# CITY OF LUCAS, TEXAS

CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR:

# STINSON ROAD PAVING AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

DESIGN SPEED: 35 M.P.H.

## CITY COUNCIL

JIM OLK, MAYOR KATHLEEN PEELE, MAYOR PRO-TEM WAYNE MILLSAP TIM BANEY STEVE DUKE PHILIP LAWRENCE DEBBIE FISHER

# **CITY MANAGER**

JONI CLARKE

PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR/CITY ENGINEER STANTON FOERSTER, P.E.



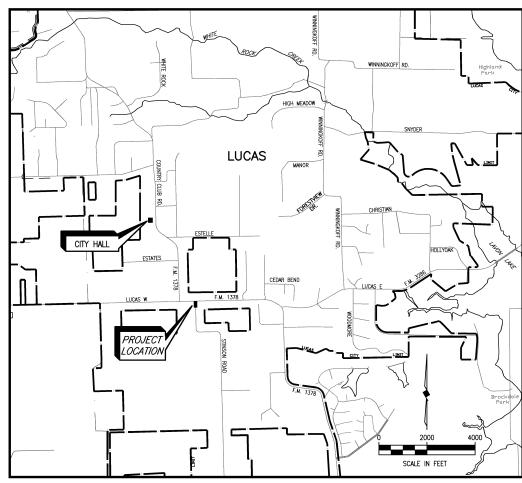
#### PREPARED BY

#### BIRKHOFF, HENDRICKS & CARTER, L.L.P.

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS TBPE Firm No. 526; TBPLS Firm No. 10031800 11910 Greenville Ave., Suite 600 Dallas, Texas 75243 (214) 361-7900

#### January 2018

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LOCATION MAP

### SHEET INDEX

- COVER SHEET, LOCATION MAP AND SHEET INDEX
- GENERAL NOTES
- TYPICAL SECTIONS
- REMOVAL SHEET/SURVEY CONTROL POINTS
- STINSON ROAD PAVING PLAN PROFILE
- STINSON ROAD CROSS SECTIONS
- 11 PERMANENT MARKING AND SIGNAGE PLAN
- DRAINAGE AREA MAP W/ CALCULATION TABLE STINSON ROAD CULVERT REPLACEMENT PLAN PROFILE
- CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
- 15-17 CULVERTS & SAFETY END TREATMENT DETAILS
- TRAFFIC CONTROL & BARRICADE DETAILS



#### GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE MANNER ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN INDEPENDENTLY VERIFIED BY THE OWNER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE (ENGINEER). THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK AND SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGE WHICH MIGHT OCCUR DUE TO THE CONTRACTOR'S FAILURE TO LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- THE NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS (NCTCOG) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION, 4TH EDITION, OCTOBER 2004, ARE HEREAFTER, COLLECTIVELY REFERRED TO AS "THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS"
- 3. IN THE EVENT AN ITEM IS NOT COVERED WITHIN THESE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, THE NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS (NCTCOG) STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS CONSTRUCTION SHALL APPLY.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE ENGINEER SHOULD ANY DISCREPANCIES BE FOUND IN THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND/OR THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS. THE CONTRACTOR WILL NOT BE COMPENSATED FOR ANY WORK NOT AUTHORIZED BY THE CITY.
- 5. CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATION AND MATERIALS TESTING WILL BE PERFORMED BY REPRESENTATIVES OF THE OWNER, ENGINEER AND REVIEW AUTHORITIES AND AGENCIES. UNRESTRICTED ACCESS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THESE REPRESENTATIVES AT ALL TIMES. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR UNDERSTANDING THE REQUIRED INSPECTIONS AND ALLOWING FOR THEM IN HIS SCHEDULE OF OPERATIONS. CONTRACTOR WILL NOT BE ALLOWED ANY ADDITIONAL CONTRACT DAYS OR COMPENSATION AS A RESULT OF HIS FAILURE TO ADEQUATELY PROVIDE FOR AUTHORIZED INSPECTIONS.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT PLACE FILL OR WASTE MATERIAL ON ANY PRIVATE PROPERTY WITHOUT A WRITTEN AGREEMENT WITH THE PROPERTY OWNER AND APPROVAL BY CITY. A COPY OF THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE CITY.
- . TRENCH SAFETY DESIGN SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A TRENCH SAFETY DESIGN PLAN, SEALED BY A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER LICENSED IN THE STATE OF TEXAS, FOR REVIEW PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT THE EXISTING TREES, BUSHES, LANDSCAPING PLANTS, SPRINKLERS, AND LAWNS UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS. ANY DAMAGE TO THE EXISTING TREES, BUSHES, LANDSCAPING PLANTS, SPRINKLERS, AND LAWNS CAUSED BY THE CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPLACED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE PROPERTY OWNER AND THE CITY AT THE CONTRACTOR'S SOLE EXPENSE.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL UNDERGROUND IRRIGATION SYSTEMS. ADJUSTMENT OR RELOCATION OF IRRIGATION SYSTEM SHALL BE INSTALLED BY AN IRRIGATOR LICENSED IN THE STATE OF TEXAS AND, IF REQUIRED, SHALL BE INCIDENTAL TO RIGHT OF WAY PREPARATION.
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RESTORE ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY THE CONSTRUCTION TO THE ORIGINAL CONDITION OR BETTER. RESTORED AREAS INCLUDE BUT NOT LIMITED TO TRENCH BACKFILL, SIDE SLOPES, FENCES, IRRIGATION SYSTEMS, DRIVEWAYS, PRIVATE YARDS, SIGNS AND ROADWAYS. DISTURBED ROADWAY CLEAR ZONES SHALL BE HYDRO MULCHED, WATERED & ESTABLISHED. DISTURBED CHANNEL SIDE SLOPES SHALL BE RESTORED WITH SOLID BLOCK SOD, WATERED, FERTILIZED & ESTABLISHED. THE ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASS IN DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE CITY OF PARKER.

#### **PAVING NOTES**

REVISED: 1/15/18 - RLOWE

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP STREETS ADJACENT TO THE PROJECT FREE OF MUD AND DEBRIS FROM THE CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. CONCRETE FOR ALL STREETS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NCTCOG CLASS "P1" CONCRETE (4,000 P.S.I. COMPRESSIVE @ 28 DAYS MINIMUM 6 SACK MIX).
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ACCESS TO PRIVATE PROPERTY AT ALL TIMES. DRIVEWAYS WILL BE REPLACED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. TEMPORARY DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE CONTRACTOR HAS DISTURBED OR ALTERED THE ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNERS ACCESS TO HIS PROPERTY.
- 4. DRIVEWAY LOCATIONS IF ANY SHOWN ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE TO SUIT ACTUAL FIELD CONDITIONS AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION AND MAY BE SHIFTED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. DRIVEWAYS CONSTRUCTED OFF RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL MATCH THE EXISTING DRIVE CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, WHERE APPLIES.
- 6. WHEN EXCAVATION IS REQUIRED NEXT TO A PAVEMENT LANE CARRYING TRAFFIC AND WIDENING IS NOT COMPLETED WITHIN FORTY EIGHT (48) HOURS, SUFFICIENT BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED AGAINST THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT TO PROVIDE A USUAL 3:1 SLOPE.
- 7. WHERE THE CONTRACTOR DESIRES TO MOVE ANY EQUIPMENT NOT LICENSED FOR OPERATION ON PUBLIC ROADWAYS ON OR ACROSS PAVEMENT, HE SHALL PROTECT THE PAVEMENT FROM DAMAGE. ANY DAMAGE TO PAVEMENT SHALL BE REPLACED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S SOLE EXPENSE.
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT COMMENCE WORK ON THE ROADWAY BEFORE 7:00 AM AND SHALL ARRANGE HIS WORK SO THAT NO MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT SHALL BE CLOSER THAN 30 FEET TO THE TRAVELED ROADWAY AFTER SUNSET EXCEPT AS APPROVED BY THE CHITY, WORKING HOURS SHALL BE 7AM-7PM MON.-FRI. AND 8AM-7PM ON SATURDAYS. NO WORK SHALL BE DONE ON CITY HOLIDAYS OR SUNDAYS.
- 9. WHERE PROPOSED REINFORCED CONCRETE PAVEMENT CONNECT TO EXISTING REINFORCED CONCRETE PAVEMENT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MATCH AT SAME TOP CONCRETE ELEVATION WITH A SMOOTH TRANSITION INCLUDING AT CONCRETE CURB CONNECTIONS. SEE LONGITUDINAL BUTT JOINT DETAIL FOR TYPICAL CONNECTION.
- 10. THIS PROJECT WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED COMPLETE UNTIL THE ENGINEER DETERMINES THAT ALL CURBS, PAVEMENT AND SIDEWALKS HAVE BEEN SWEPT CLEAN OF ALL DIRT AND DEBRIS.

#### PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND SIGNS

- ALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS, SIGN MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE LATEST ADDITIONS OF THE STANDARD HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT SIGN DESIGN FOR TEXAS, THE TEXAS MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMITCD) LINESS NOTED OTHERWISE
- 2. SIGN LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE DIAGRAMMATIC
- 3. PAYMENT FOR EACH SIGN SHALL INCLUDE MOUNTING HARDWARE, THE SIGN POLE AND GROUND MOUNTING SYSTEM. ALL GROUND MOUNTED SIGNS SHALL BE GALVANIZED 12—GAUGE YIELDING BREAKAWAY GROUND MOUNTED SIGN SYSTEMS. THE SYSTEM SHALL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING THREE ELEMENTS:
- a) 12-FOOT LONG 2-INCH SQUARE POLES WITH HOLES
- b) 30-INCH LONG 2.25-INCH SQUARE BASE
- c) 18-INCH LONG 2.5-INCH SQUARE SLEEVE
- 4. SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF TMUTCD.
- 5. REFLECTORIZED PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL BE THERMOPLASTIC, PER TXDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, ITEM 666. PAVEMENT MARKERS SHALL COMPLY WITH TXDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. ITEM 672.
- 6. ANY SIGNS TEMPORARILY REMOVED BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REPLACED. PAYMENT FOR THE REPLACEMENT OF SIGNS NOT CALLED OUT IN THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND INCLUDED IN THE BID SCHEDULE SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO THE PROJECT.

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL

- THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE TRAFFIC CONTROL DURING THE PROJECT. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST VERSION OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (TMUTCD).
- 2. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS MUST BE SUBMITTED BY THE CONTRACTOR FOR REVIEW A MINIMUM OF SEVEN WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO ANTICIPATED LANE CLOSURES. THE TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN MUST BE APPROVED BY THE CITY PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS MAY BE REQUIRED ON OTHER ROADWAYS AS DETERMINED BY THE CITY OR THE ENGINEER. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS MUST BE PREPARED BY AN INDIVIDUAL CERTIFIED IN THEIR PREPARATION IN THE STATE OF TEXAS.
- 3. BARRICADES AND SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED IN SUCH A MANNER AS NOT TO INTERFERE WITH SIGHT DISTANCE OF DRIVERS ENTERING THE ROADWAY OR SIDE STREETS.
- 4. ALL TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE REMOVED AS SOON AS PRACTICAL WHEN THEY ARE NO LONGER NEEDED.

#### UTILITY NOTES

- 1. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO PROTECT ALL EXISTING PUBLIC AND PRIVATE UTILITIES THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY FOR LINE RESPONSIBILITY AND IS LIABLE TO THESE COMPANIES FOR ANY DAMAGE CAUSED TO THEIR FACILITIES.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE EXTREME CARE WHEN EXCAVATING IN THE VICINITY OF UTILITIES. THE
  CONTRACTOR MAY BE REQUIRED TO PROBE OR EXPOSE THESE FACILITIES. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE
  RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGE TO THESE UTILITIES CAUSED BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- 3. ERECTION OF POLES AND STRUCTURES LOCATED NEAR ANY OVERHEAD OR UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED USING ESTABLISHED INDUSTRY SAFETY AND UTILITY SAFETY PRACTICES.

#### STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION NOTES

- PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) TO THE CITY.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING ALL THE VARIOUS STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES AND SHALL BE REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL STATE. AND LOCAL EROSION. CONSERVATION. AND SANITATION ORDINANCES.
- 3. IF THESE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION SYSTEMS, AS APPROVED, CANNOT CONTROL EROSION, THE SWPPP WILL BE REQUIRED TO BE REVISED AND/OR ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES WILL BE REQUIRED ON SITE AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE CITY.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYMENT OF ALL ASSOCIATED FEES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE N.O.I. (NOTICE OF INTENT) APPLICATION FEE AND WATER QUALITY FEE.
- 5. PERIMETER CONTROLS SUCH AS SILT CONTROL FENCE OR HAY BALES SHALL BE INSTALLED AT ALL DOWN SLOPE BOUNDARIES AND AS REQUIRED WHERE PAVEMENT REMOVAL, UTILITY CONSTRUCTION, GRADING, OR OTHER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ARE TO BE PREFORMED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE SUCH MEASURES AT ALL TIMES TO MINIMIZE SITE TRACKING OR TRANSPORT OF SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS OFF-SITE.
- 6. DAMAGES TO ADJACENT PROPERTY OR TO RECEIVING WATERS CAUSED BY IMPROPERLY INSTALLED OR POORLY MAINTAINED EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF SILT AND SEDIMENT FROM EROSION CONTROL DEVICES WHEN THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THESE MEASURES IS REDUCED, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADEQUATE PROTECTION FOR THE EXISTING AND PROPOSED STORM DRAINAGE INLETS AND PREVENT THE ENTRY OF ANY SEDIMENT OR OTHER MATERIALS INTO THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT ALLOW ANY CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS OUTSIDE THE PROJECT BOUNDARIES. ANY DEBRIS (MUD, GRAVEL, ORGANIC MATERIAL, ETC.) THAT FALLS ONTO ADJACENT PROPERTY OR EXISTING PAYMENT SHALL BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY.
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

#### DRAINAGE NOTES

- ALL DRAINAGE PIPES SHALL INTERSECT STRUCTURES AT THE CENTERLINE OF THE STRUCTURE INSIDE WALL
  FACE, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 2. ALL R.C.P. AND R.C.B. BEND AND INTERSECTIONS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED UTILIZING PRECAST 45' OR 60' BENDS, WYFS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE AND SHALL BE SUBSIDIARY TO R.C.P. OR R.C.B. INSTALLATION
- 3. ALL STORM SEWER SHALL BE ASTM C-76, CLASS III REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- 4. ALL STORM SEWER INLETS, MANHOLES & EMBEDMENT SHALL BE AS PER THE DETAILS.

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**GENERAL NOTES** 

STINSON ROAD PAVEMENT & DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

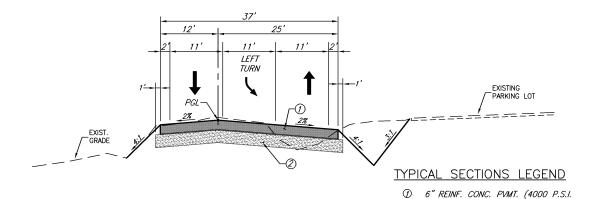
PROJECT NO. 2016-148

January, 2018

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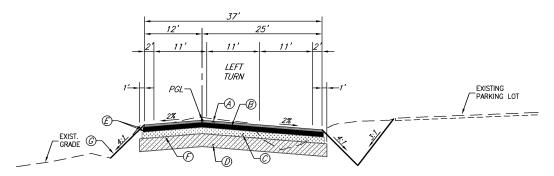
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TYPICAL STINSON ROAD SECTION

(STA. 0+44.78 TO STA. 2+56.00 LOOKING SOUTH) @ 8" LIME TREATED SUBGRADE

COMPRESSIVE @ 28 DAYS MIN. 6 SACK MIX)
USE NO.4 REBAR ON 18-INCH CENTERS,



#### TYPICAL STINSON ROAD SECTION WITHIN TXDOT R.O.W.

(STA. 0+08.86 TO STA. 0+44.78 LOOKING SOUTH)

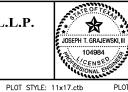
#### TYPICAL SECTIONS LEGEND

- A 1-1/2" TYPE 'D' H.M.A.C. SURFACE COURSE
- (B) 3" TYPE 'D' H.M.A.C. SURFACE COURSE
- © 4" TYPE 'B' H.M.A.C. BINDER COURSE (2-2" COURSES)
- ② 8" LIME TREATED SUBGRADE (6% MIX & COMPACTED TO 95% S.P.D.)
- (E) TACK COAT (AT RATE AS PER MANUFACTURES RECOMMENDATION)
- F TACK COAT (AT RATE AS PER MANUFACTURES RECOMMENDATION)
- © BLOCK SOD
- (ATTIVE MATERIAL (COMPACTED IN 6" LIFTS TO 95% UNDER PAVEMENT STD. PROCTOR 90% ELSEWHERE)

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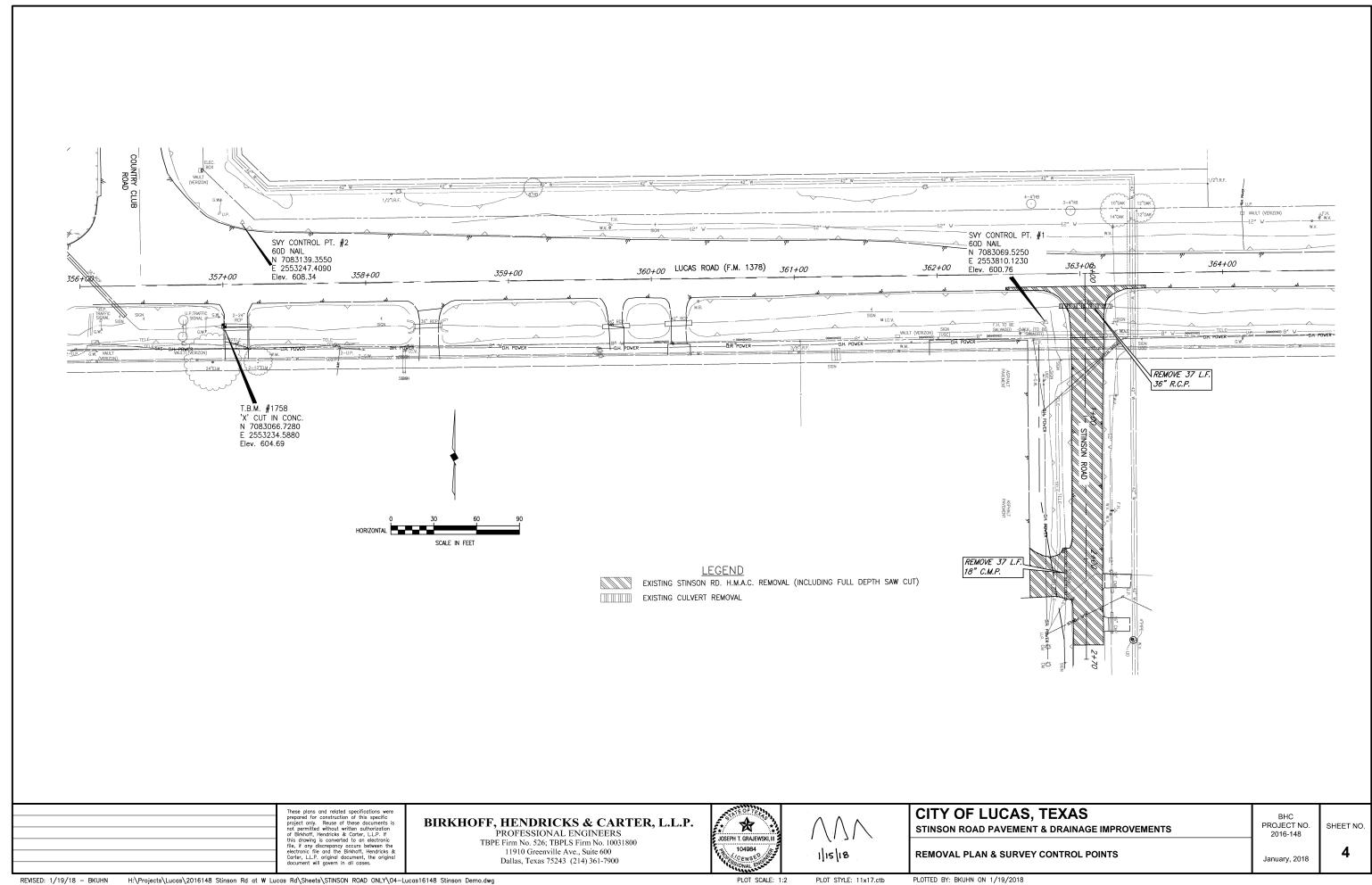
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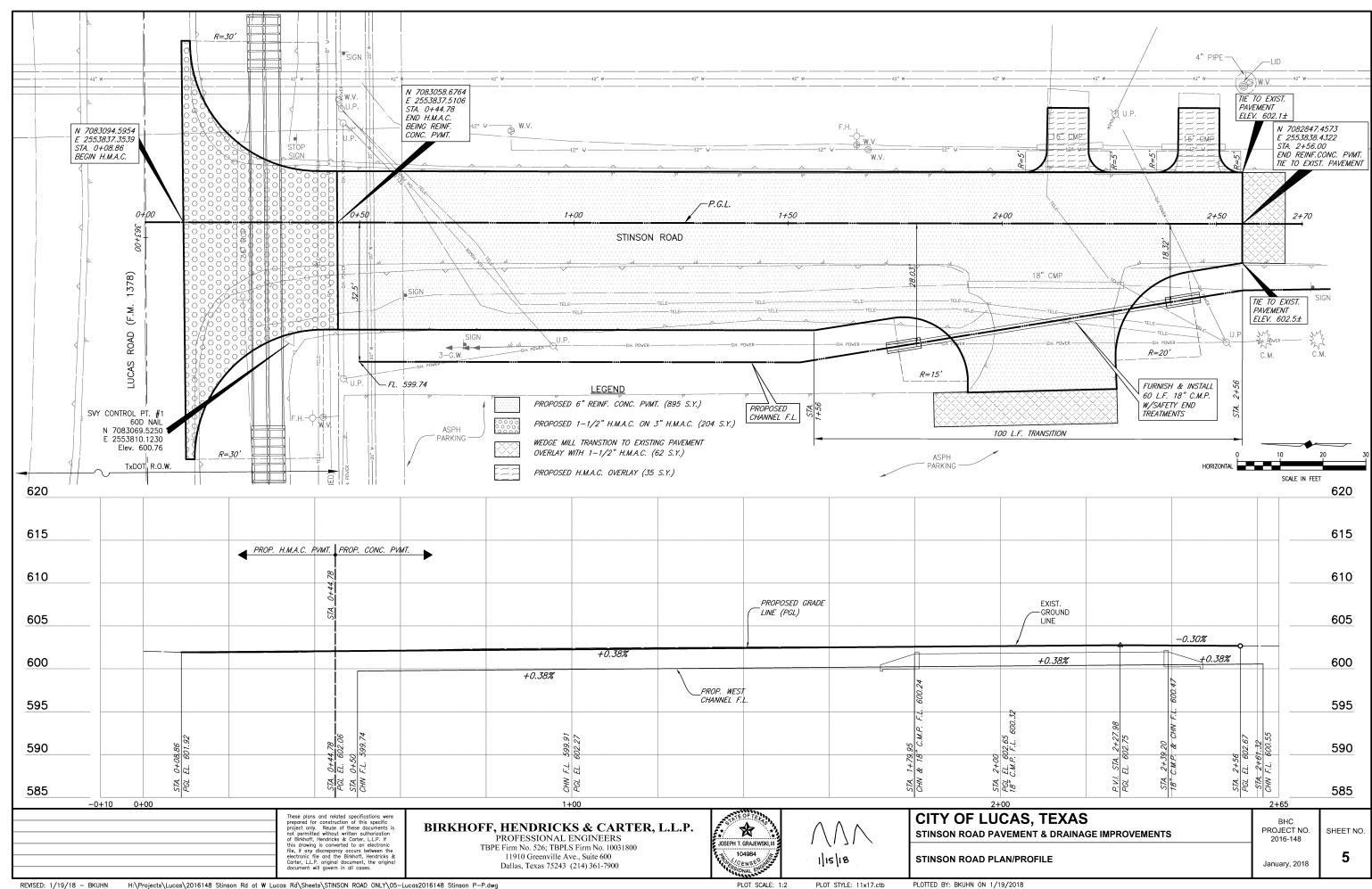


