22 operating revenues and expenses decreased, the net effect being a \$214,278 increase in the amount of change in net position in the current fiscal year compared to the prior year.

TABLE 6 - SEWER FUND For the periods ending June 30

	2022	2021	Increase(decrea	se) from prior		
	Amount	Amount	Amount	Percent		
Operating Revenues	\$ 2,222,851	\$ 2,311,673	\$ (88,822)	(3.84)%		
Expenses	(1,837,632)	(1,860,236)	(22,604)	(1.21)%		
Non-operating revenue				, ,		
(expense)	(170,941)	(173,939)	2,998	1.75%		
Net operating transfers	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		00.00%		
Change in net position	\$ <u>214,278</u>	<u>\$ 277,498</u>	\$(63,220)			

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS.

In preparing its budgets, the City attempts to estimate its revenues using realistic, but conservative, methods and budgets its expenditure activities in a prudent manner. As a result, the City Council adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and availability of additional revenues.

The General Fund budget for fiscal year 2021-22, after Council approved changes, anticipated a shortfall of \$(213,253). Revenues in fiscal year 2021-22 were \$346,863, or 4.2%, more than the budget estimate. The results of the General Fund were more favorable than anticipated, with an actual net surplus of \$612,662 due to increases in revenue and decreases in expenditures and capital outlay.

Table 7 shows a two-year comparison of General Fund budgets and actual results.

TABLE 7 - GENERAL FUND BUDGET-TO-ACTUAL For the periods ending June 30

		2022				
	Budget	Actual Variance		Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues, Trans In	\$ 8,181,109	\$ 8,527,972	\$ 346,863	\$ 7,190,802	\$ 7,897,677	\$ 706,875
Expenditures	(6,648,413)	(6,812,669)	164,256	(5,970,878)	(5,645,487)	325,391
Operating Result	1,532,696	1,715,303	182,607	1,219,924	2,252,190	1,032,266
Capital Outlay	(1,608,449)	(195,190)	(1,413,259)	(192,318)	(157,782)	34,536
Transfers Out	(137,500)	(907,451)	769,951	(1,087,087)	(1,081,087)	
Net Result	\$ (213,253)	\$ 612,662	\$ 825,915	\$ (53,481)	\$ 1,013,321	\$ 1,066,802

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City's practice has been to capitalize buildings, machinery and equipment. As a small City under the definition of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), the City is not required to report, and has not reported, infrastructure (i.e. streets, streetlights, sidewalks, etc.) assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003 in accounting for capital assets. GASB34 requires small cities to report infrastructure acquired after June 30, 2003. The City has recorded parkland improvements and acquisitions as additions to the infrastructure. While the City has done well at budgeting for depreciation

expense for equipment, it has not budgeted for other assets such as, the depreciation of buildings, streets, sidewalks, park equipment, etc. This is an important note, as the cost to maintain this infrastructure is significant. This lack of investment makes it increasingly difficult to sustain the asset and also makes the general fund balance appear arbitrarily high. The City should develop funding policies to ensure adequate investment in capital renewal and replacement.

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and corresponding debt, for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022, was \$13,721,909 and \$11,046,040 respectively. This represented an increase in the net investment (net of corresponding debt) of 11.97% for governmental and a decrease in net investment of 9 8.79% for business-type activities.

TABLE 8 - INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT

	2022	2021	Increase (Decrease) \$	Increase (Decrease) %		
Governmental Funds	\$ 13,721,909	\$ 12,976,055	\$ 745,854	5.75%		
Business-type Funds	\$ 11,046,040	\$ 11,034,641	\$ 11,399	0.10%		

**Long-term debt (including Compensated Absences).** As of June 30, 2022, the City had total debt outstanding of \$8,488,769; this is a decrease from the total debt outstanding at June 30, 2021 of \$1,035,520. This decrease is due to loan principal pay downs by the City during the current fiscal year.

Table 9 provides a two-year comparison of the City's long-term debt.

TABLE 9 - TOTAL DEBT For the periods ending June 30

	Governmental Activities				 <b>Business-Type Activities</b>			Government-Wide T			Totals_
	2022		2022 2021		2022 2021		2022			2021	
Capital Leases	\$	463,109	\$	556,982	\$ -	\$	-	\$	463,109	\$	556,982
Compensated Absences		695,312		632,319	173,828		158,078		869,140		790,397
Pension Obligation Bonds		-		576,251	-		60,659		-		636,910
2020 Revenue											
Refunding Bonds		<u> </u>			 7,220,000		7,540,000		7,220,000		7,540,000
Total	\$	<u>1,158,421</u>	\$ <u>_</u>	1,765,552	\$ 7,393,828	\$	7,758,737	\$	8,552,249	\$	9,524,289

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

Fuel, auto and transportation sales are the greatest contributors to sales tax revenue for the City. Sales tax from fuel has been experiencing an overall decline since early 2012, while other retailers in Corning have remained stable overall. Specifically, sales tax from auto sales and transportation has been increasing each year to the point where the City receives more sales tax from auto and transportation sales than from fuel. There was a total of \$5,181,575 in sales tax and use tax in fiscal year 2021-2022, an increase of \$545,710 from fiscal year 2020-2021. Transient Occupancy Taxes received in fiscal year 2021-2022 totaled \$678,925, which was up \$236,479 from fiscal year 2020-2021. Motor vehicle in lieu taxes (private used auto sales taxes), increased by \$44,349 from fiscal year 2019-2020 and totaled \$775,019 in fiscal year 2021-

2022.

In 2020-2021 the City was notified that it will receive \$1,844,396 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) revenues payable in two installments, the second of which was recorded as revenue in 2021-22. The City plans to utilize these funds to extend water and sewer infrastructure to the westside of Interstate 5. Doing so, will increase the sales tax base and diversify City sources of revenue creating greater financial stability. The City also allocated \$250,000 of these funds to support a downtown Corning awning replacement grant to benefit local businesses.

The City's Water System has an ISO Class II rating. As part of Resolution 06-12-2018-01, the City Council enacted a five-year series of 3.5% annual rate increases intended to maintain a stable cash flow and to assure investors of the stability of the City. Due to decreases in water consumption, and to satisfy the rate covenant requirement as part of the 2016/2017 refunding of the City's water debt, the City approved an additional 3.5% increase for a total of 7.0% through July 1, 2022 as part of resolution No. 07-23-2019-08. The City will need to continue the 7.0% rate increase due to decreases in water consumption and COVID-19 related bad debt.

In September of 2019, the City Council implemented Resolution No. 07-23-2019-09. The Resolution implements five annual 3.0% sewer rate increases to account for inflation and set aside net revenues to fund future repairs and facility replacement. It is likely the 3.0% annual increase will need to be renewed on July 1, 2024.

The continued downturn in development leaves the Sewer Capital Fund short of Development Impact Fee funds for debt service on the plant expansion bonds, but the Sewer Operating Fund is pledged to make up any shortage of revenue from new development.

The City may need to consider further water and sewer rate increases, if bad debt as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic is not recovered.

Street Maintenance is funded by Federal funds, State gas taxes, local transportation taxes and the City General Fund. Few people realize State gas taxes and local transportation taxes are a small portion of a City's investment in Roads. The City received only \$660,980 in State Gas Taxes, Senate Bill 1 funds, and local transportation taxes during the year; that is only \$80.52 per year per resident. The balance of the funds spent on roads comes from the City General Fund and available State and Federal funding. In the summer of 2023, there will be two large road and pedestrian improvement projects funded through local transportation taxes and Safe Routes to Schools funding.

In Fiscal year 2021-2022, the City Recreation Program was largely grant-funded. In fiscal year 2022-2023 the grant funding will terminate. At that point, the recreation program will become a general fund expense. The City received \$8.5 million in grant funding to construct a city plaza, recreation center, splash pad and amphitheater. Construction of the new facilities are expected to be completed in 2025. At that point, the City will need to increase recreation staffing to support the new facility. Due to rising construction costs it is anticipated a portion of this project will need to be funded through the General Fund. Staff is exploring cost control measures along with any available additional grant opportunities due to the expected funding shortfall. It is likely an additional \$2 million may be needed to support this project.

For Fiscal Year 2021-2022 there were 42 full-time City Employees. The City has a huge investment in those employees and they are the greatest asset of the City well worth retaining by maintaining stable employment.

The Police Departments leads through the Chief and four Sergeants; there are no Captains or Lieutenants employed at this time. The Dispatch Records Supervisor position has been filled. There remains five

dispatchers, including the dispatch supervisor. In Fiscal Year 2022-2023 an additional police officer and the promotion of a police officer to a sergeant were approved. The Administrative Services Manager position was not refilled after a vacancy. Instead an additional community services officer was authorized. As part of the reorganization there was also a request to create a detective position that is currently being evaluated.

The Fire Department, an ISO Class 4 rated agency, is a one-hundred-year old Volunteer Department with no full-time firefighters, saving the City over \$1 million per year. There are four full-time fire dispatchers and a Fire Chief. The City anticipates it may need to hire paid firefighters in the future as many volunteers either work out of town or cannot respond to calls during the daytime.

In fiscal year 2021-2022 the entire Public Works Department has nine full-time Maintenance Workers and a field supervisor. A part-time maintenance worker was also utilized. In fiscal year 2022-2023 an additional Maintenance Worker position was authorized. Only the Director and the Public Works Secretary are in the office. Beginning in October of 2019 the City initiated a contract with a consulting firm for Public Works Director and City Engineer services. All City Employees have direct service contact with the public.

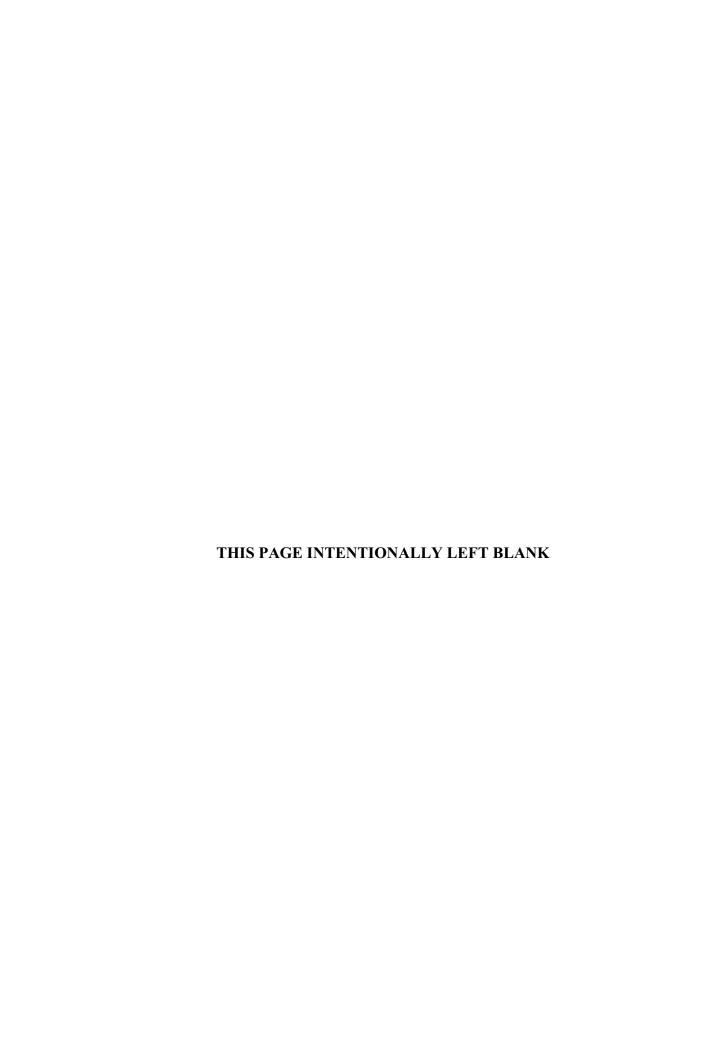
#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Corning's financial condition for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Should the reader have further questions, please contact Kristina Miller, City Manager, City of Corning, 794 Third Street, Corning, California 96021.



# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** 



#### CITY OF CORNING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	Primary Government				
<u>ASSETS</u>	Governmental Activities	Business Activities	Total		
Cash and Investments (Note 3)					
Available for operations Restricted	\$ 9,523,453	\$ 3,949,790 230,368	\$ 13,473,243 230,368		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectable)	71.501	2.47.000	210.501		
Accounts Receivable	71,521 1,997,183	247,980	319,501		
Intergovernmental Receivable Interest Receivable	1,625,778	-	1,997,183 1,625,778		
Other Receivable	-	_	-		
Loans Receivable (CDBG.)	4,130,637	_	4,130,637		
Internal balances	35,837	-	35,837		
Inventory	-	-	-		
Due To/(From) Other Funds Capital Assets (Note 2):	8,285	(8,285)	-		
Unamortized loan acquisition costs	-	-	-		
Land and construction in progress	218,643	838,088	1,056,731		
Depreciable assets, net	13,503,367	10,207,952	23,711,319		
Total Assets	\$ 31,114,704	\$ 15,465,893	\$ 46,580,597		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unamortized loan acquisition costs	\$ -	\$ 300,864			
Pension	1,126,786	245,220	1,372,006		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,126,786	\$ 546,084	\$ 1,672,870		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Accounts Payable	\$ 348,186	\$ 113,266	\$ 461,452		
Accrued Wages/Payroll Taxes	34,391	5,660	40,051		
Accrued Interest Payable	-	94,026	94,026		
Deposits Other Accrued Liabilities	-	23,939	23,939		
Contract retentions	_	_	_		
Accrued compensated absences:					
Due within one year	185,000	49,000	234,000		
Due in more than one year	447,319	124,826	572,145		
Long-term debt					
Due within one year	92,673	335,000	427,673		
Due in more than one year	373,482	6,885,000	7,258,482		
Net Pension Liability	3,904,900	849,811	4,754,711		
Total Liabilities	\$ 5,385,951	\$ 8,480,528	\$ 13,866,479		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
GASB 68 Actuarial Adjustments	\$ 3,459,756	\$ 752,936	\$ 4,212,692		
Unearned Revenue	5,762,208		5,762,208		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 9,221,964	\$ 752,936	\$ 9,974,900		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 13,255,855	\$ 3,826,040	\$ 17,081,895		
Reserved for debt service	-	230,172	230,172		
Reserved for capital inprovement	4 255 522	1,419,874	1,419,874		
Unrestricted	4,377,720	1,302,427	5,680,147		
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 17,633,575</u>	\$ 6,778,513	\$ 24,412,088		

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes

			Program Revenues			In Net Position						
					Ope	rating	C	apital				
				ges for		ts and		ints and		vernmental		
	]	Expenses	Ser	vices	Contr	ibutions	Cont	ributions	A	Activities	A	ctivities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS												
Governmental Activities: General Government:												
		20.125								(20.12=)		
City Council	\$	38,127	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(38,127)	\$	-
City Administration		220,274		-		-		-		(220,274)		-
City Clerk		15,213		-		-		-		(15,213)		-
City Treasurer		745		-		-		-		(745)		-
City Finance		94,074		-		-		-		(94,074)		-
General Government		2,681,828		08,056		4,421		-		(2,569,351)		
Total General Government		3,050,261	1	08,056		4,421				(2,937,784)		-
Public Safety and Judiciary:												
Legal Services		142,585		-		-		-		(142,585)		-
Police		2,855,180		13,877		237,026		-		(2,604,277)		-
Police Dispatch		695,425		-		-		-		(695,425)		-
Animal Control		166,851		-		-		-		(166,851)		-
Fire		904,925		-		-		-		(904,925)		-
Total Public Safety and Judiciary		4,764,966		13,877		237,026	-	-		(4,514,063)		-
Transportation:					-						-	
Airport		_		_		_		_		_		_
Streets		334,360		52,245		118,660		197,415		33,960		_
Total Transportation		334,360		52,245	-	118,660		197,415		33,960	-	_
Cultural, Parks and Recreation												
Library		35,600		_		-		_		(35,600)		-
Theater		8,335		_		_		_		(8,335)		_
Parks and Recreation		817,593		49,311		_		_		(768,282)		_
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	-	861,528		49,311	-	_		_		(812,217)	-	_
Community/Economic Development:				- ,-	-		-		_	(- ) -)		
Economic Development		40,790		_		_		107,215		66,425		_
Total Community/Economic Development	-	40,790						107,215		66,425	-	
Business-Type Activities	-	10,770			-	<del></del>		107,213	_	00,123		
Sewer		2.015.019	2.1	27,965								112,947
		2,015,018				-		-		-		
Water		1,827,534	1,6	525,063		-		-		-		(202,471)
Solid Waste		-		-		-		-		-		-
Airport		107,340		-		-		-		-		(107,340)
Transportation		17,789						<u>-</u>	_			(17,789)
Total Business-Type Activities		3,967,681		753,028						_		(214,653)
Total	\$	13,019,586	\$ 3,9	976,517	\$	360,107	\$	304,630	\$	(8,163,679)	\$	(214,653)

# Statement 2 (Continued)

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION:

	Governmental Activities	Business Activities	Total	
Net (Expense)/Revenue General Revenues:	\$ (8,163,679)	\$ (214,653) \$	(8,378,332)	
Taxes				
Sales and Use Taxes	5,181,575	-	5,181,575	
Property Taxes Franchise Taxes Vehicle License Fees Transit Occupancy Tax	735,361 185,207 775,019 678,925	- - -	735,361 185,207 775,019 678,925	
Other Taxes	350,828	-	350,828	
Intergovernmental Investment Income Donations Other	2,258,546 27,300 - 220,348	9,525 - 625,193	2,258,546 36,825 - 845,541	
Transfers - Internal Activity	· -	-	· -	
Total General Revenues and Transfers	10,413,109	634,718	11,047,827	
Change in Net Position	2,249,430	420,065	2,669,495	
Net Position - Beginning of Year Prior Period Adjustment Residual Equity Transfers In (Out)		6,358,448	21,741,707	
Net Position - Ending of Year	\$ 17,633,575	\$ 6,778,513	24,412,088	

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Fund Financial Statements** 

17,633,576

### CITY OF CORNING BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	General		Non-Major Governmental		Total Governmental
ASSETS	Fund		Funds	_	Funds
Cash and Investments \$ Intergovernmental Receivable Accounts Receivable Notes Receivable (C.D.B.G.)	3,121,303 427,536 71,521	\$	6,402,150 1,569,647 - 4,130,637	\$	9,523,453 1,997,183 71,521 4,130,637
Interest receivable Interfund Loans Receivable Due From Other Funds Other Assets: Restricted Cash	17,028 35,837 1,851,844		1,608,750		1,625,778 35,837 1,851,844
Total Assets \$	5,525,069	\$	13,711,184	\$	19,236,253
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable \$ Accrued Wages/Payroll Taxes Due to Other Funds	132,144 34,391	\$	216,041 - 1,843,559	\$	348,185 34,391
Accrued Compensated Absences	<u>-</u>		1,043,339		1,843,559
Total Liabilities	166,535		2,059,600		2,226,135
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Revenue - Business Licenses Deferred Revenue - Loans Receivable Other Current Liabilities	22,821		5,739,387		22,821 5,739,387
Total Liabilities	189,356		7,798,987		7,988,343
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for contingences Assigned Unassigned Unassigned - Special Revenues Funds Unassigned - Capital Projects Funds	625,000 1,911,092 2,799,621		3,728,783 2,183,414		625,000 1,911,092 2,799,621 3,728,783 2,183,414
Total Fund Balances	5,335,713		5,912,197		11,247,910
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$	5,525,069	\$	13,711,184	\$	19,236,253
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALA STATEMENT OF NET PO		<b>)</b> T [	THE GOVERN	ME	NT-WIDE
Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds				\$	11,247,910
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	1				
Capital assets unused in governmental activities are not financial resources are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$ 3,599,2					13,722,010
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditure therefore are deferred in the funds:  Deferred Outflows of Resources	s and				1,126,786
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore reported in the funds:  Deferred Inflows of Resources  Long-Term Debt  Accrued Compensated Absences  Net Pension Liability	ore are not	\$	(3,459,756) (466,155) (632,319) (3,904,900)		(8,463,130)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Net Position of Governmental Activities

City of Corning Financial Section Page 18

### CITY OF CORNING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	General Funa	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$	7,600,738 \$	306,177 \$	7,906,915
Intergovernmental Revenues		316,934	2,606,349	2,923,283
Interest		8,420	18,880	27,300
Licenses and Permits		257,656	-	257,656
Miscellaneous	_	84,315	101,866	186,181
Total Revenues	_	8,268,063	3,033,272	11,301,335
EXPENDITURES:	_			
Current:				
General Government:				
City Council		32,285	-	32,285
City Administration		186,525	-	186,525
City Clerk		12,881	-	12,881
City Treasurer		631	-	631
City Finance		79,661	-	79,661
General Government	_	1,107,294	1,163,641	2,270,935
Total General Government	<u> </u>	1,419,277	1,163,641	2,582,918
Public Safety and Judiciary:				
Legal Services		120,737	-	120,737
Police		2,396,847	20,881	2,417,728
Police Dispatch		588,876	-	588,876
Animal Control		141,287	-	141,287
Fire	_	766,278		766,278
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	_	4,014,025	20,881	4,034,906
Transportation:				
Streets	_	113,902	169,230	283,132
Total Transportation	<del>_</del>	113,902	169,230	283,132
Cultural, Parks and Recreation				
Library		30,145	-	30,145
Theater		7,057	-	7,057
Parks and Recreation	_	619,747	72,651	692,398
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	<del>_</del>	656,949	72,651	729,600
Community/Economic Development:				
Economic Development	_	23,500	11,040	34,540
Total Community/Economic Development	_	23,500	11,040	34,540
Debt Service:				
Principal		265,983	54,410	320,393
Interest and Other Charges		319,033	9,992	329,025
Capital Outlay	_	195,190	1,311,643	1,506,833
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	7,007,859	2,813,488	9,821,347
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	1,260,204	219,784	1,479,988
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Debt Proceeds		-	_	-
Transfers In / Out		(647,542)	647,542	-
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_	(647,542)	647,542	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	612,662	867,326	1,479,988
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		4,723,051	5,043,985	9,767,036
Residual Equity Transfers		1,723,031	886	886
Prior period adjustment		-	000	000
	<u> </u>			11 247 010
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ _	5,335,713 \$	5,912,197 \$	11,247,910

