# **TOWN OF FAIRFAX** STAFF REPORT

# **Department of Planning and Building Services**

TO:

Fairfax Planning Commission

DATE:

October 15, 2020

FROM:

Linda Neal, Principal Planner

LOCATION:

5 Woodland Road; Assessor's Parcel No. 003-053-10

PROJECT:

Single-family residence and garage

**ACTION:** 

Hill Area Residential Development, Design Review, Excavation,

Encroachment, Tree Removal and Variance Permits; Application #

20-11

APPLICANT:

Jeff Kroot, Architect

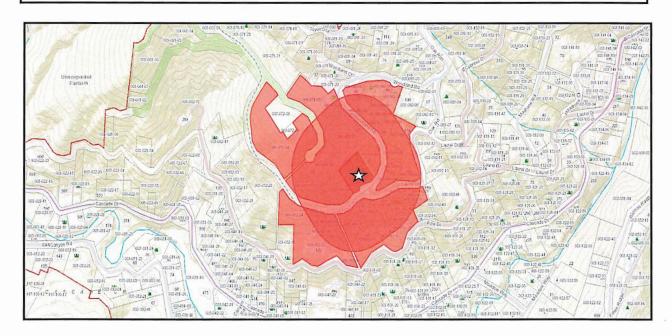
OWNER:

Chris and Lindsay Bolter

**CEQA STATUS:** 

Categorically exempt, § 15303(a) and (e), 15305(a) and (b) and

15332



**5 WOODLAND ROAD** 

#### DESCRIPTION

The project consists of the following: construction of a new 3 story, 28.5 foot tall, 2,588 square foot, 3 bedroom, 3 bathroom, single-family residence in the upper second and third floors, a 584 square foot accessory dwelling unit (ADU) on the first floor and a new 576 square foot, detached two car garage with a deck on top. The second story of the structure which is the first floor of the main residence provides a three bedrooms, 2 bathrooms and a laundry room while the third uppermost floor provides a dining room, living room, kitchen, pantry, bathroom and family room. A new 20-foot-wide driveway is proposed to access the garage and will provide an additional 2 uncovered parking spaces. Two new retaining walls are proposed which vary in height from 1 foot to 11.25 feet, to retain the hillside on either side of the driveway. The project includes a drainage system and construction of three retaining walls. The back two walls reach a maximum of 4 feet in height, and the wall immediately behind the house reaches a maximum of 9.5 feet in height.

Applications were submitted for Hill Area Residential Development, Design Review, Excavation, Encroachment, and Tree Removal permits, as well as a retaining wall height variance on June 18, 2019. At staff's direction, the project plans were subsequently redesigned to eliminate a detached 2-story garage from the project and to decrease the underutilized subfloor areas and were resubmitted on January 30, 2020. The project was declared complete on October 2, 2020 and placed on the October 15, 2020 Planning Commission meeting agenda.

The ADU unit is regulated by State ADU regulations and is not under the purview of the Planning Commission.

The project grading consists of roughly 381 cubic yards of cut material and 52 cubic yards of fill to create the garage, driveway, residence foundation and drainage improvements, with roughly 329 cubic yards of off-haul. Approximately 206 cubic yards of material is being excavated to create the required garage structure.

The house entryway is located on the east side of the structure, providing access to the second story of the structure (and first living level of the main house) from the garage and roof deck.

The residence complies with the regulations set forth in the Residential Single-family RS- 6 Zone District as follows:

	Front Setback	Rear Setback	Combined Front/rear Setback	Side Setbacks	Combined Side Setbacks	FAR	Coverage	Height
Required/ Permitted	6 ft.	12 ft.	35 ft.	5 ft. & 5 ft.	20 ft.	.40	.35	28.5 ft., 3 stories
Existing	0 ft.	137	137	67 ft. & 65 ft.	132 ft.	.02	.02	1 story, ± 18 ft.
Proposed	10 ft.	121 ft.	131 ft.	5 ft. & 40 ft.	45 ft.	.13	.13	28.5 ft., 3 stories

#### **BACKGROUND**

The 24,297 square foot site is 150 feet wide and made up of 3 lots from the original Map No. 2 Cascades subdivision which were merged into one property by the Town on June 28, 1984. The site slopes up from the intersection of Laurel Drive and Woodland Road at an average rate of 48%.

There is a 380 square foot cottage on the site that is estimated to have been built in 1924, is in a state of disrepair, and is uninhabitable.

There is a storm drain manhole within the intersection of the Laurel Drive and Woodland Roads and an existing fire hydrant and water meter box along the property frontage.

There is also a small storage shed on the site.

#### REQUIRED DISCRETIONARY PERMITS

The project requires the approval of a Hill Area Residential Development permit, Excavation permit, Encroachment permit, Retaining Wall Height Variance, Tree Removal permit, and a Design Review permit. The required discretionary permits and analysis of project compliance with the related sections of the Town Code and Zoning Ordinance are found below.

The project provides the required 3 parking spaces per Town Code 17.052.030(A)(1) and (2) including the covered space required in Code § 17.052.010(D).

The ADU being proposed on the first floor of the residence is exempt from any parking requirement because it will be located within the proposed residence. Town Code § 17.048.010(7)(b)(3) exempts ADU's being created within proposed single-family residences from any additional parking requirement. Review of the ADU itself is not subject to review or approval by the Planning Commission and will be processed ministerially with the building permit in accordance with State Law and Town Code § 17.048.010(D)(1)(a)1.

# Hill Area Residential Development

The purpose of the Hill Area Residential Development Permit is to encourage the maximum retention of natural topographic features, minimize grading of hillside areas, provide a safe means of ingress and egress to and within hillside areas, minimize water run-off and soils erosion during and after construction, prevent loss of life, reduce injuries and property damage and minimize economic dislocations from geologic hazards, and to ensure that infill development on hillside lots is of a size and scale appropriate to the property and is consistent with other properties in the vicinity under

the same zone classification [Town Code sections 17.072.010(A) and (B)].

Town Code §17.072.090(C)(1) requires graded slopes to be sculptured and contoured to blend with the natural terrain and Town Code §17.072.090(C)(3) requires that the height of retaining walls be minimized within the Hill Area Residential Development Overlay Zones.

Town Code § 17.072.090(D) indicates that projects within the Hill Area Residential Development Overlay Zone shall be designed to minimize disruptions of existing ecosystems.

The garage and house have been located at the front of the site with the garage adjacent to Woodland Road, with the house set roughly 4 feet further up the hillside and accessed by an at-grade stairway. A small approximately 295 square foot front patio provides a small level outdoor area for the residence and provides access to the front stairway to the lower level accessory dwelling unit. Most of the usable outdoor area for the residence of both the main unit and the ADU is provided via decks off the main structure, a small porch off the bedroom of the ADU, and a roof deck on top of the garage. No large areas are proposed for further excavation to create additional level yard area.

# **Drainage and Slope Stability**

The Town Engineer has reviewed the entire body of information submitted for the project including the development plans, The project approval is limited to the project depicted and described in the following plans and reports: development plans, pages 1, 1A, 1B, and 2 through 9 by Jeff Kroot, Architect, revision date 8/3/20, the landscaping plan page L1 by Roseann DaBello, revision date 4/20, the boundary survey and topographic plan and the story pole plan by Stephen Flatland, Surveyor, pages S1 and SP and dated 01/19, the Ross Valley Fire Department approved vegetative management plan revision date 7/29/20 and the Civil Engineering plans by Vlad Iojica, pages C1.0, C2.0, C2.1, C3.0, C4.0 and C4.1 revision date 8/5/20.

After the applicants moved the private drainage improvements out of the undeveloped portion of the Laurel Drive right-of-way per the Town Engineer's direction, the Town Engineer has determined that the project as designed will comply with the Hill Area Residential Development Ordinance. The project has been designed to provide a safe means of ingress and egress at its hillside location, minimize water run-off and soils erosion during and after construction, and prevent loss of life, reduce injuries and property damage and minimize economic dislocations from geologic hazards as currently designed (Attachment B – Town Engineer's final memorandum dated 7/28/20 and final e-mail relating to the drainage improvement location).

Test borings for the site located bedrock 1 to 4 feet beneath the ground surface but given the steepness of the slope, the project engineer has required the residential structure utilize a drilled pier and grade beam foundation while the detached garage can

be constructed on a footings because it will be built in a deep, level bedrock cut (Attachment C – Geotechnical reports by Dave Olnes, Civil and Soils Engineer dated 5/20/19 and 3/14/20).

The retaining walls proposed above the house will be constructed with 4-inch perforated back drains leading to the storm drain system. Both the house and the garage structure will include gravel and 4-inch storm drains surrounding the side and rear walls, collect roof runoff in downspouts and drainage from the hillside above the structure, and will carry the water around the structures into a combination stormwater detention planter and stormwater dissipater system. The detention/dissipater system will slow down the run-off from the structures and dissipate it at a slow rate to emulate natural drainage speeds on the site so there is no net increase in water run-off speeds or the amount of naturally occurring run-off leaving the site prior to construction (Attachment D – Stormwater Control Plan by Vlad Iojica, Professional Engineer dated January 2020).

The drainage system will include 17 storm-drain clean outs, as maintaining the system if the project is approved will be crucial to on-site and off-site stability. To ensure maintenance of this system, staff has included a condition that a storm drain system maintenance agreement be recorded at the Marin County Recorder's Office to memorialize this requirement and alert future owners of their responsibility to maintain the system to ensure that it remains effective for the life of the development.

# Retaining Wall Height Variance, Encroachment and Excavation Permits

The tallest retaining walls are proposed along the driveway where they range in height from 1 foot to 11.5 inches in height (see east garage elevation, plan page 9) and the wall immediately behind the house that ranges from 1 to 9.5 feet in height. These walls must be their proposed gross heights to provide the required parking and a garage floor elevation that complies with slope and grade break requirements for steep driveways (those in excess of 18%), and to construct the foundation and drainage system and provide maintenance access and hillside stability at the rear of the residence. The Planning Commission could if it deems it appropriate, require the applicant to step the retaining walls on either side of the driveway to allow for mid-level plantings that would soften their visual impact.

The other 2 walls north of the residence, above the proposed 9-foot wall, will provide added stability and act as additional debris barriers between the house and slope behind the house. The walls were included in the plans in response to the Town Engineer's request that the project engineer address the potential for slope instability originating in or above the upper portions of the site, to protect the planned residence and garage from potential debris impacts.

Due to the site sloping uphill immediately adjacent to the improved portion of Woodland Road, a portion of the front access stairway and driveway retaining walls will encroach into the Woodland Avenue right-of-way and require an encroachment permit. Staff is recommending approval of the encroachment permit because the encroachment

distance being proposed is the minimum necessary to create an access path to the residence and a driveway to the garage, which provides the code required parking for the residence.

The project will result in a total grading amount of roughly 432 cubic yards of material (380 cubic yards of cut, 52 cubic yards of fill) with a total off-haul amount of roughly 329 cubic yards of material. Most of the excavation is due to the construction of the parking area to create the three 9 foot x 19 foot parking spaces required by Town Code §§ 17.052.030(A)(1) and (2) and 17.052.040(B)(1) and (2) and an accessible driveway slope in compliance with Marin County steep driveway standards.

The Town Engineer has commented on the amount of off-haul and the relatively limited access and parking in the project area and has required that a construction management plan must be submitted with the building permit application for review and approval by the Building Official prior to issuance of the building permit. This is a standard condition for new residences, to minimize the impact of construction vehicles and repeated off-haul trips on the neighborhood and has been included the Resolution for this project.

The Town Code § 17.072.090(C)(4) prohibits grading during the rainy season from October 1 through April 1 each year to avoid excavation hazards, which has been included as a condition of approval.

# **Design Review**

Town Code §17.020.030(A) requires that the design of new residences be reviewed and approved by the Fairfax Planning Commission for compliance with the design review criteria contained in Town Code §17.020.040.

These criteria include but are not limited to the following:

"The proposed development shall create a well composed design harmoniously related to other facilities in the immediate area and to the total setting as seen from hills and other key vantage points in the community".

"The size and design of the structure shall be considered for the purpose of determining that the structure is in proportion to its building site and that it has balance and unity among its external features so as to present a harmonious appearance".

"The extent to which natural features, including trees, shrubs, creeks and rocks and the natural grade of the site are to be retained".

#### House Siting and Design

As described above, the house and garage have been located at the front of the property to minimize the disturbance to the natural environment of the site, excavation, tree removal, and other impacts on the natural vegetation.

The house and the resulting floor area ratio (FAR) are similar in size to other homes on similar sized lots with similar slopes as described in the table below.

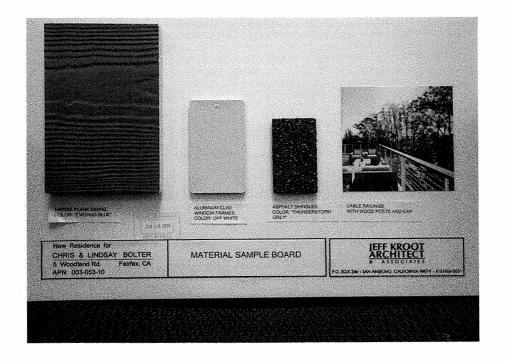
	D ROAD – SIMILAR PRO	T	r				<u> </u>
APN#	ADDRESS	LOT SIZE	HOUSE SIZE	# BEDROOMS	# BATHS	GARAGE	FAR
003-053-13	17 Woodland Rd.	16,800	1,641	1	1.5	0	.1
003-053-16	35 Woodland Rd.	31,500	1,038	2	2	0	.03
003-081-30	51 Oak Rd.	20,400	2,596	3	2.5	420	.13
003-081-38	120 Toyon Rd.	19,875	1,508	2	2	380	.08
003-082-08	100 Woodland Rd.	25,500	3,793	5 ·	4	280	.15
003-083-03	26 Oak Rd.	14,400	2,247	3	2.5	429	.16
003-083-04	22 Oak Rd.	19,680	1,550	2	1	209	.08
003-083-11	348 Cypress Dr.	20,000	952	2	1	0	.05
003-091-01	178 Laurel Dr.	24,000	2,617	3	3.5	685	.11
003-091-08	192 Laurel Dr.	14,600	942	1	1	308	.06
003-092-11	183 Laurel Dr.	14,200	1,904	3	3	0	.13
003-092-13	127 Laurel Dr.	27,202	2982	4	3.5	864	.11
	NT OF PROPERTIES IN			1001111000011		71.0715	
003-082-01		I	2.414				1
003-082-11	32 Woodland Rd.	13,860	2,414	4	3	660	.17
002-005-11	32 Woodland Rd. 40 Woodland Rd.	13,860 5,500	1,549	1	2	660 380	.17
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003-082-12	40 Woodland Rd.	5,500	1,549	1	2	380	.28
003-082-12 003-091-04	40 Woodland Rd. 44 Woodland Rd.	5,500 6,500	1,549 1,411	1 2	2	380 0	.28
003-082-12 003-091-04 003-091-05	40 Woodland Rd. 44 Woodland Rd. 14 Woodland Rd.	5,500 6,500 6,300	1,549 1,411 1,785	1 2 3	2 1 3	380 0 390	.28 .22 .28
003-082-12 003-091-04 003-091-05 003-091-06	40 Woodland Rd. 44 Woodland Rd. 14 Woodland Rd. 20 Woodland Rd.	5,500 6,500 6,300 6,600	1,549 1,411 1,785 864	1 2 3 2	2 1 3 1	380 0 390 180	.28 .22 .28 .13
003-082-12 003-091-04 003-091-05 003-091-06 003-091-07	40 Woodland Rd. 44 Woodland Rd. 14 Woodland Rd. 20 Woodland Rd. 205 Laurel Dr.	5,500 6,500 6,300 6,600 7,000	1,549 1,411 1,785 864 1,664	1 2 3 2 3	2 1 3 1 3.5	380 0 390 180 0	.28 .22 .28 .13 .24
003-082-12 003-091-04 003-091-05 003-091-06 003-091-07 003-092-34	40 Woodland Rd. 44 Woodland Rd. 14 Woodland Rd. 20 Woodland Rd. 205 Laurel Dr. 199 Laurel Dr.	5,500 6,500 6,300 6,600 7,000 9,450	1,549 1,411 1,785 864 1,664 1,352	1 2 3 2 3 4	2 1 3 1 3.5 2	380 0 390 180 0	.28 .22 .28 .13 .24 .14
003-082-12 003-091-04 003-091-05 003-091-06 003-091-07 003-092-34 003-092-39	40 Woodland Rd. 44 Woodland Rd. 14 Woodland Rd. 20 Woodland Rd. 205 Laurel Dr. 199 Laurel Dr. 215 Laurel Dr. 225 Laurel Dr.	5,500 6,500 6,300 6,600 7,000 9,450 10,480 16,150	1,549 1,411 1,785 864 1,664 1,352 1,290 1,212	1 2 3 2 3 4 2 2	2 1 3 1 3.5 2 2 2	380 0 390 180 0 0 0	.28 .22 .28 .13 .24 .14 .12
003-082-12 003-091-04 003-091-05 003-091-06 003-091-07 003-092-34	40 Woodland Rd. 44 Woodland Rd. 14 Woodland Rd. 20 Woodland Rd. 205 Laurel Dr. 199 Laurel Dr. 215 Laurel Dr. 225 Laurel Dr.	5,500 6,500 6,300 6,600 7,000 9,450 10,480	1,549 1,411 1,785 864 1,664 1,352 1,290	1 2 3 2 3 4 2	2 1 3 1 3.5 2	380 0 390 180 0 0	.28 .22 .28 .13 .24 .14

The house has been designed to be in scale with the site and it is similar in size to other structures on similar sized and sloped sites in the neighborhood (32 & 100 Woodland Rd., 127 & 178 Laurel Dr. and 51 Oak Rd.) and on properties throughout the hillsides of Fairfax. Town Code §§ 17.136.030(A) and (B) set the maximum Floor Area Ratio allowed for single-family residences in the residential zones at .40, excluding 500 square feet of garage space, and a maximum allowable square footage of 3,500 square feet. The proposed structure is well below the allowable FAR and maximum size square footage with a Floor Area Ratio of .11 and a maximum residence square footage

# of 2,588 square feet.

The façade of the 3 story structure has been articulated by: a) stepping back both the east and west portions of the residence relative to the center portion - the west side is stepped back 12 ft. and the east side is stepped back 8 ft.); b) decks off the 1st and 2nd floors; and c) a porch off the first floor ADU and a partially covered entry porch to the main residence. The roof for the entry porch to the main residence and the main roof for the residence slope back from the street which helps minimize the apparent height of the structure. Two bay windows in each of the second-floor bedrooms (bedroom 2 and 3) also helps break up the massing of the building. While the structure does reach the maximum 28.5 ft in height allowed for upsloping sites, only one small section of the upper roof ridge and upper floor eave reaches that height. Most of the rest of the structure, due to the undulations of the natural grade across the site, is roughly 26 to 26.5 feet in height [Town Code § 17.080.060(A)]. The garage is at the maximum 15foot height limit at the front when measured from the graded garage floor elevation, not including the safety railing for the roof deck. However, since the Town Code indicates that height is measured from the natural grade, the height as measured per the Town code is only 2.5 feet above the natural grade (not including the roof deck safety railing which is exempt from being calculated into the height measurement per Town Code § 17.080.060(B) – height of accessory structures).

The colors chosen for the structure will also minimize the visual impacts of the building with a dark grey-blue for the siding (Hardie plank "Evening Blue") and dark grey asphalt shingles ("Thunderstorm Grey"). The window frames will be aluminum clad in off white which will match the off-white deck framing for the cable railings and wooden caps (see color board below and color elevation contained in the plan sets). The off-white color framing and deck railing are the only element that may stand out.



## Landscaping and Lighting

Lighting is proposed in the following locations: the length of the access stairway, on either side of the garage door, both sides of the door to the ADU, north side of the front door to the main residence (on the east side of the building), the uppermost story along the north, south and west sides of the building. The fixtures to be used are shown at the bottom of pages 2 and 3 of the project plans. None of them appear to be dark sky compliant (designed to minimize glare while reducing light trespass and skyglow).

Staff has no concerns about the placement of the lighting but we have included a recommended condition of approval that all exterior fixtures be dark sky compliant (fully shielded and emit no light above the horizontal plane with no sag or drop lenses, side light panels or uplight panels) and the lighting plan shall be submitted with the building permit application and be approved by the Planning Department prior to issuance of the project building permit.

The landscaping plan proposed on page L1 of the plans set indicates that all landscaping proposed has been chosen from the Firesafe Marin Plant List and shall be irrigated in compliance with Marin Municipal Water District Water Efficient Landscape Code (also included in the conditions list of the Resolution – Attachment A).

# **Tree Removal Permit**

The Fairfax Tree Committee (FTC) acted recommending that the Planning Commission approve tree removal permits for only the trees within the development footprint at their July 22, 2019 meeting (Attachment E – 7/23/19 letter of action, application form and meeting minutes). The Ross Valley Fire Department however has approved a vegetative management plan (VMP) that includes removal of all the trees proposed for removal in this planning application and also shown for removal in the tree removal application reviewed by the TC at the July meeting (the VMP is sheet 20 of the project plans and is signed "approved" by the RVFD). As discussed in more detail below, in sum the FTC approved the removal of 4 trees, and the VMP anticipates removing 43 trees.

The FTC may have been unwilling to recommend approval of all the trees because they were not provided with an arborist report along with the tree removal application which is customarily provided for new construction projects requiring Planning Commission review and approval. The arborist report typically assesses the health of each tree proposed for removal, indicates whether the tree is actually having negative impacts on neighboring oaks, etc. and whether the tree must come out for fire safety which often assists the GTC in determining whether removal of significant numbers of trees is supportable. Also, the minutes of the meeting indicate that there was no applicant representative present at the FTC meeting who might have been able to address the tree committee concerns about the trees outside of the building envelope. The minutes also indicate that not all the trees were marked in the field.

When the Council adopted the ordinance change giving tree removal authority to the Planning Commission, the ordinance gave the FTC 30 days after receipt of the application to make a recommendation [Town Code § 8.36.030(B)]. This group meets once a month, which impacts their ability to continue an application to request additional information before making a recommendation to the Commission [see Town Code §§ 8.36.060(A)].

Staff spoke with the Ross Valley Department on 10/5/20 to try and gain some clarity on the removal of additional bay trees. We were told that the fire department does not require the removal of all Bay trees within 30 feet of structures but that there should be a minimum of 10 feet between tree crowns and that with each 10% increase in slope, that distance should increase 5 feet. Therefore, on a property with a 48% slope, such as 5 Woodland Road, the tree crowns should be a minimum of 30 feet apart.

The number of trees listed in the letter of action recommended for approval by the FTC is 4. The number of trees listed for removal in the application form are 15 Bays, 3 combination oak/bays clusters, 13 Oaks and 2 Madrones. Staff counts 13 Bays, 3 oak/bay clusters, 13 Oaks and 4 Madrones marked for removal on the approved VMP.

Staff has determined that all but one of the Bays, Madrones and Oaks proposed for removal are within 30 feet of the 5 larger Oak trees the project is proposing to preserve on the site. Only 1 unidentified tree species which we believe to be one of the oak/bay clusters is located 32 feet to the west of the large Oak at the rear northwest corner of the construction area but less than 4 feet from 2 of the retaining walls proposed at the rear of the house and is more than 30 feet from the adjacent oak and proposed for removal. Construction of the 9 foot-tall retaining wall directly behind the house and the second wall only 8 feet to the north are likely to require the removal of a significant number of roots from that tree cluster unless the walls are redesigned/relocated.

Staff is concerned that this project does not have an arborist's report, while other proposals for new residences proposing removing a large number of trees generally do include arborist's reports. This is important for several reasons. The report evaluates trees on the project site both proposed for removal and those that may remain (health, construction impacts, etc.). Significant damage can also be done to trees during project construction (e.g., root cutting, grade changes, compaction, etc.), and a competent arborists' report also includes recommendation for protecting trees that do remain. The Town's standard conditions for new houses includes a requirement that the project arborist be on site during the grading process and shall submit written certification to the Town Staff that the grading, tree protection measures, etc. have been completed as recommended prior to grading and other construction.

Staff recommends that the Commission approve the Tree Permit to allow the removal of the 13 bays, 3 oak/bay clusters, 13 Oaks and 4 Madrones in accordance with the approved VMP by the Ross Valley Fire Department. Removal of those trees appears to either be necessary to protect the public health and safety, prevent damage to the

property, assist the continued good health of the oak trees to remain and/or because they are within the construction area of the house, garage, retaining walls or front access stairway. However, staff has included the following condition in the Resolution to address the tree protection issue:

Prior to submittal of the building permit the applicants shall provide the Town with tree removal/protection plan from an ISA certified consulting arborist. The arborist shall make every effort to retain as many healthy trees as possible outside the construction zone. If the report results in trees being preserved that are shown to be removed in the RVFD-approved VMP, the applicants shall obtain an approved revised VMP plan from RVFD prior to issuance of a building permit. The report shall include recommendations for tree protection during and after construction, to be included as conditions of approval.

# **Northern Spotted Owl**

The property is within ¼ mile of a known Northern Spotted Owl nesting site. Therefore, construction during the nesting season may not occur or must be minimized and/or monitored to be kept below certain noise levels to limit negative impacts to the birds. The nesting season runs from February 1<sup>st</sup> through July 31<sup>st</sup>. Acts that result in the disturbance or death of Northern Spotted Owls are a federal offense.

Staff has included the following condition of approval in the Resolution:

Construction shall be prohibited during the Northern Spotted Owl nesting season from February 1<sup>st</sup> through July 31<sup>st</sup> unless a plan for allowing construction activities during this period is submitted by a qualified spotted owl biologist and approved by the State, with documentation of the approval provided to the Town, prior to initiating any construction activities. All requirements listed in the plan, including potential onsite monitoring, must always be met by the applicants.

