Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended May 31, 2016

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## Independent Auditors' Report

# The Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees of the Village of Rye Brook , New York

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Rye Brook, New York ("Village") as of and for the year ended May 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of May 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

PKF O'CONNOR DAVIES, LLP

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#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 2C and Note 3F in the notes to the financial statements which disclose the effects of the Village's adoption of the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Nos. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP Harrison, New York March 8, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) May 31, 2016

#### Introduction

The management of the Village of Rye Brook, New York ("Village"), offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2016. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section, to enhance understanding of the Village's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- On the government-wide financial statements, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Village exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2016 by \$18,568,243. Of this amount, a net unrestricted deficit of \$11,386,800 exists.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,139,618 of which \$4,875,732 is unassigned, which is available for spending at the Village's discretion. The fund balance of all governmental funds decreased by \$156,093 primarily attributable expenditures and other financing uses exceeding revenues and other financing sources.
- At the end of the fiscal years 2016 and 2015, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was 5,641,949 or 30% and \$4,437,719 or 23% respectively of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- During the current fiscal year, the Village did not issue new long-term obligations. Other long-term liabilities were reduced by \$625,000 in scheduled payments.
- During the current fiscal year, the Village issued short-term obligations (bond anticipation notes) in the amount of \$1,082,500 at interest rates ranging from 0.74% to 1.56%. Existing bond anticipation notes used to finance the cost of various capital projects were reduced by \$476,445.
- For the year ended May 31, 2016, the Village implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". This pronouncement established new accounting and financial reporting requirements associated with the Village's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS"). Under the new standards, cost-sharing employers are required to report in the government-wide financial statements a net pension liability (asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all of the municipalities and school districts in the plan. At May 31, 2016 the Village reported in its Statement of Net

Position a liability of \$5,388,505 for its proportionate share of the ERS and PFRS net pension liabilities. More detailed information about the Village's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements, which consist of three components: 1) the government-wide financial statements, 2) the fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information, which is intended to give the reader additional detail in support of the basic financial statements.

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave and other post-employment benefit obligations ("OPEB").

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The Village, like other governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Village's funds can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

## Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus *on near-term inflows and outflows* of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains two major governmental funds: The General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. This information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Friends of Rye Brook and the Recreation Trust Fund are grouped together as a Special Purpose non-major governmental fund.

Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budget.

## Fiduciary Funds

*Fiduciary funds* are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support Village programs. The Village maintains one fiduciary fund: The Agency Fund. The resources of the Agency Fund are held by the Village in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations and other governments.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential for fair presentation and that is not otherwise displayed on the face of the financial statements. As such, the notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements. The notes focus on the primary government – specifically, its governmental activities, major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements, this report also presents required supplementary information (RSI) concerning the Village's progress in funding its obligation to provide other post-employment benefits (OPEB) to its employees and its proportionate share of the net pension liability for its participation in the NYSLRS. RSI immediately follows the notes to the financial statements.

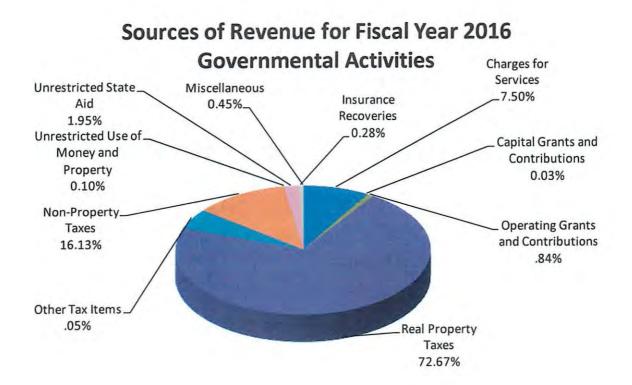
This report also includes supplementary information (SI), which immediately follows RSI and gives the reader further detail on the information presented in the basic financial statements. Included in SI are the individual and combining non-major governmental fund financial statements and schedules; the project length schedule for the Capital Projects Fund.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

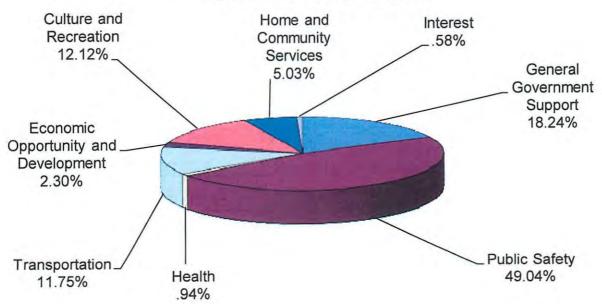
As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the Village, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$18,568,243 at the close of the fiscal year 2015-2016. The largest portion of the Village's net position is its investment in capital assets (land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress), less any related debt outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investments in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the debt.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	May 31,				
		2016	2015		
Current Assets	\$	11,602,548	\$	11,195,070	
Capital Assets, net		31,620,864		30,360,957	
Total Assets		43,223,412		41,556,027	
Deferred outflows of resources		5,382,752		2,767	
Current Liabilities		4,490,890		3,926,504	
Long-term Liabilities		24,710,032	·	17,618,182	
Total Liabilities		29,200,922		21,544,686	
Deferred inflows of resources		836,999		-	
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		26,406,524		25,115,233	
Restricted		3,548,519		4,103,899	
Unrestricted		(11,386,800)		(9,205,024)	
Total Net Position	\$	18,568,243	\$	20,014,108	



Sources of Expenses for Fiscal Year 2016 Governmental Activities



## **Statement of Activities**

	2016	2015
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		<b>a 4 7</b> 05 000
Charges for Services	\$ 1,500,569	\$ 1,705,222
Operating Grants and Contributions	167,873	145,812
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,081	4,208
Total Program Revenues	1,673,523	1,855,242
General Revenues:		
Real Property Taxes	14,534,433	13,987,981
Other Tax Items	10,434	313,743
Non-Property Taxes	3,226,976	2,398,878
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	20,965	22,787
Unrestricted State Aid	390,623	322,572
Insurance Recoveries	56,757	95,022
Miscellaneous	90,748	15,067
Total General Revenues	18,330,936	17,156,050
Total Revenues	20,004,459	19,011,292
Program Expenses:		
General Government Support	3,852,583	3,392,086
Public Safety	10,363,091	10,076,624
Health	198,842	198,842
Transportation	2,482,153	2,394,179
Economic Opportunity and Development	486,704	455,320
Culture and Recreation	2,560,305	2,451,274
Home and Community Services	1,061,911	1,176,574
Interest	121,606	136,201
Total Expenses	21,127,195	20,281,100
Change in Net Position	(1,122,736)	(1,269,808)
NET POSITION		
Beginning, as reported	20,014,108	21,283,916
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle	(323,129)	
Beginning, as restated	19,690,979	21,283,916
Ending	\$ 18,568,243	\$ 20,014,108
	<u> </u>	

## **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities decreased the Village's net position by \$1,122,736 and \$1,269,808 in 2016 and 2015 respectively.

For the fiscal years ended May 31, 2016 and 2015, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$20,004,459 and \$19,011,292, respectively. Tax revenues (\$17,771,843, in 2016 and \$16,700,602, in 2015), comprised of real property taxes, other tax items and non-property taxes, represent the largest revenue source (89% in 2016 and 88% in 2015 respectively).

The largest components of governmental activities' expenses are public safety (49% in 2016 and 50% in 2015), general government support (18% in 2016 and 17% in 2015) and culture and recreation (12% in 2016 and 2015 respectively). The major changes are as follows:

Revenues:

• Total general revenues increased \$1,174,886 or 6.8% with real property taxes increasing by \$546,452 due to an increase in the tax levy and the inclusion of the Doral-Arrowood property, other tax items decreasing by \$303,309, mainly due to the removal of the Doral-Arrowood property from the PILOT program and entered on the tax assessment roll, non-property taxes increasing by \$828,098 mainly due to an increase in hotel occupancy tax and the recognition of the deferred revenue. All other revenue sources increased by \$103,645.

Expenses:

• Total general expenses increased by \$846,095 or 4.17% mainly due to increases in public safety of \$286,467 and \$460,497 in general government support respectively. All other functions/programs had a net increase by a total of \$99,131.

## Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

## Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") issued its Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* in February 2009. GASB Statement No. 54 abandons the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaces them with five new classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below.

<u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables, advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making authority for the Village that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Village removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Trustees.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u>, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the entity's highest level of decision making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign amounts for a specific intended purpose. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u>, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds, other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Village's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

These changes were made to reflect spending constraints on resources, rather than availability for appropriations and to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting. This pronouncement should result in an improvement in the usefulness of fund balance information.

