

CITY OF PETALUMA, CALIFORNIA

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the year ended June 30, 2023





CITY OF PETALUMA, CALIFORNIA

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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CITY OF PETALUMA

POST OFFICE BOX 61 PETALUMA, CA 94953-0061

Kevin McDonnell Mayor

Brian Barnacle
Janice Cader-Thompson, Dist. 1
Mike Healy
Karen Nau, Dist. 3
Dennis Pocekay
John Shribbs, Dist. 2
Councilmembers

December 29, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Petaluma:

We are pleased to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Petaluma. This report is published in accordance with local ordinance and state law requirements that financial statements be presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby submit the ACFR for the City of Petaluma, California for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City of Petaluma continues to comply with the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), including GASB Statement No.34. This reporting model provides financial report users a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis, in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which accompanies the Basic Financial Statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Petaluma's MD&A can be found in the financial section, immediately following the reports of the independent auditors.

This MD&A consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Petaluma. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Petaluma has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Petaluma's financial statements. The concept of reasonable basis recognizes that: (a) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (b) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework.

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Petaluma, CA 94952
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finance@cityofpetaluma org

General Services Phone (707) 778-4384

Purchasing
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E-Mail:
finance@cityofpetaluma org

Utility Billing
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E-Mail:
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The City of Petaluma's financial statements have been audited by Badawi & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, a public accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of State and local governments within the State of California.

The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Petaluma, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Petaluma's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Profile of the City

The City of Petaluma became a chartered city in 1858, and is located in southern Sonoma County, California, approximately 40 miles north of San Francisco. Petaluma consists of 13.8 square miles and serves a population of over 58,000, and includes residential communities, commercial retail areas and several industrial/office complexes. It is also home to 47 parks, 4 community facilities, 2 outdoor pools, as well as open spaces.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of an elected Mayor and a six-member Council. The City Manager is responsible for implementing the policies, ordinances, and directives of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the directors of the City departments. The seven-member Council is elected on a nonpartisan basis. The Mayor and Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms.

The City provides a full range of services including public safety, building safety regulation and inspection, community planning, low- and moderate-income housing, street and park maintenance, recreational programs and infrastructure, public and community facilities, parks, and capital improvement construction. City services also include water and wastewater utilities. The City owns a marina and airport and provides citizens with transit and ambulance services.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City continues to focus its efforts on long-term fiscal and organizational sustainability. In November of 2020 after a robust community outreach and engagement effort regarding the fiscal health of the City, Petaluma voters passed a one-cent general purpose sales tax measure aimed at providing the resources necessary to address the increase in demand for services and other needs citywide. This new source of locally controlled revenue ensures continuity of core essential services to our residents by backfilling the historical deficit gap and provides the resources necessary for investing in staff to deliver high-quality services to our residents. It also provides for addressing city-wide priority initiatives including deferred maintenance on City roads and facilities.

But even with these new resources, the City continues to focus on the fiscal and organizational sustainability of the City in the short and long term. As of today, the impacts and effects of the pandemic have largely subsided, but the state of the economy remains a concern resulting from high inflation, rising interest rates and world events. Sales tax, the largest portion of General Fund revenues, has fully recovered from the impacts realized during the pandemic. Due to the uncertainty of what lies ahead, the long-term forecast has been adjusted accordingly to reflect only moderate revenue growth. The 5-year forecast has proven invaluable over the past decade as it has proven to be accurate in projecting potential deficits. Petaluma will continue to rely on the 5-year forecast for planning into the future.

The Petaluma Star campaign, an Economic Development Program that provides support to the local business community, continues to be successful. The challenges experienced by local businesses over the past few years are vast. The Economic Development staff have focused on providing the support needed by creating

the Free-Range program which aims at issuing permits for outdoor dining and shopping. Petaluma continues its strong business retention program reaching out to dozens of local companies and connecting them to local financial, real estate, and business support services. Petaluma's economic development program launched a successful marketing programed aimed at attracting jobs, talent and investment to the City. The Petaluma Star campaign highlights successful companies throughout the City and makes a strong business case for Petaluma as a business destination by highlighting Petaluma's quality of life, cost of doing business, and key demographics.

City General Fund revenues have recovered to meet or exceed pre-pandemic levels. Revenues and expenditures were balanced in FY 23, with revenues exceeding expenditures by \$1.0m. Looking forward, there are concerns that high inflation, supply chain challenges and ongoing world events could trigger a recession. Additionally, recent labor negotiations have resulted in higher than forecasted payroll expenditures moving forward, which will impact the future forecast. The City continues to maintain emergency reserves according to Council policy at 15% of operating expenditures. Maintaining reserves is critical and provides the City the resources necessary to plan ahead should a recession or unexpected event impact City finances. Although the City Council adopted a FY 24 balanced General Fund budget in May of 2023, this would not have been possible without the additional resources from the new one-cent sales tax and sound fiscal management.

Economy

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Petaluma operates.

The City is dedicated to the Community and our commitment to prudently manage the City's finances. This commitment has contributed to our ability to endure these challenging times.

Revenues have recovered from their pandemic lows, however the nature of the economy – from high inflation, supply chain challenges and ongoing world events – remains unstable. We continue to efficiently manage day-to-day operations utilizing technology to keep City business moving forward. We continue to collaborate with our partners in the community as well as other government agencies to assist and provide support citywide. The City's sales tax revenues, the largest portion of General Fund revenues, were impacted as a result of this crisis but recovered quickly due to strong online sales and a robust local economy. Other revenue sources continue to recover and grow; as data is analyzed, we will monitor and adjust accordingly.

The long-term outlook for Sonoma County tourism is positive with slow but steady growth that will rebuild its tourism base. Occupancy rates remain below pre pandemic levels but have improved due to increased confidence and pent-up travel demand. According to the Sonoma County Economic Development Board the long-term outlook for Sonoma County tourism is slow but steady growth following the pandemic lows seen in FY 21. The county's natural beauty, wineries and craft breweries, and diverse tourist attractions are anticipated to continue to attract visitors. Wildfires continue to challenge the travel and tourism industry in Sonoma County. Petaluma's Transient Occupancy Tax revenues rebounded in FY 22 to pre-pandemic levels but remained relatively flat, with a slight decline in FY 23. While growth is anticipated in FY 24, this revenue source will be closely watched to determine whether it has plateaued.

Petaluma's overall economic outlook is stable however the unstable nature of the current economic environment remains a concern. The areas of home price stability, jobs, and real estate vacancies are challenged as Petaluma's median home price continues to rise year over year due to shortage of inventory relative to demand. The commercial real estate market remains challenged due to business closures, moves and the possibility of permanent remote work options.

Assessed property valuations have continued to increase year over year following the recession nearly a decade ago. The County Assessor has projected that assessed valuations in Petaluma will grow by 5.24% in 2024. General fund property taxes in fiscal year 2023 were \$13.1 million, up \$0.7 million or 5.6% from the prior year.

Retail sales in Petaluma recovered in FY22 following above average growth emerging out of the pandemic, reaching a high of \$17.2 million due to increased sales and a one-time true-up payment of \$1.3 million. In FY23, sales tax declined slightly to \$15.6 million, a decrease of \$0.2 million in regular operating revenues. Looking forward, general fund sales tax is anticipated grow slowly over the next few years. Measure U sales tax received in fiscal year 2023 was \$15.8 million, an increase of \$0.2m compared to the prior year. Total sales tax revenue in 2024 is estimated to be \$32.3m, an increase of \$0.9m over FY 23. As updated data is received and trends are recognized, the revenue forecast will be adjusted. The Food Products and Transportation sectors continue to show strong and continued growth into the new year offsetting potential slowing in the General Retail and Business-to-Business categories. Construction continues to show slow steady growth into the new year.

We are currently faced with a situation that we have not encountered in recent history. This creates challenges but we remain cautiously optimistic about Sonoma County's long-term outlook. The City has adopted a balanced budget for the upcoming fiscal year. The City's future looks bright; much different than in past years when significant financial challenges have threatened city services. The financial forecast will continue to be used as a tool to plan and close any structural deficit. It is critical the City maintains reserves for future use in the event of a natural disaster such as a fire, pandemic or economic downturn.

Financial Information

<u>Annual Budget</u>. The City of Petaluma operates on a fiscal year basis, beginning July 1st and ending June 30th. The budget is prepared under the supervision of the City Manager and transmitted to the City Council for deliberation and final adoption in June, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year.

In accordance with the City's Charter, the budget is required to be submitted to the City Council by the first Monday in May. Budget hearings are held in May and June. The budget is approved by resolution, and the appropriations are set by ordinance. Upon adoption by the City Council, the City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The City's budgetary procedures are further discussed in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, which are located in the financial section of this report.

<u>Debt Administration</u>. As of June 30, 2023, the City of Petaluma and its component units have a number of debt issues outstanding. The last Tax Allocation Bond (TAB) was issued by the Redevelopment Agency during fiscal year 2011, two issues were refunded in 2015, and another issue was refunded in fiscal year 2017. Wastewater revenue refunding bonds were issued during fiscal year 2017 and 2019. Water revenue refunding bonds were issued in October of 2012. In September of 2021, the City issued new General Funded lease revenue bonds for financing road improvements.

The City contracts with the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) to administer the City's employee retirement benefits for the Miscellaneous and Safety groups. Over the past decade, the City has taken steps towards reducing its retirement unfunded liabilities with actions such as reducing benefits ahead of the mandated Statewide PEPRA, increasing the employee share of contributions and by making a one-time payment targeting specific amortizations. It is estimated that these steps have resulted in savings of approximately \$3 million annually, savings the City will continue to realize into the future. More information about the City's unfunded liabilities can be found in Note 9 of the financial statements. Additional information

about the annual actuarial reports can be found at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/employers/actuarial-resources/public-agency-actuarial-valuation-reports.

Other. Additional information concerning the finances of the City is contained in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The City has refrained from duplicating information contained in the MD&A or in the notes in this transmittal letter.

Awards and Acknowledgements

<u>Awards</u>. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Petaluma for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

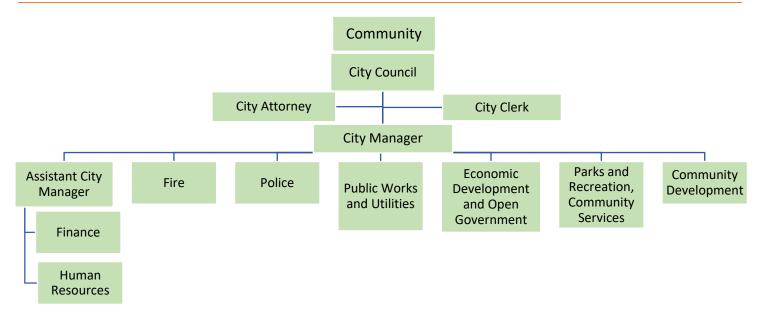
Acknowledgements. This report could not have been prepared without the efforts of Finance staff who spent untold hours preparing the financial statements, notes, statistical information, and other details to comply with all the necessary requirements and pronouncements. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Department who assisted with and contributed to the preparation of this report, particularly the audit team of Janine Tedrow and Isabel Craft. I would also like to thank the Mayor and City Council for their confidence and support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Petaluma's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Corey Garberdlio

Finance Director

CITY ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND EXECUTIVE STAFF



CITY MANAGER

PEGGY FLYNN

BRIAN COCHRAN

City Manager

Assistant City Manager

Provides general management oversight and direction to all City Departments. Also provides administrative support to the City Council.

FINANCE

COREY GARBEROLIO

Deputy City Manager/Finance Director

Provides financial management and accounting services for all City of Petaluma Departments.

POLICE

KEN SAVANO

Police Chief

Provides public safety through crime prevention, community policing, and code enforcement services.

PARKS AND RECREATION

DREW HALTER

Parks and Recreation Director

Oversees the City's parks and recreation, park, and facility maintenance.

CITY CLERK

KENDALL SAWYER

City Clerk

Liaison between the public, media, Mayor, and Councilmembers. Maintains City records, oversees elections, and prepares and publishes City Council Agendas.

FIRE

JEFF SCHACH

Fire Chief

Provides fire, rescue and emergency medical services. Also oversees and inspects building and development to assure compliance with fire safety codes.

PUBLIC WORKS AND UTILITIES

CHRISTOPHER BOLT

Public Works and Utilities Director

Oversees the City's public improvement requirements and manages water resources, wastewater treatment, streets, public transit, and flood management.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

BRIAN OH

Community Development Director

Oversees the City's Planning, Building and Housing services.

CITY ATTORNEY

ERIC DANLY

City Attorney

Provides legal advice to City staff and the City Council; defends the City against lawsuits.

HUMAN RESOURCES

CHARLA FRECKMANN

Human Resources Director

Recruits employees, negotiates labor contracts, provides benefits for city employees and oversees the City's Risk Management program.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND OPEN GOVERNMENT

INGRID ALVERDE

Economic Development and Open Government Director

Oversees the economic development and information technology divisions and is the liaison for public information.

CITY OF PETALUMA PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS Elected Officials as of June 30, 2023



KEVIN MCDONNELL Mayor



JANICE CADER THOMPSON Vice Mayor



BRIAN BARNACLE Council Member



MIKE HEALY Council Member



KAREN NAU Council Member



DENNIS POCEKAY Council Member



JOHN SHRIBBS Council Member



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Petaluma California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Petaluma
Petaluma, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Petaluma (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Petaluma (City), and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13C, certain conditions raise substantial doubt about the Marina Enterprise Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include an adjustment that might result from the outcome of the uncertainty.

The emphasis of this matter does not constitute a modification to our opinions.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Petaluma and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Petaluma Petaluma, California
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Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Petaluma Petaluma, California Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, defined benefit pension plan information, and OPEB plan information on pages 5-26 and 107-117 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statement. The City Capital Projects Fund budgetary comparison schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 121-155, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement.

The City Capital Projects Fund budgetary comparison schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 121-155 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the City Capital Projects Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 121-155 are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the ACFR. The other information comprises the introductory section and the statistical section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Petaluma Petaluma, California
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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Badawi & Associates, CPAs Berkeley, California

December 29, 2023

CITY OF PETALUMA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Petaluma, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the City of Petaluma's Basic Financial Statements. The City of Petaluma's Basic Financial Statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the Basic Financial Statements themselves.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, which are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Position provides information on all the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of changes in the City's financial position. The Statement of Activities provides information about the City's revenues and expenses, also on the full accrual basis, and represents the change in the government's net position during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event, giving rise to the change, occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the Government-Wide Financial Statements distinguish the two functions of the City. The first is activities which are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The second is activities that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The governmental activities of the City include:

- General Government
- Police
- Recreation

- Community Development
- Fire including Emergency Services
- Public Works
- The business-type activities of the City include:
 - Airport
 - Development Services
 - Transit

- Marina
- Waste Water Utility
- Water Utility

The *Fund Financial Statements* report the City's operations by fund. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate

compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds*.

• Governmental Funds account for most of the City's basic services and focus primarily on short-term activities by measuring current revenues and expenditures and excluding capital assets and long-term obligations. Different from the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Governmental funds information is presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements for the City's major funds:

General Fund HOME/Begin Special Revenue Fund Impact Fee Special Revenue Funds Successor Housing Special Revenue Fund City Capital Project Funds

Data from the non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

- *Proprietary Funds* are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customerseither outside customers, or internal departments or programs of the City. The City maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:
 - Enterprise funds are used to report the functions presented as business-type activities in the Governmental-Wide Financial Statements. Enterprise funds account for airport, ambulance, development services, marina and transit operations, storm water, waste water and water utilities.
 - o Internal service funds, the second type of proprietary fund, are used to account for the accumulation of resources, and the allocation of costs, which are required to provide internal services to various City departments and functions. Employee benefits, general services, information technology, risk management, vehicle/equipment replacement and worker's compensation comprise the City's internal service funds. Because these services benefit governmental functions more so than business-type functions, all but the business activity portion of the vehicle/equipment replacement fund has been included within the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The business activity portion of the vehicle/equipment replacement fund has been combined with the business type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

The Proprietary Fund Financial Statements provide fund information for each enterprise fund separately. The Internal Service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

• Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trust or agency capacity for others. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the City's programs. The fiduciary financial statements can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

The *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential to obtain a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

In addition to the Basic Financial Statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This includes budgetary comparison statements for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the legal provisions of the 2023 appropriation ordinance. Also included is the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government Wide Financial Statements

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Petaluma exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2023 by \$514.6 million (Net Position). Of this amount, \$380.2 million was invested in capital assets; \$113.5 million was restricted for capital projects, debt service, non-expendable trusts and special projects; and \$20.9 million was unrestricted. This includes all City funds.
- The City's total Net Position increased by \$26.2 million over the prior year. This increase is attributable to a \$10.6 million increase in unrestricted net position, a \$14.5 million increase in capital assets investment, and a \$1.1 million increase in restricted net position.
 - O At the close of the fiscal year, the City's Governmental Activities reported a combined net position of \$261.2 million, an increase of \$13.8 million from the prior year. Attributing to this change is a combined net increase in fund balances in Governmental Funds of \$4.6 million resulting from revenues exceeding expenditures, as well as an increase of \$8.6 million resulting from Capital Asset activity during the year including the capitalizing of assets and associated depreciation expense recorded on the Government Wide Financial Statements. Debt activity contributed \$0.4 million, internal service fund increase in net position contribution contributed approximately \$0.8 million. Adjustments to the net pension liability as well as other city liabilities reduced net position by \$0.9 million.
 - O Business-Type Activities reported combined fund balances of \$253.4 million at the close of the fiscal year, an increase of \$12.4 million over the prior year. Business Activity change in net position is primarily comprised of increases due to current year revenues exceeding expenditures.

Fund Financial Statements

At the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds including the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital project funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$164.2 million, an increase of \$4.6 million from the prior year. This increase is due largely to increased fund balances in the General Fund, Impact Fees, Capital Projects and Non Major Funds. Partially offsetting the overall increase is a decreased fund balance in the HOME/Begin and Housing Special Revenue Funds. Fiscal Year 2023 fund balance was comprised of \$0.2 million non-spendable reserves; \$135.7 million restricted reserves, \$11.2 million committed reserves, \$12.5 million assigned reserves and \$4.6 million of unassigned reserves.

• At the close of the fiscal year, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$18.7 million, approximately a \$1.0 million increase over the prior year due to revenues exceeding expenditures.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, the Statement of Net Position, provides information about the net position which is an indicator of a government's financial position. The Statement of Net Position is comprised of both *Governmental Activities* and *Business-type Activities* and both contribute to the overall total net position. The City of Petaluma's total net position (the amount by which total assets exceed total liabilities) equaled \$514.6 million at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The largest portion of the City's net position (74%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., infrastructure, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related, outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources i.e. future revenues, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (22%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions. The remaining balance (4%), the unrestricted net position, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, subject to restrictions of various funding sources, as applicable.

Total net position increased by \$26.2 million during the fiscal year as shown below in Table 1. Net position investment in capital assets increased by \$14.5 million; restricted net position increased by \$1.1 million and unrestricted net position increased by \$10.6 million. Contributing factors for the overall change in total net position are mainly attributed to increased overall fund balances and associated activity in the governmental and proprietary fund groupings. The increase in total net position in the governmental fund grouping is attributed to increased fund balances, a change in Net Pension Liability as well as a net increase in total invested in Capital Assets. Changes in the unrestricted fund balance category are the result of changes in fund balances not included in the restricted category including changes in overall Net pension liability, including the Long-Term Pension Liability and Deferred Inflows and Outflows as well as changes in the overall Net OPEB Liability. See Notes 9 and 10 for detailed information on these long-term liabilities.

Table 1										
Summary Statement of No	et Position									
Total Primary Govern	nment									
As of June 30, 2023 an	d 2022									
(in thousands)										
Total Total Activities Activities Ac 2023 2022 CI										
Assets:										
Current and other assets	\$ 296,705	\$ 285,956	\$ 10,749							
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	467,056	458,169	8,887							
Total Assets	763,761	744,125	19,636							
Deferred Outflows of Resources:										
Related to Pension	37,488	15,467	22,021							
Related to OPEB	2,407	2,863	(456)							
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	39,895	18,330	21,565							
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	803,656	762,455	41,201							
Liabilities:										
Current Liabilities	27,437	30,865	(3,428)							
Non-Current Liabilities	254,770	211,681	43,089							
Total Liabilities	282,207	242,546	39,661							
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Related to Pension	277	26 664	(26 207)							
Related to OPEB	6,567	26,664 4,807	(26,387) 1,760							
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,844	31,471	(24,627)							
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	289,051	274,017	15,034							
The Laborator and Botoliou illions of Resources			15,554							
Net Position:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	380,243	365,747	14,496							
Restricted	113,478	112,391	1,087							
Unrestricted	20,884	10,300	10,584							
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 514,605</u>	<u>\$ 488,438</u>	<u>\$ 26,167</u>							

Government-wide Financial Statement Analysis- Governmental Activities

Governmental activities contributed \$261.2 million to the City's net position, an increase of \$13.8 million from the prior year as shown below in Table 2. As mentioned previously, main contributing factors for the increase in net position are the net effect of increased governmental fund balances of \$4.6 million along with \$8.6 million of capital asset activity occurring during the year, and changes in long term liabilities including an increase in the Net Pension Liability and a decrease in the Net OPEB Liability, all resulting in an increase in overall fund balances as reported on the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

					Table 2
Summary of N	et Po	sition			
Governmenta	Activ	/ities			
As of June 30, 20		nd 2022			
(in thous	ands)				
	Go	overnmental Activities 2023	 rernmental activities 2022	Δ	ernmental ctivities Change
Assets:					
Current and other assets	\$	204,713	\$ 200,068	\$	4,645
Capital Assets, net of depreciation		200,548	 191,979		8,569
Total Assets		405,261	 392,047		13,214
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Related to Pension		32,427	13,946		18,481
Related to OPEB		2,169	2,579		(410)
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		34,596	16,525		18,071
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		439,857	 408,572		31,285
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities		13,591	16,933		(3,342)
Non-Current Liabilities		158,988	 117,352		41,636
Total Liabilities	_	172,579	 134,285		38,294
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Related to Pension		155	22,521		(22,366)
Related to OPEB		5,917	4,331		1,586
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,072	26,852		(20,780)
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	178,651	161,137		17,514
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		198,385	191,440		6,945
Restricted		113,473	112,391		1,082
Unrestricted		(50,652)	(56,396)		5,744

The Statement of Activities provides information on the change in net position and includes various categories of revenues and expenses as shown below in Table 3. Governmental activities include the following revenue categories:

Total Net Position

<u>13,7</u>71

<u>247,435</u> \$

<u>261,206</u> \$

Charges for services include charges for administration, charges for community development planning, permits, inspection and other services, developer impact fees, specific police, fire, and public works services for which a fee is charged, recreation charges and rents of park property, fines and penalties, various fees and license charges, parking permits, and sales.

Operating and capital grants and contributions include amounts received from federal, state and county governments, as well as private grantors, developers, and other donors.

General Revenues include property tax, sales tax (including local district tax) and franchise taxes which are amounts collected from the providers of the City's cable, garbage and utilities services. Other taxes include transient occupancy tax, business license tax, and other miscellaneous taxes.

Governmental activities include the following expense categories:

General government functions include legislative and administrative branches of the City: City Council, City Clerk, City Manager, City Attorney, Finance Department, Human Resources and Animal Services. Community development functions provide inspection, permit, code enforcement, as well as housing services. A portion of this fund, the cost recovery section of building services, is an enterprise fund, as it is required to charge fees to cover its costs of services. Both cost recovery and non-cost recovery services for planning and development are part of the General Fund. Police and Fire provide emergency services to the community including full range of law enforcement services as well as prevention and extinguishments of fires, medical treatment and transport of the sick and traumatically injured and the rescuing of victims. Recreation includes operation of City parks, community centers, recreation classes and services, swimming pools, museum, and landscape assessment districts. Public works functions cover the costs for street maintenance, streetlights, traffic signals, street signs, building and equipment maintenance, and the Petaluma River turning basin operation.

Governmental Activities Changes:

- Program revenues from Governmental Activities were \$27.4 million in fiscal year 2023, an increase of \$8.5 million compared to the prior year.
 - O Charges for Service revenues grew by \$11.7 million, primarily from a large development project that contributed \$9.2 million in impact fee revenue. The City also received \$1.5 million in increased ambulance fee revenues, and \$1.4 million in SCIP impact fees to capital projects.
 - o Operating and Capital Grants and Contributions were down by \$1.6 million due mainly to reduced grant payments received for several active projects and pandemic/disaster funding.
- Property taxes increased by 6.2% as assessed values continued to grow.
- Sales tax revenues decreased by 3.9% overall as compared to FY 22; a one-time sales tax payment of approximately \$1.3 million was received in the prior year which inflated operating revenues. The prior year also included pandemic rebound revenue as consumers felt free to travel and spend.
- Intergovernmental revenues increased by 19.0% or \$2.1 million, due to increased IGT Medical/Medicare payments for ambulance services, as well as additional grants and gas tax revenue.
- Other taxes combined declined by 10.6% (\$0.8 million) due mainly to decreased property transfer tax as the volume of home sales declined due to rising interest rates and continued high prices.
- Investment Earnings increased by \$3.5 million in FY 23 due to rising interest rates.
- Miscellaneous Revenue increased by approximately \$1.0 million, primarily due to higher restitution revenue.
- General Government expenses were up by 18.4% or \$1.1 million due mainly to increased costs and activity associated with Capital Projects.
- Community Development expenses were up by 31.3% or \$2.2 million due mainly to increased costs associated with various grants and associated activity including housing our unsheltered as well as housing note related activity
- Police expenses were up by 16.3% or \$4.1 million due mainly to payroll costs and pension liability adjustments.
- Fire expenses were up 13.8% or \$2.9 million due mainly to payroll costs, operating cost increases, and pension liability adjustments.
- Recreation expenses were up 13.4% or \$0.5 million due to increased parks related CIP and grant activity.
- Public Works expenses were up 11.9% or \$1.6 million due to increase public works related CIP and grant activity.

The chart that follows show the program revenues, general revenues, and expenses by function for all Governmental Activities.

				Table 3
Summary of Statement of Activit	ies and Chan	iges in Net	Position	
Government	al Activities			
For the Years Ended J	une 30, 2023	and 2022		
(In thou	ısands)			
	Gove	rnmental	Governmental	
		ctivities	Activities	Percentage
		2023	2022	Change
Revenues:				
Program Revenues				
Charges for service	\$	22,921	\$ 11,200	104.7%
Operating grants and contributions		2,205	3,770	-41.5%
Capital grants and contributions		2,254	3,884	-42.0%
Total program revenue		27,380	18,854	45.2%
General Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property Tax		13,127	12,363	6.2%
Sales Tax		32,330	33,627	-3.9%
Franchise Tax		4,898	4,565	7.3%
Intergovernmental/Unrestricted		13,228	11,112	19.0%
Other Taxes		6,446	7,214	-10.6%
Total Taxes		70,029	68,881	1.7%
Investment Earnings		3,654	618	491.3%
Miscellaneous Revenue		1,605	634	153.2%
Total Revenue		102,668	88,987	15.4%
Expenses:				
General government		7,057	5,962	18.4%
Community development		9,282	7,067	31.3%
Police		29,349	25,245	16.3%
Fire		23,540	20,693	13.8%
Parks and Recreation		4,262	3,759	13.4%
Public works		15,327	13,694	11.9%
Interest on long-term debt		499	890	-43.9%
Total Expenses		89,316	77,310	15.5%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenses		13,352	11,678	14.3%
Transfers		419	572	-26.7%
Change in Net Position		13,771	12,250	12.4%
Net position-beginning of year		247,435	235,185	5.2%
Net position-end of year	\$	261,206	\$ 247,435	5.6%

Government-wide Financial Statement Analysis- Business-type Activities

The *Business-type activities* net position contributed \$253.4 million to the City's net position; an increase of \$12.4 million over the prior year as shown below in Table 4. All business-type activities are intended to be fully supported by the fees they charge (including subsidies received for operations, as is the case with the Transit operation).

				Table 4					
Summary of Staten	nent of N	et Position							
Business-typ									
As of June 30,		1 2022							
(in thou	usands)								
	Business-type Business-type E Activities Activities								
		2023	2022	Change					
Assets:									
Current and other assets	\$	91,993	\$ 85,889	\$ 6,104					
Capital Assets, net of depreciation		266,508	266,189	319					
Total assets		358,501	352,078	6,423					
Deferred Outflows of Resources:									
Related to Pension		5,061	1,521	3,540					
Related to OPEB		238	284	(46)					
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,299	1,805	3,494					
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		363,800	353,883	9,917					
Liabilities:									
Current Liabilities		13,794	13,919	(125)					
Non-Current Liabilities		95,835	94,343	1,492					
Total liabilities		109,629	108,262	1,367					
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Related to Pension		122	4,142	(4,020)					
Related to OPEB		651	476	175					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		773	4,618	(3,845)					
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		110,402	112,880	(2,478)					
Net Position:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		181,857	174,306	7,551					
Restricted		5	-	5					
Unrestricted		71,537	66,697	4,840					

The Statement of Activities provides information on the change in net position and includes various categories of revenues and expenses as shown below in Table 5. Business-type activities include the following revenue categories:

253,399 \$

Total Net Position

12,396

241,003 \$

Charges for services include usage charges for wastewater and water utilities, water and wastewater connection fees, airport and marina charges for sales, airport and marina leases, rents, and transient parking charges, charges for transit services, and charges for development services.

Operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions include amounts received from federal, state and county governments.

Business-type activity expenses include Airport, Development Services, Marina, Transit, Wastewater, Water and Storm Water activities.

Business-type Activities Changes:

- Program revenues from Business Activities were \$62.0 million in fiscal year 2023, an increase of \$2.2 million compared to the prior year.
 - O Charges for Service revenues were up 1.9% or \$1.1 million due to increased revenues in most enterprise funds related to sales and service fees.
 - o Operating Grants and Contributions were up 29.2% or \$1.1 million due to increased non-recurring grant funds for Airport and Transit projects in the fiscal year.
- Airport revenues and expenses increased when compared to the prior year due to increased project activity and associated revenue received.
- Development Services revenues increased during the year due to increased activity resulting from the steady pandemic recovery and a strong housing market while expenses rose sharply due to additional payroll costs and adjustments to the pension liability.
- Marina overall net position decreased due to operating at a loss.
- Transit received higher intergovernmental revenues than the prior year, and expenses increased compared to the prior year due to the pension liability adjustment and higher operating costs.
- Wastewater Utility revenue increased from FY 22 with higher charges for sales and services and strong investment earnings, although these gains were offset by reduced connection fee revenue. Expenses increased due to higher operating costs than the prior year, as well as a large pension liability adjustment.
- Water Utility operating revenue showed a slight overall increase due to investment earnings and connection fees; regular charges for sales and services decreased as compared to FY 22. Expenses increased due to higher operating costs than the prior year, as well as a large pension liability adjustment.
- Storm Water Utility revenue and expenses decreased in FY 23 as compared to FY 22 as grant revenue and the associated program and project costs shown in FY 22 were not duplicated in FY 23. The trash capture revenue generated from the refuse franchise agreement continues to assist with the operational costs of maintaining citywide storm drains.

The chart below shows the program revenues, general revenues, and expenses by function for all business-type activities.

Table 5

Summary of Statement and Changes in Net Position Business-type Activities As of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands)

	Business-type Activities 2023	Business-type Activities 2022	Percentage Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Service	\$ 57,069	5 \$ 56,011	1.9%
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,970	3,846	29.2%
Capital Grants and Contributions		<u> </u>	0.0%
Total Program Revenue	62,03	59,857	3.6%
General Revenues			
Investment Earnings	1,75	7 (564)	-411.5%
Miscellaneous Revenue	23	32	0%
Total Revenue	63,81	59,295	7.6%
Expenses:			
Business Type Activities			
Airport	2,034	1,920	5.9%
Development Services	3,07	1 2,111	45.5%
Marina	718	3 752	-4.5%
Transit	5,02	3,100	62.2%
Wastewater	21,940	19,274	13.8%
Water Utility	17,70	16,369	8.2%
Storm Water	500	763	-33.7%
Total Expenses	51,00	1 44,289	15.2%
Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	12,814	15,006	-14.6%
Transfers	(419	9)(572)	-26.7%
Changes in Net Position	12,39	14,434	-14.1%
Net Position - Beginning of year	241,004	226,569	6.4%
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 253,399	<u>\$ 241,004</u>	5.1%

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

In addition to the accrual basis government wide statements described above, the City also maintains financial records at the fund level for budgetary control. Individual funds are generally established to track resources and operating costs for the general fund and other specific programs. The results for governmental funds below differ from the results reported in the government-wide statements since the focus is on current, available resources. The following are the financial results from the governmental funds:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Petaluma's Governmental Funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

The major governmental funds include:

General Fund-This fund provides for the basic services which are expected of a local government, including general government, police, fire, recreation, community development and public works. Support for these services is provided by charges for services, fees, taxes, intergovernmental revenues, donations and grants.

