

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2023



UC Marin Master Gardener Greenhouse, San Rafael, California



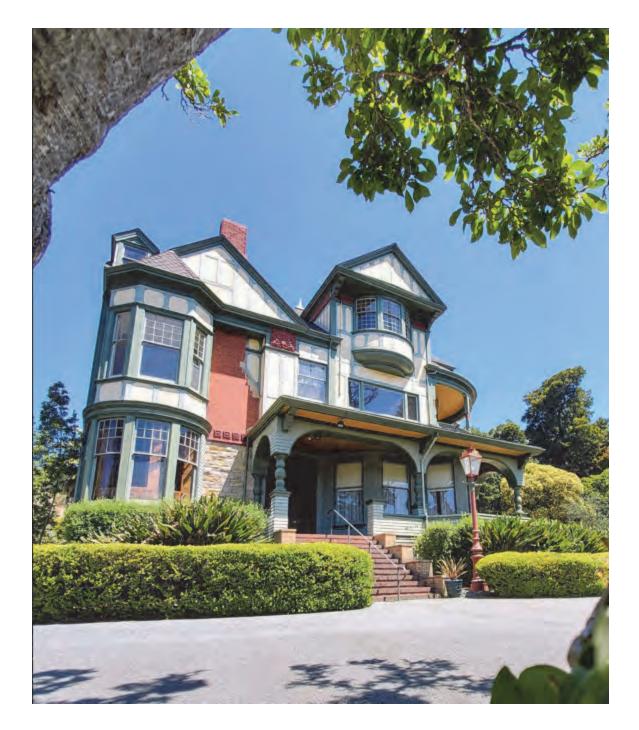
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

City of San Rafael, California 1400 Fifth Avenue San Rafael, California 94901

Prepared by the Finance Department of the City of San Rafael





Falkirk Cultural Center, San Rafael

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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November 20, 2023

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Residents of San Rafael:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("Annual Report") of the City of San Rafael ("City") for the year ended June 30, 2023, is hereby submitted as required by local ordinances, state statutes and bond covenants. This financial report has been prepared in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and includes the report of the independent certified public accounting firm, Maze and Associates Accountancy Corporation, which has issued an unmodified, or "clean" opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The independent audit of the financial statements is part of a broader, federally mandated examination known as a "Single Audit", which is designed to meet the needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audits require the independent auditor to report on the audited agency's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on such controls and requirements involving the administration of federal funding. These reports will be available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

City Management is responsible for both the data accuracy, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation of this report. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data presented is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the City. Further, the Annual Report is prepared in accordance with procedures and policies set by the Government Finance Officers Association. The analysis of the financial condition and the result of operations can be found in the financial section of the Management's Discussion and Analysis document. The Annual Report is organized into three sections:

- 1. <u>Introductory section</u>, which is unaudited, includes this letter of transmittal, an organizational chart, and a list of the City's elected and appointed officials.
- 2. <u>Financial section</u>, includes the basic financial statements, related footnote disclosures, and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, as well as the independent auditors' report.
- 3. <u>Statistical section</u>, which is unaudited, includes selected financial and demographic information, presented on a multi-year basis. Generally, ten-year data is presented for expenditures, revenues, assessed valuation for local properties and construction activity.



REPORTING ENTITY – PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of San Rafael is located 17 miles north of San Francisco in Marin County. Protected by its Mediterranean like setting along the shores of the San Francisco Bay, the City enjoys a mild climate year-round. As the County seat, San Rafael is considered the commercial, financial, cultural and civic hub of Marin County. Abundant recreational facilities are available in and around the City. The City's park and recreational resources include 24 city parks, 393 acres of developed parkland, city and county open space, and China Camp State Park. San Rafael is close to other attractions, including the Golden Gate Bridge, Muir Woods, Point Reyes National Seashore, Mount Tamalpais, multiple state parks, San Francisco, Oakland and the Sonoma and Napa wine country.

In 1874, the City became the first incorporated city in the county, later becoming a charter city in 1913 by vote of City residents. The City Council comprises five members; four are elected to four-year terms while the mayor is elected separately to a four-year term. The City's land area is 22 square miles, including seventeen square miles of land and 5 of water and tidelands. San Rafael's population on January 1, 2023, was 59,681.

Downtown San Rafael is the location of many community events, including Second Friday Art Walks, Mill Valley Film Festival, West End Block Party, Thursday Night Farmer's Market, Porchfest, and is one of only 14 designated Cultural Arts Districts in the State of California. San Rafael is also the heart of the County's cultural activities with venues such as the Marin Center, which presents numerous ballets, concerts, speaking engagements as well as the award-winning Marin County Fair; the Falkirk Cultural Center, providing art exhibits and children's programming; the Christopher B. Smith Film Center, and a host of other diverse dining and entertainment venues.

The City provides a full range of municipal services required by statute or charter, namely: police and fire protection, construction and maintenance of streets, parks, storm drains and other infrastructure, recreation, childcare, permits, planning, code enforcement, and a library system serving three locations. The City performed certain infrastructure construction and economic development activities through a separate Redevelopment Agency until its dissolution on February 1, 2012. The City of San Rafael accepted the role of Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency per Council action on January 3, 2012, and now conducts its economic development activities with funding from its General Fund.

The City and California Municipal Finance Authority compose the San Rafael Joint Powers Financing Authority, originally established by the City and former Redevelopment Agency for the purpose of financing redevelopment and other projects. The San Rafael Sanitation District is a discretely presented component unit of the City and is presented independent of City financial information. For a further explanation of these entities, refer



to Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the Financial Section of the Annual Report.

The City participates in various organizations through formally organized and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, these agencies exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreement including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, and the power to make and execute contracts. Obligations and liabilities of the separate entities are not those of the City. For a further explanation of these separate entities, refer to Note 12 – Jointly Governed Organizations in the Annual Report.

Building from more than a decade of community efforts to address San Rafael's aging essential public safety facilities, the Essential Facilities project continued during the year with phase II addressing which includes the modernization of Fire Stations 54 and 55.

Significantly, during the 2022-23 fiscal year, the City Council adopted a set of two-year Goals, Objectives, and Strategic Priorities that include:

- Economic Growth
- Sustainability, Climate Change, and Disaster Preparedness
- Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Belonging
- Housing and Homelessness

The programs, projects, and initiatives supporting these strategic goals will inform ongoing investment of city resources in the near term.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The City has a diversified economic base, which includes an assortment of high-tech, financial, service-based, entertainment and industrial businesses. Downtown San Rafael provides a mix of restaurants, retail shops and financial institutions. The City's varied economic base is reflected in its property tax base, which is 71% residential, 19% commercial, 2% industrial, and 8% unsecured and others. The top 25 sales tax producers provide about half of overall sales tax revenues.

The overall economy continues to navigate the impacts of the COVID 19 pandemic and, as of this writing, faces uncertainty of a looming recession. Inflation remains elevated but has eased from the highs of the last two years, and strong employment figures continue to justify further economic tightening. Economists are predicting pandemic fueled savings to begin running out through the latter half of the calendar year and a possible mild recession to follow.



Locally, Marin County is showing signs of slowing economic activity, however, remains at an elevated post-pandemic level. Unemployment remains low at 3.4%, below the latest state-wide rate of 4.6%, however the labor force has contracted by about 5% from pre-pandemic levels. In all, Marin County is still poised to weather the current period of economic tightening to return to growth in the medium term. Specifically, the San Rafael office market continues to see increased vacancies given the work-from-home policies by employers and reduced office footprints. This issue is not unique to San Rafael but impacts the entire commercial real estate office market. Depending on larger economic factors this could provide an opportunity for building redevelopment or reuse.

Economic Data

The following is a sample of economic attributes that make San Rafael an exceptional place to live and work.

- Economic development organizations in San Rafael include the San Rafael Chamber of Commerce, Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, Downtown Business Improvement District, and the Marin Economic Forum.
- Marin County's top employers include Kaiser Permanente, the City of San Rafael, Marin Independent Journal, Marin County Sheriff's Dept, YMCA San Francisco, Managed Health Network, Wells Fargo, Community Action Marin, and BioMarin.
- Major shopping areas, as measured in available retail square footage, include the Downtown corridor (938,000 aggregate), Northgate Mall (725,000), Montecito Center (130,000) and Northgate One (113,900).
- The top three sales tax categories during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, for San Rafael were: 1. Autos and Transportation (27%), 2. State and County Pools, which mainly reflects ecommerce activity (24%), and 3. Building and Construction (19%).
- Several hotels and motels support tourism activity, led by a combined 471 rooms in the Embassy Suites and Four Points Sheraton. Citywide, the total number of hotel rooms is 927. The Four Points Sheraton was recently sold for \$38 million and is slated for a significant rebranding and upgrade. In addition, a downtown AC Marriot recently opened its doors providing 140-rooms and a roof-top bar/lounge. Lastly, a 185-room dual branded Hampton Suites/H2 hotel has started grading construction activities.
- Establishing and maintaining affordable residential housing for sale and lease continues to be a challenge both in San Rafael and throughout Marin County. The median rent for an apartment in San Rafael is \$3,187. The median home value in San Rafael is \$1,341,284.



Recent growth and economic vibrancy:

- As mentioned above, the City is enjoying a boost in development of hotel rooms thanks to a new AC Marriott Hotel located in the heart of our Downtown. A dual-brand Hampton Inn/H2 Hotel is also coming soon in the East San Rafael neighborhood to serve a variety of large retailers and businesses as well as workers within the traditionally industrial area. These two hotels combined will add 325 new hotel rooms to the City and generate additional Transit Occupancy Tax (TOT).
- The City has recently entitled a major housing project at 1515 Fourth Street for 162 residential units and 8,900 sq. ft. of retail anchoring the western portion of the downtown. The development represents a catalytic investment into the downtown utilizing the City's recently adopted Downtown Precise Plan and State of California housing density bonuses.
- The City is processing a large project entitlement for redevelopment of the Northgate Mall. The proposed project would bring 1422 new housing units anchored by an IMAX movie theater, restaurants, and boost existing retail anchors.
- The City has adopted its first ever citywide Economic Development Strategic Plan in early 2023. The plan includes detailed actionable tasks that provide measurable benefits and value driving enhanced economic vitality.
- San Rafael continues to serve our local business and restaurant community by implementing a structured formal outdoor dining program called the Streetary Program, which replaced the temporary emergency outdoor dining program that greatly supported our businesses during the COVID-19 pandemic. In coordination with the Business Improvement District, the City has also reimagined the 'Dining Under the Lights' event into a tailored, post-COVID program including block parties and entertainment that draws foot traffic to our downtown and welcomed back the Thursday Night Farmers Market which did not operate in 2022

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to ensure that the City's assets are adequately protected from loss, theft or misuse. In addition, management controls ensure that proper accounting data is collected so as to prepare reports in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. It is management's belief that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance that financial transactions are properly recorded.

The City develops a budget based upon City Council priorities and department objectives. The Finance Department maintains a traditional line-item budget by major function. Budget control is accomplished at the functional or division level within each fund. This budget creates a comprehensive management and fiscal system aimed at achieving the objectives of each operating level consistent with those that have been set for the community by the City Council. Each department director is responsible for accomplishing goals within his or her functional area and monitoring the use of her or his budget allocations consistent with policies set by the City Council and monitored by the City Manager.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this City-wide document would not have been possible without the assistance of each of the City's departments. In addition, Finance support staff Kate Llamas, Whitney Zimmerman, Rayanne Lulay, Damien Oyobio, Claire Coleman, and Finance Manager Shawn Plate, with oversight by Accounting Manager Van Bach and Finance Director Paul Navazio were key to the timely issuance of this report.

We believe this document meets the Government Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting requirements and will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility. If accepted, this will mark the twelfth consecutive year for which the City received the award.

Lastly, we appreciate the ongoing leadership and support from the Mayor and City Councilmembers. Their strong commitment to financial accountability and stewardship provide inspiration to the organization and motivate a high level of achievement.

Respectfully submitted,

Cristine Alilovich City Manager

Paul Navazio **Finance Director**

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CITY OF SAN RAFAEL | 1400 FIFTH AVENUE, SAN RAFAEL, CALIFORNIA 94901 | CITYOFSANRAFAEL.ORG



MISSION STATEMENT

The Mission of the City of San Rafael is to enhance the quality of life and to provide for a safe, healthy, prosperous and livable environment in partnership with the community.

VISION STATEMENT

Our vision for San Rafael is to be a vibrant economic and cultural center reflective of our diversity, with unique and distinct neighborhoods in a beautiful natural environment, sustained by active and informed residents and a responsible innovative local government.

January 1996



City Council and Staff

City Council

Kate Colin, Mayor Maika Llorens Gulati, Vice Mayor Maribeth Bushey, Councilmember Eli Hill, Councilmember Rachel Kertz, Councilmember

Elected Officials

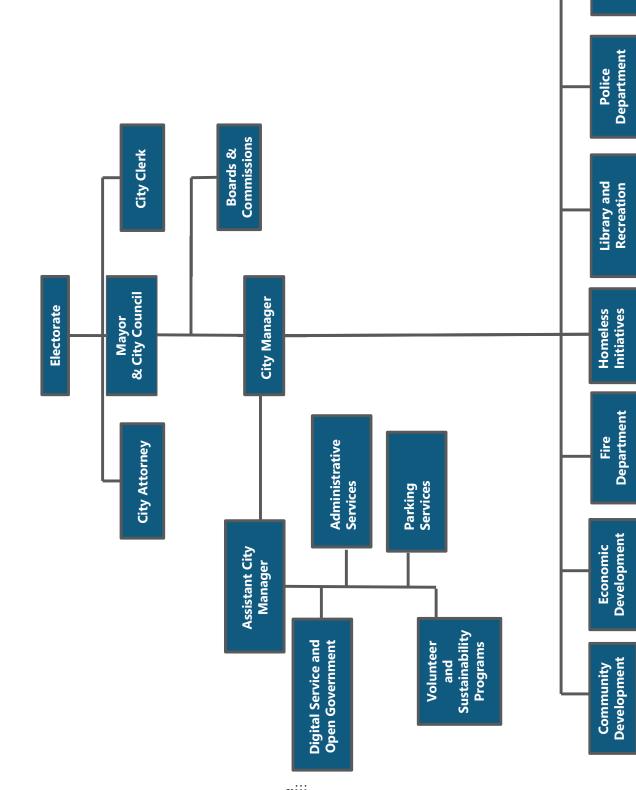
Rob Epstein, City Attorney Lindsay Lara, City Clerk

Executive Team

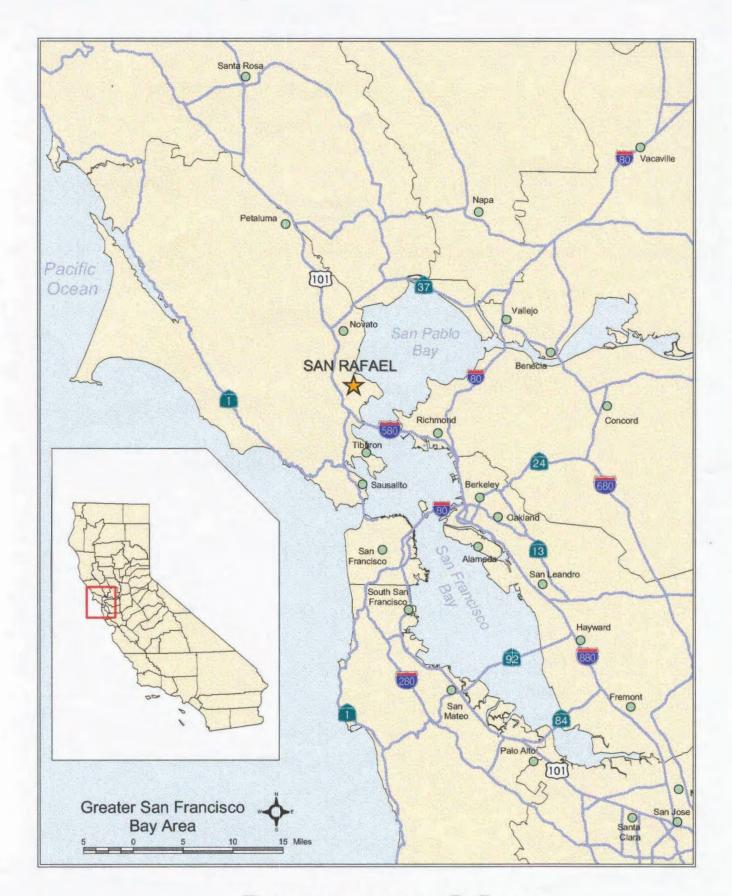
Cristine Alilovich, City Manager David Spiller, Chief of Police Darin White, Fire Chief April Miller, Public Works Director Alicia Giudice, Community Development Director Catherine Quffa, Library & Recreation Director Sean Mooney, Director of Digital Service & Open Government Genevieve Coyle, Assistant City Attorney Micah Hinkle, Director of Economic Development and Innovation Paul Navazio, Director of Finance



ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Public Works



LOCATION MAP

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of San Rafael California

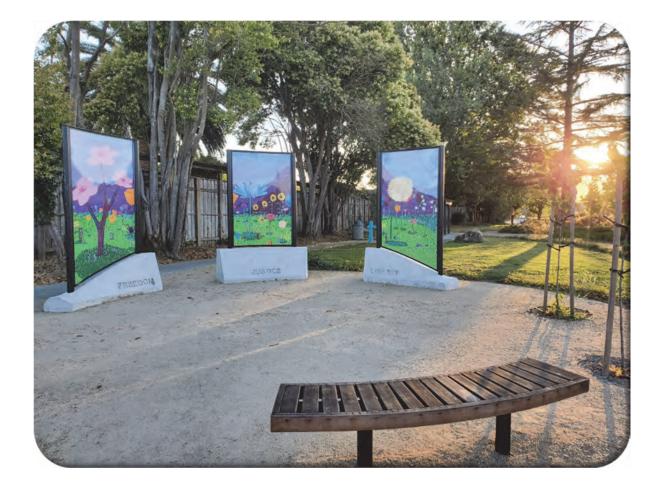
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





Arbor Park, San Rafael

FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of San Rafael, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of San Rafael (City), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirement relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government* Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Change in Accounting Principles

Management adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2023 and required restatement of certain governmental activities subscription-related balances as discussed in Note 1T to the financial statements.

The emphasis of these matters does not constitute a modification to our opinions.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Supplementary Information, as listed in the Table of Contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section listed in the Table of Contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exits, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Maze & Associates

Pleasant Hill, California November 20, 2023

This analysis of the City of San Rafael's (City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide:

- *Net Position* The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of June 30, 2023, by \$292.3 million.
- *Activities* During the fiscal year the City's total revenues of \$152.8 million were greater than expenses of \$104.8 million for governmental and business-type activities.
- *Changes in Net Position* The City's total net position increased by \$48.0 million in fiscal year 2022-2023 as compared to the net position of the previous year. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$47.3 million, while net position of the business-type activities increased by \$734 thousand.

Fund Level:

- *Governmental Funds* As of the close of fiscal year 2022-2023, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$78.5 million, an increase of \$6.6 million primarily due to receipt of grant funds in advance of capital project spending for projects such as the Third Street Rehabilitation project and the Pickleweed and Carnegie Library Renovation projects. Of this total amount, \$261 thousand is nonspendable, \$46.4 million is restricted, \$13.8 million is committed, \$17.3 million is assigned, and \$665 thousand is unassigned.
- Governmental fund revenues totaled \$147.6 million, an increase of \$500 thousand from the those of the previous fiscal year. Although the increase appears nominal, the prior year included the recognition of approximately \$16.1 million of one-time American Recovery Plan Act funds. The current year included over \$12 million in intergovernmental revenues related to the Third Street Rehabilitation Project against roughly \$3.3 million received for the project in the prior year. The remainder can be mainly attributed to a gain of \$1.2 million on the pooled investment portfolio during the year when compared with a loss of \$1.6 million in the prior year, as well as growth in taxes and assessments and charges for services of about \$5.3 million.
- Governmental fund expenditures increased by \$6.3 million to \$138.7 million, from \$132.4 million in the prior year. Major factors included increased project expenditures, most notably the Third Street Rehabilitation project, as well as compensation increases, and overall increasing costs for goods and services across all facets of operations.
- Enterprise fund net position increased \$734 thousand to \$10.8 million as the City's parking program began to rebound from the lingering effects of the pandemic during the year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is composed of the following:

- 1. Introductory section, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information
- 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis (this part)
- 3. Basic Financial Statements, which include the Government-wide and the Fund financial statements, including Fiduciary Funds, along with the Notes to these financial statements
- 4. Combining statements for Non-Major Governmental Funds and Internal Service Funds
- 5. Statistical Information

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which have three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The basic financial statements include the City (primary government) and all legally separate entities (component units) for which the government is financially accountable. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements for further information and analysis.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements present the financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances. These statements present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Additionally, certain interfund receivables, payables, and other interfund activity have been eliminated as prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position report information about the City as a whole. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities of the City using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all the City's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position*, City activities are separated as follows:

Governmental Activities – Most of the City's basic services are reported in this category, including Public Safety, Public Works and Parks, Community Development, Cultural and Recreation, and Government Administration (finance, human resources, legal, City Clerk and City Manager operations). Property tax, sales and use taxes, user fees, interest income, franchise fees, hotel taxes, business licenses, and property transfer taxes, plus state and federal grants finance these activities.

Business-type Activities – The City charges fees to customers to cover the full costs of certain services it provides. The City's Parking Services program is the City's sole business-type activity.

Discretely Presented Component Units – The government–wide financial statements include not only the City itself (the primary government), but also the San Rafael Sanitation District, a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for the San Rafael Sanitation District is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 25 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements and Major Component Unit Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City are divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds called major funds. Each major fund is presented individually with all non-major funds summarized and presented in a single column. Further detail on the non-major funds is presented on pages 124 through 139 of this report.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial capacity.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for government funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The City has thirty-two governmental funds, of which four are considered major funds for presentation purposes. Each major fund is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The City's four major funds are: the General Fund, Traffic and Housing Mitigation, Gas Tax and Essential Facilities Capital Projects. Data from the other twenty-five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 31 of this report. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 124 through 139 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds - enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its Parking Services program and reports it as a major fund. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its building maintenance; vehicle, equipment and computer replacement; workers' compensation; general liability; self-insured dental program; other employee and retiree benefits programs. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. There is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34 through 36 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City acts as an agent on behalf of others, holding amounts collected, and disbursing them as directed or required. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's fiduciary funds include a private purpose trust fund to account for activities of the City of San Rafael Successor Agency and a custodial fund that accounts for resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for the Pt. San Pedro Road Assessment District. Information for the fiduciary funds can be found on pages 38 through 39 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 41 through 96 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. One section includes budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and major funds (general, gas tax, and traffic and housing mitigation). The other section includes schedules of funding progress for the Marin County Employees' Retirement System and the City's OPEB plan. All budgeted positions that are filled by either full-time or permanent part-time employees (working seventy-five percent of full-time equivalent) are eligible to participate in the system and the OPEB plan. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 97 through 114 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position measures the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. During this fiscal year, the net position of the City was \$281.5 million from Governmental Activities and \$10.8 million from Business-type Activities, for a total of \$292.3 million. This represents an increase of \$48 million from the prior year's net position.

The following is the condensed Statement of Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

Summary of Net Position

(in thousands)						
	Governmen	tal Activities	Increase	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Increase
	2023	2022	(Decrease)	2023	2022	(Decrease)
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$135,941 311,664	\$174,072 294,928	(\$38,131) 16,736	\$1,745 15,162	\$3,568 15,281	(\$1,823) (119)
Total assets	447,605	469,000	(21,395)	16,907	18,849	(1,942)
Deferred outflows (Notes 9 and 11)	73,312	42,534	30,778	1,312	1,864	(552)
Current and other liabilities	18,677	19,246	(569)	503	533	(30)
Noncurrent liabilities	192,517	88,630	103,887	6,942	4,086	2,856
Total liabilities	211,194	107,876	103,318	7,445	4,619	2,826
Deferred inflows (Notes 4G, 9 and 11)	28,213	169,434	(141,221)	772	5,475	(4,703)
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	259,204	246,438	12,766	11,454	11,256	198
Restricted	46,773	36,668	10,105		0	0
Unrestricted	(24,466)	(48,883)	24,417	(653)	(1,189)	536
Total net position	\$281,511	\$234,223	\$47,288	\$10,801	\$10,067	\$734

Current and other governmental assets decreased by \$38.1 million, primarily resulting from the inclusion of a Net Pension Asset of \$46.6 million in the prior year that reverted to Net Pension Liability in the current year. The remainder is primarily the result of positive operating results as revenue growth outpaced expense growth during the year. The \$16.7 million increase in capital assets reflects project-to-date activity for major traffic infrastructure improvements, as well as Fire Station 54 and 55 construction and improvements. The increase of \$30.1 million in deferred outflows is primarily a result the impact of pension-related investment losses during the measurement year which caused the unamortized net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments to shift to a deferred outflow from deferred inflow in the prior year. In order to decrease the volatility of the measurement of net pension liability gains and losses in excess of those projected are capitalized and amortized over a five-year period. Current and other liabilities decreased by approximately \$569 thousand, primarily due a decrease in accounts payable of \$764 thousand. Noncurrent governmental liabilities increased by \$103.8 million mainly as a result of the reclassification of the prior year's net pension asset to a net pension liability mentioned previously. Deferred inflows decreased by \$141.2 million mainly as a result of the net difference between projected and actual earning on investments during the measurement period that resulted in a substantial net deferred outflow.

The net position in business-type activities reflects the fiscal activity of the Parking Services program and increased by \$734 thousand from the previous year as a result of a recovery in parking program revenues that had been slow to rebound from the impacts of the pandemic. Current and other assets decreased by \$1.8 million due the reclassification of the prior year's \$1.6 million net pension asset to a net pension liability in the current year. Correspondingly, noncurrent liabilities increased by \$2.8 million mainly due to the addition of the \$3.1 million net pension liability.

Capital assets decreased by \$119 thousand due to current year depreciation. The decreases in deferred outflows and related increases in deferred inflows and current and other assets were due to the pension-related adjustments mentioned above. The \$30 thousand increase in current liabilities is driven by the decrease in accounts payable to end the year.

At June 30, 2023, the largest portion of total net position in the amount of \$270.7 million consisted of the City's investment in capital assets net of related debt. This component represents the total amount of funds required to acquire capital assets less any related debt used for such acquisition that is still outstanding. The City uses these assets to provide services to residents. The capital assets of the City are not sources of income for repayment of debt as most assets are not revenue generating and generally are not liquidated to repay debt. Therefore, debt service payments are funded from other sources available to the City.

A portion of the City's total net position, \$46.8 million, is subject to external restrictions, and their use is determined by those restrictions whether legal or by covenant. In addition, the unrestricted negative \$25.1 million represents the extent to which the net investment in capital assets and restricted net position exceed total net assets.

Net Position as of 6/30/20	023
(in thousands)	
Invested in Capital Assets (net)	\$270,658
Restricted	46,773
Unrestricted	(25,119)
Total Net Position	\$292,312

Statement of Activities - Governmental

The following is the condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

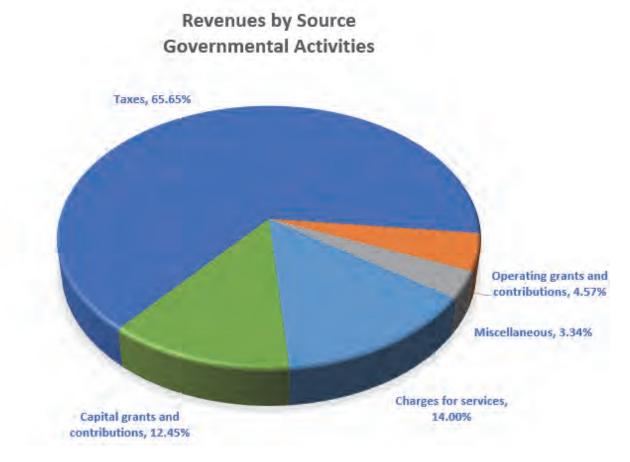
Summary of Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	Governmenta	Increase	
	2023	2022	(Decrease)
REVENUES			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$20,735	\$18,938	\$1,797
Operating grants and contributions	6,764	22,521	(15,757)
Capital grants and contributions	18,438	9,868	8,570
Total program revenues	45,937	51,327	(5,390)
General revenues:			
Property taxes	33,023	32,324	699
Sales taxes	45,633	44,110	1,523
Paramedic tax	5,224	5,110	114
Transient occupancy tax	3,396	2,976	420
Franchise tax	4,425	4,210	215
Business license tax	2,584	2,646	(62)
Other taxes	2,975	3,109	(134)
Investment earnings	1,709	(1,424)	3,133
Gain from sale of capital assets		990	(990)
Miscellaneous	3,233	2,966	267
Total general revenues	102,202	97,017	5,185
TOTAL REVENUES	148,139	148,344	(205)
EXPENSES			
General government	11,163	10,459	704
Public safety	49,904	34,379	15,525
Public works and parks	23,354	14,031	9,323
Community/economic development	4,437	2,835	1,602
Culture and recreation	10,723	7,431	3,292
Interest on long-term debt	1,793	2,005	(212)
TOTAL EXPENSES	101,374	71,140	30,234
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES	46,765	77,204	(30,439)
Transfers in	521	521	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	521	521	
Net Change in Net Position	47,286	77,725	(30,439)
Beginning Net Position	215,851	138,126	77,725
Ending Net Position, June 30	\$263,137	\$215,851	\$47,286

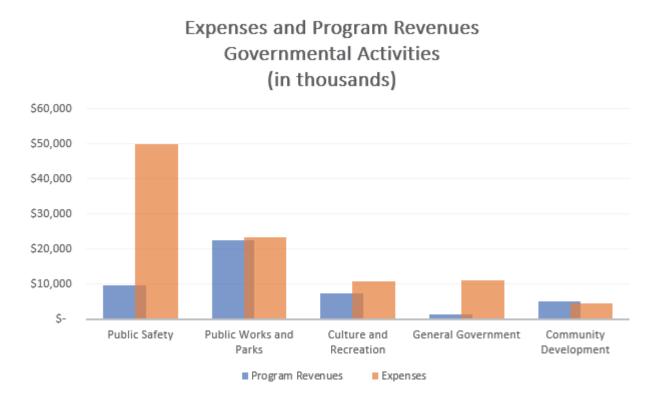
The City's governmental activities net position increased by \$47.3 million during fiscal year 2022-2023. Year-overyear revenues were largely similar to the prior year, however, there are significant fluctuations within program and general revenues to arrive at the total. Within program revenues, charges for services increased about \$1.8 million as the result of recovery in Recreation and Childcare programs from lingering effects of the pandemic, as well as growth in ambulance third-party billings. Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$15.8 million as the prior year amount included the recognition of \$16.1 million in one-time ARPA funds and Capital grants and contributions increased by roughly \$8.6 million mainly as the result of contributions to the Third Street Rehabilitation project. Within the general revenues category, investment earnings increased by \$3.1 million following the recording of a \$1.7 million gain during the year juxtaposed against the \$1.4 million loss of the prior year. The loss of the prior year was attributable to the rapid rise in interest rates during the period, causing a correspondingly sharp decrease in the value of bonds. Also of note, property and sales taxes continued to show strong growth, accounting for an increase of \$2.2 million in revenue for the year.

Overall operating expenses reflect significant increases for the fiscal year as a direct result of pension and OPEB adjustments made during the year. The prior year's amounts were anomalously low as a result of extraordinary market returns during the measurement period ending June 30, 2021, that was reported June 30, 2022. The adjustments for these expenses offset personnel costs in each functional area on the Statement of Activities for fiscal 2021-22. Market losses during the June 30, 2022, fiscal year have had the opposite effect on balances for the current fiscal year, thus presenting a large variance that is not consistent with the City's incremental functional program cost as presented on the fund financial statements.

The following graph shows governmental revenues by source:



CITY OF SAN RAFAEL Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



Total expenses for governmental activities were \$99.6 million (excluding interest on long-term debt of \$1.8 million). Program revenues offset total expenses as follows:

- Those who directly benefited from programs contributed \$20.7 million in charges for services.
- A total of \$25.2 million in operating and capital projects were funded by outside agencies through operating grants, capital grants, and contributions.

As a result, total expenses that were funded by tax revenues, investment income, other general revenues and fund balance were \$53.6 million.