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

## **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,139,618. Of this amount \$33,481 has been classified as non-spendable, \$1,057,557 has been classified as restricted, \$1,172,848 has been classified as assigned and \$4,875,732 has been classified as unassigned.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,641,949, representing 74% of the total General Fund balance of \$7,662,972. Revenues and other financing sources were \$19,968,563,

which was \$1,272,493 greater than the final budget. The major areas where revenues exceeded the budget were non-property taxes, departmental income and state aid. Expenditures and other financing uses were \$18,991,452, which was \$799,245 less than the final budget.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

## **Capital Assets**

The Village's investment in capital assets for governmental activities at May 31, 2016, net of \$23,542,348 of accumulated depreciation, was \$31,620,864. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

Ca	pital As May 31		
Class		2016	 2015
Land	\$	13,660,376	\$ 13,094,447
Land Improvements		6,200,677	5,972,942
Building and Improvements		7,977,465	7,688,148
Machinery and Equipment		5,411,464	4,541,868
Infrastructure		21,564,716	20,666,207
Construction-in-Progress		348,514	796,158
Less - accumulated depreciation		(23,542,348)	 (22,398,813)
Total (net of depreciation)	\$	31,620,864	\$ 30,360,957

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 3 in the notes to the financial statements.

## Long-Term Debt /Short-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total bonded debt outstanding of \$2,035,000. As required by New York State Law, all bonds issued by the Village are general obligation bonds, backed by the full faith and credit of the Village.

During the current fiscal year, the Village issued \$1,082,500 of short-term debt (bond anticipation notes/BAN's), and paid down \$476,445 (all from General Fund appropriations) on existing BAN's for capital projects.

Pursuant to Article VIII of the State Constitution and Title 9 of Article 2 of the Local Finance Law, the Village is subject to a "constitutional debt limit". This debt limit is calculated by taking 7% of the latest five-year average of the full valuation of all taxable real property within the Village. At May 31, 2016, the Village has the authority to issue \$175,860,429 of general obligation long-term debt.

Additional information on the Village's long-term and short-term debt can be found in Note 3 in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Rye Brook, New York's finances. Questions and comments concerning any of the information provided in this report should be addressed to Diane DiSanto, Treasurer, Village of Rye Brook, 938 King Street, Rye Brook, New York 10573.

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## Statement of Net Position May 31, 2016

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments Receivables	\$    10,548,428 211,323
Taxes Accounts Due from other governments	51,186 278,730 479,400
Prepaid expenses Capital assets Not being depreciated	33,481 14,008,890
Being depreciated, net	17,611,974
Total Assets	43,223,412
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,382,752
LIABILITIES	010 200
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	818,389 274,654
Deposits and other liabilities	4,590
Due to retirement systems	222,911
Bond anticipation notes payable	3,142,386 27,960
Accrued interest payable Non-current liabilities	27,000
Due within one year	• 510,000
Due in more than one year	24,200,032
Total Liabilities	29,200,922
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	836,999
NET POSITION	00,400,504
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	26,406,524
Capital projects	2,490,962
Debt service	814,694
Special purposes	242,863
Unrestricted	(11,386,800)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 18,568,243</u>

## Statement of Activities Year Ended May 31, 2016

		Program Revenues		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental activities General government support Public safety Health	\$     3,852,583 10,363,091 198,842	\$ 49,740 874,964	\$- 5,097	\$- -
Transportation Economic opportunity and	2,482,153	40,000	124,384	-
development Culture and recreation Home and community	486,704 2,560,305	- 379,310	- 36,892	-
services Interest	1,061,911 121,606	156,555 	1,500 	5,081
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 21,127,195</u>	<u>\$ 1,500,569</u>	<u>\$ 167,873</u>	<u>\$5,081</u>
	Non-property ta Non-property Utilities gross Hotel occupa Franchise fee Unrestricted us Unrestricted Sta Miscellaneous Insurance recov Total General Change in Net NET POSITION Beginning, as rep	penalties on real taxes tax distribution for receipts taxes ncy tax es e of money and p ate aid veries I Revenues et Position ported t of Change in Ad	orm County	

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
\$	(3,802,843) (9,483,030) (198,842) (2,317,769)
	(486,704) (2,144,103)
<u></u>	(903,856) (116,525)
	(19,453,672)
	14,534,433
	10,434
	1,368,979 249,405 1,343,527 265,065 20,965 390,623 90,748 56,757
	18,330,936
	(1,122,736)
	20,014,108
	(323,129)
	19,690,979
\$	18,568,243

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds May 31, 2016

		General	Capital Projects		Ion-Major overnmental	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and equivalents	\$	9,537,085	\$ 758,560	\$	252,783	\$	10,548,428
Investments		211,323	-		-		211,323
Taxes receivable		51,186	-		-		51,186
Other receivables							
Accounts		278,730	-		-		278,730
Due from other governments		479,400	-		-		479,400
Due from other funds		-	2,026,571		-		2,026,571
Prepaid expenditures		33,481	 				33,481
Total Assets	\$	10,591,205	\$ 2,785,131	\$	252,783	\$	13,629,119
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities	S (D	EFICITS)					
Accounts payable	\$	407,535	\$ 408,962	\$	1,892	\$	818,389
Accrued liabilities		274,654	•		· -		274,654
Deposits and other liabilities		4,590	-		-		4,590
Due to retirement systems		222,911	-		-		222,911
Due to other funds		2,018,543	-		8,028		2,026,571
Bond anticipation notes payable			 3,142,386				3,142,386
Total Liabilities		2,928,233	 3,551,348		9,920		6,489,501
Fund balances (deficits)							
Nonspendable		33,481	-		-		33,481
Restricted		814,694	-		242,863		1,057,557
Assigned		1,172,848	-		· _		1,172,848
Unassigned		5,641,949	 (766,217)		-		4,875,732
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	<u></u>	7,662,972	 (766,217)	<u></u> -	242,863		7,139,618
Total Liabilities and							
Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	10,591,205	\$ 2,785,131	\$	252,783	\$	13,629,119

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position May 31, 2016

# Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 7,139,618
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	31,620,864
Governmental funds do not report the effect of assets or liabilities related to net pension liabilities whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Deferred amounts on net pension liabilities	4,545,753
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest payable Bonds payable Compensated absences Net pension liability Other post employment benefit obligations payable	(27,960) (2,071,954) (1,425,613) (5,388,505) (15,823,960)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	(24,737,992) <b>\$</b> 18,568,243