HOME/Begin Special Revenue Fund-The federal HOME program was created in 1990 and has provided millions to the City of Petaluma to fund affordable housing on a project-specific basis. The HOME program is administered through the California State Department of Housing and Community Development.

Impact Fee Special Revenue Funds- The sources of revenue for these funds are the various development impact fees collected from developers which are used for the installation or expansion of related infrastructure and affordable housing. These funds are used to account for the impact fees, in the following categories, which are imposed on development in the City:

- Storm Drainage
- Housing in-Lieu
- Commercial Linkage
- Parkland Acquisition/Development
- Traffic Mitigation
- City Facilities Development

City Capital Project Funds-The City Capital Project Funds account for the capital improvement activities and projects (CIP) which are financed with governmental resources. They include:

- General Government CIP
- Community Development CIP
- Police CIP
- Fire CIP
- Parks and Recreation CIP
- Public Works CIP
- FEMA CIP
- TDA CIP

Redevelopment Special Revenue Funds and Redevelopment Capital Project Fund- The City's Redevelopment Agency (RDA), Petaluma Community Development Commission (PCDC), was activated on December 1, 1975 and adopted the Redevelopment Plan for the Central Business District Project Area (CBD) on September 27, 1976. Pursuant to ABx 1 26 ("AB 26"), approved by Governor Brown on June 28, 2011 and upheld by the California State Supreme Court on December 29, 2011, the Redevelopment agency

of the City of Petaluma (Petaluma Community Development Commission) was dissolved on January 31, 2012. The former PCDC is now administered under the name Petaluma Community Development Successor Agency. Please refer to note 15 for a more detailed discussion of the activities and assets and liabilities transferred as of February 1, 2012.

As of June 30, 2023, the City of Petaluma Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$164.2 million, an increase of \$4.6 million over fiscal year 2022 as shown in Table 6 below. Total non-spendable reserves are \$0.2 million, and restricted and committed reserves are \$135.7 million and \$11.2 million respectively. Assigned and unassigned balances are \$12.5 million and \$4.6 million respectively. As mentioned prior, the main contributing factors to the increase in Governmental Fund Balances is due to increased fund balances in the General Fund, Home, Capital Projects and Non-Major Governmental Funds. General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures, the result of ongoing revenue growth. The General Fund's largest source of revenues, sales tax, was unable to match its FY 22 high, and how the state of the economy from high inflation, supply chain challenges and ongoing world events remains concerning as we head into FY 2024.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2023, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$18.7 million. This is made up of \$0.15 million in non-spendable fund balance, \$1.5 million in committed, \$12.5 million in assigned and \$4.6 million in unassigned fund balance. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1.0 million during the current fiscal year.

The fund balance in the City Capital Projects Fund increased by \$1.6 million due to timing of project revenues and costs that occurred during the year largely attributed to Parks and Recreation CIP projects.

The Impact Fees Special Revenue fund balance increased by \$2.4 million mainly due to an increase in development activity.

The fund balances in the Home/Begin fund decreased by \$0.8 million while the Non-Major fund group had an increase in fund balance of \$.4m resulting from various activities.

Table 6 Summary of Fund Balances Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands)								
	Gov	vernmental Funds 2023	Governmental Funds 2022	Governmental Funds Change				
Assets:								
Total assets	\$	191,203	\$ 192,984	\$ (1,781)				
Liabilities:								
Total liabilities	_	9,118	16,762	(7,644)				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenue		17,890	16,607	1,283				
Total Deferred Inflows		17,890	16,607	1,283				
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable		177	204	(27)				
Restricted		135,744	133,895	1,849				
Committed		11,203	9,453	1,750				
Assigned		12,509	11,887	622				
Unassigned		4,562	4,176	386				
Total fund balance		164,195	159,615	4,580				
Total liabilites and fund balances	\$	191,203	\$ 192,984	\$ (1,781)				

Governmental Fund revenues increased by approximately \$13.0 million compared to the prior year due mainly to increased development impact fee revenue and investment earnings. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues declined slightly, due to nonrecurring revenues received in FY 22. Much of the revenue increases realized during FY 23 are due to nonrecurring items (e.g. large development projects, favorable interest rates).

Governmental Fund expenses increased overall by \$13.5 million over the prior year. This increase is due mainly to increased expenses in Community Development, Police, Parks and Recreation, and Public Works and related to increased CIP activity.

Tables 7 and 8 below show Governmental Fund Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function.

	FY 2023				FY 2	2022		Increase/(Decrease)			
Revenue by Source	A	mount	% of Total	Α	mount	% of Total	A	mount	Percentage		
Taxes	\$	56.80	56.0%	\$	57.77	65.3%	\$	(0.97)	-1.7%		
Licenses, permits & fees		14.55	14.4%		4.27	4.8%		10.28	240.7%		
Fines, forfeitures & penalties		0.37	0.4%		0.33	0.4%		0.04	12.1%		
Use of money & property		2.64	2.6%		(0.50)	-0.6%		3.14	-628.0%		
Intergovernmental		17.68	17.4%		19.37	21.9%		(1.69)	-8.7%		
Charges for current services		8.48	8.4%		7.03	7.9%		1.45	20.6%		
Other		0.86	0.8%		0.17	0.2%		0.70	421.2%		
Total Revenues	\$	101.38	100.0%	\$	88.44	100.0%	\$	12.95	14.6%		

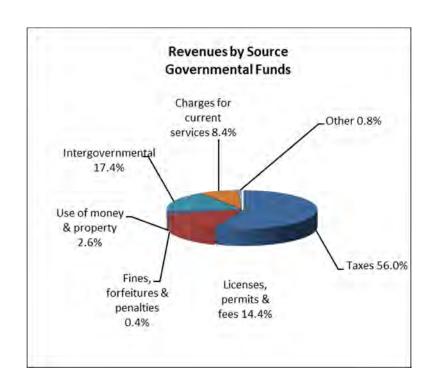
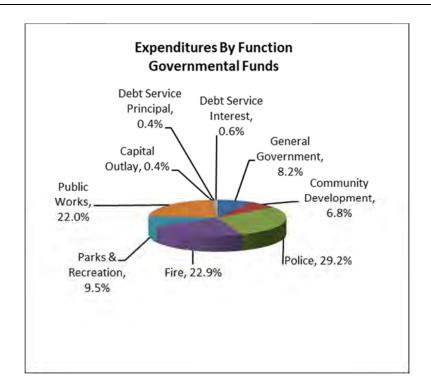


									Table 8		
		Expendit	tures Classific	ed l	by Functio	n					
	Governmental Funds										
For the Years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022											
(in millions of dollars)											
FY 2023 FY 2022									/(Decrease)		
Expenditures by Function	Ar	mount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total		Amount	Percentage		
Current:											
General Government	\$	7.89	8.2%	\$	7.78	9.4%	\$	0.11	1.4%		
Community Development		6.54	6.8%		3.97	4.8%		2.57	64.7%		
Police		27.99	29.2%		25.75	31.3%		2.24	8.7%		
Fire		22.02	22.9%		21.16	25.6%		0.86	4.1%		
Parks and Recreation		9.10	9.5%		3.79	4.6%		5.31	140.1%		
Public Works		21.22	22.0%		17.76	21.4%		3.46	19.5%		
Capital Outlay		0.42	0.4%		1.00	1.2%		(0.58)	-58.0%		
Debt Service Principal		0.37	0.4%		0.54	0.7%		(0.17)	100.0%		
Debt Service Interest		0.55	0.6%	_	0.85	<u>1.0</u> %	_	(0.30)	<u>100.0</u> %		
Total Expenditures	\$	96.10	<u>100.0%</u>	\$	82.60	<u>100.0%</u>	\$	13.50	<u>16.3%</u>		



Proprietary Funds

The major proprietary funds include:

Airport Fund- This fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Airport, including capital improvement projects.

Development Services Fund- This fund accounts for the cost recovery services offered by the City for building, development and planning.

Marina Fund- The Marina Fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Marina, including capital improvement projects.

Transit Fund- The Transit Fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the City's bus system and paratransit system, including capital improvement projects.

Waste Water Utility Fund- This fund is part of the Public Works and Utilities Department which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including the collection and treatment of wastewater. Capital projects are included in this fund.

Water Utility Fund- This fund is part of the Public Works and Utilities Department which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including the reliable delivery of high quality water. Capital projects are included in this fund.

Storm Water Fund- This fund is part of the Public Works and Utilities Department which tracks costs associated with the City's storm drainage system.

As of June 30, 2023, total net position for Proprietary Funds increased by \$13.2 million from the prior year as shown in Table 9 below. Enterprise Funds activity showed total net position for Airport, Wastewater, Water and Storm Water funds up \$1.2 million, \$11.8 million, \$1.5 million, and \$.4 million respectively. The Development Services fund balance decreased by \$0.4 million, Transit by \$1.2 million, and the Marina by \$0.6 million.

Internal Service Funds activity included an increase in net position of \$0.5 million, due mainly to timing of revenues received and associated expenditures in the Vehicle Replacement, Risk and Workers Compensation Funds.

As a reminder, due to the recognition of total net pension liability and other post-employment benefit long term liabilities reported on the Proprietary Fund and Government Wide Financial statements, fund balances for various Proprietary Funds reflect changed balances from year to year. See Notes 9 and 10 for detailed information on both long-term liabilities.

Summary of Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands)											
	Proprietary Funds 2023		Proprietary Funds 2022	Proprietary Funds Change							
Assets:				3							
Current assets	\$ 109,9	01	\$ 100,068	\$ 9,833							
Non-current assets	276,5	40	277,592	(1,052)							
Total assets	386,4	41	377,660	8,781							
Deferred Outflows of Resources:											
Related to Pension	5,7	'05	1,716	3,989							
Related to OPEB	6	26	744	(118)							
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,3	31	2,460	3,871							
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	392,7	72	380,120	12,652							
Liabilities:											
Current liabilities	21,1	99	20,605	594							
Non-current liablities	118,0	77	115,108	2,969							
Total liabilities	139,2	76	135,713	3,563							
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Related to Pension	1	38	4,673	(4,535)							
Related to OPEB	1,7	<u>'06</u>	1,249	457							
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,8	44	5,922	(4,078)							
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	141,1	20	141,635	(515)							
Net Position:											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	185,3	47	178,261	7,086							
Restricted for debt service		5	1	4							
Unrestricted	66,3	00	60,224	6,076							
Total Net Position	\$ 251,6	<u>52</u>	\$ 238,486	<u>\$ 13,166</u>							

Table 9

Proprietary Fund revenues increased by approximately \$4.7 million when compared to the prior year due to increased charges for services, intergovernmental and operating grants, and investment earnings.

Proprietary Fund expenses increased overall by \$6.4 million over the prior year. This increase is largely due to increased cost of services, including GASB 68 pension liability adjustments.

Tables 10 and 11 below show Proprietary Fund Revenues by Source and Expenses by Function.

								Table 10		
	F	Revenues	Classified by	/ Sou	urce					
		Pro	prietary Fund	ds						
For the Years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022										
		(in mi	illions of doll	ars)						
		FY 2023 FY 2022				Increase/([Decrease)			
Revenues by Source	A	mount	% of Total	Α	mount	% of Total	Amount	Percentage		
Charges for sales	\$	48.08	62.1%	\$	48.39	66.5%	\$ (0.31)	-0.6%		
Charges for services		18.86	24.4%		16.00	22.0%	2.86	17.9%		
Connection Fees		1.48	2%		2.18	3%	(0.70)	-31.9%		
Intergovern. operating/non-operating		5.04	6.5%		3.88	5.3%	1.16	30.0%		
Investment earnings and rent		2.04	2.6%		(0.69)	-0.9%	2.73	-396.2%		
Transfers in		1.90	2.5%		2.98	4.1%	(1.08)	-36.1%		
Contribution to/from City/Capital			0.0%			0.0%		0.0%		
Total Revenues	\$	77.41	<u>100.0%</u>	\$	72.74	<u>100.0%</u>	\$ 4.67	<u>6.4%</u>		

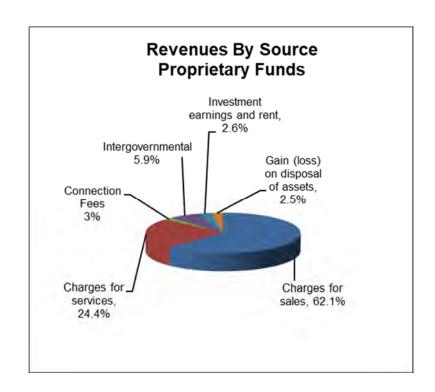
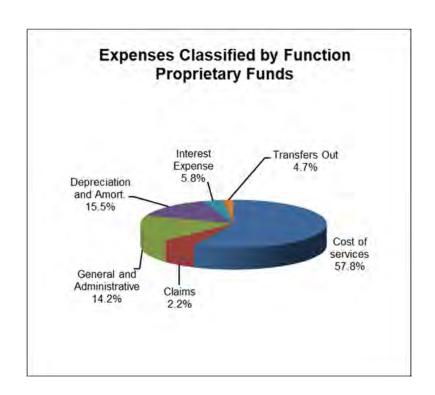


Table 11

Expenses Classified by Function Proprietary Funds For the Years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022 (in millions of dollars)

	FY 2023				FY	2022	Increase/(Decrease)		
Expenses by Function	Α	mount	% of Total	Α	mount	% of Total	Amount	Percentage	
Cost of services	\$	36.61	57.0%	\$	29.64	51.3%	\$ 6.97	23.5%	
Claims		3.85	6.0%		4.81	8.3%	(0.96)	-20.0%	
General and administrative		11.44	17.8%		10.14	17.5%	1.29	12.8%	
Depreciation and amortization		8.93	13.9%		8.64	14.9%	0.29	3.3%	
Interest expense		2.25	3.5%		2.55	4.4%	(0.31)	-12.0%	
Transfers Out		1.19	<u>1.9%</u>		2.04	3.5%	(0.85)	<u>100.0%</u>	
Total Expenses	\$	64.26	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>57.83</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ 6.43</u>	<u>11.1%</u>	



GENERAL FUND BUGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund revenues originally adopted were adjusted during the year to reflect anticipated changes in taxes, intergovernmental charges, and charges for services. Expenditures originally adopted were also adjusted during the year to reflect higher projected costs of salaries and benefits and supplies. The increased costs were partially offset by adjusted revenues.

General Fund revenues were \$7 million higher than the revised budget, due mainly to increased taxes, charges for services, strike team reimbursements directly offset by increased expenditures, intergovernmental revenues, and investment earnings resulting from the sharply rising interest rates. Property taxes continue to grow due to rising assessed values and home prices, but property transfer tax dropped as the volume of home sales decreased due to the high prices and rising interest rates. Ambulance services brought in additional revenue from charges for services and from higher than normal one-time federal reimbursements.

General Fund expenditures were \$3.4 million higher than the revised budget, primarily due to rising cost of providing services directly related to the economy and high inflation as well as the continued Fire costs related to Strike Team Deployments for mutual aid that are directly offset by increased general fund revenue.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINSTRATION

The City of Petaluma's investment in capital assets for its Governmental and Business-Type Activities as of June 30, 2023, equals \$467.0 million (net of accumulated depreciation) as shown below in Table 12. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure. Detailed information about the City's capital assets is contained in Note 5.

The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, for the current fiscal year was \$9.0 million or a 2.0% increase (this represents an increase of \$8.6 million in Governmental Activities and an increase of \$0.4 million for Business Activities).

Capital asset balances as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 were:

										Table 12		
Capital Assets												
(net of depreciation, in millions)												
as of June 30, 2023 and 2022												
		Govern			Increase		Busine			Increase		
		Activ	/itie	s	(Decrease)		Activ	vitie	s	(Decrease)		
		2023		2022	% Change		2023		2022	% Change		
Land	\$	37.5	\$	37.5	0%	\$	10.7	\$	10.7	0%		
Construction in Process		34.8		56.5	-38%		37.6		35.8	5%		
Bldg and Improv		8.5		9.1	-6%		12.1		13.2	-9%		
Vehicle and Equip		4.9		5.4	-8%		4.0		3.8	6%		
Infrastructure		114.0		82.8	38%		201.9		202.5	0%		
Leased vehicles		0.8		0.7	<u>100%</u>		0.3		0.0	<u>524%</u>		
Totals	\$	200.5	\$	192.0	<u>4%</u>	<u>\$</u>	266.5	\$	266.1	<u>0%</u>		

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$19.5 million outstanding in general long-term lease revenue bonds for road improvements. The Waste Water Fund had \$71.3 million outstanding in refunded revenue bonds for the Ellis Creek Recycling. The Water Utility had \$3.7 million in outstanding revenue

bonds. Airport had outstanding debt of \$1.5 million for the 2016 Refunding Lease at the end of the fiscal year. Finally, the Marina Fund had a State loan outstanding in the amount of \$7.9 million.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 15% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limit for the City is \$1.8 billion. At June 30, 2023, the City had \$19.5 million in general obligation debt outstanding. Additional information on the City of Petaluma's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Long Term Debt balances as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 were:

Table 13 Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt As of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (in millions)										
	Balance	Balance	Increase							
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	(Decrease)							
2021 Lease Revenue Bonds	18,220	18,590	(370)							
2021 Lease Revenue Bonds Unamortized Premium	1,271	1,316	(45)							
Compensated Absences	4,834	4,962	(128)							
Lease Liability	486	497	(11)							
Total Debt	\$ 24,811	\$ 25,365	\$ (554)							

			Table 14								
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt											
As of June 30, 2023 and 2022											
(in millions)											
	Balance	Balance	Increase								
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	(Decrease)								
2016 Airport Refunding Lease	1,492	1,964	(472)								
2017 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds	23,365	23,365	- 1								
2017 Wastewater Revenue Unamortized Premium	611	662	(51)								
WW-CA SWRCB loan	-	-	-								
2019 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds	39,365	44,880	(5,515)								
2019 Wastewater Revenue Unamortized Premium	7,911	9,230	(1,319)								
2012 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds	3,725	4,126	(401)								
Marina Ioan-CA Dept of Boating & Waterways	7,912	7,610	302								
Compensated Absences	802	682	120								
Lease Liability	269	46	223								
Total Debt	\$ 85,452	\$ 92,565	\$ (7,113)								

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The COVID-19 pandemic and ensuing economic uncertainty has had a major impact on the City in recent years. Our dedication to the Community and our commitment to prudently manage the City's finances has contributed to our ability to endure these challenging times. As we draft this year's message, the impacts of the pandemic have largely subsided. Recovery is occurring and many revenues are near or above prepandemic levels however the nature of the economy – from high inflation, supply chain challenges and ongoing world events – remains unstable. We continue to efficiently manage day-to-day operations utilizing technology to keep City business moving forward. We continue to collaborate with our partners in the community as well as other government agencies to assist and provide support citywide.

The City has a diverse economic base that includes residential, retail, and commercial assets. Petaluma has become a magnet for bay area residents looking for meaningful work and housing options. City revenues are recovering, and ongoing growth is expected into the new year. Recovery in the tourism sector is expected to continue barring any significant recession or unexpected economic downturn.

Measure U, the City's 1-cent sales tax measure passed by voters in 2020 provides essential resources to the City that support the delivery of core essential services to our residents. Despite having this additional sales tax revenue, it's important to remember this source is finite. While it provides financial resources that the City has not historically had, the needs far outweigh the available resources. The City continues to prudently manage finances to maintain reserves and provide core services.

The City Council held public meetings and adopted a balanced budget for FY 2023-2024.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Petaluma's finances for all those with an interest in the government's financial activities. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Corey Garberolio, Finance Director, located at 11 English Street, Petaluma, CA 94952, by phone at 707-778-4357 or by email at cgarberolio@cityofpetaluma.org. This document can be found on the City's website at www.cityofpetaluma.org.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



CITY OF PETALUMA

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The purpose of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities is to summarize the entire City's financial activities and financial position.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets, and deferred outflows of resources and the City's total liabilities and deferred inflow, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all the City's Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's Business-Type Activities in a single column; these columns are followed by a Total column that presents the financial position of the entire City.

The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue, Capital Projects, Debt Service Funds and Permanent Fund. Since the City's Internal Service Funds service these Funds, their activities are consolidated with Governmental Activities, after eliminating interfund transactions and balances. The City's Business-Type Activities include all its Enterprise Fund activities.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's net position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the City's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the modified accrual basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities presents the City's expenses first, listed by program, and follows these with the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues—that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs—are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental and business-type program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-type Activities column, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the City, the City of Petaluma Public Financing Corporation, and the Petaluma Public Financing Authority, which are legally separate but are component units of the City because they are controlled by the City, which is financially accountable for the activities of these entities.



City of Petaluma Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS	104.022.202	01.005.650	A 100 505 005
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 104,822,292 18,045,731	\$ 81,885,673 4,700	\$ 186,707,965 18,050,431
Receivables:	10,043,731	4,700	10,030,431
Accounts, net	2,800,621	5,165,647	7,966,268
Interest	890,543	-	890,543
Intergovernmental Internal balances	9,164,527 (1,016,776)	3,262,520 1,016,776	12,427,047
Inventories	30,329	638,822	669,151
Deposits and prepaid items	936,828	19,027	955,855
Loans receivable	53,893,325	-	53,893,325
Interest receivable related to loans receivable	15,144,558	-	15,144,558
Capital assets:	72 244 127	49 294 201	120 520 410
Non-depreciable Depreciable, net	72,244,127 128,304,413	48,284,291 218,223,391	120,528,418 346,527,804
Total assets	405,260,518	358,500,847	763,761,365
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	403,200,318	338,300,647	/03,701,303
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	32,427,421	5,060,815	37,488,236
Deferred outflows of resources - Pension Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	2,168,429	238,529	2,406,958
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	34,595,850	5,299,344	39,895,194
LIABILITIES	31,373,030	3,277,311	37,073,171
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7,237,743	5,316,908	12,554,651
Wages payable	421,128	-	421,128
Interest payable	88,114	261,302	349,416
Unearned revenue	38,148	510,244	548,392
Refundable deposits	317,527	618,570	936,097
Claims payable: Due within one year	3,221,523	_	3,221,523
Due in more than one year	12,024,835	- -	12,024,835
Compensated absences:	12,02 1,020		12,02 1,000
Due within one year	1,223,944	279,763	1,503,707
Due in more than one year	4,834,216	802,495	5,636,711
Net pension liability, due in more than one year	109,855,590	15,747,377	125,602,967
OPEB liability: Due within one year	490,896	54,068	544,964
Due in more than one year	12,616,140	1,387,720	14,003,860
Long-term debt:			
Due within one year	606,125	6,752,252	7,358,377
Due in more than one year	19,602,572	77,898,167	97,500,739
Total liabilities	172,578,501	109,628,866	282,207,367
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	155,108	121,871	276,979
	5,916,674	650,840	6,567,514
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,071,782	772,711	6,844,493
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	109 285 574	101 057 262	200 242 027
Restricted for:	198,385,574	181,857,263	380,242,837
Special projects:			
CDBG	1,004,919	-	1,004,919
HOME / BEGIN	17,043,642	-	17,043,642
Redevelopment low / moderate income housing	22,653,166	-	22,653,166
Impact fees Grants	66,788,532 870,590	-	66,788,532 870,590
Public safety	657,536	-	657,536
Landscape Assessment Districts	644,358	-	644,358
Street maintenance	2,718,320	-	2,718,320
Parks	537,651	-	537,651
Tourism Improvement Debt service	194,813	4,700	194,813 4,700
Permanent Nonexpendable	26,040	4,700	26,040
Total restricted	113,472,755	4,700	113,477,455
Unrestricted (deficit)	(50,652,244)	71,536,651	20,884,407
Total net position	\$ 261,206,085	\$ 253,398,614	\$ 514,604,699

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

City of Petaluma Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues						
			Operating	Capital				
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Total			
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 7,057,094	\$ 236,934	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 236,934			
Community development	9,281,699	6,068,763	1,402,489	-	7,471,252			
Police	29,349,399	222,592	802,058	547,366	1,572,016			
Fire	23,540,136	5,939,978	-	-	5,939,978			
Parks and recreation	4,261,691	4,186,980	-	-	4,186,980			
Public works	15,326,784	6,266,206	-	- 1,706,676				
Interest expense	499,633							
Total governmental activities	89,316,436	22,921,453	2,204,547	2,254,042	27,380,042			
Business-type activities:								
Airport	2,033,822	1,954,609	1,226,594	-	3,181,203			
Development services	3,070,550	2,632,705	-	-	2,632,705			
Marina	718,007	154,280	-	-	154,280			
Transit	5,026,828	240,558	3,555,648	-	3,796,206			
Wastewater utility	21,939,835	32,666,709	83,198	-	32,749,907			
Water utility	17,705,433	19,137,753	34,378	-	19,172,131			
Storm water	506,497	278,537	70,129		348,666			
Total business-type activities	51,000,972	57,065,151	4,969,947		62,035,098			
Total primary government	\$ 140,317,408	\$ 79,986,604	\$ 7,174,494	\$ 2,254,042	\$ 89,415,140			

General Revenues and Transfers:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Franchise taxes

Business license taxes

Transient occupancy taxes

Other taxes

Total taxes

Intergovernmental, unrestricted

Investment earnings

Gain on disposal of assets

Other revenue

Transfer in/(out)

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year

Net position - end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Total
\$ (6,820,160)	\$ -	\$ (6,820,160)
(1,810,447)	-	(1,810,447)
(27,777,383)	-	(27,777,383)
(17,600,158)	-	(17,600,158)
(74,711)	-	(74,711)
(7,353,902)	-	(7,353,902)
(499,633)		(499,633)
(61,936,394)		(61,936,394)
-	1,147,381	1,147,381
-	(437,845)	(437,845)
-	(563,727)	(563,727)
-	(1,230,622)	(1,230,622)
-	10,810,072	10,810,072
-	1,466,698	1,466,698
	(157,831)	(157,831)
	11,034,126	11,034,126
(61,936,394)	11,034,126	(50,902,268)
13,126,935	-	13,126,935
32,329,679	-	32,329,679
4,898,510	-	4,898,510
1,400,908	-	1,400,908
3,385,313	-	3,385,313
1,659,787	-	1,659,787
56,801,132	-	56,801,132
13,227,978	-	13,227,978
3,653,885	1,757,232	5,411,117
-	23,129	23,129
1,605,509	-	1,605,509
418,947	(418,947)	
75,707,451	1,361,414	77,068,865
13,771,057	12,395,540	26,166,597
247,435,028	241,003,074	488,438,102
\$ 261,206,085	\$ 253,398,614	\$ 514,604,699



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Funds Financial Statements

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements

Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City in fiscal 2023. Individual non-major funds may be found in the Supplemental Section.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government, which are not required legally, or by sound financial management, to be accounted for in another fund.

HOME/BEGIN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The HOME/Begin Special Revenue Fund is used to account for federal grants received under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. The money is used for specific programs, which provide housing to people with low and moderate income.

IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund is used to account for fees received from local development projects, which are used for the construction of major public improvements, provided assistance to low income people in the community, and for the acquisition, development, and enhancement of neighborhood and community parks.

SUCCESSOR HOUSING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund was established to account for the collection of property tax increment related to the dissolution of the former Petaluma Community Development Commission (PCDC) and its related project areas. This fund is used for loan repayments and activities related to the assets assumed by the City as Successor Agency as well as housing activities of the former PCDC.

CITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund accounts for the collection of resources and the related expenditure on acquisition and construction of major capital improvement projects in the City, other than those accounted for in proprietary funds.

City of Petaluma Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	M: E					
			N	Major Funds		
		C 1	D	HOME /		mpact Fees
		General		egin Special evenue Fund	Special Revenu	
		Fund	K	evenue Fund		Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	7,635,319	\$	443,899	\$	54,487,789
Restricted cash and investments		-		-		-
Receivables:						
Accounts, net		1,915,375		-		190,000
Interest		890,543		-		-
Intergovernmental		7,582,885		-		-
Due from other funds		3,577,680		-		-
Inventories		15,670		-		-
Deposits and prepaid items		68,883		-		-
Loans receivable		77,743		16,714,581		12,213,361
Interest receivable related to loans receivable		4,988		6,068,966		721,461
Advances to other funds				-		571,844
Total assets	\$	21,769,086	\$	23,227,446	\$	68,184,455
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,794,233	\$	-	\$	143,465
Wages payable		421,128		-		-
Unearned revenue		38,148		-		-
Refundable deposits		256,427		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Advances from other funds						
Total liabilities		2,509,936		-		143,465
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenues		589,415		6,183,804		1,252,458
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		151,050		-		-
Restricted		-		17,043,642		66,788,532
Committed		1,447,559		-		-
Assigned		12,509,446		-		-
Unassigned		4,561,680				
Total fund balances		18,669,735		17,043,642		66,788,532
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	21,769,086	\$	23,227,446	\$	68,184,455
vaiances	Ψ	21,707,000	Ψ	23,227,770	<u>Ψ</u>	50,104,433

Major Funds							
Successor					Non-Major		Total
	using Special		City Capital	Go	overnmental	C	Governmental
Re	evenue Fund	Projects Fund			Funds		Funds
\$	243,689	\$	14,488,357	\$	9,491,397	\$	86,790,450
			-		18,045,731		18,045,731
					, ,		
	10,010		55,968		616,815		2,788,168
	-		-		-		890,543
	-		162,972		1,418,670		9,164,527
	-		-		250,403		3,828,083
	-		-		-		15,670
	-		1,444		-		70,327
	23,962,625		-		925,015		53,893,325
	8,313,853		-		35,290		15,144,558
			-		-		571,844
\$	32,530,177	\$	14,708,741	\$	30,783,321	\$	191,203,226
\$	47,576	\$	3,781,137	\$	1,180,269	\$	6,946,680
	-		-		-		421,128
	-		-		-		38,148
	60,000		1,100		-		317,527
	-		-		278,991		278,991
			1,115,663				1,115,663
	107,576		4,897,900		1,459,260		9,118,137
	0.7(0.10-		5.1.00 0		20.02=		17,000,045
	9,769,435		54,998		39,837		17,889,947
	- 00 (50 1(6		-		26,040		177,090
	22,653,166		0.755.042		29,258,184		135,743,524
	-		9,755,843		-		11,203,402 12,509,446
	-		-		-		4,561,680
	-		0.555045				
	22,653,166		9,755,843		29,284,224		164,195,142
\$	32,530,177	\$	14,708,741	\$	30,783,321	\$	191,203,226

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balances reported on the governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 164,195,142
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds.	196,340,132
Internal service funds are not governmental funds. However, they are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and central services and maintenance to individual governmental funds. The net current assets of the Internal Service Funds are therefore included in	
Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position.	(1,746,537)
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest	
payable was not reported as a liability in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(87,203)
Revenues which are deferred on the Fund Balance Sheets because they are not available currently are	
taken into revenue in the Statement of Activities.	17,889,947
The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Funds:	
Compensated absences	(5,838,543)
Long-term debt - due within one year	(390,000)
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	(19,100,510)
Deferred outflows related to pension	31,783,317
Deferred inflows related to pension	(139,597)
Net Pension liability	(107,851,378)
Net OPEB liability - due within one year	(399,925)
Net OPEB liability - due in more than one year	(10,369,115)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,781,630
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(4,861,275)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 261,206,085



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Major Funds					
		General Fund	HOME / Begin Special Revenue Fund		npact Fees cial Revenue Fund	
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$	50,964,732	\$ -	\$	-	
Licenses, permits and fees		1,392,042	-		10,903,448	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		365,758	-		-	
Use of money and property		911,684	19,895		1,082,726	
Intergovernmental		8,715,827	-		-	
Charges for current services		7,618,711	-		218,069	
Other		290,909			9,807	
Total revenues		70,259,663	19,895		12,214,050	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		5,193,373	-		-	
Community development		1,568,081	810,000		1,780,920	
Police		26,218,266	-		-	
Fire		21,849,553	-		-	
Parks and recreation		2,431,889	-		53,556	
Public works		5,895,110	-		121,197	
Capital outlay		53,766	-		-	
Debt Services:						
Principal		-	-		-	
Interest and other charges						
Total expenditures		63,210,038	810,000		1,955,673	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		7,049,625	(790,105)		10,258,377	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		2,197,500	-		494,085	
Transfers out		(8,239,833)			(8,319,708)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,042,333)			(7,825,623)	
Net change in fund balances		1,007,292	(790,105)		2,432,754	
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year		17,662,443	17,833,747		64,355,778	
End of year	\$	18,669,735	\$ 17,043,642	\$	66,788,532	

	Funds		
Successor Housing Special Revenue Fund	City Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,836,400	\$ 56,801,132
-	2,144,764	108,702	14,548,956
-	-	500	366,258
3,979	(19,632)	642,064	2,640,716
-	423,956	8,539,830	17,679,613
19,045	6,281	621,461	8,483,567
	150,732	413,816	865,264
23,024	2,706,101	16,162,773	101,385,506
407.000	2,701,680	1 001 (21	7,895,053
497,999	-	1,881,621	6,538,621
-	-	1,772,290	27,990,556
-	- - 720 211	168,039	22,017,592
-	5,739,211 10,480,960	860,472 4,713,480	9,085,128 21,210,747
-	178,266	184,594	416,626
-	178,200	104,334	410,020
_	_	370,000	370,000
_	_	548,091	548,091
497,999	19,100,117	10,498,587	96,072,414
(474,975)	(16,394,016)	5,664,186	5,313,092
377,856	18,617,243	8,667,028	30,353,712
	(622,828)	(13,904,672)	(31,087,041)
377,856	17,994,415	(5,237,644)	(733,329)
(97,119)	1,600,399	426,542	4,579,763
22,750,285	8,155,444	28,857,682	159,615,379
\$ 22,653,166	\$ 9,755,843	\$ 29,284,224	\$ 164,195,142

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 4,579,763
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capitalized expenditures are therefore added back to fund balance	17,484,095
Depreciation & amortization expense is deducted from the fund balance (Depreciation & amortization expense is net of internal service fund's of \$1,022,233 which has already been allocated to serviced funds)	(8,510,572)
Repayment of debt principal was an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Also governmental funds report the effect of premium when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortizaed in the statement of activities.	
Current year repayment - principal	370,000
Amortization of bond premium	45,375
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):	
Interest expense	3,083
Unavailable revenue	1,283,040
Compensated absences	(290,365)
OPEB liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources	84,457
Net pension liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(2,048,361)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment acquisition, maintenance, and insurance to individual funds. The portion of the net revenue (expense) of these Internal Service Funds arising out of their transactions	
with governmental funds is reported with governmental activities, because they service those activities.	
Change in Net Position -All Internal Service Funds	770,542
	 12.551.055

\$ 13,771,057

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

AIRPORT FUND

This fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Airport, including capital improvements.

