Desert Hot Springs, California

Independent Auditors' Reports and Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018



City of Desert Hot Springs Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Desert Hot Springs
Desert Hot Springs, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Desert Hot Springs, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Desert Hot Springs

Desert Hot Springs, California

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 15 to the basic financial statements, the City reported prior period adjustment in the amount of \$417,263 in the governmental activities and governmental fund financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liabilities and Related Ratios, and the Schedule of the City's Contributions on pages 5 through 14 and pages 89 through 95 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Government Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Desert Hot Springs
Desert Hot Springs, California
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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California November 30, 2018 This page intentionally left blank.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City of Desert Hot Springs is offering a narrative, overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year end June 30, 2018.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The City Executive Team of the City of Desert Hot Springs (the "City") offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. It has been designed in accordance with standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Please read this overview in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

- 1. The Government-wide Financial Statements provide information about the overall financial condition of the City. The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position* statements include *all* assets, deferred outflow and liabilities, deferred inflows of the City using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is like the accounting used by most private sector companies.
- 2. The Fund Financial Statements provide additional information about the City's major funds, how services were financed in the short term and fund balances available for financing future projects.
- 3. The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required and other supplementary information, including budgetary comparison information on the City's General fund, which is intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Financial Highlights

- The City's total net position was \$44,548,868 as of June 30, 2018;
- General Fund and Public Safety Special Revenue Fund revenue totaled \$23,771,315
- General Fund and Public Safety Special Revenue Fund expenses totaled \$23,312,214
- The fund balance in the General Fund and Public Safety Special Revenue Fund increased by \$459,101;
- The City implemented a priority-based budgeting system;
- The City approved a biennial budget with a surplus for both years;
- A rolling seven-year cash-flow model was updated and presented to the City Council;
- Current staffing levels were increased by 16 positions in various departments and the City was able to increase services to the citizens over prior years and will continue to make that a priority;
- Property value in the City's industrial area has rapidly increased due to demand generated from cultivators of marijuana;
- The City renewed two large tax measures that generate approximately \$5.0 million to the Public Safety Fund annually with no sunset clause;
- Large expenditure increases are expected from the County services, CalPERS and insurance in the coming years but the City is estimating and budgeting increases;
- The City approved a three-year Capital Improvement Plan totaling \$19 million;
- City has a 25% Marijuana reserve in place for economic contingency and 20% reserve in place for the General Fund of which 15% is for natural or fiscal emergencies and 5% is for future operations and capital use;
- The City's Tax revenue received in 2017-2018 is up 25.87% over the prior fiscal year;
- In 2017-2018 the City received Transient Occupancy Tax from a new source (Airbnb) which ranked in the top ten hotels and resorts bringing in a total of \$152,444;
- First Southern California City to legalize large scale cultivation facilities;
- Marijuana related taxes increased by \$696,224 in FY 2016-2017 up to \$1,723,752 in FY 2017-2018 which is an increase over the prior year of \$147%;

- Currently under construction for the next fiscal year are 13 new cultivation projects and two dispensaries;
- There have been 216 new business licenses issued since January 1, 2017 over the prior year;
- City staff continues to budget conservatively and captures all known and anticipated expenses in the budget process;
- The City's Assessed Value increased by \$127.6 million dollars;
- There has been an 18% growth over the last five years in property tax revenues and median home values continue to increase;
- The City participates in the County Teeter Plan;
- The City restructured existing debt for the General Fund and the Successor Agency;
- The City approved a new bond and the funds from the bond proceeds will be used to build the new City Hall facility.

Government-wide Financial Statements and Financial Analysis

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the City's activities and are comprised of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

The Statement of Net Position presents information about the financial position of the City on the accrual basis, like that used in the private sector. It shows the City's assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are among the indicators used to assess whether the financial condition of the City is improving or deteriorating. It is also important to consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's property tax values and sales tax outlets and the condition of the City's infrastructure (i.e. parks and streets) to accurately assess the overall health of the City.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information about the City's revenues and all its expenses, also on an accrual basis, and explains in detail the change in net position for the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Economic Development and Culture and Leisure.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains six (6) major governmental funds; the General Fund (which is consolidated with the Health and Wellness Facility and the Marijuana Reserve Fund), Public Safety Special Revenue Fund, Capital Improvements Deposits Special Revenue Fund, Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund, Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund, and the Debt Service Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund. Data from the other 61 nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

The City adopts a two-year budget for its General Fund.

The following funds are included to make up the nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds: Special Gas Tax Fund, SB1 Road Maintenance and Rehab, Municipal Lighting and Landscaping Assessment Districts Funds (19), Measure A Fund, SCAQMD Grant Fund, Air Quality Control Fund, Art in Public Places Fund, Quimby Act Fund, Drainage Assessment Districts Funds (17), County Service Area 152 (CSA-152) Fund, Cabot's Museum Fund, Supplement Law Enforcement Services Account Fund (SLESA), Abandoned Vehicle Abatement Fund and Community Development Block Grant Fund (CDBG).

Capital Projects Funds: 2012 Street Bond Fund, Assessment District 91-1 Fund, Assessment District 92-1 Fund and Assessment District 93-2 Fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on page 17 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds can be broken down into two different types. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the Health & Wellness Center Foundation acquisition of real property and completion of the buildings and improvements at the Health and Wellness facility center. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for the City's risk management and equipment replacement activities associated with City vehicles. Because these vehicle services primarily benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Internal service funds are used to allocate costs amount the City's various functions. The City has (3) internal service funds: equipment replacement, workers' compensation insurance and general liability insurance.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 33 of this report and the internal service funds can be found on page 131 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Currently the City has two separate Fiduciary Funds reporting financial inflows and outflows for the Successor Agency, which is a private purpose trust fund, and one Agency Fund. The Agency Fund includes various funding (Community Services Agency Funds and the Community Facilities District Skyborne Agency Funds) which is controlled primarily through legal agreements and applicable State and Federal laws.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 39 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on page 47 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary comparisons for the general fund. Required supplementary information can be found on page 87 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on page 103 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The City's financial position and outlook continues to improve over the last five years. A combination of a reduction in structural expenses and an improvement in economic development activity, marijuana projects and businesses and the passing of the Public Safety Tax Measure have stabilized the City's cash position.

In Fiscal Year 2016-2017, the City received marijuana taxes totaling \$696,224. In Fiscal Year 2017-2018 the City received marijuana taxes totaling \$1,723,752. which is an increase of 147% from the prior year. Within the upcoming years, staff expects such receipts to increase, respectively. The City has set aside the 25% marijuana reserve in the amount of \$657,007 for economic uncertainties.

Major revenue increases occurred during fiscal year 2017-2018 in the following areas;

- Transient Occupancy taxes increased from \$1,768,522 in FY 2016-2017 to \$2,169,988 in FY 2017-218 approximately 23% increase in tax revenue over the prior year. The City entered into an agreement with Airbnb pursuant to which Airbnb has agreed to collect and remit all Transient Occupancy revenues in the same manner as other traditional operators subject to the City's (TOT) tax.
- Franchise Fees increased from \$1,393,460 in FY 2016-2017 to \$1,505,206 in FY 2017-2018 approximately 8% over the prior year.
- Sales taxes increased from \$3,270,340 in FY 2016-2017 to \$3,623,448 in FY 17-18 approximately 11.0% over the prior year.

Expiring Tax Measures

Originally set to sunset in 2018 and 2020, the Public Safety Parcel Tax and the Utility Users Taxes were renewed in November 2017 with no sunset date and were overwhelmingly approved at a 75% rate by the citizens. The vote authorized the City to continue to levy a utility tax of 7% on telecommunications, water, sewer, electric, gas and cable utilities services, and allocates the revenue for public safety services.

The Public Safety Tax replaced the City's previous parcel tax, which was set to expire in 2020, and decreased single family residential rates while increasing rates on vacant residential, commercial and industrial properties.

Property taxes contributed \$1,280,166 to the General Fund Revenues in the Fiscal Year ended in June 30, 2018 equating to approximately 5.25% of the total General fund revenues for the fiscal year.

The County as adopted the Alternative Method of Distribution of the Tax Levies and Collections and of the Tax Sale Proceeds (the "Teeter Plan"), as approved for in Section 4701 and following of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. Under the Teeter Plan, each local participating local agency levying property taxes in the County, including the City, received the amount of uncollected taxes credited to its fund, in the same manner as of the account due from the taxpayers have been collected.

Although the economy and City finances have improved there remains several unfunded needs for the community and the organization. Equipment replacement, service levels and large capital projects have been reduced over the years. The City recognizes that as more revenue becomes available the City will allocate funds towards maintenance, capital projects and service levels and will continue to work on grant opportunities to fund these items.

The City continues to monitor the unfunded liability for CalPERS and pays all current contributions and unfunded liability contributions timely.

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$44,548,868. as of June 30, 2018, in the Governmental activities and Business-type activities.

Table 1
City of Desert Hot Springs
Net Position
June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmen	tal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	Total		
	2018	(As Restated) 2017	2018	2017	2018	(As Restated) 2017	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 27,490,681 44,174,748	\$ 28,807,602 42,594,966	\$ 15,462,663 13,358,057	\$ 15,643,024 13,947,980	\$ 42,953,344 57,532,805	\$ 44,450,626 56,542,946	
Total assets	71,665,429	71,402,568	28,820,720	29,591,004	100,486,149	100,993,572	
Deferred outflow of resources	3,424,942	2,933,834	-	-	3,424,942	2,933,834	
Current liabilities	4,599,745	5,101,519	70,850	89,775	4,670,595	5,191,294	
Long-term liabilities	33,886,226	33,035,998	20,697,000	20,697,000	54,583,226	53,732,998	
Total liabilities	38,485,971	38,137,517	20,767,850	20,786,775	59,253,821	58,924,292	
Deferred inflow of resources	108,402	516,570	-	-	108,402	516,570	
Invested in capital assets	38,562,083	37,242,301	(7,338,943)	(6,749,020)	31,223,140	30,493,281	
Restricted	14,118,710	12,759,826	-	-	14,118,710	12,759,826	
Unrestricted	(16,184,795)	(14,319,812)	15,391,813	15,553,249	(792,982)	1,233,437	
Total net position	\$ 36,495,998	\$ 35,682,315	\$ 8,052,870	\$ 8,804,229	\$ 44,548,868	\$ 44,486,544	

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$31.2 million (70.1%), are reflected in its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, street infrastructure, buildings, machinery and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt will be provided from future revenues and the remaining (29.9%) of the City's net position, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$14.1million (31.7%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The unrestricted portion of the net position is deficit of (\$0.8 million).

The City's governmental activities total revenues were \$24.4 million, while the total cost of all programs and services were approximately \$23.4 million. Charges for services were the City's largest resource at \$5.3 million (21.8% of the total revenue of the governmental activities). Capital grants and contributions services were the second largest revenue source at \$4.9 million (19.4% of the total revenue of the governmental activities). Operating grants and contribution revenue was the third largest resource at \$4.5 million (18.4% of the total revenue of the governmental activities). Sales taxes were the fourth largest revenue source at \$3.6 million (14.8% of the total revenue of the governmental activities).

TABLE 2
City of Desert Hot Springs
Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmen	ntal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	To	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 5,322,295	\$ 3,538,601	\$ 104,000	\$ 104,000	\$ 5,426,295	\$ 3,642,601
Operating grants and contributions	4,455,191	3,607,194		-	4,455,191	3,607,194
Capital grants and contributions	4,863,198	6,097,322		-	4,863,198	6,097,322
General revenues:						
Property taxes	1,299,147	1,161,775		-	1,299,147	1,161,775
Sales taxes	3,623,448	3,270,340		-	3,623,448	3,270,340
Transient occupancy taxes	2,169,988	1,768,552		-	2,169,988	1,768,552
Other taxes	1,555,907	1,443,828		-	1,555,907	1,443,828
Gains on investments	96,835	95,935	75,637	75,633	172,472	171,568
Miscellaneous	914,674	1,111,341		-	914,674	1,111,341
Transfers	75,400		(75,400)			
Total revenues	24,376,083	22,094,888	104,237	179,633	24,480,320	22,274,521
Program expenses:						
General government	6,084,434	4,896,860	-	-	6,084,488	4,896,860
Public safety	9,969,636	8,022,985	-	-	9,765,804	8,022,985
Public works	3,228,778	2,165,174	-	-	3,279,660	2,165,174
Economic development	2,001,519	1,492,956	-	-	2,001,546	1,492,956
Culture and leisure	1,405,176	1,478,245	-	-	1,405,188	1,478,245
Interest and fiscal charges	872,857	1,354,754	-	-	872,857	1,354,754
Health and wellness foundation	-		855,596	855,320	855,596	855,320
Total expenses	23,562,400	19,410,974	855,596	855,320	24,265,139	20,266,294
Change in net position	\$ 813,683	\$ 2,683,914	\$ (751,359)	\$ (675,687)	\$ 215,181	\$ 2,008,227

Governmental activities

Public Safety expenses of \$10.0 million comprise the largest component of government activities (42.3% of the total cost of governmental activities).

General Government expenses of \$6.1 million (includes City Council, City Manager, City Attorney, City Clerk, Finance, Information Systems and Non-Departmental) were the second largest governmental activities (25.8% of the total cost of governmental activities).

Public Works expenses of \$3.2 million were the third largest governmental activities (13.7% of the total cost of governmental activities).

Economic Development expenses of \$2.0 million was the fourth largest governmental activities (8.5% of the total cost of governmental activities).

Business-type activities

Net position for Business-type activities of the City decreased by \$0.7 million for the current year. The combined costs of the City's business-type activities for the Health and Wellness Foundation were primarily financed through reimbursement of interest income and support from General Governmental activities.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the City's chief operating fund. At the end of fiscal year 2017-2018, there was no unassigned fund balance while total fund balance was \$9.0 million.

The General Fund balance increased by \$0.5 million in 2017-2018. Key Factors were:

- The City has implemented a number of effective budget practices such as a structural balanced budget, multi-year forecasting, use of one-time resources on one-time expenses, established a reserve, employee retention and recruitment, collecting appropriate fees for services and being more aggressive in obtaining grants.
- Marijuana revenues were budgeted very conservatively as they are new, and the City is still building the historical data for future budget years.
- When budgeting expenses the City uses inflators annually on all operating costs.
- Budget adjustments are done on an as need basis during the year.

Public Safety Fund

The Public Safety Fund accounts for the community safety activities of the City including Police, Fire and Animal Control. The major outside revenue sources for this fund are parcel taxes and utility user taxes. These taxes were enacted specifically for the support of public safety within the City. The single largest revenue source is an interfund transfer from the General Fund. The transfer from the General Fund is to support the operating expenses that exceeds the revenues earned in taxes, fines, fees, and other revenue items. Since this fund has a majority of its support from the General Fund, fund balance is kept at a minimum. Expenditures increased for the 2017-2018 fiscal year by over \$1.2 million dollars. The increase was due mostly to the creation of the Animal Control program during this fiscal year. The additional expensed were covered by an increase in a transfer from the General Fund.

Housing Authority Fund

This fund was established to account for the housing rehabilitation loan programs from the former Redevelopment Agency of the City. Activity in this fund is based on the managing loan and grant agreements with other agencies that were established to provide low to moderate income housing units. Since these are long-term agreements (55 years) started in the last 10 years, there were few transactions in this fund during the 2017-2018 fiscal year. At the end of the year, the fund balance was \$3.7 million consisting mostly of grant and loan agreements.

Capital Improvement Deposits Special Revenue Fund

This fund was established for the accumulation of resources that will provide equipment and capital improvements for fire, streets, traffic signals, facilities, police, and parks. The revenue sources are provided through development impact fees on all new commercial and residential construction. Development fees for the year was over \$1.4 million which was a 65% increase over the previous year. The fund balance increased by 32% for an ending fund balance of \$3,8 million.

Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund

This fund is a consolidation of two capital improvement funds. The first in the Capital Improvement Projects fund which is used to record the expenditures of the funds for the City's general capital projects. The fund had a total of three Capital Improvement Projects that were started in 2017-2018. In all cases, these projects will span over a two or three-year period and will have multiple funding sources. The first key and essential project is design and construction of Desert View totaling \$509,000 with preliminary design costs of \$15,575 expended in the fiscal year; the second project is the Palm Drive Traffic and Street Lighting project funded at \$3,165,448 with preliminary design costs of \$13,087 expended in this fiscal year and the third project is the Palm Drive – I-10 Corridor Study funded at \$101,000 with initial costs of \$83,337 expended in this fiscal year.

The second fund in the consolidation is the Capital Improvement Project Fund (222) City Hall Phase II. This fund is used to record the expenditures for the new City Hall project Phase 2 located at 11999 Palm Drive. The total funds expended since the inception of the project on parking lots, underground facilities, engineering and design, and other building costs totaled \$1,804,136. It is anticipated that in FY 2018-2019 and FY 2019-2020 that the new City Hall Site Phase 2 will be built out consisting of a 14,000 square foot building and infrastructure. We anticipate that the overall costs for this facility will be \$7.5 million.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is to account for the debt service payments on the City's Lease Revenue Bonds and Certificates of Participation. The debt service obligations are paid twice annually. The debt service obligations are funded by a utility user tax. For this fiscal year, \$300,000 was paid for the required principal payment and \$508,233 was paid out in interest expense. The fund balance at June 30, 2018 was \$4.1 million.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2017-2018, the City had invested \$57.5 million in a broad range of capital assets, net of depreciation. The investment in capital assets includes land, right of way, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, streets and bridges and construction in progress.

Table 3
City of Desert Hot Springs
Capital Assets
As of June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmen	tal activities	Business-ty	ype activities	To	Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Land	\$ 2,703,668	\$ 2,319,028	\$ 370,415	\$ 370,415	\$ 3,074,083	\$ 2,689,443	
Construction in progress	4,229,913	2,164,189		-	4,229,913	2,164,189	
Building and improvements, net	11,939,051	11,225,508	12,905,068	13,445,112	24,844,119	24,670,620	
Machinery and equipment, net	772,281	1,348,391	82,574	132,453	854,855	1,480,844	
Vehicles, net	974,598	706,772	-	-	974,598	706,772	
Infrastructure, net	23,555,237	24,831,078			23,555,237	24,831,078	
Total	\$ 44,174,748	\$ 42,594,966	\$ 13,358,057	\$ 13,947,980	\$ 57,532,805	\$ 56,542,946	

For more information on Capital Asset Activity, please see Capital Assets Note 5 on page 63.

Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2018, the City had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$44.2 million in certificates of participation debt, Lease revenue bonds debt, claims and judgments payable debt, compensated absences and pension-related debt. For more detailed information on each long-term debt liability, please see Note 6 on page 65. In comparison to last year the unfunded pension related debt has decreased by \$0.1 million.

Table 4
City of Desert Hot Springs
Long-Term Liabilities
As of June 30, 2018 and 2017

	 Government	tal activities Busines		Business-ty	pe	pe activities T			otal		
	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
2012A certificates of participation	\$ 5,220,000	\$	5,345,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,220,000	\$	5,345,000
Lease revenue bond, series 2017A	13,805,000		13,895,000		-		-		13,805,000		13,895,000
Taxable lease revenue bonds,											
series 2017A-T	895,000		1,105,000		-		-		895,000		1,105,000
Bond discount - 2017A-T	(1,380)		(1,745)		-		-		(1,380)		(1,745)
Bond premium - 2012A COP	185,310		192,975		-		-		185,310		192,975
Bond premium - 2017A	173,742		179,947		-		-		173,742		179,947
Capital lease payment	385,000		-		-		-		385,000		-
Claims and judgments payable	333,550		418,181		-		-		333,550		418,181
Compensated absences	388,830		485,313		-		-		388,830		485,313
Pension-related debt	2,101,541		2,250,064		-		-		2,101,541		2,250,064
Promissory notes	-		-		20,697,000		20,697,000		20,697,000		20,697,000
Total	\$ 23,486,593	\$	23,869,735	\$	20,697,000	\$	20,697,000	\$	44,183,593	\$	44,566,735

Marijuana Dispensary and Cultivation Revenues

The City collects taxes for the dispensary and cultivation of marijuana and marijuana products. In the past three years the City has seen a steady increase in dispensary tax revenues totaling \$903,015 for the fiscal years 2015 through 2018 and estimates that will continue for the next couple of years. The City also received cultivation tax revenues in 2017-2018 totaling \$0.9 million.

Table 5 City of Desert Hot springs Marijuana Revenues As of June 30, 2018

	 Dispe	nsary	7	Cultiv	ation		 То	tal	
	2018	Pric	or to 2018	2018	Prior	to 2018	2018	Pri	or to 2018
Marijuana Dispensary Revenue Marijuana Cultivation Revenue	\$ 860,929	\$	903,015	\$ 863,823	\$	- -	\$ 860,929 863,823	\$	903,015
Total	\$ 860,929	\$	903,015	\$ 863,823	\$		\$ 1,724,752	\$	903,015

Economic Factors

- Development activity is increasing due to marijuana cultivation projects and other development within the City;
- Assessed property values increased by 8.5% this year;
- Home prices continue to rebound sales are up by 5.1%;
- Unemployment rate is down significantly from recession highs 6.6% as of July 2018;
- Transit Occupancy Tax increased by 23.0% this year;
- The City increased their reserves to 15% of annual general fund appropriations for natural and fiscal emergencies; 5% for future operational and capital uses. Additionally, there is a 25% reserve from the cannabis revenue sources also set up for financial and economic uncertainty.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Desert Hot Springs finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Desert Hot Springs, Linda Kelly, Finance Director, 65950 Pierson Blvd, Desert Hot Springs, CA 92240 or by telephone at 760-329-6411 Ext 289.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Desert Hot Springs Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

		Prima	ary Government	
	 overnmental Activities	Вι	usiness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 17,633,939	\$	317,161	\$ 17,951,100
Receivables, net	6,792,385		15,145,502	21,937,887
Prepaid items	71,223		-	71,223
Property held for resale	195,590			195,590
Total current assets	 24,693,137		15,462,663	40,155,800
Noncurrent assets:				
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	2,797,544		-	2,797,544
Capital assets:				
Not being depreciated	6,933,581		370,415	7,303,996
Being depreciated, net	 37,241,167		12,987,642	 50,228,809
Total noncurrent assets	 46,972,292		13,358,057	60,330,349
Total assets	 71,665,429		28,820,720	 100,486,149
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred loss on refunding	157,274		-	157,274
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	 3,267,668		_	3,267,668
Total deferred outflows of resources	 3,424,942			 3,424,942

City of Desert Hot Springs Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2018

	Governmenta	l E	Business-Type	
	Activities		Activities	Total
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 1,980,5	40 \$	18,850	\$ 1,999,390
Accrued liabilities	1,0	09	-	1,009
Deposits	896,5	30	-	896,530
Interest payable	217,0	16	-	217,016
Unearned revenues	200,5		52,000	252,588
Long-term debt - due within one year	1,304,0	62	-	 1,304,062
Total current liabilities	4,599,7	45	70,850	 4,670,595
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	22,182,5	31	20,697,000	42,879,531
Aggregate net pension liabilities	11,703,6		-	11,703,695
Total noncurrent liabilities	33,886,2	26	20,697,000	54,583,226
Total liabilities	38,485,9	71	20,767,850	59,253,821
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	108,4	02	-	108,402
Total deferred inflows of resources	108,4	02	-	 108,402
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	38,562,0	83	(7,338,943)	31,223,140
Restricted for:			(-,,)	- , -, -
Public safety	133,1	79	-	133,179
Street maintenance and capital improvement	4,194,7	67	-	4,194,767
Housing authority	3,654,8	24	-	3,654,824
Debt service	4,579,9	89	-	4,579,989
Lighting/Landscaping/Drainage	1,297,9	07	-	1,297,907
Assessment District 91-1	121,4	34	-	121,434
Assessment District 92-1	13,4	31	-	13,431
Assessment District 93-2	8,5	74	-	8,574
Other	114,6	05		 114,605
Total restricted	14,118,7	10		14,118,710
Unrestricted (deficit)	(16,184,7)		15,391,813	(792,982)
Total net position	\$ 36,495,9	98 \$	8,052,870	\$ 44,548,868

City of Desert Hot Springs Statement of Activities

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Program	Revenues		
		Charges	Operating	Capital	Total Program	
		for	Grants and	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Services Contributions		Revenues	
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 6,084,434	260,063	\$ 860,929	\$ -	\$ 1,120,992	
Public safety	9,969,636	839,885	2,449,417	2,194,020	5,483,322	
Public works	3,228,778	965,272	813,719	2,602,809	4,381,800	
Economic development	2,001,519	3,002,793	331,126	66,369	3,400,288	
Culture and leisure	1,405,176	254,282	-	-	254,282	
Interest and fiscal charges	872,857					
Total governmental activities	23,562,400	5,322,295	4,455,191	4,863,198	14,640,684	
Business-type activities:						
Health and Wellness Foundation	855,596	104,000			104,000	
Total business-type activities	855,596	104,000			104,000	
Total primary government	\$ 24,417,996	\$ 5,426,295	\$ 4,455,191	\$ 4,863,198	\$ 14,744,684	

City of Desert Hot Springs Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government						
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total				
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ (4,963,442)	\$ -	\$ (4,963,442)				
Public safety	(4,486,314)	-	(4,486,314)				
Public works	1,153,022	-	1,153,022				
Economic development	1,398,769	-	1,398,769				
Culture and leisure	(1,150,894)	-	(1,150,894)				
Interest and fiscal charges	(872,857)		(872,857)				
Total governmental activities	(8,921,716)		(8,921,716)				
Business-type activities:							
Health and Wellness Foundation		(751,596)	(751,596)				
Total business-type activities	-	(751,596)	(751,596)				
Total primary government	(8,921,716)	(751,596)	(9,673,312)				
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	1,299,147	-	1,299,147				
Sales taxes	3,623,448	-	3,623,448				
Vehicle in-lieu taxes	15,324	-	15,324				
Utility users taxes	35,377	-	35,377				
Franchise taxes	1,505,206	-	1,505,206				
Transient occupancy taxes	2,169,988		2,169,988				
Total taxes	8,648,490		8,648,490				
Investment income	96,835	75,637	172,472				
Miscellaneous	914,674	-	914,674				
Transfers	75,400	(75,400)					
Total general revenues and transfers	9,735,399	237	9,735,636				
Change in net position	813,683	(751,359)	62,324				
Net position - beginning of year, as restated (Note 15)	35,682,315	8,804,229	44,486,544				
Net position - end of year	\$ 36,495,998	\$ 8,052,870	\$ 44,548,868				

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

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GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

General Fund - As the City's primary operating fund, it accounts for and reports all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund.

Public Safety Special Revenue Fund - To account for and report special taxes and grants for community safety expenditures including Police, Fire and Animal Control.

Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund - To account for and report funds set aside for development and improvements of the City's housing activity and operations.

Capital Improvement Deposits Special Revenue Fund - To account for accumulated resources to be used to purchase the protection equipment and facilities, traffic signals, and parks. Financing is provided through a development fee on all new commercial and residential construction.

Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund - To account for and report expenditures related to various capital projects identified in the City's 5-year CIP plan.

Debt Service Fund - To account for the debt service payments on the City's Lease Revenue Bonds and Certificate of Participation twice annually.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds - To account for the aggregate of all the nonmajor governmental funds.

City of Desert Hot Springs Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds					
General	Public Safety			Housing Authority	In	Capital nprovement Deposits
\$ 8,849,570	\$	269,718	\$	28,554	\$	3,914,815
1,710,348 12,794		571,679 -		- 8 2 420 672		3,566
374,185 69,374		- 1,849		5,450,072 - -		- - -
 180,018		- - -		- 195,590		- - -
\$ 11,196,289	\$	843,246	\$	3,654,824	\$	3,918,381
\$	\$	752,218	\$	-	\$	22,503
1,009		-		-		-
-				-		223,600
		9,750		-		-
		761.069		<u> </u>		246,103
 1,040,133		701,908				240,103
 580,103		81,251		-		-
69.374		_		_		_
-		27		3,654,824		3,672,278
-		-		-		-
8,898,679		-		-		_
 						<u> </u>
8,968,053		27		3,654,824		3,672,278
\$ 11,196,289	\$	843,246	\$	3,654,824	\$	3,918,381
\$	\$ 8,849,570	\$ 8,849,570 \$ - 1,710,348 12,794 - 374,185 69,374 - 180,018 - \$ 11,196,289 \$ \$ \$ 977,744 \$ 1,009 - 668,792 588 1,648,133	General Public Safety \$ 8,849,570 \$ 269,718 - - 1,710,348 571,679 12,794 - - - 374,185 - 69,374 1,849 - - \$ 11,196,289 \$ 843,246 \$ 977,744 \$ 752,218 1,009 - - - 668,792 9,750 588 - 1,648,133 761,968 580,103 81,251 69,374 - - 27 - - 8,898,679 - - - 8,968,053 27	General Public Safety \$ 8,849,570 \$ 269,718 \$ 1,710,348 571,679 - 12,794 - - 374,185 - - 69,374 1,849 - 180,018 - - \$ 11,196,289 \$ 843,246 \$ \$ 977,744 \$ 1,009	General Public Safety Housing Authority \$ 8,849,570 \$ 269,718 \$ 28,554 - - - 1,710,348 571,679 - 12,794 - 8 - - 3,430,672 374,185 - - 69,374 1,849 - - - 195,590 \$ 11,196,289 \$ 843,246 \$ 3,654,824 \$ 977,744 \$ 752,218 \$ - 1,009 - - - - - 668,792 9,750 - 588 - - 1,648,133 761,968 - 580,103 81,251 - 69,374 - - - 27 3,654,824 - - - 8,898,679 - - - - - 8,968,053 27 3,654,824	General Safety Authority \$ 8,849,570 \$ 269,718 \$ 28,554 \$ 1,710,348 571,679 - - 12,794 - 8 - - - 3,430,672 - 374,185 - - - 69,374 1,849 - - 180,018 - - - - 195,590 - - \$ 11,196,289 \$ 843,246 \$ 3,654,824 \$ \$ 977,744 \$ 752,218 \$ - - 668,792 9,750 - - - 588 - - - - 588 - - - - 580,103 81,251 - - 69,374 - - - - 69,374 - - - - 69,374 - - - - 8,898,679 - - - - - - - -

City of Desert Hot Springs Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Capital Improvement Capital Projects		Debt Service		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$	617,560	\$	1,518,938 2,389,726	\$	1,840,326 407,818	\$	17,039,481 2,797,544
Receivables: Accounts Interest		75,004		177,995 1,270		165,636 1,634		2,700,662 19,272
Notes Abatements		-						3,430,672 374,185
Prepaid items Due from other governments		-		-		- 257,594		71,223 257,594
Due from other funds Property held for resale		- -		- -		223,600		403,618 195,590
Total assets	\$	692,564	\$	4,087,929	\$	2,896,608	\$	27,289,841
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	56,080	\$	-	\$	147,944	\$	1,956,489
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		1,009
Due to other funds		-		-		180,018		403,618
Deposits		217,988		-		-		896,530
Unearned revenue		200,000		-				200,588
Total liabilities		474,068				327,962		3,458,234
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues		75,004				120,344		856,702
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		69,374
Restricted		143,492		4,087,929		2,338,158		13,896,708
Committed		-		-		164,741		164,741
Assigned		-		-		-		8,898,679
Unassigned (deficit)				-		(54,597)		(54,597)
Total fund balances		143,492		4,087,929		2,448,302		22,974,905
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	¢	692,564	¢	4,087,929	\$	2,896,608	•	27,289,841
resources, and fund balances	\$	094,304	\$	4,007,929	Φ	2,090,000	\$	41,409,041

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City of Desert Hot Springs Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 22,974,905
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets, excluding the \$575,882 from the Internal Service Funds, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:		
Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated	6,933,581 36,665,285	43,598,866
Revenue reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds when it is not received soon enough after year-end to be considered available. The availability criteria does not apply to the Government-Wide Financial Statements and, therefore, the revenue is recognized when eligibility requirements are met and		
earned.		856,702
Interest expenses are recognized when due, and therefore, interest payable is not recorded in the governmental funds.		(217,016)
Long-term liabilities, net of \$718,550 reported in Internal Service funds were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet.		
Deferred loss on refunding Long-term liabilities	157,274 (22,768,043)	(22,610,769)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	3,267,668 (108,402)	3,159,266
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.		(11,703,695)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general liability, workers' compensation and equipment replacement to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.		437,739
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 36,495,998

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Special Revenue Funds					
	 General	Public Safety			Housing Authority		Capital nprovement Deposits
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 10,311,588	\$	4,311,259	\$	-	\$	49,998
Permits and fees	2,593,090		89,130		-		1,415,567
Intergovernmental	1,797		22,924		-		-
Licenses	209,167		4,660		-		-
Interest	31,452		-		23		9,932
Miscellaneous	 853,101		336,811		13,136		
Total revenues	 14,000,195		4,764,784		13,159		1,475,497
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	3,965,735		-		-		-
Public safety	65,364		9,115,367		-		-
Public works	891,638		-		-		-
Economic development	1,957,324		-		18,472		-
Culture and leisure	599,797		<u>-</u>		-		-
Capital outlay	1,322,761		278,979		-		236,797
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 						
Total expenditures	 8,802,619		9,394,346		18,472		236,797
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 5,197,576		(4,629,562)		(5,313)		1,238,700
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	260,032		4,746,304		-		-
Transfers out	(5,000,249)		(115,000)		-		(328,350)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,740,217)		4,631,304		-		(328,350)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	457,359		1,742		(5,313)		910,350
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 15)	8,510,694		(1,715)		3,660,137		2,761,928
End of year	\$ 8,968,053	\$	27	\$	3,654,824	\$	3,672,278

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Capital Improvement Capital Projects	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 1,100,675	\$ 1,043,910	\$ 16,817,430	
Permits and fees	-	-	47,030	4,144,817	
Intergovernmental	145,000	-	1,913,786	2,083,507	
Licenses	-	-	-	213,827	
Interest	-	44,058	11,371	96,836	
Miscellaneous			1,274	1,204,322	
Total revenues	145,000	1,144,733	3,017,371	24,560,739	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	3,965,735	
Public safety	-	-	-	9,180,731	
Public works	-	-	2,119,217	3,010,855	
Economic development	-	-	35,970	2,011,766	
Culture and leisure	-	-	172,633	772,430	
Capital outlay	1,533,010	-	1,226,755	4,598,302	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	300,000	125,000	425,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		530,732	280,013	810,745	
Total expenditures	1,533,010	830,732	3,959,588	24,775,564	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,388,010)	314,001	(942,217)	(214,825)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	1,764,750	-	1,007,944	7,779,030	
Transfers out	· · · · · -	(1,600,000)	(560,398)	(7,603,997)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,764,750	(1,600,000)	447,546	175,033	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	376,740	(1,285,999)	(494,671)	(39,792)	
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 15)	(233,248)	5,373,928	2,942,973	23,014,697	
End of year	\$ 143,492	\$ 4,087,929	\$ 2,448,302	\$ 22,974,905	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (39,792)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Acquisition of capital assets was reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The following was the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period:		
Capital outlay		4,598,302
Depreciation expense on capital assets, net of internal service fund depreciation expense of \$241,132 was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense was not reported as an expenditure in the		(2.222.122)
governmental funds.		(3,323,123)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		(260,057)
The fund financial statements record interest expenditures on the current financial resources measurement focus whereas the Government-Wide financial statements recognize interest expense on the accrual basis. The reconciling amount was the change in accrued interest from the prior year.		(50,159)
Long-term compensated absences expense was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the decrease in long-term compensated absences was not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		96,483
Proceeds from long-term debt provided current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal was an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal repayments of long-term debt	425,000	
Changes in pension-related debt	425,000 148,523	573,523
Amortization expense was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, amortization expense was not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		
Amortization of premium/discount Amortization of deferred charges on refunding	13,505 (8,348)	5,157
Certain pension expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, net of \$1,193,006 pension contribution made after measurement date.		(424,440)
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net loss of the internal service funds was reported with governmental activities.		(362,211)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 813,683

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Enterprise Funds are used to account and report activities for which fees are charges to external users for goods and/or services.

Enterprise Fund includes:

Health & Wellness Foundation Fund - To account for the acquisition of real property and completion of buildings and improvements to be operated as a health and wellness center to promote the physical and psychological health and wellbeing of residents of the City and surrounding area.

Internal Service Funds account for the City's risk management and equipment replacement activities, which are goods and services provided to other Funds of the City.