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended May 31, 2016

Revenues         \$ 14,534,433         \$\$           Other tax items         10,434		General	Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental
Other tax items         10 (434         -           Non-property taxes         3,226,976         -         -           Non-property taxes         198,055         -         -           Use of money and property         26,046         -         -           Use of money and property         26,046         -         -           State aid         521,100         -         -           Miscellaneous         90,748         -         35,896           Total Revenues         19,911,806         -         35,896           EXPENDITURES         Current         -         -           General government support         2,565,543         -         -           Public safety         5,765,787         -         472           Health         198,842         -         -           Current         296,819         -         -           Cuture and recreation         1,600,799         -         37,176           Home and community services         993,676         -         -           Debt service         -         2,502,072         -         -           Debt service         -         2,502,072         -         -           Or		\$ 14,534,433	\$-	\$-
Departmental income         1,265,769         -           Intergovernmental charges         198,055         -           Use of money and property         26,046         -           Fines and forfeitures         38,245         -           State aid         521,100         -           Miscellaneous         90,748         -           Total Revenues         19,911,806         -           Current         General government support         2,565,543         -           Public safety         5,765,787         -         472           Health         196,842         -         -           Transportation         1,151,634         -         -           Economic opportunity and development         296,819         -         -           Cutture and recreation         1,600,799         -         37,176           Home and community services         963,676         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -           Principal         625,000         -         -           Interest         133,230         -         -           Capital outlay         -         2,502,072         37,648           Excess (Deficiency)		10,434	-	-
Intergovernmental charges         198,055         -         -           Use of money and property         26,046         -         -           Fines and forfeitures         38,245         -         -           State aid         521,100         -         -           Miscellaneous         90,748         -         35,896           Total Revenues         19,911,806         -         35,896           EXPENDITURES         -         -         472           General government support         2,565,543         -         -           Transportation         1,151,634         -         -           Transportation         1,600,799         -         37,176           Health         198,842         -         -           Culture and recreation         1,600,799         -         -           Culture and recreation         1,600,799         -         -           Debt service         983,676         -         -           Principal         625,000         -         -           Interest         133,230         -         -           Capital outlay         -         2,502,072         -           Total Expenditures <t< td=""><td></td><td>• •</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>		• •	-	-
Use of money and property         26,046         -         -           Fines and forfeitures         33,245         -         -           State aid         521,100         -         -           Miscellaneous         90,748         -         35,896           Total Revenues         19,911,806         -         35,896           EXPENDITURES         Current         -         472           General government support         2,565,543         -         -           Public safety         5,765,787         -         472           Health         198,842         -         -           Transportation         1,151,634         -         -           Culture and recreation         1,600,799         -         37,176           Home and community services         983,676         -         -           Principal         625,000         -         -           Interest         133,230         -         -           Capital outlay         -         2,502,072         -           Transfers in         -         1,370,620         -           Transfers out         (1,370,620)         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources	•		-	-
Fines and forfeitures       38,245       -         State aid       521,100       -         Miscellaneous       90,748       -         Total Revenues       19,911,806       -         EXPENDITURES       19,911,806       -         Current       2,565,543       -         General government support       2,565,543       -         Transportation       1,151,634       -         Transportation       1,600,799       -         Culture and recreation       1,600,799       -         Health       198,842       -         Culture and recreation       1,600,799       -         Home and community services       963,676       -         Principal       625,000       -         Interest       133,230       -         Capital outlay       -       2,502,072       37,648         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues       2,290,974       (2,502,072)       (1,752)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -         Insurance recoveries       56,757       -       -         Transfers in       -       1,370,620       -       -         Transfers out       (1,370,620)			-	-
State aid         521,100         -         -         35,896           Miscellaneous         90,748         -         35,896           Total Revenues         19,911,806         -         35,896           EXPENDITURES         -         35,896         -           Current         2,565,543         -         -           Public safety         5,765,787         -         472           Health         198,842         -         -           Transportation         1,151,634         -         -           Economic opportunity and development         296,819         -         -           Culture and recreation         1,800,799         -         37,176           Home and community services         963,676         -         -           Principal         625,000         -         -           Interest         133,230         -         -           Capital outlay         -         2,502,072         -         -           Total Expenditures         17,620,832         2,502,072         37,648           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         -         1,370,620         -         -           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         -		•	-	-
Miscellaneous         90,748         -         35,896           Total Revenues         19,911,806         -         35,896           EXPENDITURES         2,565,543         -         -           General government support         2,565,787         -         472           Health         198,842         -         -           Transportation         1,151,634         -         -           Economic opportunity and development         296,819         -         -           Culture and recreation         1,800,799         -         37,176           Home and community services         963,676         -         -           Employee benefits         4,319,502         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -         -           Principal         625,000         -         -         -           Interest         133,230         -         -         -           Capital outlay         -         2,502,072         -         -           Total Expenditures         17,620,832         2,502,072         (1,752)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         -         -         -         -           Insurance reco		•	-	-
EXPENDITURES         -           General government support         2,565,543         -         -           Public safety         5,765,787         472           Health         198,842         -         -           Transportation         1,151,634         -         -           Culture and recreation         1,600,799         -         37,176           Home and community services         963,676         -         -           Debt service         983,676         -         -           Principal         625,000         -         -           Interest         133,230         -         -           Capital outlay         -         2,502,072         -           Total Expenditures         17,620,832         2,502,072         37,648           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         0/ver Expenditures         2,290,974         (2,502,072)         (1,752)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         -         -         -         -         -           Insurance recoveries         56,757         -         -         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (1,313,863)         1,370,620         -         -           T		•		35,896
Current         2,565,543         -         -           Public safety         5,765,787         -         472           Health         198,842         -         -           Transportation         1,151,634         -         -           Economic opportunity and development         296,819         -         -           Culture and recreation         1,600,799         -         37,176           Home and community services         963,676         -         -           Employee benefits         4,319,502         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -         -           Principal         625,000         -         -         -           Interest         133,230         -         -         -           Capital outlay         -         2,502,072         37,648           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues         0ver Expenditures         2,290,974         (2,502,072)         (1,752)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         -         -         -         -         -           Insurance recoveries         56,757         -         -         -         -           Transfers in         -         1,370,620 </td <td>Total Revenues</td> <td>19,911,806</td> <td><u> </u></td> <td>35,896</td>	Total Revenues	19,911,806	<u> </u>	35,896
Public sarety       5,765,787       -       472         Health       198,842       -       -         Transportation       1,151,634       -       -         Economic opportunity and development       296,819       -       -         Culture and recreation       1,600,799       -       37,176         Home and community services       963,676       -       -         Employee benefits       4,319,502       -       -         Debt service       -       -       -       -         Principal       625,000       -       -       -         Interest       133,230       -       -       -         Capital outlay				
Health       198,842       -       -         Transportation       1,151,634       -       -         Economic opportunity and development       296,819       -       -         Culture and recreation       1,600,799       -       37,176         Home and community services       963,676       -       -         Employee benefits       4,319,502       -       -         Debt service       -       -       -       -         Principal       625,000       -       -       -         Interest       133,230       -       -       -         Capital outlay       -       2,502,072       -       -         Total Expenditures       17,620,832       2,502,072       37,648         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues       0/ver Expenditures       2,290,974       (2,502,072)       (1,752)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       -       -         Insurance recoveries       56,757       -       -       -       -         Transfers in       -       1,370,620       -       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,313,863)       1,370,620       - <t< td=""><td></td><td>• •</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>		• •	-	-
Transportation       1,151,634       -       -         Economic opportunity and development       296,819       -       -         Culture and recreation       1,600,799       -       37,176         Home and community services       963,676       -       -         Employee benefits       4,319,502       -       -         Debt service       -       -       -         Principal       625,000       -       -         Interest       133,230       -       -         Capital outlay       -       2,502,072       37,648         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues       2,290,974       (2,502,072)       (1,752)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -         Insurance recoveries       56,757       -       -         Transfers in       -       1,370,620       -       -         Transfers out       (1,370,620)       -       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,1313,863)       1,370,620       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       977,111       (1,131,452)       (1,752)		• •	-	472
Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation         296,819         -         -           Culture and recreation         1,600,799         37,176           Home and community services         963,676         -           Employee benefits         4,319,502         -           Debt service         -         -           Principal         625,000         -           Interest         133,230         -           Capital outlay         -         2,502,072         -           Total Expenditures         17,620,832         2,502,072         37,648           Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures         2,290,974         (2,502,072)         (1,752)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         -         -         -         -           Insurance recoveries         56,757         -         -           Transfers in         -         1,370,620         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (1,313,863)         1,370,620         -         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         977,111         (1,131,452)         (1,752)		•	-	-
Culture and recreation       1,600,799       -       37,176         Home and community services       963,676       -       -         Employee benefits       4,319,502       -       -         Debt service       625,000       -       -         Principal       625,000       -       -         Interest       133,230       -       -         Capital outlay       -       2,502,072       -         Total Expenditures       17,620,832       2,502,072       37,648         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues       0ver Expenditures       2,290,974       (2,502,072)       (1,752)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       1,370,620       -       -       -         Insurance recoveries       56,757       -       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,370,620)       -       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,313,863)       1,370,620       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       977,111       (1,131,452)       (1,752)	•		-	-
Home and community services       963,676       -       -         Employee benefits       4,319,502       -       -         Debt service       625,000       -       -         Principal       625,000       -       -         Interest       133,230       -       -         Capital outlay       -       2,502,072       -         Total Expenditures       17,620,832       2,502,072       37,648         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues       0ver Expenditures       2,290,974       (2,502,072)       (1,752)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       11,370,620       -       -       -         Insurance recoveries       56,757       -       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,370,620)       -       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,313,863)       1,370,620       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       977,111       (1,131,452)       (1,752)		•	-	37 176
Employee benefits       4,319,502       -       -         Debt service       9rincipal       625,000       -       -         Interest       133,230       -       -       -         Capital outlay      2,502,072       -       -       -         Total Expenditures       17,620,832       2,502,072       37,648         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues       0/ver Expenditures       2,290,974       (2,502,072)       (1,752)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		• •	-	-
Debt service       9rincipal       625,000       -       -       -         Interest       133,230       - </td <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>		•	-	-
Interest       133,230       -				
Capital outlay	•	•	-	-
Total Expenditures       17,620,832       2,502,072       37,648         Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures       2,290,974       (2,502,072)       (1,752)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Insurance recoveries Transfers in Transfers out       56,757       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,370,620)       -       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       977,111       (1,131,452)       (1,752)		133,230	-	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures       2,290,974       (2,502,072)       (1,752)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Insurance recoveries       56,757       -       -         Transfers in Transfers out       1,370,620       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,313,863)       1,370,620       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       977,111       (1,131,452)       (1,752)	Capital outlay		2,502,072	- 
Over Expenditures         2,290,974         (2,502,072)         (1,752)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Insurance recoveries         56,757         -         -           Transfers in Transfers out         -         1,370,620         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (1,313,863)         1,370,620         -         -           Net Change in Fund Balances         977,111         (1,131,452)         (1,752)	Total Expenditures	17,620,832	2,502,072	37,648
Insurance recoveries       56,757       -       -         Transfers in       -       1,370,620       -         Transfers out       (1,370,620)       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,313,863)       1,370,620       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       977,111       (1,131,452)       (1,752)		2,290,974	(2,502,072)	(1,752)
Transfers in       -       1,370,620       -         Transfers out       (1,370,620)       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,313,863)       1,370,620       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       977,111       (1,131,452)       (1,752)	• •	56 757	-	<u>-</u>
Transfers out       (1,370,620)       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (1,313,863)       1,370,620       -         Net Change in Fund Balances       977,111       (1,131,452)       (1,752)		-	1.370.620	-
Net Change in Fund Balances         977,111         (1,131,452)         (1,752)	Transfers out	(1,370,620)		
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,313,863)	1,370,620	-
	Net Change in Fund Balances	977,111	(1,131,452)	(1,752)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)         Beginning of Year         6,685,861         365,235         244,615	FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year	6,685,861	365,235	244,615
End of Year <u>\$ 7,662,972</u> <u>\$ (766,217)</u> <u>\$ 242,863</u>	End of Year	\$ 7,662,972	<u>\$ (766,217)</u>	<u>\$ 242,863</u>

