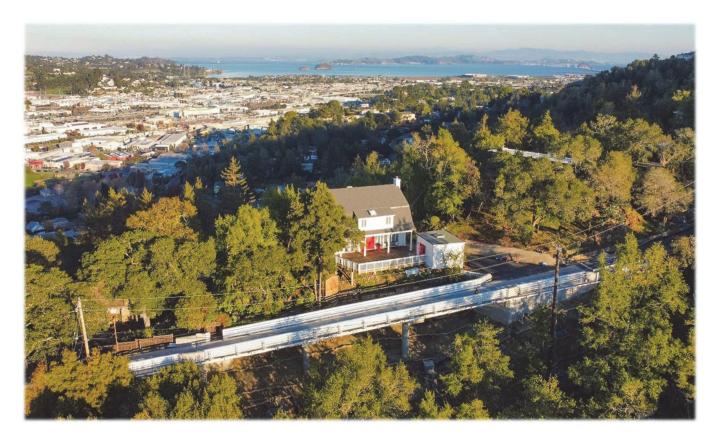


Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2022



Southern Heights Bridge, San Rafael, California



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

City of San Rafael, California 1400 Fifth Avenue San Rafael, California 94901

Prepared by the Finance Department of the City of San Rafael





Goat grazing near Robert Dollar Drive

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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November 21, 2022

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Residents of San Rafael:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("Annual Report") of the City of San Rafael ("City") for the year ended June 30, 2022, is hereby submitted as required by local ordinances, state statutes and bond covenants. This financial report has been prepared in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and includes the report of the independent certified public accounting firm, Maze and Associates Accountancy Corporation, which has issued an unmodified, or "clean" opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The independent audit of the financial statements is part of a broader, federally mandated examination known as a "Single Audit", which is designed to meet the needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audits require the independent auditor to report on the audited agency's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on such controls and requirements involving the administration of federal funding. These reports will be available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

City Management is responsible for both the data accuracy, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation of this report. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the City. Further, the Annual Report is prepared in accordance with procedures and policies set by the Government Finance Officers Association. The analysis of the financial condition and the result of operations can be found in the financial section of the Management's Discussion and Analysis document. The Annual Report is organized into three sections:

- 1. <u>Introductory section</u>, which is unaudited, includes this letter of transmittal, an organizational chart and a list of the City's elected and appointed officials.
- 2. <u>Financial section</u>, includes the basic financial statements, related footnote disclosures, and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, as well as the independent auditors' report.
- 3. <u>Statistical section</u>, which is unaudited, includes selected financial and demographic information, presented on a multi-year basis. Generally, ten-year data is presented for expenditures, revenues, assessed valuation for local properties and construction activity.



REPORTING ENTITY – PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of San Rafael is located 17 miles north of San Francisco in Marin County. Protected by its Mediterranean like setting along the shores of the San Francisco Bay, the City enjoys a mild climate year-round. As the County seat, San Rafael is considered the commercial, financial, cultural and civic hub of Marin County. Abundant recreational facilities are available in and around the City. The City's park and recreational resources include 24 city parks, 393 acres of developed parkland, city and county open space, and China Camp State Park. San Rafael is close to other attractions, including the Golden Gate Bridge, Muir Woods, Point Reyes National Seashore, Mount Tamalpais, multiple state parks, San Francisco, Oakland and the Sonoma and Napa wine country.

In 1874, the City became the first incorporated city in the county, later becoming a charter city in 1913 by vote of City residents. The City Council comprises five members; four are elected to four-year terms while the mayor is elected separately to a four-year term. The City's land area is 22 square miles, including seventeen square miles of land and 5 of water and tidelands. San Rafael's population on January 1, 2022, was 60,560.

Downtown San Rafael is the location of many community events, including Second Friday Art Walks, the Sunset Criterium Bike Race, Mill Valley Film Festival, Parade of Lights and Holiday Festival, and is one of only 14 Cultural Arts Districts in the State of California. San Rafael is also the heart of the County's cultural activities with venues such as the Marin Center, which presents numerous ballets, concerts, speaking engagements as well as the award-winning Marin County Fair; the Falkirk Cultural Center, providing art exhibits and children's programming; the Christopher B. Smith Film Center, and a host of other diverse dining and entertainment venues.

The City provides a full range of municipal services required by statute or charter, namely: police and fire protection, construction and maintenance of streets, parks, storm drains and other infrastructure, recreation, childcare, permits, planning, code enforcement, and a library system serving three locations. The City performed certain infrastructure construction and economic development activities through a separate Redevelopment Agency until its dissolution on February 1, 2012. The City of San Rafael accepted the role of Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency per Council action on January 3, 2012, and now conducts its economic development activities with funding from its General Fund.

The City and California Municipal Finance Authority compose the San Rafael Joint Powers Financing Authority, originally established by the City and former Redevelopment Agency for the purpose of financing redevelopment and other projects. The San Rafael Sanitation District is a discretely presented component unit of the City and is presented independent of City financial information. For a further explanation of these entities, refer to Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the Financial Section of the Annual Report.



The City participates in various organizations through formally organized and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, these agencies exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreement including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, and the power to make and execute contracts. Obligations and liabilities of the separate entities are not those of the City. For a further explanation of these separate entities, refer to Note 12 – Jointly Governed Organizations in the Annual Report.

Building from over a decade of community efforts to address San Rafael's aging essential public safety facilities, the Essential Facilities project has been underway with major milestones met during the year. In August of 2020 the City completed and placed into service the new Public Safety Center, a state-of-the-art facility for police headquarters and public safety services. On October 18, 2021, the City Council approved a construction bid for Fire Station 54 and Fire Station 55 and construction is currently underway.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The City has a diversified economic base, which includes an assortment of high-tech, financial, service-based, entertainment and industrial businesses. Downtown San Rafael provides a mix of restaurants, retail shops and financial institutions. The City's varied economic base is reflected in its property tax base, which is 71% residential, 19% commercial, 2% industrial, and 8% unsecured and others. The top 25 sales tax producers provide 52% of overall sales tax revenues.

With the COVID-19 pandemic waning, the macro-economic environment is facing increasing challenges on its road to recovery. Inflation is running at 40-year highs and actions by the Federal Reserve to contain it threaten to slow economic activity for the near-term. Further, supply chain disruptions persist with ongoing challenges at the ports, railway networks, and the state's trucking industry causing delays in getting goods to market.

Locally, Marin County is still recovering from the effects of the pandemic, however, as the county's workforce is more concentrated in the finance, science, and information sectors there is hope the region's employment figures will continue to outperform much of the state that relies more heavily on personal service and retail.

Demographic Data

The following is a sample of demographic and economic attributes that make San Rafael an exceptional place to live and work.



- □ Economic development organizations in San Rafael include the San Rafael Chamber of Commerce, Downtown Business Improvement District, and the Marin Economic Forum.
- Marin County's top 10 employers include Kaiser Permanente, Marin Health Medical Center, Dominican University of California, Marin Community Clinics, Novato Community Hospital, Hospice by the Bay, W Bradley Electric, Wells Fargo, Community Action Marin, and BioMarin.
- △ Major shopping areas, as measured in available retail square footage, include the Downtown corridor (938,000 aggregate), Northgate Mall (725,000), Montecito Center (130,000) and Northgate One (113,900).
- The top three sales tax categories during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, for San Rafael were: 1. Autos and Transportation (30%), 2. Building and Construction (22%), and 3. State and County Pools, which mainly reflects ecommerce activity (16%).
- Several hotels and motels support tourism activity, led by a combined 471 rooms in the Embassy Suites and Four Points Sheraton. Citywide, the total number of hotel rooms is 787.
- △ Establishing and maintaining affordable residential housing for sale and lease continues to be a challenge both in San Rafael and throughout Marin County. The median rent for an apartment in San Rafael is \$2,752. The median home value in San Rafael is \$1,507,497.

Recent growth and economic vibrancy:

- The City is enjoying a boost in development of hotel rooms thanks to a new AC Marriott Hotel currently under construction in the heart of our Downtown. A dual-brand Hampton Inn/H2 Hotel is also coming soon in the East San Rafael neighborhood to serve a variety of large retailers and businesses as well as workers within the traditionally industrial area. These two hotels combined are expected to add 325 new hotel rooms to the City and generate Transit Occupancy Tax (TOT).
- The City has embarked upon its first ever Economic Development Strategic Plan by retaining Kosmont Companies to prepare a detailed proposal of insightful, actionable recommendations that provide measurable benefits and value for the City of San Rafael's economic vitality.
- San Rafael continues to serve our local business and restaurant community by implementing a structured formal outdoor dining program called the Streetary Program, which will replace the temporary emergency outdoor dining program that greatly supported our businesses during the COVID-19 pandemic. In coordination with the Business Improvement District, the City has also reimagined the 'Dining Under the Lights' event into a tailored, post-COVID program including block parties and entertainment that draws foot traffic to our downtown.



FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to ensure that the City's assets are adequately protected from loss, theft or misuse. In addition, management controls ensure that proper accounting data is collected so as to prepare reports in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. It is management's belief that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance that financial transactions are properly recorded.

The City develops a budget based upon City Council priorities and department objectives. The Finance Department maintains a traditional line-item budget by major function. Budget control is accomplished at the functional or division level within each fund. This budget creates a comprehensive management and fiscal system aimed at achieving the objectives of each operating level consistent with those that have been set for the community by the City Council. Each department director is responsible for accomplishing goals within his or her functional area and monitoring the use of her or his budget allocations consistent with policies set by the City Council and monitored by the City Manager.



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this City-wide document would not have been possible without the assistance of each of the City's departments. In addition, Finance support staff Kate Llamas, Whitney Zimmerman, Rayanne Lulay, Damien Oyobio, Claire Coleman, and Finance lead Shawn Plate, with oversight by Accounting Manager Van Bach and Administrative Services Director Nadine Atieh Hade were key to the timely issuance of this report. We believe this document meets the Government Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting requirements and will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility. If accepted, this will mark the eleventh consecutive year for which the City received the award.

Lastly, we appreciate the ongoing leadership and support from the Mayor and City Councilmembers. Their strong commitment to financial accountability and stewardship provide inspiration to the organization and motivate a high level of achievement.

Respectfully submitted,

Jim Schutz City Manager Nadine Atieh Hade Administrative Services Director



MISSION STATEMENT

The Mission of the City of San Rafael is to enhance the quality of life and to provide for a safe, healthy, prosperous and livable environment in partnership with the community.

VISION STATEMENT

Our vision for San Rafael is to be a vibrant economic and cultural center reflective of our diversity, with unique and distinct neighborhoods in a beautiful natural environment, sustained by active and informed residents and a responsible innovative local government.

January 1996



City Council and Staff As of November 21, 2022

City Council

Kate Colin, Mayor Rachel Kertz, Vice Mayor Maribeth Bushey, Councilmember Eli Hill, Councilmember Maika Llorens Gulati, Councilmember

Elected Officials

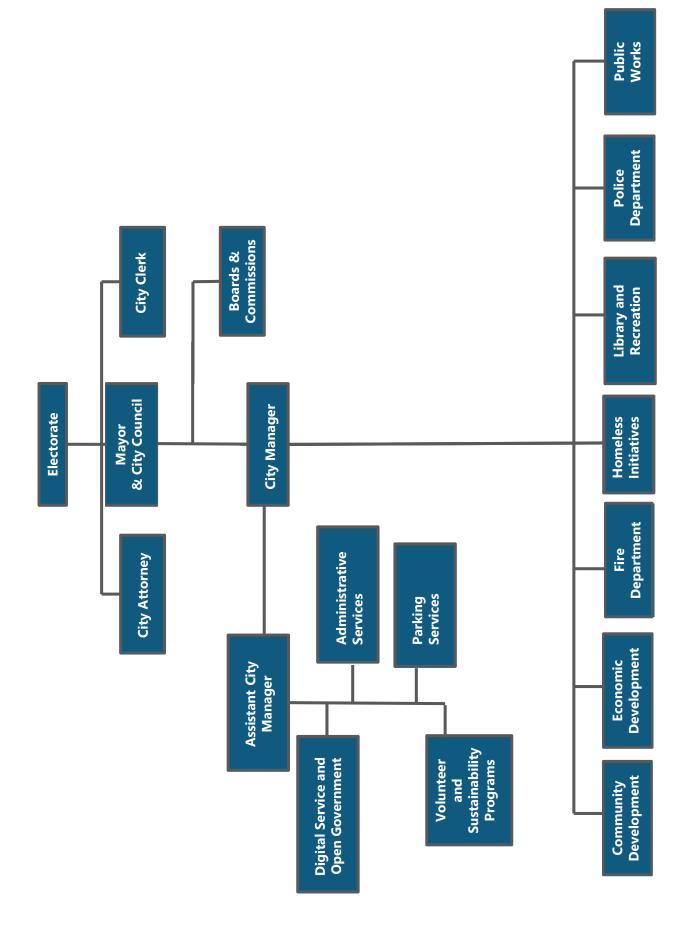
Rob Epstein, City Attorney Lindsay Lara, City Clerk

Executive Team

Jim Schutz, City Manager
Cristine Alilovich, Assistant City Manager
David Spiller, Chief of Police
Darin White, Fire Chief
April Miller, Public Works Director
Alicia Giudice, Community Development Director
Catherine Quffa, Library & Recreation Director
Nadine Atieh Hade, Administrative Services Director
Sean Mooney, Director of Digital Service & Open Government
Genevieve Coyle, Assistant City Attorney



ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





LOCATION MAP



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of San Rafael California

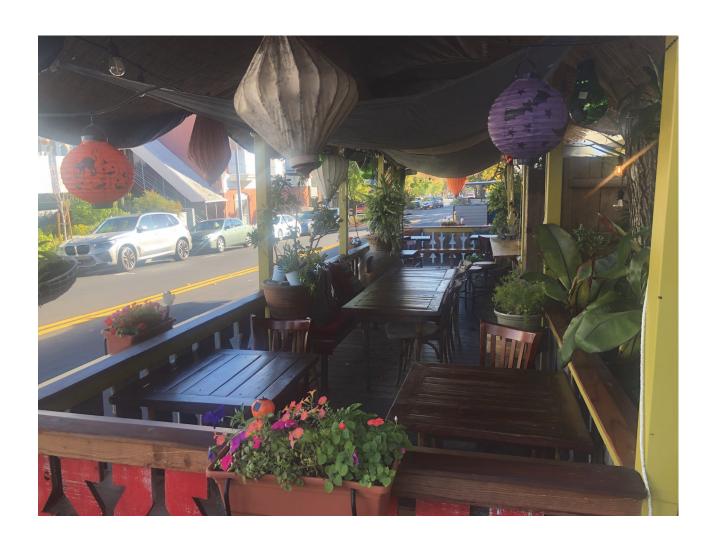
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





"Streetary", Downtown San Rafael

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of San Rafael, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of San Rafael (City), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirement relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Change in Accounting Principles

Management adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2022 and required restatement of certain governmental activities lease-related balances as discussed in Note 1S to the financial statements.

Management also adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, for the year ended June 30, 2022, which establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments.

The emphasis of these matters does not constitute a modification to our opinions.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Supplementary Information, as listed in the Table of Contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section listed in the Table of Contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exits, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Maye & Ussociates

Pleasant Hill, California

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

This analysis of the City of San Rafael's (City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide:

- Net Position The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of June 30, 2022, by \$244 million.
- *Activities* During the fiscal year the City's total revenues of \$152.2 were greater than expenses of \$73.4 million for governmental and business-type activities.
- Changes in Net Position The City's total net position increased by \$78.9 million in fiscal year 2021-2022 as compared to the net position of the previous year. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$77.8 million, while net position of the business-type activities increased by \$1.1 million.

Fund Level:

- Governmental Funds As of the close of fiscal year 2021-2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$71.9 million, an increase of \$17.1 million primarily due the recognition of \$16.1 million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding. Of this total amount, \$185 thousand is nonspendable, \$36.4 million is restricted, \$10.9 million is committed, and \$24.4 million is assigned.
- Governmental fund revenues totaled \$147.1 million, an increase of \$23.1 million from the those of the previous fiscal year. Approximately \$16.1 million was due to the recognition of ARPA funding, \$4 million can be attributed to larger use tax remittances with a full year of Measure R proceeds recorded during the year as opposed to one quarter in fiscal 2020-2021. The remainder is mainly due to increased grant activity related to projects during the year, offset by a negative fair value adjustment of approximately \$2 million against the pooled fixed income investment portfolio for the year.
- Governmental fund expenditures increased by \$15.8 million to \$132.4 million, from \$116.5 million in the prior year, due to a number of factors. Compensation increased following labor negotiations in the prior year and the repayment of furloughs enacted during the prior fiscal year additionally, project expenditures increased as we begin to deploy ARPA funds as well as Essential Facilities Capital Projects increasing with the construction of Fire Stations 45 and 55 adding \$3.8 million in charges. Overall, we also experienced increasing costs for goods and services across the board.
- Enterprise fund net position increased \$1.1 million to \$10 million as a result of pension adjustments related to market gains achieved in FY 2020-2021 (measurement year), which is also responsible for the decrease in Enterprise operating expenses of \$1.5 million when compared to the previous year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is composed of the following:

- 1. Introductory section, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information
- 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis (this part)
- 3. Basic Financial Statements, which include the Government-wide and the Fund financial statements, including Fiduciary Funds, along with the Notes to these financial statements
- 4. Combining statements for Non-Major Governmental Funds and Internal Service Funds
- 5. Statistical Information

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which have three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The basic financial statements include the City (primary government) and all legally separate entities (component units) for which the government is financially accountable. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements for further information and analysis.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements present the financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances. These statements present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Additionally, certain interfund receivables, payables, and other interfund activity have been eliminated as prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position report information about the City as a whole. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the City using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, City activities are separated as follows:

Governmental Activities – Most of the City's basic services are reported in this category, including Public Safety, Public Works and Parks, Community Development, Cultural and Recreation, and Government Administration (finance, human resources, legal, City Clerk and City Manager operations). Property tax, sales and use taxes, user fees, interest income, franchise fees, hotel taxes, business licenses, and property transfer taxes, plus state and federal grants finance these activities.

Business-type Activities – The City charges fees to customers to cover the full costs of certain services it provides. The City's Parking Services program is the City's sole business-type activity.

Discretely Presented Component Units – The government—wide financial statements include not only the City itself (the primary government), but also the San Rafael Sanitation District, a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for the San Rafael Sanitation District is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 25 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fund Financial Statements and Major Component Unit Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City are divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds called major funds. Each major fund is presented individually with all non-major funds summarized and presented in a single column. Further detail on the non-major funds is presented on pages 122 through 137 of this report.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial capacity.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for government funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The City has thirty-two governmental funds, of which four are considered major funds for presentation purposes. Each major fund is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The City's four major funds are: the General Fund, Traffic and Housing Mitigation Fund, Gas Tax Fund and Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund. Data from the other twenty-five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 31 of this report. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 122 through 137 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds - enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its Parking Services program and reports it as a major fund. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its building maintenance; vehicle, equipment and computer replacement; workers' compensation; general liability; self-insured dental program; other employee and retiree benefits programs. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. There is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34 through 36 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City acts as an agent on behalf of others, holding amounts collected, and disbursing them as directed or required. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds include a private purpose trust fund to account for activities of the City of San Rafael Successor Agency and a custodial fund that accounts for resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for the Pt. San Pedro Road Assessment District. Information for the fiduciary funds can be found on pages 38 through 39 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 41 through 95 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. One section includes budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and major funds (general, gas tax, and traffic and housing mitigation). The other section includes schedules of funding progress for the Marin County Employees' Retirement System and the City's OPEB plan. All budgeted positions that are filled by either full-time or permanent part-time employees (working seventy-five percent of full-time equivalent) are eligible to participate in the system and the OPEB plan. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 96 through 111 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position measures the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. During this fiscal year, the net position of the City was \$234.2 million from Governmental Activities and \$10.1 million from Business-type Activities, for a total of \$244.3 million. This represents an increase of \$78.8 million from the prior year net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following is the condensed Statement of Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

Summary of Net Position (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Increase	Business-Type Activities		Increase
	2022	2021 (A)	(Decrease)	2022	2021	(Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$174,072	\$106,662	\$67,410	\$3,568	\$2,536	\$1,032
Capital assets	294,928	279,337	15,591	15,281	15,505	(224)
Total assets	469,000	385,999	83,001	18,849	18,041	808
Deferred outflows (Notes 9 and 11)	42,534	57,577	(15,043)	1,312	1,864	(552)
Current and other liabilities	19,246	23,067	(3,821)	533	464	69
Noncurrent liabilities	88,630	242,272	(153,642)	4,086	9,793	(5,707)
Total liabilities	107,876	265,339	(157,463)	4,619	10,257	(5,638)
Deferred inflows (Notes 4G, 9 and 11)	169,434	21,739	147,695	5,475	678	4,797
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	246,438	228,253	18,185	11,256	11,174	82
Restricted	36,668	36,175	493	0	0	0
Unrestricted	(48,883)	_(107,930)	59,047	(1,189)	(2,205)	1,016
Total net position	\$234,223	\$156,498	\$77,725	\$10,067	\$8,969	\$1,098

⁽A) Not restated for the effects of GASB Statement No. 87 implementation. See Note 1S for additional information.

Current and other governmental assets increased by \$67.4 million, primarily resulting from the inclusion of a Net Pension Asset of \$46.6 million as the City's pension plan became fully funded following substantial gains during the measurement period, as well as the recognition of ARPA revenues during the year of \$8 million. The remainder is primarily the result of positive operating results as revenue growth outpaced expense growth during the year. The \$15.6 million increase in capital assets reflects project-to-date activity for Fire Station 54 and 55 construction and improvements in combination with major traffic infrastructure improvements. The decrease of \$15 million in deferred outflows is primarily a result the impact of pension-related investment gains during the measurement year which caused the unamortized net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments to shift to a deferred inflow. In order to decrease the volatility of the measurement of net pension liability gains and losses in excess of those projected are capitalized and amortized over a five-year period. Current and other liabilities decreased by approximately \$3.8 million, primarily due to the recognition of ARPA funds that were classified as unearned revenue in the prior year, offset by an increase in accounts payable of \$3.6 million. Noncurrent governmental liabilities decreased by \$153.6 million mainly as a result of the reclassification of net pension liability to net pension asset mentioned previously. Deferred inflows increased by \$147.7 million mainly as a result of the net difference between projected and actual earning on investments during the measurement period that resulted in a substantial net deferred inflow.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The net position in business-type activities reflects the fiscal activity of the Parking Services program and increased by \$1.1 million from the previous year as a result of pension adjustments noted above for extraordinary gains during the measurement period. Capital assets decreased by \$224 thousand due to current year depreciation. The decreases in noncurrent liabilities and deferred outflows and related increases in deferred inflows and current and other assets was due to the pension-related adjustments mentioned above. The \$69 thousand increase in current liabilities is driven by the increase accounts payable to end the year.

At June 30, 2022, the largest portion of total net position in the amount of \$257.7 million consisted of the City's investment in capital assets net of related debt. This component represents the total amount of funds required to acquire capital assets less any related debt used for such acquisition that is still outstanding. The City uses these assets to provide services to residents. The capital assets of the City are not sources of income for repayment of debt as most assets are not revenue generating and generally are not liquidated to repay debt. Therefore, debt service payments are funded from other sources available to the City.

A portion of the City's total net position, \$36.7 million, is subject to external restrictions, and their use is determined by those restrictions whether legal or by covenant. The remaining portion, unrestricted negative \$50 million, represents the extent to which the net investment in capital assets and restricted net position exceed total net assets.

Net Position as of 6/30/2022 (in thousands)

 Invested in Capital Assets (net)
 \$257,694

 Restricted
 36,668

 Unrestricted
 (50,072)

 Total Net Position
 \$244,290

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Statement of Activities - Governmental

The following is the condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

Summary of Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	Governmental	Increase	
	2022	2021	(Decrease)
REVENUES			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$18,938	\$19,764	(\$826)
Operating grants and contributions	22,521	5,133	17,388
Capital grants and contributions	9,868	8,719	1,149
Total program revenues	51,327	33,616	17,711
General revenues:			
Property taxes	32,324	30,994	1,330
Sales taxes	44,110	39,599	4,511
Paramedic tax	5,110	5,153	(43)
Transient occupancy tax	2,976	1,798	1,178
Franchise tax	4,210	3,974	236
Business license tax	2,646	2,575	71
Other taxes	3,109	2,997	112
Investment earnings	(1,424)	389	(1,813)
Gain from sale of capital assets	990	-	990
Miscellaneous	2,966	2,840	126
Total general revenues	97,017	90,319	6,698
TOTAL REVENUES	148,344	123,935	24,409
EXPENSES			
General government	10,459	12,255	(1,796)
Public safety	34,379	54,737	(20,358)
Public works and parks	14,031	20,750	(6,719)
Community/economic development	2,835	5,804	(2,969)
Culture and recreation	7,431	10,619	(3,188)
Interest on long-term debt	2,005	1,936	69
TOTAL EXPENSES	71,140	106,101	(34,961)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES	77,204	17,834	59,370
Transfers in	521	538	(17)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	521	538	(17)
Net Change in Net Position	77,725	18,372	59,353
Beginning Net Position	156,498	138,126	18,372
Ending Net Position, June 30	\$234,223	\$156,498	\$77,725

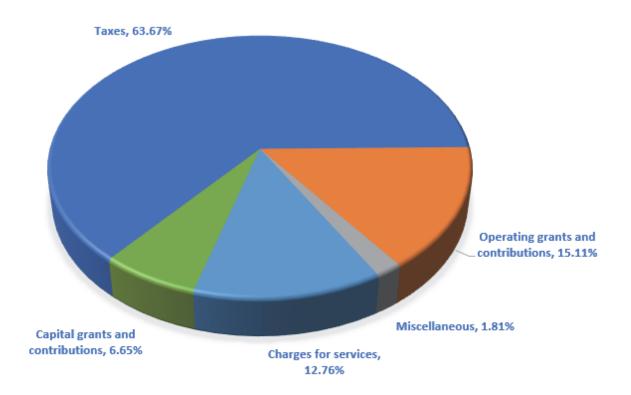
Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The City's governmental activities net position increased by \$77.7 million during fiscal year 2021-2022. Year-over-year increases in revenues of \$24.4 million were mainly the result of the recognition of ARPA proceeds of \$16.1, but also impacted by other items. Sales and use tax remittances continued to outperform forecasts while also including the first full year of Measure R transaction and use tax proceeds leading to an increase of \$4.5 million over the prior year. Property tax revenues showed strong growth at 4.2% leading to an overall revenue increase of \$1.3 million as we begin to see the impact of increased assessed valuations following the raging hot housing market of the previous fiscal year. Transient occupancy tax showed some resilience as the pandemic waned, leading to a year over year increase of \$1.2 million, however these revenues remain below pre-pandemic levels. These positives are offset by the reported investment loss caused by the rapid rise in interest rates toward the latter half of the fiscal year depressing bond markets and adversely affecting the City's fixed income portfolio.

Overall operating expenses report stark declines for the fiscal year as a direct result of pension and OPEB adjustments made during the year. The measurement year for determining these adjustments was the year ending June 30, 2021, when the market had achieved extraordinary returns causing overall pension and OPEB expense to be negative for the year. The adjustments for these expenses offset personnel costs in each functional area on the Statement of Activities and produce a dramatically different picture than that of the fund financial statements, which do not account for pension and OPEB items in the same manner.

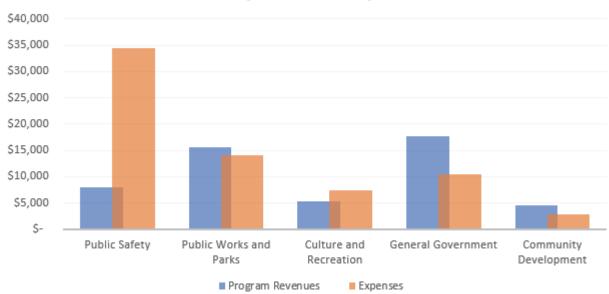
The following graph shows governmental revenues by source:

Revenues by Source Governmental Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenses and Program Revenues Governmental Activities (in thousands)



Total expenses for governmental activities were \$69.1 million (excluding interest on long-term debt of \$2 million). Program revenues offset total expenses as follows:

- Those who directly benefited from programs contributed \$18.9 million in charges for services.
- A total of \$32.3 million in operating and capital projects were funded by outside agencies through operating grants, capital grants, and contributions.

As a result, total expenses that were funded by tax revenues, investment income, other general revenues and fund balance were \$17.9 million.

Functional expenses for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Expenses by Function

(in thousands)

Function	Amount	Percent of Total
General government	\$10,459	14.7%
Public safety	34,379	48.3%
Public works and parks	14,031	19.7%
Community development	2,835	4.0%
Culture and recreation	7,431	10.4%
Interest on debt	2,005	2.8%
Total expenses	\$71,140	100%

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Summary of Changes in Net Position For the periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands)

	Business-Type Activities		Increase
	2022	2021	(Decrease)
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$3,837	\$3,352	\$485
Total program revenues	3,837	3,352	485
General revenues:			
Investment Income	9	4	5
Total general revenues	9	4	5
TOTAL REVENUES	3,846	3,356	490
Expenses			
General government	2,227	3,749	(1,522)
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,227	3,749	(1,522)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES	1,619	(393)	2,012
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers out	(521)	(538)	17
Total Other Financing sources (uses)	(521)	(538)	17
Net Change in Net Position	1,098	(931)	2,029
Net Position, Beginning	8,969	9,900	(931)
Net Position, Ending	\$10,067	\$8,969	\$1,098

The net position for business-type activities increased from the prior year by \$1.1 million primarily as a result of pension adjustments related to extraordinary investment gains during the measurement period reducing reported personnel expenses significantly.

Parking services is the City's only business-type activity with income derived from program revenues of \$3.8 million. Program revenues include parking meter coin income of \$1.3 million and parking garage hourly and monthly parking income of \$0.8 million. Revenues also include parking and non-vehicle code fines totaling \$1.7 million. Total expenses for parking services were \$2.2 million and transfers out to general fund and non-major governmental fund for support totaled \$521 thousand during the fiscal year 2021-2022. The Parking services program has been acutely affected by the lasting impacts of the coronavirus pandemic as the effects of reduced brick-and-mortar business activity and increased remote work arrangements have reduced demand for street and garage parking.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds

Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances are classified in five categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based on a hierarchy of constraint. Further details on fund balance classifications can be found in Note 8B.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial capacity. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2022, the City reported a combined ending fund balance of \$71.9 million of all its governmental funds (an increase of \$17.1 million from the prior year): \$185 thousand is non-spendable, \$36.4 million is restricted, \$10.9 million is committed, and \$24.4 million is assigned.

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City.

General Fund – The fund balance of the General Fund as of June 30, 2022, was \$33.8 million (an increase of \$16.9 million from the prior year balance): \$95 thousand is non-spendable, \$9.4 million is committed, and \$24.3 million is assigned. The committed portion of the balance includes \$9.4 million for emergency and cash flow needs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

The original adopted General Fund budget projected total revenue of \$89 million and transfers-in of \$1.8 million for total resources of \$90.8 million. This budget appropriated expenditures of \$88.5 million and transfers-out of \$2 million for total appropriations of \$90.5 million. Revenues were later increased to \$110.1 million to include the recognition of \$16.1 million in ARPA proceeds as well as better-than-anticipated sales and use tax receipts. Transfers-out were increased by \$974 thousand to provide increased support of recreation fund expenditures as a result of the lasting effects of the pandemic as well as project support.

Actual revenues, at \$109.8 million, exceeded original budgeted revenues by \$20.8 million. \$16.1 million of the increase is related to the recognition of ARPA proceeds and the remainder can be attributed to increased sales and use taxes as the economy remained in high gear for much of the year, as well as the new Measure R transaction and use tax recording its first full year of implementation. These revenue increases were offset by an adverse fair value adjustment to the City's fixed income portfolio of approximately \$2 million. Expenditures of \$91.6 million were \$3.1 million greater than original budgeted expenditures of \$88.5 million after actuarial reports for Liability and Workers' Compensation programs were issued with substantially increased liabilities for future claims.