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Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities Health & Wellness Foundation	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds		
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$ 317,161	\$ 594,458		
Accounts receivable Interest receivable	18,908	10,000		
Total current assets	336,069	604,458		
	330,009	004,438		
Noncurrent assets: Notes receivable Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated, net Total capital assets, net	15,126,594 370,415 12,987,642 13,358,057	575,882 575,882		
Total noncurrent assets	28,484,651	575,882		
Total assets	28,820,720	1,180,340		
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	18,850	24,051		
Unearned revenue	52,000	-		
Capital lease payable - due in one year	-	122,995		
Claims payable - due in one year	<u>-</u>	333,550		
Total current liabilities	70,850	480,596		
Noncurrent liabilities: Notes payable - due in more than one year Capital lease payable - due in more than one year	20,697,000	262,005		
Total noncurrent liabilities	20,697,000	262,005		
Total liabilities	20,767,850	742,601		
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	(7,338,943)	190,882		
Unrestricted	15,391,813	246,857		
Total net position	\$ 8,052,870	\$ 437,739		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

OPERATING REVENUES:	Bus Healt F	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds		
	ф	104.000	ф	
Charges for services Insurance recovery	\$	104,000	\$	213,070
Total operating revenues		104,000		213,070
Total operating revenues		104,000		213,070
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Insurance claims		-		211,193
General and administrative		162,188		-
Vehicle expense		-		5,758
Depreciation		589,923		241,132
Total operating expenses		752,111		458,083
OPERATING (LOSS)		(648,111)		(245,013)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest income		75,637		-
Loss on sale of capital assets		-		(456)
Interest expense		(103,485)		(17,110)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(27,848)		(17,566)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(675,959)		(262,579)
TRANSFERS:				
Transfers in		-		115,000
Transfers out		(75,400)		(214,632)
Total transfers		(75,400)		(99,632)
Changes in net position		(751,359)		(362,211)
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year		8,804,229		799,950
End of year	\$	8,052,870	\$	437,739
•	<u> </u>	-,,-,-	7	,,,,,

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities Health & Wellness			vernmental Activities Internal
		oundation		vice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	104,000	\$	-
Receipts from claims and recoveries		- (101.112)		243,597
Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments for insurance claims		(181,112)		(5,758) (271,773)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(77,112)		(33,934)
CASH ELOWS EDOM NONGADITAL		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfers in from other funds		-		115,000
Transfers out to other funds		(75,400)		(214,632)
Net cash (used in) noncapital financing activities		(75,400)		(99,632)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		9,616
Acquisition of capital assets Principal payments on capital lease		-		(51,102) (119,705)
Interest paid		(103,485)		(17,110)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(103,485)		(178,301)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest received		75,636		-
Net cash provided by investing activities		75,636		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(180,361)		(311,867)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:				
Beginning of year		497,522		906,325
End of year	\$	317,161	\$	594,458
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating (loss)	\$	(648,111)	\$	(245,013)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivables		589,923		241,132 30,527
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(18,925)		24,051
Increase (decrease) in claims payable				(84,631)
Total adjustments		570,998		211,079
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(77,113)	\$	(33,934)
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Issuance of capital lease	\$		\$	504,705

See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

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FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund - To account for the balances and transactions of the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Desert Hot Springs.

Agency Funds - To account for assets held by the City in the capacity of agent for individuals. Agency Fund spending is controlled primarily through legal agreements and applicable State and Federal laws.

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Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

Current assets: \$ 5,262,824 \$ 1,110,70 Accounts receivable 1,378,815 10,91 Interest receivable - 7.7 7.7 Total current assets 6,641,639 1,122,42 Noncurrent assets - 7.7 7.7 Investments with fiscal agents 3,285,809 176,42 Notes receivable 16,294 16,294 Property held for resale 517,940 176,42 Total anocurrent assets 3,820,043 176,42 Total concurrent assets 3,820,043 176,42 Total assets 10,461,682 \$ 1,298,82 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable 190,690 \$ 35,52 Accounts payable 290,690 \$ 35,52 Deposits payable 290,72,595 416,00 Interest payable 20,72,295 20,72,295 Dute to bondholders - 847,22 Total current liabilities 30,131,809 <td colspa<="" th=""><th></th><th>Successor Agency Private - Purpose Trust Fund</th><th colspan="3">Agency Funds</th></td>	<th></th> <th>Successor Agency Private - Purpose Trust Fund</th> <th colspan="3">Agency Funds</th>		Successor Agency Private - Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds		
Cash and investments \$ 5,262,824 \$ 1,110,76 Accounts receivable 1,378,815 10,91 Interest receivable 6,641,639 1,122,42 Total current assets 6,641,639 1,122,42 Noncurrent assets 3,285,809 176,42 Notes receivable 16,294 16,294 Property held for resale 517,940 176,42 Total assets 1,461,682 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES Current liabilities 1,419,959 \$ 35,55 Accounts payable 190,690 \$ 35,55 Deposits payable 278,050 416,08 Interest payable 20,72,95 416,08 Due to bondholders 2,72,95 2,72,95 Due to bondholders 3,067,506 1,298,84 Noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 1,298,84 Noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 1,298,84 Total current liabilities 30,131,809 1,298,84	ASSETS					
Accounts receivable 1,378,815 10.99 Interest receivable - - 72.24 Total current assets - - 1,22.47 Noncurrent assets: - - - 176.42 Notes receivable 16,294 - <td></td> <td>5 262 924</td> <td>Ф.</td> <td>1 110 761</td>		5 262 924	Ф.	1 110 761		
Interest receivable			2			
Total current assets 6,641,639 1,122,42 Noncurrent assets: 3,285,809 176,42 Investments with fiscal agents 3,285,809 176,42 Notes receivable 517,940 16,294 Property held for resale 517,940 176,42 Total noncurrent assets 3,820,043 176,42 Total assets 10,461,682 \$ 1,298,82 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 190,690 \$ 35,55 Deposits payable 278,050 416,00 Interest payable 526,171 80nds payable - due within one year 2,072,595 Due to bondholders - 847,22 Total current liabilities 30,131,809 80 Noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 104,00 Total liabilities 30,131,809 104,00 Total liabilities 30,131,809 104,00 Total liabilities 30,131,809 104,00 Deferred gain on refundings		1,378,613		752		
Noncurrent assets:		6,641,639		1,122,425		
Investments with fiscal agents 3,285,809 176,42 Notes receivable 16,294 Property held for resale 517,940 Total noncurrent assets 3,820,043 176,42 Total assets 10,461,682 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss on refundings 1,419,959 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,419,959 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,419,959 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 190,690 \$ 35,51 Deposits payable 278,050 416,08 Interest payable 278,050 416,08 Interest payable 252,171 Bonds payable - due within one year 2,072,595 Due to bondholders 2,072,595 Total current liabilities: 3,067,506 1,298,84 Noncurrent liabilities: 30,131,809 Total noncurrent liabilities 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351	Noncurrent assets:					
Notes receivable 16,294 Property held for resale 517,940 Total noncurrent assets 3,820,043 176,42 Total assets 10,461,682 \$ 1,298,82 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss on refundings 1,419,959 1,419,959 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,419,959 \$ 35,52 Current liabilities: Accounts payable 190,690 \$ 35,52 Deposits payable 278,050 416,000 Interest payable 526,171 847,22 Bonds payable - due within one year 2,072,595 847,22 Total current liabilities 3,067,506 1,298,82 Noncurrent liabilities Bonds payable - due in more than one year 30,131,809 1 Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 1 Total liabilities 30,131,809 1 Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 \$ 1,298,82 Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 \$ 1,298,82		3,285,809		176,420		
Total noncurrent assets 3,820,043 176,44 Total assets 10,461,682 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss on refundings 1,419,959 Total deferred outflows of resources 1,419,959 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 190,690 \$ 35,55 Deposits payable 278,050 416,00 Interest payable 526,171 80,00 Bonds payable - due within one year 2,072,595 847,22 Total current liabilities 3,067,506 1,298,84 Noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 1,298,84 Total loncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 1,298,84 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 1,298,84 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351 1,298,84				-		
Total assets 10,461,682 \$ 1,298,86 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss on refundings 1,419,959 Total deferred outflows of resources LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 190,690 \$ 35,57 Deposits payable 278,050 416,08 Interest payable 526,171 80 1,000 Bonds payable - due within one year 2,072,595 847,27 Total current liabilities 3,067,506 1,298,84 Noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 80,131,809 Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 80,1298,84 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 1,298,84 Total deferred outflows of resources	Property held for resale	517,940		_		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss on refundings 1,419,959 Total deferred outflows of resources LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 190,690 \$ 35,55 Deposits payable 278,050 416,08 Interest payable 526,171 80,072,595 416,08 Interest payable - due within one year 2,072,595 847,22 Total current liabilities 3,067,506 1,298,84 Noncurrent liabilities: 30,131,809 30,131,809 Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 30,131,809 30,131,809 Total liabilities 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351	Total noncurrent assets	3,820,043		176,420		
Deferred loss on refundings	Total assets	10,461,682	\$	1,298,845		
Deferred loss on refundings	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Total deferred outflows of resources LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 190,690 \$ 35,55 Deposits payable 278,050 416,08 Interest payable 526,171 Bonds payable - due within one year 2,072,595 847,22 Total current liabilities 3,067,506 1,298,84 Noncurrent liabilities: 30,131,809 Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 Total liabilities 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 \$ 1,298,84 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351 \$ 1,298,84		1.419.959				
Current liabilities: 190,690 \$ 35,55 Deposits payable 278,050 416,08 Interest payable 526,171 526,171 Bonds payable - due within one year 2,072,595 847,22 Total current liabilities 3,067,506 1,298,82 Noncurrent liabilities: 30,131,809 7 Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 30,131,809 Total liabilities 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,82 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351						
Current liabilities: 190,690 \$ 35,55 Deposits payable 278,050 416,08 Interest payable 526,171 526,171 Bonds payable - due within one year 2,072,595 847,22 Total current liabilities 3,067,506 1,298,82 Noncurrent liabilities: 30,131,809 7 Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 30,131,809 Total liabilities 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,82 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351	LIADH WHE					
Accounts payable 190,690 \$ 35,55 Deposits payable 278,050 416,08 Interest payable 526,171 2072,595 Bonds payable - due within one year 2,072,595 847,22 Total current liabilities 3,067,506 1,298,84 Noncurrent liabilities: 30,131,809 30,131,809 Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 3,351 1,298,84 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351 3,351 3,351						
Deposits payable 278,050 416,08 Interest payable 526,171 Bonds payable - due within one year 2,072,595 Due to bondholders - 847,22 Total current liabilities 3,067,506 1,298,84 Noncurrent liabilities: 30,131,809 Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 Total liabilities 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351		100 600	¢	25 527		
Interest payable 526,171 Bonds payable - due within one year 2,072,595 Due to bondholders - 847,22 Total current liabilities 3,067,506 1,298,84 Noncurrent liabilities: 30,131,809 Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 Total liabilities 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351	* *		Ф	-		
Bonds payable - due within one year Due to bondholders Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds payable - due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings Total deferred outflows of resources 2,072,595 3,067,506 1,298,84 30,131,809 Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 1,298,84 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources				410,080		
Due to bondholders Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds payable - due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings Total deferred outflows of resources - 847,22 3,067,506 1,298,84 30,131,809 30,131,809 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,84 Total deferred outflows of resources 33,351				_		
Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds payable - due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities 30,131,809 Total liabilities 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings Total deferred outflows of resources 33,351	* *	-		847,222		
Bonds payable - due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 Total liabilities 33,199,315 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources 33,351	Total current liabilities	3,067,506		1,298,845		
Total noncurrent liabilities 30,131,809 Total liabilities 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351	Noncurrent liabilities:					
Total liabilities 33,199,315 \$ 1,298,84 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351	Bonds payable - due in more than one year	30,131,809		_		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351	Total noncurrent liabilities	30,131,809		-		
Deferred gain on refundings 3,351 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351	Total liabilities	33,199,315	\$	1,298,845		
Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Total deferred outflows of resources 3,351	Deferred gain on refundings	3,351				
NET DOCUTION (DEFICIT)	Total deferred outflows of resources					
NET POSTHON (DEFICIT)	NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Held in trust (21,321,025)		(21 321 025)				
Total net position (deficit) (21,321,025)						

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Successor Agency Private - Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund	\$ 4,363,905
Use of money and property	66,976
Other revenue	20,219
Total additions	4,451,100
DEDUCTIONS:	
Interest expenses	1,536,081
Administration	802,549
Pass through payments	160,528
Investment loss	35,074
Loss on sale of land held for resale	1,381,337
Total deductions	3,915,569
Change in net position	535,531
NET POSITION:	
Beginning of year	(21,856,556)
End of year	\$ (21,321,025)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Desert Hot Springs Index to the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the City of Desert Hot Springs, California (the "City") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated on September 17, 1963 as a charter city under the laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges allowed by its charter. The City is governed by an elected five-member council.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The primary criteria for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity are the governing body's financial accountability and a financial benefit or burden relationship and whether it is misleading to exclude. A primary government is financially accountable and shares a financial benefit or burden relationship, if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the organization, or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial be2nefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

Blended Component Units:

Management determined that the following entities should be reported as blended component units based on the criteria above. Although the following is legally separate from the City, it has been "blended" as though it is part of the City because the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the City's and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the component unit; management of the City has operational responsibilities for the component unit; and/or the component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the City or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the City, even though it does not provide services directly to it.

<u>City of Desert Hot Springs Financing Corporation (the "Corporation")</u> – The Corporation is a nonprofit public benefit corporation formed for the purpose of providing public facility financing to the City. The Corporation's Board of Directors is composed of the five elected City Council members. The Corporation may acquire, construct, rehabilitate, remodel, improve, install and finance or lease various facilities, land and equipment for the benefit of the City. The Corporation holds title to various parcels of land as security for the Certificates of Participation issued in its name. The City makes lease payments to the Corporation in an amount equal to the periodic principal and interest payments due on the Certificates. The Corporation does not issue separate financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued):

<u>Desert Hot Springs Public Financing Authority (the "Authority")</u> – the Public Financing Authority was established pursuant to a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement, dated May 1, 1993, between the City and the Redevelopment Agency of the City which has been succeeded by the Successor Agency of the City. The Authority is governed by the Board of Directors. The Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson, Executive Director, and Secretary of the Authority consist of the Mayor, Mayor Pro Tem, City Manager, and City Clerk of the City, respectively. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

<u>Desert Hot Springs Housing Authority (the "Housing Authority")</u> – The Housing Authority was formed on January 18, 2011 and operates as a public authority whose primary goal is to provide decent, safe and sanitary housing in a suitable living environment for families that cannot afford private housing that comply with housing quality standards. The Housing Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

<u>Desert Hot Springs Health & Wellness Foundation (the "Foundation")</u> – The Foundation is a California nonprofit public benefit corporation which was incorporated on December 1, 2011 as a result of the joint effort of the City of Desert Hot Springs (the "City") and the Desert Healthcare District (the "District"). Funding of the Foundation came from the New Market Tax Credit which closed on July 13, 2012. The purpose of the Foundation was to embark upon a project consisting of the acquisition of real property and completion of buildings and improvements to be operated as a health and wellness center in conjunction with other public agencies and nonprofit organizations to promote the physical and psychological health and well-being of residents of the City and surrounding area. The Foundation is governed by a Board of Directors of five members. Three of the board members were appointed by the City Council of Desert Hot Springs, one of the board members was appointed by the District, and one board member by the PSUSD. Separate financial statements can be obtained from the City Hall.

These component units are included in the primary government because of the significance of their financial and operational relationship and due to the governing bodies being appointed by the City Council or the same as City Council.

The City has no discretely presented component units.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. City resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- > Charges for services
- > Operating grants and contributions
- > Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated, except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the statement of activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- > Due from/to other funds
- > Advances to/from other funds
- > Transfers in/out

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balances. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both "measurable" and "available". Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For these purposes, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements(Continued)

The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property taxes, sales taxes, citations, intergovernmental revenues and other taxes. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- > General Fund This fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- > Public Safety Special Revenue Fund This fund was established to account for special taxes and grants for public safety expenditures.
- > *Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund* This fund was established to account for funds set aside for development and improvements of the City's housing activity and operations.
- > Capital Improvement Deposits Special Revenue Fund This fund is to account for accumulated resources to be used to purchase the protection equipment and facilities, traffic signals, and parks. Financing is provided through a development fee on all new commercial and residential construction.
- > Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund This fund is to account for and report expenditures related to various capital projects identified in the City's 5-Year CIP plan.
- > **Debt Service Fund** This fund was established to account for the debt service payments of the City.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. In these funds, receivables have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

A separate column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City's internal service funds include two individual funds which provide services directly to other City funds, which include risk management (combining general liability and workers' compensation activities) and equipment replacement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

> Health & Wellness Foundation Enterprise Fund — This fund was established to account for 1) the acquisition of real property and completion of buildings and improvements to be operated as a health and wellness center to promote the physical and psychological health and well-being of residents of the City and surrounding area and 2) various funding received for the completion of the health and wellness center as a result of the New Market Tax Credit.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds represent agency funds and a private-purpose trust fund. Both the agency funds and the private-purpose trust fund are accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary fund types are accounted for according to the nature of the fund. The City's agency funds are purely custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations. These funds are used to account for money and property held by the City as trustee or custodian. They are also used to account for various assessment districts for which the City acts as an agent for debt service activities. The City's private purpose trust fund is a fiduciary fund type used by the City to report assets, liabilities and activities of the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Desert Hot Springs. Its results of operations are presented in the Statement of Changes of Fiduciary Net Position.

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are combined with investments and displayed as Cash and Investments.

Certain disclosure requirements for Deposits and Investment Risks were made in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified, including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end, and other disclosures.

Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

D. Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents

Certain restricted cash and investments are held by fiscal agents for the redemption of bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Fair Value Measurement

Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value.

The three levels of the fair value measurement hierarchy are described below:

- ➤ Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- ➤ Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets and liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- ➤ Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets and liabilities at the measurement date.

F. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items do not reflect current appropriable resources and, thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is nonspendable.

G. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due from/to other funds" (i.e., current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "interfund balances".

