

PEGGY LEHNER, MAYOR • JACQUE FISHER, VICE MAYOR
BRUCE E. DUKE • LISA DUVALL • TONY KLEPACZ • JYL HALL • BOB SCOTT

KETTERING COUNCIL AGENDA

February 22, 2022

Kettering Government Center – South Building 3600 Shroyer Rd. Kettering, Ohio 45429

6:00 P.M.

WORKSHOP Deeds Room

7:30 P.M.

REGULAR MEETING Council Chambers

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

INVOCATION

APPROVAL OF MINUTES

February 8, 2022- Council Meeting & Workshop Minutes

PROCLAMATIONS, SPECIAL PRESENTATIONS, AWARDS, SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS, APPOINTMENTS TO BOARDS AND COMMISSION

Appointment

Partners for Healthy Youth- Shannon Wright (Term ending 12/31/24)

Appointment

Partners for Healthy Youth- Missy Mae Walters (Term ending 12/31/24)

Presentation

Homelessness Prevention

Presentation

Pickleball Update

PUBLIC HEARINGS

PUBLIC COMMENT ON LEGISLATION

(5 Minute Limit per Speaker)

ORDINANCES IN SECOND READING

RESOLUTIONS

- 1. Authorizing the City Manager to purchase computers and servers from Dell for the annual Computer and Server Replacement Program.
- 2. Authorizing the City Manager to purchase television, radio, newspaper, billboard and internet advertising for the 2022 Fraze Pavilion performance season from various sources.
- 3. Authorizing the City Manager to negotiate and enter into contracts for entertainment for the Fraze Pavilion 2022 performance season.
- 4. Authorizing the City Manager to enter into agreements for discounts, complimentary tickets and complimentary program participation to benefit the advertising and promotion of calendar year 2022 Parks, Recreation and Cultural Arts Programs and the 2022 Fraze Pavilion performance season.
- 5. Authorizing payment of music licensing fees for concerts at Fraze Pavilion during 2022.
- 6. Authorizing the City Manager to contract for emergency home repairs services with Miami Valley Community Action Partnership.
- 7. Authorizing the City Manager to accept reimbursement from the Ohio Attorney General's Office for police officer training costs.
- 8. To make supplemental appropriations for current expenses and other expenditures of the City of Kettering, State of Ohio, during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022.

ORDINANCES IN FIRST READING

9. To amend Chapter 1104 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Kettering regarding Flood Damage Reduction and declare an emergency.

CERTIFICATIONS AND PETITIONS

Certification- Planning Commission is recommending approval of P.C. 22-001- Zoning Text Amendment. A public hearing regarding this request will be held on Tuesday, March 8, 2022 at the Kettering City Council meeting.

MANAGER'S REPORT/COMMUNITY UPDATE

OTHER BUSINESS NOT ON WRITTEN AGENDA

Audience Participation (5 Minute Limit per Speaker)

CITY COUNCIL REPORT/UPDATE

The City of Kettering wishes to make certain that all citizens have the opportunity to actively participate in their local government. If you have a disability and require accommodations to participate in a Council meeting, please contact the Clerk of Council at 296-2416 so that reasonable modifications can be made.

KETTERING CITY CALENDAR 2022

February 21	All Day	Government Center Closed
February 22	6:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m.	Council Workshop City Council Meeting
February 28	7:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m.	Board of Zoning Appeals Sister Cities
March 7	7:00 p.m.	Planning Commission
March 8	4:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m.	Partners for Healthy Youth Council Workshop City Council Meeting

A RESOLUTION

By:

No.

AUTHORIZING THE CITY MANAGER TO PURCHASE COMPUTERS AND SERVERS FROM DELL FOR THE ANNUAL COMPUTER AND SERVER REPLACEMENT PROGRAM

BE IT RESOLVED by the Council of the City of Kettering, State of Ohio:

Section 1. Pursuant to Subsection "P" of Section 152.02 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Kettering, the City Manager is authorized to purchase computers and servers from Dell for the annual PC and Server Replacement Program in which approximately twenty percent of the City's existing computer and server fleet across all departments will be replaced.

<u>Section 2</u>. As provided in Section 4-8 of the City Charter, this Resolution takes effect immediately upon its adoption.

Passed by Council this	day of	_ 2022
	PEGGY LEHNER, Mayor	
ATTEST:	CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL	
LaShaunah D. Kaczynski, Clerk of Council	THEODORE A. HAMER, III, Law Director	<u></u>

Estimated Cost: \$138,250.00 Amount Budgeted: \$138,250.00 Acct. No: 4400-72220 \$108,250.00 4400-72350 \$ 30,000.00

(Requested by: Administrative Systems)

A RESOLUTION

No.

By:

AUTHORIZING THE CITY MANAGER TO PURCHASE TELEVISION, RADIO, NEWSPAPER, BILLBOARD AND INTERNET ADVERTISING FOR THE 2022 FRAZE PAVILION PERFORMANCE SEASON FROM VARIOUS SOURCES

Be It Resolved by the Council of the City of Kettering, Ohio, that:

Section 1. Pursuant to Subsection "I" of Section 152.02 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Kettering, the City Manager is authorized to purchase, as necessary and under the terms and in the form the City Manager determines is in the interest of the City, television, radio, newspaper, billboard and internet advertising from various sources for the 2022 Fraze Pavilion performance season, without sealed bidding and without competitive bargaining.

<u>Section 2.</u> As provided in Section 4-8 of the City Charter, this Resolution takes effect immediately upon its adoption.

Passed by Council this	day of	2022
	PEGGY LEHNER, Mayor	
ATTEST:	CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL	
LASHAUNAH D. KACZYNSKI, Clerk of Council	THEODORE A. HAMER III, Law Director	

(Requested by: Parks, Recreation and Cultural Arts Department)

\$259,000.00

\$259,000.00

2200-72740

Estimated cost:

Acct. No.:

Amount Budgeted:

A RESOLUTION

By: No.

AUTHORIZING THE CITY MANAGER TO NEGOTIATE AND ENTER INTO CONTRACTS FOR ENTERTAINMENT FOR THE FRAZE PAVILION 2022 PERFORMANCE SEASON

Be It Resolved by the Council of the City of Kettering, State of Ohio, that:

<u>Section 1</u>. The City Manager is hereby authorized to negotiate and enter into contracts for entertainment and related contracts for the Fraze Pavilion 2022 performance season. The City Manager is further authorized to sign any amendments or extensions thereto that the City Manager deems appropriate.

<u>Section 2</u>. As provided in Section 4-8 of the City Charter, this Resolution takes effect immediately upon its adoption.

_ day of	2022
PEGGY LEHNER, Mayor	
CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL	
THEODORE A. HAMER III, Law Director	
	PEGGY LEHNER, Mayor CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL THEODORE A. HAMER III,

Estimated Cost:

\$2,800,000.00

Amount Budgeted: Acct. No.

\$2,800,000.00 2200-72550

(Requested by: Parks, Recreation and Cultural Arts Department)

A RESOLUTION

By:

No.

AUTHORIZING THE CITY MANAGER TO ENTER INTO AGREEMENTS FOR DISCOUNTS, COMPLIMENTARY TICKETS AND COMPLIMENTARY PROGRAM PARTICIPATION TO BENEFIT THE ADVERTISING AND PROMOTION OF CALENDAR YEAR 2022 PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURAL ARTS PROGRAMS AND THE 2022 FRAZE PAVILION PERFORMANCE SEASON

Be It Resolved by the Council of the City of Kettering, State of Ohio, that:

<u>Section 1</u>. The City Manager is hereby authorized to enter into written agreements and amendments or extensions thereto with persons, businesses, or other entities for performance discounts and/or free complimentary tickets that, in the opinion of the City Manager, benefit the promotion and advertising of the 2022 Fraze Pavilion performance season.

Section 2. The City Manager is further authorized to enter into written agreements and amendments or extensions thereto with persons, businesses, or other entities for program discounts and/or free program admittance or participation that, in the opinion of the City Manager, benefit the promotion and advertising of programs offered by the City of Kettering Parks, Recreation and Cultural Arts Department during calendar year 2022.

