

**TOWN OF FAIRFAX
STAFF REPORT
Department of Planning and Building Services**

TO: Fairfax Planning Commission

DATE: December 14, 2023

FROM: Jeffrey Beiswenger, AICP, Planning & Building Director

ACTION: **Consideration for recommendation to the Town Council zoning amendments to implement Program 2-D (Standards for Low Impact Clustered Residential Development on Large Sites) of the Housing Element:**
A resolution of the Fairfax Planning Commission recommending the Town Council adopt an ordinance to amend the following chapters of Title 17 (Zoning) of the Fairfax Municipal Code: 17.060 (Ridgeline Development); 17.072 (Hill Area Residential Development Overlay Zone); 17.124 (UR Upland Residential Zone). Adoption of this ordinance has been analyzed as part of the Environmental Impact Report prepared for the 2023-31 Housing Element project.

CEQA STATUS: Adoption of this ordinance is consistent with the Environmental Impact Report prepared for the recently adopted Housing Element

BACKGROUND

The Town began work on the 6th Cycle Housing Element in 2021, which has required a more robust process than previous cycles due to increased state regulation, oversight, and potential penalties, and tightened timelines. The Town has now adopted the Housing Element and has completed the related Environmental Impact Report (EIR). For consideration at this public hearing, Town staff has prepared zoning ordinance amendments to implement certain provisions of the Housing Element.

The Housing Element includes programs which are necessary to achieve certification with the California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD). Certain programs require updates to the zoning ordinance. Technical amendments have been prepared for the zoning ordinance with additions to Chapter 17.060 (Ridgeline Development), Chapter 17.072 (Hill Area Residential Development Overlay Zone), and Chapter 17.124 (UR Upland Residential Zone). Together, these amendments implement Program 2-D in the Housing Element Action Plan: Standards for Clustered Development on Large Sites. The basic idea being to expand development opportunities for market rate housing with no change in the density from what would otherwise be allowed, while creating opportunities to set aside permanent open space.

The requirement that at least 75 percent of the site must remain in its natural state and be preserved as permanent open space is intended to allay concerns with over-development of hillside sites. This may be preferable to allowing subdivisions with large lots (e.g. 10 acres) and all of the additional grading that would be required to provide access to remote home sites.

The proposed amendments were discussed with representatives of Ross Valley Fire. In general, the clustering of homes has advantages due to the ability to share access roadways and to allow for consolidated fire equipment turnarounds. Access to a water supply with sufficient pressure for fire suppression would hypothetically be easier to accomplish. Vegetation management is required as part of any new development. It could be easier to maintain vegetation for fire safety purposes if homes are clustered in one location, instead of scattered over a larger area on steep hillside lots.

Many of the vacant sites in Fairfax have challenging access issues, so new home construction would be required to comply with fire access standards – potentially requiring the improvement of existing roadways. This could limit the ability to build on some of the remaining vacant hillside parcels.

The Site Inventory in the Housing Element identifies a number of large hillside sites with adequate access, utility services, and topography that might accommodate a clustered housing development, including both attached and detached single-family dwellings and accessory dwelling units. The regulations in the attached ordinance build on best practices, following a review of standards for clustered hillside development in peer jurisdictions, including Mill Valley, San Anselmo, San Rafael, and Richmond as well as exemplary ordinances in other California jurisdictions.

For CEQA review, the zoning ordinance amendments implement the adopted Housing Element and are consistent with the Housing Element's, Environmental Impact Report. There should be no significant impacts as the density is not changed, only the lot size, and additional standards have been added, such as more on-site parking, more landscaping, and limitations on grading, which may reduce the potential for off-site impacts.

DISCUSSION

A study session was conducted on October 12, 2023 to discuss the amendments and the revised ordinance has been attached for consideration. The black text underline/strike-out represents changes to the existing zoning code text. The text identified in color highlights changes made since the study session.

Chapter 17.060: Ridgeline Development

The purpose statement of this chapter has been amended to reference the General Plan's policies for open space and resource conservation. And the proposed amendments are supportive of General Plan policies. Careful analysis reveals that additional open space could be preserved if the clustering of lots is allowed. Large lot development, currently allowed in Fairfax can be more destructive to open space and hillsides due to the extensive grading needed to create home sites and access roads. Locating the homes on the limited "flat" or less steep areas, can avoid some of these impacts.

This chapter has been amended to reflect the intent of the Town to protect ridgelines, as

follows:

- Visual Resources. The chapter references Figure OS-1 (Visual Resources Map) to identify “Major Ridges” but also allows for Town staff to augment the map with additional topographical information that is lacking on the generalized Visual Resources Map. The chapter also adds Scenic Highways for consistency with the General Plan. The view from scenic highways is considered part of significant view corridors.
- Wildfire Safety. Code has been amended to allow for vegetation to be removed to reduce fire hazards.
- Color Palette. Muted earth tones could be considered as a standard color palette for hillside applications.
- Light Pollution Reduction. The Commission discussed including some dark sky provisions in the chapter (see additional discussion below).
- Design Standards. Regulations related to rooflines, bulk and mass of structures, and provision to reduce visual impacts on ridgelines have been included.

This chapter includes more specific criteria for review of applications, consistent references to “major ridgelines” as established in the General Plan and described in the definitions, some additional standards (e.g. fully-shielded lighting, materials to be “consistent” with those in the surrounding area, and reduced height on upslope lots and at front and rear setback lines). Additional height is allowed with upper-story setbacks. Also proposed are numerical limits for roofs projecting into a scenic corridor viewshed and for long horizontal roofs. Finally, a landscape documentation package is required, consistent with the State’s Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance.

Chapter 17.072: Hill Area Residential Development Overlay Zone

The purpose of this chapter is to provide for the review of development proposals in hill areas. The code has been amended to add provisions related to low impact clustered residential development. Several references to other chapters of the zoning ordinance have been added to help code users navigate through the various regulations that apply.

The new provisions for the low impact clustered development option have been added to Section 17.072.090 (Development and Design Standards), which include:

- Maximum density based on a slope density formula, or the maximum density established in the General Plan (whichever is lower).
- Standards for street layout and emergency access.
- Special site layout and building design provisions have been included to avoid site disturbance as much as possible, lessen visual impacts and to provide for private open space.
- Special setbacks to allow for some building placement flexibility.
- Narrow streets can be improved, and additional guest parking would be required, which would be on-site or within easy walking distance.
- Standards for building height, site layout and building design are intended to create a low profile with articulated facades and split-level development, where appropriate. The maximum house size would be 2,500 square feet of habitable space plus 10 percent of the lot area up to 3,500 square feet. Garages would not be counted unless they were larger than 500 square feet.
- At least 75 percent of the site would have to be maintained as permanent open space, and minimum dimensions for a private yard are set. This option allows for but does not require community facilities, such as a common house and space for recreational

- activities, artists' studios, and galleries.
- Requirements related to the establishment of trails.
- Landscaping requirements related to fire safety.

Besides some additional detail for applications, these amendments focus on standards for a low impact clustered development option. The basic development standards already included in the zoning code for this overlay zone are well-conceived, and do not require significant amendments.

Under the cluster development option, the Planning Commission would have broad authority to approve a variety of lot sizes and housing types as long as the base density is not exceeded. The Commission could also change the lot configurations and building sites as necessary to minimize grading, preserve public views, reduce hazards, or conserve environmental resources.