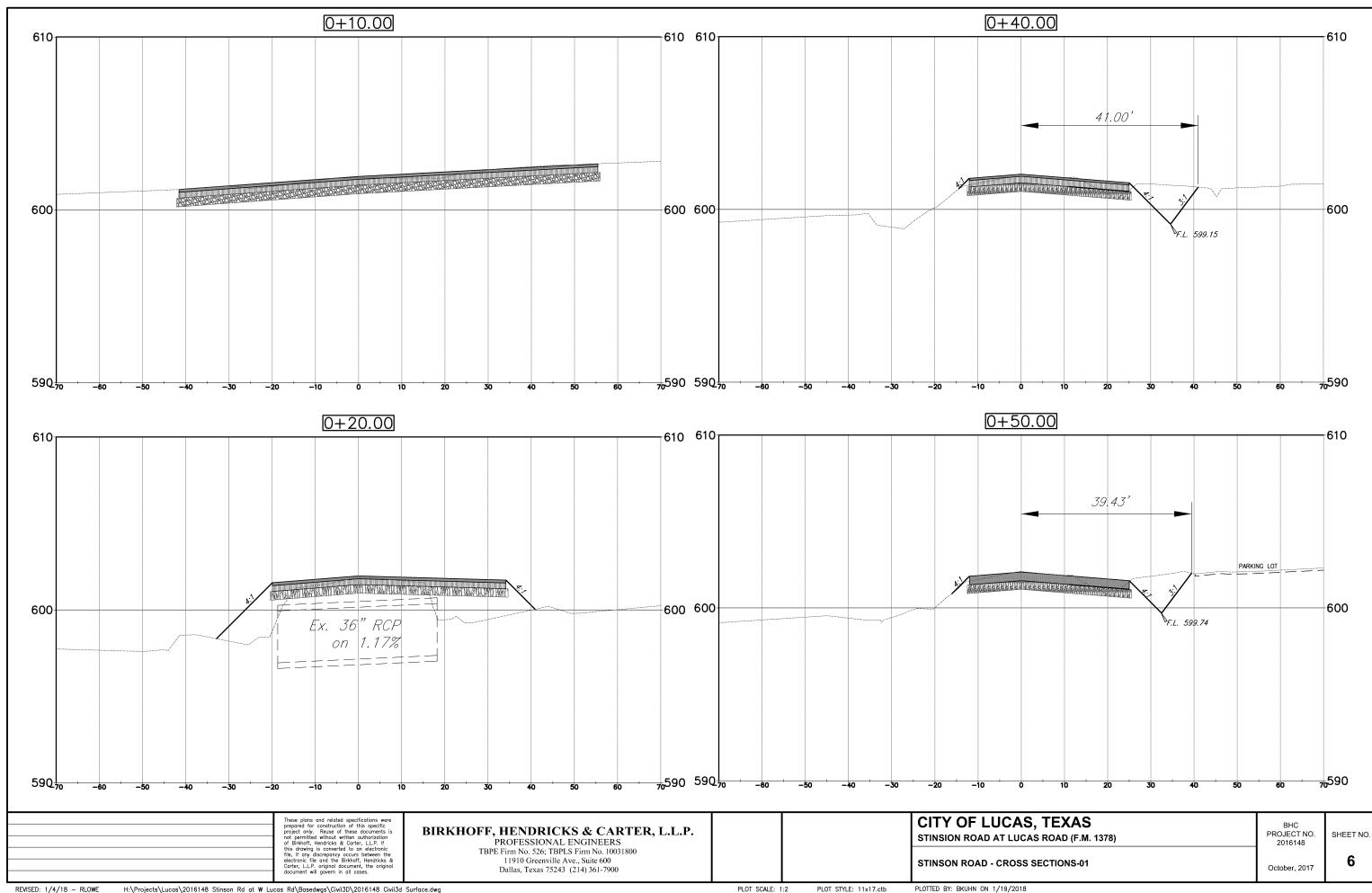


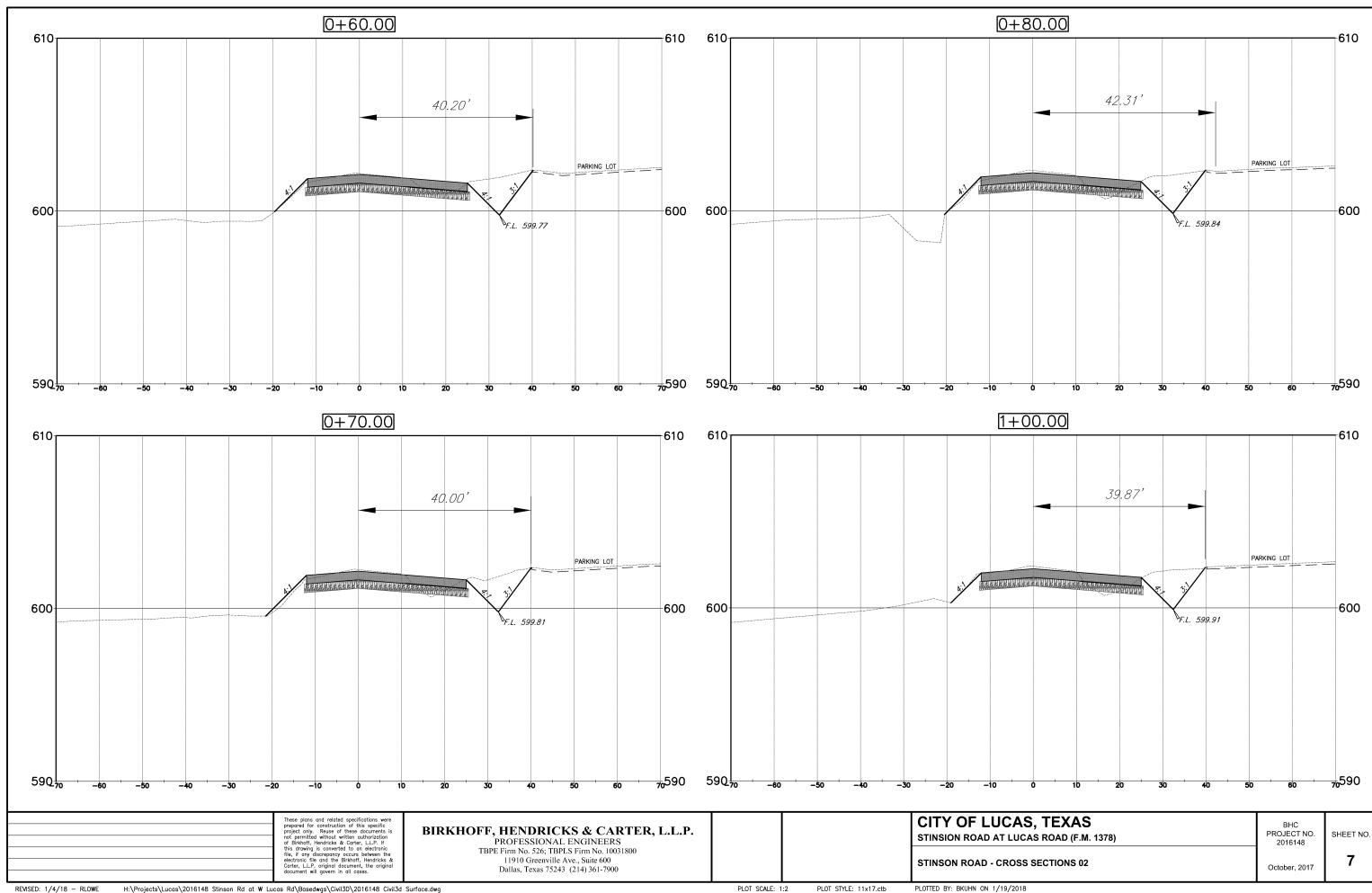
CITY OF LUCAS, TEXAS
STINSON ROAD PAVEMENT & DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS
TYPICAL SECTIONS

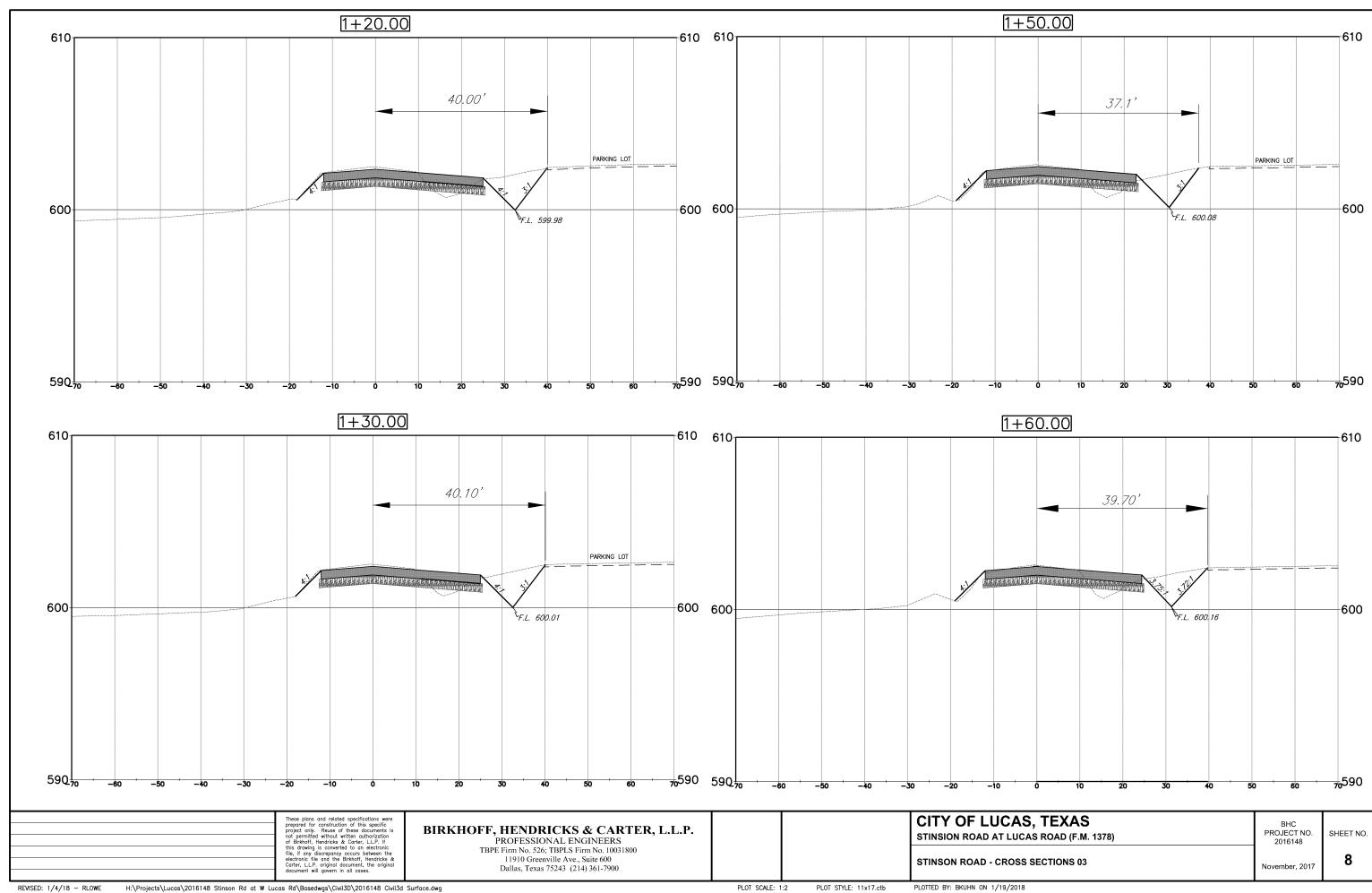
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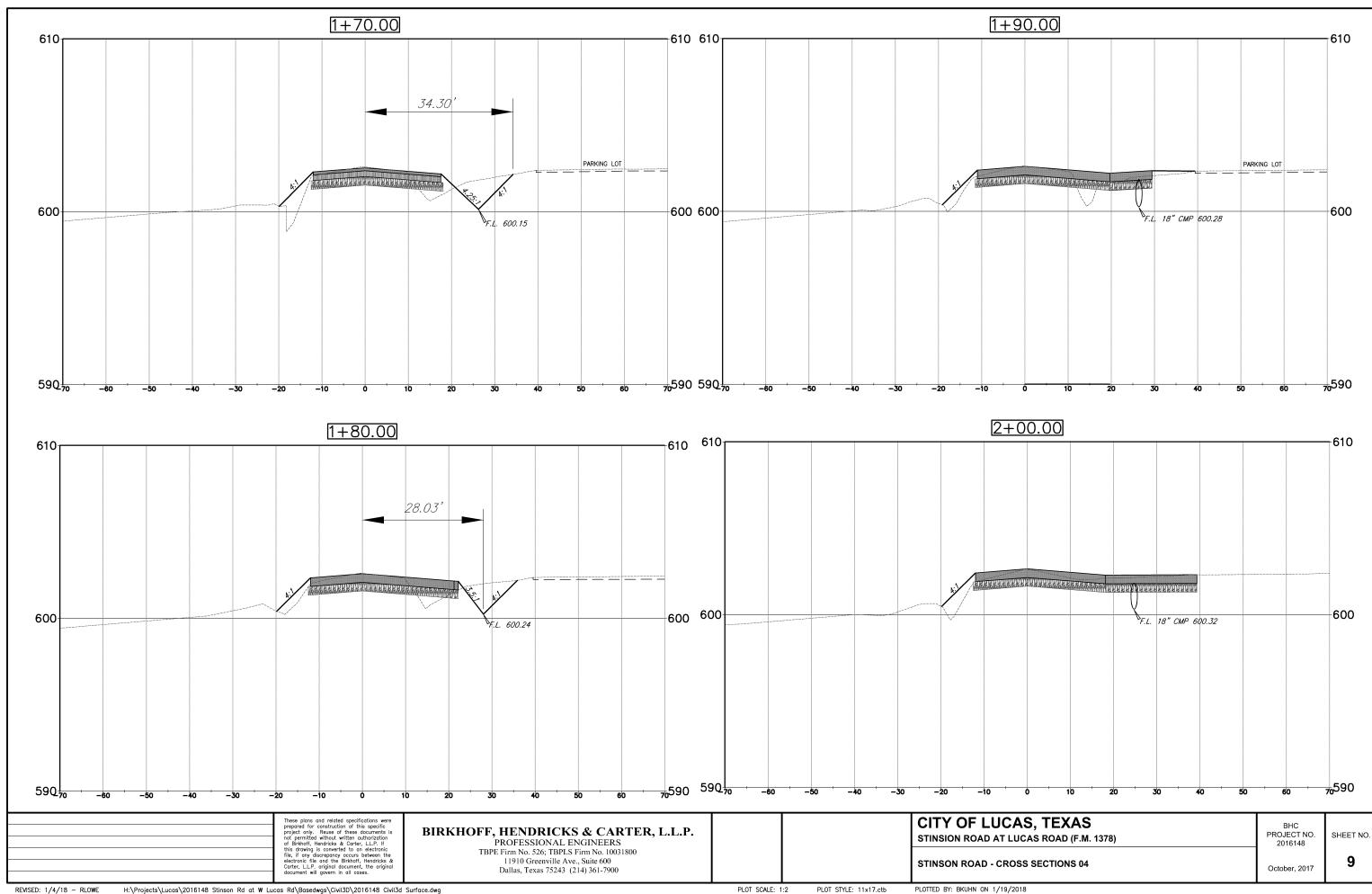