<u>Section 3</u>. As provided in Section 4-8 of the City Charter, this Resolution shall take full force and effect immediately upon its adoption.

day of	2022.
PEGGY LEHNER, Mayor	
CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL	
THEODORE A. HAMER III,	
	PEGGY LEHNER, Mayor CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL

(Requested by: Parks, Recreation and Cultural Arts Department)

A RESOLUTION

Ву:			No.
		MUSIC LICENSING ION DURING 2022	G FEES FOR
Be It Resolved by the	Council of the City of	of Kettering, State of O	hio, that:
Section 1. This Countiersing fees for 2022	cil hereby authorizes 2 concerts at Fraze Pa	expenditures of funds avilion to each of the fo	in payment of music ollowing organizations:
	can Society of Compublishers (ASCAP)	osers, Authors	\$40,000.00
b. Broade	ast Music Incorporat	ed (BMI)	\$40,000.00
The City Manager is the City Manager dee		sign any amendments o	or extensions thereto tha
Section 2. As provide immediately upon its		he City Charter, this Ro	esolution takes effect
Passed by Cou	ncil thisd	ay of	2022.
		PEGGY LEHNER,	Mayor
ATTEST:		CERTIFICATE OF	APPROVAL
LASHAUNAH D. K. Clerk of Council	ACZYNSKI,	THEODORE A. HA	AMER III,
Estimated Cost: ASCAP: \$40,000.00 BMI: \$40,000.00 Amount Budgeted:	\$80,000.00		
Amount Budgeted: Acct. No.:	2200-72210		

that

(Requested by: Parks, Recreation and Cultural Arts Department)

A RESOLUTION

By:

No.

AUTHORIZING THE CITY MANAGER TO CONTRACT FOR EMERGENCY HOME REPAIR SERVICES WITH MIAMI VALLEY COMMUNITY ACTION PARTNERSHIP

Be It Resolved by the Council of the City of Kettering, State of Ohio, that:

Section 1. Pursuant to Subsection I of Section 152.02 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Kettering, the City Manager is hereby authorized to contract with Miami Valley Community Action Partnership to provide emergency home repairs for Kettering homeowners with low to moderate income. The City Manager is further authorized to sign any amendments or extensions thereto that the City Manager deems appropriate.

<u>Section 2</u>. As provided in Section 4-8 of the City Charter, this Resolution takes effect immediately upon its adoption.

Passed by Council this	day of	2022.
	PEGGY LEHNER, Mayor	
ATTEST:	CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL	
LASHAUNAH D. KACZYNSKI Clerk of Council	THEODORE A. HAMER III Law Director	

Estimated Cost:

\$50,000.00

Funds Available:

\$50,000.00

Acct. No.

8040-72550

(Requested by: Planning and Development Department)

A RESOLUTION

Rv:	No.
KV:	110.

AUTHORIZING THE CITY MANAGER TO ACCEPT REIMBURSEMENT FROM THE OHIO ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE FOR POLICE OFFICER TRAINING COSTS

BE IT RESOLVED by the Council of the City of Kettering, Ohio that:

<u>Section 1</u>. The City Manager is hereby authorized, on behalf of the City, to accept \$45,891.00 from the Ohio Attorney General's Office to reimburse the City for 2021 continuing professional training costs for Kettering police officers.

Section 2. This Resolution shall take full force and effect immediately upon its adoption.

Passed by Council this	day of	_ 2022.
	PEGGY LEHNER, Mayor	
ATTEST:	CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL	
LASHAUNAH D. KACZYNSKI, Clerk of Council	THEODORE A. HAMER, III, Law Director	

Estimated Cost:

\$45,891.00

Amount Budgeted:

\$0.00

Acct. No.

Special Grants and Programs

(Requested by: Police Department)

A RESOLUTION

Ву: No.

TO MAKE SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR CURRENT EXPENSES AND OTHER EXPENDITURES OF THE CITY OF KETTERING, STATE OF OHIO, DURING THE FISCAL YEAR **ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Be It Resolved by the Council of the City of Kettering, State of Ohio, that:

Section 1. To provide for the current expenses and other expenditures of the City of Kettering during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, the following supplemental sums are set aside and appropriated:

A. From the General Fund:

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT Personal Service

\$ 20,000.00

В. From the Special Grants and Programs Fund:

Law Enforcement

\$ 45,891.00

Section 2. The Director of Finance is authorized to adjust appropriations within any fund or department as long as the adjustments made do not exceed the total appropriation authorized within that fund or department.

Section 3. The Clerk of Council is authorized and directed to forward a copy of this Resolution to the Montgomery County Auditor.

Section 4. As provided in Section 4-8 of the City Charter, this Resolution takes effect immediately upon its adoption.

Passed by Council this	day of	2022.
	PEGGY LEHNER, 1	Mayor
ATTEST:	CERTIFICATE OF	APPROVAL
LASHAUNAH D. KACZYNSKI, Clerk of Council	THEODORE A. HA Law Director	MER III,

Estimated Cost:

Acct, No.

\$65,891.00

Amount Budgeted: \$0.00

Key 0500, Special Grants and Programs Fund

(Requested by: Finance Department)

AN EMERGENCY ORDINANCE

By:

No.

TO AMEND CHAPTER 1104 OF THE CODIFIED ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF KETTERING REGARDING FLOOD DAMAGE REDUCTION AND DECLARE AN EMERGENCY

WHEREAS, ARTICLE XVIII, Section 3, of the Ohio Constitution grants municipalities the legal authority to adopt land use and control measures for promoting the health, safety, and general welfare of its citizens; and

WHEREAS, on September 23, 1980, this Council adopted the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance of Chapter 1104 of the Planning and Zoning Code for the preservation of the health, welfare, and safety of the City; and

WHEREAS, the City of Kettering has special flood hazard areas that are subject to periodic inundation which may result in loss of life and property, health and safety hazards, disruption of commerce and governmental services, extraordinary public expenditures for flood protection and relief, and impairment of the tax base; and

WHEREAS, structures that are inadequately elevated, flood-proofed, or otherwise protected from flood damage also contribute to the flood loss; and

WHEREAS, this Ordinance is necessary in order to minimize the threat of such damages and to achieve the purposes hereinafter set forth; and

WHEREAS, Kettering participates in the Community Rating System of the National Flood Insurance Program administered by the Federal Emergency Management Agency; and

WHEREAS, Kettering property owners benefit from Kettering's participation in the Community Rating System through lower flood insurance premiums and through reduced flood damage; and

WHEREAS, an amendment to Chapter 1104 is necessary to comply with regulations promulgated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency so that Kettering and its property owners can continue to participate in the Community Rating System and National Flood Insurance Program;

NOW, THEREFORE, Be It Ordained by the Council of the City of Kettering, State of Ohio, at least five members concurring, that:

<u>Section 1.</u> Chapter 1104 of the City of Kettering Codified Ordinances is amended and renumbered to read as set forth below:

CHAPTER 1104 FLOOD DAMAGE REDUCTION

SECTION 1104.01 GENERAL PROVISIONS

1104.01.1 Findings of Fact

The City of Kettering has special flood hazard areas that are subject to periodic inundation which may result in loss of life and property, health and safety hazards, disruption of commerce and governmental services, extraordinary public expenditures for flood protection and relief, and impairment of the tax base. Additionally, structures that are inadequately elevated, floodproofed, or otherwise protected from flood damage also contribute to the flood loss. In order to minimize the threat of such damages and to achieve the purposes hereinafter set forth, these regulations are adopted.

1104,01,2 Statement of Purpose

It is the purpose of this ordinance to promote the public health, safety and general welfare, and to:

- A. Protect human life and health;
- B. Minimize expenditure of public money for costly flood control projects;
- Minimize the need for rescue and relief efforts associated with flooding and generally undertaken at the expense of the general public;
- D. Minimize prolonged business interruptions;
- E. Minimize damage to public facilities and utilities such as water and gas mains, electric, telephone and sewer lines, streets and bridges located in areas of special flood hazards;
- F. Help maintain a stable tax base by providing for the proper use and development of areas of special flood hazard so as to protect property and minimize future flood blight areas;
- G. Ensure that those who occupy the areas of special flood hazard assume responsibility for their actions;
- H. Minimize the impact of development on adjacent properties within and near flood prone areas;
- Ensure that the flood storage and conveyance functions of the floodplain are maintained;
- J. Minimize the impact of development on the natural, beneficial values of the floodplain;
- K. Prevent floodplain uses that are either hazardous or environmentally incompatible; and
- Meet community participation requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program.

1104.01.3 Methods of Reducing Flood Loss

In order to accomplish its purposes, this ordinance includes methods and provisions for:

 A. Restricting or prohibiting uses which are dangerous to health, safety, and property due to water hazards, or which result in damaging increases in flood heights or velocities;

- B. Requiring that uses vulnerable to floods, including facilities that serve such uses, be protected against flood damage at the time of initial construction;
- C. Controlling the alteration of natural floodplains, stream channels, and natural protective barriers, which help accommodate or channel flood waters;
- D. Controlling filling, grading, dredging, excavating, and other development which may increase flood damage; and
- E. Preventing or regulating the construction of flood barriers that will unnaturally divert flood waters or which may increase flood hazards in other areas.

1104.01.4 Lands to Which These Regulations Apply

This Chapter shall apply to all areas of special flood hazard within Kettering as identified elsewhere in this Chapter, including any additional areas of special flood hazard annexed by the City of Kettering.

