



## **SANTA VENETIA LEVEE UPGRADE**

BASIS OF DESIGN

AND PROJECT ALTERNATIVES



**Marin County, California**

October 2022

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Interpretive sign along Vendola Drive near Pump Station Number 5



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**INTRODUCTION**

The Marin County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Zone 7 (the District) is proposing to implement the Santa Venetia Levee Upgrade Project (the Project). The Project would replace an existing wooden structure – the Timber-Reinforced Berm, or TRB – that is a crucial component of the levee system that protects the Santa Venetia neighborhood from flooding. The project location is shown in Figure 1.



**Figure 1** Project Location

Santa Venetia, a residential neighborhood of about 900 homes, is in unincorporated Marin County along the south bank of the South Fork of Gallinas Creek, just upstream of where the creek flows into San Pablo Bay. The neighborhood, which was built in the early to mid-20th century, is protected from flooding by an aging and subsiding system of levees, berms, and pump stations. Without these facilities, widespread and damaging tidal floods would be a regular occurrence.

Historically, Santa Venetia was a tidal marsh, and the neighborhood was built over marsh deposits. Development of the marsh, including construction of an earthen and interior drainage system, began in 1914. Still, periodic overtopping of the levee occurred. Extensive flooding in the 1940s and 1950s, as shown in Figure 2, led to the creation of Zone 7 of the Marin County Flood Control and Water Conservation District in the 1960s. The current levee was completed during development of the Santa Venetia neighborhood in the 1950s and 1960s.



**Figure 2** 1950's Flooding in Santa Venetia

During a January 1982 flood event, 50 homes experienced flooding. In January 1983, 160 homes were flooded, and in December 1983, 100 homes were flooded when the tide reached a historic elevation of 8.7 feet in accordance with the National Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88). Following these floods, the District completed construction of the TRB on top of the earthen levee to increase its height.

The TRB is an approximately 7,000-foot-long wooden box structure about 2.5 to 3.2 feet wide and raised about 1 to 4 feet above the earthen levee's crest. The TRB ranges in elevation from about 6 feet to almost 11 feet NAVD88. The TRB is constructed of redwood planks fastened to redwood posts sunk approximately 2 to 4 feet into the earthen levee. The box structure is backfilled with a mixture of gravel, sand, silt, and clay soils. In some locations, the TRB was filled with a concrete slurry to reduce permeability.

When built, the TRB was an urgent response to raise the elevation of the levee without significant increase in the footprint of the levee. Since the TRB's construction over 35 years ago, widespread levee overtopping has not occurred; nor have tide elevations reached the historic heights that occurred in 1982 and 1983. The TRB, however, shows signs of aging and subsidence as shown in Figure 3. In addition to the risk of overtopping, failure of the TRB may also occur via erosion and/or sliding of the underlying earthen levee, overturning or sliding of the TRB structure, and deterioration of the wood panels.



**Figure 3** Existing TRB

According to a levee improvement alternatives analysis commissioned by the District, under current conditions, "winter storms coupled with high tides could overtop the existing levee and TRB system leading to significant damage to adjacent properties and/or localized potential failure of the system" as they have several times in the past. Furthermore, a US Army Corps of Engineers report references this analysis to sum-up the fragility of the existing levee system: "while the wall has held up against prior floods, a recent geotechnical report estimates that there is a significant chance [up to 90%] that the floodwall could fail before being overtopped under the current conditions". Areas of low elevation relative to tides and areas of deteriorating timbers are its primary vulnerabilities. During a 2017 storm event, portions of the TRB and underlying levee were damaged, though extensive flooding did not occur.

In March 2016, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) completed its San Francisco Bay Coastal Study, which resulted in an approximately 1-foot increase in base flood elevation (BFE) for the community, to 9.8 feet. With this reassessment of flood elevation, portions of the TRB are now below the BFE, meaning that portions of the TRB



would be overtopped in the FEMA defined 100-year flood, resulting in flooding within the Santa Venetia neighborhood.

Over the last several years, the District has evaluated options to replace the levee and in early 2022, finalized plans to replace it with a timber reinforced berm as shown in Figure 4. However, project costs exceeded the District's budget and staff elected to re-evaluate options.

Commencing in late July 2022, our team reviewed several options including a TRB, composite sheet pile, and precast concrete floodwall. We believe either the sheet pile or TRB alternative is viable, however, the composite sheet pile wall is the most efficient method to rapidly construct a levee at this location given the limited construction area and need to serve as protection for no less than 30 years.



**Figure 4** Example of a TRB installed at Santa Venetia

## EXISTING REPORTS AND DATA

This report relies on existing studies and reports; a summary of these documents includes:

- *Geotechnical Date Report Las Gallinas Levee System* prepared by Kleinfelder in July 2013
- *Las Gallinas Creek Hydrologic, Hydraulic, and Coastal (HH&C)* prepared the US Army Corps of Engineers in December 2013
- *San Francisco Bay Tidal Datums and Extreme Tides Study* prepared by AECOM in February 2016
- *San Francisco Bay Coastal Study* prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) in March 2016
- *Gallinas Watershed Program Final Report* prepared by Department of Public Works County of Marin in March 2017.
- *State of California Sea-Level Rise Guidance* prepared by the California Natural Resources Agency and the California Ocean Protection Council updated in 2018.
- *Negative Declaration in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act* prepared by Marin County and dated June 2019
- *Record of Environmental Consideration* prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency dated December 2019.
- *Gallinas Levee Upgrade Project Flood Barrier Study* prepared by GHD in July 2020
- *Field Observations and Site Analysis* prepared by GHD in July 2021.
- *Santa Venetia Levee Upgrade 100% Design Submittal plans* prepared by GHD in October 2021



- *Santa Venetia Levee Upgrade Project – Revised Opinion of Probable Construction Cost* prepared by GHD in March 2022
- *Santa Venetia Levee Upgrade Project – Value Engineering Summary* prepared by GHD in March 2022

### **EXISTING CONDITIONS - TOPOGRAPHY**

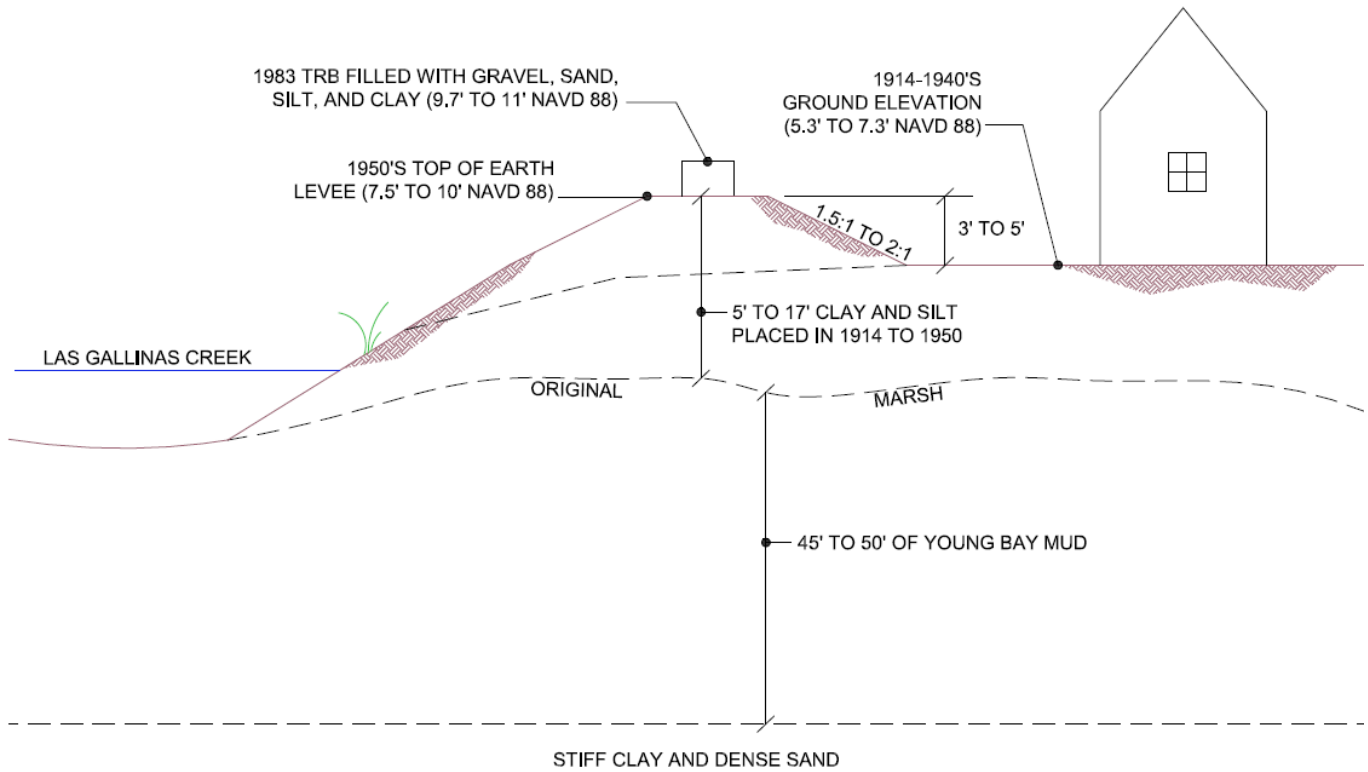
Our team is using the topographic base map provided by GHD that includes light detection and ranging (LIDAR) survey as well as supplemental data derived from what appears to be traditional field survey methods. We have recently completed an aerial survey on behalf of the Marin County Public Works Department for the San Rafael Airport located north of the site. While our survey and GHD survey provide similar results, the surveys are not of sufficient detail to accurately reflect the existing TRB. Thus, we have modified the information using engineering judgment and field observation to reflect field conditions. Due to the difficulty in obtaining supplemental data, we are making conservative assumptions in the heights of walls. However, we plan on acquiring additional data at locations along the levee, if possible, in October 2022.

Our work at the airport also included a resolution of the property lines within the area, which included locating survey monuments within the Santa Venetia neighborhood. The boundary data provided in the GHD survey correlates to our work. Thus, the property line information appears accurate.

The vertical datum for the project is based upon the National Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88) and the horizontal datum is the North American Datum (NAD 83), California State Plane Coordinate System, Zone 3. All units are US Survey Feet. Older surveys and technical documents for Santa Venetia are often on a vertical datum of the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD 29). To convert elevations to NAVD 88 add 2.7 feet to NGVD 29 elevations. Note that MLLW and NAVD88 datums are approximately equal at this location.

**EXISTING CONDITIONS – GEOTECHNICAL**

Our team reviewed the existing available geotechnical data to develop geotechnical recommendations for an alternative flood wall. Figure 5 illustrates the general conditions along the existing levee. Between 1914 and the early 1940's developers placed fill atop the existing marsh. In the 1950's the developer constructed an earthen levee and in the 1980's the District installed the timber reinforced berm (TRB). Thus, the fill beneath the levee ranges between 5 to 17 feet thick which is underlain by up to 50 feet of Young Bay Mud (YBM).



**Figure 5** Typical soil conditions underlying the levee at Santa Venetia

The following table illustrates soil conditions along the wall length. These stations can be correlated with the project plans.

Layer	Layer Thickness (ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged](pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained	
						Ka	Kp
Station 11+00 to 30+00							
Levee Material	5	4	110	47.6	110	0.28	3.5
Young Bay Mud (YBM)	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4
Station 30+00 to 44+00							
Levee Material	7.5	0.9	110	47.6	110	0.31	3.3
YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4
Station 44+00 to 72+00							
Levee Material	10.5	-3.2	110	47.6	47.6	0.36	2.8
YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4
Station 72+00 to 85+00							
Levee Material (Above Ground water Table (GWT))	5	0.5	110	47.6	110	0.32	3.1
Levee Material (Below GWT)	12	-11.5	110	47.6	47.6	0.35	2.9
YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4

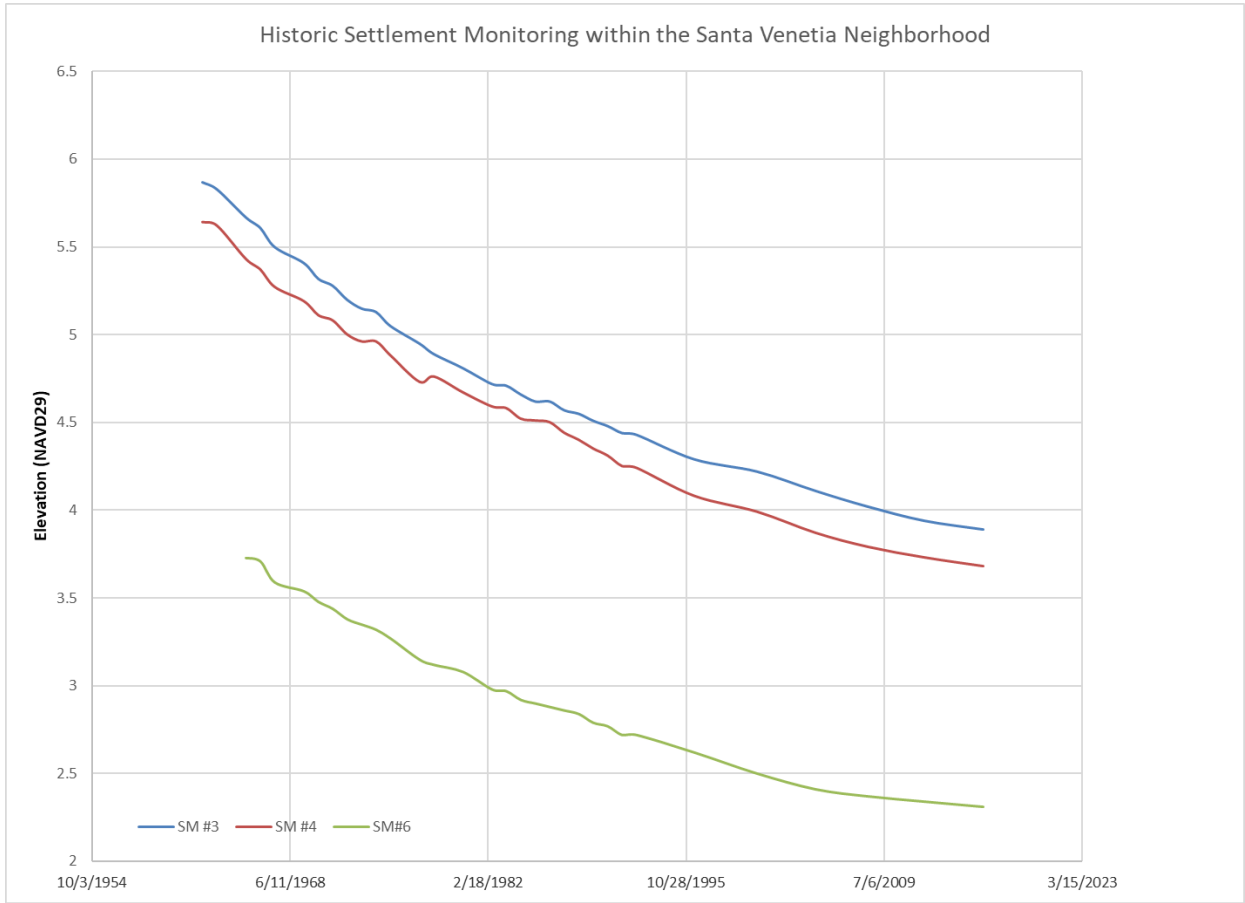
Note. This table references elevations to Mean Sea Level (MSL) to be consistent with previous geotechnical evaluations. MSL elevations are about 3.2 feet lower than NAVD88 elevations at this location.

For the purpose of design analysis, we have assumed that ground water remains at a depth of 2 feet below the landside surface for flood wall options since sheet piles embedded in the low permeability Young Bay Mud act to cut off the transmission of groundwater. Given the low permeability of Young Bay Mud, we anticipate that structural demands will drive the design sheet pile depth as opposed to a seepage analysis. We will check both as a part of the design process.

Since the mid 1950's the District has monitored settlement within the Santa Venetia community. A plot of three locations is shown in Figure 6 and noted as following:

- SM#3 - Chiseled 'x' on top rolled curb at front of sidewalk centerline of Labrea extended # 637 Vendola Drive
- SM#4 - Chiseled 'x' on top rolled curb at front of sidewalk centerline of Hacienda extended # 707 Vendola Drive
- SM#6 - Chiseled 'x' on top rolled curb at front of sidewalk centerline of Ash extended # 411 Vendola Drive

Figure 6 illustrates the rate of settlement is decreasing as would be anticipated given the age of the fill/levee and the characteristics of primary and secondary compression of Young Bay Mud. Future settlement in the neighborhood should be less than 1 foot over the presumed 30-year design life of the project.



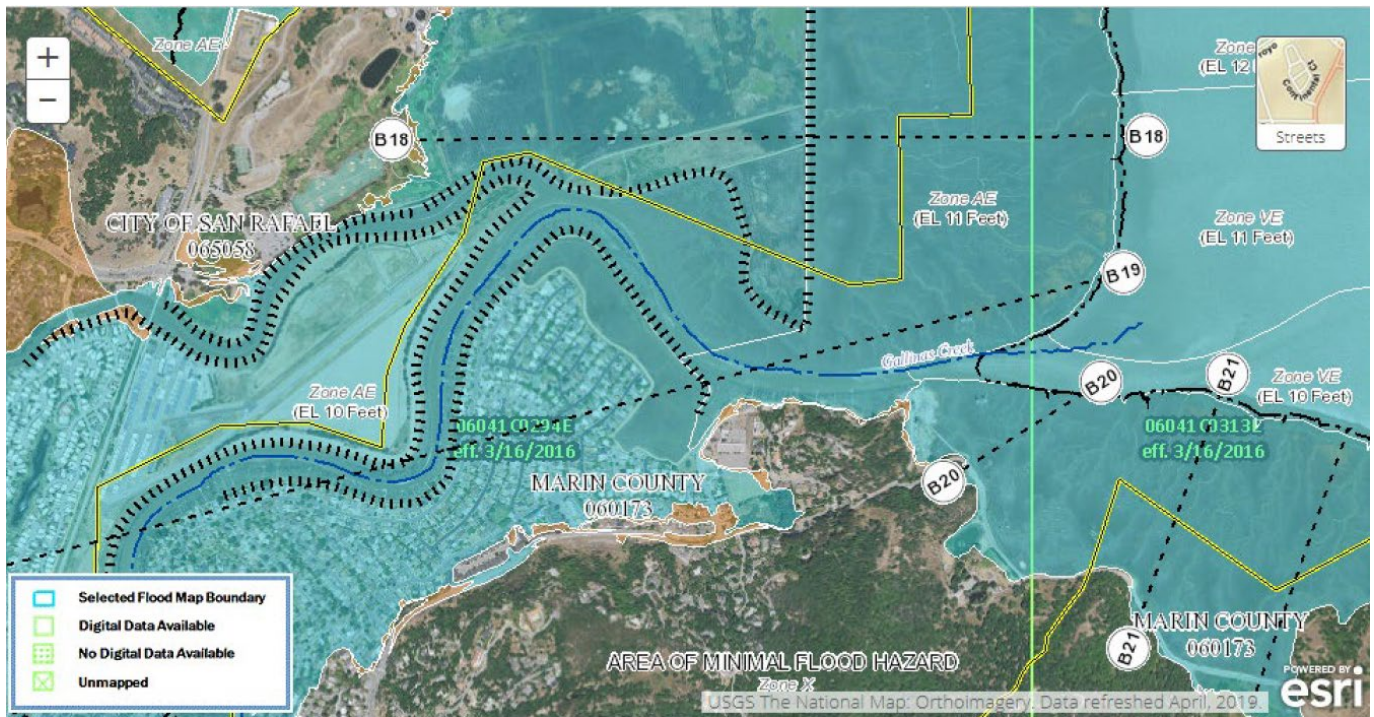
**Figure 6** Historic Ground Surface Settlement Monitoring

**EXISTING CONDITIONS – WATER SURFACE**

An assessment of internal drainage such as pipes and pump stations within the Santa Venetia community is not included in this assessment. This study relates specifically to the impact of tide and stormwater flows in the South Fork of Las Gallinas Creek.

The Santa Venetia community is threatened by flooding from high flows in the South Fork of Las Gallinas Creek as well as high tides in San Pablo Bay. A confluence of these events compounds the flooding risk. Thus, the project intends to provide 100-year level of flood protection for a design life of 30 years. With construction commencing in 2025, the end of design life will be 2055, which conforms with available sea level rise guidance planning data increments. In order to determine the top of barrier design elevation, we referenced previously modeled 100-year water surface elevations. Typical FEMA grants require that the design complies with 100-year water surface as well as allows for sea level rise and potential settlement over the planned project life. However, it is the responsibility of the local community to determine these projections.

FEMA defines the 100-year Stillwater Base Flood Elevation as 9.8 feet in the 2017 Flood Insurance Study (FEMA, 2017) for Marin County, at Station B19 as shown in Figure 7. The estimate is mainly based on coastal influence, under the 1% chance still water level estimated from the San Francisco Bay Area Coastal Study. Comparatively, the 100-year water surface elevation presented on Page 8 of the Las Gallinas Creek Hydrologic, Hydraulic and Coastal analysis (USACE 2013) was 6.4 feet NVGD 29, or approximately 9.1 feet NAVD 88. The estimate is based on a coincident frequency analysis to account for the combined probability between coastal water surface elevation and watershed flow, to set the 1% probability water surface elevation. Note that the 100-year flow in Las Gallinas Creek is 1,300 CFS as determined by the US Army Corps of Engineers.

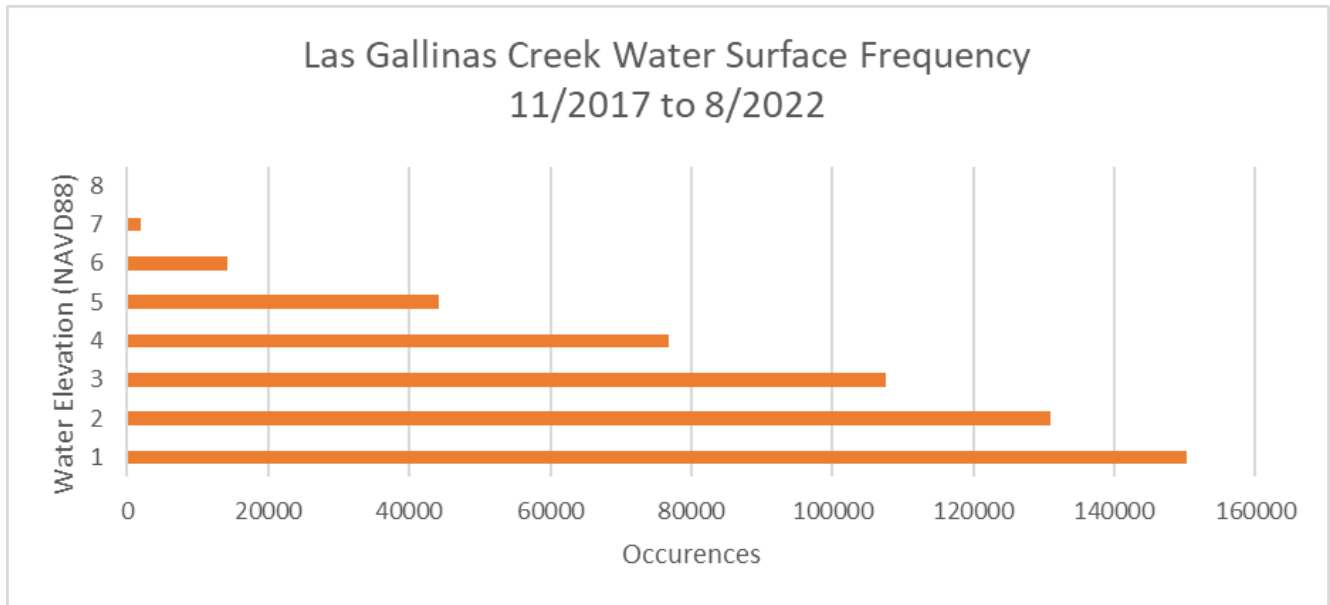


**Figure 7** FEMA Flood Zone Mapping



At the time the existing TRB was being constructed in 1983 the recorded high tides in the preceding year peaked at 8.7 feet (at the San Francisco Gauge). Since the TRB was constructed the tide level never exceed 8.7 feet, and therefore the TRB has never been tested against the design tide height to which it was constructed to respond. The nearest tide height it has experienced is 8.42 (1998) which is less than the 10-year tide, at 8.5 feet, in FEMA’s 2017 flood insurance study.

To compare the FEMA data to actual water heights, we reviewed the National Estuarine Research Reserve System who has a gauge that measures the height of water in Las Gallinas Creek. Figure 8 shows the frequency of various water heights since November 2017; this shows that Las Gallinas Creek has reached above 8 feet NAVD 88 on 12 occasions



**Figure 8** Height of Las Gallinas Creek

The San Francisco Bay Tidal Datums and Extreme Tides Study determined the annual chance of occurrence of extreme tide elevations in the San Pablo Bay near Las Gallinas Creek (Location #95) to be as follows:

Extreme Tide Elevations (NAVD88)							
1-YR	2-YR	5-YR	10-YR	25-YR	50-YR	100-YR	500-YR
7.4	7.71	8.13	8.45	9.90	9.26	9.67	10.75

The Sea Level Rise (SLR) projections have been estimated by a number of different agencies with the most recent estimates provided by the California Ocean Protection Council (OPC 2018). The State of California Sea Level Rise Guidance Document (OPC 2018, Table 1) provides a range of probabilistic SLR projections for the San Francisco Bay Area. The Likely Range High Emission estimates with 66% probability ranged from 0.6 and 1.1 feet by 2050 and 0.8 and 1.5 by 2060. If the flood barrier was constructed in 2025, the future sea level rise would be somewhere in between the 2050 and 2060 projection.

The OPC further estimates that there is a 5% probability that SLR will meet or exceed 1.4/ 1.6 feet by 2050/ 2060, and 0.5% probability that SLR will meet or exceed 1.9/ 2.4 feet by 2050/ 2060, which could be considered to represent the upper bound of reasonable SLR rates to consider in project planning.

A land settlement estimate range was provided from an analysis completed by Kleinfelder in 2018 (Kleinfelder, 2018) which considered observed elevation changes at points in Santa Venetia tracked between 1990 and 2012. The analysis projected a settlement range of 3 to 4 inches per every 10 years for the next several decades.

Based on the sum of 100-year still water elevation, settlement estimate, and SLR projection, the design criteria may be based on the following range of values (rounded up to the nearest 0.1 feet):

100-Year Water Surface Elevation (NAVD88)		2050-2060 Projected Sea Level Rise from OPC		Land Subsidence Estimate from Kleinfelder Report	
USACE 2013	FEMA 2016	Low-end 66% Probability	5% Chance	Low	High
9.1	9.8	0.7 (interpolated)	2.2 (interpolated)	0.8	1.0

Selecting values from the table above results in a range of 10.6 to 13 feet NAVD88 as potential target design elevations that would meet the overall objective of providing 100-year flood protection over a 30-year design life. The previous District evaluation considered two different flood barrier elevation design criteria of 11 feet and 12.5 feet. Note that the 12.5 feet would no longer meet the extreme condition as shown above due to the project being delayed by 5 years. Considering this, and the fact that a wall height of 11 feet falls within the probability range of the projected water surface elevations, the design height of the flood wall will be 11 feet NAVD88.

**EXISTING CONDITIONS – ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES**

The environmental reports prepared for the project note several special status wildlife species are known or have high potential to occur in or near the project site. Tidal elevations are a reference that previous studies have used to guide the project development; these include:

- The Initial Study cites 6 feet NAVD88 as the “regular high tide line.” Thus, work below this elevation will require a Section 404 permit issued by the US Army Corps of Engineers.
- Work near the marsh and specifically below elevation 6.5 feet, which is the extreme high tide line, will require protection of Ridgway’s rail and Salt-marsh harvest mouse. Specifically, no activities, visual disturbance, and/or increase in ambient noise level shall occur within a minimum 700 feet of these species.

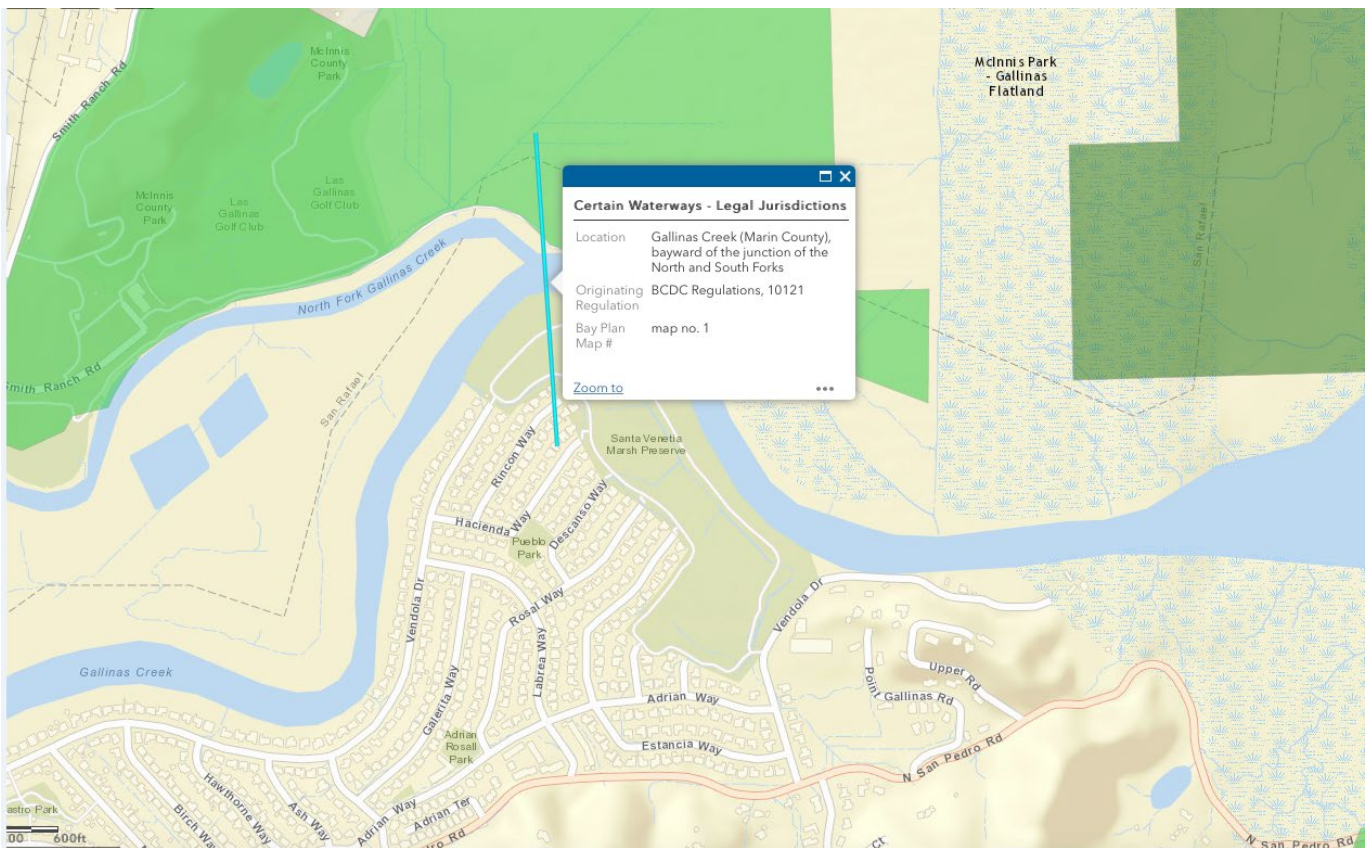
The existing CEQA document notes the following measures to minimize environmental impacts:

1. Work shall be scheduled to occur between September 1<sup>st</sup> and January 15<sup>th</sup> to avoid the Ridgeway’s rail and California black rail breeding season.
2. Work shall be scheduled to occur between 7:00 AM and 6:00 PM in order to avoid early morning and late afternoon/evening hours when rails are most active.
3. Work shall be scheduled to avoid periods of high tides, as the high water reduces the amount of refugial habitat for the rails and SMHM. No work shall occur near salt marsh habitats within two hours before or after predicted extreme high tides at the project site.
4. Activities shall proceed as quickly as possible to reduce disturbance from noise, dust, etc.
5. Removal or disturbance of emergent tidal marsh vegetation shall be avoided, and removal or disturbance of vegetation at the tidal marsh/upland interface shall be avoided to provide a buffer of refugial habitat

within as wide a swathe as possible (9.8 feet minimum) from the Mean Higher High Water (MHHW) line. If removal is necessary, the work shall be scheduled outside of the breeding season (January 16<sup>th</sup> to August 31<sup>st</sup>); all vegetation shall be removed by hand and shall be salvaged and retained, if native, for replacement after work is completed.

6. All access will be from the landside of the levee between the houses.
7. The TRB waterside planks would be in the same location and changes in the width and alignment would be within 10 feet of it.
8. Silt fencing would be installed at above the high the tide line at elevation higher than 6 feet.

The project does not require approval from the Bay Conservation and Development Commission as illustrated in Figure 9.



**Figure 9** Bay Conservation Development Commission Jurisdiction Limit



**REGIONAL SOLUTION**

The District evaluated an option of installing a tidal gate on Las Gallinas Creek that could be closed if a large tide was expected preventing inundation of the community. This tidal gate would include a pump station to evacuate water from Las Gallinas Creek. Theoretically, the tide gate and pump station could be installed anywhere along Las Gallinas Creek assuming it could be connected into a levee system and/ or high ground. One such location is shown in Figure 10.



**Figure 10** Potential location of Las Gallinas Creek tidal gate

However, this location includes flows from the North Fork of the Las Gallinas Creek, which increases the sizing and complexity of the pump station. This would also require approval from BCDC. Thus, we evaluated placing the tidal gate and related infrastructure near the existing pump station number 5 as shown in Figure 11.

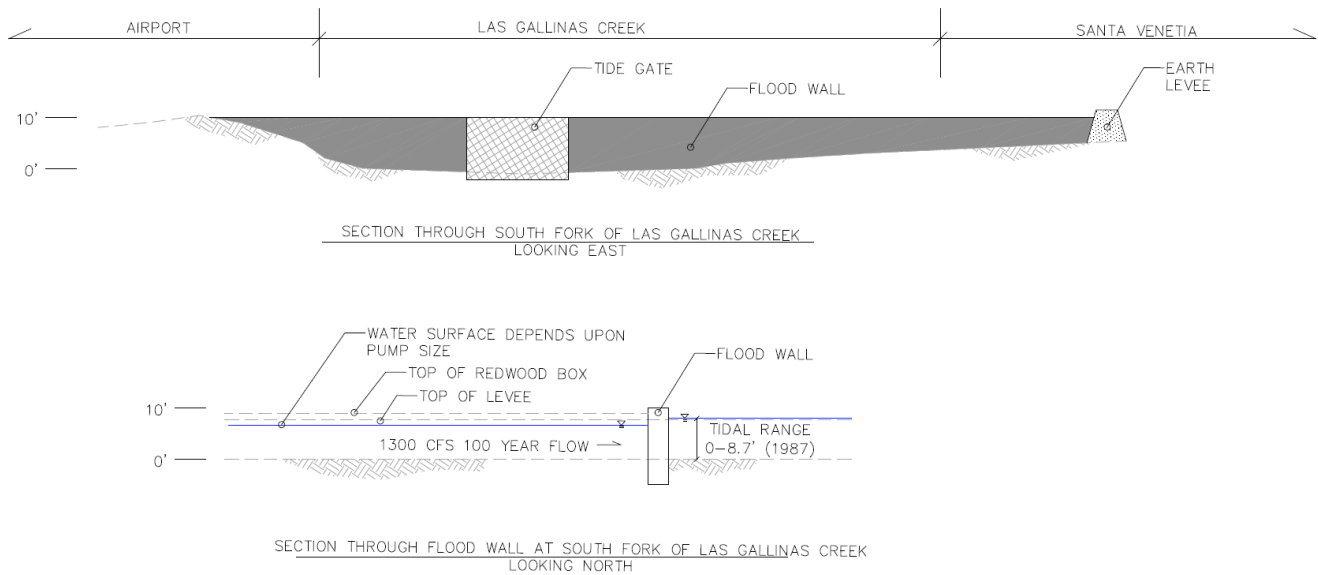
Placing a tidal gate at this location requires managing the flows from the South Fork of the Las Gallinas Creek, which are 1,300 CFS in the 100-year event. If these occur at a high tide event, which can exceed 8 feet, the tidal gate and flood wall would require a pump station of significant capacity.