Functional expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Expenses by Function

(in thousands)

Function	Amount	Percent of Total
General government	\$11,163	11.0%
Public safety	49,904	49.2%
Public works and parks	23,354	23.0%
Community development	4,436	4.4%
Culture and recreation	10,723	10.6%
Interest on debt	1,793	1.8%
Total expenses	\$101,373	100%

Statement of Activities – Business-Type

Summary of Changes in Net Position For the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands)

	Business-Type Activities		Increase	
	2023	2022	(Decrease)	
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$4,682	\$3,837	\$845	
Total program revenues	4,682	3,837	845	
General revenues:				
Investment Income	8	9	(1)	
Total general revenues	8	9	(1)	
TOTAL REVENUES	4,690	3,846	844	
Expenses				
General government	3,436	2,227	1,209	
TOTAL EXPENSES	3,436	2,227	1,209	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES	1,254	1,619	(365)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(521)	(521)	-	
Total Other Financing sources (uses)	(521)	(521)	-	
Net Change in Net Position	733	1,098	(365)	
Net Position, Beginning	10,067	8,969	1,098	
Net Position, Ending	\$10,800	\$10,067	\$733	

The net position for business-type activities increased from the prior year by \$733 thousand primarily as a result of increased program revenues following a sluggish post-pandemic recovery. In the prior two fiscal years the Parking services program was acutely affected by the lasting impacts of the coronavirus pandemic as reduced brick-and-mortar business activity and increased remote work arrangements reduced demand for street and garage parking.

Parking services is the City's only business-type activity with income derived from program revenues of \$4.7 million. Program revenues include parking meter coin income of \$1.4 million and parking garage hourly and monthly parking income of \$0.9 million. Revenues also include parking and non-vehicle code fines totaling \$2.4 million. Total expenses for parking services were \$3.4 million and transfers out to general fund and non-major governmental fund for support totaled \$521 thousand during the fiscal year 2022-2023.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds

Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances are classified in five categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based on a hierarchy of constraint. Further details on fund balance classifications can be found in Note 8B.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial capacity. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2023, the City reported a combined ending fund balance of \$78.5 million of all its governmental funds (an increase of \$6.6 million from the prior year): \$261 thousand is non-spendable, \$46.4 million is restricted, \$13.8 million is committed, \$17.4 million is assigned, and \$665 thousand is unassigned.

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City.

General Fund – The fund balance of the General Fund as of June 30, 2023, was \$27.8 million (a decrease of \$6 million from the prior year balance): \$78 thousand is non-spendable, \$9.8 million is committed, \$17.3 million is assigned and \$665 thousand is unassigned. The committed portion of the balance includes \$9.8 million for emergency and cash flow needs.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

The original adopted General Fund budget projected total revenue of \$96.8 million and transfers-in of \$1.8 million for total resources of \$98.6 million. This budget appropriated expenditures of \$93 million and transfers-out of \$3.3 million for total appropriations of \$96.3 million. Revenues were later increased to \$98.3 million as a result of increased sales and use tax projections at mid-year. Transfers-in were reduced \$639 thousand mainly as a result of foregoing the annual transfer of administrative costs from the Gas Tax fund to maintain capacity within the fund for project needs. Transfers-out were increased by \$13.5 million mainly for project support of the San Quentin Pump Station project (\$7.25 million), Liability fund projects (\$2.4 million), and other capital projects (\$3.3 million).

Actual revenues, at \$98.1 million, exceeded original budgeted revenues by \$1.3 million. The increase is largely attributed to increased sales and use taxes, property taxes, and hotel taxes received during the year. These revenue increases were offset by lower than anticipated intergovernmental transfers and charges for services eclipsing favorable fair value adjustments to the City's fixed income portfolio of approximately \$637 thousand. Expenditures of \$88.5 million were \$4.5 million less than original budgeted expenditures of \$93 million as the City experienced significant personnel savings on vacant positions during the fiscal year. The City Council took action to apply a portion of these savings to the Capital Projects and Liability funds for project support via transfers out.

Fiscal year 2022-2023 General Fund expenditures and transfers out of \$105.2 million exceeded revenues and transfers in of \$99.2 million by \$6.0 million. The variance is primarily the result of the utilization of ARPA proceeds received in the prior year.

	Adopted Budget	Revised Budget	Actual
Revenues	\$96,768	\$98,268	\$98,099
Transfers in	1,770	1,131	1,131
Total resources	98,538	99,399	99,230
Expenditures	92,971	\$94,447	88,450
Operating transfers out	3,307	13,486	13,486
Capital transfers out	-	3,307	3,307
Total uses	96,278	111,240	105,243
Net Results	\$2,260	(\$11,841)	(\$6,013)

Summary of General Fund Budget and Actual For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (in thousands)

Traffic and Housing Mitigation Fund – The City uses this fund to collect developer contributions to be used for major street improvement and housing infrastructure projects. During the year, the fund balance increased from \$4.9 million to \$5.7 million. Revenues totaled \$1.0 million, while \$223 thousand was charged against this fund to support the maintenance of the City-wide traffic model and the Grand Avenue Cycle Track project, which would add bicycle facility on the east side of grand Avenue between Fourth Street and Second Street. The balance in the fund is being held in anticipation of major street projects identified in the General Plan 2040 and other qualifying expenditures.

Gas Tax Fund – The City uses this fund to manage its allocation of State gasoline taxes and local funding for street maintenance projects. Gas tax revenues exceeded expenditures and net transfers by \$4.9 million in fiscal year 2022-2023 resulting in an increase in fund balance from \$6.9 million to \$11.8 million. The activities for the year were all planned and approved project work.

Expenditures during fiscal year 2022-2023 totaled \$16.9 million. In addition to routine street-related maintenance of \$1.3 million, major expenditures included \$10.1 million for the third street rehabilitation project, \$1.8 million for slurry seal projects, \$1.4 million for third street safety improvements, \$946 thousand for parking modifications and other enhancements at Spinnaker Point, and \$495 thousand for resurfacing and improvements to Bungalow Avenue.

The largest sources of revenues were \$1.1 million in development impact fees, \$1.3 million in federal grants, \$1.6 million from State gasoline taxes, \$1.4 million in State RMRA (Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account) funding, \$7.8 million in local Measure A and AA funding, and \$4.2 million in reimbursements from local agencies.

Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund – The City uses this fund to account for major capital improvements to public safety facilities. During the year, construction was substantially completed on Fire Stations 54 and 55. Expenditures during fiscal year 2022-2023 totaled \$6.2 million and transfers from the General Fund representing an allocation of Measure E Transaction and Use Tax totaled \$587 thousand.

Non-major Governmental Funds – The City's non-major funds are presented in the basic financial statements in the aggregate. At June 30, 2023, non-major funds had a total fund balance of \$29.5 million, a \$12.5 million increase over that of the previous year. The largest fund balance decrease, \$306 thousand, was recorded in the Measure A Open Space Fund as result of prior year fund balance being drawn down. The largest fund balance increase, \$5.4 million, was recorded in the Stormwater Fund as \$7.25 million in one-time funds were transferred from the general fund to support the San Quentin pump station repair project during the year.

Of the ending total non-major fund balances of \$29.5 million: \$25.2 million (86%) is legally restricted for specific purposes by external funding source providers, \$4.0 million (14%) is committed for special purposes by the City Council, \$119 thousand (less than 1%) is assigned, and \$183 thousand (less than 1%) is nonspendable. Additional information about these aggregated non-major funds is presented in the combining statements which immediately follow the required supplementary information.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds are presented in the basic financial statements in a manner similar to that found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. As noted in the Summary of Changes in Net Position – Business-type Activities on page 35, the City's enterprise fund net position increased by \$733 thousand during the fiscal year. The Parking Services Fund is the City's sole business-type (Enterprise) activity.

The parking services fund's operating revenue increased by \$845 thousand in fiscal year 2022-2023 to \$4.7 million. The enterprise fund operating expenses were \$3.3 million in fiscal year 2022-2023, an increase of \$1.2 million over the prior fiscal year. The increase in operating revenues was the result of continued recovery from the pandemic driving higher demand for parking. The substantial increase in expenses is a direct result of pension adjustments related to the measurement year ending June 30, 2022, when extraordinary gains were achieved and offset pension expenses for the period. Pension adjustments related to allocated losses incurred during the measurement year ending June 30, 2023, resulted in a reverse of the prior year adjustment, and thereby operating expenditures, resulting in totals more in line with historic norms.

The City's Internal Service Funds are also reported in this Proprietary Fund classification. In fiscal year 2022-2023, the Internal Service Funds comprised of: Building Maintenance, Vehicle Replacement, Equipment Replacement, Employee Benefits, Liability Insurance, Workers' Compensation, Dental Insurance, Employee Retirement, OPEB/Retiree Medical, Radio Replacement, Telephone Replacement and Sewer Maintenance. The net position of the Internal Service Funds increased by \$4.3 million. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$206 thousand, while unrestricted fund balance increased by \$4.1 million. The increase in capital assets resulted primarily from vehicle purchases, offset by depreciation of existing capital assets. The increase in unrestricted fund balance reflects increased allocations to the Liability Fund to fund projects resulting from claims as well as increased allocations to the Vehicle Replacement Fund to fund repair and replacement of aging capital assets. The other Internal Service Funds reported small-to-moderate changes to their respective net positions.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2023, amounts to \$311.6 million, net of accumulated depreciation of \$211.4 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, right-to-use lease assets, and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value only to the City such as roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items. The addition to the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$25.3 million, offset by accumulated depreciation of \$10.1 million.

Additions to capital assets during fiscal year 2022-2023 included:

- Machinery and Equipment: Vehicles totaling \$1.5 million
- Infrastructure: \$3.7 million
 - Bungalow Avenue Rehabilitation \$1.5 million

- San Rafael Canal Improvements \$1.1 million
- Schoen parking lot conversion \$1.1 million

A comparison of the City's Capital Assets for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022 is presented below:

Summary of Capital Assets (in thousands)

		2022
	2023	(as restated)*
Governmental Activities		
Land	\$84,026	\$84,026
Construction in progress	42,582	22,485
Land improvements	10,852	9,763
Buildings and structures	119,165	119,165
Machinery and equipment	22,016	20,497
Infrastructure	237,123	234,559
Intangible right-to-use leased building	5,476	5,476
Intangible right-to-use leased equipment	258	258
Intangible right-to-use subscription	1,559	1,559
Less accumulated depreciation	(211,394)	(201,301)
Subtotal Governmental Activities	311,663	296,487
Business-type Activities		
Land	8,621	8,621
Buildings and structures	10,714	10,714
Machinery and equipment	1,047	940
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,219)	(4,994)
Subtotal Business-type Activities	15,163	15,281
Total Capital Assets	\$326,826	\$311,768

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 63 through 64 of this report.

* The 2022 balances have been restated to reflect the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96. See Note 1S for additional information.

Debt Administration

The City's debt obligations were stable year-over-year and reflect payments of principal made during the year. The debt of the former Redevelopment Agency is reported under the Successor Agency, which is presented as a Private-Purpose Trust Fund on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. (See Note 6 of the financial statements for additional information on the debt obligations of the City and Note 16 for additional information on the Successor Agency.) The City's long-term obligations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

Summary of Long-Term Debt (in thousands)

	2023	2022
Governmental Activity Debt:		
2018 Authority Lease Revenue Bond	\$44,852	\$47,600
2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds	1,805	2,340
PG & E City Hall HVAC Retrofit Note Payable	13	46
PG & E Efficiency Note Payable	531	680
PG & E City Hall Efficiency Note Payable	143	165
Subtotal Governmental Activity Debt	47,344	50,831
Business-Type Activity Debt:		
PG & E Parking Lot Lighting Retrofit Note Payable	1	7
2012 Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	3,708	4,018
Subtotal Business-Type Activity Debt	3,709	4,025
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$51,053	\$54,856

ECONOMIC CLIMATE AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The global economy continues to slow as high inflation persists under tighter monetary policy. The International Monetary Fund currently projects global growth to slow from 3.5% in 2022 to 3.0% in 2023, then reduced further to 2.9% in 2024. Policy interest rates are at or close to a peak in most economies and with core inflation remaining stubborn, economies are likely to face mounting fiscal pressure as the cost of debt becomes more burdensome.

Nationally, the economic climate is focused on inflation and corresponding monetary policy surrounding interest rates. The US is likely close to a peak in interest rates as the Federal Reserve has recently signaled at least a pause in its tightening in the short-term as it continues to gather economic data supporting the general slowing of the economy to combat inflation. The country is likely to experience slow growth in the year ahead as the economy continues to grapple with persistent inflation.

In California, the long-forecasted recession appears to be postponed further as consumer spending remains strong and unemployment remains low at 4.6%. However, the housing market remains particularly constrained as high mortgage rates and low affordability put pressure on the sector, currently buoyed by a reduction in supply. Should current economic projections hold, the state may, in fact, weather this period of aggressive monetary policy without falling into an official recession.

Locally, Marin County remains somewhat insulated from more pronounced impacts of the macro environment with an unemployment rate among the lowest in the state at 3.7% and per capita income among the highest. However, the County has been experiencing a labor shortage since the onset of the pandemic that could put pressure on local businesses to perform and lead to inflationary pressures.

In San Rafael, sales and use tax forecasts show the city slowing from post-pandemic boom with a contraction of just over 1 percent for the coming fiscal year. Overall, the city's revenue sources are budgeted to grow at a rate of less than one percent in fiscal 2023-24, as the economy begins to cool, however remaining at its elevated post-pandemic level. The City's largest expenditure relates to personnel costs that are tied to labor agreements with each bargaining group. The City's labor units are all operating under three-year contracts that expire in 2024.

The City heads into the new fiscal year with a strong balance sheet and large capital projects in the pipeline bolstered by use of ARPA funds. Expectations are for large drawdowns on accumulated fund balances as capital projects get underway. However, costs are continuing to rise and certain projects may need to be prioritized to ensure the City does not become overextended.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, businesses, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for providing high quality services within the limits of our fiscal resources. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of San Rafael – Finance Department at 1400 Fifth Avenue, Room 204, San Rafael, California 94901.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities summarize the entire City's financial activities and financial position. They are also referred to as Government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the City's total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position focuses the reader on the composition of the City's net position, by subtracting total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources from total assets and deferred outflows of resources.

The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all of the City's Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's Business-type Activities in a single column; these columns are followed by a total column which presents the financial position of the entire City.

The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. Since the City's Internal Service Funds service these Funds, their activities are consolidated with Governmental Activities, after eliminating inter-fund transactions and balances. The City's Business-type Activities include all its Enterprise Fund activities.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's net position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the City's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the "modified accrual" basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, available revenues, and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities presents the City's expenses first, listed by program, and follows these with the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues - that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs - are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental and Business-type program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-type Activities column, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the City and the San Rafael Joint Powers Financing Authority which are legally separate but are considered to be component units of the City because they are controlled by the City, which is financially accountable for their activities. The balances and the activities of the San Rafael Sanitation District, a discretely presented component unit, are included in these statements in a separate column.



CITY OF SAN RAFAEL STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Pr	imary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	San Rafael Sanitation District
ASSETS		Tied Tides	1000	Distitu
Cash and investments available for operations (Note 2) Restricted cash and investments (Note 2) Receivables:	\$108,416,439 707,371	\$580,051	\$108,996,490 707,371	\$47,632,637
Accounts, net Intergovernmental	4,164,410 9,941,501	1,164,507	5,328,917 9,941,501	1,884,396
Grants Interest Loans (Note 4A)	5,740,300 460,766 3,722,291		5,740,300 460,766 3,722,291	
Long-term receivable from San Rafael Sanitation District (Note 4G) Leases receivable (Note 4H) Prepaid expenses and others	2,002,944 495,548 290,193		2,002,944 495,548 290,193	77,441
Capital assets (Note 5):		8 (20.952		
Nondepreciable Depreciable, net	126,607,764 185,055,855	8,620,853 6,541,564	135,228,617 191,597,419	7,769,106 52,320,884
Total Assets	447,605,382	16,906,975	464,512,357	109,684,464
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pension (Note 9) Deferred outflows related to OPEB (Note 11)	66,395,277	2,005,869	68,401,146	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>6,916,720</u> 73,311,997	2,111,149	7,022,000 75,423,146	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Developer and other deposits payable	10,472,693 846,711	112,966	10,585,659 846,711	1,313,903
Interest payable Unearned revenue	468,456	31,322 21,402	31,322 489,858	
Claims payable (Note 13): Due in one year Due in more than one year	2,886,630 12,900,068		2,886,630 12,900,068	
Compensated absences (Note 1L): Due in one year Due in more than one year	528,768 3,701,377	16,444 115,104	545,212 3,816,481	
Long-term debt (Note 6): Due in one year	3,184,469	320,489	3,504,958	
Due in more than one year Lease liabilities (Note 14):	44,160,068	3,387,928	47,547,996	
Due in one year Due in more than one year Subscription liabilities (Note 14):	62,395 5,515,740		62,395 5,515,740	
Due in one year Due in more than one year	226,781 1,115,064		226,781 1,115,064	
Long-term payable to the City of San Rafael, due in more than one year (Note 4G) Net OPEB liability, due in more than one year (Note 11) Net Pension liability, due in more than one year (Note 9)	22,740,857 102,383,546	346,143 3,093,111	23,087,000 105,476,657	2,002,944
Total Liabilities	211,193,623	7,444,909	218,638,532	3,316,847
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00.055.51(705 ((0	24.062.276	
Deferred inflows related to pension (Note 9) Deferred inflows related to OPEB (Note 11) Deferred inflows related to leases receivable (Note 4H)	23,357,716 4,385,251 469,623	705,660 66,749	24,063,376 4,452,000 469,623	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	28,212,590	772,409	28,984,999	
NET POSITION (Note 8): Net investment in capital assets	259,204,102	11,454,000	270,658,102	59,178,014
Restricted for: Special revenue projects: Housing and street improvements	19,400,818		19,400,818	
Stormwater	6,629,459		6,629,459	
Emergency medical services	2,464,501		2,464,501	
Other Capital projects	13,978,369 4,300,186		13,978,369 4,300,186	
Total Restricted Net Position	46,773,333		46,773,333	
Unrestricted	(24,466,269)	(653,194)	(25,119,463)	47,189,603

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Program Revenues	
			Operating	Capital
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Primary Government Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$11,162,650	\$383,890	\$985,789	
Public safety	49,903,663	7,063,009	2,617,235	
Public works and parks	23,353,510	3,146,404	2,980,423	\$16,429,375
Community development	4,436,659	4,982,748		
Culture and recreation	10,723,168	5,158,806	180,368	2,008,856
Interest on long-term debt and fiscal charges	1,793,203			
Total Governmental Activities	101,372,853	20,734,857	6,763,815	18,438,231
Business-type Activities:				
Parking services	3,435,551	4,682,140		
Total Business-type Activities	3,435,551	4,682,140		
Total Primary Government	\$104,808,404	\$25,416,997	\$6,763,815	\$18,438,231
Component Unit				
San Rafael Sanitation District	\$13,541,927	\$16,638,611	\$5,531	\$175,481
	General revenues:			
	Taxes:			
	Property			
	Sales:			
	Sales and U			
		quarter-cent sales		
		half-cent sales		
	Paramedic	quarter-cent sales		
	Transient oc	cupancy		
	Franchise	upunoy		
	Business lice	ense		
	Other			
	Investment ear	nings		
		of capital assets		
	Miscellaneous			
	Transfers (Note 3A	.)		
	Total general reven	ues and transfers		
	Change in Net Posi	tion		
	Net Position, begin	ning of year		
	Net Position, end o	f year		

Net (Expenses) Revenues an	id Changes in Net Positi	Component
	Primary Government		Unit
			San Rafael
Governmental	Business-type		Sanitation
Activities	Activities	Total	District
(\$9,792,971)		(\$9,792,971)	
(40,223,419)		(40,223,419)	
(797,308)		(797,308)	
546,089		546,089	
(3,375,138)		(3,375,138)	
(1,793,203)		(1,793,203)	
(55,435,950)		(55,435,950)	
	\$1,246,589	1,246,589	
	1,246,589	1,246,589	
(55,435,950)	1,246,589	(54,189,361)	
			\$3,277,696
33,023,030		33,023,030	2,129,197
55,025,050		55,025,050	2,129,197
26,124,164		26,124,164	
4,802,175		4,802,175	
9,804,352		9,804,352	
4,902,176		4,902,176	
5,224,387		5,224,387	
3,396,479		3,396,479	
4,424,917		4,424,917	
2,583,546		2,583,546	
2,975,282	0.220	2,975,282	1 229 202
1,708,860	8,320	1,717,180	1,328,202
3,233,349		3,233,349	11,759
521,322	(521,322)		
102,724,039	(513,002)	102,211,037	3,469,158
47,288,089	733,587	48,021,676	6,746,854
234,223,077	10,067,219	244,290,296	99,620,763
\$281,511,166	\$10,800,806	\$292,311,972	\$106,367,617



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major funds are defined generally as having significant activities or balances in the current year. Only individual major funds are presented in the Fund Financial Statements, while non-major funds are combined in a single column. Individual non-major funds may be found in the Supplemental Section.

The funds described below were determined to be major funds by the City in fiscal year 2022-2023:

GENERAL FUND

Established to account for all financial resources necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City which are not accounted for in another fund. The General Fund supports essential City services such as police and fire protection, building and street maintenance, libraries, recreation, parks, and open space maintenance.

TRAFFIC AND HOUSING MITIGATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Established to maintain long-term developer contributions for major housing and street improvement projects.

GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Established to receive and expend the City's allocation of the State gasoline taxes.

ESSENTIAL FACILITIES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Established to account for major capital improvements to public safety facilities.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

		Special Revo	enue Funds			
	General Fund	Traffic and Housing Mitigation	Gas Tax	Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments available for operations (Note 2)	\$22,962,334	\$3,796,390	\$8,177,990	\$4,117,352	\$26,574,041	\$65,628,107
Restricted cash and investments (Note 2)	621,650			3,352	82,369	707,371
Receivables:						
Accounts	1,771,001				2,393,409	4,164,410
Intergovernmental	9,170,687		392,561		378,253	9,941,501
Grants	45,538		5,004,338		690,424	5,740,300
Interest	454,608				6,158	460,766
Loans (Note 4A)	1,059	1,922,012			1,799,220	3,722,291
Leases (Note 4H)	42,363				453,185	495,548
Prepaids	78,057				182,890	260,947
Total Assets	\$35,147,297	\$5,718,402	\$13,574,889	\$4,120,704	\$32,559,949	\$91,121,241
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$5,537,855	\$25,340	\$1,739,177	\$402,689	\$1,955,259	\$9,660,320
Deposits payable	278,204	,	4-,, 6, , 2, , , , ,	+ · · - , · · ·	189,388	467,592
Developer deposits payable	375,484				3,635	379,119
Unearned revenue					468,456	468,456
Total Liabilities	6,191,543	25,340	1,739,177	402,689	2,616,738	10,975,487
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue	1,147,817					1,147,817
Related to leases (Note 4H)	39,939				429,684	469,623
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,187,756				429,684	1,617,440
Fund Balances (Note 8):						
Nonspendable	78,057				182,890	260,947
Restricted	0.552.000	5,693,062	11,835,712	3,718,015	25,202,545	46,449,334
Committed	9,753,000				4,008,844	13,761,844 17,391,522
Assigned Unassigned	17,272,274 664,667				119,248	664,667
Chassighed	<u> </u>					
Total Fund Balances	27,767,998	5,693,062	11,835,712	3,718,015	29,513,527	78,528,314
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Fund Balances	\$35,147,297	\$5,718,402	\$13,574,889	\$4,120,704	\$32,559,949	\$91,121,241

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balances reported on the governmental funds balance sheet	\$78,528,314
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds because of the following:	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds.	298,799,407
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of management of building, workers' compensation, employee benefits, insurance, and post-retirement healthcare benefits to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position.	37,966,327
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, lease liabilities and subscription liabilities,	
are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds.	(53,148,125)
Compensated absences	(4,230,145)
Unavailable revenue	1,147,817
Long-term receivable from San Rafael Sanitation District	2,002,944
Deferred outflows related to pension	66,395,277
Net pension liability	(102,383,546)
Deferred inflows related to pension	(23,357,716)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	6,916,720
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(4,385,251)
Net OPEB liability	(22,740,857)
Net position of governmental activities	\$281,511,166

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Special Re	venue Funds	-		
		Traffic and		Essential	Other	Total
		Housing		Facilities Capital		Governmental
	General	Mitigation	Gas Tax	Projects Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes and special assessments	\$86,808,092				\$9,565,303	\$96,373,395
Licenses and permits	3,002,122					3,002,122
Fines and forfeitures	228,966	¢112 ((4	¢70.252	¢27.274	210 597	228,966
Use of money and properties Intergovernmental	684,150	\$112,664 225,000	\$79,353	\$27,274	319,587 5,720,599	1,223,028
Charges for services	3,521,419 2,843,882	697,658	19,123,868 2,419,840		9,868,715	28,590,886 15,830,095
Other revenue	1,010,712	077,058	137,258		1,174,889	2,322,859
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_,,,
Total Revenues	98,099,343	1,035,322	21,760,319	27,274	26,649,093	147,571,351
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	13,114,356				744,268	13,858,624
Public safety	47,070,997				11,602,881	58,673,878
Public works and parks	14,602,766	142,969	3,695,723		1,094,130	19,535,588
Community development Culture and recreation	5,174,237 3,201,698	16,009			9,462,584	5,190,246 12,664,282
Capital outlay	5,201,098	64,050	13,170,654	6,213,497	4,088,639	23,536,840
Debt service:		04,050	13,170,034	0,213,477	4,000,057	25,550,640
Principal	3,044,551					3,044,551
Interest and fiscal charges	2,241,875					2,241,875
Total Expenditures	88,450,480	223,028	16,866,377	6,213,497	26,992,502	138,745,884
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	9,648,863	812,294	4,893,942	(6,186,223)	(343,409)	8,825,467
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in (Note 3A)	1,131,142	8,897	32,400	586,926	12,817,453	14,576,818
Transfers out (Note 3A)	(16,793,126)	0,027	(8,897)	••••,-=•	(18,457)	(16,820,480)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(15,661,984)	8,897	23,503	586,926	12,798,996	(2,243,662)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(6,013,121)	821,191	4,917,445	(5,599,297)	12,455,587	6,581,805
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	33,781,119	4,871,871	6,918,267	9,317,312	17,057,940	71,946,509
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$27,767,998	\$5,693,062	\$11,835,712	\$3,718,015	\$29,513,527	\$78,528,314

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL Reconciliation of the NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS with the STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$6,581,805
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
 Capital Assets Transactions Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. Capital outlay and improvement expenditures are added back to fund balance Depreciation and amortization expense is deducted from fund balance (Depreciation and amortization expense is net of internal service fund depreciation and amortization of \$1,490,782, which has already been allocated to serviced funds). 	23,857,867 (8,654,471)
Long-Term Debt and Lease Liability Proceeds and Payments Governmental funds record proceeds and payments as other financing sources and expenditures. However, in the Statement of Net Position, those costs are reversed as increases and decreases in long-term liabilities.	
Repayments of long-term debt principal	2,956,642
Amortized bond premium expense is added back to fund balance	507,943
Repayments of lease principal Repayments of subscription principal	82,561 5,348
Accrual of Non-Current Items The amount below included in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change): Compensated absences Unavailable revenue Long-term receivable from San Rafael Sanitation District	57,666 67,417 (1,321,117)
Net Pension (Asset) Liability Transactions Governmental funds record pension expense as it is paid. However, in the Statement of Activities those costs are reversed as deferred outflows/(inflows) and an increase/(decrease) in net pension (asset) liability.	16,574,632
Net OPEB Liability Transactions Governmental funds record OPEB expense as it is paid. However, in the Statement of Activities those costs are reversed as deferred outflows/(inflows) and an increase/(decrease) in net OPEB liability.	2,259,607
Allocation of Internal Service Fund Activities Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	4,312,189
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$47,288,089



PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges, whether external or internal.

The City reports its only enterprise fund as a major fund.

PARKING SERVICES FUND

Established to maintain parking garages, lots, and spaces in the Downtown Parking District, and to pay for parking enforcement and meter collection.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Established to account for department services and financing performed for other departments within the same governmental jurisdiction. Funding comes from charges assessed to the departments benefiting from the service.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

JUNE 30, 2023		
	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities
	Parking Services	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS		
Current Assets: Cash and investments available for operations (Note 2) Receivable:	\$580,051	\$42,788,332
Accounts, net Prepaid expense	1,164,507	29,246
Total Current Assets	1,744,558	42,817,578
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets (Note 5): Nondepreciable Depreciable, net	8,620,853 6,541,564	910,869 11,953,343
Total Noncurrent Assets	15,162,417	12,864,212
Total Assets	16,906,975	55,681,790
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pension (Note 9) Deferred outflows related to OPEB (Note 11)	2,005,869 105,280	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,111,149	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Interest payable Unearned revenue Compensated absences, due in one year (Note 1L) Claims payable, due in one year (Note 13) Long-term debt, due in one year (Note 6) Subscription liabilities, due in one year (Note 14)	112,966 31,322 21,402 16,444 320,489	812,373 2,886,630 21,755 221,166
Total Current Liabilities	502,623	3,941,924
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences (Note 1L) Claims payable (Note 13) Long-term debt (Note 6) Net OPEB liability (Note 11) Net pension liability (Note 9) Subscription liabilities (Note 14)	115,104 3,387,928 346,143 3,093,111	12,900,068 121,463
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,942,286	13,773,539
Total Liabilities	7,444,909	17,715,463
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pension (Note 9) Deferred inflows related to OPEB (Note 11)	705,660 66,749	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	772,409	
NET POSITION (Note 8): Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	11,454,000 (653,194)	11,747,820 26,218,507
Total Net Position	\$10,800,806	\$37,966,327

