

CITY OF PETALUMA

POST OFFICE BOX 61 PETALUMA, CA 94953-0061

Teresa Barrett Mayor

D'Lynda Fischer Mike Healy Gabe Kearney **Dave King** Kevin McDonnell **Kathy Miller** Councilmembers

ADDENDUM NO. 2

Corporation Yard Tank Demolition: Phase 2 City Project No. E66502027

October 25, 2021

This Addendum No. 2 modifies the Bidding Documents for the Corporation Yard Tank Demolition: Phase 2, City Project No. E66502027. This Addendum shall become part of the Contract and all provisions of the Contract shall apply thereto. Bidders shall acknowledge all Addendums in the Bid Schedule.

<u>SECTION VI – PLANS</u>

Public Works & Utilities

City Engineer 11 English Street Petaluma, CA 94952 Phone (707) 778-4303 Sheet C16 showed the proposed Interim Housing Solutions Project, for reference. This was for reference to show the context of the adjacent project not included with the Corporation Yard Tank Demolition, but in close proximity and requiring coordination. The Interim Housing Solutions Project has been posted to the City's website under a separate bid opportunity. Please see the updated plans included INTERIM HOUSING SOLUTIONS PROJECT – IMPROVEMENT as reference for coordinating activities.

Environmental Services

Ellis Creek Water Recycling Facility 3890 Cypress Drive Petaluma, CA 94954 Phone (707) 776-3777 Fax: (707) 656-4067

Additional Testing Information

Testing information was provided within the Plans section of the Bidding Documents. An additional report of testing results have been made available and shall be appended to the information previously provided. Please see the attached document from NorBay Consulting dated August 8, 2020.

Parks & Facility Maintenance

840 Hopper St. Ext. Petaluma, CA 94952 Phone (707) 778-4303 Fax (707) 206-6065

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Q: Does contractor need to hold a California license for C21 - BUILDING MOVING, DEMOLITION and HAZ -HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES REMOVAL?

A: The contractor shall be licensed by the State of California for the work (or portions thereof) to be completed.

Transit Division

555 N. McDowell Blvd. Petaluma, CA 94954 Phone (707) 778-4421

Q: Considering future residential development at site, please advise if demolished concrete could be processed on site and used for backfilling?

A: Demolished concrete should not be processed on-site for re-use.

Utilities & Field Operations 202 N. McDowell Blvd.

Petaluma, CA 94954 Phone (707) 778-4546 Fax (707) 206-6034

E-Mail: publicworks@ cityofpetaluma.org

Q: Given the concrete material contains lead, is it the intent to have this material disposed of at a California Non-Haz Landfill, or it's assumed the material can be recycled at the local recycler. A: It is the responsibility of the contractor to dispose of the material according to applicable regulations.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Q: Please identify which areas require Dewatering.

A:Water may be present in the structures or groundwater encountered in excavations which could necessitate dewatering.

Q: Please identify which areas require Shoring and Bracing.

A: It is the contractors responsibility to ensure that demolition and excavations are completed in a manner that meets trenching and excavation safety requirements.

Q: The General Condition, Section 6.8 requires "A. The CONTRACTOR shall complete a daily report indicating location worked, total manpower for each construction trade, major equipment on Site, each Subcontractor's manpower and equipment, weather conditions, and other related information involved in the performance of the WORK. These components will be decided by the ENGINEER." Please provide BIDDERS with required daily-report template.

A: An example template will be provided, however this item is "as decided by the Engineer" and is subject to revision.

Q: Will contractor be responsible for Asbestos and/or Lead (if any) material disposal? **A:** Yes.

Q: Please confirm the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan will be developed by ENGINEER.

A: The disturbance is less than one acre; therefore, a SWPPP will not be prepared. Contractor shall comply with building permit requirements as well as Federal, State and Local requirements for erosion and sediment control.

Q: Please confirm CITY / ENGINEER is required to review and approve the landfill material disposal profile prior to disposal

A: Review of the waste profile and documentation of the manifests are required as well as compliance with Federal, State and Local requirements, including building permit requirements such as the waste reduction and recycling plan.

Q: Are we to assume the Cabinet and floor tile removal, in the former Operations Building, is to be perform during normal business hour without any access restrictions.

A: Access to the Former Operations building may be allowed during normal business hours, provided that the inuse areas are adequately protected per all applicable regulations. Access to the garage areas shall be limited to the extent necessary to set up containment and cleanup activities.

Summary of Changes: Revised information provided on the adjacent project requiring coordination efforts. Additional testing results of site materials provided.

City of Petaluma,

Josh Minshall, P.E.

Senior Civil Engineer

Public Works & Utilities Department

Josh Minshall

NorBay Consulting

LOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS

Phone: (415) 507-9786

Fax: (415) 507-9760

2400 Las Gallinas Avenue, Suite 110 San Rafael, California 94903

August 8, 2020

Mr. Ken Eichstaedt City of Petaluma Public Works & Utilities Department 202 N. McDowell Boulevard Petaluma, CA 94954

SUBJECT: PRE-DEMOLITION/RENOVATION HAZMAT INSPECTION

FOUR STRUCTURES AT THE CORPORATE YARD

PETALUMA, CALIFORNIA

Dear Mr. Eichstaedt:

NorBay Consulting is pleased to provide the analytical results from the pre-demolition/renovation hazardous material inspection conducted of four structures located at the Corporate Yard in Petaluma, California. The four structures include the primary digester, secondary digester, chlorination building and the operations building. Since the buildings are scheduled to be demolished or renovated, this inspection was required as per Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) and Cal-OSHA regulations.

