FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

For the year ended April 30, 2023

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November 30, 2023

- To: Mayor and Members of the City Council Residents of the City of Effingham, Illinois
- Re: Letter of Transmittal to the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Effingham for the Fiscal year ended April 30, 2023

State law requires that all local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The statement must be audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to this requirement, we hereby issue the Audited Annual Financial Report of the City of Effingham, Illinois (the "City") for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. The management of the City is responsible for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the City has established an internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information contained in this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Kemper CPA Group LLP, a certified public accounting firm has audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component for the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was performed under *Government Auditing Standards*. These standards require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements and other matters.

Governmental accounting standards require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Profile of Government

The City of Effingham, incorporated in 1867, is located in Effingham County in east central Illinois on Interstates 57/70, 200 miles south of Chicago. It lies about midway between St. Louis and Indianapolis. The City's population is approximately 12,252 persons.

The City is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries. A local sales tax and state shared revenues are the other major sources of revenue for governmental operations. State statutes enable extension of the corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the City Council. The City is a non-home rule municipality, which may adopt local ordinances to govern its affairs and provide services, but only if authorized by an enabling state statute.

The City provides an extensive array of municipal services including public safety, public works, community development, health, welfare, cemetery, cultural services, a water and sewer utility as well as internal management support functions. The City is financially accountable for a Public Library, and Police and Firefighter Pension Funds, which are reported separately within the City's financial statements.

The City operates under a commission form of local government. The City Council, which has policymaking and legislative authority, consists of a mayor and four commissioners. The council members are elected on a nonpartisan "at large" basis every four years to a four-year term. The City Council, among other things, is responsible for passing ordinances and resolutions, and adopting the annual municipal budget.

In addition to their legislative functions, the mayor and commissioners have individual administrative powers and duties. The mayor is the chief executive officer of the municipality, responsible for legal issues, police protection, engineering, tourism, economic development, and building code enforcement. One commissioner is responsible for finance and general administration, another commissioner is responsible for street maintenance and sewer utilities, and another commissioner is responsible for fire protection, water utilities and health and safety. A fourth commissioner is responsible for the cemetery, vehicle maintenance, and public property.

The City Administrator serves the Mayor and City Council in the oversight of the day to day operations of the City. The City Administrator serves as the personnel director of the City, creates the agendas for the Council meetings, directs and supervises all departments of the City, prepares the annual budget for Council consideration, prepares public policy for Council consideration, and oversees the overall financial status of the City, including the City's fixed assets.

The Treasurer assumes responsibility for day-to-day management of the Treasurer's Office sharing responsibility and accountability for the integrity of the organizational accounting function with the City Treasurer.

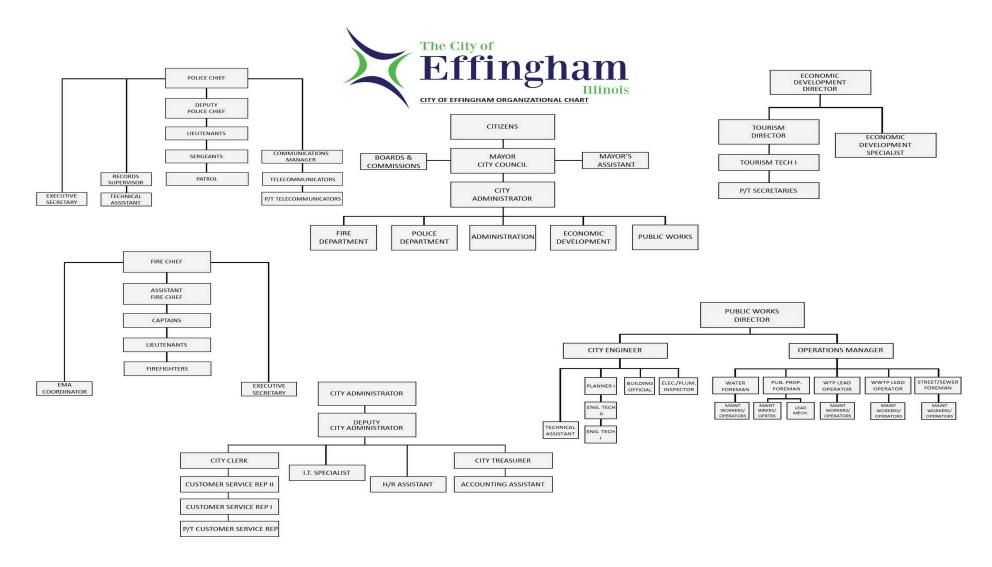
Financial Planning & Control

The budget serves as the foundation for the City's planning and control. The City's fiscal year begins May 1st and ends April 30th.

All municipal departments, commissions, boards and agencies seeking funding from the municipality are required to submit requests for budget to the City Administrator. The City Administrator uses these requests as the starting point for formulating a tentative budget.

The Budget is presented in account code classifications that enable reporting of financial data by fund, functions, and objects of expenditure. Budget to actual comparisons are provided for each individual major governmental fund for which an annual budget had been adopted. This comparison is presented following the "Notes to the Financial Statements".

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS April 30, 2023

MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

Mike Schutzbach, Mayor – Public Affairs Henry (Hank) Stephens, Commissioner – Accounts and Finance Libby Moeller, Commissioner – Streets and Public Improvements Merv Gillenwater, Commissioner – Public Health and Safety Larry Micenheimer, Commissioner – Public Property

EXECUTIVE STAFF

Steven W. Miller, City Administrator Dennis Presley, Deputy City Administrator Tracy Willenborg, City Attorney Chris Roedl, Building Official Brant Yochum, Fire Chief Justin Hayes, Public Works Operation Manager Todd Hull, Economic Development Director Jodi Thoele, Tourism Director Abbey Nosbisch, City Clerk Amanda McKay, City Librarian Jeremy Heuerman, Director of Public Works Catelyn Vail, Treasurer Billie Bales, Telecommunications Manager Christopher Niemerg, Electrical/Plumbing Inspector Jason McFarland, Chief of Police FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Effingham, Illinois

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Effingham, Illinois (the City), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Effingham, as of April 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pensions' schedules of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions, schedules of annual money-weighted rate of return and employer contributions, notes to schedules of employer contributions, other post-employment benefits schedule of employer contributions and other post-employment benefits schedule of changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios as shown in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide

us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements, Illinois Grant Accountability and Transparency Section, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the Illinois Grant Accountability and Transparency Section, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kemper CPA Group LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Mattoon, Illinois November 30, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Effingham, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Effingham, Illinois (the City) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2023-001 and 2023-002, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

80 Broadway Avenue, Ste 102 Mattoon, Illinois 61938 Phone: (217) 234-8801 Fax: (217) 234-8803 kempercpa.com

City of Effingham, Illinois' Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kemper CPA Group LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Mattoon, Illinois November 30, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the City of Effingham is intended to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information as furnished in the letter of transmittal and the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City of Effingham has total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$152,239,911 and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$55,159,974 resulting in net position of \$97,079,937 as of April 30, 2023. Of the net position, \$73,992,911 represents the City's net investment in capital assets, \$17,380,590 is held for restricted purposes, and \$5,706,436 is available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- During FY 2023, the City continued to effectuate the projects and purchases within the City's approved capital improvements plan. The projects included implementing quiet zones near railroad crossings, a new waste water treatment plant and equipment, several water main repairs, and sidewalk and street repairs.
- Illinois statutes restrict municipality general obligation debt to less than 8.625% of equalized property value. The City's general obligation debt is well below the statutory limit.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Effingham's basic financial statements. The City of Effingham's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business entities.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City of Effingham's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave, etc).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (known as governmental activities) from other functions

that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and services charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Effingham include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, economic development, and other miscellaneous activities. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer services.

In addition to these various direct operations of the City, or primary government, the government-wide financial statements also include financial information related to legally distinct entities for which the City has financial responsibility and accountability, known as component units. The City of Effingham's component units include the Effingham Firefighters Pension Fund, Effingham Police Pension Fund, and the Effingham Public Library. These entities are described in Note 1 following the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 22 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Effingham, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with various finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required by law, while others are established internally to maintain control over a particular activity. All of the funds of the City of Effingham can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of current spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources that can be converted to cash and balances available at the end of the fiscal year for future spending. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Effingham maintains fourteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund, the Tax Increment Financing fund, the Capital Projects fund, and the Debt Service Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Effingham adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison has been provided for the General fund and the Tax Increment Financing fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 – 32 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Effingham currently maintains one proprietary fund type. Enterprise funds are used to report those functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operation.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer utilities, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Effingham.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 33 - 37 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Effingham's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City does not have any fiduciary funds, but it does include the Effingham Police Pension Fund and the Effingham Firefighters Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38 - 39 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 40 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Effingham's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and postemployment benefits to its employees. The required supplementary information with regards to the pensions and OPEB can be found on pages 102 - 115 of this report.

Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual are presented following the required supplemental information on pension and postemployment benefits. The City of Effingham prepares its budget on the cash basis of accounting and the statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. It does not appear that the resulting difference would have a material effect on the financial statements. These statements can be found on pages 116 - 118 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the budget versus actual statements on major funds. Combining fund statements can be found on pages 119 - 126 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Effingham, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$97,079,937 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Effingham's net position (76%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment). The City of Effingham uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Effingham's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Effingham's net position (18%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining excess of unrestricted net position is \$5,706,436.

The primary government's net position increased by \$5,497,189. It has decreased from the prior year increase in net position of \$8,147,929. Normal operations have increased overall, however, fiscal year 2023 pension and OPEB expense totaled \$2,672,761.

| | Government | Governmental Activities | | pe Activities | Total | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | |
| Current and other assets Capital assets (net) | \$ 43,423,327 55,137,447 | \$ 42,759,938 53,774,177 | \$ 6,123,733 31,037,307 | \$ 8,579,813 31,300,260 | \$ 49,547,060 86,174,754 | \$ 51,339,751 85,074,437 | |
| Total assets | 98,560,774 | 96,534,115 | 37,161,040 | 39,880,073 | 135,721,814 | 136,414,188 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 14,261,603 | 6,684,281 | 2,256,494 | 337,286 | 16,518,097 | 7,021,567 | |
| Current liabilities Non-current liabilities | 3,490,392 33,686,271 | 2,092,118 30,436,505 | 287,665 3,183,026 | 344,235 2,614,494 | 3,778,057 36,869,297 | 2,436,353 33,050,999 | |
| Total liabilities | 37,176,663 | 32,528,623 | 3,470,691 | 2,958,729 | 40,647,354 | 35,487,352 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 13,231,095 | 14,784,169 | 1,281,525 | 1,581,486 | 14,512,620 | 16,365,655 | |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted | 44,157,345 17,169,578 1,087,696 | 42,502,685 15,103,565 (1,700,646) | 29,835,566 211,012 4,618,740 | 29,655,974 111,669 5,909,501 | 73,992,911 17,380,590 5,706,436 | 72,158,659 15,215,234 4,208,855 | |
| Total net position | \$ 62,414,619 | \$ 55,905,604 | \$ 34,665,318 | \$ 35,677,144 | \$ 97,079,937 | \$ 91,582,748 | |
| Total net position as a % of total liabilities ar deferred inflows of resources | | 118.16% | 729.46% | 785.80% | 176.00% | 176.62% | |
| Unrestricted net positio as a % of total liabit and deferred inflow of resources | lities | -3.59% | 97.19% | 130.16% | 10.35% | 8.12% | |

Governmental activities

Governmental activities increased the City of Effingham's net position by \$6,509,015, thus increasing the net position of the City of Effingham by 7.14 percent. Key elements of this increase are shown on the schedule on the next page.

Business-type activities

Business-type activities decreased the City of Effingham's net position by \$633,592, thus decreasing the net position of the City of Effingham by 0.69 percent. Key elements of this decrease are shown on the schedule on the next page.

| Z023 Z022 Z023 Z023 Z023 Z022 Z023 Z023 <thz16< th=""> Z023 Z014 Z</thz16<> | | Governmen | tal Activities | Business-Type Activities | | Тс | otal | | | | |
|--|---|---------------|----------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Program revenues: Charges for services \$ 716,533 \$ 611,024 \$ 6,528,080 \$ 6,511,716 \$ 7,244,613 \$ 7,122,74 Operating grants and contributions 896,000 200,408 - - 896,900 200,408 Capital grants and contributions 825,377 288,253 15,000 15,000 840,377 303,25 General revenue: - 9,041,357 8,809,694 - - 9,041,357 8,809,694 Income taxes 1,478,044 11,099,261 - - 11,478,044 11,099,261 Income taxes 1,900,694 2,258,450 - - 1,900,694 2,258,450 Motor fuel taxes 1,217,697 1,182,005 - - 1,217,697 1,182,005 Utility taxes 1,204,290 1,632,289 - - 1,704,290 1,632,289 Utrestricted investment 28,644,048 27,457,990 6,580,530 6,519,479 36,626,4578 33,977,464 Gain (loss) on sale of General govennment 3,164,062 2 | | 2023 | 2022 | | | 2023 | 2022 | | | | |
| Charges for services Operating grants \$ 716,533 \$ 611,024 \$ 6,528,080 \$ 6,511,716 \$ 7,244,613 \$ 7,122,74 Operating grants and contributions 896,900 200,408 - - 896,900 200,408 Capital grants and contributions 825,377 288,253 15,000 15,000 840,377 303,25 General revenue: Property taxes 9,041,357 8,809,694 - - 9,041,357 8,809,694 Income taxes 1,478,044 11,099,261 - - 1,478,044 10,099,261 - - 1,900,694 2,258,450 Hotel/motel taxes 1,217,697 1,182,005 - - 1,217,697 1,182,005 - - 1,704,290 1,632,289 - - 1,704,290 1,632,289 - - 1,704,290 1,632,289 - - 1,704,290 1,632,289 - - 426,927 443,107 - - 426,929 473,661 - - 426,929 473,661 - - </td <td>Revenues:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating grants and contributions 896,900 200,408 - - 896,900 200,40 Capital grants and contributions 825,377 288,253 15,000 15,000 840,377 303,25 General revenue: - - 9,041,357 8,809,694 - - 9,041,357 8,809,694 Property taxes 11,478,044 11,099,261 - - 11,478,044 11,099,261 Income taxes 1,0140 490,821 - - 501,140 490,821 Income taxes 1,217,697 1,182,005 - 1,217,697 1,182,005 Utility taxes 420,727 443,127 - 420,727 443,127 Other taxes 1,704,290 1,632,289 - 1,704,290 1,632,289 Umrestricted investment - - 468,992 473,661 - 468,992 473,661 capital assets 427,317 (65,195) 26,294 (17,587) 453,611 (82,78 Total revenue 29,684 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| and contributions 896,900 200,408 - - 896,900 200,408 Capital grants and contributions 825,377 288,253 15,000 15,000 840,377 303,25 General revenue: Property taxes 9,041,357 8,809,694 - - 9,041,357 8,809,694 Sales taxes 11,478,044 11,099,261 - - 11,478,044 11,099,261 Income taxes 1,900,694 2,258,450 - - 1,900,694 2,258,450 Hote/motel taxes 1,217,697 1,182,005 - - 1,71,041 200,228 Utility taxes 420,727 443,127 - - 420,727 443,127 Other taxes 1,704,290 1,632,289 - - 1,704,290 1,632,28 Unrestricted investment - - 468,992 473,661 - - 453,611 (82,78 Total revenue 29,684,048 27,457,990 6,580,530 6,519,479 36,264,578 33,9774 <td></td> <td>\$ 716,533</td> <td>\$ 611,024</td> <td>\$ 6,528,080</td> <td>\$ 6,511,716</td> <td>\$ 7,244,613</td> <td>\$ 7,122,740</td> | | \$ 716,533 | \$ 611,024 | \$ 6,528,080 | \$ 6,511,716 | \$ 7,244,613 | \$ 7,122,740 | | | | |
| Capital grants and contributions 825,377 288,253 15,000 15,000 840,377 303,25 General revenue: Property taxes 9,041,357 8,809,694 - - 9,041,357 8,809,694 Sales taxes 11,478,044 11,099,261 - - 11,478,044 11,099,261 Income taxes 13,000,694 2,228,450 - - 1300,094 2,228,450 Motor fuel taxes 1217,697 1,182,005 - 1,217,697 1,182,005 Unrestricted investment armings 84,980 34,192 11,156 10,350 96,136 44,52 Other revenues 468,992 473,661 - - 468,992 473,661 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 427,317 (65,195) 26,294 (17,587) 453,611 (82,78) General government 3,164,062 2,116,382 - - 3,164,062 2,116,382 Public safety 7.994,339 8,985,365 - 7.994,339 5,913,349 5,7 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| and contributions 825,377 288,253 15,000 15,000 840,377 303,25 General revenue: Property taxes 9,041,357 8,809,694 - - 9,041,357 8,809,694 Sales taxes 11,478,044 11,099,261 - - 1,478,044 11,099,261 Income taxes 1,900,694 2,258,450 - - 1,900,694 2,258,450 Motor fuel taxes 501,140 490,821 - - 420,727 443,127 Other taxes 1,217,697 1,182,005 - - 1,704,290 1,632,289 Unrestricted investment eatnings 84,980 34,192 11,156 10,350 96,136 44,54 Other revenues 468,992 473,661 - - 468,992 473,661 Capital assets 427,317 (65,195) 26,294 (17,587) 453,611 (82,78 General government 3,164,062 2,116,382 - - 3,164,062 2,116,38 | | 896,900 | 200,408 | - | - | 896,900 | 200,408 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | and contributions | 825,377 | 288,253 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 840,377 | 303,253 | | | | |
| | General revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Property taxes | 9,041,357 | 8,809,694 | - | - | / / | 8,809,694 | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | Sales taxes | 11,478,044 | 11,099,261 | - | - | | 11,099,261 | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Income taxes | 1,900,694 | 2,258,450 | - | - | 1,900,694 | 2,258,450 | | | | |
| Utility taxes $420,727$ $443,127$ $420,727$ $443,12$ Other taxes1,704,2901,632,2891,704,2901,632,28Unrestricted investmentearnings84,98034,19211,15610,35096,13644,54Other revenues468,992473,661468,992473,661Gain (loss) on sale of29,684,04827,457,9906,580,5306,519,47936,264,57833,977,46Expenses:General government3,164,0622,116,3823,164,0622,116,382General government3,164,0622,116,3823,164,0622,116,382Public safety7,994,3398,985,3657,994,3398,985,365Public works5,919,3495,783,2385,919,3495,783,232Culture and recreation780,242614,5991,892,8881,921,497Retirement2,672,7612,672,761-1,892,8881,921,497Interest on long-term debt304,210324,107-3,332,4304,329,7993,332,430Sewer3,331,5052,444,8173,331,5052,444,817Total expenses22,727,85119,745,1887,661,3045,777,24730,389,15525,552,433Change in net position before transfers6,956,1977,712,802(1,080,774)742,2325,875,4238,455,03Net positi | Motor fuel taxes | 501,140 | / | - | - | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 490,821 | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | Hotel/motel taxes | 1,217,697 | 1,182,005 | - | - | | 1,182,005 | | | | |
| Unrestricted investment earnings 84,980 34,192 11,156 10,350 96,136 44,54 Other revenues 468,992 473,661 - - 468,992 473,66 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 427,317 (65,195) 26,294 (17,587) 453,611 (82,78 Total revenue 29,684,048 27,457,990 6,580,530 6,519,479 36,264,578 33,977,46 Expenses: General government 3,164,062 2,116,382 - - 3,164,062 2,116,38 Public safety 7,994,339 8,985,365 - - 7,994,339 8,985,365 Culture and recreation 780,242 614,599 - - 7,802,42 614,59 Economic development 1,892,888 1,921,497 - - 1,892,888 1,921,497 Retirement 2,672,761 - - 3,031,505 2,444,817 3,331,505 2,444,817 3,331,505 2,444,817 3,331,505 2,444,817 3,331,505 2,444,817 <t< td=""><td>5</td><td>420,727</td><td>443,127</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>420,727</td><td>443,127</td></t<> | 5 | 420,727 | 443,127 | - | - | 420,727 | 443,127 | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Other taxes | 1,704,290 | 1,632,289 | - | - | 1,704,290 | 1,632,289 | | | | |
| Other revenues $468,992$ $473,661$ $468,992$ $473,661$ Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets $427,317$ $(65,195)$ $26,294$ $(17,587)$ $453,611$ $(82,78)$ Total revenue $29,684,048$ $27,457,990$ $6,580,530$ $6,519,479$ $36,264,578$ $33,977,46$ Expenses: $General government$ $3,164,062$ $2,116,382$ 3,164,062 $2,116,382$ Public safety $7,994,339$ $8,985,365$ $7,994,339$ $8,985,365$ Public works $5,919,349$ $5,783,238$ $5,919,349$ $5,783,233$ Culture and recreation $780,242$ $614,599$ $780,242$ $614,599$ Economic development $1,892,888$ $1,921,497$ $1,892,888$ $1,921,497$ Retirement $2,672,761$ $2,672,761$ $304,210$ $324,107$ Net rest on long-term debt $304,210$ $324,107$ $304,210$ $324,107$ Sewer $3,331,505$ $2,444,817$ $3,331,505$ $2,444,817$ Total expenses $22,727,851$ $19,745,188$ $7,661,304$ $5,777,247$ $30,389,155$ $25,522,433$ Change in net position before transfers $6,956,197$ $7,712,802$ $(1,080,774)$ $742,232$ $5,875,423$ $8,455,033$ Transfers $(447,182)$ $(489,807)$ $447,182$ $489,807$ Change in net position $6,5$ | Unrestricted investment | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets427,317(65,195)26,294(17,587)433,611(82,78Total revenue29,684,04827,457,9906,580,5306,519,47936,264,57833,977,46Expenses: General government3,164,0622,116,382-3,164,0622,116,382Public safety7,994,3398,985,365-7,994,3398,985,365Public works5,919,3495,783,2387,80,242614,599Cluture and recreation7,80,242614,5997,80,242614,599Economic development1,892,8881,921,4972,672,7612,672,7612,672,7612,672,7612,672,7612,672,7612,672,7612,672,761 <th <="" colspan="4" td=""><td>earnings</td><td>84,980</td><td>34,192</td><td>11,156</td><td>10,350</td><td>96,136</td><td>44,542</td></th> | <td>earnings</td> <td>84,980</td> <td>34,192</td> <td>11,156</td> <td>10,350</td> <td>96,136</td> <td>44,542</td> | | | | earnings | 84,980 | 34,192 | 11,156 | 10,350 | 96,136 | 44,542 |
| $\begin{array}{c} \mbox{capital assets} & \mbox{427,317} & \mbox{(65,195)} & \mbox{26,294} & \mbox{(17,587)} & \mbox{453,611} & \mbox{(82,78)} \\ \hline Total revenue & \mbox{29,684,048} & \mbox{27,457,990} & \mbox{6,580,530} & \mbox{6,519,479} & \mbox{36,264,578} & \mbox{33,977,46} \\ \hline Expenses: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$ | Other revenues | 468,992 | 473,661 | - | - | 468,992 | 473,661 | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c} \mbox{capital assets} & \mbox{427,317} & \mbox{(65,195)} & \mbox{26,294} & \mbox{(17,587)} & \mbox{453,611} & \mbox{(82,78)} \\ \hline Total revenue & \mbox{29,684,048} & \mbox{27,457,990} & \mbox{6,580,530} & \mbox{6,519,479} & \mbox{36,264,578} & \mbox{33,977,46} \\ \hline Expenses: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$ | Gain (loss) on sale of | | | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | 427,317 | (65,195) | 26,294 | (17,587) | 453,611 | (82,782) | | | | |
| General government $3,164,062$ $2,116,382$ $3,164,062$ $2,116,38$ Public safety $7,994,339$ $8,985,365$ $7,994,339$ $8,985,365$ Public works $5,919,349$ $5,783,238$ $5,919,349$ $5,783,233$ Culture and recreation $780,242$ $614,599$ $780,242$ $614,599$ Economic development $1,892,888$ $1,921,497$ $1,892,888$ $1,921,497$ Retirement $2,672,761$ $2,672,761$ Interest on long-term debt $304,210$ $324,107$ $304,210$ $324,107$ Water $4,329,799$ $3,332,430$ $4,329,799$ $3,332,430$ $4,329,799$ $3,331,505$ $2,444,817$ Total expenses $22,727,851$ $19,745,188$ $7,661,304$ $5,777,247$ $30,389,155$ $25,522,437$ Change in net position before transfers $6,956,197$ $7,712,802$ $(1,080,774)$ $742,232$ $5,875,423$ $8,455,037$ Transfers $(447,182)$ $(489,807)$ $447,182$ $489,807$ Change in net position before transfers $6,509,015$ $7,222,995$ $(633,592)$ $1,232,039$ $5,875,423$ $8,455,037$ Net position, beginning of year as restated $55,905,604$ $48,682,609$ $35,298,910$ $34,066,871$ $91,204,514$ $82,749,488$ | Total revenue | 29,684,048 | 27,457,990 | 6,580,530 | 6,519,479 | 36,264,578 | 33,977,469 | | | | |
| Public safety7,994,339 $8,985,365$ 7,994,339 $8,985,365$ Public works $5,919,349$ $5,783,238$ $5,919,349$ $5,783,238$ Culture and recreation $780,242$ $614,599$ $780,242$ $614,599$ Economic development $1,892,888$ $1,921,497$ $1,892,888$ $1,921,497$ Retirement $2,672,761$ 2,672,761Interest on long-term debt $304,210$ $324,107$ $304,210$ $324,107$ Water $4,329,799$ $3,332,430$ $4,329,799$ $3,332,430$ $4,329,799$ $3,331,505$ $2,444,817$ Total expenses $22,727,851$ $19,745,188$ $7,661,304$ $5,777,247$ $30,389,155$ $25,522,433$ Change in net position before transfers $6,956,197$ $7,712,802$ $(1,080,774)$ $742,232$ $5,875,423$ $8,455,033$ Transfers $(447,182)$ $(489,807)$ $447,182$ $489,807$ Change in net position before transfers $6,509,015$ $7,222,995$ $(633,592)$ $1,232,039$ $5,875,423$ $8,455,033$ Net position, beginning of year as restated $55,905,604$ $48,682,609$ $35,298,910$ $34,066,871$ $91,204,514$ $82,749,488$ | Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public works $5,919,349$ $5,783,238$ $5,919,349$ $5,783,23$ Culture and recreation $780,242$ $614,599$ $780,242$ $614,599$ Economic development $1,892,888$ $1,921,497$ $1,892,888$ $1,921,497$ Retirement $2,672,761$ 2,672,761Interest on long-term debt $304,210$ $324,107$ $304,210$ $324,107$ Water $4,329,799$ $3,332,430$ $4,329,799$ $3,332,430$ Sewer $3,331,505$ $2,444,817$ $3,331,505$ $2,444,817$ Total expenses $22,727,851$ $19,745,188$ $7,661,304$ $5,777,247$ $30,389,155$ $25,522,433$ Change in net position before transfers $6,956,197$ $7,712,802$ $(1,080,774)$ $742,232$ $5,875,423$ $8,455,033$ Transfers $(447,182)$ $(489,807)$ $447,182$ $489,807$ Change in net position before transfers $6,509,015$ $7,222,995$ $(633,592)$ $1,232,039$ $5,875,423$ $8,455,033$ Net position, beginning of year as restated $55,905,604$ $48,682,609$ $35,298,910$ $34,066,871$ $91,204,514$ $82,749,488$ | General government | 3,164,062 | 2,116,382 | - | - | 3,164,062 | 2,116,382 | | | | |
| Culture and recreation $780,242$ $614,599$ $780,242$ $614,599$ Economic development $1,892,888$ $1,921,497$ $1,892,888$ $1,921,497$ Retirement $2,672,761$ 2,672,761Interest on long-term debt $304,210$ $324,107$ $304,210$ $324,107$ Water $4,329,799$ $3,332,430$ $4,329,799$ $3,332,430$ Sewer $3,331,505$ $2,444,817$ $3,331,505$ $2,444,817$ Total expenses $22,727,851$ $19,745,188$ $7,661,304$ $5,777,247$ $30,389,155$ $25,522,433$ Change in net position before transfers $6,956,197$ $7,712,802$ $(1,080,774)$ $742,232$ $5,875,423$ $8,455,033$ Transfers $(447,182)$ $(489,807)$ $447,182$ $489,807$ Change in net position before transfers $6,509,015$ $7,222,995$ $(633,592)$ $1,232,039$ $5,875,423$ $8,455,033$ Net position, beginning of year as restated $55,905,604$ $48,682,609$ $35,298,910$ $34,066,871$ $91,204,514$ $82,749,483$ | Public safety | 7,994,339 | 8,985,365 | - | - | 7,994,339 | 8,985,365 | | | | |
| Economic development Retirement 1,892,888 1,921,497 - - 1,892,888 1,921,497 Retirement 2,672,761 - - 2,672,761 - - 2,672,761 - - 2,672,761 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 - - - 303,21,303 4329,799 3,332,433 4,329,799 3,332,433 4,329,799 3,331,505 2,2,444,817 3,331,505 2,2,444,817 3,331,505 2,5,522,433 Change in net position 6,956,197 7,712,802 (1,080,774) 742,232 5,875,423 8,455,03 - - - </td <td>Public works</td> <td>5,919,349</td> <td>5,783,238</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>5,919,349</td> <td>5,783,238</td> | Public works | 5,919,349 | 5,783,238 | - | - | 5,919,349 | 5,783,238 | | | | |
| Retirement 2,672,761 - - 2,672,761 Interest on long-term debt 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 Water - - 4,329,799 3,332,430 4,329,799 3,332,430 Sewer - - 3,331,505 2,444,817 3,331,505 2,444,817 Total expenses 22,727,851 19,745,188 7,661,304 5,777,247 30,389,155 25,522,43 Change in net position 6,956,197 7,712,802 (1,080,774) 742,232 5,875,423 8,455,03 Transfers (447,182) (489,807) 447,182 489,807 - - Change in net position 6,509,015 7,222,995 (633,592) 1,232,039 5,875,423 8,455,03 Net position, beginning of year as restated 55,905,604 48,682,609 35,298,910 34,066,871 91,204,514 82,749,48 | Culture and recreation | 780,242 | 614,599 | - | - | 780,242 | 614,599 | | | | |
| Interest on long-term debt 304,210 324,107 - - 304,210 324,107 Water - - 4,329,799 3,332,430 4,329,799 3,332,430 Sewer - - 3,331,505 2,444,817 3,331,505 2,444,817 Total expenses 22,727,851 19,745,188 7,661,304 5,777,247 30,389,155 25,522,43 Change in net position - - - 7,712,802 (1,080,774) 742,232 5,875,423 8,455,03 Transfers (447,182) (489,807) 447,182 489,807 - - Change in net position 6,509,015 7,222,995 (633,592) 1,232,039 5,875,423 8,455,03 Net position, beginning of year as restated 55,905,604 48,682,609 35,298,910 34,066,871 91,204,514 82,749,48 | Economic development | 1,892,888 | 1,921,497 | - | - | 1,892,888 | 1,921,497 | | | | |
| Water - - 4,329,799 3,332,430 4,329,799 3,332,430 Sewer - - 3,331,505 2,444,817 3,331,505 2,444,817 Total expenses 22,727,851 19,745,188 7,661,304 5,777,247 30,389,155 25,522,43 Change in net position before transfers 6,956,197 7,712,802 (1,080,774) 742,232 5,875,423 8,455,03 Transfers (447,182) (489,807) 447,182 489,807 - - Change in net position 6,509,015 7,222,995 (633,592) 1,232,039 5,875,423 8,455,03 Net position, beginning of year as restated 55,905,604 48,682,609 35,298,910 34,066,871 91,204,514 82,749,48 | | | - | - | - | | - | | | | |
| Sewer - 3,331,505 2,444,817 3,331,505 2,444,817 Total expenses 22,727,851 19,745,188 7,661,304 5,777,247 30,389,155 25,522,43 Change in net position before transfers 6,956,197 7,712,802 (1,080,774) 742,232 5,875,423 8,455,03 Transfers (447,182) (489,807) 447,182 489,807 - Change in net position 6,509,015 7,222,995 (633,592) 1,232,039 5,875,423 8,455,03 Net position, beginning of year as restated 55,905,604 48,682,609 35,298,910 34,066,871 91,204,514 82,749,48 | - | 304,210 | 324,107 | - | - | | 324,107 | | | | |
| Total expenses 22,727,851 19,745,188 7,661,304 5,777,247 30,389,155 25,522,43 Change in net position before transfers 6,956,197 7,712,802 (1,080,774) 742,232 5,875,423 8,455,03 Transfers (447,182) (489,807) 447,182 489,807 - Change in net position 6,509,015 7,222,995 (633,592) 1,232,039 5,875,423 8,455,03 Net position, beginning of year as restated 55,905,604 48,682,609 35,298,910 34,066,871 91,204,514 82,749,48 | Water | - | - | / / | | | 3,332,430 | | | | |
| Change in net position before transfers 6,956,197 7,712,802 (1,080,774) 742,232 5,875,423 8,455,03 Transfers (447,182) (489,807) 447,182 489,807 - Change in net position 6,509,015 7,222,995 (633,592) 1,232,039 5,875,423 8,455,03 Net position, beginning of year as restated 55,905,604 48,682,609 35,298,910 34,066,871 91,204,514 82,749,48 | Sewer | | | 3,331,505 | 2,444,817 | 3,331,505 | 2,444,817 | | | | |
| before transfers 6,956,197 7,712,802 (1,080,774) 742,232 5,875,423 8,455,03 Transfers (447,182) (489,807) 447,182 489,807 - - Change in net position 6,509,015 7,222,995 (633,592) 1,232,039 5,875,423 8,455,03 Net position, beginning of year as restated 55,905,604 48,682,609 35,298,910 34,066,871 91,204,514 82,749,48 | Total expenses | 22,727,851 | 19,745,188 | 7,661,304 | 5,777,247 | 30,389,155 | 25,522,435 | | | | |
| Transfers (447,182) (489,807) 447,182 489,807 - Change in net position 6,509,015 7,222,995 (633,592) 1,232,039 5,875,423 8,455,03 Net position, beginning of year as restated 55,905,604 48,682,609 35,298,910 34,066,871 91,204,514 82,749,48 | Change in net position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Change in net position6,509,0157,222,995(633,592)1,232,0395,875,4238,455,03Net position, beginning of year as restated55,905,60448,682,60935,298,91034,066,87191,204,51482,749,48 | before transfers | 6,956,197 | 7,712,802 | (1,080,774) | 742,232 | 5,875,423 | 8,455,034 | | | | |
| Net position, beginning of year as restated 55,905,604 48,682,609 35,298,910 34,066,871 91,204,514 82,749,48 | Transfers | (447,182) | (489,807) | 447,182 | 489,807 | | | | | | |
| | Change in net position | 6,509,015 | 7,222,995 | (633,592) | 1,232,039 | 5,875,423 | 8,455,034 | | | | |
| | Net position, beginning of year as restated | 55,905,604 | 48,682,609 | 35,298,910 | 34,066,871 | 91,204,514 | 82,749,480 | | | | |
| Net position, end of year \$ 62,414,619 \$ 55,905,604 \$ 34,665,318 \$ 35,298,910 \$ 97,079,937 \$ 91,204,51 | Net position, end of year | \$ 62,414,619 | \$ 55,905,604 | \$ 34,665,318 | \$ 35,298,910 | \$ 97,079,937 | \$ 91,204,514 | | | | |

