



TOWN OF FAIRFAX

STAFF REPORT

August 3, 2022

TO: Mayor and Town Council

FROM: Heather Abrams, Town Manager

SUBJECT: Adopt Resolution Authorizing Notice Inviting Bids for 78 Wreden Avenue Storm Damage Repair, Town Project No. 51-826

RECOMMENDATION

Adopt the attached resolution authorizing notice inviting bids.

DISCUSSION

An existing concrete retaining wall which supports the downslope side of the roadway near 78 Wreden Avenue was damaged during a period of severe storms and heavy rainfall in February 2019. Erosion and instability within the swale below the wall resulted in undermining and loss of foundation support for the structure. The planned repair consists of constructing a new reinforced concrete retaining wall downslope of the existing wall. The new wall is approximately 35-feet-long, up to about eight feet in retained height and will be supported on drilled shaft foundations. The new wall will be constructed a few feet downslope of the existing wall and will provide additional lateral support for the structure. Details of the proposed retaining wall and related improvements are provided in the attached project plans.

As there is another similar repair project near 378 Scenic Avenue, staff will consider combining the two projects into a single bid solicitation in order to realize more competitive bids and streamline construction contract oversight.

FISCAL IMPACT

The engineer's construction cost estimate for this project is \$240,000. Actual project costs are unknown until the contractor bids are opened. Funding for this project was not appropriated in the current (FY2022-23) adopted CIP budget A budget appropriation will be requested when the Council considers contract award in September.

ATTACHMENTS

- A. Resolution
- B. Plans

RESOLUTION 22-__

**A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF FAIRFAX
AUTHORIZING NOTICE INVITING BIDS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF 78 WREDEN AVENUE
STORM DAMAGE REPAIR PROJECT**

WHEREAS, construction of 78 Wreden Avenue Storm Damage Repair (“the Project”), was identified in the current adopted budget; and

WHEREAS, delivery of the Project utilizing all of the appropriated funds requires that the Town invite formal bids as provided for in the Town Code and under the California Uniform Construction Cost Accounting Act of 1983; and

WHEREAS, the Project is categorically exempt from the application of the California Environmental Quality Act (“CEQA”) under Class 1 inasmuch as it involves the repair of an existing facility.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Fairfax Town Council hereby authorizes issuance of notice inviting construction bids for the Project and authorizes the Town Manager to do everything necessary and proper to complete the bid package and notice the request for bids.

The foregoing Resolution was duly passed and adopted at a regular meeting of the Town Council of the Town of Fairfax, at a regular meeting held on the 3rd day of August 2022, by the following vote, to wit:

AYES:

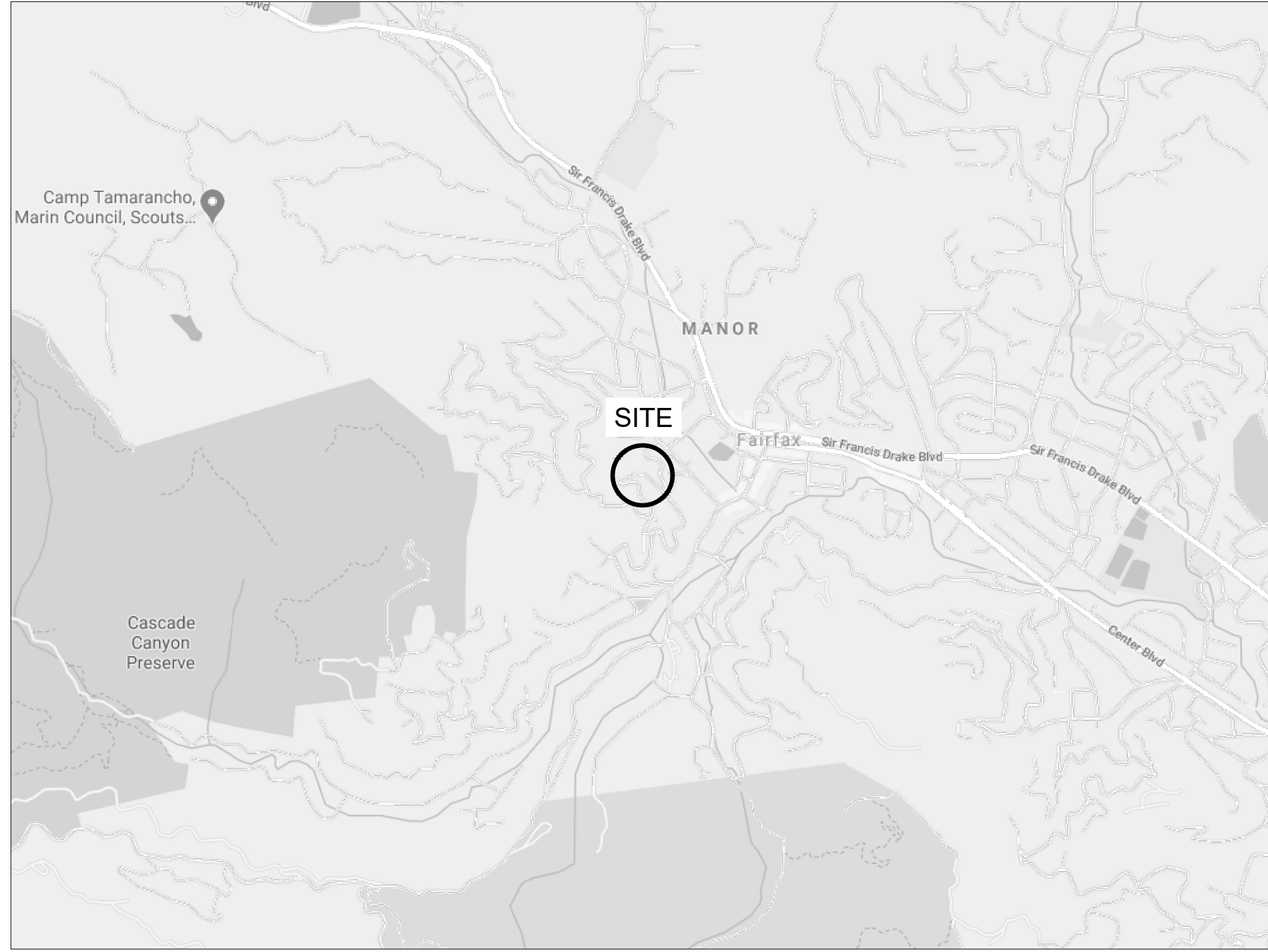
NOES:

ABSENT:

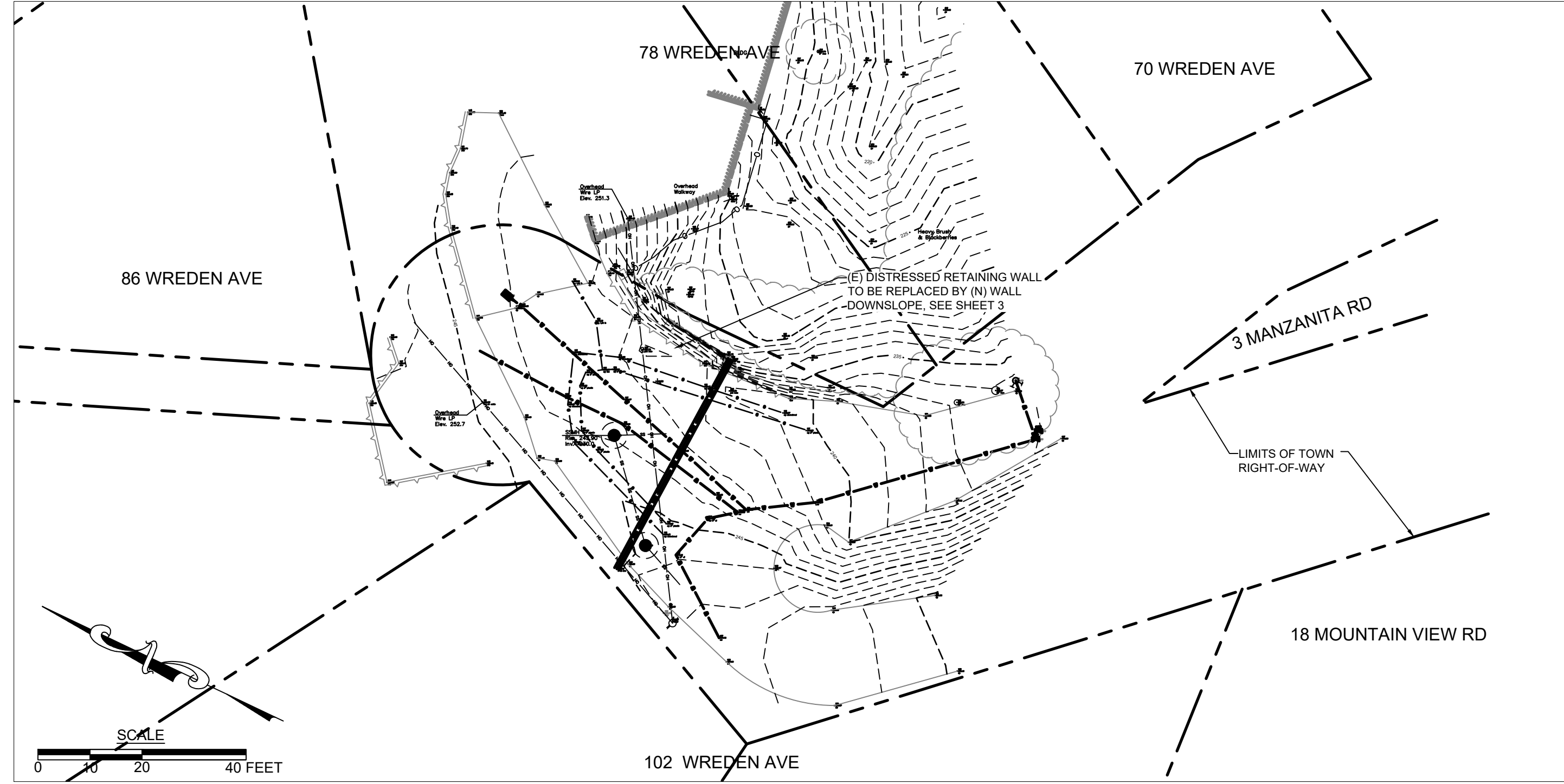
Stephanie Hellman, Mayor

Attest: _____
Michele Gardner, Town Clerk

TOWN OF FAIRFAX STORM DAMAGE REPAIR, 78 WREDEN AVE FEMA DR-4431-CA FAIRFAX, CALIFORNIA



SITE LOCATION MAP
(NO SCALE)



PROPERTY MAP
(SCALE: 1" = 20'-0")

ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS

APPROX	APPROXIMATELY
BW	BOTTOM OF WALL ELEVATION
CONC	CONCRETE
(E)	EXISTING
FT	FEET
IN	INCH
LF	LINEAR FEET
(N)	NEW
STD	CALTRANS STANDARD DETAIL
TW	TOP OF WALL ELEVATION
UCS	MARIN CO. UNIFORM CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS
	APPROX BORING LOCATION BY MILLER PACIFIC