Fiscal year 2021-2022 General Fund revenues and transfers in of \$111.5 million exceeded expenditures and transfers out of \$94.6 million by \$16.8 million. The increase is primarily the result of the use of ARPA proceeds and the savings have been earmarked for specific future projects and initiatives.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Summary of General Fund Budget and Actual For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 (in thousands)

	Adopted Budget	Revised Budget	Actual
Revenues	\$88,997	\$110,146	\$109,790
Transfers in	1,755	1,755	1,755
Total resources	90,752	111,901	111,545
Expenditures	88,491	\$92,275	91,636
Operating transfers out	2,000	2,250	2,250
Capital transfers out	-	724	724
Total uses	90,491	95,249	94,610
Net Results	\$261	\$16,652	\$16,935

Traffic and Housing Mitigation Fund – The City uses this fund to collect developer contributions to be used for major street improvement and housing infrastructure projects. During the year, the fund balance decreased from \$6.6 million to \$4.9 million. Revenues totaled \$630 thousand, while \$1.1 million was charged against this fund to support the maintenance of the City-wide traffic model, and \$1.2 million was transferred out for project support. The main projects supported during the year include pedestrian improvements in the Canal neighborhood as well as the third street rehabilitation project. The balance in the fund is being held in anticipation of major street projects identified in the General Plan 2040 and other qualifying expenditures.

Gas Tax Fund – The City uses this fund to manage its allocation of State gasoline taxes and local funding for street maintenance projects. Gas tax revenues exceeded expenditures and net transfers by \$2.6 million in fiscal year 2021-2022 resulting in an increase in fund balance from \$4.3 million to \$6.9 million. The activities for the year were all planned and approved project work.

Expenditures during fiscal year 2021-2022 totaled \$11.6 million. In addition to routine street-related maintenance of \$1.5 million, major expenditures included \$5.8 million for the third street rehabilitation project, \$1.5 million for sidewalk improvements along Francisco Boulevard, \$1 million for a resurfacing and improvements to Bungalow Avenue, and \$500 thousand for pedestrian improvements in the Canal neighborhood.

The largest sources of revenues were \$3.9 million in development impact fees, \$2.6 million in federal grants, \$1.4 million from State gasoline taxes, \$1.2 million in State RMRA (Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account) funding, \$1 million in local Measure A funding.

Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund – The City uses this fund to account for major capital improvements to public safety facilities. During the year, construction began on Fire Stations 54 and 55. Expenditures during fiscal year 2021-2022 totaled \$4.9 million, transfers from the General Fund representing an allocation of Measure E Transaction and Use Tax totaled \$715 thousand and \$307 thousand was allocated from paramedic tax funds.

Non-major Governmental Funds – The City's non-major funds are presented in the basic financial statements in the aggregate. At June 30, 2022, non-major funds had a total fund balance of \$17 million, a \$2 million increase over that of the previous year. The largest fund balance decrease, \$359 thousand, was recorded in the Grants Fund as result of prior year grants being spent down. The largest fund balance increase, \$649 thousand, was recorded in the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund as an old ground lease was refinanced into a loan during the year resulting in the repayment of \$643 thousand.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Of the ending total non-major fund balances of \$17 million: \$15.3 million (90%) is legally restricted for specific purposes by external funding source providers, \$1.5 million (9%) is committed for special purposes by the City Council, \$118 thousand (less than 1%) is assigned, and \$90 thousand (less than 1%) in nonspendable. Additional information about these aggregated non-major funds is presented in the combining statements which immediately follow the required supplementary information.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds are presented in the basic financial statements in a manner similar to that found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. As noted in the Summary of Changes in Net Position – Business-type Activities at page 14, the City's enterprise fund net position increased by \$1.1 million during the fiscal year. The Parking Services Fund is the City's sole business-type (Enterprise) activity.

The parking services fund's operating revenue increased by \$485 thousand in fiscal year 2021-2022 to \$3.8 million. The enterprise fund operating expenses were \$2.1 million in fiscal year 2021-2022, a decrease of \$1.5 million over the prior fiscal year. The increase in operating revenues was the result of recovery from the pandemic driving a slightly higher demand for parking, however, is not reaching pre-pandemic totals. The substantial decrease in expenses is a direct result of pension adjustments related to the measurement year ending June 30, 2022, when extraordinary gains were achieved and more than offset expenses for the period.

The City's Internal Service Funds are also reported in this Proprietary Fund classification. In fiscal year 2021-2022, the Internal Services Funds were comprised of: Building Maintenance, Vehicle Replacement, Equipment Replacement, Employee Benefits, Liability Insurance, Workers' Compensation, Dental Insurance, Employee Retirement, OPEB/Retiree Medical, Radio Replacement, Telephone Replacement and Sewer Maintenance. The net position of the Internal Service Funds increased by \$4.5 million. Net investment in capital assets decreased by \$863 thousand, while unrestricted fund balance increased by \$5.3 million. The decrease in capital assets resulted primarily from depreciation of existing capital assets. The increase in unrestricted fund balance reflected increased allocations to the Building Maintenance Fund, Vehicle Replacement Fund, and Equipment Replacement Fund to fund repair and replacement of aging capital assets. The other Internal Service Funds reported small-to-moderate changes to their respective net positions.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022, amounts to \$310 million, net of accumulated depreciation of \$206 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, right-to-use lease assets, and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value only to the City such as roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items. The addition to the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$14.3 million, offset by accumulated depreciation of \$8.6 million.

Additions to capital assets during fiscal year 2021-2022 included:

- Machinery and Equipment: Fire boat infrared camera \$39 thousand
- Infrastructure: \$20.9 million
 - Anderson Drive Rail Crossing Improvements \$6.2 million
 - Francisco Blvd East Sidewalk Improvements \$6.1 million

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

- Southern Heights Bridge Replacement \$4.7 million
- Traffic Signal Improvements \$1.5 million
- Francisco Blvd East Resurfacing \$1.1 million
- Canal Neighborhood Pedestrian Improvements \$822 thousand
- San Rafael High School Crosswalk \$472 thousand

The City's Capital Assets for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

Summary of Capital Assets (in thousands)

	2022	2021 (as restated)
Governmental Activities		
Land	\$84,026	\$83,662
Construction in progress	22,485	24,617
Land improvements	9,763	9,763
Buildings and structures	119,165	119,165
Machinery and equipment	20,497	21,146
Infrastructure	234,559	213,602
Intagible right-to-use leased building	5,476	5,476
Intagible right-to-use leased equipment	258	258
Less accumulated depreciation	(201,301)	(192,617)
Subtotal Governmental Activities	294,928	285,072
Business-type Activities		
Land	8,621	8,621
Buildings and structures	10,714	10,714
Machinery and equipment	940	940
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,994)	(4,770)
Subtotal Business-type Activities	15,281	15,505
Total Capital Assets	\$310,209	\$300,577

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 62 through 64 of this report.

The 2021 balances have been restated to reflect the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. See Note 1S for additional information.

Debt Administration

The City's debt obligations were stable year-over-year and reflect payments of principal made during the year. The debt of the former Redevelopment Agency is reported under the Successor Agency, which is presented as a Private-Purpose Trust Fund on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. (See Note 6 of the financial statements for additional information on the debt obligations of the City and Note 16 for additional information on the Successor Agency.) The City's long-term obligations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Summary of Long-Term Debt (in thousands)

	2022	2021
Governmental Activity Debt:		
2018 Authority Lease Revenue Bond	\$47,600	\$50,179
2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds	2,340	2,845
PG & E City Hall HVAC Retrofit Note Payable	46	79
PG & E Efficiency Note Payable	680	826
PG & E City Hall Efficiency Note Payable	165	
Subtotal Governmental Activity Debt	50,831	53,929
Business-Type Activity Debt:		
PG & E Parking Lot Lighting Retrofit Note Payable	7	14
2012 Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	4,018	4,317
Subtotal Business-Type Activity Debt	4,025	4,331
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$54,856	\$58,260

ECONOMIC CLIMATE AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The global economy is currently experiencing a slowdown as high inflation and supply constraints weigh heavily on the economic outlook. The International Monetary Fund currently projects global growth to slow from 6.0% in 2021 to 3.2% in 2022, then reduced further to 2.7% in 2023. Overall, in the near-term, it is easy to sour upon the outlook as Russia's invasion of Ukraine rages on, financial markets in turmoil in the United Kingdom, and reduced production from China as they continue to grapple with the COVID-19 pandemic all present considerable challenges to global economic activity.

In California the slowdown is beginning to take shape as the Legislative Analyst Office recently revised estimates for personal income, sales, and corporation taxes down, now indicating an 80% chance of falling below the Budget Act assumption of \$210 billion. According to preliminary August data, California's unemployment rate has ticked up to 4.1% after steadily declining to 3.9% in July and posting its first month-over month increase since May of 2020. It appears the state may be at an inflection point and time will tell how it will weather the storm.

Locally, Marin County remains somewhat insulated from more pronounced impacts of the macro environment with an unemployment rate among the lowest in the state at 2.4% and per capita income among the highest. However, there could be signs of tougher times ahead as Marin's traditionally largest service sector, Educational & Health Services, has seen reduced employment of 11.2% year-over year, according to the most recent data from the Employment Department.

In San Rafael, any negative economic impacts remain subdued early in the year. Sales and use taxes for the first two months of fiscal year 2023 are tapering from the highs of the prior year, however, remain at the elevated post-shutdown level of fiscal year 2020-2021. The macro-economic headwinds are expected to filter down to the City in the near term, however, they can be expected to be less severe at the local level.

The City heads into the new fiscal year with a strong balance sheet and large capital projects in the pipeline bolstered by ARPA funds. Expectations are for large drawdowns on accumulated fund balances as capital projects get underway. However, costs are continuing to rise and certain projects may need to be prioritized to ensure the City does not become overextended.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Sales tax and transactions and use tax (Measure E and Measure R) combined, represent the City's largest tax revenue generators, the second largest being property tax. The City initially budgeted for mostly level revenues with the prior year but has since begun to temper expectations as it begins to be clear that economic headwinds may take their toll on municipal revenues.

The City's largest expenditure relates to personnel costs. Salaries and benefits are tied to the labor agreements with each bargaining group. The City's labor units are all operating under three-year contracts that expire in 2024.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, businesses, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for providing high quality services within the limits of our fiscal resources. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of San Rafael – Finance Department at 1400 Fifth Avenue, Room 204, San Rafael, California 94901.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities summarize the entire City's financial activities and financial position. They are also referred to as Government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the City's total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position focuses the reader on the composition of the City's net position, by subtracting total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources from total assets and deferred outflows of resources.

The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all of the City's Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's Business-type Activities in a single column; these columns are followed by a total column which presents the financial position of the entire City.

The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. Since the City's Internal Service Funds service these Funds, their activities are consolidated with Governmental Activities, after eliminating inter-fund transactions and balances. The City's Business-type Activities include all its Enterprise Fund activities.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's net position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the City's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the "modified accrual" basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, available revenues, and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities presents the City's expenses first, listed by program, and follows these with the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues - that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs - are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental and Business-type program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-type Activities column, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the City and the San Rafael Joint Powers Financing Authority which are legally separate but are considered to be component units of the City because they are controlled by the City, which is financially accountable for their activities. The balances and the activities of the San Rafael Sanitation District, a discretely presented component unit, are included in these statements in a separate column.



CITY OF SAN RAFAEL STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	San Rafael Sanitation District
ASSETS Cash and investments available for operations (Note 2)	\$102,374,883	\$1,129,447	\$103,504,330	\$46,864,314
Restricted cash and investments (Note 2) Receivables:	712,709	\$1,127,447	712,709	\$40,004,514
Accounts, net	3,504,742	877,306	4,382,048	1,607,845
Intergovernmental Grants	11,084,418 2,797,356		11,084,418 2,797,356	
Interest	133,047		133,047	
Loans (Note 4A)	2,778,004		2,778,004	
Long-term receivable from San Rafael Sanitation District (Note 4F) Leases receivable (Note 4G)	3,324,061 557,629		3,324,061 557,629	
Prepaid expenses and others	189,500		189,500	75,194
Net pension asset (Note 9)	46,614,932	1,561,377	48,176,309	
Capital assets (Note 5): Nondepreciable	106,510,879	8,620,853	115,131,732	937,738
Depreciable, net	188,417,498	6,659,877	195,077,375	54,629,711
Total Assets	468,999,658	18,848,860	487,848,518	104,114,802
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pension (Note 9) Deferred outflows related to OPEB (Note 11)	36,393,655 6,140,534	1,219,013 93,466	37,612,668 6,234,000	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	42,534,189	1,312,479	43,846,668	
LIABILITIES				_
Accounts payable	11,236,564	140,931	11,377,495	1,169,978
Developer and other deposits payable	991,469	25.007	991,469	
Interest payable Unearned revenue	619,549	35,897 25,798	35,897 645,347	
Claims payable (Note 13):	015,015	20,770	0.0,5.7	
Due in one year	2,802,022		2,802,022	
Due in more than one year Compensated absences (Note 1L):	12,799,700		12,799,700	
Due in one year	535,976	13,518	549,494	
Due in more than one year	3,751,835	94,629	3,846,464	
Long-term debt (Note 6): Due in one year	2,978,397	316,816	3,295,213	
Due in more than one year	47,852,479	3,707,692	51,560,171	
Lease liabilities (Note 14):				
Due in one year Due in more than one year	82,561 5,578,135		82,561 5,578,135	
Long-term payable to the City of San Rafael, due in more than one year (Note 4F)	3,370,133		3,376,133	3,324,061
Net OPEB liability, due in more than one year (Note 11)	18,648,153	283,847	18,932,000	
Total Liabilities	107,876,840	4,619,128	112,495,968	4,494,039
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	159 020 204	5 222 269	164 252 572	
Deferred inflows related to pension (Note 9) Deferred inflows related to OPEB (Note 11)	158,929,204 9,961,376	5,323,368 151,624	164,252,572 10,113,000	
Deferred inflows related to leases receivable (Note 4G)	543,350		543,350	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	169,433,930	5,474,992	174,908,922	
NET POSITION (Note 8): Net investment in capital assets	246,437,706	11,256,222	257,693,928	55,567,449
Restricted for:	240,437,700	11,230,222	231,073,728	33,307,447
Special revenue projects:	12 662 709		13,662,708	
Housing and street improvements Stormwater	13,662,708 1,269,705		1,269,705	
Emergency medical services	832,600		832,600	
Other	11,015,663		11,015,663	
Capital projects	9,888,090		9,888,090	
Total Restricted Net Position	36,668,766	(1.100.002)	36,668,766	44.052.214
Unrestricted Total Not Position	(48,883,395)	(1,189,003)	(50,072,398)	\$00,620,763
Total Net Position	\$234,223,077	\$10,067,219	\$244,290,296	\$99,620,763

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program Revenues		
			Operating	Capital
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Primary Government				
Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$10,458,884	\$1,039,816	\$16,732,928	
Public safety	34,379,474	6,302,852	1,700,678	
Public works and parks	14,030,717	2,996,881	3,706,929	\$8,914,792
Community development	2,835,173	4,493,292	5,821	
Culture and recreation	7,430,968	4,105,520	374,524	953,091
Interest on long-term debt and fiscal charges	2,004,572			
Total Governmental Activities	71,139,788	18,938,361	22,520,880	9,867,883
Business-type Activities:				
Parking services	2,226,556	3,836,881		
Total Business-type Activities	2,226,556	3,836,881		
Total Primary Government	\$73,366,344	\$22,775,242	\$22,520,880	\$9,867,883
Component Unit				
San Rafael Sanitation District	\$12,892,687	\$16,458,113	\$5,568	\$517,752

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property

Sales:

Sales and Use

Measure R quarter-cent sales

Measure E half-cent sales

Measure E quarter-cent sales

Paramedic

Transient occupancy

Franchise

Business license

Other

Investment earnings

Gain from sale of capital assets

Miscellaneous

Transfers (Note 3A)

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, beginning of year

Net Position, end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

	Primary Government		Component Unit
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	San Rafael Sanitation District
\$7,313,860		\$7,313,860	
(26,375,944)		(26,375,944)	
1,587,885		1,587,885	
1,663,940		1,663,940	
(1,997,833) (2,004,572)		(1,997,833) (2,004,572)	
(19,812,664)	_	(19,812,664)	
	¢1 (10 225	1 (10 225	
	\$1,610,325	1,610,325	
	1,610,325	1,610,325	
(19,812,664)	1,610,325	(18,202,339)	
		_	\$4,088,746
32,324,129		32,324,129	2,086,682
24,502,716		24,502,716	
4,778,951		4,778,951	
9,885,869		9,885,869	
4,942,935		4,942,935	
5,109,836		5,109,836	
2,976,234 4,209,979		2,976,234 4,209,979	
2,645,636		2,645,636	
3,108,543		3,108,543	
(1,424,183)	8,802	(1,415,381)	(406,535)
989,991	-,	989,991	(/ /
2,965,697		2,965,697	
521,209	(521,209)		
97,537,542	(512,407)	97,025,135	1,680,147
77,724,878	1,097,918	78,822,796	5,768,893
156,498,199	8,969,301	165,467,500	93,851,870
\$234,223,077	\$10,067,219	\$244,290,296	\$99,620,763



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major funds are defined generally as having significant activities or balances in the current year. Only individual major funds are presented in the Fund Financial Statements, while non-major funds are combined in a single column. Individual non-major funds may be found in the Supplemental Section.

The funds described below were determined to be major funds by the City in fiscal year 2021-2022:

GENERAL FUND

Established to account for all financial resources necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City which are not accounted for in another fund. The General Fund supports essential City services such as police and fire protection, building and street maintenance, libraries, recreation, parks, and open space maintenance.

TRAFFIC AND HOUSING MITIGATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Established to maintain long-term developer contributions for major housing and street improvement projects.

GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Established to receive and expend the City's allocation of the State gasoline taxes.

ESSENTIAL FACILITIES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Established to account for major capital improvements to public safety facilities.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

		Special Reve	nue Funds			
	General Fund	Traffic and Housing Mitigation	Gas Tax	Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments available for operations (Note 2) Restricted cash and investments (Note 2)	\$29,467,022 608,125	\$2,912,417	\$6,470,630	\$10,401,325 205	\$14,946,428 104,379	\$64,197,822 712,709
Receivables:	000,123			203	104,577	/12,/09
Accounts	1,433,476	162,167			1,909,099	3,504,742
Intergovernmental	8,944,744		1,982,097		157,577	11,084,418
Grants	545,861		1,187,749		1,045,581	2,779,191
Interest	131,313				1,734	133,047
Loans (Note 4A)	747	1,856,431			920,826	2,778,004
Leases (Note 4G)	54,319				503,310	557,629
Prepaids	95,279				89,761	185,040
Total Assets	\$41,280,886	\$4,931,015	\$9,640,476	\$10,401,530	\$19,678,695	\$85,932,602
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$5,623,208	\$59,144	\$2,722,209	\$1,084,218	\$1,262,546	\$10,751,325
Deposits payable	286.573	ψ37,144	\$2,722,207	\$1,004,210	306,567	593,140
Developer deposits payable	394,694				3,635	398,329
Unearned revenue	62,000				557,549	619,549
Total Liabilities	6,366,475	59,144	2,722,209	1,084,218	2,130,297	12,362,343
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue:						
SB90 reimbursement receivable	1,080,400					1,080,400
Related to leases (Note 4G)	52,892				490,458	543,350
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,133,292				490,458	1,623,750
Fund Balances (Note 8):						
Nonspendable	95,279				89,761	185,040
Restricted		4,871,871	6,918,267	9,317,312	15,336,069	36,443,519
Committed	9,415,000				1,514,355	10,929,355
Assigned	24,270,840				117,755	24,388,595
Total Fund Balances	33,781,119	4,871,871	6,918,267	9,317,312	17,057,940	71,946,509
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Fund Balances	\$41,280,886	\$4,931,015	\$9,640,476	\$10,401,530	\$19,678,695	\$85,932,602
			•			-

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances reported on the governmental funds balance sheet	\$71,946,509
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds because of the following:	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds.	283,221,992
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of management of building, workers' compensation, employee benefits, insurance, and post-retirement healthcare benefits to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position.	33,654,138
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and lease liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds.	(56,326,600)
Compensated absences	(4,287,811)
Unavailable revenue	1,080,400
Long-term receivable from San Rafael Sanitation District	3,324,061
Deferred outflows related to pension	36,393,655
Net pension asset	46,614,932
Deferred inflows related to pension	(158,929,204)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	6,140,534
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(9,961,376)
Net OPEB liability	(18,648,153)
Net position of governmental activities	\$234,223,077

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Special Rev	enue Funds	-		
	General	Traffic and Housing Mitigation	Gas Tax	Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes and special assessments Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	\$84,324,467 3,077,355 296,300				\$9,280,515	\$93,604,982 3,077,355 296,300
Use of money and properties Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenue	(1,969,810) 20,393,799 2,880,711 786,766	\$47,133 225,000 198,531 159,310	\$40,412 9,528,965 2,089,594 1,811,524	\$95,586	188,965 4,091,393 8,146,178 1,442,220	(1,597,714) 34,239,157 13,315,014 4,199,820
Total Revenues	109,789,588	629,974	13,470,495	95,586	23,149,271	147,134,914
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government Public safety Public works and parks	17,214,009 46,824,239 13,516,875	31,986 636,429	1,474,091		470,671 11,573,482 868,152	17,716,666 58,397,721 16,495,547
Community development Culture and recreation Capital outlay	5,377,625 2,989,038 372,147	358,588 99,173	10,099,991	4,897,862	8,330,508 1,876,281	5,736,213 11,319,546 17,345,454
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	2,829,057 2,512,515	77,173	10,077,771	4,077,002	1,070,201	2,829,057 2,512,515
Total Expenditures	91,635,505	1,126,176	11,574,082	4,897,862	23,119,094	132,352,719
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	18,154,083	(496,202)	1,896,413	(4,802,276)	30,177	14,782,195
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in (Note 3A) Transfers out (Note 3A)	1,755,022 (2,973,885)	(1,190,000)	1,312,000 (635,000)	1,000,000 1,022,198	2,352,544 (315,857)	1,000,000 6,441,764 (5,114,742)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,218,863)	(1,190,000)	677,000	2,022,198	2,036,687	2,327,022
Net Change in Fund Balances	16,935,220	(1,686,202)	2,573,413	(2,780,078)	2,066,864	17,109,217
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	16,845,899	6,558,073	4,344,854	12,097,390	14,991,076	54,837,292
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$33,781,119	\$4,871,871	\$6,918,267	\$9,317,312	\$17,057,940	\$71,946,509

Reconciliation of the

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

with the

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$17,109,217
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
Capital Assets Transactions	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported	
as depreciation and amortization expense.	10 ((0.2(0
Capital outlay and improvement expenditures are added back to fund balance	18,669,368
Retirement of capital assets is deducted from fund balance	(1,255)
Depreciation and amortization expense is deducted from fund balance (Depreciation expense is net of internal service fund depreciation of \$1,342,045, which has already been allocated to serviced funds.)	(8,113,574)
Long-Term Debt and Lease Liability Proceeds and Payments	
Governmental funds record proceeds and payments as other financing sources and expenditures.	
However, in the Statement of Net Position, those costs are reversed as increases and decreases	
in long-term liabilities.	
Repayments of long-term debt principal	2,755,169
Amortized bond premium expense is added back to fund balance	507,943
Repayments of lease principal	78,120
Interest on lease is deducted from fund balance	(4,232)
Accrual of Non-Current Items	
The amount below included in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial	
resources and therefore is not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):	
Compensated absences	518,294
Unavailable revenue	(12,034)
Long-term receivable from San Rafael Sanitation District	(1,600,309)
Net Pension (Asset) Liability Transactions	
Governmental funds record pension expense as it is paid. However,	
in the Statement of Activities those costs are reversed as deferred outflows/(inflows)	
and an increase/(decrease) in net pension (asset) liability.	40,667,809
Net OPEB Liability Transactions	
Governmental funds record OPEB expense as it is paid. However,	
in the Statement of Activities those costs are reversed as deferred outflows/(inflows)	
and an increase/(decrease) in net OPEB liability.	2,672,302
Allocation of Internal Service Fund Activities	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	4,478,060
Tailed. The net revenue of the internal service rand is reported with governmental activities.	1,770,000
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$77,724,878



PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges, whether external or internal.

The City reports its only enterprise fund as a major fund.

PARKING SERVICES FUND

Established to maintain parking garages, lots, and spaces in the Downtown Parking District, and to pay for parking enforcement and meter collection.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Established to account for department services and financing performed for other departments within the same governmental jurisdiction. Funding comes from charges assessed to the departments benefiting from the service.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Business-type

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities
	Parking Services	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS		
Current Assets: Cash and investments available for operations (Note 2) Receivable:	\$1,129,447	\$38,177,061
Accounts, net Grants	877,306	18,165
Prepaid expense		4,460
Total Current Assets	2,006,753	38,199,686
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets (Note 5): Nondepreciable	8,620,853	909,746
Depreciable, net Net pension asset (Note 9)	6,659,877 1,561,377	10,796,639
Total Noncurrent Assets	16,842,107	11,706,385
Total Assets	18,848,860	49,906,071
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pension (Note 9) Deferred outflows related to OPEB (Note 11)	1,219,013 93,466	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,312,479	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Interest payable Unearned revenue Compensated absences, due in one year (Note 1L) Claims payable, due in one year (Note 13)	140,931 35,897 25,798 13,518	485,239 2,802,022
Long-term debt, due in one year (Note 6)	316,816	21,755
Total Current Liabilities	532,960	3,309,016
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences (Note 1L) Claims payable (Note 13) Long-term debt (Note 6) Net OPEB liability (Note 11)	94,629 3,707,692 283,847	12,799,700 143,217
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,086,168	12,942,917
Total Liabilities	4,619,128	16,251,933
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pension (Note 9) Deferred inflows related to OPEB (Note 11)	5,323,368 151,624	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,474,992	
NET POSITION (Note 8): Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	11,256,222 (1,189,003)	11,541,413 22,112,725
Total Net Position	\$10,067,219	\$33,654,138
	\$10,00 <i>1</i> ,21 <i>9</i>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities
	Parking Services	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for current services	\$2,160,302	\$23,687,437
Other operating revenues	1,676,579	882,690
Intergovernmental		43,423
Total Operating Revenues	3,836,881	24,613,550
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel	295,540	4,024,485
Insurance premiums and claims		10,194,824
Maintenance and repairs	126,205	306,656
Depreciation expense (Note 5)	224,472	1,342,045
General and administrative	1,430,001	3,717,137
Total Operating Expenses	2,076,218	19,585,147
Operating Income	1,760,663	5,028,403
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment income	8,802	230,586
Miscellaneous revenue		30,193
Interest expense	(150,338)	
Gain from sale of capital assets		33,698
(Loss) from disposal of capital assets		(39,007)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(141,536)	255,470
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	1,619,127	5,283,873
TRANSFERS OUT (Note 3A)	(521,209)	(805,813)
Change in Net Position	1,097,918	4,478,060
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,969,301	29,176,078
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$10,067,219	\$33,654,138

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund Parking Services	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers/other funds Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for salaries and benefits Other revenues	\$2,160,302 (1,498,095) (1,901,398) 1,775,014	\$23,732,399 (13,716,473) (1,240,692) 882,690
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	535,823	9,657,924
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Miscellaneous revenues Interfund payments	(521,209)	30,193 (805,813)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	(521,209)	(775,620)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal payments on revenue bonds and note payable Proceeds from note payable Interest expenses and fiscal charges Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(306,818) (151,863)	(9,064) 174,036 (696,003) 46,401
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	(458,681)	(484,630)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	8,802	230,586
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	8,802	230,586
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(435,265)	8,628,260
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,564,712	29,548,801
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$1,129,447	\$38,177,061
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income	\$1,760,663	\$5,028,403
to cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation Net change in assets and liabilities:	224,472	1,342,045
Accounts receivable Prepaids	93,811	1,539 (4,460)
OPEB-related items Accounts payable Unearned revenue Compensated absence obligations Pension-related items	(276,698) 58,111 4,624 (10,046) (1,319,114)	(42,422)
Claims payable		3,332,819
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$535,823	\$9,657,924
NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS: Retirement of capital assets Amortization of bond discount	\$725	(\$51,710)
	7,25	

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent or custodian for other entities. The financial activities of such funds are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements and present fund statements that consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Net Position.

SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY – PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND

Established to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the San Rafael Redevelopment Agency.

PT. SAN PEDRO ROAD ASSESSMENT DISTRICT CUSTODIAL FUND

Established to accumulate funds for payment of principal and interest for Pt. San Pedro Road Median Landscaping Assessment District bonds.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Pt. San Pedro Road Assessment District Custodial Fund
ASSETS		
Cash available for operations (Note 2) Receivables:	\$173,063	\$221,627
Taxes	3,081,500	857
Total Assets	3,254,563	222,484
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Interest payable	2,500	20,288
Long-term debt (Note 16C):		20,288
Due within one year	3,553,454	
Total Liabilities	3,555,954	20,288
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Restricted for:		
Bondholders	173,063	202,196
Unrestricted	(474,454)	
Total Net Position	(\$301,391)	\$202,196

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Successor Agency	
	to the	Pt. San Pedro
	Redevelopment	Road Assessment
	Agency	District
	Private-Purpose	Custodial
	Trust Fund	Fund
ADDITIONS		
Property taxes	\$3,450,910	\$134,759
Use of money and property	7	
Total Additions	3,450,917	134,759
DEDUCTIONS	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
General government	180,640	
Payments to bondholders		79,900
Interest expense	174,324	61,563
Total Deductions	354,964	141,463
Change in Net Position	3,095,953	(6,704)
NET POSITION		
Beginning of year	(3,397,344)	208,900
End of year	(\$301,391)	\$202,196



NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Financial Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements present the City of San Rafael (the City) as the Primary Government, with its component units for which the City is considered financially accountable. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationships with the City.

B. Description of Blended Component Unit

The accompanying basic financial statements include all funds and boards and commissions that are controlled by the City Council. The basic financial statements include the City's blended component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from this entity is combined with the City. The City's blended component unit is described below.

San Rafael Joint Powers Financing Authority – The San Rafael Joint Powers Financing Authority (Authority) was formed by the City of San Rafael and the former San Rafael Redevelopment Agency (Agency) pursuant to Articles 1 and 2 of Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code of the State of California for the purpose of assisting in the financing and refinancing of certain assessment district and redevelopment-related activities in the City. On March 18, 2013, the Agency was replaced by the California Municipal Finance Authority (CMFA) in order that the life of the Authority would extend beyond that of the Agency. The Authority is administered by a governing board whose members are the City Council of the City.

Activities of the Authority related to the 2012 Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds are reported in the Parking Services Enterprise Fund. Activities of the Authority related to the 2018 Authority Lease Revenue Bonds are reported in the City's General Fund and the Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Authority.

C. Description of Discretely Presented Component Unit

San Rafael Sanitation District – The San Rafael Sanitation District (District) was formed in 1947 under Section 4700 of the California Health and Safety Code to provide wastewater transmission over the southern two-thirds of the City and adjacent unincorporated areas.

The District is governed by a three-member Board of Directors who are appointed to four-year terms. The City Council of the City appoints two out of the three board members and has the ability to remove the two board members at will.

The City contracts with the District to maintain the collection systems in the City and surrounding unincorporated areas. These employees are paid through the City's payroll department and participate in the City's cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Marin County Employees' Retirement Association. The employees also participate in the City's healthcare benefits plan which includes a provision for postemployment benefits. These costs are the obligation of the District and not the City. As discussed in Note 4F, a receivable from the District has been established.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The District's activities are reported as a discretely presented component unit in a separate column in the basic financial statements which includes the District's assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, results of operations and cash flows. The District's fiscal year ends on June 30 and its separately issued component unit financial statements can be obtained at the San Rafael Sanitation District, 111 Morphew Street, San Rafael, California 94901.

D. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Interfund transfers and amounts owed between funds within the primary government have been eliminated from the statements. Amounts representing interfund services and uses remain in the statements. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

E. Major Funds and Other Reported Funds

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

General Fund – Established to account for all financial resources necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City which are not accounted for in another fund.

Traffic and Housing Mitigation Special Revenue Fund – Established to maintain long-term developer contributions for major housing and street improvement projects.

Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund – Established to receive and expend the City's allocation of State gasoline taxes.

Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund – Established to account for major capital improvements to public safety facilities.

The City reported its only enterprise fund as a major fund in the accompanying financial statements. The enterprise fund is:

Parking Services Fund – Established to maintain parking garages, lots, and spaces in the Downtown Parking District, and to pay for parking enforcement, meter collection, and downtown enforcement services.

The City also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds – These funds account for: building maintenance; vehicle, equipment, radio, and telephone replacement; employee benefits; liability insurance; workers' compensation; dental insurance; employee retirement; retiree medical (OPEB); and sewer maintenance.

Fiduciary Funds – These funds include: *Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund* – which accounts for the accumulation of resources held by the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency to be used for payments at appropriate amounts and times in the future; and *Pt. San Pedro Road Assessment District Custodial Fund* – which accumulates funds for the payment of principal and interest for Pt. San Pedro Road Median Landscaping District bonds. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements, but are presented in the separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

F. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, fiduciary and discretely presented component unit financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the full *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when *earned* and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable and available*. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end with the exception of sales and use tax revenues which are reported as available if collected within ninety days of year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, including lease liabilities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the City the right-to-use leased assets, are reported as *expenditures* in governmental funds. Proceeds from long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property and sales taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, interest revenue, charges for services, fines, and forfeitures. Other receipts and taxes are recognized as revenue when the cash is received.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenue. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be made available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

The City considers restricted shared state revenues such as gasoline taxes and public safety sales taxes, restricted locally imposed transportation sales taxes, fines, forfeitures, licenses, permits, charges for services, and program grants as program revenues.

Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

G. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Unavailable revenue, a type of deferred inflow of resources, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from intergovernmental receivables and deferred amounts related to leases. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

H. Budgets, Budgetary Accounting, and Encumbrances

The City adopts an annual budget which is effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. The budget reflects estimated revenues and expenditures, except for the capital projects funds. Appropriations and spending authorizations for projects in the capital projects funds and some special revenue funds are approved by the City Council on a multi-year basis. From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted at the department level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. The City Council may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal year in order to respond to emerging needs, changes in resources, or shifting priorities. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between accounts, departments, or funds; the Council must approve any increase in the City's operating expenditures, appropriations for capital projects, and transfers between major funds and reportable fund groups.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders for expenditures are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of the budgetary process. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

I. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including all restricted assets) with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. As the proprietary funds' share of this pool is readily available when needed, such share is also considered to be cash equivalent.

J. Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Capital Assets

City

Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date contributed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available, except for intangible right-to-use lease assets, the measurement of which is discussed in Note 1R below. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

City policy has set the capitalization thresholds for reporting capital assets at the following:

General capital assets ranging from \$5,000 to \$50,000 Infrastructure capital assets ranging from \$25,000 to \$250,000

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets.

The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings, improvements, and structures	20-50 years
Machinery and equipment	4-20 years
Infrastructure	15-50 years
Right to use leased building	35 years
Right to use leased equipment	1.5-5 years

District

Collection systems and facilities purchased or constructed are stated at cost. Assets contributed are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date received. Interest is capitalized for assets constructed when applicable. The costs of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Applicable capital assets must be capitalized for amounts \$1,000 or above and may be capitalized for amounts from \$500 to \$1,000 if determined to be sensitive. Depreciation is provided by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of capital assets as follows:

Subsurface lines	50 - 80 years
Sewage collection facilities	5-50 years
General plant and administrative facilities	3-15 years

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as earned. Upon termination, employees are paid for all unused vacation at their current hourly rates. Unused sick leave may be compensable up to 600 hours, depending upon the provisions of the MOUs, which vary by bargaining unit.

The long-term portion of the liability for compensated absences for governmental fund type operations is recorded as compensated absences in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. Proprietary fund liabilities are recorded within their respective funds. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

The changes in compensated absences as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Beginning Balance	\$4,806,105	\$118,193	\$4,924,298
Additions	2,464,583	86,071	2,550,654
Payments	(2,982,877)	(96,117)	(3,078,994)
Ending Balance	\$4,287,811	\$108,147	\$4,395,958
Current Portion	\$535,976	\$13,518	\$549,494

M. Property Tax Levy, Collection and Maximum Rates – City

State of California Constitution Article XIII A provides that the combined maximum property tax rate on any given property may not exceed 1% of its assessed value unless an additional amount for general obligation debt has been approved by voters. Assessed value is calculated at 100% of market value as defined by Article XIII A and may be adjusted by no more than 2% per year unless the property is sold, transferred, or substantially improved. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution of receipts from a 1% tax levy among the counties, cities, school districts and other districts. Marin County assesses properties, bills for, and collects property taxes on the schedule that follows:

	Secured	<u>Unsecured</u>
Valuation/lien dates	January 1	January 1
Levy dates	July 1	July 1
Due dates (delinquent as of)	50% on November 1 (December 10)	July 1 (August 31)
	50% on February 1 (April 10)	

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For assessment and collection purposes, property is classified as either "secured" or "unsecured" and is listed accordingly on separate parts of the assessment roll. The "secured roll" is that part of the assessment roll containing State-assessed property and real property having a tax lien that is sufficient, in the opinion of the County Assessor, to secure payment of the taxes. Unsecured property comprises all taxable property not attached to land, such as personal property or business property. Every tax levied by a county that becomes a lien on secured property has priority over all present and future private liens arising pursuant to State law on the secured property, regardless of the time of the creation of the other liens. A tax levied on unsecured property does not become a lien against the taxed unsecured property, but may become a lien on other property owned by the taxpayer.

Property taxes are levied and recorded as revenue when received in the fiscal year of levy because of the adoption of the "alternate method of property tax distribution," known as the Teeter Plan, by the City and the County of Marin. The Teeter Plan authorized the auditor-controller of the County of Marin to allocate 100% of the secured property taxes billed, but not yet paid. The County of Marin remits tax monies to the City in three installments, as follows:

55% remitted on December 1540% remitted on April 155% remitted on June 15

N. Sewer Charges – District

Sewer charges are billed and collected on behalf of the District by the County of Marin as a special assessment on annual property tax billings. Property taxes are levied on January 1 and are due in two equal installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent December 10 and April 10, for the first and second installments, respectively. In accordance with the Teeter Plan, the County remits to the District all charges which are assessed and the county retains responsibility for collecting past due amounts.

The Teeter Plan provides that the County advance the District its share of the annual gross levy of secured property taxes and special assessments. In consideration, the District gives the County of Marin its rights to penalties and interest on delinquent secured property tax receivables and actual proceeds collected.

O. Connection Fees – District

Connection fees represent a one-time contribution of resources to the District imposed on contractors and developers for the purpose of financing capital improvements. Connection fees are recognized after non-operating revenues (expenses) in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The District utilizes connection fees received on a first-in-first-out basis to finance current year capital projects. Accordingly, if there is a balance of connection fees available at year-end, it is classified as restricted net position.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent asset and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. Leases

A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles, and equipment.

Lessee – The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment and land. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial individual value of \$25,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lesser of its useful life or the life of the lease agreement.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments as follows:

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise, if applicable.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term lease liabilities on the statement of net position.

Lessor – The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases of certain buildings and land. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts as follows:

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

S. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The provisions of this Statement were implemented during fiscal year 2022. As part of the implementation of this Statement, the City has accounted for certain lessor and lessee transactions, which required the restatement of beginning net position of the governmental activities leases receivable and deferred inflows in the amounts of \$615,997, and capital assets and lease liabilities in the amount of \$5,734,584, and the net effect on beginning net position and fund balance is zero. See the leases disclosures in Notes 4G and 14.

GASB Statement No. 92 - In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions about the following: Statement No. 87, Leases; reporting of intra-entity transfers between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan; applicability of Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as amended, and No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, to reporting assets accumulated for postemployment benefits; applicability of certain requirements of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, to postemployment benefit arrangements; asset retirement obligations; reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature; terminology used to refer to derivative instruments. The provisions of this Statement were implemented during fiscal year 2022. The implementation of this Statement did not have a material effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 98 – In October 2021, GASB issued Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. This Statement establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The provisions of this Statement were implemented during fiscal year 2022.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Policies

The City maintains an investment policy that emphasizes safety, liquidity, and reasonable market yield. This policy is reviewed and approved by the City Council annually.

The City invests in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system. In order to increase security, the City employs the trust department of a bank as the custodian of certain City managed investments, regardless of their form.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the City's cash on deposit, or first trust deed mortgage notes with a market value of 150% of the deposit, as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in a separate investment pool by another institution in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution.

The City's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

B. Classification

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2022, are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted under the terms of City debt instruments or agency agreements.

Statement of Net Position:

City of San Rafael:	
Cash and investments available for operations	\$103,504,330
Restricted cash and investments	712,709
Total Primary Government Cash and Investments	104,217,039
San Rafael Sanitation District (Component Unit):	
Cash and investments available for operations	46,864,314
Total San Rafael Sanitation District Cash and Investments	46,864,314
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (separate statement):	
Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund:	
Cash available for operations	173,063
Pt. San Pedro Road Assessment District Custodial Fund:	
Cash available for operations	221,627
Total Fiduciary Fund Cash and Investments	394,690
Total Cash and Investments	\$151,476,043

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City does not normally allocate investments by fund. Each proprietary fund's portion of Cash and Investments Available for Operations is in substance a demand deposit available to finance operations, and is considered a cash equivalent in preparing the statement of cash flows.

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's investment policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following securities provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the City and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code, or the City's Investment Policy where it is more restrictive:

		Minimum	Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Credit	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality (A)	Portfolio (A)	One Issuer
U.S. Government Obligations	5 years	N/A	No limit	No limit
Federal Agency Securities and Instruments	5 years	N/A	No limit	No limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	N/A	No limit	No limit
Prime Commercial Paper	270 days	A-1	25%	10% of total outstanding commercial paper and
				5% of portfolio
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	A-1	40%	\$2,000,000
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	A	30%	5% of portfolio
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	A-1	30%	5% of portfolio
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	N/A	30%	5% of portfolio
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$75m per Account
Money Market Funds	N/A	AAA	10%	N/A
Mortgage and Asset-Backed Obligations	5 years	AA	20%	N/A
Supranational Securities	5 years	AA	15%	N/A
Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds Special Assessment Districts and Special Tax				
Districts issued by the City of San Rafael	30 years	N/A	N/A	N/A

(A) At time of purchase

The San Rafael Sanitation District maintains all of its cash in the County of Marin pooled investment fund for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through pooled investment activities.

The County Pool includes both voluntary and involuntary participation from external entities. The District is a voluntary participant. The State of California statutes require certain special districts and other governmental entities to maintain their cash surplus with the County Treasurer. The District has approved by resolution, the investment policy of the County of Marin which complies with the California Government Code.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged as reserves to be used if there are insufficient resources to meet debt repayment obligations. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City ordinance bond indentures or State statute. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality (A)	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years to no maximum	N/A	No Limit
U.S. Agency Securities	3 - 5 years	N/A	No Limit
U.S. Agency Instruments	5 years	N/A	No Limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	A-1	No Limit
Banker's Acceptances	360 days	Highest Category Rating	No Limit
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	Highest Category Rating	No Limit
Prime Commercial Paper	270 days	Highest Category Rating	No Limit
Guaranteed Investment Contracts (fully collateralized) (B)	N/A	Highest Category Rating	No Limit
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	A	No Limit
Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	180 Days	N/A	No Limit
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	N/A	No Limit
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A	No Limit
California Asset Management Program	N/A	N/A	No Limit
Deposit Accounts	N/A	A	No Limit
Defeasance Securities	N/A	N/A	No Limit

⁽A) At time of purchase.

⁽B) Guaranteed Investment Contracts must be fully collateralized with U.S. Treasury or U.S. Agency Obligations.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

E. Fair Value Hierarchy

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the City as of June 30, 2022:

	(a)	(b)	(c)		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	_	Total
City:					
Money Market Funds		\$787,168			\$787,168
U.S. Government Obligations	\$19,307,665				19,307,665
Federal Agency Securities and Instruments		11,004,009			11,004,009
Medium-Term Corporate Notes		13,224,811	0.101015	<i>(</i> 1)	13,224,811
Investment in Pt. San Pedro Bonds			\$1,134,017	(d) _	1,134,017
	\$19,307,665	\$25,015,988	\$1,134,017		45,457,670
Investments Exempt from Fair Value Hierarchy:					
Local Agency Investment Fund					48,843,399
Marin County Investment Pool					81,400
Total Investments				_	94,382,469
Cash in banks and on hand				_	9,834,570
Total City Cash and Investments				_	104,217,039
Fiduciary:					
Cash in banks				_	394,690
Total Fiduciary Cash				_	394,690
Total City and Fiduciary Cash and Inves	stments				104,611,729
Can Defeat Conitation Districts					
San Rafael Sanitation District:					16 861 311
Marin County Investment Pool				_	46,864,314
District's Total Cash and Investments				_	46,864,314
Total Cash and Investments					\$151,476,043

Source: The above GASB 72 Classifications in the different input levels are provided by US Bank.

- (a) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active market for identical assets. These are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets at the measurement date. An active market for the asset is a market in which transactions for the asset occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- (b) Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. These inputs include: a) Quoted prices for similar assets in active markets; b) Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active; and c) Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for an asset.
- (c) Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. These inputs shall be used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset at the measurement date.
- (d) This pertains to the City-owned bonds of its investments in Pt. San Pedro Special Assessment District that has no trading market and is thus listed under Level 3. This bond is valued using discounted cash flow techniques.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

F. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City also manages its interest rate risk by holding most investments to maturity, thus reversing unrealized market gains and losses.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date:

Type of Investment	12 Months or Less	More than 12 Months	Total
City:			
Money Market Funds	\$787,168		\$787,168
Local Agency Investment Fund	48,843,399		48,843,399
Marin County Investment Pool	81,400		81,400
U.S. Government Obligations	7,739,810	\$11,567,855	19,307,665
Federal Agency Securities and Instruments	4,665,547	6,338,462	11,004,009
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	1,986,625	11,238,186	13,224,811
Investment in Pt. San Pedro Bonds		1,134,017	1,134,017
Total Investments	\$64,103,949	\$30,278,520	94,382,469
Cash in banks and on hand			9,834,570
Total City Cash and Investments			104,217,039
Fiduciary:			
Cash in banks			394,690
Total Fiduciary Cash			394,690
Total City and Fiduciary Cash and Investments			104,611,729
San Rafael Sanitation District:			
Marin County Investment Pool			46,864,314
Total District's Cash and Investments			46,864,314
Total Cash and Investments			\$151,476,043

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Each regular LAIF account is permitted to have up to 15 transactions per month, with a minimum transaction amount of \$5,000, a maximum transaction amount of \$75 million and at least 24 hours advance notice for withdrawals of \$10 million or more.

Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2022, these investments matured in an average of 311 days.

Money Market Mutual Funds are available for withdrawal on demand. The investment portfolio of the Money Market Mutual Fund had an average maturity of 12 days at June 30, 2022.

The County's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The pool has a credit rating of "AAA/V1." Investments made by the Treasurer are regulated by the California Government Code and by the County's investment policy. The objectives of the policy are in order of priority, safety, liquidity, yield, and public trust. The County has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with Article 6 Section 27131 of the California Government Code. The oversight committee and the Board of Supervisors review and approve the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the members of the oversight committee and the investment pool participants every month. The report covers the types of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual costs, and fair value.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

G. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2022, for each of the City's or District's investment types as provided by Standard and Poor's or Moody's investment rating systems, except as noted:

Investments	Amount Invested	Percentage of Investments	NRSRO Rating
City:			
Money Market Funds	\$787,168	1%	AAAm
Marin County Investment Pool	81,400	< 1%	AAA/V1
U.S. Government Obligations	19,307,665	20%	AA+/Aaa
Federal Agency Securities and Instruments	11,004,009	12%	AA+/Aaa
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	13,224,811	14%	AA+, AA, AA-, A+, A-/
•			Aaa, Aa2, Aa3, A1, A2, A3
Local Agency Investment Fund	48,843,399	52%	Not Rated
Investment in Pt. San Pedro Bonds	1,134,017	1%	Not Rated
Total City Investments	94,382,469		
San Rafael Sanitation District:			
Marin County Investment Pool	46,864,314		AAA/V1
Total Investments	\$141,246,783		

H. Concentration Risk

Investments in the securities of any individual issuers, other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools, that represent 5% or more of the total entity—wide investments are as follows at June 30, 2022:

Issuer	Investment Type	Amount
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Securities and Instruments	\$4,721,114

NOTE 3 – INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Transfers

Resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfers routinely fund capital projects or capital outlays, lease or debt service payments, and operating expenses.

Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

From Fund	To Fund	Amount	_
General Fund	Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$714,885 2,259,000	. /
Traffic and Housing Mitigation Special Revenue Fund	Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	1,190,000	(C)
Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	635,000	(D)
Parking Services Enterprise Fund	General Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	436,209 85,000	()
Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund	Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	122,000	(C)
Employee Retirement Internal Service Fund	General Fund	683,813	(E)
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	307,313 8,544 \$6,441,764	. ,

⁽A) Transfers for Public Safety Center Projects.

NOTE 4 – LOANS AND LEASES RECEIVABLE

A. Summary of Loans Receivable

The City has identified the portion of fund balance represented by these loans as nonspendable or restricted as discussed in Note 8. As of June 30, 2022, these loans consisted of the following:

Employee Loans	\$747
Centertown Associates	920,826
One "H" Street Associates	31,431
Vivalon Loan	1,825,000
Total	\$2,778,004

⁽B) Transfers for administrative costs, grant matching, recreation, and other program support.

⁽C) Transfers for project support.

⁽D) Transfers for street maintenance support and administrative costs.

⁽E) Transfers for debt service.

NOTE 4 – LOANS AND LEASES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

B. Employee Loans

The City administers a computer loan program that supports the use of technology by employees. Employees are permitted to borrow up to \$1,500 for the purchase of computer hardware and software. The loans are interest-free, have maximum terms of one year, and are repaid through automatic payroll deductions. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the employee loans receivable was \$747.

C. Centertown Associates Loan

On August 20, 1990, the former Redevelopment Agency loaned Centertown Associates, Ltd, \$303,000 at 3% interest due semiannually. The loan was made for the construction of a 60-unit affordable Centertown apartment complex and was fully secured by a deed of trust. The final payment is due on July 31, 2065. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency effective February 1, 2012, the assets of the Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, including the Centertown Associates loan, were assumed by the City's Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund. On October 22, 2021, City Council approved the Amended and Restated Promissory Note for the loan. The amendment extended the due date to October 22, 2078, for the original loan balance of \$266,781 consisting of \$219,982 in remaining principal and \$46,799 in accrued interest as of the date of the amended loan agreement. In addition, the amendment included an additional loan in the amount of \$643,095 for a ground lease for certain land located at 855 C Street, currently improved with approximately sixty units of affordable housing. Interest is compounded at 1.74% annually and is repayable from residual receipts as defined under the agreement. Repayment is due on October 22, 2078. The amended note is secured by a Leasehold Deed of Trust with Assignment of Rents and Security Agreement on the Property. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the loan including principal and accrued interest was \$920,826.

D. One "H" Street Associates Loan

On January 18, 1994, the City loaned One "H" Street Associates \$100,000 at zero percent interest with annual payments of \$2,857 and the final payment is due January 18, 2034. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of this loan was \$31,431.

E. Vivalon Loan

On April 1, 2022, the City entered into a loan agreement in the amount of \$1,825,000 to fund construction of the Vivalon Healthy Aging Center located at 999 3rd Street. Interest is due annually at 3% during the construction phase. The site will include 66 one-bedroom and studio units for older adults and approximately 20% of the units will be supportive housing. The term is the later of (a) the fifty-seventh anniversary of the date the Deed of Trust is recorded in the Recorder's Office of Marin County or (b) the fifty-fifth anniversary of the date on which construction financing is converted into permanent financing. Annual payments equal to the City's proportionate share of residual receipts attributable to the prior calendar year are due beginning June 1st after the end of the calendar year that the construction loan for the property converts to a permanent loan. The note is secured by a Deed of Trust. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the loan was \$1,825,000.

NOTE 4 – LOANS AND LEASES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

F. Other Receivables – Long-Term Receivable from San Rafael Sanitation District

The City provides staffing to San Rafael Sanitation District (District) under a contractual arrangement originated in 1987 that requires the District to pay all related employee costs incurred by the City on its behalf. Accordingly, the cost of providing pension and postemployment health benefits incurred by the City for the District staff but not yet funded are reflected by the District as an obligation, and by the City as a noncurrent receivable. The obligation as of June 30, 2022, is \$3,324,061, and is composed of the following:

Defined benefit pension liability allocation	\$2,658,961
Other post-employment benefit liability allocation	665,100
Total long-term receivable from San Rafael Sanitation District	\$3,324,061

G. Leases Receivable

The City from to time to time engages in lease arrangements allowing the right for others to use various owned land and buildings for the public benefit. As of June 30, 2022, these leases and related deferred inflows of resources consisted of the following:

		Deferred
	Leases	Inflows of
	Receivable	Resources
Marin History Museum	\$54,319	\$52,892
Yacht Club	201,806	197,737
Trans Bay Cable	301,504	292,721
Total	\$557,629	\$543,350

On August 1, 2021, the City began leasing a building to the Marin History Museum with monthly payments of \$1,200 - \$1,260 through July 1, 2026. The City recognized \$11,874 in lease revenue and \$2,753 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.

On April 1, 2014, the City began leasing property to the San Rafael Yacht Club. The lease was extended during fiscal year 2022 and lease payments are due annually with an initial amount of \$28,699 commencing March 31, 2022. Lease payments are to be increased by 5% every two years thereafter, until the end of the lease on March 31, 2029. The City recognized \$28,248 in lease revenue and \$4,520 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.

NOTE 4 – LOANS AND LEASES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

On January 1, 2007, the City began leasing land to a third party for a cable operation. Lease payments are due annually with an initial amount of \$33,500 commencing March 31, 2022. Lease payments are to be increased by 3% every year thereafter, until the end of the lease on January 1, 2031. The City recognized \$32,525 in lease revenue and \$9,757 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets during the fiscal year consisted of:

	Balance				
	June 30, 2021				Balance
	(as restated)	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$83,662,359	\$368,000	(\$4,700)		\$84,025,659
Construction in progress	24,616,957	18,861,107		(\$20,992,844)	22,485,220
Total capital assets not being depreciated	108,279,316	19,229,107	(4,700)	(20,992,844)	106,510,879
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements	9,762,567				9,762,567
Buildings and structures	119,165,142				119,165,142
Machinery and equipment	21,145,959	132,904	(820,929)	39,147	20,497,081
Infrastructure	213,601,501	3,360		20,953,697	234,558,558
Intangible right-to-use leased building	5,476,219				5,476,219
Intangible right-to-use leased equipment	258,365				258,365
Total capital assets being depreciated	369,409,753	136,264	(820,929)	20,992,844	389,717,932
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements	(7,137,860)	(213,705)			(7,351,565)
Buildings and structures	(24,163,745)	(2,894,246)			(27,057,991)
Machinery and equipment	(14,743,393)	(1,136,975)	772,664		(15,107,704)
Infrastructure	(146,572,481)	(4,973,490)			(151,545,971)
Intangible right-to-use leased building		(156,463)			(156,463)
Intangible right-to-use leased equipment	-	(80,740)			(80,740)
Total accumulated depreciation	(192,617,479)	(9,455,619)	772,664		(201,300,434)
Total net capital assets being depreciated	176,792,274	(9,319,355)	(48,265)	20,992,844	188,417,498
Total governmental activity capital assets	\$285,071,590	\$9,909,752	(\$52,965)		\$294,928,377

During fiscal year 2022, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which required the restatement of capital assets, specifically to incorporate an intangible right-to-use leased building and right-to-use leased equipment. As a result, initial intangible right-to-use lease assets were recorded in the amounts of \$5,476,219 and \$258,365, respectively, as of July 1, 2021. The lease assets are offset with lease liabilities as discussed in Note 14.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balan June 30,		Additions	Balance June 30, 2022
Business-type Activities				<u> </u>
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$8,6	20,853		\$8,620,853
Total capital assets not being depreciated	8,6	520,853		8,620,853
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and structures		13,814		10,713,814
Machinery and equipment	9	40,164		940,164
Total capital assets being depreciated	11,6	53,978		11,653,978
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment		221,410) (48,219)	(\$205,363) (19,109)	(4,126,773) (867,328)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,7	(69,629)	(224,472)	(4,994,101)
Total net capital assets being depreciated	6,8	84,349	(224,472)	6,659,877
Total business-type activity capital assets	\$15,5	05,202	(\$224,472)	\$15,280,730
	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
San Rafael Sanitation District				
Capital assets not being depreciated:	¢115 220			¢115 220
Land and easements Construction in progress	\$115,329 4,037,237	\$2,546,213	3 (\$5,761,041	\$115,329) 822,409
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,152,566	2,546,213	3 (5,761,041	937,738
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Subsurface lines	41,910,303	510,563	3,073,641	45,494,507
Sewage collection facilities	45,073,165	155,048		47,915,613
General plant and administration	2,365,939	742	2	2,366,681
Total capital assets being depreciated	89,349,407	666,353	5,761,041	95,776,801
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Subsurface lines	(13,538,918)	(610,363	3)	(14,149,281)
Sewage collection facilities	(23,683,812)	(1,614,777	7)	(25,298,589)
General plant and administration	(1,564,017)	(135,203	3)	(1,699,220)
Total accumulated depreciation	(38,786,747)	(2,360,343	3)	(41,147,090)
Total net capital assets being depreciated	50,562,660	(1,693,990	5,761,041	54,629,711
Total District's capital assets	\$54,715,226	\$852,223	3	\$55,567,449

Capital Asset Contributions – Some capital assets may have been acquired using Federal and State grant funds, or were contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation Allocation – Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program are as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$108,142
Public safety	886,474
Public works and parks	6,309,621
Community development	51,993
Culture and recreation	757,344
Internal service funds	1,342,045
Total Governmental Activities	\$9,455,619
Business-type Activities	
Parking services	\$224,472
Total Business-type Activities	\$224,472

NOTE 6 – LONG TERM DEBT

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt.

A summary of governmental and business-type activities transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Authorized and Issued	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2022	Current Portion
Governmental Activities Bonds:						
2018 Authority Lease Revenue Bonds 4.00%-5.00%, due 6/1/2034 Add: unamortized bond premium	\$45,485,000	\$43,575,000 6,603,265		\$2,070,000 507,943	\$41,505,000 6,095,322	\$2,240,000
2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds 6.00%-6.25%, due 7/1/2025	4,490,000	2,845,000		505,000	2,340,000	535,000
Total Governmental Activities Bonds		53,023,265		3,082,943	49,940,322	2,775,000
Governmental Activities - Direct Borrowings:						
PG & E City Hall HVAC Retrofit Note Payable 0.00%, due 11/30/2023	334,585	79,438		33,280	46,158	33,280
PG & E CEC Efficiency Note Payable 1.00%, due 12/22/2026	1,104,799	826,313		146,889	679,424	148,362
PG & E Energy Efficient Lighting Project Note Payable 0.00% due 1/20/30	174,036		\$174,036	9,064	164,972	21,755
Total Governmental Activities - Direct Borrowings		905,751	174,036	189,233	890,554	203,397
Total Governmental Activities Debt		\$53,929,016	\$174,036	\$3,272,176	\$50,830,876	\$2,978,397
Business-type Activities:						
Direct Borrowing: PG & E Parking Lot Lighting Retrofit Note Payable 0.00%, due 11/30/2023	66,380	\$14,123		\$6,818	\$7,305	\$6,816
2012 Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds 2.00-4.00%, due 4/1/2033 Less: unamortized bond discount	6,750,000	4,325,000 (8,522)		300,000 (725)	4,025,000 (7,797)	310,000
Total Business-type Activities Bonds		4,316,478		299,275	4,017,203	310,000
Total Business-type Activities		\$4,330,601		\$306,093	\$4,024,508	\$316,816

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

A. 2018 Authority Lease Revenue Bonds

On March 5, 2018, the Authority issued 2018 Authority Lease Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$45,485,000 bearing interest at rates from 4.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds of the bonds were provided for replacement of two fire stations and construction of a public safety center. The Authority has pledged revenue pursuant to a site and facility lease between the City and the Authority for the public safety center. The lease rental payments are due semi-annually and are in an amount sufficient to make payments on the Bonds. Interest on the Bonds is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1. Principal payable on the Bonds will be paid on June 1 starting on June 1, 2021. The Bonds maturing on or prior to June 1, 2028, are not subject to optional redemption prior to their maturity. The Bonds maturing on or after June 1, 2029, are subject to optional redemption as a whole or in part on any date after June 1, 2028, at the option of the Authority, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Bonds subject to redemption, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption, without premium.

The Bonds are payable from any source of available funds of the City. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the City to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City.

B. 2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds

On July 1, 2010, the City issued 2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$4,490,000 bearing interest at rates from 6.00% to 6.25%. Principal payments are due annually on July 1 and interest is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1. The Bonds were issued to prefund a portion of the obligations of the City to the Marin County Employees' Retirement Association. Payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds is not limited to any special source of funds and is payable from any legally available moneys of the City. The City is not empowered or obligated to levy or pledge taxes to make payments on the Bonds. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the City to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City.

C. Pacific Gas and Electric Notes Payable

PG&E HVAC and Lighting Retrofit

On September 30, 2013, the City executed a note payable agreement with Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) in the amount of \$634,861, which does not bear interest. The debt was assumed as a means to finance energy-efficient retrofit projects which include updating the existing heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) unit in City Hall and converting the street and parking lot lights to light emitting diode (LED). \$334,585 of the loan is for the HVAC projects and \$300,276 of the loan is for the LED projects. Repayment of the loan commenced in December 2013, and is due monthly until paid in full in 2023.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

PG&E CEC Efficiency

On September 5, 2017, City Council approved the execution of a note payable agreement with PG&E in an amount up to \$1,178,813, bearing interest at 1%. The debt was assumed as a means to finance the execution of various energy efficiency system upgrades to City facilities and street lights. The upgrades included interior and exterior lighting upgrades and energy management control systems. The City made the final draw on the loan and the final loan obligation was \$1,104,799. Payments commenced in December 2019, and are due semi-annually until paid in full in December 2026.

PG&E Energy Efficient Lighting Project

On September 20, 2021, the City executed a note payable agreement with PG&E in the amount of \$174,036, which does not bear interest. The debt was assumed as a means of financing energy efficient lighting for the Al Boro recreation center and the department of Public Works building. Repayment of the loan commenced in February 2022 and payments are due monthly until paid in full in January 2030.

D. 2012 Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

On August 7, 2012, the Authority issued 2012 Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$6,750,000 bearing interest at rates from 2.00% to 4.00%. The proceeds of the Series 2012 Bonds were used to repay the Authority's 2003 Authority Lease Revenue Bonds that financed the construction of the 3rd and C Street parking structure and achieved lower interest rates and lower annual debt service payments. The refunding resulted in a net present value savings to the City in debt service of \$670,496. In addition, the requisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$295,278. The Series 2012 Bonds are payable from lease payments made by the City to the Authority for leasing the City facilities. The rights to these lease payments have been irrevocably transferred by the Authority to the Trustee. Activities related to the Series 2012 Bonds are reported in the Parking Services Enterprise Fund. Principal payments are due annually on April 1 and interest is payable semiannually on October 1 and April 1. The Bonds maturing on or prior to April 1, 2022, are not subject to optional redemption prior to their maturity. The Bonds maturing on or after April 1, 2023, are subject to optional redemption as a whole or in part on any date after April 1, 2022, at the option of the Authority, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Bonds subject to redemption, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption, without premium.