Total Governmental Funds\$ 14,534,433 10,434 3,226,976 1,265,769 198,055 26,046 38,245 521,100 126,644 $19,947,702$ 2,565,543 5,766,259 198,842 1,151,634 296,819 1,637,975 963,676 4,319,502625,000 133,230 2,502,072 20,160,552(212,850)56,757 1,370,620 (1,370,620) 56,757 (156,093)7,295,711 \$ 7,139,618	<u> </u>
10,434 3,226,976 1,265,769 198,055 26,046 38,245 521,100 126,644 19,947,702 2,565,543 5,766,259 198,842 1,151,634 296,819 1,637,975 963,676 4,319,502 625,000 133,230 2,502,072 20,160,552 (212,850) 56,757 1,370,620 (1,370,620) (1,370,620) (1,370,620) (1,370,620) (1,56,093) 7,295,711	Governmental
2,565,543 5,766,259 198,842 1,151,634 296,819 1,637,975 963,676 4,319,502 625,000 133,230 2,502,072 20,160,552 (212,850) 56,757 1,370,620 (1,370,620) 56,757 (156,093) 7,295,711	10,434 3,226,976 1,265,769 198,055 26,046 38,245 521,100
5,766,259 198,842 1,151,634 296,819 1,637,975 963,676 4,319,502 625,000 133,230 2,502,072 20,160,552 (212,850) 56,757 1,370,620 (1,370,620) 56,757 (156,093) 7,295,711	19,947,702
133,230 2,502,072 20,160,552 (212,850) 56,757 1,370,620 (1,370,620) 56,757 (156,093) 7,295,711	5,766,259 198,842 1,151,634 296,819 1,637,975 963,676
(212,850) 56,757 1,370,620 (1,370,620) 56,757 (156,093) 7,295,711	133,230
56,757 1,370,620 (1,370,620) 56,757 (156,093) 7,295,711	20,160,552
1,370,620 (1,370,620) 56,757 (156,093) 7,295,711	(212,850)
(156,093) 7,295,711	1,370,620
7,295,711	56,757
	(156,093)
<u>\$    7,139,618    </u>	7,295,711
	<u>\$ 7,139,618</u>

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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended May 31, 2016

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	<u>\$ (156,093)</u>
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the state- ment of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount may be less than the total capital outlay since capital outlay includes amounts under the capitalization threshold.	
Capital outlay expenditures	2,403,442
Depreciation expense	(1,143,535)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Re- payment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	1,259,907
Principal paid on serial bonds	625,000
Amortization of premium/loss	12,439
	637,439
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	(815)
Compensated absences	(119,333)
Pension liabilities	(519,623)
Other post employment benefit obligations	(2,224,218)
	(2,863,989)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ (1,122,736)</u>

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balance - Budget And Actual General Fund Year Ended May 31, 2016

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Real property taxes	\$ 14,534,433	\$ 14,534,433	\$ 14,534,433	\$-
Other tax items	6,000	6,000	10,434	4,434
Non-property taxes	2,374,000	2,374,000	3,226,976	852,976
Departmental income	1,134,250	1,134,250	1,265,769	131,519
Intergovernmental charges	197,516	197,516	198,055	539
Use of money and property	16,000	16,000	26,046	10,046
Fines and forfeitures	40,000	40,000	38,245	(1,755)
Sale of property and		,		(1,1.00)
compensation for loss	15,000	15,000	-	(15,000)
State aid	356,271	356,271	521,100	164,829
Miscellaneous	7,600	7,600	90,748	83,148
Total Revenues	18,681,070	18,681,070	19,911,806	1,230,736
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government support	2,737,444	2,847,617	2,565,543	282,074
Public safety	5,885,466	5,866,890	5,765,787	101,103
Health	198,842	198,842	198,842	-
Transportation	1,349,709	1,278,989	1,151,634	127,355
Economic opportunity and development	308,883	310,383	296,819	13,564
Culture and recreation	1,656,874	1,659,174	1,600,799	58,375
Home and community services	1,086,038	1,093,108	963,676	129,432
Employee benefits	4,424,300	4,371,853	4,319,502	52,351
Debt service	• •			
Principal	625,000	625,000	625,000	-
Interest	126,666	133,232	133,230	2
Total Expenditures	18,399,222	18,385,088	17,620,832	764,256
Excess of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	281,848	295,982	2,290,974	1,994,992
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Insurance recoveries	15,000	15,000	56,757	41,757
Transfers out	(1,381,675)	(1,405,609)	(1,370,620)	34,989
Total Other Financing Uses	(1,366,675)	(1,390,609)	(1,313,863)	76,746
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,084,827)	(1,094,627)	977,111	2,071,738
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year	1,084,827	1,094,627	6,685,861	5,591,234
End of Year	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 7,662,972	\$ 7,662,972

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund May 31, 2016

ACCETC	Agency
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Cash and equivalents - senior services Accounts receivable	\$ 342,481 17,662 55,829
Total Assets	<u>\$ 415,972</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deposits Deposits - senior services	\$  16,569 386,395 13,008
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 415,972</u>

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2016

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Rye Brook, New York ("Village") was incorporated in 1982 and operates in accordance with Village Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Village Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Village Administrator serves as the chief administrative officer and the Village Treasurer serves as the chief financial officer. The Village provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Village conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Village's more significant accounting policies:

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government which is the Village, b) organizations for which the Village is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

## B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Village as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Village at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Village maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Village's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

#### **Fund Categories**

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Village's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Village in that it includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The Village also reports the following non-major governmental fund -

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The non-major Special Revenue Fund of the Village is as follows:

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Village in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in an agency capacity on behalf of others.

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liability and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

## E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

#### **Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure**

**Cash and Equivalents** - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Village's investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Village has adopted its own written investment policy, which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Village is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions, and accordingly, the Village's policy provides for no credit risk on investments.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Village has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and Village subdivisions.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Village's name. The Village's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at May 31, 2016.

The Village was invested only in the above mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate or credit risk.

**Investments** - All investments are stated at fair value and/or amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

**Taxes Receivable** - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of May 1st and are levied and payable in two installments due in June and February. The Town of Rye is responsible for the billing and collection of the Village's real property taxes.

**Other Receivables** - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Village. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

**Due From/To Other Funds** - During the course of its operations, the Village has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of May 31, 2016, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

**Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures** - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of insurance and other costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

**Capital Assets** - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Village are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	in Years		
Land improvements	20		
Buildings and improvements	15 - 45		
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20		
Infrastructure	15 - 50		

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Village reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension obligations. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the Village's pension plans in Note 3F.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Long-Term Liabilities** - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

**Compensated Absences** - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

**Net Pension Liability** - The net pension liability represents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

**Net Position** - Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, debt service and special purposes. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

**Fund Balance** - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making authority for the Village that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Trustees.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the entity's highest level of decision making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign amounts for a specific intended purpose. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Village's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

## F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is March 8, 2017.

## Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

## A. Budgetary Data

The Village generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before March 20th, the budget officer submits to the Board of Trustees a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following June 1st. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds.
- b) The Board of Trustees, on or before March 31st, meets to discuss and review the tentative budget.
- c) The Board of Trustees conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments on or before April 15th.
- d) After the public hearing and on or before May 1st, the Trustees meet to consider and adopt the budget.
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General Fund.
- f) The budget for the General Fund is legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. An annual budget is not legally adopted by the Board for the Special Purpose Fund.
- g) The Village Board of Trustees has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Village Administrator. However, any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations require a majority vote by the Board.

## Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

h) Appropriations in the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees.

#### B. Property Tax Limitation

The Village is permitted by the Constitution of the State of New York to levy taxes up to 2% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the Village, exclusive of the amount raised for the payment of interest on and redemption of long-term debt. In accordance with this definition, the maximum amount of the levy for 2015-2016 was \$50,245,837 which exceeded the actual levy by \$35,711,404.

On June 24, 2011, the Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This applies to all local governments.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a Village in a particular year. The original legislation that established the Tax levy Limitation Law was set to expire on June 16, 2016. Chapter 20 of the Laws of 2015 extends the Tax Levy Limitation Law through June 2020.

The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Village to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelvemonth period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The Village is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Village, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Village. The Board may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Board first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Board, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

## Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

## C. Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle

For the year ended May 31, 2016, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". These statements seek to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions by establishing standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. These statements also require the identification of the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to the periods of employee service. As a result of adopting these standards, the government-wide financial statements reflect a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle of \$(323,129).

## D. Capital Projects Fund Deficits

The unassigned deficit in the Capital Projects Fund of \$766,217 arises in-part because of the application of generally accepted accounting principles to the financial reporting of such funds. The proceeds of bond anticipation notes issued to finance construction of capital projects are not recognized as an "other financing source". Liabilities for bond anticipation notes payable are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes are recognized as revenue only to the extent that they are redeemed. The deficit will be reduced and eliminated as the bond anticipation notes are redeemed from interfund transfers from other governmental funds or converted to permanent financing. Other deficits, where no bond anticipation notes were issued or outstanding to the extent of the deficit, arise either because of expenditures exceeding current financing on the projects or from capital projects exceeding their budgetary authorization. These deficits will be eliminated with the subsequent receipt or issuance of authorized financing.