Chapter 17.124: UR Upland Residential Zone

Minor amendments are proposed for this chapter, mostly to create the necessary cross references to other chapters to implement the low impact clustered residential development provisions. These amendments incorporate the low impact clustered development option by reference; they also allow up to two ADUs. If the Planning Commission has approved a low impact cluster development plan, the standards for yards can be modified and no variance is required. Similarly, the changes to parking requirements for low impact clustered development also would apply in the UR Upland Residential Zone.

PLANNING COMMISSION STUDY SESSION

The Planning Commission held a study session on October 12, 2023, to discuss possible amendments to the zoning ordinance. The following is a summary of discussion items and any changes that have been made to the draft zoning text since that time.

Mapping

At the Planning Commission study session on October 12, Figure OS-1 (Map of Visual Resources) was referenced (included on the next page of this staff report). Attached to the October 12 staff report was an additional and more detailed map. The only map that has been adopted by the Town is OS-1, which is in the General Plan. Some zoning regulations are currently based on this map, but it can be difficult to accurately interpret due to the lack of detail. A provision has been added to the zoning ordinance text so that additional information can be used by Town Staff to help determine where regulations apply. For example, Town Staff has access to maps which overlay roadway and parcel information.

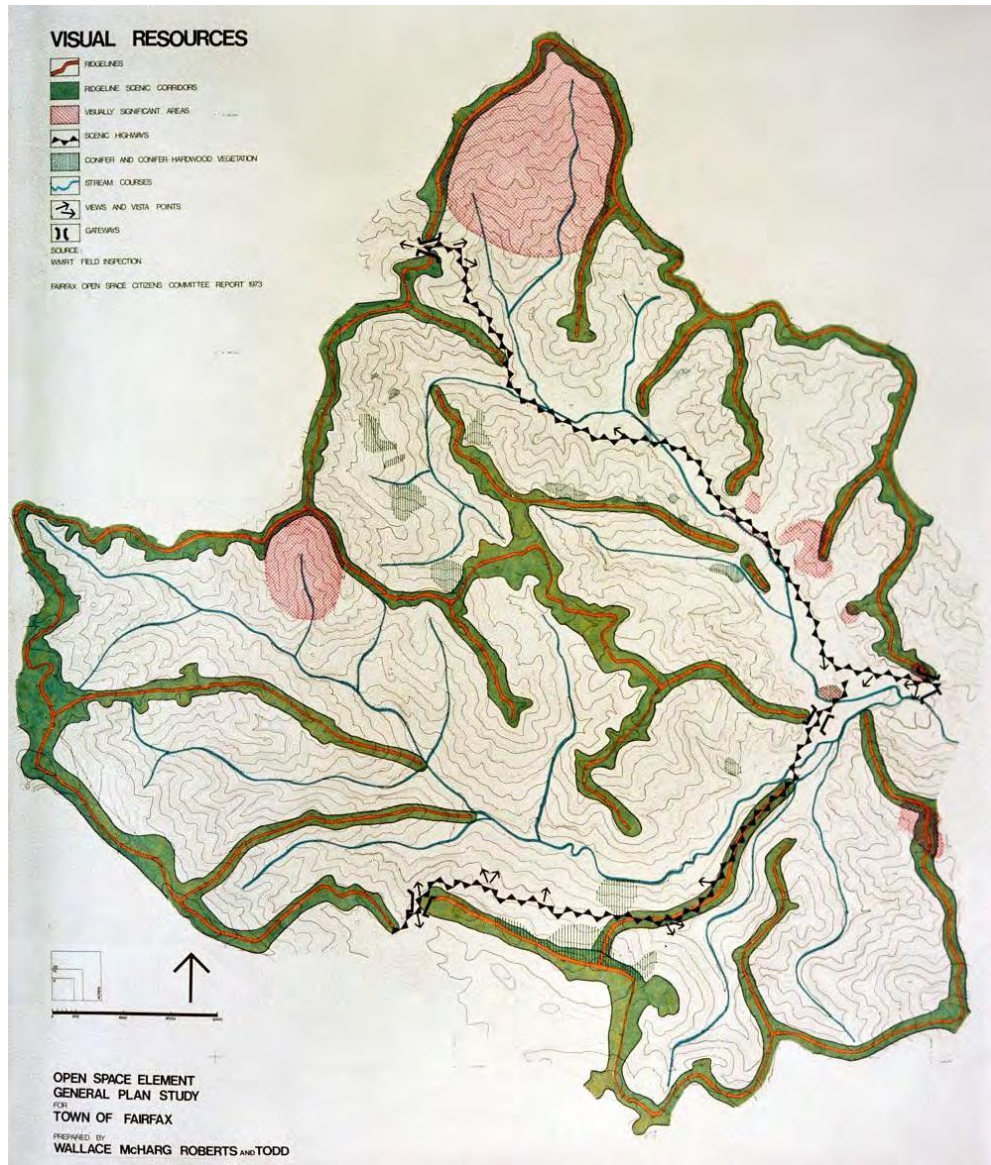


Figure OS-1 Map of Visual Resources

Zoned density

A source of confusion is how the overall density is calculated. Calculations made to determine the hillside development potential will not change as the slope density formula that currently applies is carried forward with no modifications.

Open space

References to “open space” have been clarified. The terms private and common open space refer to required outdoor living area for individual units; none of the permanent open space created by the 75-percent rule can be used to satisfy these open space requirements.

The regulations will enable to the Town to preserve substantial areas of hillside land as with the requirement of the 75 percent open space preservation land. Protection of this land will ensure through conservation easements, dedication or transfer of land to the Town or another public agency, or other development restrictions acceptable to the Town Attorney. The 75 percent standard was tested with calculations of development potential on sites included in the Housing Element Site Inventory.

Dark Sky Provisions

Section 17.060.050 (A)(7) has been amended to add provisions related to light intensity, color temperature and other provisions to limit lighting impacts on the night sky.

Other Changes Made Since Study Session

- Added scenic highways (aka Sir Francis Drake Drive) to the list of locations from which to consider significant views.
- New provisions to restrict homes with a ridgeline scenic corridor. Development standards have been added to reduce the visual mass of new structures.
- Requirement has been added to use photographic visual simulations.
- Added provisions related to emergency access.
- A provision to locate development on already disturbed land.
- A provision has been added to that existing trails can be set aside as part of the approval process.
- Corrections were made to section 17.124.040 (Accessory Uses and Structures) to be consistent with the recent code changes to ADU and JADU provisions.

GENERAL PLAN CONSISTENCY

The proposed ordinance is consistent with the Fairfax General Plan. Including the proposed Housing Element. Program 2-D (Standards for Clustered Hillside Development on Large Sites) calls for the recommended zoning code amendments with a required adoption by the end of January 2024.

CEQA CONSISTENCY

The code changes implement the Housing Element and the changes are consistent with the EIR scheduled to be certified by the City Council on December 13, 2023.

RECOMMENDATION

Adopt Resolution 2023-37 recommending that the Town Council adopt an ordinance amending the Fairfax Zoning Ordinance to amend the following chapters: 17.060 (Ridgeline Development); 17.072 (Hill Area Residential Development Overlay Zone); 17.124 (UR Upland Residential Zone).

ATTACHMENT

- A. Resolution 2023-37 recommending that the Town Council adopt zoning amendments for low impact clustered residential development.