### CITY OF CORNING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Statement 4 (Continued)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the to the Government-Wide statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position:

Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,479,988
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities and changes in Net Position are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the estimated useful life of the assets:  Capital assets purchases capitalized  Donated Infrastructure not included in capital outlay  Depreciation expense	\$ 1,506,833 (26,839) (471,036)	1,008,958
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:  Bond proceeds		
Bond Principal Retirement  Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:  Capital lease obligation principal payments	320,393	320,393
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures on governmental funds:  Net Pension Liability  Accrued compensated absences		(643,593) 119,633
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	2,285,379

#### CITY OF CORNING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,949,790
Accounts Receivable	247,980
Inventory	
Total Current Assets	4,197,770
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	929 009
Land and Construction in Progress Property, Plant, and Equipment	838,088 26,359,990
Accumulated Depreciation	(16,152,038)
Net Capital Assets	11,046,040
Net Capital Assets	11,040,040
Restricted Assets	230,368
Total Noncurrent Assets	11,276,408
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Loan Acquisition Costs	300,864
Pension Contribution	245,220
Total Assets	\$ 16,020,262
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 113,266
Accrued Wages/Payroll Taxes	5,660
Due to other funds	8,285
Accrued Interest Payable	94,026
Deposits  Control Professional Control Profession C	23,939
Current Portion of Non-Current Liabilities	384,000
Total Current Liabilities	629,176
Noncurrent Liabilities:	6.02.6.000
Notes, Bonds and Certificates Payable	6,836,000
Accrued Compensated Absences	173,826
Net Pension Liability Loans	849,811
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,859,637
Total Liabilities	8,488,813
Deferred Inflows of Resources	752.026
GASB 68 Actuarial Adjustments	752,936
NET POSITION:	
Investment in Capital Assets, net of related debt	3,826,040
Reserved for capital improvement	1,419,874
Reserved for debt service	230,172
Unrestricted	1,302,427
Total Net Position	\$ 6,778,513

### CITY OF CORNING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	_	<b>Enterprise Funds</b>
OPERATING REVENUES:	_	_
Charges for Services		
Sewer Charges	\$	2,127,965
Water Charges		1,622,621
Solid Waste		0
Connection Fees		2,442
Lease and Rents		33,468
Other revenue	<u>.</u>	591,725
Total Operating Revenues	-	4,378,221
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Salaries and Benefits		1,233,911
Utilities		430,463
Depreciation		388,591
Amortization		12,517
Other Expenses	-	1,613,751
Total Operating Expenses	-	3,679,233
Operating Income		698,988
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest Income		9,525
Interest expense		(288,448)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	-	(278,923)
Income Before Contributions and Transfers		-
Operating transfers in (out)		
Net income (Loss)		420,065
Net Position-Beginning of Year - As previously stated Prior period adjustment		6,358,448
Net Position - Beginning of Year	-	6,358,448
Residual Equity Transfers In		-
Residual Equity Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	6,778,513
	-	

# CITY OF CORNING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	_	<b>Enterprise Funds</b>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from Customers	\$	3,853,893
Other Operating Cash Receipts		625,693
Payments to Suppliers		(2,009,661)
Payments to Employees		(1,240,682)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		
Operating Activities		1,229,243
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating transfers from (to) other funds		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND		
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest Paid		(292,937)
Repayment of Certificates of Participation		(323,579)
Repayment of Loan Payable: Mid Valley Bank		6,894
Changes in GASB 68 amounts		50,321
Payments for capital acquisitions		(329,576)
Net cash (used by) capital and		
related financing activities		(888,877)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Receipts of interest		9,525
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		349,891
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,949,751
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	4,299,642
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS		
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$	698,988
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net		,
Cash Provided by (Used by) Operating Activities:		
Depreciation/Amortization		401,108
Prior period adjustments		(7,164)
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable		103,076
Decrease (Increase) in Inventory		25,680
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Assets		-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		13,362
Increase (Decrease) in Wages Payable		393
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Compensation		-
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		-
Increase (Decrease) in Interest Payable		(4,489)
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits		(1,711)
Net cash from (used for) operating activities	\$	1,229,243

## Statement 8

# CITY OF CORNING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust Funds		
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and Investments	\$ 247,330		
Total Assets	\$ 247,330		
Net Position			
Held in trust for:			
Scholarships	\$ 24,780		
Library Systems	 222,550		
Total Net Position	\$ 247,330		

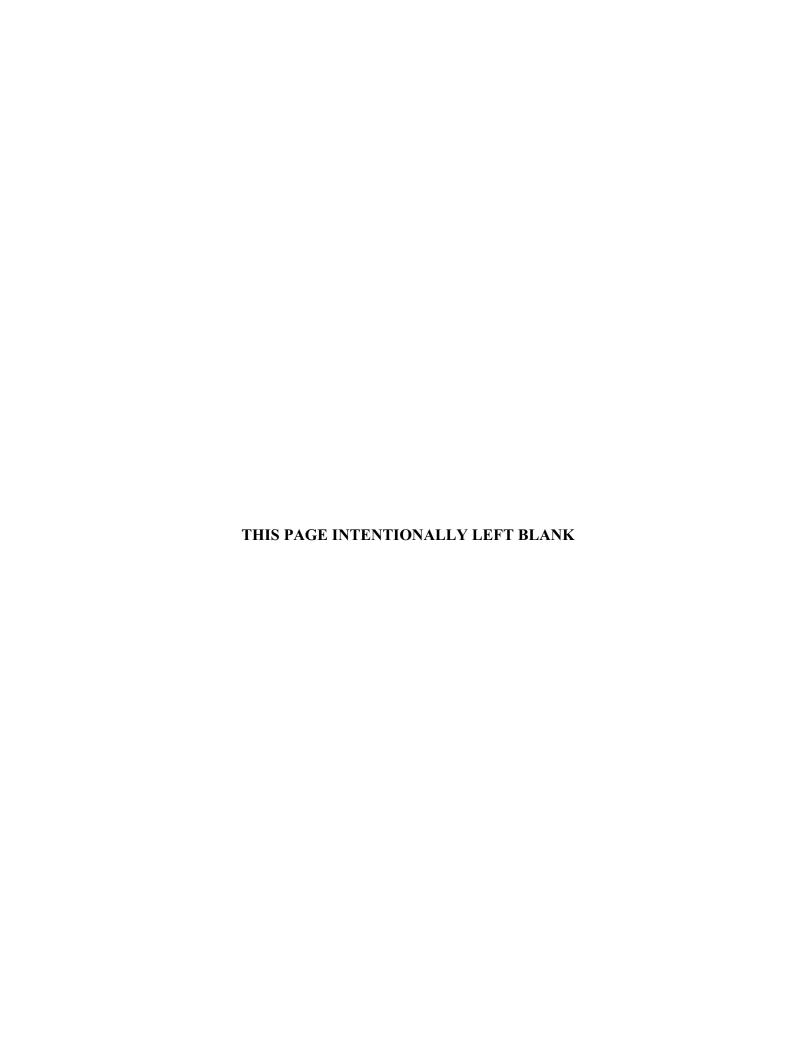
## Statement 9

# CITY OF CORNING STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Private Purpose
Additions:	
Interest Income	\$ 733
Total Revenues	733
<b>Deductions:</b>	
Scholarships	-
Capital Outlay	33,227
Other Deductions	250
Total Deductions	33,477
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over Expenditures	(32,744)
Change in Net Position	(32,744)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	280,074
Residual Equity Transfers	<del>_</del> _
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ 247,330

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Notes to Basic Financial Statements** 



#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the City of Corning (City), all of which conform to United States generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1907, as a general law city formed under state legislative statutes and governed by a body of laws in the State Constitution. The financial reporting entity (the government) includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the City as legally defined), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The government provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sanitation, electric, water, and wastewater services; the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events.

As required by U.S. GAAP, the accompanying basic financial statements present the City and its component units. Component units are entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. GASB defines component units as legally separate entities that meet any one of the following tests:

- a. The component unit's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the City and:
  - 1. there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the component unit or
  - 2. Management of the City has operational responsibility for the component unit.
- b. The component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the City or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the City even though it does not provide services to it
- c. The component unit's total debt outstanding, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the City.

Management determined that there are no component units based on the criteria above.

## B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aidmanagement in demonstrating

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained in accordance with legal and managerial requirements.

The Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and that, therefore, are not recognized as revenue until that time.

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)**

revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's business type activities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

## **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in Net Position as presented in these statements to the Net Position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues as available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for sales tax which has a ninety (90) day availability period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The reconciliations of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences.

Property taxes, sales taxes, transient occupancy tax, grants, licenses, fees, charges and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

## **Governmental Fund Financial Statements(Continued)**

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**The General Fund** is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>The General Capital Projects Fund</u> accounts for the financing and construction activities of the general government.

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# **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major Proprietary Fund.

The City has no internal service funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. In these funds, receivables have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Tap and similar fees have been reported as non-operating revenues in the City's statement of revenue expense and changes in net position for proprietary funds and as capital grants and contributions in the statement of activities and changes in net position. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

## **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>The Water Enterprise Fund</u> accounts for the operations of the City's water utility, a self-supporting activity which renders a service on a user-charge basis to residents and businesses.

<u>The Sewer Utility Fund</u> accounts for the operations of the City's wastewater utility, a self-supporting activity which renders a service on a user-charge basis to residents and businesses.

## **Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements**

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The City's fiduciary funds represent expendable trust funds. These funds use the economic resources measurement focus.

Fiduciary fund types are accounted for according to the nature of the fund.

The City's trust funds are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit as an agent for individuals, governmental entities (other than the City) and non-public organizations. This fund is used to account for deposits and collects monies for various community events which are remitted to the organizers.

#### C. Cash and Investments

The City pools idle cash from all funds for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. Cash deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments are stated at fair value. Investment income is recorded as revenue in the individual funds based on the computed average interest rate of all investments and the average daily cash balance of each fund. For purposes of the statement of cash flows of the proprietary fund types, cash and cash equivalents include all investments, as the City operates an internal cash management pool which maintains the general characteristics of a demand deposit account.

All cash and investments of proprietary funds are held in the City's investment pool. Therefore, all cash and investments in the proprietary funds are considered cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows as these cash pools have the general characteristics of a demand deposit account.

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## C. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for Deposits and Investment Risks in the following areas:

Interest Rate Risk
Credit Risk
Overall
Custodial Credit Risk
Concentration of Credit Risk
Foreign Currency Risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

U.S. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the Statements of Net Position or Balance Sheet, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, which are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

## D. General Receivables and Property Taxes Receivable

The City records an allowance for doubtful accounts on general accounts receivable based on the experience method.

The County of Tehama assesses, bills, and collects property taxes for the City. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1. They become due November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent December 10 and April 10. City property tax revenue is recognized when levied to the extent that it is available (collected within 60 days of year-end).

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **E.** Inventories

Inventories are physically counted at year-end and valued at their average cost. All inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as inventory when items are purchased and as expenditures when the items are used (the consumption method of accounting for inventories). The weighted average method is used for establishing the cost of inventory consumed.

## F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. "Right-to-use" assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial present value of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at present value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Depreciable Asset	Estimated Lives
Buildings	10-40 years
Improvements	10-40 years
Machinery and Equipment	3-20 years
Utility System	5-50 years
Infrastructure	15-50 years
Right-to-use assets	Life of Lease

For all infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the Basic Approach. The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include the streets, water purification and distribution system, sewer collection and treatment system, parks and recreation, lands and improvement system, storm water conveyance system, and buildings combined with the site amenities such as parking and landscaped areas used by the

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## F. Capital Assets (Continued)

City in the conduct of its business. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, traffic control devices (signs, signals and pavement markings), landscaping and land.

These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

#### G. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 1). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

CalPERS:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Measurement Period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

### H. Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (OPEB)

Management has determined that there are not material OPEB benefits to report.

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### I. Vacation and Sick Pay

Vacation pay is vested to the employees as it accrues and is payable upon retirement or termination. Sick leave, however, does not vest to the employees and is payable only when sick leave is taken.

Vacation pay is vested to the employees as it accrues and is payable upon retirement or termination. Sick leave, however, does not vest to the employees and is payable only when sick leave is taken.

Unused vacation and sick leave have been accrued in the accompanying government-wide financial statements and the accompanying proprietary fund financial statements.

#### J. Unearned Revenue

In the government-wide financial statements, unearned revenue is recorded for transactions for which revenues have not been earned.

In the fund financial statements, deferred revenue is recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City records deferred revenues when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

## **K.** Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which does not materially differ from the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## K. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### L. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, fund equity is called net <u>position</u>. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

*Net investment in capital assets* consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balance of bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

**Restricted** net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted* net position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows or resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

#### M. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications; restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

**Restricted fund balance.** This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### M. Fund Balances (Continued)

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed ordinances of the City Council – the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for the use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City Council's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. By Council Policy the City Council and City Manager have the authority to allocate amounts to be used for specific purposes. City Council approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the City Manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within a functional area or fund.

Unassigned fund balance. This amount is for any portion of the fund balances that do not fall into one of the above categories. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

## N. Spending Policy

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources-committed, assigned, and unassigned-in order as needed. The City has no formal policy of assignment of fund balance. So it is presumed that the order of spending is first committed fund balance, then assigned fund balance, and last of all, unassigned fund balance.

#### O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## P. New Governmental Accounting Standards Implemented for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The requirements of the following accounting standards are effective for the purpose of implementation, if applicable to the City, for the year ended June 30, 2022. The financial statements included herein apply the requirements and provisions of these statements, including necessary retroactive adjustments to financial statement classifications and presentations.

GASB Statement No. 87 - In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB Statement No. 87), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Implementation of this Statement had no significant effect on the City's financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92 - In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the City's financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 93 - In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2022, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 97 - In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans — An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1)

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# P. New Governmental Accounting Standards Implemented for the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

## Q. Upcoming Governmental Accounting Standards Implementation

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB statements:

GASB Statement No. 91 - In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations (GASB Statement No. 91), to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, as amended by GASB 95.

GASB Statement No. 94 - In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

## NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Q. Upcoming Governmental Accounting Standards Implementation (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 96 - In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

<u>GASB Statement No. 100</u> - In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101 - In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

#### NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2022, cash and investments are reported in the accompanying basic financial statements as follows:

	Governmen	t-W1de				
	Statement of N	et Position	Fiduciary Funds			
	Governmental	Business-Type	Statement of			
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	Net Position	<u>Total</u>	
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,523,453	\$ 3,949,790	\$ 13,423,243	\$ 247,330	\$ 13,720,573	
Restricted Cash						
and Investments	<del>-</del>	230,368	230,368		230,368	
Totals	\$ <u>9,523,453</u>	\$ <u>4,180,158</u>	\$ <u>13,653,611</u>	\$ 247,330	\$ <u>13,950,941</u>	

At June 30, 2022, cash and investments, including cash and investments with fiscal agent, are reported at fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following table presents the fair value measurements of the investments recognized in the accompanying statement of net position and balance sheet measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the levels within GASB 72 fair value hierarchy in which fair value measurement fall at June 30, 2022:

	Fair V	'alue		Measurement		
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	<u>Input</u>		
Deposits	\$ 4,625,508	\$ 230,368	\$ 4,855,876	N/A		
Local Agency						
Investment Fund	9,095,065	<u> </u>	9,095,065	Uncategorized		
Total investments	9,095,065	<u> </u>	9,095,065			
Total cash and						
investments	\$ <u>13,720,573</u>	\$ <u>230,368</u>	\$ <u>13,950,941</u>			

#### A. Demand Deposits

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$4,855,876 of which \$230,368 was restricted and \$4,625,508 was unrestricted. The bank balance was \$5,181,844. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance, and \$4,681,844 was covered by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits.

## NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## A. Demand Deposits (Continued)

California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

#### **B.** Investments

The California Government Investment Code and the investment policy of the City authorize the City to invest in obligations, participation, or other instruments of the U.S. Government or its agencies, state and municipal bonds, commercial paper of "prime" quality of the highest ranking or of the highest letter and numerical rating as provided by Standard & Poor's Corporation or Moody's Investor Service, Inc., bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mortgage pass-through securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed or other pay-through bonds, equipment lease-backed certificates, consumer receivable pass-through certificates, or consumer receivable-backed bonds, and medium-term notes (issued by U.S. Corporations) of a maximum of five years with a minimum rating category of "A" by a nationally recognized rating service, notes, bonds, or other obligations secured by a valid first priority security interest, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (LAIF). Reverse repurchase agreements may be made only when prior approval of the City Council has been given.

#### C. Investments in Local Agency Investment Fund

The City is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments in LAIF at June 30, 2022 included a portion of pool funds invested in Structure Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

Structured Notes are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash-flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

Asset-Backed Securities, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2022, the City had \$9,095,065 invested in LAIF, which had invested 1.88% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes (1.14%) and Asset-Back Securities (.74%). LAIF

## NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## C. Investments in Local Agency Investment Fund (Continued)

determines the value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available and based on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available. The City valued its investments in LAIF as of June 30, 2022, by multiplying its account balance with LAIF times a fair value factor determined by LAIF. This fair value factor was determined by dividing all LAIF participants' total aggregate amortized cost by total aggregate fair value. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The credit quality rating of LAIF is unrated as of June 30, 2022.

#### D. Risk Disclosures

## Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City varies its maturity dates throughout the five-year maturity period. The investments with maturities greater than 5 years pertain to investment agreements within the bond issues. These agreements afford

## D. Risk Disclosures (Continued)

the City long-term fixed interest rates for the duration of the bond issue, with the option to utilize those funds for debt service payments and at the City's option replenish those funds at the fixed rate until the maturity of the investment agreements. The City has no formal policy regarding interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2022, the City had the following investments and maturities:

Amount Maturity

Investment in State

Treasurers Investment Pool \$ 9,095,065 One year or less

## **Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

## NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the City's investments in LAIF are not rated as LAIF is a State sponsored investment pool. The City policy limits the percentage invested in various instruments by category.

## Disclosures Relating to Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer of securities. When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration presents a heightened risk of potential loss. State law restricts the City's investments in commercial paper to 40% of its investment pool and to 10% per issuer and corporate bonds and medium term notes to 30% of its investment pool and to 10% per issuer, and banker's acceptances to 15% of its investment pool and to 10% per issuer. The City has invested all cash, other than deposits and imprest cash, in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). At June 30, 2022, the City's investments were in compliance with concentration of credit risk State law.

## NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

cupital assets activity for the year ende	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Adjustments/ Retirements	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:	¢	¢.	Φ	Ф	¢.
Land Construction in progress	\$ - 481,646	\$ - 218,642	\$ - -	\$ - (481,646)	\$ - 218,642
Total Capital Assets,	401,040	210,042		(+61,0+0	210,042
Not Being Depreciated	481,646	218,642	_	(481,646)	218,642
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings	2,026,937	-	(2,578)	-	2,024,359
Parks	4,261,049	692,263	-	-	4,953,312
Fire Department	1,952,880	51,911	(115.759)	-	2,004,791 739,870
Police Department Machinery and equipment	774,273 665,634	81,255 172,819	(115,758) (150,602)	-	687,851
` Infrastructure	8,370,356		(130,002)	481,646	8,852,002
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	18,051,129	998,248	(268,938)	481,646	19,252,185
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(5,556,720)	(471,036)	(268,938)		(5,758,818)
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated, Net	12,494,409	527,212		481,646	13,503,267
Total Governmental Activities, Net	\$ <u>12,976,055</u>	\$ 745,854	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$ <u>13,721,909</u>
Business-Type Activities:					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 838,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 838,088
Construction in progress					
Total Capital Assets,	020 000				020 000
Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:	838,088				838,088
Buildings	2,652,532	_	_	_	2,652,532
Improvements	74,308	399,940	_	_	474 248
Machinery and equipment	1,022,655	73,107	(45,932)	-	1,049,830
Utility Property	22,183,380				22,183,380
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	25,932,875	473,047	(45,932)		26,359,990
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(15,736,322)	(461,648)	45,932		(16,152,038)
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated, Net	10,196,553	11,399			10,207,952
Total Business-type Activities, Net	\$ <u>11,034,641</u>	\$11,399	\$	\$	\$ <u>11,046,040</u>
	Balance		Adjustments/		Balance
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements	<b>Transfers</b>	June 30, 2022
Loan Acquisition Costs:					
Loan Acquisition Costs	\$ 284,413	3 \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 284,413
Less Accumulated amortization	(57,682		(12,519)	Ψ -	(70,201)
Loan Acquisition costs, net of amortization	\$ 226,73		$\frac{(12,519)}{(12,519)}$	\$	\$ 214,212
2000 1 requisition costs, not of unfortization	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ψ <u>(12,517)</u>	¥ <u> </u>	Ψ

## **NOTE 3:** CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

## **Depreciation**

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$	139,697
Public Safety and Judiciary		243,455
Transportation		31,436
Culture Parks and Recreation		27,733
Community Economic Development	-	1,577
Total Depreciation Expense Governmental Functions	\$	471,036

Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type functions as follows:

Sewer	\$	205,889	
Solid Waste			-
Airport		82,882	
Transportation			-
Water	_	172,927	
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Functions			\$ <u>461,698</u>

## NOTE 4: UNEARNED REVENUE - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2022.

GASB No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows or resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows or resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has no items to report in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow or resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which

# NOTE 4: UNEARNED REVENUE - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Continued)

arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds are unavailable revenues of \$5,756,107 related to long-term notes and loans receivable.

At June 30, 2022, the components of unearned revenue in governmental funds consisted of off-sets to notes receivable in the amount of \$5,739,344, in addition there was unearned revenue in the General Fund in the amount of \$16,763.