Financial Analysis of the Governments' Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Effingham uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Government funds

The focus of the City of Effingham's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Effingham's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Effingham's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$34,556,701, an increase of \$5,272,824 in comparison with the prior year. The majority of the fund balance, \$17,397,317 constitutes restricted fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, \$174,627 and unassigned, \$16,984,757.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Effingham. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General fund was \$16,984,757, while total fund balance was \$18,013,022. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance and total fund balance represents 110 percent and 117 percent of the total General fund expenditures, respectively.

The General fund net change in fund balance was \$2,813,187 and \$2,705,737 for the years ended April 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The City's construction and maintenance increased as it attempted to catch-up or recover from the previous year's needed and planned purchases per the 5-Year Capital Plan.

The fund balance of the City of Effingham's Tax Increment Financing Fund - Main (TIF 1) increased by \$3,336,142 during the current fiscal year to \$6,941,907. The increase is primarily due to a decrease in construction and maintenance activity.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original 2023 General fund budget authorized expenditures and other financing uses of \$25,140,616 funded by anticipated revenues and other financing sources of \$19,455,349 leaving the amount of expenditures and other financing uses over revenues and other financing sources of \$5,685,267. The actual amount of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses \$2,813,187, a positive budget to actual variance of \$8,498,454.

The original 2023 Tax Increment Financing fund budget authorized expenditures and other financing uses of \$2,448,500 funded by anticipated revenues and other financing sources of \$3,568,800 leaving the amount of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of \$1,120,300. The actual revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses was \$3,336,142, a positive budget to actual variance of \$2,215,842. This variance is the result of fewer capital projects being started.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2023, amounts to approximately \$86 million, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, highways, and bridges. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 0.64 percent (1.50 percent increase for governmental activities and a 0.84 percent decrease for business-type activities).

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Completion of various TIF zone related upgrades
- Completion of various water mains
- Completion of the waste water treatment plant and equipment upgrades
- Completion of the Heritage Avenue Extension

The total costs of these capital projects total over \$6 million.

| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Land | \$ 6,716,262 | \$ 138,222 | \$ 6,854,484 |
| Buildings and system | 14,835,691 | 27,357,081 | 42,192,772 |
| Improvements | 1,232,853 | 2,387,358 | 3,620,211 |
| Machinery and equipment | 2,795,977 | 757,346 | 3,553,323 |
| Infrastructure | 25,068,576 | - | 25,068,576 |
| Construction in progress | 4,488,088 | 397,300 | 4,885,388 |
| | \$ 55,137,447 | \$ 31,037,307 | \$ 86,174,754 |

City of Effingham's Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$11,499,308. The City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., alternate revenue bonds) issued to finance the water treatment plant, the new police station and refinance prior debt.

| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| General obligation bonds | \$ 8,795,000 | \$- | \$ 8,795,000 |
| Refunding bonds | 940,000 | 1,265,000 | 2,205,000 |
| Obligations under capital leases | 499,308 | | 499,308 |
| | \$ 10,234,308 | \$ 1,265,000 | \$ 11,499,308 |

NET PENSION AND OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total net pension and OPEB liability (asset) as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--|
| IMRF net pension liability | \$ 2,568,317 | \$ 1,083,508 | \$ 3,651,825 | |
| Firefighter's net pension liability | 7,755,340 | - | 7,755,340 | |
| Police net pension liability | 8,886,845 | - | 8,886,845 | |
| Net OPEB liability | 2,057,799 | 305,586 | 2,363,385 | |
| | \$ 21,268,301 | \$ 1,389,094 | \$ 22,657,395 | |

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS, OR CONDITIONS

The COVID-19 pandemic hit in March 2020 and a moratorium was placed on purchasing capital vehicles, equipment and proceeding with projects for the City's fiscal year ended April 30, 2021. The City's sales tax rebounded quickly and continues to perform well. Since fiscal year ended April 30, 2021 the City attempted to catch-up or recover from the previous year's needed and planned purchases per the 5-Year Capital Plan. Although General Fund balances have increased, primarily due to sale tax revenues partially attributed to inflation, these funds will be needed to meet past and future planned purchases. The City expects to utilize these finds to meet the same past needs along with the future needs.

Other factors to consider while moving forward include:

- The expiration of Tax Increment Financing District # 1 (TIF #1). The TIF #1 funds have historically been used for general maintenance, salaries, and infrastructure to support the district boundaries. This expiration also caused a significant increase in the City's EAV.
- Inflation has increased from 2.25% to 8-9%. The same planned purchases and projects are more expensive. Some capital projects were pushed to Fiscal Year 2022-2023 due to these increases as well as the delay of receiving vehicles. The City projects two (2) to four (4) years to meet the original goals from the previous fiscal year's capital plans. The ARPA funds received are being used to partially assist with this recovery.
- Pension Funds have lost considerable value due to the current market conditions. The current actuarial report expects a one (1) to five (5) year recovery, or twenty percent (20%) increase in needed funds over the next four (4) years.
- The City also has several large capital projects, primarily roadways, that it desires to complete in the coming years. The General Fund will likely be the primary source of funding to complete these projects, due to the lack of other funding sources (i.e., TIF).

Despite the continued recovery from the pandemic, the City continued to lure industry and commercial business to the City. Several infrastructure grants were applied for and received to continue to make the City a desired location for business. The City also pressed to improve workforce needs including housing and daycare. Although the City continues to be financially responsible and sound, there is no reason to become comfortable without thoughtful forward planning and unexpected economy changes as recently suffered.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City Clerk's Office at 201 East Jefferson, Effingham, Illinois, 62401. The City Clerk can also be reached at (217) 342-5300.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2023

| | Component Unit | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Governmental | Business-type | | |
| | Activities | Activities | Total | Library |
| Assets: | | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 32,627,444 | \$ 5,076,367 | \$ 37,703,811 | \$ 1,047,420 |
| Receivables, net of allowance | 7,319,423 | 624,429 | 7,943,852 | 1,096,178 |
| Investments, at fair value | 1,405,050 | - | 1,405,050 | 77,247 |
| Internal balances | 7,837 | (7,837) | - | - |
| Inventories | - | 156,506 | 156,506 | - |
| Prepaids | 174,627 | 63,256 | 237,883 | 9,019 |
| Lease receivable | 4,372 | - | 4,372 | - |
| Restricted assets: | | | | |
| Cash | 1,107,416 | 211,012 | 1,318,428 | 1,054,260 |
| Total Current Assets | 42,646,169 | 6,123,733 | 48,769,902 | 3,284,124 |
| Noncurrent Assets: | | | | |
| Lease receivable, net of current portion | 777,158 | - | 777,158 | - |
| Capital assets (net of accumulated | | | | |
| depreciation): | | | | |
| Land | 6,716,262 | 138,222 | 6,854,484 | - |
| Buildings and system | 14,835,691 | 27,357,081 | 42,192,772 | 5,643,010 |
| Improvements | 1,232,853 | 2,387,358 | 3,620,211 | 33,815 |
| Machinery and equipment | 2,795,977 | 757,346 | 3,553,323 | 11,841 |
| Infrastructure | 25,068,576 | - | 25,068,576 | - |
| Construction in progress | 4,488,088 | 397,300 | 4,885,388 | 27,500 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 55,914,605 | 31,037,307 | 86,951,912 | 5,716,166 |
| Total assets | 98,560,774 | 37,161,040 | 135,721,814 | 9,000,290 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | | |
| Deferred amount on bond refunding | - | 80,526 | 80,526 | - |
| Deferred OPEB | 340,858 | 50,616 | 391,474 | - |
| Deferred pensions | 13,920,745 | 2,125,352 | 16,046,097 | 708,450 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 14,261,603 | 2,256,494 | 16,518,097 | 708,450 |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) April 30, 2023

| | Component Unit | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Governmental | Business-type | | |
| | Activities | Activities | Total | Library |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 2,257,545 | \$ 223,029 | \$ 2,480,574 | \$ 44,622 |
| Accrued interest payable | 114,368 | 10,952 | 125,320 | 5,154 |
| Unearned revenue and deposits | 1,118,479 | - | 1,118,479 | - |
| Customer deposits | | 53,684 | 53,684 | |
| Total Current Liabilities | 3,490,392 | 287,665 | 3,778,057 | 49,776 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | |
| Due within one year | 1,047,575 | 466,462 | 1,514,037 | 51,212 |
| Due in more than one year | 32,638,696 | 2,716,564 | 35,355,260 | 1,088,401 |
| - | | | | |
| Total liabilities | 37,176,663 | 3,470,691 | 40,647,354 | 1,189,389 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | |
| Deferred property taxes | 3,617,829 | - | 3,617,829 | 1,096,178 |
| Deferred pensions | 7,745,450 | 1,119,226 | 8,864,676 | 373,075 |
| Deferred OPEB | 1,092,900 | 162,299 | 1,255,199 | - |
| Deferred leases | 774,916 | | 774,916 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 13,231,095 | 1,281,525 | 14,512,620 | 1,469,253 |
| Net Position: | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 44,157,345 | 29,835,566 | 73,992,911 | 4,986,539 |
| Restricted for: | <i>y</i> - · <i>y</i> | -)) | | <u> </u> |
| Culture and recreation | 3,523,902 | - | 3,523,902 | - |
| Capital projects | 557,563 | - | 557,563 | - |
| Economic development | 10,517,945 | - | 10,517,945 | - |
| General government | 331,950 | - | 331,950 | 403,843 |
| Highways and streets | 1,741,363 | - | 1,741,363 | - |
| Net pension benefits | 143,115 | - | 143,115 | 46,922 |
| Public safety | 195,542 | - | 195,542 | - |
| Construction and repairs | - | - | - | 577,700 |
| Debt service | 158,198 | 211,012 | 369,210 | - |
| Unrestricted | 1,087,696 | 4,618,740 | 5,706,436 | 1,035,094 |
| Total net position | \$ 62,414,619 | \$ 34,665,318 | \$ 97,079,937 | \$ 7,050,098 |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | | Program Revenues | | | Ne | t (Expense) Revenue a | und Changes in Net Po | sition | |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | | Charges for | | Operating | Capital | | Primary Governmen | t | Component Unit |
| | Expenses | Services, Fines, and Forfeitures | | Grants and Intributions | rants and ntributions | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | Library |
| Functions/Programs: Primary government: Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | 10001 | Lionary |
| General government | \$ 3,164,062 | \$ 443,969 | \$ | 583,198 | \$ 689,966 | \$ (1,446,929) | \$ - | \$ (1,446,929) | |
| Public safety | 7,994,339 | 196,950 | | 295,335 | - | (7,502,054) | - | (7,502,054) | |
| Public works | 5,919,349 | 75,614 | | - | 135,411 | (5,708,324) | - | (5,708,324) | |
| Culture and recreation | 780,242 | - | | 18,367 | - | (761,875) | - | (761,875) | |
| Economic development | 1,892,888 | - | | - | - | (1,892,888) | - | (1,892,888) | |
| Retirement | 2,672,761 | - | | - | - | (2,672,761) | - | (2,672,761) | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 304,210 | | - | - | - | (304,210) | | (304,210) | |
| Total governmental activities | 22,727,851 | 716,533 | | 896,900 | 825,377 | (20,289,041) | | (20,289,041) | |
| Business-type activities: Water Sewer | 4,329,799 3,331,505 | 3,508,402 3,019,678 | | - | - | | (821,397) (296,827) | (821,397) (296,827) | |
| Total business-type activities | 7,661,304 | 6,528,080 | | - | 15,000 | - | (1,118,224) | (1,118,224) | |
| Total primary government | \$ 30,389,155 | \$ 7,244,613 | \$ | 896,900 | \$ 840,377 | (20,289,041) | (1,118,224) | (21,407,265) | |
| Component unit: Library | \$ 1,206,601 | \$ 40,425 | \$ | 27,973 | \$ - | | | | \$ (1,138,203) |
| | General Revenue: Property taxes Sales taxes Income taxes Motor fuel taxe Hotel/motel tax Utility taxes Other taxes Investment earn Other revenues Gain (loss) on s Transfers | nings | | | | 9,041,357 11,478,044 1,900,694 501,140 1,217,697 420,727 1,704,290 84,980 468,992 427,317 (447,182) | - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 9,041,357 11,478,044 1,900,694 501,140 1,217,697 420,727 1,704,290 96,136 468,992 453,611 | 990,074 - - 102,349 7,357 127,692 |
| | Total general | l revenues and transfe | ers | | | 26,798,056 | 484,632 | 27,282,688 | 1,227,472 |
| | Change in ne | et position | | | | 6,509,015 | (633,592) | 5,875,423 | 89,269 |
| | Net position, | , beginning of year as | restated | | | 55,905,604 | 35,298,910 | 91,204,514 | 6,960,829 |
| | Net position, | , end of year | | | | \$ 62,414,619 | \$ 34,665,318 | \$ 97,079,937 | \$ 7,050,098 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2023

| | General Fund | | | Tax Increment Financing Fund - Main | | Capital Projects Fund |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|----|---|----|-----------------------------|
| Assets: | ¢ | 16.060.016 | ¢ | (007 (71 | ¢ | 544 501 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 16,060,216 | \$ | 6,287,671 | \$ | 544,501 |
| Receivables | | 5,421,512 | | - | | - |
| Investments, at fair value | | 750,814 174,231 | | 654,236 | | - |
| Prepaid expenditures Due from other funds | | - | | - | | 13,062 |
| Cash - restricted | | 8,192 840.624 | | - | | 15,002 |
| Cash - restricted | 1 | 849,634 | | - | | |
| Total assets | \$ | 23,264,599 | \$ | 6,941,907 | \$ | 557,563 |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, | | | | | | |
| and Fund Balance: | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 950,762 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Unearned revenue | | 1,118,479 | | - | | - |
| Due to other funds | 1 | 5,225 | | - | | - |
| Total liabilities | | 2,074,466 | | | | - |
| Deferred inflow of resources: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes and unavailable revenue | | 3,177,111 | | - | | - |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | |
| Prepaid expenditures | | 174,231 | | - | | _ |
| Restricted for: | | . , - | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | - | | - | | - |
| Construction and repairs | | - | | - | | 557,563 |
| Economic development | | - | | 6,941,907 | | - |
| General government | | 658,492 | | - | | - |
| Highways and streets | | - | | - | | - |
| Public safety | | 195,542 | | - | | - |
| Debt service | | - | | - | | - |
| Unassigned | 1 | 16,984,757 | | - | | - |
| Total fund balances | | 18,013,022 | | 6,941,907 | | 557,563 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflow of | | | | | | |
| resources, and fund balance | \$ | 23,264,599 | \$ | 6,941,907 | \$ | 557,563 |