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Parking ServicesInternal ServiceOPERATING REVENUESCharges for current services2.237,559Charges for current services2.397,5591.133,874Total Operating Revenues4.682,140OPERATING EXPENSESPersonnel1.631,6923.917,989Insurance premiums and claimsMaintenance and repairs1.64010Depreciation expense (Note 5)2.25,0551.460,010Depreciation expense (Note 5)2.25,0551.490,782General and administrative1.261,2263.832,184Total Operating Expenses3.296,5381.8,417,809Operating Income1.385,6021.076,648NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Investment incomeInvestment income1.385,6021.076,649NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Investment incomeInvestment income1.385,6021.139,013(139,013)(139,013)(521,71)(Loss) from disposal of capital assets1.254,9091.547,205TRANSFERSTransfers in (Note 3A)Transfers in (Note 3A)(521,322)Q.764,984Change in Net PositionTa3,5874.312,189NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR100,672,1933,654,138NET POSITION, END OF YEAR		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities
Charges for current services \$2,284,581 \$18,360,583 Other operating revenues 2,397,559 1,133,874 Total Operating Revenues 4,682,140 19,494,457 OPERATING EXPENSES 9,012,844 9,012,844 Maintenance and repairs 178,555 164,010 Depreciation expense (Note 5) 225,055 1,490,782 General and administrative 1,261,236 3,832,184 Total Operating Expenses 3,296,538 18,417,809 Operating Income 1,385,602 1,076,648 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8,320 501,564 Investment income 8,320 501,564 Miscellaneous revenue 28,976 1109,013) (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS (521,322) (720,016) Transfers in (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Transfers in (Note 3A) (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587		•	
Charges for current services \$2,284,581 \$18,360,583 Other operating revenues 2,397,559 1,133,874 Total Operating Revenues 4,682,140 19,494,457 OPERATING EXPENSES 9,012,844 9,012,844 Maintenance and repairs 178,555 164,010 Depreciation expense (Note 5) 225,055 1,490,782 General and administrative 1,261,236 3,832,184 Total Operating Expenses 3,296,538 18,417,809 Operating Income 1,385,602 1,076,648 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8,320 501,564 Investment income 8,320 501,564 Miscellaneous revenue 28,976 1109,013) (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS (521,322) (720,016) Transfers in (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Transfers in (Note 3A) (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587	OPERATING REVENUES		
Other operating revenues 2,397,559 1,133,874 Total Operating Revenues 4,682,140 19,494,457 OPERATING EXPENSES 1,631,692 3,917,989 Personnel 1,631,692 3,917,989 Insurance premiums and claims 9,012,844 9,012,844 Maintenance and repairs 178,555 164,010 Depreciation expense (Note 5) 225,055 1,490,782 General and administrative 1,261,236 3,832,184 Total Operating Expenses 3,296,538 18,417,809 Operating Income 1,385,602 1,076,648 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1,026,533 18,417,809 Investment income 8,320 501,564 Miscellaneous revenue 28,976 1103,013 (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (130,093) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 3,485,000 Transfers out (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,76		\$2,284,581	\$18,360,583
OPERATING EXPENSES 1,631,692 3,917,989 Personnel 9,012,844 9,012,844 Maintenance and repairs 178,555 164,010 Depreciation expense (Note 5) 225,055 1,490,782 General and administrative 1,261,236 3,832,184 Total Operating Expenses 3,296,538 18,417,809 Operating Income 1,385,602 1,076,648 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 1385,602 1,076,648 Investment income 8,320 501,564 28,976 Interest expense (139,013) (59,271) (12) I total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 3,485,000 Transfers in (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138	•		
Personnel 1,631,692 3,917,989 Insurance premiums and claims 9,012,844 9,012,844 Maintenance and repairs 178,555 164,010 Depreciation expense (Note 5) 225,055 1,490,782 General and administrative 1,261,236 3,832,184 Total Operating Expenses 3,296,538 18,417,809 Operating Income 1,385,602 1,076,648 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8,320 501,564 Investment income 8,320 501,564 Miscellaneous revenue 28,976 1(139,013) (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (139,013) (59,271) (712) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138	Total Operating Revenues	4,682,140	19,494,457
Insurance premiums and claims 9,012,844 Maintenance and repairs 178,555 Depreciation expense (Note 5) 225,055 General and administrative 1,261,236 Total Operating Expenses 3,296,538 Operating Income 1,385,602 Investment income 8,320 Soft Mission 28,976 Interest expense (139,013) (139,013) (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (130,693) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (130,693) Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 Transfers in (Note 3A) (521,322) Transfers out (Note 3A) (521,322) Net transfers (521,322) Change in Net Position 733,587 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219	OPERATING EXPENSES		
Maintenance and repairs 178,555 164,010 Depreciation expense (Note 5) 225,055 1,490,782 General and administrative 1,261,236 3,832,184 Total Operating Expenses 3,296,538 18,417,809 Operating Income 1,385,602 1,076,648 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8,320 501,564 Investment income 8,320 501,564 Miscellancous revenue 28,976 28,976 Interest expense (139,013) (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS (521,322) (720,016) Transfers in (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138		1,631,692	
Depreciation expense (Note 5) 225,055 1,490,782 General and administrative 1,261,236 3,832,184 Total Operating Expenses 3,296,538 18,417,809 Operating Income 1,385,602 1,076,648 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8,320 501,564 Investment income 8,320 501,564 Miscellaneous revenue 28,976 Interest expense (139,013) (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 3,485,000 Transfers out (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138			
General and administrative 1,261,236 3,832,184 Total Operating Expenses 3,296,538 18,417,809 Operating Income 1,385,602 1,076,648 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8,320 501,564 Investment income 8,320 501,564 Miscellaneous revenue 28,976 28,976 Interset expense (139,013) (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 3,485,000 Transfers in (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138	1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Operating Expenses 3,296,538 18,417,809 Operating Income 1,385,602 1,076,648 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8,320 501,564 Investment income 8,320 501,564 Miscellaneous revenue 28,976 Interest expense (139,013) (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 3,485,000 Transfers in (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138			
Operating Income 1,385,602 1,076,648 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 8,320 501,564 Miscellaneous revenue 8,320 501,564 Interest expense (139,013) (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (712) (712) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 3,485,000 Transfers in (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138	General and administrative	1,261,236	3,832,184
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income8,320501,564Miscellaneous revenue28,976Interest expense(139,013)(Loss) from disposal of capital assets(139,013)Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)(130,693)Income Before Contributions and Transfers1,254,909TRANSFERS Transfers in (Note 3A)3,485,000Transfers out (Note 3A)(521,322)Net transfers(521,322)Quick Transfers(521,322)Quick Transfers733,587Her Position733,587Her Position, BEGINNING OF YEAR10,067,21933,654,138	Total Operating Expenses	3,296,538	18,417,809
Investment income 8,320 501,564 Miscellaneous revenue 28,976 Interest expense (139,013) (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (130,693) 470,557 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138	Operating Income	1,385,602	1,076,648
Miscellaneous revenue 28,976 Interest expense (139,013) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (139,013) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (130,693) Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 Transfers in (Note 3A) 3,485,000 Transfers out (Note 3A) (521,322) Net transfers (521,322) Change in Net Position 733,587 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest expense (139,013) (59,271) (Loss) from disposal of capital assets (712) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 Transfers in (Note 3A) 3,485,000 Transfers out (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138		8,320	501,564
(Loss) from disposal of capital assets (712) Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 3,485,000 Transfers out (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138	Miscellaneous revenue		28,976
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (130,693) 470,557 Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 3,485,000 Transfers in (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138	Interest expense	(139,013)	(59,271)
Income Before Contributions and Transfers 1,254,909 1,547,205 TRANSFERS 3,485,000 Transfers in (Note 3A) 3,485,000 Transfers out (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138	(Loss) from disposal of capital assets	<u> </u>	(712)
TRANSFERS 3,485,000 Transfers in (Note 3A) 3,485,000 Transfers out (Note 3A) (521,322) Net transfers (521,322) Change in Net Position 733,587 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219	Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(130,693)	470,557
Transfers in (Note 3A) 3,485,000 Transfers out (Note 3A) (521,322) Net transfers (521,322) Change in Net Position 733,587 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219	Income Before Contributions and Transfers	1,254,909	1,547,205
Transfers in (Note 3A) 3,485,000 Transfers out (Note 3A) (521,322) Net transfers (521,322) Change in Net Position 733,587 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219	TRANSFERS		
Transfers out (Note 3A) (521,322) (720,016) Net transfers (521,322) 2,764,984 Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138			3,485,000
Change in Net Position 733,587 4,312,189 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138		(521,322)	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,067,219 33,654,138	Net transfers	(521,322)	2,764,984
	Change in Net Position	733,587	4,312,189
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$10,800,806 \$37,966,327	NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,067,219	33,654,138
	NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$10,800,806	\$37,966,327

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TOK HIL TEAK ENDED JOIN	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities
	Parking Services	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers/other funds Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for salaries and benefits Other revenues	\$2,284,581 (1,467,756) (2,392,760) 2,105,962	\$18,378,748 (15,071,899) (1,367,804)
	2,105,962	1,133,874
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	530,027	3,072,919
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Miscellaneous revenues Interfund revenues Interfund payments	(521,322)	28,976 3,485,000 (720,016)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	(521,322)	2,793,960
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal payments on revenue bonds and note payable Principal payments on subscription liability Interest expenses and fiscal charges Acquisition of capital assets	(316,816) (142,863) (106,742)	(21,754) (212,258) (59,271) (1,463,889)
Cash Flows from Capital and		
Related Financing Activities	(566,421)	(1,757,172)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	8,320	501,564
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	8,320	501,564
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(549,396)	4,611,271
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,129,447	38,177,061
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$580,051	\$42,788,332
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash flows from operating activities:	\$1,385,602	\$1,076,648
Depreciation	225,055	1,490,782
Net change in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Prepaids	(287,201)	18,165 (24,786)
OPEB-related items	(34,393)	227.124
Accounts payable Unearned revenue	(27,965) (4,396)	327,134
Compensated absence obligations	23,401	
Pension-related items	(750,076)	
Claims payable		184,976
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$530,027	\$3,072,919
NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS:		
Retirement of capital assets		(\$712)
Amortization of bond discount	\$725	_

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent or custodian for other entities. The financial activities of such funds are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements and present fund statements that consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Net Position.

SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY – PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND

Established to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the San Rafael Redevelopment Agency.

PT. SAN PEDRO ROAD ASSESSMENT DISTRICT CUSTODIAL FUND

Established to accumulate funds for payment of principal and interest for Pt. San Pedro Road Median Landscaping Assessment District bonds.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Successor Agency	
	to the	Pt. San Pedro
	Redevelopment	Road Assessment
	Agency	District
	Private-Purpose	Custodial
	Trust Fund	Fund
ASSETS		
Cash available for operations (Note 2)	\$135,693	\$241,301
Receivables:		
Taxes	65,000	752
Total Assets	200 (02	242.052
Total Assets	200,693	242,053
LIABILITIES		
Interest payable		18,816
Total Liabilities		18,816
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Bondholders	200,693	223,237
Total Net Position	\$200,693	\$223,237

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Pt. San Pedro Road Assessment District Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS		
Property taxes	\$630,000	\$172,083
Total Additions DEDUCTIONS	630,000	172,083
General government Payments to bondholders	114,870	9,758 84,100
Interest expense	13,046	57,184
Total Deductions	127,916	151,042
Change in Net Position	502,084	21,041
NET POSITION		
Beginning of year	(301,391)	202,196
End of year	\$200,693	\$223,237



NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Financial Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements present the City of San Rafael (the City) as the Primary Government, with its component units for which the City is considered financially accountable. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationships with the City.

B. Description of Blended Component Unit

The accompanying basic financial statements include all funds and boards and commissions that are controlled by the City Council. The basic financial statements include the City's blended component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from this entity is combined with the City. The City's blended component unit is described below.

San Rafael Joint Powers Financing Authority – The San Rafael Joint Powers Financing Authority (Authority) was formed by the City of San Rafael and the former San Rafael Redevelopment Agency (Agency) pursuant to Articles 1 and 2 of Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code of the State of California for the purpose of assisting in the financing and refinancing of certain assessment district and redevelopment-related activities in the City. On March 18, 2013, the Agency was replaced by the California Municipal Finance Authority (CMFA) in order to allow the life of the Authority to extend beyond that of the Agency. The Authority is administered by a governing board whose members are the City Council of the City.

Activities of the Authority related to the 2012 Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds are reported in the Parking Services Enterprise Fund. Activities of the Authority related to the 2018 Authority Lease Revenue Bonds are reported in the City's General Fund. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Authority.

C. Description of Discretely Presented Component Unit

San Rafael Sanitation District – The San Rafael Sanitation District (District) was formed in 1947 under Section 4700 of the California Health and Safety Code to provide wastewater transmission over the southern two-thirds of the City and adjacent unincorporated areas.

The District is governed by a three-member Board of Directors who are appointed to four-year terms. The City Council of the City appoints two out of the three board members and has the ability to remove the two board members at will.

The City contracts with the District to maintain the collection systems in the City and surrounding unincorporated areas. These employees are paid through the City's payroll department and participate in the City's cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Marin County Employees' Retirement Association. The employees also participate in the City's healthcare benefits plan which includes a provision for postemployment benefits. These costs are the obligation of the District and not the City. As discussed in Note 4G, a receivable from the District has been established.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The District's activities are reported as a discretely presented component unit in a separate column in the basic financial statements which includes the District's assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and results of operations. The District's fiscal year ends on June 30 and its separately issued component unit financial statements can be obtained at the San Rafael Sanitation District, 111 Morphew Street, San Rafael, California 94901.

D. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Interfund transfers and amounts owed between funds within the primary government have been eliminated from the statements. Amounts representing interfund services and uses remain in the statements. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

E. Major Funds and Other Reported Funds

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

General Fund – Established to account for all financial resources necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City which are not accounted for in another fund.

Traffic and Housing Mitigation Special Revenue Fund – Established to maintain long-term developer contributions for major housing and street improvement projects.

Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund – Established to receive and expend the City's allocation of State gasoline taxes.

Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund – Established to account for major capital improvements to public safety facilities.

The City reported its only enterprise fund as a major fund in the accompanying financial statements. The enterprise fund is:

Parking Services Fund – Established to maintain parking garages, lots, and spaces in the Downtown Parking District, and to pay for parking enforcement, meter collection, and downtown enforcement services.

The City also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds – These funds account for: building maintenance; vehicle, equipment, radio, and telephone replacement; employee benefits; liability insurance; workers' compensation; dental insurance; employee retirement; retiree medical (OPEB); and sewer maintenance.

Fiduciary Funds – These funds include: Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund – which accounts for the accumulation of resources held by the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency to be used for payments at appropriate amounts and times in the future; and Pt. San Pedro Road Assessment District Custodial Fund – which accumulates funds for the payment of principal and interest for Pt. San Pedro Road Median Landscaping District bonds. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements, but are presented in the separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

F. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, fiduciary and discretely presented component unit financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the full *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when *earned* and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable and available*. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end with the exception of sales and use tax revenues which are reported as available if collected within ninety days of year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, including lease and subscription liabilities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the City the right-to-use leased assets, are reported as *expenditures* in governmental funds. Proceeds from long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property and sales taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, interest revenue, charges for services, fines, and forfeitures. Other receipts and taxes are recognized as revenue when the cash is received.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenue. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be made available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

The City considers restricted shared state revenues such as gasoline taxes and public safety sales taxes, restricted locally imposed transportation sales taxes, fines, forfeitures, licenses, permits, charges for services, and program grants as program revenues.

Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

G. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. *Unavailable revenue*, a type of deferred inflow of resources, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from intergovernmental receivables and deferred amounts related to leases. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

H. Budgets, Budgetary Accounting, and Encumbrances

The City adopts an annual budget which is effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. The budget reflects estimated revenues and expenditures, except for the capital projects funds. Appropriations and spending authorizations for projects in the capital projects funds and some special revenue funds are approved by the City Council on a multi-year basis. From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted at the department level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. The City Council may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal year in order to respond to emerging needs, changes in resources, or shifting priorities. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between accounts, departments, or funds; the Council must approve any increase in the City's operating expenditures, appropriations for capital projects, and transfers between major funds and reportable fund groups.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders for expenditures are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of the budgetary process. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

I. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including all restricted assets) with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. As the proprietary funds' share of this pool is readily available when needed, such share is also considered to be cash equivalent.

J. Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Capital Assets

<u>City</u>

Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date contributed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available, except for intangible right-to-use lease assets and intangible right-to-use subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in Note 1R and Note 1S, respectively, below. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

City policy has set the capitalization thresholds for reporting capital assets at the following:

General capital assets	ranging from \$5,000 to \$50,000
Infrastructure capital assets	ranging from \$25,000 to \$250,000

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets.

The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings, improvements, and structures	20 – 50 years
Machinery and equipment	4-20 years
Infrastructure	15 – 50 years
Right to use leased building	35 years
Right to use leased equipment	1.5 – 5 years
Right to use subscription asset	5-10 years

District

Collection systems and facilities purchased or constructed are stated at cost. Assets contributed are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date received. Interest is capitalized for assets constructed when applicable. The costs of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Applicable capital assets must be capitalized for amounts \$1,000 or above and may be capitalized for amounts from \$500 to \$1,000 if determined to be sensitive. Depreciation is provided by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of capital assets as follows:

Subsurface lines	50 – 80 years
Sewage collection facilities	5 – 50 years
General plant and administrative facilities	3 – 15 years

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as earned. Upon termination, employees are paid for all unused vacation at their current hourly rates. Unused sick leave may be compensable up to 600 hours, depending upon the provisions of the MOUs, which vary by bargaining unit.

The long-term portion of the liability for compensated absences for governmental fund type operations is recorded as compensated absences in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. Proprietary fund liabilities are recorded within their respective funds. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Beginning Balance Additions Payments	\$4,287,811 3,003,055 (3,060,721)	\$108,147 90,749 (67,348)	\$4,395,958 3,093,804 (3,128,069)
Ending Balance	\$4,230,145	\$131,548	\$4,361,693
Current Portion	\$528,768	\$16,444	\$545,212

The changes in compensated absences as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

M. Property Tax Levy, Collection and Maximum Rates – City

State of California Constitution Article XIII A provides that the combined maximum property tax rate on any given property may not exceed 1% of its assessed value unless an additional amount for general obligation debt has been approved by voters. Assessed value is calculated at 100% of market value as defined by Article XIII A and may be adjusted by no more than 2% per year unless the property is sold, transferred, or substantially improved. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution of receipts from a 1% tax levy among the counties, cities, school districts and other districts. Marin County assesses properties, bills for, and collects property taxes on the schedule that follows:

	<u>Secured</u>	Unsecured
Valuation/lien dates	January 1	January 1
Levy dates	July 1	July 1
Due dates (delinquent as of)	50% on November 1 (December 10)	July 1 (August 31)
· • • •	50% on February 1 (April 10)	

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For assessment and collection purposes, property is classified as either "secured" or "unsecured" and is listed accordingly on separate parts of the assessment roll. The "secured roll" is that part of the assessment roll containing State-assessed property and real property having a tax lien that is sufficient, in the opinion of the County Assessor, to secure payment of the taxes. Unsecured property comprises all taxable property not attached to land, such as personal property or business property. Every tax levied by a county that becomes a lien on secured property has priority over all present and future private liens arising pursuant to State law on the secured property, regardless of the time of the creation of the other liens. A tax levied on unsecured property does not become a lien against the taxed unsecured property, but may become a lien on other property owned by the taxpayer.

Property taxes are levied and recorded as revenue when received in the fiscal year of levy because of the adoption of the "alternate method of property tax distribution," known as the Teeter Plan, by the City and the County of Marin. The Teeter Plan authorized the auditor-controller of the County of Marin to allocate 100% of the secured property taxes billed, but not yet paid. The County of Marin remits tax monies to the City in three installments, as follows:

- 55% remitted on December 15
- 40% remitted on April 15
 - 5% remitted on June 15

N. Sewer Charges – District

Sewer charges are billed and collected on behalf of the District by the County of Marin as a special assessment on annual property tax billings. Property taxes are levied on January 1 and are due in two equal installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent December 10 and April 10, for the first and second installments, respectively. In accordance with the Teeter Plan, the County remits to the District all charges which are assessed and the county retains responsibility for collecting past due amounts.

The Teeter Plan provides that the County advance the District its share of the annual gross levy of secured property taxes and special assessments. In consideration, the District gives the County of Marin its rights to penalties and interest on delinquent secured property tax receivables and actual proceeds collected.

O. Connection Fees – District

Connection fees represent a one-time contribution of resources to the District imposed on contractors and developers for the purpose of financing capital improvements. Connection fees are recognized after non-operating revenues (expenses) in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The District utilizes connection fees received on a first-in-first-out basis to finance current year capital projects. Accordingly, if there is a balance of connection fees available at year-end, it is classified as restricted net position.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent asset and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. Leases

A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles, and equipment.

Lessee – The City is a lessee for noncancelable leases of equipment and land. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities in accordance with the capitalization policy for the underlying asset as discussed in Note 1K.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lesser of its useful life or the life of the lease agreement.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments as follows:

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise, if applicable.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term lease liabilities on the statement of net position.

Lessor – The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases of certain buildings and land. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts as follows:

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

S. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

A Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement (SBITA) is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

At the commencement of a SBITA, the City initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the contract term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments as follows:

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the IT vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the IT vendor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscription liabilities.
- The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription.
- Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

T. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. The provisions of this Statement were implemented during fiscal year 2023. As part of the implementation of this Statement, the City has accounted for certain subscription transactions, which require the restatement of beginning net position of the governmental activities capital assets and subscription liabilities in the amount of \$1,559,451, and the net effect on beginning net position and fund balance is zero. See the subscription disclosure in Note 14.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Policies

The City maintains an investment policy that emphasizes safety, liquidity, and reasonable market yield. This policy is reviewed and approved by the City Council annually.

The City invests in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system. In order to increase security, the City employs the trust department of a bank as the custodian of certain City managed investments, regardless of their form.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the City's cash on deposit, or first trust deed mortgage notes with a market value of 150% of the deposit, as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in a separate investment pool by another institution in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution.

The City's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

B. Classification

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023, are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted under the terms of City debt instruments or agency agreements.

Statement of Net Position:	
City of San Rafael: Cash and investments available for operations Restricted cash and investments	\$108,996,490 707,371
Total Primary Government Cash and Investments	109,703,861
San Rafael Sanitation District (Component Unit): Cash and investments available for operations	47,632,637
Total San Rafael Sanitation District Cash and Investments	47,632,637
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (separate statement):	
Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund:	
Cash available for operations	135,693
Pt. San Pedro Road Assessment District Custodial Fund:	
Cash available for operations	241,301
Total Fiduciary Fund Cash and Investments	376,994
Total Cash and Investments	\$157,713,492

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City does not normally allocate investments by fund. Each proprietary fund's portion of Cash and Investments Available for Operations is in substance a demand deposit available to finance operations and is considered a cash equivalent in preparing the statement of cash flows.

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's investment policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following securities provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the City and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code, or the City's Investment Policy where it is more restrictive:

		Minimum	Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Credit	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality (a)	Portfolio (a)	One Issuer
U.S. Government Obligations	5 years	N/A	No limit	No limit
Federal Agency Securities and Instruments	5 years	N/A	No limit	No limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	N/A	No limit	No limit
Prime Commercial Paper	270 days	A-1	25%	10% of total outstanding
-				commercial paper and
				5% of portfolio
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	A-1	40%	\$2,000,000
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	А	30%	5% of portfolio
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	A-1	30%	5% of portfolio
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	N/A	30%	5% of portfolio
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$75m per Account
Money Market Funds	N/A	AAA	10%	N/A
Mortgage and Asset-Backed Obligations	5 years	AA	20%	N/A
Supranational Securities	5 years	AA	15%	N/A
Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds Related to Special Assessment Districts and Special Tax				
Districts issued by the City of San Rafael	30 years	N/A	N/A	N/A

(a) At time of purchase

The San Rafael Sanitation District maintains all of its cash in the County of Marin pooled investment fund for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through pooled investment activities.

The County Pool includes both voluntary and involuntary participation from external entities. The District is a voluntary participant. The State of California statutes require certain special districts and other governmental entities to maintain their cash surplus with the County Treasurer. The District has approved by resolution, the investment policy of the County of Marin which complies with the California Government Code.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged as reserves to be used if there are insufficient resources to meet debt repayment obligations. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City ordinance bond indentures or State statute. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality (a)	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years to no maximum	N/A	No Limit
U.S. Agency Securities	3 - 5 years	N/A	No Limit
U.S. Agency Instruments	5 years	N/A	No Limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	A-1	No Limit
Bankers' Acceptances	360 days	Highest Category Rating	No Limit
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	Highest Category Rating	No Limit
Prime Commercial Paper	270 days	Highest Category Rating	No Limit
Guaranteed Investment Contracts (fully collateralized) (b)	N/A	Highest Category Rating	No Limit
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	А	No Limit
Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	180 Days	N/A	No Limit
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	N/A	No Limit
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A	No Limit
California Asset Management Program	N/A	N/A	No Limit
Deposit Accounts	N/A	Α	No Limit
State or Local Bonds Defeasance Securities	N/A N/A	A N/A	No Limit No Limit

(a) At time of purchase.

(b) Guaranteed Investment Contracts must be fully collaterized with U.S. Treasury Obligations or U.S. Agency Obligations.

Source: PYFS; In FY 2021, eliminated Muni, State and Local Bonds because those should not be listed here.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

E. Fair Value Hierarchy

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the City as of June 30, 2023:

-	(a) Level 1	(b) Level 2	(c) Level 3		Total
City: Money Market Funds U.S. Government Obligations Federal Agency Securities and Instruments Medium-Term Corporate Notes Investment in Pt. San Pedro Bonds	\$15,306,615	\$1,470,184 8,669,294 19,536,092	\$949,493	_(d)	\$1,470,184 15,306,615 8,669,294 19,536,092 949,493
-	\$15,306,615	\$29,675,570	\$949,493	=	45,931,679
Investments Exempt from Fair Value Hierarchy: Local Agency Investment Fund Marin County Investment Pool Total Investments					50,235,434 82,372 96,249,484
Cash in banks and on hand					13,454,377
Total City Cash and Investments					109,703,861
Fiduciary:					
Cash in banks					376,994
Total Fiduciary Cash					376,994
Total City and Fiduciary Cash and Investr	nents				110,080,855
San Rafael Sanitation District: Marin County Investment Pool District's Total Cash and Investments					47,632,637
Total Cash and Investments				_	\$157,713,492

Source: The above GASB 72 Classifications in the different input levels are provided by US Bank.

(a) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active market for identical assets. These are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets at the measurement date. An active market for the asset is a market in which transactions

- for the asset occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. (b) Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. These inputs include: a) Quoted prices for similar
- assets in active markets; b) Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active; and c) Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for an asset.
- (c) Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. These inputs shall be used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset at the measurement date.
- (d) This pertains to the City-owned bonds of its investments in Pt. San Pedro Special Assessment District that has no trading market and is thus listed under Level 3. This bond is valued using discounted cash flow techniques.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

F. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City also manages its interest rate risk by holding most investments to maturity, thus reversing unrealized market gains and losses.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date:

Type of Investment	12 Months or Less	More than 12 Months	Total
City:			
Money Market Funds	\$1,470,184		\$1,470,184
Local Agency Investment Fund	50,235,434		50,235,434
Marin County Investment Pool	82,372		82,372
U.S. Government Obligations	5,955,576	\$9,351,039	15,306,615
Federal Agency Securities and Instruments	3,656,808	5,012,486	8,669,294
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	6,842,781	12,693,312	19,536,092
Investment in Pt. San Pedro Bonds		949,493	949,493
Total Investments	\$68,243,154	\$28,006,330	96,249,484
Cash in banks and on hand Total City Cash and Investments			13,454,377 109,703,861
Fiduciary:			
Cash in banks			376,994
Total Fiduciary Cash			376,994
Total City and Fiduciary Cash and Investments			110,080,855
San Rafael Sanitation District:			
Marin County Investment Pool			47,632,637
Total District's Cash and Investments			47,632,637
Total Cash and Investments			\$157,713,492

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Each regular LAIF account is permitted to have up to 15 transactions per month, with a minimum transaction amount of \$5,000, a maximum transaction amount of \$75 million and at least 24 hours advance notice for withdrawals of \$10 million or more.

Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2023, these investments matured in an average of 260 days.

Money Market Mutual Funds are available for withdrawal on demand. The investment portfolio of the Money Market Mutual Fund had an average maturity of 12 days per August fact sheet.

The County's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The pool has a credit rating of "AAA/V1." Investments made by the Treasurer are regulated by the California Government Code and by the County's investment policy. The objectives of the policy are in order of priority, safety, liquidity, yield, and public trust. The County has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with Article 6 Section 27131 of the California Government Code. The oversight committee and the Board of Supervisors review and approve the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the members of the oversight committee and the investment pool participants every month. The report covers the types of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual costs, and fair value.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

G. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2023, for each of the City's or District's investment types as provided by Standard and Poor's or Moody's investment rating systems, except as noted:

Investments	Amount Invested	Percentage of Investments	NRSRO Rating
City:			
Money Market Funds	\$1,470,184	2%	AAAm
Marin County Investment Pool	82,372	< 1%	AAA/V1
U.S. Government Obligations	15,306,615	16%	AAA
Federal Agency Securities and Instruments	8,669,294	9%	AAA
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	19,536,092		AAA, AA2, AA3, A1, A2,
-		20%	A3
Local Agency Investment Fund	50,235,434	52%	Not Rated
Investment in Pt. San Pedro Bonds	949,493	1%	Not Rated
Total City Investments	96,249,484		
San Rafael Sanitation District:			
Marin County Investment Pool	47,632,637		AAA/V1
Total Investments	\$143,882,121		

H. Concentration Risk

Investments in the securities of any individual issuers, other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools, that represent 5% or more of the total entity–wide investments are as follows at June 30, 2023:

				Percentage
				of
Reporting Unit	Issuer	Investment Type	Amount	Investments
Entity-wide	Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal Agency Securities and Instruments	\$6,122,080	6%

NOTE 3 – INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Transfers

Resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfers routinely fund capital projects or capital outlays, lease or debt service payments, and operating expenses.

Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

To Fund	Amount	_
Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund	\$586,926	(A)
Non-Major Governmental Funds	12,721,200	(A) (B)
Internal Service Funds	3,485,000	(A)
Traffic and Housing Mitigation Special Revenue Fund	8,897	(B)
General Fund	436,322	(C)
Non-Major Governmental Funds	85,000	(A)
General Fund	683,750	(C)
Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	25,013	(A)
Non-Major Governmental Funds	11,253	(A)
General Fund	11,070	(B)
Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	7,387	(B)
	\$18,061,818	-
	Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds Traffic and Housing Mitigation Special Revenue Fund General Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds General Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds General Fund	Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund\$586,926Non-Major Governmental Funds12,721,200Internal Service Funds3,485,000Traffic and Housing Mitigation Special Revenue Fund8,897General Fund436,322Non-Major Governmental Funds85,000General Fund683,750Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund25,013Non-Major Governmental Funds11,253General Fund11,070Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund11,070Sits,061,818818,061,818

(A) Transfers for administrative costs, grant matching, recreation, and other program support.

(B) Transfers for project support.

(C) Transfers for debt service.

NOTE 4 – LOANS AND LEASES RECEIVABLE

A. Summary of Loans Receivable

The City has identified the portion of fund balance represented by these loans as nonspendable or restricted as discussed in Note 8. As of June 30, 2023, these loans consisted of the following:

Employee Loans	\$1,059
Centertown Associates	936,446
3301 Kerner	862,774
One "H" Street Associates	28,574
Vivalon	1,893,438
Total	\$3,722,291

NOTE 4 – LOANS AND LEASES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

B. Employee Loans

The City administers a computer loan program that supports the use of technology by employees. Employees are permitted to borrow up to \$1,500 for the purchase of computer hardware and software. The loans are interest-free, have maximum terms of one year, and are repaid through automatic payroll deductions. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the employee loans receivable was \$1,059.

C. Centertown Associates Loan

On August 20, 1990, the former Redevelopment Agency loaned Centertown Associates, Ltd, \$303,000 at 3% interest due semiannually for the construction of a 60-unit affordable apartment complex and was fully secured by a deed of trust. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency effective February 1, 2012, the assets of the Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, including the Centertown Associates loan, were assumed by the City's Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund. On October 22, 2021, City Council approved the Amended and Restated Promissory Note for the loan. The amendment extended the due date to October 22, 2078, for the original loan balance of \$266,781 consisting of \$219,982 in remaining principal and \$46,799 in accrued interest as of the date of the amended loan agreement. In addition, the amendment included an additional loan in the amount of \$643,095 for a ground lease for certain land located at 855 C Street, currently improved with approximately sixty units of affordable housing. Interest is compounded at 1.74% annually and is repayable from residual receipts as defined under the agreement. Repayment is due on October 22, 2078. The amended note is secured by a Leasehold Deed of Trust with Assignment of Rents and Security Agreement on the Property. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the loan including principal and accrued interest was \$936,446.

D. 3301 Kerner Loan

On March 21, 2023, the City entered into a loan agreement in the amount of \$857,500 to fund the construction of a 41-unit multifamily rental housing development affordable to homeless or formerly homeless households with mental illness at rents affordable to extremely low- and very low- income households. The term is the later of (a) the fifty-seventh anniversary of the date the Deed of Trust is recorded in the Recorder's Office of Marin County or (b) the fifty-fifth anniversary of the date on which construction financing is converted into permanent financing.

Annual payments equal to the City's proportionate share of residual receipts attributable to the prior calendar year are due beginning June 1st after the end of the calendar year of the date that the construction loan for the property converts to a permanent loan. The note is secured by a Deed of Trust. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the loan and accrued interest was \$862,774.

E. One "H" Street Associates Loan

On January 18, 1994, the City loaned One "H" Street Associates \$100,000 at zero percent interest with annual payments of \$2,857 and the final payment is due January 18, 2034. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of this loan was \$28,574.

NOTE 4 – LOANS AND LEASES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

F. Vivalon Loan

On April 1, 2022, the City entered into a loan agreement in the amount of \$1,825,000 to fund construction of the Vivalon Healthy Aging Center located at 999 3rd Street. The site will include 66 one-bedroom and studio units for older adults and approximately 20% of the units will be supportive housing. The term is the later of (a) the fifty-seventh anniversary of the date the Deed of Trust is recorded in the Recorder's Office of Marin County or (b) the fifty-fifth anniversary of the date on which construction financing is converted into permanent financing. Annual payments equal to the City's proportionate share of residual receipts attributable to the prior calendar year are due beginning June 1st after the end of the calendar year that the construction loan for the property converts to a permanent loan. The note is secured by a Deed of Trust. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the loan and accrued interest was \$1,893,438.

G. Other Receivables – Long-Term Receivable from San Rafael Sanitation District

The City provides staffing to San Rafael Sanitation District (District) under a contractual arrangement originated in 1987 that requires the District to pay all related employee costs incurred by the City on its behalf. Accordingly, the cost of providing pension and post-employment health benefits incurred by the City for the District staff but not yet funded are reflected by the District as an obligation, and by the City as a noncurrent receivable. The obligation as of June 30, 2023, is \$2,002,944, and is composed of the following:

Defined benefit pension liability allocation	\$1,403,972
Other post-employment benefit liability allocation	598,972
Total long-term receivable from San Rafael Sanitation District	\$2,002,944

NOTE 4 – LOANS AND LEASES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

H. Leases Receivable

The City from to time to time engages in lease arrangements allowing the right for others to use various owned land and buildings for the public benefit. As of June 30, 2023, these leases and related deferred inflows of resources consisted of the following:

	Leases	Deferred Inflows of
	Receivable	Resources
Marin History Museum	\$42,363	\$39,939
Yacht Club	177,143	169,488
Trans Bay Cable	276,042	260,196
Total	\$495,548	\$469,623

On August 1, 2021, the City began leasing a building to the Marin History Museum with monthly payments of \$1,200 - \$1,260 through July 1, 2026. The City recognized \$12,953 in lease revenue and \$2,444 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.