The inspection included the visual observation of suspect asbestos containing building materials, collection of suspect building materials to determine asbestos content, if any, laboratory analysis, the collection of lead in paint readings utilizing a RMD direct reading instrument, visual inspection for mercury containing florescent light tubes and thermostats, visual inspection for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's) and generation of a final report.

NorBay Consulting appreciates the opportunity to provide you with these services. If you have any questions regarding this report or if you require additional information please do not hesitate to contact me at (415) 507-9786.

Respectfully, NORBAY CONSULTING

Bob Gerhold

Bob Gerhold Certified Asbestos Consultant # 92-0157 CDPH Lead Inspector/Assessor I2108

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

NorBay Consulting performed a pre-demolition/renovation hazardous material inspection of four structures located at the Corporate Yard in Petaluma, California. The four structures include the primary digester, secondary digester, chlorination building and the operations building. Mr. Bob Gerhold, Cal-OSHA Certified Asbestos Consultant #92-0157 and CDPH Lead Inspector/Assessor #2108 and Mr. Mike Gerhold, EPA Building Inspector #44537 and CDPH Lead Sampling Technician #31696 performed the inspection on July 30, 2020.

This Executive Summary is provided solely for the purpose of overview. Any party who relies on this report must read the entire report. The Executive Summary may have omitted important details, anyone of which could be crucial to the proper understanding and risk assessment of the subject matter.

A total of thirty-seven (37) samples of suspect asbestos containing building materials were collected during the inspection. Upon analysis by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) the following material(s) were found to contain varying percentages of asbestiform minerals or are materials known to contain asbestos.

- Black mastic on raised portion of the roof of the Secondary Digester;
- Cementitious hood panels in the lab of the Operations Building;
- ♦ White vinyl floor tile w/black mastic in the Operations Building. Please note this material was previously sampled by others.

A total of seventy-four (74) readings were collected of interior/exterior painted/coated surfaces during the inspection. In addition, six (6) calibration readings were also collected. For this report lead based paint includes readings ≥ 1.0 mg/cm2, lead-containing paint includes readings ≥ 0.1 to ≤ 1.0 mg/cm2 and no lead detected includes readings of 0.0 mg/cm2. It is extremely important to understand that XRF readings, which have a value of 0.0 mg/cm2, do not necessarily mean there is "no lead present" but rather the level is below what the instrument can read.

Lead based paint/glazing was located on the following components:

- ♦ Interior green concrete wall of the Secondary Digester;
- ♦ Interior green metal window of the Secondary Digester;
- Interior yellow metal railing of the Secondary Digester;
- Interior green metal ladder to pit of the Secondary Digester;
- Interior red metal railing to pit of the Secondary Digester;
- Interior green concrete lower level wall of the Secondary Digester;
- Exterior yellow metal window and window frame of the Secondary Digester;
- Exterior yellow concrete raised platform and outer wall of the Secondary Digester;
- Exterior beige concrete stairs of the Primary Digester;
- Interior brown metal door frame of the Chlorination Building;
- Interior green metal door frame in the lab of the Operations Building;
- Exterior blue metal windows of the lab of the Operations Building.

In addition, certain components, both interior and exterior were found to be coated with detectable levels of lead. Disturbance of these components would be subject to Cal-OSHA Lead in Construction Standards.

A more detailed presentation of procedures and findings is presented in the body of this report. Also included is a discussion of recommendations and regulatory considerations.

ASBESTOS SURVEY PROCEDURES

Homogeneous areas of materials, which were suspected of containing asbestos were identified. A homogeneous area, for bulk sampling purposes, is one that seems by texture, color and wear to be uniform and applied during the same general time period. After the homogeneous areas had been identified, representative bulk sample(s) are collected for laboratory analysis. Because asbestos-containing building materials have compositional variability, it is possible to obtain different laboratory results for samples from the same homogeneous area. Therefore, a homogeneous area with at least one positive sample for will result in the entire homogeneous area being designated as an asbestos containing material.

The sampling strategy was partially based on guidelines established by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for school buildings (40 CFR Part 763, AHERA) which require that samples be collected from each homogeneous area of suspected ACM. Upon completion of the inspection and bulk sampling, the samples were delivered under chain of custody protocol to SGS Forensic Analytical of Hayward, California for analysis by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM).

SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Bulk samples were examined by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Test Method 600/R-93/116, "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials". The percentage of asbestos is determined by visual estimation. Laboratory results are reported based on the percentage of asbestiform minerals identified within each sample layer. The lower limit of reliable detection by PLM is 1% by volume. When asbestos or other minerals are observed in concentrations believed to be less than the reliable detection limit (less than 1%) the results are usually indicated as TRACE.

Upon analysis the analytical results are compared to government agency standards. Currently, both the California Occupational Safety and Health Administration (Cal-OSHA) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) define material with contains more than one percent asbestos to be an asbestos containing material (ACM).

In addition, Cal-OSHA defines any manufactured construction material containing more than 0.1% by weight as asbestos containing construction materials (ACCM). Cal-OSHA also requires notification and registration of the contractor when disturbing materials with more than one-tenth of one percent and regulates worker protection whenever materials containing any detectable levels of asbestos are to be disturbed.