1104.01.5 Basis for Establishing the Areas of Special Flood Hazard

For the purposes of this Chapter, the following studies and/or maps are adopted:

- A. Flood Insurance Study for Montgomery County, Ohio and Incorporated Areas, effective January 6, 2005; Flood Insurance Rate Maps for Montgomery County, Ohio and Incorporated Areas, effective January 6, 2005; Flood Insurance Study for Greene County, Ohio and Incorporated Areas, effective March 8, 2022; Flood Insurance Rate Maps for Greene County, Ohio and Incorporated Areas, effective March 8, 2022; and
- B. Other studies and/or maps which may be relied upon for establishment of the flood protection elevation, delineation of the 100-year floodplain, floodways, or delineation of other areas of special flood hazard. Any hydrologic and hydraulic engineering analysis authored by a registered professional engineer in the State of Ohio; and any revisions to the aforementioned maps and / or studies are hereby adopted by reference and declared to be a part of these regulations. Such maps and/or studies are on file at the City of Kettering Planning and Development Department located at 3600 Shroyer Road, Kettering, OH 45440.

1104.01.6 Abrogation and Greater Restrictions

These regulations are not intended to repeal any existing ordinances including subdivision regulations, zoning or building codes. In the event of a conflict between these regulations and any other ordinance, the more restrictive shall be followed. These regulations are not intended to repeal, abrogate or impair any existing easements, covenants or deed restrictions. However, where this ordinance and another ordinance, easement, covenant or deed restriction conflict or overlap, whichever imposes the more stringent restrictions shall prevail.

1104.01.7 Interpretation

In the interpretation and application of these regulations, all provisions shall be:

- A. Considered as minimum requirements;
- B. Liberally construed in favor of the governing body; and
- C. Deemed neither to limit nor repeal any other powers granted under the state statutes. Where a provision of this Chapter may be in conflict with general Ohio law or Federal law, such general Ohio law or Federal law shall take precedence over such provision.

1104.01.8 Warning and Disclaimer of Liability

The degree of flood protection required by this Chapter is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on scientific and engineering considerations. Larger floods can and will occur on rare occasions. Flood heights may be increased by man-made or natural causes. This Ordinance does not imply that land outside the areas of special flood hazard or uses permitted within such areas will be free from flooding or flood damage. This Chapter shall not create liability on the part of the City of Kettering, any officer or employee thereof, or the Federal Emergency Management Agency, for any flood damage that results from reliance on this Chapter or any administrative decision lawfully made thereunder.

1104.01.9 Severability

Should any section or provision of this Chapter be declared by the courts to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the Chapter as a whole, or any part thereof other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

SECTION 1104.02 Definitions

For the purposes of Chapter 1104, the following terms, phrases, words, and their derivations shall have the meanings as set forth herein. When not inconsistent with the context, words in the present tense include the future tense, words in the plural number include the singular number, and words in the singular number include the plural number. The words "shall" and "will" are mandatory and "may" is permissive. Words or phrases used in these regulations shall be interpreted so as to give them the meaning they have in common usage and to give these regulations the most reasonable application. References hereafter to "Sections" or "Subsections" are, unless otherwise specified, references to Sections or Subsections in this Chapter. Defined terms remain defined terms whether or not capitalized. Words used in this Chapter may be the same as words used in other chapters and provisions of the Codified Ordinances. However, the definitions of words used in this Chapter may be different than those used in other chapters.

Accessory Structure

A structure on the same lot with, and of a nature customarily incidental and subordinate to, the principal structure.

Appeal

A request for review of the floodplain administrator's interpretation of any provision of this Chapter or a request for a variance.

Base Floor

The flood having a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The base flood may also be referred to as the 1% chance annual flood or one-hundred (100) year flood.

Base (100-Year) Flood Elevation (BFE)

The water surface elevation of the base flood in relation to a specified datum, usually the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 or the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, and usually expressed in Feet Mean Sea Level (MSL). In Zone AO areas, the base flood elevation is the lowest adjacent natural grade elevation plus the depth number (from 1 to 3 feet).

Basement

Any area of the building having its floor subgrade (below ground level) on all sides.

Development

Any manmade change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation or drilling operations or storage of equipment or materials.

Enclosure Below the Lowest Floor

See "Lowest Floor."

Executive Order 11988 (Floodplain Management)

Issued by President Carter in 1977, this order requires that no federally assisted activities be conducted in or have the potential to affect identified special flood hazard areas, unless there is no practicable alternative.

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

The agency with the overall responsibility for administering the National Flood Insurance Program.

Fill

A deposit of earth material placed by artificial means.

Flood or Flooding

A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from:

- A. The overflow of inland or tidal waters; and/or
- B. The unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source.

Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM)

Usually the initial map produced by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, or U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, for a community depicting approximate special flood hazard areas.

Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)

An official map on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency or the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development has delineated the areas of special flood hazard.

Flood Insurance Risk Zones

Zone designations on FHBMs and FIRMs that indicate the magnitude of the flood hazard in specific areas of a community. Following are the zone definitions:

Zone A:

Special flood hazard areas inundated by the 100-year flood in any given year; base flood elevations are not determined.

Zones A1-30 and Zone AE:

Special flood hazard areas inundated by the 100-year flood in any given year; base flood elevations are determined.

Zone AO:

Special flood hazard areas inundated by the 100-year flood in any given year; with flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain); average depths are determined.

Zone AH:

Special flood hazard areas inundated by the 100-year flood in any given year; flood depths of 1 to 3 feet (usually areas of ponding); base flood elevations are determined.

Zone A99:

Special flood hazard areas inundated by the 100-year flood to be protected from the 100-year flood by a Federal flood protection system under construction; no base flood elevations are determined.

Zone B and Zone X (shaded):

Areas of 500-year flood; areas subject to the 100-year flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with contributing drainage area less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from the base flood.

Zone C and Zone X (unshaded):

Areas determined to be outside the 500-year floodplain.

Flood Insurance Study (FIS)

The official report in which the Federal Emergency Management Agency or the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development has provided flood profiles, floodway boundaries (sometimes shown on Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps), and the water surface elevations of the base flood.

Floodproofing

Any combination of structural and non-structural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitary facilities, structures and their contents.

Flood Protection Elevation

The Flood Protection Elevation, or FPE, is the base flood elevation plus one (1.0) foot of freeboard. In areas where no base flood elevations exist from any authoritative source, the flood protection elevation can be historical flood elevations, or base flood elevations determined and/or approved by the floodplain administrator.

Floodway

A floodway is the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that have been reserved in order to pass the base flood discharge. A floodway is typically determined through a hydraulic and hydrologic engineering analysis such that the cumulative increase in the water surface elevation of the base flood discharge is no more than a designated height. In no case shall the designated height be more than one foot at any point within the community.

The floodway is an extremely hazardous area, and is usually characterized by any of the following: Moderate to high velocity flood waters, high potential for debris and projectile impacts, and moderate to high erosion forces.

Freeboard

A factor of safety usually expressed in feet above a flood level for the purposes of floodplain management. Freeboard tends to compensate for the many unknown factors that could contribute to flood heights greater than the height calculated for a selected size flood and floodway conditions, such as wave action, obstructed bridge openings, debris and ice jams, and the hydrologic effect of urbanization in a watershed.

Historic Structure

Any structure that is:

- Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the U.S. Department of Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listings on the National Register; or
- Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district; or
- Individually listed on the State of Ohio's inventory of historic places maintained by the Ohio Historic Preservation Office.

Hydrologic and Hydraulic Engineering Analysis

An analysis performed by a professional engineer, registered in the State of Ohio, in accordance with standard engineering practices as accepted by FEMA, used to determine flood elevations and/or floodway boundaries.

Letter of Map Change (LOMC)

A Letter of Map Change is an official FEMA determination, by letter, to amend or revise effective Flood Insurance Rate Maps, Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps, and Flood Insurance Studies. LOMCs are broken down into the following categories:

Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA)

A revision based on technical data showing that a property was incorrectly included in a designated special flood hazard area. A LOMA amends the current effective Flood Insurance Rate Map and establishes that a specific property is not located in a special flood hazard area.

Letter of Map Revision (LOMR)

A revision based on technical data that, usually due to manmade changes, shows changes to flood zones, flood elevations, floodplain and floodway delineations, and planimetric features. One common type of LOMR, a LOMR-F, is a determination concerning whether a structure or parcel has been elevated by fill above the base flood elevation and is, therefore, excluded from the special flood hazard area.

Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR)

A comment by FEMA regarding a proposed project that would, upon construction, affect the hydrologic or hydraulic characteristics of a flooding source and thus result in the modification of the existing regulatory floodway, the effective base flood elevations, or the special flood hazard area. A CLOMR does <u>not</u> amend or revise effective Flood Insurance Rate Maps, Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps, or Flood Insurance Studies.