RESOLUTION NO. 2023-37

A RESOLUTION OF THE FAIRFAX PLANNING COMMISSION RECOMMENDING TOWN COUNCIL ADOPT AN ORDINANCE AMENDING TITLE 17 (ZONING) OF THE FAIRFAX MUNICIPAL CODE TO UPDATE THE FOLLOWING CHAPTERS: 17.060 (RIDGELINE DEVELOPMENT), 17.072 (HILL AREA RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT OVERLAY ZONE), AND 17.124 (UR UPLAND RESIDENTIAL ZONE) TO IMPLEMENT THE GENERAL PLAN HOUSING ELEMENT

WHEREAS State law authorizes cities to adopt and administer zoning ordinances to implement General Plans and requires that zoning regulations be consistent with the General Plan; and

WHEREAS, in recent years, the California Legislature has approved, and the Governor has signed into law, a number of bills that, among other things, amended the Government Code to require General Plan Housing Elements to analyze the availability of land resources in the Town to accommodate the Town's share of the region's future housing needs and to identify zoning amendments needed to meet these needs; and

WHEREAS, the Town has determined that certain sites in the Hill Area Residential Development Overlay Zone and UR Upland Residential Zone may enable the Town to respond to the State's requirements with appropriate development and design standards for low impact clustered residential development added to the existing zoning regulations without changing the maximum allowable residential density or allowing for additional housing units greater than the number established in the General Plan for these sites; and

WHEREAS, the Town seeks to protect existing scenic resources and prevent development on unurbanized open space adjacent to ridgetops identified in the General Plan;

WHEREAS, the Town desires to amend its local regulatory scheme for zoning regulations to implement the General Plan; and

WHEREAS, on December 13, 2023, the Town Council of the Town of Fairfax approved the 2023-2031 Housing Element (Element) and the Element include programs which call for the zoning ordinance to be amended; and

WHEREAS, the adopted Element includes Program 2D (Standards for Clustered Hillside Development on Large Sites) which calls for the zoning ordinance to be updated to include review standards for clustered hillside development to expand opportunities for market rate housing by establishing development standards and design review criteria.

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission is responsible for providing recommendations to the Town Council for proposed amendments to the Town's Zoning Code pursuant to Government Code section 65853 et seq.; and

WHEREAS, on December 14, 2023, the Planning Commission of the Town of Fairfax conducted a duly noticed public hearing, considered public testimony, discussed the proposed code update and voted to recommend Town Council adoption of ordinance; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that: 1. The recitals are true and correct and incorporated as findings herein by this reference. 2. The Planning Commission of the Town of Fairfax does hereby recommend that the Town Council adopt an ordinance included as **Exhibit 1**, incorporated herein by this reference.

RESOLUTION PASSED AND ADOPTED, at the regular meeting of the Fairfax Planning Commission on December 14, 2023 by the following vote:

AYES:

NOES:

ABSTAIN:

ABSENT:

APPROVED: _____
Chair Cindy Swift

ATTEST: _____
Jeffrey Beiswenger, Planning and Building Services Director

EXHIBIT 1 TO RESOLUTION 2023-37
TOWN OF FAIRFAX
ZONING AMENDMENTS FOR LOW IMPACT
CLUSTERED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

PLANNING COMMISSION HEARING DRAFT

DECEMBER 2023

DYETT & BHATIA

ORDINANCE NO.

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF FAIRFAX AMENDING TITLE 17 (ZONING) OF THE FAIRFAX MUNICIPAL CODE TO UPDATE THE FOLLOWING CHAPTERS: CHAPTER 17.060 (RIDGELINE DEVELOPMENT), CHAPTER 17.072 (HILL AREA RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT OVERLAY ZONE), AND CHAPTER 17.124 (UR UPLAND RESIDENTIAL ZONE) TO IMPLEMENT THE GENERAL PLAN HOUSING ELEMENT

WHEREAS, the Town of Fairfax, California ("Town") is a municipal corporation, duly organized under the constitution and laws of the State of California; and

WHEREAS State law authorizes cities to adopt and administer zoning ordinances to implement General Plans and requires that zoning regulations be consistent with the General Plan; and

WHEREAS, in recent years, the California Legislature has approved, and the Governor has signed into law, a number of bills that, among other things, amended the Government Code to require General Plan Housing Elements to analyze the availability of land resources in the Town to accommodate the Town's share of the region's future housing needs and to identify zoning amendments needed to meet these needs; and

WHEREAS, the Town had determined that certain sites in the Hill Area Residential Development Overlay Zone and UR Upland Residential Zone may enable the Town to respond to the State's requirements with appropriate development and design standards for low impact clustered residential development added to the existing zoning regulations without changing the maximum allowable residential density or allowing for additional housing units greater than the number established in the General Plan for these sites; and

WHEREAS, the Town wants to continue to protect existing scenic resources and prevent development on unurbanized open space adjacent to ridgetops identified in the General Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Town desires to amend its local regulatory scheme for these zoning regulations to implement the General Plan Housing Element and to comply with the governing provisions of Government Code; and

WHEREAS, on December 13, 2023, the Town Council of the Town of Fairfax approved the 2023-2031 Housing Element (Element) and the Element include programs which call for the zoning ordinance to be amended; and.

WHEREAS, the adopted Element includes Program 2D (Standards for Clustered Hillside Development on Large Sites) which calls for the zoning ordinance to be updated to include review standards for clustered hillside development to expand opportunities for market rate housing by establishing development standards and design review criteria; and

WHEREAS, on _____, the Planning Commission of the Town of Fairfax voted to recommend Town Council adoption of ordinance; and

WHEREAS, a duly and properly noticed public hearing regarding the Ordinance was conducted by the Town Council on _____, 2023, and the Town Council carefully considered all pertinent testimony and the staff report offered at the public hearing.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF FAIRFAX DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The recitals above are each incorporated by reference and adopted as findings by the Town Council.

SECTION 2. The Town has prepared an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) on the Sixth Cycle Housing Element amendment to the General Plan, pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") and State CEQA Guidelines and the Town Council voted to certify the EIR on December 13, 2023.

SECTION 3. Title 17 of the Fairfax Municipal Code is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as provided in Exhibit A, attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference (deletions shown in ~~strikethrough~~ and additions shown in underline). Ellipses ("...") denote where text is not shown because no changes are proposed.

SECTION 4. This ordinance takes effect 30 days after second reading.

SECTION 5. The Town Clerk shall certify as to the adoption of this ordinance and within fifteen (15) days of its adoption shall post a certified copy of this ordinance in three public places in the Town of Fairfax, to wit: 1. Bulletin Board, Town Hall Offices; 2. Bulletin Board, Fairfax Post Office; and 3. Bulletin Board, Fairfax Women's Club Building, located at 46 Park Road.

SECTION 6. The Town Clerk shall submit a copy of this ordinance to the Department of Housing and Community Development within 60 days after adoption.

SECTION 7. If any section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this ordinance, or the application thereof to any person or place, is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this ordinance. The Town Council hereby declares that it would have adopted this ordinance, and each and every section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, subdivisions, sentences, clauses, phrases, or portions thereof be declared invalid or unconstitutional.