H. Property Held for Resale

Property held for resale is carried at the lower of cost or net realized value, but not greater than the estimated net realizable value.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000 (including infrastructure assets). Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Building and improvements 30 years
Vehicles, machinery and equipment 3-10 years
Infrastructure 20 years

The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include the streets, parks and recreation, lands and improvement system, storm water conveyance system, and buildings combined with the site amenities, such as parking and landscaped areas used by the City in the conduct of its business. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, traffic control devices (signs, signals and pavement markings), landscaping and land.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Capital Assets (Continued)

These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems. Interest accrued during capital assets construction, if any, is capitalized for the business-type activities as part of the asset cost.

J. Interest Payable

In the government-wide financial statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized, as the liability is incurred, for governmental activities and business-type activities. In the fund financial statements, only proprietary fund and private-purpose trust fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

K. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue is reported for transactions for which revenue has not yet been earned. Typical transactions recorded as unearned revenues are prepaid charges for services.

L. Compensated Absences

Permanent City employees earn vacation and sick leave hours per pay period with rates depending on their length of employment. Upon separation from employment, the employees are paid for any unused vacation leave accrual balance. The City allows employees to accrue up to a maximum of 300 hours of vacation leave. There is no maximum on the number of sick leave hours that can be accrued. The amount of compensated absences at June 30 is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are primarily liquidated by the General Fund.

M. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

Valuation Date June 30, 2016 Measurement Date June 30, 2017

Measurement Period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent outflows of resources (consumption of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net position) that apply to future periods and that, therefore, are not recognized as revenue until that time.

O. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, with the exception of advances from other funds, the governmental fund financial statements do not present long-term liabilities. Consequently, long term debt is shown as a reconciling item in the reconciliation of the governmental funds balance sheet to the government-wide statement of net position.

P. Claims and Judgments

When it is probable that a claim or judgment liability has been incurred at year-end, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the City records the estimated loss, net of any insurance coverage. The City is self-insured and has insurance coverage in excess of the self-insured amounts as a member of the Public Entity Risk Management Authority ("PERMA").

O. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments: November 1 and February 1 of each year. Property taxes become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, for the first and second installments, respectively. The lien date is January 1. The County of Riverside, California ("County") bills and collects property taxes and remits them to the City according to a payment schedule established by the County.

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied, provided the taxes are received within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Property taxes received after this date are not considered available as a resource that can be used to finance the current year operations of the City and, therefore, are not recorded as revenue until collected. No allowance for doubtful accounts was considered necessary.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

R. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, net of unspent debt proceeds, and the capital debt related deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets and deferred outflows of resources reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

S. Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Nonspendable fund balances are items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventories, or items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan funds.

<u>Restricted</u> – Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Committed fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources, the use of which is constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, normally the governing body, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The City Council is considered the highest authority for the City. Adoption of a resolution by the City Council is required to commit resources or to rescind the commitment.

<u>Assigned</u> – Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. The City Council has authorized the City Manager or designee for that purpose.

<u>Unassigned</u> – This amount is for any portion of the fund balances that do not fall into one of the above categories. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

T. Spending Policy

Government-Wide Financial Statements and the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted components of net position are available, the City's policy is to apply the restricted component of net position first, then the unrestricted component of net position as needed.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted fund balances first, then unrestricted fund balances as needed.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes where only unrestricted fund balances are available, the City uses the unrestricted resources in the following order, except for instances wherein an ordinance specifies the fund balance:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

U. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

V. Accounting Changes

GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 (GASB 85). This Statement addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits).

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of pooled cash and investments, including cash and investments with fiscal agents at June 30, 2018:

Government-Wide Statement of Net Position											
				Fid	uciary Fund						
	G	Governmental Business-Type				St	atement of				
	Activities		Activities		Total		N	et Position		Total	
Cash and investments	\$	17,633,939	\$	317,161	\$	17,951,100	\$	6,373,585	\$	24,324,685	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		2,797,544		-		2,797,544		3,462,229		6,259,773	
Total cash and investments	\$	20,431,483	\$	317,161	\$	20,748,644	\$	9,835,814	\$	30,584,458	

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Cash and investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2018:

Cash:	
Petty cash	\$ 8,000
Demand deposits	18,331,155
Cash with fiscal agent:	 879,665
Total cash and cash equivalents	 19,218,820
Investments	5,985,530
Investments with fiscal agents	 5,380,108
Total investments	11,365,638
Total cash and investments	\$ 30,584,458

A. Demand Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's demand deposits were \$18,331,155 at June 30, 2018. Bank balances at that date were \$20,164,568, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below. The difference between the carrying amount and bank balances represents outstanding checks, deposits in transit, and other reconciling items.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC").

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on an accounting period basis to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

B. Investments

Investments Authorized by the City's Investment Policy

The City annually adopts an investment policy to provide guidelines for the deposit and investment of public monies. The investment policy was consistent with the terms and provisions of California Government Code Section 53600 et seq.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

Investments Authorized by the City's Investment Policy (Continued)

	M aximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity *	of Portfolio *	in One Issuer *
United States Treasury Obligations	5 years	80%	Total amount invested
U.S. Sponsored Enterprise Securities	5 years	80%	Total amount invested
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	40%
Commercial paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of deposit	5 years	30%	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF")	N/A	No Limit	\$50 million
Medium-term notes	5 years	30%	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%

N/A - Not Applicable

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreement

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. Authorized investments held by bond trustee are the same as those authorized by the City's investment policy identified above.

C. Fair Value Measurement

At June 30, 2018, investments are reported at fair value. The following table presents the fair value measurement of investments on a recurring basis and the levels within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2018:

			Fair Value M	_	
				Significant	•
				Other	
		(Observable	Observable	
			Inputs	Inputs	
Investment Type	 Value		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	Uncategorized
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 3,726,685	\$	-	\$ -	\$3,726,685
Certificates of deposits	2,258,845		-	2,258,845	-
Investments held with fiscal agents:					
US Treasury noted	1,316,306		1,316,306	-	-
US government sponsored enterprise					
securities	170,490		-	170,490	-
Corporate bonds	312,811		-	312,811	-
Foreign government bonds	313,913		-	313,913	-
Commercial paper	2,120,074		-	2,120,074	-
Money market mutual funds	1,146,514				1,146,514
Total	\$ 11,365,638	\$	1,316,306	\$5,176,133	\$4,873,199

Level 2 investments are valued based on institutional bond quotes or matrix pricing.

^{*} Excluding amounts held by bond trustees that are not subject to California Government Code restrictions.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. Risk Disclosures

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy provides that final maturities of securities cannot exceed five years. Specific maturities of investments depend on liquidity needs. At June 30, 2018, the City's investments had the following maturities:

Investment Maturities (in Years)												
Investment Type		Amount	Less than 1		ess than 1 1 to		1 to 2 2 to 3		3 to 4		4 to 5	
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$	3,726,685	\$	3,726,685	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Certificates of deposits		2,258,845		938,741		493,221		587,648		195,346		43,889
Investments held with fiscal agents:												
US Treasury noted		1,316,306		-		-		660,211		656,095		-
US government sponsored enterprise												
securities		170,490		-		92,428		-		78,062		-
Corporate bonds		312,811		-		312,811		-		-		-
Foreign government bonds		313,913		-		-		-		313,913		-
Commercial paper		2,120,074		2,120,074		-		-		-		-
Money market mutual funds		1,146,514		1,146,514		_		-				
Total	\$	11,365,638	\$	7,932,014	\$	898,460	\$	1,247,859	\$	1,243,416	\$	43,889

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. To be eligible to receive City money, a bank, savings association, federal association, or federally insured industrial loan company shall have received an overall rating of not less than "satisfactory" in its most recent evaluation by the appropriate federal financial supervisory agency of its record of meeting the credit needs of California's communities, including low-and moderate income neighborhoods. The City's investments are rated by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value	M inimum Legal Credit Rating	Credit Rating	Percentage of Investments with Credit Rate Risk
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 3,726,685	N/A	Not Rated	62.26%
Certificates of deposits	2,258,845	A	A1	37.74%
Investments held with fiscal agents:				
US Treasury noted	1,316,306	Aaa	Aaa	N/A
US government sponsored enterprise				
securities	170,490	N/A	Aaa	N/A
Corporate bonds	312,811	N/A	Aaa	N/A
Foreign government bonds	313,913	N/A	Not Rated	N/A
Commercial paper	2,120,074	N/A	Aa3	N/A
Money market mutual funds	1,146,514	N/A	Aaa	N/A
Total	\$ 11,365,638			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. Risk Disclosures (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investments in securities through these of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

E. Investments in Local Agency Investment Fund

The City is a participant in LAIF, which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2018, included a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

<u>Structured Notes</u>: Debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>: Generally, mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2018, the City had \$3,726,685 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.67% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available and based on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available. The City valued its investments in LAIF as of June 30, 2018 at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Note 3 – Notes Receivable

A. Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Notes receivable, which amounted to \$3,430,672, are reported in the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund as follows:

Housing Rehabilitation Loan Program	\$ 980,672
Owner Participation and Loan Agreement:	
Low and Moderate Income Housing Units	750,000
Multifamily Residential Housing	1,700,000
Total	\$ 3,430,672

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 3 – Notes Receivable (Continued)

A. Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Desert Hot Springs ("Redevelopment Agency") operated a housing rehabilitation loan program, which provides loans to borrowers who meet certain qualifications for the purpose of rehabilitating their homes. The loans are secured by a deed of trust and are normally repaid when the home changes ownership.

On October 6, 2009, the former Redevelopment Agency entered into an Owner Participation and Loan Agreement for \$750,000 with a developer to provide sixty low to moderate income housing units. The term of the loan is 55 years.

The former Redevelopment Agency entered into a \$1,700,000 Owner Participation and Grant Agreement with the Coachella Valley Housing Coalition on March 16, 2010 to provide 62-unit multifamily residential housing. The term of the grant agreement is 55 years.

B. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

On July 13, 2012, the City entered into a Fund Loan Agreement with Desert Hot Springs Investment Fund, LLC, a Missouri limited liability company (the "Investment Fund") and provided \$15,126,594 to the Investment Fund. The proceeds were used to fund the Investment Fund's equity investments in New Market Community Capital X, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("NMCC"), and LCD New Market Fund XII, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("LCD") in the amount of \$8,300,000 and \$13,000,000, respectively. The note bears an interest rate of 0.5% with maturity date of July 1, 2048. Interest is payable quarterly commencing on October 1, 2012 while principal is not due until January 1, 2020. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance for the note receivable was in the amount of \$15,126,594.

Note 4 – Interfund Transactions

A. Due From/To Other Funds

At June 30, 2018, the City had the following short-term interfund receivable/payable:

	Due from Other Funds					
	Nonmajor					
	Governmental					
Due to Other Funds	General Fund			Funds		Total
Capital Improvement Capital Project						
Fund	\$	-	\$	223,600	\$	223,600
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		180,018		-		180,018
Total	\$	180,018	\$	223,600	\$	403,618

The interfund balances resulted from temporary reclassifications made at June 30, 2018 to cover cash shortfalls and repayment amount for Quimby Act Fund.

Note 4 – Interfund Transactions (Continued)

B. Transfers In/Out

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City had the following transfers in/out which arise in the normal course of operations:

	Transfers In								
		Public Safety		Capital					
		Special	Iı	nprovement		Nonmajor			
	General	Revenue	Ca	pital Projects	Go	overnmental	1	nternal	
Transfers Out	 Fund	Fund		Fund		Funds	Serv	vice Funds	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 4,615,100	\$	-	\$	385,150	\$	-	\$ 5,000,250
Public Safety Special Revenue Fund	-	-		-		-		115,000	115,000
Capital Improvement Deposits									
Special Revenue Fund	-	-		104,750		223,600		-	328,350
Debt Service Fund	-	-		1,600,000		-			1,600,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	131,204		30,000		399,194		-	560,398
Health & Wellness									
Foundation Enterprise Fund	75,400	-		-		-		-	75,400
Internal Service Fund	 184,632			30,000		-		-	214,632
Total	\$ 260,032	\$ 4,746,304	\$	1,764,750	\$	1,007,944		115,000	\$ 7,894,030

The transfer of \$4,615,100 from General Fund to the Public Safety Special Revenue Fund was to fund public safety expenditures during the year in which there were insufficient revenues to cover. The transfers of \$385,150 from General Fund to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds were budgeted transfers to provide funding for the expenditures of Cabot's Museum and Municipal Lighting and Maintenance District.

The transfer of \$115,000 from the Public Safety Special Revenue Fund to the Internal Service funds relates to the annual lease payment for Police Department vehicles.

The transfer of \$223,600 from the Capital Improvement Deposits Special Revenue Fund to Nonmajor Governmental Funds relates to the development fee under Quimby Act and to fund capital projects.

The transfers of \$1,600,000 from Debt Service Fund to Nonmajor Governmental Funds relates to the bond proceeds for construction of the City Hall.

The transfers of \$131,204 from the Nonmajor Governmental Funds to the Public Safety Special Revenue Fund relates to assistance in funding public safety expenditures. Transfers of \$399,194 within the Nonmajor Governmental Funds were to cover the debt service payments.

The transfers of \$184,632 from the Internal Service Fund to the General Fund relates to provide funding for vehicle purchases.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2018				
Nondepreciable assets:									
Land	\$ 2,319,028	\$ 384,640	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,703,668				
Construction in progress	2,164,189	2,403,206		(337,482)	4,229,913				
Total nondepreciable assets	4,483,217	2,787,846		(337,482)	6,933,581				
Depreciable assets:									
Building and improvements	17,417,590	884,853	-	337,482	18,639,925				
Machinery and equipment	8,149,252	97,836	-	-	8,247,088				
Vehicles	1,928,228	733,968	(175,289)	-	2,486,907				
Infrastructure	38,508,935	649,606			39,158,541				
Total capital assets, being depreciated	66,004,005	2,366,263	(175,289)	337,482	68,532,461				
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Building and improvements	(6,192,082)	(508,792)	-	-	(6,700,874)				
Machinery and equipment	(6,800,861)	(673,946)	-	-	(7,474,807)				
Vehicles	(1,221,456)	(456,070)	165,217	-	(1,512,309)				
Infrastructure	(13,677,857)	(1,925,447)			(15,603,304)				
Total accumulated depreciation	(27,892,256)	(3,564,255)	165,217		(31,291,294)				
Total depreciable assets, net	38,111,749	(1,197,992)	(10,072)	337,482	37,241,167				
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 42,594,966	\$ 1,589,854	\$ (10,072)	\$ -	\$ 44,174,748				

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 as follows:

General government	\$ 2,085,834
Public safety	648,133
Public works	193,607
Culture and leisure	636,681
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,564,255

Note 5 – Capital Assets (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Business-Type Activities							
	July 1, 2017			Additions	Deletions		June 30, 2018	
Nondepreciable assets:								
Land	\$	370,415	\$	-	\$	-	\$	370,415
Total nondepreciable assets		370,415		_		_		370,415
Depreciable assets:								
Building and improvements		15,781,082		-		-		15,781,082
Furniture and fixtures		349,172		-		-		349,172
Total depreciable assets		16,130,254		_		-		16,130,254
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Building and improvements		(2,335,970)		(540,041)		-		(2,876,011)
Furniture and fixtures		(216,719)		(49,882)		-		(266,601)
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,552,689)		(589,923)		-		(3,142,612)
Total depreciable assets, net		13,577,565		(589,923)		-		12,987,642
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 13,947,980		\$ (589,923)		\$ -		\$	13,358,057

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 as follows:

Heath and Wellness Foundation \$ 589,923

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due within	Due in more
	July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2018	One Year	than One Year
2012A Certificates of Participation	5,345,000	-	(125,000)	5,220,000	130,000	5,090,000
Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2017A	13,895,000	-	(90,000)	13,805,000	80,000	13,725,000
Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds						
Series 2017A-T	1,105,000	-	(210,000)	895,000	200,000	695,000
Subtotal	20,345,000	-	(425,000)	19,920,000	410,000	19,510,000
Add/(less) deferred amounts:						
Bond premium - 2012A COP	192,975	-	(7,665)	185,310	7,665	177,645
Bond discount - 2017A-T	(1,745)		365	(1,380)	(365)	(1,015)
Bond premium - 2017A	179,947	-	(6,205)	173,742	6,205	167,537
Total bonds payable	20,716,177	-	(438,505)	20,277,672	423,505	19,854,167
Capital lease payable	-	504,705	(119,705)	385,000	122,995	262,005
Claims and judgments payable	418,181	121,980	(206,611)	333,550	333,550	-
Compensated absences	485,313	345,003	(441,486)	388,830	116,649	272,181
Pension-related debt	2,250,064	-	(148,523)	2,101,541	307,363	1,794,178
Total	\$23,869,735	\$ 971,688	\$ (1,354,830)	\$ 23,486,593	\$ 1,304,062	\$22,182,531

<u>California Communities Transportation Revenue (Installment Sale) Certificates of Participation, Series 2012A</u> (T.R.I.P. – Total Road Improvement Program) – Original Issue \$5,925,000

In February 2012, the City entered into a trust agreement with the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (the "Authority"), and issued the Certificates of Participation, Series 12A (the "2012A Certificates") in the amount of \$5,925,000. The purpose of the Certificates was to: 1) finance the design, acquisition, and construction of certain local roadway improvements and street resurfacing projects (the "Project") within the City, 2) fund a reserve subaccount within the reserve fund for the Certificates, and 3) pay the costs incurred in connection with the execution, sale, and delivery of the Certificates. The Project was to be sold by the Authority to the City pursuant to a 2012 Installment Sale Agreement dated February 1, 2012. The City is required to make installment sale payments to the Authority, which are payable from Gas Tax revenues and Measure A receipts.

The 2012A Certificates accrue interest at rates between 2.00% and 6.00%, payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, and mature through June 1, 2042.