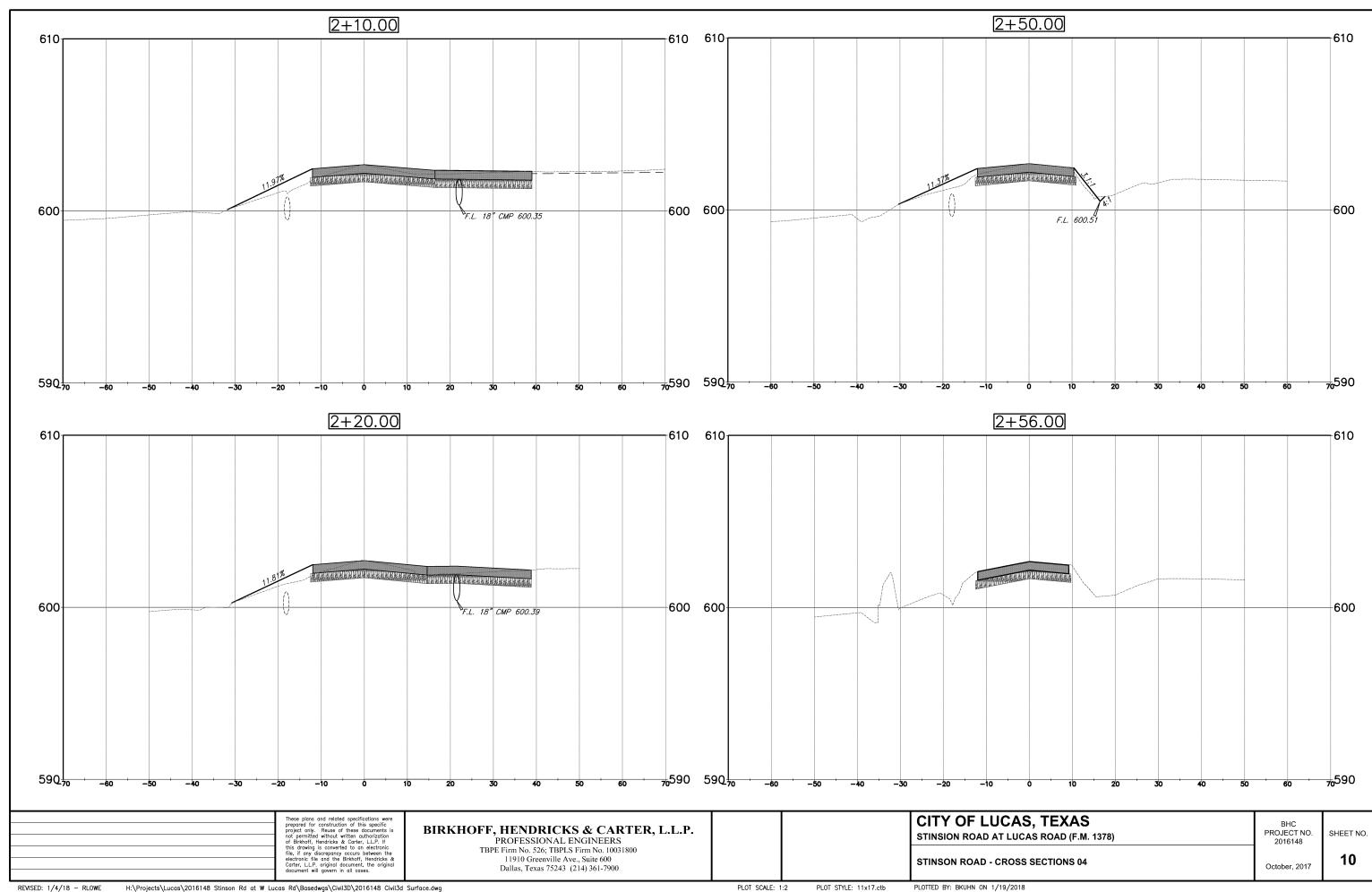


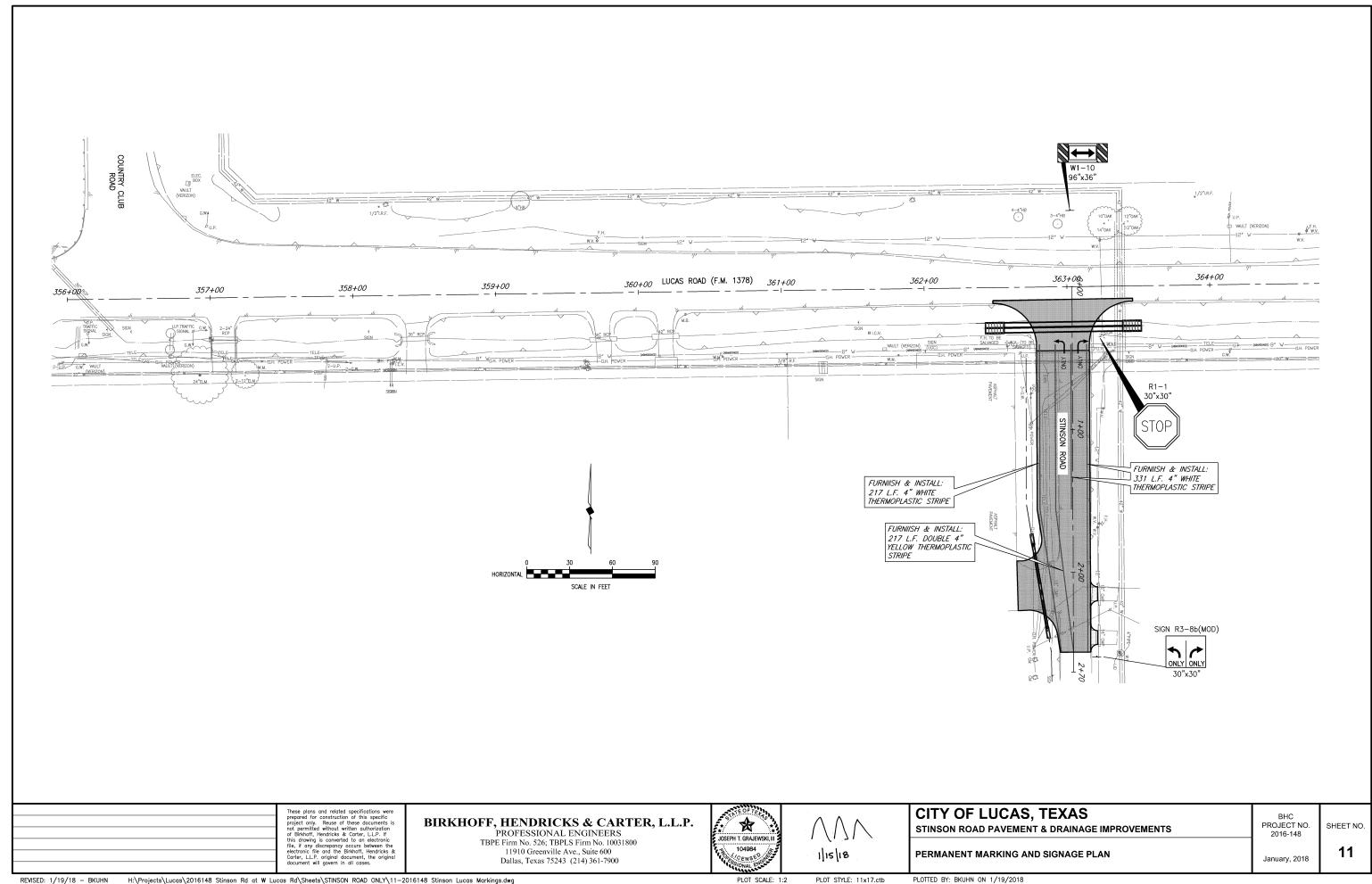


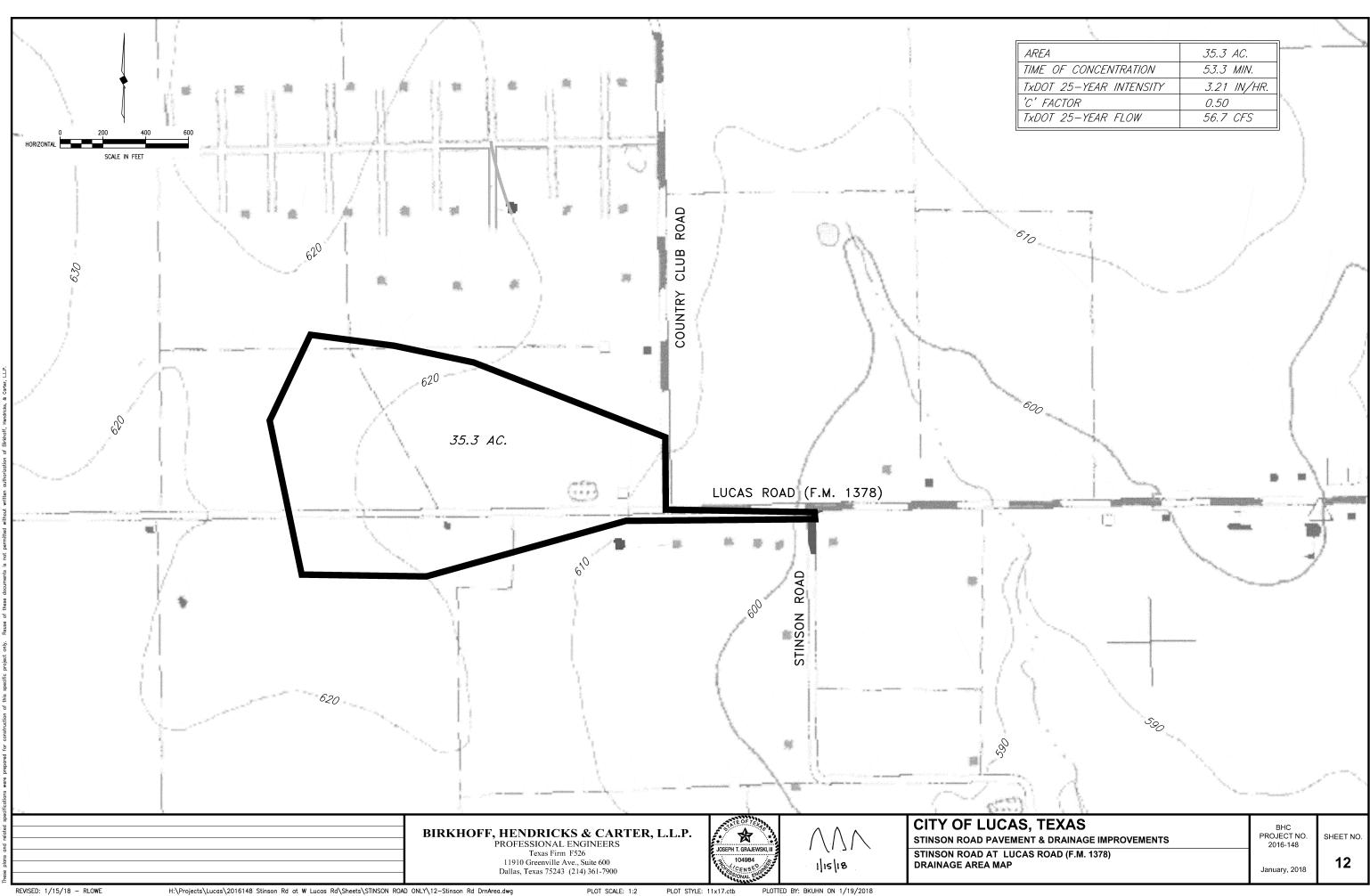


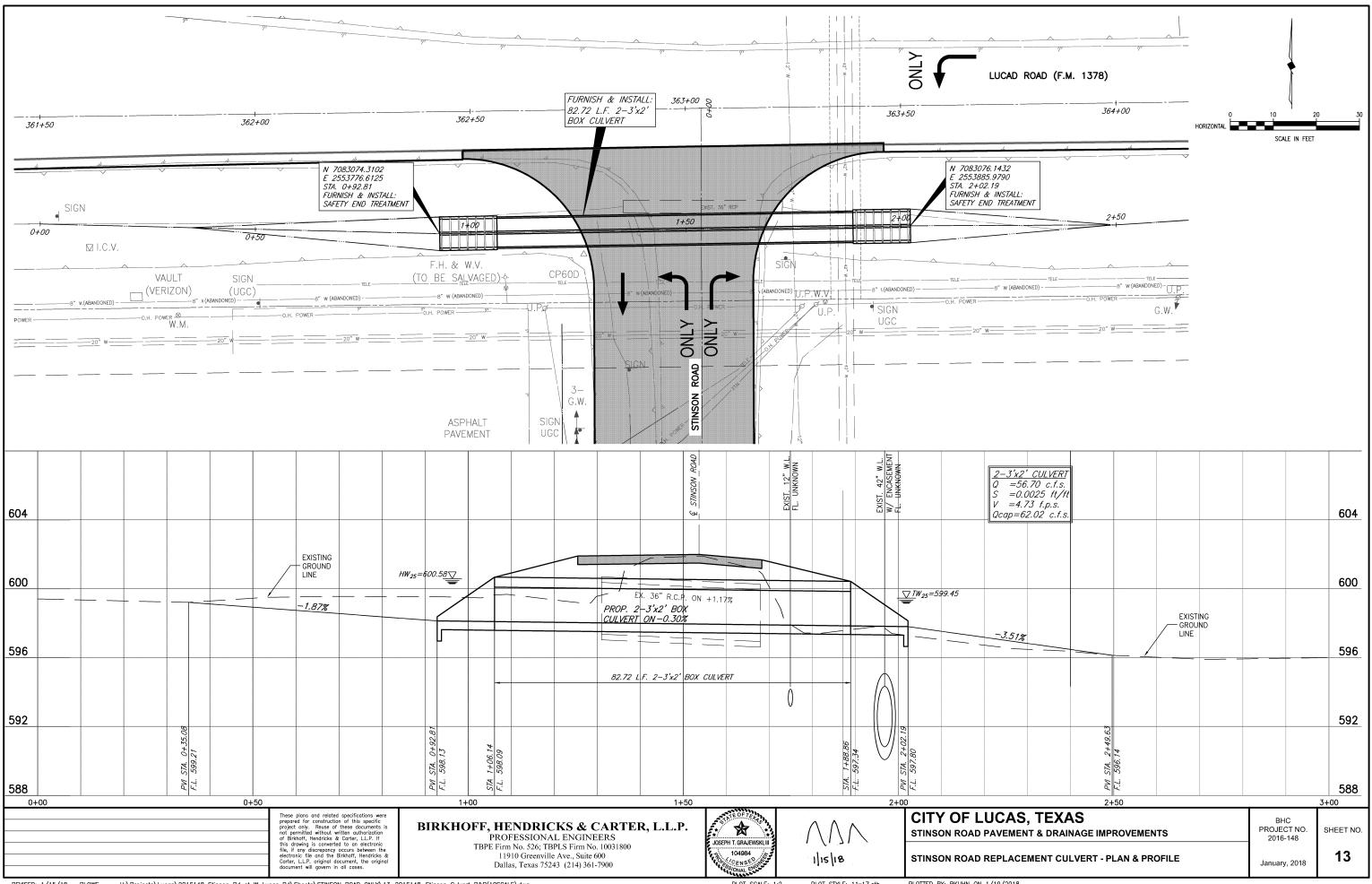


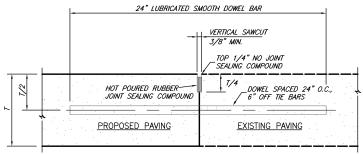








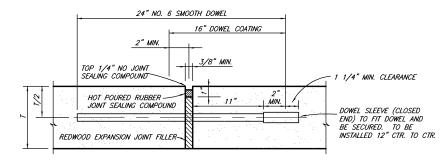




1. T-8" AND GREATER NO. 6 BAR, T-6" AND LESS NO. 5 BAR.

- 2. LONGITUDINAL BUTT CONSTRUCTION MAY BE UTILIZED IN PLACE OF LONGITUDINAL HINGED (KEYWAY) JOINT AT CONTRACTORS OPTION.
- 3. DOWEL BARS SHALL BE DRILLED INTO PAVEMENT HORIZONTALLY BY USE OF A MECHANICAL RIG. HAND DRILLING IS NOT ACCEPTABLE. PUSHING DOWEL BARS INTO GREEN CONCRETE IS NOT ACCEPTABLE. DAMAGE TO EXISTING PAVEMENT SHALL BE REMOVED BY CONTRACTOR AND JOINT CONSTRUCTED AT CONTRACTORS EXPENSE.
- 4. DOWEL BAR SHOWN IS IN ADDITION TO TIE BARS (12" O.C.-6" OFF DOWELS).
- 5. TIE BARS SHALL BE NO. 5 BAR DEFORMED. TIE BAR SHALL HAVE A LENGTH OF 24 INCHES.

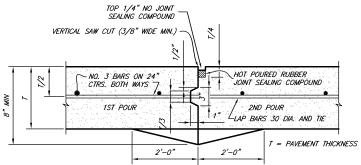
#### LONGITUDINAL BUTT JOINT



TRANSVERSE EXPANSION JOINT NOTES:

- 1. DOWELS AND REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE SUPPORTED BY AN APPROVED DEVICE.
- 2. TRANSVERSE EXPANSION JOINTS SHALL BE SPACED AT 400 FT. MAXIMUM AND AT ALL INTERSECTIONS.

### TRANSVERSE EXPANSION JOINT



CONSTRUCTION JOINT NOTES:

- CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT KEYWAY PRIOR TO SECOND POUR. IF LONGITUDINAL KEYWAY IS DAMAGED. CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR WITH THE USE OF LONGITUDINAL BUTT JOINT (DRILL DOWELS INTO FIRST POUR).
- 2. THICKENED EDGES ARE REQUIRED FOR FUTURE WIDENING ONLY.

### **CONSTRUCTION JOINT**

NO SCALE

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SELECT OR

COMPACTED

MATERIAL

TO 95%

NON-GRANULAR

GRADE 4 CRUSHED STONE-

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NATIVE MATERIAL

98% STD. PROCTOR





CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

BHC PROJECT NO. 2016-148

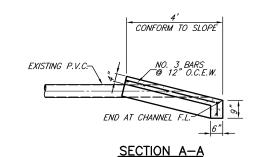
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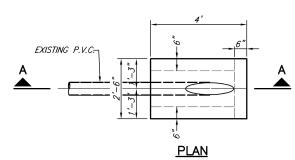
January, 2018

VERTICAL SAW CUT (3/8" WIDE MIN.) TOP 1/4" NO JOINT SEALING COMPOUND JOINT SEALING COMPOUND IO. 4 BARS ON 18" CTRS. BOTH WAYS

TRANSVERSE JOINTS SPACED 15 FT. C.—C. (MAX.) LONGITUDINAL JOINTS SPACED 20 FT. C.—C. (MAX.)

#### SAWED DUMMY JOINT





## CONCRETE SLOPED SLAB NO SCALE

# EACH SIDE 12" MIN. FOR PIPE > 24" I.D. B" MIN. FOR PIPE < 24" I.D 1 1/2" — FILTER STONE FLOW

FILTER FABRIC

MIN. HEIGHT 24

GROUND LEVEL

COMPACTED EARTH.

OR ROCK BACKFILL

### STONE OVERFLOW STRUCTURE

LOCATION AS CALLED FOR IN PLANS

# **EROSION CONTROL**

# DIVERSION RIDGE REQUIRED WHERE GRADE EXCEEDS 2.00% ROADWAY SECTION A-A FLOW SEDIMENT BARRIER -(SILT FENCE) SPILLWAY SUPPLY WATER TO WASH USE SANDBAGS, DIVERSIONS OR OTHER APPROVED WHEELS IF NECESSARY 8 METHODS TO CHANNELIZE BARRIER AS REQUIRED "-5" COARSE AGGREGATE (6" MIN. THICK) -FACE OF CURB <u>PLAN</u>

3"-5" COARSE AGGREGATE

(6" MIN. THICK)

-FILTER FABRIC

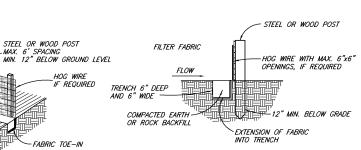
2.00% OR

GREATER

NOTE:

CONSTRUCTION EXIT ROAD FOR EROSION CONTROL

NO SCALE



SECTION VIEW

ISOMETRIC VIEW

### SILT FENCE DETAIL

6" MIN. TOP OF STONE. EACH SIDE

1) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT SILT FENCE WEEKLY AND AFTER MAJOR RAIN EVENTS TO ENSURE THAT THE DEVICE IS FUNCTIONING PROPERLY AND MAINTAIN IN ACCORDANCE WITH NCTCOG.

EXIST. 6" MONO. CONC. CURB (WHERE APPLICABLE)

EXIST. PAVED-

2) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM BEHIND FENCE WHEN THE DEPTH OF SEDIMENT HAS BUILT UP TO ONE—THIRD THE HEIGHT OF THE FENCE ABOVE GRADE.

3) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT THE BASE OF THE FENCE TO ENSURE THAT NO GAPS HAVE DEVELOPED AND RE-TRENCH AS NECESSARY.

4) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT FENCE POSTS TO ÉNSURE THAT THEY ARE PROPERLY SUPPORTING THE FENCE. IF NECESSARY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RESET

5) IF FILTER FABRIC IS RIPPED, DAMAGED OR DETERIORATED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPLACE IT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ORIGINAL SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS. (MAINTENANCE OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE AT THE CONTRACTORS OWN EXPENSE)

#### REVISED: 1/19/18 - BKUHN

CLASS C EMBEDMENT

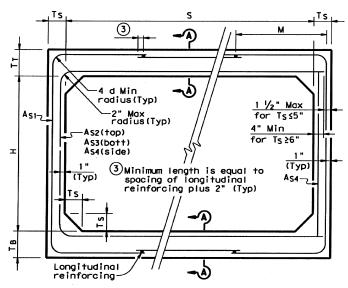
STD. STORM SEWER

Section DIMENSIONS   Fill   Neight   (in)   (in)				-					зох	DAT							
S (fft)         H (fft)         T <sub>0</sub> (in)         T <sub>0</sub> (in)         (in)         As1 (in)         As2 (in)         As3 (in)         As4 (in)         As5 (in)         As6 (in)         As7 (in)         As8 (in)         As5 (in)         As6 (in)         As7 (in)         As8 (in)         As5 (in)         As6 (in)         As7 (in)         As8 (in)         As7 (in)         As8 (in)         As7 (in)         As8 (in)         As7 (in)         As8 (in) <th< td=""><td>-</td><td>SEC</td><td>CTION</td><td>DIME</td><td>ENSIC</td><td>ONS</td><td></td><td></td><td>} </td><td>1</td><td>REI</td><td>NFORC</td><td>ING (</td><td>n²/ft)</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>Lift</td></th<>	-	SEC	CTION	DIME	ENSIC	ONS			} 	1	REI	NFORC	ING (	n²/ft)	2	1	Lift
3         2         7         6         4         <2									A <sub>S1</sub>	A <sub>S2</sub>	A <sub>S3</sub>	A <sub>S4</sub>	A <sub>S5</sub>	A <sub>S6</sub>	A <sub>S7</sub>	A <sub>S8</sub>	
3         2         4         4         4         3-5         31         0.10         0.11         0.12         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         10         31         0.10         0.10         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         15         31         0.10         0.13         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         20         31         0.11         0.17         0.17         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         25         31         0.14         0.21         0.21         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         35         31         0.20         0.29         0.30         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         -         -		3	2			<del></del>			0.17	0.25	0.16	0.10	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.14	3.3
3         2         4         4         4         10         31         0.10         0.10         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         15         31         0.10         0.13         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         20         31         0.11         0.17         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         25         31         0.14         0.21         0.21         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         35         31         0.20         0.25         0.25         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         35         31         0.20         0.29         0.30         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	ŀ											<del>                                     </del>		-		-	
3         2         4         4         4         15         31         0.10         0.13         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         20         31         0.11         0.17         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         25         31         0.14         0.21         0.21         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         30         31         0.17         0.25         0.25         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         35         31         0.20         0.29         0.30         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         3         7         6         4         <2	ŀ													-		<b>_</b>	
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3         2         4         4         4         25         31         0.14         0.21         0.21         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         30         31         0.17         0.25         0.25         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         2         4         4         4         35         31         0.20         0.29         0.30         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         3         7         6         4         62         -         0.17         0.27         0.17         0.10         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         2.8           3         3         4         4         4         263         31         0.10         0.14         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         -         2.8           3         3         <	H				<u> </u>				_				<del> </del>		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	
3         2         4         4         4         30         31         0.17         0.25         0.25         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4         4         4         35         31         0.20         0.29         0.30         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4         3         35         31         0.20         0.29         0.30         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         2.4         3         35         31         0.20         0.29         0.30         0.10         -         -         -         -         -         -         2.4         3         35         31         0.20         0.27         0.17         0.10         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.10         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.17         0.10         0.17         0.10         0.10         0.10         0.10         0.10         0.10         0.10         0.10	t		+											<del> </del>			
3         2         4         4         4         35         31         0.20         0.29         0.30         0.10         -         -         -         -         2.4           3         3         7         6         4         6         -         0.17         0.27         0.17         0.10         0.17         0.10	Ī			4	4	<b></b>								-	-	<del>  -</del>	
3     3     4     4     4     2     3     31     0.10     0.22     0.21     0.10     -		3	2	4	4	4	35	31	0.20	0.29	0.30		-	-	-	-	
3     3     4     4     4     3-5     31     0.10     0.14     0.14     0.10     -     -     -     -     -     2.8       3     3     4     4     4     10     31     0.10     0.11     0.11     0.10     -     -     -     -     -     -     -     2.8       3     3     4     4     4     20     31     0.10     0.18     0.19     0.10     -     -     -     -     -     2.8       3     3     4     4     4     25     31     0.10     0.23     0.23     0.10     -     -     -     -     -     2.8       3     3     4     4     4     30     31     0.12     0.27     0.28     0.10     -     -     -     -     -     -     2.8		3		7	6	4	<2	-	0.17	0.27	0.17	0.10	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.14	
3     3     4     4     4     10     31     0.10     0.11     0.11     0.10     -     -     -     -     -     -     2.8       3     3     4     4     4     15     31     0.10     0.14     0.15     0.10     -     -     -     -     -     -     2.8       3     3     4     4     4     25     31     0.10     0.18     0.19     0.10     -     -     -     -     -     2.8       3     3     4     4     4     30     31     0.12     0.27     0.28     0.10     -     -     -     -     -     2.8	L										0.21	0.10	-	-	-		
3     3     4     4     4     15     31     0.10     0.14     0.15     0.10     - <td>ŀ</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	ŀ												-	-	-	-	
3     3     4     4     4     20     31     0.10     0.18     0.19     0.10     - <td>H</td> <td></td> <td>ļ</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	H												ļ				
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(1) For Box Length = 8'-0"

REVISED: 1/15/18 - RLOWE

(2) As1 thru As4, As7 and As8 are minimum required areas of reinforcement per linear foot of box length. As6 and As5 are minimum required areas of reinforcement per linear foot of box width.



FILL HEIGHT 2 FT AND GREATER

\_½" Min (Typ)

2" Max (Typ) Longitudinal

reinforcement

CORNER OPTION "A"

As2(top) As3(bott)

6" Min

Outer cage circumferential reinforcement at female end.