Figure 12 illustrates a potential flood wall and tidal gate. Note that when the gate is closed, water would need to be



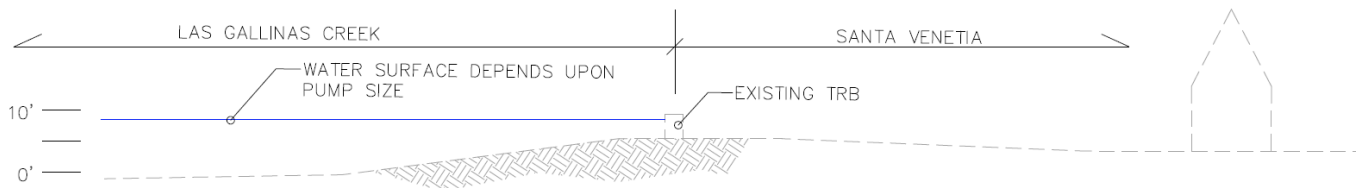
**Figure 11** Tidal Gate

stored in the creek, which would increase in elevation to the height existing levee and potentially the TRB.



**Figure 12** Section Through Tidal Gate

Figure 13 illustrates a cross section through the creek just upstream of the tidal gate. As there is no single pump that can discharge 1,300 CFS, the station would include several pumps working simultaneously to discharge inflow. Water levels would rise depending upon the intensity of rainfall and the capacity of the pumps. Thus, the existing TRB would be subject to water loading. The existing TRB would still need to be replaced with some form of levee to prevent flooding within the community.



**Figure 13** Cross Section through the South Fork of Las Gallinas Creek looking downstream

We estimate the cost to construct this tidal gate, floodwall, and pump system to range from \$55 to \$85 million. This is not a viable option as the State and Federal regulatory agencies would not accept this alternative for potential funding opportunities and the cost to construct is significantly higher than simply replacing the existing TRB.



**EXTENSION OF PROJECT LIMITS**

The previous project did not extend the TRB to reach an elevation of 11 feet on the west and east ends. Thus, the project will extend the limits as shown in Figure 13. Note that at the Meadow Drive Bridge leading to Santa Margarita Island, the District will need to install temporary measures such as sandbags or inflatable bladders should flood conditions be anticipated. Recommendations for these elements are not included in this report.



**West End**



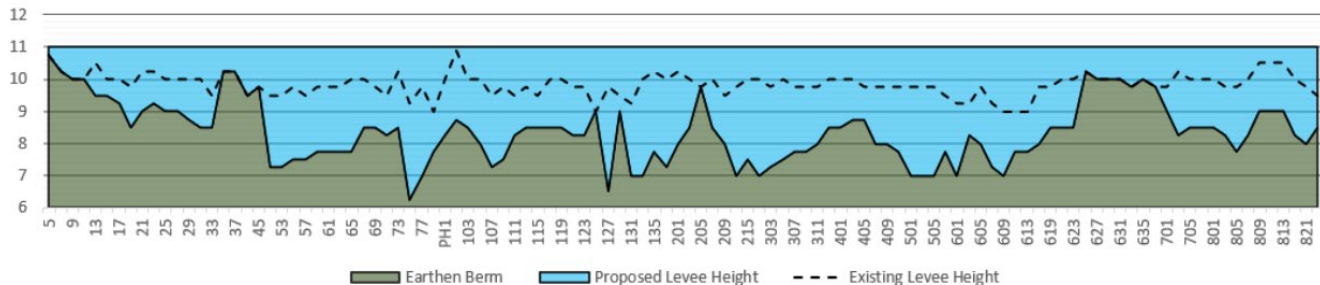
**East End**

**Figure 14** Extension of Project Limits

**PROJECT ALTERNATIVES**

The District proposes to replace about 7,500 feet of the exiting TRB along the South Fork of Las Gallinas Creek with a new floodwall. Previously, the District studied several alternatives for the levee and concluded that the TRB was the preferred option. We have investigated the TRB as well as two other options, including a prefabricated concrete wall and composite sheet pile walls.

Once the TRB is removed, the new wall would be located generally along the same alignment of the TRB to an elevation of 11 feet in accordance with NAVD 88. Figure 15 illustrates the existing earth berm and TRB in comparison to the future levee elevation along the proposed alignment. Note that the numbers on the horizontal access relate to property addresses along Vendola Drive.



**Figure 15** Comparison of Levee heights

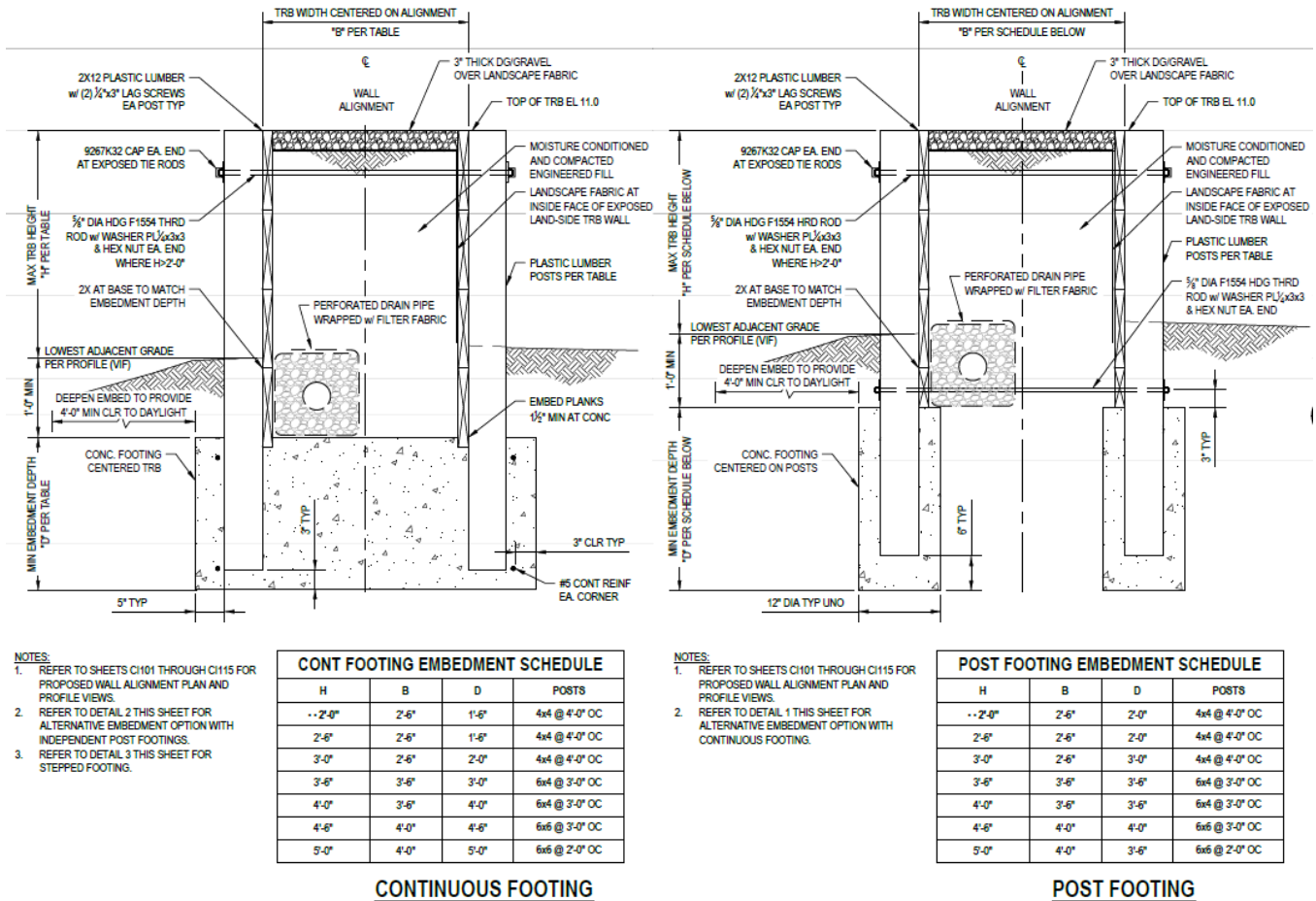
The existing TRB is located on private property that is entirely single-family residential use except for several locations owned by public agencies. Many properties have fences, docks, landscaping, decks, and small buildings constructed near, and sometimes atop, the TRB. As previously noted, on the waterside, environmental resources restrict work to a very small work area with limited accessibility that complicates construction.

In developing these alternatives, the District collaborated with the community to determine goals for the project, which include the following:

1. Provide the highest degree of flood protection accounting for future ground settlement and rises in sea level.
2. Develop a design solution that is consistent with Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) funding opportunities.
3. Construction should have the lowest practical impact to residences located along the levee.
4. The project’s design should ideally be consistent with environmental documents and permits; if not, they will be amended.
5. The levee should offer a long design life and low maintenance cost.
6. To the extent possible, the levee should not unreasonably prevent access to the water.

**Timber Reinforced Berm**

The previous design for the TRB included a raised planter box similar to the existing condition but constructed of plastic timber. The plastic timber would be rated for outdoor use with properties complying with ASTM D 6108, Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties of Plastic Lumber and Shape and D 6109, Standard Test Method for Flexural Properties of Unreinforced and Reinforced Plastic Lumber. The original design of the TRB included either a continuous or post footings as illustrated in Figure 16.



**Figure 16 TRB Design**

Based upon discussions with contractors, the District understood that a continuous foundation could offer a potential cost saving alternative. A secondary benefit is that could help to limit seepage. However, the additional cost of earthwork export and concrete import results in a high estimated construction cost. Thus, the District considered constructing the TRB with 90% of the alignment using a post footing with the remainder as a continuous footing. The GHD estimate for this option is approximately \$12.3 million (2022 dollars) over two construction seasons.

In speaking with local contractors, the challenge with constructing the TRB is that it is very labor intensive. In addition, exporting earthwork and importing concrete is challenging due to limited access. The process will be very slow to construct, causing disturbance to the residents. Previous estimates considered this to require two construction seasons. As the TRB is hand built, it will require regular inspection to ensure that settlement or shrinkage does not cause damage. The District will need to continue its gopher abatement program to ensure the levee is not compromised.

**Precast Concrete Wall**

The project could install a precast concrete floodwall along the alignment. This floodwall would be embedded into the levee by about 24 inches. It would resist floodwater by being tied into a series of columns supported by concrete foundations placed within drilled holes. An example of a precast floodwall is shown in Figure 17.



**Figure 17** Precast Concrete Floodwall

This option can be an attractive and durable flood control solution. We obtained a cost to fabricate the walls from a local vendor in early 2022 who quoted about \$4 million. However, even using lightweight concrete, the units will be heavy and difficult to maneuver for installation behind the homes. In addition, the soil conditions at the site have low shear strength. Thus, the project would need to install many piers to resist the load. In addition, the weight of the units may induce settlement in the Young Bay Mud beneath the site.

We do not believe that a precast concrete wall is technically feasible at this site.



### Composite Sheet Pile

A composite sheet pile functions similarly to the more traditional steel option, but it is fabricated from plastic such as polyvinyl chloride or resin materials. An example wall is shown in Figure 18. The benefit of a composite sheet is that they are lightweight, corrosion resistant, limit seepage, and have low maintenance requirements. The disadvantage is the material is not as strong as steel and thus can deflect under load especially when not backed by soil or anchor.



**Figure 18** Composite Sheet Pile located along Pinole Creek in Pinole, California

A composite sheet pile is installed using similar tools to steel, which includes a vibratory hammer installed on an excavator or crane. Unlike traditional pile driving equipment that uses a large weight or ram to strike a pile, vibratory hammers use spinning counterweights to create vibration in the pile. The vibration sends the soil particles into suspension enabling the pile to slip through the soil. The vibration and the weight of the tool on the excavator arm can advance the sheet pile through most soil conditions.

The existing geotechnical conditions at the site include five to seven feet of fill that consists of clay and silt atop as much as a 50-foot-thick layer of Young Bay Mud (YBM). The YBM is ideal for installation, however, the upper layers may present a challenge. If refusal occurs, the contractor would pre-drill a portion of the top layer to help penetration



and preserve the sheet pile from damage. To install the sheet, a side clamping driver is mounted on a small excavator. To protect the sheet, the twin metal sheets are placed on the composite pile where it is gripped; they are removed upon installation.

The sheet piles will cantilever above the ground’s surface, meaning that they will have no earth backing. The benefit is that they will not induce settlement in the soft subgrade layers. The disadvantage is that the sheets will need to entirely resist the entire water load during flooding.

For this analysis, we have evaluated the EverComp range of sheet piles produced by Everlast Synthetic Products. They produce a variety of products ranging from vinyl to composite sheet pile systems. Due to deflection concerns, this evaluation focuses on the EverComp 26.1 and 80.5 line of products whose engineering properties are illustrated in Figures 19 and 20. Note that these sheets include fiberglass reinforcement.

The proposed floodwall will have exposed heights above ground level ranging from 1 to 6 feet. To prevent overturning, we have allowed a factor of safety (FOS) of 1.5. In this case, the maximum and minimum total length of sheet piles range from 24 to 7 feet respectively. In the structural analysis, the sheets have adequate shear and bending moment capacity to resist the water load, but deflection can be a challenge. However, by using the 80.5 sheet or potentially two rows of 26.1 sheets as shown in Figure 21, deflection can be reduced to 3.5 inches in the most extreme case. Appendix A includes a summary of the calculations, and the following table illustrates deflection.

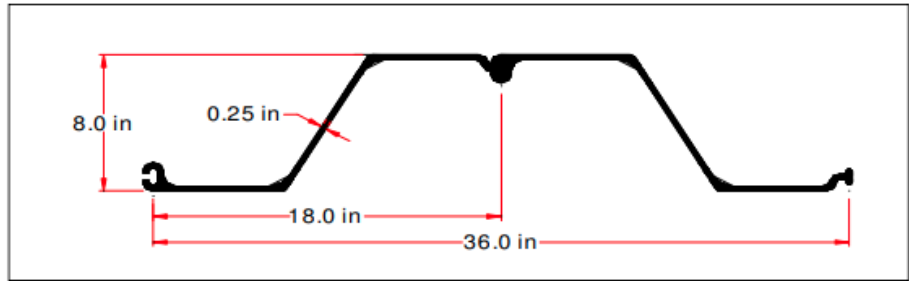
Station		Sheet Exposed Above Ground (Feet)	EverComp Model	Factor of Safety = 1.5		Factor of Safety = 2.0	
Begin	End			Embedment below ground (feet)	Max. Deflection at top of the sheet pile (inch)	Embedment below ground (feet)	Max. Deflection at top of the sheet pile (inch)
7+50	22+00	0 - 3	EC26.1	8	0.5	9	0.5
7+50	22+00	3 - 5	EC26.1	16	10.8	19	13.5
7+50	22+00	3 - 5	EC80.5	16	1.0	19	1.3
22+00	34+00	0 - 3	EC26.1	8	0.6	9	0.6
22+00	34+00	3 - 5	EC26.1	15	10.5	17	13.0
22+00	34+00	3 - 5	EC80.5	15	0.9	17	1.2
34+00	67+00	0 - 3	EC80.5	8	0.1	9	0.1
34+00	67+00	0 - 5	EC80.5	14	0.9	16	1.1
34+00	67+00	5 - 6	EC80.5	18	2.6	20	3.0
67+00	82+00	0 - 3	EC26.1	7	0.4	8	0.4
67+00	82+00	0 - 5	EC26.1	12	6.8	13	7.5
67+00	82+00	0 - 5	EC80.5	12	0.6	13	0.7

**EverComp 26.1™ FRP Sheet Pile**

**Technical Data Sheet**

AL - Along length of sheet pile      AWS - Along width of sheet pile

Property	Symbol	Units	Results	ASTM Test Method
<i>Flexural Stress:</i>				
Ultimate (AL)	$\sigma_{ult AL}$	psi	90,000	D 790-03
Recommended Allowable Stress(AL)	$\sigma_{all AL}$	psi	25,000	-----
Modulus of Elasticity (AL)	$E_{AL}$	psi	3,500,000	D 790-03
Ultimate (AWS)	$\sigma_{ult AWS}$	psi	29,000	D 790-03
Modulus of Elasticity (AWS)	$E_{AWS}$	psi	1,900,000	D 790-03
Max. Allowable Moment	$M_{max}$	ft-lb/ft	27,000	-----
<i>Tensile Stress:</i>				
Ultimate (AL)	$\sigma_{ult AL}$	psi	77,000	D 638-03
Recommended Allowable Stress(AL)	$\sigma_{all AL}$	psi	25,000	-----
Modulus of Elasticity (AL)	$E_{AL}$	psi	5,000,000	D 638-03
Ultimate (AWS)	$\sigma_{ult AWS}$	psi	9,000	D 638-03
Modulus of Elasticity (AWS)	$E_{AWS}$	psi	3,200,000	D 638-03
<i>Shear Stress:</i>				
Ultimate (AL)	$T_{ult AL}$	psi	5,500	D 3846-02
Recommended Allowable Stress(AL)	$T_{all AL}$	psi	2,200	-----
Ultimate (AWS)	$\sigma_{ult AWS}$	psi	5,400	D 3846-02



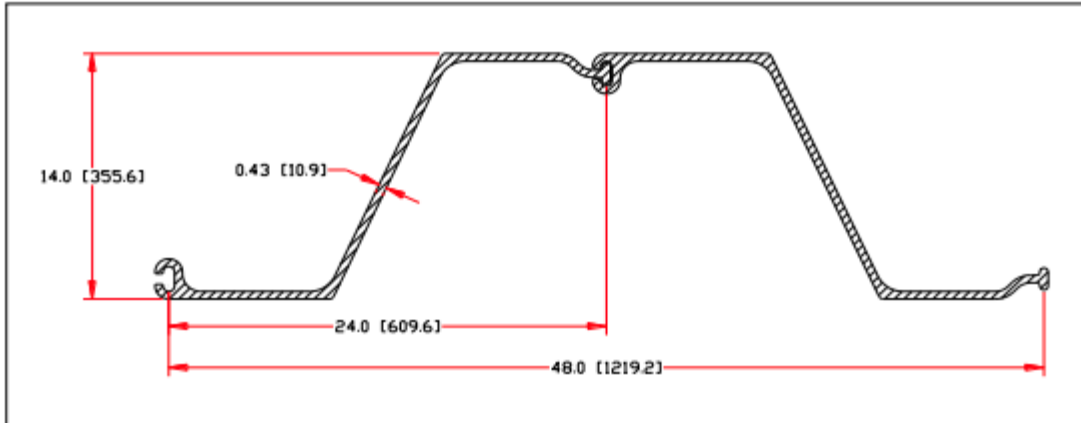
<i>Properties of Sheet Pile:</i>				
Width	W	inches	18	-----
Depth	D	inches	8	-----
Thickness	t	inches	0.25	-----
Section Modulus	Z	in <sup>3</sup> /ft	13	-----
Moment of Inertia	I	in <sup>4</sup> /ft	52	-----
Radius of Gyration (pair)	r	inches	3.29	-----
Area of Web	$A_w$	in <sup>2</sup>	2.3	-----

**Figure 19** EC 26.1 Properties

**EverComp 80.5™ FRP Sheet Pile**

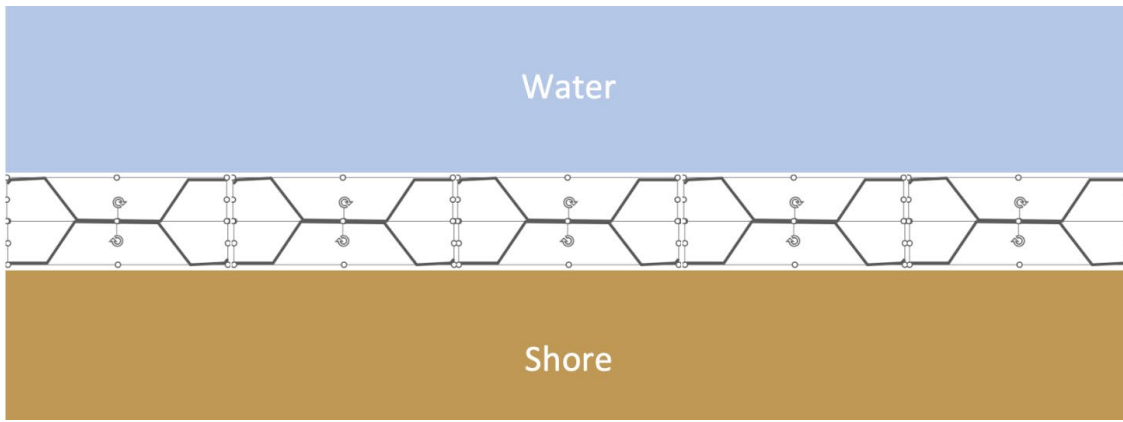
**Technical Data Sheet**

Property	Symbol	Units	Results	ASTM Test Method
<i>Flexural Stress:</i>				
Ultimate (AL)	$\sigma_{ult AL}$	psi	75,000	D 790-03
Recommended Allowable Stress(AL)	$\sigma_{all AL}$	psi	20,000	-----
Modulus of Elasticity (AL)	$E_{AL}$	psi	4,100,000	D 790-03
Ultimate (AWS)	$\sigma_{ult AWS}$	psi	20,000	D 790-03
Modulus of Elasticity (AWS)	$E_{AWS}$	psi	1,500,000	D 790-03
<i>Tensile Stress:</i>				
Ultimate (AL)	$\sigma_{ult AL}$	psi	75,000	D 638-03
Recommended Allowable Stress(AL)	$\sigma_{all AL}$	psi	20,000	-----
Modulus of Elasticity (AL)	$E_{AL}$	psi	5,500,000	D 638-03
Ultimate (AWS)	$\sigma_{ult AWS}$	psi	6,800	D 638-03
Modulus of Elasticity (AWS)	$E_{AWS}$	psi	1,700,000	D 638-03
<i>Shear Stress:</i>				
Ultimate (AL)	$T_{ult AL}$	psi	5,600	D 2344-00
Recommended Allowable Stress(AL)	$T_{all AL}$	psi	1,800	-----
Ultimate (AWS)	$\sigma_{ult AWS}$	psi	2,700	D 2344-00



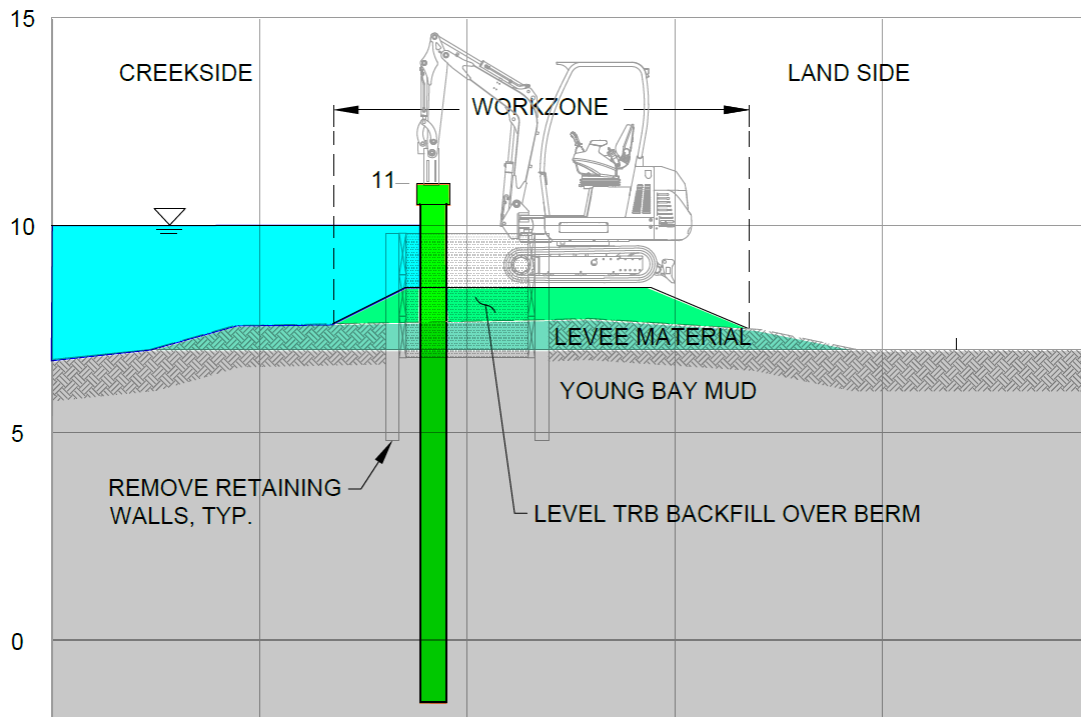
<i>Properties of Sheet Pile:</i>				
Width	W	in	24.0	-----
Depth	D	in	14.0	-----
Thickness	t	in	0.43	-----
Section Modulus	Z	in <sup>3</sup> /ft	38	-----
Moment of Inertia	I	in <sup>4</sup> /ft	268	-----
Radius of Gyration (pair)	r	in	5.65	-----
Area of Web	$A_w$	in <sup>2</sup>	6.5	-----

**Figure 20** EC 80.5 Properties



**Figure 21** Dual sheet piles used to limit deflection

The basis for the analysis assumes a water surface elevation of 10 feet and the sheets installed on the creekside edge of the existing levee as shown in Figure 22. To reduce the transmissivity of water through the sheet pile system, the project will install “SwealSeal” by Deneef. This product is installed similar to an industrial caulk product along the length of the sheet pile using a special applicator prior to installation. The Everlast products have a design life of 50 years. A comparison of the pre and post installation is shown in Figure 23.



**Figure 22** Composite sheet installation

The cost associated with this installation is about \$9 million (2022 dollars) as shown in Appendix B. These values are based on actual material prices provided by the manufacturer as of August 2022.





**Figure 23** Artist rendering of the pre and post installation of the composite sheet pile system

Most vendors sell the sheet piles in increments of 2 feet. Unit weights of these features includes:

- EC 26.1 is 6 PLF or 4.1 PSF
- EC 80.5 is 13.4 PLF or 6.7 PSF



Thus, a 26-foot length of the EC 80.5 would weight about 350 lbs. This is too heavy for workers to move thus, equipment would need to be used to bring them into position.

In discussions with Everlast, the composite sheets are resistant to chemicals. They are checking to determine if they have data on chemical leaching. If the sheet was damaged by vandalism, there is the potential to patch it using a similar process to a fiberglass repair.



**RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LEVEE UPGRADE**

As previously presented, we evaluated the TRB, precast concrete, and composite sheet piles to act as a floodwall. We do not believe that the precast concrete wall is feasible at this location. However, both the TRB and composite sheet pile system are viable options. The following table ranks each option on a scale of 1 to 3 with three being the most compliant with the defined goal.

<b>Goal.</b>	<b>TRB</b> \$12.3 MILLION	<b>COMPOSITE SHEET</b> \$9 MILLION
Meets Flood Protection Goal	X	X
Ability to obtain FEMA Funding	X	X
Minimizes Impact to Residents During Construction	X	XXX
Consistent with Environmental Document and Permit	XXX	X
Long Design Life and Low Maintenance Cost	X	XX
Allows Water Access	X	X
Lowest Cost	X	XXX
Limits Seepage	X	XXX
Speed to Construct	X	XXX
<b>SCORE</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>18</b>

In evaluating alternatives, we make the following observations:

1. The TRB maintains the status quo and is repairable using generally available materials and standard construction processes. The composite sheets are not easily repaired if damaged. Replacement of composite sheets requires specialized equipment and trained labor.
2. In discussions with general contractors, composite sheets are their choice to install the floodwall at Santa Venetia. However, as there is no soil backing, they may have excessive deflection requiring heavier sheets. A field evaluation would help to calibrate the anticipated deflection.
3. Composite sheets have minimal maintenance requirements. They require visual inspection to ensure they have not been vandalized.
4. The composite sheet pile system is no wider than 20 inches. The TRB ranges from 2.5 to 3.2 feet in width.
5. Because the vinyl sheet penetrates the ground, effectively cutting off groundwater, homeowners could possibly encroach closer to the wall than the TRB.

We believe that the composite sheet pile offers the District and Santa Venetia community with a flood mitigation solution. However, the limited access presents major challenges. In discussing composite sheet piles with suppliers, contractors, and equipment vendors, we understand there is ongoing innovation. New tools and sheets pile options are coming to market which will help to install these systems in communities such as Santa Venetia. Thus, we recommend testing a segment of the sheet pile wall in a similar configuration as shown in Figure 24 to verify the following:

- 1) The equipment including excavator and hammer best suited for installation given limited access.
- 2) Confirm the maximum length of sheet that could be installed by a small excavator using a top grip hammer.
- 3) Verify the time required to install a sheet using a small vibratory hammer on a small excavator to verify daily production rates to confirm the floodwall could be installed within one construction season.
- 4) Measure the ground vibration associated with installation of the sheets.
- 5) Simulate the water load on the sheet to verify deflection values.

Note that at the six locations where storm and sanitary sewer utilities crossing the levee, these areas would feature a standard timber reinforced berm as the pipelines would conflict with the sheet piles. Each of these would be about 16 feet in length. Finally, it could be beneficial to use the TRB in certain locations where obstruction prevent sheet pile installation equipment.



**Figure 24** Sheet pile field test

## CONSTRUCTION PROCESS

Installation of a floodwall within the area is complicated by limited accessibility due to private homes as well as extensive biological resources along the south fork of Las Gallinas Creek. Thus, selecting a construction method that is quick and minimally invasive is critical. Composite sheet piles are installed using similar tools to those used for steel sheets. Figure 25 illustrates two options to install sheets include a top and side grip vibratory hammers



**Figure 25** Sheet pile installation tools including a top grip on the left and side grip on the right.

The side grip hammer is a relatively new tool with the benefit of being able to grab long sheets and install them without using a large excavator or crane. As the sheet enters the ground, the operator can shift the tool higher on the sheet. We understand that due to numerous articulations possible, these tools require considerable hydraulic fluid flow and pressure only available on larger excavators. However, this is a rapidly evolving tool and new manufacturers are coming to market within the next year. We understand that several new tools will be presented at the Bauma 2022 trade show in Munich Germany in late October.

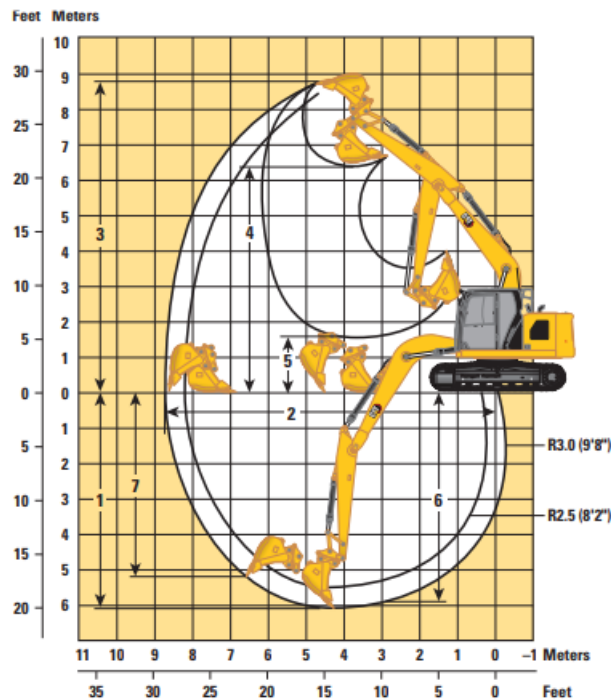
Currently, we were only able to find top grip hammers available in the San Francisco Bay Area. The length of sheet pile able to be installed by these tools is limited by the excavator's reach. Given the site restrictions at Santa Venetia, the excavator's width needs to be less than 10 feet. If we selected a Caterpillar model 313 (15-ton class) as shown in Figure 26, it has a width of a little over 8 feet and a maximum reach of about



**Figure 26** Caterpillar Model 313

about 100 feet.

21 feet as shown in Figure 27. In comparison, the Caterpillar model 308 (10-ton class) has a width of about 7.5 feet with a maximum reach of about 17 feet.



Boom Option	Reach Boom 4.65 m (15'3")			
	Stick Options			
	R2.5 (8'2")		R3.0 (9'10")	
	1 Maximum Digging Depth	5540 mm	18'2"	6040 mm
2 Maximum Reach at Ground Line	8190 mm	26'10"	8660 mm	28'5"
3 Maximum Cutting Height	8560 mm	28'1"	8830 mm	29'0"
4 Maximum Loading Height	6150 mm	20'2"	6420 mm	21'1"
5 Minimum Loading Height	2080 mm	6'10"	1600 mm	5'3"
6 Maximum Depth Cut for 2440 mm (8'0") Level Bottom	5330 mm	17'6"	5860 mm	19'3"
7 Maximum Vertical Wall Digging Depth	4760 mm	15'7"	5190 mm	17'0"
Minimum Working Equipment Radius	2430 mm	8'0"	2570 mm	8'5"
Bucket Digging Force (ISO)	98.45 kN	22,130 lbf	98.67 kN	22,180 lbf
Stick Digging Force (ISO)	66.68 kN	14,990 lbf	59.29 kN	13,330 lbf
Bucket Type	GD		GD	
Bucket Capacity	0.68 m <sup>3</sup>	0.89 yd <sup>3</sup>	0.68 m <sup>3</sup>	0.89 yd <sup>3</sup>
Bucket Tip Radius	1240 mm	4'1"	1240 mm	4'1"

**Figure 27** Range of Motion for a Caterpillar 313 Excavator

Using the Caterpillar 313 excavator and a top grip hammer, sheets less than 18 feet in length could potentially be installed depending on the hammer model. However, sheets in excess of this length would require pre-drilling of a hold to place the sheet to a depth where the excavator could grab it.

Moving materials in and out of the work area is extremely limited. Figure 28 illustrates a location near 807 Vendola Drive. Access from the street to the existing TRB is wide and is not blocked by landscaping, fences, or other amenities. As these are few along the levee, we recommend considering allowing some form of waterside access. As shown in

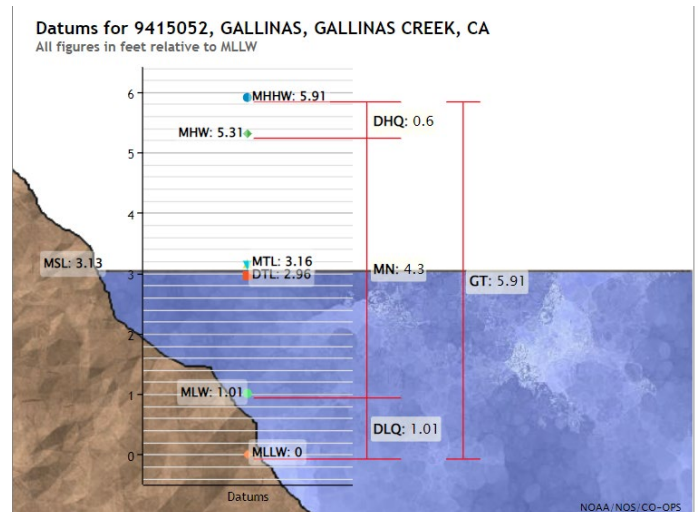


Figure 28, when the tide is at an elevation of 1-foot NAVD88 (May 17, 2022 at 11 AM), the water is about 150 feet from the existing TRB. However, as the tide rises, there are opportunities to gain access using a shallow draft barge as shown in Figure 30.



**Figure 28** Land and water access to the work area

The contractor could use a modular barge such as those fabricated by Flexifloat to move materials to and from the shoreline. The Flexifloat could be loaded from the fairgrounds located upstream of Las Gallinas Creek as shown in Figure 31. This approach could only be used at higher tides potentially requiring work at night. Figure 29 illustrates tidal conditions at the site in reference to MLLW, which is close to NAVD 88. We need to assess the depth of Las Gallinas Creek to confirm the feasibility of this option. Finally, work within the creek would require approval by various Federal and State agencies.



**Figure 29** Tidal Data Near Las Gallinas Creek





**Figure 30** Waterside access equipment



**Figure 31** Waterside Route



**RESTORATION**

Upon completion of the levee installation, the District would offer to install side fences with gates to replace those removed to facilitate construction. In addition, the District would offer to install a staircase crossing the floodwall. Both of these features are shown in Figure 32.