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

<u>California Communities Transportation Revenue (Installment Sale) Certificates of Participation, Series 2012A</u> (T.R.I.P. – Total Road Improvement Program) – Original Issue \$5,925,000 (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance of the Certificates was \$5,220,000. The annual debt service requirements on the Certificates are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest		al Interest		Total
2019	\$ 130,000	\$	270,444	\$	400,444		
2020	135,000		266,544		401,544		
2021	135,000		262,494		397,494		
2022	140,000		258,275		398,275		
2023	145,000		253,375		398,375		
2024-2028	815,000		1,178,900		1,993,900		
2029-2033	1,010,000		989,500		1,999,500		
2034-2038	1,330,000		663,000		1,993,000		
2039-2042	 1,380,000		213,000		1,593,000		
Total	\$ 5,220,000	\$	4,355,532	\$	9,575,532		

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A and the Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A-T

In March 2017, the Desert Hot Springs Public Financing Authority (the "Authority") issued the Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A (the "Tax-Exempt Bonds") and the Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A-T (the "Taxable Bonds" in amount of \$13,895,000 and \$1,105,000, respectively. The purpose of the bonds is to (i) current refund the Certificates of Participation (Interim Cash Flow Financing) and Judgment Obligation Bonds, (ii) finance a new City Hall, (iii) make a deposit into a debt service reserve fund and (iv) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. The aggregate difference in debt service as result of refinancing were \$477,856 for the Tax Exemption Bonds and \$222,211 for the Taxable Bonds, and economic gain on the refinancing were \$963,667 and \$43,838, respectively.

The Bonds accrue interest at rates between 2.000% and 3.750%, payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2017 and the principals are due annually on March 1.

The Tax-Exempt Bonds maturing on or before March 1, 2027 are not subject to optional redemption prior to their stated maturity. The Tax-Exempt Bonds maturing on or after March 1, 2028 are subject to redemption, as a whole or in part at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of Tax-Exempt Bonds to be redeemed, together with accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption, without premium. The Taxable Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to their stated maturity.

City of Desert Hot Springs Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A and the Taxable Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A-T (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance of the Tax Exempt Bonds and the Taxable Bonds were \$13,805,000 and 895,000, respectively. The annual debt service requirements on the Bonds are as follows:

Tax Exempt Bonds			onds	Taxable Bonds				Total				
Year Ending June 30,	ear Ending June 30, Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2019	\$	80,000	\$	558,906	\$	200,000	\$	24,530	\$	280,000	\$	583,436
2020		80,000		556,506		205,000		20,530		285,000		577,036
2021		80,000		552,906		215,000		15,098		295,000		568,004
2022		90,000		549,306		215,000		8,755		305,000		558,061
2023		255,000		545,256		60,000		1,875		315,000		547,131
2024-2028		1,805,000		2,513,656		-		-		1,805,000		2,513,656
2029-2033		2,265,000		2,053,369		-		-		2,265,000		2,053,369
2034-2038		2,725,000		1,605,744		-		-		2,725,000		1,605,744
2039-2043		3,290,000		1,032,000		-		-		3,290,000		1,032,000
2044-2047		3,135,000		319,800		-		-		3,135,000		319,800
Total	\$	13,805,000	\$	10,287,450	\$	895,000	\$	70,788	\$	14,700,000	\$ 1	0,358,238

Capital Lease Payable

The City entered into a capital lease agreement during the year ended June 30, 2018 for the acquisition of 10 police vehicles in the amount of \$504,160. The lease repayments are due on monthly basis and bears interest at 4.2% annum. The accumulated depreciation for the leased vehicles at June 30, 2018 was \$75,706. The future minimum lease payment is as follow:

	Year Ending	
	June 30,	
	2019	136,815
	2020	136,815
	2021	136,816
	Subtotal	410,446
	Less: Interest	(25,446)
Present value of future minim	um lease payments	385,000

Claims and Judgments Payable

The amount of claims and judgments payable at June 30, 2018 was \$333,550. The Risk Management Internal Service Fund has been used to liquidate the liability for claims and judgments payable. See Note 7 for details.

Compensated Absences

The City's liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued vacation and sick pay) in the governmental activities has been accrued and amounted to \$388,830. The General Fund has been used to liquidate the majority of the liability for compensated absences.

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Pension-Related Debt

As of June 30, 2003, the California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") implemented a risk pool for the City's multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. The City's Miscellaneous and Safety Plans converted from agent multiple-employer plans to cost-sharing multiple employer plans. In addition to the annual required contributions (see Note 8), the City is also required to make annual payments on a Side Fund, which was created when the City entered the risk pool to account for the difference between the funded status of the pool and the funded status of the City's plans. The responsibility for funding the Side Fund is specific to the City and is not shared by all employers in the risk pool. The annual payments on the Side Fund represent principal and interest payments on the pension-related debt, which are included in the retirement expenditures in the City's various functions.

The amount of pension-related debt outstanding at June 30, 2018 totaled \$2,101,541, including \$462,783 for the Miscellaneous Plan and \$1,638,758 for the Safety Plan. The future payment requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Miscellaneous		Safety	Total		
2019	\$	104,049	\$ 203,314	\$	307,363	
2020		106,797	208,776		315,573	
2021		125,968	204,445		330,413	
2022		125,969	204,445		330,414	
2023		-	204,445		204,445	
2024-2026		-	613,333		613,333	
	\$	462,783	\$ 1,638,758	\$	2,101,541	

B. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance					Balance	Due within		Due in more
	July 1, 2017	Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2018	One Year		than One Year
LCD - Promissory Note A-1	\$ 9,207,621	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,207,621	\$	-	\$ 9,207,621
NMCC - Promissory Note A-2	3,960,000		-		-	3,960,000		-	3,960,000
LCD - Promissory Note B-1	3,272,379		-		-	3,272,379		-	3,272,379
NMCC - Promissory Note B-2	1,958,973		-		-	1,958,973		-	1,958,973
NMCC - Promissory Note C-2	2,298,027				-	2,298,027			2,298,027
Total long-term debt	\$20,697,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$20,697,000	\$	-	\$20,697,000

In order to finance 1) the required lump sum payment for the ground lease in the amount of \$1,108,168 upon execution of the ground lease agreement, 2) the purchase of 26,000 square foot health and wellness facility upon execution of the Agreement of Purchase and Sale, and 3) the construction of the health and wellness facility, the Foundation entered into loan agreements with NMCC and LCD on July 13, 2012 and executed five promissory notes with NMCC and LCD. The loans constitute "qualified low-income community investment" within the of §45D(d) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code"). As a result of such loans, the Investment Fund is expected to generate "new markets tax credits" pursuant to §45D of the Code due to its investments in NMCC and LCD as 99.99% equity owner.

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

<u>LCD – Promissory Note A-1</u>

The note bears an interest rate of 0.5% with maturity date of July 31, 2051. The note may not be repaid in whole or in part at any time prior to the seventh anniversary. Interest is payable quarterly on December 26, March 26, June 26 and September 26 of each year commencing on September 26, 2012 for interest accrued through December 31, March 31, June 30 and September 30 of each year, respectively. A one-time principal payment of \$411,163 is due on January 1, 2020, and thereafter, principal payments are payable quarterly with the interest payments. At June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance of the LCD – Promissory Note A-1 was \$9,207,621.

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total	
2019	\$ _	\$	46,040	\$ 46,040	
2020	487,888		45,132	533,020	
2021	146,676		43,324	190,000	
2022	147,412		42,588	190,000	
2023	148,149		41,851	190,000	
2024-2028	903,683		196,817	1,100,500	
2029-2033	1,144,117		171,383	1,315,500	
2034-2038	1,390,632		139,868	1,530,500	
2039-2043	1,643,387		102,113	1,745,500	
2044-2048	1,902,538		57,962	1,960,500	
2049-2052	1,293,139		10,941	1,304,080	
Total	\$ 9,207,621	\$	898,019	\$ 10,105,640	

NMCC – Promissory Note A-2

The note bears an interest rate of 0.5% with maturity date of July 31, 2051. The note may not be repaid in whole or in part at any time prior to the seventh anniversary. Interest is payable quarterly on December 26, March 26, June 26 and September 26 of each year commencing on September 26, 2012 for interest accrued through December 31, March 31, June 30 and September 30 of each year, respectively. One time principal payment of \$271,350 is due on January 1, 2020. Thereafter, principal payments are payable quarterly with the interest payments. At June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance of the NMCC – Promissory Note A-2 was \$3,960,000.

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

NMCC – Promissory Note A-2 (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		Total	
2019	\$ _	\$	19,800	\$	19,800
2020	299,684		19,216		318,900
2021	53,799		18,201		72,000
2022	54,070		17,930		72,000
2023	54,338		17,662		72,000
2024-2028	349,910		83,590		433,500
2029-2033	465,018		73,482		538,500
2034-2038	583,036		60,464		643,500
2039-2043	704,046		44,454		748,500
2044-2048	828,111		25,389		853,500
2049-2052	 567,988		4,815		572,803
Total	\$ 3,960,000	\$	385,003	\$	4,345,003

<u>LCD – Promissory Note B-1</u>

The note bears an interest rate of 0.5% with maturity date of July 31, 2051. The note may not be repaid in whole or in part at any time prior to the seventh anniversary. Interest is payable quarterly on December 26, March 26, June 26 and September 26 of each year commencing on September 26, 2012 for interest accrued through December 31, March 31, June 30 and September 30 of each year, respectively. Commencing March 26, 2020, principal payments are payable quarterly with the interest payments. At June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance of the LCD – Promissory Note B-1 was \$3,272,379.

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	Total
2019	\$ -	\$ 16,360	\$ 16,360
2020	24,335	16,345	40,680
2021	48,852	16,149	65,001
2022	49,096	15,904	65,000
2023	49,342	15,658	65,000
2024-2028	313,957	74,043	388,000
2029-2033	412,977	65,023	478,000
2034-2038	514,499	53,501	568,000
2039-2043	618,593	39,407	658,000
2044-2048	725,322	22,678	748,000
2049-2052	515,406	4,491	519,897
Total	\$ 3,272,379	\$ 339,559	\$ 3,611,938

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

NMCC – Promissory Note B-2

The note bears an interest rate of 0.5% with maturity date of July 31, 2051. The note may not be repaid in whole or in part at any time prior to the seventh anniversary. Interest is payable quarterly on December 26, March 26, June 26 and September 26 of each year commencing on September 26, 2012 for interest accrued through December 31, March 31, June 30 and September 30 of each year, respectively. Commencing March 26, 2020, principal payments are payable quarterly with the interest payments. At June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance of the NMCC – Promissory Note B-2 was \$1,958,973.

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total	
2019	\$ -	\$	9,796	\$	9,796
2020	10,609		9,789		20,398
2021	21,298		9,702		31,000
2022	21,405		9,595		31,000
2023	21,512		9,488		31,000
2024-2028	158,588		45,412		204,000
2029-2033	233,439		40,561		274,000
2034-2038	310,181		33,819		344,000
2039-2043	388,868		25,132		414,000
2044-2048	469,544		14,456		484,000
2049-2052	323,529		2,728		326,257
Total	\$ 1,958,973	\$	210,478	\$	2,169,451

NMCC – Promissory Note C-2

The note bears an interest rate of 0.5% with maturity date of July 31, 2051. The note may not be repaid in whole or in part at any time prior to the seventh anniversary. Interest is payable quarterly on December 26, March 26, June 26 and September 26 of each year commencing on September 26, 2012 for interest accrued through December 31, March 31, June 30 and September 30 of each year, respectively. Commencing March 26, 2020, principal payments are payable quarterly with the interest payments. At June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance of the NMCC – Promissory Note C-2 was \$2,298,027.

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		Total	
2019	\$ _	\$	11,492	\$	11,492
2020	12,762		11,484		24,246
2021	25,620		11,380		37,000
2022	25,750		11,250		37,000
2023	25,880		11,120		37,000
2024-2028	187,809		53,191		241,000
2029-2033	273,518		47,482		321,000
2034-2038	361,394		39,606		401,000
2039-2043	451,497		29,503		481,000
2044-2048	543,877		17,123		561,000
2049-2052	389,920		3,389		393,309
Total	\$ 2,298,027	\$	247,020	\$	2,545,047

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

C. Fiduciary Activities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiduciary fund for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018	Due within One Year	Due in more than One Year
2008 Tax Allocation Bonds A-1	\$11,815,000	\$ -	\$ (1,365,000)	\$10,450,000	\$ 1,460,000	\$ 8,990,000
2017 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	20,020,000	-		20,020,000	575,000	19,445,000
Subtotal	31,835,000		(1,365,000)	30,470,000	2,035,000	28,435,000
Add/(less) deferred amounts: Bond discount - 2008 TAB A-1	(363,753)	-	58,765	(304,988)	(58,765)	(246,223)
Bond premium - 2017 Tax						
Allocation Refunding Bonds	2,135,752		(96,360)	2,039,392	96,360	1,943,032
Total bonds payable	\$33,606,999	\$ -	\$ (1,402,595)	\$32,204,404	\$ 2,072,595	\$30,131,809

Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008A-1 (Taxable) – Original Issue \$19,965,000

In April 2008, the former Redevelopment Agency issued Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2008A-1 (Taxable) (the "Series 2008A-1 Bonds") in the amount of \$19,965,000. The purpose of the Series 2008A-1 Bonds was to: 1) provide funds to finance redevelopment activities including, without limitation, the acquisition of property for the benefit of the Merged Project Area, 2) to fund the reserve account, and 3) to pay certain costs of issuance of the Series 2008A-1 Bonds.

The Series 2008A-1 Bonds are 7% term bonds due September 1, 2023, with interest payable semiannually on September 1 and March 1 of each year. The 2008A-1 Bonds are subject to optional redemption, on any date prior to their maturity, in whole or in part, with maturities to be designated by the Successor Agency, at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount of such 2008A-1 Bonds plus the Make-Whole Premium, if any, plus the accrued interest, if any, thereon to the redemption date. The Series 2008A-1 Bonds maturing on September 1, 2023 are also subject to redemption prior to their stated maturity, in part, pro rata, from sinking account installments deposited in the sinking account on September 1 of each year commencing September 1, 2009, at the principal amount thereof and interest accrued thereon to the date fixed for redemption, without premium.

The Series 2008A-1 Bonds agreement requires the Successor Agency to pledge its annual tax revenues in an amount equal to at least 135% of the annual debt service requirement each fiscal year, through final maturity of the Series 2008A-1 Bonds on September 1, 2023 or early retirement of the Series 2008A-1 Bonds, whichever occurs first. Revenues received by the Successor Agency from the RPTTF have been pledged for the payment of principal and interest on these bonds. Principal and interest paid for the current year amounted to \$2,144,275 and total net revenue reported by the Successor Agency was \$4,363,905. The ratio of net revenues to the debt service payments due during the year ended June 30, 2018 was 2.04 (204%).

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

C. Fiduciary Activities (Continued)

Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008A-1 (Taxable) – Original Issue \$19,965,000 (Continued)

The amount of Series 2008A-1 Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018 totaled \$10,450,000 in the Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund.

The annual debt service requirements on the Refunding Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		Total	
2019	\$ 1,460,000	\$	680,400	\$	2,140,400
2020	1,565,000		574,525		2,139,525
2021	1,670,000		461,300		2,131,300
2022	1,790,000		340,200		2,130,200
2023	1,915,000		210,525		2,125,525
2024	2,050,000		71,750		2,121,750
Total	\$ 10,450,000	\$	2,338,700	\$	12,788,700

Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 – Original Issue \$20,020,000

In May 2017, the Successor Agency issued 2017 Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$20,020,000. The purpose of the bonds was to current refund 2006 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, 2008 Tax Allocation Bonds A-2, and 2009 Tax Allocation Bonds, and to fund the reserve account by purchasing the reserve policy and to pay the costs of issuing the 2017 Bonds. The aggregate difference in debt service as result of the refinancing were \$7,728,181 and economic gain on the refinancing were \$3,736,520. The 2017 Bonds are secured by a pledge of, security interest in and lien on all of the Tax, including all of the Tax Revenues in the Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund.

The Bonds accrue interest at rates between 2.000% and 5.000%, payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2017 and the principals are due annually on September 1. The 2017 Bonds are subject to optional redemption and mandatory sinking account redemption prior to maturity.

The annual debt service requirements on these bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total	
2019	\$ 575,000	\$	841,263	\$ 1,416,263	
2020	590,000		556,506	1,146,506	
2021	740,000		552,906	1,292,906	
2022	800,000		549,306	1,349,306	
2023	840,000		545,256	1,385,256	
2024-2028	4,825,000		2,513,656	7,338,656	
2029-2033	6,110,000		2,053,369	8,163,369	
2034-2038	4,460,000		1,605,744	6,065,744	
2039-2040	1,080,000		878,200	1,958,200	
Total	\$ 20,020,000	\$	10,096,205	\$ 30,116,205	

Note 7 – Non-City Obligation Debt

The City of Desert Hot Springs Community Facilities District No. 2006-1 (the "District") issued Improvement Area 1 Special Tax Bonds, Series 2008A on October 16, 2008 in the amount of \$2,600,000. The bond proceeds, in conjunction with special tax collections, will be used to finance certain public facilities and fees within the City necessary for the development of property within Improvement Area 1 of the District. The bonds do not constitute a debt or liability of the City as they are secured by the special tax revenues levied by the District on real property within the boundaries of the Improvement Area 1. In August 2010, the District issued \$2,285,000 Improvement Area 1 Special Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 and redeemed the Improvement Area 1 Special Tax Bonds, Series 2008A. The outstanding balance for the Improvement Area 1 Special Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2010, at June 30, 2018 was \$2,005,000.

Note 8 – Risk Management

A. Coverage

The City retains a level of risk for both general liability and workers' compensation. The insurance coverage in excess of the self-insured amount is provided by the Public Entity Risk Management Authority ("PERMA"), a public entity risk pool consisting of cities and other public agencies in Southern California established under the provisions of California Government Code Section 65000 et seq. Costs are shared amongst the members based upon deposit premium contributions. PERMA publishes its own annual financial reports, which can be obtained from PERMA at 36-951 Cook Street, Suite 101, Palm Desert, CA 92211.

General Liability

The City is self-insured for the first \$10,000 on each general liability claim against the City. The City pays an annual premium to PERMA for its excess general liability insurance coverage of \$50,000,000, including errors and omissions and auto liability.

Workers' Compensation and Employers' Liability

The City is self-insured for the first \$50,000 of each occurrence. The insurance coverage in excess of the self-insured amount is provided by PERMA. As a member of PERMA, all participating members share any losses in excess of the City's self-insured amount up to statutory limits for workers' compensation and \$5,000,000 per accident for employers' liability.