The Bonds are payable from any source of available funds of the City. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the City to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

E. Future Debt Service

Future debt service requirements, including interest, at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
For the Year	Bond	S	Direct Borro	owings
Ended June 30	Principal Interest		Principal	Interest
2023	\$2,775,000	\$2,204,781	\$203,397	\$6,425
2024	3,000,000	2,058,406	184,469	4,951
2025	3,245,000	1,900,250	173,106	3,436
2026	3,510,000	1,729,256	174,623	1,919
2027	3,105,000	1,565,750	98,761	386
2028 - 2032	19,555,000	5,240,250	56,198	
2033 - 2034	8,655,000	624,250		
Totals	43,845,000	\$15,322,943	890,554	\$17,117
Reconciliation of Long-term debt:				
Add: unamortized premium	6,095,322	_		
_	\$49,940,322	_	\$890,554	
		_		

	Ві	es	
For the Year	Bonds	Direct Borrowing	
Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal
2023	\$310,000	\$143,588	\$6,816
2024	320,000	134,288	489
2025	330,000	124,288	
2026	335,000	113,562	
2027	350,000	102,256	
2028 - 2032	1,945,000	314,412	
2033 - 2034	435,000	17,400	
Totals	4,025,000	\$949,794	7,305
Reconciliation of Long-term debt:	_		
Less: unamortized discount	(7,797)		
	\$4,017,203		\$7,305

NOTE 7 – DEBT WITHOUT CITY COMMITMENT

A. Special Assessment Debt Without City Commitment

Special assessment districts have been established in various parts of the City to provide improvements to properties located in those districts. Properties in these districts are assessed for the cost of improvements; these assessments are payable solely by property owners over the term of the debt issued to finance these improvements. The City is not legally or morally obligated to pay these debts or be the purchaser of last resort of any foreclosed properties in these special assessment districts, nor is it obligated to advance City funds to repay these debts in the event of default by any of these districts. The City does act as an agent for the property owners and bondholders and at June 30, 2022, the balances of these Districts' outstanding debt were as follows:

	Project	Original	Outstanding
	Description	Amount	June 30, 2022
Pt. San Pedro Road Median Landscaping	Pt. San Pedro Road		
Assessment District Limited Obligation Bonds-2012	Median Landscaping	\$1,750,000	\$1,159,300

B. Conduit Debt

The City has assisted private-sector entities by sponsoring their issuance of debt for purposes the City deems to be in the public interest. These debt issues are secured solely by the property financed by the debt. The City is not legally or morally obligated to pay these debts or be the purchaser of last resort of any foreclosed properties secured by these debts, nor is it obligated to advance City funds to repay these debts in the event of default by any of these issuers. At June 30, 2022, the balance of this issuers' outstanding debt was as follows:

	Project	Original	Outstanding
	Description	Amount	June 30, 2022
San Rafael Redevelopment Agency	162-175 Belvedere		
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds-2000A	Apartments	\$3,590,529	\$846,020
California Statewide Communities			
Development Authority Revenue Bonds-2001	St. Marks School	5,605,000	2,335,000
San Rafael Redevelopment Agency	San Rafael Commons		
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds-2002	Apartments	6,100,000	4,105,000
San Rafael Redevelopment Agency			
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds-2007 Series A	Martinelli House Project	6,000,000	1,676,396
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds-2007 Series B	Martinelli House	1,000,000	122,650
	Total _	\$22,295,529	\$9,085,066

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

A. Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level and business type activity and are described below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

B. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balances represent the net current assets of each fund. Net current assets generally represent a fund's cash and receivables, less its liabilities. The City's fund balances are classified in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, which require the City to classify its fund balances based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendable represents balances set aside that do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, loans receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose. Nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances have constraints imposed by resolution of the City Council which may be altered only by resolution of the City Council. Nonspendable amounts subject to Council commitments are included along with spendable resources.

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent that they be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Manager, as designated by the City Council, and may be changed at the discretion of the City Council or City Manager. This authorization is given through Resolution No. 13173 which adopted the City's Fund Balance Policy.

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE (Continued)

This category includes nonspendables, when it is the City's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose; and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds which have not been restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual General Fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

Detailed classifications of the City's fund balances, as of June 30, 2022, are below:

		Special Rev Traffic and Housing		Capital Project Funds Essential Facilities Capital Projects	Other Governmental	
Fund balances:	General Fund	Mitigation	Gas Tax	Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable: Prepaids	\$95,279				\$89,761	\$185,040
•						
Total Nonspendable	95,279				89,761	185,040
Restricted for:						
Assessment District capital projects					305,142	305,142
Baypoint Lagoons Assessment District					204,245	204,245
Bedroom tax capital projects					130,150	130,150
Childcare					344,552	344,552
Development services					349,645	349,645
Emergency medical services					742,839	742,839
Street improvements and Maintenance (Gas Tax	c)		\$6,918,267			6,918,267
Grant funded programs					396,202	396,202
Household hazmat facility					511,631	511,631
Library					3,087,520	3,087,520
Library assessment					959,651	959,651
Loch Lomond Assessment District					771,508	771,508
Loch Lomond Assessment District #2					736,909	736,909
Low and Moderate Income Housing					1,872,570	1,872,570
Measure A - Open space					780,956	780,956
Measure C - Wildlife Prevention					803,182	803,182
Measure E - Public Safety Facility				\$9,317,312		9,317,312
Measure G - Cannabis					968,251	968,251
Parkland dedication					343,740	343,740
Public safety					133,083	133,083
Pt. San Pedro- Maintenance Portion					140,036	140,036
Recreation revolving					484,552	484,552
Stormwater					1,269,705	1,269,705
Traffic and housing mitigation		\$4,871,871				4,871,871
Total Restricted		4,871,871	6,918,267	9,317,312	15,336,069	36,443,519
G to be						
Committed to:					1 407 410	1 406 410
Capital improvement capital projects	0.415.000				1,496,419	1,496,419
Emergency and cash flow	9,415,000				17.026	9,415,000
Park capital projects					17,936	17,936
Total Committed	9,415,000				1,514,355	10,929,355
Assigned to:						
Contractual commitments	4,027,421					4,027,421
One-time funds allocated to capital projects	14,971,510					14,971,510
Capital Project grant matching	3,449,733					3,449,733
Infrastructure Reserve	600,000					600,000
General plan / long range planning	1,222,176					1,222,176
Open space capital projects					117,755	117,755
Total Assigned	24,270,840				117,755	24,388,595
Total Fund Balances	\$33,781,119	\$4,871,871	\$6,918,267	\$9,317,312	\$17,057,940	\$71,946,509

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE (Continued)

C. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The City Council adopted a General Fund Reserve Policy in November 2014 to establish target reserve levels and the methodology for calculating reserve levels. The Policy also establishes criteria for the use of reserves and a process to replenish reserves.

The Policy requires the City to strive to maintain the following fund balances:

1) Emergency and Cash Flow Reserve (10% minimum)

An emergency and cash flow reserve will be maintained for the purposes of (1) sustaining General Fund operations in the case of a public emergency, such as a natural disaster or other unforeseen catastrophic event; and (2) to cover sudden operating shortfalls caused by (a) a severe drop in revenues that cannot be sufficiently offset by a corresponding reduction in expenditures and/or other available resources, or (b) an unforeseen, unavoidable expenditure that must be paid from the General Fund.

This reserve level is measured as a percentage of annual operating expenditures. Budgeted operating expenditures are to be used for the purposes of budget allocations and projections, and actual operating expenditures are to be used for the purpose of measuring this reserve at fiscal year-end. This reserve may be expended only when the City Council determines by resolution that such action is consistent with the purpose and intent of this policy.

In the event the balance in the Emergency and Cashflow Reserve falls below the minimum level, the City Manager, shall recommend a plan to replenish the fund within a timeframe not to exceed three years. This recommendation shall be approved by the City Council no later than the time at which the next annual budget is adopted. Any variance from the stipulations established within this policy shall require approval by the City Council along with a statement of findings supporting the temporary or ongoing modification to this policy.

The required reserve was \$9,415,000 at June 30, 2022, and the balance of the reserve, included in the General Fund's committed fund balance was \$9,415,000 at that date.

2) Other Facilities and Infrastructure

The purpose of the assigned infrastructure reserve is to accumulate funds to be used for the purpose of non-public safety facility construction and major improvements (e.g., library, administrative and non-safety buildings, streets, and the stormwater system). This was \$600,000 at June 30, 2022.

The General Plan/Long Range Planning reserve included in the General Fund's assigned fund balance was \$1,222,176 at June 30, 2022, which is specifically assigned to the City's General Plan, a state required plan that must address eight topic areas – Neighborhoods, Community Design, Economic Vitality, Infrastructure, Governance, Culture and Arts, Parks and Recreation and Air and Water Quality.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City's defined benefit retirement plan is administered by the Marin County Employees' Retirement Association (MCERA), a retirement system established in July 1950 and governed by the California Constitution; the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL or 1937 Act, California government Code Section 31450 et seq.); the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA, Government Code Section 7522); the provisions of California Government Code Section 7500 et seq; and the bylaws, procedures, and policies adopted by MCERA's Board of Retirement. The Marin County Board of Supervisors may also adopt resolutions, as permitted by the CERL and PEPRA, which may affect the benefits of MCERA members.

MCERA operates as a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan for the City and eight other participating employers: County of Marin, Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO), Marin City Community Services District, Marin County Superior Court, Marin/Sonoma Mosquito and Vector Control District, Novato Fire Protection District, Southern Marin Fire Protection District and Tamalpais Community Services District. Separate actuarial valuations are performed for these other agencies and districts, and the responsibility for funding their plans rest with those entities. Post-retirement benefits are administered by MCERA to qualified retirees.

Copies of MCERA's annual financial reports, which include required supplementary information (RSI) for the plan may be obtained from their office at One McInnis Parkway, Suite 100, San Rafael, CA 94903 or online at www.mcera.org.

B. Benefit Provisions

Service Retirement: MCERA's service retirement benefits are based on the years of credited service, final average compensation, and age at retirement, according to the applicable statutory formula. Members who qualify for service retirement are entitled to receive monthly retirement benefits for life.

General members hired prior to January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire once they attain the age of 50 (except Misc. Tier 2, whereby the minimum age is 55) and have acquired 10 or more years of retirement service credit. A member with 30 years of service is eligible to retire regardless of age. A member who is age 70 or older is eligible to retire regardless of service credit. General members who are first hired on or after January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire once they have attained the age of 52, and have acquired 5 years of retirement service credit, or age 70, regardless of service.

Safety members hired prior to January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire once they attain the age of 50 and have acquired 10 or more years of retirement service credit. A member with 20 years of service is eligible to retire regardless of age. A member who is age 70 or older is eligible to retire regardless of service. Safety members who are first hired on or after January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire once they have attained the age of 50, and have acquired 5 years of retirement service credit, or age 70, regardless of service.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Disability Retirement: A member with five years of service, regardless of age, who becomes permanently incapacitated for the performance of duty is eligible to apply for a non-service connected disability retirement. Any member who becomes permanently incapacitated for the performance of duty as a result of injury or disease arising out of and in the course of employment is eligible to apply for a service-connected disability retirement, regardless of service length or age.

Death Benefits: MCERA provides specified death benefits to beneficiaries and members' survivors. The death benefits provided depend on whether the member is active or retired. The basic active member death benefit consists of a members' retirement contributions plus interest plus one month's pay for each full year of service (up to a maximum of six month's pay). Retiring members may choose from five retirement benefit payment options. Most retirees elect to receive the unmodified allowance which provides the maximum benefit to the retiree and continuance of 60% of the retiree's allowance to the surviving spouse or registered domestic partner after the retiree's death. Other death benefits may be available based on the years of service, marital status, and whether the member has minor children.

Cost of Living Adjustment: Retirement allowances are indexed for inflation. Most retirees receive automatic basic cost of living adjustments (COLA's) based upon the Urban Consumer Price Index (UCPI) for the San Francisco Bay Area. These adjustments go into effect on April 1 of each year. Annual COLA increases are statutorily capped at 2%, 3%, or 4% depending upon the member's retirement tier. When the UCPI exceeds the maximum statutory COLA for the member's tier, the difference is accumulated for use in future years when the UCPI is less than the maximum statutory COLA. The accumulated percentage carryover is known as the COLA Bank.

C. Funding Policy

The funding policy of MCERA provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions by the City at rates such that sufficient assets will be available to pay plan benefits when due. The employer rates for normal cost are determined using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method, which takes into account those benefits that are expected to be earned in the future as well as those already accrued.

The City contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Employer	Employee		
	Contribution Rate	Contribution Rate	Benefit	Basis
City of San Rafael Misc Tier 1	54.22%	0.00% - 16.13%	2.7% @ 55	Highest year
City of San Rafael Misc Tier 2	53.61%	7.34% - 11.76%	2.0% @ 55	Average three highest years
City of San Rafael Fire Tier 1	77.38%	13.21% - 19.59%	3.0% @ 55	Highest year
City of San Rafael Fire Tier 2	76.81%	11.40% - 17.36%	3.0% @ 55	Average three highest years
City of San Rafael Safety Police Tier 1	77.56%	13.21% - 19.59%	3.0% @ 55	Highest year
City of San Rafael Safety Police Tier 2	79.66%	11.40% - 17.36%	3.0% @ 55	Average three highest years
PEPRA Misc	47.73%	9.71%	2.0% @ 62	Average three highest years
PEPRA Safety	67.41%	14.99%	2.7% @ 57	Average three highest years

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

These rates were determined by MCERA, based on the actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2020. The actual rate of return on investments during that year was 3.48% on a market value basis net of investment expenses, as compared to the prior year's 7% assumption.

The City uses the actuarially determined percentages of payroll to calculate and pay contributions to MCERA. Contributions to the plan from the City were \$21,859,307 for the year ended June 30, 2022, based on a total payroll of \$47,190,217, of which \$34,418,052 represented the basis for the plan contributions. Of the total payroll subject to plan contributions, \$1,402,799 is attributable to the San Rafael Sanitation District (SRSD), a component unit of the City.

Effective with the June 30, 2013, valuation, the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) as of June 30, 2013, is being amortized over a closed 17-year period (10 years remaining as of June 30, 2020), except for the additional UAL attributable to the outstanding unfunded actuarial loss from 2009, which is being amortized over a separate closed period (currently 18 years).

Effective with the June 30, 2014 valuation, any new sources of UAL due to actuarial gains and losses or method changes are amortized over a closed 24-year period, with a 5-year ramp up period at the beginning of the period, a 4-year ramp down at the end of the period, and 15 years of level payments as a percentage of payroll between the ramping periods. This amortization method for gains and losses is similar to a 20-year amortization period with level payments as a percentage of payroll, in conjunction with a traditional 5-year asset smoothing.

Assumption changes are amortized over a closed 22-year period, with a 3-year ramp up period, 2-year ramp down period, and 17 years of level payments as a percentage of payroll.

D. Net Pension Asset and Pension Expense

The City's net pension asset (NPA) has been determined for the financial reporting period ended June 30, 2022, based on the following methodology: The City's NPA as of June 30, 2020, was updated to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 using the actual City's plan assets as of June 30, 2021, and estimating the change in the City's liabilities between July 1, 2020 and June 30, 2021. This estimate is based on a projection of the City's long-term contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers.

The resulting NPA for the City under this calculation is \$48,176,309 or 29.665% of the total MCERA NPA of \$162,401,177 (reference MCERA's GASB 67/68 report as of June 30, 2021). This compares to the previous year's net pension liability of \$157,279,576 or 34.3574% of the total MCERA net pension liability of \$457,774,963 (reference MCERA's GASB 67/68 report as of June 30, 2020).

In addition to the reporting of the NPA as of June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred inflows of \$164,252,572 and deferred outflows of \$15,753,361 as of the measurement date June 30, 2021. The City reported post-measurement date outflows of \$21,859,307 from actual fiscal year 2021-2022 pension contributions. Deferred outflows include deferred investment gains and adjustments to assumptions based on actual positive results. Deferred outflows have a positive impact on net assets (offsetting the net pension liability) and will be recognized in future reporting periods. Deferred inflows include deferred investment losses, adjustments to assumptions based on actual negative results, and contributions made after the measurement date.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Deferred inflows have a negative impact on net assets (similar to the net pension liability) and will be recognized in future reporting periods. The net impact of these net pension asset related entries on the City's Statement of Net Position before allocations to the San Rafael Sanitation District was \$78,463,595. After allocations to the San Rafael Sanitation District, the net impact on the City's Statement of Net Position was \$75,804,634.

Under generally accepted accounting principles, the City's pension expense is based on the Plan's pension expense, adjusted for the City's actual contributions and net pension liability (asset).

Three components are used to calculate pension expense: (1) changes in the net pension liability; (2) changes in benefit terms (if any): and (3) changes in actuarial assumptions and experience. Pension expense is calculated using a different methodology than that used to derive the actuarially determined annual contribution to the Plan. Actual pension contributions during the reporting year were \$21,859,307. Because pension expense is affected by annual changes in the net pension liability, volatility is to be expected. For the current measurement period, investment returns above the assumed rate were responsible for the decrease in net pension liability to a net pension asset and had a corresponding impact on pension expense.

The table below provides a summary of the key results during the reporting period:

Summary of Results					
	Measurement Date	Measurement Date			
Description	6/30/2021	6/30/2020			
Net Pension (Asset) Liability Deferred Inflows Deferred Outflows	(\$48,176,309) 164,252,572 (15,753,361)	\$157,279,576 17,358,743 (34,080,980)			
Impact on Net Position before Deferred Outflows from Contributions	100,322,902	140,557,339			
Additional Deferred Outflows - Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	(21,859,307)	(20,106,821)			
Impact on Statement of Net Position before Allocations	78,463,595	120,450,518			
Allocation of Net Pension (Asset) Liability to SRSD Allocation of Deferred Inflows (measurement date) to SRSD Allocation of Deferred Outflows (measurement date) to SRSD	(1,635,722) 5,576,838 (534,871)	5,026,185 554,734 (1,089,126)			
Impact on Net Position before Allocation of Deferred Outflows from Contributions to SRSD	3,406,245	4,491,793			
Allocation of Additional Deferred Outflows (Contributions) to SRSD	(747,284)	(713,745)			
Long-Term Receivable from SRSD, due to pension obligations (see Note 4F)	2,658,961	3,778,048			
Impact on Statement of Net Position, net of receivable from SRSD	\$75,804,634	\$116,672,470			
Pension (Revenue) Expense	(\$20,127,615)	\$25,009,310			

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Projection of Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability

Total Pension Liability (TPL) is the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributed to past periods of employee service. MCERA and the City have adopted a measurement date of June 30, 2021. The beginning of year measurement of TPL is based on the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The TPL at the end of the measurement year, June 30, 2021, is also measured as of the valuation date of June 30, 2020 and projected to June 30, 2021.

The Plan Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) is the fair or market value of assets. The FNP at the beginning of the year is based on the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The FNP at the end of the measurement year, June 30, 2021, is also measured as of the valuation date of June 30, 2020, and projected to June 30, 2021.

The Net Pension Liability (Asset) (NPL/NPA) is the City's liability (asset) for benefits provided through its defined benefit plan administered by MCERA. It is calculated by reducing the TPL by the FNP. The long-term portion of the governmental activities' NPL is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

Actuarial assumptions:

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 (measurement date) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The key assumptions in the valuation were as follows:

Expected Return on Assets 6.75% per year, net of investment expenses

Discount Rate 6.75% per year **Price Inflation** 2.50% per year

Salary Increases 3.00% per year plus merit component based on employee classification

and years of service.

Administrative Expenses Administrative expenses in the actuarial valuation are assumed to be

\$5 million for FY 2020-21, to be split between employees and employers based on their share of the overall contributions.

Administrative expenses shown in this report are based on the actual

FY 2019-20 amounts.

Post-Retirement COLA Post-retirement COLAs are assumed at a rate of 2.5% for members

with a 4% COLA cap, 2.4% for members with a 3% COLA cap, and

1.9% for members with a 2% COLA cap.

Mortality Rates for Healthy Members and Inactives Mortality rates for Miscellaneous active members are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using

Projection Scale MP-2020, with no adjustments.

Mortality rates for Safety active members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Above-Median Income Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, with no adjustments. 10% of Safety member active deaths are assumed to

occur in the line of duty.

Mortality Rates for Retired Disabled Members

Rates of mortality for Miscellaneous disabled members are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, with no adjustments. Rates of mortality for Safety disabled members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using

Projection Scale MP-2020, adjusted by 95% for males with no

adjustment for females.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate decreased from 7.0% to 6.75% and price inflation decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%. Other changes included changes to the mortality, service retirement, disability and termination rates.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Asset Allocation Policy and Expected Long-Term Rate of Return by Asset Class

The Board of Retirement has adopted an Investment Policy Statement (IPS), which provides the framework for the management of MCERA's investments. The IPS establishes MCERA's investment objectives and defines the principal duties of the Retirement Board, the custodian bank, and the investment managers. The asset allocation plan is an integral part of the IPS and is designed to provide an optimum and diversified mix of asset classes with return expectations to satisfy expected liabilities while minimizing risk exposure. MCERA currently employs external investment managers to manage its assets subject to the provisions of the policy. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the Plan.

The following was the Retirement Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2021:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (with the effect of inflation)
Domestic Equity	32%	4.60%	7.10%
International Equity	22%	4.80%	7.30%
Fixed Income	23%	-0.25%	2.25%
Public Real Assets	7%	2.90%	5.40%
Real Estate	8%	3.75%	6.25%
Private Equity	8%	6.00%	8.50%
Cash and Short-Term Investments	0%	-1.00%	1.50%
Total	100%		

The Long-Term returns are calculated using a 10-year geometric return derived from arithmetic returns and the associated risk (standard deviation).

Determination of Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. Related to the discount rate is the funding assumption that employees will continue to contribute to the plan at the required rates and employers will continue the historical and legally required practice of contributing to the plan based on an actuarially determined contribution, reflecting a payment equal to annual normal cost, a portion of the expected administrative expenses, an amortization payment for the extraordinary losses from 2009 amortized over a closed period (18 years remaining as of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation), and an amount necessary to amortize the remaining Unfunded Actuarial Liability as a level percentage of payroll over a closed period (10 years remaining as of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation).

A change in the discount rate would affect the measurement of the TPL. A lower discount rate results in a higher TPL and higher discount rates results in a lower TPL. Because the discount rate does not affect the measurement of assets, the percentage change in the NPL can be significant for a relatively small change in the discount rate. A one percent decrease in the discount rate increases the TPL by approximately 13% and increase the NPL by approximately 259%. A one percent increase in the discount rate decreases the TPL by approximately 11% and decreases the NPL by approximately 213%.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The table below shows the sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to a one percent decrease and a one percent increase in the discount rate:

Description	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Total Pension Liability Fiduciary Net Position	\$1,083,821,676	\$959,104,784	\$856,399,657
	1,007,281,093	1,007,281,093	1,007,281,093
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$76,540,583	(\$48,176,309)	(\$150,881,436)
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	92.9%	105.0%	117.6%

Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Pension Resources

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Total Pension Liability (TPL) are recognized in the proportionate share of the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the plan. As of the measurement date, this recognition period was 4 years.

The following tables show the current balance and sources of deferred outflows and inflows related to the City's defined benefit retirement plan, and the scheduled recognition of these deferred amounts:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
Description	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$5,463,897	
Changes in assumptions	7,492,156	
Change in proportion	2,797,308	\$17,336,022
Difference between City contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions		8,395,761
Actual FY 21-22 contributions (post measurement date)	21,859,307	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments		138,520,789
Deferred Inflows and Outflows Before Allocations	\$37,612,668	\$164,252,572
Allocation of Deferred Inflows and Outflows to SRSD		
As of measurement date	\$534,871	\$5,576,838
Post-measurement date	747,284	
Net Deferred Inflows and Outflows	\$36,330,513	\$158,675,734

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The \$21,859,307 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Amortization	
Year ended June 30	Amount	
2023	(\$37,818,939)	
2024	(36,121,281)	
2025	(35,717,833)	
2026	(38,841,158)	
Total	(\$148,499,211)	

NOTE 10 – PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (DEFINED CONTRIBUTION RETIREMENT PLAN)

The City contributes to the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS), which administers a defined contribution retirement plan. A defined contribution retirement plan provides retirement benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's accounts are determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. The benefits a participant will receive depend on the amount contributed to the participant's account, and the returns earned on investments on those contributions. The Plan's trust administrator is Phase II, P.O. Box 12919, Newport Beach, California 92658.

As established by the plan, all eligible part-time and temporary employees of the City become participants in the plan from the date that they are hired. An eligible employee is any employee who, at any time during which the employer maintains this plan, is not accruing a benefit under the Marin County Employees' Retirement Fund.

As determined by the plan, each employee must contribute 3.75% of gross earnings to the plan. The City contributes an additional 3.75% of the employee's gross earnings. Contributions made by an employee and the employer vest immediately.

During the year, the City and employees each contributed \$133,398. The total covered payroll of employees participating in the plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$3,557,279.

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City provides certain health care benefits for retired employees and their spouses under an Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan. The benefit provisions were established under the authority of the 1937 Act, Section 31450, et. seq. of the Government Code. Employees who meet the vesting criteria become eligible for these benefits if they receive a retirement benefit from the Marin County Employees' Retirement Association within 120 days of retirement from City employment.

The provisions and benefits of the City's Other Post Employment Benefit Plan, in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	Elected Officials, Mid-Management, & Unrepresented		
	Management	All other Bargaining Units	
Eligibility	Retire directly from the City:		
	- Age 50 (age 55 if hired > 7/1/11) with 10 years services (Including reciprocity) OR		
	- 30 years service (Miscellaneous), 20 years service (Safety) OR		
	- Age 70		
	- Disability Retirement		
Benefit	Hired < 1/1/09 Full premium/cap	Hired $< 1/1/10$ Up to cap	
	Hired ≥ 1/1/09 PEMHCA Min	Hired ≥ 1/1/10 PEMHCA Min	
Surviving Spouse			
Benefit	Continuation to surviving spouse		
Medicare Part B	Hired < 4/1/07 Full reimbursement	None	
	Hired $\geq 4/1/07$ None		
Other	No Dental, Vision, or Life Benefits		

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the measurement date:

Active plan members	347
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefit payments	371
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefit payments	80
Total	798

Funding Policy and Actuarial Assumptions

The City's net OPEB liability was measured using a Total OPEB Liability and Fiduciary Net Position measured as of June 30, 2021, using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions were used in the valuation: (a) 6.25% investment rate of return and (b) 2.50% of general inflation increase, and (c) a healthcare trend of declining annual increases ranging from 6.50% in 2023 to 3.75% for the years starting 2076. In addition, the fixed dollar benefit amounts are assumed to be held flat in the future and the premium related benefits are assumed to increase with the healthcare trend rate.

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Long-Term
			Expected
		Long-Term	Rate of Return
	Target	Expected	(with the effect
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return	of inflation)
Global Equity	59%	4.56%	7.06%
Fixed Income	25%	0.78%	3.28%
TIPS	5%	-0.08%	2.42%
Commodities	3%	1.22%	3.72%
REITs	8%	4.06%	6.56%
Total	100%	•	
Assumed Long-Term Rate of In	flation	2.50%	
Assumed Long-Term Investmen	nt Expenses	n/a	
Expected Long-Term Net Rate o	f Return	6.25%	
Discount Rate		6.25%	

The Expected Long-Term Rate of Return is provided by CalPERS' Strategic Asset Allocation Overview in October 2018 – Strategy 1.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate decreased from 6.75% to 6.25% and general inflation decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%. Other assumption changes included a decreased medical trend rate for Kaiser Senior Advantage, the Medicare Advantage implied subsidy was removed, and mortality and demographic assumptions were updated.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments and the plan assets are expected to be invested using the strategy to achieve the expected return.

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Change in Net OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)	
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary Net	Net OPEB
	Liability	Position	Liability/(Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(c) = (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2021 (6/30/20 measurement date)	\$48,941,000	\$22,986,000	\$25,955,000
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:			
Service Cost	679,000		679,000
Interest on the total OPEB liability	3,238,000		3,238,000
Difference between expected and actual experience	(4,063,000)		(4,063,000)
Changes of assumptions	2,748,000		2,748,000
Contributions from the employer		3,323,000	(3,323,000)
Net investment income		6,319,000	(6,319,000)
Administrative expenses		(17,000)	17,000
Benefit payments and refunds	(3,315,000)	(3,315,000)	
Net Changes during July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022	(713,000)	6,310,000	(7,023,000)
Balance at June 30, 2022 (6/30/21 measurement date)	\$48,228,000	\$29,296,000	\$18,932,000

The benefit payments and refunds include implied subsidy benefit payments in the amount of \$757,000.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25 percent) than the current discount rate:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)			
Discount Rate -1%	Current Discount		
(5.25%)	Rate (6.25%)	(7.25%)	
\$24,257,000	\$18,932,000	\$14,435,000	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rates.

Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)			
Healthcare Cost			
Trend Rate -1% Trend Rates Trend Rate +1%			
\$15,808,000	\$18,932,000 \$22,629,000		

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued plan financial report. That report may be obtained from the California Public Employees' Retirement System, CERBT, P.O. Box 942703, Sacramento, CA, 94229.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

Components of OPEB Expense for fiscal year 2021-2022 were as follows:

Service Cost	\$679,000
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	3,238,000
Projected earning on investments	(1,552,000)
Administrative expense	17,000
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows:	
Experience	(1,933,000)
Assumptions	835,000
Asset Returns	(939,000)
OPEB Expense	\$345,000

Components of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Changes of assumptions	\$2,895,921	\$44,079	\$2,940,000
Employer contributions made subsequent			
to the measurement date	3,244,613	49,387	3,294,000
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$6,140,534	\$93,466	\$6,234,000
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$5,316,083	\$80,917	\$5,397,000
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on plan investments	3,346,069	50,931	3,397,000
Changes of assumptions	1,299,224	19,776	1,319,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$9,961,376	\$151,624	\$10,113,000

The difference between projected OPEB plan investment earnings and actual earnings is amortized over a five-year period. The remaining gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life.

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

\$3,294,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as future OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period	Amortized	
Ended June 30	Amount	
2023	(\$1,958,000)	
2024	(2,015,000)	
2025	(1,838,000)	
2026	(1,182,000)	
2027	(180,000)	
	(\$7,173,000)	

The table below provides a summary of the key results during this reporting period.

Summary of Results				
Description	Measurement Date June 30, 2021	Measurement Date June 30, 2020		
Net OPEB Liability	\$18,932,000	\$25,955,000		
Deferred Inflows	10,113,000	5,058,000		
Deferred Outflows	(2,940,000)	(1,930,417)		
Impact on Net Position before deferred contributions	26,105,000	29,082,583		
Additional Deferred Outflows - Contributions subsequent to measurement date	(3,294,000)	(3,322,583)		
Impact on Statement of Net Position before Allocations	22,811,000	25,760,000		
Allocation of NOL to SRSD	552,000	1,155,000		
Allocation of Deferred Inflows (measurement date) to SRSD	294,865	225,081		
Allocation of Deferred Outflows (measurement date) to SRSD	(85,722)	(85,885)		
Impact on Net Position before deferred contributions to SRSD	761,143	1,294,196		
Allocation of Additional Deferred Outflows (contributions) to SRSD	(96,043)	(147,874)		
Long-Term Receivable from SRSD, due to OPEB obligations (see Note 4F)	665,100	1,146,322		
Impact on Statement of Net Positions, net of receivable from SRSD	\$22,145,900	\$24,613,678		
OPEB Expense	\$345,000	\$1,778,000		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$39,310,000	\$39,920,000		

NOTE 12 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The City participates in the jointly governed organizations discussed below through formally organized and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, these entities exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each joint organization is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. Each board controls the operations of the respective joint organization, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on that board. Obligations and liabilities of this joint organization are not the City's responsibility and the City does not have an equity interest in the assets of each joint organization except upon dissolution of the joint organization.