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND

This fund accounts for cost recovery services, including building services, development services and planning services provided to developers, where fees charged are required to cover costs of providing services.

MARINA FUND

This fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Marina, structural and equipment improvements, and planning and implementing promotional campaigns.

TRANSIT FUND

This fund is used to account for the operation of City's transit services.

WASTEWATER UTILITY FUND

This fund is part of the Water Resources and Conservation Department, which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including collection and treatment of wastewater.

WASTEWATER RATE STABILIZATION FUND

This fund is used for the purpose of debt service calculations. The Financial Plan uses money from the Rate Stabilization fund to help meet the debt service coverage requirements.

WATER UTILITY FUND

This fund is part of the Water Resources and Conservation Department, which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including reliable delivery of high quality water.

STORM WATER FUND

The Storm Water Utility was set up to track costs associated with the City's storm drainage system. Some examples of these costs include maintenance, monitoring, ground water and drinking water protection, infrastructure management, code development and enforcement, drainage system inspection and regulation, and floodplain management.

City of Petaluma Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

	Major Proprietary Funds				
	Airport	Development Services	Marina		
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,186,263	\$ 1,694,948	\$ -		
Restricted cash and investments	-	-	-		
Receivables:	120.77(20.022		
Accounts, net Intergovernmental	120,776 14,432	-	20,932		
Inventories	58,672	-	7,053		
Deposits and prepaid items	-	-	16,982		
Total Current Assets	1,380,143	1,694,948	44,967		
Non-Current Assets:	1,500,115	1,07 1,7 10	. 1,507		
Advance to other funds	_	_	_		
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable	5,990,307	-	-		
Depreciable	20,073,855	898,436	5,034,455		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(13,334,031)	(626,563)	(3,966,207)		
Total Non-current Assets	12,730,131	271,873	1,068,248		
Total assets	14,110,274	1,966,821	1,113,215		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	-	529,084	-		
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	-	64,506	-		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	14,110,274	2,560,411	1,113,215		
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	97,325	163,801	15,232		
Unearned revenue	-	-			
Interest payable	6,739	-	-		
Due to other funds	-	-	1,337,349		
Refundable deposits	152,712	184,105	13,943		
Claims payable, due within one year	-	-	-		
Compensated absences, due within one year	5,197	24,491	632		
OPEB liability, due within one year	484,000	14,622	-		
Long-term debt, due within one year		207.010	12/715/		
Total Current Liabilities	745,973	387,019	1,367,156		
Non-current Liabilities:					
Claims payable, due in more than one year Compensated absences, due in more than one year	22,212	143,675	6,923		
Advance from other funds	22,212	143,073	0,923		
Net pension liability	-	1,646,317	-		
OPEB liability	-	375,286	-		
Long-term debt, due in more than one year	1,008,000	<u> </u>	7,911,713		
Total Non-current Liabilities	1,030,212	2,165,278	7,918,636		
Total liabilities	1,776,185	2,552,297	9,285,792		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,770,100	2,302,277	3,200,732		
Deferred inflows of resources - pension		12,741			
Deferred inflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	-	176,009	-		
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	188,750	-		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	11,238,131	271,873	(6,843,465)		
Restricted for debt service		2/1,0/3	(0,075,705)		
Unrestricted	1,095,958	(452,509)	(1,329,112)		
Total net position	\$ 12,334,089		\$ (8,172,577)		
•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				

		Maior Propr	rietary Funds			Governmental Activities-
	Wastewater	Wastewater				Internal Service
Transit	Utility	Rate Stabilization	Water Utility	Storm Water	Total	Funds
-	\$ 55,230,257 4,700	\$ 3,836,542	\$ 18,601,487	\$ 1,336,176	\$ 81,885,673 4,700	\$ 18,031,84
<u>-</u>	4,101,374	-	922,065	500	5,165,647	12,45
3,210,122 93,506	25,875 15,130	-	12,091 461,412	3,049	3,262,520 638,822	14,65
674	111		1,260	-	19,027	866,50
3,304,302	59,377,447	3,836,542	19,998,315	1,339,725	90,976,389	18,925,45
-	3,946,868	-	938,468	-	4,885,336	938,46
810,895	36,578,977	-	4,904,112	-	48,284,291	
11,203,363	268,472,125	-	86,668,322	10,802	392,361,358	14,417,19
(7,734,292)	(101,745,511)		(46,728,631)	(2,732)	(174,137,967)	(10,208,78
4,279,966 7,584,268	207,252,459 266,629,906	3,836,542	45,782,271 65,780,586	8,070 1,347,795	271,393,018 362,369,407	24,072,33
7,304,200	200,029,900	3,030,342	03,780,380	1,547,795	302,309,407	24,072,33
264,543	2,610,921	-	1,656,267	-	5,060,815	644,10
7,848,811	77,023	3,836,542	97,000	1 247 705	238,529	386,79
7,040,011	269,317,850	3,630,342	67,533,853	1,347,795	367,668,751	25,103,23
380,588	2,698,968	-	1,931,819	29,175	5,316,908	291,06
510,244	-	-	-	-	510,244	
1,438,967	231,387	-	23,176	-	261,302 2,776,316	91 772,77
-	-	-	267,810	-	618,570	,,,,,,
-	-	-	-		-	3,221,52
22,475	136,865 17,459	-	84,910 21,987	5,193	279,763 54,068	36,74 90,97
-	5,790,000	-	478,252	-	6,752,252	216,12
2,352,274	8,874,679		2,807,954	34,368	16,569,423	4,630,11
_	-	-	-	-	-	12,024,83
35,984	338,160	-	239,344	16,197	802,495	182,87
-	- 0.124.215	-		294,087	294,087	4,985,89
823,158	8,124,215 448,103	-	5,153,687 564,331	-	15,747,377 1,387,720	2,004,21 2,247,02
-	65,532,412	-	3,446,042	-	77,898,167	502,06
859,142	74,442,890		9,403,404	310,284	96,129,846	21,946,90
3,211,416	83,317,569		12,211,358	344,652	112,699,269	26,577,01
6,371	62,874	_	39,885	_	121,871	15,51
-	210,160		264,671		650,840	1,055,39
6,371	273,034	-	304,556		772,711	1,070,91
4,279,966	131,983,179	-	40,919,509	8,070	181,857,263	3,490,22
351,058	4,700 53,739,368	3,836,542	14,098,430	995,073	4,700 72,334,808	(6,034,91
4,631,024	\$ 185,727,247		\$ 55,017,939	\$ 1,003,143	\$ 254,196,771	\$ (2,544,69
			nternal service funds' a		(480,862)	ψ (2,5 11,07)
	ents to reflect the cons	solidation of internal se	rvice activities related t	to proprietary funds	(317,295)	
ırrent years' adjustm	chis to reflect the cons	sondation of internal se	i vice activities related	to proprietary rands	(31/,493)	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Major Proprietary Funds
	Development
	Airport Services Marina
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Charges for sales Charges for services Connection fee	\$ 775,497 \$ - \$ 4,303 1,179,112 2,632,705 149,977
Total operating revenues	1,954,609 2,632,705 154,280
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Cost of services Claims	1,280,345 2,462,649 146,275
General and administrative	352,280 504,492 191,744 256,571 103,400 77,052
Depreciation Total operating expenses	<u>356,571</u> <u>103,409</u> <u>77,953</u> 1,989,196 3,070,550 415,972
Total operating expenses	1,707,170 3,070,330 413,772
OPERATING INCOME	(34,587) (437,845) (261,692)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Investment earnings and rent Interest expense Intergovernmental Gain(loss) on disposal of assets	64,265 38,819 8 (44,626) - (302,035) 1,226,594
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,246,233 38,819 (302,027)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	1,211,646 (399,026) (563,719)
Transfers in Transfers out	<u> </u>
Total transfers	
Change in net position	1,211,646 (399,026) (563,719)
NET POSITION:	
Beginning of year	11,122,443 218,390 (7,608,858)
End of year	<u>\$ 12,334,089</u> <u>\$ (180,636)</u> <u>\$ (8,172,577)</u>

		Major Propr	rietary Funds			Governmental Activities-
Transit	Wastewater Utility	Wastewater Rate Stabilization	Water Utility	Storm Water	Total	Internal Service Funds
\$ - 240,558	\$ 29,053,488 2,671,844 941,377	\$ - - -	\$ 18,245,392 350,435 541,926	\$ - 278,537	\$ 48,078,680 7,503,168 1,483,303	\$ - 11,359,000
240,558	32,666,709	-	19,137,753	278,537	57,065,151	11,359,000
4,018,317 - 431,365 577,146	10,498,549 - 4,653,003 4,989,256	- - -	13,244,011 - 2,346,360 1,798,313	442,086 - 61,309 - 619	32,092,232 - 8,540,553 7,903,267	4,520,411 3,851,024 2,895,222 1,022,233
5,026,828	20,140,808		17,388,684	504,014	48,536,052	12,288,890
(4,786,270)	12,525,901		1,749,069	(225,477)	8,529,099	(929,890)
12,983 - 3,555,648 3,398	1,056,946 (1,656,867) 83,198	72,688 - -	487,973 (141,614) 34,378 19,731	23,550 (2,483) 70,129	1,757,232 (2,147,625) 4,969,947 23,129	280,807 (97,977) - 48,031
3,572,029	(516,723)	72,688	400,468	91,196	4,602,683	230,861
(1,214,241) 14,000	12,009,178 144,580 (433,000)	72,688	2,149,537 - (643,000)	(134,281) 498,473	13,131,782 657,053 (1,076,000)	(699,029) 1,245,276 (93,000)
14,000	(288,420)	_	(643,000)	498,473	(418,947)	1,152,276
(1,200,241)	11,720,758	72,688	1,506,537	364,192	12,712,835	453,247
5,831,265	174,006,489	3,763,854	53,511,402	638,951		(2,997,941)
\$ 4,631,024	S 185,727,247 Current years' adjustive related to proprietary	\$ 3,836,542 ments to reflect the confunds	\$ 55,017,939 solidation of internal so	\$ 1,003,143 ervice activities	(317,295)	\$ (2,544,694)
	Change in net position	on per Business-Type A	activities Statement of I	Net Position	\$ 12,395,540	

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Major Proprietary Funds					
				evelopment		
		Airport		Services		Marina
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from customers	\$	1,936,379	\$	2,627,927	\$	172,824
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services		(1,704,317)		(3,066,925)		(329,755)
Cash payments to employees for services		3,722		227,203		220
Claims paid						
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		235,784		(211,795)		(156,711)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating grants and contributions		1,226,594		-		-
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-
Transfers to other funds		-		-		156.702
Interfund borrowings						156,703
Net cash provided by (used) in noncapital financing activities		1,226,594				156,703
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Principal payments on long-term debt and lease liability		(472,000)		-		302,039
Interest paid on long-term debt and lease liability		(46,758)		-		(302,039)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		=
Acquisition of capital assets		(1,359,508)		(47,821)		
Net cash (used) in capital and related financing activities		(1,878,266)		(47,821)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Interest on investments		64,265		38,819		8
Net cash provided by investing activities		64,265		38,819		8
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(351,623)		(220,797)		_
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year		1,537,886		1,915,745		_
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year	\$	1,186,263	\$	1,694,948	\$	-
FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION:	Φ	1,180,203	Ψ	1,094,948	Ψ	
Cash and investments	\$	1,186,263	\$	1,694,948	\$	_
Restricted cash and investments	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
TOTAL	\$	1,186,263	\$	1,694,948	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
	¢.	(24.597)	e.	(427.945)	•	(2(1,(02)
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	\$	(34,587)	\$	(437,845)	\$	(261,692)
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		356,571		103,409		77,953
Changes in assets and liabilities:		330,371		103,409		11,933
Accounts receivable		(9,987)		_		19,283
Intergovernmental receivables		(13,469)				17,203
Inventories		36,457		_		(1,469)
Deposits and prepaid items		-		676		(1,152)
Advance to other funds		_		-		-
Deferred outflows of resources - pension		_		(373,045)		-
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		-		12,218		-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(108,149)		(100,460)		10,885
Refundable deposits		5,226		(4,778)		(739)
Claims payable		-		-		-
Net pension liability		-		980,373		-
Deferred inflows of resources - pension		-		(412,106)		-
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		-		47,174		-
OPEB liability		-		(62,450)		-
Compensated absences payable		3,722		35,039		220
Total adjustments		270,371		226,050		104,981
Net cash provided (used) in operating activities	\$	235,784	\$	(211,795)	\$	(156,711)

		Major Prop	rietar	y Funds						overnmental Activities-
Transit	 Wastewater Utility	Wastewater Rate Stabilization		Water Utility	S	torm Water		Total	Int	ernal Service Funds
\$ (187,008) (4,478,998) 574,121	\$ 32,740,506 (13,546,994) 507,499	\$ - - -	\$	19,108,812 (17,209,312) 517,054	\$	278,537 (766,862) (4,138)	\$	56,677,977 (41,103,163) 1,825,681	\$	12,712,180 (8,489,825) 251,538 (1,942,249)
(4,091,885)	19,701,011			2,416,554		(492,463)		17,400,495		2,531,644
3,555,648 14,000 - 588,242 4,157,890	 83,198 144,580 (433,000) 795,502 590,280	- - - -		34,378 (643,000) 85,201 (523,421)		70,129 498,473 - (45,990) 522,612		4,969,947 657,053 (1,076,000) 1,579,658 6,130,658		1,245,276 (93,000) (100,749) 1,051,527
	<u> </u>					,				
3,398	(6,814,347) (1,679,590)	- - -		(248,123) (143,675) 19,731		(2,483)		(7,232,431) (2,174,545) 23,129		5,009 (97,735) 48,031
(82,386) (78,988)	 (2,924,304)			(3,802,107)		(5,467)	_	(8,221,593) (17,605,440)		(662,469)
(70,700)	 (11,410,241)			(4,174,174)		(7,730)		(17,003,440)		(002,40)
12,983	1,056,946	72,688		487,973		23,550		1,757,232		280,807
12,983	1,056,946	72,688		487,973		23,550		1,757,232		280,807
_	9,929,996	72,688		(1,793,068)		45,749		7,682,945		3,201,509
	45,304,961	3,763,854		20,394,555		1,290,427		74,207,428		14,830,333
\$ -	\$ 55,234,957	\$ 3,836,542	\$	18,601,487	\$	1,336,176	\$	81,890,373	\$	18,031,842
\$ -	\$ 55,230,257 4,700	\$ 3,836,542	\$	18,601,487	\$	1,336,176	\$	81,885,673 4,700	\$	18,031,842
\$ 	\$ 55,234,957	\$ 3,836,542	\$	18,601,487	\$	1,336,176	\$	81,890,373	\$	18,031,842
\$ (4,786,270)	\$ 12,525,901	\$ -	\$	1,749,069	\$	(225,477)	\$	8,529,099	\$	(929,890
577,146	4,989,256	-		1,798,313		619		7,903,267		1,022,233
10 (427,576)	99,672 (25,875)	-		(5,111) (12,091)		-		103,867 (479,011)		1,353,180
6,916	145	-		(5,915)		(629)		35,505		5,919
(674)	21,030	-		1,726		-		21,606		9,540
(264,543)	(1,752,699)	-		(1,149,137)		_		(3,539,424)		(449,054 73,256
(207,373)	14,587	-		18,371		-		45,176		(1,089,65)
(35,558)	1,583,383	-		(1,614,752)		(262,838)		(527,489)		(-,,
-	-	-		(11,739)		-		(12,030)		1,908,775
-	-	-		-		-		-		1,171,782
823,158	4,461,525	-		2,989,370		-		9,254,426		(515,547
6,371	(2,273,783)	-		(1,340,867)		-		(4,020,385)		282,869
-	56,327 (74,566)	-		70,938 (93,906)		-		174,439 (230,922)		(374,462
9,135	76,108	-		22,285		(4,138)		142,371		02,09
694,385	 7,175,110	_		667,485		(266,986)		8,871,396		3,461,534
(4,091,885)	\$ 19,701,011	\$ -		,		(,)		-,-,-,-,0		- , ,



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

These funds account for assets legally held in trust for specific purposes.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

These funds are used to account for assets held in a custodial capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the City's programs.

City of Petaluma Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	 Custodial Funds	Private Purpose Trust Funds			
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 2,813,703	\$	5,440,962		
Restricted cash and investments	_		9,201		
Notes receivable	_		234,744		
Accounts receivable	 185		<u>-</u> _		
Total assets	 2,813,888	5,684,9			
LIABILITIES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	789,794		129,077		
Deposits payable	384		-		
Interest payable	-		300,441		
Long-term debt:					
Due to City	-		-		
Long-term debt, due within one year	-		3,375,000		
Long-term debt, due in more than one year	 		49,114,970		
Total liabilities	 790,178		52,919,488		
NET POSITION:					
Held for other governments	2,023,710		-		
Held in trust for private purposes	 <u>-</u>		(47,234,581)		
Total net position	\$ 2,023,710	\$	(47,234,581)		

City of Petaluma Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds		Private Purpose Trust Funds	
ADDITIONS:				
Property tax	\$	-	\$	5,413,487
Use of money and property		-		2,704
Other revenues		8,236,520		
Total additions		8,236,520		5,416,191
DEDUCTIONS:				
Community development		-		341,435
Interest expense		-		1,836,246
Professional and other services		8,827,185		-
Total deductions		8,827,185		2,177,681
Change in net position		(590,665)		3,238,510
NET POSITION:				

2,614,375

2,023,710 \$

(50,473,091)

(47,234,581)

Beginning of year

End of year



For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City was incorporated as a general law City by the state legislature on April 12, 1858. The City currently operates under a Council-Manager form of government established under a charter election in 1947. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police and fire protection, transit service, parks and recreation, public works, community development, and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates a water and waste water system, a municipal airport, and a marina.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is legally separate and fiscally independent which means it can issue debt, set and modify budgets and fees, and sue or be sued. These financial statements present the government and its component unitentities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

The financial statements of the primary government of the City of Petaluma include the activities of the City, as well as the City of Petaluma Public Financing Corporation, and the Petaluma Public Financing Authority, which are controlled by and dependent on the City. While these are separate legal entities, their financial activities are integral to those of the City. Their financial activities have been aggregated and merged (termed "blending") with those of the primary government of the City in the accompanying financial statements.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

City of Petaluma Public Financing Corporation

The City of Petaluma Public Financing Corporation (PPFC) was established in November of 1990 and is a not-for-profit benefit corporation, created under the laws of the State of California. Although PPFC is a separate legal entity from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government, because its sole purpose is to be a financing entity for the City. PPFC does not issue separate basic financial statements.

Petaluma Public Financing Authority

The Petaluma Public Financing Authority (PPFA) was established in May 1996 as a joint powers authority between the City and former Redevelopment Agency. Its purpose was to issue revenue bonds, which provided funds for a consolidated special assessment bond refunding. Although PPFA is a separate legal entity from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government, because its sole purpose is to be a financing entity for the City. PPFA does not issue separate basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the U.S.A.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

These Standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City and its component units). These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

C. Major Funds

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. Major governmental and business-type funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reported the following major governmental and proprietary funds in the accompanying financial statements:

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government, which are not required legally, or by sound financial management, to be accounted for in another fund.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

HOME/BEGIN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The Home/BEGIN Special Revenue Fund is used to account for federal grants received under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. The money is restricted for specific programs, which provide housing to people with low and moderate income.

IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund is used to account for fees received from local development projects, which are restricted for the construction of major public improvements, provide assistance to low income people in the community and for the acquisition, development, and enhancement of neighborhood and community parks.

SUCCESSOR HOUSING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund was established to account for housing activities and the collection of housing loans of the former Petaluma Community Development Commission (PCDC) and its related project areas. This fund is used for loan collections and assets assumed by the City as Successor Agency as well as housing activities of the former PCDC.

CITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund accounts for the collection of resources and the related expenditure on acquisition and construction of major capital improvement projects in the City, other than those accounted for in proprietary funds.

AIRPORT FUND

This fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Airport, including capital improvements.

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND

This fund accounts for cost recovery services, including building services, development services and planning services provided to developers, where fees charged are required to cover cost of providing services.

MARINA FUND

This fund accounts for the daily operation and maintenance of the Petaluma Marina, structural and equipment improvements, and planning and implementing promotional campaigns.

TRANSIT FUND

This fund is used to account for the operation of City's transit services.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

WASTEWATER UTILITY FUND

This fund is part of the Public Works & Utilities Department, which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including collection and treatment of wastewater.

WASTEWATER RATE STABILIZATION FUND

This fund is used for the purpose of debt service calculations. The Financial Plan uses money from the Rate Stabilization fund to help meet the debt service coverage requirements.

WATER UTILITY FUND

This fund is part of the Public Works & Utilities Department, which provides comprehensive and integrated management of Petaluma's water resources, including reliable delivery of high quality water.

STORM WATER FUND

The Storm Water Utility was set up to track costs associated with the with the City's storm drainage system. Some examples of these costs include maintenance, monitoring, ground water and drinking water protection, infrastructure management, code development and enforcement, drainage system inspection and regulation, and floodplain management.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

These funds account for employee benefits, general services, information services, risk management, vehicle and equipment replacement, and workers' compensation; all of which are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust for special purposes.

Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for non-related parties, a not-for-profit organization, and certain assessment districts located in the City. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Entity-wide financial statement but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the full *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when *earned* and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable* and *available*. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as *expenditures* in governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The City may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are use of money and property revenue, charges for services and fines and penalties. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue.

E. Budgetary Policy and Control

The City Council adopts an annual budget, submitted by the City Manager prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. Public hearings are conducted prior to its adoption by the City Council. All appropriations which are not obligated, encumbered, or expended at the end of the fiscal year lapse and become a part of the unassigned fund balance which may be appropriated for the next fiscal year. The City Council has the legal authority to amend the budget at any time during the fiscal year. The City Manager has the authority to make adjustments to the operating budget within funds and between departments. Transfers of operating budgets from appropriated reserve accounts, use of unappropriated fund balances, cancellation of appropriations and all changes in capital improvement project budgets require the approval of the City Council. Supplemental appropriations during the fiscal year were not material.

The annual budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. It is adopted for all governmental type funds.

The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) for the operating budget is within a department.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded when issued in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the governmental and proprietary fund types. Open encumbrances at year-end are recorded as reservations of fund balance since the commitments will be paid by subsequent years' budget appropriations. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In fiscal 2022-2023, the General Fund and the following Major Funds had expenditures in excess of its budget at the level of budgetary control:

		Amount			
]	Exceeded			
Fund		Budget			
General Fund:	<u> </u>				
General government:					
City manager	\$	(376,298)			
Community development		(527,407)			
Police		(1,236,969)			
Fire		(1,743,127)			
Parks and recreation		(138,938)			
Public works		(695,503)			
Impact Fees:					
Parks and recreation		(22,168)			
Public works		(45,406)			
Successor Housing:					
Community Development		(97,993)			

Sufficient resources were available within the funds to finance these overages.

F. Inventories

Inventories in General Fund, which consisted primarily of supplies and parts, are recorded at cost and inventories in Proprietary Funds, which consisted primarily supplies, meters, and vehicle parts held for future consumption, are record at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. Reported expenditures/expenses reflecting the purchase of supplies have been restated to reflect the consumption method of recognizing inventory-related expenditures/expenses. A nonspendable reservation of fund balance has been reported in the governmental funds to show that inventories do not constitute *available spendable resources*, even though they are a component of net current assets.

G. Leave Benefits

The City has compensated absences for regular vacation and sick leave which are accounted for in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Employees may accumulate earned vacation time according to certain limits. Management employees are limited to the amount, which may be earned, in a three year period. All other employees are limited to the amount, which may be earned, in a two year period. All employees may accumulate unused sick leave without limits. The unused sick leave vests after five years of service for firefighters, and after ten years of service for all other employees. Vested sick leave is payable upon death or retirement for all employees at 50% of the vested amount, up to a limit of 1,000 hours for fire battalion chiefs, 720 hours for firefighters, 700 hours for police mid-management employees, and 480 hours for all other employees. All employees may elect, in lieu of a cash payment, to have all vested sick leave applied to their years of service under the retirement plan. Public safety employees are also eligible for vested sick leave to be paid upon a disability retirement at 50% of the vested amount, up to a limit of 1,000 hours for firefighters, and 700 hours for all police officers. A liability is calculated for all of the cost of compensated absences based on benefits earned by employees in the current period, for which there is a probability of payment at termination. The salary and related payroll costs are those in effect as of June 30, 2023. Compensated absences are recorded as liabilities on the Government-Wide Financial Statements and the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. For all compensated absences recorded, the programs that have incurred the expense are used to liquidate the liability.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	 Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total		
Beginning Balance	\$ 5,759,763	\$ 939,887	\$	6,699,650	
Additions	3,876,486	1,325,537		5,202,023	
Payments	 3,578,089	1,183,166		4,761,255	
Ending Balance	\$ 6,058,160	\$ 1,082,258	\$	7,140,418	
Due Within One Year	\$ 1,223,944	\$ 279,763	\$	1,503,707	
Due In More Than One Year	 4,834,216	 802,495		5,636,711	
	\$ 6,058,160	\$ 1,082,258	\$	7,140,418	

H. Revenues

Property Taxes -- Article XIII of the California Constitution (more commonly known as Proposition 13) limits ad valorem taxes on real property to one percent of value plus taxes necessary to pay indebtedness approved by voters prior to July 1, 1978. The Article also established the 1975/76 assessed valuation as the basis and limits annual increases to the cost of living, not to exceed two percent, for each year thereafter. Property may also be reassessed to full market value after a sale, transfer of ownership, or completion of new construction. The State is prohibited under the Article from imposing new ad valorem, sales, or transactions taxes on real property. Local government may impose special taxes (except on real property) with the approval of two-thirds of the qualified voters. Property taxes attach as a lien on the property as of January 1. Secured property taxes are levied on July 1 and are due in two installments by December 10 and April 10. The County of Sonoma bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the City using an alternative method of distribution known as the "Teeter Plan." The State Revenue and Taxation Code allows counties to distribute secured real property and supplemental property taxes on an accrual basis resulting in full payment to the City each fiscal year. Any subsequent delinquent payments and related penalties and interest will revert to Sonoma County. The City reports property tax revenue net of collection fees.

Sales Tax Revenue -- The City accrues the State's July and August sales tax payments for the previous fiscal year. The July and August payments are comprised of the actual, May and June receipts, respectively and the respective receipts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues of Proprietary Funds -- Operating revenues in the proprietary fund are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

I. Interest Payable

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable for long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred in the appropriate activity.

In the Fund Financial Statements, propriety fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

K. Use of Restricted and Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reported amount of expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

M. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

In 2023, the City adopted new accounting standards in order to conform to the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements:

GASB Statement No.91 – Conduit Debt Obligation – The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligation, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. This Statement also addresses arrangements – often characterized as leases – that are associated with conduit debt obligations. No impact on the City's conduit debt disclosures as a result of implementation of this statement.

GASB Statement No. 94 - Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements - The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). As defined in this Statement, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchangelike transaction. The requirements of this statement did not apply to the City during current fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 96 - Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements - This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a tight-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for SBITAs and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. That definition and uniform guidance will result in greater consistency in practice. Establishing the capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability of a government's financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs. The requirements of this statement did not apply to the City during current fiscal year.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Policies

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and highly liquid investments held with financial institutions, a fiscal agent, and in a pooled account with the State, to be cash equivalents.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a fair value of 110% of the City's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the City's cash on deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in an investment pool by an independent financial institution in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution pledging the collateral.

The City's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

Investment income is allocated among funds on the basis of interest income on certain investments and is allocated based on the source of the investment and legal requirements which apply.

Cash and investments with an original maturity of three months or less are used in preparing proprietary fund statements of cash flows because these assets are highly liquid and are expended to liquidate liabilities arising during the year.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Classification

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted under the terms of City debt instruments or Commission agreements. Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

City cash and investments in primary government	
Cash and investments	\$ 186,707,965
Restricted cash and investments	18,050,431
Total cash and investment in primary government	204,758,396
Cash and investment in Fiduciary Funds (Separate Statement)	
Cash and investment	\$8,254,665
Restricted Cash and investment	9,201
Total cash and investment in Fiduciary Funds	8,263,866
Total cash and investments	\$ 213,022,262

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 3,848
Cash and investments with financial institutions	194,958,782
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	 18,059,632
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 213,022,262

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the City and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the City's Investment Policy where it is more restrictive that addresses interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City's investment policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following:

				M aximum	M aximum Investment
	M aximum		M inimum	Percentage	In One
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity		Credit Quality	of Portfolio	Issuer
State of California and Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	No Limit		N/A	N/A	N/A
Securities of the State or Local Agencies of the State	No Limit	*	N/A	N/A	N/A
California Asset Management Program	No Limit		N/A	N/A	N/A
Certificates of Deposit	2 years		N/A	30%	N/A
Bankers' Acceptance	180 days		N/A	40%	30%
Securities of the U.S. Treasury or Other Federal Agencies	5 years	*	N/A	N/A	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	5 years		A-1/P-1	N/A	N/A
Money Market Funds	No Limit	T	wo highest rating	s 20%	N/A
Medium-Term Notes (as currently owned)	5 years		N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*} May change if approved by Council

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City and the Successor Agency to the PCDC held cash and investments with fiscal agents in the amount of \$18,055,209 at June 30, 2023, including certain amounts which are held to be used only for specific capital outlay, payments of certain long-term debt and maintaining required reserves. The City invests funds only as permitted by specific State statutes governing their investment or applicable City ordinance, resolution, or bond indenture.