GENERAL

1. ALL CONDITIONS AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR. ANY DISCREPANCIES THAT REQUIRE CLARIFICATION OR REVISIONS SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ENGINEER BEFORE STARTING WORK.
2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL POSSESS A CLASS "A" LICENSE.
3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUPERVISE AND DIRECT THE WORK AND SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL CONSTRUCTION MEANS, METHODS, PROCEDURES, TECHNIQUES, SAFETY, AND SEQUENCE.
4. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT PRIOR TO START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ALL PUBLIC OR PRIVATE UTILITY COMPANIES A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK ADJACENT TO EXISTING UTILITY LINES.
5. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE VERIFICATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES IN THE FIELD. ANY UTILITIES DAMAGED BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REPAIRED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
6. TOWN OF FAIRFAX ENCROACHMENT PERMIT IS REQUIRED FOR ALL WORK, INCLUDING STAGING OF MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT IN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMIT REQUIREMENTS.
7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH ENGINEER TO ESTABLISH THE RETAINING WALL LAYOUT PRIOR TO BEGINNING WALL CONSTRUCTION.
8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAUL AWAY ALL UNUSED/EXCESS EXCAVATED MATERIAL OFF SITE FOR LEGAL DISPOSAL.
9. NO CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT, DEBRIS OR WASTE SHALL BE PLACED OR STORED WHERE IT MAY BE SUBJECT TO WIND OR RAIN EROSION AND DISPERSION.
10. WORKMANSHIP TO BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ALONG WITH 2018 CALTRANS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, MARIN COUNTY AND CITY OF SAUSALITO STANDARDS AND GENERALLY ACCEPTED CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES.

SURVEY NOTES

1. TOPOGRAPHY BASED ON A FIELD SURVEY PERFORMED BY WILLIS SURVEYING. CONTOURS ARE SHOWN EVERY ONE VERTICAL FOOT.
2. THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY. THE LINE WORK SHOWN WAS COMPILED FROM RECORD INFORMATION ONLY AND AS SUCH IT SHOULD NOT BE REPRESENTED OR CONSTRUED AS ACTUAL ENTITLEMENT.
3. VERTICAL DATUM: USE WP1 AS A TEMPORARY BENCHMARK (TBM), WP1 A MAG NAIL SET IN THE DRIVEWAY. ELEVATION IS 242.82 FEET NAVD88 BASED ON STATIC GPS OBSERVATION AND PROCESSED BY NGS OPUS SYSTEM.
4. HORIZONTAL DATUM: CCS ZONE 3, NAD 83 (2011) (EPOCH: 2010.0000) BASED ON STATIC GPS OBSERVATION AND PROCESSED BY NGS OPUS SYSTEM.

DRILLED PIERS

1. REFER TO TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SECTION 2632 FOR DRILLED SHAFT REQUIREMENTS.
 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE ENGINEER TO ESTABLISH THE DRILLED SHAFT LAYOUT PRIOR TO BEGINNING DRILLING.
 3. "HARD ROCK" DRILLING IS DEFINED AS A PENETRATION RATE SLOWER THAN 30 MINUTES OF CONTINUOUS DRILLING PER FOOT USING A ROCK CORE BAREL OR OTHER HARD ROCK DRILLING EQUIPMENT WITH AT LEAST 15,000 POUNDS OF ROTARY TORQUE. EXCAVATION AND DETERMINATION OF HARD ROCK SHALL BE CONFIRMED BY THE ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY IF HARD ROCK EXCAVATION CONDITIONS ARE ENCOUNTERED.
- CONCRETE**
1. REFER TO TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SECTION 3315 FOR CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE REQUIREMENTS.
 2. ALL WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF ACI 301: SPECIFICATION FOR STRUCTURAL CONCRETE FOR BUILDINGS. ALL STRUCTURAL CONCRETE SHALL COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ACI 318-14.
 3. READY-MIX CONCRETE SHALL BE MIXED AND DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM C94.
 4. SUBMIT AND OBTAIN APPROVAL OF ALL MIX DESIGNS PRIOR TO PLACING CONCRETE.
 5. CONCRETE SHALL BE NORMAL WEIGHT AND READY-MIXED WITH A MAXIMUM WATER TO CEMENT RATIO 0.45 AND A MAXIMUM MEASURED SLUMP OF 8 INCHES FOR DRILLED SHAFTS AND 4 INCHES FOR THE GRADE BEAM AND WALL STEM.
 6. CEMENT SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C150, TYPE II.
 7. ALL AGGREGATE SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C33.
 8. ALL WATER SHALL BE CLEAN, POTABLE AND NOT DETRIMENTAL TO THE CONCRETE QUALITY.
 9. CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 4,000 PSI AT 28 DAYS.

CONCRETE PIPE

1. CONCRETE PIPE FOR NEW CULVERT SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C76, CLASS III.

REINFORCING STEEL

1. REINFORCING STEEL SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A615, GR 60.
2. CONCRETE COVER SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES.
3. REINFORCING STEEL BENDS, HOOKS, DEVELOPMENT LENGTHS AND SPLICES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH DETAIL 6/SHEET 4.

ASPHALT PAVEMENT

1. PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SECTION 2578 & SECTION 39 OF THE CALTRANS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.
2. ASPHALT OVERLAY SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED USING TYPE A, 1/2-INCH GRADED AGGREGATE.

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL

1. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL REQUIREMENTS OUTLINED IN THE MARIN COUNTY STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PROGRAM (MCSTOPPP) MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURES FOR SMALL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AS OUTLINED IN THE MCSTOPPP CONSTRUCTION EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN APPLICANT PACKAGE.
2. ANY AREAS IN WHICH GROUND SURFACE AND VEGETATIVE COVER HAS BEEN DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL BE COVERED WITH A PRE-APPROVED SEED MIX AND BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CONTROL MATS UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION.
3. EROSION CONTROL MATS SHALL CONSIST OF NORTH AMERICAN GREEN SC150 OR APPROVED EQUAL.

RIP RAP

1. RIP RAP SHALL CONFORM TO CLASS 2 ROCK SLOPE PROTECTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 72 OF THE 2018 CALTRANS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.
2. ROCK SLOPE PROTECTION FABRIC SHALL CONSIST OF MIRAFI 500X OR APPROVED EQUAL.

WALL DRAINAGE

1. PERMEABLE MATERIAL USED FOR WALL DRAINAGE AND BACKFILLING UNDERMINED PORTION OF EXISTING RETAINING WALL SHALL CONSIST OF CALTRANS TYPE A CLASS 1 PERMEABLE MATERIAL.
2. FILTER FABRIC SHALL CONSIST OF MIRAFI 140N OR APPROVED EQUAL.

DRAINAGE PIPE FOR CULVERT EXTENSION

1. DRAINAGE PIPE AND FITTINGS FOR CULVERT EXTENSION SHALL CONSIST OF POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) WHICH CONFORMS TO ASTM D3034.
2. FLEXIBLE COUPLER WHICH CONNECTS EXISTING CONCRETE CULVERT AND NEW PVC CULVERT EXTENSION SHALL CONSIST OF COUPLING 12" CONCRETE X 12" PLASTIC (PART NO. 1006-1212) BY FERRO INC. OR APPROVED EQUAL.

SPECIAL INSPECTIONS

1. SPECIAL INSPECTION SHALL BE PERFORMED BY MILLER PACIFIC OR A QUALIFIED TESTING AND INSPECTION AGENCY DURING CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:
 - 1.1 DRILLED SHAFTS: INTERMITTENT OBSERVATION OF DRILLING. FINISHED DRILLED HOLE EXCAVATIONS SHALL BE OBSERVED PRIOR TO INSTALLING REINFORCING STEEL.
 - 1.2 CONCRETE: INTERMITTENT OBSERVATION DURING PLACEMENT. CONCRETE SHALL BE SAMPLED AND CYLINDERS SHALL BE CAST FOR STRENGTH TESTING IN CONFORMANCE WITH ASTM C39. A MINIMUM OF 1 CYLINDER SHALL BE TESTED AT 7 DAYS AND A MINIMUM OF 3 CYLINDERS SHALL BE TESTED AT 28 DAYS.
 - 1.3 REINFORCEMENT: REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE OBSERVED PRIOR TO PLACEMENT INTO DRILLED HOLES FOR DRILLED SHAFTS AND PRIOR CONCRETE PLACEMENT FOR GRADE BEAM AND WALL STEM.
 - 1.4 WALL DRAINAGE: FILTER FABRIC, CLASS 1 PERMEABLE MATERIAL AND WEEPHOLES SHALL BE OBSERVED PRIOR TO COVERING WITH BACKFILL.
 - 1.5 WALL BACKFILL: WALL BACKFILL PLACEMENT SHALL BE OBSERVED AND FIELD DENSITY SHALL BE PERFORMED DURING BACKFILLING.

INDEX OF SHEETS	
SHEET NO.	SHEET TITLE
1	TITLE SHEET & NOTES
2	SITE PLAN - EXISTING CONDITIONS
3	RETAINING WALL PLAN, PROFILE & SECTION
4	DETAILS
5	BORING LOGS
6	EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL

90% DESIGN SUBMITTAL	100% DESIGN SUBMITTAL	BID SET	By	Date
3/22/2021	7/5/2022	7/19/2022	RCA	
			RCA	
			RCA	

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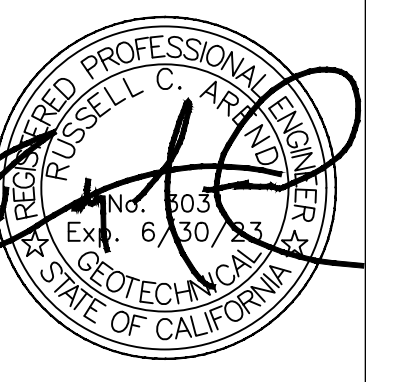
**MILLER PACIFIC
ENGINEERING GROUP**

M P E G

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Designed	Drawn	Checked	SAS
RCA	RCA	RCA	SAS

TITLE SHEET & NOTES
Storm Damage Repair
78 Wreden Ave
Fairfax, California
Project No. 201.182



SHEET
1



1 SITE PLAN - EXISTING CONDITIONS
(SCALE: 1" = 5'-0")

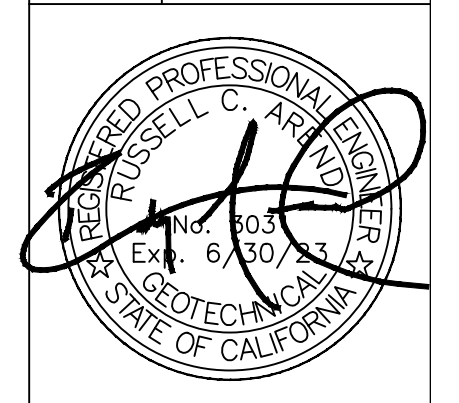
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			3/22/2021	7/5/2022	7/18/2022	Date
						Mark
						Description