RESULTS

Analytical results can be found in the following table

Sample ID	Material	Location	Results
S-Roof-1&2	Roof coating	Secondary Digester, roof, top of ladder	No Asbestos Detected
S-TP-1&2	Textured paint	Secondary Digester, roof, raised portion	No Asbestos Detected
S-Caulk-1	Gray sealant on expansion joint	Secondary Digester, roof	No Asbestos Detected
S-Mastic-1	Black mastic on raised portion of roof	Secondary, roof	5% asbestos
S-Gasket-1- 1&2	Gasket (rope like)	Secondary Digester, boiler	No Asbestos Detected
S-Gasket-2-1	Gasket	Secondary Digester, equipment	No Asbestos Detected
S-Gasket-3-1	Gasket	Secondary Digester, roof, vents	No Asbestos Detected
S-IWC-1-1&2	Interior window caulking	Secondary Digester	No Asbestos Detected
S-Concrete-1-1	Interior concrete wall	Secondary Digester	No Asbestos Detected
S-Concrete-1-2	Exterior concrete wall	Secondary Digester	No Asbestos Detected
S-Concrete-2-1	Interior concrete slab	Secondary Digester	No Asbestos Detected
C-Concrete-1	Concrete wall	Chlorination Building	No Asbestos Detected
C-Concretre-2	Concrete slab	Chlorination Building	No Asbestos Detected
C-IWC-1&2	Interior window caulking	Chlorination Building	No Asbestos Detected
P-Sealant-1&2	Sealant on interior side of previous concrete core	Primary Digester	No Asbestos Detected
P-Gasket-1	Gasket material on base of piping run	Primary Digester	No Asbestos Detected
P-Gasket-2	Gasket material on equipment	Primary Digester	No Asbestos Detected
P-NSST-1&2	Non-slip tread material	Primary Digester, stairs	No Asbestos Detected
P-Concrete-1	Concrete	Primary Digester, roof	No Asbestos Detected
P-Concrete-2	Concrete wall	Primary Digester	No Asbestos Detected
P-Concrete-3	Concrete half walls	Primary Digester, roof	No Asbestos Detected
O-CFTGM- 1&2	Ceramic floor tile grout & mortar	Operations Building, lab	No Asbestos Detected
O-HP-1	Cementitious hood panels	Operations Building, lab	20% asbestos

Sample ID	Material	Location	Results
O-HP-2	Cementitious hood panels	Operations Building, lab	Prior Positive Result
O-BCM-1&2	Base coving and mastic	Operations Building, hallway	No Asbestos Detected
O-BCM-3	Base coving and mastic	Operations Building, brick room	No Asbestos Detected
O-BCM-2-1&2	Base coving and mastic	Operations Building, lab	No Asbestos Detected
Previously Sampled	Lab Floor Tile	Operations Building, lab	2% in tile 5% in mastic
Previously Sampled	Lab Ceiling Tile	Operations Building, lab	No Asbestos Detected

REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS

Current EPA National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) regulations require that most ACM be removed prior to demolition or renovation activities. Other regulations apply to construction activities and notification requirements for projects involving ACM/ACCM. At both the federal and state levels, these include, but are not limited to Federal OSHA regulation 29 CFR 1910 and 1926, the California Health Code, California OSHA 8 CCR 1529 and Proposition 65 which requires the posting of notifications when a facility is known to contain toxic substances found on the governors list.

As previously mentioned in this report both the California Occupational Safety and Health Administration (Cal-OSHA) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) define material with contains more than one percent asbestos to be an asbestos containing material (ACM). However, Cal-OSHA has an additional classification for manufactured materials found to contain asbestos in quantities between 0.1% to 1%. This classification is referred to as Asbestos Containing Construction Materials (ACCM).

Analytical results indicated that the black roofing sealant on the raised portion of the roof of the Secondary Digester and vinyl floor tile/mastic and cementitious hood panels in the Operations Building contain asbestos. NorBay Consulting recommends that a licensed asbestos abatement contractor be utilized to remove these materials prior to demolition or renovation activities taking place that would disturb them. The contractor chosen must be familiar with and abide by the strict rules and regulations regarding the removal, packaging and disposal of asbestos containing materials and/or materials containing detectable levels of asbestos.

LEAD IN PAINT XRF SURVEY PROCEDURES

The sampling strategy employed by NorBay Consulting was performed as outlined in Title 17, California Code of Regulations, Division 1, Chapter 8 and in accordance with those survey procedures listed in the "Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead Based Paint Hazards in Housing", June 1995 by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Our investigation included the collection of readings on similar painted surfaces (not every component in every room as dictated by HUD guidelines.)

Prior to data collection, painted/coated surfaces were categorized into distinct area of homogeneity, substrate material, building material and/or distinct paint type. After the items have been identified, a representative reading of the painted/coated surface is collected. Because painted/coated have compositional variability due to one or more paint layers, it is possible to obtain different readings for samples from the same homogeneous area. Therefore, a homogeneous area with at least one XRF reading of 1.0 mg/cm2 or greater will result in the entire homogeneous material, substrate and/or distinct paint type being designated as lead based paint. Each XRF reading along with the location, component, substrate, color and condition of the painted/coated surface are included in the XRF readings table located at the end of this report.

SAMPLE ANALYSIS

The XRF testing was performed in accordance with the aforementioned criteria, using an RMD-LPA-1 XRF Analyzer. Exposure times are internally determined by the instrument and are based-on a number of factors including lead content, substrate and source strength. The instrument is calibrated to the manufacturer's specifications and was periodically verified against known lead standards produced by the National Institute of Standards and Testing. HUD defines action level as the hazard level or which a corrective response action will be required.

Currently, the most widely used levels for determining lead-based paint (LBP) is 1.0 mg/cm2 (as measured by an XRF) established by HUD and adopted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. The action level is 5000 parts per million (pip) or 0.5% by weight when collected paint chip samples are analyzed using atomic absorption spectroscopy (AAS). HUD guidelines consider XRF findings of 1.0 mg/cm2 or greater, as lead based paint, which may be a potential hazard. It is extremely important to understand that XRF readings, which have a value of 0.0 mg/cm2, do not necessarily mean there is no lead present but are below what the instrument can detect. Positive results can be used to indicate that detectable levels of lead are present but negative results cannot be interpreted as conclusively demonstrating the absence of low levels of lead.