E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter-term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date:

Investment Type	12 months or less	13 - 24 months	25 - 36 months	37 - 48 months	Fair Value Total	
Securities of U.S. Government Agencies						
FFCB	\$ 328,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 328,800	
FHLMC	2,782,715	5,275,230	3,843,577	951,438	12,852,960	
FNMA	-	-	214,783	-	214,783	
U.S. Treasury Bonds/Notes	4,481,201	27,539,500	19,918,103	=	51,938,804	
California Local Agency Investment Fund	69,607,998	=	=	=	69,607,998	
California Asset Management Program	48,180,068	=	=	=	48,180,068	
Held by Fiscal Agents	18,059,632	-	-	_	18,059,632	
Total Investments	\$143,440,414	\$ 32,814,730	\$ 23,976,463	\$ 951,438	201,183,045	
Cash on hand and in banks					11,839,217	
Total Cash and Investments					\$213,022,262	

The City is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, United States Treasury Notes and Bills and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, and corporations. At June 30, 2023, these investments have an average maturity of 260 days.

The City is a participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the "Trust"). The Trust is a joint powers authority, and public agency, created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (California Government Code Sections 6500 et seq., or the "Act") for the purpose of exercising the common power of CAMP participants to invest certain proceeds of debt issues and surplus funds. CAMP investments are limited to investments permitted by subdivisions (a) to (n), inclusive, of Section 53601 of the California Government Code. The City reports its investments in CAMP at the amortized cost provided by CAMP, which is the same as the value of the pool share, in accordance with GASB 79 requirements. At June 30, 2023, the fair value was approximate to the City's cost. At June 30, 2023, these investments have an average maturity of 26 days.

The City, as a CAMP shareholder, may withdraw all or any portion of the funds in its CAMP account at any time by redeeming shares. The CAMP Declaration of Trust permits the CAMP trustee to suspend the right of withdrawal from CAMP or to postpone the date of payment of redemption proceeds if the New York Stock Exchange is closed other than for customary weekend and holiday closings, if trading on the New York Stock Exchange is restricted, or if, in the opinion of the CAMP trustees, an emergency exists such that disposal of the CAMP pool securities or determination of its net asset value is not reasonably practicable. If the right of withdrawal is suspended, the City may either withdraw its request for that withdrawal or receive payment based on the net asset value of the CAMP pool next determined after termination of the suspension of the right of withdrawal.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Money market mutual funds are available for withdrawal on demand.

F. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The actual ratings as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

			Fair Value
Investment Type	N/A	AAA	Total
Securities of U.S. Government Agencies			
FHLMC	\$ 7,669,359	\$ 5,183,601	\$ 12,852,960
FFCB	-	328,800	328,800
FNMA	214,783	=	214,783
California Asset Management Program	48,180,068		48,180,068
Total	\$ 56,064,210	\$ 5,512,401	61,576,611
Not rated:			
California Local Agency Investment Fund			69,607,998
Held by Fiscal Agents			18,059,632
Cash on Hand and in Banks			11,839,217
Exempt from credit rate disclosure:			
U.S. Treasury Bonds/ Notes			51,938,804
Total Cash and Investments			\$213,022,262

G. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the City as of June 30, 2023:

Investment Type	Level 1		Level 2	Total	
Investment by Fair Value Level:					
Securities of U.S. Government Agencies					
FHLMC	\$	-	\$ 12,852,960	\$ 12,852,960	
FFCB		-	328,800	328,800	
FNMA		-	214,783	214,783	
U.S. Treasury Bonds/Notes			51,938,804	51,938,804	
Total Investments	\$	_	\$ 65,335,347	65,335,347	
Investment not subject to leveling disclosure:					
California Asset Management Program				48,180,068	
California Local Agency Investment Fund				69,607,998	
Held by Fiscal Agents				18,059,632	
Cash on Hand and in Banks				11,839,217	
Total Cash and Investments				\$213,022,262	

U.S. Treasury Bond/ Notes and U.S. Governmental Agencies Securities classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy are valued using institutional bond quotes. The California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) is valued based on the fair value factor provided by the Treasurer of the State of California, which is calculated as fair value divided by the amortized cost of the investment pool. The California Asset Management Program (CAMP) is valued based at the amortized costs provide by CAMP which is the same as the value of the pooled share in accordance with GASB 79 requirements.

H. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of Credit Risk is having investments in any one issuer, other than U.S. treasury securities, money market mutual funds, and California Local Agency Investment Funds that represent a 5% or more of City-wide investments. The City did not have investments in any one issuer as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Current Balances

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. During fiscal 2022-2023 short-term borrowings were as follows:

Due to	Due From		Amount
General Fund	Marina Fund	\$	1,337,349
General Fund	Transit Fund		1,438,967
	Non-Major Funds:		
General Fund	CDBG Fund - Special Revenue Fund		28,588
General Fund	Information Services - Internal Service Fund		772,776
	Sub Total		3,577,680
Non-Major Fund - Streets Fund	Non-Major Fund - Gas Tax Fund		250,403
	Total	\$	3,828,083

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

B. Long-Term Advances

At June 30, 2023, advances to/advances from other funds were as follows:

	Advance From Other Funds								
	(Funds receiving loans)								
		Internal Service Funds							
					V	ehicle &			
					Eq	uip ment			
	Sto	rm Water		y Capital	Rep	lacement	Empl	oyee	
Advance To Other Funds		Fund	Proj	ects Fund		Fund	Benefits	s Fund	 Total
(Fund making loan)									
Governmental Funds:									
Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund	\$	294,087	\$	277,757	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 571,844
Total Governmental Funds	*						-		
I otal Governmental Funds		294,087		277,757					 571,844
Enterprise Funds:									
Wastewater Utility Fund		-		837,906		393,768	2,7	15,194	3,946,868
Water Utility Fund		-		-			93	38,468	938,468
Total Enterprise Funds				837,906		393,768	3,65	53,662	 4,885,336
Internal Service Funds									
Risk Management - Internal Service Fund		_				_	93	38,468	938,468
Total Internal Service Funds		_				_	93	38,468	938,468
Total	\$	294,087	\$	1,115,663	\$	393,768	\$ 4,59	92,130	\$ 6,395,648

During fiscal 2011-2012, the Storm Drainage Impact Fee Fund which is rolled up within the Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund advanced the Storm Water Enterprise Fund to cover storm water maintenance costs for the period from January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2014. The advance bears an annual interest rate of 0.60 percent. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding amount of the advance was \$294,087.

During fiscal 2016-2017, the Wastewater Utility Fund advanced \$3,025,000 to the Vehicle and Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund for the purchase of critical public safety vehicles and equipment. The advance bears an annual interest rate of 1.25 percent. The principal and interest are due in eight (8) equal payments. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding amount of the advance was \$393,768.

During fiscal 2017-2018, the Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund (\$4,050,198), Water Utility Enterprise Fund (\$1,350,066) and Risk Management Internal Service Fund (\$1,350,066) together loaned \$6,750,330 to the Employee Benefits Fund for the pay down of the PERS Unfunded Liability. The annual savings advanced for the paydown are expected to lessen the burden on the budget during the period of rising PERS costs. All funds paying towards the cost of employee retirements, including the lending funds, will recognize some savings. The advance bears an annual interest rate of 1.75 percent. The principal and interest are due in 15 equal installments, such that the entire principal and interest shall be repaid on or before June 30, 2033. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding amount of the advance was \$4,592,130.

During fiscal 2017-2018, the Wastewater Utility Fund advanced \$1,490,000 to the City Capital Projects Fund to cover the costs of the LED Streetlight Retrofit Project. The advance bears an annual interest rate of 1.25 percent. The principal and interest are due in eight equal payments. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding amount of the advance was \$837,906.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

During fiscal 2021-2022, the Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund advanced the City Capital Projects Fund to provide funding for the Tennis and Pickle Ball Court construction. The advance bears an annual interest rate of 1 percent. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding amount of the advance was \$277,757.

C. Transfers Between Funds

With Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Transfers Out (fund making transfer):							_
	Governmental Funds							
		Impact Fees		Non-Major				_
Transfers In		Special	City Capital	Governmental	Water Utility	Wastewater	Internal	Total
(fund receiving transfer)	General Fund	Revenue Fund	Projects Fund	Funds	Fund	Utility Fund	Service Funds	Transfers In
Governmental Funds:								
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,104,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 93,000	\$ 2,197,500
Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund	-	-	494,085	=	-	-	=	494,085
Successor Housing Fund	-	306,856	=	71,000	=	=	=	377,856
City Capital Projects Fund	2,835,454	7,941,247	=	7,705,542	76,000	59,000	=	18,617,243
Non-Major Governmental Funds	3,962,326	57,605	128,743	3,628,354	516,000	374,000		8,667,028
Total Governmental Fund	6,797,780	8,305,708	622,828	13,509,396	592,000	433,000	93,000	30,353,712
Proprietary Funds:								-
Transit Fund	-	14,000	-	-	-	-	-	14,000
Airport	-	-	-	=	-	-	=	-
Water Utility Fund	-	-	· -	-	-	-	-	-
Wastewater Utility Fund	93,580	-	· -	-	51,000	-	-	144,580
Internal Service Funds	850,000	-	· -	395,276	-	-	-	1,245,276
Storm Water Fund	498,473							498,473
Total Proprietary Funds	1,442,053	14,000	-	395,276	51,000	-	-	1,902,329
Internal Service Funds			-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Transfers Out	\$ 8,239,833	\$ 8,319,708	\$ 622,828	\$ 13,904,672	\$ 643,000	\$ 433,000	\$ 93,000	\$ 32,256,041

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

D. Internal Balances

Internal balances are presented in the Entity-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities.

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable comprised balances from the following programs, all of which are discussed below:

Housing Loans to Not-For Profit Agencies	
Old Elm Partners	\$ 6,075,736
Roundwalk Village Partners	2,265,814
Boulevard (Buckelew) Project	480,200
Downtown River Associate LP	7,148,134
Edith Street Apartments, Inc.	1,217,884
Lieb Senior Apartments, Inc.	1,593,886
575 Vallejo Street Association	851,184
579 Vallejo Street Association	990,000
Casa Grande	4,128,287
Wood Sorrel	1,347,513
Logan Place	7,643,219
Salishan Apartments Inc.	388,380
Vintage Chateau	4,499,825
Madrone	1,104,479
Washington Creek	568,969
Caulfield Senior Housing	182,999
Parklane Apartments	6,182,616
414 Petaluma Boulevard	1,100,000
River City Construction	 2,800,000
Total Housing Loans to Not-For Profit Agencies	50,569,125
First-Time Home Buyers Loans	 3,324,200
Total	\$ 53,893,325

A. Housing Loans to Not-For-Profit-Agencies

The City has provided various loans to not-for-profit agencies for the construction of units for low-income rental housing projects. The loans are funded using HOME funds, Community Development Block Grant funds, the General fund, and other Housing funds. The interest rates range from zero to 5.78%. Payment is deferred until a variety of events occur, such as: sale or transfer of property, failure to adhere to low and moderate housing provisions of the promissory note, to the extent of residual receipts, or at the maturity date of the note. The maturity dates range from 32-55 years.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

The City and the former PCDC have also loaned funds to not-for-profit agencies to finance constructions of low and moderate income housing. The terms range from 13 to 60 years, and the interest rates range from zero to 6.56%. Payments are deferred until a variety of events occur, such as: sale or transfer of property, failure to adhere to low and moderate housing provisions of the promissory note, to the extent of residual receipts, or at the maturity date of the note. Management evaluated these loans and they are expected to be collected, therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts was set up.

With the dissolution of the PCDC as discussed in Note 15, the City agreed to become the successor to the PCDC's housing activities and as a result the Successor Housing Special Revenue Fund assumed the loans receivable of the former Redevelopment Special Revenue Fund.

As of June 30, 2023, the total principal and interest receivable related to these loans were \$50,569,125 and \$15,144,558, respectively.

B. First-Time Home Buyers Loans

The City offers qualified low and moderate income first time home buyers silent second mortgages on home purchases. Accrued interest and principal are due when the primary loan is refinanced or on sale of the property. The interest rate is the lower of the principal amount plus interest at a rate of 10% per annum, or 28.6% to 33% net of sales price. At June 30, 2023, the total principal related to these loans was \$3,324,200.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities in the Governmental-Wide Financial Statement. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. All other capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. The City's policy is to capitalize all vehicles, office equipment and items with an inherently higher value with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more, and a useful life of one year or more. Land, easements, land improvements, buildings, building improvements and infrastructure with a cost exceeding \$50,000 and a useful life exceeding one year are also capitalized.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Vehicles and equipment 3-15 years Building and improvements 10-50 years Infrastructure 20-50 years

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has included all infrastructure within the basic financial statements. The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include:

- > Sidewalks and bridges
- Street system
- > Sewer system
- Pipes

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The assets include streets, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems, etc. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest on construction related debt incurred during the period of construction for business-type and proprietary funds assets is capitalized as a cost of the constructed assets.

For all infrastructure systems, the City elected to use the Basic Approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting. Estimated historical costs were developed in one of the following methods:

- 1) Use of historical records where available.
- 2) Standard unit costs appropriate for the construction/acquisition date of the asset.
- 3) Present replacement cost indexed by a reciprocal factor of the price increase from the construction/acquisition date to the current date.

The accumulated depreciation, defined as the total depreciation from the date of construction/ acquisition to the current date, was computed on a straight-line basis, using industry accepted life expectancies for each infrastructure subsystem. The book value was then computed by deducting the accumulated depreciation from the estimated historical cost.

Intangible Right-to-use Assets:

In FY 2021, the City implemented the guidance in GASB No. 87, leases and recognized the value of vehicles leased from Enterprise Fleet Management under long-term contracts. The intangible right to use assets and related amortization have been reported on the capital assets schedule.

As of June 30, 2023, the City had 31 leased vehicles from Enterprise Fleet Management. The intangible right-to-use assets are being amortized over 5 years, the term of the lease. Terms of the lease are described in Note 6.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A. Capital Asset Additions and Retirements

Governmental capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2022	Additions	Retirements/ Adjustment	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2023
	Julie 30, 2022	Additions	Adjustillelit	Transfers	Julie 30, 2023
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets not being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 37,473,199	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,473,199
Construction in progress	56,527,270	17,069,820		(38,826,162)	34,770,928
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	94,000,469	17,069,820		(38,826,162)	72,244,127
Capital Assets being Depreciated					
Buildings and Improvements	24,585,862	-	-	(9,371)	24,576,491
Machinery & Equip & Software	20,433,916	652,216	(657,997)	24,592	20,452,727
Infrastructure	220,317,463	96,247	-	38,810,941	259,224,651
Lease assets	871,236	283,586			1,154,822
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	266,208,477	1,032,049	(657,997)	38,826,162	305,408,691
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	(15,489,363)	(538,659)	-	-	(16,028,022)
Machinery & Equip & Software	(15,039,724)	(1,119,416)	657,997	(3,347)	(15,504,490)
Infrastructure	(137,520,901)	(7,657,063)	-	3,347	(145,174,617)
Less Accumulated Amortization					
Lease assets	(179,482)	(217,667)			(397,149)
Total Accumulated Depreciation & Amortization	(168,229,470)	(9,532,805)	657,997		(177,104,278)
Net Capital Assets being Depreciated	97,979,007	(8,500,756)		38,826,162	128,304,413
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$191,979,476	\$ 8,569,064	\$ -	\$ -	\$200,548,540

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2023
Business-type Activities					
Capital Assets not being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 10,731,229	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,731,229
Construction in progress	35,812,039	6,946,049		(5,205,026)	37,553,062
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	46,543,268	6,946,049		(5,205,026)	48,284,291
Capital Assets being Depreciated					
Buildings and Improvements	30,029,986	=	=	-	30,029,986
Vehicles and Equipment	17,185,242	1,007,198	(196,183)	237,535	18,233,792
Infrastructure	339,801,489	-	-	4,967,491	344,768,980
Lease assets	71,543	268,348			339,891
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	387,088,260	1,275,546	(196,183)	5,205,026	393,372,649
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	(16,750,680)	(661,978)	-	_	(17,412,658)
Vehicles and Equipment	(13,369,869)	(986,379)	196,183	(59,503)	(14,219,568)
Infrastructure	(137,296,623)	(6,226,657)	=	59,503	(143,463,777)
Less Accumulated Amortization					
Lease assets	(25,000)	(28,255)			(53,255)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(167,442,172)	(7,903,269)	196,183		(175,149,258)
Net Capital Assets being Depreciated	219,646,088	(6,627,723)		5,205,026	218,223,391
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 266,189,356	\$ 318,326	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 266,507,682

B. Capital Asset Contributions

Some capital assets may be acquired using federal and State grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are required to be accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

C. Depreciation/Amortization Allocation

Depreciation/Amortization expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program are as follows:

	Amortization of					
Governmental Functions	Depreciation		Lea	se Assets	Total	
General Government	\$	208,454	\$	=	\$	208,454
Community Development		2,673,978		-		2,673,978
Police		112,031		-		112,031
Fire		114,440		-		114,440
Parks and Recreation		948,163		-		948,163
Public Works		4,453,506		-		4,453,506
Internal Service Funds:						
Information Services		125,469		_		125,469
Vehicle Replacement - GG		679,097		217,667		896,764
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$	9,315,138	\$	217,667	\$	9,532,805
Business Functions						
Airport	\$	356,571	\$	-	\$	356,571
Development Services		103,409		_		103,409
Marina		77,953		_		77,953
Transit		577,146		=		577,146
Wastewater Utility		4,985,617		3,641		4,989,258
Water Utility		1,773,699		24,614		1,798,313
Storm Water		619				619
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$	7,875,014	\$	28,255	\$	7,903,269

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets, which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt.

A. The City's Long-Term Debt

The City's Governmental long-term debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Governmental Activity Debt:	Original Issue Amount	Balance at June 30, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Balance at June 30, 2023	Amount due within one year
Revenue Bonds:						
2021 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$ 19,125,000	\$ 18,590,000	\$ -	\$ 370,000	\$18,220,000	\$ 390,000
Plus: Original issue Premium	-	1,315,885	-	45,375	1,270,510	_
2021 Leased Vehicles	441,102	346,017	_	98,668	247,349	102,429
2022 Leased Vehicles	362,706	312,499	-	62,795	249,704	66,083
2023 Leased Vehicles	257,917		257,917	36,783	221,134	47,613
Total Revenue Bonds		\$ 20,564,401	\$ 257,917	\$ 613,621	\$ 20,208,697	\$ 606,125

Debt Service Requirements

Future principal and interest payment on Governmental long-term debt at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Governmental Activity Debt:

For the Year	2021 Lease	Revenue Bond	2021 Leas	se Liability	2022 Leas	e Liability	2023 Lease Liability	
Ending June 30, 2023	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 390,000	\$ 523,219	\$ 102,429	\$ 7,490	\$ 66,083	\$ 11,482	47,613	14,597
2025	410,000	503,719	106,333	3,586	69,549	8,016	51,202	11,008
2026	430,000	483,219	38,587	402	72,136	4,362	55,063	7,147
2027	450,000	461,719	-	-	41,936	962	57,340	2,993
2028	460,000	452,719					9,916	189
2029/2033	2,675,000	1,899,194	-	-	-	-	-	-
2034/2038	3,210,000	1,356,344	=	=	=	=	=	=
2039/2043	3,585,000	980,731	-	-	-	-	-	-
2044/2048	3,995,000	578,788	-	-	-	-	-	-
2049/2052	2,615,000	123,975	_	_				-
Outstanding Accumulated Payments and Penalties	18,220,000	\$ 7,363,625	247,349	\$ 11,478	249,704	\$ 24,822	221,134	\$ 35,933
Add: Original Issuance Premium (Discount)	1,270,510		-		-		-	
Total debt	\$ 19,490,510	- =	\$ 247,349	•	\$ 249,704		\$ 221,134	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Business-type debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

						Amount due
	Original Issue	Balance at			Balance at	within
Business-Type Activity Debt:	Amount	June 30, 2022	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2023	one year
Revenue Bonds:						
2012 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds						
3.670%, due 5/1/2031	\$ 7,529,000	\$ 4,126,000	\$ -	\$ 401,000	\$ 3,725,000	\$ 419,000
2017 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds						
3.125-4.00%, Due 11/01/2036	23,365,000	23,365,000	-	-	23,365,000	-
Plus: Original issue Premium	967,283	661,823	_	50,910	610,913	_
2019 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds						
5.00%, Due 05/01/2029	60,775,000	44,880,000	_	5,515,000	39,365,000	5,790,000
Plus: Original issue Premium	13,185,626	9,229,937		1,318,563	7,911,374	
Total Revenue Bonds		82,262,760		7,285,473	74,977,287	6,209,000
Notes Payable:						
California Department of Boating and Waterways	3,960,000	7,609,679	302,034	-	7,911,713	-
Total Notes Payable		7,609,679	302,034		7,911,713	
Refunding Obligation:						
2016 Airport Refunding Obligation						
2.710%, due 11/1/2025	4,531,000	1,964,000	-	472,000	1,492,000	484,000
Total Refunding Obligation		1,964,000		472,000	1,492,000	484,000
Lease Liability:						
2021 Lease Liability	60,064	46,418		14,083	32,335	14,606
2023 Lease Liability	251,789	-0,-10	251,789	14,705	237,084	44,646
2025 Lease Elability	231,769	46,418	251,789	28,788	269,419	59,252
		-+0,+10	231,767	20,700	207,417	
Total Business Type Activity Debt		\$91,882,857	\$ 553,823	\$ 7,786,261	\$84,650,419	\$ 6,752,252

Debt Service Requirements

Future principal and interest payment on all Business-type debt were as follows at June 30, 2023:

Business-Type Activity Debt:

For the Year	Revenu	e Bonds	Notes	Payable	Refunding	g Obligation	Lease Liability		
Ending June 30, 2023	Principal	Interest	Principal	ncipal Interest		Interest	Principal	Interest	
2024	\$ 6,209,000	\$ 2,902,588	\$ 7,911,713	\$ -	\$ 484,000	\$ 33,875	\$ 59,252	\$ 17,477	
2025	6,511,000	2,597,398	-	-	497,000	20,582	63,321	13,407	
2026	6,832,000	2,277,354	-	-	511,000	6,924	54,555	9,219	
2027	7,169,000	1,941,453	-	-	-	-	56,081	5,102	
2028	7,520,000	1,588,947	-	-	-	-	36,210	961	
2029/2033	22,744,000	3,667,615	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2034/2036	9,470,000	514,406		-	-	-	-	-	
Outstanding Accumulated Payments and Penalties	66,455,000	\$ 15,489,761	7,911,713	\$ -	1,492,000	\$ 61,382	269,419	\$ 46,166	
Add: Original Issuance Premium (Discount)	8,522,287		-		-		-		
Total debt	\$ 74,977,287		\$ 7,911,713	•	\$ 1,492,000	-	\$ 269,419	•	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

C. Description of the City's Long-Term Debt Issues

2021 Lease Revenue Bonds - On August 18, 2021, the Petaluma Public Financing Authority issued Lease Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$19,125,000. The proceeds will be used to finance the improvement and rehabilitation of streets in the City. The Bonds mature annually each May 1 from 2022 to 2051, in amounts ranging from \$390,000 to \$890,000 and bear interest ranging between 2.00% - 5.00% Interest is payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Bonds were \$25,583,625 as of June 30, 2023.

The bonds were issued at a premium of \$1,361,260 which is being amortized over the 30-year life of the bonds resulting in an annual amortization of \$45,375.

2012 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds - On October 1, 2012, the City issued Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2001 in the amount of \$7,529,000. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the 2001 Water Revenue Bonds, and to finance improvements to the Water System. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce debt service payments over the next 20 years by \$72,683 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service requirements on the old and new bonds discounted at the effective interest rate on the new debt and adjusted for any additional cash) of \$51,077. The Bonds mature annually each November 1 from 2013 to 2031, in amounts ranging from \$337,000 to \$520,000 and bear interest 3.67% Interest is payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1. The bonds are payable solely from a pledge of and lien upon the net revenues received by the City from the ownership and operation of its Water Utility Fund. 100% of the net revenues are pledged for the debt service. Net revenue and debt service amounts to \$2,198,871 and \$545,066 in fiscal 2022-23. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Bonds was \$3,838,252 as of June 30, 2023.

2017 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds - On June 1, 2017 the City issued Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$23,365,000. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund and retire the City's 2011 Waste Water Revenue Refunding Bond that are payable from the revenues of the City's wastewater and storm drainage system. The Bonds mature annually each May 1 from 2030 to 2036 in amounts ranging from \$1,775,000 to \$3,905,000 and bear interest at rates ranging from 3.125% to 4.00%. Interest is payable semiannually May 1 and November 1. The bonds are payable solely from a pledge of and lien upon the net revenues received by the City from the ownership and operation of its Wastewater System. 100% of the net revenues are pledged for the debt service. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Bonds was \$31,126,194 as of June 30, 2023.

The bonds were issued at a premium of \$967,283 which is being amortized over the 19-year life of the bonds resulting in an annual amortization of \$50,910.

2019 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds - On August 21, 2019 the City issued 2019 Wastewater Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$60,775,000. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund and retire the outstanding balance of the City's loan with the California State Water Resources Control Board through its State Revolving Fund. The Bonds mature annually each May 1 from 2020 to 2029 in amounts ranging from \$5,000,000 to \$7,385,000 and bear interest at rates of 5.00%. Interest is payable semiannually May 1 and November 1. The bonds are payable solely from a pledge of and lien upon the net revenues received by the City from the ownership and operation of its Wastewater System. 100% of the net revenues are pledged for the debt service. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Bonds was \$46,533,250 as of June 30, 2023.

The bonds were issued at a premium of \$13,185,626 which is being amortized over the 10-year life of the bonds resulting in an annual amortization of \$1,318,563.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

California Department of Boating and Waterways - On March 11, 1993, the California Department of Boating and Waterways issued a note in the amount of \$3,960,000 to finance construction of the Petaluma Marina. The terms of the loan allow unpaid interest to be added to the outstanding principal. The loan balance is increased by unpaid interest and penalties. The debt is the responsibility of the Marina Fund. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2023 is \$7,911,713. The City has been attempting to work with the California Department of Boating and Waterways in order to eliminate the liability in the Marina Fund.

2016 Airport Lease Obligation – In March of 2016, the Petaluma Public Financing Authority entered into a lease obligation with the City in the amount of \$4,531,000. The proceeds of the lease obligation were used to retire the 2003 Certificates of Participation and the 2005 California Department of Transportation Airport Loans. The lease obligation is payable each November from 2016 to 2025, in amounts ranging from \$388,000 to \$511,000 and bear interest at rate of 2.71%. Interest is payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1. The outstanding principal balance at June 30, 2023 was \$1,4,92,000.

2021 Lease Liability – On July 6, 2020, the City entered into a lease agreement with Enterprise Fleet Management to acquire the right to use 15 vehicles in the amount of \$501,106 at an interest rate of 3.66% for a period of 60 months. Monthly principal and interest payments were due starting 2021 through 2026. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal balance was \$279,684, of which \$247,349 was reported in governmental activity, and \$32,335 in business-type activity.

2022 Lease Liability – On July 20, 2021, the City entered into a lease agreement with Enterprise Fleet Management to acquire the right to use 7 vehicles in the amount of \$337,770 at an interest rate of 3.96% for a period of 60 months. Monthly principal and interest payments were due starting 2022 through 2026. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal balance reported in governmental activity was \$249,704.

2023 Lease Liability – On August 3, 2022, the City entered into a lease agreement with Enterprise Fleet Management to acquire the right to use 9 vehicles in the amount of \$509,706 at an interest rate of 6.64% for a period of 60 months. Monthly principal and interest payments were due starting 2023 through 2027. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal balance was \$458,218, of which \$221,134 was reported in governmental activity, and \$237,084 in business-type activity.

NOTE 7 - DEBT WITHOUT CITY COMMITMENT

The following bond issues are not reported in the City's financial statements, because they are special obligations payable solely from, and secured by, specific revenue sources described in the resolutions and official statements of the respective issues. Neither the faith and credit, nor the taxing power of the City, the County, the State of California, or any political subdivision thereof, is pledged for payment of these bonds.

Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds - the Redevelopment Agency issued \$4,750,000 in Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, with a variable rate of interest, not to exceed 12%, with the variable rate to be determined by the marketing agent. The proceeds from the bonds were used to make a loan to Oakmont Retirement Investors, LLC for the purpose of financing the acquisition and construction of a 76-unit assisted living care/multi-family rental facility known as Oakmont at Petaluma. The bonds are special obligation of the former PCDC, payable solely from the rental revenue and other assets pledged or assigned to Payment of the bonds by Windchime of Walnut Creek, LP. These bonds are not recorded as liabilities on the City's financial statements.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - DEBT WITHOUT CITY COMMITMENT (Continued)

On September 19, 2011, the City approved the issuance of the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$20,000,000 through the California Municipal Financing Agency. The proceeds from the bonds are to be used by the developer, Logan Place, L.P., for the purpose of financing the acquisition and construction of 66-unit, affordable housing development in the City of Petaluma, known as the "Logan Place." The bonds are special obligation of City, the payments of the bonds are solely the responsibility of the Logan Place, L.P. These bonds are not recorded as liabilities on the City's financial statements.

On February 6, 2012, the City approved the issuance of the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$12,500,000 through the California Municipal Financing Agency. The proceeds from the bonds are to be used by the developer, Petaluma Ecumenical Properties, for the purpose of financing the acquisition and construction of 50-unit, multi-family, low-income senior rental housing development in the City of Petaluma, known as the "Kellgren Senior Apartments." The bonds are special obligation of the City, the payments of the bonds are solely the responsibility of the Petaluma Ecumenical Properties, LLC. These bonds are not recorded as liabilities on the City's financial statements.

On September 15, 2003, former PCDC issued Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds and Taxable Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$6,197,000. The proceeds of the bonds were used to finance the construction and equipping of an 81 unit, multi-family, rental housing development in the City of Petaluma, known as the "Downtown River Apartments." The bonds are special obligation of the former PCDC payable solely from rental revenue and other assets pledged or assigned to payment of the bonds by the obligator. These bonds are not recorded as liabilities on the City's financial statements.

On October 5, 2015, the City approved the issuance of the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$25,000,000 through the California Municipal Financing Agency. The proceeds from the bonds are to be used by the developer, Eden Housing Inc., for the purpose of financing the acquisition and rehabilitation of 2 affordable housing develops, a 32-unit, multi-family, low-income residential rental housing development in the City of Petaluma, known as the "Washington Creek Apartments" and a 74-unit, multi-family, low-income residential rental housing development in the City of Petaluma, known as the "Corona Ranch Apartments." The bonds are special obligation of the City, the payments of the bonds are solely the responsibility of the Eden Housing Inc. These bonds are not recorded as liabilities on the City's financial statements.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

A. Net Position

Net position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three captions on the Statement of Net Position. These captions apply only to net position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level and business type authorities, and are described below:

Net investment in capital assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets and related deferred inflows or outflows of resources.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, and redevelopment funds restricted to low-and-moderate-income housing purposes.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

B. Fund Balance

Governmental fund balances represent the net current position of each fund. Net current position generally represent a fund's cash and receivables, less its liabilities.

The City's fund balances are classified based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendable represents balances set aside to indicate items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose.

Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council can, by adoption of resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by resolution of the City Council or its designee, City Manager, and may be changed at the discretion of the City Council or its designee. This category includes encumbrances, Nonspendables, when it is the City's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose, and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds which have not been restricted or committed.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds

Detailed classifications of the City's Fund Balances as of June 30, 2023, are below:

Fund Balance Classification	General Fund	Home/ Begin Special Revenue	Impact Fees Special Revenue	Successor Housing Special Revenue	City Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental	Total
Nonspendable:	1 unu	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Tiojects	Governmentar	Total
Items not in spendable form:							
Loans, prepaids and inventories	\$ 151,050	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 151,050
Subtotal	151,050					-	151,050
Amounts required to maintain intact: Permanent funds						26,040	26,040
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances	151,050	-				26,040	177,090
Restricted for:							
Special projects	-	-	66,788,532	-	-	29,258,184	96,046,716
Community redevelopment Low-income housing		17,043,642		22,653,166		-	39,696,808
Total Restricted Fund Balances		17,043,642	66,788,532	22,653,166		29,258,184	135,743,524
Committed to:							
Special projects	1,447,559	_		-	9,755,843	-	11,203,402
Total Committed Fund Balances	1,447,559				9,755,843	_	11,203,402
Assigned:							
Special projects	12,509,446						12,509,446
Total Assigned Fund Balances	12,509,446	-		-		-	12,509,446
Unassigned:							
Unassigned	4,561,680						4,561,680
Total Unassigned Fund Balances	4,561,680	-					4,561,680
Total Fund Balance	\$18,669,735	\$ 17,043,642	\$ 66,788,532	\$ 22,653,166	\$ 9,755,843	\$29,284,224	\$164,195,142

C. Fund Deficits

As of June 30, 2023, the following funds had negative net positions:

Proprietary Funds	
Development Services	\$ (180,636)
Marina	(8,172,577)
Internal Service Funds	
Employee Benefit	(4,854,877)
Information Services	(2,323,492)
Workers' Compensation	(2,356,119)

See Note 13C for further discussion of the Marina Fund. All other deficits are expected to be repaid by future revenues.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. General Information about the Pension Plans and Summary of Balances by Plan

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Below is a summary of the deferred outflows of resources, net pension liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources by Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Deferred Outflows `Resources	N	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Inflows Resources	Pension Expense	
Miscellaneous Safety	\$ 11,729,535 25,758,701	\$	35,789,495 89,813,472	\$ 276,979	\$	4,754,475 12,411,694
Total	\$ 37,488,236	\$	125,602,967	\$ 276,979	\$	17,166,169

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

_		Miscellaneous	
_	Tier I	Tier II	Tier III
		Between July 1, 2010 and	On or after
Hire Date	Prior to July 1, 2010	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-63	50-63	52-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.092% to 2.418%	1% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	7% - 11%	7% - 11%	7% - 11.25%
			50% of the Total Normal
Required employer contribution rates	8.790%	8.790%	Cost

In addition, the City made a payment to the Miscellaneous Plan's unfunded liability in the amount of \$2,578,052

_	Safety		
<u>-</u>	Tier I	Tier II	Tier III
		Prior to	On or after
Hire Date	Prior to July 1, 2010	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-55	50-63	52-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2%	2.4% to 3%	2% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9% - 12%	9% - 12%	12.25% - 16%
			50% of the Total Normal
Required employer contribution rates	19.600%	19.600%	Cost

In addition, the City made a payment to the Safety Plan's unfunded liability in the amount of \$6,536,393

The City's Net pension liability is generally liquidated by the General Fund, Internal Service Funds and, Enterprise Funds

Employees Covered – As of measurement dates June 30, 2022, and 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Miscellaneous	
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	347	342
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	276	259
Active employees	213	206
Total	836	807
	Safe	ety
	Safe June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits		
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	June 30, 2022 251	June 30, 2021 236

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

B. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, rolled forward to June 30, 2022- using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	All Plans		
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021		
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method		
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Discount Rate	6.90%		
Inflation	2.30%		
Payroll Growth	2.750%		
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service		
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%(1)		
Retirement Age	The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.		
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.		
	Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of		
	Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.		

(1) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications.

Change of Assumptions – For the measurement year 2019 through 2022, there were no changes in assumptions. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions in December 2017. All other assumptions were the same as those used for the June 30, 2017, measurement date.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 6.9% percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 6.9% percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New	
	Strategic	
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Return
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity - Non-Cap-weighted	12.00	3.84
Private Equity	13.00	7.28
Treasury	5.00	0.27
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00	0.50
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00	1.56
High Yield	5.00	2.27
Emerging Market Debt	5.00	2.48
Private Debt	5.00	3.57
Real Assets	15.00	3.21
Leverage	(5.00)	(0.59)
Total	100%	

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.
- (b) Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

CITY OF PETALUMA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for each Plan follows:

Miscellaneous Plan:	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability			lan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		
Balance at June 30, 2021 Measurement Date	\$	133,607,760	\$	116,959,169		\$16,648,591	
Changes in the year:						_	
Service cost		2,890,530		-		2,890,530	
Interest on the total pension liability		9,302,197		-		9,302,197	
Differences between actual and expected experience		(430,856)		-		(430,856)	
Changes in assumptions		3,958,306		-		3,958,306	
Contribution - employer		_		3,386,510		(3,386,510)	
Contribution - employee		-		1,991,427		(1,991,427)	
Net investment income		-		(8,725,805)		8,725,805	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee							
contributions		(7,532,025)		(7,532,025)		-	
Other miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		-		(72,859)		72,859	
Net changes		8,188,152		(10,952,752)		19,140,904	
Balance at June 30, 2022 Measurement Date	\$	141,795,912	\$	106,006,417	\$	35,789,495	
a 4 N				(5			
Safety Plan:		2 . 1 D		ease (Decrease)		T . D .	
	1	Total Pension		lan Fiduciary		Vet Pension	
		Liability		Net Position	Lia	bility/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2021 Measurement Date	\$	231,549,614	\$	174,952,985		\$56,596,629	
Changes in the year: Service cost		4 400 565				4 400 565	
		4,498,565 16,335,007				4,498,565 16,335,007	
Interest on the total pension liability		1,263,175				1,263,175	
Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions		8,084,483				8,084,483	
		6,064,463		0.405.617			
Contribution - employer				8,485,617		(8,485,617)	
Contribution - employee Net investment income				1,740,753		(1,740,753)	
				(13,152,998)		13,152,998	
Administrative expenses				(108,985)		108,985	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(12 914 602)		(12 914 602)			
Other miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		(12,814,603)		(12,814,603)		-	
Net changes		17,366,627		(15,850,216)		33,216,843	
Balance at June 30, 2022 Measurement Date	\$	248,916,241	\$	159,102,769	\$	89,813,472	

CITY OF PETALUMA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Mis	Miscellaneous		Safety	
1% Decrease		5.90%		5.90%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	53,617,065	\$	123,728,994	
Current Discount Rate		6.90%		6.90%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	35,789,495	\$	89,813,472	
1% Increase		7.90%		7.90%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	21,004,293	\$	62,079,895	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

D. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$17,166,169. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Miscellaneous Plan:

		red Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	3,696,621	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		73,631		276,979
Changes in assumptions		2,544,625		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan				
investments		5,414,658		-
Total	\$	11,729,535	\$	276,979
Safety Plan:				
	Defen	red Outflows of	Deferr	ed Inflows of
		Resources	R	esources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	9,494,687	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		2,349,892		-
Changes in assumptions		5,838,793		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan				
investments		8,075,329		-
Total	\$	25,758,701	\$	-

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

\$13,191,308 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Miscella	aneous P	lan:	Safe	ety Plan:	•
Year Ended		Annual	Year Ended		Annual
June 30	Aı	mortization	June 30	A	mortization
2024	\$	2,226,185	2024	\$	4,958,600
2025		1,799,869	2025		4,151,304
2026		387,454	2026		2,129,344
2027		3,342,427	2027		5,024,766
Total	\$	7,755,935	Total	\$	16,264,014

E. Deferred Public Agency Retirement System

The City of Petaluma contributes to a Public Agency Retirement System/Alternative Retirement System (PARS), a public agency multiple-employer defined contribution pension trust. PERS provides benefits at the time of retirement, total disability or death. PARS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public agencies. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by federal statute and city resolutions. Copies of PARS' annual financial report may be obtained from their office at 3961 MacArthur Blvd., Suite 200, Newport Beach, CA 92660.

Participants are required to contribute 7% of their annual salary. The City is required to contribute 0.5% of the annual salary of covered participants. The contribution requirements were established on the Adoption Agreement. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City contributed \$2,645 and the covered employees contributed \$37,029 the total of which met the requirements of the plan.

In the year 2022, The City has evaluated the requirements of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities and GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans and determined that plan didn't meet the criteria to be reported as a fiduciary activity, as required by the above two statements.

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. General Information about the City's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

Plan Description – The City's Post Employment Benefit Plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided – The plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended through agreements and memorandums of understanding between the City, its management employees, and the union representing City employees.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The City provides eligible employees who retire with a monthly retiree allowance, currently provided through the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CALPERS) Health Benefits Program under the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). The monthly benefit allowance varies by bargaining unit labor contract. The benefit allowances have been long-standing and previously ratified by labor and the City Council through the negotiation process. The dollar amount varies by bargaining units and by years of service. The range of the benefit is \$100 to \$156.83 per month for retirees who satisfy the Plan's service requirements for a City cash subsidy. The City's employer contribution for each employee shall be at least the minimum amount required by PEMHCA based on unequal method for retirees participating in PEMHCA healthcare plans. The City pays this contribution directly to CALPERS and any remaining cash subsidy directly to retirees. No dental or vision benefits are provided, except for some retired Council Members. The Plan does not issue a financial report.

In the 1990s, the City adopted various resolutions relating to a health benefit allowance for Council Members. There are six former Council Members receiving a benefit under the resolution ranging from \$100 to \$120 per month. In 1995, State law prohibited newly elected Council Members from receiving the benefit unless on a self-pay basis. The exception would be if a Council Member could retire into CALPERS and was covered under the PEMHCA.

Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City on or after age 50 and 5 years of CALPERS service or disability. The benefits are available only to employees who retire from the City.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City's contributions to the Plan were \$544,895.

The City's Total OPEB Liability will be liquidated by the General Fund, Internal Service Funds, and Enterprise Funds.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – Membership in the plan consisted of the following at the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Active employees	328
Inactive currently receiving benefits	207
Inactive entitled to but not yet receiving benefits payments	115
Total	650

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. Total OPEB Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The City's total OPEB liability was measured and determined based on the following dates, actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021
Measurement Date June 30, 2022
Contribution Policy No pre-funding

Discount Rate: 3.54% at June 30, 2022 (Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index)

2.16% at June 30, 2021 (Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index)

General Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases: Aggregate -2.75% annually

Merit - CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study Non-Medicare - 6.50% for 2023, decreasing to an

Medical Trend

We dical Trend

ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 and later years

Medicare (Non-Kaiser) - 5.65% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 and later years

Medicare (Kaiser) - 4.60% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 and later years

Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-

Mortality, Retirement, Disability CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study

Mortality Improvement 2021

The discount rate was based on the Municipal Bond Rate as of the measurement date.

C. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability follows:

	T	otal OPEB	
	Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$	16,879,014	
Changes in the year:			
Service cost		1,089,438	
Changes of assumptions		(3,247,287)	
Interest on the total OPEB liability		382,131	
Actual vs. expected experience		-	
Benefit payments		(554,472)	
Net changes		(2,330,190)	
Balance at June 30, 2022 (Measurement Date)	\$	14,548,824	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

D. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		Total	OPEB Liability		
Disco	ount Rate - 1%	Curren	t Discount Rate	Disco	ount Rate + 1%
(2.54%)		(3.54%)		(4.54%)	
\$	16,800,316	\$	14,548,824	\$	12,728,882

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Total	OPEB Liability		
19	% Decrease	Cu	irrent Trend	19	% Decrease
\$	12,611,208	\$	14,548,824	\$	17,061,741

E. OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$430,794. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	544,895	\$	
Changes in assumptions		1,862,063		4,571,283
Differences between expected and actual experience				1,996,231
Total	\$	2,406,958	\$	6,567,514

\$544,895 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as part of OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (1,043,705)
2025	(920,705)
2026	(753,273)
2027	(410,560)
2028	(638,269)
Thereafter	(938,939)
Total	\$ (4,705,451)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 11 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (Plan) created in accordance with California Government Code Section 53212 and Internal Revenue Code of 1986, Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

In March 1997, the City amended the Plan's documents to comply with a new federal law. The Plan's assets have been placed into a trust for the exclusive benefit of the employees and their beneficiaries. The City is the administrator of the Plan but the assets are held by an independent investment manager and, therefore, are not recorded as assets of the City. Each employee directs the investment of the assets in his or her account.

In the year 2021, The City has evaluated the requirements of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities and GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans and determined that plan didn't meet the criteria to be reported as a fiduciary activity, as required by the above two statements. Moreover, the plan is classified as other employee benefits for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City provides coverage up to a maximum of \$750,000 for each general liability claim. The City is a member of a public entity risk pool, which provides liability coverage of up to \$40,000,000 per occurrence, including the City's risk-limit. The actuarially determined liability at June 30, 2023, for general liability was \$1,826,257 which includes an estimate for incurred, but not reported claims.

The amounts of coverage for the risk retention, pool participation, purchased insurance and cost reimbursed benefits have not changed from the prior year. The amount of settled claims has not exceeded the maximum coverage in any of the past three years, under risk retention, pool participation, purchased insurance and cost reimbursed plans.

The public entity risk pool (Pool), to which the City belongs, assesses each member an annual contribution to cover claims, operating costs and claim settlement expenses. The Pool has a multi-level risk sharing arrangement for its liability program. Members assume their own losses, up to their retention level. Losses in excess of the retention are paid out of a central pool maintained by the Pool for each of the four levels of coverage. This central pool is funded by all of the members participating in that program layer through contributions. Losses in excess of participation limits and coverages are the responsibility of the individual member from which the loss or claim originated.

The City provides coverage up to a maximum of \$1,000,000 for each workers' compensation claim. In addition, the City carries excess insurance which provides liability coverage up to the statutory limit. The actuarially determined liability as of June 30, 2023 for workers' compensation was \$13,611,168 which includes an estimate for incurred, but not reported claims.

Most funds of the City participate in the retention program and make payments to the Risk Management Fund and the Workers' Compensation Fund, based on budgetary estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims, and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The accrued claims liability reported in the risk funds as of June 30, 2023, is based upon the requirement of GASB Statement No.10. This statement requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities for future claims and payments for workers' compensation were based on an actuarial study, which was completed for the year ended June 30, 2023. Liabilities for future claims and payments for general liability were determined by management, based on the results of the actuarial study as of June 30, 2023.

The following is a reconciliation of changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021:

For the Years	Claims			Claims	Claims Payable
Ended	Payable	Claims	Claims	Payable	Due within
June 30,	July 1,	Incurred	Payments	June 30,	One Year
2021	\$ 12,283,656	\$1,625,607	\$ (655,087)	\$ 13,254,176	\$ 3,606,780
2022	13,254,176	497,056	(413,649)	13,337,583	2,938,712
2023	13,337,583	3,549,839	(1,641,064)	15,246,358	3,221,523

Employee medical, disability and life insurance benefits are also purchased. The City self-insures for additional employee benefit insurance such as dental, vision and unemployment, on a cost reimbursement basis, up to defined annual maximums. No liability has been accrued for these claims, as they are deemed immaterial.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The City participates in several Federal and State grant programs. These programs are subject to the audits by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act and applicable State requirements. In addition, these programs are subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney there is no other pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

B. Construction and Other Commitments

The City's governmental funds had year-end commitments at June 30, 2023 totaling \$17,415,406 for construction related contracts awarded, but not completed, and proprietary funds in the amount of \$8,128,574. In addition, the City's governmental funds had outstanding professional service contracts at year-end in the amount of \$2,892,914 and proprietary funds in the amount of \$7,492,229.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

C. Marina Enterprise Fund Finances

At June 30, 2023, the Marina Enterprise Fund had \$0 in cash while accumulated deficit was \$8.1 million. As discussed in Note 6C, the Marina Enterprise Fund had an outstanding loan of \$7.9 million payable to the California Department of Boating and Waterways, to which the City has not made payments since 2000. The City has been working with the Department in order to eliminate the loan. In addition, the City management is currently exploring options at the Marina to improve operations.

NOTE 14 – POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, the City is required to estimate the components of expected pollution remediation outlays and determine whether outlays for those components should be accrued as liabilities or, if appropriate, capitalized when goods and services are acquired if one of the following five specified obligating events occurs:

- The City is compelled to take pollution remediation action because of an imminent endangerment;
- The City violates a pollution prevention-related permit or license;
- The City is named, or evidence indicates that it will be named, by a regulator as a responsible party or potentially responsible party for remediation, or as a government responsible for sharing costs;
- The City is named, or evidence indicates that it will be named, in a lawsuit to compel participation in pollution remediation
- The City commences or legally obligates itself to commence pollution remediation.

At June 30, 2023, the City identified the following site which met one of the above obligating events:

Payran Street Site 301 Payran Street, site of a former fire station and underground storage tank, has had an extensive history of subsurface investigations and remediation work since approximately 1988. Groundwater sampling and analysis has confirmed that both onsite and offsite groundwater is impacted with petroleum hydrocarbons. The Sonoma County Department of Environmental Heath has previously acted as the Local Oversight Program (LOP) on behalf of the State Water Resources Control Board and has directed the City to continue with its cleanup of the site. As of this date the City has spent the State Fund limit of \$1.5m for past work and the more recent Dual Phase Vapor Extraction Remediation. The City and Edd Clark & Associates (ECA) have operated a High Vacuum Dual Phase Extraction (HVDPE) system to clean up the site since April 2018 and discontinued operation early 2020. The treatment did not bring the site to closure levels. ECA has developed a plan with approval from the Water Board to satisfy site closure requirements. Remediation procedures have commenced and will be active through 2024 with site closure expected by end of 2024.

NOTE 15 - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES

A. Redevelopment Dissolution

Effective January 31, 2012, all Redevelopment Agencies were dissolved. Certain assets of the former Redevelopment Agency Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund were distributed to a Housing Successor; and all remaining former Redevelopment Agency assets and liabilities were distributed to the Successor Agency.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

ABx1 26 and AB1484 direct the State Controller to review the activities of all former redevelopment agencies and successor agencies to determine whether an asset transfer between a former redevelopment agency and any public agency occurred on or after January 1, 2011. If an asset transfer did occur and the public agency that received the asset is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of the asset, the legislation purports to require the State Controller to order the asset returned to the redevelopment agency. In February 2015, the California State Controller's Office (SCO) concluded that \$1.7 million in loan repayments made by the former Petaluma Community Development Commission (PCDC) to the City prior to the dissolution of the PCDC must be turned over to the Successor Agency. Petaluma submitted a letter stating its disagreement with the SCO. In addition to the loan repayment, the City and the California Department of Finance have litigated over the use of \$7.7 million in 2011 bond proceeds to fund the Rainer Crosstown Connector Highway Project. The litigation portion is complete however the decision on the use of bond proceeds is pending due to the complexity of the case and State law. It is anticipated the funds will be released for use however at this point it is unknown.

Cash and investments of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2023 are discussed in Note 2. Information presented in the following footnotes represents other assets and liabilities of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2023.

B. Notes Receivable

The Successor Agency assumed the Storefront Loan Program of the PCDC as of February 1, 2012, which offers low interest loans to property owners with buildings located in the Central Business District (Downtown) as an incentive to make improvements to the exterior storefronts. At June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance of the loans was \$234,744.

C. Long-Term Debt

Current Year Transactions and Balances

All of the long-term debt of the Successor Agency is comprised of Tax Allocation Bonds issued by the Redevelopment Agency. The Bonds are special obligations of the Agency and are secured only by the Agency's tax increment revenues. Tax Allocation Bond transactions were as follows:

Successor Agency Debt:	Original Issue Amount	Balance at June 30, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Balance at June 30, 2023	Amount due within one year
Tax Allocation Bonds:						
2015 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A						
3.73%, due 5/1/2033	\$19,545,000	\$15,310,000	\$ -	\$ 710,000	\$14,600,000	\$ 750,000
2015 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B						
3.25%, due 5/1/2030	16,060,000	9,865,000	=	1,095,000	8,770,000	1,120,000
2017 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds						
3.00-4.00%, due 11/01/2039	35,945,000	30,240,000	=	1,455,000	28,785,000	1,505,000
Plus: Original issue Premium	491,287	357,301		22,331	334,970	
Total Tax Allocation Bonds		\$55,772,301	\$ -	\$ 3,282,331	\$52,489,970	\$ 3,375,000

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Redevelopment Agency Tax Allocation Bonds

2015 Series A & B Tax Allocation Bonds - On March 1, 2015 the former PCDC issued Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2015A & B Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$19,545,000 and \$16,060,000. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to refund the 2003A and 2005A Tax Allocation Bonds. The Bonds mature annually each May from 2016 to 2033, and May 2016 to 2030, respectively, in amounts ranging from \$325,000 to \$3,950,000 and from \$35,000 to \$685,000 and bear interest rates of 3.73% and 3.25%. Interest is payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1. The bonds are payable solely from secured tax revenues.

2017 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds - On May 31, 2017 the Petaluma Community Development Successor Agency issued Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$35,945,000. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to refund the Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2007 and Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2011. The Bonds mature annually each November from 2017 to 2039 in amounts ranging from \$355,000 to \$4,060,000 and bear interest rates of 2.00% and 4.00%. Interest is payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1. The bonds are payable solely from secured tax revenues.

The bonds were issued at a premium of \$491,287 which is being amortized over the 22-year life of the bonds resulting in an annual amortization of \$22,331.

As discussed above, the former PCDC has pledged tax increment revenues for the repayment of the Tax Allocation Bonds. In future years, annual principal and interest payments on Tax Allocation Bonds are expected to require 29% of tax incremental revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Bonds was \$73,679,962 at June 30, 2023. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency discussed above, Tax Increment is no longer distributed, and instead the Successor Agency receives payments from the County's Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) that are to be used to fund debt service on the Bonds, with no distinction between housing and non-housing revenues. The RPTTF received for fiscal year 2022-2023 was \$5,415,487 which represented coverage of 106% of the \$5,096,246 of debt service.

2003A and 2005A Tax Allocation Bonds - As of June 30, 2023 the outstanding defeased balance related to the 2003A and 2005A Tax Allocation Bonds was \$14,380,000 and \$8,650,000, respectively.

2007 and 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds - As of June 30, 2023 the outstanding defeased balance related to the 2007 and 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds was \$27,670,000 and \$1,140,000, respectively.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements are shown below:

For the Year	Tax Allocation Bonds							
Ending June 30, 2023		Princip al		Interest				
2024	\$ 3,375,000		\$	1,756,712				
2025		2,370,000		1,653,126				
2026		2,430,000		1,568,679				
2027		2,510,000		1,481,884				
2028		2,595,000		1,392,103				
2029-2033		15,820,000		5,475,996				
2034-2038		15,070,000		2,786,069				
2039-2040		7,985,000		271,772				
Outstanding Accumulated Payments and Penalties		52,155,000	\$	16,386,339				
Less: Original Issuance								
Premium (Discount)		334,970						
Total Payments due	\$	52,489,970						

D. Commitments and Contingencies State Approval of Enforceable Obligations

The Successor Agency prepares a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) semi-annually that contains all proposed expenditures for the subsequent six-month period. The ROPS is subject to the review and approval of the Oversight Board as well as the State Department of Finance. Although the State Department of Finance may not question items included on the ROPS in one period, they may question the same items in a future period and disallow associated activities. The amount, if any, of current obligations that may be denied by the State Department of Finance cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



City of Petaluma Agent Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Plans As of June 30, 2023

Last 10 years*

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

			MISO	CELLANEOUS P	LAN				
Measurement Date:	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY									
Service Cost	\$ 1,931,227	\$ 2,007,788	\$ 2,017,338	\$ 2,343,412	\$ 2,452,860	\$ 2,267,931	\$ 2,418,103	\$ 2,388,256	\$ 2,890,530
Interest	6,997,431	7,267,715	7,469,079	7,655,833	7,911,849	8,339,289	8,755,819	9,077,638	9,302,197
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	(1,694,544)	-	6,039,854	(662,917)	-	-	-	3,958,306
Difference Between Expected and									
Actual Experience	-	(848,115)	(1,631,258)	(1,001,955)	(230,240)	1,696,254	1,572,996	319,069	(430,856)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of						-	-	-	-
Employee Contributions	(4,570,066)	(4,871,008)	(5,162,636)	(5,332,945)	(5,827,389)	(6,153,231)	(6,706,182)	(7,247,992)	(7,532,025)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	4,358,592	1,861,836	2,692,523	9,704,199	3,644,163	6,150,243	6,040,736	4,536,971	8,188,152
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	94,618,497	98,977,089	100,838,925	103,531,448	113,235,647	116,879,810	123,030,053	129,070,789	133,607,760
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 98,977,089	\$100,838,925	\$103,531,448	\$113,235,647	\$116,879,810	\$123,030,053	\$129,070,789	\$133,607,760	\$141,795,912
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION									
Contributions - Employer	\$ 2,390,127	\$ 1,990,786	\$ 2,382,217	\$ 2,624,811	\$ 5,913,026	\$ 2,217,461	\$ 2,509,179	\$ 2,850,083	\$ 3,386,510
Contributions - Employee	1,243,703	889,286	936,978	976,772	1,362,257	1,613,907	1,632,423	1,642,931	1,991,427
Net Investment Income	11,808,495	1,767,481	386,997	8,528,004	7,122,301	6,003,561	4,736,510	21,678,368	(8,725,805)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds	,,	,,,,,	,	-,,-	., ,	-,,-	,,.	,,.	(-)))
of Employee Contributions	(4,570,066)	(4,871,008)	(5,162,636)	(5,332,945)	(5,827,389)	(6,153,231)	(6,706,182)	(7,247,992)	(7,532,025)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	-	-	2,139	(215)	-	-	-	-
Administrative Expense	-	(89,077)	(48,215)	(114,583)	(131,351)	(65,997)	(135,474)	(98,031)	(72,859)
Other Miscellaneous Income	-	` -	· · · · ·		(249,437)	215		, , ,	
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	10,872,259	(312,532)	(1,504,659)	6,684,198	8,189,192	3,615,916	2,036,456	18,825,359	(10,952,752)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	68,552,979	79,425,238	79,112,706	77,608,047	84,292,245	92,481,437	96,097,353	98,133,809	116,959,169
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 79,425,238	\$ 79,112,706	\$ 77,608,047	\$ 84,292,245	\$ 92,481,437	\$ 96,097,353	\$ 98,133,809	\$116,959,168	\$106,006,417
Plan Net Position Liability (Asset)									
Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 19,551,851	\$ 21,726,219	\$ 25,923,401	\$ 28,943,402	\$ 24,398,373	\$ 26,932,700	\$ 30,936,980	\$ 16,648,592	\$ 35,789,495
DI ELL NAD W									
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	80.25%	78.48%	74.96%	74.44%	79.13%	78.11%	76.03%	87.54%	74.76%
of the Total Pension Liability	80.25%	/8.48%	/4.90%	/4.44%	/9.13%	/8.11%	/6.03%	87.54%	/4./0%
Covered Payroll	\$ 12,004,148	\$ 13,001,281	\$ 13,272,833	\$ 14,000,551	\$ 14,820,907	\$ 14,028,153	\$ 15,179,537	\$ 15,508,156	\$ 18,704,640
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as									
a Percentage of Covered Payroll	162.88%	167.11%	195.31%	206.73%	164.62%	191.99%	203.81%	107.35%	191.34%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: The figures above include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary.

Changes of Assumptions: None in 2019 - 2021. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation

City of Petaluma Agent Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Plans

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

Last 10 years*

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	MISCELLANEOUS PLAN								
	Fiscal Year 2014-15	Fiscal Year 2015-16	Fiscal Year 2016-17	Fiscal Year 2017-18	Fiscal Year 2018-19	Fiscal Year 2019-20	Fiscal Year 2020-21	Fiscal Year 2021-22	Fiscal Year 2022-23
Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$ 1,990,786	\$ 2,382,217	\$ 2,624,811	\$ 2,396,097	\$ 2,217,461	\$ 2,509,179	\$ 2,850,083	\$ 2,544,625	\$ 3,386,510
determined contributions	(1,990,786)	(2,382,217)	(2,624,811)	(5,913,026)	(2,217,461)	(2,509,179)	(2,850,083)	(2,544,625)	(3,386,510)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,516,929)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	S -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 13,001,281	\$ 13,272,833	\$ 14,000,551	\$ 14,820,907	\$ 14,028,153	\$ 15,179,537	\$ 15,508,156	\$ 18,704,640	\$21,394,148
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.31%	17.95%	18.75%	39.90%	15.81%	16.53%	18.38%	13.60%	15.83%
Notes to Schedule Valuation date:	6/30/2013	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine contributions were:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal Level of percent of pay Fair value of assets Amortization method Asset valuation method Inflation 2.500%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

payroll growth 2.750% Investment rate of return 7.00%

 $The probabilities of \ Retirement \ are \ based \ on \ the \ 2017 \ CalPERS \ Experience \ Study \ for \ the \ period \ from \ 1997 \ to \ 2015.$ Retirement age The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. Mortality

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation

City of Petaluma Agent Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Plans

As of June 30, 2023

Last 10 years*

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

			SAFETY	Y PLAN					
Measurement Date:	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022
TO TAL PENSION LIABILITY									
Service Cost	\$ 3,422,621	\$ 3,115,595	\$ 3,034,176	\$ 3,646,598	\$ 3,691,563	\$ 3,739,059	\$ 3,793,765	\$ 3,991,665	\$ 4,498,565
Interest	11,716,276	12,221,159	12,650,095	13,084,036	13,623,550	14,341,094	14,944,956	15,713,626	16,335,007
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	(3,032,668)	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	_	_	11,023,088	(821,854)	-	-	-	8,084,483
Difference Between Expected and									
Actual Experience	-	(423,859)	(1,118,953)	(297,700)	1,060,333	2,573,806	927,352	3,350,559	1,263,175
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of									
Employee Contributions	(7,707,622)	(8,276,688)	(8,863,457)	(9,302,702)	(9,589,184)	(10,164,976)	(11,013,516)	(11,861,680)	(12,814,603)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	7,431,275	3,603,539	5,701,861	18,153,320	7,964,408	10,488,983	8,652,557	11,194,170	17,366,627
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	158,359,501	165,790,776	169,394,315	175,096,176	193,249,496	201,213,904	211,702,887	220,355,444	231,549,614
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$165,790,776	\$169,394,315	\$175,096,176	\$193,249,496	\$201,213,904	\$211,702,887	\$220,355,444	\$231,549,614	\$248,916,241
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION									
Contributions - Employer	\$ 5,842,432	\$ 4,384,155	\$ 4,894,550	\$ 5,735,707	\$ 9,856,013	\$ 6,295,736	\$ 7,037,426	\$ 7,777,765	\$ 8,485,617
Contributions - Employee	1,731,948	1,037,804	1,025,996	1,300,945	1,347,243	1,382,382	1,419,769	1,687,498	1,740,753
Net Investment Income	17,135,155	2,505,960	588,669	12,302,444	10,381,838	8,721,753	7,003,170	32,531,466	(13,152,998)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds									
of Employee Contributions	(7,707,622)	(8,276,688)	(8,863,457)	(9,302,702)	(9,589,184)	(10,164,976)	(11,013,516)	(11,861,680)	(12,814,603)
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	61,599	-	-	(314)	=	-	-	-
Administrative Expense	-	(130,196)	(70,508)	(167,231)	(191,879)	(96,036)	(198,373)	(144,809)	(108,985)
Other Miscellaneous Income	-	-	-	-	(364,382)	314	-	-	-
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	17,001,913	(417,366)	(2,424,750)	9,869,163	11,439,335	6,139,173	4,248,476	29,990,240	(15,850,216)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	99,106,801	116,108,714	115,691,348	113,266,598	123,135,761	134,575,096	140,714,269	144,962,745	174,952,985
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$116,108,714	\$115,691,348	\$113,266,598	\$123,135,761	\$134,575,096	\$140,714,269	\$144,962,745	\$174,952,985	\$159,102,769
Plan Net Position Liability (Asset)									
- Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 49,682,062	\$ 53,702,967	\$ 61,829,578	\$ 70,113,735	\$ 66,638,808	\$ 70,988,618	\$ 75,392,699	\$ 56,596,629	\$ 89,813,472
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage									
of the Total Pension Liability	70.03%	68.30%	64.69%	63.72%	66.88%	66.47%	65.79%	75.56%	63.92%
Covered Payroll	\$ 11,800,515	\$ 11,238,710	\$ 11,313,110	\$ 12,054,472	\$ 12,578,583	\$ 12,655,472	\$ 12,812,444	\$ 13,927,653	\$ 14,867,490
Plan Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	421.02%	477.84%	546.53%	581.64%	529.78%	560.93%	588.43%	406.36%	604.09%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes: The figures above include any liability impact that may have resulted from voluntary benefit changes that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation. However, offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes) that occurred after the June 30, 2019 valuation date are not included in the figures above, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material by the plan actuary.