Lowest Floor

The lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement) of a structure. This definition <u>excludes</u> an "enclosure below the lowest floor" which is an unfinished or flood resistant enclosure usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access or storage, in an area other than a basement area, provided that such enclosure is built in accordance with the applicable design requirements specified in these regulations for enclosures below the lowest floor.

Manufactured Home

A structure, transportable in one or more sections, which is built on a permanent chassis and is designed for use with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities. The term "manufactured home" does not include a "recreational vehicle". For the purposes of these regulations, a manufactured home includes manufactured homes and mobile homes as defined in Chapter 4781 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Manufactured Home Park

As specified in the Ohio Adm. Code 4781-12-01(K), a manufactured home park means any tract of land upon which three or more manufactured homes, used for habitation are parked, either free of charge or for revenue purposes, and includes any roadway, building, structure, vehicle, or enclosure used or intended for use as part of the facilities of the park. A tract of land that is subdivided and the individual lots are not for rent or rented, but are for sale or sold for the purpose of installation of manufactured homes on the lots, is not a manufactured home park, even though three or more manufactured homes are parked thereon, if the roadways are dedicated to the local government authority. Manufactured home park does not include any tract of land used solely for the storage or display for sale of manufactured homes.

Mean Sea Level

For purposes of the National Flood Insurance Program, the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929 or other datum, to which base flood elevations shown on a community's Flood Insurance Rate Map are referenced.

National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)

The NFIP is a Federal program enabling property owners in participating communities to purchase insurance protection against losses from flooding. This insurance is designed to provide an insurance alternative to disaster assistance to meet the escalating costs of repairing damage to buildings and their contents caused by floods. Participation in the NFIP is based on an agreement between local communities and the Federal government that states if a community will adopt and enforce floodplain management regulations to reduce future flood risks to all development in special flood hazard areas, the Federal government will make flood insurance available within the community as a financial protection against flood loss.

New Construction

Structures for which the "start of construction" commenced on or after the effective date of the initial FIRM (October 15 1980) and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures.

For the purposes of determining insurance rates, structures for which the "start of construction" commenced on or after the effective date of the initial FIRM (October 15 1980) and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures.

Person

Includes any individual or group of individuals, corporation, partnership, association, or any other entity, including state and local governments and agencies. An agency is further defined in the Ohio Rev. Code §111.15(A)(2) as any governmental entity of the state and includes, but is not limited to, any board, department, division, commission, bureau, society, council, institution, state college or university, community college district, technical college district, or state community college. "Agency" does not include the general assembly, the controlling board, the adjutant general's department, or any court.

Recreational Vehicle

A vehicle which is (1) built on a single chassis, (2) 400 square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection, (3) designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light duty truck, and (4) designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use. Recreational vehicles also includes any other vehicle or vehicular type portable structure without permanent foundation that can be towed, hauled, or driven, and is primarily designed as temporary living accommodation for recreational, camping, and travel use including, but not limited to camping trailers, converted vans, self-propelled motor homes, tent trailers, travel trailers or truck campers. Also, boats and other floating vehicles, ATVs, dune and beach buggies, golf carts, go carts, and snowmobiles and other tracked vehicles, shall be considered recreational vehicles within this Chapter.

Registered Professional Architect

A person registered to engage in the practice of architecture pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code §4703.01 and 4703.19.

Registered Professional Engineer

A person registered as a professional engineer pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 4733.

Registered Professional Surveyor

A person registered as a professional surveyor pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 4733.

Special Flood Hazard Area

Also known as "Areas of Special Flood Hazard", it is the land in the floodplain subject to a one percent or greater chance of flooding in any given year. Special flood hazard areas are designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency on Flood Insurance Rate Maps, Flood Insurance Studies, Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps and Flood Hazard Boundary Maps as Zones A, AE, AH, AO, A1-30, or A99. Special flood hazard areas may also refer to areas that are flood prone and designated from other federal state or local sources of data including but not limited to historical flood information reflecting

high water marks, previous flood inundation areas, and flood prone soils associated with a watercourse.

Start of Construction

The date the building or zoning permit was issued, as the case may be, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, placement, or other improvement was within 180 days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading, and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For a substantial improvement, the actual start of construction means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of a building.

Structure

A walled and roofed building, manufactured home, or gas or liquid storage tank that is principally above ground.

Substantial Damage

Damage of any origin sustained by a structure if the cost of restoring the structure to the "before damaged" condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred. Substantial damage also means flood related damage sustained by a structure on two (2) separate occasions during a 10-year period for which the cost of repairs at the time of each such flood event, on the average, equals or exceeds 25 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.

Substantial Improvement

Any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the "start of construction" of the improvement. This term includes structures which have incurred "substantial damage", regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include:

- A. Any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of state or local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which have been identified by the local code enforcement official and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions; or
- B. Any alteration of a "historic structure," provided that the alteration would not preclude the structure's continued designation as a "historic structure".

<u>Variance</u>

A grant of relief from the standards of these regulations.

Violation

The failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with these regulations.

SECTION 1104.03 ADMINISTRATION

1104.03.1 Designation of the Floodplain Administrator

The City of Kettering Floodplain Administrator shall administer and implement these regulations and is referred to herein as the Floodplain Administrator. The City Manager shall appoint the Floodplain Administrator.

1104.03.2 Duties and Responsibilities of the Floodplain Administrator

The duties and responsibilities of the Floodplain Administrator shall include, but are not limited to:

- A. Evaluate applications for permits to develop in special flood hazard areas;
- B. Interpret floodplain boundaries and provide flood hazard and flood protection elevation information;
- C. Issue permits to develop in special flood hazard areas when the provisions of these regulations have been met, or refuse to issue the same in the event of noncompliance;
- Inspect buildings and lands to determine whether any violations of these regulations have been committed;
- E. Make and permanently keep all records for public inspection necessary for the administration of these regulations including Flood Insurance Rate Maps, Letters of Map Amendment and Revision, records of issuance and denial of permits to develop in special flood hazard areas, determinations of whether development is in or out of special flood hazard areas for the purpose of issuing floodplain development permits, elevation certificates, floodproofing certificates, variances, and records of enforcement actions taken for violations of these regulations;
- F. Enforce the provisions of these regulations;
- G. Provide information, testimony, or other evidence as needed during variance hearings;
- H. Coordinate map maintenance activities and FEMA follow-up; and
- I. Conduct substantial damage determinations to determine whether existing structures, damaged from any source and in special flood hazard areas identified by FEMA, must meet the development standards of these regulations.

1104.03.3 Floodplain Development Permits

It shall be unlawful for any person to begin construction or other development activity including but not limited to filling, grading, construction, alteration, remodeling, or expanding any structure; or alteration of any watercourse wholly within, partially within or in contact with any identified special flood hazard area, as established in Section 1104.01.5, until a floodplain development permit is obtained from the Floodplain Administrator. Such floodplain development permit shall show that the proposed development activity is in conformity with the provisions of these regulations. No such permit shall be issued by the Floodplain Administrator until the requirements of these regulations have been met.

1104.03.4 Application Required

An application for a floodplain development permit shall be required for all development activities located wholly within, partially within, or in contact with an identified special flood hazard area. Such application shall be made by the owner of the property or his/her authorized agent, herein referred to as the applicant, prior to the actual commencement of such construction on a form furnished for that purpose. Where it is unclear whether a development site is in a special flood hazard area, the Floodplain Administrator may require an application for a floodplain development permit to determine the development's location. Such applications shall include, but not be limited to:

A. Site plans drawn to scale showing the nature, location, dimensions, and topography of the area in question; the location of existing or proposed structures, fill, storage of materials, drainage facilities, and the location of the foregoing;

- B. Elevation of the existing, natural ground where structures are proposed;
- C. Elevation of the lowest floor, including basement, of all proposed structures;
- D. Such other material and information as may be requested by the Floodplain Administrator to determine conformance with, and provide enforcement of these regulations;
- E. Technical analyses conducted by the appropriate design professional registered in the State of Ohio and submitted with an application for a floodplain development permit when applicable;
- F. Floodproofing certification for non-residential floodproofed structure as required in Section 1104.04.5;
- G. Certification that fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor of a structure <u>not</u> meeting the design requirements of Section 1104.04.4(E) are designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces;
- H. Description of any watercourse alteration or relocation that the flood carrying capacity of the watercourse will not be diminished, and maintenance assurances as required in Section 1104.04.9(C);
- I. A hydrologic and hydraulic analysis demonstrating that the cumulative effect of proposed development, when combined with all other existing and anticipated development will not increase the water surface elevation of the base flood by more than one foot in special flood hazard areas where the Federal Emergency Management Agency has provided base flood elevations but no floodway as required by Section 1104.04.9(B);
- J. A hydrologic and hydraulic engineering analysis showing impact of any development on flood heights in an identified floodway as required by Section 1104.04.9(A);
- K. Generation of base flood elevation(s) for subdivision and other new developments as required by Section 1104.04.3; and
- L. A Floodplain Development Permit Application Fee set by the schedule of fees set by the City Manager.
- M. Volumetric calculations demonstrating compensatory storage has been provided as required by Section 1104.04.9(D)

1104.03.5 Review and Approval of a Floodplain Development Permit Application

A. Review

- After receipt of a complete application complying with Subsection 1104.03.4, the Floodplain Administrator shall review the application to ensure that the standards of these regulations have been met. No floodplain development permit application shall be reviewed until all information required in Subsection 1104.03.4 and the required fee have been received by the Floodplain Administrator.
- 2. The Floodplain Administrator shall review all floodplain development permit applications to assure that all necessary permits have been received from those federal, state, or local governmental agencies from which prior approval is required. The applicant shall be responsible for obtaining such permits as required including permits issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers under Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act and Section 404

of the Clean Water Act, and the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act.