RESULTS

During our investigation a total of seventy-four (74) XRF readings were collected of various interior/exterior components and fixtures. Of these readings, nineteen (19) contained lead-based paint/glazing. Components found to contain lead based paint included the following:

- Interior green concrete wall of the Secondary Digester;
- Interior green metal window of the Secondary Digester;
- Interior yellow metal railing of the Secondary Digester;
- Interior green metal ladder to pit of the Secondary Digester;
- Interior red metal railing to pit of the Secondary Digester;
- Interior green concrete lower level wall of the Secondary Digester;
- Exterior yellow metal window and window frame of the Secondary Digester;
- Exterior yellow concrete raised platform and outer wall of the Secondary Digester;
- Exterior beige concrete stairs of the Primary Digester;
- Interior brown metal door frame of the Chlorination Building;
- Interior green metal door frame in the lab of the Operations Building;
- Exterior blue metal windows of the lab of the Operations Building.

In addition, certain components, both interior and exterior were found to be coated with detectable levels of lead. Disturbance of these components are subject to Cal-OSHA lead and construction standard requirements.

For a complete listing of readings see the attracted XRF Readings sheet.

REGULATORY CONSIDERATION/RECOMMENDATIONS

Current EPA and Hud guidelines recommend that surfaces containing lead based paint in damaged condition to be considered "lead-based paint hazards" and should be addressed through abatement (permanent removal) or interim controls (temporary). Surfaces containing lead based paints in intact condition should be monitored, but are not considered to be "lead based paint hazards".

At the time of our inspection, the following components were found to contain damaged lead based paints/glazing and are considered a "lead-based paint hazard".

- Interior green metal window of the Secondary Digester;
- Exterior yellow metal windows of the Secondary Digester.

Construction Work Standards

At present, there are no state or federal laws dealing with mandatory abatement following the identification of lead containing or lead based paints prior to disturbance. However, in 1993 the Occupational Safety and Health Administration promulgated legislation (29 CFR 1926.62 and 8 CCR 1532.1) entitled "lead Exposure in the Construction Industry" which deals with worker exposure to lead.

It should be noted that aside from the HUD definition of lead-based paint (1.0 mg/cm2), OSHA regulates worker protection and work practices on building components containing any detectable amounts of lead. Therefore, components determined to contain less than 1.0 mg/cm2 may still be subject to OSHA regulations, if these materials are to be disturbed. This standard essentially states that work, involving components containing any amount of lead must follow certain guidelines. These guidelines include but are not limited to training, personal protective equipment and specific work practices whenever workers disturb lead in any concentration because the disturbance may result in airborne exposures over action or permissible exposure limits.

This legislation requires that any task that may potentially expose workers to any concentration of lead be monitored to determine workers eight-hour time weighted average (TWA) exposure to lead. Prior to conduction of activities that may generate a lead exposure, such workers must be properly fitted with respiratory protection and protective clothing until eight-hour TWA results reveal exposures within acceptable levels.

Any proposed renovation/demolition, which may involve the removal of building materials with lead-based paint and/or lead containing painted surfaces, should include provisions to minimize the potential for airborne release of lead contaminated dust. It is recommended, as a minimum, that demolition of building materials which have lead-based and/or lead-containing paints be conducted with he materials kept in a wetted state and removed in sections, as feasible, to reduce the potential for airborne lead emissions.

The Federal EPA Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule 40 CFR 745, which became effective April 22, 2010 covers all non-abatement renovation, repair or painting work in pre-1978 child occupied facilities and housing. Work which disturbs more than 6 square feet per room, or 20 square feet per exterior of paint or other surface coatings that contain lead in concentrations equal to or in excess of 1.0 mg/cm2 by XRF are covered by this rule.

MERCURY CONTAINING LIGHT TUBES & THERMOSTATS

Suspect mercury, cadmium & antimony containing florescent light tubes/vapor lamps were observed in the Secondary Digester and Operations Building. No mercury containing thermostats were observed in any of the structures.

In California, the Cal-EPA Department of Toxic Substances Control regulates the management of spent florescent light tubes/vapor lamps destined for disposal because they contain small quantities of mercury, cadmium and antimony. Florescent light tubes/vapor lamps have been classified as a "Universal Waste" under the California University Waste Rule. This rule became effective on February 8, 2002 and allows common, low hazard wastes to be managed under less stringent requirements than other hazardous wastes.

As of February 9, 2006, large and small quantity generators are required to ship their "Universal Waste" to either a universal waste transfer station, a recycling facility or a disposal facility (Title 22, Division 4.5, Chapter 23, Section 66273.8). If the florescent light tubes/vapor lamps and/or thermostats are not recycled, then they must be manifested and disposed of in a Class I landfill.

Prior to renovation activities, the light tubes/vapor lamps should be removed as a separate item and/or concurrently with other hazardous material removal. Precautions should be utilized to reduce the amount of breakage due to the potential release of mercury, cadmium and antimony particles.

POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYS (PCB'S)

Ballasts

In addition to the mercury containing florescent light tubes/vapor lamps light fixture ballasts in the Secondary Digester and Operations Building may contain polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's). All ballasts manufactured through 1978 are magnetic ballasts that contain PCB's. Almost all older florescent light fixtures have PCB ballast because the use of PCB containing items was allowed to continue beyond the original 1978 TSCA ban.