A mounts

#### NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance		Adjustments/	Balance	Amounts Due Within
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements J	une 30, 2022	One Year
Governmental Activities				,	
Pension Obligation Bonds	\$ 576,251	\$ -	\$ (576,251)	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Bancorp Leasing	226,948	-	(57,934)	169,014	59,780
Pacific Gas and Electric	330,034	-	(35,939)	294,095	32,893
Compensated Absences (Note 1)	632,319	250,000	(187,007)	695,312	185,000
Total Government Activities	\$ <u>1,765,552</u>	\$ 250,000	\$ (857,131)	\$ <u>1,158,421</u>	\$ 277,673
	D-1		A 32	D-1	Amounts
	Balance	A J J:4:	Adjustments/	Balance	<b>Due Within</b>
Business-Type Activities	Balance <u>July 1, 2021</u>	Additions	Adjustments/ Retirements J		
Business-Type Activities 2017 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds	July 1, 2021	Additions	9		<b>Due Within</b>
• •	July 1, 2021	Additions - -	Retirements J	une 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
2017 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds	July 1, 2021 \$ 7,540,000	Additions	(320,000) (60,659)	une 30, 2022	Due Within One Year

## **2017 Revenue Refunding Bond**

In March of 2017, the City of Corning entered into an agreement with Union Bank of California, N.A., to sell Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$8,620,000. The Water Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$5,160,000 and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$5,160,000, along with other available money, were used to refinance the 2005 Series B of the Certificates of Participation, the Installment Purchase Agreement for the Clark Well and the 1999 Certificates of Participation. The 2017 Bonds bear an interest rate of 3.25 percent. The payment of principal and interest is derived solely from water and sewer revenue. Interest is payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1. Principal payments are required each September 1.

## **NOTE 5:** LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, loans consisted of the following:

## **Pension Obligation Bonds**

On or about May 15, 2013, the City of Corning issued \$2,579,000 in 2012 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds. The proceeds are being used for the payment of costs of issuance of the bonds and the refinancing of the Town's outstanding "side fund" obligations to the California's Public Retirement System.

The bonds will mature on May 28, 2023 and bear interest at the rate of 4.04% per annum. The balance will be subject to mandatory fund redemption from 2013 through 2023. Principal and interest is due semi-annually each December 31 and June 30.

Optimal redemption can occur on any date or after June 30, 2022 at no premium.

#### Fire Truck - Lease Purchase

The City entered into a financing type lease for a Fire Truck in the original amount of \$403,159. The lease is payable in quarterly installments of \$16,101 with interest at 3.06%.

## Pacific Gas and Electric - Retrofit

In an arrangement with Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E), the City contracted with independent parties in 2019 and 2020 to make certain energy retrofit modification to many of the City's buildings. As part of that arrangement, the City received loan proceeds from PG&E in 2020-2021 totaling \$354,669 to pay for the modifications. The no interest loan payments range from 49 to 120 months and are paid as a line item on the various monthly PG&E billings.

The annual aggregate maturities for the years subsequent to June 30, 2022, are disclosed in the other disclosures section on pages 51 through 52.

#### **Operating Leases**

Rental expenses incurred under operating leases are not considered material.

## NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

#### **Due To/From Other Funds**

During the course of operations, transactions occur between funds to account for goods received or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as due from or due to other funds. In addition, when funds overdraw their share of pooled cash, the receivables and payables are also classified as due from or due to other funds. The following amounts were reflected as due from and due to other funds as of June 30, 2022:

<b>Due To:</b>		<b>Due From:</b>	
General Fund	\$ 1,851,844	Proposition 47 Grant Funds (Fund 195)	\$ 797,282
		Proposition 68 Park Fund (Fund 360)	715,125
		ATP (SR25) (Fund 118)	220,078
		SB-2 Planning Grant Fund (Fund 155)	32,681
		CDBG CV 1,2,3 (Fund 180)	9,047
		Solid Waste Fund (Fund 615)	8,285
		L and L District 1 Zone 1 (Fund 701)	1,548
		L and L District 1 Zone 5 (Fund 705)	84
		Street Scape (Fund 359)	 67,714
Total	\$ 1,851,844		\$ 1,851,844

## **Transfers**

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various City operations and re-allocations of special revenues. The following are the interfund transfers for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

<b>Transfer From:</b>		<b>Transfer To:</b>	
General Fund	\$ 647,545	Equipment Replacement Fund - Pub Wks	\$ 183,796
		Equipment Replacement Fund - Fire	324,002
		Equipment Replacement Fund - Police	139,747
Sewer Enterprise Fund	400,000	WWTP Capital Replacement Fund	90,000
		WWTP Debt Service Fund	160,000
		Sewer Capital Inprovement Fund	50,000
Water Enterprise Fund	-	Short Lived Water Reserve Fund	100,000
Total	\$ 1,047,545		\$ 1,047,545

#### NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS

### A. General Information about the Pension Plans

## Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Local Government's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Benefit Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At June 30, 2021, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Safety Plan	Miscellaneous Plan
Hire date	On or after 01/01/2013	On or after 01/01/2013
Benefit formula	3%@55	2%@60
Vesting schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement age	55	60
Monthly benefits as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2%
Required employee contribution rate	9%	7%
Required employer contribution rate	20.057%	7.846%

The City's Third Tier plans are currently considered unfunded so no additional disclosures are provided.

(Continued on the following page)

## **NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)**

## A. General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

Section 20814© of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Local Government is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	<u>. s</u>	Safety Plan	Mi —	scellaneous Plan
Contributions - Employer	\$	302,156	\$	89,471
Contributions - Employee	\$	12,512	\$	9,703
(Paid by employer)				

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2022, the Local Government reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

	Safety Plan	Plan
Proportionate shares of		
the net pension liability	\$ <u>1,981,379</u>	\$ <u>2,773,331</u>

The Local Government's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. The Local Government's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Local Government's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The Local Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2019 and 2021 was as follows:

Miscellaneous

	Safety Plan	Plan
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.06636%	0.07836%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.06240%	0.06254%
Change, Increase (Decrease)	<u>(0.00396)%</u>	(0.01582)%

## **NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)**

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Local Government recognized pension expense of \$1,265,681. At June 30, 2022, the Local Government reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Pension contributions subsequent to	
measurement date	\$ 440,445
Differences between actual and expected	
experience	696,012
Differences between Projected and Actual	
Investment Earnings	-
Changes in assumptions	-
Change in employer's proportion	235,549
Differences between the employer's	
contributions and the employer's proportionate	
share of contributions	-
Total	\$ 1,372,006

At June 30, 2022, the Local Government reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Differences between actual and expected		
Investment experience	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-
Change in employer's proportion		-
Differences between Projected and Actual		
Investment Earnings		3,380,304
Differences between the employer's		
contributions and the employer's proportionate		
share of contributions		832,388
Total	\$_	4,212,692

\$572,340 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Safety Plan	Miscellaneous <u>Plan</u>
2023	\$ (435,504)	) \$ (309,944)
2024	(439,789)	(332,231)
2025	(446,447)	(384,994)
2026	(477,983)	(454,240)
2027	-	-
Thereafter	-	_

## **NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)**

## Actuarial Methods and Assumption Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

The June 30, 2022 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Miscellaneous

	Wiscenaneous
	Safety Plan Plan
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Interment Rate of Return	<sup>2</sup>
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS Membership
	Data for all funds <sup>(1)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Mortality table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of a January 2021 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2021. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.15 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.15 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

## NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

#### Discount Rate (Continued)

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2022. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2022-21 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 <sup>1</sup>	Real Return Years 11+ <sup>1</sup>
Global Equity	47.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	11.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forest land	3.00%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.55%	-1.05%
_	100.00%		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> An expected inflation of 2.5% and 3.0% used for Years 1-10 and Years 11+, respectively.

## NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

# <u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the Local Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the Local Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Miscellaneous
	Safety Plan	Plan
1% Decrease	6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,974,890	\$ 3,734,809
Current Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,981,379	\$ 2,773,331
1% Increase	8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 965,023	\$ 531,844

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### NOTE 8: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Plan Description

The City participates in the CalPERS medical program as permitted under the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital and Care Act (PEMHCA). As such, the City is obligated to contribute toward the cost of retiree medical coverage for the retiree's lifetime or until coverage is discontinued. Based on CalPERS' requirements and the terms of the PEMHCA resolutions. GASB 75 requires additional disclosure which management has determined to be immaterial.

#### NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Description of Joint Powers Authority

The City is a member of the Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund a joint powers authority (Authority) for liability insurance and workers' compensation purposes. The following joint venture

#### **NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

disclosures made in compliance with GASB Code Section J50.103:

The Authority is comprised of 20 Northern California Cities and is organized under joint powers agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess liability coverage. Each member City has a representative on the Board of Directors. Officers are elected annually.

General Liability Insurance: Annual deposits are paid by member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. Each member city, including Corning, self-insure for the first \$25,000 of each loss. Participating cities shared in loss occurrences in excess of \$25,000 up to \$500,000 for fiscal year 2022. Coverage in excess of \$500,000 is provided through the California Joint Powers Insurance Risk Management Authority, a joint power authority organized to provide excess coverage for its members. Specific coverage includes: comprehensive and general liability, personal injury, contractual liability, errors and omissions, and auto liability.

Worker's Compensation Insurance: Annual deposits are paid by member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. The City self insured for the first \$100,000 of each loss. Participating cities shared in loss occurrences in excess of \$100,000 up to \$500,000. For coverage above the \$500,000 the city has purchased excess coverage with limits of \$5,000,000 per occurrence.

## **Condensed Financial Information of the Authority**

Noted below is a condensed balance sheet of the Authorities Combined Worker's Compensation Insurance and Liability Insurance Fund as of June 30, 2022, the most recent available:

Assets	\$ <u>71,377,660</u>
Liabilities	\$ <u>46,831,765</u>
Net Position - Unrestricted	\$ 24,545,895

## Claims and Judgments

The City accounts for material liability claims and judgment in accordance with GASB Code Section C50.110. When it is probable that a claim liability has been incurred at year end, the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the City records the estimated loss, net of any insurance coverage under its self-insurance program. At June 30, 2022, the City, in the opinion of the City Attorney, had no material claims which would require loss provision in the financial statements. Small dollar claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures when paid.

#### NOTE 11: OTHER INFORMATION

### **Contingent Liabilities**

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the appreciable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## Pledged Revenue

J			Year of Loan or		
			Year		
			Repayments	Original	Payments
Revenue	Borrowing		and/or Interest	Issue/Loan	Amortized
Pledged	Fund/Entity - Bond/Loan	<u>Use of Funds</u>	Payments Began	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Through</u>
	Sewer and Water Utility /	Refunding Original			
Net Revenues	Bond	Bonds	2017	\$ 8,620,000	2048

## Subsequent Event

Management has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2022 through January 8, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available for issuance. Management has determined no subsequent events requiring disclosure have occurred.

#### NOTE 12: NOTES RECEIVABLE

The City engages in programs designed to encourage business enterprises, construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing, or other projects. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided with favorable terms to businesses, homeowners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms.

Many of the loans are deferred, both principal and interest. It's the City's practice to not accrue interest on the deferred loans until they either mature or are amortized and payments made. Some of the loans have, or may, become uncollectible. As those events occur, the City's practice is to review enforcement action on a case by case basis.

### CITY OF CORNING, CALIFORNIA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 13: CONTINGENCIES

The City participates in a number of Federal and State assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. While the contingency for un-reimbursed expenditures could potentially be material, the amount, if any, of which may be disallowed by the granting agencies can not be determined at this time.

**COVID-19 Pandemic** - In March 2021 the World Health Organization declared coronavirus COVID-19 a global pandemic. This contagious disease outbreak, which has continued to spread, has adversely affected workforces, customers, economies, and financial markets globally, leading to an economic downturn. It has also disrupted the normal operations of many government agencies, including the City. This outbreak and the related public-health protective measures will decrease the types of economic activity that generate City revenue and reduce our ability to provide services to residents and businesses. It is not possible for us to predict the duration or magnitude of these impacts at this time.

### NOTE 14: RESERVES AND DESIGNATIONS OF FUND EQUITY

Under provisions of GASB Code Section 1800.121-123, a City may set up "Reserves" of Fund Equity to segregate fund balances which are not appropriable for expenditures in future periods, or which are legally set aside for future use. Fund "designations" may also be established to indicate tentative plans for financial resource utilization in future periods. The City reserves at June 30, 2022, are outlined below followed by explanations as to the nature and purpose of each reserve:

Reserve	Gen	eral Fund	Enterpris	e Funds	<u>Fiduc</u>	iary Funds
Reserve for Contingencies	\$	625,000	\$	_	\$	_
Reserve for Scholarships		-		-		24,780
Reserve for Library Systems		-		-		222,550
Reserve for Water funds debt service		-		230,172		=
Reserve for Water funds capital improvement/replacement		-		685,227		_
Reserve for Sewer funds capital improvement/replacement		-		734,647		-

#### Reserve for Contingencies

Amounts reserved for contingencies represent funds set aside to meet unusual and/or unexpected needs of the City.

### CITY OF CORNING, CALIFORNIA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 14: RESERVES AND DESIGNATIONS OF FUND EQUITY (Continued)

#### Reserve for Scholarships

The reserve for scholarships represents the funds balance of the JT Levy Trust Fund. Monies in this fund are invested and the earnings are used to fund scholarships to qualifying students residing in the City of Corning.

#### Reserve for Library System

The reserve for Library System represents the fund balance of the Ridell Library Trust Fund, which was given to the City specifically for improvement and expansion of the Corning Library branch of the Tehama County Library System.

#### NOTE 15: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the Beneficiary. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

#### NOTE 16: BUDGETARY PRINCIPLES

The operating budget of the City is adopted by the City Council prior to July 1 each year primarily on a cash basis. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts between divisions of a department within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund require City Council resolution.

Budget information is adopted and presented for the general, special revenue and capital project funds. The presentations represent original appropriations adjusted for supplemental appropriations, if any, made during the year.

The City does not formally adopt a budget for debt service funds. The bond documents are the controlling factor.

### CITY OF CORNING, CALIFORNIA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 16: BUDGETARY PRINCIPLES (Continued)**

Portions of fund equity are recorded as reserves when segregation for future use is necessary and the funds are, therefore, not available for future apportionment or expenditures.

Summary of Differences between Budgetary Basis and Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

- T he following are the differences between the City's budgetary basis and GAAP:
  - A. The City does not budget for accounts payable or intergovernmental payables.
  - B. The City does not budget for benefit accruals.
  - C. The City does not budget for transfers from the debt service funds when revenue is in excess of debt service requirements.
  - D. The City budgets for certain receivables and payables on a cash basis.

# CITY OF CORNING NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

### ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

## DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

#### 2017 Refunding Bonds Installment Payment Schedule for Bonded Debt

_	Water I	Refunding	<u></u>			Sewer Re	funding
_	Principal Amount	Maturity Date (September 1)				Principal Amount	Maturity Date (September 1)
	180,000	2023		\$		155,000	2023
	185,000	2024				160,000	2024
	190,000	2025				165,000	2025
	200,000	2026				175,000	2026
	205,000	2027				180,000	2027
	215,000	2028				190,000	2028
	85,000	2029				165,000	2029
	90,000	2030				170,000	2030
	90,000	2031				175,000	2031
	95,000	2032				180,000	2032
	100,000	2033				185,000	2033
	100,000	2034				195,000	2034
	105,000	2035				200,000	2035
	110,000	2036				205,000	2036
	115,000	2037				215,000	2037
	120,000	2038				220,000	2038
	125,000	2039				230,000	2039
	130,000	2040				240,000	2040
	155,000	2041				160,000	2041
	160,000	2042				165,000	2042
	2,755,000					175,000	2043
-						180,000	2044
						185,000	2045
						195,000	2046
				\$		4,465,000	
		I	Pacific Gas	and Electric	Lea	se	
	32,893	\$	- \$	- \$		32,893	2023
	32,893		-	-		32,893	2024
	32,893		-	-		32,893	2025
	32,893		-	-		32,893	2026
	32,893		-	-		32,893	2027
	32,893		-	-		32,893	2028
	32,893		-	-		32,893	2029
	32,893		-	-		32,893	2030
	32,893		-	-		32,893	2031
	1,104		-	-		1,105	2032
-	297,141	\$	- \$	- \$		297,142	

(Continued on the following page)

Total

### CITY OF CORNING NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

## ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES, Continued DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS, Continued

				Pen	sion Obligation Bon	ds	
		General		Water	Sewer		
		Fund		Fund	Fund	Total	
		Principal		Principal	Principal	Principal	Maturity Date
	_	Amount	. <u> </u>	Amount	Amount	Amount	(Quarterly)
	\$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	-	2023
	\$		\$	- \$	- \$		
					Fire Truck Lease		
	\$	59,780	\$	- \$	- \$	59,780	2023
		63,536		-	-	63,536	2024
		45,698	_	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	45,698	2025
	\$	169,014	\$	- \$	- \$	169,014	
Total	\$	169,014	\$	- \$	- \$	169,014	

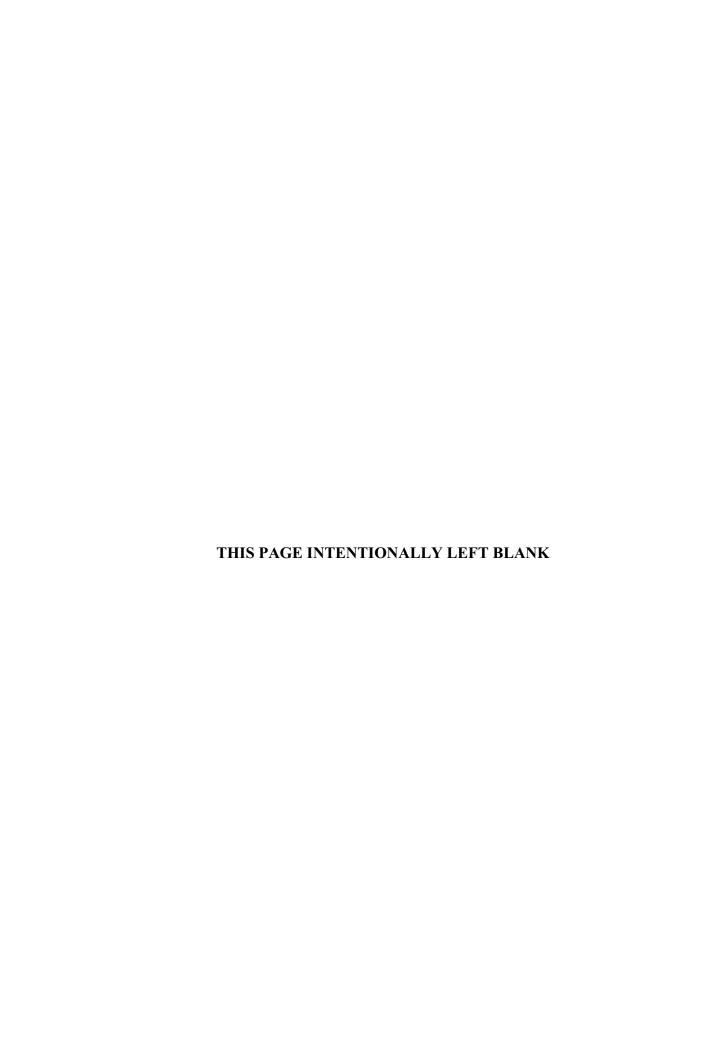
#### OTHER DISCLOSURES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure, as part of the Combined Statements - Overview, of certain information concerning individual funds including:

- A. Segment information for certain individual Enterprise Funds. This requirement is met by Note 1.
- B. Summary disclosure of debt service requirements to maturity of all types of outstanding debt. This requirement is met by Note 2.
- C. Summary disclosure of changes in General Fixed Assets by major asset class. This requirement is met by Note 2.
- D. Summary disclosure of changes in General Long-Term Debt. This requirement is met by Note 2.
- E. Excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds for the year ended June 30, 2022 are reflected in a schedule following the individual fund and account group statements beginning at page 91.
- F. Deficit fund balances or retained earnings balances of individual funds at June 30, 2022 are reflected in a schedule following the individual fund and account group statements beginning at page 91.
- G. The City uses interfund transfers to supplant the budgets of various funds using general and enterprise surpluses to offset funding shortfalls with Council approval.
- H. Deficit fund balances of \$6,477, \$5,757 and \$24,198 exist in the CDBG Program Income Special Revenue Fund, the Housing Element Special Revenue Fund and the 08/09 CDBG Special Revenue Funds respectively. These deficits represent expenditures on housing project maintenance in excess of corresponding revenues. The Deficits will be liquidated with future CDBG funding.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Unaudited



#### CITY OF CORNING REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION AND OPEB As of June 30, 2022 Last 10 Years\*

CalPERS Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

City's proportion of the net pension liability
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability
City's covered-employee payroll City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
Notes to Schedule:  Change of benefit terms — In 2022, there were no changes to the benefit terms.  Changes in assumptions — In 2022, there were certain changes in assumptions. See Note 3 for current changes.
Schedule of Plan Contributions
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions
Contribution deficiency (excess)
City's covered-employee payroll
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

							Miscellane	eou	s Plan						
	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
	0.67300%		0.72900%		0.07133%		0.06801%		0.06690%		0.06499%		0.07836%		0.07836%
	\$ 1,664,056	\$	1,659,380	\$	2,374,865	\$	2,785,236	\$	2,681,232	\$	3,135,336	\$	3,305,157	\$	3,305,157
,	\$ 997,095	\$	1,098,749	\$	1,065,971	\$	1,189,563	\$	1,076,537	\$	1,122,396	\$	1,054,031	\$	1,054,031
i	166.89%		<u>151.02%</u>		222.79%		234.14%		<u>249.06%</u>		<u>279.34%</u>		<u>313.57%</u>		<u>313.57%</u>
	83.03%		83.37%		<u>74.45%</u>		<u>61.01%</u>		63.03%		64.22%		<u>69.12%</u>		<u>69.12%</u>
3 for															
	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
	\$ 139,815 (139,815)	\$	157,234 (157,234)	\$	140,429 (140,429)	\$	233,661 (233,661)	\$	88,681 (88,681)	\$	93,574 (93,574)	\$	99,174 (99,174)	\$	99,174 (99,174)
	\$ (137,013)	\$	(137,234)	\$	(110,427)	\$	(233,001)	\$	- (00,001)	\$	(73,374)	\$	(//,1/4)	\$	(//,1/4)
	\$ 997,095	\$	1,098,749	\$	1,065,971	\$	1,189,563	\$	1,076,537	\$	1,122,396	\$	1,054,031	\$	1,054,031
	14.02%	É	14.31%	Ť	13.17%	_	19.64%	É	8.24%	É	8.34%	É	9.41%	-	9.41%

st - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

#### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The City's management has determined that there is no material on-going obligation for Post-Employment Benefits, therefore no historical or prospectiove data in accordance with GASB 75 is presented.