A. The Marin County Integrated On-Line Library System (System)

The MARINet Library Consortium was formed to provide for the procurement, ownership, operation, maintenance, and governance of shared library services among the libraries, public and academic, in Marin County. Current services shared and paid for through annual membership dues include an integrated library system including patron database, cataloging system, and online catalog of materials; delivery of items between libraries in Marin, a statewide library delivery service called Link+, numerous online resources, and more. The Governing Board of the System consists of the library director or designated alternate of each participant in the System. In accordance with the cost sharing formula developed by the library directors of the participants, the City's share of annual operating costs was \$289,297 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Financial statements of the System can be obtained from the County Librarian, Marin County Free Library at 1401 Los Gamos Drive, Suite 200, San Rafael, California 94903.

B. The Marin General Services Authority (MGSA)

The MGSA was formed by the County of Marin and twelve local agencies to acquire street light facilities, operate the facilities during an eminent domain action against PG&E, and coordinate the subsequent transfer of the facilities to the individual local agencies. Each of the local agency's share of contributions was based on the number of street lights to be acquired in the local agency's individual jurisdiction in relation to the total number of street lights to be acquired by the Marin Streetlight Acquisition Joint Powers Authority. MGSA services now include street light maintenance, abandoned vehicle abatement, taxicab regulation, administrative responsibility for MarinMap and the CATV program formerly administered by the Marin Telecommunications Authority established to regulate the rates for cable television service and equipment. The City's contribution to MGSA was \$803,119 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Financial statements of the MGSA can be obtained at 900 Fifth Avenue, Suite 100, San Rafael, California 94901.

NOTE 12 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

C. The Marin Emergency Radio Authority (MERA)

MERA was formed on February 28, 1998, by the County of Marin and 25 local agencies within the County to plan, finance, implement, manage, own, and operate a County-wide public safety and emergency radio system. The Governing Board consists of one representative from each member. On February 1, 2007, MERA borrowed \$2,250,000 from Citizens Business Bank. The note is being amortized over 14 ½ years at an annual interest rate of 4.43%. Loan Payments are funded by member operating payments. The costs of maintenance, operation, and debt service are divided on a pro rata share based on an agreed-upon formula established by a majority of the Governing Board. The members entered into a Project Operating Agreement on February 1, 1999.

Under the Operating Agreement, members are obligated to contribute service payments to cover the Authority's operations and debt service. The City's portion of the obligation is 16.913%. The City contributed \$388,993 of the Authority's operations and debt service for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The City has established a reserve in its internal service funds to pay future service payments. Financial statements of the MERA can be obtained at 95 Rowland Way, Novato, California 94945.

D. The Marin County Hazardous and Solid Waste Joint Powers Authority

The Authority was established by the County, local cities, and waste franchising districts to finance, prepare and implement source reduction and recycling elements on a county-wide integrated waste management plan as required by State Assembly Bill 939. The City's contribution to the Authority was \$17,850 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Financial statements of the Authority can be obtained at 3501 Civic Center Drive, San Rafael, California 94903.

E. Central Marin Sanitation Agency (CMSA)

In October 1979, the District entered into a joint powers agreement with three neighboring sanitation agencies in central Marin County forming the Central Marin Sanitation Agency (CMSA). CMSA serves as a regional wastewater treatment plant for its four member agencies and San Quentin Prison (SQ) and is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners, two appointed by the Board of Directors of the District, two appointed by the governing board of the Ross Valley Sanitary District, and one appointed by the governing board of Sanitary District No. 2 (SD 2).

Total project costs for the joint venture were funded from federal (75%) and state (12.5%) clean water grants and from local shares (12.5% total) allocated among the member agencies and SQ based upon the weighted average of the strength and volume of sewage flows per member at inception of the project. CMSA derives its annual funding for its operations and capital programs almost exclusively from service charges to member agencies. The joint powers agreement does not provide an explicit measurable right as required to establish an equity interest for any of the joint venture participants, and in addition to, stipulates that all excess capital funds, if any, and all excess administration, operations, and maintenance funds from whatever source, if any, are the property of CMSA.

The financial statements of the CMSA are available at the CMSA office at 1301 Anderson Drive, San Rafael, California 94901 and online at www.cmsa.us.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. City

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City established the Risk Management Internal Service Fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The City manages risk by participating in a public entity risk pool (described below), purchasing insurance and by retaining certain risks.

Risk Coverage

Liability Coverage

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA) which covers general liability claims up to \$40,000,000. The purpose of CJPRMA is to spread the adverse effects of general liability losses among the member agencies. The City also purchases commercial insurance for property damage claims with an insured amount of \$175,250,878. The City is self-insured up to \$750,000 for each general liability claim and \$25,000 for each property damage claim. Once the self-insured retention is met, CJPRMA becomes responsible for payment of all liability claims up to the limit. The City contributed a total of \$942,552 in liability coverage premiums during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Five years after settlement of all general liability claims for a program year, CJPRMA will retroactively adjust premium deposits for any excess or deficiency in deposits related to paid claims and reserves. Financial statements for the risk pool may be obtained from CJPRMA at 3201 Doolan Road, Suite 285, Livermore, California 94551.

Workers' Compensation Coverage

The City purchases insurance for workers' compensation through Safety National Casualty Corporation Excess Workers' Compensation and Employers Liability Insurance with coverage up to statutory limits. The City is self-insured up to \$1,000,000 for each worker's compensation claim.

Insurance Internal Service Funds and Financial Reporting

The City records estimated liabilities for claims filed up to the amounts for which it retains risk in the General Liability and Workers Compensation Internal Service Funds. Charges to the General Fund and other funds are based on relative general liability and workers compensation risk associated with the activities of each fund. Charges are recorded in the funds as expenditures or expenses and as revenues in the respective internal service funds.

Generally accepted accounting principles require municipalities to record the liability for uninsured claims and to reflect the current portion of this liability as an expenditure in the financial statements. As discussed above, the City has coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the deductible or uninsured portion of these claims.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The City's liability for uninsured general liability claims and workers' compensation claims, including claims incurred but not reported, are reported in the Statements of Net Position. The City's present value liability for uninsured claims below include a provision for claims incurred but not reported using a discount rate of 2%.

	General	Workers'	Totals, as of J	June 30
	Liability *	Compensation *	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year Current year claims and changes	\$4,041,207	\$8,227,696	\$12,268,903	\$12,420,277
in estimates	1,490,936	3,730,334	5,221,270	1,751,191
Claims paid	(835,639)	(1,052,812)	(1,888,451)	(1,902,565)
Balance, end of year	\$4,696,504	\$10,905,218	\$15,601,722	\$12,268,903
Due in one year	\$1,057,147	\$1,744,875	\$2,802,022	\$2,944,075
Due in more than one year	3,639,357	9,160,343	12,799,700	9,324,828
Total claim liabilities	\$4,696,504	\$10,905,218	\$15,601,722	\$12,268,903

^{*} Liability based on an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, extrapolated to June 30, 2022.

The claims settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

B. District

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disaster. The District participates in a joint powers agreement with other entities forming the California Sanitation Risk Management Authority (CSRMA), a public entity risk pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 60 member entities. CSRMA is governed by a Board of Directors composed of one representative from each member agency and meets three times per year in conjunction with conferences of the California Association of Sanitation Agencies. The Board controls the Note 1 operations of CSRMA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member entities.

The District pays annual premiums to CSRMA for its primary insurance and property insurance programs. Primary and property insurance programs are fully insured wherein CSRMA purchases insurance as a group thereby reducing its costs. CSRMA provides both fully insured and pooled insurance programs for its participating member entities. Because all employees of the District are contracted employees from the City of San Rafael, workers' compensation insurance is not carried by the District but is provided through the City.

CSRMA's primary and property insurance programs transfer risk to commercial insurance policies for claims above deductibles, while the District retains risk for claims to the extent of deductibles. Settled claims for the District have not exceeded coverage provided by CSRMA in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The following summarizes active insurance policies as of June 30, 2022 together with coverage limits for each insured event:

Insurance Program	Limits	Coverage Description
CSRMA - Allied World Assur.	\$3,000,000	Gen/Mgt liability - aggregate
CSRMA - Allied World Assur.	\$1,000,000	Gen/Mgt liability - occurrence
CSRMA - Allied World Assur.	\$1,000,000	Auto liability - accident
CSRMA - Allied World Assur.	\$4,000,000	Excess liability
CSRMA - Public Entity Property		
Insurance Program (P.E.P.I.P.)	\$30,359,825	Special form property
CSRMA - Illinois Union Ins.	\$25,000,000	Pollution liability - tier 1
CSRMA - Illinois Union Ins.	\$2,000,000	Pollution liability - tier 2
CSRMA - Lloyds of London	\$2,000,000	Cyber liability - third party
CSRMA - Lloyds of London	\$2,000,000	Cyber liability - first party
CSRMA - Travelers Ins.	\$25,000	Identity theft
CSRMA - Lloyds of London	\$2,500,000	Deadly weapons - aggregate

The financial statements of CSRMA are available at their office: 100 Pine Street, 11th Floor, San Francisco, California 94111.

NOTE 14 – LEASE LIABILITIES

A summary of governmental activities lease transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021 (as restated)	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2022	Current Portion
Governmental Activities					
Lease Liabilities					
Fire Station 57 Land Lease	\$5,476,219	\$4,232		\$5,480,451	\$508
Copier Equipment Leases	258,365		(\$78,120)	180,245	82,053
Total	\$5,734,584	\$4,232	(\$78,120)	\$5,660,696	\$82,561

On June 21, 2016, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee with the County of Marin to lease property for constructing Fire Station # 57 for a 40 year term, ending on June 30, 2056. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest lease payments in the amount of \$13,343 commencing July 1, 2021. The monthly lease payments are increased annually in the amount of 3% every July 1. The City recorded an initial lease liability and intangible right-to-use asset in the amount of \$5,476,219, respectively, as of July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the lease liability was \$5,480,451 and the net value of the right-to-use asset was \$5,319,756, including accumulated amortization of \$156,463.

NOTE 14 – LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

The City has entered into four separate equipment lease agreements as a lessee for copiers with various vendors. The lease terms vary from 3-5 years and interest is implicit in the lease agreements in the amount of 5%. The City is required to make monthly or yearly principal and interest lease payments in varying amounts ranging from \$1,003 to \$50,278, depending on the lease. The City recorded an initial lease liability and intangible right-to-use asset in the amount of \$258,365, respectively, as of July 1, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the lease liability was \$180,245 and the net value of the right-to-use asset was \$177,625, including accumulated amortization of \$80,740. The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

For	tha	Vant	
For	tne	Year	•

Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$82,561	\$172,869	\$255,430
2024	62,395	168,654	231,049
2025	39,584	165,616	205,200
2026	29,156	164,311	193,467
2027	22,511	163,102	185,613
2028-2032	214,992	800,016	1,015,008
2033-2037	423,614	753,058	1,176,672
2038-2042	693,649	670,438	1,364,087
2043-2047	1,039,430	541,921	1,581,351
2048-2052	1,478,312	354,906	1,833,218
2053-2057	1,574,492	100,176	1,674,668
Totals	\$5,660,696	\$4,055,067	\$9,715,763

NOTE 15 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. City Litigation

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits arising from its normal operations. City management is of the opinion that the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the basic financial statements of the City.

B. District

As of June 30, 2022, SRSD had several contracts for sewer improvement projects with remaining obligations of approximately \$2,070,000, the majority of which are expected to be completed within the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

NOTE 16 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES

A. Redevelopment Dissolution

In an effort to mitigate its budget deficit, the State of California adopted ABx1 26 on June 28, 2011, amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012, which suspended all new redevelopment activities except for limited specified activities as of that date and dissolved redevelopment agencies on January 31, 2012.

The suspension provisions prohibited all redevelopment agencies from a wide range of activities, including incurring new indebtedness or obligations, entering into, or modifying agreements or contracts, acquiring, or disposing of real property, taking actions to adopt or amend redevelopment plans and other similar actions, except actions required by law or to carry out existing enforceable obligations, as defined in ABx1 26.

In addition, ABx1 26 and AB1484 directed the State Controller to review the activities of all redevelopment agencies and successor agencies to determine whether an asset transfer between an agency and any public agency occurred on or after January 1, 2011. If an asset transfer did occur and the public agency that received the asset is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of the asset, the legislation requires the State Controller to order the asset returned to the redevelopment agency. This review was performed in May 2013, and a report issued on July 29, 2013 (see section B of this footnote).

The City elected to become the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency, and on February 1, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency's remaining net assets were distributed to the Successor Agency. ABx1 26 requires the establishment of an Oversight Board to oversee the activities of the Successor Agency and one was established on April 2, 2012. On July 1, 2018, the County of Marin formed a county-wide Oversight Board to oversee the activities of all Successor Agencies within the County, including San Rafael. The activities of the Successor Agency are subject to review and approval of the Oversight Board, which is comprised of seven members.

The activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund as the activities are under the control of the Oversight Board. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency.

Pursuant to the dissolution of the City of San Rafael Redevelopment Agency, certain assets of the Redevelopment Agency were distributed to the Housing Successor and all remaining Redevelopment Agency assets and liabilities were distributed to the Successor Agency.

The City elected to become the Housing Successor and on February 1, 2012. Assets and Liabilities relating to the Housing Successor are reported in the City's Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 16 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES (Continued)

B. Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF)

The Successor Agency's primary source of revenue comes from the RPTTF allocation distributed by the County. Property tax revenues for each Project Area are deposited into the RPTTF, which redistributes each Project Area's tax increment under specified formulas. The County Auditor administers the RPTTF and disburses twice annually from this fund pass-through payments to affected taxing entities, an amount equal to the total of obligation payments that are required to be paid from tax increment as denoted on the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule ("ROPS"). The disbursements are established in the treasury of the Successor Agencies, and various allowed administrative fees and allowances. Any remaining balance is then distributed by the County Auditor back to affected taxing entities under a prescribed method that accounts for pass-through payments. The County Auditor is also responsible for the distributing other monies received from the Successor Agency (from sale of assets, etc.) to the affected taxing entities. Successor agencies in turn will use the amounts deposited into their respective funds to make payments for principal and interest on loans and monies advanced to or indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agencies.

C. Long-Term Debt

1999 Tax Allocation Bonds and Capital Appreciation Bonds

On June 16, 1999, the former Agency issued Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$23,504,004. The bonds were issued as Current Interest Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$21,115,000 and as Capital Appreciation Bonds in the original amount of \$2,389,004. The proceeds of the bonds were used to finance certain redevelopment activities of benefit to the former Agency's Central San Rafael Redevelopment Project Area.

In December 2009 of the former Agency exercised the redemption option of the Current Interest Bonds. The outstanding balance of the Bonds was refunded, on a current basis, through the issuance of the 2009 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds as discussed below.

The Capital Appreciation Bonds mature annually after December 1 from 2018 to 2022, in amounts ranging from \$1,440,000 to \$2,070,000 and bear interest at rates from 5.58% to 5.60%. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds will compound on each interest premium date and will be payable solely at maturity. The bonds are secured, on parity with the 1992 and 1995 bonds (refunded in 2002), by a pledge and a lien on tax revenues and amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts held by the fiscal agent.

NOTE 16 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES (Continued)

2002 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

On October 9, 2002, the former Agency issued Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$25,020,000. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the 1992 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds and the 1995 Tax Allocation Bonds. The Bonds mature annually each December 1 from 2002 to 2022, in amounts ranging from \$540,000 to \$1,920,000 and bear interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.25%. Interest is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1. The Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2013, are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity, in whole or in part, and by lot within any one maturity, prior to their respective maturity dates, on any date on or after December 1, 2012, at a price equal to the principal amount, plus accrued interest on the redemption date. The bonds are payable from tax revenues to be derived from the redevelopment activities of the former Agency related to the Central San Rafael Redevelopment Project Area.

2009 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

On December 14, 2009, the former Agency issued 2009 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$14,660,000 bearing interest at rates from 3.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds of the Series 2009 Bonds were used to refund the former Agency's 1999 Tax Allocation Current Interest Bonds and to advance funds to the City to finance street and parking improvements for the benefit of the Agency's Central San Rafael Redevelopment Project. Principal payments are due annually on December 30 and interest payable semiannually on June 30 and December 30.

The Series 2009 Bonds maturing on or before December 1, 2019, are not subject to optional redemption prior to their respective stated maturities. The Series 2009 Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2020, are subject to optional redemption as a whole or in part either on a pro rata basis among maturities or in inverse order of maturity, and by lot within any one maturity, prior to their respective maturity dates, at the option of the Agency, on any date on or after December 1, 2019, at a price equal to the principal amount of such Series 2009 Bonds called for redemption, together with interest accrued on the date fixed for redemption, without premium.

Use of Tax Increment

The former Agency pledged all future tax increment revenues for the repayment of the 1999 Capital Appreciation Bonds, and the 2002 and 2009 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds. The pledge of all future tax increment revenues ends upon repayment of \$3.6 million in remaining debt service on the Bonds, which is scheduled to occur in 2023. For fiscal year June 30, 2022, tax increment revenue amounted to \$3.5 million which was used to make the debt service payment of \$3.6 million. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the Agency to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the Agency to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the Agency; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the Agency. The Agency's bonds also contain a subjective acceleration clause that allows the trustees or holders, who hold the majority of the aggregate principal amount of the notes, to accelerate payment of the entire principal amount outstanding and interest accrued to become immediately due if they determine that a material adverse change occurs.

NOTE 16 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES (Continued)

The following table summarizes the activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Authorized	Balance			Balance	Current
	and Issued	June 30, 2021	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2022	Portion
San Rafael Successor Agency				,		
1999 Tax Allocation Bonds						
Capital Appreciation Bonds						
5.58%-5.6%, due 12/1/2022	\$2,389,004	\$3,306,178	\$147,409	\$1,440,000	\$2,013,587	\$2,013,587
2002 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds						
2.00%-5.25%, due 12/1/2021	25,020,000	615,000		615,000		
2009 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds						
3.00%-5.00%, due 12/1/2022	14,660,000	2,850,000		1,390,000	1,460,000	1,460,000
Add: deferred bond premium costs	_	159,718		79,851	79,867	79,867
Total Successor Agency Long-term Debt	_	\$6,930,896	\$147,409	\$3,524,851	\$3,553,454	\$3,553,454

Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements are shown below:

For the Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest
2023	\$3,530,000	\$36,500
Totals	3,530,000	\$36,500
Reconciliation of long-term debt:	_	
Less: unaccreted discount	(56,413)	
Less: deferred bond premium costs	79,867	
	\$3,553,454	

D. Commitment and Contingencies

State Approval of Enforceable Obligation

The Successor Agency prepares a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) semi-annually that contains all proposed expenditures for the subsequent six-month period. The ROPS is subject to the review and approval of the Oversight Board as well as the State Department of Finance. As of June 30, 2021, the Successor Agency had prepared fourteen ROPS, all of which have been approved by the Oversight Board and the California Department of Finance. The Department of Finance has stated that all items on a future ROPS are subject to a subsequent review. The amount, if any, of current obligations that may be denied by the Department of Finance cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 years*

Measurement date	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018
City's proportionate share	30.0453%	36.7394%	34.9538%	32.7180%	33.4752%
Proportionate share of total pension liability Proportionate share of fiduciary net position	\$677,753,565 603,499,779	\$907,195,058 764,871,931	\$900,629,287 733,574,437	\$878,483,703 757,834,016	\$947,923,920 837,356,062
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$74,253,786	\$142,323,127	\$167,054,850	\$120,649,687	\$110,567,858
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	89.04%	84.31%	84.31%	86.27%	88.34%
Covered payroll (report date)	\$28,563,328	\$31,073,560	\$32,126,272	\$32,885,135	\$36,349,651
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	259.96%	458.02%	519.99%	366.88%	304.18%
Measurement date	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021		
Measurement date City's proportionate share	6/30/2019 36.6081%	6/30/2020 34.3574%	6/30/2021 29.6650%		
City's proportionate share Proportionate share of total pension liability	36.6081% \$1,082,900,638	34.3574% \$1,059,269,505	29.6650% \$959,104,784		
City's proportionate share Proportionate share of total pension liability Proportionate share of fiduciary net position	36.6081% \$1,082,900,638 949,023,107	34.3574% \$1,059,269,505 901,989,929	29.6650% \$959,104,784 1,007,281,093		
City's proportionate share Proportionate share of total pension liability Proportionate share of fiduciary net position Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	36.6081% \$1,082,900,638 949,023,107 \$133,877,531	34.3574% \$1,059,269,505 901,989,929 \$157,279,576	29.6650% \$959,104,784 1,007,281,093 (\$48,176,309)		

^{* -} The fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$17,802,358
Contractually required contribution	17,802,358
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0
Covered payroll	\$31,073,560
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	57.29%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date / Timing 6/30/2013 (for contributions made in FY2014-2015)

Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2014-15):

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Actuarial Loss from 2009

Remaining Amortization period Unfunded liability - 17 years / Extraordinary Actuarial Loss - 25 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market, 80% /120% corridor around market

Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 3.25% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Retirement Age Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62

Healthy Mortality Sex distinct RP-2000 Combined Mortality projected to 2010 using Scale AA

with ages set back one year for male members / two years for female members

Disabled Mortality Sex distinct RP-2000 Combined Mortality projected to 2010 using Scale AA

with ages set forward three years for all members

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015)
(Continued)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$19,339,577
Contributions in Relation to the	
Contractually required contribution	19,339,577
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0
Covered payroll	\$32,126,272
Contributions as a percentage of	
covered payroll	60.20%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date / Timing 6/30/2014 (for contributions made in FY2015-2016)

Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2015-16):

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Actuarial Loss from 2009

Remaining Amortization period Unfunded liability - 16 years / Extraordinary Actuarial Loss - 24 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market, 80% /120% corridor around market

Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 3.25% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62

Healthy Mortality CalPERS 2014 Pre-Retirement Non-Industrial Death rates (plus Duty-Related Death rates for

Safety Members), with the 20-year static projection used by CalPERS replaced by generational improvements from a base year of 2009 using Scale MP-2014

Disabled Mortality CalPERS 2014 Disability Mortality rates (Non-Industrial rates for Miscellaneous members

and Industrial Disability rates for Safety members), adjusted by 90% for Males and Females (Miscellaneous and Safety) with the 20-year static projection used by CalPERS replaced by

generational improvements from a base year of 2009 using Scale MP-2014

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015) (Continued)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$20,003,001
Contributions in Relation to the	
Contractually required contribution	20,003,001
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0
	•
Covered payroll	\$32,885,135
Contributions as a percentage of	
covered payroll	60.83%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date / Timing 6/30/2015 (for contributions made in FY2016-2017)

Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2016-17):

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses

(24 years remaining as of 6/30/14), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013 (16 years as of 6/30/14), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after 6/30/13 (24 years for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for

assumption changes with a 3-year phase-in/out).

Remaining Amortization period 19 years remaining as of June 30, 2016

Market Value Asset valuation method Inflation 2.75% per year

Salary increases 3.00% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62 Retirement Age

Sex distinct RP-2000 combined mortality projected to 2010 using Scale AA with ages Healthy Mortality

set back one year for male members/two years for female members

Disabled Mortality Sex distinct RP-2000 combined mortality projected to 2010 using Scale AA with ages

set forward three years for all members

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015)
(Continued)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$20,167,435
Contributions in Relation to the	\$20,107,433
Contractually required contribution	20,167,435
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0
Covered payroll	\$36,349,651
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	55.48%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date / Timing 6/30/2016 (for contributions made in FY2017-2018)

Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2017-18):

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses

(22 years remaining as of 6/30/16), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013 (14 years as of 6/30/16), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after 6/30/13 (24 years for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for

assumption changes with a 3-year phase-in/out).

Remaining Amortization period 18 years remaining as of June 30, 2017

Asset valuation method Market Value Inflation 2.75% per year

Salary increases 3.00% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62

Healthy Mortality Sex distinct CalPERS 2014 Pre-Retirement Non-Industrial Death rates (plus Duty-Related

death rates for Safety members)

Disabled Mortality Sex distinct RP-2000 combined mortality projected to 2010 using Scale AA with ages

set forward three years for all members $% \left\{ \mathbf{r}^{\prime}\right\} =\left\{ \mathbf{r}$

Disabled Mortality Rates of mortality among disabled members are given by CalPERS 2017

Disability Mortality rates (Non-Industrial rates for Miscellaneous members and Industrial Disability rates for Safety members), adjusted by 90% for Males (Miscellaneous and Safety) and 90% for Miscellaneous Females, with the 15-year static projection used by CalPERS replaced by generational

improvements from a base year of 2014 using Scale MP-2017.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015) (Continued)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$20,352,203
Contributions in Relation to the	
Contractually required contribution	20,352,203
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0
Covered payroll	\$33,106,430
Contributions as a percentage of	
covered payroll	61.48%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date / Timing 6/30/2017 (for contributions made in FY2018-2019)

Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2018-19):

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses

(21 years remaining as of 6/30/17), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013 (13 years as of 6/30/17), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after 6/30/13 (24 years for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for

assumption changes with a 3-year phase-in/out).

17 years remaining as of June 30, 2018 Remaining Amortization period

Market Value Asset valuation method 2.75% per year Inflation

Salary increases 3.00% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service

Investment Rate of Return

Retirement Age Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62

Healthy Mortality Rates of mortality for active members are specified by CalPERS 2017

> Pre-Retirement Non-Industrial Death Rates (plus Duty-Related Death rates for Safety members), with the 20-year static projection used by CalPERS replaced by generational improvements from a base year of

2014 using Scale MP-2017.

Rates of mortality among disabled members are given by CalPERS 2017 Disabled Mortality

> Disability Mortality rates (Non-Industrial rates for Miscellaneous members and Industrial Disability rates for Safety members), adjusted by 90% for Males (Miscellaneous and Safety) and 90% for Miscellaneous Females, with the 20-year static projection used by CalPERS replaced by generational

improvements from a base year of 2014 using Scale MP-2017.

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015)
(Continued)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2020
Contractually required contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$20,031,614
Contractually required contribution	20,031,614
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0
Covered payroll	\$32,887,922
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	60.91%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date / Timing 6/30/2018 (for contributions made in FY2019-2020)

Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2019-20):

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses

(20 years remaining as of 6/30/18), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013 (12 years as of 6/30/18), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after 6/30/13 (24 years for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for

assumption changes with a 3-year phase-in/out).

Remaining Amortization period 12 years remaining as of June 30, 2018

Asset valuation method Market Value Inflation 2.75% per year

Salary increases 3.00% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Retirement Age Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62

Healthy Mortality Rates of mortality for active members are specified by CalPERS 2017 Pre-Retirement Non-Industrial Death rates (plus Duty-

Related Death rates for Safety members), with the 15-year static projection used by CalPERS replaced by generational improvements from a base year of 2014 using Scale MP-2017. 0% of all Miscellaneous and 95% of all Safety pre-retirement

deaths are assumed to be service-connected.

Disabled Mortality Rates of mortality for retired members and their beneficiaries are given by CalPERS 2017 Post-Retirement Healthy Morality

 $rates, adjusted \ by \ 90\% \ for \ Males \ (Miscellaneous \ and \ Safety), with \ the \ 15-year \ static \ projection \ used \ by \ CalPERS \ replaced$

by generational improvements from a base year of 2014 using Scale MP-2017.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015)
(Continued)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2021
	#20.10.C.021
Contractually required contribution	\$20,106,821
Contributions in Relation to the	
Contractually required contribution	20,106,821
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0
Covered payroll	\$31,697,590
Contributions as a percentage of	
covered payroll	63.43%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date / Timing 6/30/2019 (for contributions made in FY2020-2021)

Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2020 - 21):

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses

(19 years remaining as of 6/30/19), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013 (11 years as of 6/30/19), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after 6/30/13 (24 years for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for

assumption changes with a 3-year phase-in/out).

Remaining Amortization period 11 years remaining as of June 30, 2019

Asset valuation method Market Value Inflation 2.75% per year

Salary increases 3.00% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Retirement Age Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62

Healthy Mortality Rates of mortality for active members are specified by CalPERS 2017 Pre-Retirement Non-Industrial Death rates (plus Duty-

Related Death rates for Safety members), with the 15-year static projection used by CalPERS replaced by generational improvements from a base year of 2014 using Scale MP-2017. 0% of all Miscellaneous and 95% of all Safety pre-retirement

deaths are assumed to be service-connected.

Disabled Mortality Rates of mortality for retired members and their beneficiaries are given by CalPERS 2017 Post-Retirement Healthy Morality

 $rates, adjusted \ by \ 90\% \ for \ Males \ (Miscellaneous \ and \ Safety), with \ the \ 15-year \ static \ projection \ used \ by \ CalPERS \ replaced$

by generational improvements from a base year of 2014 using Scale MP-2017.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015) (Continued)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2022
Contractually required contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$21,859,307
Contractually required contribution	(21,859,307)
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0
Covered payroll	\$34,418,052
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	63.51%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date / Timing 6/30/2020 (for contributions made in FY2021-2022)

Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2021 - 22):

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses

(18 years remaining as of 6/30/20), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013 (10 years as of 6/30/20), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after 6/30/13 (24 years for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for

assumption changes with a 3-year phase-in/out).

Remaining Amortization period 10 years remaining as of June 30, 2020

Asset valuation method Market Value Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary increases 3.00% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service

Investment Rate of Return

Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62 Retirement Age

Healthy Mortality Mortality rates for Miscellaneous active members are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Employee Mortality

Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, with no adjustments. Mortality rates for Safety active members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Above-Median Income

Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020,

with no adjustments. 10% of Safety member active deaths are assumed to occur in the line of duty

Disabled Mortality Mortality Rates for Retired Disabled Members", should be "Rates of mortality for Miscellaneous disabled members are

based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements

projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, with no adjustments.

Rates of mortality for Safety disabled members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, adjusted by 95% for

males with no adjustment for females.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Measurement period	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$766,000	\$789,000	\$822,000	\$805,000	\$687,000	\$679,000
Interest	3,447,000	3,540,000	3,435,000	3,515,000	3,196,000	3,238,000
Differences between expected and actual experience		(4,107,000)		(3,040,000)		(4,063,000)
Assumption changes		4,831,000		(2,735,000)		2,748,000
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,896,000)	(3,015,000)	(3,028,000)	(3,072,000)	(3,225,000)	(3,315,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,317,000	2,038,000	1,229,000	(4,527,000)	658,000	(713,000)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	48,226,000	49,543,000	51,581,000	52,810,000	48,283,000	48,941,000
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$49,543,000	\$51,581,000	\$52,810,000	\$48,283,000	\$48,941,000	\$48,228,000
OPEB fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$2,896,000	\$3,475,000	\$3,573,000	\$3,725,000	\$3,784,000	\$3,323,000
Net investment income	157,000	1,675,000	1,425,000	1,224,000	770,000	6,319,000
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,896,000)	(3,015,000)	(3,028,000)	(3,072,000)	(3,225,000)	(3,315,000)
Administrative expense	(7,000)	(8,000)	(44,000)	(12,000)	(19,000)	(17,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	150,000	2,127,000	1,926,000	1,865,000	1,310,000	6,310,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	15,608,000	15,758,000	17,885,000	19,811,000	21,676,000	22,986,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$15,758,000	\$17,885,000	\$19,811,000	\$21,676,000	\$22,986,000	29,296,000
Plan net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$33,785,000	\$33,696,000	\$32,999,000	\$26,607,000	\$25,955,000	\$18,932,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	31.81%	34.67%	37.51%	44.89%	46.97%	60.74%
Covered employee payroll	\$37,846,000	\$32,885,000	\$36,350,000	\$40,496,000	\$39,920,000	\$39,310,000
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	89.27%	102.47%	90.78%	65.70%	65.02%	48.16%

Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Fiscal year 2016-17

Actuarially determined contribution \$3,450,000

Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution (3,475,000)

Contribution deficiency (excess) (\$25,000)

Covered employee payroll \$32,885,000

Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll 10.49%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 06/30/17.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date June 30, 2015

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization Method Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period

Remaining Amortization 19 years remaining as of June 30, 2016

Asset Valuation Method Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate 7.25%

Contribution Policy City contributes full ADC

General Inflation 2.75% per annum

Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination Same as June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation

Mortality Improvement Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-14, modified

to converge to ultimate improvement rates in 2022

Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to

keep sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits from trust

Salary Increases Aggregate - 3%

Merit - 6/30/14 MCERA assumptions

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 6.5% for 2017, decreasing 0.5% per year to an ultimate

rate of 4.50% for 2021 and Medicare - 6.7% for 2017, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.5% for 2021 and later years

Healthcare participation for future retirees Capped benefit: 100% currently covered, 80% currently waived

PEMHCA minimum - 60%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Fiscal year 2017-18

Actuarially determined contribution \$3,530,000

Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution (3,563,000)

Contribution deficiency (excess) (\$33,000)

Covered employee payroll \$36,350,000

Contributions as a percentage of

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

9.80%

The June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 6/30/18 and 6/30/19.