Changes of Assumptions: None in 2019 - 2021. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation

City of Petaluma Agent Multiple-employer Defined Benefit Plans For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

Last 10 years* SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	SAFETY PLAN								
	Fiscal Year 2014-15	Fiscal Year 2015-16	Fiscal Year 2016-17	Fiscal Year 2017-18	Fiscal Year 2018-19	Fiscal Year 2019-20	Fiscal Year 2020-21	Fiscal Year 2021-22	Fiscal Year 2022-23
Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$ 4,384,155	\$ 4,894,550	\$ 5,735,707	\$ 5,882,658	\$ 6,295,736	\$ 7,037,426	\$ 7,786,832	\$ 9,494,687	\$ 8,485,617
determined contributions	(4,384,155)	(4,894,550)	(5,735,707)	(9,856,013)	(6,295,736)	(7,037,426)	(7,786,832)	(9,494,687)	(9,494,687)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,973,355)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$11,238,710	\$11,313,110	\$12,054,472	\$12,578,583	\$12,655,472	\$12,812,444	\$13,927,653	\$14,867,490	\$16,003,589
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	39.01%	43.26%	47.58%	78.36%	49.75%	54.93%	55.91%	63.86%	53.02%
Notes to Schedule Valuation date:	6/30/2013	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine contributions were:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level of percent of pay
Asset valuation method Fair value of assets
Inflation 2.500%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service payroll growth 2.750%

payroll growth 2.750% Investment rate of return 7.00%

Retirement age The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90%

of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation

CITY OF PETALUMA

Required supplemental Information

For the year ended June 30, 2023

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

OPEB Plan - Single Employer Last 10 years*

Measurement Period	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 985,423	\$ 945,118	\$ 798,042	\$ 1,144,593	\$ 1,089,438
Interest on the total OPEB liability	590,974	653,601	516,603	421,950	382,131
Actual vs. expected experience	-	-	=	(1,548,253)	=
Changes of assumptions	(696,520)	(3,089,676)	3,192,107	(820,930)	(3,247,287)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(443,524)	(473,127)	(508,384)	(532,983)	(554,472)
Net change in total OPEB liability	436,353	(1,964,084)	3,998,368	(1,335,623)	(2,330,190)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	15,744,000	16,180,353	14,216,269	18,214,637	16,879,014
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 16,180,353	\$ 14,216,269	\$ 18,214,637	\$ 16,879,014	\$ 14,548,824
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 31,217,344	\$ 32,816,511	\$ 34,820,346	\$ 35,857,240	\$ 39,829,597
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	51.83%	43.32%	52.31%	47.07%	36.53%

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation

The City currently do not have assets set-aside in a qualifying trust for OPEB benfits



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government, which are not required legally, or by sound financial management, to be accounted for in another fund.

HOME/BEGIN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The Home/Begin Special Revenue Fund is used to account for federal grants received under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. The money is used for specific programs, which provide housing to people with low and moderate income.

IMPACT FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund is used to account for fees received from local development projects, which are used for the construction of major public improvements, provide assistance to low income people in the community and for the acquisition, development, and enhancement of neighborhood and community parks.

SUCCESSOR HOUSING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund was established to account for loan repayments and activities related to the assets assumed by the City as Housing Successor to the Petaluma Community Development Commission (PCDC) for the housing activities of the former PCDC.

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the	year	ended	June	30 ,	2023
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REVENUES:	 Budgeted Original	l Amo	unts Final		Actual Amounts		nriance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
			10.001.011		5 0 0 44 500		• • • • • • •
Taxes	\$ 46,344,861	\$	48,894,861	\$	50,964,732	\$	2,069,871
Licenses, permits and fees	1,133,254		1,133,254		1,392,042		258,788
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property	485,000 406,663		485,000 406,663		365,758 911,684		(119,242) 505,021
Intergovernmental	7,175,444		7,175,444		8,715,827		1,540,383
Charges for current services	5,077,350		5,077,350		7,618,711		2,541,361
-	 			-	-		
Total revenues	 60,636,572		63,186,572		70,259,663		7,073,091
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government:							
City council	47,813		47,813		33,128		14,685
City clerk	533,466		566,104		468,149		97,955
City attorney	953,511		953,511		709,342		244,169
City manager	2,033,502		2,219,446		2,595,744		(376,298)
Administrative services	2,481,506		2,158,418		1,387,010		771,408
Community development	1,040,674		1,040,674		1,568,081		(527,407)
Police	24,711,966		24,981,297		26,218,266		(1,236,969)
Fire	20,056,179		20,106,426		21,849,553		(1,743,127)
Parks and recreation	2,292,951		2,292,951		2,431,889		(138,938)
Public works	5,197,041		5,199,607		5,895,110		(695,503)
Capital outlay	 219,000		219,000		53,766		165,234
Total expenditures	 59,567,609		59,785,247		63,210,038		(3,424,791)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,068,963		3,401,325		7,049,625		3,648,300
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	13,176,294		12,443,932		12,123,932		(320,000)
Transfers out	(17,487,436)		(18,155,074)		(18,166,265)		(11,191)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,311,142)		(5,711,142)		(6,042,333)		(331,191)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (3,242,179)	\$	(2,309,817)		1,007,292	\$	3,317,109
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					17,662,443		
End of year				\$	18,669,735		

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Home/Begin Special Revenue Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final	Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$ 161,024	\$	161,024	\$ 19,895	\$	(141,129)
Total revenues	161,024		161,024	19,895		(141,129)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community development	900,000		900,000	 810,000		90,000
Total expenditures	900,000		900,000	 810,000		90,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ (738,976)	\$	(738,976)	(790,105)	\$	(51,129)
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				 17,833,747		
End of year				\$ 17,043,642		

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Impact Fees Special Revenue Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2023

DEVENIUES.	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Licenses, permits and fees Use of money and property Charges for current services Other	\$ 6,521,651 249,375 126,094	\$ 6,521,651 249,375 126,094	\$ 10,903,448 1,082,726 218,069 9,807	\$ 4,381,797 833,351 91,975 9,807
Total revenues EXPENDITURES:	6,897,120	6,897,120	12,214,050	5,316,930
Current: Community development Parks and recreation Public works Total expenditures	2,864,680 31,388 75,791 2,971,859	4,484,680 31,388 75,791 4,591,859	1,780,920 53,556 121,197 1,955,673	2,703,760 (22,168) (45,406) 2,636,186
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,925,261	2,305,261	10,258,377	7,953,116
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,551,856)	(8,701,856) (8,701,856)	494,085 (8,319,708) (7,825,623)	494,085 382,148 876,233
Net change in fund balance	\$ (7,626,595)	\$ (6,396,595)	2,432,754	\$ 8,829,349
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year			64,355,778	
End of year			\$ 66,788,532	

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Successor Housing Special Revenue Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2023

DEVENIUE	Ori	Budgeted ginal	Amour	nts Final		Actual Amounts	Fin 1	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$	35,026	\$	35,026	\$	3,979	\$	(31,047)
Charges for current services	-	5,938		5,938		19,045		13,107
Total revenues		40,964		40,964		23,024		(17,940)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development		400,006		400,006		497,999		(97,993)
Total expenditures		400,006		400,006		497,999		(97,993)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(359,042)		(359,042)		(474,975)		(115,933)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		394,006		394,006		394,006		-
Transfers out		(16,150)		(16,150)		(16,150)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		377,856		377,856	-	377,856		
Net change in fund balance	\$	18,814	\$	18,814		(97,119)	\$	(115,933)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						22,750,285		
End of year					\$	22,653,166		



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



BUDGETED MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OTHER THAN GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

CITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund accounts for the collection of resources and the related expenditure on acquisition and construction of major capital improvement projects in the City, other than those accounted for in proprietary funds.

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual City Capital Projects Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Licenses, permits and fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,144,764	\$ 2,144,764
Use of money and property	438	438	(19,632)	(20,070)
Intergovernmental	15,000	15,000	423,956	408,956
Charges for current services	-	-	6,281	6,281
Other			150,732	150,732
Total revenues	15,438	15,438	2,706,101	2,690,663
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	7,879,000	3,090,000	2,701,680	388,320
Parks and recreation	8,416,000	9,442,055	5,739,211	3,702,844
Public works	21,625,000	14,652,189	10,480,960	4,171,229
Capital outlay	75,000	75,000	178,266	(103,266)
Total expenditures	37,995,000	27,259,244	19,100,117	8,159,127
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(37,979,562)	(27,243,806)	(16,394,016)	10,849,790
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	18,816,824	15,773,824	18,617,243	2,843,419
Transfers out	-	(2,505)	(622,828)	(620,323)
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,816,824	15,771,319	17,994,415	2,223,096
Net change in fund balance	\$ (19,162,738)	\$ (11,472,487)	1,600,399	\$ 13,072,886
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year			8,155,444	
End of year			\$ 9,755,843	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

The fund accounts for federal grants received under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 from the US Department of Housing and Urban Development. Funds are used to develop a viable urban community, by providing adequate housing, a suitable living environment, and expanding economic opportunities, principally for persons with low and moderate income.

GRANTS AND DONATIONS FUND

The fund accounts for various donations received by City departments, and related expenditures.

GAS TAX FUND

The fund reports receipts and disbursements of funds under Streets and Highways Code Sections 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5 of the State of California. Expenditures in this fund, for administrations, maintenance and construction, must be street related.

PUBLIC SAFETY FUND

The fund is used to account for asset seizure, supplemental law enforcement, abandoned vehicle abatement and fire hazmat activities.

LANDSCAPE ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS FUND

The fund details revenue and maintenance costs associated with forty-seven landscape assessment districts maintained by the City of Petaluma. These districts collect funds from the property owners, and use the funds to maintain common landscape areas within the boundaries of the district.

STREET FUND

The fund accounts for revenue received from the solid waste surcharge, imposed as part of the franchise fee on the waste hauler. This revenue, along with transfers from various other City funds, will be expended on street maintenance activities.

TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX FUND

The fund reports the hotel and motel occupancy tax receipts, and the disbursements to local, not-for-profit groups, which sponsor community events, or promote tourism.

PRINCE PARK FUND

The fund details the activity of the ongoing maintenance of Prince Park. The activities included in this fund are receipts of investment earnings, and transfers out to the general fund to cover costs of the park's maintenance.

MEASURE M PARK FUND

The fund accounts for the receipt and disbursements of funds from the Sonoma County Measure M sales tax. Expenditures must be used for maintenance and improvement of city parks, waterways, natural areas, and to improve recreation facilities.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

TOURISM IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND

The fund reports the receipt form the Petaluma Downtown Tourism Improvement District Tax and disbursements from the funds. The Petaluma Downtown Tourism District collects tax from hotels and lodging establishments in the district and pays a portion of this to the City to be utilized for district approved projects.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

2021 LEASE REVENUE BONDS FUND

This fund is used to account for Bond related activity

PERMANENT FUND

WICKERSHAM PARK TRUST FUND

The fund accounts for resources that are held by the City, which are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings may be used maintenance improvements to Wickersham Park.



City of Petaluma Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
	Community Development Block Grant		Grants and Donations		Gas Tax		Public Safety Special Revenue		Landscape Assessment District	
ASSETS										
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	\$	-	\$	810,665	\$	-	\$	650,426	\$	655,189
Accounts, net		-		-		-		500		-
Intergovernmental		199,821		475,197		286,297		87,333		16,058
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
loans receivable	925,015 35,290				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			-
Interest receivable related to loans receivable										
Total assets	\$	1,160,126	\$	1,285,862	\$	286,297	\$	738,259	\$	671,247
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	91,329 28,588	\$	415,272	\$	250,403	\$	80,723	\$	26,889
Total liabilities		119,917		415,272		250,403		80,723		26,889
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenues		35,290		-		-		-		_
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		1,004,919		870,590		35,894		657,536		644,358
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		1,004,919		870,590		35,894		657,536		644,358
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,160,126	\$	1,285,862	\$	286,297	\$	738,259	\$	671,247

Street										DEBT SERVICE						
Street Occupancy Tax Prince Park Measure M Parks Improvement District Revenue Bonds Wickersham Park Trust Governm Fund \$ 2,483,378 \$ 18,947 \$ 177,307 \$ 181,087 \$ 236,180 \$ 4,252,178 \$ 26,040 \$ 9,4 156,026 445,154 - - - 15,135 - - - 6 149,265 - - - - - - 204,699 - - - - 1,4 250,403 - <	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								FUND	PERMANENT		_	Total			
\$ 2,483,378 \$ 18,947 \$ 177,307 \$ 181,087 \$ 236,180 \$ 4,252,178 \$ 26,040 \$ 9,4	Occ		Occupancy		М			provement					Non-Major Governmental Funds			
156,026																
156,026	\$ 2,48	33,378	\$	18,947	\$	177,307	\$	181,087	\$	236,180	\$	4,252,178	\$	26,040	\$	9,491,39
149,265 - - 204,699 - - - 1,4 250,403 - - - - - - 2 - - - - - - - - 9 \$ 3,039,072 \$ 464,101 \$ 177,307 \$ 385,786 \$ 251,315 \$ 22,297,909 \$ 26,040 \$ 30,7 \$ 319,567 \$ 166,807 \$ - \$ 25,442 \$ 53,140 \$ 1,100 \$ - \$ 1,1 - - - - - - - - 2 319,567 166,807 - 25,442 \$ 53,140 1,100 - 1,4 1,185 - - - - 3,362 - - - 2,718,320 297,294 177,307 360,344 194,813 22,296,809 - 29,2 -		-		-		-		-		-		18,045,731		-		18,045,73
250,403	15	56,026		445,154		-		-		15,135		-		-		616,81
\$ 319,567 \$ 166,807 \$ - \$ 25,442 \$ 53,140 \$ 1,100 \$ - \$ 1,1				-		-		204,699		-		-		-		1,418,67
\$ 319,567 \$ 166,807 \$ - \$ 25,442 \$ 53,140 \$ 1,100 \$ - \$ 1,1	2.	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		250,40 925,01
\$ 319,567 \$ 166,807 \$ - \$ 25,442 \$ 53,140 \$ 1,100 \$ - \$ 1,1 2 319,567 166,807 - 25,442 53,140 1,100 - 1,4 1,185 3,362 2,718,320 297,294 177,307 360,344 194,813 22,296,809 - 29,2		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		35,29
319,567 166,807 - 25,442 53,140 1,100 - 1,4 1,185 - - - 3,362 - - 2,718,320 297,294 177,307 360,344 194,813 22,296,809 - 29,2	\$ 3,03	39,072	\$	464,101	\$	177,307	\$	385,786	\$	251,315	\$	22,297,909	\$	26,040	\$	30,783,32
1,185 3,362 26,040 2,718,320 297,294 177,307 360,344 194,813 22,296,809 - 29,2	3	19,567	\$		Ф											
2,718,320 297,294 177,307 360,344 194,813 22,296,809 - 29,2	31	0.567		166,807 -		-	<u> </u>	25,442	\$	53,140	\$	1,100	\$	- -	\$	
2,718,320 297,294 177,307 360,344 194,813 22,296,809 - 29,2 		19,307		-	\$ 	- - -	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$	- - -	\$	278,99
2,718,320 297,294 177,307 360,344 194,813 22,296,809 - 29,2 				-	\$ 	- - - -	\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$	53,140	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- - - -	\$	1,180,26 278,99 1,459,26
				-	\$ 	- - - -	\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$	53,140	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- - - - -	\$	278,99 1,459,26
2,718,320 297,294 177,307 360,344 194,813 22,296,809 26,040 29,2	2.77	1,185		166,807	\$ 	- - -	\$ 	25,442	\$	53,140	\$	1,100	\$	- - -	\$	278,99 1,459,26 39,83 26,04
	2,71	1,185		- 166,807 - - 297,294	\$ 	- - 177,307	\$ 	25,442	\$	53,140 3,362 194,813	\$	1,100	\$	26,040	\$	278,99 1,459,20 39,83
3,039,072 \$ 464,101 \$ 177,307 \$ 385,786 \$ 251,315 \$ 22,297,909 \$ 26,040 \$ 30,7		1,185		- 166,807 - - 297,294 -		177,307	<u></u>	25,442	\$	53,140 3,362 - 194,813	\$	1,100	\$	26,040	\$	278,99 1,459,20 39,85 26,04

City of Petaluma

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Non-Major Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
	Community Development Block Grant	Grants and Donations	Gas Tax	Public Safety Special Revenue	Landscape Assessment District			
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses, permits and fees	-	-	-	-	-			
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	-	-	500	-			
Use of money and property	142	(24,585)	5,636	10,010	10,391			
Intergovernmental	440,687	4,211,673	2,841,114	397,558	-			
Charges for current services	-	-	-	-	619,780			
Other		360,679						
Total revenues	440,829	4,547,767	2,846,750	408,068	630,171			
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development	433,528	780,587	-	-	-			
Police	=	1,622,789	-	149,501	-			
Fire	-	138,100	-	37	-			
Parks and recreation	-	87,129	-	-	465,261			
Public works	-	938,326	42,263	-	-			
Capital outlay	-	82,529	-	-	-			
Debt service:								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-			
Interest and other charges			-	-				
Total expenditures	433,528	3,649,460	42,263	149,538	465,261			
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	7,301	898,307	2,804,487	258,530	164,910			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in	-	933,556	_	_	_			
Transfers out	(13,395)	(3,230,747)	(2,768,593)	(130,000)				
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	(13,395)	(2,297,191)	(2,768,593)	(130,000)				
Net change in fund balances	(6,094)	(1,398,884)	35,894	128,530	164,910			
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year	1,011,013	2,269,474		529,006	479,448			
End of year	\$ 1,004,919	\$ 870,590	\$ 35,894	\$ 657,536	\$ 644,358			

		SPEC	CIAL REV	ENUE FU	JNDS				DEBT SERVICE FUND		PER	MANENT		Total
Street	Transient Occupancy Tax		Prince Park		M	Measure M Parks		Tourism Improvement District		021 Lease venue Bonds	Wickersham Park Trust		Non-Major Governmental Funds	
\$ 1,559,307	\$	3,385,313	\$	-	\$	891,780	\$	108,702	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,836,400 108,702 500
67,913 648,798		11,088		5,079		7,908		2,935		545,048		499		642,064 8,539,830
1,681 8,428		-		-		-		44,709		-		-		621,461 413,816
2,286,127		3,396,401		5,079		899,688		156,346		545,048		499		16,162,773
_		316,984		_		_		350,522		_		<u>-</u>		1,881,621
-		-		-		-		29,902		-		-		1,772,290 168,039
-		-		-		308,082		29,902		-		-		860,472
3,732,891 102,065		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,713,480 184,594
-		- -		-		- -		-		370,000 548,091		-		370,000 548,091
3,834,956		316,984				308,082		380,424		918,091		-		10,498,587
 (1,548,829)		3,079,417		5,079		591,606		(224,078)		(373,043)		499		5,664,186
3,658,984 (1,645,582)		15,237 (2,674,276)	(- 171,500)		113,116 (710,000)		245,000		3,701,135 (2,560,579)		-		8,667,028 (13,904,672)
2,013,402		(2,659,039)	`	171,500)		(596,884)		245,000	-	1,140,556				(5,237,644)
464,573		420,378		166,421)		(5,278)		20,922		767,513		499		426,542
2,253,747		(123,084)	:	343,728		365,622		173,891		21,529,296		25,541		28,857,682
\$ 2,718,320	\$	297,294	\$	177,307	\$	360,344	\$	194,813	\$	22,296,809	\$	26,040	\$	29,284,224

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Community Development Block Grant

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$	194	\$	194	\$	142	\$	(52)
Intergovernmental		795,000		355,000		440,687		85,687
Total revenues		795,194		355,194		440,829		85,635
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Community development		298,848		298,848		433,528		(134,680)
Total expenditures		298,848		298,848		433,528		(134,680)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		496,346		56,346		7,301		(49,045)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(71,000)		(71,000)		(13,395)		57,605
Total other financing sources (uses)		369,000		(71,000)		(13,395)		57,605
Net change in fund balance	\$	865,346	\$	(14,654)		(6,094)	\$	8,560
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						1,011,013		
End of year					\$	1,004,919		

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Grants and Donations

For the	year	ended	June	30,	2023
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	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	(24,585)	\$ (24,585)
Intergovernmental	3,645,657	2,666,657	4,211,673	1,545,016
Other	1,000,000	1,000,000	360,679	(639,321)
Total revenues	4,645,657	3,666,657	4,547,767	881,110
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Community development	1,024,427	1,024,427	780,587	243,840
Police	1,224,070	1,224,070	1,622,789	(398,719)
Fire	-	-	138,100	(138,100)
Parks and recreation	750,000	1 101 (21	87,129	(87,129)
Public works Capital outlay	750,000	1,181,631	938,326 82,529	243,305 (82,529)
•				
Total expenditures	2,998,497	3,430,128	3,649,460	(219,332)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,647,160	236,529	898,307	661,778
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	5,000	250,000	933,556	683,556
Transfers out	(2,481,000)	(1,747,000)	(3,230,747)	(1,483,747)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,476,000)	(1,497,000)	(2,297,191)	(800,191)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (828,840)	\$ (1,260,471)	(1,398,884)	\$ (138,413)
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year			2,269,474	
End of year			\$ 870,590	

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Gas Tax

		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	6,009 3,184,593	\$	6,009 3,184,593	\$ 5,636 2,841,114	\$	(373) (343,479)
Total revenues		3,190,602		3,190,602	2,846,750		(343,852)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:		307		207	42.262		(41.056)
Public works				307	 42,263		(41,956)
Total expenditures		307		307	 42,263		(41,956)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3,190,295		3,190,295	 2,804,487		(385,808)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(3,184,593)		(3,184,593)	 (2,768,593)		416,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,184,593)		(3,184,593)	(2,768,593)		416,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	5,702	\$	5,702	35,894	\$	30,192
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 		
End of year					\$ 35,894		

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Public Safety

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:								
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	3,967 150,000	\$	3,967 150,000	\$	500 10,010 397,558	\$	500 6,043 247,558
Total revenues		153,967		153,967		408,068		254,101
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Police		146,864		146,864		149,501		(2,637)
Total expenditures		146,901		146,901		149,538		(2,637)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		7,066		7,066		258,530		251,464
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in Transfers out		(130,000)		(130,000)		(130,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(130,000)		(130,000)		(130,000)		
Net change in fund balance	\$	(122,934)	\$	(122,934)		128,530	\$	251,464
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						529,006		
End of year					\$	657,536		

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Landscape Assessment Districts

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$	2,243	\$	2,243	\$ 10,391	\$	8,148	
Charges for current services		419,681		419,681	619,780		200,099	
Total revenues		421,924		421,924	630,171		208,247	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Parks and recreation		485,156		485,156	465,261		19,895	
Total expenditures		485,156		485,156	465,261		19,895	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(63,232)	\$	(63,232)	164,910	\$	228,142	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year					479,448			
End of year					\$ 644,358			

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	1,559,307	\$	1,559,307	\$ 1,559,307	\$	-
Use of money and property		10,078		10,078	67,913		57,835
Intergovernmental		631,637		631,637	648,798		17,161
Charges for current services		15,000		15,000	1,681		(13,319)
Other		12,000		12,000	8,428		(3,572)
Total revenues		2,228,022		2,228,022	 2,286,127		58,105
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public works		4,033,763		4,033,763	3,732,891		300,872
Capital outlay				-	 102,065		(102,065)
Total expenditures		4,033,763		4,033,763	 3,834,956		198,807
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,805,741)		(1,805,741)	 (1,548,829)		256,912
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		4,074,593		4,074,593	3,658,984		(415,609)
Transfers out		(1,885,370)		(1,751,370)	(1,645,582)		105,788
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,189,223		2,323,223	 2,013,402		(309,821)
Net change in fund balance	\$	383,482	\$	517,482	464,573	\$	(52,909)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					2,253,747		
End of year					\$ 2,718,320		

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Transient Occupancy Tax

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:							
Taxes Use of money and property	\$	3,775,975 14,732	\$	3,775,975 14,732	\$ 3,385,313 11,088	\$	(390,662) (3,644)
Total revenues		3,790,707		3,790,707	 3,396,401		(394,306)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community development		253,680		253,680	 316,984		(63,304)
Total expenditures		253,680		253,680	 316,984		(63,304)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3,537,027		3,537,027	 3,079,417		(457,610)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		-		-	15,237		15,237
Transfers out		(2,994,276)		(2,994,276)	(2,674,276)		320,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,994,276)		(2,994,276)	 (2,659,039)		335,237
Net change in fund balance	\$	542,751	\$	542,751	420,378	\$	(122,373)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 (123,084)		
End of year					\$ 297,294		

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Prince Park

	Budgeted A Original			nts Final		Actual Amounts	Final Po	Budget sitive gative)
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property		4,369	_\$	4,369	_\$	5,079	\$	710
Total revenues		4,369		4,369		5,079		710
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(171,500)		(171,500)		(171,500)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(171,500)		(171,500)		(171,500)		
Net change in fund balance	\$	(167,131)	\$	(167,131)		(166,421)	\$	710
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						343,728		
End of year					\$	177,307		

City of Petaluma Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Measure M Parks

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Beginning of year

End of year

	Budgeted	Actual	Fin	riance with hal Budget			
	 Original	Alliou	Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Taxes Use of money and property	\$ 850,000	\$	850,000	\$	891,780 7,908	\$	41,780 7,908
Total revenues	850,000		850,000		899,688		49,688
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Parks and recreation	 493,434		493,434		308,082		185,352
Total expenditures	493,434		493,434		308,082		185,352
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 356,566		356,566		591,606		235,040
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in Transfers out	 (450,000)		2,505 (710,000)		113,116 (710,000)		110,611
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (450,000)		(707,495)		(596,884)		110,611
Net change in fund balance	\$ (93,434)	\$	(350,929)		(5,278)	\$	345,651
FUND BALANCE:							

365,622

360,344

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Tourism Improvement District

REVENUES:	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
	Φ.	1.40.000	Φ	1.40.000	Φ.	100 502	Ф	(21.200)
Licenses, permits and fees Use of money and property Other	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	\$	108,702 2,935 44,709	\$	(31,298) 2,935 44,709
Total revenues		140,000		140,000		156,346		16,346
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Community development Fire		350,873		350,873		350,522 29,902		351 (29,902)
Total expenditures		350,873		350,873		380,424		(29,551)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(210,873)		(210,873)		(224,078)		(13,205)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		245,000		245,000		245,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		245,000		245,000		245,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$	34,127	\$	34,127		20,922	\$	(13,205)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						173,891		
End of year					\$	194,813		

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual 2021 Lease Revenue Bond

	 Budgeted Priginal	Amou	ints Final	Actual Amounts	Fi	nriance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$ 	\$		\$ 545,048	\$	545,048
Total revenues	 			 545,048		545,048
EXPENDITURES:						
Debt service						
Principal	370,000		370,000	370,000		- (6.252)
Interest and other charges	 541,719		541,719	 548,091		(6,372)
Total expenditures	 911,719		911,719	 918,091		(6,372)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (911,719)		(911,719)	(373,043)		538,676
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	3,701,135		3,701,135	3,701,135		-
Transfers out			-	 (2,560,579)		(2,560,579)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 3,701,135		3,701,135	 1,140,556		(2,560,579)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 2,789,416	\$	2,789,416	767,513	\$	(2,021,903)
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				 21,529,296		
End of year				\$ 22,296,809		

City of Petaluma

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Wickersham Park Trust

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property	\$	149	\$ 149	\$ 499	\$	350
Total revenues		149	149	499		350
Net change in fund balance	\$	149	\$ 149	499	\$	350
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				25,541		
End of year				\$ 26,040		



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for special activities and services performed by a designated City department for other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND

The fund accounts for City employees' dental, unemployment and vision benefits, and retiree benefits.

GENERAL SERVICES FUND

The fund accounts for purchasing, printing and mail services.

INFORMATION SERVICES FUND

The fund accounts for the cost of purchasing, operating and maintaining the City's voice, data and computer systems.

RISK MANAGEMENT FUND

The fund accounts for the accumulation of the resources and expenses related to the City's risk management activities and general insurance programs.

VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND (GG) AND (BA)

The fund accounts for the accumulation of resources, and related expenses incurred for the replacement of major equipment and vehicles in the City. The fund is divided into two sub-funds, one for equipment acquired for general government (GG) activities, and one for equipment acquired for business-type activities (BA).

WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND

The fund accounts for the accumulation of resources, and expenses related to funding workers' compensation benefits for City employees.