B. Approval

Within thirty (30) days after the receipt of a complete application, the Floodplain Administrator shall either approve or disapprove the application. If the Floodplain Administrator is satisfied that the development proposed in the floodplain development application conforms to the requirements of this ordinance, the Floodplain Administrator shall issue the permit. All floodplain development permits shall be conditional upon the commencement of work within 180 days. A floodplain development permit shall expire 180 days after issuance unless the permitted activity has been substantially begun and is thereafter pursued to completion.

1104.03.6 Inspections

The Floodplain Administrator shall make periodic inspections throughout the period of construction in order to monitor compliance with permit conditions.

1104.03.7 Post-Construction Certifications Required

The following as-built certifications are required after a floodplain development permit has been issued:

- A. For new or substantially improved residential structures, or nonresidential structures that have been elevated, the applicant shall have a *Federal Emergency Management Agency Elevation Certificate* completed by a registered professional surveyor to record as-built elevation data. For elevated structures in Zone A and Zone AO areas without a base flood elevation, the elevation certificate may be completed by the property owner or owner's representative;
- B. For all development activities subject to the standards of Section 1104.03.11(A), a Letter of Map Revision; and
- C. For new or substantially improved nonresidential structures that have been floodproofed in lieu of elevation, where allowed, the applicant shall supply a completed *Floodproofing Certificate for Non-Residential Structures* completed by a registered professional engineer or architect together with associated documentation.

1104.03.8 Revoking a Floodplain Development Permit

A floodplain development permit shall be revocable, if among other things, the actual development activity does not conform to the terms of the application and permit granted thereon. In the event of the revocation of a permit, an appeal may be taken to the Board of Zoning Appeals in accordance with Section 1104.05 of these regulations.

1104.03.9 Exemption from Filing a Development Permit

An application for a floodplain development permit shall not be required for maintenance work such as roofing, painting, and basement sealing, or for small nonstructural development activities (except for filling and grading) valued at less than \$2,500.

1104.03.10 State and Federal Development

A. Development that is funded, financed, undertaken, or preempted by state agencies shall comply with minimum NFIP criteria. Before awarding funding or financing or granting a license, permit, or other authorization for a development that is or is to be located within a 100-year floodplain, a state agency shall require the applicant to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the agency that the development will comply with minimum NFIP criteria and any applicable local floodplain management resolution or ordinance as required by Ohio Revised Code Section 1521.13. This includes, but is not limited to:

- Development activities in an existing or proposed manufactured home park that are under the authority of the Ohio Department of Commerce and subject to the flood damage reduction provisions of the Ohio Administrative Code Section 4781-12;
- Major utility facilities permitted by the Ohio Power Siting Board under Section 4906 of the Ohio Revised Code;
- Hazardous waste disposal facilities permitted by the Hazardous Waste Siting Board under Section 3734 of the Ohio Revised Code; and
- Development activities undertaken by a federal agency and which are subject to Federal Executive Order 11988 – Floodplain Management.
- B. Each federal agency has a responsibility to evaluate the potential effects of any actions it may take in a floodplain; to ensure that its planning programs and budget request reflect consideration of flood hazards and floodplain management; and to prescribe procedures to implement the policies and requirements of EO 11988.

1104.03.11 Map Maintenance Activities

To meet National Flood Insurance Program minimum requirements to have flood data reviewed and approved by FEMA, and to ensure that the City of Kettering's flood maps, studies and other data identified in Subsection 1104.01.5 accurately represent flooding conditions so appropriate floodplain management criteria are based on current data, the following map maintenance activities are identified:

A. Requirement to Submit New Technical Data

- For all development proposals that impact floodway delineations or base flood elevations, the community shall ensure that technical data reflecting such changes be submitted to FEMA within six months of the date such information becomes available. These development proposals include:
 - a. Floodway encroachments that increase or decrease base flood elevations or alter floodway boundaries;
 - Fill sites to be used for the placement of proposed structures where the applicant desires to remove the site from the special flood hazard area;
 - Alteration of watercourses that result in a relocation or elimination of the special flood hazard area, including the placement of culverts; and
 - d. Subdivision or other new development proposals requiring the establishment of base flood elevations in accordance with Subsection 1104.04.3.
- 2. It is the responsibility of the applicant to have technical data, required in accordance with Section 1104.03.11(A), prepared in a format required for a Conditional Letter of Map Revision or Letter of Map Revision, and submitted to FEMA. Submittal and processing fees for these map revisions shall be the responsibility of the applicant.
- 3. The Floodplain Administrator shall require a Conditional Letter of Map Revision prior to the issuance of a floodplain development permit for:
 - a. Proposed floodway encroachments that increase the base flood elevation; and

- Proposed development which increases the base flood elevation by more than one foot in riverine areas where FEMA has provided base flood elevations but no floodway.
- 4. Floodplain development permits issued by the Floodplain Administrator shall be conditioned upon the applicant obtaining a Letter of Map Revision from FEMA for any development proposal subject to Subsection 1104.03.11(A)(1).

B. Right to Submit New Technical Data

The Floodplain Administrator may request changes to any of the information shown on an effective map that does not impact floodplain or floodway delineations or base flood elevations, such as labeling or planimetric details. Such a submission shall include appropriate supporting documentation made in writing by the City Manager, and may be submitted at any time.

C. Annexation / Detachment

Upon occurrence, the Floodplain Administrator shall notify FEMA in writing whenever the boundaries of the City of Kettering have been modified by annexation, or the community has assumed authority over an area, or no longer has authority to adopt and enforce floodplain management regulations for a particular area. In order that the City of Kettering's Flood Insurance Rate Map accurately represent the City of Kettering's boundaries, include within such notification a copy of a map of the City of Kettering suitable for reproduction, clearly showing the new corporate limits or the new area for which the City of Kettering has assumed or relinquished floodplain management regulatory authority.

1104.03.12 Data Use and Flood Map Interpretation

The following guidelines shall apply to the use and interpretation of maps and other data showing areas of special flood hazard:

- A. In areas where FEMA has not identified special flood hazard areas, or in FEMA identified special flood hazard areas where base flood elevation and floodway data have not been identified, the Floodplain Administrator shall review and reasonably utilize any other flood hazard data available from a federal, state, or other source;
- B. Base flood elevations and floodway boundaries produced on FEMA flood maps and studies shall take precedence over base flood elevations and floodway boundaries by any other source that reflect a <u>reduced</u> floodway width and/or <u>lower</u> base flood elevations. Other sources of data, showing <u>increased</u> base flood elevations and/or <u>larger</u> floodway areas than are shown on FEMA flood maps and studies, shall be reasonably used by the Floodplain Administrator;
- C. The Floodplain Administrator shall make interpretations, where needed, as to the exact location of the flood boundaries and areas of special flood hazard. A person contesting the determination of the location of the boundary shall be given a reasonable opportunity to appeal the interpretation as provided in Section 1104.05, Appeals and Variances; and
- D. Where an existing or proposed structure or other development is affected by multiple flood zones, by multiple base flood elevations, or both, the development activity must comply with the provisions of this ordinance applicable to the most restrictive flood zone and the highest base flood elevation affecting any part of the existing or proposed structure; or for other developments, affecting any part of the area of the development.

1104.03.13 Use of Preliminary Flood Insurance Rate Map and/or Flood Insurance Study Data

A. Zone A:

- Within Zone A areas designated on an effective FIRM, data from the preliminary FIRM and/or FIS shall reasonably utilized as best available data; and
- When all appeals have been resolved and a notice of final food elevation determination has been provided in a Letter of Final Determination (LFD), BFE and floodway data from the preliminary FIRM and/or FIS shall be used for regulating development.