Notes to Schedule:

covered employee payroll

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization Method Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period

Remaining Amortization 18 years remaining as of June 30, 2017

Asset Valuation Method Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate 6.75% at June 30, 2017; 7.25% at June 30, 2016

Contribution Policy City contributes full ADC
General Inflation 2.75% per annum

Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination Same as June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation

Mortality Improvement Pre-retirement mortality: projected 15-year static with 90% of Scale MP-2016

Post-retirement mortality: projected fully generational with Scale MP-2017

Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay

all benefits from trust

Salary Increases Aggregate - 3%

Merit - 6/30/17 MCERA assumptions

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to 4.00% for

2076 and later years and Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing

to 4.00% for 2076 and later years

Healthcare participation for future retirees Capped benefit: 100% currently covered, 80% currently waived

PEMHCA minimum - 60%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Fiscal year

Actuarially determined contribution

Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution

Contribution deficiency (excess)

Covered employee payroll

\$40,496,000

Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll

9.20%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 6/30/18 and 6/30/19.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization Method Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period

Remaining Amortization 18 years remaining as of June 30, 2017

Asset Valuation Method Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate 6.75% at June 30, 2017; 7.25% at June 30, 2016

Contribution Policy City contributes full ADC
General Inflation 2.75% per annum

Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination Same as June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation

Mortality Improvement

Pre-retirement mortality: projected 15-year static with 90% of Scale MP-2016 Post-retirement mortality: projected fully generational with Scale MP-2017

Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay

all benefits from trust

Salary Increases Aggregate - 3%

Merit - 6/30/17 MCERA assumptions

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to 4.00% for

2076 and later years and Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing

to 4.00% for 2076 and later years

Healthcare participation for future retirees Capped benefit: 100% currently covered, 80% currently waived

PEMHCA minimum - 60%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Fiscal year 2019-20
Actuarially determined contribution \$3,677,000

Contributions in relation to

the actuarially determined contribution (3,784,000)

Contribution deficiency (excess) (\$107,000)

Covered employee payroll \$39,920,000

Contributions as a percentage of

covered employee payroll 9.48%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 6/30/20 and 6/30/21.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization Method Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period

Remaining Amortization 16 years remaining as of June 30, 2019

Asset Valuation Method Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate 6.75% at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively

Contribution Policy City contributes full ADC

General Inflation 2.75% per annum

Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination Same as June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation

Mortality Improvement Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019

Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments

Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay

all benefits from trust

Salary Increases Aggregate - 3%

Merit - 6/30/19 MCERA assumptions

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate

of 4.0% in 2076 and Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to

an ultimate rate of 4.00% in 2076

Healthcare participation for future retirees Capped benefit: 90% currently covered, 70% currently waived

PEMHCA minimum - 60%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Fiscal year

Actuarially determined contribution

Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution

Contribution deficiency (excess)

Covered employee payroll

Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll

8.45%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 6/30/20 and 6/30/21.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization Method Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period

Remaining Amortization 16 years remaining as of June 30, 2019

Asset Valuation Method Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate 6.75% at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively

Contribution Policy City contributes full ADC

General Inflation 2.75% per annum

Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination Same as June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation

Mortality Improvement Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019

Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments

Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay

all benefits from trust

Salary Increases Aggregate - 3%

Merit - 6/30/19 MCERA assumptions

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate

of 4.0% in 2076 and Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to

an ultimate rate of 4.00% in 2076

Healthcare participation for future retirees Capped benefit: 90% currently covered, 70% currently waived

PEMHCA minimum - 60%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Fiscal year 2021-22

Actuarially determined contribution \$3,093,000

Contributions in relation to

the actuarially determined contribution (3,294,000)

Contribution deficiency (excess) (\$201,000)

Covered employee payroll \$42,604,000

Contributions as a percentage of

covered employee payroll 7.73%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 6/30/22 and 6/30/23.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll

Amortization Method Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period

Remaining Amortization 14 years remaining as of June 30, 2021

Asset Valuation Method Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period

Discount Rate 6.25% at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively

Contribution Policy City contributes full ADC

General Inflation 2.50% per annum

Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination Same as June 30, 2019 valuation

Mortality Improvement Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2021

Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments

Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan

assets to pay all benefits from trust

Salary Increases Aggregate - 2.75%

Merit - Increases - same as MCERA Assumptions as of June 30, 2020 valuation

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 6.50% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076

Medicare (Non-Kaiser) - 5.65% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 Medicare (Kaiser) - 4.60% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076

Healthcare participation for future retirees Capped benefit: 90% currently covered, 70% currently waived

PEMHCA minimum - 60%



GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGET-TO-ACTUAL STATEMENTS

Generally accepted accounting principles dictate that budget-to-actual information in the basic financial statements should be limited to the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds. This section is provided for the presentation of Budget-to-Actual Statements for the General Fund, Traffic and Housing Mitigation, and the Gas Tax Special Revenue Funds.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes and special assessments	\$77,725,521	\$82,785,521	\$84,324,467	\$1,538,946
Licenses and permits	2,902,778	2,902,778	3,077,355	174,577
Fines and forfeitures	182,100	182,100	296,300	114,200
Use of money and properties	276,383	276,383	(1,969,810)	(2,246,193)
Intergovernmental	3,625,147	19,714,033	20,393,799	679,766
Charges for services	2,806,603	2,806,603	2,880,711	74,108
Other revenue	1,478,750	1,478,750	786,766	(691,984)
Total Revenues	88,997,282	110,146,168	109,789,588	(356,580)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	13,138,280	16,887,256	17,214,009	(326,753)
Public safety	47,061,089	47,083,093	46,824,239	258,854
Public works and parks	13,612,436	13,617,436	13,516,875	100,561
Community development	6,400,770	6,400,770	5,377,625	1,023,145
Culture and recreation	3,084,018	3,091,417	2,989,038	102,379
Capital outlay	92,776	92,776	372,147	(279,371)
Debt service:				
Principal	2,755,169	2,755,169	2,829,057	(73,888)
Interest and fiscal charges	2,346,760	2,346,761	2,512,515	(165,754)
Total Expenditures	88,491,298	92,274,678	91,635,505	639,173
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	505,984	17,871,490	18,154,083	282,593
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,755,022	1,755,022	1,755,022	
Transfers out	(2,000,000)	(2,973,885)	(2,973,885)	
Transfeld out	(2,000,000)	(2,773,003)	(2,773,003)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(244,978)	(1,218,863)	(1,218,863)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$261,006	\$16,652,627	16,935,220	\$282,593
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			16,845,899	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$33,781,119	

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL

TRAFFIC AND HOUSING MITIGATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES		*		**
Use of money and properties	\$3,683	\$10,564	\$47,133	\$36,569
Intergovernmental	0.62,000	997.563	225,000	225,000
Charges for services Other revenue	863,000	887,563	198,531 159,310	(689,032) 159,310
Other revenue			139,310	139,310
Total Revenues	866,683	898,127	629,974	(268,153)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:		4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(4.5.0.5)
General government	225.120	15,750	31,986	(16,236)
Public works and parks	225,138	652,138	636,429	15,709
Community development	92 (00	374,824	358,588	16,236
Capital outlay	83,699	83,699	99,173	(15,474)
Total Expenditures	308,837	1,126,411	1,126,176	235
	·			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	557,846	(228,284)	(496,202)	(267,918)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out		(1,190,000)	(1,190,000)	
Transfeld out		(1,170,000)	(1,150,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,190,000)	(1,190,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$557,846	(\$1,418,284)	(1,686,202)	(\$267,918)
The Change in I am Damine	Ψεεί, στο	(\$1,110,201)	(1,000,202)	(\$207,510)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			6,558,073	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$4,871,871	
TOTAL DIMENTICE, END OF TEAK		;	ψπ,0/1,0/1	

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Use of money and properties	\$7,943	\$7,943	\$40,412	\$32,469
Intergovernmental	3,738,452	3,738,452	9,528,965	5,790,513
Charges for services	1,562,100	1,562,100	2,089,594	527,494
Other revenue	220,000	220,000	1,811,524	1,591,524
Total Revenues	5,528,495	5,528,495	13,470,495	7,942,000
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works and parks	2,492,528	3,660,828	1,474,091	2,186,737
Capital outlay	1,708,534	25,140,534	10,099,991	15,040,543
Total Expenditures	4,201,062	28,801,362	11,574,082	17,227,280
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,327,433	(23,272,867)	1,896,413	25,169,280
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		1,312,000	1,312,000	
Transfers out	(635,000)	(635,000)	(635,000)	
		7		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(635,000)	677,000	677,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$692,433	(\$22,595,867)	2,573,413	\$25,169,280
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			4,344,854	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$6,918,267	

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL ESSENTIAL FACILITIES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Use of money and property	\$17,695	\$17,695	\$95,586	\$77,891
Total Revenues	17,695	17,695	95,586	77,891
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	103,931	10,345,975	4,897,862	5,448,113
Total Expenditures	103,931	10,345,975	4,897,862	5,448,113
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(86,236)	(10,328,280)	(4,802,276)	5,526,004
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			1,000,000	1,000,000
Transfers in		1,022,198	1,022,198	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,022,198	2,022,198	1,000,000

\$6,526,004

Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$86,236)	(\$9,306,082)	(2,780,078)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			12,097,390
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$9,317,312

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Recreation Revolving Fund – Established to administer the Community Services Department's program and facility rental charge and accounts for the Recreation Memorial Fund.

Baypoint Lagoons Assessment District Fund – The Baypoint Lagoons Lighting and Landscape District was formed to protect and enhance wildlife habitat and water quality in Baypoint (Spinnaker) Lagoon and the adjacent diked salt marsh.

Household Hazmat Facility Fund – Established to account for State mandated hazardous materials information, collection, and reporting. Expenditures include inspection of businesses for compliance with regulations. This fund also serves as the depository for countywide Household Hazardous Waste Program.

Childcare Fund – Established to administer and account for childcare programs at eight sites throughout the City.

Loch Lomond #10 Community Facilities District Fund – Established to provide maintenance for stormwater and geotechnical mitigation facilities. A Mello Roos District was formed to fund this maintenance.

Loch Lomond Marina #2 Community Facilities District Fund – Established to report tax assessments and maintenance expenditures of the District.

Library Fund – Established to account for restricted library activities that are intended to be self-funding.

Library Assessment Fund – Established to account for a special parcel tax dedicated to public library services and facilities, equipment, and technology improvements.

Public Safety Fund – Established for special police services that are intended to be self-funding.

Stormwater Fund – Established to provide for self-funding storm drain maintenance program plus separate programs through the County and Bay Area to educate residents about urban runoff pollution.

Development Services Fund – Established to account for development activities that are supported by external sources of funds. This fund does not account for the operating costs of building, planning, and engineering, which are located in the General Fund.

Grants Fund – Established to account for grants for the Library, Childcare, Police and Falkirk Cultural Center.

Parkland Dedication Fund – Established to account for long-term developer deposits used to enhance and maintain the park structure within City limits.

Emergency Medical Services Fund – Established to account for the Emergency Medical Services and Transportation program that provides services to all segments of the community.

Business Improvement Fund – Established to account for activities held in Downtown San Rafael.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

Pt. San Pedro Maintenance Portion Special Revenue Fund – Established to account for ongoing maintenance needs within the Pt. San Pedro assessment district.

Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund – Established to account for the activities related to the assets assumed by the City as Housing Successor to the San Rafael Redevelopment Agency for the housing activities of the former Redevelopment Agency.

Measure A Open Space Special Revenue Fund – Established to account for the use of proceeds distributed by the County of Marin from Measure A, as well as other supplementary matching or Cityfunding for the operation or maintenance of open space, park or recreation lands.

Measure G Cannabis Special Revenue Fund – Established for the purpose of reporting tax revenue and expenditures related to Cannabis activities authorized by Measure G.

Measure C Wildfire Prevention Special Revenue Fund – Established for the purpose of reporting tax revenue and expenditures related to coordinated wildfire prevention activities authorized by Measure C, a parcel tax measure approved on March 3, 2020 by a two-thirds supermajority vote. This is a ten-year parcel tax levying up to 10 cents per building square foot tax and \$75 per multifamily unit.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Improvement Fund – Established for the costs associated with major capital improvement projects not tied to specific funds elsewhere. Improvements could include medians, parkways, sidewalks, and other public assets.

Bedroom Tax Fund – Established to collect funds from multiple-unit housing used to pay for maintaining and developing parks within local neighborhoods.

Assessment Districts Fund – Established to account for ongoing construction and improvement needs within the following assessment districts: Peacock Gap, Kerner Boulevard, Sun Valley/Lucas Valley Open Space, East San Rafael Drainage Assessment District 1.

Park Capital Projects Fund – Established to account for capital improvements for all City owned parks, whether paid for by City funds, grants, donations, or partnership with the community.

Open Space Fund – Established for the acquisition of open space.



CITY OF SAN RAFAEL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		SPECIA	AL REVENUE F	UNDS	
	Recreation Revolving	Baypoint Lagoons Assessment District	Household Hazmat Facility	Childcare	Loch Lomond #10 Community Facilities Dist.
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$980,898	\$204,093	\$460,814	\$321,144	\$778,135
Restricted cash and investments					
Receivables:	272 277		407.420	16.500	
Accounts Taxes	272,367	152	496,430	16,509	144
Grants		132		36,622	144
Interest				30,022	
Loans					
Leases	201,806				
Prepaid expense					
Total Assets	\$1,455,071	\$204,245	\$957,244	\$374,275	\$778,279
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$215,233		\$445,613	\$29,723	\$6,771
Developer deposits payable					
Unearned revenue	557,549				
Total Liabilities	772,782		445,613	29,723	6,771
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - leases	107 727				
Unavallable revenue - leases	197,737				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	197,737				
Fund Balances: Nonspendable					
Restricted Committed	484,552	\$204,245	511,631	344,552	771,508
Assigned					
Total Fund Balances	484,552	204,245	511,631	344,552	771,508
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$1,455,071	\$204,245	\$957,244	\$374,275	\$778,279
Resources and I und Datanees	Ψ1, π33,0/1	ΨΔΟΤ,ΔΤͿ	ψ221,4 4	Ψυ17,410	Ψ110,219

			SPECIAL REV	ENUE FUNDS			
Loch Lomond Marina #2 Community Facilities Dist.	Library	Library Assessment	Public Safety	Stormwater	Development Services	Grants	Parkland Dedication
			<u>, </u>				
\$746,517	\$2,590,839	\$1,058,487	\$133,083	\$1,318,844	\$472,918	\$639,286	\$343,740
1,275	500,000	1,520 900		4,522		9,890	
					301,504		
\$747,792	\$3,090,839	\$1,060,907	\$133,083	\$1,323,366	\$774,422	\$649,176	\$343,740
\$10,883	\$3,319	\$101,256		\$53,661	\$10,745 117,676 3,635	\$66,904 186,070	
10,883	3,319	101,256		53,661	132,056	252,974	
					292,721		
					292,721		
736,909	3,087,520	959,651	\$133,083	1,269,705	349,645	396,202	\$343,740
736,909	3,087,520	959,651	133,083	1,269,705	349,645	396,202	343,740
\$747,792	\$3,090,839	\$1,060,907	\$133,083	\$1,323,366	\$774,422	\$649,176	\$343,740

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			SPECIAL RI	EVENUE FUNI	OS
	Emergency Medical Services	Business Improvement	Pt. San Pedro Maintenance Portion	Low and Moderate Income Housing	Measure A Open Space
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$626,499	\$8,800	\$154,233	\$951,453	\$795,075
Restricted cash and investments Receivables:					
Accounts	149,320				
Taxes	27,289		931		
Grants	21,207		751		
Interest				291	
Loans				920,826	
Leases				, _ , ,	
Prepaid expense	89,761				
Total Assets	\$892,869	\$8,800	\$155,164	\$1,872,570	\$795,075
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits payable Developer deposits payable Unearned revenue	\$60,269	\$8,800	\$15,128		\$14,119
Total Liabilities	60,269	8,800	15,128		14,119
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - leases					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	89,761				
Restricted	742,839		140,036	\$1,872,570	780,956
Committed					
Assigned					
Total Fund Balances	832,600		140,036	1,872,570	780,956
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$892,869	\$8,800	\$155,164	\$1,872,570	\$795,075
Resources and I and Datanees	\$672,007	Ψ0,000	ψ133,10-T	Ψ1,072,270	Ψ173,013

	FUNDS						
Measure G Cannabis	Measure C Wildfire Prevention	Capital Improvement	Bedroom Tax	Assessment Districts	Park Capital Projects	Open Space	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$846,507	\$26,277	\$999,203 22,979	\$130,150	\$223,742 81,400	\$17,936	\$117,755	\$14,946,428 104,379
121,744	974,473	498,169 1,443					1,909,099 157,577 1,045,581 1,734 920,826 503,310 89,761
\$968,251	\$1,000,750	\$1,521,794	\$130,150	\$305,142	\$17,936	\$117,755	\$19,678,695
	\$197,568	\$22,554 2,821					\$1,262,546 306,567 3,635 557,549
	197,568	25,375					2,130,297
							490,458 490,458
\$968,251	803,182	1,496,419	\$130,150	\$305,142	\$17,936	\$117,755	89,761 15,336,069 1,514,355 117,755
968,251	803,182	1,496,419	130,150	305,142	17,936	117,755	17,057,940
\$968,251	\$1,000,750	\$1,521,794	\$130,150	\$305,142	\$17,936	\$117,755	\$19,678,695

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		SPECIA	AL REVENUE F	UNDS	
		Baypoint	TT 1 11		Loch Lomond
	Recreation	Lagoons Assessment	Household Hazmat		#10 Community
	Revolving	District	Facility	Childcare	Facilities Dist.
REVENUES					
Taxes and special assessments		\$25,368			\$23,943
Use of money and properties	\$52,773	1,508	\$1,444	\$1,460	5,993
Intergovernmental	44,060			637,151	
Charges for services	1,431,873		181,384	2,669,140	
Other revenue	5,669			9,720	
Total Revenues	1,534,375	26,876	182,828	3,317,471	29,936
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government					
Public safety			114,486		
Public works and parks		13,000	,		11,175
Community development		,			,
Culture and recreation	3,713,516			3,341,499	
Capital outlay					
Total Expenditures	3,713,516	13,000	114,486	3,341,499	11,175
EVOCEO (DEFICIENCY) OF DEVENIUM					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,179,141)	13,876	68,342	(24,028)	18,761
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	2,250,000				
Transfers out	2,230,000				(8,544)
Transiers out					(0,344)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,250,000				(8,544)
Net Change in Fund Balances	70,859	13,876	68,342	(24,028)	10,217
Fund Balance, Beginning	413,693	190,369	443,289	368,580	761,291
Fund Balance, Ending	\$484,552	\$204,245	\$511,631	\$344,552	\$771,508

			SPECIAL REV	'ENUE FUNDS			
Loch Lomond Marina #2 Community Facilities Dist.	Library	Library Assessment	Public Safety	Stormwater	Development Services	Grants	Parkland Dedication
\$212,494 4,708	\$19,510 538,465 1,966 70,236	\$1,101,914 7,366 900	\$83,297 12,725	\$8,806 835,739 2,478	\$49,545	\$405,061	\$8,670 2,597
242,828	630,177	1,110,180	96,022	847,023	49,545	405,061	11,267
33,821			177,483	662,827		216,137 548,045	
	20,471	1,162,492		83,356			
33,821	20,471	1,162,492	177,483	746,183		764,182	
209,007	609,706	(52,312)	(81,461)	100,840	49,545	(359,121)	11,267
17,544			85,000				
17,544			85,000				
226,551	609,706	(52,312)	3,539	100,840	49,545	(359,121)	11,267
510,358	2,477,814	1,011,963	129,544	1,168,865	300,100	755,323	332,473
\$736,909	\$3,087,520	\$959,651	\$133,083	\$1,269,705	\$349,645	\$396,202	\$343,740

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		SPEC	CIAL REVENUE	FUNDS	
	Emergency Medical Services	Business Improvement	Pt. San Pedro - Maintenance Portion	Low and Moderate Income Housing	Measure A Open Space
REVENUES					
Taxes and special assessments	\$5,109,836		\$155,171		\$294,034
Use of money and properties			887	\$16,982	5,363
Intergovernmental	58,017				
Charges for services Other revenue	3,026,076		9 409	772 125	
Other revenue	426,685		8,408	773,435	
Total Revenues	8,620,614		164,466	790,417	299,397
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government				141,039	
Public safety	8,325,729		4.47.000		
Public works and parks			147,329		
Community development Culture and recreation					92,251
Capital outlay					24,695
Capital Outlay		•		_	24,073
Total Expenditures	8,325,729		147,329	141,039	116,946
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	294,885		17,137	649,378	182,451
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in					
Transfers out	(307,313)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(307,313)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(12,428)		17,137	649,378	182,451
Fund Balance, Beginning	845,028		122,899	1,223,192	598,505
Fund Balance, Ending	\$832,600		\$140,036	\$1,872,570	\$780,956

SPECIAL REV	ENUE FUNDS		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS					
Measure G Cannabis	Measure C Wildfire Prevention	Capital Improvement	Bedroom Tax	Assessment Districts	Park Capital Projects	Open Space	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
\$552,398 5,011	\$1,770,677 879,202 103,832	\$3,182 1,445,240	\$26,010 865	\$52	\$3,406	\$913	\$9,280,515 188,965 4,091,393 8,146,178 1,442,220	
557,409	2,753,711	1,448,422	26,875	52	3,406	913	23,149,271	
113,495 38,261	2,369,478	1,768,230			279		470,671 11,573,482 868,152 8,330,508 1,876,281	
151,756	2,369,478	1,768,230			279		23,119,094	
405,653	384,233	(319,808)	26,875	52	3,127	913	30,177	
							2,352,544 (315,857)	
							2,036,687	
405,653	384,233	(319,808)	26,875	52	3,127	913	2,066,864	
562,598	418,949	1,816,227	103,275	305,090	14,809	116,842	14,991,076	
\$968,251	\$803,182	\$1,496,419	\$130,150	\$305,142	\$17,936	\$117,755	\$17,057,940	

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL BUDGETED NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
	Rec	reation Revol	ving	Baypoint Lag	goons Assessi	nent District		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Taxes and special assessments Use of money and properties Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenue	\$28,900 73,945 1,784,047 570	\$52,773 44,060 1,431,873 5,669	\$23,873 (29,885) (352,174) 5,099	\$24,100 433	\$25,368 1,508	\$1,268 1,075		
Total Revenues	1,887,462	1,534,375	(353,087)	24,533	26,876	2,343		
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Public works and parks Community development Culture and recreation Capital outlay	4,028,756	3,713,516	315,240	229,378	13,000	216,378		
Total Expenditures	4,028,756	3,713,516	315,240	229,378	13,000	216,378		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2,141,294)	(2,179,141)	(37,847)	(204,845)	13,876	218,721		
Transfers in Transfers out	2,250,000	2,250,000						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,250,000	2,250,000						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$108,706	70,859	(\$37,847)	(\$204,845)	13,876	\$218,721		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		413,693			190,369			
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR		\$484,552		:	\$204,245			

			SPECIA	AL REVENUE	FUNDS			
**	1 1177	m 111.		CI III		Loch Lomond #10		
House	hold Hazmat		Childcare			Community Facilities District		
Final		Variance Positive	Final		Variance Positive	Final		Variance Positive
Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Duaget	Actual	(regative)	Duaget	Actual	(regative)	Duaget	Actual	(Ivegative)
						\$23,943	\$23,943	
\$619	\$1,444	\$825	\$1,772	\$1,460	(\$312)	1,655	5,993	\$4,338
		/=x	385,799	637,151	251,352			
183,824	181,384	(2,440)	4,200,000	2,669,140	(1,530,860)			
				9,720	9,720			
184,443	182,828	(1,615)	4,587,571	3,317,471	(1,270,100)	25,598	29,936	4,338
176,919	114,486	62,433						
						19,148	11,175	7,973
			4,676,630	3,341,499	1,335,131			
156010	111106	(2.422		2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		10.110		
176,919	114,486	62,433	4,676,630	3,341,499	1,335,131	19,148	11,175	7,973
7,524	68,342	60,818	(89,059)	(24,028)	65,031	6,450	18,761	12,311
						(8,544)	(8,544)	
						(8,544)	(8,544)	
\$7,524	68,342	\$60,818	(\$89,059)	(24,028)	\$65,031	(\$2,094)	10,217	\$12,311
	443,289			368,580			761,291	
	\$511,631		•	\$344,552			\$771,508	
	\$211,031		;	ψυ 11,002			\$771,200	

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL BUDGETED NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
	Loch	Lomond Mar	ina #2					
	Commu	unity Facilitie	s District		Library			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Taxes and special assessments Use of money and properties Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$80,000 851	\$212,494 4,708	\$132,494 3,857	\$5,344 1,000	\$19,510 538,465 1,966	\$14,166 537,465 1,966		
Other revenue		25,626		7,000	70,236	63,236		
Total Revenues	80,851	242,828	136,351	13,344	630,177	616,833		
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Public works and parks Community development Culture and recreation Capital outlay	131,210	33,821	97,389	40,000	20,471	19,529		
Total Expenditures	131,210	33,821	97,389	40,000	20,471	19,529		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(50,359)	209,007	259,366	(26,656)	609,706	636,362		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	17,544	17,544						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	17,544	17,544						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(\$32,815)	226,551	\$259,366	(\$26,656)	609,706	\$636,362		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		510,358			2,477,814			
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR		\$736,909			\$3,087,520			

Lib	rary Assessmen	nt		Public Safety			Stormwater	
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$1,100,487 1,341 900	\$1,101,914 7,366 900	\$1,427 6,025	\$75,000	\$83,297	\$8,297	\$1,956	\$8,806	\$6,850
900			15,000	12,725	(2,275)	827,500 5,000	835,739 2,478	8,239 (2,522)
1,102,728	1,110,180	7,452	90,000	96,022	6,022	834,456	847,023	12,567
			202,490	177,483	25,007	1,037,784	662,827	374,957
1,231,195	1,162,492	68,703				388,773	83,356	305,417
1,231,195	1,162,492	68,703	202,490	177,483	25,007	1,426,557	746,183	680,374
(128,467)	(52,312)	76,155	(112,490)	(81,461)	31,029	(592,101)	100,840	692,941
			85,000	85,000				
			85,000	85,000				
(\$128,467)	(52,312)	\$76,155	(\$27,490)	3,539	\$31,029	(\$592,101)	100,840	\$692,941
	1,011,963			129,544			1,168,865	
	\$959,651		;	\$133,083			\$1,269,705	

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL BUDGETED NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

_	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
	Dev	elopment Serv	vices		Grants		
-	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Taxes and special assessments Use of money and properties Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenue	\$37,801	\$49,545	\$11,744	\$499,250	\$405,061	(\$94,189)	
Total Revenues	37,801	49,545	11,744	499,250	405,061	(94,189)	
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Public works and parks Community development Culture and recreation Capital outlay				216,155 721,200	216,137 548,045	18 173,155	
Total Expenditures				937,355	764,182	173,173	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	37,801	49,545	11,744	(438,105)	(359,121)	78,984	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$37,801	49,545	\$11,744	(\$438,105)	(359,121)	\$78,984	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		300,100			755,323		
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR		\$349,645		:	\$396,202		

Par	kland Dedicat	ion	Emerge	ncy Medical Se	ervices	Busi	iness Improve	ement
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$671	\$8,670 2,597	\$8,670 1,926	\$5,144,745 181,100	\$5,109,836 58,017	(\$34,909) (123,083)			
			2,800,000 450,000	3,026,076 426,685	226,076 (23,315)			
671	11,267	10,596	8,575,845	8,620,614	44,769			
			8 8,561,579	8,325,729	8 235,850			
			8,561,587	8,325,729	235,858			
671	11,267	10,596	14,258	294,885	280,627			
			(307,313)	(307,313)				
			(307,313)	(307,313)				_
\$671	11,267	\$10,596	(\$293,055)	(12,428)	\$280,627			
	332,473			845,028				-
	\$343,740		:	\$832,600				=

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL BUDGETED NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			SPECIAL RE	VENUE FUND	S	
	Pt. San Pec	dro-Maintena	nce Portion	Low and M	Ioderate Incom	e Housing
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes and special assessments Use of money and properties Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$150,107	\$155,171 887	\$5,064 887	\$2,454	\$16,982	\$14,528
Other revenue	7,906	8,408	502		773,435	773,435
Total Revenues	158,013	164,466	6,453	2,454	790,417	787,963
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Public works and parks Community development Culture and recreation Capital outlay	185,200	147,329	37,871	141,039	141,039	
Total Expenditures	185,200	147,329	37,871	141,039	141,039	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	(27,187)	17,137	44,324	(138,585)	649,378	787,963
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(\$27,187)	17,137	\$44,324	(\$138,585)	649,378	\$787,963
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		122,899			1,223,192	
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	;	\$140,036		;	\$1,872,570	

Meas	sure A Open S	Space	Me	asure G Cann	abis	Measure	e C Wildfire Pro	evention
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$472,324 355	\$294,034 5,363	(\$178,290) 5,008	\$500,000	\$552,398 5,011	\$52,398 5,011	\$1,826,452	\$1,770,677	(\$55,775)
333	3,303	3,008		3,011	3,011		879,202	879,202
							103,832	103,832
472,679	299,397	(173,282)	500,000	557,409	57,409	1,826,452	2,753,711	927,259
59,760 604,765 58,825	92,251 24,695	59,760 512,514 34,130	464,308 35,687	113,495 38,261	350,813 (2,574)	2,369,518	2,369,478	40
723,350	116,946	606,404	499,995	151,756	348,239	2,369,518	2,369,478	40
(250,671)	182,451	433,122	5	405,653	405,648	(543,066)	384,233	927,299
(\$250,671)	182,451 598,505	\$433,122	\$5	405,653	\$405,648	(\$543,066)	384,233 418,949	\$927,299
•	\$780,956			\$968,251			\$803,182	



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds account for department services and financing performed for other departments within the same governmental jurisdiction. Funding comes from charges assessed to the departments benefiting from the service.

Building Maintenance Fund – Established to account for construction projects and cyclical large dollar maintenance tasks (roof, painting) completed on City owned buildings.

Vehicle Replacement Fund – Established to provide for the replacement of vehicles.

Equipment Replacement Fund – Established to provide for the replacement of computers and equipment.

Employee Benefits Fund – This fund is utilized for the payment of retiree benefits, unemployment insurance, accumulated leave requirements and other negotiated benefits not tied to a specific department.

Liability Insurance Fund – Established to maintain sufficient reserves for outstanding claims. All costs associated with liability premiums are paid from this fund.

Workers' Compensation Fund – Established to maintain sufficient reserves for injury claims. All costs associated with workers compensation, including safety training, wellness programs, claim expenses and insurance premiums are paid from this fund.