The foregoing ordinance was passed, approved, and adopted at a meeting of the Town Council on the ___ day of ____ 2023, by the following vote, to wit:

AYES:
NOES:
ABSENT
ABSTAIN:

Approved: _____
Barbara Coler, Mayor

Attest: _____
Michele Gardner, Town Clerk

**EXHIBIT
A**

CHAPTER 17.060: RIDGELINE DEVELOPMENT

Section

- 17.060.010 Purpose
- 17.060.020 Definitions
- 17.060.030 General requirements
- 17.060.040 Affected significant view corridors
- 17.060.050 Criteria for review of application
- 17.060.060 Application; procedures generally
- 17.060.070 Approval of design review application; required findings
- 17.060.080 Approval of application for exception; required findings
- 17.060.090 Time limits; extensions
- 17.060.100 Appeals
- 17.060.110 Enforcement

§.17.060.010 PURPOSE

The purpose of this chapter is to implement the General Plan's policies for open space and resource conservation, conserve the general public welfare by conserving the existing scenic resources and the sense of community and/or neighborhood identity now afforded by the presence of the unurbanized open spaces on the ridge tops above the town by preserving them in an open and scenically attractive state. To this end, objective criteria for review of applications are established.

§.17.060.020 DEFINITIONS AND TERMS OF REFERENCE

For the purpose of this chapter, the following definitions and terms of reference shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

ADJACENT RIDGE. The portion of the ridgeline within 150 feet horizontal distance or 100 feet vertical distance from the subject structure, from which a line drawn perpendicular to the ridgeline strikes or passes over the subject structure. When a structure is built in a swale between two ridges, the higher ridge will determine the height of the structure.

MAJOR RIDGES. Those areas located on General Plan Figure OS-1 Map of Visual Resources Map, augmented by additional topographic reference mapping by Town staff.

MODEL WATER EFFICIENT LANDSCAPE ORDINANCE. The Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance adopted by the California State Legislature, 23 CA ADC § 490 et seq., as it may be amended from time to time, and as adopted by the Town and made a part of this chapter by reference.

RIDGELINE. The uppermost line in elevation traversing a major ridge (chain of hills).

RIDGELINE SCENIC CORRIDORS. Those areas defined as community and/or neighborhood separators and visual resources providing community and/or neighborhood identity, further defined as the area on either side of the ridgeline within 150 feet horizontal distance measured at right angles to the ridgeline or 100 feet vertically of the major ridge,

whichever is a greater area as located on General Plan Figure OS-1 Map of Visual Resources Map.

SCENIC HIGHWAYS. Those roadways depicted on the General Plan Figure OS-1 Map of Visual Resource as Scenic Highways, including Bolinas Road and Sir Francis Drake Boulevard.

SIGNIFICANT VIEW CORRIDORS. Identified by the Planning Commission as places from which the visual impact of development in a ridgeline scenic corridor could be significant and contrary to the purposes of this title.

UTILITY LINES. Public or private utility distribution and transmission lines.

§.17.060.030 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

- (A) No building, accessory building, or structure or modification thereof, shall be erected within ridgeline scenic corridors as defined located on General Plan Figure OS-1 Map of Visual Resources Map No. 9, except in either of the following circumstances:
- (1) The applicant demonstrates with submissions of photographic visual simulations and architectural drawings, plans and sections showing existing and proposed conditions and how the standards of this section apply to building elevations to the Town staff and the Planning Commission that a new building, an accessory structure or addition will have no impact on significant views due to the proposed location of the structure in relation to existing improvements; and/or
 - (2) The Planning Commission approves or conditionally approves a permit for building in the ridgeline scenic corridor.
- (B) If new buildings, accessory buildings or additions and modifications to them existing buildings must be placed are to be approved for placement within the restricted area, they shall be designed and located to have the least impact on existing visual resources and significant view corridors.

§.17.060.040 AFFECTED SIGNIFICANT VIEW CORRIDORS.

- (A)
- (1) In considering an application for building in the restricted area, the Planning Commission will determine the significant view corridors which are affected by the project by examining photographs of the project site from public gathering places, scenic highways, major roadways, and neighboring properties.
 - (2) Significant view corridors will be addressed by the applicant in the application using photographs and/or illustrations which demonstrate how the proposed project is seen from:
 - (a) Public gathering places, scenic highways, and major roadways;

- (b) Neighboring properties and neighborhood roadways; and
- (c) Critical points within the subject property.

(B)

- (1) Views from ~~Public~~ public gathering places, scenic highways, and major roadways will be considered significant view corridors unless the Planning Commission makes the specific finding that a given location is not significant for a project.
- (2) Views from ~~N~~neighboring properties, neighborhood roadways and points within the subject property may be significant if the Planning Commission makes the finding that regulation of views from the point is necessary to protect the general public welfare, as defined in the purpose of this chapter.

§.17.060.050 CRITERIA FOR REVIEW OF APPLICATION.

(A) The Planning Commission shall use the following criteria to review applications. These criteria must be complied with unless an exception is granted by the Planning Commission.

- (1) Native planting shall be retained to provide screening and avoid abrupt changes in the natural, vegetative cover. Extensive tree pruning and tree removal around structures shall be ~~avoided~~ allowed if needed to reduce fire hazards, accommodate low impact clustered residential development consistent with the standards of § 17.072.090 (H), and ensure emergency access. A tree plan, including revegetation requirements and proposed locations of trees of approved suitable species, may be required pursuant to § 16.24.070.
- (2) Additional screening and cover shall be provided, with new planting with native species and other approved suitable species compatible with existing vegetation and designed to break up silhouettes, reflections and large, unnatural surfaces. If required as a condition of design review approval, a maintenance bond shall be posted for one year to ensure the vitality of essential landscaping.
- (3) Buildings, fences and structures shall be of materials and colors ~~compatible~~ consistent with materials and colors in the surrounding area within 300 feet of the project site. Exterior paint colors shall be muted earth tones, consistent with a color palette of paint colors based on Pantone color standards, which have been approved by the Planning Commission. Other colors may be approved through discretionary design review.
- (4) Cuts, fills and retaining structures will be minimized except as required exclusively for foundations. Major topographic features shall maintain their natural landforms.
- (5) Roadways shall follow contours to also minimize cuts, fills and retaining structures. Disturbed areas shall be revegetated to harmonize with the

surrounding environment, and retaining structures shall include planting or similar means, as necessary, to harmonize as well.

- (6) No roads or streets shall be permitted to traverse a major ridge.
- (7) If exterior lighting is to be installed, it shall conform to the following:
- (a) Light intensity. Lighting shall have a ~~be of~~ low-level of intensity, meaning ~~not have~~having a total light output ~~exceeding on the site of~~ 3,000 lumens or less and a low profile;
 - (b) Shielding. All fixtures, ~~and a low profile and~~ shall be fully-shielded to minimize glare and protect the night sky.
 - (c) Color Temperature. The color temperature of all outdoor lighting shall be 3,000 Kelvin or less, except for seasonal lighting.
 - (d) Lighting curfew. A “dark sky” curfew shall be respected, and unless outdoor lighting is for building entries or exits, pathways and adjacent landscape areas, parking areas, or driveways, or is on a motion sensor that shuts off five minutes after activation, all exterior lighting shall be extinguished as soon as there are no longer people present in exterior areas.
 - ~~(a)~~(e) Light trespass. The maximum allowable “light trespass,” meaning light falling beyond the property line, shall be 0.1 foot candles.