B. Zones AE, A1-30, AH, and AO:

- BFE and floodway data from a preliminary FIS or FIRM restudy are not required to be used in lieu of BFE and floodway data contained in an existing effective FIS and FIRM. However,
 - a. Where BFEs increase in a restudied area, communities have the responsibility to ensure that new or substantially improved structures are protected. Communities are encouraged to reasonably utilize preliminary FIS or FIRM data in instances where BFEs increase and floodways are revised to ensure that the health, safety, and property of their citizens are protected; and
 - b. Where BFEs decrease, preliminary FIS or FIRM data should not be used to regulate floodplain development until the LFD has been issued or until all appeals have been resolved.
- If a preliminary FIRM or FIS has designated floodways where none had previously existed, communities should reasonably utilize this data in lieu of applying the encroachment performance standard of Section 1104.04.9(B) since the data in the draft or preliminary FIS represents the best data available.

C. Zones B, C, and X:

 Use of BFE and floodway data from a preliminary FIRM or FIS are not required for areas designated as Zone B, C, or X on the effective FIRM which are being revised to Zone AE, A1-30, AH, or AO. Communities are encouraged to reasonably utilize preliminary FIS or FIRM data to ensure that the health, safety, and property of their citizens are protected.

1104.03.14 Substantial Damage Determinations

- A. Damages to structures may result from a variety of causes including flood, tornado, wind, heavy snow, fire, etc. After such a damage event, the Floodplain Administrator shall:
 - Determine whether damaged structures are located in special flood hazard areas;
 - 2. Conduct substantial damage determinations for damaged structures located in special flood hazard areas; and
 - 3. Require owners of substantially damaged structures to obtain a floodplain development permit prior to repair, rehabilitation, or reconstruction.
- B. Additionally, the Floodplain Administrator may implement other measures to assist with the substantial damage determination and subsequent repair process.

These measures include issuing press releases, public service announcements, and other public information materials related to the floodplain development permits and repair of damaged structures; coordinating with other federal, state, and local agencies to assist with substantial damage determinations; providing owners of damaged structures materials and other information related to the proper repair of damaged structures in special flood hazard areas; and assist owners of substantially damaged structures with Increased Cost of Compliance insurance claims.

SECTION 1104.04 USE AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS FOR FLOOD HAZARD REDUCTION

The following use and development standards apply to development wholly within, partially within, or in contact with any special flood hazard area as established in Sections 1104.01.5, 1104.03.12(A), or 1104.03.13.

1104.04.1 Use Regulations

A. Permitted Uses

All uses not otherwise prohibited in this section or any other applicable land use regulation adopted by the City of Kettering are allowed, provided they meet the provisions of this Chapter.

1104.04.2 Water and Wastewater Systems

The following standards apply to all water supply, sanitary sewerage, and waste disposal systems in the absence of any more restrictive standard provided under the Ohio Revised Code or applicable state rules:

- A. All new and replacement water supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems;
- B. New and replacement sanitary sewerage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharge from the systems into flood waters; and
- C. On-site waste disposal systems shall be located to avoid impairment to or contamination from them during flooding.

1104.04.3 Subdivisions and Other New Developments

- A. All subdivision proposals and all other proposed new development shall be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage and are subject to all applicable standards in these regulations.
- B. All subdivision proposals and all other proposed new development shall have public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems located and constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damage.
- C. All subdivision proposals and all other proposed new development shall have adequate drainage provided to reduce exposure to flood damage.
- D. In all areas of special flood hazard where base flood elevation data are not available, the applicant shall provide a hydrologic and hydraulic engineering analysis that generates base flood elevations for all subdivision proposals and other proposed developments containing at least 50 lots or 5 acres, whichever is less.
- E. The applicant shall meet the requirement to submit technical data to FEMA in Subsection 1104.03.11(A)(1)(d) when a hydrologic and hydraulic analysis is

completed that generates base flood elevations as required by Subsection 1104.04.3(D).

1104.04.4 Residential Structures

The requirements of this Section 1104.04.4 apply to new construction of residential structures and to substantial improvements of residential structures in zones A, A1-30, AE, AO, and AH, when designated on the community's effective FIRM, and when designated on a preliminary or final FIRM issued by FEMA under the circumstances provided in Section 1104.03.13.

- A. New construction and substantial improvements shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy. Where a structure, including its foundation members, is elevated on fill to or above the base flood elevation, the requirements for anchoring and construction materials resistant to flood damage are satisfied.
- B. New construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed with methods and materials resistant to flood damage.
- C. New construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed with electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing and air conditioning equipment and other service facilities that are designed and/or elevated so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.
- D. New construction and substantial improvement of any residential structure, including manufactured homes, shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to or above the flood protection elevation. In Zone AO areas with no elevations specified, the structure shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated at least two feet above the highest adjacent natural grade.
- E. New construction and substantial improvements, including manufactured homes, that do not have basements and that are elevated to the flood protection elevation using pilings, columns, posts, or solid foundation perimeter walls with openings to allow the automatic equalization of hydrostatic pressure may have an enclosure below the lowest floor provided the enclosure meets the following standards:
 - 1. Be used only for the parking of vehicles, building access, or storage; and
 - 2. Be designed and certified by a registered professional engineer or architect to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters; or
 - 3. Have a minimum of two openings on different walls having a total net area not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area, and the bottom of all such openings being no higher than one foot above grade. The openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters.
- F. Manufactured homes shall be affixed to a permanent foundation and anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy. Methods of anchoring may include, but are not limited to, use of over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors.
- G. Repair or rehabilitation of historic structures upon a determination that the proposed repair or rehabilitation will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a historic structure and is the minimum necessary to preserve the historic character and design of the structure, shall be exempt from the development standards of Subsection 1104.04.4.

H. In AO and AH Zones, new construction and substantial improvement shall have adequate drainage paths around structures on slopes to guide floodwaters around and away from the structure.

1104.04.5 Nonresidential Structures

The requirements of Section 1104.04.5 apply to new construction and to substantial improvements of nonresidential structures in zones A, A1-30, AE, AO, and AH, when designated on the community's effective FIRM, and when designated on a preliminary or final FIRM issued by FEMA under the circumstances provided in Section 1104.03.13.

- A. New construction and substantial improvement of any commercial, industrial or other nonresidential structure shall meet the requirements of Sections 1104.04.4(A) 1104.04.4(C) and Sections 1104.04.4(E) 1104.04.4(G).
- B. New construction and substantial improvement of any commercial, industrial or other non-residential structure shall either have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to or above the level of the flood protection elevation; or, together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, shall meet all of the following standards:
 - Be dry floodproofed so that the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water to the level of the flood protection elevation;
 - Have structural components capable of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy; and
 - 3. Be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect, through the use of a Federal Emergency Management Floodproofing Certificate, that the design and methods of construction are in accordance with Section 1104.04.5(B)(1) and (2).
- C. In Zone AO areas with no elevations specified, the structure shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated at least two feet above the highest adjacent natural grade.

1104.04.6 Accessory Structures

Structures that are 600 square feet or less which are used for parking and storage only are exempt from elevation or dry floodproofing standards within zones A, A1-30, AE, AO, and AH designated on the community's FIRM. Such structures must meet the following standards in order to qualify for relief:

- A. They shall not be used for human habitation;
- B. They shall be constructed of flood resistant materials;
- C. They shall be constructed and placed on the lot to offer the minimum resistance to the flow of floodwaters;
- D. They shall be firmly anchored to prevent flotation;
- E. Service facilities such as electrical and heating equipment shall be elevated or floodproofed to or above the level of the flood protection elevation; and
- F. They shall meet the opening requirements of Subsection 1104.04.4(E)(3);

1104.04.7 Recreational Vehicles

Recreational vehicles on sites within zones A, A1-A30, AE, AO, or AH must meet at least one of the following standards:

- A. They shall not be located on sites in special flood hazard areas for more than 180 days;
- B. They must be fully licensed and ready for highway use; or
- C. They must be placed on the site pursuant to a floodplain development permit issued under Sections 1104.03.3 and 1104.03.4, and meet all standards of Section 1104.04.4.

1104.04.8 Gas or Liquid Storage Tanks

Within zone A, A1-A30, AE, AO, or AH, new or substantially improved above ground gas or liquid storage tanks shall be anchored to prevent flotation or lateral movement resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads.

1104.04.9 Assurance of Flood Carrying Capacity

Pursuant to the purpose and methods of reducing flood damage stated in these regulations, the following additional standards are adopted to assure that the reduction of the flood carrying capacity of watercourses is minimized:

A. Development in Floodways

- In floodway areas, development shall cause no increase in flood levels
 during the occurrence of the base flood discharge. Prior to issuance of a
 floodplain development permit, the applicant must submit a hydrologic
 and hydraulic analysis, conducted by a registered professional engineer,
 demonstrating that the proposed development would not result in any
 increase in the base flood elevation; or
- Development in floodway areas causing increases in the base flood elevation may be permitted provided all of the following are completed by the applicant:
 - a. Meet the requirements to submit technical data in Subsection 1104.03.11(A);
 - An evaluation of alternatives that would not result in increased base flood elevations and an credible evidence demonstrating that the alternatives are not feasible;
 - Certification that no structures are located in areas that would be impacted by the increased base flood elevation;
 - d. Documentation of individual legal notices explaining to all impacted property owners within and outside the community, explaining the impact of the proposed action on their property; and
 - Concurrence of the City Manager of the City of Kettering and the Chief Executive Officer of any other communities impacted by the proposed actions.