Figure 32 Fence and Staircase

The staircase shown above is a typical application that is currently used to cross the TRB. This could be used for the composite sheet pile. Note that the staircase's alignment could be shifted so that it is parallel to the floodwall to prevent encroachment into the property.

In addition, if the property has a storm drainage pipe routed to Las Gallinas Creek, at the discretion of the owner, the District's contractor can reconnect it and route it over the floodwall. Note that this drainage system would require a pump located on the owner's property. All other restoration including, but not limited to, landscaping, patios, decks, docks, structures, and utility systems would be completed through negotiations between the property owner and Marin County's Real Estate Division.

## **Appendix A**

Calculations

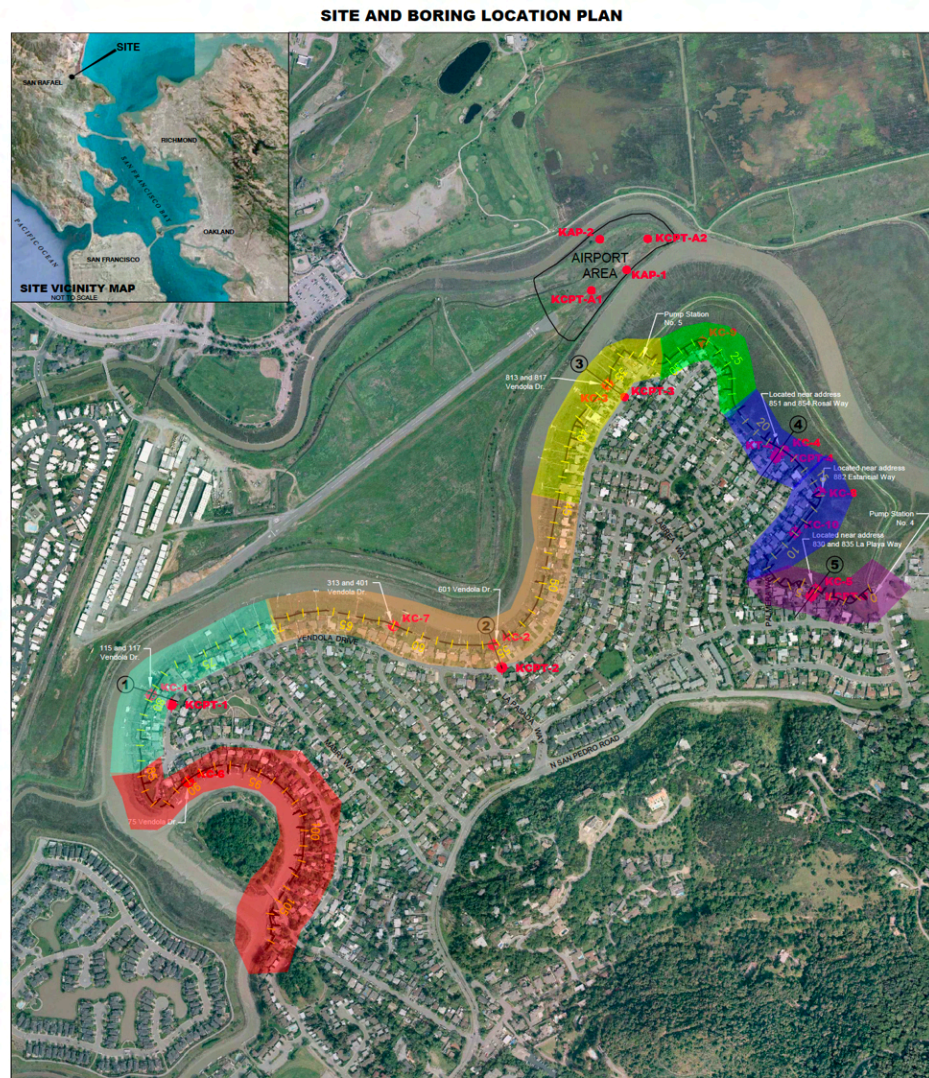




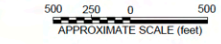
### Project Description

The scope of work is to perform a preliminary evaluation of the feasibility of application of EverLast vinyl sheet piles for the Santa Venetia flood control project.

### Site Location and Project Limits



- LEGEND**
- ① — PROPOSED INVESTIGATION SECTIONS
  - PROPOSED BORINGS
  - ◆ KC-1 LEVEE CROWN BORINGS
  - ▲ KT-4 LEVEE TOE BORING/OBSERVATION WELL
  - ◆ KCPT-1 CONE PENETRATION TEST (CPT)
  - KAP-1 AIRPORT BORING
  - KCPT-A1 AIRPORT CPT

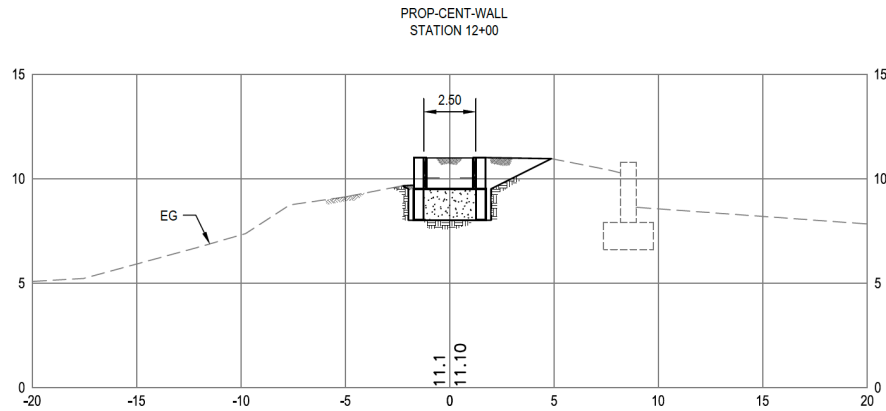


LAS GALLINAS LEVEE INVESTIGATION  
GEOTECHNICAL DATA REPORT  
SAN RAFAEL, CALIFORNIA

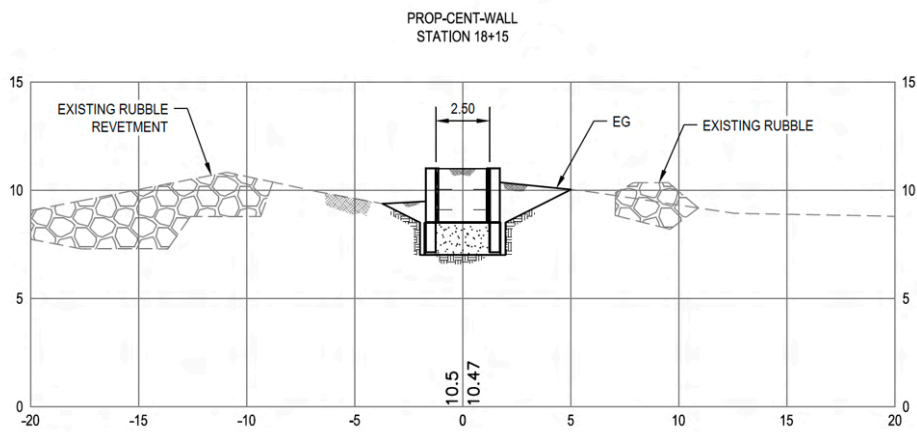
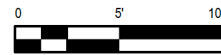


### Cross-Sections

The existing cross sections were taken from a set of plans dated October 2021 titled 'Marin County Flood Control and Water Conservation District, Santa Venetia Levee Upgrade, Design Sections' for a different alternative system. These are used to model the new sheet pile wall locations and loading conditions.



**A** SECTION - STA 12+00 - 7 VENDOLA DRIVE  
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'



**B** SECTION - STA 18+15 - 35 VENDOLA DRIVE  
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'

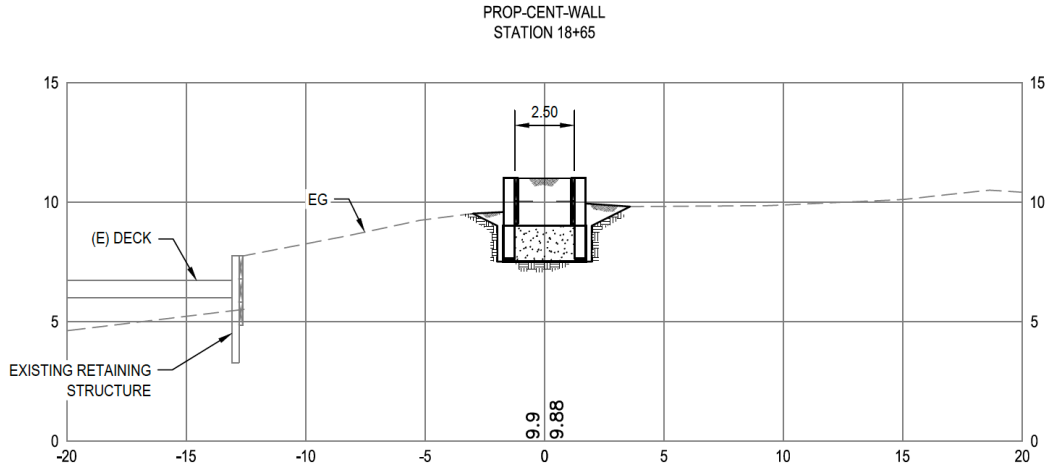




Calculation Sheet

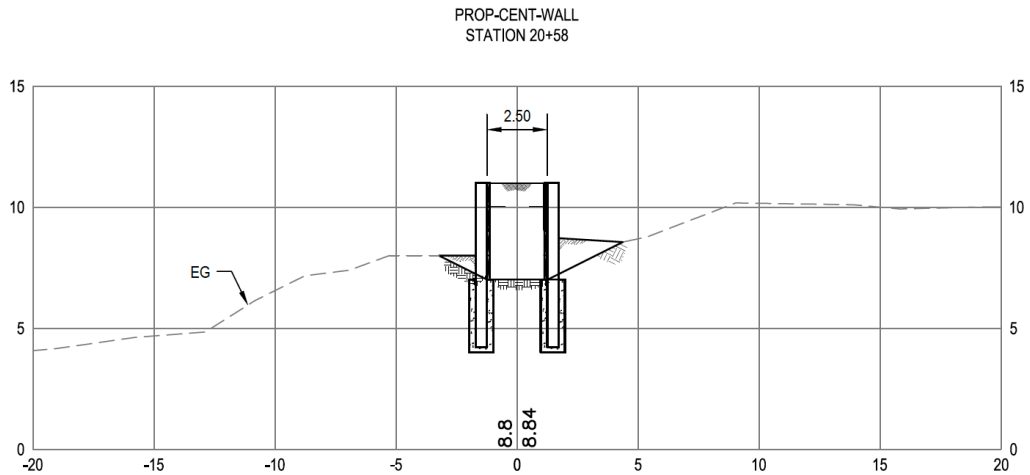
Subject: **Prelim. Structural Calculations**  
Project Name: **Flood Wall**  
Project Location: **Santa Venetia, Marin County, CA**

Project No.: **1511-4222S**  
By: DA Checked By: DA  
Page 3 of 36  
Date: **August 18, 2022**



**C SECTION - STA 18+65 - 37 VENDOLA DRIVE**

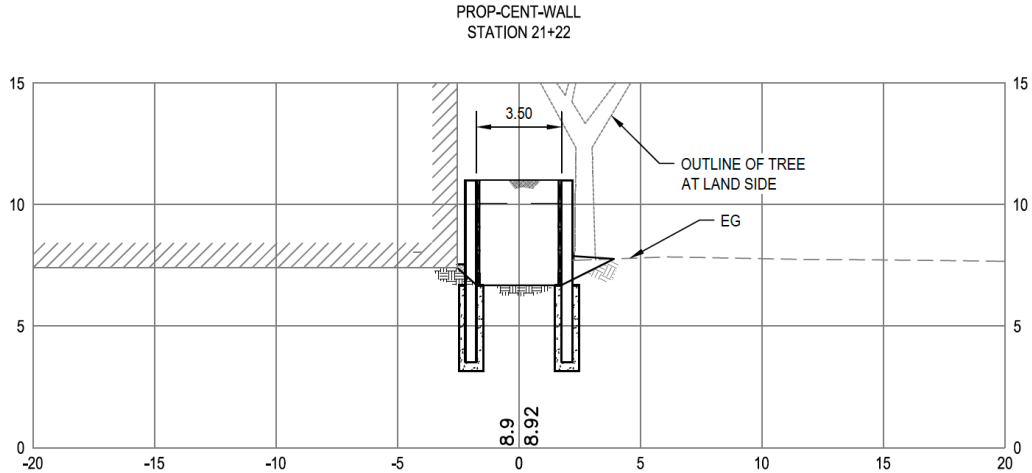
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**D SECTION - STA 20+58 - 53 VENDOLA DRIVE**

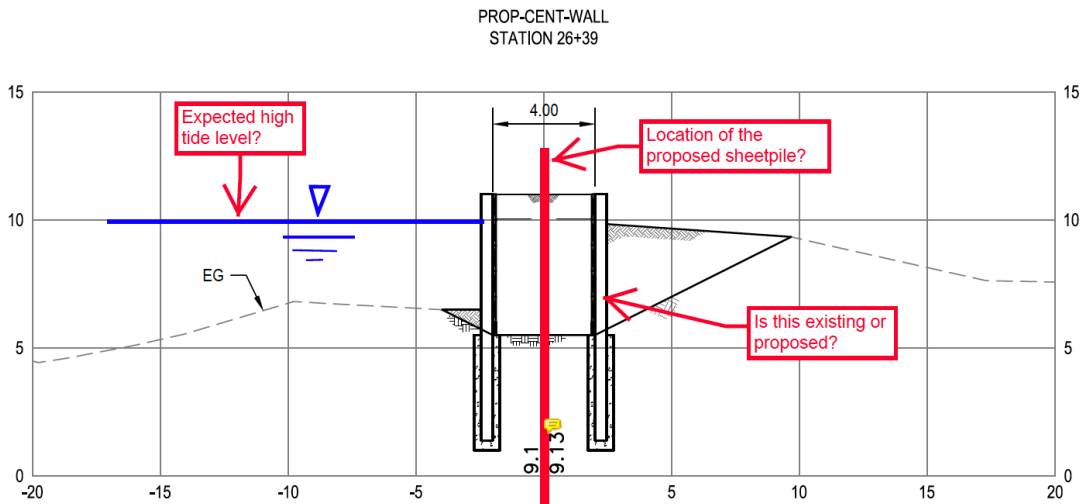
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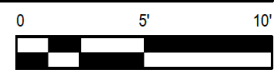
**E** SECTION - STA 21+22 - 55 VENDOLA DRIVE

SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'

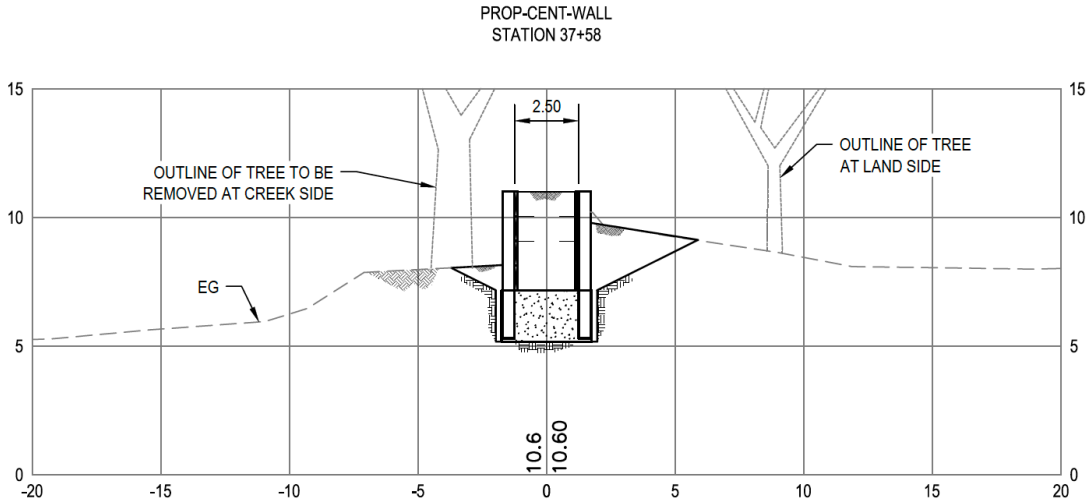


**F** SECTION - STA 26+39 - 75 VENDOLA DRIVE

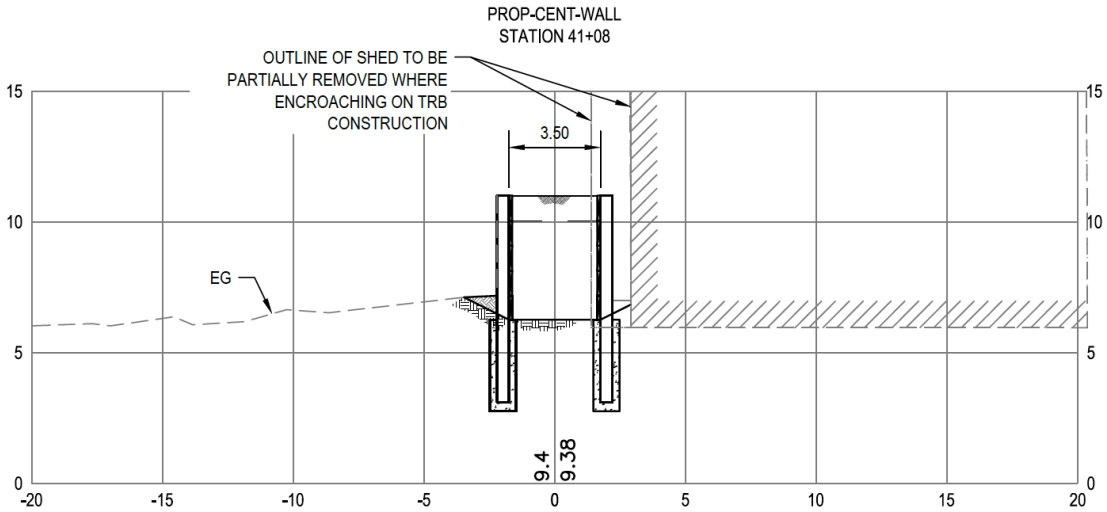
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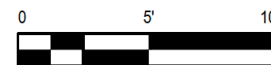




**G** SECTION - STA 37+58 - 119 VENDOLA DRIVE  
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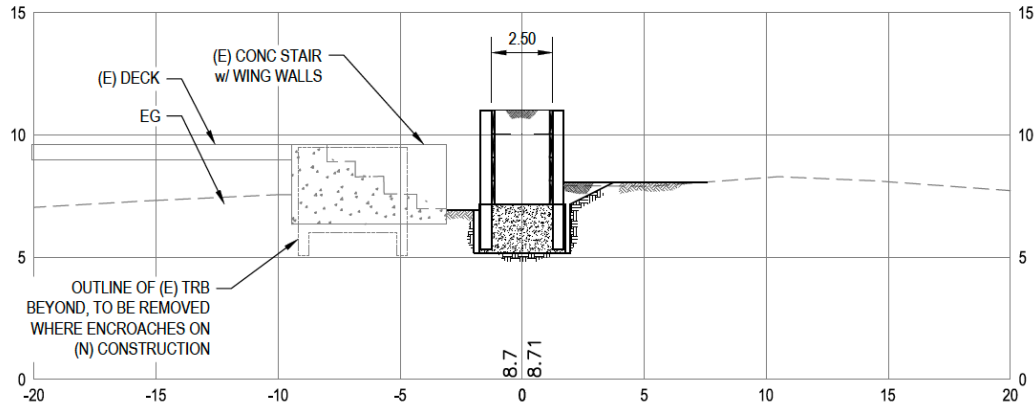


**H** SECTION - STA 41+08 - 127 VENDOLA DRIVE  
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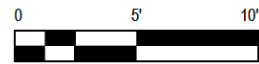




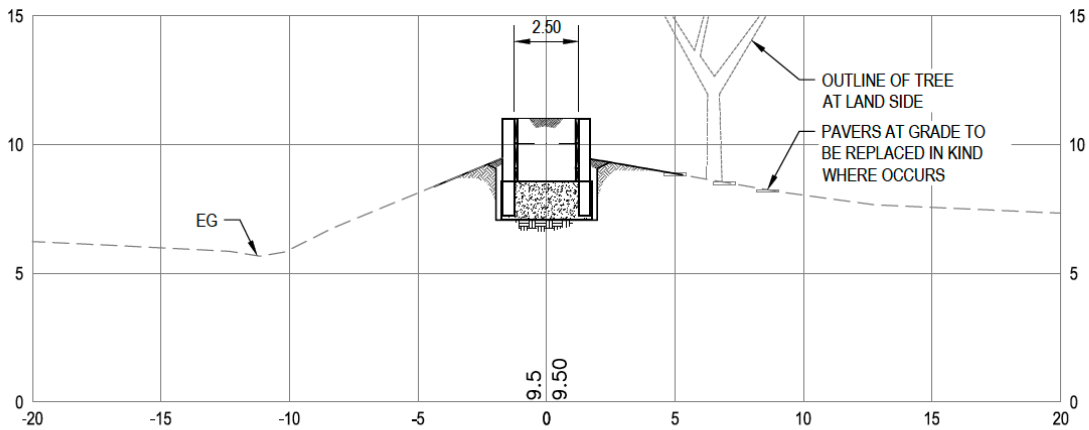
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STATION 41+79



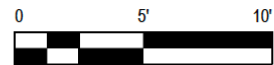
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SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'

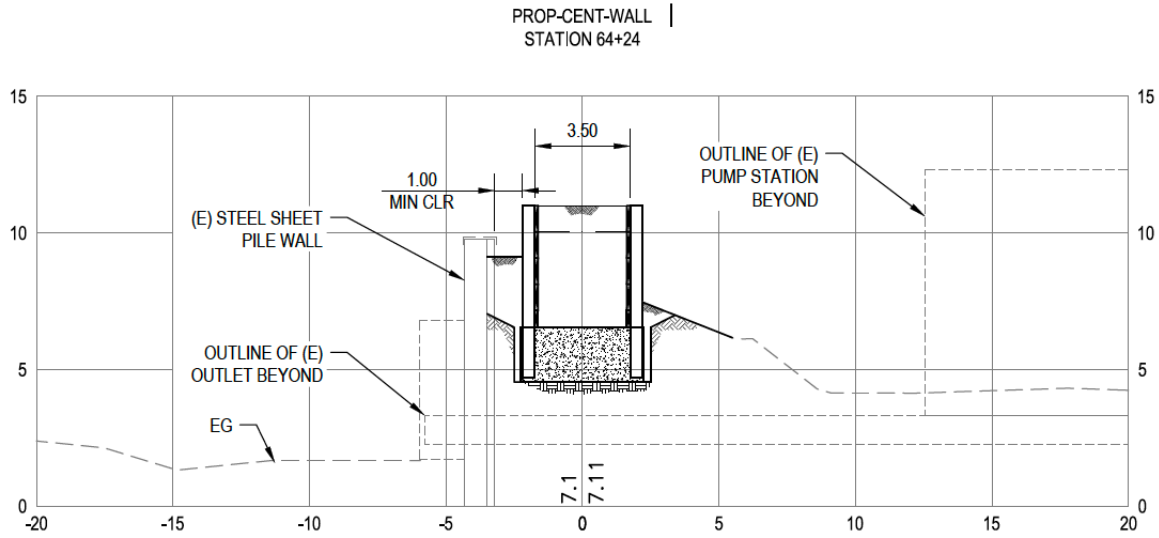


PROP-CENT-WALL  
STATION 46+00

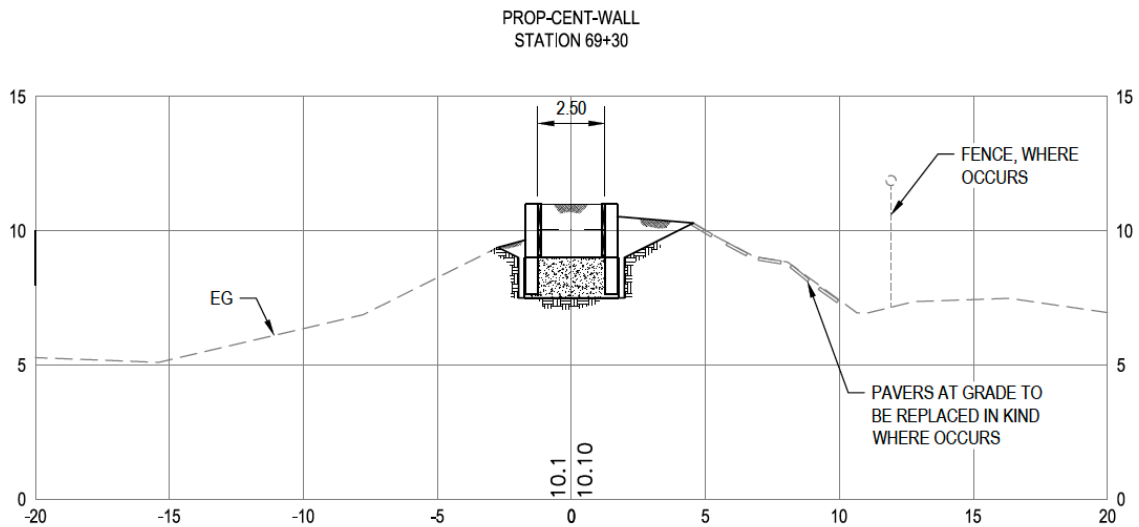
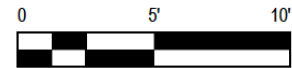


**B** SECTION - STA 46+00 - 205 VENDOLA DRIVE  
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'

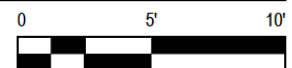




**C** SECTION - STA 64+24 - 609 VENDOLA DRIVE  
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'

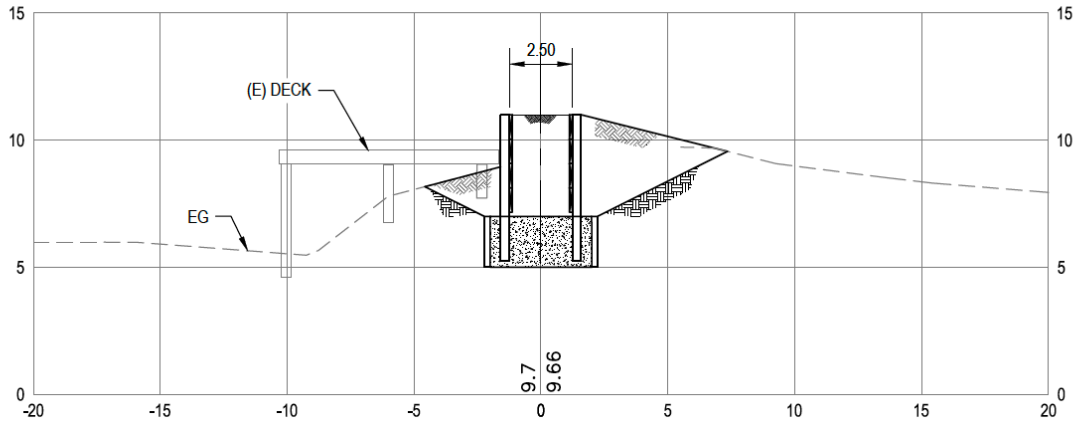


**D** SECTION - STA 69+30 - 629 VENDOLA DRIVE  
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'





PROP-CENT-WALL  
STATION 76+50



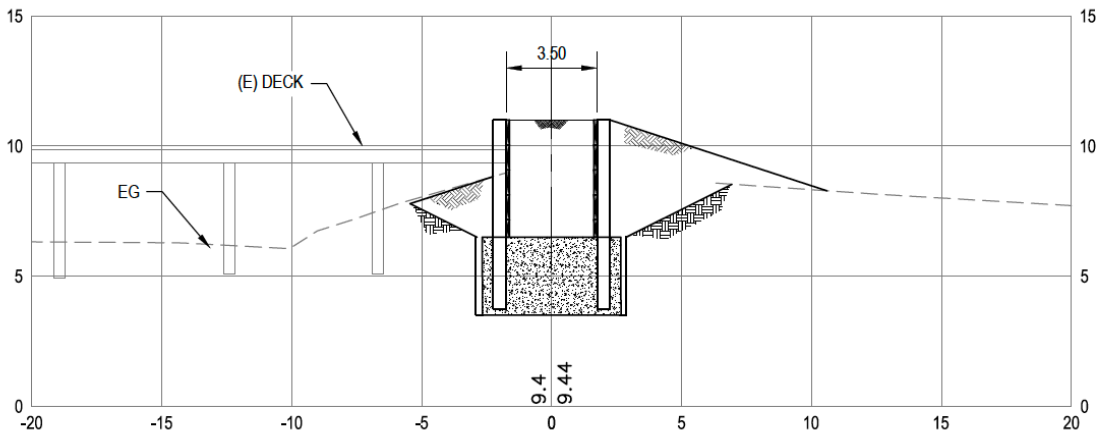
**E**

**SECTION - STA 76+50 - 803 VENDOLA DRIVE**

SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'



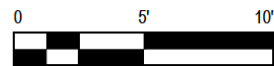
PROP-CENT-WALL  
STATION 82+40



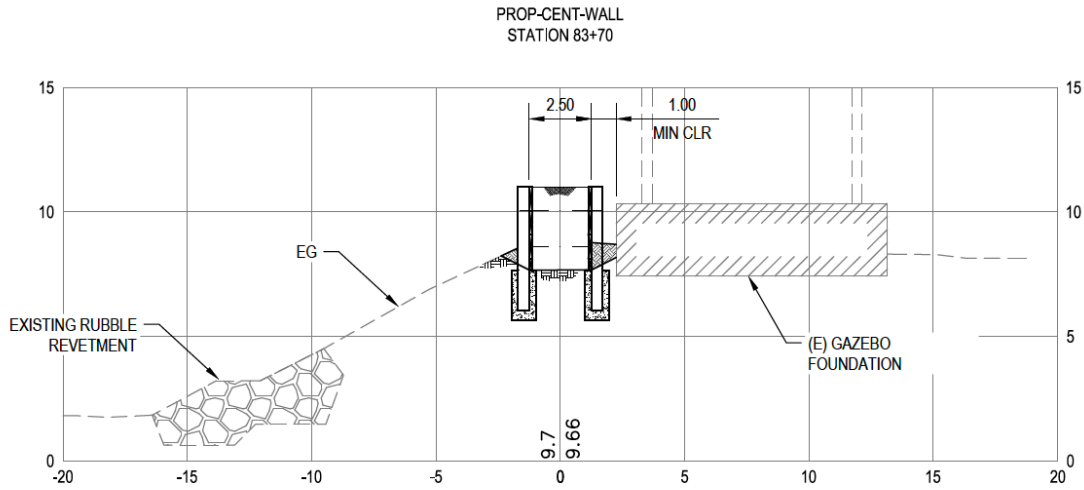
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**SECTION - STA 82+40 - 825 VENDOLA DRIVE**

SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'



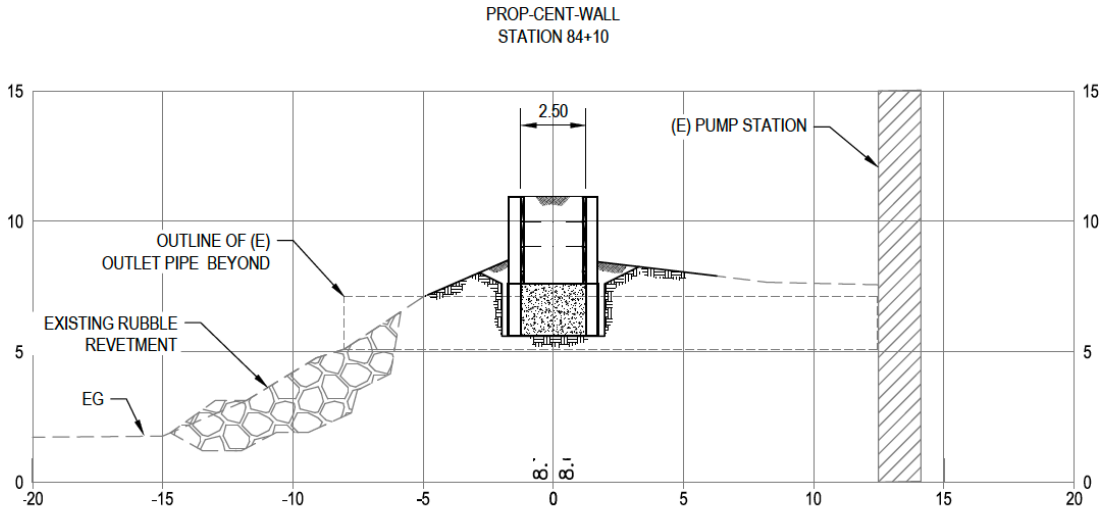




**G**

**SECTION - STA 83+70 - 825 VENDOLA DRIVE**

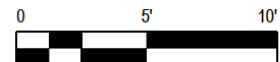
SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'



**H**

**SECTION - STA 84+10.00**

SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'





**Geotechnical Conditions and Parameters**

The subsurface conditions investigated by Kleinfelder were evaluated by Engeo and the following information was extracted by Engeo for preliminary design of the sheet pile flood control wall.

**Stations: 85+00 to 108+00**

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged](pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp			
3	Levee Material	7.5	0.9	120	57.6	120	0.26	3.9	8.4		0.9
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

**Stations: 70+00 to 85+00**

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged](pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp			
3	Levee Material	7.5	0.9	110	47.6	110	0.31	3.3	8.4		0.9
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

**Stations: 44+50 to 70+00**

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged](pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp			
3	Levee Material	10.5	-3.2	110	47.6	47.6	0.36	2.8	7.3		5.3
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			



Calculation Sheet

Subject: **Prelim. Structural Calculations**  
 Project Name: **Flood Wall**  
 Project Location: **Santa Venetia, Marin County, CA**

Project No.: **1511-4222S**  
 By: DA Checked By: DA  
 Page 11 of 36  
 Date: **August 18, 2022**

Stations: 30+50 to 44+50

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged] (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp		5	
3	Levee Material (Above GWT)	5	0.5	110	47.6	110	0.32	3.1	5.5		0.5
4	Levee Material (Below GWT)	17	-11.5	110	47.6	47.6	0.35	2.9			
5	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

Stations: 22+00 to 30+50

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged] (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp		7.5	
3	Levee Material	7.5	1.9	125	62.6	120	0.26	3.9	9.4		1.9
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

Stations: 7+50 to 22+00

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged] (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp		4.5	
3	Levee Material	4.5	4.1	110	47.6	110	0.33	3.0	8.6		4.1
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			



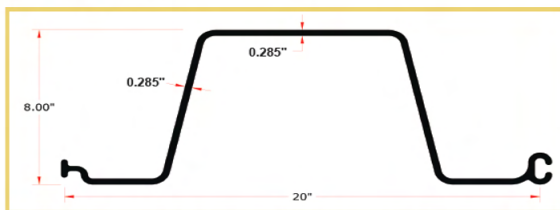
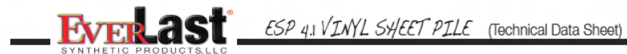


**Stations: 5+00 to 7+50**

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged](pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth 7.5	Ground water Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp			
3	Levee Material	7.5	0.9	120	57.6	120	0.26	3.9	8.4		0.9
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

**EverLastSheet Pile Information**

Structural properties of different shapes of the system are as follows.



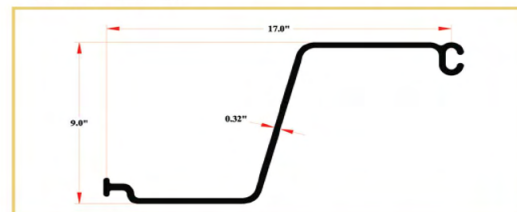
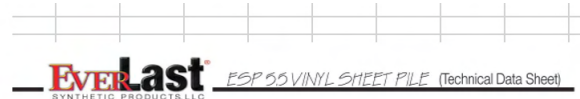
Strength Rating (M)	Lbs-Ft/Ft	4,103	Modulus of Elasticity (E)	psi	380,000
Allowable Shear (V)	Lbs/Ft	3,285	Co-Extruded		Yes
Thickness (t)	inches	0.285	Section Depth	inches	8
Section Modulus (Z)	in <sup>3</sup> /ft	14.9	Section Width	inches	20
Moment of Inertia (I)	in <sup>4</sup> /ft	59.7	UV Stabilized		Yes
Ultimate Tensile Stress	psi	6,300	Standard Packaging	sheets/bundle	20 & 10
Creep Limited stress	psi	4,000			



*This Alabama development features a Navy-style bulkhead construction with the EverLast 4.1 Series.*



The values shown are nominal and may vary. The information found in this document is believed to be true and accurate. No warranties of any kind are made as to the suitability of ESP sheet piling for particular applications or results obtained therefrom. Consult with a professional engineer and/or contractor as to the suitability of this product for your particular application.