~~(7)~~(8) Utilities and alternative energy systems

- (a) All utilities and cables shall be placed underground.
- (b) Alternative energy sources, not including small residential rooftop solar energy systems, may be approved where their impacts are minimized. Small residential rooftop solar energy systems shall be subject to the review and approval procedures set forth in §§ 17.138.200 through 17.138.270. This provision supersedes § 17.044.020 of this title relating to public utilities.

~~(8)~~(9) Ridgeline view protections

- (a) All structures shall be located so that the roof does not extend ~~above the ridgeline~~ into a ridgeline scenic corridor when viewed from a public gathering place, including Town parks, public schools, sidewalks in the Central Commercial area identified in the General Plan, or a major roadway.
- (b) No part of a building ~~may~~ shall exceed 28.5 feet on an upslope lot and 35 feet on a downslope lot, 24 feet within 20 feet of a front property line on an upslope lot, and 24 feet at a rear setback line, measured to the adjacent natural or finished grade, whichever is lower. One foot of additional building height in the front and the rear is allowed if the portion of the building above the 24-foot height limit

is setback one foot, up to the maximum height limits established for upslope lots (28.5 feet) and downslope lots (35 feet).

- (c) ~~Where a ridge lot is too flat to allow placement of a roof of a building or structure down from the ridgeline~~ Where the Planning Commission approves the placement of a structure so that its roofline extends into a ridgeline scenic corridor because of a particular topographical feature or the location of the site and because there is no other suitable building location on the site, no part of the roof of the structure ~~may~~ shall extend more than 15 feet above the lowest elevation of the adjacent ridgeline and the maximum horizontal dimension above this elevation shall not exceed 20 feet.

~~(9)~~(10) _____ In order to minimize bulk and mass, long, unbroken rooflines and large, uninterrupted wall surfaces greater than 40 feet in length will be avoided shall be allowed only if there is a horizontal or vertical offset of at least five feet or dormers break up the visual mass.

~~(10)~~(11) _____ A landscape documentation package shall be provided with the development application that complies with the standards of the Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance established in the California Code of Regulations (Title 23, Div. 2, Chapter 2.7), which applies to all new residential development with 500 square feet or more of landscape area. If the total landscaped area is 2,500 square feet or less, an applicant may use the prescriptive compliance option provided in Appendix D of the Model Ordinance to streamline the review process.

§.17.060.060 APPLICATION; PROCEDURES GENERALLY.

- (A) An application for a permit for building in the ridgeline scenic corridor shall be made in accordance with §§ 17.020.050 and 17.020.060 of this title.
- (B) The Planning Commission may approve, modify, deny or continue an application for design review of development in a ridge line scenic corridor and exceptions in accordance with the procedures, including procedures governing notice of public hearings, as set forth herein. The Planning Commission may impose reasonable conditions of approval, provided those conditions of approval are needed to ensure compliance with objective development and design standards and are broadly applicable to low impact clustered residential development and residential land uses within the Town.

§.17.060.070 APPROVAL OF DESIGN REVIEW APPLICATION; REQUIRED FINDINGS.

In approving or conditionally approving an application for design review of a structure in a ridgeline scenic corridor, the Planning Commission ~~must~~ shall make the following findings:

- (A) Other suitable building locations are not available on the site; and/or

- (B) The visual impact of the proposed structure on significant view corridors has been minimized and the project substantially conforms to the criteria in § 17.060.040.

§.17.060.080 APPROVAL OF APPLICATION FOR EXCEPTION; REQUIRED FINDINGS.

In approving an application for an exception, the Planning Commission ~~must~~ shall make the following findings:

- (A) The exception is the minimum necessary for use and enjoyment of the property;
- (B) The exception is necessary due to a particular topographical feature or location of the property; and
- (C) Granting the exception results in a project which meets the intent of § 17.060.070.

§.17.060.090 TIME LIMITS; EXTENSIONS.

...

CHAPTER 17.072: HILL AREA RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT OVERLAY ZONE

Section

- 17.072.010 Purpose
- 17.072.020 Applicability
- 17.072.030 Development permit required
- 17.072.040 Development permit; procedural requirements
- 17.072.050 Uses permitted without a development permit
- 17.072.060 Referral to Planning Commission
- 17.072.070 Design review procedures
- 17.072.080 Development permit application; contents
- 17.072.090 Development standards
- 17.072.100 Planning Commission action
- 17.072.110 Development permit; required findings for approval
- 17.072.120 Appeal
- 17.072.130 Reapplication
- 17.072.140 Time limits; extensions

§.17.072.010 PURPOSE.

- (A) It is the purpose of the hill area residential development overlay zone to provide review of and objective standards for development proposed for undeveloped land in hill areas.
- (B) It is the intent of this chapter to accomplish the following:
 - (1) Encourage maximum retention of natural topographic features such as drainage ways, streams, slopes, ridgelines, rock outcroppings, vistas, natural plant formation and trees;
 - (2) Minimize grading of hillside areas;
 - (3) Provide a safe means of ingress and egress for vehicular and pedestrian traffic to and within hillside areas;
 - (4) Minimize water runoff and soil erosion problems during and after construction;
 - (5) Prevent loss of life, reduce injuries and property damage and minimize economic dislocations from geologic hazards; and
 - (6) Ensure that infill development on hillside lots is of a size and scale appropriate to the property and is consistent with other properties in the vicinity under the same zone classification.
 - (7) Provide incentives for creation of permanent open space with low impact clustered residential development.

§.17.072.020 APPLICABILITY.

Properties zoned RS-6, RS-7.5, RD 5.5-7, RM, RM-S, PDD, SF-RMP, UR-7, or UR-10, fall into the HRD overlay zone if they have any of the following characteristics:

- (A) The slope of the property is in one of the following categories as shown on the General Plan Safety Element Figure S-3: Areas Susceptible to Landslides and/or the California Division of Mines and Geology Map, "Interpretation of the Relative Stability of Upland Slopes in the Upper Ross Valley and the Western Part of San Rafael Area Marin County, California," Rice, Salem J., Smith, Theodore C. and Strand, Rudolph G., 1976 and development of the lot requires movement of more than the corresponding amount of excavation and/or fill or replacement of earth with foundation materials:
 - (1) Zero to five percent slope: 200 cubic yards.
 - (2) Five to 15 percent slope: 200 cubic yards.
 - (3) Fifteen to 30 percent slope: 100 cubic yards.
 - (4) Thirty-one percent slope: 50 cubic yards.
- (B) The property falls within a "Mostly Landslides" or "Multiple Landslides" landslide hazard zone as shown on Figure S-3: Areas Susceptible to Landslides and/or the California Division of Mines and Geology Map, "Interpretation of the Relative Stability of Upland Slopes in the Upper Ross Valley and the Western Part of San Rafael Area Marin County, California," Rice, Salem J., Smith, Theodore C. and Strand, Rudolph G., 1976;
- (C) Access to the property is via a private or public undeveloped roadway; (an undeveloped roadway is an unpaved or paper road which must be improved.)

§.17.072.030 DEVELOPMENT PERMIT REQUIRED.

Except for uses listed in § 17.072.050, land in the HRD overlay zone may not be used or developed until plans for development have been subject to design review to ensure compliance with objective development and design standards and approved by the ~~town~~ Planning Commission, and a hill area residential development permit is issued.

§.17.072.040 DEVELOPMENT PERMIT; PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS.