BALANCE SHEET (Continued) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2023

| | : | Debt Service Fund | | Other Nonmajor Funds | | Total overnmental Funds |
|--|----|-------------------------|----|----------------------------|----|-------------------------------|
| Assets: | ¢ | | ¢ | 0 725 056 | ¢ | 22 627 444 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | - | \$ | 9,735,056 | \$ | 32,627,444 |
| Receivables | | - | | 1,897,911 | | 7,319,423 |
| Investments, at fair value Prepaid expenditures | | - | | 396 | | 1,405,050 174,627 |
| Due from other funds | | - | | 590 | | 21,254 |
| Cash - restricted | | 257,782 | | - | | 1,107,416 |
| Casil - restricted | | 237,782 | | - | | 1,107,410 |
| Total assets | \$ | 257,782 | \$ | 11,633,363 | \$ | 42,655,214 |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, | | | | | | |
| and Fund Balance: | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | - | \$ | 1,306,783 | \$ | 2,257,545 |
| Unearned revenue | + | - | - | | + | 1,118,479 |
| Due to other funds | | - | | 8,192 | | 13,417 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total liabilities | | - | | 1,314,975 | | 3,389,441 |
| Deferred inflow of resources: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes and unavailable revenue | | - | | 1,531,961 | | 4,709,072 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | |
| Prepaid expenditures | | - | | 396 | | 174,627 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | - | | 3,528,734 | | 3,528,734 |
| Construction and repairs | | - | | - | | 557,563 |
| Economic development | | - | | 3,515,934 | | 10,457,841 |
| General government | | - | | - | | 658,492 |
| Highways and streets | | - | | 1,741,363 | | 1,741,363 |
| Public safety | | - | | - | | 195,542 |
| Debt service | | 257,782 | | - | | 257,782 |
| Unassigned | | - | | - | | 16,984,757 |
| Total fund balances | | 257,782 | | 8,786,427 | | 34,556,701 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflow of | | | | | | |
| resources, and fund balance | \$ | 257,782 | \$ | 11,633,363 | \$ | 42,655,214 |

BALANCE SHEET (Continued) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2023

| | Component Unit |
|---|--|
| | Library |
| Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Investments, at fair value Prepaid expenditures Due from other funds | \$ 1,047,420 1,096,178 77,247 9,019 |
| Cash - restricted | 1,054,260 |
| Total assets | \$ 3,284,124 |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, and Fund Balance: Liabilities: | |
| Accounts payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds | \$ 44,622 |
| Total liabilities | 44,622 |
| Deferred inflow of resources: Property taxes and unavailable revenue | 1,096,178 |
| Fund balances: Nonspendable: | 0.010 |
| Prepaid expenditures Restricted for: Culture and recreation | 9,019 |
| Construction and repairs Economic development | 577,700 |
| General government Highways and streets Public safety | 476,560 |
| Debt service Unassigned | 1,080,045 |
| Total fund balances | 2,143,324 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, and fund balance | \$ 3,284,124 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2023

| Total fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ 34,556,701 |
|--|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | 55,137,447 |
| Pension-related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the government funds. | 6,175,295 |
| Other post employment benefit-related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the government funds. | (752,042) |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. | 1,091,243 |
| Leases are recorded at the present value of future lease payments and reflected as a lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources. | 6,614 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | (33,800,639) |
| Net position of governmental activities | \$ 62,414,619 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2023

| Total fund balances - governmental component unit | \$ 2,143,324 |
|--|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental component unit activities in the statement of net position are different because: | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | 5,716,166 |
| Pension-related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the government funds. | |
| Deferred Inflows - IMRF(373,075)Deferred Outflows - IMRF708,450 | 335,375 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | |
| Bonds and notes payable (729,627) | |
| Accrued interest payable (5,154) | |
| Compensated absences (34,673) | |
| Net OPEB liability (14,143) | |
| Net IMRF pension liability (361,170) | (1,144,767) |
| Net position of governmental component unit | \$ 7,050,098 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | | General Fund |] | x Increment Financing und - Main | Capital Projects Fund | | |
|--|----|-----------------|----|--|-----------------------------|-------------|--|
| Revenues: | ¢ | 16 450 400 | ¢ | 2 520 216 | ¢ | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 16,450,492 | \$ | 3,520,316 | \$ | - | |
| Licenses and permits | | 266,083 | | - | | - | |
| Intergovernmental grants | | 839,711 | | - | | 554,567 | |
| Charges for services | | 388,734 | | - | | - | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 61,716 | | - | | - | |
| Investment income (loss) | | 38,769 | | 14,913 | | 1,751 | |
| Miscellaneous revenues | | 384,895 | | - | | - | |
| Total revenues | | 18,430,400 | | 3,535,229 | | 556,318 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 2,803,227 | | - | | - | |
| Public safety | | 7,522,809 | | - | | - | |
| Public works | | 2,451,287 | | - | | 1,012,357 | |
| Culture and recreation | | 4,025 | | - | | - | |
| Economic development | | 444,895 | | 286,506 | | - | |
| Capital outlay | | 2,210,571 | | 23,381 | | 731,294 | |
| Debt service: | | | | , | | , | |
| Principal | | - | | - | | - | |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | - | | | | - | |
| Total expenditures | | 15,436,814 | | 309,887 | | 1,743,651 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | | 2,993,586 | | 3,225,342 | | (1,187,333) | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | |
| Operating transfers in | | 278,073 | | 110,800 | | 1,290,000 | |
| Operating transfers out | | (1,653,944) | | - | | (110,800) | |
| Proceeds from sale of assets | | 1,195,472 | 1 | - | | | |
| Total other financing | | | | | | | |
| sources (uses) | | (180,399) | | 110,800 | | 1,179,200 | |
| Net change in fund balances | | 2,813,187 | | 3,336,142 | | (8,133) | |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | | | | | | |
| as restated | | 15,199,835 | | 3,605,765 | | 565,696 | |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 18,013,022 | \$ | 6,941,907 | \$ | 557,563 | |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| D | Debt Service Fund | | Other Nonmajor Funds | | Total Governmental Funds | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Revenues: | ¢ | | ¢ | 4 517 927 | ¢ | 24 499 625 |
| Taxes | \$ | - | \$ | 4,517,827 | \$ | 24,488,635 |
| Licenses and permits | | - | | - 345,634 | | 266,083 1,739,912 |
| Intergovernmental grants Charges for services | | - | | 545,054 | | 388,734 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | - | | - | | 588,754 61,716 |
| Investment income (loss) | | 3,216 | | - 18,479 | | - |
| Miscellaneous revenues | | 5,210 | | | | 77,128 |
| Miscellaneous revenues | | | | 85,319 | | 470,214 |
| Total revenues | | 3,216 | | 4,967,259 | | 27,492,422 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | | - | | - | | 2,803,227 |
| Public safety | | - | | - | | 7,522,809 |
| Public works | | - | | - | | 3,463,644 |
| Culture and recreation | | - | | 637,471 | | 641,496 |
| Economic development | | - | | 1,697,312 | | 2,428,713 |
| Capital outlay | | - | | 2,630,167 | | 5,595,413 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | |
| Principal | | 705,000 | | - | | 705,000 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 314,768 | | - | | 314,768 |
| Total expenditures | | 1,019,768 | | 4,964,950 | | 23,475,070 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (1,016,552) | | 2,309 | | 4,017,352 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Operating transfers in | | 612,929 | | - | | 2,291,802 |
| Operating transfers out | | - | | (467,058) | | (2,231,802) |
| Proceeds from sale of assets | | - | | | | 1,195,472 |
| Total other financing | | | | | | |
| sources (uses) | | 612,929 | | (467,058) | | 1,255,472 |
| Net change in fund balances | | (403,623) | | (464,749) | | 5,272,824 |
| - | | (103,023) | | (+0+,/+9) | | 3,272,024 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year as restated | | 661,405 | | 9,251,176 | | 29,283,877 |
| | | | | | _ | |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 257,782 | \$ | 8,786,427 | \$ | 34,556,701 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | Cor | nponent Unit |
|---|-----|---------------|
| | | Library |
| Revenues: | ¢ | 1 000 400 |
| Taxes | \$ | 1,092,423 |
| Licenses and permits | | - |
| Intergovernmental grants | | 27,973 |
| Charges for services Fines and forfeitures | | 40,425 |
| | | - |
| Investment income (loss) | | 7,357 |
| Miscellaneous revenues | | 127,692 |
| Total revenues | | 1,295,870 |
| Expenditures: | | |
| Current: | | |
| General government | | - |
| Public safety | | - |
| Public works | | - |
| Culture and recreation | | 1,003,991 |
| Economic development | | - |
| Capital outlay | | 27,500 |
| Debt service: | | |
| Principal | | 85,667 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 14,333 |
| Total expenditures | | 1,131,491 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | 164,379 |
| | | <u>,</u> _ |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | |
| Operating transfers in | | - |
| Operating transfers out | | - |
| Proceeds from sale of assets | | |
| Total other financing | | |
| sources (uses) | | _ |
| | | |
| Net change in fund balances | | 164,379 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | |
| as restated | | 1,978,945 |
| Fund halanaaa and of voon | ¢ | 2 1 4 2 2 2 4 |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 2,143,324 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended April 30, 2023

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ | 5,272,824 |
|---|----|-----------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because | : | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. | | |
| Capital outlay5,595,413Depreciation expense(3,507,223) | | 2,088,190 |
| In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of property is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the carrying amount of the assets sold. | | (768,155) |
| Receipt of capital assets increase net position but do not require the use of | | |
| current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. | | 43,224 |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | (103,668) |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long- term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items. | | 845,957 |
| Governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employe contributions is reported as pension and OPEB expense. In addition, governmental fund do not report pension contributions in fiduciary pension funds. | | (811,415) |
| Governmental funds report lease receipts as revenues. However, in the statement of activitie the lease receipts reduce the remaining lease receivable recorded on the statement of net position net of interest income Lease payments received (19,507) Lease revenue recognized 18,269 Interest revenue recognized 7,852 | | 6,614 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | (64,556) |
| | | |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | \$ | 6,509,015 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL COMPONENT UNIT TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended April 30, 2023

| Net change in fund balances - governmental component unit | \$ | 164,379 |
|---|----|-----------|
| Amounts reported for the governmental component unit in the statement of activities are different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. | | |
| Capital outlay 27,500 | | |
| Depreciation expense (149,834) | | (122,334) |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long- term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long- term debt. | | 85,667 |
| Governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, i the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. In addition, governmental funds do not report pension contributions in fiduciary pension funds. | n | |
| OPEB expense(12,389)IMRF pension expense(16,629) | | (29,018) |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use | | |
| of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | (9,425) |
| Change in net position of governmental component unit | \$ | 89,269 |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS April 30, 2023

| | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Totals |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Assets: | | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,181,465 | \$ 2,894,902 | \$ 5,076,367 |
| Receivables, net of allowance | 317,199 | 307,230 | 624,429 |
| Due from other funds | - | 5,225 | 5,225 |
| Inventories | 156,506 | - | 156,506 |
| Prepaid items | 37,246 | 26,010 | 63,256 |
| Total current assets | 2,692,416 | 3,233,367 | 5,925,783 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | |
| Restricted cash and | | | |
| cash equivalents | 211,012 | | 211,012 |
| | | | |
| Capital assets: | 52 212 | 96.010 | 120 222 |
| Land Buildings and system | 52,212 42,768,520 | 86,010 29,267,378 | 138,222 72,035,898 |
| Improvements | 42,768,320 | 1,772,970 | 3,351,321 |
| Machinery and equipment | 1,861,994 | 2,705,299 | 4,567,293 |
| Construction in progress | 183,444 | 213,856 | 397,300 |
| Less accumulated | 105,444 | 215,650 | 577,500 |
| depreciation | (26,889,763) | (22,562,964) | (49,452,727) |
| Total capital assets | | | |
| (net of accumulated | | | |
| depreciation) | 19,554,758 | 11,482,549 | 31,037,307 |
| | 17,554,750 | 11,402,549 | 51,057,507 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 19,765,770 | 11,482,549 | 31,248,319 |
| Total assets | 22,458,186 | 14,715,916 | 37,174,102 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | |
| Deferred amount on bond refunding | 80,526 | - | 80,526 |
| Deferred other post-employment | , | | , |
| benefits | 24,935 | 25,681 | 50,616 |
| | - | - | - |
| Deferred pensions | 1,259,468 | 865,884 | 2,125,352 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 1,364,929 | 891,565 | 2,256,494 |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS April 30, 2023

| | Water Fund | | Sewer Fund | | Totals |
|--|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------|------------------|
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 85,361 | \$ | 137,668 | \$ 223,029 |
| Accrued interest payable | | 10,952 | | - | 10,952 |
| Due to other funds Compensated absences | | 13,062 29,689 | | 21,773 | 13,062 51,462 |
| Customer deposits | | 53,684 | | 21,775 | 53,684 |
| • | | | | - | |
| Notes and bonds payable | | 415,000 | | - | 415,000 |
| Total current liabilities | | 607,748 | | 159,441 | 767,189 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | |
| Notes and bonds payable | | 864,314 | | - | 864,314 |
| Compensated absences | | 267,202 | | 195,954 | 463,156 |
| IMRF net pension liability | | 642,079 | | 441,429 | 1,083,508 |
| Net post-employment healthcare | | -) | | , | ,, |
| benefits liability | | 150,548 | | 155,038 | 305,586 |
| | | | | | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 1 | 1,924,143 | | 792,421 | 2,716,564 |
| Total liabilities | | 2,531,891 | | 951,862 | 3,483,753 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | |
| Deferred pensions | | 663,245 | | 455,981 | 1,119,226 |
| Deferred OPEB | | 79,957 | | 82,342 | 162,299 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 743,202 | | 538,323 | 1,281,525 |
| Net position: | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 18,353,017 | | 11,482,549 | 29,835,566 |
| Restricted for debt service | | 211,012 | | - | 211,012 |
| Unrestricted | | 1,983,993 | | 2,634,747 | 4,618,740 |
| Total net position | \$ 2 | 20,548,022 | \$ | 14,117,296 | \$ 34,665,318 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | WaterSewerFundFund | | | Totals |
|---|--------------------|----|------------|------------------|
| Operating revenues: | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | |
| Water sales, pledged as security | | | | |
| for revenue bonds | \$ 3,464,895 | \$ | - | \$ 3,464,895 |
| Sewer sales | - | | 2,985,613 | 2,985,613 |
| Tap and connecting fees | 43,507 | | 6,650 | 50,157 |
| Licenses and permits | - | | 13,376 | 13,376 |
| Other services | - | | 14,039 | 14,039 |
| Total operating revenues | 3,508,402 | | 3,019,678 | 6,528,080 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Cost of sales and services | 2,771,513 | | 2,284,850 | 5,056,363 |
| Administration and general | 241,490 | | 285,093 | 526,583 |
| Depreciation | 1,260,609 | | 761,562 | 2,022,171 |
| Total operating expenses | 4,273,612 | | 3,331,505 | 7,605,117 |
| Operating income | (765,210) | | (311,827) | (1,077,037) |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | |
| Capital grants | - | | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Investment earnings | 4,955 | | 6,201 | 11,156 |
| Interest expense | (56,187) | | - | (56,187) |
| Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets | 5,827 | | 20,467 | 26,294 |
| Total nonoperating | | | | |
| revenues (expenses) | (45,405) | | 41,668 | (3,737) |
| Income before | | | | |
| contributions and transfers | (810,615) | | (270,159) | (1,080,774) |
| Transfers in (out) | (30,000) | | (30,000) | (60,000) |
| Donation expense | (43,224) | | - | (43,224) |
| Contribution revenue | 526,312 | | 24,094 | 550,406 |
| Change in net position | (357,527) | | (276,065) | (633,592) |
| Total net position, beginning of year as restated | 20,905,549 | | 14,393,361 | 35,298,910 |
| Total net position, end of year | \$ 20,548,022 | \$ | 14,117,296 | \$ 34,665,318 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Totals |
|--|---|--|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees | \$ 3,483,313 (2,113,855) (914,945) | \$ 3,008,165 (1,753,840) (800,592) | \$ 6,491,478 (3,867,695) (1,715,537) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 454,513 | 453,733 | 908,246 |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Capital grants Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from the sale of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Amortization of deferred loss on bond refunding | (357,263) 5,827 (405,000) (25,016) (31,171) | 15,000 (900,140) 20,467 | $15,000 \\ (1,257,403) \\ 26,294 \\ (405,000) \\ (25,016) \\ (31,171)$ |
| Net cash used by capital and related financing activities | (812,623) | (864,673) | (1,677,296) |
| Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities: Transfers to other City funds | (30,000) | (30,000) | (60,000) |
| Net cash used by non-capital and related financing activities | (30,000) | (30,000) | (60,000) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income received | 4,955 | 6,201 | 11,156 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 4,955 | 6,201 | 11,156 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | (383,155) | (434,739) | (817,894) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning | 2,775,632 | 3,329,641 | 6,105,273 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, ending | \$ 2,392,477 | \$ 2,894,902 | \$ 5,287,379 |
| Statement of net position (proprietary funds): Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,181,465 211,012 | \$ 2,894,902 | \$ 5,076,367 211,012 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,392,477 | \$ 2,894,902 | \$ 5,287,379 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Totals |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Reconciliation of operating income | | | |
| to net cash provided by | | | |
| operating activities: | | | |
| Operating income | \$ (765,210) | \$ (311,827) | \$ (1,077,037) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating | | | |
| income to net cash provided by | | | |
| operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation expense | 1,260,609 | 761,562 | 2,022,171 |
| Increase in accounts receivable | (18,489) | (11,513) | (30,002) |
| Increase in deferred outflow pension | (1,159,194) | (796,946) | (1,956,140) |
| Decrease in deferred outflow OPEB | 4,103 | 1,658 | 5,761 |
| Decrease in deferred outflow bond refunding | 31,171 | - | 31,171 |
| Decrease in inventories | 8,035 | - | 8,035 |
| Increase in prepaid items | (6,118) | (3,127) | (9,245) |
| Increase in net pension liability | 1,407,213 | 967,459 | 2,374,672 |
| Decrease in customer deposits | (6,600) | - | (6,600) |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable | (65,884) | 21,976 | (43,908) |
| Decrease in accrued interest payable | (6,062) | - | (6,062) |
| Decrease in compensated absences | (6,907) | (42,209) | (49,116) |
| Decrease in deferred inflow pension | (218,456) | (150,189) | (368,645) |
| Increase in deferred inflow OPEB | 31,738 | 36,946 | 68,684 |
| Decrease in post-employment healthcare liability | (35,436) | (20,057) | (55,493) |
| Net cash provided | | | |
| by operating activities | \$ 454,513 | \$ 453,733 | \$ 908,246 |

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS April 30, 2023

| | Component Units | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|----|---------------|----|------------|
| | | Police | F | Firefighters' | | |
| | | Pension | | Pension | | |
| | | Fund | | Fund | | Total |
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 311,732 | \$ | 108,511 | \$ | 420,243 |
| Receivables | | 990,024 | | 955,005 | | 1,945,029 |
| Prepaid expenditures | | 3,846 | | 3,375 | | 7,221 |
| Consolidated pooled investments | | 19,400,952 | | 12,584,996 | | 31,985,948 |
| Total assets | | 20,706,554 | | 13,651,887 | | 34,358,441 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 2,385 | | 525 | | 2,910 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | |
| Deferred property tax revenue | | 990,024 | | 955,005 | | 1,945,029 |
| Net position: Held in trust for pension benefits | | | | | | |
| and other purposes | \$ | 19,714,145 | \$ | 12,696,357 | \$ | 32,410,502 |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | Component Units | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|------------|------------------|
| | Police Pension Fund | | Firefighters' Pension Fund | | Total |
| Additions: | | | | | |
| Contributions: | | | | | |
| Employer | \$ | 928,851 | \$ | 932,497 | \$ 1,861,348 |
| Plan members | | 269,202 | | 133,488 | 402,690 |
| Total contributions | | 1,198,053 | | 1,065,985 | 2,264,038 |
| Investment earnings (loss) | | 167,287 | | 96,273 | 263,560 |
| Total additions | | 1,365,340 | | 1,162,258 | 2,527,598 |
| Deductions: | | | | | |
| Benefits | | 1,515,412 | | 957,351 | 2,472,763 |
| Administrative expenses | | 59,849 | | 41,322 | 101,171 |
| Total deductions | | 1,575,261 | | 998,673 | 2,573,934 |
| Change in net position | | (209,921) | | 163,585 | (46,336) |
| Net position, beginning of year | | 19,924,066 | | 12,532,772 | 32,456,838 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ | 19,714,145 | \$ | 12,696,357 | \$ 32,410,502 |

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

Reporting Entity

The City of Effingham operates under an elected Mayor/Commissioner (five members) form of government. The City's major operations include public safety, public works, library, planning, and general and administrative services. In addition, the City operates two major enterprise activities, a water distribution system and a sewer collection system.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. In accordance with governmental accounting standards, financial accountability was determined on the basis of authoritative appointments of a voting majority of the potential component unit's board, imposition of its will on the potential component unit, the existence of a financial benefit or burden, fiscal dependency and the designation of management. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units would be combined with data of the City. Each discretely presented component unit is usually reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. However, discretely presented component units that are fiduciary in nature are reported separately in statements relating to fiduciary net position.

Discretely presented component units – The Effingham Public Library serves all of the citizens of the government and is governed by a board appointed by the City Council. The Library is reported as a governmental activity. The Effingham Police Pension Fund and the Effingham Firefighters Pension Fund are responsible for funding pensions for their respective members. Because their sole purpose is to provide pension funding for the City's police officers and firefighters, the Effingham Police Pension Fund and the Effingham Firefighters Pension Fund are treated as discretely presented component units. Since they are fiduciary in nature, these component units are presented in fiduciary net position statements. Separate financial statements are not issued for the individual component units.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to City government are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses or expenses in the funds involved. Therefore, charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government are included since elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be reported in other funds.

Tax Increment Financing Fund - Main (TIF 1) – This fund is used to account for the collection of incremental real estate tax to be used to spur redevelopment and capital improvement in the redevelopment project area.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for the resources to fund various capital construction projects, throughout the City, utilizing monies from various other funds such as Motor Fuel Tax, TIFs, Water, and Sewer.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to service interest and principal payments on long-term debt.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Major Enterprise Funds

Water Fund – These funds are used to account for the activities of the City's water source of supply, treatment, and distribution systems.

Sewer Fund – These funds are used to account for the activities of the City's sewer collection system, lift stations, and waste water treatment plant.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Included among these funds are:

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the expenditures relative to street construction and maintenance. Revenues are collected and distributed by the State of Illinois.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the collection of a 5% room occupancy tax and activities to promote tourism & overnight stays.

Ford Avenue Business District Fund - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Ford Avenue Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Effingham allocable to the operation of the Ford Avenue Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Northwest Business District Fund - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Northwest Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Effingham allocable to the operation of the Northwest Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Triangle Business District Fund - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Triangle Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Effingham allocable to the operation of the Triangle Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Banker Street Business District Fund - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of the Banker Street Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Effingham allocable to the operation of the Banker Street Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.3-1 et. seq.).

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

Interstate North Business District – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for implementation of Interstate North Business District Plan and Project, including all sales and hotel/motel tax revenues received from the State of Illinois and City of Effingham allocable to the operation of the Interstate North Business District Fund as required by the Business District Development and Redevelopment Act (65 ILCS 5/11-74.3-1 et. seq.).

Tax Increment Financing Fund - Central (TIF 3) – This fund is used to account for the collection of incremental real estate tax to be used to spur redevelopment and capital improvement in the Central redevelopment project area.

Tax Increment Financing Fund - Outer Belt West (TIF 4) - This fund is used to account for the collection of incremental real estate tax to be used to spur redevelopment and capital improvement in the Outer Belt West redevelopment project area.

Tax Increment Financing Fund - Industrial (TIF 5) – This fund is used to account for the collection of incremental real estate tax to be used to spur redevelopment and capital improvement in the South Central Industrial redevelopment project area.

Other Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City's fiduciary funds consist of the Effingham Police Pension Fund and the Effingham Firefighters Pension Fund, both of which are fiduciary type discretely presented component units.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues from exchange transactions are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from taxes or assessments on exchange transactions (sales taxes, utility taxes) are recognized when the underlying exchange transaction occurs. Revenues from shared nonexchange transactions (state income taxes, motor fuel taxes, replacement taxes) are also recognized in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, provided the State is required to share the revenues under act of law. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers revenues to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the exception of principal and interest payments on general long-term debt which are recognized as liabilities when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are recognized in the current fiscal period. Those revenues include property taxes, franchise fees, interest, and various taxes collected by the State or other party on behalf of the government. In general, other revenues, such as charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received. Deferred inflows of resources arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria or when resources are received prior to the government having a legal claim to them. The revenues are subsequently recognized when both recognition criteria are met or when the government has legal claim to the resources.