## E. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The following capital projects exceeded their budgetary provisions by the amounts indicated:

Comprehensive Plan	\$ 10,000
Land - Garibaldi Place and Parking Lot	6,785
Laser fiche Project	14,326
Pine Ridge Park Tennis Court Resurfacing	7,200
Highway Equipment	35,193
Pine Ridge Park Tennis Wall Reconstruction	2,418
Police Desk Renovations	6,466

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at May 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

Current Year	<u>\$</u>	51,186

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

## Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

## B. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at May 31, 2016 were as follows:

Fund	Due From		 Due To	
General Capital Projects Non-Major Governmental			\$ 2,018,543 - 8,028	
	\$	2,026,571	\$ 2,026,571	

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

## C. Capital Assets

Changes in the Village's capital assets are as follows:

Class	Balance June 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Balance May 31, 2016
Capital Assets, not being depreciated Land Construction-in-Progress	\$ 13,094,447 796,158	\$     565,929 6,504	\$- 	\$ 13,660,376 348,514
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	<u>\$ 13,890,605</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 454,148</u>	<u>\$ 14,008,890</u>
Capital Assets, being depreciated Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	\$ 5,972,942 7,688,148 4,541,868 20,666,207	\$ 227,735 289,317 869,596 898,509	\$ - - -	\$ 6,200,677 7,977,465 5,411,464 21,564,716
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	38,869,165	2,285,157		41,154,322
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	2,401,615 2,437,000 3,405,104 14,155,094	318,676 180,272 196,799 447,788	- - -	2,720,291 2,617,272 3,601,903 14,602,882
Total Accumulated Depreciation	22,398,813	1,143,535	- 	23,542,348
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 16,470,352</u>	<u>\$ 1,141,622</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 17,611,974</u>
Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 30,360,957</u>	<u>\$ 1,714,055</u>	\$ 454,148	<u>\$ 31,620,864</u>

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the Village's functions and programs as follows:

General Government Support	\$ 69,87	'5
Public Safety	169,12	29
Transportation	456,74	6
Culture and Recreation	349,55	<b>50</b>
Home and Community Services	98,23	<u>15</u>
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$1,143,53</u>	<u>}5</u>

#### D. Accrued Liabilities

The Village has reported accrued liabilities for payroll and employee benefits of \$274,654 in the General Fund.

#### E. Short-Term Capital Borrowings - Bond Anticipation Notes

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings.

Purpose	Year of Original Issue	Maturity Date	Rate of Interest	 Balance June 1, 2015	_	New Issues	Re	demptions	_	Balance May 31, 2016
Various Capital Projects	2012	01/17	1.49 %	\$ 919,831	\$	-	\$	288,945	\$	630,886
Land and Highway Garage	2013	10/16	1.15	750,000		-		187,500		562,500
Various Capital Projects	2015	08/16	1.56	491,500		-		-		491,500
Various Capital Projects	2015	03/17	1.24	375,000		•		-		375,000
Various Capital Projects	2016	10/16	0.74	 •		1,082,500		-	_	1,082,500
				\$ 2,536,331	\$	1,082,500	\$	476,445	\$	3,142,386

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes issued for judgments or settled claims are recorded in the fund paying the claim. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within five years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Interest expenditures of \$32,655 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$35,574 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

# F. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Village's long-term liabilities for the year ended May 31, 2016:

	Balance as Reported June 1, 2015	Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle	Balance as Restated June 1, 2015	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance May 31, 2016	Due Within One-Year
Bonds Payable	\$ 2,660,000	\$-	\$ 2,660,000	\$-	\$ 625,000	\$ 2,035,000	\$ 370,000
Add - Unamortized premium on bonds	52,160		52,160		15,206	36,954	<u> </u>
Other Non-current Lizbilities	2,712,160		2,712,160	<u>-</u>	640,206	2,071,954	370,000
Compensated Absences	1,306,280	-	1,306,280	249,333	130,000	1,425,613	140,000
Net Pension Liability	-	323,129	323,129	5,065,376	-	5,388,505	-
Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable	13,599,742		13,599,742	3,063,563	839,345	15,823,960	<u> </u>
Total Non-current Liabilities	14,906,022	323,129	15,229,151	8,378,272	969,345	22,638,078	140,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 17,618,182	\$ 323,129	<u>\$ 17,941,311</u>	\$ 8,378,272	<u>\$ 1,609,551</u>	\$ 24,710,032	\$ 510,000

Each governmental fund's liability for bonds, compensated absences, net pension liability and other post employment benefit obligations are liquidated by the General Fund.

# **Bonds Payable**

Bonds payable at May 31, 2016 are comprised of the following individual issues:

		Original			c	Amount Dutstanding
Purpose	Year of Issue	 Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	; 	at May 31, 2016
Various Village Purposes Various Village Purposes	2003 2010	\$ 3,100,000 2,200,000	September, 2018 November, 2023	4.00-4.50 % 3.00-5.00	\$	1,215,000 820,000
					\$	2,035,000

Interest expenditures of \$100,575 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$86,032 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

# **Payments to Maturity**

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of May 31, 2016 including interest payments of \$270,559 are as follows:

Year Ending May 31,	 Principal	 Interest		Total
2017	\$ 370,000	\$ 79,388	\$	449,388
2018	375,000	63,388		438,388
2019	375,000	50,138		425,138
2020	400,000	34,513		434,513
2021	175,000	21,669		196,669
2022-2024	 340,000	 21,463		361,463
	\$ 2,035,000	\$ 270,559	_\$	2,305,559

The above general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Village for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the Village.

# **Compensated Absences**

Pursuant to the terms of existing collective bargaining agreements, certain employees are permitted to accumulate sick and personal leave. The maximum accumulation varies with each agreement. Upon termination, employees will be compensated for such accumulated leave at varying amounts according to the terms of each agreement. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

# **Pension Plans**

# New York State and Local Retirement System

The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System ("System"). These are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Village also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/ index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2016 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate				
ERS	4 A14/41J	18.8 %				
	5 A15/41J	15.5				
	6 A15/41J1	10.5				
PFRS	2 384D	24.7				
	5 384D	20.1				
	6 384D	14.3				

At May 31, 2016, the Village reported a liability of \$2,117,674 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of ERS and a liability of \$3,270,831 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of PFRS. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members. At March 31, 2016, the Village's proportion was 0.0131940% for ERS and 0.1104717% for PFRS. For this first year of implementation, the System reported no change in the allocation percentage measured as of March 31, 2015.

For the year ended May 31, 2016, the Village recognized pension expense in the governmentwide financial statements of \$731,194 for ERS and \$1,216,626 for PFRS. Pension expenditures of \$542,185 for ERS and \$886,012 for PFRS were recorded in the General Fund.

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At May 31, 2016, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ERS				PFRS				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows Inflows		Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	10,700 564,720	\$	251,015 -	\$	29,336 1,410,045	\$	494,510 -	
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Village contributions and proportionate		1,256,320		-		1,833,036		-	
share of contributions Village contributions subsequent to the		-		91,474		55,684		-	
measurement date		70,468	-	<u> </u>		152,443		<u> </u>	
	<u>\$</u>	1,902,208	\$	342,489	\$	3,480,544	\$	494,510	

\$70,468 and \$152,443 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS, respectively, resulting from the Village's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended March 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31,		PFRS					
2017	\$	373,214	\$	668,523			
2018		373,214		668,523			
2019		373,214		668,523			
2020		369,610		643,000			
2021		-		185,022			

The total pension liability for the March 31, 2016 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2015, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to March 31, 2016. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2015 valuation were as follows:

Actuarial cost method Inflation	Entry age normal 2.5%
Salary scale	3.8% in ERS, 4.5% in PFRS indexed by service
Investment rate of return	7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Cost of living adjustments	1.3% annually

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2015 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below.

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	38 %	7.30 %
International Equity	13	8.55
Private Equity	10	11.00
Real Estate	8	8.25
Absolute Return Strategies	3	6.75
Opportunistic Portfolio	3	8.60
Real Assets	3	8.65
Bonds and Mortgages	18	4.00
Cash	2	2.25
Inflation Indexed Bonds	2	4.00
	<u>    100</u> %	

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	1% Decrease (6.0%)	A	Current Assumption (7.0%)		1% Increase (8.0%)
Village's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 4,775,201	\$	2,117,674	<u>\$</u>	(127,823)
Village's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 7,305,746	\$	3,270,831	<u>\$</u>	(111,301)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2016 measurement date were as follows:

	ERS		 PFRS	Total		
Total pension liability ERS fiduciary net position	\$	172,303,544,000 156,253,265,000	\$ 30,347,727,000 27,386,940,000	\$	202,651,271,000 183,640,205,000	
Employers' net pension liability	\$	16,050,279,000	\$ 2,960,787,000	<u></u>	19,011,066,000	
ERS fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		90.7%	 90.2%		90.6%	

Employer contributions to ERS and PFRS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31<sup>st</sup>. Retirement contributions as of May 31, 2016 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2016 through May 31, 2016 based on prior year ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Retirement contributions to ERS and PFRS for the two months ended May 31, 2016 were \$70,468 and \$152,443, respectively.

#### Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The Village also offers a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after June 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the Village will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

#### **Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable**

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides certain health care benefits for retired employees. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Village may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post-employment health care benefits is shared between the Village and the retired employee. Substantially all of the Village's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Village. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as expenditure as claims are paid in the fund financial statements.

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The Village's annual other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. GASB Statement 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be done under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The Village is required to accrue on the government-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the Plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Year	Non-Medicare Eligible Medical & Rx	Medicare Eligible Medical	Medicare Part B Reimbursement	Dental
2017	7.5 %	5.0 %	5.0 %	5.0 %
2018	7.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
2019	6.5	5.0	5.0	5.0
2020	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
2021	5.5	5.0	5.0	5.0
2022+	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0

The assumed rate increase in postretirement benefits is as follows:

The amortization basis is the level percentage of payroll method with a closed group amortization approach with 24 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions include a 4% rate of return. The entry age method was used to determine the actuarial value of the assets of the OPEB plan, however, the Village currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying postemployment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the entry age method.

The number of participants as of May 31, 2016 was as follows:

Active Employees	68
Retired Employees	46
Total	114

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Amortization Component: Actuarial Accrued Liability as of June 1, 2015 Assets at Market Value	\$	38,016,131
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	38,016,131
Funded Ratio	_	0.00%
Covered Payroll (active plan members)	\$	6,099,869
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		623.23%
Annual Required Contribution Adjustment on annual required contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	\$	3,197,443 (677,869) 543,989
Annual OPEB Cost		3,063,563
Contributions Made		(839,345)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		2,224,218
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year		13,599,742
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$	15,823,960

The Village annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding year is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended May 31,	(	Annual DPEB Cost	Percenta of Annua OPEB Co Contribut	al ost	Net OPEB Obligation		
2016	\$	3,063,563	27.40	%	\$	15,823,960	
2015		2,928,018	26.65			13,599,742	
2014		2,822,259	28.93			11,452,113	

The schedule of funding progress for the OPEB plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actual accrued liability for the benefits over time.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) May 31, 2016

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

#### G. Revenues and Expenditures

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers:

	Transfers In
	Capital
	Projects
Transfers Out	Fund
General Fund	\$ 1,370,620

Transfers are used to move amounts earmarked in the General Fund to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

#### H. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

*Restricted for Capital Projects* - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, exclusive of unexpended bonds proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

*Restricted for Debt Service* - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

*Restricted for Special Purposes* - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of certain programs that consist of assets with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

*Unrestricted* - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

# I. Fund Balances

	2016					2015					
	Genera Fund	I	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total		
Nonspendable Prepaid expenditures	\$ 33,4	81	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 33,481</u>	\$ 353,702	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 353,702		
Restricted Capital projects Debt service Parklands	814,6	- 94	-	-	814,694	- 809,613	365,235 -	-	365,235 809,613		
Trusts		<u> </u>		183,601 59,262	183,601 59,262			183,601 <u>61,014</u>	183,601 <u>61,014</u>		
Total Restricted	814,6	694		242,863	1,057,557	809,613	365,235	244,615	1,419,463		
Assigned Purchases on order											
General government support	73,0	)52	-	-	73,052	33,802	-	-	33,802		
Public safety	6,5		-	-	6,533	7,896	-	-	7,896		
Transportation		43	-	-	9,443	23,474	-	-	23,474		
Economic opportunity and development	-,-	_	-	-	-	2,067	-	-	2,067		
Culture and recreation	26,1	91	-	-	26,191	47,223	-	-	47,223		
Home and community services	88,1		<u> </u>		88,167	76,190			76,190		
Subsequent years'	203,3	86	-	-	203,386	190,652	-	-	190,652		
expenditures	969,4	62			969,462	894,175	<u> </u>		894,175		
Total Assigned	1,172,8	348	<u> </u>	<b>-</b>	1,172,848	1,084,827	<u>.</u>		1,084,827		
Unassigned	5,641,9	49	(766,217)		4,875,732	4,437,719	· •		4,437,719		
Total Fund Balances	\$ 7,662,9	72	\$ (766,217)	<u>\$ 242,863</u>	\$ 7,139,618	\$ 6,685,861	\$ 365,235	<u>\$ 244,615</u>	\$ 7,295,711		

#### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the statement of net position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been provided to account for certain payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

The Restriction for Parklands has been established to account for funds received by the Village in lieu of parklands as a condition precedent to the approval of a parcel of land by the Planning Board. These funds may be used only for recreation purposes.

The Restriction for Trusts has been established to set aside funds in accordance with the terms of the grants.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the Village's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriation will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at May 31, 2016, the Board of Trustees has assigned the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted or assigned. Unassigned fund balance in the Capital Projects Funds represents deficit balances.

#### Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

#### A. Litigation

The Village, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages arising from false arrest, property damage or personal injury. Of the claims currently pending, none are expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the Village, if adversely settled.

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the Village, if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

#### B. Contingencies

The Village participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, the Village's compliance with applicable grant requirements may be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Village anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) May 31, 2016

#### Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

#### C. Risk Management

The Village purchases various conventional insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Village maintains a general liability policy, public official's liability and law enforcement liability with coverage up to \$1 million per occurrence and \$2 million in the aggregate. In addition, the Village also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$20 million. The Village purchases conventional workers' compensation insurance with coverage at statutory limits. The Village also purchases conventional health insurance from one provider. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

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Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2016
Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0131940%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ 2,117,674</u>
Village's covered-employee payroll Village's proportionate share of the	\$ 2,948,292
net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	71.83%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.70%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date.

#### Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2016
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$     550,949 (550,949)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>
Village's covered-employee payroll	<u>\$ 2,925,051</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.84%

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2016
Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1104717%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,270,831
Village's covered-employee payroll Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage	<u>\$ 3,798,173</u>
of its covered-employee payroll	86.12%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.20%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		2016
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	884,771 (884,771)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	-
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,043,564
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		21.88%

# Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Funding Progress Other Post Employment Benefits Last Three Fiscal Years

	Actuarial					Unfunded				Unfunded Liability as a	
Valuation Date		ue of sets		Accrued Liability	Actuarial Accrued Liability		Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll		Percentage of Covered Payroll	
June 1, 2013 June 1, 2014 June 1, 2015	\$	- -	\$	34,350,519 36,081,549 38,016,131	\$	34,350,519 36,081,549 38,016,131	- % - -	\$	5,854,584 5,951,092 6,099,869	586.73 % 606.30 623.23	

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General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	2016	2015
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	<u>\$ 9,537,085</u>	\$ 7,644,591
Investments	211,323	211,323
Taxes receivable	51,186	65,836
Other receivables Accounts	278,730	278,981
State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds	- 479,400 	9,515 494,078 8,028
	758,130	790,602
Prepaid expenditures	33,481	353,702
Total Assets	<u>\$ 10,591,205</u>	\$ 9,066,054
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits and other liabilities Due to retirement systems Due to other funds Unearned revenues	\$ 407,535 274,654 4,590 222,911 2,018,543 	\$ 187,928 259,013 4,590 232,792 1,116,771 579,099 2,380,193
Total Liabilities	2,520,200	2,000,100
Fund balance Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	33,481 814,694 1,172,848 5,641,949	353,702 809,613 1,084,827 4,437,719
Total Fund Balance	7,662,972	6,685,861
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 10,591,205</u>	\$ 9,066,054

#### General Fund

Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended May 31.

2016 Variance with Final Budget Positive Original Final (Negative) **Budget Budget** Actual REVENUES 14,534,433 \$ 14,534,433 \$ Real property taxes \$ 14.534.433 \$ Other tax items 6.000 6,000 10.434 4.434 Non-property taxes 2,374,000 2,374,000 3,226,976 852,976 **Departmental** income 1,134,250 1,134,250 1,265,769 131,519 Intergovernmental charges 197,516 197,516 198,055 539 Use of money and property 26,046 10,046 16,000 16,000 Fines and forfeitures 40,000 40,000 38,245 (1,755)Sale of property and compensation for loss (15.000)15,000 15.000 State aid 356,271 356,271 521,100 164,829 **Miscellaneous** 90,748 7,600 7,600 83,148 **Total Revenues** 18,681,070 18,681,070 19,911,806 1,230,736 **EXPENDITURES** Current 282,074 General government support 2,737,444 2.847,617 2,565,543 Public safety 5.765.787 101,103 5,885,466 5.866.890 Health 198,842 198.842 198,842 Transportation 1,349,709 1,278,989 1,151,634 127,355 Economic opportunity and development 308,883 310,383 296.819 13,564 Culture and recreation 1.656.874 1.659.174 1,600,799 58,375 Home and community services 1,086,038 1.093.108 963.676 129,432 **Employee benefits** 4,424,300 4,371,853 4,319,502 52,351 Debt service Principal 625.000 625.000 625,000 126,666 Interest 133,232 133,230 2 **Total Expenditures** 18,399,222 18,385,088 17,620,832 764,256 **Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures** 281,848 295,982 2,290,974 1,994,992 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Insurance recoveries 15,000 15,000 56,757 41,757 Transfers out (1,381,675) (1,405,609)(1,370,620)34,989 **Total Other Financing Uses** (1,390,609)(1,313,863) 76,746 (1,366,675) Net Change in Fund Balance (1,084,827)977,111 2,071,738 (1,094,627)**FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year** 1.084.827 1.094.627 6,685,861 5,591,234 End of Year \$ \$ \$ 7,662,972 \$ 7,662,972