#### CITY OF CORNING REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION AN As of June 30, 2022 Last 10 Years\*

CalPERS Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

City's proportion of the net pension liability
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability
City's covered-employee payroll
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered

employee payroll

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

Notes to Schedule:

Change of benefit terms — In 2022, there were no changes to the benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions — In 2022, there were certain changes in assumptions. See Note 3 for current changes.

Schedule of Plan Contributions

Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions
Contribution deficiency (excess)
City's covered-employee payroll
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

<sup>\* -</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

					Safety	/ Pl	an			
	2015		2016	2017	2018		2019	2020	2021	2022
	0.56370%		0.64300%	0.66500%	0.06750%		0.06460%	0.06424%	0.06636%	0.06636%
	\$ 2,114,718	\$	2,342,743	\$ 3,145,751	\$ 3,645,767	\$	3,593,781	\$ 4,162,284	\$ 4,421,156	\$ 4,421,156
	\$ 1,920,580	\$	1,859,893	\$ 1,812,955	\$ 1,935,497	\$	1,988,249	\$ 1,959,986	\$ 1,842,695	\$ 1,842,695
l	<u>110.11%</u>		125.96%	<u>173.52%</u>	<u>188.36%</u>		180.75%	212.36%	239.93%	239.93%
	<u>81.41%</u>		<u>79.81%</u>	<u>72.41%</u>	<u>70.68%</u>		73.03%	74.98%	<u>77.25%</u>	<u>77.25%</u>
3 for										
	2015		2016	2017	2018		2019	2020	2021	2022
	\$ 451,833 (451,833)	\$	601,159 (601,159)	\$ 435,601 (435,601)	\$ 273,815 (273,815)	\$	249,470 (249,470)	\$ 285,352 (285,352)	\$ 314,668 (314,668)	\$ 314,668 (314,668)
	\$ (431,033)	\$	(001,137)	\$ (433,001)	\$ (273,013)	\$	(247,470)	\$ (203,332)	\$ (314,000)	\$ (314,000)
	\$ 1,920,580	\$	1,859,893	\$ 1,812,955	\$ 1,935,497	\$	1,988,249	\$ 1,959,986	\$ 1,842,695	\$ 1,842,695
	23.53%	_	32.32%	24.03%	14.15%		12.55%	14.56%	17.08%	17.08%

#### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOY

The City's management has determined that there is no material on-going therefore no historical or prospectiove data in accordance with GASB 75

## **CITY OF CORNING**

### **GENERAL FUND**

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2022

For the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2022		Budge Amou		Actual			Variance With Final Budget
		Original	Final	<u>.</u> 1	Amounts		Positive (Negative)
Resources (Inflows):						•	<u> </u>
Taxes							
	\$	4,428,000	5,038,000	\$	5,181,575	\$	143,575
Property Taxes		655,700	655,700		735,361		79,661
Franchise Taxes Vehicle License Fees		168,500 720,000	168,500 780,000		185,207 775,019		16,707 (4,981)
Transient Occupancy Tax		525,000	645,000		678,925		33,925
Other Taxes		20,000	20,000		44,651		24,651
Total Taxes	_	6,517,200	7,307,200	-	7,600,738		293,538
Intergovernmental Revenues	_	315,100	313,100	-	316,934		3,834
Interest		6,000	6,000		8,420		2,420
Licenses and Permits		173,000	148,000		257,656		109,656
Miscellaneous		146,400	146,900		84,315		(62,585)
Other Financing Sources:				-			
Operating Transfers In		259,909	259,909	_	259,909		<u> </u>
Amount Available for Appropriation		7,417,609	8,181,109	_	8,527,972		346,863
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows): City Council							
Personnel Services		19,400	19,400		19,077		323
Material and Supplies		1,550	1,550		1,466		84
Other Services and Charges		12,350	12,350	_	11,742		608
Total City Council		33,300	33,300	_	32,285		1,015
City Administration							(4.5.0.5)
Personnel Services		165,620	165,620		179,552		(13,932)
Material and Supplies		1,900	1,900		1,990		(90)
Other Services and Charges	_	4,400	4,400	-	4,983		(583)
Total City Administration	_	171,920	171,920	-	186,525		(14,605)
City Clerk		4.550	4.550		4.711		(1.61)
Personnel Services		4,550	4,550		4,711		(161)
Material and Supplies Other Services and Charges		7,350 600	7,350 600		8,170		(820) 600
Total City Clerk	_	12,500	12,500	-	12,881		(381)
City Treasurer				_			· · · ·
Personnel Services		650	650		631		19
Material and Supplies		-	-		-		-
Other Services and Charges				-			
Total City Treasurer		650	650	_	631		19
City Finance Department							
Personnel Services		33,441	33,441		29,727		3,714
Material and Supplies		43,500	43,500		49,777		(6,277)
Other Services and Charges		850	850	-	157		693
Total City Finance Department	_	77,791	77,791	-	79,661		(1,870)

## **CITY OF CORNING**

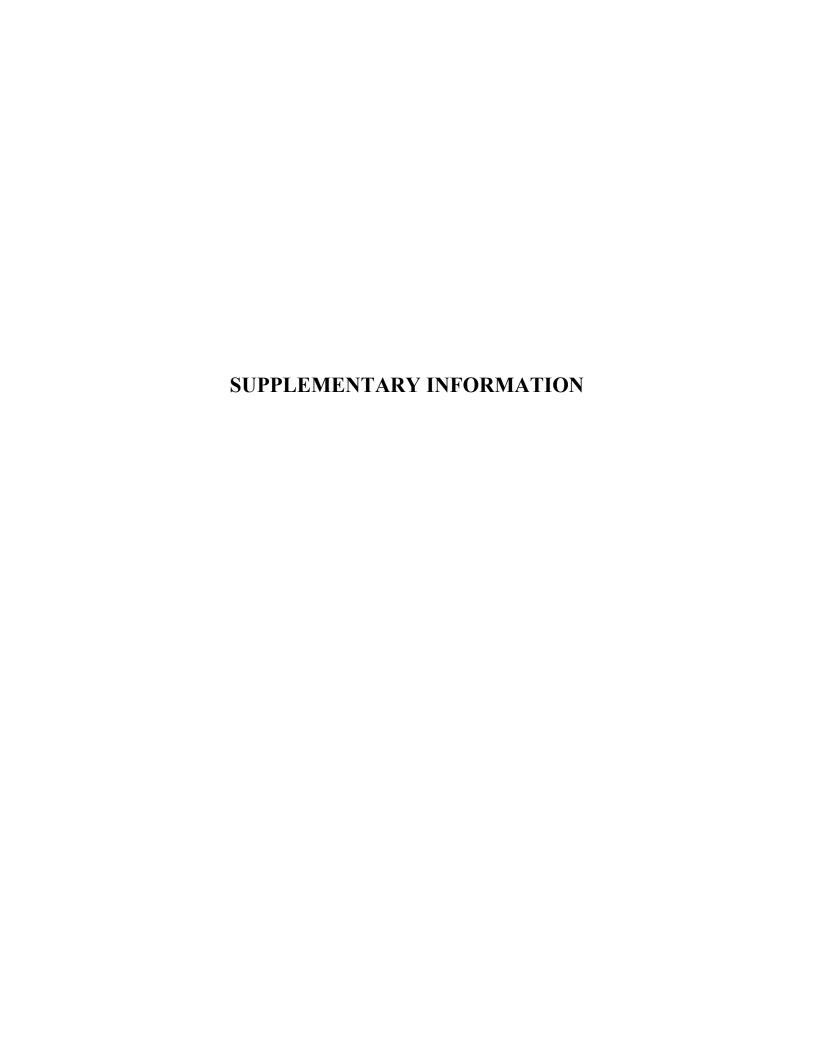
and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2022

	Budge Amou		Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
General Government						
Personnel Services	689,425	689,425	731,827	(42,402)		
Material and Supplies	446,550	446,550	371,613	74,937		
Other Services and Charges	3,800	3,800	3,854	(54)		
Total General Government	1,139,775	1,139,775	1,107,294	32,481		
Legal Services	<u> </u>					
Other Services and Charges	81,200	81,200	120,737	(39,537)		
Total Legal Services	81,200	81,200	120,737	(39,537)		
Police						
Personnel Services	2,160,986	2,160,986	2,265,038	(104,052)		
Material and Supplies	43,700	43,700	50,124	(6,424)		
Other Services and Charges	64,720	64,720	81,685	(16,965)		
Total Police	2,269,406	2,269,406	2,396,847	(127,441)		
Police Dispatch						
Personnel Services	511,813	511,813	527,944	(16,131)		
Material and Supplies	48,500	48,500	36,628	11,872		
Other Services and Charges	23,600	23,600	24,304	(704)		
Total Police Dispatch	583,913	583,913	588,876	(4,963)		
Animal Control						
Personnel Services	86,262	86,262	82,863	3,399		
Material and Supplies	52,000	52,000	53,322	(1,322)		
Other Services and Charges	3,800	3,800	5,102	(1,302)		
Total Animal Control	142,062	142,062	141,287	775		
Fire						
Personnel Services	590,111	590,111	660,005	(69,894)		
Material and Supplies	73,400	73,400	71,942	1,458		
Other Services and Charges	24,000	24,000	34,331	(10,331)		
Total Fire	687,511	687,511	766,278	(78,767)		
Streets						
Personnel Services	14,738	14,738	16,248	(1,510)		
Material and Supplies	72,000	72,000	93,066	(21,066)		
Other Services and Charges			4,588	(4,588)		
Total Streets Library	86,738	86,738	113,902	(27,164)		
Personnel Services			2,871	(2,871)		
Material and Supplies	28,500	28,500	26,046	2,454		
Other Services and Charges	750	750	1,228	(478)		
Total Library	29,250	29,250	30,145	(895)		
Theater				(6,2)		
Personnel Services	_	_	_	<u>-</u>		
Material and Supplies	-	_	7,057	(7,057)		
Other Services and Charges	15,700	15,700	-	15,700		
Total Theater	15,700	15,700	7,057	8,643		
		- ,				

## CITY OF CORNING GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2022

	Budget	ted		Variance With
	Amour	nts	Actual	Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	<b>Positive (Negative)</b>
Parks and Recreation				
Personnel Services	305,041	305,041	307,744	(2,703)
Material and Supplies	160,000	160,000	117,427	42,573
Other Services and Charges	179,500	179,500	194,576	(15,076)
Total Parks and recreation	644,541	644,541	619,747	24,794
Economic Development				
Personnel Services	-	-	-	-
Material and Supplies	16,000	16,000	16,000	-
Other Services and Charges	7,500	7,500	7,500	<u> </u>
<b>Total Economic Development</b>	23,500	23,500	23,500	<u>=</u>
Debt Service	648,656	648,656	585,016	63,640
Capital Outlay	1,608,449	1,608,449	195,190	1,413,259
Operating Transfer Out	137,500	137,500	907,451	(769,951)
Total Charges to Appropriations	8,394,362	8,394,362	7,915,310	479,052
Excess (Deficiency) of Resources Over				
Appropriations	\$ (976,753)	(213,253) \$	612,662	\$ 825,915



### Exhibit A-1

## CITY OF CORNING GENERAL FUND

Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	_	General Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$	3,121,303
Interest Receivable		17,028
Accounts Receivable		71,521
Notes Receivable (C.D.B.G.)		-
Receivable from Other Governments		427,536
Interfund Loans Receivable		35,837
Other Receivable		-
Inventory		1 071 044
Due From Other Funds	-	1,851,844
Total Assets	\$	5,525,069
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	132,144
Accrued Wages/Payroll Taxes		34,391
Contract Retentions		-
Accrued Interest Payable	_	
Total Liabilities	_	166,535
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred Revenue - Business Licenses		22,821
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	22,821
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	189,356
FUND EQUITY		
Reserved for contingencies		625,000
Assigned		1,911,092
Unasigned	_	2,799,621
Total Fund Balances	-	5,335,713
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	5,525,069

General

## CITY OF CORNING GENERAL FUND

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	_	Fund
Taxes	\$	7,600,738
Intergovernmental Revenues		316,934
Interest		8,420
Licenses and Permits		257,656
Miscellaneous	_	84,315
Total Revenues	_	8,268,063
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
General Government:		
City Council		32,285
City Administration		186,525
City Clerk		12,881
City Treasurer		631
City Finance Department		79,661
General Government	_	1,107,294
Total General Government	<u>-</u>	1,419,277
Public Safety and Judiciary:		
Legal Services		120,737
Police		2,396,847
Police Dispatch		588,876
Animal Control		141,287
Fire	_	766,278
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	<u>-</u>	4,014,025
Transportation:		
Airport		
Streets		113,902
Total Transportation	_	113,902
Cultural, Parks and Recreation		
Library		30,145
Theater		7,057
Parks and Recreation	<u>-</u>	619,747
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	_	656,949

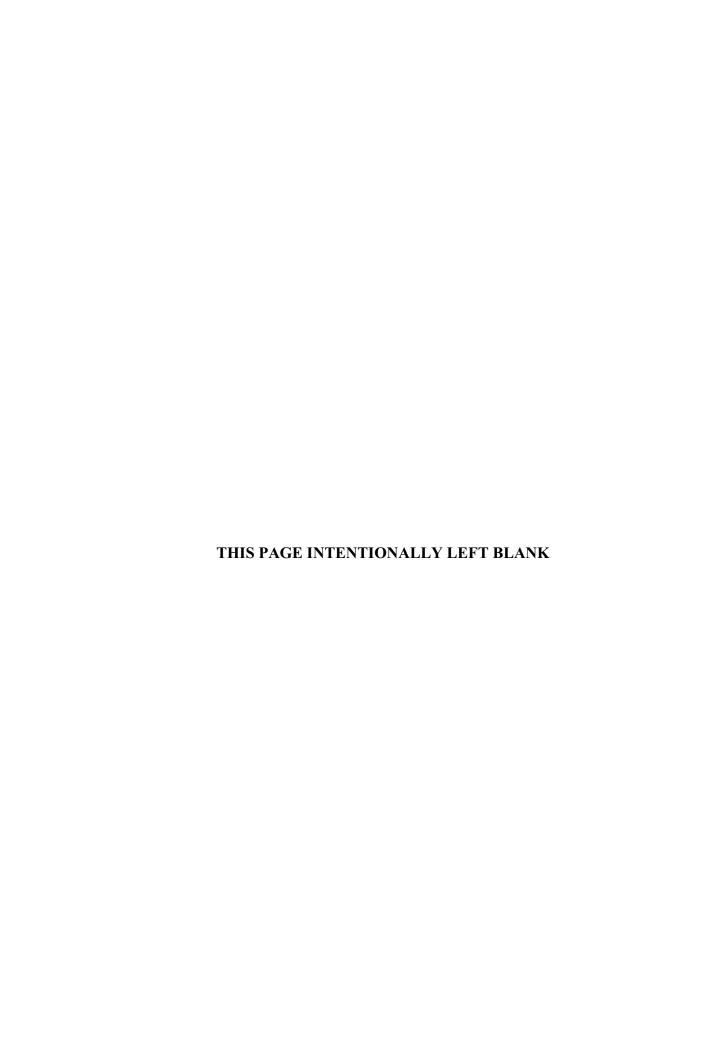
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## CITY OF CORNING Exhibit A-2

## **GENERAL FUND**

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	General Fund
<b>EXPENDITURES (Continued):</b>	_	
Community/Economic Development:		
Economic Development	_	23,500
Total Community/Economic Development		23,500
Debt Service:		
Principal		265,983
Interest and Other Charges		319,033
Capital Outlay	<u>_</u>	195,190
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	7,007,859
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over		
Expenditures	<u> </u>	1,260,204
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers In		259,909
Transfers Out	<u> </u>	(907,451)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	<u> </u>	(647,542)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	612,662
Fund Balance-Beginning as previously stated As previously stated		4,723,051
Prior period Adjustment	_	
Fund Balance-Beginning		4,723,051
Residual Equity Transfers - In		-
Residual Equity Transfers - Out	_	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ _	5,335,713



Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

June 30, 2022											
		ARPA COVID Relief Fund (Fund 005)		Animal Control Officer Replacement Fund (Fund 072)		Business License ADA (Fund 080)					
ASSETS											
## Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	924,686	\$	520	\$	11,226					
Interest receivable		022 109		-		-					
Intergovernmental Receivable  Due from other funds		922,198		-		-					
Loans Receivable (CDBG)		-		-		<del>-</del>					
Loans Receivable (CDBG)				<u>-</u>							
Total Assets	\$	1,846,884	\$	520	\$	11,226					
LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	23					
Contract Retentions	•	_	•	_	•	-					
Due to Other Funds		_		-		-					
Total Liabilities						23					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	RCE	S									
Deferred Revenue - Loans Receivab	le	_		-		-					
Total Liabilities and Deferred											
Inflows of Resources						23					
Fund Balances (Deficit):											
Reserved for line extensions		_		_		_					
Reserved for parklands		-		=		-					
Reserved for non-current loans received	ivab	-		-		-					
Unreserved, undesignated		1,846,884		520		11,203					
Total Fund Palance (Deficit)		1 046 004		520		11 202					
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		1,846,884		520		11,203					
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of											
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,846,884	\$	520	\$	11,226					

SB-1 Road Fund (Fund 106)	RSTP Streets Fund (Fund 108)	Special Gas Tax Improvement #2105 Fund (Fund 109)	Special Gas Tax Improvement #2106 Fund (Fund 110)	Subtotal (Carried forward to next page)
\$ 301,095	\$ 878,273	\$ 16,207	\$ 3,959	\$ 2,135,966
28,644	-	3,781	2,533	957,156
<del>-</del>			<del>_</del>	
\$ 329,739	\$ 878,273	\$ 19,988	\$ 6,492	\$ 3,093,122
\$ -	\$ 219	\$ 2,741	\$ 105	\$ 3,088
	219	2,741	105	3,088
			<del>_</del>	
	219	2,741	105	3,088
-	-	-	-	-
329,739	878,054	17,247	6,387	3,090,034
329,739	878,054	17,247	6,387	3,090,034
\$ 329,739	\$ 878,273	\$ 19,988	\$ 6,492	\$ 3,093,122

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

June 30, 2022		Subtotal (Brought forward)		Special Gas Tax Improvement #2107 Fund (Fund 111)		Special Gas Tax Improvement #2107.5 Fund (Fund 112)
ASSETS	¢	2 125 066	Φ	20 105	Φ	12.055
Cash and Cash Equivalents Interest receivable	\$	2,135,966	\$	28,185	\$	12,055
Intergovernmental Receivable		957,156		5,200		-
Due from other funds Loans Receivable (CDBG)		- -		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>
Total Assets	\$	3,093,122	\$	33,385	\$	12,055
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	3,088	\$	-	\$	-
Contract Retentions		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds						
Total Liabilities		3,088				<u> </u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	RCES	S				
Deferred Revenue - Loans Receive	/abl	-		-		-
Total Liabilities and Deferred						
Inflows of Resources		3,088				
Fund Balances (Deficit):						
Reserved for line extensions		_		-		-
Reserved for parklands		-		-		-
Reserved for non-current loans re	ceiv	-		-		=
Unreserved, undesignated		3,090,034		33,385		12,055
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		3,090,034		33,385		12,055
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,093,122	\$	33,385	\$	12,055

ŗ	Local Fransportation Fund (Fund 114)	n Ta	Special Gas ax Improveme # 2103 Fund (Fund 115)	nt	Traffic Mitigation Fund (Fund 116)	-	Safe Routes to Schools Fund (Fund 118)	Subtotal (Carried forward to next page)	
\$	589,984	\$	51,078	\$	637,808	\$	-	\$	3,455,076
	-		4,094		-		-		966,450
	-		-		-		-		- -
\$	589,984	\$	55,172	\$	637,808	\$		\$	4,421,526
\$	477	\$	219	\$	-	\$	3,504	\$	7,288
	-		-		-		220,078		220,078
	477		219				223,582		227,366
	477		219				223,582		227,366
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>
	589,507		54,953		637,808		(223,582)		4,194,160
	589,507		54,953		637,808		(223,582)		4,194,160
\$	589,984	\$	55,172	\$	637,808	\$		\$	4,421,526

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

		Subtotal (Brought forward)	Special Gas Traffic Construction (Fund 121)	Ma	2022 CHIP intenance Fu (Fund 125)
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,455,076	\$ 26,437	\$	3
Interest receivable		-	-		-
Intergovernmental Receivable		966,450	-		-
Due from other funds		-	-		-
Loans Receivable (CDBG)					
Total Assets	\$	4,421,526	\$ 26,437	\$	3
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	7,288	\$ -	\$	-
Contract Retentions		, -	-		_
Due to Other Funds		220,078	-		-
Total Liabilities		227,366			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOU	RCES	<b>.</b>			
Deferred Revenue - Loans Rece		_	_		_
Total Liabilities and Deferred	•				
Inflows of Resources		227,366			
F 1D 1 (D 5 :)					
Fund Balances (Deficit):  Reserved for line extensions					
		-	-		-
Reserved for parklands Reserved for non-current loans:	******	-	-		-
Unreserved, undesignated	recer	4,194,160	26,437		3
Ollieselved, undesignated	•	4,134,100	20,437		
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		4,194,160	26,437		3
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	4,421,526	\$ 26,437	\$	3

nd	Rogers Restoration (Fund 130)	SB-2 Grant (Fund 155)	Promise Grant (Fund 160)	Abandoned Vehicle Grant (Fund 170)	CDBG CV 1,2,3 Grant (Fund 180)	Subtotal (Carried forward to next page)
\$	1,000	\$ -	\$ 45,960	\$ 36,100	\$ -	\$ 3,564,576
	-	-	20,228	-	6,515	993,193
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
\$	1,000	\$ 	\$ 66,188	\$ 36,100	\$ 6,515	\$ 4,557,769
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,998	\$ -	\$ 1,758	\$ 13,044
	<u>·</u>	32,681	2 000		9,047	261,806
		32,681	3,998		10,805	274,850
	<del>-</del>	32,681	3,998		10,805	274,850
	_	_	_	_	_	_
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1,000	(32,681)	62,190	36,100	(4,290)	4,282,919
	1,000	(32,681)	62,190	36,100	(4,290)	4,282,919
\$	1,000	\$ 	\$ 66,188	\$ 36,100	\$ 6,515	\$ 4,557,769