SECTION A-A

CORNER OPTION "B"

# CORNER OPTION "A"

# FILL HEIGHT LESS THAN 2 FT

#### GENERAL NOTES:

4 d Min

" (Typ unless

noted otherwise)

(Typ)

radius (Typ)

radius (Typ)

-A 58

Designs shown conform to ASTM C1577. Refer to ASTM C1577 for information or

details not shown.
All concrete shall be Class "H" Concrete

1" Max

4" Min

1 longitudinal bar 10" space plus 2" Min

CORNER OPTION "B"

for Ts≥6"

\_A S1

for Ts≤5"

All concrete shall be Class "H" Concrete with a minimum compressive strength of 5,000 psi.

See SCP-MD standard sheet for miscellaneous details and notes not shown.

In lieu of furnishing the designs shown on this sheet, the contractor may furnish an alternate design that is equal to or exceeds the box design for the design fill height in the table. Shop plans for alternate designs shall be submitted in accordance with Item "Precast Concrete Structural Members "Precast Concrete Structural Members (Fabrication)".

(TOP AND BOTTOM SLAB JOINT REINFORCEMENT)

HL93 LOADING



15

SINGLE BOX CULVERTS **PRECAST** 3'-0" SPAN

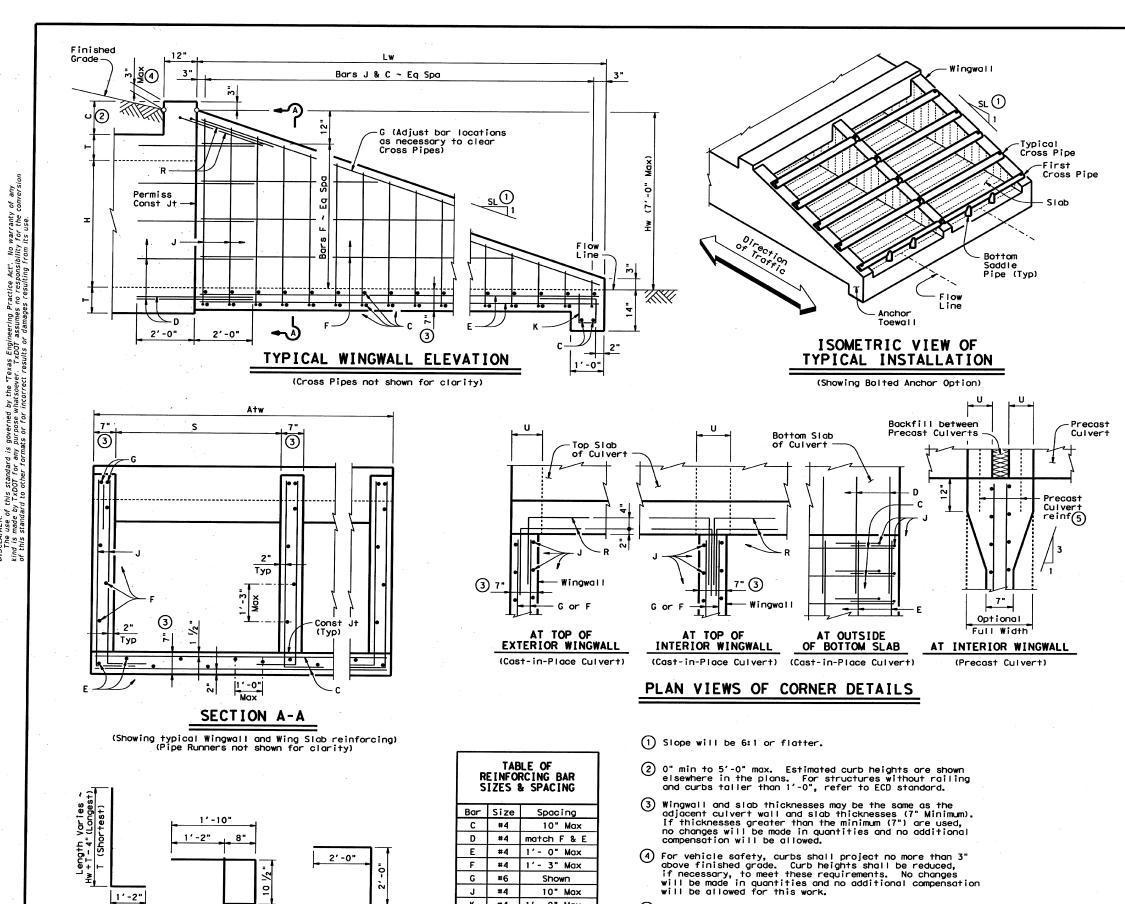
SCP-3

FILE:	scp03sts.dgn	DN: GAF		CK: LMW DW:	BWH/TxDOT CK: GAF
©TxD0T	February 2010	CONT	SECT	JOB	HIGHWAY
	REVISIONS				
		DIST		COUNTY	SHEET NO.

H:\Projects\Lucas\2016148 Stinson Rd at W Lucas Rd\Sheets\STINSON ROAD ONLY\15-17-TxDot-Details.dwg

PLOT SCALE: 1:2 PLOT STYLE: 11x17.ctb

PLOTTED BY: BKUHN ON 1/19/2018



Formulas: (All values are in Feet) Hw = H + T + C - 0.250' Lw = (Hw - 0.250') (SL) For Cast-in-place culverts: A+w = (N) (S) + (N+1) (U)For Precast culverts: Atw = (N) (2U + S) + (N - 1) (0.500')Total Wingwall Area (S.F.) = (0.5) (Hw + 0.250') (Lw) (N+1) Total Concrete Volume (C.Y.) [(Wingwall Area) (0.583') + (Lw) (Atw) (0.583') + (A+w) (1.000') (1.167' - 0.583')] + (27) Total Reinforcing (Lbs) = (1.55) (Lw) (Atw) + (4.43) (Atw) + (K) (Hw) (N+1) (/Lw)

 Height of Curb above top of Top Slab
 Height of Wingwall
 Constant Value for use in formulas Slope SL:1 K 6:1 ~ 10.41

\* Anchor Toewall Length = Length of Wingwall = Number of Culvert Barrels

SL:1 = Side Slope Ratio (Horizontal : 1 Vertical)

See applicable box culvert standard for H, S, T, and U values.

#### GENERAL NOTES:

Designed according to AASHTO LRFD Specifications.

The Safety End Treatments shown herein are intended for use in those installations where out of control vehicles are likely to traverse the openings approximately perpendicular to the Cross Pipes.

Cross Pipes are designed for a traversing load

Cross Pipes are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 pounds at yield as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981.

All concrete shall be Class "C" and shall have a minimum compressive strength of 3600 psi.

All reinforcing steel shall be Grade 60. All reinforcing shall be adjusted as necessary to provide a minimum clear cover of 1 ¼".

The quantities for concrete, reinforcing steel, and Cross Pipes resulting from the formulas given herein are for Contractor's information only.

Cross Pipes, Sleeve Pipes, and Saddle Pipes

Cross Pipes, Sleeve Pipes, and Saddle Pipes shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S, Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Bolts and nuts shall conform to ASTM A307. All steel components, except the concrete reinforcing, shall be galvanized after fabrication. Galvanizing damaged during transport or construction shall be repaired in accordance with the specifications.

See BCS standard sheet for additional

dimensions and information. Alternate design drawings bearing the seal of a professional engineer will be acceptable for precase construction of the Safety End

Texas Department of Transportation

SHEET 1 OF 2

16

# SAFETY END TREATMENT

FOR BOX CULVERTS (MAXIMUM Hw = 7'-0")TYPE I ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

SETB-PD

DN: GAF CK: CAT DW: JRP CK: GAF setbpdse.dgn ©TxDOT February 2010 CONT SECT JOB **HIGHWAY** COUNTY SHEET NO.

BARS J

REVISED: 1/15/18 - RLOWE

BARS K

(Length = 4'-3")

BARS R

1'- 0" Max

Shown

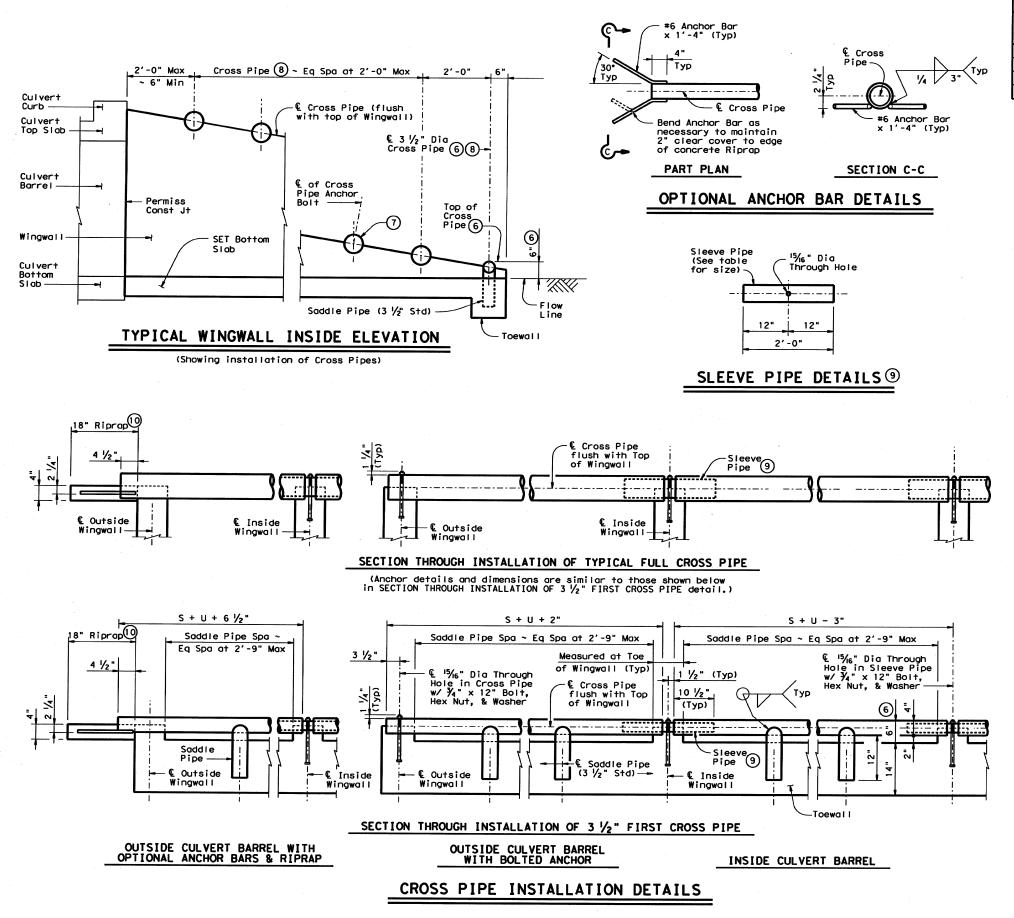
K

R

#4

#4

(5) For Culverts with C = 0", the precast culvert reinforcing may extend 1'-0" minimum into Wingwall. Wingwall Bars D and R may be omitted. Otherwise, refer to the "Wingwall Connection Detail" on the SCP-MD standard.



REQUIRED PIPE SIZES ® STANDARD PIPE SIZES Culver Span Sizes Pipe Size (9) Size 2.469" 2 1/2" STD 2.875" First Pipe 3 ½" STD 2 1/2" STD 30" to 42" 4" STD 3" STD 3" STD 3.500" 3.068" 48" to 72" 5" STD 4" STD 3 ½" STD 4.000" 3.548" 78" to 120" 6" STD 5" STD 4" STD 4.500" 4.026" 5" STD 5.563" 5.047" 6" STD 6.625" 6.065"

- 6 The proper installation of the first Cross Pipe is critical for vehicle safety. The top of the first Cross Pipe must be placed at no more than 6" above the flow line.
- 7 The third Cross Pipe from the bottom of the Culvert shall always be installed using a bolted connection. Care shall be taken to ensure that concrete does not flow into this Cross Pipe so as to permit disassembly of the bolted connection to allow cleanout access.
- (8) Cross Pipes and Sleeve Pipes (if required) shall be as shown in the REQUIRED PIPE SIZES table. Saddle Pipes for the 3 ½" first Cross Pipe shall also be 3 ½".
- At Contractor's option, the Cross Pipe may be continuous across the Inside Wingwalls. If such option is selected, the Sleeve Pipe shall be omitted and a ½6" diameter through hole made in the Cross Pipe to accept the anchor bolt at the centerline of each Interior Wingwall.
- (10) Riprop will be required when using the optional Anchor Bar details and shall be included in the Price Bid for Safety End Treatment. Such Riprop shall be concrete Riprop in accordance with Item 432, "Riprop".

SHEET 2 OF 2



Bridge Division Standard

17

## SAFETY END TREATMENT

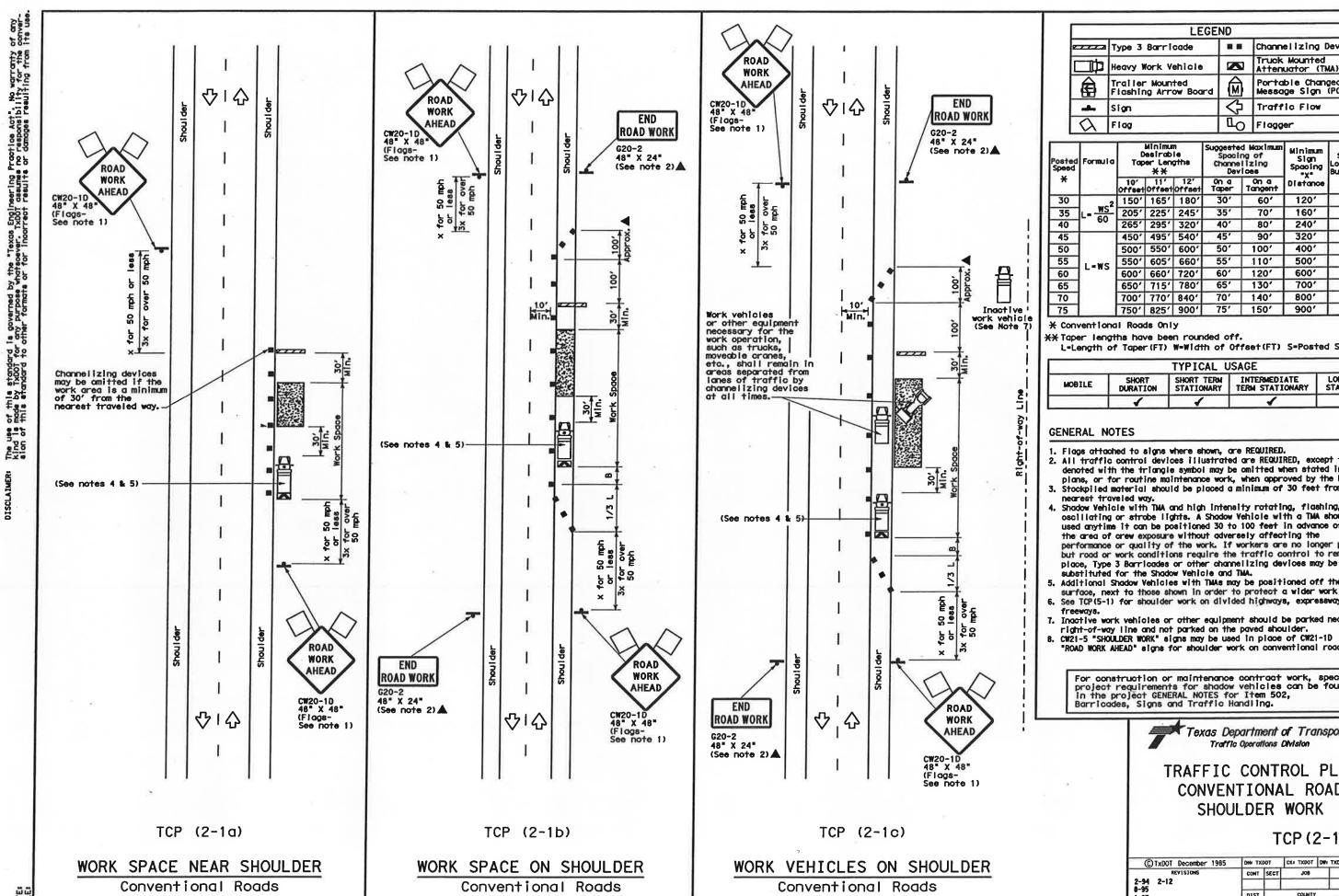
FOR BOX CULVERTS (MAXIMUM HW = 7'-0") TYPE I ~ PARALLEL DRAINAGE

SETB-PD

FILE: setbpdse.dgn	DN: GA	F	CK: CAT	DW:	JRP	CK: GAF
CTxD0T February 2010	CONT	SECT	JOB		Н	IIGHWAY
REVISIONS						
	DIST		COUNTY			SHEET NO.

DATE:

DISCLAIMER: The use of this standard is kind is made by TXDOT for any of this standard to other forms



LEGEND Type 3 Sarricade Channelizing Devices Truck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) ♦ Traffic Flow Sign ПO Flag Flagger

Speed	Formula	Desiroble			Special Channel	d Maximum ng of Hizing rices	Minimum Sign Spacing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	econore 10	.B.	
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	
35	ws2	2051	225'	245'	35′	70'	160'	120'	
40	60	265'	2951	320'	40'	80'	240'	155'	
45		450'	495"	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	
50		500'	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	
55	L=WS	550'	605'	660'	55′	110'	500'	295'	
60	L-#2	6001	660'	720'	601	120'	600'	350′	
65		650'	715'	780'	65′	130'	700′	410'	
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475′	
75		750'	825'	9001	75′	150'	900'	540'	

\* Conventional Roads Only

XX Taper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Taper (FT) W=Width of Offset (FT) S=Posted Speed (MPH)

		TYPICAL U	JSAGE				
MOBILE SHORT SHORT TERM INTERMEDIATE LONG TER DURATION STATIONARY TERM STATIONARY STATIONAL							
	1	1	1	1			

#### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.
2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be omitted when stated in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. Stockpiled material should be placed a minimum of 30 feet from

nearest traveled way. Shadow Vehicle with TMA and high intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating or strobe lights. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in

substituted for the Shadow Vehicle and TMA. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space. 6. See TCP(5-1) for shoulder work on divided highways, expressways and

7. Inactive work vehicles or other equipment should be parked near the

right-of-way line and not parked on the paved shoulder.

8. CW21-5 "SHOULDER WORK" eigns may be used in place of CW21-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs for shoulder work on conventional roadways.

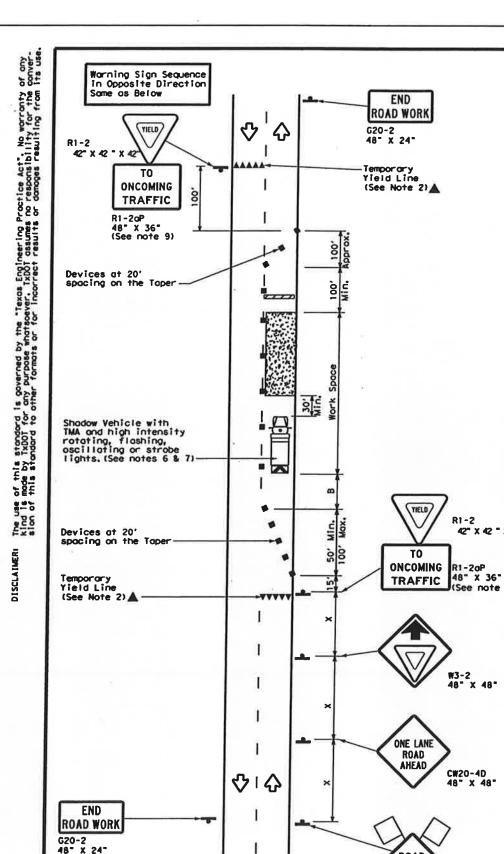
For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Barricades, Signs and Traffic Handling.

> Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONVENTIONAL ROAD SHOULDER WORK

TCP (2-1)-12

© TxDOT December 1985	DN/ TXDOT		CK+ TXDOT	DWI TXDOT CKI TXI	
REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB		HIGHWAY
-95 -97 -98	DIST		COUNTY		SHEET NO.



See note 1) TCP (2-2a) 2-LANE ROADWAY WITHOUT PAVED SHOULDERS ONE LANE TWO-WAY

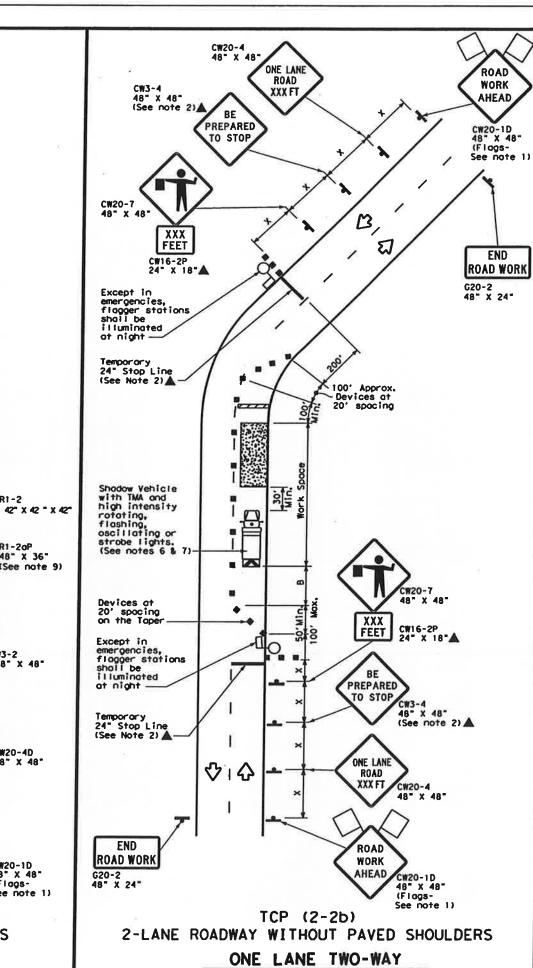
ROAD

WORK

AHEAD

CW20-1D 48" X 48" (Flags-

CONTROL WITH YIELD SIGNS (Less than 2000 ADT - See Note 9)



CONTROL WITH FLAGGERS

LEGEND Type 3 Borricode Channelizing Devices ruck Mounted Heavy Work Vehicle Attenuator (TMA) Portoble Changeable Message Sign (PCMS) Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Boord ♦ Troffic Flow 4 Sign a Flog 1 Flagger

Speed	Formula	0	Minimu lesirob ler Len X X	le	Spaci Channe	d Maximum ng of Hizing rices	Minimum Sign Specing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space	Stopping Sight Distance
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Toper	On a Tangent	Distance	-в-	
30	2	1501	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'	200'
35	L= WS2	2051	225'	245'	35*	70'	160'	120'	250'
40	L_ 60	265"	295'	320'	40"	80'	240'	155'	3051
45		450'	495'	540'	45'	90'	320'	195'	360'
50		5001	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'	425'
55	L=WS	550'	605'	6601	55'	110'	500'	295'	495*
60	L-#3	600'	660'	720'	60′	120'	600'	350'	570'
65		650'	715'	780'	65′	130'	700'	410′	645'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'	7301
75		7501	825'	900'	75'	150'	900'	540'	B20'

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL U	JSAGE	
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY
	1	1	1	

#### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flags attached to signs where shown, are REQUIRED.