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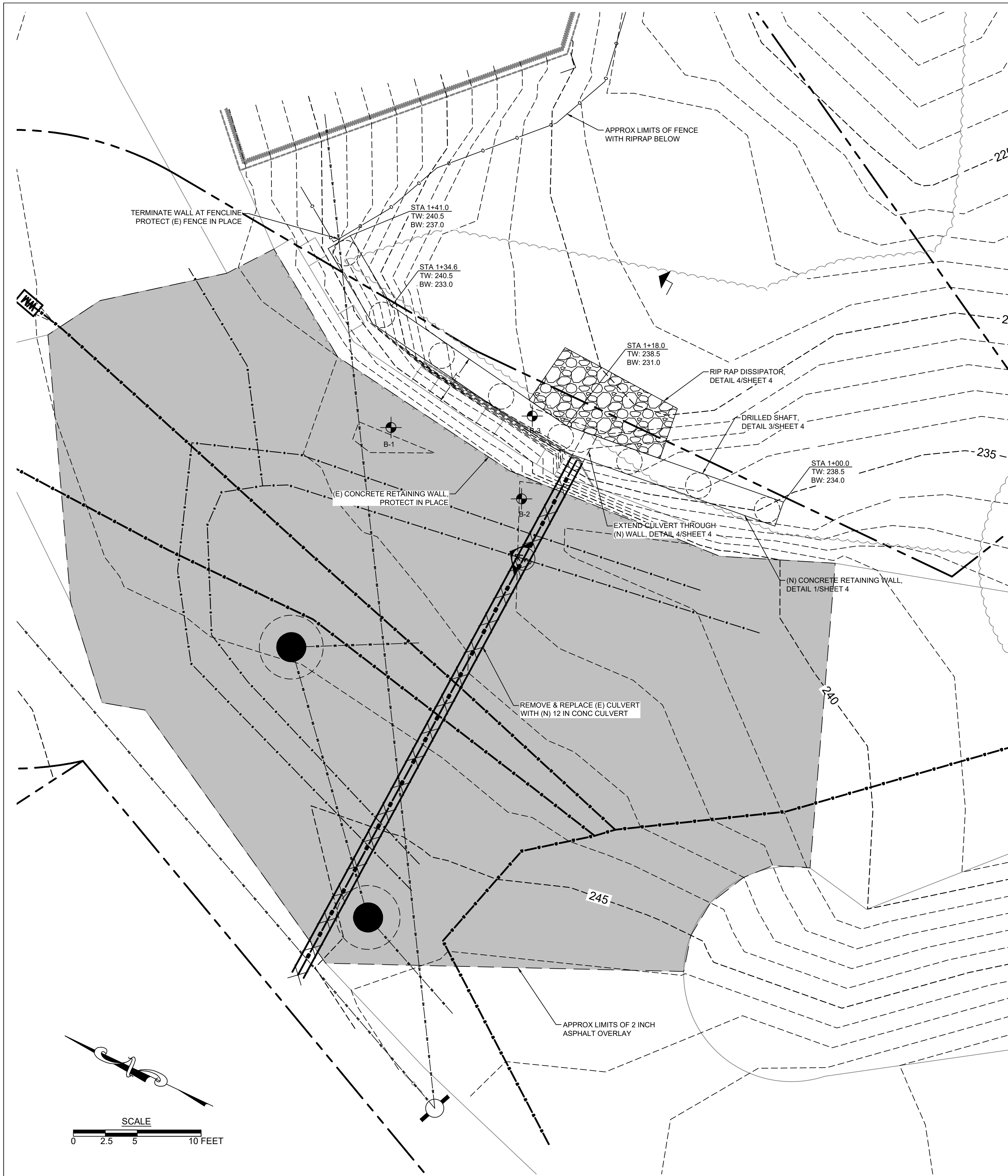
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RCA	RCA	SAS			

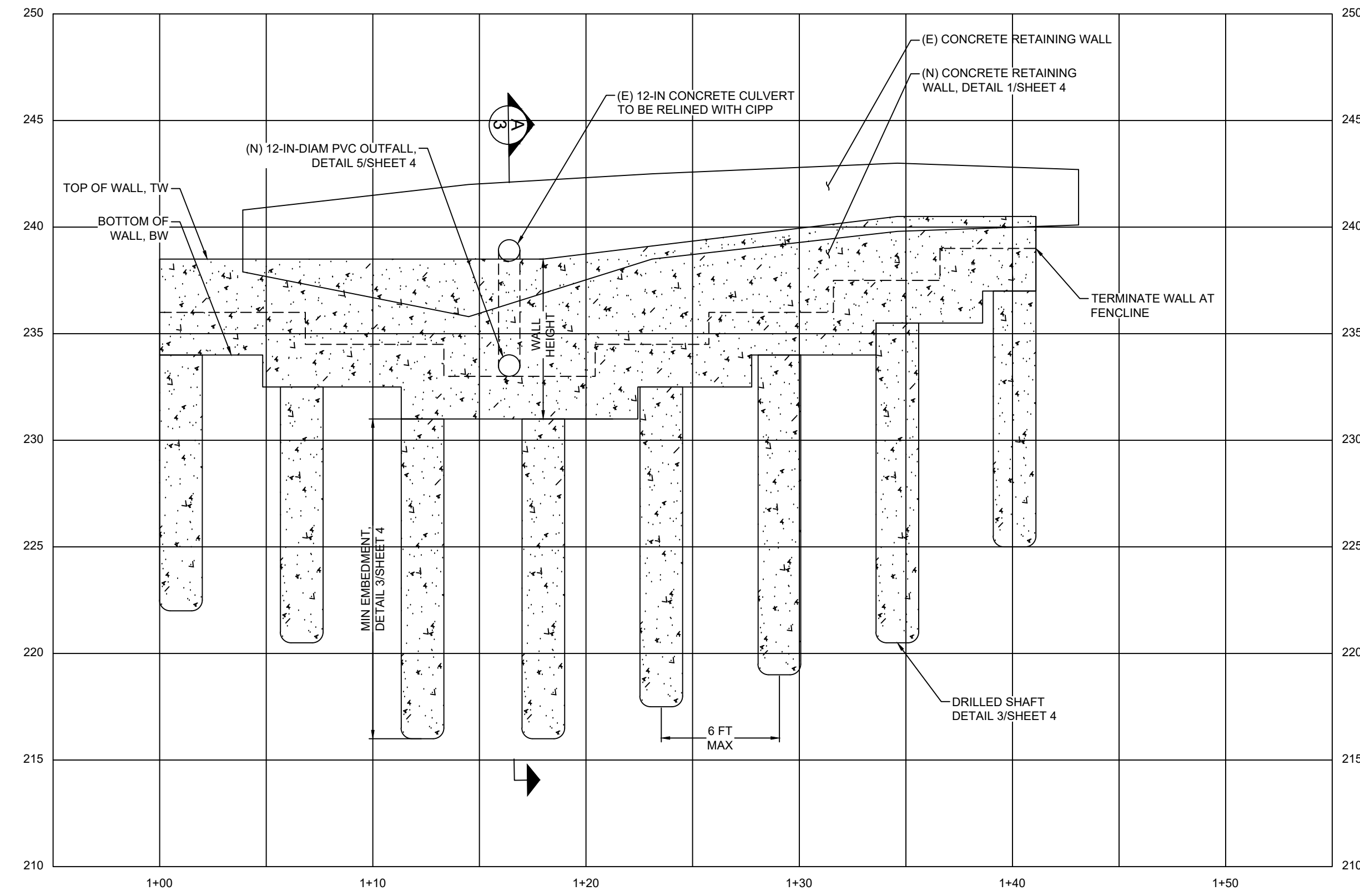
SITE PLAN - EXISTING CONDITIONS
Storm Damage Repair
78 Wreden Ave
Fairfax, California
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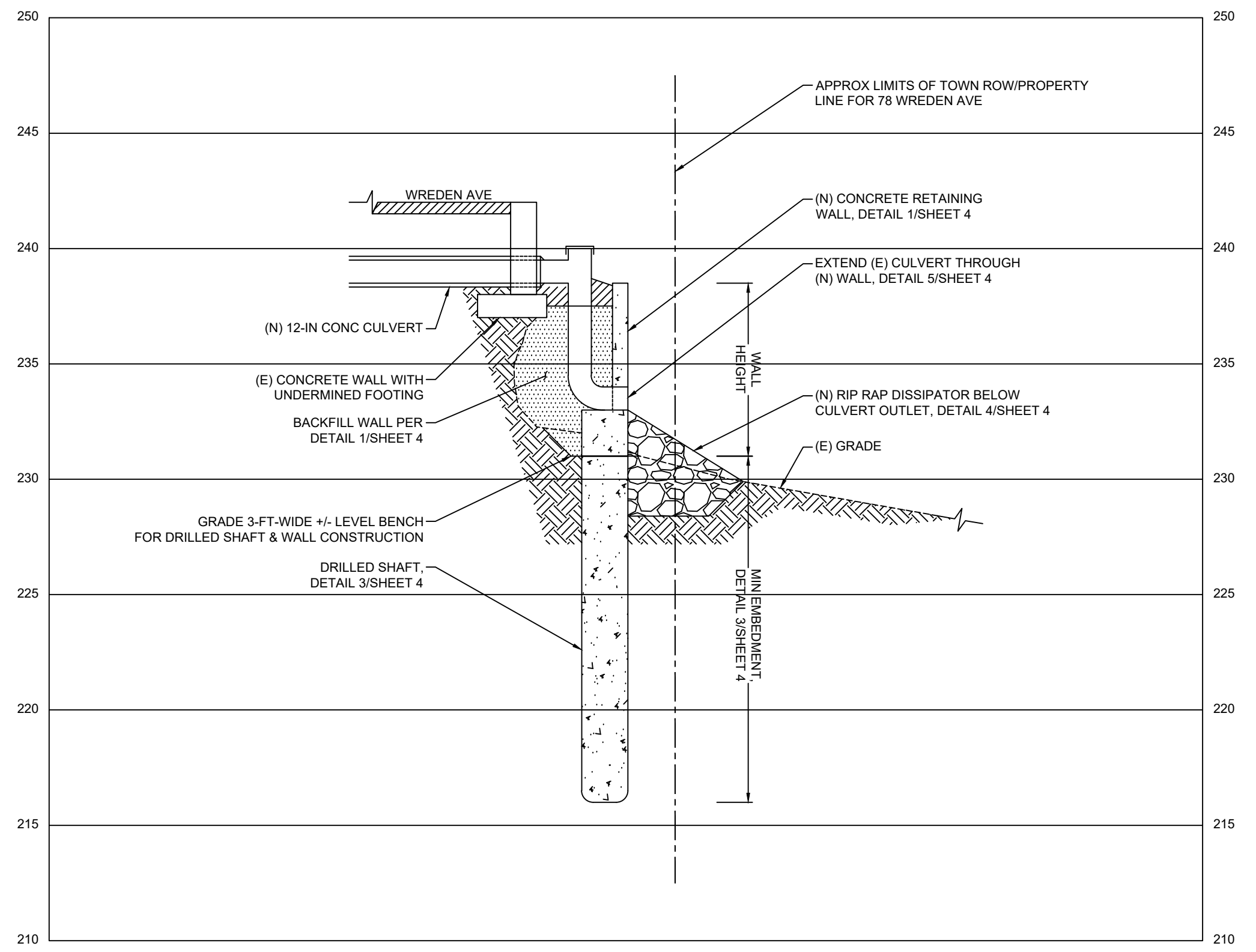
SHEET
2