Property taxes are levied no later than the last Tuesday of December. These taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year that the levy ordinance was enacted. The taxes are payable by property owners in two equal installments around August and October subsequent to the year of the levy. The Effingham County Treasurer distributed the 2021 tax extension to the City on September 26, 2022, November 29, 2022, January 30, 2023 and February 10, 2023. The City Council adopted the 2022 tax levy (receivable in calendar year 2023) on December 6, 2022. For government-wide financial statements, the 2022 property tax levy is deferred. Taxes recorded in these financial statements are from the 2021 and prior tax levies.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water enterprise fund and the Sewer enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Deposits and Investments

The City considers cash on hand, checking accounts, savings accounts, other money market funds, and investments held with an original maturity date of less than three months to be cash and cash equivalents. Investments for the City, as well as its component units, are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of interfund loans. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are nonspendable in the fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not expendable available financial resources.

An allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable is reported in the enterprise funds for uncollectible customer utility billing receivables. As of April 30, 2023, the allowance for uncollectible accounts for the Water and Sewer Funds are \$2,000 and \$2,500, respectively.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. The City maintains materials inventories in the Water Fund.

Certain payments reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension and OPEB expense, contributions from the City after the measurement date but before the end of the City's reporting period and unrecognized items concerning a bond refunding.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In the government-wide statement of net position, the deferred inflows of resources consist of current year taxes levied and items related to pensions and OPEB. In the governmental fund balance sheet, the deferred inflows of resources consist of current year taxes levied and unavailable revenues.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, (roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City recorded these assets at historical cost if available and at estimated historical cost when historical information was not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements with estimated useful lives in excess of one year are capitalized when purchased or as projects are constructed.

Depreciation has been reported using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Land is not depreciated.

Effective May 2015, the City adopted an ordinance establishing capitalization thresholds for different classes of capital assets. The capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives are as follows:

| | | | Estimated |
|---------------------------------------|----|----------|--------------|
| Property | Т | hreshold | Useful Lives |
| Land | \$ | 10,000 | N/A |
| Artwork | \$ | 10,000 | N/A |
| Buildings | \$ | 10,000 | 50 years |
| Streets/curb/gutter/alley | \$ | 100,000 | 20 years |
| Bridges | \$ | 50,000 | 50 years |
| Sidewalks & bike paths | \$ | 10,000 | 20 years |
| Sanitary sewers | \$ | 10,000 | 50 years |
| Storm sewers | \$ | 10,000 | 50 years |
| Traffic signals | \$ | 10,000 | 20 years |
| All other infrastructure improvements | \$ | 10,000 | 20 years |
| Water & sewer system & improvements | \$ | 10,000 | 30 years |
| Fire trucks | \$ | 100,000 | 15 years |
| Vehicles | \$ | 10,000 | 7 years |
| Computer software/equipment | \$ | 5,000 | 5 years |
| Machinery & equipment | \$ | 5,000 | 5 years |
| Office equipment | \$ | 5,000 | 5 years |

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits to specified maximums. Upon separation from service, employees are eligible to receive only a portion of accumulated time. Such amounts are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. For governmental funds and the governmental component unit, the amount of compensated absences payable from available resources is recorded only when due for payment, such as when an employee retires or resigns.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds financial statements, longterm debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For the purposes of measuring the City of Effingham's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Effingham's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the City of Effingham's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the City of Effingham's Plan. For this purpose, the City of Effingham's Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The City's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense from the City's single employer defined benefit OPEB plan have been actuarially determined using the Alternative Measurement Method.

Equity Classification

For government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Equity Classification (Continued)

Unrestricted net position - The net amounts of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

For governmental fund financial statements, fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The following types of fund balances may be presented in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Nonmajor Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – the portion of a Governmental Fund's fund balance that is not available to be spent, either short term or long term, in either form or through legal restrictions.

Restricted Fund Balance – the portion of a Governmental Fund's fund balance that is subject to constraints, either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – the portion of a Governmental Fund's fund balance with self-imposed constraints or limitations that have been imposed by action of the government's highest level of decision making. The Effingham City Council can establish committed fund balances by adopting ordinances for such purposes.

Assigned Fund Balance – the portion of a Governmental Fund's fund balance to denote an intended use of resources.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of a Governmental Fund's fund balance that is not designated for a specific purpose.

It is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expenditure or expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance is available, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current or past three years.

New Accounting Pronouncements

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87 - Leases which establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activites.

2. <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between "total fund balance – total governmental funds" and "net position of governmental activities." One element of that reconciliation explains that "pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

| \$ 5,037,870 |
|-----------------|
| 5,809,552 |
| 3,073,323 |
| 13,920,745 |
| |
| (2,652,980) |
| (3,194,828) |
| (1,897,642) |
| (7,745,450) |
| \$ 6,175,295 |
| \$ |

2. <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> (Continued)

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

| Deferred component of: | |
|---|-----------------|
| Sales tax receivable | \$ 774,167 |
| State income tax receivable | 184,122 |
| State use tax receivable | 37,488 |
| Business district tax receivable | 93,912 |
| Other taxes receivable | 1,554 |
| Net adjustment to "total fund balances - total governmental | |
| funds" to arrive at "net position of governmental activities" | \$ 1,091,243 |

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

| Bonds and notes payable | \$ (9,735,000) |
|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Bond premium | (191,227) |
| Accrued interest payable | (114,368) |
| Compensated absences | (1,992,435) |
| Obligations under capital leases | (499,308) |
| Net IMRF pension liability | (2,568,317) |
| Net police pension liability | (8,886,845) |
| Net fire pension liability | (7,755,340) |
| Net OPEB liability | (2,057,799) |
| | |

Net adjustment to "total fund balances - total governmental funds" to arrive at "net position of governmental activities"

\$ (33,800,639)

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance includes a reconciliation between "change in fund balance – total governmental funds" and "change in net position of governmental activities." One element of that reconciliation states that "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds." This is the difference between current and prior year deferred amounts. The details of this difference are as follows:

2. <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> (Continued)

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

| eferred inflows of resources: | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------|
| Sales tax | \$ (188,6 | 65) |
| State income tax | (8,7 | '40) |
| State use tax | 37,4 | 88 |
| Business district tax | 93,9 | 12 |
| Franchise tax | (15,0 | (00 |
| Tourism grant | (17,6 | 535) |
| Utility tax | (5,5 | 511) |
| Other | 4 | 83 |

funds" to arrive at "changes in net position of governmental activities" \$ (103,668)

Another element of the reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

| Principal additions: | |
|---|---------------|
| Bond premium amortization | \$ 23,270 |
| Obligations under capital leases | 117,687 |
| Principal repayments: | |
| General obligation bonds | 480,000 |
| Refunding bonds | 225,000 |
| Net adjustment to "net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds" to arrive at "changes in net position of | |
| governmental activities" | \$ 845,957 |

2. <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> (Continued)

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension and OPEB expense." The details of this difference is as follows:

| Pension and OPEB expense: | |
|--|-----------------|
| IMRF pension expense | \$ (118,251) |
| Police pension expense | (431,387) |
| Firefighter's pension expense | (299,885) |
| OPEB expense | 38,108 |
| Total pension and OPEB expense | (811,415) |
| Net adjustment to "net changes in fund balances - total | |
| governmental funds" to arrive at "changes in net position of | |
| governmental activities" | \$ (811,415) |

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

| Compensated absences Accrued interest | \$ (66,466) 1,910 |
|---|-------------------------|
| Net adjustment to "net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds" to arrive at "changes in net position of | |
| governmental activities" | \$ (64,556) |

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

Deposits

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all City funds; instead, the uninvested cash balances of certain funds are maintained in a common checking account. Separate bank accounts are not required to be maintained for all City funds. The City's accounting records are maintained to show the portion of the common bank account attributable to each participating fund. At various times throughout the year, expenditures will exceed the cash available within a particular fund; therefore the City follows the practice of making temporary interfund loans.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. It is the City's policy to encourage that all funds on deposit at banks in excess of FDIC limits be secured by some form of collateral. Direct investments guaranteed by the United States or an agency of the United States do not require collateral. The City shall accept the following securities as collateral: (1) Negotiable obligations of the United States Government, (2) Negotiable obligations of any agency or instrumentality of the United States Government guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, (3) Irrevocable letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank, (4) State of Illinois General Obligations Bonds, or (5) Bonds of any Illinois municipality carrying a Moody's Triple A rating.

As of April 30, 2023, the bank balances of the City's cash deposits were \$39,436,781, of which \$916,752 was secured by FDIC insurance and \$38,520,029 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution. The bank balances of the component unit's cash deposits were \$2,108,552, of which \$251,000 was secured by FDIC insurance and \$1,857,552 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution. The bank balances of the fiduciary component units' cash deposits were \$420,243, of which \$358,511 was secured by FDIC insurance, and \$61,732 was uninsured.

Investments

Investment policies for the City's reporting entity are maintained by the City Clerk. Copies may be requested at 201 E. Jefferson Avenue, Effingham, IL 62401. Summarizations follow in subsequent sections of the Note.

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Generally, the City's investing activities are managed under the custody of the City Treasurer. Investing is performed in accordance with investment policies adopted by the City Council complying with State Statues and the City Charter. City funds may be invested in: (1) Bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills, or other securities, including obligations of the Government National Mortgage Association and Federal National Mortgage Association which are guaranteed as to principal by the full faith and credit of the government of the United States of America, (2) Interest bearing savings accounts, interest bearing certificates of deposit or time deposits, or any other investment constituting direct obligations of any institution as defined by the Illinois Banking Act and that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and (3) Illinois Funds.

On December 18, 2019, Illinois Governor JB Pritzker signed into law Public Act 101-0610, which provided the mandatory consolidation of the investment assets of the State's public safety pension funds into two consolidated investment funds – one for police pension funds and the other for firefighter pension funds, effective January 1, 2020. The transfer of the assets into the consolidated funds was required to be completed during the fiscal year. As of April 30, 2023, both the police and fire pension funds have moved to the consolidated pooled investment for management. The policies for the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund and the Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund can be viewed online at each fund's corresponding website.

| | Fair Value/ | | Investment Maturity (in Years) | | | s) |
|--|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Carrying | Credit | Less | | | More |
| | Amount | Ratings (1) | than 1 | 1 to 5 | 5 to 10 | than 10 |
| Governmental Activities Certificates of deposit | \$ 1,405,050 | N/A | \$ 1,405,050 | \$ | - \$ - | \$ - |
| Total governmental | | | | | | |
| activities | \$ 1,405,050 | | \$ 1,405,050 | \$ | - \$ - | \$ - |
| Component Unit | | | | | | |
| Mutual funds | \$ 77,247 | N/A | | | | |
| Total component | | | | | | |
| unit | \$ 77,247 | | | | | |
| Fiduciary component units: | | | | | | |
| Illinois police officer | * · · · · · · · · • • | | | | | |
| pension investment fund Illinois firefighters | \$ 19,400,952 | N/A | | | | |
| pension investment fund | 12,584,996 | N/A | | | | |
| Total fiduciary component unit activities | \$ 31,985,948 | | | | | |

As of April 30, 2023, the City's reporting entity had the following investments.

(1) Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated Credit Risk. N/A indicates not applicable.

3. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

As of April 30, 2023, the City had the following investments included in cash and cash equivalents:

| | Fair Value/ Carrying Amount | Credit Ratings (1) | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Governmental Activities Money market funds | \$ 291,175 | AAAm | | |
| | \$ 291,175 | | | |

Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City policy provides that to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows. Investments are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific maturity period, a single issuer, or an individual class of securities. The duration of the Police and Firefighters pension fund investments must coincide with the cash requirements of the Pension Board to meet short, medium, or long-term needs.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. Cumulatively, portfolios of the City may not be invested in any given financial institution in excess of 50% of the City's investment portfolio at the current time of investment placement, exclusive of United States Treasury securities or Government National Mortgage securities held in safekeeping. In addition the City will not maintain deposits in any financial institution in which the City's funds on deposit will exceed 50% of the institution's capital stock and surplus. Besides the limitations described in the credit risk section above, the pension funds have no other limitations on their investments.

4. <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables as of year-end for the City's governmental activities, business-type activities, and component unit, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

| Primary Government | | | | | | | C | Component Unit |
|----------------------|----|----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|----|-----------|----|-------------------|
| | | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total | | Library |
| Property taxes | \$ | 3,561,272 | \$ | - | \$ | 3,561,272 | \$ | 1,096,178 |
| Utility taxes | | 33,877 | | - | | 33,877 | | - |
| Income taxes | | 617,046 | | - | | 617,046 | | - |
| Sales taxes | | 2,536,150 | | - | | 2,536,150 | | - |
| Personal property | | | | | | | | |
| replacement taxes | | 148,921 | | - | | 148,921 | | - |
| Motor fuel taxes | | 43,529 | | - | | 43,529 | | - |
| Hotel/Motel taxes | | 125,674 | | - | | 125,674 | | - |
| Other taxes | | 123,053 | | - | | 123,053 | | - |
| Interest | | 140 | | - | | 140 | | - |
| Customer receivables | | - | | 624,429 | | 624,429 | | - |
| Other receivables | | 129,761 | | - | | 129,761 | | - |
| Totals | \$ | 7,319,423 | \$ | 624,429 | \$ | 7,943,852 | \$ | 1,096,178 |

As of May 1, 2022, accounts receivable balances for the governmental activities, business-type activities, and component unit were \$10,828,179, \$972,661, and \$966,000, respectively.

Receivable balances as of April 30, 2023, for fiduciary funds were as follows:

| | Police Pension Fund | | refighter's Pension Fund |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|----|--------------------------------|
| Property taxes Interest | \$ \$ 990,024 | | 955,005 |
| Totals | \$ 990,024 | \$ | 955,005 |

As of May 1, 2022, accounts receivable balances for fiduciary funds were \$914,130 for the police pension fund and \$926,037 for the firefighter's pension fund.

5. <u>DUE TO/DUE FROM</u>

Payables and receivables between funds consisted of the following at April 30, 2023:

| | Due To | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|----|----------|----|-------|--------------|
| | | | | Capital | | | |
| | C | eneral | I | Projects | | Sewer | |
| Due From | | Fund | | Fund | | Fund | Total |
| General | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 5,225 | \$ 5,225 |
| Nonmajor Governmental | | | | | | | |
| Funds | | | | | | | |
| Expense | | | | | | | |
| reimbursement | | 8,192 | | - | | - | 8,192 |
| Water fund | | | | | | | |
| Capital outlay | | - | | 13,062 | | - | 13,062 |
| Total | \$ | 8,192 | \$ | 13,062 | \$ | 5,225 | \$ 26,479 |

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2023 was as follows:

Primary Government

| | Balance | | Deletions/ | Balance |
|--|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| | April 30, 2022 | Additions | Adjustments | April 30, 2023 |
| | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | ¢ 7,022,070 | ¢ 160.007 | ¢ 769 154 | \$ 6716262 |
| Land | \$ 7,022,079 1,524,242 | \$ 462,337 | \$ 768,154 1 285 502 | \$ 6,716,262 |
| Construction in progress | 1,524,243 | 4,349,347 | 1,385,502 | 4,488,088 |
| Total capital assets, not | | | | |
| being depreciated | 8,546,322 | 4,811,684 | 2,153,656 | 11,204,350 |
| ·····8 ··· F · · · · · · | 0,0 0,0 == | .,, | | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings | 19,030,937 | - | - | 19,030,937 |
| Infrastructure | 80,756,051 | 1,385,502 | - | 82,141,553 |
| Improvements | 4,349,799 | 51,542 | - | 4,401,341 |
| Machinery and equipment | 4,458,926 | 271,730 | - | 4,730,656 |
| Vehicles | 2,101,659 | 503,683 | 204,336 | 2,401,006 |
| Fire trucks | 3,049,857 | - | - | 3,049,857 |
| Office Equipment | 548,615 | - | - | 548,615 |
| Software | 341,219 | | | 341,219 |
| | | | | |
| Total capital assets, | | | | |
| being depreciated | 114,637,063 | 2,212,457 | 204,336 | 116,645,184 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings | 3,816,627 | 378,619 | _ | 4,195,246 |
| Infrastructure | 54,646,904 | 2,426,073 | _ | 57,072,977 |
| Improvements | 3,045,867 | 122,621 | _ | 3,168,488 |
| Machinery and equipment | 3,672,573 | 210,718 | _ | 3,883,291 |
| Vehicles | 1,626,606 | 175,785 | 204,336 | 1,598,055 |
| Fire trucks | 1,859,964 | 137,591 | , | 1,997,555 |
| Office Equipment | 530,362 | 25,263 | - | 555,625 |
| Software | 210,297 | 30,553 | - | 240,850 |
| | | | | |
| Total accumulated | | | | |
| depreciation | 69,409,200 | 3,507,223 | 204,336 | 72,712,087 |
| | | | | |
| Total capital assets, | | | | |
| being depreciated, net | 45,227,863 | (1,294,766) | | 43,933,097 |
| Governmental activities | | | | |
| capital assets, net | \$ 53,774,185 | \$ 3,516,918 | \$ 2,153,656 | \$ 55,137,447 |
| ouprair associs, not | φ <i>55</i> ,77,105 | \$ 5,510,710 | φ 2,155,050 | φ 55,157,177 |

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

| | Balance April 30, 2022 | Additions | Deletions/ Adjustments | Balance April 30, 2023 |
|--|---------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Business-type activities: | | | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 138,222 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 138,222 |
| Construction in progress | 665,688 | 1,521,009 | 1,789,397 | 397,300 |
| Total capital assets, not | | | | |
| being depreciated | 803,910 | 1,521,009 | 1,789,397 | 535,522 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings | 2,496,756 | 343,160 | - | 2,839,916 |
| Water and sewer systems | 67,724,514 | 1,471,468 | - | 69,195,982 |
| Improvements | 3,351,321 | - | - | 3,351,321 |
| Machinery and equipment | 2,857,491 | 33,374 | 15,400 | 2,875,465 |
| Vehicles | 1,191,777 | 179,598 | 54,904 | 1,316,471 |
| Office equipment | 375,357 | | | 375,357 |
| Total capital assets, | | | | |
| being depreciated | 77,997,216 | 2,027,600 | 70,304 | 79,954,512 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings | 1,576,342 | 50,903 | - | 1,627,245 |
| Water and sewer systems | 41,497,042 | 1,554,530 | - | 43,051,572 |
| Improvements | 831,520 | 132,443 | - | 963,963 |
| Machinery and equipment | 2,190,969 | 189,216 | 15,400 | 2,364,785 |
| Vehicles | 1,123,604 | 57,391 | 54,904 | 1,126,091 |
| Office equipment | 281,383 | 37,688 | | 319,071 |
| Total accumulated | | | | |
| depreciation | 47,500,860 | 2,022,171 | 70,304 | 49,452,727 |
| Total capital assets, | | | | |
| being depreciated, net | 30,496,356 | 5,429 | | 30,501,785 |
| Business-type activities | | | | |
| capital assets, net | \$ 31,300,266 | \$ 1,526,438 | \$ 1,789,397 | \$ 31,037,307 |

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| Governmental activities: | |
|---|--------------|
| General government | \$ 395,965 |
| Public safety | 502,585 |
| Public works | 2,462,071 |
| Culture and recreation | 135,028 |
| Economic development | 11,574 |
| Total depreciation expense - governmental activities | \$ 3,507,223 |
| Business-type activities: | |
| Water | \$ 1,260,609 |
| Sewer | 761,562 |
| Total depreciation expense - business-type activities | \$ 2,022,171 |

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (Continued)

Component Unit

| - | | Balance | | | | | | Balance |
|--|----|---------------|----|------------|----|----------|----|--------------|
| | Aj | oril 30, 2022 | A | dditions | De | eletions | Ap | ril 30, 2023 |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Construction in progress | \$ | - | \$ | 27,500 | \$ | _ | \$ | 27,500 |
| | | | + | _,,,,,,,,, | | | | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ | 6,651,879 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 6,651,879 |
| Improvements | | 48,700 | | - | | - | | 48,700 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 150,581 | | - | | - | | 150,581 |
| Office equipment | | 43,515 | | - | | - | | 43,515 |
| Computer software | | 13,185 | | - | | | | 13,185 |
| Total capital assets | | | | | | | | |
| being depreciated | | 6,907,860 | | - | | - | | 6,907,860 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 875,831 | | 133,038 | | - | | 1,008,869 |
| Improvements | | 5,145 | | 9,740 | | - | | 14,885 |
| Machinery and equipment | | 131,684 | | 7,056 | | - | | 138,740 |
| Office equipment | | 43,515 | | - | | - | | 43,515 |
| Computer software | | 13,185 | | _ | | _ | | 13,185 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total accumulated | | | | | | | | |
| depreciation | | 1,069,360 | | 149,834 | | | | 1,219,194 |
| Total capital assets, | | | | | | | | |
| being depreciated, net | | 5,838,500 | | (149,834) | | | | 5,688,666 |
| Total capital assets, net | \$ | 5,838,500 | \$ | (122,334) | \$ | _ | \$ | 5,716,166 |
| | | | | | | | | |

7. <u>CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS</u>

The City's activity in the construction projects in progress accounts as of April 30, 2023 are as follows:

Primary Government

| | Balance il 30, 2022_ | A | dditions | | pletion/ ustment | Ар | Balance ril 30, 2023 | Estimated Completion Costs |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|-----------|--------|---------------------|----|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Thies Avenue | \$ 18,818 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 18,818 | \$ 2,267,182 |
| Ford Ave Extension | 219,449 | | 88,791 | | - | | 308,240 | 980,551 |
| Jefferson Ave Storm Sewer | 10,366 | | - | | - | | 10,366 | 219,635 |
| Rickelman Box Culvert | 933,952 | | 431,108 | | - | | 1,365,060 | 478,913 |
| East Evergreen Box Culvert | 64,367 | | 96,152 | | - | | 160,519 | 585,633 |
| Heritage Avenue | 53,324 | | 673,819 | | - | | 727,143 | 666,677 |
| West Wernsing Ave Turn Lane | 7,754 | | - | | - | | 7,754 | 247,246 |
| Second Street - Jefferson to Market | 8,290 | | 872,669 | (| 880,959) | | - | 371,710 |
| Jefferson Reconstruction | 12,369 | | 3,031 | | (15,400) | | - | 367,631 |
| OBW - North of Evergreen | 15,115 | | 474,028 | (| 489,143) | | - | 524,885 |
| East Evergreen Ave - Willenborg Int | 42,217 | | 45,690 | | - | | 87,907 | 609,283 |
| Fifth & Douglas | - | | 66,649 | | - | | 66,649 | 75,000 |
| 4th & Rickelman Intersection | - | | 39,441 | | - | | 39,441 | 429,500 |
| Rollin Hills Subdivision | - | | 467,323 | | - | | 467,323 | 830,000 |
| Boos Detention Basin - Outlet Pipe | 14,595 | | 359,352 | | - | | 373,947 | 320,405 |
| Bike Lanes | 123,627 | | 731,294 | | | | 854,921 | 126,373 |
| Total governmental | | | | | | | | |
| activities | \$ 1,524,243 | \$ 4 | 4,349,347 | \$ (1, | 385,502) | \$ | 4,488,088 | \$ 9,100,624 |

7. <u>CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS</u> (Continued)

| Primary Government (Continued) |
|--------------------------------|
|--------------------------------|

| | | | | | ~ | | | | | stimated |
|------------------------------------|---------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|----------------|---------|------------|-----------|
| | Balance | | | | Completion/ | | Balance | | Completion | |
| | Apr | il 30, 2022 | Additions | | Adjustment | | April 30, 2023 | | | Costs |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Homewood Subdivision Water Main | \$ | 149,160 | \$ | 23,623 | \$ | (172,783) | \$ | - | \$ | 150,840 |
| Outer Belt West Water Main | | 271,335 | | 108,686 | | (380,021) | | - | | 33,665 |
| Industrial TIF Water Main | | 26,627 | | 455,715 | | (482,342) | | - | | 573,374 |
| Ford Avenue Phase IA Water Main | | 22,068 | | 2,000 | | - | | 24,068 | | 2,932 |
| Main Street Water Main Replacement | | 5,000 | | - | | - | | 5,000 | | 95,000 |
| Henrietta St. Water Main | | - | | 19,835 | | - | | 19,835 | | 600,000 |
| Virginia Ave Water Main Replace. | | 9,000 | | 125,541 | | - | | 134,541 | | 116,000 |
| WWTP Generator | | 94,140 | | 316,951 | | (411,091) | | - | | 410,000 |
| Fayette Ave. Sanitary Sewer | | - | | 37,715 | | - | | 37,715 | | 750,000 |
| Jaycee Lift Station | | - | | 13,551 | | - | | 13,551 | | 50,000 |
| Sludge Shed | | 9,160 | | 334,000 | | (343,160) | | - | | 390,840 |
| IEPA Unsewered Grant/US Rt. 40 LS | | 77,224 | | 42,539 | | - | | 119,763 | | 2,072,776 |
| Park & Austin Sanitary Sewer | | - | | 8,172 | | - | | 8,172 | | 230,000 |
| Heritage Avenue Sanitary Sewer | | 1,974 | | 32,681 | | - | | 34,655 | | 48,026 |
| Total business-type | | | | | | | | | | |
| activities | \$ | 665,688 | \$ | 1,521,009 | \$ | (1,789,397) | \$ | 397,300 | \$ | 5,523,453 |

8. <u>RESTRICTED ASSETS</u>

In addition to amounts restricted for special purposes required to be accounted for in Special Revenue Funds, the General Fund has restricted general government assets, which includes \$327,832 for social security, \$326,542 for IMRF, and \$4,118 for a medical trust. The fund also has restricted public safety assets, which includes \$130,084 for fire protection and \$65,458 for police safety. The Debt Service fund has restricted cash for retirement of debt in the amount of \$257,782. The Water Fund has restricted cash of \$38,884 for customer deposits and \$211,012 for the retirement of debt. The library has restricted general government assets, which includes \$6,886 for audit, \$173,042 for liability insurance, \$18,970 for workman's compensation, \$118,219 for unemployment insurance, \$72,717 for IMRF, and \$86,726 for social security. The library also had restricted assets for construction and repairs in the amount of \$577,700.