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

		Subtotal (Brought forward)	SAFE Grant (Fund 188)	Homeland Security (Fund 189)
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,564,576	\$ -	\$ =
Interest receivable		-	-	-
Intergovernmental Receivable		993,193	1,123	-
Due from other funds		-	-	_
Loans Receivable (CDBG)	;			
Total Assets	\$	4,557,769	\$ 1,123	\$ 
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	13,044	\$ -	\$ -
Contract Retentions		-	-	-
Due to Other Funds		261,806		
Total Liabilities		274,850		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOU	IRCES	<b>;</b>		
Deferred Revenue - Loans Rece	eivabl	<u>-</u>		
Total Liabilities and Deferred				
Inflows of Resources		274,850		
Fund Balances (Deficit):				
Reserved for line extensions		_	_	_
Reserved for parklands		-	-	-
Reserved for non-current loans	receiv	-	-	-
Unreserved, undesignated	;	4,282,919	1,123	
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		4,282,919	1,123	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	4,557,769	\$ 1,123	\$ 

Prop 47 Cycle 1 Grant (Fund 192)	Promotion Neighborhood Grant (Fund 193)			Prop 47 Grant (Fund 195)	2013 Home Loan Fund (Fund 320, 828)			SALDO Home Loan Fund Fund 321, 825	5)	Subtotal (Carried forward to next page)	
\$ - - -	\$	147 - -	\$	- 574,995	\$	-	\$	1,608,750	\$	3,564,723 1,608,750 1,569,311	
						110,612		3,900,000		4,010,612	
\$ 	\$	147	\$	574,995	\$	110,612	\$	5,508,750	\$	10,753,396	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	133,075	\$	-	\$	-	\$	146,119	
<u>-</u>				797,282 930,357		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,059,088 1,205,207	
						110,612		5,508,750		5,619,362	
				930,357		110,612		5,508,750		6,824,569	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
		147		(355,362)		- - -				3,928,827	
		147		(355,362)						3,928,827	
\$ 	\$	147	\$	574,995	\$	110,612	\$	5,508,750	\$	10,753,396	

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

		Subtotal (Brought forward)	_(1	CDBG 1987 Loan Fund Fund 323, 820	<u>)</u> )	CDBG 1990 Loan Fund (Fund 324,821)
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Interest receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Due from other funds	\$	3,564,723 1,608,750 1,569,311	\$	64,156	\$	19,407 - -
Loans Receivable (CDBG)		4,010,612		37,402		38,559
Total Assets	\$	10,753,396	\$	101,558	\$	57,966
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable Contract Retentions	\$	146,119	\$	-	\$	-
Due to Other Funds		1,059,088				<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities		1,205,207				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	RCE	S				
Deferred Revenue - Loans Recei	vab	5,619,362		37,402		38,559
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,824,569		37,402		38,559
Fund Balances (Deficit):						
Reserved for line extensions Reserved for parklands		-		-		-
Reserved for non-current loans r Unreserved, undesignated	ecei	3,928,827		64,156		19,407
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		3,928,827		64,156		19,407
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	10,753,396	\$	101,558	\$	57,966

CDBG Economic Reuse (Fund 325)	<u>(F</u>	CDBG Housing Reuse Fund Jund 326, 822	<u>2) (</u>	CDBG Housing Rehab RLF Fund Fund 328, 826	ALADO Wa Fund <u>(Fund 344)</u>	ıll	Drainage Fund (Fund 345)	Park Recycling Grant Fund (Fund 353)	 Subtotal (Carried forward to next page)
\$ 9,573	\$	45,468	\$	-	\$ 95,973	\$	196,537	\$ 5,427	\$ 4,001,264
-		-		-	-		-	-	1,608,750 1,569,311
	-	3,010		41,054					4,130,637
\$ 9,573	\$	48,478	\$	41,054	\$ 95,973	\$	196,537	\$ 5,427	\$ 11,309,962
\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 146,119
-		-		-	-		-	-	1,059,088
	-								1,205,207
	-	3,010		41,054					5,739,387
	-	3,010		41,054					6,944,594
-		-		-	-		-	-	-
9,573	-	45,468		<u>-</u>	95,973		196,537	5,427	4,365,368
9,573	-	45,468			95,973		196,537	5,427	4,365,368
\$ 9,573	\$	48,478	\$	41,054	\$ 95,973	\$	196,537	\$ 5,427	\$ 11,309,962

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

		Subtotal (Brought forward)	Trail Development Fund (Fund 356)	Prop 68 Park Plaza and Rec Center Fund (Fund 360)
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,001,264	\$ 6,109	\$ =
Interest receivable		1,608,750	-	=
Intergovernmental Receivable		1,569,311	-	-
Due from other funds		-	-	-
Loans Receivable (CDBG)		4,130,637		
Total Assets	\$	11,309,962	\$ 6,109	\$ 
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	146,119	\$ -	\$ 425
Contract Retentions		=	-	=
Due to Other Funds		1,059,088		715,125
Total Liabilities		1,205,207		715,550
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOU	RCES	S		
Deferred Revenue - Loans Recei		5,739,387	-	=
Total Liabilities and Deferred				
Inflows of Resources		6,944,594		715,550
Fund Balances (Deficit):				
Reserved for line extensions		_	_	_
Reserved for parklands		_	_	_
Reserved for non-current loans r	eceiv	_	_	_
Unreserved, undesignated		4,365,368	6,109	(715,550)
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		4,365,368	6,109	(715,550)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	11,309,962	\$ 6,109	\$ 

Maintenance Land Fund Fu		Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 701)		Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 702)	Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 703)	•	Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 704)	ī	Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 705)	_	Total
\$ 1,254	\$	-	\$	28,571	\$ 38,513	\$	5,982	\$	-	\$	4,081,693
-		63		273	-		-		-		1,608,750
-		-		2/3	-		-		-		1,569,647
										-	4,130,637
\$ 1,254	\$	63	\$	28,844	\$ 38,513	\$	5,982	\$		\$ =	11,390,727
\$ -	\$	44	\$	-	\$ -	\$	124	\$	-	\$	146,712
-		1,548		-	-		-		- 84		1,775,845
		1,592					124		84	=	1,922,557
										-	
										-	5,739,387
		1,592					124		84	_	7,661,944
-		-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-		-	-		-		-		-
1,254		(1,529)		28,844	38,513		5,858		(84)	_	3,728,783
1,254		(1,529)		28,844	38,513		5,858		(84)	-	3,728,783
\$ 1,254	\$	63	\$	28,844	\$ 38,513	\$	5,982	\$		\$ =	11,390,727

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

Teal Black valle 50, 2022		Control	
	ARPA COVID Relief Fund (Fund 005)	Officer Replacement Fund (Fund 072)	Business License ADA (Fund 080)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 922,198	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ <u>-</u>
Interest	2,488	1	27
Other Revenues	024 (96		2,464
Total revenues	924,686		2,491
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government:			704
General Government			784
Total General Government	<del>-</del>		784
Public Safety and Judiciary: Police			
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	<u> </u>		=
Transportation:			
Streets	<u> </u>		<u>=</u>
Total Transportation	<u> </u>		<u>=</u>
Cultural, Parks and Recreation			
Parks and Recreation	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	<u> </u>		<u>=</u>
Community/Economic Development:			
Economic Development	<u> </u>		
Total Community/Economic Development	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Capital Outlay	<u> </u>		<u>=</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>-</u> _		784
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			
Expenditures	924,686	1	1,707
Transfers In Transfers Out	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-		=
Net Change in Fund Balances	924,686	1	1,707
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year - As Previously Stated Prior Period Acjustment	922,198	519	9,496
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year - As Restated	922,198	519	9,496
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out	-		-
Fund Balances-Ending of Year	\$ 1,846,884	\$ 520	\$ 11,203

Animal

_	SB-1 Road Fund (Fund 106)	 RSTP Streets Fund (Fund 108)	_	Special Gas Tax Improvement #2105 Fund (Fund 109)	 Special Gas Tax Improvement #2106 Fund (Fund 110)	Subtotal (Carried forward to next page)
\$	157,338 659	\$ 197,465 1,843	\$	42,780	\$ 30,681 19	\$ 1,350,462 5,037
	157,997	199,308		42,780	30,700	2,464 1,357,963
	-	-		-	-	784
	-			-		784
	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		
	2,243	10,656		32,458	35,028	80,385
	2,243	10,656		32,458	35,028	80,385
	<u> </u>			<del>-</del>		
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>				
	2,243	10,656		32,458	35,028	81,169
	155,754	188,652		10,322	(4,328)	1,276,794
	- - -			<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
	155,754 173,985	188,652 689,402		10,322 6,925	(4,328) 10,715	1,276,794 1,813,240
	173,985	689,402		6,925	10,715	1,813,240
\$	329,739	\$ 878,054	\$	17,247	\$ 6,387	\$ 3,090,034

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year Ended June 30, 2022						
	_	Subtotal (Brought forward)	· -	Special Gas Tax Improvement #2106 Fund (Fund 111)	-	Special Gas Tax Improvement #2107.5 Fund (Fund 112)
REVENUES:	¢	1 250 462	¢.	51 105	d.	2.000
Intergovernmental Revenues Interest	\$	1,350,462 5,037	\$	51,195 58	\$	2,000 33
Other Revenues		2,464		-		-
Total revenues	-	1,357,963		51,253		2,033
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General Government:						
General Government	-	784				
Total General Government	-	784				
Public Safety and Judiciary:						
Police	=					
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	=					
Transportation:						
Streets	-	80,385		30,822		195
Total Transportation	=	80,385		30,822		195
Cultural, Parks and Recreation						
Parks and Recreation	-	<u> </u>				
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	=					
Community/Economic Development:						
Economic Development	_					
Total Community/Economic Development	_					<del>_</del>
Capital Outlay	_					<del>_</del>
Total Expenditures	_	81,169		30,822		195
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	_	1,276,794		20,431		1,838
Transfers In Transfers Out		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	=	_				
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	1,276,794		20,431		1,838
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year - As Previously Stated Prior Period Acjustment		1,813,240		12,954		10,217
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	=	1,813,240		12,954		10,217
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out	=					
Fund Balances-Ending of Year	\$	3,090,034	\$	33,385	\$	12,055

Exhibit B-2 (Continued)

Local Transportation Fund (Fund 114)	•	Special Gas Tax Improvement # 2103 Fund (Fund 115)	_	Traffic Mitigation Fund (Fund 116)	•	Safe Routes to Schools Fund (Fund 118)	•	Subtotal (Carried forward to next page)
\$ 118,660	\$	60,861	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,583,178
1,366		229		1,716		-		8,439
		<u> </u>						2,464
120,026		61,090		1,716				1,594,081
13,177		35,706				<u> </u>		49,667
13,177		35,706						49,667
-		35,746		98		-		147,246
		35,746		98				147,246
				<u>-</u>				
4,739		8,984				219,243		232,966
17,916		80,436		98		219,243		429,879
102,110		(19,346)		1,618		(219,243)		1,164,202
-		-		-		-		-
		<u> </u>						
102,110		(19,346)		1,618		(219,243)		1,164,202
465,259		74,299		636,190		(4,339)		3,007,820
-		- 1,255		-		(1,557)		-,007,020
465,259		74,299		636,190		(4,339)		3,007,820
22,138								22,138
\$ 589,507	\$	54,953	\$	637,808	\$	(223,582)	\$	4,194,160

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Subtotal (Brought forward)	_	Special Gas Traffic Construction (Fund 121)	2022 CHIP Maintenance Fund (Fund 125)
REVENUES:	· <u> </u>	_		_	
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	1,583,178	\$	_	\$ -
Interest		8,439		71	3
Other Revenues	-	2,464			
Total revenues	-	1,594,081		71	3
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government:		10.667			
General Government	=	49,667			
Total General Government	=	49,667			
Public Safety and Judiciary:					
Police	-	<u>-</u>			
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	-				
Transportation:		1.47.046			
Streets	=	147,246			
Total Transportation	-	147,246			
Cultural, Parks and Recreation					
Parks and Recreation	-				
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	-				
Community/Economic Development:					
Economic Development	_	<u> </u>			
Total Community/Economic Development	_				
Capital Outlay	-	232,966			
Total Expenditures	_	429,879			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	=	1,164,202		71	3
Transfers In		-		-	-
Transfers Out	-				
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	<u> </u>			
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,164,202		71	3
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year - As Previously Stated Prior Period Acjustment	-	3,007,820		26,366	<u> </u>
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	_	3,007,820		26,366	
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out	_	22,138			
Fund Balances-Ending of Year	\$	4,194,160	\$	26,437	\$ 3

	Rogers Restoration (Fund 130)		SB-2 Grant (Fund 155)		Promise Grant (Fund 160)		Abandoned Vehicle Grant (Fund 170)		CDBG CV 1,2,3 Grant (Fund 180)	_	Subtotal (Carried forward to next page)
\$	-	\$	_	\$	100,700	\$	-	\$	6,515	\$	1,690,393
	-		-		116		98		-		8,727
	1,000				11,159					-	14,623
	1,000				111,975		98		6,515	-	1,713,743
	_		261		42,770		_		_		92,698
			261		42,770					-	92,698
										=	,2,0,0
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>							_	<u>-</u>
										=	
			13,524							-	160,770
			13,524							-	160,770
					66 292						66.292
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		66,383					-	66,383 66,383
					00,383					-	00,383
	-		-		-		-		10,805		10,805
									10,805	-	10,805
										_	232,966
			13,785		109,153				10,805		563,622
	1,000		(13,785)		2,822		98		(4,290)		1,150,121
			-						-	-	-
			<u> </u>							_	<u>-</u>
										-	
	1,000		(13,785)		2,822		98		(4,290)		1,150,121
	-		(18,896)		59,368		36,002		-		3,110,660
			(19.90()		- 50.269		- 26,002			-	2 110 ((0
	<del>-</del>		(18,896)		59,368		36,002			-	3,110,660 22,138
\$	1,000	\$		\$	62,190	\$	36,100	\$		\$	4,282,919
Ψ	1,000	Ψ	(32,001)	Ψ	02,170	Ψ	50,100	Ψ	(7,270)	Ψ	1,202,717

See accompanying  $n \epsilon$  See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Subtotal (Brought forward)		SAFE Grant (Fund 188)	Homeland Security (Fund 189)
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	1,690,393	\$	1,123 \$	-
Interest		8,727		-	-
Other Revenues	=	14,623	_	<u>-</u>	
Total revenues	-	1,713,743	-	1,123	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government:		00 000			
General Government	-	92,698	_	<u> </u>	
Total General Government	-	92,698	_	<u> </u>	
Public Safety and Judiciary:				5.006	14.075
Police	=		-	5,906	14,975
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	=		-	5,906	14,975
Transportation:		160 770			
Streets	=	160,770	-	<del>-</del>	
Total Transportation	=	160,770	-	<del>-</del>	
Cultural, Parks and Recreation		66.202			
Parks and Recreation	=	66,383	-	<u>-</u>	
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	=	66,383	-	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Community/Economic Development:					
Economic Development	-	10,805	-	<u>-</u>	
Total Community/Economic Development	-	10,805	_	<u> </u>	
Capital Outlay	-	232,966	-	<del></del>	<u>-</u> _
Total Expenditures	=	563,622	-	5,906	14,975
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,150,121		(4,783)	(14,975)
Transfers In	=	<del>-</del>	_	-	-
Transfers Out		-		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	<del>-</del>	_	_	=	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	1,150,121	_	(4,783)	(14,975)
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year - As Previously Stated Prior Period Acjustment		3,110,660		5,906	14,975
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	-	3,110,660	_	5,906	14,975
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out	-	22,138	_		
Fund Balances-Ending of Year	\$	4,282,919	\$	1,123 \$	-

_	Prop 47 Cycle 1 Grant (Fund 192)		Promotion Neighborhood Grant (Fund 193)		Prop 47 Grant (Fund 195)	•	_	2013 Home Loan Fund (Fund 320, 828)		SALDO Home Loan Fund (Fund 321, 825)	_	_	Subtotal (Carried forward to next page)
\$	46,133	\$	-	\$	1,174,877	\$	3	_	\$	_	9	3	2,912,526
Ψ	-	Ψ	1	Ψ	-	4	•	-	Ψ	-	•	•	8,728
												_	14,623
	46,133		1		1,174,877			<del>-</del>				=	2,935,877
	15,226		_		1,055,149					_			1,163,073
	15,226				1,055,149							-	1,163,073
	13,220				1,033,117							-	1,103,075
	-		-		-			-		-			20,881
													20,881
												-	160,770
	<del>-</del>											_	160,770
													(( 202
	<del></del>							<u>-</u>				-	66,383 66,383
												-	00,383
	_		-		-			-		-			10,805
	_											_	10,805
												_	232,966
	15,226				1,055,149							-	1,654,878
	30,907		1		119,728			<u>-</u> _				_	1,280,999
	-		-		-			-		-			-
												-	
	30,907				119,728							-	1 200 000
	(32,190)		146		(475,090)			-		-			1,280,999 2,624,407
	(32,170)		-		(173,070)			-		-			2,02 1, 107
	(32,190)		146		(475,090)							-	2,624,407
	1,283											_	23,421
\$	-	\$	147	\$	(355,362)	\$	3	-	\$	-	9	S	3,928,827

## CITY OF CORNING SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Subtotal (Brought forward)	CDBG 1987 Loan Fund (Fund 323, 820)	CDBG 1990 Loan Fund (Fund 324,821)		CDBG Economic Reuse (Fund 325)
REVENUES:	_	_				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	2,912,526 \$	- \$	-	\$	-
Interest		8,728	146	52		26
Other Revenues	_	14,623	7,458		_	
Total revenues	-	2,935,877	7,604	52	_	26
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General Government:						
General Government	-	1,163,073			_	
Total General Government	-	1,163,073			_	<del>-</del>
Public Safety and Judiciary:						
Police	-	20,881			_	<u> </u>
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	-	20,881			_	
Transportation:						
Streets	-	160,770			_	<u>-</u>
Total Transportation	=	160,770	<del>-</del>		_	<u>-</u>
Cultural, Parks and Recreation						
Parks and Recreation	_	66,383			_	
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	_	66,383		<u>=</u>	_	<u> </u>
Community/Economic Development:						
Economic Development		10,805	-	-		-
Total Community/Economic Development		10,805	-	-		-
Capital Outlay		232,966	-	-		-
Total Expenditures	_	1,654,878	-	-	_	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	-				_	
Expenditures		1,280,999	7,604	52		26
Transfers In		-	-	-		-
Transfers Out	=	<u> </u>			_	=
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,280,999	7,604	52		26
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year - As Previously Stated Prior Period Acjustment	_	2,624,407	56,552	19,355	_	9,547
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	- <del>-</del>	2,624,407	56,552	19,355		9,547
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out	-	23,421			_	
Fund Balances-Ending of Year	\$	3,928,827 \$	64,156 \$	19,407	\$	9,573

-	CDBG Housing Reuse (Fund 326, 822, 826)	-	CDBG Housing Rehab RLF Fund (Fund 328, 826)	•	SALADO Wall Fund (Fund 344)	-	Drainage Fund (Fund 345)	-	Park Recycling Grant Fund (Fund 353)		Subtotal (Carried forward to next page)
\$	123	\$	-	\$	258 -	\$	529	\$	25	\$	2,912,526 9,887 22,081
	123				258		529		25		2,944,494
					<u> </u>						1,163,073
											1,163,073
	<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>				20,881 20,881
											160,770
							<del>_</del>		<u>-</u>		160,770
	_		<u>-</u>		_		-		5,000		71,383
									5,000		71,383
	<u> </u>										10,805
											10,805
							<del>-</del>				232,966
							<del>_</del>		5,000		1,659,878
	123				258		529		(4,975)		1,284,616
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	123				258		529		(4,975)		1,284,616
	45,345		-		95,715		196,008		10,402		3,057,331
	45,345				95,715		196,008		10,402		3,057,331
\$	45,468	Φ		¢	95,973	\$	196,537	\$	5,427	\$	4,365,368
Þ	45,468	\$		\$	95,973	\$	190,537	Þ	5,427	Þ	4,303,308

## CITY OF CORNING SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Subtotal (Brought forward)	-	Trail Development Fund (Fund 356)		Prop 68 Park Plaza and Rec Center Fund (Fund 360)	_	Wayfinding Maintenance Fund (Fund 370)
REVENUES:	•	2012.526			•		Φ.	
Intergovernmental Revenues Interest	\$	2,912,526 9,887	\$	16	\$	-	\$	3
Other Revenues		22,081		-		-		<i>3</i>
Total revenues	-	2,944,494		16				3
Total Tevendes	-	2,511,151						<u></u>
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
General Government:								
General Government	_	1,163,073						
Total General Government	_	1,163,073				<u> </u>		
Public Safety and Judiciary:								
Police	=	20,881						<u> </u>
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	_	20,881						
Transportation:								
Streets	_	160,770						
Total Transportation	=	160,770						<u> </u>
Cultural, Parks and Recreation								
Parks and Recreation	_	71,383						<u> </u>
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	_	71,383				<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>
Community/Economic Development:								
Economic Development		10,805		-		-		-
Total Community/Economic Development	_	10,805		-		_		_
Capital Outlay		232,966		-		715,550		-
Total Expenditures	-	1,659,878				715,550		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	-							
Expenditures	=	1,284,616		16		(715,550)		3
Transfers In		-		-		-		-
Transfers Out	=	<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	<u> </u>						
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,284,616		16		(715,550)		3
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year - As Previously Stated Prior Period Acjustment	_	3,057,331		6,093		<u> </u>		1,251
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	-	3,057,331		6,093				1,251
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out	-	23,421						<u> </u>
Fund Balances-Ending of Year	\$	4,365,368	\$	6,109	\$	(715,550)	\$	1,254