Strength Rating (M)	Lbs-Ft/Ft	5,197	Modulus of Elasticity (E)	psi	380,000
Allowable Shear (V)	Lbs/Ft	2,528	Co-Extruded		Yes
Thickness (t)	inches	0.32	Section Depth	inches	9
Section Modulus (Z)	in <sup>3</sup> /ft	18.9	Section Width	inches	17
Moment of Inertia (I)	in <sup>4</sup> /ft	84.9	UV Stabilized		Yes
Ultimate Tensile Stress	psi	6,300	Standard Packaging	sheets/bundle	12 & 6
Creep Limited stress	psi	4,000			



*The EverLast 5.5 is a versatile, mid-range part that is at home in both private and commercial applications.*



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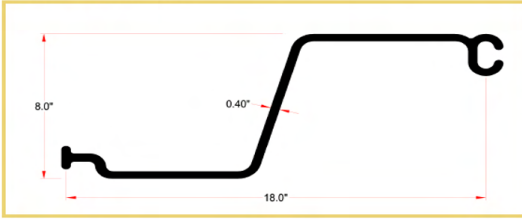


Calculation Sheet

Subject: **Prelim. Structural Calculations**  
 Project Name: **Flood Wall**  
 Project Location: **Santa Venetia, Marin County, CA**

Project No.: **1511-4222S**  
 By: DA Checked By: DA  
 Page 13 of 36  
 Date: **August 18, 2022**

**EVERlast** ESP 6.5 VINYL SHEET PILE (Technical Data Sheet)  
 SYNTHETIC PRODUCTS,LLC



Strength Rating (M)	Lbs-Ft/Ft	5,481	Modulus of Elasticity (E)	psi	380,000
Allowable Shear (V)	Lbs/Ft	2,518	Co-Extruded		Yes
Thickness (t)	inches	0.40	Section Depth	inches	8
Section Modulus (Z)	in <sup>3</sup> /ft	19.9	Section Width	inches	18
Moment of Inertia (I)	in <sup>4</sup> /ft	79.6	UV Stabilized		Yes
Ultimate Tensile Stress	psi	6,300	Standard		12
Creep Limited stress	psi	4,000	Packaging		6

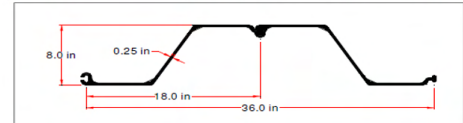


Everlast 6.5 was chosen to protect this Pensacola property & replace a failed wooden wall that was destroyed by marine borers.

The values shown are nominal and may vary. The information found in this document is believed to be true and accurate. No warranties of any kind are made as to the suitability of ESP sheet piling for particular applications or results obtained therefrom. Consult with a professional engineer and/or contractor as to the suitability of this product for your particular application.

**EverComp 26.1™ FRP Sheet Pile** Technical Data Sheet

Property	Symbol	Units	Results	ASTM Test Method
<b>AL - Along length of sheet pile</b>				
<b>Flexural Stress:</b>				
Ultimate (AL)	$\sigma_{UL,AL}$	psi	90,000	D 790-03
Recommended Allowable Stress(AL)	$\sigma_{RAL,AL}$	psi	25,000	
Modulus of Elasticity (AL)	$E_{AL}$	psi	3,500,000	D 790-03
Ultimate (AWS)	$\sigma_{UL,AWS}$	psi	29,000	D 790-03
Modulus of Elasticity (AWS)	$E_{AWS}$	psi	1,900,000	D 790-03
Max. Allowable Moment	$M_{MAX}$	ft-lb/ft	27,000	
<b>Tensile Stress:</b>				
Ultimate (AL)	$\sigma_{UL,AL}$	psi	77,000	D 638-03
Recommended Allowable Stress(AL)	$\sigma_{RAL,AL}$	psi	25,000	
Modulus of Elasticity (AL)	$E_{AL}$	psi	5,000,000	D 638-03
Ultimate (AWS)	$\sigma_{UL,AWS}$	psi	9,000	D 638-03
Modulus of Elasticity (AWS)	$E_{AWS}$	psi	3,200,000	D 638-03
<b>Shear Stress:</b>				
Ultimate (AL)	$\tau_{UL,AL}$	psi	5,500	D 3846-02
Recommended Allowable Stress(AL)	$\tau_{RAL,AL}$	psi	2,200	
Ultimate (AWS)	$\tau_{UL,AWS}$	psi	5,400	D 3846-02

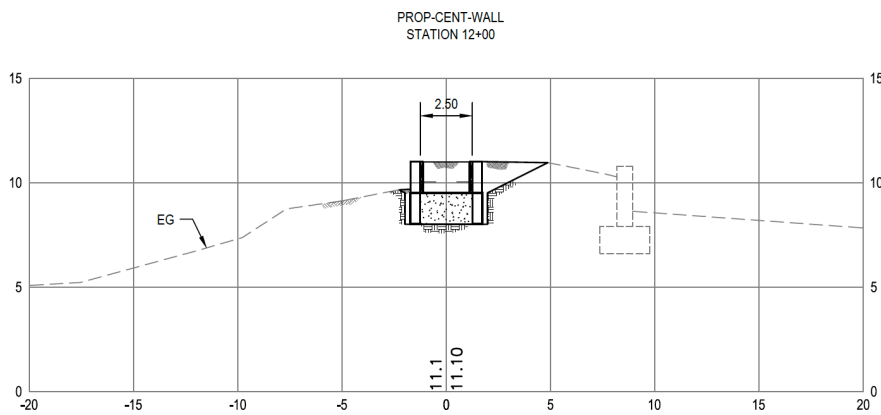


Properties of Sheet Pile:				
Width	W	inches	18	
Depth	D	inches	8	
Thickness	t	inches	0.25	
Section Modulus	Z	in <sup>3</sup> /ft	19	
Moment of Inertia	I	in <sup>4</sup> /ft	52	
Radius of Gyration (pair)	r	inches	3.29	
Area of Web	A <sub>w</sub>	in <sup>2</sup>	2.3	

**Analysis**

For a preliminary analysis and evaluation of the above system, we have used the SPW911 software developed by PileBuck Industries. Analysis was performed using the following sections.

**Section A**



**A SECTION - STA 12+00 - 7 VENDOLA DRIVE**  
 SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'



Soil profile established for the following segment of the project were adopted for our analysis.

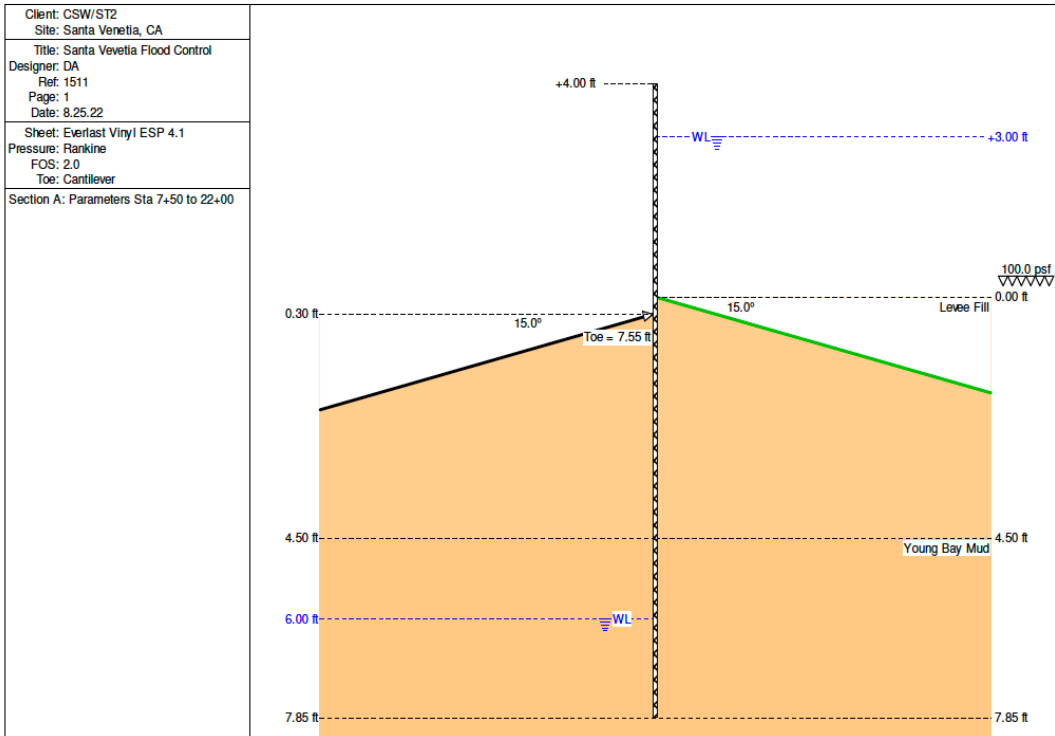
Stations: 7+50 to 22+00

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged] (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp		4.5	
3	Levee Material	4.5	4.1	110	47.6	110	0.33	3.0	8.6		4.1
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

**Analysis Results**

*Section A*

Based on our preliminary analysis, the EverLast vinyl sheet pile ESP 4.1, would be adequate for the condition where the ground is saturated, with a 3-ft height of water above downslope grade. The embedment depth of the sheet pile would be 8 feet when the safety factor of 2.0 is specified.





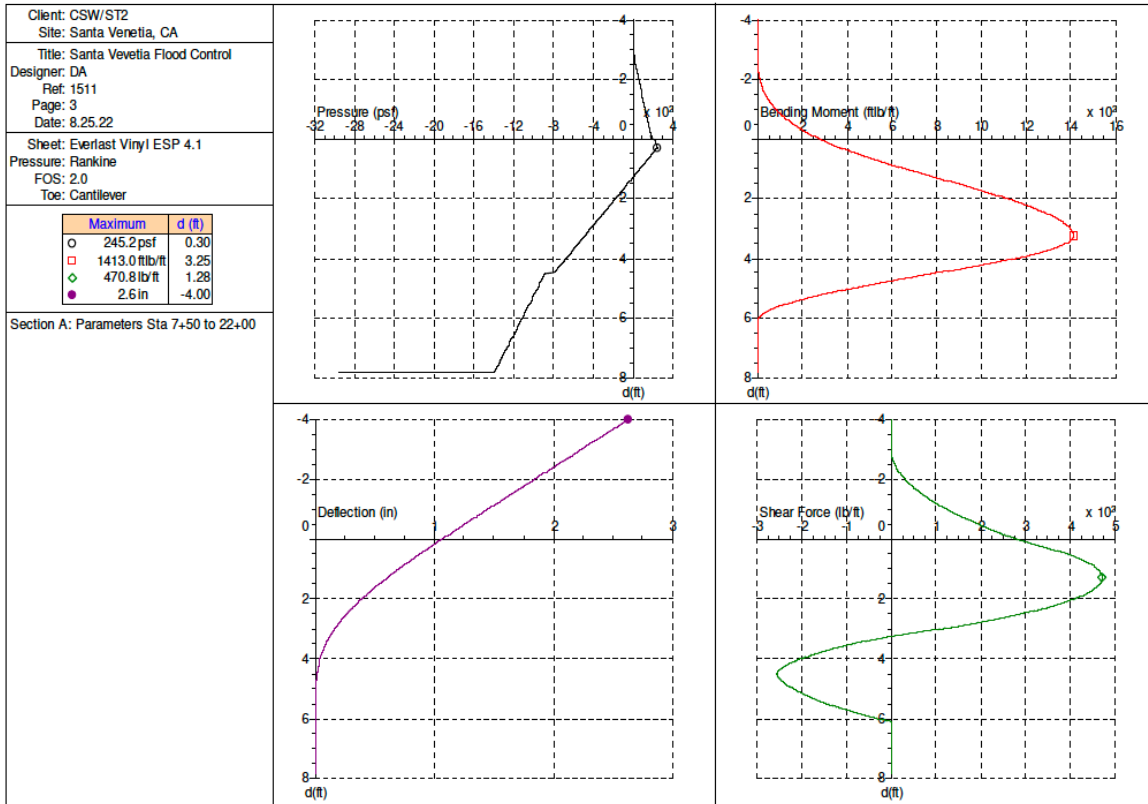


Calculation Sheet

Subject: **Prelim. Structural Calculations**  
 Project Name: **Flood Wall**  
 Project Location: **Santa Venetia, Marin County, CA**

Project No.: **1511-4222S**  
 By: DA Checked By: DA  
 Page 15 of 36  
 Date: **August 18, 2022**

Client: CSW/ST2 Site: Santa Venetia, CA Title: Santa Venetia Flood Control Designer: DA Ref: 1511 Page: 2 Date: 8.25.22 Sheet: Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1 Pressure: Rankine FOS: 2.0 Toe: Cantilever Section A: Parameters Sta 7+50 to 22+00	<b>Input Data</b>																																																	
	Depth Of Excavation = 0.30 ft    Depth Of Active Water = +3.00 ft Surcharge = 100.0 psf    Depth Of Passive Water = 6.00 ft Slope (active) = -15.0 degrees    Slope (passive) = 15.0 degrees	Water Density = 62.43 pcf Minimum Fluid Density = 31.82 pcf																																																
<b>Soil Profile</b> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Depth (ft)</th> <th>Soil Name</th> <th><math>\gamma</math> (pcf)</th> <th><math>\gamma'</math> (pcf)</th> <th>C (psf)</th> <th><math>C_u</math> (psf)</th> <th><math>\phi</math> (°)</th> <th><math>\delta</math> (°)</th> <th><math>K_a</math></th> <th><math>K_{ac}</math></th> <th><math>K_p</math></th> <th><math>K_{pc}</math></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.00</td> <td>Levee Fill</td> <td>110.00</td> <td>62.37</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>30.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.33</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>3.00</td> <td>0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.50</td> <td>Young Bay Mud</td> <td>90.00</td> <td>27.60</td> <td>100.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.42</td> <td>0.42</td> <td>2.40</td> <td>2.40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>18.00</td> <td>River Mud</td> <td>109.46</td> <td>62.37</td> <td>104.4</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>5.0</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.84</td> <td>1.83</td> <td>1.19</td> <td>2.18</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Depth (ft)	Soil Name	$\gamma$ (pcf)	$\gamma'$ (pcf)	C (psf)	$C_u$ (psf)	$\phi$ (°)	$\delta$ (°)	$K_a$	$K_{ac}$	$K_p$	$K_{pc}$	0.00	Levee Fill	110.00	62.37	0.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.33	0.00	3.00	0.00	4.50	Young Bay Mud	90.00	27.60	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.42	2.40	2.40	18.00	River Mud	109.46	62.37	104.4	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.84	1.83	1.19	2.18
Depth (ft)	Soil Name	$\gamma$ (pcf)	$\gamma'$ (pcf)	C (psf)	$C_u$ (psf)	$\phi$ (°)	$\delta$ (°)	$K_a$	$K_{ac}$	$K_p$	$K_{pc}$																																							
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4.50	Young Bay Mud	90.00	27.60	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.42	2.40	2.40																																							
18.00	River Mud	109.46	62.37	104.4	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.84	1.83	1.19	2.18																																							
<b>Solution</b>																																																		
<b>Sheet</b> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Sheet Name</th> <th>I (in<sup>4</sup>/ft)</th> <th>E (psi)</th> <th>Z (in<sup>3</sup>/ft)</th> <th>f (psi)</th> <th>Maximum Bending Moment (ftlb/ft)</th> <th>Upstand (ft)</th> <th>Toe (ft)</th> <th>Pile Length (ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1</td> <td>59.70</td> <td>3.8E+05</td> <td>14.90</td> <td>6300.0</td> <td>7822.4</td> <td>4.00</td> <td>7.55</td> <td>11.85</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Sheet Name	I (in <sup>4</sup> /ft)	E (psi)	Z (in <sup>3</sup> /ft)	f (psi)	Maximum Bending Moment (ftlb/ft)	Upstand (ft)	Toe (ft)	Pile Length (ft)	Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1	59.70	3.8E+05	14.90	6300.0	7822.4	4.00	7.55	11.85																														
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<b>Maxima</b> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Maximum</th> <th>Depth</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Bending Moment</td> <td>1413.0 ftlb/ft</td> <td>3.25 ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Deflection</td> <td>2.6 in</td> <td>-4.00 ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pressure</td> <td>245.2 psf</td> <td>0.30 ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Shear Force</td> <td>470.8 lb/ft</td> <td>1.28 ft</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Maximum	Depth	Bending Moment	1413.0 ftlb/ft	3.25 ft	Deflection	2.6 in	-4.00 ft	Pressure	245.2 psf	0.30 ft	Shear Force	470.8 lb/ft	1.28 ft																																	
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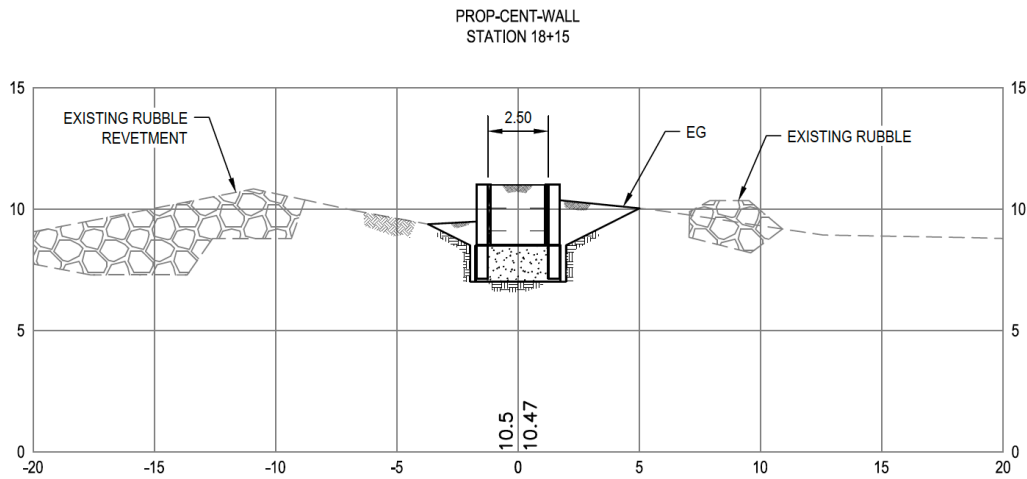
Calculation Sheet

Subject: **Prelim. Structural Calculations**  
 Project Name: **Flood Wall**  
 Project Location: **Santa Venetia, Marin County, CA**

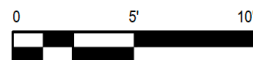
Project No.: **1511-4222S**  
 By: DA Checked By: DA  
 Page 16 of 36  
 Date: **August 18, 2022**

Client: CSW/ST2 Site: Santa Venetia, CA		depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)
Title: Santa Venetia Flood Control		0.00	220.3	280.7	1.1	282.7	2.64	-334.3	1333.2	0.2	246.1	5.28	-1000.8	256.0	0.0	-182.7
Designer: DA		0.07	226.5	300.7	1.0	298.2	2.71	-351.4	1349.5	0.2	222.5	5.35	-1011.4	218.5	0.0	-171.5
Ref: 1511		0.14	232.2	321.7	1.0	314.1	2.78	-368.5	1364.1	0.2	197.7	5.42	-1022.0	183.4	0.0	-159.6
Page: 4		0.21	237.9	343.8	1.0	330.3	2.85	-385.5	1377.0	0.2	171.8	5.49	-1032.6	150.9	0.0	-146.9
Date: 8.25.22		0.28	243.7	367.0	1.0	347.0	2.92	-402.6	1388.0	0.2	144.6	5.56	-1043.2	121.1	0.0	-133.5
Sheet: Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1		0.35	231.4	391.4	0.9	363.5	2.99	-419.7	1397.2	0.2	116.3	5.63	-1053.8	94.3	0.0	-119.4
Pressure: Rankine		0.42	214.3	417.0	0.9	378.9	3.06	-436.8	1404.3	0.2	86.8	5.70	-1064.5	70.4	0.0	-104.5
FOS: 2.0		0.49	197.3	443.5	0.9	393.0	3.13	-453.8	1409.4	0.1	56.1	5.77	-1075.1	49.8	0.0	-89.0
Toe: Cantilever		0.56	180.2	471.0	0.9	406.0	3.20	-470.9	1412.3	0.1	24.2	5.83	-1085.7	32.5	0.0	-72.6
Section A: Parameters Sta 7+50 to 22+00		0.63	163.1	499.3	0.8	417.7	3.26	-488.0	1412.9	0.1	-7.1	5.90	-1097.8	17.1	0.0	-53.1
		0.69	146.1	528.4	0.8	428.3	3.33	-505.0	1409.2	0.1	-31.1	5.97	-1108.4	7.5	0.0	-35.2
		0.76	129.0	558.2	0.8	437.8	3.40	-522.1	1400.6	0.1	-53.9	6.04	-1119.0	1.8	0.0	-16.6
		0.83	111.9	588.6	0.8	446.0	3.47	-539.2	1387.3	0.1	-75.5	6.11	-1129.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.90	94.8	619.5	0.7	453.1	3.54	-556.2	1369.5	0.1	-96.0	6.18	-1140.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.97	77.8	650.9	0.7	459.0	3.61	-573.3	1347.5	0.1	-115.3	6.25	-1150.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.04	60.7	682.7	0.7	463.7	3.68	-590.4	1321.5	0.1	-133.4	6.32	-1161.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.11	43.6	714.8	0.7	467.2	3.75	-607.4	1291.9	0.1	-150.3	6.39	-1172.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.18	26.6	747.0	0.6	469.5	3.82	-624.5	1258.8	0.1	-166.0	6.46	-1182.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.25	9.5	779.4	0.6	470.7	3.89	-644.0	1217.0	0.0	-182.6	6.53	-1193.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.32	-7.6	811.9	0.6	470.7	3.96	-661.1	1177.3	0.0	-195.8	6.60	-1203.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.39	-24.6	844.3	0.6	469.7	4.03	-678.2	1134.9	0.0	-207.8	6.67	-1214.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.46	-41.7	876.6	0.5	467.5	4.10	-695.2	1090.1	0.0	-218.7	6.74	-1225.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.53	-58.8	908.7	0.5	464.1	4.17	-712.3	1043.1	0.0	-228.4	6.81	-1235.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.60	-75.9	940.5	0.5	459.5	4.24	-729.4	994.2	0.0	-236.9	6.88	-1246.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.67	-92.9	972.0	0.5	453.8	4.31	-746.4	943.6	0.0	-244.2	6.95	-1257.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.74	-110.0	1003.1	0.5	446.9	4.38	-763.5	891.6	0.0	-250.3	7.02	-1267.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.81	-127.1	1033.7	0.4	438.8	4.45	-780.6	838.4	0.0	-255.3	7.09	-1278.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.88	-146.6	1067.8	0.4	428.0	4.52	-882.4	784.3	0.0	-257.4	7.15	-1288.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.94	-163.6	1097.0	0.4	417.4	4.58	-894.7	730.3	0.0	-254.2	7.22	-1299.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.01	-180.7	1125.4	0.4	405.6	4.65	-905.3	677.1	0.0	-250.4	7.29	-1310.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.08	-197.8	1153.0	0.4	392.6	4.72	-915.9	624.7	0.0	-245.8	7.36	-1320.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.15	-214.8	1179.7	0.3	378.4	4.79	-926.5	573.4	0.0	-240.5	7.43	-1331.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.22	-231.9	1205.3	0.3	363.1	4.86	-937.1	523.2	0.0	-234.4	7.50	-1341.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.29	-249.0	1229.8	0.3	346.5	4.93	-947.7	474.4	0.0	-227.6	7.57	-1352.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.36	-266.1	1253.2	0.3	328.8	5.00	-958.3	427.1	0.0	-220.1	7.64	-1363.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.43	-283.1	1275.3	0.3	309.9	5.07	-968.9	381.5	0.0	-211.9	7.71	-1373.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.50	-300.2	1296.0	0.3	289.8	5.14	-979.6	337.6	0.0	-202.9	7.78	-1384.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.57	-317.3	1315.4	0.2	268.6	5.21	-990.2	295.7	0.0	-193.1	7.85	-1395.8	0.0	0.0	0.0

**Section B**



**B SECTION - STA 18+15 - 35 VENDOLA DRIVE**  
 SCALE: HORIZ: 1"=5' VERT: 1"=5'





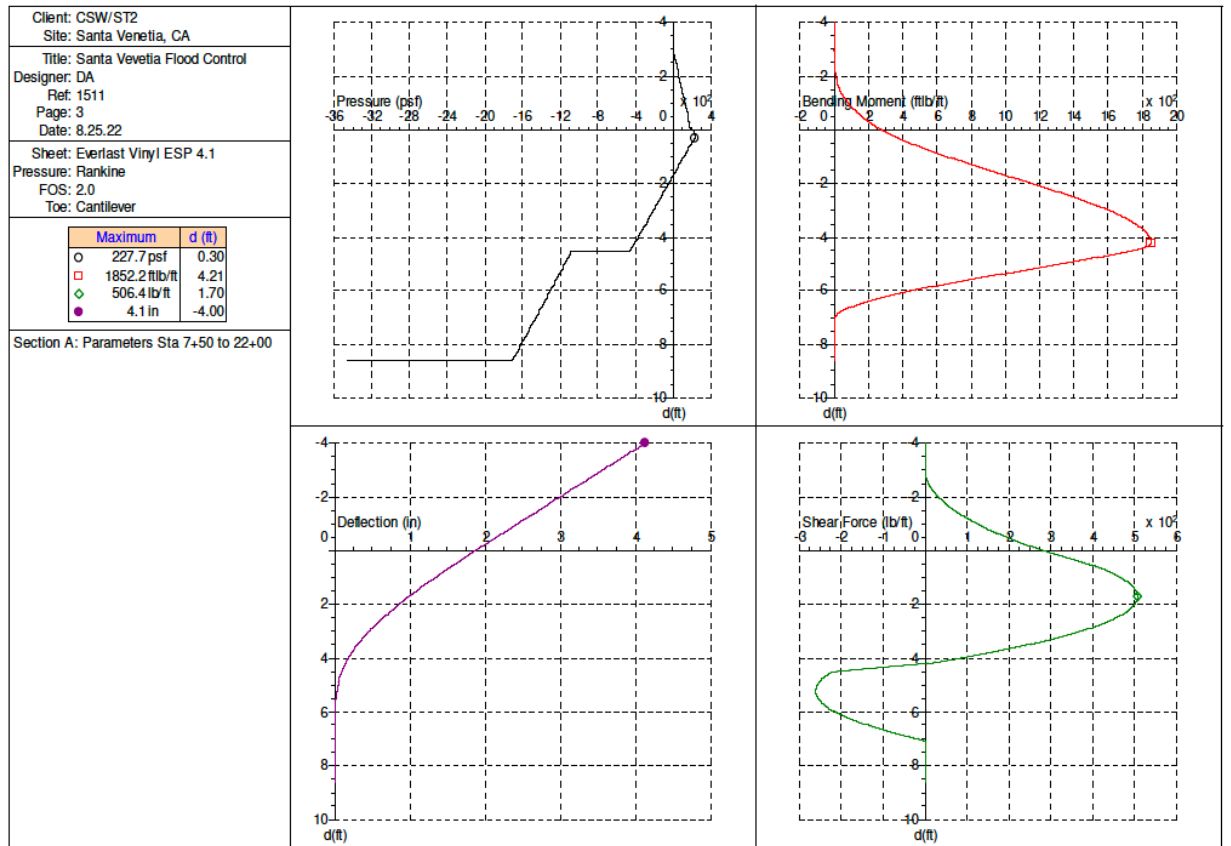


Calculation Sheet

Subject: **Prelim. Structural Calculations**  
 Project Name: **Flood Wall**  
 Project Location: **Santa Venetia, Marin County, CA**

Project No.: **1511-4222S**  
 By: DA Checked By: DA  
 Page 18 of 36  
 Date: **August 18, 2022**

Client: CSW/ST2 Site: Santa Venetia, CA Title: Santa Venetia Flood Control Designer: DA Ref: 1511 Page: 2 Date: 8.25.22 Sheet: Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1 Pressure: Rankine FOS: 2.0 Toe: Cantilever Section A: Parameters Sta 7+50 to 22+00	<b>Input Data</b>										
	Depth Of Excavation = 0.30 ft		Depth Of Active Water = +3.00 ft		Water Density = 62.43 pcf						
	Surcharge = 100.0 psf		Depth Of Passive Water = 0.00 ft		Minimum Fluid Density = 31.82 pcf						
Slope (active) = 5.0 degrees		Slope (passive) = 5.0 degrees									
Soil Profile											
Depth (ft)	Soil Name	$\gamma$ (pcf)	$\gamma'$ (pcf)	C (psf)	$C_a$ (psf)	$\phi$ (°)	$\delta$ (°)	$K_a$	$K_{ac}$	$K_p$	$K_{pc}$
0.00	Levee Fill	110.00	62.37	0.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.34	0.00	2.94	0.00
4.50	Young Bay Mud	90.00	27.60	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.42	2.40	2.40
20.00	River Mud	109.46	62.37	104.4	0.0	5.0	0.0	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00
<b>Solution</b>											
Sheet											
Sheet Name	$I$ (in <sup>4</sup> /ft)	E (psi)	Z (in <sup>3</sup> /ft)	f (psi)	Maximum Bending Moment (ftlb/ft)	Upstand (ft)	Toe (ft)	Pile Length (ft)			
Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1	59.70	3.8E+05	14.90	6300.0	7822.4	4.00	8.32	12.62			
Maxima											
	Maximum	Depth									
Bending Moment	1852.2 ftlb/ft	4.21 ft									
Deflection	4.1 in	-4.00 ft									
Pressure	227.7 psf	0.30 ft									
Shear Force	506.4 lb/ft	1.70 ft									

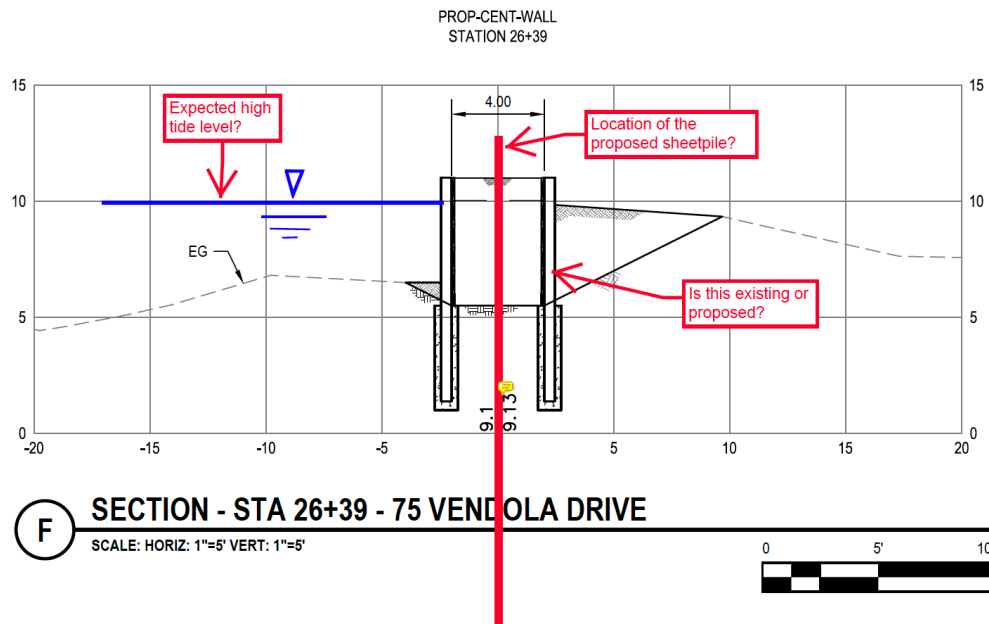






Client: CSW/ST2 Site: Santa Venetia, CA		depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)
Title: Santa Venetia Flood Control		0.00	221.3	279.4	1.9	281.8	2.90	-195.3	1567.9	0.5	389.9	5.80	-1274.3	611.9	0.0	-234.9
Designer: DA		0.08	222.9	300.6	1.8	298.2	2.97	-207.2	1596.0	0.5	375.2	5.87	-1285.6	552.2	0.0	-227.9
Ref: 1511		0.15	224.5	323.0	1.8	314.7	3.05	-219.1	1623.1	0.4	359.5	5.95	-1298.6	486.4	0.0	-218.9
Page: 4		0.23	226.3	350.0	1.7	333.6	3.13	-231.1	1648.9	0.4	343.0	6.02	-1309.9	431.0	0.0	-210.2
Date: 8.25.22		0.31	225.9	375.1	1.7	350.3	3.20	-244.7	1677.0	0.4	323.1	6.10	-1321.2	378.0	0.0	-200.5
Sheet: Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1		0.38	213.9	401.3	1.7	366.5	3.28	-256.6	1700.1	0.4	304.7	6.18	-1332.5	327.6	0.0	-190.1
Pressure: Rankine		0.46	202.0	428.7	1.6	381.7	3.36	-268.6	1721.9	0.3	285.4	6.25	-1345.4	273.4	0.0	-177.2
FOS: 2.0		0.53	188.3	461.3	1.6	398.0	3.43	-280.5	1742.2	0.3	265.3	6.33	-1356.7	229.1	0.0	-164.9
Toe: Cantilever		0.61	176.4	490.9	1.5	411.4	3.51	-294.1	1763.6	0.3	241.2	6.41	-1368.0	188.1	0.0	-151.9
Section A: Parameters Sta 7+50 to 22+00		0.69	164.5	521.5	1.5	423.9	3.58	-306.1	1780.6	0.3	219.2	6.48	-1379.3	150.6	0.0	-138.0
		0.76	152.5	553.0	1.5	435.5	3.66	-318.0	1796.0	0.3	196.3	6.56	-1392.2	112.2	0.0	-121.1
		0.84	138.9	590.0	1.4	447.7	3.74	-329.9	1809.6	0.2	172.5	6.63	-1403.5	82.7	0.0	-105.5
		0.92	127.0	623.1	1.4	457.4	3.81	-343.6	1823.1	0.2	144.2	6.71	-1414.8	57.4	0.0	-89.0
		0.99	115.0	657.0	1.3	466.2	3.89	-355.5	1832.8	0.2	118.6	6.79	-1426.1	36.4	0.0	-71.6
		1.07	103.1	691.5	1.3	474.2	3.97	-367.4	1840.7	0.2	92.0	6.86	-1439.0	18.0	0.0	-50.8
		1.14	89.5	731.5	1.3	482.2	4.04	-379.4	1846.6	0.2	64.6	6.94	-1450.3	7.1	0.0	-31.7
		1.22	77.5	767.1	1.2	488.3	4.12	-393.0	1850.9	0.2	32.2	7.02	-1461.6	1.1	0.0	-11.8
		1.30	65.6	803.1	1.2	493.5	4.19	-405.0	1852.2	0.1	2.9	7.09	-1472.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.37	53.7	839.5	1.1	497.8	4.27	-416.9	1847.8	0.1	-48.8	7.17	-1485.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.45	40.0	881.4	1.1	501.7	4.35	-428.8	1829.0	0.1	-104.9	7.24	-1497.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.53	28.1	918.3	1.1	504.2	4.42	-442.5	1790.1	0.1	-167.9	7.32	-1508.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.60	16.1	955.3	1.0	505.7	4.50	-453.4	1740.9	0.1	-222.1	7.40	-1519.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.68	2.5	997.8	1.0	506.4	4.58	-1087.1	1682.9	0.1	-229.7	7.47	-1532.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.75	-9.4	1035.0	1.0	506.2	4.65	-1098.4	1623.1	0.1	-236.5	7.55	-1543.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.83	-21.4	1072.1	0.9	505.1	4.73	-1111.3	1552.7	0.1	-243.3	7.63	-1555.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.91	-33.3	1109.1	0.9	503.2	4.80	-1122.6	1489.6	0.1	-248.3	7.70	-1566.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
		1.98	-46.9	1151.2	0.9	499.9	4.88	-1133.9	1425.2	0.1	-252.4	7.78	-1579.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.06	-58.9	1187.8	0.8	496.1	4.96	-1145.2	1359.9	0.0	-255.8	7.85	-1590.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.14	-70.8	1224.0	0.8	491.3	5.03	-1158.1	1284.4	0.0	-258.6	7.93	-1602.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.21	-82.7	1259.9	0.8	485.8	5.11	-1169.4	1217.7	0.0	-260.1	8.01	-1613.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.29	-96.4	1300.4	0.7	478.3	5.19	-1180.7	1150.7	0.0	-260.9	8.08	-1626.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.36	-108.3	1335.3	0.7	470.8	5.26	-1192.0	1083.6	0.0	-260.8	8.16	-1637.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.44	-120.2	1369.5	0.7	462.5	5.34	-1204.9	1007.1	0.0	-259.6	8.24	-1648.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.52	-132.2	1403.2	0.6	453.3	5.41	-1216.2	940.5	0.0	-257.8	8.31	-1660.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.59	-145.8	1440.8	0.6	441.6	5.49	-1227.5	874.5	0.0	-255.0	8.39	-1673.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.67	-157.7	1472.9	0.6	430.5	5.57	-1238.8	809.3	0.0	-251.5	8.46	-1684.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.75	-169.7	1504.1	0.5	418.5	5.64	-1251.7	736.0	0.0	-246.4	8.54	-1695.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
		2.82	-181.6	1534.4	0.5	405.7	5.72	-1263.0	673.2	0.0	-241.1	8.62	-1706.9	0.0	0.0	0.0

Section F





Soil profile established for the following segment of the project were adopted for our analysis.