Other Coverage

The City also has coverage for other risks of loss, including property insurance, auto physical damage insurance, crime coverage and employment practices liability. The City's property insurance has a \$100,000,000 limit of coverage, including \$2,500,000 for flood, with a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence, except for \$100,000 for flood. The City's auto physical damage insurance has a \$100,000,000 limit of coverage, with a \$2,500 deductible for all vehicles, except for \$10,000 for fire trucks valued over \$200,000. The City's crime coverage has limits of coverage of \$5,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The City's cyber liability has a \$2,000,000 limit of coverage, including \$250,000 for privacy notification costs, with a \$50,000 deductible per claim. The City is self-insured for the first \$25,000 of each occurrence for employment practices liability, with excess insurance coverage up to a \$1,000,000 limit.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 8 – Risk Management (Continued)

B. Claims Activity

Claims expenses and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. At June 30, 2018, the amount of these liabilities was \$333,550 and was the City's best estimate based on available information.

A summary of the changes in claims liabilities for the past three fiscal years is as follows:

Year		Claims	Clai	ms Incurred				Year
Ending	Payable		during the			Claims		Ended
June 30,		July 1	Fiscal Year		Payments		June 30	
2016	\$	702,990	\$	355,300	\$	(342,528)	\$	715,762
2017		715,762		73,555		(371,136)		418,181
2018		418,181		-		(84,631)		333,550

C. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal (claims) years, none of the above programs of protection have had settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior year.

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City contributes to CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, for its miscellaneous and safety employees. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and City ordinance. Copies of CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from its website at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At valuation date of June 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Mis	cellaneous Pla	ans	Safety Police Plans			
	1st Tier	2nd Tier	PEPRA	1st Tier	2nd Tier	PEPRA	
Active employees	17	3	9	6	5	14	
Transferred and terminated employees	31	2	1	30	2	2	
Separated	42	1	4	10	1	1	
Retired Employees and Beneficiaries	44		1	56			
Total	134	6	15	102	8	17	

Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

A. General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefit Provided

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. A classic CalPERS member becomes eligible for Service Retirement upon attainment of age 55 with at least 5 years of credited service. Public Employee Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 62 with at least 5 years of service. The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation.

Following are the benefit provisions for each plan:

- Miscellaneous First Tier: 2.0% or 2.7% (at age 55) of the highest paid consecutive 12 months' compensation
- Miscellaneous Second Tier: 2.0% (at age 60) of the highest paid consecutive 12 months' compensation
- Miscellaneous PEPRA: 2.0% (at age 62) of the highest paid consecutive 36 months' compensation
- Safety Police First Tier: 3.0% (at age 50) of the highest paid consecutive 12 months' compensation
- Safety Police Second Tier: 3.0% (at age 55) of the highest paid consecutive 12 months' compensation
- Safety PEPRA: 2.7% (at age 57) of the highest paid consecutive 36 months' compensation

Participant is eligible for non-industrial disability retirement if becomes disabled and has at least 5 years of credited service. There is no special age requirement. The standard non-industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8% of final compensation, multiplied by service. Industrial disability benefits are not offered to miscellaneous employees.

An employee's beneficiary may receive the basic death benefit if the employee dies while actively employed. The employee must be actively employed with the City to be eligible for this benefit. An employee's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit. The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the employee's accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.5% per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death.

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance. Beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement, retirement and survivor allowances will be annually adjusted on a compound basis by 2%.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

A. General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law ("PERL") requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The Public agency cost-sharing plans covered by the miscellaneous risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2017, the contribution rates were as follows:

	Active Employee	Emp loy er
Plans	Contribution Rate	Contribution Rate
Miscellaneous First Tier	8.000%	11.634%
Miscellaneous Second Tier	7.000%	7.159%
Miscellaneous PEPRA	6.250%	6.555%
Safety Police First Tier	9.000%	22.506%
Safety Police Second Tier	9.000%	19.755%
Safety Police PEPRA	13.500%	13.499%

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2016 total pension liability. The June 30, 2017 total pension liability was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:
Discount Rate 7.15%
Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance

¹The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Change of Assumption

In 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected PERF pension fund cash flows. Taking into account historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major *asset class*.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the CalPERS Board effective on July 1, 2014.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

	Current Target	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10 ¹	Years 11+ ²
Global Equity	47.00%	4.90%	5.38%
Global Fixed Income	19.00%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.60%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.00%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.00%	3.90%	5.36%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.40%	-0.90%

¹An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

	Plan's N	et Pei	nsion Liability	//(As	set)			
Dis	scount Rate	Curr	ent Discount	Discount Rate				
- 1	% (6.15%)	Ra	ite (7.15%)	+ 1	% (8.15%)			
\$	5,301,797	\$	3,401,088	\$	1,826,886			
\$	12,413,498	\$	8,302,607	\$	4,942,159			
	- 1	Discount Rate - 1% (6.15%) \$ 5,301,797	Discount Rate -1% (6.15%) Ra \$ 5,301,797 \$	Discount Rate Current Discount - 1% (6.15%) Rate (7.15%) \$ 5,301,797 \$ 3,401,088	\$ 5,301,797 \$ 3,401,088 \$			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report and can be obtained from CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense

The following table shows the plan's proportionate share of the risk pool collective net pension liability over the measurement period:

	Increase (Decrease)									
		Plan Total	Pla	n Fiduciary						
		Pension		Net	Net Pension					
		Liability		Position	Lial	oility/(Asset)				
Miscellaneous Plan										
Balance at: 6/30/16 (Valuation date)	\$	10,200,525	\$	7,174,539	\$	3,025,986				
Balance at: 6/30/17 (Measurement date)		11,294,068		7,892,980		3,401,088				
Net Changes during 2016-2017		1,093,543		718,441		375,102				

²An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (Continued)

		Increase (Decrease)								
		Plan Total Pension Liability	Pla	nn Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)					
Safety Plan										
Balance at: 6/30/16 (Valuation date)	\$	24,137,702	\$	16,792,057	\$	7,345,645				
Balance at: 6/30/17 (Measurement date)		27,289,480		18,986,873		8,302,607				
Net Changes during 2016-2017		3,151,778		2,194,816		956,962				

The following is the approach established by the plan actuary to allocate the net pension liability and pension expense to the individual employers within the risk pool.

- (1) In determining a cost-sharing plan's proportionate share, total amounts of liabilities and assets are first calculated for the risk pool as a whole on the valuation date (June 30, 2016). The risk pool's fiduciary net position ("FNP") subtracted from its total pension liability ("TPL") determines the net pension liability ("NPL") at the valuation date.
- (2) Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool TPL is then computed at the measurement date (June 30, 2017). Risk pool FNP at the measurement date is then subtracted from this number to compute the NPL for the risk pool at the measurement date. For purposes of FNP in this step and any later reference thereto, the risk pool's FNP at the measurement date denotes the aggregate risk pool's FNP at June 30, 2017 less the sum of all additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by all employers during the measurement period (2016-2017).
- (3) The individual plan's TPL, FNP and NPL are also calculated at the valuation date. TPL is allocated based on the rate plan's share of the actuarial accrued liability. FNP is allocated based on the rate plan's share of the market value assets.
- (4) Two ratios are created by dividing the plan's individual TPL and FNP as of the valuation date from (3) by the amounts in step (1), the risk pool's total TPL and FNP, respectively.
- (5) The plan's TPL as of the Measurement Date is equal to the risk pool TPL generated in (2) multiplied by the TPL ratio generated in (4). The plan's FNP as of the Measurement Date is equal to the FNP generated in (2) multiplied by the FNP ratio generated in (4) plus any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer on behalf of the plan during the measurement period.
- (6) The plan's NPL at the Measurement Date is the difference between the TPL and FNP calculated in (5).

Deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense is allocate based on the City's share of contributions during measurement period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (Continued)

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was as follows:

	Pla	ns
	Miscellaneous	Safety
June 30, 2016	0.034970%	0.084890%
June 30, 2017	0.034295%	0.083719%
Change - (Decrease)	-0.000675%	-0.001172%

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense in the amounts of \$621,856 and \$995,590 for the miscellaneous and safety plans, respectively.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss for the miscellaneous and safety plans, respectively. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over 5-years straight line. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The expected average remaining service lifetime ("EARSL") is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the risk pool. The EARSL for risk pool for the 2016-2017 measurement period is 3.8 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 490,088 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 130,595 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired).

At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous Plan					Safet	y Plan		Total					
		Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources		Deferred utflows of		Deferred of		Deferred utflows of	Deferred inflows of			
	F					Resources	R	esources	1	Resources	Resources			
Pension contribution made after						_				_		_		
measurement date	\$	423,598	\$	-	\$	769,408	\$	-	\$	1,193,006	\$	-		
Changes of assumptions		435,341		-		1,067,116		-		1,502,457		-		
Difference between expected and actual														
experience		-		(50,619)		58,918		-		58,918		(50,619)		
Difference between projected and actual														
earning on pension plan investments		106,584		-		252,010		-		358,594		-		
Adjustment due to differences in														
proportions		92,110		-		-		(57,783)		92,110		(57,783)		
Difference between City contributions														
and proportionate share of														
contributions		55,750		-		6,833		-		62,583		-		
Total	\$	1,113,383	\$	(50,619)	\$	2,154,285	\$	(57,783)	\$	3,267,668	\$	(108,402)		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (Continued)

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	De	ferred Outflo	ows/ (Inflows) of
June 30,	Mis	cellaneous		Safety
2019	\$	190,070	\$	269,240
2020		315,533		748,147
2021		196,842		457,166
2022		(63,279)		(147,459)
	\$	639,166	\$	1,327,094

Note 10 – Jointly Governed Organization

Eastern Riverside County Interoperable Communications Authority

The City is a member of the Eastern Riverside County Interoperable Communications Authority ("ERICA"), a Joint Powers Authority, created to establish and operate a consolidated communications system which provides emergency call receiving and dispatching services. Other members of ERICA include the Cities of Beaumont, Cathedral City, Indio, and Palm Springs. The members, including the City, are responsible for funding the operations of ERICA through annual assessments. The annual assessments are based on percentages calculated for each member. The City contributed \$210,440 during the year ended June 30, 2018. The Audited financial statements of ERICA can be obtained at 100 Civic Center Mall, Indio, CA 92201.

On April 10, 2009, ERICA and three member agencies, including Indio, Palm Springs, and the City, entered into a reimbursement agreement relating to a municipal lease purchase agreement with Motorola, Inc., in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,557,603. The agreement obligates the three member agencies to pay 33.3% of the annual lease payments, as set forth in the municipal lease purchase agreement with Motorola, Inc. ERICA also entered into a reimbursement agreement with all member agencies, which obligates each member agency to pay 20% of the annual lease payments for a master logging recorder, in the aggregate principal amount of \$202,489.

The following represents the City's obligation for future lease payments:

Year Ending June 30,	orola Lease nbursement	R	ter Logging ecorder lbursement	Rein	Lease nbursement
2019	\$ 134,334	\$	4,059	\$	138,393
2020	134,334		4,059		138,393
2021	134,334		4,059		138,393
2022	134,334		4,059		138,393
2023	134,334		4,059		138,393
2024	134,334		4,059		138,393
	\$ 806,004	\$	24,354	\$	830,358

Note 11 - Classification of Fund Balances

At June 30, 2018, fund balances are classified as follows:

					N	Iajoi	Funds					_			
·				Spec	cial Reven	ue l	Funds		Ca	apital					
	General Fund		Public Safety		Housing Authority		Capital Improvement Deposits		Improvement Capital Projects Fund		Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable: Prepaid items	\$	69,374	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$		\$	69,374
Total nonspendable		69,374			(-		-			-				69,374
Restricted: Housing and economic development					3,654,	824									3,654,824
Public safety		_		27	3,034,0	32 4 -		-		_	_		49,580		49,607
Public works/projects		_				_	3,672,2	78	1	43,492	_		744,763		4,560,533
Culture and leisure		_		_		_	2,07 2 ,2	-		-	_		110,230		110,230
Debt service		_		_		_		_		_	4,087,929		-		4,087,929
Air quality Lighting/Landscaping/		-		-		-		-		-	-		25,773		25,773
Drainage		-		-		-		-		-	-	1	1,264,373		1,264,373
Assessment District 91-1		-		-		-		-		-	-		121,434		121,434
Assessment District 92-1		-		-		-		-		-	-		13,431		13,431
Assessment District 93-2		-			-	-		-			-		8,574		8,574
Total restricted		_		27	3,654,	824	3,672,2	78	1	43,492	4,087,929		2,338,158	1	3,896,708
Committed: Art in public places		_		_		_		_		_	-		164,741		164,741
Total assigned		-		-		-		-		_	-		164,741		164,741
Assigned:															
Operations	8	,898,679		-		-		-		-	-		-		8,898,679
Unassigned:		-				-		-		-	-		(54,597)		(54,597)
Total	\$8	,968,053	\$	27	\$3,654,	824	\$3,672,2	78	\$ 1	43,492	\$4,087,929	\$2	2,448,302	\$2	2,974,905

The assigned fund balance totaling \$8,898,679 is being held in the General Fund to fund the operations of the City for the fiscal year ending 2018-2019. Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of the net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making or by a committee or official designated for the purpose. The City Council has authorized the City Manager or designee for that purpose.

Note 12 - Related Party Transactions

On July 13, 2012, the Foundation entered into ground lease agreement with the City consisting of 6.631 acres of land located in the City for a period of ninety-nine years, commencing July 13, 2012 and ending July 13, 2111. The land was appraised at \$1,108,168. The lease payment in the amount of \$1,108,168 was paid in full upon the execution of the lease. The lease payment and the capitalization of land was eliminated in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 12 – Related Party Transactions (Continued)

The City entered into this lease for the purpose of providing the land for development of the health and wellness center. The City had commenced the development project prior to execution of the ground lease agreement and expended \$8,460,675 on the 26,000 square foot health and wellness facility. As part of the ground lease agreement and a separate executed Agreement of Purchase and Sale (the "facility sale agreement") between the City and the Foundation, the City sold the 26,000 square foot health and wellness facility that was still under construction to the Foundation in the amount of \$8,460,675 on July 13, 2012.

The Desert Healthcare District (the "District") also provided \$5,167,048 grant funding for the construction of the facility and equipment for the health and wellness center.

In addition to the ground lease agreement and facility sale agreement, the City and the Foundation entered into "Development Agreement" on July 13, 2012. The Foundation appointed the City to provide development service for the Foundation with respect to supervising, managing, and overseeing the remaining development of the health and wellness center. In anticipation of the development agreement, the City had begun providing the development service for the health and wellness center on December 1, 2011. The agreed upon development fee was in the amount of \$1,038,883. One third of the development fee in the amount of \$346,294 was paid on July 13, 2012, and the remaining two thirds was paid upon placement in service of the health and wellness center and receipt of a final and unconditional certificate of occupancy on October 9, 2013.

Note 13 - Contingencies and Commitments

A. Lawsuits

The City is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting City business. City management believes, based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that these cases, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City, except for the lawsuit described below. Additionally, City management believes that the City's insurance programs are sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

B. Federal and State Grant Programs

The City participates in Federal and State grant programs. These programs were audited in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowance is expected as a result of these audits; however, these programs are subject to further examination by the grantors. Expenditures which may be disallowed, if any, by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Dispute with State of California Regarding Use of Gas Tax Monies

The City is involved in a dispute with the State of California regarding the State Gas Tax Compliance Audit ("audit") that was performed during the year ended June 30, 2014. The audit was conducted by the State Controller's Office for the City's Gas Tax activities for the years ended June 30, 2009 through June 30, 2013. There was an audit finding that the City used gas tax monies for an ineligible expenditure for the debt service payment of \$119,000 for the 2012A Certificates (refer to Note 6A). Per the State's draft audit report dated September 2014, the debt service payment is not an eligible use of gas tax monies under the Street and Highway Code Section 2107.4, as the bonds were not voter-approved and the term of the bond exceeds 25 years. The \$119,000 used for the debt service payment in the year ended June 30, 2013 was requested to be reimbursed to the Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund.

Note 13 – Contingencies and Commitments (Continued)

C. Dispute with State of California Regarding Use of Gas Tax Monies (Continued)

The City disputes the finding and responded within the requested time period that the monies were properly used, as the 2012A Certificates are certificates of participation with installment payments and are not bonds. Therefore, the City determined that this debt service payment does not fall under the requirement to meet the voter-approved and 25 year term limit requirements per the State's audit report. In addition, the City responded that the time limit for the State to dispute the use of gas tax monies has passed as determined by the original judgment when the 2012A Certificates were originally approved. There has been no further progress on this dispute that the City is aware of.

D. Expiration of the New Market Tax Credit Financing

Funding of the Foundation came from the New Market Tax Credit Financing (the "NMTC Financing") under Internal Revenue Code Section 45D, which closed on July 13, 2012, when the City entered into an Investment Fund Put and Call Agreement (the "Agreement") with USB NMTC Fund 2012-1 LLC ("USB Fund"). USB Fund is the sole member of the Investment Fund (See Note 6B). As part of the agreement, the USB Fund has an option to put USB Fund's interest in Investment Fund ("USB Fund's Interest) to the City, and the City has an option to call for the sale to the City of USB Fund's Interest.

The Investment Fund Put option requires the City to purchase all of USB Fund's Interest upon the occurrence of put availability event: 1) the first day following the end of the tax credit investment period on July 13, 2019, the seventh anniversary of the issue of NMCC and LCD loans or 2) a NMTC Recapture Event. The USB Fund has 120 days following receipt of City's written notice of the put availability event to exercise the Investment Fund Put. The purchase price for USB Fund's interest is sum of 1) \$1,000; 2) transfer taxes and closing costs, 3) amounts due and owing from the City, the Foundation or any of its affiliates to the Investment Fund, NMCC or LCD, and 4) amounts due and owing from the Foundation or any of its affiliates to U.S. Bancorp Community Development Corporation ("USBCDC") or USB Fund in connection with certain executed tax credit indemnity.

In the event that USB Fund has not exercised the Investment Fund Put, the Investment Fund Call option gives the City right to purchase all of USB Fund's Interest for 240 days following the expiration of the put exercise period provided that 1) the Foundation has paid in full all principal and interest due to NMCC and LCD, 2) no amounts are then due and owing from the City, the Foundation or any of its affiliates to the Investment Fund, NMCC and LCD, and 3) no amounts are due and owing from the City, the Foundation or any of its affiliates to USBCDC or USB Fund in connection with the tax credit indemnity. The purchase price for USB Fund's Interest is the fair market value of USB Fund's Interest.

The City expects to exit the NMTC Financing sometime after July 13, 2019. Upon exit of the NMTC Financing, the City expects that the amount of debt associated with the NMTC Financing may be reduced. Notwithstanding the City's expectation, the legal documents relating to the NMTC Financing do not contemplate or force debt forgiveness, and there can be no guarantee that any debt will be forgiven and, if so, how much indebtedness may be forgiven.