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonds

The City issued 2012C general obligation (GO) bonds to advance refund 2006 general obligation debt certificates, originally used to construct water lines. The City pledges net revenues of the waterworks system and income taxes.

The City issued 2017 general obligation (GO) bonds to provide funds for the construction of a Police Station. The City pledges sales tax revenues to pay the debt service.

The City issued 2021A general obligation (GO) refunding bonds to refinance the note payable originally used to purchase the Effingham Performance Center. The City pledges net revenues of hotel/motel taxes.

The City issued 2021B taxable general obligation (GO) bonds to provide funds for the purchase of undeveloped land for economic development purposes. The City pledges sales tax revenues to pay the debt service.

Bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

| | Interest Rates | Amount |
|--|----------------|--------------|
| Governmental activities: | | |
| Series 2017, due December 1, 2036 | 2.0 - 4.0% | \$ 7,105,000 |
| Series 2021A, due March 15, 2027 | 2.0% | 940,000 |
| Series 2021B (taxable), due December 1, 2040 | 1.0-2.8% | 1,690,000 |
| Total governmental activities | | \$ 9,735,000 |
| Business-type activities - advanced refunding: Series 2012C, due December 1, 2025 | 2.0 - 2.3% | \$ 1,265,000 |
| Total business-type activities | | \$ 1,265,000 |

9. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable are as follows:

| | | Governmental Activities | | | | Business-typ | pe Activities | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------|----|--------------|---------------|--------|--|--|
| Year Ending April 30, | Principal | | Principal Interest | | | Principal | Interest | | | |
| 2024 | \$ | 725,000 | \$ | 295,968 | \$ | 415,000 | \$ | 27,845 | | |
| 2025 | | 745,000 | | 278,218 | | 420,000 | | 19,130 | | |
| 2026 | | 755,000 | | 259,918 | | 430,000 | | 9,890 | | |
| 2027 | | 775,000 | | 241,318 | | - | | - | | |
| 2028 | | 550,000 | | 222,168 | | - | | - | | |
| 2029 - 2033 | | 2,980,000 | | 870,463 | | - | | - | | |
| 2034 - 2038 | | 2,880,000 | | 322,795 | | - | | - | | |
| 2039 - 2043 | | 325,000 | | 18,340 | | - | | | | |
| | \$ | 9,735,000 | \$ | 2,509,188 | \$ | 1,265,000 | \$ | 56,865 | | |

The City of Effingham has complied with the general covenants of the Series 2012C, Series 2017, Series 2021A, and Series 2021B bond issues.

| | Interest Rates | Amount |
|---|-------------------|---------------|
| Component unit: | Rates | Amount |
| Washington Savings Bank note, serviced by the Library, proceeds used to renovate the library, due February 1, 2036. | 2.69% | \$ 729,627 |

9. <u>LONG-TERM DEBT</u> (Continued)

Notes and Contracts Payable (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes and contracts payable are as follows:

| | Component Unit | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------|----------|---------|--|--|
| Year Ending April 30, | P | rincipal | <u> </u> | nterest | | |
| 2024 | \$ | 47,745 | \$ | 19,335 | | |
| 2025 | | 49,010 | | 18,070 | | |
| 2026 | | 50,309 | | 16,771 | | |
| 2027 | | 51,642 | | 15,438 | | |
| 2028 | | 53,011 | | 14,069 | | |
| 2029 - 2033 | | 286,884 | | 48,516 | | |
| 2034 - 2038 | | 191,026 | | 10,213 | | |
| | \$ | 729,627 | \$ | 142,412 | | |

Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the City defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt services payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. On April 30, 2023, \$1,265,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Capital Leases

Fire Truck

The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of an E-ONE custom pumper. The lease was dated May 27, 2021 for \$616,995 and is due May 27, 2026. The City makes annual installments of \$132,310 at an interest rate of 2.37%. This net lease, under which all costs, including insurance and maintenance, are paid by the City, transfers title of the property to the City at the end of the lease.

9. <u>LONG-TERM DEBT</u> (Continued)

Capital Leases (Continued)

The asset acquired through the current capital lease is as follows:

| Asset | Governmental Activities | | | |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Fire truck Less: Accumulated depreciation | \$ | 616,995 (41,133) | | |
| | \$ | 575,862 | | |

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of April 30, 2023, were as follows:

| Years Ending April 30, | Governmental Activities | | |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 2024 2025 | \$ | 132,310 132,310 | |
| 2026 2027 2028 | | 132,310 132,310 | |
| Total minimum lease payments Less: amount representing interest | | 529,240 (29,932) | |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | | 499,308 | |

10. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended April 30, 2023 was as follows:

| | Balance April 30, 2022, | Additions | Reductions | Balance April 30, 2023 | Due Within One Year |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Primary Government: | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 9,275,000 | \$ - | \$ 480,000 | \$ 8,795,000 | \$ 495,000 |
| Refunding bonds | 1,165,000 | - | 225,000 | 940,000 | 230,000 |
| Add amounts for | | | , | , | |
| issuance premiums | 214,502 | - | 23,275 | 191,227 | N/A |
| Obligations under capital leases | 616,995 | - | 117,687 | 499,308 | 123,331 |
| Compensated absences | 1,925,951 | 66,484 | - | 1,992,435 | 199,244 |
| Net OPEB liability | 2,581,701 | - | 523,902 | 2,057,799 | N/A |
| IMRF net pension | | | | | |
| liability | - | 2,568,317 | - | 2,568,317 | N/A |
| Police pension net | | | | | |
| pension liability | 7,469,823 | 1,417,022 | - | 8,886,845 | N/A |
| Fire pension net | | | | | |
| pension liability | 7,187,533 | 567,807 | | 7,755,340 | N/A |
| Governmental | | | | | |
| activities, long- | | | | | |
| term liabilities | \$ 30,436,505 | \$ 4,619,630 | \$ 1,369,864 | \$ 33,686,271 | \$ 1,047,575 |
| | \$ 50,450,505 | \$ 4,017,050 | \$ 1,507,004 | \$ 55,000,271 | \$ 1,0 1 7,575 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | |
| Advanced refunding | | | | | |
| bonds | \$ 1,670,000 | \$ - | \$ 405,000 | \$ 1,265,000 | \$ 415,000 |
| Add amounts for | | | | | |
| issuance premiums | 19,681 | - | 5,367 | 14,314 | N/A |
| Compensated absences | 563,734 | - | 49,116 | 514,618 | 51,462 |
| Net OPEB liability | 361,079 | - | 55,493 | 305,586 | N/A |
| IMRF net pension | | | | | |
| liability | | 1,083,508 | | 1,083,508 | N/A |
| Business-type | | | | | |
| activities, long- | | | | | |
| term liabilities | \$ 2,614,494 | \$ 1,083,508 | \$ 514,976 | \$ 3,183,026 | \$ 466,462 |
| | \$ 2,011,121 | \$ 1,000,000 | ¢ 011,970 | \$ 5,105,020 | \$ 100,102 |
| Discretely Presented Component Unit: | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | \$ 24,882 | \$ 9,791 | \$ - | \$ 34,673 | \$ 3,467 |
| Net OPEB liability | 1,754 | 12,389 | - | 14,143 | N/A |
| IMRF net pension | | | | | |
| liability | - | 361,170 | - | 361,170 | N/A |
| Notes payable | 815,295 | | 85,668 | 729,627 | 47,745 |
| | \$ 841,931 | \$ 383,350 | \$ 85,668 | \$ 1,139,613 | \$ 51,212 |
| | Ψ 071,751 | \$ 565,550 | φ 05,000 | φ 1,157,015 | Ψ 21,212 |

The City utilizes general, hotel/motel, water, and sewer funds, and the discretely presented component unit to liquidate post-employment healthcare benefits and accrued compensated absences.

11. <u>TAXES</u>

Tax revenues during the year ended April 30, 2023 were as follows:

| | G | eneral Fund | | TIF Fund | Go | Other overnmental Funds | | Total |
|-------------------|----------|-------------|----------|-----------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| Property taxes | \$ | 2,303,039 | \$ | 3,520,316 | \$ | 1,356,655 | \$ | 7,180,010 |
| Sales taxes | | 10,191,709 | | - | | 1,343,600 | | 11,535,309 |
| Income taxes | | 1,909,434 | | - | | - | | 1,909,434 |
| Motor fuel taxes | | - | | - | | 501,140 | | 501,140 |
| Hotel/motel taxes | | - | | - | | 1,316,432 | | 1,316,432 |
| Utility taxes | | 426,238 | | - | | - | | 426,238 |
| Other taxes | | 1,620,072 | | - | | - | | 1,620,072 |
| T . 1. | <i>•</i> | 16 450 400 | • | | . | | <i>•</i> | a 4 400 60 |
| Total taxes | \$ | 16,450,492 | \$ | 3,520,316 | \$ | 4,517,827 | \$ | 24,488,635 |

| | | Component Units | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----|---------|----|--------------------------|--|
| | | Fiduciary Activities | | | | | |
| | Effingham Public Library | | Per | Police | | refighters nsion Fund | |
| Property taxes Other taxes: | \$ | 990,074 | \$ | 913,935 | \$ | 925,939 | |
| Replacement taxes Miscellaneous taxes | | 99,569 2,780 | | 14,916 | | 6,558 | |
| Total taxes | \$ | 1,092,423 | \$ | 928,851 | \$ | 932,497 | |

12. INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS

Intergovernmental grants during the year ended April 30, 2023 were as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------|----|--------------|-----|--------------------|----|--------------------|
| | | | | Capital | | Other | | |
| | (| General |] | Projects | Gov | vernmental | | |
| | | Fund | | Fund | | Fund | | Total |
| Federal operating grants State capital grants | \$ | 121,114 135,399 | \$ | - 554,567 | \$ | 191,856 135,411 | \$ | 312,970 825,377 |
| State operating grants Other grants and | | - | | - | | 18,367 | | 18,367 |
| contributions | | 583,198 | | | | - | | 583,198 |
| Total | \$ | 839,711 | \$ | 554,567 | \$ | 345,634 | \$ | 1,739,912 |

13. <u>COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES EXTENDED, COLLECTED, AND</u> <u>DISTRIBUTED</u>

| | 2022 | For Tax Levy Year 2021 | 2020 |
|--|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Equalized assessed valuation (EAV): City and library | \$ 377,770,853 | \$ 311,780,523 | \$ 298,622,980 |
| Rate per \$100: | | | |
| City | 1.08 | 1.26 | 1.31 |
| Library | 0.29 | 0.32 | 0.32 |
| Taxes extended: | | | |
| City | \$ 4,068,252 | \$ 3,928,060 | \$ 3,906,855 |
| Library | 1,096,178 | 993,239 | 966,852 |
| Tax Increment Financing District | 1,438,049 | 4,884,121 | 4,679,767 |
| City's share of road and bridge taxes | | | |
| extended | 230,199 | 216,321 | 205,630 |
| Total taxes extended | \$ 6,832,678 | \$ 10,021,741 | \$ 9,759,104 |
| Taxes available to City after abatements and losses in collection (2022 estimated) | \$ 6,832,299 | \$ 9,999,179 | \$ 9,711,020 |
| concentin (2022 estimated) | \$ 0,032,299 | \$ 7,777,1/9 | φ <i>7</i> ,/11,020 |
| Percentage of extension available | | | |
| to City (2022 estimated) | 99.99% | 99.77% | 99.51% |

13. <u>COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES EXTENDED, COLLECTED, AND</u> <u>DISTRIBUTED</u> (Continued)

| | For Tax Levy Year | | | Year |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|----|-----------|
| | | 2021 | | 2020 |
| Distribution of taxes available: | | | | |
| Primary Government: | | | | |
| General fund: | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 834,232 | \$ | 881,721 |
| Illinois municipal retirement | | 199,370 | | 399,324 |
| Fire protection | | 199,370 | | 59,922 |
| Police protection | | 199,370 | | 59,922 |
| Audit | | 21,942 | | 16,21 |
| Liability insurance | | 124,623 | | 135,851 |
| Street lighting | | 139,572 | | 137,283 |
| Social security tax | | 171,460 | | 184,353 |
| School crossing guard | | 23,931 | | 21,97 |
| Workers' compensation | | 134,569 | | 144,404 |
| Medicare | | 32,914 | | 43,109 |
| Road and bridge | | 215,715 | | 205,195 |
| TIF - main fund | | 3,520,316 | | 3,440,313 |
| TIF - central fund | | 669,583 | | 602,462 |
| TIF - south central industrial fund | | 187,480 | | 183,662 |
| TIF - outer belt west fund | | 499,592 | | 443,179 |
| Total primary government | \$ | 7,174,039 | \$ | 6,958,889 |
| Component Units: | | | | |
| Effingham Public Library fund | \$ | 990,979 | \$ | 966,028 |
| Police pension fund | | 911,097 | | 850,773 |
| Firefighter's pension fund | | 923,064 | | 935,330 |
| Total component units | \$ | 2,825,140 | \$ | 2,752,13 |
| Total reporting entity | \$ | 9,999,179 | \$ | 9,711,02 |

14. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers between funds during the year ended April 30, 2023 are as follows:

| | Transfers In | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | General Fund | Capital Projects | Debt Service | TIF Main | Totals | | | |
| Transfers out: | | | | | | | | |
| General fund | \$ - | \$ 1,041,015 | \$ 612,929 | \$ - | \$ 1,653,944 | | | |
| Capital projects fund | - | - | | 110,800 | 110,800 | | | |
| Nonmajor funds | 218,073 | 248,985 | - | - | 467,058 | | | |
| Water fund | 30,000 | - | - | - | 30,000 | | | |
| Sewer fund | 30,000 | | | | 30,000 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 278,073 | \$ 1,290,000 | \$ 612,929 | \$ 110,800 | \$ 2,291,802 | | | |

The City transferred money from the general fund to the capital projects fund for resurfacing and a construction project. The general fund also transferred money to debt services to fund the annual bond debt service payments. The remaining transfers are for various purposes based on the annual needs and ongoing projects of the City. Transfers are approved primarily within the annual budget and further transfers are approved on an as needed basis.

15. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u>

IMRF

Plan Description

The City of Effingham's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City of Effingham's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of an agent multiple-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The Effingham Public Library employees are included with the actuarial valuation. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriff's, deputy sheriff's, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

15. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Plans

As of December 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| 120 |
|-----|
| 77 |
| 79 |
| |
| 276 |
| |

Contributions

As set by statute, the City of Effingham's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City of Effingham's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2023 and 2022 was 8.97% and 11.78%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, the City of Effingham contributed \$554,618 to the plan. The City of Effingham also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The City of Effingham's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

15. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2022:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Fair Value of Assets.
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.25%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.25%.
- Projected Retirement Age was from the experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.
- For Non-Disabled Retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020 were used.
- For Disabled Retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
- For Active Members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2022:

15. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

| | | Long-Term |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|
| | Portfolio | Expected |
| | Target | Real Rate |
| Asset Class | Percentage | of Return |
| | | |
| Domestic Equity | 35.5% | 6.50% |
| International Equity | 18.0% | 7.60% |
| Fixed Income | 25.5% | 4.90% |
| Real Estate | 10.5% | 6.20% |
| Alternative Investments | 9.5% | 6.25-9.90% |
| Cash Equivalents | 1.0% | 4.00% |
| | | |
| Total | 100.0% | |
| | | |

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2022. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 4.05%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

15. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

| | Total Pension Liability (A) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B) | Net Pension Liability (Asset) (A) - (B) |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Balances at December 31, 2021 | \$ 40,248,505 | \$45,030,595 | \$ (4,782,090) |
| Changes for the year: | | | |
| Service cost | 418,527 | - | 418,527 |
| Interest of the total pension liabilty | 2,871,817 | - | 2,871,817 |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | |
| experience of the total pension liability | 553,989 | - | 553,989 |
| Contributions - employer | - | 575,672 | (575,672) |
| Contributions - employees | - | 354,847 | (354,847) |
| Net investment income | - | (5,853,971) | 5,853,971 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | | |
| of employee contributions | (2,239,821) | (2,239,821) | - |
| Other (net transfer) | | (27,300) | 27,300 |
| Net changes | 1,604,512 | (7,190,573) | 8,795,085 |
| Balances at December 31, 2022 | \$ 41,853,017 | \$37,840,022 | \$ 4,012,995 |

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability (asset), calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

| | 1% Lower 6.25% | Current Discount 7.25% | | 1% Higher 8.25% | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------|
| Net pension liability (asset) | \$ 8,930,247 | \$ | 4,012,995 | \$ | 85,417 |

15. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City of Effingham recognized pension expense of \$184,767. At April 30, 2023, the City of Effingham reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred | Deferred |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| | Outflows of | Inflows of |
| Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions | Resources | Resources |
| Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 541,480 | \$- |
| Changes of assumptions | - | 35,485 |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | 7,183,020 | 4,109,796 |
| Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods | 7,724,500 | 4,145,281 |
| Pension contributions subsequent to the | | |
| measurement date | 147,172 | |
| Total deferred amounts related to pensions | \$ 7,871,672 | \$ 4,145,281 |

The \$147,172 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended April 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

| | N | Net Deferred | | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------------|--|--|
| Year Ending | Outfl | Outflows/(Inflows) | | |
| December 31, | of | Resources | | |
| | | | | |
| 2023 | \$ | 28,965 | | |
| 2024 | | 653,699 | | |
| 2025 | 1,100,800 | | | |
| 2026 | 1,795,755 | | | |
| | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 3,579,219 | | |

15. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Police Pension Fund

Plan Description - Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund type component unit. Separate financial statements are not issued for this pension plan.

The Police Pension Plan is administered by a five member board of trustees. The Board consists of two trustees elected by and from the active members, one trustee elected by and from the beneficiaries of legal age of the fund, and two trustees appointed by the mayor. All board trustees terms are two years in length.

Benefits Provided – Employees hired before January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, unless the salary was greater at some point within the year prior to the last day of service. If so, the pensionable salary is averaged over the last 12 months. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired after January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 55 or more with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, and not to exceed 75% of final average salary. "Final average salary" is determined by dividing the total pensionable salary during 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of service in which total pensionable salary was the highest, by the number of months of service with the last 120 months of service in which total pensionable salary during 96 consecutive months of service with the last 120 months of service in which total pensionable salary during 96 consecutive months of service with the last 120 months of service in which total pensionable salary was the highest, by the number of months of service are entitled by the lesser of 3% or the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1st. The salary cap will not decrease. The initial increase date will be the latter of the January 1st after the pensioner turns age 60 or the January 1st after the benefit date anniversary. Subsequent increases will be granted every January 1st. The initial increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1st.

15. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Police Pension Fund (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At April 30, 2023, Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

| Active members | 27 |
|-------------------------------|----|
| Retirees and beneficiaries | 28 |
| Inactive, non-retired members | 1 |
| Total | 56 |

Contributions - As set by statute, covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the total assets for the Police Pension Plan equal at least 90% of the total actuarial liabilities by the end of 2040. There is a Formal Funding Policy that exists between the Pension Board and City. The policy states that the City will contribute 100% of the Actuarially Determined Contribution. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, the City contributed \$928,851 to the plan.

Investments – The Board of Trustees for the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund is responsible for overseeing the investment directives of the fund. The policies for the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund can be viewed online at their website.

15. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Police Pension Fund (Continued)

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the annual money weighted rate of return is 5.24%. The annual money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of pension plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| US Large | 23.00% | 4.15% |
| US Small | 5.00% | 4.54% |
| International Developed | 18.00% | 4.64% |
| International Developed Small | 5.00% | -0.25% |
| Emerging Markets | 7.00% | 5.31% |
| Private Equity (Direct) | 7.00% | 7.15% |
| Bank Loans | 3.00% | 2.48% |
| High Yield Corp. Credit | 3.00% | 2.48% |
| Emerging Market Debt | 3.00% | 2.82% |
| Private Credit | 5.00% | 4.37% |
| US TIPS | 3.00% | -0.12% |
| Real Estate/Infrastructure | 8.00% | 4.00% |
| Cash | 1.00% | -0.27% |
| Short-Term Gov't/Credit | 3.00% | 0.73% |
| US Treasury | 3.00% | -0.60% |
| Core Plus Fixed Income | 3.00% | 0.73% |

Net Pension Liability - The Police Pension Fund's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions - The following are the assumptions used to determine total pension liability at April 30, 2023:

| • | Discount rate used for the total pension liability: | 6.75% |
|---|---|--------------|
| ٠ | Expected rate of return on investments: | 6.75% |
| • | High-quality 20 year tax-exempt G.O. bond rate: | 3.53% |
| • | Projected individual pay increases: | 4.00%-14.16% |
| ٠ | Projected total payroll increases: | 3.25% |
| • | Consumer price index (urban): | 2.25% |
| • | Inflation rate: | 2.25% |

15. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Police Pension Fund (Continued)

Active Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

50% of active member deaths are assumed to be in the line of duty.

Retiree Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Police 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved fully generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Disabled Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010 Study for disabled participants. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

Spouse Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study for contingent survivors. For all rates not provided there (ages 45 and younger) the PubG-2010 Study for general employees was used. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

Other actuarial assumptions (demographic) rates are based on a review of the L&A Assumption Study for Police 2020.

For the 2022 year, the General Obligation Bond Rate has been updated. The High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt General Obligation ("G.O.") Bond Rate assumption was changed from 3.21% to 3.53%.

Single Discount Rate - A Single Discount Rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate is developed based on employee contributions for current participants, normal cost contributions for current participants, and unfunded accrued liability contributions for current and future participants. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's net fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary position is insufficient to pay benefits).

For the purposes of this valuation the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%; the municipal bond rate is 3.53% (based upon the quarterly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20 Bond G.O. Index); and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%.

15. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Police Pension Fund (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability – Changes in the net pension liability are as follows:

| | Aj | pril 30, 2023 |
|--|----|---------------|
| Total pension liability: | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 506,283 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | | 1,826,310 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | (28,085) |
| Difference between expected and actual experience of the total pension liability | | 418,004 |
| Changes of assumptions | | - |
| Benefit payments | | (1,515,412) |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 1,207,100 |
| Total pension liability - beginning of period | | 27,393,889 |
| Total pension liability - end of period | \$ | 28,600,989 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: | | |
| Employer contributions | \$ | 928,851 |
| Member contributions | | 212,624 |
| Other contributions | | 56,577 |
| Net investment income | | 146,635 |
| Benefit payments | | (1,515,412) |
| Administrative expense | | (39,197) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | (209,922) |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year | | 19,924,066 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - end of year | \$ | 19,714,144 |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 8,886,845 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability | | 68.93% |
| Covered-Employee payroll | \$ | 2,145,552 |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | | 414.20% |

15. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Police Pension Fund (Continued)

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Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 6.75%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

| | Current Single | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
| | 5.75% | 6.75% | 7.75% |
| Employer's Net Pension Liability | \$ 12,902,341 | \$ 8,886,845 | \$ 5,622,207 |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City of Effingham recognized pension expense of \$1,360,238. At April 30, 2023, the City of Effingham reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions from the following sources:

| Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods: | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Differences between projected and actual earning on pension plan | \$ 1,193,679 1,946,486 | \$ (1,656,095) - |
| investments | 2,669,387 | (1,538,733) |
| Total deferred amounts related to pensions | \$ 5,809,552 | \$ (3,194,828) |

15. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Police Pension Fund (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

| | Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows | Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Year ending April 30, | of Resources | | |
| 2024 | \$ 561,858 | 3 | |
| 2025 | 295,088 | 3 | |
| 2026 | 1,104,250 |) | |
| 2027 | 582,753 | 3 | |
| 2028 | 9,027 | 7 | |
| Thereafter | 61,748 | 3 | |
| | | _ | |
| Total | \$ 2,614,724 | 1 | |

Firefighters' Pension Fund

Plan Description – Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/4) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund type component unit. Separate financial statements are not issued for this pension plan.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan is administered by a five member board of trustees. The Board consists of two trustees elected by and from the active members, one trustee elected by and from the retired/disabled members of the fund, and two trustees appointed by the mayor. Appointed trustees' terms are not mandated, but typically serve three years.