On April 1, 2014, the City began leasing property to the San Rafael Yacht Club. The lease was extended during fiscal year 2022 and lease payments are due annually with an initial amount of \$28,699 commencing March 31, 2022. Lease payments are to be increased by 5% every two years thereafter, until the end of the lease on March 31, 2029. The City recognized \$28,248 in lease revenue and \$4,036 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.

On January 1, 2007, the City began leasing land to a third party for a cable operation. Lease payments are due annually with an initial amount of \$33,500 commencing March 31, 2022. Lease payments are to be increased by 3% every year thereafter, until the end of the lease on January 1, 2031. The City recognized \$32,525 in lease revenue and \$9,045 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets during the fiscal year consisted of:

	Balance June 30, 2022 (as restated)	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$84,025,659				\$84,025,659
Construction in progress	22,485,220	\$23,773,676		(\$3,676,791)	42,582,105
Total capital assets not being depreciated	106,510,879	23,773,676		(3,676,791)	126,607,764
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements	9,762,567			1,089,012	10,851,579
Buildings and structures	119,165,142				119,165,142
Machinery and equipment	20,497,081	1,548,080	(\$51,909)	23,238	22,016,490
Infrastructure	234,558,558			2,564,541	237,123,099
Intangible right-to-use leased building	5,476,219				5,476,219
Intangible right-to-use leased equipment	258,365				258,365
Intangible right-to-use subscription asset	1,559,451				1,559,451
Total capital assets being depreciated	391,277,383	1,548,080	(51,909)	3,676,791	396,450,345
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:					
Land improvements	(7,351,565)	(68,114)			(7,419,679)
Buildings and structures	(27,057,991)	(2,862,973)			(29,920,964)
Machinery and equipment	(15,107,704)	(1,036,353)	51,197		(16,092,860)
Infrastructure	(151,545,971)	(5,654,685)			(157,200,656)
Intangible right-to-use leased building	(156,463)	(156,464)			(312,927)
Intangible right-to-use leased equipment	(80,740)	(80,740)			(161,480)
Intangible right-to-use subscription asset		(285,924)			(285,924)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(201,300,434)	(10,145,253)	51,197		(211,394,490)
Total net capital assets being depreciated and amortized	189,976,949	(8,597,173)	(712)	3,676,791	185,055,855
Total governmental activity capital assets	\$296,487,828	\$15,176,503	(\$712)		\$311,663,619

During fiscal year 2023, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, which required the restatement of capital assets, specifically to incorporate an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. As a result, an initial right-to-use subscription asset was recorded in the amount of \$1,559,451 as of July 1, 2022. The subscription asset is offset with a subscription liability as discussed in Note 14.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Balance June 30, 2023
Business-type Activities	Julie 30, 2022	Additions	Julie 30, 2023
Capital assets not being depreciated:			
Land	\$8,620,853		\$8,620,853
Total capital assets not being depreciated	8,620,853		8,620,853
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and structures	10,713,814	¢107.740	10,713,814
Machinery and equipment	940,164	\$106,742	1,046,906
Total capital assets being depreciated	11,653,978	106,742	11,760,720
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment	(4,126,773) (867,328)	(205,362) (19,693)	(4,332,135) (887,021)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,994,101)	(225,055)	(5,219,156)
Total net capital assets being depreciated	6,659,877	(118,313)	6,541,564
Total business-type activity capital assets	\$15,280,730	(\$118,313)	\$15,162,417
San Rafael Sanitation District	Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Balance June 30, 2023
Capital assets not being depreciated:			
Land and easements	\$115,329		\$115,329
Construction in progress	822,409	\$6,831,368	7,653,777
Total capital assets not being depreciated	937,738	6,831,368	7,769,106
Capital assets being depreciated:			
Subsurface lines	45,494,507	67,028	45,561,535
Sewage collection facilities	47,915,613	67,417	47,983,030
General plant and administration	2,366,681		2,366,681
Total capital assets being depreciated	95,776,801	134,445	95,911,246
Less accumulated depreciation for:		(
Subsurface lines	(14,149,281)	(594,559)	(14,743,840)
Sewage collection facilities	(25,298,589)	(1,721,972)	(27,020,561)
General plant and administration	(1,699,220)	(126,741)	(1,825,961)
Total accumulated depreciation	(41,147,090)	(2,443,272)	(43,590,362)
Total net capital assets being depreciated	54,629,711	(2,308,827)	52,320,884
Total District's capital assets	\$55,567,449	\$4,522,541	\$60,089,990

Capital Asset Contributions – Some capital assets may have been acquired using Federal and State grant funds, or were contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation Allocation – Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program are as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$92,586
Public safety	899,801
Public works and parks	6,919,199
Community development	51,080
Culture and recreation	691,805
Internal service funds	1,490,782
Total Governmental Activities	\$10,145,253
Business-type Activities	
Parking services	\$225,055
Total Business-type Activities	\$225,055

NOTE 6 – LONG TERM DEBT

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt. A summary of governmental and business-type activities transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Governmental Activities Bonds:	Authorized and Issued	Balance June 30, 2022	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2023	Current Portion
2018 Authority Lease Revenue Bonds 4.00%-5.00%, due 6/1/2034 Add: unamortized bond premium	\$45,485,000	\$41,505,000 6,095,322	\$2,240,000 507,943	\$39,265,000 5,587,379	\$2,435,000
2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds 6.00%-6.25%, due 7/1/2025	4,490,000	2,340,000	535,000	1,805,000	565,000
Total Governmental Activities Bonds		49,940,322	3,282,943	46,657,379	3,000,000
Governmental Activities - Direct Borrowings:					
PG & E City Hall HVAC Retrofit Note Payable 0.00%, due 11/30/2023	334,585	46,158	33,280	12,878	12,878
PG & E CEC Efficiency Note Payable 1.00%, due 12/22/2026	1,104,799	679,424	148,362	531,062	149,836
PG & E Energy Efficient Lighting Project Note Payable 0.00% due 1/20/30	174,036	164,972	21,754	143,218	21,755
Total Governmental Activities - Direct Borrowings		890,554	203,396	687,158	184,469
Total Governmental Activities Debt		\$50,830,876	\$3,486,339	\$47,344,537	\$3,184,469
Business-type Activities:					
Direct Borrowing: PG & E Parking Lot Lighting Retrofit Note Payable 0.00%, due 11/30/2023	66,380	\$7,305	\$6,816	\$489	\$489
2012 Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds 2.00-4.00%, due 4/1/2033 Less: unamortized bond discount	6,750,000	4,025,000 (7,797)	310,000 (725)	3,715,000 (7,072)	320,000
Total Business-type Activities Bonds		4,017,203	309,275	3,707,928	320,000
*1		· · · · · ·	\$316,091		\$320,000
Total Business-type Activities		\$4,024,508	\$310,091	\$3,708,417	\$320,489

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

A. 2018 Authority Lease Revenue Bonds

On March 5, 2018, the Authority issued 2018 Authority Lease Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$45,485,000 bearing interest at rates from 4.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds of the bonds were provided for replacement of two fire stations and construction of a public safety center. The Authority has pledged revenue pursuant to a site and facility lease between the City and the Authority for the public safety center. The lease rental payments are due semi-annually and are in an amount sufficient to make payments on the Bonds. Principal payments are due annually on June 1 and interest is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1. The Bonds maturing on or prior to June 1, 2028, are not subject to optional redemption prior to their maturity. The Bonds maturing on or after June 1, 2029, are subject to optional redemption as a whole or in part on any date after June 1, 2028, at the option of the Authority, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Bonds subject to redemption, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption, without premium.

The Bonds are payable from any source of available funds of the City. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the City to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City.

B. 2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds

On July 1, 2010, the City issued 2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$4,490,000 bearing interest at rates from 6.00% to 6.25%. Principal payments are due annually on July 1 and interest is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1. The Bonds were issued to prefund a portion of the obligations of the City to the Marin County Employees' Retirement Association. Payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds is not limited to any special source of funds and is payable from any legally available moneys of the City. The City is not empowered or obligated to levy or pledge taxes to make payments on the Bonds. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the City to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City.

C. Pacific Gas and Electric Notes Payable

PG&E HVAC and Lighting Retrofit

On September 30, 2013, the City executed a note payable agreement with Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) in the amount of \$634,861, which does not bear interest. The debt was assumed as a means to finance energy-efficient retrofit projects which include updating the existing heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) unit in City Hall and converting the street and parking lot lights to light emitting diode (LED). \$334,585 of the loan is for the HVAC projects and \$300,276 of the loan is for the LED projects. Repayment of the loan commenced in December 2013, and is due monthly until paid in full in 2023.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

PG&E CEC Efficiency

On September 5, 2017, City Council approved the execution of a note payable agreement with PG&E in an amount up to \$1,178,813, bearing interest at 1%. The debt was assumed as a means to finance the execution of various energy efficiency system upgrades to City facilities and street lights. The upgrades included interior and exterior lighting upgrades and energy management control systems. The City made the final draw on the loan and the final loan obligation was \$1,104,799. Payments commenced in December 2019, and are due semi-annually until paid in full in December 2026.

PG&E Energy Efficient Lighting Project

On September 20, 2021, the City executed a note payable agreement with PG&E in the amount of \$174,036, which does not bear interest. The debt was assumed as a means of financing energy efficient lighting for the Al Boro recreation center and the department of Public Works building. Repayment of the loan commenced in February 2022 and payments are due monthly until paid in full in January 2030.

D. 2012 Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

On August 7, 2012, the Authority issued 2012 Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$6,750,000 bearing interest at rates from 2.00% to 4.00%. The proceeds of the Series 2012 Bonds were used to repay the Authority's 2003 Authority Lease Revenue Bonds that financed the construction of the 3rd and C Street parking structure and achieved lower interest rates and lower annual debt service payments. The refunding resulted in a net present value savings to the City in debt service of \$670,496. In addition, the requisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$295,278. The Series 2012 Bonds are payable from lease payments made by the City to the Authority for leasing the City facilities. The rights to these lease payments have been irrevocably transferred by the Authority to the Trustee. Activities related to the Series 2012 Bonds are reported in the Parking Services Enterprise Fund. Principal payments are due annually on April 1 and interest is payable semiannually on October 1 and April 1. The Bonds maturing on or prior to April 1, 2022, are not subject to optional redemption prior to their maturity. The Bonds maturing on or after April 1, 2023, are subject to optional redemption as a whole or in part on any date after April 1, 2022, at the option of the Authority, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Bonds subject to redemption, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption, without premium.

The Bonds are payable from any source of available funds of the City. The bond covenants contain events of default that require the revenue of the City to be applied by the Trustee as specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

E. Future Debt Service

Future debt service requirements, including interest, at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
For the Year	Bone	ds	Direct Borr	owings
Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$3,000,000	\$2,058,406	\$184,469	\$4,951
2025	3,245,000	1,900,250	173,106	3,436
2026	3,510,000	1,729,256	174,623	1,919
2027	3,105,000	1,565,750	98,762	386
2028	3,355,000	1,410,500	21,755	
2029 - 2033	21,025,000	4,262,500	34,443	
2034 - 2035	3,830,000	191,500		
Totals	41,070,000	\$13,118,162	687,158	\$10,692
Reconciliation of Long-term debt: Add: unamortized premium	5,587,379	_		
	\$46,657,379	=	\$687,158	

Business-type Activities			
Bond	Bonds		
Principal	Interest	Principal	
\$320,000	\$134,288	\$489	
330,000	124,288		
335,000	113,562		
350,000	102,256		
360,000	90,006		
2,020,000	241,806		
3,715,000	\$806,206	489	
_			
(7,072)			
\$3,707,928		\$489	
	Bond Principal \$320,000 330,000 335,000 350,000 360,000 2,020,000 3,715,000 = (7,072)	Bonds Principal Interest \$320,000 \$134,288 330,000 124,288 335,000 113,562 350,000 102,256 360,000 90,006 2,020,000 241,806 3,715,000 \$806,206	

NOTE 7 – DEBT WITHOUT CITY COMMITMENT

A. Special Assessment Debt Without City Commitment

Special assessment districts have been established in various parts of the City to provide improvements to properties located in those districts. Properties in these districts are assessed for the cost of improvements; these assessments are payable solely by property owners over the term of the debt issued to finance these improvements. The City is not legally or morally obligated to pay these debts or be the purchaser of last resort of any foreclosed properties in these special assessment districts, nor is it obligated to advance City funds to repay these debts in the event of default by any of these districts. The City does act as an agent for the property owners and bondholders and at June 30, 2023, the balances of these Districts' outstanding debt were as follows:

	Project	Original	Outstanding
	Description	Amount	June 30, 2023
Pt. San Pedro Road Median Landscaping Assessment District Limited Obligation Bonds-2012	Pt. San Pedro Road Median Landscaping	\$1,750,000	\$1,075,200

B. Conduit Debt

The City has assisted private-sector entities by sponsoring their issuance of debt for purposes the City deems to be in the public interest. These debt issues are secured solely by the property financed by the debt. The City is not legally or morally obligated to pay these debts or be the purchaser of last resort of any foreclosed properties secured by these debts, nor is it obligated to advance City funds to repay these debts in the event of default by any of these issuers. At June 30, 2023, the balance of this issuers' outstanding debt was as follows:

	Project Description	Original Amount	Outstanding June 30, 2023
San Rafael Redevelopment Agency Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds-2000A	162-175 Belvedere Apartments	\$3,590,529	\$789,269
California Statewide Communities Development Authority Revenue Bonds-2001	St. Marks School	5,605,000	2,005,000
San Rafael Redevelopment Agency Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds-2002	San Rafael Commons Apartments	6,100,000	4,025,000
San Rafael Redevelopment Agency Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds-2007 Series A Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds-2007 Series B	Martinelli House Project Martinelli House	6,000,000 1,000,000	1,613,168 103,077
	Total	\$22,295,529	\$8,535,514

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

A. Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level and business type activity and are described below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

B. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balances represent the net current assets of each fund. Net current assets generally represent a fund's cash and receivables, less its liabilities. The City's fund balances are classified in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, which require the City to classify its fund balances based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendable represents balances set aside that do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, loans receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose. Nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances have constraints imposed by resolution of the City Council which may be altered only by resolution of the City Council. Nonspendable amounts subject to Council commitments are included along with spendable resources.

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent that they be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Manager, as designated by the City Council, and may be changed at the discretion of the City Council or City Manager. This authorization is given through Resolution No. 13173 which adopted the City's Fund Balance Policy.

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE (Continued)

This category includes nonspendables, when it is the City's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose; and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds which have not been restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual General Fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

Detailed classifications of the City's fund balances, as of June 30, 2023, are below:

		Special Rev	enue Funds	Capital Project Funds		
	General Fund	Traffic and Housing Mitigation	Gas Tax	Essential Facilities Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Fund balances:			Sub Tux			
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids	\$78,057				\$182,890	\$260,947
Total Nonspendable	78,057				182,890	260,947
Restricted for:						
Assessment District capital projects					298,723	298,723
Baypoint Lagoons Assessment District					224,737	224,737
Bedroom tax capital projects					142,339	142,339
Childcare					610,965	610,965
Development services					400.028	400,028
Emergency medical services					2,281,841	2,281,841
Streets improvements and maintenance (gas tax)			\$11,835,712		/ - /-	11,835,712
Grant funded programs					1,050,383	1,050,383
Household hazmat facility					572,457	572,457
Library					4,444,464	4,444,464
Library assessment					934,285	934,285
Loch Lomond Assessment District					809,862	809,862
Loch Lomond Assessment District #2					896,955	896,955
Low and Moderate Income Housing					1,872,044	1,872,044
Measure A - Open Space					475,053	475,053
Measure C - Wildfire Prevention					1,386,411	1,386,411
Measure E - Public Safety Facility				\$3,718,015		3,718,015
Measure G - Cannabis					1,150,736	1,150,736
Parkland dedication					359,989	359,989
Public safety					124,363	124,363
Pt. San Pedro - Maintenance Portion					174,968	174,968
Recreation revolving					362,483	362,483
Stormwater					6,629,459	6,629,459
Traffic and housing mitigation		\$5,693,062				5,693,062
Total Restricted		5,693,062	11,835,712	3,718,015	25,202,545	46,449,334
Committed to:						
Capital improvement capital projects					3,986,983	3,986,983
Emergency and cash flow	9,753,000				5,700,705	9,753,000
Park capital projects	9,755,000				21,861	21,861
Total Committed	9,753,000			·	4,008,844	13,761,844
Assigned to:						
Contractual commitments	2,410,106					2,410,106
One-time funds allocated to projects	8,767,279					8,767,279
Capital Project grant matching	4,240,000					4,240,000
Infrastructure Reserve	600,000					600,000
General plan / long range planning	1,254,889					1,254,889
Open space capital projects					119,248	119,248
Total Assigned	17,272,274				119,248	17,391,522
Unassigned	664,667					664,667
Total Fund Balances	\$27,767,998	\$5,693,062	\$11,835,712	\$3,718,015	\$29,513,527	\$78,528,314

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE (Continued)

C. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The City Council adopted a General Fund Reserve Policy in November 2014 to establish target reserve levels and the methodology for calculating reserve levels. The Policy also establishes criteria for the use of reserves and a process to replenish reserves.

The Policy requires the City to strive to maintain the following fund balances:

1) Emergency and Cash Flow Reserve (10% minimum)

An emergency and cash flow reserve will be maintained for the purposes of (1) sustaining General Fund operations in the case of a public emergency, such as a natural disaster or other unforeseen catastrophic event; and (2) to cover sudden operating shortfalls caused by (a) a severe drop in revenues that cannot be sufficiently offset by a corresponding reduction in expenditures and/or other available resources, or (b) an unforeseen, unavoidable expenditure that must be paid from the General Fund.

This reserve level is measured as a percentage of annual operating expenditures. Budgeted operating expenditures are to be used for the purposes of budget allocations and projections, and actual operating expenditures are to be used for the purpose of measuring this reserve at fiscal year-end. This reserve may be expended only when the City Council determines by resolution that such action is consistent with the purpose and intent of this policy.

In the event the balance in the Emergency and Cashflow Reserve falls below the minimum level, the City Manager, shall recommend a plan to replenish the fund within a timeframe not to exceed three years. This recommendation shall be approved by the City Council no later than the time at which the next annual budget is adopted. Any variance from the stipulations established within this policy shall require approval by the City Council along with a statement of findings supporting the temporary or ongoing modification to this policy.

The required reserve was \$9,753,000 at June 30, 2023, and the balance of the reserve, included in the General Fund's committed fund balance was \$9,753,000 at that date.

2) Other Facilities and Infrastructure

The purpose of the assigned infrastructure reserve is to accumulate funds to be used for the purpose of non-public safety facility construction and major improvements (e.g., library, administrative and non-safety buildings, streets, and the stormwater system). This was \$600,000 at June 30, 2023.

The General Plan/Long Range Planning reserve included in the General Fund's assigned fund balance was \$1,254,889 at June 30, 2023, which is specifically assigned to the City's General Plan, a state required plan that must address eight topic areas – Neighborhoods, Community Design, Economic Vitality, Infrastructure, Governance, Culture and Arts, Parks and Recreation and Air and Water Quality.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City's defined benefit retirement plan is administered by the Marin County Employees' Retirement Association (MCERA), a retirement system established in July 1950 and governed by the California Constitution; the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL or 1937 Act, California government Code Section 31450 et seq.); the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA, Government Code Section 7522); the provisions of California Government Code Section 7500 et seq; and the bylaws, procedures, and policies adopted by MCERA's Board of Retirement. The Marin County Board of Supervisors may also adopt resolutions, as permitted by the CERL and PEPRA, which may affect the benefits of MCERA members.

MCERA operates as a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan for the City and eight other participating employers: County of Marin, Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO), Marin City Community Services District, Marin County Superior Court, Marin/Sonoma Mosquito and Vector Control District, Novato Fire Protection District, Southern Marin Fire Protection District and Tamalpais Community Services District. Separate actuarial valuations are performed for these other agencies and districts, and the responsibility for funding their plans rest with those entities. Post-retirement benefits are administered by MCERA to qualified retirees.

Copies of MCERA's annual financial reports, which include required supplementary information (RSI) for the plan may be obtained from their office at One McInnis Parkway, Suite 100, San Rafael, CA 94903 or online at www.mcera.org.

B. Benefit Provisions

Service Retirement: MCERA's service retirement benefits are based on the years of credited service, final average compensation, and age at retirement, according to the applicable statutory formula. Members who qualify for service retirement are entitled to receive monthly retirement benefits for life.

General members hired prior to January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire once they attain the age of 50 (except Misc. Tier 2, whereby the minimum age is 55) and have acquired 10 or more years of retirement service credit. A member with 30 years of service is eligible to retire regardless of age. General members who are first hired on or after January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire once they have attained the age of 52, and have acquired 5 years of retirement service credit, or age 70, regardless of service.

Safety members hired prior to January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire once they attain the age of 50 and have acquired 10 or more years of retirement service credit. A member with 20 years of service is eligible to retire regardless of age. Safety members who are first hired on or after January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire once they have attained the age of 50, and have acquired 5 years of retirement service credit, or age 70, regardless of service.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Disability Retirement: A member with five years of service, regardless of age, who becomes permanently incapacitated for the performance of duty is eligible to apply for a non-service connected disability retirement. Any member who becomes permanently incapacitated for the performance of duty as a result of injury or disease arising out of and in the course of employment is eligible to apply for a service-connected disability retirement, regardless of service length or age.

Death Benefits: MCERA provides specified death benefits to beneficiaries and members' survivors. The death benefits provided depend on whether the member is active or retired. The basic active member death benefit consists of a members' retirement contributions plus interest plus one month's pay for each full year of service (up to a maximum of six month's pay). Retiring members may choose from five retirement benefit payment options. Most retirees elect to receive the unmodified allowance which provides the maximum benefit to the retiree and continuance of 60% of the retiree's allowance to the surviving spouse or registered domestic partner after the retiree's death. Other death benefits may be available based on the years of service, marital status, and whether the member has minor children.

Cost of Living Adjustment: Retirement allowances are indexed for inflation. Most retirees receive automatic basic cost of living adjustments (COLA's) based upon the Urban Consumer Price Index (UCPI) for the San Francisco Bay Area. These adjustments go into effect on April 1 of each year. Annual COLA increases are statutorily capped at 2%, 3%, or 4% depending upon the member's retirement tier. When the UCPI exceeds the maximum statutory COLA for the member's tier, the difference is accumulated for use in future years when the UCPI is less than the maximum statutory COLA. The accumulated percentage carryover is known as the COLA Bank.

C. Funding Policy

The funding policy of MCERA provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions by the City at rates such that sufficient assets will be available to pay plan benefits when due. The employer rates for normal cost are determined using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method, which takes into account those benefits that are expected to be earned in the future as well as those already accrued.

The City contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Employer Contribution Rate	Employee Contribution Rate	Benefit	Basis
City of San Rafael Misc Tier 1	52.37%	0.00% - 17.14%	2.7% @ 55	Highest year
City of San Rafael Misc Tier 2	53.15%	8.11% - 12.31%	2.0% @ 55	Average three highest years
City of San Rafael Fire Tier 1	71.55%	0% - 20.38%	3.0% @ 55	Highest year
City of San Rafael Fire Tier 2	70.51%	12.59% - 18.53%	3.0% @ 55	Average three highest years
City of San Rafael Safety Police Tier 1	71.14%	0% - 20.38%	3.0% @ 55	Highest year
City of San Rafael Safety Police Tier 2	72.39%	12.59% - 18.53%	3.0%@55	Average three highest years
PEPRA Misc	46.09%	9.74%	2.0%@62	Average three highest years
PEPRA Safety	62.31%	15.26%	2.7% @ 57	Average three highest years

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

These rates were determined by MCERA, based on the actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2021. The actual rate of return on investments during that year was 32.0% on a market value basis net of investment expenses, as compared to the prior year's 6.75% assumption.

The City uses the actuarially determined percentages of payroll to calculate and pay contributions to MCERA. Contributions to the plan from the City were \$21,446,774 for the year ended June 30, 2023, based on a total payroll of \$48,676,936, of which \$35,543,480 represented the basis for the plan contributions. Of the total payroll subject to plan contributions, \$1,337,210 is attributable to the San Rafael Sanitation District (SRSD), a component unit of the City.

Effective with the June 30, 2013, valuation, the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) as of June 30, 2013, is being amortized over a closed 17-year period (9 years remaining as of June 30, 2021), except for the additional UAL attributable to the outstanding unfunded actuarial loss from 2009, which is being amortized over a separate closed period (currently 17 years).

Effective with the June 30, 2014 valuation, any new sources of UAL due to actuarial gains and losses or method changes are amortized over a closed 24-year period, with a 5-year ramp up period at the beginning of the period, a 4-year ramp down at the end of the period, and 15 years of level payments as a percentage of payroll between the ramping periods. This amortization method for gains and losses is similar to a 20-year amortization period with level payments as a percentage of payroll, in conjunction with a traditional 5-year asset smoothing.

Assumption changes are amortized over a closed 22-year period, with a 3-year ramp up period, 2-year ramp down period, and 17 years of level payments as a percentage of payroll.

D. Pension Liability and Pension Expense

The City's net pension liability (NPL) has been determined for the financial reporting period ended June 30, 2023, based on the following methodology: The City's NPL as of June 30, 2021, was updated to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 using the actual City's plan assets as of June 30, 2022, and estimating the change in the City's liabilities between July 1, 2021, and June 30, 2022. This estimate is based on a projection of the City's long-term contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers.

The resulting NPL for the City under this calculation is \$105,476,657 or 33.73% of the total MCERA NPL of \$312,688,342 (reference MCERA's GASB 67/68 report as of June 30, 2022). This compares to the previous year's net pension liability of \$48,176,309 or 29.665% of the total MCERA net pension liability of \$162,401,177 (reference MCERA's GASB 67/68 report as of June 30, 2021).

In addition to the reporting of the NPL as of June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred inflows of \$24,063,376 and deferred outflows of \$68,401,146 as of the measurement date June 30, 2022. The City reported post-measurement date outflows of \$21,446,774 from actual fiscal year 2022-2023 pension contributions. Deferred outflows include deferred investment gains and adjustments to assumptions based on actual positive results. Deferred outflows have a positive impact on net assets (offsetting the net pension liability) and will be recognized in future reporting periods. Deferred inflows include deferred investment to assumptions based on actual negative results, and contributions made after the measurement date.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Deferred inflows have a negative impact on net assets (similar to the NPL) and will be recognized in future reporting periods. The net impact of these pension liability related entries on the City's Statement of Net Position before allocations to the San Rafael Sanitation District was \$61,138,857. After allocations to the San Rafael Sanitation District, the net impact on the City's Statement of Net Position was \$59,734,885.

Under generally accepted accounting principles, the City's pension expense is based on the Plan's pension expense, adjusted for the City's actual contributions and net pension liability (asset).

Three components are used to calculate pension expense: (1) changes in the net pension liability; (2) changes in benefit terms (if any): and (3) changes in actuarial assumptions and experience. Pension expense is calculated using a different methodology than that used to derive the actuarially determined annual contribution to the Plan. Actual pension contributions during the reporting year were \$21,446,774. Because pension expense is affected by annual changes in the net pension liability, volatility is to be expected. For the current measurement period, investment returns above the assumed rate were responsible for the decrease in net pension liability to a net pension asset and had a corresponding impact on pension expense.

Summary of Results		
	Measurement Date	Measurement Date
Description	6/30/2022	6/30/2021
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$105,476,657	(\$48,176,309)
Deferred Inflows	24,063,376	164,252,572
Deferred Outflows	(46,954,402)	(15,753,361)
Impact on Net Position before Deferred Outflows from Contributions	82,585,631	100,322,902
Additional Deferred Outflows - Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date	(21,446,744)	(21,859,307)
Impact on Statement of Net Position before Allocations	61,138,887	78,463,595
Allocation of Net Pension Liability (Asset) to SRSD	3,563,252	(1,635,722)
Allocation of Deferred Inflows (measurement date) to SRSD	812,918	5,576,838
Allocation of Deferred Outflows (measurement date) to SRSD	(2,310,754)	(534,871)
Impact on Net Position before Allocation of Deferred Outflows from Contributions to SRSD	2,065,416	3,406,245
Allocation of Additional Deferred Outflows (Contributions) to SRSD	(661,444)	(747,284)
Long-Term Receivable from SRSD, due to pension obligations (see Note 4F)	1,403,972	2,658,961
Impact on Statement of Net Position, net of receivable from SRSD	\$59,734,915	\$75,804,634
Pension Expense (Revenue)	\$4,048,455	(\$20,127,615)

The table below provides a summary of the key results during the reporting period:

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Projection of Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability

Total Pension Liability (TPL) is the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributed to past periods of employee service. MCERA and the City have adopted a measurement date of June 30, 2022. The beginning of year measurement of TPL is based on the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The TPL at the end of the measurement year, June 30, 2022, is also measured as of the valuation date of June 30, 2021 and projected to June 30, 2022.

The Plan Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) is the fair or market value of assets. The FNP at the beginning of the year is based on the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The FNP at the end of the measurement year, June 30, 2022, is also measured as of the valuation date of June 30, 2021, and projected to June 30, 2022.

The Net Pension Liability (NPL) is the City's liability (asset) for benefits provided through its defined benefit plan administered by MCERA. It is calculated by reducing the TPL by the FNP. The long-term portion of the governmental activities' NPL is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

Actuarial assumptions:

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 (measurement date) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement.

Expected Return on Assets	6.75% per year, net of investment expenses
Discount Rate	6.75% per year
Price Inflation	2.50% per year
Salary Increases	3.00% per year plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service.
Administrative Expenses	Administrative expenses in the actuarial valuation are assumed to be \$5,137,500 for FY 2021-22, to be split between employees and employers based on their share of the overall contributions. Administrative expenses shown in this report are based on the actual FY 2020-21 amounts.
Post-Retirement COLA	Post-retirement COLAs are assumed at a rate of 2.5% for members with a 4% COLA cap, 2.4% for members with a 3% COLA cap, and 1.9% for members with a 2% COLA cap.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Mortality Rates for Healthy Members and Inactives	Mortality rates for Miscellaneous active members are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, with no adjustments.
	Mortality rates for Safety active members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Above-Median Income Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements Projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, with no adjustments. 10% of Safety member active deaths are assumed to occur in the line of duty.
Mortality Rates for Retired Disabled Members	Rates of mortality for Miscellaneous disabled members are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, with no adjustments, Rates of mortality for Safety disabled members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, adjusted by 95% for males with no adjustment for females.

Asset Allocation Policy and Expected Long-Term Rate of Return by Asset Class

The Board of Retirement has adopted an Investment Policy Statement (IPS), which provides the framework for the management of MCERA's investments. The IPS establishes MCERA's investment objectives and defines the principal duties of the Retirement Board, the custodian bank, and the investment managers. The asset allocation plan is an integral part of the IPS and is designed to provide an optimum and diversified mix of asset classes with return expectations to satisfy expected liabilities while minimizing risk exposure. MCERA currently employs external investment managers to manage its assets subject to the provisions of the policy. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the Plan.

The following was the Retirement Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2022:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (with the effect of inflation)
Domestic Equities	32%	4.60%	7.10%
International Equities	22%	4.85%	7.35%
Fixed Income	23%	1.40%	3.90%
Public Real Assets	7%	3.20%	5.70%
Real Estate	8%	3.65%	6.15%
Private Equity	8%	6.00%	8.50%
Total	100%		

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The Long-Term returns are calculated using a 10-year geometric return derived from arithmetic returns and the associated risk (standard deviation).

Determination of Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. Related to the discount rate is the funding assumption that employees will continue to contribute to the plan at the required rates and employers will continue the historical and legally required practice of contributing to the plan based on an actuarially determined contribution, reflecting a payment equal to annual normal cost, a portion of the expected administrative expenses, an amortization payment for the extraordinary losses from 2009 amortized over a closed period (17 years remaining as of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation), and an amount necessary to amortize the remaining Unfunded Actuarial Liability as a level percentage of payroll over a closed period (9 years remaining as of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation).

A change in the discount rate would affect the measurement of the TPL. A lower discount rate results in a higher TPL and higher discount rates results in a lower TPL. Because the discount rate does not affect the measurement of assets, the percentage change in the NPL can be significant for a relatively small change in the discount rate.