City of Petaluma Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

	Employee Benefit	General Services	Information Services
ASSETS			
Current Assets: Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 2,747,148	\$ 560,855	\$ -
Accounts, net Inventories Deposits and prepaid items	11,585	14,659	660 - 23,114
Total Current Assets	2,758,733	575,514	23,774
Non-Current Assets: Advance to other funds Capital assets: Depreciable	-	36,440	2,494,547
Less: accumulated depreciation	-	(27,144)	(2,263,241)
Total Non-current Assets		9,296	231,306
Total assets	2,758,733	584,810	255,080
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	386,799	<u>-</u>	644,104
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	3,145,532	584,810	899,184
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Interest payable	14,884	4,903	219,420
Due to other funds	-	-	772,776
Claims payable, due within one year Compensated absences, due within one year OPEB liability, due within one year Long-term debt, due within one year	90,971	- - -	30,068
Total Current Liabilities	105,855	4,903	1,022,264
Non-current Liabilities: Claims payable, due in more than one year Compensated absences, due in more than one year	-	-	180,689
Advance from other funds Net pension liability OPEB liability, due in more than one year	4,592,130 - 2,247,025	-	2,004,212
Long-term debt, due in more than one year			
Total Non-current Liabilities	6,839,155		2,184,901
Total liabilities	6,945,010	4,903	3,207,165
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	-	-	15,511
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	1,055,399		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,055,399		15,511
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	(4,854,877)	9,296 570,611	231,306 (2,554,798)
Total net position	\$ (4,854,877)	\$ 579,907	\$ (2,323,492)

		Vehicles/	Vehicles/		
		Equipment	Equipment		
	Risk	Replacement	Replacement	Workers'	
M	anagement	(GG)	(BA)	Compensation	Total
	8				
Ф	2 201 046	Φ 1.104.441	Φ.	ф. 11.200.252	Ф. 10.021.042
\$	2,391,046	\$ 1,124,441	\$ -	\$ 11,208,352	\$ 18,031,842
	200				12 452
	208	-	-	-	12,453 14,659
	796,690	-	-	46,697	866,501
					_
	3,187,944	1,124,441		11,255,049	18,925,455
	938,468	-	-	-	938,468
	-	10,777,874	1,108,336	-	14,417,197
		(6,810,068)	(1,108,336)		(10,208,789)
	938,468	3,967,806			5,146,876
	4,126,412	5,092,247	-	11,255,049	24,072,331
	-	-	-	-	644,104
					386,799
	4,126,412	5,092,247		11,255,049	25,103,234
	23,028	28,828	_	_	291,063
		911	_	_	911
		711			772,776
	744.626	-	-	2 476 907	3,221,523
	744,626	-	-	2,476,897	36,741
	6,673	-	-	-	90,971
	_	216,125	_	_	216,125
	774 227			2.476.907	
	774,327	245,864		2,476,897	4,630,110
	890,564	-	-	11,134,271	12,024,835
	2,187	-	-	-	182,876
	-	393,768	-	-	4,985,898
	-	-	-	-	2,004,212
	-	502,062	-	-	2,247,025 502,062
	-				
	892,751	895,830		11,134,271	21,946,908
	1,667,078	1,141,694		13,611,168	26,577,018
	_	-	_	-	15,511
	_	_	_	_	1,055,399
					1,070,910
	-	3,249,619	-	-	3,490,221
	2,459,334	700,934		(2,356,119)	(6,034,915)
\$	2,459,334	\$ 3,950,553	\$ -	\$ (2,356,119)	\$ (2,544,694)
Ψ	<u> ۲, ۱۵۶,۵۵۳</u>	Ψ 3,730,333	<u> </u>	Ψ (4,330,119)	<u>Ψ (∠,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>

City of Petaluma

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Internal Service Funds

		mployee Benefit	General Services	I:	nformation Services
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for sales Charges for services	\$	1,414,516	\$ 135,782	\$	2,830,454
Total operating revenues	-	1,414,516	135,782		2,830,454
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Cost of services Claims General and administrative Depreciation		321,218 16,644 245,783	89,124 - 31,629		3,517,791 - 463,017 125,469
Total operating expenses		583,645	120,753		4,106,277
OPERATING INCOME		830,871	15,029		(1,275,823)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Investment earnings and rent Interest expense Gain(loss) on disposal of assets		57,231 (88,180) (6,922)	 12,280 - (1,366)		- - -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(37,871)	10,914		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		793,000	25,943		(1,275,823)
Transfers in		-	-		250,000
Transfers out			 (93,000)		
Total transfers			 (93,000)		250,000
Change in net position		793,000	(67,057)		(1,025,823)
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of year		(5,647,877)	646,964		(1,297,669)
End of year	\$	(4,854,877)	\$ 579,907	\$	(2,323,492)

M	Risk anagement	Vehicles/ Equipment Replacement (GG)	Vehicles/ Equipment Replacement (BA)	Workers' Compensation	Total
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Ψ	2,810,816	Ψ -	Ψ -	4,167,432	11,359,000
	2,810,816		_	4,167,432	11,359,000
				, ,	, , ,
	555,321	15,531	-	21,426	4,520,411
	(73,719)	-	-	3,908,099	3,851,024
	1,524,694	22,744	-	607,355	2,895,222
		896,764			1,022,233
	2,006,296	935,039		4,536,880	12,288,890
	804,520	(935,039)	_	(369,448)	(929,890)
	001,520	(,,,,,,,,		(303,110)	(929,090)
	12,597	23,657	_	175,042	280,807
	-	(9,797)	-	-	(97,977)
	(751)	57,070			48,031
	11,846	70,930	-	175,042	230,861
	816,366	(864,109)		(194,406)	(699,029)
	810,300		-	(194,400)	
	-	995,276	-	-	1,245,276
					(93,000)
		995,276			1,152,276
	816,366	131,167	-	(194,406)	453,247
	1,642,968	3,819,386		(2,161,713)	(2,997,941)
\$	2,459,334	\$ 3,950,553	\$ -	\$ (2,356,119)	\$ (2,544,694)

City of Petaluma Statement of Cash Flows

Internal Service Funds

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,402,938 3,135,782 2,828,974,075 Cash capanyments to suppliers of goods and services (559,885) (115,344) 3,047,679 Cash payments to employees for services (10,644) (70,642) 221,010 Claims paid (10,644) (70,644) (70,642) Net cash provided by (used in operating activities) 808,072 1,946 250,000 Interface from other funds (446,745) -6,000 660,000 Net cash provided by (used in noncapital financing activities (446,745) -6,000 660,000 Net cash from other funds (446,745) -6,000 -6,000 660,000 Net cash from debt quided in noncapital financing activities (88,180) -1,000 -6,000 Proceeds from activation of capital activated financing activities (88,180) -1,000 -6,000 Proceeds from activating activities 5,7231 1,2280 -6,000 Proceeds from activating activities 5,7231 1,2280 -6,000 Proceeds from activating activities 5,234,148 5,600 -6,000 <td< th=""><th></th><th>F</th><th>Employee Benefit</th><th>General Services</th><th colspan="2">Information Services</th></td<>		F	Employee Benefit	General Services	Information Services	
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services (559,88) (115,346) (347,672) 221,610 Cash payments to employees for services (88,337) (972) 221,610 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 808,072 19,464 308,072 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers from other funds 4(46,745) 2 250,000 Retail provided by (used) in noncapital financing activities (446,745) (3,000) 308,027 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Interest paid on long-term debt and lease liability (6,922) (1,366) 2 2 Proceeds from silo of capital assets 9,521 12,280 2 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
Cash payments to employees for services (18,337) (97) 221,010 Claims paid (16,644) - - Net cash provided by (used in operating activities 808,072 19,464 (896,275) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer from other funds (446,745) - 04,0275 Net cash provided by (used) in noncapital financing activities (446,745) 03,000 896,275 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest ago on long-term dobt and lease liability (88,180) -		\$		\$	\$	
Casis provided by (used in operating activities 808,072 19,464 808,075 19,464 808,075 19,464 808,075 19,464 808,075 19,465 808,075 19,465 808,075 19,465 808,075 19,465 808,075 19,465 808,075 19,465 808,075 19,465 808,075 19,465 808,075 19,465 1						
Net cash provided by (used in operating activities 808,072 19,464 (896,275) CASIL LOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: 2 250,000 250,000 Interfund borrowings (446,745) - 250,000 360,275 Not cash provided by (used) in noncapital financing activities (446,745) (93,000) 896,275 CASH LOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Interest paid on long-term dobt and lease fiability (88,180)				(7/2)		-
Transfers from other finds	-			19,464		(896,275)
Transfers from other finds	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Net cash provided by (used) in noncapital financing activities (446,745) (93,000) 896,275 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: (88,180) - - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets (6,922) (1,366) - - - Net cash (used) in capital assets (6,922) (1,366) -			-	_		250,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Interest paid on long-term debt and lease liability (88,180) (1,36) (-1,36)				 		
Interest paid on long-term debt and lease liability (88,180) (1,366) (2,366) (3,660)	Net cash provided by (used) in noncapital financing activities		(446,745)	 (93,000)		896,275
Proceeds from sale of capital assets (6,922) (1,366) - Acquisition of capital assets - - - Net cash (used) in capital and related financing activities (95,102) (1,366) - CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 57,231 12,280 - Interest on investments 57,231 12,280 - Net cash provided by investing activities 323,456 (62,622) - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 2,423,692 623,477 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year \$830,871 \$15,029 \$(1,275,823) RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET S830,871 \$15,029 \$(1,275,823) Operating income (loss) \$830,871 \$15,029 \$(1,275,823) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss \$830,871 \$15,029 \$(1,275,823) Depreciation \$830,871 \$15,029 \$(1,275,823) Acquist provided (used) by operating activities: \$15,029 \$(1,275,823) Depreciation \$15,029 \$(1,275,823) \$(1,275,823) Acqu	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition of capital assets Net cash (used) in capital and related financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				-		-
Net cash (used) in capital and related financing activities (95,102) (1,366) - CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 57,231 12,280 - Net cash provided by investing activities 57,231 12,280 - NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 323,456 (62,622) - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 2,423,692 623,477 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 32,747,148 560,855 \$ - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year \$830,871 \$15,029 \$(1,275,823) - PRECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: \$830,871 \$15,029 \$(1,275,823) - - - - 125,469 -			(6,922)	(1,366)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 57,231 12,280 - Interest on investments 57,231 12,280 - NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 323,456 (62,622) - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 2,423,692 623,477 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 3,2747,148 560,855 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 2,423,692 623,477 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 2,2474,148 560,855 - - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 2,2423,692 623,477 - - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 2,2423,692 623,477 - - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 2,2423,692 1,252,492 - Deposition of perating lows 830,871 15,092 1,252,692 - - - - -			(05 102)	 (1 266)		
Net cash provided by investing activities \$7,231 12,280 \$-2 \$-	Net cash (used) in capital and related linancing activities		(93,102)	 (1,300)		
Net cash provided by investing activities 57,231 12,280 - NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 323,456 (62,622) - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 2,423,692 623,477 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year \$2,747,148 \$560,855 \$ - RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) \$830,871 \$15,029 \$(1,275,823) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$						
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 323,456 (62,622) - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 2,423,692 623,477 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year \$ 2,747,148 \$ 560,855 \$ - RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) \$ 830,871 \$ 15,029 \$ (1,275,823) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ 15,029 \$ (1,275,823) Depreciation \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 2 Accounts receivable \$ 15,029 \$ (125,469) \$ (15,469) \$ (125,469) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td>				 		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year 2,423,692 623,477 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year \$ 2,747,148 \$ 560,855 \$ - RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) \$ 830,871 \$ 15,029 \$ (1,275,823) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss \$ 830,871 \$ 15,029 \$ (1,275,823) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss \$ 500,000 \$ 125,469 Changes in assets and liabilities: \$ 125,469 \$ 125,469 Changes in assets and liabilities: \$ 1 \$ 160,00 Inventories \$ 1 \$ 10,00 \$ 160,00 Inventories \$ 1 \$ 10,00 \$ 10,00 \$ 10,00 Deposits and prepaid items \$ 1 \$ 10,00	Net cash provided by investing activities		57,231	 12,280		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year \$ 2,747,148 \$ 560,855 \$ —— RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) \$ 830,871 \$ 15,029 \$ (1,275,823) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 25,469 Depreciation \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 26,669 \$ 2 \$ 26,669 \$ 26,6	NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		323,456	(62,622)		-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) \$ 830,871 \$ 15,029 \$ (1,275,823) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation 125,469 Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable (11,578) (660) Inventories 5,919 (660) Inventories 5,919 (660) Deposits and prepaid items (51,547) (449,054) Deferred outflows of resources - opension (7,116) (512) 21,245 Claims payable and accrued liabilities 7,116 (512) 21,245 Claims payable (7,111) (512) 21,245 Claims payable (7,116) (512) 21,245 Deferred inflows of resources - pension (7,116) (515,547) Deferred inflows of resources - opension (7,21) (1,17,782) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 282,869 (7,21) (1,17,782) OPEB liability (374,462)	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year		2,423,692	623,477		
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) \$830,871 \$15,029 \$(1,275,823) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation - - 125,469 Changes in assets and liabilities: Technique (11,578) - (660) Inventories - 5,919 - (660) Inventories - 5,919 - - (11,884) - (649,054) - (449,054) - - (449,054) - - - 11,884 - <td>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2,747,148</td> <td>\$ 560,855</td> <td>\$</td> <td></td>	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year	\$	2,747,148	\$ 560,855	\$	
Depreciation - - 125,469 Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable (11,578) - (660) Inventories - 5,919 - Deposits and prepaid items - - 11,884 Deferred outflows of resources - pension - - (449,054) Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB 73,256 - - - Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 7,116 (512) 21,245 Claims payable - - - - Net pension liability - - 1,171,782 Deferred inflows of resources - pension - - (515,547) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 282,869 - - OPEB liability (374,462) - - Compensated absences payable - (972) 14,429 Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548	CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	\$	830,871	\$ 15,029	\$	(1,275,823)
Accounts receivable (11,578) - (660) Inventories - 5,919 - Deposits and prepaid items - - 11,884 Deferred outflows of resources - pension - - (449,054) Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB 73,256 - - Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 7,116 (512) 21,245 Claims payable - - - - Net pension liability - - 1,171,782 Deferred inflows of resources - pension - - (515,547) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 282,869 - - OPEB liability (374,462) - - Compensated absences payable - (972) 14,429 Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548	Depreciation		-	-		125,469
Inventories - 5,919 - Deposits and prepaid items - - 11,884 Deferred outflows of resources - pension - - (449,054) Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB 73,256 - - Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 7,116 (512) 21,245 Claims payable - - - - Net pension liability - - 1,171,782 Deferred inflows of resources - pension - - (515,547) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 282,869 - - OPEB liability (374,462) - - Compensated absences payable - (972) 14,429 Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548			(11.570)			(660)
Deposits and prepaid items - - 11,884 Deferred outflows of resources - pension - - (449,054) Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB 73,256 - - Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 7,116 (512) 21,245 Claims payable - - - - Net pension liability - - 1,171,782 Deferred inflows of resources - pension - - (515,547) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 282,869 - - OPEB liability (374,462) - - Compensated absences payable - (972) 14,429 Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548			(11,576)	5.919		(000)
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB 73,256 - - Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 7,116 (512) 21,245 Claims payable - - - - Net pension liability - - 1,171,782 Deferred inflows of resources - pension - - (515,547) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 282,869 - - OPEB liability (374,462) - - Compensated absences payable - (972) 14,429 Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548			-	-		11,884
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 7,116 (512) 21,245 Claims payable - - - Net pension liability - - 1,171,782 Deferred inflows of resources - pension - - (515,547) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 282,869 - - OPEB liability (374,462) - - Compensated absences payable - (972) 14,429 Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548			-	-		(449,054)
Claims payable - - - Net pension liability - - 1,171,782 Deferred inflows of resources - pension - - (515,547) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 282,869 - - OPEB liability (374,462) - - Compensated absences payable - (972) 14,429 Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548			73,256	-		-
Net pension liability - - 1,171,782 Deferred inflows of resources - pension - - (515,547) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 282,869 - - OPEB liability (374,462) - - Compensated absences payable - (972) 14,429 Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548			7,116	(512)		21,245
Deferred inflows of resources - pension - - (515,547) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 282,869 - - OPEB liability (374,462) - - Compensated absences payable - (972) 14,429 Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548			-	-		1 171 792
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB 282,869 - - OPEB liability (374,462) - - Compensated absences payable - (972) 14,429 Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548			-	-		
OPEB liability (374,462) - - Compensated absences payable - (972) 14,429 Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548			282,869	_		-
Total adjustments (22,799) 4,435 379,548	OPEB liability			-		-
·				(972)		
Net cash provided (used) in operating activities $\frac{$808,072}{$}$ $\frac{$19,464}{$}$ $\frac{$(896,275)}{$}$				 4,435		379,548
	Net cash provided (used) in operating activities	\$	808,072	\$ 19,464	\$	(896,275)

		,	Vehicles/	Vehicles/				
		Е	Equipment	Equipment				
	Risk	Re	eplacement	Replacement		Workers'		
N	Ianagement		(GG)	(BA)	C	ompensation		Total
	8		,					
\$	4,161,784	\$	_	\$ -	\$	4,181,882	\$	12,712,180
	(3,185,680)		(47,484)	-		(633,751)		(8,489,825)
	(5,425)		54,662	-		-		251,538
	(117,348)					(1,808,257)		(1,942,249)
	853,331		7,178			1,739,874		2,531,644
	_		995,276	_		_		1,245,276
	85,200		(385,479)	_		_		(100,749)
	85,200		609,797				_	1,051,527
	,		,			-		
	-		(9,555)	-		-		(97,735)
	(751)		57,070	-		-		48,031
	-		(617,774)					(617,774)
	(751)		(565,250)					(662,469)
	12,597		23,657	-		175,042		280,807
	12,597		23,657	-		175,042		280,807
	050 277		75 202					2 201 500
	950,377		75,382	-		1,914,916		3,201,509
	1,440,669		1,049,059			9,293,436		14,830,333
\$	2,391,046	\$	1,124,441	\$ -	\$	11,208,352	\$	18,031,842
\$	804,520	\$	(935,039)	\$ -	\$	(369,448)	\$	(929,890)
	_		896,764	_		_		1,022,233
			0,70,70.					1,022,233
	1,350,968		-	-		14,450		1,353,180
	-		-	-		-		5,919
	(2,344)		-	-		-		9,540
	-		-	-		-		(449,054)
	(1 102 221)		(0.200)	-		(4.070)		73,256
	(1,103,321) (191,067)		(9,209)	-		(4,970) 2,099,842		(1,089,651) 1,908,775
	(191,007)		-	-		2,099,0 4 2		1,908,773
	-		-	_		-		(515,547)
	_		-	-		-		282,869
	-		-	-		-		(374,462)
	(5,425)		54,662					62,694
	48,811		942,217			2,109,322		3,461,534
\$	853,331	\$	7,178	\$ -	\$	1,739,874	\$	2,531,644



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS:

SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

This fund was established to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the former PCDC.

THOMAS LEE CHARITY TRUST FUND

This fund is a private purpose trust fund in which trust earnings are available for one-time aid to Petaluma citizens in need.

CHILD CARE TRUST FUND

This is a private purpose trust fund in which the fund's earnings are available for childcare vouchers for eligible Petaluma working families with childcare costs.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS:

GENERAL CUSTODIAL FUND

These funds account for resources received from, held for, and due to, nonrelated parties.

PUBLIC COMMUNITY ACCESS FUND

This fund is used to account for monies received from the local television cable company and used by the not-for-profit organization that provides public television to City residents.

ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS FUND

These funds account for monies held by the City, collected from parcel assessments, and used to pay special assessment debt, pursuant to the provisions of the Improvements Bonds Act of 1915.

OAK AND WATER ST. BENEFIT DISTRICTS FUND

These funds account for monies held by the City, collected from parcel assessments, and used to pay special assessment related activities.

City of Petaluma Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund June 30, 2023

A COPETTO	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency	Thomas Lee Charity	Child Care	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 5,314,084	\$ 24,359	\$ 102,519	\$ 5,440,962
Restricted cash and investments	9,201	=	-	9,201
Notes receivable	234,744			234,744
Total Assets	5,558,029	24,359	102,519	5,684,907
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	129,077	-	-	129,077
Interest payable	300,441	-	-	300,441
Long-term debt:				
Due within one year	3,375,000	-	-	3,375,000
Due in more than one year	49,114,970			49,114,970
Total liabilities	52,919,488			52,919,488
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for private purposes or for				
other governments	\$(47,361,459)	\$ 24,359	\$ 102,519	\$(47,234,581)

City of Petaluma Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

ADDITIONS	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency	Thomas Lee Charity	Child Care	Total
ADDITIONS Draw outs tox	\$ 5,413,487	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5.413.487
Property tax Use of money and property	219	466	2,019	\$ 5,413,487 2,704
Total operating revenues	5,413,706	466	2,019	5,416,191
DEDUCTIONS				
Community development Interest expense	329,125 1,836,246	1,277	11,033	341,435 1,836,246
Gain/(loss) on sale of assets		· -		-
Total expenditures	2,165,371	1,277	11,033	2,177,681
Change in net position	3,248,335	(811)	(9,014)	3,238,510
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year	(50,609,794)	25,170	111,533	(50,473,091)
End of year	\$(47,361,459)	\$ 24,359	\$ 102,519	\$(47,234,581)

City of Petaluma Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

	 General Custodial Fund	Publi Commu	ınity	Assessr Distri	ct	St. B	& Water Benefit Dist Fund	 Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 2,736,119 185	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	77,584	\$ 2,813,703 185
Total assets	 2,736,304		-		-		77,584	2,813,888
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	789,794		-		-		-	789,794
Deposits payable	384		-		-		-	384
Due to City	 -						-	-
Total liabilities	 790,178							 790,178
NET POSITION								
Held for other governments	 1,946,126		-		-		77,584	2,023,710
Total net position	\$ 1,946,126	\$		\$		\$	77,584	\$ 2,023,710

City of Petaluma Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

		General Custodial Fund	Public Commun Access F	nity	Assessment District Fund			Oak & Water St. Benefit Dist Fund		Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:										
Other revenues	_\$_	8,156,520	\$		\$ -	\$	80,000	\$ 8,236,520		
Total additions		8,156,520					80,000	8,236,520		
DEDUCTIONS:										
Professional and other services		8,824,769					2,416	8,827,185		
Total deductions		8,824,769					2,416	8,827,185		
Change in net position		(668,249)		-	-		77,584	(590,665)		
NET POSITION										
Beginning of year		2,614,375						 2,614,375		
End of year	\$	1,946,126	\$		\$ -	\$	77,584	\$ 2,023,710		



STATISTICAL SECTION

City of Petaluma, CA Statistical Section

This part of the City of Petaluma's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Schedule
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property taxes.	6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	12, 13, 14, 15
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	16, 17
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	18, 19, 20

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Schedule 1
City of Petaluma, CA
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year	/ear								
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Governmental Activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 179,955,291	\$ 194,631,072	\$ 189,666,550	\$ 190,230,149	\$ 197,024,210	\$ 193,766,262	\$ 189,587,374	\$ 187,146,154	191,440,106	198,385,574
Restricted: Special projects	56,684,273	56,831,818	89,258,127	108,073,879	111,586,670	119,178,925	110,670,411	116,577,296	112,365,739	113,446,715
Debt service										
Capital projects	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
Permanent-non expendable	23,755	23,770	23,852	24,036	24,333	24,333	25,295	25,451	25,541	26,040
Unrestricted	28,599,585	(38,244,031)	(55,873,989)	(55,661,778)	(66,355,734)	(71,645,259)	(63,359,178)	(68,563,468)	(56,396,358)	(50,652,244)
Total governmental activities net position	265,262,904	213,242,629	223,074,540	242,666,286	242,279,479	241,324,261	236,923,902	235,185,433	247,435,028	261,206,085
Business-type activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	101,630,468	108,204,912	116,665,454	130,273,647	141,024,513	152,416,343	162,087,283	167,447,009	174,306,502	181,857,263
Restricted:										
Special projects			•	•						
Debt service	2,705,842	2,705,813	2,246,500	40,170	934	43	35,625	21	53	4,700
Capital projects	•	•								
Unrestricted	47,338,349	40,725,093	43,276,542	38,210,093	40,821,446	41,951,566	50,905,267	59,122,024	66,696,519	71,536,651
Total business-type activities net position	151,674,659	151,635,818	162,188,496	168,523,910	181,846,893	194,367,952	213,028,175	226,569,054	241,003,074	253,398,614
Primary government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	281,585,759	302,835,984	306,332,004	320,503,796	338,048,723	346,182,605	351,674,657	354,593,163	365,746,608	380,242,837
Restricted:										
Special projects	56,684,273	56,831,818	89,258,127	108,073,879	111,586,670	119,178,925	110,670,411	116,577,296	112,365,739	113,446,715
Debt service	2,705,842	2,705,813	2,246,500	40,170	934	43	35,625	21	53	4,700
Permanent fund: non expendable trust	23,755	23,770	23,852	24,036	24,333	24,333	25,295	25,451	25,541	26,040
Capital projects				•	•		•			
Unrestricted	75,937,934	2,481,062		(17,451,685)	(25,534,288)	(29,693,693)	(12,453,911)	(9,441,444)	10,300,161	20,884,407
Total primary government activities net position	\$ 416,937,563	\$ 364,878,447	\$ 385,263,036	\$ 411,190,196	\$ 424,126,372	\$ 435,692,213	\$ 449,952,077	\$ 461,754,487	\$ 488,438,102	\$ 514,604,699

Schedule 2
City of Petaluma, CA
Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	Fiscal Year															
		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020	2021		2022	2023	_
Net revenues (expenses):																		
Governmental activities	↔	(32,025,922)	4	(25,430,417)	6 9	(32,446,974)	€9	(38,037,280)	↔	(37,056,842)	S	(52,242,862)	\$ (54,405,656)	\$ (54,248,361)	*	(58,455,500)	\$ (61,93	(61,936,394)
Business-type activities		8,781,001		7,710,067		9,458,447		5,570,433		14,454,988		11,628,456	17,651,127	13,631,554		15,567,826	11,03	11,034,126
Total net revenues (expenses)	÷	(23,244,921)	s	(17,720,350)	s	(22,988,527)	s	(32,466,847)	s	(22,601,854)	S	(40,614,406)	\$ (36,754,529)	\$ (40,616,807)	\$	(42,887,674)	\$ (50,90	(50,902,268)
Concession at a property of the solution of the solutions of the solution of t	oition:																	
General revenues and other changes in net por	SILIOII:																	
Governmental activities:																		
Taxes:																		
Property taxes	↔	7,957,020	8	8,516,289	4	9,583,057	49	9,961,220	49	10,120,512	∽	11,278,819	11,637,555	11,297,979		12,363,399	13,12	13,126,935
Sales taxes		11,459,527		12,393,784		12,836,372		12,346,472		13,412,360		13,728,518	12,956,128	18,231,308		33,626,463	32,32	32,329,679
Franchise tax		4,088,228		4,200,929		4,386,505		4,678,179		4,741,131		4,646,929	4,941,468	4,734,361		4,564,755	4,89	4,898,510
Intergovernmental, unrestricted		6,918,391		8,060,611		7,826,858		8,093,750		8,746,222		10,100,536	10,226,663	10,378,572		11,112,310	13,22	13,227,978
Other taxes		4,045,534		4,413,036		4,973,753		5,630,225		5,577,756		6,029,998	5,128,776	5,218,992		7,214,633	6,44	6,446,008
Unrestricted investment earnings		241,751		140,208		642,914		296,135		641,094		1,966,335	1,875,478	722,727		617,965	3,65	3,653,885
Gain on disposal of assets		,		4,684		,		13,050		,		37,009	•	201,539				,
Miscellaneous revenue		3,562,242		4,897,416		2,783,899		3,420,154		3,058,231		2,917,083	2,858,095	1,181,183		633,717	1,60	1,605,509
Transfers		(746,420)		(610,580)		(754,473)		(479,403)		273,382		582,417	381,134	343,231		571,853	4	418,947
Pension Unfunded Liability Paydown										(7,490,284)		,						
Successor Agency Bond Proceeds								5,547,823		4,736,219		,	•					
Total governmental activities		37,526,273		42,016,377		42,278,885		49,507,605		43,816,623		51,287,644	50,005,297	52,509,892		70,705,095	75,70	75,707,451
Business-type activities:																		
Taxes:																		
Unrestricted investment earnings	9	190,603	99	113,214	€9	338,933	€9	285,078	S	719,743	∽	1,465,197	1,371,898	222,061		(563,503)	1,75	1,757,232
Gain on disposal of assets		3,000		6,720		825		200		,		9,823	18,332	30,495		1,550	2	23,129
Miscellaneous revenue		•				•		•										
Transfers		746,420		610,580		754,473		479,403		(273,382)		(582,417)	(381,134)	(343,231)	_	(571,853)	(41	(418,947)
Total business-type activities		940,023		730,514		1,094,231		764,981		446,361		892,603	1,009,096	(90,675)		(1,133,806)	1,36	1,361,414
Total primary government	⇔	38,466,296	÷	42,746,891	↔	43,373,116	↔	50,272,586	8	44,262,984	↔	52,180,247	\$ 51,014,393	\$ 52,419,217	↔	69,571,289	\$ 77,06	77,068,865
Changes in net position:																		
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$9	5,500,351 9,721,024	∽	16,585,960 8,440,581	so.	9,831,911	⇔	11,470,325 6,335,414	⇔	6,759,781	↔	(955,218) 12,521,059	\$ (4,400,359) 18,660,223	\$ (1,738,469) 13,540,879	_	12,249,595 14,434,020	13,77	13,771,057 12,395,540
:																		
Total primary government	8	15,221,375	s	25,026,541	s	20,384,589	S	17,805,739	s	21,661,130	S	11,565,841	\$ 14,259,864	\$ 11,802,410	÷	26,683,615	\$ 26,16	26,166,597

Schedule 3
City of Petaluma, CA
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year	Year								
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Fund:										
Nonspendable	\$ 83,177 \$	\$ 91,451	\$ 87,958	\$ 102,778	\$ 114,598	\$ 119,554	\$ 123,471	\$ 216,611	\$ 178,964	\$ 151,050
Committed		2,037,806		4,230,191	4,426,112	4,434,461	3,493,019	1,484,700	1,297,291	1,447,559
Assigned	4,081,779	4,757,796	4,866,554	5,088,820	5,422,325	7,818,049	7,731,497	9,641,704	11,887,062	12,509,446
Unassigned	1,633,298	1,872,873		2,040,912	3,162,821	3,173,198	2,739,137	1,616,931	4,299,126	4,561,680
Total general fund	\$ 5,798,254	\$ 8,759,926	\$ 10,231,042	\$ 11,462,701	\$ 13,125,856	\$ 15,545,262	\$ 14,087,124	12,959,946	17,662,443	18,669,735
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Nonspendable	16,000	23,770	23,852	24,036	24,333	24,821	25,295	25,451	25,541	26,040
Restricted	57,556,197	57,639,586	90,030,630	108,776,998		119,178,925	110,670,411	116,577,296	133,895,035	135,743,524
Committed	1,391,787	•	1,331,352	711.696	3,125,166	2,171,835	4,230,538	5,360,064	8,155,444	9,755,843
Assigned	•	•	•		•		•	•		
Unassigned		(1,843,525)	•	•	•	(1,900)	•	(695,435)	(123,084)	•
Total all other governmental fund balances	58,963,984	55,819,831	91,385,834	109,770,811	115,391,383	121,373,681	114,926,244	121,267,376	141,952,936	145,525,407
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 64.762.238	\$ 64.762.238 \$ 64.579.757	\$ 101,616,876	\$ 121.233.512	\$ 128.517.239	\$ 136.918.943	\$ 136.918.943 \$ 129.013.368	\$ 134.227.322	\$ 159.615.379	\$ 164.195.142
0										

Schedule 4
City of Petaluma, CA
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year	Year								
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Revenues										
Taxes (see schedule 5)	\$ 27,550,308	\$ 29,524,036	\$ 31,530,249	\$ 32,616,096	\$ 33,851,759	\$ 35,684,263	\$ 34,663,927	\$ 39,482,641	\$ 57,769,249	\$ 56,801,132
Licenses, permits and fees	5,768,076	5,405,398	6,678,465	5,802,314	6,946,493	5,304,069	6,308,672	6,907,524	4,268,153	14,548,956
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	892,444	592,257	556,508	739,272	815,913	672,267	407,108	162,180	334,687	366,258
Use of money and property	665,222	708.536	986,419	2.247.879	2.370.910	3.615,466	2,300,053	740.837	(499,114)	2.640.716
Intergovernmental	11.680,110	19,225,393	11.289.946	10.964.409	13.172,378	11.873.154	13,246,486	17.329.604	19,370,026	17.679.613
Charges for current services	5,524,587	6,236,573	7,475,695	7,520,475	8,586,203	8,293,242	6,383,015	7,152,359	7,032,126	8,483,567
Other	2,319,182	4,650,482	2,165,019	723,345	482,512	516,027	554,809	453,412	165,084	865,264
Total revenues	54,399,929	66,342,675	60,682,301	60,613,790	66,226,168	65,958,488	63,864,070	72,228,557	88,440,211	101,385,506
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	3,504,750	4,565,381	5,319,069	5,900,460	6,309,124	6,020,133	3,502,395	5,111,118	7,784,592	7,895,053
Community development	3,018,073	2,345,822	2,506,730	2,437,844	2,786,591	2,974,024	3,455,063	3,572,276	3,973,126	6,538,621
Police	15,718,865	15,672,647	16,858,379	17,742,374	17,912,921	19,563,549	20,842,998	19,892,818	25,751,751	27,990,556
Fire	11.524.404	12,262,326	12.748.714	13.915.726	14.941.695	15.720.465	16,641,787	17.075.117	21.160.548	22.017.592
Parks and recreation	2,504,147	8,169,900	2,949,395	2.594.334	2,535,257	2,291,240	2,489,095	3,169,332	3,792,648	9.085.128
Public works	7,552,488	18,737,202	7,838,030	10,729,275	17,239,449	10,191,662	12,026,046	16,913,965	17,756,749	21,210,747
Capital outlay	2,733,981	3,987,980	334,381	280.032	1.172.005	433,128	241,636	373,565	1,005,160	416,626
Debt service	10.16.20.16			1						1
Principal	•	٠	•	•	•	,	•	,	535,000	370,000
Interest		•			•				845,017	548,091
Cost of issuance										
Total expenditures	46,556,708	65,741,258	48,554,698	53,600,045	62,897,042	57,194,201	59,199,020	66,108,191	82,604,591	96,072,414
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	7,843,221	601,417	12,127,603	7,013,745	3,329,126	8,764,287	4,665,050	6,120,366	5,835,620	5,313,092
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Debt issuance	•	٠	•	•	,	,			20,486,260	,
Proceeds from the sale of assets	40,307	4,684	7,607	13,050				49,633		
Transfers in	5,759,605	8,752,964	8,378,259	7,454,274	14,685,728	8,065,562	12,311,021	18,302,893	27,454,194	40,296,294
Transfers out	(6,616,025)	(9,541,544)	(9,732,732)	(8,533,677)	(15,467,346)	(8,428,145)	(13,477,848)	(19,258,938)	(28,388,017)	(41,029,623)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(816,113)	(783,896)	(1,346,866)	(1,066,353)	(781,618)	(362,583)	(1,166,827)	(906,412)	19,552,437	(733,329)
Special Item Successor Agency Bond Proceeds				5.547.823	4.736.219	,	,			
Not about in Fund Dalanco	901 700 7	(071/07/170)	10 790 727	11 405 215	707 200 7	0 401 704	2 409 222	5 212 054	75 200 057	1 570 763
iver change in rund balance	,,027,100	(102,479)	10,700,737	11,473,413	1,203,121	0,401,704	5,470,423	7,213,934	750,005,57	4,27,7,03
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures (1)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	%0000	0.00%	0.00%	1.69%	0.96%

(1) Paragraph 12b requires that the interest and principal components of debt service expenditures be presented separately and that total debt service be shown as a percentage of total noncapital expenditures. Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay (to the extent capitalized for the government-wide statement of net assets) and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditure categories.