1 RETAINING WALL PLAN
(SCALE: 1" = 5'-0")



2 RETAINING WALL PROFILE
(SCALE: 1" = 5'-0")



A RETAINING WALL SECTION
(SCALE: 1" = 5'-0")

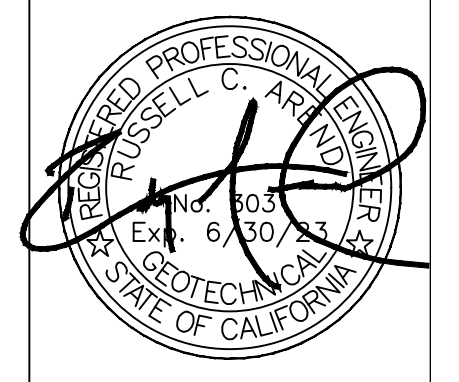
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3/22/2021	7/5/2022	7/19/2022				RCA
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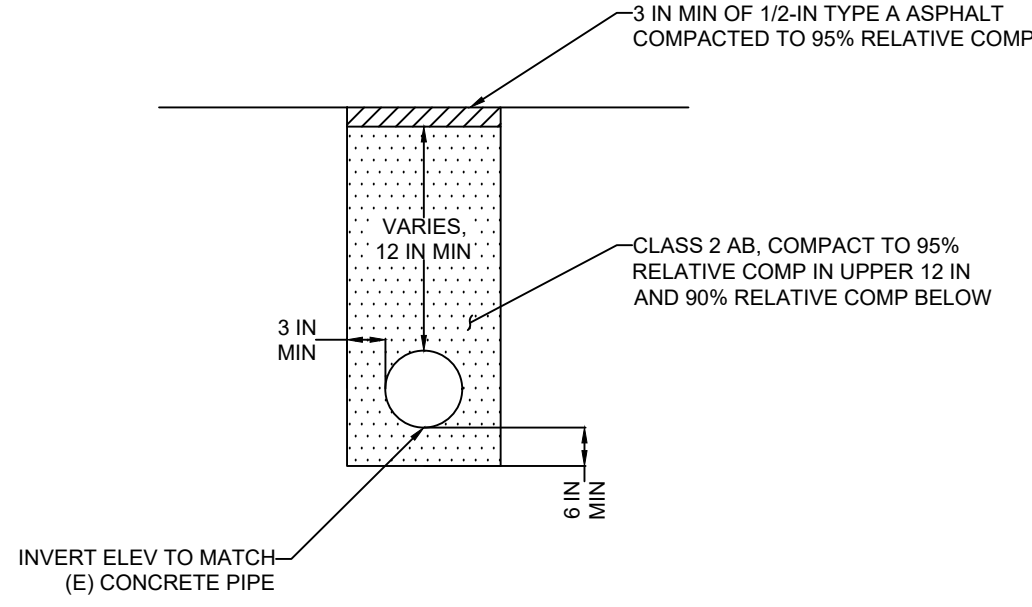
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RETAINING WALL PLAN, PROFILE & SECTION
Storm Damage Repair
78 Wreden Ave
Fairfax, California
Project No. 201.182

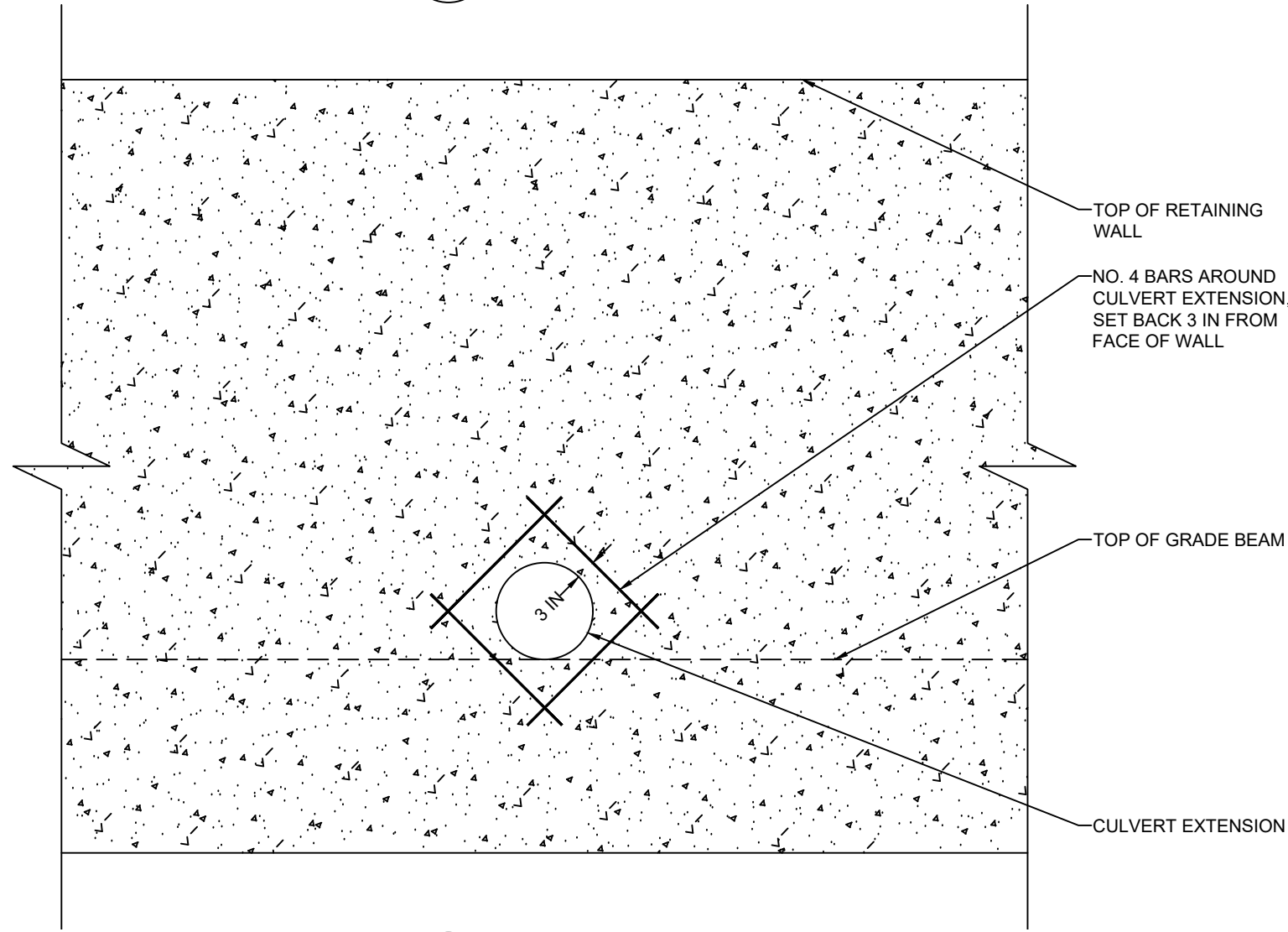
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SHEET
3



8 CONCRETE CULVERT (NO SCALE)



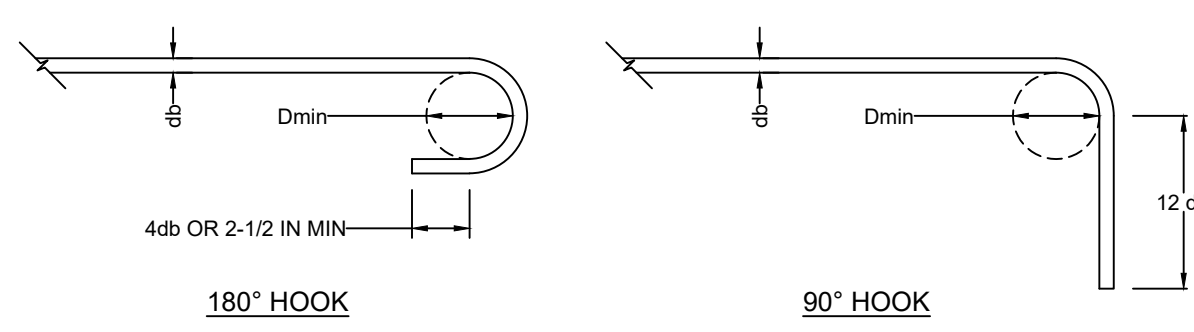
7 REINFORCING AT CULVERT EXTENSION (NO SCALE)

DEVELOPMENT LENGTH										
28-DAY COMP STRENGTH	LOCATION	BAR SIZE								
		NO. 3	NO. 4	NO. 5	NO. 6	NO. 7	NO. 8	NO. 9	NO. 10	NO. 11
4,000 PSI	TOP	12 IN	15 IN	23 IN	23 IN	37 IN	47 IN	58 IN	70 IN	84 IN
	BOTTOM	12 IN	12 IN	17 IN	18 IN	29 IN	36 IN	44 IN	54 IN	65 IN
5,000 PSI	TOP	12 IN	14 IN	20 IN	20 IN	33 IN	42 IN	52 IN	63 IN	75 IN
	BOTTOM	12 IN	12 IN	16 IN	16 IN	26 IN	32 IN	40 IN	49 IN	58 IN

HOOKED DEVELOPMENT LENGTH										
28-DAY COMP STRENGTH	LOCATION	BAR SIZE								
		NO. 3	NO. 4	NO. 5	NO. 6	NO. 7	NO. 8	NO. 9	NO. 10	NO. 11
4,000 PSI	N/A	8 IN	10 IN	12 IN	15 IN	17 IN	19 IN	22 IN	24 IN	N/A
5,000 PSI	N/A	7 IN	9 IN	11 IN	13 IN	15 IN	17 IN	20 IN	22 IN	N/A

LAP SPLICE LENGTH										
28-DAY COMP STRENGTH	LOCATION	BAR SIZE								
		NO. 3	NO. 4	NO. 5	NO. 6	NO. 7	NO. 8	NO. 9	NO. 10	NO. 11
4,000 PSI	TOP	12 IN	20 IN	29 IN	29 IN	48 IN	62 IN	75 IN	91 IN	109 IN
	BOTTOM	12 IN	15 IN	23 IN	23 IN	37 IN	47 IN	58 IN	70 IN	84 IN
5,000 PSI	TOP	12 IN	18 IN	26 IN	26 IN	43 IN	54 IN	67 IN	82 IN	98 IN
	BOTTOM	12 IN	14 IN	20 IN	20 IN	33 IN	42 IN	52 IN	63 IN	75 IN