### Other Agency/Department Comments/Conditions

### Ross Valley Fire Department (RVFD)

RVFD submitted written requirements for the project and the approved Vegetative Management Plan (VMP) which have been incorporated into conditions of approval in the attached resolution and are summarized as follows:

The property is located within the Wildland Urban Interface Area for Fairfax and the new construction must comply with Chapter 7A of the California Building Code or equivalent, all vegetation and construction materials are to be maintained away from the residence during construction, hydrant flow and location are to be identified before construction begins and hydrant must no flow less than 500 gallons per minute at 20 pounds per square inch (psi), a note shall be include on the building permit plans that fire apparatus access and water supply shall be in place and serviceable prior to delivery of

combustibles to the site, a fire sprinkler system shall be installed throughout the entire building in compliance with the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association 13-D and local standards (plans must be submitted to the fire department and be approved prior to issuance of the building permit), interconnected smoke detectors with AC power shall be installed throughout the structure in each bedroom, centrally located in the corridor and over the center of all stairways with a minimum of one detector per story, carbon monoxide alarms shall be installed throughout the building and back lit or internally illuminated address numbers at least 4 inches tall must be installed near the front door and controlled by a photocell that is switched off only by a breaker so the address remains illuminated all night.

Conditions pertaining to the VMP are: no tree subject to regulation by the Fairfax Tree Ordinance shall be removed without obtaining a tree removal permit from the Town, vegetation within 30 feet of the structure shall be irrigated and no seasonal grasses shall be allowed, every effort shall be taken to ensure erosion control efforts are in compliance with standards established by Town regulations, the approved VMP is in effect for the life of the property, vegetation shall be maintained to ensure address numbers are visible from the street from both angles of approach and minimum standards must be in place prior to final fire clearance which is required prior to the project final building inspection and issuance of the occupancy permit.

# Ross Valley Sanitary District (FVSD)

RVFD submitted written requirements which have been incorporated into conditions of approval in the attached resolution and are summarized as follows:

A permit shall be obtained from the Sanitary District prior to the issuance of the building permit, the existing sewer lateral shall be tested in accordance with RVSD Ordinance 100 and Section 02735 and correction made if necessary, a certificate of compliance shall be obtained from the district prior to the project final building inspection.

# Marin Municipal Water District (MMWD)

MMWD submitted written requirements which have been incorporated into conditions of approval in the attached resolution and are summarized as follows:

Complete a High Pressure Water Service application, submit a copy of the building permit, pay fees, complete structure foundation within 120 days of application, comply with District's rules and regulations in effect at the time service is requested, comply with all indoor and outdoor requirements of District Code 13 (Water Conservation), landscaping plans must be reviewed and approved by the district, comply with backflow prevention requirements and Ordinance 429 requiring the installation of greywater recycling systems when practicable.

#### RECOMMENDATION

Move to approve application # 12-11 by adopting Resolution No. 2020-10 setting forth the findings and the conditions for the project approval.

### **ATTACHMENTS**

- Attachment A Resolution No. 2020-10
- Attachment B Town Engineer's final memorandum and e-mail dated 9/21/20
- Attachment C Soils reports by Dave Olnes, Geotechnical Engineer dated 3/14/20 and 5/30/19
- Attachment D Stormwater Control Plan by Vlad Iojica date April 2020
- Attachment E Tree Committee letter of action, completed removal application form and July 22, 2019 Tree Committee meeting minutes

### **RESOLUTION NO. 2020-10**

A Resolution of the Fairfax Planning Commission Approving Application No. 20-11 for a Hill Area Residential Development Permit, Excavation Permit, Encroachment permit, Tree Permit, and Design Review Permit for a Residence at 5 Woodland Road

WHEREAS, the Town of Fairfax has received a revised project proposal for previously submitted planning applications for a new residence from Chris and Lindsay Bolter, to build a 3-story, 2,588 square-foot, 3 bedroom, 3 bathroom single-family residence with a detached, 1-story, 576 square-foot, 2-car, garage on January 30, 2020; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission held a duly noticed Public Hearing on October 15, 2020 at which time the Planning Commission determined that the project complies with the Hill Area Residential Development Overlay Ordinance, Excavation Ordinance, Encroachment Ordinance, Tree Removal regulations, and Design Review Regulations; and

WHEREAS, based on the plans and other documentary evidence in the record the Planning Commission has determined that the applicant has met the burden of proof required to support the findings necessary to approve the Hill Area Residential Development, Excavation, Encroachment, Tree Removal, and Design Review Permits; and

WHEREAS, the Commission has made the following findings:

The project is consistent with the 2010-2030 Fairfax General Plan as follows:

Policy LU-7.1.5: New and renewed residential development shall preserve and enhance the existing character of the Town's neighborhoods in diversity, architectural character, size, and mass.

Policy LU-7.2.2: To the extent feasible natural features including the existing grade, mature trees and vegetation shall be preserved for new and renewed development.

Policy LU-4.1.4: New and renewed development shall be designed to minimize run-off in a manner that does not cause undue hardship on neighboring properties.

### Hill Area Residential Development

The proposed development is consistent with the General Plan and the Residential Single-family RS 6 Zone regulations.

1. The site planning preserves identified natural features as much as possible while also complying with other agencies' regulations.



- 2. Vehicular access and parking are adequate.
- The proposed development harmonizes with surrounding residential development and meets the design review criteria contained in Town Code § 17.020.040.
- 4. The approval of the Hill Area Residential Development permit for one single-family residence and one accessory dwelling unit on this 24,297 square foot site shall not constitute a grant of special privilege and shall not contravene the doctrines of equity and equal treatment.
- 5. The redevelopment and use of property as approved under the Hill Area Residential Development Permit will not cause excessive or unreasonable detriment to adjoining properties or premises, or cause adverse physical or economic effects thereto, or create undue or excessive burdens in the use and enjoyment thereof, or any or all of which effects are substantially beyond that which might occur without approval or issuance of the use permit.
- Approval of the proposed Hill Area Residential Development permit is not contrary to those objectives, goals or standards pertinent to the particular case and contained or set forth in any Master Plan, or other plan or policy, officially adopted by the City.
- 7. Approval of the Hill Area Residential Development permit will result in equal or better development of the premises than would otherwise be the case.

#### **Excavation Permit**

- 8. The Town Engineers have reviewed the following plans and reports and have determined the project can be constructed, with certain conditions of approval, without creating any hazards:
  - a. Development plans, pages 1, 1A, 1B, 2 through 9 by Jeff Kroot, Architect, dated January 2020, the landscaping plan page L1 by Roseanne DaBello, dated January 2020, the boundary survey and topographic plan and the story pole plan by Stephen Flatland, Surveyor, dated January 2019, the Ross Valley Fire Department approved vegetative management plan dated April 2019 and the Civil Engineering plans by Vlad Iojica, pages C1.0, C2.0, C2.1, C3.0, C4.0 and C4.1 dated August 10, 2020.
- 9. Based on the Town Engineer's review and recommendation that the project can be safely constructed, the Planning Commission finds that:
- 10. The health safety and welfare of the public will not be adversely affected;
- 11. Adjacent properties are adequately protected by project investigation and design from geologic hazards as a result of the work;

- 12. Adjacent properties are adequately protected by project design from drainage and erosion problems as a result of the work;
- 13. The amount of the excavation or fill proposed is not more than that required to allow the property owner substantial use of his or her property.
- 14. The visual and scenic enjoyment of the area by others will not be adversely affected by the project more than is necessary.
- 15 Natural landscaping will not be removed by the project more than is necessary.
- 16. Town code § 17.072.090(c)(4) prohibits grading of hillside properties from October 1<sup>st</sup> through April 1<sup>st</sup> of each year. Therefore, the time of year during which construction will take place is such that work will not result in excessive siltation from storm runoff nor prolonged exposure of unstable excavated slopes; and
- 17. Construction may not occur or must be minimized and/or monitored to be kept below certain noise levels to limit negative impacts to the Northern Spotted Owls during the nesting season which runs from February 1st through July 31st

#### **Encroachment Permit**

18. In accordance with Town Code § 12.32.010 the Commission has determined that the proposed driveway/retaining wall improvements proposed in the Woodland Road right-of-way are proposed in an area not being used by the public and therefore they grant approval of the revocable encroachment permit.

#### **Tree Permit**

19. After reviewing the directed considerations for approving a Tree Removal permit contained in Town Code § 8.36.060(B)(1) through (7) the Commission has determined that as conditioned the project design results in the requested tree removals depicted in the approved Vegetative Management plans, subject to an ISA certified consulting arborist deeming removals necessary to protect the public health and safety and prevent damage to property, maintain the health of the existing oaks to be retained, the removal will not substantially impact the aesthetics, shade, and property values in the immediate neighborhood, the removals are necessary to reasonably allow the owner to develop the property, and will not have a detrimental effect on erosion, soils retention or diversion or increased flow of surface water.

**WHEREAS**, the Commission has approved the project subject to the applicant's compliance with the following conditions:

- 1. The project approval is limited to the project depicted and described in the following plans and reports: development plans, pages 1, 1A, 1B, and 2 through 9 by Jeff Kroot, Architect, revision date 8/3/20, the landscaping plan page L1 by Roseann DaBello, revision date 4/20, the boundary survey and topographic plan and the story pole plan by Stephen Flatland, Surveyor, pages S1 and SP and dated 01/19, the Ross Valley Fire Department approved vegetative management plan revision date 7/29/20 and the Civil Engineering plans by Vlad Iojica, pages C1.0, C2.0, C2.1, C3.0, C4.0 and C4.1 revision date 8/5/20.
- Prior to issuance of any of the building permits for the project the applicant or his assigns shall submit a construction plan to the Public Works Department which may include but is not limited to the following:
  - A. Construction delivery routes approved by the Department of Public Works.
  - B. Construction schedule (deliveries, worker hours, etc.)
  - C. Notification to area residents
  - D. Emergency access routes
- 3. The applicant shall prepare, and file with the Public Works Director, a video tape of the roadway conditions on the public construction delivery routes (routes must be approved by Public Works Director).
  - A. Submit a cash deposit, bond, or letter of credit to the Town in an amount that will cover the cost of grading, weatherization, and repair of possible damage to public roadways. The applicant shall submit contractor's estimates for any grading, site weatherization and improvement plans for approval by the Town Engineer. Upon approval of the contract costs, the applicant shall submit a cash deposit, bond or letter of credit equaling 100% of the estimated construction costs.
  - B. The foundation and retaining elements shall be designed by a structural engineer certified as such in the state of California. Plans and calculations of the foundation and retaining elements shall be stamped and signed by the structural engineer and submitted to the satisfaction of the Town Structural Engineer.
  - C. The grading, foundation, retaining, and drainage elements shall also be stamped and signed by the site geotechnical engineer as conforming to the recommendations made by the project Geotechnical Engineer.
  - D. Prior to submittal of the building permit plans, the applicant shall secure written approval from the Ross Valley Fire Authority, Marin Municipal Water District and the Ross Valley Sanitary District noting the development conformance with their recommendations.
  - E. Prior to submittal of the building permit the applicants shall provide the Town with tree removal/protection plan from an ISA certified consulting arborist. The arborist shall make every effort to retain as many healthy trees as possible outside the construction zone. If the report results in trees being

preserved that are shown to be removed in the RVFD-approved VMP, the applicants shall obtain an approved revised VMP plan from RVFD prior to issuance of a building permit. The report shall include recommendations for tree protection during and after construction, to be included as conditions of approval.

- F. Submit 3 copies of the record of survey with the building permit plans.
- 4. All retaining walls that are visible from the street and are constructed of concrete shall be heavily textured or colorized in a manner approved by planning staff prior to issuance of the building permit. This condition is intended to mitigate the visual impact of the proposed walls.
- 5. Prior to the removal of any trees not shown on the approved VMP Plan and/or approved by the Planning Commission through this action, the applicant shall secure a tree cutting permit, if required, from the Fairfax Tree Committee prior to removal of any on-site trees subject to a permit under Town Code Chapter 8.36.
- 6. The applicants shall prepare a drainage system maintenance agreement including a recordable exhibit of the proposed drainage system in its entirety including a maintenance schedule to be approved by the Town Engineer. The maintenance agreement will have to be signed by the owner, notarized, and recorded at the Marin County Recorder's office prior to issuance of the building permit.
- 7. During the construction process the following shall be required:
  - A. The geotechnical engineer and the project arborist shall be on-site during the grading process and both shall submit written certification to Town Staff that the grading and tree protection measures have been completed as recommended prior to installation of foundation and/or retaining forms and drainage improvements, piers and supply lines.
  - B. Prior to the concrete form inspection by the building official, the geotechnical and structural engineers shall field check the forms of the foundations and retaining elements and provide written certification to Town staff that the work to this point has been completed in conformance with their recommendations and the approved building plans.
  - C. The Building Official shall field check the concrete forms prior to the pour.
  - D. All construction-related vehicles including equipment delivery, cement trucks and construction materials shall always be situated off the travel lane of the adjacent public right(s)-of-way. This condition may be waived by the Building Official on a case-by-case basis with prior notification from the project sponsor.
  - E. Any proposed temporary closures of a public right-of-way shall require prior approval by the Fairfax Police Department and any necessary traffic control, signage or public notification shall be the responsibility of the applicant or

- his/her assigns. Any violation of this provision will result in a stop work order being placed on the property and issuance of a citation.
- 8. Prior to issuance of an occupancy permit the following shall be completed:
  - A. The geotechnical engineer shall field check the completed project and submit written certification to Town Staff that the foundation, retaining, grading and drainage elements have been installed in conformance with the approved building plans and the recommendations of the soils report.
  - B. The Planning Department and Town Engineer shall field check the completed project to verify that all planning commission conditions and required engineering improvements have been complied with including installation of landscaping and irrigation prior to issuance of the certificate of occupancy.
- Excavation shall not occur between October 1st and April 1st of any year. The
  Town Engineer has the authority to waive this condition depending upon the
  weather.
- 10. The roadways shall be kept free of dust, gravel, and other construction materials by sweeping them, daily, if necessary.
- 11. Any changes, modifications, additions, or alterations made to the approved set of plans will require a modification of Application # 20-11. Modifications that do not significantly change the project, the project design or the approved discretionary permits *may* be approved by the Planning Director. Any construction based on job plans that have been altered without the benefit of an approved modification of Application 20-11 will result in the job being immediately stopped and red tagged.
- 12. Any damages to the public portions of Cascade, Laurel or Woodland Road, or other public roadway used to access the site resulting from construction-related activities shall be the responsibility of the property owner.
- 13. The applicant and its heirs, successors, and assigns shall, at its sole cost and expense, defend with counsel selected by the Town, indemnify, protect, release, and hold harmless the Town of Fairfax and any agency or instrumentality thereof, including its agents, officers, commissions, and employees (the "Indemnitees") from any and all claims, actions, or proceedings arising out of or in any way relating to the processing and/or approval of the project as described herein, the purpose of which is to attack, set aside, void, or annul the approval of the project, and/or any environmental determination that accompanies it, by the Planning Commission, Town Council, Planning Director, Design Review Board or any other department or agency of the Town. This indemnification shall include, but not be limited to, suits, damages, judgments, costs, expenses, liens, levies, attorney fees or expert witness fees that may be asserted or incurred by any

person or entity, including the applicant, third parties and the Indemnitees, arising out of or in connection with the approval of this project, whether or not there is concurrent, passive, or active negligence on the part of the Indemnitees. Nothing herein shall prohibit the Town from participating in the defense of any claim, action, or proceeding. The parties shall use best efforts, acting in good faith, to select mutually agreeable defense counsel. If the parties cannot reach agreement, the Town may select its own legal counsel and the applicant agrees to pay directly, or timely reimburse on a monthly basis, the Town for all such court costs, attorney fees, and time referenced herein, provided, however, that the applicant's duty in this regard shall be subject to the Town's promptly notifying the applicant of any said claim, action, or proceeding.

- 14. The applicant shall comply with all applicable local, county, state and federal laws and regulations. Local ordinances which must be complied with include, but are not limited to: the Noise Ordinance, Chapter 8.20, Polystyrene Foam, Degradable and Recyclable Food Packaging, Chapter 8.16, Garbage and Rubbish Disposal, Chapter 8.08, Urban Runoff Pollution Prevention, Chapter 8.32 and the Americans with Disabilities Act.
- 15. Conditions placed upon the project by outside agencies or by the Town Engineer may be eliminated or amended with that agency's or the Town Engineer's written notification to the Planning Department prior to issuance of the building permit.
- 16. Conditions placed upon the project by the project arborist may be amended or eliminated by the approval of the Planning Director after receiving a request for the elimination/amendment in writing from the project arborist.
- 17. The building permit plans shall be reviewed and approved by the Town Engineer, at the expense of the applicant, prior to issuance of the building permit. The project shall be inspected by the Town Engineer prior to issuance of the occupancy permit for the residential structures for compliance with the engineering plans.

# **Ross Valley Fire Department**

- 18. The property is located within the Wildland Urban Interface Area for Fairfax and the new construction must comply with Chapter 7A of the California Building Code or equivalent.
- 19. All vegetation and construction materials are to be maintained away from the residence during construction.
- 20. Hydrant flow and location are to be identified before construction begins and hydrant must no flow less than 500 gallons per minute at 20 pounds per square inch (psi).
- 21. A note shall be included on the building permit plans that fire apparatus access

- and water supply shall be in place and serviceable prior to delivery of combustibles to the site.
- 22. A fire sprinkler system shall be installed throughout the entire building in compliance with the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association 13-D and local standards (plans must be submitted to the fire department and be approved prior to issuance of the building permit).
- 23. Interconnected smoke detectors with AC power shall be installed throughout the structure in each bedroom, centrally located in the corridor and over the center of all stairways with a minimum of one detector per story.
- 24. Carbon monoxide alarms shall be installed throughout the building.
- 25. Back lit or internally illuminated address numbers at least 4 inches tall must be installed near the front door and controlled by a photocell that is switched off only by a breaker so the address remains illuminated all night.
- 26. No tree subject to regulation by the Fairfax Tree Ordinance shall be removed without obtaining a tree removal permit from the Town of Fairfax.
- 27. Vegetation within 30 feet of the structure shall be irrigated and no seasonal grasses shall be allowed.
- 28. Every effort shall be taken to ensure erosion control efforts are in compliance with standards established by Town regulations.
- 29. The approved VMP is in effect for the life of the property.
- 30. Vegetation shall be maintained to ensure address numbers are visible from the street from both angles of approach.
- 31. Minimum standards must be in place prior to final fire clearance which is required prior to the project final building inspection and issuance of the occupancy permit.

# Ross Valley Sanitary District (FVSD)

- 32. A permit shall be obtained from the Sanitary District prior to the issuance of the building permit
- 33. The existing sewer lateral shall be tested in accordance with RVSD Ordinance 100 and Section 02735 and correction made if necessary.
- 34. A certificate of compliance shall be obtained from the district prior to the project final building inspection.

# Marin Municipal Water District (MMWD)

- 35. Complete a High-Pressure Water Service application, submit a copy of the building permit, pay fees and complete structure foundation within 120 days of application.
- 36. Comply with District's rules and regulations in effect at the time service is requested.
- 37. Comply with all indoor and outdoor requirements of District Code 13 (Water Conservation).
- 38. Landscaping plans must be reviewed and approved by the district.
- 39. Project must comply with backflow prevention requirements.
- 40. Where possible, comply with Ordinance 429 requiring the installation of greywater recycling systems when practicable.

# Fairfax Building and Public Works Departments

- 41. All large trucks with more than 2 axles accessing the site for construction will be limited to the hours of 9 AM to 3 PM.
- 42. Trucks removing off-haul will be limited to 10-yard dump trucks.
- 43. The driveway and garage improvements shall be completed and be signed off by the Town Engineer, the Building Official/Public Works Managers, and the Ross Valley Fire Department before construction on the house begins.
- 44. Road closures shall be noticed in the field a minimum of 5 days prior to the event and individual written notifications shall be delivered to each resident on Bay Road.
- 45.A flag person shall precede any vehicles accessing or leaving the site in reverse until they are positioned to proceed "front end" either down the private driveway or heading southeast down Scenic Road towards Sir Francis Drake Boulevard.

#### Miscellaneous

46 Construction shall be prohibited during the Northern Spotted Owl nesting season from February 1<sup>st</sup> through July 31<sup>st</sup> unless a plan for allowing construction activities during this period is submitted by a qualified spotted owl biologist and approved by the State, with documentation of the approval provided to the Town,

prior to initiating any construction activities. All requirements listed in the plan, including potential onsite monitoring, must always be met by the applicants.

47. All exterior fixtures be dark sky compliant (fully shielded and emit no light above the horizontal plane with no sag or drop lenses, side light panels or uplight panels) and the lighting plan shall be submitted with the building permit application and be approved by the Planning Department prior to issuance of the project building permit.

**NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED**, the Planning Commission of the Town of Fairfax hereby finds and determines as follows:

The approval of the Hill Area Residential Development Permit, Excavation Permit, and Design Review Permit are in conformance with the 2010 – 2030 Fairfax General Plan, the Fairfax Town Code and the Fairfax Zoning Ordinance, Town Code Title 17; and

Construction of the project can occur without causing significant impacts on neighboring residences and the environment.

The foregoing resolution was adopted at a regular meeting of the Planning Commission held in said Town, on the 15th day of October 2020 by the following vote:

AYES: NOES: ABSTAIN:		
Attest:	Chair Green	
Ben Berto, Director of Planning a	and Building Services	



July 8, 2020

File: 201.183cltr.doc

Town of Fairfax Planning and Building Services Department 142 Bolinas Avenue Fairfax, California 94930

Attn: Ms. Linda Neal, Principal Planner

Re: Third Planning-Level Geologic, Geotechnical, and Civil Engineering Review

New Single-Family Residential Development

5 Woodland Road (APN 003-053-10)

Fairfax, California

#### Introduction

In response to your request and in accordance with our agreement dated March 20, 2018, we have reviewed submitted responses to our Second Review1 comments concerning the proposed new single-family residence and associated improvements at 5 Woodland Road (APN 003-053-10) in Fairfax, California. The purpose of our services is to review the submitted documents, comment on the completeness and adequacy of the submittal in consideration of Town requirements, and to provide a recommendation to Town Planning and Building staff regarding project approval.

The scope of our services includes:

- A site reconnaissance to observe existing conditions and review proposed development features;
- Review of provided project documents for conformance to the Town of Fairfax Hill Area Residential Development Ordinance, specifically Town Code Sections 17.072.080(B), (C), (E), and (F), and Section 17.072.110 (C).
- Development of opinions regarding project compliance with applicable Town Code requirements; and
- Development of recommendations to Town staff as to whether the project may be safely constructed in consideration of any geologic, hydrologic, or geotechnical hazards.

It should be noted that the scope of our review is limited solely to geologic, geotechnical, and civil portions of the project, and does not include review of structural, architectural, mechanical, or other items beyond the scope of our qualifications. We recommend that non-geotechnical aspects of the plans be reviewed by suitably qualified professionals.



Miller Pacific Engineering Group (2020), "Second Planning-Level Geologic, Geotechnical, and Civil Engineering Review, New Single-Family Residential Development, 5 Woodland Road (APN 003-053-10), Fairfax, California", dated February 13, 2020.



Town of Fairfax Page 2 July 8, 2020

#### **Project Description**

The project generally consists of constructing a new, approximately 2,588 square-foot, 2-story residence on a steeply-sloping parcel above the intersection between Woodland Road and Laurel Drive. The new residence structure will apparently be constructed largely at-grade, incorporating supported floors over sloping interior crawl spaces. A new 2-story garage structure will be constructed via excavation into the lower part of the lot near the Woodland Roadfrontage, with a new ADU/guest unit on the upper floor. Retaining walls ranging up to about 16-feet high will be needed to accommodate the garage, and lower walls will be utilized for the new residence, driveway, and rear patio/landscape areas. Ancillary improvements will include a new concrete driveway, and other "typical" residential improvements such as landscaping, exterior hardscape, new utility connections, site drainage, and other minor items.

#### **Project Review**

We performed a brief site reconnaissance on July 7, 2019 to observe existing conditions at the site. We previously reviewed the following documents provided by the Town, as summarized in our July 15, 2019 First Review letter:

- Stephen J. Flatland (2019), "Boundary & Topographic Survey, for Chris Bolter, 5 Woodland Road, Fairfax, California, APN 003-053-10", Sheet C1 (Sheet 10 of 12), Job No. F1142, dated January 2019.
- Jeff Kroot & Associates (2019), "New Residence for Chris and Lindsay Bolter, 5 Woodland Rd., Fairfax, CA, APN: 003-053-10" (Preliminary Architectural Plans), Sheets 1 through 9 and 11 through 12, dated April 2019.
- Dave Olnes, P.E. (2019), "RE: Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed New Residence, 5 Woodland Drive, Fairfax", dated May 30, 2019.

Subsequently, we reviewed additional documentation in response to our first review comments, as summarized in our February 13, 2020 Second Review letter:

- J.L. Engineering (2013), "Record of Survey, Lands of May and Teevan, Fairfax, Marin County, California" recorded June 20, 2013.
- Old Republic Title Company (2018), "Grant Deed, Escrow/Order No. 0436022060, APN 003-053-14, 003-053-10", dated November 15, 2018.
- Stephen J. Flatland (2019), (untitled correspondence to Mr. Jeff Kroot regarding Record of Survey), dated November 6, 2019.
- Jeff Kroot & Associates (2019), "New Residence for Chris and Lindsay Bolter, 5 Woodland Rd., Fairfax, CA, APN: 003-053-10" (Preliminary Architectural Plans), Sheets 1 through 9 and L1, dated January 2020.
- Via Atelier (2019), "Bolter Residence, 5 Woodland Road, Fairfax, CA 94930" (Preliminary Civil Plans), Sheet C1.0 through C4.0 (5 Sheets), Job No. 1711B, dated October 17, 2019.



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Most recently, we reviewed the following materials in response to our Second Review comments:

- Dave Olnes, P.E. (2020), "RE: Response to Planning Comments, Proposed New Residence, 5 Woodland Avenue, Fairfax", dated March 14, 2020.
- Jeff Kroot & Associates (2020), "Bolter Residence, 5 Woodland Rd., Fairfax, CA 94930, Response to Town Planning Letter dated February 28, 2020", dated June 19, 2020.
- Jeff Kroot & Associates (2020), "New Residence for Chris and Lindsay Bolter, 5 Woodland Rd., Fairfax, CA, APN: 003-053-10" (Preliminary Architectural Plans), Sheets 1 through 9 and L1, Planning Revision Set dated April 20, 2020.