The procedural requirements for obtaining the hill area residential development permit are as follows:

- (A) Submission of a development plan to the Planning Commission;
- (B) Public hearing before the Planning Commission, with notice thereof given pursuant to the provisions of § 17.004.070; and
- (C) Approval of the hill area residential development permit pursuant to § 17.072.110 of this chapter, subject to appeal to the Town Council under § 17.072.120.

§.17.072.050 USES PERMITTED WITHOUT A DEVELOPMENT PERMIT.

The following uses are permitted outright in the HRD overlay zone:

- (A) Additions to existing structures provided that the addition is not a 50 percent remodel, as prescribed ~~defined~~ in § 17.016.040 of this title;
- (B) Accessory structures under 200 square feet in area;
- (C) Accessory dwelling units and junior accessory dwelling units meeting the requirements of Chapter 17.048;
- (D) Fences and retaining walls (under four feet); and
- (E) Maintenance and repair of existing structures.

§.17.072.060 REFERRAL TO PLANNING COMMISSION.

- (A) Projects requiring a hill area residential development permit shall be reviewed by the Planning Commission prior to being referred.
- (B) The Planning Commission shall address the following issues using objective development and design standards established in this title:
 - (1) The visual impact of the structure upon view corridors found to be significant;
 - (2) The size, scale, siting and design of the proposed structure;
 - ~~(3)~~ (3) Compliance with standards for ridgeline-related development established by Chapter 17.060 and standards for low-impact clustered development pursuant to § 17.072.090 (H);
 - ~~(3)~~(4) Materials and color of the structure; and
 - ~~(4)~~(5) Landscaping.

§.17.072.070 DESIGN REVIEW PROCEDURES.

- (A) Projects shall be reviewed pursuant to the procedures set forth in Chapter 17.020 of this title.
- (B) A separate application for design review shall be required.

§.17.072.080 DEVELOPMENT PERMIT APPLICATION; CONTENTS.

The submittal shall include the following information:

- (A) Completed application made by owner or owners of the land involved, or any agent thereof, on forms prescribed by the town accompanied by fees established by resolution of the Town Council;
- (B) Topographical and boundary survey signed by a licensed surveyor showing:
 - (1) Contours at five-foot intervals;
 - (2) Property lines and dimensions;

- (3) Native vegetation (freestanding trees over six inches in diameter and all stands); and
 - (4) Existing structures including fences and retaining walls.
- (C) Site plan showing:
- (1) Location of existing and new structures including fences, driveways and retaining walls;
 - (2) New on-site drainage facilities and necessary off-site improvements;
 - (3) Easements existing and proposed; if none exist, a notation of this must be made;
 - (4) Sanitary sewer, water and storm drainage lines labeled with their sizes; and
 - (5) Points of access.
 - (6) Relation of the site plan, existing structures, and proposed structures to major ridgelines identified in the General Plan, scenic highways, and significant view corridors if the proposed development is within 150 feet horizontal distance or 100 feet vertical distance of an adjacent ridgeline.
- (D) Fairfax Tree Committee report and permit if tree removal is requested;
- (E) Report by a registered civil engineer specializing in soils and foundations, including:
- (1) Site soil drainage;
 - (2) Relevant watershed boundaries;
 - (3) Relationship of the proposed construction to drainage patterns in the vicinity and the cumulative effects of runoff;
 - (4) Site geology and the safety of proposed construction; and
 - (5) Foundation adequacy.
- (F) A grading and erosion control plan;
- (G) Elevations, floor plans and roof plans;
- (H) Exterior finishes and materials;
- (I) Landscape plan delineating natural and planted areas and generic types of landscape materials to be used; and
- (J) Profiles and photographic visual simulations showing relationship between proposed structures and adjacent off-site improvements and major ridgelines and the required setbacks (150 feet horizontal distance and 100 feet vertical distance from an adjacent ridge).

§.17.072.090 DEVELOPMENT AND DESIGN STANDARDS.

The following objective development and design standards shall apply to new development in the HRD overlay zone:

- (A) Fire management. Projects must comply with the town's Fire Code.
- (B) Geologic hazards. Construction shall not be permitted on identified seismic or geologic hazard areas such as on slides, on natural springs, or on identified fault zones, without approval from the town engineer, based on acceptable soils and geologic reports. Development shall be prohibited in areas determined by the Town Engineer to be geotechnically unstable based on a report by a licensed soils engineer where the Planning Commission determines that the corrective work would be inconsistent with the purpose and the intent of this chapter.
- (C) Topographical.
 - (1) Graded slopes shall be sculptured and contoured to blend with natural terrain. Cuts and fills shall not exceed one foot or rise for each one and one-half feet of run without the approval of the Town Engineer.
 - (2) The grading plan shall include preventative measures to reduce dust generation, protection of trees and other significant natural features.
 - (3) Retaining structures shall be shown in plan and elevation. Height of retaining structures shall be minimized. Planting and choice of materials shall be used to visually integrate the structures with natural surroundings.
 - (4) Grading plans shall include erosion control and revegetation programs. Where erosion potential exists, silt traps or other engineering solutions may be required. The timing of grading and construction shall be controlled by the Town Engineer or other staff designated by the Town Engineer to avoid failure during construction. No initial grading shall be done during the rainy season, from October 1 through April 1.
- (D) Ecological. Projects shall be designed to minimize disruption of existing ecosystems. Removal, changes or construction which will destroy important or rare vegetation and/or wildlife habitats shall be avoided.
 - (1) Removal of any tree, as the term is defined in § 8.28.020, shall be subject to issuance of a tree removal permit as required by Chapter 8.28 of this code.
 - (2) In areas of diverse wildlife habitat as delineated on the General Plan Wildlife Habitat and Diversity Map, disruption of trees, shrubs and natural vegetative cover shall be minimized.
 - (3) No development is permitted 50 feet either side of high water centerline measured perpendicular to the high-water mark away from the centerline. Water quality and natural conditions shall be maintained.
- (E) Landscaping. Landscaping shall minimally disturb natural areas and shall be compatible with native plant settings. Where appropriate use is determined by the Planning Commission, fire-resistant and drought-resistant species shall be utilized. Planting shall not obstruct views or alter solar energy access of nearby properties.

- (1) A landscape documentation package shall be provided with the development application that complies with the standards of the State's Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance which applies to all new residential development with 500 square feet or more of landscape area. If the total landscaped area is 2,500 square feet or less, an applicant may use the prescriptive compliance option provided in Appendix D of the Model Ordinance to streamline the review process. Under this option, turf shall not exceed 25 percent of the landscape area.
- (2) No fill, grading, or construction shall be permitted within the dripline of any existing tree designated for preservation except as may be recommended by an arborist certified by the International Society of Arboriculture or a California-registered professional forester.
- (F) Circulation.
- (1) Roads shall be designed to meet the requirements of the Town Engineer, as set forth in the Subdivision Ordinance, and the Fire Department as set forth in the Fire Code.
- (2) The Planning Commission may require parking areas to accommodate public and guest parking in addition to off-street parking for dwelling units.
- (3) Off-street parking shall conform to the provisions of Chapter 17.052 of this title.
- (G) Design. Projects shall be designed to meet the criteria set forth in § 17.020.040 of this title.
- (H) Low impact clustered development option. ~~The~~In order to enable the creation of permanent open space that will connect or expand existing open space, create wildlife corridors, preserve habitat for endangered species, the Planning Commission may approve a low impact clustered residential development in an HRD overlay zone on sites greater than one acre with an average slope greater than 15 percent that are identified in the General Plan Housing Element for housing development, subject to design review and the following standards:
- (1) Maximum density. The maximum number of units (MN) shall be determined by a slope density formula as follows, unless a different density is set in the General Plan or the applicable base zone:
- $MN = \text{Development site area (sq. ft.)} \div (10,000 \text{ plus } 1,200 \text{ for each one percent increase in the average slope of the site above 15 percent}).$
- (2) Minimum lot size. The Planning Commission may approve lots that are less than the minimum lot size and dimensions that otherwise would be required by the base zoning district or overlay zone, provided that the overall density does not exceed the General Plan maximum for the site.