2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.

3. The CW3-4 "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign may be installed after the CW20-4 "ONE LANE ROAD XXX FT" sign, but proper sign specing shall be maintained.

Flaggers should use two-way radios or other methods of communication to control traffic-

Length of work space should be based on the ability of flaggers to communicate.

6. A Shodow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricodes or other channelizing devices may be substituted for the Shadow

. Additional Shodow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the poved surface, next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

8. The R1-2 "YIELD" sign traffic control may be used on projects with approaches that have adequate sight distance. For projects in urban areas, work space should be no larger than one half city block. In rural areas, roadways with less than 2000 ADT, work space should be no longer than 400 feet.

9. The R1-2aP "YIELD TO ONCOMING TRAFFIC" sign shall be placed on a support at a 7 foot minimum.

mounting height.

#### TCP (2-2b)

10. Channelizing devices on the center line may be amitted when a pilot car is leading traffic and

opproved by the Engineer. 11.1f the work space is located near a horizontal or vertical curve, the buffer distances should be increased in order to maintain stopping sight distance to the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles. (See table above).

12.Flaggers should use 24" STOP/SLOW paddles to control traffic. Flags should be limited to

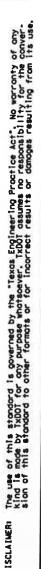
For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project shodow vehicles con be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Borricades, Signs and Troffic Handling.

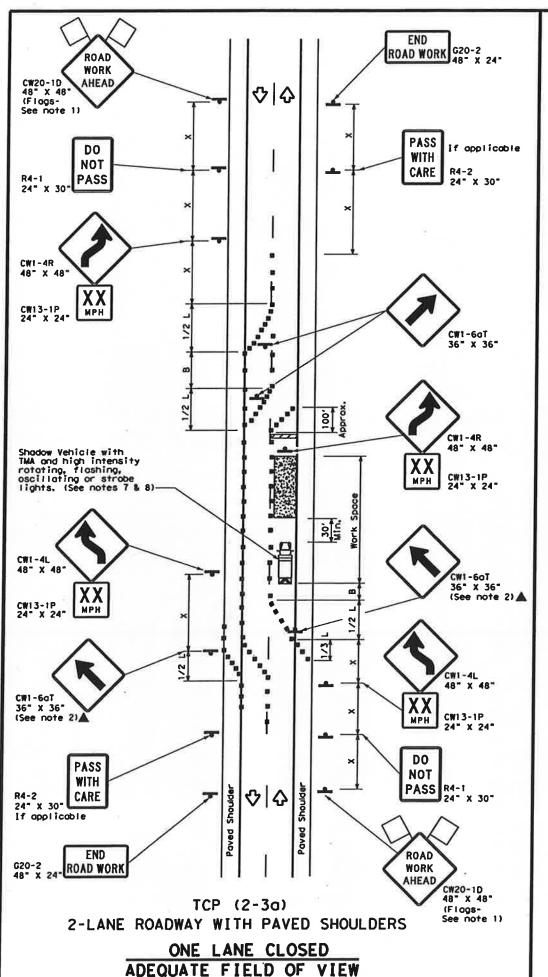
Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

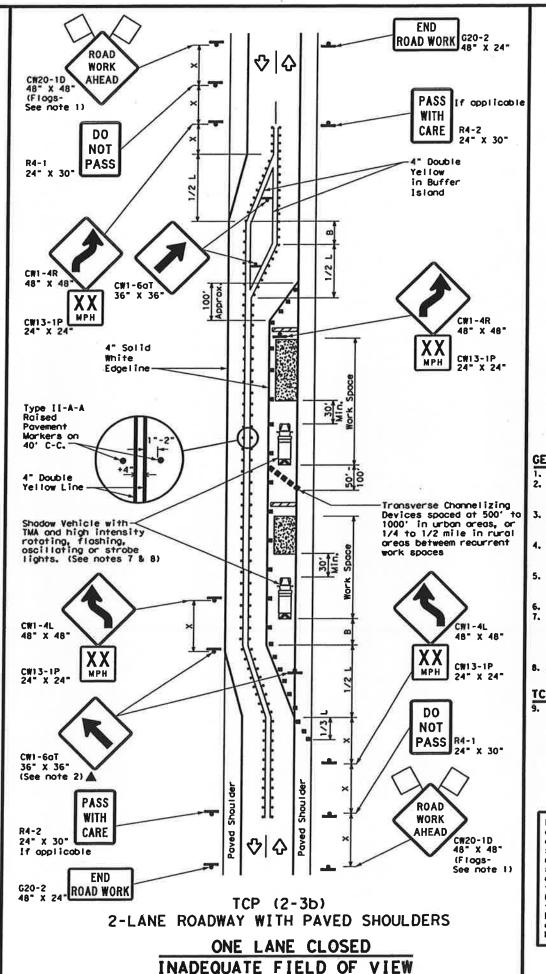
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN ONE-LANE TWO-WAY TRAFFIC CONTROL

TCP (2-2) -12

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	LEGE	ND		
	Type 3 Barricade		Channelizing Devices	
	Heavy Work Vehicle		Truck Mounted Attenuator (TMA)	
	Trailer Mounted Flashing Arrow Board	••••	Roised Povement Morkers Ty II-AA	
-	Sign	<b>4</b>	Traffic Flow	
a	Flog	ПО	Flogger	

Speed	Formula	Minimum Destroble Toper Lengths **			Spoc! Channe	d Maximum ing of dizing rices	Minimum Sign Specing "X"	Suggested Longitudinal Buffer Space
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent	Distance	-B-
30	2	150'	165'	180'	30'	60'	120'	90'
35	L= WS2	2051	225'	245"	35'	70'	160'	120'
40	60	265'	295'	320'	40'	80'	240'	155′
45		450"	4951	540'	45'	90'	320'	1951
50		500	550'	600'	50'	100'	400'	240'
55	L-WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110'	500'	295′
60	L-#2	600'	660'	720'	60'	120'	600'	350'
65		650'	7151	780'	65′	130'	700	410'
70		700'	770'	840'	70'	140'	800'	475'
75		750'	825"	900'	75′	150'	900'	540'

\* Conventional Roads Only

\*\* Toper lengths have been rounded off.

L=Length of Toper(FT) W=Width of Offset(FT) S=Posted Speed(MPH)

		TYPICAL L	JSAGE		
MOBILE	SHORT DURATION	SHORT TERM STATIONARY	INTERMEDIATE TERM STATIONARY	LONG TERM STATIONARY	
				TCP (2-36) ONLY	
			1	1	

#### GENERAL NOTES

1. Flogs attached to signs where shown, ore REQUIRED.

- 2. All traffic control devices illustrated are REQUIRED, except those denoted with the triangle symbol may be amitted when stated elsewhere in the plans, or for routine maintenance work, when approved by the Engineer.
- When work space will be in place less than three days existing povement markings may remain in place. Channelizing devices shall be used to separate traffic.
- Flagger control should NOT be used unless roadway conditions or heavy traffic volume require additional emphasis to safely control traffic. Flagger should be positioned at end of traffic queue.
- The R4-1 "DO NOT PASS," R4-2 " PASS WITH CARE" and construction regulatory speed zone signs may be installed within CW20-1D "ROAD WORK AHEAD" signs. Proper spocing of signs shall be maintained.
- Conflicting pavement marking shall be removed for long term projects.

  A Shadow Vehicle with a TMA should be used anytime it can be positioned
- 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely offecting the performance or quality of the work. If workers are no longer present but road or work conditions require the traffic control to remain in place, Type 3 Barricodes or other channelizing devices may be substituted.

  8. Additional Shadow Vehicles with TMAs may be positioned off the paved surface,
- next to those shown in order to protect a wider work space.

#### TCP (2-3a)

9. Conflicting payement markings shall be removed for lang-term projects. For shorter durations where traffic is directed over a yellow centerline, channelizing devices which separate two-way traffic should be spaced on tapers at 20' or 15' if posted speeds are 35 mph or slower, and for tangent sections, at 1/2(S) where S is the speed in mph. This tighter device spacing is intended for the area of the conflicting markings, not the entire work zone.

For construction or maintenance contract work, specific project requirements for shadow vehicles can be found in the project GENERAL NOTES for Item 502, Borricades, Signs and Traffic Handling. Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN TRAFFIC SHIFTS ON TWO-LANE ROADS

TCP (2-3)-12

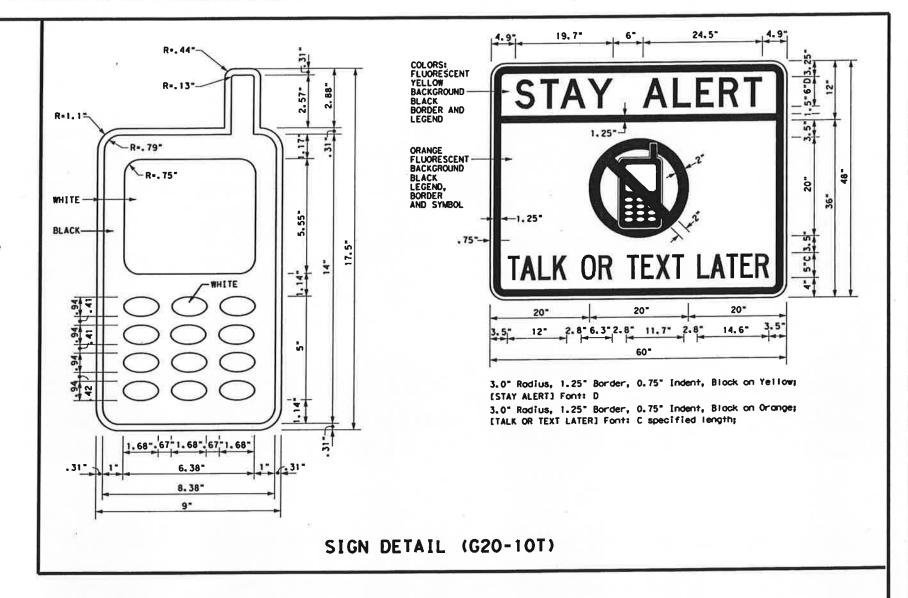
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#### BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION (BC) STANDARD SHEETS GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Barricade and Construction Standard Sheets (BC sheets) are intended to show typical examples for placement of temporary traffic control devices, construction pavement markings, and typical work zone signs. The information contained in these sheets meet or exceed the requirements shown in the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- The development and design of the Traffic Control Plan (TCP) is the responsibility of the Engineer.
- The Contractor may propose changes to the TCP that are signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for approval. The Engineer may develop, sign and seal Contractor proposed changes.
- 4. The Contractor is responsible for installing and maintaining the traffic control devices as shown in the plans. The Contractor may not move or change the approximate location of any device without the approval of the Engineer.
- 5. Geometric design of lane shifts and detours should, when possible, meet the applicable design criteria contained in manuals such as the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets," the TxDOT "Roadway Design Manual" or engineering judgment.
- 6. When projects abut, the Engineer(s) may omit the END ROAD WORK, TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE, and other advance warning signs if the signing would be redundant and the work areas appear continuous to the motorists. If the adjacent project is completed first, the Contractor shall erect the necessary warning signs as shown on these sheets, the TCP sheets or as directed by the Engineer. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES sign shall be revised to show appropriate work zone distance.
- 7. The Engineer may require duplicate warning signs on the median side of divided highways where median width will permit and traffic volumes justify the signing.
- 8. All signs shall be constructed in accordance with the details found in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas," latest edition. Sign details not shown in this manual shall be shown in the plans or the Engineer shall provide a detail to the Contractor before the sign is manufactured.
- 9. The temporary traffic control devices shown in the illustrations of the BC sheets are examples. As necessary, the Engineer will determine the most appropriate traffic control devices to be used.
- 10. As shown on BC(2), the OBEY WARNING SIGNS STATE LAW sign, STAY ALERT TALK OR TEXT LATER (see Sign Detail G20-10T) and the WORK ZONE TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign with plaque shall be erected in advance of the CSJ limits. However, the TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE sign will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operation work, such as striping or milling edgeline rumble strips. The BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES, CONTRACTOR and END ROAD WORK signs shall be erected at or near the CSJ limits.
- 11. Except for devices required by Note 10, traffic control devices should be in place only while work is actually in progress or a definite need exists.
- 12. The Engineer has the final decision on the location of all traffic control devices.
- 13. Inactive equipment and work vehicles, including workers' private vehicles must be parked away from travel lanes. They should be as close to the right-of-way line as possible, or located behind a barrier or guardrail, or as approved by the Engineer.

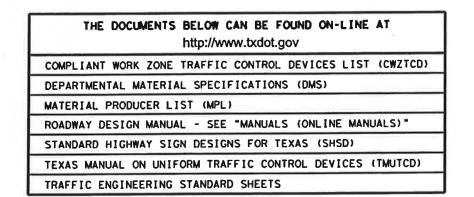
#### WORKER SAFETY APPAREL NOTES:

1. Workers on foot who are exposed to traffic or to construction equipment within the right-of-way shall wear high-visibility safety apparel meeting the requirements of ISEA "American National Standard for High-Visibility Apparel," or equivalent revisions, and labeled as ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 2 or 3 risk exposure. Class 3 garments should be considered for high traffic volume work areas or night time work.



Only pre-qualified products shall be used. The "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD) describes pre-qualified products and their sources and may be found on-line at the web address given below or by contacting:

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division - TE Phone (512) 416-3118



SHEET 1 OF 12

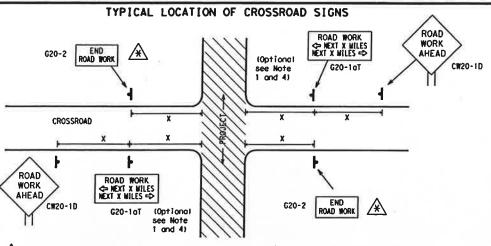
Traffic

Texas Department of Transportation

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION
GENERAL NOTES
AND REQUIREMENTS

BC(1)-14

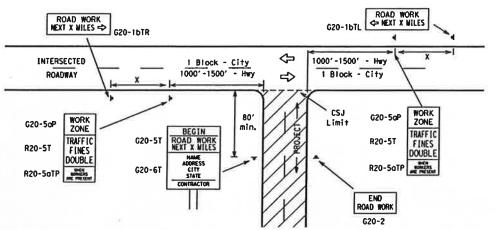
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May be mounted on bock of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign with approval of Engineer. (See note 2 below)

- The typical minimum signing on a crossrood approach should be a "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) sign and a (G20-2) "END ROAD WORK" sign, unless noted otherwise in plans.
   The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back
- 2. The Engineer may use the reduced size 36" x 36" ROAD WORK AHEAD (CW20-1D) sign mounted back to back with the reduced size 36" x 18" "END ROAD WORK" (G20-2) sign on low volume crossroads (see Note 4 under "Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing"). See the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" monual for sign details. The Engineer may omit the advance warning signs on low volume crossroads. The Engineer will determine whether a road is low volume. This information shall be shown in the plans.
- 3. Based on existing field conditions, the Engineer/Inspector may require additional signs such as FLAGGER AHEAD, LOOSE GRAVEL, or other appropriate signs. When additional signs are required, these signs will be considered part of the minimum requirements. The Engineer/Inspector will determine the proper location and spacing of any sign not shown on the BC sheets, Traffic Control Plan sheets or the Work Zone Standard Sheets.
- 4. The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-1a1) sign shall be required at high volume crossroods to advise motorists of the length of construction in either direction from the intersection. The Engineer will determine whether a roadway is considered high volume.
- Additional traffic control devices may be shown elsewhere in the plans for higher volume crossroads.
   When work occurs in the intersection area, appropriate traffic control devices, as shown elsewhere in the plans or as determined by the Engineer/Inspector, shall be in place.

# T-INTERSECTION



#### CSJ LIMITS AT T-INTERSECTION

- The Engineer will determine the types and location of any additional traffic control devices, such as a flagger and accompanying signs, or other signs, that should be used when work is being performed at or near an intersection.
- 2. If construction closes the road at a T-intersection the Contractor shall place the "CONTRACTOR NAME" (620-61) sign behind the Type 3 Barricades for the road closure (see BC(10) also). The "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" left arrow(G20-1bTL) and "ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" right arrow (G20-1bTR)" signs shall be replaced by the detour signing called for in the plans.

## TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION WARNING SIGN SIZE AND SPACING 1.5.6

SIZE

312L								
Sign Number or Series	Conventional Road	Expressway/ Freeway						
CW20 <sup>4</sup> CW21 CW22 CW23 CW25	48" × 48"	48" × 48"						
CW1, CW2, CW7, CW8, CW9, CW11, CW14	36" × 36"	48" × 48"						
CW3, CW4, CW5, CW6, CW8-3, CW10, CW12	48" × 48"	48" × 48"						

SPACING

- For typical sign spacings on divided highways, expressways and freeways, see Part 6 of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) typical application diagrams or TCP Standard Sheets.
- . Minimum distance from work area to first Advance Warning sign nearest the work area and/or distance between each additional sign.

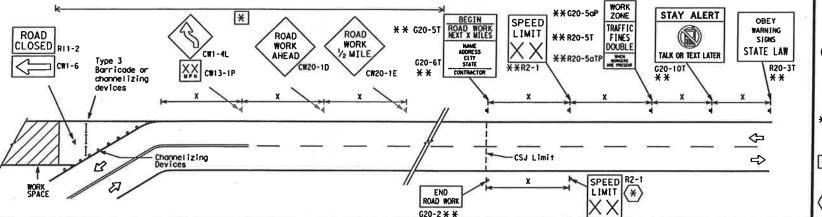
#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Special or larger size signs may be used as necessary.
- 2. Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1500 feet
- Distance between signs should be increased as required to have 1/2 mile or more advance warning.
- 36" x 36" "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs may be used on low volume crossroads at the discretion of the Engineer. See Note 2 under "Typical Location of Crossroad Signs".
- 5. Only diamond shaped warning sign sizes are indicated.
- See sign size listing in "TMUTCD", Sign Appendix or the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" manual for complete list of available sign design sizes.

#### SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING AT THE CSJ LIMITS WORK AREAS IN MULTIPLE LOCATIONS WITHIN CSJ LIMITS SPEED STAY ALERT R4-1 DO NOT PASS ROAD WORK AHEAD LIMIT OBEY BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X WILES R20-5T\* \* \* \* G20-5T WARNING CW1-4L SICNS CW20-1D CW13-1P XX ROAD STATE LAW TALK OR TEXT LATER R20-5aTP\* ROAD \* \*R2-1 WORK \* \*G20-61 CW20-1D CW1-4F R20-3T\* \* G20-10T\* WORK AHEAD XX CW13-1P AHEAD Type 3 Borricode or CW20-1D channelizing devices ➾ $\Diamond$ 4 $\Diamond$ ➾ ➾ Beginning of — NO-PASSING R2-1 LIMIT ➾ => END \* WORK ZONE G20-26T \* \* line should $\times \times \times \times$ END ROAD WORK When extended distances occur between minimal work spaces, the Engineer/Inspector should ensure additional with sign "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are still G20-2 \* \* NOTES

"ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D) signs are placed in advance of these work areas to remind drivers they are sti within the project limits. See the applicable TCP sheets for exact location and spacing of signs and channelizing devices.

SAMPLE LAYOUT OF SIGNING FOR WORK BEGINNING DOWNSTREAM OF THE CSJ LIMITS



The Contractor shall determine the appropriate distance to be placed on the G20-1 series signs and "BEGIN ROAD WORK NEXT X MILES" (G20-5T) sign for each specific project. This distance shall replace the "X" and shall be rounded to the nearest whole mile with the approval of the Engineer No decimals shall be used.

- The "BEGIN WORK ZONE" (G20-9TP) and "END WORK ZONE" (G20-2bT shall be used as shown on the sample layout when advance signs are required outside the CSJ Limits. They inform the motorist of entering or leaving a part of the work zone lying outside the CSJ Limits where traffic fines may double if workers are present.
- \*\* Required CSJ Limit signing. See Note 10 on BC(1). TRAFFIC FINES DOUBLE signs will not be required on projects consisting solely of mobile operations work.
- Area for placement of "ROAD WORK AHEAD" (CW20-1D)sign and other signs or devices as called for on the Traffic Control Plan.
- Contractor will install a regulatory speed limit sign at the end of the work zone.

LEGEND						
	Type 3 Barricade					
000	Channelizing Devices					
+	Sign					
х	See Typical Construction Warning Sign Size and Spacing chart or the TMUTCD for sign spacing requirements.					

SHEET 2 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division Standard

# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECT LIMIT

BC(2)-14

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# TYPICAL APPLICATION OF WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT SIGNS

Work zone speed limits shall be regulatory, established in accordance with the "Procedures for Establishing Speed Zones," and approved by the Texas Transportation Commission, or by City Ordinance when within Incorporated City Limits.

Reduced speeds should only be posted in the vicinity of work activity and not throughout the entire project. Regulatory work zone speed signs (R2-1) shall be removed or covered during periods when they are not needed.

See General Note

Signing shown for one direction only. See BC(2) for additional advance sianina.

WORK ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

16 C

G20-50P

R2-1

See General

G20-5aP

Note 4

(750' - 1500')

WORK ZONE

SPEED

16 C

LIMITS

# See General (750' - 1500') Note 4 SPEED LIMIT G20-5aP ZONE $[70]_{R2-1}$ SPEED LIMIT R2-1

LIMITS

## **GUIDANCE FOR USE:**

Signing shown for

one direction only.

See BC(2) for

additional advance

signing.

#### LONG/INTERMEDIATE TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit should be included on the design of the traffic control plans when restricted geometrics with a lower design speed are present in the work zone and modification of the geometrics to a higher design speed is not feasible.