#### Conclusions

Based on our site reconnaissance and document review, the following submittal items required by the Town of Fairfax Hill Area Residential Development Ordinance remain outstanding:

#### Hill Area Residential Development Ordinance

- Section 17.072.080(C) Site Plan
- 1) The site retaining wall and the garage structure itself are both planned 6-feet from the property line. A Temporary Shoring Plan should be required at the building submittal level.
- 2) Site drainage is proposed to be collected and discharge via a new dissipator located beyond the property line, within the Laurel Drive "paper street" Right-of-Way. It is our understanding that the property at 225 Laurel Drive has been historically subject to adverse drainage conditions related to the paper street area, and that the Town neither owns nor is responsible for the area.

Therefore, we recommend the applicant pursue one of the following options:

- Secure an easement across 225 Laurel Drive to allow conveyance of runoff through a new pipe across the property and discharge to the asphalt surface on Pine Drive below the 225 Laurel site.
- Secure a maintenance agreement or similar document with the Owners of 225
   Laurel Drive outlining who is legally responsible for facility construction and future
   maintenance.
- Relocate all drainage improvements within the parcel, and design new improvements to maintain the pre-project runoff peak net flow rate.
- Section 17.072.080(F) Grading and Erosion-Control Plan
- 3) The Preliminary Grading and Drainage Plan indicates that significant off-haul (more than 300 cubic yards) will be required for the project. Given the relatively limited access and



Town of Fairfax Page 4 July 8, 2020

parking in the area, a Construction Management Plan should be required at the Building submittal level.

4) All drainage improvements need to be designed (sized) to accommodate runoff from a 100-year storm event. Hydraulic calculations need to be submitted indicating that the site drainage system has been designed in accordance with Town standards and to result in no net increase in peak flow rate during a 100-year storm. We note that the response to comments memo indicates that a stormwater control plan/calculation package was submitted; however, no such package was forwarded to us for review.

#### Recommendations

Based on our review of submitted materials, we recommend that project processing be delayed at the Planning level pending an acceptable solution for the drainage issue affecting 225 Laurel Drive.

We judge that other items, including review of design-level Grading, Drainage, and Erosion control plans, review of Structural and Construction Management plans, and review of hydrologic calculations can be handled at the Building Permit submittal level with minimal anticipated impact.

We trust that this letter contains the information you require at this time. If you have any questions, please call. We will directly discuss our comments with the applicant's consultants if they wish to do so.

Yours very truly,
MILLER PACIFIC ENGINEERING GROUP

REVIEWED BY:



Mike Jewett Town of Fairfax Contract Geologist Engineering Geologist No. 2610 (Expires 1/31/21)



Scott Stephens Town of Fairfax Contract Engineer Geotechnical Engineer No. 2398 (Expires 6/30/21)

#### **Linda Neal**

From:

Michael Jewett < MJewett@millerpac.com>

Sent:

Monday, September 21, 2020 9:45 AM

To:

Linda Neal

Subject:

RE: 5 Woodland Road Town Engineer Review

Lind,

Yes that was the last letter and last contact on this one. The report you forwarded after this email likely satisfies comment #4, and comments #1 and #2 were OK to do at building level.

Only outstanding planning issue was the drainage. Simple thing is to keep improvements on their property and design to zero net flow rate increase.

If your current plans show it all onsite and not in the ROW (which everybody says they don't own), then we are probably OK.

Mike Jewett Miller Pacific Engineering Group 415-577-8196

From: Linda Neal < lneal@townoffairfax.org>
Sent: Monday, September 21, 2020 7:15 AM
To: Michael Jewett < MJewett@millerpac.com>

Subject: RE: 5 Woodland Road Town Engineer Review

Hi Mike,

So I missed the deadline on this one. I think the last memo I received from you was July 15, 2020 indicating the project was still incomplete. I am hoping there are not any huge outstanding issues left because we really don't have the opportunity to ask for more information at this point. Can you take a look at it ASAP? I thought you were almost done when the issue of the modification of the storm drain in the undeveloped portion of Woodland Road by some neighbor came up. Mark and I are sure that the project property had nothing to do with the modification and it was done for the benefit of the neighbor's downhill of the site to diver water over onto the downhill property to the west.

The owners are chomping at the bit to get on a PC meeting agenda.

Thanks,

Linda Neal Principal Planner (415) 453-1584

From: Michael Jewett < MJewett@millerpac.com >

Sent: Monday, July 6, 2020 11:15 AM

To: Linda Neal < Ineal@townoffairfax.org>

Subject: FW: 5 Woodland Road Town Engineer Review

Hi Linda,



#### GEOTECHNICAL MEMORANDUM:

To:

Linda Neal

Fairfax Planning Department

RE:

Response to Planning Comments

Proposed New Residence 5 Woodland Avenue, Fairfax

Date:

March 14, 2020

This memo is in response to planning comments directed toward our soils report for the subject residential project. There are two specific comments directed toward our report, which was otherwise deemed acceptable by the third party reviewer, Miller Pacific.

The first comment is with regard to the passive pressure we provided in the report. As is our custom, we recommended a passive resistance of 450pcf in *bedrock*, neglecting support in the overlying soil. We have used this value for thousands of projects in Marin and other counties, and in at least 50 approved projects in Fairfax, including the ongoing retaining wall project under construction across the street from the subject site (at 225 Laurel). We have never had this value questioned, nor have any of the structures that we have designed using this value had any issues. We strongly disagree that this is value is unusual. That having been said, to keep the permit process moving, we would be open to considering whatever reasonable value the Miller Pacific recommends.

The second comment regards evaluation of the potential for instability up-slope of the site. The slopes rising above the proposed building site are relatively steep (varying from 1.5:1 to 2:1). However, the site is situated on the flank of a knoll and the slope contours are convex, meaning the slopes tend to naturally disperse runoff over a broad area, rather than funneling it into narrow, concentrated flow which could affect the proposed development. In the absence of concentrated storm water flows, there can be very little risk of debris flow activity (which typically occur within topographic draws or swales). As required by the Town of Fairfax, on Figure 3 (attached) we included a large scale topographic map which showed the *maximum* potential watershed above the site, based on the orientation of the slope contours. Whereas this watershed is fairly large, only a limited amount of the potential runoff will pass through the areas of development, and only as unconcentrated sheet flow. Many hillside sites in Fairfax have similar or greater runoff watersheds above them.

Figure 2 from our report (also attached) included an excerpt of the Landslide map by Smith, Rice and Strand. Like much of the Fairfax hills, there is a large area of potential landsliding to the north of the subject property. However, neither the site itself nor the slopes above it are mapped as slide areas, and the stability study associated with the Smith-Rice map has assigned the area a

Geotechnical Response to Planning Comments 5 Woodland Avenue, Fairfax March 14, 2020 Page 2

stability number of 3, indicating a moderate (ie not severe) potential for instability. We had walked the slopes above the site during our initial investigation, and we did so again in preparation of this response memo. No areas of active landsliding were noted in either reconnaissance. The borings we performed at the upper reaches of the proposed building site found weathered bedrock within 1 to 2 feet of the surface.

Our report does include cautions and considerations regarding the potential for runoff from the subject site, which could potentially flow through the adjacent property at 225 Laurel Drive (which also happens to be our client). Fortunately the compromised retaining wall supporting the driveway at that property is currently being replaced with a tied back wall, which our office designed. With regard to the dispersal of collected storm water, one option would be to work with the neighbor to divert storm water around their residence to the natural drainage swale beyond. If on-site dispersal of storm water is required by the City, it should occur at the southeast corner of the lot, in the flat area at the base of the existing driveway ramp, where the overflow will run directly to the Woodland Avenue, and where it will merge with the communal runoff without flowing over steep slopes.

All of this information was contained in our original report. Frankly, I wonder what more evaluation Miller Pacific would have expected us to perform in this regard. As with any steep hillside site, there is some potential for instability, but we concur with the Smith-Rice map that the risk is *moderate* at this site, and less severe than many other sites in Fairfax.

If there are further questions regarding this matter, please contact my office.

Sincerely,

Dave Olnes, CEGE

2Woodland(5)-res





May 30, 2019

0-4550

Chris and Lindsay Bolter c/o Jeff Kroot, Architect P.O. Box 246 San Anselmo, CA 94979

RE:

Geotechnical Investigation

Proposed New Residence 5 Woodland Road, Fairfax

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Bolter:

In accordance with your request, we have conducted a geotechnical investigation into the subsurface conditions at your property, located at 5 Woodland Road in Fairfax. The purpose of the investigation was to evaluate the suitability of this site for a proposed new residence and garage and accessory dwelling unit (ADU) on the property.

The property is situated on a steep up-slope. The proposed residence will conform to the slope with minimal excavation. However, the proposed detached garage and ADU will be bunkered into the base of the slope, requiring perimeter foundation walls up to 10 feet in height.

Our investigation included the drilling of six borings, covering the proposed building sites. All of the borings encountered competent Sandstone bedrock within 1 to 4 feet of the surface. Given the steepness of the slopes, the proposed house structure will require pier and grade beam foundations. Pier depths on the order of 10 to 15 feet are anticipated. The proposed garage structure will bear within a deep, level bedrock cut, and therefore may bear on footings.

If you have any questions regarding the findings or recommendations contained in this report, or if you are ready for a pier or footing inspection, please contact our office.

Sincerely,

Dave Olnes, PE

GE 2469



2Woodland(5)-Geotech

### **GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION**

**PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF SERVICES:** The purpose of this investigation was to explore the soils and geological conditions in the vicinity of proposed improvements at the subject property, and to provide appropriate geotechnical guidelines governing the construction of the proposed new residence and pool.

The scope of services for this investigation included review of published geological literature, a brief examination of the foundation conditions of the existing structure, exploration of the subsurface conditions in the vicinity of proposed construction, limited laboratory testing and preparation of this report. This investigation did not include screening for potential hazardous materials.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION: The subject property consists of a steeply down-sloping lot situated above the hairpin turn where Woodland Road meets Laurel Drive. The property is located along the eastern flank of a promontory known as Blue Ridge. The slopes at the property descend to the southeast at a gradient that varies from approximately 1.5:1 to 2.5:1. An unpaved driveway ramps up the slope from the southeast corner of the lot, terminating in front of an existing, post-supported cottage structure. The cottage dates back to 1924, and exists in a highly dilapidated state.

It is our understanding that you plan to demolish the exist cottage and construct a new twostory residence on the property. The new house will be sited up-slope of the present structure, and will step up with the existing slope, which rises at a gradient steeper than 2:1. Wood decks will wrap around the downslope perimeter of the house. No significant grading is anticipated for the main house. However a new 2-car garage will be cut into the base of the slope in the vicinity of the existing driveway ramp. The garage will require foundation walls up to 16 feet in height. There will be a secondary dwelling unit above the garage.

**GEOLOGY:** Review of a geology map for the area by Smith, Rice and Strand indicates that the site is underlain by Franciscan Melange bedrock (see Figure 1). Franciscan Melange (FM) is common throughout much of Marin County, and consists of jumbled rock masses, highly altered by ancient tectonic activity. The bedrock units in the vicinity of the site are composed largely of sheared Sandstone and Shale. Weathered Sandstone is exposed in the cut bank of the existing driveway ramp and elsewhere near the site. The exposed rock appears fairly decomposed and should not be difficult to excavate or drill piers into.

No landslide features are mapped in the immediate vicinity of the site (see Figure 1), and no evidence of active sliding was observed in our reconnaissance of the property. The stability study associated with the Smith-Rice map has assigned the site a stability number of 3, indicating a moderate potential for instability. However, the hillside a few hundred feet to the north of the site is indicated as a coalesced area of surficial sliding, and has been assigned a stability number of 4, indicating a high potential for instability.

**SITE DRAINAGE:** As stated, the lot is sited along the eastern flank of a prominent ridge line, and the local slopes descend to the southeast at a variable gradient. Another

Geotechnical Investigation 5 Woodland Road, Fairfax April 30, 2019 Page 3

landlocked residence (35 Woodland?) exists above the subject property, accessed via a driveway easement through a property to the north. Above that house the slope continues to rise to a knoll that serves as a site for water tanks. The potential watershed through the site rises approximately 500 feet to the crest of the knoll, and comprises roughly 1.25 acres. It appears that historically drainage off the site ran through a subtle drainage swale on the property situated at the opposite side of the hairpin turn (225 Laurel Drive). This swale is interrupted by street grading, which includes a short, undeveloped extension of Laurel Drive that creates a level area below the southwest corner of the subject property. There is a cast iron drainage grate located within this level area. The grate apparently feeds two small flex lines which run around the west side of the residence at 225 Laurel Drive, where they disperse on the slope below that house.

**SEISMICITY:** It should be considered common knowledge that this site and the Bay Area in general are subject to strong ground shaking due to the regular occurrence of large earthquakes. The site is located approximately 6 miles east of the San Andreas Fault (type A), which has a Maximum Credible Earthquake (MCE) of 8.1 moment magnitude. Other surrounding active faults with equal or lesser expected magnitudes and probabilities include the Hayward Fault (type A), located approximately 15 miles to the east, and the Concord/Calavaras Fault (type B), located approximately 25 miles to the east.

The northern section of the San Andreas Fault has been estimated at a 22% probability for producing an earthquake larger 6.7 before 2043, and the Bay Area as a whole has a probability of 65%.

As no alluvial soils were observed in the area, there is no potential for liquefaction at the site. Since the site is located outside of the Alquist-Priolo Special Studies Zone, the risk of ground rupture is also considered to be very low. Given the shallow depth to competent bedrock, there is little risk of seismically induced landsliding.

Design of the new improvements in accordance with the 2016 CBC should utilize the following factors:

Mapped Short Period Spectral Acceleration, Ss:	1.504
Mapped 1-Second Spectral Acceleration, S1:	0.672
Site Class:	В
Short Period Site Coefficient, Fa:	1.0
1-Second Site Coefficient, Fv:	1.0
Modified Short Period Acceleration, Sms:	1.504
Modified Short Period Acceleration, Sm1:	0.672
Design Short Period Acceleration, Sds:	1.002
Design Short Period Acceleration, Sd1:	0.448
Design Category:	D

Geotechnical Investigation 5 Woodland Road, Fairfax April 30, 2019 Page 4

FIELD AND LABORATORY INVESTIGATION: Subsurface conditions at the site were investigated by performing 6 exploratory borings at the locations shown on the attached Boring Location Plan (Figure 2). The first two borings B1 and B2 were drilled with a truck mounted rig along the present driveway alignment. These borings utilized at 6-inch auger and were sampled with a 140-pound dropping hammer. The other four borings were performed on the slope using a 2-inch hand auger, and were sampled with a 70-pound dropping hammer. The blow counts at each hand auger location were converted to standard values using a conversion factor of 2/3. Samples were initially logged in the field and later returned to the laboratory for extrusion and further identification. The samples were then weighed and dried for moisture content determination. Logs of the borings are included on attached Figures 3 through 8.

**SUBSURFACE FINDINGS:** The upper borings encountered a soft top soil layer consisting of brown fine sandy Silt with Sandstone fragments, which varied from 1 to 2 feet in depth. All of the borings contained 1 to 2 feet of residual soils, consisting of red brown clayey fine Sand with increasing rock structure. Rusty tan Sandstone was encountered at depths of 1 feet along the driveway, and at depths of 3 to 4 feet on the upper slope.

The first boring at the driveway was extended to depth of 17 feet to assess the quality of the bedrock at depth. As is typically the case with Franciscan Melange, the Sandstone was found to have a variable structure, and contained layers of sheared Shale. This material should not be difficult to drill or excavate, but will require shoring or lay-back at the deep vertical cuts for the garage.

No groundwater was encountered during drilling.

**CONCLUSIONS AND COMMENTARY:** Based on our assessment, it is our opinion that the subject site is stable and suitable for the proposed construction. The new house structure will be sited on the steep slope, and therefore will require pier and grade beam foundations. The piers should be 18 inches in diameter and should be drilled at least 8 feet into bedrock. Thus total depths of 10 to 15 feet should be anticipated.

The proposed garage structure will be carved well into the slope, and may therefore bear on spread footings. The deep cuts required for the garage should be shored to protect workers from possible collapse of the sheared rock. The side cuts may be shored with soldier piers braced at the top by cross struts spanning across the excavation. The back cut may require soil nails if it cannot be laid back at 45 degrees.

Gravel drains should be installed around the up-slope perimeters of both the garage and the main house. Where the slope descends directly against the buildings, concrete V-ditches should be constructed, to shed surface runoff around to either side.

Geotechnical Investigation 5 Woodland Road, Fairfax April 30, 2019 Page 5

The existing storm drain system located in the easement off the hairpin bend in the road is not of high quality. Before tying into this system (which apparently exists within the "paper street" easement of Laurel Drive), it would be well to work with the owners of 225 Laurel to upgrade the piping and verify that an appropriate outlet dissipater is in place. If on-site dispersal of storm water is required by the City, it should occur at the southeast corner of the lot, in the flat area at the base of the existing driveway ramp, where the overflow will run directly to the street, without flowing over steep slopes.

In summary, it is our opinion that the site is suitable for the proposed construction, provided that the following recommendations are adhered to.

# **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- GRADING: Fairly significant cuts will be required in order to create the pad for the garage.
  - 1.1 Site Preparation: Areas to receive fill or flatwork shall be cleared of vegetation and stripped to a sufficient depth to remove major root systems. The stripped organic top soil material may be stock piled for later use in landscaping areas. Existing pavement and foundation elements should be removed as part of the demolition of the existing structure, taking care to disturb the subgrade as little as possible.
  - 1.2 Cut Grading: Permanent cut slopes shall be at a maximum inclination of 2:1 (horizontal to vertical) or shall be retained by structural walls in accordance with the recommendations below. Temporary cut slopes over 5 feet in height should be laid back at 45-degrees, or shall otherwise be shored with temporary walls. The design and implementation of embankment shoring, in conformance with OSHA requirements, shall be the sole responsibility of the contractor.
  - 1.3 Fill Grading: Fills placed on slopes shall be retained at the base by structural walls, and shall be progressively step benched proceeding up the slope from the wall. The undersigned Geotechnical Engineer shall inspect and approve all keyways and shall intermittently inspect all fill placement in progress. Fills shall be placed in level lifts no more than 8 inches in thickness, and shall be compacted to 95% relative compaction. Fill slopes shall not exceed a 2:1 gradient. Existing site soils are suitable as fill provided they are free of organic material and of rocks or rubble greater than 6 inches in diameter.
  - 1.4 Backfill of Utility Trenches: Utility trench backfill shall be compacted to a relative density of 95% under pavement and foundation areas, and 90% elsewhere. Trenches shall be capped with at least 18 inches of relatively impermeable material (site soils are acceptable).
- 2. **FOUNDATIONS:** Where the proposed new structures are sited in level cuts exposing bedrock, foundations may consist of continuous spread footings per Section 2.1. Structures sited on or within 8 feet of descending grades shall bear on drilled pier and grade beam foundations per Section 2.2.
  - 2.1 Spread Footings: Spread footings shall be a minimum of 18 inches in width, and shall extend a minimum 24 inches below the existing ground surface, or as needed to achieve full bearing in bedrock. No footings shall bear on fill or top soils. Footings located in areas of cut need only extend 12 inches into weathered sandstone bedrock. The undersigned Geotechnical Engineer

shall inspect and verify all footing trenches prior to placement of reinforcing steel concrete.

- **2.1a Bearing Pressures of Footings:** Footings bearing on bedrock may be designed for bearing pressure of 2500 psf.
- 2.1b Lateral Resistance of Footings: Lateral resistance for spread footings constructed in accordance with Section 2.1, may assume a friction value of 0.40 and a passive resistance of 450pcf for footings bearing on sandstone bedrock. The bearing and passive resistance may be increased by 1/3 for short-term seismic and wind loads.
- 2.1c Minimal Footing Reinforcing: Where minor T-footings are used, they shall contain a minimum of one #5 bar top and bottom, with #3 shear ties at 18 inches on center.
- 2.2 Pier and Grade Beam Foundations: Pier and grade beam foundations shall be used on or within 8 feet of sloping grades. All piers should be at least 18inches in diameter and should extend at least 8 feet into bedrock, or to minimum depths of 10 feet.
  - **2.2a** Bearing Friction of Piers: Piers constructed in accordance with Section 2.2 may be designed for a friction value of 750psf for the portion of pier extending into bedrock (Assumed to begin at a depth of 4 feet in the hillside locations).
  - 2.2b Lateral Resistance of Piers: No soil creep forces are assumed to exist at this site. However, resistance to retained earth forces or other lateral structural loadings may be achieved assuming a passive pressure of 450pcf, acting against 2 pier diameters, beginning at the top of bedrock (assume a depth of 2 feet for down-slope locations). This value may be increased by 1/3 for short-term seismic loads.
  - **2.2c Minimal Pier Reinforcing:** All piers shall contain a minimum of six #5 bars enclosed by a #3 spiral at a 6-inch pitch.
- 3. FLOOR SLABS ON GRADE: Floor slabs constructed on grade shall be a minimum of 5 inches thick and shall be reinforced with a minimum of #4 bars at 18 inches on center each way. Slab reinforcing shall be integrated into the structural foundations. Floor slabs used as living space shall be constructed over a moisture barrier consisting of 4 inches of 3/8-inch pea gravel (do not use 3/4-inch crushed rock as the sharp edges tend to perforate the membrane), covered by a minimum 10-mil plastic membrane.

- 4. RETAINING WALLS: Retaining walls or foundation walls shall be designed for an active pressure of 45pcf where the backfill gradient is less than 3:1, or 55pcf where the backfill gradient is steeper than 3:1. Walls bearing on level cuts exposing bedrock may be supported on spread footings per Section 2.1. Walls perched on sloping grades must be supported by drilled piers per Section 2.2.
  - 4.1 Wall Above Old Slide: In order to prevent further up-slope advancement of the shallow landslide at the western perimeter of the lot, we recommend that a wall be constructed across the upper reaches of the slide scarp. The wall should have a minimum height of 4 feet, and should be keyed at least 18 inches below the base of the scarp, for a total design height of 5.5 feet. This wall should be supported on 18 inch diameter piers drilled to minimum depths of 10 feet. Where the upper lobes of the slide scarp extends above the alignment of the wall, the cavities should be filled with rock rip-rap. The slide cavity below the wall should be track-walked and smoothed out, particularly along the vertical lateral scarps.
  - 4.2 Seismic Surcharge: Walls exceeding a retained height of 6 feet shall include a uniform seismic surcharge of 10psf/foot of height (ie for a 10 foot tall wall, the surcharge would be 100psf). For retaining walls supporting bedrock cuts, the active pressure may be reduced to 30pcf when considering the seismic case. For walls supporting fill soils, there should be no reduction in active pressure, so the seismic case will govern.
  - 4.3 Retaining Wall Drainage: Retaining walls and foundation walls shall ideally be fully back drained with 3/4-inch drain rock wrapped in filter cloth or CALTRANS Class II Permeable drain rock without filter cloth. However the foundation walls of the garage may utilize a Miradrain panel, if the wall is to be constructed with shotcrete, provided that the installer of the waterproofing and drainage panel are willing to guarantee the wall against leaks for a period of at least 10 years. A 4-inch PVC pipe shall be installed along the base of the wall, placed at least 6 inches below the adjacent floor slab or crawlspace grade, and shall be sloped at 1% minimum to outlet to an appropriate discharge point. In addition, foundation walls shall incorporate waterproofing membranes (such as Paraseal), installed per manufacturer's recommendations. Landscape walls may utilize weep holes in lieu of drainage piping.
  - **4.4 Elimination of Footing Heals:** We recommend that foundation walls be designed without footing heals, as they tend to interfere with the proper placement of drainage piping, and require deeper back cuts. Walls without heals will require commensurately larger toe extensions.

- **5. Drainage:** Adequate drainage is important to maintain bearing support for shallow foundations and to prevent potential mold and mildew problems related to seepage intrusion under the house.
  - **5.1 Surface Drainage:** All roof downspouts shall be fitted with 4-inch solid PVC discharge pipes. Surrounding yard and patio areas shall utilize cast iron or brass catch basins tied to the roof downspout lines, or shall be graded to shed runoff away from the house in an unconcentrated manner.
  - 5.2 Perimeter Subsurface Drainage: A perimeter gravel subdrain shall be constructed around the up-slope and side perimeters of the house structures. The subdrain shall consist of a trench extending at least 12 inches below the adjacent floor slab or crawlspace grades, sloped at 1% toward a suitable outlet point. A perforated PVC pipe shall be placed along the bottom of the trenches, and the trenches shall be backfilled with 3/4-inch drain rock wrapped in filter cloth, or CALTRANS Class II Permeable drain rock without filter cloth.
  - 5.3 Piping: All piping shall be 4-inch SDR-35 PVC. All drain lines shall be continuously sloped at 1% minimum. The manner and location of discharge shall be approved by the undersigned Geotechnical Engineer prior to implementation. Capped clean-outs shall be installed at the beginning of each subdrain line, and at alternate bends in the line.
  - Maintenance: Drainage systems require regular maintenance to ensure proper functioning. Catch basins and downspout pipes should be flushed regularly (dependant on the rate of falling leaf litter). Discharge points should also be periodically inspected to ensure that outlet piping is not obstructed. It is recommended that an accurate as-built plan of the drainage systems be prepared, and that maintenance requirements be disclosed to all future buyers of the property.
- 6. EXTERIOR FLATWORK: Exterior flatwork, including driveways, walkways and patios shall be constructed as 5-inch thick concrete slabs and should be reinforced with a minimum of #4 bars at 18-inch centers. Flexible pavements such as decomposed granite or pavers set in sand may be preferable over fill areas, as they can be built up over time if settlement occurs.
- 7. PLAN REVIEW AND CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATION: The undersigned Geotechnical Engineer should review the final foundation and drainage plans for conformance with the above recommendations. All grading work shall be inspected in progress on an intermittent basis, including approval of all benching and compaction testing for fills. All pier drilling, footing excavations and subdrain

trenches should also be inspected prior to placement of reinforcing steel, concrete or backfill. Allowances should be made for potential changes to the final design requirements in the event that actual construction conditions differ from the conditions assumed in this report.