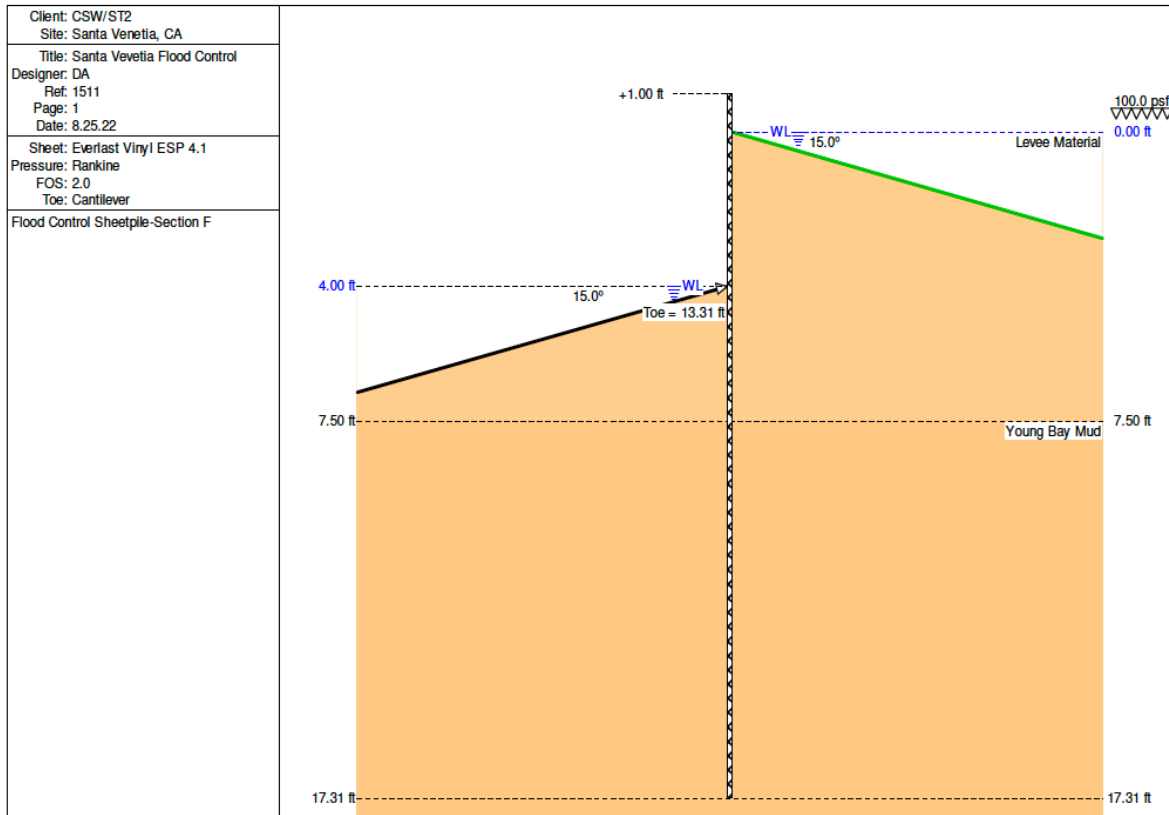
EverComp

Stations: 22+00 to 30+50

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged] (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp		7.5	
3	Levee Material	7.5	1.9	125	62.6	120	0.26	3.9	9.4		1.9
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

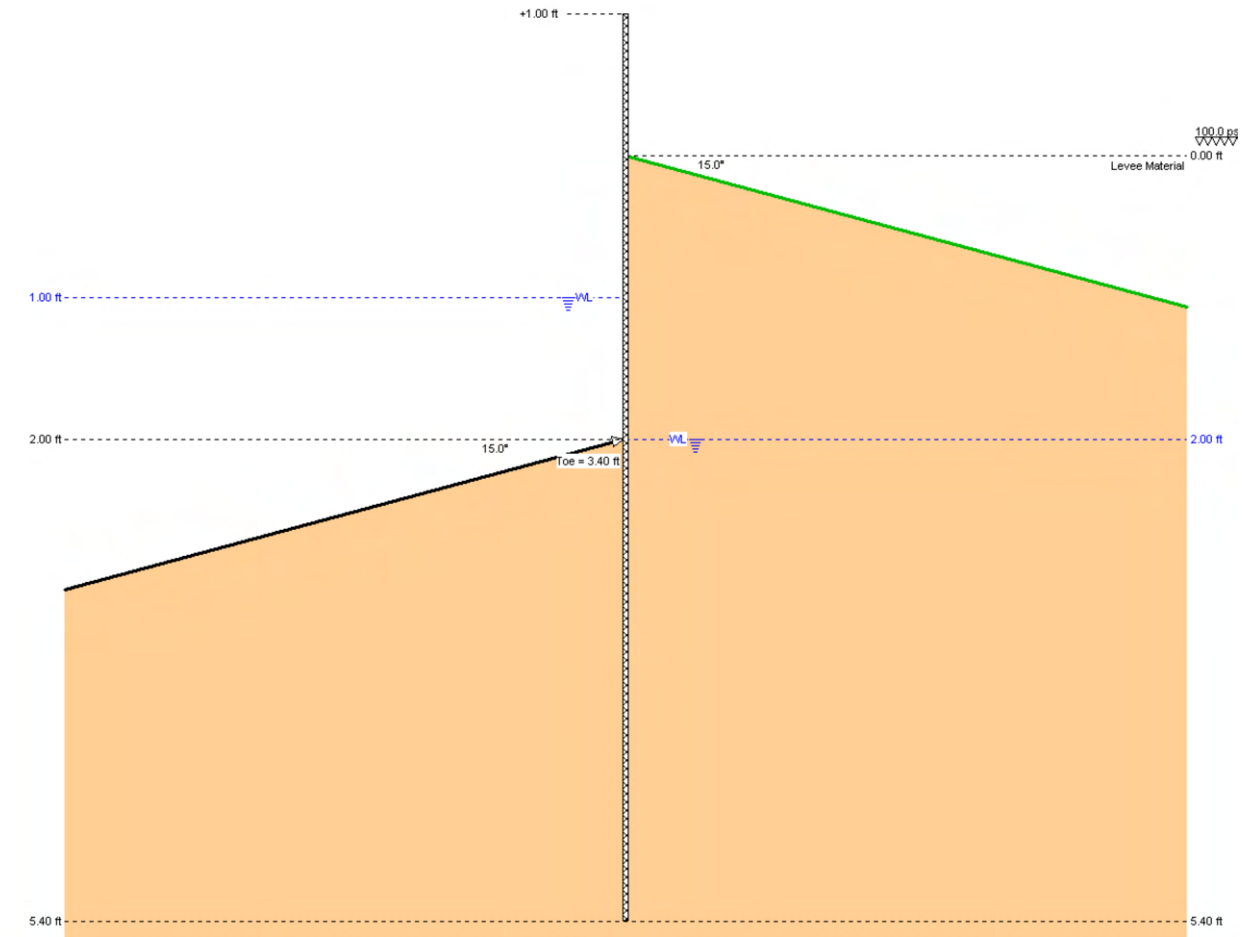
**Analysis Results**

Based on our preliminary analysis, the EverLast vinyl sheet pile ESP 4.1, would be adequate for the condition where the ground is saturated, and the 4-ft retained soil is being supported. In this case the passive water level is at 4-ft below the upslope surface. The embedment depth of the sheet pile would be 17.5 feet when the safety factor of 2.0 is specified.





If the excavation is only 2-ft below the upslope elevation:



Under this condition, the embedment depth is reduced to only 5.5 feet below surface.

### **Young Bay Mud on Both Sides**

If predominantly soft bay mud is controlling the subsurface conditions on both sides of the flood wall, the following parameters would be used for analysis.

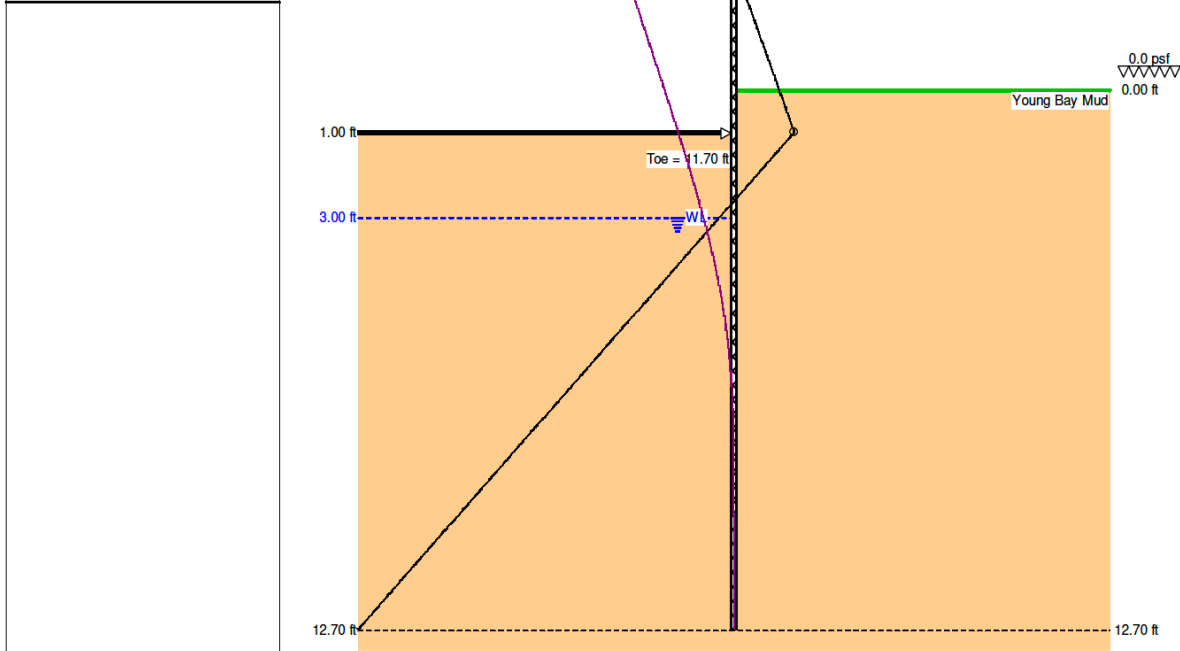


Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged] (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained	
						Ka	Kp
YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4

Page: 1  
Date: 8.29.22

Sheet: Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1  
Pressure: Rankine  
Toe: Cantilever

	Maximum	d (ft)
○	249.7 psf	1.00
●	11.7 in	-4.00



Page: 2  
Date: 8.29.22

Sheet: Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1  
Pressure: Rankine  
Toe: Cantilever

**Input Data**

Depth Of Excavation = 1.00 ft      Depth Of Active Water = +3.00 ft      Water Density = 62.43 pcf  
 Surcharge = 0.0 psf      Depth Of Passive Water = 3.00 ft      Minimum Fluid Density = 31.82 pcf

Soil Profile

Depth (ft)	Soil Name	$\gamma$ (pcf)	$\gamma'$ (pcf)	C (psf)	$C_a$ (psf)	$\phi$ (°)	$\delta$ (°)	$K_a$	$K_{ac}$	$K_p$	$K_{pc}$
0.00	Young Bay Mud	90.00	27.60	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.00	2.40	0.00

**Solution**

Sheet

Sheet Name	I (in <sup>4</sup> /ft)	E (psi)	Z (in <sup>3</sup> /ft)	f (psi)	Maximum Bending Moment (ftlb/ft)	Upstand (ft)	Toe (ft)	Pile Length (ft)
Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1	59.70	3.8E+05	14.90	6300.0	7822.4	4.00	11.70	16.70

Maxima

	Maximum	Depth
Bending Moment	3111.1 ftlb/ft	5.66 ft
Deflection	11.7 in	-4.00 ft
Pressure	249.7 psf	1.00 ft
Shear Force	701.9 lb/ft	2.62 ft

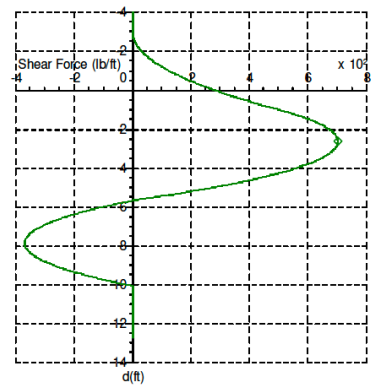
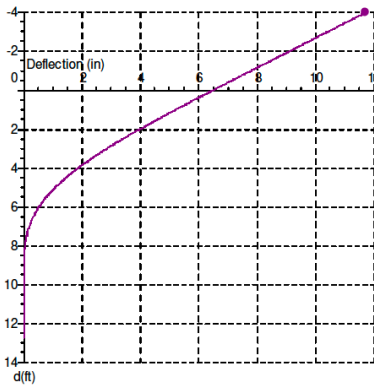
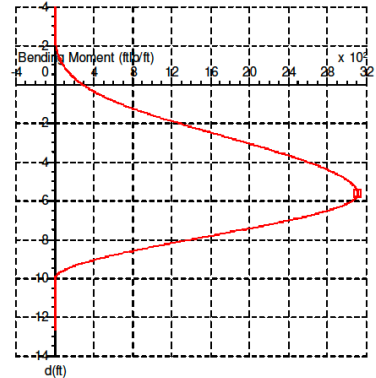
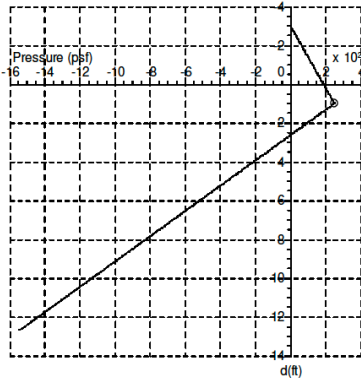




Page: 3  
Date: 8.29.22

Sheet: Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1  
Pressure: Rankine  
Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
○ 249.7 psf	1.00
□ 3111.1 lb/ft	5.66
◇ 701.9 lb/ft	2.62
● 11.7 in	-4.00



Page: 4  
Date: 8.29.22

Sheet: Everlast Vinyl ESP 4.1  
Pressure: Rankine  
Toe: Cantilever

depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ft-lb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ft-lb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ft-lb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)
0.00	187.3	281.8	6.5	283.4	4.27	-254.2	2736.4	1.6	493.3	8.54	-910.3	839.7	0.0	-331.0
0.11	194.7	314.3	6.3	304.7	4.38	-271.3	2789.7	1.5	464.2	8.65	-927.4	735.1	0.0	-318.0
0.22	201.6	349.2	6.2	326.9	4.50	-288.4	2839.8	1.4	433.1	8.77	-944.5	635.0	0.0	-303.1
0.34	208.6	386.6	6.0	349.7	4.61	-305.5	2886.3	1.3	400.2	8.88	-961.6	539.9	0.0	-286.4
0.45	215.5	426.6	5.9	373.4	4.72	-322.6	2929.0	1.3	365.3	8.99	-978.7	450.5	0.0	-267.7
0.56	222.5	469.2	5.7	397.8	4.83	-339.7	2967.8	1.2	328.6	9.10	-995.8	367.3	0.0	-247.1
0.67	229.4	514.6	5.6	423.0	4.95	-356.8	3002.4	1.1	289.9	9.22	-1012.9	291.0	0.0	-224.6
0.79	236.4	562.8	5.5	449.0	5.06	-373.9	3032.6	1.0	249.4	9.33	-1030.0	222.3	0.0	-200.2
0.90	244.2	620.5	5.3	479.2	5.17	-391.0	3058.3	1.0	206.9	9.44	-1047.1	161.6	0.0	-173.9
1.01	245.9	675.0	5.2	506.7	5.28	-408.1	3079.1	0.9	162.6	9.55	-1064.2	109.6	0.0	-145.7
1.12	228.8	732.6	5.0	533.0	5.40	-427.3	3095.5	0.8	110.4	9.67	-1081.3	67.0	0.0	-115.6
1.24	211.7	792.9	4.9	557.4	5.51	-444.4	3106.5	0.8	62.0	9.78	-1100.5	30.9	0.0	-79.5
1.35	194.6	855.9	4.7	579.9	5.62	-461.5	3110.9	0.7	11.7	9.89	-1117.6	10.1	0.0	-45.4
1.46	177.5	921.3	4.6	600.5	5.73	-478.6	3108.3	0.6	-27.6	10.00	-1134.7	0.6	0.0	-9.3
1.57	160.4	988.9	4.5	619.2	5.84	-495.7	3094.4	0.6	-62.7	10.12	-1151.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.69	143.3	1058.5	4.3	636.0	5.96	-512.8	3069.6	0.5	-95.9	10.23	-1168.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.80	126.2	1129.8	4.2	650.9	6.07	-529.9	3034.3	0.5	-127.2	10.34	-1186.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.91	109.1	1202.7	4.1	663.9	6.18	-547.0	2989.3	0.4	-156.5	10.45	-1203.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.02	92.0	1277.0	3.9	675.0	6.29	-564.1	2935.1	0.4	-184.0	10.57	-1220.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.14	74.9	1352.4	3.8	684.2	6.41	-581.2	2872.3	0.4	-209.6	10.68	-1237.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.25	57.8	1428.7	3.7	691.4	6.52	-598.3	2801.6	0.3	-233.3	10.79	-1254.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.36	38.6	1515.4	3.5	697.3	6.63	-615.4	2723.6	0.3	-255.1	10.90	-1271.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.47	21.5	1592.9	3.4	700.6	6.74	-632.5	2638.8	0.3	-274.9	11.01	-1288.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.59	4.4	1670.8	3.3	701.9	6.86	-651.7	2536.1	0.2	-295.0	11.13	-1305.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.70	-12.7	1748.7	3.2	701.5	6.97	-668.8	2439.1	0.2	-310.8	11.24	-1324.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.81	-29.8	1826.5	3.0	699.2	7.08	-685.9	2337.2	0.2	-324.7	11.35	-1342.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.92	-46.9	1903.9	2.9	695.1	7.19	-703.0	2231.2	0.1	-336.8	11.46	-1359.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.03	-64.0	1980.8	2.8	689.0	7.31	-720.1	2121.5	0.1	-346.9	11.58	-1376.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.15	-81.1	2056.9	2.7	681.1	7.42	-737.2	2008.9	0.1	-355.1	11.69	-1393.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.26	-98.2	2132.0	2.6	671.2	7.53	-754.3	1893.9	0.1	-361.4	11.80	-1410.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.37	-115.3	2206.0	2.4	659.4	7.64	-771.4	1777.1	0.1	-365.8	11.91	-1427.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.48	-132.4	2278.5	2.3	645.8	7.76	-788.5	1659.2	0.1	-368.3	12.03	-1444.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.60	-149.5	2349.5	2.2	630.2	7.87	-805.6	1540.7	0.1	-368.9	12.14	-1461.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.71	-166.6	2418.6	2.1	612.7	7.98	-822.7	1422.3	0.0	-367.6	12.25	-1478.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.82	-183.7	2485.7	2.0	593.3	8.09	-839.8	1304.7	0.0	-364.4	12.36	-1495.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.93	-202.9	2558.5	1.9	569.3	8.20	-856.9	1188.3	0.0	-359.2	12.48	-1513.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.05	-220.0	2620.5	1.8	545.9	8.32	-876.1	1059.7	0.0	-351.2	12.59	-1530.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.16	-237.1	2679.9	1.7	520.5	8.43	-893.2	948.1	0.0	-342.1	12.70	-1547.2	0.0	0.0	0.0



Calculation Sheet

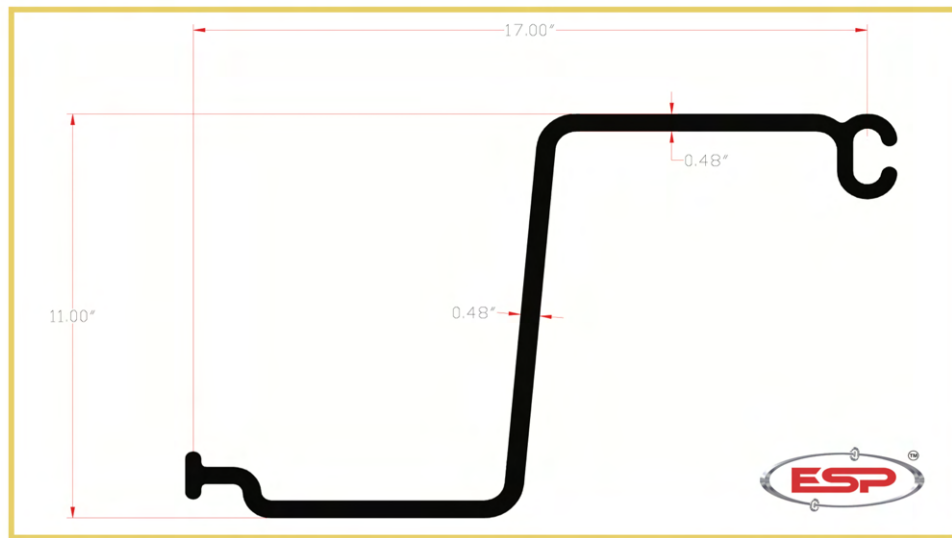
Subject: **Prelim. Structural Calculations**  
 Project Name: **Flood Wall**  
 Project Location: **Santa Venetia, Marin County, CA**

Project No.: **1511-4222S**  
 By: DA Checked By: DA  
 Page 24 of 36  
 Date: **August 18, 2022**

The ESP 4.1 fails.

**Try ESP 10.5.**

**EVERLast**® *ESP 10.5 VINYL SHEET* (Technical Data Sheet)  
 SYNTHETIC PRODUCTS,LLC



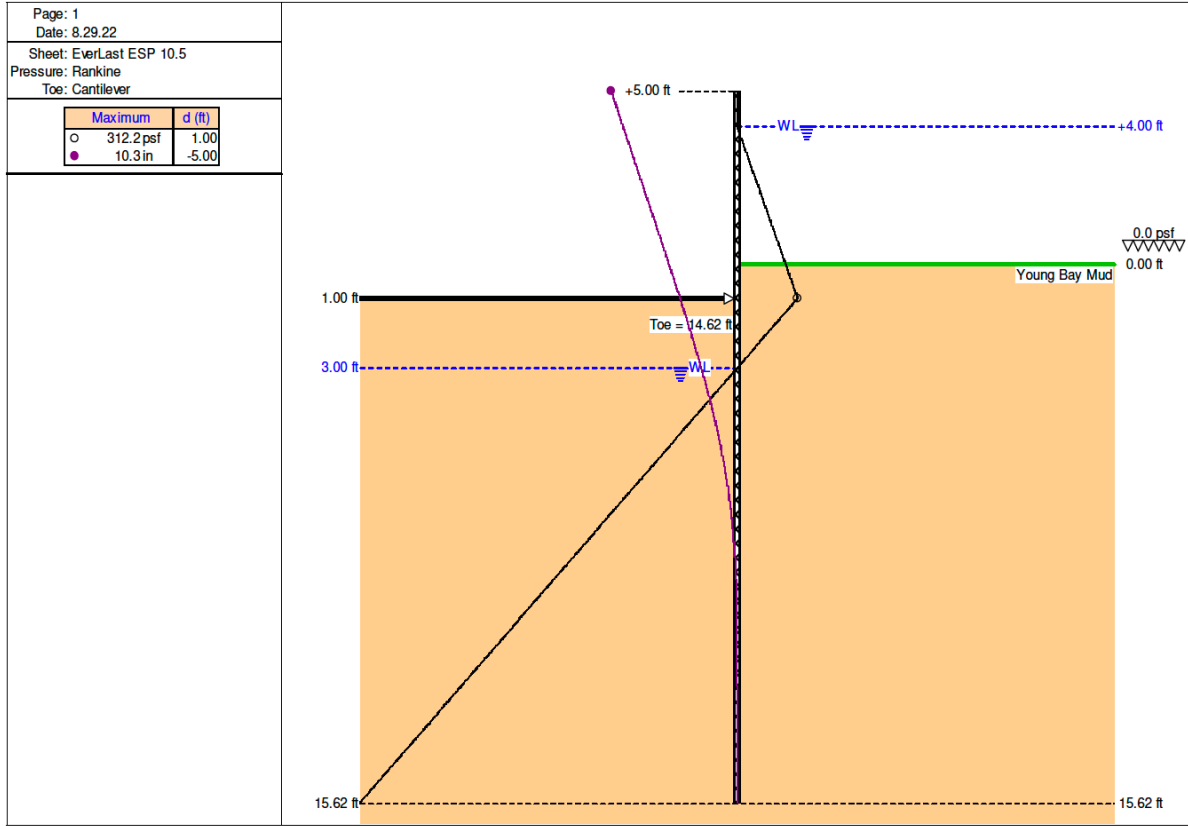
Strength Rating (M)	Lbs-Ft/Ft	10,075	Modulus of Elasticity (E)	psi	380,000
Allowable Shear (V)	Lbs/Ft	4,360	Co-Extruded		Yes
Thickness (t)	inches	0.48	Section Depth	inches	11
Section Modulus (Z)	in <sup>3</sup> /ft	36.6	Section Width	inches	17
Moment of Inertia (I)	in <sup>4</sup> /ft	201.2	UV Stabilized		Yes
Ultimate Tensile Stress	psi	6,300	Standard	sheets/	12
Creep Limited stress	psi	4,000	Packaging	bundle	



*The 10.5 Series is ideal for industrial as well as residential applications. It is engineered for maximum versatility, superior strength and its low life cycle cost.*



Physical properties are defined by ASTM standards for Plastic Building Products. The values shown are nominal and may vary. The information found in this document is believed to be true and accurate. No warranties of any kind are made as to the suitability of ESP sheet piling for particular applications or results obtained therefrom. Consult with a professional engineer and/or contractor as to the suitability of this

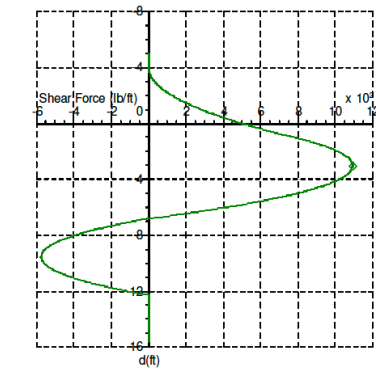
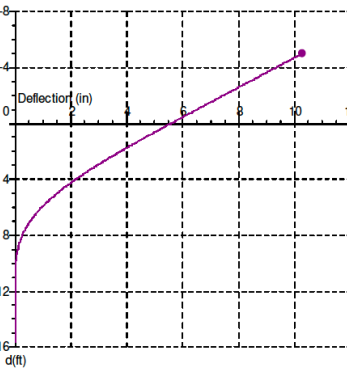
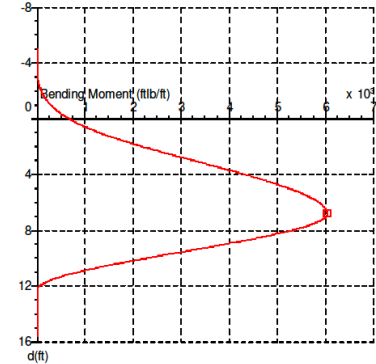
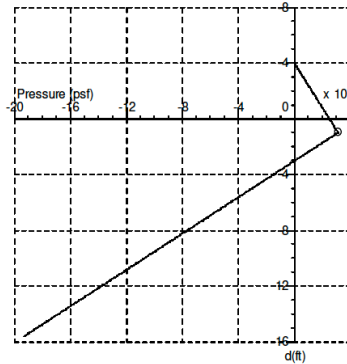


Page: 2	<b>Input Data</b>										
Date: 8.29.22	Depth Of Excavation = 1.00 ft	Depth Of Active Water = +4.00 ft	Water Density = 62.43 pcf								
Sheet: EverLast ESP 10.5	Surcharge = 0.0 psf	Depth Of Passive Water = 3.00 ft	Minimum Fluid Density = 31.82 pcf								
Pressure: Rankine											
Toe: Cantilever											
<b>Soil Profile</b>											
Depth (ft)	Soil Name	$\gamma$ (pcf)	$\gamma'$ (pcf)	C (psf)	$C_a$ (psf)	$\phi$ (°)	$\delta$ (°)	$K_a$	$K_{ac}$	$K_p$	$K_{pc}$
0.00	Young Bay Mud	90.00	27.60	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.00	2.40	0.00
<b>Solution</b>											
Sheet Name	I (in <sup>4</sup> /ft)	E (psi)	Z (in <sup>3</sup> /ft)	f (psi)	Maximum Bending Moment (ftlb/ft)	Upstand (ft)	Toe (ft)	Pile Length (ft)			
EverLast ESP 10.5	201.20	3.8E+05	36.60	4000.1	10075.1	5.00	14.62	20.62			
<b>Maxima</b>											
	Maximum	Depth									
Bending Moment	6042.6 ftlb/ft	6.81 ft									
Deflection	10.3 in	-5.00 ft									
Pressure	312.2 psf	1.00 ft									
Shear Force	1092.8 lb/ft	3.03 ft									



Page: 3  
 Date: 8.29.22  
 Sheet: EverLast ESP 10.5  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
○ 312.2 psf	1.00
□ 6042.6 ftlb/ft	6.81
◇ 1092.8 lb/ft	3.03
● 10.3 in	-5.00



Page: 4  
 Date: 8.29.22  
 Sheet: EverLast ESP 10.5  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 Toe: Cantilever

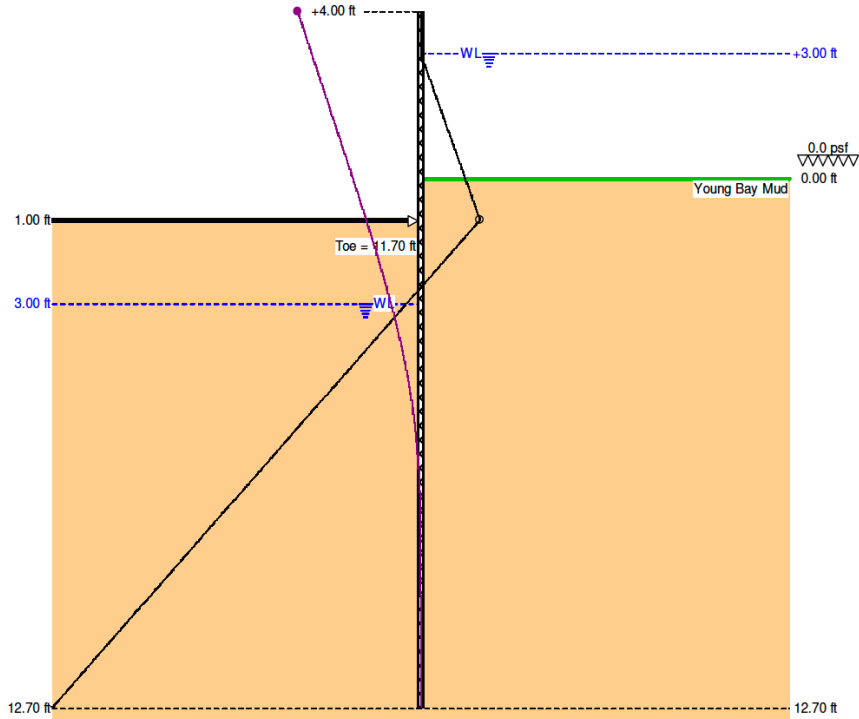
depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)
0.00	249.7	657.8	5.6	498.6	5.25	-342.4	5437.1	1.4	713.9	10.51	-1149.7	1495.5	0.0	-504.3
0.14	258.7	737.3	5.4	538.0	5.39	-363.5	5532.1	1.3	665.6	10.64	-1170.8	1300.4	0.0	-482.4
0.28	267.3	813.2	5.3	574.2	5.53	-384.6	5620.3	1.2	614.3	10.78	-1191.9	1114.5	0.0	-457.5
0.41	275.9	894.1	5.2	611.6	5.67	-405.7	5701.3	1.1	560.2	10.92	-1213.0	938.8	0.0	-429.8
0.55	284.5	980.3	5.0	650.2	5.81	-426.8	5774.7	1.1	503.2	11.06	-1234.1	774.6	0.0	-399.1
0.69	293.1	1071.8	4.9	690.0	5.94	-447.9	5840.1	1.0	443.2	11.20	-1255.2	623.0	0.0	-365.6
0.83	301.7	1168.8	4.8	731.0	6.08	-469.0	5897.1	0.9	380.4	11.34	-1276.3	485.0	0.0	-329.1
0.97	310.3	1271.5	4.7	773.1	6.22	-490.1	5945.3	0.9	314.6	11.47	-1297.4	362.0	0.0	-289.8
1.11	293.5	1380.0	4.5	814.8	6.36	-513.9	5988.6	0.8	237.2	11.61	-1318.5	255.0	0.0	-247.5
1.24	272.3	1494.0	4.4	853.5	6.50	-535.0	6016.8	0.7	165.3	11.75	-1339.6	165.1	0.0	-202.4
1.38	251.2	1613.2	4.3	889.3	6.64	-556.1	6035.0	0.7	90.5	11.89	-1360.7	93.5	0.0	-154.3
1.52	230.1	1737.0	4.2	922.2	6.77	-577.2	6042.4	0.6	12.8	12.03	-1381.8	41.4	0.0	-103.4
1.66	209.0	1865.3	4.1	952.2	6.91	-598.3	6035.3	0.6	-49.5	12.17	-1403.0	9.8	0.0	-49.5
1.80	187.9	1997.4	3.9	979.3	7.05	-619.4	6006.4	0.5	-103.4	12.30	-1424.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.94	166.8	2133.2	3.8	1003.5	7.19	-640.5	5956.7	0.5	-154.3	12.44	-1445.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.07	145.7	2272.0	3.7	1024.8	7.33	-661.6	5887.5	0.4	-202.4	12.58	-1468.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.21	124.6	2413.6	3.6	1043.2	7.46	-682.7	5799.9	0.4	-247.5	12.72	-1490.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.35	103.5	2557.5	3.5	1058.7	7.60	-703.8	5694.9	0.4	-289.8	12.86	-1511.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.49	82.4	2703.4	3.3	1071.3	7.74	-724.9	5573.8	0.3	-329.1	12.99	-1532.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.63	61.3	2850.9	3.2	1081.0	7.88	-746.0	5437.7	0.3	-365.6	13.13	-1553.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.76	40.2	2999.5	3.1	1087.8	8.02	-767.1	5287.7	0.3	-399.1	13.27	-1574.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.90	19.1	3148.8	3.0	1091.7	8.16	-788.2	5125.0	0.2	-429.8	13.41	-1595.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.04	-2.0	3298.6	2.9	1092.7	8.29	-809.3	4950.7	0.2	-457.5	13.55	-1616.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.18	-23.1	3448.3	2.8	1091.2	8.43	-830.4	4766.0	0.2	-482.4	13.69	-1637.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.32	-46.9	3616.2	2.7	1086.0	8.57	-851.6	4572.0	0.2	-504.3	13.82	-1658.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.46	-68.0	3764.6	2.6	1078.2	8.71	-872.7	4369.8	0.1	-523.4	13.96	-1680.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.59	-89.1	3911.8	2.5	1067.6	8.85	-893.8	4160.6	0.1	-539.5	14.10	-1701.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.73	-110.2	4057.3	2.4	1054.1	8.99	-914.9	3945.6	0.1	-552.7	14.24	-1722.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.87	-131.3	4200.9	2.3	1037.7	9.12	-936.0	3725.9	0.1	-563.1	14.38	-1743.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.01	-152.4	4342.0	2.2	1018.4	9.26	-957.1	3502.5	0.1	-570.5	14.52	-1764.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.15	-173.5	4480.2	2.1	996.1	9.40	-978.2	3276.8	0.1	-575.0	14.65	-1785.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.29	-194.6	4615.3	2.0	971.0	9.54	-1001.9	3021.3	0.1	-576.7	14.79	-1806.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.42	-215.7	4746.7	1.9	943.0	9.68	-1023.0	2794.2	0.0	-575.0	14.93	-1827.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.56	-236.8	4874.1	1.8	912.1	9.81	-1044.1	2568.2	0.0	-570.5	15.07	-1848.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.70	-257.9	4997.2	1.7	878.2	9.95	-1065.3	2344.5	0.0	-563.1	15.21	-1869.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.84	-279.1	5115.4	1.6	841.5	10.09	-1086.4	2124.3	0.0	-552.7	15.34	-1891.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.98	-300.2	5228.3	1.5	801.9	10.23	-1107.5	1908.6	0.0	-539.5	15.48	-1912.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.11	-321.3	5335.7	1.4	759.4	10.37	-1128.6	1698.6	0.0	-523.4	15.62	-1933.2	0.0	0.0	0.0