The table below shows the sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to a one percent decrease and a one percent increase in the discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
Description	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Total Pension Liability	\$1,265,780,847	\$1,120,775,111	\$1,001,365,195
Fiduciary Net Position	1,015,298,454	1,015,298,454	1,015,298,458
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$250,482,393	\$105,476,657	(\$13,933,263)
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension	80.2%	90.6%	101.4%

Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Pension Resources

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Total Pension Liability (TPL) are recognized in the proportionate share of the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the plan. As of the measurement date, this recognition period was 4 years.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The following tables show the current balance and sources of deferred outflows and inflows related to the City's defined benefit retirement plan, and the scheduled recognition of these deferred amounts:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Description		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$2,762,782	\$4,367,486
Changes in assumptions	5,679,576	
Change in proportion	7,957,716	10,883,765
Difference between City contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions		8,812,125
Actual FY 22-23 contributions (post measurement date)	21,446,774	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	30,554,298	
Deferred Inflows and Outflows Before Allocations	\$68,401,146	\$24,063,376
Allocation of Deferred Inflows and Outflows to SRSD		
As of measurement date	\$2,310,754	\$812,918
Post-measurement date	661,444	
Net Deferred Inflows and Outflows	\$65,428,948	\$23,250,458

The \$21,446,774 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Amortization Amount
2024	(\$3,267,510)
2025	(3,324,244)
2026	(7,611,284)
2027	37,094,034
Total	\$22,890,996

NOTE 10 – PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM (DEFINED CONTRIBUTION RETIREMENT PLAN)

The City contributes to the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS), which administers a defined contribution retirement plan. A defined contribution retirement plan provides retirement benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's accounts are determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. The benefits a participant will receive depend on the amount contributed to the participant's account, and the returns earned on investments on those contributions. The Plan's trust administrator is Phase II, P.O. Box 12919, Newport Beach, California 92658.

As established by the plan, all eligible part-time and temporary employees of the City become participants in the plan from the date that they are hired. An eligible employee is any employee who, at any time during which the employer maintains this plan, is not accruing a benefit under the Marin County Employees' Retirement Fund.

As determined by the plan, each employee must contribute 3.75% of gross earnings to the plan. The City contributes an additional 3.75% of the employee's gross earnings. Contributions made by an employee and the employer vest immediately.

During the year, the City and employees each contributed \$140,479. The total covered payroll of employees participating in the plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, was \$3,746,098.

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City provides certain health care benefits for retired employees and their spouses under an Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan. The benefit provisions were established under the authority of the 1937 Act, Section 31450, et. seq. of the Government Code. Employees who meet the vesting criteria become eligible for these benefits if they receive a retirement benefit from the Marin County Employees' Retirement Association within 120 days of retirement from City employment.

The provisions and benefits of the City's Other Post Employment Benefit Plan, in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	Elected Officials, Mid-Management, & Unrepresented		
	Management	All other Bargaining Units	
Eligibility	Retire directly from the City:		
	- Age 50 (age 55 if hired > $7/1/11$) with 10 years services (Including reciprocity) OR		
	- 30 years service (Miscellaneous), 20 years service (Safety) OR		
	- Age 70		
	- Disability Retirement		
Benefit	Hired < 1/1/09 Full premium/cap	Hired $< 1/1/10$ Up to cap	
	Hired $\geq 1/1/09$ PEMHCA Min	Hired $\geq 1/1/10$ PEMHCA Min	
Surviving Spouse			
Benefit	Continuation to surviving spouse		
Medicare Part B	Hired < 4/1/07 Full reimbursement	None	
	Hired $\geq 4/1/07$ None		
Other	No Dental, Vision, or Life Benefits		

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2022, the measurement date:

Active plan members	348
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefit payments	378
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefit payments	80
Total	806

Funding Policy and Actuarial Assumptions

The City's net OPEB liability was measured using a Total OPEB Liability and Fiduciary Net Position measured as of June 30, 2022, using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions were used in the valuation: (a) 6.25% investment rate of return and (b) 2.50% of general inflation increase, and (c) a healthcare trend of declining annual increases ranging from 6.50% in 2023 to 3.75% for the years starting 2076. In addition, the fixed dollar benefit amounts are assumed to be held flat in the future and the premium related benefits are assumed to increase with the healthcare trend rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Long-Term
			Expected
		Long-Term	Rate of Return
	Target	Expected	(with the effect
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return	of inflation)
Global Equity	59%	4.56%	7.06%
Fixed Income	25%	0.78%	3.28%
TIPS	5%	-0.08%	2.42%
Commodities	3%	1.22%	3.72%
REITs	8%	4.06%	6.56%
Total	100%		
Assumed Long-Term Rate of	Inflation	2.50%	
Assumed Long-Term Investment Expenses		n/a	
Expected Long-Term Net Rat	e of Return	6.25%	
Discount Rate		6.25%	

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

The Expected Long-Term Rate of Return is provided by CalPERS' Strategic Asset Allocation Overview in October 2018 – Strategy 1.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments and the plan assets are expected to be invested using the strategy to achieve the expected return.

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net		Net OPEB
	Liability	Position	Liability/(Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(c) = (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2022 (6/30/21 measurement date)	\$48,228,000	\$29,296,000	\$18,932,000
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:			
Service Cost	566,000		566,000
Interest on the total OPEB liability	2,946,000		2,946,000
Contributions from the employer		3,294,000	(3,294,000)
Net investment income		(3,922,000)	3,922,000
Administrative expenses		(15,000)	15,000
Benefit payments and refunds	(3,286,000)	(3,286,000)	
Net Changes during July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023	226,000	(3,929,000)	4,155,000
Balance at June 30, 2023 (6/30/22 measurement date)	\$48,454,000	\$25,367,000	\$23,087,000

The benefit payments and refunds include implied subsidy benefit payments in the amount of \$725,000.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25 percent) than the current discount rate:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)				
Discount Rate -1%	Current Discount	Discount Rate +1%		
(5.75%)	Rate (6.75%)	(7.75%)		
\$28,379,000	\$23,087,000	\$18,613,000		

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rates.

Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)				
Healthcare Cost				
Trend Rate -1% Trend Rates Trend Rate +1%				
\$19,681,000	\$23,087,000	\$27,134,000		

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued plan financial report. That report may be obtained from the California Public Employees' Retirement System, CERBT, P.O. Box 942703, Sacramento, CA, 94229.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

Components of OPEB Expense for fiscal year 2022-2023 were as follows:

Service Cost	\$566,000
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	2,946,000
Projected earning on investments	(1,831,000)
Administrative expense	15,000
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows:	
Experience	(1,792,000)
Assumptions	668,000
Asset Returns	317,000
OPEB Expense	\$889,000

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Components of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Changes of assumptions	\$1,770,961	\$29,039	\$1,800,000
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on plan investments	2,009,231	29,769	2,039,000
Employer contributions made subsequent			
to the measurement date	3,136,528	46,472	3,183,000
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$6,916,720	\$105,280	\$7,022,000
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$3,552,367	\$52,633	\$3,605,000
Changes of assumptions	832,884	14,116	847,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$4,385,251	\$66,749	\$4,452,000

The difference between projected OPEB plan investment earnings and actual earnings is amortized over a five-year period. The remaining gains and losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life.

\$3,183,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as future OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period	Amortized
Ended June 30	Amount
2024	(\$864,000)
2025	(687,000)
2026	(31,000)
2027	969,000
	(\$613,000)

NOTE 11 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Continued)

The table below provides a summary of the key results during this reporting period.

Summary of Results		
	Measurement Date	Measurement Date
Description	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Net OPEB Liability	\$23,087,000	\$18,932,000
Deferred Inflows	4,452,000	10,113,000
Deferred Outflows	(3,839,000)	(2,940,000)
Impact on Net Position before deferred contributions	23,700,000	26,105,000
Additional Deferred Outflows - Contributions subsequent to measurement date	(3,183,000)	(3,294,000)
Impact on Statement of Net Position before Allocations	20,517,000	22,811,000
Allocation of NOL to SRSD	674,000	552,000
Allocation of Deferred Inflows (measurement date) to SRSD	129,971	294,865
Allocation of Deferred Outflows (measurement date) to SRSD	(112,075)	(85,722)
Impact on Net Position before deferred contributions to SRSD	691,896	761,143
Allocation of Additional Deferred Outflows (contributions) to SRSD	(92,924)	(96,043)
Long-Term Receivable from SRSD, due to OPEB obligations (see Note 4G)	598,972	665,100
Impact on Statement of Net Positions, net of receivable from SRSD	\$19,918,028	\$22,145,900
OPEB Expense	\$889,000	\$345,000
Covered Employee Payroll	\$42,604,000	\$39,310,000

NOTE 12 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The City participates in the jointly governed organizations discussed below through formally organized and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, these entities exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each joint organization is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. Each board controls the operations of the respective joint organization, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on that board. Obligations and liabilities of this joint organization are not the City's responsibility and the City does not have an equity interest in the assets of each joint organization except upon dissolution of the joint organization.

NOTE 12 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

A. The Marin County Integrated On-Line Library System (System)

The MARINet Library Consortium was formed to provide for the procurement, ownership, operation, maintenance, and governance of shared library services among the libraries, public and academic, in Marin County. Current services shared and paid for on a consortia level through annual membership dues include an integrated library system including patron database, cataloging system, and online catalog of materials; delivery of items between libraries in Marin, a statewide library delivery service called Link+, numerous online resources, and more. The Governing Board of the System consists of the library director or designated alternate of each participant in the System. In accordance with the cost sharing formula developed by the library directors of the participants, the City's share of annual operating costs was \$321,517 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Financial statements of the System can be obtained from the County Librarian, Marin County Free Library at 1401 Los Gamos Drive, Suite 200, San Rafael, California 94903.

B. The Marin General Services Authority (MGSA)

The MGSA was formed by the County of Marin and twelve local agencies to acquire street light facilities, operate the facilities during an eminent domain action against PG&E, and coordinate the subsequent transfer of the facilities to the individual local agencies. Each of the local agency's share of contributions was based on the number of street lights to be acquired in the local agency's individual jurisdiction in relation to the total number of street lights to be acquired by the Marin Streetlight Acquisition Joint Powers Authority. MGSA services now include street light maintenance, abandoned vehicle abatement, taxicab regulation, administrative responsibility for MarinMap and the CATV program formerly administered by the Marin Telecommunications Authority established to regulate the rates for cable television service and equipment. The City's contribution to MGSA was \$766,726 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Financial statements of the MGSA can be obtained at 900 Fifth Avenue, Suite 100, San Rafael, California 94901.

C. The Marin Emergency Radio Authority (MERA)

MERA was formed on February 28, 1998, by the County of Marin and 25 local agencies within the County to plan, finance, implement, manage, own, and operate a County-wide public safety and emergency radio system. The Governing Board consists of one representative from each member. The members entered into a Project Operating Agreement on February 1, 1999.

On February 1, 1999, the members entered into an Operating Agreement whereby members are obligated to contribute service payments to cover the Authority's operations and debt service. The City's portion of the obligation is 16.913%. The City contributed \$401,659 of the Authority's operations and debt service for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The City has established a reserve in its internal service funds to pay future service payments. Financial statements of the MERA can be obtained at 95 Rowland Way, Novato, California 94945.

NOTE 12 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

D. The Marin County Hazardous and Solid Waste Joint Powers Authority

The Authority was established by the County, local cities, and waste franchising districts to finance, prepare, and implement source reduction and recycling elements on a county-wide integrated waste management plan as required by State Assembly Bill 939. The City's contribution to the Authority was \$18,741 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Financial statements of the Authority can be obtained at 3501 Civic Center Drive, San Rafael, California 94903.

E. Central Marin Sanitation Agency (CMSA)

In October 1979, the District entered into a joint powers agreement with three neighboring sanitation agencies in central Marin County forming the Central Marin Sanitation Agency (CMSA). CMSA serves as a regional wastewater treatment plant for its four member agencies and San Quentin Prison (SQ) and is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners, two appointed by the Board of Directors of the District, two appointed by the governing board of the Ross Valley Sanitary District, and one appointed by the governing board of Sanitary District No. 2 (SD 2).

Total project costs for the joint venture were funded from federal (75%) and state (12.5%) clean water grants and from local shares (12.5% total) allocated among the member agencies and SQ based upon the weighted average of the strength and volume of sewage flows per member at inception of the project. CMSA derives its annual funding for its operations and capital programs almost exclusively from service charges to member agencies. The joint powers agreement does not provide an explicit measurable right as required to establish an equity interest for any of the joint venture participants, and in addition to, stipulates that all excess capital funds, if any, and all excess administration, operations, and maintenance funds from whatever source, if any, are the property of CMSA.

The financial statements of the CMSA are available at the CMSA office at 1301 Anderson Drive, San Rafael, California 94901 and online at <u>www.cmsa.us</u>.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. City

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City established the Risk Management Internal Service Fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The City manages risk by participating in a public entity risk pool (described below), purchasing insurance and by retaining certain risks.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Risk Coverage

Liability Coverage

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA) which covers general liability claims up to \$40,000,000. The purpose of CJPRMA is to spread the adverse effects of general liability losses among the member agencies. The City also purchases commercial insurance for property damage claims with an insured amount of \$173,070,291. The City is self-insured up to \$750,000 for each general liability claim and \$25,000 for each property damage claim. Once the self-insured retention is met, CJPRMA becomes responsible for payment of all liability claims up to the limit. The City contributed a total of \$1,154,942 in liability coverage premiums during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Five years after settlement of all general liability claims for a program year, CJPRMA will retroactively adjust premium deposits for any excess or deficiency in deposits related to paid claims and reserves. Financial statements for the risk pool may be obtained from CJPRMA at 3201 Doolan Road, Suite 285, Livermore, California 94551.

Workers' Compensation Coverage

The City purchases insurance for workers' compensation through Safety National Casualty Corporation Excess Workers' Compensation and Employers Liability Insurance with coverage up to statutory limits. The City is self-insured up to \$1,000,000 for each worker's compensation claim.

Insurance Internal Service Funds and Financial Reporting

The City records estimated liabilities for claims filed up to the amounts for which it retains risk in the General Liability and Workers Compensation Internal Service Funds. Charges to the General Fund and other funds are based on relative general liability and workers compensation risk associated with the activities of each fund. Charges are recorded in the funds as expenditures or expenses and as revenues in the respective internal service funds.

Generally accepted accounting principles require municipalities to record the liability for uninsured claims and to reflect the current portion of this liability as an expenditure in the financial statements. As discussed above, the City has coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the deductible or uninsured portion of these claims.

The City's liability for uninsured general liability claims and workers' compensation claims, including claims incurred but not reported, are reported in the Statements of Net Position. The City's present value liability for uninsured claims below include a provision for claims incurred but not reported using a discount rate of 2%.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

	General Workers'		Totals, as of June 30		
	Liability *	Compensation *	2023	2022	
Balance, beginning of year	\$4,696,504	\$10,905,218	\$15,601,722	\$12,268,903	
Current year claims and changes in estimates Claims paid	1,404,334 (1,437,462)	2,452,582 (2,234,478)	3,856,916 (3,671,940)	5,221,270 (1,888,451)	
Balance, end of year	\$4,663,376	\$11,123,322	\$15,786,698	\$15,601,722	
Due in one year Due in more than one year	\$1,110,010 3,553,366	\$1,776,620 9,346,702	\$2,886,630 12,900,068	\$2,802,022 12,799,700	
Total claim liabilities	\$4,663,376	\$11,123,322	\$15,786,698	\$15,601,722	

* Liability based on an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, extrapolated to June 30, 2023.

The claims settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

B. District

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disaster. The District participates in a joint powers agreement with other entities forming the California Sanitation Risk Management Authority (CSRMA), a public entity risk pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 60 member entities. CSRMA is governed by a Board of Directors composed of one representative from each member agency and meets three times per year in conjunction with conferences of the California Association of Sanitation Agencies. The Board controls the Note 1 operations of CSRMA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member entities.

The District pays annual premiums to CSRMA for its primary insurance and property insurance programs. Primary and property insurance programs are fully insured wherein CSRMA purchases insurance as a group thereby reducing its costs. CSRMA provides both fully insured and pooled insurance programs for its participating member entities. Because all employees of the District are contracted employees from the City of San Rafael, workers' compensation insurance is not carried by the District but is provided through the City.

CSRMA's primary and property insurance programs transfer risk to commercial insurance policies for claims above deductibles, while the District retains risk for claims to the extent of deductibles. Settled claims for the District have not exceeded coverage provided by CSRMA in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The following summarizes active insurance policies as of June 30, 2023 together with coverage limits for each insured event:

Insurance Program	Limits	Coverage Description
CSRMA - Allied World Assur.	\$3,000,000	Gen/Mgt liability - aggregate
CSRMA - Allied World Assur.	\$1,000,000	Gen/Mgt liability - occurrence
CSRMA - Allied World Assur.	\$1,000,000	Auto liability - accident
CSRMA - Allied World Assur.	\$4,000,000	Excess liability
CSRMA - Public Entity Property		
Insurance Program (P.E.P.I.P.)	\$24,978,734	Special form property
CSRMA - Illinois Union Ins.	\$25,000,000	Pollution liability - tier 1
CSRMA - Illinois Union Ins.	\$2,000,000	Pollution liability - tier 2
CSRMA - Lloyds of London	\$2,000,000	Cyber liability - third party
CSRMA - Lloyds of London	\$2,000,000	Cyber liability - first party
CSRMA - Travelers Ins.	\$25,000	Identity theft
CSRMA - Lloyds of London	\$2,500,000	Deadly weapons - aggregate

The financial statements of CSRMA are available at their office: 100 Pine Street, 11th Floor, San Francisco, California 94111.

NOTE 14 – LEASE AND SUBSCRIPTION LIABILITIES

A. Lease Liabilities

A summary of governmental activities lease transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2022	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2023	Current Portion
Governmental Activities	·			
Lease Liabilities				
Fire Station 57 Land Lease	\$5,480,451	(\$508)	\$5,479,943	\$5,540
Copier Equipment Leases	180,245	(82,053)	98,192	56,855
Total	\$5,660,696	(\$82,561)	\$5,578,135	\$62,395

On June 21, 2016, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee with the County of Marin to lease property for constructing Fire Station # 57 for a 40 year term, ending on June 30, 2056. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest lease payments in the amount of \$13,343 commencing July 1, 2021. The monthly lease payments are increased annually in the amount of 3% every July 1. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the lease liability was \$5,479,943 and the net value of the right-to-use asset was \$5,163,292, including accumulated amortization of \$312,927.

NOTE 14 – LEASE AND SUBSCRIPTION LIABILITIES (Continued)

The City has entered into four separate equipment lease agreements as a lessee for copiers with various vendors. The lease terms vary from 3-5 years and interest is implicit in the lease agreements in the amount of 5%. The City is required to make monthly or yearly principal and interest lease payments in varying amounts ranging from \$1,003 to \$50,278, depending on the lease. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the lease liability was \$98,192 and the net value of the right-to-use asset was \$96,885, including accumulated amortization of \$161,480. The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

For the Year			
Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$62,395	\$168,654	\$231,049
2025	39,584	165,616	205,200
2026	29,156	164,311	193,467
2027	22,511	163,102	185,613
2028	28,841	162,340	191,181
2029-2033	252,404	793,055	1,045,459
2034-2038	472,289	739,684	1,211,973
2039-2043	756,237	648,772	1,405,009
2044-2048	1,119,143	509,648	1,628,791
2049-2053	1,579,033	309,179	1,888,212
2054-2058	1,216,542	57,837	1,274,379
Totals	\$5,578,135	\$3,882,198	\$9,460,333

B. Subscription-Based Information Technology Liabilities

A summary of subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA) transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Balance			
	June 30, 2022		Balance	Current
	(as restated)	Retirements	June 30, 2023	Portion
Governmental Activities				
Subscription liabilities				
Axon	\$374,019	(\$5,348)	\$368,671	\$5,615
Microsoft	1,080,670	(162,496)	918,174	166,166
SeeClickFix	104,762	(49,762)	55,000	55,000
Total	\$1,559,451	(\$217,606)	\$1,341,845	\$226,781

On March 7, 2019, the City entered into a subscription agreement with Axon Enterprise, Inc. for a subscription with a 5 year term. The City is required to make yearly subscription payments ranging from \$24,049 to \$83,857 throughout the life of the subscription, which ends on December 31, 2029. Interest is implicit in the subscription agreement in the amount of 5%. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the subscription liability was \$368,671 and the net value of the right-to-use asset was \$320,588, including accumulated amortization of \$53,431.

NOTE 14 – LEASE AND SUBSCRIPTION LIABILITIES (Continued)

On August 9, 2022, the City entered into a subscription agreement with Microsoft for a subscription with a 6 year term. The City is required to make yearly subscription payments of \$212,075 throughout the life of the subscription, which ends on August 31, 2028. Interest is implicit in the subscription agreement in the amount of 5%. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the subscription liability was \$918,174 and the net value of the right-to-use asset was \$900,558, including accumulated amortization of \$180,112.

On February 23, 2022, the City entered into a subscription agreement with the SeeClickFix, Inc. for a subscription with a 2 year term. The City is required to make yearly subscription payments ranging from \$55,000 to \$57,750 throughout the life of the subscription, which ends on August 24, 2024. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the subscription liability was \$55,000 and the net value of the right-to-use asset was \$52,381, including accumulated amortization of \$52,381.

For the Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$226,781	\$67,092	\$293,873
2025	240,178	55,753	295,931
2026	252,188	43,744	295,932
2027	264,797	31,135	295,932
2028	278,037	17,895	295,932
2029	79,864	3,993	83,857
Totals	\$1,341,845	\$219,612	\$1,561,457

The future subscription and interest subscription payments as of June 30, 2023 follows:

NOTE 15 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. City Litigation

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits arising from its normal operations. City management is of the opinion that the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the basic financial statements of the City.

B. District

As of June 30, 2023, SRSD had several contracts for sewer improvement projects with remaining obligations of approximately \$7,800,000.

NOTE 16 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES

A. Redevelopment Dissolution

In an effort to mitigate its budget deficit, the State of California adopted ABx1 26 on June 28, 2011, amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012, which suspended all new redevelopment activities except for limited specified activities as of that date and dissolved redevelopment agencies on January 31, 2012.

The suspension provisions prohibited all redevelopment agencies from a wide range of activities, including incurring new indebtedness or obligations, entering into, or modifying agreements or contracts, acquiring, or disposing of real property, taking actions to adopt or amend redevelopment plans and other similar actions, except actions required by law or to carry out existing enforceable obligations, as defined in ABx1 26.

In addition, ABx1 26 and AB1484 directed the State Controller to review the activities of all redevelopment agencies and successor agencies to determine whether an asset transfer between an agency and any public agency occurred on or after January 1, 2011. If an asset transfer did occur and the public agency that received the asset is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of the asset, the legislation requires the State Controller to order the asset returned to the redevelopment agency. This review was performed in May 2013, and a report issued on July 29, 2013 (see section B of this footnote).

The City elected to become the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency, and on February 1, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency's remaining net assets were distributed to the Successor Agency. ABx1 26 requires the establishment of an Oversight Board to oversee the activities of the Successor Agency and one was established on April 2, 2012. On July 1, 2018, the County of Marin formed a county-wide Oversight Board to oversee the activities of all Successor Agency are subject to review and approval of the Oversight Board, which is comprised of seven members.

The activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund as the activities are under the control of the Oversight Board. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency.

Pursuant to the dissolution of the City of San Rafael Redevelopment Agency, certain assets of the Redevelopment Agency were distributed to the Housing Successor and all remaining Redevelopment Agency assets and liabilities were distributed to the Successor Agency.

The City elected to become the Housing Successor and on February 1, 2012. Assets and Liabilities relating to the Housing Successor are reported in the City's Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 16 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES (Continued)

B. Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF)

The Successor Agency's primary source of revenue comes from the RPTTF allocation distributed by the County. Property tax revenues for each Project Area are deposited into the RPTTF, which redistributes each Project Area's tax increment under specified formulas. The County Auditor administers the RPTTF and disburses twice annually from this fund pass-through payments to affected taxing entities, an amount equal to the total of obligation payments that are required to be paid from tax increment as denoted on the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule ("ROPS"). The disbursements are established in the treasury of the Successor Agencies, and various allowed administrative fees and allowances. Any remaining balance is then distributed by the County Auditor back to affected taxing entities under a prescribed method that accounts for pass-through payments. The County Auditor is also responsible for the distributing other monies received from the Successor Agency (from sale of assets, etc.) to the affected taxing entities. Successor agencies in turn will use the amounts deposited into their respective funds to make payments for principal and interest on loans and monies advanced to or indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agencies.

C. Long-Term Debt

1999 Tax Allocation Bonds and Capital Appreciation Bonds

On June 16, 1999, the former Agency issued Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$23,504,004. The bonds were issued as Current Interest Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$21,115,000 and as Capital Appreciation Bonds in the original amount of \$2,389,004. The proceeds of the bonds were used to finance certain redevelopment activities of benefit to the former Agency's Central San Rafael Redevelopment Project Area.

In December 2009 of the former Agency exercised the redemption option of the Current Interest Bonds. The outstanding balance of the Bonds was refunded, on a current basis, through the issuance of the 2009 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds as discussed below.

The Capital Appreciation Bonds matured annually after December 1 from 2018 to 2022, in amounts ranging from \$1,440,000 to \$2,070,000 and bore interest at rates from 5.58% to 5.60%. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds compounded on each interest premium date and were paid in full at maturity. The bonds were secured, on parity with the 1992 and 1995 bonds (refunded in 2002), by a pledge and a lien on tax revenues and amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts held by the fiscal agent. The 1999 Tax Allocation Capital Appreciation Bonds were paid off as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE 16 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES (Continued)

2009 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

On December 14, 2009, the former Agency issued 2009 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$14,660,000 bearing interest at rates from 3.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds of the Series 2009 Bonds were used to refund the former Agency's 1999 Tax Allocation Current Interest Bonds and to advance funds to the City to finance street and parking improvements for the benefit of the Agency's Central San Rafael Redevelopment Project. Principal payments were due annually on December 30 and interest payable semiannually on June 30 and December 30. The 2009 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds were paid off as of June 30, 2023.

Use of Tax Increment

The former Agency pledged all future tax increment revenues for the repayment of the 1999 Capital Appreciation Bonds, and 2009 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds. The pledge of all future tax increment revenues ended upon repayment of \$3.6 million in remaining debt service on the Bonds, which occurred December 1, 2022. For fiscal year June 30, 2023, tax increment revenue amounted to \$630 thousand which, combined with fund balance, was used to make the debt service payment of \$5 million.

The following table summarizes the activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	Authorized and Issued	Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2023	Current Portion
San Rafael Successor Agency						
1999 Tax Allocation Bonds						
Capital Appreciation Bonds						
5.58%-5.6%, due 12/1/2022	\$2,389,004	\$2,013,587	\$56,413	\$2,070,000		
2009 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	8					
3.00%-5.00%, due 12/1/2022	14,660,000	1,460,000		1,460,000		
Add: deferred bond premium costs		79,867		79,867		
Total Successor Agency Long-term D	ebt	\$3,553,454	\$56,413	\$3,609,867		

D. Commitment and Contingencies

State Approval of Enforceable Obligation

The Successor Agency prepares a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) semi-annually that contains all proposed expenditures for the subsequent six-month period. The ROPS is subject to the review and approval of the Oversight Board as well as the State Department of Finance. As of June 30, 2023, the Successor Agency had prepared sixteen ROPS, all of which have been approved by the Oversight Board and the California Department of Finance. The Department of Finance has stated that all items on a future ROPS are subject to a subsequent review. The amount, if any, of current obligations that may be denied by the Department of Finance cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 years*

Measurement date	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018
City's proportionate share	30.0453%	36.7394%	34.9538%	32.7180%	33.4752%
Proportionate share of total pension liability Proportionate share of fiduciary net position	\$677,753,565 603,499,779	\$907,195,058 764,871,931	\$900,629,287 733,574,437	\$878,483,703 757,834,016	\$947,923,920 837,356,062
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$74,253,786	\$142,323,127	\$167,054,850	\$120,649,687	\$110,567,858
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension lia	89.04%	84.31%	84.31%	86.27%	88.34%
Covered payroll (report date)	\$28,563,328	\$31,073,560	\$32,126,272	\$32,885,135	\$36,349,651
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	259.96%	458.02%	519.99%	366.88%	304.18%
Measurement date	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	
City's proportionate share	36.6081%	34.3574%	29.6650%	33.7322%	
Proportionate share of total pension liability Proportionate share of fiduciary net position	\$1,082,900,638 949,023,107	\$1,059,269,505 901,989,929	\$959,104,784 1,007,281,093	\$1,120,775,111 1,015,298,454	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$133,877,531	\$157,279,576	(\$48,176,309)	\$105,476,657	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension lia	97 (40/	85.15%	105.02%	90.59%	
I fail fiducially net position as a percentage of the total pension na	87.64%	05.1570	100102/0		
Covered payroll (report date)	\$33,106,430	\$32,887,922	\$31,697,590	\$34,418,052	

* - The fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2015	
Contractually as mined as attribution	¢17 002 250	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$17,802,358	
Contractually required contribution	17,802,358	
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0	
Covered payroll	\$31,073,560	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	57.29%	

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date / Timing 6/30/2013	(for contributions made in FY2014-2015)
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Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2014-15):

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining Amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment Rate of Return	Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Actuarial Loss from 2009 Unfunded liability - 17 years / Extraordinary Actuarial Loss - 25 years 5-year smoothed market, 80% /120% corridor around market 3.25% 3.25% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service 7.50%
Retirement Age	Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62
Healthy Mortality	Sex distinct RP-2000 Combined Mortality projected to 2010 using Scale AA with ages set back one year for male members / two years for female members
Disabled Mortality	Sex distinct RP-2000 Combined Mortality projected to 2010 using Scale AA with ages set forward three years for all members

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015) (Continued)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$19,339,577
Contributions in Relation to the	\$17,557,577
Contractually required contribution	19,339,577
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0
Correct marginal	¢22 126 272
Covered payroll	\$32,126,272
Contributions as a percentage of	
covered payroll	60.20%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date / Timing	6/30/2014	(for contributions made in FY2015-2016)
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Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2015-16):

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining Amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment Rate of Return	Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Actuarial Loss from 2009 Unfunded liability - 16 years / Extraordinary Actuarial Loss - 24 years 5-year smoothed market, 80% /120% corridor around market 3.25% 3.25% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service 7.25%
Retirement Age	Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62
Healthy Mortality	CalPERS 2014 Pre-Retirement Non-Industrial Death rates (plus Duty-Related Death rates for Safety Members), with the 20-year static projection used by CalPERS replaced by generational improvements from a base year of 2009 using Scale MP-2014
Disabled Mortality	CalPERS 2014 Disability Mortality rates (Non-Industrial rates for Miscellaneous members and Industrial Disability rates for Safety members), adjusted by 90% for Males and Females (Miscellaneous and Safety) with the 20-year static projection used by CalPERS replaced by generational improvements from a base year of 2009 using Scale MP-2014

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015) (Continued)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2017	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$20,003,001	
Contractually required contribution	20,003,001	
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0	
Covered payroll	\$32,885,135	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	60.83%	
Notes to Schedule		
Valuation Date / Timing	6/30/2015	(for contributions made in FY2016-2017)
Key Methods and Assumptions Used	to Determine Contr	ibution Rates (for FY2016-17):
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Norma	l Cost Method
Amortization method	· ·	of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses
		ing as of 6/30/14), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013
		(30/14), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after
		s for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for ges with a 3-year phase-in/out).
Remaining Amortization period		ng as of June 30, 2016
Asset valuation method	Market Value	ig us of suite 50, 2010
Inflation	2.75% per year	
Salary increases	3.00% plus merit	component based on employee classification and years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%	
Retirement Age	Classic Tiers: Sat	fety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62
Healthy Mortality		2000 combined mortality projected to 2010 using Scale AA with ages for male members/two years for female members
Disabled Mortality	Sex distinct RP-2	2000 combined mortality projected to 2010 using Scale AA with ages years for all members

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$20,167,435
Contractually required contribution	20,167,435
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$36,349,651
covered payroll	55.48%
Notes to Schedule	

Valuation Date / Timing	6/30/2016 (for contributions made in FY2017-2018)
Key Methods and Assumptions Used	to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2017-18):
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses
	(22 years remaining as of 6/30/16), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013
	(14 years as of 6/30/16), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after
	6/30/13 (24 years for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for
	assumption changes with a 3-year phase-in/out).
Remaining Amortization period	18 years remaining as of June 30, 2017
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Inflation	2.75% per year
Salary increases	3.00% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Retirement Age	Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62
Healthy Mortality	Sex distinct CalPERS 2014 Pre-Retirement Non-Industrial Death rates (plus Duty-Related death rates for Safety members)
Disabled Mortality	Sex distinct RP-2000 combined mortality projected to 2010 using Scale AA with ages set forward three years for all members
Disabled Mortality	Rates of mortality among disabled members are given by CalPERS 2017
	Disability Mortality rates (Non-Industrial rates for Miscellaneous members and Industrial Disability rates for Safety members), adjusted by 90% for Males (Miscellaneous and Safety) and 90% for Miscellaneous Females, with the 15-year static projection used by CalPERS replaced by generational improvements from a base year of 2014 using Scale MP-2017.