_	Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 701)	Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 702)	_	Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 703)		Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 704)	-	Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 705)	_	Totals
\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,912,526
	- 002	70 6,925		99		10		-		10,085
-	883 883	6,925		4,192 4,291		4,773 4,783				38,854 2,961,465
=		0,993		4,271		4,703				2,701,403
-	<u>-</u>					568				1,163,641
-	<u>-</u>					568				1,163,641
	-	-		_		-		-		20,881
-	<u>-</u>									20,881
-	887	3,562		2,343		1,584		84		169,230
-	887	3,562		2,343		1,584		84		169,230
	-	-		-		-		-		71,383
	<u>-</u>									71,383
-	<u>-</u>									10,805
-	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u> _						10,805 948,516
-	887	3,562		2,343		2,152		84		2,384,456
-	007	3,302		2,313		2,132		01		2,301,130
-	(4)	3,433		1,948		2,631		(84)		577,009
	-	-		-		-		-		-
-	<u>-</u>									
-	(4)	3,433		1,948		2,631		(84)		577,009
	(1,525)	25,411		36,565		3,227		-		3,128,353
-	<u> </u>									
-	(1,525)	25,411		36,565		3,227				3,128,353
Φ.			•	- 20.512	Φ.		Φ.	- (0.4)	Ф	23,421
\$	(1,529) \$	28,844	\$	38,513	\$	5,858	\$	(84)	\$	3,728,783

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	AM	A COVID Renei Funu (	·
			Variance
	B. 1.	, , ,	Favorable
DEVENUES.	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	022.109	¢ 022.100	¢
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 922,198	\$ 922,198	\$ -
Interest	1	2,488	2,488
Other Revenues	022.100	004.606	2.400
Total revenues	922,198	924,686	2,488
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:+18:4518:47N4918:45N4918:18:45			
General Government:			
General Government	-	-	-
Total General Government	-	-	-
Public Safety and Judiciary:			
Police	-	-	-
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	-	-	-
Transportation:			
Streets	-	-	-
Total Transportation	-	-	-
Cultural, Parks and Recreation			
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	-	-	-
Community/Economic Development:			
Economic Development	-	-	-
Total Community/Economic Development	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	-	-	-
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	922,198	924,686	2,488
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Operating Transfers In	_	_	_
Operating Transfers Out	_	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Over)		_	-
Excess of Revenues and Other			
Sources Over (Under)			
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 922,198	924,686	\$ 2,488
•	,,		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		922,198	
Prior Period Adjustment		-	
As Restated		922,198	
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out		-	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR		\$ 1,846,884	

ARPA COVID Relief Fund (Fund 005)

ACC	Replacement Fund (	Fund 72)	Business License ADA (Fund 80)								
		Variance			Variance						
		Favorable			Favorable						
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)						
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
-	1	1	-	27	27						
-	-	-	200	2,464	2,264						
-	1	1	200	2,491	2,291						
_	_	-	600	784	(184)						
_	_	-	600	784	(184)						
					(1)						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	600	784	(184)						
			(400)	4.505	2.405						
-	1	1	(400)	1,707	2,107						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
-	-	-	-	-	-						
\$ -	1	\$ 1	\$ (400)	1,707	\$ 2,107						
	519			9,496							
	-			9,490							
	519			9,496	1						
	-			-							
	\$ 520			\$ 11,203	1						
	<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>	1						

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

		SB-1 Road Fund (Fund 106)					
			Variance				
			Favorable				
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)				
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 136,75	\$ 157,338	\$ 20,588				
Interest		- 659	659				
Other Revenues			-				
Total revenues	136,75	157,997	21,247				
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General Government:							
General Government		-	-				
Total General Government			-				
Public Safety and Judiciary:							
Police			-				
Total Public Safety and Judiciary			-				
Transportation:							
Streets		- 2,243	(2,243)				
Total Transportation		- 2,243	(2,243)				
Cultural, Parks and Recreation							
Parks and Recreation			-				
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation		-	=				
Community/Economic Development:							
Economic Development			-				
Total Community/Economic Development		-	-				
Capital Outlay	100,00	-	100,000				
Total Expenditures	100,00	2,243	97,757				
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	36,75	155,754	119,004				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating Transfers In			-				
Operating Transfers Out			-				
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Over)			-				
Excess of Revenues and Other							
Sources Over (Under)							
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 36,75	155,754	\$ 119,004				
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		173,985					
Prior Period Adjustment		-	]				
As Restated		173,985					
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out		-					
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR		\$ 329,739					

	R	RSTP Streets Fund (Fun	d 108)	Special Gas Tax Improvement #2105 (Fund 109)								
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			Budget	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
\$	65,300	\$ 197,465	\$ 132,165		\$	39,900	\$ 42,780	\$	2,880			
9	05,500	1,843	1,843		Ф	100	3 42,780	φ	(100)			
	-	-	-			-	_		-			
	65,300	199,308	134,008			40,000	42,780		2,780			
	-	-	-			-	-		-			
	-	-	-			-	-		-			
	-	-	-			-	-		-			
	-	-	-			-	-		-			
	37,000	10,656	26,344			54,176	32,458		21,718			
	37,000	10,656	26,344			54,176	32,458		21,718			
	37,000	10,000	20,5			3 1,170	32,130		21,710			
	-	-	-			-	-		-			
	-	-	-			-	-		-			
	_	_	_			_	_		_			
	-	-	_			-	-		-			
	58,000	-	58,000			-	-		-			
	95,000	10,656	84,344			54,176	32,458		21,718			
	(29,700)	188,652	218,352			(14,176)	10,322		24,498			
	_	_				_			_			
	-	-	-			-	-		-			
	-	-	-			-	-		<u>-</u>			
\$	(29,700)	188,652	\$ 218,352		\$	(14,176)	10,322	\$	24,498			
		689,402					6,925					
		689,402					6,925					
		\$ 878,054					\$ 17,247	-				
		9 070,034					11,441					

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Sı	pecial Gas Tax 2106 (Fu	nd 110)
		D 1 4		Variance Favorable
DEVENUES.		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	\$	20,000	\$ 30,681	\$ 2,681
Intergovernmental Revenues	3	28,000		
Interest		100	19	(81)
Other Revenues		20.100	20.700	2 (00
Total revenues		28,100	30,700	2,600
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government:				
General Government		-	-	=
Total General Government		-	-	=
Public Safety and Judiciary:				
Police		-	-	-
Total Public Safety and Judiciary		-	-	-
Transportation:				
Streets		56,126	35,028	21,098
Total Transportation		56,126	35,028	21,098
Cultural, Parks and Recreation				
Parks and Recreation		-	-	-
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation		-	-	-
Community/Economic Development:				
Economic Development		-	-	-
Total Community/Economic Development		-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-	-	-
Total Expenditures		56,126	35,028	21,098
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures		(28,026)	(4,328)	23,698
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers In		-	_	-
Operating Transfers Out		-	-	-
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Over)		-	_	-
Excess of Revenues and Other				
Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	(28,026)	(4,328)	\$ 23,698
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR			10,715	
Prior Period Adjustment			10,715	
As Restated			10,715	
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out			10,715	
			\$ 6,387	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR			\$ 6,387	

	Sp	ecial Gas Tax 2107 (Fu	nd 111)	Special Gas Tax 2107.5 (Fund 112)								
			Variance				Variance					
	D. J	4.4.1	Favorable		D. J	A . ( . 1	Favorable					
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	$\vdash$	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)					
\$	50,600	\$ 51,195	\$ 595	\$	2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ -					
	100	58	(42)		-	33	33					
	-	-	-		-	-	-					
	50,700	51,253	553		2,000	2,033	33					
	-	-	-		-	-	-					
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
	_	_	_		_	_	_					
	-	-	-		-	-	-					
	43,626	30,822	12,804		2,000	195	1,805					
	43,626	30,822	12,804		2,000	195	1,805					
			-			-	-					
	-	-	-		-	-	-					
	-	-	-		-	-	-					
	42,000	-	42,000		-	-	-					
_	85,626	30,822	54,804	-	2,000	195	1,805					
	(34,926)	20,431	55,357		_	1,838	1,838					
	(= 1,7 = 0)					-,,,,,	2,000					
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
						_	_					
	-	-	-		-	-	-					
\$	(34,926)	20,431	\$ 55,357	\$	-	1,838	\$ 1,838					
		12,954				10,217						
		-				-						
		12,954				10,217						
		\$ 33,385				\$ 12,055						
		55,565				· 12,033	<u> </u>					

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

		•	Variance
			Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 60,300	\$ 118,660	\$ 58,360
Interest	-	1,366	1,366
Other Revenues	-	-	-
Total revenues	60,300	120,026	59,726
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government:			
General Government	79,600	13,177	66,423
Total General Government	79,600	13,177	66,423
Public Safety and Judiciary:			
Police	-	-	-
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	-	-	-
Transportation:			
Streets	-	-	-
Total Transportation	-	-	-
Cultural, Parks and Recreation			
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	-		1
Community/Economic Development:			
Economic Development	-	-	-
Total Community/Economic Development	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	140,300	4,739	135,561
Total Expenditures	219,900	17,916	201,984
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	(159,600)	102,110	261,710
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Operating Transfers In	-	-	-
Operating Transfers Out	-	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Over)	-	-	-
Excess of Revenues and Other			
Sources Over (Under)			
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ (159,600)	102,110	\$ 261,710
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		465,259	
Prior Period Adjustment	Ì	-	
As Restated		465,259	
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out		22,138	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR		\$ 589,507	

Local Transportation Fund (Fund 114)

Special Ga	as Tax Improvement #2	103 (Fund 115)		Traf	fic Mitigation Fund (I	und 11	16)
		Variance					Variance
		Favorable					Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		Budget	Actual		(Unfavorable)
\$ 49,400	\$ 60,861	\$ 11,461	\$	5,000	\$ -	\$	(5,000)
100	229	129		-	1,716		1,716
49,500	61,090	11,590		5,000	1,716		(3,284)
43,627	35,706	7,921		-	-		-
43,627	35,706	7,921		-	-		-
_	_	_		_	_		_
-	-	_		-	_		-
75,750	35,746	40,004		1,000	98		902
75,750	35,746	40,004		1,000	98		902
_	_	-		_	-		_
-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-					-
24,000	8,984	15,016		-	_		-
143,377	80,436	62,941		1,000	98		902
(93,877)	(19,346)	74,531		4,000	1,618		(2,382)
	_						
	_				-		
-	-	-		-	-		-
\$ (93,877)	(19,346)	\$ 74,531	\$	4,000	1,618	\$	(2,382)
	74,299				636,190		
	74,299				636,190		
	\$ 54,953				\$ 637,808	1	

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Sa	fe Routes to Schools (Fu	nd 118)
				Variance
				Favorable
	1	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	395,000	\$ -	\$ (395,000)
Interest		-	-	-
Other Revenues		-	-	-
Total revenues		395,000	-	(395,000)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government:				
General Government		-	-	-
Total General Government		-	-	-
Public Safety and Judiciary:				
Police		-	-	-
Total Public Safety and Judiciary		-	-	-
Transportation:				
Streets		-	-	-
Total Transportation		-	-	-
Cultural, Parks and Recreation				
Parks and Recreation		-	-	-
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation		-	-	-
Community/Economic Development:				
Economic Development		-	-	-
Total Community/Economic Development		-	-	-
Capital Outlay		395,000	219,243	175,757
Total Expenditures		395,000	219,243	175,757
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures		-	(219,243)	(219,243)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers In		_	-	-
Operating Transfers Out		_	-	-
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Over)		_	-	-
Excess of Revenues and Other				
Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	-	(219,243)	\$ (219,243)
PUND BALLANGE OFFICIAL AT DECINING OF VEAD			(4.220)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		•	(4,339)	
Prior Period Adjustment			(4.220)	
As Restated			(4,339)	
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out		•	e (222 593)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR			\$ (223,582)	

Special (	Gas Traffic Constructi	on (Fund 121)		2022 CHIP Maintenance Fund (Fund 125)				
		Variance				Variance		
		Favorable				Favorable		
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -		
-	71	71		-	3	3		
-	-	-		-	-	-		
-	71	71		-	3	3		
_	_	_		_	-	-		
-	-	-		-	-	-		
_	-	-		-	-	-		
-	-	-		-	-	-		
-	-	-		-	-	-		
-	-	-		-	-	-		
-	-	-		-	-	-		
-	-	-		-	-	-		
-	-	-		-	-	-		
-	-	-		-	-	-		
	-	-			-	-		
-	-	-		-	-	-		
					_	_		
-	71	71	_	-	3	3		
_	-	-		-	-	-		
	-	-		-		-		
				-		-		
\$ -	71	\$ 71	\$	-	3	\$ 3		
	26.266							
	26,366	1			-			
	26,366	1			-			
	20,300				_			
	\$ 26,437	1			\$ 3			
	20,.07	j				J		

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Rogers Restoration (Fund 130)			
			Variance	
			Favorable	
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Interest	-	-	-	
Other Revenues	-	1,000	1,000	
Total revenues	-	1,000	1,000	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government:				
General Government	-	-	-	
Total General Government	=	=	-	
Public Safety and Judiciary:				
Police	-	-	-	
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	-	-	-	
Transportation:				
Streets	-	-	-	
Total Transportation	-	-	-	
Cultural, Parks and Recreation				
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	
Community/Economic Development:				
Economic Development	-	-	-	
Total Community/Economic Development	-	-	-	
Capital Outlay		-	-	
Total Expenditures	-	-	-	
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	-	1,000	1,000	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating Transfers In	-	-	-	
Operating Transfers Out	-	-	-	
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Over)	-	-	-	
Excess of Revenues and Other				
Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	1,000	\$ 1,000	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		-		
Prior Period Adjustment		-		
As Restated		-		
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out		-		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR		\$ 1,000		

	SB-2 Grant Fund (Fund	155)		Pı	romise Grant Fund (Fu	nd 160)
		Variance				Variance
		Favorable				Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$ 60,000	\$ -	\$ (60,000)	\$	60,000	\$ 100,700	\$ 40,700
-	-	-		-	116	116
-	-	-		-	11,159	11,159
60,000	-	(60,000)		60,000	111,975	51,975
_	261	(261)		21,218	42,770	(21,552)
	261	(261)	<b> </b>	21,218	42,770	(21,552)
	301	(201)		,_10	,,,,	(=1,502)
-	-	-		_	-	_
-	-	-		_	-	-
40,000	13,524	26,476		-	-	-
40,000	13,524	26,476		-	-	-
-	-	1		72,012	66,383	5,629
-	-	-		72,012	66,383	5,629
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
40,000	13,785	26,215	_	93,230	109,153	(15,923)
20,000	(13,785)	(33,785)	_	(33,230)	2,822	36,052
_	_	_		_	_	_
-	-	-		_	_	-
-	-	-		_	-	_
\$ 20,000	(13,785)	\$ (33,785)	\$	(33,230)	2,822	\$ 36,052
				<u> </u>		
	(18,896)				59,368	
	- 40.55				- 50.260	-
	(18,896)				59,368	
	\$ (32,681)				\$ 62,190	1
	\$ (32,681)				ə 02,190	4

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Variance
			Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:			(0)
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	-	98	98
Other Revenues	-	-	-
Total revenues	-	98	98
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government:			
General Government	-	-	-
Total General Government	-	=	-
Public Safety and Judiciary:			
Police	-	-	-
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	-	-	-
Transportation:			
Streets	-	-	-
Total Transportation	-	-	-
Cultural, Parks and Recreation			
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	-	-	-
Community/Economic Development:			
Economic Development	-	-	-
Total Community/Economic Development	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	-	=	-
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	-	98	98
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Operating Transfers In	-	-	-
Operating Transfers Out	-	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Over)	-	-	-
Excess of Revenues and Other			
Sources Over (Under)			
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	98	\$ 98
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		36,002	
Prior Period Adjustment		-	
As Restated		36,002	
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out		-	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR		\$ 36,100	

Abandoned Vehicle Grant Fund (Fund 170)

CDI	BG CV 1,2,3 Grant (F	und 180)			SAFE Grant (Fund 1	88)
D. L. d	A.7. 1	Variance Favorable		D. J. A	4.4.1	Variance Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	-	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$ -	\$ 6,515	\$ 6,515	\$	-	\$ 1,123	\$ 1,123
	-	-		-	-	-
-	6,515	6,515		-	1,123	1,123
-	-	-		-	_	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	_	_		_	5,906	(5,906)
-	-	-		-	5,906	(5,906)
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-
_	10,805	(10,805)		_	_	_
-	10,805	(10,805)			-	-
200,000	-	200,000		-	-	-
200,000	10,805	189,195		-	5,906	(5,906)
(200,000)	(4,290)	195,710		-	(4,783)	(4,783)
-	-	-			-	-
-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-
\$ (200,000)	(4,290)	\$ 195,710	\$	-	(4,783)	\$ (4,783)
	-				5,906	
	-				5,906	
	\$ (4,290)				\$ 1,123	
	\$ (4,290)				\$ 1,123	

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	11011	ileianu Security Funu (F	unu 189)
			Variance
			Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	-	-	-
Other Revenues	-	-	-
Total revenues	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government:			
General Government	9,000	-	9,000
Total General Government	9,000	-	9,000
Public Safety and Judiciary:			
Police	-	14,975	(14,975)
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	-	14,975	(14,975)
Transportation:			
Streets	-	-	-
Total Transportation	-	-	-
Cultural, Parks and Recreation			
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	-	-	-
Community/Economic Development:			
Economic Development	-	-	-
Total Community/Economic Development	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	9,000	14,975	(5,975)
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	(9,000)	(14,975)	(5,975)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Operating Transfers In	_	_	-
Operating Transfers Out	-	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Over)	-	-	-
Excess of Revenues and Other			
Sources Over (Under)			
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ (9,000)	(14,975)	\$ (5,975)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		14,975	
Prior Period Adjustment			
As Restated		14,975	
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out		,,, , ,	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR		\$ -	
( - //		<u> </u>	

Homeland Security Fund (Fund 189)

Proposition 47 Grant Fund C1 (Fund 192)			1 1	Prevention Neighborhood Grant (fund 193)				
			Variance					Variance
			Favorable					Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)			Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$	-	\$ 46,133	\$ 46,133		\$	55,000	\$ -	\$ (55,000)
	-	-	=			_	1	1
	-	-	-			-	-	-
	-	46,133	46,133			55,000	1	(54,999)
	9,000	15,226	(6,226)				_	_
	9,000	15,226	(6,226)					_
	2,000	13,220	(0,220)					
	_	-	-			_	-	-
	-	-	-			-	-	-
	-	-	-			-	-	-
	-	-	-			-	-	-
	-	-	-			-	-	-
	-	-	-			-	-	-
	-	-	-			-	-	-
	-	-	-			-	-	-
		-	-			-	-	-
	9,000	15,226	(6,226)			-	-	-
	(0.000)	20.007	20.007			55,000	,	(54,000)
	(9,000)	30,907	39,907			55,000	1	(54,999)
	-	-	-			-	-	-
	-	-	-	ļΙ		-	-	-
	-	-	-			-	-	-
\$	(9,000)	30,907	\$ 39,907	]	\$	55,000	1	\$ (54,999)
		(32,190)					146	
		-					-	
		(32,190)					146	
		1,283					-	
		\$ -					\$ 147	
		<u> </u>					·	

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Prop	osition 47 Grant Fund (	Fund 195)
			Variance Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:			(1 1)
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 1,126,099	\$ 1,174,877	\$ 48,778
Interest	_	-	-
Other Revenues	-	-	-
Total revenues	1,126,099	1,174,877	48,778
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government:			
General Government	1,287,171	1,055,149	232,022
Total General Government	1,287,171	1,055,149	232,022
Public Safety and Judiciary:			
Police	-	-	-
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	_	-	-
Transportation:			
Streets	_	-	-
Total Transportation	_	-	_
Cultural, Parks and Recreation			
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	-	=	-
Community/Economic Development:			
Economic Development	-	-	-
Total Community/Economic Development	-	=	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	1,287,171	1,055,149	232,022
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	(161,072)	119,728	280,800
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Operating Transfers In	_	-	-
Operating Transfers Out	_	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Over)	_	-	-
Excess of Revenues and Other			
Sources Over (Under)			
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ (161,072)	119,728	\$ 280,800
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		(475,090)	
Prior Period Adjustment		-	
As Restated		(475,090)	
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out		-	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR		\$ (355,362)	

SALI	OO Home Loan (Fund	1 321, 825)	CDBG Program Unrestricted (Fund 323, 820)			und 323, 820)	
		Variance		Variance			
		Favorable				Favorable	
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
-	-	-		-	146	146	
-	-	-		10,000	7,458	(2,542	
-	-	-		10,000	7,604	(2,396	
-	_	-		-	_		
-	-	-		-	-		
					-		
-	-	-		-	-		
-	-	-		-	-	-	
-	-	-		-	-	-	
-	-	-		-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	H	-	-	<u>-</u>	
<u> </u>	_	-	-		_	-	
			H				
_	_	_		10,000	7,604	(2,396	
				.,,	.,,	( )	
-	-	-		-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
\$ -		\$ -		\$ 10,000	7,604	\$ (2,396	
· -	-	ф -	L	φ 10,000	/,004	\$ (2,396	
					56,552		
	-				-	]	
	-				56,552		
	-				-		
	\$ -				\$ 64,156		

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	CI	CDBG 1990 Loan Fund (Fund 324)			
			Variance		
			Favorable		
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Interest	-	52	52		
Other Revenues	-	-	-		
Total revenues	-	52	52		
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government:					
General Government	-	-	-		
Total General Government	-	-	- '		
Public Safety and Judiciary:					
Police	-	-	-		
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	-	-	-		
Transportation:					
Streets	-	-	-		
Total Transportation	-	-	-		
Cultural, Parks and Recreation					
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-		
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	-	-	-		
Community/Economic Development:					
Economic Development	-	-	-		
Total Community/Economic Development	-	-	-		
Capital Outlay	-	-	-		
Total Expenditures	-	-	-		
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	-	52	52		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating Transfers In	-	-	-		
Operating Transfers Out	-	-	-		
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Over)	-	-	-		
Excess of Revenues and Other					
Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	52	\$ 52		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		19,355			
Prior Period Adjustment		-			
As Restated		19,355			
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out		-			
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR		\$ 19,407			
			1		