**Fails.**

Page: 1	
Date: 8.29.22	
Sheet: EverLast ESP 10.5	
Pressure: Rankine	
Toe: Cantilever	
Maximum	d (ft)
○ 249.7 psf	1.00
● 3.5 in	-4.00



Page: 2	
Date: 8.29.22	
Sheet: EverLast ESP 10.5	
Pressure: Rankine	
Toe: Cantilever	

Input Data					
Depth Of Excavation = 1.00 ft	Depth Of Active Water = +3.00 ft	Water Density = 62.43 pcf			
Surcharge = 0.0 psf	Depth Of Passive Water = 3.00 ft	Minimum Fluid Density = 31.82 pcf			

Soil Profile											
Depth (ft)	Soil Name	$\gamma$ (pcf)	$\gamma'$ (pcf)	C (psf)	$C_u$ (psf)	$\phi$ (°)	$\delta$ (°)	$K_a$	$K_{ac}$	$K_p$	$K_{pc}$
0.00	Young Bay Mud	90.00	27.60	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.00	2.40	0.00

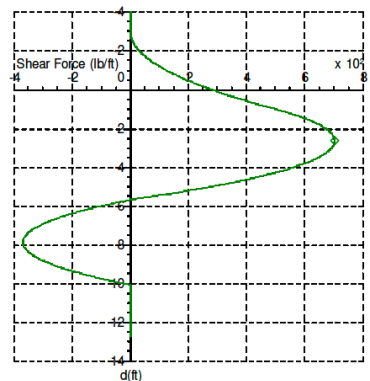
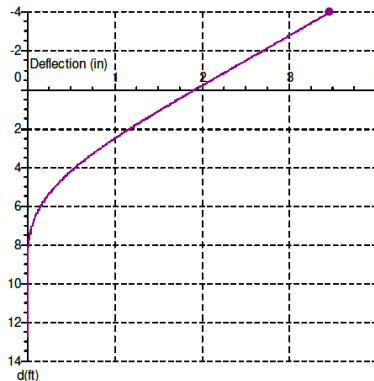
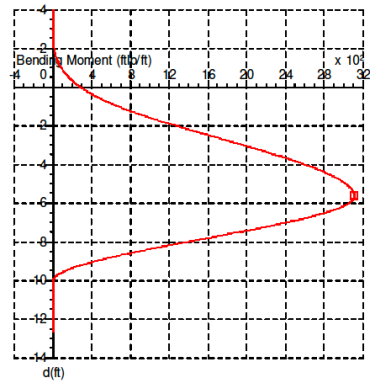
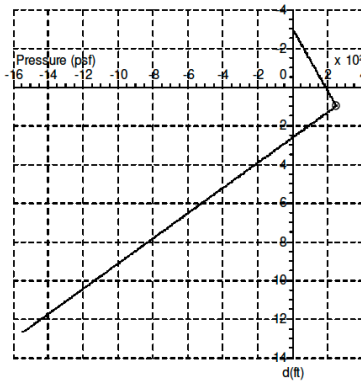
Solution							
Sheet							
Sheet Name	I (in <sup>4</sup> /ft)	E (psi)	Z (in <sup>3</sup> /ft)	f (psi)	Maximum Bending Moment (ftlb/ft)	Uprand (ft)	Pile Length (ft)
EverLast ESP 10.5	201.20	3.8E+05	36.60	4000.1	10075.1	4.00	16.70

Maxima		
	Maximum	Depth
Bending Moment	3111.1 ftlb/ft	5.66 ft
Deflection	3.5 in	-4.00 ft
Pressure	249.7 psf	1.00 ft
Shear Force	701.9 lb/ft	2.62 ft



Page: 3  
 Date: 8.29.22  
 Sheet: EverLast ESP 10.5  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
○ 249.7 psf	1.00
□ 3111.1 ftlb/ft	5.66
◇ 701.9 lb/ft	2.62
● 3.5 in	-4.00



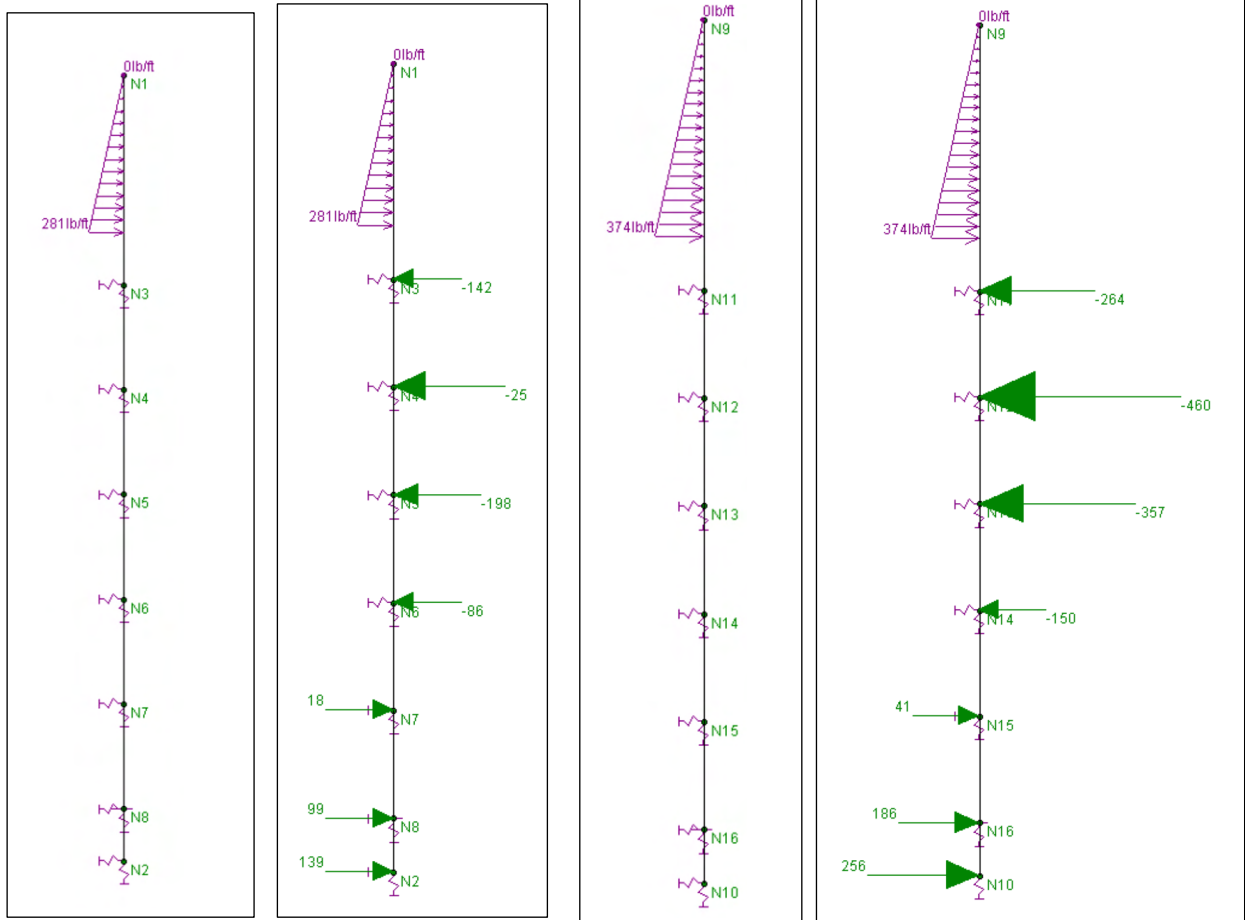
Page: 4  
 Date: 8.29.22  
 Sheet: EverLast ESP 10.5  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 Toe: Cantilever

depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)
0.00	187.3	281.8	1.9	283.4	4.27	-254.2	2736.4	0.5	493.3	8.54	-910.3	839.7	0.0	-331.0
0.11	194.7	314.3	1.9	304.7	4.38	-271.3	2789.7	0.5	464.2	8.65	-927.4	735.1	0.0	-318.0
0.22	201.6	349.2	1.8	326.9	4.50	-288.4	2839.8	0.4	433.1	8.77	-944.5	635.0	0.0	-303.1
0.34	208.6	386.6	1.8	349.7	4.61	-305.5	2886.3	0.4	400.2	8.88	-961.6	539.9	0.0	-286.4
0.45	215.5	426.6	1.7	373.4	4.72	-322.6	2929.0	0.4	365.3	8.99	-978.7	450.5	0.0	-267.7
0.56	222.5	469.2	1.7	397.8	4.83	-339.7	2967.8	0.4	328.6	9.10	-995.8	367.3	0.0	-247.1
0.67	229.4	514.6	1.7	423.0	4.95	-356.8	3002.4	0.3	289.9	9.22	-1012.9	291.0	0.0	-224.6
0.79	236.4	562.8	1.6	449.0	5.06	-373.9	3032.6	0.3	249.4	9.33	-1030.0	222.3	0.0	-200.2
0.90	244.2	620.5	1.6	479.2	5.17	-391.0	3058.3	0.3	206.9	9.44	-1047.1	161.6	0.0	-173.9
1.01	245.9	675.0	1.5	506.7	5.28	-408.1	3079.1	0.3	162.6	9.55	-1064.2	109.6	0.0	-145.7
1.12	228.8	732.6	1.5	533.0	5.40	-427.3	3096.5	0.2	110.4	9.67	-1081.3	67.0	0.0	-115.6
1.24	211.7	792.9	1.4	557.4	5.51	-444.4	3106.5	0.2	62.0	9.78	-1100.5	30.9	0.0	-79.5
1.35	194.6	855.9	1.4	579.9	5.62	-461.5	3110.9	0.2	11.7	9.89	-1117.6	10.1	0.0	-45.4
1.46	177.5	921.3	1.4	600.5	5.73	-478.6	3108.3	0.2	-27.6	10.00	-1134.7	0.6	0.0	-9.3
1.57	160.4	988.9	1.3	619.2	5.84	-495.7	3094.4	0.2	-62.7	10.12	-1151.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.69	143.3	1058.5	1.3	636.0	5.96	-512.8	3069.6	0.2	-95.9	10.23	-1168.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.80	126.2	1129.8	1.2	650.9	6.07	-529.9	3034.3	0.1	-127.2	10.34	-1186.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.91	109.1	1202.7	1.2	663.9	6.18	-547.0	2989.3	0.1	-156.5	10.45	-1203.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.02	92.0	1277.0	1.2	675.0	6.29	-564.1	2935.1	0.1	-184.0	10.57	-1220.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.14	74.9	1352.4	1.1	684.2	6.41	-581.2	2872.3	0.1	-209.6	10.68	-1237.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.25	57.8	1428.7	1.1	691.4	6.52	-598.3	2801.6	0.1	-233.3	10.79	-1254.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.36	38.6	1515.4	1.0	697.3	6.63	-615.4	2723.6	0.1	-255.1	10.90	-1271.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.47	21.5	1592.9	1.0	700.6	6.74	-632.5	2638.8	0.1	-274.9	11.01	-1288.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.59	4.4	1670.8	1.0	701.9	6.86	-651.7	2536.1	0.1	-295.0	11.13	-1305.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.70	-12.7	1748.7	0.9	701.5	6.97	-668.8	2439.1	0.1	-310.8	11.24	-1324.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.81	-29.8	1826.5	0.9	699.2	7.08	-685.9	2337.2	0.1	-324.7	11.35	-1342.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.92	-46.9	1903.9	0.9	695.1	7.19	-703.0	2231.2	0.0	-336.8	11.46	-1359.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.03	-64.0	1980.8	0.8	689.0	7.31	-720.1	2121.5	0.0	-346.9	11.58	-1376.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.15	-81.1	2056.9	0.8	681.1	7.42	-737.2	2008.9	0.0	-355.1	11.69	-1393.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.26	-98.2	2132.0	0.8	671.2	7.53	-754.3	1893.9	0.0	-361.4	11.80	-1410.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.37	-115.3	2206.0	0.7	659.4	7.64	-771.4	1777.1	0.0	-365.8	11.91	-1427.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.48	-132.4	2278.5	0.7	645.8	7.76	-788.5	1659.2	0.0	-368.3	12.03	-1444.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.60	-149.5	2349.5	0.7	630.2	7.87	-805.6	1540.7	0.0	-368.9	12.14	-1461.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.71	-166.6	2418.6	0.6	612.7	7.98	-822.7	1422.3	0.0	-367.6	12.25	-1478.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.82	-183.7	2485.7	0.6	593.3	8.09	-839.8	1304.7	0.0	-364.4	12.36	-1495.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.93	-202.9	2558.5	0.6	569.3	8.20	-856.9	1188.3	0.0	-359.2	12.48	-1513.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.05	-220.0	2620.5	0.5	545.9	8.32	-876.1	1059.7	0.0	-351.2	12.59	-1530.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
4.16	-237.1	2679.9	0.5	520.5	8.43	-893.2	948.1	0.0	-342.1	12.70	-1547.2	0.0	0.0	0.0



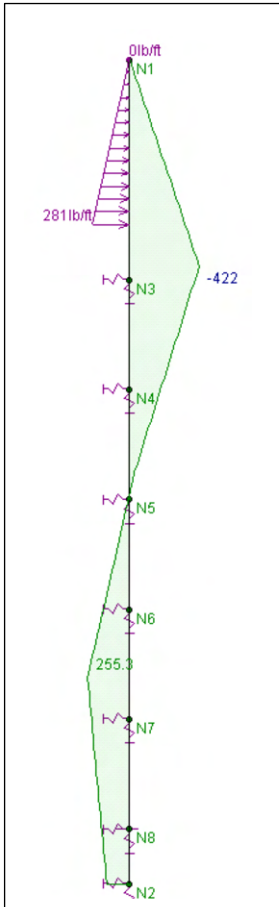
### RISA3D Model

As a cross-evaluation, a finite element analysis using a pile-soil interaction model in RISA3D was developed. Soil reaction was modelled by defining springs having stiffness equal to the passive soil reaction at the specific depth. Two conditions using vinyl sheet piles with EverLast ESP 6.5 were analyzed. The following analyses were considered to be in YBM (bay mud) soil profile.

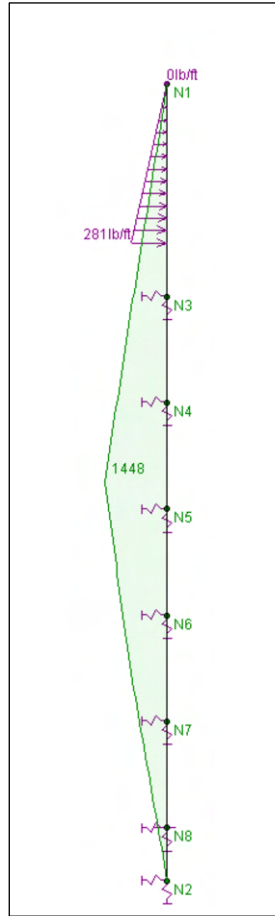


3-ft Hydrostatic

4-ft Hydrostatic

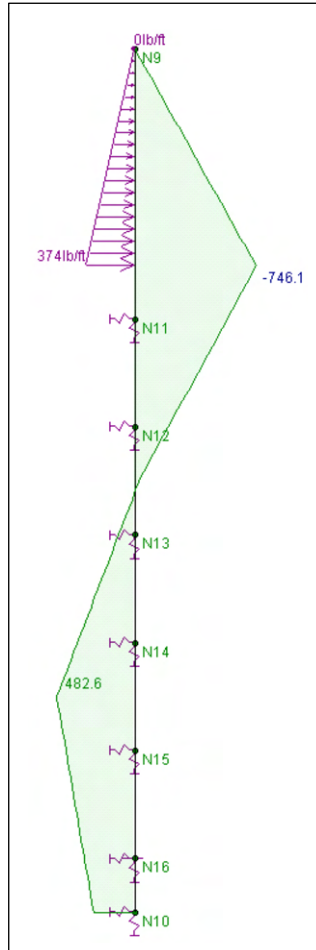


Shear

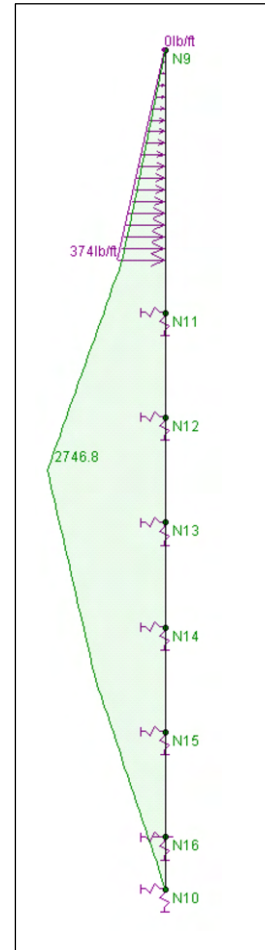


Moment

3-ft Hydrostatic



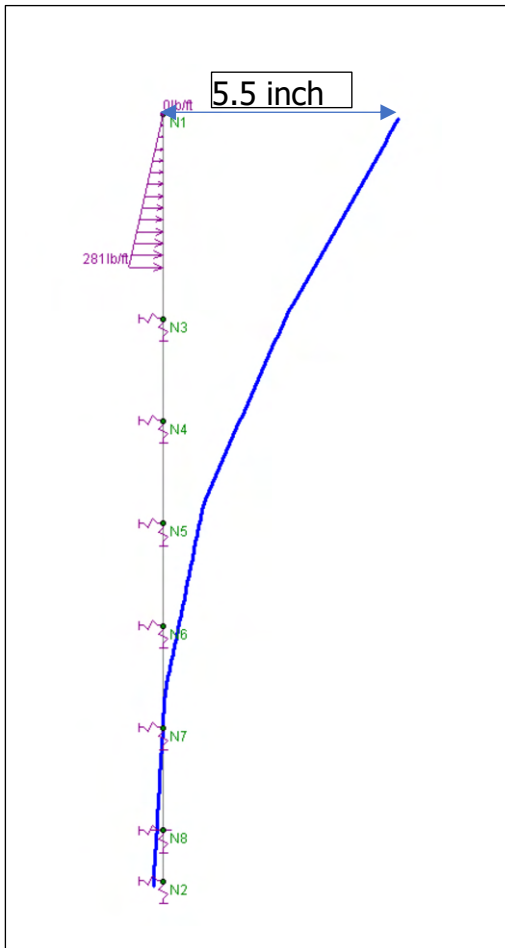
Shear



Moment

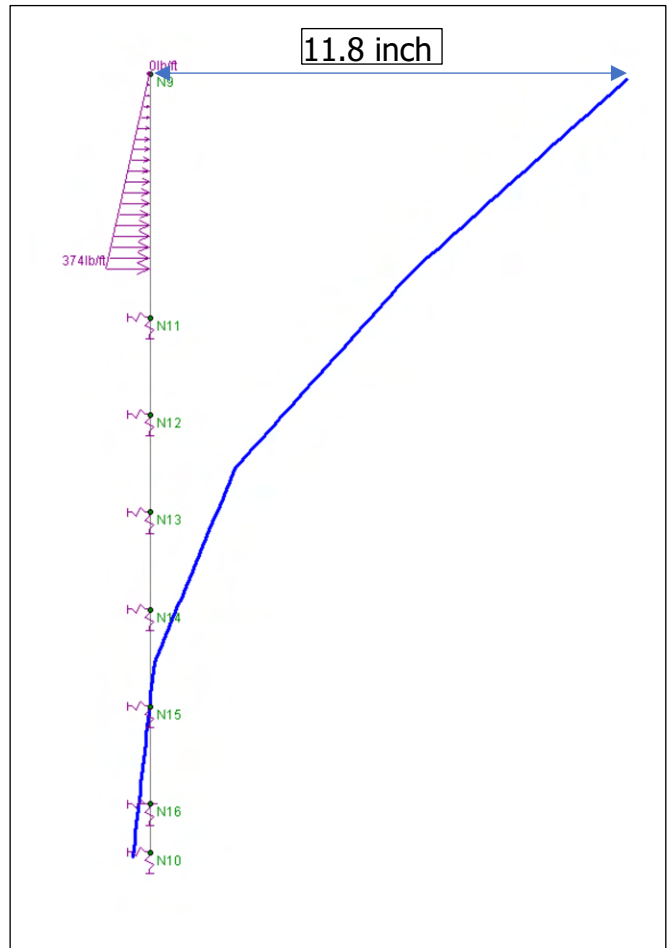
4-ft Hydrostatic





Deflection x10

3-ft Hydrostatic

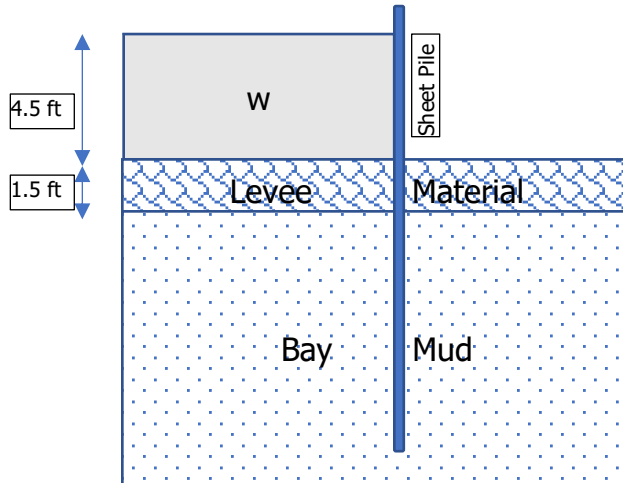


Deflection x10

4-ft Hydrostatic



**New Ground Profile Provided by the Geotechnical Engineer 8/29/22**



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged] (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp			
3	Levee Material	7.5	1.9	125	62.6	120	0.26	3.9	9.4		1.9
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

**EverComp 26.1™ FRP Sheet Pile**

**Technical Data Sheet**

AL - Along length of sheet pile

AWS - Along width of sheet pile

Property	Symbol	Units	Results	ASTM Test Method
<i>Flexural Stress:</i>				
Ultimate (AL)	$\sigma_{ult AL}$	psi	90,000	D 790-03
Recommended Allowable Stress(AL)	$\sigma_{all AL}$	psi	25,000	-----
Modulus of Elasticity (AL)	$E_{AL}$	psi	3,500,000	D 790-03
Ultimate (AWS)	$\sigma_{ult AWS}$	psi	29,000	D 790-03
Modulus of Elasticity (AWS)	$E_{AWS}$	psi	1,900,000	D 790-03
Max. Allowable Moment	$M_{max}$	ft-lb/ft	27,000	-----

For conditions where the lighter gage unreinforced vinyl fails, EverComp 26.1 fiber reinforced sheet pile will be specified.



### Analysis Results

Define ()

Job | Excavation | Soils | Wall | Supports | Setup

(ft)  
0.00 Levee Material  
2.00 Young Bay Mud

Selected Layer  
Name: Levee Material

d: 0.00 ft  
 $\gamma$ : 125.00 pcf  $\gamma'$ : 62.60 pcf  
 C: 0.0 psf  $C_a$ : 0.0 psf  
 $\phi$ : 0.0  $\delta$ : 0.0  
 $K_a$ : 0.26  $K_{ac}$ : 0.00  
 $K_p$ : 3.90  $K_{pc}$ : 0.00

Pressure Model  
 Rankine  
 Coulomb  
 Terzaghi

m: 1.0 a: 0.4

Cohesive Soils (Min. Press.)  
 Minimum Fluid Head  
 Tension Cracks  
 Full Hydrostatic Head

Show t: 3.28 ft

Passive Softening  
 Apply t: 3.28 ft

? Help OK

Define ()

Job | Excavation | Soils | Wall | Supports | Setup

(ft)  
0.00 Levee Material  
2.00 Young Bay Mud

Selected Layer  
Name: Young Bay Mud

d: 2.00 ft  
 $\gamma$ : 90.00 pcf  $\gamma'$ : 27.60 pcf  
 C: 0.0 psf  $C_a$ : 0.0 psf  
 $\phi$ : 0.0  $\delta$ : 0.0  
 $K_a$ : 0.42  $K_{ac}$ : 0.00  
 $K_p$ : 2.40  $K_{pc}$ : 0.00

Pressure Model  
 Rankine  
 Coulomb  
 Terzaghi

m: 1.0 a: 0.4

Cohesive Soils (Min. Press.)  
 Minimum Fluid Head  
 Tension Cracks  
 Full Hydrostatic Head

Show t: 3.28 ft

Passive Softening  
 Apply t: 3.28 ft

? Help OK

Define ()

Job | Excavation | Soils | Wall | Supports | Setup

Sheet  
Name: EverComp 26.1 FRP Z: 13.00 in<sup>2</sup>/ft  
 I: 52.00 in<sup>4</sup>/ft Stress: 29000.1 psi  
 E: 1.9E+06 psi Max. Bending Moment: 31416.8 ftlb/ft  
 Max. Allowed Deflection: 1.0 in

Penetration  
 Free Earth  
 Fixed Earth  
 Defined FOS  
 Manual  
 Rules of thumb

Miscellaneous  
 Upstand: 5.00 ft  
 Toe: 18.00 ft  
 FOS: 2.0  
 R: 1.00

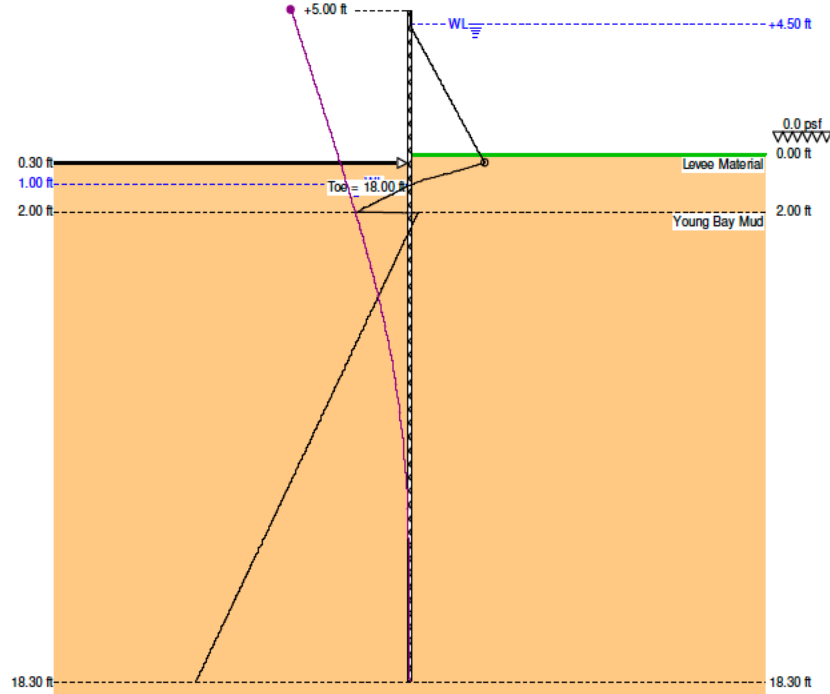
Passive Soil Factors  
 $K_p$ : +1.0 C: +1.0

? Help OK



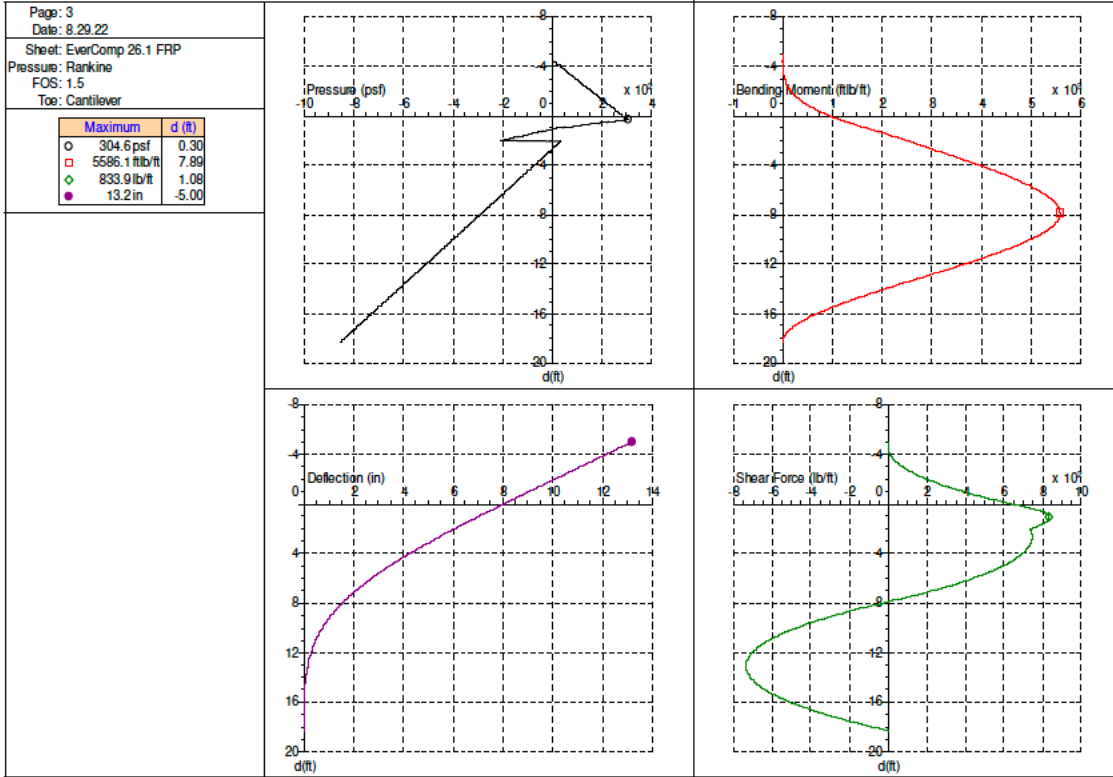
Page: 1  
 Date: 8/29/22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.5  
 Toe: Cantilever

	Maximum	d (ft)
○	304.6 psf	0.30
●	13.2 in	-5.00



Page: 2  
 Date: 8/29/22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.5  
 Toe: Cantilever

Input Data												
Depth Of Excavation = 0.30 ft			Depth Of Active Water = +4.50 ft			Water Density = 62.43 pcf						
Surcharge = 0.0 psf			Depth Of Passive Water = 1.00 ft			Minimum Fluid Density = 31.82 pcf						
Soil Profile												
Depth (ft)	Soil Name	$\gamma$ (pcf)	$\gamma'$ (pcf)	C (psf)	$C_u$ (psf)	$\phi$ (°)	$\delta$ (°)	$K_a$	$K_{ac}$	$K_p$	$K_{pc}$	
0.00	Levee Material	125.00	62.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.26	0.00	3.90	0.00	
2.00	Young Bay Mud	90.00	27.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.00	2.40	0.00	
Solution												
Sheet												
Sheet Name	l (in./ft)	E (psi)	Z (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	f (psi)	Maximum Bending Moment (ftlb/ft)	Upstand (ft)	Toe (ft)	Pile Length (ft)				
EverComp 26.1 FRP	52.00	1.9E+06	13.00	29000.1	31416.8	5.00	18.00	23.30				
Maxima												
	Maximum	Depth										
Bending Moment	5586.1 ftlb/ft	7.89 ft										
Deflection	13.2 in	-5.00 ft										
Pressure	304.6 psf	0.30 ft										
Shear Force	833.9 lb/ft	1.08 ft										



Page: 4 Date: 8.29.22 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP Pressure: Rankine FOS: 1.5 Toe: Cantilever														
depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ft-lb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ft-lb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ft-lb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)
0.00	290.9	951.8	8.0	637.5	6.15	-191.9	5208.0	2.6	409.6	12.31	-528.3	3399.5	0.2	-721.1
0.16	293.9	1053.5	7.9	682.3	6.32	-200.4	5269.4	2.5	379.2	12.47	-536.7	3276.4	0.2	-726.9
0.32	296.3	1176.5	7.7	734.6	6.48	-209.9	5332.8	2.4	343.5	12.63	-546.3	3136.8	0.2	-731.9
0.49	224.8	1293.1	7.5	773.8	6.64	-218.4	5383.8	2.3	310.3	12.79	-554.8	3012.1	0.2	-735.0
0.65	161.3	1415.1	7.4	803.2	6.80	-226.9	5429.5	2.2	275.9	12.96	-563.3	2887.0	0.1	-736.7
0.81	89.9	1557.0	7.2	824.5	6.96	-236.5	5474.5	2.1	235.4	13.12	-572.8	2746.1	0.1	-737.1
0.97	26.4	1685.4	7.0	832.9	7.13	-244.9	5508.4	2.0	198.1	13.28	-581.3	2620.9	0.1	-736.0
1.13	-12.5	1814.6	6.9	833.4	7.29	-253.4	5536.5	1.9	159.5	13.44	-589.8	2496.0	0.1	-733.6
1.30	-52.4	1959.5	6.7	827.4	7.45	-263.0	5560.9	1.8	114.4	13.60	-599.3	2356.1	0.1	-729.3
1.46	-87.8	2087.0	6.6	816.2	7.61	-271.5	5575.8	1.7	73.0	13.77	-607.8	2232.6	0.1	-724.2
1.62	-123.1	2212.4	6.4	799.4	7.77	-280.0	5584.2	1.6	30.3	13.93	-616.3	2110.2	0.1	-717.6
1.78	-163.0	2349.9	6.2	774.0	7.94	-289.5	5585.4	1.5	-16.4	14.09	-625.9	1973.8	0.1	-708.7
1.94	-198.4	2467.9	6.1	745.6	8.10	-298.0	5578.4	1.5	-59.4	14.25	-634.4	1854.2	0.0	-699.4
2.11	29.9	2582.2	5.9	736.7	8.26	-306.5	5564.4	1.4	-101.0	14.41	-642.9	1736.4	0.0	-688.8
2.27	20.3	2711.0	5.8	741.0	8.42	-316.0	5540.2	1.3	-146.2	14.58	-652.4	1606.1	0.0	-675.3
2.43	11.8	2826.0	5.6	743.5	8.59	-324.5	5511.6	1.2	-185.1	14.74	-660.9	1492.5	0.0	-661.8
2.59	3.4	2941.3	5.5	744.6	8.75	-333.0	5476.6	1.2	-222.6	14.90	-669.4	1381.4	0.0	-647.1
2.75	-6.2	3071.0	5.3	744.3	8.91	-342.6	5429.7	1.1	-263.2	15.06	-678.9	1259.6	0.0	-628.9
2.92	-14.7	3186.3	5.2	742.8	9.07	-351.0	5381.6	1.0	-297.9	15.22	-687.4	1154.4	0.0	-611.4
3.08	-23.2	3301.2	5.0	739.9	9.23	-359.5	5327.8	1.0	-331.2	15.38	-695.9	1052.2	0.0	-592.5
3.24	-32.7	3429.8	4.9	735.1	9.39	-369.1	5260.6	0.9	-367.2	15.55	-705.5	941.3	0.0	-569.7
3.40	-41.2	3543.4	4.7	729.5	9.55	-377.6	5195.2	0.9	-397.8	15.71	-713.9	846.6	0.0	-548.0
3.56	-50.8	3669.9	4.6	721.5	9.72	-386.1	5124.8	0.8	-427.0	15.87	-722.4	755.6	0.0	-525.0
3.72	-59.2	3781.2	4.5	713.1	9.88	-396.6	5039.8	0.7	-458.4	16.03	-732.0	658.1	0.0	-497.6
3.89	-67.7	3891.0	4.3	703.3	10.04	-404.1	4959.3	0.7	-484.8	16.19	-740.5	576.0	0.0	-471.8
4.05	-77.3	4012.6	4.2	690.7	10.20	-412.6	4874.5	0.7	-510.0	16.36	-749.0	498.4	0.0	-444.7
4.21	-85.8	4118.8	4.0	678.1	10.36	-422.1	4774.1	0.6	-536.7	16.52	-758.5	416.7	0.0	-412.6
4.37	-94.3	4223.0	3.9	664.2	10.53	-430.6	4680.7	0.6	-559.0	16.68	-767.0	349.4	0.0	-382.7
4.53	-103.8	4337.4	3.8	647.0	10.69	-439.1	4583.7	0.5	-580.0	16.84	-775.5	287.3	0.0	-351.4
4.70	-112.3	4436.6	3.7	630.3	10.85	-448.7	4470.4	0.5	-602.1	17.00	-785.0	224.0	0.0	-314.7
4.86	-120.8	4533.0	3.5	612.3	11.01	-457.2	4366.3	0.4	-620.3	17.17	-793.5	173.8	0.0	-280.7
5.02	-130.3	4638.1	3.4	590.4	11.17	-466.7	4245.7	0.4	-639.2	17.33	-802.0	129.4	0.0	-245.3
5.18	-138.8	4728.2	3.3	569.6	11.34	-475.2	4135.5	0.4	-654.6	17.49	-811.6	86.9	0.0	-204.0
5.34	-147.3	4814.9	3.2	547.5	11.50	-483.7	4022.9	0.3	-668.7	17.65	-820.1	55.8	0.0	-165.8
5.51	-156.9	4908.3	3.0	521.0	11.66	-493.2	3893.5	0.3	-683.0	17.81	-828.5	31.4	0.0	-126.4
5.67	-165.4	4987.4	2.9	496.1	11.82	-501.7	3776.3	0.3	-694.3	17.98	-838.1	12.1	0.0	-80.4
5.83	-173.8	5062.5	2.8	469.8	11.98	-510.2	3657.3	0.3	-704.2	18.14	-846.6	2.4	0.0	-38.1
5.99	-183.4	5142.0	2.7	438.7	12.15	-519.8	3521.6	0.2	-713.9	18.30	-855.1	0.0	0.0	0.0