**LIMIT OF LIABILITY:** This report was prepared under written contractual agreement with the addressee (client) indicated above. The client has agreed to limit the liability of Dave Olnes P.E., Inc. to an amount not to exceed ten times the fee for services indicated above, for any and all matters arising from this visual examination and report. The information provided herein is for the exclusive use of the specified client. Dave Olnes P.E., Inc. shall assume no liability for other parties who use the report without its express written consent. The recommendations contained in this report are valid for a period of two years, pending further review by the undersigned Geotechnical Engineer.

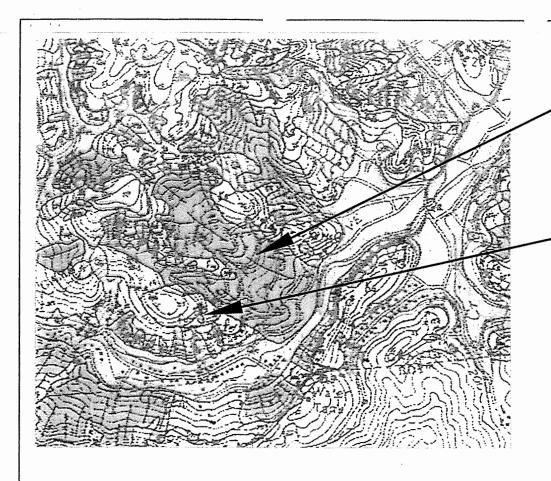
#### **REFERENCES**

Knudsen, Keith L., Sowers, Janet M. Witter, Robert S., Wentworth, Carl M, Helley, Edward J., "Preliminary Maps of Quaternary Deposits and Liquefaction Susceptibility, Nine-County San Francisco Bay Region, California", USGS Open File Report 00-444, 2000.

Olnes, David A., "Preliminary Geotechnical Reconnaissance, 5 Woodland Avenue, Fairfax", April 15, 2019.

Rice, Salem J.; Smith, Theodore C.; Strand, Rudolph G., State of California Division of Mines and Geology, Open File Report 76-2, "Geology for Planning: Central and Southwest Marin County, California", 1976.

State of California Division of Mines and Geology,"Maps of Known Active Fault Near-Source Zones in California and Adjacent portions of Nevada", 1998.



TYPICAL MAPPED LAND SLIDE FEATURE (ORANGE).

SITE, MAPPED AS FRANCISCAN **MELANGE** (Fm).

#### SOURCE:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPT. OF MINING & GEOLOGY, OPEN FILE REPORT 76-2 GEOLOGY FOR PLANNING: CENTRAL & SOUTHEAST MARIN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, SALEM J. RICE, THEODORE C. SMITH & RUDOLPH G. STRAND, 1976.

### GEOLOGY AND SITE LOCATION PLAN

SCALE: 1"=1500'

DAVE

CIVIL & SOIL ENGINEER 7915 CREST AVENUE OAKLAND CALIF. 94605

PH & FX: (510)568-2162 daveolnes@sbcglobal.net

SCALE: 1"=1500'

JOB #: 0-4550

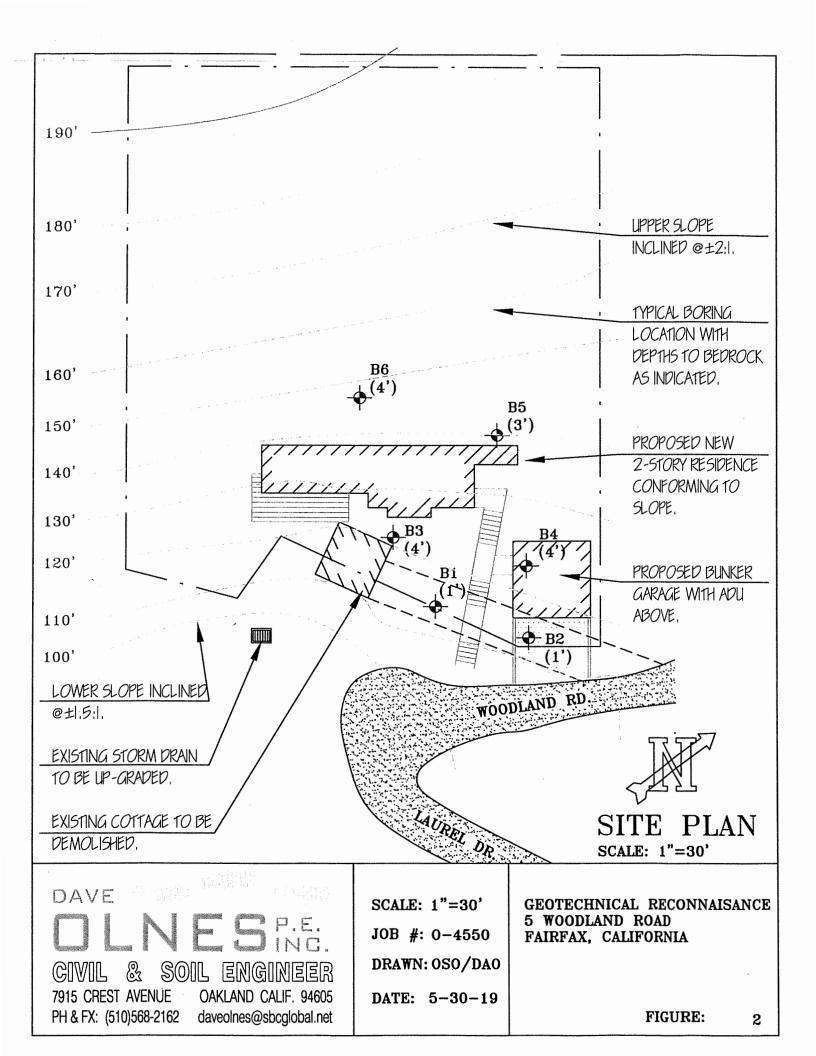
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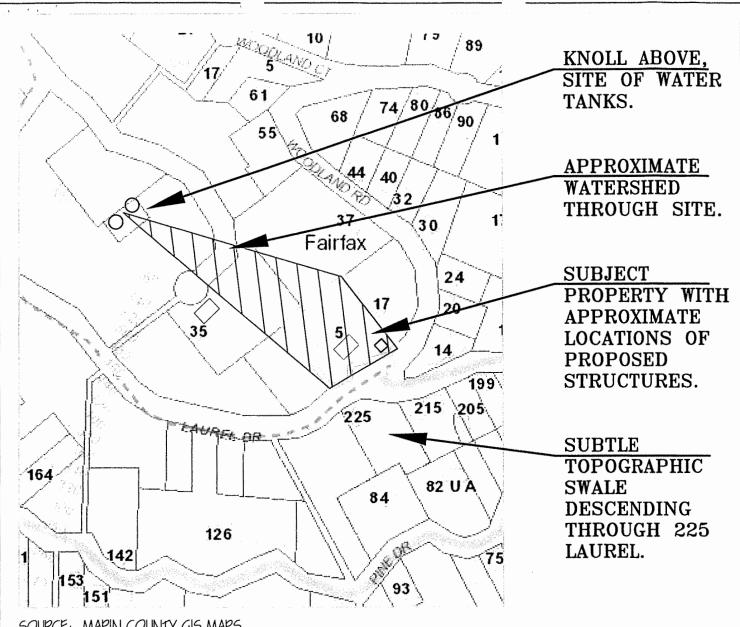
DATE: 5-30-19

GEOTECHNICAL RECONNAISANCE 5 WOODLAND ROAD FAIRFAX, CALIFORNIA

FIGURE:

1





SOURCE: MARIN COUNTY GIS MAPS.

# GEOLOGY AND SITE LOCATION PLAN

SCALE: 1"~500'

DAVE

CIVIL & SOIL ENGINEER
7915 CREST AVENUE OAKLAND CALIF. 94605

PH & FX: (510)568-2162 daveolnes@sbcglobal.net

SCALE: 1"~500'

JOB #: 0-4550

DRAWN: OSO/DAO

DATE: 5-30-19

GEOTECHNICAL RECONNAISANCE 5 WOODLAND ROAD FAIRFAX, CALIFORNIA

FIGURE:

3

BORING: 1	Location: CEN RO	F EXISTI	NG DRI	VEWA)	<u> </u>	,
DESCRIPT	TION	DEPTH	SAMPLE	BLOW	MOISTURE	COMMENTS
		FEET	NUMBER	COUNT	CONTENT	
red-brown Sandy CLAY	with Rock fragments					Topsoil? Residual Soil?
yellow-tan weathered S	ANDSTONE					Weathered Bedrock
			1-1	23	11%	
		_		·		
		5	4.0	400:	00/	
			1-2	100+	9%	
,						
brown weathered SANI	OSTONE-SHALE	10	1-3	30	15%	
		_		<u> </u>		
with clayey shear zones	3					
		15				
		_	1-4	75	13%	
Bottom of Boring @ 16.	.5'		1			Drilling Terminated
						No Groundwater
		-			1	
		20 —	-		-	
		_	1			
		_	-		-	·
		_			-	
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		23				
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		30			<u></u>	1
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DAVE			Proj	ect:		chnical Investigation
		V I Lond			5 Wood	dland Road
	OIL ENGINE				Fairfax	, California
© 0 ♥ 0 L & S   7915 CREST AVEN			Date	e:	May 10, 2019	
TELEPHONE & FAX (510) 568						Figure: 4

BORING: 2 Location: FRC	LEFT CORN	NER OF	PROPO	SED GAF	RA'
DESCRIPTION	DEPTH FEET	1 1		MOISTURE CONTENT	COMMENTS
brown Silty SAND (SM)					Topsoil
tan weathered SANDSTONE					Weathered Bedrock
		2-1	55	10%	
	5				
tan weathered SANDSTONE-SHALE	_	2-2	100+	11%	
Dettern of Devis - O.C.C.					Augus Defend
Bottom of Boring @ 6.5'	_				Auger Refusal
	_				
	10 —				·
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DAVE SOME SOUR		Proje	ect.	Geoteci	hnical Investigation
	ADDROIS	10]			lland Road
	INC.	Fairfax, California			
COVOL & SOOLENGO 7915 CREST AVENUE OAKLAND,					
TELEPHONE & FAX (510)	568-2162				Figure: 5

BORING: 2 Location: FRC LEF	T CORN	ER OF	PROPC	SED GAF	<u> </u>
DESCRIPTION	DEPTH FEET			MOISTURE CONTENT	COMMENTS
brown Silty SAND (SM) tan weathered SANDSTONE			55011		Topsoil Weathered Bedrock
		2-1	55	10%	
tan weathered SANDSTONE-SHALE	5 —	2-2	100+	11%	
Bottom of Boring @ 6.5'					Auger Refusal
	10 —				
	15 —				
•	20				
	25				,
DAVE & CHIR & CHIR		Proj	ect:		hnical Investigation
GIVIL & SOIL ENGINEER 7915 CREST AVENUE OAKLAND, CA 94605		Date	5 Woodland Ro Fairfax, Californ Date: May 10, 2019		California
TELEPHONE & FAX (510) 568					Figure: 5

BORING: 3 Location: ABC EXI	STING (	OTTAG	E		
DESCRIPTION	DEPTH FEET	1		MOISTURE CONTENT	COMMENTS
red-brown Clayey SILT (MH)					Topsoil
rusty-orange-tan Silty SAND (SM)		3-1	8	16%	Residual Soil
rusty-orange-tan decomposed Sandstone	5 —	3-2	16	20%	Weathered Bedrock
Bottom of Boring @ 6.5'					Drilling Terminated
	10 —				
					•
	15 —				
	20 —				
	_				
	25				
·					
	_		,		
DAVE WILL SOIL ENGINE	NC.	Proj	ect:	5 Wood	hnical Investigation Iland Road California

7915 CREST AVENUE TELEPHONE & FAX OAKLAND, CA 94605 (510) 568-2162

Date: May 10, 2019

Figure: 6

BORING: 4 Location: BES EX	ISTING	SHED, R	EAR O	F PROPO	SE ARAGE
DESCRIPTION	DEPTH FEET	i :		MOISTURE CONTENT	COMMENTS
red-brown Clayey SILT (MH)	FEE1	NUMBER	COUNT	CONTENT	Top Soil
rusty-tan Fine SAND with grey Clay seams		4-1	13	20%	Residual Soil
(SM)					
tan weathered SANDSTONE	5 —	4-2	100+	17%	Weathered Bedrock
Bottom of Boring @ 5.5'	_				Refusal
	10				
	15 —				
	20				
	_				
	25 —				
	_				
DAVE WALLS & COLOR		Proj	ect:		hnical Investigation dland Road
GIVIL & SOIL ENGINEER 7915 CREST AVENUE OAKLAND, CA 94605			Fairfax, California Date: May 10, 2019		, California , 2019
TELEPHONE & FAX (510) 568	0-2162				Figure: 7

BORING: 5 Location: RIG REA	R COR	NER OF	PROPO	SED HOU	JS
DESCRIPTION	DEPTH FEET	1	l .	MOISTURE CONTENT	COMMENTS
red-brown Clayey SILT (MH)					Colluvium
yellow-tan Silty SAND with Sandstone					Residual Soil
fragments (SM)		5-1	23	14%	
yellow-brown SANDSTONE					Weathered Bedrock
	5	5-2	100+	11%	
Bottom of Boring @ 5'	- -				Refusal
	10 —				·
,					
	15 —				
	_				
	20 <del></del> 				
	25 —				
	30				
at the second se		Proj	ect:	5 Wood	chnical Investigation
GOVOL & SOOLENGINE 7915 CREST AVENUE OAKLAND, CA TELEPHONE & FAX (510) 568		Date	э:	Fairfax May 10	, California ), 2019 Figure: 8

BORING: 6 Location: LEF EAF	CORNE	R OF P	ROPOS	SED HOUS	SE
DESCRIPTION	DEPTH FEET	1	1	MOISTURE CONTENT	COMMENTS
red-brown Clayey SILT (MH)					Topsoil
tan fine Sandy SILT		6-1	14	14%	Residual Soil
tan weathered SANDSTONE	5 —	6-2	27	13%	
Bottom of Boring @ 6.5'	_				Weathered Bedrock Drilling Terminated
	10				
	15 —				
	20			-	
	_			1	·
	25			-	
				1	
	30			1	
DAVE WALLS	10000	Proj	ect:		hnical Investigation
CIVIL & SOIL ENGINE				Fairfax	dland Road , California
7915 CREST AVENUE OAKLAND, CA TELEPHONE & FAX (510) 56	94605	Date	9:	May 10	), 2019 Figure: 9





### Stormwater Control Plan

### **Bolter Residence**

Parcel Address:

5 Woodland Road, Fairfax, CA (APN: 003-053-10)

Prepared For:

Chris & Lindsay Bolter 5 Woodland Road Fairfax, CA 94930

Prepared By:

ViA Atelier, Inc. Vlad Iojica, P.E., QSD



Date:

January 2020 April 2020 (Rev.)



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11	.B	Existing Site Features and Conditions
	.C.	Opportunities and Constraints for Storm Water Control
Ш,		Low Impact Development Design Strategies
IV.		Documentation of Drainage Design
a		Description of Drainage Management Areas
В		Tabulation and Sizing Calculations
		dixes
лър Д		Current Conditions
E		Proposed Conditions
£	,	rioposed Conditions
		Figure 1 Location Man (GIS Marin County)

#### I. PROJECT DATA

The Stormwater Control Plan (SCP) has been prepared in support of the proposed redevelopment of a residential property that will include demolition of an existing dwelling and construction of a new, modern single-family residence with a detached two car garage and associated site improvements. The APN: 003-053-10.

Parcel's longitude and latitude: 37'58'39" North, and 122'36'12" West.

Project Name/Number	Bolter Residence
Application Submittal Date	June, 2020
Project Location	5 Woodland Rd., Fairfax, CA 94930
Project Phase No.	No project phasing planed
Project Type and Description	Demolition of an existing residential structure, driveway and site shed and construction of a new single-family residence with a detached two-car garage
Total Parcel Area	0.5578 Acres (24,297.8 sq.ft.)
Total Project Area (see Exhibit)	0.2045 Acres (8,910 sq.ft.)
Total New and Replaced Impervious Surface Area	0.1256 Acres (5,471 sq.ft.)
Total Pre-Project Impervious Surface Area	0.027Acres (1,181 sq.ft.)
Total Post-Project Impervious Surface Area	0.0985 Acres (4,290 sq.ft.)

#### II. SETTING

#### II.A PROJECT LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

As shown on the Vicinity Map (Fig.1) the project site is located on a hillside parcel, uphill from the alignment of Woodland Road, a local street. The parcel under conditions is under current conditions developed and includes a single family dwelling with connections to public utilities, access driveway and no garage or covered parking. Other existing improvements include paved walks and a detached shed.

The drainage tributary area to parcel is limited to the north and northeast areas due to the topography of the site. See exhibit SCP-1 under attachments of the report for the existing conditions.

- The current zoning designation is RS-6 Single Family Residential
- No construction phasing applicable to this project.
- Proposed number of residential units: 1,
- Site percent slope: 48.33%

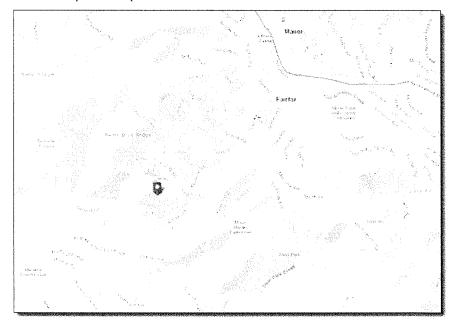


FIGURE 1 LOCATION MAP (GIS MARIN COUNTY)

#### II.B EXISTING SITE FEATURES AND CONDITIONS

Under the current conditions the property is developed with established drainage patterns conveying and discharging the stormwater runoff to lower elevations along the south and southeast of the property and along the alignment of Woodland Road.

The site slopes from northwest towards southeast with a calculated average slope of 48.3%.

Potential drainage tributary areas located to the north of the parcel consists of undeveloped land and the any surface discharges across the property line are likely minimal with no concentrated flows.

### II.C. OPPORTUNITIES AND CONSTRAINTS FOR STORM WATER CONTROL

New site improvements will enhance the protection of the house pad for both surface water runoff as well as ground water, and convey the captured runoff to points of discharge located by the easterly corner of the house pad.

A bio-detention basin is proposed for construction at the east corner of the pad, corresponding with the point of discharge for the runoff.

This basin will ensure that under the post development conditions, the storm water discharged to the site will not exceed the discharge rate under current conditions.

#### III. LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT DESIGN STRATEGIES

In the design process the following strategies have been taken into consideration:

- Limit disturbance to the area and incorporating natural features. Maintain existing drainage patterns.
- Minimize the compaction of permeable soils for the potions of the lot not proposed for development.
- Maintain existing vegetation to the possible extent.
- Concentrating development areas.

#### IV. DOCUMENTATION OF DRAINAGE DESIGN

#### A. DESCRIPTION OF DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT AREAS

DMA Name	Surface Type	Area
#1	New House Roof	1,600 sq.ft.
#2	Patios / Roof Deck	1,546 sq.ft.
#3	Paved Surfaces incl. Driveway	1,140 sq.ft.
#4	Landscaped Areas	4,620 sq.ft.

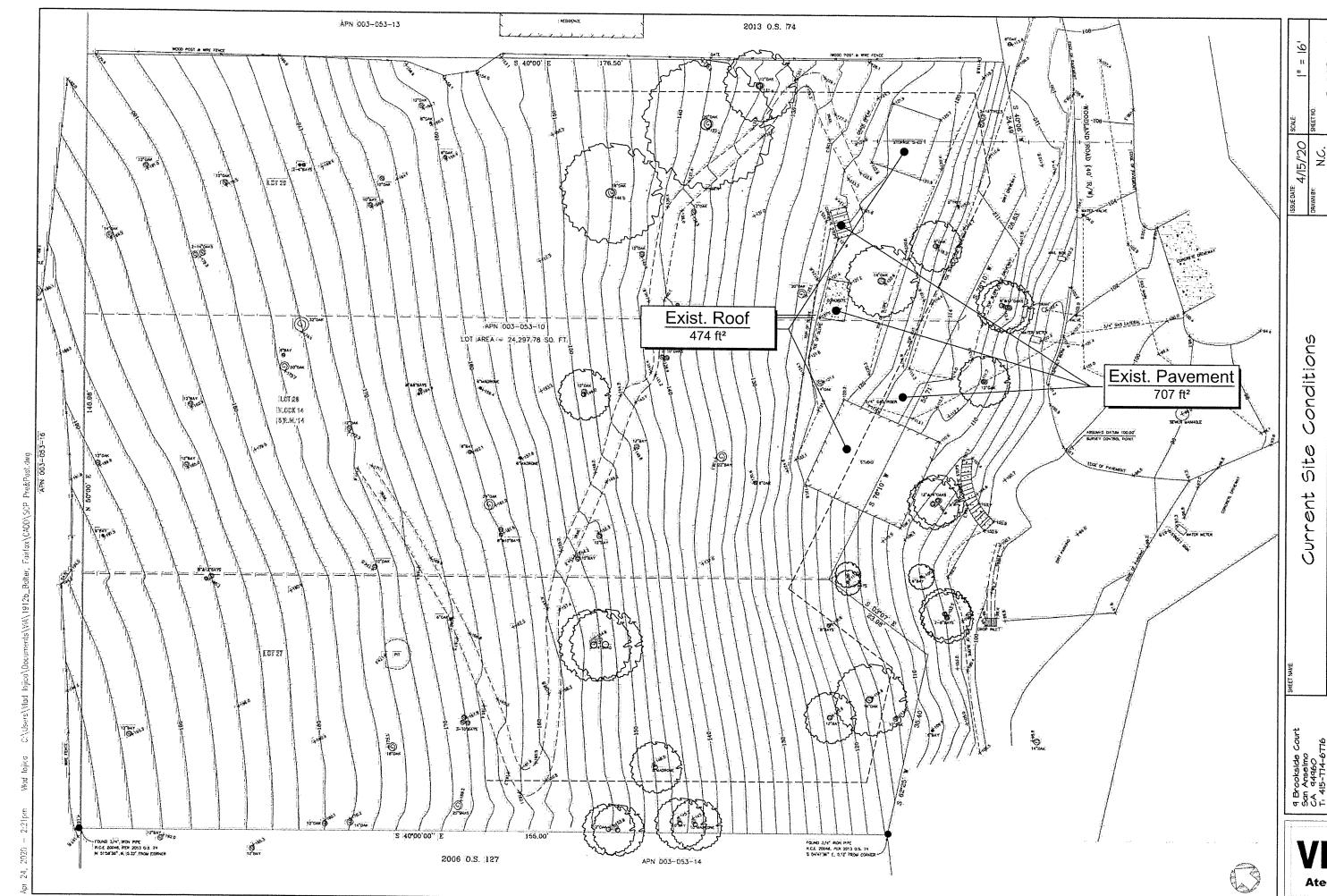
#### B. TABULATION AND SIZING CALCULATIONS

#### Areas Draining to Bio-Detention Basin

DMA Name	DMA Area (sq.ft.)	Post- project surface type	DMA Runoff factor	Product of Area x Runoff Factor		acility Nat	
#1	1,600	New House Roof	1.0	1,600			
#2	1,546	Patios	1.0	1,546	Sizing Factor	Minimum Facility Size	Proposed Facility Size
#3	1,140	Paved Surfaces	1.0	1,140	Pactor	[sq.ft.]	[sq.ft.]
#4	4,620	Landscape	0.1	462			
Total:		•		4,748	0.04	190	202

### APPENDIXES

- A CURRENT CONDITIONS
- B PROPOSED CONDITIONS



Atelier

S. Ñ

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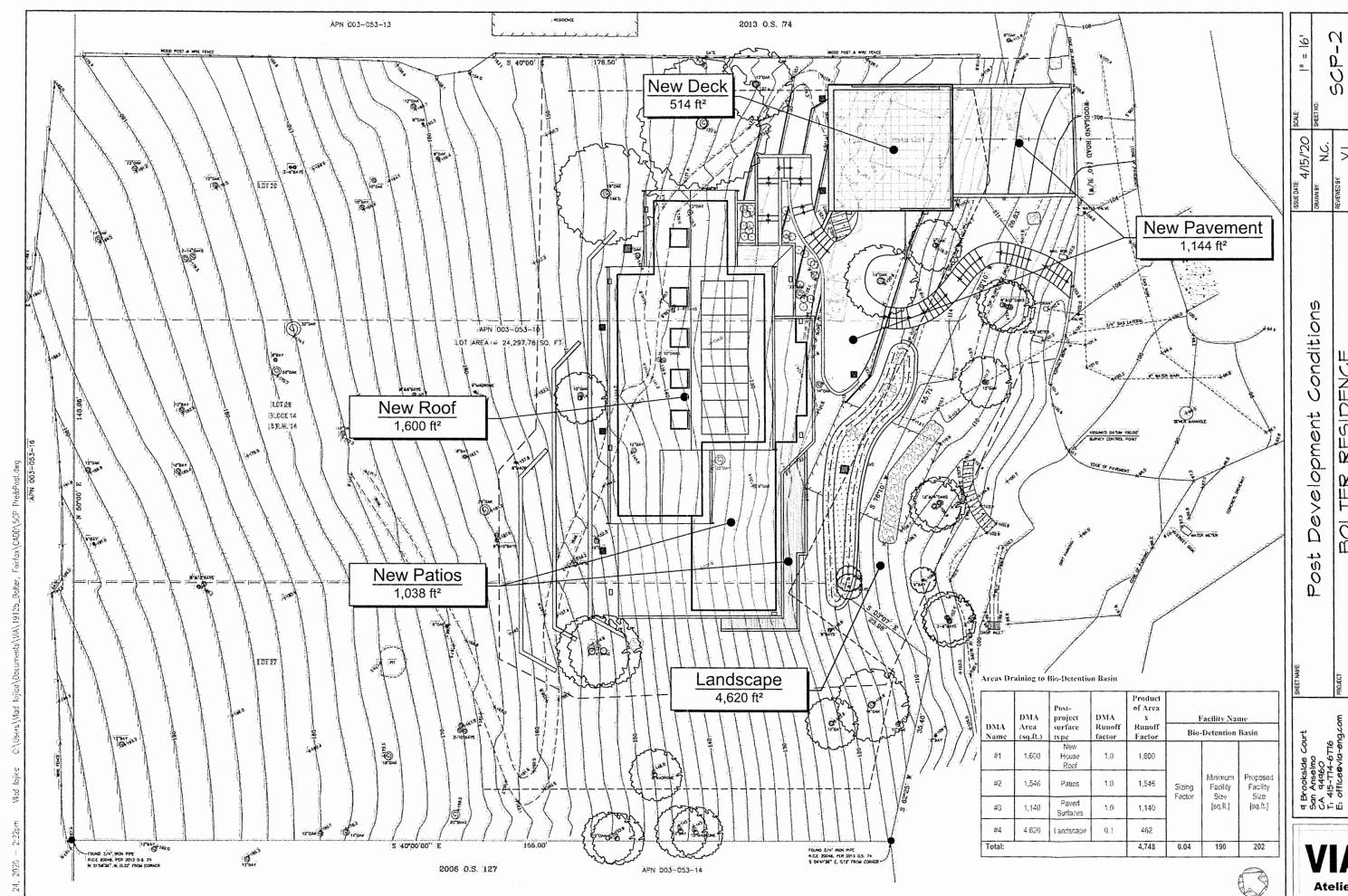
5|DENCE CA (APN: 003-053-10)

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BOLTER RES WOODLAND RD., FAIRFAX,

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eng.com ©



**Atelier** 

1912.B

BOLTER RESIDENCE WOODLAND RD., FAIRFAX, CA (APN: 003-053-10)

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eng.com



### TOWN OF FAIRFAX

142 BOLINAS ROAD, FAIRFAX, CALIFORNIA 94930 (415) 453-1584/FAX (415) 453-1618

Date: July 23, 2019

Permit 19-T-55

#### NOTICE OF TREE COMMITTEE ACTION

This action may be appealed to the Fairfax Town Council within 10 days of the Tree Committee decision. This permit is not in effect until the 10 day appeal period is over.

