NOTICE OF INTENTION TO CIRCULATE PROPOSED MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION AND INITIAL STUDY FOR THE GENERAL PLAN FOR THE TOWN OF FAIRFAX

Project Location

The project site is the Town of Fairfax, Marin County, California.

Project Description

There are eight total elements in the 2010-30 Fairfax General Plan, including an optional Town Center Element. The following describes the basics of these eight elements:

Land Use Element

The Land Use Element provides a guide to the general public, the Council and Planning Commission, to appointed committees and boards and to the Town Manager, Planning Director and staff as to the pattern of development for the Town in the future. The Land Use Element has the broadest scope of all of the General Plan elements. It plays a central role in presenting land use issues, and the policies that will influence those issues. The goals, objectives, policies and programs found in this element relate directly to all other elements. In the daily business of the Town, this element is usually the most visible and most often used. While all of the general plan elements are equal in importance, the Land Use Element is usually referred to as being most representative of the Town's General Plan. Central to this element are the General Plan Map and the Zoning Map, both of which have a significant role in the daily decisions of the Town. The programs contained in this element influence the short- and long-term actions for the Town, including the yearly budget.

Circulation Element

The Circulation Element is more than a transportation plan for vehicles. The Town's substantial commitment to transit, bicycle and pedestrian systems is also reflected in this element. The Land Use Element and the Circulation Element are bound together by state law. This element also has direct relationships to the Housing, Open Space and Safety Elements. The goals, objectives, policies and programs of this element affect the Town's physical, social and economic environment. Even though the Town is primarily built-out, changes to the existing circulation networks and systems are possible; and in some cases, particularly those related to transit, bicycle and pedestrian circulation, are preferred by the community.

Housing Element

The Housing Element is distinct from the other elements as it is subject to detailed legal requirements regarding its content, particularly its policies and programs. The Housing Element is required, by state law, to be updated every five years, and must be reviewed and certified by the State's Department of Housing and Community Development. This requirement is symbolic of the state's recognition that the availability of meaningful housing opportunities is critical to the community's well-being and that cooperation between government and the private sector is important to the attainment of the state's housing goals. State law requires the Town to adequately plan to meet existing and projected housing needs, including its fair share of the

regional demand. The state sees the Housing Element as part of its market-based strategy to increase the housing supply at all levels of income. In this element, the Town has identified some unique ways to meet the community's goals while maintaining the integrity of the Town.

Town Center Element

The Town Center Element is an optional element, not required by State law, which has been included in the General Plan as a result of ideas generated during the community based workshops. This element is a subset of both the Land Use Element and the Circulation Element. This element is specific to the mixed-use central area of the Town, extending from the dual gateways of the Town at Sir Francis Drake and Center Boulevard at the San Anselmo border to the library at the northern end of the downtown area, including School Street Plaza. Also included is the area from Broadway along the Bolinas Road to the Town Hall and Park Avenue, as well as Peri Park and the Women's Club. The programs in this element will implement the Land Use Element and the Circulation Element when the creation of a "Town Center Plan" called for in this element is formulated and acted on.

Open Space Element

The Open Space Element establishes a guide for the comprehensive and long-range preservation and conservation of key open space land around and throughout the Town. Next to the Land Use Element, this element is the broadest in scope, overlapping some of the other elements while including goals and policies that are central to the quality of life as clearly defined by the community. Included in this element is an inventory of the areas of open space around and in the Town that are seen as candidate parcels for preservation, conservation or restoration. The Open Space Element is also closely related to the Conservation Element, and taken together these two elements identify and strengthen the collective environmental-quality attitudes of the Town.

Conservation Element

The Conservation Element provides direction regarding the conservation, management and careful utilization of the Town's natural resources, including the air around it. This element directly relates to the Open Space Element, and overlaps the requirements of the Land Use, Safety, and Circulation Elements. The most significant difference between this element and others is that it focuses primarily on the Town's natural resources and systems. The most significant role of the Conservation Element is to establish policies and programs that recognize and reconcile the conflicting demands on both renewable and non-renewable resources while respecting the social and economic needs of the community.

Safety Element

The Town is located in an area of unique scenic beauty and spectacular weather. However, along with those physical riches, the area also possesses the ability to destroy itself at any given time. The aim of the Safety Element is to recognize and reduce the potential risk of death, injuries, property damage, and economic and social dislocation resulting from catastrophic wildland fires, floods, earthquakes, and landslides. This element also overlaps other elements, including Land Use, Open Space, and Conservation. The Safety Element identifies local hazards and hazard

abatement recommendations to assist the Town in decisions related to zoning and entitlement permits. The element contains hazard and risk reduction strategies and policies and programs supporting hazard mitigation measures. Other policies and programs address the identification of hazards and the appropriate emergency responses. Specific attention is paid to community preparedness for fire potential in the wildland/urban interface, flooding of the creeks that extend through the Town, and earthquakes and landslides.