Calculation  
Sheet

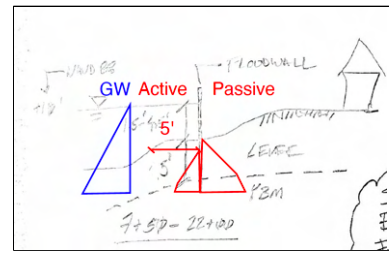
Subject: **Prelim. Structural Calculations**  
Project Name: **Flood Wall**  
Project Location: **Santa Venetia, Marin  
County, CA**

Project No.: **1511-4222S**  
By: DA    Checked By: DA  
Page 36    of    36  
Date: **August 18, 2022**



**Final Round Based on Robert's Request 9/8/2022**

Stations: 7+50 to 22+00



1	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
2	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged] (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
3	Levee Material	4.5	4.1	110	47.6	110	Ka	Kp			
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.33	3.0	8.6		
							0.42	2.4			

**SPW911, v2.40-Input parameters**

(ft)

0.00 Levee Material  
5.00 Young Bay Mud

Pressure Model  
 Rankine  
 Coulomb  
 Terzaghi

Selected Layer  
 Name: Levee Material

d: 0.00 ft  
 $\gamma$ : 110.00 pcf  $\gamma'$ : 47.60 pcf  
 C: 0.0 psf  $C_a$ : 0.0 psf  
 $\phi$ : 0.0  $\delta$ : 0.0  
 $K_a$ : 0.33  $K_{ac}$ : 0.00  
 $K_p$ : 3.00  $K_{pc}$ : 0.00

m: 1.0 a: 0.4

Cohesive Soils (Min. Press.)  
 Minimum Fluid Head  
 Tension Cracks  
 Full Hydrostatic Head

Show t: 3.28 ft

Passive Softening  
 Apply t: 3.28 ft

Job | Excavation | Soils | Wall | Supports | Setup

(ft)

0.00 Levee Material  
5.00 Young Bay Mud

Pressure Model  
 Rankine  
 Coulomb  
 Terzaghi

Selected Layer  
 Name: Young Bay Mud

d: 5.00 ft  
 $\gamma$ : 90.00 pcf  $\gamma'$ : 27.60 pcf  
 C: 0.0 psf  $C_a$ : 0.0 psf  
 $\phi$ : 0.0  $\delta$ : 0.0  
 $K_a$ : 0.42  $K_{ac}$ : 0.00  
 $K_p$ : 2.40  $K_{pc}$ : 0.00

m: 1.0 a: 0.4

Cohesive Soils (Min. Press.)  
 Minimum Fluid Head  
 Tension Cracks  
 Full Hydrostatic Head

Show t: 3.28 ft

Passive Softening  
 Apply t: 3.28 ft

Depth: 0.30 ft  
 Active Water Depth: -4.50 ft  
 Passive Water Depth: 2.00 ft  
 Surcharge: 0.0 psf

Water Density: 62.43 pcf  
 Minimum Fluid Density: 31.82 pcf

Sheet Name: EverComp 26.1 FRP Z: 13.00 in<sup>2</sup>/ft  
 I: 52.00 in<sup>4</sup>/ft Stress: 29000.1 psi  
 E: 1.9E+06 psi Max. Bending Moment: 31416.8 ftlb/ft  
 Max. Allowed Deflection: 2.0 in

Penetration  
 Free Earth  
 Fixed Earth  
 Defined FOS  
 Manual  
 Rules of thumb

Miscellaneous  
 Upstand: 5.00 ft  
 Toe: 14.00 ft  
 FOS: 1.5  
 R: 1.00

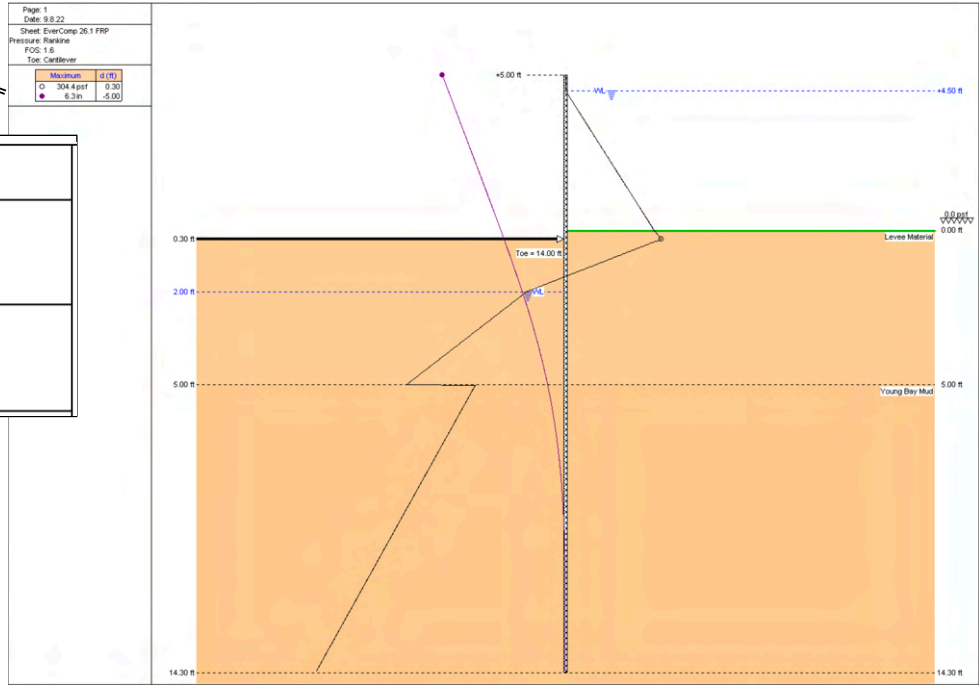
Passive Soil Factors  
 $K_p$ : +1.0 C: +1.0



Analysis Results

Page 1	
Date: 9.8.22	
Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP	
Pressure: Rankine	
FOS: 1.6	
Toe: Cantilever	
Maximum	d (ft)
○ 304.4 psf	0.30
● 6.3in	-5.00

Page: 1	
Date: 9.8.22	
Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP	
Pressure: Rankine	
FOS: 1.6	
Toe: Cantilever	
Maximum	d (ft)
○ 304.4 psf	0.30
● 6.3in	-5.00



Page: 2											Input Data
Date: 9.8.22	Depth Of Excavation = 0.30 ft		Depth Of Active Water = +4.50 ft		Water Density = 62.43 pcf						
Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP	Surcharge = 0.0 psf		Depth Of Passive Water = 2.00 ft		Minimum Fluid Density = 31.82 pcf						
Pressure: Rankine											
FOS: 1.6											
Toe: Cantilever											
Soil Profile											
Depth (ft)	Soil Name	$\gamma$ (pcf)	$\gamma'$ (pcf)	C (psf)	$C_u$ (psf)	$\phi$ (°)	$\delta$ (°)	$K_a$	$K_{ac}$	$K_p$	$K_{pc}$
0.00	Levee Material	110.00	47.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.33	0.00	3.00	0.00
5.00	Young Bay Mud	90.00	27.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.00	2.40	0.00
Sheet											
Sheet Name	I (in <sup>4</sup> /ft)	E (psi)	Z (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	f (psi)	Maximum Bending Moment (ft-lb/ft)	Upstand (ft)	Toe (ft)	Pile Length (ft)			
EverComp 26.1 FRP	52.00	1.9E+06	13.00	29000.1	31416.8	5.00	14.00	19.30			
Maxima											
	Maximum	Depth									
Bending Moment	4104.4 ft-lb/ft	4.88 ft									
Deflection	6.3 in	-5.00 ft									
Pressure	304.4 psf	0.30 ft									
Shear Force	903.9 lb/ft	1.50 ft									
Solution											



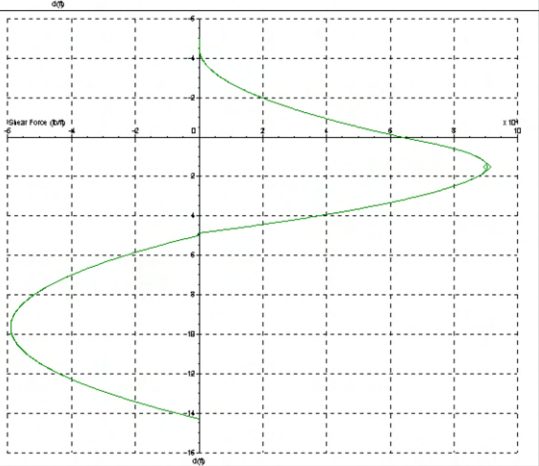
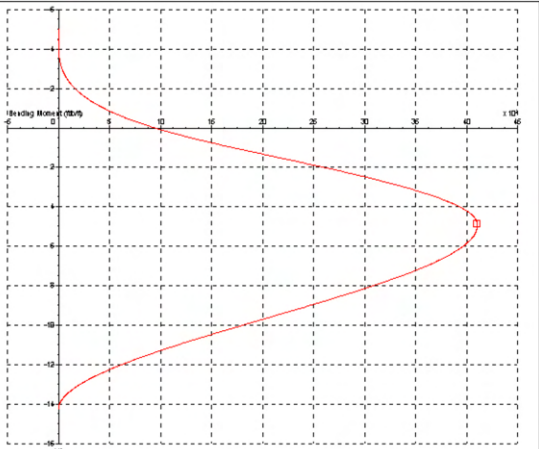
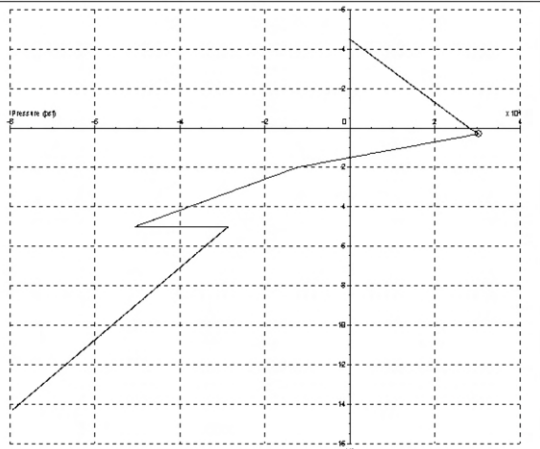
Calculation Sheet

Subject: **Prelim. Structural Calculations**  
Project Name: **Flood Wall**  
Project Location: **Santa Venetia, Marin County, CA**

Project No.: **1511-4222S**  
By: **DA** Checked By: **DA**  
Page **38** of **52**  
Date: **September 8, 2022**

Page: 3  
Date: 9.8.22  
Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
Pressure: Rankine  
FOS: 1.6  
Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
○ 304.4 psf	0.30
□ 4104.4 ft/lb/ft	4.88
◇ 903.9 lb/ft	1.50
● 6.3 in	-5.00





Calculation Sheet

Subject: Prelim. Structural Calculations
Project Name: Flood Wall
Project Location: Santa Venetia, Marin County, CA

Project No.: 1511-4222S
By: DA Checked By: DA
Page 39 of 52
Date: September 8, 2022

Table with 15 columns: Page, Date, Sheet, Pressure, FOS, Toe, Cantilever, and 14 columns of numerical data (labeled a through n). The table contains multiple rows of data, likely representing different sections or points along the structure.



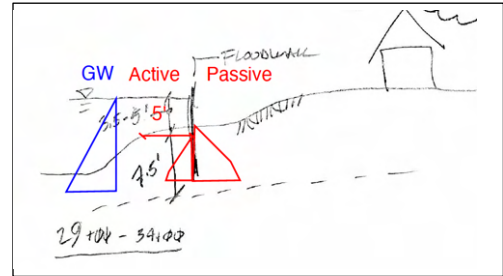


Calculation Sheet

Subject: **Prelim. Structural Calculations**  
 Project Name: **Flood Wall**  
 Project Location: **Santa Venetia, Marin County, CA**

Project No.: **1511-4222S**  
 By: DA Checked By: DA  
 Page 40 of 52  
 Date: **September 8, 2022**

Stations: 29+00 to 34+00



Stations: 22+00 to 30+50

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged] (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp		7.5	
3	Levee Material	7.5	1.9	125	62.6	120	0.26	3.9	9.4		1.9
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

Stations: 30+50 to 44+50

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged] (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp		5	
3	Levee Material (Above GWT)	5	0.5	110	47.6	110	0.32	3.1	5.5		0.5
4	Levee Material (Below GWT)	17	-11.5	110	47.6	47.6	0.35	2.9			
5	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

(Use more conservative parameters of the above two)

4	Levee Material (Below GWT)	17	-11.5	110	47.6	47.6	0.35	2.9			
5	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			



**SPW911, v2.40-Input parameters**

(ft) 0.00 Levee Material 7.50 Young Bay Mud		Pressure Model <input checked="" type="radio"/> Rankine <input type="radio"/> Coulomb <input type="radio"/> Terzaghi	
Selected Layer Name: Levee Material		m: 1.0	a: 0.4
d: 0.00 ft	Cohesive Soils (Min. Press.) <input checked="" type="radio"/> Minimum Fluid Head <input type="radio"/> Tension Cracks <input type="radio"/> Full Hydrostatic Head		
$\gamma$ : 110.00 pcf	$\gamma'$ : 47.60 pcf		
C: 0.0 psf	$C_a$ : 0.0 psf		
$\phi$ : 0.0 °	$\delta$ : 0.0 °	<input type="checkbox"/> Show t: 3.28 ft	
$K_a$ : 0.35	$K_{ac}$ : 0.00	Passive Softening <input type="checkbox"/> Apply t: 3.28 ft	
$K_p$ : 2.90	$K_{pc}$ : 0.00		

(ft) 0.00 Levee Material 7.50 Young Bay Mud		Pressure Model <input checked="" type="radio"/> Rankine <input type="radio"/> Coulomb <input type="radio"/> Terzaghi	
Selected Layer Name: Young Bay Mud		m: 1.0	a: 0.4
d: 7.50 ft	Cohesive Soils (Min. Press.) <input checked="" type="radio"/> Minimum Fluid Head <input type="radio"/> Tension Cracks <input type="radio"/> Full Hydrostatic Head		
$\gamma$ : 90.00 pcf	$\gamma'$ : 27.60 pcf		
C: 0.0 psf	$C_a$ : 0.0 psf		
$\phi$ : 0.0 °	$\delta$ : 0.0 °	<input type="checkbox"/> Show t: 3.28 ft	
$K_a$ : 0.42	$K_{ac}$ : 0.00	Passive Softening <input type="checkbox"/> Apply t: 3.28 ft	
$K_p$ : 2.40	$K_{pc}$ : 0.00		

Depth: 0.30 ft
Active Water Depth: -5.00 ft
Passive Water Depth: 2.00 ft
Surcharge: 0.0 psf
Water Density: 62.43 pcf
Minimum Fluid Density: 31.82 pcf

Sheet Name: EverComp 26.1 FRP	Z: 13.00 in <sup>2</sup> /ft
I: 52.00 in <sup>4</sup> /ft	Stress: 29000.1 psi
E: 1.9E+06 psi	Max. Bending Moment: 31416.8 ftlb/ft
Max. Allowed Deflection: 2.0 in	
Penetration <input type="radio"/> Free Earth <input type="radio"/> Fixed Earth <input type="radio"/> Defined FOS <input checked="" type="radio"/> Manual <input type="checkbox"/> Rules of thumb	Miscellaneous Upstand: 5.50 ft Toe: 15.00 ft FOS: 1.5 R: 1.00 Passive Soil Factors $K_p$ : +1.0 $C$ : +1.0



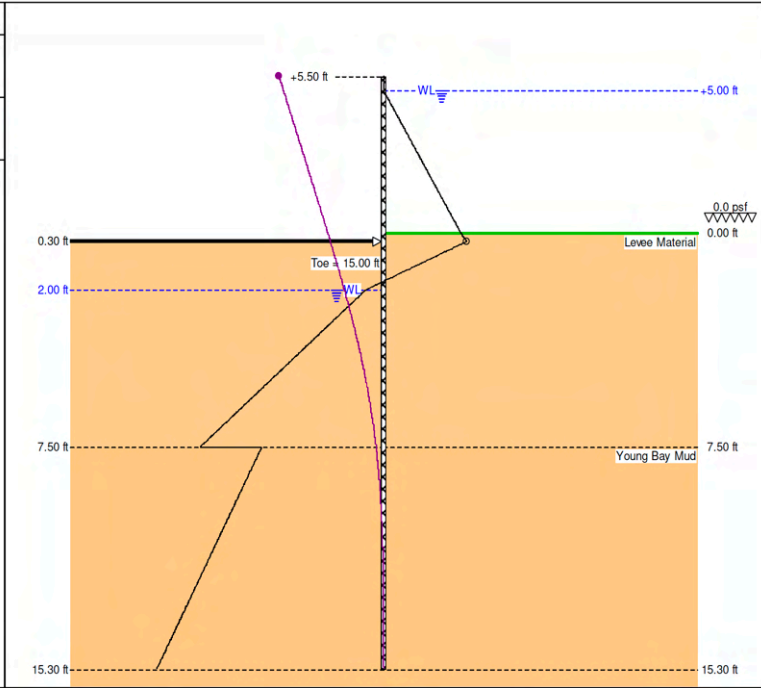
**Analysis Results**

Page: 1  
 Date: 9.9.22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.7  
 Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
○ 335.9 psf	0.30
● 11.3 in	-5.50

Page: 1  
 Date: 9.9.22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.7  
 Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
○ 335.9 psf	0.30
● 11.3 in	-5.50



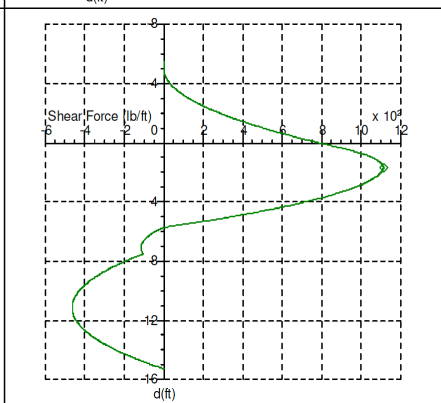
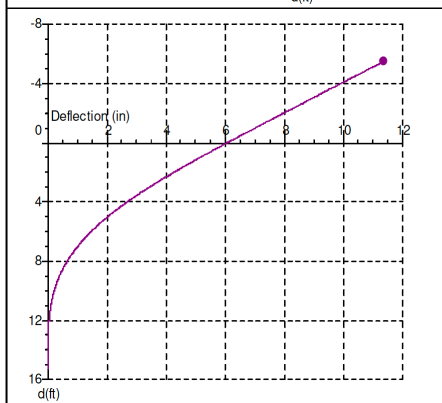
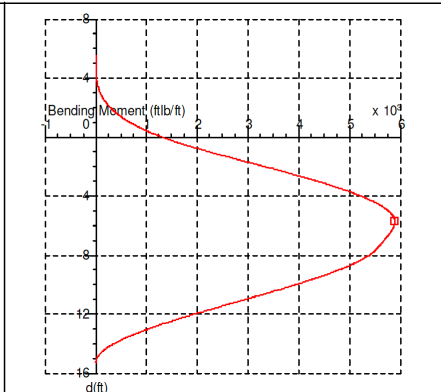
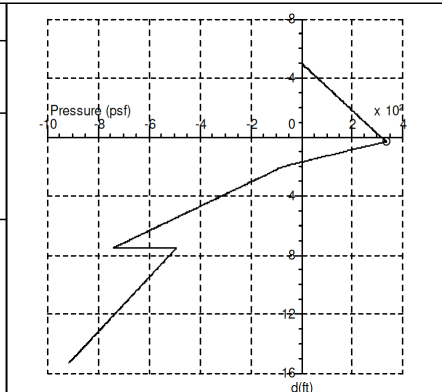
Page: 2  
 Date: 9.9.22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.7  
 Toe: Cantilever

Input Data											
Depth Of Excavation = 0.30 ft			Depth Of Active Water = +5.00 ft			Water Density = 62.43 pcf					
Surcharge = 0.0 psf			Depth Of Passive Water = 2.00 ft			Minimum Fluid Density = 31.82 pcf					
Soil Profile											
Depth (ft)	Soil Name	$\gamma$ (pcf)	$\gamma'$ (pcf)	C (psf)	$C_u$ (psf)	$\phi$ (°)	$\delta$ (°)	$K_a$	$K_{ac}$	$K_p$	$K_{pc}$
0.00	Levee Material	110.00	47.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.35	0.00	2.90	0.00
7.50	Young Bay Mud	90.00	27.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.00	2.40	0.00
Solution											
Sheet											
Sheet Name	I (in <sup>4</sup> /ft)	E (psi)	Z (in <sup>2</sup> /ft)	f (psi)	Maximum Bending Moment (ft-lb/ft)	Upstand (ft)	Toe (ft)	Pile Length (ft)			
EverComp 26.1 FRP	52.00	1.9E+06	13.00	29000.1	31416.8	5.50	15.00	20.80			
Maxima											
	Maximum	Depth									
Bending Moment	5890.2 ft-lb/ft	5.71 ft									
Deflection	11.3 in	-5.50 ft									
Pressure	335.9 psf	0.30 ft									
Shear Force	1112.8 lb/ft	1.69 ft									



Page: 3  
 Date: 9.9.22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.7  
 Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
○ 335.9 psf	0.30
□ 5890.2 lb/ft	5.71
◇ 1112.8 lb/ft	1.69
● 11.3 in	-5.50

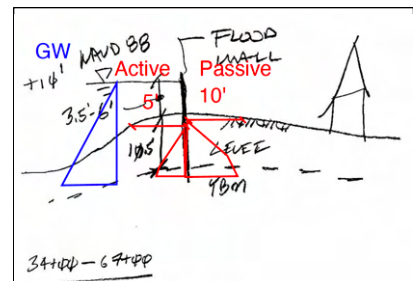


Page: 4  
 Date: 9.9.22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.7  
 Toe: Cantilever

depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ft-lb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ft-lb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ft-lb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)
0.00	312.2	1305.8	6.0	786.8	5.15	-455.5	5810.5	1.9	272.4	10.29	-643.6	3664.4	0.2	-444.0
0.14	324.1	1417.3	5.9	831.1	5.28	-470.3	5840.6	1.8	216.4	10.43	-651.1	3528.2	0.1	-450.0
0.27	333.7	1519.8	5.8	871.1	5.42	-487.1	5866.5	1.8	150.1	10.56	-658.7	3390.3	0.1	-455.0
0.41	309.3	1643.0	5.7	916.0	5.55	-503.9	5883.2	1.7	81.6	10.70	-666.2	3251.1	0.1	-458.9
0.54	276.1	1772.1	5.5	956.3	5.69	-520.8	5890.0	1.6	10.7	10.83	-673.8	3110.9	0.1	-461.7
0.68	242.8	1906.5	5.4	992.0	5.82	-537.6	5887.2	1.5	-19.4	10.97	-681.3	2970.0	0.1	-463.5
0.81	209.5	2045.6	5.3	1023.1	5.96	-554.4	5877.8	1.5	-39.4	11.10	-688.0	2846.4	0.1	-464.2
0.95	180.4	2170.6	5.2	1046.5	6.09	-569.2	5864.9	1.4	-54.9	11.24	-695.5	2705.1	0.1	-464.1
1.08	147.1	2316.6	5.1	1068.9	6.23	-586.0	5845.5	1.3	-70.5	11.37	-703.1	2564.0	0.1	-462.9
1.22	113.9	2465.5	4.9	1086.7	6.36	-602.8	5821.7	1.3	-83.8	11.51	-710.6	2423.5	0.1	-460.6
1.35	80.6	2616.6	4.8	1099.9	6.50	-619.7	5794.3	1.2	-94.7	11.64	-718.2	2283.8	0.0	-457.3
1.49	47.3	2769.2	4.7	1108.5	6.63	-636.5	5763.9	1.2	-103.3	11.78	-724.8	2162.5	0.0	-453.6
1.62	14.1	2922.7	4.6	1112.5	6.77	-651.2	5735.5	1.1	-108.9	11.92	-732.3	2025.3	0.0	-448.3
1.76	-15.0	3057.3	4.5	1112.4	6.91	-668.0	5701.6	1.0	-113.1	12.05	-739.9	1889.9	0.0	-442.0
1.90	-48.3	3210.8	4.3	1108.3	7.04	-684.9	5666.8	1.0	-115.0	12.19	-747.4	1756.5	0.0	-434.6
2.03	-76.8	3363.6	4.2	1099.6	7.18	-701.7	5631.8	0.9	-114.5	12.32	-755.0	1625.6	0.0	-426.2
2.17	-93.7	3514.9	4.1	1087.9	7.31	-718.5	5597.4	0.9	-111.7	12.46	-761.6	1513.3	0.0	-418.0
2.30	-110.5	3664.4	4.0	1073.9	7.45	-733.3	5568.2	0.8	-107.4	12.59	-769.2	1387.8	0.0	-407.7
2.44	-125.2	3793.6	3.9	1059.8	7.58	-749.3	5535.0	0.8	-117.7	12.73	-776.7	1265.6	0.0	-396.2
2.57	-142.1	3939.0	3.8	1041.4	7.72	-763.8	5494.6	0.7	-144.2	12.86	-784.3	1147.1	0.0	-383.8
2.71	-158.9	4081.7	3.7	1020.7	7.85	-775.4	5446.4	0.7	-169.5	13.00	-791.8	1032.6	0.0	-370.3
2.84	-175.7	4221.5	3.5	997.6	7.99	-789.9	5390.6	0.6	-193.9	13.13	-799.4	922.3	0.0	-355.7
2.98	-192.5	4357.8	3.4	972.2	8.12	-802.6	5335.8	0.6	-214.3	13.27	-806.0	829.6	0.0	-342.1
3.11	-207.3	4474.2	3.3	948.1	8.26	-813.1	5266.7	0.6	-236.6	13.40	-813.5	728.3	0.0	-325.6
3.25	-224.1	4603.5	3.2	918.3	8.39	-821.7	5191.0	0.5	-258.0	13.54	-821.1	632.1	0.0	-308.0
3.38	-240.9	4728.5	3.1	886.2	8.53	-828.2	5109.0	0.5	-278.2	13.68	-828.6	541.5	0.0	-289.4
3.52	-257.8	4849.0	3.0	851.8	8.67	-835.8	5021.0	0.5	-297.4	13.81	-836.2	456.8	0.0	-269.7
3.66	-274.6	4964.5	2.9	815.0	8.80	-843.3	4927.3	0.4	-315.6	13.95	-842.8	387.6	0.0	-251.7
3.79	-291.4	5074.8	2.8	775.9	8.94	-849.9	4840.9	0.4	-330.7	14.08	-850.4	314.7	0.0	-230.0
3.93	-306.2	5166.8	2.7	739.8	9.07	-857.5	4737.4	0.4	-346.9	14.22	-857.9	248.5	0.0	-207.4
4.06	-323.0	5266.5	2.6	696.3	9.21	-865.0	4629.2	0.3	-362.0	14.35	-865.5	189.4	0.0	-183.6
4.20	-339.8	5360.0	2.5	650.5	9.34	-872.6	4516.6	0.3	-376.1	14.49	-873.0	137.7	0.0	-158.9
4.33	-356.7	5447.0	2.4	602.4	9.48	-880.1	4399.8	0.3	-389.2	14.62	-879.6	98.8	0.0	-136.3
4.47	-373.5	5527.3	2.3	551.9	9.61	-887.2	4294.5	0.3	-399.8	14.76	-887.2	61.9	0.0	-109.6
4.60	-388.2	5591.6	2.3	505.8	9.75	-894.3	4170.9	0.2	-410.9	14.89	-894.7	33.2	0.0	-81.8
4.74	-405.0	5658.3	2.2	451.0	9.88	-902.9	4044.0	0.2	-420.9	15.03	-902.3	13.3	0.0	-53.0
4.87	-421.9	5717.2	2.1	393.8	10.02	-909.4	3914.3	0.2	-429.9	15.16	-909.8	2.2	0.0	-23.1
5.01	-438.7	5768.0	2.0	334.3	10.15	-917.0	3782.0	0.2	-437.9	15.30	-916.4	0.0	0.0	0.0



Stations: 34+00 to 67+00



Stations: 30+50 to 44+50

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged](pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp			
3	Levee Material (Above GWT)	5	0.5	110	47.6	110	0.32	3.1	5.5		0.5
4	Levee Material (Below GWT)	17	-11.5	110	47.6	47.6	0.35	2.9			
5	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

Stations: 44+50 to 70+00

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged](pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp			
3	Levee Material	10.5	-3.2	110	47.6	47.6	0.36	2.8	7.3		5.3
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

Stations: 70+00 to 85+00

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerged](pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Drained		Surface Elev. (ft)	GWT Depth	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2							Ka	Kp			
3	Levee Material	7.5	0.9	110	47.6	110	0.31	3.3	8.4		0.9
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

(Use more conservative parameters of the above two)

2		(Depth, ft)	MSL, ft)	Weight (pcf)	](pcf)	(pcf)	Ka	Kp	Elev. (ft)	2	(MSL, ft)
3	Levee Material	10.5	-3.2	110	47.6	47.6	0.36	2.8	7.3		5.3
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			





SPW911, v2.40-Input parameters

(ft) 0.00 Levee Material 10.50 Young Bay Mud	Pressure Model <input checked="" type="radio"/> Rankine <input type="radio"/> Coulomb <input type="radio"/> Terzaghi
Selected Layer Name: Levee Material	m: 1.0 a: 0.4
d: 0.00 ft $\gamma$ : 110.00 pcf $\gamma'$ : 47.60 pcf C: 0.0 psf $C_a$ : 0.0 psf $\phi$ : 0.0 ° $\delta$ : 0.0 ° $K_a$ : 0.36 $K_{ac}$ : 0.00 $K_p$ : 2.80 $K_{pc}$ : 0.00	Cohesive Soils (Min. Press.) <input checked="" type="radio"/> Minimum Fluid Head <input type="radio"/> Tension Cracks <input type="radio"/> Full Hydrostatic Head <input type="checkbox"/> Show t: 3.28 ft
	Passive Softening <input type="checkbox"/> Apply t: 3.28 ft

(ft) 0.00 Levee Material 10.50 Young Bay Mud	Pressure Model <input checked="" type="radio"/> Rankine <input type="radio"/> Coulomb <input type="radio"/> Terzaghi
Selected Layer Name: Young Bay Mud	m: 1.0 a: 0.4
d: 10.50 ft $\gamma$ : 90.00 pcf $\gamma'$ : 27.60 pcf C: 0.0 psf $C_a$ : 0.0 psf $\phi$ : 0.0 ° $\delta$ : 0.0 ° $K_a$ : 0.42 $K_{ac}$ : 0.00 $K_p$ : 2.40 $K_{pc}$ : 0.00	Cohesive Soils (Min. Press.) <input checked="" type="radio"/> Minimum Fluid Head <input type="radio"/> Tension Cracks <input type="radio"/> Full Hydrostatic Head <input type="checkbox"/> Show t: 3.28 ft
	Passive Softening <input type="checkbox"/> Apply t: 3.28 ft

Depth: 0.30 ft
Active Water Depth: -6.00 ft
Passive Water Depth: 2.00 ft
Surcharge: 0.0 psf
Water Density: 62.43 pcf
Minimum Fluid Density: 31.82 pcf

Sheet Name: EverComp 26.1 FRP	Z: 13.00 in <sup>2</sup> /ft
I: 52.00 in <sup>4</sup> /ft	Stress: 29000.1 psi
E: 1.9E+06 psi	Max. Bending Moment: 31416.8 ftlb/ft
	Max. Allowed Deflection: 2.0 in
Penetration <input type="radio"/> Free Earth <input type="radio"/> Fixed Earth <input type="radio"/> Defined FOS <input checked="" type="radio"/> Manual <input type="checkbox"/> Rules of thumb	Miscellaneous Upstand: 6.50 ft Toe: 18.00 ft FOS: 1.5 R: 1.00 Passive Soil Factors $K_p$ : +1.0 $C$ : +1.0



Analysis Results

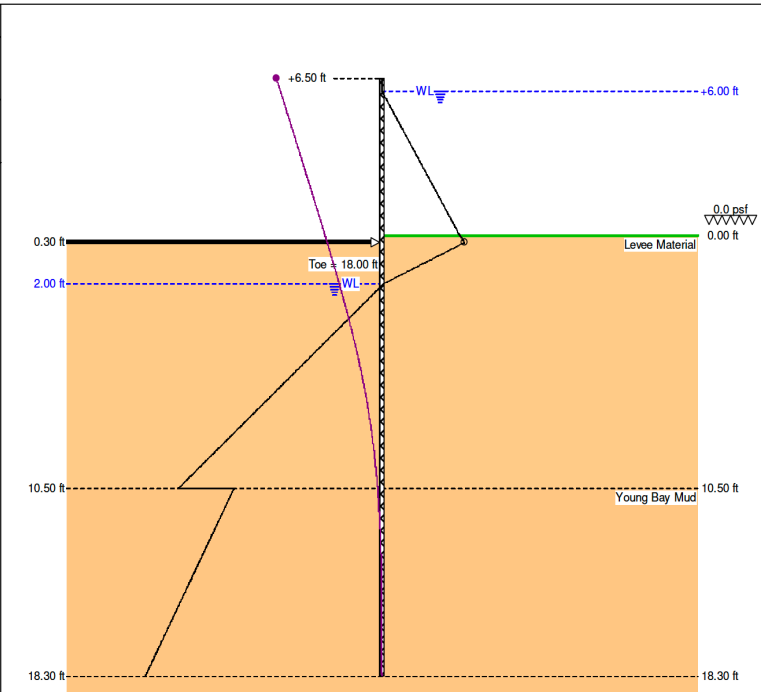
Page: 1  
 Date: 9.9.22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.6  
 Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
○ 398.5 psf	0.30
● 29.0 in	-6.50