Since the supply of PCB containing ballasts likely lasted for several years after the ban took effect, any buildings built before 1980, without a complete lighting retrofit, is likely to have PCB ballasts. Magnetic ballasts manufactured after 1978 that do not contain PCB's are labeled "No PCB's" or "PCB Free". Electronic ballasts are PCB free and should be clearly marked as electronic. If a ballast has no manufacture date or is not specifically labeled "No PCB's" or "PCB Free" it should be assumed to contain PCB's.

Two fixtures were disassembled in both the Secondary Digester and Operations Building to determine if PCB ballast were present. All four ballasts included the verbiage "No PCB's".

LIMITATIONS

NorBay Consulting conducted this inspection and prepared this report for the sole and exclusive use of the City of Petaluma, the only intended beneficiary of our work. NorBay Consulting has performed this inspection in a substantial and workmanlike manner, in accordance with generally accepted methods and practices of the profession, and consistent with that level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by reputable environmental consultants under similar conditions and circumstances.

Please note that no subsurface investigation was conducted to determine if asbestos cement "transite" electrical or water utilities were present. The interior of the Primary Digester was not accessible and the only portion of the Operations Building inspected was the laboratory area.

Enclosed you will find the laboratory reports and chain of custody form for all asbestos bulk samples collected. In addition, a spread sheet of all lead readings is attached as well as the CDPH Form 8552.

If you have any questions regarding this report or if you require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me at (415) 507-9786.

Sincerely, NORBAY CONSULTING

Bob Gerhold

Bob Gerhold Certified Asbestos Consultant #92-0157 CDPH Lead Inspector/Assessor #2108

LABORATORY REPORTS AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORMS

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)



Bulk Asbestos Analysis
(EPA Method 40CFR, Part 763, Appendix E to Subpart E and EPA 600/R-93-116, Visual Area Estimation)
NVLAP Lab Code: 101459-0

NorBay Consulting Robert Gerhold 2400 Las Gallinas Suite 110 San Rafael, CA 94903					Client ID: Report Numbe Date Received: Date Analyzed: Date Printed: First Reported	08/03/20 08/04/20 08/04/20	0 0 0
Job ID/Site: 7607 - City of Petalma Corp	. Yard, 400	Hopper Avenue,	Petaluma, CA		SGSFL Job ID Total Samples		37
Date(s) Collected: 07/30/2020					Total Samples		36
Sample ID	Lab Numbe	Asbestos er Type	Percent in Layer	Asbestos Type	Percent in Layer	Asbestos Type	Percent in Layer
S-roof-1 Layer: Black Tar Layer: Black Felt	12328493		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Composite Values of Fibrous Glass (10 %)	•	Asbestos (ND)					
S-roof-2 Layer: Black Tar Layer: Black Felt	12328494		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Composite Values of Fibrous Glass (10 %)	•	Asbestos (ND)					
S-TP-1 Layer: White Texture Layer: Paint	12328495		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Comp Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
S-TP-2 Layer: White Texture Layer: Paint	12328496		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Comp Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
S-caulk-1 Layer: Grey Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Paint	12328497		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Comp Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
S-mastic-1 Layer: Black Mastic	12328498	Chrysotile	5 %				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Comp Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (5%)					
S-Gasket-1-1 Layer: Yellow Fibrous Material	12328499		ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Comp Cellulose (Trace) Fibrous Glass (99	•	Asbestos (ND)					

Report Number: B306633 **Date Printed:** 08/04/20

Client Name: NorBay Consulting					Date Printed:		
Sample ID	Lab Numbe	Asbestos r Type	Percent in Layer	Asbestos Type	Percent in Layer	Asbestos Type	Percent in Layer
S-Gasket-1-2 Layer: Yellow Fibrous Material	12328500		ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Com Cellulose (Trace) Fibrous Glass (99	=	Asbestos (ND)					
S-Gasket-2-1 Layer: Black Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Paint	12328501		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Com Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
S-Gasket-3-1 Layer: Red Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Paint	12328502		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Com Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
S-IWC-1-1 Layer: White Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Paint	12328503		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Com Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
S-IWC-1-2 Layer: White Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Paint	12328504		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Com Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
S-concrete-1-1 Layer: Off-White Cementitious Material Layer: Paint	12328505		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Com Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
S-concrete-1-2 Layer: Off-White Cementitious Material Layer: Paint	12328506		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Com Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
S-concrete-2-1 Layer: Grey Cementitious Material Layer: Paint	12328507		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Com Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
C-concrete-1 Layer: Grey Cementitious Material Layer: Paint	12328508		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Com Cellulose (Trace)	ponents:	Asbestos (ND)					

Report Number: B306633

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Client Name: NorBay Consulting				Date Printed:	08/04/2	20
	Asbestos	Percent in	Ashestos	Percent in	Ashestos	Pε

Sample ID	Lab Numbe	Asbestos r Type	Percent in Layer	Asbestos Type	Percent in Layer	Asbestos Type	Percent in Layer
C-concrete-2 Layer: Grey Cementitious Material Layer: Paint	12328509		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co. Cellulose (Trace)	mponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
C-IWC-1 Layer: Grey Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Paint	12328510		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co. Cellulose (Trace)	mponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
C-IWC-2 Layer: Grey Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Paint	12328511		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co. Cellulose (Trace)	mponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
P-sealant-1 Layer: Black Non-Fibrous Material	12328512		ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co. Cellulose (Trace)	mponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
P-sealant-2 Layer: Black Non-Fibrous Material	12328513		ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co. Cellulose (Trace)	mponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
P-Gasket-1 Layer: Black Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Paint	12328514		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co. Cellulose (Trace)	mponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
P-Gasket-2 Layer: Black Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Paint	12328515		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co. Cellulose (Trace)	mponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
P-NSST-1 Layer: Yellow Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Paint	12328516		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co. Cellulose (Trace)	mponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
P-NSST-2 Layer: Yellow Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Paint	12328517		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co. Cellulose (Trace)	mponents:	Asbestos (ND)					