Note 14 – Subsequent Event

In October 2018, the Authority issued \$6,850,000 Desert Hot Springs Public Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds, Series. The purpose of the bonds is (1) to finance a portion of the new City Hall being constructed by the City, (2) to fund the reserve account, and (3) to pay for cost of issuing the bonds. The Bonds accrue interest at rates between 3.000% and 5.000%, payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, commencing March 1, 2019 and the principals are due annually on March 1, with final payment due on March 1, 2039.

Note 15 – Prior Period Adjustment

The governmental activities beginning net position was restated from \$35,265,052 to \$35,682,315. The Capital Improvement Deposits Fund beginning fund balance was restated from \$2,344,665 to \$2,761,928. The adjustment in the amount of \$417,263 was to account for prior year development impact fee revenues.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

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City of Desert Hot Springs Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budget .	Amoun	ts	Actual	Variance with		
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 7,794,459	\$	8,560,268	\$ 10,311,588	\$	1,751,320	
Permits and fees	1,220,700		2,426,700	2,593,090		166,390	
Intergovernmental	-		10,000	1,797		(8,203)	
Licenses	198,000		208,000	209,167		1,167	
Interest	100,110		25,110	31,452		6,342	
Miscellaneous	 683,813		633,813	 853,101		219,288	
Total revenues	 9,997,082		11,863,891	 14,000,195		2,136,304	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	2,936,622		4,529,240	3,965,735		563,505	
Public safety	51,080		79,816	65,364		14,452	
Public works	346,615		997,969	891,638		106,331	
Economic development	1,164,904		2,056,294	1,957,324		98,970	
Culture and leisure	594,664		487,134	599,797		(112,663)	
Capital outlay	 121,950		1,672,978	 1,322,761		350,217	
Total expenditures	5,215,835		9,823,431	 8,802,619		1,020,812	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 4,781,247		2,040,460	 5,197,576		3,157,116	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	519,264		840,961	260,032		(580,929)	
Transfers out	(506,764)		(1,174,494)	(5,000,249)		(3,825,755)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	12,500		(333,533)	(4,740,217)		(4,406,684)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 4,793,747	\$	1,706,927	457,359	\$	(1,249,568)	
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year				8,510,694			
End of year				\$ 8,968,053			

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) Public Safety Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget .	Amoun	ts		Actual	Va	riance with
	Original Final Amounts					Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 4,140,387	\$	4,140,387	\$	4,311,259	\$	170,872
Permits and fees	99,500		86,500		89,130		2,630
Intergovernmental	30,000		51,176		22,924		(28,252)
Licenses	-		2,000		4,660		2,660
Miscellaneous	 405,000		388,000		336,811		(51,189)
Total revenues	 4,674,887		4,668,063		4,764,784		96,721
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public safety	9,181,478		10,014,150		9,115,367		898,783
Capital outlay	10,000		276,025		278,979		(2,954)
Total expenditures	9,191,478		10,290,175		9,394,346		895,829
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (4,516,591)		(5,622,112)		(4,629,562)		992,550
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	135,000		135,000		4,746,304		4,611,304
Transfers out	(115,000)		(282,000)		(115,000)		167,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,000		(147,000)		4,631,304		4,778,304
Net change in fund balance	\$ (4,496,591)	\$	(5,769,112)		1,742	\$	5,770,854
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					(1,715)		
End of year				\$	27		

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budget	Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
	Orig	ginal		Final	A	Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
REVENUES:									
Interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23	\$	23	
Miscellaneous		-		_		13,136		13,136	
Total revenues		-				13,159		13,159	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Economic development		-		_		18,472		(18,472)	
Total expenditures		-				18,472		(18,472)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						(5,313)		(5,313)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers out				(7,000)	-	-		7,000	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	(7,000)		(5,313)	\$	1,687	
FUND BALANCE:									
Beginning of year						3,660,137			
End of year					\$	3,654,824			

City of Desert Hot Springs Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) Capital Improvement Deposits Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	В	udgeted	Amount	S	Actual	Variance with		
	Origina	1		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 49,998	\$	49,998	
Permits and fees	1,58	6,626		1,586,626	1,415,567		(171,059)	
Interest		1,775		1,775	9,932		8,157	
Total revenues	1,58	8,401		1,588,401	 1,475,497		(112,904)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital Outlay	57	0,808		731,044	236,797		494,247	
Total expenditures	57	0,808		731,044	236,797		494,247	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,01	7,593		857,357	 1,238,700		381,343	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out	(4	0,000)		(243,750)	(328,350)		(84,600)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4	0,000)		(243,750)	 (328,350)		(84,600)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 97	7,593	\$	613,607	910,350	\$	296,743	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 15)					 2,761,928			
End of year					\$ 3,672,278			

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgetary Information

A. General Budget Policies

The City adopts an annual budget prepared on the modified accrual basis for all of its governmental funds. Budgets are developed in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The City Council approves each year's budget, submitted by the City Manager, prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. Public hearings are conducted prior to its adoption by the City Council. Budgeted amounts transferred between accounts are approved by the Administrative Services Director. Budgeted amounts transferred between departments are approved by the City Manager. Supplemental appropriations, where required during the period, are approved by the City Council. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level. At fiscal year-end, all unencumbered operating budget appropriations lapse, with the exception of continuing appropriations. There is no adopted budget for SB1 Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Special Revenue Fund and SCAMQD Grant Special Revenue Fund.

In July 2016, the City Council approved and asdopted a two-year budget for fiscal years 2016-17 and 2017-18.

B. Continuing Appropriations

At fiscal year-end, all unencumbered appropriations lapse, however, certain unexpended capital funds are carried over into the next fiscal year's budget.

C. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are estimations of costs related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. These commitments are recorded for budgetary control purposes in the General, special revenue, and similar governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent the estimated amount of the expenditure ultimately to result if unperformed contracts in-process at year-end are completed. They do not constitute expenditures or estimated liabilities.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liabilities and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") Miscellaneous Plan

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		Ju	ne 30, 2015	June 30, 2014 ¹	
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		0.034925%		0.034970%		0.037816%		0.035817%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	3,401,088	\$	3,025,986	\$	2,595,635	\$	2,228,699
City's Covered Payroll	\$	2,120,646	\$	1,539,232	\$	1,377,634	\$	1,617,185
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		160.38%		196.59%		188.41%		137.81%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		69.89%		70.33%		73.82%		76.24%

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") Safety Plan

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015		Jui	ne 30, 2014 ¹
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		0.083719%		0.084890%		0.090361%		0.090082%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	8,302,607	\$	7,345,645	\$	6,202,312	\$	5,642,660
City's Covered Payroll	\$	1,834,204	\$	1,749,649	\$	1,523,928	\$	1,772,829
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		452.65%		419.84%		407.00%		318.29%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		69.58%		69.57%		73.79%		73.76%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") Miscellaneous Plan

Fiscal year	2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15		2013-14		
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially	\$	209,634 (423,598)	\$	164,278 (355,494)	\$	132,233 (313,565)	\$	217,165 (217,165)	\$	310,127 (310,127)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(213,964)	\$	(191,216)	\$	(181,332)	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered Payroll	\$	2,184,265	\$	2,120,646	\$	1,539,232	\$	1,377,634	\$	1,617,185	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		9.60%		7.75%		8.59%		15.76%		19.18%	

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") Safety Plan

Fiscal year	2017-18		2016-17		2015-16		2014-15		2013-14	
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially	\$	329,122 (769,408)	\$	303,253 (688,645)	\$	285,318 (639,246)	\$	380,758 (380,758)	\$	765,202 (765,202)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(440,286)	\$	(385,392)	\$	(353,928)	\$	-	\$	-
Covered Payroll	\$	1,889,230	\$	1,834,204	\$	1,749,649	\$	1,523,928	\$	1,772,829
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		17.42%		16.53%		16.31%		24.99%		43.16%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

Notes to Schedule

Changes of Assumptions: In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

² Includes one year's payroll growth using 3.00 percent payroll assumption from fiscal year 2016-17.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Original	d Amou	nts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,109,600	\$	2,109,600	\$ 145,000	\$	(1,964,600)	
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay	 2,109,600		3,935,480	 1,533,010		2,402,470	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			(1,825,880)	(1,388,010)		437,870	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	40,000		3,204,750	1,764,750		(1,440,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 40,000	\$	1,378,870	376,740	\$	(1,002,130)	
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year				 (233,248)			
End of year				\$ 143,492			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual City Debt Service Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted	l Amou	ints	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original		Final	Amounts			
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$ 1,042,912	\$	1,042,912	\$ 1,100,675	\$	57,763	
Interest	250		250	 44,058		43,808	
Total revenues	 1,043,162		1,043,162	 1,144,733		101,571	
EXPENDITURES:							
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	200,000		200,000	300,000		(100,000)	
Interest and fiscal charges	 308,675		308,675	530,732		(222,057)	
Total expenditures	508,675		508,675	 830,732		(322,057)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 534,487		534,487	 314,001		(220,486)	
OTHER FINANCING USES:							
Transfers out	 		(3,000,000)	 (1,600,000)		1,400,000	
Net changes in fund balance	\$ 534,487	\$	(2,465,513)	(1,285,999)	\$	1,179,514	
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year				 5,373,928			
End of year				\$ 4,087,929			

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:

Special Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund - To account for street maintenance activity. The source of funds is the State gasoline tax and related sales tax. Expenditures are restricted to construction, improvement and maintenance of public streets.

SB1 Road Maintenance and Rehab Special Revenue Fund - To account for revenue received from the State under the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017. The funding is used for street maintenance and rehabilitation needs.

Municipal Lighting / Landscaping Assessment District Special Revenue Fund - to account for street lighting activity and landscaping maintenance. Financing is provided by assessments against all parcels of real property within the City and landscape assessment district. Expenditures provide for street and palm tree lights citywide, maintenance of park buildings and equipment, and maintenance of all city parkland as designated.

Measure A Special Revenue Fund - To account for one-half cent sales tax collected in Riverside County and distributed to local agencies. Funds are restricted and can only be used for street maintenance and the construction of new streets.

SCAQMD Grant Special Revenue Fund - To account for grants for building solar, CNG Fueling Station and CNG vehicles, and PM-10 Mitigation/Cabot's Parking Lot Paving.

Air Quality Control Special Revenue Fund - To account for resources designated by South Coast Air Quality Management District through the collection of motor vehicle registration fees. These funds can be used for equipment, street sweeping and purchase of vehicles as related to the reduction of air pollution.

Art in Public Places Special Revenue Fund - To account for development fees paid in lieu of acquisition and installation of approved artworks in a development with expenditures restricted to acquisition, installation, maintenance and repair or artworks at approved sites.

Quimby Act Special Revenue Fund - To account for the accumulation of developer fees received under the provision of the Quimby Act for park development and improvements.

Drainage Assessment District Special Revenue Fund - To account for taxes assessed on property owners within the drainage assessment districts for the maintenance of the drainage systems.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued):

County Service Area 152 (CSA-152) Special Revenue Fund - To account for funding received through the collection of property tax collected on parcels within the assessment district. Expenditures relate to the EPA requirements for storm water monitoring and the protection of the underground water for all cities in the County of Riverside.

Cabot's Museum Special Revenue Fund - To account for various fees and operational costs associated with a museum that was gifted to the City.

Supplemental Law Enforcement Service (SLESF) Special Revenue Fund - To account for funds received in connection with the Citizens Option for Public Safety Program (COPS), which supplements expenditures for "front line municipal police services".

Abandoned Vehicle Abatement Special Revenue Fund - To account for a portion of DMV registration fees that the City receives from the Riverside County Abandoned Vehicle Abatement Service Authority as reimbursement to the City for costs incurred for the administration, removal, and abatement of nuisance vehicles within city limits.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund - To account for resources that are restricted for a wide variety of unique community development needs.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS:

2012 Street Bond Capital Projects Fund - To account for expenditures related to the design, acquisition, and construction of specified projects within the City in accordance with the 2012 Street Bonds official statement.

Assessment District 91-1 Capital Projects Fund - To account for improvements to the Assessment District 91-1, which are financed from bond proceeds. Debt service payments are paid from special assessed revenues.

Assessment District 92-1 Capital Projects Fund - To account for improvements to the Assessment District 92-1, which are financed from bond proceeds. Debt service payments are paid from special assessed revenues.

Assessment District 93-2 Capital Projects Fund - To account for improvements to the Assessment District 93-2, which are financed from bond proceeds. Debt service payments are paid from special assessed revenues.

City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue									
		Special Gas Tax	M	B1 Road aintenance Rehabilitation	L La A	Aunicipal Lighting / Indscaping I	Measure A			
ASSETS										
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent	\$	13,664	\$	108,884	\$	665,494	\$	-		
Receivables:										
Accounts		3,304		25,314		-		-		
Interest		1		60		564		-		
Due from other governments Due from other funds		51,277		-		71,455		112,681		
Total assets	\$	68,246	\$	134,258	\$	737,513	\$	112,681		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	28,280	\$	-	\$	63,777	\$	-		
Due to other funds		-		-		-		34,294		
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		
Unearned revenue	1									
Total liabilities		28,280		<u>-</u>		63,777		34,294		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						22.524				
Unavailable revenue						33,534				
Fund Balances:										
Restricted		39,966		134,258		640,202		78,387		
Committed		-		-		-		-		
Unassigned (deficit)						_				
Total fund balances		39,966		134,258		640,202		78,387		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources, and fund balances	\$	68,246	\$	134,258	\$	737,513	\$	112,681		

(Continued)

City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue									
		AQMD rant		ir Quality Control		Art in Public Places		Quimby Act		
ASSETS										
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent Receivables:	\$	83	\$	23,976	\$	164,593	\$	-		
Accounts Interest Due from other governments		9		24 9,584		148		- - -		
Due from other funds Total assets	\$	92	\$	33,584	\$	164,741	\$	223,600 223,600		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits payable Unearned revenue	\$	- - -	\$	7,811 - - -	\$	- - -	\$	113,370		
Total liabilities		-		7,811				113,370		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue						<u>-</u>				
Fund Balances: Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)		92		25,773		- 164,741 -		110,230		
Total fund balances		92		25,773		164,741		110,230		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	92	\$	33,584	\$	164,741	\$	223,600		

(Continued)

City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

				Special 1	Revenue			
		Drainage Assessment District		County Service Area 152		Cabot's Museum		SLESF
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent Receivables:	\$	614,493	\$	1 -	\$	4,519	\$	-
Accounts		15,000		72,620		-		25,000
Interest		565		-		-		110
Due from other governments Due from other funds		7,438		- -		-		- -
Total assets	\$	637,496	\$	72,621	\$	4,519	\$	25,110
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	13,325	\$	19,816	\$	4,519	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		27,288		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue								
Total liabilities		13,325		47,104		4,519		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue		-		64,632				
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		624,171		-		-		25,110
Committed		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)				(39,115)				
Total fund balances		624,171		(39,115)				25,110
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	637,496	\$	72,621	\$	4,519	\$	25,110

City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		Special	Revenue		 Capital Projects			
	Abanc Veh Abate		Dev	mmunity velopment ock Grant	2012 Street Bond		esessment District 91-1	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent Receivables:	\$	22,643	\$	-	\$ 84,195 407,818	\$	116,169	
Accounts		4,148		19,857	-		-	
Interest		-		-	47		106	
Due from other governments		-		-	-		5,159	
Due from other funds				-	 			
Total assets	\$	26,791	\$	19,857	\$ 492,060	\$	121,434	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	10,416	\$ -	\$	-	
Due to other funds		-		5,066	-		-	
Deposits payable Unearned revenue		-		-	-		-	
				15 492			<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities			-	15,482	 			
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue		2,321		19,857				
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		24,470		_	492,060		121,434	
Committed		-		-	,		-,	
Unassigned (deficit)				(15,482)			-	
Total fund balances		24,470		(15,482)	492,060		121,434	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$	26,791	\$	19,857	\$ 492,060	\$	121,434	

City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	 Capital	Projects			
	sessment District 92-1		sessment District 93-2	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 13,342	\$	8,270	\$	1,840,326
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	-		-		407,818
Receivables:					
Accounts	89		304		165,636
Interest	-		-		1,634
Due from other governments	-		-		257,594
Due from other funds	 				223,600
Total assets	\$ 13,431	\$	8,574	\$	2,896,608
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	147,944
Due to other funds	-		-		180,018
Deposits payable	-		-		-
Unearned revenue	 -		-		
Total liabilities	 				327,962
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue	 				120,344
Fund Balances:					
Restricted	13,431		8,574		2,338,158
Committed	-		-		164,741
Unassigned (deficit)	 		<u>-</u>		(54,597)
Total fund balances	 13,431		8,574		2,448,302
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	 				
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 13,431	\$	8,574	\$	2,896,608

(Concluded)

City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Special 1	Revenue			
	Special Gas Tax	Mai	31 Road intenance chabilitation	M L Lar As	Iunicipal ighting / ndscaping ssessment District	Measure A	
REVENUES:							
Taxes Permits and fees Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 33,096 - 583,414 179	\$	- 134,190 68	\$	758,198 - - 1,956	\$	454,537
Miscellaneous	 				1,274		_
Total revenues	616,689		134,258		761,428		454,537
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public works	537,828		-		1,042,303		-
Economic development	-		-		-		-
Culture and leisure	-		-		-		-
Capital outlay	39,360		-		179,457		221,722
Debt service:							
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	 577,188				1,221,760		221,722
-					, , ,		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	39,501		134,258		(460,332)		232,815
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	-		-		292,100		-
Transfers out	(199,194)		-				(200,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (199,194)				292,100		(200,000)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(159,693)		134,258		(168,232)		32,815
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	 199,659		<u> </u>		808,434		45,572
End of year	\$ 39,966	\$	134,258	\$	640,202	\$	78,387