Long/Intermediate Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs, when approved as described above, should be posted and visible to the motorist when work activity is present. Work activity may also be defined as a change in the roadway that requires a reduced speed for motorists to safely negotiate the work area, including:

- a) rough road or damaged pavement surface
- b) substantial alteration of roadway geometrics (diversions)
- c) construction detours
- d) grade
- e) width
- f) other conditions readily apparent to the driver

As long as any of these conditions exist, the work zone speed limit signs should remain in place.

#### SHORT TERM WORK ZONE SPEED LIMITS

This type of work zone speed limit may be included on the design of the traffic control plans when workers or equipment are not behind concrete barrier, when work activity is within 10 feet of the traveled way or actually in the travelled way.

Short Term Work Zone Speed Limit signs should be posted and visible to the motorists only when work activity is present. When work activity is not present, signs shall be removed or covered. (See Removing or Covering on BC(4)).

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

WORK

ZONE

SPEED

LIMIT

G20-5aF

R2-1

- 1. Regulatory work zone speed limits should be used only for sections of construction projects where speed control is of major importance.
- 2. Regulatory work zone speed limit signs shall be placed on supports at a 7 foot minimum mounting height.

LIMIT

- 3. Speed zone signs are illustrated for one direction of travel and are normally posted for each direction of travel.
- 4. Frequency of work zone speed limit signs should be:

40 mph and greater 0.2 to 2 miles

0.2 to 1 mile 35 moh and less

- 5. Regulatory speed limit signs shall have black legend and border on a white reflective background (See "Reflective Sheeting" on BC(4)).
- 6. Fabrication, erection and maintenance of the ADVANCE SPEED LIMIT" (CW3-5) sign, "WORK ZONE" (G20-5aP) plaque and the "SPEED LIMIT" (R2-1) signs shall not be paid for directly, but shall be considered subsidiary to Item 502.
- 7. Turning signs from view, laying signs over or down will not be allowed, unless as otherwise noted under "REMOVING OR COVERING" on BC(4).
- 8. Techniques that may help reduce traffic speeds include but are not limited to: A. Law enforcement.
- B. Flagger stationed next to sign.
- C. Portable changeable message sign (PCMS).
- D. Low-power (drone) radar transmitter.
- E. Speed monitor trailers or signs.
- 9. Speeds shown on details above are for illustration only. Work Zone Speed Limits should only be posted as approved for each project.
- 10. For more specific guidance concerning the type of work, work zone conditions and factors impacting allowable regulatory construction speed zone reduction see TxDOT form #1204 in the TxDOT e-form system.

SHEET 3 OF 12

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic

SPEED

LIMIT

70 | 82-1

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT

BC(3)-14

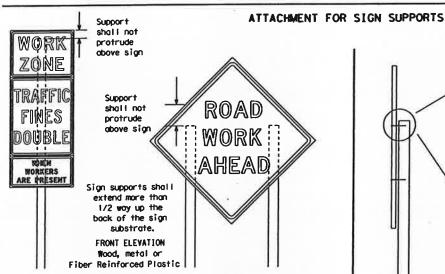
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#### TYPICAL MINIMUM CLEARANCES FOR LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE TERM SIGNS 12' min. ROAD ROAD ROAD ROAD WORK minimm WORK WORK WORK AHEAD from AHEAD curb AHEAD AHEAD dge min. \* \* XX 7.0' min. 7.0' min. 9.0' max. 6' or 7.0' min. 0"-6" 9.0' max. max greater , a minima AMMINI · A THILLIAN Poved 115115/ Paved

\* When placing skid supports on unlevel ground, the leg post lengths must be adjusted so the sign appears straight and plumb. Objects shall NOT be placed under skids as a means of leveling.

\* \* When plaques are placed on dual-leg supports, they should be attached to the upright nearest the travel lane. Supplemental plagues (advisory or distance) should not cover the surface of the parent sign.



shou I der

Splicing embedded perforated square metal tubing in order to extend post height will only be allowed when the splice is made using four bolts, two above and two below the spice point. Splice must be located entirely behind the sign substrate, not near the base of the support. Splice insert lengths should be at least 5 times naminal post size, centered on the splice and of at least the same gauge material.

SIDE ELEVATION

Nails shall NOT be allowed. Each sign shall be attached directly to the sign support. Multiple signs shall not be joined or spliced by any means. Wood supports shall not be

extended or repaired

by splicing or

other means.

Attachment to wooden supports

will be by bolts and nuts

or screws. Use TxDOT's or

manufacturer's recommended

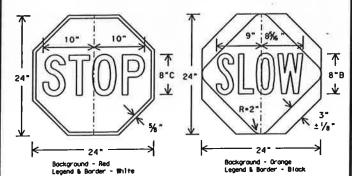
procedures for attaching sign

substrates to other types of

sign supports

#### STOP/SLOW PADDLES

- 1. STOP/SLOW paddles are the primary method to control traffic by floggers. The STOP/SLOW poddle size should be 24" x 24" as detailed below.
- 2. When used at night, the STOP/SLOW paddle shall be retroreflectorized.
- STOP/SLOW paddles may be attached to a staff with a minimum length of 6' to the bottom of the sign.
- 4. Any lights incorporated into the STOP or SLOW poddle faces shall only be as specifically described in Section 6E.03 Hand Signating Devices in the TMUTCD.



#### CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT SIGNS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS

- 1. Permanent signs are used to give notice of traffic laws or regulations, call attention to conditions that are potentially hazardous to traffic operations, show route designations, destinations, directions, distances, services, points of interest, and other geographical, recreational, or cultural information. Drivers proceeding through a work zone need the same, if not better route guidance as normally installed on a roadway without construction.
- When permanent regulatory or warning signs conflict with work zone conditions, remove or cover the permanent signs until the permanent sign message matches the roadway condition.
- When existing permanent signs are moved and relocated due to construction purposes, they shall be visible to motorists at all times.
- If existing signs are to be relocated on their original supports, they shall be installed on crashworthy bases as shown on the SMD Standard sheets. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- If permanent signs are to be removed and relocated using temporary supports, the Contractor shall use crashworthy supports as shown on the BC sheets or the CWZTCD. The signs shall meet the required mounting heights shown on the BC Sheets or the SMD Standards during construction. This work should be paid for under the appropriate pay item for relocating existing signs.
- Any sign or traffic control device that is struck or damaged by the Contractor or his/her construction equipment shall be replaced as soon as possible by the Contractor to ensure proper guidance for the motorists. This will be subsidiary to 1tem 502.

#### GENERAL NOTES FOR WORK ZONE SIGNS

- Contractor shall install and maintain signs in a straight and plumb condition and/or as directed by the Engineer.
- Wooden sign posts shall be painted white.
- Barricades shall NOT be used as sign supports.
- All signs shall be installed in accordance with the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Signs shall be used to regulate, warn, and
- guide the traveling public safely through the work zone.
  The Contractor may furnish either the sign design shown in the plans or in the "Standard Highway Sign Designs for Texas" (SHSD). The Engineer/Inspector may require the Contractor to furnish other work zone signs that are shown in the TMUTCD but may have been amitted from the plans. Any variation in the plans shall be documented by written agreement between the Engineer and the Contractor's Responsible Person. All changes must be documented in writing before being implemented. This can include documenting the changes in the Inspector's TxDOT diary and having both the Inspector and Contractor initial and date the agreed upon changes.
- The Contractor shall furnish sign supports listed in the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Device List" (CWZTCD). The Contractor shall install the sign support in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. If there is a question regarding installation procedures, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a copy of the monufacturer's installation recommendations so the Engineer con verify the correct procedures are being followed.
- The Contractor is responsible for installing signs on approved supports and replacing signs with damaged or cracked substrates and/or damaged or marred reflective sheeting as directed by the Engineer/Inspector.
- Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the sign substrate. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1 inch.
- The Contractor shall replace damaged wood posts. New or damaged wood sign posts shall not be spliced.

## DURATION OF WORK (as defined by the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" Part 6)

- The types of sign supports, sign mounting height, the size of signs, and the type of sign substrates can vary based on the type of work being performed. The Engineer is responsible for selecting the appropriate size sign for the type of work being performed. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring the sign support, sign mounting height and substrate meets monufacturer's recommendations in regard to crashworthiness and duration of work requirements.
- a. Long-term stationary work that occupies a location more than 3 days. Intermediate-term stationary - work that occupies a location more than one daylight period up to 3 days, or nighttime work lasting
- more than one hour. Short-term stationary - daytime work that occupies a location for more than I hour in a single daylight period.
- Short, duration work that occupies a location up to 1 hour.
- Mobile work that moves continuously or intermittently (stopping for up to approximately 15 minutes.)

#### SIGN MOUNTING HEIGHT

- The bottom of Long-term/Intermediate-term signs shall be at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface, except as shown for supplemental plaques mounted below other signs.
- The bottom of Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be a minimum of 1 foot above the povement surface but no more than 2 feet above the around.
- Long-term/Intermediate-term Signs may be used in lieu of Short-term/Short Duration signing.
- Short-term/Short Duration signs shall be used only during daylight and shall be removed at the end of the workday or raised to appropriate Long-term/Intermediate sign height.
- Regulatory signs shall be mounted at least 7 feet, but not more than 9 feet, above the paved surface regardless of work duration.
- 1. The Contractor shall furnish the sign sizes shown on BC (2) unless otherwise shown in the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

#### SIGN SUBSTRATES

- The Contractor shall ensure the sign substrate is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of sign support that is being used. The CWZTCD lists each substrate that can be used on the different types and models of sign supports.
  "Mesh" type materials are NOT on approved sign substrate, regardless of the tightness of the weave.
- All wooden individual sign panels fabricated from 2 or more pieces shall have one or more plywood cleat, 1/2" thick by 6" wide, fastened to the back of the sign and extending fully across the sign. The cleat shall be attached to the back of the sign using wood screws that do not penetrate the face of the sign panel. The screws shall be placed on both sides of the splice and spaced at 6° centers. The Engineer may approve other methods of splicing the sign face.

#### REFLECTIVE SHEETING

- 1. All signs shall be retroreflective and constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retro-reflectivity requirements of DMS-8300
- for rigid signs or DMS-8310 for roll-up signs. The web address for DMS specifications is shown on BC(1). White sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A, shall be used for signs with a white background. Orange sheeting, meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type  $B_{\rm FL}$  or Type  $C_{\rm FL}$ , shall be used for rigid signs with orange backgrounds.

# SIGN LETTERS

1. All sign letters and numbers shall be clear, and open rounded type uppercase alphabet letters as approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FMMA) and as published in the "Standard Highway Sign Design for Texas" manual. Signs, letters and numbers shall be of first class workmanship in accordance with Department Standards and Specifications.

#### REMOVING OR COVERING

- When sign messages may be confusing or do not apply, the signs shall be removed or completely covered.

  Long-term stationary or intermediate stationary signs installed on square metal tubing may be turned away from traffic 90 degrees when the sign message is not applicable. This technique may not be used for signs installed in the median of divided highways or near any intersections where the sign may be seen from approaching traffic.
- Signs installed on wooden skids shall not be turned at 90 degree angles to the roadway. These signs should be removed or completely covered when not required.
- When signs are covered, the material used shall be opaque, such as heavy mil black plastic, or other materials which will cover the entire sign face and maintain their opaque properties under automobile headlights at night, without damaging the sign sheeting.
- Burlap shall NOT be used to cover signs.
- Duct tape or other adhesive material shall NOT be affixed to a sign face. Signs and anchor stubs shall be removed and holes backfilled upon completion of work.

#### SIGN SUPPORT WEIGHTS

- Where sign supports require the use of weights to keep from turning over,
- the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand should be used. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight.
- Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects shall not be permitted
- for use as sign support weights. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs.
- Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall NOT be used.
- Rubber ballasts designed for channelizing devices should not be used for ballast on portable sign supports. Sign supports designed and manufactured with rubber bases may be used when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- Sandbags shall only be placed along or laid over the base supports of the traffic control device and shall not be suspended above ground level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners. Sandbags shall be placed along the length of the skids to weigh down the sign support.
- Sandbags shall NOT be placed under the skid and shall not be used to level sign supports placed on slopes.

#### FLAGS ON SIGNS

1. Flags may be used to draw attention to warning signs. When used the flag shall be 16 inches square or larger and shall be orange or fluorescent red-orange in color. Flags shall not be allowed to cover any portion of the sign face.

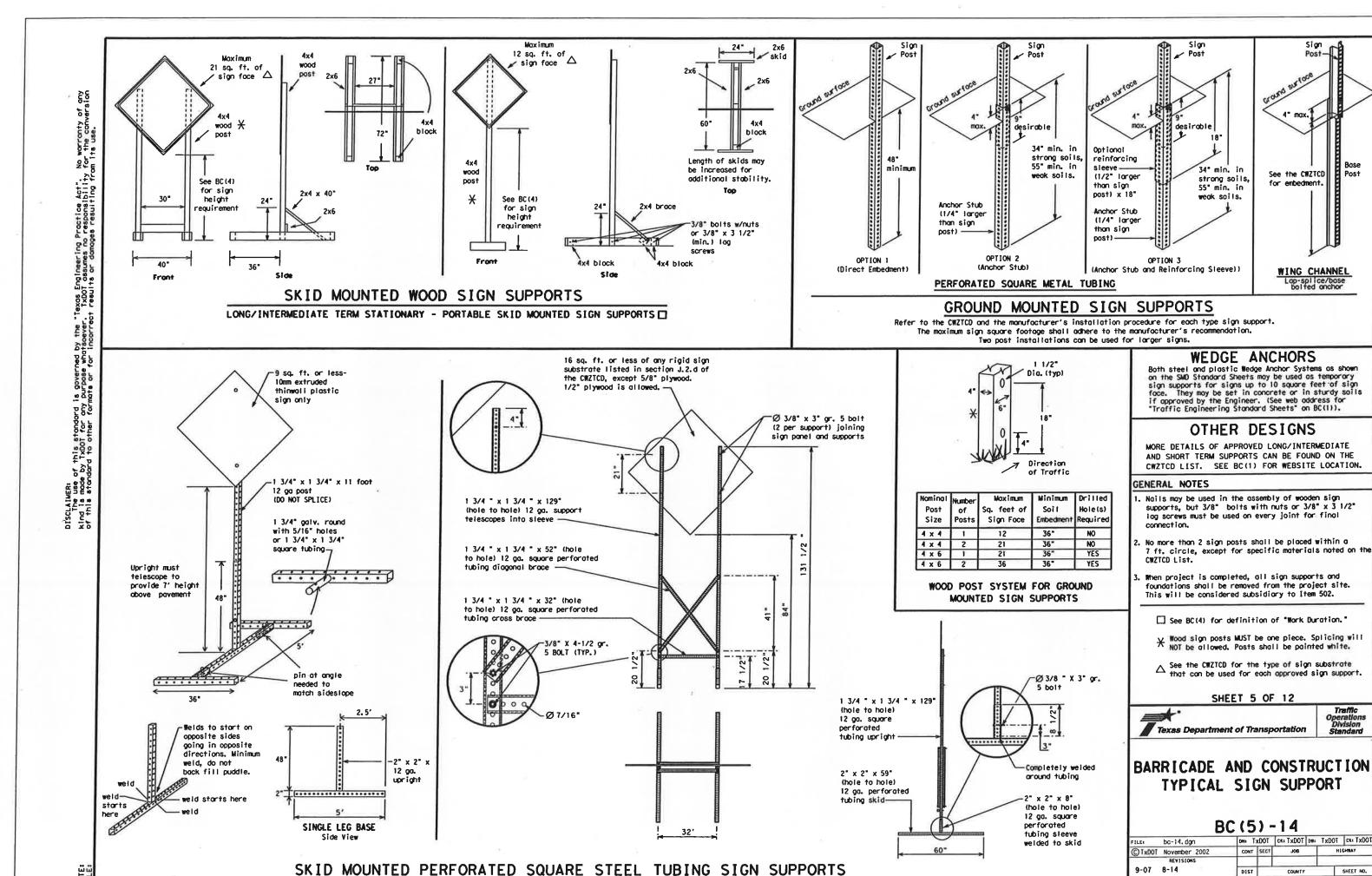
SHEET 4 OF 12



# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION TEMPORARY SIGN NOTES

BC(4) - 14

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7-13

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE PCMS FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE PCMS BEHIND BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL WITH SIGN PANEL TURNED PARALLEL TO TRAFFIC

#### PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS

- The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all messages used on portable changeable message signs (PCMS).
- 2. Messages on PCMS should contain no more than 8 words (about four to eight characters per word), not including simple words such as "TO,"
- Messages should consist of a single phase, or two phases that alternate. Three-phase messages are not allowed. Each phase of the message should convey a single thought, and must be understood by
- Use the word "EXIT" to refer to an exit ramp on a freeway; i.e., "EXIT CLOSED." Do not use the term "RAMP."
- Always use the route or interstate designation (IH, US, SH, FM) glong with the number when referring to a roadway.
- When in use the bottom of a stationary PCMS message panel should be a minimum 7 feet above the roadway, where possible.
- The message term "WEEKEND" should be used only if the work is to start on Saturday morning and end by Sunday evening at midnight. Actual days and hours of work should be displayed on the PCNS if work is to begin on Friday evening and/or continue into Monday morning.
- 8. The Engineer/Inspector may select one of two options which are available for displaying a two-phase message on a PCMS. Each phase may be displayed for either four seconds each or for three seconds each.
- Do not "flash" messages or words included in a message. The message should be steady burn or continuous while displayed.
- 10. Do not present redundant information on a two-phase message; i.e., keeping two lines of the message the same and changing the third line.
- Do not use the word "Danger" in message.
   Do not display the message "LANES SHIFT LEFT" or "LANES SHIFT RIGHT" on a PCMS. Drivers do not understand the message.
- 13. Do not display messages that scroll horizontally or vertically across
- the face of the sign. 14. The following table lists abbreviated words and two-word phrases that are acceptable for use on a PCMS. Both words in a phrase must be displayed together. Words or phrases not on this list should not be
- abbreviated, unless shown in the TMUTCD. 15. PCMS character height should be at least 18 inches for trailer mounted units. They should be visible from at least 1/2 (.5) mile and the text should be legible from at least 600 feet at night and 800 feet in daylight. Truck mounted units must have a character height of 10 inches and must be legible from at least 400 feet.
- 16. Each line of text should be centered on the message board rather than left or right justified.
- 17. If disabled, the PCMS should default to an illegible display that will not alarm motorists and will only be used to alert workers that the PCMS has malfunctioned. A pattern such as a series of harizontal solid bars is appropriate.

WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION	WORD OR PHRASE	ABBREVIATION
Access Road	ACCS RD	Major	MAJ
Alternate	ALT	Miles	MI
Avenue	AVE	Miles Per Hour	MPH
Best Route	BEST RTE	Minor	MNR
Boulevard	BLVD	Monday	MON
Bridge	BRDG	Normal	NORM
Cannot	CANT	North	N
Center	CTR	Northbound	(route) N
Construction	CONST AHD	Parking	PKING
Aheod	J	Road	RD
CROSSING	XING	Right Lane	RT LN
Detour Route	DETOUR RTE	Sofurday	SAT
Do Not	DONT	Service Rood	SERV RD
East	E	Shoulder	SHLDR
Eastbound	(route) E	Slippery	SLIP
Emergency	EMER	South	S
Emergency Vehicle	EMER VEH	Southbound	(route) S
Entrance, Enter	ENT	Speed	SPD
Express Lane	EXP LN	Street	ST
Expresswoy	EXPWY	Sunday	SUN
XXXX Feet	XXXX FT	Telephone	PHONE
Fog Ahead	FOG AHD	Temporary	TEMP
Freeway	FRWY, FWY	Thursday	THURS
Freeway Blocked	FWY BLKD	To Downtown	TO DWNTN
Friday	FRI	Traffic	TRAF
Hazardous Driving	HAZ DRIVING	Travelers	TRVLRS
Hazardous Material		Tuesday	TUES
High-Occupancy	HOV	Time Minutes	TIME MIN
Vehicle	HWY	Upper Level	UPR LEVEL
Highway	110 1105	Vehicles (s)	VEH, VEHS
Hour (s)	HR, HRS	Warning	WARN
Information	INFO	Wednesday	WED
It Is	ITS	Weight Limit	WT LIMIT
Junction	JCĪ	West	W
Left	LFT	Westbound	(route) W
Left Lane	LFT LN	Wet Povement	WET PYMT
one Closed	LN CLOSED	Will Not	WONT
Lower Level	LWR LEVEL '		harana.

designation \* IH-number, US-number, SH-number, FM-number

# RECOMMENDED PHASES AND FORMATS FOR PCMS MESSAGES DURING ROADWORK ACTIVITIES

(The Engineer may approve other messages not specifically covered here.)

#### Phase 1: Condition Lists

## Pond/Long/Domo Classing Link

Road/Lane/Rarr	p Closure List	Other Con	dition List
FREEWAY CLOSED X MILE	FRONTAGE ROAD CLOSED	ROADWORK XXX FT	ROAD REPAIRS XXXX FT
ROAD CLOSED AT SH XXX	SHOULDER CLOSED XXX FT	FLAGGER XXXX FT	LANE NARROWS XXXX FT
ROAD CLSD AT FM XXXX	RIGHT LN CLOSED XXX FT	RIGHT LN NARROWS XXXX FT	TWO-WAY TRAFFIC XX MILE
RIGHT X LANES CLOSED	RIGHT X LANES OPEN	MERGING TRAFFIC XXXX FT	CONST TRAFFIC XXX FT
CENTER LANE CLOSED	DAYTIME LANE CLOSURES	LOOSE GRAVEL XXXX FT	UNEVEN LANES XXXX FT
NIGHT LANE CLOSURES	I-XX SOUTH EXIT CLOSED	DETOUR X MILE	ROUGH ROAD XXXX FT
VARIOUS LANES CLOSED	EXIT XXX CLOSED X MILE	ROADWORK PAST SH XXXX	ROADWORK NEXT FRI-SUN
EXIT CLOSED	RIGHT LN TO BE CLOSED	BUMP XXXX FT	US XXX EXIT X MILES
MALL DRIVEWAY CLOSED	X LANES CLOSED TUE - FRI	TRAFFIC SIGNAL XXXX FT	LANES SHIFT
XXXXXXXX BLVD	* LANES SHIFT in Pha	se 1 must be used with 5	STAY IN LANE in Pho

\* LANES SHIFT in Phase 1 must be used with STAY IN LANE in Phase 2.