C	DBG	Economic Reuse (Fur	nd 325, 823)		CDBG	Housing Reuse (Fund 3	26, 821, 822)
			Variance				Variance
			Favorable				Favorable
Budge	t	Actual	(Unfavorable)		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$ 2	2,500	\$ -	\$ (2,500)		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	500	26	(474)		500	123	(377)
3	3,500	-	(3,500)		-	-	-
$\epsilon$	5,500	26	(6,474)		500	123	(377)
				<u> </u>			_
	_					_	-
	_	_	_		_	_	_
				-			
				-			
	_	_	_		_	_	_
	_	_		-		_	_
	_	-	-		_	_	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-
6	5,500	26	(6,474)		500	123	(377)
}	-	-	-	H	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-		-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-
\$	5,500	26	\$ (6,474)		\$ 500	123	\$ (377)
J (	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	26	φ (0,4/4)	L	φ 500	123	φ (3//)
		9,547				45,345	
		-				-	[
		9,547				45,345	
		-				-	
		\$ 9,573				\$ 45,468	

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	SA	ALADO Wall Fund (Fu	nd 344)
			Variance Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	200	258	58
Other Revenues	-	-	-
Total revenues	200	258	58
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government:			
General Government	-	-	-
Total General Government	-	-	-
Public Safety and Judiciary:			
Police	-	-	-
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	-	-	-
Transportation:			
Streets		-	-
Total Transportation	-	-	-
Cultural, Parks and Recreation			
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	-	-	-
Community/Economic Development:			
Economic Development	-	-	-
Total Community/Economic Development	-	-	=
Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	-	-	-
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	-	258	58
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Operating Transfers In	-	-	-
Operating Transfers Out	-	-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Over)	-	-	-
Excess of Revenues and Other			
Sources Over (Under)			
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	258	\$ 58
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		95,715	
Prior Period Adjustment		-	]
As Restated		95,715	
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out		-	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR		\$ 95,973	

		Drainage Fund (Fund	345)		Par	und 353)	
			Variance Favorable				Variance Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$	10,000	\$ -	\$ (10,000)		\$ 5,000		\$ (5,000)
	1,000	529	(471)		-	25	25
	11.000	520	(10.471)	-	- -	- 25	(4.075)
	11,000	529	(10,471)	-	5,000	25	(4,975)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-		-	-
	_	_	_		_	_	_
	-	-	-		-	-	_
	-	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	5,000	5,000 5,000	-
	-	-	-	-	5,000	3,000	-
	_	_	_		_	_	_
	-	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-		5,000	5,000	-
	11,000	529	(10,471)	-	-	(4,975)	(4,975)
	-	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$	11,000	529	\$ (10,471)		\$ -	(4,975)	\$ (4,975)
-		196,008				10,402	
		-				-	]
		196,008				10,402	
		\$ 196,537				- 5 425	
		\$ 196,537				\$ 5,427	

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Trail Development Fund	(Fund 356)
		-	Variance
			Favorable
	Budge	t Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	- \$	- \$
Interest		- 1	6 16
Other Revenues		-	
Total revenues		- 1	6 16
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government:			
General Government		-	-
Total General Government		-	-
Public Safety and Judiciary:			
Police		-	-
Total Public Safety and Judiciary		-	-
Transportation:			
Streets		-	-
Total Transportation		-	-
Cultural, Parks and Recreation			
Parks and Recreation		-	
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation		-	
Community/Economic Development:			
Economic Development		-	
Total Community/Economic Development		-	
Capital Outlay		-	
Total Expenditures		-	
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures		- 1	6 16
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Operating Transfers In		-	-
Operating Transfers Out		-	-
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Over)		-	-
Excess of Revenues and Other			
Sources Over (Under)			
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	- 1	6 \$ 16
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		6,09	3
Prior Period Adjustment			-
As Restated		6,09	3
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out			<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR		\$ 6,10	9

Prop 68 Par	k Plaza and Rec Center	Fund (Fund 360)	Wayfinding Maintenance Fund (Fund 370)								
		Variance				Variance					
		Favorable				Favorable					
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)					
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -					
-	-	-		-	3	3					
-	-	-		-	-	-					
-	-	-		-	3	3					
_	_	_		_	_	_					
_	-	-			-	-					
-	-	-		-	-	-					
-	-	-		-	-	-					
-	-	-		-	-	-					
-	-	-		=	-	=					
-	-	-		-	-	-					
-	-	,		-	-	-					
-	-	-		-	-	-					
-	-	-		-	-	-					
-	715,550	(715,550)		-	-	-					
-	715,550	(715,550)		-	-	-					
-	(715,550)	(715,550)		-	3	3					
	_				_	_					
	_	_			_	_					
_	_	_		_	_	-					
\$ -	(715,550)	\$ (715,550)	\$	-	3	\$ 3					
			_								
	-				1,251						
	-				-						
	-				1,251						
	- (715 55A)				e 1354						
	\$ (715,550)				\$ 1,254						

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 701)							
				Variance					
				Favorable					
	Budg	get	Actual	(Unfavorable)					
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -					
Interest		-	-	-					
Other Revenues		900	883	(17)					
Total revenues		900	883	(17)					
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General Government:									
General Government		-	-	-					
Total General Government		-	-	-					
Public Safety and Judiciary:									
Police		-	-	-					
Total Public Safety and Judiciary		-	-	-					
Transportation:									
Streets		1,136	887	249					
Total Transportation		1,136	887	249					
Cultural, Parks and Recreation									
Parks and Recreation		-	-	-					
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation		-	-	-					
Community/Economic Development:									
Economic Development		-	-	-					
Total Community/Economic Development		-	-	-					
Capital Outlay		-	-	-					
Total Expenditures		1,136	887	249					
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures		(236)	(4)	232					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Operating Transfers In		-	-	-					
Operating Transfers Out		-	-	-					
Total Other Financing									
Sources (Over)		-	-	-					
Excess of Revenues and Other									
Sources Over (Under)									
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	(236)	(4)	\$ 232					
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR			(1,525)						
Prior Period Adjustment			-						
As Restated			(1,525)						
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out			-						
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR			\$ (1,529)						

Ligl	hting & Landscape Fund (I	Fund 702)		Ligh	ting & Landscape Fund (I	Fund 703)
		Variance				Variance
		Favorable				Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
-	70	70		100	99	(1)
7,280	6,925	(355)		2,900	4,192	1,292
7,280	6,995	(285)		3,000	4,291	1,291
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
4,711	3,562	1,149		4,311	2,343	1,968
4,711	3,562	1,149		4,311	2,343	1,968
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
4.711	2.5(2	1 140	-	4 21 1	2 2 4 2	1.069
4,711	3,562	1,149		4,311	2,343	1,968
2,569	3,433	864		(1,311)	1,948	3,259
2,309	3,433	004		(1,311)	1,540	3,239
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
\$ 2,569	3,433	\$ 864	\$	(1,311)	1,948	\$ 3,259
	25,411				36,565	
	-				-	
	25,411				36,565	
	-				-	
	\$ 28,844				\$ 38,513	

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Exhibit B-3 (Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget And Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Lighting & Landscape Fund (Fund 704)						
			Variance				
			Favorable				
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)				
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Interest	50	10	(40)				
Other Revenues	4,775	4,773	(2)				
Total revenues	4,825	4,783	(42)				
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General Government:							
General Government	-	568	(568)				
Total General Government	-	568	(568)				
Public Safety and Judiciary:							
Police	-	-	-				
Total Public Safety and Judiciary	-	-	-				
Transportation:							
Streets	3,961	1,584	2,377				
Total Transportation	3,961	1,584	2,377				
Cultural, Parks and Recreation							
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-				
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	-	-	-				
Community/Economic Development:							
Economic Development	-	-	-				
Total Community/Economic Development	-	-	-				
Capital Outlay	-	-	-				
Total Expenditures	3,961	2,152	1,809				
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	864	2,631	1,767				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating Transfers In	-	-	-				
Operating Transfers Out	-	-	-				
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Over)	-	-	-				
Excess of Revenues and Other							
Sources Over (Under)							
Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 864	2,631	\$ 1,767				
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,227					
Prior Period Adjustment			]				
As Restated		3,227					
Residual Equity Transfers In / Out		-					
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), AT END OF YEAR		\$ 5,858					

Ligh	ting & Landscape Fund (I	Fund 705)			Total	
		Variance				Variance
		Favorable				Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorabl
\$ -	\$ -	-	\$	3,073,047		
-	-	-		2,750	10,085	7,3
-	-	-		29,555	38,854	9,2
-	-	-	<u> </u>	3,105,352	2,961,465	(143,8
-	-	-		1,450,216	1,163,641	286,5
-	-	-		1,450,216	1,163,641	286,5
-	-	-		-	20,881	(20,8
-	-	-		-	20,881	(20,8
-	84	(84)	<u> </u>	323,797	169,230	154,5
-	84	(84)	<b>│</b>	323,797	169,230	154,5
						_
-	-	-	<del> </del>	77,012	71,383	5,6
-	-	-	<del> </del>	77,012	71,383	5,6
	_	_		_	10,805	(10,8
			l		10,805	(10,8
_	-	-		959,300	948,516	10,7
-	84	(84)		2,810,325	2,384,456	425,8
-	(84)	(84)		294,827	577,009	281,9
-	-	-	<del> </del>	-	-	
-	-	-		-	-	
				-	-	
\$ -	(84)	\$ (84)	\$	294,827	577,009	\$ 281,9
	(- )	(-)		****		,
	-				3,128,353	ļ
	-				-	l
	-				3,128,353	
	\$ (84)				\$ <b>3,728,783</b>	-
	φ (84)				φ 3,720,783	1

## CITY OF CORNING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	Police Equipment Replacement Fund (Fund 071)	_	Proposition 30 Police Fund (Fund 073)	_	Police K-9 Fund (Fund 074)	 Parks Capital Outlay Fund (Fund 075)	_	Fire Equipment Replacement Fund (Fund 076)
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Receivable	\$ 536,984	\$	13,266	\$	-	\$ 13,086	\$	695,741
Due from Other Funds								
Other Assets:								
Restricted Cash: Loan Repayment	_		_		_	_		-
Total assets	\$ 536,984	\$	13,266	\$		\$ 13,086	\$	695,741
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$ 45,279	\$	231	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Due to Other Funds Other Current Liabilities	-		-		-	-		-
Cuita Cuitan Ziucinia								
Total liabilities	45,279		231					
Fund Balances								
Unassigned	491,705		13,035			13,086		695,741
Total Fund Balances	491,705		13,035			13,086		695,741
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 536,984	\$	13,266	\$		\$ 13,086	\$	695,741

Economic Development Project Fund (Fund 077)	 Public Works Equipment Replacement Fund (Fund 078)	 Park Acquisition Fund (Fund 341)	 Bedroom Tax Fund (Fund 355)	 Street Scape Fund (Fund 359)	 Totals
\$ 29,467	\$ 834,661	\$ 160,045	\$ 37,207	\$ -	\$ 2,320,457
					<u> </u>
				<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
\$ 29,467	\$ 834,661	\$ 160,045	\$ 37,207	\$ 	\$ 2,320,457
\$ -	\$ 23,819	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 67,714	\$ 69,329 67,714
	23,819			67,714	137,043
29,467	810,842	160,045	37,207	(67,714)	2,183,414
29,467	810,842	160,045	37,207	(67,714)	2,183,414
\$ 29,467	\$ 834,661	\$ 160,045	\$ 37,207	\$ 	\$ 2,320,457

# CITY OF CORNING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year Ended June 30, 2022							
DEMENITIES.		Police Equipment Replacement Fund (Fund 071)	Proposition 30 Police Fund (Fund 073)	_	Police K-9 Fund (Fund 074)		Parks Capital Outlay Fund (Fund 075)
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	- \$	-	\$	- 5	\$	-
Acquisition Charges and Fees		-	-		-		-
Interest		1,492	38		-		-
Other		<u>=</u>					<u>-</u>
Total Revenues		1,492	38		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General Government:							
General Government						_	
Total General Government						_	
Transportation:							
Streets		<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>
Total Transportation						_	<u>-</u>
Cultural, Parks and Recreation							
Parks and Recreation		-	-		-		-
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		_
Community/Economic Development:							
Economic Development		-	-		-		-
Total Community/Economic Development							
Debt Service:							
Principal		-	-		-		-
Interest and Other Charges		-	-		-		-
Capital Outlay		104,023	2,965		-		-
Total Expenditures		104,023	2,965		_		-
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures		(102,531)	(2,927)				<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating Transfers In		139,747	_		_		_
Operating Transfers Out		-	_		_		_
Total Other Financing						-	
Sources (Over)		139,747	_		_		_
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over						-	
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		37,216	(2,927)			-	
FUND BALANCE, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		454,489	15,962		22,535		13,086
Residual Equity Transfers In		-	-		-		-
Residual Equity Transfers Out		<u> </u>			(22,535)		<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE, AT END OF YEAR	\$	491,705 \$	13,035	\$		\$	13,086

	Fire Equipment Replacement Fund (Fund 076)	-	Economic Development Project Fund (Fund 077)		Public Works Equipment Replacement Fund (Fund 078)		Park Acquisition Fund (Fund 341)		Bedroom Tax Fund (Fund 355)		Street Scape Fund (Fund 359)	_	Totals
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	4,491 -		- 79 -		2,162 63,012		433		100		- - -		8,795 63,012
	4,491		79		65,174		433		100			=	71,807
												_	
												=	<u>-</u>
												=	
							1,268					=	1,268
							1,268					-	1,268
			235									_	235
	-		235		-		-		-		-		235
	54,410 9,992		-		-		-		-		-		54,410 9,992
	56,849		-		199,290		-		-		-		363,127
	121,251		235		199,290		1,268					=	429,032
	(116,760)		(156)		(134,116)		(835)		100			_	(357,225)
	324,002		-		183,793		-		-		-		647,542
	324,002				183,793							=	647,542
	207,242		(156)		49,677		(835)		100			_	290,317
	488,499		29,623		761,165		160,880		37,107		(67,714)	_	1,915,632
	-		-		-		-		-		-		(22.525)
\$	695,741	\$	29,467	\$	810,842	\$	160,045	\$	37,207	\$	(67,714)	\$	(22,535) 2,183,414
Ψ	0,0,1 11	Ψ	27,107	Ψ	010,012	Ψ	100,013	Ψ	51,201	Ψ	(07,717)	Ψ_	2,102,117

#### CITY OF CORNING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:
Intergovernmental Revenues
Acquisition Charges and Fees
Interest
Other
Total Revenues
EXPENDITURES:
Current:
General Government:
General Government
Total General Government
Transportation:
Streets
Total Transportation
Cultural, Parks and Recreation
Parks and Recreation
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation
Community/Economic Development:
Economic Development
Total Community/Economic Development
Debt Service:
Principal
Interest and Other Charges
Capital Outlay
Total Expenditures
Excess of Revenues Over
(Under) Expenditures
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):
Operating Transfers In
Operating Transfers Out
Total Other Financing
Sources (Over)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses
FUND BALANCE, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR
Residual Equity Transfers In
Residual Equity Transfers Out

FUND BALANCE, AT END OF YEAR

(Continued)

Police Equipment Replacement Fund (Fund 071)							
		Variance					
		Favorable					
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)					
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
-	-	-					
200	1,492	1,292					
-	-	-					
200	1,492	1,292					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
127,252	104,023	23,229					
127,252	104,023	23,229					
12,,202	10.,023	20,227					
(127,052)	(102,531)	24,521					
120 545	120 545						
139,747	139,747	-					
-	-	-					
139,747	139,747						
132,147	139,747	-					
\$ 12,695	37,216	\$ 24,521					
	454,489						
	-						
	- 401.705						

Prop	osition 30 Police Fund (	Fund 73)		Police K-9 Fund (Fund	1 74)
		Variance			Variance
Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Antural	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Виадет	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	_	_	_	_	_
-	38	38		_	_
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	38	38	_	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	_	]
-	-	-	_	_	_
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
	_	-		_	_
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
21,400	2,965	18,435	-	-	-
21,400	2,965	18,435	-	-	-
(21,400)	(2,927)	18,473	_	_	_
(=-,100)	(=,>21)	,.,,			
-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-		-	_
-		-		_	_
\$ (21,400)	(2,927)	\$ 18,473	\$ -	-	\$ -
	15.000			22.525	
	15,962			22,535	1
	]			(22,535)	
	\$ 13,035			\$ -	1
		4		<b></b>	4

#### CITY OF CORNING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:
Intergovernmental Revenues
Acquisition Charges and Fees
Interest
Other
Total Revenues
EXPENDITURES:
Current:
General Government:
General Government
Total General Government
Transportation:
Streets
Total Transportation
Cultural, Parks and Recreation
Parks and Recreation
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation
Community/Economic Development:
Economic Development
Total Community/Economic Development
Debt Service:
Principal
Interest and Other Charges
Capital Outlay
Total Expenditures
Excess of Revenues Over
(Under) Expenditures
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):
Operating Transfers In
Operating Transfers Out
Total Other Financing
Sources (Over)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses
FUND BALANCE, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR
Residual Equity Transfers In
Residual Equity Transfers Out
FUND BALANCE, AT END OF YEAR

Parks Capital Outlay Fund (Fund 075)							
1 di Ks	onprint outing 1 unu (	Variance					
		Favorable					
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)					
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-		-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
<u>-</u>	-						
_	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
<u>-</u>	-	-					
_	_	_					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
c		¢					
-	-	\$ -					
	13,086						
	-						
	=						

13,086

Fire Equi	pment Replacement Fu	nd (Fund 076)		Economic	Development Project F	und (Fund 077)
		Variance Favorable				Variance Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
	6	¢.	6		6	6
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	-
200	4,491	4,291		_	79	79
-	-	-		-	-	-
200	4,491	4,291		-	79	79
-		-		-		-
 -	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
_	_	_		_		_
_	_	-			_	_
-	-	-		-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
 -	-	-	_		235	(235)
-	-	-		-	235	(235)
-	54,410	(54,410)		-	-	-
-	9,992	(9,992)		-	-	-
119,500	56,849	62,651		-	-	-
119,500	121,251	(1,751)		-	235	(235)
(119,300)	(116,760)	2,540		-	(156)	(156)
324,002	324,002	-		-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-
22125	****					
324,002	324,002	-		-	-	-
\$ 204,702	207,242	\$ 2,540	\$	-	(156)	\$ (156)
	488,499				29,623	
	-				-	
	\$ 695,741				\$ 29,467	1
	g 095,/41				φ 29,40/	4

#### CITY OF CORNING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental Revenues						
Acquisition Charges and Fees						
Interest						
Other						
Total Revenues						
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General Government:						
General Government						
Total General Government						
Transportation:						
Streets						
Total Transportation						
Cultural, Parks and Recreation						
Parks and Recreation						
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation						
Community/Economic Development:						
Economic Development						
Total Community/Economic Development						
Debt Service:						
Principal						
Interest and Other Charges						
Capital Outlay						
Total Expenditures						
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating Transfers In						
Operating Transfers Out						
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Over)						
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over						
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses						
FUND BALANCE, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR						
Residual Equity Transfers In						
Residual Equity Transfers Out						
FUND BALANCE, AT END OF YEAR						

r ubi	ic Work	s Equip. Replacement l	Fund (Fund 078)
			Variance
			Favorable
Budg	et	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
	-	-	-
	100	2,162	2,062
	17,000	63,012	46,012
	17,100	65,174	48,074
	-	-	-
	-	-	-
	-	-	-
	-	-	-
	-	-	-
	-	-	-
	-	-	-
	-	-	-
1	99,289	199,290	(1)
1	99,289	199,290	(1)
(1	82,189)	(134,116)	48,073
1	83,793	183,793	
,	103,793	103,/93	-
	-		
1	83,793	183,793	
	.03,173	103,/93	
\$	1,604	49,677	\$ 48,073
ν	1,007	72,077	Ψ το,073
		761,165	
		-	

	Par	k Acquisition Fund (Fu	nd 341)		Bedroom Tax (Fund 3	55)
			Variance			Variance
			Favorable			Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
	-	-	-	-	-	
	100	433	333	-	100	100
	5,000	-	(5,000)	600	-	(60)
	5,100	433	(4,667)	600	100	(500
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
_	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	
	1,268	1,268	_		_	
	1,268	1,268				
	1,200	1,200				
	-	-	-	-	_	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
_	1,268	1,268	-	-	-	
		(0.00)				
-	3,832	(835)	(4,667)	600	100	(500
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
\$	3,832	(835)	\$ (4,667)	\$ 600	100	\$ (500
		160,880			37,107	
		100,080			37,107	1
		-			]	
		\$ 160,045			\$ 37,207	1
		¥ 100,043			\$ 37,207	

#### CITY OF CORNING CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget
REVENUES:	
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$
Acquisition Charges and Fees	
Interest	
Other	
Total Revenues	
EXPENDITURES:	
Current:	
General Government:	
General Government	
Total General Government	
Transportation:	
Streets	
Total Transportation	
Cultural, Parks and Recreation	
Parks and Recreation	
Total Cultural, Parks and Recreation	
Community/Economic Development:	
Economic Development	
Total Community/Economic Development	
Debt Service:	
Principal	
Interest and Other Charges	
Capital Outlay	
Total Expenditures	
Excess of Revenues Over	
(Under) Expenditures	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Operating Transfers In	
Operating Transfers Out	
Total Other Financing	
Sources (Over)	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over	
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$
FUND BALANCE, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	
Residual Equity Transfers In	
Residual Equity Transfers Out	
FUND BALANCE, AT END OF YEAR	
FUND BABANCE, AT EMP OF TEAM	

Street Scape Fund (Fund 359)							
Si	a eet scape runu (runo	Variance					
		Favorable					
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)					
<u> </u>		,					
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	T.	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
_	_	_					
-	-						
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
-	-	-					
\$ -	-	\$ -					
	(/7.714)						
	(67,714)						
	-						

Capital Project Funds										
Variance										
		Favorable								
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)								
\$	- \$ -	\$ -								
	-	-								
60	0 8,795	8,195								
22,60	0 63,012	40,412								
23,20	0 71,807	48,607								
		-								
	-   -	-								
		-								
		-								
1,26		-								
1,26	8 1,268	-								
	- 235	(235)								
	- 235	(235)								
		(233)								
	- 54,410	(54,410)								
	- 9,992	(9,992)								
467,44	1 363,127	104,314								
468,70	9 429,032	39,677								
(445,50	9) (357,225)	88,284								
647,54	2 647,542	_								
017,31	- 017,512	_								
	1	-								
647,54	2 647,542	_								
017,57	- 017,542									
\$ 202,03	3 290,317	\$ 88,284								
	1,915,632									
	-									
	(22,535)									
	\$ 2,183,414									