Report Number: B306633

Client Name: NorBay Consulting					Report Num Date Printed		
Sample ID	Lab Numbe	Asbestos r Type	Percent in Layer	Asbestos Type	Percent in Layer	Asbestos Type	Percent in Layer
P-Concrete-1 Layer: Grey Cementitious Material Layer: Paint	12328518		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co Cellulose (Trace)	omponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
P-Concrete-2 Layer: Grey Cementitious Material Layer: Paint	12328519		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co Cellulose (Trace)	omponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
P-Concrete-3 Layer: Grey Cementitious Material Layer: Paint	12328520		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co Cellulose (Trace)	omponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
O-CFTGM-1 Layer: Brown Ceramic Tile Layer: Grey Grout Layer: Grey Mortar	12328521		ND ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co Cellulose (Trace)	omponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
O-CFTGM-2 Layer: Brown Ceramic Tile Layer: Grey Grout Layer: Grey Mortar	12328522		ND ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co Cellulose (Trace)	omponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
O-HP-1 Layer: Grey Semi-Fibrous Material	12328523	Chrysotile	20 %				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co Cellulose (Trace)	omponents:	Asbestos (20%)					
O-HP-2 Comment: Sample not analyzed due to	12328524 o prior positive	result in series.					
O-BCM-1 Layer: Green Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Brown Mastic	12328525		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co Cellulose (Trace)	omponents:	Asbestos (ND)					
O-BCM-2 Layer: Green Non-Fibrous Material Layer: Brown Mastic	12328526		ND ND				
Total Composite Values of Fibrous Co Cellulose (Trace)	omponents:	Asbestos (ND)					

Date Printed: 08/04/20 Client Name: NorBay Consulting Asbestos Percent in Asbestos Percent in Asbestos Percent in Sample ID Lab Number Layer Type Layer Type Type Layer O-BCM-3 12328527 Layer: Green Non-Fibrous Material ND Layer: Brown Mastic ND Total Composite Values of Fibrous Components: Asbestos (ND) Cellulose (Trace)

ND

ND

Report Number: B306633

Layer: Black Non-Fibrous Material
Layer: Off-White Mastic

12328528

Total Composite Values of Fibrous Components: Asbestos (ND)
Cellulose (Trace)

O-BCM-2-2 12328529

Layer: Black Non-Fibrous Material ND

Layer: Off-White Mastic ND

Total Composite Values of Fibrous Components: Asbestos (ND)

Cellulose (Trace)

O-BCM-2-1

Tad Thrower

Tad Thrower, Laboratory Supervisor, Hayward Laboratory

Note: Limit of Quantification ('LOQ') = 1%. 'Trace' denotes the presence of asbestos below the LOQ. 'ND' = 'None Detected'.

Analytical results and reports are generated by SGS Forensic Laboratories (SGSFL) at the request of and for the exclusive use of the person or entity (client) named on such report. Results, reports or copies of same will not be released by SGSFL to any third party without prior written request from client. This report applies only to the sample(s) tested. Supporting laboratory documentation is available upon request. This report must not be reproduced except in full, unless approved by SGSFL. The client is solely responsible for the use and interpretation of test results and reports requested from SGSFL SGSFL is not able to assess the degree of hazard resulting from materials analyzed. SGS Forensic Laboratories reserves the right to dispose of all samples after a period of thirty (30) days, according to all state and federal guidelines, unless otherwise specified. All samples were received in acceptable condition unless otherwise noted.

NorBay Consulting 2400 Las Gallinas Avenue, Suite 110 San Rafael, CA 94903 (415) 507-9786 Phone

b Site: City of I	Petaluma Corp	o. Yard Project	Number: 7607
400 Hop	per Avenue	Analysis	Requested: PLM
Petalum	a, California	Turn Arc	ound Time: 48 hr.
	•		•
Client ID	Date	Location	Description
S-Roof-1	7/30/2020	Secondary Digester, roof, top of ladder	Roof coating
S-Roof-2	1	Secondary Digester, root, top of ladder	Roof coating
S-TP-1		Secondary Digester, roof, raised portion	Textured paint
S-TP-2		Secondary Digester, roof, raised portion	Textured paint
S-Caulk-1		Secondary Digester, roof	Gray sealant on expansion joint
S-Mastic-1		Secondary Digester, roof	Black mastic on raised portion
S-Gasket-1-1		Secondary Digester, boiler	Gasket (rope like type)
S-Gasket-1-2		Secondary Digester, boiler	Gasket (rope like type)
S-Gasket 2-1		Secondary Digester, equipment	Gasket
		/	

Gasket

Interior window caulking

Interior window caulking

Interior concerete wall

Secondary Digester, roof, vents

Secondary Digester

Secondary Digester

Secondary Digester

S-Gasket-3-1

S-IWC-1-1

S-IWC-1-2

S-Concrete-1-1

NorBay Consulting 2400 Las Gallinas Avenue, Suite 110 San Rafael, CA 94903 (415) 507-9786 Phone