Dental Insurance Fund – Set up to maintain sufficient reserves for dental claims. All costs associated with dental claims and administrations are paid from this fund.

Employee Retirement Fund – Established to maintain sufficient reserves to fund debt service payments on the 2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds and other pension related obligations.

OPEB/Retiree Medical Fund – Established to account for activities related to the funding, administration and procurement of retiree medical benefits.

Radio Replacement Fund – Established to meet radio system operating costs, capital acquisition and replacement, and operating lease obligations for the Public Works, Fire, Community Development and Police Departments. The Marin Emergency Radio Authority (MERA) is a countywide JPA that has taken the roll in procurement and installation of a new digital radio system. This fund supports San Rafael's portion of the MERA efforts and related contractual obligations.

Telephone Replacement Fund – Established to provide ongoing support services for telephone equipment and usage throughout the organization.

Sewer Maintenance Fund – Established to record both the cost of providing services to the San Rafael Sanitation District and the charges for those services.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Building Maintenance	Vehicle Replacement	Equipment Replacement	Employee Benefits	Liability Insurance
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$3,394,947	\$6,359,927	\$6,082,097	\$850,642	\$5,669,702
Grants receivable	18,165				
Prepaid expenses			4,460		
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable assets	886,508	23,238			
Depreciable assets, net	5,658,343	5,016,452	121,844		
Total Assets	9,957,963	11,399,617	6,208,401	850,642	5,669,702
Total Assets	7,737,703	11,377,017	0,200,401	030,042	3,007,702
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	50,850	23,238	90,845	5,535	
Claims payable - due in one year					1,057,147
Long-term debt - due in one year	21,755				
Non-current Liabilities:					
Claims payable - due in more than one year					3,639,357
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	143,217				
Total Liabilities	215,822	23,238	90,845	5,535	4,696,504
Total Elabilities	213,622	23,236	90,843		4,090,304
NET POSITION:					
Net investment in capital assets	6,379,879	5,039,690	121,844		
Unrestricted	3,362,262	6,336,689	5,995,712	845,107	973,198
Total Net Position	\$9,742,141	\$11,376,379	\$6,117,556	\$845,107	\$973,198

Workers'	Dental	Employee	OPEB/ Retiree	Radio	Talanhana	Sewer	
Compensation	Insurance	Employee Retirement	Medical	Radio Replacement	Telephone Replacement	Sewer Maintenance	Total
Compensation	msaranee	remement	Modela	терисетен	Терместен	Mannenance	Tour
\$12,191,263	\$440,432	\$2,015,909	\$388,642	\$328,898	\$214,864	\$239,738	\$38,177,061 18,165 4,460
							909,746 10,796,639
12,191,263	440,432	2,015,909	388,642	328,898	214,864	239,738	49,906,071
3,216 1,744,875	7,410		33,406		31,001	239,738	485,239 2,802,022 21,755
9,160,343							12,799,700 143,217
10,908,434	7,410		33,406		31,001	239,738	16,251,933
1,282,829	433,022	2,015,909	355,236	328,898	183,863		11,541,413 22,112,725
\$1,282,829	\$433,022	\$2,015,909	\$355,236	\$328,898	\$183,863		\$33,654,138

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Building Maintenance	Vehicle Replacement	Equipment Replacement	Employee Benefits	Liability Insurance
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for current services	\$2,500,000	\$2,709,458	\$3,391,158	\$1,849,465	\$2,364,880
Intergovernmental	43,423				
Other operating revenues					1,500
Total Operating Revenues	2,543,423	2,709,458	3,391,158	1,849,465	2,366,380
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel				823,105	241,792
Insurance premiums and claims					2,433,183
Maintenance and repairs	225,381	17,132			
General and administrative	54,102		1,897,508	338,070	101,800
Depreciation expense	293,708	980,946	67,391		
Total Operating Expenses	573,191	998,078	1,964,899	1,161,175	2,776,775
Operating Income (Loss)	1,970,232	1,711,380	1,426,259	688,290	(410,395)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income	13,810	33,451	36,694	10,215	37,948
Miscellaneous revenues	,	27,808	,	,	27,510
Gain from sale of capital assets		33,698			
Loss from disposal of capital assets			(39,007)		
Total Nonoperating					
Revenues (Expenses)	13,810	94,957	(2,313)	10,215	37,948
Net income (loss) before contributions					
and transfers	1,984,042	1,806,337	1,423,946	698,505	(372,447)
TRANSFERS OUT			(122,000)		
Change in Net Position	1,984,042	1,806,337	1,301,946	698,505	(372,447)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,758,099	9,570,042	4,815,610	146,602	1,345,645
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$9,742,141	\$11,376,379	\$6,117,556	\$845,107	\$973,198

Workers' Compensation	Dental Insurance	Employee Retirement	OPEB/ Retiree Medical	Radio Replacement	Telephone Replacement	Sewer Maintenance	Total
\$4,553,295	\$456,968		\$1,780,000 881,190	\$713,526	\$479,464	\$2,889,223	\$23,687,437 43,423 882,690
4,553,295	456,968		2,661,190	713,526	479,464	2,889,223	24,613,550
175,795 3,972,017 195,209	343,787 44,325	\$2,000	3,445,837	388,993	64,143 587,315	2,783,793 107,815	4,024,485 10,194,824 306,656 3,717,137 1,342,045
4,343,021	388,112	2,000	3,445,837	388,993	651,458	2,891,608	19,585,147
210,274	68,856	(2,000)	(784,647)	324,533	(171,994)	(2,385)	5,028,403
74,962	3,194	18,292			2,020	2,385	230,586 30,193 33,698 (39,007)
74,962	3,194	18,292			2,020	2,385	255,470
285,236	72,050	16,292 (683,813)	(784,647)	324,533	(169,974)		5,283,873 (805,813)
285,236	72,050	(667,521)	(784,647)	324,533	(169,974)		4,478,060
997,593	360,972	2,683,430	1,139,883	4,365	353,837		29,176,078
\$1,282,829	\$433,022	\$2,015,909	\$355,236	\$328,898	\$183,863		\$33,654,138

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES S2,544,962 \$2,709,458 \$3,391,158 \$1,849,465 \$2,364,860 \$2,654 payments to employees for goads and services (291,183 \$3,4281 \$2,058,189 \$36,1029 \$1,870,000		Building Maintenance	Vehicle Replacement	Equipment Replacement	Employee Benefits	Liability Insurance
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Subscription of Capital payments Subscription of Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Subscription of Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Subscription of Capital assets Subscription of Capital assets Subscription of Capital assets Cash Flows from note payable Cash Flows from note payable Cash Flows from Investing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Ac	Cash received from customers/other funds Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for salaries and benefits				(361,029)	(1,887,661) (241,792)
STANCING ACTIVITIES STANCE	Cash Flows from Operating Activities	2,253,779	2,655,177	1,332,978	665,331	236,927
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Financing Activities 27,808 (122,000)			27,808	(122,000)		
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 174,036 Proceeds from note payable (9,064) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (539,862) (156,141) Cash Flows from Investing Activities (374,890) (109,740) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received 13,810 33,451 36,694 10,215 37,948 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 13,810 33,451 36,694 10,215 37,948 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 1,892,699 2,606,696 1,247,672 675,546 274,875 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR 1,502,248 3,753,231 4,834,425 175,096 5,394,827 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR 3,394,947 \$6,582,997 \$6,082,097 8850,642 \$5,669,702 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activit			27,808	(122,000)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 13,810 33,451 36,694 10,215 37,948 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 13,810 33,451 36,694 10,215 37,948 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,892,699 2,606,696 1,247,672 675,546 274,875 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR 1,502,248 3,753,231 4,834,425 175,096 5,394,827 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR 33,394,947 \$6,359,927 \$6,082,097 \$850,642 \$5,669,702 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$1,970,232 \$1,711,380 \$1,426,259 \$688,290 \$681,395 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation 293,708 980,946 67,391 Net change in assets and liabilities: Grants receivable 1,539 (4,460) (4,4	RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from note payable Payment on note payable Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(9,064)				
Table Tabl	Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(374,890)	(109,740)			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,892,699 2,606,696 1,247,672 675,546 274,875 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR 1,502,248 3,753,231 4,834,425 175,096 5,394,827 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR \$3,394,947 \$6,359,927 \$6,082,097 \$850,642 \$5,669,702 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$1,970,232 \$1,711,380 \$1,426,259 \$688,290 (\$410,395) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash flows from operating activities: 293,708 980,946 67,391 <		13,810	33,451	36,694	10,215	37,948
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR 1,502,248 3,753,231 4,834,425 175,096 5,394,827 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR 83,394,947 \$6,359,927 \$6,082,097 \$850,642 \$5,669,702 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net eash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to eash flows from operating activities: Depreciation 1,502,248 3,753,231 4,834,425 175,096 5,394,827 \$6,082,097 \$850,642 \$5,669,702 \$1,711,380 \$1,426,259 \$688,290 (\$410,395) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to eash flows from operating activities: Depreciation 293,708 980,946 67,391 Net change in assets and liabilities: Grants receivable Prepaids Accounts payable (11,700) (37,149) (156,212) (22,959) (7,975) Claims payable Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities \$2,253,779 \$2,655,177 \$1,332,978 \$665,331 \$236,927	Cash Flows from Investing Activities	13,810	33,451	36,694	10,215	37,948
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR \$3,394,947 \$6,359,927 \$6,082,097 \$850,642 \$5,669,702 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,892,699	2,606,696	1,247,672	675,546	274,875
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,502,248	3,753,231	4,834,425	175,096	5,394,827
provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$1,970,232 \$1,711,380 \$1,426,259 \$688,290 (\$410,395) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation \$293,708 \$980,946 \$67,391	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$3,394,947	\$6,359,927	\$6,082,097	\$850,642	\$5,669,702
Depreciation 293,708 980,946 67,391 Net change in assets and liabilities: Grants receivable 1,539 Prepaids (4,460) Accounts payable (11,700) (37,149) (156,212) (22,959) (7,975) Claims payable Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities \$2,253,779 \$2,655,177 \$1,332,978 \$665,331 \$236,927 NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS:	provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income	\$1,970,232	\$1,711,380	\$1,426,259	\$688,290	(\$410,395)
Grants receivable Prepaids Prepaids Accounts payable Claims payable (1,539 (4,460) (4,460) (1,700) (37,149) (156,212) (22,959) (7,975) (1,795) (2,795) (1,795) (Depreciation	293,708	980,946	67,391		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities \$2,253,779 \$2,655,177 \$1,332,978 \$665,331 \$236,927 NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS:	Grants receivable Prepaids Accounts payable		(37,149)		(22,959)	
NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS:			00.657.175			
		\$2,253,779	\$2,655,177	\$1,332,978	\$665,331	\$236,927
			(\$12,703)	(\$39,007)		

Workers' Compensation	Dental Insurance	Employee Retirement	OPEB/ Employee Retirement	Radio Replacement	Telephone Replacement	Sewer Maintenance	Total
\$4,553,295 (1,487,180) (175,795)	\$456,968 (384,244)	(\$2,000)	\$1,780,000 (3,438,270) 881,190	\$713,526 (388,993)	\$479,464 (635,702)	\$2,889,223 (2,727,750)	\$23,732,399 (13,716,473) (1,240,692) 882,690
2,890,320	72,724	(2,000)	(777,080)	324,533	(156,238)	161,473	9,657,924
		(683,813)				2,385	30,193 (805,813)
		(683,813)				2,385	(775,620)
							174,036 (9,064) (696,003) 46,401
							(484,630)
74,962	3,194	18,292			2,020		230,586
74,962	3,194	18,292			2,020		230,586
2,965,282	75,918	(667,521)	(777,080)	324,533	(154,218)	163,858	8,628,260
9,225,981	364,514	2,683,430	1,165,722	4,365	369,082	75,880	29,548,801
\$12,191,263	\$440,432	\$2,015,909	\$388,642	\$328,898	\$214,864	\$239,738	\$38,177,061
\$210,274	\$68,856	(\$2,000)	(\$784,647)	\$324,533	(\$171,994)	(\$2,385)	\$5,028,403
							1,342,045
2,524 2,677,522	3,868		7,567		15,756	163,858	1,539 (4,460) (42,422) 3,332,819
\$2,890,320	\$72,724	(\$2,000)	(\$777,080)	\$324,533	(\$156,238)	\$161,473	\$9,657,924
							(\$51,710)





San Rafael Public Library

STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time:

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax:

- 1. Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 2. Property Tax Rates, All Overlapping Governments
- 3. Property Tax Rates, Direct & Overlapping Governments
- 4. Principal Property Taxpayers
- 5. Property Tax Levies and Collections

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 2. Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
- 3. Computation of Legal Bonded Debt Margin
- 4. Revenue Bond Coverage Parking Facility

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 2. Principal Employers

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs:

- 1. Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
- 2. Operating Indicators by Function/Program
- 3. Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

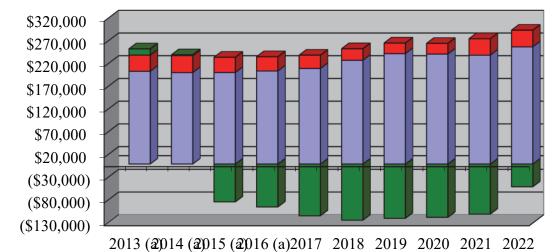
Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)





■ Net investment in capital assets

■ Restricted

■Unrestricted

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,						
	2013 (a)	2014 (a)	2015 (a)	2016 (a)			
Governmental activities		-		_			
Net investment in capital assets	\$193,222,791	\$190,286,275	\$190,621,085	\$193,707,175			
Restricted	35,780,412	37,339,141	33,389,224	31,286,725			
Unrestricted	11,151,318	(196,824)	(82,336,534)	(93,273,480)			
Total governmental activities net position	\$240,154,521	\$227,428,592	\$141,673,775	\$131,720,420			
Business-type activities							
Net investment in capital assets	\$10,670,190	\$10,786,591	\$10,744,952	\$10,958,058			
Unrestricted	2,501,498	2,049,957	(938,519)	(1,136,050)			
Total business-type activities net position	\$13,171,688	\$12,836,548	\$9,806,433	\$9,822,008			
Primary government							
Net investment in capital assets	\$203,892,981	\$201,072,866	\$201,366,037	\$204,665,233			
Restricted	35,780,412	37,339,141	33,389,224	31,286,725			
Unrestricted	13,652,816	1,853,133	(83,275,053)	(94,409,530)			
Total primary government net position	\$253,326,209	\$240,265,140	\$151,480,208	\$141,542,428			

⁽a) The City adjusted certain beginning balances during fiscal years 2013-2014, 2014-2015 and 2016-2017. Financial data shown for proceeding years were not adjusted for the presentation.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$199,202,842	\$217,170,376	\$231,844,210	\$230,737,025	\$228,252,998	\$246,437,706
29,225,643	25,549,583	23,288,874	23,522,748	36,175,158	36,668,766
(112,913,181)	(122,577,233)	(118,215,177)	(116,133,437)	(107,929,957)	(48,883,395)
\$115,515,304	\$120,142,726	\$136,917,907	\$138,126,336	\$156,498,199	\$234,223,077
#10.060.642	#10.051.510	#11.000.40 (011 104 551	011 174 601	#11.05 (222
\$10,968,642	\$10,951,518	\$11,023,426	\$11,104,751	\$11,174,601	\$11,256,222
(871,620)	(886,848)	(1,180,121)	(1,204,307)	(2,205,300)	(1,189,003)
\$10,097,022	\$10,064,670	\$9,843,305	\$9,900,444	\$8,969,301	\$10,067,219
\$210,171,484	\$228,121,894	\$242,867,636	\$241,841,776	\$239,427,599	\$257,693,928
29,225,643	25,549,583	23,288,874	23,522,748	36,175,158	36,668,766
(113,784,801)	(123,464,081)	(119,395,298)	(117,337,744)	(110,135,257)	(50,072,398)
\$125,612,326	\$130,207,396	\$146,761,212	\$148,026,780	\$165,467,500	\$244,290,296
				(110,135,257)	(50,072,398)

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$10,202,530	\$9,085,672	\$9,099,858	\$12,952,983
Public safety	41,966,065	43,800,158	39,968,631	55,399,798
Public works and parks	17,695,164	22,125,336	16,893,164	22,929,289
Community development	3,403,158	3,451,244	3,128,373	4,307,269
Culture and recreation	11,330,058	11,846,818	11,198,151	15,026,680
Interest on long-term debt and fiscal charges	283,805	327,350	284,288	277,263
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	84,880,780	90,636,578	80,572,465	110,893,282
Business-Type Activities:				
Parking services	3,545,387	4,125,476	4,249,597	4,762,851
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	3,545,387	4,125,476	4,249,597	4,762,851
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$88,426,167	\$94,762,054	\$84,822,062	\$115,656,133
Component Unit:				
San Rafael Sanitation District	\$10,169,082	\$11,378,055	\$11,375,239	\$11,654,767
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for services:				
General government	\$2,655,749	\$2,838,940	\$1,379,523	\$526,495
Public safety	6,478,321	6,014,034	4,966,251	4,939,658
Public works and parks	7,837,472	6,101,460	3,078,267	5,157,289
Community development	3,984,204	3,279,251	3,796,684	4,004,178
Culture and recreation	6,075,129	6,417,003	6,537,646	6,683,059
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	4,085,073	4,698,142 762,719	4,185,450	4,678,338
	5,876,993		1,308,027	1,470,953
Total Government Activities Program Revenues	36,992,941	30,111,549	25,251,848	27,459,970
Business-Type Activities:				
Charges for services:	2.000.706	4 405 204	5 172 557	5 212 101
Parking services	3,990,706	4,485,394	5,173,557	5,212,181
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	3,990,706	4,485,394	5,173,557	5,212,181
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$40,983,647	\$34,596,943	\$30,425,405	\$32,672,151
Component Unit:				
San Rafael Sanitation District				
Charges for service	\$12,413,123	\$13,732,496	\$14,629,758	\$15,414,530
Operating grants and contributions				
Capital grants and contributions				
Total Component Unit Program Revenues	\$12,413,123	\$13,732,496	\$14,629,758	\$15,414,530
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental Activities	(\$47,887,839)	(\$60,525,029)	(\$55,320,617)	(\$83,433,312)
Business-Type Activities	445,319	359,918	923,960	449,330
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(\$47,442,520)	(\$60,165,111)	(\$54,396,657)	(\$82,983,982)
Component Unit Activities	\$2,244,041	\$2,354,441	\$3,254,519	\$3,862,215

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$10,996,269	\$9,835,941	\$11,967,641	\$15,629,601	\$12,254,642	\$10,458,884
44,366,734	53,231,197	49,899,296	50,000,809	54,736,561	34,379,474
19,845,719	22,084,433	19,270,613	21,661,442	20,749,666	14,030,717
4,242,743	4,040,195	5,781,826	5,314,692	5,804,134	2,835,173
14,131,000	13,285,563	12,819,429	11,828,353	10,619,181	7,430,968
271,263	884,336	1,848,263	1,974,834	1,935,532	2,004,572
93,853,728	103,361,665	101,587,068	106,409,731	106,099,716	71,139,788
4,188,152	4,627,716	5,038,553	4,491,375	3,748,667	2,226,556
4,188,152	4,627,716	5,038,553	4,491,375	3,748,667	2,226,556
\$98,041,880	\$107,989,381	\$106,625,621	\$110,901,106	\$109,848,383	\$73,366,344
\$11,255,194	\$12,235,868	\$12,601,257	\$13,853,263	\$13,790,905	\$12,892,687
\$421,393	\$517,542	\$377,606	\$394,882	\$388,833	\$1,039,816
4,264,939	5,628,478	5,304,832	5,824,555	5,332,486	6,302,852
1,804,698	2,362,375	4,158,338	3,082,495	2,719,148	2,996,881
3,850,107	3,814,892	4,312,259	5,470,010	8,390,282	4,493,292
6,941,013	6,819,303	5,750,846	4,370,442	2,932,869	4,105,520
3,965,351	5,142,670	4,584,855	5,545,731	5,132,596	22,520,880
1,702,993	974,603	8,042,524	1,348,640	8,718,764	9,867,883
22,950,494	25,259,863	32,531,260	26,036,755	33,614,978	51,327,124
5,268,991	5,203,585	5,362,016	5,063,318	3,351,864	3,836,881
5,268,991	5,203,585	5,362,016	5,063,318	3,351,864	3,836,881
\$28,219,485	\$30,463,448	\$37,893,276	\$31,100,073	\$36,966,842	\$55,164,005
\$16,014,016	\$16,829,908	\$16,964,083	\$16,874,361	\$16,945,721	\$16,458,113
36,945	58,440	5,907	5,719	5,609	5,568
79,245	105,734	1,433,871	175,217	277,752	517,752
\$16,130,206	\$16,994,082	\$18,403,861	\$17,055,297	\$17,229,082	\$16,981,433
(\$70,903,234)	(\$78,101,802)	(\$69,055,808)	(\$80,372,976)	(\$72,484,738)	(\$19,812,664)
1,080,839	575,869	323,463	571,943	(396,803)	1,610,325
(\$69,822,395)	(\$77,525,933)	(\$68,732,345)	(\$79,801,033)	(\$72,881,541)	(\$18,202,339)
\$4,875,012	\$4,758,214	\$5,802,604	\$3,202,034	\$3,438,177	\$4,088,746

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL CHANGES IN NET POSITION

(continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

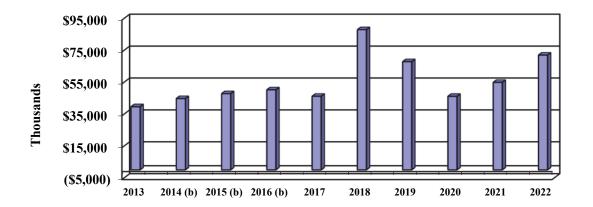
	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				
Governmental Activities:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$17,317,772	\$18,439,619	\$19,039,443	\$19,998,567
Sales	24,262,282	27,758,971	32,269,915	34,348,089
Paramedic	3,804,985	3,816,070	3,820,240	4,226,020
Transient occupancy	2,185,287	2,332,277	2,661,878	3,063,263
Franchise	3,331,160	3,260,958	3,272,390	3,418,277
Business license	2,507,785	2,588,728	2,670,071	2,824,664
Other	2,929,915	3,452,171	3,295,751	3,465,193
Investment earnings	991,762	184,171	216,066	300,091
Gain (loss) from sale of capital assets				
Miscellaneous	2,580,882	1,140,743	2,254,901	1,387,315
Transfers	423,817	449,917	432,630	448,478
Total Government Activities	60,335,647	63,423,625	69,933,285	73,479,957
Business-Type Activities:	2.520	4.055	7 000	1.4.700
Investment earnings	3,739	4,375	7,008	14,723
Gain (loss) from sale of capital assets	(400,017)	(440.017)	(422, 620)	(440, 470)
Transfers	(423,817)	(449,917)	(432,630)	(448,478)
Total Business-Type Activities	(420,078)	(445,542)	(425,622)	(433,755)
Total Primary Government	\$59,915,569	\$62,978,083	\$69,507,663	\$73,046,202
Component Unit:				
San Rafael Sanitation District				
Property Taxes	\$1,177,469	\$1,345,018	\$1,319,852	\$1,367,172
Investment earnings	25,591	151,729	171,804	46,225
Miscellaneous	,	,	,	,
Aid from other governmental agencies	56,589	22,125	35,090	
Total Component Unit	\$1,259,649	\$1,518,872	\$1,526,746	\$1,413,397
Special Item				
Governmental Activities			\$4,462,815	
Component Unit Activities			(\$4,462,815)	
Change in Net Position				
Governmental Activities	\$12,447,808	\$2,898,596	\$19,075,483	(\$9,953,355)
Business-Type Activities	25,241	(85,624)	498,338	15,575
Total Primary Government	\$12,473,049	\$2,812,972	\$19,573,821	(\$9,937,780)
Change in Net Position				
Component Unit Activities	\$3,503,690	\$3,873,313	\$318,450	\$5,275,612

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$23,343,140	\$24,627,373	\$25,903,240	\$26,491,505	\$30,993,516	\$32,324,129
31,819,259	34,119,502	35,626,646	33,784,770	39,599,113	44,110,471
5,485,637	4,923,148	4,934,584	4,923,092	5,153,448	5,109,836
2,984,758	3,115,151	3,203,499	2,410,745	1,797,578	2,976,234
3,610,824	3,726,841	3,627,254	4,029,050	3,973,806	4,209,979
2,774,803	2,790,212	2,788,496	2,824,722	2,575,341	2,645,636
1,824,830	2,245,882	1,783,170	2,152,617	2,996,950	3,108,543
210,628	556,745	1,450,434	1,907,591	388,645	(1,424,183)
				26,784	989,991
2,448,604	5,991,713	5,904,968	2,470,926	2,813,015	2,965,697
536,000	632,657	608,698	586,387	538,405	521,209
75,038,483	82,729,224	85,830,989	81,581,405	90,856,601	97,537,542
10,810	24,436	63,870	71,583	4,065	8,802
(536,000)	(632,657)	(608,698)	(586,387)	(538,405)	(521,209)
(525,190)	(608,221)	(544,828)	(514,804)	(534,340)	(512,407)
\$74,513,293	\$82,121,003	\$85,286,161	\$81,066,601	\$90,322,261	\$97,025,135
\$1,528,047	\$1,620,584	\$1,727,221	\$1,833,137	\$1,888,197	\$2,086,682
97,090	234,379	519,793	876,369	48,614	(406,535)
	10,690	7,768	489		,
\$1,625,137	\$1,865,653	\$2,254,782	\$2,709,995	\$1,936,811	\$1,680,147
\$4,135,249	\$4,627,422	\$16,775,181	\$1,208,429	\$18,371,863	\$77,724,878
555,649	(32,352)	(221,365)	57,139	(931,143)	1,097,918
\$4,690,898	\$4,595,070	\$16,553,816	\$1,265,568	\$17,440,720	\$78,822,796
\$6,500,149	\$6,623,867	\$8,057,386	\$5,912,029	\$5,374,988	\$5,768,893
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CITY SAN RAFAEL FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)



■ Total Fund Balance

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
	2013	2014 (b)	2015 (b)	2016 (b)
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$527,235	\$503,338	\$399,299	\$476,316
Restricted				
Committed	800,876			
Assigned	2,476,676	6,866,149	12,374,002	16,440,910
Unassigned			1,588,500	1,772,577
Total General Fund	\$3,804,787	\$7,369,487	\$14,361,801	\$18,689,803
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	\$51,521	\$8,719	\$2,359	\$9,449
Restricted	20,769,546	30,185,064	31,742,184	27,552,245
Committed	8,447,495	2,185,825	931,871	3,799,421
Assigned	6,511,850	4,959,533	712,810	119,183
Unassigned				
Total all other governmental funds	\$35,780,412	\$37,339,141	\$33,389,224	\$31,480,298

⁽a) The change in total fund balance for the General Fund and other governmental funds is explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

⁽b) The City adjusted certain beginning balances during fiscal years 2013-2014, 2014-2015 and 2015-2016. Financial data shown for preceding years were not adjusted for the presentation.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 (a)
\$508,446	\$1,008,234	\$37,271	\$7,540	\$377,861	\$95,279
14,900,945 1,295,041	11,214,720	11,391,084 1,104,216	9,799,140	8,321,000 7,226,153 920,885	9,415,000 24,270,840
\$16,704,432	\$12,222,954	\$12,532,571	\$9,806,680	\$16,845,899	\$33,781,119
	\$302,366	\$27,627	\$7,813		\$89,761
\$25,812,405	73,489,688	53,260,504	34,288,302	\$36,043,515	36,443,519
3,491,708	1,754,983	1,901,271	1,884,153	1,831,036	1,514,355
115,103	115,942	118,139	120,920 (11,118)	116,842	117,755
\$29,419,216	\$75,662,979	\$55,307,541	\$36,290,070	\$37,991,393	\$38,165,390

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

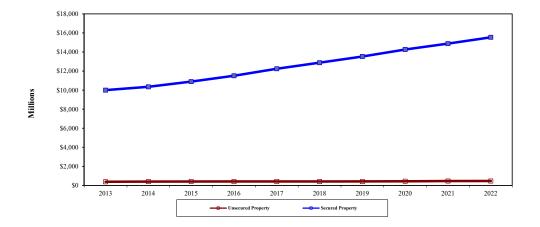
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fiscal Year Endo	ed June 30,	
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues				
Taxes and special assessments	\$51,549,306	\$56,686,142	\$61,804,228	\$65,866,218
Licenses and permits	1,929,387	1,934,755	2,456,820	2,588,411
Fines and forfeitures	734,005	669,553	556,076	435,829
Use of money and properties	325,043	363,089	444,757	460,206
Intergovernmental	11,869,889	11,953,308	13,233,503	13,685,003
Charges for services	23,575,374	19,949,333	15,346,794	14,366,744
Other revenue	4,092,411	2,045,407	1,777,003	3,208,749
Total Revenues	94,075,415	93,601,587	95,619,181	100,611,160
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	10,529,480	8,678,833	10,203,687	11,349,079
Public safety	41,377,062	41,900,762	43,954,515	47,071,166
Public works and parks	12,002,448	13,697,957	12,758,643	14,390,699
Community development	2,961,275	3,296,375	3,416,859	3,670,108
Culture and recreation	10,591,057	11,106,367	11,616,777	12,048,104
Capital outlay	4,009,454	2,154,900	4,498,924	4,813,757
Capital improvement/special projects	5,284,720	7,168,776	2,186,986	4,826,576
Debt service:				
Principal		208,642	75,172	75,172
Interest and fiscal charges	283,805	327,350	284,288	277,263
Total Expenditures	87,039,301	88,539,962	88,995,851	98,521,924
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	7,036,114	5,061,625	6,623,330	2,089,236
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Issuance of debt				
Proceeds from PG&E loans		568,481		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				
Transfers in	8,425,474	3,655,302	4,348,149	7,533,364
Transfers (out)	(6,711,657)	(3,053,865)	(3,051,499)	(6,582,555)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,713,817	1,169,918	1,296,650	950,809
Extraordinary Item				
Transfer to Successor Agency	(2,352,584)			
Net Change in fund balances	\$6,397,347	\$6,231,543	\$7,919,980	\$3,040,045
Debt service as a percentage of				
noncapital expenditures	0.4%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$71,166,891	\$74,893,789	\$77,101,185	\$76,410,697	\$86,347,728	\$93,604,982
2,559,841	2,718,166	2,661,500	3,047,144	3,000,666	3,077,355
400,283	384,268	337,680	350,388	219,030	296,300
349,349	654,531	1,583,060	1,537,869	667,104	(1,597,714)
8,063,156	8,878,974	15,602,264	9,287,181	16,859,749	34,239,157
13,425,161	14,660,094	15,166,876	13,834,843	15,065,363	13,315,014
1,842,053	5,219,414	5,158,042	2,309,226	1,875,299	4,199,820
97,806,734	107,409,236	117,610,607	106,777,348	124,034,939	147,134,914
10,557,416	10,010,100	12,553,499	16,689,526	12,426,899	17,716,666
49,018,153	51,805,708	51,678,876	50,071,531	54,363,872	58,397,721
16,752,961	17,647,312	15,617,622	17,453,823	15,110,972	16,495,547
3,759,564	4,051,224	4,988,260	5,276,887	6,270,129	5,736,213
12,646,728	12,823,771	12,468,008	11,179,410	9,700,739	11,319,546
2,100,926	22,815,967	38,701,047	25,984,748	13,635,066	17,345,454
7,403,249					
175,172	280,172	495,172	618,316	2,563,711	2,829,057
271,263	1,005,636	2,356,207	2,482,778	2,443,476	2,512,515
102,685,432	120,439,890	138,858,691	129,757,019	116,514,864	132,352,719
(4,878,698)	(13,030,654)	(21,248,084)	(22,979,671)	7,520,075	14,782,195
	46,565,800		23,999		
					1,000,000
9,287,007	68,351,964	15,482,297	13,797,526	7,549,590	6,441,764
(8,454,762)	(68,373,222)	(14,280,034)	(12,585,216)	(6,329,123)	(5,114,742)
832,245	46,544,542	1,202,263	1,236,309	1,220,467	2,327,022
(\$4,046,453)	\$33,513,888	(\$20,045,821)	(\$21,743,362)	\$8,740,542	\$17,109,217
(41,010,700)	ψ33,313,000	(\$20,010,021)	(421,7 13,302)	Ψο, ετο, σπ2	Ψ17,107,217
0.5%	1.3%	2.8%	3.0%	4.9%	4.6%

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



	Real Property									Total Real							Total
Fiscal Year		Residential Property		Commercial Property		Industrial Property	Other			Secured Unsecured Property Property		Total Assessed (a)		Estimated Full Market (a)		Direct Tax Rate (b)	
														1100000000 (10)		()	(0)
2013	\$	7,265,617,525	\$	1,987,170,644	\$	245,917,096	\$	115,453,836	\$	9,614,159,101	\$	384,534,108	\$	9,998,693,209	\$	9,998,693,209	0.17456%
2014		7,558,708,224		2,009,718,415		245,674,195		130,594,237		9,944,695,071		402,261,887		10,346,956,958		10,346,956,958	0.11985%
2015		7,991,224,952		2,120,065,908		249,864,918		115,675,852		10,476,831,630		417,217,272		10,894,048,902		10,894,048,902	0.11657%
2016		8,511,358,216		2,221,843,976		263,830,302		108,982,883		11,106,015,377		400,942,059		11,506,957,436		11,506,957,436	0.11672%
2017		9,025,896,811		2,390,814,514		267,468,956		135,689,202		11,819,869,483		423,545,667		12,243,415,150		12,243,415,150	0.11693%
2018		9,522,645,933		2,532,439,852		276,751,912		128,305,868		12,460,143,565		417,902,554		12,878,046,119		12,878,046,119	0.11709%
2019		10,042,494,232		2,681,917,170		285,601,803		107,472,477		13,117,485,682		409,129,431		13,526,615,113		13,526,615,113	0.11742%
2020		10,545,909,554		2,850,424,603		293,144,677		127,151,762		13,816,630,596		442,888,708		14,259,519,304		14,259,519,304	0.11724%
2021		11,011,781,157		2,956,073,592		305,080,963		143,953,920		14,416,889,632		460,690,899		14,877,580,531		14,877,580,531	0.11734%
2022		11,516,548,822		3,109,589,216		311,491,969		138,527,146		15,076,157,153		463,320,122		15,539,477,275		15,539,477,275	0.11734%

⁽a) The State Constitution requires property to be assessed at one hundred percent of the most recent purchase price, plus an increment of no more than two percent annually, plus any local over-rides. These values are considered to be full market values.