This permit is not in effect until the 10 day appeal period is over.
Request for a tree permit to remove: (1) Bay (1) "Tree" – Mixture Oak/Bay (1) Oak (1) Madrone
Address of Tree(s) to be removed: 5 Woodland Rd
Applicant's Phone: Chris & Lindsay Bolter (415) 786-0882
On July 22, 2019 the Fairfax Tree Committee took the following action on the above referenced tree permit application:
APPROVED
FOR RECOMMENDATION ONLY TO PLANNING COMMISSION Applicant not present. Flores and Benson mentioned no trees were tagged during their site visit. The "Trees to be Removed/Altered" section of the agenda items designates a total of four (4) trees to be removed but the submitted application showed approximately 31 trees. Tree types were not coordinated with the plans provided. There was a consensus that trees not within the footprint of the building should remain. Richardson-Mack made a motion to recommend that the applicant coordinate on the plans the identity of the trees and clarify on the Tree Committee agenda the total number of trees proposed to
be removed; the motion was seconded by Romaidis and voted on.  Vote:
Benson- Aye
Flores- Aye Richardson Mack- Aye

REMINDER: PLEASE KEEP PERMIT NOTICE UP DURING THE 10 DAY WAITING PERIOD

Item #2 Vote: Ayes- 4 Noes- 0

CONTINUED
DENIED

Romaidis- Aye

#### CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL:

THIS APPROVED APPLICATION IS YOUR PERMIT-KEEP IT ON THE JOB SITE. FAILURE TO HAVE THE PERMIT ON THE SITE WHILE THE TREE WORK IS IN PROGRESS MAY RESULT IN THE WORK BEING HALTED UNTIL YOU SHOW PROOF OF APPROVAL.

Please verify that the tree company performing the work has a current Fairfax Business license and worker's compensation coverage.

THIS TREE PERMIT EXPIRES IN SIX MONTHS. If necessary, you may apply for an extension in writing prior to the expiration date.

## NEW RESIDENCE + DENEWAY



### TOWN OF FAIRFAX

142 BOLINAS ROAD, FAIRFAX, CA 94930 (415) 453-1584 / FAX (415) 453-1618



#### APPLICATION FOR TREE REMOVAL OR ALTERATION

A permit is required to remove or alter one or more trees on any parcel in the Town of Fairfax. All trees for which a permit is requested shall be tagged with an orange ribbon, a minimum of 10 days prior to the Tree Advisory Committee meeting date. Applicants must also post a notice of intent to alter or remove the marked Tree(s) in a prominent location visible along the frontage of the affected property.

#### APPLICANT INFORMATION

OWNER (APPLICATIONS MUST BE FILED BY PROPERTY OWNER):  CHRIS + LINDSAM BOLTER	DATE OF APPLICATION: 6/17/19		
JOB ADDRESS/ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NO. IF SITE IS VACANT  5 WOUDLAND RD., APN 003-053-10	PHONE NUMBER: (415) 786-0882		
EMAIL ADDRESS: BOLTERBUILDERS @GMAIL. COM	FAX NUMBER:		
PROPERTY OWNER'S ADDRESS IF DIFFERENT FROM ABOVE 204 SCENIC RD., FAIRFAX 94930	ALTERNATE PHONE NUMBER:  11NDSA4 (415) 416-4761		

### 7 2

#### TREE INFORMATION

SPECIES AND DESIGNATION OF HERITAGE/SPECIMEN/UNDESIRABLE TREE:	CIRCUMFERENCE BREAST HEIGHT: 3-4", 8-9", 1-10", 2-12", 1-22"
BAY	REASON FOR REMOVAL ALTERATION LOCATED AT HOUSE SITE AND FIRE DEPT. REQUIREMENTS
SPECIES AND DESIGNATION OF HERITAGE/SPECIMEN/UNDESIRABLE TREE:	CIRCUMFERENCE BREAST HEIGHT:
TREE ( MIXTURE ON / TONY)	REASON FOR REMOVALVALTERATION LOCATED AT GARAGE AND DRIVEWAM
SPECIES AND DESIGNATION OF HERITAGE/SPECIMEN/UNDESIRABLE TREE:	CIRCUMFERENCE BREAST HEIGHT: 4-8", 1-16", 3-12", 1-14", 1-18", 2-20"
OAK	REASON FOR REMOVAL/ALTERATION LOCATED AT HOUSE SITE AND FIRE DOPT. REQUIREMPLATS
SPECIES AND DESIGNATION OF HERITAGE/SPECIMEN/UNDESIRABLE TREE:	CIRCUMFERENCE BREAST HEIGHT:
MADRONE	REASON FOR REMOVAL VALTERATION FIRE DEPT. REQUIREMENTS

Please attached a site plan to this application showing the location and species of all trees with a diameter of 4 inches (circumference of 12 inches or more), measured 4.5feet above grade at tree base, property boundaries and easements, location of structures, foundation lines of neighboring structures and paved areas including driveways, .



Any tree company used for the noval or alteration must have a curren d valid Fairfax Business license. Please include the name, address, and phone number of the person or company doing the above listed work:

	NAME:	PHONE NUMBER:
	ADDRESS:	CONTRACTOR BUSINESS LICENSE NUMBER
i		

Please note the Tree Advisory Committee may require applicants to submit their application to a Qualified Arborist for a report or recommendation at the expense of the applicant. A Qualified Arborist is defined as a Certified Arborist, A Certified Urban Forester, a Registered Consulting Arborist, or a Registered Professional Forester.

#### OWNER'S STATEMENT

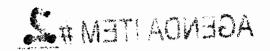
I understand that in order to properly process and evaluate this application, it may be necessary for Town personnel to inspect the property, which is the subject of the application. I also understand that due to time constraints it may not always be possible for Town personnel to provide advanced notice of such inspections. Therefore, this application will be deemed to constitute my authorization to enter upon the property for the purpose of inspecting the same, provided that Town personnel shall not enter any building on the property except in my presence or the presence of any other rightful occupant of such building. I understand that my refusal to permit reasonable inspection of any portion of the property by town personnel may result in a denial of this application due to the lack of adequate information regarding the property.

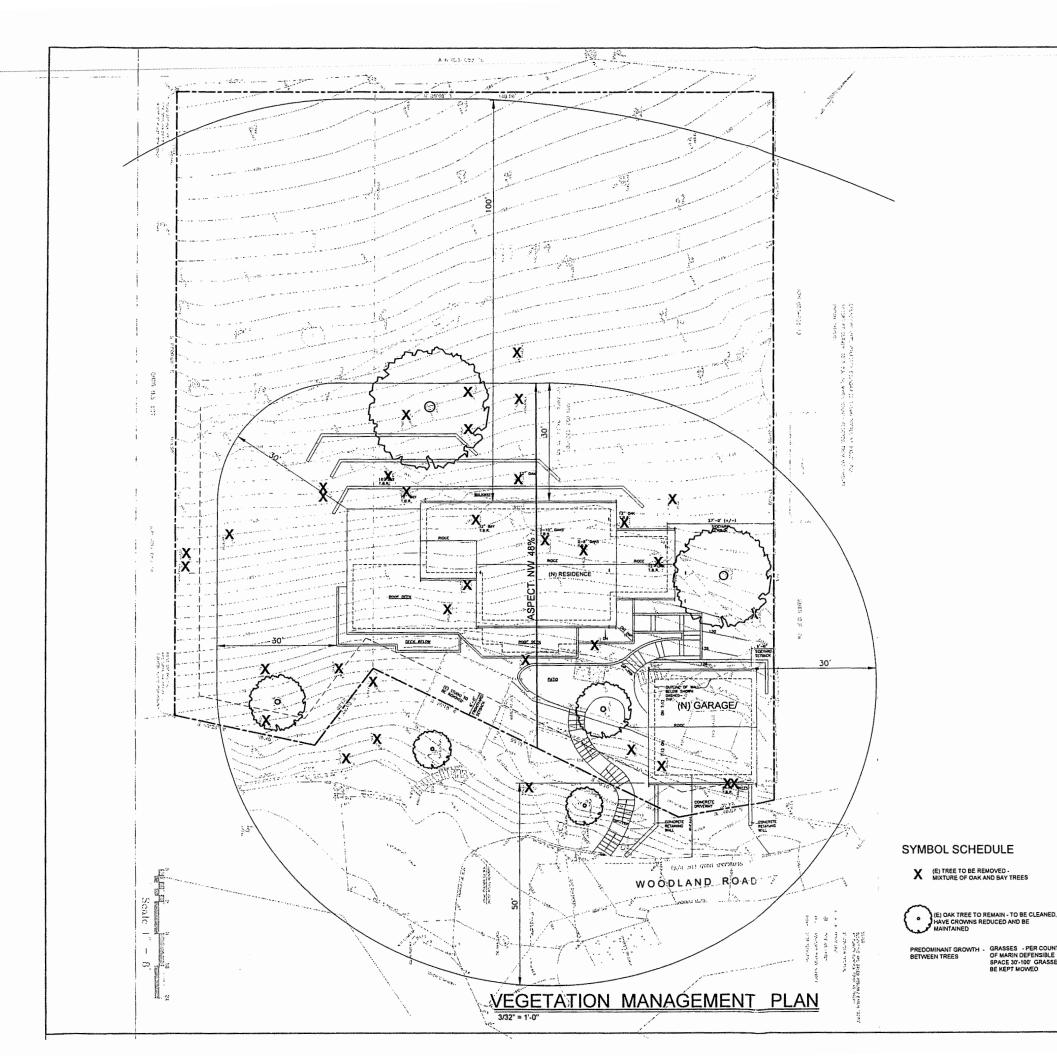
Cliffic	
Signature of Property Owner	
Date	

[AREA BELOW FOR STAFF USE ONLY]

Permit Number: 19-7-55	
Date Received: 6-18-19	Received by: S. Waters
Conditions of Approval:	
,	
Tree Committee Action:	Date:

Tree Committee Actions can be appealed to the Town Council within 10 days of the Tree Committee Action. Contact Town Hall for more information.





ROSS VALLEY FIRE DEPARTMENT Robert Bastianon, Fire Inspecto Approved by

Figure I

	HAZARD ASSESSMENT MATRIX								
oints	'	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Point
spect	NE, E	NW, N	SF. W	S	SW				2
lope		0-10		11-20		21-30		31+	- 8
uel -30	Specimen Garden	Hardwood	Grass	Mostly Grass	Mostly Brush	Pyrophoric Hardwoods Chaparral	Conifer	Conifer w/brush under story	3
h-100	Grass, Mostly Grass	Afastly Brush		Pyrophori  G Hardwood  S Chaparral	Conifer with brush under story				1

Minimum Horizontal Modification Requirement in feet \_\_\_\_50

#### Hazard Points:

1234567	891011121314	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 :
30x30x30 ft.	30x30x50 ti	50x50x100.ft.

#### Fuel Types:

- Specimen Garden: a well-maintained ornamental garden, usually irrigated. Trees and shrubs are well spaced or clustered, thinned and free of deadwood. The lawn is mowed and clean. No pyrophytic plants within 10 ft. of house.
   Hardwood (Model 9): Broadled fron-pyrophytic) trees such as oaks, maples, ash, etc.
   Grass (Model 1): Wild field grass dominates: trees and shrubs occupy less than 1/3 of the
- D. Mostly Grass (Model 2): Brush and tree reproduction occupy more than 1/3 and less than
- 2/3 of the area.
   E. Mostly Brush (Model 5): Brush and tree reproduction occupies 2/3 of the area. Includes
- Mostly Prusy (Model 3): Brital and the reproduction occupies 23 or the area. Includes young chaparal, coastal serulo and broom stands.

  F. Pyrophytic Hardwoods (Model 12): Broadleaf trees that is high in volatile oils, which produce heavy debris and burn intensely. May have some conifers mixed in but the flammable hardwoods dominate the fire behavior.

  G. Chaparral (Model 4): Six foot and taller old, pyrophytic brush with excessive deadwood.
- Includes mixed chaparral of Manzanita, serub oak, chaparral pea, tall ceanothus, chamise.
- etc. Often has some young Douglas fit or pines.

  H. Conifer (Model 8): Needleleaf trees typically with heavy litter, low branches and plentiful deadwood. Often mixed with some hardwoods or even pyrophytic hardwoods, but conifers dominated and earry the fire.

#### A. INTRODUCTION

The following report is the Vegetation Fuels Management Plan for Chris and Lindsay Bolter at their proposed new residence at 5 Woodland Road, Fairfax, Calif. The project is a two story residence and a one story garage at the bottom of the property that is cut into the hillside. This report describes the project and outline the measures being taken to provide effective fire hazard mitigation. The plan accompanying this report shows the property boundaries, existing trees, the residence and the driveway, patlo, as well as the diagram of the defensible space and proposed treatments of the defensible space and plantings.

#### B. SITE DESCRIPTION

The 0.53-acre parcel fronts on and is above Woodland Road. The residence is shown being sited as close as possible to Woodland Road. The residence and garage are set 6 ft. from the south (front) and ease (side) property lines. The property slopes up from Woodland Road in a north to northwest aspect with a slope of approximately 48%. The property is a mixture of grasses and oak and bay trees. There are existing trees at the frontage which is town property. There are adjacent residences to the east of the property and two houses to the south across Woodland Road.

The southern property frontage is a steep earth/rock slope that levels out to a flat area below the proposed residence and then slopes up at a consistent slope to the rear of the property. It is proposed to remove approximately 35 oak, bay and madrone trees starting at the proposed garage and ending above the proposed residence.

Six oak trees are shown as remaining. Three at the east side of the property, one at the proposed patio space below the residence and next to the garage and two towards the west pro line below the proposed residence. These trees would be cleaned, and the crowns reduced and a maintenance program will be created to manage the cleaning of the trees yearly.

Most of the property vegetation is natural grasses which will be cut yearly

Any new landscaping will be in the form of irrigated ornamental planters between the front

GRASSES - PER COUNTY OF MARIN DEFENSIBLE SPACE 30'-100' GRASSES TO BE KEPT MOWED

Defensible spaces or fire fuel breaks are required around all residences to provide fix suppression personnel with adequate time to protect homes and neighborhoods during wildfand fires. The size of these defensible spaces around the residence are determined by using the Hazard Assessment Matrix. The matrix uses factors of slope, aspect, vegetation fuel type to dictate the size of these defensible spaces. See the Hazard Assessment Matrix attached. The Boiter Residence scored a total of 14 points requiring a protection zone of 30 feet around on the north, east and west and 50° at the south of the residence as defined by the fire protection standards.

D. VEGETATION AND VEGETATION MANAGEMENT DEFENSIBLE SPACES A & B

 Critical Zone A: 0' to 30' from the residence
 The zone is the area surrounding the residence to a point approx This area will have no pyrophytic trees, shrubs, groundcovers, or plants. The only plants in this zone will

The east frontage will have all vegetation removed to the property line. The Bolters will initiate a dialog with the eastern neighbor to explore vegetation management on the neighboring property.

Zone B: 30' to 100' from the residence

Natural grasses between trees which are to be kept mowed

Due to the tight location and footprint of the property there is no control by the Bolters to the east and south of the proposed residence and garage.

REVISIONS

ARCHITECT ARCHITECT

MANAGEMENT

BOLTER Fairfax, CA

New Residence for CHRIS & LINDSAY 5 Woodland Rd. FAPN: 003-053-10

Date APRIL 2019

Scale 3/32" = 1'-0" Drawn DMS

job BOLTER

VMP of 12

## TOWN OF FAIRFAX TREE COMMITTEE

\*\*\*DRAFT\*\*\*

#### MINUTES OF THE MEETING July 22, 2019

#### CALL TO ORDER/ROLL CALL

Jane Richardson-Mack called the meeting to order at 7:00 p.m.

The following Committee members were present: Deborah Benson, Kathy Flores, Jane Richardson-Mack, John Romaidis.

#### New Business items:

 1. 164 Toyon Dr. Applicant present.

Flores made a motion to approve the application; the motion was seconded by Romaidis and voted on.

Vote:
Benson- Aye
Flores- Aye
Richardson-Mack- Abstain

Romaidis- Aye

Item #1 Vote: Ayes- 3, Noes- 0, Abstention- 1

### 5 Woodland Rd. Applicant not present.

Flores and Benson mentioned no trees were tagged during their site visit. The "Trees to be Removed/Altered" section of the agenda items designates a total of four (4) trees to be removed but the submitted application showed approximately 31 trees. Tree types were not coordinated with the plans provided. There was a consensus that trees not within the footprint of the building should remain.

Richardson-Mack made a motion to recommend that the applicant coordinate on the plans the identity of the trees and clarify on the Tree Committee agenda the total number of trees proposed to be removed; the motion was seconded by Romaidis and voted on.

### **TOWN OF FAIRFAX** TREE COMMITTEE

\*\*\*DRAFT\*\*\*

MINUTES OF THE MEETING July 22, 2019

Vote:

Benson- Aye Flores- Aye Richardson Mack- Aye

Romaidis- Aye

#### 3. 37 Spruce Rd.

Applicant not present.

Richardson-Mack made a motion to approve the application; the motion was seconded by Benson and voted on.

Vote:

Benson- Aye Flores-No Richardson Mack- Aye Romaidis- Aye

Item #3 Vote: Ayes- 3 Noes- 1

Item #2 Vote: Ayes- 4 Noes- 0

#### 4. 234 Tamalpais Rd.

Applicant not present.

Flores made a motion to approve the application; the motion was seconded by Benson and voted on.

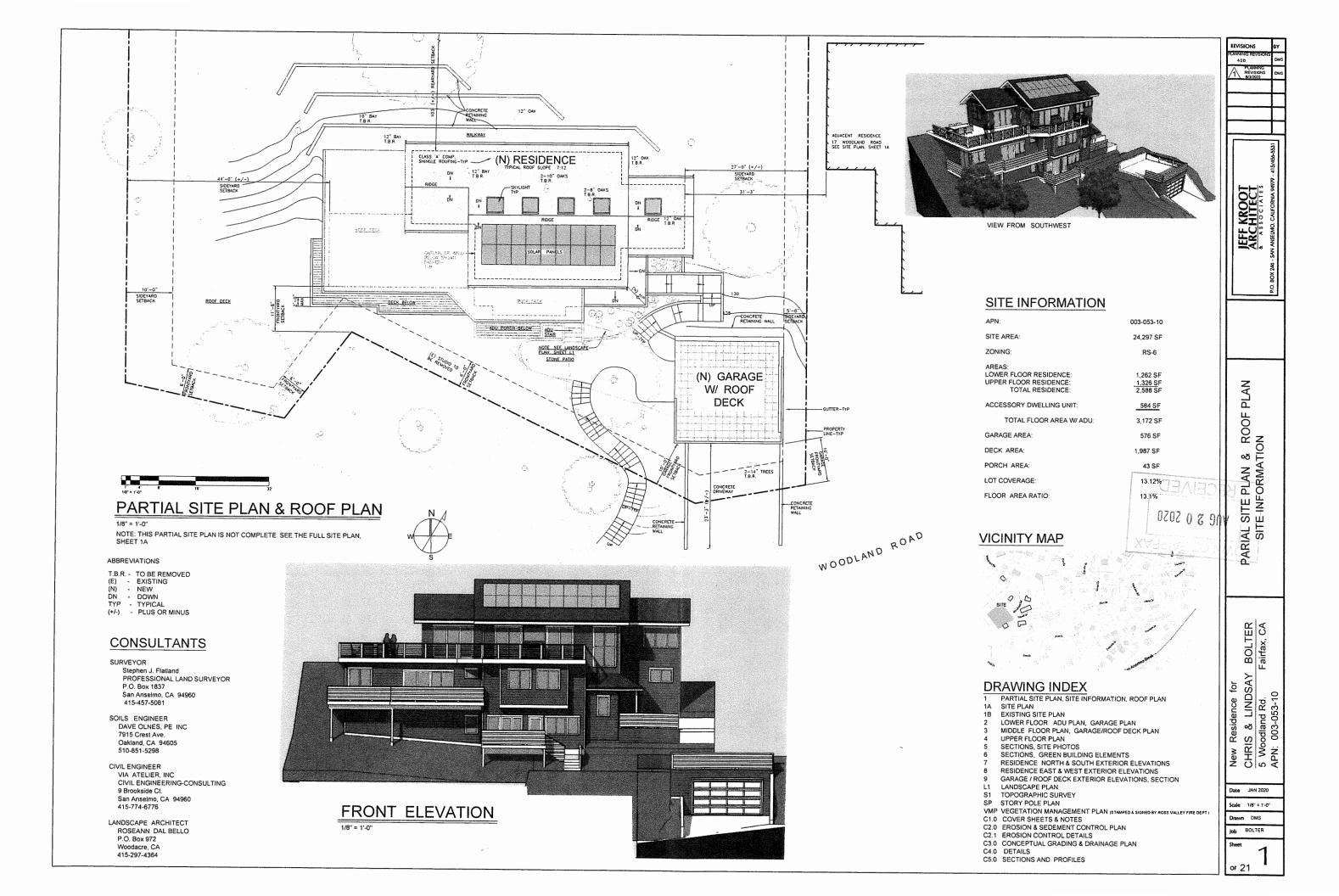
Vote:

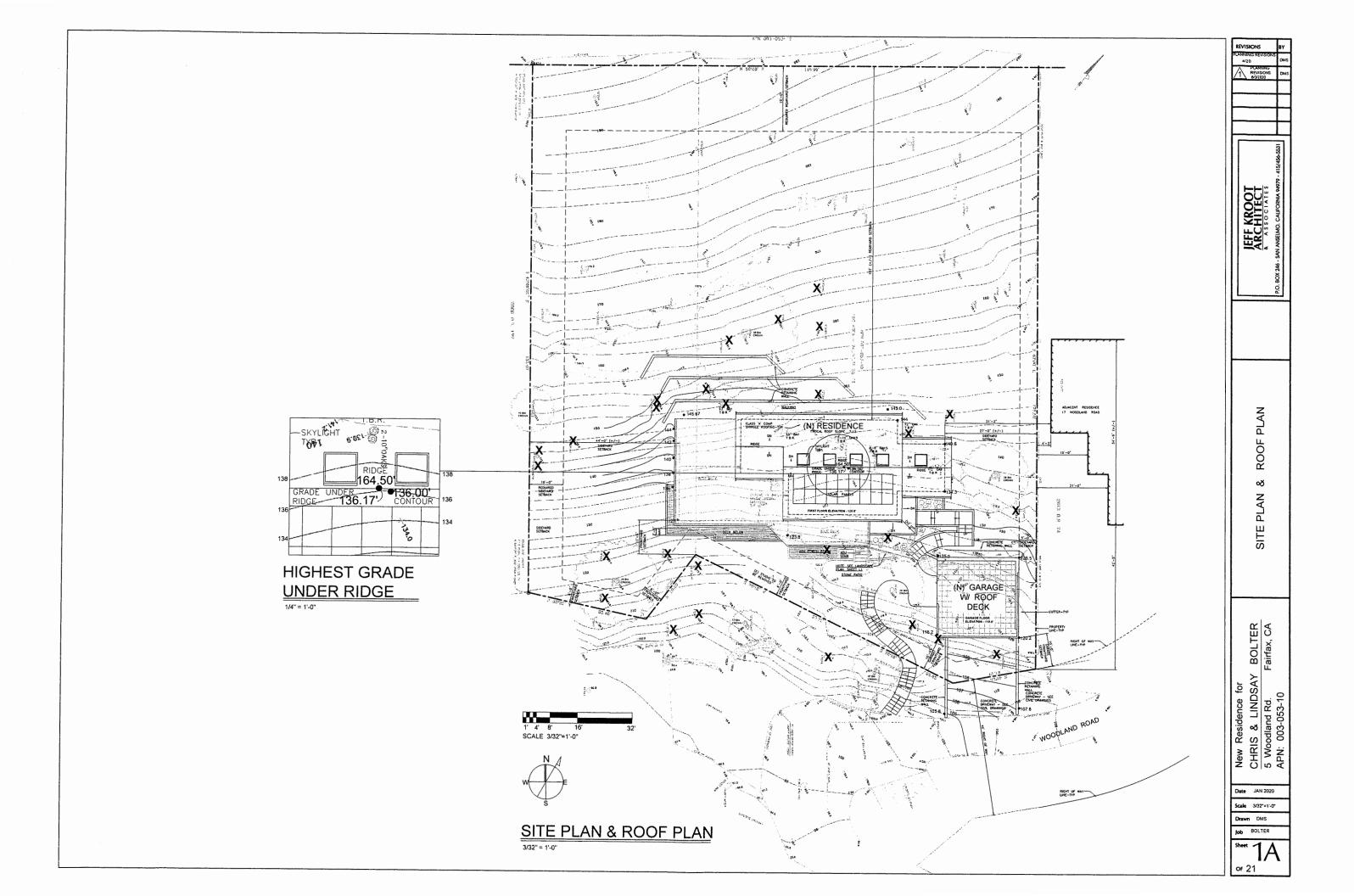
Benson-Aye Flores- Aye

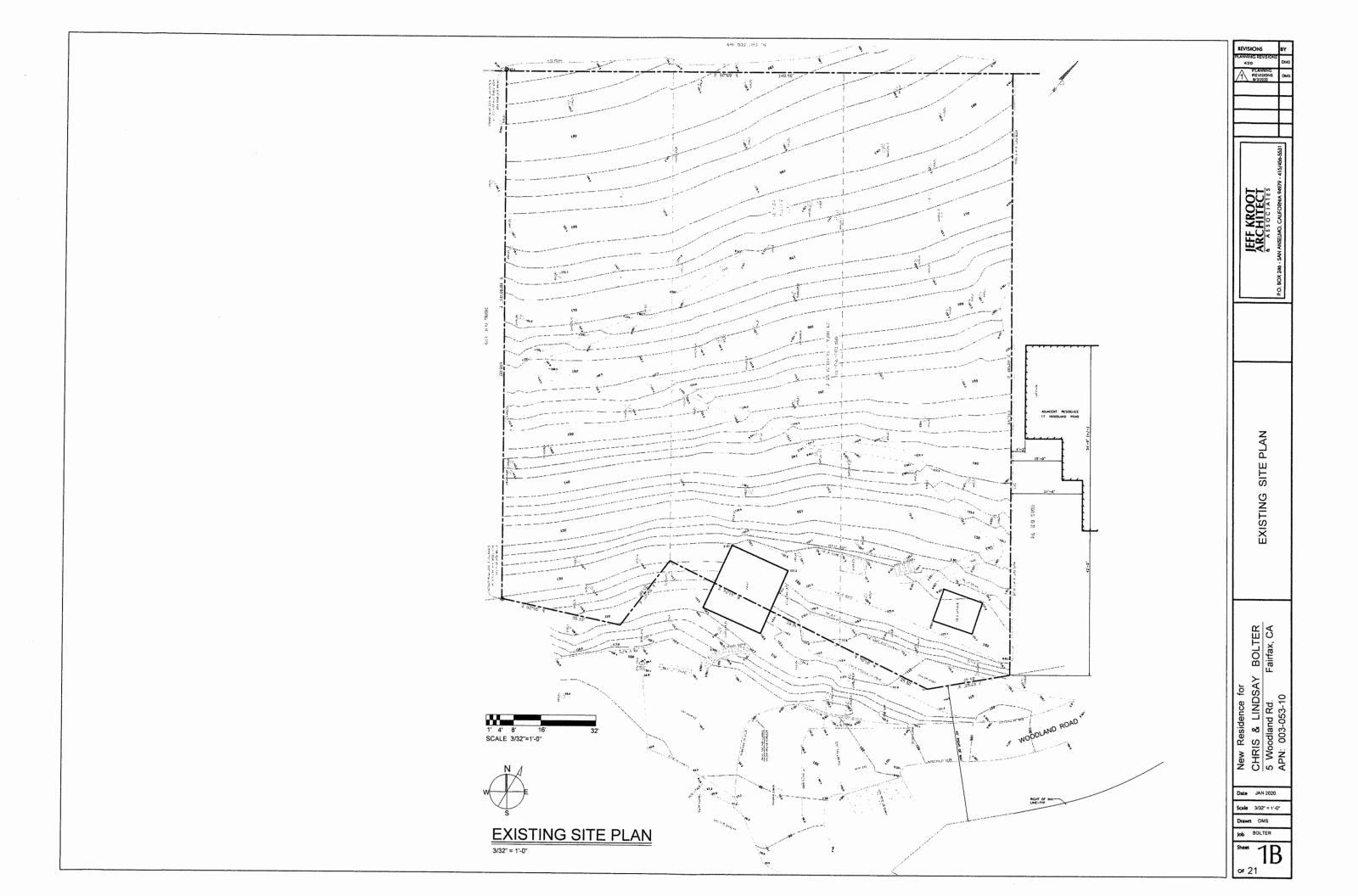
Richardson Mack- Aye

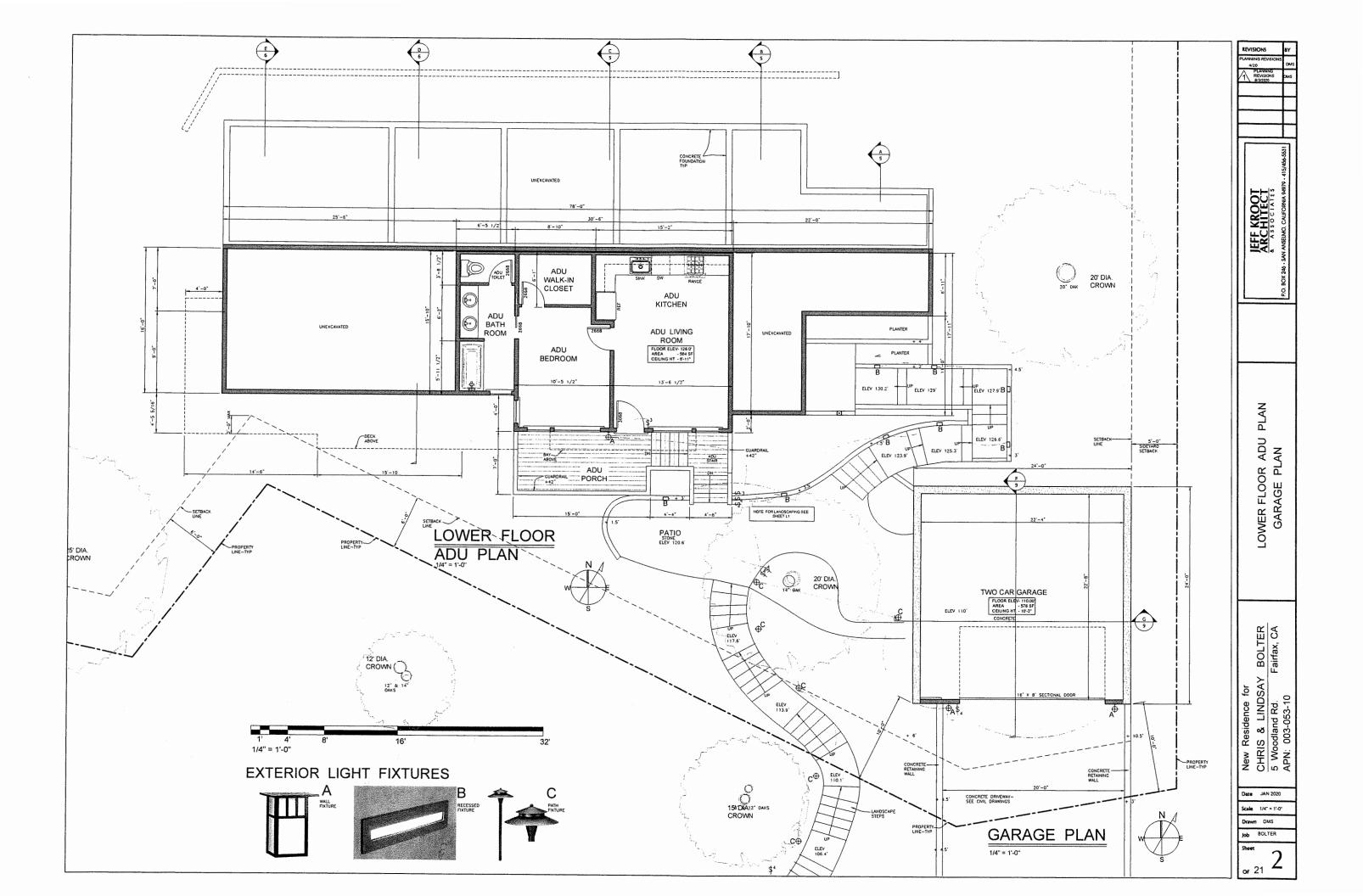
Romaidis- Aye

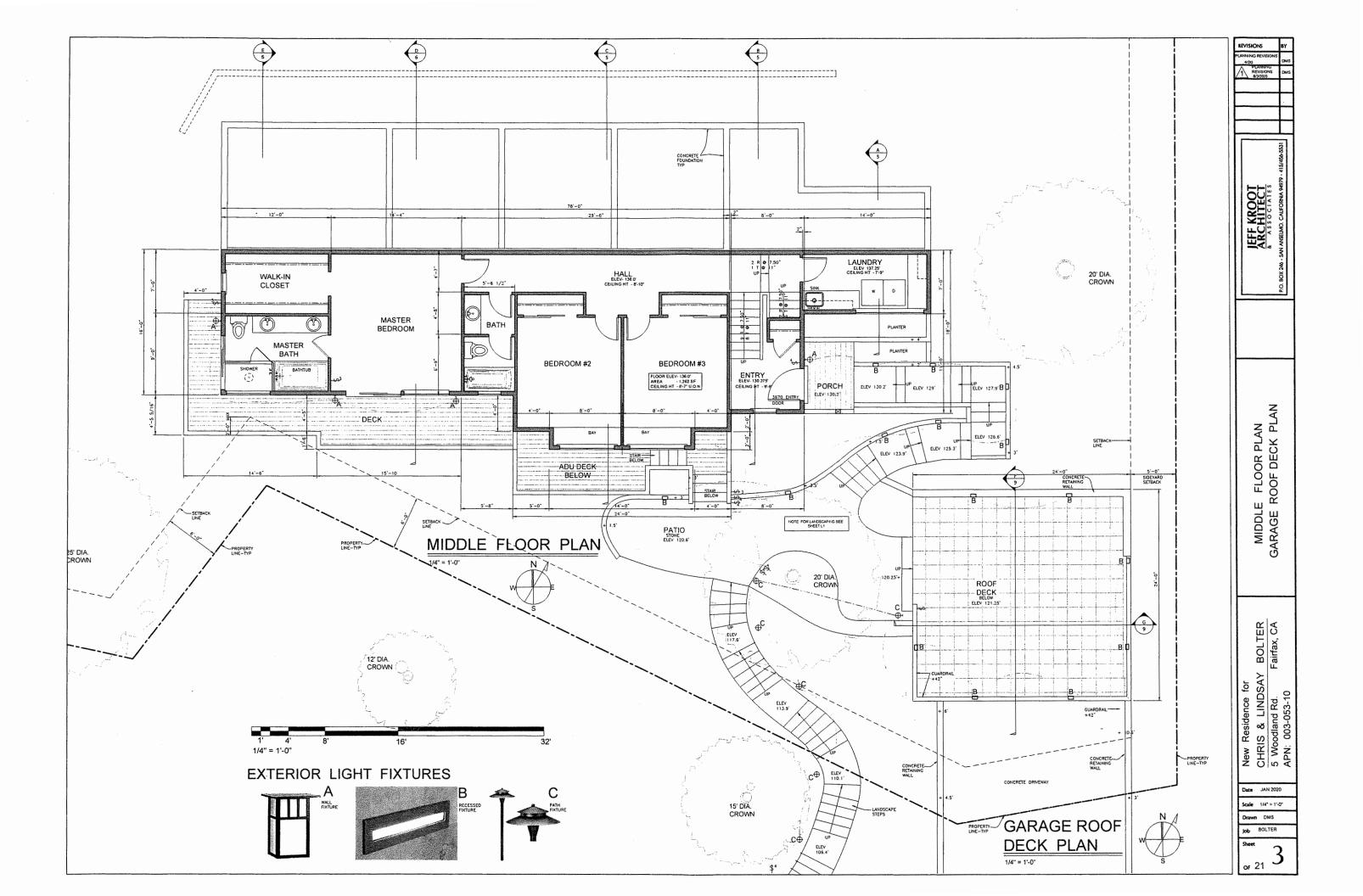
Item #4 Vote: Ayes- 4, Noes- 0

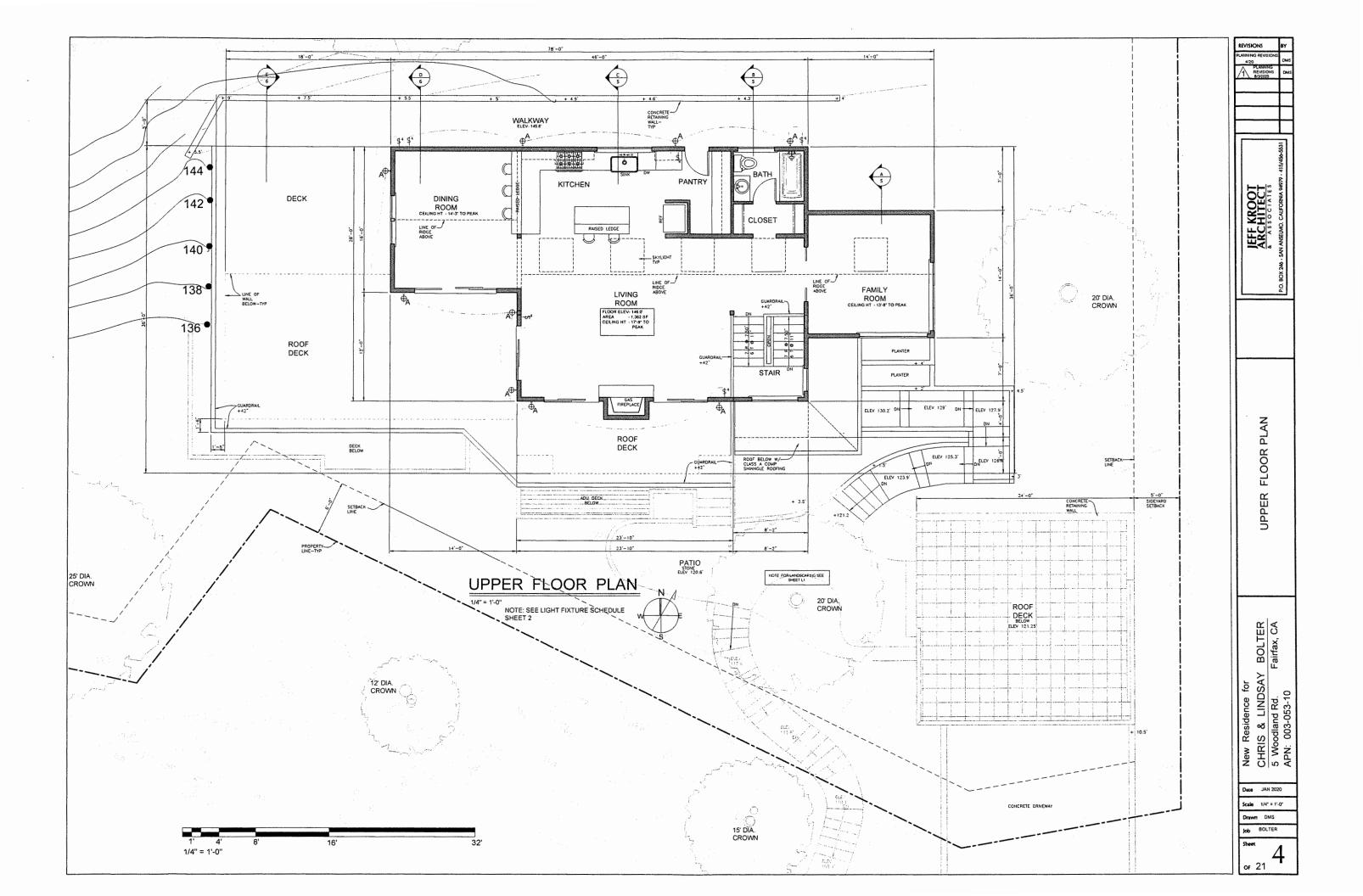


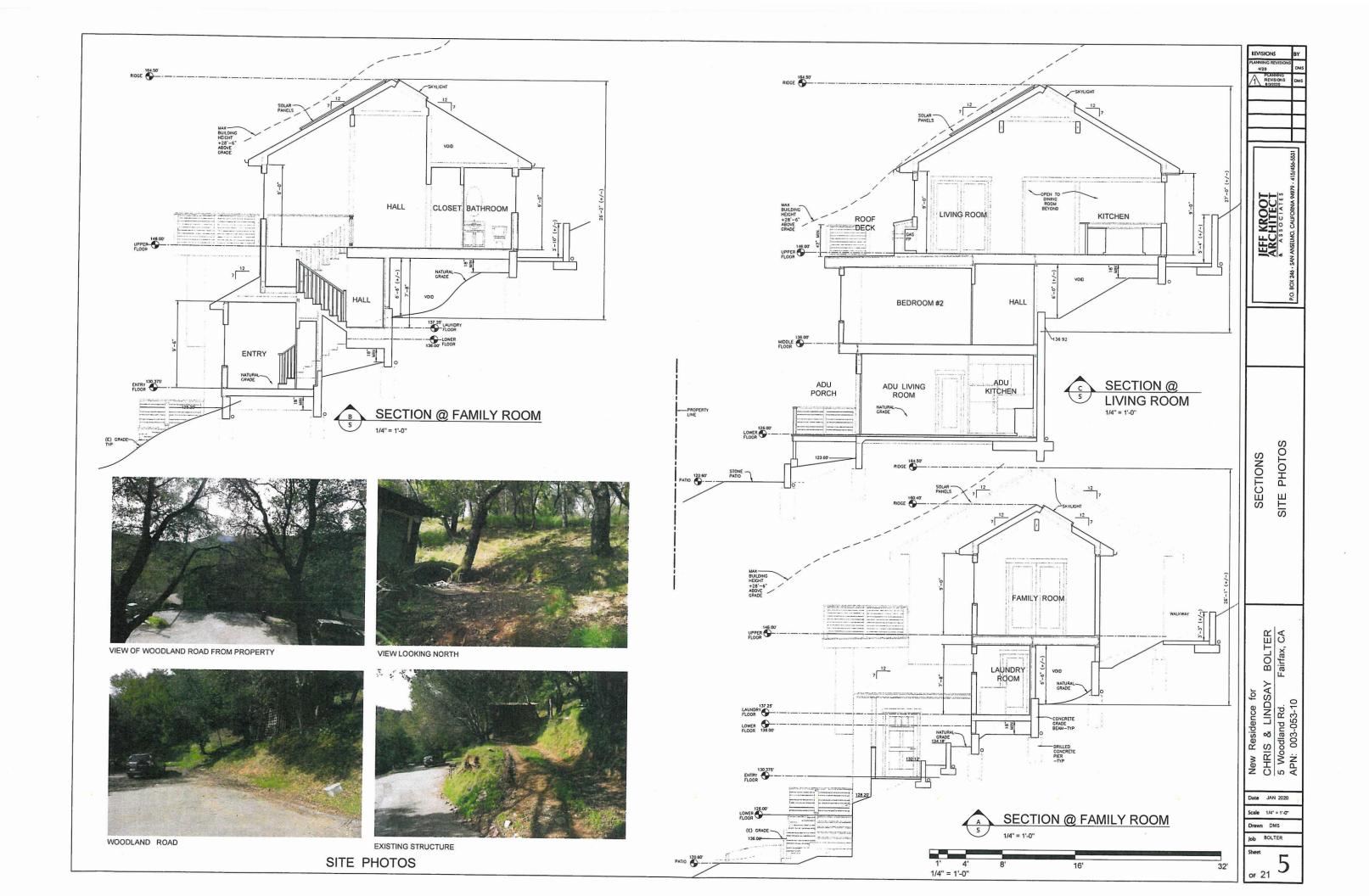


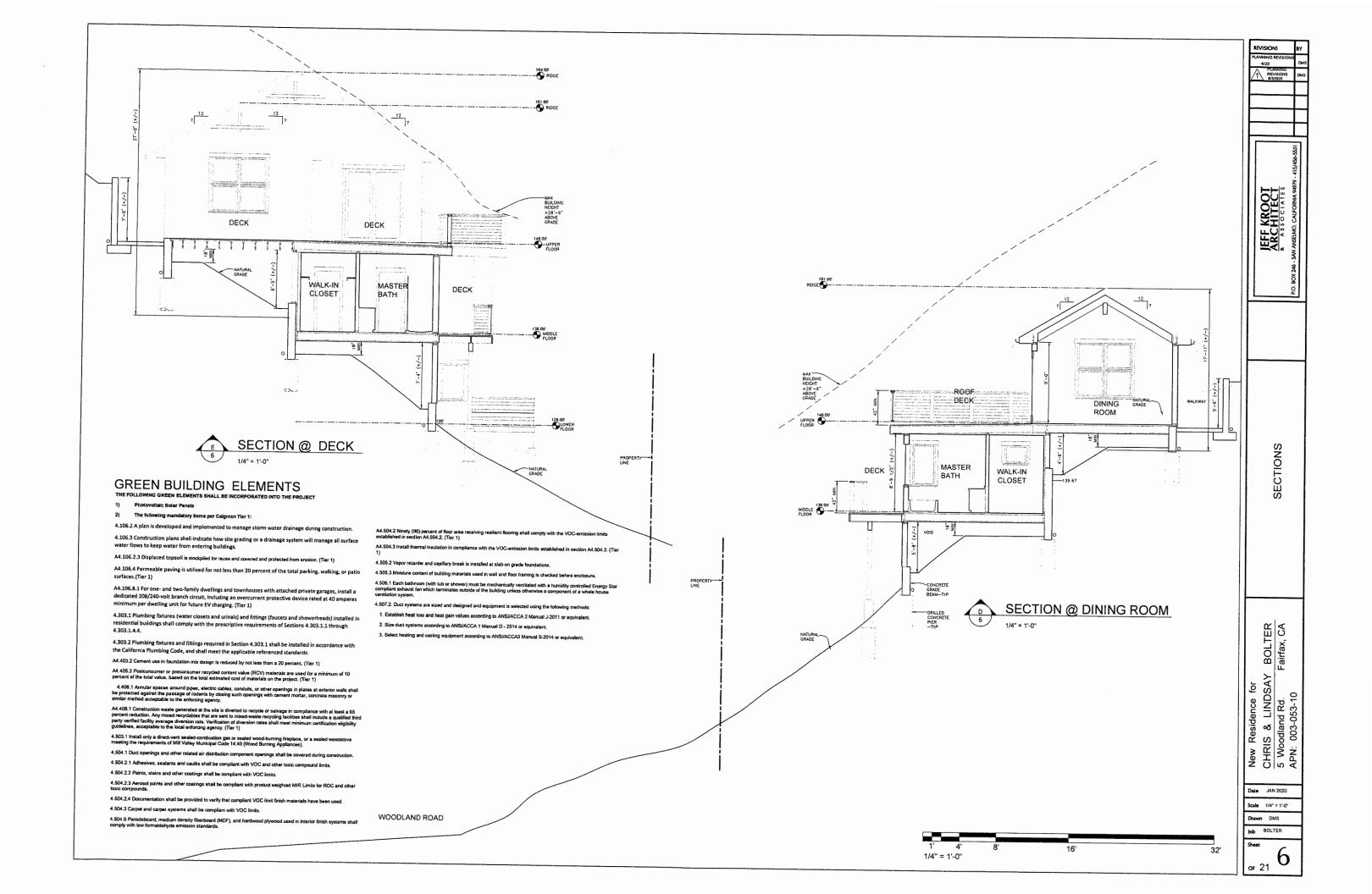


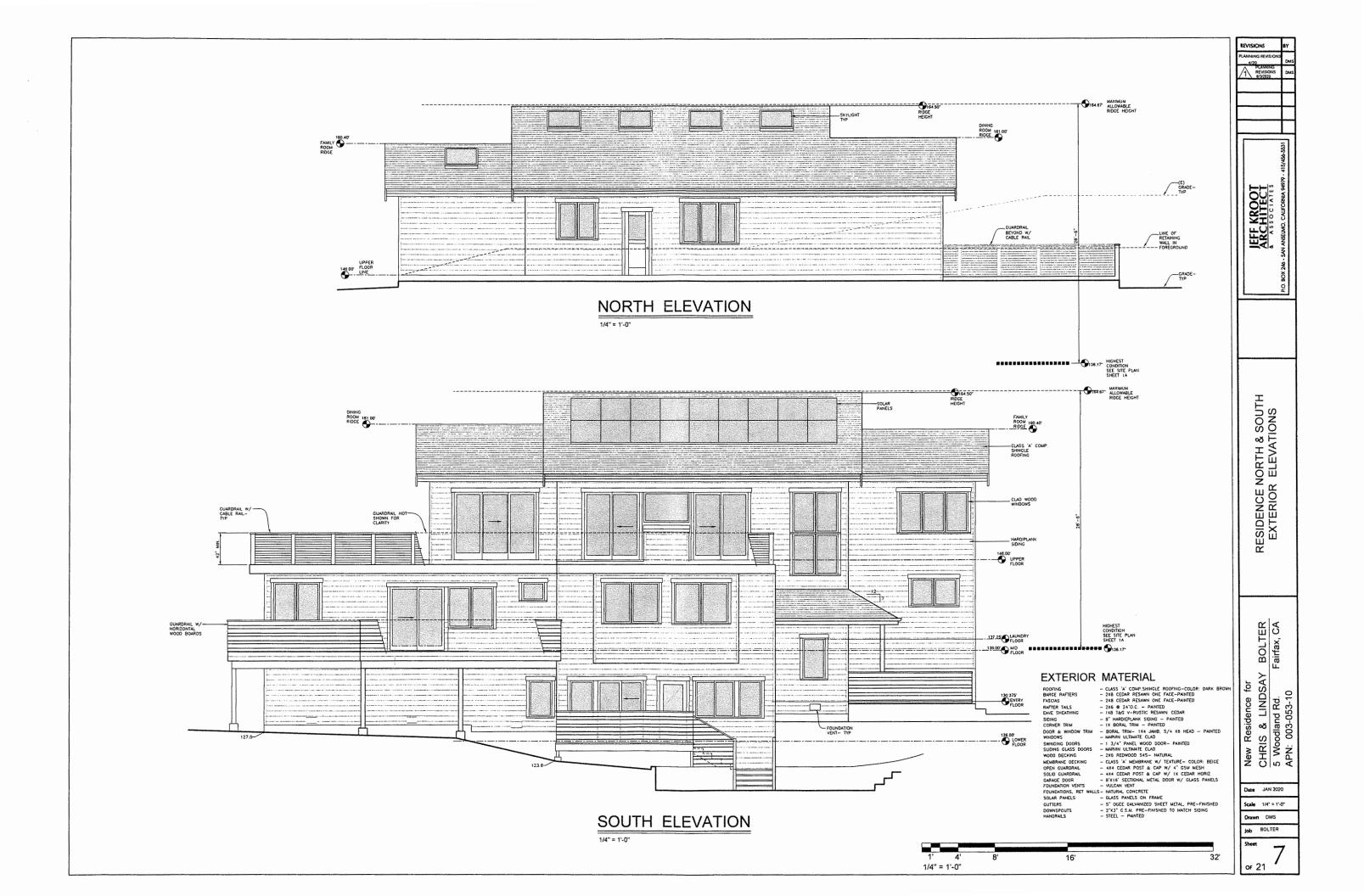


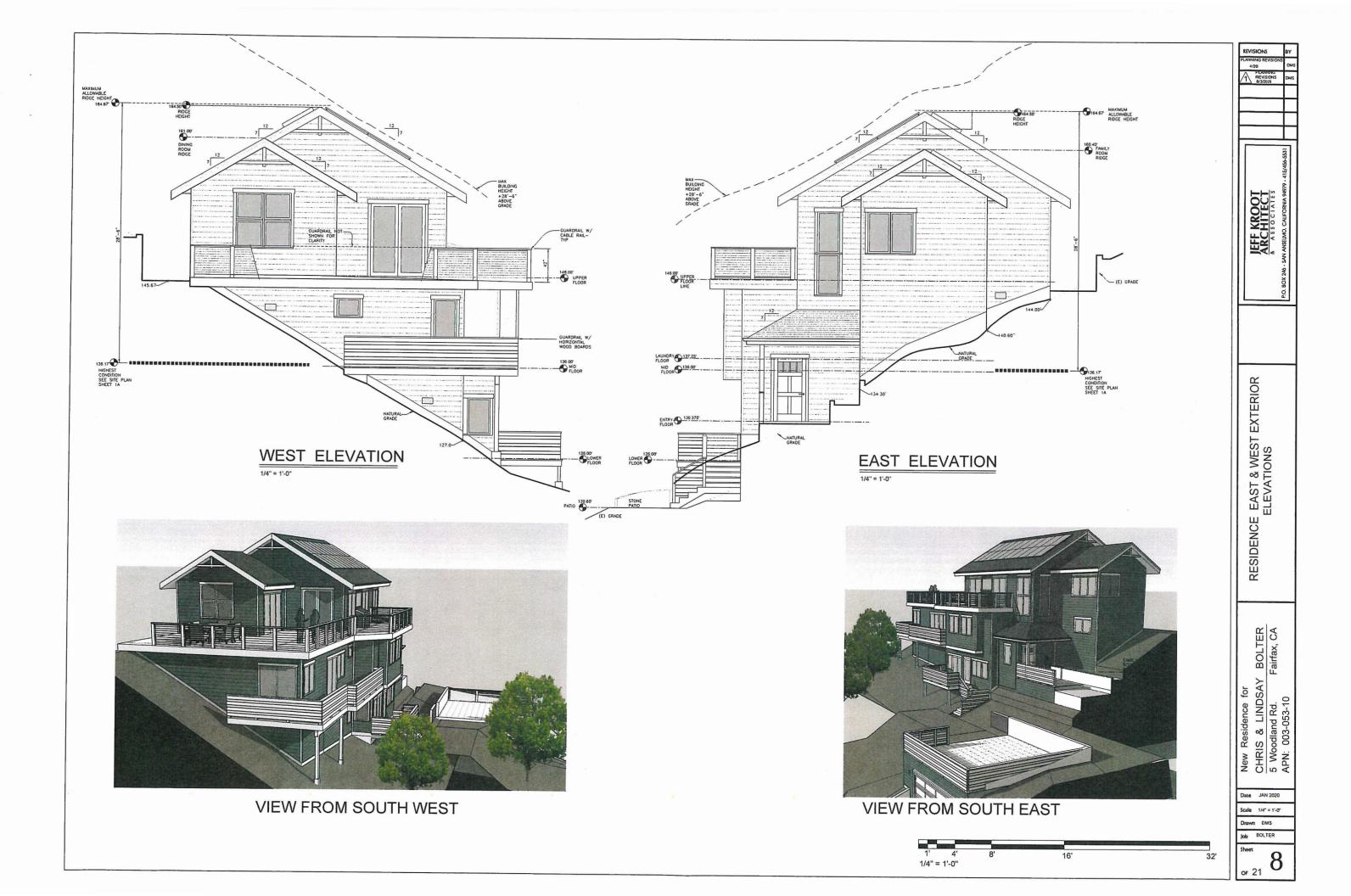


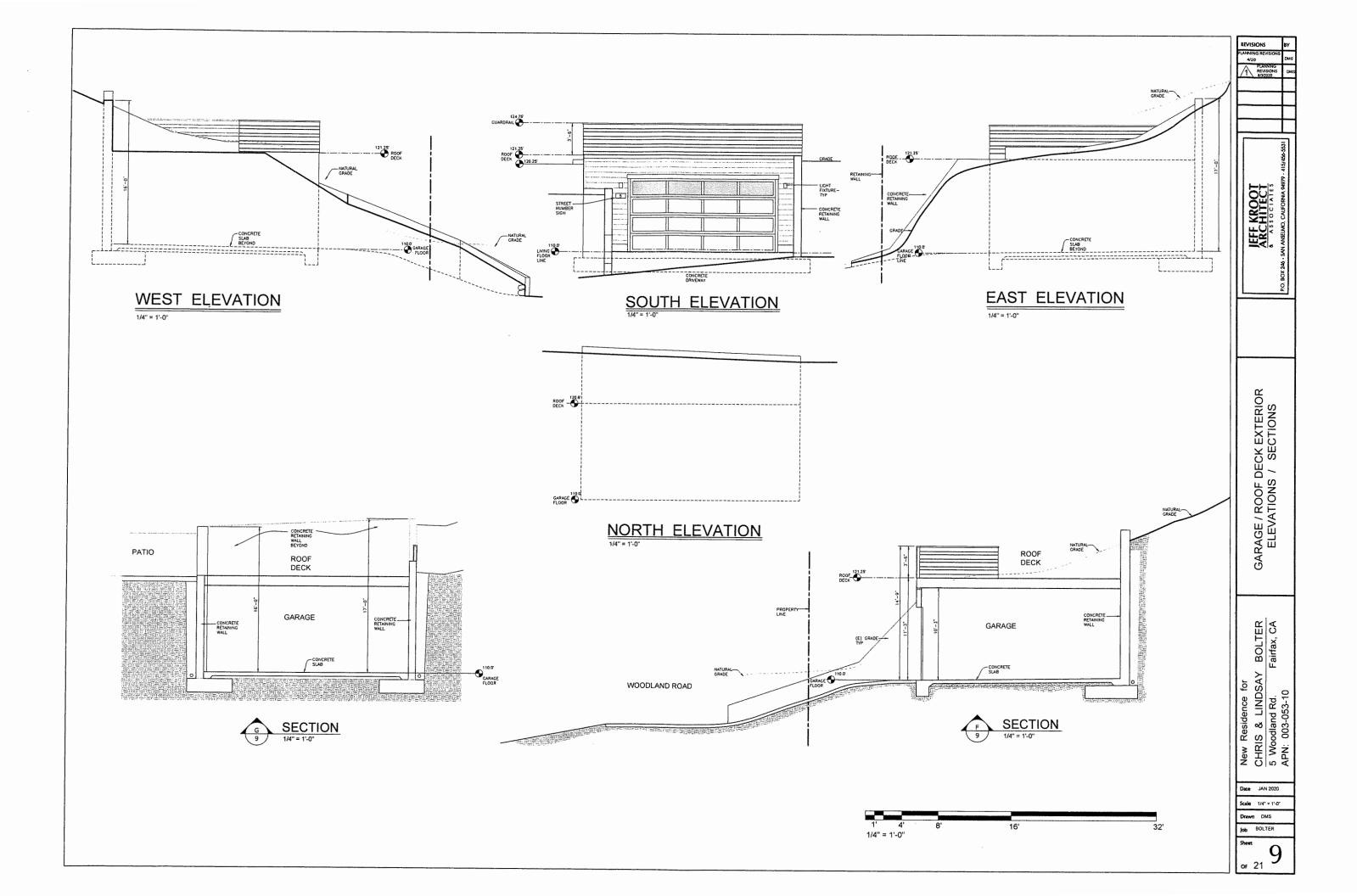


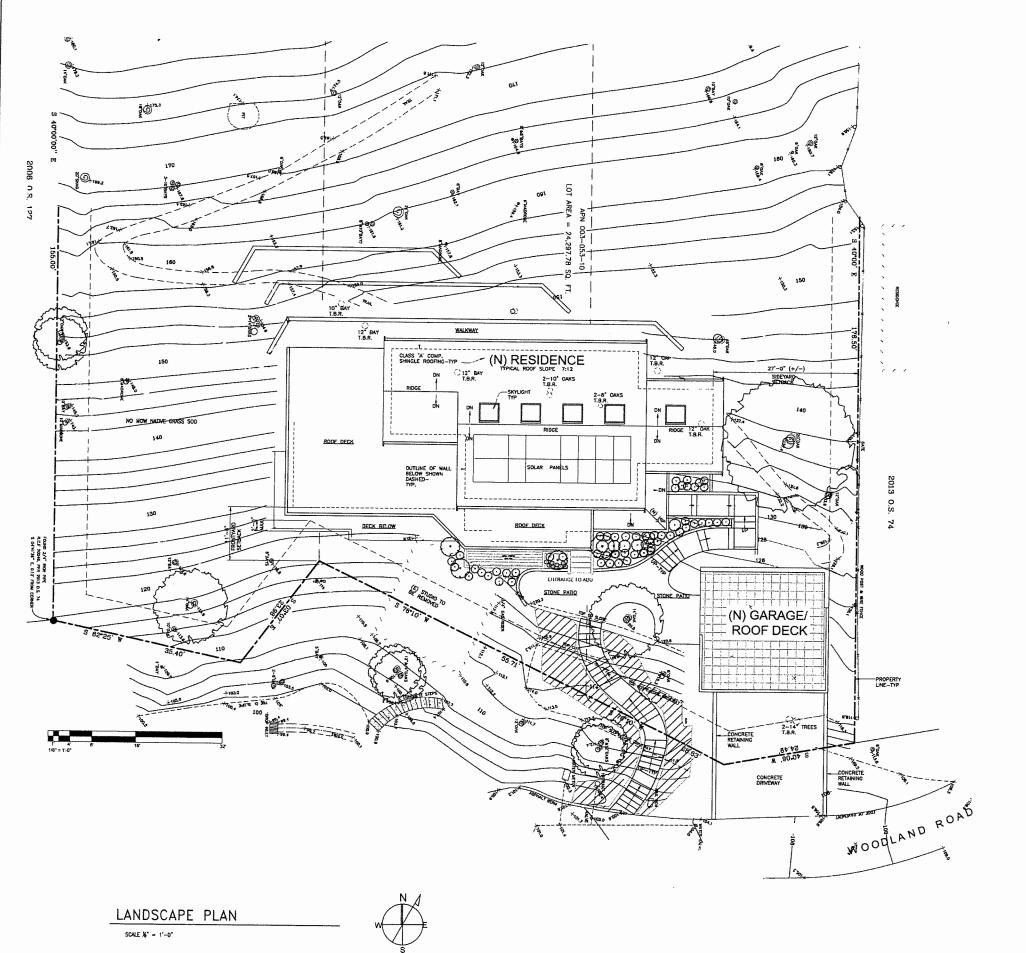










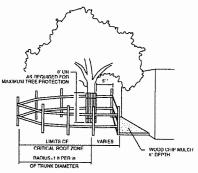


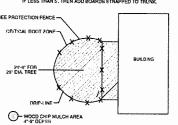
## PLANTING LEGEND

LANTINO	LLULIND	
$\odot$	EXISTING TREE TO REMAIN — REFER TO ARBORIST REPORT FOR ANY CORRECTIVE WORK	
	NEW NURSERY TREE— ARBUTUS MARINA QUERCUS AGRIFOLIA	
$\bigcirc$	EVERGREEN SCREEN-PLANT AT THE REQUIRED DISTANCE FROM THE HOUSE PER FIRE CODE PRUNUS LIDITOLIA MYRICA CALIFORNICA	
0	SHRUBS AND PERENNALS ACHALEA TOMENTOSA ERIGERON CALACUS PROSTEMON SPECIES RHAMINIS CALEFORNICA HEUCHERA MARIAN MIMULIS SPECIES	
	NIXED NATIVE GRASSES AND GROUNDCOVERS FESTUCA RUBRA NOMARDELLA VILLOSA	

## NOTES:

- 1 PROTECT IN PLACE EXISTING NATIVE SHRUBS AND TREES UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTEO ON PLANS. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE PROTECTION OF THE EXISTING TREES DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 2 ALL NEW PLANTING TO BE IRRIGATED BY AN AUTOMATIC DRIP SYSTEM.
- 3. ALL PLANTS USED IN THIS LANDSCAPE ARE SELECTED FROM FIRESAFE MARIN PLANT LIST. THE LANDSCAPE PLAN SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ROSS VALLEY FIRE DEPARTMENT
- THE LANDSCAPE PLAN SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MARIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT (MMWD) WATER EFFICIENT LANDSCAPE CODE.
- 4. CONTRACTOR TO NOT FILL NEAR THE TRUNKS OF THE EXISTING TREES...
- 5. ALL PRUNING TO ACCOMMODATE THE CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PERFORMED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF AN ARBORIST.





TREE PROTECTION DETAIL

SCALE NOT TO SCALE

PA LANDSCAPE BOLTER Fairfax, CA

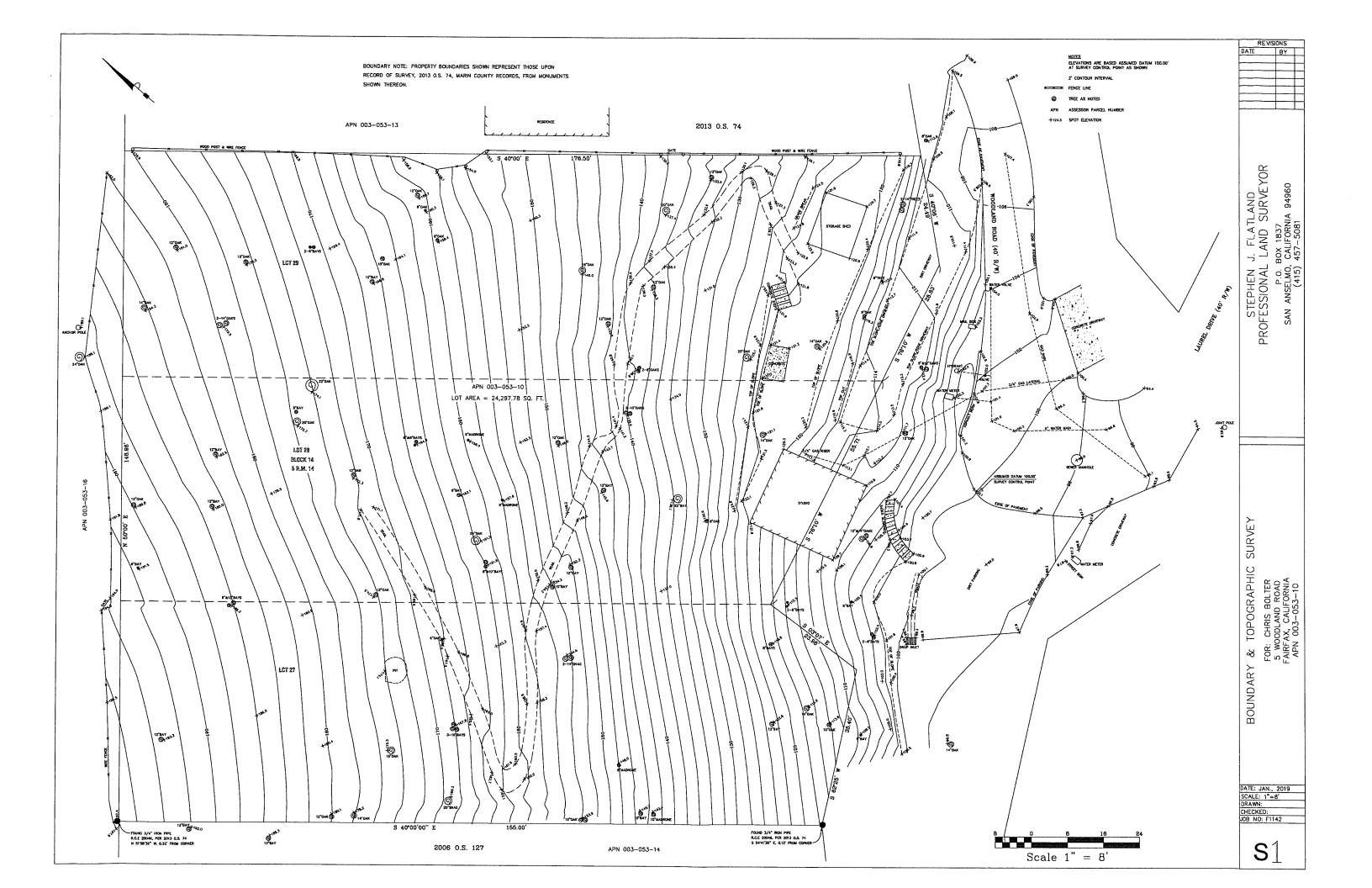
New Residence for CHRIS & LINDSAY 5 Woodland Rd. F APN: 003-053-10