 		2	015		
					Variance with Final Budget
Original		Final			Positive
Budget		Budget		Actual	
 Duuget	·	Buuget			(Negative)
\$ 13,987,981	\$	13,987,981	\$	13,987,981	\$-
308,723		308,723		313,743	5,020
2,401,500		2,401,500		2,398,878	(2,622
1,040,405		1,040,405		1,442,126	401,721
158,442		158,442		231,176	72,734
16,000		16,000		26,995	10,995
40,000		40,000		31,920	(8,080)
10,000		10,000		-	(10,000)
390,397		390,397		445,305	54,908
5,600		5,600		15,067	9,467
18,359,048		18,359,048		18,893,191	534,143
					001,10
2,623,855		2,565,309		2,391,763	173,546
5,696,818		5,733,848		5,767,062	(33,214)
198,842		198,842		198,842	(00,214)
1,319,324		1,340,802		1,190,673	150,129
295,208		295,208		271,602	23,606
1,722,880		1,725,630		1,552,894	172,736
1,192,847		1,193,833		1,073,745	120,088
4,366,300		4,356,299		4,341,141	15,158
610,000		610,000		610,000	-
144,052		144,053	_	144,009	44
18,170,126		18,163,824		17,541,731	622,093
 188,922		195,224	—	1,351,460	1,156,236
23,000		23,000		95,022	72,022
 (1,619,266)		(1,620,266)		(1,431,766)	188,500
 (1,596,266)		(1,597,266)		(1,336,744)	260,522
(1,407,344)		(1,402,042)		14,716	1,416,758
1,407,344		1,402,042		6,671,145	5,269,103

#### General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2016 (With Comparative Actuals for 2015)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2015 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	<u>\$ 14,534,433</u>	<u>\$ 14,534,433</u>	\$ 14,534,433	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 13,987,981</u>
OTHER TAX ITEMS					
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	-	304,613
Interest and penalties on real property taxes	6,000	6,000	10,434	4,434	9,130
	6,000	6,000	10,434	4,434	313,743
NON-PROPERTY TAXES					
Non-property tax distribution from County	1,342,000	1,342,000	1,368,979	26,979	1,339,612
Utilities gross receipts taxes	250,000	250,000	249,405	(595)	265,720
Hotel occupancy tax	552,000	552,000	1,343,527	791,527	551,734
Franchise fees	230,000	230,000	265,065	35,065	241,812
	2,374,000	2,374,000	3,226,976	852,976	2,398,878
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME					
Clerk fees	2,100	2,100	11,495	9,395	13,051
Police fees	1,800	1,800	1,962	162	2,768
Safety inspection fees	505,000	505,000	766,092	261,092	812,022
Alarm permits	90,000	90,000	106,910	16,910	120,677
Parks and recreation charges	526,350	526,350	364,620	(161,730)	483,638
Senior center rental	9,000	9,000	14,690	5,690	9,970_
	1,134,250	1,134,250	1,265,769	131,519	1,442,126
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES					
Airport revenue	40,000	40,000	40,000	-	40,000
Other governmental services				<b></b>	
Home and community services	157,516	157,516	158,055	539_	191,176
	197,516	197,516	198,055	539	231,176

USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Interest earnings	16,000	16,000	26,046	10,046	26,995
FINES AND FORFEITURES Fines and forfeited bail	40,000	40,000	38,245	(1,755)	31,920
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS					
Sale of equipment	15,000	15,000		(15,000)	
STATE AID	55 07 <b>1</b>	55 <b>07</b> 1	EE 002	12	55 0 <b>7</b> 4
Per capita Mortgage tax	55,271 225,000	55,271 225,000	55,283 335,340	110,340	55,271 267,301
Consolidated highway improvement aid	70,000	70,000	81,783	11,783	80,124
Youth funding	-	-	996	996	991
Snow removal	-	-	42,601	42,601	35,976
Speed and alcohol enforcement	6,000	6,000	5,097	(903)	5,642
	356,271	356,271	521,100	164,829	445,305
MISCELLANEOUS Unclassified	7,600	7,600	90,748	83,148	15,067
TOTAL REVENUES	18,681,070	18,681,070	19,911,806	1,230,736	18,893,191
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Insurance recoveries	15,000	15,000	56,757	41,757	95,022
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	<u>\$ 18,696,070</u>	\$ 18,696,070	<u>\$ 19,968,563</u>	<u>\$ 1,272,493</u>	<u>\$ 18,988,213</u>

#### General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2016 (With Comparative Actuals for 2015)

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		2015 Actual	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT										
Board of Trustees	\$	20,220	\$	19,549	\$	18,591	\$ 958	\$	18,296	
Administrator		274,498		274,498		272,822	1,676		250,920	
Treasurer		515,190		531,628		464,675	66,953		508,971	
Village office		89,668		92,168		80,257	11,911		60,116	
Clerk		78,189		78,189		76,210	1,979		83,435	
Village attorney		195,000		205,534		192,624	12,910		172,941	
Engineering		108,450		131,768		120,108	11,660		109,407	
Management information systems		261,222		338,469		314,549	23,920		221,821	
Central communications		56,500		56,500		54,653	1,847		56,415	
Central garage		577,507		526,769		486,526	40,243		495,188	
Central supplies		32,000		32,000		24,998	7,002		22,327	
Central printing and mailing		15,000		15,000		14,992	8		7,543	
Unallocated insurance		205,000		246,422		225,711	20,711		229,004	
Consulting fees		90,000		167,563		140,563	27,000		87,119	
Bonding fees		5,000		8,930		8,930	-		7,000	
Judgments and claims		5,000		31,701		21,480	10,221		17,843	
Tax on property		-		22,679		22,679	-		18,692	
Contingency account		182,000		43,075		· · ·	43,075		-	
Metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax		27,000		25,175		25,175			24,725	
		2,737,444		2,847,617		2,565,543	282,074		2,391,763	
PUBLIC SAFETY							-			
Police Department		3,573,975		3,553,264		3,467,039	86,225		3,526,663	
Control of animals		13,969		13,969		13,824	145		12,419	
Fire protection		1,972,875		1,975,010		1,973,503	1,507		1,911,825	
Safety inspection		324,647	<u>.                                    </u>	324,647		311,421	13,226		316,155	
		5,885,466		5,866,890	<u> </u>	5,765,787	101,103		5,767,062	

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HEALTH					
Ambulance services	198,842	198,842	198,842	<u> </u>	198,842
TRANSPORTATION					
Highway maintenance	1,044,709	989,577	941,606	47,971	880,376
Snow removal	145,000	129,412	101,442	27,970	201,703
Street lighting	160,000	160,000	108,586	51,414	108,594
Cucculghang				01,414	100,004
	1,349,709	1,278,989	1,151,634	127,355	1,190,673
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT					
Community services - Programs for the aging	308,883	310,383	296,819	13,564	271,602
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Recreation	1,085,908	1,087,935	1,039,426	48,509	989,587
Teen center	4,500	4,500	-	4,500	2,374
Public library	559,085	559,358	553,992	5,366	546,171
Handicapped	7,381	7,381	7,381	<u> </u>	14,762
	1,656,874	1,659,174	1,600,799	58,375	1,552,894
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES		······································			
Part-time videotaping	4,900	5,001	5,000	1	5,703
Planning board	275	400	400	-	1,000
Hydrant rental	-	-	-	-	54,141
Disposal fees	90,000	92,020	91,950	70	89,609
Recycling and refuse collection	693,673	694,048	694,047	1	818,782
Shade trees	78,192	82,641	67,449	15,192	52,053
Sewer district	218,998	218,998	104,830	114,168	52,457
	1,086,038	1,093,108	963,676	129,432	1,073,745
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
State retirement	560,000	551,468	542,185	9,283	573,027
State retirement - Police	1,075,000	906,426	886,012	20,414	1,071,494
Social security	540,000	540,000	535,123	4,877	525,597
Worker's compensation benefits	230,000	281,096	281,096	-	243,716
Life insurance	-	-	-	-	21,060
Unemployment insurance	20,000	20,000	9,309	10,691	13,353
Disability insurance	3,500	3,500	903	2,597	1,996
Health and dental insurance	1,990,800	2,064,363	2,063,196	1,167	1,889,918
Other benefits	5,000	5,000	1,678	3,322	980
	4,424,300	4,371,853	4,319,502	52,351	4,341,141

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#### General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended May 31, 2016 (With Comparative Actuals for 2015)

DEBT SERVICE	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2015 Actual
Principal Serial bonds	\$625,000	\$ 625,000	\$ 625,000	\$	<b>\$</b> 610,000
Interest					
Serial bonds	100,576	100,576	100,575	1	121,950
Bond anticipation notes	26,090	32,656	32,655	1	22,059
	126,666	133,232	133,230	2	144,009
	751,666	758,232	758,230	2	754,009
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,399,222	18,385,088	17,620,832	764,256	17,541,731
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out					
Capital Projects Fund	1,381,675	1,405,609	1,370,620	34,989	1,431,766
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND					
OTHER FINANCING USES	<u>\$ 19,780,897</u>	<u>\$ 19,790,697</u>	<u>\$ 18,991,452</u>	<u>\$</u> 799,245	<u>\$ 18,973,497</u>

# Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

.