Job Site: City of P	etaluma Corp.	Yard Project	Number:	7607	
400 Hop	per Avenue	Analysis	Requested:	PLM	
Petaluma	a, California	Turn Aro	und Time:	48 hr. ,	
Client ID	Date	Location		Description	1 3
S-Concrete 1-2	7/30/2020	Secondary Digester		Exterior concrete wall	
S-Concrete 2-1		Secondary Digester		Interior concrete slab	
C-Concrete-1		Chlorination Building		Concrete wall	
C-Concrete-2		Chlorination Building		Concrete slab.	
C-IWC-1		Chlorination Building		Interior window caulking	n 1st pose
C-IWC-2		Chlorination Building		Interior window caulking	/
P-Sealant-1	is "i"	Primary Digester	Sealant on	interior side of previous concrete core	
P-Sealant-2		Primary Digester	Sealant on	interior side of previous concrete core	
P-Gasket-1	•	Primary Digester, roof	Gask	et material on base of piping run	
P-Gasket-2		Primary Digester, roof	G	asket material on equipment	
P-NSST-1		Primary Digester, stairs		Non-slip tread material	156 pose
P-NSST-/2		Primary Digester, stairs		Non-slip tread material	/
P-Concrete-1		Primary Digester, roof		Concrete	
1					
Notes: email re	sults to Bob@	norbayca.com, Mike@norbayc	a.com		-
_					-
Bob Gerhold	6789(20)	7/30/2020			- 7
242	77	Date	Relinquish	ned by Date	
(=/	SECEINED /	3			

Relinquished by

Relinquished by

Date

NorBay Consulting 2400 Las Gallinas Avenue, Suite 110 San Rafael, CA 94903 (415) 507-9786 Phone

Job Site:	City of Petaluma Corp. Yard	Project Number:	7607	
	400 Hopper Avenue	Analysis Requested:	PLM	
	Petaluma, California	Turn Around Time:	48 hr.	

Client ID	Date	Location	Description
P-Concrete-2	7/30/2020	Primary Digester	Concrete wall
P-Concrete-3	1	Primary Digester, roof	Concrete half walls
O-CFTGM-1		Operations Building, lab	Ceramic floor tile grout & mortar
O-CFTGM-2		Operations Building, lab	Ceramic floor tile grout & mortar
O-HP-1		Operations Building, lab	Cementitious hood panels
O-HP-2		Operations Building, lab	Cementitious hood panels
O-BCM-1		Operations Building, hallway	Base coving and mastic
O-BCM-2		Operations Building, hallway	Base coving and mastic
O-BCM-3		Operations Building, brick room	Base coving and mastic
O-BCM-2-1		Operations Building, lab	Base coving and mastic
O-BCM-2-2		Operations Building, lab	Base coving and mastic
			v.

Notes: email results to Bob@norbayca.com, N	Mike@norbayca.com	
Bob Gerhold 7/30/2020		2
Relinquished by Date PRECEIVED	Relinquished by	Date
Relinquished by AUG 0 3 2020 Date	Relinquished by	Date

XRF READINGS

Readings shaded in gray indicate lead based paint

Readings shaded in green indicate lead containing paint

Non-destructive Screening of Interior/Exterior Painted Surfaces

XRF Readings

Site Location: City of Petaluma Corporate Yard, Petaluma, California

Building: Interior & Exterior

Inspector: Bob Gerhold & Mike Gerhold Date: July 30, 2020

					Paint	Reading
Location	Component	Wall	Substrate	Color	Condition	(mg/cm2)
Calibration 1						1.0
Calibration 2						1.0
Calibration 3						1.1
Secondary Digester						
Interior	Wall		Wood	Green	Intact	0.1
	Wall		Wood	Green	Intact	0.2
	Wall		Concrete	Green	Intact	1.2
	Wall		Concrete	Green	Intact	1.5
	Window		Metal	Green	Damaged	1.8
	Floor		Concrete	Red	Intact	0.0
	Floor		Concrete	Red	Intact	0.0
	Boiler		Metal	Blue	Intact	0.0
	Boiler		Metal	Blue	Intact	0.0
	Piping		Metal	Green	Intact	0.0
	Piping		Metal	Green	Intact	0.0
	Electrical panel		Metal	Blue	Intact	0.0
	Electrical panel		Metal	Blue	Intact	0.0
	Railing		Metal	Yellow	Intact	7.2
	Lower level piping		Metal	Green	Intact	0.0
	Lower level piping		Metal	Green	Intact	0.0
	Lower level piping		Metal	Red	Intact	0.0
	Lower level piping		Metal	Red	Intact	0.0
	Ladder to pit		Metal	Green	Intact	4.6
	Railing to pit		Metal	Red	Intact	5.3
	Lower level wall		Concrete	Green	Intact	1.7
Exterior	Wall		Concrete	Beige	Intact	0.4
	Wall		Concrete	Beige	Intact	0.5
	Window		Metal	Yellow	Damaged	5.3
	Window		Metal	Yellow	Damaged	5.4
	Window frame		Metal	Yellow	Intact	3.4
	Window frame		Metal	Yellow	Intact	2.8
	Piping		Metal	Red	Intact	0.0
	Piping		Metal	Red	Intact	0.0
	Raised platform		Concrete	Yellow	Intact	0.5
	Raised platform		Concrete	Yellow	Intact	1.0
	Piping		Metal	Red	Intact	0.0
	Piping		Metal	Blue	Intact	0.0
	Outer wall		Concrete	Yellow	Intact	1.4
	Piping to primary		Metal	Beige	Intact	0.0
	Piping to primary		Metal	Beige	Intact	0.0
Primary Digester	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Exterior	Wall (lower)		Concrete	Beige	Intact	0.0
	Wall (lower)		Concrete	Beige	Intact	0.0
	Wall (upper)		Concrete	Beige	Intact	0.0
	Wall (upper)		Concrete	Beige	Intact	0.0
	Railing		Metal	Beige	Intact	0.3
	Stairs		Concrete	Beige	Intact	1.5
	Stairs		Concrete	Beige	Intact	1.6