#### CITY OF CORNING ENTERPRISE FUNDS

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022** 

		Sewer Enterprise Fund		Solid Waste Enterprise Fund			Airport Fund		Transportation Center Fund		Water Enterprise Fund		
		(Fund 610, etc)		(Fund 615)			(Fund 620)		(Fund 625)	_	(Fund 630, etc)	_	Total
ASSETS													
Current Assets: Cash and Investments	\$	2,607,117	\$	-		\$	92,783	\$	27,753	\$	1,222,137	\$	3,949,790
Accounts Receivable Inventories Prepaid Assets		157,141 - -		4,474 - -			- -		- -		86,365		247,980 - -
Total Current Assets		2,764,258		4,474			92,783		27,753		1,308,502		4,197,770
Capital Assets:													
Land and Construction in Progress		105,274		-			727,814		-		5,000		838,088
Property, Plant and Equipment Accumulated Depreciation		16,186,582 (12,239,079)					3,263,282 (463,510)		5,167		6,904,959 (3,449,449)		26,359,990 (16,152,038)
Net Capital Assets		4,052,777					3,527,586		5,167		3,460,510		11,046,040
Restricted Cash:													
Loan Repayment											230,368		230,368
Total Other Assets											230,368		230,368
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resource</b>													
Loan Acquisition Costs		185,928		-			-		-		114,936		300,864
Pension Contribution		87,879					1,990				155,351		245,220
Total Assets	\$	7,090,842	\$	4,474	9	\$	3,622,359	\$	32,920	\$	5,269,667	\$	16,020,262
LIABILITIES													
C IIII													
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	9,641	¢	_		\$	723	\$	943	\$	101,959	\$	113,266
Accounts Fayable Accrued Wages	Ф	1,978	Ф	-		Φ	123	Ф	943	Ф	3,682	Ф	5,660
Due to other funds		-		8,285			_		_				8,285
Interest Payable		58,078		-			-		-		35,948		94,026
Deposits		-		-			-		-		23,939		23,939
Current Portion of Long Term Debt		207,164									127,836		335,000
Total Current Liabilities		276,861		8,285			723		943		293,364		580,176
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>													
GASB 68 Actuarial Adjustments		269,828					6,108				477,000		752,936
<b>Long-Term Liabilities</b> Interfund Loan Payable		-		-			-		-		-		-
Accrued Compensation for Future Ab	ser	86,913		-			-		-		86,913		173,826
Net Pension Liability		304,545		-			6,894		-		538,372		849,811
Certificates of Participation Payable		4,465,000		-			-		-		2,755,000		7,220,000
Less: Current Portion		(207,164)									(127,836)		(335,000)
Total Long-Term Liabilities		4,649,294					6,894				3,252,449		7,908,637
Total Liabilities		5,195,983		8,285			13,725		943		4,022,813		9,241,749
NET POSITION													
Investment in capital assets, net		(412,223)		-			3,527,586		5,167		705,510		3,826,040
Reserved for Capital improvement		734,647							· ·		685,227		1,419,874
Restricted for debt service		-		-			-		-		230,172		230,172
Unrestricted		1,572,435		(3,811)			81,048		26,810		(374,055)		1,302,427
Total Net Position	\$	1,894,859	\$	(3,811)		\$	3,608,634	\$	31,977	\$	1,246,854	\$	6,778,513

#### CITY OF CORNING ENTERPRISE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Sewer Enterprise Fund (Fund 610, etc)	Solid Waste Enterprise Fund (Fund 615)	Airport Fund (Fund 620)	Transportation Center Fund (Fund 625)	Water Enterprise Fund (Fund 630, etc)	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for Service	\$ 2,127,965	- \$	- \$	-	\$ 1,622,621 \$	3,750,586
Connection fees	-	-	-	-	2,442	2,442
Lease and Rents	9,601	-	8,400	15,467	-	33,468
Other Revenue	85,285		346,427	6,500	153,513	591,725
Total Operating Revenues	2,222,851	<u> </u>	354,827	21,967	1,778,576	4,378,221
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Salaries and Benefits	440,993	-	13,658	1,003	778,257	1,233,911
Utilities	123,597	-	3,808	10,613	292,445	430,463
Depreciation	205,889	-	82,882	-	99,820	388,591
Amortization	7,755	-	-	-	4,762	12,517
Other Expenses	1,059,398	<del>_</del>	6,992	6,173	541,188	1,613,751
Total Operating Expenses	1,837,632		107,340	17,789	1,716,472	3,679,233
Operating Income (Loss)	385,219	<del>-</del>	247,487	4,178	62,104	698,988
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)	)					
Investment Earnings	6,445	-	153	79	2,848	9,525
Interest Expense	(177,386)		<u>-</u>		(111,062)	(288,448)
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(170,941)	<u> </u>	153	79	(108,214)	(278,923)
Income Before Transfers	214,278	<del>_</del>	247,640	4,257	(46,110)	420,065
Operating Transfers In	300,000	-	-	-	100,000	400,000
Operating Transfers Out	(300,000)		<del>_</del>		(100,000)	(400,000)
Changes in net position	214,278		247,640	4,257	(46,110)	420,065
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR						
As Previously Stated	1,680,581	(3,811)	3,360,994	27,720	1,292,964	6,358,448
Prior period adjustment			<u>-</u>			
As Restated	1,680,581	(3,811)	3,360,994	27,720	1,292,964	6,358,448
Residual Equity Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residual Equity Transfers Out		<del>_</del> _				
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$1,894,859	(3,811) \$	3,608,634 \$	31,977	\$ 1,246,854 \$	6,778,513

#### CITY OF CORNING ENTERPRISE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH I'L	0110
Year Ended June 30, 2022	

Year Ended June 30, 2022	Sewer Enterprise Fund (Fund 610, etc)	Solid Waste Enterprise Fund (Fund 615)	Airport Fund (Fund 620)	Transportation Center Fund (Fund 625)	Water Enterprise Fund (Fund 630, etc)	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING						
ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers	\$ 2,168,630 \$	20,709 \$	- \$	-	\$ 1,664,554 <b>\$</b>	3,853,893
Other Operating Cash Receipts	94,886	20,709 \$	354,827	22,467	153,513	625,693
Payments to Suppliers	(1,201,300)	-	(10,195)	(16,808)	(781,358)	(2,009,661)
Payments to Employees	(440,546)	-	(20,822)	(1,003)	(778,311)	(1,240,682)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by						
Operating Activities	621,670	20,709	323,810	4,656	258,398	1,229,243
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers from (to) other funds	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>			<u>-</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	(1-0-0-0)					
Interest Paid	(179,398)	-	-	-	(113,539)	(292,937)
Repayment of Certificates of Participation Repayment of Loan Payable: Mid Valley Bank	(86,185)	-	6,894	-	(237,394)	(323,579) 6,894
Changes in GASB 68 amounts	(4,712)	-	5,307	- -	49,726	50,321
Payments for capital acquisitions	(7,756)	-	(317,058)	-	(4,762)	(329,576)
Net cash (used for) capital and related financing activities	(278,051)		(304,857)		(305,969)	(888,877)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Receipts of interest	6,445		153	79	2,848	9,525
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	350,064	20,709	19,106	4,735	(44,723)	349,891
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,368,966		74,091	23,018	1,483,676	3,949,751
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,719,030 \$	20,709 \$	93,197 \$	27,753	\$1,438,953 \$	4,299,642
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net	\$ 385,219 \$	- \$	247,487 \$	S 4,178	\$ 62,104 \$	698,988
Cash From (Used For) Operating Activities:						
Depreciation and Amortization	213,644		82,882		104,582	401.108
1	213,044	-		-	104,362	- ,
Pension Adjustments	40.665	20.700	(7,164)	-	-	(7,164)
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable	40,665	20,709	-	500	41,202	103,076
Decrease (Increase) in Inventory	5,402	-	-	-	20,278	25,680
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(21,695)	-	605	(22)	34,474	13,362
Increase (Decrease) in Wages Payable	447	-	-	-	(54)	393
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds Increase (Decrease) in Interest Payable	(2,012)	-	-	-	(2,477)	(4,489)
Increase (Decrease) in Therest Fayable  Increase (Decrease) in Deposits	(2,012)	-	-	-	(2,477) $(1,711)$	(1,711)
Net cash from (used for) operating activities	\$ 621,670 \$	20,709 \$				1,229,243
( ( ) operating according	. <u>,</u>			.,000		

#### CITY OF CORNING EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	_	J.T. Levy Trust Fund (Fund 401)	_	Ridell Library Fund (Fund 403)	_	Totals
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments	\$	24,780	\$	222,550	\$	247,330
Receivables:						
Intergovernmental						
County		-		-		-
Deferred compensation plan assets		<u>-</u>				<del>_</del>
Total assets	\$	24,780	\$	222,550	\$	247,330
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities						
Fund Balances:						
Held in trust for:						
Scholarships		24,780		-		24,780
Library System		-		222,550		222,550
Theater		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Total fund balances		24,780		222,550		247,330
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	24,780	\$	222,550	\$	247,330

#### CITY OF CORNING EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS

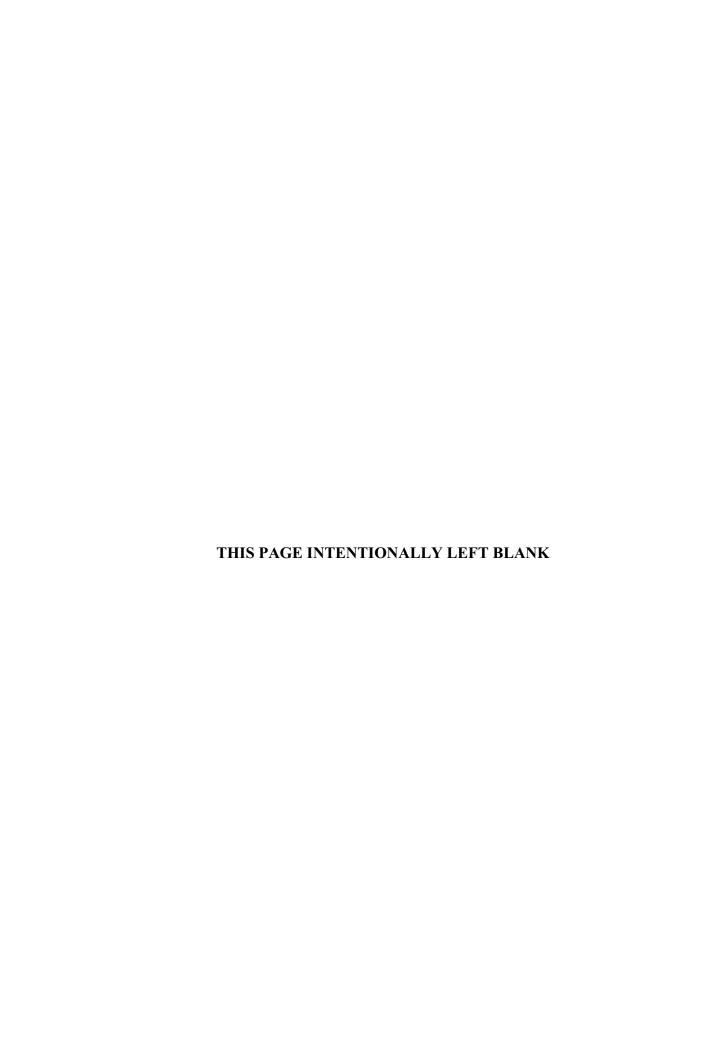
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

	-	J.T. Levy Trust Fund (Fund 401)	Ridell Library Fund (Fund 403)	Totals
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ - \$	-
Fines and Forfeitures		-	-	-
Interest		67	666	733
Total Revenues		67	666	733
EXPENDITURES:				
Scholarships		-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-	33,227	33,227
Other		250		250
Total Expenditures		250	33,227	33,477
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures		(183)	(32,561)	(32,744)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and				
Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures		(183)	(32,561)	(32,744)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR Residual Transfers out		24,963	255,111	280,074
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	24,780	\$ 222,550 \$	247,330

#### CITY OF CORNING EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Totals				
	-	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	-	\$ -		
Fines and Forfeitures		-	_	-		
Interest		-	733	733		
Total Revenues	-		733	733		
Scholarships		-	-	-		
Capital Outlay		-	33,227	(33,227)		
Other		-	250	(250)		
Total Expenditures	-		33,477	(33,477)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	_	<u> </u>	(32,744)	(32,744)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating Transfers In		-	-	-		
Operating Transfers Out	_	<u> </u>				
Total Other Financing Source (Uses)	_	<u> </u>				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and						
Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures	\$	<u> </u>	(32,744)	\$ (32,744)		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			280,074			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR		\$	247,330			



#### OTHER REPORTS AND SCHEDULES

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - SEWER ENTERPRISE FUNDS** 

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS - SEWER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - WATER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS - WATER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

### Donald R. Reynolds

Certified Public Accountant

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Corning Corning, California

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Corning, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated March 11, 2023. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the City of Corning is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the City of Corning's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Corning's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Corning's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Corning Corning, California

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Corning's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Donald R. Reynolds, CPA

Donald Rheyalo

Redding, California March 11, 2023

#### CITY OF CORNING SEWER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet
June 30, 2022

June 30, 2022	·	Sewer Capital Improvement Fund (Fund 347)	WWTP EXP. (Fund 348)	W.W.T.P. Capital Replacement Fund (Fund 380)	-	Sewer Capital Replacement Fund (Fund 381)
ASSETS						
Current Assets: Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Inventories	\$	113,445	\$ 910,679 - -	\$ 741,722	\$	185,214
Total Current Assets		113,445	910,679	741,722		185,214
Capital Assets Land and Construction in Progress Property, Plant and Equipment Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets		-	4,453,848 (2,140,611) 2,313,237			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Loan Acquisition Costs, Net Pension Contribution			118,307	 		- 
Total Assets	\$	113,445	\$ 3,342,223	\$ 741,722	\$	185,214
LIABILITIES						
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Interest Payable Current Portion of Long Term Debt Total Current Liabilities	\$	- - - - -	\$ 39,400 141,045 180,445	\$ - - - - -	\$	- - - - -
Long-Term Liabilities Interfund Loan Payable Accrued Compensation for Future Absences Net Pension Liability Long-Term Debt Less: Current Portion Total Long-Term Liabilities		- - - - -	3,028,930 (141,045) 2,887,885	- - - - -		- - - - -
Total Liabilities		_	3,068,330	_		_
Deferred Inflows of Resources GASB 68 Actuarial Adjustments						<u> </u>
Fund Equity: Retained Earnings: Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted		113,445	(715,693) 989,586	741,722 		185,214 
Total Net Assets		113,445	273,893	741,722		185,214
Total Net Assets	\$	113,445	\$ 273,893	\$ 741,722	\$	185,214

Fund (Fund 610)	TOTAL Sewer Enterprise Fund
\$ 656,057 157,141	\$ 2,607,117 157,141
813,198	2,764,258
105,274 11,732,734 (10,098,468) 1,739,540	105,274 16,186,582 (12,239,079) 4,052,777
67,621 87,879	185,928 87,879
\$ 2,708,238	\$ 7,090,842
\$ 9,641 1,978 18,678 66,119 96,416	\$ 9,641 1,978 58,078 207,164 276,861
86,913 304,545 1,436,070 (66,119) 1,761,409	86,913 304,545 4,465,000 (207,164) 4,649,294 4,926,155
269,828	269,828
303,470	(412,223) 2,029,967
277,115 580,585	277,115 1,894,859
\$ 580,585	\$ 1,894,859

#### CITY OF CORNING SEWER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Sewer Capital Improvement Fund (Fund 347)	WWTP EXP. (Fund 348)	W.W.T.P. Capital Replacement Fund (Fund 380)	Sewer Capital Replacement Fund (Fund 381)
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for Service Connection fees Lease and Rents Other Revenue Total Operating Revenues	\$ - - - - -	\$ 84,682	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - -
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries and Benefits Utilities Depreciation Amortization Other Expenses Total Operating Expenses	228 228	133,951 4,940 98 138,989	- - - - -	- - - - - -
Operating Income (Loss)	(228)	(54,307)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)				
Investment Earnings Interest Expense Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	306	2,530 (116,882) (114,352)	1,996 - 1,996	502
Net Income Before Transfers	78	(168,659)	1,996	502
Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out		160,000	90,000	50,000
Net Income	78	(8,659)	91,996	50,502
NET ASSETS, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR As Previously Stated	113,367	282,552	649,726	134,712
Prior period adjustment	<u> </u>			
As Restated Residual Equity Transfers In Residual Equity Transfers Out	113,367	282,552	649,726	134,712
NET ASSETS, AT END OF YEAR	\$ 113,445	\$ 273,893	\$ 741,722	\$ 185,214

Fund (Fund 610)	TOTAL Sewer Enterprise Fund
\$ 2,127,965 \$	2,127,965
9,601 603 2,138,169	9,601 85,285 2,222,851
440,993 123,597 71,938 2,815 1,050,188 1,698,415 439,754	440,993 123,597 205,889 7,755 1,059,398 1,837,632 385,219
1,111 (60,504) (59,393) 380,361	6,445 (177,386) (170,941) 214,278
(300,000)	300,000 (300,000) 214,278
500,224	1,680,581
\$ 580,585 \$	1,894,859

#### CITY OF CORNING WATER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

Combining Balance Sheet								
June 30, 2022		Water Capital Improvement Fund (Fund 346)		Water Capital Replacement Fund (Fund 383)		Short Lived Water Reserve (Fund 386)		Water Fund (Fund 630)
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Investments	\$	82,024	\$	678,520	\$	-	\$	461,593
Accounts Receivable				´ -		-		86,365
Inventories		_		-		-		, <u>-</u>
Total Current Assets		82,024		678,520				547,958
								0 17,500
Fixed Assets:								
Land and Construction in Progress		-		-		-		5,000
Property, Plant and Equipment		-		-		-		6,904,959
Accumulated Depreciation								(3,284,844)
Net Property, Plant and Equipment								3,460,510
Restricted Cash:								196
Loan Repayment								
Total Other Assets								196
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Loan Acquisition Costs, net		-		-		-		114,936
GASB 68 Actuarial Adjustments		-		-		-		155,351
Total Assets	\$	82,024	\$	678,520	\$		\$	4,278,951
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	_		_		101,959
Accrued Wages	Ψ	_	Ψ	_		_		3,682
Interest Payable		_		_		_		35,948
Deposits		_		_		_		23,939
Current Portion of Long Term Debt		_		_		_		127,836
Total Current Liabilities								293,364
				·				293,304
Long-Term Liabilities								06010
Accrued Compensation for Future Absences		-		-		-		86,913
Net Pension Liability		-		-		-		538,372
Long-Term Debt		-		-		-		2,755,000
Less: Current Portion								(127,836)
Total Long-Term Liabilities								3,252,449
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		3,545,813
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
GASB 68 Actuarial Adjustments		-		-		-		477,000
NET ASSETS								
Investment in Capital Assets								705,510
Restricted		82,024		678,520		-		703,310
Unrestricted		02,024		070,320		-		(449,372)
Total Net Assets	\$	82.024	\$	670 520	\$		\$	
TOTAL INCLASSEIS	Ф	82,024	Ф	678,520	Ф		Ф	256,138

	\$		
\$ -	J)	1,222,137	
-	•	86,365	
<u> </u>		1,308,502	
-		5,000	
-		6,904,959	
		(3,449,449) 3,460,510	
230,172		230,368	
230,172		230,368	
-		114,936	
	•	155,351	
\$ 230,172	\$	5,269,667	
-		101,959	
-		3,682	
-		35,948	
-		23,939 127,836	335,000
		293,364	
-		86,913	
-		538,372	7 220 000
-		2,755,000 (127,836)	7,220,000
	-	3,252,449	
		3,545,813	
<del>_</del>	-	477,000	
		705,510	
230,172		990,716	
	_	(449,372)	
\$ 230,172	\$	1,246,854	

## CITY OF CORNING WATER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Water Capital Improvement Fund (Fund 346)	Water Capital Replacement Fund (Fund 383)	Short Lived Water Reserve (386)	<u>-</u>	Water Fund (Fund 630)
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for Service Connection fees Lease and Rents	\$ -	\$ - \$ - -	- : - -	\$	1,622,621 2,442
Other Revenue	1,208	<del>_</del> _	<u> </u>	_	152,305
Total Operating Revenues	1,208		<u> </u>	-	1,777,368
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Salaries and Benefits Utilities	-	-	- -		778,257 292,445
Depreciation	-	-	-		99,820
Amortization	-	-	-		4,762
Other Expenses	1,886	95,223		-	443,982
Total Operating Expenses	1,886	95,223	<u>-</u>	-	1,619,266
Operating Income (Loss)	(678)	(95,223)	<u>-</u>	-	158,102
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)					
Investment Earnings Interest Expense	223	1,878	- -		650 (111,062)
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	223	1,878	<u>-</u>	-	(110,412)
Net Income Before Transfers	(455)	(93,345)	<u> </u>	-	47,690
Operating Transfers In	_	100,000	-		_
Operating Transfers Out				-	(100,000)
Net Income	(455)	6,655	<del>_</del> _	-	(52,310)
NET ASSETS, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR					
As Previously Stated Prior period adjustment	82,479	671,865	- -		308,448
As Restated	82,479	671,865		-	308,448
Residual Equity Transfers In Residual Equity Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>
NET ASSETS, AT END OF YEAR	\$ 82,024	\$ 678,520 \$	<u> </u>	\$	256,138

Water Stabilization Fund (631)	TOTAL Water Enterprise Funds
\$ - \$ -	1,622,621 2,442
<u>-</u>	153,513 1,778,576
- - - - 97 97	778,257 292,445 99,820 4,762 541,188 1,716,472
(97)	62,104
97 97	2,848 (111,062) (108,214)
<u>-</u>  	(46,110) 100,000 (100,000)
<del>_</del>	(46,110)
230,172	1,292,964 - 1,292,964 - -
\$ 230,172 \$	1,246,854