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2019	-
Contractually required contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$20,352,203	
Contractually required contribution	20,352,203	-
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0	-
Covered payroll	\$33,106,430	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	61.48%	
Notes to Schedule		
Valuation Date / Timing	6/30/2017	(for contributions made in FY2018-2019)
Key Methods and Assumptions Used t	to Determine Cont	ribution Rates (for FY2018-19):
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Norm	al Cost Method
Amortization method	Level percentage (21 years remain (13 years as of 6 6/30/13 (24 year	e of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses ning as of 6/30/17), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013 //30/17), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after rs for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for ges with a 3-year phase-in/out).
Remaining Amortization period	-	ing as of June 30, 2018
Asset valuation method	Market Value	
Inflation	2.75% per year	
Salary increases Investment Rate of Return	3.00% plus meri 7.00%	t component based on employee classification and years of service
Retirement Age	Classic Tiers: Sa	fety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62
Healthy Mortality	Pre-Retirement rates for Safety	ty for active members are specified by CalPERS 2017 Non-Industrial Death Rates (plus Duty-Related Death members), with the 20-year static projection used by ed by generational improvements from a base year of e MP-2017.
Disabled Mortality	Disability Morta and Industrial Di Males (Miscella with the 20-year	ty among disabled members are given by CalPERS 2017 lity rates (Non-Industrial rates for Miscellaneous members sability rates for Safety members), adjusted by 90% for neous and Safety) and 90% for Miscellaneous Females, static projection used by CalPERS replaced by generational om a base year of 2014 using Scale MP-2017.

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2020	
Contractually required contribution	\$20,031,614	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually required contribution	20,031,614	
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0	
Covered payroll	\$32,887,922	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	60.91%	
Notes to Schedule		
Valuation Date / Timing	6/30/2018	(for contributions made in FY2019-2020)
Key Methods and Assumptions Used t	o Determine Contr	ibution Rates (for FY2019-20):
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Norma	
Amortization method		of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses ing as of 6/30/18), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013
		(30/18), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after
	6/30/13 (24 year	s for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for ges with a 3-year phase-in/out).
Remaining Amortization period	12 years remainin	ng as of June 30, 2018
Asset valuation method	Market Value	
Inflation Salary increases	2.75% per year 3.00% plus merit	component based on employee classification and years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%	
Retirement Age	Classic Tiers: Sat	fety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62
Healthy Mortality		y for active members are specified by CalPERS 2017 Pre-Retirement Non-
		ates (plus Duty-Related Death rates for Safety members), with the 15-year used by CalPERS replaced by generational improvements from a base year of
	2014 using Scale	MP-2017. 0% of all Miscellaneous and 95% of all Safety pre-retirement ed to be service-connected.
Disabled Mortality		y for retired members and their beneficiaries are given by CalPERS 2017 Post-
		hy Morality rates, adjusted by 90% for Males (Miscellaneous and Safety), static projection used by CalPERS replaced by generational improvements
	from a base year	of 2014 using Scale MP-2017.

Fiscal year ended, June 30 Contractually required contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually required contribution Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	2021 \$20,106,821 20,106,821 \$0	-
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually required contribution Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	20,106,821	-
Contractually required contribution Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)		
Covered payroll	\$0	
		=
Contributions as a percentage of	\$31,697,590	
covered payroll	63.43%	ó
Notes to Schedule		
Valuation Date / Timing	6/30/2019	(for contributions made in FY2020-2021)
Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Dete	rmine Contributior	<u>n Rates (for FY2020 - 21):</u>
	Entry Age Normal Cost Method	
		of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses
		g as of 6/30/19), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013 0/19), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after
		for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for
		es with a 3-year phase-in/out).
		g as of June 30, 2019
	Market Value	
	2.75% per year	
•	-	component based on employee classification and years of service
nvestment Rate of Return	7.00%	
Retirement Age	Classic Tiers: Safe	ty - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62
Healthy Mortality	Rates of mortality	for active members are specified by CalPERS 2017 Pre-Retirement Non-Industrial Death
	rates (plus Duty-Re	elated Death rates for Safety members), with the 15-year static projection used by
	CalPERS replaced	by generational improvements from a base year of 2014 using Scale MP-2017. 0% of all
	Miscellaneous and	95% of all Safety pre-retirement deaths are assumed to be service-connected.
Disabled Mortality	Rates of mortality	for retired members and their beneficiaries are given by CalPERS 2017 Post-Retirement
-		ates, adjusted by 90% for Males (Miscellaneous and Safety), with the 15-year static
		CalPERS replaced by generational improvements from a base year of 2014 using Scale

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015)

(Continued)

Fiscal year ended, June 30	2022
-	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$21,859,307
Contractually required contribution	(21,859,307)
Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	\$0
Covered payroll	\$34,418,052
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	63.51%
Notes to Schedule	
Valuation Date / Timing	6/30/2020
Key Methods and Assumptions Used	to Determine Cont
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Norm
Amortization method	Level percentage
	(18 years remain
	(10 years as of 6)
	6/30/13 (24 year assumption change
Remaining Amortization period	10 years remaini
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Inflation	2.50% per year
Salary increases	3.00% plus meri
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Classic Tiers: Sa
Healthy Mortality	Mortality rates f
reading mortainty	2010 Employee
	2010 using Proje
	Mortality rates f
	Above-Median Ir
	projected from 2
Disabled Mortality	member active d
Disabled Mortality	Mortality Rates a Miscellaneous d
	Retiree Mortalit
	Projection Scale
	Rates of mortalit
	2010 Disabled R
	from 2010 using
	females.

Schedule of Contributions Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 years (subject to available information: first year of implementation was Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015) (Continued)

Fiscal year ended, June 30 2023 Contractually required contribution \$21,446,744 Contributions in Relation to the Contractually required contribution (21, 446, 744)Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess) \$0 Covered payroll \$35,543,480 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 60.34% Notes to Schedule 6/30/2021 Valuation Date / Timing (for contributions made in FY2022-2023) Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates (for FY2022 - 23): Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method Amortization method Level percentage of payroll with separate period for Extraordinary Gains or Losses (17 years remaining as of 6/30/21), the remaining UAL as of June 30, 2013 (9 years as of 6/30/21), and additional layers for unexpected changes in UAL after 6/30/13 (24 years for gains and losses with a 5-year phase-in/out and 22 years for assumption changes with a 3-year phase-in/out). 9 years remaining as of June 30, 2021 Remaining Amortization period Market Value Asset valuation method Inflation 2.50% per year 3.00% plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service Salary increases Investment Rate of Return 6.75% Retirement Age Classic Tiers: Safety - 50, Miscellaneous - 55; PEPRA Tiers: Safety - 57, Miscellaneous - 62 Healthy Mortality Mortality rates for Miscellaneous active members are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, with no adjustments. Mortality rates for Safety active members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Above-Median Income Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, with no adjustments. 10% of Safety member active deaths are assumed to occur in the line of duty. **Disabled Mortality** Mortality Rates for Retired Disabled Members", should be"Rates of mortality for Miscellaneous disabled members are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, with no adjustments. Rates of mortality for Safety disabled members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2020, adjusted by 95% for males with no adjustment for females.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Measurement period	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$766,000	\$789,000	\$822,000	\$805,000	\$687,000	\$679,000	\$566,000
Interest	3,447,000	3,540,000	3,435,000	3,515,000	3,196,000	3,238,000	2,946,000
Differences between expected and actual experience		(4,107,000)		(3,040,000)		(4,063,000)	-
Assumption changes		4,831,000		(2,735,000)		2,748,000	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,896,000)	(3,015,000)	(3,028,000)	(3,072,000)	(3,225,000)	(3,315,000)	(3,286,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,317,000	2,038,000	1,229,000	(4,527,000)	658,000	(713,000)	226,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning	48,226,000	49,543,000	51,581,000	52,810,000	48,283,000	48,941,000	48,228,000
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$49,543,000	\$51,581,000	\$52,810,000	\$48,283,000	\$48,941,000	\$48,228,000	\$48,454,000
OPEB fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$2,896,000	\$3,475,000	\$3,573,000	\$3,725,000	\$3,784,000	\$3,323,000	\$3,294,000
Net investment income	157,000	1,675,000	1,425,000	1,224,000	770,000	6,319,000	(3,922,000)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,896,000)	(3,015,000)	(3,028,000)	(3,072,000)	(3,225,000)	(3,315,000)	(3,286,000)
Administrative expense	(7,000)	(8,000)	(44,000)	(12,000)	(19,000)	(17,000)	(15,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	150,000	2,127,000	1,926,000	1,865,000	1,310,000	6,310,000	(3,929,000)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	15,608,000	15,758,000	17,885,000	19,811,000	21,676,000	22,986,000	29,296,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$15,758,000	\$17,885,000	\$19,811,000	\$21,676,000	\$22,986,000	29,296,000	25,367,000
Plan net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$33,785,000	\$33,696,000	\$32,999,000	\$26,607,000	\$25,955,000	\$18,932,000	\$23,087,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	31.81%	34.67%	37.51%	44.89%	46.97%	60.74%	52.35%
Covered employee payroll	\$37,846,000	\$32,885,000	\$36,350,000	\$40,496,000	\$39,920,000	\$39,310,000	\$43,602,857
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	89.27%	102.47%	90.78%	65.70%	65.02%	48.16%	52.95%

Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years **Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)**

Fiscal year	2016-17
Actuarially determined contribution	\$3,450,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(3,475,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(\$25,000)
Covered employee payroll	\$32,885,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	10.49%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 06/30/17.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period
Remaining Amortization	19 years remaining as of June 30, 2016
Asset Valuation Method	Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
Discount Rate	7.25%
Contribution Policy	City contributes full ADC
General Inflation	2.75% per annum
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	Same as June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-14, modified to converge to ultimate improvement rates in 2022
Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments	Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits from trust
Salary Increases	Aggregate - 3% Merit - 6/30/14 MCERA assumptions
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 6.5% for 2017, decreasing 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2021 and Medicare - 6.7% for 2017, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5% for 2021 and later years
Healthcare participation for future retirees	Capped benefit: 100% currently covered, 80% currently waived PEMHCA minimum - 60%
Cap Increases	None

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Fiscal year	2017-18
Actuarially determined contribution	\$3,530,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(3,563,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(\$33,000)
Covered employee payroll	\$36,350,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	9.80%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 6/30/18 and 6/30/19.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period
Remaining Amortization	18 years remaining as of June 30, 2017
Asset Valuation Method	Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
Discount Rate	6.75% at June 30, 2017; 7.25% at June 30, 2016
Contribution Policy	City contributes full ADC
General Inflation	2.75% per annum
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	Same as June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation
Mortality Improvement	Pre-retirement mortality: projected 15-year static with 90% of Scale MP-2016 Post-retirement mortality: projected fully generational with Scale MP-2017
Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments	Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits from trust
Salary Increases	Aggregate - 3% Merit - 6/30/17 MCERA assumptions
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to 4.00% for 2076 and later years and Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to 4.00% for 2076 and later years
Healthcare participation for future retirees	Capped benefit: 100% currently covered, 80% currently waived PEMHCA minimum - 60%
Cap Increases	None

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Fiscal year	2018-19
Actuarially determined contribution	\$3,612,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(3,725,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(\$113,000)
Covered employee payroll	\$40,496,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	9.20%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 6/30/18 and 6/30/19.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period
Remaining Amortization	18 years remaining as of June 30, 2017
Asset Valuation Method	Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
Discount Rate	6.75% at June 30, 2017; 7.25% at June 30, 2016
Contribution Policy	City contributes full ADC
General Inflation	2.75% per annum
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	Same as June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation
Mortality Improvement	
	Pre-retirement mortality: projected 15-year static with 90% of Scale MP-2016 Post-retirement mortality: projected fully generational with Scale MP-2017
Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments	Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits from trust
Salary Increases	Aggregate - 3% Merit - 6/30/17 MCERA assumptions
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to 4.00% for 2076 and later years and Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to 4.00% for 2076 and later years
Healthcare participation for future retirees	Capped benefit: 100% currently covered, 80% currently waived PEMHCA minimum - 60%
Cap Increases	None

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Fiscal year	2019-20
Actuarially determined contribution	\$3,677,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(3,784,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(\$107,000)
Covered employee payroll	\$39,920,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	9.48%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 6/30/20 and 6/30/21.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and ass	umptions u	used to	determine	contribution	rates:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period
Remaining Amortization	16 years remaining as of June 30, 2019
Asset Valuation Method	Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
Discount Rate	6.75% at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively
Contribution Policy	City contributes full ADC
General Inflation	2.75% per annum
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	Same as June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019
Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments	Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits from trust
Salary Increases	Aggregate - 3% Merit - 6/30/19 MCERA assumptions
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00% in 2076
Healthcare participation for future retirees	Capped benefit: 90% currently covered, 70% currently waived PEMHCA minimum - 60%
Cap Increases	None

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Fiscal year	2020-21
Actuarially determined contribution	\$3,027,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(3,322,583)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(\$295,583)
Covered employee payroll	\$39,310,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	8.45%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 6/30/20 and 6/30/21.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period
Remaining Amortization	16 years remaining as of June 30, 2019
Asset Valuation Method	Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
Discount Rate	6.75% at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively
Contribution Policy	City contributes full ADC
General Inflation	2.75% per annum
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	Same as June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019
Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments	Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits from trust
Salary Increases	Aggregate - 3% Merit - 6/30/19 MCERA assumptions
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00% in 2076
Healthcare participation for future retirees	Capped benefit: 90% currently covered, 70% currently waived PEMHCA minimum - 60%
Cap Increases	None

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Fiscal year	2021-22
Actuarially determined contribution	\$3,093,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(3,294,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(\$201,000)
Covered employee payroll	\$42,604,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	7.73%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 6/30/22 and 6/30/23.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period
Remaining Amortization	14 years remaining as of June 30, 2021
Asset Valuation Method	Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
Discount Rate	6.25% at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively
Contribution Policy	City contributes full ADC
General Inflation	2.50% per annum
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	Same as June 30, 2019 valuation
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2021
Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments	Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits from trust
Salary Increases	Aggregate - 2.75% Merit - Increases - same as MCERA Assumptions as of June 30, 2020 valuation
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 6.50% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 207t Medicare (Non-Kaiser) - 5.65% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% Medicare (Kaiser) - 4.60% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2
Healthcare participation for future retirees	Capped benefit: 90% currently covered, 70% currently waived PEMHCA minimum - 60%
Cap Increases	None

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Fiscal year	2022-23
Actuarially determined contribution	\$2,618,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(3,183,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(\$565,000)
Covered employee payroll	\$43,602,857
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	7.30%

GASB 75 requires this information for plans funding with OPEB trusts be reported in the employer's Required Supplementary Information for 10 years or as many years as are available upon implementation.

The June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation provided the Actuarially Determined Contributions for fiscal years ending 6/30/22 and 6/30/23.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount, over approximate 10-year period
Remaining Amortization	13 year fized period for 2022/23
Asset Valuation Method	Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
Discount Rate	6.25%
Contribution Policy	City contributes full ADC
General Inflation	2.5% per annum
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	0630/20 MCERA Valuation assumptions
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2021
Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Investments	Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient
Salary Increases	Aggregate - 3% Merit - Increases - same as MCERA Assumptions as of June 30, 2020 valuation
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 6.5% for 2023 decreasing 3.75% for 2076 and later Medicare (Non-Kaiser) - 5.65% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 Medicare (Kaiser) - 4.60% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076
Healthcare participation for future retirees	Capped benefit: 100% currently covered, 80% currently waived PEMHCA minimum - 60%
Cap Increases	None

GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGET-TO-ACTUAL STATEMENTS

Generally accepted accounting principles dictate that budget-to-actual information in the basic financial statements should be limited to the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds. This section is provided for the presentation of Budget-to-Actual Statements for the General Fund, Traffic and Housing Mitigation, and the Gas Tax Special Revenue Funds.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES	ФОБ 100 414	Φ <u>Ω</u> (()) 414	¢97 909 00 2	¢104 (70
Taxes and special assessments	\$85,123,414	\$86,623,414	\$86,808,092	\$184,678
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures	3,010,159 186,732	3,010,159 186,732	3,002,122 228,966	(8,037) 42,234
Use of money and properties	47,500	47,500	684,150	42,234 636,650
Intergovernmental	4,345,765	4,345,765	3,521,419	(824,346)
Charges for services	4,545,765 3,048,215	3,048,215	2,843,882	(204,333)
Other revenue	1,006,395	1,006,395	1,010,712	(204,333) 4,317
Other revenue	1,000,393	1,000,393	1,010,712	4,517
Total Revenues	96,768,180	98,268,180	98,099,343	(168,837)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	15,361,785	15,762,644	13,114,356	2,648,288
Public safety	48,463,764	49,463,764	47,070,997	2,392,767
Public works and parks	14,273,239	14,273,239	14,602,766	(329,527)
Community development	6,323,809	6,398,809	5,174,237	1,224,572
Culture and recreation	3,266,529	3,266,529	3,201,698	64,831
Capital outlay	92,776	92,776		92,776
Debt service:				
Principal	2,956,642	2,956,642	3,044,551	(87,909)
Interest and fiscal charges	2,232,925	2,232,925	2,241,875	(8,950)
Total Expenditures	92,971,469	94,447,328	88,450,480	5,996,848
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,796,711	3,820,852	9,648,863	5,828,011
OVER (ONDER) EXIENDITORES	5,790,711	5,820,852	9,048,803	5,626,011
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,770,072	1,131,142	1,131,142	
Transfers out	(3,307,000)	(16,793,126)	(16,793,126)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,536,928)	(15,661,984)	(15,661,984)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$2,259,783	(\$11,841,132)	(6,013,121)	\$5,828,011
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			33,781,119	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$27,767,998	

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL TRAFFIC AND HOUSING MITIGATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Use of money and properties			\$112,664	\$112,664
Intergovernmental	\$225,000	\$225,000	225,000	\$112,004
Charges for services	650,000	650,000	697,658	47,658
	050,000	050,000	077,050	17,000
Total Revenues	875,000	875,000	1,035,322	160,322
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	105,000	105,000	142.000	105,000
Public works and parks	600,000	600,000	142,969	457,031
Community development Capital outlay	200,000	200,000	16,009 64,050	(16,009) 135,950
Capital outlay	200,000	200,000	04,030	155,950
Total Expenditures	905,000	905,000	223,028	681,972
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(30,000)	(30,000)	812,294	842,294
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		8,897	8,897	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		8,897	8,897	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$30,000)	(\$21,103)	821,191	\$842,294
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			4,871,871	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$5,693,062	

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Use of money and properties			\$79,353	\$79,353
Intergovernmental	\$29,435,867	\$29,435,867	19,123,868	(10,311,999)
Charges for services	2,007,767	2,007,767	2,419,840	412,073
Other revenue	250,000	250,000	137,258	(112,742)
Total Revenues	31,693,634	31,693,634	21,760,319	(9,933,315)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works and parks	2,585,000	3,405,000	3,695,723	(290,723)
Capital outlay	25,660,000	26,655,013	13,170,654	13,484,359
· ·				
Total Expenditures	28,245,000	30,060,013	16,866,377	13,193,636
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,448,634	1,633,621	4,893,942	3,260,321
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		32,400	32,400	
Transfers out	(650,000)	(8,897)	(8,897)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(650,000)	23,503	23,503	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$2,798,634	\$1,657,124	4,917,445	\$3,260,321
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			6,918,267	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$11,835,712	

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL ESSENTIAL FACILITIES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Use of money and property			\$27,274	\$27,274
Total Revenues			27,274	27,274
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	\$3,996,830	\$6,213,497	6,213,497	
Total Expenditures	3,996,830	6,213,497	6,213,497	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,996,830)	(6,213,497)	(6,186,223)	27,274
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		586,926	586,926	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		586,926	586,926	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$3,996,830)	(\$5,626,571)	(5,599,297)	\$27,274
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			9,317,312	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$3,718,015	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Recreation Revolving Fund – Established to administer the Recreation Department's program and facility rental charge and accounts for the Recreation Memorial Fund.

Baypoint Lagoons Assessment District Fund – The Baypoint Lagoons Lighting and Landscape District was formed to protect and enhance wildlife habitat and water quality in Baypoint (Spinnaker) Lagoon and the adjacent diked salt marsh.

Household Hazmat Facility Fund – Established to account for State mandated hazardous materials information, collection, and reporting. Expenditures include inspection of businesses for compliance with regulations. This fund also serves as the depository for countywide Household Hazardous Waste Program.

Childcare Fund – Established to administer and account for childcare programs at eight sites throughout the City.

Loch Lomond #10 Community Facilities District Fund – Established to provide maintenance for stormwater and geotechnical mitigation facilities. A Mello Roos District was formed to fund this maintenance.

Loch Lomond Marina #2 Community Facilities District Fund – Established to report tax assessments and maintenance expenditures of the District.

Library Fund – Established to account for restricted library activities that are intended to be self-funding.

Library Assessment Fund – Established to account for a special parcel tax dedicated to public library services and facilities, equipment, and technology improvements.

Public Safety Fund – Established for special police services that are intended to be self-funding.

Stormwater Fund – Established to provide for self-funding storm drain maintenance program plus separate programs through the County and Bay Area to educate residents about urban runoff pollution.

Development Services Fund – Established to account for development activities that are supported by external sources of funds. This fund does not account for the operating costs of building, planning, and engineering, which are located in the General Fund.

Grants Fund – Established to account for grants for the Library, Childcare, Police and Falkirk Cultural Center.

Parkland Dedication Fund – Established to account for long-term developer deposits used to enhance and maintain the park structure within City limits.

Emergency Medical Services Fund – Established to account for the Emergency Medical Services and Transportation program that provides services to all segments of the community.

Business Improvement Fund – Established to account for activities held in Downtown San Rafael.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

Pt. San Pedro Maintenance Portion Special Revenue Fund – Established to account for ongoing maintenance needs within the Pt. San Pedro assessment district.

Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund – Established to account for the activities related to the assets assumed by the City as Housing Successor to the San Rafael Redevelopment Agency for the housing activities of the former Redevelopment Agency.

Measure A Open Space Special Revenue Fund – Established to account for the use of proceeds distributed by the County of Marin from Measure A, as well as other supplementary matching or City-funding for the operation or maintenance of open space, park or recreation lands.

Measure G Cannabis Special Revenue Fund – Established for the purpose of reporting tax revenue and expenditures related to Cannabis activities authorized by Measure G.

Measure C Wildfire Prevention Special Revenue Fund – Established for the purpose of reporting tax revenue and expenditures related to coordinated wildfire prevention activities authorized by Measure C, a parcel tax measure approved on March 3, 2020 by a two-thirds supermajority vote. This is a ten-year parcel tax levying up to 10 cents per building square foot tax and \$75 per multifamily unit.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Improvement Fund – Established for the costs associated with major capital improvement projects not tied to specific funds elsewhere. Improvements could include medians, parkways, sidewalks, and other public assets.

Bedroom Tax Fund – Established to collect funds from multiple-unit housing used to pay for maintaining and developing parks within local neighborhoods.

Assessment Districts Fund – Established to account for ongoing construction and improvement needs within the following assessment districts: Peacock Gap, Kerner Boulevard, Sun Valley/Lucas Valley Open Space, East San Rafael Drainage Assessment District 1.

Park Capital Projects Fund – Established to account for capital improvements for all City owned parks, whether paid for by City funds, grants, donations, or partnership with the community.

Open Space Fund – Established for the acquisition of open space.



CITY OF SAN RAFAEL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
	Recreation Revolving	Baypoint Lagoons Assessment District	Household Hazmat Facility	Childcare	Loch Lomond #10 Community Facilities Dist.				
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	\$840,012	\$224,610	\$559,605	\$651,512	\$809,720				
Accounts Taxes Grants Interest	178,237	127	343,366	913	142				
Loans									
Leases Prepaid expense	177,143 230								
Total Assets	\$1,195,622	\$224,737	\$902,971	\$652,425	\$809,862				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$194,965		\$330,514	\$41,460					
Developer deposits payable Unearned revenue	169 156								
Unearned revenue	468,456				·				
Total Liabilities	663,421		330,514	41,460					
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - leases	169,488								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	169,488								
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	230 362,483	\$224,737	572,457	610,965	809,862				
Total Fund Balances	362,713	224,737	572,457	610,965	809,862				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$1,195,622	\$224,737	\$902,971	\$652,425	\$809,862				

			SPECIAL REV	ENUE FUNDS			
Loch Lomond Marina #2 Community Facilities Dist.	Library	Library Assessment	Public Safety	Stormwater	Development Services	Grants	Parkland Dedication
\$899,821	\$4,444,598	\$1,024,440	\$156,410	\$7,269,767	\$192,304	\$1,090,357	\$359,989
1,221		4,664		115,583 4,216	226,438	165,000	
						31,019	
					276,042		
\$901,042	\$4,444,598	\$1,029,104	\$156,410	\$7,389,566	\$694,784	\$1,286,376	\$359,989
\$4,087	\$134	\$94,819	\$32,047	\$760,107	\$29,614 1,311	\$50,737 185,256	
					3,635		
4,087	134	94,819	32,047	760,107	34,560	235,993	
					260,196		
					260,196		
896,955	4,444,464	934,285	124,363	6,629,459	400,028	1,050,383	\$359,989
			,				
896,955	4,444,464	934,285	124,363	6,629,459	400,028	1,050,383	359,989
\$901,042	\$4,444,598	\$1,029,104	\$156,410	\$7,389,566	\$694,784	\$1,286,376	\$359,989
							(Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
	Emergency Medical Services	Business Improvement	Pt. San Pedro Maintenance Portion	Low and Moderate Income Housing	Measure A Open Space				
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$1,323,721	\$58,594	\$177,407	\$27,592	\$228,836				
Restricted cash and investments									
Receivables:									
Accounts	298,748			45,232					
Taxes	26,131		817		279,694				
Grants	658,492								
Interest									
Loans				1,799,220					
Leases	100 ((0								
Prepaid expense	182,660	·							
Total Assets	\$2,489,752	\$58,594	\$178,224	\$1,872,044	\$508,530				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits payable Developer deposits payable Unearned revenue	\$25,251	\$58,594	\$3,256		\$33,477				
Total Liabilities	25,251	58,594	3,256		33,477				
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - leases									
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	182,660 2,281,841		174,968	\$1,872,044	475,053				
Total Fund Balances	2,464,501		174,968	1,872,044	475,053				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$2,489,752	\$58,594	\$178,224	\$1,872,044	\$508,530				

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		CAPITA	L PROJECTS FI	UNDS		
Measure G Cannabis	Measure C Wildfire Prevention	Capital Improvement	Bedroom Tax	Assessment Districts	Park Capital Projects	Open Space	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$1,089,495	\$508,218	\$4,137,231	\$142,339	\$216,354 82,369	\$21,861	\$119,248	\$26,574,041 82,369
61,241	1,020,805	6,158					2,393,409 378,253 690,424 6,158 1,799,220 453,185 182,890
\$1,150,736	\$1,529,023	\$4,143,389	\$142,339	\$298,723	\$21,861	\$119,248	\$32,559,949
	\$142,612	\$153,585 2,821					\$1,955,259 189,388 3,635 468,456
	142,612	156,406					2,616,738
							<u>429,684</u> 429,684
1,150,736	1,386,411	3,986,983	142,339	298,723	21,861	119,248	182,890 25,202,545 4,008,844 119,248
1,150,736	1,386,411	3,986,983	142,339	298,723	21,861	119,248	29,513,527
\$1,150,736	\$1,529,023	\$4,143,389	\$142,339	\$298,723	\$21,861	\$119,248	\$32,559,949

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
	Recreation Revolving	Baypoint Lagoons Assessment District	Household Hazmat Facility	Childcare	Loch Lomond #10 Community Facilities Dist.			
	<u> </u>							
REVENUES		#25.2 (0)			¢20,200			
Taxes and special assessments Use of money and properties	\$44,505	\$25,368 2,713	\$5,586	\$5,098	\$28,308 10,010			
Intergovernmental	8,110	2,715	\$5,580	770,325	10,010			
Charges for services	1,958,147		177,582	3,183,904				
Other revenue	10,802			32,304				
Total Revenues	2,021,564	28,081	183,168	3,991,631	38,318			
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government			1,720					
Public safety			120,622					
Public works and parks	4 250 402	7,589		2 725 210	(36)			
Culture and recreation Capital outlay	4,350,403			3,725,218				
Capital Outlay								
Total Expenditures	4,350,403	7,589	122,342	3,725,218	(36)			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,328,839)	20,492	60,826	266,413	38,354			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	2,207,000							
Transfers out	,,							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,207,000							
Net Change in Fund Balances	(121,839)	20,492	60,826	266,413	38,354			
Fund Balance, Beginning	484,552	204,245	511,631	344,552	771,508			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$362,713	\$224,737	\$572,457	\$610,965	\$809,862			

Loch Lomond			STECIAL KEV	ENUE FUNDS			
Marina #2 Community Facilities Dist.	Library	Library Assessment	Public Safety	Stormwater	Development Services	Grants	Parkland Dedication
\$244,286 10,453	\$48,755 1,400,000 4,148 15,831	\$1,132,972 11,534	\$1,395 82,847 29,671	\$21,280 832,584 3,079	\$50,383	\$1,670,887	\$11,797 4,452
254,739	1,468,734	1,144,506	113,913	856,943	50,383	1,672,064	16,249
94,693	44,833 66,957	1,169,872	207,633	858,666 1,888,523		543,443 485,230 463	
94,693	111,790	1,169,872	207,633	2,747,189		1,029,136	
160,046	1,356,944	(25,366)	(93,720)	(1,890,246)	50,383	642,928	16,249
			85,000	7,250,000		11,253	
			85,000	7,250,000		11,253	
160,046	1,356,944	(25,366)	(8,720)	5,359,754	50,383	654,181	16,249
736,909	3,087,520	959,651	133,083	1,269,705	349,645	396,202	343,740
\$896,955	\$4,444,464	\$934,285	\$124,363	\$6,629,459	\$400,028	\$1,050,383	\$359,989
							(Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		SPEC	CIAL REVENUE I	FUNDS	
	Emergency Medical Services	Business Improvement	Pt. San Pedro - Maintenance Portion	Low and Moderate Income Housing	Measure A Open Space
REVENUES					
Taxes and special assessments	\$5,224,387		\$141,705		\$586,957
Use of money and properties	8,656		1,960	\$30,833	5,504
Intergovernmental	712,173				
Charges for services	3,708,025				
Other revenue	400,679		8,845	54,407	
Total Revenues	10,053,920		152,510	85,240	592,461
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety	8,422,019			85,766	
Public works and parks Culture and recreation Capital outlay			117,578		15,640 172,258 710,466
Total Expenditures	8,422,019		117,578	85,766	898,364
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,631,901		34,932	(526)	(305,903)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,631,901		34,932	(526)	(305,903)
Fund Balance, Beginning	832,600		140,036	1,872,570	780,956
Fund Balance, Ending	\$2,464,501		\$174,968	\$1,872,044	\$475,053

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS								
Measure G Cannabis	Measure C Wildfire Prevention	Capital Improvement	Bedroom Tax	Assessment Districts	Park Capital Projects	Open Space	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
\$337,028 9,185	\$1,822,040 4,325 1,076,257 8,664	\$43,089 605,505	\$10,455 1,734	\$969	\$3,925	\$1,493	\$9,565,303 323,912 5,720,599 9,864,390 1,174,889	
	8,004	005,505			\$3,925		1,1/4,009	
346,213	2,911,286	648,594	12,189	969	3,925	1,493	26,649,093	
113,339 39,320	2,328,057	1,422,230					744,268 11,602,881 1,094,130 9,462,584 4,088,639	
152,659	2,328,057	1,422,230					26,992,502	
193,554	583,229	(773,636)	12,189	969	3,925	1,493	(343,409)	
(11,069)		3,264,200		(7,388)			12,817,453 (18,457)	
(11,069)		3,264,200		(7,388)			12,798,996	
182,485	583,229	2,490,564	12,189	(6,419)	3,925	1,493	12,455,587	
968,251	803,182	1,496,419	130,150	305,142	17,936	117,755	17,057,940	
\$1,150,736	\$1,386,411	\$3,986,983	\$142,339	\$298,723	\$21,861	\$119,248	\$29,513,527	

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL BUDGETED NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
	Rec	creation Revol	ving	Baypoint Las	goons Assessi	nent District			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES Taxes and special assessments Use of money and properties Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenue	\$28,900 48,000 2,269,030 475	\$44,505 8,110 1,958,147 10,802	\$15,605 (39,890) (310,883) 10,327	\$25,000	\$25,368 2,713	\$368 2,713			
Total Revenues	2,346,405	2,021,564	(324,841)	25,000	28,081	3,081			
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Public works and parks Culture and recreation Capital outlay	4,770,850	4,350,403	420,447	208,655	7,589	201,066			
Total Expenditures	4,770,850	4,350,403	420,447	208,655	7,589	201,066			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	<u>(2,424,445)</u> 2,207,000	(2,328,839) 2,207,000	95,606	(183,655)	20,492	204,147			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,207,000	2,207,000							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(\$217,445)	(121,839)	\$95,606	(\$183,655)	20,492	\$204,147			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		484,552			204,245				
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR		\$362,713		:	\$224,737				