## Phase 2: Possible Component Lists

	/Effect on Travel .ist	Location List	Warning List	** Advance Notice Lis
MERGE RIGHT	FORM X LINES RIGHT	AT FM XXXX	SPEED LIMIT XX MPH	TUE-FRI XX AM- X PM
DETOUR NEXT X EXITS	USE XXXXX RD EXIT	BEFORE RAILROAD CROSSING	MAXIMUM SPEED XX MPH	APR XX- XX X PM-X AM
USE EXIT XXX	USE EXIT I-XX NORTH	NEXT X MILES	MINIMUM SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MONDAY
STAY ON US XXX SOUTH	USE I-XX E TO I-XX N	PAST US XXX EXIT	ADVISORY SPEED XX MPH	BEGINS MAY XX
TRUCKS USE US XXX N	WATCH FOR TRUCKS	XXXXXXX TO XXXXXXX	RIGHT LANE EXIT	MAY X-X XX PM - XX AM
WATCH FOR TRUCKS	EXPECT DELAYS	US XXX TO FM XXXX	USE CAUTION	NEXT FRI-SUN
EXPECT DELAYS	PREPARE TO STOP		DRIVE SAFELY	XX AM TO XX PM
REDUCE SPEED XXX FT	END SHOULDER USE		DRIVE WITH CARE	NEXT TUE AUG XX
USE OTHER ROUTES	WATCH FOR WORKERS			TONIGHT XX PM- XX AM
STAY IN	4	* * See	e Application Guidelines N	ote 6.

#### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

- 1. Only 1 or 2 phases are to be used on a PCMS.
- 2. The 1st phase (or both) should be selected from the
- "Road/Lane/Ramp Closure List" and the "Other Condition List". 3. A 2nd phase can be selected from the "Action to Take/Effect on Travel, Location, General Warning, or Advance Notice
- 4. A Location Phase is necessary only if a distance or location is not included in the first phase selected.
- 5. If two PCMS are used in sequence, they must be separated by a minimum of 1000 ft. Each PCMS shall be limited to two phases, and should be understandable by themselves.
- 6. For advance notice, when the current date is within seven days of the actual work date, calendar days should be replaced with days of the week. Advance notification should typically be for no more than one week prior to the work.

#### WORDING ALTERNATIVES

LANE

- 1. The words RIGHT, LEFT and ALL can be interchanged as appropriate.
- 2. Roadway designations IH, US, SH, FM and LP can be interchanged as
- 3. EAST, WEST, NORTH and SOUTH (or abbreviations E, W, N and S) con be interchanged as appropriate.
- 4. Highway names and numbers replaced as appropriate.
- 5. ROAD, HIGHWAY and FREEWAY can be interchanged as needed.
- AHEAD may be used instead of distances if necessary.
   FT and MI, MILE and MILES interchanged as appropriate.
- 8. AT. BEFORE and PAST interchanged as needed.
- 9. Distances or AHEAD can be eliminated from the message if a

PCMS SIGNS WITHIN THE R.O.W. SHALL BE BEHIND GUARDRAIL OR CONCRETE BARRIER OR SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) PLASTIC DRUMS PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO TRAFFIC ON THE UPSTREAM SIDE OF THE PCMS, WHEN EXPOSED TO ONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC. WHEN EXPOSED TO TWO WAY TRAFFIC, THE FOUR DRUMS SHOULD BE PLACED WITH ONE DRUM AT EACH OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE UNIT.

#### FULL MATRIX PCMS SIGNS

CLOSED

- 1. When Full Matrix PCMS signs are used, the character height and legibility/visibility requirements shall be maintained as listed in Note 15 under "PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS" obove.
- 2. When symbol signs, such as the "Flagger Symbol" (CW20-7) are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS sign and, with the approval of the Engineer, it shall maintain the legibility/visibility requirement listed above
- 3. When symbol signs are represented graphically on the Full Matrix PCMS, they shall only supplement the use of the static sign represented, and shall not substitute for, or replace that sign.
- 4. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a flashing arrow board provided it meets the visibility, flash rate and dimming requirements on BC(7), for the same size arrow.

SHEET 6 OF 12

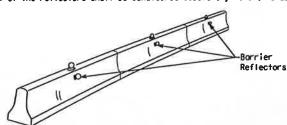


# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN (PCMS)

BC (6) - 14

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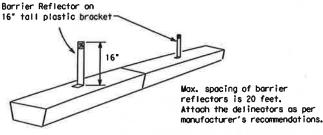
- I. Barrier Reflectors shall be pre-qualified, and conform to the color and reflectivity requirements of DMS-8600. A list of prequalified Borrier Reflectors can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).
- 2. Color of Borrier Reflectors shall be as specified in the TMUTCD. The cost of the reflectors shall be considered subsidiory to Item 512.



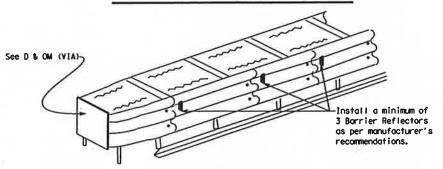
#### CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER (CTB)

- 3. Where traffic is on one side of the CTB, two (2) Barrier Reflectors shall be mounted in approximately the midsection of each section of CTB. An alternate mounting location is uniformly spaced at one end of each CTB. This will allow for attachment of a barrier grapple without damaging the reflector. The Barrier Reflector mounted on the side of the CTB shall be located directly below the reflector mounted on top of the barrier, as shown in the detail above.
- 4. Where CTB separates two-way traffic, three barrier reflectors shall be mounted on each section of CTB. The reflector unit on top shall have two yellow reflective foces (Bi-Directional) while the reflectors on each side of the barrier shall have one yellow reflective face, as shown in the detail above.
- 5. When CTB separates traffic traveling in the same direction, no barrier reflectors will be required on top of the CTB.
- Barrier Reflector units shall be yellow or white in color to match the edgeline being supplemented.
- 7. Maximum spacing of Barrier Reflectors is forty (40) feet.
- 8. Payement markers or temporary flexible-reflective roodway marker tabs shall NOT be used as CTB delineation.
- 9. Attachment of Barrier Reflectors to CTB shall be per manufacturer's recommendations.
- 10. Missing or damaged Barrier Reflectors shall be replaced as directed
- by the Engineer.

  11. Single stope barriers shall be delineated as shown on the above detail.



#### LOW PROFILE CONCRETE BARRIER (LPCB)

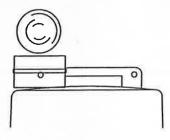


#### DELINEATION OF END TREATMENTS

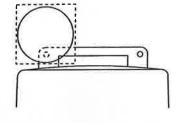
#### END TREATMENTS FOR CTB'S USED IN WORK ZONES

End treatments used on CTB's in work zones shall meet crashworthy standards as defined in the National Cooperative Highway Research Report 350. Refer to the CWZTCD List for approved end treatments and manufacturers.

# BARRIER REFLECTORS FOR CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER AND ATTENUATORS



Type C Warning Light or approved substitute mounted on a drum adjacent to the travel way.



Warning reflector may be round or square. Must have a yellow reflective surface area of at least 30 square inches

#### WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. Worning lights shall meet the requirements of the TMUTCD.
- Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricodes.
- Type A-Low Intensity Flashing Warning Lights are commonly used with drums. They are intended to warn of or mark a potentially hazardous area. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "FL". The Type A Worning Lights shall not be used with signs manufactured with Type B<sub>FL</sub> or C<sub>FL</sub> Sheeting meeting the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300.
- 4. Type-C and Type D 360 degree Steady Burn Lights are intended to be used in a series for delineation to supplement other traffic control devices. Their use shall be as indicated on this sheet and/or other sheets of the plans by the designation "SB".

  5. The Engineer/Inspector or the plans shall specify the location and type of warning lights to be installed on the traffic control devices.
- When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of the warning lights certification. The warning light manufacturer will certify the worning lights meet the requirements of the latest ITE Purchase Specifications for Flashing and Steady-Burn Warning Lights.
- When used to delineate curves, Type-C and Type D Steady Burn Lights should only be placed on the outside of the curve, not the inside.
- 8. The location of warning lights and warning reflectors on drums shall be as shown elsewhere in the plans.

#### WARNING LIGHTS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- 1. Type A flashing warning lights are intended to warn drivers that they are approaching or are in a potentially hozordous area.

  2. Type A random flashing warning lights are not intended for delineation and shall not be used in a series.
- 3. A series of sequential flashing worning lights placed on channelizing devices to form a merging toper may be used for delineation. If used, the successive flashing of the sequential warning lights should occur from the beginning of the taper to the end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path. The rate of flashing for each light shall be 65 flashes per minute, plus or minus 10 flashes.
- 4. Type C and D steady-burn warning lights are intended to be used in a series to delineate the edge of the travel lane on detours, on lane changes, on lane closures, and on other similar conditions.
- 5. Type A, Type C and Type D warning lights shall be installed at locations as detailed on other sheets in the plans.
- 6. Warning lights shall not be installed on a drum that has a sign, chevron or vertical panel.
- The maximum spacing for warning lights on drums should be identical to the channelizing device spacing.

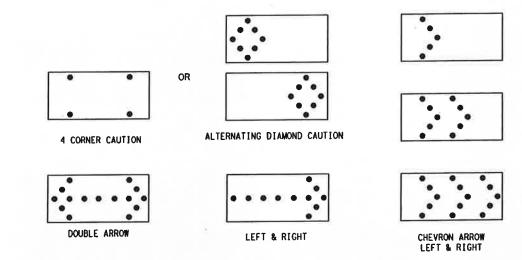
### WARNING REFLECTORS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR TYPE C (STEADY BURN) WARNING LIGHTS

- 1. A warning reflector or approved substitute may be mounted on a plastic drum as a substitute for a Type C, steady burn warning light at the discretion of the Contractor unless otherwise noted in the plans.
- 2. The warning reflector shall be yellow in color and shall be manufactured using a sign substrate approved for use with plastic drums listed
- 3. The warning reflector shall have a minimum retroreflective surface area (one-side) of 30 square inches.
- Round reflectors shall be fully reflectorized, including the area where attached to the drum.
- 5. Square substrates must have a minimum of 30 square inches of reflectorized sheeting. They do not have to be reflectorized where it attaches to the drum.
- The side of the worning reflector facing approaching traffic shall have sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements for DMS 8300-Type B or Type C.
- 7. When used near two-way traffic, both sides of the warning reflector shall be reflectorized.
- 8. The warning reflector should be mounted on the side of the handle nearest approaching traffic.
- 9. The maximum spacing for warning reflectors should be identical to the channelizing device spacing requirements.

Arrow Boards may be located behind channelizing devices in place for a shoulder toper or merging toper, otherwise they shall be delineated with four (4) channelizing devices placed perpendicular to traffic on the upstream side of traffic.

- The Flashing Arrow Board should be used for all lane closures on multi-lane roadways, or slow moving maintenance or construction activities on the travel lanes.
   Flashing Arrow Boards should not be used on two-lane, two-way roadways, detours, diversions or work on shoulders unless the "CAUTION" display (see detail below) is used.
   The Engineer/Inspector shall choose all appropriate signs, borricades and/or other traffic control devices that should be used in conjunction with the Flashing Arrow Board.
   The Flashing Arrow Board should be while to display the following symbols:

- 4. The Flashing Arrow Board should be able to display the following symbols:



5. The "CAUTION" display consists of four corner lamps flashing simultaneously, or the Alternating

The straight line coution display is NOT ALLOWED.

The straight line coution display is NOT ALLOWED.
 The Flashing Arrow Board shall be copoble of minimum 50 percent dimming from rated lamp voltage. The flashing rate of the lamps shall not be less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute.
 Minimum lamp "on time" shall be approximately 50 percent for the flashing arrow and equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase of the flashing chevron.
 The sequential arrow display is NOT ALLOWED.
 The flashing arrow display is the TxDOT standard; however, the sequential Chevron display may be used during daylight operations.
 The Flashing Arrow Board shall be manufacted as a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

aisplay may be used during daylight operations.

11. The Flashing Arrow Board shall be mounted on a vehicle, trailer or other suitable support.

12. A Flashing Arrow Board SHALL NOT BE USED to laterally shift traffic.

13. A full matrix PCMS may be used to simulate a Flashing Arrow Board provided it meets visibility,

flash rate and dimming requirements on this sheet for the same size arrow.

14. Minimum mounting height of trailer mounted Arrow Boards should be 7 feet from roadway

REQUIREMENTS MINIMUM NUMBER MINIMA

VISIBILITY OF PANEL LAMPS SIZE DISTANCE 3/4 mile 30 x 60 13 C 48 x 96 15 1 mile

to bottom of panel.

ATTENTION Floshing Arrow Boords shall be equipped with automatic dimming devices

WHEN NOT IN USE, REMOVE THE ARROW BOARD FROM THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OR PLACE THE ARROW BOARD BEHIND CONCRETE TRAFFIC BARRIER OR GUARDRAIL.

# FLASHING ARROW BOARDS

SHEET 7 OF 12

#### TRUCK-MOUNTED ATTENUATORS

- Truck-mounted attenuators (TMA) used on TxDOT facilities must meet the requirements outlined in the Notional Cooperative Highway Research Report No. 350 (NCHRP 350) or the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH).
- Refer to the CWZTCD for the requirements of Level 2 or Level 3 TMAs.
- 3. Refer to the CWZTCD for a list of approved TMAs.
- 4. TMAs are required on freeways unless otherwise noted
- 5. A TMA should be used anytime that it can be positioned 30 to 100 feet in advance of the area of crew exposure without adversely affecting the work performance.

  6. The only reason a TMA should not be required is when a work
- area is spread down the roadway and the work crew is an extended distance from the TMA.



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION ARROW PANEL, REFLECTORS, WARNING LIGHTS & ATTENUATOR

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#### GENERAL NOTES

- For long term stationary work zones on freeways, drums shall be used as the primary channelizing device.
- 2. For intermediate term stationary work zones on freeways, drums should be used as the primary channelizing device but may be replaced in tangent sections by vertical panels, or 42° two-piece cones. In tangent sections one-piece cones may be used with the approval of the Engineer but only if personnel are present on the project at all times to maintain the cones in proper position and location.
- For short term stationary work zones on freeways, drums are the preferred channelizing device but may be replaced in tapers, transitions and tangent sections by vertical panels, two-piece cones or one-piece cones as approved by the Engineer.
- Drums and all related items shall comply with the requirements of the current version of the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD) and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CMTTCD).
- Drums, bases, and related materials shall exhibit good workmanship and shall be free from objectionable marks or defects that would adversely affect their appearance or serviceability.
- The Contractor shall have a maximum of 24 hours to replace any plastic drums identified for replacement by the Engineer/Inspector. The replacement device must be an approved device.

#### GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Pre-qualified plastic drums shall meet the following requirements:

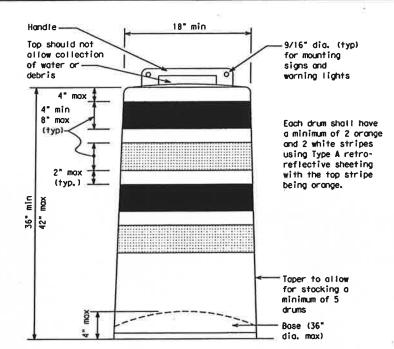
- Plastic drums shall be a two-piece design; the "body" of the drum shall be the top portion and the "base" shall be the bottom.
- The body and base shall lock together in such a monner that the body separates from the base when impacted by a vehicle traveling at a speed of 20 MPH or greater but prevents accidental separation due to normal handling and/or air turbulence created by passing vehicles.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of lightweight flexible, and deformable materials. The Contractor shall NOT use metal drums or single piece plastic drums as channelization devices or sign supports.
- 4. Drums shall present a profile that is a minimum of 18 inches in width at the 36 inch height when viewed from any direction. The height of drum unit (body installed on base) shall be a minimum of 36 inches and a maximum of 42 inches.
- 5. The top of the drum shall have a built-in handle for easy pickup and shall be designed to drain water and not collect debris. The handle shall have a minimum of two widely spaced 9/16 inch diameter holes to allow attachment of a warning light, warning reflector unit or approved compliant sian.
- 6. The exterior of the drum body shall have a minimum of four alternating orange and white retroreflective circumferential stripes not less than 4 inches nor greater than 8 inches in width. Any non-reflectorized space between any two adjacent stripes shall not exceed 2 inches in
- 7. Bases shall have a maximum width of 36 inches, a maximum height of 4 inches, and a minimum of two footholds of sufficient size to allow base to be held down while separating the drum body from the base.
- Plastic drums shall be constructed of ultra-violet stabilized, orange, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) or other approved material.
- 9. Drum body shall have a maximum unballosted weight of 11 lbs.
- 10. Drum and base shall be marked with manufacturer's name and model number.

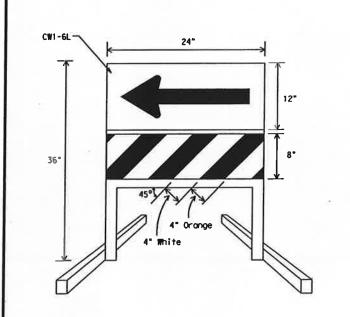
#### RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

- The stripes used on drums shall be constructed of sheeting meeting the color and retroreflectivity requirements of Departmental Materials Specification DMS-8300, "Sign Face Materials." Type A reflective sheeting shall be supplied unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- The sheeting shall be suitable for use on and shall adhere to the drum surface such that, upon vehicular impact, the sheeting shall remain adhered in-place and exhibit no delaminating, cracking, or loss of retroreflectivity other than that loss due to abrasion of the sheeting surface.

#### BALLAST

- 1. Unballasted bases shall be large enough to hold up to 50 lbs. of sand. This base, when filled with the ballast material, should weigh between 35 lbs (minimum) and 50 lbs (maximum). The ballast may be sand in one to three sandbags separate from the base, sand in a sand-filled plastic base, or other ballasting devices as approved by the Engineer. Stacking of sandbags will be allowed, however height of sandbags above povement surface may not exceed 12 inches.
- Bases with built-in ballast shall weigh between 40 lbs. and 50 lbs. Built-in ballast can be constructed of an integral crumb rubber base or a solid rubber base.
- Recycled truck tire sidewalls may be used for ballast on drums approved for this type of ballast on the CWZTCD list.
   The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that
- . The ballast shall not be heavy objects, water, or any material that would become hazardous to motorists, pedestrians, or workers when the drum is struck by a vehicle.
- When used in regions susceptible to freezing, drums shall have drainage holes in the bottoms so that water will not collect and freeze becoming a hazard when struck by a vehicle.
- 6. Ballast shall not be placed on top of drums.
- 7. Adhesives may be used to secure base of drums to povement.



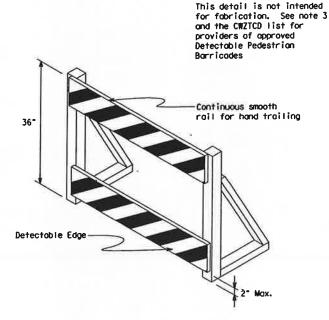


#### DIRECTION INDICATOR BARRICADE

- The Direction Indicator Barricade may be used in tapers, transitions, and other areas where specific directional guidance to drivers is necessary.
   If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used
- If used, the Direction Indicator Barricade should be used in series to direct the driver through the transition and into the intended travel lane.
- the intended travel lane.

  3. The Direction Indicator Barricade shall consist of One-Direction Large Arrow (CWI-6) sign in the size shown with a black arrow on a background of Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> Orange retroreflective sheeting above a rail with Type A retroreflective sheeting in alternating 4" white and orange stripes sloping downward at an angle of 45 degrees in the direction road users are to pass. Sheeting types shall be as per DMS 8300.
- Double arrows on the Direction Indicator Barricade will not be allowed.
- Approved manufacturers are shown on the CWZTCD List.

  Ballast shall be as approved by the manufacturers instructions.



#### DETECTABLE PEDESTRIAN BARRICADES

- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
   Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the
- Where pedestrions with visual disabilities normally use the
  closed sidewalk, a device that is detectable by a person
  with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cone
  shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
   Detectable pedestrian barricades similar to the one pictured
- dove, longitudinal channelizing devices, some concrete barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.
- Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, do not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" and should not be used as a control for pedestrian movements.
- Worning lights shall not be attoched to detectable pedestrian barricades.
- 6. Detectable pedestrian barricades may use 8" nominal barricade rails as shown on BC(10) provided that the top rail provides a smooth continuous rail suitable for hand trailing with no splinters, burrs, or sharp edges.



18" x 24" Sign (Maximum Sign Dimension) Chevron CW1-8, Opposing Traffic Lane Divider, Driveway sign D70a, Keep Right R4 series or other signs as approved by Engineer



Vertical Panel mount with diagonals sloping down towards travel way

Plywood, Aluminum or Metal sign substrates shall NOT be used on plastic drums

SIGNS, CHEVRONS, AND VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ON PLASTIC DRUMS

- Signs used on plastic drums shall be manufactured using substrates listed on the CWZTCD.
- Chevrons and other work zone signs with an orange background shall be manufactured with Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> Orange sheeting meeting the color and retraceflectivity requirements of DMS-8300, "Sign Face Material," unless otherwise specified in the plans.
- Vertical Panels shall be manufactured with orange and white sheeting meeting the requirements of DMS-8300 Type A Diagonal stripes on Vertical Panels shall slope down toward the intended traveled lane.
- 4. Other sign messages (text or symbolic) may be used as approved by the Engineer. Sign dimensions shall not exceed 18 inches in width or 24 inches in height, except for the R9 series signs discussed in note 8 below.
- Signs shall be installed using a 1/2 inch bolt (naminal) and nut, two washers, and one locking washer for each connection.
- Mounting bolts and nuts shall be fully engaged and adequately torqued. Bolts should not extend more than 1/2 inch beyond nuts.
- 7. Chevrons may be placed on drums on the outside of curves, on merging tapers or on shifting tapers. When used in these locations they may be placed on every drum or spaced not more than on every third drum. A minimum of three (3) should be used at each location called for in the plans.
- R9-9, R9-10, R9-11 and R9-11a Sidewalk Closed signs which are 24 inches wide may be mounted on plastic drums, with approval of the Engineer.