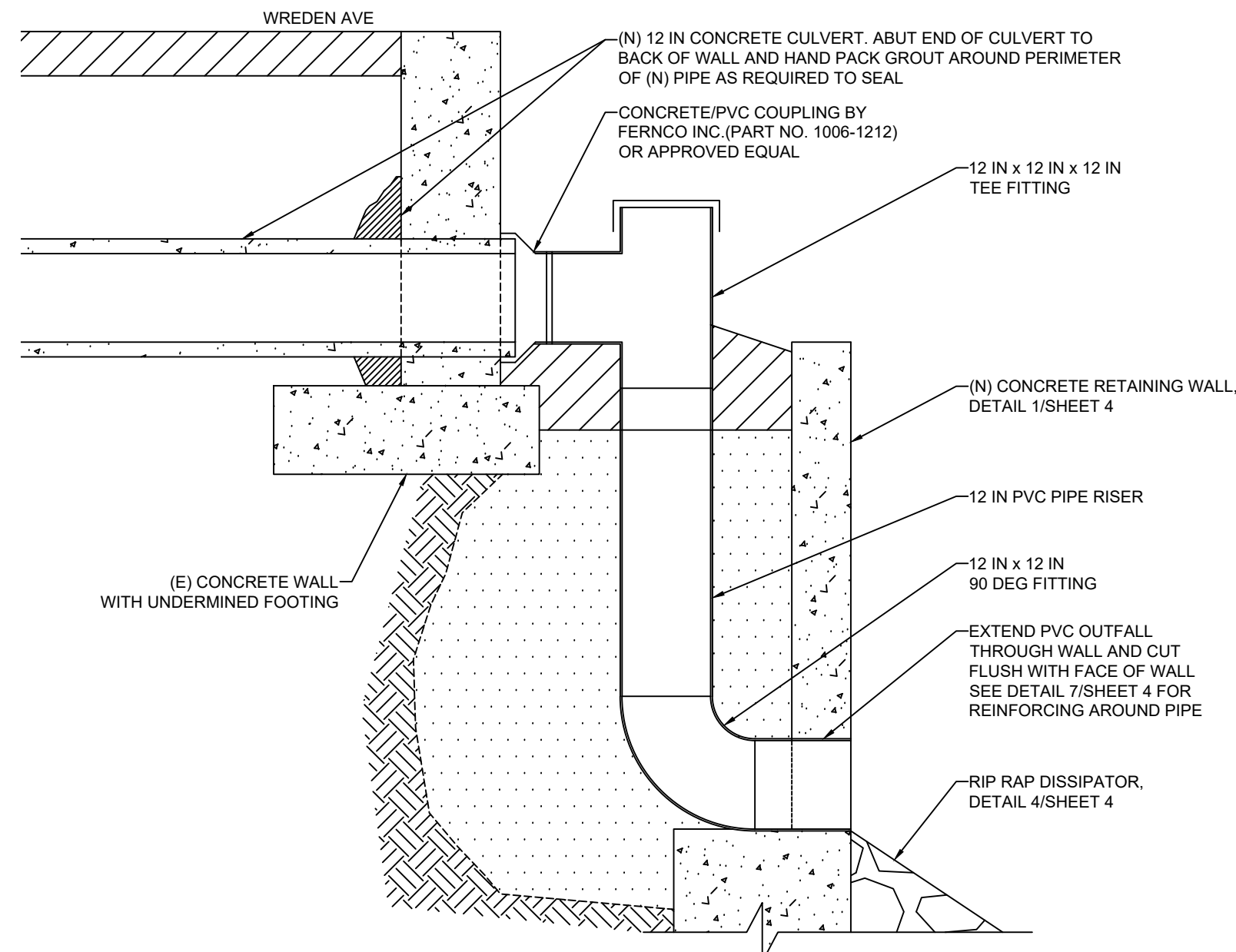
MINIMUM REBAR BEND DIAMETERS (Dmin)



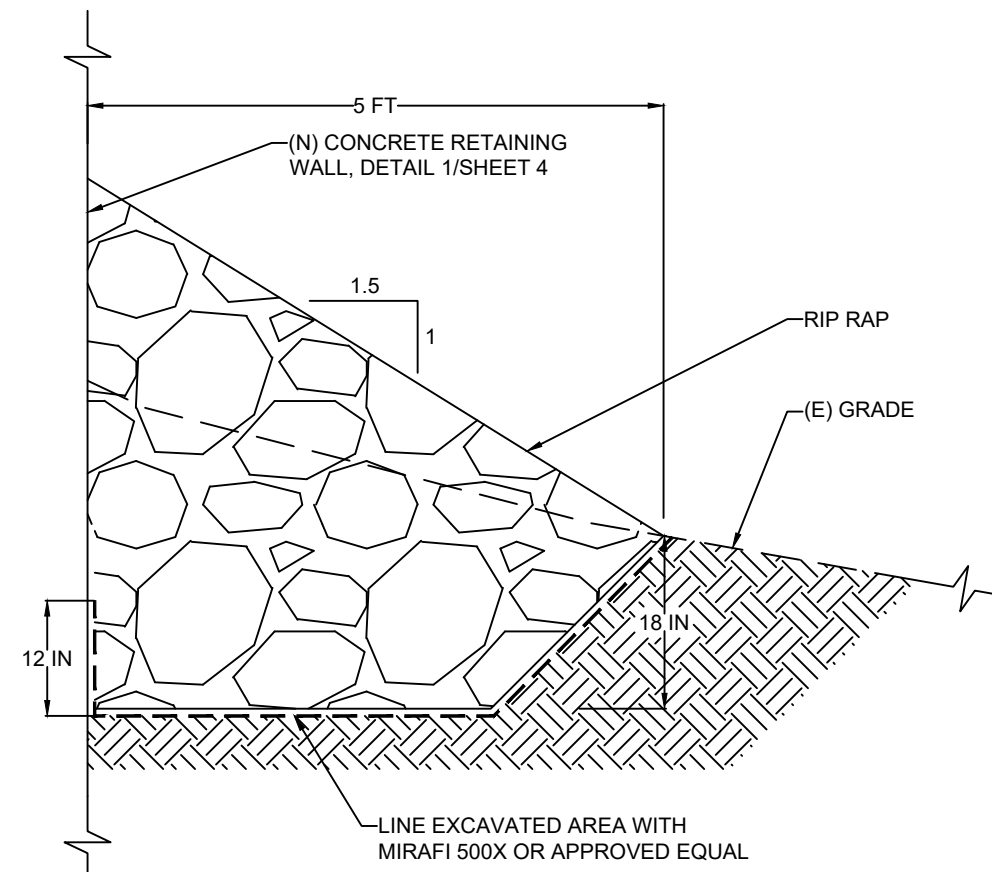
PRINCIPAL REINFORCEMENT	
BAR SIZE	Dmin
NO. 3 TO NO. 8	6 x db
NO. 9 TO NO. 11	8 x db
NO. 14 TO NO. 18	10 x db

HOOKS & STIRRUPS	
BAR SIZE	Dmin
NO. 3	1-1/2 IN
NO. 4	2 IN
NO. 5	2-1/2 IN

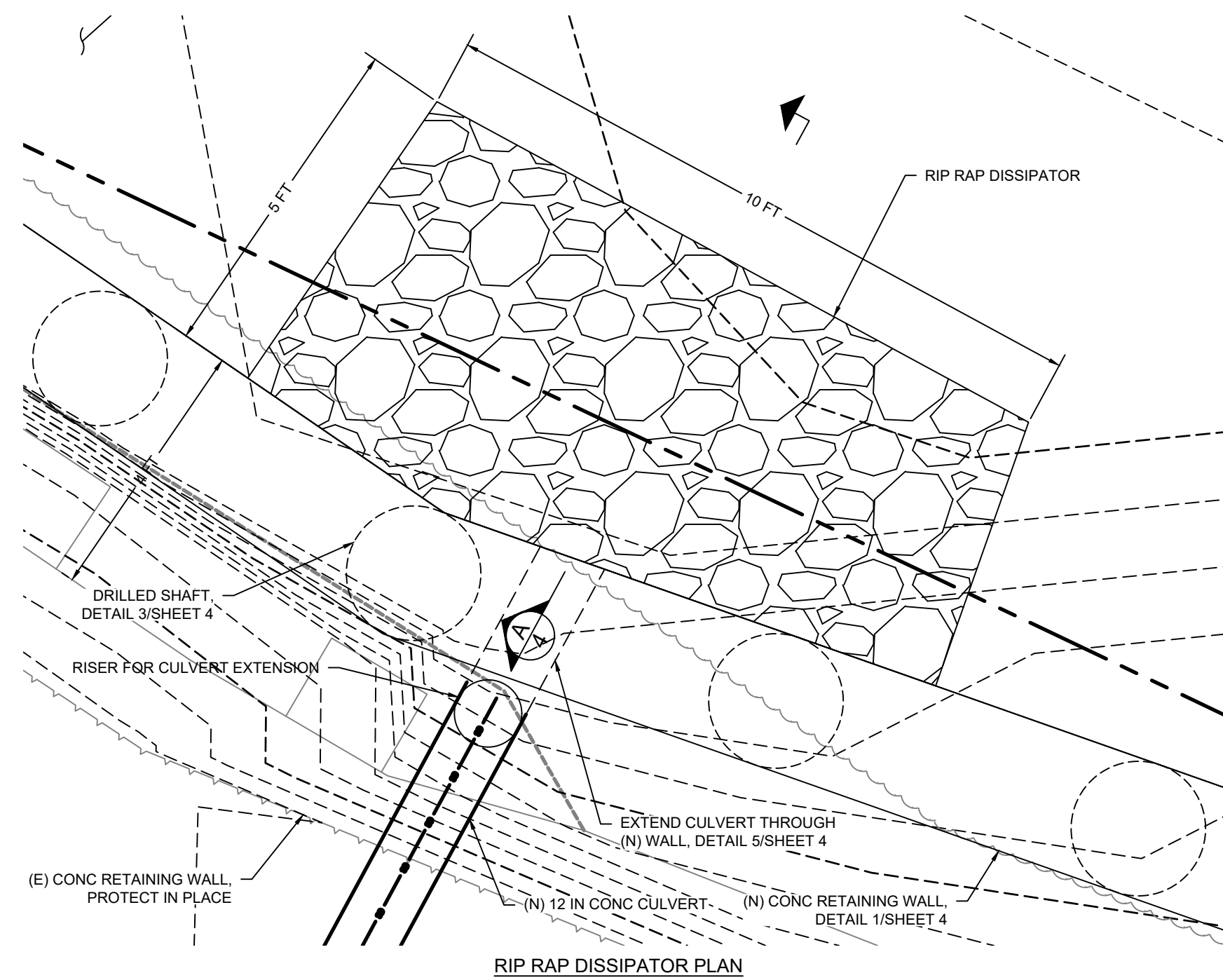
6 REINFORCING DETAILS (NO SCALE)