Benefits Provided - Employees hired before January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. The Firefighters Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Subsequent increases of 3% of the current monthly benefit will be granted every January 1st thereafter.

15. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Employees hired after January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 55 or more with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, and not to exceed 75% of final average salary. "Final average salary" is determined by dividing the total pensionable salary during 48 consecutive months of service within the last 60 months of service in which total pensionable salary was the highest, by the number of months of service with the last 120 months of service in which total pensionable salary during 96 consecutive months of service with the last 120 months of service in that period, if greater). Annual salary for this purpose will not exceed the salary cap, indexed by the lesser of 3% or the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1st. The salary cap will not decrease. The initial increase date will be the latter of the January 1st after the benefit date anniversary. Subsequent increases will be granted every January 1st thereafter. The initial increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1st.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At April 30, 2023, Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

| Active members | 17 |
|-------------------------------|----|
| Retirees and beneficiaries | 18 |
| Inactive, non-retired members | |
| Total | 35 |

Contributions - As set by statute, covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the total assets for the Firefighters Pension Plan equal at least 90% of the total actuarial liabilities by the end of fiscal year 2040. There is a Formal Funding Policy that exists between the Pension Board and City. The policy states that the City will contribute 100% of the Actuarially Determined Contribution. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, the City contributed \$932,497 to the plan.

Investments – The Board of Trustees for the Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund is responsible for overseeing the investment directives of the fund. The policies for the Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund can be viewed online at their website.

15. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the annual money weighted rate of return is 6.21%. The annual money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of pension plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

| | Target | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of |
|----------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| Asset Class | Allocation | Return |
| US Equity | 31.00% | 5.20% |
| Developed Market Equity (non-US) | 16.00% | 5.10% |
| Emerging Market Equity | 8.00% | 5.50% |
| Private Equity | 5.00% | 8.60% |
| Public Credit | 3.00% | 1.80% |
| Private Credit | 5.00% | 7.00% |
| Cash Equivalents | 0.00% | -0.60% |
| Core Investment Grade Bonds | 15.00% | 1.60% |
| Long-Term Treasuries | 3.00% | 1.30% |
| TIPS | 4.00% | 0.80% |
| Real Estate | 5.00% | 4.90% |
| Infrastructure | 5.00% | 5.10% |

Net Pension Liability - The Firefighters Pension Fund's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions - The following are the assumptions used to determine total pension liability at April 30, 2023:

| • | Discount rate used for the total pension liability: Expected rate of return on investments: | 6.75% 6.75% |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| • | High-quality 20 year tax-exempt G.O. bond rate: Projected individual pay increases: | 3.53% 4.00%-19.89% |
| • | Projected total payroll increases: | 3.25% |
| • | Consumer price index (urban): | 2.25% |
| • | Inflation rate: | 2.25% |

Active Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

50% of active member deaths are assumed to be in the line of duty.

15. <u>EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS</u> (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

Retiree Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Firefighters 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved fully generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Disabled Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Firefighters 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010 Study for disabled participants improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved fully generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Spouse Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study for contingent survivors. For all rates not provided there (ages 45 and younger) the PubG-2010 Study for general employees was used. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

Other actuarial assumptions (demographic) rates are based on a review of the L&A Assumption Study for Firefighters 2020.

For the 2022 year, the General Obligation Bond Rate has been updated. The High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt General Obligation ("G.O.") Bond Rate assumption was changed from 3.21% to 3.53%.

Single Discount Rate - A Single Discount Rate of 6.75% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate is developed based on employee contributions for current participants, normal cost contributions for current participants, and unfunded accrued liability contributions for current and future participants. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's net fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary position is insufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.75%, the municipal bond rate is 3.53% (based upon the quarterly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20 Bond G.O. Index), and the resulting single discount rate is 6.75%.

15. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability – Changes in the net pension liability are as follows:

| | Aj | oril 30, 2023 |
|--|----|---------------|
| Total pension liability: | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 458,725 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | | 1,297,485 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | (20,609) |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | |
| of the total pension liability | | (38,268) |
| Changes of assumptions | | (8,594) |
| Benefit payments | | (957,350) |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 731,389 |
| Total pension liability - beginning of period | | 19,720,308 |
| Total pension liability - end of period | \$ | 20,451,697 |
| Plan fiduciony not nosition. | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position: Employer contributions | \$ | 932,496 |
| Member contributions | φ | 133,488 |
| Other contributions | | 155,400 |
| Net investment income | | 85,902 |
| Benefit payments | | (957,350) |
| Administrative expense | | (30,954) |
| | | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 163,582 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year | | 12,532,775 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - end of year | \$ | 12,696,357 |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 7,755,340 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total | | |
| pension liability | | 62.08% |
| Covered-Employee payroll | \$ | 1,403,656 |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of | | |
| covered-employee payroll | | 552.51% |

15. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

-

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 6.75%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

| | Current | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
| | 5.75% | 6.75% | 7.75% |
| Employer's Net Pension Liability | \$ 10,429,711 | \$ 7,755,340 | \$ 5,536,366 |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City of Effingham recognized pension expense of \$1,232,381. At April 30, 2023, the City of Effingham reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions from the following sources:

| Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods: | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Differences between projected and | \$ 291,941 1,057,790 | \$ (1,000,928) (7,053) |
| actual earning on pension plan investments | 1,723,592 | (889,661) |
| Total deferred amounts related to pensions | \$ 3,073,323 | \$ (1,897,642) |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

15. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

| | Ne | Net Deferred | | |
|-----------------------|--------|---------------|--|--|
| | Outflo | ows (Inflows) | | |
| Year ending April 30, | of | Resources | | |
| 2024 | \$ | 424,271 | | |
| 2025 | | 247,411 | | |
| 2026 | | 481,883 | | |
| 2027 | | 26,978 | | |
| 2028 | | (4,862) | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,175,681 | | |

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the City's net aggregate pension expense for all plans was \$2,777,386.

16. <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS</u>

Plan Description

The City of Effingham provides a single-employer defined-benefit postemployment healthcare plan to retirees who participate in the IMRF, Police and Firefighter retirement plans. This plan extends the same health benefits to annuitants as to active employees in the IMRF, Police and Firefighter plans. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No.'s 74 and 75 that established generally accepted accounting principles for the annual financial statements for postemployment benefit plans other than pension plans. The required information is as follows:

Eligibility Provisions

Full-Time Employees – IMRF

Tier I IMRF Full-Time employees: Age 55 with at least 8 years of service (reduced pension) Age 55 with at least 30 years of service (reduced pension) Age 55 with at least 35 years of service (full pension) Age 60 with at least 8 years of service (full pension) Tier II IMRF Full-Time employees: Age 62 with at least 10 years of service (reduced pension) Age 62 with at least 30 years of service (reduced pension) Age 62 with at least 35 years of service (full pension) Age 62 with at least 35 years of service (full pension) Age 67 with at least 10 years of service (full pension)

16. <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)</u>

Plan Description (Continued)

Eligibility Provisions (Continued)

Full-Time Employees – Police

Tier I Full-Time Police Officers, at least 50 years old with at least 20 years of service are covered. Tier II Full-Time Police Officers, at least 55 years old with at least 10 years of service are covered.

Full-Time Employees – Fire

Tier I Full-Time Firefighters, at least 50 years old with at least 20 years of service are covered. Tier II Full-Time Firefighters, at least 55 years old with at least 10 years of service are covered.

Benefits Provided

The City of Effingham provides continued health insurance coverage at the blended employer rate to all eligible City retirees in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. The City offers the Blue Cross Blue Shield PPO and PPO-H.S.A. Plans to full-time IMRF, Police, and Fire employees. Retirees pay the full cost of coverage and may continue to be covered under the City's plan past Medicare eligibility. Eligible spouse or dependent coverage may continue should the retiree coverage terminate under COBRA provisions when an applicable qualifying event occurs. The spouse or dependent is responsible for the full cost of the coverage and may continue to be covered under the City's plan past Medicare eligibility.

The City of Effingham provides dental, vision, and life insurance coverage to all eligible employees in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes. Retirees may not continue dental or vision coverage into retirement. However, they may convert their life insurance policy to an individual one directly with the insurance provider. The Retiree is responsible for the full cost of coverage.

Membership

At April 30, 2023 membership consisted of:

| Active employees | 113 |
|---|-----|
| Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments | 16 |
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments | |
| Total | 129 |

16. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Funding Policy and Contributions

There is no funding policy that exists for the postretirement plan at this time, as the total OPEB liabilities are currently an unfunded obligation.

The employer contributions and benefit payments are related to the increase in active premiums due to the presence of retirees in the determination of blended retiree/active premiums.

The contributions of \$220,418 from the City of Effingham and benefits payments of \$220,418 from the City of Effingham are contributions made to and benefit payments made from the OPEB Plan that were not directly made to or from an OPEB Trust.

Net OPEB Liability

The total OPEB liability for the current fiscal year has been developed based on the May 1, 2022 actuarial valuation date and adjusted to the April 30, 2023 measurement date based on procedures that conform to the Alternative Measurement Method and generally accepted actuarial principles and practices.

Actuarial Assumptions

| Discount rate used for the total OPEB liability | 3.53% |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Long-term expected rate of return on plan assets | N/A. OPEB obligation is unfunded. |
| High quality 20 year tax-exempt G.O. Bond rates | 3.53% |
| Salary increases | 2.75% |
| Annual blended premium | See table below |
| Healthcare cost trend rates | See table below |
| Retiree contribution rates | Same as Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. |

| | | Under | Δge | 65 | | Age 65 | .&_(| Wer | |
|-------------|--------|---------|---------------|-----------------|----|---------------------|------|--------|--|
| | | Retiree | | 0 | | Retiree | | Spouse | |
| PPO - H.S.A | \$ | 9,205 | \$ | 8,942 | \$ | 5,196 | \$ | 5,196 | |
| PPO 500 | \$ | 11,981 | \$ | 11,505 | \$ | 6,799 | \$ | 6,800 | |
| PPO 1250 | \$ | 11,369 | \$ | 10,917 | \$ | 6,512 | \$ | 6,512 | |
| | | Trend | Dania | J | м | 11 DL | | | |
| (FY = | Fiscal | , . | Perio FV 2 | a 3 to FY 24 | Me | edical Pla 6.00% | ns | | |
| | | | | 4 to FY 25 | | 6.00% | | | |
| | |] | FY 2 | 5 to FY 26 | | 5.50% | | | |
| | |] | FY 2 | 6 to FY 27 | | 5.50% | | | |

Ultimate

FY 27 to FY 28

5.00%

5.00%

16. <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)</u>

Active IMRF Mortality follows PubG-2010(B) Improved Generationally using MP-2020 Improvement Rates, weighted per IMRF Experience Study Report dated December 14, 2020.

Active Firefighter and Police Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Retiree Firefighter and Police Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Firefighters and Police 2020. These Rates are Experience Weighted with the Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved fully generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Disabled Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Disabled Firefighters 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010 Study for disabled participants improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved fully generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Disabled Mortality for Police follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010 Study for disabled participants. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

Firefighter and Police Spousal Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010 Study for contingent survivors. For all rates not provided there (ages 45 and younger) the PubG-2010 Study for general employees was used. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

For the 2022 year, the General Obligation Bond Rate has been updated. The High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt General Obligation ("G.O.") Bond Rate assumption was changed from 3.21% to 3.53%.

16. <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)</u>

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

| | Total OPEB Liability (A) | OPEB Plan Net Position (B) | Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (A) - (B) | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Balances at May 1, 2022 | \$ 2,942,779 | \$ - | \$ 2,942,779 | | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | |
| Service cost | 164,896 | - | 164,896 | | |
| Interest | 90,925 | - | 90,925 | | |
| Actuarial Experience | (604,010) | - | (604,010) | | |
| Assumptions changes | (10,787) | - | (10,787) | | |
| Contributions - employer | - | 220,418 | (220,418) | | |
| Contributions - employees | - | - | - | | |
| Net investment income | - | - | - | | |
| Benefit payments from plan | (220,418) | (220,418) | - | | |
| Administrative expense | - | - | - | | |
| Net changes | (579,394) | | (579,394) | | |
| Balances at April 30, 2023 | \$ 2,363,385 | \$ - | \$ 2,363,385 | | |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used in the determination of the Total OPEB Liability is based on a combination of the Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Plan Assets and the Municipal Bond Rate. If the Employer does not have a trust dedicated exclusively to the payment of OPEB benefits, as is the case with the City of Effingham, Illinois, then only the Municipal Bond Rate is used in determining the Total OPEB Liability.

If the postretirement plan is funded, cash flow projections are used to determine the extent which the plan's future Net Position will be able to cover future benefit payments. To the extent future benefit payments are covered by the plan's projected Net Position, the expected rate of return on plan investments is used to determine the portion of the Net OPEB Liability associated with those payments. To the extent future benefit payments are not covered by the plan's projected Net Position, the Municipal Bond Rate is used to determine the portion of the Net OPEB Liability associated with those payments.

Projected benefit payments are determined during the valuation process based on the assumptions. More details on the assumptions are in the prior section. The expected contributions are based on the Funding Policy of the plan. The Funding Policy is discussed in more detail in a prior section.

16. <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)</u>

Municipal Bond Rate

The Municipal Bond Rate assumption is based on The Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The beginning of year is 3.21%, and the end of year rate shown is 3.53%. The 20-Bond GO Index is based on an average of certain general obligation municipal bonds maturing in 20 years and having an average rating equivalent of Moody's Aa2 and Standard & Poor's AA.

The 20-Bond Index consists of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years. The average rating of the 20 bonds is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA.

The indexes represent theoretical yields rather than actual price or yield quotations. Municipal bond traders are asked to estimate what a current-coupon bond for each issuer in the indexes would yield if the bond was sold at par value. The indexes are simple averages of the average estimated yields of the bonds.

Sensitivity of the Discount Rate

The following presents the City of Effingham's total OPEB liability calculated using a discount rate of 3.53% as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage point higher (4.53%) or 1 percentage point lower (2.53%) than the current discount rate.

| | | 1% Decrease (2.53%) | | Current Discount Rate (3.53%) | | 1% Increase (4.53%) | |
|---------------------|----|------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----|------------------------|--|
| Employer's Net OPEB | | | | | | | |
| Liability/(Asset) | \$ | 2,646,177 | \$ | 2,363,385 | \$ | 2,125,273 | |

16. <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)</u>

Sensitivity of the Healthcare Trend Rates

The following presents the City of Effingham's total OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the City of Effingham's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point higher or lower than the current healthcare cost trend rates. The first year trend rate is 6.00% with an initial trend of 6.00%. An ultimate trend rate of 5.00% is expected to be reached in 2028.

| | Healthcare Cost | | | | |
|--|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | | | 1% Increase (Varies) | | |
| Employer's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) | \$ 2,029,929 | \$ 2,363,385 | \$ 2,782,113 | | |

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ending April 30, 2023, the City of Effingham recognized OPEB expense of \$177,735. At April 30, 2023 the City of Effingham deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on earnings on OPEB plan investments | \$ 142,315 249,159 - | \$ 554,703 700,496 |
| Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB | \$ 391,474 | \$ 1,255,199 |

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date may be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability. The amount is not known as of the date of this report. Subsequent to the measurement date, the following amounts will be recognized in OPEB expense in the upcoming years.

16. <u>POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)</u>

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

| Year Ending April 30, | Net Deferred Outflows of Resources | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2024 | \$ (54,559) | | |
| 2025 2026 | (54,559) (54,559) | | |
| 2027 2028 | (55,082) (64,452) | | |
| Thereafter | (580,514) | | |
| Total | \$ (863,725) | | |

17. <u>COMMITMENTS</u>

The City has committed funds to various area entities as of April 30, 2023. These commitments were made for the purpose of encouraging economic development within the City of Effingham.

The commitments for economic development are being funded by real estate tax revenues collected within the City's Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts.

18. TAX ABATEMENT

The City enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses within the Effingham Enterprise Zone under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act of 1982. Under the Act, taxing districts may order the county clerk to abate any portion of its taxes on real property, or on any particular class thereof, located within a zone and upon which new improvements have been constructed or upon which existing improvements have been renovated or rehabilitated. The abatement applies only to taxes on the increase in assessed value attributable to the new construction, renovation or rehabilitation. Taxes based on the assessed value of the land and existing improvements continue to be extended and collected. Abatements are obtained through application, and equal 100 percent of the increase in tax above the property base value for three years for commercial projects and ten years for industrial projects. This abatement period shall not extend beyond the "life" of the Enterprise Zone, which currently expires in 2032.

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, the City abated property taxes totaling \$134,450 related to Enterprise Zones. The City also abated their debt service tax levies totaling \$1,457,363.

The Effingham Public Library abides by the property tax abatement mentioned above. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, the Effingham Public Library abated property taxes totaling \$36,227.

19. <u>LEASES</u>

The City leases land to a telecommunications company with a lease agreement that spans 55 years.

The City's lease-related revenues for the year ended April 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

| Lease Revenue | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| Land | \$ 18,269 |
| Total Lease Revenue | 18,269 |
| Interest Revenue | 7,852 |
| Total | \$ 26,121 |

Below is a schedule of expected future lease payments:

| Year Ending | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|----------------|-----------|
| April 30, | Principal | | Interest | | Total Receipts | |
| 2024 | \$ | 4,372 | \$ | 7,825 | \$ | 12,197 |
| 2025 | | 4,782 | | 7,781 | | 12,563 |
| 2026 | | 5,207 | | 7,733 | | 12,940 |
| 2027 | | 5,647 | | 7,681 | | 13,328 |
| 2028 | | 6,104 | | 7,624 | | 13,728 |
| 2029-2033 | | 37,968 | | 37,103 | | 75,071 |
| 2034-2038 | | 52,108 | | 34,922 | | 87,030 |
| 2039-2043 | | 68,916 | | 31,978 | | 100,894 |
| 2044-2048 | | 88,836 | | 28,130 | | 116,966 |
| 2049-2053 | | 112,384 | | 23,210 | | 135,594 |
| 2054-2058 | | 140,162 | | 17,025 | | 157,187 |
| 2059-2063 | | 172,878 | | 9,349 | | 182,227 |
| 2064-2068 | | 79,567 | | 1,207 | | 80,774 |
| Total | \$ | 778,931 | \$ | 221,568 | \$ | 1,000,499 |

20. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Capital assets, unbilled utility receivables, and state income tax receivable were incorrectly reported in the prior year. For the year ended April 30, 2023, the following adjustments were made to opening net position and fund balance to correct the net position and fund balance.

| | Governmental Activities | |
|--|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Net position at April 30, 2022 Adjustment for land sold previously | \$ | 57,065,654 (1,467,155) |
| Adjustment for state income tax receivable Net position, as restated, at April 30, 2022 | \$ | <u>307,105</u> 55,905,604 |
| | | Water Fund |
| Net position at April 30, 2022 Adjustment for unbilled utility receivable | \$ | 21,103,751 (198,202) |
| Net position, as restated, at April 30, 2022 | \$ | 20,905,549 |
| | | Sewer Fund |
| Net position at April 30, 2022 Adjustment for unbilled utility receivable | \$ | 14,573,393 (180,032) |
| Net position, as restated, at April 30, 2022 | \$ | 14,393,361 |
| | | General Fund |
| Fund balance at April 30, 2022 Adjustment for state income tax receivable | \$ | 15,085,592 114,243 |
| Fund balance, as restated, at April 30, 2022 | \$ | 15,199,835 |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED)

| Calendar Year Ending December 31, | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total pension liability: | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 418,527 | \$ 422,894 | \$ 424,450 | \$ 409,326 | \$ 400,133 | \$ 413,088 | \$ 431,756 | \$ 435,326 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 2,871,817 | 2,788,977 | 2,663,772 | 2,583,559 | 2,517,818 | 2,533,396 | 2,425,348 | 2,389,526 |
| Changes of benefit terms | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | | | | | | | |
| of the total pension liability | 553,989 | 82,545 | 952,751 | 22,535 | (13,609) | (392,695) | 210,449 | (759,622) |
| Changes of assumptions | - | - | (285,841) | - | 1,006,592 | (1,009,434) | (124,392) | 40,372 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contribution | (2,239,821) | (2,130,018) | (2,032,053) | (1,921,560) | (1,865,931) | (1,658,457) | (1,649,189) | (1,577,877) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 1,604,512 | 1,164,398 | 1,723,079 | 1,093,860 | 2,045,003 | (114,102) | 1,293,972 | 527,725 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | 40,248,505 | 39,084,107 | 37,361,028 | 36,267,168 | 34,222,165 | 34,336,267 | 33,042,295 | 32,514,570 |
| Total pension liability - ending (A) | \$ 41,853,017 | \$ 40,248,505 | \$ 39,084,107 | \$ 37,361,028 | \$ 36,267,168 | \$ 34,222,165 | \$ 34,336,267 | \$ 33,042,295 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 575,672 | \$ 642,043 | \$ 671,119 | \$ 503,420 | \$ 623,452 | \$ 600,825 | \$ 646,931 | \$ 628,925 |
| Contributions - employee | 354,847 | 343,079 | 340,701 | 293,552 | 282,632 | 295,149 | 256,413 | 245,039 |
| Net investment income | (5,853,971) | 6,515,310 | 5,293,487 | 5,750,339 | (1,356,469) | 4,389,482 | 2,315,779 | 359,391 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contribution | (2,239,821) | (2,130,018) | (2,032,053) | (1,921,560) | (1,865,931) | (1,658,457) | (1,649,189) | (1,577,877) |
| Other (net transfers) | (27,300) | (22,192) | (25,261) | (29,512) | (25,410) | (24,021) | (31,012) | (50,573) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | (7,190,573) | 5,348,222 | 4,247,993 | 4,596,239 | (2,341,726) | 3,602,978 | 1,538,922 | (395,095) |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 45,030,595 | 39,682,373 | 35,434,380 | 30,838,141 | 33,179,867 | 29,576,889 | 28,037,967 | 28,433,062 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B) | \$ 37,840,022 | \$ 45,030,595 | \$ 39,682,373 | \$ 35,434,380 | \$ 30,838,141 | \$ 33,179,867 | \$ 29,576,889 | \$ 28,037,967 |
| Net pension liability (asset) - ending (A) - (B) | \$ 4,012,995 | \$ (4,782,090) | \$ (598,266) | \$ 1,926,648 | \$ 5,429,027 | \$ 1,042,298 | \$ 4,759,378 | \$ 5,004,328 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total | | | | | | | | |
| pension liability | 90.41% | 111.88% | 101.53% | 94.84% | 85.03% | 96.95% | 86.14% | 84.85% |
| Covered valuation payroll | \$ 4,886,960 | \$ 4,724,381 | \$ 4,709,604 | \$ 4,275,889 | \$ 4,184,245 | \$ 4,166,610 | \$ 4,028,212 | \$ 3,955,654 |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll | 82.12% | -101.22% | -12.70% | 45.06% | 129.75% | 25.02% | 118.15% | 126.51% |

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED)

Notes to Schedule

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Changes in assumptions:

- For 2014, changes are primarily from adopting IMRF specific mortality tables with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014) developed from the RP-2014 mortality tables.
- For 2015, changes are primarily from a change in the calculated single discount rate from 7.49% in 2014 to 7.47% in 2015.
- For 2016, changes are primarily from a change in the calculated single discount rate from 7.47% in 2015 to 7.50% in 2016.
- For 2017, changes are primarily from adopting IMRF specific mortality tables with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015) developed from the RP-2014 mortality tables.
- For 2018, the assumed investment rate of return was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%.
- For 2020, changes are primarily from adopting the Pub-2010, amount weighted, and general mortality tables for retirees and active members.