- (3) Gross building square footage. The maximum permitted gross building area for habitable space is limited to 3,500 square feet. Any garage space that exceeds 500 square feet shall be counted as habitable space.
- (4) Street layout. All new public streets and private streets shall meet the standards of § 16.24.040, with the following modifications:
- (a) New street and driveway grades shall not exceed 18 percent unless an exception has been approved by the Planning Director and the Director of Public Works to allow street and driveway grades up to 25 percent.
- (b) Streets and driveways with slopes over 15 percent shall be a permanent, durable, non-asphalt hardscape surface. Streets and driveways with slopes over 18 percent shall have grooves/scoring for traction.
- (c) A transition shall be provided at the street and driveway apron to allow vehicles to safely transition to/from roadways and parking areas.
- (5) Emergency access. At least two means of emergency access shall be provided to all clustered hillside developments with five or more lots. Existing fire roads providing access to open space areas shall be retained and maintained if this is determined necessary by the Fire Department.
- (6) Site layout and building design. All clustered development shall:
- (a) Locate development along existing streets and/or on already disturbed land, to the extent feasible, to protect undeveloped areas;
- ~~(a)~~(b) Use split level building terraces, pier foundations and stepped footings, as appropriate for the proposed building, to reduce grading and visual impacts and break up building mass;
- ~~(b)~~(c) Site buildings with different floor elevations to achieve height variation;
- ~~(c)~~(d) Design roofs with an offset of at least 18 inches, a change in pitch, or a gable ever 60 linear feet;
- ~~(d)~~(e) Articulate facades to produce shadows through wall setbacks, recessed openings, porches, verandas, moderate overhands, decks, balconies, and projecting windows;
- ~~(e)~~(f) Meet the minimum roof slope standards of the International Residential Code, as adopted by the Town and avoid extended horizontal rooflines exceeding 40 feet; ~~and~~
- (g) Conform to the standards of Chapter 17.060, as necessary; and
- ~~(f)~~(h) Provide at least 200 cubic feet of enclosed, lockable private storage space for each dwelling unit, separate from the space required for off-street parking, with a minimum horizontal dimension of four feet.

- (7) Maximum building height. No part of a primary building shall exceed:
- (a) 28.5 feet on an upslope lot;
 - (b) 35 feet on a downslope lot;
 - (c) 24 feet within 20 feet of a front property line on an upslope lot; and
 - (d) 24 feet at a rear setback line, measured to the adjacent natural or finished grade, whichever is lower.
 - (e) One foot of additional building height in the front and the rear is allowed if the portion of the building above the 24-foot height limit is setback one foot.
 - (f) The maximum height for accessory dwelling units is established by Chapter 17.048.
- (8) Setbacks. The Planning Commission may approve varied setbacks to preserve natural features, including zero-side yard setbacks provided a minimum 10-foot separation is maintained between buildings, front setbacks are at least 10 feet, rear setbacks are at least 20 feet, and garage setbacks are at least 18 feet. Carports only have to meet the 10-foot front setback.
- (a) The subdivision map shall specify the location of each zero-lot line house on a hillside cluster development lot.
 - (b) If the side wall of a house is five feet or less from the property line, windows or other openings for habitable rooms that allow visibility in adjacent yards are prohibited. However, windows and openings that do not allow visibility into adjacent yards, such as a translucent window, are allowed.
 - (c) To allow design flexibility, structures may encroach into a required setback for 25 percent of the building length a distance not more than one half of the required yard or setback, if approved by the Planning Commission through design review, provided there is a compensating increase in the opposing setback (a five-foot reduction in a front yard setback would increase the rear yard setback by five feet).
- (9) Required permanent open space. At least 75 percent of the site must remain in its natural state and be preserved as permanent open space with a conservation easement, dedication or transfer to the Town, another public agency, or an open space trust, or other development restriction that is approved by the Town Attorney and recorded in the Marin County Recorder's Office. None of this land can be used to meet the requirements for common and private open space established by this chapter.
- (10) Allowable housing types. The Planning Commission may approve a variety of housing types, such as cluster cottage housing units, courtyard clusters,

detached town homes, and tiny houses, as well as traditional single-family dwellings. Tiny houses shall meet the standards of § 17.138.520.

(11) Minimum private open space as outdoor living area. Each lot shall have a minimum 200 square foot usable yard with a minimum dimension of not less than 10 feet.

(12) Common facilities. A clustered development may include shared amenities for residents' use that are designed to offer recreational opportunities and foster social interaction. These may include common open space and a common house with a kitchen and dining area for residents and guests at least 150 square feet in size, laundry, and/or recreational spaces, as well as work space for artist studios and galleries with minimum horizontal dimensions of 12 feet.

(13) If there are trails on the site that have been historically used by the public for recreational purposes, these trail may be permanently established for public use through the development approval process and preserved as public accessways through a public access easement or other development restriction that is approved by the Town Attorney and recorded in the Marin County Recorder's Office.

~~(13)~~(14) Parking. Parking shall be provided as required by Chapter 17.052 and the following additional requirements.

(a) Only one parking space is required for tiny houses.

(b) One guest parking space conveniently placed relative to the dwelling unit shall be provided for every five units unless the Planning Commission reduces this requirement unit in order to minimize grading or avoid tree removal. These guest parking spaces may be provided on-street in parking bays meeting the standards for parking on narrow streets set in § 10.04.060, if approved by the Director of Public Works and the Police Chief, in lieu of off-street parking where topography allows. Such parking bays shall be clearly delineated and enclosed by pavement markings installed by the Town's Street Department and not reduce the roadway clearance to less than 12 feet.

(c) One of the required resident parking spaces may be provided off-site in a common parking area that is within 200 feet of the main entrance to the dwelling unit.

~~(14)~~(15) Landscaping. All low impact clustered residential development shall

(a) Revegetate scarred or graded areas.

(b) On slopes of 2:1 or greater, select plant materials with deep rooting characteristics that will minimize erosion and reduce surface runoff. Subdividers also shall use a series of low retaining walls, with sub-drain lines, to increase planting areas, where feasible. This will reduce runoff and potential erosion.

- (c) Use irregular spacing for new plants to achieve a natural appearance on graded slopes. Plant trees along contour lines in undulating groups to create grove effects which blur the distinctive line of the graded slopes, and plant shrubs of varying height between tree strands. Ground covers of native and introduced species are appropriate for slope erosion control.
- (d) Submit a landscape documentation package that complies with the standards of the State’s Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance which applies to all new residential development with 500 square feet or more of landscape area. If the total landscaped area is 2,500 square feet or less, an applicant may use the prescriptive compliance option provided in Appendix D of the Model Ordinance to streamline the review process. Under this option, turf shall not exceed 25 percent of the landscape area.