5 CULVERT EXTENSION (NO SCALE)

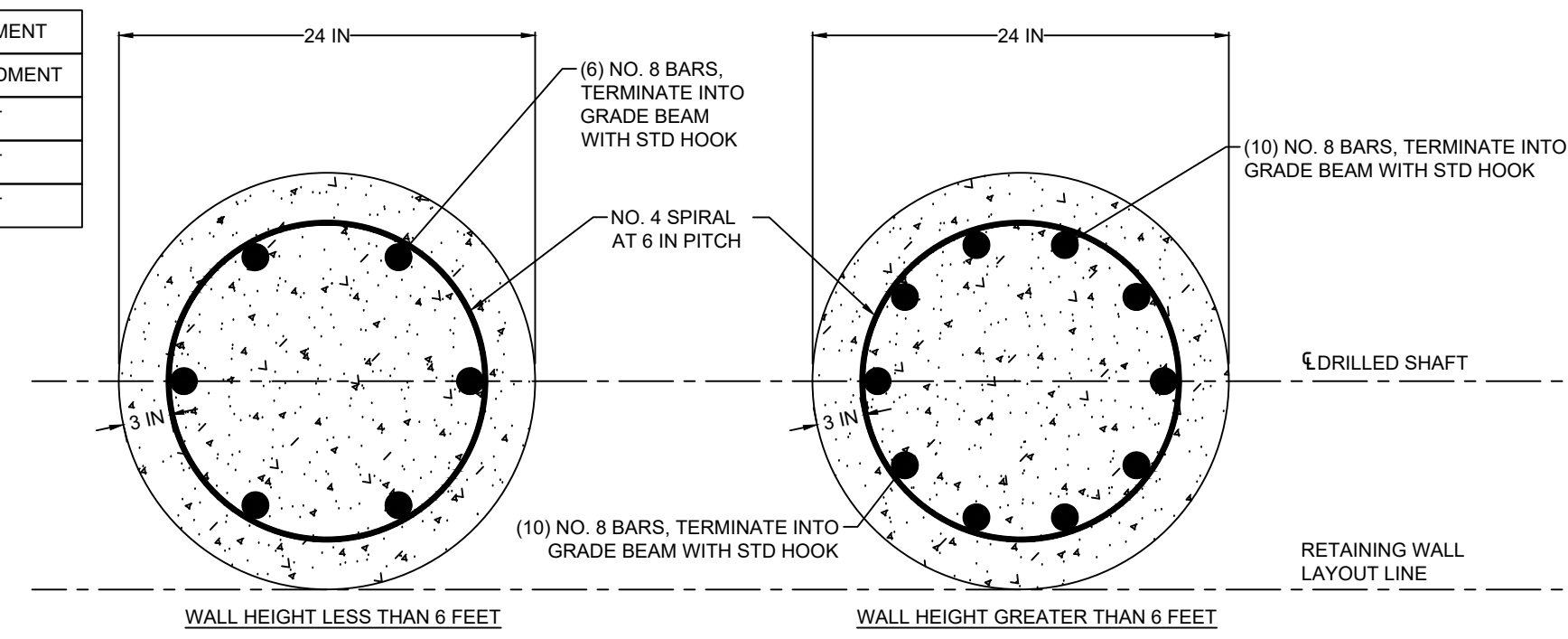


RIP RAP DISSIPATOR SECTION

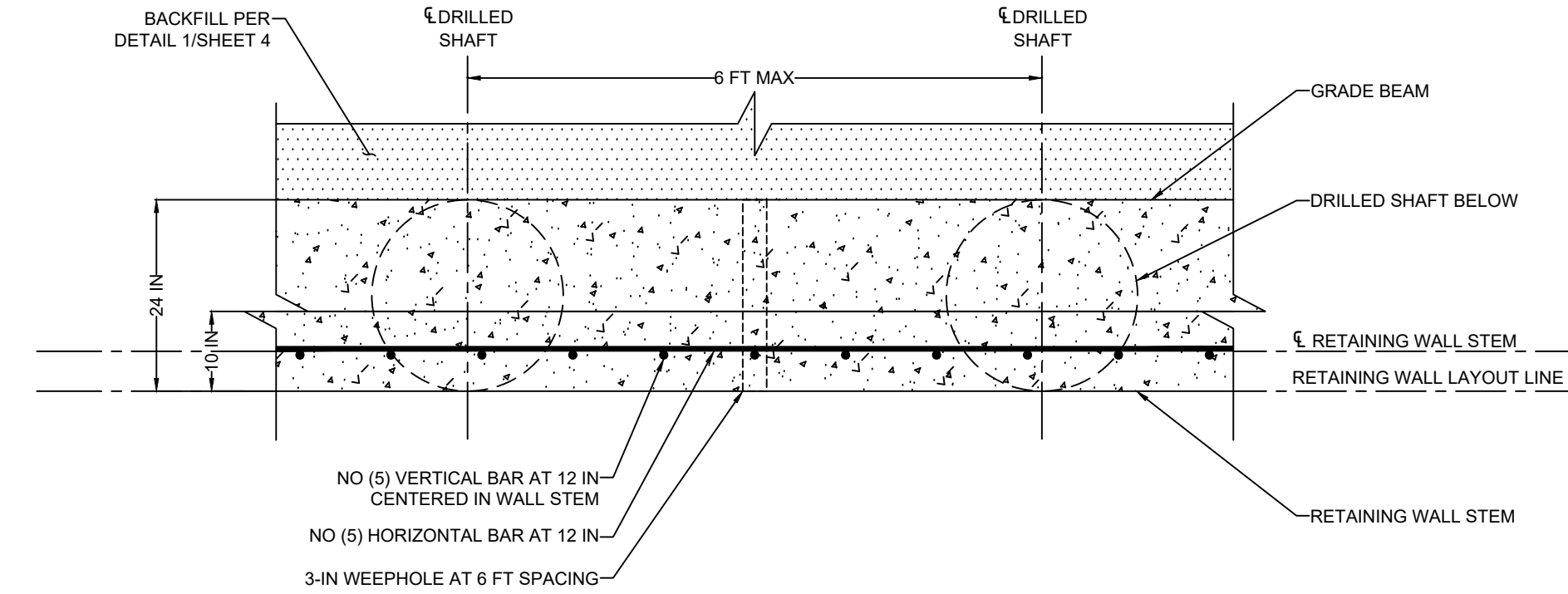


4 RIP RAP DISSIPATOR DETAIL (NO SCALE)

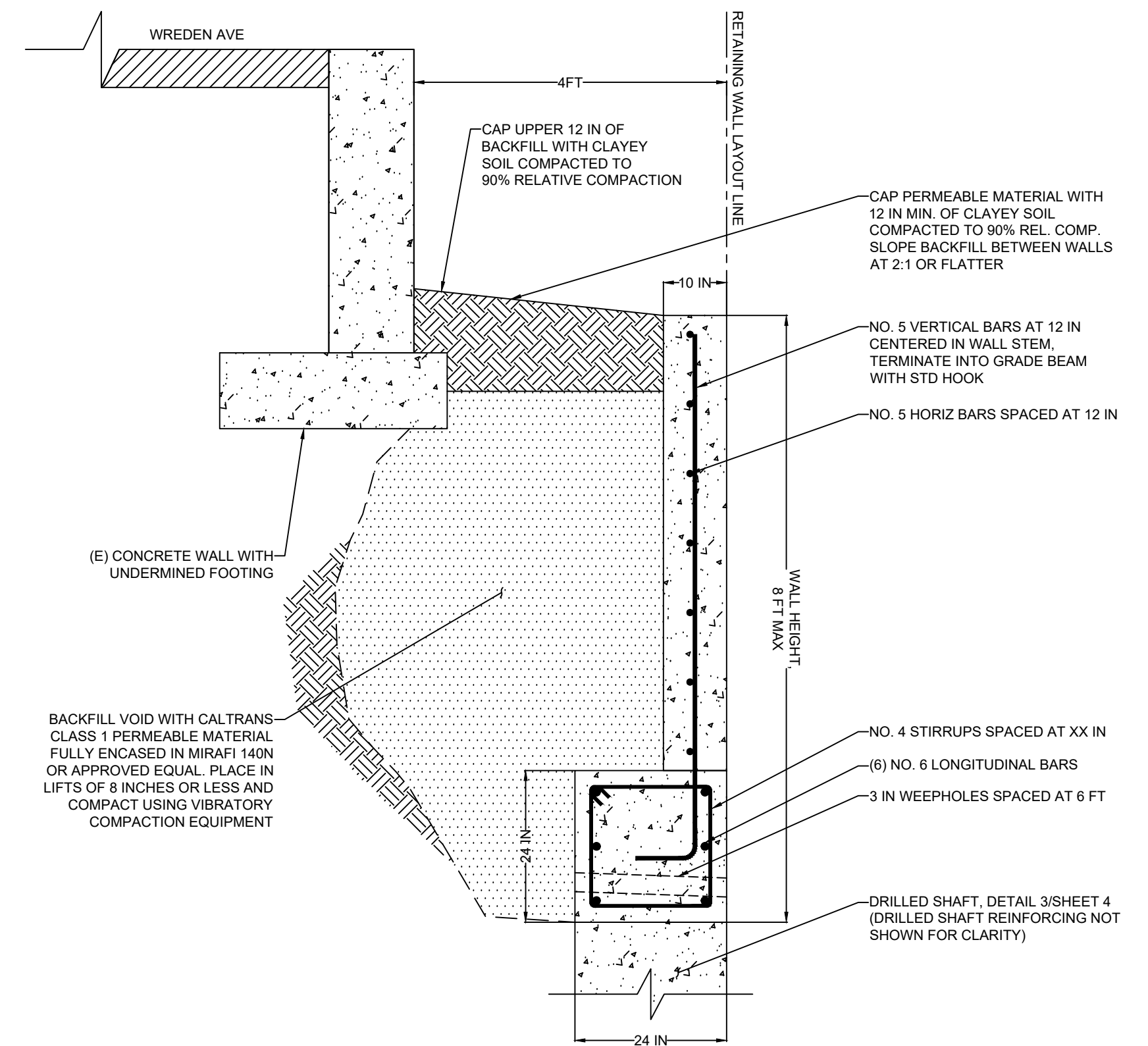
DRILLED SHAFT EMBEDMENT	
WALL HEIGHT	MIN. EMBEDMENT
4 FT OR LESS	10 FT
4 TO 6 FT	12 FT
6 TO 8 FT	15 FT