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

| Fiscal Year Ended April 30, | Actuarially Determined Contribution | Actual Contribution | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | Covered Valuation Payroll | Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Valuation Payroll |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|
| 2023 | \$ 554,618 | \$ 554,618 | \$- | \$5,109,585 | 10.85% |
| 2022 | 618,950 | 618,950 | - | 4,748,596 | 13.03% |
| 2021 | 649,452 | 649,452 | - | 4,630,834 | 14.02% |
| 2020 | 546,426 | 546,426 | - | 4,342,106 | 12.58% |
| 2019 | 574,488 | 574,488 | - | 4,161,460 | 13.80% |
| 2018 | 615,692 | 615,692 | - | 4,221,403 | 14.59% |
| 2017 | 624,752 | 624,752 | - | 4,032,718 | 15.49% |
| 2016 | 658,220 | 658,220 | - | 4,132,634 | 15.93% |

Notes to Schedule:

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2022 Contribution Rate*

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2022 Contribution Rates:

| Actuarial Cost Method: | Aggregate entry age normal |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Amortization Method: | Level percentage of payroll, closed |
| Remaining Amortization Period: | 21-year closed period |
| Asset Valuation Method: | 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor |
| Wage Growth: | 2.75% |
| Price Inflation: | 2.25% |
| Salary Increases: | 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation |
| Investment Rate of Return: | 7.25% |
| Retirement Age: | Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility |
| - | condition; last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience |
| | study of the period 2017 to 2019. |

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2022 Contribution Rates: (Continued)

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Other Information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

*Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation.

POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED) For the year ended April 30,

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total pension liability: | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 506,283 | \$ 457,585 | \$ 473,844 | \$ 453,043 | \$ 450,153 | \$ 460,855 | \$ 463,641 | \$ 412,725 | \$ 407,508 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 1,826,310 | 1,750,247 | 1,742,153 | 1,349,783 | 1,476,379 | 1,409,589 | 1,378,840 | 1,311,744 | 1,199,772 |
| Changes of benefit terms | (28,085) | - | - | 121,650 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Difference between expected and actual eperience | | | | | | | | | |
| of the total pension liability | 418,004 | (627,518) | 233,222 | 1,182,475 | (2,450,326) | 301,630 | (360,569) | 201,440 | (651,652) |
| Changes of assumptions | - | - | - | 3,822,618 | - | - | - | - | 1,552,606 |
| Benefit payments | (1,515,412) | (1,526,036) | (1,391,693) | (1,288,526) | (1,306,052) | (1,078,136) | (982,566) | (888,995) | (815,909) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 1,207,100 | 54,278 | 1,057,526 | 5,641,043 | (1,829,846) | 1,093,938 | 499,346 | 1,036,914 | 1,692,325 |
| Total pension liability - beginning of period | 27,393,889 | 27,339,611 | 26,282,085 | 20,641,042 | 22,470,888 | 21,376,950 | 20,877,604 | 19,840,690 | 18,148,365 |
| Total pension liability - end of period | \$ 28,600,989 | \$ 27,393,889 | \$ 27,339,611 | \$ 26,282,085 | \$ 20,641,042 | \$ 22,470,888 | \$ 21,376,950 | \$ 20,877,604 | \$ 19,840,690 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: | | | | | | | | | |
| Employer contributions | \$ 928,851 | \$ 898,209 | \$ 594,504 | \$ 847,775 | \$ 830,981 | \$ 832,798 | \$ 792,618 | \$ 618,018 | \$ 472,239 |
| Member contributions | 212,624 | 192,729 | 180,631 | 156,273 | 376,401 | 168,119 | 148,675 | 146,396 | 142,384 |
| Other contributions | 56,577 | 25,978 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net investment income | 146,635 | (995,164) | 4,975,096 | (163,630) | 868,246 | 1,321,164 | 1,327,878 | 12,453 | 973,618 |
| Benefit payments | (1,515,412) | (1,526,036) | (1,391,693) | (1,288,526) | (1,306,052) | (1,078,136) | (982,566) | (888,995) | (815,909) |
| Administrative expense | (39,197) | (36,763) | (33,308) | (26,196) | (16,052) | (23,653) | (22,033) | (20,884) | (15,418) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | (209,922) | (1,441,047) | 4,325,230 | (474,304) | 753,524 | 1,220,292 | 1,264,572 | (133,012) | 756,914 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year | 19,924,066 | 21,365,113 | 17,039,883 | 17,514,187 | 16,760,663 | 15,540,371 | 14,248,028 | 14,381,040 | 13,624,126 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - end of year | \$ 19,714,144 | \$ 19,924,066 | \$ 21,365,113 | \$ 17,039,883 | \$ 17,514,187 | \$ 16,760,663 | \$ 15,512,600 | \$ 14,248,028 | \$ 14,381,040 |
| Net pension liability | \$ 8,886,845 | \$ 7,469,823 | \$ 5,974,498 | \$ 9,242,202 | \$ 3,126,855 | \$ 5,710,225 | \$ 5,864,350 | \$ 6,629,576 | \$ 5,459,650 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total | | | | | | | | | |
| pension liability | 68.93% | 72.73% | 78.15% | 64.83% | 84.85% | 74.59% | 72.57% | 68.25% | 72.48% |
| Covered-Employee payroll | \$ 2,145,552 | \$ 1,951,200 | \$ 1,815,526 | \$ 1,758,379 | \$ 1,848,484 | \$ 1,759,716 | \$ 1,732,734 | \$ 1,435,206 | \$ 1,408,610 |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 414.20% | 382.83% | 329.08% | 525.61% | 169.16% | 324.50% | 338.44% | 461.93% | 387.59% |

POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED) For the year ended April 30,

Notes to Schedule

This schedule is to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Changes in assumptions:

- For the 2020 year, the mortality retirement, termination, disability, and marital assumptions have been updated. The mortality assumption has been updated by changes in the MP-2019 table and rates are being applied on a fully generational basis. The projected pay increases has been updated for the current collective bargaining agreement. The projected total payroll, increases, consumer price index, and inflation assumptions have been updated as well. The High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt General Obligation ("G.O.") Bond Rate assumption was changed from 3.79% to 2.56%.
- For the 2021 year, the High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt General Obligation ("G.O.") Bond Rate assumption was changed from 2.56% to 2.27%.
- For the 2022 year, the High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt General Obligation ("G.O.") Bond Rate assumption was changed from 2.27% to 3.21%.
- For the 2023 year, the High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt General Obligation ("G.O.") Bond Rate assumption was changed from 3.21% to 3.53%.

POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL MONEY-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL MONEY WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses for the year ended April 30,

| 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 | 0.74% -4.82% 29.72% -0.77% 5.22% 8.45% 11.01% |
|--|---|
| 2017 2016 2015 | 11.01% 0.10% 7.20% |
| | |

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

| FY Ended April 30, | De | ctuarially etermined ntribution | Actual Contribution | | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | | Covered Employee Payroll | Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll | |
|-----------------------|----|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------|--|----------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| 2023 | \$ | 913,281 | \$ | 928,851 | \$ | (15,570) | \$2,145,552 | 43.29% | |
| 2022 | | 882,266 | | 898,209 | | (15,943) | 1,951,200 | 46.03% | |
| 2021 | | 577,776 | | 594,504 | | (16,728) | 1,815,526 | 32.75% | |
| 2020 | | 832,870 | | 847,775 | | (14,905) | 1,758,379 | 48.21% | |
| 2019 | | 820,230 | | 830,981 | | (10,751) | 1,848,484 | 44.95% | |
| 2018 | | 822,649 | | 832,798 | | (10,149) | 1,759,716 | 47.33% | |
| 2017 | | 780,846 | | 792,618 | | (11,772) | 1,732,734 | 45.74% | |
| 2016 | | 608,277 | | 618,018 | | (9,741) | 1,435,206 | 43.06% | |

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

POLICE PENSION FUND NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the Contribution Rate

The Actuarially Determined Contribution shown above for the current year is the Recommended Contribution from the May 1, 2021 Actuarial Valuation completed by Lauterbach & Amen, LLP for the December 2021 tax levy, if applicable. The methods and assumptions shown below are based on the same Actuarial Valuation. For more detail on the age-based and service-based rates disclosed below, please see the Actuarial Valuation.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
|---|---|
| Amortization Method | Level % Pay (Closed) |
| Equivalent Single Amortization Period | 100% Funded Over 19 Years |
| Asset Valuation Method | 5-year smoothed fair value |
| Inflation (CPI-U) | 2.25% |
| Total Payroll Increases | 3.25% |
| Individual Pay Increases | 4.00% - 14.16% |
| Expected Rate of Return on Investments | 6.75% |
| Mortality Rates | Pub-2010 Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Described |
| Retirement Rates | 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped at Age 65 |
| Termination Rates | 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Termination Rates |
| Disability Rates | 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates |

FIREFIGHTER'S PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED) For the year ended April 30,

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total pension liability: | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 458,725 | \$ 444,704 | \$ 447,669 | \$ 336,989 | \$ 359,881 | \$ 373,345 | \$ 367,656 | \$ 330,995 | \$ 322,646 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 1,297,485 | 1,249,599 | 1,272,845 | 1,024,233 | 1,033,017 | 993,224 | 940,955 | 908,974 | 821,050 |
| Changes of benefit terms | (20,609) | - | - | 48,706 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Difference between expected and actual eperience | | | | | | | | | |
| of the total pension liability | (38,268) | (1,077,496) | (230,574) | 661,912 | (586,389) | 47,709 | 245,864 | (26,429) | (183,627) |
| Changes of assumptions | (8,594) | - | - | 2,784,798 | - | - | - | - | 1,048,345 |
| Benefit payments | (957,350) | (991,128) | (955,245) | (941,062) | (860,521) | (794,468) | (767,991) | (715,839) | (697,361) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 731,389 | (374,321) | 534,695 | 3,915,576 | (54,012) | 619,810 | 786,484 | 497,701 | 1,311,053 |
| Total pension liability - beginning of period | 19,720,308 | 20,094,629 | 19,559,934 | 15,644,358 | 15,698,370 | 15,078,560 | 14,292,076 | 13,794,375 | 12,483,322 |
| Total pension liability - end of period | \$ 20,451,697 | \$ 19,720,308 | \$ 20,094,629 | \$ 19,559,934 | \$ 15,644,358 | \$ 15,698,370 | \$ 15,078,560 | \$ 14,292,076 | \$ 13,794,375 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: | | | | | | | | | |
| Employer contributions | \$ 932,496 | \$ 944,563 | \$ 722,389 | \$ 776,440 | \$ 735,831 | \$ 665,871 | \$ 634,222 | \$ 550,492 | \$ 553,371 |
| Member contributions | 133,488 | 117,231 | 126,577 | 110,500 | 115,282 | 118,790 | 110,561 | 107,469 | 100,923 |
| Other contributions | - | 7,902 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net investment income | 85,902 | (715,835) | 2,923,790 | (30,699) | 524,217 | 658,566 | 590,766 | (53,366) | 496,134 |
| Benefit payments | (957,350) | (991,128) | (955,245) | (941,062) | (860,521) | (794,468) | (767,991) | (715,839) | (697,361) |
| Administrative expense | (30,954) | (51,495) | (28,188) | (25,671) | (14,044) | (25,668) | (15,707) | (19,636) | (13,123) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 163,582 | (688,762) | 2,789,323 | (110,492) | 500,765 | 623,091 | 551,851 | (130,880) | 439,944 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year | 12,532,775 | 13,221,537 | 10,432,214 | 10,542,704 | 10,041,939 | 9,418,848 | 8,866,997 | 8,997,877 | 8,557,933 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - end of year | \$ 12,696,357 | \$ 12,532,775 | \$ 13,221,537 | \$ 10,432,212 | \$ 10,542,704 | \$ 10,041,939 | \$ 9,418,848 | \$ 8,866,997 | \$ 8,997,877 |
| Net pension liability | \$ 7,755,340 | \$ 7,187,533 | \$ 6,873,092 | \$ 9,127,722 | \$ 5,101,654 | \$ 5,656,431 | \$ 5,659,712 | \$ 5,425,079 | \$ 4,796,498 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total | | | | | | | | | |
| pension liability | 62.08% | 63.55% | 65.80% | 53.33% | 67.39% | 63.97% | 62.47% | 62.04% | 65.23% |
| Covered-Employee payroll | \$ 1,403,656 | \$ 1,232,055 | \$ 1,322,270 | \$ 1,280,649 | \$ 1,202,420 | \$ 1,275,215 | \$ 1,221,698 | \$ 1,087,290 | \$ 1,060,692 |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 552.51% | 583.38% | 519.79% | 712.74% | 424.28% | 443.57% | 463.27% | 498.95% | 452.20% |
| | | | | | | | | | |

FIREFIGHTER'S PENSION FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED) For the year ended April 30,

Notes to Schedule

This schedule is to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Changes in assumptions:

- For the 2020 year, the mortality retirement, termination, disability, and marital assumptions have been updated. The mortality assumption has been updated by changes in the MP-2019 table and rates are being applied on a fully generational basis. The projected pay increases has been updated for the current collective bargaining agreement. The projected total payroll, increases, consumer price index, and inflation assumptions have been updated as well. The High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt General Obligation ("G.O.") Bond Rate assumption was changed from 3.79% to 2.56%.
- For the 2021 year, the High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt General Obligation ("G.O.") Bond Rate assumption was changed from 2.56% to 2.27%.
- For the 2022 year, The High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt General Obligation ("G.O.") Bond Rate assumption was changed from 2.27% to 3.21%.
- For the 2023 year, The High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt General Obligation ("G.O.") Bond Rate assumption was changed from 3.21% to 3.53%.

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL MONEY WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses for the year ended April 30,

| 2017 5.26% | 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 | 0.68% -5.56% 28.14% -0.22% 5.21% 6.98% |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| 2016 -0.59% 2015 5.81% | 2019 2018 2017 2016 | 5.21% 6.98% 5.26% -0.59% |

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

| FY Ended April 30, | Actuarially Determined Contribution | Actual Contribution | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | Covered Employee Payroll | Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll |
|-----------------------|---|------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|
| 2023 | \$ 925,635 | \$ 932,496 | \$ (6,861) | \$1,403,656 | 66.43% |
| 2022 | 936,903 | 944,563 | (7,660) | 1,232,055 | 76.67% |
| 2021 | 713,395 | 722,389 | (8,994) | 1,322,270 | 54.63% |
| 2020 | 768,518 | 776,440 | (7,922) | 1,280,649 | 60.63% |
| 2019 | 733,034 | 735,831 | (2,797) | 1,202,420 | 61.20% |
| 2018 | 663,249 | 665,871 | (2,622) | 1,275,215 | 52.22% |
| 2017 | 630,199 | 634,222 | (4,023) | 1,221,698 | 51.91% |
| 2016 | 522,112 | 550,492 | (28,380) | 1,087,290 | 50.63% |

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the Contribution Rate

The Actuarially Determined Contribution shown above for the current year is the Recommended Contribution from the May 1, 2021 Actuarial Valuation completed by Lauterbach & Amen, LLP for the December 2021 tax levy, if applicable. The methods and assumptions shown below are based on the same Actuarial Valuation. For more detail on the age-based and service-based rates disclosed below, please see the Actuarial Valuation.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
|---|---|
| Amortization Method | Level % Pay (Closed) |
| Equivalent Single Amortization Period | 100% Funded Over 19 Years |
| Asset Valuation Method | 5-year smoothed fair value |
| Inflation (CPI-U) | 2.25% |
| Total Payroll Increases | 3.25% |
| Individual Pay Increases | 4.00% - 19.89% |
| Expected Rate of Return on Investments | 6.75% |
| Mortality Rates | Pub-2010 Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Described |
| Retirement Rates | 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped at Age 65 |
| Termination Rates | 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Termination Rates |
| Disability Rates | 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates |

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED) For the year ended April 30,

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| actuarially determined contribution | | | | | |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Covered-Employee payroll | \$ 7,817,894 | \$ 7,715,495 | \$ 7,490,772 | \$ 7,272,594 | \$ 6,446,613 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |

Notes to Schedule

There is no ADC or Employer Contribution in relation to the ADC, as there is no Trust that exists for funding the OPEB Liability. However, the City did make contributions from other City resources in the current year in the amount of \$220,418.

This schedule is to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILTIY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED)

For the year ended April 30,

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Total OPEB liability: | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 164,896 | \$ 194,847 | \$ 126,941 | \$ 94,888 | \$ 87,988 |
| Interest on the total pension liability | 90,925 | 77,578 | 89,337 | 119,250 | 124,805 |
| Changes of benefit terms | - | - | - | - | - |
| Difference between expected and actual | | | | | |
| experience of the total OPEB liability | (604,010) | - | 190,561 | - | - |
| Changes of assumptions | (10,787) | (635,154) | (218,622) | 411,510 | 51,038 |
| Benefit payments | (220,418) | (224,070) | (296,735) | (267,492) | (255,189) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | (579,394) | (586,799) | (108,518) | 358,156 | 8,642 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning of period | 2,942,779 | 3,529,578 | 3,638,096 | 3,279,940 | 3,271,298 |
| Total OPEB liability - end of period | \$ 2,363,385 | \$ 2,942,779 | \$ 3,529,578 | \$ 3,638,096 | \$ 3,279,940 |
| OPEB plan net position: | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 220,418 | \$ 224,070 | \$ 296,735 | \$ 267,492 | \$ 255,189 |
| Contributions - member | - | - | - | - | - |
| Contributions - other | | | | | |
| Net investment income | - | - | - | - | - |
| Benefit payments | (220,418) | (224,070) | (296,735) | (267,492) | (255,189) |
| Other - admin expenses | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net change in OPEB plan net position | - | - | - | - | - |
| OPEB plan net position - beginning of year | | | - | - | |
| OPEB plan net position - end of year | \$ | \$ | \$ - | \$ | \$ |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ 2,363,385 | \$ 2,942,779 | \$ 3,529,578 | \$ 3,638,096 | \$ 3,279,940 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total | | | | | |
| pension liability | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Covered-Employee payroll | \$ 7,817,894 | \$ 7,715,495 | \$ 7,490,772 | \$ 7,272,594 | \$ 6,446,613 |
| Net OPEB liability as a percentage of | | | | | |
| covered-employee payroll | 30.23% | 38.14% | 47.12% | 50.02% | 50.88% |
| | | | | | |

This schedule is to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the year ended April 30, 2023

| D | Original and Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Budget - Positive (Negative) |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Revenues: | ¢ 12.780.600 | ¢ 16 450 400 | ¢ 2 ((0 802 |
| Taxes | \$ 13,780,600 169,000 | \$ 16,450,492 266,083 | \$ 2,669,892 |
| Licenses and permits | 4,533,899 | 200,083 839,711 | 97,083 (3,694,188) |
| Intergovernmental grants Charges for services | 4,333,899 | 388,734 | (3,094,188) 73,934 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 47,550 | 61,716 | 14,166 |
| Investment income | 18,000 | 38,769 | 20,769 |
| Miscellaneous revenues | 179,000 | 384,895 | 205,895 |
| Total revenues | 19,042,849 | 18,430,400 | (612,449) |
| | 19,012,019 | 10,150,100 | (012,119) |
| Expenditures: Current: | | | |
| General government | 5,521,990 | 2,803,227 | 2,718,763 |
| Public safety | 8,813,158 | 7,522,809 | 1,290,349 |
| Public works | 2,852,400 | 2,451,287 | 401,113 |
| Culture and recreation | 27,450 | 4,025 | 23,425 |
| Economic development | 602,100 | 444,895 | 157,205 |
| Capital outlay | 5,262,418 | 2,210,571 | 3,051,847 |
| Total expenditures | 23,079,516 | 15,436,814 | 7,642,702 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | (4,036,667) | 2,993,586 | 7,030,253 |
| | (4,030,007) | 2,995,580 | 7,030,235 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | 200.000 | 270.072 | (1.027) |
| Operating transfers in | 280,000 | 278,073 | (1,927) |
| Operating transfers out | (2,061,100) | (1,653,944) | 407,156 |
| Proceeds from sale of assets | 132,500 | 1,195,472 | 1,062,972 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (1,648,600) | (180,399) | 1,468,201 |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ (5,685,267) | 2,813,187 | \$ 8,498,454 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | | |
| as restated | | 15,199,835 | |
| Fund balances, end of year | | \$ 18,013,022 | |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND - MAIN For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | Original and Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Budget - Positive (Negative) |
|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| Revenues: | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • • • • | • |
| Taxes | \$ 3,440,000 | \$ 3,520,316 | \$ 80,316 |
| Investment income | 18,000 | 14,913 | (3,087) |
| Total revenues | 3,458,000 | 3,535,229 | 77,229 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Economic development | 383,500 | 286,506 | 96,994 |
| Capital outlay | 2,065,000 | 23,381 | 2,041,619 |
| Total expenditures | 2,448,500 | 309,887 | 2,138,613 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | 1,009,500 | 3,225,342 | 2,215,842 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Operating transfers in | 110,800 | 110,800 | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 110,800 | 110,800 | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ 1,120,300 | 3,336,142 | \$ 2,215,842 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 3,605,765 | |
| Fund balances, end of year | | \$ 6,941,907 | |

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets for governmental funds are adopted on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Actual amounts are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The difference is deemed to be immaterial. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year-end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budget amounts:

- 1. A proposed appropriations ordinance for the fiscal year commencing May 1, is submitted to the city council. The appropriations ordinance includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Revenues are appropriated in the year receipt is expected, and expenditures are appropriated in the year monies are expected to be expended.
- 2. The appropriations are legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 3. At any time during the fiscal year, the City Council may by a two-thirds vote, transfer money appropriated within any department to another appropriation line item within that department.
- 4. At any time during the year, the Board members of the City may adopt a supplemental appropriation ordinance for additional appropriations not in excess of additional revenue available to the City.
- 5. The budget ordinance was adopted on April 19, 2022.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2023

| | | Aotor Fuel Tax Fund | lotel/Motel Tax Fund | Ford Avenue Business District Fund | | |
|--|----|------------------------|-------------------------|--|---------|--|
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 2,139,526 | \$ 3,427,283 | \$ | 400,643 | |
| Receivables (net of allowance | | | | | | |
| for uncollectibles) | | 43,529 | 125,674 | | 37,159 | |
| Prepaid expenditures | | - | 396 | | - | |
| Total assets | \$ | 2,183,055 | \$ 3,553,353 | \$ | 437,802 | |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | |
| and fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 437,242 | \$ 24,223 | \$ | 180 | |
| Due to other funds | | 4,450 | - | | - | |
| Total liabilities | | 441,692 | 24,223 | | 180 | |
| Deferred inflow of resources: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes and unavailable revenue | | | - | | 11,708 | |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures | | - | 396 | | - | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | - | 3,528,734 | | - | |
| Economic development | | - | - | | 425,914 | |
| Highways and streets | | 1,741,363 | - | | - | |
| Total fund balances | | 1,741,363 | 3,529,130 | | 425,914 | |
| Total liabilities, deferred | | | | | | |
| inflows of resources and | | | | | | |
| fund balances | \$ | 2,183,055 | \$ 3,553,353 | \$ | 437,802 | |

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2023

| | Northwest Business District Fund | | Triangle Business District Fund | | В | nker Street Business strict Fund |
|--|--|---------|---------------------------------------|-----------|----|--|
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 332,772 | \$ | 1,486,935 | \$ | 327,084 |
| Receivables (net of allowance | | | | | | |
| for uncollectibles) | | 43,313 | | 117,579 | | 51,558 |
| Prepaid expenditures | | - | | - | | - |
| Total assets | \$ | 376,085 | \$ | 1,604,514 | \$ | 378,642 |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | |
| and fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 335 | \$ | 455,654 | \$ | 90 |
| Due to other funds | | - | | - | | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Total liabilities | | 335 | | 455,654 | | 90 |
| Deferred inflow of resources: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes and unavailable revenue | | 12,110 | | 39,457 | | 16,923 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures | | - | | - | | - |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | - | | - | | - |
| Economic development | | 363,640 | | 1,109,403 | | 361,629 |
| Highways and streets | | - | | - | | - |
| Total fund balances | | 363,640 | | 1,109,403 | | 361,629 |
| Total liabilities, deferred | | | | | | |
| inflows of resources and | | | | | | |
| fund balances | \$ | 376,085 | \$ | 1,604,514 | \$ | 378,642 |

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2023

| | Interstate North Business District Fund | | TIF Central Fund | TIF Outer Belt West Fund | | |
|--|---|---------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|--|
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 284,170 | \$ 661,704 | \$ | 230,014 | |
| Receivables (net of allowance | | | | | 104 (1 7 | |
| for uncollectibles) | | 41,050 | 702,818 | | 184,615 | |
| Prepaid expenditures | | - | - | | - | |
| Total assets | \$ | 325,220 | \$ 1,364,522 | \$ | 414,629 | |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | |
| and fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 1,670 | \$ 56,556 | \$ | 2,460 | |
| Due to other funds | | 3,742 | - | | - | |
| Total liabilities | | 5,412 | 56,556 | | 2,460 | |
| Deferred inflow of resources: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes and unavailable revenue | | 13,714 | 702,818 | | 184,615 | |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures | | - | - | | - | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | - | - | | - | |
| Economic development | | 306,094 | 605,148 | | 227,554 | |
| Highways and streets | | - | - | | - | |
| Total fund balances | | 306,094 | 605,148 | | 227,554 | |
| Total liabilities, deferred | | | | | | |
| inflows of resources and | | | | | | |
| fund balances | \$ | 325,220 | \$ 1,364,522 | \$ | 414,629 | |