Page: 1  
 Date: 9.9.22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.6  
 Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
○ 398.5 psf	0.30
● 29.0 in	-6.50

**See analysis below, with two sheetpiles installed in parallel.**



Page: 2  
 Date: 9.9.22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.6  
 Toe: Cantilever

**Input Data**

Depth Of Excavation = 0.30 ft    Depth Of Active Water = +6.00 ft    Water Density = 62.43 pcf  
 Surcharge = 0.0 psf    Depth Of Passive Water = 2.00 ft    Minimum Fluid Density = 31.82 pcf

**Soil Profile**

Depth (ft)	Soil Name	$\gamma$ (pcf)	$\gamma'$ (pcf)	C (psf)	$C_u$ (psf)	$\phi$ (°)	$\delta$ (°)	$K_a$	$K_{ac}$	$K_p$	$K_{pc}$
0.00	Levee Material	110.00	47.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.36	0.00	2.80	0.00
10.50	Young Bay Mud	90.00	27.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.00	2.40	0.00

**Solution**

Sheet

Sheet Name	I (in <sup>4</sup> /ft)	E (psi)	Z (in <sup>3</sup> /ft)	f (psi)	Maximum Bending Moment (ftlb/ft)	Upstand (ft)	Toe (ft)	Pile Length (ft)
EverComp 26.1 FRP	52.00	1.9E+06	13.00	29000.1	31416.8	6.50	18.00	24.80

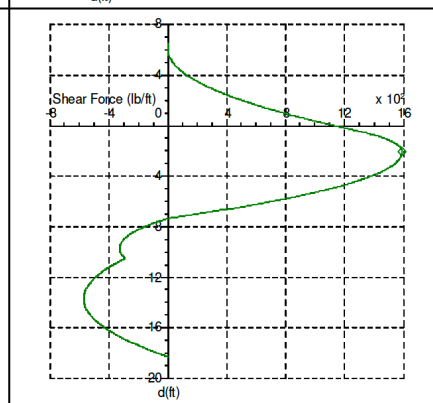
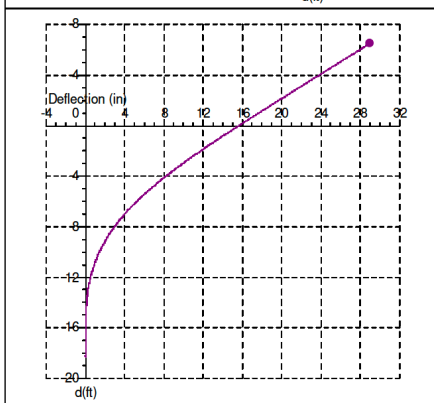
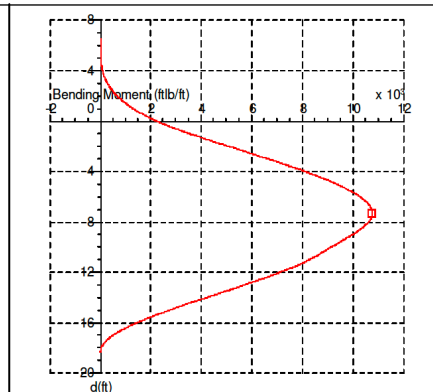
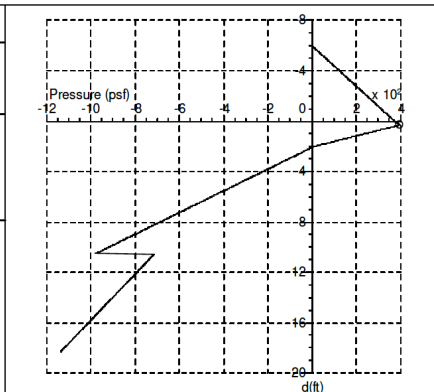
**Maxima**

	Maximum	Depth
Bending Moment	10770.6 ftlb/ft	7.33 ft
Deflection	29.0 in	-6.50 ft
Pressure	398.5 psf	0.30 ft
Shear Force	1587.6 lb/ft	2.08 ft



Page: 3  
 Date: 9.9.22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.6  
 Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
○ 398.5 psf	0.30
□ 10770.6 ftlb/ft	7.33
◇ 1587.6 lb/ft	2.08
● 29.0 in	-6.50



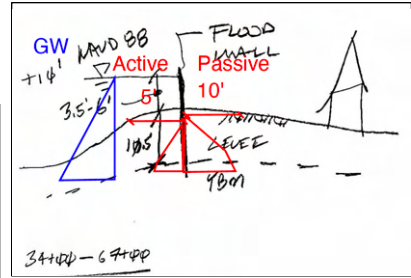
Page: 4  
 Date: 9.9.22  
 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.6  
 Toe: Cantilever

depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)
0.00	374.6	2251.9	15.6	1131.3	6.15	-474.1	10388.9	5.0	625.0	12.31	-810.4	6653.5	0.4	-519.5
0.16	388.5	2442.9	15.3	1194.6	6.32	-493.3	10486.2	4.8	545.2	12.47	-818.3	6451.3	0.4	-529.8
0.32	389.2	2644.5	15.0	1259.8	6.48	-510.1	10560.4	4.6	472.8	12.63	-827.3	6215.6	0.4	-540.3
0.49	351.4	2856.7	14.6	1320.7	6.64	-529.3	10632.2	4.4	387.1	12.79	-836.3	5975.7	0.3	-549.2
0.65	318.3	3050.2	14.3	1368.8	6.80	-548.5	10689.6	4.2	298.2	12.96	-845.4	5732.3	0.3	-556.6
0.81	280.6	3279.5	14.0	1417.9	6.96	-567.7	10732.2	4.0	206.1	13.12	-854.4	5486.0	0.3	-562.5
0.97	242.8	3516.4	13.7	1460.8	7.13	-586.9	10759.4	3.8	110.9	13.28	-863.4	5237.4	0.2	-566.9
1.13	205.0	3759.9	13.4	1497.4	7.29	-606.1	10770.3	3.7	12.5	13.44	-871.4	5018.6	0.2	-569.6
1.30	167.3	4009.0	13.1	1527.8	7.45	-622.9	10764.1	3.5	-33.4	13.60	-880.4	4767.6	0.2	-571.2
1.46	129.5	4262.7	12.7	1552.0	7.61	-642.1	10739.0	3.3	-75.2	13.77	-889.4	4516.3	0.2	-571.3
1.62	96.5	4487.6	12.5	1568.0	7.77	-661.3	10696.3	3.2	-113.8	13.93	-898.5	4265.3	0.1	-570.0
1.78	58.7	4747.1	12.1	1580.4	7.94	-680.5	10637.3	3.0	-149.2	14.09	-907.5	4015.2	0.1	-567.1
1.94	20.9	5008.1	11.8	1586.6	8.10	-699.7	10563.6	2.9	-181.4	14.25	-916.5	3766.8	0.1	-562.8
2.11	-3.6	5269.8	11.5	1587.5	8.26	-718.9	10476.6	2.7	-210.5	14.41	-924.4	3551.3	0.1	-557.8
2.27	-22.8	5531.4	11.2	1585.6	8.42	-735.7	10390.5	2.6	-233.3	14.58	-933.5	3307.7	0.1	-550.6
2.43	-42.0	5792.4	10.9	1580.4	8.58	-754.9	10282.0	2.4	-256.4	14.74	-942.5	3067.6	0.1	-542.0
2.59	-58.8	6019.9	10.6	1573.3	8.75	-774.1	10164.2	2.3	-276.3	14.90	-951.5	2831.7	0.1	-531.8
2.75	-78.0	6278.5	10.3	1562.2	8.91	-793.3	10038.4	2.2	-293.1	15.06	-960.6	2600.6	0.0	-520.2
2.92	-97.2	6535.0	10.0	1547.9	9.07	-812.5	9906.0	2.1	-306.7	15.22	-969.6	2375.0	0.0	-507.1
3.08	-116.4	6789.0	9.8	1530.4	9.23	-831.7	9768.4	1.9	-317.1	15.38	-977.5	2182.6	0.0	-494.4
3.24	-135.6	7039.8	9.5	1509.8	9.39	-850.9	9627.1	1.8	-324.3	15.55	-986.6	1969.0	0.0	-478.4
3.40	-154.8	7287.0	9.2	1486.0	9.55	-867.7	9501.3	1.7	-328.0	15.71	-995.6	1762.8	0.0	-461.0
3.56	-171.6	7499.9	8.9	1462.5	9.72	-886.9	9356.6	1.6	-329.3	15.87	-1004.6	1564.7	0.0	-442.1
3.72	-190.8	7738.9	8.7	1432.8	9.88	-906.1	9212.1	1.5	-327.4	16.03	-1013.7	1375.2	0.0	-421.7
3.89	-210.0	7972.8	8.4	1399.8	10.04	-925.3	9069.3	1.4	-322.4	16.19	-1022.7	1195.1	0.0	-399.8
4.05	-229.2	8201.0	8.1	1363.7	10.20	-944.5	8929.4	1.3	-314.1	16.36	-1030.6	1045.7	0.0	-379.4
4.21	-248.4	8423.0	7.8	1324.4	10.36	-963.7	8793.9	1.2	-302.7	16.52	-1039.6	884.8	0.0	-354.7
4.37	-267.6	8638.3	7.6	1282.0	10.53	-982.9	8679.8	1.1	-295.7	16.68	-1048.7	735.2	0.0	-328.5
4.53	-284.4	8820.8	7.3	1242.2	10.69	-1002.1	8542.8	1.1	-323.7	16.84	-1057.7	597.5	0.0	-300.8
4.70	-303.6	9022.1	7.1	1193.8	10.85	-1021.3	8393.8	1.0	-350.1	17.00	-1066.7	472.4	0.0	-271.7
4.86	-322.8	9215.2	6.8	1142.2	11.01	-1039.2	8233.6	0.9	-375.1	17.17	-1075.8	360.4	0.0	-241.0
5.02	-342.0	9399.6	6.6	1087.4	11.17	-1057.2	8062.8	0.8	-398.6	17.33	-1083.7	273.8	0.0	-212.9
5.18	-361.2	9574.7	6.3	1029.5	11.34	-1075.3	7882.0	0.8	-420.5	17.49	-1092.7	188.4	0.0	-179.4
5.34	-380.5	9740.1	6.1	968.4	11.50	-1093.4	7716.1	0.7	-438.6	17.65	-1101.8	118.1	0.0	-144.5
5.51	-397.3	9876.3	5.9	912.3	11.66	-1111.5	7518.4	0.6	-457.7	17.81	-1110.8	63.5	0.0	-108.0
5.67	-416.5	10021.9	5.7	845.2	11.82	-1129.6	7312.7	0.6	-475.4	17.98	-1119.8	25.3	0.0	-70.0
5.83	-435.7	10156.2	5.4	775.0	11.98	-1147.7	7099.5	0.5	-491.6	18.14	-1128.9	4.2	0.0	-30.6
5.99	-454.9	10278.7	5.2	701.6	12.15	-1165.8	6879.6	0.5	-506.3	18.30	-1136.8	0.0	0.0	0.0



**Stations: 34+00 to 67+00**

*With double EverComp 26.1 sheetpiles installed in parallel*



Sheet Name: **2-EverComp 26.1 FRP** Z: **26.00** in<sup>2</sup>/ft  
 I: **104.00** in<sup>4</sup>/ft Stress: **25000.0** psi  
 E: **3.5E+06** psi Max. Bending Moment: **54166.7** ftlb/ft  
 Max. Allowed Deflection: **2.0** in

Penetration

Free Earth  
 Fixed Earth  
 Defined FOS  
 Manual  
 Rules of thumb

Miscellaneous

Upstand: **6.50** ft  
 Toe: **18.00** ft  
 FOS: **1.5**  
 R: **1.00**

Passive Soil Factors

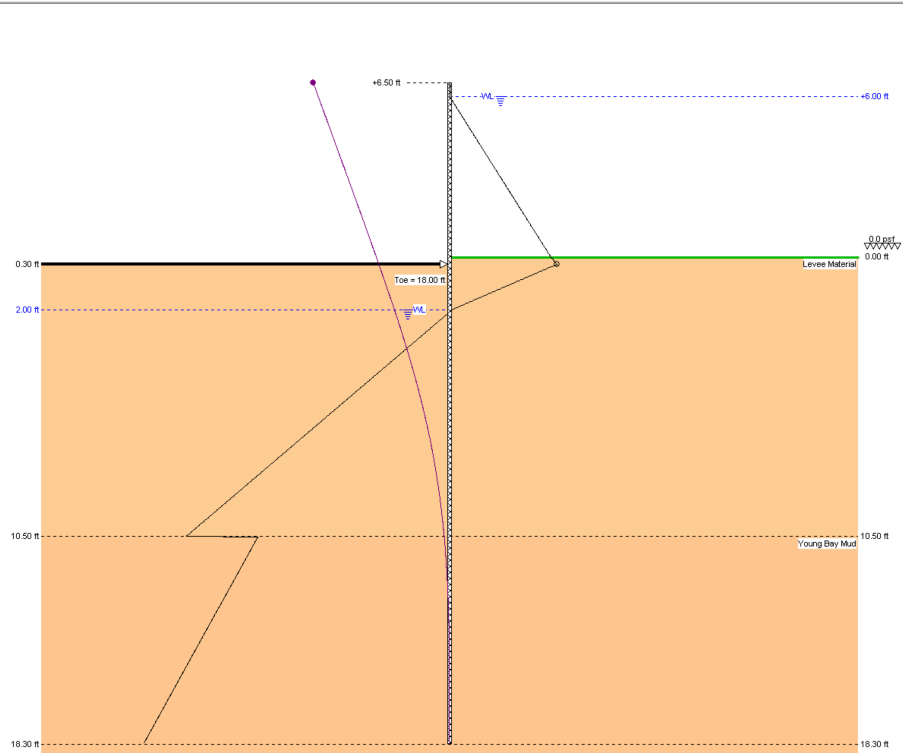
K<sub>p</sub>: **±1.0** C: **±1.0**

Page: 1  
 Date: 9.12.22  
 Sheet: 2-EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.5  
 Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
398.5 psf	0.30
7.9 in	-6.50

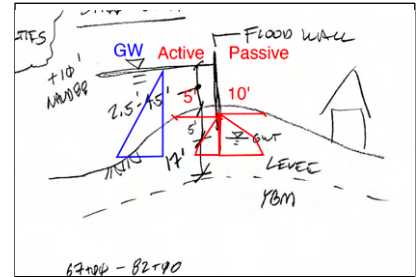
Page: 1  
 Date: 9.12.22  
 Sheet: 2-EverComp 26.1 FRP  
 Pressure: Rankine  
 FOS: 1.5  
 Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
398.5 psf	0.30
7.9 in	-6.50





Stations: 67+00 to 82+00



Stations: 70+00 to 85+00

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1							Drained			GWT Depth	
	Layer	Bottom of Layer (Depth, ft)	Bottom of Layer (Elev. MSL, ft)	Total Unit Weight (pcf)	Effective Unit Weight [submerge d](pcf)	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Ka	Kp	Surface Elev. (ft)	7.5	Groundwater Elevation (MSL, ft)
2											
3	Levee Material	7.5	0.9	110	47.6	110	0.31	3.3	8.4		0.9
4	YBM	-	-	90	27.6	27.6	0.42	2.4			

**SPW911, v2.40-Input parameters**

(ft)

0.00 Levee Material  
15.50 Young Bay Mud

Pressure Model  
 Rankine  
 Coulomb  
 Terzaghi

Selected Layer  
Name: Levee Material

d: 0.00 ft  
 $\gamma$ : 110.00 pcf  $\gamma'$ : 47.60 pcf  
 C: 0.0 psf  $C_a$ : 0.0 psf  
 $\phi$ : 0.0°  $\delta$ : 0.0°  
 $K_a$ : 0.31  $K_{ac}$ : 0.00  
 $K_p$ : 3.30  $K_{pc}$ : 0.00

m: 1.0 a: 0.4

Cohesive Soils (Min. Press.)  
 Minimum Fluid Head  
 Tension Cracks  
 Full Hydrostatic Head

Show t: 3.28 ft

Passive Softening  
 Apply t: 3.28 ft

(ft)

0.00 Levee Material  
15.50 Young Bay Mud

Pressure Model  
 Rankine  
 Coulomb  
 Terzaghi

Selected Layer  
Name: Young Bay Mud

d: 15.50 ft  
 $\gamma$ : 90.00 pcf  $\gamma'$ : 27.60 pcf  
 C: 0.0 psf  $C_a$ : 0.0 psf  
 $\phi$ : 0.0°  $\delta$ : 0.0°  
 $K_a$ : 0.42  $K_{ac}$ : 0.00  
 $K_p$ : 2.40  $K_{pc}$ : 0.00

m: 1.0 a: 0.4

Cohesive Soils (Min. Press.)  
 Minimum Fluid Head  
 Tension Cracks  
 Full Hydrostatic Head

Show t: 3.28 ft

Passive Softening  
 Apply t: 3.28 ft





Depth:  ft

Active Water Depth:  ft

Passive Water Depth:  ft

Surcharge:  psf

---

Water Density:  pcf

Minimum Fluid Density:  pcf

Sheet Name:  Z:  in<sup>2</sup>/ft

I:  in<sup>4</sup>/ft Stress:  psi

E:  psi Max. Bending Moment:  ftlb/ft

Max. Allowed Deflection:  in

Penetration:

- Free Earth
- Fixed Earth
- Defined FOS
- Manual

Rules of thumb

Miscellaneous:

Upstand:  ft

Toe:  ft

FOS:

R:

Passive Soil Factors:

K<sub>p</sub>:  C:

### Analysis Results

Page: 1  
Date: 9.9.22

Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
Pressure: Rankine  
FOS: 1.5  
Toe: Cantilever

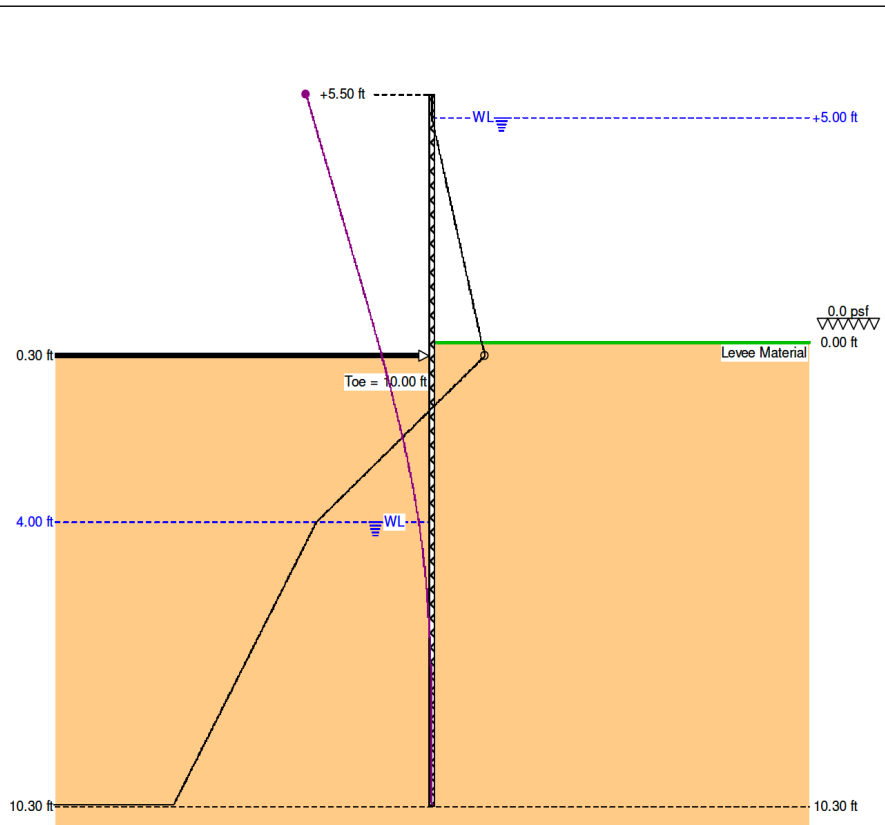
Maximum	d (ft)
○ 335.3 psf	0.30
● 4.9 in	-5.50



Page: 1  
Date: 9.9.22

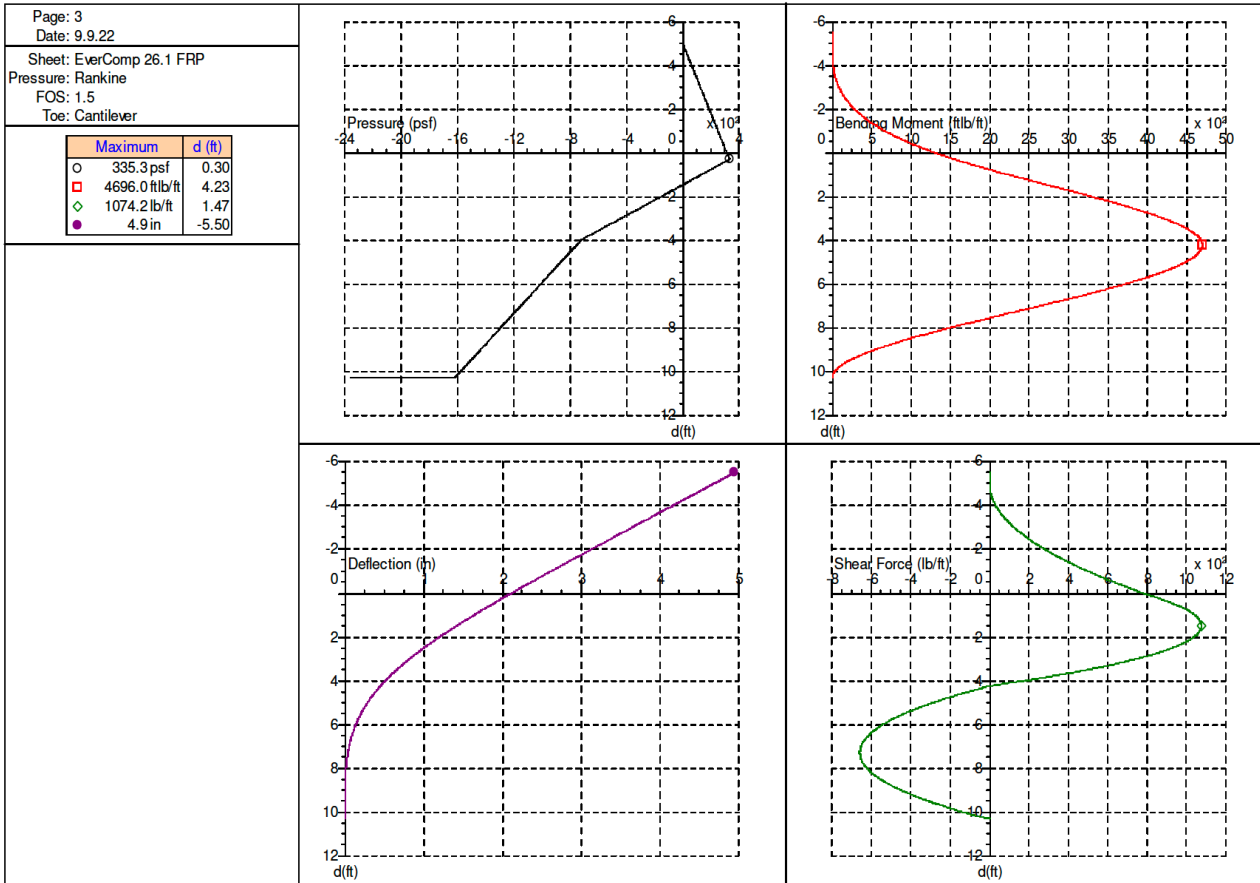
Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP  
Pressure: Rankine  
FOS: 1.5  
Toe: Cantilever

Maximum	d (ft)
○ 335.3 psf	0.30
● 4.9 in	-5.50





Page: 2 Date: 9.9.22 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP Pressure: Rankine FOS: 1.5 Toe: Cantilever	<b>Input Data</b>												
	Depth Of Excavation = 0.30 ft		Depth Of Active Water = +5.00 ft		Water Density = 62.43 pcf								
	Surcharge = 0.0 psf		Depth Of Passive Water = 4.00 ft		Minimum Fluid Density = 31.82 pcf								
	Soil Profile												
<b>Depth (ft)</b>		<b>Soil Name</b>		<b><math>\gamma</math> (pcf)</b>	<b><math>\gamma'</math> (pcf)</b>	<b>C (psf)</b>	<b><math>C_a</math> (psf)</b>	<b><math>\phi</math> (°)</b>	<b><math>\delta</math> (°)</b>	<b><math>K_a</math></b>	<b><math>K_{ac}</math></b>	<b><math>K_p</math></b>	<b><math>K_{pc}</math></b>
0.00		Levee Material		110.00	47.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.31	0.00	3.30	0.00
15.50		Young Bay Mud		90.00	27.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.42	0.00	2.40	0.00
<b>Solution</b>													
Sheet													
<b>Sheet Name</b>		<b>I (in<sup>4</sup>/ft)</b>	<b>E (psi)</b>	<b>Z (in<sup>3</sup>/ft)</b>	<b>f (psi)</b>	<b>Maximum Bending Moment (ftlb/ft)</b>	<b>Upstand (ft)</b>	<b>Toe (ft)</b>	<b>Pile Length (ft)</b>				
EverComp 26.1 FRP		52.00	1.9E+06	13.00	29000.1	31416.8	5.50	10.00	15.80				
Maxima													
	<b>Maximum</b>	<b>Depth</b>											
Bending Moment	4696.0 ftlb/ft	4.23 ft											
Deflection	4.9 in	-5.50 ft											
Pressure	335.3 psf	0.30 ft											
Shear Force	1074.2 lb/ft	1.47 ft											





Calculation Sheet

Subject: **Prelim. Structural Calculations**  
 Project Name: **Flood Wall**  
 Project Location: **Santa Venetia, Marin County, CA**

Project No.: **1511-4222S**  
 By: DA Checked By: DA  
 Page 52 of 52  
 Date: **September 8, 2022**

Page: 4 Date: 9.9.22 Sheet: EverComp 26.1 FRP Pressure: Rankine FOS: 1.5 Toe: Cantilever						depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)	depth (ft)	P (psf)	M (ftlb/ft)	D (in)	F (lb/ft)
0.00	312.2	1299.6	2.1	783.6	3.46	-569.7	4490.5	0.7	510.1	6.93	-1139.1	2733.2	0.1	-649.3						
0.09	319.6	1372.7	2.1	812.7	3.55	-596.1	4535.2	0.6	456.6	7.02	-1152.3	2627.4	0.0	-653.1						
0.18	326.7	1448.6	2.0	842.6	3.65	-622.4	4575.0	0.6	400.6	7.11	-1165.4	2521.0	0.0	-655.8						
0.27	333.8	1527.2	2.0	873.0	3.74	-648.8	4609.5	0.6	342.2	7.20	-1178.5	2414.4	0.0	-657.2						
0.36	314.6	1608.6	1.9	903.1	3.83	-675.1	4638.6	0.6	281.4	7.29	-1191.6	2307.6	0.0	-657.4						
0.46	288.3	1692.7	1.9	930.7	3.92	-701.5	4662.0	0.5	218.1	7.38	-1204.7	2200.9	0.0	-656.5						
0.55	261.9	1779.3	1.8	955.9	4.01	-725.0	4679.5	0.5	152.4	7.47	-1217.9	2094.4	0.0	-654.3						
0.64	235.6	1868.0	1.8	978.7	4.10	-738.1	4690.8	0.5	85.1	7.57	-1231.0	1988.4	0.0	-650.9						
0.73	209.3	1958.8	1.8	999.0	4.19	-751.2	4696.0	0.5	16.5	7.66	-1244.1	1883.1	0.0	-646.3						
0.82	182.9	2051.3	1.7	1016.9	4.28	-764.4	4694.0	0.4	-28.2	7.75	-1257.2	1778.7	0.0	-640.5						
0.91	160.3	2131.9	1.7	1030.3	4.38	-777.5	4685.9	0.4	-66.6	7.84	-1270.3	1675.3	0.0	-633.5						
1.00	134.0	2227.1	1.6	1043.7	4.47	-788.7	4674.0	0.4	-98.5	7.93	-1283.4	1573.1	0.0	-625.2						
1.09	107.7	2323.4	1.6	1054.7	4.56	-801.8	4654.6	0.4	-134.7	8.02	-1294.7	1486.7	0.0	-617.2						
1.18	81.3	2420.7	1.5	1063.2	4.65	-814.9	4629.5	0.4	-169.6	8.11	-1307.8	1387.4	0.0	-606.8						
1.28	55.0	2518.7	1.5	1069.3	4.74	-828.1	4598.8	0.3	-203.4	8.20	-1320.9	1289.9	0.0	-595.1						
1.37	28.6	2617.1	1.5	1073.0	4.83	-841.2	4562.7	0.3	-235.9	8.29	-1334.0	1194.4	0.0	-582.2						
1.46	2.3	2715.8	1.4	1074.2	4.92	-854.3	4521.5	0.3	-267.2	8.39	-1347.2	1101.2	0.0	-568.1						
1.55	-24.1	2814.5	1.4	1073.4	5.01	-867.4	4475.3	0.3	-297.4	8.48	-1360.3	1010.3	0.0	-552.8						
1.64	-50.4	2913.0	1.3	1070.1	5.10	-880.5	4424.3	0.3	-326.3	8.57	-1373.4	922.0	0.0	-536.3						
1.73	-76.7	3011.1	1.3	1064.4	5.20	-893.7	4368.7	0.2	-354.0	8.66	-1386.5	836.6	0.0	-518.5						
1.82	-103.1	3108.6	1.3	1056.3	5.29	-906.8	4308.7	0.2	-380.4	8.75	-1399.6	754.1	0.0	-499.6						
1.91	-129.4	3205.3	1.2	1045.8	5.38	-919.9	4244.5	0.2	-405.7	8.84	-1412.7	674.8	0.0	-479.4						
2.01	-155.8	3300.9	1.2	1032.8	5.47	-933.0	4176.4	0.2	-429.8	8.93	-1425.9	598.9	0.0	-458.1						
2.10	-178.4	3381.8	1.2	1019.7	5.56	-946.1	4104.4	0.2	-452.7	9.02	-1439.0	526.5	0.0	-435.5						
2.19	-204.7	3474.9	1.1	1002.3	5.65	-957.4	4039.9	0.2	-471.3	9.12	-1452.1	458.0	0.0	-411.8						
2.28	-231.0	3566.2	1.1	982.4	5.74	-970.5	3961.4	0.2	-491.9	9.21	-1463.3	402.4	0.0	-390.4						
2.37	-257.4	3655.6	1.0	960.0	5.83	-983.6	3879.7	0.2	-511.3	9.30	-1476.5	341.4	0.0	-364.4						
2.46	-283.7	3742.9	1.0	935.3	5.92	-996.7	3794.9	0.1	-529.5	9.39	-1489.6	284.7	0.0	-337.2						
2.55	-310.1	3827.7	1.0	908.1	6.02	-1009.8	3707.3	0.1	-546.5	9.48	-1502.7	232.5	0.0	-308.7						
2.64	-336.4	3910.0	0.9	878.4	6.11	-1023.0	3617.1	0.1	-562.3	9.57	-1515.8	185.1	0.0	-279.1						
2.73	-362.8	3989.5	0.9	846.4	6.20	-1036.1	3524.4	0.1	-576.8	9.66	-1528.9	142.7	0.0	-248.2						
2.83	-389.1	4066.0	0.9	811.9	6.29	-1049.2	3429.4	0.1	-590.2	9.75	-1542.0	105.3	0.0	-216.2						
2.92	-415.4	4139.1	0.8	775.0	6.38	-1062.3	3332.4	0.1	-602.4	9.84	-1555.2	73.2	0.0	-182.9						
3.01	-441.8	4208.8	0.8	735.7	6.47	-1075.4	3233.6	0.1	-613.3	9.94	-1568.3	46.7	0.0	-148.4						
3.10	-468.1	4274.8	0.8	693.9	6.56	-1088.5	3133.0	0.1	-623.0	10.03	-1581.4	25.9	0.0	-112.7						
3.19	-494.5	4336.9	0.7	649.8	6.65	-1101.7	3031.0	0.1	-631.6	10.12	-1594.5	11.0	0.0	-75.8						
3.28	-517.1	4386.7	0.7	609.9	6.75	-1114.8	2927.7	0.1	-638.9	10.21	-1607.6	2.2	0.0	-37.7						
3.37	-543.4	4440.9	0.7	561.3	6.84	-1126.0	2838.3	0.1	-644.2	10.30	-1620.7	0.0	0.0	0.0						

## **Appendix B**

### Composite Sheet Pile Wall Cost Analysis

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	CONT.	COST
<b>100 GENERAL CONDITIONS</b>						
101	Mobilization	1	LS	\$ 795,000	0	\$ 795,000
102	Traffic Control	1	LS	\$ 57,000	15%	\$ 65,550
103	Water Pollution Control	7	MO	\$ 12,000	15%	\$ 96,600
104	Potholing	1	LS	\$ 17,000	15%	\$ 19,550
105	Temporary Fencing	7,300	LF	\$ 15	15%	\$ 125,925
106	Construction Layout	1	LS	\$ 45,000	15%	\$ 51,750
Subtotal =						\$ 1,154,375
<b>200 EROSION &amp; SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS</b>						
201	Construction Entrance	6	EA	\$ 20,000	15%	\$ 138,000
202	Install and Remove Silt Fence	7,300	LF	\$ 11	15%	\$ 92,345
203	Install Fiber Roll	14,600	LF	\$ 5	15%	\$ 83,950
204	Hydroseed	70,000	SF	\$ 1.25	15%	\$ 100,625
Subtotal =						\$ 414,920
<b>300 DEMOLITION</b>						
301	Clearing and Grubbing	1	LS	\$ 114,000	25%	\$ 142,500
302	Tree Removal (Trunk Dia < 36")	59	EA	\$ 1,500	25%	\$ 110,625
303	Large Tree Removal (Trunk Dia > 36")	3	EA	\$ 7,500	25%	\$ 28,125
304	Planter Box Removal	25	EA	\$ 500	25%	\$ 15,625
305	TRB Removal	6,500	LF	\$ 50	25%	\$ 406,250
306	Side Fence Removal	1,695	LF	\$ 25	15%	\$ 48,731
307	Rear Fence Removal	500	LF	\$ 25	15%	\$ 14,375
308	Soil Export	500	CY	\$ 125	30%	\$ 81,250
309	Soil Spreading	1,500	CY	\$ 55	30%	\$ 107,250
310	Dock Removal	13,500	SF	\$ 15	25%	\$ 253,125
311	Stair Removal	3,945	SF	\$ 50	15%	\$ 226,838
312	Deck Removal	4,500	SF	\$ 15	15%	\$ 77,625
313	Hardscape Removal	1,000	SF	\$ 25	15%	\$ 28,750
314	Electrical System Removal	27	EA	\$ 2,000	15%	\$ 61,525
315	Storm Drain System Removal	27	EA	\$ 1,500	15%	\$ 46,144
316	Water System Removal	37	EA	\$ 1,500	15%	\$ 64,601
317	Misc Removal (Flag Pole, walls, etc)	1	LS	\$ 100,000	15%	\$ 115,000
Subtotal =						\$ 1,828,339
<b>400 FLOOD WALL</b>						
401	Composite Sheet Pile (incl Seal)	84,972	SF	\$ 38	20%	\$ 3,919,098
402	Sheet Pile Cap	7,157	LF	\$ 25	20%	\$ 214,710
403	Timber Reinforced Berm	100	LF	\$ 1,200	20%	\$ 144,000
Subtotal =						\$ 4,277,808



ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT COST	CONT.	COST
<b>500 FENCING &amp; STAIRS</b>						
501	Install Stairs	4,000	SF	\$ 145	15%	\$ 667,000
502	Install Side Fence	1,620	LF	\$ 125	15%	\$ 232,875
503	Install Gates	115	EA	\$ 800	15%	\$ 105,800
504	Install Rear Fence	1,695	LF	\$ 125	15%	\$ 243,656
505	Install Salt Marsh Mouse Ladder	60	EA	\$ 60	15%	\$ 4,140
Subtotal =						\$ 1,253,471
						Subtotal (2022) \$ 9,000,000
						Subtotal (2023) \$ 10,100,000
						Subtotal (2024) \$ 11,000,000
						Subtotal (2025) \$ 11,900,000



## **SANTA VENETIA LEVEE UPGRADE**

BASIS OF DESIGN

AND PROJECT ALTERNATIVES