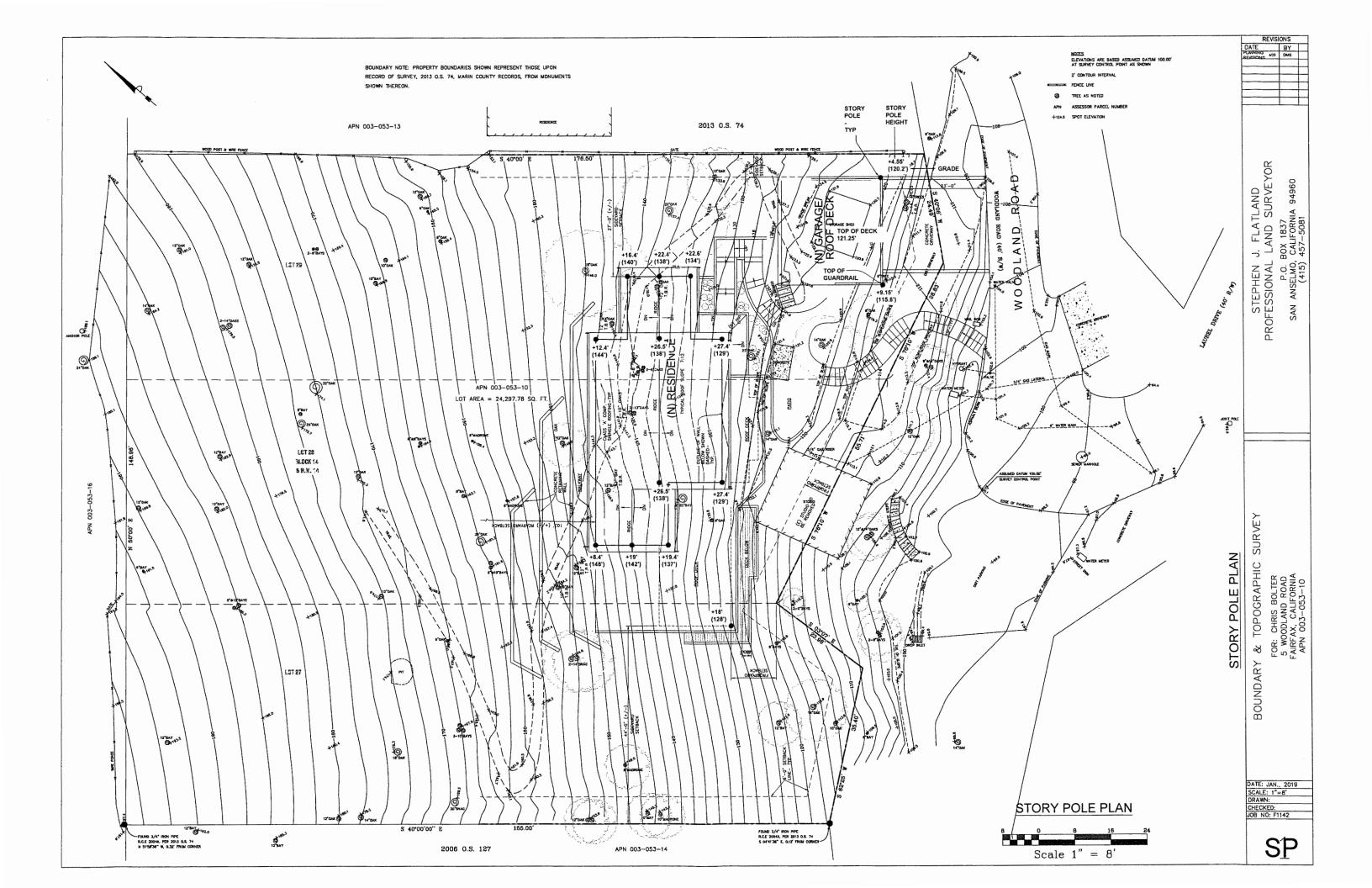
Date JAN 2020

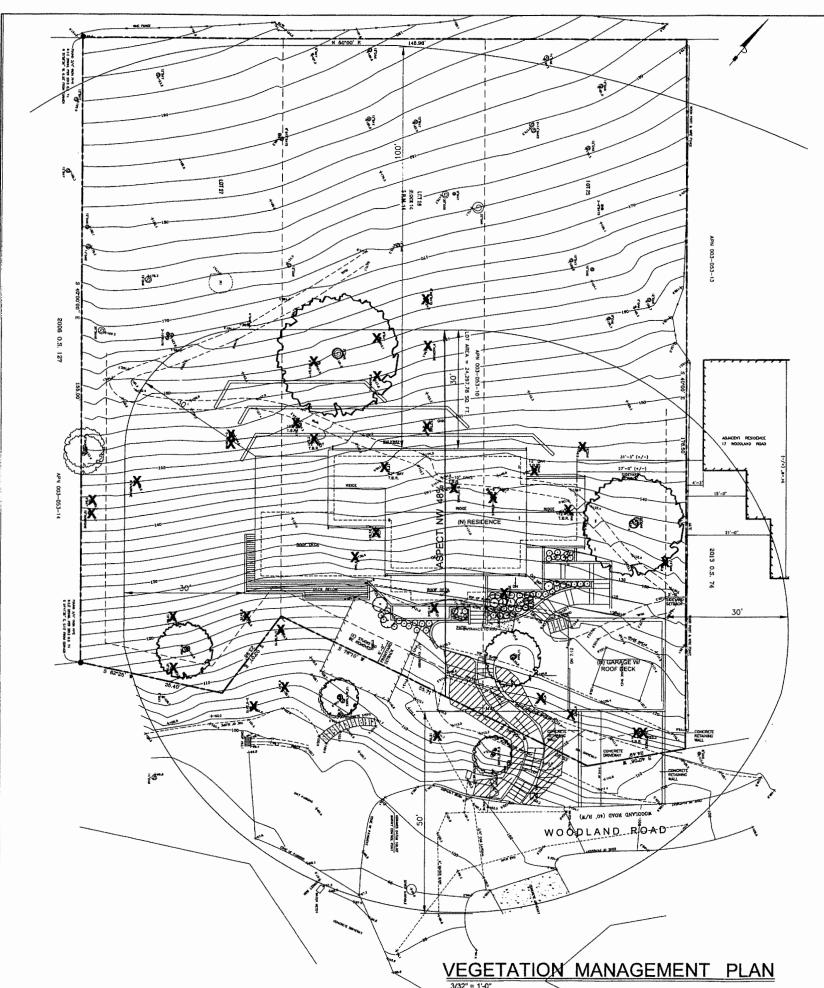
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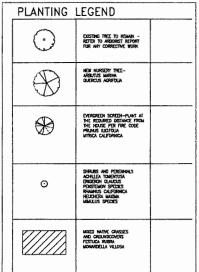
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- I PROTECT IN PLACE EXISTING NATIVE SHRUBS AND TREES UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON PLANS, CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE PROTECTION O THE EXISTING TREES DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 2 ALL NEW PLANTING TO BE IRRIGATED BY AN AUTOMATIC DRIP SYSTEM 3. ALL PLANTS USED IN THIS LANDSCAPE ARE SELECTED FROM FIR MARIN PLANT LIST THE LANDSCAPE PLAN SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ROSS VALLEY FIRE DEPARTMENT
- THE LANDSCAPE PLAN SHALL BE DISIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MARIN MUNCIPAL WATER DISTRICT (ARMO) WATER EFFICIENT LANDSCAPE CODE.
- 6. ALL PRUNING TO ACCOMMODATE THE CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PERFORMED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF AN ARBORIST .

## SYMBOL SCHEDULE

X (E) TREE TO BE REMOVED -MIXTURE OF OAK AND BAY TREES

(E) OAK TREE TO REMAIN - TO BE CLEANED, HAVE CROWNS REDUCED AND BE MAINTAINED

BETWEEN TREES

PREDOMINANT GROWTH - GRASSES - PER COUNTY
DE MARIN DEFENSIBLE
SPACE 30-100" GRASSES TO
BE KEPT MOWED





		ROSS	VALLEY FIRE DEPARTMENT	
	-2	Developed by	Fire Protection Standard 220	Dete: 9/26/09
	Robert Bestamon, Fire Inspecto Approved by	Robert Bastlanon, Fire Inspector Approved by	Vegetation Fuels	Revision:
3	Roger Meagar, Fire Chief	Management Plan	Page: 4 6	
	l			

				1	lgure i				
			HAZA	RD ASSES	SMENT M	ATRIX			
Hazard Points	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Points
Aspect	NE, E	NW, N	SE, W	S	SW	<del>                                     </del>			2
Slope		0-10		11-20		21-30		31+	В
Fuel 0-30	Specimen Garden	Hardwood	Grass	Mostly Grass	Mostly Brush	Pyrophoric Hardwoods Chaparral	Conifer	Conifer w/brush under story	3
Fuei 31-100	Grass, Mostly Grass	Mostly Brosh		Pyrophori c Hardwood s Chapanal	Conifer with brush under story				1

Total Hazard Points 14

1234567	891011121314	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
30x30x30 ft.	30x30x50 ft	50x50x100 ft.