Noise Element

The primary purpose of the Noise Element is to limit the exposure of the community to excessive levels of unwanted sound. In developing this element, noise levels and the extent of noise was analyzed and quantified through actual on-site measuring activities. The technical data was gathered and analyzed and a series of noise control policies and programs were developed that minimize the exposure of the community members to excessive and unwanted noise.

The policies and programs in the Noise Element will serve as community guidelines for compliance with sound transmission control requirements. Of particular importance to the Town are the recommended construction noise mitigation measures, particularly in light of the bowl-like configuration of the landscape, and the typical construction and reconstruction patterns currently in effect. The Noise Element directly relates to the Land Use, Circulation, and Housing.

Project Proponent

The Town Council of the Town of Fairfax, California.

Findings

In accordance with the Town of Fairfax' policies regarding implementation of the California Environmental Quality Act (Public Resources Code §21000 et seq.) and the CEQA Guidelines, the Town of Fairfax has conducted an Initial Study to determine whether implementation of the above described Town of Fairfax General Plan may have a significant effect on the environment. On the basis of that study, the Town hereby finds:

The project will not have significant environmental impacts for the following reasons:

- Implementation of the General Plan will have no adverse effect on the Town's scenic resources.
- 2. Implementation of the General Plan will have no adverse effect on agricultural resources.
- Implementation of the General Plan with recommended mitigations will not result in a significant adverse impact. Implementation of the General Plan will be compatible with the Bay Area Air Quality Management District plan.
- Implementation of the General Plan will have no substantial adverse effect on sensitive biological resources.
- Implementation of the General Plan will not cause a substantial adverse effect on cultural or historical resources.

- 6. Implementation of the General Plan with the recommended mitigation measures will not expose people to substantial adverse geological events or affect the Town's soils.
- Implementation of the General Plan will not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment as may be caused by hazardous materials or hazardous conditions or facilities.
- 8. Implementation of the General Plan will not degrade or deplete water resources.
- 9. Implementation of the General Plan will not cause a substantial adverse effect on land use planning or land use policies.
- Implementation of the General Plan will not cause a substantial adverse effect on the Town's mineral resources.
- 11. Implementation of the General Plan with the recommended mitigation measures will not result in any substantial noise impacts.
- Implementation of the General Plan will not cause a substantial adverse effect on population or housing.
- 13. Implementation of the General Plan-will not cause a substantial adverse effect on public services.
- Implementation of the General Plan will not cause a substantial adverse effect on the Town's recreation resources.
- 15. Implementation of the General Plan with recommended mitigations will not result in a significant adverse impact to the Town's transportation services or traffic load. The existing roadways and intersections have adequate capacity to meet the standards established by the Town.
- Implementation of the General Plan will not cause a substantial adverse effect on the Town's utilities or services.

Public Review

The Initial Study and proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration will be circulated for a 30-day public review period, pursuant to Public Resources Code (CEQA) Section 21091 (B). Written comments shall be submitted to the Town of Fairfax Department of Planning and Building Services, 142 Bolinas Road, Fairfax, CA. 94930, or interested persons can contact Linda Neal, Senior Planner, at (415) 453-1584. A written response to all written and oral comments received during the 30-day public review period will be prepared for incorporation into the Final Mitigated Negative Declaration and will be presented for approval by the Town of Fairfax. The project will be reviewed by the Town Council at their April 4, 2012 public meeting.

Lead Agency

The lead agency for this Mitigated Negative Declaration is the Town of Fairfax.

Determination

On the basis of the evaluation in this Mitigated Negative Declaration and the Initial Study:

I find that although the proposed project could have an adverse effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because the mitigation measures described on an attached sheet have been added to the project. A Mitigated Negative Declaration has been prepared.

Date:

James/M/. Moore

Director of Planning & Building Services

TOWN OF FAIRFAX Environmental Checklist Form

1. Project Title:

Town of Fairfax General Plan 2010-30

2. Lead Agency Name and Address:

Town of Fairfax Planning Department 142 Bolinas Road Fairfax, CA 94940

3. Lead Agency Contact Person and Phone Number:

Jim Moore Town of Fairfax, Planning Director Planning Department 142 Bolinas Road Fairfax, CA 94940

4. Project Location:

Fairfax, California

5. Project Sponsor's Name and Address:

Jim Moore Town of Fairfax, Planning Director Planning Department 142 Bolinas Road Fairfax, CA 94940

6. General Plan Designation:

N/A

7. Description of Project:

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Element Contents

Each element is organized to present all the background and regulatory information in the beginning, followed by Goals, Objectives, Policies and Programs.

- Goals are statements of direction, stating where the Town is focusing efforts and attention, and towards what end.
- Objectives are more specific directives guiding the implementation of Goals.
- Policies are specific statements that are intended to guide future actions. They answer the questions of "What" and "Why".

• Programs are the actions used to put into effect the policies of the element. Programs answer the questions of "What," "How," "Where," and "by Whom".