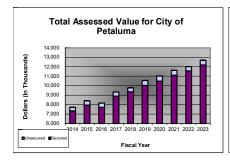
Schedule 5
City of Petaluma, CA
Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

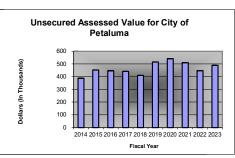
						Fiscal Year					
Tax Revenue	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	% Change 2013-2022
Property	\$ 7,957,020	\$ 8,516,289	\$ 9,333,619	\$ 9,961,220	\$ 10,120,513	\$ 11,278,819	\$ 11,637,555	\$ 11,297,979	12,363,399	13,126,936	64.97%
Sales and Use	11,459,527	11,459,527 12,393,784 12,836,372	12,836,372	12,346,472	13,412,360		12,956,128	18,231,308	(,,	32,329,679	182.12%
Occupancy	1,919,729	2,068,949	2,490,524		3,072,242	3,359,945	2,642,249	2,131,357	3,440,339	3,385,313	76.34%
Franchise	4,088,228	•	4,386,505	4,678,180	4,741,131	4,646,929	4,941,468	4,734,361	4,564,755	4,898,510	19.82%
Property Transfer	965,868		1,245,039		1,237,310	1,335,133	1,315,425	1,800,542	2,348,922	1,659,787	71.84%
Other	1,159,937	1,170,864	1,238,190	1,209,301	1,268,204	1,334,920	1,171,102		1,425,372	1,400,908	20.77%
Total taxes	\$ 27,550,308	37,550,308 \$ 29,524,038 \$ 31,530,250	\$ 31,530,250	\$ 32,616,097	\$ 33,851,761	\$ 35,684,263	\$ 34,663,927	\$ 39,482,640	\$ 57,769,250	\$ 57,769,250 \$ 56,801,133	

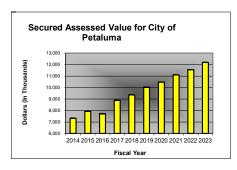
						Total
			Less:	Total Taxable	Estimated	Direct
Fiscal	Secured	Unsecured	Tax-Exempt	Assessed	Actual	Tax
Year	Property	Property	Property	Value	Value (2)	Rate (1)
2014	5,768,548,728	157,239,152	(144,239,238)	5,781,548,642	6,660,700,675	1.15
2015	6,260,163,954	185,028,198	(145,962,654)	6,299,229,498	9,321,725,796	1.48
2016	6,029,133,776	177,624,704	(144,824,654)	6,656,015,859	8,176,559,700	1.22
2017	7,102,508,869	169,672,532	(216,201,804)	7,055,979,597	8,211,304,528	1.16
2018	7,562,693,038	138,359,729	(217,750,163)	7,483,302,604	9,731,780,604	1.30
2019	8,041,680,642	220,504,474	(221,483,043)	8,040,702,073	10,277,022,337	1.27
2020	8,404,723,132	264,133,529	(232,931,730)	8,435,924,931	10,119,871,577	1.20
2021	8,742,811,749	283,035,383	(225,372,603)	8,800,474,529	10,184,683,271	1.15
2022	9,139,738,565	231,523,900	(225,767,663)	9,145,494,802	11,145,239,550	1.21
2023	9,626,240,967	261,617,067	(239,176,949)	9,648,681,085	13,200,193,572	1.36

Redevel	lopment	Agency
Keueve	итышчи	Agency

						Total
			Less:	Total Taxable	Estimated	Direct
Fiscal	Secured	Unsecured	Tax-Exempt	Assessed	Actual	Tax
Year	Property	Property	Property	Value	Value (2)	Rate (1)
2014	1,559,482,789	230,941,306	(66,350,450)	1,724,073,645	1,986,239,190	1.152
2015	1,688,744,481	267,818,057	(78,586,405)	1,877,976,133	2,779,066,641	1.480
2016	1,796,512,501	271,000,767	(81,935,657)	1,985,577,611	2,439,175,960	1.228
2017	1,987,486,724	293,974,519	(149,512,727)	2,131,948,516	2,481,027,370	1.164
2018	2,075,301,464	277,372,858	(146,241,888)	2,206,432,434	2,869,390,362	1.300
2019	2,150,159,917	223,863,160	(154,212,558)	2,219,810,519	2,837,195,320	1.278
2020	2,296,641,565	227,858,460	(198,451,008)	2,326,049,017	2,790,365,908	1.200
2021	2,355,744,886	227,691,867	(204,501,570)	2,378,935,183	2,753,113,060	1.157
2022	2,425,024,263	215,814,840	(206,149,606)	2,434,689,497	2,967,056,268	1.219
2023	2,573,138,075	227,324,694	(209,168,912)	2,591,293,857	3.545.104.270	1.368







- (1) In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of the property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations above.
- (2) As of 2007-08, secured and unsecured values are gross taxable values. Exemptions include all types of exempt properties. Previous years reported homeowners' exemptions only.
- (3) As of 2007-08, Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sales prices. Based on these calculations, a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

Source: Sonoma County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC/Avenu Insights & Analytics

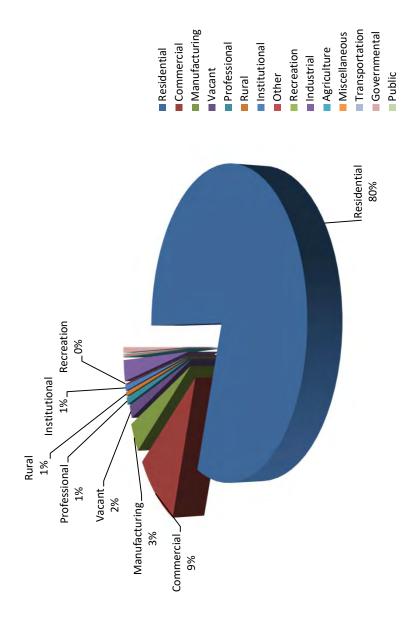
Schedule 7
City of Petaluma, CA
Assessed Value of Taxable Property by Use Code, Citywide
Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Category	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Residential	5,693,569	6,219,648	6,615,390	7,034,503	7,473,070	8,098,323	8,475,646	8,915,230	9,335,757	9,791,938
Commercial	762,317	821,853	858,577	944,370	974,194	975,992	1,019,880	1,097,758	1,152,177	1,146,514
Manufacturing	431,460	439,847	450,611	484,841	492,180	393,564	411,906	360,994	139,811	412,293
Vacant	181,976	191,734	212,309	287,083	350,108	204,015	255,978	137,601	149,821	181,040
Professional	65,564	66,504	67,539	69,646	74,363	197,538	78,773	94,165	95,282	100,323
Rural	39,054	39,631	42,465	55,342	63,334	76,631	70,328	56,597	57,484	61,143
Institutional	45,531	38,362	41,285	60,718	61,757	62,462	66,523	75,057	74,818	77,328
Other	27,854	51,706	53,043	53,678	54,709	59,277	34,380	6,745	1,332	8,302
Recreation	44,188	40,044	36,017	38,315	38,845	41,367	41,496	0	0	0
Industrial	14,566	14,631	15,901	26,366	18,035	35,134	199,547	262,576	510,559	296,460
Agriculture	7,039	6,358	5,940	9,904	10,917	21,189	9,578	9,821	9,923	10,121
Miscellaneous	1,216	4,864	5,246	9,386	10,474	9,390	20,047	14,548	15,189	16,181
Transportation	8,222	8,244	8,384	8,713	8,738	8,565	8,725	19,925	20,132	21,403
Governmental	3,992	3,991	5,500	5,584	5,696	6,785	6,921	47,346	1,026	76,133
Public	1,484	1,491	1,521	1,544	1,575	1,606	1,639	194	1,454	200
Gross Secured Value 7,328,032	7,328,032	7,948,908	8,419,728	966,680,6	9,637,995	10,191,841	10,701,365	11,098,557	11,564,763	12,199,379
Unsecured Value	388,180	452,846	448,625	463,647	415,732	444,367	491,992	510,727	447,339	488,942
Exemptions	210,589	224,549	226,760	365,714	363,992	375,696	431,383	429,874	431,917	448,346
Net Taxable Value	7,505,623	8,177,205	8,641,593	9,187,929	9,689,735	10,260,512	10,761,974	11,179,410	11,580,184	12,239,975

Source: Sonoma County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

Schedule 8
City of Petaluma, CA
Assessed Value of Taxable Property by Use Code, Citywide 2022-2023 Land Use Chart

Assessed Value by Use Code for RDA and City



Source: MuniServices, LLC/Avenu Insights & Analytics

Schedule 9
City of Petaluma, CA
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, (rate per \$100 of assessed value)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	Fiscal Year 2016 201	Year 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Basic City and County Levy (1):										
Bay Area Quality Mgmnt	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019
City Direct Rate	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643	0.1643
County Library	0.0187	0.0187	0.0186	0.0186	0.0186	0.0186	0.0186	0.0186	0.0186	0.0186
County of Sonoma	0.2785	0.2785	0.2784	0.2784	0.2784	0.2784	0.2784	0.2784	0.2784	0.2784
Gen #1 SOCO Water Agency	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075	0.0075
MRN/SNMA MOSO & Vector	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024
Petaluma AWUF	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110	0.1110
Petaluma Schools	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973	0.3973
South SO RES CN Land	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002
Spring Lake Park SCWA	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024
ZN ZA Petaluma Basin	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158	0.0158
Total Basic City and County Levy:	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Override Assessments:										
WS Dam-Russian River Project	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070
Petaluma Elementary School Bonds	0.0505	0.0620	0.0530	0.0410	0.0310	0.0360	0.0320	0.0280	0.0270	0.0230
Petaluma High School Bonds	0.0360	0.0650	0.0590	0.0460	0.0620	0.0600	0.0450	0.0410	0.0210	0.0265
Sonoma County Junior College Bonds	0.0188	0.0180	0.0160	0.0400	0.0370	0.0360	0.0370	0.0370	0.0370	0.0350
Total Override Assessments:	0.1123	0.1520	0.1350	0.1340	0.1370	0.1390	0.1210	0.1130	0.0920	0.0915
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates:	1.1123	1.1520	1.1350	1.1340	1.1370	1.1390	1.1210	1.1130	1.0920	1.0915

Source: Sonoma County Auditor data, MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

⁽¹⁾ In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1% is shared by all taxing agencies within which jurisdiction's) the subject property resides. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of the School District bonds.

Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value 157,568,849 124,909,773	2023 Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Z014 Taxable	Percentage of Total City Taxable
	Assessed Value 157,568,849 124,909,773	Rank	of Total City Taxable Assessed	Taxable	of Total City
	124,909,773			 Assessed Value	Assessed Value
	124,909,773	1	1.200/		0.000/
Enclave Apartments Property Owner LLC		1	1.29%	40.071.700	0.00%
Sequoia Equities - Azure LP		2	1.02%	40,971,720	0.55%
SSCOP De LLC	67,928,073	3	0.55%	21 (07 000	0.00%
Addison Ranch Apartments LLC	58,277,463	4	0.48%	21,607,080	0.29%
Vestar Petaluma EWP LLC	57,732,548	5	0.47%		0.00%
MGP VIII Properties LLC	57,054,717	6	0.47%	18,300,620	0.24%
Lagunitas Brewing Co Inc	54,437,060	7	0.44%	28,001,200	0.37%
Cap VIII-Altura LLC	48,639,780	8	0.40%		0.00%
Sonoma Hotel Partners LP	45,729,364	9	0.37%		0.00%
TSA SKH Investors LLC Et Al	37,597,261	10	0.31%		0.00%
G & I IX Lagunitas 1 LP	34,781,641	11	0.28%		0.00%
Target Corporation	34,329,909	12	0.28%		0.00%
Pacific Castle Redwood LLC	33,700,008	13	0.28%		0.00%
Redwood Tech DE SPE LLC	33,641,196	14	0.27%		0.00%
TSW Investors LLC Et Al	33,239,632	15	0.27%		0.00%
Labcon North America	33,039,879	16	0.27%	19,232,777	0.26%
Chelsea GCA Realty PTP	32,838,079	17	0.27%	31,821,077	0.42%
Novak Property LLC	31,330,413	18	0.26%	27,494,388	0.37%
Washington Square Associates LLC	31,267,054	19	0.26%	24,283,875	0.32%
Clover Stornetta Farms Inc	28,051,206	20	0.23%	24,990,072	0.33%
The Haven at Petaluma LLC	26,868,715	21	0.22%	2 1,550,072	0.00%
Molecular Bioproducts Inc	26,250,100	22	0.21%	13,840,720	0.18%
The Vons Companies Inc	24,820,297	23	0.20%	13,010,720	0.00%
Syers Properties I LP	23,634,214	24	0.19%	24,558,168	0.33%
Biosearch Technologies Inc	22,561,370	25	0.18%	24,336,106	0.00%
KW G&I VI Petaluma LP	22,301,370	23	0.1670	71,497,930	0.95%
1465 N Mcdowell Holdings 1 LLC				35,789,696	0.48%
Azure at Lakeville Square LLC				28,970,390	0.39%
Redwood Gateway LLC				27,601,235	0.37%
Petaluma Marina Office Investo				21,960,501	0.29%
Parkway Petaluma LLC				20,379,087	0.27%
Inland American Stephens South				19,159,429	0.26%
Quarry Heights LLC				19,076,245	0.25%
Baywood Equities LP				17,159,968	0.23%
Regency Petaluma LLC				15,671,507	0.21%
Petaluma Waterfront Apartments				15,591,959	0.21%
Petaluma Marina Investors LLC				15,423,110	0.21%
2200-2240 South Mcdowell LLC				15,300,000	0.20%
Wilkinson Adobe House Dst				15,237,001	0.20%
					0.00%
					0.00%
Total Top 25 Taxpayers	5 1,160,228,601	_	9.48%	\$ 613,919,755	0.00% 8.18%
All Other Taxpayers	11,079,746,341	. <u>-</u>	90.52%	6,891,702,532	91.82%
Total Taxable Assessed Values	5 12,239,974,942		100.00%	\$ 7,505,622,287	100%

Source: Sonoma County Assessor data , MuniServices, LLC/Avenu Insights & Analytics

Schedule 11
City of Petaluma, CA
Property Tax Levies and Collections,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	,	Collected within the Fiscal	ı the Fiscal	;	;	
	Taxes Levied for the	Year of the Levy (1) Percent	Levy (1) Percentage	Collections in Subsequent	Total Collections to Date Percentag	ns to Date Percentage
	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount (1)	of Levy
	7,803,746	7,803,746	100.00%	•	7,803,746	100.00%
	8,420,878	8,420,878	100.00%	•	8,420,878	100.00%
	9,159,779	9,159,779	100.00%	•	9,159,779	100.00%
	9,633,671	9,633,671	100.00%	•	9,633,671	100.00%
	9,972,979	9,972,979	100.00%		9,972,979	100.00%
	10,858,852	10,858,852	100.00%	•	10,858,852	100.00%
	11,417,750	11,417,750	100.00%	•	11,417,750	100.00%
	11,123,286	11,123,286	100.00%	1	11,123,286	100.00%
	12,005,504	12,005,540	100.00%	ı	12,005,540	100.00%
	12,859,849	12,859,849	100.00%	1	12,859,849	100.00%

Source: Sonoma County ACTTC Office, Property Tax Division

(1) The County of Sonoma bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the City using an alternative method of each fiscal year. Any subsequent delinquent payments and related penalties and interest will revert to Sonoma secured real property and supplemental property taxes on an accrual basis resulting in full payment to the City distribution known as the "Teeter Plan". The State Revenue and Taxation Code allows counties to distribute

Schedule 12
City of Petaluma, CA
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gov	vernmental Activitie	es	
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds	Lease Liability	Total Governmental Activities
2014	-	-		-
2015	-	-		-
2016	-	-		-
2017	-	-		-
2018	-	-		-
2019	-	-		-
2020	-	-		-
2021	-	-	392,538	392,538
2022	19,905,885		658,516	20,564,401
2023	19,490,510		718,187	20,208,697

ъ.		. •	
Business-ty	me A	Cf1V	ities

Year	Revenue Bonds	Term Loans	Certificates of Participation	Revolving Credit Lines	Lease Liability	Total Business-Type Activities
2014	29,416,445	6,880,023	4,697,486	104,331,809		145,325,762
2015	29,036,575	6,889,843	4,479,211	98,471,125		138,876,754
2016	28,641,705	6,268,083	4,531,000	92,469,786		131,910,574
2017	30,215,374	6,337,247	4,143,000	86,324,413		127,020,034
2018	29,827,464	6,390,244	3,730,000	80,031,552		119,979,260
2019	29,429,553	6,426,352	3,306,000	73,587,664		112,749,569
2020	96,014,705	6,426,352	2,870,000	-		105,311,057
2021	89,270,233	7,307,636	2,423,000	-	51,378	99,052,247
2022	82,262,760	7,609,676	1,964,000	-	46,418	91,882,854
2023	74,977,286	7,911,713	1,492,000		269,419	84,650,418
		Total	Percentage			
	Fiscal	Primary	of Personal	Per		
_	Year	Government	Income	Capita		
	2023	104,859,115	3%	1,779		

Note: capital lease is immaterial

Schedule 13 City of Petaluma, CA Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2023

2022-23 Assessed Valuation: Redevelopment Incremental Valuation:	\$	(2,348,217,256)	(includes aircraft va	luations)
Adjusted Assessed Valuation:	\$	10,001,272,250 Total Debt 6/30/2023	% Applicable	City's Share of Debt 6/30/2023
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:				
Sonoma County Joint Community College	- \$	397,820,000	11.27%	\$ 44,814,423
Petaluma Joint Union High School District		60,190,000	76.76%	46,202,446
Cinnabar School District		2,295,000	41.14%	944,117
Old Adobe Union School District		42,115,189	90.47%	38,102,454
Petaluma City School District		18,685,000	83.74%	15,645,885
Wilmar Union School District		4,347,464	12.00%	521,609
Waugh School District Facilities Improvement District #1		3,934,601	69.49%	2,734,036
Waugh School District Community Facilities District #1		1,685,000	100.00%	1,685,000
California Statewide Community Development Authority 1915 Act Bonds		9,565,300	100.00%	9,565,300
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt			_	\$ 160,215,270
DIRECT AND OVERLARBING CENERAL FUND DEDT.				
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:	- •	7.046.000	11 250/	¢ 700.260
Sonoma County General Fund Obligations	\$	7,046,000	11.35%	
Sonoma County Pension Obligations		204,945,000	11.34%	23,251,010
Sonoma County Office of Education COP		2,936,227	11.35%	333,115
Cinnabar School District COP		677,000	41.14%	278,504
City of Petaluma General Fund Obligations		20,208,697	100.00% _	20,208,697
Total Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt:				\$ 44,870,695
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT	\$	52,155,000	95.77%	\$ 49,951,451
Total Direct Debt				20,208,697
Total Overlapping Debt				234,828,719
Combined Total Debt			_	\$ 255,037,416
			=	
Source: MuniServices, LLC/Avenu Insights & Analytics/ City of Petaluma				
D 1				
Ratios to adjust Assessment Valuation:	_			
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt		1.30%		
Rations to Adjusted Assessed Valuation:				
Combined Direct Debt (\$20,208,697)	_	0.16%		
Combined Total Debt		2.06%		
		2.0070		

Schedule 14 City of Petaluma, CA
Legal Debt Margin Information
Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Debt as
	Fiscal	Tax Increment	Annual Debt	Required	Legal Debt	Percentage of
_	Year	Revenue*	Service**	Coverage (125%)	Margin	Legal Debt Margin
	2014	-	-	-		
	2015	-	-	-		
	2016	-	-	-		
	2017	-	-	-		
	2018	-	-	-		
	2019	-	-	-		
	2020	-	-	-		
	2021	-	-	-		
	2022	-	-	-		
	2023	-	-	-		

^{*}gross tax increment
** all bonded debt

		2012	Refunding Water	Revenue Bonds		
Fiscal	Operating	Operating	Net Available	Debt Ser	vice	
Year	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage*
2014	15,265,295	11,240,386	4,024,908	379,000	267,042	6.23
2015	14,074,089	11,142,788	2,931,301	389,000	252,888	4.57
2016	13,496,180	11,012,149	2,484,031	404,000	238,244	3.87
2017	14,255,191	11,259,216	2,995,975	423,000	222,952	4.64
2018	17,339,375	12,269,979	5,069,396	337,000	211,594	9.24
2019	18,719,646	13,151,831	5,567,815	347,000	199,042	10.20
2020	21,206,990	13,790,045	7,416,945	361,000	186,051	13.56
2021	20,941,195	14,924,427	6,016,768	375,000	172,545	10.99

4,535,825

4,035,355

388,000

401,000

158,544

144,066

8.30

7.40

				2017 Wa	aste	Water Revenu	ie B	Bonds			
		Oj	perating Rev			Net					
Fi	scal		less	Operating		Available		Debt Se	ervic	e	
Y	ear	C	onnect Fees	Expenses		Revenue		Principal		Interest	Coverage***
											_
2	018	\$	25,543,802	\$ 8,368,876	\$	17,174,926	\$	_	\$	706,891	24.30
2	019	\$	27,495,156	\$ 10,532,619	\$	16,962,537	\$	_	\$	805,319	21.06
2	020	\$	27,834,006	\$ 13,282,390	\$	14,551,616	\$	-	\$	805,319	18.07
2	021	\$	28,952,881	\$ 11,344,273	\$	17,608,608	\$	-	\$	805,319	21.87
2	022	\$	29,577,128	\$ 12,371,501	\$	17,205,627	\$	-	\$	805,319	21.36
2	023	\$	31,725,332	\$ 15,151,552	\$	16,573,780			\$	805,319	20.58

			2019 W	aste	Water Revenu	ie B	Sonds		
	O_1	perating Rev			Net				_
Fiscal		less	Operating		Available		Debt Se	rvice	
Year	C	onnect Fees	Expenses		Revenue		Principal	Interest	Coverage***
2020	\$	27,834,006	\$ 13,282,390	\$	14,551,616	\$	5,645,000	\$ 2,000,510	1.90
2021	\$	28,952,881	\$ 11,344,273	\$	17,608,608	\$	5,000,000	\$ 2,756,500	2.27
2022	\$	29,577,128	\$ 12,371,501	\$	17,205,627	\$	5,250,000	\$ 2,506,500	2.22
2023	\$	31,725,332	\$ 15,151,552	\$	16,573,780	\$	5,515,000	\$ 2,244,000	2.14

^{* 115%} required

2022

2023

19,130,923

19,625,726

14,595,098

15,590,371

^{*** 125%} required

Statement 16
City of Petaluma, CA
Demographic and Economic Statistics,
Last Ten Calendar Years

Estimated Unemployment Rate %	6.10%	3.20%	3.50%	3.00%	2.30%	2.00%	11.90%	7.30%	2.00%	3.20%
School Enrollment*	7,871	7,776	7,789	7,776	7,728	7,821	7,811	7,657	7,464	7,336
Median Age	41.0	40.9	41.1	40.8	41.6	41.8	41.7	41.7	42.8	42.8
Per Capita Personal Income (3)	38,157	35,818	35,879	37,606	39,999	42,190	43,881	47,365	54,404	63,457
Personal Household Income in thousands of dollars (2)	2,251,234	2,132,616	2,166,217	2,291,736	2,508,230	2,626,223	2,715,023	2,894,179	3,206,857	3,700,862
Population (1)	59,000	59,540	60,373	60,941	62,708	62,247	61,873	61,104	58,945	58,321
Calendar Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

Source: MuniServices, LLC

(1) Population projections are provided by the California Department of Finance Projections

(2) Income Data is provided by the United States Census Data and is adjusted for inflation

(3) Unemployment and Total Employment Data are provided by the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department.

(4) Unemployment data is provided by EDD, Labor Market Information Division

*As of 2007-08, Public School Enrollment reflects the total number of students enrolled in the Petaluma City Elementary & Petaluma Joint Union High Unified School Districts.

Schedule 17 City of Petaluma, CA Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			Fiscal Year	Year		
		2023			2014	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Petaluma School District	772	1	2.44%	917	-	2.87%
Petaluma Poultry Processors	419	7	1.33%	475	\mathcal{E}	1.48%
Petaluma Valley Hospital	364	ж	1.15%	490	7	1.53%
City of Petaluma	356	4	1.13%	290	5	0.91%
Labcon, North America	280	5	%68.0			
Old Adobe Union School District*	273	9	%98.0	235	∞	0.73%
Lagunita's Brewing Company*	235	7	0.74%	270	9	0.84%
Clover Sonoma formerly Clover Stornetta Farms	201	~	0.64%	220	6	%69.0
Hansel Auto	177	6	0.56%			
Petaluma Post - Acute Rehab	161	10	0.51%			
Enphase Energy Inc	I			340	4	1.06%
Calix Networks Inc.				264	7	0.83%
Santa Rosa Junior College				250	10	0.78%
Total Principal Employers	3,238		10.25%	3,751		11.72%
Total City Employment (1)	31,600			32,000		

Source: MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics, 2012-13 previously produced ACFR

Notes:

Results based on direct correspondence with city's local businesses.

^{*}Includes both FT & PT Employees

^{**} Includes 3 locations within the city

⁽¹⁾ Total City Labor Force provided by EDD Labor Force Data.

Schedule 18
City of Petaluma, CA
Full-time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Yea	ır						
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function/Program										
Governmental										
General government (total of next 8)	26.7	35.0	35.6	36.6	38.6	39.6	40.0	39.8	40.8	44.3
Administrative Services (Finance)	6.1	13.0	13.0	14.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Internal Services	10.7	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	9.0
Animal Services	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
City Attorney	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.5
City Clerk	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0
City Manager	3.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	6.0
Human Resources	1.6	3.0	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	4.0	3.8	4.8	6.8
Community development	3.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.5	5.0
Fire	57.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	58.0	64.0	64.0	64.0	67.0
Police	82.5	84.5	84.5	89.7	91.7	93.1	94.1	96.1	96.1	101.6
Parks and recreation	6.0	6.0	6.0	9.0	8.4	8.4	8.35	7.0	18.2	21.0
Public works	36.5	35.2	36.2	39.6	41.0	41.1	42.07	43.8	26.3	31.2
Business Activities										
Airport	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	0	1
Airport & Marina Mgr							1.0	1.0	1	1
Development Services	5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	9.0
Marina	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Transit	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.0	2	3
Water	30.1	29.9	30.4	30.9	30.0	31.5	31.5	31.6	36.4	42.6
Waste water	30.1	29.9	30.4	31.0	30.0	31.5	31.5	31.6	36.4	42.6
Internal Service										
Employee benefits	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
General services	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Information technology	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Risk management	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	2	1
Workers' compensation	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	280	289	291	305	311	317	325	328	333	369

Source: City budget, finance department

City of Petaluma, CA Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 19

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function/Program										
Community development Commercial building permits issued	318	507	255	367	251	263	215	173	426	2 4
Residential building permits issued	1,172	1,023	1,609	1,549	1,874	1,779	2,119	2,498	1,593	2,750
Inspections performed	4,379	3,470	4,850	6,185	6,370	5,718	5,527	6,206	7,881	9,748
Police										
Number of police calls	52,738	55,121	56,887	57,616	61,083	56,137	54,112	50,284	57,011	60,629
Parking citations	8,073	3,522	6,723	8,248	8,677	5,705	3,522	2,409	4,713	4,564
Traffic citations	4,947	2,119	3,966	4,041	5,558	3,469	1,565	627	1,824	1,944
Administrative citations			35	120	118	176	102	55	8	2
Fire										
Ambulance runs	3,817	3,963	4,204	4,193	4,651	4,820	4,953	4,600	5,450	5,777
Fire calls	1,816	1,863	2,086	2,250	2,326	2,483	2,549	2,429	2,686	2,791
Inspections	2,458	2,723	2,425	2,656	2,288	2,905	1,407	405	920	537
Public works										
Street miles resurfaced/sealed	1.44	1.7	1.08	2.74	3.86	1.23	1.13	1.14	20.4	3.5
Potholes repaired										
Parks and recreation										
Historical library & museum visitors	6,269	7,251	10,192	10,612	11,150	12,470	5,850	7,435	11,855	13,220
Recreation program attendance	3,522	2,499	2,339	2,364	2,413	2,075	1,781	1,301	2,361	2,705
Senior Center Classes/Activities (3)						16,500	10,334	36	3,960	12,186
Special event attendance	2,000	3,400	4,700	4,850	4,850	6,700	6,300	4,127	6,450	7,268
Airport										
Airport movements (1)	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	53,200	53,200	53,300	53,300	53,300	53,300
Annual fuel consumption (gallons)	138,000	170,885	192,256	175,629	200,953	155,179	137,970	123,870	136,112	119,915
Water										
Annual water purchased in billions of gallons	3.0	2.5	. 3	2.8	2.7	2.2	2.7	2.2	2.3	1.9
Utility accounts	20,230	20,280	20,322	20,442	20,497	20,605	20,688	20,771	20,913	21,044
wastewater			L C 1	1,2 ()		1 4 1	0	105	, 11	
Average any weather flows of sewage Transit	4.3 Iliga	4.5 Iliga	4.5 Iliga	4.5 IIIgu	4.5 mga	4.4 IIIgu	4.0 IIIgu	ugui co.+	3./ I IIIgu	3.92 IIIgu
Number of bus routes (2)	9	9	7	7	14	14	12	12	12	13
Annual ridership	384,967	400,407	370,674	414,089	344,665	350,449	332,291	112,547	185,916	205,996

Sources:
Various city department reports, annual budget narrative
(1) Beginning in FY2018, Airport movements based on FAA Terminal Area Forecast for Petaluma Municipal Airport, prior yrs take-offs only.
(2) Beginning in FY2018, Includes both Transit and Paratransit routes, previous years only Transit routes
(3) Additional information added FY2019

City of Petaluma, CA Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 20

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function/Program										
Police										
Stations	1	1	-	1	-		1	1	1	-
Zone offices	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Patrol vehicles, marked and unmarked	55	55	55	55	53	54	53	54	54	54
Fire										
Fire stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	33	3
Ambulances	4	4	4	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Public works										
Streets (miles) (1)	185	185	185	185	185	177	177	177	177	177
Highways (miles)	0.80	0.80	08.0	080	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0
Streetlights	4,942	5,392	5,392	5,065	5,111	5,111	5,135	5169	5178	5178
Traffic Signals	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51
Park and recreation										
Acreage	324	324	324	324	460	462	462	462	462	462
Parks	45	45	45	45	46	50	46	46	46	46
Community centers	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Recreation facilities	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	33	3
Ball/soccer fields (Athletic Fields)	51	51	51	51	51	53	53	53	53	53
Tennis court	11	11	11	11	11	11	111	10	10	10
Pickle Ball Court								4	4	4
Turning basin public dock footage	995	995	995	995	995	995	995	995	995	995
Community swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Library			1			_			-	1
Water										
Water mains (miles)	258	268	268	252	252	239	239	261	262	265
Fire hydrants	2,565	2,597	2,597	2,587	2,562	2,583	2,572	2,608	2626	2640
Aqueduct stations	∞	∞	∞	∞	8	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞
Wells	13	13	13	13	11	11	111	11	11	11
Valves	7,542	7,636	7,636	7,681	7,723	8,495	8,571	8,678	8743	8757
Reservoirs, finished water (total capacity)	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1
Wastewater										
Booster stations (pumps)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Sanitary sewers (miles)	195.5	196.1	196.5	197	197	190	195	196.1	197	197
Storm sewers (miles)	125	127	127	124	120	120	120	121	122	122
Treatment capacity (millions of gallons)	2,445	2,445	2,445	2,445	2,445	2,445	2,445	2,445	2445	2445
Transit	•	;	;	,	,	,	,	,	•	Ç
Buses	10	Π	Π	14	4.	4.	4.	4.	14	13
Paratransit vans (2)					9	y	10	IO	11	9

Sources: Various city department reports, annual budget narrative (2) Additional information added FY2018