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Special	Revenue	
	SCAQMD Grant	Air Quality Control	Art in Public Places	Quimby Act
REVENUES:				
Taxes Permits and fees Intergovernmental Interest Miscellaneous	\$ - - 40,867 37	\$ 35,803 - - - 80	\$ - - 116,719 374 -	\$ - 47,030 - 9
Total revenues	40,904	35,883	117,093	47,039
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: Public works Economic development	-	36,052	-	-
Culture and leisure	-	-	-	79,583
Capital outlay Debt service:	56,184	-	-	-
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	56,184	36,052		79,583
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(15,280)	(169)	117,093	(32,544)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in Transfers out		- -	(30,000)	223,600
Total other financing sources (uses)			(30,000)	223,600
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(15,280)	(169)	87,093	191,056
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	15,372	25,942	77,648	(80,826)
End of year	\$ 92	\$ 25,773	\$ 164,741	\$ 110,230

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Special	Revenue	
	Drainage Assessment District		County Service Area 152	Cabot's Museum	SLESF
REVENUES:					
Taxes Permits and fees Intergovernmental Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 211	,261 - - ,989 -	\$ - - 110,988 6	\$ - - - -	\$ - 116,667 232
Total revenues	213	,250	110,994		116,899
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public works	325	,867	167,167	-	-
Economic development		-	-	-	-
Culture and leisure		-	-	93,050	-
Capital outlay Debt service:		-	-	-	-
Principal retirement		_	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges		_	_	_	_
Total expenditures	325	,867	167,167	93,050	
DEVENIUS OVED /INDED)					
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(112	,617)	(56,173)	(93,050)	116,899
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		_	-	93,050	-
Transfers out					(131,204)
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		93,050	(131,204)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(112	,617)	(56,173)	-	(14,305)
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year	736	,788	17,058		39,415
End of year	\$ 624	,171	\$ (39,115)	\$ -	\$ 25,110

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special	Revenue	Capital Projects			
	Abandoned Vehicle Abatement	Community Development Block Grant	2012 Street Bond	Assessment District 91-1		
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,159		
Permits and fees	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	8,750	347,654	-	-		
Interest	-	-	6,099	342		
Miscellaneous						
Total revenues	8,750	347,654	6,099	5,501		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public works	-	-	-	-		
Economic development	-	-	-	-		
Culture and leisure	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	-	337,254	392,778	-		
Debt service:			125,000			
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	125,000 280,013	-		
		227.254				
Total expenditures		337,254	797,791			
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	8,750	10,400	(791,692)	5,501		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	_	_	399,194	_		
Transfers out	-	-	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)			399,194			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	8,750	10,400	(392,498)	5,501		
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year	15,720	(25,882)	884,558	115,933		
End of year	\$ 24,470	\$ (15,482)	\$ 492,060	\$ 121,434		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Capital	Projects	
	Assessment District 92-1	Assessment District 93-2	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
Taxes	\$ 89	\$ 304	\$ 1,043,910
Permits and fees	-	-	47,030
Intergovernmental	-	-	1,913,786
Interest	-	-	11,371
Miscellaneous	_		1,274
Total revenues	89	304	3,017,371
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	5,000	5,000	2,119,217
Economic development	20,157	15,813	35,970
Culture and leisure	-	-	172,633
Capital outlay	-	-	1,226,755
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	-	125,000
Interest and fiscal charges	- _		280,013
Total expenditures	25,157	20,813	3,959,588
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES	(25,068)	(20,509)	(942,217)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in	-	_	1,007,944
Transfers out	-	-	(560,398)
Total other financing sources (uses)			447,546
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(25,068)	(20,509)	(494,671)
FUND BALANCES:			
Beginning of year	38,499	29,083	2,942,973
End of year	\$ 13,431	\$ 8,574	\$ 2,448,302

(Concluded)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual	Variance with	
	(Original		Final	 Amounts	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 33,096	\$	33,096
Intergovernmental		584,523		584,523	583,414		(1,109)
Interest		100		100	 179		79
Total revenues		584,623		584,623	 616,689		32,066
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public works		451,208		593,438	537,828		55,610
Capital outlay				5,266	 39,360		(34,094)
Total expenditures		451,208		598,704	 577,188		21,516
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		133,415		(14,081)	 39,501		53,582
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		-		33,000	-		(33,000)
Transfers out		(199,194)		(199,194)	 (199,194)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(199,194)		(166,194)	 (199,194)		(33,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(65,779)	\$	(180,275)	(159,693)	\$	20,582
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					199,659		
End of year					\$ 39,966		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Municipal Lighting / Landscaping Assessment District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amour	nts	Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	801,915	\$	801,915	\$ 758,198	\$	(43,717)
Interest		244		244	1,956		1,712
Miscellaneous	i .	250		250	 1,274		1,024
Total revenues		802,409		802,409	 761,428		(40,981)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public Works		758,175		895,963	1,042,303		(146,340)
Capital Outlay		395,772		884,582	179,457		705,125
Total expenditures		1,153,947		1,780,545	 1,221,760		558,785
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(351,538)		(978,136)	 (460,332)		517,804
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Transfers in				292,100	292,100		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(351,538)	\$	(686,036)	(168,232)	\$	517,804
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					808,434		
End of year					\$ 640,202		

City of Desert Hot Springs Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Measure A Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budgeted Original	Amour	its Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:	 Original		1 mai				all Budget
Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 540,000 50	\$	540,000 50	\$	454,537	\$	(85,463) (50)
Total revenues	540,050		540,050		454,537		(85,513)
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay	346,000		346,000		221,722		124,278
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 194,050		194,050		232,815		38,765
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	(200,000)		(200,000)		(200,000)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (5,950)	\$	(5,950)		32,815	\$	38,765
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					45,572		
End of year				\$	78,387		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Air Quality Control Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budgeted Original	l Amoun	ts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:							
Taxes Interest	\$ 35,000 10	\$	35,000 10	\$	35,803 80	\$	803 70
Total revenues	35,010		35,010		35,883		873
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Public works	 35,010		35,010		36,052		(1,042)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 				(169)		(169)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 	\$			(169)	\$	(169)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					25,942		
End of year				\$	25,773		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Art in Public Places Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	l Amount	as s		Actual	Variance with	
	C	Original		Final	A	amounts	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	116,719	\$	96,719
Interest		25	1	25		374	ı,	349
Total revenues		20,025		20,025		117,093		97,068
OTHER FINANCING USES:								
Transfers out						(30,000)		(30,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	20,025	\$	20,025		87,093	\$	67,068
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						77,648		
End of year					\$	164,741		

City of Desert Hot Springs Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Quimby Act Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budgeted Original	Amount	Final		Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget
REVENUES:	 nigiliai		rillai	A	illoulits	ГШ	ai Buuget
Licenses Interest	\$ 50,000 25	\$	80,000 25	\$	47,030 9	\$	(32,970) (16)
Total revenues	50,025		80,025		47,039		(32,986)
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay	 54,000		84,000		79,583		4,417
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (3,975)		(3,975)		(32,544)		(28,569)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	_		_		223,600		223,600
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (3,975)	\$	(3,975)		191,056	\$	195,031
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					(80,826)		
End of year				\$	110,230		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Drainage Assessment District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				A	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Taxes Interest	\$	200,571 122	\$	203,778 122	\$	211,261 1,989	\$	7,483 1,867
Total revenues		200,693		203,900		213,250		9,350
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public works		454,964		662,376		325,867		336,509
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(254,271)	\$	(458,476)		(112,617)	\$	345,859
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						736,788		
End of year					\$	624,171		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual County Service Area 152 Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	l Amoun	ts	Actual	Var	iance with
	(Original		Final	 Amounts	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$	131,710	\$	131,710	\$ 110,988	\$	(20,722)
Interest		25		25	 6		(19)
Total revenues		131,735		131,735	110,994		(20,741)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public works		130,573		170,569	 167,167		3,402
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,162		(38,834)	(56,173)		(17,339)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in				39,996			(39,996)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	1,162	\$	1,162	(56,173)	\$	(57,335)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					17,058		
End of year					\$ (39,115)		

City of Desert Hot Springs Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Cabot's Museum Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	Α	mounts	Final Budget	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Culture and leisure	\$	63,000	\$	115,695	\$	93,050	\$	22,645
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in		63,000		100,695		93,050		(7,645)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	(15,000)		-	\$	15,000
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year End of year					\$	<u>-</u>		

City of Desert Hot Springs Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual SLESF Special Revenue Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budgeted	Amour		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	 Original		Final				
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$	116,667	\$	16,667
Interest	 5		5		232		227
Total revenues	100,005		100,005		116,899		16,894
OTHER FINANCING USES:							
Transfers out	 (100,000)		(100,000)		(131,204)		(31,204)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 5	\$	5		(14,305)	\$	(14,310)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					39,415		
End of year				\$	25,110		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Abandoned Vehicle Abatement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	8,750	\$	(26,250)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	35,000	\$	35,000		8,750	\$	(26,250)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						15,720		
End of year					\$	24,470		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Community Development Block Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
		Original		Final		amounts	Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	215,000	\$	215,000	\$	347,654	\$	132,654
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay		215,000		215,000		337,254		(122,254)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$			10,400	\$	10,400
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						(25,882)		
End of year					\$	(15,482)		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual 2012 Street Bond Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Am			nts	Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES:							
Interest	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$ 6,099	\$	3,599
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Capital outlay		750		750	392,778		(392,028)
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		125,000		125,000	125,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		277,194		277,194	280,013		(2,819)
Total expenditures		402,944		402,944	 797,791		(394,847)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(400,444)		(400,444)	 (791,692)		(391,248)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		399,194		399,194	399,194		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(1,250)	\$	(1,250)	(392,498)	\$	(391,248)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					884,558		
End of year					\$ 492,060		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Assessment District 91-1 Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	0	Budgeted riginal	Amoun	ts Final	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,159	\$	5,159
Interest		25		25	 342		317
Total revenues		25		25	 5,501		5,476
EXPENDITURES:							
Public Works		55,000		55,000	 		55,000
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(54,975)		(54,975)	 5,501		60,476
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	25	\$	25	5,501	\$	5,476
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					115,933		
End of year					\$ 121,434		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Assessment District 92-1 Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
	(Original		Final	A	mounts	Fina	ıl Budget
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	89	\$	89
Interest		10		10		-		(10)
Total revenues		10		10		89		79
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works		15,000		20,000		5,000		15,000
Economic development		_		33,500		20,157		13,343
Total expenditures		15,000		53,500		25,157		28,343
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(14,990)	\$	(53,490)		(25,068)	\$	28,422
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						38,499		
End of year					\$	13,431		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Assessment District 93-2 Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts	A	Actual	Variance with	
	C	riginal		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	304	\$	304
Interest		10		10		-		(10)
Total revenues		10		10		304		294
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works		10,000		15,000		5,000		10,000
Economic development				24,085		15,813		8,272
Total expenditures		10,000		39,085		20,813		18,272
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(9,990)	\$	(39,075)		(20,509)	\$	18,566
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						29,083		
End of year					\$	8,574		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Fund accounts for financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Internal Service Funds include:

Risk Management Fund - To account for payment of the City's different types of insurance for liability, workers' compensation, property, automobile, and earthquake coverage.

Equipment Replacement Fund - To account for capital asset purchases.

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City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2018

	Risk Management		Equipment Replacement		Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	570,925	\$	23,533	\$ 594,458
Accounts receivable		10,000	-		 10,000
Total current assets		580,925		23,533	 604,458
Capital assets:					
Depreciable, net				575,882	 575,882
Total capital assets		_		575,882	575,882
Total assets		580,925		599,415	 1,180,340
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		24,051		-	24,051
Capital lease payable - due within one year		-		122,995	122,995
Claims payable - due within one year		333,550			 333,550
Total current liabilities		357,601		122,995	480,596
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Capital lease payable - due in more than one year				262,005	 262,005
Total noncurrent liabilities				262,005	262,005
Total liabilities		357,601		385,000	 742,601
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets		-		190,882	190,882
Unrestricted		223,324		23,533	 246,857
Total net position	\$	223,324	\$	214,415	\$ 437,739

City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

OPERATING REVENUES:	Risk Managemer	Equipment Replacement	Total
	¢ 212	070 ¢	e 212.070
Insurance recovery	\$ 213,		\$ 213,070
Total operating revenues	213,	-	213,070
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Insurance and clams	211,	193 -	211,193
Vehicle Expense		- 5,758	5,758
Depreciation		- 241,132	241,132
Total operating expenses	211,	193 246,890	458,083
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	1,	877 (246,890)	(245,013)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Loss on sale of capital assets		- (456)	(456)
Interest expenses		- (17,110)	(17,110)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		- (17,566)	(17,566)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	1,	877 (264,456)	(262,579)
TRANSFERS:			
Transfers in		- 115,000	115,000
Transfers out	(184,	(30,000)	(214,632)
Total transfers	(184,	632) 85,000	(99,632)
Changes in net position	(182,	755) (179,456)	(362,211)
NET POSITION:			
Beginning of year	406,	079 393,871	799,950
End of year	\$ 223,	\$ 214,415	\$ 437,739

City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Ma	Risk		quipment placement		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Receipts from claims recoveries	\$	243,597	\$	_	\$	243,597
Payments for vendor for goods and services		-		(5,758)		(5,758)
Payments for insurance claims		(271,773)				(271,773)
Net cash used in operating activities		(28,176)		(5,758)		(33,934)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers in from other funds		-		115,000		115,000
Transfers out to other funds		(184,632)		(30,000)		(214,632)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(184,632)		85,000		(99,632)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIV	TTIES:					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		9,616		9,616
Acquisition of capital assets		-		(51,102)		(51,102)
Principal paid on capital leases		-		(119,705)		(119,705)
Interest paid on capital leases				(17,110)		(17,110)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	-		(178,301)		(178,301)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(212,808)		(99,059)		(311,867)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:						
Beginning of year		783,733		122,592		906,325
End of year	\$	570,925	\$	23,533	\$	594,458
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,877	\$	(246,890)	\$	(245,013)
Depreciation Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		-		241,132		241,132
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		30,527		-		30,527
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in claims payable		24,051 (84,631)		-		24,051 (84,631)
Total adjustments		(30,053)				(30,053)
-	•		•	(5.750)	¢	,
Net cash used in operating activities	2	(28,176)	\$	(5,758)	\$	(33,934)
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Issuance of capital lease	\$	-	\$	504,705	\$	504,705

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AGENCY FUNDS

Community Services Fund - this fund was established to account for donations received for various community programs. The monies are held in a bank account until used for the designated purpose.

Community Facilities District Skyborne Fund - this fund was established to account for payments of principal and interest for the Community Facilities District municipal bonds related to the Skyborne area of the City.

Community Facilities District Fund - these funds are established to account for special tax funding that allows for the financing of the installation, operation and maintenance of public improvements. There are a total of 31 zones.

Gang Task Force Fund - this fund was established to account for all revenues and expenses received from various agencies supporting the Gang Task Force. The City is only working with the task force to manage their funding for a period of time.

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City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2018

				Agency	y Funds	S			
		ommunity Services Fund	Community Facilities District Skyborne Fund		Community Facilities District Fund		Gang Task Force Fund		Total
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	\$	226,572	\$	622,851 176,420	\$	77,243	\$	184,095	\$ 1,110,761 176,420
Accounts receivable Interest receivable		7,531		3,381 515		69		168	 10,912 752
Total assets	\$	234,103	\$	803,167	\$	77,312	\$	184,263	\$ 1,298,845
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	12,280	\$	2,251	\$	21,006	\$	-	\$ 35,537
Deposits payable		221,823		-		10,000		184,263	416,086
Due to bondholders		-		800,916		46,306		-	 847,222
Total liabilities	\$	234,103	\$	803,167	\$	77,312	\$	184,263	\$ 1,298,845

City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Balance ly 1, 2017	1	Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2018	
Community Services Fund	·					_			
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	280,421	\$	1,620,809	\$	(1,674,658)	\$	226,572	
Accounts receivable		7,565		7,531		(7,565)		7,531	
Total assets	\$	287,986	\$	1,628,340	\$	(1,682,223)	\$	234,103	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	160,265	\$	1,375,501	\$	(1,523,486)	\$	12,280	
Deposits payable		127,721		252,839		(158,737)		221,823	
Total liabilities	\$	287,986	\$	1,628,340	\$	(1,682,223)	\$	234,103	
Community Facilities District Skyborne Fund									
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	585,791	\$	222,336	\$	(185,276)	\$	622,851	
Cash with fiscal agent		181,248		177,928		(182,756)		176,420	
Accounts receivable		2,425		3,381		(2,425)		3,381	
Interest receivable		137		515		(137)		515	
Total assets	\$	769,601	\$	404,160	\$	(370,594)	\$	803,167	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	2,251	\$	185,277	\$	(185,277)	\$	2,251	
Due to bondholders		767,350		227,547		(193,981)		800,916	
Total liabilities	\$	769,601	\$	412,824	\$	(379,258)	\$	803,167	
Community Facilities District Fund									
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	99,352	\$	77,389	\$	(99,498)	\$	77,243	
Accounts receivable		1,246	•	-	•	(1,246)			
Interest receivable		19		69		(19)		69	
Total assets	\$	100,617	\$	77,458	\$	(100,763)	\$	77,312	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	55,691		64,813	\$	(99,498)	\$	21,006	
Deposits payable		5,000		65,000		(60,000)		10,000	
Due to bondholders		39,926		12,052		(5,672)		46,306	
Total liabilities	\$	100,617	\$	141,865	\$	(165,170)	\$	77,312	

City of Desert Hot Springs Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities (Continued) **Agency Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Balance July 1, 2017 Additions			Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018		
Gang Task Force Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	191,639	\$	(7,544)	\$	184,095
Interest receivable				1,310		(1,142)		168
Total assets	\$		\$	192,949	\$	(8,686)	\$	184,263
Liabilities:								
Deposits payable				192,949	\$	(8,686)		184,263
Total liabilities	\$	_	\$	192,949	\$	(8,686)	\$	184,263
Total All Agency Funds Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	965,564	\$	2,112,173	\$	(1,966,976)	\$	1,110,761
Cash with fiscal agent	Ψ	181,248	Ψ	177,928	Ψ	(1,500,570)	Ψ	176,420
Accounts receivable		11,236		10,912		(11,236)		10,912
Interest receivable		156		1,894		(1,298)		752
Total assets	\$	1,158,204	\$	2,302,907	\$	(2,162,266)	\$	1,298,845
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	218,207	\$	1,625,591	\$	(1,808,261)	\$	35,537
Deposits payable		132,721		510,788		(227,423)		416,086
Due to bondholders		807,276		239,599		(199,653)		847,222
Total liabilities	\$	1,158,204	\$	2,375,978	\$	(2,235,337)	\$	1,298,845

(Concluded)

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