Data Source: Marin County Assessor 2012/13 - 2021/22 Combined Tax Rolls

⁽b) California cities do not set their own direct tax rate. The state constitution establishes the rate at 1% and allocates a portion of that amount, by an annual calculation, to all the taxing entities within a tax rate area.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPERTY TAX RATES ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	City	County (1)	School Districts	Misc. Special Districts	Total	Total Direct Rate
2013	0.154	0.295	0.7743	0.0461	1.2691	0.17456%
2014	0.154	0.295	0.7890	0.0461	1.2838	0.11985%
2015	0.154	0.295	0.7651	0.0461	1.2599	0.11657%
2016	0.154	0.295	0.7846	0.0695	1.3028	0.11672%
2017	0.154	0.295	0.8251	0.0553	1.3291	0.11693%
2018	0.154	0.295	0.8127	0.0661	1.3275	0.11709%
2019	0.154	0.295	0.8495	0.0650	1.3635	0.11742%
2020	0.154	0.295	0.8289	0.0635	1.3414	0.11724%
2021	0.154	0.295	0.8221	0.0678	1.3389	0.11734%
2022	0.154	0.295	0.7995	0.0678	1.3160	0.11734%

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Like other cities, San Rafael includes several property tax rate areas with different rates. A mean average is indicated. **Data Source: Marin County Assessors Office 2012/13 - 2021/22 Tax Rate Tables**

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT & OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (RATE PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Basic Levy (1)	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Marin Community College Bonds	0.01780	0.02040	0.01800	0.01650	0.01420	0.03380	0.03390	0.02690	0.02650	0.02750
Marin Healthcare Bond	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02350	0.00930	0.02010	0.01900	0.01750	0.02180	0.02180
Miller Creek School Bonds	0.01540	0.01500	0.01470	0.04170	0.03830	0.02090	0.03450	0.03280	0.03030	0.01950
Ross Elementary School	0.06640	0.06570	0.06030	0.06150	0.06030	0.06190	0.06180	0.05710	0.05800	0.05760
Ross Valley School Bonds	0.06110	0.05960	0.05700	0.05550	0.05370	0.05680	0.05390	0.05270	0.05190	0.04870
San Rafael Elementary Bonds	0.02170	0.03320	0.02620	0.02570	0.05350	0.05030	0.07290	0.07050	0.06950	0.07400
San Rafael High Bonds	0.04960	0.05130	0.04850	0.04710	0.07100	0.05680	0.06170	0.06000	0.05830	0.04630
Tamalpais Union High School	0.03710	0.03860	0.03520	0.03130	0.02880	0.02690	0.02580	0.02390	0.02260	0.02060
Total Direct & Overlapping Tax Rates	1.26910	1.28380	1.25990	1.30280	1.32910	1.32750	1.36350	1.34140	1.33890	1.31600
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13	0.12313	0.12306	0.12233	0.12233	0.12233	0.12233	0.12232	0.12232	0.12231	0.12231
Total Direct Rate	0.17456	0.11985	0.11657	0.11672	0.11693	0.11709	0.11742	0.11724	0.11734	0.11734

Notes:

Data Source: Marin County Assessors Office 2012/13 - 2021/22 Tax Rate Tables

⁽¹⁾ In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

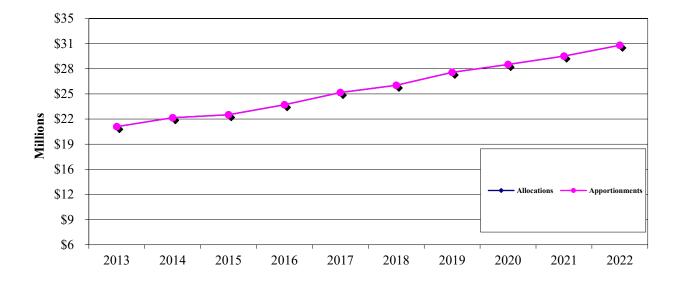
CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT FY 2020/21 AND FY 2012/2013

	 FY 2021-20	 FY 2012-2013				
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		
California Corporate Center ACQ LLC	\$ 286,882,364	1.85%				
MGP XI Northgate LLC	223,376,777	1.44%				
NCP Commercial	143,353,203	0.92%				
Kaiser	115,687,561	0.74%				
Pur San Rafael LLC	105,996,899	0.68%				
Bre Properties, Inc	66,994,467	0.43%				
South Valley Apartments LLC	56,863,460	0.37%				
North Bay 4040 TT LLC	54,228,065	0.35%				
Regency Center II Assoc LP	52,307,157	0.34%	\$ 42,728,882	0.43%		
Northbay Properties II	49,196,251	0.32%	42,394,545	0.42%		
Bay Apartment Communities Inc			40,340,145	0.40%		
Northgate Mall Associates			135,444,524	1.35%		
SR Corporation Center Phase 1			52,500,001	0.53%		
SR Corporation Center Phase 2			70,306,032	0.70%		
Sutter Health			49,632,065	0.50%		
Robert Dickson Trust			45,189,250	0.45%		
Rafael Town Center Investors			35,497,775	0.36%		
Marin Sanitary Service			38,365,767	0.38%		
Subtotal	\$ 1,154,886,204	7.43%	\$ 552,398,986	5.52%		

Total Net Assessed Valuation:

Fiscal Year 2021-2022 \$ 15,539,477,275 Fiscal Year 2012-2013 \$ 9,998,693,209

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

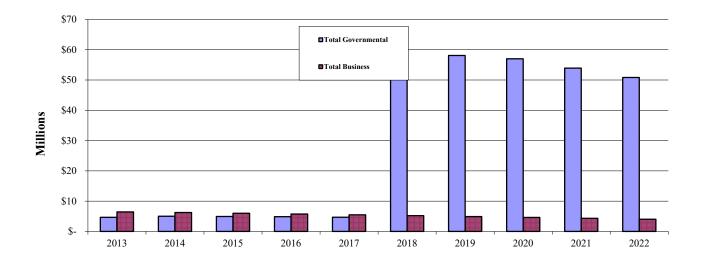


								Delinquent taxes
Fiscal								as a Percent of
Year	Rate	Levies	Allocations	Collections	Аp	portionments	Delinquencies	Allocations
2013	1.00	(2)	\$ 20,883,041	(2)	\$	20,883,041	(2)	0.0%
2014	1.00	(2)	22,001,357	(2)		22,001,357	(2)	0.0%
2015	1.00	(2)	22,376,457	(2)		22,376,457	(2)	0.0%
2016	1.00	(2)	23,636,093	(2)		23,636,093	(2)	0.0%
2017	1.00	(2)	25,173,651	(2)		25,173,651	(2)	0.0%
2018	1.00	(2)	26,088,961	(2)		26,088,961	(2)	0.0%
2019	1.00	(2)	27,718,712	(2)		27,718,712	(2)	0.0%
2020	1.00	(2)	28,709,606	(2)		28,709,606	(2)	0.0%
2021	1.00	(2)	29,762,184	(2)		29,762,184	(2)	0.0%
2022	1.00	(2)	31,129,632	(2)		31,129,632	(2)	0.0%

Notes:

- (1) Includes deductions for County property tax administration.
- (2) Information not applicable. All general purpose property taxes are levied by the county and allocated to other governmental entities.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



~			
(tove	rnmer	ntal A	ctivities

Fiscal Year	Note Payable	1	Pension Obligation Bonds	Lease Revenue Bonds	Total
2013	\$ 169,000	\$	4,490,000		\$ 4,659,000
2014	528,839		4,490,000		5,018,839
2015	453,667		4,490,000		4,943,667
2016	378,495		4,490,000		4,868,495
2017	303,323		4,390,000		4,693,323
2018	1,308,951		4,185,000	\$ 53,612,097	59,106,048
2019	1,233,779		3,765,000	53,104,153	58,102,932
2020	1,084,462		3,320,000	52,596,209	57,000,671
2021	905,751		2,845,000	50,178,265	53,929,016
2022	890,554		2,340,000	47,600,322	50,830,876

Business-Type Activities

			Bu	sines	s-Type Activit	ties			
Fiscal Year	Parking Services Bonds	ervices Note			Total		Total Primary Sovernment	Percentage of Personal Income (a)	Per Capita (a)
2013	\$ 6,445,000			\$	6,445,000	\$	11,104,000	0.44%	190.85
2014	6,186,403	\$	61,836		6,248,239		11,267,078	0.43%	192.38
2015	5,942,128		55,020		5,997,148		10,940,815	0.41%	185.87
2016	5,692,853		48,204		5,741,057		10,609,552	0.38%	175.13
2017	5,433,577		41,388		5,474,965		10,168,288	0.35%	167.13
2018	5,164,303		34,572		5,198,875		64,304,923	2.04%	1,060.25
2019	4,890,027		27,755		4,917,782		63,020,714	2.00%	1,049.54
2020	4,605,753		20,939		4,626,692		61,627,363	1.87%	1,030.44
2021	4,316,478		14,123		4,330,601		58,259,617	n/a	987.18
2022	4,017,203		7,305		4,024,508		54,855,384	n/a	905.80

In August 2012, the series 2003 parking services bonds were refunded with series 2012 refunding bonds.

Data Sources: City of San Rafael

State of California, Department of Finance (population)

U.S. Department of commerce, Bureau of the Census (income)

⁽a) See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT June 30, 2022

2021-22 Assessed Valuation: \$ 15,539,477,275

		Total Debt		C	ity's Share of	
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:		6/30/2022	% Applicable (1)	D	ebt 6/30/2022	
Marin Community College District	\$	584,795,000	17.343%	\$	101,420,997	
San Rafael High School District		165,382,827	79.145%		130,892,238	
Tamalpais Union High School District		84,535,000	0.064%		54,102	
Miller Creek School District (Formerly Dixie School District)		28,160,810	67.334%		18,961,800	
Ross School District		15,965,600	1.235%		197,175	
Ross Valley School District		40,714,478	0.011%		4,479	
San Rafael School District		124,227,855	84.549%		105,033,409	
Marin Healthcare District		365,425,000	20.766%		75,884,156	
Marin Emergency Radio Authority Parcel Tax Obligations		28,020,000	17.318%		4,852,504	
City of San Rafael 1915 Act Bonds		1,159,300	100.000%		1,159,300	_
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT				\$	438,460,160	_
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:						_
Marin County Certificates of Participation	\$	76,250,000	17.318%	\$	13,204,975	
Marin County Pension Obligation Bonds		61,840,000	17.318%		10,709,451	
Marin Community College District Certification of Participation		11,913,179	17.343%		2,066,103	
San Rafael School District General Fund Obligations		2,825,000	84.549%		2,388,509	
City of San Rafael General Fund Obligations		52,515,384	100.000%		52,515,384	(2)
City of San Rafael Pension Obligations		2,340,000	100.000%		2,340,000	_
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DI					83,224,422	
Less: City of San Rafael obligations supported by enterpr					4,017,203	_
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUN	1D L	DEBT		\$	79,207,219	
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency)) \$	2,027,822	100.000%	\$	2,027,822	_
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT DEBT					54,855,384	
TOTAL NET DIRECT DEBT					50,838,181	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT					468,857,021	
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT					523,712,405	(3)
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT					519,695,202	

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

Ratios to 2021-22 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.82%
Total Gross Direct Debt (\$54,855,384)	0.35%
Total Net Direct Debt (\$50,838,181)	0.33%
Gross Combined Total Debt	3.37%
Net Combined Total Debt	3.34%
Ratios to Redevelopment Incremental Valuation (\$3,311,940,202)	
Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	0.06%

Data Source: Avenu Insights & Analytics, California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

⁽²⁾ Includes \$890,554 PG&E notes.

⁽³⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL COMPUTATION OF LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2022

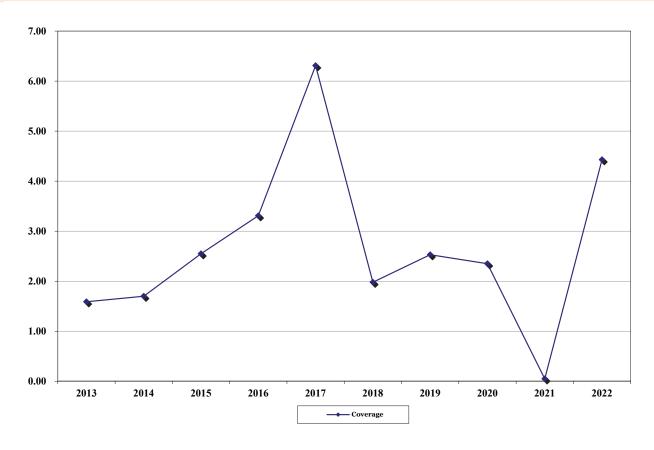
ASSESSED VALUATION:	\$ 15,539,477,275
BONDED DEBT LIMIT (3.75% OF ASSESSED VALUE) (a)	582,730,398
LESS AMOUNT OF DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT:	50,830,876
LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN	\$ 531,899,522

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit
2013	\$ 374,950,995	\$ 4,659,000	\$ 370,291,995	1.26%
2014	388,010,886	5,018,839	382,992,047	1.31%
2015	408,526,834	4,943,667	403,583,167	1.22%
2016	431,510,904	4,868,495	426,642,409	1.14%
2017	459,128,068	4,693,323	454,434,745	1.03%
2018	482,926,729	59,106,048	423,820,681	13.95%
2019	507,248,067	58,102,932	449,145,135	12.94%
2020	534,731,974	57,000,671	477,731,303	11.93%
2021	557,909,270	53,929,016	503,980,254	10.70%
2022	582,730,398	50,830,876	531,899,522	9.56%

NOTE: (a) California Government Code, Section 43605 sets the debt limit at 15%. The Code section was enacted prior to the change in basing assessed value to full market value when it was previously 25% of market value. Thus, the limit shown as 3.75% is one-fourth of that value.

Source: City of San Rafael's Finance Department

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL REVENUE BOND COVERAGE PARKING FACILITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



Gross Revenue (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
\$ 3,994,446	\$ 3,121,964	\$ 872,481	\$ 310,000	\$ 240,012	\$ 550,012	1.59
4,489,769	3,716,552	2 773,217	245,000	210,063	455,063	1.70
5,180,554	4,031,161	1,149,393	245,000	205,163	450,163	2.55
5,226,904	3,739,321	1,487,583	250,000	199,613	449,613	3.31
5,279,801	2,425,281	2,854,520	260,000	192,038	452,038	6.31
5,219,721	4,320,695	899,026	270,000	184,163	454,163	1.98
5,425,883	4,283,754	1,142,130	275,000	176,025	451,025	2.53
5,134,901	4,072,433	1,062,468	284,999	167,700	452,699	2.35
3,355,929	3,332,327	23,602	290,000	161,288	451,288	0.05
3,845,683	1,851,746	1,993,937	300,000	150,338	450,338	4.43
	Revenue (1) \$ 3,994,446 4,489,769 5,180,554 5,226,904 5,279,801 5,219,721 5,425,883 5,134,901 3,355,929	Revenue (1) Expenses (2) \$ 3,994,446 \$ 3,121,964 4,489,769 3,716,552 5,180,554 4,031,161 5,226,904 3,739,321 5,279,801 2,425,281 5,219,721 4,320,695 5,425,883 4,283,754 5,134,901 4,072,433 3,355,929 3,332,327	Gross Revenue (1) Operating Expenses (2) Available for Debt Service \$ 3,994,446 \$ 3,121,964 \$ 872,481 4,489,769 3,716,552 773,217 5,180,554 4,031,161 1,149,393 5,226,904 3,739,321 1,487,583 5,279,801 2,425,281 2,854,520 5,219,721 4,320,695 899,026 5,425,883 4,283,754 1,142,130 5,134,901 4,072,433 1,062,468 3,355,929 3,332,327 23,602	Gross Revenue (1) Operating Expenses (2) Net Revenue Available for Debt Service Principal \$ 3,994,446 \$ 3,121,964 \$ 872,481 \$ 310,000 4,489,769 3,716,552 773,217 245,000 5,180,554 4,031,161 1,149,393 245,000 5,226,904 3,739,321 1,487,583 250,000 5,279,801 2,425,281 2,854,520 260,000 5,219,721 4,320,695 899,026 270,000 5,425,883 4,283,754 1,142,130 275,000 5,134,901 4,072,433 1,062,468 284,999 3,355,929 3,332,327 23,602 290,000	Gross Revenue (1) Operating Expenses (2) Net Revenue Available for Debt Service Principal Interest \$ 3,994,446 \$ 3,121,964 \$ 872,481 \$ 310,000 \$ 240,012 4,489,769 3,716,552 773,217 245,000 210,063 5,180,554 4,031,161 1,149,393 245,000 205,163 5,226,904 3,739,321 1,487,583 250,000 199,613 5,279,801 2,425,281 2,854,520 260,000 192,038 5,219,721 4,320,695 899,026 270,000 184,163 5,425,883 4,283,754 1,142,130 275,000 176,025 5,134,901 4,072,433 1,062,468 284,999 167,700 3,355,929 3,332,327 23,602 290,000 161,288	Gross Revenue (1) Operating Expenses (2) Available for Debt Service Principal Interest Total \$ 3,994,446 \$ 3,121,964 \$ 872,481 \$ 310,000 \$ 240,012 \$ 550,012 4,489,769 3,716,552 773,217 245,000 210,063 455,063 5,180,554 4,031,161 1,149,393 245,000 205,163 450,163 5,226,904 3,739,321 1,487,583 250,000 199,613 449,613 5,279,801 2,425,281 2,854,520 260,000 192,038 452,038 5,219,721 4,320,695 899,026 270,000 184,163 454,163 5,425,883 4,283,754 1,142,130 275,000 176,025 451,025 5,134,901 4,072,433 1,062,468 284,999 167,700 452,699 3,355,929 3,332,327 23,602 290,000 161,288 451,288

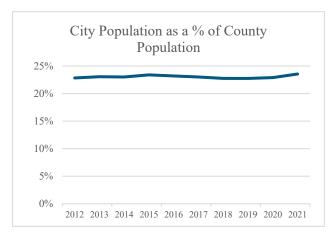
Notes: On March 26, 2003, the City Financing Authority issued lease revenue bonds for the design and construction of a new parking facility.

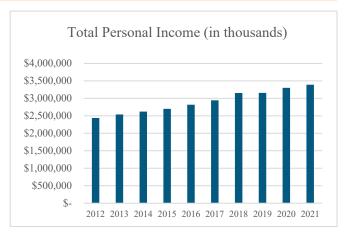
On August 12, 2012, the City Financing Authority refunded the series 2003 lease revenue bonds with series 2012 lease revenue refunding bonds to take advantage of lower interest rates.

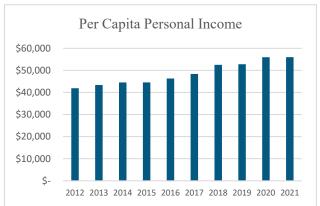
- (1) Includes all Parking Facility Operating Revenues and Non-operating Interest Revenue
- (2) Includes all Parking Facility Operating Expenses less Depreciation and Interest

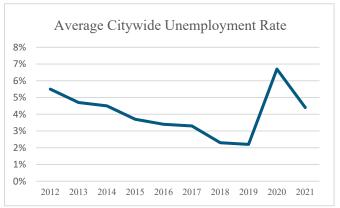
Data Source: San Rafael Finance Department Revenue and Expenditure Status Reports

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS









Calendar	City	Marin County	City Population	Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Personal	Average Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	Population	% of County	(in thousands)	Income (2)	Rate (3)
2012	58,182	254,790	22.84%	\$ 2,438,291	\$ 41,908	5.50%
2013	58,566	254,007	23.06%	2,538,895	43,351	4.70%
2014	58,863	255,846	23.01%	2,621,228	44,531	4.50%
2015	60,582	258,972	23.39%	2,699,436	44,558	3.70%
2016	60,842	262,274	23.20%	2,817,497	46,308	3.40%
2017	60,651	263,604	23.01%	2,943,227	48,374	3.30%
2018	60,046	263,886	22.75%	3,152,985	52,509	2.30%
2019	59,807	262,879	22.75%	3,156,708	52,781	2.20%
2020	59,016	257,774	22.89%	3,301,286	55,938	6.70%
2021	60,560	257,135	23.55%	3,390,278	55,982	4.40%

Source: (1) State of California, Department of Finance - Demographic Research Unit. The data represents the City's population as of January 1, of each year.

- (2) US Census Bureau, most recent American Community Survey
- (3) Unemployment Data: California Employment Development Department

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FISCAL YEAR 2021-2022 LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	20	21	2020		2019		2018	
Employer	#	(A)	#	(A)	#	(A)	#	(A)
Kaiser Permanente	2,339	1.82%	2,059	1.64%	2,014	6.22%	2,092	6.62%
BioMarin Pharmaceutical Inc.	950	0.74%	950	0.76%	950	2.93%		
San Rafael Elementary/High Schools Dist(s)	700	0.55%	700	0.56%	700	2.16%	700	2.22%
City of San Rafael	412	0.32%	405	0.32%	410	1.27%	410	1.30%
Dominican University of California	394	0.31%	394	0.31%	421	1.30%	319	1.01%
Buckelew Programs		0.00%		0.00%	103	0.32%	106	0.34%
Lifehouse		0.00%		0.00%	100	0.31%		
EO Products		0.00%	108	0.09%	150	0.46%		
Toyota Marin		0.00%		0.00%	141	0.44%		
Ghilotti Bros., Inc.	298	0.23%	298	0.24%				
Community Action Marin	200	0.16%	270	0.21%				
Equator Coffees, LLC	95	0.07%	88	0.07%				
Totals	5,388	4.20%	5,272	4.20%	4,989	15.40%	4,508	14.27%

[#] Number of FTE employees in Marin locations

(A) Percentage of total employment

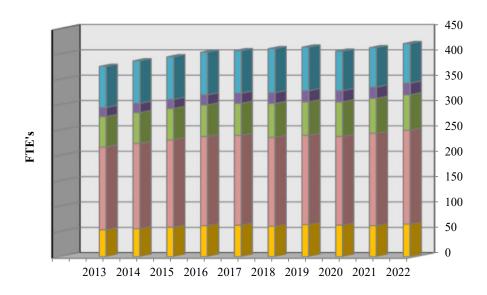
Note: From the EDD website, it shows that the Total 2020 Employment in the City of San Rafael was 125,600 of which it is used as the denominator for the 2020 percentages are calculated.

Data Sources: State of California, Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division & North Bay Business Journal (Annual Book of Lists)

20	17	20	16	20	15	20)14	20	13	20	12
#	(A)	#	(A)								
2,061	6.52%	662	2.02%	1,575	4.82%	1,637	5.26%	1,756	5.74%	1,803	6.68%
700 454	2.22% 1.44%	650 577	1.98% 1.76%	650 581	1.99% 1.78%	600 666	1.93% 2.14%	600 643	1.96% 2.10%	600 521	2.22%
456 240	1.44%	485	1.48%	422	1.29%	354	1.14%	347	1.13%	346	1.28%
240	0.7076	100	0.3770								
5,650	17.88%	5,314	16.20%	5,620	17.19%	6,025	19.37%	6,079	19.87%	6,715	24.87%



CITY OF SAN RAFAEL FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



■General Government ■Public Safety ■Public Works and Parks ■Community Development ■Culture and Recreation

013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
53.23	55.11	58.11	60.61	62.11	60.11	63.11	62.11	61.41	63.69
63.00	168.00	171.75	175.75	176.55	175.35	175.65	175.30	181.50	185.00
60.00	61.00	62.00	62.00	63.00	66.67	66.00	68.00	69.00	70.00
18.25	17.80	17.80	19.80	20.00	21.00	22.00	21.75	21.75	23.00
80.76	83.66	84.23	84.25	84.35	87.35	85.82	78.07	78.07	78.07
75.24	385.57	393.89	402.41	406.01	410.48	412.58	405.23	411.73	419.76
5 6 1 8	3.23 3.00 0.00 8.25 0.76	3.23 55.11 3.00 168.00 0.00 61.00 8.25 17.80 0.76 83.66	3.23 55.11 58.11 3.00 168.00 171.75 0.00 61.00 62.00 8.25 17.80 17.80 0.76 83.66 84.23	3.23 55.11 58.11 60.61 3.00 168.00 171.75 175.75 0.00 61.00 62.00 62.00 8.25 17.80 17.80 19.80 0.76 83.66 84.23 84.25	3.23 55.11 58.11 60.61 62.11 3.00 168.00 171.75 175.75 176.55 0.00 61.00 62.00 62.00 63.00 8.25 17.80 17.80 19.80 20.00 0.76 83.66 84.23 84.25 84.35	3.23 55.11 58.11 60.61 62.11 60.11 3.00 168.00 171.75 175.75 176.55 175.35 0.00 61.00 62.00 62.00 63.00 66.67 8.25 17.80 17.80 19.80 20.00 21.00 0.76 83.66 84.23 84.25 84.35 87.35	3.23 55.11 58.11 60.61 62.11 60.11 63.11 3.00 168.00 171.75 175.75 176.55 175.35 175.65 0.00 61.00 62.00 62.00 63.00 66.67 66.00 8.25 17.80 17.80 19.80 20.00 21.00 22.00 0.76 83.66 84.23 84.25 84.35 87.35 85.82	3.23 55.11 58.11 60.61 62.11 60.11 63.11 62.11 3.00 168.00 171.75 175.75 176.55 175.35 175.65 175.30 0.00 61.00 62.00 62.00 63.00 66.67 66.00 68.00 8.25 17.80 17.80 19.80 20.00 21.00 22.00 21.75 0.76 83.66 84.23 84.25 84.35 87.35 85.82 78.07	3.23 55.11 58.11 60.61 62.11 60.11 63.11 62.11 61.41 3.00 168.00 171.75 175.75 176.55 175.35 175.65 175.30 181.50 0.00 61.00 62.00 62.00 63.00 66.67 66.00 68.00 69.00 8.25 17.80 17.80 19.80 20.00 21.00 22.00 21.75 21.75 0.76 83.66 84.23 84.25 84.35 87.35 85.82 78.07 78.07

Data Source: City of San Rafael's Finance Department

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Function/Program				
Public safety:				
Fire:				
Inspection permit issued	307	261	282	198
Police:				
Police calls for service	42,707	51,261	55,805	57,026
Law violations:				
Part I crimes	2,523	2,289	2,533	2,523
Physical arrests (adult and juvenile)	2,951	3,227	3,450	3,453
Traffic violations	3,448	4,498	4,168	3,252
Parking violations	30,881	38,814	36,398	34,803
Public works				
Street resurfacing (miles) (Eng Div)	2.70	9.00	6.40	6.76
Potholes repaired	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asphalt used for street repairs (tons)	7,500	10,700	11,000	7,195
Culture and recreation:				
Recreation class participants	7,082	9,857	10,023	12,725
Recreation Facility Rentals				
Childcare School-Age program participal	nts			
Library:				
Items in collection	125,920	168,620	127,763	227,890
Total items borrowed	392,230	478,960	443,639	469,790

Note: N/A denotes information not available.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
233	186	123	167	207	195
53,567	51,013	47,919	47,968	43,649	42,901
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2,392	2,326	1,893	2,988	2,546	2,015
2,526	2,019	1,923	2,527	1,893	1,945
3,341	2,758	2,944	2,342	2,161	1,710
36,169	36,208	40,407	28,029	24,099	30,178
2.22	2.50	4.20	1420	7.00	11.70
2.32	2.50	4.30	14.30	5.00	11.70
N/A	N/A	N/A	967	1,368	1,024
5,800	4,730	7,200	5,885	3,650	5,100
13,493	12,842	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		5,146	3,875	1,550	1,962
		7,592	6,270	2,132	3,675
117,354	115,812	123,432	140,610	103,399	95,687
327,297	324,452	356,301	199,903	113,385	169,378
341,491	327,732	330,301	177,903	113,363	107,570

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Function/Program				
Public safety:				
Fire stations	6	6	6	6
Police stations	1	1	1	1
Police Fleet				
Public works				
Miles of streets	173	173	173	173
Street lights	4,435	4,435	4,435	4,435
Parking District lights				
Traffic Signals	89	89	89	89
Culture and recreation:				
Community services:				
City parks	20	20	20	20
City parks acreage	42	42	42	42
Playgrounds	14	14	14	14
City trails	20	20	20	20
Community gardens	1	1	1	1
Cultural Art Centers				
Community centers	4	4	4	4
Senior centers	0	0	0	0
Sports centers	0	0	0	0
Performing arts centers	0	0	0	0
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	10	10	10	10
Basketball Courts	5	5	5	5
Baseball/softball diamonds	5	5	5	5
Soccer/football fields	2	2	2	2
Library:				
City Libraries	2	2	2	2
Wastewater:				
Miles of sanitary sewers	179	145	145	145

Data Source: City of San Rafael's Finance Department

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	_	_	_		
6	6	6	6	6	6
1	1	1	1	1	1
173	173	173	173	173	173
4,435	4,435	4,435	4,435	4,435	4,448
89	89	89	90	90	90
20	20	20	24	24	24
42	42	42	99	99	99
14	14	14	14	14	14
20	20	20	20	20	20
1	1	1	2	2	2
			1	1	1
4	4	4	3	3	3
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
10	10	10	10	10	10
5	5	5	6	6	6
5	5 2	5 2	5	5 2	5 2
2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2
145	145	145	145	145	145