	2016	2015
ASSETS		• • • • • • • •
Cash and equivalents	\$ 758,560	\$ 1,884,401
Due from other funds	2,026,571	1,116,771
Total Assets	<u>\$ 2,785,131</u>	\$ 3,001,172
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 408,962	\$ 99,606
Bond anticipation notes payable	3,142,386	2,536,331
		<u></u>
Total Liabilities	3,551,348	2,635,937
Fund balance (deficit)		
Restricted	-	365,235
Unassigned	(766,217)	<u> </u>
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	(766,217)	365,235
Tetal Liebilities and Event Delense (Deficit)	ф 0.70 <i>5.404</i>	¢ 0.004.470
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	<u>\$ 2,785,131</u>	<u>\$ 3,001,172</u>

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended May 31,

	 2016		2015
REVENUES	\$ -	\$	-
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	 2,502,072		1,658,028
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,502,072)		(1,658,028)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	 1,370,620		1,431,766
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,131,452)		(226,262)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year	 365,235		591,497
End of Year	\$ (766,217)	\$	365,235

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# Capital Projects Fund Project Length Schedule Inception of Project Through May 31, 2016

Project	Authorization	Expenditures and Transfers	Unexpended Balance	
Purchase of Dump Truck	\$ 121,000	\$ 97,631	\$ 23,369	
Various Village Projects	341,000	31,087	309,913	
Windows/FACIA Trim/Fire Department	15,000	-	15,000	
Comprehensive Plan	130,000	140,000	(10,000)	
Capital Reserve - Ballfield	150,000	-	150,000	
Jacqueline Lane Drainage	90,000	55,745	34,255	
Parks and Recreation Maintenance Vehicle	62,500	60,696	1,804	
Pine Ridge Park - Basketball Hoops	15,000	12,780	2,220	
Accounting and Records Retention Software	40,000	-	40,000	
Village Administration Passenger Vehicle	28,000	23,781	4,219	
Land - Garibaldi Place and Parking Lot	446,500	453,285	(6,785)	
Village Hall Improvements	290,000	290,000	-	
Laser Fiche Project	319,365	333,691	(14,326)	
Leaf Loader with Attachments	38,000	38,000	-	
Pick-up Truck	24,500	24,095	405	
Police Car Video System	25,275	25,275	-	
AJP Community Center Renovations	105,000	80,268	24,732	
Pine Ridge Park Tennis Court Resurfacing	20,000	27,200	(7,200)	
King Street Sidewalks	80,000	64,640	15,360	
John Deere Mower	40,000	40,000	-	
Highway Equipment	298,000	333,193	(35,193)	
Talcott Road Street Lighting Replacement	42,000	41,658	342	
Pine Ridge Park Tennis Wall Reconstruction	40,000	42,418	(2,418)	
Land and Highway Garage	750,000	696,549	53,451	
Air Compressor	18,000	17,209	791	
Add/Extend Water Main on Upper Lincoln	155,000	-	155,000	
Village Hall/AJP Center/Firehouse/Central Station	23,000	-	23,000	
Resurface Basketball Courts at Rye Hills Park	20,000	19,500	500	
Storage Shed at Rye Hills Park	20,000	-	20,000	
Magnolia Road Street Lighting Replacement	20,000	18,350	1,650	
Police Vehicles	225,804	94,417	131,387	
Police Vehicles - Radar Trailer/New Server	32,000	23,793	8,207	
Highway Design Study	50,000	-	50,000	
Financial Software	90,000	81,548	8,452	
High Street Full Depth Reclamation	250,000	-	250,000	
Road Resurfacing - 2015	500,000	198,167	301,833	
Trailer for Parks	12,300	-	12,300	
Resurface Basketball/Tennis Courts - Pine Ridge	40,000	39,000	1,000	
Construct Drain Line - Pine Ridge Basketball Court	12,000	-	12,000	
Playground Equipment - Pine Ridge	125,524	125,524	-	
Salter And Dump Body For Hook Lift Truck	43,500	43,500	-	

F	Total Revenues	(	nd Balance Deficit) at ay 31, 2016	Bond Anticipation Notes Out- standing at May 31, 2016
\$	90,750	\$	(6,881)	\$-
	341,000		309,913	-
	15,000		15,000	-
	130,000		(10,000)	-
	150,000		150,000	-
	50,000		(5,745)	12,500
	43,750		(16,946)	18,750
	15,000 30,000		2,220 30,000	- 10,000
	21,000		(2,781)	7,000
	19,000		(434,285)	427,500
	278,750		(11,250)	11,250
	189,365		(144,326)	130,000
	19,000		(19,000)	19,000
	12,250		(11,845)	12,250
	12,639		(12,636)	12,636
	105,000		24,732	-
	20,000		(7,200)	-
	40,000		(24,640)	40,000 20,000
	20,000 74,500		(20,000) (258,693)	223,500
	10,500		(31,158)	31,500
	10,000		(32,418)	30,000
	187,500		(509,049)	562,500
	18,000		791	-
	155,000		155,000	-
	23,000		23,000	-
	20,000		500	-
	20,000		20,000	-
	20,000		1,650	-
	225,804 32,000		131,387 8,207	-
	50,000		50,000	-
	90,000		8,452	-
	250,000		250,000	-
	500,000		301,833	-
	12,300		12,300	-
	40,000		1,000	-
	12,000		12,000	-
	-		(125,524)	100,000
	-		(43,500)	43,500

(Continued)

# Capital Projects Fund Project Length Schedule Inception of Project Through May 31, 2016 (Continued)

Project	Authorization		Expenditures and Transfers			Unexpended Balance	
Street Sweeper	\$	185,000	\$	184,887	\$	113	
Backhoe Loader	-	104,200		100,751		3,449	
Bobcat		60,000		59,717		283	
528 Ellendale Avenue - Highway Garage		585,000		565,929		19,071	
Replace 2002 Ford F550 (Recreation)		75,000		-		75,000	
Replace Playground Equipment - Garibaldi Park		75,000		21,333		53,667	
Replace Freightliner Large Dump Truck		215,000		166,076		48,924	
Replace Fork lift		27,500		-		27,500	
Replace Tire Changer and Balancer		30,000		29,740		260	
Replace Ford F550 Dump truck		75,000		-		75,000	
Road Resurfacing - 2016		500,000		-		500,000	
Staff Vehicles - 2016		46,852		21,942		24,910	
Fire Department Renovations		17,500		-		17,500	
Purchase of Community Sign		15,000		-		15,000	
Cameras - Pine Ridge and Garibaldi Parks		20,000		-		20,000	
Police Equipment		40,976		31,012		9,964	
Police Desk Renovations		30,000		36,466		(6,466)	
TOTALS	\$	7,250,296	\$	4,790,853	\$	2,459,443	

F	Total Revenues	(	und Balance (Deficit) at ay 31, 2016	 •	Bond Anticipation Notes Out- standing at ay 31, 2016
\$	-	\$	(184,887)	\$	185,000
	1,200		(99,551)		103,000
	-		(59,717)		60,000
	-		(565,929)		585,000
	-		-		75,000
	-		(21,333)		75,000
	-		(166,076)		215,000
	-		-		27,500
	-		(29,740)		30,000
	-		-		75,000
	500,000		500,000		-
	46,852		24,910		-
	17,500		17,500		-
	15,000		15,000		-
	20,000		20,000		-
	40,976		9,964		-
·	30,000		(6,466)		-
\$	4,024,636	\$	(766,217)	\$	3,142,386

# Combining Balance Sheet - Sub Funds Non-Major Governmental Fund - Special Purpose Fund May 31, 2016 (With Comparative Totals for 2015)

	Recreation Trust		Friends of Rye Brook		Totals 2016 2015			
ASSETS								
Cash and equivalents	<u>\$</u>	183,601	\$	69,182	<u>\$</u>	252,783	<u>\$</u>	252,643
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,892	\$	1,892	\$	-
Due to other funds				8,028	. —	8,028		8,028
Total Liabilities		-		9,920		9,920		8,028
Fund balances								
Restricted	<u> </u>	183,601	·	59,262		242,863		244,615
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	183,601	\$	69,182	\$	252,783	\$	252,643

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Sub Funds Non-Major Governmental Fund - Special Purpose Fund Year Ended May 31, 2016 (With Comparative Totals for 2015)

	R	ecreation Trust	Friends of Rye Brook		Tot 2016		tals 2015	
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	35
Miscellaneous Total Revenues		<u>-</u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>		35,896		23,044
EXPENDITURES Current								
Public safety Culture and recreation				472 37,176		472 37,176		- 14,489
Total Expenditures				37,648		37,648		14,489
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(1,752)		(1,752)		8,590
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	<del></del>	183,601	<u>.                                    </u>	61,014	<u> </u>	244,615		236,025
End of Year	\$	183,601	\$	59,262	\$	242,863	\$	244,615