3 DRILLED SHAFT DETAIL (NO SCALE)



2 RETAINING WALL PLAN (NO SCALE)



1 RETAINING WALL DETAIL (NO SCALE)

Revision	Date	By
3/22/2021	RCA	
7/5/2022	RCA	
7/19/2022	RCA	

Revision	Description	Mark
90% DESIGN SUBMITTAL		
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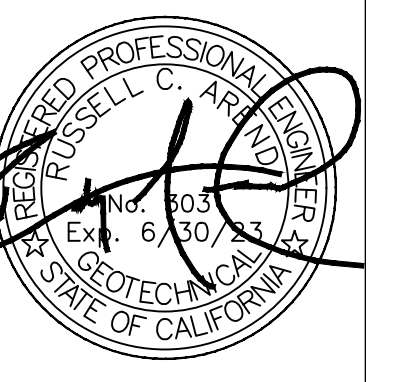
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Designed	Drawn	Checked	Date
RCA	RCA	SAS	

DETAILS

Storm Damage Repair
78 Wreden Ave
Fairfax, California

Project No. 201.182



SHEET

4

MAJOR DIVISIONS	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
COARSE GRAINED SOILS over 50% sand and gravel	GW	Well-graded gravels or gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
	GP	Poorly-graded gravels or gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
	GM	Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures
	GC	Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures
	SW	Well-graded sands or gravelly sands, little or no fines
	SP	Poorly-graded sands or gravelly sands, little or no fines
CLEAN SAND	SM	Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures
	SC	Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures
FINE GRAINED SOILS over 50% silt and clay	ML	Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands or clayey silts with slight plasticity
	CL	Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays
	OL	Organic silts and organic silt-clays of low plasticity
	MH	Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sands or silts, elastic silts
	CH	Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays
SILT AND CLAY liquid limit <50%	OH	Organic clays of medium to high plasticity
SILT AND CLAY liquid limit >50%		
HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS	PT	Peat, muck, and other highly organic soils
ROCK		Undifferentiated as to type or composition

KEY TO BORING AND TEST PIT SYMBOLS	
CLASSIFICATION TESTS	STRENGTH TESTS
PI PLASTICITY INDEX	UC LABORATORY UNCONFINED COMPRESSION
LL LIQUID LIMIT	TXCU CONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL
SA SIEVE ANALYSIS	TXUU UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL
HYD HYDROMETER ANALYSIS	UC, CU, UU = 1/2 Deviator Stress
P200 PERCENT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE	DS (2.0) DRAINED DIRECT SHEAR (NORMAL PRESSURE, ksf)
P4 PERCENT PASSING NO. 4 SIEVE	
SAMPLER TYPE	SAMPLER DRIVING RESISTANCE
MODIFIED CALIFORNIA	Modified California and Standard Penetration Test samplers are driven 18 inches with a 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches per blow. Blows for the initial 6-inch drive seat the sampler. Blows for the final 12-inch drive are recorded onto the logs. Sampler refusal is defined as 50 blows during a 6-inch drive. Examples of blow records are as follows:
STANDARD PENETRATION TEST	25 sampler driven 12 inches with 25 blows after initial 6-inch drive
THIN-WALLED / FIXED PISTON	85/7" sampler driven 7 inches with 85 blows after initial 6-inch drive
	50/3" sampler driven 3 inches with 50 blows during initial 6-inch drive or beginning of final 12-inch drive

SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART	
	B-1 FIGURE

DEPTH feet	DEPTH meters	SAMPLE SYMBOL (4)	DESCRIPTION	BLOWS / FOOT (1)	DRY UNIT WEIGHT (pcf) (2)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%) (3)	SHEAR STRENGTH (psf) (3)	OTHER TEST DATA	DRILL RATE
0	0		12 Inches of Asphalt over 6 inches of Aggregate Base						
0.5	0.5		Sandy CLAY with Gravel (CL) orange-brown, moist, medium stiff to stiff, low to medium plasticity	6	103	11.7			
1.0	1.0			10	103	11.7	500 UC		
1.5	1.5		CLAY (CL) brown, moist, stiff, low to medium plasticity	15	108	17.0	2800 UC		
2.0	2.0		Sandy SILT with Gravel (ML) brown, moist, stiff, low to medium plasticity						
2.5	2.5		SANDSTONE orange and gray, low to moderate hardness, weak, highly weathered, includes thin clay seams	45	122	13.0	5400 UC		
3.0	3.0		harder drilling						
4.0	4.0							10 MIN/FT	
5.0	5.0		Bottom of boring at 16.5 feet Minor groundwater seepage noted in bottom of hole prior to backfilling	50/2"		6.3		15 MIN/FT	

BORING LOG	
	B-4 FIGURE

FRACTURING AND BEDDING		
Fracture Classification	Spacing	Bedding Classification
Crushed Intensely fractured Closely fractured Moderately fractured Widely fractured Very widely fractured	less than 3/4 inch 3/4 to 2-1/2 inches 2-1/2 to 8 inches 8 to 24 inches 2 to 6 feet greater than 6 feet	Laminated Very thinly bedded Thinly bedded Medium bedded Thickly bedded Very thickly bedded

HARDNESS	
Low Moderate Hard Very hard	Carved or gouged with a knife Easily scratched with a knife, friable Difficult to scratch, knife scratch leaves dust trace Rock scratches metal

STRENGTH	
Friable Weak Moderate Strong Very strong	Crumbles by rubbing with fingers Crumbles under light hammer blows Indentations <1/8 inch with moderate blow with pick end of rock hammer Withstands few heavy hammer blows, yields large fragments Withstands many heavy hammer blows, yields dust, small fragments

WEATHERING	
Complete High Moderate Slight Fresh	Minerals decomposed to soil, but fabric and structure preserved Rock decomposition, thorough discoloration, all fractures are extensively coated with clay, oxides or carbonates Fracture surfaces coated with weathering minerals, moderate or localized discoloration A few stained fractures, slight discoloration, no mineral decomposition, no affect on cementation Rock unaffected by weathering, no change with depth, rings under hammer impact

ROCK CLASSIFICATION CHART	
	B-2 FIGURE

DEPTH feet	DEPTH meters	SAMPLE SYMBOL (4)	DESCRIPTION	BLOWS / FOOT (1)	DRY UNIT WEIGHT (pcf) (2)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%) (3)	SHEAR STRENGTH (psf) (3)	OTHER TEST DATA	DRILL RATE
0	0		Sandy CLAY with Gravel (CL) gray and brown, soft, wet, low to medium plasticity	4	86	30.5	400 UC		
0.5	0.5			4	104	20.5	200 UC		
1.0	1.0		SANDSTONE tan and gray, moderate hardness, moderate strength, highly weathered	27	121	13.8	2000 UC		
1.5	1.5		sample includes shale interbedded within sandstone	75	126	11.1			
2.0	2.0		harder drilling						
3.0	3.0								
4.0	4.0								
5.0	5.0		Bottom of boring at 15.5 feet Groundwater measured at 12.5 feet upon completion of drilling	50/6"		7.9			

BORING LOG	
	B-5 FIGURE

BORING 1							
EQUIPMENT: Portable Hydraulic Drill Rig with 4-inch Solid Flight Auger	BLOWS / FOOT (1)	DRY UNIT WEIGHT (pcf) (2)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%) (3)	SHEAR STRENGTH (psf) (3)	OTHER TEST DATA	OTHER TEST DATA	
DATE: 10/25/2019							
ELEVATION: 242 feet							
*REFERENCE: Topographic Survey by Randall T. Willis (undated)							
12 Inches of Asphalt over 6 inches of Aggregate Base							
Sandy CLAY with Gravel (CL) brown, moist, medium stiff to stiff, low plasticity, asphalt and concrete fragments noted in sample	10	111	15.3	1000 UC	LL 35 PL 26 PI 9		
	12	107	16.9	800 UC			
CLAY (CL) brown, moist, soft to medium stiff, low plasticity, trace gravel	5	109	19.9	400 UC	LL 32 PL 22 PI 10		
Sandy SILT with Gravel (ML) mottled tan/orange/gray, moist, soft to medium stiff, low plasticity							
SANDSTONE orange and gray, low to moderate hardness, weak, highly weathered, includes thin clay seams	29	105	22.6	2600 UC			
harder drilling							
Bottom of boring at 15.3 feet No groundwater observed during drilling	50/3"		10.0				

BORING LOG	
	B-3 FIGURE

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Revisions

Date	By	Description
3/22/2021	RCA	
7/5/2022	RCA	
7/18/2022	RCA	

90% DESIGN SUBMITTAL
100% DESIGN SUBMITTAL
BID SET

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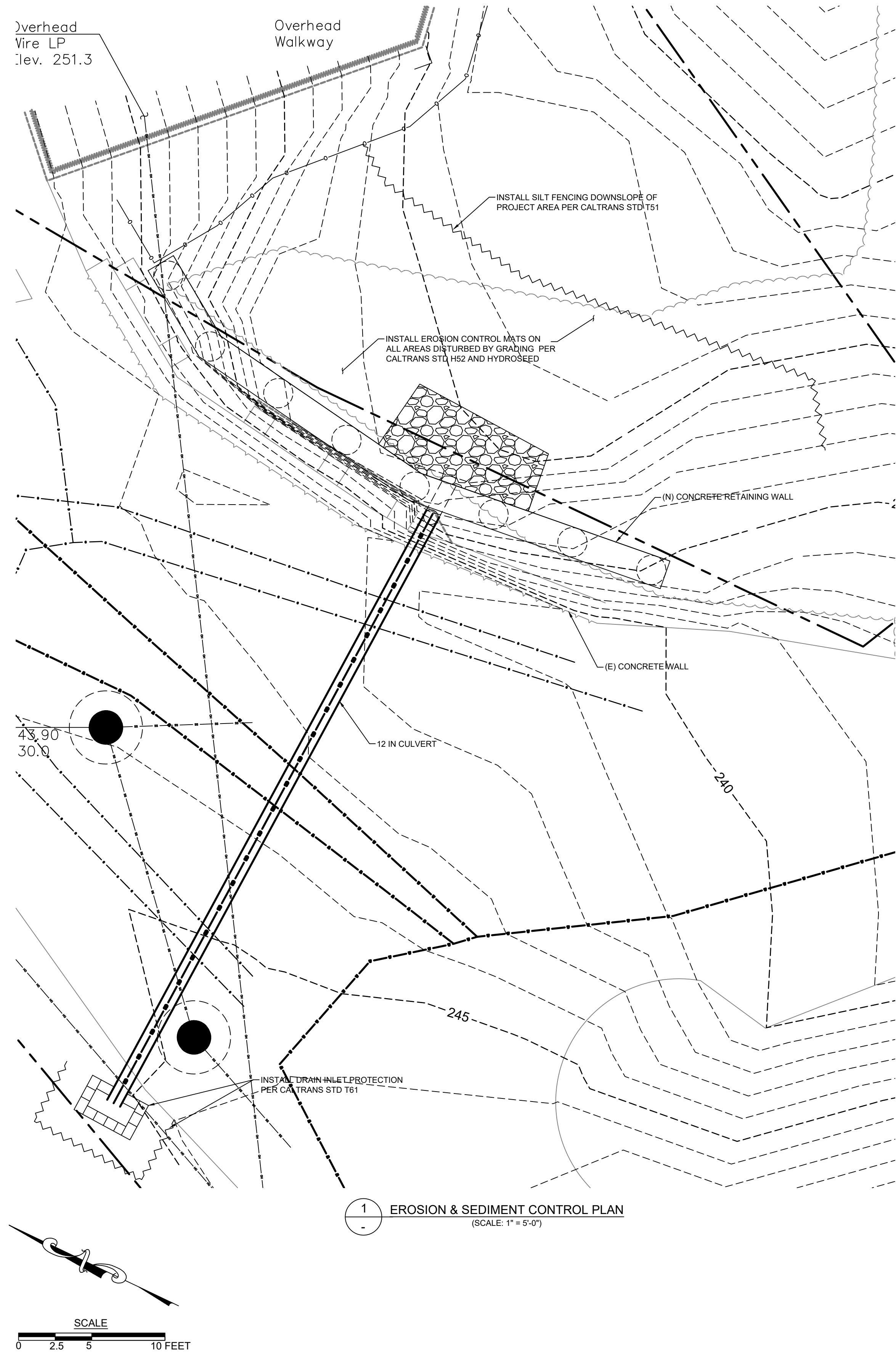
Storm Damage Repair
78 Wreden Ave
Fairfax, California