## Fuel Types:

- Specimen Garden: a well-maintained ornamental garden, usually irrigated. Trees and shrabs are well spaced or clustered, thinned and free of deadwood. The lawn is mowed and clean. No pyrophytic plants within 10 ft. of house.
   Hardwood (Model 9): Broadleaf (non-pyrophytic) trees such as oaks, maples, ash, etc.
   C. Grass (Model 1): Wild field grass dominates; trees and shrubs occupy less than 1/3 of the
- D. Mostly Grass (Model 2): Brush and tree reproduction occupy more than 1/3 and less than 2/3 of the area.
- E. Mostly Brush (Model 5): Brush and tree reproduction occupies 2/3 of the area. Includes young chaparral, coastal scrub and broom stands.
   F. Pyrophytic Hardwoods (Model 12): Broadleaf trees that is high in volatile oils, which
- Produce heavy debris and burn intensely. May have some conifers mixed in but the flammable burdwoods dominate the fire behavior.
- Chaparral (Model 4): Six foot and taller old, pyrophytic brush with excessive deadwood. Includes mixed chaparral of Manzanita, scrub oak, chaparral pea, tall ceanothus, chamise,
- Includes mixed capparts or remarkation, over the Consider (Model 8): Needleleaf trees typically with heavy litter, low branches and plentiful deadwood. Often mixed with some hardwoods or even pyrophytic hardwoods, but conifers

The following report is the Vegetation Fuels Management Plan for Chris and Lindsay Bolter at their proposed new residence at 5 Woodland Road, Fairfax, Calif. The project is a two story residence and a one story garage at the bottom of the property that is cut into the hillside. This report describes the project and outline the measures being taken to provide effective fire hazard mitigation. The plan accompanying this report shows the property boundaries, existing trees, the residence and the driveway, patio, as well as the diagram of the defensible space and proposed treatments of the defensible space and plantings.

## B. SITE DESCRIPTION

The 0.53-acre parcel fronts on and is above Woodland Road. The residence is shown being sited as close as possible to Woodland Road. The residence and garage are set 6 ft. from the south (front) and ease (side) property lines. The property slopes up from Woodland Road in a north to northwest aspect with a slope of approximately 48%. The property is a mixture of grasses and oak and bay trees. There are existing trees at the frontage which is town property. There are adjacent residences to the east of the property and two houses to the south across Woodland Road.

The southern property frontage is a steep earth/rock slope that levels out to a flat area below the proposed residence and then slopes up at a consistent slope to the rear of the property. It is proposed to remove approximately 35 oak, bay and madrone trees starting at the proposed garage and

Six oak trees are shown as remaining. Three at the east side of the property, one at the posed patio space below the residence and next to the garage and two towards the west property line below the proposed residence. These trees would be cleaned, and the crowns reduced and a maintenance program will be created to manage the cleaning of the trees yearly.

Most of the property vegetation is natural grasses which will be cut yearly.

Any new landscaping will be in the form of irrigated ornamental planters between the front

Defensible spaces or fire fuel breaks are required around all residences to provide fire mel with adequate time to protect homes and neighborhoods during wildland fires The size of these defensible spaces around the residence are determined by using the Hazard ssessment Matrix. The matrix uses factors of slope, aspect, vegetation fuel type to dictate the size of these defensible spaces. See the Hazard Assessment Matrix attached. The Bolter Residence scored a total of 14 points requiring a protection zone of 30 feet around on the north, east and west and 50' at the south of the residence as defined by the fire protection standards.

## D. VEGETATION AND VEGETATION MANAGEMENT DEFENSIBLE SPACES A & 8

## Critical Zone A: 0' to 30' from the resk

The zone is the area surrounding the residence to a point approximately 30' from the residence. This area will have no pyrophytic trees, shrubs, groundcovers, or plants. The only plants in this zone will

The east frontage will have all vegetation removed to the property line. The Bolters will initiate a dialog with the eastern neighbor to explore vegetation management on the neighbor

2. Zone B: 30' to 100' from the residence

Natural grasses between trees which are to be kept mowed

Due to the tight location and footprint of the property there is no control by the Bolters to the east and south of the proposed residence and garage.

REVISIONS

ARCHITECT



MANAGE ETATION

BOLTER Fairfax, CA

New Residence for CHRIS & LINDSAY 5 Woodland Rd. F APN: 003-053-10

Dette APRIL 2019

Scale 3/32° = 1'-0"

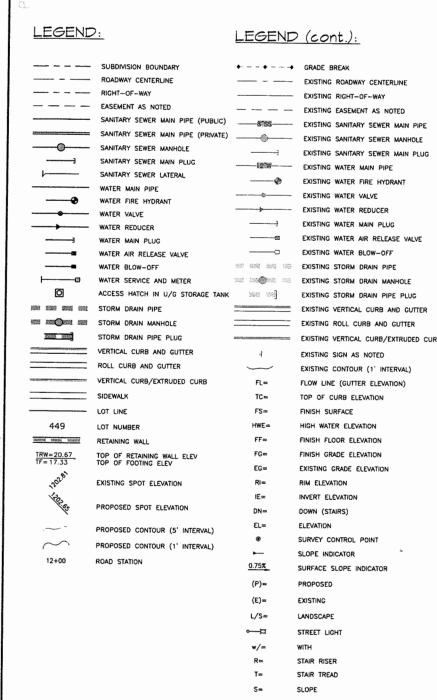
Job BOLTER

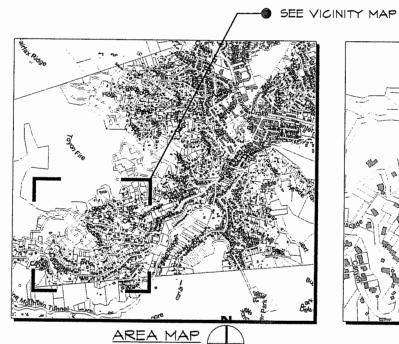
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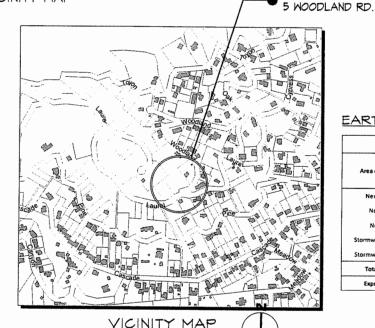
# BOLTER RESIDENCE

5 WOODLAND ROAD, FAIRFAX, CA 94930

A.P.N. No: 003-053-10







# EARTHWORK QUANTITIES:

Grading Quantities					
Area of the Project	Grading				
Area of the Project	cut	fill	total		
New Driveway	38.76				
New Garage	205.64				
New House	92.59	20.37			
Stormwater Treatment	35.16	31.39			
Stormwater Dissipater	8.43				
Totals [cu.yd.]:	380.58	51.76	432.34		
Export [cu.yd.]:		328.82			

## GENERAL NOTES:

- DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL CERTIFY TO THE COUNTY IN WRITING UPON THE COMPLETION OF WORK THAT ALL GRADING AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS MERE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS AND FIELD
- 2. ALL WORK SHALL CONFORM TO THE CURRENT UNIFORM
  CONSTRUCTION/DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS OF COUNTY OF MARIN.
  3. LOCATION OF UTILITIES SHOWN ON THESE PLANS IS APPROXIMATE. IT IS THE
- CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY LOCATIONS AND DEPTHS OF UTILITIES WITH THE APPROPRIATE ASSICIES PRIOR TO STARTING WORK, A RAINATER LEADERS SHALL UTILIZE WHE CONSCIONS, 5. CORRUGATED OR FLEXIBLE DRAIN PIPES ARE NOT PERMITTED.
- 5. DROP INLETS SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON PLANS OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT T. ALL ROOF DOWNSPOUTS SHALL BE CONNECTED TO UNDERGROUND STORM
- ALL ROOF DOINSPOUTS SHALL BE CONNECTED TO INCREMENDATION.
  DRAINS.
   NO GRADING SHALL BE COMMENCED PRIOR TO OBTAINING A GRADING PERMIT.
   FOR RAISED FOUNDATIONS, AT LEAST THO INCHES 2-INCH DIAMETER HOLES
  SHALL BE PLACED IN THE FOUNDATION TO DRAIN THE SUBFLOOR AREA. SIMILAR
  DRAINS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ANY INTERIOR FOUNDATIONS SO THAT MATER IS
  NOT TRAPPED INDER THE BUILDING.
   TRAPPIC CONTROL SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
  REGUIREMENTS OF THE LATEST THANNAL OF TRAFFIC CONTROLS' PUBLISHED BY
  THE CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.
   ALL BYPS SHALL CONFORM TO THE CALIFORNIA STORMMATER QUALITY
  ASSOCIATION (CASQA) LATEST STORMMATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE
- ASSOCIATION (CASQA) LATEST STORMWATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE

# DESIGN TEAM:

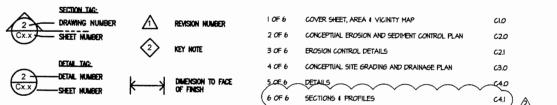
OWNER:	ARCHITECT:	CIVIL ENGINEER:	SURVEY:	GEOTECHNICAL:
HRIS & LINDSAY BOLTER	JEFF KROOT ARCHITECT & ASSOCIATES	VIA ATELIER, INC.	STEPHEN J. FLATLAND PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR	DAVE OLNES, PE
MOODLAND RD. AIRFAX, CA 94930		9 BROOKSIDE CT. SAN ANSELMO, CA	P.O. BOX 1837	1915 CREST AVE.
	SAN ANSELMO, CA 94960	T: (415) 774-6776	SAN ANSELMO, CA 94960	OAKLAND, CA 94605
ONTACT:	T: (415) 456-5531	E: VLADOVIA-ENGLOM	T: (415) 457-5081	T: (510) 851-5298
HRIS BOLTER		CONTACT	CONTRACT	CONTLAT

VI AD IO IICA

# SYMBOLS:

# CIVIL ENGINEERING SHEET INDEX

SITE LOCATION



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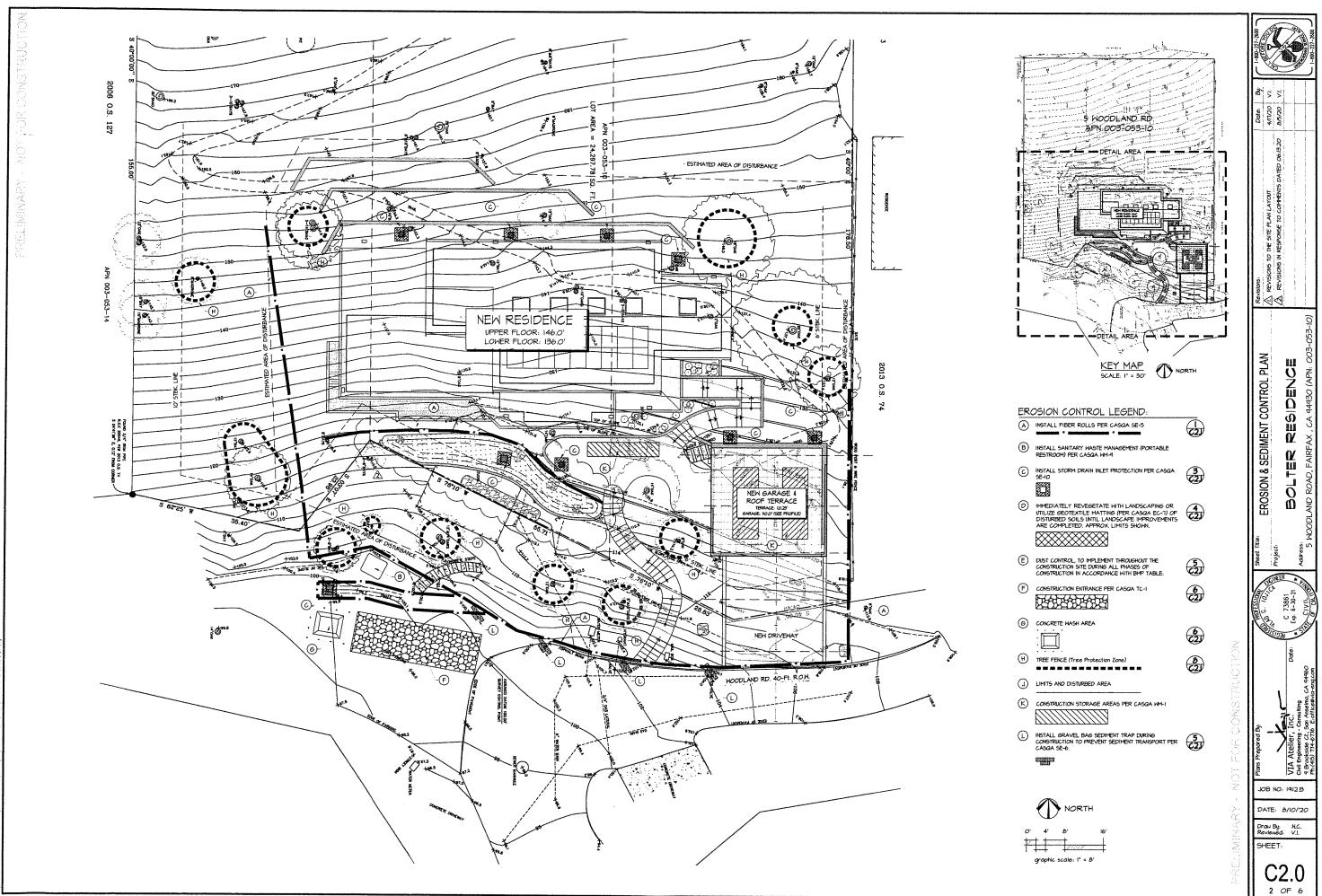
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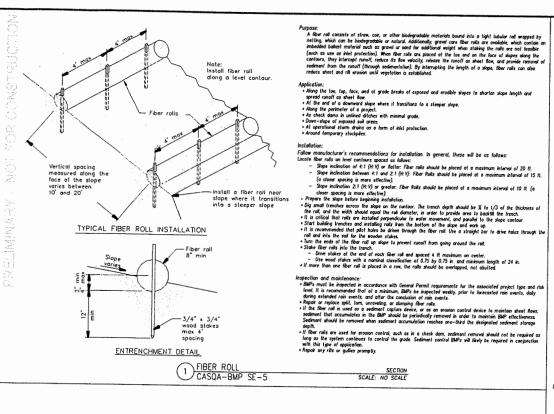
JOB NO: 1912.B

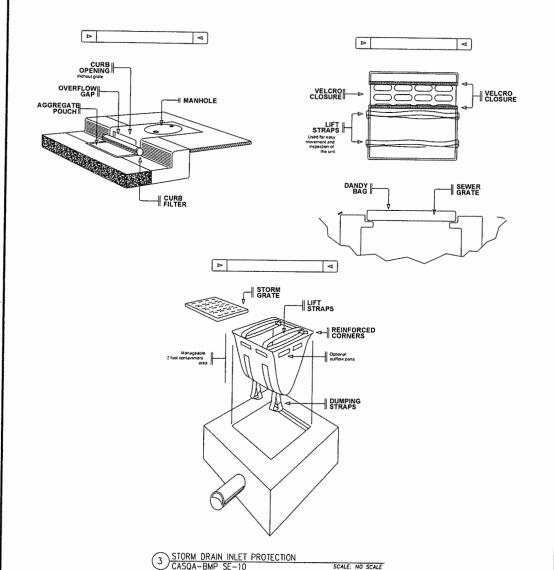
DATE: 8/10/20

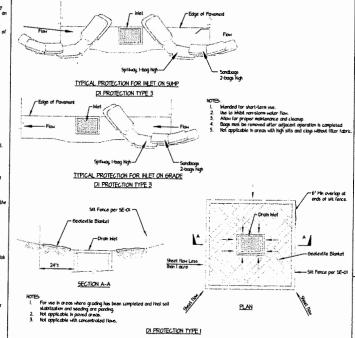
Dran By: N.C. Reviewed: V.I. SHEET:

1 OF 6









Purpose:
Storm drain kiel protection cossists at a sediment filter or an impounding area in, around or apstream of a storm drain, drap kiels, or carb kiel. Storm drain ideal protection measures temporary pour fundit before it enters the storm drain, othering sediment to wellte. Some filter configurations data remove sediment by filtering, but surgicity the pooring ordin results in the presents sediment fraction. Immporrary general storm drain inserts office tundements storm drain grates in capture and filter storm solet.

Application.

Chery storm d'ain intel receiving runsall from unslabilited or otherwise soche work areas should be protected total protection should be used in conjunction with other erasion and seafment contrads to prevent seafment-loden stammater and non-stammater discharges from entering the starm droin system.

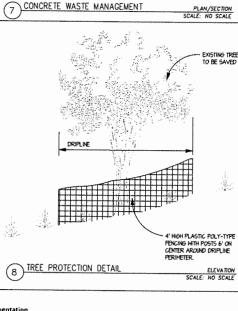
Inspection & Maintenance:

Billy must be impected in accordance with Central Permit requirements for the associated project type and risk level. It is recommended that at a minimum, Billy be inspected weekly, prior to forecasted rain events, dely always standed rain events, and offer the conclusion of rain events.

Sall funces. If the fair's becomes clogged, tam, or degrades, it though the reprived for the control of the conclusion of fair events, and the respect of the control of

2 STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION CASQA-BMP SE-10

SCALE: NO SCALE



IO MIL PLASTIC LINING

ON ALL SIDES

10 MIL PLASTIC LINING

---- SANDRAG

SECTION A-A

PLAN

Dust contral SMPs generally stability exposed surfaces and minimize activities that suspend or track dust particles. The following faith present dust contral practices that can be applied to varying site conditions that could potentiatly course dust for heavily traveled and disturbed oracts, an apprecision (exiting), chamical cut appression, growed capholi surfacing, temporary growed construction entrances, explormed math-wall areas, and had truck covers can be employed at outs creating adjections. Permonent or temporary regulation and matching can be employed for areas of occasional or no construction traffic. Preventive measures include minimizing surface areas to be defaulted, intilling unally vehicles traffic to 15 mph or less, and cantrolling the number and activity of vehicles on a site at any given time.

S105.50	Oust Control Practices								
	Promunest Vegetation	Mulrhing	Wet Suppression (Watering)	Chemins) Dust Suppression	Commet Arphab	Tempomey Greens Construction Saturacre/Spaignment Work Down	Systhetic Corres	Kinimin Egiret of Distanton	
Arrival Arrival Policy Tradit	х	ĸ	ĸ	x	k			x	
Planting Allert Links			1	x	x	×		¥	
Manadal Paradalan		x	к	ĸ			x	*	
-			×			x	× -		
			r	×				x	
Code of Code of Code of Code			x	x	x	x	x		
TheMag					- K				

Chemical dust suppressants include: mulch and fiber based dust politicities (e.g. paper mulch with gapsum binder), salts and brines (e.g. calcium chloride, magnesium chloride), non-petroleum based organics (e.g. septedi emulsion, dust als, petroleum vergelable al, lignosulfanate), petroleum based organics (e.g. saphell emulsion, dust als, petroleum resins), spolhetic polymers (e.g. polyviny) acetale; vivis, acryfic), (also godditives (e.g. bentonite, montimarilanite) and electrochemical products (e.g. enzymes, ionic products).

Schedule construction activities to minimize exposed area (see EC-1, Scheduling).

Quickly treat exposed soils using water, mulching, chemical dust suppressonts, or stone/gravel layering.

Identify and stabilize key access points prior to commencement of construction.

Minimize the impact of dust by anticipating the direction of prevailing winds.

Restrict construction traffic to stabilized roadways within the project site, as practicable. Water should be applied by means of pressure-type distributors or pipelines equipped with a spray system or hoses and nozzies that will ensure even distribution.

All distribution equipment should be equipped with a positive means of shutoff.

Unless water is applied by means of pipelines, at least one mobile unit should be available at all times to apply water or dust politicitie to the project. If it rectained waste water is used, the sources and discharge must meet California Department of Health Services water rectamation criteria and the Regional Mater Quality

5 DUST CONTROL CASQA-BMP WE-1

URBAN RUNOFF POLLUTION NOTES

- Slobitze oil denuded areas and maintain erosion control measures continuously between October 1 and May 1. Remove off-hout materials promptly Slockpieds asks and other materials shall be tarped, at the request of the Building Department or Public Works.
- Store, handle and dispose of construction materials and wastes so as to prevent their entry to the storm drain system, conforcior must not allow concrete, woodwolers, sturies, point or other materials to enter catch basins, the ansite storm drain system, or assite or offsite surface flow runoff.
- 3. Use filtration or other measures to remove sediment from devatering effluent
- No cleaning, fueling or maintaining vehicles on site shall be permitted in any manner that allows deleterious materials from entering catch basins or to enter site runoff.
- Use all pesticides and/or fertilizers shall be reduced and shall be controlled to prevent pallution runoff.

## EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- Erasion, sedimentation and poliution controls shall be provided in accordanc with CASQA's Best Management Practices, current edition and with the CA RWQCB's erasion and sediment control field manual, current edition.
- 2. Erosion control measures shall be installed prior to October 15 and shall be mointained by the controctor in proper working arder throughout the first winter. This protection shall consist of appropriate filter funces, diversion berms, strow but dikes, sitc. These devices shall be placed in order to maintie, errosion and to coldict sedemal generated by the construction of this project. Except for powed and landscoped areas afreely completed, all graded areas shall be hydroseded in order to pre-entl reason of blow earth. The controctor is responsible for erosion & sediment control oil year long during all site work.
- All banks and all graded areas shall be hydroseeded to control erosion or the approved groundcover installed by October 15.
- The contractor shall maintain a clean sile at all times which is free of debris, hazardous waster, or stockpiled material unless approved by the project argineer. All approved stockpiles shall be covered and protected to prevent storm water poliulion.
- Stabilize all denuded areas and maintain erasion control measures continuously between October 1 and April 15.
- Remove spoils promptly, and avoid stockpiling of fill materials when rain is forecast. If rain threatens, stockpiled soils and other materials should be larged, at the request of the city engineer.
- Store, handle and dispose of construction materials and mostes so as to avoid their entry to the storm system. Contractor must not allow concrete, mashwaters, shirties, point or other materials to enter calch basins or to enter site runnif.
- Install filter labric bags inside all cotch basins and maintain during winter starms
- No cleaning, fueling, or maintaining vehicles on-site, except in an area designed to contain and freat runoff.
- Use of pesticides and/or fertilizers, when applied, shall be controlled to prevent pollution runoff.
- 12. All creas of cut, fill and ungraded creas disturbed by the grading operation shall be hydromulched or and approved landscaping graundcover planted after all work has been completed. The controct shall be responsible for furnishing labor and maleried to accomplish a dense plant cover for erasion control.
- Per the Federal and State Water Quality Acts, the owner is solely responsible for controlling construction water discharge.
- Project is subject to the requirements of the winter grading moratorium as per the Town of Fairfax Municipal Code.

4/17/20 TOC

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TAILS Ш O Ž : 님 CONTROL  $\mathbf{O}$ O OV EROSION Œ W

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VIA Ate

JOB NO: 1912.B

DATE: 8/10/20

Dran By: N.C. Reviewed: V.I. SHEET:

C2.1 3 OF 6

A gravel bag berm is a series of gravel-filled bags placed on a level contaur to intercept sheet flows. Cravel bags pand sheet flow runoff, allowing sediment to settle out, and release runoff slowly as sheet flow, preventing crasion. Application:

• As a linear sediment control measure:

• Below the toe of slopes and eradible slopes

— As sediment liagus of culterly'spe cultets

• Below other small observed areas

— Many the parimeter of a site

— Many the parimeter of a site

— Around temporary steadyste are

— Parallel to a roadewy to the parallel of a power of areas

— Parallel to a roadewy to lake sediment oil powed areas

— Along streams and channolde.

Parallel to a roodway to keep sediment oil pawed areas
 Along streams and channed;
 Alon give ansation control measure.
 Along the loce and oil grade breaks of exposed and erodible shapes to shorten stope length and spread runoff as sheet flow.
 All the top at slopes to direct runoff away from disturbed slopes.
 As therems (small check dants) across mildly sloped construction roods, for check dam use in channels, see SC-4, Check Dans.

Design and Loyout:

\* When used for slope interruption, the following slope/sheet flow langth combinations apply

- Slope inclination of 4:1 (fit ') or follow: Govel bags should be placed at a maximum interval of 20 ft, with the first row new the slope foo.

- Slope inclination between 4:1 and 2:1 (fit '): Grower bags should be placed at a maximum interval of 15 ft. (a closer spacing it more effective), with the first row near the slope toe.

Inspection and Mointenance:

- BMPs must be inspected in occurdance with General Permit requirements for the associated project type and risk level. It is recommended that at a minimum, BMPs be inspected weekly, prior to forecasted rain events, duly during extended rain events.

and after the conclusion of rain events.

\*Corel bags spoosed to suisight wit need to be replaced every two to three months due to degrading of the bags.

\*Rethings or replace grant bags as needed.

\*Rethings variously or other dranage on needed.

\*Seminal that accumulates in the Balt should be periodically removed in order to monitoin BMP effectiveness. Sediment should be removed when the sediment occumulates in the different needed one-third of the barrier height.

\*Remove grant op berms when no larger needed and recycle grant fill whenever possible and properly dispose of bag moterial.

\*Remove sediment occumulation and clean, re-grade, and stabilize the area.

GRAVEL BAG FLOW DIVERSION CASQA-BMP SE-6

SCALE: NO SCALE

SCALE: NO SCALE