SHEET 8 OF 12



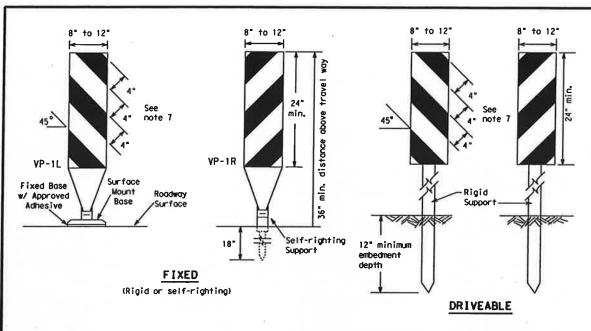
Traffic Operations Division Standard

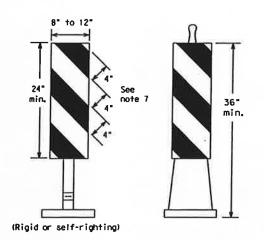
# BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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102





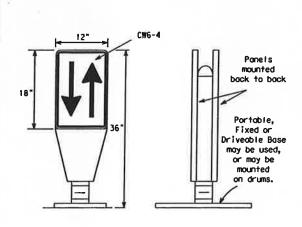
PORTABLE

 Vertical Panels (VP's) are normally used to channelize traffic or divide opposing lones of traffic.

- 2. VP's may be used in daytime or nighttime situations. They may be used at the edge of shoulder drop-offs and other areas such as lane transitions where positive daytime and nighttime delineation is required. The Engineer/Inspector shall refer to the Roadway Design Manual Appendix B "Treatment of Pavement Drop-offs in Work Zones" for additional guidelines on the use of VP's for drop-offs.
- VP's should be mounted back to back if used at the edge of cuts adjacent to two-way two lane roadways. Stripes are to be reflective orange and reflective white and should always slope downward toward the travel lane.
- should always slope downward toward the travel lane.

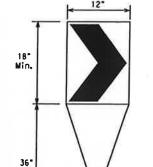
  4. VP's used on expressways and freeways or other high speed roadways, may have more than 270 square inches of retroreflective area facing traffic.
- Self-righting supports are available with portable base.
   See "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- Sheeting for the YP's shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted atherwise.
- Where the height of reflective material on the vertical ponel is 36 inches or greater, a panel stripe of 6 inches shall be used.

# VERTICAL PANELS (VPs)



- 1. Opposing Traffic Lane Dividers (OTLD) are delineation devices designed to convert a normal one-way roadway section to two-way operation. OTLD's are used on temporary centerlines. The upward and downward arrows on the sign's face indicate the direction of traffic on either side of the divider. The base is secured to the povement with an adhesive or rubber weight to minimize movement caused by a vehicle impact or wind gust.
- The OTLD may be used in combination with 42° cones or VPs.
- Spacing between the OTLD shall not exceed 500 feet. 42" cones or VPs placed between the OTLD's should not exceed 100 foot spacing.
- 4. The OTLD shall be orange with a block non-reflective legend. Sheeting for the OTLD shall be retrareflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.

OPPOSING TRAFFIC LANE DIVIDERS (OTLD)



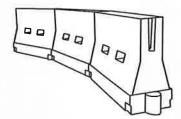
Fixed Base w/ Approved Adhesive (Driveoble Base, or Flexible Support can be used)

- The chevron shall be a vertical rectangle with a minimum size of 12 by 18 inches.
- Chevrons are intended to give notice of a sharp change of alignment with the direction of travel and provide additional emphasis and guidance for vehicle operators with regard to changes in horizontal alignment of the roadway.
- 3. Chevrons, when used, shall be erected on the outside of a sharp curve or turn, or on the far side of an intersection. They shall be in line with and at right angles to approaching traffic. Spacing should be such that the motorist always has three in view, until the change in alignment eliminates its need.
- 4. To be effective, the chevron should be visible for at least 500 feet.
- Chevrons shall be orange with a black nonreflective legend. Sheeting for the chevron shall be retroreflective Type B<sub>FL</sub> or Type C<sub>FL</sub> conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless noted otherwise. The legend shall meet the requirements of DMS-8300.
- For Long Term Stationary use on tapers or transitions on freeways and divided highways self-righting chevrons may be used to supplement plastic drums but not to replace plastic drums.

# CHEVRONS

#### GENERAL NOTES

- Work Zone channelizing devices illustrated on this sheet may be installed in close proximity to traffic and are suitable for use on high or low speed roadways. The Engineer/Inspector shall ensure that spacing and placement is uniform and in accordance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (TMUTCD).
- Channelizing devices shown on this sheet may have a driveable, fixed or portable base. The requirement for self-righting channelizing devices must be specified in the General Notes or other plan sheets.
- 3. Channelizing devices an self-righting supports should be used in work zone areas where channelizing devices are frequently impacted by erront vehicles or vehicle related wind gusts making alignment of the channelizing devices difficult to maintain. Locations of these devices shall be detailed elsewhere in the plans. These devices shall conform to the TMUTCD and the "Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List" (CWZTCD).
- 4. The Contractor shall maintain devices in a clean condition and replace damaged, nonreflective, foded, or broken devices and bases as required by the Engineer/Inspector. The Contractor shall be required to maintain proper device spacing and alignment.
- Portable bases shall be fabricated from virgin and/or recycled rubber. The portable bases shall weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.
- 6. Pavement surfaces shall be prepared in a monner that ensures proper bonding between the adhesives, the fixed mount bases and the povement surface. Adhesives shall be prepared and applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 7. The installation and removal of channelizing devices shall not cause detrimental effects to the final pavement surfaces, including pavement surface discoloration or surface integrity. Driveoble bases shall not be permitted on final pavement surfaces. The Engineer/Inspector shall approve all application and removal procedures of fixed bases.



#### LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES (LCD)

- 1. LCDs are croshworthy, lightweight, deformable devices that are highly visible, have good target value and can be connected tagether. They are not designed to contain or redirect a vehicle on impact.
- LCDs may be used instead of a line of cones or drums.
   LCDs shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and
- used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
  4. LCDs should not be used to provide positive protection for obstacles, pedestrians or workers.
- LCDs shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation as required for temporary barriers on BC(7) when placed roughly parallel to the travel lanes.
- 6. LCDs used as barricodes placed perpendicular to traffic should have at least one row of reflective sheeting meeting the requirements for barricode rails as shown on BC(10) placed near the top of the LCD along the full length of the device.

#### WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS BARRIERS

- Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall not be used solely to channelize road users, but also to protect the
  work space per the appropriate NCHRP 350 crashworthiness requirements based on roadway speed and barrier application.
- Water ballasted systems used to channelize vehicular traffic shall be supplemented with retroreflective delineation or channelizing devices to improve daytime/nighttime visibility. They may also be supplemented with pavement markings.
- 3. Water ballasted systems used as barriers shall be placed in accordance to application and installation requirements specific to the device, and used only when shown on the CWZTCD list.
- 4. Water ballasted systems used as barriers should not be used for a merging taper except in low speed (less than 45 WPH) urban areas. When used on a taper in a low speed urban area, the taper shall be delineated and the taper length should be designed to optimize rood user operations considering the available geometric conditions.
- When water ballasted systems used as barriers have blunt ends exposed to traffic, they should be attenuated as per manufacturer recommendations or flored to a point outside the clear zone.

If used to channelize pedestrians, longitudinal channelizing devices or water ballasted systems must have a continuous detectable bottom for users of long canes and the top of the unit shall not be less than 32 inches in height.

HOLLOW OR WATER BALLASTED SYSTEMS USED AS LONGITUDINAL CHANNELIZING DEVICES OR BARRIERS

Speed	Formula	Desirable Taper Lengths		Spacing of Channelizing Devices		
*		10' Offset	11' Offset	12' Offset	On a Taper	On a Tangent
30	2	150'	1651	1801	30'	601
35	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	2051	225'	245'	35′	70'
40	60	265'	2951	3201	40'	80'
45		450'	4951	5401	45′	901
50		5001	550'	6001	50′	1001
55	L=WS	550'	6051	660'	55′	110′
60	L-#3	6001	660'	720'	60'	120'
65		650'	7151	7801	65′	130′
70		7001	770′	8401	70′	140'
75		750′	8251	9001	75′	150'
80		8001	880'	9601	80'	160'

\*\*X\*Toper lengths have been rounded off.
L=Length of Toper (FT.) W=Width of Offset (FT.)
S=Posted Speed (MPH)

SUGGESTED MAXIMUM SPACING OF CHANNELIZING DEVICES AND MINIMUM DESIRABLE TAPER LENGTHS

SHEET 9 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

Suggested Maximum

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

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103

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#### TYPE 3 BARRICADES

- 1. Refer to the Compliant Work Zone Traffic Control Devices List (CWZTCD) for details of the Type 3 Barricades and a list of all materials used in the construction of Type 3 Barricades.
- 2. Type 3 Barricades shall be used at each end of construction projects closed to all traffic.
- 3. Barricades extending across a roadway should have stripes that slope downward in the direction toward which traffic must turn in detouring. When both right and left turns are provided, the chevran striping may slope downward in both directions from the center of the barricade. Where no turns are provided at a closed road striping should slope downward in both directions toward the center of roadway.
- Striping of rails, for the right side of the roadway, should slope downward to the left. For the left side of the roadway, striping should slope downward to the right.
- 5. Identification markings may be shown only on the back of the barricade rails. The maximum height of letters and/or company logos used for identification shall be 1".
- 6. Borricades shall not be placed parallel to traffic unless an adequate clear zone is provided.
- 7. Warning lights shall NOT be installed on barricades.
- Where barricades require the use of weights to keep from turning over, the use of sandbags with dry, cohesionless sand is recommended. The sandbags will be tied shut to keep the sand from spilling and to maintain a constant weight. Sand bags shall not be stacked in a manner that covers any portion of a barricade rails reflective sheeting. Rock, concrete, iron, steel or other solid objects will NOT be permitted. Sandbags should weigh a minimum of 35 lbs and a maximum of 50 lbs. Sandbags shall be made of a durable material that tears upon vehicular impact. Rubber (such as tire inner tubes) shall not be used for sandbags. Sandbags shall only be placed along or upon the base supports of the device and shall not be suspended above around level or hung with rope, wire, chains or other fasteners.
- 9. Sheeting for barricodes shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 unless otherwise noted.

Barricades shall NOT be used as a sign support.

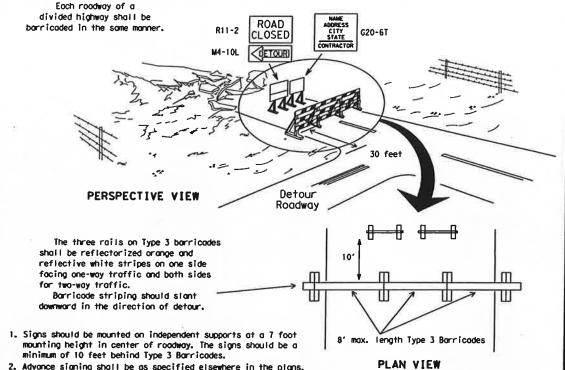


#### TYPICAL STRIPING DETAIL FOR BARRICADE RAIL

4' min., 8' mox. Stiffener 2 Flat rall

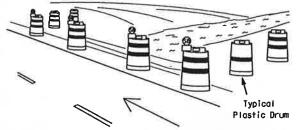
Stiffener may be inside or outside of support, but no more than 2 stiffeners shall be allowed on one barricade.

#### TYPICAL PANEL DETAIL FOR SKID OR POST TYPE BARRICADES



2. Advance signing shall be as specified elsewhere in the plans.

TYPE 3 BARRICADE (POST AND SKID) TYPICAL APPLICATION



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

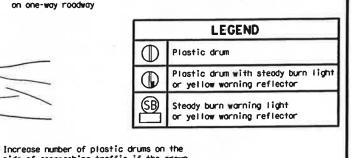
These drums are not required on one-way roodway 1. Where positive redirectional capability is provided, drums may be omitted.

2. Plastic construction fencing may be used with drums for safety as required in the plans.

3. Vertical Panels on flexible support may be substituted for drums when the shoulder width is less than 4 feet.

4. When the shoulder width is greater than 12 feet, steady-burn lights may be omitted if drums are used.

5. Drums must extend the length of the culvert widening.

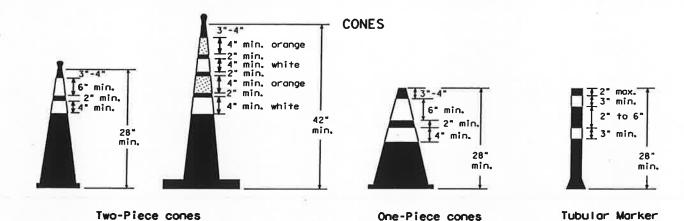


side of approaching traffic if the crown width makes it necessary. (minimum of 2 and maximum of 4 drums)  $\Theta$ 

PLAN VIEW

◒

CULVERT WIDENING OR OTHER ISOLATED WORK WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS



Alternate Alternate Drums, vertical panels or 42" cones Approx. Approx. 501 at 50' maximum spacing 50' Min. 2 drums or 1 Type 3 or 1 Type 3 barricade borricode STOCKPILE On one-way roads Desiroble downstream drums stockpile location Channelizing devices parallel to traffic or barricade may be is outside should be used when stockpite is omitted here clear zone. within 30' from travel lane.

TRAFFIC CONTROL FOR MATERIAL STOCKPILES

➾

1. Traffic cones and tubular markers shall be predominantly orange, and meet the height and weight requirements shown above.

2. One-piece canes have the body and base of the cone molded in one consolidated unit. Two-piece cones have a cone shaped body and a separate rubber base. or ballast, that is added to keep the device upright and in place.

28" Cones shall have a minimum weight of 9 1/2 lbs.

42" 2-piece cones shall have a minimum weight of

30 lbs. including base.

3. Two-piece cones may have a handle or loop extending up to 8" above the minimum height shown, in order to aid in retrieving the device.

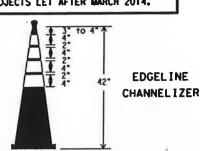
4. Cones or tubular markers used at night shall have white or white and orange reflective bands as shown above. The reflective bands shall have a smooth, sealed outer surface and meet the requirements of Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300 Type A.

5. 28" cones and tubular markers are generally suitable for short duration and short-term stationary work as defined on BC(4). These should not be used for intermediate-term or long-term stationary work unless personnel is on-site to maintain them in their proper upright position.

6. 42" two-piece cones, vertical panels or drums are suitable for all work zone durations.

7. Cones or tubular markers used on each project should be of the same size and shape.

THIS DEVICE SHALL NOT BE USED ON PROJECTS LET AFTER MARCH 2014.



1. This device is intended only for use in place of a vertical panel to channelize traffic by indicating the edge of the travel lane. It is not intended to be used in transitions or topers.

2. This device shall not be used to separate lanes of traffic (opposing or otherwise) or warn of objects.

3. This device is based on a 42 inch, two-piece cone with an alternate striping pattern: four 4 inch retroreflective bands, with an approximate 2 inch gap between bands. The color of the band should correspond to the color of the edgeline (yellow for left edgeline, white for right edgeline) for which the device is substituted or for which it supplements. The reflectorized bands shall be retroreflective Type A conforming to Departmental Material Specification DMS-8300, unless otherwise noted.

4. The base must weigh a minimum of 30 lbs.

SHEET 10 OF 12



BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION CHANNELIZING DEVICES

BC(10)-14

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#### WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

#### **GENERAL**

- The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining work zone and existing pavement markings, in accordance with the standard specifications and special provisions, on all roadways open to traffic within the CSJ limits unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- Color, patterns and dimensions shall be in conformance with the "Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (IMUTCD).
- Additional supplemental pavement marking details may be found in the plans or specifications.
- Pavement markings shall be installed in accordance with the TMUTCD and as shown on the plans.
- When short term markings are required on the plans, short term markings shall conform with the TMUTCD, the plans and details as shown on the Standard Plan Sheet WZ (STPM).
- 6. When standard povement markings are not in place and the roadway is opened to traffic, DO NOT PASS signs shall be erected to mark the beginning of the sections where passing is prohibited and PASS WITH CARE signs at the beginning of sections where passing is permitted.
- All work zone povement markings shall be installed in accordance with Item 662, "Work Zone Pavement Markings."

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

- Raised povement markers are to be placed according to the patterns on BC(12).
- All raised pavement markers used for work zone markings shall meet the requirements of Item 672, "RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS" and Departmental Material Specification DMS-4200 or DMS-4300.

#### PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Removable prefabricated povement markings shall meet the requirements of DWS-8241.
- Non-removable prefabricated pavement markings (foil back) shall meet the requirements of DMS-8240.

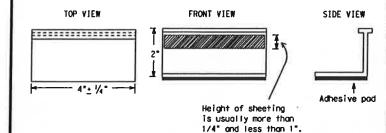
#### MAINTAINING WORK ZONE PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining work zone povement markings within the work limits.
- Work zone pavement markings shall be inspected in accordance with the frequency and reporting requirements of work zone traffic control device inspections as required by Form 599.
- 3. The markings should provide a visible reference for a minimum distance of 300 feet during normal daylight hours and 160 feet when illuminated by automobile low-beam headlights at night, unless sight distance is restricted by roodway geometrics.
- Markings failing to meet this criteria within the first 30 days after placement shall be replaced at the expense of the Contractor as per Specification Item 662.

#### REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- Pavement markings that are no longer applicable, could create confusion or direct a motorist toward or into the closed portion of the roadway shall be removed or obliterated before the roadway is opened to traffic.
- The above shall not apply to detours in place for less than three days, where flaggers and/or sufficient channelizing devices are used in lieu of markings to outline the detour route.
- Pavement markings shall be removed to the fullest extent possible, so as not to leave a discernable marking. This shall be by any method approved by TxDOT Specification Item 677 for "Eliminating Existing Pavement Markings and Markers".
- The removal of povement markings may require resurfacing or seal coating portions of the roadway as described in Item 677.
- Subject to the approval of the Engineer, any method that proves to be successful on a particular type povement may be used.
- Blost cleaning may be used but will not be required unless specifically shown in the plans.
- 7. Over-painting of the markings SHALL NOT BE permitted.
- Removal of raised pavement markers shall be as directed by the Engineer.
- Removal of existing pavement markings and markers will be paid for directly in accordance with Item 677, "ELIMINATING EXISTING PAVEMENT MARKINGS AND MARKERS," unless otherwise stated in the plans.
- 10.Black-out marking tape may be used to cover conflicting existing markings for periods less than two weeks when approved by the Engineer.

#### Temporary Flexible-Reflective Roadway Marker Tobs



STAPLES OR NAILS SHALL NOT BE USED TO SECURE TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE-REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS TO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE

- Temporary flexible-reflective roadway marker tobs used as guidemarks shall meet the requirements of DMS-8242.
- 2. Tabs detailed on this sheet are to be inspected and accepted by the Engineer or designated representative. Sampling and testing is not normally required, however at the option of the Engineer, either "A" or "B" below may be imposed to assure quality before placement on the roadway.
  - A. Select five (5) or more tabs at random from each lot or shipment and submit to the Construction Division, Materials and Pavement Section to determine specification compliance.
  - B. Select five (5) tabs and perform the following test. Affix five (5) tabs at 24 inch intervals on an asphaltic pavement in a straight line. Using a medium size passenger vehicle or pickup, run over the markers with the front and rear tires at a speed of 35 to 40 miles per hour, four (4) times in each direction. No more than one (1) out of the five (5) reflective surfaces shall be lost or displaced as a result of this test.
- 3. Small design variances may be noted between tob manufacturers.
- See Standard Sheet WZ(STPM) for tab placement on new pavements. See Standard Sheet TCP(7-1) for tab placement on seal coat work.

#### RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS USED AS GUIDEMARKS

- Raised payement markers used as guidemarks shall be from the approved product list, and meet the requirements of DMS-4200.
- All temporary construction raised pavement markers provided on a project shall be of the same manufacturer.
- Adhesive for guidemarks shall be bituminous material hat applied or butyl rubber pod for all surfaces, or thermoplastic for concrete surfaces.

Guidemarks shall be designated as: YELLOW - (two amber reflective surfaces with yellow body). WHITE - (one silver reflective surface with white body).

DEPARTMENTAL MATERIAL SPECIFICA	TIONS
PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTORIZED)	DMS-4200
TRAFFIC BUTTONS	DMS-4300
EPOXY AND ADHESIVES	DMS-6100
BITUMINOUS ADHESIVE FOR PAVEMENT MARKERS	DMS-6130
PERMANENT PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8240
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE, PREFABRICATED PAVEMENT MARKINGS	DMS-8241
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE, REFLECTIVE ROADWAY MARKER TABS	DMS-8242

A list of prequalified reflective raised pavement markers, non-reflective traffic buttons, roadway marker tabs and other pavement markings can be found at the Material Producer List web address shown on BC(1).

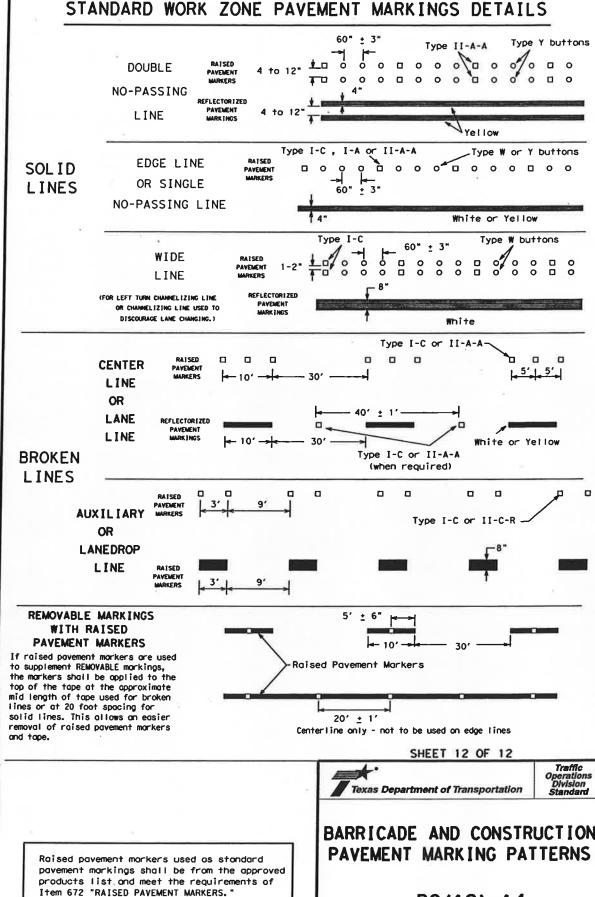
SHEET 11 OF 12



Traffic Operations Division Standard

BARRICADE AND CONSTRUCTION PAVEMENT MARKINGS

BC(11)-14



BC(12)-14

CONT SECT

DIST

FILE: bc-14.dgn

2-98 7-13 11-02 8-14

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