			SPECIA	AL REVENUE	FUNDS			
House	hold Hazmat	Facility		Childcare			ch Lomond #1 hity Facilities	
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$10 5 500	\$5,586	\$5,586	\$460,945	\$5,098 770,325	\$5,098 309,380	\$25,000	\$28,308 10,010	\$3,308 10,010
\$187,500	177,582	(9,918)	2,980,000	3,183,904 32,304	203,904 32,304			
187,500	183,168	(4,332)	3,440,945	3,991,631	550,686	25,000	38,318	13,318
177,428	1,720 120,622	(1,720) 56,806				23,418	(36)	23,454
			3,931,097	3,725,218	205,879	23,410	(50)	25,757
177,428	122,342	55,086	3,931,097	3,725,218	205,879	23,418	(36)	23,454
10,072	60,826	50,754	(490,152)	266,413	756,565	1,582	38,354	36,772
\$10,072	60,826	\$50,754	(\$490,152)	266,413	\$756,565	\$1,582	38,354	\$36,772
	511,631			344,552			771,508	
	\$572,457		:	\$610,965			\$809,862	
								(m. 1. 1)

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL BUDGETED NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
		Lomond Mar			T 1			
	Final	nity Facilities	Variance Positive	Final	Library	Variance Positive		
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES								
Taxes and special assessments Use of money and properties Intergovernmental	\$83,000	\$244,286 10,453	\$161,286 10,453	\$1,000	\$48,755 1,400,000	\$48,755 1,399,000		
Charges for services				1,150	4,148	2,998		
Other revenue				14,500	15,831	1,331		
Total Revenues	83,000	254,739	171,739	16,650	1,468,734	1,452,084		
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Public works and parks Culture and recreation Capital outlay	191,114	94,693	96,421	111,790	44,833 66,957	66,957 (66,957)		
Total Expenditures	191,114	94,693	96,421	111,790	111,790			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(108,114)	160,046	268,160	(95,140)	1,356,944	1,452,084		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(\$108,114)	160,046	\$268,160	(\$95,140)	1,356,944	\$1,452,084		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		736,909			3,087,520			
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	:	\$896,955		:	\$4,444,464			

			SPECIAL RE	EVENUE FUN	NDS					
Libr	ary Assessmer	nt		Public Safety	r		Stormwater			
Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
\$1,133,502	\$1,132,972 11,534	(\$530) 11,534	\$80,000	\$1,395 82,847	\$1,395 2,847	† 0 • 0 • 000	\$21,280	\$21,280		
			15,000	29,671	14,671	\$830,000	832,584 3,079	2,584 3,079		
1,133,502	1,144,506	11,004	95,000	113,913	18,913	830,000	856,943	26,943		
1,169,872	1,169,872		207,634	207,633	1	4,734,950 7,716,266	858,666 1,888,523	3,876,284 5,827,743		
1,169,872	1,169,872		207,634	207,633	1	12,451,216	2,747,189	9,704,027		
(36,370)	(25,366)	11,004	(112,634)	(93,720)	18,914	(11,621,216)	(1,890,246)	9,730,970		
			85,000	85,000		7,250,000	7,250,000			
			85,000	85,000		7,250,000	7,250,000			
(\$36,370)	(25,366)	\$11,004	(\$27,634)	(8,720)	\$18,914	(\$4,371,216)	5,359,754	\$9,730,970		
-	959,651			133,083			1,269,705			
=	\$934,285		;	\$124,363			\$6,629,459			
-	959,651		(#27,001)	133,083	ψ10 <u>,</u> ,,11	(+ 10 + 1,210)	1,269,705			

SDECIAL DEVENUE FUNDS

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL BUDGETED NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
	Dev	elopment Serv	vices		Grants			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Taxes and special assessments Use of money and properties Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenue	\$37,000	\$50,383	\$13,383	\$2,401,572	\$1,670,887 1,177	(\$730,685)		
Total Revenues	37,000	50,383	13,383	2,401,572	1,672,064	(729,508)		
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Public works and parks Culture and recreation Capital outlay				1,984,086 595,415 463	543,443 485,230 463	1,440,643 110,185		
Total Expenditures				2,579,964	1,029,136	1,550,828		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	37,000	50,383	13,383	(178,392)	642,928	821,320		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out				11,253	11,253			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				11,253	11,253			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$37,000	50,383	\$13,383	(\$167,139)	654,181	\$821,320		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		349,645			396,202			
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR		\$400,028			\$1,050,383			

Parkland Dedication			Emerg	gency Medical S	ervices	Busi	Business Improvement		
		Variance			Variance		Variance		
Final		Positive	Final		Positive	Final		Positive	
Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative	
	\$11,797	\$11,797	\$5,227,120	\$5,224,387	(\$2,733)				
	4,452	4,452		8,656	8,656				
			181,100	712,173	531,073				
			2,800,000	3,708,025	908,025				
			450,000	400,679	(49,321)				
	16,249	16,249	8,658,220	10,053,920	1,395,700				
			8,821,778	8,422,019	399,759				
			8,821,778	8,422,019	399,759				
	16,249	16,249	(163,558)	1,631,901	1,795,459				
	16,249	\$16,249	(\$163,558)	1,631,901	\$1,795,459				
	343,740			832,600				_	
	\$359,989			\$2,464,501				-	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL BUDGETED NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

-	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
	Pt. San Pec	lro-Maintena	nce Portion	Low and Moderate Income Housing				
-	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Taxes and special assessments Use of money and properties Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$150,000	\$141,705 1,960	(\$8,295) 1,960		\$30,833	\$30,833		
Other revenue	8,000	8,845	845		54,407	54,407		
Total Revenues	158,000	152,510	(5,490)		85,240	85,240		
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Public works and parks Culture and recreation Capital outlay	192,186	117,578	74,608	\$95,000	85,766	9,234		
Total Expenditures	192,186	117,578	74,608	95,000	85,766	9,234		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	(34,186)	34,932	69,118	(95,000)	(526)	94,474		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(\$34,186)	34,932	\$69,118	(\$95,000)	(526)	\$94,474		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		140,036			1,872,570			
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	;	\$174,968		:	\$1,872,044			

C Wildfire Pre	Measure		easure G Cannab	М	Measure A Open Space		
Actual	Final Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	Final Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	Final Budget
\$1,822,040 4,325 1,076,257	\$1,899,260	\$37,028 9,186	\$337,028 9,186	\$300,000	\$380,151 5,504	\$586,957 5,504	\$206,806
8,664			(1)				
2,911,286	1,899,260	46,214	346,213	300,000	385,655	592,461	206,806
2,328,057	2,292,059 36,000	6,986 (589)	113,339 39,320	120,325 38,731	(15,640) 607,742 (190,466)	15,640 172,258 710,466	780,000 520,000
2,328,057	2,328,059	6,397	152,659	159,056	401,636	898,364	1,300,000
583,229	(428,799)	52,610	193,554	140,944	787,291	(305,903)	(1,093,194)
		(11,069)	(11,069)				
		(11,069)	(11,069)				
583,229	(\$428,799)	\$41,541	182,485	\$140,944	\$787,291	(305,903)	(\$1,093,194)
803,182	-		968,251			780,956	-
\$1,386,411	-		\$1,150,736			\$475,053	-

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds account for department services and financing performed for other departments within the same governmental jurisdiction. Funding comes from charges assessed to the departments benefiting from the service.

Building Maintenance Fund – Established to account for construction projects and cyclical large dollar maintenance tasks (roof, painting) completed on City owned buildings.

Vehicle Replacement Fund – Established to provide for the replacement of vehicles.

Equipment Replacement Fund – Established to provide for the replacement of computers and equipment.

Employee Benefits Fund – This fund is utilized for the payment of retiree benefits, unemployment insurance, accumulated leave requirements and other negotiated benefits not tied to a specific department.

Liability Insurance Fund – Established to maintain sufficient reserves for outstanding claims. All costs associated with liability premiums are paid from this fund.

Workers' Compensation Fund – Established to maintain sufficient reserves for injury claims. All costs associated with workers compensation, including safety training, wellness programs, claim expenses and insurance premiums are paid from this fund.

Dental Insurance Fund – Set up to maintain sufficient reserves for dental claims. All costs associated with dental claims and administrations are paid from this fund.

Employee Retirement Fund – Established to maintain sufficient reserves to fund debt service payments on the 2010 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds and other pension related obligations.

OPEB/Retiree Medical Fund – Established to account for activities related to the funding, administration and procurement of retiree medical benefits.

Radio Replacement Fund – Established to meet radio system operating costs, capital acquisition and replacement, and operating lease obligations for the Public Works, Fire, Community Development and Police Departments. The Marin Emergency Radio Authority (MERA) is a countywide JPA that has taken the roll in procurement and installation of a new digital radio system. This fund supports San Rafael's portion of the MERA efforts and related contractual obligations.

Telephone Replacement Fund – Established to provide ongoing support services for telephone equipment and usage throughout the organization.

Sewer Maintenance Fund – Established to record both the cost of providing services to the San Rafael Sanitation District and the charges for those services.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Building Maintenance	Vehicle Replacement	Equipment Replacement	Employee Benefits	Liability Insurance
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$4,241,953	\$6,731,932	\$6,490,168	\$940,308	\$7,638,401
Prepaid expenses			29,246		
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable assets	910,869				
Depreciable assets, net	5,364,636	5,562,990	1,025,717		
Total Assets	10,517,458	12,294,922	7,545,131	940,308	7,638,401
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	1,813	3,500	205,453	31,747	4,065
Claims payable - due in one year					1,110,010
Long-term debt - due in one year	21,755				
Subscription liabilities - due in one year			221,166		
Non-current Liabilities:					
Claims payable - due in more than one year					3,553,366
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	121,463				
Subscription liabilities - due in more than one year			752,008		
Total Liabilities	145,031	3,500	1,178,627	31,747	4,667,441
NET POSITION:					
Net investment in capital assets	6,132,287	5,562,990	52,543		
Unrestricted	4,240,140	6,728,432	6,313,961	908,561	2,970,960
Total Net Position	\$10,372,427	\$12,291,422	\$6,366,504	\$908,561	\$2,970,960

Workers' Compensation	Dental Insurance	Employee Retirement	OPEB/ Retiree Medical	Radio Replacement	Telephone Replacement	Sewer Maintenance	Total
\$11,921,344	\$530,675	\$2,459,325	\$457,513	\$646,439	\$236,090	\$494,184	\$42,788,332 29,246
							910,869 11,953,343
11,921,344	530,675	2,459,325	457,513	646,439	236,090	494,184	55,681,790
1,171 1,776,620	3,674		11,494		55,272	494,184	812,373 2,886,630 21,755 221,166
9,346,702							12,900,068 121,463 752,008
11,124,493	3,674		11,494		55,272	494,184	17,715,463
796,851	527,001	2,459,325	446,019	646,439	180,818		11,747,820 26,218,507
\$796,851	\$527,001	\$2,459,325	\$446,019	\$646,439	\$180,818		\$37,966,327

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Building Maintenance	Vehicle Replacement	Equipment Replacement	Employee Benefits	Liability Insurance
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for current services Other operating revenues	\$1,000,000	\$1,806,860	\$2,406,890	\$1,268,580	\$2,364,880 229,857
Total Operating Revenues	1,000,000	1,806,860	2,406,890	1,268,580	2,594,737
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel Insurance premiums and claims				877,845	265,366 2,583,472
Maintenance and repairs General and administrative Depreciation expense	6,691 119,185 293,708	58,690 916,227	1,885,542 280,847	338,305	170,322
Total Operating Expenses	419,584	974,917	2,166,389	1,216,150	3,019,160
Operating Income (Loss)	580,416	831,943	240,501	52,430	(424,423)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income Interest expense	49,870	83,100	79,683 (59,271)	11,024	62,198
Miscellaneous revenues Loss from disposal of capital assets			(712)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	49,870	83,100	19,700	11,024	62,198
Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers	630,286	915,043	260,201	63,454	(362,225)
TRANSFERS Transfers in Transfers out			(11,253)		2,385,000 (25,013)
Net transfers			(11,253)		2,359,987
Change in Net Position	630,286	915,043	248,948	63,454	1,997,762
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	9,742,141	11,376,379	6,117,556	845,107	973,198
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$10,372,427	\$12,291,422	\$6,366,504	\$908,561	\$2,970,960

Workers' Compensation	Dental Insurance	Employee Retirement	OPEB/ Retiree Medical	Radio Replacement	Telephone Replacement	Sewer Maintenance	Total
\$2,507,634	\$465,707		\$2,537,541 901,026	\$713,526	\$672,221 2,991	\$2,616,744	\$18,360,583 1,133,874
2,507,634	465,707		3,438,567	713,526	675,212	2,616,744	19,494,457
224,593 2,726,272 193,045	333,266 44,198	\$2,000	3,369,834	401,658	98,629 582,394	2,550,185 95,535	3,917,989 9,012,844 164,010 3,832,184 1,490,782
3,143,910	377,464	2,000	3,369,834	401,658	681,023	2,645,720	18,417,809
(636,276)	88,243	(2,000)	68,733	311,868	(5,811)	(28,976)	1,076,648
150,298	5,736	29,166	22,050	5,673	2,766	28,976	501,564 (59,271) 28,976 (712)
150,298	5,736	29,166	22,050	5,673	2,766	28,976	470,557
(485,978)	93,979	27,166	90,783	317,541	(3,045)		1,547,205
		1,100,000 (683,750)					3,485,000 (720,016)
		416,250					2,764,984
(485,978)	93,979	443,416	90,783	317,541	(3,045)		4,312,189
1,282,829	433,022	2,015,909	355,236	328,898	183,863		33,654,138
\$796,851	\$527,001	\$2,459,325	\$446,019	\$646,439	\$180,818		\$37,966,327

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Building Maintenance	Vehicle Replacement	Equipment Replacement	Employee Benefits	Liability Insurance
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers/other funds Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for salaries and benefits Other operating revenues	\$1,018,165 (174,913)	\$1,806,860 (78,428)	\$2,406,890 (1,795,720)	\$1,268,580 (312,093) (877,845)	\$2,364,880 (2,782,857) (265,366) 229,857
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	843,252	1,728,432	611,170	78,642	(453,486)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Miscellaneous revenues Interfund revenues Interfund payments			(11,253)		2,385,000 (25,013)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			(11,253)		2,359,987
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payment on note payable Payment on subscription liability Payment on subscription interest Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of property	(21,754) (24,362)	(1,439,527)	(212,258) (59,271)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(46,116)	(1,439,527)	(271,529)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	49,870	83,100	79,683	11,024	62,198
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	49,870	83,100	79,683	11,024	62,198
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	847,006	372,005	408,071	89,666	1,968,699
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,394,947	6,359,927	6,082,097	850,642	5,669,702
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$4,241,953	\$6,731,932	\$6,490,168	\$940,308	\$7,638,401
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash flows from operating activities:	\$580,416	\$831,943	\$240,501	\$52,430	(\$424,423)
Depreciation	293,708	916,227	280,847		
Net change in assets and liabilities: Grants receivable	18,165				
Prepaids Accounts payable Claims payable	(49,037)	(19,738)	(24,786) 114,608	26,212	4,065 (33,128)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$843,252	\$1,728,432	\$611,170	\$78,642	(\$453,486)
NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS: Retirement of capital assets			(\$712)		

Workers' Compensation	Dental Insurance	Employee Retirement	OPEB/ Employee Retirement	Radio Replacement	Telephone Replacement	Sewer Maintenance	Total
\$2,507,634 (2,703,258) (224,593)	\$465,707 (381,200)	(\$2,000)	\$2,537,541 (3,391,746)	\$713,526 (401,658)	\$672,221 (656,752)	\$2,616,744 (2,391,274)	\$18,378,748 (15,071,899) (1,367,804)
			901,026		2,991		1,133,874
(420,217)	84,507	(2,000)	46,821	311,868	18,460	225,470	3,072,919
		1,100,000 (683,750)				28,976	28,976 3,485,000 (720,016)
		416,250				28,976	2,793,960
							(21,754) (212,258) (59,271) (1,463,889)
							(1,757,172)
150,298	5,736	29,166	22,050	5,673	2,766		501,564
150,298	5,736	29,166	22,050	5,673	2,766		501,564
(269,919)	90,243	443,416	68,871	317,541	21,226	254,446	4,611,271
12,191,263	440,432	2,015,909	388,642	328,898	214,864	239,738	38,177,061
\$11,921,344	\$530,675	\$2,459,325	\$457,513	\$646,439	\$236,090	\$494,184	\$42,788,332
(\$636,276)	\$88,243	(\$2,000)	\$68,733	\$311,868	(\$5,811)	(\$28,976)	\$1,076,648
							1,490,782
(2,045) 218,104	(3,736)		(21,912)		24,271	254,446	18,165 (24,786) 327,134 184,976
(\$420,217)	\$84,507	(\$2,000)	\$46,821	\$311,868	\$18,460	\$225,470	\$3,072,919
							(\$712)





San Francisco Bay Trail, San Rafael

STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time:

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax:

- 1. Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 2. Property Tax Rates, All Overlapping Governments
- 3. Property Tax Rates, Direct & Overlapping Governments
- 4. Principal Property Taxpayers
- 5. Property Tax Levies and Collections

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 2. Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
- 3. Computation of Legal Bonded Debt Margin
- 4. Revenue Bond Coverage Parking Facility

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 2. Principal Employers

Operating Information

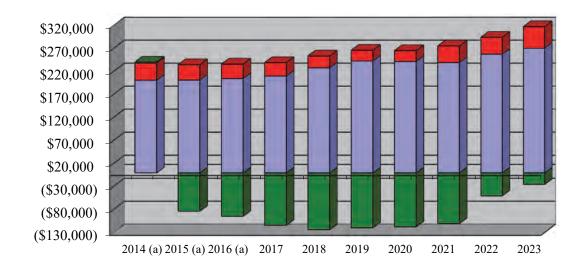
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs:

- 1. Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
- 2. Operating Indicators by Function/Program
- 3. Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years



	■Net investment in capital assets		Restricted	Inrestricted	
	2014 (a)	2015 (a)	2016 (a)	2017	
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$190,286,275	\$190,621,085	\$193,707,175	\$199,202,842	
Restricted	37,339,141	33,389,224	31,286,725	29,225,643	
Unrestricted	(196,824)	(82,336,534)	(93,273,480)	(112,913,181)	
Total governmental activities net position	\$227,428,592	\$141,673,775	\$131,720,420	\$115,515,304	
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$10,786,591	\$10,744,952	\$10,958,058	\$10,968,642	
Unrestricted	2,049,957	(938,519)	(1,136,050)	(871,620)	
Total business-type activities net position	\$12,836,548	\$9,806,433	\$9,822,008	\$10,097,022	
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$201,072,866	\$201,366,037	\$204,665,233	\$210,171,484	
Restricted	37,339,141	33,389,224	31,286,725	29,225,643	
Unrestricted	1,853,133	(83,275,053)	(94,409,530)	(113,784,801)	
Total primary government net position	\$240,265,140	\$151,480,208	\$141,542,428	\$125,612,326	

(a) The City adjusted certain beginning balances during fiscal years 2013-2014, 2014-2015 and 2016-2017. Financial data shown for proceeding years were not adjusted for the presentation.

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$217,170,376	\$231,844,210	\$230,737,025	\$228,252,998	\$246,437,706	\$259,204,102
25,549,583	23,288,874	23,522,748	36,175,158	36,668,766	46,773,333
(122,577,233)	(118,215,177)	(116,133,437)	(107,929,957)	(48,883,395)	(24,466,269)
\$120,142,726	\$136,917,907	\$138,126,336	\$156,498,199	\$234,223,077	\$281,511,166
\$10,951,518	\$11,023,426	\$11,104,751	\$11,174,601	\$11,256,222	\$11,454,000
(886,848)	(1,180,121)	(1,204,307)	(2,205,300)	(1,189,003)	(653,194)
\$10,064,670	\$9,843,305	\$9,900,444	\$8,969,301	\$10,067,219	\$10,800,806
¢228 121 804	\$242 8C7 (2C	¢041 041 776	\$220 427 500	\$257 (02 028	¢270 (59 102
\$228,121,894	\$242,867,636	\$241,841,776	\$239,427,599	\$257,693,928	\$270,658,102
25,549,583	23,288,874	23,522,748	36,175,158	36,668,766	46,773,333
(123,464,081)	(119,395,298)	(117,337,744)	(110,135,257)	(50,072,398)	(25,119,463)
\$130,207,396	\$146,761,212	\$148,026,780	\$165,467,500	\$244,290,296	\$292,311,972

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$9,085,672	\$9,099,858	\$12,952,983	\$10,996,269
Public safety	43,800,158	39,968,631	55,399,798	44,366,734
Public works and parks	22,125,336	16,893,164	22,929,289	19,845,719
Community development	3,451,244	3,128,373	4,307,269	4,242,743
Culture and recreation	11,846,818	11,198,151	15,026,680	14,131,000
Interest on long-term debt and fiscal charges	327,350	284,288	277,263	271,263
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	90,636,578	80,572,465	110,893,282	93,853,728
Business-Type Activities: Parking services	4,125,476	4,249,597	4,762,851	4,188,152
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	4,125,476	4,249,597	4,762,851	4,188,152
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$94,762,054	\$84,822,062	\$115,656,133	\$98,041,880
	\$94,762,034	\$84,822,062	\$113,030,133	\$98,041,880
Component Unit: San Rafael Sanitation District	\$11,378,055	\$11,375,239	\$11,654,767	\$11,255,194
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for services:				
General government	\$2,838,940	\$1,379,523	\$526,495	\$421,393
Public safety	6,014,034	4,966,251	4,939,658	4,264,939
Public works and parks	6,101,460	3,078,267	5,157,289	1,804,698
Community development	3,279,251	3,796,684	4,004,178	3,850,107
Culture and recreation	6,417,003	6,537,646	6,683,059	6,941,013
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	4,698,142 762,719	4,185,450 1,308,027	4,678,338 1,470,953	3,965,351 1,702,993
Total Government Activities Program Revenues	30,111,549	25,251,848	27,459,970	22,950,494
Business-Type Activities:				
Charges for services: Parking services	4,485,394	5,173,557	5,212,181	5,268,991
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	4,485,394	5,173,557	5,212,181	5,268,991
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$34,596,943	\$30,425,405	\$32,672,151	\$28,219,485
	\$54,570,745	\$50,425,405	\$52,072,151	\$20,217,405
Component Unit: San Rafael Sanitation District				
Charges for service	\$13,732,496	\$14,629,758	\$15,414,530	\$16,014,016
Operating grants and contributions	\$15,752,490	\$14,029,750	\$15,414,550	36,945
Capital grants and contributions				79,245
Total Component Unit Program Revenues	\$13,732,496	\$14,629,758	\$15,414,530	\$16,130,206
	<i></i>	÷:.,•=>,700	<i><i><i></i></i></i>	\$10,100,200
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities	(\$60 525 020)	(\$55,220,617)	(\$ \$ 2 1 2 2 1 2)	(\$70.002.224)
Business-Type Activities	(\$60,525,029) 359,918	(\$55,320,617) 923,960	(\$83,433,312) 449,330	(\$70,903,234) 1,080,839
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(\$60,165,111)	(\$54,396,657)	(\$82,983,982)	(\$69,822,395)
				· · ·
Component Unit Activities	\$2,354,441	\$3,254,519	\$3,862,215	\$4,875,012

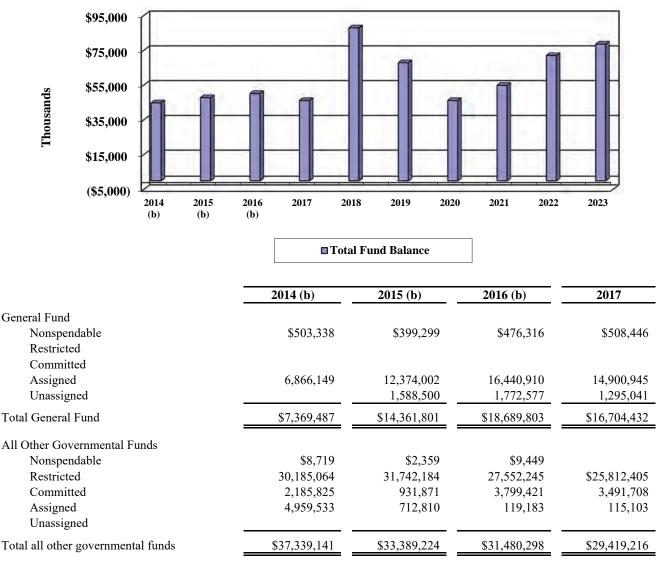
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$9,835,941	\$11,967,641	\$15,629,601	\$12,254,642	\$10,458,884	\$11,162,650
53,231,197	49,899,296	50,000,809	54,736,561	34,379,474	49,903,663
22,084,433	19,270,613	21,661,442	20,749,666	14,030,717	23,353,510
4,040,195	5,781,826	5,314,692	5,804,134	2,835,173	4,436,659
13,285,563	12,819,429	11,828,353	10,619,181	7,430,968	10,723,168
884,336	1,848,263	1,974,834	1,935,532	2,004,572	1,793,203
103,361,665	101,587,068	106,409,731	106,099,716	71,139,788	101,372,853
4,627,716	5,038,553	4,491,375	3,748,667	2,226,556	3,435,551
4,627,716	5,038,553	4,491,375	3,748,667	2,226,556	3,435,551
\$107,989,381	\$106,625,621	\$110,901,106	\$109,848,383	\$73,366,344	\$104,808,404
\$12,235,868	\$12,601,257	\$13,853,263	\$13,790,905	\$12,892,687	\$13,541,927
\$517,542	\$377,606	\$394,882	\$388,833	\$1,039,816	\$383,890
5,628,478	5,304,832	5,824,555	5,332,486	6,302,852	7,063,009
2,362,375	4,158,338	3,082,495	2,719,148	2,996,881	3,146,404
3,814,892	4,312,259	5,470,010	8,390,282	4,493,292	4,982,748
6,819,303	5,750,846	4,370,442	2,932,869	4,105,520	5,158,806
5,142,670	4,584,855	5,545,731	5,132,596	22,520,880	6,763,815
974,603	8,042,524	1,348,640	8,718,764	9,867,883	18,438,231
25,259,863	32,531,260	26,036,755	33,614,978	51,327,124	45,936,903
5,203,585	5,362,016	5,063,318	3,351,864	3,836,881	4,682,140
5,203,585	5,362,016	5,063,318	3,351,864	3,836,881	4,682,140
\$30,463,448	\$37,893,276	\$31,100,073	\$36,966,842	\$55,164,005	\$50,619,043
\$50,403,440	\$57,855,270	\$31,100,075	\$30,900,042	\$55,104,005	\$50,017,045
\$16,829,908	\$16,964,083	\$16,874,361	\$16,945,721	\$16,458,113	\$16,638,611
58,440	5,907	5,719	5,609	5,568	5,531
105,734	1,433,871	175,217	277,752	517,752	175,481
\$16,994,082	\$18,403,861	\$17,055,297	\$17,229,082	\$16,981,433	\$16,819,623
(\$78,101,802)	(\$69,055,808)	(\$80,372,976)	(\$72,484,738)	(\$19,812,664)	(\$55,435,950
575,869	323,463	571,943	(396,803)	1,610,325	1,246,589
(\$77,525,933)	(\$68,732,345)	(\$79,801,033)	(\$72,881,541)	(\$18,202,339)	(\$54,189,361

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				
Governmental Activities:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$18,439,619	\$19,039,443	\$19,998,567	\$23,343,140
Sales	27,758,971	32,269,915	34,348,089	31,819,259
Paramedic	3,816,070	3,820,240	4,226,020	5,485,637
Transient occupancy	2,332,277	2,661,878	3,063,263	2,984,758
Franchise	3,260,958	3,272,390	3,418,277	3,610,824
Business license	2,588,728	2,670,071	2,824,664	2,774,803
Other	3,452,171	3,295,751	3,465,193	1,824,830
Investment earnings	184,171	216,066	300,091	210,628
Gain (loss) from sale of capital assets				
Miscellaneous	1,140,743	2,254,901	1,387,315	2,448,604
Transfers	449,917	432,630	448,478	536,000
Total Government Activities Business-Type Activities:	63,423,625	69,933,285	73,479,957	75,038,483
Investment earnings Gain (loss) from sale of capital assets	4,375	7,008	14,723	10,810
Transfers	(449,917)	(432,630)	(448,478)	(536,000)
Total Business-Type Activities	(445,542)	(425,622)	(433,755)	(525,190)
Total Primary Government	\$62,978,083	\$69,507,663	\$73,046,202	\$74,513,293
Component Unit: San Rafael Sanitation District				
Property Taxes	\$1,345,018	\$1,319,852	\$1,367,172	\$1,528,047
Investment earnings	151,729	171,804	46,225	97,090
Miscellaneous				
Aid from other governmental agencies	22,125	35,090		
Total Component Unit	\$1,518,872	\$1,526,746	\$1,413,397	\$1,625,137
Special Item Governmental Activities		\$4,462,815		
Component Unit Activities		(\$4,462,815)		
Change in Net Desition				
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities	\$2,898,596	\$19,075,483	(\$9,953,355)	\$4,135,249
Business-Type Activities	(85,624)	498,338	15,575	555,649
Total Primary Government	\$2,812,972	\$19,573,821	(\$9,937,780)	\$4,690,898
Change in Net Position		_	_	

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$24,627,373	\$25,903,240	\$26,491,505	\$30,993,516	\$32,324,129	\$33,023,030
34,119,502	35,626,646	33,784,770	39,599,113	44,110,471	45,632,867
4,923,148	4,934,584	4,923,092	5,153,448	5,109,836	5,224,387
3,115,151	3,203,499	2,410,745	1,797,578	2,976,234	3,396,479
3,726,841	3,627,254	4,029,050	3,973,806	4,209,979	4,424,917
2,790,212	2,788,496	2,824,722	2,575,341	2,645,636	2,583,546
2,245,882	1,783,170	2,152,617	2,996,950	3,108,543	2,975,282
556,745	1,450,434	1,907,591	388,645	(1,424,183)	1,708,860
			26,784	989,991	
5,991,713	5,904,968	2,470,926	2,813,015	2,965,697	3,233,349
632,657	608,698	586,387	538,405	521,209	521,322
82,729,224	85,830,989	81,581,405	90,856,601	97,537,542	102,724,039
24,436	63,870	71,583	4,065	8,802	8,320
(632,657)	(608,698)	(586,387)	(538,405)	(521,209)	(521,322)
(608,221)	(544,828)	(514,804)	(534,340)	(512,407)	(513,002)
\$82,121,003	\$85,286,161	\$81,066,601	\$90,322,261	\$97,025,135	\$102,211,037
\$1,620,584	\$1,727,221	\$1,833,137	\$1,888,197	\$2,086,682	\$2,129,197
234,379	519,793	876,369	48,614	(406,535)	1,328,202
10,690	7,768	489			11,759
\$1,865,653	\$2,254,782	\$2,709,995	\$1,936,811	\$1,680,147	\$3,469,158
\$4,627,422	\$16,775,181	\$1,208,429	\$18,371,863	\$77,724,878	\$47,288,089
(32,352)	(221,365)	57,139	(931,143)	1,097,918	733,587
\$4,595,070	\$16,553,816	\$1,265,568	\$17,440,720	\$78,822,796	\$48,021,676
\$6,623,867	\$8,057,386	\$5,912,029	\$5,374,988	\$5,768,893	\$6,746,854

CITY SAN RAFAEL FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)



(a) The change in total fund balance for the General Fund and other governmental funds is explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

(b) The City adjusted certain beginning balances during fiscal years 2013-2014, 2014-2015 and 2015-2016. Financial data shown for preceding years were not adjusted for the presentation.