B. Development in Riverine Areas with Base Flood Elevations but No Floodways

 In riverine special flood hazard areas identified by FEMA where base flood elevation data are provided but no floodways have been designated, the cumulative effect of any proposed development, when combined with all other existing and anticipated development, shall not increase the base flood elevation more than 1.0 (one) foot at any point. Prior to issuance of a floodplain development permit, the applicant must submit a hydrologic and hydraulic analysis, conducted by a registered professional engineer, demonstrating that this standard has been met; or

- 2. Development in riverine special flood hazard areas identified by FEMA where base flood elevation data are provided but no floodways have been designated causing more than one foot increase in the base flood elevation may be permitted provided all of the following are completed by the applicant:
 - An evaluation of alternatives which would result in an increase of one foot or less of the base flood elevation and an explanation why these alternatives are not feasible; and
 - b. Subsection 1104.04.9(A)(2), items (a) and (c)-(e).

C. Alterations of a Watercourse

For the purpose of this Chapter, a watercourse is altered when any change occurs within its banks. The extent of the banks shall be established by a field determination of the "bankfull stage." The field determination of "bankfull stage" shall be based on methods presented in Chapter 7 of the USDA Forest Service General Technical Report RM-245, Stream Channel Reference Sites: An Illustrated Guide to Field Technique or other applicable publication available from a Federal, State, or other authoritative source. For all proposed developments that alter a watercourse, the following standards apply:

- The bankfull flood carrying capacity of the altered or relocated portion of the watercourse shall not be diminished. Prior to the issuance of a floodplain development permit, the applicant must submit a description of the extent to which any watercourse will be altered or relocated as a result of the proposed development, and certification by a registered professional engineer that the bankfull flood carrying capacity of the watercourse will not be diminished;
- Adjacent communities, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water, must be notified prior to any alteration or relocation of a watercourse. Evidence of such notification must be submitted to the Federal Emergency Management Agency;
- 3. The applicant shall be responsible for providing the necessary maintenance for the altered or relocated portion of said watercourse so that the flood carrying capacity will not be diminished. The Floodplain Administrator may require the permit holder to enter into an agreement with the City of Kettering specifying the maintenance responsibilities. If an agreement is required, it shall be made a condition of the floodplain development permit; and
- 4. The applicant shall meet the requirements to submit technical data in Subsection 1104.03.11(A)(1)(e) when an alteration of a watercourse results in the relocation or elimination of the special flood hazard area, including the placement of culverts.

D. Compensatory Storage Required for Fill

Fill within the area of special flood hazard shall result in no net loss of natural floodplain storage. The volume of the loss of floodwater storage due to filling in the special flood hazard area shall be offset by providing an equal volume of flood storage by excavation or other compensatory measures at or adjacent to the development site.

1140.04.10 Fill

- A. Fill sites, upon which structures will be constructed or placed, must be compacted to 95 percent of the maximum density obtainable with the standard Proctor Test method or an acceptable equivalent method.
- B. Fill slopes shall not be steeper than one foot vertical to two feet horizontal.
- C. Adequate protection against erosion and scour is provided for fill slopes. When expected velocities during the occurrence of the base flood of five feet per second armoring with stone or rock protections hall be provided. When expected velocities during the base flood are five feet per second or less protection shall be provided by covering them with vegetative cover.
- D. Fill shall be composed of clean granular or earthen material.

SECTION 1104.05 APPEALS AND VARIANCES

1104.05.1 Appeals Board

The Board of Zoning Appeals as established by the Charter of the City of Kettering shall hear and decide appeals and requests for variances from the requirements of this Chapter. Records are retained on file at the City of Kettering Planning and Development Department located at 3600 Shroyer Road, Kettering, OH 45440.

1104.05.2 Powers and Duties

- A. The Board of Zoning Appeals shall hear and decide appeals where it is alleged there is an error in any order, requirement, decision or determination made by the Floodplain Administrator in the administration or enforcement of this Chapter.
- B. The Board of Zoning Appeals may authorize variances in accordance with Section 1104.05.4 of this Chapter. Upon consideration of the purposes of this Chapter, the Board of Zoning Appeals may attach such conditions to the granting of variances as it deems necessary to further the purposes of this Chapter.
- C. The Floodplain Administrator shall maintain the records of all appeal actions and report any granted variances to the Federal Emergency Management Agency upon request.

1104.05.3 Appeals

- A. Any person affected by any notice and order, or other official action of the Floodplain Administrator may request and shall be granted a hearing on the matter before the Board of Zoning Appeals provided that such person shall file, within 10 days of the date of such notice and order, or other official action, a brief statement of the grounds for such hearing or for the mitigation of any item appearing on any order of the Floodplain Administrator's decision. Such appeal shall be in writing, signed by the applicant, and be filed with the Floodplain Administrator along with the required fee as established in the schedule for fees. Upon receipt of the appeal, the Floodplain Administrator shall transmit said notice and all pertinent information on which the Floodplain Administrator's decision was made to the Board of Zoning Appeals.
- B. Upon receipt of the appeal and payment of the fee, the Floodplain Administrator shall transmit said notice and all pertinent information on which the Floodplain Administrator's decision was made to the Board of Zoning Appeals. Upon receipt of the notice of appeal, the Board of Zoning Appeals shall fix a reasonable time for the appeal, give notice to the parties in interest, and decide the appeal within a reasonable time after it is submitted.

C. The Board of Zoning Appeals may find that the notice, order, or other official action being appealed is arbitrary, capricious, unreasonable, or unsupported by the preponderance of substantial, reliable, and probative evidence on the whole record. Consistent with its findings, the Board of Zoning Appeals may affirm, reverse, or vacate the notice, order, or other official action.

1104.05.4 Variances

A property owner believing that application of this Chapter would result in exceptional hardship to the property owner may file an application for a variance. In specific cases where, owing to special conditions of the lot or parcel, a literal enforcement of the provisions of this Chapter would result in exceptional hardship, the Board of Zoning Appeals shall have the power, as specified in this Section, to authorize variances from this Chapter which are not inconsistent with Federal regulations or contrary to the public interest.

A. Application for a Variance

- A property owner seeking a variance under this Chapter shall apply for a variance by filing an application with the Floodplain Administrator. The application form shall be prescribed by the Floodplain Administrator.
- 2. Such application at a minimum shall contain the following information: Name, address, and telephone number of the applicant; legal description of the property; parcel map; description of the existing use; description of the proposed use; location of the floodplain and special flood hazard area; location of the proposed development in relation to the floodplain and special flood hazard area; description of the variance sought; reason for the variance request; Specific section(s) of this Chapter to be varied, explanation of variance need and reasons for variance; any other information reasonably required by the Floodplain Administrator.
- All applications for a variance shall be accompanied by an application fee set in the schedule of fees.

B. Notice for Public Hearing

The Board of Zoning Appeals shall schedule and hold a public hearing after receipt of a complete application for a variance. Notice of the hearing shall be given in accordance with Kettering Codified Ordinance Section 1153.04.3 – Table 53.2 Notifications – E. Variances.

C. Public Hearing

At such hearing the applicant shall present such statements and evidence as the Board of Zoning Appeals requires. In considering such variance applications, the Board of Zoning Appeals shall consider and make findings of fact on all evaluations, all relevant factors, standards specified in other sections of these regulations, and the following factors:

- The danger that materials may be swept onto other lands to the injury of others;
- 2. The danger to life and property due to flooding or erosion damage;
- 3. The susceptibility of the proposed development and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage on the individual owner;
- The importance to the community of the services provided by the proposed facility;

- 5. The availability of alternative locations for the proposed use that are not subject to flooding or erosion damage;
- 6. The necessity to the facility of a waterfront location, where applicable;
- The compatibility of the proposed use with existing and anticipated development;
- 8. The relationship of the proposed use to the comprehensive plan and floodplain management program for that area;
- The safety of access to the property in times of flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles;
- 10. The expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise, and sediment transport of the floodwaters and the effects of wave action, if applicable, expected at the site; and
- 11. The costs of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions, including maintenance and repair of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems, and streets and bridges.

Variances shall only be issued upon:

- 1. A showing of good and sufficient cause;
- A determination that failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship due to the physical characteristics of the property. Increased cost or inconvenience of meeting the requirements of this Chapter does not constitute an exceptional hardship. The exceptional hardship cannot be self-created or caused;
- A determination that the granting of a variance will not result in increased flood heights beyond that which is allowed in these regulations; additional threats to public safety; extraordinary public expense, nuisances, fraud on or victimization of the public, or conflict with existing local laws;
- 4. A determination that the structure or other development is protected by methods to minimize flood damages; and
- A determination that the variance is the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.