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2023

| | | TIF ndustrial Fund | Total Nonmajor Funds | | |
|--|----|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------|--|
| Assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 444,925 | \$ | 9,735,056 | |
| Receivables (net of allowance | | | | | |
| for uncollectibles) | | 550,616 | | 1,897,911 | |
| Prepaid expenditures | | - | | 396 | |
| Total assets | \$ | 995,541 | \$ | 11,633,363 | |
| Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources | | | | | |
| and fund balances: | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 328,373 | \$ | 1,306,783 | |
| Due to other funds | | | | 8,192 | |
| Total liabilities | | 328,373 | | 1,314,975 | |
| Deferred inflow of resources: | | | | | |
| Property taxes and unavailable revenue | | 550,616 | | 1,531,961 | |
| Fund balances: | | | | | |
| Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures | | - | | 396 | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | - | | 3,528,734 | |
| Economic development | | 116,552 | | 3,515,934 | |
| Highways and streets | | - | | 1,741,363 | |
| Total fund balances | | 116,552 | | 8,786,427 | |
| Total liabilities, deferred | | | | | |
| inflows of resources and | | | | | |
| fund balances | \$ | 995,541 | \$ | 11,633,363 | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | Motor Fuel Tax Fund | | Hotel/Motel Tax Fund | | В | d Avenue usiness trict Fund |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 501,140 | \$ | 1,316,432 | \$ | 176,649 |
| Intergovernmental grants | | 135,411 | | 210,223 | | - |
| Investment income (loss) | | 3,829 | | 6,151 | | 654 |
| Miscellaneous income | | - | | 82,522 | | - |
| Total revenues | | 640,380 | | 1,615,328 | | 177,303 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | - | | 637,471 | | - |
| Economic development | | - | | - | | 218 |
| Capital outlay | | 598,672 | | 78,368 | | - |
| Total expenditures | | 598,672 | | 715,839 | | 218 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | 41,708 | | 899,489 | | 177,085 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Operating transfers out | | - | | (292,058) | | - |
| Total other financing | | | | | | |
| sources (uses) | | - | | (292,058) | | |
| Net change in fund balances | | 41,708 | | 607,431 | | 177,085 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 1,699,655 | | 2,921,699 | | 248,829 |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 1,741,363 | \$ | 3,529,130 | \$ | 425,914 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | Northwest Business District Fund | | В | Friangle Susiness Strict Fund | В | nker Street usiness trict Fund |
|--|--|-----------|----|-------------------------------------|----|--------------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 192,985 | \$ | 593,035 | \$ | 206,973 |
| Intergovernmental grants | | - | | - | | - |
| Investment income (loss) | | 824 | | 2,633 | | 561 |
| Miscellaneous income | | | | 2,797 | | - |
| Total revenues | | 193,809 | | 598,465 | | 207,534 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | - | | - | | - |
| Economic development | | 41,356 | | 160,482 | | 127,192 |
| Capital outlay | | 474,028 | | 467,323 | | - |
| Total expenditures | | 515,384 | | 627,805 | | 127,192 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | | (321,575) | | (29,340) | | 80,342 |
| Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers out | | | | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | |
| Net change in fund balances | | (321,575) | | (29,340) | | 80,342 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 685,215 | | 1,138,743 | | 281,287 |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 363,640 | \$ | 1,109,403 | \$ | 361,629 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | Interstate North Business District Fund | | | TIF Central Fund | TIF Outer Belt West Fund | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---------|----|------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|--|
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 173,958 | \$ | 669,583 | \$ | 187,480 | |
| Intergovernmental grants | | - | | - | | - | |
| Investment income (loss) | | - | | 2,277 | | 405 | |
| Miscellaneous income | | - | | | | - | |
| Total revenues | | 173,958 | | 671,860 | | 187,885 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | - | | - | | - | |
| Economic development | | 23,447 | | 189,190 | | 80,046 | |
| Capital outlay | | 17,886 | | 927,242 | | - | |
| Total expenditures | | 41,333 | | 1,116,432 | | 80,046 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | 132,625 | | (444,572) | u | 107,839 | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | |
| Operating transfers out | | | 1 | (175,000) | | | |
| Total other financing | | | | | | | |
| sources (uses) | | - | | (175,000) | | - | |
| Net change in fund balances | | 132,625 | | (619,572) | | 107,839 | |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 173,469 | | 1,224,720 | | 119,715 | |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 306,094 | \$ | 605,148 | \$ | 227,554 | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| | | TIF | Total |
|----------------------------------|----|-----------|-------------------------|
| | | dustrial | Nonmajor |
| D | | Fund | Funds |
| Revenues: Taxes | \$ | 499,592 | \$ 4,517,827 |
| Intergovernmental grants | φ | 499,392 | \$ 4,317,827 345,634 |
| Investment income (loss) | | 1,145 | 18,479 |
| Miscellaneous income | | - | 85,319 |
| Total revenues | | 500,737 | 4,967,259 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| Culture and recreation | | - | 637,471 |
| Economic development | | 1,075,381 | 1,697,312 |
| Capital outlay | | 66,648 | 2,630,167 |
| Total expenditures | | 1,142,029 | 4,964,950 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (641,292) | 2,309 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Operating transfers out | | - | (467,058) |
| Total other financing | | | |
| sources (uses) | | - | (467,058) |
| Net change in fund balances | | (641,292) | (464,749) |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | | 757,844 | 9,251,176 |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ | 116,552 | \$ 8,786,427 |

ILLINOIS GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY

| Grantee Name | City of Effingham |
|---------------|---|
| ID Numbers | AUDIT:37478 Grantee:680335 UEI:Y3LUUHXK3MJ4 FEIN:376000770 |
| Audit Period | 5/1/2022 - 4/30/2023 |
| Submitted | 11/21/2023; Bridget Polk; City Treasurer; bpolk@effinghamil.com; 217-342-5300 |
| Accepted | |
| Program Count | 10 |

| All Programs Total | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| Category | State | Federal | Other | Total | |
| Personal Services (Salaries and Wages) | 0.00 | 19,897.00 | 30,628.99 | 50,525.99 | |
| Fringe Benefits | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Travel | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Equipment | 0.00 | 583,198.00 | 10,000.00 | 593,198.00 | |
| Supplies | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Contractual Services | 15,000.00 | 0.00 | 12,000.00 | 27,000.00 | |
| Consultant (Professional Services) | 0.00 | 96,669.71 | 11,249.44 | 107,919.15 | |
| Construction | 554,566.55 | 47,613.35 | 139,499.64 | 741,679.54 | |
| Occupancy - Rent and Utilities | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Research and Development | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Telecommunications | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Training and Education | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Direct Administrative Costs | 104,620.34 | 8,605.85 | 0.00 | 113,226.19 | |
| Miscellaneous Costs | 0.00 | 140,184.00 | 29,362,640.75 | 29,502,824.75 | |
| ALN 21.027 CSLFRF | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| All Grant Specific Categories | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 674,186.89 | 896,167.91 | 29,566,018.82 | 31,136,373.62 | |
| Indirect Costs | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 674,186.89 | 896,167.91 | 29,566,018.82 | 31,136,373.62 | |

| State Agency | Department Of Commerce And Economic Opportunity (420) | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Program Name | mmunity Development Block Grant Housing Rehabilitation Program (420-75- 33) | |
| Program Limitations | No | |
| Mandatory Match | No | |
| Indirect Cost Rate | 0.00 Base: | |

| Category | State | Federal | Other | Total |
|-----------------------------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|
| Construction | 0.00 | 47,613.35 | 0.00 | 47,613.35 |
| Direct Administrative Costs | 0.00 | 8,605.85 | 0.00 | 8,605.85 |
| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 0.00 | 56,219.20 | 0.00 | 56,219.20 |

| State Agency | Department Of Commerce And Economic Opportunity (420) | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Program Name | cal Tourism and Convention Bureau Program (420-25-1606) | |
| Program Limitations | No | |
| Mandatory Match | Yes 50 | |
| Indirect Cost Rate | 0.00 Base: | |

| Category | State | Federal | Other | Total |
|---------------------------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

| State Agency | Department Of Commerce And Economic Opportunity (420) |
|----------------------------|---|
| Program Name | Local Tourism and Convention Bureau Program (420-27-2921) |
| Program Limitations | No |
| Mandatory Match | Yes 25 |
| Indirect Cost Rate | 0.00 Base: |

| Category | State | Federal | Other | Total |
|--|-------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Personal Services (Salaries and Wages) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 20,680.49 | 20,680.49 |
| Equipment | 0.00 | 0.00 | 10,000.00 | 10,000.00 |
| Contractual Services | 0.00 | 0.00 | 12,000.00 | 12,000.00 |
| Consultant (Professional Services) | 0.00 | 51,672.00 | 0.00 | 51,672.00 |
| Miscellaneous Costs | 0.00 | 140,184.00 | 11,326.75 | 151,510.75 |
| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 0.00 | 191,856.00 | 54,007.24 | 245,863.24 |

| State Agency | epartment Of Commerce And Economic Opportunity (420) | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Program Name | Rebuild Illinois Regional Economic Development Grant Program (420-75-2374) | | |
| Program Limitations | No | | |
| Mandatory Match | No | | |
| Indirect Cost Rate | 0.00 Base: | | |

| Category | State | Federal | Other | Total |
|-----------------------------|------------|---------|-------|------------|
| Direct Administrative Costs | 104,620.34 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 104,620.34 |
| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 104,620.34 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 104,620.34 |

| State Agency | epartment Of Commerce And Economic Opportunity (420) | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Program Name | RISE Local and Regional Planning Grant Program (420-27-2777) | | |
| Program Limitations | No | | |
| Mandatory Match | No | | |
| Indirect Cost Rate | 0.00 Base: | | |

| Category | State | Federal | Other | Total |
|---------------------------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

| State Agency | epartment Of Commerce And Economic Opportunity (420) | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Program Name | Site Improvements (420-00-1960) | |
| Program Limitations | No | |
| Mandatory Match | No | |
| Indirect Cost Rate | 0.00 Base: | |

| Category | State | Federal | Other | Total |
|---------------------------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

| State Agency | Department Of Transportation (494) | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Program Name | Ilinois Transportation Enhancement Program (494-00-1000) This program was added by the grantee | | |
| Program Limitations | No | | |
| Mandatory Match | No | | |
| Indirect Cost Rate | 0.00 Base: | | |

| Category | State | Federal | Other | Total |
|------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Consultant (Professional Services) | 0.00 | 44,997.71 | 11,249.44 | 56,247.15 |
| Construction | 554,566.55 | 0.00 | 139,499.64 | 694,066.19 |
| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 554,566.55 | 44,997.71 | 150,749.08 | 750,313.34 |

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| State Agency | Department Of Transportation (494) | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Program Name | Local REBUILD ILLNOIS Bond Program (494-00-2356) | | |
| Program Limitations | No | | |
| Mandatory Match | No | | |
| Indirect Cost Rate | 0.00 Base: | | |

| Category | State | Federal | Other | Total |
|---------------------------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

| State Agency | Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (532) |
|----------------------------|--|
| Program Name | Unsewered Communities Planning Grant Program (532-00-2476) |
| Program Limitations | No |
| Mandatory Match | No |
| Indirect Cost Rate | 0.00 Base: |

| Category | State | Federal | Other | Total |
|---------------------------|-----------|---------|-------|-----------|
| Contractual Services | 15,000.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 15,000.00 |
| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 15,000.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 15,000.00 |

| State Agency | Illinois Emergency Management Agency and Office of Homeland Security (588) |
|----------------------------|--|
| Program Name | Emergency Management Performance Grants (588-40-0450) |
| Program Limitations | No |
| Mandatory Match | No |
| Indirect Cost Rate | 0.00 Base: |

| Category | State | Federal | Other | Total |
|--|-------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Personal Services (Salaries and Wages) | 0.00 | 19,897.00 | 9,948.50 | 29,845.50 |
| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 0.00 | 19,897.00 | 9,948.50 | 29,845.50 |

Illinois Grant Accountability and Transparency Consolidated Year-End Financial Report

Program Name Other grant programs and activities

| | Category | State | Federal | Other | Total |
|-----------|---------------------------|-------|------------|-------|------------|
| Equipment | | 0.00 | 583,198.00 | 0.00 | 583,198.00 |
| | TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 0.00 | 583,198.00 | 0.00 | 583,198.00 |

| Program Name | All other costs not allocated | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| Categ | ory | State | Federal | Other | Total |

| TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURES | 0.00 | 0.00 | 29,351,314.00 | 29,351,314.00 |
|---------------------------|------|------|---------------|---------------|
| Miscellaneous Costs | 0.00 | 0.00 | 29,351,314.00 | 29,351,314.00 |

STATISTICAL DATA

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE (UNAUDITED) April 30, 2023

| Coverage | Total Available Limits for Members |
|---|--|
| | ¢8,000,0001 |
| Liability Coverages General Liability | \$8,000,000 each occurrence, each member, for all applicable |
| • | |
| Broad Form Property Civil Constitutional Rights-Assault/Battery | coverages including "Special Liability Coverages" listed below; |
| - · · | even if more than one coverage |
| Contractual Liability | |
| Employee Benefit Programs Liability | applies to the same loss. |
| Incidental Malpractice | \$16,000,000 |
| Intentional Building Removal | \$16,000,000 annual aggregate, |
| Limited Worldwide Liability | each Member, as respects, RMA 1, |
| Personal Injury/Advertising Liability | RMA 2, and RMA 4 |
| Watercraft Liability | |
| Personal Injury as Respects Employment Practices | |
| Public Officials/Employees | |
| Auto Liability | |
| Special Liability Coverages | |
| Premises Medical Payments | \$3,000 per person; \$1,000,000 per occurrence |
| Fire Legal Liability | \$100,000 per occurrence; \$100,000 annual agg. |
| Equal Employment Opportuity Comm. | \$15,000 per occurrence; \$15,000 annual agg. |
| (EEOC) - defense only | |
| Liquor Liability - Special Events & Host | \$1,000,000 per occurrence; \$1,000,000 annual agg. |
| Auto Medical Payments | \$10,000 per person; \$1,000,000 per occurrence |
| Uninsured/Underinsured Motorist | \$100,000 per person; \$300,000 per accident |
| Property Coverages | |
| Auto Physical Damage | Combined limit: |
| | \$30,000,000 any location, per occurrence; |
| Building/Personal Property | \$250,000 per occurrence, all Members |
| Inland Marine | \$50,000 extra expense |
| Valuable Papers/Records and Electronic Media/Records | \$50,000 per occurrence |
| Flood/Earthquake (combined) | *\$76,500,000 annual agg. All Members |
| *Catastrophe Coverage - Flood/Earthquake All Members incurring losses exceeding the applicable annual aggregate limits during the same calendar year shall share on a pro rata basis that portion of the annual aggregate limit for all Members for that calendar year that remains after all claims for that calendar year have been settled. | |

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE (Continued) (UNAUDITED) April 30, 2023

| Coverage | Total Available Limits for Members |
|---|--|
| Stand-Alone Coverages | |
| Crime | \$100,000 per occurrence |
| Worker's Comp/Occupational Disease | Statutory |
| Employer's Liability | \$3,000,000 per accident |
| Public Official Position Bond | As stated in the schedule filed with the Association |
| Information Security Protection Coverage | |
| Privacy and Security Liability and Regulatory (claims-made) | \$250,000 per occurrence, per Member, for all |
| Security Breach Response Coverage (claims-made) | applicable coverages |
| PCI DSS Assessments Coverage (claims-made) | \$5,000,000 annual aggregate all Members |
| Cyber Extortion Threats (claims-made) | |
| Business Income Loss and Digital Access Restoration | |
| (claims-made); Waiting Period - 8 hours | |
| Claim preparation costs applicable to Business Income Loss | \$10,000 per loss |
| Multimedia Liability (claims-made) | |
| 1937 Antique Fire Engine/Retired Fire Fighters Association | |
| Liability limit | |
| Bodily injury and property damage | \$1,000,000 per occurence |
| Uninsured motorists limit | |
| Bodily injury | \$1,000,000 per occurence |
| | |

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (UNAUDITED) April 30, 2023

| Assessed valuation, 2022 levy | | \$ 377,770,853 |
|--|---|----------------|
| Statutory debt limitation, 8.625% of assessed valuation | | \$ 32,582,736 |
| Total debt: | | |
| General obligation bond Refunding bond Advanced refunding bond Total debt | (8,795,000) (940,000) (1,265,000) | (11,000,000) |
| Less debt exempt from statutory debt limitation computation: | | (11,000,000) |
| General obligation bond Refunding bond Advanced refunding bond | 8,795,000 940,000 1,265,000 | |
| Total debt exempt from statutory debt limitation | | 11,000,000 |
| Legal debt margin | | \$ 32,582,736 |

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS (UNAUDITED) April 30, 2023

| | Water |
|---|--------------|
| Number of metered customers, April 30, 2023 | 5,229 |
| Number of unmetered customers, April 30, 2023 | - |
| Total customers, April 30, 2023 | 5,229 |
| | |
| Gallons of water pumped | 565,973,000 |
| Less amount used to wash filter | (15,158,000) |
| Gallons of water available | 550,815,000 |
| | |
| | Sewer |
| Number of metered customers, April 30, 2023 | 4,926 |
| Number of unmetered customers, April 30, 2023 | - |
| Total customers, April 30, 2023 | 4,926 |
| | |
| Gallons of water billed | 473,210,901 |
| Gallons received at wastewater plant | 816,015,000 |
| Number of customers discharging non-domestic wastes | 182 |
| Gallons of non-domestic wastes discharged | 73,087,235 |

FEDERAL FINANCIAL COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Mayor and City Commissioners City of Effingham, Illinois

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Effingham, Illinois' (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2023. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City of Effingham, Illinois complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kemper CPA Group LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Mattoon, Illinois November 30, 2023

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the year ended April 30, 2023

| Federal Grantor/ | | Pass-through | |
|---|--------|--------------|--------------|
| Pass-through Grantor/ | CFDA | Grantor's | Federal |
| Program Title | Number | Number | Expenditures |
| Department of the Treasury | | | |
| Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (COVID-19) (M) | 21.027 | | \$ 583,198 |
| Passed Through the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic | | | |
| Opportunity: | | | |
| Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (COVID-19) (M) | 21.027 | 420-27-2921 | 191,856 |
| Total Department of the Treasury | | | 775,054 |
| Department of Housing and Urban Development | | | |
| Passed Through the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic | | | |
| Opportunity: | | | |
| Community Development Block Grants | 14.228 | 420-75-1633 | 56,219 |
| Total Department of Housing and Urban Development | | | 56,219 |
| The Federal Highway Administration | | | |
| Passed through the Illinois Department of Transportation: | | | |
| ITEP | 20.205 | 494-00-1000 | 44,998 |
| Total Federal Highway Administration | | | 44,998 |
| Department of Homeland Security | | | |
| Passed through the Illinois Emergency Management Agency: | | | |
| Emergency Management Performance Grants | 97.042 | 588-40-0450 | 19,897 |
| Total Department of Homeland Security | | | 19,897 |
| Total expenditures of federal awards | | | \$ 896,168 |
| | | | |

(M) - Audited as a major program

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS April 30, 2023

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

General

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of the City of Effingham, Illinois (the City) for the year ended April 30, 2023. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net assets of the City.

Basis of Accounting

The City's financial statements have been presented using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City's schedule of expenditures of federal awards is prepared in conformity with the same basis of accounting.

2. <u>INDIRECT COST RATE</u>

The City has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended April 30, 2023

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

| Type of auditor's report issued: | Unmodified |
|--|-------------|
| Internal control over financial reporting: | |
| Material weaknesses identified? | Yes |
| Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? | No |
| Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? | No |
| Federal Awards | |
| Internal control over major program: | |
| Material weaknesses identified? | No |
| Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? | No |
| Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: | Unqualified |
| Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)? | No |
| Identification of major programs: | |
| CFDA Number Name of Federal Program | |
| 21.027 Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (COVID-19) | |
| Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: | \$750,000 |
| Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? | No |

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended April 30, 2023

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Finding No.: 2023-001 Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria:

The City of Effingham is required to maintain a system of controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual and accrual bases of accounting. This system includes reporting governmental receivables and the related deferred inflow of resources, recording pension amounts and other liabilities, classifying construction project expenditures between capital and non-capital accounts, and properly allocating fund balance and net position. City internal controls over financial reporting should include adequately trained personnel with the knowledge and expertise to prepare and/or thoroughly review the financial statements to ensure that they are free of material misstatements and include all disclosures as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* (Statement), requires governments to present government-wide and fund financial statements as well as a summary reconciliation of the (a) total governmental fund balances to the net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position, and (b) total change in governmental fund balances to the change in the net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. In addition, the Statement requires information about the government's major and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, to be provided in the fund financial statements.

Condition:

The City of Effingham lacks sufficient internal controls over the financial reporting process. While the City maintains controls over the processing of most accounting transactions, there are not sufficient controls over the preparation of the modified accrual and accrual bases of accounting financial statements for management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect financial statement misstatements and disclosure omissions in a timely manner.

Cause:

The additional expense to hire and/or train accounting personnel to comply with these requirements would take away from the funds available to provide services for City residents.

Effect:

Management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions may not prevent or detect financial statement misstatements and disclosure omissions in a timely manner.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended April 30, 2023

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Finding No.: 2023-001 Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation (Continued)

Recommendation:

As part of its internal control over the preparation of its financial statements, including disclosures, the City of Effingham should implement a comprehensive preparation and/or review procedure to ensure that the financial statements, including disclosures, are complete and accurate. Such review procedures should be performed by a properly trained individual(s) possessing a thorough understanding of applicable generally accepted accounting principles, GASB pronouncements, and knowledge of the City of Effingham's activities and operations.

Responsible Official's Response:

The City accepts the degree of risk associated with this condition because the additional expense to seek outside accounting expertise or properly train current employees to comply with these requirements would take away from the funds available to provide services for City residents. The City will continue to review, approve, and accept responsibility for the audit adjustments, financial statements, and related notes provided by the auditors.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended April 30, 2023

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Finding No.: 2023-002 Controls Over Capital Assets

Criteria:

The City of Effingham is required to maintain a system of controls over the capital assets owned and operated by the City. This includes tracking status including dispositions and ensuring that the depreciation schedule includes all capital assets owned by the City.

Condition:

The City of Effingham lacks sufficient internal controls over the monitoring of capital assets. We noted during the course of our audit fieldwork that the City had difficulty identifying assets sold during the year on their depreciation schedule. Additionally, we noted a significant dollar amount of land assets were not owned by the City but were still maintained on the depreciation schedule.

Cause:

The City was not aware of the deficiency.

Effect:

Management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions may not prevent or detect financial statement misstatements and disclosure omissions in a timely manner.

Recommendation:

As part of its internal control over capital assets, the City should implement controls to ensure that the depreciation schedule is reviewed annually by City personnel to verify that all relevant additions and dispositions have been accounted for and that the depreciation schedule includes all assets to which the City holds title.

Responsible Official's Response:

Management agrees with the recommendation and is implementing the appropriate changes.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended April 30, 2023

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE



CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended April 30, 2023

Finding No.: 2023-001 Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation

Condition:

The City of Effingham lacks sufficient internal controls over the financial reporting process. While the City maintains controls over the processing of most accounting transactions, there are not sufficient controls over the preparation of the modified accrual and accrual bases of accounting financial statements for management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent or detect financial statement misstatements and disclosure omissions in a timely manner.

Plan:

The City of Effingham accepts the degree of risk associated with this condition because the additional expense to seek outside accounting expertise to prepare and/or review financial statements would take away from the funds available to provide services to the City. The City will continue to review, approve, and accept responsibility for the audit adjustments, financial statements and related notes provided by the auditors until a solution is determined.

Anticipated Date of Completion:

N/A

Name of Contact Person:

Steven W. Miller, City Administrator



Mayor Mike Schutzbach Comnr. Larry Micenheimer Comnr. Merv Gillenwater Comnr. Libby Moeller Comnr. Hank Stephens

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended April 30, 2023

Finding No.: 2023-002 Controls Over Capital Assets

Condition:

The City of Effingham lacks sufficient internal controls over the monitoring of capital assets. We noted during the course of our audit fieldwork that the City had difficulty identifying assets sold during the year on their depreciation schedule. Additionally, we noted a significant dollar amount of land assets were not owned by the City but were still maintained on the depreciation schedule.

Plan:

The City of Effingham will implement additional controls to ensure all asset additions and dispositions are identified and accounted for as well as implement an annual review of the asset schedule to ensure all assets listed are under current title of the City.

Anticipated Date of Completion:

As soon as possible

Name of Contact Person:

Steven W. Miller, City Administrator

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended April 30, 2023

Section IV: Summary of Prior Audit Findings

Audit Finding Reference: 2023-001, The City of Effingham lacks sufficient expertise to prepare and review their accrual-basis financial statements.

Status of Prior Finding: Repeated, the City of Effingham plans to seek options to correct the deficiency.