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Residential Basement Finish

Building Guide for Homeowners

What you need to apply for a building permit:



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1. Submit 2 complete sets of required information.
2. Draw a floor plan with dimensions to scale, showing the layout of the entire basement. Label the use for all of the rooms. Distinguish existing from new and finished from unfinished.
3. Show electrical outlets, smoke detectors, lighting, fans, plumbing modifications, cleanouts, furnace and water heater. Indicate whether equipment is electric or gas.
4. List window sizes and types and identify emergency escape and rescue windows.
5. Identify modifications to the existing structure such as posts, beams and floor joists.
6. Indicate where dropped ceiling areas are less than 7 feet.
7. Show clearance around the tub and fixtures.

Why Do I need a Permit?

There are many important reasons to obtain building permits and to have inspections performed for your construction project.

Protects property values

Your home is typically your largest investment. If your construction project does not comply with the building codes, your investment could lose value. If others in your neighborhood make unsafe or substandard changes to their homes, it could lower the resale values for the entire community.

Saves Money

Homeowners insurance policies may not pay for damages caused by work done without permits and inspections.

Makes Selling Property Easier

Listing associations require owners to disclose any home improvements or repairs and whether permits were obtained. Many financial institutions will not finance a purchase without proof of a final inspection. If you decide to sell a home or building that has had modifications without a permit, you may be required to tear down the addition, leave it unoccupied or do costly repairs.

Improves safety

Your permit allows the building department to inspect for potential hazards and unsafe construction. By ensuring your project meets the minimum building code standards of safety, the building department can reduce the risk of fire, structural collapse and other issues that might result in costly repairs, injuries and even death. Inspections complement the contractor's experience and act as a system of checks and balances that can result in a safer project.

It's the Law

Permits are required by Ordinance. Work without a permit may be subject to removal or other costly remedies.

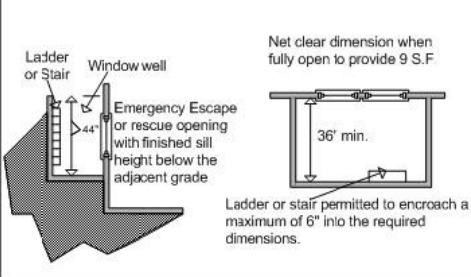
Tips For Hiring Contractors

- ◆ Get at least 3 bids.
- ◆ Get 3 references and ask to see a project.
- ◆ Get it in writing, but before you sign the contract, make sure you completely understand.
- ◆ Do not make final payment until you have received a Certificate of Occupancy (CO) or until final inspections have passed
- ◆ **Have the contractor apply for the required permits.**

Basement Finish Requirements

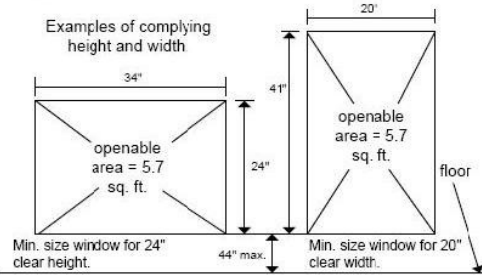
EGRESS WINDOW WELL

Egress window wells must provide a minimum area of 9 S.F. with a minimum dimension of 36" and shall enable the window to open fully. If the depth of the window well exceeds 44", a permanently affixed ladder must be provided. The ladder must not interfere with the window.



Emergency Escape and Rescue Windows must meet the Following criteria:

- A minimum total openable area of not less than 5.7 S.F.
- A minimum clear openable height of 24"
- A minimum clear openable width of not less than 20"
- A finished sill height of not more than 44" above the floor and should be openable from the inside without the use of a key, tools special knowledge or effort.



Emergency Escapes:

All basements and sleeping rooms must have an emergency escape window or exterior door. Emergency escape windows with a sill height below grade must be provided with an emergency escape window as well as a ladder. For details on Emergency escape windows, see Section R310 of the International Residential Code.

Ceiling Heights:

If the finished ceiling will be less than 7', please consult your Building Department.

Smoke Alarms:

Smoke alarms are required in all basements. If the finished basement contains a sleeping room, a smoke alarm must be installed on the ceiling or wall in the sleeping room and in the hallway or area immediately outside of the sleeping room. Smoke alarms added to satisfy the above requirements must be hard-wired with a battery backup and interconnected with existing smoke alarms. Smoke alarms are required to be hardwired and interconnected in new AND existing bedrooms, halls and on each level.

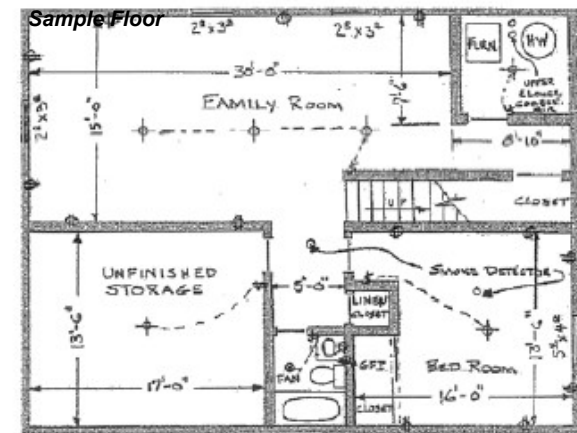
CO Detectors: C/O detectors shall be placed within 15' of entrances of all bedrooms including all floors. Detectors may be battery operated, plug in type or combination smoke/co detectors hard wired into the houses electrical system.

Insulation: R-13

Fuel Burning Appliances:

Furnaces and water heaters cannot be located in a bedroom or bathroom unless appliances are installed in a dedicated enclosure in which all combustion air is taken directly from outdoors and a weather-stripped solid door equipped with an approved self-closing device is installed. If the furnace and water heater are being enclosed, adequate

combustion air must be provided for these appliances



to operate properly. A minimum of 30" clear working space must be provided in front of furnaces and water heaters. Maintenance or removal of each appliance must be possible without removing the other or disturbing walls, piping, valves, wiring and junction boxes.

Fire Blocking:

Fire Blocking must be installed in concealed spaces of wood-furred walls at the ceiling level, at 10' intervals along the length of the wall and at all interconnections of concealed vertical and horizontal spaces such as intersection of stud walls and soffits or dropped ceilings. A detail of typical fire blocking is included in this handout. Fire blocks may be constructed of 1-1/2" lumber, 3/4" plywood or particle board, 1/2" gypsum board or fiberglass insulation 16" minimum in height, securely fastened.

Space under Stairs:

If the area under the stairs is enclosed useable space, protect the walls and ceiling with 1/2" gypsum board.

Bathrooms:

Toilets must be provided with a minimum of 21" in front of the toilet and 15" from the center of the toilet and any sidewall or other obstruction. Showers shall have a minimum inside dimension of 900 square inches. A ventilation fan is required in toilet rooms and bathrooms with unopenable windows. The fan must be vented to the exterior of the building and not to terminate within 3' of an opening.