Non-destructive Screening of Interior/Exterior Painted Surfaces

XRF Readings

Site Location: City of Petaluma Corporate Yard, Petaluma, California

Building: Interior & Exterior

Inspector: Bob Gerhold & Mike Gerhold Date: July 30, 2020

Location	Component	Wall	Substrate	Color	Paint Condition	Reading (mg/cm2)
Exterior (con't)	Piping	vv an	Metal	Beige	Intact	0.0
Exterior (con t)	Piping	+	Metal	Beige	Intact	0.0
	Equipment	1	Metal	Beige	Intact	0.6
	Equipment		Metal	Beige	Intact	0.4
	Cover		Concrete	Yellow	Intact	0.0
	Cover	1	Concrete	Yellow	Intact	0.0
Chlorination Building	20161		Concrete	Tellett	Intact	0.0
Exterior	Wall		Concrete	Beige	Intact	0.0
	Wall		Concrete	Beige	Intact	0.0
	Window		Metal	Beige	Intact	0.2
Interior	Wall		Concrete	Brown	Intact	0.0
	Wall		Concrete	Brown	Intact	0.0
	Door frame		Metal	Brown	Intact	1.3
	Beam		Metal	Gray	Intact	0.0
Operations Building	Beam		1110141	Gray	Titteet	0.0
Lab / Interior	Floor		Ceramic	Brown	Intact	0.0
Euo / Interior	Floor		Ceramic	Brown	Intact	0.0
	Countertop	1	Metal	Black	Intact	0.0
	Countertop	1	Metal	White	Intact	0.0
	Door	1	Metal	Green	Intact	0.0
	Door	1	Metal	Green	Intact	0.0
	Door frame		Metal	Green	Intact	1.7
	Main door frame		Metal	Green	Intact	0.3
	Main door		Metal	Green	Intact	0.0
	Wall		CMU	Brown	Intact	0.0
	Wall		CMU	Brown	Intact	0.0
	Baseboard		Ceramic	Brown	Intact	0.0
	Countertop		Metal	Green	Intact	0.0
	Upper wall		Wood	Beige	Intact	0.0
Lab / Exterior	Window		Metal	Blue	Intact	1.5
Lab / Exterior	Window		Metal	Blue	Intact	1.2
	Panels under window		Wood	Blue	Intact	0.0
	Panels under window		Wood	Blue	Intact	0.0
	Paneis under window		wood	Blue	Intact	0.0
Calibration 4						1.0
Calibration 5						1.1
Calibration 6						1.0
	1					

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH FORM 8552

LEAD HAZARD EVALUATION REPORT

Section 1 — Date of Lead Hazard Evaluation	ly 30, 2020						
Section 2 — Type of Lead Hazard Evaluation (Ch	neck one box only)						
✓ Lead Inspection Risk assessment	Lead Inspection Risk assessment Clearance Inspection Other (specify) Pre Demolition/Renovation						
Section 3 — Structure Where Lead Hazard Evalu Address [number, street, apartment (if applicable)]	ation Was Conducted	County	Zip Code				
400 Hopper Street	Petaluma	Sonoma	94952				
	retaluma						
Construction date (year) of structure Type of structure		Children living in stru					
Multi-unit building	School or daycar	e Yes	No				
Various Dates Single family dwel	ling Other City	Don't Know					
Section 4 — Owner of Structure (if business/age	ncy, list contact person)						
Name		Telephone number	, i				
City of Petaluma - Public Works		(707) 776-3672					
Address [number, street, apartment (if applicable)]	City	State	Zip Code				
202 N. McDowell Boulevard	Petaluma	California	94954				
Section 5 — Results of Lead Hazard Evaluation (check all that apply)						
Section 6 — Individual Conducting Lead Hazard Name Bob Gerhold Address [number, street, apartment (if applicable)]	City	Telephone number (415) 507-978	Zip Code				
2400 Las Gallinas Avenue, Suite 110	San Rafael	California	94903				
CDPH certification number	Signature		Date				
I2108	Bob Gerho	Bob Gerhold 8/10/20					
Name and CDPH certification number of any other individu	als conducting sampling or testi	ng (if applicable)					
Mike Gerhold, CDPH.LST #31696	6						
Section 7 — Attachments	* _						
A. A foundation diagram or sketch of the structure in lead-based paint; B. Each testing method, device, and sampling proce C. All data collected, including quality control data, land the sample of the structure.	dure used;						
First copy and attachments retained by inspector	Third copy only (n	Third copy only (no attachments) mailed or faxed to:					
Second copy and attachments retained by owner	Childhood Lead P 850 Marina Bay P	California Department of Public Health Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Branch Reports 850 Marina Bay Parkway, Building P, Third Floor Richmond, CA 94804-6403					

Fax: (510) 620-5656

PHOTOGRAPHS OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS



Asbestos cementititous "transite" hood panels in the lab of the Operations Building



Asbestos containing 9" vinyl floor tile w/black mastic in the Operations Building



Lead based interior green metal windows of the Secondary Digester



Asbestos containing black mastic on the raised portion on the roof of the Secondary Disgester



Lead based interior green concrete wall, green metal ladder to pit, and red metal railing on the lower level of the Secondary Digester

A signed copy of this Addendum and the attached acknowledgement form shall be attached to the bid proposal. Failure to do so may cause rejection of your bid as being non-responsive.

ADDENDUM NO. 2

Corporation Yard Tank Demolition: Phase 2 City Project No. E66502027

October 25, 2021

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Receipt of Ad	dendum No. 2 is hereby a	cknowledged by		(Contractor's Name)
on the	day of	, 2021.		
		Ву:	Signature	
			Title	
			Company	