8. Surrounding Land Uses and Setting:

Fairfax is an incorporated town in Marin County, California. Fairfax is located 3.25 miles (5.2 km) west-northwest of San Rafael, at an elevation of 115 feet (35 m). The population is 7,319 at the 2000 census. Fairfax is a small town located at the western edge of Marin County's city-centered corridor that parallels U.S. Highway 101, with the agriculturally rich rural portion of the county just beyond to the west. The town's natural setting encompasses a series of valleys, canyons, and forested hills with largely undeveloped ridgelines. Scenic and natural resources are key aspects of the community's sense of place and contribute to the overall quality of life in Fairfax. In addition to the form of the land, mature trees and the extensive areas of protected open space in and around the Town help define the community character. The architectural diversity of the neighborhoods and the compact, small scale Town Center area also make Fairfax a very special place for residents and visitors.

According to the United States Census Bureau, the town has a total area of 2.1 square miles (5.5 km²), all of it land. As of the census of 2000, there were 7,319 people, 3,306 households, and 1,811 families residing in the town. The population density was 3,441.2 people per square mile (1,326.7/km²). There were 3,418 housing units at an average density of 1,607.0 per square mile (619.6/km²). The racial makeup of the town at the time of the 2000 census was 91.39%. White, 1.16% Black or African American, 0.48% Native American, 1.97% Asian, 0.16% Pacific Islander, 1.53% from other races, and 3.31% from two or more races. 5.71% of the population was Hispanic or Latino of any race.

There were 3,306 households out of which 27.4% had children under the age of 18 living with them, 41.2% were married couples living together, 10.0% had a female householder with no husband present, and 45.2% were households of unrelated persons. 31.1% of all households were made up of individuals and 7.4% had someone living alone who was 65 years of age or older.

In the town the population was spread out with 19.2% under the age of 18, 4.7% from 18 to 24, 33.5% from 25 to 44, 33.1% from 45 to 64, and 9.5% who were 65 years of age or older. The median age was 42 years. For every 100 females there were 91.9 males. For every 100 females age 18 and over, there were 89.2 males.

The median income for a household in the town was \$58,465, and the median income for a family was \$68,308. Males had a median income of \$51,457 versus \$40,815 for females. The per capita income for the town was \$34,080. About 4.3% of families and 6.5% of the population were below the poverty line, including 6.6% of those under age 18 and 7.6% of those of age 65 or over.

Soils in the Fairfax area mostly belong to the Tocaloma Series as classified by the U.S. Soil Conservation Service. These soils consist of moderately deep, well drained soils on uplands. These soils are typically formed from sandstone and shale and often occur on slopes ranging above 15 percent.

The residential development that occurred between 1907 and 1914, with winding streets and a wide range of lots sizes, set the stage for the future development of the community's built environment. Much of the subsequent residential and commercial development of Fairfax prior to World War II was related to the town's status as a summer resort for residents of San Francisco attracted by the warm, sunny weather of the Ross Valley. In recent years, rapidly rising housing

prices have resulted in numerous proposals to significantly renovate existing residential structures. Any change to the existing fabric of the Town will not occur primarily as a result of subdivisions of land, but rather as infilling scattered undeveloped or underdeveloped sites, or through the replacement of one residential structure with another.

9. Other agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Ross Valley Fire Department, Marin County Health Department, Marin Municipal Water District, Ross Valley Sanitary District No. 1, and Bay Area Air Quality Management District,

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

	that is a "Potentially Signific	stially affected by this project, cant Impact" as indicated by the
Aesthetics Biological Resources Hazards and Hazardous Materials	Agricultural Resources Cultural Resources Hydrology/Water Qual	Geology/Soils ity Land Use/
Mineral Resources	Noise	Planning Population/
Public Services	Recreation	Housing Transportation/ Traffic
Utilities/Service Systems	Mandatory Findings of Significance	
DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency)		
On the basis of this initial eva	duation:	
and a NEGATIVE DECI I find that although the p there will not be a signifi made by or agreed to by DECLARATION will be I find that the proposed p ENVIRONMENTAL IM I find that the proposed p significant unless mitigat adequately analyzed in an has been addressed by me attached sheets. An ENV	LARATION will be prepared proposed project could have a cant effect in this case becauthe project proponent. A Mile prepared. Project MAY have a significant project MAY have a significant project MAY have a "potentiated" impact on the environment earlier document pursuant itigation measures based on	a significant effect on the environment, use revisions in the project have been ITIGATED NEGATIVE ant effect on the environment, and an
I find that although the probecause all potentially significant EIR or NEGATIVE DECLE avoided or mitigated pursuits.	roposed project could have a gnificant effects (a) have been CLARATION pursuant to ap- suant to that earlier EIR or Natigation measures that are in	a significant effect on the environment, on analyzed adequately in an earlier plicable standards, and (b) have been IEGATIVE DECLARATION, apposed upon the proposed project, Date
Signature		Date

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each questions. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from Section 5, "Earlier Analyses", may be crossreferenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g. general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a

- previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) the significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluation each questions; and
 - b) the mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant.