City of Petaluma California

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for The Year Ended June 30, 2019



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City of Petaluma Petaluma, California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the year ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by: Finance Department



CITY OF PETALUMA, CALIFORNIA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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Teresa Barrett Mayor

D'Lynda Fischer Mike Healy Gabe Kearney Dave King Kevin McDonnell Kathy Miller Councilmembers

CITY OF PETALUMA

POST OFFICE BOX 61 PETALUMA, CA 94953-0061

December 27, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Petaluma:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Petaluma. This report is published in accordance with local ordinance and state law requirements that financial statements be presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby submit the CAFR for the City of Petaluma, California for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City of Petaluma continues to comply with the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), including GASB Statement No. 34. This reporting model provides financial report users a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis, in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which accompanies the Basic Financial Statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A, and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Petaluma's MD&A can be found in the financial section, immediately following the reports of the independent auditors.

Finance Department

11 English Street Petaluma, CA 94952 Phone (707) 778-4352 Fax (707) 931-0667 E-Mail: finance@cityofpetaluma.org

> General Services Phone (707) 778-4384

Purchasing Phone (707) 778-4352 Fax (707) 931-0667 E-Mail: finance@cityofpetaluma.org

Utility Billing Phone (707) 778-4350 Fax (707) 931-0667 E-Mail: utilitybills@cityofpetaluma.org This MD&A consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Petaluma. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Petaluma has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Petaluma's financial statements.

The City of Petaluma's financial statements have been audited by Badawi & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, a public accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of State and local governments within the State of California.

The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Petaluma, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Petaluma's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

City of Petaluma Profile

The City of Petaluma became a chartered city in 1858, and is located in southern Sonoma County, California, approximately 40 miles north of San Francisco. Petaluma consists of 13.8 square miles and includes residential communities, commercial retail areas and several industrial/office complexes. It is also home to 50 parks, 4 community centers, and 2 outdoor pools.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of an elected Mayor and a six member Council. The City Manager is responsible for implementing the policies, ordinances and directives of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the directors of the City departments. The seven member Council is elected on a nonpartisan basis. The Mayor and Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms.

The City provides a full range of services including: public safety, building safety regulation and inspection, community planning, low and moderate income housing, street and park maintenance, recreational programs and infrastructure, public and community facilities, parks, and capital improvement construction. City services also include water and wastewater utilities. The City owns a marina and airport, and provides citizens with transit and ambulance services.

Long-Term Financial Planning

On April 6, 2019, the City Council hosted a full day workshop to hear from the community and to establish goals and priorities for 2019-2021. The top goal on Council's list was to Ensure a Fiscally and Organizationally Sustainable City. This goal has several priorities including:

- Develop a fiscal sustainability plan with the community that balances City services with available revenues
- Identify potential revenue sources
- Limit/reduce expenditures
- Long term financial health and effectiveness of the City

Financial challenges are not new for the City. The City continues to focus on providing core essential services and balancing those service levels, community needs and desires with existing resources. The resources have proven over the years to be insufficient to support the level of service the community desires. The City has taken steps over the last decade to reduce expenditures by implementing various cost saving measures that result in ongoing savings. While these reductions impact service delivery and place additional burden on City staff, these reductions have been essential in producing a balanced budget and to manage the significant projected deficit that lies ahead. The City has been and will continue to be committed to producing a fiscally-responsible balanced budget.

An Economic Development Program that provides a system to keep current retailers and encourages new retail development has been established and in 2011 the City hired an Economic Development Manager who has been successfully implementing the plan. Petaluma's economic development program launched a successful marketing programed aimed at attracting jobs, talent and investment to the City. The Petaluma Star campaign highlights successful companies throughout the City and makes a strong business case for Petaluma as a business destination by highlighting Petaluma's quality of life, cost of doing business, and key demographics. Petaluma continued its strong business retention program reaching out to dozens of local companies and connecting them to local financial, real estate and business support services.

Due to the expenditure savings generated by vacancies and related costs resulting from a tight labor market as well as increased revenues during the fiscal year, FY20 revenues exceeded expenditures by \$2.4 million. This surplus is not projected to continue as the growth of expenditures continues to show a rate greater than revenues. Although the City Council adopted a FY 20 balanced General Fund budget, this would not have been possible without sound fiscal management and continued budget reductions necessary to create a balanced budget.

Economy

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Petaluma operates.

Sonoma County's economy has continued to remain stable and is expected to remain stable into the new year. The current economic fundamentals do not appear to indicate a recession although there is some slowing in certain segments of the economy. The unemployment rate in Sonoma County has gone down from the prior year and remains below both the State and National rates.

The County's tourism related industry decreased slightly as a whole when compared to 2018 largely due to the significant increases recognized in the prior year resulting from the wildfires of 2017. In addition to this anomaly, during the early part of 2019 excessive smoke in the area resulting from wildfires burning all around Sonoma County is believed to have impacted tourism to the area. Despite a slowdown Countywide, Petaluma's data suggests that hotel occupancy rates are up, and tax revenues generated by the local lodging industry have increased, partially attributed to an additional hotel opening in 2019. Trends across California mirror the results in Petaluma, where tourism is also continuing to

show growth. Petaluma is in alignment with the stable and slight upward trend as Transient Occupancy Tax received by the City in fiscal year 2019 was \$3.4 million, a 9% increase over the prior year.

Petaluma's overall economic outlook is stable – particularly in the areas of home price stability, jobs, and real estate vacancies. Petaluma's median home price continues to rise year over year due to shortage of inventory relative to demand.

Assessed property valuations have continued to increase year over year following the recession nearly a decade ago. The County Assessor has projected that assessed valuations in Petaluma will grow by 4.65% in 2020. General fund property taxes in fiscal year 2019 were \$11.2 million, up \$1.1 million or 10.9% from the prior year due to assessed valuation growth and property related sales activity.

Retail sales in Petaluma were stable throughout 2019 but are expected to slow into 2020. Total general fund sales tax received in fiscal year 2019 was \$13.7 million, an increase of \$.3 million or 2.2% as compared to the prior year. Total sales tax revenue in 2020 is estimated to be approximately \$13.6 million, a slight decrease from 2019. The Construction, Business to Business and Food Product sectors continue to show steady and continued growth into the new year offsetting potential slowing in the Transportation and Retail categories.

To address the financial challenges that lie ahead largely driven by rising employment costs, the City has taken steps to reduce this impact by initiating cost saving measures. The City implemented a second PERS tier with lesser benefits, negotiated a higher employee paid PERS contribution and most recently partially paid down the PERS unfunded liability resulting in long term savings. These steps are expected to lessen the burden on the budget into the future. Despite the implementation of various cost saving measures, the challenges that lie ahead will place more financial pressure on the City's existing resources and will require more discussion with the community about service level delivery.

In summary, we remain cautiously optimistic about Sonoma County's short-term outlook. The indicators of a healthy economy are present and are expected to continue into 2020. Tourism to the local area continues to grow. Property values have continued to rise and are expected to remain steady. The City has adopted a balanced budget for the upcoming fiscal year. The City has significant financial challenges in the years to come as the longterm forecast continues to show a significant structural deficit exists. The financial forecast will be used as a tool to plan and close the structural deficit while at the same time preserving reserves for future use in the event of a natural disaster or economic downturn. To address this immediate concern, the City has initiated a Fiscal and Organizational Sustainability Study that will provide the community an opportunity to work with the City in developing strategies to keep the City financially sustainable into the future.

Financial Information

<u>Annual Budget</u>. The City of Petaluma operates on a fiscal year basis, beginning July 1st and ending June 30th. The budget is prepared under the supervision of the City Manager

and transmitted to the City Council for deliberation and final adoption in June, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year.

In accordance with the City's Charter, the budget is required to be submitted to the City Council by the first Monday in May. Budget hearings are held in May and June. The budget is approved by resolution, and the appropriations are set by ordinance. Upon adoption by the City Council, the City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The City's budgetary procedures are further discussed in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, which are located in the financial section of this report.

The City ended the year with cash and investments of \$141.7 million. This cash balance represents cash in all funds including Enterprise Funds of which most is reserved for future capital projects. Total annual accrued investment earnings were \$ 3.4 million.

<u>Debt Administration</u>. As of June 30, 2019, the City of Petaluma and its component units have a number of debt issues outstanding. The City's General Fund has no outstanding long-term debt. The last Tax Allocation Bond (TAB) was issued by the Redevelopment Agency during fiscal year 2011, two issues were refunded in 2015, and another issue was refunded in fiscal year 2017. Wastewater revenue refunding bonds were also issued during fiscal year 2011 and refunded during fiscal year 2017. Water revenue refunding bonds were issued in October of 2012.

<u>Risk Management</u>. The City uses a combination of insured and partially self-insured programs to finance its property and casualty risk. The City is self-insured with a \$1,000,000 Self Insured Retention (SIR) for workers' compensation insurance and has a \$500,000 SIR for liability coverage. First party insurances and other insurances are obtained through a risk purchasing pool (CJPRMA) as well as in the private insurance market.

<u>Other</u>. Additional information concerning the finances of the City is contained in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The City has refrained from duplicating information contained in the MD&A or in the notes in this transmittal letter.

Awards and Acknowledgements

<u>Awards</u>. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Petaluma for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

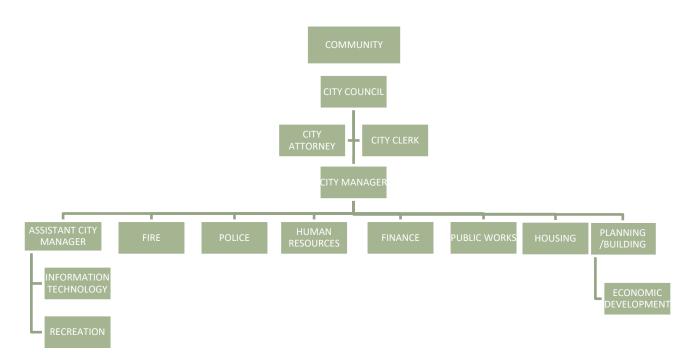
<u>Acknowledgements</u>. This report could not have been prepared without the efforts of Finance staff who spent untold hours preparing the financial statements, notes, statistical information and other details to comply with all the necessary requirements and pronouncements. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Department who assisted with and contributed to the preparation of this report, particularly the audit team of Janine Tedrow and Isabel Craft. I would also like to thank the Mayor and City Council for their confidence and support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Petaluma's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

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Corey Garberolio Finance Director

GUIDE TO CITY ORGANIZATION



CITY MANAGER

PEGGY FLYNN

City Manager

Provides general management oversight and direction to all City Departments. Also provides administrative support to the City Council. Oversees Planning, Building, Economic Development and Housing

FINANCE

COREY GARBEROLIO

Finance Director Provides financial management and accounting services for all City of

Petaluma Departments

POLICE

KEN SAVANO

Police Chief

Provides crime prevention, community policing and code enforcement services.

CITY CLERK

CLAIRE COOPER

City Clerk

Liaison between the public, media, Mayor, and Councilmembers. Maintains City records, oversees elections, and prepares and publishes City Council Agendas.

FIRE

LEONARD THOMPSON

Fire Chief

Provides fire, rescue and emergency medical services. Also oversees and inspects building and development to assure compliance with fire safety codes.

PUBLIC WORKS

Dan St. John

Public Works Director Oversees the City's public improvement requirements and manages water resources, waste water treatment, streets, public transit, flood management, and park maintenance.

CITY ATTORNEY

ERIC DANLY

City Attorney

Provides legal advice to City staff and the City Council; defends the City against lawsuits.

HUMAN RESOURCES

CHARLES CASTILLO

Human Resources Director

Recruits employees, negotiates labor contracts, provides benefits for city employees and oversees the City's Risk Management program.

CITY OF PETALUMA PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS Elected Officials as of June 30, 2019



TERESA BARRETT Mayor



KEVIN MCDONNELL Vice Mayor



GABE KEARNEY Council Member



D'LYNDA FISCHER Council Member



DAVE KING Council Member



MIKE HEALY Council Member



KATHY MILLER Council Member



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Petaluma California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Petaluma Petaluma, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Petaluma, California (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Petaluma Petaluma, California Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 13C, certain conditions raise substantial doubt about the Marina Enterprise Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include an adjustment that might result from the outcome of the uncertainty.

The emphasis of this matter does not constitute a modification to our opinions.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension required supplementary information, and other post employment benefits information on pages 5-26 and 102-111, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 115 to 145, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Petaluma Petaluma, California Page 3

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 115 to 145 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 115 to 145 are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Badanie & Associates

Badawi and Associates Certified Public Accountants Berkeley, California December 27, 2019



CITY OF PETALUMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Petaluma, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on page v of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the City of Petaluma's Basic Financial Statements. The City of Petaluma's Basic Financial Statements are comprised of three components: 1) *Government-Wide Financial Statements*, 2) *Fund Financial Statements*, and 3) *Notes to the Financial Statements*.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the Basic Financial Statements themselves.

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* consist of a *Statement of Net Position* and a *Statement of Activities*, which are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The *Statement of Net Position* provides information on all the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of changes in the City's financial position. The *Statement of Activities* provides information about the City's revenues and expenses, also on the full accrual basis, and represents the change in the government's net position during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event, giving rise to the change, occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the Government-Wide Financial Statements distinguish the two functions of the City. The first is activities which are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The second is activities that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The governmental activities of the City include:

- General Government
- Police
- Recreation

The business-type activities of the City include:

- Airport
- Development Services
- Transit

- Community Development
- Fire including Emergency Services
- Public Works
- Marina
- Waste Water Utility
- Water Utility

The *Fund Financial Statements* report the City's operations by fund. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate

compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds*.

• *Governmental Funds* account for most of the City's basic services and focus primarily on short-term activities by measuring current revenues and expenditures and excluding capital assets and long-term obligations. Different from the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Governmental funds information is presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements for the City's major funds: General Fund HOME/Begin Special Revenue Fund Impact Fee Special Revenue Funds Successor Housing Special Revenue Fund City Capital Project Funds

Data from the non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

- *Proprietary Funds* are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customerseither outside customers, or internal departments or programs of the City. The City maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:
 - Enterprise funds are used to report the functions presented as business-type activities in the Governmental-Wide Financial Statements. Enterprise funds account for airport, ambulance, development services, marina and transit operations, storm water, waste water and water utilities.
 - Internal service funds, the second type of proprietary fund, are used to account for the accumulation of resources, and the allocation of costs, which are required to provide internal services to various City departments and functions. Employee benefits, general services, information technology, risk management, vehicle/equipment replacement and worker's compensation comprise the City's internal service funds. Because these services benefit governmental, more so than business-type functions, all but the business activity portion of the vehicle/equipment replacement fund has been included within the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The business type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

The Proprietary Fund Financial Statements provide fund information for each enterprise fund separately. The Internal Service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

• *Fiduciary Funds* are used to report assets held in a trust or agency capacity for others. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the City's programs. The fiduciary financial statements can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

The *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential to obtain a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

In addition to the Basic Financial Statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This includes budgetary comparison statements for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the legal provisions of the 2019 appropriation ordinance. Also included is the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government Wide Financial Statements

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Petaluma exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2019 by \$435.7 million (Net Position). Of this amount, \$346.2 million was invested in capital assets; \$119.2 million was restricted for capital projects, debt service, non-expendable trusts and special projects; and (\$29.7) million was unrestricted. This includes all City funds.
- The City's total Net Position increased by \$11.6 million over the prior year. This increase is attributable to a \$7.6 million increase in restricted net position and a \$8.1 million increase in capital assets investment, offset by a \$4.1 million decrease in unrestricted net position.
 - i. At the close of the fiscal year, the City's Governmental Activities reported combined fund balances of \$241.3 million, a decrease of \$1 million from the prior year. Attributing to this change is an increase in fund balances in Governmental Funds of \$8.4 million resulting from revenues exceeding expenditures, offset by a decrease of \$3.3 million resulting from Capital Asset activity during the year including the capitalizing of assets and associated depreciation expense recorded on the Governmental Activities is an increase in both the Net Pension Liability of \$4.2 million and \$.5 million related to other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability.
 - ii. Business-Type Activities reported combined fund balances of \$194.4 million at the close of the fiscal year, an increase of \$12.5 million over the prior year. Business Activity change in net position is comprised of an increase due to current year revenues exceeding expenditures by approximately \$12.5 million. Included in this overall increase are changes resulting from an increase in the overall Net Pension Liability of \$1.3m as well as in increase of \$.1 million associated with the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) Liability.
 - iii. As a reminder, GASB 75 was implemented during FY 18 and requires the full net OPEB liability be reported on the Proprietary and Government Wide Financial Statements resulting in a decrease in available fund balance.

Fund Financial Statements

- At the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds including the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital project funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$136.9 million, an increase of \$8.4 million over the prior year. This increase is mainly due to increased fund balances in the Impact Fee, Home/Begin Special Revenue, Capital Projects and General funds. Fiscal Year 2019 fund balance was comprised of \$.1 million non-spendable reserves; \$119.2 million restricted reserves, \$6.6 million committed reserves, \$7.8 million assigned reserves and \$3.2 million of unassigned reserves.
- At the close of the fiscal year, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$15.5 million, approximately a \$2.4 million increase from the prior year. This increase was due to property tax revenue exceeding expectations due to continuation of higher assessed values within the City limits driven by property related activity occurring during the year along with a larger than anticipated one-time payment from the Federal Intergovernmental Transfer Program intended to reimburse agencies a portion of the cost incurred from medical transports that are not fully recovered under the State Medi-Cal program. Expenditure savings also contributed to the overall fund balance increase; the result of one-time salary and benefit savings recognized from vacant positions.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, the Statement of Net Position, provides information about the net position which is an indicator of a government's financial position. The Statement of Net Position is comprised of both *Governmental Activities* and *Business-type Activities* and both contribute to the overall total net position. The City of Petaluma's total net position (the amount by which total assets exceed total liabilities) equaled \$435.7 million at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The largest portion of the City's net position (80%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., infrastructure, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related, outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources i.e. future revenues, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (27%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions. The remaining balance (-7%), the unrestricted net position, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, subject to restrictions of various funding sources, as applicable.

Total net position increased by \$11.6 million during the fiscal year as shown below in Table 1. Net position investment in capital assets increased by \$8.1 million; restricted net position increased by \$7.6 million and unrestricted net position decreased by \$4.1 million. Contributing factors for the overall change in total net position is mainly attributed to increased overall fund balance in the proprietary fund groups partially offset by a slight fund balance decrease in the governmental fund grouping. The decrease in total net position in the governmental fund grouping is attributed to a change in the total Net Pension Liability as well as an overall decrease in total invested in Capital Assets. Most major fund balances increased due to current year revenues exceeding expenditures. Changes in the unrestricted fund balance category are the result of changes in fund balances not included in the restricted category including changes in overall Net pension liability, including the Long-Term Pension Liability and Deferred Inflows and Outflows as well as changes in the overall Net OPEB Liability. See Notes 9 and 10 for detailed information on these long-term liabilities.

Table 1

Summary Statement of Net Position Total Primary Government As of June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands)

	Total Activities 2019	Total Activities 2018	Total Activities Change
Assets:			
Current and other assets	\$ 209,403	\$196,081	\$ 13,322
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	458,932	455,598	3,334
Total Assets	668,335	651,679	<u> 16,656</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Related to Pension	16,864	30,805	(13,941)
Related to OPEB	474	447	27
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	17,338	31,252	(13,914)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	685,673	682,931	2,742
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities	21,071	18,388	2,683
Non-Current Liabilities	225,245	236,628	(11,383)
Total Liabilities	246,316	255,016	<u>(8,700)</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Related to Pension	1,721	2,203	(482)
Related to OPEB	1,945	1,585	360
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,666	3,788	<u>(122)</u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	249,982	258,804	(8,822)
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	346,183	338,049	8,134
Restricted	119,203	111,612	7,591
Unrestricted	(29,694)	(25,534)	(4,160)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 435,692</u>	<u>\$424,127</u>	<u>\$ 11,565</u>

Government-wide Financial Statement Analysis- Governmental Activities

Governmental activities contributed \$241.3 million to the City's net position, a decrease of \$1 million from the prior year as shown below in Table 2. As mentioned previously, main contributing factors for the decrease in net position is due to increased fund balances of \$8.4m mostly offset by capital asset activity occurring during the year and overall increases in long term liabilities such as the Net Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liabilities resulting in a decrease in overall fund balances as reported on the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

						Table 2					
Summary of Net Position											
Governmental Activities											
As of June 30, 2019 and 2018											
(in thousands)											
	G	overnmental Activities 2019	Go	overnmental Activities 2018	Ac	ernmental ctivities hange					
Assets:											
Current and other assets	\$	150,766	\$	138,161	\$	12,605					
Capital Assets, net of depreciation		193,766		197,024		<u>(3,258)</u>					
Total Assets	_	344,532		335,185		9,347					
Deferred Outflows of Resources:											
Related to Pension		15,159		25,906		(10,747)					
Related to OPEB		427		402		25					
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		15,586		26,308		(10,722)					
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	360,118		361,493		(1,375)					
Liabilities:											
Current Liabilities		9,273		7,028		2,245					
Non-Current Liabilities		106,421		109,011		(2,590)					
Total Liabilities	_	115,694	_	116,039		(345)					
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Related to Pension		1,348		1,747		(399)					
Related to OPEB		1,752		1,428		324					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,100		3,175		(75)					
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	118,794	_	119,214		(420)					
Net Position:											
Net Investment in Capital Assets		193,766		197,024		(3,258)					
Restricted		119,203		111,611		7,592					
Unrestricted	_	(71,645)		(66,356)		(5,289)					
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	241,324	<u>\$</u>	242,279	<u>\$</u>	(955)					

The Statement of Activities provides information on the change in net position and includes various categories of revenues and expenses as shown below in Table 3. Governmental activities include the following revenue categories:

Charges for services include charges for administration, charges for community development planning, permits, inspection and other services, developer impact fees, specific police, fire and public works services for which a fee is charged, recreation charges and rents of park property, fines and penalties, various fees and license charges, parking permits, and sales.

Operating and capital grants and contributions include amounts received from federal, state and county governments, as well as private grantors, developers and other donors.

General Revenues include property tax, sales tax and franchise taxes which are amounts collected from the providers of the City's cable, garbage and utilities services. Other taxes include transient occupancy tax, business license tax, and other miscellaneous taxes.

Governmental activities include the following expense categories:

General government functions include legislative and administrative branches of the City: City Council, City Clerk, City Manager, City Attorney, Finance Department, Human Resources and Animal Services. *Community development* functions provide for inspection, permit, code enforcement, as well as housing services. A portion of this fund, the cost recovery section of building services, is an enterprise fund, as it is required to charge fees to cover its costs of services. Both cost recovery and non-cost recovery services for planning and development are part of the General Fund. *Police and Fire* provide emergency services to the community including full range of law enforcement services as well as prevention and extinguishments of fires, medical treatment and transport of the sick and traumatically injured and the rescuing of victims. *Recreation* includes operation of City parks, community centers, recreation classes and services, swimming pools, museum, and landscape assessment districts. *Public works* functions cover the costs for street maintenance, street lights, traffic signals, street signs, building and equipment maintenance, and the Petaluma River turning basin operation.

Governmental Activities Changes:

- Program revenues from Governmental Activities were \$13 million in fiscal year 2019, a decrease of \$6.9 million compared to the prior year
 - Charges for Service revenues were down 26% or \$4.1 million from the prior year due to decreased State reimbursements related to strike team deployments for wildfire support received in the prior year as well as re allocation of revenue received from intragovernmental services directly offset by decreased General Government expenditures
 - Capital Grants and Contributions were down by 78% or \$2.7 million due mainly to decreased grant payments received for several active projects in that occurred in FY 18
- Property taxes increased by 11.4% or 1.2 million due to increased assessed valuations and associated property related sale activity
- Sales tax revenues were up by 2.4% or \$.3 million due largely to steady continued overall growth
- Intergovernmental revenues were up by 15.5% or \$1.4 million due to increased gas tax revenue from SB1, increased motor vehicle license fee revenues and increased federal payments for medical transport revenues from the Intergovernmental Transfer program
- Investment Earnings were up due to rising short term interest rates
- General Government expenses were down 35.6% or \$2.2m due to reallocation of costs associated with intragovernmental services directly offset by increased Charges for Services revenues
- Community Development expenses were up slightly due to slightly increased program costs
- Police expenses were up due mostly to increased salary and benefit costs including increased workers compensation costs.

- Fire expenses were up due to a combination of increased salary and benefit costs including increased overtime costs due to strike team deployments partially offset by increased revenues/reimbursements
- Public Works expenses were up slightly due to a slight increase in program costs

The chart that follow show the program revenues, general revenues, and expenses by function for all Governmental Activities.

			Table 3
Summary of Statement of Activit	-	t Position	
Government			
For the Years Ended Ju			
(In thou	isands)		
	Governmental Activities 2019	Governmental Activities 2018	Percentage Change
Revenues:	2013	2010	
Program Revenues			
Charges for service	\$ 11,383	\$ 15,504	-26.6%
Operating grants and contributions	927	1,035	-10.4%
Capital grants and contributions	766	3,480	-78.0%
Total program revenue	13,076	20,019	-34.7%
General Revenues:	13,070	20,019	-J⊤.7 /0
Taxes:			
Property Tax	11,279	10,121	11.4%
Sales Tax	13,729	13,412	2.4%
Franchise Tax	4,647	4,742	-2.0%
Intergovernmental/Unrestricted	10,101	8,746	15.5%
Other Taxes	6,029	<u> </u>	8.1%
Total Taxes	45,785	42,599	7.5%
Investment Earnings	1,966	641	206.7%
Miscellaneous Revenue	2,954	3,058	-3.4%
Total Revenue	63,781	66,317	-3.8%
		,	
Expenses:			
General government	3,990	6,198	-35.6%
Community development	5,805	5,467	6.2%
Police	23,077	17,605	31.1%
Fire	18,602	14,388	29.3%
Recreation	2,812	2,688	4.6%
Public works	11,033	10,730	2.8%
Total Expenses	65,319	57,076	14.4%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	(1,538)	9,241	-116.6%
Transfers	582	273	113.2%
Successor Agency Bond Proceeds	-	4,736	100.0%
Unfunded Liability Pension Paydown	-	(7,490)	100.0%
Change in Net Position	(956)		-114.1%
Net position-beginning of year	242,280	242,666	-0.2%
Adjustment Net position-beginning(See Note 1N)		(7,146)	
Net position-end of year	<u>\$ 241,324</u>		-0.4%

Government-wide Financial Statement Analysis- Business-type Activities

The *Business-type activities* net position contributed \$194.4 million to the City's net position an increase of \$12.5 million over the prior year as shown below in Table 4. All business-type activities are intended to be fully supported by the fees they charge (including subsidies received for operations, as is the case with the Transit operation).

						Table 4
Summary of State	ment of N	et Position				
Business-ty	pe Activit	ies				
As of June 30	, 2019 and	d 2018				
(in the	usands)					
		iness-type ctivities 2019	Ac	ness-type tivities 2018	Ac	ness-type tivities hange
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$	58,637	\$	57,920	\$	717
Capital Assets, net of depreciation		265,166		258,574		6,592
Total assets		323,803		316,494		7,309
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Related to Pension		1,705		4,900		(3,195)
Related to OPEB		47		44		3
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,752		4,944		(3,192)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		325,555		321,438		4,117
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities		11,794		11,360		434
Non-Current Liabilities		118,827		127,617		(8,790
Total liabilities		130,621		138,977		(8,356)
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Related to Pension		373		457		(84)
Related to OPEB		193		157		36
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		566		614		(48)
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		131,187		139,591		(8,404)
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		152,416		141,025		11,391
Restricted		-		-		-
Unrestricted		41,952		40,822		1,130
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	194,368	\$	181,847	<u>\$</u>	12,521

The Statement of Activities provides information on the change in net position and includes various categories of revenues and expenses as shown below in Table 5. Business-type activities include the following revenue categories:

Charges for services include usage charges for wastewater and water utilities, water and wastewater connection fees, airport and marina charges for sales, airport and marina leases, rents, and transient parking charges, charges for transit services, and charges for development services.

Operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions include amounts received from federal, state and county governments.

Business-type activity expenses include Airport, Development Services, Marina, Transit, Wastewater, Water and Storm Water activities.

Business-type Activities Changes:

- Program revenues from Business Activities were \$53.3 million in fiscal year 2019, an increase of \$1.2 million compared to the prior year.
 - Charges for Service revenues were up 4.0% or \$1.9 million due to increased revenues in most enterprise funds related to sales and connection fees
 - Operating Grants and Contributions were down by 21.1% or \$.8 million due to less nonrecurring grant funds for Waste Water projects in the prior year
 - Airport revenues and expenses decreased slightly when compared to the prior year
 - Development Services revenues and expenses increased slightly due to increased activity
 - Marina overall net position decreased due to operating at a loss between \$.1m-\$.2 million annually
 - Transit expenses and revenues increased due to non-recurring grant revenue and associated expenditure for bus purchase that occurred in the prior year
 - Wastewater Utility revenue increased by \$.4 million due mainly to increased charges for sales while expenses also increased driven by increased CIP activity when compared to the prior year
 - Water Utility revenue increased by \$1.5 million due to increased usage compared to prior year while expenses also increased slightly by \$1.0 million
 - Storm Water Utility revenue and expenses increased compared to prior year due to increased trash capture revenue generated from the refuse franchise agreement intended to assist with maintaining storm drains in addition to increased costs of operating the program

The chart below shows the program revenues, general revenues, and expenses by function for all business-type activities.

					Table 5
Summary of Statemer		-	et Posi	tion	
		ctivities			
	-	9 and 2018			
(in	thousar	nds)			
	Ac	ness-type tivities 2019		iness-type ctivities 2018	Percentage Change
Revenues:					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Service	\$	50,433	\$	48,508	4.0%
Operating Grants and Contributions		2,902		3,676	-21.1%
Capital Grants and Contributions				<u> </u>	0.0%
Total Program Revenue		53,335		<u>52,184</u>	2.2%
General Revenues					
Investment Earnings		1,465		720	103.5%
Miscellaneous Revenue		10			0%
Total Revenue		54,810		52,904	3.6%
Expenses:					
Business Type Activities					
Airport		1,551		1,754	-11.6%
Development Services		1,927		1,865	3.3%
Marina		332		367	-9.5%
Transit		3,644		3,369	8.2%
Wastewater		18,869		16,485	14.5%
Water Utility		14,980		13,808	8.5%
Storm Water		404		82	392.7%
Total Expenses		41,707		37,730	10.5%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenses		13,103		15,174	-13.6%
Transfers		(582)		<u>(273)</u>	113.2%
Changes in Net Position		12,521		14,901	-16.0%
Net Position - Beginning of year		181,847		168,524	7.9%
Adjustment Net position-beginning(See Note 1N)				(1,578)	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	194,368	<u>\$</u>	181,847	6.9%

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

In addition to the accrual basis government wide statements described above, the City also maintains financial records at the fund level for budgetary control. Individual funds are generally established to track resources and operating costs for the general fund and other specific programs. The results for governmental funds below differ from the results reported in the government-wide statements since the focus is on current, available resources. The following are the financial results from the governmental funds:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Petaluma's Governmental Funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

The major governmental funds include:

General Fund-This fund provides for the basic services which are expected of a local government, including general government, police, fire, recreation, community development and public works. Support for these services is provided by charges for services, fees, taxes, intergovernmental revenues, donations and grants.

HOME/Begin Special Revenue Fund-The federal HOME program was created in 1990 and has provided over \$14.1 million to the City of Petaluma to fund affordable housing on a project-specific basis. The HOME program is administered through the California State Department of Housing and Community Development.

Impact Fee Special Revenue Funds- The sources of revenue for these funds are the various development impact fees collected from developers which are used for the installation or expansion of related infrastructure and affordable housing. These funds are used to account for the impact fees, in the following categories, which are imposed on development in the City:

- Storm Drainage
- Housing in-Lieu
- Commercial Linkage
- Parkland Acquisition/Development
- Traffic Mitigation
- City Facilities Development

City Capital Project Funds-The City Capital Project Funds account for the capital improvement activities and projects (CIP) which are financed with governmental resources. They include:

- General Government CIP
- Community Development CIP
- Police CIP
- Fire CIP
- Parks and Recreation CIP
- Public Works CIP
- FEMA CIP
- TDA CIP

Redevelopment Special Revenue Funds and Redevelopment Capital Project Fund- The City's Redevelopment Agency (RDA), Petaluma Community Development Commission (PCDC), was activated on December 1, 1975 and adopted the Redevelopment Plan for the Central Business District Project Area (CBD) on September 27, 1976. Pursuant to ABx 1 26 ("AB 26"), approved by Governor Brown on June 28, 2011 and upheld by the California State Supreme Court on December 29, 2011, the Redevelopment agency of the City of Petaluma (Petaluma Community Development Commission) was dissolved on January 31,

2012. The former PCDC is now administered under the name Petaluma Community Development Successor Agency. Please refer to note 15 for a more detailed discussion of the activities and assets and liabilities transferred as of February 1, 2012.

As of June 30, 2019, the City of Petaluma Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$136.9 million, an increase of \$8.4 million over fiscal year 2018 as shown in Table 6 below. Total nonspendable reserves are \$.1 million, restricted and committed reserves are \$119.2 million and \$6.6 million respectively. Assigned and unassigned are \$7.8 million and \$3.2 million respectively. As mentioned prior, the main contributing factors to the increase in Governmental Fund Balances is due to increased fund balances due to revenues exceeding expenditures in the Impact Fee, Home/Begin Special Revenue, City Capital Projects Fund and General Funds.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2019 total fund balance for the General Fund was \$15.5 million. This is made up of \$.1 million in non-spendable fund balance, \$4.4 million in committed, \$7.8 million in assigned and \$3.2 million in unassigned fund balance. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$2.4 million during the current fiscal year. This increase is primarily due to increased property tax revenue generated from higher than expected assessed valuation growth and intergovernmental receipts considered one time in nature related to the federal Intergovernmental Transfer reimbursement program related to the ambulance or emergency medical transport function. Savings from vacancies due to unfilled positions were also a contributing factor to the overall increase in fund balance.

The fund balance in the City Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$1 million due to increased CIP activity and costs that occurred during the year largely attributed to Public Works CIP projects.

The Impact Fees Special Revenue fund balance increased by \$4.5 million mainly due to an increase in activity resulting in increased revenues collected for the purpose of funding future CIP projects.

The fund balances in the Home/Begin fund increased slightly by \$.6m while the Non-Major fund group also had an increase in fund balance of \$1.4m.

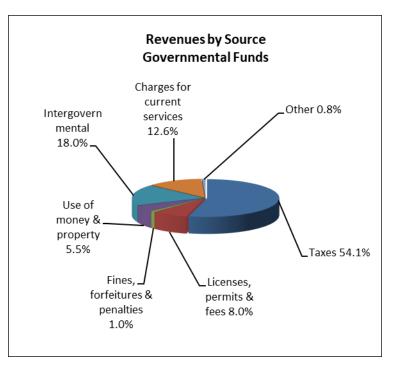
Table Summary of Fund Balances Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands)										
	Gov	vernmental Funds 2019	Governmental Funds 2018	Governmental Funds Change						
Assets:										
Total assets	\$	143,549	<u>\$ 134,304</u>	<u>\$ 9,245</u>						
Liabilities:										
Total liabilities		5,965	5,287	678						
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenue		665	500	165						
Total Deferred Inflows		665	500	165						
Fund Balance:										
Nonspendable		144	139	5						
Restricted		119,179	112,242	6,937						
Committed		6,606	7,551	(945)						
Assigned		7,818	5,422	2,396						
Unassigned		3,171	3,163							
Total fund balance		136,918	128,517	8,401						
Total liabilites and fund balances	\$	143,548	<u>\$ 134,304</u>	<u>\$ 9,244</u>						

Governmental Fund revenues decreased by approximately \$.3 million from the prior year due mainly to decreased license, permits and fees and intergovernmental revenues offset by an increase in taxes and use of money & property revenues.

Governmental Fund expenses decreased overall by \$5.7 million over the prior year. This decrease is due to decreased capital project activity resulting in decreased expenditures in the City Capital Project funds when compared to the prior year.

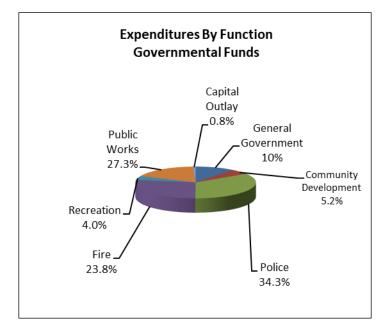
Table 7 and 8 below show Governmental Fund Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function.

Table 7 Revenues Classified by Source Governmental Funds For the Years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in millions of dollars)										
		FY 201	19		FY 201	18		Increase/	(Decrease)	
Revenue by Source	Ar	nount	% of Total	Amount		% of Total	Amount		Percentage	
Taxes	\$	35.68	54.1%	\$	33.85	51.1%	\$	1.83	5.4%	
Licenses, permits & fees		5.30	8.0%		6.95	10.5%		(1.65)	-23.7%	
Fines, forfeitures & penalties		0.67	1.0%		0.82	1.2%		(0.14)	-17.6%	
Use of money & property		3.62	5.5%		2.38	3.6%		1.24	51.9%	
Intergovernmental		11.87	18.0%		13.17	19.9%		(1.30)	-9.8%	
Charges for current services		8.29	12.6%		8.59	13.0%		(0.29)	-3.4%	
Other		0.52	<u>0.8%</u>		0.48	<u>0.7%</u>		0.04	<u>7.5%</u>	
Total Revenues	<u>\$</u>	<u>65.95</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$</u>	66.23	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$</u>	(0.28)	<u>-0.4%</u>	



Expenditures Classified by Function Governmental Funds For the Years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in millions of dollars)

	FY 2019				FY 20:	18	Increase/	(Decrease)
Expenditures by Function	An	nount	% of Total	ŀ	Amount	% of Total	Amount	Percentage
Current:								
General Government	\$	6.05	10.6%	\$	6.31	10.0%	\$ (0.26)	-4.1%
Community Development		2.97	5.2%		2.79	4.4%	0.18	6.6%
Police		19.56	34.3%		17.91	28.5%	1.65	9.2%
Fire		15.72	27.5%		14.94	23.8%	0.78	5.2%
Recreation		2.26	4.0%		2.54	4.0%	(0.28)	-11.0%
Public Works		10.19	17.7%		17.24	27.4%	(7.05)	-40.9%
Capital Outlay		0.43	0.8%		1.17	<u>1.86</u> %	(0.74)	-63.0%
Total Expenditures	\$	<u>57.19</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	\$	62.90	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ (5.71)</u>	<u>-9.1%</u>



Proprietary Funds

The major proprietary funds include:

Airport Fund- This fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Airport, including capital improvement projects.

Development Services Fund- This fund accounts for the cost recovery services offered by the City for building, development and planning.

Marina Fund- The Marina Fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Marina, including capital improvement projects.

Transit Fund- The Transit Fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the City's bus system and paratransit system, including capital improvement projects.

Waste Water Utility Fund- This fund is part of the Public Works and Utilities Department which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including the collection and treatment of wastewater. Capital projects are included in this fund.

Water Utility Fund- This fund is part of the Public Works and Utilities Department which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including the reliable delivery of high quality water. Capital projects are included in this fund.

Storm Water Fund-_This fund is part of the Public Works and Utilities Department which tracks costs associated with the City's storm drainage system.

As of June 30, 2019, total net position for Proprietary Funds increased by \$10.4 million from the prior year as shown in Table 9 below. Enterprise Funds activity showed total net position for Airport, Development Services, Wastewater, Water and Storm Water funds up \$.3m, \$.1m, \$9.7m, \$3.3m and \$.3m respectively. Marina and Transit funds show slight decreases in fund balance of \$.1m and \$.6m respectively.

Internal Service Funds activity included a decrease in net position of \$2.5 million, due mainly to the increase in long term claims payable associated with the City's Workers Compensation Program.

As a reminder, due to the recognition of total net pension liability and other post-employment benefit long term liabilities reported on the Proprietary Fund and Government Wide Financial statements, fund balances for various Proprietary Funds reflect decreased available fund balances. See Note 9 and 10 for detailed information on both long-term liabilities.

Summary of Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands)

	Proprietary Funds 2019	Proprietary Funds 2018	Proprietary Funds Change		
Assets:					
Current assets	\$ 66,697	\$ 62,900	\$ 3,797		
Non-current assets	278,405	273,053	5,352		
Total assets	345,102	335,953	9,149		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Related to Pension	1,923	5,539	(3,616)		
Related to OPEB	123	116	7		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,046	<u>5,655</u>	(3,609)		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	347,148	341,608	5,540		
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities	16,132	14,596	1,536		
Non-current liablities	140,526	146,951	(6,425)		
Total liabilities	156,658	161,547	(4,889)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Related to Pension	420	516	(96)		
Related to OPEB	506	412	94		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	926	928	(2)		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resource	157,584	162,475	(4,891)		
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	156,051	144,990	11,061		
Restricted for debt service	-	1	(1)		
Unrestricted	33,512	34,142	(630)		
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 189,563</u>	<u>\$ 179,133</u>	<u>\$ 10,430</u>		

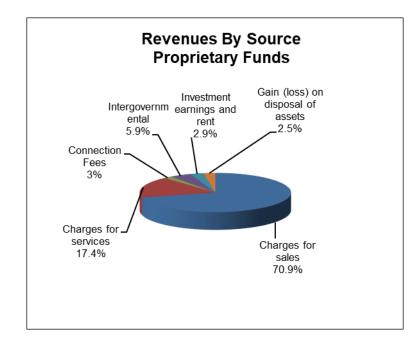
Proprietary Fund revenues increased by approximately \$1.6 million over the prior year due to increased charges for sales and services slightly offset by decreased connection fees and non-recurring intergovernmental revenue received in the prior year.

Proprietary Fund expenses decreased overall by \$.2 million from the prior year. This decrease is due to decreased cost of services compared to the prior year in the Internal Service Funds for a non-recurring payment to paydown the unfunded PERS liability partially offset by increased Claims expense resulting from increased Workers Compensation claims and associated rising liability.

Tables 10 and 11 below show Proprietary Fund Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function.

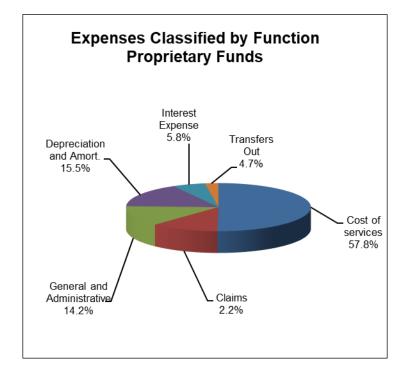
Revenues Classified by Source Proprietary Funds For the Years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in millions of dollars)

	FY 2019				FY 201	18	Increase/(Decrease)		
Revenues by Source		mount	% of Total	Amount		% of Total	Amount	Percentage	
Charges for sales	\$	45.23	70.9%	\$	42.97	69.1%	\$ 2.26	5.3%	
Charges for services		11.08	17.4%		9.52	15.3%	1.56	16.4%	
Connection Fees		1.14	2%		1.87	3.0%	(0.73)	-38.9%	
Intergovern. operating/non-operating		2.90	4.5%		3.68	5.9%	(0.77)	-21.0%	
Investment earnings and rent		1.83	2.9%		0.86	1.4%	0.97	113.5%	
Transfers in		1.63	2.5%		3.28	5.3%	(1.65)	-50.4%	
Contribution to/from City/Capital		-	<u>0.0%</u>		-	<u>0.0%</u>		<u>0.0%</u>	
Total Revenues	\$	<u>63.82</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	\$	<u>62.18</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ 1.64</u>	<u>2.6%</u>	



Expenses Classified by Function Proprietary Funds For the Years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in millions of dollars)

		FY 201	19 FY 2018				Increase/	(Decrease)
Expenses by Function	Ar	nount	% of Total	A	mount	% of Total	Amount	Percentage
Cost of services	\$	26.79	50.2%	\$	30.97	57.8%	\$ (4.18)	-13.5%
Claims		6.33	11.9%		1.17	2.2%	5.16	441.3%
General and administrative		7.25	13.6%		7.59	14.2%	(0.34)	-4.5%
Depreciation and amortization		8.68	16.3%		8.30	15.5%	0.39	4.6%
Interest expense		3.08	5.8%		3.09	5.8%	(0.01)	-0.4%
Transfers Out		1.26	<u>2.4%</u>		2.50	<u>4.7%</u>	(1.23)	<u>100.0%</u>
Total Expenses	<u>\$</u>	<u>53.39</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$</u>	53.61	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ (0.22)</u>	<u>-0.4%</u>



GENERAL FUND BUGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund revenues originally adopted were adjusted at mid-year to reflect anticipated changes in taxes, intergovernmental charges, and charges for services. Expenditures originally adopted were also adjusted during the mid-year budget update to reflect higher projected costs of salaries and benefits and supplies. The increased costs were offset by higher projected revenues.

The General Fund total revenues were above the adopted budget estimates by \$3.5 million, due mainly to increased charges for services directly related to cost reimbursements from Strike Team Deployments to assist in active wildfires as well as additional reimbursements for various other city services provided. There were also increases in property tax revenue due to excess growth in assessed valuation resulting from increased property transactions during the year. Also driving the increase is an unanticipated payment from the federal Intergovernmental Transfer Program intended to reimburse agencies a portion of the cost of ambulance transports not fully covered under the State Medi-Cal program. All other revenue categories were very close to budgeted amounts.

The General Fund total expenditures were over budget by \$.1 million however when cost related to Strike Team Deployments directly offset by related revenue, total general fund budget is under budget by approximately \$.5 million due mainly to savings in salaries and benefits from vacant positions as well as lower than anticipated separation costs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINSTRATION

The City of Petaluma's investment in capital assets for its Governmental and Business-Type Activities as of June 30, 2019, equals \$458.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation) as shown below in Table 12. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure. Detailed information about the City's capital assets is contained in Note 5.

The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, for the current fiscal year was \$3.3 million or a .7% increase (this represents a decrease of \$3.3 million in Governmental Activities and an increase of \$6.6 million for Business Activities).

Capital asset balances as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 were:

Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in millions) as of June 30, 2019 and 2018										
	Governmental			Increase		Busine				
			Activities		(Decrease)		Activities			(Decrease)
		2019		2018	% Change	2	2019		2018	% Change
Land	\$	39.0	\$	39.0	0%	\$	10.7	\$	10.7	0%
Construction in Process		49.2		53.1	-7%		36.6		31.7	15%
Bldg and Improv		9.2		9.1	1%		14.8		15.5	-5%
Vehicle and Equip		4.8		5.0	-4%		3.7		4.0	-6%
Infrastructure		91. <u>5</u>		90.8	<u>1%</u>		199.3		196.7	<u>1%</u>
Totals	<u>\$</u>	<u> 193.8</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> 197.0</u>	<u>-2%</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>265.1</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>258.5</u>	<u>3%</u>

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City has no general long-term debt obligation. The Waste Water Fund had \$74 million outstanding in a State Water Resource Control Board loan for the Ellis Creek Recycling Plant and \$23.3 million in outstanding refunded revenue bonds. The Water Utility had \$5.3 million in outstanding revenue bonds. Airport had outstanding debt of \$3.3m for the 2016 Refunding Lease at the end of the fiscal year. Finally, the Marina Fund had a State loan outstanding in the amount of \$6.4 million.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 15% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$1.6 billion. At June 30, 2019, the City had no general obligation debt outstanding. Additional information on the City of Petaluma's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Long Term Debt balances as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 were:

Governm As		Table 13				
	Balance Balance June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018					
Compensated Absences	\$ 3,507	\$ 3,766	<u>\$</u>	(259)		
Total Debt	\$ 3,507	\$ 3,766	\$	(259)		

		Table 14									
vities Long-Term D	Debt										
As of June 30, 2019 and 2018											
(in millions)											
Balance	Balance	Increase									
June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	(Decrease)									
3,306	3,730	(424)									
23,365	23,365	-									
815	865	(50)									
73,587	80,032	(6,445)									
5,250	5,597	(347)									
6,426	6,390	36									
403	371	32									
<u>\$ 113,152</u>	<u>\$ 120,350</u>	<u>\$ (7,198</u>)									
	9, 2019 and 2018 hillions) Balance June 30, 2019 3,306 23,365 815 73,587 5,250 6,426 403	Balance Balance June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 3,306 3,730 23,365 23,365 815 865 73,587 80,032 5,250 5,597 6,426 6,390 403 371									

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

After multiple years of financial impacts due to the State of California's fragile budget situation, housing market crash and economic recession, the City is continuing its slow rebound. Significant budget reductions over the past several years have allowed Petaluma to align revenues with expenditures. Significant challenges in the future remain, however, driven by the rising cost of retirement benefits and inadequate revenues.

The City has a diverse economic base that includes residential, retail, and commercial assets. Office and Industrial vacancy rates are at healthy levels and new development of industrial and residential buildings is underway. Petaluma has become a magnet for bay area residents looking for meaningful work and housing options. We would expect property taxes to remain stable next fiscal year. Revenues from sales taxes are also anticipated to remain stable next fiscal year due to the continuation of a stable, growing economy.

There remains, however, a significant long-term projected deficit in the General Fund. The City Council has adopted a goal related to achieving fiscal stability and maintaining financial sustainability. Significant work has been done on developing a five-year financial plan and other initiatives to address the long-term deficit.

The City Council held public meetings and adopted a balanced budget for FY 2019-20.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Petaluma's finances for all those with an interest in the government's financial activities. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Corey Garberolio, Finance Director, located at 11 English Street, Petaluma, CA 94952, by phone at 707-778-4357 or by email at cgarberolio@cityofpetaluma.org. This document can be found on the City's website at www.cityofpetaluma.net.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF PETALUMA

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The purpose of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities is to summarize the entire City's financial activities and financial position.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets, and deferred outflows of resources and the City's total liabilities and deferred inflow, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all the City's Business-Type Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's Business-Type Activities in a single columns are followed by a Total column that presents the financial position of the entire City.

The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service Funds and Permanent Fund. Since the City's Internal Service Funds service these Funds, their activities are consolidated with Governmental Activities, after eliminating interfund transactions and balances. The City's Business-Type Activities include all its Enterprise Fund activities.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's net position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the City's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the modified accrual basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities presents the City's expenses first, listed by program, and follows these with the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues—that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs—are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental and business-type program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-type Activities column, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the City, the City of Petaluma Public Financing Corporation, and the Petaluma Public Financing Authority, which are legally separate but are component units of the City because they are controlled by the City, which is financially accountable for the activities of these entities.

City of Petaluma Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Primary Government						
	Gove	ernmental	Busi	ness-Type			
	Ac	tivities		ctivities		Total	
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	89,648,016	\$	44,977,379	\$	134,625,395	
Restricted cash and investments	Ψ		Ψ	43	Ψ	43	
Receivables:							
Accounts, net		2,266,933		5,054,205		7,321,138	
Interest		534,253		-		534,253	
Intergovernmental		4,379,430		936,095		5,315,525	
Internal balances		(7,061,617)		7,061,617		-	
Inventories		35,464		608,160		643,624	
Deposits and prepaid items		341,906		-		341,906	
Loans receivable		46,632,596		-		46,632,596	
Interest receivable related to loans receivable		13,988,649		-		13,988,649	
Capital assets:							
Non-depreciable		88,210,231		47,350,900		135,561,131	
Depreciable, net		105,556,031		217,815,011		323,371,042	
Total assets		344,531,892		323,803,410		668,335,302	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows of resources - pension		15,159,247		1,704,657		16,863,904	
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		427,019		46,972		473,991	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		15,586,266		1,751,629		17,337,895	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,305,830		3,104,585		6,410,415	
Wages payable		1,077,969		-		1,077,969	
Interest payable		-		516,434		516,434	
Unearned revenue		56,847		-		56,847	
Refundable deposits		295,792		615,451		911,243	
Claims payable:		2 776 002				2 776 002	
Due within one year Due in more than one year		3,776,992 8,765,047		-		3,776,992 8,765,047	
Compensated absences:		0,703,047		-		0,703,047	
Due within one year		762,005		162,034		924,039	
Due in more than one year		3,506,816		402,610		3,909,426	
Net pension liability, due in more than one year		79,569,946		11,467,235		91,037,181	
OPEB liability, due in more than one year		14,576,881		1,603,472		16,180,353	
Long-term debt:		11,07 0,001		1,000,172		10,100,000	
Due within one year		-		7,395,543		7,395,543	
Due in more than one year		-		105,354,025		105,354,025	
Total liabilities		115,694,125		130,621,389		246,315,514	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		- / - · · / -		/ - /		-//-	
Deferred inflows of resources - pension		1,347,836		372,983		1,720,819	
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		1,751,936		192,715		1,944,651	
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,099,772		565,698		3,665,470	
NET POSITION		- / - · · /		/		- / / -	
Net investment in capital assets		193,766,262		152,416,343		346,182,605	
Restricted for:				, .10,010			
Special projects:							
CDBG		1,007,663		-		1,007,663	
HOME / BEGIN		22,039,197		-		22,039,197	
Redevelopment low / moderate income housing		29,503,779		-		29,503,779	
Impact fees		57,395,166		-		57,395,166	
Grants		2,397,024		-		2,397,024	
Gas tax		598,995		-		598,995	
Public safety		749,322		-		749,322	
Landscape Assessment Districts		485,272		-		485,272	
Street maintenance		3,318,737		-		3,318,737	
Transient Occupancy Tax		1,034,693		-		1,034,693	
Parks		611,691		-		611,691	
Tourism Improvement		37,386		-		37,386	
Debt service Pormanant Nanavnandakla		-		43		43	
Permanent Nonexpendable		24,333		-		24,333	
Total restricted		119,203,258		43		119,203,301	
Unrestricted (deficit)	¢	(71,645,259)	¢	41,951,566 194,367,952	¢	(29,693,693)	
Total net position	\$	241,324,261	\$	174,307,932	\$	435,692,213	

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

City of Petaluma Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2019

			Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Indirect Expenses Allocation	penses Charges f		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			Total
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 6,332,578	\$ (2,342,534)	\$	762,249	\$	-	\$	-	\$	762,249
Community development	5,314,795	489,597		1,984,696		357,552		-		2,342,248
Police	23,076,631	685		266,053		569,762		-		835,815
Fire	18,601,570	-		3,501,621		-		-		3,501,621
Parks and recreation	2,791,423	21,204		2,251,591	-		-			2,251,591
Public works	 10,923,095	 109,787		2,616,424	-		766,021			3,382,445
Total governmental activities	 67,040,092	 (1,721,261)		11,382,634		927,314 766,0		766,021		13,075,969
Business-type activities:										
Airport	1,465,989	85,476		1,766,982		90,620		-		1,857,602
Development services	1,795,628	131,614		1,994,415		-		-		1,994,415
Marina	298,617	33,038		262,401		-		-		262,401
Transit	3,543,654	100,702		352,283		2,726,647		-		3,078,930
Wastewater utility	18,126,866	742,569		27,510,352		31,873		-		27,542,225
Water utility	14,373,682	606,306		18,360,988		53,754		-		18,414,742
Storm water	 381,607	 21,556		185,445						185,445
Total business-type activities	 39,986,043	 1,721,261		50,432,866		2,902,894		-		53,335,760
Total primary government	\$ 107,026,135	\$ -	\$	61,815,500	\$	3,830,208	\$	766,021	\$	66,411,729

General Revenues:

- D	
1 2 2 0 6 1	
rancs.	

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Franchise taxes

Business license taxes

Transient occupancy taxes

Other taxes

Total taxes

Intergovernmental, unrestricted

Investment earnings

Gain on disposal of assets

Other revenue

Transfer in/(out)

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year

Net position - end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue									
and C	Changes in Net Pos	sition							
Governmental	Business-Type	T (1							
Activities	Activities	Total							
	•								
\$ (3,227,795)	\$ -	\$ (3,227,795)							
(3,462,144)	-	(3,462,144)							
(22,241,501)	-	(22,241,501)							
(15,099,949)	-	(15,099,949)							
(561,036)	-	(561,036)							
(7,650,437)		(7,650,437)							
(52,242,862)		(52,242,862)							
-	306,137	306,137							
-	67,173	67,173							
-	(69,254)	(69,254)							
-	(565,426)	(565,426)							
-	8,672,790	8,672,790							
-	3,434,754	3,434,754							
	(217,718)	(217,718)							
-	11,628,456	11,628,456							
(52,242,862)	11,628,456	(40,614,406)							
11,278,819	-	11,278,819							
13,728,518	-	13,728,518							
4,646,929	-	4,646,929							
1,334,920	-	1,334,920							
3,359,945	-	3,359,945							
1,335,133		1,335,133							
35,684,264	-	35,684,264							
10,100,536	-	10,100,536							
1,966,335	1,465,197	3,431,532							
37,009	9,823	46,832							
2,917,083	-	2,917,083							
582,417	(582,417)	-							
51,287,644	892,603	52,180,247							
(955,218)	12,521,059	11,565,841							
242,279,479	181,846,893	424,126,372							
\$ 241,324,261	\$ 194,367,952	\$ 435,692,213							



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Funds Financial Statements Proprietary Funds Financial Statements Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City in fiscal 2019. Individual nonmajor funds may be found in the Supplemental Section.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government, which are not required legally, or by sound financial management, to be accounted for in another fund.

HOME/BEGIN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The HOME/Begin Special Revenue Fund is used to account for federal grants received under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. The money is used for specific programs, which provide housing to people with low and moderate income.

IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund is used to account for fees received from local development projects, which are used for the construction of major public improvements, provided assistance to low income people in the community, and for the acquisition, development, and enhancement of neighborhood and community parks.

SUCCESSOR HOUSING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund was established to account for the collection of property tax increment related to the dissolution of the former Petaluma Community Development Commission (PCDC) and its related project areas. This fund is used for loan repayments and activities related to the assets assumed by the City as Successor Agency as well as housing activities of the former PCDC.

CITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund accounts for the collection of resources and the related expenditure on acquisition and construction of major capital improvement projects in the City, other than those accounted for in proprietary funds.

	Major Funds					
				HOME /	I	mpact Fees
		General	Be	egin Special	Spe	cial Revenue
		Fund	Re	evenue Fund		Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	13,391,351	\$	934,523	\$	47,963,975
Receivables:						
Accounts, net		1,583,676		-		-
Interest		534,253		-		-
Intergovernmental		3,467,892		-		-
Due from other funds		367,423		-		-
Inventories		13,117		-		-
Deposits and prepaid items		29,791		-		-
Loans receivable		49,375		15,192,939		8,587,398
Interest receivable related to loans receivable		27,271		5,911,735		548,480
Advances to other funds		-		-		476,058
Total assets	\$	19,464,149	\$	22,039,197	\$	57,575,911
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,004,203	\$	-	\$	96,791
Wages payable		1,077,969		-		-
Unearned revenue		56,847		-		-
Refundable deposits		234,692		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		-		-		
Total liabilities		3,373,711		-		96,791
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenues		545,176		-		83,954
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		119,554		-		-
Restricted				22,039,197		57,395,166
Committed		4,434,461		-		-
Assigned		7,818,049		-		-
Unassigned		3,173,198				
Total fund balances		15,545,262		22,039,197		57,395,166
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund	_		_			_
balances	\$	19,464,149	\$	22,039,197	\$	57,575,911
			_			

Major	Fund	ls						
 Successor			N	Non-Major		Total		
using Special	C	ity Capital		vernmental	Governmental			
venue Fund		ojects Fund	00	Funds	0.	Funds		
 venue i unu		ojecto i una		T unitab		T unitab		
\$ 183,351	\$	3,959,302	\$	8,487,799	\$	74,920,301		
-		42,974		579,646		2,206,296		
-		-		-		534,253		
-		160,185		751,353		4,379,430		
-		-		-		367,423		
-		-		-		13,117		
-		1,444		-		31,235		
22,078,884		-		724,000		46,632,596		
7,308,400		-		192,763		13,988,649		
-		-		-		476,058		
\$ 29,570,635	\$	4,163,905	\$	10,735,561	\$	143,549,358		
 <u> </u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				<u> </u>		
\$ 6,856	\$	592,245	\$	442,526	\$	3,142,621		
-		-		-		1,077,969		
-		-		-		56,847		
60,000		1,100		-		295,792		
-		-		29,331		29,331		
 		1,362,801		-		1,362,801		
 66,856		1,956,146		471,857		5,965,361		

 _	 35,924	 -	 665,054
-	-	24,821	144,375
29,503,779	-	10,240,783	119,178,925
-	2,171,835	-	6,606,296
-	-	-	7,818,049
 -	-	 (1,900)	 3,171,298
29,503,779	2,171,835	10,263,704	 136,918,943
\$ 29,570,635	\$ 4,163,905	\$ 10,735,561	\$ 143,549,358

Total fund balances reported on the governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 136,918,943
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds.	190,130,806
Internal service funds are not governmental funds. However, they are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and central services and maintenance to individual governmental funds. The net current assets of the Internal Service Funds are therefore included in Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position.	(4,804,845)
Decompose which are defended as the Facel Dalace Charles have a three are as the state	
Revenues which are deferred on the Fund Balance Sheets because they are not available currently are taken into revenue in the Statement of Activities.	665,054
The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Funds:	
Compensated absences	(4,055,783)
Net Pension liability	(78,106,044)
Deferred outflows related to pension	14,941,631
Deferred inflows related to pension	(1,300,221)
OPEB obligation	(11,976,698)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	350,849
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(1,439,431)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 241,324,261



City of Petaluma Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Majo	or Funds		
	 General Fund	Begiı	DME / n Special nue Fund		pact Fees al Revenue Fund
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$ 30,739,746	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses, permits and fees	1,302,860		-		3,963,823
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	634,177		-		-
Use of money and property	895,678		570,233		1,393,615
Intergovernmental	7,027,800		-		-
Charges for current services	7,700,722		-		79,279
Other	145,820		-		8,547
Total revenues	 48,446,803		570,233		5,445,264
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	5,654,259		-		-
Community development	989,393		-		629,882
Police	19,131,074		-		-
Fire	15,418,433		-		-
Parks and recreation	1,638,484		-		26,195
Public works	3,910,709		-		56,329
Capital outlay	 94,003		-	·	-
Total expenditures	 46,836,355		-		712,406
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 1,610,448		570,233		4,732,858
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	1,984,011		-		12,276
Transfers out	 (1,175,053)		-		(292,578)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 808,958		-		(280,302)
Net change in fund balances	2,419,406		570,233		4,452,556
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year	 13,125,856		21,468,964		52,942,610
End of year	\$ 15,545,262	\$	22,039,197	\$	57,395,166

	Funds		
Successor Housing Special	City Capital	Non-Major	Total
Revenue Fund	Projects Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,944,517	\$ 35,684,263
-	-	37,386	5,304,069
-	-	38,090	672,267
530,507	45,881	179,552	3,615,466
-	643,744	4,201,610	11,873,154
24,115	16,488	472,638	8,293,242
237	339,287	22,136	516,027
554,859	1,045,400	9,895,929	65,958,488
-	365,874	-	6,020,133
244,448	-	1,110,301	2,974,024
-	-	432,475	19,563,549
-	277,021	25,011	15,720,465
-	223,826	402,735	2,291,240
-	3,610,969	2,613,655	10,191,662
	-	339,125	433,128
244,448	4,477,690	4,923,302	57,194,201
310,411	(3,432,290)	4,972,627	8,764,287
226,791	2,491,235	3,351,249	8,065,562
	(12,276)	(6,948,238)	(8,428,145)
226,791	2,478,959	(3,596,989)	(362,583)
537,202	(953,331)	1,375,638	8,401,704
28,966,577	3,125,166	8,888,066	128,517,239
\$ 29,503,779	\$ 2,171,835	\$ 10,263,704	\$ 136,918,943

City of Petaluma Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 8,401,704
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capitalized expenditures are therefore added back to fund balance Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance (Depreciation expense is net of internal service fund depreciation of \$646,135 which has already been allocated to serviced	4,693,714
funds)	(7,622,539)
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):	
Unavailable revenue	165,242
Compensated absences	104,190
OPEB obligation, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(569,010)
Net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(4,037,910)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment acquisition, maintenance, and insurance to individual funds.	
The portion of the net revenue (expense) of these Internal Service Funds arising out of their transactions with governmental funds is reported with governmental activities, because they service those activities.	
Change in Net Position -All Internal Service Funds	(2,090,609)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (955,218)

MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

AIRPORT FUND

This fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Airport, including capital improvements.

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND

This fund accounts for cost recovery services, including building services, development services and planning services provided to developers, where fees charged are required to cover costs of providing services.

MARINA FUND

This fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Marina, structural and equipment improvements, and planning and implementing promotional campaigns.

TRANSIT FUND

This fund is used to account for the operation of City's transit services.

WASTEWATER UTILITY FUND

This fund is part of the Water Resources and Conservation Department, which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including collection and treatment of wastewater.

WASTEWATER RATE STABILIZATION FUND

This fund is used for the purpose of debt service calculations. The Financial Plan uses money from the Rate Stabilization fund to help meet the debt service coverage requirements.

WATER UTILITY FUND

This fund is part of the Water Resources and Conservation Department, which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including reliable delivery of high quality water.

STORM WATER FUND

The Storm Water Utility was set up to track costs associated with the City's storm drainage system. Some examples of these costs include maintenance, monitoring, ground water and drinking water protection, infrastructure management, code development and enforcement, drainage system inspection and regulation, and floodplain management.

		M	ajor Proprietary Fur	ıds
			Development	
	Airp	ort	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Marina
ASSETS	F			
Current Assets:	¢	1 727 000	¢ 1 700 00 1	¢ 10.0(0
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$	1,727,909	\$ 1,798,221	\$ 13,263
Receivables:		-	-	-
Accounts, net		107 433		19,519
Intergovernmental			-	
Inventories		67,042	-	2,199
Deposits and prepaid items		-	-	-
Total Current Assets		1,901,715	1,798,221	34,981
Non-Current Assets:				
Advance to other funds		_	-	-
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable		4,562,035	-	-
Depreciable	1	9,051,468	380,638	5,034,455
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1	1,989,508)	(361,856)	(3,632,621)
Total Non-current Assets	1	1.623.995	18.782	1,401,834
Total assets	1	3,525,710		1,436,815
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1	0,020,110	1,017,000	1,100,010
			101.045	
Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		-		-
		-		-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	1	3,525,710	2,011,053	1,436,815
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		86,261	41,362	9,469
Interest payable		14,932	-	-
Due to other funds		-	-	338,093
Refundable deposits		143,647	210,340	16,584
Claims payable, due within one year		-	12 204	-
Compensated absences, due within one year			12,304	617
Long-term debt, due within one year			-	-
Total Current Liabilities		682,195	264,006	364,763
Non-current Liabilities:				
Claims payable, due in more than one year		-	-	-
Compensated absences, due in more than one year		7,864	53,485	2,507
Advance from other funds		-	1 210 010	-
Net pension liability OPEB liability		-	, ,	-
Long-term debt, due in more than one year		- 2,870,000	433,033	6,426,352
		, ,	1 505 005	· · · ·
Total Non-current Liabilities		2,877,864		6,428,859
Total liabilities		3,560,059	1,971,043	6,793,622
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources - pension		-	39,679	-
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		-	52,117	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	91,796	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		8,317,995	18.782	(5,024,518)
Restricted for debt service		-		
Unrestricted		1,647,656	(70,568)	(332,289)
Total net position		9,965,651	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ (5,356,807)
	T			(2)222/307/

							Governmental
			Major Propr	ietary Funds			Activities-
		Wastewater	Wastewater				Internal Service
Trar	nsit	Utility	Rate Stabilization	Water Utility	Storm Water	Total	Funds
	130,344	\$ 24,618,415 43	\$ 3,727,033	\$ 12,587,978 -	\$ 374,216 -	\$ 44,977,379 43	\$ 14,727,715
	13,403 549,084	3,694,705 387,680	-	1,219,145	-	5,054,205 936,095	60,637
	86,147	20,142	-	428,889	3,741	608,160	22,347 310,671
	778,978	28,720,985	3,727,033	14,236,012	377,957	51,575,882	15,121,370
	-	7,062,386	-	1,270,578	-	8,332,964	1,270,578
	873,652	35,228,486	-	6,686,727	-	47,350,900	-
	0,401,560	253,022,309	-	73,163,441	5,334	361,059,205	11,670,422
	(5,537,564)	(81,114,763)		(40,607,354)	(528)	(143,244,194)	(8,034,966
	5,737,648	214,198,418	-	40,513,392	4,806	273,498,875	4,906,034
	6,516,626	242,919,403	3,727,033	54,749,404	382,763	325,074,757	20,027,404
	72,539	906,732	-	544,039	-	1,704,657	217,616
	-	15,168		19,101	-	46,972	76,170
	6,589,165	243,841,303	3,727,033	55,312,544	382,763	326,826,386	20,321,190
	367,095	1,778,910	_	803,515	17,973	3,104,585	163,209
	-	469,389	-	32,113		516,434	100,200
	-	-	-	-	-	338,093	
	-	-	-	244,880	-	615,451	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,776,992
	2,429	84,782 6,598,543	-	55,629 361,000	4,918	162,034 7,395,543	60,159
	369,524	8,931,624		1,497,137	22,891	12,132,140	4,000,360
	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,765,047
	11,388	187,802	-	129,453	10,111	402,610	152,879
	-	-	-	-	476,058	476,058	8,240,740
	487,967	6,099,593 517 771	-	3,659,756	-	11,467,235	1,463,902
	-	517,771 91,168,673	-	652,068 4,889,000	-	1,603,472 105,354,025	2,600,183
	499,355	97,973,839		9,330,277	486,169	119,303,400	21,222,751
	868,879	106,905,463		10,827,414	509,060	131,435,540	25,223,111
	15,872	198,395 62,229	-	119,037 78,369	-	372,983 192,715	47,615 312,505
	15,872	260,624		197,406		565,698	360,120
	5,737,648	109,368,816 43	-	33,992,814	4,806	152,416,343 43	3,635,456
	(33,234)	43 27,306,357	3,727,033	- 10,294,910	(131,103)	43 42,408,762	(8,897,497
_	5,704,414	\$ 136,675,216	\$ 3,727,033	\$ 44,287,724	\$ (126,297)	\$ 194,825,148	\$ (5,262,041
5	s' accumu the enterp	lated adjustment to	reflect the consolidat	ion of internal servic		57,035	
rent y	-		e consolidation of inte	ernal service activitie	s related to	(514,231)	
rnrico							

City of Petaluma Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

	N	lajor Proprietary Fun	ds
	Airport	Development Services	Marina
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Charges for sales Charges for services Connection fee	\$ 669,688 1,097,294 -	\$ 180 1,994,235 	\$ 6,494 255,907 -
Total operating revenues	1,766,982	1,994,415	262,401
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Cost of services Claims	901,100	1,667,259	67,527 -
General and administrative Depreciation	167,199 389,743	254,399 5,584	158,651 102,864
Total operating expenses	1,458,042	1,927,242	329,042
OPERATING INCOME	308,940	67,173	(66,641)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Investment earnings and rent Interest expense Intergovernmental Gain(loss) on disposal of assets	62,013 (93,423) 90,620 1,670	48,606 - -	(6,466) (2,613) - -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	60,880	48,606	(9,079)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	369,820	115,779	(75,720)
Transfers in Transfers out	(55,570)		-
Total transfers	(55,570)		
Change in net position	314,250	115,779	(75,720)
NET POSITION:			
Beginning of year	9,651,401	(167,565)	(5,281,087)
End of year	<u>\$ 9,965,651</u>	\$ (51,786)	\$ (5,356,807)

						Governmental
		Major Propri	ietary Funds			Activities-
Transit	Wastewater Utility	Wastewater Rate Stabilization	Water Utility	Storm Water	Total	Internal Service Funds
\$ - 352,283 -	\$ 27,487,956 7,200 15,196	\$	\$ 17,066,090 166,939 1,127,959	\$ 185,445 	\$ 45,230,408 4,059,303 1,143,155	\$
352,283	27,510,352	-	18,360,988	185,445	50,432,866	7,022,822
2,592,737 _ 330,163	7,071,638 - 3,460,981	- - -	11,568,945 - 1,582,886	302,345 - 96,489	24,171,551 - 6,050,768	2,616,625 6,328,116 1,201,722
721,456	5,391,437		1,422,446	528	8,034,058	646,135
3,644,356	15,924,056		14,574,277	399,362	38,256,377	10,792,598
(3,292,073)	11,586,296		3,786,711	(213,917)	12,176,489	(3,769,776
1,081 - 2,726,647	899,425 (2,639,939) 31,873	99,290 - -	358,658 (196,920) 53,754	2,590 (3,801)	1,465,197 (2,936,696) 2,902,894	366,994 (146,718 -
545 2,728,273	7,608	- 99,290	- 215,492	- (1,211)	9,823	(340 219,936
(563,800)	9,885,263	99,290	4,002,203	(215,128)	13,617,707	(3,549,840
-	93,580 (390,190)	-	- (728,710)	498,473	592,053 (1,174,470)	1,035,000 (90,000
-	(296,610)		(728,710)	498,473	(582,417)	945,000
(563,800)	9,588,653	99,290	3,273,493	283,345	13,035,290	(2,604,840
6,268,214	127,086,563	3,627,743	41,014,231	(409,642)		(2,657,201
\$ 5,704,414	\$ 136,675,216	\$ 3,727,033	\$ 44,287,724	\$ (126,297)		\$ (5,262,041
	Current years' adju activities related to	astments to reflect the enterprise funds	consolidation of inte	ernal service	(514,231)	
	Change in net posi	tion per Business-Typ	e Activities Stateme	nt of Net Position	\$ 12,521,059	

		M	lajor F	roprietary Fun	ds	
			De	evelopment		
		Airport		Services		Marina
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from customers	\$	1,754,040	\$	2,018,562	\$	265,089
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services		(1,043,484)		(1,950,503)		(224,707)
Cash payments to employees for services		(18,575)		132,668		1,518
Claims paid		-		-		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		691,981		200,727		41,900
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating grants and contributions		90,620		-		-
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		- (EE E70)		-		-
Interfund borrowings		(55,570)		-		(35,432)
Net cash provided by (used) in noncapital financing activities		35,050		-		(35,432)
						(00)102)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		(424.000)				26 100
Principal payments on long-term debt and capital lease		(424,000)		-		36,108
Interest paid on long-term debt and capital lease Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(95,338) 1,670		-		(36,108)
Acquisition of capital assets		(144,716)		-		-
Net cash (used) in capital and related financing activities		(662,384)				
Net cash (useu) in capital and related infancing activities		(002,304)		-		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				10 (0 -		(4,440)
Interest on investments		62,013		48,605		(6,468)
Net cash provided by investing activities		62,013		48,605		(6,468)
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		126,660		249,332		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year		1,601,249		1,548,889		13,263
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year	\$	1,727,909	\$	1,798,221	\$	13,263
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET						
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	308,940	\$	67,173	\$	(66,641)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss						. ,
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		389,743		5,584		102,864
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(10 500)				(20)
Accounts receivable		(18,593)		-		639
Intergovernmental receivables Inventories		4,666		-		- 2,832
Deposits and prepaid items		(13,812)		-		2,032
Advance to other funds		-		_		_
Deferred outflows of resources - pension		-		351,192		-
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		-		(731)		-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		38,627		(28,845)		(1,361)
Refundable deposits		985		24,147		2,049
Claims payable		-		-		-
Net pension liability		-		(227,251)		-
Deferred inflows of resources - pension		-		(9,973)		-
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		-		9,639		-
OPEB liability		-		(1,002)		- 1 510
Compensated absences payable		(18,575)		(1,902)		1,518
Total adjustments	¢	383,041	¢	133,554	¢	108,541
Net cash provided (used) in operating activities	\$	691,981	\$	200,727	\$	41,900

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

											Go	vernmental
					Major Propr	ietary	Funds				1	Activities-
		W	/astewater	W	astewater						Inte	ernal Servic
Tr	ansit		Utility	Rate	Stabilization	W	ater Utility	Sto	orm Water	 Total		Funds
	345,377	\$	26,984,754	\$	-	\$	18,343,281	\$	185,445	\$ 49,896,548	\$	7,005,15
	(2,738,363)		(9,975,545)		-		(13,253,302)		(393,058)	(29,578,962)		(3,994,63
	48,680		625,481		-		558,914		164	1,348,850		242,10
	-		-		-		-		-	 -		(1,612,00
	(2,344,306)		17,634,690		-		5,648,893		(207,449)	 21,666,436		1,640,61
	2,726,647		31,873		-		53,754		-	2,902,894		
	-		93 , 580		-		-		498,473	592,053		1,035,00
	-		(390,190)		-		(728,710)		-	(1,174,470)		(90,00
	(189,934)		751,706		-		79,488		(44,671)	 561,157		(703,99
	2,536,713		486,969		-		(595,468)		453,802	 2,881,634		241,00
			<i></i>				<i>(</i>			<u></u>		
	-		(6,494,800)		-		(347,000)		-	(7,229,692)		
	-		(2,675,166)		-		(199,042)		(3,801)	(3,009,455)		(146,71
	545		7,608		-		-		-	9,823		(34
	(63,688)		(11,949,368)		-		(2,468,667)		-	 (14,626,439)		(317,01
	(63,143)		(21,111,726)		-		(3,014,709)		(3,801)	 (24,855,763)		(464,02
	1,080		899,425		99,290		358,660		2,591	 1,465,196		366,99
	1,080		899,425		99,290		358,660		2,591	 1,465,196		366,99
	130,344		(2,090,642)		99,290		2,397,376		245,143	1,157,503		1,784,54
	-		26,709,100		3,627,743		10,190,602		129,073	43,819,919		12,943,17
	130,344	\$	24,618,458	\$	3,727,033	\$	12,587,978	\$	374,216	\$ 44,977,422	\$	14,727,71
	(3,292,073)	\$	11,586,296	\$	-	\$	3,786,711	\$	(213,917)	\$ 12,176,489	\$	(3,769,77
	721,456		5,391,437		-		1,422,446		528	8,034,058		646,13
	(6,551)		(267,285)		-		(23,714)		-	(315,504)		(17,6
	(355)		(258,313)		-		6,032		-	(247,970)		
	(2,500)		(13,912)		-		(52,080)		1,068	(78,404)		5,2
	-		6,875		-		-		-	6,875		(206,73
	-		-		-		-		-	-		421,4
	140,476		1,755,959		-		947,068		-	3,194,695		(4,3
	-		(873)		-		(1,099)		-	(2,703)		25,1
	187,037		564,111		-		(49,391)		4,708	714,886		
	107,007		001,111		_		(49,591) (25)		-,, 00	27,156		4,716,11
	-		-		-		(23)		-	27,130		
	-		-		-		-		-			(272,70
	(90,901)		(1,136,258)		-		(392,320)		-	(1,846,730)		(11,9
	(3,989)		(49,863)		-		(19,987)		-	(83,812)		57,79
	-		11,509		-		14,493		-	35,641		70,12
	-		13,963		-		17,585		-	43,242		(18,19
	3,094		31,044		-		(6,826)		164	 8,517		
	947,767		6,048,394		-		1,862,182		6,468	9,489,947		5,410,39
	· · · · ·	\$	17,634,690	\$		\$	5,648,893	\$	(207,449)	\$ 21,666,436	\$	1,640,62



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

These funds account for assets legally held in trust for specific purposes.

AGENCY FUNDS

These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. They are used to account for assets held in an agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the City's programs.

	Agency Funds		Private Purpose Trust Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	3,581,744	\$ 3,510,017	
Restricted cash and investments		-	8,488	
Notes receivable		-	234,744	
Accounts receivable		185	-	
Interest receivable		7,444		-
Total assets	\$	3,589,373	3,753,249	-
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	3,588,989	129,382	
Deposits payable		384	-	
Interest payable		-	374,413	
Long-term debt:				
Long-term debt, due within one year		-	2,945,000	
Long-term debt, due in more than one year		-	62,019,294	-
Total liabilities	\$	3,589,373	65,468,089	_
NET POSITION:				
Held in trust for private purposes			(61,714,840)	_
Total net position			\$ (61,714,840)	

City of Petaluma

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Private Purpose Trust Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

ADDITIONS:	Private Purpose Trust Funds	
Property tax Use of money and property	\$	5,418,489 31,481
Total additions		5,449,970
DEDUCTIONS:		
Community development		239,074
Interest expense		2,264,685
Total deductions		2,503,759
Change in net position		2,946,211
NET POSITION:		
Beginning of year		(64,661,051)
End of year	\$	(61,714,840)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City was incorporated as a general law City by the state legislature on April 12, 1858. The City currently operates under a Council-Manager form of government established under a charter election in 1947. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police and fire protection, transit service, parks and recreation, public works, community development, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates a water and waste water system, a municipal airport, and a marina.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is legally separate and fiscally independent which means it can issue debt, set and modify budgets and fees, and sue or be sued. These financial statements present the government and its component unitentities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

The financial statements of the primary government of the City of Petaluma include the activities of the City, as well as the City of Petaluma Public Financing Corporation, and the Petaluma Public Financing Authority, which are controlled by and dependent on the City. While these are separate legal entities, their financial activities are integral to those of the City. Their financial activities have been aggregated and merged (termed "blending") with those of the primary government of the City in the accompanying financial statements.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

City of Petaluma Public Financing Corporation

The City of Petaluma Public Financing Corporation (PPFC) was established in November of 1990 and is a not-for-profit benefit corporation, created under the laws of the State of California. Although PPFC is a separate legal entity from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government, because its sole purpose is to be a financing entity for the City. PPFC does not issue separate basic financial statements.

Petaluma Public Financing Authority

The Petaluma Public Financing Authority (PPFA) was established in May 1996 as a joint powers authority between the City and former Redevelopment Agency. Its purpose was to issue revenue bonds, which provided funds for a consolidated special assessment bond refunding. Although PPFA is a separate legal entity from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government, because its sole purpose is to be a financing entity for the City. PPFA does not issue separate basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the U.S.A.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

These Standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City and its component units). These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

C. Major Funds

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. Major governmental and business-type funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reported the following major governmental and proprietary funds in the accompanying financial statements:

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government, which are not required legally, or by sound financial management, to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

HOME/BEGIN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The Home/BEGIN Special Revenue Fund is used to account for federal grants received under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. The money is restricted for specific programs, which provide housing to people with low and moderate income.

IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund is used to account for fees received from local development projects, which are restricted for the construction of major public improvements, provide assistance to low income people in the community and for the acquisition, development, and enhancement of neighborhood and community parks.

SUCCESSOR HOUSING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund was established to account for housing activities and the collection of housing loans of the former Petaluma Community Development Commission (PCDC) and its related project areas. This fund is used for loan collections and assets assumed by the City as Successor Agency as well as housing activities of the former PCDC.

CITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund accounts for the collection of resources and the related expenditure on acquisition and construction of major capital improvement projects in the City, other than those accounted for in proprietary funds.

AIRPORT FUND

This fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Airport, including capital improvements.

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND

This fund accounts for cost recovery services, including building services, development services and planning services provided to developers, where fees charged are required to cover cost of providing services.

MARINA FUND

This fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Marina, structural and equipment improvements, and planning and implementing promotional campaigns.

TRANSIT FUND

This fund is used to account for the operation of City's transit services.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

WASTEWATER UTILITY FUND

This fund is part of the Public Works & Utilities Department, which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including collection and treatment of wastewater.

WASTEWATER RATE STABILIZATION FUND

This fund is used for the purpose of debt service calculations. The Financial Plan uses money from the Rate Stabilization fund to help meet the debt service coverage requirements.

WATER UTILITY FUND

This fund is part of the Public Works & Utilities Department, which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including reliable delivery of high quality water.

STORM WATER FUND

The Storm Water Utility was set up to track costs associated with the with the City's storm drainage system. Some examples of these costs include maintenance, monitoring, ground water and drinking water protection, infrastructure management, code development and enforcement, drainage system inspection and regulation, and floodplain management.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

These funds account for employee benefits, general services, information services, risk management, vehicle and equipment replacement, and workers' compensation; all of which are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust for special purposes.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for non-related parties, a not-forprofit organization, and certain assessment districts located in the City. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Entity-wide financial statement, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the full *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when *earned* and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable* and *available*. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as *expenditures* in governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The City may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are use of money and property revenue, charges for services and fines and penalties. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue.

E. Budgetary Policy and Control

The City Council adopts an annual budget, submitted by the City Manager prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. Public hearings are conducted prior to its adoption by the City Council. All appropriations which are not obligated, encumbered, or expended at the end of the fiscal year lapse and become a part of the unreserved fund balance which may be appropriated for the next fiscal year. The City Council has the legal authority to amend the budget at any time during the fiscal year. The City Manager has the authority to make adjustments to the operating budget within funds and between departments. Transfers of operating budgets from appropriated reserve accounts, use of unappropriated fund balances, cancellation of appropriations and all changes in capital improvement project budgets require the approval of the City Council. Supplemental appropriations during the fiscal year were not material.

The annual budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. It is adopted for all governmental type funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) for the operating budget is within a department.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded when issued in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the governmental and proprietary fund types. Open encumbrances at year-end are recorded as reservations of fund balance since the commitments will be paid by subsequent years' budget appropriations. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

In fiscal 2018-2019, the General Fund and the following Major Special Revenue Fund had expenditures in excess of its budget at the level of budgetary control:

	Amount Exceeded
Fund	Budget
General Fund:	
City Attorney	\$69,166
Community Development	305,191
Fire	1,264,804
Public Works	42,438
Impact Fees Fund:	
Parks and Recreation	127
Housing Successor Fund:	
Community Development	8,067

Sufficient resources were available within the funds to finance these overages.

F. Inventories

Inventories in General Fund, which consisted primarily of supplies and parts, are recorded at cost and inventories in Proprietary Funds, which consisted primarily supplies, meters, and vehicle parts held for future consumption, are record at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. Reported expenditures/expenses reflecting the purchase of supplies have been restated to reflect the consumption method of recognizing inventory-related expenditures/expenses. A nonspendable reservation of fund balance has been reported in the governmental funds to show that inventories do not constitute *available spendable resources*, even though they are a component of net current assets.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Leave Benefits

The City has compensated absences for regular vacation and sick leave which are accounted for in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Employees may accumulate earned vacation time according to certain limits. Management employees are limited to the amount, which may be earned, in a three year period. All other employees are limited to the amount, which may be earned, in a two year period. All employees may accumulate unused sick leave without limits. The unused sick leave vests after five years of service for firefighters, and after ten years of service for all other employees. Vested sick leave is payable upon death or retirement for all employees at 50% of the vested amount, up to a limit of 1,000 hours for fire battalion chiefs, 720 hours for firefighters, 700 hours for police mid-management employees, and 480 hours for all other employees. All employees may elect, in lieu of a cash payment, to have all vested sick leave applied to their years of service under the retirement plan. Public safety employees are also eligible for vested sick leave to be paid upon a disability retirement at 50% of the vested amount, up to a limit of 1,000 hours for firefighters, and 700 hours for all police officers. A liability is calculated for all of the cost of compensated absences based on benefits earned by employees in the current period, for which there is a probability of payment at termination. The salary and related payroll costs are those in effect as of June 30, 2019. Compensated absences are recorded as liabilities on the Government-Wide Financial Statements and the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. For all compensated absences recorded, the programs that have incurred the expense are used to liquidate the liability.

Changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		 Total
Beginning Balance Additions Pay ments	\$	4,391,201 2,675,555 (2,797,935)	\$	556,127 862,591 (854,074)	\$ 4,947,328 3,538,146 (3,652,009)
Ending Balance	\$	4,268,821	\$	564,644	\$ 4,833,465
Current Position	\$	762,005	\$	162,034	\$ 924,039

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Revenues

Property Taxes -- Article XIII of the California Constitution (more commonly known as Proposition 13) limits ad valorem taxes on real property to one percent of value plus taxes necessary to pay indebtedness approved by voters prior to July 1, 1978. The Article also established the 1975/76 assessed valuation as the basis and limits annual increases to the cost of living, not to exceed two percent, for each year thereafter. Property may also be reassessed to full market value after a sale, transfer of ownership, or completion of new construction. The State is prohibited under the Article from imposing new ad valorem, sales, or transactions taxes on real property. Local government may impose special taxes (except on real property) with the approval of two-thirds of the qualified voters. Property taxes attach as a lien on the property as of January 1. Secured property taxes are levied on July 1 and are due in two installments by December 10 and April 10. The County of Sonoma bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the City using an alternative method of distribution known as the "Teeter Plan." The State Revenue and Taxation Code allows counties to distribute secured real property and supplemental property taxes on an accrual basis resulting in full payment to the City each fiscal year. Any subsequent delinquent payments and related penalties and interest will revert to Sonoma County. The City reports property tax revenue net of collection fees.

Sales Tax Revenue -- The City accrues the State's July and August sales tax payments for the previous fiscal year. The July and August payments are comprised of the actual, May and June receipts, respectively and the respective receipts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues of Proprietary Funds -- Operating revenues in the proprietary fund are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

I. Interest Payable

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable for long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred in the appropriate activity.

In the Fund Financial Statements, propriety fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Use of Restricted and Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reported amount of expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

M. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

N. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* – The objective of this statement is to provide financial statement users with information about asset retirement obligations (AROs) that were not addressed in GASB standards by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for these obligations. The requirements of this statement did not apply to the City for the current fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* – The objective of this statement is to improve consistency in the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements, and to provide financial statement users with additional essential information about debt. The requirements of this statement did not apply to the City for the current fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Policies

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and highly liquid investments held with financial institutions, a fiscal agent, and in a pooled account with the State, to be cash equivalents.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a fair value of 110% of the City's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the City's cash on deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in an investment pool by an independent financial institution in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution pledging the collateral.

The City's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

Investment income is allocated among funds on the basis of interest income on certain investments and is allocated based on the source of the investment and legal requirements which apply.

Cash and investments with an original maturity of three months or less are used in preparing proprietary fund statements of cash flows because these assets are highly liquid and are expended to liquidate liabilities arising during the year.

B. Classification

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted under the terms of City debt instruments or Commission agreements. Cash and investments as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

City cash and investments in primary government	
Cash and investments	\$ 134,625,395
Restricted cash and investments	 43
Total cash and investment in primary government	 134,625,438
Cash and investment in Fiduciary Funds (Separate Statement)	
Cash and investment	7,091,761
Restricted Cash and investment	 8,488
Total cash and investment in Fiduciary Funds	 7,100,249
Total cash and investments	\$ 141,725,687

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 2,921
Cash and investments with financial institutions	141,714,235
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	 8,531
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 141,725,687

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the City and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the City's Investment Policy where it is more restrictive that addresses interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

The City's investment policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following:

Authorized Investment Type	M aximum M aturity	Minimum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
State of California and Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	No Limit	N/A	N/A	N/A
Securities of the State or Local Agencies of the State	No Limit	* N/A	N/A	N/A
California Asset Management Program	No Limit	N/A	N/A	N/A
Certificates of Deposit	2 years	N/A	30%	N/A
Bankers' Acceptance	180 days	N/A	40%	30%
Securities of the U.S. Treasury or Other Federal Agencies	5 years	* N/A	N/A	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	5 years	A-1/P-1	N/A	N/A
Money Market Funds	No Limit	Two highest rating	20%	N/A
Medium-Term Notes (as currently owned)	5 years	N/A	N/A	N/A

* May change if approved by Council

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City and the Successor Agency to the PCDC held cash and investments with fiscal agents in the amount of \$8,531 at June 30, 2019, including certain amounts which are held to be used only for specific capital outlay, payments of certain long-term debt and maintaining required reserves. The City invests funds only as permitted by specific State statutes governing their investment or applicable City ordinance, resolution, or bond indenture.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter-term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date:

Investment Type	12 months or less	13 - 24 months	25 - 36 months	37 - 48 months	Fair Value Total
Securities of U.S. Government Agencies					
FHLB	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,257,999	\$ -	\$ 3,257,999
FHLMC	400,000	1,004,172	-	-	1,404,172
FHMS	245,993	551,788	804,164	805,360	2,407,305
FHLMC - Multi Family Structure	-	-	253,634	531,308	784,942
FHLMC Mortgage-backed Federal Agency Securities	-	90,942	-	-	90,942
FNMA - Collateralized Mortgage Obligation	4,794	2,113,425	930,161	252,854	3,301,233
U.S. Treasury Bonds/Notes	1,544,914	6,603,170	6,729,443	753,369	15,630,896
California Local Agency Investment Fund	62,321,430	-	-	-	62,321,430
California Asset Management Program	36,358,096	-	-	-	36,358,096
Held by Fiscal Agents	8,531	-	-	-	8,531
Total Investments	\$100,883,758	\$ 10,363,497	\$ 11,975,400	\$ 2,342,891	125,565,547
Cash on hand and in banks					16,160,140
Total Cash and Investments					\$141,725,687

The City is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, United States Treasury Notes and Bills and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, and corporations. At June 30, 2019, these investments have an average maturity of 173 days.

The City is a participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the "Trust"). The Trust is a joint powers authority, and public agency, created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (California Government Code Sections 6500 et seq., or the "Act") for the purpose of exercising the common power of CAMP participants to invest certain proceeds of debt issues and surplus funds. CAMP investments are limited to investments permitted by subdivisions (a) to (n), inclusive, of Section 53601 of the California Government Code. The City reports its investments in CAMP at the amortized cost provided by CAMP, which is the same as the value of the pool share, in accordance with GASB 79 requirements. At June 30, 2019, the fair value was approximate to the City's cost. At June 30, 2019, these investments have an average maturity of 54 days.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City, as a CAMP shareholder, may withdraw all or any portion of the funds in its CAMP account at any time by redeeming shares. The CAMP Declaration of Trust permits the CAMP trustee to suspend the right of withdrawal from CAMP or to postpone the date of payment of redemption proceeds if the New York Stock Exchange is closed other than for customary weekend and holiday closings, if trading on the New York Stock Exchange is restricted, or if, in the opinion of the CAMP trustees, an emergency exists such that disposal of the CAMP pool securities or determination of its net asset value is not reasonably practicable. If the right of withdrawal is suspended, the City may either withdraw its request for that withdrawal or receive payment based on the net asset value of the CAMP pool next determined after termination of the suspension of the right of withdrawal.

Money market mutual funds are available for withdrawal on demand and at June 30, 2019, have an average maturity of 19 days.

F. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The actual ratings as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

			Fair Value
Investment Type	AAAm	AAAm AA+/Aaa	
Securities of U.S. Government Agencies			
FHLB	\$ -	\$ 3,257,999	\$ 3,257,999
FHMS	-	2,407,305	2,407,305
FHLMC	-	1,404,172	1,404,172
FHLMC Mortgage-backed Federal Agency Securities	-	90,942	90,942
FNMA - Collateralized Mortgage Obligation	-	3,301,233	3,301,233
FHLMC - Multi Family Structure	-	784,942	784,942
California Asset Management Program	36,358,096	-	36,358,096
Held by Fiscal Agents	8,531		8,531
Total	\$ 36,366,627	\$ 11,246,593	47,613,220
Not rated:			
California Local Agency Investment Fund			62,321,430
Cash on Hand and in Banks			16,160,140
Exempt from credit rate disclosure:			
U.S. Treasury Bonds/ Notes			15,630,896
Total Cash and Investments			\$141,725,687

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

G. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the City as of June 30, 2019:

Investment Type	Level 1 Level 2			Total	
Investment by Fair Value Level:					
Securities of U.S. Government Agencies					
FHLB	\$	-	\$ 3,257,999	\$	3,257,999
FNMA		-	-		-
FHMS		-	2,407,305		2,407,305
FHLMC		-	1,404,172		1,404,172
FHLMC - Multi Family Structure		-	784,942		784,942
FHLMC - Mortgage-backed Federal Agency Securities		-	90,942		90,942
FNMA - Collaterized Mortgage Obligation		-	3,301,233		3,301,233
U.S. Treasury Bonds/Notes	15,6	30,896	 -		15,630,896
Total Investments	\$ 15,6	30,896	\$ 11,246,593		26,877,490
Investment not subject to leveling disclosure:					
California Asset Management Program					36,358,096
California Local Agency Investment Fund					62,321,430
Money Market Funds					8,531
Cash on Hand and in Banks					16,160,140
Total Cash and Investments				\$1	41,725,687

U.S. Treasury Bond/ Notes, classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset. U.S. Governmental Agencies Securities classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy are valued using institutional bond quotes. The California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) is valued based on the fair value factor provided by the Treasurer of the State of California, which is calculated as fair value divided by the amortized cost of the investment pool. The California Asset Management Program (CAMP) is valued based at the amortized costs provide by CAMP which is the same as the value of the pooled share in accordance with GASB 79 requirements.

H. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of Credit Risk is having investments in any one issuer, other than U.S. treasury securities, money market mutual funds, and California Local Agency Investment Funds that represent a 5% or more of City-wide investments. The City did not have investments in any one issuer as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Current Balances

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. During fiscal 2018-2019 the General Fund made a short-term loan to the Marina Enterprise Fund in the amount of \$338,093 and the Measure M Parks Fund in the amount of \$29,331.

B. Long-Term Advances

During fiscal 2011-2012, the Storm Drainage Impact Fee Fund which is rolled up within the Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund advanced the Storm Water Enterprise Fund to cover storm water maintenance costs for the period from January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2014. The advance bears an annual interest rate of 0.60 percent. As of June 30, 2019, the outstanding amount of the advance was \$476,058.

In addition, during fiscal 2012-2013 the Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund advanced the City Capital Projects Fund to provide temporary funding for the Swim Center Renewable Energy project. During the fiscal year 2018-2019, the total outstanding amount of the advance has been fully repaid back.

During fiscal 2016-2017, the Wastewater Utility Fund advanced \$3,025,000 to the Vehicle and Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund for the purchase of critical public safety vehicles and equipment. The advance bears an annual interest rate of 1.25 percent. The principal and interest are due in eight (8) equal payments. As of June 30, 2019, the outstanding amount of the advance was \$1,907,205.

During fiscal 2017-2018, the Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund (\$4,050,198), Water Utility Enterprise Fund (\$1,350,066) and Risk Management Internal Service Fund (\$1,350,066) together loaned \$6,750,330 to the to the Employee Benefits Fund for the pay down of the PERS Unfunded Liability. The annual savings advanced for the paydown are expected to lessen the burden on the budget during the period of rising PERS costs. All funds paying towards the cost of employee retirements, including the lending funds, will recognize some savings. The advance bears an annual interest rate of 1.75 percent. The principal and interest are due in 15 equal installments, such that the entire principal and interest shall be repaid on or before June 30, 2033. As of June 30, 2019, the outstanding amount of the advance was \$6,333,535.

During fiscal 2017-2018, the Wastewater Utility Fund advanced \$1,490,000 to the City Capital Projects Fund to cover the costs of the LED Streetlight Retrofit Project. The advance bears an annual interest rate of 1.25 percent. The principal and interest are due in eight equal payments. As of June 30, 2019, the outstanding amount of the advance was \$1,362,801.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

C. Transfers Between Funds

With Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Fund Receiving Transfers	Fund Making Transfers	Amount Transferred	-
General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds	\$ 1,894,011 90,000	(A) (C)
Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund	City Capital Projects Fund	12,276	(C)
Successor Housing Fund	Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	136,500 90,291	(A) (A)
City Capital Projects Fund	General Fund Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds Water Utility Enterprise Fund Wastewater Utility Enterprise Funds Airport	48,000 156,078 1,888,687 278,710 64,190 55,570	 (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B)
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Non-Major Governmental Funds Water Utility Enterprise Fund Wastewater Utility Enterprise Funds	2,575,249 450,000 326,000	(A) (B) (B)
Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund	General Fund	93,580	(C)
Storm Water Enterprise Fund	General Fund	498,473	(D)
Internal Service Fund	General Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	535,000 500,000 \$ 9,692,615	(A) (A)

Purposes for transfers:(A) General Support(B) Capital project transfers(C) Settlement(D) Maintenance

D. Internal Balances

Internal balances are presented in the Entity-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities.

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable comprised balances from the following programs, all of which are discussed below:

Housing Loans to Not-For Profit Agencies	
Old Elm Partners	\$ 2,504,336
Roundwalk Village Partners	2,292,449
Boulevard (Buckelew) Project	480,200
Downtown River Associate LP	7,148,134
Edith Street Apartments, Inc.	1,217,884
Lieb Senior Apartments, Inc.	1,593,886
575 Vallejo Street Association	851,184
579 Vallejo Street Association	990,000
Casa Grande	4,128,287
Wood Sorrel	1,347,513
Logan Place	7,643,218
Salishan Apartments Inc.	388,380
Vintage Chateau	4,499,825
Madrone	1,104,479
Washington Creek	568,969
Caufield Senior Housing	182,999
Parklane Apartments	 6,276,653
Total Housing Loans to Not-For Profit Agencies	43,218,396
First-Time Home Buyers Loans	 3,414,200
Total	\$ 46,632,596

A. Housing Loans to Not-For-Profit-Agencies

The City has provided various loans to not-for-profit agencies for the construction of units for low-income rental housing projects. The loans are funded using HOME funds, Community Development Block Grant funds, the General fund, and other Housing funds. The interest rates range from zero to 5.78%. Payment is deferred until a variety of events occur, such as: sale or transfer of property, failure to adhere to low and moderate housing provisions of the promissory note, to the extent of residual receipts, or at the maturity date of the note. The maturity dates range from 32-55 years.

The City and the former PCDC have also loaned funds to not-for-profit agencies to finance constructions of low and moderate income housing. The terms range from 13 to 60 years, and the interest rates range from zero to 6.56%. Payments are deferred until a variety of events occur, such as: sale or transfer of property, failure to adhere to low and moderate housing provisions of the promissory note, to the extent of residual receipts, or at the maturity date of the note. Management evaluated these loans and they are expected to be collected, therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts was set up.

With the dissolution of the PCDC as discussed in Note 15, the City agreed to become the successor to the PCDC's housing activities and as a result the Successor Housing Special Revenue Fund assumed the loans receivable of the former Redevelopment Special Revenue Fund.

As of June 30, 2019, the total principal and interest receivable related to these loans was \$43,218,396 and \$13,988,649, respectively.

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

B. First-Time Home Buyers Loans

The City offers qualified low and moderate income first time home buyers silent second mortgages on home purchases. Accrued interest and principal are due when the primary loan is refinanced or on sale of the property. The interest rate is the lower of the principal amount plus interest at a rate of 10% per annum, or 28.6% to 33% net of sales price. At June 30, 2019, the outstanding balance of the loans was \$3,414,200.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities in the Governmental-Wide Financial Statement. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. All other capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. The City's policy is to capitalize all vehicles, office equipment and items with an inherently higher value with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more, and a useful life of one year or more. Land, easements, land improvements, buildings, building improvements and infrastructure with a cost exceeding \$50,000 and a useful life exceeding one year are also capitalized.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Vehicles and equipment 3-15 years Building and improvements 10-50 years Infrastructure 20-50 years

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has included all infrastructure within the basic financial statements. The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include:

- Sidewalks and bridges
- Street system
- Sewer system
- > Pipes

The assets include streets, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems, etc. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest on construction related debt incurred during the period of construction for business-type and proprietary funds assets is capitalized as a cost of the constructed assets.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

For all infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the Basic Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting. Estimated historical costs were developed in one of the following methods:

- 1) Use of historical records where available.
- 2) Standard unit costs appropriate for the construction/acquisition date of the asset.
- 3) Present replacement cost indexed by a reciprocal factor of the price increase from the construction/acquisition date to the current date.

The accumulated depreciation, defined as the total depreciation from the date of construction/ acquisition to the current date, was computed on a straight-line basis, using industry accepted life expectancies for each infrastructure subsystem. The book value was then computed by deducting the accumulated depreciation from the estimated historical cost.

The long-term principal portion of debt on non-proprietary capital assets acquired through lease purchase contracts is accounted for in the government-wide financial statements as "capital lease obligations." A capital asset is recorded at the net present value of the total lease payments in the government-wide financial statements.

A. Capital Asset Additions and Retirements

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2019
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets not being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 39,013,406	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,013,406
Construction in progress	53,119,596	4,260,586		(8,183,357)	\$ 49,196,825
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	92,133,002	4,260,586		(8,183,357)	88,210,231
Capital Assets being Depreciated					
Buildings and Improvements	22,381,756	-	-	663,378	23,045,134
Vehicles and Equipment	17,789,820	725,548	(574,946)	-	17,940,422
Infrastructure	199,746,089	24,592		7,519,979	207,290,660
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	239,917,665	750,140	(574,946)	8,183,357	248,276,216
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	(13,287,161)	(527,825)	-	-	(13,814,986)
Vehicles and Equipment	(12,783,452)	(906,247)	574,946	-	(13,114,753)
Infrastructure	(108,955,844)	(6,834,602)			(115,790,446)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(135,026,457)	(8,268,674)	574,946		(142,720,185)
Net Capital Assets being Depreciated	104,891,208	(7,518,534)		8,183,357	105,556,031
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$197,024,210	\$ (3,257,948)	\$ -	\$ -	\$193,766,262

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance at June 30, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2019
Business-type Activities					
Capital Assets not being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 10,731,229	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,731,229
Construction in progress	31,696,712	13,928,490		(9,005,531)	36,619,671
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	42,427,941	13,928,490		(9,005,531)	47,350,900
Capital Assets being Depreciated					
Buildings and Improvements	30,017,722	-	-	-	30,017,722
Vehicles and Equipment	14,135,352	697,950	(46,185)	-	14,787,117
Infrastructure	308,399,454			9,005,531	317,404,985
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	352,552,528	697,950	(46,185)	9,005,531	362,209,824
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	(14,482,288)	(724,355)	-	-	(15,206,643)
Vehicles and Equipment	(10,183,739)	(949,137)	46,185	-	(11,086,691)
Infrastructure	(111,740,913)	(6,360,566)			(118,101,479)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(136,406,940)	(8,034,058)	46,185		(144,394,813)
Net Capital Assets being Depreciated	216,145,588	(7,336,108)		9,005,531	217,815,011
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$258,573,529	\$ 6,592,382	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 265,165,911

B. Capital Asset Contributions

Some capital assets may be acquired using federal and State grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are required to be accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

C. Depreciation Allocation

Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program are as follows:

Governmental Functions

General Government	\$ 132,727
Community Development	2,697,861
Police	145,039
Fire	64,196
Parks and Recreation	637,438
Public Works	3,945,278
Internal Service Funds:	
Information Services	32,349
Vehicle Replacement - GG	613,786
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 8,268,674

Business Functions

Airport	\$ 389,743
Development Services	5,584
Marina	102,864
Transit	721,456
Wastewater Utility	5,391,437
Water Utility	1,422,446
Storm Water	 528
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 8,034,058

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets, which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt.

A. The City's Long-Term Debt

The City's long-term debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Business-Type Activity Debt:	Original Issue Amount	Balance at June 30, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance at June 30, 2019	Amount due within one year
Revenue Bonds:						
2012 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds 3.670%, due 5/1/2031	\$ 7,529,000	\$ 5,597,000	\$ -	\$ 347,000	\$ 5,250,000	\$ 361,000
2017 Wasterwater Revenue Refunding Bonds						
3.125-4.00%, Due 11/01/2036	23,365,000	23,365,000	-	-	23,365,000	-
Plus: Original issue Premium	967,283	865,464	-	50,910	814,554	
Total Revenue Bonds		29,827,464	-	397,910	29,429,554	361,000
State Loan Fund:						
State Revolving Loan Fund						
1.400%, due 4/9/2029	125,964,254	80,031,552		6,443,889	73,587,663	6,598,543
Notes Payable:						
California Department of Boating and Waterways	3,960,000	6,390,244	36,107		6,426,351	
Total Notes Payable		6,390,244	36,107		6,426,351	
Lease Obligation:						
2016 Airport Refunding Lease Obligation						
2.710%, due 11/1/2025	4,531,000	3,730,000	-	424,000	3,306,000	436,000
Total Lease Obligation		3,730,000	-	424,000	3,306,000	436,000
Total Business Type Activity Debt		\$119,979,260	\$ 36,107	\$ 7,265,799	\$112,749,568	\$7,395,543

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

B. Debt Service Requirements

Future principal and interest payment on all Business-type debt were as follows at June 30, 2019.

Business-Type Activity D	ebt:							
For the Year	Revenu	e Bonds	State Revle	olving Loan	Notes	Payable	Lease O	bligation
Ending June 30, 2019	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2036	\$ 361,000 375,000 388,000 401,000 419,000 2,347,000 18,644,000 5,680,000	\$ 991,369 977,864 963,863 949,385 934,338 4,424,183 2,734,903 228,088	\$ 6,598,543 6,756,908 6,919,074 7,085,131 7,255,174 38,972,833	\$ 735,877 669,891 602,322 533,131 462,280 1,187,667	\$ 392,310 428,424 5,605,617 - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ 436,000 447,000 459,000 472,000 484,000 1,008,000	\$ 83,685 71,720 59,444 46,829 33,875 27,507
Outstanding Accumulated Payments and Penalties Less: Original Issuance Premium (Discount Total bonds payable	28,615,000 814,554 \$29,429,554	\$12,203,992	73,587,663	\$ 4,191,168	6,426,351	<u> </u>	3,306,000	\$ 323,060

C. Description of the City's Long-Term Debt Issues

2012 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds - On October 1, 2012, the City issued Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2001 in the amount of \$7,529,000. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the 2001 Water Revenue Bonds, and to finance improvements to the Water System. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce debt service payments over the next 20 years by \$72,683, and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service requirements on the old and new bonds discounted at the effective interest rate on the new debt and adjusted for any additional cash) of \$51,077. The Bonds mature annually each November 1 from 2013 to 2031, in amounts ranging from \$337,000 to \$520,000 and bear interest 3.67% Interest is payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1. The bonds are payable solely from a pledge of and lien upon the net revenues are pledged for the debt service. Net revenue and debt service amounts to \$5,567,815 and \$546,042 in fiscal 2018-19. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Bonds was \$6.4 million as of June 30, 2019.

2017 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds - On June 1, 2017 the City issued Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$23,365,000. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund and retire the City's 2011 Waste Water Revenue Refunding Bond that are payable from the revenues of the City's wastewater and storm drainage system. The Bonds mature annually each May 1 from 2030 to 2036 in amounts ranging from \$1,775,000 to \$3,905,000 and bear interest at rates ranging from 3.125% to 4.00%. Interest is payable semiannually May 1 and November 1. The bonds are payable solely from a pledge of and lien upon the net revenues are pledged for the debt service. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Bonds was \$34.3 million as of June 30, 2019.

The bonds were issued at a premium of \$967,283 which is being amortized over the 19-year life of the bonds resulting in an annual amortization of \$50,910.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

State Revolving Loan Fund - In October 2005, the City was awarded \$125,964,254 for the Ellis Creek Water Recycling Facility from the California Clean Water State Revolving Fund. The first draw was in September 2006. Upon completion of the construction of the recycling facility, the State Division of Financial Assistance for the State Water Resources Control Board will prepare an appropriate SRF installment sale agreement payment schedule. The City may without penalty prepay all or any portion of the outstanding principal amount of the obligation provided that the City also pays all accrued interest on the principal amount prepaid through the date of the prepayment. This obligation is secured by the net revenues of the Wastewater Enterprise Fund. 100% of the net revenues are pledged for the debt service. The interest rate is 1.4%. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$73,587,663

California Department of Boating and Waterways - On March 11, 1993, the California Department of Boating and Waterways issued a note in the amount of \$3,960,000 to finance construction of the Petaluma Marina. The terms of the loan allow unpaid interest to be added to the outstanding principal. The loan balance was increased by unpaid interest and penalties for the years ended June 30, 1998, and 2000 through 2017. The debt is the responsibility of the Marina Fund. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$6,426,351. The City has been attempting to work with the California Department of Boating and Waterways in order to eliminate the liability in the Marina Fund.

2016 Airport Lease Obligation – In March of 2016, the Petaluma Public Financing Authority entered into a lease obligation with the City in the amount of \$4,531,000. The proceeds of the lease obligation were used to retire the 2003 Certificates of Participation and the 2005 California Department of Transportation Airport Loans. The lease obligation is payable each November from 2016 to 2025, in amounts ranging from \$388,000 to \$511,000 and bear interest at rate of 2.71%. Interest is payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$3,306,000.

NOTE 7 - DEBT WITHOUT CITY COMMITMENT

The following bond issues are not reported in the City's financial statements, because they are special obligations payable solely from, and secured by, specific revenue sources described in the resolutions and official statements of the respective issues. Neither the faith and credit, nor the taxing power of the City, the County, the State of California, or any political subdivision thereof, is pledged for payment of these bonds.

Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds - the Redevelopment Agency issued \$4,750,000 in Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, with a variable rate of interest, not to exceed 12%, with the variable rate to be determined by the marketing agent. The proceeds from the bonds were used to make a loan to Oakmont Retirement Investors, LLC for the purpose of financing the acquisition and construction of a 76-unit assisted living care/multi-family rental facility known as Oakmont at Petaluma. The bonds are special obligation of the former PCDC, payable solely from the rental revenue and other assets pledged or assigned to Payment of the bonds by Windchime of Walnut Creek, LP. These bonds are not recorded as liabilities on the City's financial statements.

On September 19, 2011, the City approved the issuance of the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$20,000,000 through the California Municipal Financing Agency. The proceeds from the bonds are to be used by the developer, Logan Place, L.P., for the purpose of financing the acquisition and construction of 66-unit, affordable housing development in the City of Petaluma, known as the "Logan Place." The bonds are special obligation of City, the payments of the bonds are solely the responsibility of the Logan Place, L.P. These bonds are not recorded as liabilities on the City's financial statements.

NOTE 7 - DEBT WITHOUT CITY COMMITMENT (Continued)

On February 6, 2012, the City approved the issuance of the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$12,500,000 through the California Municipal Financing Agency. The proceeds from the bonds are to be used by the developer, Petaluma Ecumenical Properties, for the purpose of financing the acquisition and construction of 50-unit, multi-family, low-income senior rental housing development in the City of Petaluma, known as the "Kellgren Senior Apartments." The bonds are special obligation of the City, the payments of the bonds are solely the responsibility of the Petaluma Ecumenical Properties, LLC. These bonds are not recorded as liabilities on the City's financial statements.

On August 6, 2012, the City approved the issuance of the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$15,000,000 through the California Municipal Financing Agency. The proceeds from the bonds are to be used by the developer, Round Walk Village Partners 2, L.P., for the purpose of financing the acquisition and construction of 129-unit, multi-family housing development in the City of Petaluma, known as the "Round Walk Village." The bonds are special obligation of the City, the payments of the bonds are solely the responsibility of the Round Walk Village Partners 2, L.P. These bonds are not recorded as liabilities on the City's financial statements.

On September 15, 2003, former PCDC issued Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds and Taxable Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$6,197,000. The proceeds of the bonds were used to finance the construction and equipping of an 81 unit, multi-family, rental housing development in the City of Petaluma, known as the "Downtown River Apartments." The bonds are special obligation of the former PCDC payable solely from rental revenue and other assets pledged or assigned to payment of the bonds by the obligator. These bonds are not recorded as liabilities on the City's financial statements.

On October 5, 2015, the City approved the issuance of the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$25,000,000 through the California Municipal Financing Agency. The proceeds from the bonds are to be used by the developer, Eden Housing Inc., for the purpose of financing the acquisition and rehabilitation of 2 affordable housing develops, a 32-unit, multi-family, low-income residential rental housing development in the City of Petaluma, known as the "Washington Creek Apartments" and a 74-unit, multi-family, low-income residential rental housing development in the City of Petaluma, known as the "Corona Ranch Apartments." The bonds are special obligation of the City, the payments of the bonds are solely the responsibility of the Eden Housing Inc. These bonds are not recorded as liabilities on the City's financial statements.

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

A. Net Position

Net position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three captions on the Statement of Net Position. These captions apply only to net position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level and business type authorities, and are described below:

Net investment in capital assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets and related deferred inflows or outflows of resources.

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, and redevelopment funds restricted to low-and-moderate-income housing purposes.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

B. Fund Balance

Governmental fund balances represent the net current position of each fund. Net current position generally represent a fund's cash and receivables, less its liabilities.

The City's fund balances are classified based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendable represents balances set aside to indicate items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose.

Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council can, by adoption of resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by resolution of the City Council or its designee, City Manager, and may be changed at the discretion of the City Council or its designee. This category includes encumbrances, Nonspendables, when it is the City's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose, and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds which have not been restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Detailed classifications of the City's Fund Balances as of June 30, 2019, are below:

Fund Balance Classification	General Fund		Home/ Begin Special Revenue	Impact Fees Special Revenue	Successor Housing Special Revenue	City Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental	Total
Nonspendable: Items not in spendable form: Loans, prepaids and inventories	\$ 119,;	554	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 119,554
Subtotal	119,	554				-	-	119,554
Amounts required to maintain intact: Permanent funds		-	-				24,821	24,821
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances	119,	554	-		-		24,821	144,375
Restricted for:								
Special projects Community redevelopment Low-income housing		- -	- - 22,039,197	57,395,166 - -	29,503,779	-	10,240,783	57,395,166 10,240,783 51,542,976
Total Restricted Fund Balances		-	22,039,197	57,395,166	29,503,779	-	10,240,783	119,178,925
Commited to:								
Special projects	4,434,4	461		-			-	4,434,461
Total Commited Fund Balances	4,434,4	461	-		-		-	4,434,461
Assigned:								
Special projects	7,818,)49			-	2,171,835		9,989,884
Total Assigned Fund Balances	7,818,)49	-			2,171,835	-	9,989,884
Unassigned:								
General Fund	3,173,	198				-	(1,900)	3,171,298
Total Unassigned Fund Balances	3,173,	198	-	-	-	-	(1,900)	3,171,298
Total Fund Balance	\$ 15,545,2	262	\$ 22,039,197	\$ 57,395,166	\$ 29,503,779	\$ 2,171,835	\$ 10,263,704	\$ 136,918,943

C. Fund Deficits

As of June 30, 2019, the Measure M Parks Special Revenue Fund, the Development Services Enterprise Fund, the Marina Enterprise Fund, the Storm Water Enterprise Fund, the Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund, the Information Services Internal Service Fund and the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund, had negative net positions of \$1,900 \$51,786, \$5,356,807, \$126,297, \$7,600,153, \$1,407,132 and \$4,132,722 respectively. See Note 13C for further discussion of the Marina Fund. All other deficits are expected to be repaid by future revenues.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. General Information about the Pension Plans and Summary of Balances by Plan

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Below is a summary of the deferred outflows of resources, net pension liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources by Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		N	et Pension Liability	_	Deferred Inflows Resources	Pension Expense	
Miscellaneous Safety	\$	3,913,944 12,949,960	\$	24,398,373 66,638,808	\$	793,579 927,240	\$	4,344,540 9,535,220
Total	\$	16,863,904	\$	91,037,181	\$	1,720,819	\$	13,879,760

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

		Miscellaneous	
	Tier I	Tier II	Tier III
		Between July 1, 2010 and	On or after
Hire Date	Prior to July 1, 2010	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-63	50-63	52-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.092% to 2.418%	1% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	7% - 11%	7% - 11%	6.25% - 10.25%
			50% of the Total Normal
Required employer contribution rates	9.142%	9.142%	Cost

In addition, the City made a payment to the Miscellaneous Plan's unfunded liability in the amount of \$1,313,264

		Safety	
	Tier I	Tier II	Tier III
		Prior to	On or after
Hire Date	Prior to July 1, 2010	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-55	50-63	52-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2%	2.4% to 3%	2% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9%	9%	11.75% - 15.25%
			50% of the Total Normal
Required employer contribution rates	19.330%	19.330%	Cost

In addition, the City made a payment to the Safety Plan's unfunded liability in the amount of \$3,761,083

Employees Covered – At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Micellaneous		
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	271	289	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	238	234	
Active employees	196	189	
Total	705	712	
	Safety		
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	199	206	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	80	80	
Active employees	116	113	
Total	395	399	

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2018, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	All Plans
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%(1)
Mortality (2)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.0% until Purchasing Power
	Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies,
	2.50% thereafter

(1) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation
(2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes
20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on
this table, please refer to the CalPERS 2014 experience study report available on CalPERS website

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Change of Assumptions – For the June 30, 2018 measurement date, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions in December 2017. All other assumptions were the same as those used for the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and longterm market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Sensitive	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100%	_	

(a) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

(b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for each Plan follows:

Miscellaneous Plan:	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	113,235,647	\$	84,292,245	\$	28,943,402
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		2,452,860		-		2,452,860
Interest on the total pension liability		7,911,849		-		7,911,849
Differences between actual and expected						
experience		(230,240)		-		(230,240)
Changes in assumptions		(662,917)		-		(662,917)
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		(215)		215
Contribution - employer		-		5,913,026		(5,913,026)
Contribution - employee		-		1,362,257		(1,362,257)
Net investment income		-		7,122,301		(7,122,301)
Administrative expenses		-		(131,351)		131,351
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(5,827,389)		(5,827,389)		-
Other miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		-		(249,437)		249,437
Net changes		3,644,163		8,189,192		(4,545,029)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	116,879,810	\$	92,481,437	\$	24,398,373

Safety Plan: Increase (Decrease)						
	Total PensionPlan FiduciaryLiabilityNet Position		•	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	193,249,496	\$	123,135,761	\$	70,113,735
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		3,691,563		-		3,691,563
Interest on the total pension liability		13,623,550		-		13,623,550
Differences between actual and expected						
experience		1,060,333		-		1,060,333
Changes in assumptions		(821,854)		-		(821,854)
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		(314)		314
Contribution - employer		-		9,856,013		(9,856,013)
Contribution - employee		-		1,347,243		(1,347,243)
Net investment income		-		10,381,838		(10,381,838)
Administrative expenses		-		(191,879)		191,879
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(9,589,184)		(9,589,184)		-
Other miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		-		(364,382)		364,382
Net changes		7,964,408		11,439,335		(3,474,927)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	201,213,904	\$	134,575,096	\$	66,638,808

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous	Safety		
1% Decrease	6.15%	6.15%		
Net Pension Liability	39,043,834	94,181,464		
Current Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%		
Net Pension Liability	24,398,373	66,638,808		
1% Increase	8.15%	8.15%		
Net Pension Liability	12,200,491	44,051,388		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

D. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City contributions to the plan were \$8,463,919 At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Miscellaneous Plan:					
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	2,168,183	\$	-	
Differences between actual and expected experience		-		(376,187)	
Changes in assumptions		1,393,812		(417,392)	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan					
investments		351,949		-	
Total	\$	3,913,944	\$	(793,579)	
Safety Plan:					
	Defer	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	6,295,736	\$	-	
Differences between actual and expected experience		773,757		(327,509)	
Changes in assumptions		5,221,462		(599,731)	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan					
investments		659,005		-	
Total	\$	12,949,960	\$	(927,240)	

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

\$8,463,919 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Miscellan	eous P	lan:	Safet	y Plan:	
Year Ended	Annual		Year Ended	Annual	
June 30	Aı	nortization	June 30	A	mortization
2019	\$	1,950,649	2019	\$	4,396,351
2020		49,072	2020		2,772,099
2021		(831,089)	2021		(1,128,949)
2022		(216,450)	2022		(312,517)
Total	\$	952,182	Total	\$	5,726,984

E. Deferred Public Agency Retirement System

The City of Petaluma contributes to a Public Agency Retirement System/Alternative Retirement System (PARS), a public agency multiple-employer defined contribution pension trust. PERS provides benefits at the time of retirement, total disability or death. PARS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public agencies. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by federal statute and city resolutions. Copies of PARS' annual financial report may be obtained from their office at 3961 MacArthur Blvd., Suite 200, Newport Beach, CA 92660.

Participants are required to contribute 7% of their annual salary. The City is required to contribute 0.5% of the annual salary of covered participants. The contribution requirements were established on the Adoption Agreement. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City contributed \$2,333 and the covered employees contributed \$32,662 the total of which met the requirements of the plan.

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. General Information about the City's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

Plan Description – The City's Post Employment Benefit Plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided – The plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended through agreements and memorandums of understanding between the City, its management employees, and the union representing City employees.

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The City provides eligible employees who retire with a monthly retiree allowance, currently provided through the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CALPERS) Health Benefits Program under the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The monthly benefit allowance varies by bargaining unit labor contract. The benefit allowances have been long-standing and previously ratified by labor and the City Council through the negotiation process. The dollar amount varies by bargaining units and by years of service. The range of the benefit is \$100 to \$156.83 per month for retirees who satisfy the Plan's service requirements for a City cash subsidy. The City's employer contribution for each employee shall be at least the minimum amount required by PEMHCA based on unequal method for retirees participating in PEMHCA healthcare plans. The City pays this contribution directly to CALPERS and any remaining cash subsidy directly to retirees. No dental or vision benefits are provided, except for some retired Council Members. The Plan does not issue a financial report.

In the 1990s, the City adopted various resolutions relating to a health benefit allowance for Council Members. There are six former Council Members receiving a benefit under the resolution ranging from \$100 to \$120 per month. In 1995, State law prohibited newly elected Council Members from receiving the benefit unless on a self-pay basis. The exception would be if a Council Member could retire into CALPERS and was covered under the PEMHCA.

Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City on or after age 50 and 5 years of CALPERS service or disability. The benefits are available only to employees who retire from the City.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City's contributions to the Plan were \$473,991.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – Membership in the plan consisted of the following at the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Active employees	291
Inactive currently receiving benefits	170
Inactive entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	110
Total	571

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. Total OPEB Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The City's total OPEB liability was measured and determined based on the following dates, actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Contribution Policy	No pre-funding
Discount Rate:	3.87% at June 30, 2018 (Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index)
	3.58% at June 30, 2017 (Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index)
General Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases:	Aggregate -3% annually
	Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
M edical Trend	
	Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Investment Rate of Return	5.25%
Mortality, Retirement, Disability	CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Mortality Improvement	Post-retirement mortality projected fully generational
	with Scale MP-2017
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Projected fully generational with Scale MP-2016
Healthcare Trend	Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate
	rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years
	Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate
	of 4.0% in 2076 and later years
PEMHCA Minimum Increase	4.25% annually
Healthcare Participation at Retirement	Actives: 70% if covered, 60% if waived with 20 or more
	years service, 40% if waived with less than 20 years
	Retirees: 100% if covered, 0% re-elect if waived

The discount rate was based on the Municipal Bond Rate as of the measurement date.

C. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability follows:

	Total OPEB				
	Liability				
Balance at June 30, 2017 (Measurement Date)	\$ 15,744,000				
Changes in the year:					
Service cost	985,423				
Changes of assumptions	(696,520)				
Interest on the total OPEB liability	590,974				
Benefit payments	(443,524)				
Net changes	436,353				
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Measurement Date)	\$ 16,180,353				

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

D. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Total OPEB Liability							
Disco	ount Rate - 1%	Curren	t Discount Rate	Discount Rate + 1%			
(2.87%)			(3.87%)	(4.87%)			
\$	18,783,482	\$	16,180,353	\$	14,087,482		

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Total OPEB Liability							
19	1% Decrease Current Trend				1% Decrease		
\$	13,750,849	\$	16,180,353	\$	19,342,834		

E. OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$293,127. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Defei	red Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources		
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Changes in assumptions	\$	473,991	\$	(1,944,651)	
Total	\$	473,991	\$	(1,944,651)	

\$473,991 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as part of OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (336,869)
2021	(336,869)
2022	(336,869)
2023	(336,869)
2024	(336,869)
Thereafter	 (260,306)
Total	\$ (1,944,651)

NOTE 11 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (Plan) created in accordance with California Government Code Section 53212 and Internal Revenue Code of 1986, Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

In March 1997, the City amended the Plan's documents to comply with a new federal law. The Plan's assets have been placed into a trust for the exclusive benefit of the employees and their beneficiaries. The City is the administrator of the Plan but the assets are held by an independent investment manager and, therefore, are not recorded as assets of the City. Each employee directs the investment of the assets in his or her account.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City provides coverage up to a maximum of \$500,000 for each general liability claim. The City is a member of a public entity risk pool, which provides liability coverage of up to \$40,000,000 per occurrence, including the City's risk-limit. The actuarially determined liability at June 30, 2019, for general liability was \$1,966,520 which includes an estimate for incurred, but not reported claims.

The amounts of coverage for the risk retention, pool participation, purchased insurance and cost reimbursed benefits have not changed from the prior year. The amount of settled claims has not exceeded the maximum coverage in any of the past three years, under risk retention, pool participation, purchased insurance and cost reimbursed plans.

The public entity risk pool (Pool), to which the City belongs, assesses each member an annual contribution to cover claims, operating costs and claim settlement expenses. The Pool has a multi-level risk sharing arrangement for its liability program. Members assume their own losses, up to their retention level. Losses in excess of the retention are paid out of a central pool maintained by the Pool for each of the four levels of coverage. This central pool is funded by all of the members participating in that program layer through contributions. Losses in excess of participation limits and coverages are the responsibility of the individual member from which the loss or claim originated.

The City provides coverage up to a maximum of \$1,000,000 for each workers' compensation claim. In addition, the City carries excess insurance which provides liability coverage up to the statutory limit. The actuarially determined liability as of June 30, 2019 for workers' compensation was \$10,575,519 which includes an estimate for incurred, but not reported claims.

Most funds of the City participate in the retention program and make payments to the Risk Management Fund and the Workers' Compensation Fund, based on budgetary estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims, and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The accrued claims liability reported in the risk funds as of June 30, 2019, is based upon the requirement of GASB Statement No.10. This statement requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities for future claims and payments for workers' compensation were based on an actuarial study, which was completed for the year ended June 30, 2019. Liabilities for future claims and payments for general liability were determined by management, based on the results of the actuarial study as of June 30, 2019.

The following is a reconciliation of changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017:

For the Years	Claims			Claims	Cla	ums Payable
Ended	Payable	Claims	Claims	Payable	Ι	Due within
 June 30,	July 1,	Incurred	Payments	June 30,		One Year
2017	\$7,305,792	\$1,447,661	\$(1,137,327)	\$ 7,616,126	\$	2,354,788
2018	7,616,126	1,846,606	(1,636,803)	7,825,929		2,508,212
2019	7,825,929	7,809,328	(3,093,218)	12,542,039		3,776,992

Employee medical, disability and life insurance benefits are also purchased. The City self-insures for additional employee benefit insurance such as dental, vision and unemployment, on a cost reimbursement basis, up to defined annual maximums. No liability has been accrued for these claims, as they are deemed immaterial.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The City participates in several Federal and State grant programs. These programs are subject to the audits by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act and applicable State requirements. In addition, these programs are subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney there is no other pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

B. Construction and Other Commitments

The City's governmental funds had year-end commitments at June 30, 2019 totaling \$1,054,060 for construction related contracts awarded, but not completed, and proprietary funds in the amount of \$7,578,659. In addition, the City's governmental funds had outstanding professional service contracts at year-end in the amount of \$1,157,056 and proprietary funds in the amount of \$6,179,739.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

C. Marina Enterprise Fund Finances

At June 30, 2019, the Marina Enterprise Fund had \$13,263 in cash while accumulated deficit was \$5.4 million. As discussed in Note 6C, the Marina Enterprise Fund had an outstanding loan of \$6.4 million payable to the California Department of Boating and Waterways, to which the City has not made payments since 2000. The City has been working with the Department in order to eliminate the loan. In addition, the City management is currently exploring options at the Marina to improve operations.

NOTE 14 – POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, the City is required to estimate the components of expected pollution remediation outlays and determine whether outlays for those components should be accrued as liabilities or, if appropriate, capitalized when goods and services are acquired if one of the following five specified obligating events occurs:

- The City is compelled to take pollution remediation action because of an imminent endangerment;
- The City violates a pollution prevention-related permit or license;
- The City is named, or evidence indicates that it will be named, by a regulator as a responsible party or potentially responsible party for remediation, or as a government responsible for sharing costs;
- The City is named, or evidence indicates that it will be named, in a lawsuit to compel participation in pollution remediation
- The City commences or legally obligates itself to commence pollution remediation.

At June 30, 2019, the City identified the following site which met one of the above obligating events:

Payran Street Site 301 Payran Street, site of a former fire station and underground storage tank, has had an extensive history of subsurface investigations and remediation work since approximately 1988. Groundwater sampling and analysis has confirmed that both onsite and offsite groundwater is impacted with petroleum hydrocarbons. The Sonoma County Department of Environmental Heath acts as the Local Oversight Program (LOP) on behalf of the State Water Resources Control Board and has directed the City to continue with its cleanup of the site. As of this date the City has spent the State Fund limit of \$1.5m for past work and the more recent Dual Phase Vapor Extraction Remediation. The City and Edd Clark & Associates (ECA) submitted a corrective plan and have an approved plan to operate a High Vacuum Dual Phase Extraction (HVDPE) system to clean up the site. Construction of the HVDPE system was completed in the Summer of 2017, and the testing period for the system commenced in September 2017. The City received the permit to operate the system from the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) in February 2018. The City began full operation of the system is April 2018. In September 2019, the City modified the system and installed vapor phase carbon vessels, to alleviate operation concerns in the area, and to reduce operation costs. ECA will continue to operate and manage the system, and submit quarterly reports until all site closure requirements have been met. The operation of this remediation system is expected for an additional year with an estimated total project cost of \$500,000.

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES

A. Redevelopment Dissolution

Effective January 31, 2012, all Redevelopment Agencies were dissolved. Certain assets of the former Redevelopment Agency Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund were distributed to a Housing Successor; and all remaining former Redevelopment Agency assets and liabilities were distributed to the Successor Agency.

ABx1 26 and AB1484 direct the State Controller to review the activities of all former redevelopment agencies and successor agencies to determine whether an asset transfer between a former redevelopment agency and any public agency occurred on or after January 1, 2011. If an asset transfer did occur and the public agency that received the asset is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of the asset, the legislation purports to require the State Controller to order the asset returned to the redevelopment agency. In February 2015, the California State Controller's Office (SCO) concluded that \$1.7 million in loan repayments made by the former Petaluma Community Development Commission (PCDC) to the City prior to the dissolution of the PCDC must be turned over to the Successor Agency. Petaluma submitted a letter stating its disagreement with the SCO. In addition to the loan repayment, the City and the California Department of Finance have litigated over the use of \$7.7 million in 2011 bond proceeds to fund the Rainer Crosstown Connector Highway Project. The litigation portion is complete however the decision on the use of bond proceeds is pending due to the complexity of the case and State law. It is anticipated the funds will be released for use however at this point it is unknown.

Cash and investments of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2019 are discussed in Note 2. Information presented in the following footnotes represents other assets and liabilities of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2019.

B. Notes Receivable

The Successor Agency assumed the Storefront Loan Program of the PCDC as of February 1, 2012, which offers low interest loans to property owners with buildings located in the Central Business District (Downtown) as an incentive to make improvements to the exterior storefronts. At June 30, 2019, the outstanding balance of the loans was \$234,744.

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

C. Long-Term Debt

Current Year Transactions and Balances

All of the long-term debt of the Successor Agency is comprised of Tax Allocation Bonds issued by the Redevelopment Agency. The Bonds are special obligations of the Agency and are secured only by the Agency's tax increment revenues. Tax Allocation Bond transactions were as follows:

Successor Agency Debt:	Original Issue Amount	Balance at June 30, 2018	Additions		Retirements	Balance at June 30, 2019	Amount due within one year
Tax Allocation Bonds: 2015 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A 3.73%, due 5/1/2033	\$ 19.545.000	\$ 17.960.000	S	_	\$ 640.000	\$ 17.320.000	\$ 655.000
2015 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B 3.25%, due 5/1/2030	16.060.000	13.855.000	·	_	935.000	12.920.000	980.000
2017 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	10,000,000	15,655,000		-	955,000	12,920,000	980,000
3.00-4.00%, due 11/01/2039	35,945,000	35,590,000		-	1,290,000	34,300,000	1,310,000
Plus: Original issue Premium	491,287	446,625			22,331	424,294	
Total Tax Allocation Bonds		\$ 67,851,625	\$		\$ 2,887,331	\$ 64,964,294	\$ 2,945,000

Redevelopment Agency Tax Allocation Bonds

2015 Series A & B Tax Allocation Bonds - On March 1, 2015 the former PCDC issued Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2015A & B Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$19,545,000 and \$16,060,000. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to refund the 2003A and 2005A Tax Allocation Bonds. The Bonds mature annually each May from 2016 to 2033, and May 2016 to 2030, respectively, in amounts ranging from \$325,000 to \$3,950,000 and from \$35,000 to \$685,000 and bear interest rates of 3.73% and 3.25%. Interest is payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1. The bonds are payable solely from secured tax revenues.

2017 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds - On May 31, 2017 the Petaluma Community Development Successor Agency issued Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$35,945,000. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to refund the Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2007 and Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2011. The Bonds mature annually each November from 2017 to 2039 in amounts ranging from \$355,000 to \$4,060,000 and bear interest rates of 2.00% and 4.00%. Interest is payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1. The bonds are payable solely from secured tax revenues.

The bonds were issued at a premium of \$491,287 which is being amortized over the 22-year life of the bonds resulting in an annual amortization of \$22,331.

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

As discussed above, the former PCDC has pledged tax increment revenues for the repayment of the Tax Allocation Bonds. In future years, annual principal and interest payments on Tax Allocation Bonds are expected to require 29% of tax incremental revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Bonds was \$89,123,924 at June 30, 2019. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency discussed above, Tax Increment is no longer distributed, and instead the Successor Agency receives payments from the County's Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) that are to be used to fund debt service on the Bonds, with no distinction between housing and non-housing revenues. The RPTTF received for fiscal year 2018-19 was \$5,418,489 which represented coverage of 106% of the \$5,129,685 of debt service.

2003A and 2005A Tax Allocation Bonds - As of June 30, 2019 the outstanding defeased balance related to the 2003A and 2005A Tax Allocation Bonds was \$17,135,000 and \$12,520,000, respectively.

2007 and 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds - As of June 30, 2019 the outstanding defeased balance related to the 2007 and 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds was \$28,980,000 and \$5,204,000, respectively.

Debt Service Requirements

Successor Agency Debt: For the Year	Tax Alloca	tion	Bonds
Ending June 30, 2019	 Principal		Interest
2020	\$ 2,945,000	\$	2,213,074
2021	3,035,000		2,109,689
2022	3,145,000		1,996,200
2023	3,260,000		1,878,623
2024	3,375,000		1,756,712
2025/2029	12,595,000		7,395,129
2030/2034	13,640,000		4,922,652
2035/2039	18,485,000		2,243,334
2040	 4,060,000		68,513
Outstanding Accumulated			
Payments and Penalties	64,540,000	\$	24,583,924
Less: Original Issuance			
Premium (Discount)	424,294		
Total Payments due	\$ 64,964,294		

Annual debt service requirements are shown below:

D. Commitments and Contingencies State Approval of Enforceable Obligations

The Successor Agency prepares a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) semi-annually that contains all proposed expenditures for the subsequent six-month period. The ROPS is subject to the review and approval of the Oversight Board as well as the State Department of Finance. Although the State Department of Finance may not question items included on the ROPS in one period, they may question the same items in a future period and disallow associated activities. The amount, if any, of current obligations that may be denied by the State Department of Finance cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On August 21, 2019 the City issued 2019 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$60,775,000. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to refund and retire the outstanding balance of the City's loan with the California State Water Resources Control Board through its State Revolving Fund loan payment. Interest on the 2019 bonds will be payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing November 1, 2019.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Petaluma Agent Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Plans As of June 30, 2019 Last 10 years* SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	MISCELLANEOUS PLAN									
Measurement Date:		6/30/2014		6/30/2015		6/30/2016 6/30/2017		6/30/2018		
TO TAL PENSION LIABILITY										
Service Cost	\$	1,931,227	\$	2,007,788	\$	2,017,338	\$	2,343,412	\$	2,452,860
Interest		6,997,431		7,267,715		7,469,079		7,655,833		7,911,849
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-		-		-
Changes of Assumptions		-		(1,694,544)		-		6,039,854		(662,917)
Difference Between Expected and										
Actual Experience		-		(848,115)		(1,631,258)		(1,001,955)		(230,240)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of										
Employee Contributions		(4,570,066)		(4,871,008)		(5,162,636)		(5,332,945)		(5,827,389)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		4,358,592		1,861,836		2,692,523		9,704,199		3,644,163
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		94,618,497		98,977,089		100,838,925		103,531,448		113,235,647
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	98,977,089	\$	100,838,925	\$	103,531,448	\$	113,235,647	\$	116,879,810
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Contributions - Employer	\$	2,390,127	\$	1,990,786	\$	2,382,217	\$	2,624,811	\$	5,913,026
Contributions - Employee		1,243,703		889,286		936,978		976,772		1,362,257
Net Investment Income		11,808,495		1,767,481		386,997		8,528,004		7,122,301
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds										
of Employee Contributions		(4,570,066)		(4,871,008)		(5,162,636)		(5,332,945)		(5,827,389)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		-		-		2,139		(215)
Administrative Expense		-		(89,077)		(48,215)		(114,583)		(131,351)
Other Miscellaneous Income		-		-		-		-		(249,437)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		10,872,259		(312,532)		(1,504,659)		6,684,198		8,189,192
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		68,552,979		79,425,238		79,112,706		77,608,047		84,292,245
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	79,425,238	\$	79,112,706	\$	77,608,047	\$	84,292,245	\$	92,481,437
Plan Net Position Liability (Asset)										
Ending (a) - (b)	\$	19,551,851	\$	21,726,219	\$	25,923,401	\$	28,943,402	\$	24,398,373
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage										
of the Total Pension Liability		80.25%		78.48%		74.96%		74.44%		79.13%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	12,004,148	\$	13,001,281	\$	13,272,833	\$	14,000,551	\$	14,820,907
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		162.88%		167.11%		195.31%		206.73%		164.62%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit(a.k.a Golden Handshakes).

* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation

City of Petaluma Agent Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Plans For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 Last 10 years* SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	MISCELLANEOUS PLAN							
	Fiscal Year 2014-15	Fiscal Year 2015-16	Fiscal Year 2016-17	Fiscal Year 2017-18	Fiscal Year 2018-19			
Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$ 1,938,902	\$ 2,099,340	\$ 2,111,855	\$ 5,729,007	\$ 2,168,183			
determined contributions	(1,938,902)	(2,099,340)	(2,111,855)	(5,729,007)	(2,168,183)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Covered employee payroll	\$ 13,001,281	\$ 13,272,833	\$ 14,000,551	\$ 14,820,907	\$ 13,652,704			
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	14.91%	15.82%	15.08%	38.65%	15.88%			
Notes to Schedule Valuation date:	6/30/2013	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017			

City of Petaluma Agent Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Plans As of June 30, 2019 Last 10 years* SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

			SAI	FET Y PLAN		
Measurement Date:	 6/30/2014	6/30/2015		6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018
TO TAL PENSION LIABILITY						
Service Cost	\$ 3,422,621	\$ 3,115,595	\$	3,034,176	\$ 3,646,598	\$ 3,691,563
Interest	11,716,276	12,221,159		12,650,095	13,084,036	13,623,550
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	(3,032,668)		-	-	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	-		-	11,023,088	(821,854)
Difference Between Expected and						
Actual Experience	-	(423,859)		(1,118,953)	(297,700)	1,060,333
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of						
Employee Contributions	(7,707,622)	(8,276,688)		(8,863,457)	(9,302,702)	(9,589,184)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	7,431,275	3,603,539		5,701,861	 18,153,320	 7,964,408
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	158,359,501	165,790,776		169,394,315	175,096,176	193,249,496
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 165,790,776	\$ 169,394,315	\$	175,096,176	\$ 193,249,496	\$ 201,213,904
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION						
Contributions - Employer	\$ 5,842,432	\$ 4,384,155	\$	4,894,550	\$ 5,735,707	\$ 9,856,013
Contributions - Employee	1,731,948	1,037,804		1,025,996	1,300,945	1,347,243
Net Investment Income	17,135,155	2,505,960		588,669	12,302,444	10,381,838
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds						
of Employee Contributions	(7,707,622)	(8,276,688)		(8,863,457)	(9,302,702)	(9,589,184)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	61,599		-	-	(314)
Administrative Expense	-	(130,196)		(70,508)	(167,231)	(191,879)
Other Miscellaneous Income	-	-		-	-	(364,382)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	 17,001,913	 (417,366)		(2,424,750)	 9,869,163	11,439,335
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	99,106,801	116,108,714		115,691,348	113,266,598	123,135,761
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 116,108,714	\$ 115,691,348	\$	113,266,598	\$ 123,135,761	\$ 134,575,096
Plan Net Position Liability (Asset)						
- Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 49,682,062	\$ 53,702,967	\$	61,829,578	\$ 70,113,735	\$ 66,638,808
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage						
of the Total Pension Liability	70.03%	68.30%		64.69%	63.72%	66.88%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 11,800,515	\$ 11,238,710	\$	11,313,110	\$ 12,054,472	\$ 12,257,583
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as						
a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	421.02%	477.84%		546.53%	581.64%	529.78%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit(a.k.a Golden Handshakes).

* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation

City of Petaluma Agent Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Plans For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 Last 10 years* SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

			SAFETY PLAN		
	Fiscal Year 2014-15	Fiscal Year 2015-16	Fiscal Year 2016-17	Fiscal Year 2017-18	Fiscal Year 2018-19
Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$ 4,401,132	\$ 5,240,190	\$ 6,080,971	\$ 10,063,015	\$ 6,295,736
determined contributions	(4,401,132)	(5,240,190)	(6,080,971)	(10,063,015)	(6,295,736)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 11,238,710	\$ 11,313,110	\$ 12,054,472	\$ 12,257,583	\$ 12,316,761
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	39.16%	46.32%	50.45%	82.20%	51.12%
Notes to Schedule Valuation date:	6/30/2013	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017

* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation

CITY OF PETALUMA Required supplemental Information For the year ended June 30, 2019

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OPEB Plan - Single Employer

Last 10 years*

Measurement Period	(5/30/2017	 6/30/2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service Cost	\$	1,150,000	\$ 985,423
Interest on the total OPEB liability		493,000	590,974
Changes of assumptions		(1,829,000)	(696,520)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(467,000)	 (443,524)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(653,000)	436,353
Total OPEB liability - beginning		16,397,000	 15,744,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	15,744,000	\$ 16,180,353
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	24,725,000	\$ 31,217,344
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		63.68%	51.83%

*Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government, which are not required legally, or by sound financial management, to be accounted for in another fund.

HOME/BEGIN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The Home/Begin Special Revenue Fund is used to account for federal grants received under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. The money is used for specific programs, which provide housing to people with low and moderate income.

IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund is used to account for fees received from local development projects, which are used for the construction of major public improvements, provide assistance to low income people in the community and for the acquisition, development, and enhancement of neighborhood and community parks.

SUCCESSOR HOUSING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund was established to account for loan repayments and activities related to the assets assumed by the City as Housing Successor to the Petaluma Community Development Commission (PCDC) for the housing activities of the former PCDC.

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	1)	Vegative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	29,466,202	\$	29,896,202	\$	30,739,746	\$	843,544
Licenses, permits and fees	Ŷ	1,117,300	Ψ	1,117,300	Ŷ	1,302,860	Ŷ	185,560
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		945,000		945,000		634,177		(310,823)
Use of money and property		434,202		434,202		895,678		461,476
Intergovernmental		6,145,272		6,145,272		7,027,800		882,528
Charges for current services		6,347,919		6,347,919		7,700,722		1,352,803
Other		14,000		14,000		145,820		131,820
Total revenues		44,469,895		44,899,895		48,446,803		3,546,908
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government:								
City council		113,923		113,923		100,603		13,320
City clerk		415,853		417,914		313,100		104,814
City attorney		1,021,788		1,023,957		1,093,123		(69,166)
City manager		1,246,088		1,416,440		1,186,216		230,224
Administrative services		4,357,079		3,609,292		2,961,217		648,075
Community development		684,202		684,202		989,393		(305,191)
Police		18,173,598		19,409,963		19,131,074		278,889
Fire Dealer and respective		13,963,046		14,153,629		15,418,433		(1,264,804)
Parks and recreation Public works		1,780,691 3,809,846		1,794,175 3,868,271		1,638,484 3,910,709		155,691 (42,438)
Capital outlay		3,009,040		233,055		94,003		(42,438) 139,052
Total expenditures		45,566,114		46,724,821		46,836,355		(111,534)
								(/)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,096,219)		(1,824,926)		1,610,448		3,435,374
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		1,937,512		1,984,011		1,984,011		-
Transfers out		(1,140,053)		(1,175,053)		(1,175,053)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		797,459		808,958		808,958		-
Net change in fund balance	\$	(298,760)	\$	(1,015,968)		2,419,406	\$	3,435,374
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						13,125,856		
End of year					\$	15,545,262		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Home/Begin Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES:	Or	Budgeted iginal		nts Final	Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Use of money and property	\$	5,217	\$	5,217	\$ 570,233	\$	565,016
Total revenues		5,217	<u> </u>	5,217	570,233		565,016
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		5,217		5,217	 570,233		565,016
Net change in fund balance	\$	5,217	\$	5,217	570,233	\$	565,016
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 21,468,964		
End of year					\$ 22,039,197		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Licenses, permits and fees Use of money and property Charges for current services Other	\$	6,007,942 313,662 119,359 -	\$	6,007,942 313,662 119,359 -	\$	3,963,823 1,393,615 79,279 8,547	\$	(2,044,119) 1,079,953 (40,080) 8,547
Total revenues		6,440,963		6,440,963		5,445,264		(995,699)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Community development Parks and recreation Public works		675,661 26,068 84,741		675,661 26,068 84,741		629,882 26,195 56,329		45,779 (127) 28,412
Total expenditures		786,470		786,470		712,406		74,064
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		5,654,493		5,654,493		4,732,858		(921,635)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in Transfers out		- (2,656,500)		345,665 (585,780)		12,276 (292,578)		(333,389) 293,202
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,656,500)		(240,115)		(280,302)		(40,187)
Net change in fund balance	\$	2,997,993	\$	5,414,378		4,452,556	\$	(961,822)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						52,942,610		

End of year

\$ 57,395,166

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Successor Housing Special Revenue Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	(Budgeted Driginal	Amou	ints Final	 Actual Amounts	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property Charges for current services	\$	27,222 23,140	\$	27,222 23,140	\$ 530,507 24,115	\$	503,285 975
Total revenues		50,362		50,362	 554,859		504,497
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community development	\$	234,401	\$	236,381	\$ 244,448	\$	(8,067)
Total expenditures		234,401		236,381	 244,448		(8,067)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(184,039)		(186,019)	 310,411		496,430
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		200,000		240,291	226,791		(13,500)
Transfers out		(13,500)		(13,500)	 -		13,500
Total other financing sources (uses)		186,500		226,791	 226,791		-
Net change in fund balance	\$	2,461	\$	40,772	537,202	\$	496,430
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 28,966,577		
End of year					\$ 29,503,779		



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETED MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OTHER THAN GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

CITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund accounts for the collection of resources and the related expenditure on acquisition and construction of major capital improvement projects in the City, other than those accounted for in proprietary funds.

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual City Capital Projects Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgetee Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for current services Other	\$ 322 1,491,000 50,000	\$ 322 1,334,000 50,000	\$ 45,881 643,744 16,488 339,287	\$ 45,559 (690,256) (33,512) 339,287
Total revenues	1,541,322	1,384,322	1,045,400	(338,922)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	1,129,000	768,000	365,874	402,126
Fire	-	270,000	277,021	(7,021)
Parks and recreation	2,410,000	280,878	223,826	57,052
Public works	6,952,000	4,931,607	3,610,969	1,320,638
Capital outlay	100,000	100,000		100,000
Total expenditures	10,591,000	6,350,485	4,477,690	1,872,795
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(9,049,678)	(4,966,163)	(3,432,290)	1,533,873
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	7,493,824	4,431,989	2,491,235	(1,940,754)
Transfers out	-	(838,945)	(12,276)	826,669
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,493,824	3,593,044	2,478,959	(1,114,085)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,555,854)	\$ (1,373,119)	(953,331)	\$ 419,788
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year			3,125,166	
End of year			\$ 2,171,835	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

The fund accounts for federal grants received under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 from the US Department of Housing and Urban Development. Funds are used to develop a viable urban community, by providing adequate housing, a suitable living environment, and expanding economic opportunities, principally for persons with low and moderate income.

GRANTS AND DONATIONS FUND

The fund accounts for various donations received by City departments, and related expenditures.

GAS TAX FUND

The fund reports receipts and disbursements of funds under Streets and Highways Code Sections 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5 of the State of California. Expenditures in this fund, for administrations, maintenance and construction, must be street related.

PUBLIC SAFETY FUND

The fund is used to account for asset seizure, supplemental law enforcement, abandoned vehicle abatement and fire hazmat activities.

LANDSCAPE ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS FUND

The fund details revenue and maintenance costs associated with forty-seven landscape assessment districts maintained by the City of Petaluma. These districts collect funds from the property owners, and use the funds to maintain common landscape areas within the boundaries of the district.

STREET FUND

The fund accounts for revenue received from the solid waste surcharge, imposed as part of the franchise fee on the waste hauler. This revenue, along with transfers from various other City funds, will be expended on street maintenance activities.

TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX FUND

The fund reports the hotel and motel occupancy tax receipts, and the disbursements to local, not-for-profit groups, which sponsor community events, or promote tourism.

PRINCE PARK FUND

The fund details the activity of the ongoing maintenance of Prince Park. The activities included in this fund are receipts of investment earnings, and transfers out to the general fund to cover costs of the park's maintenance.

MEASURE M PARK FUND

The fund accounts for the receipt and disbursements of funds from the Sonoma County Measure M sales tax. Expenditures must be used for maintenance and improvement of city parks, waterways, natural areas, and to improve recreation facilities.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

TOURISM IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND

The fund reports the receipt form the Petaluma Downtown Tourism Improvement District Tax and disbursements from the funds. The Petaluma Downtown Tourism District collects tax from hotels and lodging establishments in the district and pays a portion of this to the City to be utilized for district approved projects.

PERMANENT FUND

WICKERSHAM PARK TRUST FUND

The fund accounts for resources that are held by the City, which are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings may be used maintenance improvements to Wickersham Park.

City of Petaluma Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
	Dev	nmunity elopment ock Grant	Grants Donati			Gas Tax		olic Safety ial Revenu	As	ndscape sessment District
ASSETS										
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	54,055	\$ 2,273	,123	\$	354,265	\$	736,848	\$	503,898
Accounts, net Intergovernmental loans receivable		- 132,477 724,000	130	- 802,		- 244,730		200 95,336		6,198
Interest receivable related to loans receivable		192,763		-		-				
Total assets	\$ 1	1,103,295	\$ 2,403	,925	\$	598,995	\$	832,384	\$	510,096
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	95,632 -	\$ 6	,901 -	\$	-	\$	83,062 -	\$	24,824
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		95,632	6	,901		-		83,062		24,824
Fund Balances: Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		-
Restricted Committed]	1,007,663 -	2,397	,024 -		598,995 -		749,322		485,272
Assigned Unassigned		- -		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances	1	L,007,663	2,397	,024		598,995		749,322		485,272
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1	1,103,295	\$ 2,403	,925	\$	598,995	\$	832,384	\$	510,096

		AL REVENUE	FUNDS		PERMANENT	
	Transient			Tourism	TA7' 1 1	Non-Major
	Occupancy			1		Governmental
Street	Tax	Prince Park	Parks	District	Park Trust	Funds
\$ 3,163,094	\$ 766,004	\$ 611,691	\$ -	\$-	\$ 24,821	\$ 8,487,799
118,462	423,598	-	-	37,386	-	579,646
114,354		-	27,456		-	751,353
	-	_		-	-	724,000
-	_	-	-	_	_	192,763
\$ 3,395,910	\$ 1,189,602	\$ 611,691	\$ 27,456	\$ 37,386	\$ 24,821	\$ 10,735,561
\$ 77,173 -	\$ 154,909 -	\$ - -	\$	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 442,526 29,331
-	_	-		-	-	-
77,173	154,909	_	29,356	-	-	471,857
					04.001	04.001
- 3,318,737	- 1,034,693	- 611,691	-	- 37,386	24,821	24,821 10,240,783
3,310,737	1,034,093	011,091	-	37,300	-	10,240,763
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	_	(1,900)	-	-	(1,900)
3,318,737	1,034,693	611,691	(1,900)	37,386	24,821	10,263,704
\$ 3,395,910	\$ 1,189,602	\$ 611,691	\$ 27,456	\$ 37,386	\$ 24,821	\$ 10,735,561

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

		SPECIA	AL REVENUE	FUNDS	
	Community Development	Grants and	Gas	Public Safety	Landscape Assessment
	Block Grant	Donations	Tax	Special Revenue	
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	-	-	38,090	-
Use of money and property	13,233	10,305	26,947	15,083	8,325
Intergovernmental	357,552	662,118	2,416,763	349,884	-
Charges for current services	-	-	-	-	420,929
Other		5,638			-
Total revenues	370,785	678,061	2,443,710	403,057	429,254
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Community development	477,912	7,458	-	-	-
Police	-	313,052	-	119,423	-
Fire	-	24,285	-	726	-
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	373,379
Public works	-	91,578	38,513	-	-
Capital outlay		119,117			
Total expenditures	477,912	555,490	38,513	120,149	373,379
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	(107,127)	122,571	2,405,197	282,908	55,875
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	-	84,192	-	-	-
Transfers out	(90,291)	(104,261)	(2,491,057)	(214,192)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(90,291)	(20,069)	(2,491,057)	(214,192)	-
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year	1,205,081	2,294,522	684,855	680,606	429,397
End of year	\$ 1,007,663	\$ 2,397,024	\$ 598,995	\$ 749,322	\$ 485,272
-					

		AL REVENUE I	FUNDS		PERMANENT	
Street	Transient Occupancy Tax	Prince Park	Measure M Parks	Tourism Improvement District	Wickersham Park Trust	Non-Major Governmental Funds
	¢ 2.250.045	¢	¢ 07.450	¢	¢	ф <u>4044</u> Е17
\$ 1,557,116	\$ 3,359,945	\$ -	\$ 27,456	\$- 37,386	\$ -	\$ 4,944,517 37,386
-	-	-	-		-	38,090
53,691	38,503	12,977	-	-	488	179,552
415,293	_	-	-	-	-	4,201,610
51,709	-	-	-	-	-	472,638
16,498						22,136
2,094,307	3,398,448	12,977	27,456	37,386	488	9,895,929
-	624,931	-	-	-	-	1,110,301
-	-	-	-	-	-	432,475
-	-	-	-	-	-	25,011
-	-	-	29,356	-	-	402,735
2,483,564	-	-	-	-	-	2,613,655
220,008						339,125
2,703,572	624,931		29,356			4,923,302
(609,265)	2,773,517	12,977	(1,900)	37,386	488	4,972,627
3,267,057	-	_	_	-	-	3,351,249
(1,297,300)	(2,694,637)	(56,500)	-	-	-	(6,948,238)
1,969,757	(2,694,637)	(56,500)				(3,596,989)
1,958,245	955,813	655,214			24,333	8,888,066
			-			
\$ 3,318,737	\$ 1,034,693	\$ 611,691	\$ (1,900)	\$ 37,386	\$ 24,821	\$ 10,263,704

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Community Development Block Grant For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			2	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	245 330,000	\$	245 330,000	\$	13,233 357,552	\$	12,988 27,552
Total revenues		330,245		330,245		370,785		40,540
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Community development		314,728		477,837		477,912		(75)
Total expenditures		314,728		477,837		477,912		(75)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		15,517		(147,592)		(107,127)		40,465
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(50,000)		(90,291)		(90,291)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(50,000)		(90,291)		(90,291)		-
Net change in fund balance	\$	(34,483)	\$	(237,883)		(197,418)	\$	40,465
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						1,205,081		
End of year					\$	1,007,663		

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Grants and Donations For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgetee Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,305	\$ 10,305	
Intergovernmental	305,552	305,552	662,118	356,566	
Other	-		5,638	5,638	
Total revenues	305,552	305,552	678,061	372,509	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Community development	18,676	68,676	7,458	61,218	
Police	365,922	379,852	313,052	66,800	
Fire	-	-	24,285	(24,285)	
Public works	-	-	91,578	(91,578)	
Capital outlay	-		119,117	(119,117)	
Total expenditures	384,598	448,528	555,490	(106,962)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(79,046)	(142,976)	122,571	265,547	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	60,000	60,000	84,192	24,192	
Transfers out	(1,874,000)	(821,000)	(104,261)	716,739	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,814,000)	(761,000)	(20,069)	740,931	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,893,046)	\$ (903,976)	102,502	\$ 1,006,478	
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			2,294,522		
End of year			\$ 2,397,024		

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Gas Tax

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	7,577 2,568,100	\$	7,577 2,568,100	\$ 26,947 2,416,763	\$	19,370 (151,337)
Total revenues		2,575,677		2,575,677	 2,443,710		(131,967)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Public works		38,202		38,202	38,513		(311)
Total expenditures		38,202		38,202	 38,513		(311)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		2,537,475		2,537,475	 2,405,197		(132,278)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(2,491,057)		(2,491,057)	 (2,491,057)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,491,057)		(2,491,057)	 (2,491,057)		-
Net change in fund balance	\$	46,418	\$	46,418	(85,860)	\$	(132,278)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 684,855		
End of year					\$ 598,995		

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Public Safety For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								-8
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	- 5,002 180,000	\$	- 5,002 180,000	\$	38,090 15,083 349,884	\$	38,090 10,081 169,884
Total revenues		185,002		185,002		403,057		218,055
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Police Fire		138,230 32		146,315 32		119,423 726		26,892 (694)
Total expenditures		138,262		146,347		120,149		26,198
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		46,740		38,655		282,908		244,253
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(190,000)		(190,000)		(214,192)		(24,192)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(190,000)		(190,000)		(214,192)		(24,192)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(143,260)	\$	(151,345)		68,716	\$	220,061
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						680,606		
End of year					\$	749,322		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Landscape Assessment Districts

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property Charges for current services	\$	2,829 392,084	\$	2,829 392,084	\$	8,325 420,929	\$	5,496 28,845
Total revenues		394,913		394,913		429,254		34,341
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Parks and recreation		537,237		538,148		373,379		164,769
Total expenditures		537,237		538,148		373,379		164,769
Net change in fund balance	\$	(142,324)	\$	(143,235)		55,875	\$	199,110
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						429,397		
End of year					\$	485,272		

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Street

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for current services Other	\$	1,566,388 12,708 464,938 15,000 12,000	\$ 1,566,388 12,708 464,938 15,000 12,000	\$	1,557,116 53,691 415,293 51,709 16,498	\$	(9,272) 40,983 (49,645) 36,709 4,498
Total revenues		2,071,034	 2,071,034		2,094,307		23,273
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Public works		3,025,850	3,108,207		2,483,564		624,643
Capital outlay		100,220	230,670		2,403,504		10,662
Total expenditures		3,126,070	 3,338,877		2,703,572		635,305
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,055,036)	 (1,267,843)		(609,265)		658,578
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		3,267,057	3,369,287		3,267,057		(102,230)
Transfers out		(2,288,824)	 (2,116,824)		(1,297,300)		819,524
Total other financing sources (uses)		978,233	 1,252,463		1,969,757		717,294
Net change in fund balance	\$	(76,803)	\$ (15,380)		1,360,492	\$	1,375,872
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					1,958,245		
End of year				\$	3,318,737		

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Transient Occupancy Tax For the year ended June 30, 2019

	 Budgeted Original	ed Amounts Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:	 							
Taxes Use of money and property	\$ 3,256,491 18,123	\$	3,256,491 18,123	\$	3,359,945 38,503	\$	103,454 20,380	
Total revenues	 3,274,614		3,274,614		3,398,448		123,834	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Community development	 648,550		648,550		624,931		23,619	
Total expenditures	 648,550	648,550 6		648,550 62			23,619	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 2,626,064		2,626,064		2,773,517		147,453	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out	 (2,664,012)		(2,734,637)		(2,694,637)		40,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,664,012)		(2,734,637)		(2,694,637)		40,000	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (37,948)	\$	(108,573)		78,880	\$	187,453	
FUND BALANCE:								
Production of the second					055 010			

Beginning of year End of year

955,813 \$ 1,034,693

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Prince Park For the year ended June 30, 2019

	C	Budgeted Driginal	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$	5,509	\$	5,509	\$	12,977	\$	7,468
Total revenues		5,509		5,509		12,977		7,468
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: General government								
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		5,509		5,509		12,977		7,468
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(56,500)	1	(56,500)		(56,500)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(56,500)		(56,500)		(56,500)		-
Net change in fund balance	\$	(50,991)	\$	(50,991)		(43,523)	\$	7,468
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						655,214		
End of year					\$	611,691		

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Measure M Parks For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Budgete Original	ed Amor	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$	100,000	\$ 27,456	\$ (72,544)	
Total revenues			100,000	27,456	(72,544)	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: Parks and recreation			95,850	29,356	66,494	
Total expenditures			95,850	29,356	66,494	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	4,150	(1,900)	\$ (6,050)	
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year						
End of year				\$ (1,900)		

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Tourism Improvement District

For the year ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES:	Budgete Original	ed Amou	nts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Licenses, permits and fees	\$-	\$	55,000	\$ 37,386	\$ (17,614)
Total revenues	-		55,000	37,386	(17,614)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General government			-		
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$	55,000	37,386	\$ (17,614)
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year					_
End of year				\$ 37,386	=

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Wickersham Park Trust For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Or	Budgeted iginal	ts 'inal	ctual nounts	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$	188	\$ 188	\$ 488	\$	300
Total revenues		188	 188	 488		300
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government			 	 _		
Net change in fund balance	\$	188	\$ 188	488	\$	300
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				 24,333		
End of year				\$ 24,821		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for special activities and services performed by a designated City department for other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND

The fund accounts for City employees' dental, unemployment and vision benefits, and retiree benefits.

GENERAL SERVICES FUND

The fund accounts for purchasing, printing and mail services.

INFORMATION SERVICES FUND

The fund accounts for the cost of purchasing, operating and maintaining the City's voice, data and computer systems.

RISK MANAGEMENT FUND

The fund accounts for the accumulation of the resources and expenses related to the City's risk management activities and general insurance programs.

VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND (GG) AND (BA)

The fund accounts for the accumulation of resources, and related expenses incurred for the replacement of major equipment and vehicles in the City. The fund is divided into two sub-funds, one for equipment acquired for general government (GG) activities, and one for equipment acquired for business-type activities (BA).

WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND

The fund accounts for the accumulation of resources, and expenses related to funding workers' compensation benefits for City employees.

City of Petaluma Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2019

	Employee Benefit	General Services	Information Services
ASSETS			
Current Assets: Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 1,574,496	\$ 263,875	\$ 23,325
Accounts, net	2,841	_	_
Inventories	2,041	22,347	-
Deposits and prepaid items	-		26,000
Total Current Assets	1,577,337	286,222	49,325
Non-Current Assets:	,- ,		
Advance to other funds	-	-	-
Capital assets:			
Depreciable	-	36,440	1,966,033
Less: accumulated depreciation	-	(27,144)	(1,897,698)
Total Non-current Assets		9,296	68,335
Total assets	1,577,337	295,518	117,660
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	-	-	217,616
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	76,170		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	1,653,507	295,518	335,276
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7,437	8,850	45,734
Claims payable, due within one year	-	-	-
Compensated absences, due within one year		3,026	53,652
Total Current Liabilities	7,437	11,876	99,386
Non-current Liabilities:			
Claims payable, due in more than one year	-	-	- 121 EOE
Compensated absences, due in more than one year Advance from other funds	۔ 6,333,535	21,374	131,505
Net pension liability	-	_	1,463,902
OPEB liability	2,600,183	-	-
Total Non-current Liabilities	8,933,718	21,374	1,595,407
Total liabilities	8,941,155	33,250	1,694,793
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		· · · ·	i
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	-	-	47,615
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	312,505	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	312,505		47,615
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		9,296	68,335
Restricted for debt service	-	9,290	- 10,000
Unrestricted	(7,600,153)	252,972	(1,475,467)
Total net position	\$ (7,600,153)		\$ (1,407,132)
Total lice position	φ (7,000,100)	ψ 202,200	ψ (1/±07/102)

Ma	Risk anagement	Vehicles/ Equipment Replacement (GG)	Vehicles/ Equipment Replacement (BA)	Workers' Compensation	Total
\$	5,690,593	\$ 697,355	\$ -	\$ 6,478,071	\$ 14,727,715
	57,796	-	-	-	60,637
	- 284,671	-	-	-	22,347 310,671
	6,033,060	697,355		6,478,071	15,121,370
	1,270,578	-	-	_	1,270,578
	-	8,517,332	1,150,617	-	11,670,422
	-	(4,959,507)	(1,150,617)		(8,034,966)
	1,270,578	3,557,825		-	4,906,034
	7,303,638	4,255,180		6,478,071	20,027,404
	-	-	-	-	217,616 76,170
	7,303,638	4,255,180		6,478,071	20,321,190
	(= 014			25.274	1/2 200
	65,914 858,178	-	-	35,274 2,918,814	163,209 3,776,992
	3,481				60,159
	927,573			2,954,088	4,000,360
	1,108,342	-	-	7,656,705	8,765,047 152,879
	-	1,907,205	-	-	8,240,740
	-	-	-	-	1,463,902 2,600,183
	1,108,342	1,907,205		7,656,705	21,222,751
	2,035,915	1,907,205		10,610,793	25,223,111
	, ,	, , ,			
	-	-	-	-	47,615
					<u>312,505</u> 360,120
					000,120
	-	3,557,825	-	-	3,635,456
	5,267,723	(1,209,850)		(4,132,722)	(8,897,497)
\$	5,267,723	\$ 2,347,975	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (4,132,722)	\$ (5,262,041)

	Employee Benefit	General Services	Information Services
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Charges for sales Charges for services	\$ - 1,167,466	\$ 3,824 248,579	\$ - 1,855,253
Total operating revenues	1,167,466	252,403	1,855,253
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Cost of services Claims General and administrative Depreciation	258,048 6,409 319,276	187,792 - 24,633 -	1,673,694 - 286,155 32,349
Total operating expenses	583,733	212,425	1,992,198
OPERATING INCOME	583,733	39,978	(136,945)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Investment earnings and rent Interest expense Gain(loss) on disposal of assets	35,545 (118,131) (1,202)	3,718 - (146)	(8,044)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(83,788)	3,572	(8,044)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	499,945	43,550	(144,989)
Transfers in Transfers out	200,000		
Total transfers	200,000		
Change in net position	699,945	43,550	(144,989)
NET POSITION:			
Beginning of year	(8,300,098)	218,718	(1,262,143)
End of year	\$ (7,600,153)	\$ 262,268	\$ (1,407,132)

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ris Manage		Equ Repl	hicles/ 1ipment lacement (GG)	Vehicle Equipm Replacen (BA)	ent	Workers' Compensation		Total
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		- 13,044	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	- 2,334,656	\$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,41	13,044		-		-		2,334,656	7,022,822
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				-		-			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				-		-			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20	-		613,786		_		-	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,17	74,926				-		6,215,530	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23	38,118		(613,786)		-		(3,880,874)	 (3,769,776)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	16	67,758		11,695		-		156,322	366,994
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		-		· /		-		-	· /
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		(4,264)		5,272		-		-	 (340)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16	53,494		(11,620)		-		156,322	219,936
(90,000) - - (90,000) (90,000) 835,000 - - 945,000 311,612 209,594 - (3,724,552) (2,604,840) 4,956,111 2,138,381 - (408,170) (2,657,201)	40)1,612		(625,406)		-		(3,724,552)	(3,549,840)
(90,000) 835,000 - - 945,000 311,612 209,594 - (3,724,552) (2,604,840) 4,956,111 2,138,381 - (408,170) (2,657,201)		-		835,000		-		-	1,035,000
311,612 209,594 - (3,724,552) (2,604,840) 4,956,111 2,138,381 - (408,170) (2,657,201)	(9	90,000)		-		-		-	 (90,000)
4,956,111 2,138,381 - (408,170) (2,657,201)	(9	90,000)		835,000		-		-	 945,000
	31	11,612		209,594		-		(3,724,552)	(2,604,840)
	4,95	56,111		2,138,381		-		(408,170)	(2,657,201)
<u>\$ 5,267,723</u> <u>\$ 2,347,975</u> <u>\$ - \$ (4,132,722)</u> <u>\$ (5,262,041)</u>				2,347,975	\$	-	\$	(4,132,722)	\$ (5,262,041)

	Е	Employee Benefit	General Services		Information Services	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Claims paid	\$	1,180,484 (553,715) 123,533 (6,409)	\$	252,403 (207,906) (1,873)	\$	1,855,253 (1,951,267) 123,393
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		743,893		42,624		27,379
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds Interfund borrowings Net cash provided by (used) in noncapital financing activities		200,000 (416,795) (216,795)		- - -		- - -
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Interest paid on long-term debt and capital lease Proceeds from sale of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets Net cash (used) in capital and related financing activities		(118,131) (1,202) - (119,333)		(146) 		(41,188) (41,188)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest on investments Net cash provided by investing activities		35,545 35,545		3,719 3,719		(8,044) (8,044)
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		443,310		46,197		(21,853)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year	\$	1,131,186 1,574,496	\$	217,678 263,875	\$	45,178 23,325
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	583,733	\$	39,978	\$	(136,945)
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable		- 13,018		-		32,349
Inventories Deposits and prepaid items Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		23,572 (4,384)		5,287		(10,180) 421,430
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Claims payable Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		37 - - 57,795		(768) - - -		18,762 - (272,702) (11,967) -
OPEB liability Compensated absences payable		70,122		- (1,873)		(13,368)
Total adjustments		160,160		2,646		164,324
Net cash provided (used) in operating activities	\$	743,893	\$	42,624	\$	27,379

		Vehicles/	Vehicles/		
		Equipment	Equipment		
	Risk	Replacement	Replacement	Workers'	
Ma	anagement	(GG)	(BA)	Compensation	Total
	anagement	(88)	(011)	compensation	Total
\$	1,382,309	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,334,706	\$ 7,005,155
	(861,443)	-	-	(420,306)	(3,994,637)
	(2,951)	-	-	-	242,102
	(300,029)			(1,305,568)	(1,612,006)
	217,886			608,832	1,640,614
	-	835,000	-	-	1,035,000
	(90,000)	-	-	-	(90,000)
	79,488	(366,689)			(703,996)
	(10,512)	468,311			241,004
	-	(28,587)	-	-	(146,718)
	(4,264)	5,272	-	-	(340)
	-	(275,824)	-		(317,012)
	(4,264)	(299,139)	-		(464,070)
	167,759	11,695	-	156,322	366,996
	167,759	11,695	-	156,322	366,996
	370,869	180,867	-	765,154	1,784,544
	5,319,724	516,488	-	5,712,917	12,943,171
\$	5,690,593	\$ 697,355	\$ -	\$ 6,478,071	\$ 14,727,715
\$	238,118	\$ (613,786)	\$ -	\$ (3,880,874)	(3,769,776)
	-	613,786	-	-	646,135
	(30,735)	-	-	50	(17,667)
	-	-	-	-	5,287
	(220,128)	-	-	-	(206,736)
	-	-	-	-	421,430
	- 40,881	-	-	- (33,753)	(4,384) 25,159
	40,881 192,701	-	-	(<i>33,753</i>) 4,523,409	4,716,110
	-	_	-		(272,702)
	-	-	-	-	(11,967)
	-	-	-	-	57,795
	-	-	-	-	70,122
	(2,951)	-		-	(18,192)
¢	(20,232)	¢ 613,786	- ¢	4,489,706	5,410,390
\$	217,886	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 608,832	\$ 1,640,614



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS:

SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

This fund was established to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the former PCDC.

THOMAS LEE CHARITY TRUST FUND

This fund is a private purpose trust fund in which trust earnings are available for one-time aid to Petaluma citizens in need.

CHILD CARE TRUST FUND

This is a private purpose trust fund in which the fund's earnings are available for childcare vouchers for eligible Petaluma working families with childcare costs.

AGENCY FUNDS:

GENERAL AGENCY FUND

These funds account for resources received from, held for, and due to, nonrelated parties.

PUBLIC COMMUNITY ACCESS FUND

This fund is used to account for monies received from the local television cable company and used by the not-forprofit organization that provides public television to City residents.

ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS FUND

These funds account for monies held by the City, collected from parcel assessments, and used to pay special assessment debt, pursuant to the provisions of the Improvements Bonds Act of 1915.

City of Petaluma Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund June 30, 2019

	Successor			
	Agency to the			
	Redevelopment	Thomas Lee		
	Agency	Charity	Child Care	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,314,747	\$ 25,036	\$ 170,234	\$ 3,510,017
Restricted cash and investments	8,488	-	-	8,488
Notes receivable	234,744			234,744
Total Assets	3,557,979	25,036	170,234	3,753,249
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	129,382	-	-	129,382
Interest payable	374,413	-	-	374,413
Long-term debt:				
Due within one year	2,945,000	-	-	2,945,000
Due in more than one year	62,019,294			62,019,294
Total liabilities	65,468,089			65,468,089
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for private purposes or for				
other governments	\$(61,910,110)	\$ 25,036	\$ 170,234	\$(61,714,840)

City of Petaluma Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency	Thomas Lee Charity	Child Care	Total
ADDITIONS				
Property tax Use of money and property	\$ 5,418,489 27,681	\$- 456	\$ - 3,344	\$ 5,418,489 31,481
Total operating revenues	5,446,170	456	3,344	5,449,970
DEDUCTIONS				
Community development Interest expense	239,074 2,264,685	-		239,074 2,264,685
Total expenditures	2,503,759			2,503,759
Change in net position	2,942,411	456	3,344	2,946,211
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year	(64,852,521)	24,580	166,890	(64,661,051)
End of year	\$(61,910,110)	\$ 25,036	\$ 170,234	\$(61,714,840)

City of Petaluma Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2019

	General Agency Fund	Cor	Public nmunity ess Fund	ssessment District Fund	Total Agency Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 2,882,592 185 -	\$	1,704 - -	\$ 697,448 - 7,444	\$ 3,581,744 185 7,444
Total assets	\$ 2,882,777	\$	1,704	\$ 704,892	\$ 3,589,373
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	492	\$ -	\$ 492
Deposits payable	384		-	-	384
Accrued liability	 2,882,393		1,212	 704,892	 3,588,497
Total liabilities	\$ 2,882,777	\$	1,704	\$ 704,892	\$ 3,589,373

City of Petaluma Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Jι	Balance 1ly 1, 2018	1	Additions	Ι	Deductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2019
General Agency Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	2,354,585	\$	2,882,592	\$	2,354,585	\$	2,882,592
Accounts receivable		185		185		185		185
Total assets	\$	2,354,770	\$	2,882,777	\$	2,354,770	\$	2,882,777
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		2,354,386		2,882,393		2,354,386		2,882,393
Deposits payable		384				-		384
Total liabilities	\$	2,354,770	\$	2,882,393	\$	2,354,386	\$	2,882,777
Public Community Access Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	124	\$	1,704	\$	124	\$	1,704
Total assets	\$	124	\$	1,704	\$	124	\$	1,704
Liabilities:			·					
Accounts Payable	\$	124	\$	492	\$	124	\$	492
Accrued liabilities		-		1,212		-		1,212
Total liabilities	\$	124	\$	1,704	\$	124	\$	1,704
Assessment Districts Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	1,366,217	\$	697,448	\$	1,366,217	\$	697,448
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental receivable		14,194		7,444		14,194		7,444
Total assets	\$	1,380,411	\$	704,892	\$	1,380,411	\$	704,892
Liabilities:								
Accrued liabilities	\$	1,380,411	\$	704,892	\$	1,380,411	\$	704,892
Total liabilities	\$	1,380,411	\$	704,892	\$	1,380,411	\$	704,892
Totals- All Agency Funds								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	3,720,926	\$	3,581,744	\$	3,720,926	\$	3,581,744
Accounts receivable		185		185		185		185
Intergovernmental receivable		14,194		7,444		14,194		7,444
Total assets	\$	3,735,305	\$	3,589,373	\$	3,735,305	\$	3,589,373
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	124	\$	492	\$	124	\$	492
Deposits		384		-		-		384
Accrued liabilities		3,734,797		3,588,497		3,734,797		3,588,497
Total liabilities	\$	3,735,305	\$	3,588,989	\$	3,734,921	\$	3,589,373



This part of the City of Petaluma's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Schedule
Financial Trends	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader	
understand how the City's financial performance and well-being	
have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader	
assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its	
property taxes.	
Debt Capacity	12, 13, 14, 15
These schedules present information to help the reader assess	
the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt	
and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	16, 17
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to	
help the reader understand the environment within which the City's	
financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over	
time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	18, 19, 20
These schedules contain information about the City's operations	
and resources to help the reader understand how the City's	
financial information relates to the services the City provides and	
the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Schedule 1 City of Petaluma, CA Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental Activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 114,705,474	\$ 133,614,588	\$ 182,493,710	\$ 182,884,119	\$ 179,955,291	\$ 194,631,072	\$ 189,666,550	\$ 190,230,149	\$ 197,024,210	\$ 193,766,262
Restricted:										
Special projects	45,022,351	42,252,463	45,082,152	52,781,562	56,684,273	56,831,818	89,258,127	108,073,879	111,586,670	119,178,925
Debt service	322,279	415,569			'					
Capital projects	29,385,584	39,709,880	733,240							
Permanent-non expendable	23,177	23,418	23,575	23,665	23,755	23,770	23,852	24,036	24,333	24,333
Unrestricted	21,886,630	(7,036,556)	19,573,193	24,073,206	28,599,585	(38, 244, 031)	(55, 873, 989)	(55,661,778)	(66, 355, 734)	(71, 645, 259)
Total governmental activities net position	211,345,495	208,979,362	247,905,870	259,762,552	265,262,904	213,242,629	223,074,540	242,666,286	242,279,479	241,324,261
Business-type activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	87,764,411	106,985,367	97,392,844	99,071,053	101,630,468	108,204,912	116,665,454	130,273,647	141,024,513	152,416,343
Restricted:										
Special projects	'		·	·	•		'	ı		·
Debt service	1,121,485	3,383,336	3,368,110	2,706,388	2,705,842	2,705,813	2,246,500	40,170	934	43
Capital projects	'		·	·	•		'	ı		·
Unrestricted	33,986,673	14,791,955	31,125,709	40,176,194	47,338,349	40,725,093	43,276,542	38,210,093	40,821,446	41,951,566
Total business-type activities net position	122,872,569	125,160,658	131,886,663	141,953,635	151,674,659	151,635,818	162,188,496	168,523,910	181,846,893	194,367,952
Primary government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	202,469,885	240,599,955	279,886,554	281,955,172	281,585,759	302,835,984	306,332,004	320,503,796	338,048,723	346,182,605
Special projects	45,022,351	42,252,463	45,082,152	52,781,562	56,684,273	56,831,818	89,258,127	108,073,879	111,586,670	119,178,925
Debt service	1,443,764	3,798,905	3,368,110	2,706,388	2,705,842	2,705,813	2,246,500	40,170	934	43
Permanent fund: non expendable trust	23,177	23,418	23,575	23,665	23,755	23,770	23,852	24,036	24,333	24,333
Capital projects	29,385,584	39,709,880	733,240		•				•	
Unrestricted	55,873,303	7,755,399	50,698,902	64,249,400	75,937,934	2,481,062	(12,597,447)	(17,451,685)	(25, 534, 288)	(29,693,693)
Total primary government activities net position	\$ 334,218,064	\$ 334,140,020	\$ 379,792,533	\$ 401,716,187	\$ 416,937,563	\$ 364,878,447	\$ 385,263,036	\$ 411,190,196	\$ 424,126,372	\$ 435,692,213

Schedule 2 City of Petaluma, CA Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)														
	2010	2011	2012	Fiscal Year 2013	-	2014	2015		2016	2017		2018	2019	6
Expenses:														
Governmental activities: General covernment	\$ 7610166	\$ 6666303	\$ 5870 122	2 8 6435412	¥	5 557 915	\$ 62172	\$ \$	7 847 885	97 2	7 975 576 \$	8 464 414	9 3	6 337 578
Community development	1	1		÷		4,427,499	3,557,139		4,493,471			4,998,077		5,314,795
Police	15,727,066	15,583,297	18,015,788			15,594,733	15,681,606	906	15,527,900	17,8	17,857,299	17,604,990	23,	076,631
Fire	10,172,173	10,282,621	11,056,239	-		11,143,797	12,255,873	\$73	11,440,319	14,3	14,303,243	14,387,561	18,	18,601,570
Parks and recreation	2,956,236	2,439,642	2,394,835			3,181,968	2,497,607	202	2,527,664	2,6	2,685,777	2,670,363	сі ;	791,423
Public works	10,145,360 2 240 767	7,562,505	10,805,587	7 9,273,743		9,146,857	10,273,849	49	10,505,752	8,6	8,631,396	10,626,639	10,	0,923,095
Deut service Indirect exnense allocation	5,549,762	(984.500)	(851.273)	(85	_	- (859.304)	- (1.332.733)	(88)	- (1.817.226)	20	0.717.226	- (1.675.640)	0.	-
Total governmental activities net position	67,337,336	59,911,621	54,447,226	- 55		48,193,465	49,150,819	19	50,520,765	54,5	54,553,383	57,076,404	(5)	65,318,831
Business-type activities														
Airport	1,542,320	1,544,378	2,060,164	4 1,956,849	_	1,731,830	1,648,939	39	1,658,938	1,6	1,603,499	1,663,192	1,	1,465,989
Ambulance		,	'			,			'			'		
Development Services	1,050,823	1,047,568	1,197,701	1		1,248,470	1,314,221	121	1,683,387	1,4	1,478,233	1,739,109	1,	1,795,628
Marina	600,797	499,941	538,029			467,323	422,502	5 5	396,281	4	429,959	329,630	,	298,617
Monthematical Automatical Monthematical Automatical Au	2,03/,303	610,/CU,4 020.070.71	006/15/2	2,404,412		2,913,914	2,092,/05	55	4,534,626	4, C	4,404,/19 22 8 05 05 05	5,2/1,218	ر ب	5,245,054 250,266
wastewater Water Hrility	10,510,11	11 790 875	17 388 010			1,000,/24	13,150,889	083	11 439 420	27'0 11 6	22,033,930 11 651 874	13 200 040	14,	10,120,600
Storm Water		-	162.962			556.848	361.27	E	634.983	9	621.354	62.277	Î	381.607
Indirect expense allocation	1,420,750	984,500	851,273			859,304	1,332,733	33	1,817,226	1.7	.717.226	1,675,640	1.	721,261
Total business-type activities net assets	28,851,157	37,904,807	37,363,652	37.		38,751,087	39,897,993	93	39,655,109	44,8	44,802,822	37,729,743	41,	41,707,304
Total primary government activities net position	\$ 96,188,493	\$ 97,816,428	\$ 91,810,878	8 \$ 92,091,951	Ś	86,944,552	\$ 89,048,812	\$12 \$	90,175,874	\$ 99,3	99,356,205 \$	94,806,147	\$ 107,	107,026,135
Program Revenues : Governmental activities:														
Charges for services: General government	\$ 3.067.208	\$ 1.734.612	\$ 1.697.561	1 \$ 1.683.790	6	1.957.958	\$ 2.780.709	s 60,	3.118.778	s. 3.0	3.049.671 \$	2.966.888	s	762.249
Community development				•		2,201,532	1,651,455		3,041,924			2,996,499	1	1,984,696
Police	285,067	303,190	198,093			232,352	177,500	00	232,240	2	215,514	256,208		266,053
Fire	1,980,928	2,148,991	2,267,921			2,421,869	2,359,121	21	2,977,077	3,0	3,015,250	3,852,301	κ, ι	3,501,621
r arks and recreation Public works	257.400	516.805	2,542,000	0 2,021,232 4 8.850.951	_	3.362.076	7.729.827	10	2.672.029	C,1 7.2	2.741.833	3.250.494	10	2.616.424
Operating grants and contributions	1,675,098	1,942,063	2,871,876			1,200,590	782,758	58	647,646	i o	940,937	1,035,289	Î	927,314
Capital grants and contributions	3,601,567	889,116	1,308,367			3,646,751	11,363,165	65	2,983,243	2,2	2,285,291	3,480,555	:	766,021
I otal government activities program revenues	13,391,696	180,208,6	14,129,429	9 32,115,034		16,167,543	23,720,402	701	18,0/3,791	c,01	16,516,103	20,019,562	13,	13,0'2,009
Business-type activities:	200 757 1	100 000 1				0101001		ò		-	007	200 400	-	
Auport Development Services	1.212.558	1.253.868	1.334.879	4 1,754,040 9 1.715.375		1.531.052	1./295.230	30	2.049.407	0,1	1.998.849	1,858.577		1,700,982
Marina	268,650	284,372	283,903		_	255,972	242,993	93	255,347	.0	258,739	247,175		262,401
Public Transportation	191,704	221,620	261,899 22 595 204			292,501	312,964	25 5	308,324 27 218 673	250	293,533 25 000 008	292,762	Ę	352,283
wastewater Utility Water Hfility	190,008,01	18,987,640	405,080,22 14 460 991	4 25,505,05/ 1 15 408 460		24,295,251 15 209 463	20,032,141 14 430 666	41	2/,218,0/3	0,02 7.41	25,099,098 14 550 820	20,446,02	77,	202,010,12
Storm water	171-01-011	10161011	()(001(L1			001(004(01	1001-11-1	8	888	, ,	796	3	61	185,445
Operating grants and contributions	-	3,868,941	2,071,633	3 2,146,869	_	3,676,644	3,434,460	160	4,209,175	6,4	6,494,938	3,676,278	5,	2,902,894
Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities program revenues	2,001,240	39,862,204	43,969,348	<u>-</u> 8 46,913,289		449,203	47,608,060		49,113,556	50,3	50,373,255	52,184,731	53,	53,335,760
T the second	÷					122 000 231			LVC L01 L7		3 036 080 33	COC 10C CE		002 111
1 otal primary government program revenues	\$ JU,188,87	3 49,/14,/91	100,000,00	1, 2, 19,028	A	100,660,00	\$ 11,528,402	e 70	1+5,101,10	ð 00,ð	¢ 000,40	12,204,295	۰ 00	00,411,/29

Net revenues (expenses): Governmental activities Business-type activities Total net revenues (expenses) General revenues and other changes in net position:				Fiscal Year											
Net revenues (expenses): Governmental activities Business-type activities Total net revenues (expenses) General revenues and other changes in net position Conservated activities.	2010	2011	2012	2013	7	2014	2015		2016		2017		2018	20	2019
Business-type activities Total net revenues (expenses) Ceneral revenues and other changes in net position <i>Communed</i>	\$ (53 945 640)	\$ (50.059.034)	\$ (40.317.767)	\$ (72 965 339)	e S	(32 025 922) \$	(25 430 417)	S (L	(32 446 974)	4	(38.037.280)	e e	(37.056.842)	(5)	(22 242 862)
Total net revenues (expenses) General revenues and other changes in net position	7,946,022			9,901,711					9,458,447		5,570,433				11,628,456
General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental activities	\$ (45,999,618)	\$ (48,101,637)	\$ (33,712,071)	\$ (13,063,628)	\$ (2	(23,244,921) \$	(17, 720, 350)	S (05	(22,988,527)	ŝ	(32,466,847)	s S	(22,601,854)	(40,	(40, 614, 406)
Governmental activities:															
Taxes:															
Property taxes	\$ 6,923,955	\$ 6,736,251	\$ 6,814,419	\$ 8,664,411	S	7,957,020 \$	8,516,289	30 S	9,583,057	\$	9,961,220	s	10,120,512	\$ 11.	11,278,819
Redevelopment tax increment	17,224,163	16,166,274	7,153,936			,	'		'				,		'
Sales taxes	8,631,248	8,843,821	9,383,601	9,904,433	1	11,459,527	12,393,784	2	12,836,372		12,346,472		3,412,360	13,	3,728,518
Franchise tax	3,132,790	3,202,734	3,063,429	3,651,287		4,088,228	4,200,929	6	4,386,505		4,678,179		4,741,131	4	4,646,929
Intergovernmental, unrestricted	6,159,837	6,046,647	6,117,382	6,971,230		6,918,391	8,060,611	=	7,826,858		8,093,750		8,746,222	10	0,100,536
Other taxes	2,793,543	3,062,970	3,251,193	3,710,336		4,045,534	4,413,036	36	4,973,753		5,630,225		5,577,756	é	6,029,998
Unrestricted investment earnings	796,641	332,785	436,659	316,101		241,751	140,208	8	642,914		296,135		641,094	1	1,966,335
Gain on disposal of assets							4,684	2	'		13,050				37,009
Miscellaneous revenue	2,039,729	3,351,769	3,455,064	1,694,223		3,562,242	4,897,416	16	2,783,899		3,420,154		3,058,231	6	2,917,083
Transfers	221,545	(50, 350)	39,568,592	(000'06)		(746, 420)	(610, 580)	(0)	(754,473)		(479, 403)		273,382		582,417
Pension Unfunded Liability Paydown													(7,490,284)		'
Successor Agency Bond Proceeds											5,547,823		4,736,219		•
Total governmental activities	47,923,451	47,692,901	79,244,275	34,822,021		37,526,273	42,016,377		42,278,885		49,507,605	7	43,816,623	51.	51,287,644
Business-type activities:															
Taxes:															
Unrestricted investment earnings	\$ 521,229	\$ 280,342	\$ 159,409	\$ 75,261	S	190,603 \$	113,214	4 \$	338,933	ŝ	285,078	S	719,743	s.	1,465,197
Gain on disposal of assets	•					3,000	6,720	0	825		500				9,823
Miscellaneous revenue	(7,685)						'								•
Transfers	(221,545)	50,350	(39,100)	90,000		746,420	610,580	80	754,473		479,403		(273,382)	Ŭ	(582,417)
Total business-type activities	291,999	330,692	120,309	165,261		940,023	730,514	4	1,094,231		764,981		446,361		892,603
Total primary government	\$ 48,215,450	\$ 48,023,593	\$ 79,364,584	\$ 34,987,282	\$	38,466,296 \$	42,746,891	1 \$	43,373,116	÷	50,272,586	\$	44,262,984	\$ 52.	52,180,247
Changes in net nosition:															
\$	\$ (6,022,189)	\$ (2,366,133)	\$ 38,926,508	\$ 11,856,682	\$	5,500,351 \$	16,585,960	\$ 05	9,831,911	S	11,470,325	\$	6,759,781	s	(955,218)
Business-type activities	8,238,021	2,288,089	6,726,005	10,066,972		9,721,024	8,440,581	18	10,552,678		6,335,414		14,901,349	12.	12,521,059
Total primary government	\$ 2.215.832	\$ (78.044)	\$ 45.652.513	\$ 21.923.654	~	15.221.375 \$	25.026.541	S	20.384.589	\$	17.805.739	~	21.661.130	s.11	11.565.841

Schedule 3 City of Petaluma, CA Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)
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					E	Fiscal Year										
	2010	2011		2012		2013		2014	2015		2016	2017	7	2018		2019
General Fund: Reserved Unreserved, designated	\$ 881,458 -															
Unreserved Total general fund	926,720 1,808,178															
All Other Governmental Funds: Reserved	56,141,521															
Unreserved, designated for: Special revenue funds	21,753															
Capital project funds Unreserved, reported in:																
Special revenue funds Deht service finds	21,369,514															
Capital project funds	(2,802,574)															
Permanent trust Permanent funds	23,177 -															
Total all other governmental funds	74,753,391															
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 76,561,569															
General Fund: Nonspendable		ė s	64,144 \$	81,024	4 8	95,544	S	83,177	\$ 91,451	151 \$	87,958	\$		\$ 114,598	÷	119,554
Committed Assigned		39	397,275	1, 179, 964	4	2,041,359		-	2,037,806 4 757 796	306 106	3,277,768 1 866 551	4,23	4,230,191 5 088 870	4,426,112 5 427 375		4,434,461 7 818 040
Unassigned						1,703,571		1,633,298	1,872,873	873	1,998,762	5,0,	2,040,912	3,162,821		7,010,077 3,173,198
Total general fund		46	461,419	1,260,988	~	4,094,710	÷	5,798,254	\$ 8,759,926		\$ 10,231,042	\$ 11,462,701	· •	\$ 13,125,856	ŝ	\$ 15,545,262
All Other Governmental Funds: Managedala		ć	150 50	1 378 070	-	299 EC		16 000		024	73 057	ţ	950 1/2	24 333		100 10

The City implemented GASB 54 in FY2011 which requires reporting fund balance categories of nonspendable, restricted,committed, assigned and unassigned.

(1,900)121,373,681

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\$ 136,918,943

\$ 128,517,239 15,391,383 .

\$ 121,233,512 109,770,811 .

\$ 101,616,876

\$ 64,579,757

\$ 64,762,238 58,963,984 ,

\$ 57,735,130

Ś

\$ 83,886,406

(81,888)53,640,420

46,808,883 48,069,871

83,424,987 .

Total all other governmental fund balances

Assigned Unassigned Committed Restricted

Total governmental fund balances

.

91,385,834 .

(1,843,525)55,819,831

24,821 119,178,925 2,171,835

24,333 112,241,884 3,125,166

24,036 108,776,998 969,777

23,852 90,030,630

23,770 57,639,586

16,000 57,556,197 1,391,787

23,665 27,542,010 26,156,633

 $\begin{array}{c} 1,378,920\\ 28,697,753\\ 16,732,210\end{array}$

27,034 68,478,306 14,919,647

Nonspendable

1,331,352

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Schedule 4 City of Petaluma, CA Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)										
				Fiscal Year						
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Kevenues Taxes (see schedule 5)	\$ 38.705.700	\$ 38.012.050	\$ 29.666.577	\$ 25.930.467	\$ 27.550.308	\$ 29.524.036	\$ 31.530.249	\$ 32.616.096	\$ 33.851.759	\$ 35.684.263
Licenses, permits and fees	1,274,934	2,207,999	4,921,033	13,467,082	5,768,076	5,405,398	6,678,465	5,802,314		ŝ
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	789,895	909,973	927,900	904,110	892,444	592,257	556,508	739,272	815,913	672,267
Use of money and property	1,019,686	671,185	736,888	684,382	665,222	708,536	986,419	2,247,879	2,370,910	3,615,466
Intergovernmental	11,435,893	9,013,452	12,566,803	15,223,097	11,680,110	19,225,393	11,289,946	10,964,409	13,172,378	11,873,154
Charges for current services Other	4,373,632 2 466 222	4,808,475	5,048,086	5,292,940 817149	5,524,587 2 3 19 182	6,236,573 4 650 482	7,475,695 2 165 019	7,520,475	8,586,203 487 517	8,293,242 516,027
Total revenues	60,065,962	57,387,651	54,967,882	62,319,227	54,399,929	66,342,675	60,682,301	60,613,790	66,226,168	65,958,488
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	3,667,640	3,538,262	3,079,373	2,982,115	3,504,750	4,565,381	5,319,069	5,900,460	6,309,124	6,020,133
Community development	17,542,710	13,913,519	6,655,687	7,253,174	3,018,073	2,345,822	2,506,730	2,437,844	2,786,591	2,974,024
Police	14,965,311	15,029,140	14,906,572	15,268,849	15,718,865	15,672,647	16,858,379	17,742,374	17,912,921	19,563,549
Fire	9,288,308	9,9/9,449	10,442,244	10,/34,962	11,524,404	12,262,326 8 170 000	12,748,714	13,915,724	14,941,695 255 252 C	15,720,465
Puthio mode	7100560	1,040,1	1, /39,081	2/141,0/2	7557 100	8,109,900	2,949,20 7 020 020 7	2,044,054 270 007 01	107,000,71	10101 667
rubite works Capital outlav	7.071.745	6.010.308	4.809.382	1.595.828	2.733.981	3.987.980	334.381	280.032	1.172.005	433.128
Debt service		0000000	1000	01000				1	2001- x 1 x	
Principal	1,355,000	1,629,814	113,958	134,264		ı				,
Interest	3,289,018	3,315,833	1,877,695	2,352		I				,
Cost of issuance			1		1					
Total expenditures	66,658,537	61,836,592	50,174,008	52,595,437	46,556,708	65,741,258	48,554,698	53,600,045	62,897,042	57,194,201
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,592,575)	(4,448,941)	4,793,874	9,723,790	7,843,221	601,417	12,127,603	7,013,745	3,329,126	8,764,287
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Debt issuance		11,561,444				·				
Premium paid					'	ı				
r ayment to eact ow agent Droceeds from the sale of asserts		- 504		31469	- 40 307	- 4 684	- 7607	13 050		
Contributions from enterprise funds		207.830	,	-	-		-			
Transfers in	15,946,693	21,418,966	13,041,470	8,822,043	5,759,605	8,752,964	8,378,259	7,454,274	14,685,728	8,065,562
Transfers out	(15, 812, 749)	(21, 418, 966)	(12,951,470)	(8,912,043)	(6,616,025)	(9,541,544)	(9,732,732)	(8, 533, 677)	(15,467,346)	(8, 428, 145)
Total other financing sources (uses)	133,944	11,773,778	90,000	(58,531)	(816,113)	(783,896)	(1, 346, 866)	(1,066,353)	(781,618)	(362,583)
Special Item								CC0 1143 3	010 202 8	
aucessol Agency Dolla Floreeus	(6,458,631)	7,324,837	4,883,874	9,665,259	7,027,108	(182,479)	10,780,737	11,495,215	7,283,727	-8,401,704
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures (1)	7.79%	8.86%	4.39%	0.27%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

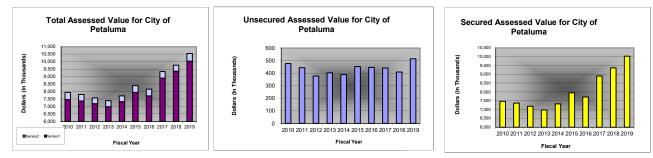
(1) Paragraph 12b requires that the interest and principal components of debt service expenditures be presented separately and that total debt service be shown as a percentage of total noncapital expenditures. Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay (to the extent capitalized for the government-wide statement of net assets) and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditure categories.

Schedule 5 City of Petaluma, CA Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	% Change 8 2019 2010-2018	0,513 \$ 11,278,819 -53.29%	2,360 13,728,518 59.06%	3,072,242 3,359,945 188.26%		1,335,133 5	,268,204 1,334,920 70.56%	\$ 33,851,761 \$ 35,684,263
	2018	0 \$ 10,120,513			,	-	-	7 \$ 33,85
	2017	\$ 9,961,220	12,346,472		4,678,180	1,769,698	1,209,301	\$ 32,616,097
Fiscal Year	2016	\$ 9,333,619 \$ 9,961,220	12,836,372	2,490,524	4,386,505	1,245,039	1,238,190	\$ 29,524,038 \$ 31,530,250
	2015	\$ 8,516,289	12,393,784	2,068,949	4,200,929	1, 173, 223	1,170,864	\$ 29,524,038
	2014	\$ 7,957,020 \$	11,459,527	1,919,729	4,088,228	965,868	1,159,937	\$ 25,930,467 \$ 27,550,308
	2013	8,664,411	9,904,433	1,680,783	3,651,287	984,045	1,045,508	25,930,467
	2012	13,968,355 \$	9,383,601	1,484,818	3,063,428	826,506	939,869	,577
	2011	22,929,525 \$	8,843,821	1,341,692	3,202,734	834,527	886,751	38,705,700 \$ 38,039,050 \$ 29,666
	2010	\$ 24,148,118 \$ 22,929,525 \$	8,631,248	1,165,607	3,132,790	845,268	782,669	\$ 38,705,700 \$
	Tax Revenue	Property	Sales and Use	Occupancy	Franchise	Property Transfer	Other	Total taxes

Schedule 6 City of Petaluma, CA Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

			-			Total
			Less:	Total Taxable	Estimated	Direct
Fiscal	Secured	Unsecured	Tax-Exempt	Assessed	Actual	Tax
Year	Property	Property	Property	Value	Value (2)	Rate (1)
		=				
2010	5,736,779,190	167,095,060	(136,640,449)	5,767,233,801	5,883,904,941	1.0
2011	5,687,213,653	153,720,805	(135,873,341)	5,705,061,117	5,734,915,702	1.0
2012	5,645,944,977	155,920,753	(142,654,763)	5,659,210,967	5,861,951,068	1.0
2013	5,477,796,006	168,897,988	(141,964,018)	5,504,729,976	6,351,448,770	1.1
2014	5,768,548,728	157,239,152	(144,239,238)	5,781,548,642	6,660,700,675	1.1
2015	6,260,163,954	185,028,198	(145,962,654)	6,299,229,498	9,321,725,796	1.4
2016	6,029,133,776	177,624,704	(144,824,654)	6,656,015,859	8,176,559,700	1.2
2017	7,102,508,869	169,672,532	(216,201,804)	7,055,979,597	8,211,304,528	1.1
2018	7,562,693,038	138,359,729	(217,750,163)	7,483,302,604	9,731,780,604	1.3
2019	8,041,680,642	220,504,474	(221,483,043)	8,040,702,073	10,277,022,337	1.2
			Redevelopment	Agency		
						Total
			Less:	Total Taxable	Estimated	Direct
Fiscal	Secured	Unsecured	Tax-Exempt	Assessed	Actual	Tax
Year	Property	Property	Property	Value	Value (2)	Rate (1)
2010	1,733,181,743	309,090,199	(69,577,527)	1,972,694,415	2,012,602,023	1.
2011	1,681,775,776	290,020,374	(68,679,653)	1,903,116,497	1,913,075,506	1.
2012	1,547,960,379	221,055,796	(44,927,069)	1,724,089,106	1,785,854,253	1.
	1,506,956,006	233,634,216	(60,213,054)	1,680,377,168	1,938,847,054	1.1
2013	1,559,482,789	230,941,306	(66,350,450)	1,724,073,645	1,986,239,190	1.
2013 2014	1,009,404,709	, ,		1,877,976,133	2,779,066,641	1.
	1,688,744,481	267,818,057	(78,586,405)	1,077,970,133	2,779,000,041	1.4
2014		267,818,057 271,000,767	(78,586,405) (81,935,657)	1,985,577,611	2,439,175,960	
2014 2015	1,688,744,481					1.
2014 2015 2016	1,688,744,481 1,796,512,501	271,000,767	(81,935,657)	1,985,577,611	2,439,175,960	1.4 1.5 1.7 1.6



(1) In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of the property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations above.

(2) As of 2007-08, secured and unsecured values are gross taxable values. Exemptions include all types of exempt

properties. Previous years reported homeowners' exemptions only.

(3) As of 2007-08, Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sales prices. Based on these calculations, a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

Source: Sonoma County Assessor data , MuniServices, LLC

	Fiscal Year							1		
Category	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Residential	5,555,350	5,575,896	5,551,197	5,398,541	5,693,569	6,219,648	6,615,390	7,034,503	7,473,070	8,098,323
Commercial	841,014	838,152	751,102	743,611	762,317	821,853	858,577	944,370	974,194	975,992
Manufacturing	524,252	502,140	478,954	444,375	431,460	439,847	450,611	484,841	492,180	393,564
Vacant	278,095	181,087	149,555	151,203	181,976	191,734	212,309	287,083	350,108	204,015
Professional	70,073	64,446	60,875	62, 193	65,564	66,504	67,539	69,649	74,363	197,538
Rural	36,061	39,886	38,536	38,296	39,054	39,631	42,465	55,342	63,334	76,631
Institutional	37,717	33,414	35,365	35,782	45,531	38,362	41,285	60,718	61,757	62,462
Other	30,618	30,443	29,293	29,485	27,854	51,706	53,043	53,678	54,709	59,277
Recreation	39,235	46,025	45,608	44,902	44,188	40,044	36,017	38,315	38,845	41,367
Industrial	14,319	14,234	14,341	14,626	14,566	14,631	15,901	26,366	18,035	35,134
Agriculture	27,496	27,431	27,640	6,994	7,039	6,358	5,940	9,904	10,917	21,189
Miscellaneous	1,164	1,160	1,169	1,192	1,216	4,864	5,246	9,386	10,474	9,390
Transportation	9,349	9,468	5,024	8,201	8,222	8,244	8,384	8,713	8,738	8,565
Governmental	3,799	3,791	3,819	3,895	3,992	3,991	5,500	5,584	5,696	6,785
Public	1,419	1,416	1,427	1,455	1,484	1,491	1,521	1,544	1,575	1,606
Gross Secured Value	7,469,961	7,368,989	7,193,905	6,984,751	7,328,032	7,948,908	8,419,728	9,089,996	9,637,995	10,191,841
Unsecured Value	476,185	443,741	376,976	402,532	388,180	452,846	448,625	463,647	415,732	444,367
Exemptions	206,217	204,552	187,581	202,177	210,589	224,549	226,760	365,714	363,992	375,696
Net Taxable Value	7,739,929	7,608,178	7,383,300	7,185,106	7,505,623	8,177,205	8,641,593	9,187,929	9,689,735	10,260,512
Net Taxable Value =	7,739,929	7,608,178	7,383,300	7,185,106	7,505,623	8,177,205	8,641,593	9,187,	929	

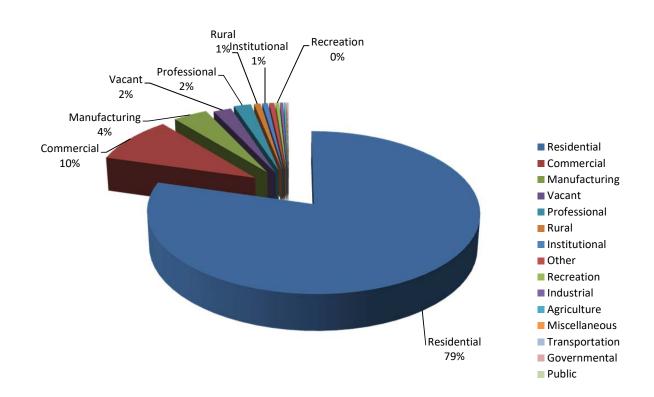
Assessed Value of Taxable Property by Use Code, Citywide Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

City of Petaluma, CA

Schedule 7

Source: Sonoma County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC

Schedule 8 City of Petaluma, CA Assessed Value of Taxable Property by Use Code, Citywide 2018-2019 Land Use Chart



Assessed Value by Use Code for RDA and City

Source: MuniServices, LLC

ıle 9	City of Petaluma, CA	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates,	(rate per \$100 of assessed value)	Last Ten Fiscal Years
Schedule 9	City of Pet	Direct and C	(rate per \$10	Last Ten Fi

	Fiscal Year	(ear								
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Basic City and County Levy (1):										
Bay Area Quality Mgmnt	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019
City Direct Rate	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643
County Library	0.0187	0.0187	0.0187	0.0187	0.0187	0.0187	0.0186	0.0186	0.0186	0.0186
County of Sonoma	0.2785	0.2785	0.2785	0.2785	0.2785	0.2785	0.2784	0.2784	0.2784	0.2784
Gen #1 SOCO Water Agency	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075
MRN/SNMA MOSO & Vector	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024
Petaluma AWUF	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110
Petaluma Schools	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973
South SO RES CN Land	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
Spring Lake Park SCWA	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024
ZN ZA Petaluma Basin	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158
Total Basic City and County Levy:	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Override Assessments:										
WS Dam-Russian River Project	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070
Petaluma Elementary school bonds	0.0435	0.0435	0.0465	0.0465	0.0505	0.0620	0.0530	0.0410	0.0310	0.0360
Petaluma High school bonds	0.0305	0.0305	0.0342	0.0342	0.0360	0.0650	0.0590	0.0460	0.0620	0.0600
Sonoma County Junior College bonds	0.0250	0.0210	0.0210	0.0210	0.0188	0.0180	0.0160	0.0400	0.0370	0.0360
Total Override Assessments:	0.1060	0.1020	0.1087	0.1087	0.1123	0.1520	0.1350	0.1340	0.1370	0.1390
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates:	1.1060	1.1020	1.1087	1.1087	1.1123	1.1520	1.1350	1.1340	1.1370	1.1390

Source: Sonoma County Auditor data, MuniServices LLC

(1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1% is shared by all taxing agencies within which jurisdiction's) the subject property resides. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of the School District bonds.

		2010	Fiscal		
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	2019 Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	2010 Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Enclave Apts Property Owner Ll	147,356,797	1	1.44%		0.00%
Sequoia Equities Azure Lp	116,482,612	2	1.14%		0.00%
Sscop De Llc	62,365,098	3	0.61%		0.00%
Lagunitas Brewing Company	58,861,294	4	0.57%		0.00%
Mgp Viii Properties Llc	51,105,857	5	0.50%		0.00%
Regency Petaluma Llc	43,805,796	6	0.43%	27,314,212	0.35%
Syers Properties I Lp	37,230,180	7	0.36%	19,910,037	0.26%
Tsa Skh Investors Llc	35,072,162	8	0.34%	19,910,057	0.20%
Pacific Castle Redwood Llc	34,384,694	9	0.34%		0.00%
Target Corp		10	0.34%		0.00%
Redwood Technology Center Llc	32,639,893		0.32%		
	32,023,108	11 12	0.31%		0.00%
Palo Alto Bayshore Investors L	31,034,597			27 207 200	0.00%
Chelsea Gca Realty Ptp Mncvad Ind Petaluma Ca Llc	30,848,291	13	0.30%	27,307,360	0.35%
	29,383,341	14	0.29%		0.00%
Novak Property Llc	29,220,634	15	0.28%		0.00%
Addison Ranch Apts Llc	29,150,019	16	0.28%		0.00%
Clover Stornetta Farms Inc.	28,300,061	17	0.28%		0.00%
Labcon North America	27,957,102	18	0.27%		0.00%
Sonoma Hotel Partners Lp	27,338,073	19	0.27%		0.00%
Haven At Petaluma Llc	25,142,900	20	0.25%		0.00%
Vons Companies Inc.	22,071,960	21	0.22%		0.00%
Washington Square Assoc Llc	20,202,606	22	0.20%	20,067,040	0.26%
Nsa Investments Llc	20,082,378	23	0.20%		0.00%
Thermo Fisher Scientific	18,171,210	24	0.18%		0.00%
Lowenberg Assoc Lp	17,636,548	25	0.17%		0.00%
Ca-Redwood Business Park Devel				95,946,801	1.24%
Rnm Lakeville Lp				74,226,012	0.96%
Sequoia Equities Cypresss Poin				52,786,505	0.68%
Petaluma Theatre District LLC				51,501,632	0.66%
Quarry Heights LLC Crp Holdings A-1 LLC				39,623,634 34,223,958	0.51% 0.44%
Eqr Lakeville Resort General P				33,701,671	0.43%
Azure At Lakeville Square Llc				30,485,123	0.39%
Redwood Gateway LLC				30,381,282	0.39%
Cisco Technology Inc				30,201,078	0.39%
Lba Realty Fund Ii - Wbp Iii L				26,211,836	0.34%
Fibex Systems Inc.				24,158,200	0.31%
Minnesota Mining & Manufacturi				23,516,340	0.30%
Savoy Corporation				22,336,337	0.29%
Inland American Stephens South				21,930,000	0.28%
Petaluma Marina Investors LLC				21,514,560	0.28%
Marina Office Park Associates				20,130,402	0.26%
Cerent Corp				19,842,030	0.26%
Tellabs Petaluma Inc.				19,536,390	0.25%
Parkway Petaluma LLC				19,490,446	0.25%
Merlone Geier Partners LP				17,500,000	0.23%
Top 25 Taxpayers	\$ 1,007,867,211		9.82%	\$ 803,842,886	10.37%
All Other Taxpayers	9,252,645,381	. .	90.18%	6,950,414,410	89.63%
Total Taxable Assessed Values	\$ 10,260,512,592		100.00%	\$ 7,754,257,296	100%

Source: Sonoma County Assessor data , MuniServices, LLC

Schedule 11 City of Petaluma, CA Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy (1)	n the Fiscal Levy (1)	Collections	Total Collections to Date	ns to Date
Ended	for the		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage
June 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount (1)	of Levy
2010	6,893,778	6,893,778	100.00%	,	6,893,778	100.00%
2011	6,763,330	6,763,330	100.00%		6,763,330	100.00%
2012	7,073,366	7,073,366			7,073,366	100.00%
2013	8,084,455	8,084,455			8,084,455	100.00%
2014	7,803,746	7,803,746		ı	7,803,746	100.00%
2015	8,420,878	8,420,878		·	8,420,878	100.00%
2016	9,159,779	9,159,779	100.00%	ı	9,159,779	100.00%
2017	9,633,671	9,633,671		ı	9,633,671	100.00%
2018	9,972,979	9,972,979	100.00%	ı	9,972,979	100.00%
2019	10,858,852	10.858.852	100.00%		10.858.852	100.00%

Source: Sonoma County ACTTC Office, Property Tax Division

(1) The County of Sonoma bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the City using an alternative method of secured real property and supplemental property taxes on an accrual basis resulting in full payment to the City each fiscal year. Any subsequent delinquent payments and related penalties and interest will revert to Sonoma distribution known as the "Teeter Plan". The State Revenue and Taxation Code allows counties to distribute County.

Schedule 12 City of Petaluma, CA Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	G	overnmental Activi	ties	
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds	Redevelopment Other	Total Governmental Activities
2010	-	72,320,000	214,000	72,534,000
2011	-	82,384,000		82,384,000
2012	-	80,379,000		80,379,000
2013	-	78,292,000		78,292,000
2014	-	-		-
2015	-	-		-
2016	-	-		-
2017	-	-		-
2018	-	-		-
2019	-	-		-

Business-type Activities

Year	Revenue Bonds	Term Loans	Certificates of Participation	Revolving Credit Lines	Total Business-Type Activities
2010	13,469,902	6,953,568	5,495,585	138,064,027	163,983,082
2011	29,974,549	6,874,095	5,307,311	108,608,118	150,764,073
2012	29,678,565	6,803,961	5,114,035	115,644,315	157,240,876
2013	29,786,315	6,851,192	4,910,761	110,055,132	151,603,400
2014	29,416,445	6,880,023	4,697,486	104,331,809	145,325,762
2015	29,036,575	6,889,843	4,479,211	98,471,125	138,876,754
2016	28,641,705	6,268,083	4,531,000	92,469,786	131,910,574
2017	30,215,374	6,337,247	4,143,000	86,324,413	127,020,034
2018	29,827,464	6,390,244	3,730,000	80,031,552	119,979,260
2019	29,429,553	6,426,352	3,306,000	73,587,664	112,749,569
		Total	Percentage		
	Fiscal	Primary	of Personal	Per	
_	Year	Government	Income	Capita	
-	2019	112,749,569	4%	1,811	

Note: capital lease is immaterial

Schedule 13 City of Petaluma, CA Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019

2018-19 Assessed Valuation: Redevelopment Incremental Valuation: Adjusted Assessed Valuation:	\$ \$	10,360,438,971 (1,975,120,886) 8,385,318,085	(includes aircraft v	aluations)
		Total Debt 6/30/2019	% Applicable	City's Share of Debt 6/30/2019
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:				
Sonoma County Joint Community College	\$	225,355,000	11.47%	\$ 25,859,486
Petaluma Joint Union High School District		54,255,000	76.88%	41,711,787
Cinnabar School District		2,390,000	42.77%	1,022,107
Old Adobe Union School District		36,306,886	89.43%	32,468,159
Petaluma City School District		19,525,000	84.59%	16,516,002
Wilmar Union School District		3,872,436	12.97%	502,332
Waugh School District Facilities Improvement District #1		3,999,601	70.98%	2,838,997
Waugh School District Community Facilities District #1		3,725,000	100.00%	3,725,000
City of Petaluma 1915 Act Bonds		478,900	100.00%	478,900
California Statewide Community Development Authority 1915 Act Bonds		4,838,408	100.00%	4,838,408
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt		, ,		\$ 129,961,178
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:				
Sonoma County General Fund Obligations	\$	14,335,000	11.57%	\$ 1,658,416
Sonoma County Pension Obligations		352,370,000	11.57%	40,765,685
Sonoma County Office of Education COP		4,386,172	11.57%	507,436
Sonoma County Joint Community College GF Obligation		955,000	11.47%	109,586
Petaluma Joint Union High School District COP		4,990,000	76.88%	3,836,362
Cinnabar School District COP		1,053,000	42.77%	450,326
Total Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt:				\$ 47,327,811
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT	\$	67,405,000	98.82%	\$ 66,609,863
Total Direct Debt				-
Total Overlapping Debt				242,358,563
Combined Total Debt				\$ 242,358,563
Source:				
MuniServices, LLC				
non-bonded capital lease obligations.				
Ratios to adjust Assessment Valuation:	_			
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt		1.25%		
Rations to Adjusted Assessed Valuation:				
Combined Direct Debt (\$3,306,000)		0.03%		
		0.040/		
Combined Total Debt		2.34%		
Combined Total Debt State School Building Aid Repayment as of 6/30/2019:		2.34% \$0		

Schedule 14 City of Petaluma, CA Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Tax Increment Revenue*	Annual Debt Service**		Required Coverage (125%)	Legal Debt Margin	Debt as Percentage of Legal Debt Margin
2010	17,224,163	4,543,120		5,678,900	11,545,263	39%
2011	16,166,274	4,616,105		5,770,131	10,396,143	44%
2012	7,153,936	3,740,726	а	4,675,908	2,478,028	151%
2013	-	-		-	-	-
2014	-	-		-	-	-
2015		-		-	-	-
2016		-		-	-	-
2017		-		-	-	-
2018		-		-	-	-
2019		-		-	-	-

*gross tax increment

** all bonded debt

Note (a) - The Annual Debt Service in 2012 does not include payments made by Success Agency.

Schedule 15 City of Petaluma, CA Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

			2012	Ref	funding Water	Rev	venue Bonds			
					Net					
Fiscal		Operating	Operating		Available		Debt Se	ervi	ce	_
Year		Revenue	Expenses		Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage*
2013	\$	14,847,146	\$ 11,578,438	\$	3,268,708	\$	-	\$	153,508	21.29
2014		15,265,295	11,240,386		4,024,908		379,000		267,042	6.23
2015		14,074,089	11,142,788		2,931,301		389,000		252,888	4.57
2016		13,496,180	11,012,149		2,484,031		404,000		238,244	3.87
2017		14,255,191	11,259,216		2,995,975		423,000		222,952	4.64
2018		17,339,375	12,269,979		5,069,396		337,000		211,594	9.24
2019		18,719,646	13,151,831		5,567,815		347,000		199,042	10.20
			2017 W	aste	Water Revenu	ıe E	Bonds			
	0	perating Rev			Net					
Fiscal	-	less	Operating		Available		Debt Se	ervi	ce	
Year	С	connect Fees	Expenses		Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage***
2018	\$	25,543,802	\$ 8,368,876	\$	17,174,926	\$	_	\$	706,891	24.30
			· · ·			·	_		-	
2019	\$	27,495,156	\$ 10,532,619	\$	16,962,537	\$	-	\$	805,319	21.06

* 115% required

*** 125% required

Statement 16 City of Petaluma, CA Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Calendar Years

Ponulation (1)	Personal Household Income	Per Capita Personal Income (3)	Median A oe	School Enrollment*	Estimated Unemployment Rate %
(T) HOLDING			2 1 2		
57,817	1,995,438	34,513	39.0	7,612	8.90%
58,319	2,027,518	34,766	39.6	7,791	8.50%
58,165	2,136,443	36,731	41.0	7,769	7.60%
58,804	2,197,579	37,371	40.3	7,793	7.80%
59,000	2,251,234	38,157	41.0	7,871	6.10%
59,540	2,132,616	35,818	40.9	7,776	3.20%
60,373	2,166,217	35,879	41.1	7,789	3.50%
60,941	2,291,736	37,606	40.8	7,776	3.00%
62,708	2,508,230	39,999	41.6	7,728	2.30%
62,247	2,626,223	42,190	41.8	7,821	2.30%

Source: MuniServices, LLC

(1) Population projections are provided by the California Department of Finance Projections

(2) Income Data is provided by the United States Census Data and is adjusted for inflation

(3) Unemployment and Total Employment Data are provided by the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department.

(4) Unemployment data is provided by EDD, Labor Market Information Division

*As of 2007-08, Public School Enrollment reflects the total number of students enrolled in the Petaluma City Elementary & Petaluma Joint Union High Unified School Districts.

Schedule 17 City of Petaluma, CA Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			F ISCAI	FISCAL YEAR		
		2019			2010	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Petaluma School District	813	1	2.43%	1,300	1	4.11%
Petaluma Poultry Processors	474	2	1.42%	402	4	1.27%
Enphase Energy Inc	468	С	1.40%			0.00%
Petaluma Valley Hospital	386	4	1.16%	546	С	1.73%
City of Petaluma	364	5	1.09%	292	9	0.92%
Lagunita's Brewing Company*	350	9	1.05%			0.00%
Old Adobe Union School District*	286	7	0.86%	230	8	0.73%
Santa Rosa Junior College	284	8	0.85%	350	5	1.11%
Clover Stornetta Farms	256	6	0.77%	220	6	0.70%
Hansel Auto (includes Honda, Toyota, Henry Curtis Ford, and Mgt)**	238	10	0.71%			0.00%
United States Postal Service	1			582	7	1.84%
Calix Networks Inc.				262	7	0.83%
North Bay Drywall				185	10	0.59%
Total Principal Employers	3,919		11.73%	4,356		13.83%
Total City Employment (1)	33,400			31,600		

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Notes: Results based on direct correspondence with city's local businesses. ** Includes 3 locations within the city (1) Total City Labor Force provided by EDD Labor Force Data. *Includes both FT & PT Employees

Last Ten Fiscal Years										
	Full-time and Part-time Equivalent as of June 30	nd Part-tin	ne Equival	lent as of .	June 30		Fiscal Year	r		
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program										
Governmental										
General government (total of next 8)	44.7	38.8	30.1	28.7	26.7	35.0	35.6	36.6	38.6	39.6
Administrative Services (Finance)	11.6	8.9	6.05	6.05	6.1	13.0	13.0	14.0	15.0	15.0
Internal Services	15.2	13.2	10.7	10.7	10.7	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	11.0
Animal Services	9.0	8.0	6.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
City Attorney	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
City Clerk	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
City Manager	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Human Resources	2.6	2.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	3.0	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
Community development	3.6	3.0	5.5	1.7	3.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Fire	58.3	58.0	57.0	57.0	57.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0
Police	111.8	99.5	83.1	81.5	82.5	84.5	84.5	89.7	91.7	93.1
Parks and recreation	19.8	7.3	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	9.0	8.4	8.4
Public works	49.0	51.4	35.7	38.5	36.5	35.2	36.2	39.6	41.0	41.1
Business Activities										
Airport	3.1	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0
Development Services	2.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0
Marina	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Transit	1.8	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.5	2.5
Water	25.7	28.4	29.6	29.6	30.1	29.9	30.4	30.9	30.0	31.5
Waste water	30.5	31.5	29.6	29.6	30.1	29.9	30.4	31.0	30.0	31.5
Internal Service										
Employee benefits	-	-	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
General services	ŝ	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Information technology	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	L
Risk management	4	З	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7
Workers' compensation	1	-	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	351	324	282	278	280	289	291	305	311	317

Schedule 18 City of Petaluma, CA Full-time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program

Source: City budget, finance department

6 IDAT 1 DATI 1 DATI 1 ATI 6	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program										
Community development										
Commercial building permits issued	192	100	241	249	318	507	255	367	251	263
Residential building permits issued	725	1,000	821	1,142	1,172	1,023	1,609	1,549	1,874	1,779
Inspections performed	3,288	4,315	4,614	6,344	4,379	3,470	4,850	6,185	6,370	5,718
Police										
Number of police calls	53,209	54,429	50,667	49,496	52,738	55,121	56,887	57,616	61,083	56,137
Parking citations	5,825	5,564	7,118	9,081	8,073	3,522	6,723	8,248	8,677	5,705
Traffic citations	7,181	5,544	7,667	4,742	4,947	2,119	3,966	4,041	5,558	3,469
Administrative citations							35	120	118	176
Fire										
Ambulance runs	3,569	3,508	3,612	3,614	3,817	3,963	4,204	4,193	4,651	4,820
Fire calls	1,478	1,456	1,557	1,606	1,816	1,863	2,086	2,250	2,326	2,483
Inspections	1,737	1,898	2,014	2,408	2,458	2,723	2,425	2,656	2,288	2,905
Public works										
Street miles resurfaced/sealed	2.44	4.33	0.75	1.5	1.44	1.7	1.08	2.74	3.86	1.23
Parks and recreation										
Historical library & museum visitors	12,521	11,473	8,801	7,760	6,269	7,251	10, 192	10,612	11,150	12,470
Recreation program attendance	3,248	3,547	3,214	3,271	3,522	2,499	2,339	2,364	2,413	2,075
Senior Center Classes/Activities (3)										16,500
Special event attendance	12,000	12,700	12,900	10,000	2,000	3,400	4,700	4,850	4,850	6,700
Airport										
Airport movements (1)	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	53,200	53,200
Annual fuel consumption (gallons)	172,110	172,749	177,286	167,700	138,000	170,885	192,256	175,629	200,953	155,179
watet Annual water murchased in hillions of gallons	"	74	L C	3 1	3.0	35	"	2 C	L C	<i>c c</i>
Utility accounts	20.214	19.839	19.995	20.152	20.230	20.280	20.322	20.442	20.497	20.605
Wastewater										
Average dry weather flows of sewage	4.3 mgd	4.6 mgd	4.7 mgd	4.7 mgd	4.3 mgd	4.3 mgd	4.3 mgd	4.3 mgd	4.3 mgd	4.4 mgd
Transit										
Number of bus routes (2)	3 181 556	920447	306.017	330.460	9 38/1 067	6 400.407	70 674	7 414.080	14 344 665	350.440
	0000101	1	110,000	001,000	incitor	101-001	100010	1000, 111		

Sources:
 Various city department reports, annual budget narrative
 (1) Beginning in FY2018, Airport movements based on FAA Terminal Area Forecast for Petaluma Municipal Airport, prior yrs take-offs only.
 (2) Beginning in FY2018, Includes both Transit and Paratransit routes, previous years only Transit routes
 (3) Additional information added FY2019

City of Petaluma, CA

Schedule 19

dule 20	City of Petaluma, CA	Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	Last Ten Fiscal Years
Schedule 20	City of	Capital A	Last Ter

Last Ten Fiscal Years										
	Fiscal Year									
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Zone offices	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Patrol vehicles, marked and unmarked	56	53	55	55	55	55	55	55	53	54
Fire										
Fire stations	3	б	З	З	3	33	3	З	ŝ	б
Ambulances	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	ŝ	ю
Public works										
Streets (miles) (1)	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	177
Streetlights	6,000	4,700	5,129	5,129	4,942	5,392	5,392	5,065	5,111	5,111
Traffic Signals	55	50	55	55	51	51	51	51	51	51
Park and recreation										
Acreage	299	299	299	299	324	324	324	324	460	462
Parks	44	44	4	44	45	45	45	45	46	50
Community centers	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Ball/soccer fields	48	48	48	48	51	51	51	51	51	53
Tennis court	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Turning basin public dock footage	995	995	995	995	995	995	995	995	995	995
Community swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Library	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Water mains (miles)	278	278	255	255	258	268	268	252	252	239
Fire hydrants	2,490	2492	2494	2494	2565	2597	2597	2587	2562	2583
Aqueduct stations	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Wells	16	15	15	13	13	13	13	13	11	11
Valves	7,251	7310	7324	7324	7542	7636	7636	7681	7723	8495
Reservoirs, finished water (total capacity - 13.1										
mg)	13.1	13.1	13.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1
Wastewater										
Booster stations (35 pumps)	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Sanitary sewers (miles)	195	195	195	195	195.5	196.1	196.5	197	197	190
Storm sewers (miles)	166	166	122	122	125	127	127	124	120	120
Treatment capacity (millions of gallons)	1,960	2,445	2,445	2,445	2,445	2,445	2,445	2,445	2,445	2,445
Transit										
Buses	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	14	14	14
Paratransit vans (2)									6	6