Upon consideration of the above factors and the purposes of this Chapter, the Board of Zoning Appeals may attach such conditions to the granting of variances as it deems necessary to further the purposes of this Chapter.

D. Other Conditions for Variances

- 1. Variances shall not be issued within any designated floodway if any increase in flood levels during the base flood discharge would result.
- 2. Generally, variances may be issued for new construction and substantial improvements to be erected on a lot of one-half acre or less in size contiguous to and surrounded by lots with existing structures constructed below the base flood level, providing items in Subsection 1104.05.4(C)(1-11) have been fully considered and determined to all fully support granting the requested variance. As the lot size increases beyond one-half acre, the technical justification required for issuing the variance increases.
- 3. Any applicant to whom a variance is granted should be given written notice that the structure will be permitted to be built with a lowest floor elevation

below the base flood elevation and the cost of flood insurance will be commensurate with the increased risk resulting from the reduced lowest floor elevation.

1104.05.5 Procedure at Hearings

- A. All testimony shall be given under oath.
- B. A complete record of the proceedings shall be kept, except confidential deliberations of the Board, but including all documents presented and a verbatim record of the testimony of all witnesses.
- C. The applicant shall proceed first to present evidence and testimony in support of the appeal or variance.
- D. The Floodplain Administrator may present evidence or testimony in opposition to the appeal or variance.
- E. All witnesses shall be subject to cross-examination by the adverse party or their counsel
- F. Evidence that is not admitted may be proffered and shall become part of the record for appeal.
- G. The Board shall issue subpoenas upon written request for the attendance of witnesses. A reasonable deposit to cover the cost of issuance and service shall be collected in advance.
- H. The Board of Zoning Appeals shall prepare conclusions of fact supporting its decision. The decision may be announced at the conclusion of the hearing and thereafter issued in writing or decisions may be issued in writing or within a reasonable time after the hearing.

1104.05.6 Appeal of Board of Zoning Appeals' Decisions

- A. Those aggrieved by a decision made under this Chapter by the Board of Zoning Appeals may appeal such decision to the Kettering City Council as provided in the City Charter and Kettering Codified Ordinance Section 1153.15.
- B. City Council may find that the notice, order, or other official action being appealed is arbitrary, capricious, unreasonable, or unsupported by the preponderance of substantial, reliable, and probative evidence on the whole record. Consistent with its findings, City Council may affirm, reverse, or vacate the notice, order, or other official action.

1104.05.7 Appeal to Court

Those aggrieved by the decision of the City Council may appeal such decision to the Montgomery County Court of Common Pleas, pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 2506. The appellant shall pay all costs associated with preparing the record for appeal. Payment shall be due on preparation of the record.

SECTION 1104.06. ENFORCEMENT

1104.06.1 Compliance Required

A. No structure or land shall hereafter be located, erected, constructed, reconstructed, repaired, extended, converted, enlarged or altered without full compliance with the terms of this Chapter and all other applicable regulations which apply to uses within the jurisdiction of this Chapter, unless specifically exempted from filing for a development permit as stated in Subsection 1104.03.9.

- B. Failure to obtain a floodplain development permit shall be a violation of these regulations and shall be punishable in accordance with Subsection 1104.06.6.
- C. Floodplain development permits issued on the basis of plans and applications approved by the Floodplain Administrator authorize only the use, and arrangement, set forth in such approved plans and applications or amendments thereto. Use, arrangement, or construction contrary to that authorized shall be deemed a violation of this Chapter and punishable in accordance with Subsection 1104.06.6.

1104,06,2 Notice of Violation

The Floodplain Administrator shall serve any notice of violation or order in accordance with Subsection 1104.06.3(C).

1104.06.3 Notices and Orders

A. Notice to Owner or to Responsible Person(s).

Whenever the Floodplain Administrator determines that there has been a violation of this Chapter or has grounds to believe that a violation has occurred, then notice shall be given to the owner or the person(s) (tenant, occupant, user, owner, etc.) responsible therefore in the manner prescribed in Section 1104.06.3(C)

B. Form

Such notice prescribed in Subsection 1104.06.3 shall:

- 1. Be in writing on an appropriate form;
- 2. Include a description of the property sufficient for identification;
- Include a list of violations, referring to the section or sections of these
 regulations that have been violated, and order remedial action, which, if taken,
 will effect compliance with the provisions of these regulations;
- 4. Specify a reasonable time for performance; and
- Inform the owner or the person(s) to whom the notice of violation is issued of the right to appeal.

C. Method of Service

Any notice or order of the Floodplain Administrator shall be deemed to have been properly served if a copy thereof is:

- 1. Delivered personally; or
- 2. Left at the usual place of abode of the person to whom it is to be served upon and with someone who is 18 years of age or older; or
- Sent by certified, preposted U.S. mail to the last known address of the person to be served; or
- 4. If the notice is attempted to be served by certified, preposted U.S. mail and then returned showing that it was not delivered or if the certified notice is not returned within fourteen (14) days after the date of mailing, then a copy thereof may be sent by regular, preposted, first-class U.S. mail to the last known address of the person to be served and posted in a conspicuous place in or about the development, structure, building, premises or property affected by such notice.

1104.06.4 Unlawful Acts

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to be in conflict with or in violation of any of the provisions of this Chapter. No person shall fail or refuse to comply with any decision or order of the Floodplain Administrator or any provision of this Chapter.

1104.06.5 Prosecution of Violation

If a notice of violation is not complied with or an order of the Floodplain Administrator is issued for failure to comply, then the Floodplain Administrator may institute or cause to be instituted a legal proceeding to restrain, correct, or abate such violation, or to require the removal or termination of the unlawful structure or development in violation of the provisions of this Chapter or of the order or direction made pursuant thereto, including penalties for violation of failure to comply.

1104.06.6 Violation Penalties

Whoever is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of any provision of this Chapter, shall be guilty of a minor misdemeanor. Any such violation shall be a strict liability offense (malum prohibitum) and no proof of intent shall be necessary. Each day that a violation continues after notice has been served shall be deemed a separate offense.

1104.06.7 Habitual Offender

Any person who commits a violation of this Chapter, after having previously been convicted by the Court for committing a violation of this Chapter within a thirty-six (36) month period, shall be guilty of a fourth degree misdemeanor.

1104.06.8 Abatement of Violation

The imposition of the penalties herein prescribed shall not preclude the Kettering Law Director or the Law Director's designee from instituting appropriate action to restrain, correct, or abate a violation, or to stop illegal development.

<u>Section 2</u>. Any title page or listing of section titles of the Codified Ordinances requiring modification to reflect the amendment of the Codified Ordinances as expressed in this ordinance shall be so modified.

Section 3. Each section and provision of this ordinance are hereby declared to be independent divisions and subdivisions and, notwithstanding any other evidence of legislative intent, it is hereby declared to be the controlling legislative intent that if any provision(s) of this ordinance, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held to be invalid, the remaining sections or provisions and the application of such sections and provisions to any person or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby, and it is hereby declared that such sections and provisions would have been passed independently of such section or provision so known to be invalid.

Section 4. As provided in Section 4-7 of the City Charter, this Ordinance is declared to be an emergency ordinance which shall be effective immediately upon passage. The basis of the emergency is to preserve the public interests and meet a March 8, 2022 deadline to allow the City of Kettering and its property owners to continue to participate in and benefit from the Community Rating System and National Flood Insurance Program.

Passed by Council this	day of	2022.
	PEGGY LEH	NED Mayor
	redo i deni	NEK, Mayui
ATTEST:	CERTIFICAT	E OF APPROVAL:
LASHAUNAH D. KACZYNSKI, Clerk of Council	THEODORE . Law Director	A. HAMER III

(Requested by: Planning and Development Department)



CERTIFICATION

DATE:

February 8, 2022

TO:

Mayor and Council, City of Kettering

FROM:

Planning Commission

SUBJECT:

PC-22-001 - Zoning Text Amendment

Planning Commission hereby certifies that a public hearing was held on February 7, 2022 with a decision reached at that meeting concerning a request to amend selected portions of the City of Kettering Zoning Code.

Planning Commission hereby submits its recommendation to Council that the requested zoning code text amendments be approved.

Vote of the Planning Commission

The motion recommending approval was passed by a vote of 5:0.

Reason for Request

The primary purpose of this request is to make selected revisions to the City of Kettering Zoning Code. The amendments will correct and clarify areas of conflict, serve to introduce best practices, and modernize and expand flexibility.

Respectfully submitted,

KETTERING PLANNING COMMISSION

By:

David Roller, City Planner

Planning and Development Department