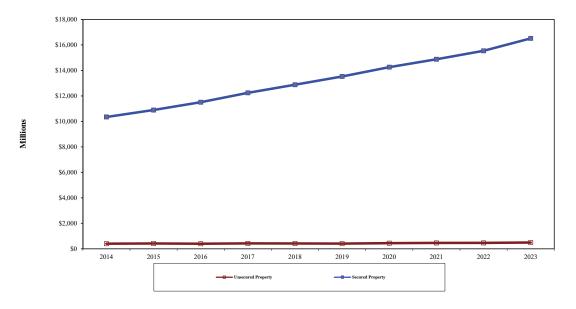
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 (a
\$1,008,234	\$37,271	\$7,540	\$377,861	\$95,279	\$78,057
11,214,720	11,391,084 1,104,216	9,799,140	8,321,000 7,226,153 920,885	9,415,000 24,270,840	9,753,000 17,272,274 664,667
\$12,222,954	\$12,532,571	\$9,806,680	\$16,845,899	\$33,781,119	\$27,767,998
\$302,366 73,489,688 1,754,983 115,942	\$27,627 53,260,504 1,901,271 118,139	\$7,813 34,288,302 1,884,153 120,920	\$36,043,515 1,831,036 116,842	\$89,761 36,443,519 1,514,355 117,755	\$182,890 46,449,334 4,008,844 119,248
\$75,662,979	\$55,307,541	(11,118) \$36,290,070	\$37,991,393	\$38,165,390	\$50,760,316

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		Fiscal Year Ende	ed June 30,	
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues				
Taxes and special assessments	\$51,549,306	\$56,686,142	\$61,804,228	\$65,866,218
Licenses and permits	1,929,387	1,934,755	2,456,820	2,588,411
Fines and forfeitures	734,005	669,553	556,076	435,829
Use of money and properties	325,043	363,089	444,757	460,206
Intergovernmental	11,869,889	11,953,308	13,233,503	13,685,003
Charges for services	23,575,374	19,949,333	15,346,794	14,366,744
Other revenue	4,092,411	2,045,407	1,777,003	3,208,749
Total Revenues	94,075,415	93,601,587	95,619,181	100,611,160
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	10,529,480	8,678,833	10,203,687	11,349,079
Public safety	41,377,062	41,900,762	43,954,515	47,071,166
Public works and parks	12,002,448	13,697,957	12,758,643	14,390,699
Community development	2,961,275	3,296,375	3,416,859	3,670,108
Culture and recreation	10,591,057	11,106,367	11,616,777	12,048,104
Capital outlay	4,009,454	2,154,900	4,498,924	4,813,757
Capital improvement/special projects	5,284,720	7,168,776	2,186,986	4,826,576
Debt service:				
Principal		208,642	75,172	75,172
Interest and fiscal charges	283,805	327,350	284,288	277,263
Total Expenditures	87,039,301	88,539,962	88,995,851	98,521,924
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	7,036,114	5,061,625	6,623,330	2,089,236
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Issuance of debt				
Proceeds from PG&E loans		568,481		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	0.405.454	2 (55 202	4 2 4 9 1 4 9	5 522 264
Transfers in	8,425,474	3,655,302	4,348,149	7,533,364
Transfers (out)	(6,711,657)	(3,053,865)	(3,051,499)	(6,582,555)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,713,817	1,169,918	1,296,650	950,809
Extraordinary Item				
Transfer to Successor Agency	(2,352,584)			
Net Change in fund balances	\$6,397,347	\$6,231,543	\$7,919,980	\$3,040,045
Debt service as a percentage of				
noncapital expenditures	0.4%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$71,166,891	\$74,893,789	\$77,101,185	\$76,410,697	\$86,347,728	\$93,604,982	\$96,373,395
2,559,841	2,718,166	2,661,500	3,047,144	3,000,666	3,077,355	3,002,122
400,283	384,268	337,680	350,388	219,030	296,300	228,966
349,349	654,531	1,583,060	1,537,869	667,104	(1,597,714)	1,223,028
8,063,156	8,878,974	15,602,264	9,287,181	16,859,749	34,239,157	28,590,886
13,425,161	14,660,094	15,166,876	13,834,843	15,065,363	13,315,014	15,830,095
1,842,053	5,219,414	5,158,042	2,309,226	1,875,299	4,199,820	2,322,859
97,806,734	107,409,236	117,610,607	106,777,348	124,034,939	147,134,914	147,571,351
10,557,416	10,010,100	12,553,499	16,689,526	12,426,899	17,716,666	13,858,624
49,018,153	51,805,708	51,678,876	50,071,531	54,363,872	58,397,721	58,673,878
16,752,961	17,647,312	15,617,622	17,453,823	15,110,972	16,495,547	19,535,588
3,759,564	4,051,224	4,988,260	5,276,887	6,270,129	5,736,213	5,190,246
12,646,728	12,823,771	12,468,008	11,179,410	9,700,739	11,319,546	12,664,282
2,100,926	22,815,967	38,701,047	25,984,748	13,635,066	17,345,454	23,536,840
7,403,249						
175,172	280,172	495,172	618,316	2,563,711	2,829,057	3,044,551
271,263	1,005,636	2,356,207	2,482,778	2,443,476	2,512,515	2,241,875
102,685,432	120,439,890	138,858,691	129,757,019	116,514,864	132,352,719	138,745,884
(4,878,698)	(13,030,654)	(21,248,084)	(22,979,671)	7,520,075	14,782,195	8,825,467
	46,565,800		23,999			
					1,000,000	
9,287,007	68,351,964	15,482,297	13,797,526	7,549,590	6,441,764	14,576,818
(8,454,762)	(68,373,222)	(14,280,034)	(12,585,216)	(6,329,123)	(5,114,742)	(16,820,480)
832,245	46,544,542	1,202,263	1,236,309	1,220,467	2,327,022	(2,243,662)
(\$4,046,453)	\$33,513,888	(\$20,045,821)	(\$21,743,362)	\$8,740,542	\$17,109,217	\$6,581,805
(****	(*-*;***;*)	(*)···)···)	+~;	+	÷ «,• « - 3000
0.5%	1.3%	2.8%	3.0%	4.9%	4.6%	4.6%

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



	 Real Property								Total Real							Total
Fiscal	Residential		Commercial		Industrial		0.1		Secured		Unsecured		Total		Estimated	Direct
Year	Property		Property		Property		Other		Property		Property		Assessed (a)	Full Market (a)		Tax Rate (b)
2014	\$ 7,558,708,224	\$	2,009,718,415	\$	245,674,195	\$	130,594,237	\$	9,944,695,071	\$	402,261,887	\$	10,346,956,958	\$	10,346,956,958	0.11985%
2015	7,991,224,952		2,120,065,908		249,864,918		115,675,852		10,476,831,630		417,217,272		10,894,048,902		10,894,048,902	0.11657%
2016	8,511,358,216		2,221,843,976		263,830,302		108,982,883		11,106,015,377		400,942,059		11,506,957,436		11,506,957,436	0.11672%
2017	9,025,896,811		2,390,814,514		267,468,956		135,689,202		11,819,869,483		423,545,667		12,243,415,150		12,243,415,150	0.11693%
2018	9,522,645,933		2,532,439,852		276,751,912		128,305,868		12,460,143,565		417,902,554		12,878,046,119		12,878,046,119	0.11709%
2019	10,042,494,232		2,681,917,170		285,601,803		107,472,477		13,117,485,682		409,129,431		13,526,615,113		13,526,615,113	0.11742%
2020	10,545,909,554		2,850,424,603		293,144,677		127,151,762		13,816,630,596		442,888,708		14,259,519,304		14,259,519,304	0.11724%
2021	11,011,781,157		2,956,073,592		305,080,963		143,953,920		14,416,889,632		460,690,899		14,877,580,531		14,877,580,531	0.11734%
2022	11,516,548,822		3,109,589,216		311,491,969		138,527,146		15,076,157,153		463,320,122		15,539,477,275		15,539,477,275	0.11734%
2023	12,306,902,659		3,227,380,341		332,424,829		156,067,190		16,022,775,019		492,746,700		16,515,521,719		16,515,521,719	0.11746%

(a) The State Constitution requires property to be assessed at one hundred percent of the most recent purchase price, plus an increment of no more than two percent annually, plus any local over-rides. These values are considered to be full market values.

(b) California cities do not set their own direct tax rate. The state constitution establishes the rate at 1% and allocates a portion of that amount, by an annual calculation, to all the taxing entities within a tax rate area.

Data Source: Marin County Assessor 2012/13 - 2021/22 Combined Tax Rolls

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPERTY TAX RATES ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

City	County (1)	School Districts	Misc. Special Districts	Total	Total Direct Rate
<u> </u>	v × /				
0.154	0.295	0.7890	0.0461	1.2838	0.11985%
0.154	0.295	0.7651	0.0461	1.2599	0.11657%
0.154	0.295	0.7846	0.0695	1.3028	0.11672%
0.154	0.295	0.8251	0.0553	1.3291	0.11693%
0.154	0.295	0.8127	0.0661	1.3275	0.11709%
0.154	0.295	0.8495	0.0650	1.3635	0.11742%
0.154	0.295	0.8289	0.0635	1.3414	0.11724%
0.154	0.295	0.8221	0.0678	1.3389	0.11734%
0.154	0.295	0.7995	0.0678	1.3160	0.11734%
0.154	0.295	0.7995	0.0678	1.3160	0.11746%
	0.154 0.154 0.154 0.154 0.154 0.154 0.154 0.154	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	City County (1) Districts 0.154 0.295 0.7890 0.154 0.295 0.7651 0.154 0.295 0.7846 0.154 0.295 0.7846 0.154 0.295 0.8251 0.154 0.295 0.8127 0.154 0.295 0.8495 0.154 0.295 0.8289 0.154 0.295 0.8289 0.154 0.295 0.8221 0.154 0.295 0.7995	City County (1) Districts Districts 0.154 0.295 0.7890 0.0461 0.154 0.295 0.7651 0.0461 0.154 0.295 0.7651 0.0461 0.154 0.295 0.7846 0.0695 0.154 0.295 0.8251 0.0553 0.154 0.295 0.8127 0.0661 0.154 0.295 0.8495 0.0650 0.154 0.295 0.8289 0.0635 0.154 0.295 0.8221 0.0678 0.154 0.295 0.7995 0.0678	City County (1) Districts Districts Total 0.154 0.295 0.7890 0.0461 1.2838 0.154 0.295 0.7651 0.0461 1.2599 0.154 0.295 0.7846 0.0695 1.3028 0.154 0.295 0.7846 0.0695 1.3028 0.154 0.295 0.8251 0.0553 1.3291 0.154 0.295 0.8127 0.0661 1.3275 0.154 0.295 0.8495 0.0650 1.3635 0.154 0.295 0.8289 0.0635 1.3414 0.154 0.295 0.8221 0.0678 1.3389 0.154 0.295 0.7995 0.0678 1.3160

Notes:

(1) Like other cities, San Rafael includes several property tax rate areas with different rates. A mean average is indicated.

Data Source: Marin County Assessors Office 2013/14 - 2022/23 Tax Rate Tables

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT & OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (RATE PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Basic Levy (1)	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Dixie School Bonds 2000	N/A	0.02920								
Marin Community College Bonds	0.02040	0.01800	0.01650	0.01420	0.03380	0.03390	0.02690	0.02650	0.02750	0.02580
Marin Healthcare Bond	0.00000	0.00000	0.02350	0.00930	0.02010	0.01900	0.01750	0.02180	0.02180	0.02070
Miller Creek School Bonds	0.01500	0.01470	0.04170	0.03830	0.02090	0.03450	0.03280	0.03030	0.01950	0.01830
Ross Elementary School	0.06570	0.06030	0.06150	0.06030	0.06190	0.06180	0.05710	0.05800	0.05760	0.05500
Ross Valley School Bonds	0.05960	0.05700	0.05550	0.05370	0.05680	0.05390	0.05270	0.05190	0.04870	0.05260
San Rafael Elementary Bonds	0.03320	0.02620	0.02570	0.05350	0.05030	0.07290	0.07050	0.06950	0.07400	0.06860
San Rafael High Bonds	0.05130	0.04850	0.04710	0.07100	0.05680	0.06170	0.06000	0.05830	0.04630	0.05030
Tamalpais Union High School	0.03860	0.03520	0.03130	0.02880	0.02690	0.02580	0.02390	0.02260	0.02060	0.01950
Total Direct & Overlapping Tax Rates	1.28380	1.25990	1.30280	1.32910	1.32750	1.36350	1.34140	1.33890	1.31600	1.34000
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13	0.12306	0.12233	0.12233	0.12233	0.12233	0.12232	0.12232	0.12231	0.12231	0.12231
Total Direct Rate	0.11985	0.11657	0.11672	0.11693	0.11709	0.11742	0.11724	0.11734	0.11734	0.11746

Notes:

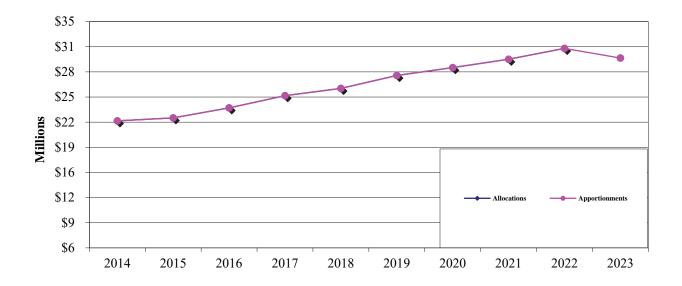
(1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

Data Source: Marin County Assessors Office 2013/14 - 2022/23 Tax Rate Tables

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT FY 2022/23 AND FY 2013/2014

		FY 2022-20	023	FY 2013-2014			
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		
California Corporate Center ACQ LLC	\$	288,969,400	1.85%				
MGP XI Northgate LLC		227,517,623	1.44%				
Kaiser		143,855,630	0.92%				
NCP Multifamily LLC		120,334,902	0.74%				
Pur San Rafael LLC		108,059,080	0.68%				
Bre Properties, Inc		68,466,907	0.43%				
South Valley Apartments LLC		58,002,597	0.37%				
NCP Commercial LLC		56,338,212	0.35%				
North Bay 4040 TT LLC		55,312,563	0.34%	43,244,721	0.42%		
Regency Center II Assoc LP		50,872,364	0.32%	43,570,118	0.42%		
Bay Apartment Communities Inc				41,487,664	0.40%		
Northgate Mall Associates				136,409,102	1.32%		
SR Corporation Center AC				108,029,829	1.04%		
33 North Associates LLC				37,701,909	0.35%		
Autodesk				36,232,837	0.36%		
Sutter Health				50,624,561	0.49%		
Robert Dickson Trust				46,092,851	0.45%		
Marin Sanitary Service				38,913,644	0.35%		
Subtotal	\$	1,177,729,278	7.13%	582,307,236	5.63%		
Total Net Assessed Valuation: Fiscal Year 2022-2023 Fiscal Year 2013-2014	\$ \$	16,516,184,701 10,346,956,958					

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



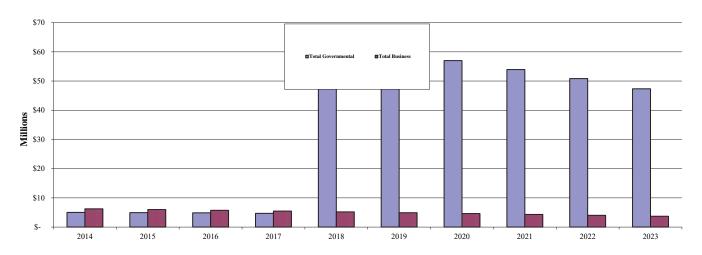
Fiscal Year	Rate	Levies		Allocations	Collections	Ar	oportionments	Delinquencies	Delinquent taxes as a Percent of Allocations
2014	1.00	(2)	\$	22,001,357	(2)	\$	22,001,357	(2)	0.0%
2015	1.00	(2)	Ψ	22,376,457	(2)	Ψ	22,376,457	(2)	0.0%
2016	1.00	(2)		23,636,093	(2)		23,636,093	(2)	0.0%
2017	1.00	(2)		25,173,651	(2)		25,173,651	(2)	0.0%
2018	1.00	(2)		26,088,961	(2)		26,088,961	(2)	0.0%
2019	1.00	(2)		27,718,712	(2)		27,718,712	(2)	0.0%
2020	1.00	(2)		28,709,606	(2)		28,709,606	(2)	0.0%
2021	1.00	(2)		29,762,184	(2)		29,762,184	(2)	0.0%
2022	1.00	(2)		31,129,632	(2)		31,129,632	(2)	0.0%
2023	1.00	(2)		29,914,556	(2)		29,914,556	(2)	0.0%

Notes:

(1) Includes deductions for County property tax administration.

⁽²⁾ Information not applicable. All general purpose property taxes are levied by the county and allocated to other governmental entities.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



			G	overnmental Act	tiviti	es	
Fiscal Year	Note Payable		Pension Obligation Bonds			Lease Revenue Bonds	Total
2014	\$	528,839	\$	4.490.000			\$ 5,018,839
2015	•	453,667		4,490,000			4,943,667
2016		378,495		4,490,000			4,868,495
2017		303,323		4,390,000			4,693,323
2018		1,308,951		4,185,000	\$	53,612,097	59,106,048
2019		1,233,779		3,765,000		53,104,153	58,102,932
2020		1,084,462		3,320,000		52,596,209	57,000,671
2021		905,751		2,845,000		50,178,265	53,929,016
2022		890,555		2,340,000		47,600,321	50,830,876
2023		687,158		1,805,000		44,852,378	47,344,536

		Bu	sines	s-Type Activi	ties			
Fiscal Year	Parking Services Bonds	Note Payable		Total	G	Total Primary overnment	Percentage of Personal Income (a)	Per Capita (a)
2014	\$ 6,186,403	\$ 61,836	\$	6,248,239	\$	11,267,078	0.43%	191.41
2015	5,942,128	55,020		5,997,148		10,940,815	0.41%	180.60
2016	5,692,853	48,204		5,741,057		10,609,552	0.38%	174.38
2017	5,433,577	41,388		5,474,965		10,168,288	0.35%	167.65
2018	5,164,303	34,572		5,198,875		64,304,923	2.04%	1,070.93
2019	4,890,027	27,755		4,917,782		63,020,714	2.00%	1,053.73
2020	4,605,753	20,939		4,626,692		61,627,363	1.87%	1,044.25
2021	4,316,478	14,123		4,330,601		58,259,617	1.72%	962.01
2022	4,017,203	7,307		4,024,510		54,855,386	1.45%	919.14
2023	3,707,928	489		3,708,417		54,539,293	N/A	N/A

In August 2012, the series 2003 parking services bonds were refunded with series 2012 refunding bonds.

Data Sources: City of San Rafael

State of California, Department of Finance (population)

U.S. Department of commerce, Bureau of the Census (income)

(a) See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT June 30, 2023

16,515,650,963

		Total Debt		ity's Share of	
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:		6/30/2023	% Applicable (1)	ebt 6/30/2023	_
Marin Community College District	\$	569,640,000	17.304%	\$ 98,570,506	
San Rafael High School District		215,795,091	79.160%	170,823,394	
Tamalpais Union High School District		74,340,000	0.066%	49,064	
Miller Creek School District (Formerly Dixie School District)		27,642,000	67.204%	18,576,530	
Ross School District		15,398,683	1.255%	193,253	
Ross Valley School District		39,643,251	0.010%	3,964	
San Rafael School District		159,776,681	84.625%	135,211,016	
Marin Healthcare District		464,745,000	20.708%	96,239,395	
Marin Emergency Radio Authority Parcel Tax Obligations		26,295,000	17.280%	4,543,776	
City of San Rafael 1915 Act Bonds		1,075,200	100.000%	1,075,200	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT				\$ 525,286,098	
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:					_
Marin County Certificates of Participation	\$	73,930,000	17.280%	\$ 12,775,104	_
Marin County Pension Obligation Bonds		52,050,000	17.280%	8,994,240	
Marin County Transit District General Fund Obligations				-	
Marin Municipal Water District General Fund Obligations				-	
Marin Community College District Certification of Participation		11,268,897	17.304%	1,949,970	
San Rafael School District General Fund Obligations		2,630,000	84.625%	2,225,638	
City of San Rafael General Fund Obligations		43,667,157	100.000%	43,667,157	(2)
City of San Rafael Pension Obligations		1,805,000	100.000%	1,805,000	
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND D	EBT			 71,417,109	-
Less: City of San Rafael obligations supported by enterp	rise 1	revenues		3,715,000	
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUN				\$ 67,702,109	-
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT DEBT				45,472,157	
TOTAL NET DIRECT DEBT				41,757,157	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT				551,231,050	
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT				596,703,207	(3)
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT				592,988,207	· /
				, ,	

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

(2) Includes \$687,157 PG&E notes.

2022-23 Assessed Valuation:

(3) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease

Ratios to 2022-23 Assessed Valuation:	
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	3.18%
Total Gross Direct Debt (\$45,472,157)	0.28%
Total Net Direct Debt (\$41,757,157)	0.25%
Gross Combined Total Debt	3.61%
Net Combined Total Debt	3.59%
Ratios to Redevelopment Incremental Valuation (\$3,311,940,202)	
Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	0.06%

Data Source: Avenu Insights & Analytics, California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL COMPUTATION OF LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2023

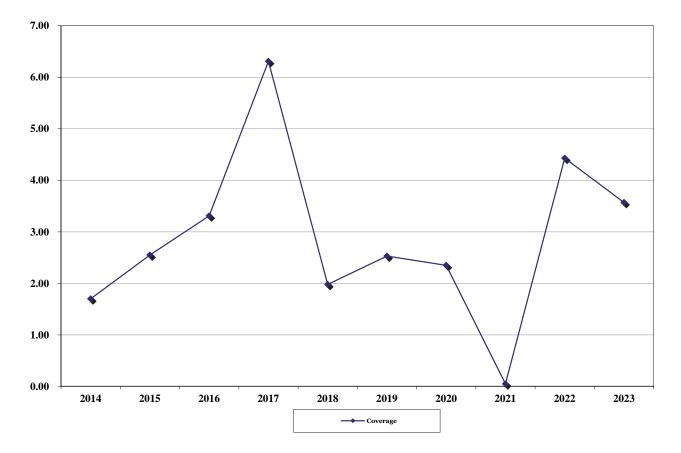
ASSESSED VALUATION:	\$ 16,515,650,963
BONDED DEBT LIMIT (3.75% OF ASSESSED VALUE) (a)	 619,336,911
LESS AMOUNT OF DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT:	 50,830,876
LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN	\$ 568,506,035

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit	 tal Net Debt pplicable to Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit
2014	\$ 388,010,886	\$ 5,018,839	\$ 382,992,047	1.31%
2015	408,526,834	4,943,667	403,583,167	1.22%
2016	431,510,904	4,868,495	426,642,409	1.14%
2017	459,128,068	4,693,323	454,434,745	1.03%
2018	482,926,729	59,106,048	423,820,681	13.95%
2019	507,248,067	58,102,932	449,145,135	12.94%
2020	534,731,974	57,000,671	477,731,303	11.93%
2021	557,909,270	53,929,016	503,980,254	10.70%
2022	582,730,398	50,830,876	531,899,522	9.56%
2023	619,332,064	47,344,536	571,987,528	8.28%

NOTE: (a) California Government Code, Section 43605 sets the debt limit at 15%. The Code section was enacted prior to the change in basing assessed value to full market value when it was previously 25% of market value. Thus, the limit shown as 3.75% is one-fourth of that value.

Source: City of San Rafael's Finance Department

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL REVENUE BOND COVERAGE PARKING FACILITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



				Debt Service Requirements						
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage			
2014	\$ 4,489,769	\$ 3,716,552	\$ 773,217	\$ 245,000	\$ 210,063	\$ 455,063	1.70			
2015	5,180,554	4,031,161	1,149,393	245,000	205,163	450,163	2.55			
2016	5,226,904	3,739,321	1,487,583	250,000	199,613	449,613	3.31			
2017	5,279,801	2,425,281	2,854,520	260,000	192,038	452,038	6.31			
2018	5,219,721	4,320,695	899,026	270,000	184,163	454,163	1.98			
2019	5,425,883	4,283,754	1,142,130	275,000	176,025	451,025	2.53			
2020	5,134,901	4,072,433	1,062,468	284,999	167,700	452,699	2.35			
2021	3,355,929	3,332,327	23,602	290,000	161,288	451,288	0.05			
2022	3,845,683	1,851,746	1,993,937	300,000	150,338	450,338	4.43			
2023	4,690,455	3,071,480	1,618,974	310,000	143,588	453,588	3.57			

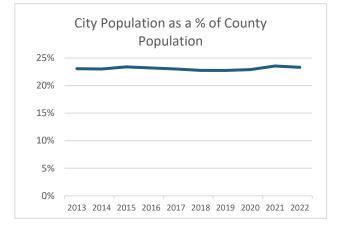
Notes: On March 26, 2003, the City Financing Authority issued lease revenue bonds for the design and construction of a new parking facility. On August 12, 2012, the City Financing Authority refunded the series 2003 lease revenue bonds with series 2012 lease revenue refunding bonds to take advantage of lower interest rates.

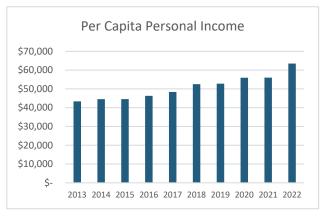
(1) Includes all Parking Facility Operating Revenues and Non-operating Interest Revenue

(2) Includes all Parking Facility Operating Expenses less Depreciation and Interest

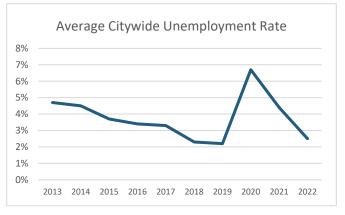
Data Source: San Rafael Finance Department Revenue and Expenditure Status Reports

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS









Calendar	City	Marin County	City Population	Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Personal	Average Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	Population	% of County	(in thousands)	Income (2)	Rate (3)
2013	58,566	254,007	23.06%	\$ 2,538,895	\$ 43,351	4.70%
2014	58,863	255,846	23.01%	2,621,228	44,531	4.50%
2015	60,582	258,972	23.39%	2,699,436	44,558	3.70%
2016	60,842	262,274	23.20%	2,817,497	46,308	3.40%
2017	60,651	263,604	23.01%	2,943,227	48,374	3.30%
2018	60,046	263,886	22.75%	3,152,985	52,509	2.30%
2019	59,807	262,879	22.75%	3,156,708	52,781	2.20%
2020	59,016	257,774	22.89%	3,301,286	55,938	6.70%
2021	60,560	257,135	23.55%	3,390,278	55,982	4.40%
2022	59,681	256,018	23.31%	3,789,444	63,494	2.50%

Source: (1) State of California, Department of Finance - Demographic Research Unit. The data represents the City's population as of January 1, of each year.

(2) US Censue Bureau, most recent American Community Survey

(3) Unemployment Data: California Employment Development Department

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FISCAL YEAR 2022-2023 LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	2022		2021		2020		2019	
Employer	#	(A)	#	(A)	#	(A)	#	(A)
Kaiser Permanente	2,339	1.83%	2,339	1.82%	2,059	1.64%	2,014	6.22%
BioMarin Pharmaceutical Inc.	950	0.74%	950	0.74%	950	0.76%	950	2.93%
San Rafael Elementary/High Schools Dist(s	700	0.55%	700	0.55%	700	0.56%	700	2.16%
City of San Rafael	420	0.33%	412	0.32%	405	0.32%	410	1.27%
Dominican University of California	394	0.31%	394	0.31%	394	0.31%	421	1.30%
Buckelew Programs		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	103	0.32%
Lifehouse		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	100	0.31%
EO Poducts		0.00%		0.00%	108	0.09%	150	0.46%
Toyota Marin		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	141	0.44%
Ghilotti Bros., Inc.	298	0.23%	298	0.23%	298	0.24%		
Community Action Marin	200	0.16%	200	0.16%	270	0.21%		
Equator Coffees, LLC	95	0.07%	95	0.07%	88	0.07%		
Totals	5,396	4.21%	5,388	4.20%	5,272	4.20%	4,989	15.40%

Number of FTE employees in Marin locations

(A) Percentage of total employment

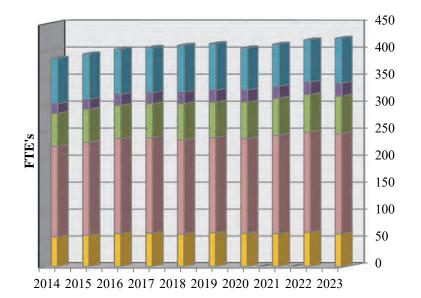
Note: From the EDD website, it shows that the Total Average 2022 Employment in the City of San Rafael was 128,162 of which it is used as the denominator for the 2022 percentages are calculated.

Data Sources: State of California, Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division & North Bay Business Journal (Annual Book of Lists)

20	18	20	17	20)16	20	15	20)14	20	13
#	(A)										
2,092	6.62%	2,061	6.52%	662	2.02%	1,575	4.82%	1,637	5.26%	1,756	5.74%
700	2.22%	700	2.22%	650	1.98%	650	1.99%	600	1.93%	600	1.96%
410	1.30%	454	1.44%	577	1.76%	581	1.78%	666	2.14%	643	2.10%
319	1.01%	456	1.44%	485	1.48%	422	1.29%	354	1.14%	347	1.13%
106	0.34%	240	0.76%	186	0.57%						
4,508	14.27%	5,650	17.88%	5,314	16.20%	5,620	17.19%	6,025	19.37%	6,079	19.87%



CITY OF SAN RAFAEL FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



General Government Public Safety Public Works and Parks Community Development Culture and Recreation

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function										
General Government	55.11	58.11	60.61	62.11	60.11	63.11	62.11	61.41	63.69	60.69
Public Safety	168.00	171.75	175.75	176.55	175.35	175.65	175.30	181.50	185.00	185.00
Public Works and Parks	61.00	62.00	62.00	63.00	66.67	66.00	68.00	69.00	70.00	70.00
Community Development	17.80	17.80	19.80	20.00	21.00	22.00	21.75	21.75	23.00	24.00
Culture and Recreation	83.66	84.23	84.25	84.35	87.35	85.82	78.07	78.07	78.07	83.07
Total	385.57	393.89	402.41	406.01	410.48	412.58	405.23	411.73	419.76	422.76

Data Source: City of San Rafael's Finance Department

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Program				
Public safety:				
Fire:				
Inspection permit issued	261	282	198	233
Police:				
Police calls for service	51,261	55,805	57,026	53,567
Law violations:				
Part I crimes	2,289	2,533	2,523	2,392
Physical arrests (adult and juvenile)	3,227	3,450	3,453	2,526
Traffic violations	4,498	4,168	3,252	3,341
Parking violations	38,814	36,398	34,803	36,169
Public works				
Street resurfacing (miles) (Eng Div)	9.00	6.40	6.76	2.32
Potholes repaired	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Asphalt used for street repairs (tons)	10,700	11,000	7,195	5,800
Culture and recreation:				
Recreation class participants	9,857	10,023	12,725	13,493
Recreation Facility Rentals				
Childcare School-Age program participant	S			
Library:				
Items in collection	168,620	127,763	227,890	117,354
Total items borrowed	478,960	443,639	469,790	327,297

Note: N/A denotes information not available.

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
186	123	167	207	195	170
51,013	47,919	47,968	43,649	42,901	42,693
2,326	1,893	2,988	2,546	2,015	2,024
2,019	1,923	2,527	1,893	1,945	1,769
2,758	2,944	2,342	2,161	1,710	1,734
36,208	40,407	28,029	24,099	30,178	35,399
2.50	4.30	14.30	5.00	11.70	21
N/A	N/A	967	1,368	1,024	1,335
4,730	7,200	5,885	3,650	5,100	3,411
12,842	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	5,146	3,875	1,550	1,962	7,001
	7,592	6,270	2,132	3,675	2,660
115,812	123,432	140,610	103,399	95,687	97,117
324,452	356,301	199,903	113,385	169,378	185,800

CITY OF SAN RAFAEL CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Program				
Public safety:				
Fire stations	6	6	6	6
Police stations	1	1	1	1
Police Fleet				
Public works				
Miles of streets	173	173	173	173
Street lights	4,435	4,435	4,435	4,435
Parking District lights				
Traffic Signals	89	89	89	89
Culture and recreation:				
Community services:				
City parks	20	20	20	20
City parks acreage	42	42	42	42
Playgrounds	14	14	14	14
City trails	20	20	20	20
Community gardens	1	1	1	1
Cultural Art Centers				
Community centers	4	4	4	4
Senior centers	0	0	0	0
Sports centers	0	0	0	0
Performing arts centers	0	0	0	0
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	10	10	10	10
Basketball Courts	5	5	5	5
Baseball/softball diamonds	5	5	5	5
Soccer/football fields	2	2	2	2
Library:				
City Libraries	2	2	2	2
Wastewater:				
Miles of sanitary sewers	145	145	145	145

Data Source: City of San Rafael's Finance Department

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
6 1	6 1	6	6 1	6 1	6 1
1	1	1	1	1	1
173	173	173	173	173	173
4,435	4,435	4,435	4,435	4,448	4,448
89	89	90	90	90	90
20	20	24	24	24	24
42	42	99	99	99	99
14	14	14	14	14	14
20	20	20	20	20	20
1	1	2	2	2	2 1 3
		1	1	1	1
4	4	3	3	3	3
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
10	10	10	10	10	10
5	5	6	6	6	6
5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2
2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2
145	145	145	145	145	145