§.17.072.100 PLANNING COMMISSION ACTION.

- (A) An application for a hill area residential development permit shall be acted upon by the Planning Commission within 180 days of the date the application is considered complete by the town unless a shorter approval timeframe is established by State law (see Chapters 17.026 and 17.027).
- (B) As a condition of approval, the Planning Commission may change in the location and configuration of lots and building sites to ensure compliance with objective standards and minimize grading, preserve public views of scenic corridors, reduce hazards to adjacent property, ensure adequate emergency access, or conserve environmental resources.
- (C) Failure of the Planning Commission to act on the application within 180 days constitutes denial unless a continuation is agreed to by the Planning Commission and applicant or an application shall be “deemed approved” under State law for failure to comply with required timeframes for approval.

§.17.072.110 DEVELOPMENT PERMIT; REQUIRED FINDINGS FOR APPROVAL.

Approval of a hill area residential development permit shall be pursuant to the following findings:

- (A) The proposed development is consistent with the general plan, other adopted codes, subdivision standards established in Title 16, objective zoning standards, and objective development and design standards, and policies of the town and is consistent with the purpose and intent of this title;
- (B) The site planning preserves identified natural features;
- (C) Based on the soils report finding, the site can be developed without geologic, hydrologic or seismic hazards;
- (D) Vehicular access and parking ~~are adequate~~ meet the requirements of Chapter 17.052 as modified by this chapter, Title 10, Title 12, and Title 16; and

- (E) The proposed development harmonizes with the surrounding residential development, meets the design review criteria of Chapter 17.020, and does not result in the deterioration of significant view corridors under the objective criteria established in Chapter 17.060, and if a low impact clustered residential development is proposed, the standards of § 17.072.090 (H) have been met. ...

CHAPTER 17.124: UR UPLAND RESIDENTIAL ZONE

Section

- 17.124.010 Generally
- 17.124.020 Principal permitted uses and structures
- 17.124.030 Conditional uses and structures
- 17.124.040 Accessory uses and structures
- 17.124.050 Building site requirements
- 17.124.060 Height regulations
- 17.124.070 Yards
- 17.124.075 Driveway standards
- 17.124.080 Signs
- 17.124.090 Off-street parking
- 17.124.100 Traffic impact permit
- 17.124.110 Variances
- 17.124.120 Environmental impact mitigation measures

§.17.124.010 GENERALLY.

- (A) No real property zoned SF-RMP shall be divided so as to create a parcel of less than ten contiguous acres unless and until the subdivision is permitted under a planned development which has been approved pursuant to this chapter.
- (B) All structures, physical improvements and modifications involving soil or drainage modifications that fall into any of the categories listed in § 17.072.020 are subject to the Hill Area residential development permit requirements.
- (C) All structures, physical improvements and exterior physical modification of a building are subject to design review.
- (D) All structures, physical improvements and modifications involving soil or drainage modifications that fall into any of the categories listed in § 17.072.020 are subject to the Hill Area residential development permit requirements.

§.17.124.020 PRINCIPAL PERMITTED USES AND STRUCTURES.

Uses within the UR zoned are restricted to a single-family dwelling on each building site.

§.17.124.030 CONDITIONAL USES AND STRUCTURES.

Conditional uses in the UR zone are as follows:

- (A) Agricultural uses, including crop and tree farming and viticulture, but not including the raising of animals or fowl for commercial purposes or the sale of any products on the premises;

- (B) Public or quasi-public buildings and uses of an education, religious, cultural or public service type, not including corporation yards, storage or repair yards, warehouses or similar uses;
- (C) Temporary tract offices;
- (D) Public and private noncommercial recreation areas and facilities, such as country clubs, golf courses and swimming pools;
- (E) Private stables and corrals;
- (F) Public utility buildings, structures or facilities, except transmission lines;
- (G) Living quarters of persons regularly employed on the premises;
- (H) Other uses which are determined by the Planning Commission to be of the same general character as those enumerated in this section; and
- (I) Accessory uses other than those specifically listed in § 17.124.040.

§.17.124.040 ACCESSORY USES AND STRUCTURES.

Accessory uses in the UR zone are as follows:

- (A) Home occupations;
- (B) Cabanas, greenhouses, patios, lath houses, tool sheds, playhouses, barbecue pits, fences, walkways, hedges and similar improvements and appurtenances;
- (C) Private garages, parking spaces and swimming pools for the exclusive use of the residents of the premises and their guests;
- (D) ~~One up to two residential accessory dwelling units or one junior accessory dwelling unit, which must be approved in accordance with the procedures and standards in Chapter 17.048 of this title~~Up to two residential accessory dwelling units which may include one junior accessory dwelling unit, which shall be approved in accordance with the procedures and standards in Chapter 17.048 of this title; and
- (E) Short-term rental uses that include only one short-term rental unit per single-family zoned property contained within an existing structure permitted for residential use ~~as long as if~~ that structure is not an ADU/JADU created after January 1, 2020.

§.17.124.050 BUILDING SITE REQUIREMENTS.

Except as otherwise provided in §§ 17.044.030 through 17.044.050 of this title, a use permit must be first secured in the UR zone for any use occupancy or physical improvement failing to meet the following requirements.

- (A) Minimum building site area shall be identical to the acreage expressed in the Fairfax general plan classification for the site unless the Planning Commission approves a low impact clustered residential development under the provisions of § 17.072.090 (H).

- (B) Minimum width shall be 60 feet unless the Planning Commission approves a low impact clustered residential development under the provisions of § 17.072.090 (H).

§.17.124.060 HEIGHT REGULATIONS.

- (A) Except as otherwise permitted by variance, no building or structure occupied by a principal use on a lot having a slope of ten percent or less shall exceed a height of 28.5 feet nor contain more than two stories. On lots having a slope in excess of ten percent, no building or structure occupied by a principal use and situated on the downhill side of the street upon which it has its primary frontage shall exceed 35 feet in height, and if situated on the uphill side of the street, shall not exceed 28.5 feet in height nor contain more than three stories.
- (B)
 - (1) Except as otherwise permitted by variance or by the provisions of § 17.052.020 of this title, no accessory building or structure on any lot shall exceed 15 feet in height nor contain more than one story. The height of accessory dwelling units shall be governed by Chapter 17.048.
 - (2) ...

§.7.124.070 YARDS.

- (A) Except as otherwise permitted by variance or by a low impact clustered residential development plan approved by the Planning Commission, each building site in the UR zone having a slope of not more than ten percent shall have yards as follows:
 - (1) A front and rear yard having a combined depth of not less than 25 feet, but neither having a depth of less than six feet; and
 - (2) Two side yards having a combined width of not less than 15 feet, but neither yard having a width of less than five feet.
- (B) Except as otherwise permitted by variance or by a low impact clustered residential development plan approved by the Planning Commission, each building site in the UR zone having a slope or more than ten percent shall have yards as follows:
 - (1) A front and a rear yard having a combined depth of not less than 35 feet, but the front yard having a depth of not less than six feet and the rear yard of not less than 12 feet;
 - (2) Two side yards having a combined width of not less than 20 feet, but neither yard having a width of less than five feet.

...

§.17.124.090 OFF-STREET PARKING.

Off-street parking spaces and facilities shall be provided in the UR zone as required or allowed by the provisions of Chapter 17.052 of this title unless modified for a low impact clustered residential development plan approved by the Planning Commission.

...