Project No. 201.182

DESIGNED: [Signature]
DRAWN: [Signature]
CHECKED: [Signature]
SAS

BORING LOGS

SHEET 5



1 EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN
(SCALE: 1" = 5'-0")

Marin County Stormwater Pollution Prevention Program Minimum Control Measures For Small Construction Projects

Erosion Controls	Sediment Controls	Good Housekeeping
NS Scheduling	6. Tracking Controls	10. Concrete Washout
1. Preserve Vegetation & Creek Set Backs	7. Fiber Rolls	11. Stockpile Management
2. Soil Cover	8. Silt Fences	12. Hazardous Material Management
3. Soil Preparation/Roughening	9. Drain Inlet Protection	13. Sanitary Waste Management
4. Erosion Control Blankets	NS Trench Dewatering	14. Equipment and Vehicle Maintenance
5. Revegetation		15. Litter and Waste Management

NS=not shown on graphic

Note: Select an effective combination of control measures from each category, Erosion Control, Sediment Control, and Good Housekeeping. Control measures shall be continually implemented and maintained throughout the project until activities are complete, disturbed areas are stabilized with permanent erosion controls, and the local agency has signed off on permits that may have been required for the project. Inspect and maintain the control measures before and after rain events, and as required by the local agency or state permit.

More detailed information on the BMPs can be found in the related California Stormwater Quality Association (CASQA) and California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) BMP Factsheets. CASQA factsheets are available by subscription in the California Best Management Practices Handbook Portal: Construction at <http://www.casqa.org>. Caltrans factsheets are available in the Construction Site BMP Manual March 2003 at <http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construct/stormwater/manuals.htm>. Visit www.mstopp.org for more information on construction site management and Erosion and Sediment Control Plans.

If you require materials in alternative formats, please contact:
415-473-4381 voice/TTY or disabilityaccess@co.marin.ca.us

Erosion Blanket
Notes:
1. Mats/blanks should be installed vertically downslope.
2. Staple blankets sufficiently to ensure that material will maintain direct contact with soil.

Silt Fence
Notes:
1. Silt fence shall be placed level along slope contours to maximize ponding efficiency with the curved upper lip to improve ability to retain water.
2. Inspect and repair fence after each storm event and remove sediment when accumulation reaches 1/3 of the barrier height.
3. Removed sediment shall be deposited to an area that will not contribute sediment off-site and can be permanently stabilized.

Site Entrance
Notes:
1. The entrance shall be maintained to prevent sediment tracking or flowing onto public right-of-way. This may require top dressing, repair and/or cleanout or other measures that trap sediment.
2. When necessary, wheels shall be cleaned prior to entering public right-of-way.
3. When washing is required, it shall be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or sediment basin. Rumble plates or the wash can be added.

Catch Basins with Gravel Bags
(Do not use sand bags near inlets)

Control Measure	General Description
Erosion Control Best Management Practices	
N/A Scheduling	Plan the project and develop a schedule showing each phase of construction. Schedule construction activities to reduce erosion potential, such as scheduling ground disturbing activities during the summer and phasing projects to minimize the amount of area disturbed. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: EC-1; or Caltrans: SS-1.
1 Preserve Existing Vegetation and Creek Setbacks	Preserve existing vegetation to the extent possible, especially along creek buffers. Show creek buffers on maps and identify areas to be preserved in the field with temporary fencing. Check with the local Planning and Public Works Departments for specific creek set back requirements. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: EC-2; or Caltrans: SS-2.
2 Soil Cover	Cover exposed soil with straw mulch and tackifier (or equivalent). For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: EC-3, EC-5, EC-6, EC-7, EC-8, EC-14, EC-16; or Caltrans: SS-2, SS-4, SS-5, SS-6, SS-7, SS-8.
3 Soil Preparation/Roughening	Soil preparation is essential to vegetation establishment and BMP installation. It includes soil testing and amendments to promote vegetation growth as well as roughening surface soils by mechanical methods (decompacting, scarifying, stair stepping, etc.). For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: EC-15.
4 Erosion Control Blankets	Install erosion control blankets (or equivalent) on disturbed sites with 3:1 slopes or steeper. Use wildlife-friendly blankets made of biodegradable natural materials. Avoid using blankets made with plastic netting or fixed aperture netting. See: http://www.coastal.ca.gov/nps/Wildlife-Friendly_Products.pdf . For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: EC-7; or Caltrans: SS-7.
5 Revegetation	Re-vegetate areas of disturbed soil or vegetation as soon as practical. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: EC-4; or Caltrans: SS-4.
Sediment Control Best Management Practices	
6 Tracking Controls	Stabilize site entrance to prevent tracking soil offsite. Inspect streets daily and sweep street as needed. Require vehicles and workers to use stabilized entrance. Place crushed rock 12-inches deep over a geotextile, using angular rock between 4 and 6-in. Make the entrance as long as can be accommodated on the site, ideally long enough for 2 revolutions of the maximum tire size (16-20 feet long for most light trucks). Make the entrance wide enough to accommodate the largest vehicle that will access the site, ideally 10 feet wide with sufficient radii for turning in and out of the site. Rumble pads or rumble racks can be used in lieu of or in conjunction with rock entrances. Wheel washes may be needed where space is limited or where the site entrance and sweeping is not effective. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: TC-1, TC-3; or Caltrans: TC-1, TC-3.
7 Fiber Rolls	Use fiber rolls as a perimeter control measure, along contours of slopes, and around soil stockpiles. On slopes space rolls 10 to 20 feet apart (using closer spacing on steeper slopes). Install parallel to contour. If more than one roll is used in a row overlap roll do not cut. J-hook end of roll upslope. Install rolls per either Type 1 (stake rolls into shallow trenches) or Type 2 (stake in front and behind roll and lash with rope). Use wildlife-friendly fiber rolls made of biodegradable natural materials. Avoid using fiber rolls made with plastic netting or fixed aperture netting. See: http://www.coastal.ca.gov/nps/Wildlife-Friendly_Products.pdf . Manufactured linear sediment control or compost socks can be used in lieu of fiber rolls. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: SE-5 (Type 1), SE-12, SE-13; or Caltrans: SC-5 (Type 1 and Type 2).
8 Silt Fence	Use silt fence as a perimeter control measure, and around soil stockpiles. Install silt fence along contours. Key silt fence into the soil and stake. Do not use silt fence for concentrated water flows. Install fence at least 3 feet back from the slope to allow for sediment storage. Wire backed fence can be used for extra strength. Avoid installing silt fence on slopes because they are hard to maintain. Manufactured linear sediment control can be used in lieu of silt fences. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: SE-1; SE-12; or Caltrans: SC-1.
9 Drain Inlet Protection	Use gravel bags, (or similar product) around drain inlets located both onsite and in gutter as a last line of defense. Bags should be made of a woven fabric resistant to photo-degradation filled with 0.5-1-in washed crushed rock. Do not use sand bags or silt fence fabric for drain inlet protection. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: SE-10; or Caltrans: SC-10.
N/A Trench Dewatering	Follow MCSTOPPP BMPs for trench dewatering. http://www.marincounty.org/depts/pw/divisions/mcstoppp/development/media/Files/Departments/PW/mcstopppdevelopment/TrenchingSWReqsMSTOPPPFinal09.pdf . For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: NS-2; or Caltrans: NS-2.
Good Housekeeping Best Management Practices	
10 Concrete Washout	Construct a lined concrete washout site away from storm drains, waterbodies, or other drainages. Ideally, place adjacent to stabilized entrance. Clean as needed and remove at end of project. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: WM-3 or Caltrans: WM-3.
11 Stockpile Management	Cover all stockpiles and landscape material and berm properly with fiber rolls or sand bags. Keep behind the site perimeter control and away from waterbodies. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: WM-3 or Caltrans: WM-3.
12 Hazardous Material Management	Hazardous materials must be kept in closed containers that are covered and within secondary containment, do not place containers directly on soil. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: WM-6; or Caltrans: WM-6.
13 Sanitary Waste Management	Place portable toilets near stabilized site entrance, behind the curb and away from gutters, storm drain inlets, and waterbodies. Tie or stake portable toilets to prevent tipping and equip units with overflow pan/tray (most vendors provide these). For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: WM-9; or Caltrans: WM-9.
14 Equipment and Vehicle Maintenance	Prevent equipment fluid leaks onto ground by placing drip pans or plastic tarps under equipment. Immediately clean up any spills or drips. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: NS-8, NS-9, and NS-10; or Caltrans: NS-8, NS-9, and NS-10.
15 Litter and Waste Management	Designate waste collection areas on site. Use watertight dumpsters and trash cans, inspect for leaks. Cover at the end of each work day and when it is raining or windy. Arrange for regular waste collection. Pick up site litter daily. For more info see the following factsheets: CASQA: WM-5; or Caltrans: WM-5.

Revision	Date	By
3/22/2021	RCA	
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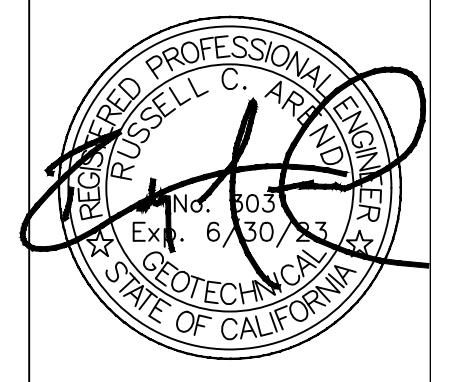
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Designed	Date	Drawn	Date	Checked	Date
RCA		RCA		SAS	

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL

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SHEET

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